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# SHABDA-SAGARA

OR

A COMPREHENSIVE SANSKRIT-ENGLISH LEXICON

CHIEFLY BASED ON

*Professor* HORACE HAYMAN WILSON'S

SANSKRIT-ENGLISH DICTIONARY

AND

COMPILED FROM VARIOUS RECENT AUTHORITIES FOR THE USE OF SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

BY

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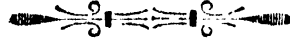
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# A DICTIONARY, SANSKRIT AND ENGLISH.



च The first letter of the alphabet, and inherent short vowel.  
 च ind. 1. NO, not. 2. A private, prohibitive, and diminutive particle. 3. An interjection of pity. It also implies degrees of difference, and similarity. As a negative prefix to words beginning with a vowel, च is changed to चन्, as च and चन् form चनन्.  
 च m. (चः) A name of VISHNŪ.  
 चकृषिन् mfn. (-चि-चिषी-चि) Free from debt or obligation; also चकृषिन् E. च neg. कृषिन् a debtor.  
 चञ्च r. 10th cl. (चञ्चयति) To separate or divide. See चञ्च.  
 चञ्च m. (-चञ्चः) 1. A share or portion. 2. A part. 3. A shoulder, the shoulder blade. 4. (In arithmetic) a fraction. 5. The numerator of a fraction. 6. A degree of latitude or longitude, &c. See चञ्च. E. चञ्च to divide, चञ्च् affix.  
 चञ्चक m. (-चञ्चः) A kinsman, a relation, a co-heir. n. (-चञ्चः) A day. E. चञ्च to separate or divide, and चञ्च् affix.  
 चञ्चभाज् mfn. (भाज्) An heir, a co-heir, one who has a share or portion. E. चञ्च and भाज् who possesses.  
 चञ्चन n. (-चञ्चः) Dividing, sharing. E. चञ्च and युच् aff.  
 चञ्चनीय mfn. (-चञ्चनीयः) To be divided, divisible. E. चञ्च and चञ्चनीय aff.  
 चञ्चनान् mfn. (-चञ्चनान्) Dividing, sharing. E. चञ्च and नान् aff.  
 चञ्चयत् mfn. (-चञ्चयत्) Dividing, sharing. E. चञ्च and यत् affix.  
 चञ्चयितव्य mfn. (-चञ्चयितव्यः) Divisible, to be divided. E. चञ्च and तव्य aff.  
 चञ्चयित् mfn. (-चञ्चयित्) Dividing, sharing. E. चञ्च and यत् aff.  
 चञ्चल mfn. (-चञ्चलः) Strong, stout, lusty. See चञ्चल.  
 चञ्चलैर् mfn. (-चञ्चलैर्) A sharer, a divider, a co-heir. E. चञ्च and चञ्चलैर् who takes.  
 चञ्चलारिन् mfn. (-चञ्चलारिन्) A sharer, a co-heir. E. चञ्च and चञ्चलारिन् who takes.  
 चञ्चाल m. (-चञ्चालः) Part of a portion or share. E. चञ्च repeated.  
 चञ्चालि ind. Share by share. E. चञ्च repeated and लि aff.  
 चञ्चित mfn. (-चञ्चितः) Divided, portioned, shared. E. चञ्च and चञ्चित aff.  
 चञ्चिन् mfn. (-चञ्चिन्) A sharer, a co-heir. E. चञ्च and चञ्चिन् poss. aff.  
 चञ्चल mfn. (-चञ्चलः) Divisible, to be shared or divided. E. चञ्च and चञ्चल aff.

चञ्चु m. (-चञ्चुः) 1. A ray of light, a sun-beam. 2. Light, splendor, effulgence. 3. Dress, decoration. 4. A small filament or end of thread. 5. The sun. 6. A minute particle or atom. E. चञ्च to divide, कृ aff.  
 चञ्चु n. (-चञ्चुः) 1. Fine cloth, muslin. 2. A mantle, a wrapper, a robe; a linen garment worn round the upper part of the body. 3. Cloth in general. 4. White cloth. 5. A leaf. E. चञ्च and चञ्च् added.  
 चञ्चुजाल n. (-चञ्चुजालः) 1. A collection or blaze of light. 2. A parcel or pencil of rays. E. चञ्चु and जाल a net.  
 चञ्चुधर m. (-चञ्चुधरः) The sun. E. चञ्चु and धर who holds.  
 चञ्चुभट्ट m. (-चञ्चुभट्टः) The sun. E. चञ्चु and भट्ट lord.  
 चञ्चुसत् mfn. (-चञ्चुसत्) 1. Radiant, luminous. 2. Acuminated, pointed. m. (-चञ्चुसत्) 1. The sun. 2. A prince of the solar race, son of ASAMANJAS, grandson of SAGARA. (-चञ्चुसत्) A plant, (Hedysarum Gangeticum) E. चञ्चु and सत्प् poss. aff.  
 चञ्चुसन्तफला f. (-चञ्चुसन्तफला) The plantain, (Musa paradisiaca.) E. चञ्चुसन्त and फल fruit.  
 चञ्चुमाला f. (-चञ्चुमाला) A garland of light, a halo. E. चञ्चु and माला a garland.  
 चञ्चुमालिन् m. (-चञ्चुमालिन्) The sun. E. चञ्चुमाला and इनि aff.  
 चञ्चुल mfn. (-चञ्चुलः) Radiant, splendid. E. चञ्चु and ल aff.  
 चञ्चुलान् m. (-चञ्चुलान्) The sun. E. चञ्चु and लान् an arrow.  
 चञ्चुल्ल m. (-चञ्चुल्लः) The sun. E. चञ्चु and ल्ल the hand.  
 चञ्चु r. 10th cl. (-चञ्चयति) To separate or divide; also written चञ्च.  
 चञ्च m. (-चञ्चः) 1. A shoulder, a scapula. 2. A part, a portion. E. चञ्च to divide, चञ्च् aff. it is also written चञ्च.  
 चञ्चकुट्ट m. (-चञ्चकुट्टः) A bull's hump, the protuberance between the shoulders of the Indian ox. E. चञ्च the shoulder, and कुट्ट a peak. • •  
 चञ्चल mfn. (-चञ्चलः) Strong, stout, lusty. E. चञ्च the shoulder, and ल aff. also written चञ्चल.  
 चञ्चति f. (-चञ्चति) 1. A gift, a donation. 2. Sickness, disease. 3. Leaving, abandoning. 4. A gift. E. चञ्चि to go, लिन् affix or चञ्च for चञ्चि to kill, and चञ्चि Unadi aff.  
 चञ्चती f. (-चञ्चती) A gift or donation. E. See चञ्चति, च being made long.  
 चञ्चन् n. (-चञ्चन्) Sin. See चञ्चन्. E. चञ्च to go, and the Unadi affix, चञ्चन्.  
 चञ्चति f. (-चञ्चति) A gift or donation. E. See चञ्चति, चञ्च being inserted.  
 चञ्चि m. (-चञ्चिः) 1. A foot. 2. The root of a tree. E. चञ्चि to go, and चञ्चि Unadi affix: also चञ्चि.  
 चञ्चिप m. (-चञ्चिपः) A tree. E. चञ्चि the root, and प from पा to drink.

चक्रिण m. (-चः) The heel. *चक्रि* the foot, and *चक्र* the shoulder.  
 चक्र r. 1st. cl. (चक्रति) 1. To wind or move tortuously. With an indicative *चक्रि* (चक्रते) 1. To mark or bespot. 2. To go. See *चक्र*.  
 चक्र m. (-चः) 1. Moving tortuously. 2. One who goes crookedly. 3. Pain, affliction. 4. Sin. *चक्र* priv. and *चक्र* happiness, or *चक्र* to move crookedly, aff. *चक्र*.  
 चक्र m. (-चः) Name of Keru, the dragon's tail, or descending node. mfn. (-चः-चक्र) Bald, destitute of hair, *चक्र* priv. and *चक्र* hair; this applies to Keru, as the symbol of the asterism is a headless trunk.  
 चक्रक mfn. (-चः-चक्र) Free from thorns, literally or metaphorically. *चक्र* priv. *चक्र* a thorn.  
 चक्र mfn. (-चः-चक्र) Not to be mentioned or spoken of; also similar forms as *चक्रनीय* &c. *चक्र* neg. *चक्र* to speak, with the participle affixes *यत्* *चक्रनीय* &c.  
 चक्रिण m. (-चः) A deified saint according to the Bauddhas. mfn. (-चः-चक्रिण) Elder, superior. *चक्र* priv. and *चक्रिण* youngest.  
 चक्रिण m. (-चः) A deified saint according to the Bauddhas. *चक्र* *चक्रिण* superior and *चक्र* to go affix *चक्र*.  
 चक्रिण m. (-चः) The name of a Jaina saint, one of the pupils of the last Tirthankara. mfn. (-चः-चक्रिण) Firm, unshaken, not agitated or trembling. *चक्र* priv. *चक्र* to tremble; the participial affix *चक्र* and *चक्र* inserted.  
 चक्र mfn. (-चः-चक्र) 1. Maimed, handleless. 2. Privileged, exempt from tax or duty. 3. One who does not act. *चक्र* priv. and *चक्र* the hand, tax, duty. *चक्र* (-चः) Emblem myrobalan, (Phyllanthus emblica.) *चक्र* priv. and *चक्र* to injure, *चक्र* affix.  
 चक्र m. (-चः) Failure, disappointment, (it is used only as an imprecation,) as *चक्राकरिष्येति* may he fail. *चक्र* priv. *चक्र* to do, and *चक्र* affix.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Not to be done, improper or impracticable. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* to be done.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Unfeeling, void of compassion or tenderness. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* tenderness.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Soft, not hard. *चक्र* priv. and *चक्रणीय* hard.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Deaf. *चक्र* priv. and *चक्रणीय* the ear.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) A dwarf.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Not to be done, improper, impracticable. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* to be done.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Not to be done, improper. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* act, *यत्* aff.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) 1. Idle, unoccupied, without work. 2. Degraded, no longer performing essential rites. n. (-चः) 1. Absence of occupation. 2. Loss or neglect of essential observances. 3. Improper act, crime, offence. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* act.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Free from action, necessary as vital, or essential as religious. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* act, *चक्रणीय* who does.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) 1. Clear, clean. 2. Pure, sinless. 3. Free from sediment. *चक्र* (-चः) Moonlight. *चक्र* priv. and *चक्रणीय* dirt.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Humble, not proud, (this word is sometimes written *चक्रणीय*) *चक्र* priv. *चक्रणीय* pride, and *चक्र* or *चक्र* aff.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Natural, not artificial, not made. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* made.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Faultless, sinless. *चक्र* priv. *चक्रणीय* sin.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Sick, diseased. *चक्र* priv. *चक्रणीय* well.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Unlucky, inauspicious. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* prosperous.  
 चक्रणीय ind. 1. Immediately, instantly, presently. 2. Without a cause, without a wherefore. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* from what.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Sudden, unexpected. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* a stem.

चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Suddenly born or produced. *चक्र* *चक्रणीय* and *चक्र* born.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Perishing suddenly after birth, dying as soon as born. *चक्र* *चक्रणीय*, *चक्र* *चक्रणीय* perishing, *चक्र* born.  
 चक्रणीय n. (-चः) Absence or non-existence of a cause. (Used adverbially,) Causelessly. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* cause.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Born or produced without a cause. *चक्र* *चक्रणीय* and *चक्रणीय* born.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Improper not to be done, n. (-चः) An improper act. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* to be done.  
 चक्रणीय m. (-चः) Irregular or unusual, as time or season. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* time.  
 चक्रणीय n. (-चः) A flower budding out of season. *चक्र* *चक्रणीय* and *चक्रणीय* a flower.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Unseasonable, produced out of time or season; also *चक्रणीय*, *चक्रणीय* and similar compounds. *चक्र* *चक्रणीय* with *चक्र* or *चक्र* &c. born or produced.  
 चक्रणीय m. (-चः) 1. A fog, or mist. 2. Unseasonable gathering of clouds, *चक्र* priv. and *चक्रणीय* time, *चक्र* a cloud, and *चक्र* rising.  
 चक्रणीय m. (-चः) 1. Unseasonable cloudiness. 2. A fog or mist. *चक्र* *चक्रणीय* with *चक्र* a cloud, and *चक्र* rising.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Impatient, premature, not waiting for the proper season. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* time-enduring.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Poor, indigent. *चक्र* priv. and *चक्रणीय* any thing, something.  
 चक्रणीय m. (-चः) Voluntary poverty, one of the duties of a Jaina ascetic. *चक्र* *चक्रणीय* and *चक्र* affix.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Faultless, free from sin. *चक्र* priv. *चक्रणीय* fault.  
 चक्रणीय f. (-चः) Infamy, disgrace. *चक्र* reverse, *चक्रणीय* fame.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Unreproached, respectable. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* bad.  
 चक्रणीय n. (-चः) Gold or silver. *चक्र* neg. and *चक्रणीय* base metal.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Low, mean, of low family. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* family.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Low, mean, of low origin or race. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* of family.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) 1. Unlucky, inauspicious. 2. Clumsy, not clever. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* lucky, clever.  
 चक्रणीय m. (-चः) 1. The sea or ocean. 2. A tortoise. 3. The king of turtles, the tortoise supposed to uphold the world. 4. A stone or rock. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* the earth, and *चक्र* to cherish, or *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* for *चक्रणीय* contemptible, vile, and *चक्रणीय* bank, boundary: there are other etymologies and *चक्र* being substituted for *चक्र* the word is sometimes written *चक्रणीय*.  
 चक्रणीय m. (-चः) A deified saint, according to the Bauddhas. mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Void of guile. *चक्र* priv. and *चक्रणीय* fraud.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Undone neglected incomplete, n. (-चः) Any act unperformed. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* done.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Ungrateful. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* grateful.  
 चक्रणीय f. (-चः) Ingratitude. *चक्र* *चक्रणीय* added to *चक्रणीय*.  
 चक्रणीय n. (-चः) Ingratitude. *चक्र* *चक्रणीय* added to *चक्रणीय*.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Not identified or made one with oneself, especially in a spiritual sense, not one with spirit, or God. *चक्र* *चक्रणीय* unmade, *चक्रणीय* self.  
 चक्रणीय n. (-चः) Awkwardness, clumsiness, untidiness. *चक्र* *चक्रणीय* and *चक्र* aff.  
 चक्रणीय mfn. (-चः-चक्रणीय) Awkward, stupid, incapable of or unfit for doing any thing. *चक्र* neg. *चक्रणीय* to do, *चक्र* aff. and *चक्रणीय* argument.



वचनिक mfn. ( -व-न-न- ) Natural, inartificial, not made. E. व neg. कृत्रिम artificial.

वचन mfn. ( -व-न-व- ) Unmerciful, unkind. E. व neg. कृपा mercy.

वचन mfn. ( -व-न-व- ) Liberal, not miserly. E. व neg. कृप miserly.

वचन mfn. ( -व-न-व- ) 1. Full, entire. 2. Strong, fierce. E. व neg. कृप little.

वचनिक mfn. ( -व-न-न- ) Innocent. E. व neg. and कृपवचनिक guilty.

वचन mfn. ( -व-न-व- ) Bald, hairless. E. व neg. केश hair.

वचन m. ( -व- ) The betel-nut tree. ( *Areca faufel* or *catechu*. ) E. व neg. and कृट to be crooked, because it grows with a straight stem.

वचनिक mfn. ( -व-न-व- ) Stupid, ignorant. E. व neg. कौशिक clever.

वचन f. ( -व- ) A mother. E. वचन pain, कौ to sound.

वचन mfn. ( -व-न-न- ) 1. Joined, combined. 2. Gone. 3. Spread abroad. 4. Anointed. E. वचन to go, and न affix.

वचन f. ( -व- ) Night, ( on the authority of the Vedas. ) E. वचन to go, and न affix.

वचन m. ( -व- ) Want of order or arrangement, confusion, irregularity. E. व priv. and कृप order.

वचन mfn. ( -व-न-न- ) 1. Unpassed, unsurpassed. 2. Unconquered. ( -व- ) The egg-plant. ( *Solanum melongena*. ) E. व neg. and कृप passed.

वचन m. ( -व- ) Dispassionateness, restraint of anger, one of the ten duties of an ascetic. mfn. ( -व-न-व- ) Dispassionate. E. व neg. and कृप anger.

वचन mfn. ( -व-न-व- ) 1. Inactive, dull, torpid. 2. Abstaining from religious rites. f. ( -व- ) Inactivity, neglect of what ought to be done. E. व neg. कृप act.

वचन n. ( -व- ) Inactivity, torpor. ल added to the preceding. also वचनता.

वचन mfn. ( -व-न-व- ) Gentle, not cruel. m. ( -व- ) The paternal uncle and friend of KRISHNA. E. व neg. कृप cruel.

वचन mfn. ( -व-न-व- ) 1. Incapable of distress or pain. 2. Unfit to be pained or distressed. E. व neg. कृप to be pained.

वचन m. ( -व- ) Absence of weariness or fatigue. E. व priv. and कृप fatigue.

वचन mfn. ( -व-न-न- ) Unwearied. E. व neg. and कृप wearied.

वचन mfn. ( -व-न-व- ) 1. Unvexed, not distressed or annoyed. 2. Unweariedly indefatigable. E. व neg. कृप wearied.

वचन m. ( -व- ) Absence of weariness or vexation. E. व neg. कृप distress.

वचन f. ( -व- ) The indigo plant. ( *Indigofera tinctoria*. )

वचन r. 1st and 3d cl. ( वचन वचन ) 1. To reach or obtain. 2. To pervade. 3. To accumulate.

वचन m. ( -व- ) 1. A die, cubic or oblong, for playing with. 2. Part of a car. 3. A wheel. 4. A car. 5. A snake. 6. Law suit, legal proceedings. 7. Sacred knowledge. 8. The soul. 9. A seed of which Rosaries are made, in which sense it occurs mostly in composition, as, Rudraksha, Indraksha. 10. A Karsha or weight of sixteen mashes. 11. A tree bearing a medicinal fruit. ( *Terminalia belerica*. ) 12. A proper name, the son of RAVANA. 13. A name of GADURA. 14. A person born blind. 15. Terrestrial latitude. n. ( -व- ) 1. An organ of sense. 2. Sea, salt. 3. Blue vitriol. E. वचन to pervade, Unadi affix स.

वचन m. ( -व- ) A tree. ( *Dalbergia Oujeiuiensis*, Rox. ) E. वचन Belerio myrobalan, and व affix : from its resembling that plant ; or the termination being a pleonastic affix, the word may have all the senses of the preceding : also read वचन.

वचन f. ( -व- ) 1. The hypotenuse, especially of the triangle formed with the gnomon of a dial and its shadow. 2. ( In astronomy. ) Argument of the latitude.

वचन n. ( -व- ) 1. Fried grain, ( in this sense it is also used in the mas. plu.-ता. ) 2. A eunuch. 3. Whole grain. f. ( -व- ) A plant, named also Kankara Sringi. mfn. ( -व-न-न- ) 1. Uninjured, unhurt. 2. Whole, unbroken. E. व neg. and कृप, broken &c.

वचनिक f. ( -व- ) A virgin. E. वचन and कृप pudendum.

वचनिक m. ( -व- ) A judge. E. वचन a law suit, वचन who sees ; from वचन to see.

वचन m. ( -व- ) A gambler, a dicer. E. वचन dice and वचन who plays.

वचन m. ( -व- ) A gambler, a dicer. n. ( -व- ) Gambling. E. वचन and वचन play or who plays : also वचन.

वचनिक n. ( -व- ) Dispute at play. E. वचन and वचन with वचन &c.

वचन m. ( -व- ) A judge. E. वचन a law suit, and वचन who sees.

वचनिक m. ( -व- ) A gamester. E. वचन a dice, and वचन a playon.

वचन m. ( -व- ) A plant, ( *Trophis aspera*. ) See वचन mfn. ( -व-न-व- ) One who holds dice &c. E. वचन and वचन what holds.

वचन m. ( -व- ) A gamester, a gambler. E. वचन dice, and वचन a rogue.

वचनिक m. ( -व- ) A bull, an ox. E. वचन a cart, वचन its forepart, or वचन a load, and वचन affix.

वचन m. ( -व- ) An arena, a boxing or wrestling ground ; also read वचन.

वचनिक m. ( -व- ) A judge. E. वचन law suit, and वचन to arrange affix वचन.

वचनिक m. ( -व- ) A judge. E. as before with वचन aff.

वचन m. ( -व- ) A follower of the Nyaya system of philosophy. E. वचन contest, and वचन who goes ; the Nyaya is the logical school ; also वचनवाद.

वचन m. ( -व- ) A degree of latitude. E. वचन and वचन a part.

वचन mfn. ( -व-न-न- ) 1. Impatient, intolerant. 2. Unable, incompetent, impotent. E. ( -व- ) 1. Impatience, intolerance. 2. Envy, impatience of another's success. 3. Inability, incapacity. E. व neg. वचन patience.

वचन f. ( -व- ) Impatience, &c. See the last.

वचन n. ( -व- ) Impatience, &c. See वचन.

वचन f. ( -व- ) 1. A rosary, a string of beads, especially of the seeds of the Eleocarpus. 2. The name of ARUNDHATI, wife of VASISHT' HA, ( from her wearing a rosary. ) E. वचन a kind of seed or bead, and वचन a necklace.

वचन mfn. ( -व-न-व- ) Durable, permanent, imperishable. f. ( -व- ) The seventh day of a lunar month, which happens on a Sunday or Monday, and the fourth, which falls on a Wednesday. E. व neg. and वचन to waste or decay, aff. वचन.

वचन f. ( -व- ) Durability, imperishableness. E. वचन added to the preceding.

वचनिक f. ( -व- ) The third day of the lunar half of the month of Vaisak'ha. ( April-May. ) E. वचन durable, and वचन the third day : the consequences of meritorious actions performed on this day being permanent, as it is the first day of the Satya Yuga or the anniversary of creation.

वचन n. ( -व- ) Imperishableness. E. ल added to वचन.

वचनिक m. ( -व- ) Heaven, the imperishable world or region. E. वचन and वचन world.

वचन m. ( -व- ) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. A name of VISHNU. n. ( -व- ) BRAHMA the supreme being, ( in this sense it is sometimes mas. ) 2. Eternal beatitude, or exemption from further transmigration. 3. Religious austerity. 4. Moral merit. 5. The sky or atmosphere. 6. A letter of the alphabet. 7. A plant. ( *Achyranthes aspera*. ) 8. Water ( in the dialect of the Vedas. ) mfn. ( -व-न-व- ) 1. Unalterable. 2. Unperishable, indecayable. E. वचन to pervade, and वचन Unadi affix.

वचन m. ( -व- ) A scribe, a writer. E. वचन letter, and वचन affix.

अक्षर m. ( -क्षः ) A scribe. E. अक्षर a letter, and अक्ष affix.  
 अक्षरचक्र m. ( -क्षः ) A scribe. E. See the last word.  
 अक्षरचक्र m. ( -क्षः ) A scribe, a writer. See अक्षरचक्र.  
 अक्षरजनी f. ( -नी ) A pen. E. अक्षर a letter, and जनी a mother.  
 अक्षरजीवक m. ( -क्षः ) A scribe. E. अक्षर a letter, and जीवक who lives, i. e. who gets a livelihood by letters; also अक्षरजीविक and अक्षरजीविन्.  
 अक्षरतुलिका f. ( -का ) A pen. E. अक्षर a letter, and तुलिका a brush.  
 अक्षरविद्या m. ( -क्षः ) 1. Scripture, a writing. 2. The alphabet. E. अक्षर a letter, and विद्या assemblage.  
 अक्षरमुख m. ( -क्षः ) A scholar, a student. E. अक्षर a letter, and मुख commencement.  
 अक्षरसंख्या n. ( -नं ) Scripture, a writing. E. अक्षर a letter, and संख्या placing, collecting.  
 अक्षत् mfn. ( -क्षत्-वती-वत् ) Having a die, &c. f. ( -ती ) Gaming, playing with dice. E. अक्ष a die, and वत् possessive affix.  
 अक्षवाट m. ( -टः ) An amphitheatre for wrestling, the arena of a gymnasium. E. अक्ष contest, and वाट an enclosure, an area.  
 अक्षविद् mfn. ( -विद् ) Versed in law, or in play. E. अक्ष law or dice, and विद् who knows.  
 अक्षवृक्ष n. ( -वृक्षः ) A rosary, a string of eleocarpus seeds so used. E. अक्ष and वृक्ष a thread.  
 अक्षांश m. ( -शः ) A degree of latitude. E. अक्ष and अंश a part.  
 अक्षार n. ( -रः ) 1. The fore-part of a car. 2. The axle or bar to which the wheels are attached. E. अक्ष and अक्षार fore-part.  
 अक्षारखीलक m. ( -कः ) The pin of the axle of a carriage, the linch-pin, also one at the extremity of the pole. E. अक्ष a cart, अक्षार forepart, and खीलक a pin or bolt.  
 अक्षान्ति f. ( -न्तिः ) 1. Impatience, intolerance. 2. Envy, impatience of another's superiority or success. E. अक्ष neg. and अक्षान्ति sufferance.  
 अक्षारलवण n. ( -लवणः ) Such food as may be eaten during a season of mourning, religious observance, &c. as cow's milk, ghee, rice, kidney-beans, barley, sesamum, and sea or river salt. E. अक्ष neg. अक्षार alkali, लवण salt.  
 अक्षि n. ( -क्षि ) The eye. n. अक्षि to pervade, and क्षि affix.  
 अक्षि m. ( -क्षः ) A tree, (Dalbergia Oujainiensis.) See also अक्ष.  
 अक्षिकृटक n. ( -कः ) The eye-ball. E. अक्षि the eye, and कृटक a globe or ball.  
 अक्षिगोळ m. ( -गोळः ) The ball or globe of the eye. E. अक्षि and गोळ ball.  
 अक्षिगत mfn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) Hatelul, hated, disliked. E. अक्षि the eye, and गत gone.  
 अक्षितारा f. ( -रा ) The pupil of the eye. E. अक्षि and तारा a star.  
 अक्षिपञ्च n. ( -पञ्चः ) The eye-lash. E. अक्षि and पञ्च lash.  
 अक्षिपटल n. ( -लः ) A coat of the eye. E. अक्षि and पटल a coat.  
 अक्षिमिषज m. ( -जः ) A tree, (Pale Lod'h.) See गालव. E. ( -क्षः ) Any medicament or collyrium for the eye. E. अक्षि the eye, and मिषज a remedy.  
 अक्षिम m. ( -क्षः ) A plant. (Morunga.) n. ( -क्षः ) Sea-salt. See अक्षि.  
 अक्षिविद्वृत n. ( -तः ) A glance or side look; one with the eye-lids partly closed. E. अक्षि the eye, and वृत्त from कृत् to contract, with वि prefixed.  
 अक्षीव m. ( -क्षः ) A plant. (Guilandina or Hyperanthera morunga.) n. ( -क्षः ) Sea-salt. E. अक्षि to pervade, ईव aff. it is also written अक्षिव and अक्षीव mfn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) Sober, not intoxicated. E. अक्ष neg. and जीव intoxicated.  
 अक्षु mfn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) 1. Unparted, uncut, not communicated. 2. Inexpert. 3. Unconquered. E. अक्ष neg. अक्षु cut.  
 अक्षुता f. ( -ता ) 1. Entireness, fulness. 2. Want of practice or conversancy. E. अक्ष neg. अक्षुता spareness.  
 अक्षु mfn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) Unshaken, undisturbed, unagitated. E. अक्ष neg. and अक्ष shaken.

अक्षीव m. ( -क्षः ) 1. A tree, (described as a pilu, growing in the hills. See पीवः. 2. A walnut. 3. A tree bearing an oily nut, (Aleurite triloba) Also written अक्षीव, E. अक्ष to pervade, and जीव aff.  
 अक्षीव m. ( -क्षः ) See the preceding word, also अक्षीव, E. अक्ष to pervade, and जीव aff.  
 अक्षीव m. ( -क्षः ) See अक्षीव, E. अक्षीव and अक्ष aff.  
 अक्षीव m. ( -क्षः ) 1. Firmness, absence of agitation. 2. The post to which an elephant is tied. mfn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) Unshaken, unagitated. E. अक्ष priv. अक्षीव shaking.  
 अक्षीवित mfn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) Unshaken, unagitated, firm. E. अक्ष neg. and अक्षीव shaken.  
 अक्षीवित f. ( -क्षी ) A complete army, consisting of 1, 09, 350 foot 65, 610 horses, 21, 870 chariots, and 21, 870 elephants. E. अक्ष a carriage, अक्षीव assemblage.  
 अक्षु n. ( -क्षुः ) Time. E. अक्ष to eat, and अक्ष Unadi aff.  
 अक्षु m. ( -क्षः ) Childish fancy, whim, caprice. E. अक्ष neg. and अक्षु to desire, undesirable by the wise.  
 अक्षु mfn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) All, entire. E. अक्ष neg. and अक्ष a part.  
 अक्षु n. ( -क्षः ) 1. Time. 2. Leaving entire. 3. Admitting, non-refutation. E. अक्ष neg. अक्षि to break, and अक्षु aff.  
 अक्षु mfn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) 1. Unbroken, undivided. 2. Undisturbed uninterrupted, continuous. 3. Unrefuted. E. अक्ष neg. अक्षु divided.  
 अक्षु mfn. ( -क्षुः-ता-तः ) Fruitful, bearing fruit in due season. E. अक्ष neg. अक्षु broken, and अक्षु season.  
 अक्षु mn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) 1. A natural pond or lake. 2. A pool before a temple. Sometimes written अक्षु, E. अक्ष neg. and अक्ष dug.  
 अक्षु mfn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) Improper to be eaten. E. अक्ष neg. अक्षु to be eaten.  
 अक्षु mfn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) Uneaten. E. अक्ष neg. अक्षु eaten.  
 अक्षु mfn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) Unwearied, indefatigable. E. अक्ष neg. अक्षु wearied.  
 अक्षु mfn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) All, entire. E. अक्ष neg. and अक्ष separated.  
 अक्षु mfn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) Unknown, obscure, not famous or notorious. E. अक्ष neg. अक्षu famed.  
 अक्षु f. ( -क्षः ) Disrepute, want of fame. E. अक्ष neg. अक्षu fame.  
 अक्ष r. 1st cl. ( -क्षति ) To wind or move tortuously. See अक्ष. With an indicative E. अक्षि (अक्षति) To go, move or approach.  
 अक्ष m. ( -क्षः ) 1. A tree. 2. The sun. 3. A mountain. 4. A snake. 5. Moving crookedly, twining, twisting. E. अक्ष neg. and अक्ष who goes, from गत to go, or अक्ष to go tortuously. अक्ष aff.  
 अक्ष m. ( -क्षः ) A tree. E. अक्ष neg. and अक्ष from गत to go.  
 अक्ष mfn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) 1. Mountainous, produced on a mountain. 2. Vegetable, produced from a tree. E. अक्ष and अक्ष born.  
 अक्षनीय mfn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) Not to be numbered or reckoned, also अक्षनीय, अक्षनीय, &c. E. अक्ष neg. अक्षनीय to be numbered.  
 अक्षित mfn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) Not reckoned, uncounted. E. अक्ष neg. अक्षि counted.  
 अक्ष m. ( -क्षः ) A medicament, a medicine, a drug. mfn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) 1. Well, healthy, free from disease. 2. Wholesome, salubrious. E. अक्ष neg. and अक्ष disease.  
 अक्ष m. ( -क्षः ) A physician. E. अक्ष well, healthy, and अक्ष who makes.  
 अक्ष mfn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) Not to be visited or approached, also अक्षनीय, अक्ष, &c. E. अक्ष neg. अक्ष to be gone.  
 अक्ष m. ( -क्षः ) 1. A tree. 2. A mountain. E. अक्ष priv. and अक्ष who goes.  
 अक्ष mfn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) 1. Not to be visited or approached. 2. Difficult of acquirement, unattainable. 3. Unequalled, unsurpassable. E. अक्ष neg. अक्ष to be gone to.  
 अक्ष mfn. ( -क्षः-ता-तः ) Of superior and unequalled form or nature. E. अक्ष and अक्ष form.  
 अक्षी f. ( -क्षी ) A kind of grass, vulg. Deotar. See द्विषाव, E. अक्षु, and अक्ष poison: an antidote.

अग्न्य mn. (-हः) Agallochum, ( *Aquilaria agallocha*, Rox ) See अग्न्य.  
 अग्न्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Modest, humble, void of pride. न. अग्न्य. गन्ध. pride.  
 अग्निसि m. (-सिः) 1 The name of a saint, celebrated in Hindu mythology, more usually entitled AGASTYA, the son of both MITRA and VARUNA, by URVASHI; he is represented of short stature, and is said by some to have been born in a water jar: he is famed for having swallowed the ocean, when it had given him offence; at his command also, the VINDHYA range of mountains prostrated itself, and so remains; hence his present appellation: he is also considered as the regent of the star Canopus. 2. The name of a tree, ( *Sesbana grandiflora* ) ३. अग्निसि a mountain, and सि, with an adventitious meaning, to fix, or in the second instance, to be fixed; also अग्निसि as before, and सि Unadi aff.  
 अग्निसि m. (-हः) A tree, ( *Sesbana grandiflora* ) See अग्निसि. न. अग्निसि, and हः a tree.  
 अग्न्य m. (-हः) 1. The name of a saint. 2. A tree 3. The star Canopus. See अग्निसि.  
 अग्न्यजा f. (-जा) A name of 'PA'RVATI, the daughter of the mountain or Himalaya. न. अग्न्य a mountain, and अग्न्यजा daughter.  
 अग्न्य n. (-यः) A hole, a chasm. mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Very deep, bottomless. न. अग्न्य neg. गन्ध fixed place.  
 अग्न्यजल m. (-जलः) A lake न. अग्न्य deep, जल water.  
 अग्न्यता f. (-ता) Depth. न. अग्न्य and ता aff  
 अग्न्यल n. (-लः) Depth. न. अग्न्य and ल aff  
 अग्न्य n. (-यः) A house See अग्न्य. न. अग्न्य a mountain, and अग्न्य to go; rising like a hill.  
 अग्न्य m. (-यः) The sun. न. अग्न्य to go, हः aff.  
 अग्न्य m. (-यः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. 3. A demon न. अग्न्य to go, and हः aff.  
 अग्न्य m. (-यः) A defect, a fault. mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Void of good qualities, bad 2. Void of attributes. न. अग्न्य neg. गुण qualities.  
 अग्न्यता f. (-ता) Absence of all good qualities; also अग्न्यता. न. अग्न्य neg. गुण with ता or ल aff  
 अग्न्यवादिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Censorious, pointing out defects न. अग्न्य and वादिन् declaring  
 अग्न्य mn. (-हः) 1. A fragrant wood, aloe wood, or agallochum, ( *Aquilaria agallocha*, Rox ) 2. Another tree which produces Bedellium, ( *Amyris agallocha* ) 3. A timber tree, commonly Sisu, ( *Dalbergia sisu*, Rox. ) mfn. (-हः-हः-हः-हः-हः) Light, not heavy. न. अग्न्य priv and गन्ध heavy.  
 अग्न्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1 Unhidden, unconcealed. 2 One who cannot keep a secret. न. अग्न्य neg. गुण concealed  
 अग्न्यविशेषा f. (-या) A timber tree ( *Dalbergia sisu* ) The best authorities consider this as formed of two distinct words. See अग्न्य and विशेषा.  
 अग्न्य mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) 1. Unhidden, unconcealed, manifest, evident. 2. One who is not secret. न. अग्न्य neg. गुण hidden.  
 अग्न्यगन्ध n. (-गन्धः) Asafotida. न. अग्न्य and गन्ध asafetida.  
 अग्न्यगन्ध mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Open, honest, candid; one whose purpose or inclinations are evident. न. अग्न्य and गन्ध nature.  
 अग्न्यचर mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Covert, unseen, unwitnessed न. (-यः) 1. Absence, unconsciousness; not being witnessed or known. 2. Any act or event not the object of the senses. 3. The imperceptible, BRAHMA, or the invisible Supreme. न. अग्न्य neg. गन्ध, object of senses.  
 अग्न्यक m. (-कः) 1. A bird. 2. A lion. 3. The Sarabha, a fabulous animal with eight legs. न. अग्न्य a tree or mountain, अग्न्यक a horse.  
 अग्न्यी f. (-यी) 1. A goddess, the wife of Agni, the deity of fire, and presiding over prayers accompanied with burnt offerings. 2. The Treta or second age of the Hindus. न. अग्न्य fire, and त्रेता aff. त्रेता, with अग्न्य substituted for त्रेता inserted.

अग्नि m. (-यिः) 1. Fire, always associated with the idea of the deity presiding over it, and who is worshipped by the Hindus. Agni is also regent of the south-east quarter. 2. A consecrated fire. 3. The fire of the stomach, the digestive faculty, appetite. 4. Bile. 5. Gold. 6. A plant of which the fruit has escharotic properties, ( *Semecarpus anacardium* ) 7. Another plant, ( *Plumbago seylanica* ) न. अग्नि to mark, and नि Unadi aff. अग्नि being dropped.  
 अग्नि m. (-यिः) An insect of a scarlet color, the lady-bird. न. अग्नि fire and अग्नि aff. resembling fire  
 अग्निज m. (-जः) A spark. न. अग्नि fire, and ज a small particle  
 अग्निकारिका f. (-का) Maintaining a sacrificial fire, &c. न. अग्नि fire, and कारिका making, from कृ to do.  
 अग्निकारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Caused by fire. न. अग्नि and कारित caused.  
 अग्निकार्य n. (-यः) Maintaining a sacred fire. न. अग्नि and कार्य act.  
 अग्निकाष्ठ n. (-ष्ठः) Agallochum. See अग्न्य, न. अग्नि fire, and काष्ठ wood.  
 अग्निकुण्ड m. (-कुण्डः) A firebrand, a lighted wisp of straw. न. अग्नि fire, and कुण्ड a wisp of lighted straw.  
 अग्निहोत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Done with or made by fire, offered with fire. न. अग्नि and होत done.  
 अग्निक्षेत्र m. (-क्षेत्रः) The east. न. अग्नि and क्षेत्र corner.  
 अग्निक्षेत्रा f. (-क्षेत्रा) Illuminations, fireworks, &c. न. अग्नि and क्षेत्रा play.  
 अग्निगर्भ m. (-गर्भः) 1. The sun-stone, crystal, or a fabulous gem; supposed to contain and impart solar heat. 2. A plant. f. (-गर्भा) The name of another plant. न. अग्नि, गर्भ the womb.  
 अग्निविन् m. (-विन्) A householder who has placed and consecrated a sacrificial fire. न. अग्नि fire, and विन् who collects.  
 अग्निवित्ता f. (-वित्ता) Maintaining a sacred fire. न. अग्नि and वित्ता collecting.  
 अग्निज m. (-जः) A plant used in medicine, of stimulant properties. mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) 1. Produced by or producing fire, also अग्निजात, 2. Digestive. न. अग्नि fire, and ज who or what is born, from जनः.  
 अग्निजार m. (-जः) A medicinal plant See अग्निज.  
 अग्निजाल m. (-जालः) A medicinal plant. See अग्निज.  
 अग्निजिह्वा f. (-जिह्वा) 1. A medicinal plant. See अग्निजिह्वा. 2. A flame of fire. न. अग्नि, and जिह्वा the tongue, growing like a flame of fire.  
 अग्निज्वाला f. (-ज्वाला) 1. A flame of fire. 2. A plant bearing red blossoms used by dyers, ( *Grislea tomentosa*, Rox. ) 3. Another plant, commonly Jalapippali. न. अग्नि and ज्वाला flame, from the fiery colour of its blossoms.  
 अग्नित्रेता f. (-त्रेता) The aggregate of the three fires maintained by the Brahman householder, the Garhapatya or domestic, Ahavaniya or consecrated, and Dakshina or southern. न. अग्नि and त्रेता triad.  
 अग्निद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) 1. Setting on fire, incendiary. 2. Supplying with fire. 3. Stomachic, tonic, digestive. न. अग्नि and द what gives.  
 अग्निदमनी f. (-नी) A medicinal plant, of narcotic properties, ( *Solanum jacquini* ) See अग्निदमनी, न. अग्नि bile, and दमनी what tames.  
 अग्निदग्ध m. (-दग्धः) A Pitri or progenitor to whom oblations are made. mfn. (-दग्धः-दा-दं) Burnt. न. अग्नि and दग्ध burnt.  
 अग्निदीप्त mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Blazing on fire. 2. Digestive. f. (-दा) The name of a plant. न. अग्नि and दीप्त inflamed.  
 अग्निदेव m. (-देवः) 1. Agni, the god of fire. 2. A worshipper of fire. f. (-देवा) A name of the third lunar mansion, identified with the Pleiades; Agni being the ruling deity of the constellation. Also अग्निदेवता.  
 अग्निदेवत्व n. (-त्वः) The supremacy or divinity of fire न. अग्नि and देवत्व divinity.  
 अग्निदिव्या f. (-दिव्या) The name of a plant, also अग्निजार. न. अग्नि and दिव्या decoction or extract.  
 अग्निदग्ध mfn. (-दग्धः-दा-दं) Cooked or dressed with fire. न. अग्नि and दग्ध mature.  
 अग्निपरिहृत्त n. (-हृत्तः) The implements and apparatus used in oblations to fire. न. अग्नि and परिहृत्त accompaniments.

अग्निपरीक्षा f. (-चा) The fiery ordeal, by a heated iron or boiling oil, or passing through fire. E. अग्नि and परीक्षा trial.

अग्निप्रकार m. (-रः) Fire-stone, flint, or any stone producing fire. E. अग्नि and प्रकार a stone

अग्निम m. (-अः) Gold. E. अग्नि and म for मा lustre, brilliant as fire.

अग्निभू m. (-भूः) A name of SKANDA, the Hindu deity of war. See कार्तिकेय and स्कन्द. E. अग्नि and भू being; being, or born, from fire. SIVA having cast his seed into flame, for the purpose of generating a warrior, able to subdue TARA KA, a demon, SKANDA was produced. n. (-भू) Water, which is generated, in the Hindu cosmogony, from fire.

अग्निमूर्ति m. (-तिः) A proper name. One of the pupils of the last Jaina saint. E. अग्नि and मूर्ति superhuman power, equal to AGNI

अग्निमणि m. (-मणिः) The sun-stone. E. अग्नि and मणि a jewel or gem, brilliant as fire

अग्निमन् mfn. (-मान्-सती-मन्) 1. Having a consecrated fire. 2. Having fire in general. E. अग्नि and मन् poss. aff.

अग्निमय m. (-मयः) A small tree, (Premna spinosa) E. अग्नि and मय churning, because fire is produced by friction of two pieces of its wood

अग्निमार्क m. (-मार्कः) A name of the saint, AGASTYA. E. अग्नि fire, i. e. the fire of the stomach, the digestive faculty, and मार्क a name of HANUMAN; because the saint could digest as well as the monkey; the epithet alludes to a story of his devouring and digesting VATAPI, a demon, who had assumed the form of a sheep.

अग्निमुख m. (-मुखः) 1. A deity. 2. A Brahman. E. अग्नि and मुख the mouth; oblations to the gods passing through fire as their mouths. 3. A plant, (Plumbago zeylanica.) 4. Marking nut, (Semecarpus anacardium) (In this sense it is also fem. -खी) E. as before, from its marking like fire

अग्निरक्षण n. (-रक्षः) Maintenance of a sacred fire; preserving a fire in a family for perpetuity, which supplies that lighted on occasions of worship. E. अग्नि and रक्षण Preserving

अग्निरक्षित mfn. (-रक्षितः) Maintaining a sacred fire. E. अग्नि and रक्षित preserved.

अग्निरहित mfn. (-रहितः) 1. Being without fire, especially a sacred fire. 2. Devoid of appetite. E. अग्नि and रहित lost.

अग्निरज m. (-रजः) An insect of ascarlet color. E. अग्नि and रजस् dust or farina.

अग्निरक्षा f. (-क्षा) The name of a plant.

अग्निरथ mfn. (-रथः-रथी-रथे) Hot, scalding, scorching. E. अग्नि and रथ quality; of the property of fire.

अग्निवहेक mfn. (-वहः-वह-वही-वहे) 1. Tonic, stomachic. 2. Feeding or exciting fire. E. अग्नि and वहेक what augments.

अग्निवहन n. (-नः) 1. Exciting fire. 2. Improving the appetite. m. (-नः) A stomachic or any thing improving the appetite. E. अग्नि and वहन increasing.

अग्निवहन् m. (-वहन्) Resin, pitch. E. अग्नि and वहन् a friend, from its exciting or befriending fire.

अग्निबाण m. (-बाणः) A fiery arrow, a rocket.

अग्निबाह m. (-बाहः) Smoke. E. अग्नि and बाह what bears

अग्निबाहु m. (-बाहुः) Smoke. E. अग्नि and बाहु the arm

अग्निविसर्प m. (-विसर्पः) Pain from a boil. E. अग्नि and विसर्प a boil.

अग्निबीज m. (-बीजः) Gold. E. अग्नि and बीज seed.

अग्निवीर्य n. (-वीर्यः) Gold. E. अग्नि and वीर्य power.

अग्निवृद्धि f. (-वृद्धिः) 1. Improved digestion, appetite. 2. Increase of fire. E. अग्नि and वृद्धि increase.

अग्निशिला m. (-शिला) 1. A lamp. 2. An arrow. 3. A fiery arrow, a rocket. E. The Safflower plant, (Carthamus tinctorius.) mn. (-शिला) Saffron, the plant and dye. f. (-शिला) 1. Flame. 2. A plant (Gloriosa superba.) 3. A medicinal plant, (Menispermum cordifolium.) E. अग्नि and शिला a crest or flame or splendor.

अग्निशिर m. (-शिरः) Saffron. E. अग्नि and शिर a crest.

अग्निहुत f. (-हुतः) An expiatory sacrifice. E. अग्नि and हुत to sacrifice, aff. क्तिप् with हुत् added.

अग्निहोम m. (-होमः) A sacrifice, or rather a series of offerings to fire for five days to be celebrated in the spring. E. अग्नि and होम oblation, burnt-offering.

अग्निहोत्र n. (-होत्रः) An iron frying-pan, mfn. (-होत्र-होत्र-होत्र) Placed in or out of fire. E. अग्नि and होत्र what stays or remains, from होत्र to stand.

अग्निपुत्र m. pl. (-पुत्रः) Demigods or names to whom funeral oblations are presented. They are said to be the sons of MARICHI, and progenitors especially of the gods. E. अग्नि, पुत्र own, and पुत्र taken, who receive what is offered them by fire as their own.

अग्निमकार m. (-मकारः) Any ceremony performed with the consecrated fire. E. अग्नि, मकार purification

अग्निमख m. (-मखः) The wind. E. अग्नि and मख a friend.

अग्निमध्व m. (-मध्वः) Wild safflower, mfn. (-मध्व-मध्व-मध्व) Originating from fire. E. अग्नि and मध्व born.

अग्निमहाय m. (-महायः) 1. A pigeon. 2. The wind. E. अग्नि and महाय a friend.

अग्निसार n. (-सारः) A medicinal application to the eyes, a collyrium from the calx of brass. E. अग्नि and सार strength, essence.

अग्निहोत्र n. (-होत्रः) 1. Maintenance of a perpetual or sacred fire. m. (-होत्रः) 1. Fire. 2. Ghee. E. अग्नि and होत्र oblation with fire, burnt offerings.

अग्निहोत्रिन् m. (-होत्रिन्) One who maintains a perpetual and sacred fire: this is sometimes read अग्निहोत्र, nom. (-होत्र) E. अग्निहोत्र, and होत्रिन्, or होत्र to sacrifice, हन् aff.

अग्निधूम m. (-धूमः) A priest who attends the fire. E. अग्नि, धूम to excite, क्तिप् aff.

अग्निधूम m. (-धूमः) Officiating priest, whose duty is to attend the fire. f. (-धूम) Extinguishing the sacrificial fire. E. अग्नि and धूम, to light or kindle: and the aff. हन्; the न of धूम being dropped

अग्निधूम n. (-धूमः) Extinguishing a sacrificial fire. E. अग्नि and धूम kindling, exciting

अग्निमय m. (-मयः) 1. Loss or extinction of the sacred fire. 2. Loss of appetite. E. अग्नि, अभाव non-existence

अग्निमय n. (-मयः) Fire-arms; in poetry, it is usually applied to a superhuman power over the element of fire, but occasionally indicates, apparently, a rocket. E. अग्नि, अयस् a weapon

अग्निमार्ग m. (-मार्गः) A fire-temple; a chamber or building where the sacred fire is kept. E. अग्नि, मार्ग house

अग्निमयान n. (-मयानः) Maintenance of a perpetual and sacred fire. n. अग्नि and मयान preserving.

अग्निमयैव n. (-मयैवः) Consecration of a perpetual fire. E. अग्नि, मयैव placing.

अग्निमयार n. (-मयारः) 1. A place in which consecrated fire is kept, 2. A hole with compartments of prescribed dimensions and shape, for the several sacred fires. E. अग्नि and मयार asylum.

अग्निमयित m. (-मयितः) A householder who maintains a perpetual fire; also अग्निमयि, E. अग्नि, मयित preserved by whom.

अग्निमयान m. (-मयानः) A fiery meteor, a falling star, a comet. E. अग्नि and मयान portent.

अग्नि mfn. (-अग्नि-अग्नि-अग्नि) 1. Chief, principal. E. Prior, first. 2. Excessive, more, much. 4. Excellent, best. n. (-अग्नि) 1. Front, fore part. 2. Top, summit, upper part. 3. End, point. 4. Goal, resting place. 5. Assemblage, multitude. 6. A weight equal to one Pala. 7. Limited alms, (four mouthfuls.) 8. (In astronomy) the sun's amplitude. E. अग्नि to go, and the Unadi aff. हन्, the nasal of the derivative is dropped.

अग्निमय m. (-मयः) 1. The tip of the extended hand. 2. The right or better hand. 3. The extremity of a ray of light; the focal point. E. अग्नि, मय hand or ray.

**चयवत्** mfn. (-चयः-चा-च) To be reckoned or considered as first or best. **चय** and **वत्** to be counted.

**चयवतिन्** mfn. (-चयि-चयिन्-चि) Preceding; going before. **चय**, **वतिन्** who goes.

**चयव** m. (-चयः) 1. An elder brother; the first-born. 2. A Brahman.

**चयव** mfn. (-चयः-चा-च) First-born or produced. **चय** first, **व** who is born.

**चयवहा** f. (-चा) The fore part of the thigh. **चय** the first part and **हा** thigh.

**चयवन्** m. (-चा) 1. A priest or Brahman; a man of the sacerdotal tribe. 2. An elder brother or first-born. 3. **BRAHMA**, the first-born of the gods. **चय** first or best, and **वन्** birth.

**चयव्रतक** m. (-चयः) A Brahman; a man of the first class. **चय** and **व्रतक** who is born.

**चयव्रत** m. (-चयः) A Brahman; a man of the first class. **चय** and **व्रत** race, class.

**चयव्या** f. (-चा) (In astronomy) Sine of the amplitude.

**चयवी** mfn. (-चयि-चयिन्-चि) First, principal. **चय** and **वी** from **वीज** to lead, aff. **क्विप्**.

**चयवत्सर** mfn. (-चयः-रा-री-र) Going before, preceding. m. (-चयः) A leader. **चय**, **वत्सर**, and **सर**, who goes, from **चय** with **चय** or **ट** aff. to go.

**चयवत्** ind. 1. Before, in front. 2. Before in rank, &c. **चय** and **वत्** aff.

**चयदाजिन्** m. (-चयः) A degraded Brahman; one who receives the presents of Sudras, or things first offered to the deceased. **चय**, **दान** gift, **जिन्** poss. aff.

**चयनिर्णय** n. (-चयः) Determining beforehand, prophecy, predestination. **चय**, **निर्णय** declaring.

**चयपत्रा** f. (-चयः) A plant, Cowhage, (*Carpopogon pruriens*.) **चय**, **पत्र** leaf.

**चयपाणि** m. (-चयः) 1. The tip of the hand. 2. The right hand. **चय**, **पाणि** the hand.

**चयभाग** m. (-चयः) 1. Part of the top or end. 2. Fore or top part. 3. (In astronomy) Degree of amplitude, also **चयोज**: **चय**, **भाग** part.

**चयमूर्ति** mf. (-चयः) A goal, an object, the place or thing to be attained. **चय** before, **मूर्ति** earth.

**चयमंस** n. (-चयः) The heart. **चय** principal, and **मंस** flesh.

**चयवान** n. (-चयः) Advancing before an army, for the purpose of defiance; military ardor or daring. **चय** and **वान** going.

**चयवीज** m. (-चयः) A viviparous plant, as the *Gomphrena globosa*, &c. **चय** in front, and **वीज** seed.

**चयवसनाली** f. (-चयः) The register of human actions, kept by **YAMA**, the judge of the dead. **चय** first, and **न**, proposition, with **चा** to take: recording all actions from the original birth.

**चयसर** mfn. (-चयः-रा-री-र) Preceding, going before, a leader. **चय** and **सर** who goes.

**चयव** m. (-चयः) An anchorite, a man who has retired from the world. **चय** neg. and **व** a house, being no longer householder.

**चयवचीय** mfn. (-चयः-चा-च) Not to be taken, accepted or acquired. **चय** neg. **चयवीय** to be taken.

**चयवृक्ष** m. (-चयः) 1. The tip of the extended hand. 2. The tip of an elephant's trunk. 3. The right or better hand. **चय**, **वृक्ष** hand &c.

**चयवृष** m. (-चयः) The name of a month; the eighth of the lunar of the Hindus, when the moon is full near the head of Orion, or about November-December. **चय** and **वृष**, year; according to the ancient system, the first month of the Hindu year; also **चायवृष**.

**चयवृक्ष** m. (-चयः) 1. An endowment of lands or villages conferred upon Brahmins. 2. A field of corn. **चय** chief (tribe) **वृक्ष** to take, **वृक्ष** aff.

**चयव** m. (-चयः) See **चयव**.

**चयवृक्ष** m. (-चयः) The extreme ray or point of a ray of light, the focal point. **चय**, **वृक्ष** a ray.

**चयवत्** mfn. (-चयः-चा-च) 1. Not fit or proper to be accepted. 2. Not to be attained. 3. Not to be trusted or commented to. **चय** neg. **वत्** to be taken.

**चयिन** mfn. (-चयि-चा-च) 1. Chief, principal, best. 2. Elder, elder born. f. (चा) The name of a fruit, (*Annona reticulata*.) See **चयनी** **चय** and **चिन** aff.

**चयिय** m. (-चयः) An elder brother. mfn. (-चयः-चा-च) Chief, principal. **चय** and **य** or **र** aff. whence also **चयीय**.

**चयु** f. (-चयुः) A finger. **चय** to go, and **यु** aff.

**चयेना** m. (-चा) A leader, a preceder. **चये** in front, **ना** who goes.

**चयेयु** m. (-चयुः) A leader. **चये**, **य** from **गम** to go, and **यु** Unadi aff.

**चयेदिधिषु** m. (-चयुः) A man of either of the three first classes, whose wife has been before married, and has borne him children. **चये** principal, and **दिधिषु** the husband of a twice married woman. f. (-चयुः) A younger sister married before her elder, also **चयेदिधिषु**.

**चयेवन** n. (-चयुः) The skirts of a wood. **चये** the fore-part, and **वन** wood.

**चयेसर** m. (-चयुः) A leader. mfn. (-चयुः-रा-री-र) Preceding, going before. **चये** in front, and **सर** who goes.

**चयेसरिक** m. (-चयुः) A leader. **चये** in front, and **सरिक** who goes.

**चयु** mfn. (-चयुः-चा-च) Chief, principal. m. (-चयुः) An elder brother. **चय**, and **यु** aff.

**चय** r. 1st cl. With an indicatory **चय**, **चयि** (**चयति**). 1. To go. 2. To go swiftly. 3. To begin moving. 4. To begin. 5. To blame or censure. r. 10th cl. (**चययति**) To sin, to commit sin.

**चय** u. (-चयः) 1. Sin. 2. Pain. 3. Passion. m. (-चयः) Name of a demon; the general name of **KANAKA**. **चय**, **चय** to go, and **चय** affix, removed by charity, &c.

**चयनायक** mfn. (-चयः-चा-च) Purifying, freeing from sin. **चय**, and **नायक** what destroys.

**चयनायन** mfn. (-चयः-चा-च) Purifying, freeing from sin. m. (-चयः) 1. A name of **VISHNU**. 2. An expiator. **चय**, **चय** and **नायन** destroyer.

**चयमय** mfn. (-चयः-चा-च) Sinful, identical with or fruitful in sin. **चय** and **मय** aff.

**चयमय** mfn. (-चयः-चा-च) An expiatory prayer: reciting mentally a particular passage from the Vedas while a little water, in the palm of the right hand, is held to the nose; this forms a part of the daily ceremonies of the Brahmins. m. (-चयः) The author of the passage recited upon the above occasion. **चय** sin, and **मय** to hear with, or to sprinkle, **युच्** aff.

**चयमी** mfn. (-चयः-मी-मी) Cool, not warm. **चय** neg. **चयमी** hot.

**चयमीधामन्** m. (-चयः) The moon, as the source of coolness. **चयमी** cool, **धामन्** vesture.

**चयवत्** mfn. (-चयः-चा-च) Wicked, vicious, sinful. **चय** sin. **वत्** aff.

**चयव** n. (-चयः) Time or day of impurity, consequent on the death of a relative, &c. **चय** and **व** day.

**चयव** mfn. (-चयः-चा-च) Unkind, cruel. **चय** neg. **चयव** compassion.

**चयोर** mfn. (-चयः-रा-र) Formidable, terrible. m. (-चयः) 1. A name of **SIVA**. 2. A worshipper of **SIVA**, and **Devī** in their terrific forms. f. (-चयः) The fourteenth day of the dark half of the month **Bhadra**, upon which **SIVA** is worshipped. **चय** implying resemblance, and **योर** formidable.

**चयोरपयिन्** m. (-चयः) A worshipper of the terrific forms of **SIVA** and **DURGĀ**. **चयोर** and **पयिन्** a road.

**चयोर** mfn. (-चयः-चा-च) 1. Without noise. 2. Without cowherd, (a country). **चय** neg. **चय** noise, &c.

**चयोर** ind. A vocative particle: the final **च** is usually dropped in composition, as **चयोरव** ho, pay worship. **चय** neg. **चय** to kill, and **चयोर** aff.

**चय** m. (-चयः) A name of **BRAHMA**. f. (चा) A cow. mfn. (-चयः-चा-च) 1. inviolable, not to be slain. **चय** neg. **चय** to kill, and **चय** Unadi aff.

**चह (च, त) r. 10th cl. (चहयति) 1.** To number or count. 2. To mark.

**चह n. (ह) 1.** A mark or spot. 2. The flank or part above the hips. 3. A species of dramatic entertainment. 4. The act of a play, &c. 5. Fault, offence. 6. A line, a stroke. 7. Mimic war or conflict. 8. ornament, decoration. 9. Place, abode. 10. Proximity, proximate. 11. A chapter or section. 12. The body. 13. A cypher, an arithmetical sign. **चह** to go, and the Unadi affix **क**; or **चह** to stain or spot, **चच्** aff.

**चहति m. (ति) 1.** A Brahman who maintains a sacred fire. 2. A name of BRAHMA. 3. Fire. 4. Air, wind. **चह** to go, and the Unadi aff. **ति**; **च** being changed to **क**.

**चहन n. (न) 1.** Cyphering, writing or making cyphers. 2. Stamping, impressing, making marks, **चह** to mark, **चट्** aff.

**चहनीय mfn. (-य: या-य) 1.** To be marked. 2. To be numbered. **चह** to mark, **चनीयर्** aff.

**चहपरिवर्तन n. (-न:)** Turning on the side. **चह** and परिवर्तन turning.

**चहपालिका f. (का)** An embrace, embracing. **चह** the flank, and **पालिका** or **पाली**, nourishing.

**चहपाली f. (-ली)** 1. An embrace, embracing. 2. A nurse. 3. A plant, Piring or *Medicago esculenta*. **चह** See **चहपालिका**.

**चहभाज् mfn. (-भाज्)** Resting or placed upon the side or hip. **चह** and **भाज्** possessing.

**चहवित्तम् mfn. (-व्य: व्या-व्यं) 1.** To be marked. 2. To be numbered. **चह** to mark, **तव्य** aff.

**चहविद्या f. (-द्या)** Arithmetic. **चह** and **विद्या** science.

**चहित mfn. (-त: ता-त) 1.** Marked, spotted. 2. Counted, numbered. **चह** to mark, and participial aff. **त्**.

**चही f. (-ही)** A small oblong drum. **चह** the hip or flank, being carried upon that part.

**चहुट m. (-ट:)** A key. **चहि** to go, **उटि** aff.

**चहुर m. (-र:)** 1. A shoot or sprout. 2. The hair of the body. 3. Blood. 4. Water. **चह** to stain, and Unadi aff. **उरच्**.

**चहुरक m. (-क:)** A nest. **चहुर** a shoot, and **कन्** aff.

**चहुरित m. (-त: ता-त) 1.** Budded, sprouted, germinated. **चहुर** and **इतच्** aff.

**चहुम् mn. (-ह: ह) 1.** The hook used to drive an elephant. **चह** to go, and **उमच्** Unadi aff. with **हुन्** inserted.

**चहुमय m. (-य:)** An elephant-driver. **चहुम्**, and **यह** Who takes.

**चहुमद्वर m. (-र:)** A restive elephant. **चहुम्**, and **दुर्** bad, difficult, **धर** who holds: who is ill restrained by the goad.

**चहुषी f. (-षी)** One of the twenty-four female deities peculiar to the Jains, supposed to preside more immediately over human beings. **चहुम्**, and **उषी** fem. aff. having or holding a hook.

**चहूर m. (-र:)** A sprout, a germin. **चह** See **चहुर**, **च** being made long.

**चहुव mn. (-व: व) 1.** The hook or goad for driving an elephant. **चह** See **चहुम्**, **च** being made long.

**चहोत m. (-त:)** A plant; also **चहोत**. **चह** to mark or stain, **ओट** aff.

**चहोत m. (-त:)** A plant. (*Alangium hexapetalum*). **चह** See **चहोत**, **त** being used for **ट**.

**चहोत m. (-त:)** A plant. See **चहोत**; also **चहोतक**.

**चहोतवार m. (-र:)** A kind of poison, probably prepared from the plant **चहोत**, or **चहोत**. **चहोत**, and **वार** essence.

**चहोतिका f. (-का)** Embracing, an embrace. **चह** the side **उत्** pre. and **क**, from **जा**, to take.

**चह mfn. (-ह: या-ह) 1.** To be counted. 2. To be marked. **चह** m. (-ह: ) A small oblong drum. See **चही** **चह** to mark, aff. **यत्**; or **चह** the hip, and **च** aff.

**चह r. 10th cl. (चहयति) 1.** To mark. 2. To count. See **चह**.

**चह n. (-ह) 1.** A limb or member. 2. A division of Hindu learning, comprehending such science as is considered dependant upon the Vedas, hence also called **Vedanga**; works on six subjects

come under this description, viz. pronounciation, grammar, prosody, explanation of obscure terms, description of religious rites, and astronomy. 3. The body. 4. An expedient, a means of success. 5. Mind, understanding. 6. A term in grammar, the inflective root, with the affix subjoined. 7. (Sing. only), chief, principal. 8. Inferior, secondary. 9. All the dramatis personae of a play, except the hero and heroine, the body of the characters. 10. (In rhetoric.) An incidental passion or figure, illustrative of, but subordinate to the main object of the description. 11. A scriptural work in the Jain religion; there are twelve works so named. **चह** m. (-ह: ) A country, Bengal proper, including Bhagalpur. **चह** mfn. (-ह: हा-ह) 1. Corporeal, embodied. 2. Near, proximate. **चह** Ind. 1. A vocative article. 2. Again, further, the rather. 3. A particle of assent used in composition, with **इ** substituted for the vowel termination, as in **चहोत्तरण** &c.

**चहक n. (-क)** 1. The body, &c. See the preceding. **चह** (चहिका) A bodice or jacket mfn. (-का: का or की-क) Relating to the body, &c. **चह**, **कन्** added.

**चहयत्त m. (-त्त:)** Bodily pain. **चह**, and **यत्त** what seizes.

**चहज (-ज:) mfn. (-ज: जा-ज) 1.** Produced or born of the body. **चह** n. (-ज:) 1. Blood. 2. Love, desire. 3. The hair of the head. 4. Sickness, disease. 5. A son f. (-जा) A daughter. **चह** the body, and **ज** what is born also similar compounds, as **चहजात**, **चहजन्म**, &c.

**चहण n. (-ण:)** A court, or yard. See **चहण**.

**चहति m. (-ति:)** 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. A name of KRISHNA. 3. Fire. 4. A Brahman, who has preserved a sacred fire. **चह**, **ति** to go, and **ति** aff.

**चहद m. (-द:)** 1. The name of a celebrated monkey, one of the heroes of the Ramayana, the son of Bala. **चह** n. (-द: ) A bracelet worn upon the upper arm. **चह** f. (-ह) The female elephant of the south. **चह** the body, and **दे** to nourish, or **दे** to cleanse, aff. **ह**.

**चहन n. (-न:)** 1. A court or yard. 2. Going, moving. **चह** f. (-ना) 1. A woman, a female. 2. The sign Virgo. 3. The female elephant of the north. **चह**, **ति** to go, and **चच्** aff.

**चहनाम n. (-न:)** A number of women. **चहना** and **गण** troop.

**चहनाज् n. (-ज:)** A female, a female person. **चहना** and **जन्** a being.

**चहनामि m. (-म:)** A plant. (*Jonesia asoka*.) See **चहोका**, **चहना** a woman, and **मि**, beloved; worship being performed by woman to this plant.

**चहन्वास m. (-व:)** Touching various parts of the body, as a religious ceremony. **चह**, and **वास** arrangement.

**चहपालि m. (-लि:)** Embracing, an embrace. **चह**, and **पाल** to nourish, **हन्** aff.

**चहप्रायश्चित्त n. (-त्त:)** Expiation for bodily impurity, especially the oblation offered by the heir at the first funeral obsequies, to remove the impurity contracted during the period of mourning. **चह** body and **प्रायश्चित्त** expiation.

**चहमह m. (-ह:)** A servant, whose business it is to rub and knead the body. **चह**, **ह** to rub, and **चच्** aff. Also **चहमहक** and **चहमहन**.

**चहरक n. (-क:)** A plant, vulg. *Sundarochani*. See **रक्तक**, **चह** and **रक्त** red, giving a red dye.

**चहरचित्री f. (-त्री)** 1. Armour, coat of mail, thick quilting, or an iron netting worn upon the body. 2. A garment. **चह**, and **चित्री** what preserves.

**चहराग m. (-ग:)** Perfuming the body after cleansing; smearing it with unguents of sandal, &c. **चह**, and **राग** colouring.

**चहराज् m. (-राज:)** A name of KARNA, king of Anga the son of Kunti by SURYA. See **कर्ण**. **चह** the country so named, and **राज** a king; also **चहराजा** and **चहराज**.

**चहव n. (-व:)** Hair of the body, wool, fleece, down. **चह** and **व** what rises on.

**अक्षरीय m. (-यः)** Ginger, (*Amomum sinisiber*) See **अक्षरीय** m. **अक्षरी**, and **क्षरी**, to be mad, aff. **क्ष**; exciting or stimulating the body.

**अक्षरम् m. (-म्)** A subdivision of a branch of science or philosophy. **अक्षर** a part of science, and **क्षर** division.

**अक्षर m. (-ः)** A dried or withered fruit. **अक्षर** and **क्षर**, from **क्ष** to dry or wither.

**अक्षरवृत्ति m. (-तिः)** Syncope, apoplexy. **अक्षर**, and **वृत्ति**, change of condition.

**अक्षरविशेष m. (-पः)** Gesture, gesticulation. **अक्षर** and **विशेष** throwing, moving.

**अक्षरवैज्ञानिक n. (-ज्ञः)** Sign, token, hint. **अक्षर**, and **वैज्ञानिक** ohanre of from. &c.

**अक्षरसंस्कार m. (-रः)** Embellishment of person, dressing, cleansing or perfuming it. **अक्षर** and **संस्कार** making perfect.

**अक्षरसंहति f. (-तिः)** Bodily strength, or symmetry, **अक्षर**, and **संहति** compactness.

**अक्षरसङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः)** Bodily union or contract, coition. **अक्षर**, and **सङ्ग** union.

**अक्षरहार m. (-रः)** Gesture, gesticulation. **अक्षर**, and **हार** taking, moving; also **अक्षरहारि**.

**अक्षरहारि m. (-रिः)** See **अक्षरहार**.

**अक्षरीय mfn. (-यः-तः-म्)** Mutilated, maimed, defective. **अक्षर** a limb, **क्षरी** deprived of.

**अक्षरि ind.** Body and body, implying contract or co-operation. **अक्षर** repeated with **र** aff.

**अक्षरिभाव m. (-वः)** Personal relation or co-operation. **अक्षरि** and **भाव** nature.

**अक्षरिप m. (-पः)** A name of KARNA, king of Anga. See **कर्ण** **अक्षर** the country, **अक्षरिप** a ruler.

**अक्षरम् mn. (-रः-रः)** Charcoal, whether burning or not, but more usually the latter. **अक्षर** m. (-रः) A name of the planet Mars; from his fiery colour. **अक्षर** to go, and **अक्षर** aff.

**अक्षरक m. (-कः)** 1 The planet Mars. 2. Charcoal, burning or extinguished. 3. Yellow or white amaranth. See **अक्षरक** 4. Another plant, (*Eclipta* or *Verbesina prostrata*.) See **अक्षरक** n. (-कः) A medicated oil, prepared by boiling turmeric and various vegetable substances in common oil. **अक्षरक** and **अक्षर** affix; resembling a during brand.

**अक्षरकमणि m. (-णिः)** Coral. **अक्षरकः** and **मणि** a gem.

**अक्षरधामिका f. (-का)** A small portable fire-place or fire-pan. **अक्षर**, and **धामिका** what holds, from **धा** root, with the affs. **अक्षर** **अक्षर** and **टाप्**.

**अक्षरपरिपाचित n. (-तः)** Roasted food. **अक्षर**, and **परिपाचित** cooked.

**अक्षरपर्व m. (-र्वः)** A name of CHITRABATHA, chief of the Gandharbas.

**अक्षरपुष्प m. (-पुः)** A. Plant, vulg. *Ingua*. See **अक्षर** The seeds are used for rosaries. &c. **अक्षर** and **पुष्प** a flower; the flowers supposed to resemble coals.

**अक्षरमञ्जी f. (-ञ्जी)** A tree, or shrub, (*Cesalpinia bonducella*.) **अक्षर** and **मञ्जी** a pedicle, compared to a coal.

**अक्षरवल्ली f. (-ली)** 1. A species of *Karanja*, (*Galedupa arborea*.) 2. Another plant, (*Ovieda verticallata*, Rox.) **अक्षर** and **वल्ली** a compound pedicle.

**अक्षरवल्ली f. (-ली)** See **अक्षरवल्ली**.

**अक्षरवहणी f. (-टी)** A small portable fire-pan. **अक्षर** and **वहणी** a little cart.

**अक्षरि f. (-रिः)** A small portable fire-pan **अक्षर** and **रि** aff.

**अक्षरिका f. (-का)** 1. The stalk of the sugarcane. 2. The bud of the Kinsuka, (*Butea frondosa*) **अक्षर**, and **अक्षर** and **टाप्** affs.

**अक्षरिणी f. (-णी)** 1. A small portable fire-place. 2. The quarter from which the sun has departed. **अक्षर** and **अक्षरि** poss. aff. and fem. **अक्षरि**.

**अक्षरिण n. (-णः)** The early blossom of the Kinsuka. (*Butea frondosa*.) **अक्षरि** mfn. (-तः-तः-म्) 1. Burnt. 2. Charred. **अक्षर**, and **अक्षर** aff.

**अक्षरी f. (-री)** A kind of bodice or jacket. **अक्षर** the body and **अक्षरी** aff.

**अक्षरी mfn. (-री-क्षरी-क्षी)** 1. Corporal. bodily. 2. Limbed, having limbs or members. 3. Chief, principal. **अक्षर** and **अक्षरी** aff.

**अक्षरीम् m. (-रः)** The name of a Rishi or saint, born of BRAHMA, one of the seven principal sages; in one legend identified with fire, and apparently an astronomical personification, having for his sons UTAT'HYA and VRIHASPATI, and for daughters Sinivali, Kuhú Ráka and Anumati. **अक्षरी** to go, and **अक्षरी** Unadi aff. with **अक्षरी** inserted.

**अक्षरीकर n. (-कः)** Promising, agreeing, assenting, **अक्षर** a particle of assent. **अक्षरी** doing, **अक्षरी** inserted.

**अक्षरीकार m. (-रः)** An agreement, a promise. **अक्षर** a particle of asseveration, and **अक्षरी** making, from **अक्षरी** to do, **अक्षरी** inserted.

**अक्षरीकृत mfn. (-तः-तः-तः)** Agreed. promised. **अक्षरी** as before, and **अक्षरी** participle of **अक्षरी**.

**अक्षरी f. (-रिः)** 1. A finger 2. A toe, also written **अक्षरी** See **अक्षरी**. **अक्षरी** to count, and **अक्षरी** Unadi aff.

**अक्षरीय mn. (-यः-यः)** A finger-ring. See **अक्षरीय** **अक्षरी** a finger, and **अक्षरी** aff.

**अक्षरीयक mn. (-कः-कः)** A finger-ring. See **अक्षरीय**. **अक्षरी** affixed to the preceding.

**अक्षरी m. (-क्षः)** 1. The thumb. 2. A finger. 3. A measure of eight barley corns. 4 The name of a saint. See **अक्षरीय**. 5. A digit, or one-twelfth part of any dimension. **अक्षरी** to count and **अक्षरी** aff.

**अक्षरी f. (-रिः)** 1. A finger. 2. The tip of an elephant's trunk. 3. A toe; also **अक्षरी**. **अक्षरी** to count, and **अक्षरी** Unadi aff.

**अक्षरीतीर n. (-तीः)** Three semicircular lines drawn across the forehead, with sandal &c. a sectarian mark, especially of the followers of Sakti. **अक्षरी** a finger, and **तीर** the ornamented arch of a gateway, to which the mark made by the fingers upon the forehead may be compared.

**अक्षरीय n. (-यः)** A guard for the finger, applied to the bow-string used by archers. **अक्षरी** and **अक्षरी** what protects.

**अक्षरीयक n. (-कः)** See the last **अक्षरी** and **अक्षरी** what protects.

**अक्षरीमुख n. (-मुखः)** The tip of the finger. **अक्षरी** and **मुख** end.

**अक्षरीमुद्रा f. (-द्रा)** A seal ring. **अक्षरी** and **मुद्रा** a seal; also **अक्षरीमुद्रिका**.

**अक्षरीमोदन n. (-नः)** Crackling, or snapping the finger joints. **अक्षरी**, and **मोदन** rubbing, from **मृद** aff. **अक्षरी**.

**अक्षरीमोदने m. (-ने)** 1. Snapping the finger joints. 2. Making signs, talking with the fingers. **अक्षरी**, and **मोदने** information.

**अक्षरीमोदन n. (-नः)** Snapping the fingers. **अक्षरी** and **मोदन** bursting.

**अक्षरी f. (-रिः)** 1. A finger. 2. The tip of an elephant's trunk. See **अक्षरी**.

**अक्षरीय mn. (-यः-यः)** A finger ring. **अक्षरी** and **अक्षरी** aff.

**अक्षरीयक n. (-कः)** The five fingers collectively. **अक्षरी**, and **अक्षरी** a five.

**अक्षरीयक n. (-कः)** A finger ring. **अक्षरी** See **अक्षरीयक**.

**अक्षरीयकृत m. (-तः)** A finger nail. **अक्षरी** and **अक्षरी** born, produced.

**अक्षरी m. (-रिः)** The thumb. **अक्षरी** here said to be the hand, and **अक्षरी** from **अक्षरी** to stay.

**अक्षरी m. (-रिः)** 1. An ichneumon. 2. An arrow. **अक्षरी** to go, and **अक्षरी** Unadi aff.

**अक्षरी n. (-रिः)** Sin. **अक्षरी** to go, and **अक्षरी** aff.

**अक्षरी m. (-रिः)** 1. A foot. 2. The root of a tree. **अक्षरी** to kill, and **अक्षरी** Unadi aff. the formative is irregular. See **अक्षरी**.

**अक्षरीनामक m. (-कः)** The root of a tree, being named from a foot; every synonym of a foot being also that of the root of a tree. **अक्षरी** and **अक्षरी** name.

**अक्षरीनामक n. (-नः)** The root of a tree. **अक्षरी** a foot or root and **अक्षरी** a name. See the last.



वज्रिण m. (-यः) A tree. See वज्रिण. वज्रि, a root and प from वृ to drink.

वज्रिपत्रा f. (-त्री) A plant. See वज्रिपत्रिका. म. वज्रि and पत्र a leaf, aff. लीप्, the leaves rising from the root.

वज्रिपत्रिका f. (-का) A plant, (*Hedysarum lagopidiodes*, Rox.) म. वज्रि, and वज्रिका a pedicle.

वज्र r. lat. cl. (व) or (ज) (वजति) (वजति) (वजते) 1. To go to, go to or towards. 2. To worship. 3. To speak indistinctly. See वज.

वज्रसू n. (-सू) A bad or contracted eye. mfn. (-सूः-सूः) Eyeless, sightless. म. वज्र, or dim, and वज्र the eye.

वज्रसू mfn. f. (वज्र-सू-सू) Gentle, not passionate. (-सू) 1. A tractable cow. 2. A mild and gentle woman. म. वज्र neg. and वज्र passionate.

वज्रपक्ष mfn. (-सूः-सू-सू) Steady, not fickle. म. वज्र neg. वज्र A unsteady.

वज्रल mfn. (-सूः-सू-सू) Fixed, immovable. m. (सूः) 1. A mountain. 2. A pin or bolt. f. (-सू) The earth. म. वज्र not, and वज्र who, goes from वज्र and वज्र aff.

वज्रलकीला f. (-ला) The earth. म. वज्रल a mountain, कीला a bolt.

वज्रललिप् m. (-लिप्) The Koil or Indian cuckoo. म. वज्रल mountain, and लिप् light.

वज्रलाधिप m. (-पः) The king of mountains, the personified Himalaya; also analogous compounds, as वज्रलक्ष्मिः वज्रलक्ष्मिः, &c. म. वज्रल and अधिप king.

वज्रलभाट m. (-भाट) The name of a Jaina saint, one of the eleven pupils of the last pontiff. म. वज्रल and भाट brother.

वज्रपक्ष n. (-सू) Firmness, steadiness, consistency: also वज्रपक्षता, &c. म. वज्र neg. वज्रल inconstancy.

वज्रल mfn. (-सूः-सू-सू) Insensible, inanimate. म. वज्र neg. वज्रल reflexion.

वज्रलता f. (-ता) Insensibility, want of sense or intellect. म. ता added to the last.

वज्रलता f. (-ता) Disregard, absence of thought or consideration. म. वज्र neg. वज्रल thought.

वज्रलित mfn. (-सूः-सू-सू) 1. Unthought of, unexpected. 2. Disregarded. म. वज्र neg. वज्रलित considered.

वज्रल mfn. (-सूः-सू-सू) Inconceivable, unimaginable, incomprehensible. म. वज्र neg. वज्रल conceivable.

वज्रल mfn. (-सूः-सू-सू) Brief, momentary, not long. (-सू) A proper name, the mother of Śānti, the sixteenth Jaina saint. म. वज्र neg. वज्र long.

वज्रल्युति (-ति) Lightning. म. वज्र neg. वज्र long. and युति light.

वज्रल्युति f. (-ति) Lightning. म. वज्रल as before, and युति light.

वज्रल्युति f. (-ति) Lightning. म. वज्रल as before, and युति light.

वज्रल्युति f. (-ति) Lightning. म. वज्रल and युति a ray.

वज्रल्युति ind. Directly, without delay. म. वज्र neg. and वज्रल from length of time.

वज्रल्युति f. (-ति) Lightning. म. वज्रल as above, and युति light, with वज्र prefixed.

वज्रल mfn. (-सूः-सू-सू) Insensible, unconscious, devoid of reason or feeling. म. वज्र neg. वज्रल consciousness.

वज्रल n. (-सू) 1. Unconsciousness, insensibility. 2. The material universe, as opposed to spiritual being or God. 3. Ignorance, especially spiritual. म. वज्र neg. वज्रल intellect.

वज्रल m. (-सू) 1. A name of Viṣṇu; also of Kṛiṣṇa, as a form of Viṣṇu. 2. A shrub, (*Morinda tinctoria*.) mfn. (-सूः-सू-सू) Fixed, permanent. म. वज्र neg. and वज्रल participle of वज्र to go.

वज्रल m. (-सू) The religious fig tree, (*Ficus religiosa*.) म. वज्रल Viṣṇu वास abode.

वज्रल m. (-सू) 1. A name of Balarāma, the elder brother of Kṛiṣṇa. 2. A name of Indra. म. वज्रल Kṛiṣṇa as Viṣṇu, and वज्रल elder born.

वज्र mfn. (-सूः-सू-सू) Clear, transparent. m. (सू) 1. A bear. 2. Crystal, ind. Fronting, before, in presence of. म. वज्र neg. or comparative, and वज्र to out, aff. व.

वज्रम m. (-सू) A bear. This is sometimes considered as two words. See वज्र and म. वज्र in front of, and म to kill.

वज्रल mfn. (-सूः-सू-सू) Not to be out, incapable of injury or commination. म. वज्र neg. वज्र to be out.

वज्र r. lat. cl. (वजति) 1. To go. 2. To blame, or censure: the root is irregular, वी being substituted for it before many of the inflections, as विवाय, वीयात् &c. with an indicatory वज्र r. 10th cl. (वज्रवति) To shiue.

वज्र m. (-सू) A name of BRAHMA. 2. Also of Viṣṇu. 3. A name of Śiva. 4. Also of Kāma. Cupid. 5. A proper name, the son of Rāghu, and father of Daśaratha. 6. A he-goat. 7. A sheep. 8. A mineral substance. See वज्रल f. (-सू) 1. A she-goat. 2. Illusion, the unreality of the universe, personified as Śakti. mfn. (-सूः-सू-सू) Unborn. म. वज्र neg. and वज्र born. unborn; or वज्र to go, aff. वज्र.

वज्रल m. (-सू) 1. The ear of a goat. 2. A tree, (*Terminalia alata tomentosa*, Rox.) See वज्र. म. वज्र a goat. वज्र an ear; the leaf being compared to the ear of a goat.

वज्रल m. (-सू) A tree, vulg. Śāl (Shorea robusta, Rox.) See वज्र. म. वज्र affixed to the preceding, denoting resemblance.

वज्रल m. (-सू) The bow of Śiva, See वज्रल वज्रल &c. म. वज्र Viṣṇu, and वज्र BRAHMA with व aff. BRAHMA being placed in the centre, and Viṣṇu on the upper part.

वज्रल m. (-सू) See वज्रल. म. as before, व being made वा.

वज्रल f. (-सू) A plant, (*Ocimum gratissimum*.) म. वज्र a goat, and लस् smell; smelling like a goat.

वज्रल f. (-सू) A plant, (*Ocimum gratissimum*.) See वज्रल.

वज्रल f. (-सू) A plant, See वज्रल. म. See वज्रल.

वज्रल m. (-सू) The Bor, or Boa, a large serpent. (*Boa constrictor*, E. वज्र a goat, and लस् who swallows. from लस् with वज्र aff.

वज्रल n. (-सू) The bow of Śiva. See वज्रल &c.

वज्रल n. (-सू) See वज्रल, &c.

वज्रल m. (-सू) A goatherd, म. वज्र and लस् who lives or gets a livelihood by goats.

वज्रल f. (-सू) The name of a plant, (*Flacourtia cataphracta*.) Also written वज्रल and वज्रल. म. वज्र neg. and लस् a fibrous root; or वज्र and लस् foolish, brightening the intellects.

वज्रल f. (-सू) A plant, (Yellow jasmin.) म. वज्र, and लस् aff. of propriety or fitness.

वज्रल mfn. (-सूः-सू-सू) One not a parent or producer, unproductive, ungenerative. म. वज्र neg. वज्रल generator.

वज्रल m. (-सू) Privation of birth, used as an imprecation. See वज्रल &c. Ex. वज्रलनिरस्तु तस्य may he cease to exist. म. वज्र priv. and लस् birth.

वज्रल m. (-सू) (In grammar) A noun ending in a vowel. म. वज्र the syllable including all the vowels, and वज्र end.

वज्रल mfn. (-सूः-सू-सू) Unborn. म. वज्र neg. वज्रल birth.

वज्रल n. (-सू) A portent, an omen; any natural phenomenon, as an earthquake, &c. so considered. mfn. (-सूः-सू-सू) Not to be born or produced. म. वज्र neg. and लस् birth.

वज्रल m. (-सू) 1. A reader of works considered heterodox. 2. A goatherd. f. (-सू) 1. A particular mantra or mystical formula employed by the Tantrikas, the essence of which is in the letters H and S, whence it is termed the Hansa mantra. 2. Śiva and Śakti combined, to which form, the mantra is particularly addressed. mfn. (-सूः-सू-सू) 1. Who or what does not perform the Japa. 1. Cherishing or feeding goats. म. वज्र not, and लस् silent prayer; or वज्र a goat, and लस् who protects.



**वज्रलीङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) A name of YUDHISHTHIRA; the friend of AJA, i. e. m. **वज्र** VISHNU or KRISHNA, and **लीङ्ग** to seek, to love, with the participial **ङ्ग**, the termination of the accusative is retained.

**वज्रलीङ्ग** f. (-ङ्गः) 1. Common caraway, (Carum carui.) 2. A kind of lovenge, (Ligusticum ajwaen, Rox.) 3. A sort of parsley, (Aphium invelueratum; ) this latter application is the one used in the dialects. 4. **वज्र** a goat, and **लीङ्ग** what pleases, from **लुङ्**.

**वज्रव** m. (-वः) A frog.

**वज्रव** m. (-वः) Defeat. mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Unsurpassed, unsubdued, over whom or which no triumph is obtained. f. (-वा) **वज्र** m. **व** neg. **वज्र** victory.

**वज्रव** mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Invincible, not to be subdued or surpassed. 2. **व** neg. **वज्र** conquerable.

**वज्रव** n. (-वं) 1. Friendship. 2. Imperishableness, exemption from infirmity or decay. mfn. (-वं-वा-वं) Imperishable, undecaying. 2. **व** neg. and **वज्र** from **वृ** to decay.

**वज्र** mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Imperishable, undecaying. f. (-वा) **वज्र** m. **व** neg. **वज्र** deasy.

**वज्रवज्र** n. (-वं) Antimony.

**वज्रलीङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) Cowach, (Carpogon pruriens.) 2. **वज्र**, and **लीङ्ग** the hair of the body, hair, wool.

**वज्रवृक्ष** f. (-वृक्षः) A plant; described as a milky and thorny plant, with a fruit of a crooked figure, like a ram's horn, and used as a medicine for the eyes; vulg, Méra Sringi, and Kankara Sringi. See **कंकरी**. 2. **वज्र** a ram, and **वृक्ष** a horn.

**वज्र** n. Adverbial. (-वं) Eternally, continually. 2. **व** neg. **वज्र** to let loose, and **र** aff.

**वज्रवृक्षार्थ** f. (-वृक्षार्थः) A figure of speech, metonymy, one name being put for another, as 'the spears enter' for the spearmen. 2. **व** neg. **वज्रवृक्ष** leaving, **वृक्षार्थ** sense,

**वज्रवृक्ष** m. (-वृक्षः) In grammar, a noun that does not vary its gender, even when it is used attributively. 2. **वज्रवृक्ष** not leaving, **वृक्ष** gender.

**वज्रवृक्ष** mfn. (-वृक्षः-वा-वं) Not relinquishing, not leaving. f. (-वा) Cowach, (Carpogon pruriens.) 2. **वज्र** and **वृक्ष**, from **वृक्ष** to abandon.

**वज्रवृक्ष** mfn. (-वृक्षः-वा-वं) Not wakeful, not awake. m. (-वृक्षः) A plant, (Elipta, or verbesina prostrata.) 2. **व** neg. and **वज्रवृक्ष** wakeful.

**वज्रजी** f. (-जी) Cumin seed. 2. **वज्र**, a goat, and **वज्र** to go, affix **जी**.

**वज्रजीव** m. (-जीवः) A goatherd; also **वज्रजीव** **वज्रपावकः**, &c. 2. **वज्र** a she-goat, and **जीव** who lives.

**वज्रज** mfn. (-जः-जा-वं) Unborn, unproduced. 2. **व** neg. **वज्र** born.

**वज्रज** m. (-जः) A name of YUDHISHTHIRA. 2. **वज्र** unborn, and **ज** an enemy, who never made an enemy.

**वज्रज** m. (-जः) See **वज्रज**.

**वज्रद्वी** f. (-द्वी) A small species of prickly nightshade 2. **वज्र** a goat, and **वज्र** eating.

**वज्रवृक्ष** m. (-वृक्षः) A horse of a good breed. See **वज्रवृक्ष** mfn. (-वृक्षः-वा-वं) Fearless, undaunted. 2. See **वज्रवृक्ष** the initial being made short.

**वज्रवृक्ष** f. (-वृक्षः) A potherb, (Convolvulus argenteus.) See female, **वज्रवृक्ष**. 2. **वज्र**, and **वज्र** an entrail.

**वज्रपावक** m. (-वृक्षः) A goatherd. 2. **वज्र** a she-goat, **पावक** to nourish, and **वृक्ष** aff.

**वज्रवृक्ष** mfn. (-वृक्षः-वा-वं) 1. Unconquered. 2. Unexcelled, unsurpassed. m. (-वृक्षः) 1. The second of the twenty-four principal Jaina Tirthakaras or deified sages. 2. A name of VISHNU. 3. A name of BUDHA. 4. A name of SIVA. 2. **व** neg. and **वज्र**, participle of **वृक्ष** to conquer.

**वज्रवृक्ष** n. (-वृक्षः) A hide used as a seat, bed, &c. by the religious student; generally the hide of an antelope. 2. **वज्र** to go, and the Unadi aff. **वज्रवृक्ष**.

**वज्रवृक्ष** f. (-वृक्षः) A bat. 2. **वज्र** a hide, and **वज्र** a wing.

**वज्रवृक्ष** m. (-वृक्षः) A deer, or antelope. 2. **वज्र** a hide, and **वज्र** place of origin.

**वज्रवृक्ष** m. (-वृक्षः) 1. A court or yard. 2. Air, wind. 3. The body. 4. An object of sense 5. A frog. 2. **वज्र** to go, and **वज्रवृक्ष** aff.

**वज्रवृक्ष** mfn. (-वृक्षः-वा-वं) Straight, not crooked, literally or metaphorically; upright, sincere, honest, direct. m. (-वृक्षः) A frog. 2. **व** neg. and **वज्र** crooked.

**वज्रवृक्ष** m. (-वृक्षः) An arrow. mfn. (-वृक्षः-वा-वं) Going or moving in a straight line. 2. **वज्रवृक्ष** straight, direct, and **वज्र** what goes.

**वज्रवृक्ष** mfn. (-वृक्षः-वा-वं) Tongueless, having no tongue. m. (-वृक्षः) A frog. 2. **व** neg. and **वज्र** from **वज्र** a tongue.

**वज्रवृक्ष** m. (-वृक्षः) A Rishi, the father of Sunasephas.

**वज्रवृक्ष** n. (-वृक्षः) 1. Flatulency, indigestion. 2. Vigor, absence of old age or decay. mfn. (-वृक्षः-वा-वं) 1. Undigested. 2. Undecayed, unimpaired. 2. **व** neg. and **वज्रवृक्ष** old, digested.

**वज्रवृक्ष** m. (-वृक्षः) 1. Death. 2. Non-existence. mfn. (-वृक्षः-वा-वं) 1. Lifeless, dead. 2. **व** neg. and **वज्रवृक्ष** life.

**वज्रवृक्ष** f. (-वृक्षः) Non-existence; used as an imprecation. See **वज्रवृक्ष**, **वज्रवृक्ष** **वृक्ष** **वृक्ष**. 2. **व** neg. **वज्रवृक्ष** and **वज्र** aff.

**वज्रवृक्ष** mfn. (-वृक्षः-वा-वं) Invincible, not to be conquered or overcome. 2. **व** neg. **वज्रवृक्ष** conquerable.

**वज्रवृक्ष** mfn. (-वृक्षः-वा-वं) Invincible, insuperable, not to be overcome or surpassed. 2. **व** neg. **वज्रवृक्ष** to be conquered.

**वज्रवृक्ष** m. (-वृक्षः) One of the eleven Rudras or deities so named, forins of SIVA. Sometimes read **वज्र** **वज्रपावकः**. 2. **वज्र** SIVA, **वज्र** one, and **पावक** a quarter, a part.

**वज्रवृक्ष** f. (-वृक्षः) A courtesan, (in theatrical language.) 2. **वज्र** to go, or here, to gain, and **वज्रवृक्ष** affix; sometimes read **वज्रवृक्ष**, from **वज्र** to earn, to gain.

**वज्रवृक्ष** f. (-वृक्षः) A plant. (Flacourtia cataphracta.) 2. **वज्र** particle of surprise, and **वज्र** to be entangled.

**वज्रवृक्ष** n. (-वृक्षः) A shield. 2. **वज्र** to join, and **वज्रवृक्ष** aff.

**वज्र** mfn. (-वृक्षः-वा-वं) Ignorant, unwise, foolish. 2. **व** priv. and **वज्र** who knows.

**वज्रवृक्ष** f. (-वृक्षः) Ignorance; also **वज्रवृक्ष**. 2. **वज्र** added to **वज्र**.

**वज्रवृक्ष** n. (-वृक्षः) Ignorance. 2. **वज्र** and **वज्र** aff.

**वज्रवृक्ष** mfn. (-वृक्षः-वा-वं) 1. Unknown. 2. Unknowing. 2. **व** neg. **वज्र** known.

**वज्रवृक्ष** n. (-वृक्षः) 1. Ignorance. 2. Spiritual ignorance, worldly illusion or belief in external appearances. mfn. (-वृक्षः-वा-वं) Ignorant, unwise. 2. **व** neg. and **वज्र** knowledge.

**वज्रवृक्ष** f. (-वृक्षः) Ignorance, also **वज्रवृक्ष**.

**वज्रवृक्ष** mfn. (-वृक्षः-वा-वं) Ignorant, unwise. 2. **व** neg. **वज्रवृक्ष** knowing.

**वज्रवृक्ष** mfn. (-वृक्षः-वा-वं) Incomprehensible. 2. **व** neg. **वज्रवृक्ष** to be known.

**वज्र** r. 1st cl. (वृक्षः) (वज्रवृक्ष) 1. To adore, to worship, to treat with respect. (वज्र, वृक्ष) (वज्रवृक्ष-ने) 2. To go, to approach. 3. To ask or beg. 4. To speak indistinctly. With **वज्र**, to move in an eastern direction; with **वज्र**, to go westerly; with **वज्र**, to go northerly; with **वज्र**, to move southerly; with **वज्र**, to turn aside or away. r. 1st and 10th cl. (वज्रवृक्ष वज्रवृक्ष) To discriminate, to individualize, to possess especially. See **वज्र**.

**वज्रवृक्ष** m. (-वृक्षः) Air, wind. 2. **वज्र** to go, and **वज्र** Unadi aff.

**वज्रवृक्ष** m. (-वृक्षः) The end or border of a cloth, veil, shawl, &c. 2. **वज्र** to go, and **वज्रवृक्ष** aff.

**वज्रवृक्ष** mfn. (-वृक्षः-वा-वं) 1. Worshipped, revered. 2. Admired. 3. Gone. 2. the participial derivative of **वज्र** to worship, &c.

**वज्रवृक्ष** f. (-वृक्षः) A woman having beautiful eye-brows. 2. **वज्रवृक्ष**, and **वृक्ष** the brow.

**वज्र** r. 7th cl. (वज्र, वृक्ष, वृक्ष) (वज्रवृक्ष) 1. To make clear. 2. To anoint. 3. To be beautiful. 4. To go; with **वज्र**, to anoint; with **वृक्ष**, to make manifest, to call into being, to create, to mark or designate.

**अञ्जन** n. (-ञ्) 1. Anointing. 2. Going. 3. Making clear, distinct. 4. A collyrium or application to the eye-lashes, to darken and improve them; a universal article of the eastern toilet. 5. Particular applications, as lamp black, antimony, and another kind. See **रसाञ्जन**. 6. Night. 7. Ink. 8. A term in rhetoric; the use of a word of several meanings in one specific sense, which is determined by the context. m. (-ञ्) 1. The elephant of the west. 2. A species of lizard. f. (-ञा) 1. The mother of HANUMAN. 2. A green lizard. (-ञी) 3. A woman perfumed with sandal, &c. 4. A medicinal plant. See **कटुका**. E. **अञ्ज** to beautify or anoint, and **ञ्ज** or **ञ्जट्** aff.  
**अञ्जनकेशी** f. (-ञी) A vegetable perfume. See **अञ्जनिवासिनी**. E. **अञ्जन** collyrium, केश hair, and **ञीप्** fem. affix; the fibres being like the crystals, perhaps, of antimony.  
**अञ्जनाशिका** f. (-ञा) A kind of lizard. E. **अञ्जन**, and **अशिक** much, excessive.  
**अञ्जनाम्बु** n. (-म्बु) Eye-water, liquid collyrium. E. **अञ्जन** collyrium, and **अम्बु** water.  
**अञ्जनायती** f. (-ती) The female-elephant of the north-east. E. **अञ्जन**, and **यतुप्** poss. aff.  
**अञ्जलिका** f. (-का) 1. A species of lizard, (*Lacerta anjaneya*.) 2. A small mouse. E. **अञ्जन**, and **रञ्जन्** affix, with the fem. termination; also read **अञ्जलिका**.  
**अञ्जलि** m. (-लि) 1. The cavity formed by putting the hands together, and hollowing the palms: being in this form carried to the forehead, it forms the appropriate salutation from inferiors of respectability to their superiors. 2. A measure, a Kud'ava. See **कुडव**. E. **अञ्ज** to go, and **लिप्** Unadi aff.  
**अञ्जलिका** f. (-का) See **अञ्जलिका**.  
**अञ्जलिकारिका** f. (-का) 1. A kind of sensitive plant, (*Mimosa natan*.) or according to some, a different plant, (*Lycopodium imbricatum*) E. **अञ्जलि**, and **कारिका** making; from the shape or closing of the petals, like the hollowed palms of the hand. 2. A doll, a puppet. E. as before.  
**अञ्जलिकर्मन्** n. (-र्मन्) Making salutations, civility, respect. E. **अञ्जलि**, and **कर्मन्** act  
**अञ्जलिबन्धन** n. (-न्) Making a salutation with the hands joined and applied to the forehead. E. **अञ्जलि**, and **बन्धन** binding.  
**अञ्जस** mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) Straight, even, upright, (in morals.) E. **अञ्ज** to make clear, **अञ्जप्** aff.  
**अञ्जसा** ind. 1. Soon, instantly. 2. Truly, justly. E. **अञ्ज** as before, **दे** to destroy, and **लिप्** aff.  
**अञ्जि** m. (-ञ्जि) A superior, a commander, a sender. E. **अञ्जि** to go, and **कि** aff.  
**अञ्जित** m. (-ज्) The sun. E. **अञ्ज** to make manifest, and **इरन्** Unadi aff.  
**अञ्जीर** n. (-र) The fig tree, also its fruit. In Bengal, the word derived from this implies the Guava; the term has, possibly, been borrowed from a Persian word. E. **अञ्ज** to make clear, and **इरन्** aff.  
**अट** r. 1st cl. (**अटति**) To move, to go or approach: with **पर** prefixed, to go round about, to roam, to rove, to ramble, to wander about, especially as a religious mendicant. 10th cl. (**अटयति**) To alight.  
**अट** mf. (-टः-टा) 1. Going. 2. Roaming. wandering E. **अट**, and **अट्** aff.  
**अटन** n. (-न) 1. Going, 2. Roaming about, leading a vagrant life. E. **अट**, and **अट्** aff.  
**अटनि** f. (-नि; or नी) The notched extremity of a bow. E. **अट** to go, **अनि** affix, also with **ञीप्** fem. termination.  
**अटवृक्ष** m. (-वृक्ष) A tree, (*Justicia adhatoda*.) E. **अट** here, disease, from **अट** to go, and **वृक्ष** to destroy; destroying disease.  
**अटवृक्ष** m. (-वृक्ष) See the last word.  
**अटवि** f. (-वि) A forest, or wood. E. **अट** to go, and **अटि** affix, or **ञीप्** being added **अटवी** ut infra; birds, &c. resting there.  
**अटविक** m. (-विक) A wood-man, a forester. E. **अटवि** a wood, **विक** aff.

**अटव** mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Immoveable, unchangeable.  
**अटवी** f. (-वी) A forest, or grove. See **अटवि**.  
**अटावा** f. (-वा) Roaming about as a devotee or religious mendicant. E. **अट** to go, frequentative form, affix **अट्** and **यट्**.  
**अट** r. 1st cl. (**अट**) (**अटते**) 1. To surpass or excel, to transgress or exceed. 2. To kill or hurt. 10th cl. (**अटयति**) 1. To alight. 2. To be small.  
**अट** m. (-ट) 1. A room on the top of the house; but it is also applicable to other structures; as the black of an edifice, a fortified place in front of a building, a room on the top of a temporary hall, or a particular kind of building. 2. Much, excessive. n. (-ट्) Food, boiled rice especially. mfn. (-टः-टा-ट्) Dry, dried. E. **अट** to go, surpass or transcend and **अट्** aff.  
**अट्ट** ind. Very lofty.  
**अटन** n. (-न) A circular weapon, a kind of discus. E. **अट** to kill or hurt, **अट्** aff.  
**अट्टहास** m. (-सः) Violent laughter, a horse-laugh. E. **अट्ट** excessive, and **हास** a laugh.  
**अट्टहासक** m. (-कः) A plant, (*Jasminum multiflorum*.) E. **अट्टहास**, and **कन्**; resembling a laugh or smile on beauty's countenance; the comparison is common to the poets.  
**अट्टहासिन्** mfn. (-सी-सिनी-सि) Laughing, loudly and violently. m. (-सी) A name of SIVA. E. **अट्टहास**, and **सिनि** poss. aff.  
**अट्टाल** m. (-लः) An upper room or pavilion, on the flat roof of an Indian house. E. **अट्ट** much, and **अल** to adorn.  
**अट्टालक** m. (-कः) A room on the top of the house. E. **अट्ट** much, **अल** to adorn, and **कन्** aff.  
**अट्टालिका** f. (-का) A palace, an upper-roomed house. E. as before, fem. form.  
**अट्टालिकाकार** m. (-रः) A bricklayer, a mason, a builder; born of a Sudra mother and painter father. E. **अट्टालिका**, and **कार** who enables.  
**अट्टा** f. (-ट्टा) Wandering as a beggar or devotee. E. **अट्ट** to go. See **अट्टा**.  
**अट** r. 1st cl. (**अटति**) with a redundant **र**. **अटि** (**अटते**) To go, to go to or towards.  
**अट** r. 1st cl. (**अटति**) To strive or endeavour. 5th cl. (**अटोति**) To occupy or possess, (peculiar to the Vedas.)  
**अट्ट** r. 1st cl. (**अट्टति**) 1. To connect. 2. To solve, or demonstrate. 3. To strive, to endeavour. The radical penultimate is **ट्**, and the root is also written by VOPADEVA, **अट्ट**.  
**अव** r. 1st cl. (**अवति**) To sound. (ऊ) 4th cl. (**अव्यते**) To breathe, to live; with **प्र**, to exist, to live. See **अव**.  
**अवक** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Inferior, low. E. **अव** to sound, **अव्** affix; and **कन्** affix of depreciation; also written **अवक**, and **आवक**.  
**अवच्य** n. (-च्य) A field bearing panic, E. **अवु** panic. and **यत्** aff.  
**अवि** m. (-वि) 1. A pin or bolt at the extremity of the pole of a carriage, the pin of the axle. 2. The edge or point of a sharp weapon. 3. A limit, a boundary; also **अवी**. E. **अव** to sound, and **वन्** aff.  
**अविमन्** m. (-मन्) 1. Subtlety, infinite minuteness, moleculism. 2. The same considered as a superhuman faculty, to be acquired by austere devotion and the performance of magical rites, or to be possessed by a deity. E. **अव** an atom, and **विमन्** aff.  
**अवीर्य** mfn. (-वीर्य-वीर्य-व) Very small. E. **अवु** small, and **विर्यन्** superlative aff.  
**अवु** m. (-वु) 1. An atom, a minute and elementary particle of matter. 2. A sort of grain, (*Panicum miliaceum*, Rox.) m. or mfn. (-वु-वी-वु) 1. Atomic, small, minute. E. **अव** to sound, and **उ** Unadi aff.  
**अवुक्** mfn. (-वुक्-वा-वुक्) 1. Skilful, clever. 2. Small, minute. E. **अवु** small, and **कन्** aff.  
**अवुता** n. (-तः) The state or being of an atom, also **अवुता**.  
**अवुभा** f. (-भा) Lightning. E. **अवु** minute, and **भा** light.

अतुरी f. (-तुः) Small particles of dust, a dust of atoms. ३. अतु, and र्दु dust.  
 अतुरीय जाव n. (तु) The moats in a sunbeam. ३. अतुरीय, and जाव as-  
 semblage.  
 अतुरीयती f. (-ती) A tree. (Croton polyandrum.)  
 अतुरीयि m. (-यिः) Small grain.  
 अतु n. (-तुः) 1. An egg. 2. A testicle or the scrotum. 3. Semen geni-  
 tale. 4. The musk bag, regarded as the scrotum of the deer.  
 ३. अतु to go, and उ Unadi aff.  
 अतु m. (-तुः) The scrotum. ३. अतु scrotum. and अतु aff.  
 अतुकीटपुपा f. (-पा) A plant, (perhaps Convolvulus argenteus.) See  
 अतुकी.  
 अतुकीय m. (-यः) See the next.  
 अतुकीय m. (-यः) 1. The scrotum. 2. The testicle. 3. A boundary. 4. the  
 rind of a fruit. 5. Fruit. ३. अतु a testicle, and कीय or कीय a  
 sheathe.  
 अतुकीयक m. (-कः) The scrotum. ३. अतु added to the last.  
 अतु mfn. (-तुः-जा-तु) Oviparous. m. (-तुः) 1. A serpent. 2. A fish  
 3. A bird. 4. A lizard. f. (जा) Musk. ३. अतु an egg, &c. and  
 ज what is born, from जन.  
 अतुकार mfn. (-तुः-रा-तु) Egg-shaped, oval, elliptical. m. (-तुः) An oval,  
 an ellipsis; also अतुजाति, &c.  
 अतु m. (तुः) A fish. ३. अतु, and अतु aff.  
 अतु m. (-तुः) 1. A man. 2 Strong, powerful. ३. अतु, and र्दु aff.  
 अतु f. (-तुः) A finger, (from the Vedas.)  
 अतु r. let cl. (अतुति) To go, to move or approach progressively and  
 continually. With an indicative अतुति (अतुति) To bind.  
 अतुय ind. Even, thus, or hence, so, from this cause, &c.  
 अतु m. (-तुः) A precipice. ३. अतु neg. and तट a back.  
 अतु mfn. (-तुः-अतु-तु) Untrue, false, unreal. ३. अतु neg. तथ true.  
 अतु mfn. (तुः-तुः-तु-तु) Large, great, not small or slight. ३. अतु neg. तनु  
 minute.  
 अतु mfn. (-तुः-तु-तु) Awake, active, alert. ३. अतु neg. तनु sloth.  
 अतु mfn. (-तुः-ता-तु) Smart, active, energetical. ३. अतु neg. तनु slothful.  
 अतु mfn. (-तुः-पा-तु) 1. Cool. 2. Unanxious. 3. Unemployed. 4. Unos-  
 tentations. ३. अतु neg. तप ardor.  
 अतु mfn. (-तुः-ता-तु) Cool not heated. ३. अतु neg. तप heated.  
 अतु m. (-तुः) Absence of reasoning, want of consideration. ३. अतु neg.  
 तर्क consideration.  
 अतु mfn. (-तुः-ता-तु) 1. Unconsiderd. 2. Unexpected, unweighed.  
 adv. n. (-तुः) Unexpectedly, suddenly. ३. अतु neg. अतु considered.  
 अतु mfn. (-तुः-ता-तु) Unsearchable, incomprehensible, inscrutable. ३.  
 अतु neg. तर्क to be investigated.  
 अतुपीय mfn. (-तुः-पा-तु) Insatiable. ३. अतु neg. तर्पीय to be satisfied.  
 अतुपीय mfn. (-तुः-ता-तु) Unsatisfied. ३. अतु neg. तर्पीय satisfied.  
 अतु n. (-तुः) A particular hell or division of the infernal regions, the  
 portin immediately below the earth. ३. अतु neg. and तनु bottom.  
 अतुपीय mfn. (-तुः-ता-तु) Very deep, bottomless. ३. अतु neg. तनु bottom,  
 and तनु the touch.  
 अतुपीय mfn. (तुः) See the preceding.  
 अतु ind. 1. Hence, therefore, from this cause. 2. An interjection of  
 command. ३. एतद् this, and तद् affix; irregular formation.  
 अतु m. (-तुः) 1. Wind, air. 2. The self, the soul. 3. Cloth made from  
 bark. 4. A weapon. f. (-ती) 1. Common flax, (Linum usitatissimum.)  
 Sanā, Bengal sun, a kind of flax, (Crotolaria juncea.) ३. अतु to go,  
 and the Unadi affix अतु, when fem. with ती added.  
 अतु ind. Over, beyond, exceeding, much, very much, &c. it implies  
 generally excess, or preeminence. ३. अतु to go, and अतु aff.  
 अतु mfn. (-तुः-जा-तु) 1. Incredibile, unworthy of belief or trust.

2. Erring, deviating from the duties of a profession or cast. f. (-ता)  
 Idle or unmeaning speech. ३. अतु excess or exceeding, and अतु  
 speech: some words substitute for this word, अतुय q. v.  
 अतु m. (-तुः) A tree. See अतुय.  
 अतुय mfn. (-तुः-जा-तु) Gigantic. ३. अतु, and अतु body.  
 अतुय n. (-तुः) 1. A kind of penance, eating a handful of food a day  
 for six days, and fasting three. 2. Extreme pain or suffering. ३.  
 अतु, and अतु penance.  
 अतुयि f. (-यिः) A kind of metre, a stanza of four lines, with twenty-  
 five syllables to each line. ३. अतु, and अतु another metre.  
 अतुय mfn. (-तुः-जा-तु-तु) Very thin, emaciated. ३. अतु, and अतु thin.  
 अतुय m. (-तुः) 1. Going over or beyond, lit. or fig. 2. Surpassing,  
 excelling. 3. Transgressing. 4. Contrariety, opposition. 5. Neglect,  
 aversion, disregard. 6. Privation. 7. A groundless demand. 8. A  
 gallant attack, advance of an army in front of an enemy. See अतु-  
 य ३. अतु over, beyond, and अतु to go; going beyond duty or  
 daring.  
 अतुयि mfn. (-तुः-मि-तु-ति) 1. Transgressing. 2. Exceeding, surpassing.  
 ३. अतुय, and अतु aff.  
 अतुय ind. Having gone over or beyond. i. e. Exceeded, transgressed,  
 surpassed, overcome, &c. ३. अतु before, अतु to go, अतु aff.  
 अतुय mfn. (-तुः-जा-तु-तु) Thin emaciated. ३. अतु, and अतु spare; अतु  
 changed to र.  
 अतुय mfn. (-तुः-जा-तु) 1. Transgressed, exceeded, passed the proper  
 bounds. 2. Excelled, surpassed. 3. Passed in time. 4. Attacked,  
 assaulted. 5. Excessive, unlimited. 6. Prolix, diffuse. 7. Disregarded,  
 disliked. ३. अतु, and अतु to go, aff.  
 अतुय mfn. (-तुः-जा-तु) Exceeding, one who oversteps due bounds.  
 ३. अतु, and अतु to go, अतु aff.  
 अतुय m. (-तुः) The sixth of the twenty-seven astrological yogas.  
 अतुय m. (-तुः) 1. A fragrant grass, lemon-grass, (Andropogon  
 schoenanthus.) 2. Champac, (Michelia champaca.) 3. A kind of  
 bean, (Phaseolus mungo) 4. Sulphur. mfn. (-तुः-जा-तु) Of strong  
 or exceeding odour. ३. अतु, and अतु smell.  
 अतुय m. (-तुः) A creeper. ३. अतु, and अतु a plant.  
 अतुय mfn. (-तुः-ता-तु) Arrogant, proud. ३. अतु very, अतु pride, and  
 अतु aff.  
 अतुय mfn. (-तुः-ता-तु) Despicable, vile. ३. अतु before, अतु reproached.  
 अतुय mfn. (-तुः-ता-तु) Very secret, closely hidden or concealed. ३.  
 अतु, and अतु hidden.  
 अतुय f. (-ता) A plant, (Hemionites, cordifolia, Rox.) See अतुयपी. ३.  
 अतु surpassing, and अतु a hole; rising above the ground.  
 अतुय mfn. (-तुः-रा-तु-तु) Going over or beyond, lit. or fig. f. (-तु) A  
 plant, (Hibiscus mutabilis.) See अतुयपी. ३. अतुय to go beyond,  
 अतु and अतु affs.  
 अतुय m. (-तुः) 1. Going quickly. 2. Going over or beyond. 3. Sur-  
 passing, excelling. 4. The passage of a planet from one zodiacal  
 sign to another, in a shorter than common period. ३. अतु before अतु  
 to go, अतु aff.  
 अतुय m. (-तुः) A mushroom. f. (-ता) 1. Anise, (Anethum pimpinella.)  
 2. Barleria longifolia. ३. अतु, and अतु an umbrella.  
 अतुय m. (-तुः) A musnroom ३. अतु added to the last.  
 अतुयती f. (-ती) A form of metre, a stanza of four lines. with thirteen  
 syllables in each line. ३. अतु, and अतु another metre.  
 अतुय mfn. (तुः-जा-तु) Marching fast or fleet. ३. अतु, and अतु quick.  
 अतुय mfn. (-तुः-रा-तु) Very wakeful, restless. m. (-तुः) The black  
 curlew. ३. अतु, and अतु wakeful.  
 अतुय mfn. (-तुः-जा-तु) Very old. ३. अतु, and अतु old.  
 अतुय n. (-तुः) Very lofty, or very rapid flight of birds. ३. अतु, and  
 अतु flying.

अतिशय ind. Much, excessively, exceedingly. अति, and शय aff.  
 अतिशीघ्र mfn. (-श-श-श) Very sharp or pungent. f. (-श) Doob grass. अति, and शीघ्र sharp.  
 अतितीक्ष्ण mfn. (-श-श-श) Very pungent, sharp, hot or acrid. अति, and तीक्ष्ण sharp.  
 अतिथि mfn. (-थि-थि) A guest, a person entitled to the rites of hospitality.  
 m. (-थि) 1. A proper name, the son of Kusa and grandson of Rama. 2. Wrath. अति to go, and थि Unadi aff.  
 अतिथिस्त्रिया f. (-थि) Hospitality considered as a religious duty. अतिथि, and स्त्रिया act.  
 अतिथिरेव m. (-थि) Inhospitality. अतिथि, and रेव dislike.  
 अतिथिपूजन n. (-थि) Hospitality considered as one of the principal sacraments of the Hindus. अतिथि a guest, and पूजन worshipping.  
 अतिथिस्कार m. (-थि) The rite of hospitality, hospitality. अतिथि, and स्कार pious rite.  
 अतिथिसेवा f. (-थि) Service of a guest, hospitality. अतिथि, and सेवा service.  
 अतिदात्र m. (-ता) A liberal man. अति, and दात्र who gives.  
 अतिदान n. (-न) Munificence, giving largely. अति and दान gift.  
 अतिदाह m. (-ह) 1. Great heat. 2. Violent inflammation. अति and दाह burning.  
 अतिद्विष्ट mfn. (-ट-ट-ट) Substituted, supplementary. अति over, and द्विष्ट enjoined.  
 अतिदुःख mfn. (-ह-ह-ह) Intolerable, unbearable, not to be borne or endured. अति and दुःख painful.  
 अतिदुर्गत mfn. (-त-त-त) In great difficulty or distress. अति and दुर्गत badly off.  
 अतिदुष्कर mfn. (-र-र-र) Very arduous, very difficult. अति and दुष्कर difficult.  
 अतिदूर n. (-र) A great distance, afar off. अति, and दूर afar.  
 अतिदेश m. (-श) Substitution, supplement. अति, and देश direction.  
 अतिदोष m. (-ष) A great fault.  
 अतिद्विष्टि f. (-ति) A kind of metre, a stanza of four lines, with nineteen syllables in each line. अति and द्विष्टि another metre.  
 अतिनी mfn. (-नी-नी-नी) Landed from a boat. अति over, beyond, and नी a boat.  
 अतिपतन n. (-न) Exceeding, going beyond bounds. अति beyond and पतन to go, पत aff.  
 अतिपथि m. (-थि) A good road. अति, and पथि a road; a very road.  
 अतिपर m. (-र) 1. A great enemy. 2. One who has conquered his enemy. अति and पर: a foe.  
 अतिपात m. (-त) 1. Neglect of duty. 2. Transgression, deviation from laws or customs. 3. Contrariety, opposition. 4. Going beyond bounds. अति beyond, and पात from पत to go.  
 अतिपातक n. (-क) Heinous sin, the worst of the great sins. अति, and पातक crime.  
 अतिपातकित् mfn. (-की-की-की) A great sinner, flagrantly criminal. अतिपातक and कित् aff.  
 अतिपारक mfn. (-क-क-क) Very capable, of great abilities. अति, and पारक who traverses.  
 अतिप्रेक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-क्ष-क्ष) Very dexterous or clever. अति and प्रेक्ष clever.  
 अतिप्रसङ्ग m. (-ङ्ग) Frequent repetition, uninterrupted continuance. अति, and प्रसङ्ग connexion.  
 अतिशक्त mfn. (-श-श-श) Strong, powerful. m. (-श) An active soldier. f. (-श) A plant, (Sida cordifolia, and rhombifolia.) See शक्तशुची. अति and शक्त strong.  
 अतिभार m. (-र) A great or excessive burden. अति, and भार load.  
 अतिभारन m. (-न) A mule. अतिभार, and न who goes with.

अतिभी m. (-भी) Lightning, the flash accompanying thunder. अति, and भी dread.  
 अतिभूमि f. (-भि) 1. Something more than was expected or aimed at. 2. Extensive land or limits. 3. Improper conduct, exceeding proper bounds. अति, and भूमि land.  
 अतिभृत mfn. (-त-त-त) Carefully cherished or protected. अति and भृत cherished.  
 अतिभ्रष्ट mfn. (-श-श-श) Very suspicious. m. (-श) A fruit, (Ægle, or Cratogeomys marmelos) See भ्रष्ट. अति, and भ्रष्ट suspicious.  
 अतिबोध mfn. (-द-द-द) or adverb n. (-द) Much, excessive, unlimited, unbounded. अति, and बोध a limit.  
 अतिबल mfn. (-ब-ब-ब) Superhuman, divine. अति and बल, mortal.  
 अतिमात्र mfn. (-त-त-त) or adverb n. (-त) Much, excessive. अति, and मात्र a minute quantity.  
 अतिमातृ mfn. (-त-त-त) 1. Superhuman, more than mortal. 2. Immortal, divine. अति, and मातृ human.  
 अतिमाय mfn. (-य-य-य) 1. Free from illusion. 2. Entirely liberated, or freed. अति and माय delusion.  
 अतिमित mfn. (-त-त-त) 1. Dry, not wet. 2. Over measured, exceeding. अति neg. तिमित moist, or अति and मित meted.  
 अतिमुक्त mfn. (-त-त-त) 1. Seedless, barren. 2. Entirely liberated or freed. m. (-त) 1. A creeping plant, (Gærtnera racemosa.) See मातृबीजा 2. A tree, (Dalbergia oujeiniensis) अति, and मुक्त liberated.  
 अतिमुक्तक m. (-क) 1. A tree, (Dalbergia oujeiniensis.) 2. Mountain ebony. See तिलुक. 3. A creeper. (Gærtnera racemosa, &c.) अति, and मुक्त.  
 अतिमोदा f. (-दा) A tree, (Jasminum arboreum.) अति, and मोद delight.  
 अतिरथ m. (-थ) A warrior of a particular order fighting in a car. अति, and रथ a chariot.  
 अतिरथिन् m. (-थि) A warrior of a particular class, fighting in a car. अति before रथ a car. and थि aff. also अतिरथ.  
 अतिरस f. (-स) A creeper. अति, and रस flavour.  
 अतिरिक्त mfn. (-त-त-त) Excessive, exceeding, अति, and रिक्त to flow, with the participial affix क्त.  
 अतिरिक्तता f. (-ता) Increase of bulk or quantity, expansion, enlargement, elevation, &c. अति, and ता added to the preceding.  
 अतिरेक mfn. (-क-क-क) Much, excessive. अति, and रेक to flow, affix क्त.  
 अतिरेकिन् mfn. (-की-की-की) More, superior. अतिरेक and किन् aff.  
 अतिरोग m. (-ग) Consumption, (Phthisis pulmonalis) अति and रोग disease.  
 अतिरोम m. (-र) A wild goat, or according to some, a large monkey. mfn. (-र-र-र) Very hairy. अति, and रोम hairy.  
 अतिरुच mfn. (-र-र-र) Very covetous. अति, and रुच covetous.  
 अतिरोम mfn. (-र-र-र) Very hairy. अति, and रोम hairy.  
 अतिवर्तन n. (-न) An accident, a circumstance not capable of being prevented or guarded against. अति, and वर्तन being.  
 अतिवृत्त m. (-वृ) A kind of grain. अति, and वृत्त round.  
 अतिवात m. (-त) A storm, a hurricane. अति, and वात wind.  
 अतिवाद m. (-द) Opprobrious or unfriendly speech. See अभिवाद. अति, and वाद overbearing, द to speak, and द aff.  
 अतिवृत्त m. (-वृ) An infant, mfn. (-वृ-वृ-वृ) Childish. अति and वृत्त a child.  
 अतिविकट m. (-ट) A vicious elephant mfn. (-ट-ट-ट) Very fierce, very formidable. अति, and विकट large or formidable.  
 अतिविष mfn. (-ष-ष-ष) Antidote, exceeding or subduing poison. f. (-ष) A tree used in medicine, the bark is also employed in dyeing; it

- is of three kinds ; white, red, and black. (Atie or Betah.) **अति** overcoming, and विष poison.
- अतिवृष्टि** f. (-रिः) Heavy rain. **अति**, and **वृष्टि** rain.
- अतिवैश** mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) or adverb n. (-वः) Much, excessive, unlimited. **अति**, and **वैश** a limit.
- अतिव्यय** m. (-वः) Extravagance, great expenditure. **अति**, and **व्यय** expenditure.
- अतिव्ययिन्** mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) Extravagant, spendthrift. **अतिव्यय**, and **वि** aff.
- अतिव्यथा** f. (-वा) Excessive pain, agony. **अति**, and **व्यथा** pain.
- अतिव्याप्ति** f. (-तिः) 1. Extreme pervasion or extension. 2. Going beyond the mark, drawing an inference unwarranted by the premises. **अति**, and **व्याप्ति** spreading.
- अतिव्यहरी** f. (-री) A kind of metre ; of four lines, with fifteen syllables to the line. **अति** beyond, **व्यहरी** another metre.
- अतिव्यक्त** mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) Very powerful. **अति**, and **व्यक्त** powerful.
- अतिव्यक्ति** f. (-क्तिः) Great power. **अति**, and **व्यक्ति** power.
- अतिव्यक्तिता** f. (-ता) Heroic valor, prowess. **अति**, **व्यक्ति** power, and **ता** aff.
- अतिव्यक्तिभाव** m. (-वः) A man of gigantic power. **अतिव्यक्ति**, and **भाव** who possesses.
- अतिव्यय** If an adj. mas. only. (-यः) If an adverb n. (-यः) much, excessive. **अति** **व्यय** to sleep ; **अति** being prefixed, to excel ; aff. **अव्यय**
- अतिव्ययन** adv. n. (-नः) See **अतिव्यय**. **अति** **व्यय** added to the preceding.
- अतिव्ययिन्** mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) 1. Superior, exceeding. 2. Increased, improved, &c. **अति**, and **व्यय** aff.
- अतिव्ययीति** f. (-तिः) 1. Hyperbole. 2. Verbosity, prolixity. **अति**, and **व्ययीति** excess, and **व्ययीति** speech.
- अतिव्ययन** adv. n. (-नः) adj. mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Much, excessive. **अति**, and **व्यय** the ante-pen, lengthened.
- अतिव्ययित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Exceeded, surpassed, excelled. 2. Increased. **अति** before **व्यय**, and **त** aff.
- अतिव्ययन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. Excellent. 2. Chief, principal. 3. Beautiful, splendid. **अति**, and **व्यय** to shine, **व्यय** aff.
- अतिव्ययन** m. (-यः) A hoard, a great accumulation. **अति**, and **व्यय** heap.
- अतिव्ययित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Cheated, deceived, imposed upon. 2. Explained, declared. **अति**, before **व्यय** combined.
- अतिव्ययन** n. (-नः) Falsehood, deceit, fraud, cheating, overreaching. **अति**, before **व्यय** combining.
- अतिव्ययन** n. (-नः) 1. Liberality, giving. 2. Appointing, engaging. 3. A gift, a donation. 4. Slaughter, killing. **अति**, and **व्यय** to create, **व्यय** aff.
- अतिव्ययन** n. (-नः) Severe penance or expiation, especially for the guilt of eating unclean animals ; taking as food nothing but cow's urine, curd, curds milk, and ghee, each two days in succession. **अति**, and **व्यय** penance.
- अतिसाया** f. (-या) Liquorice plant.
- अतिसार** m. (-रः) Diarrhoea or dysentery. **अति**, and **सार** **व्यय** goes ; from **व्यय** to go, with **व्यय** affix ; also **अतिसार**.
- अतिसारिन्** mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) Dysenteric, afflicted with dysentery. **अति**, **सार**, and the affixes **वि** and **व्यय**.
- अतिसारिन्** mfn. (-री-रिनी-रि) 1. Afflicted with dysentery. 2. Cathartic. **अति**, **सार**, and **वि** aff.
- अतिस्फुर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Very tremulous. **अति**, and **स्फुर** trembling.
- अतिहसित** n. (-नः) Violent laughter. **अति**, and **हसित** laughing.
- अतिहास** m. (-वः) A horse-laugh, violent laughter. **अति**, and **हास** laughter.
- अतिनिष्ठ** mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Imperceptible, unattainable by the senses. **अति** beyond, and **निष्ठ** an organ of sense.
- अतिवृष्टि** mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Blunt, not sharp, dull, obtuse. **अति** neg. तीव्र sharp.
- अतीक्ष्णता** f. (-ता) Bluntness. See **अतीक्ष्णता** n. (-ता) **अति** or **व्यय** added to the preceding.
- अतीक्ष्ण** mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Very desirous, eager, ardent. **अति**, and **व्यय** wish.
- अतीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Passed, gone. 2. Passed away, deceased, dead. 3. Liberated from worldly restraint. 4. Surpassed, gone over or beyond. **अति**, and **त** gone.
- अतीतकाल** m. (-कः) In gram. the preterite tense. **अतीत** and **काल** time.
- अतीव** Ind. Much, very much, much indeed. **अति**, and **व्यय** as, so.
- अतीव** mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Blunt, dull insipid. **अति** neg. तीव्र sharp.
- अतीसार** m. (-रः) Diarrhoea or dysentery. See **अतिसार**.
- अतुल्य** mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Short of stature, a dwarf. 2. Low. **अति** neg. तुल्य tall or high.
- अतुल्य** mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Lank, thin. **अति** neg. तुल्य fat.
- अतुल्य** mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Unequalled, m. (-वः) A plant that has an oily seed, (Sesamum orientale.) **अति** neg, तुल्य to be like, **व्यय** aff.
- अतुलनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Incomparable. **अति** neg. तुलनीय comparable.
- अतुल्य** mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Unequalled, unparalleled. **अति** neg. तुल्य to be equalled.
- अतुलिनरजि** m. (-जिः) The sun, whose rays are not cold, i. e. hot : also analogous compounds, as **अतुलिनराम**, **अतुलिनरवि**.
- अतृप्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Unsatisfied. **अति** neg. तृप्त satisfied.
- अतृप्ति** f. (-तिः) Insatiableness, voraciousness. **अति** neg. तृप्ति satis'faction.
- अतृप्त** mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) Dark, dim, dull. n. (-जः) 1. Shade, shadow. 2. Insignificance, feebleness, imbecility. **अति** neg. तृप्त light or spirit.
- अतृप्त** mfn. (-ही-हिनी-हि) Void of splendour or energy. **अति** neg. तृप्त splendid.
- अतीवशीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Implacable, not to be appeased. **अति** neg. तीव्रशीय to be pleased.
- अङ्ग** m. (-क्तः) A limb, a member of the body. mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) A traveller. **अति** to go, and **अङ्ग** Unadi aff.
- अमा** f. (-ता) 1. A mother, 2. an elder sister. 3. A mother's elder sister. **अति** to go, **अमा**, and **टाप्** aff.
- अमा** f. (-तिः) In theatrical language, an elder sister. **अति** to go, **अमा** aff.
- अमा** f. (-ता) In theatrical language, an elder sister. **अति** to go, **अमा** a mother, and **अङ्ग** affix, who is, as it were, a mother ; it is also written **अमा** and **अमा**.
- अनु** mfn. (-ता-ती-तु) A feeder, one who eats. **अति** to eat. **अनु** aff.
- अनु** m. (-तुः) The sun. **अति** to go, **अनु** Unadi aff.
- अनु** m. (-तुः) A horse, from the Vedas. **अति** to go constantly. **अनु** aff.
- अनुजनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Not to be abandoned. **अति** neg. अनुजनीय to be abandoned.
- अनुज** mfn. or adv. n. (-नः-ना-नः) Much, excessive. **अति** beyond, and **अनु** end or boundary.
- अनुजनीय** mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Very passionate. **अति**, **अनुजनीय**, and **अनुजनीय** passionate.
- अनुजनीय** mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) What goes much or quickly. **अति**, **अनुजनीय** and **अनुजनीय** who goes.
- अनुजनीय** m. (-रः) A species of grain, (Panicum Italicum.) **अति**, **अनुजनीय**, and **अनुजनीय** very soft.
- अनुजनीय** m. (-वः) (In logic) absolute negation or non-existence. **अति**, **अनुजनीय** much, **अनुजनीय** not being.
- अनुजनीय** m. (-वः) One who rambles much, a great rover. mfn. (-वः-वी-वः) Much, exceeding. **अति**, **अनुजनीय**, with **अनु** aff.
- अनुजनीय** m. (-नः) One who goes quickly. or actively. **अति**, **अनुजनीय** much, and **अनु** for **अनुजनीय** who goes.
- अनुजनीय** mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Very sour. m. (-वः) A tree, (Spondias mangifera.) 2. (-वः) Another plant and fruit ; a species of citron. See **अनुजनीय**. **अति**, and **अनुजनीय** sour.

**अनन्यपर्वी f. (-वी)** A creeper and medicinal plant. **अ. अनि** excessive, **अन** sour; and **पर्व** a leaf, with the fem. aff. **अनी**.

**अनय m. (-यः)** 1. Death. 2. Distress. 3. Transgression. 4. Vice, fault, guilt. 5. Punishment. 6. Going over or beyond. 7. Absence. 8. Loss, destruction. **अ. अनि** beyond, away, **अन** to go, and **अन्य** aff.

**अनयित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** 1. Exceeded, surpassed. 2. Outraged. **अ. अनि** before **अन** to go, **अन** aff.

**अनयं n. adv. or mfn. adj. (-यः-यौ-यौ)** Much, excessive. **अ. अनि**, and **अन्य** substance.

**अनन्य mfn. (-न्यः-न्या-न्य)** Very small, very little. **अ. अनि** very, and **अन** small.

**अनयटी f. (-टी)** A kind of metre, a stanza of four lines, with seventeen syllables to the line. **अ. अनि** beyond, **अनयटी** another metre.

**अनयस mfn. (-नः-सा-स)** Very rough, uneven, craggy. **अ. अनि**, and **अन** unequal.

**अनयकार m. (-रः)** Censure, blame, contempt. **अ. अनि** and **अन** prefixed to **अन** to do, **अन्य** aff.

**अनयचार m. (-रः)** Deviating from prescribed observances, contemning religious and moral laws. **अ. अनि**, and **अनय** observance.

**अनयचारिन् mfn. (-री-रिची-रि)** Transgressing. **अ. अनय**, and **रि** aff.

**अनयान् mfn. (-न्यः-न्याः-न्य)** Not to be abandoned. **अ. अ** neg. **अन** to be abandoned.

**अनया f. (-या)** Unreasonable hope or desire. **अ. अनि**, and **अन** hope.

**अनयाहार m. (-रः)** Excessive food. **अ. अनि**, and **अन** food.

**अनयाहारिन् mfn. (-री-रिची-रि)** Eating excessively, a glutton, a gormandizer. **अ. अनय**, and **रि** aff.

**अनयाहित n. (-त)** 1. Great dread. 2. Desperate or daring action. **अ. अनि** with **अन** to have; **अन** prefixed, and the participial **अन**; **अन** is substituted for **अन**; what engrosses the mind.

**अनयति f. (-तिः)** 1. Idle or excessive talk. 2. Expatiating, enlarging. 3. A figure of rhetoric, description of any thing surprising or extraordinary, hyperbole. **अ. अनि**, and **अन** speech.

**अनयक्या f. (-क्या)** A kind of metre, a stanza of four lines, with two syllables to the line. **अ. अनि**, and **अन** another kind; it is also read **अनयक्या**.

**अनयक्यट mfn. (-टः-टा-ट)** Extreme, exceeding great. **अ. अनि**, and **अन** much.

**अनयक्यट mfn. (-टः-टा-ट)** 1. Most excellent, best. 2. Most valuable, precious. **अ. अनि**, and **अन** excellent.

**अनय m. (-यः)** A gallinule. **f. (-यः)** A plant, (*Jasminum villosum*, Rox, or in Bengal, *Nyctanthes tristis*) See **अनयक्या**. **अ. अनि**, and **अन** to reason.

**अन ind.** In this place, here, hereina. **अ. अ** being substituted for the termination of the seventh case of **अन** this.

**अनय mfn. (-यः-या-य)** Shameless, immodest. **अ. अ** neg. **अन** shame.

**अनयमन् mfn. (-न्यः-यती-यत)** Respectable, venerable, (especially in theatrical language. **अ. अन** here, **अन** to be and the participial affix **अन**; being present or principal.

**अनय mfn. (-यः-या-य)** Fearless. **अ. अ** neg. **अन** fear.

**अन m. (-निः)** The name of one of one of the seven Rishis or saints, born from the eye of **अन**, married to **अन**, daughter of **अन** **अन** **अन**, and the father of **अन** or **अन**, **अन** **अन** and **अन**. **अ. अन** to eat and **अन** **अन** aff. The correct reading is **अन**, but the word is always written with one **अन**.

**अनयित m. (-नः)** 1. The moon. 2. A man of the three first classes. **अ. अ** neg. **अन** three, and **अन** born, not thrice born; born twice The moon, from the eye of **अन**, and from the ocean. The Brahman &c. from the womb and investiture.

**अनय m. (-यः)** A name of **अन** or the moon. **अ. अन** a saint, **अन** the eye, and **अन** born, produced. Born from the eye of **अन**, "a

flash of light from the eye of **अन**, was received by space, a goddess, the via lactea personified, who bore **अन**." The following and other similar names refer to this legend.

**अन m. (-नी)** A muni. See **अन**, **अ. अन** to eat, **अन** aff. **अन**; also **अन**.

**अनय m. (-यः)** See **अनय**.

**अनय m. (-यः)** See **अनय**.

**अनय m. (-यः)** See **अनय**.

**अनय m. (-यः)** The marriage union of **अन** and **अन** **अन** **अन**. **अ. अन**, and **अन**; affix **अन** implying in this and similar compounds, union.

**अन mfn. (-र-रा-र)** Deliberate, not in haste. **अ. अ** neg. **अन** for **अन** haste.

**अन m. (-निः)** A sage. See **अन**.

**अन m. (-नी)** A sage. See **अन**.

**अन ind.** An auspicious and inceptive particle; it serves to introduce a remark, a question, an affirmation, &c. and corresponds to. 1. After. 2. And. 3. Now, (inceptive or premising) 4. What, (interrogatively) 5. All, (comprehensively) 6. Therefore, thus, further, moreover, &c. It also implies doubt or command, and is frequently redundant. **अ. अन** to ask, **अन** affix, and **अन** is dropped, also **अन**.

**अन ind.** A particle of assent, howelse, what else, assuredly. **अन** ind. Also.

**अनय m. (-यः)** A name of **अन**. **अ. अन** the name of a **अन**, and **अन** aff.

**अनय m. (-यः)** 1. A Brahman. 2. A name of **अन**. **अ. अन** The name of the fourth Veda. **अ. अन** an auspicious particle **अन** to go, and **अन** aff.

**अनय m. (-यः)** 1. Brahman versed in the **अन** **अन** **अन**. 2. A family priest. **अ. अन** the **अन**, and **अन** aff.

**अन ind.** Or. **अ. अन**, and **अन** sometimes.

**अन ind.** The same as **अन**, q. v.

**अन (नी) r. 2d cl. (अन)** To eat. The root is imperfect; **अन** being substituted for it in several inflections; as **अन**, &c. Implying injury, it is not conjugated in the middle voice, although the action be reciprocal: as **अन** they bite, or devour each other. With an indicative **अन**, **अन** (अन) To bind.

**अन mfn. (-यः-या-य)** Awkward, unskilful. **अ. अ** neg. **अन** clever.

**अनय mfn. (-यः-या-य)** 1. Not clever, unskilful. 2. Not comprehending the fee given to the Brahmins, a sacrifice, &c. **अ. अ** neg. **अन** clever, or **अन** a fee.

**अनय mfn. (-यः-या-य)** Unscorched, not burnt. **अ. अ** neg. **अन** burnt.

**अनय mfn. (-यः-या-य)** Unpunished. **अ. अ** neg. **अन** punishment.

**अनय mfn. (-यः-या-य)** Unpunishable, unworthy of, or exempt from punishment. **अ. अ** neg. **अन** to be punished.

**अनय mfn. (-यः-या-य)** Unpunishable, unfit to be punished, exempt from punishment. **अ. अ** neg. **अन** to be punished.

**अनय mfn. (-यः-या-य)** Not given. **अ. अन** An unmarried girl. **अ. अ** not, **अन** given.

**अन n. (न)** 1. Food. 2. Eating. **अ. अन** to eat, and **अन** aff.

**अनय mfn. (-यः-या-य)** To be eaten, what may be eaten. **अ. अन** to eat, **अन** aff.

**अनय mfn. (-यः-या-य)** Toothless. So **अनय** (**अन** **अन**) **अ. अ** neg. **अन** a tooth.

**अनय mfn. (-यः-या-य)** Uncontrollable, untameable. **अ. अ** neg. **अन** to be tamed.

**अनय mfn. (-यः-या-य)** Much, many. **अ. अ** neg. **अन** little, few.

**अनय mfn. (-यः-या-य)** Unfeeling, unmerciful, destitute of pity. **अ. अ** neg. **अन** clemency.

**अनय n. (-न)** Disappearance, not being visible or present. **अ. अ** neg. **अन** sight.

बदर m. (-रः) A plant, (*Eugenia acutangula*). See विष्णु. f. (-वा) Socotrine aloe, (*Aloes perfoliata*). See वृषज्वारी. mfn. (-वा-वा-रः) Leafless. **३. च. and दृक् a leaf.**

बदरं mfn. (-वा-वा-रः) 1. This. 2. That.

बदरणीय mfn. (-वा-वा-रः) Incombustible; so बदरणीय **३. च. neg.** दाहनीय or दहनीय to be burnt.

बदाह m. (-ता) A niggard, a miser. **३. च. neg.** दाह who gives.

बदान n. (-नः) Not giving, withholding, **३. च. neg.** दाह gift.

बदाह्य mfn. (-वा-वा-रः) Untamed, unsubdued, undaunted. **३. च. neg.** दाह daunted.

बदाह्य mfn. (-वा-वा-रः) 1. Unclaimed, as inheritance, lapsed. 2. Not relating to inheritance. **३. च. neg.** दाह heritage, ठक् aff.

बदाह्य mfn. (-वा-वा-रः) Inconsumable by fire, incombustible. **३. च. neg.** दाह to be burnt.

बहिति f. (-तिः) 1. The daughter of DAKṢHA, wife of, KASYAPA, and mother of the gods. 2. The earth. 3. Being entire. **३. च. neg.** दा to give, and हिति affix, not giving pain; or च, ही to cut or break. तिच् aff.

बहितिन्दन m. (-नः) A deity, a divinity. **३. च. neg.** दा, and नन्दन, a son of ADITI.

बहुत mfn. (-टः-टा-टः) 1. Unspoiled, unvitiated. 2. Good, virtuous **३. च. neg.** दुष्ट bad.

बहुषित mfn. (-नः-ता-तः) 1. Undeified, unvitiated. 2. Virtuous, good. **३. च. neg.** दूषित corrupted.

बहुम् m. (-हृक्) Blind. **३. च. priv.** and हृक् the eye.

बहुम् mfn. (-हृक्-हृक्-हृक्) 1. Invisible, not be to seen. 2. Improper to behold. **३. च. neg.** हृक् to be seen.

बहुत n. (-टः) 1. Casual and unseen danger, (as from conflagration, inundation, &c.) 2. Fortune, destiny, fate. 3. (In logic) Virtue or vice, as the eventual cause of pleasure or pain. mfn. (-टः-टा-टः) 1. Unseen, unforeseen. 2. Unknown, unfelt, not experienced. **३. च. neg.** and हृट seen.

बहुतपुत्र m. (-वः) A form of treaty, in which the parties treat direct without any mediator or surety also बहुटनर and similar compounds. **३. च. neg.** हृट unseen, and पुत्र, &c. man.

बहुतपूर्व mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) Unseen previously, unseen till now. **३. च. neg.** हृट, and पूर्व before.

बहुतवत् mfn. (-वा-वा-रः) 1. Enjoying or undergoing good or bad fortune, more usually the former, fortunate. **३. च. neg.** हृट, and वत् aff.

बहुति f. (-तिः) A look of displeasure, evil eye. **३. च. neg.** हृट look.

बहुतिता f. (-ता) Angry or displeased look, evil eye. **३. च. neg.** हृट, and ता aff.

बहुति mfn. (-वा-वा-रः) Improper or unfit to be given. **३. च. neg.** हृट to be given.

बहुतिदान n. (-नः) Giving what ought not to be given, what is not one's own, &c. **३. च. neg.** हृट, and दाह giving.

बहु m. (-हृक्) Oiled butter. **३. च. neg.** हृट to eat, and वत् Unadi aff.

बहु ind. Truly, verily. **३. च. neg.** हृट going constantly, वा to have, and विच् aff.

बहुत n. (-नः) 1. Surprise, astonishment. mfn. (-नः-ता-तः) Wonderful, surprising. **३. च. neg.** हृट a particle of surprise, हृट to be, and वत् Unadi aff.

बहुतवन m. (-नः) A name of ŚIVA. **३. च. neg.** हृट astonishing, and वन who sounds.

बहुति m. (-तिः) Fire. **३. च. neg.** हृट to eat, Unadi affix वि, and न inserted.

बहु mfn. (-हृक्-हृक्-हृक्) Gluttonous. **३. च. neg.** हृट to eat, and वत् aff.

बहु ind. To-day. **३. च. neg.** हृट this; an irregular formation.

बहुतन m. (-नः) The period of a current day, from midnight to midnight in the usual acceptation, but sometimes considered to begin and end with sunset. mfn. (-नः-ता-तः) Of or belonging to the current day, of to-day. **३. च. neg.** हृट, and वत् aff.

बहुतनम m. (-नः) In grammar, the aorist past. mfn. (-नः-ता-तः) Past or

gone to-day, i. e. any time previous to to-day. **३. च. neg.** हृट of to-day, वत् been.

बहुति ind. Even now, still. **३. च. neg.** हृट, and विच् certainly.

बहुति n. (-तिः) Beginning or ending with the current day, from or till to-day. **३. च. neg.** हृट, and विच् limit.

बहुति mfn. (-नः-ता-तः) Near to any event, at the point of death &c. f. (-ता) A woman or any female animal near the time of delivery. **३. च. neg.** हृट, and च to-morrow. affix च, what will happen to-day or to-morrow.

बहुत n. (-वः) A worthless or good for nothing object. **३. च. neg.** हृट thing.

बहु m. (-हृक्) 1. A tree. 2. A mountain. 3. The sun. 4. A measure. **३. च. neg.** हृट to eat, and विच् Unadi aff.

बहुतिता f. (-ता) The earth. **३. च. neg.** हृट a mountain, and वत् a pin or bolt.

बहुति mfn. (-नः-ता-तः) Produced or found in the hills. n. (वः) Red chalk. f. (-ता) A name of PÁRVATI or DURGA, the daughter of HIMALAYA, ruler of Himalaya mountain, and hence this her appellation, mountain-born. **३. च. neg.** हृट, and वत्, from वत् to be born.

बहुतिता f. (-ता) A name of PÁRVATI, the daughter of the mountain HIMALAYA. **३. च. neg.** हृट, and तन daughter.

बहुतिवत् f. (-वः) PÁRVATI. See the last.

बहुति m. (-तिः) Himalaya, lord of mountains: also similar compounds, as बहुति, बहुति, &c.

बहुति m. (-तिः) A name of INDRA. **३. च. neg.** हृट, and विच् who breaks; the splitter of mountains, (with his thunderbolt.)

बहुति mfn. (-नः-ता-तः) Mountaineer, mountain-born. m. (-वः) A Plant, (*Salvinia cucullata*). **३. च. neg.** हृट, and वत् born.

बहुति m. (-राट्) The king of mountains, the HIMALAYA mountains; the snowy range on the north of Hindustan, confounded with the mythological ruler of them, and the father of PÁRVATI. **३. च. neg.** हृट, and राज a king, the king of mountains, deservedly so called, being the loftiest in the world.

बहुति m. (-तिः) Fire on a mountain, a volcano. **३. च. neg.** हृट, and विच् fire.

बहुति m. (-वः) A peak, the horn or summit of a mountain. **३. च. neg.** हृट, and वत् a horn.

बहुति m. (-रः) Iron. **३. च. neg.** हृट, and वत् essence.

बहुति m. (-वः) 1. A name of ŚIVA. 2. Also of HIMALAYA, as king of mountains. **३. च. neg.** हृट, and वत् a master.

बहुति m. (-वः) Mildness, moderation, the absence of tyranny or oppression. **३. च. neg.** हृट tyranny.

बहुति mfn. (-नः-ता-तः) Innocuous, mild. **३. च. neg.** हृट violent.

बहुति m. (-वः) A Bauddha. **३. च. neg.** हृट two.

बहुतिवादि m. (-दी) 1. A Bauddha. 2. A unitarian. **३. च. neg.** हृट two, and वादि who speaks, one who acknowledges but one principle.

बहुति mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Only, sole, without a second. **३. च. neg.** हृट second.

बहुति mfn. (-नः-ता-तः) Harmless, not malicious. **३. च. neg.** हृट malice.

बहुति mfn. (-नः-ता-तः) Harmless, inoffensive. **३. च. neg.** हृट who hates.

बहुति n. (-नः) Unity, not duality. **३. च. neg.** हृट duality.

बहुतिवादि m. (-दी) A unitarian, one who maintains the existence of but one principle in the universe. **३. च. neg.** हृट unity, and वादि who speaks.

बहुति m. (-वः) The lower part of the body, the lower extremities. **३. च. neg.** हृट, and वत् body.

बहुति mfn. (-नः-ता-तः) Thrown or put down. **३. च. neg.** हृट, and वत् made.

बहुति mfn. (-नः-ता-तः) Precipitated, thrown down. **३. च. neg.** हृट down, and वत् participle past of विच् to throw.

बहुति mfn. (-नः-ता-तः) Fallen down. **३. च. neg.** हृट, and पतित fallen.

बहुति m. (-रः) A seat or bed, made of grass. **३. च. neg.** हृट, and वत् a couch.



अधःपुष्पी f. (-ची) A plant, (Hieracium.) E. अधः, downwards, and पुष्प a flower.

अधःक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-क्ष-क्ष) 1. Below. 2. Inferior. E. अधः, and क्ष what stays.

अधम mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) 1. Inferior, low. 2. Vile, despicable. E. अध to preserve, म Unas'di affix, and ध changed to म.

अधमधनक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-का-क्षं) 1. A porter, a bearer of burdens. 2. Low, servile. E. अधम low, and धनक्ष a servant.

अधमर्ष mfn. (-र्षः-र्षा-र्षं) A debtor. E. अधम low, and ऋध debt.

अधमर्षिक m. (-कः) A debtor. E. अधम, and ऋध debt, with ठक् added.

अधमर्षिन् m. (-र्षी) A debtor. E. अधम, and ऋध debt, with इति added.

अधमाङ्ग n. (-ङ्ग) A foot. E. अधम low, and अङ्ग a limb.

अधर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Low, inferior, below. 2. Low, vile. 3. Silenced, refuted, overcome in abuse or controversy. f. (-रा) The lower region. m. (-रः) The lower lip. (dual. री) The lips. mn. (-रः or -रं) Pudendum muliebre. E. अध neg. ष to have or hold, and ऋ aff.

अधरतल ind. Underneath. E. अधर, and तल aff.

अधरमधु n. (-धु) The moisture of the lips. E. अधर the lower lip, and मधु honey.

अधरक्षात् ind. Below, behind. E. क्षात् added to अधर.

अधरक्षात् ind. Below, underneath. E. the form of the ablative.

अधरात् ind. Underneath. E. अधर, with the termination णात्.

अधराधत n. (-तं) The moisture, honey or nectar of the lips. E. अधर, and अधत nectar.

अधराधलीप m. (-पः) Biting the lip. E. अधर, and अध before लुप to out, affix लृप्.

अधरीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Contradicted, invalidated. E. अधर, and कृत made with कृ inserted.

अधरीष mfn. (-षः-षा-षं) Reproached, censured. E. अधर, and ष aff.

अधरीषूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Contradicted, invalidated. E. अधर, and शूत become, with शू inserted.

अधरेष ind. Underneath. E. अधर, and the affix एन.

अधरेषु ind. A future day, the day after the morrow. E. अधर, and एषु irregular aff.

अधर्म m. (-र्मः) Unrighteousness, injustice, all behaviour contrary to the Sruti and Smriti, or religious and legal institutes. E. अध priv. and र्म virtue, &c.

अधर्मचारिन् mfn. (-री-रिची-रि) Unrighteous, wicked. E. अधर्म, and चारिन् who follows.

अधर्मता f. (-ता) Unrighteousness; also अधर्मल n. (-लं) E. ता or ल added to अधर्म.

अधर्मोन्मत्त mfn. (-न्म-न्मा-न्म) Wicked, unrighteous. E. अधर्म, and आन्मन् spirit.

अधर्मिन् mfn. (-र्मि-र्मिची-र्मि) Wicked, sinful, unrighteous. E. अधर्म, and इति aff.

अधर्मिष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठः-ष्ठा-ष्ठं) Very wicked. E. अधर्म, and इष्ठ aff.

अधर mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रं) Going. m. (-रः) A thief. E. अधस् low, vile, and र who goes down or below.

अधरीर m. (-रः) A house-breaker. E. अधस् below, and रीर a thief.

अधस् ind. 1. Down, downwards, below. 2. The lower or infernal regions. 3. Pudendum muliebre. E. अधर with अधि affix, and र dropped.

अधस्तान mfn. (-तः-ती-तं) Below, underneath. E. अधस् and तान aff.

अधस्तात् ind. 1. Down, downwards, underneath. 2. Behind. 3. Pudendum muliebre. E. अधर or अधस्, and तात् aff.

अधस्तायव m. (-वः) A plant, (Achyranthes aspera) E. अधम vile, जालं a road, and व from वा to gain or possess.

अधार्मिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Unjust, unrighteous, wicked. E. अध neg. and र्म virtuous, &c. from धर्म, affix ठक्.

अधि m. (-धिः) Anxiety, mental pain; more usually अधिः. E. अध before, धा to have, धि affix; धा is made short.

अधि ind. Over, above, upon, &c. a preposition and prefix to verbs implying superiority in place, quality, or quantity; as अधिष्ठान् to stand in or on, अधिपत्ये to rule over, अधिगच्छेत् to exceed; also used in the figurative sense of the same, as अधिगच्छेत् to go to or attain; अधिपत्ये to do over again, to repeat or recall; अधीत्ये to go over or through, as a book; अधिवस्ये to reside in or on, to persevere: forming also indeclinables with nouns, as अधिरात्रि in the night; अधिगृह्णि in or over the house: and compounds with nouns, as अधिदेवता, &c. q. v. E. अध neg. धा to have, धि aff.

अधिक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Exceeding, more, over, more than, in addition to. n. (-कं) A figure in rhetoric, (Hyperbole.) E. अधि and क, from क्ते to sound.

अधिकतर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) More, comparatively more. E. अधिक and तत् aff.

अधिकतम mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Most, superlatively more. E. अधिक, and तम aff.

अधिकता f. (-ता) Excess, addition; also अधिकलं. E. ता or ल added to अधिक.

अधिकतु ind. Moreover. E. अधिक, and तु but.

अधिकरण n. (-णं) 1. Superiority, supremacy. 2. Title, right. 3. In the Mimamsa philosophy, a case or topic, comprehending five members, the subject, the doubt, the first side or prima facie argument, the answer or conclusion, the application. 4. (In the Vedānta.) A case or question. 5. (In grammar) Location, the sense of the seventh or locative case, defined to imply four kinds. 1. Proximity, as, 'a village on the Ganges.' 2. Inclusion, as, 'the gods in heaven.' 3. End or object, as, 'versed in the Sastras; and 4. Integral existence, as, 'the spirit is in all.' E. अधि over, कृ to do; and कृट् aff.

अधिकर्षि mfn. (-र्षि-र्षि-र्षि) Prosperous, every way happy. E. अधिक excessive, and ऋषि prosperity.

अधिकर्षण n. (-र्षं) Superintendence, Supervision. E. अधि, and कर्ष business.

अधिकर्षक m. (-कः) 1. Clerk or prefect of the market or fair. 2. An overseer, a superintendent. E. अधि over, कर्ष business, and कृट् aff.

अधिकार mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Having more members than natural or common. n. (-रः) The girdle over the coat of mail, worn as a kind of scarf. E. अधिक exceeding, and ऋध the body.

अधिकार m. (-रः) 1. Authority. 2. Supremacy. 3. Rule, government. 4. Right, title. 5. Property, ownership. 6. Privilege. 7. Duty, office. 8. A chapter, a section. 9. The use of royal insignia. 10. (In grammar) Government, the dependance of a form on a previous one. E. अधि over, and कार what makes, from कृ with ऋ affix; what gives or exercises pre-eminence.

अधिकारिता f. (-ता) 1. Ownership, lordship. 2. Right, title. E. अधिकारिन् with ता affix.

अधिकारित्व n. (-त्वं) 1. Ownership. 2. Right, title. E. See the last, affix त्व.

अधिकारिन् m. (-री) 1. A superintendent, a ruler, a director. 2. A master, an owner. 3. A sage, one who is perfect in principles and practice of the Vedānta. mf. (-री-रिची) (In law) The possessor of a right or title, as. जमाधिकारी heir to property; संस्काराधिकारी one who has a right to the essential ceremonies of the Hindu religion. E. अधिकार, and इति aff.

अधिगत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Superintended, guided. 2. Claimed or held as a right. 3. Set over, superintendent. m. (-तः) 1. A superintendent in general. 2. Inspector of receipts and disbursements, an auditor of public accounts. E. अधि over, and गत made.

अधिक्रम m. (-नः) Invasion, assailing. E. अधि over, and क्रम to go.

अधिक्रमण n. (-णं) Invading, assailing, over-running. E. अधि, and क्रमण going.

अधिकृति f. (-तिः) A possession, a right. E. अधि, and इति doing.

अधिहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Censured, reviled, detracted from. 2. Sent,



despatched. 3. Placed, fixed. ३ अधि, and अधि participle of अधि to send or throw.

अधिदेव m. (-यः) 1. Detraction, censure. 2. Sending, despatching. ३ अधि, and देव throwing.

अधिगत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Obtained. 2. Gone through or over, lit. or fig. as read, studied. ३ अधि, and गत gone.

अधिगम m. (-गः) 1. Obtaining, attaining, acquiring. 2. Going through or over, lit. or fig. 3. Overpassing, overflowing; also

अधिगमन n. (-नं) &c. ३ अधि, and गम or गमन going.

अधिगम्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) Unattainable, not to be reached or acquired.

So अधिगमनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) and अधिगम्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) ३ अधिगम with क्त, क्तवीवर or तन्व participial affs.

अधिजिह्व m. (-जः) A tumor on the tongue. ३ अधि, and जिह्वा the tongue.

अधिज्योतिष् n. (-यः) The luminous parts of the creation, ३ अधि supreme, ज्योतिष् light.

अधिर्वा f. (-वा) Land on the upper part of a mountain. ३ अधि over, above, and लवन् aff.

अधिदन्त m. (-तः) A tooth growing over another. ३ अधि, and दन्त a tooth.

अधिदेव m. (-यः) 1. A supreme or superior deity. 2. A tutelary deity. ३ अधि, and देव a deity.

अधिदेवता m. (-ता) A tutelary, or presiding divinity. ३ अधि, and देवता a deity.

अधिदेव n. (-यः) 1. The ruling deity, the active principle in creation; also अधिदेवत. 2. The collective body of gods, and superhuman beings. ३ अधि, and देव divine being.

अधिप m. (-यः) 1. An owner, a lord or master. 2. A king. ३ अधि, and प who preserves, from पा.

अधिपति m. (-तिः) A master, an owner, a ruler. 2. A king. ३ अधि, and पति a master.

अधिपन्न n. (-नं) Continuation of the world by procreation. ३ अधि, and प्रजा progeny.

अधिभू m. (-भूः) A master, a ruler. ३ अधि, and भू who is from भू to be, affix विच्.

अधिभूत n. (-तं) An essential element of matter, perishable matter, that of which the presence involves eventual dissolution. ३ अधि over, and भूत an element.

अधिमय m. (-यः) Acute pains in the balls of the eyes, with pain and swelling of one side of the head. ३ अधि over, मय what agitates.

अधिमांस m. (-सः) Fleishy excrescences on the eye, cancer of the eye. ३ अधि, and मांस flesh.

अधिमांसक m. (-कः) Inflammation of the tendons. ३ अधि, and मांस flesh, क्त added.

अधिमात्र n. (-त्रं) A knowledge of the properties of the letters forming the word for the Hindu triad बीम् ३ अधि, and मात्र the whole.

अधिमास m. (-सः) An intercalary month, formed of the aggregate days omitted in reckoning the lunar year. ३ अधि, and मास a month.

अधिरथ m. (-थः) A charioteer. ३ अधि, and रथ a car.

अधिराज m. (राट्) A supreme king, an emperor. So अधिराज m. (ऐजः) ३ अधि, and राज, राजन् a king.

अधिराज्य n. (ज्य) Empire, supreme sway. ३ अधि, and राज्य kingdom.

अधिराज्यमाज् m. (-जः) An emperor, a paramount sovereign. ३ अधिराज्य, and माज् who possesses.

अधिर्द mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Elevated, exalted, surmounting. ३ अधि, and द mounted.

अधिरीयिष mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Placed over, lit. or fig. ३ अधि, and रीयिष raised.

अधिरोष m. (-यः) Surmounting, overtopping, elevation. ३ अधि, and रोष mounting.

अधिरोषी f. (-षी) A ladder, a pair of steps. ३ अधि, and रोष to mount, with क्त affix, and fem. षीच्.

अधिरोषिन् mfn. (-षी-षी-षी) Who rises on or above. f. (-षी) A ladder, a staircase. ३ अधिरोष, and णि aff.

अधिरोषी m. (-यः) The universe, the material world. ३ अधि, and रोष world.

अधिवचन n. (-नं) A name, an appellation. ३ अधि, and वचन speech.

अधिवास m. (-सः) 1. A house, an abode. 2. Place, situation. 3. Continuance, perseverance. 4. Perfuming the person, &c. 5. A neighbour. 6. Neighbourhood. ३ अधि, and वास to dwell, with वच् affix; or वास to fumigate, with वच्.

अधिवासन n. (-नं) 1. Perfuming or scenting the person, &c. 2. Abiding, staying. 3. A religious ceremony; touching a vessel containing perfumes, flowers, and other things previously presented to an idol; or offering perfumes, &c. to idols, as a preliminary ceremony. ३ अधि, and वास to fumigate, क्त aff.

अधिवासिता f. (-ता) Residence, staying or abiding in one place. ३ अधिवास, with ता affix, and इट् augment; also with ल, अधिवासित.

अधिवासा f. (-या) The collective means and end of acquiring knowledge. ३ अधि, and वासा knowledge.

अधिविवा f. (-ता) A wife whose husband has subsequently married others; a superseded wife. ३ अधि, and विव obtained.

अधिविधु m. (-ता) A man marrying other than his first wife. ३ अधि, before विद् to obtain, क्त aff.

अधिवेदन n. (-नं) Marrying again, whilst a former wife is living. ३ अधि before विद् to obtain, affix क्त.

अधिवेदनीया f. (-या) A wife deserving or proper to be superseded. ३ अधि before विद् to obtain, क्त aff.

अधिवय m. (-यः) A place, a receptacle. ३ अधि before वि to serve, वच् aff.

अधिवयवी f. (-वी) A furnace or fire-place. ३ अधि, and विक् to cook, क्त affix and fem. termination.

अधिवित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Placed, deposited, received, included. ३ अधि, before वि to serve, क्त aff.

अधिष्ठान n. (-नं) 1. Abiding, resting; 2. Site, situation. 3. Prescribed rule, fixed practice. 5. A town. 6. A wheel. 7. Dignity. ३ अधि, स्था to stand, and क्त aff.

अधिष्ठान m. (-नः-नी-ठ) Governing, directing, fixing m. (-ता) A ruler, a governor, a director. ३ अधि before स्था to stay, क्त aff.

अधिष्ठित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Fixed, determined, established; literally or figuratively, as a house or a practice. 2. Supervised, overlooked. 3. Guarded, surrounded. 4. Appointed. ३ अधि, and स्थित stationed.

अधीकार m. (-रः) Superintendence, authority, &c. See अधीकार.

अधीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Read, read through. ३ the participial deriv. from अधी to read over, or study.

अधीतवेद m. (-दः) A Brahman, who has read the Vedas; a student who has finished his course of study. ३ अधीत, and वेद the Veda.

अधीति f. (-तिः) Study, perusal. ३ अधी to read, and क्त aff.

अधीतिन् mfn. (-ती-तिनी-ति) A scholar, one who has finished his studies. ३ अधीत, and णि aff.

अधीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Docile. 2. Dependant. ३ अधि, and ईन a master.

अधीनता f. (-ता) Subjection, dependance, slavery; so अधीनत (तं) ३ ता or त added to the last.

अधीयान m. (-नः) A student, one going over or reading the Vedas, &c. ३ अधि before इ to go, यान् aff.

अधीर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Confused, perplexed. 2. Unsteady, (lit. or met.) f. (-रा) 1. Lightning. 2. An offended, cross or capricious mistress or wife. ३ अ neg, and धीर firm, steady.

अधीरता f. (-ता) Fickleness, unsteadiness; also अधीरत. ३ ता or त added to the last.

अधीम m. (-यः) A master, a lord. ३ अधि, and धीम master.

अधीवर m. (-रः) An emperor, a king paramount over all the neighbouring princes. *अधि* superior, and *वर* a lord.

अधुना ind. Now, at present. *अधु* this, irregularly formed.

अधुनातन mfn. (-नः-नी-नः) Of or belonging to the present. *अधुना*, and *तन* aff.

अधुत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Upheld, undetained. m. (-तः) A name of Vishnu. *अधि* neg. *धुत* held.

अधृति f. (-तिः) 1. Laxity, want of firm hold. 2. Want of steadiness or firmness. *अधि* neg. *धृति* holding.

अधृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टः) Ashamed, modest, humble. *अधि* neg. *धृष्ट* proud.

अधृष्टता f. (-ता) Modesty, diffidence: also *अधृष्टत* n. (-तः) *अधि* or *त* added to the last.

अध्वज mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) Proud, vain. f. (-जा) The name of a river. *अधि* neg. and *ध्व* to be proud; than whom nought is prouder.

अध्वेय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Not to be held or taken. *अधि* neg. *ध्वे* to have, *यत्* aff.

अध्वेय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Unsteady, feeble, irresolute. (-यः) Inability, want of firmness. *अधि* not. *ध्वेय* firmness.

अधीऽयक n. (-कः) A lower garment. *अधि* beneath, and *अयक* clothes.

अधःचक्ष m. (-जः) A name of Vishnu. *अधि* *चक्ष* an organ of sense, and *ज* who is produced; being produced by, or produced to such as have subdued or cast down their passions.

अधीगत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Descended, gone down. *अधि* down. *गत* gone.

अधीगति f. (-तिः) Going downwards, lit. or fig. descent, degradation. Also *अधीगमः* and *अधीगमनः*. *अधि* *गति*, &c. going.

अधीगामिन् mfn. (-मि-मिनी-मि) Descending, going downwards. *अधि* *गामिन्* who goes.

अधीघट्टा f. (-घट्टा) A plant, (*Achoeranthus aspera*.) See *अधमानः*. *अधि* *घट्टि* to hurt, with *अध* aff.

अधीऽङ्ग n. (-ङ्गः) 1. The anus. 2. pudendum muliebre. *अधि* *अङ्ग* member.

अधीजिह्वा f. (-जा) The uvula or soft palate. *अधि* *अङ्ग* below, and *जिह्वा* the tongue.

अधीदृष्टि mfn. (-ष्टिः-ष्टिः-ष्टिः) Downcast, one who looks down. *अधि* *दृष्टि* sight.

अधीपर n. (-रः) 1. The anus. 2. pudendum muliebre.

अधीपथ्य n. (-थ्यः) An under girth or strap. *अधि* *पथ्य*, and *पथ्य* binding.

अधीभव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) placed below, inferior. *अधि* *भव* and *भव* produced.

अधीभाग m. (-गः) The bottom, the lowest part. *अधि* *भाग*, and *भाग* part.

अधीभागहर n. (-रः) Purging. *अधि* *भाग* the lower part (of the body,) *हर* what affects.

अधीभुवन n. (-भुवनः) The regions below the earth. *अधि* *भुवन* beneath, and *भुवन* a world; the earth below.

अधीमथ्येय n. (-थ्येयः) The anus, *अधि* *मथ्येय*, and *मथ्येय* a member.

अधीमुख mfn. (-ख-खा-खो-खः) 1. Down-looked, looking downwards. 2. Inverted, turned upside down. 3. Headlong. f. (-खा) A plant, (*Premna esculenta*.) *अधि* *मुख*, and *मुख* the face.

अधीयक n. (-कः) A still, or the lower of two vessels luted together for distilling, sublimation, &c. *अधि* *यक*, and *यक* a vessel.

अधीलम्ब m. (-लम्बः) A perpendicular. *अधि* *लम्ब* below, *लम्ब* a straight line.

अधीलोक m. (-लोकः) The regions below the earth. *अधि* *लोक* and *लोक* world.

अधीरुदन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Down-looked. See *अधीमुख*.

अधीरुध m. (-रुधः) 1. Bottom of a thing. 2. Pudendum muliebre. *अधि* *रुध*, and *रुध* dependance.

अधीवायु m. (-युः) The vital air that passes downwards. *अधि* *वायु*, and *वायु* air.

अधीऽक्षयिण n. (-क्षयिणः) Discharge of blood from the anus, urethra, &c. *अधि* *क्षयिण*, *क्षयिण* plethora.

अध्वज mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) 1. Perceptible, present to the senses. 2. Superintending, presiding over. m. (-जः) 1. A superintendent in general, one of receipts and disbursements. 2. A plant, (a species of *Mimosa*.) See *धीरिका*. *अधि* and *ज* to pervade with *ज* aff.

अध्वजता f. (ता) Superintendence: also *अध्वजत* n. (-तः) *अधि* or *त* added to the last.

अध्वजर u. ((-रः)) The mysterious word Om. *अधि*, and *जर* letter: above all others in importance or in place; being often put at the head of various writings.

अध्वयि ind. Gifts made to a woman at the time of her marriage. *अधि* near, over, &c. and *ध्वि* fire, being presented at the time that burnt offerings are made.

अध्वजा f. (-जा) Cowach, (*Carpogon pruriens*.) *अधि*, *ज* to be diseased, and *ज* affix; superior to disease. See *अध्वजा*.

अध्वज m. (-जः) A lecture, a chapter or section. *अधि* before *ज* to go, *ज* aff.

अध्वयन n. (-नः) Study, reading, especially of the sacred books; one of the six duties of a Brahman. *अधि*, *यज्* to go, and *यज्* aff.

अध्वयसाय m. (-यः) Effort, exertion, determined application. *अधि*, and *य* before *यि* to destroy, with the affixes *यज्* and *यज्*.

अध्वयसायित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Undertaken, attempted, as a difficult task. *अधि*, and *य* before *यि*, affix *त*.

अध्वयसायिन् mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) Resolute, determined. *अधि* *यसाय*, and *यि* aff.

अध्वयन n. (-नः) Eating too often, taking food before that previously eaten is digested. *अधि*, and *यन* eating.

अध्वयस mfn. (-सः-सा-सः) 1. Substituted. 2. Placed over. *अधि*, and *यस* thrown.

अध्वयि n. (-यि) Bony exfoliation or deposit. *अधि*, and *यि* a bone.

अध्वयक m. (-कः) 1. The soul, individuated spirit, or that which belongs to and presides over the body. 2. The supreme spirit. *अधि*, and *यक* self or soul.

अध्वयक mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Spiritual, relating to the supreme spirit. *अधि* *यक* and *यक* aff.

अध्वयक m. (-कः) A holy sage, one who knows the nature of inherent spirit. *अधि* *यक*, and *यक* who sees.

अध्वयकरति m. (-तिः) An anchorite, one who diligently meditates on the supreme spirit. *अधि* *यक*, and *रति* pleasure.

अध्वयक m. (-कः) A teacher, one who instructs in the sacred books. *अधि* *यक*, and *यक* to go, in the causal form, and *यज्* aff.

अध्वयन n. (-नः) Instructing, teaching the sacred books; one of the six duties of a Brahman. *अधि*, *यज्* to go, in the causal form, and *यज्* aff.

अध्वयपित mfn. (-पितः-पितः) Taught. *अधि* *यज्* and *पित* aff.

अध्वयम. (-यः) 1. The section, or division of a book. 2. A chapter or lecture of the Vedas. *अधि*, *यज्* to go, and *यज्* aff. proper to be gone through or read.

अध्वयद mfn. (-दः-दा-दः) 1. Mounted on, riding upon. 2. Exceeding, very much. *अधि*, and *यद* before *यज्* to become manifest, affix *त*.

अध्वयरीप m. ((-पः)) See the next.

अध्वयरीप n. (-पः) 1. Fixing in or upon. 2. Transferring. 3. Attaching erroneously the predicates of one object to another, as of eternity to matter, &c. *अधि* before *यज्* to grow, causal form *यज्* affix, also with *यज्* affix *अध्वयरीप*.

अध्वयरीप m. ((-पः)) Mounting on, ascending. *अधि*, and *यद* before *यज्* to rise, affix *यज्*.

अध्वयरीप n. (-पः) Ascending, mounting on or upon. *अधि* and *यद* before *यज्* to rise, *यज्* aff.

अध्वयरीपिक n. (-पिकः) A woman's marriage portion, a dowry of such

property as has descended to her lineally. ३. अवि and आङ before वृ to convey, झुट् affix, and उङ् added.

आङ्ग n. (-ङ्) 1. Inhabiting as chief, residing in, presiding over or ruling. 2. Sitting on or upon. 3. Transferring. 4. Attributing erroneously the nature of one thing to another, as of eternity to matter, &c. ३. अवि before, आङ्ग to sit, affix अङ्.

आङ्गित mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) 1. Seated in or on. 2. Presiding over. 3. Inhabited ३. अवि before, आङ्ग to sit, affix अङ्.

आङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) 1. Seated in or on. 2. Placed or presiding over. ३. अवि before, आङ्गीत seated.

आङ्गीत n. (-ङ्) 1. Supplying an ellipsis. 2. Reasoning, discussing. ३. अवि, आङ्ग prefixed to वृ to convey, with झुट् affix.

आङ्गीत m. (-ङ्) 1. Adding a word or words to complete a sentence, supplying an ellipsis. 2. Reasoning, argument. ३. See आङ्गीत, वृ being the aff.

आङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) 1. Investigable. 2. Requiring an ellipsis to be supplied. ३. अवि, and आङ्ग before वृ to take, झुट् affix.

आङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) 1. Supplied as an ellipsis. 2. Argued, discussed. ३. अवि and आङ्ग before वृ to take, झुट् affix.

आङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) Inhabited, settled. ३. अवि before वृ to dwell, affix अङ्.

आङ्गीत m. (-ङ्) A litter drawn or carried by a camel. ३. अवि, and उङ् camel.

आङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) 1. Very prosperous, thriving. 2. Much. m. (-ङ्) A name of Siva. f. (-ङ्) A superseded wife, one whose husband has married others. ३. अवि, and उङ् borne, from वृ to bear, affix अङ्.

आङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) A student, reading, studying. ३. अवि before, वृ to go, झुट् affix.

आङ्गीत f. (-ङ्) 1. Request, solicitation. 2. Asking, begging. ३. अवि, वृ to wish, and झुट् affix.

आङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) Unstable, unfixed, uncertain, transient, perishable. ३. अङ् neg. अङ्ग fixed.

आङ्गीत m. (-ङ्-ङ्) A traveller. m. (-ङ्) 1. A camel 2. The sun. f. (-ङ्) A name of the river Ganges. ३. अङ्ग a road, and वृ who goes, from गन्, with उङ् affix.

आङ्गीत n. (-ङ्) Journeying, travelling. ३. अङ्ग, and गन्ग going.

आङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) Travelling, a traveller. ३. अङ्ग and गन्ग who goes.

आङ्गीत m. (-ङ्-ङ्) A tree, (Spondias magnifera.) ३. अङ्ग a traveller, and मोग्य to be enjoyed by.

आङ्गीत m. (-ङ्-ङ्) 1. A road. 2. Fixing, placing. 3. Time. 4. Assault. 5. Correcting viscidit, dilution of the phlegm and marrow. ३. अङ्ग to go constantly, झुट् affix; वृ substituted for त.

आङ्गीत m. (-ङ्-ङ्) A traveller. ३. अङ्ग, and उङ् affix.

आङ्गीत m. (-ङ्-ङ्) A traveller. ३. अङ्ग, and वृ affix.

आङ्गीत m. (-ङ्) 1. A sacrifice. 2. A Vasi, or a kind of demigod. 3. Intent, attentive, careful. ३. अङ् neg. अङ्ग to bend or make crooked, and अङ् affix; or अङ्ग a road, and वृ from वृ to give; leading to heaven.

आङ्गीत m. (-ङ्) A travelling carriage or cart. ३. अङ्ग a road, and वृ a carriage.

आङ्गीत m. (-ङ्) A Brahman versed in the Yajurveda. ३. अङ्ग a sacrifice, अङ्ग, and उङ् affix, वृ being dropped.

आङ्गीत m. (-ङ्) A tree, (Achyranthes aspera.) See अपमन. ३. अङ्ग, and उङ् a stake.

आङ्गीत n. (-ङ्) Gloom, twilight. ३. अङ् neg. अङ्ग darkness.

आङ्गीत m. (-ङ्) A plant, (Cassia fistula.) See पपीह. ३. अङ् neg. अङ्ग darkness, अङ्ग inimical; blossoming in the shade.

आङ्गीत r. 2d. ol. (अङ्गित) Also of 4th ol. (अङ्गित) To breathe, to live. See अङ्ग.

अङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) Portionless, not entitled to a share or portion. ३. अङ् neg. अङ्ग a part.

अङ्गीत f. (-ङ्) A plantain, (Musa sapientum.) See अङ्गीत.

अङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) inferior, low. See अङ्ग.

अङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) Blind, eyeless. ३. अङ् neg. अङ्ग the eye, the final dropped.

अङ्गीत n. (-ङ्) 1. Blamable discourse, what is unfit to be uttered. 2. Abuse. ३. अङ् neg. and अङ्ग a letter.

अङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) Having bad eyes. ३. अङ् neg. and अङ्ग the eye.

अङ्गीत m. (-ङ्) A saint, an anchorite. ३. अङ् neg. and अङ्ग a house; living in woods.

अङ्गीत m. (-ङ्) A Brahman who has not maintained his household fire. ३. अङ् neg. अङ्ग fire.

अङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) 1. Clean, clear. 2. Pure, sinless. 3. Handsome, pleasing. ३. अङ् neg. and अङ्ग fault, faultless.

अङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) Bodiless, incorporeal. m. (-ङ्) A name of KA'MA, the Hindu deity of love. n. (-ङ्) 1. Heaven, æther or the atmosphere. 2. The mind or faculty of reasoning. ३. अङ् neg. and अङ्ग body; as applicable to KA'MA, it alludes to his having been reduced to ashes, by the eye of SIVA, for having distributed his devotions, and rendered him enamoured of PA'RVATI.

अङ्गीत n. (-ङ्) The mind or faculty of reasoning. ३. अङ्ग, and अङ्ग affix.

अङ्गीत m. (-ङ् or -ङ्) A name of SIVA. ३. अङ्ग KA'MA, अङ् neg. and अङ्ग a friend, the foe of KA'MA.

अङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) Turbid, muddy. ३. अङ् neg. and अङ्ग clear.

अङ्गीत n. (-ङ्) The sky, atmosphere, æther. ३. अङ्ग to go, with the neg. prefix अङ्, and affix झुट्.

अङ्गीत m. (-ङ्) A bull or ox. f. (-ङ्) A cow. ३. अङ्ग a cart, वृ to bear, and झुट् affix, with उङ् inserted after अङ्ग, वृ is changed to उङ् in the mas., optionally in the fem.

अङ्गीत m. (-ङ्) Small grain. ३. अङ् neg. अङ्ग an atom.

अङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) 1. Erect, not bowed down. 2. Proud, haughty. ३. अङ् neg. अङ्ग bowed.

अङ्गीत f. (-ङ्) 1. Erectness, stiffness. 2. Pride. Also अङ्गीत n. (-ङ्) ३. अङ्ग or अङ्ग added to the last.

अङ्गीत m. (-ङ्) 1. Moderation, mediocrity, equality, not overstepping certain limits, not surpassing certain qualities, &c. 2. Propriety, decorum. ३. अङ् neg. अङ्गीत exceeding.

अङ्गीत ind. Not having transgressed, &c. mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) Incapable of being transgressed or exceeded. ३. अङ् neg. अङ्गीत, having surpassed, &c.

अङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) 1. Unsurpassed, unexceeded. 2. Untransgressed, &c. ३. अङ् neg. अङ्गीत surpassed, &c.

अङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) Equal, not exceeded in quantity or quality. ३. अङ् neg. अङ्गीत more.

अङ्गीत m. (-ङ्) Absence of right, claim, interest or concern. ३. अङ् neg. अङ्गीत right.

अङ्गीत f. (-ङ्) Officiousness, meddling with other people's business. ३. अङ्गीत, and अङ्गीत investigation.

अङ्गीत m. (-ङ्) A non-heir, one who has no right or claim. ३. अङ् neg. अङ्गीत an heir.

अङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) 1. Uninherited, unclaimed. 2. Not set over, or appointed. ३. अङ् neg. अङ्गीत claimed, &c.

अङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) 1. Not acquired. 2. Not learnt or studied. ३. अङ् neg. अङ्गीत gone over.

अङ्गीत m. (-ङ्) 1. Non-acquirement. 2. Non-perusal. ३. अङ् neg. अङ्गीत obtaining, &c.

अङ्गीत mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) 1. Unattainable. 2. Incapable of being known. ३. अङ् neg. अङ्गीत so be attained.

अनधिष्ठित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Absent, not present. 2. Not placed over, not appointed. 3. Not ordered or enjoined. E. अन् neg., अधिष्ठित placed over.

अनधीन mfn. (-नः-ना-न्) Independent. E. अन् neg., अधीन dependent.

अनध्यक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्ष) 1. Imperceptible, unperceived, absent. See अनध्यक्ष. 2. Having no superintendent. E. अन् neg. and अध्यक्ष perceptible, &c.

अनध्याय m. (-यः) Intermission of study. E. अन् neg., अध्याय reading.

अनध्यायदिवस m. (-सः) A day on which it is improper to study. E. अनध्याय, and दिवस a day.

अननुज्ञात mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Denied, refused, not assented to. E. अन् neg., अनुज्ञात assented to.

अनन्त mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्त) 1. Eternal, endless. 2. Unbounded, illimitable. 3. Infinite, innumerable. m. (-न्तः) 1. A name of VISHNU or KRISHNA. 2. BALADEVA, the brother of KRISHNA. 3. The chief of the NAGAS or serpent race, that inhabit the infernal regions: the couch and constant attendant of VISHNU. 4. The king of serpents, confounded with VASUKI. See वासुकि. 5. The fourteenth of the Jaina Tirthakaras or defied Saints: also called अनन्तजित्. f. (-न्ता) 1. A name of PARVATI, the wife of SIVA. 2. The earth. 3. A synonyme of several plants, (as Hedysarum alhagi.) 4. A kind of potherb. See विहगला. 5. Bent grass, (Agrostis linearis.) 6 Another plant, (Echites frutescens, Rox.) See श्यामा. Or according to others, (Asclepias pseudosarsa, Rox.) See शारिजा. 7. Yellow myrobalan, (Terminalia citrina.) 8. Emblic myrobalan, (Phyllanthus emblica.) 9. Another plant, (Menispermum glabrum.) See मुकुची. 10. Long pepper. See कषा. n. (-न्त) Sky or atmosphere, ether. E. अन् neg. and अन्त end.

अनन्तक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Endless, eternal. E. अन् added to the preceding. अनन्तचतुर्दशी f. (-शी) The fourteenth lunation of the light half of BHADRA, when ANANTA is worshipped. E. अनन्त, and चतुर्दशी the fourteenth.

अनन्तजित् m. (-जित्) The fourteenth of the twenty-four Jaina defied Saints: also called अनन्त. E. अनन्त endless, and जित् who conquers, who gains eternity.

अनन्तता f. (-ता) Eternity: also अनन्तत्व n. (-त्व) E. ता or त्व added to अनन्त.

अनन्ततीर्थजन्तु m. (-जन्तु) The fourteenth Jaina Saint, also अनन्त, &c. E. अनन्त endless, तीर्थ pilgrimage or virtue, and जन्तु who has made.

अनन्तमूल m. (-मूलः) A plant, (Periploca Indica.) E. अनन्त, and मूल root.

अनन्तर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Next, immediately following. 2. Next of kin or in succession. 3. Close, compact. n. (-र) Extreme propinquity. E. अन् neg. and अन्तर between; having nothing intermediate.

अनन्तरज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Born of the next in order; as of a Kshetriya woman, by a Brahman; of a Vaisya woman, by a Kshetriya. E. अनन्तर, and ज born.

अनन्तराशि f. (-शिः) In arithmetic; infinite quantity. E. अनन्त endless, राशि quantity.

अनन्तरूप mfn. (-पः-पा-प) Multiform. E. अनन्त, and रूप form.

अनन्तवात m. (-तः) Rigidity or paralysis of the muscles of the face and neck. E. अनन्त, and वात wind.

अनन्तविजय m. (-यः) The shell of YUDHISHTHIRA. E. अनन्त, and विजय victory.

अनन्तवीर्य m. (-वीर्यः) The twenty third Jaina Tirthakara of a future age. E. अनन्त endless, and वीर्य power.

अनन्तव्रत n. (-व्रतः) A ceremony performed in honour of VISHNU, on the day of the full moon in Bhadra. E. अनन्त, and व्रत a religious observance.

अनन्तवीर्या f. (-वीर्या) The wife of VASUKI, the king of serpents. E. अनन्त many, and वीर्या a head; many headed.

अनन्त mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्त) Infinite, unbounded, eternal n. (-न्त) 1. Immortality. 2. Eternity. 3. Infinity. E. अन् neg., अन्त final.

अनन्त mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्त) 1 One, sole, without any other. 2. Same, identical. E. अन् neg., अन्त other.

अनन्तगति mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) Having but one refuge. f. (-तिः) One only refuge or asylum. E. अनन्त, and गति motion.

अनन्तगतिक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Having one refuge or hope alone. E. अन् added to the last.

अनन्तज m. (-जः) A name of KARMA or love. E. अन् neg., अन्त other, and ज born; produced only in the heart.

अनन्तता f. (-ता) 1. Singleness. 2. Identity. E. अनन्त, and ता or त्व affix; also अनन्तत्व.

अनन्तपूर्व mfn. (-र्वः-र्वा-र्व) Intact, virgin, never in the prior possession of another. f. (-र्वा) A virgin, a girl not previously wedded. E. अन् neg., अन्त another, पूर्व prior; also with अन् added अनन्तपूर्वक.

अनन्तभव mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Produced or effected by one particular person or thing. E. अनन्त, and भव born.

अनन्तमनस् mfn. (-मः-मा-म) See the next.

अनन्तमनस्क mfn. (-कः-का-क) Intent, attentive, having the mind fixed on one subject, not absent. E. अन् neg., अन्तमनस् or अन्तमनस्क thinking of some thing else.

अनन्तगति mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) Closely attentive, having the mind fixed on one object. E. अन् neg., अन्त other, गति profession.

अनन्तहृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Not stolen or taken, safe. E. अन् neg., अन्त another, हृत taken.

अनन्तहार्य mfn. (-र्यः-र्या-र्य) Incapable of being taken or stolen. E. अन् neg., अन्त another, हार्य to be taken.

अनन्तित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Unconnected with, irrelevant. 2. Devoid of, not possessing. E. अन् neg., अन्तित possessed of.

अनपकरण n. (-णः) 1. Non-requital, not retaliating. 2. Non-resumption. 3. Not doing ill. E. अन् before अपकरण evil doing.

अनपकरण n. (-णः) 1. Non-retaliation. Non-resumption, (of a thing given or paid, &c.) 3. Abstaining from evil. E. अन् before अपकरण; also अनपकरण, अनपक्रिया, &c.

अनपकार m. (-रः) Harmlessness, freedom from hatred and malice. E. अन् neg., अपकार evil doing.

अनपकारिन् mfn. (-रिन्-रिणी-रि) Innocuous. E. अनपकार, and रिन् aff.

अनपक्रिया f. (-या) 1. Non-requital, non-retaliation. 2. Non-acquittance (as of debt, &c.) 3. Non-resumption. 4. Abstaining from offence or evil. E. अन् before अपक्रिया offence, &c.

अनपचित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Dishonoured, disregarded. E. अन् neg., अपचित honoured.

अनपत्य mfn. (-त्यः-त्या-त्य) Childless, having no progeny: so अनपत्यक mfn. (-कः-का-क) E. अन् neg., अपत्य offspring.

अनपर m. (-रः) Name of BRAHMA. E. अन् neg., अपर another.

अनपराध m. (-धः) Innocence. mfn. (-धः-धा-ध) Innocent, sinless. E. अन् neg., अपराध offence.

अनपराधिन् mfn. (-धिन्-धिनी-धि) Innocent, sinless. E. अन् neg., अपराधिन् offending.

अनपाय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Undiminished, unceasing. m. (-यः) Permanence, absence of loss or diminution. E. अन् neg., अपाय loss.

अनपायिन् mfn. (-यिन्-यिनी-यि) 1. Firm, constant, durable, imperishable. 2. Increasing. E. अनपाय permanence, रिन् aff.

अनपेक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्ष) Disregarding, unheeding. f. (-क्ष) Carelessness, indifference, disregard. E. अन् neg., अपेक्षा regard.

अनपेक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Unheeded, disregarded. E. अन् neg., अपेक्षित regarded.

अनपेत mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Present, not passed or gone. 2. Possessed of, not devoid of. E. अन् neg., अपेत gone away.

अनभिमत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Disagreeable, unpleasant, disastrous, unlucky. E. अन् neg. अभिमत liked.

अनभिज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञं) Unwise, stupid. E. अन् neg. अभिज्ञ wise.

अनभिभव m. (-वः) Freedom from obstruction or defeat. E. अन् neg. अभिभव defeat.

अनभिभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Unsubdued, unsurpassed. 2. Unobstructed. E. अन् neg. अभिभूत subdued.

अनभिज्ञाव m. (-वः) Indifference, absence of desire. E. अन् neg. अभिज्ञाव desire.

अनभिज्ञादिन् mfn. (-दी विधी-ति) Indifferent. E. अनभिज्ञाव, and इति aff.

अनभिष्यन्त mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्तं) Indistinct, dim. E. अन् neg. अभिष्यन्त clear.

अनभिषङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) Detachment, disconnection, freedom from affection or attachment. E. अन् neg. अभिषङ्ग connection.

अगम m. (-नः) A Brahman, one who does not salute a Brahman making obeisance to the gods only, and returning salutations, with his blessing. E. अ neg. and गम who salutes.

अनमस्य mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्यं) Unworthy of being saluted. E. अ neg. नमस्य to be saluted.

अनय m. (-यः) 1. Fate. 2. Ill-luck, bad fortune. 3. Calamity, distress. 4. Vice, transgression. E. अन् neg. and अय good fortune.

अनयङ्गत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Fallen into misfortune. E. अनय, and गत gone.

अनर्गल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Self-willed, 'unrestrained'. E. अन् neg. and अर्गल a bolt or bar.

अनर्घ्य mfn. (-र्घ्यः-र्घ्या-र्घ्यं) Invaluable, priceless, not to be bought. E. अन् neg. अर्घ्य price.

अनर्घ्यत्व n. (-त्व) Absence of price or cost, invaluable; also अनर्घ्यता E. त्व or ता added to the last.

अनर्चित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Unworshipped, unreverenced, disrespected. E. अन् neg. अर्चित worshipped.

अनर्थ mfn. (-र्थः-र्था-र्थं) Unmeaning, fruitless, nonsensical. E. अन् neg. अर्थ use.

अनर्थक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Unmeaning, idle, fruitless. n. (-कः) Unmeaning or nonsensical discourse. E. अन् neg. अर्थ meaning, and कन् aff.

अनर्ह mfn. (-र्हः-र्हा-र्हं) Unfit, unworthy, unsuitable. E. अन् neg. अर्ह fit.

अनल m. (-लः) 1. A name of AGNI or fire. 2. One of the eight Vasus or demigods so called. 3. Bile. 4. A plant, (Plumbago zeylanica and rosea.) E. अन् to be, कलच् aff.

अनलप्रिया f. (-या) The wife of AGNI. E. अनल, and प्रिया beloved.

अनलम् ind. Insufficient, unequal, unable, not enough. E. अन् neg. अलम् enough.

अनलि m. (-लिः) A plant, (Æschynomene grandiflora.) See अगस्त्य.

अनमोद mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Excellent, good, uncensured. E. अन् neg. अवगीत disparaged.

अनमय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Resistless, not to be obstructed or impeded. E. अन् neg. अवयय obstruction.

अनमय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Blameless, irreproachable. 2. Unobjectionable, allowable. E. अन् neg. अवयय censurable.

अनवधान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Careless, inattentive. n. (-नः) Inadvertence, inattention, carelessness. E. अन् neg. अवधान care.

अनवधानता f. (-ता) Inadvertence, inattention. E. ता affix, subjoined to the preceding; or with त्व अनवधानत्व.

अनवर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Equal of superior, not younger nor inferior. E. अन् neg. अवर inferior.

अनवरत adj. mfn. or adv. n. (-तः-ता-तं) Eternal, eternally. E. अन् neg. अवरत stopped, ceased.

अनवरार्ह mfn. (-र्हः-र्हा-र्हं) Chief, principal. E. अन् neg. अवरार्ह inferior.

अनवरज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Without support or dependance. E. अन् neg. अवरज support.

अनवसर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Occupied, busy, having no leisure. 2. Unseasonable, inopportune. m. (-रः) 1. Want of leisure or oppor-

tunity. 2. Unseasonableness, inopportune. E. अन् neg. अवसर leisure.

अनवसर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Clean. E. अन् priv. and अवसर dirt.

अनवस्थ mfn. (-स्थः-स्था-स्थं) Unstable, unsteady. 2. Incontinent. f. (-स्थः) 1. Instability, absence of fixed state or condition. 2. Uncertainty, doubt. 3. Incontinence, dissoluteness. 4. (In logic,) the abstract nature of a thing, independent of its existence. E. अन् neg. अवस्था condition.

अनवस्थान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Unsteady, mutable, variable, not stationary. n. (-नः) 1. Instability. 2. Wrong situation or direction. 3. Misconduct. m. (-नः) Wind. E. अन् neg. अवस्थान fixture.

अनवस्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Unfixed, unsteady, unstable, inconstant. 2. Loose, abandoned, violating moral and legal restraint. E. अन् neg. अवस्थित steady.

अनवस्थिति f. (-तिः) 1. Unsteadiness, instability. 2. Dissoluteness, profligacy. E. अन् neg. and अवस्थिति stability.

अनवाप्त mfn. (-प्तः-प्ता-प्तं) Unobtained. E. अन् neg. अवाप्त obtained.

अनशन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) One who fasts. n. (-नः) A fast, fasting. E. अन् neg. and अशन eating.

अनन्तर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Eternal, imperishable. E. अ neg. and नन्तर transient.

अनन् n. (-नः) 1. A cart. 2. Boiled rice. 3. A mother. 4. Birth. 5. Life, breath. E. अन् to live, असुन् aff.

अनन्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Not envious. f. (-या) 1. The wife or the sage ATRI. 2. Exemption from envy. E. अन् neg. अनया envy.

अनन्यक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Unenvious. E. अन् neg. अनया, and कन् aff.

अनन्यु mfn. (-युः-यु-यु) Free from envy. E. अन् neg. अनय to envy, उत् aff.

अनहङ्कार m. (-रः) 1. Absence of pride, humility. 2. The absence of the pride of individuality : one of the elements of creation, according to the Védanta system. E. अन् neg. अहङ्कार pride.

अनहङ्कारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Philosophical, humble, not proud, not selfish. E. अन् neg. अहङ्कारिन् proud.

अनहङ्गति f. (-तिः) Content, satisfaction, the absence of care or vanity. E. अन् neg. अहङ्गति pride.

अनाकार mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Shapeless, without form. E. अन् neg. आकार form.

अनाकाल n. (-लं) Scarcity, famine. E. अन् neg. आङ् before काल time.

अनाकालधृत m. (-तः) A slave, one who has given himself to slavery, in a season of scarcity, for support. E. अनाकाल, and धृत nourished.

अनाकुल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Unperplexed, collected, composed. E. अन् neg. and आकुल perplexed, confused.

अनाकान्त mfn. (-न्तः-ना-न्तं) Unsurpassed, unsubdued. f. (-न्ता) A sort of prickly nightshade, (Solanum jacquini, WILD.) See कण्टकारी. E. अन् neg. आकान्त surpassed.

अनाचारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Not calumniated, free from reproach or censure. E. अन् neg. आचारित censured.

अनागत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Not come, not arrived : (of a person, absent;) future, (of time.) 2. Unknown, undistinguished. 3. Not acquired, learned or obtained. E. अन् neg. आगत come, &c.

अनागतार्तवा f. (-वा) A young girl, one not arrived at puberty. E. अन् neg. आगत arrived, and आर्तव from अतु the menstrual flux, who has not menstruated.

अनागत m. (-नः) 1. Non-arrival of person or time. 2. Non-acquisition. mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Not arrived, not present. 2. Not having or obtaining. 3. Not scriptural. 4. Not having vouchers or deeds. E. अन् neg. आगत arrival, &c.

अनागम्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Unapproachable, inaccessible. 2. Unobtainable. E. अन् neg. आगम्य to be approached.

अनाचर n. (-चः) Improper or immoral conduct. E. अन् neg. आचर moral rule or practice.

- अनाचार mfn.** (-रः-रा-र) Immoral, ill behaved, indecent. **m.** (-रः) impriety, violation of moral or civil rule or institute. **z.** अन् neg. आचार moral rule.
- अनाचारिन् mfn.** (-री-रिरी-रि) Immoral, indecorous, indecent. **z.** अन् neg. आचारिन् decent.
- अनाच्छ mfn.** (-यः-या-य) Poor, without wealth. **z.** अन् neg. आच्छ rich.
- अनातप m.** (-पः) 1. Shade, shadow. 2. Coolness. **z.** अन् neg. and आतप heat, moral or physical.
- अनातुर mfn.** (-रः-रा-र) Well, vigorous, free from sickness or pain. **z.** अन् neg. आतुर diseased.
- अनात्मनीय mfn.** (-नः-ना-न) Disinterested, liberal, not regarding self alone. **z.** अन् neg. आत्मनीय selfish.
- अनाय mfn.** (-यः-या-य) Without a master or protector, without a husband, &c. **z.** अन् neg. नाय master.
- अनादर m.** (-रः) disrespect. **z.** अन् neg. and आदर respect.
- अनादि mfn.** (-दिः-दि-दि) Eternal, without any beginning, unborn, uncreate. **z.** अन् neg. आदि beginning.
- अनादित्व n.** (-त्वं) Eternity, exemption from commencement or birth. Also अनादिता. **z.** ता or त्व added to the last.
- अनादिष्ट mfn.** (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) 1. Denied, refused, dissented. 2. Not directed, advised or commanded. **z.** अन् neg. आदिष्ट directed.
- अनादीनय mfn.** (-यः-या-य) Pure, faultless. **z.** अन् neg. आदीनय faulty.
- अनाहत mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Disrespected, despised. **z.** अन् neg. and आहत respected.
- अनादय mfn.** (-यः-या-य) Inadmissible, unacceptable, not to be taken or received. **z.** अन् neg. आदय to be taken.
- अनाधुष्य mfn.** (-यः-या-य) Unconquerable, indomitable. **z.** अन् neg. आधुष्य to be tamed.
- अनापन्न mfn.** (-न्नः-न्ना-न्न) Unobtained, unattained. **z.** अन् neg. आपन्न obtained.
- अनाप्त mfn.** (-प्तः-प्ता-प्त) 1. Unskillful, unapt. 2. Uneffected, unobtained. **z.** अन् neg. आप्त fit.
- अनामक mfn.** (-कः-का-क) Nameless, noteless. **m.** (-कः) The intercalary month. **n.** (-कः) Piles or haemorrhoids. **z.** अन् bad, नामक from नामन् a name, with कन् aff.
- अनामन् m.** (-मा) The ring finger. See अनामिका.
- अनामय n.** (-यः) Health. **z.** अन् neg. and आमय sickness.
- अनामिका f.** (-का) The ring finger. **z.** अन् neg. and नामिका deriv. of नामन् a name, having no other name.
- अनायत mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Unchecked, unrestrained. 2. Close, continuous, unseparated. 3. Unextended, having no length. **z.** अन् neg. आयत restrained.
- अनायत mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Independent, uncontrolled. **z.** अन् neg. आयत dependent.
- अनायतार्हता f.** (-ता) Independence, self subsistence. **z.** अनायत, and इति or इतिता business.
- अनायास m.** (-सः) Exemption from pain or difficulty, facility, ease. 2. Absence of exertion, idleness, neglect. **z.** अन् neg. आयास effort.
- अनायासकृत mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Done readily or easily. 2. In medicine, prepared, extemporaneously simply decorated, (medicine or drugs.) **z.** अन् neg. आयास effort, pains, and कृत made, made without trouble.
- अनाज्व n.** (-ज्व) 1 Crookedness, moral or physical. 2. Disease. **z.** अन् neg. आज्व straightness.
- अनारत adj. mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) adv. **n.** (-तः) Eternal, eternally. **z.** अन् neg. and आ prefixed to रत to be pleased, क्त affixed; having no rest.
- अनारम्भ m.** (-म्भः) 1. Defect of commencement, being without a beginning. 2. Non-commencement, not attempting or undertaking. **z.** अन् neg. आरम्भ beginning.
- अनारीय n.** (-यः) Sickness. **z.** अन् neg. आरीय health.
- अनारीयकर mfn.** (-रः-रा-री-र) Unwholesome, unhealthy, causing sickness. **z.** अनारीय, and कर what makes.
- अनाय्य mfn.** (-यः-या-य) Unworthy, inferior, bad, vile. **z.** अन् neg. (आय्य) respectable.
- अनाय्यक n.** (-कः) Agallochum or aloes wood, (Aquila agallocha, Rox.) See the next.
- अनाय्यज mfn.** (-जः-जा-ज) Of vile or unworthy origin. **n.** (-जः) Agallochum or aloes wood, (Aquila agallocha.) See अनुज. **z.** अन् priv. आय्य respectable, and ज produced; the perfume being brought from the country of Mlech'chas or barbarians.
- अनाय्यता f.** (-ता) Vileness, unworthiness, baseness; also अनाय्यत्व. **z.** ता or त्व added to अनाय्य.
- अनाय्यतिष्ठ m.** (-तिष्ठः) A medicinal plant, a kind of gentian, (Gentiana cherayta, Rox.) **z.** अनय्य inferior, and तिष्ठ bitter.
- अनालम्ब mfn.** (-लम्बः-लम्बा-लम्ब) Unsupported, without stay or support. **z.** अन् neg. आलम्ब support.
- अनालाप mfn.** (-पः-पा-प) Silent, taciturn. **m.** (-पः) Taciturnity. **z.** अन् neg. आलाप conversing.
- अनालोचित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Unseen, unbeheld. 2. Unweighed, unconsidered, rash, imprudent. **z.** अन् neg. आलोचित seen.
- अनाविल mfn.** (-विलः-विला-विल) Clear, clean, pure. **z.** अन् neg. and आविल turbid.
- अनाहत mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Uncovered, undressed. 2. Open, uninclosed. **z.** अन् neg. आहत covered.
- अनाहत mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Not stirred or turned round. 2. Not retreating. **z.** अन् neg. and आहत whirled.
- अनाहृष्टि f.** (-ष्टिः) Drought. **z.** अन् neg. आ before हृष्टि rain.
- अनाश्रय mfn.** (-श्रयः-श्रया-श्रय) Indestructible. **z.** अन् neg. नाश्रय to be destroyed.
- अनाश्रय m.** (-यः) Detachment, absence of attachment or dependence. **z.** अन् neg. आश्रय asylum.
- अनाश्रित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Detached, disengaged, unconcerned in or unconnected with. **z.** अन् neg. आश्रित dependent.
- अनाश्रय mfn.** (-श्रयः-श्रया-श्रय) Fasting, not eating. **z.** अन् neg. आश्रय eating.
- अनासादित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Not occurred, not having happened, non-existent. **z.** अन् neg. आसादित effected.
- अनासिक mfn.** (-सिकः-सिका-सिक) Noseless. **z.** अन् neg. and नासिका the nose.
- अनास्था f.** (-स्था) 1. Disrespect. 2. Want of fixity or condition. **z.** अन् neg. आस्था station.
- अनाहत mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Unhurt, unbeaten, unwounded, intact. 2. New and unbleached, (as cloth.) **m.** (-तः) The fourth of the mystical Chakras or circles of the body. **z.** अन् neg. and आहत beaten.
- अनाहार n.** (-रः) 1. Abstinence, starvation. 2. Non-production. 3. Non-seizure. **z.** अन् neg. आहार food, &c.
- अनाहारिन् mfn.** (-री-रिरी-रि) 1. Not seizing. 2. Fasting. **z.** अन् neg. and आहारिन् who takes food.
- अनाहार्य mfn.** (-यः-या-य) 1. Not to be seized or taken, not producible. 2. Not to be eaten. **z.** अन् neg. आहार्य to be taken, &c.
- अनाहत mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Uncalled, unbidden; also अनारत. **z.** अन् neg. आहत called.
- अनिष्ठ m.** (-ष्ठः) A sort of long grass or reed, (Saccharum spontaneum.) **z.** अन् neg. and इष्ठ sugar-cane; not it, but it's like.
- अनिगीर्ष mfn.** (-गीर्षः-गीर्षी-गीर्ष) Unuttered, unsaid. **z.** अन् neg. निगीर्ष uttered.
- अनिग्रह mfn.** (-ग्रहः-ग्रहा-ग्रह) Unrestrained. **z.** अन् neg. निग्रह restraint.
- अनिच्छ mfn.** (-च्छः-च्छा-च्छ) Undesirous, averse, indifferent; so अनिच्छन्. **z.** अन्, and इच्छा wish.
- अनिच्छा f.** (-च्छा) Indifference, absence of wish or desire. **z.** अन् neg. इच्छा desire.
- अनिच्छु mfn.** (-च्छुः-च्छुः-च्छु) 1. Disliking, not wishing. 2. Indifferent. **z.** अन् neg. इच्छु who wishes; also अनिच्छक.

- निमित्त mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) 1. Transient, not everlasting. 2. Occasional, incidental. 3. Irregular, unusual. ३. च neg. निमित्त constant.
- निमित्तिका f. (-त्ता) An occasional act of worship, sacrifice for a special purpose. ३. च निमित्त occasional, not constant, and निमित्तिका rite, also च निमित्तिका, &c.
- निमित्तता f. (-ता) Transient or limited existence : also च निमित्तता ३. ता or त added to the last.
- निमित्तम् m. (-म्) Arguing by illustration, not by logical rule. ३. च निमित्त unusual, and सम same.
- निमित्तान् mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्तं) Causeless, groundless. ३. च neg. निमित्तान्.
- निद्रा mfn. (-द्रः-द्रा-द्रं) Awake, sleepless. ३. च neg. निद्रा sleep.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Pious, virtuous, free, unrepachable. ३. च neg. and निद्रित reproached.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Faultless. ३. च neg. निद्रित blamable.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unskilled, unlearned, not conversant. ३. च neg. निद्रित clever.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) 1. Unproduced, unseized. 2. Unasked. ३. च neg. निद्रित attached.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) 1. Unsteady (as the mind), agitated. 2. Tremulous, moving. ३. च neg. निद्रित held firmly.
- निद्रित m. (-त्तः) 1. A god. 2. A fish. 3. A person whose eyes are fixed, (as in disease), &c. ३. च neg. and निद्रित what twinkles ; the eyes being always fixed.
- निद्रितार्थ m. (-र्थः) A name of VRIHASPATI. ३. च निद्रितार्थ a deity, and चार्थार्थ a teacher ; the preceptor of the gods.
- निद्रित m. (-त्तः) 1. A deity. 2. A fish. 3. A demon. 4. A spirit or ghost. 5. A person whose eyes are fixed. See च निद्रित.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) 1. Transitory, perishable. 2. Unrestrained. 3. Undefined, unprescribed. ३. च neg. निद्रित restrained.
- निद्रित m. (-त्तः) 1. Uncertainty, doubt. 2. Absence of moral or religious obligation. 3. Indecorous or improper conduct. mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Undetermined, undefined, unprovided for, by any rule or law. ३. च neg. निद्रित fixed observance.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unchecked, unobstructed. ३. च neg. निद्रित opposed.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) 1. A spy, a secret emissary. 2. Self willed, ungovernable, headstrong. 3. Unobstructed, unrestrained. m. (-त्तः) The son of PRADYUMNA, a form of KA'MA, and husband of USHA'. n. (-त्तः) The rope for fastening cattle. ३. च neg. निद्रित restrained.
- निद्रित n. (-त्तः) 1. The atmosphere, æther. 2. An unobstructed path. ३. च निद्रित unobstructed, and पथिन् a road.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) A proper name. See उवा. ३. च निद्रित, and भाविनी a wife ; the wife of ANIRUDDHA.
- निद्रित m. (-त्तः) Uncertainty. ३. च neg. निद्रित certainty.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unascertained, undetermined. ३. च neg. निद्रित ascertained.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Undecidable, incapable of being decided. ३. च neg. निद्रित decidable.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unexplained, undefined. ३. च neg. निद्रित explained.
- निद्रित m. (-त्तः) Absence of demonstration or direction. ३. च neg. निद्रित instruction.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unascertained, undetermined, undefined. ३. च neg. निद्रित defined.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Little, slight, light. ३. च neg. निद्रित bulky.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Dirty, foul. ३. च neg. निद्रित clean.
- निद्रित f. (-त्ता) A plant. (Medicago esculenta, Rox.) See उवा. ३. च not, निद्रित out from, and मातृ from मातृ a necklace ; not used in garlands.

- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Not to be mentioned or described, indescribable. ३. च neg. निद्रित describable.
- निद्रित m. (-त्तः) 1. Incoherence, want of connexion or consistency. 2. Want of means of subsistence. 3. Incompleteness. ३. च neg. निद्रित connexion.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) 1. Disgusted. 2. Poor, needy. ३. च neg. निद्रित satisfied.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः) Free from pain or trouble. ३. च neg. निद्रित what annoys.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) 1. Discontented. 2. Unquiet discomposed. 3. Unaccomplished, unfulfilled. ३. च neg. निद्रित effected.
- निद्रित f. (-त्तः) 1. Poverty. 2. Discontent. 3. Incompleteness. ३. च neg. निद्रित completion.
- निद्रित m. (-त्तः) 1. Air or wind considered also as a deity. 2. A subordinate deity, forty-nine of form whom a class, ANILAS or winds. 3. One of another class demigods or Vasus. 4. Wind, as one of the humors of the body. 5. Rheumatism, paralysis, or any affection referred to disorder of the wind. ३. च to breathe, रुद्ध aff. f. (-त्तः) The fifteenth Nakshatra or lunar mansion. See स्वाति. ३. च निद्रित and the fem. termination : the wind being the ruling deity of the constellation.
- निद्रित m. (-त्तः) A large tree, (Terminalia belerica.) ३. च निद्रित, च what removes, च added.
- निद्रित m. (-त्तः) Pain and swelling of the eyelids and outer parts of the eye. ३. च निद्रित, and पथिन् pervasion.
- निद्रित m. (-त्तः) A name of fire. ३. च निद्रित, and रुद्ध a friend, the friend of the wind.
- निद्रित m. (-त्तः) The son of the wind, HANUMAN or BHIMA. ३. च निद्रित, and चार्थार्थ son.
- निद्रित m. (-त्तः) 1. Flatulence. 2. Morbid affection of the wind, rheumatism, &c. ३. च निद्रित, and चार्थार्थ sickness.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Fasting, lit. feeding on the wind. ३. च निद्रित, and चार्थार्थ who eats.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unconsidered, inconsiderate, imprudent. ३. च neg. निद्रित regarded.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unconsidered, ill judged, undiscriminated. ३. च neg. निद्रित revolved.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unchecked, unimpeded, unopposed, unforbidden. ३. च neg. निद्रित checked.
- निद्रित n. (-त्तः) Eternally, eternal, (not employed as an adjective). ३. च neg. and निद्रित from निद्रित night ; having no night or end.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unascertained, not certain. ३. च neg. निद्रित ascertained.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unwished, undesirable, bad, unlucky. f. (-त्ता) A plant, (Sida alba.) ३. च neg. रुद्ध wished.
- निद्रित f. (-त्ता) Unsteadfastness, unsteadiness. ३. च neg. निद्रित fixedness.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unskilful, ignorant. ३. च neg. निद्रित clever.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Imperfect, incomplete. ३. च neg. निद्रित completed.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unprohibited, unforbidden. ३. च neg. निद्रित prohibited.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unnaturally elated or depressed. ३. च neg. निद्रित natural condition.
- निद्रित mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) 1. Unanswered, unrefuted. 2. Not set aside or got over. ३. च neg. निद्रित replied to.
- निद्रित mn. (-त्तः-त्तं) 1. An army forces. 2. War, combat. ३. च to live, and रुद्ध Unadi aff.
- निद्रित m. (-त्तः) 1. An armed or royal guard, a sentinel. 2. A warrior, a combatant. 3. The trainer of an elephant, an elephant driver. 4. A mark, a sign, a signal. 5. A military drum. ३. च निद्रित battle, and रुद्ध what stays.



**अनौजिनी f. (-नी)** 1. An army, a host, forces. 2. A certain force; one-tenth of an Akshouhini, containing two thousand, one hundred and eighty-seven elephants, and as many cars, six thousand, five hundred and sixty-seven horses, and ten thousand, nine hundred and thirty-five foot. 3 A lotus. E. अनौक an army, इति aff.

**अनौच mfn. (-चः-चा-च)** Decent, respectable. E. च neg. नीच low.

**अनीचानुवर्तिन् mfn. (-र्त्ति-र्त्तिनी-र्त्ति)** Not keeping low or improper company. m. (-र्त्ति) A faithful lover or husband. E. च neg. नीच low, अनुवर्तिन् following.

**अनीचदर्शिन् m. (-र्शि)** A Buddha saint. E. च neg. नीच low, दर्शिन् who sees.

**अनीति f. (-तिः)** 1. Impropriety, immorality. 2. Impolicy, ill conduct. E. च neg. नीति good conduct.

**अनीदृश mfn. (-शः-शी-श)** Unlike, dissimilar. E. च neg. ईदृश like.

**अनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य)** One who has not a lord or superior. m. (-यः) VISHNU. E. चन् neg. ईश lord.

**अनीयर mfn. (-रः-रा-र)** 1. Without a superior. 2. Unchecked, uncontrolled. 3. Without power, powerless, unable. 4. Atheist. E. चन् neg. ईयर a supreme.

**अनीयरता f. (-ता)** Absence of a supreme ruler. E. ता or ल added to the last; also अनौयरत्वं.

**अनीयरवादिन् m. (-दी)** An atheist, one who denies a supreme ruler of the universe. E. अनौयर, and वादिन् who asserts.

**अनीह mfn. (-हः-हा-ह)** Careless, indifferent. E. चन् neg. ईहा wish.

**अनीहा f. (-हा)** Indifference, apathy, disinclination. E. चन् neg. ईहा wish.

**अनीहित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Disagreeable, displeasing, unwished. n. (-त) Displeasure. E. चन्, and ईहित desired.

**अनु ind.** A preposition and prefix, implying 1. After. 2. Like, in same manner. 3. Under, inferior to. 4. Along, lengthwise. 5. With, together with. 6. In part of. 7. Severally, each, by each. 8. Near to. 9 In regard to. 10 To, out to, (calling.) 11. Orderly, methodical. As अनुकर्तुं to act like; अनुगन्तुं to follow; अनुक्रमितुं to proceed in order; अनुव्रियतुं to repent, &c.; also, अनुकूपं according to the form; अनुविणु according to VISHNU; अनुगङ्गां upon or along the Ganges. See also the following words. E. चन् to live and ज aff.

**अनुक mfn. (-कः-का-क)** Lustful, libidinous. E. अनु and क from क्त to desire.

**अनुकथन n. (-न)** Discourse, conversation. E. अनु and कथन speaking.

**अनुकम्पा f. (-म्पा)** Tenderness, compassion. E. अनु before कपि to tremble, and affix चच्, and टाप्.

**अनुकम्पा mfn. (-म्पाः-म्पा-म्पा)** 1. Swift, expeditions. 2. Pitiable, worthy of tenderness or compassion. E. अनु before कपि to tremble, य aff.

**अनुकरण n. (-य)** 1. Imitation, making or doing any thing like or in imitation of another, following an example. 2. Resemblance, similarity. E. अनु, and करण making.

**अनुकर्षन् n. (-र्ष)** 1. Imitation. 2. A subsequent rite or ceremony. E. अनु, and कर्षन् act.

**अनुकर्ष m. (-र्षः)** 1. The bottom of a carriage. 2. Invoking, summoning by incantation. 3. Attraction, drawing E. अनु before, कृष to drag or furrow, and चच् aff.

**अनुकर्षण n. (-ण)** 1. Invoking, summoning by incantations. 2. Attracting, attraction. 3. Including a subsequent in a preceding rule. E. अनु, and कृष to draw, लुट् aff.

**अनुकर्षण् m. (-णः)** The bottom of a carriage. See अनुकर्ष.

**अनुकल्प m. (-ल्पः)** 1. An alternative, a substitute. 2. A secondary, subsidiary or succedaneous injunction; as, instead Kuśa grass use Durba. E. अनु after and कल्प a principal precept.

**अनुकामम् ind.** According to wish or inclination. E. अनु and काम desire.

**अनुकामीन् m. (-मः)** 1. One who goes as he lists. 2. One who acts as he pleases. E. अनुकाम and ईन्, for गमिन् who goes.

**अनुकार m. (-रः)** 1. Imitation. 2. Resemblance. E. अनु like, and कृच् to do, with चच् aff.

**अनुकारिन् mfn. (-रि-रिषी-रि)** Imitating, an imitator. E. अनुकार, and रि aff.

**अनुकूल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल)** Friendly, well disposed to, favourable or conformable to. m. (-लः) A faithful husband. f. (-ला) Orotan polyanthrum. n. (-लः) Favour, kindness. E. अनु, and कूल race, family.

**अनुकूलता f. (-ता)** Concord, good will, consent. E. अनुकूल, and ता affix; also with ल, अनुकूलत्वं.

**अनुकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Copied, imitated, made like or done in like manner. E. अनु, and कृत made.

**अनुकृच्छ mfn. (-चः-चा-च)** Serrated, dentated. E. अनु like, कृच्छ a saw.

**अनुक्रम m. (-मः)** Order, method. E. अनु methodically, and क्रम to go, with चच् aff.

**अनुक्रमण n. (-णः)** 1. Proceeding methodically or in order. 2. Following. E. अनु, and क्रमण going.

**अनुक्रमणिका f. (-का)** A table or chapter of contents. E. कन् fem. form added to the last.

**अनुक्रान्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Done methodically, passed over, read, &c. in due order. E. अनु, and क्रान्त gone.

**अनुक्रिया f. (-या)** 1. Imitation, doing any thing subsequently or in like manner. 2. A subsequent rite or ceremony. E. अनु and क्रिया act.

**अनुक्रोश m. (-शः)** Tenderness, compassion. E. अनु, and कृच् to bewail, चच् aff.

**अनुचय n. adv. (-य)** Momentarily, perpetually. E. अनु, and चय a moment.

**अनुग mfn. (-गः-गा-ग)** 1. Following. 2. A follower, a servant. m. (-गः) A husband, a master. E. अनु after, and ग who goes.

**अनुगत mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** 1. Followed literally or figuratively, as by a dependent, &c. 2. Following, a follower or a dependent. 3. Acquired, obtained. 4. Determined, defined. E. अनु, and गत gone.

**अनुगम m. (-मः)** 1. Following, going after in life or death. 2. Imitating, approaching. E. अनु, and गम going.

**अनुगमन n. (-न)** 1. Going after, following. 2. Dying after, as of a widow. See अनुमरण E. अनु, and गमन going.

**अनुगम्य mfn. (-यः-या-य)** Worthy of being followed or imitated. E. अनु, and गम्य to be gone.

**अनुगवीन m. (-नः)** A cowherd. E. अनु and गवीन belonging to kine.

**अनुगामिन् m. (-मी)** 1. A companion a follower. 2. One who goes behind or after. E. अनु after or with, and गमिन् who goes.

**अनुगुण mfn. (-णः-या-य)** According or suitable to, according to merit or property. E. अनु, and गुण quality.

**अनुग्रहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Favoured, obliged. E. अनु, and ग्रहीत taken.

**अनुग्रह mfn. (-यः-या-य)** Calm, gentle, not violent. E. चन् neg. उग्र fierce.

**अनुग्रह m. (-हः)** Favour; conferring benefits, promoting good, and preventing ill. E. अनु afterwards, ग्रह to take, and चच् aff.

**अनुयाहिन् mfn. (-हि-हिषी-हि)** Gracious, favourable. E. अनु, and याहिन् who takes.

**अनुवर m. (-रः)** 1. A companion, a follower. 2. A servant. f. (-री) A female companion. E. अनु with or after, and वर to go, ट aff.

**अनुवारिन् mfn. (-रि-रिषी-रि)** Following, attending. E. अनु before, वारिन् who goes.

**अनुचित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Improper, wrong. E. चन् neg. उचित proper.

**अनुचिन्ता f. (-न्ता)** Thinking of, meditating upon, recalling, recollecting. E. अनु subsequent, चिन्ता thought.

**अनुचिन्तित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Recollected, recalled, thought of. E. अनु and चिन्तित thought.

**अनुच mfn. (-चः-चा-च)** Low, not high, humble. E. चन् neg. उच high.

**अनुच्छिद mfn. (-दः-दा-द)** Pure, purified by austerity and devotion. E. चन् neg. and उच्छिद rejected.



**अनुज** mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Born after, later, younger. m. (-जः) A younger brother. f. (-जा) A younger sister. **अनु** after, **ज** born.

**अनुज्यन्** mfn. (-ज्या-ज्या-ज्य) Younger, junior. **अनु** after, and **जन्** birth.

**अनुजात** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) After-born, later, younger. m. (-तः) A younger brother. f. (-ता) A younger sister. **अनु** after, **जात** born.

**अनुजित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Undiminished, unimpaired, not left or lost. **अनु** neg. **उजित** left.

**अनुजीविन्** mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) 1. Servant dependent. 2. A companion, a follower. **अनु** after or with, and **जीविन्** who lives.

**अनुज्ञा** f. (-ज्ञा) 1. An order or command. 2. Assent. **अनु** according to, **ज्ञा** to know, and **ज्ञिप्** aff.

**अनुज्ञात** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Ordered, directed, instructed. 2. Assented to, permitted, allowed. 3. Accepted. 4. Acknowledged, recognised. **अनु** and **ज्ञात** known.

**अनुज्ञापक** m. (-कः) One who commands or enjoins. **अनु**, and **ज्ञापक** who makes known.

**अनुत्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Heated. 2. Filled with regret or repentance. **अनु**, and **तप्त** heated.

**अनुतर** n. (-रः) Fare, freight. **अनु**, and **तर** what crosses.

**अनुतर्ष** m. (-र्षः) 1. Thirst. 2. Wish. 3. A drinking vessel, one used to drink spirituous liquors from. See **अनुतर्षे**. **अनु** and **तर्षे**, from **हृष** to thirst, and **चञ्** aff.

**अनुतर्षे** n. (-र्षे) 1. A vessel from which spirituous liquor is drunk. 2. Distributing liquor. **अनु** before **हृष** to be thirsty, and **च्युद्** aff.

**अनुताप** m. (-पः) 1. Repentance. 2. Heat. **अनु** afterwards, and **ताप** heat, pain.

**अनुतापिन्** mfn. (-पि-पिनी-पि) Penitent, regretting. **अनुताप** and **इति** aff.

**अनुत्क** mfn. (-त्कः-त्का-त्कं) Free from regret, possessed of self-complacency. **अनु** neg. **उत्क** sorry.

**अनुत्कर्ष** m. (-र्षः) Inferiority. **अनु** neg. **उत्कर्ष** superiority.

**अनुत्तम** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Chief, principal, best. 2. Worse, inferior, not best. **अनु** neg. and **उत्तम** best.

**अनुत्तर** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Chief, principal. 2. Best, excellent. 3. Unable to answer, silent. 4. Fixed, firm. 5. Low, inferior. 6. South, southern. n. (-तः) A reply which is incoherent or evasive, and is therefore held to be no answer. **अनु** neg. and **उत्तर** subsequent, &c.

**अनुत्तान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Lying with the face to the ground. **अनु** neg. **उत्तान** sleeping, supine

**अनुत्पत्ति** f. (-त्तिः) 1. Failure. 2. Non-production. **अनु** neg. **उत्पत्ति** production.

**अनुत्पन्न** mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्नं) 1. Uneffected, unaccomplished. 2. Unborn, unproduced. **अनु** neg. **उत्पन्न** produced.

**अनुदग** mfn. (-गः-गा-गं) 1. Very lofty. 2. Not lofty, low. **अनु** neg. **उदग** lofty.

**अनुदर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Thin, lank. **अनु** neg. **उदर** belly.

**अनुदात** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Unaccented. m. (-तः) One of the three accents to be observed in reading the Vedas, the grave accent. **अनु** neg. **उद्** high, and **दात** pronounced, from **दा** to give, **दाच्** prefixed, to speak, and **त** affixed : pronouncing the vowels in a low and full tone.

**अनुदार** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Liberal, munificent. 2. Niggardly, mean. 3. Adhered to or followed by a wife. **अनु** neg. **उदार** liberal, or **अनु**, and **दार** wife.

**अनुदित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Unrisen. 2. Unsaid, unuttered. **अनु** neg. **उदित** risen or said.

**अनुदिन** adv. n. (-नं) Daily. **अनु** and **दिन** day.

**अनुदत्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Unsurpassed, unequalled. 2. Unopposed. 3. Humble. **अनु** neg. **उदत्त** proud, &c.

**अनुदरच** n. (-चः) 1. Non-removal. 2. Not offering. 3. Not establishing or proving. **अनु** neg. **उदरच** taking away.

**अनुद्वार** m. (-रः) 1. Non-partition, not taking a share. 2. Non-removal. **अनु** neg. **उद्वार** partition.

**अनुदुत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Non-removed, not taken away. 2. Uninjured, undestroyed. 3. Unoffered. 4. Undivided, unpartitioned. 5. Unestablished, unproved. **अनु** neg. **उदुत** removed.

**अनुद्युत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Inactive, idle, destitute of perseverance. **अनु** neg. **उद्युत** active.

**अनुद्योग** m. (-गः) Absence of exertion or effort, laziness. **अनु** neg. **उद्योग** effort.

**अनुद्योगिन्** mfn. (-गी-गिनी-गि) Lazy, indifferent. **अनुद्योग**, and **इति** aff.

**अनुदुत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Followed, pursued. n. (-तः) A measure of time in music, half a Druta, or one fourth of a Matra or time taken to articulate a short vowel. **अनु** after, and **दुत** gone, escaped.

**अनुद्वार** m. (-रः) Celibacy. **अनु** neg. **उद्वार** marriage.

**अनुद्विष** mfn. (-षः-षा-षं) Easy, free from apprehension or perplexity. **अनु** neg. **उद्विष** anxious.

**अनुद्वेग** mfn. (-गः-गा-गं) Free from anxiety. m. (-गः) Freedom from anxiety. **अनु** neg. **उद्वेग** anxiety.

**अनुधावन** n. (-नं) 1. Chasing, pursuit, running after. 2. Pursuit of any object, as of a mistress, &c. **अनु**, and **धावन** running.

**अनुधावित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Pursued, run after, literally or figuratively. **अनु**, and **धावित** run.

**अनुनय** m. (-यः) 1. Salutation, courtesy, civility, shewing respect or adoration to a guest or a deity. 2. Regulation of conduct, discipline, tuition. **अनु** and **नय**, from **नीच्** to guide or lead, and **चञ्** aff.

**अनुनयिन्** mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) Courteous, humble. **अनुनय**, and **इति** aff.

**अनुनाद** m. (-दः) Sound, consequent sound, vibration, echo. **अनु**, and **नाद** noise.

**अनुनासिक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Nasal, uttered through the nose. **अनु** and **नासिका** the nose.

**अनुनीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Trained, disciplined. 2. Obtained, acquired. 3. Taught. 4. Respected. 5. Pleased, pacified, appeased. **अनु**, and **नीत** brought.

**अनुन्यात** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sane, sober, not wild, not mad : so **अनुन्याद**. **अनु** neg. **अन्यात** mad.

**अनुप** mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) Watery, marshy ; more usually **अनुप**.

**अनुपकारिन्** mfn. (-रि-रिषी-रि) Not assisting, neglecting, ungrateful. **अनु** neg. **उपकारिन्** assisting.

**अनुपकृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Unassisted. **अनु** neg. **उपकृत** assisted.

**अनुपतन** n. (-नं) 1. Falling on or upon. 2. Following. **अनु**, and **पतन** falling, &c.

**अनुपतित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Fallen, descended. 2. Followed. **अनु**, and **पतित** fallen.

**अनुपदिष्ट** mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) Untaught, uninstructed. **अनु** neg. **उपदिष्ट** advised.

**अनुपदम्** ind. 1. Following. 2. Step by step. 3. Upon the foot. n. (-दं) A burthen, a word or passage repeated. **अनु**, and **पद** a foot.

**अनुपदिन्** m. (-दि) A searcher, an inquirer, one who follows or seeks for. **अनुपदम्** following, and **इति** aff.

**अनुपदीना** f. (-ना) A boot, a buskin. **अनुपद** upon the foot, and **छा** aff.

**अनुपपन्न** mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्नं) Undetermined, not established. **अनु** neg. **उपपन्न** fixed.

**अनुपपन्न** m. (-न्नः) Failure of proof or determination, uncertainty, doubt. **अनु** neg. **उपपन्न** ascertainment.

**अनुपपत्ति** f. (-त्तिः) 1. Not supporting an assertion by good argument, inconclusive argumentation. 2. Non-completion, not effecting or accomplishing, failure. **अनु** neg. **उपपत्ति** demonstration.

चनुपपन्न mfn. (-न्नः-त्ता-न्नं) 1. Not done, unaccomplished, uneffected. 2. Unproved, undemonstrated. ३. चन् neg. उपपन्न effected.

चनुपपन्न mfn. (-न्नः-त्ता-न्नं) following, conforming to. ३. चन्, and प्रपन्न done.

चनुपपन्न mfn. (-न्नः-त्ता-न्नं) Unenjoyed, unpossessed. ३. चन् neg. उपपन्न enjoyed.

चनुपम mfn. (-मः-त्ता-मं) Excellent, best. f. (-मा) The female elephant of the south-east, or of the north-east. ३. चन् neg. and उपमा resemblance; above comparison.

चनुपमेय mfn. (-यः-त्ता-यं) Incomparable: so चनुपमित mfn. (-तः-त्ता-तं) ३. चन् neg. उपमित compared, or उपमेय comparable.

चनुपयुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-त्ता-क्तं) Useless, unnecessary, unserviceable. ३. चन् neg. उपयुक्त serviceable.

चनुपयोग m. (-गः) Unserviceableness, uselessness. ३. चन् neg. उपयोग utility.

चनुपलक्षित mfn. (-तः-त्ता-तं) Unmarked, undiscovered, ३. चन् neg. उपलक्षित marked.

चनुपलब्ध mfn. (-ब्धः-त्ता-ब्धं) 1. Unperceived, unascertained. 2. Unobtained. ३. चन् neg. उपलब्ध obtained.

चनुपशय m. (-यः) Any aggravating thing or circumstance, (in medicine) what increases the disease. ३. चन् neg. उपशय a palliative.

चनुपकृत mfn. (-तः-त्ता-तं) 1. Undressed, unprepared. 2. Unfinished, unpolished. 3. Unrequited. ३. चन् neg. उपकृत finished.

चनुपस्थान n. (-नं) Absence. ३. चन् neg. उपस्थान vicinity.

चनुपस्थापन n. (-नं) Not producing, not offering, not placing, not having ready or at hand. ३. चन् neg. उप near, स्थापन placing.

चनुपस्थापित mfn. (-तः-त्ता-तं) Not ready, not at hand, not offered or produced. ३. चन् neg. उपस्थापित placed near.

चनुपस्थापित mfn. (-पि-पिनी-पि) Absent, distant. ३. चन् neg. उपस्थापित near.

चनुपस्थिति f. (-तिः) Absence. ३. चन् neg. उपस्थिति vicinity.

चनुपात m. (-तः) 1. Falling subsequently upon, alighting or descending upon in succession. 2. Going, preceeding. 3. Following. 4. A degree of latitude opposite to one given, the antecedi. 5. Proportion, (in arithmetic.) 6. Arithmetical progression. ३. चन्, and पात falling, &c.

चनुपातक n. (-कं) A heinous crime, as, falsehood, fraud, theft, adultery, &c. चन्, and पातक crime.

चनुपान n. (-नं) A fluid vehicle in medicine; drink taken with or after medicine. ३. चन् after or with, and पान a drink.

चनुपार्श्व mfn. (-र्श्वः-र्श्वी-र्श्वं) Lateral. ३. चन् by or upon, पार्श्व the side.

चनुप्राप्त mfn. (-प्राप्तः-प्राप्ता-प्राप्तं) Obtained, attained, arrived at. ३. चन्, and प्राप्त obtained.

चनुपुष्प m. (-ष्पः) A kind of reed, (Saccharum sara.) ३. चन्, before पुष्प to put forth flowers, and च् aff.

चनुपूर्व mfn. (-पूर्वः-पूर्वा-पूर्वं) Regular, orderly, successively, from the preceding. ३. चन् after, पूर्व prior.

चनुपूर्वम् ind. In regular order or succession, from the first, from above downwards. ३. चन् पूर्व and च् aff.

चनुष mfn. (-षः-त्ता-षं) Unsown, (as seed.) ३. चन् neg. उष sown.

चनुप्रसन्न mfn. (-प्रसन्नः-प्रसन्ना-प्रसन्नं) Fallow, meadow, (ground, &c.) ३. चन् neg. उष sown, प्रसन्न grain.

चनुप्रसन्न mfn. (-प्रसन्नः-प्रसन्ना-प्रसन्नं) Latitudinal. ३. चन् neg. according to, प्रसन्न extending.

चनुप्रसन्न m. (-सः) Alliteration, repetition of similar letters, syllables and words. ३. चन्, and प्र before च् to be, affix च्.

चनुप्रसन्न m. (-चः) A companion or follower. ३. चन्, प्र to go, and च् aff.

चनुप्रसन्न mfn. (-चः-त्ता-चं) Bound to, connected with. ३. चन्, and च् bound.

चनुप्रसन्न m. (-चः) 1. The inseparable adjunct or sign of any thing, the indication of guilt, symptom of disease, &c. 2. An element of

language, root, affix, &c. 3. An indicatory letter not sounded or dropped in composition, but marking some peculiarity in inflecting the word to which it is attached; for instance, an indicatory च्, denotes that verbs require the insertion of a nasal before their final consonant. 4. A child or pupil, who imitates an example set by the parent or preceptor. 5. A child or infant in general. 6. Commencement, beginning. 7. Binding, confining. 8. Any thing small or little, a part, a small part. 9. The connexion between the agent and the cause or motive. 10. Circumstance, case. 11. The junction of fractions. 12. A secondary or symptomatic affection, one supervening on the principal disease. f. (चत्) 1. Hickup. 2. Thirst. ३. चन् after, and च् to bind or confine, with च् affix; and in the fern. च्.

चनुचक्षिन् mfn. (-क्षि-क्षिनी-क्षि) Connected with, attached. ३. चन् चक्ष and च् aff.

चनुचक्ष mfn. (-क्षि-क्षिनी-क्षि) Principal, primary, what may receive an adjunct, as a root, a disease, &c. ३. चन्, and च् to be attached to or by.

चनुचीच m. (-चः) 1. Reviving the scent of a faded perfume. 2. Replacing perfumes removed by bathing, &c. 3. An after-thought. ३. चन्, and च् to understand, with च् aff.

चनुचीचित mfn. (-तः-त्ता-तं) Informed or convinced by reflection. ३. चन्, and चीचित made known.

चनुभ्रम m. (-भ्रः) 1. Conclusive judgment, understanding, impression, the exercise of the intellect, independent of memory; also चनुभ्रम. 2. Result, consequence. ३. चन्, भ्र to be, and च् aff.

चनुभाव m. (-वः) 1. Indication of passion, by look or gesture. 2. Dignity, authority, consequence. 4. Firm opinion, belief, knowledge. 4. Certainty, ascertainment. ३. चन्, and भाव the essence or being; according to the internal feelings.

चनुभाविन् mfn. (-वि-विनी-वि) 1. Judging, knowing, understanding. 2. Indicative of passion or feeling. ३. चन्, and भाविन् perceiving, or चनुभाव and च् aff.

चनुभूत mfn. (-तः-त्ता-तं) 1. Understood, judged, apprehended. 2. Resulted, followed as a consequence. 3. Perceiving, understanding. ३. चन्, and भूत been.

चनुभूति f. (-तिः) 1. Judgment; knowledge, from four sources, perception, inference, comparison and verbal information; or any source except memory. 2. Dignity, consequence. ३. चन्, and भूति being.

चनुभूत mfn. (-तः-त्ता-तं) 1. Accepted, assented to. 2. Agreeable, pleasant. 3. Loved, beloved. 4. Concurred with, being of one opinion. ३. चन्, and भूत minded.

चनुभूति f. (-तिः) 1. Order or command. 2. Assent, permission. 3. A fifteenth day of the moon's age, on which she rises one digit less than full. ३. चन् with, before भूत to respect, and च् affix; in the last acceptance, because offerings made to the manes on this day are especially accepted.

चनुभूत mfn. (-त्ता-भू-भू) Consenting to, concurring in, permitting. ३. चन्, and भू to mind, च् aff.

चनुमरण n. (-मः) Dying with or following in death; the term usually denotes the cremation of a Hindu widow, whose husband's corpse is not on the spot, and with part of whose dress she, therefore, ascend the pile: this is prohibited to Brahman women. It is also synonymous with चनुमरण burning with the body. ३. चन् with or after, and मरण dying: dying with her husband.

चनुमा f. (-मा) Inference (in logic), drawing a conclusion from given premises. ३. चन् after or according to, मा from माच् to measure, affix च्, and टाच्.

चनुमान n. (-नं) See चनुमा. ३. चन्, and मा to measure, affix च्.

**अनुमीति** f. (-तिः) Reasoning, logic. ३. अनुमान, and अनुमिति saying, speaking from inference.

**अनुमित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Inferred. ३. अनु, and अनुमित measured.

**अनुमिति** f. (-तिः) Inference, conclusion from given premises. ३. अनु, and अनुमिति measuring.

**अनुमता** f. (-ता) The woman who burns with a part of her husband's dress. ३. अनु, and अनुता deduced.

**अनुमत्** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Inferable. ३. अनु, and अनुमत् to be measured.

**अनुमोदन** n. (-न) १. Pleading. २. Assent, acceptance. ३. Sympathetic joy. ३. अनु with, अनुमोदन rejoicing.

**अनुमोदित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) १. Pleased, delighted. २. Agreeable, acceptable. ३. अनु, and अनुमोदित pleased.

**अनुसरत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) १. Followed, pursued. २. Practised. ३. अनु after, अनुसरत gone.

**अनुवाचिन्** n. (-न्) १. Succession. २. Subsequence. ३. अनुवाचिन्, and अनु added.

**अनुवाचिन्** mfn. (-न्-विन्-वि) १. Following, consequent upon. २. A follower, a dependent or attendant. ३. अनु, and अनुवाचिन् who goes.

**अनुवृत्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) १. Asked, inquired. २. Repetended, censured. ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्त joined.

**अनुवीक्षु** m. (-क्षु) A hired teacher. ३. अनु, and अनुवीक्षु who joins.

**अनुवीक्ष** m. (-क्ष) १. A question. २. Asking, solicitation. ३. Censure, reproof. ४. Religious meditation, spiritual union. ३. अनु with, and अनुवीक्ष union.

**अनुवीक्षक** m. (-क) An Acharya or spiritual teacher. ३. अनुवीक्ष, and अनु who makes.

**अनुवीक्षिन्** mfn. (-न्-विन्-वि) १. Reproving, or a reprover. २. What combines or unites. ३. Connected or combined with, situated in or on. ३. अनुवीक्ष, and अनु aff.

**अनुवीक्षन** n. (-न) A question. ३. See अनुवीक्ष; the affix being अनुङ्.

**अनुवीक्ष्य** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Bad, censurable. ३. अनु, and अनुवीक्ष to be joined.

**अनुवृत्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) १. Fond of, attached to, liking, esteeming, loving. २. Pleased. ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्त affected.

**अनुवृत्ति** f. (-तिः) Affection, love. ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्ति affection.

**अनुवृत्तक** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Gratifying, pleasing. ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्त what pleases.

**अनुवृत्तन** n. (-न) १. Loving being attached to. २. Pleasing, giving delight to. ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्त delighting.

**अनुवृत्तित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) १. Pleased, delighted. २. Inspired with affection. ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्त pleased.

**अनुवृत्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) १. Fond of, attached to. २. Beloved. ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्त attached.

**अनुवृत्ति** f. (-तिः) Love, regard, esteem, attachment. ३. अनु with, अनुवृत्ति play, and अनु aff.

**अनुवृत्त** m. (-त्) १. (In poetry) a subordinate feeling or passion. २. (In medicine) a secondary flavour, as a little sweetness in a sour fruit, &c. ३. अनु and अनुवृत्त flavour.

**अनुवृत्त** m. (-त्) Attachment, love. ३. अनु with, and अनुवृत्त to stain or colour, अनु aff.

**अनुवृत्तक** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Loving, affectionate, in love with. ३. अनुवृत्त, and अनु aff.

**अनुवृत्तित** f. (-तिः) One of the personifications of musical notes. ३. अनु subsequent, अनुवृत्त a musical note.

**अनुवृत्तित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Pleased, rejoiced, loving, in love. ३. अनुवृत्त, and अनु aff.

**अनुवृत्त** f. (-तिः) The seventeenth Nakshatra or lunar mansion, designated by a row of oblation; (stars in Libra.) ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्त accomplished, अनु aff., and अनु for the fact, an auspicious sign for any thing to be undertaken in.

**अनुवृत्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) १. Soothed, pacified. २. Checked, opposed. ३. अनु and अनुवृत्त opposed.

**अनुवृत्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) १. Like, resembling. २. Fit, suitable. ३. According to. n. (-त्) १. Conformity. २. Assistance. ३. Mediation; friendly interposition. ४. Hindrance, check. ५. अनु like, and अनुवृत्त form.

**अनुवृत्तक** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Endeavouring to act becomingly. ३. अनुवृत्त, and अनुवृत्त effort.

**अनुवृत्त** m. (-त्) The accomplishing of a desired object for another person, obligingness, service. ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्त to confine, अनुवृत्त अनुवृत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Complying with, complaisant. ३. अनु before, अनुवृत्त with, अनु aff.

**अनुवृत्ति** mfn. (-न्-विन्-वि) १. Compliant, complaisant. २. Adverse. ३. अनुवृत्त obliging, अनु aff.

**अनुवृत्त** m. (-त्) Tautology, repetition. ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्त to speak, अनुवृत्त अनुवृत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Smeared, anointed. ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्त smeared.

**अनुवृत्त** m. (-त्) Uction, anointing. ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्त anointing.

**अनुवृत्तक** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Anointing, who or what anoints. ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्त who anoints.

**अनुवृत्त** n. (-न) १. Anointing the body with unguents. २. Unguent so used. ३. Oily or emollient application. ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्त anointing.

**अनुवृत्ति** mfn. (-न्-विन्-वि) Anointing the body with unguents. ३. अनुवृत्त, and अनु aff.

**अनुवृत्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Regular, successive, with the hair or grain. ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्त hair of the body.

**अनुवृत्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Produced or born in due gradation; applied especially to the mixed tribes; as the offspring of a Brahman man and Kshetriya woman, a Kshetriya man and Vaisya woman, and so on. See अनुवृत्तक. ३. अनुवृत्त, and अनु born.

**अनुवृत्त** n. (-न) (In medicine) Following the natural course or direction. ३. अनुवृत्त used as a nominal verb, and अनु aff.

**अनुवृत्त** n. (-न) १. Concordance, conformity to or concurrence with a previous text or authority. २. Subsidiary or similar doctrine. ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्त speech.

**अनुवृत्त** m. (-त्) A year. ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्त a year.

**अनुवृत्त** n. (-न) १. Obliging or serving another. २. Consequences, result. ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्त profession.

**अनुवृत्त** m. (-त्) १. A chapter of the Yedas, a subdivision or section. २. A compilation from the Rich, or Yajur Vedas. ३. अनु, अनुवृत्त to speak, अनु aff.

**अनुवृत्त** f. (-ता) A prayer or formula from the Vedas. ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्त a formula.

**अनुवृत्त** m. (-त्) १. Abuse, reviling. २. Tautology, repetition. ३. Conformity to what has been previously said or explained. ३. अनु low, or after, and अनुवृत्त from अनु to speak, with अनु aff.

**अनुवृत्तक** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) १. Consenting to, replying. २. Conformable to, concurrent, corroborative. ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्त what says.

**अनुवृत्तक** n. (-न) Consent, conformity, concurrence. ३. अनु or अनु added to अनुवृत्त; also अनुवृत्तक.

**अनुवृत्त** mfn. (-न्-विन्-वि) Consenting to, concurring with, conformable to. ३. अनुवृत्त and अनु aff.

**अनुवृत्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) To be conformable or correspondent to. n. (-त्) The subject of a predicate. ३. अनु, before अनु to speak, अनु aff.

**अनुवृत्त** ind. Repeatedly. ३. अनु, and अनुवृत्त time.

**अनुवृत्त** m. (-त्) १. Scenting, perfuming. २. An oily enema. ३. अनु and अनुवृत्त to perfume, अनु aff.

**अनुवृत्तक** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) १. Affection, attachment. २. Perfuming the clothes, especially dipping the ends of the cloth in perfumes. ३. Perfuming, scenting in general. ४. An oily enema. ५. Administering oily enemata. ३. अनु after, अनु to innigate, and अनु aff.

**अनुवृत्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) १. Scented, perfumed. २. Fumigated. ३.

Prepared or administered as an enema. ३. अनु before, वास to fumigate, क् aff.

अनुवास mfn. (-स्य-स्य-स्य) 1 To be scented or fumigated. 2. Requiring an enema. ३. अनु before, वास and य aff.

अनुवित mfn. (-वित-वित) 1. Variegated, ornamented. 2. Obstructed, checked. 3. Full of, abounding in. 4. Set (as a jewel.) ५. अनु, and विद् penetrated.

अनुविधायिन् mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) Conformable, complaint, obedient, attentive to. ३. अनु and विधायिन् observing rules.

अनुवृत्ति f. (-त्ति) 1. Complaisance, obliging or serving another. See अनुवीच. 2. A subsequent or supplementary rule, competing what a preceding one has left to be explained. 3. Imitating, doing or acting in like manner. ३. अनु before, वृत् to serve, and तिच् aff.

अनुवेष्टित n. (-त्त) Bandaging, securing with bandages, &c. (in surgery.)

अनुव्रजन् n. (-न्) Complimentary attendance on a departing guest, following him to a given distance; also अनुव्रज्या. ३. अनु after and व्रजन् or व्रज्या going. 96228

अनुव्रय m. (-यः) 1. Repentance, regret. 2. Ancient enmity. 3. Hatred, resentment. 4. Attachment to or pursuance of any object. f. (-यी) 1. A disease of the feet, a boil or abscess on the upper part. 2. A pimple on the head. ३. अनु, व्रीच् to sleep, and यच् aff.

अनुव्रयितव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्य-व्य) To be repented or regretted. ३. अनु before व्रीच् and तव्य affix; also अनुव्रयनीय, &c.

अनुव्रयिन् mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) 1. Devotedly attached to, faithful, adorning. 2. Repentant, penitent, sorry for. ३. अनुव्रय, and इति aff.

अनुव्रयन् m. (-रः) A Rakshasa, a sort of demon. ३. अनु repeatedly, य to injure, and यच् aff.

अनुव्रयन् n. (-यः) A supplementary or subsidiary weapon or instrument. ३. अनु, and व्रयन् a weapon.

अनुव्रयन् mfn. (-यः-य-य) Ruling or one who governs or directs. ३. अनु and व्रयन् what governs.

अनुव्रयन् n. (-न्) Command, order, precept, law. ३. अनु, and व्रयन् ruling.

अनुव्रयित mfn. (-तः-त-त) Directed, governed. ३. अनु and व्रयित governed.

अनुव्रयित (-ता-वी-त) Ruling, governing, commanding, directing, a ruler, &c. ३. अनु and व्रयित who rules.

अनुव्रयि f. (-यि) Order, command, precept. ३. अनु, and व्रयि order.

अनुव्रयन् m. (-न्) A governor, director, teacher. ३. अनु, and व्रयन् who directs.

अनुव्रयन् n. (-न्) Repeated and devoted service, ३. अनु according to, व्रीचन् behaving.

अनुव्रयित mfn. (-यः-य-य) 1. Taught, revealed. 2. Done conformably to law, &c. 3. Nearly completed. ३. अनु according to, व्रिच् taught.

अनुव्रयिका f. (-का) Any ceremony enjoyed by the Vēdas.

अनुव्रयिक m. (-कः) Sorrow, repentance, regret. ३. अनु after, व्रीच sorrow.

अनुव्रयिक mfn. (-कः-क-क) Grieving, one who repents. ३. अनु, and व्रीच who sorrows.

अनुव्रयिक n. (-कः) Sorrow, repentance. ३. अनु before, वृच् to grieve, and वृच् aff.

अनुव्रयित mfn. (-तः-त-त) Regretted, repented of. ३. अनु before, वृच् to sorrow, क् aff.

अनुव्रय m. (-यः) 1. Tenderness, compassion. 2. Conjunction, coalition, connexion of word with word, or effects with causes. 3. Necessary consequence, the connexion of a subsequent with a previous act. ३. अनु, and वृच् to embrace, with वृच् aff.

अनुव्रयिक mfn. (-कः-क-क) 1. Consequent, following (as a necessary result. 2. Connected with, adhering to, inherent, concomitant. ३. अनुवृच्, and वृच् aff.

अनुव्रयिक mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) 1. Addicted or attached to. 2. Embracing. 3. Connected with. 4. Common, prevailing. ३. अनुवृच्, and वृच् aff.

अनुव्रयन् n. (-न्) Connection with what follows, concord; ३. अनु before वृच् to embrace, वृच् aff.

अनुवृत्ति mfn. (-वृत्-वृत्-वृत्) Re-watered or sprinkled. ३. अनु, and वृत् sprinkled.

अनुवृत्ति n. (-वृत्) Watering of sprinkling over again. ३. अनु, and वृत् to sprinkle, वृच् aff.

अनुवृत्ति f. (-वृत्) 1. A measure of verse, the stanza consisting four line of eight syllables each, or three lines of eight, twelve, and twelve making, in either case, thirty-two. 2. A name of Saraswati. ३. अनु, and वृत् to stop, वृच् aff.

अनुवृत्ति mfn. (-वृत्-वृत्-वृत्) 1. Lazy, sluggish. 2. Cold, chilly. ३. अनु, neg and वृत् warm, alert.

अनुवृत्ति mfn. (-वृत्-वृत्-वृत्) To be done or accomplished. ३. अनु according to, वृच् to stay or be, तव्य aff.

अनुवृत्ति m. (-ता) The undertaker of any work. ३. अनु before, वृच् to stay वृच् aff.

अनुवृत्ति n. (-वृत्) 1. Commencement or course of proceeding. 2. Fixing or establishing, proof. 3. Propriety, fitness. 4. Doing or engaging in any thing. ३. अनु according to, वृच् to stay, वृच् aff.

अनुवृत्ति mfn. (-वृत्-वृत्-वृत्) 1. Effected, accomplished. 2. Done, practised. 3. Followed, observed. 4. Appointed. ३. अनु before वृच् to stay, क् aff.

अनुवृत्ति mfn. (-यः-य-य) 1. To be proved or established, demonstrable. 2. To be effected or accomplished. ३. अनु before वृच् to stay, य aff.

अनुवृत्ति n. (-न्) Inquiry, investigation, searching. ३. अनु, and वृत् before वृच् to have, वृच् वृच्.

अनुवृत्ति mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) Investigating, searching; so अनुवृत्ति mfn. ३. अनुवृत्ति and वृत्ति affix, or अनु and वृत् before वृच्, and वृत्ति aff.

अनुवृत्ति mfn. (-यः-य-य) Investigable, worthy of inquiry or scrutiny. ३. अनु, and वृत् before वृच् to have, य aff.

अनुवृत्ति n. (-वृत्) 1. Custom, habit, usage. 2. Conformity to, consequence of. 3. Following, going after. ३. अनु before वृच् to go, वृच् aff.

अनुवृत्ति m. (-रः) 1. Custom, usage. 2. Nature, natural state or condition of any thing. 3. Prevalence, currency. 4. Received or established authority, especially of codes of law. 5. Conformity to usage, &c. 6. Consequence, result. ३. अनु according to, वृच् to go, वृच् aff.

अनुवृत्ति mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) 1. Following. 2. According with or to. ३. अनुवृत्ति, and वृत्ति aff.

अनुवृत्ति mfn. (-यः-य-य) Indicative of, pointing out. ३. अनु before वृच् to point out, वृच् aff.

अनुवृत्ति f. (-यि) Cherished recollection, recalling some idea to the exclusion of all others. ३. अनु before वृत्ति memory. Also अनुवृत्ति.

अनुवृत्ति m. (-रः) The nasal letter ( ' ) or dot above the line. ३. अनु before, वृच् to sound, वृच् aff.

अनुवृत्ति m. (-रः) 1. Imitation. 2. Resemblance. ३. अनु like, वृच् to convey, and वृच् aff.

अनुवृत्ति m. (-यः) Monthly obseques. ३. अनु before वृच् to take, वृच् aff.

अनुवृत्ति m. (-यः) A former state of existence. n. (-यः) 1. Race, family. 2. Disposition, temperament. ३. अनु, वृच् to associate, and वृच् aff.

अनुवृत्ति mfn. (-यः-य-य) Well-behaved. m. (-यः) A learned Brahman; one versed in the Vēdas and Vēdaṅgas. ३. अनु, and वृच् to speak; the form is irregular.

अनुवृत्ति mfn. (-यः-य-य) Short, low. ३. अनु, neg. वृच् tall, high.

अनुवृत्ति mfn. (-यः-य-य) Unmarried. ३. अनु, neg. वृच् married.

अनुवृत्ति mfn. (-यः-य-य) Unuttered. ३. अनु, before वृत्ति said.

अनुवृत्ति mfn. (-यः-य-य) 1. Not to be addressed or spoken to. 2. To be spoken to afterwards or in reply to. m. (-यः) A spiritual teacher, &c. ३. अनु before वृच् to speak, वृच् aff. form irregular, it is improper to address a Guru, &c. by name.

चन mfn. (-च-ना-च) 1. Whole, entire. 2. Not less, not inferior. n. चन् neg. जन to diminish, and चन् aff.

चनचन mfn. (-च-ना-च) See the preceding. n. चन् affixed to चन.

चन mfn. (-च-ना-च) Watery, wet. m. (-च-) A buffalo. n. चन् near or with, and चन् water; च is substituted for चा, and चन् is added.

चनचन n. (-च) Ginger. n. चन्, and च born.

चन mfn. (-च-ना-च) Thighless. m. (-च-) The charioteer of the sun, the dawn. n. चन् priv. and चन् a thigh; being represented without legs.

चनचरणि m. (-चि) The sum. n. चन्, and चरणि a charioteer, whose coachman is अनुचर.

चनचु mfn. (-च-नु-चु) Wicked, perverse, crooked, not straight, physically or morally. n. चन् neg. चन् straight.

चनच mfn. (-च-ना-च) Free from debt. n. चन् neg. चन् debt.

चनचिन् mfn. (-च-चिन्-चि) Unindebted, free from debt. n. चन् neg. चन् a debtor.

चनच n. (-च) 1. Falsehood. 2. Agriculture. n. चन् neg. चन् truth.

चनचदिन् mfn. (-च-दिन्-चि) Speaking falsely, lying, a liar. n. चन्, and चदिन् who speaks.

चनेक mfn. (-च-ना-च) Many, much, not one. n. चन् neg. चन् one.

चनेककाल adv. n. (-च) A long time. n. चनेक, and काल time.

चनेकज m. (-ज-) A bird, born more than once; or in the shell, and upon being hatched. n. चनेक more than one, and ज what is born.

चनेकता f. (-ता) Muchness, manifold condition; also चनेकज. n. चनेक, and ता or ज aff.

चनेकाकार mfn. (-र-रा-र) Multiform. n. चनेक and आकार form.

चनेकप m. (-प-पा) An elephant. n. चनेक various, from चन् neg. एक one, and प from पा who drinks, who drinks with his trunk, and with his mouth.

चनेकरूप mfn. (-प-पा-प) 1. Multiform. 2. Of various kinds or sorts. 3. Pickle, of variable mind. n. चनेक, and रूप form.

चनेकविध mfn. (-च-वा-च) Various of many kinds, in different ways. n. चनेक, and विध sort.

चनेकच ind. By large numbers or quantities. n. चनेक, and च aff.

चनेकधा ind. In various ways. n. चनेक and धा aff.

चनेकमूक mfn. (-च-ना-च) 1. Deaf and dumb. 2. Wicked, fraudulent. n. चन् here implying similarity, एक deaf, and मूक dumb. See एकमूक.

चनेक mfn. (-ना-ना-न) Blameless, sinless. n. चन् neg. एक fault.

चनेक ind. Otherwise, or. n. चन् neg. एक so.

चनेक m. (-चा-) Time. n. चन् neg. चन् to kill or hurt, एक substitute, and चि Una di aff.

चनेक n. (-च) 1. Plurality, the existence of many. 2. Want of union, anarchy. n. चनेक, and चन् aff.

चनेकाल mfn. (-न-ना-न) 1. Variable, unsteady. 2. (In logic) Occasional, as a cause not invariably attended by the same effects. n. चनेक, काल end, चन् aff.

चनेकानिक mfn. (-च-की-क) Unsteady, variable, having many objects or purposes. n. चनेक, काल end, and ठक् aff.

चनी ind. No, not; also नी.

चनीच m. (-च-) A tree. n. चन् a cart, चन् going, and च what injures; from चन् with च aff.

चनीचिन् mfn. (-च-च-च) Unquestioned, unaddressed, not spoken to. n. चन् neg. चिन् spoken to.

चनःचर n. (-च) The internal and spiritual part of man, the seat of thought and feeling, the mind, the heart, the conscience, the soul. n. चन् within, and चर an organ.

चनःचर n. (-च) 1. The female apartment. 2. A queen. 3. A palace. n. चन् inner, and चर a house.

चनःचरि f. (-चि) The heart, the soul, the internal nature or constitution of man. n. चन्, and चरि nature.

चनःचर mfn. (-च-ना-च) Acquainted with the heart, knowing one's self. n. चन्, and चरि knowledge.

चनःचरीर n. (-च) The internal and spiritual part of man, the conscience, the soul. n. चन् within, चरीर the body.

चनःचर mfn. (-च-ना-च) Having some extraneous body, (a wound, &c.) n. चन्, and चर a thorn, &c.

चनःचरि f. (-चि) Internal consciousness. n. चन्, and चरि sense.

चनःचरि f. (-च) 1. A pregnant woman. 2. Marking not, (Semecarpus anacardium.) n. चन् inner, and चरि having life or being.

चनःचर m. (-च) An elephant. n. चन् inner, and चरि warmth.

चन m. (-न-न) 1. End, term. 2. Final, ultimate, (continuing M. N. even with a fem. noun.) mfn. (-न-ना-न) 1. Near. 2. Handsome.

m. (-न) 1. Death. 2. A boundary, a limit. 3. Certainty, ascertainment. 4. A limb, a member. n. (-न) Nature, disposition. n. चन् to go, and चन् Una di aff.

चनच m. (-च-) A name of YAMA. n. चन् death, and च affix of agency. YAMA is the king or angel of death.

चनचर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Causing death, mortal, destructive. n. चन्, and चर what makes.

चनकाल m. (-क-) Time of death, death. n. चन् end, and काल time.

चनच mfn. (-च-ना-च) 1. Dead, departed. 2. Traversing, crossing, going to the end. n. चन्, and च who goes.

चनच ind. 1. From the end, from the term. 2. Similarly, like. 3. part. 4. Lastly, finally. n. चन्, and चन् aff.

चनच ind. Within, between, amongst. 2. To the end. 3. Certainly, very well, a particle of assent. n. चन् end, च to receive, and चि aff.

चनच (noun and adverb) n. (-च) 1. Interval, intermediate space. 2. period, term. 3. Clothing. 4. Covering. 5. Difference. 6. Snake, behalf. 7. A hole or rent. 8. Own, the self. 9. Without, except. 10. Without, outside. 11. Opportune time. 12. Midst, the midst. 13. The supreme soul. 14. Like, similar. 15. Other. 16. (In arithmetic) Remainder, difference. n. चन् end, and च from च to obtain, and च aff. In consulting the meanings of the word, it is to be recollected, that vocables which are adverbs in English, are often nouns of the neuter gender in Sanskrit; this word is also a pronoun, in the 8d and 10th acceptations, when the latter means, without, or out of, any thing but a house or town; the whole of the interpretations may be referred to the ideas of, within and without.

चनच mfn. (-च-ना-च) 1. Own, belonging to. 2. Internal, interior. 3. Of kin. n. चन्, and च what goes.

चनच mfn. (-न-ना-न) 1. Immediate, intimate, internal. 2. Like, analogous. m. (-न-) A congenial letter, one of the same class. n. चन् inner, and चन् aff.

चनच mfn. (-च-ना-च) Prudent, provident, foreseeing. n. चन् midst, and च who knows.

चनच mfn. (-च-ना-च) Of mixed origin or caste. n. चन् different, चन् birth.

चनच mfn. (-च-ना-च) 1. Internal, inward. 2. Separate, apart. n. चन्, and च what stays.

चनच ind. 1. Without, except. 2. In the middle, among, amidst. 3. Near at hand.

चनच m. (-चा) 1. The soul, the inherent spirit. 2. The internal feelings, the heart or mind. n. चन्, and चन् soul.

चनच f. (-चा) A pregnant woman. n. चन्, and चन् offspring.

चनच m. (-च-) Obstacle, impediment. n. चन् between, च to go, and चन् aff.

चनच m. (-च-च) Isolated space; also चनच. n. चन् in the midst, च to obtain, and च aff.

अनरित न. (-न) The sky or atmosphere. न. अनर् within, and अनर् a star ; in which are the stars : or र्च to see ; seen by the world ; the word is properly written with the long vowel, as अनरीच, but the short is substituted in poetry.

अनरित mfn. (-न-ता-न) 1. Dead, departed, concealed, lost. 2. Separated, detached. n. (-न) Remainder, (in arithmetic.) न. अनर्, and इत् aff.

अनरीच न. (-च) 1. Sky, heaven. 2. Tale. न. See अनरित.

अनरीप mn. (-प-प) An island. न. अनर् in the midst of, and आप water ; आ changed to इ.

अनरीय न. (-य) A lower garment. न. अनर् inner, इ aff.

अनरे ind. Amidst, among, between. न. अनर् with इच् to go, and विच् aff.

अनरिच ind. 1. Except, without. 2. Amidst, between. न. अनर्, इच् to go, and न aff.

अनरिचु mfn. (-चु-चु-चु) Unprofitable, vain, idle. न. अनर् amidst, नचु to drop or distil, and च affix : what runs to waste.

अनरीत mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Forgotten. 2. Intermediate, interposed. 3. Inner, internal, within. न. अनर् within, and नच gone, part. past of नच.

अनरिचु न. (-चु) An inner apartment. न. अनर् within, and इच् a house.

अनरीठर न. (-ठ) The stomach. न. अनर्, and ठर the belly.

अनरिचन न. (-न) Internal heat, inflammation. न. अनर्, and अनचन burning.

अनरिचन mfn. (-न-ता-न) Inborn, inbred, innate. न. अनर्, and अनचन born.

अनरिचन न. (-न) The distillation of spirituous liquor.

अनरिचन m. (-च) Internal heat, or fever. न. अनर्, and इच् burning.

अनरिचु मfn. (-च-च-च) Internally bad, wicked, vile. न. अनर्, and इच् bad.

अनरिचर न. (-र) A private door within the house. न. अनर् inner, and चर a door.

अनरिचि f. (-चि) Disappearance, concealment, covering. न. अनर् within, च to have or hold, च and टच् affs.

अनरिचन न. (-न) Concealment, disappearance. न. As before, with इच् aff.

अनरिचि f. (-चि) See the preceding. न. as before, with चि aff.

अनरिचन न. (-न) Profound inward meditation. न. अनर्, and अनचन meditation.

अनरिचन mfn. (-न-च-च) Inward, internal, generated internally. न. अनर्, and नच being.

अनरिचन m. (-न) Internal or inherent nature or disposition. न. अनर्, and अनच disposition.

अनरिचन f. (-न) Inward meditation or anxiety. न. अनर्, and अनच meditation.

अनरिचन mfn. (-न-ता-न) Internal, inner, being within. न. अनर्, and अनच been.

अनरिचन mfn. (-न-ता-न) Sad, perplexed. न. अनर्, and अनच the mind.

अनरिचन न. (-न) Inward restraint, mental control. न. अनर्, and अनच restraining.

अनरिचन mfn. (-न-मिनी-मि) 1. Checking or regulating the internal feelings. 2. Heart-searching or pervading. m. (-मी) 1. The soul. 2. Providence, the Supreme spirit, as regulating and guiding mankind. 3. Conscience. न. अनर् within, and अनचि who stops or refrains.

अनरिचन m. (-न) An acute angular triangle. न. अनर् within, and अनच the perpendicular.

अनरिचन m. (-न) Superintendent of the women's apartments. न. अनर् within, अनच a race, and इच् aff.

अनरिचि f. (-चि) A pregnant woman. न. अनर् within, अनच possessive affix, with an irregular formation of the fem. In the Veda अनरिचि occurs.

अनरिचि m. (-चि) Flatulence, indigestion. न. अनर् inner, and अनच vomiting.

अनरिचि mfn. (-न-मिनी-मि) Internal, included. न. अनर्, and अनच what abides.

अनरिचि mfn. (-चि-चि-चि) Skilled in sacred sciences. न. अनर् inner, and अनचि speech : containing the essence of all knowledge.

अनरिचि न. (-च) An inner garment. न. अनर् and अनच clothes.

अनरिचन न. (-न) Entrance, entering. न. अनर् within, and चि before, नच to agitate, affix इच्.

अनरिचन m. (-न) 1. Internal uneasiness or anxiety. 2. Inward fever. न. अनर्, and अनच agitation.

अनरिचि f. (-चि) The name of a country. न. अनर् between, and अनच level earth. The Doab or district between the Ganga and Yamuna rivers.

अनरिचन न. (-न) The inner apartments, the interior of a building. न. अनर्, and अनच a house.

अनरिचि mfn. (-च-च-च) Laughing inwardly. m. (-च) Self-satisfaction, conceit. न. अनर् inner, and अनच laughter.

अनरिचि mfn. (-न-ता-न) Concealed, covered, hidden, disappeared. न. अनर् within, and च to hold with च affix ; चि substituted for च.

अनरिचि mfn. (-न-च-च-च) Finite, having a term or end. न. अन and अनच aff.

अनरिचि m. (-चि) A pupil. See अनरिचि.

अनरिचि f. (-च) 1. Death. 2. A bed or mat on the ground. 3. The place for burial or burning. न. अन end, and अनच a sleeping place.

अनरिचि m. (-चि) 1. A barbar. 2. A man of a low tribe or caste, the offspring of a Nisha'di woman by a Chanda'la, whose business is to attend in places where dead bodies are burned. 3. The name of a saint. न. अन the end, अन and चि to cut, who pares the nails, &c. or चि to decay, चि aff.

अनरिचि f. (-चि) An elder sister, (in theatrical language.) ind. Near.

अनरिचि mfn. (-न-ता-न) Near, proximate. f. (-च) 1. An elder sister, (in theatrical language.) See अनरिचि. 2. A fire-place. See अनरिचि. 3. A plant, (Echites scholaris.) See अनरिचि. n. (-च) Vicinity. न. अन the end, and अनच affix, इ inserted.

अनरिचि mfn. (-न-ता-न) Very near. न. अनरिचि, and अनच superlative aff. अनरिचि f. (-च) Nearness, vicinity, contiguity : also अनरिचि. न. अनरिचि with, ता or ल aff.

अनरिचि m. (-च) Contiguous support, (as that given by a tree to a creeper, &c.) न. अनरिचि, and अनच support.

अनरिचि mfn. (-न-ता-न) 1. Final, ultimate, last. 2. Very near. न. अन, and अनच aff.

अनरिचि m. (-चि) 1. A pupil. 2. A Chanda'la, or man of a low caste. mfn. (-चि-चिनी-चि) Final, ultimate. न. अन in the locative case, near or final ; अन to abide, and चि affix : who dwells near his teacher, &c. See अनरिचि.

अनरिचि mfn. (-न-ता-न) 1. Last, ultimate. 2. Inferior, low. m. (-न) 1. A man of low caste. 2. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) See अनरिचि. n. (-च) A measure of number, two Sa'garas, a very large number. न. अन, and अनच aff.

अनरिचि न. (-च) Funeral rites. न. अन and अनच act ; also अनरिचि, &c.

अनरिचि mfn. (-न-ता-न) Younger, latest born. m. (-न) 1. A Su'dra or man of the fourth tribe. 2. A man of one of seven inferior tribes ; a washerman, currier, mimic, Var'u'ra, fisherman, Madh or attendant on women, and mountaineer or forester. न. अन inferior, and अन who is born : born from the feet of Brahma ; also अनरिचि.

अनरिचि m. (-न) A man or woman of Su'dra or fourth tribe, &c., see the last. न. अन, and अनच birth.

अनरिचि mfn. (-न-ता-न) Sprung from the last or lowest class. न. अन last, अनच class, affix च.

अनरिचि n. (-न) 1. The sign Pisces. 2. The asterism Revati. 3. The last star or constellation. न. अन last, and अन a constellation.

चयवर्ग m. (-वर्ग) A man or woman of the fourth tribe. n. चय, and चय a tribe.

चयवर्गविद् m. (-विद्) A man or woman of low caste, especially one of seven classes : a Chandaḥ, a Swapaka or executioner, a Kahatta or insect hunter, a charioteer, a bard, and a Vaideha or attendant on women. 2. A man or a woman of a particular caste living by the chase. See चयवर्गविद्.

चयैरि f. (-रि) A funeral sacrifice. n. चय, and इरि sacrifice.

चयैरिवा f. (-वा) Obsequium. n. चयैरि, and रिवा rite.

चय n. (-य) An entrail. n. चय to be sick, and च Unādi aff.

चयवृत्त m. (-वृत्त) Gumbing of the bowels, borborygmi. n. चय, and वृत्त murmuring; also चयवृत्त.

चयवृत्ति f. (-रि) Inguinal hernia, rupture. n. चय, and इरि increase.

चयवृत्त m. (-वृत्त) A worm, ascarides, &c. n. चय, and चय what eats.

चयिवा f. (-वा) A fire-place.

चयु f. (-यु) See चय.

चयुक्त m. (-क्त) 1. A ring or chain worn on the ankle. 2. The chain for an elephant's feet. n. चयि to bind, क्त affix, and चयु final.

चयु f. (-यु) 1. An ornament worn round the ankles. 2. The chain for an elephant's feet. 3. A chain, a fetter, a bond or tie. n. चयि to bind, and चय Unādi aff. or with क्त affix चयु.

चयुक्त m. (-क्त) The chain for an elephant's feet. See the last.

चयुक्त (-क्त) r. 10th cl. (चयुक्तयति) To agitate, to swing.

चयुक्त (-क्त) r. 10th cl. (चयुक्तयति) To be or become blind.

चयुक्त mfn. (-क्त-युक्त) Blind. n. (-क्त) 1. Darkness. 2. Water. n. चयुक्त to be blind, and चयुक्त aff.

चयुक्त mfn. (-क्त-युक्त) Blind. m. (-क्त) 1. The name of a country, apparently Behar. 2. The name of a king. 3. Of a Muni. 4. Of an Asura. n. चयुक्त to be blind, and चयुक्त aff.

चयुक्तयि m. (-यु) 1. A name of SIVA, the enemy of the demon ANDHAKA. n. चयुक्त a demon so named, and यि an enemy.

चयुक्तार mn. (-र-क्त) Darkness. n. चयुक्त blind, and चयुक्त what makes.

चयुक्तारुक्त m. (-रु) A name of SIVA. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त the enemy. See चयुक्तयि.

चयुक्त m. (-यु) A blind well. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त a well : one of which the mouth is hidden.

चयुक्तन n. (-क्त) Great darkness. n. चयुक्त to make blind, and चयुक्त darkness : also written चयुक्तन, च being made long.

चयुक्तता f. (-ता) Blindness. Also n. चयुक्त. n. ता or क्त added to चयुक्त.

चयुक्ततामि n. (-मि) 1. A division of Tartarus, the second of the twenty-one hells. 2. The doctrine of annihilation after death. n. चयुक्त blind, great, and चयुक्त darkness.

चयुक्ता f. (-ता) A small covered crucible, with a hole in the side. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्ता a crucible.

चयुक्ता f. (-ता) The name of a grass. See चयुक्ता.

चयुक्त n. (-क्त) Boiled rice. n. चयुक्त to eat, चयुक्त inserted, and चयुक्त Unādi affix, च changed to च.

चयुक्ता f. (-ता) A blind boil, one that does not suppurate.

चयुक्ता m. (-यु) A kind of fish, vulg. ku'nohiya ; a species of eel ? n. चयुक्त blind, and चयुक्त a snake : from its form and the smallness of its eyes.

चयुक्ता f. (-ता) 1. Night. 2. Gambling. 3. A small kind of mustard. See चयुक्त. 4. A woman. 5. A disease of the eye. n. चयुक्त dark or blind, and चयुक्त affix in the fem. form.

चयुक्ता mfn. (-क्त-युक्त) Made or become blind. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त made, चयुक्त augment.

चयुक्ता mfn. (-क्त-युक्त) Become blind. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त become, चयुक्त augment.

चयुक्त ind. (-यु) A Well. n. चयुक्त to go, and चयुक्त Unādi affix ; च is substituted for च.

चयुक्त m. (-क्त) A tree, (Mimosa sirisa, Rox.)

चयुक्त m. (-यु) A hunter, one who lives by killing game ; a man of low caste, the offspring of a Vaideha father and Karavara mother ; not allowed to reside within a village or town. 2. A country, modern Telingana ; also चयुक्त.

चयुक्त mfn. (-क्त-युक्त) Eaten. n. (-क्त) 1. Boiled rice. 2. Food in general. 3. Corn. n. चयुक्त to eat, and चयुक्त affix of the part. past, च becoming च.

चयुक्त m. (-क्त) Meal time, proper hour for eating. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त time.

चयुक्ती m. (-ती) A cupboard, a granary. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्ती or receptacle.

चयुक्ता m. (-ता) 1. VISHNU. 2. The sun. m. (-क्त) A granary, a cupboard. n. चयुक्त food, चयुक्ता a repository.

चयुक्त m. (-यु) Dysentery, diarrhoea. n. चयुक्त food, चयुक्त small.

चयुक्त mfn. (-क्त-युक्त) Springing from or occasioned by food. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त born.

चयुक्त n. (-क्त) Support, subsistence. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त water, meat and drink.

चयुक्त mfn. (-क्त-युक्त) One who gives food. f. (-ता) A goddess, a form of DURGA. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त who gives.

चयुक्ता m. (-ता) One who gives food, a charitable man. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त donor.

चयुक्त n. (-क्त) The giving of rice or food, the maintenance of a person. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त giving.

चयुक्त m. (-यु) Want of appetite, dislike of food. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त dislike.

चयुक्त m. (-यु) Change of diet. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त revolution.

चयुक्ता f. (-ता) A goddess, a form of DURGA. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त who fills with.

चयुक्ता f. (-ता) A goddess, a form of DURGA. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त prior.

चयुक्त n. (-क्त) A religious ceremony, in which after presenting oblations to fire, a little rice is, for the first time, put into the child's mouth ; it should take place between the fifth and eighth month. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त feeding.

चयुक्त n. (-क्त) The deification of food, considering it in the light of BRAHMA, as the pervader and supporter of existence. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त the Supreme.

चयुक्ता f. (-ता) A large collection of food. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्ता a heap.

चयुक्त mfn. (-क्त-युक्त) 1. Composed of food, containing food. 2. Derived or made from food. m. (-क्त) The body. n. चयुक्त and चयुक्त aff.

चयुक्तयुक्त m. (-यु) The gross material body, that which is sustained by food. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त sheath, (of the spirit.)

चयुक्त n. (-क्त) Spirituous liquor, the excrement or ferment of rice, &c. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त faecula.

चयुक्त m. (-यु) Chyle. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त juice.

चयुक्ता f. (-ता) Hunger, craving. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्ता desire.

चयुक्ता f. (-ता) The oesophagus. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त what conveys, चयुक्त canal.

चयुक्ता m. (-यु) The seminal secretion. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त change of form.

चयुक्त m. (-यु) Leavings, offal. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त remainder.

चयुक्त mfn. (-क्त-युक्त) 1. Feeding, eating. 2. The partaker or eater of another's food. m. (-क्त) VISHNU. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्त who eats.

चयुक्ता mfn. (-ता-युक्ता) Hungry ; desiring food. n. चयुक्त nominal verb to want food, चयुक्त aff.

चयुक्ता mfn. (-ता-युक्ता) Eating, feeding. n. चयुक्त, and चयुक्ता who eats.

चयुक्त mfn. (-क्त-युक्त) 1. Other, different. 2. Unlike. n. चयुक्त to live, and चयुक्त aff.

चयुक्त ind. Otherwise. n. See the last.

चयुक्ता mfn. (-ता-युक्ता) 1. Adulterous. 2. Going to another place, &c. n. चयुक्त another (husband or wife), चयुक्ता who goes to.



**अन्व** ind. 1. Again, moreover. 2. On the contrary. **अन्व**, and **अ** added.  
**अन्व** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) Born of another (family, &c.) of a different origin.  
**अन्व**, and **अ** born.  
**अन्वजन्म** n. (-न्वः) Another birth, being born again, the metempsychosis.  
**अन्व**, and **जन्म** birth.  
**अन्वतम** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) 1. Either, any, any one of many. 2. Different, distinct from many. **अन्व**, and **तम** aff.  
**अन्वतर** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) 1. Other, different. 2. Either of two. **अन्व** other, and **तर** affix; applied to words that refer to but two things.  
**अन्वतरेषु** ind. Either of two days. **अन्वतर**, and **एषु** affix, derived from **एषु** a day.  
**अन्वतस्** ind. Elsewhere. **अन्व**, and **तस्** aff.  
**अन्व** ind. 1. Elsewhere, in another place. 2. Except, unless, without. **अन्व**, and **अ** aff.  
**अन्वया** ind. 1. Otherwise, in a different manner. 2. Inaccurately, untruly. 3. Badly. **अन्व**, and **या** affix, referring to manner.  
**अन्वयाख्याति** f. (-न्विः) Erroneous conception of spirit. **अन्वया** and **ख्याति** deolaring.  
**अन्वयात्** n. (-न्वः) An opposite or different state of the case. **अन्वया** and **त्** aff.  
**अन्वयादि** f. (-न्विः) Disproving a cause or argument, by giving it a different effect or application, coming to a different conclusion from the same premises. **अन्वया** otherwise, and **दि** proving, establishing.  
**अन्वदा** ind. Another time. **अन्व**, and **दा** affix, referring to time.  
**अन्वपुट** m. (-न्वः) The koil or Indian cuckoo, supposed to be reared by the crow. **अन्व**, and **पुट** nourished.  
**अन्वपूर्वा** f. (-न्वा) A girl previously promised or betrothed to one and married to another. **अन्व**, and **पूर्वा** prior.  
**अन्वधन्** m. (-न्वः) A crow. **अन्व** another, **धन्** who nourishes: the crow is supposed to sit upon the eggs of the kokila: from **ध** root, and **क्विप्** aff.  
**अन्वधत** m. (-न्वः) The kokila or Indian cuckoo. **अन्व**, and **धत** nourished, from **ध** with part. affix **त**; this bird, like the English cuckoo, being supposed to leave its eggs in the nests of other birds.  
**अन्वमनस्** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) 1. Fickle-minded. 2. Absent. **अन्व**, and **मनस्** the mind.  
**अन्वमनस** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) 1. Absent, thinking of something else. 2. Fickle, versatile. **अन्व**, and **मनस** minded.  
**अन्वमानस** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) Fickle-minded, otherwise-minded. **अन्व**, and **मानस** mental.  
**अन्ववर्धित** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) Brought up by a stranger, fostered. **अन्व**, and **वर्धित** part. past of **वृध्** to grow.  
**अन्ववादिन्** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) Speaking inconsistently; (in law) prevaricating or a prevaricator. **अन्व** otherwise, and **वादिन्** who speaks.  
**अन्वशाख** m. (-न्वः) An apostable. **अन्व** another, **शाखा** a branch or sect, or with **क्विप्** affix **अन्वशाखः**.  
**अन्वदृष्ट** mfn. (-न्वः) Of another kind, like another. **अन्व**, **दृष्ट** to see, and **क्विप्** aff.  
**अन्वदृष्ट** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) See the preceding. **अन्व**. As before, with **क्विप्** aff.  
**अन्वधीन** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) Subject to others, dependent. **अन्व**, and **धीन** dependent.  
**अन्वधाय** m. (-न्वः) 1. Improprity, indecorum. 2. Irregularity, disorder. **अन्व** neg. **धाय** propriety.  
**अन्वधिन्** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) 1. Unjust, unreasonable. 2. Indecorous. 3. Illogical. **अन्व** neg. **धिन्**.  
**अन्वधिवृत्त** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) Following evil courses. **अन्वधाय** improper, **वृत्त** practising.  
**अन्वधाय** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) Improper, indecorous, unbecoming, unfit. **अन्व** neg. **धाय** right.

**अन्वगत** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) Absent, intent on something else. **अन्व**, and **गत** intent on.  
**अन्वग्न** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) Complete, entire. **अन्व** neg. and **ग्न** defective.  
**अन्वद्यु** ind. Another day. **अन्व**, and **द्यु** affix, from **द्यु** a day.  
**अन्वद्यु** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) Daily, diurnal, occurring every other day. **अन्व**, and **द्यु** affix.  
**अन्वद्यु** m. (-न्वः) A quotidian fever. **अन्वद्यु**, and **द्यु** added.  
**अन्वद्यु** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) Begotten by another, the progeny of another, than the reputed parent or husband. **अन्व**, and **द्यु** born.  
**अन्वद्यु** m. (-न्वः) A stepmother's son. **अन्व**, and **द्यु** belly, **द्यु** affix.  
**अन्वद्यु** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) Mutual. **अन्व**, and **द्यु** repeated.  
**अन्वद्यु** m. (-न्वः) Mutual quarrel. **अन्वद्यु**, and **द्यु** strife.  
**अन्वद्यु** m. (-न्वः) Mutual conflict, striking, wounding or killing one another. **अन्वद्यु**, and **द्यु** striking.  
**अन्वद्यु** m. (-न्वः) Mutual aversion or enmity. **अन्वद्यु**, and **द्यु** difference.  
**अन्वद्यु** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) Taken or secreted from one another, taken severally. **अन्वद्यु**, and **द्यु** removed.  
**अन्वद्यु** m. (-न्वः) Mutual negation, relative difference. **अन्वद्यु**, and **द्यु** non-existence.  
**अन्वद्यु** m. (-न्वः) Mutual or reciprocal connexion or dependance. **अन्वद्यु**, and **द्यु** support.  
**अन्वद्यु** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) Following. **अन्व** after, and **द्यु** the eye.  
**अन्वद्यु** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) Following. **अन्व** after, **द्यु** to go, and **क्विप्** aff.  
**अन्वद्यु** m. (-न्वः) 1. Race, lineage, succession. 2. Connexion, acquaintance, intercourse. 3. the natural order or connexion of words in a sentence or stanza. 4. The logical connexion of cause and effect, or proposition and conclusion. **अन्व** after, **द्यु** to go, and **क्विप्** aff.  
**अन्वद्यु** m. (-न्वः) A genealogist. **अन्वद्यु**, and **द्यु** who knows.  
**अन्वद्यु** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) 1. Following, agreeing with. 2. Belonging to race or family. **अन्वद्यु**, and **द्यु** aff.  
**अन्वद्यु** m. (-न्वः) Race, lineage. **अन्व** after, **द्यु** prefixed to **द्यु** to go, and **क्विप्** aff.  
**अन्वद्यु** f. (-न्वा) A Sra'dd'ha or funeral ceremony performed on the hinth day of the month's Phausha, Ma'gha, Pha'guna or A'swina. It is the maternal Sra'dd'ha for those who preserve the sacred fire. **अन्व** after, and **द्यु** the eighth day.  
**अन्वद्यु** ind. Every day, daily. **अन्व**, and **द्यु** a day.  
**अन्वद्यु** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) Connecting, uniting. **अन्व**, and **द्यु** before, **द्यु** to collect, **क्विप्** aff.  
**अन्वद्यु** f. (-न्विः) 1. A ball or deposit to be delivered to a third person. 2. Repentance. **अन्व** according to, and **द्यु** a pledge.  
**अन्वद्यु** n. (-न्वः) Property presented after marriage to the wife by her husband's family. **अन्व** subsequently, and **द्यु** to be taken or received.  
**अन्वद्यु** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) Latitudinal. **अन्व**, and **द्यु** breadth.  
**अन्वद्यु** n. (-न्वः) Mounting the funeral pile after or with the body of the husband. **अन्व**, and **द्यु** ascending.  
**अन्वद्यु** n. (-न्वः) 1. An unctuous or cooling enema. 2. Service. 3. Regret, affliction. 4. A place where work is done, manufactory, a house of industry. **अन्व** before, **द्यु** to sit, and **क्विप्** aff.  
**अन्वद्यु** m. (-न्वः) 1. The monthly Sra'dd'ha, or funeral repast in honour of the manes, held on the day of new moon; it should be, according to Menu, of meat eaten after the presentation of a pin'da or ball of rice. 2. The monthly obsequies performed during the first year after the death of a parent. **अन्व** after, and **द्यु** to be taken or eaten; from **द्यु** with **क्विप्** prefixed, and **क्विप्** aff.  
**अन्वद्यु** n. (-न्वः) See the preceding.  
**अन्वद्यु** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) Daily, diurnal. **अन्वद्यु** daily, **द्यु** aff.  
**अन्वद्यु** mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्वः) Deposited with a person to be delivered ultimately to another. **अन्व** and **द्यु** placed.



**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) 1. Joined, connected with. 2. Having as an essential or inherent part, possessed of, possessing. 3. Connected as in grammar, or construction. **अपि** with, and **एत** gone, part. of **इत्**; also **अपि**.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) Bought. **अपि** after, and **एत** desire, with the part. affix **त्**.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) Joined, connected with. See **अपि**. **अपि** with, and **एत** from **इ** to go.

**अपि** m. (-स-स-स) 1. Research, investigation of duty by reasoning. 2. Research, enquiry in general. **अपि**, **एत** to desire and **अपि** aff. and in the fem. **अपि**.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) Bought. **अपि** The part. past of **इत्**, with **अपि** prefixed, and **इ** inserted before **त्**.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) Seeking, inquiring after. **अपि** before, **एत** to wish, **अपि** aff.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) An enquirer, a searcher. **अपि** before **एत**, and **अपि** aff. of agency.

**अपि** n. (-स-स-स) The offering or performance of sacrifice.

**अपि** f. pl. only, (आपः) Water. **अपि** to obtain, and **अपि** Una'di affix; the vowel of the radical becomes short.

**अपि** ind. A particle and preposition implying. 1. Inferiority, (below, worse.) 2. Privation, (from.) 3. Separation, (away, from.) 4. Contrariety, (against, opposite to.) 5. Difference, (from.) 6. Dishonesty. 7. Exultation: as **अपि** to revile, **अपि** to take away, **अपि** to do wrong, **अपि** to contradict, **अपि** infamy, &c. **अपि** neg. and **प** from **पा** to preserve.

**अपि** n. (-स-स-स) 1. Acting improperly, doing wrong. 2. Ill treating, offending, injuring. **अपि** before, **एत** to do, **अपि** aff.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) Injurious, offensive, hostile, inimical, an enemy. **अपि** before, **एत** to do, **अपि** aff.

**अपि** n. (-स-स-स) 1. Evil doing, wickedness. 2. Oppression, violence. 3. Laziness, incompetence. 4. Any impure or degrading act or rite. **अपि** before, **एत** act.

**अपि** m. (-स-स-स) An indelible disgrace. **अपि** before, **एत** a stain.

**अपि** m. (-स-स-स) 1. Pulling down, bringing low, lowering, depressing. 2. Inferiority, infamy, degradation. So **अपि** n. (-स-स-स) **अपि** before, **एत** to attract, **अपि** or **अपि** aff.

**अपि** m. (-स-स-स) 1. Injury, offence, wrong, mischief. 2. Wickedness. 3. Tyranny, oppression. 4. Hatred, enmity. **अपि** ill, and **अपि** what does.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) Injuring, pernicious. **अपि** before, **एत** to do, **अपि** aff.

**अपि** f. (-स-स-स) Reproach and menace. **अपि** hatred, and **अपि** speech.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) 1. Offensive, oppressive. 2. Wicked, doing ill. 3. Mischievous, malicious. 4. Inimical. **अपि** **अपि**, and **अपि** aff.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) Malicious, malevolent. **अपि** **अपि** and **अपि** who aims at.

**अपि** f. (-स-स-स) Infamy, disgrace. **अपि** before, **अपि** fame.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) 1. Done wrong, maliciously, offensively, or wickedly committed. 2. Who does wrong. 3. Ill treated. 4. Observed or practised as a degrading or impure act, as servile duties, funeral rites, &c. **अपि** before, **एत** to do, **अपि** aff.

**अपि** f. (-स-स-स) 1. Oppression, wrong, injury. 2. Enmity, opposition. 3. Any degrading or impure act or rite. **अपि** before, **एत** to do, **अपि** aff.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) 1. Low, vile, inferior. 2. Perplexed, distressed. 3. Depressed, lowered, brought down. **अपि** part. past of **अपि**, with **अपि** prefixed.

**अपि** f. (-स-स-स) Inferiority, vileness. So **अपि** n. (-स-स-स) **अपि** or **अपि** added to the last.

**अपि** f. (-स-स-स) 1. Immaturity. 2. Indigestion. **अपि** neg. **अपि** ripeness.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) Unripe, immature. **अपि** neg. **अपि** ripe.

**अपि** f. (-स-स-स) Immaturity. **अपि**, and **अपि** affix: also with **अपि**, **अपि**.

**अपि** m. (-स-स-स) 1. Flight, retreat. 2. Passing off or away. **अपि** from, and **अपि** to go, with **अपि** aff.

**अपि** n. (-स-स-स) Retiring, passing off or away. **अपि** before, **एत** to go, **अपि** aff.

**अपि** f. (-स-स-स) 1. Oppression, offence. 2. Evil doing, wickedness. 3. Any impure act or rite. **अपि**, and **अपि** action.

**अपि** m. (-स-स-स) Revailing, abusing. **अपि** against, **अपि** to call out, and **अपि** aff.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) Adverse, opposed to, not of the same side or party. **अपि** neg. **अपि** a party.

**अपि** f. (-स-स-स) Opposition, hostility. **अपि**, and **अपि** affix: or with **अपि** affix **अपि**.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) 1. Dead, deceased. 2. Gone, departed, remote, gone off. **अपि** away, and **अपि** gone.

**अपि** m. (-स-स-स) Departure, separation, death. **अपि**, and **अपि** to go, affix **अपि**.

**अपि** f. (-स-स-स) A river. **अपि** down, below, or **अपि** water, and thence the sea; and **अपि** what goes downward or into the sea; also **अपि**.

**अपि** m. (-स-स-स) A limb or member. **अपि**, and **अपि** from **अपि** to kill or hurt.

**अपि** m. (-स-स-स) Striking or cutting off, killing. **अपि**, and **अपि** striking.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) Murderous, killing. **अपि**, and **अपि** aff.

**अपि** m. (-स-स-स) 1. Loss, privation. 2. Respect, obeisance. **अपि** opposite to, and **अपि** from **अपि** to collect, with **अपि** aff.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) Saluted, revered. **अपि** here implying much or highly; and **अपि** part. past of **अपि** to reverence.

**अपि** m. (-स-स-स) 1. Improprity, defect, wickedness. 2. Observing unwholesome or improper regimen. **अपि** before, **एत** to go, **अपि** aff.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) Wicked, bad, one who acts wickedly. **अपि**, and **अपि** aff.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) 1. Saluted, honoured. 2. Diminished, expended, wasted. **अपि** before, **अपि** to reverence, or **अपि** to collect, **अपि** aff.

**अपि** f. (-स-स-स) 1. Loss. 2. Expense. 3. Annihilation. 4. Worship, reverence. **अपि** before **अपि** or **अपि**, and **अपि** aff.

**अपि** f. (-स-स-स) 1. Enlargement of the glands of the neck, &c. 2. Any indolent tumor. **अपि** neg. **अपि** to ripen, **अपि** and **अपि** aff.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) Wasting, perishing, departing. **अपि** before, **अपि** to collect, **अपि** aff.

**अपि** m. (-स-स-स) A spendthrift. **अपि**, **अपि** to collect, **अपि** aff.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) 1 Shadowless, having no shadow, as a deity or celestial being. 2. Having a bad or unlucky shadow. f. (-स-स-स) An unlucky shadow, a phantom. **अपि** priv. **अपि** shadow.

**अपि** n. (-स-स-स) Simple elementary substance, not compounded of the five gross elements. **अपि** neg. **अपि** five, **अपि** made, **अपि** augment.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) Adjoining, contiguous. **अपि** neg. **अपि** a screen, and **अपि** between.

**अपि** f. (-स-स-स) A screen or wall of cloth, especially the **अपि** or screen surrounding a tent. **अपि** priv. and **अपि** to go, with fem. termination **अपि**; preventing admission.

**अपि** m. (-स-स-स) Precipitate entrance on the stage, indicating hurry and agitation; also read **अपि** **अपि** **अपि** curtain, and **अपि** tossing.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) 1. Sick, diseased. 2. Awkward, not clever, uncouth. 3. Inelquent. **अपि** neg. **अपि** clever.

**अपि** n. (-स-स-स) A defect in any of the senses. **अपि**, and **अपि** doing.

**अपि** mfn. (-स-स-स) Unlearned, ignorant. **अपि** neg. **अपि** learned.

चपनचक m. (-कः) Spasmodic contraction of the body, emprosthotonos.  
 ३. चप away, तब will, कन् aff.  
 चपतपच n. (-च) Fasting, (in sickness.) ३. चप bad, and तपच satisfaction.  
 चपतानक m. (-कः) Spasmodic contraction : see the last. ३. चप down, तन  
 to spread. च्छुट् aff.  
 चपय n. (-य) Offspring, male or female. ३. च neg. वत to fall, and च्छु  
 affix; the family being upheld by them.  
 चपयदा f. (-दा) A midwife. ३. चपय offspring, and दा fem. deriv. who  
 gives.  
 चपयपय m. (-यः) The vulva. ३. चपय, and पय the road.  
 चपयविक्रयिन् m. (-यि) A father who receives a gratuity from his son-in-  
 law, a seller of his offspring. ३. चपय, and विक्रयिन् who sells.  
 चपययु m. (-युः) A crab. ३. चपय offspring, and यु an enemy. The crab  
 being said to perish on producing young.  
 चपयय mfn. (-यः-पा-य) 1. Bashful, modest. २. Immodest. f. (-पा) 1. Bashful-  
 ness. 2. Want of shame, immodesty. ३. चप, and पा shame.  
 चपययिचु mfn. (-चुः-युः-युः) Bashful. ३. चप before, चप to be ashamed,  
 and च्छुट् aff.  
 चपय n. (-य) The absence of a road. ३. च priv. and पय for पयिन् a road.  
 चपयिन् m. (-यि) See the preceding.  
 चपय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Unsuitable, inconsistent. 2. (In medicine)  
 Contra-indicated, unfit as food or drink in particular complaints.  
 ३. च neg. पय suitable.  
 चपय mfn. (-य-हा or -ही-य) 1. Footless, having no feet. 2. Having no  
 place, no station. adv. n. (-य) Unseasonably, inopportunately. m.  
 (-यः) A reptile. ३. च neg. पय a foot.  
 चपयान n. (-य) 1. Approved occupation. 2. Work well or completely  
 done. ३. चप before, हा to give, and च्छुट् aff.  
 चपयानक n. (-क) See the above. ३. कन् added.  
 चपयानकर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Adjoining, contiguous. n. (-र) Proximity, close,  
 contiguity. ३. च neg. पय a foot, and च्छर between.  
 चपयार्थ m. (-र्थः) Nonentity. ३. च neg. पयार्थ a thing.  
 चपयिह n. or ind. (-यि) Intermediate space, half of a point of the com-  
 pass. ३. चप, and यिह to show, क aff.  
 चपयिह ind. 1. Dispersing, going or having gone to various quarters.  
 २. Having shewn or stated. ३. चप before, यिह to show, य aff.  
 चपयिहता f. (-ता) An evil spirit, a goblin. ३. चप, and यिहता a deity.  
 चपयिह m. (-यः) 1. Evasion, prevarication. 2. Disguise by dress, &c. 3.  
 Place, quarter. 4. A butt or mark. 5. Cause. 6. Fame, reputation.  
 7. A contrivance, a pretence, a pretext. ३. चप ill, badly, &c. and  
 यिह to shew, with च्छुट् aff.  
 चपयय n. (-य) 1. An impurity, any bad thing. 2. Alloy, adulteration.  
 ३. चप, and यय thing.  
 चपयय m. (-यः) Degradation, disgrace. ३. चप, and यय loss.  
 चपययज m. (-जः) A man of a mixed or impure caste. ३. चपयय and ज  
 born.  
 चपययज mfn. (-जः-या-ज) 1. Cursed, reviled. 2. Abandoned. 3. Pounded.  
 ३. चप implying contempt, &c. part. past of चय to go, also चपयय.  
 चपयय n. (-य) Evil thoughts, wickedness. ३. चप, and यय meditation.  
 चपयय n. (-य) 1. Taking away, withdrawing, removing. 2. Destroying.  
 3. Dying. 4. Acquittance of a debt or obligation. ३. चप from, यी to  
 take, च्छुट् aff.  
 चपयय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Taken away, removed. 2. Paid, discharged. ३.  
 चप from, यी to take, क aff.  
 चपयय ind. 1. Having taken away. 2. Having discharged. ३. चप before,  
 यी to take, य aff.  
 चपययि f. (-यि) Removing, taking or sending away. ३. चप, हुट् to send,  
 क्तिन् aff.  
 चपयय m. (-यः) Removing, taking away. ३. चप, and हुट् to send,  
 क्तिन् aff.

चपयय n. (-य) 1. Removing, destroying. २. Expiating. ३. चप before,  
 हुट् to send, च्छुट् aff.  
 चपयय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Of low caste, using separate vessels. n. (-य) A  
 separate vessel, one from which no one else will eat. ३. चप apart,  
 पाय a vessel.  
 चपययित m. (-यः) A person who has lost caste, one with whom his  
 kindred will not eat or drink, from a common pa'tra or vessel. ३.  
 चपयय, and हुट् aff.  
 चपयय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Fearless, undaunted. ३. चप away, यी fear.  
 चपयय m. (-यः) Ungrammatical language. ३. चप from, यय to fall, and  
 च्छुट् affix; also चपयय.  
 चपय m. (-यः) Declination, (in astronomy.) ३. चप, या to measure, क aff.  
 चपयय n. (-य) Disrespect, disgrace. ३. चप reverse, and यय to respect,  
 क्तिन् aff.  
 चपययित mfn. (-यः-या-य) Disrespect, disgraced. ३. चपयय disgrace,  
 यय aff.  
 चपयय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Disreputable, dishonourable. ३. चप before,  
 यय to mind, च्छुट् aff.  
 चपयय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Neglect in dress or person, unadorned. २.  
 Disrespected, disgraced. ३. चप before, या to measure, क aff.  
 चपयय n. (-य) Debt. ३. चप from, यि to throw, and यय aff.  
 चपयय m. (-यः) Sudden death, dying of some casualty, not of  
 sickness or decay. ३. चप, यय death.  
 चपयय n. (-यः) Disgrace, infamy. ३. चप before, यय fame.  
 चपयय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Disgraceful, occasioning infamy. ३. चपयय  
 and यय what makes.  
 चपयय n. (-य) Retreat, flight. ३. चप from, and यय going.  
 चपय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Other. 2. Opposite, contrary. 3. Posterior, (in  
 place or time.) 4. Similar, same. 5. Friendly, not adverse. n.  
 (-य) The hind quarter of an elephant. f. (-य) 1. The womb. 2. Sup-  
 pressed menstruation in pregnancy. 3. The west. ३. च neg.  
 and यय from य to nourish or fill, and च्छुट् affix; or च neg. and  
 यय other.  
 चपयय ind. Again, moreover. ३. च the particle added to the last.  
 चपयय n. (-य) 1. Opposition, contrariety. 2. Posteriorly, (in place or  
 time;) also चपयय f. (-यः) ३. य or यय added to चपय.  
 चपयय m. (-यि) Stopping, ceasing. ३. चप from, यय to please, and  
 क्तिन् aff.  
 चपयय m. (-यः) The end of the night, the last watch. ३. चपय the end,  
 राय from रायि a night.  
 चपयय n. (-य) Another world, paradise. ३. चपय, and यी world.  
 चपयय m. (-यः) 1. Contest, dispute. 2. Discord. ३. चप, and यय sound.  
 चपयय n. (-यः) A kind of metre of four lines, having every two lines  
 the same.  
 चपयय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Undisturbed, undisputed. ३. चपयय, and च्छुट्  
 free from.  
 चपयय adj. mfn. (-यः-या-य) or adv. n. (-य) 1. Continued, uninterrupted.  
 2. Continually, (applied to action.) ३. च neg. and यय mutual.  
 चपयय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Not having the head downwards or reverted.  
 2. Presenting a firm front in battle or danger. ३. च neg. यय  
 reverted.  
 चपयय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Unconquered, unsurpassed. m. (-यः) 1. A name  
 of SIVA. 2. Also of VISHNU. 3. A sage. f. (-य) 1. A name applied to  
 several plants. 2. (Clitoria ternatea,) see चिक्किचिक्कि. 3. Eschynomene  
 scaban, see च्छुट् and, 4. Another plant, see च्छुट्पयय. 5. A name of  
 the goddess Durga. 6. A species of the चपयय metre of four lines,  
 with fourteen syllables in each line. 7. The north-east quarter. ३.  
 चपयय another, च neg. and यय conquered, excelled, &c.  
 चपयय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Unconquerable, invincible. ३. चपय, and च्छुट्  
 unconquerable.

अपराध mfn. (-दा-दा-द) 1. Criminal, guilty. 2. Erring. म. अप before, लुप्त to accomplish, क् aff.  
 अपराधवत् m. (-त्वाः) An archer or arrow always missing the butt. म. अपराध erring, and वत् an arrow.  
 अपराध mfn. (-दा-दा-द) Offending an offender. म. अप before दा, with क् aff.  
 अपराध m. (-दाः) Offence, transgression, fault. म. अप badly, and दा to accomplish, क् aff.  
 अपराधित mfn. (-दा-दा-द) Criminated, condemned. म. अपराध and क् aff.  
 अपराधिता f. (-ता) Criminality, guilt. So अपराधित n. (-तः) म. तद् or ल added to अपराधित.  
 अपराधित mfn. (-दा-दा-द) Offending, culpable, criminal. म. अपराध, and क् aff.  
 अपराधीन mfn. (-दा-दा-न) Independent. म. अप neg. अपराधीन dependent.  
 अपराह्ण m. (-ह्णः) Afternoon, the last watch of the day. म. अपराह्ण last, and ह्ण for अह्ण a day.  
 अपराह्णतम mfn. (-दा-दा-तम) Belonging to or produced in the close of the day, also अपराह्णतम. म. अपराह्ण the end of a day, with ह्ण or ह्ण् aff.  
 अपरिच्छित mfn. (-दा-दा-त) 1. Unknown. 2. Unseen. म. अप neg. परिच्छित seen.  
 अपरिच्छित mfn. (-दा-दा-त) Dry, not moist, not liquid. म. अप neg. परिच्छित moist.  
 अपरिमत mfn. (-दा-दा-त) Unknown, unobtained. म. अप neg. परिमत obtained.  
 अपरिग्रह m. (-दाः) Non-acceptance. म. अप neg. परिग्रह taking.  
 अपरिग्रहाय mfn. (-दा-दा-त) Unfit or improper to be accepted, not to be taken. म. अप neg. परिग्रहाय to be taken.  
 अपरिचयिन् mfn. (-दा-दा-यिन्) 1. Without acquaintance. 2. Misanthropic. म. अप neg. परिचयिन् acquainted.  
 अपरिचित mfn. (-दा-दा-त) Unacquainted with, unknown to. म. अप neg. परिचित known.  
 अपरिचय mfn. (-दा-दा-य) Unsociable. म. अप neg. परिचय to be combined.  
 अपरिच्छेद n. (-दः) Absence of clothing, nudity. म. अप neg. परिच्छेद covering.  
 अपरिच्छेद mfn. (-दा-दा-द) Uncovered, unclothed. So अपरिच्छादित mfn. (-दा-दा-त) म. अप neg. परिच्छेद or परिच्छादित clothed.  
 अपरिच्छेद mfn. (-दा-दा-द) Continuous, connected without interval. म. अप neg. परिच्छेद intersected.  
 अपरिच्छेद m. (-दः) 1. Want of arrangement or order. 2. Want of distinction or division. म. अप neg. परिच्छेद section.  
 अपरिच्छेदित mfn. (-दा-दा-त) Unarranged, not distinguished or divided. म. अप neg. परिच्छेदित intersected.  
 अपरिचयन n. (-नः) Celibacy. म. अप neg. परिचयन marrying.  
 अपरिणीता f. (-ता) An unmarried woman. म. अप neg. परिणीता married woman.  
 अपरिपक्व mfn. (-दा-दा-क) Not quite mature. म. अप neg. परिपक्व ripe.  
 परिपाटि f. (-टि-टी) Want of order, disarrangement. म. अप neg. परिपाटि order.  
 अपरिपूत mfn. (-दा-दा-त) Unripe, immature, imperfect. म. अप neg. परिपूत perfect.  
 अपरिमात्र mfn. (-दा-दा-त) Without measure, immense, immeasurable. म. अप neg. परिमात्र measure.  
 अपरिमित mfn. (-दा-दा-त) 1. Unmeasured. 2. Unlimited, unbounded. म. अप neg. परिमित measured.  
 अपरिमेय mfn. (-दा-दा-त) Unbounded, illimitable. म. अप neg. परिमेय measurable.  
 अपरिक्लृप्त mfn. (-दा-दा-त) Pure, clean. म. अप neg. परिक्लृप्त dirty.  
 अपरिग्रह mfn. (-दा-दा-त) Not to be reprimanded. म. अप neg. परिग्रह to be reprimanded.  
 अपरिग्रह mfn. (-दा-दा-त) Unalloyed, unadorned. म. अप neg. परिग्रह surrounded.

अपरिष्कार m. (-दाः) Coarseness, rudeness, want of polish or finish, moral or physical. म. अप neg. परिष्कार polish.  
 अपरिष्कृत mfn. (-दा-दा-त) Coarse, rude, unpolished, unadorned, morally or physically. म. अप neg. परिष्कृत finished.  
 अपरिस्तर mfn. (-दा-दा-त) Distant, not contiguous. म. अप neg. परिस्तर near.  
 अपरिस्तरवीच mfn. (-दा-दा-त) Not to be abandoned or lost. म. अप neg. परिस्तर to leave, वीच aff.  
 अपरिहार्य mfn. (-दा-दा-त) 1. Not to be avoided, inevitable. 2. Not to be abandoned. 3. Not to be degraded. म. अप neg. परिहार्य to leave, वीच aff.  
 अपरीक्षित mfn. (-दा-दा-त) Untried, unproved. म. अप neg. परीक्षित tried.  
 अपरूप mfn. (-दा-दा-त) Ugly, deformed, ill-looking, ill-made, monstrous. म. अप bad, रूप form.  
 अपर्ण mfn. (-दा-दा-त) Leafless. f. (-दा) A name of PARVATI. म. अप not, and पर्ण a leaf: the goddess not having even leaves for food, during her performance of religious austerities.  
 अपर्याप्त mfn. (-दा-दा-त) 1. Unlimited, unbounded. 2. Incompetent, unable, insufficient. 3. Incomplete, not enough. म. अप neg. पर्याप्त extended.  
 अपर्याय m. (-दाः) Want of order or method. म. अप neg. पर्याय order.  
 अपल n. (-तः) A pin or bolt. म. अप below, and ल to take, क् aff.  
 अपलाप m. (-दाः) 1. Denial or concealment of knowledge, evasion. 2. Affection, regard. 3. Concealing, hiding. म. अप away or kindly, and ल to speak, क् aff. also अपलापन n. (-नः)  
 अपलापिन् mfn. (-दा-दा-यिन्) One who denies or evades. म. अपलाप and क् aff.  
 अपलापिका f. (-का) Thirst. म. अप, ल to desire, क् aff.  
 अपवन mfn. (-दा-दा-न) Without air, sheltered from wind. न. (-नः) A garden, grove. म. अप, and वन a wood, or अप neg. पवन wind.  
 अपवरक m. (-कः) An inner apartment, the lying-in chamber. म. अप before, क् to hide or close, क् and क् aff.  
 अपवरक n. (-कः) 1. Covering, screening. 2. A garment, a mantle. म. अप before, क् to screen, क् aff.  
 अपवर्ग m. (-गः) 1. Final beatitude, the delivery of the soul from the body, and exemption from farther transmigration. 2. Abandoning, quitting. 3. The fruit or consequences of any completed act. 4. The completion of any act. 5. Any act brought to a conclusion. 6. End, completion. म. अप from, क् to forsake, क् aff. and क् substituted for क्.  
 अपवर्ग mfn. (-दा-दा-त) Confering final beatitude. म. अपवर्ग, and क् who gives.  
 अपवर्जन n. (-नः) 1. Gift or donation. 2. Final emancipation or beatitude. 3. Abandoning, abandonment. म. अप before, क् to forsake, and क् aff. See अपवर्ग.  
 अपवर्जित mfn. (-दा-दा-त) Abandoned, quitted, got rid of, given east away. म. अप before, क् to forsake, क् aff.  
 अपवर्तन m. (-नः) 1. Taking away. 2. A common measure in algebra. म. अप away, क् to be, क् aff.  
 अपवर्तन n. (-नः) 1. Agitating, shaking. 2. Taking away, removal, resumption. 3. Transferring, removing from one place to another. 4. Abbreviation, abridging. 5. Division by a common measure, reduction of a fraction to its lowest terms. म. अप away, क् to be, क् aff.  
 अपवाद m. (-दाः) 1. Censure, blame. 2. An order, a command. 3. Differences, distinction, exception. 4. Contradiction, opposition, denial. म. अप implying aversion, and वाद speech, from वद with क्; also अपवाद.  
 अपवाद mfn. (-दा-दा-त) 1. Censuring, accusing. 2. Opposing, objecting to. 3. Excepting, excluding. म. अप before, वद to speak, क् aff.

**अपवादित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Accused, censured. 2. Opposed, objected to. **अप** before, **वद्** to speak, causal form, **अ** aff.

**अपवादित्** mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) 1. Arousing, defaming. 2. Opposing, objecting to. **अप** before, **वद्** to speak, and **दि** aff.

**अपवारण** n. (-णः) Disappearance, concealment, covering. **अप** before, **वद्** to hide, in the causal form, **अ** aff.

**अपवारित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Covered, concealed, disappeared. **अप** before, **वद्** to hide, **अ** affix, and the vowel is made long.

**अपवादे** ind. 1. (In theatrical language). Apart, aside. 2. Having concealed. **अप** before, **वद्** to hide, **अ** aff.

**अपवाद** m. (-ः) An inference or deduction. **अप** before, **वद्** to bear, **अ** aff.

**अपविष** mfn. (-षः-षा-ष) Impure, unclean. **अ** **व** neg. **पविष** pure.

**अपविषता** f. (-ता) Impurity, uncleanness. So **अपविषत** n. (-तः) **अ** **त** of **अ** added to the last.

**अपविह** mfn. (-हः-हा-ह) 1. Rejected, dismissed, removed. 2. Thrown, sent. 3. Broken to pieces. **अप** before, **वद्** to strike, **अ** the part. affix, and the semivowel changed to its corresponding vowel **व**.

**अपविहपुत्र** m. (-पुत्रः) A son rejected by his natural parents, and adopted by a stranger; one of the twelve objects of filiation in Hindu law. **अप** before, **वद्** as before, and **पुत्र** a son.

**अपविषा** f. (-षा) A species of grass, (*Kyllingia monocephala*). **अप**, and **विष** poison.

**अपवर्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Reversed, inverted, overturned. 2. Deprived of. 3. Uncovered. **अप**, and **वर्त** established.

**अपवर्ध** m. (-धः) Piercing any thing in the wrong direction. **अप**, and **वर्ध** perforating.

**अपव्यय** m. (-यः) Prodigality. **अप**, and **व्यय** expense.

**अपव्ययमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Squandering. 2. Denying a debt. **अप** away, **व्यय** expenditure, used as a verb, **मान** aff.

**अपव्ययिन्** mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) Squandering, wasting, prodigal. **अप** **व्यय** and **यि** aff.

**अपमद** mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Fearless, having no fear or hesitation. adv. n. (-दं) Fearlessly. **अप**, and **मद** fear.

**अपमद** m. (-दः) A low man. See **अपमद**.

**अपमदम्** m. (-म्) 1. Ungrammatical language. 2. Common or vulgar speech, any form of language not Sanskrit. **अप** bad, and **मद** sound.

**अपमद** m. (-दः) The soul. **अप**, and **मद** sorrow.

**अपमद** m. (-दः) A tree, (*Jonesia asoca*). **अप**, and **मद** sorrow.

**अपट** n. (-टः) The end or point of the hook for driving an elephant. **अप** before, **ट** to surround, and **अ** aff.

**अपटन** m. (-नः) The point of the hook by which elephants are driven.

**अपटु** m. (-टुः) Time. mfn. (-टुः-टुः-टुः) 1. Contrary, opposite. 2. Left, (not right.) ind. 1. Well, properly. 2. Handsomely. 3. Contrary, perversely. **अप** badly, **वद्** what stays, with **उ** **Una'di** affix; **वद्** becomes **व**.

**अपटु** mfn. (-टुः-टा-टं) Opposite, contrary. **अप** **टु**, contrary, and **ट** from **टा** to obtain, affix **व**.

**अपटु** mfn. (-टुः-टा-टं) Opposite, contrary. **अप** As before, **व** substituted for **ट**.

**अपटु** n. (-टुः) Sacrificing. **अप** to obtain, **अपटु** **Una'di** aff.; the radical vowel made short.

**अपटु** m. (-टुः) A low man, an outcaste; it especially applies to the children of six degrading connexions, or of a Brahman with the women of the three lower classes; of a Kshatriya with women of two, the Vaisya and Sudra; and of a Vaisya with one of a lower class or a Sudra. **अप** low, **वद्** to abide, and **अ** aff.

**अपटु** m. (-टुः) The removal of any thing from one place to another. **अप** before **वद्** to go, **अ** aff.

**अपटु** n. (-टुः) 1. A gift or donation. 2. Killing. 3. Final emancipation. 4. Abandonment. **अप** before, **वद्** to leave, and **अ** aff.

**अपटु** n. (-टुः) Going out, egress. **अप** before, **वद्** to go, **अ** aff.

**अपटु** m. (-टुः) A secret emissary or agent, a spy. So **अपटु** m. (-टुः) **अप** bad, &c. **वद्** who goes; from **वद्** with **अ** aff.

**अपटु** ind. The space between the thumb and the forefinger.

**अपटु** mfn. (-टुः-टा-टं) 1. Opposite, contrary. 2. Right, (not left.) **अप** (-टुः) The space between the thumb and the forefinger. **अप**, and **वद्** left.

**अपटु** mfn. (-टुः-टा-टं) See the above. **अप** **वद्** added.

**अपटु** m. (-टुः) 1. Egress, passage for going forth. 2. Going out or away. **अप** before, **वद्** to go, **अ** aff.

**अपटु** mfn. (-टुः-टा-टं) Gone out, got out, escaped, fled. **अप** before, **वद्** to go, **अ** aff.

**अपटु** m. (-टुः) 1. Any part of a carriage. 2. The axle. 3. Floor. **अप**, and **वद्** from **वद्** to furrow, or **वद्** to do; **व** is inserted for the sake of euphony.

**अपटु** mfn. (-टुः-टा-टं) 1. Bathed or bathing after mourning, or upon the death of a connexion. 2. Bathed after death. (the corpse,) preparatory to other ceremonies. **अप**, and **वद्** bathed, from **वद्**, and **अ** aff.

**अपटु** n. (-टुः) 1. Funereal bathing, upon the death of a connexion, after mourning, &c. 2. Impure bathing, or bathing in water with which a person has previously washed. **अप**, and **वद्** bathing.

**अपटु** mfn. (-टुः-टा-टं) 1. Being without spies or emissaries. 2. Wanting the introduction or explanation, (grammar.) **अप** with **वद्** a spy, or **व** and **पटु** the first section of the Bha'shya.

**अपटु** m. (-टुः) Epilepsy, falling sickness. **अप** privation, **वद्** to remember, and **वद्** affix; loss of memory or sense.

**अपटु** mfn. (-टुः-टा-टं) Epileptic, convulsed. **अप** **टु** added to the last.

**अपटु** mfn. (-टुः-टा-टं) Destroyed. **अप**, and **वद्** killed.

**अपटु** n. (-टुः) 1. Taking away, carrying off, stealing, &c. 2. Taking back, resuming. **अप** before, **वद्** to take, **अ** aff.

**अपटु** mfn. (-टुः-टा-टं) 1. To be taken away, carried off, stolen, &c. 2. To be taken back or resumed. **अप** before, **वद्** to take, **अ** aff.; also **अपटु**, and **अपटु**.

**अपटु** n. (-टुः) 1. Taking away or off. 2. Stealing, plundering. **अप**, and **वद्** the hand.

**अपटु** mfn. (-टुः-टा-टं) Lost, gone, parted with or deprived of. **अप**, **वद्** the hand, **वद्** aff.

**अपटु** f. (-टिः) 1. Exception, exclusion. 2. Quitting, leaving. 3. Leaving off, stopping. **अप**, and **वद्** **अप** abandoning.

**अपटु** ind. Having left or abandoned. 2. Except, excepting. **अप** before, **वद्** to abandon, **अ** aff.

**अपटु** m. (-टुः) 1. Loss. 2. Taking away. 3. Theft, stealing. 4. Secreting. 5. Spending another person's property. **अप** before, **वद्** to take, **अ** aff.

**अपटु** mfn. (-टुः-टा-टं) One who takes away, seizing, taking a thief. **अप** **वद्** to take away, **अ** aff.

**अपटु** mfn. (-टुः-टा-टं) One who takes away, who seizes, steals, &c. a plunderer, a thief. **अप** **वद्** to steal, **अ** aff.

**अपटु** m. (-टुः) Silly or senseless laughter. **अप** before, **वद्** laughter.

**अपटु** mfn. (-टुः-टा-टं) 1. Taken away, carried off, stolen, &c. 2. Taken back, resumed. **अप** before, **वद्** taken.

**अपटु** m. (-टुः) 1. Denial or concealment of knowledge. 2. Affection. **अप** before, **वद्** to conceal, and **अ** aff.

**अपटु** mfn. (-टुः-टा-टं) Concealed, denied. **अप** before, **वद्** and **अ** aff.

**अपटु** f. (-टिः) 1. Denial or concealment of knowledge. 2. A figure of rhetoric, applying a description or simile to other than its obvious application. **अप** **वद्** and **अ** aff.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) One who conceals or denies. ३. अपक्व and अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) 1. Immature, raw, undressed or unripe. 2. Undigested. ३. (-व-स-स) 1. Immaturity. 2. Indigestion. ३. व neg. सक् ripeness.

अपक्व m. (-व-स-स) 1. Payment, liquidation. 2. Removal, abstraction. ३. अप and अप before स to make, स् aff.

अपक्व m. (-व-स-स) Ginger. ३. अपक्व indigestion, and अपक्व herb.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) 1. Taken away, removed, destroyed, void of. 2. Paid. ३. अप and अप before, स made.

अपक्व f. (-सि) 1. Removal, taking away. 2. Change of form or condition. ३. अप and अप before स doing, or अप with, सक् form.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) Present, perceptible. ३. अप before, and अप and अप organ of sense, or अप the eye.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) 1. Not in a line or row. 2. Not in the same degree or class, unworthy, inadmissible into society, excluded. ३. व neg. सक् a line, सक् affix; also similar derivatives as अपक्व, &c.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) 1. Not in a line or row. 2. Not in the same degree or order of society. ३. व neg. सक् a line, सक् aff. See अपक्व.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) Defiled or contaminated by the presence of impure or improper persons. ३. अपक्व excluded, अपक्व affected by.

अपक्व n. (-व-स-स) 1. The outer corner of the eye. 2. A sectorial mark or circlet on the forehead. mfn. (-व-स-स) Maimed, crippled. ३. अप before सक् to go, and सक् affix, or सक् a limb.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) Maimed, mutilated. m. (-व-स-स) 1. A plant, (Achyranthes aspera.) 2. The outer angle of the eye. ३. अप before the body, and स aff.

अपक्व m. (-व-स-स) A side glance, a leer, a wink. ३. अपक्व the corner of सक् the eye, and सक् looking.

अपक्व or अपक्व mfn. (अपक्व अपक्व अपक्व) South, southern. ३. See अपक्व.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) 1. Southern, southerly. 2. Not to be ripened or digested. ३. अपक्व, and सक् affix or व neg. सक् to be ripened.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) 1. South, southern. 2. Opposite. ३. अपक्व and स aff.

अपक्व n. (-व-स-स) 1. Sickness, disease. 2. Awkwardness, inelegance. ३. व priv. and सक् strength, cleverness, &c. See अपक्व.

अपक्व m. (-व-स-स) Celibacy. ३. व neg. सक् taking the hand, as in marrying.

अपक्व n. (-व-स-स) 1. A worthless or common utensil. 2. An inferior or worthless person. ३. व neg. सक् a vessel.

अपक्व m. (-व-स-स) 1. Acting unbecomingly, doing degrading offices, as for a BRAHMAN to receive wealth improperly acquired; to trade, to serve a SUDRA, and to utter an untruth. 2. Excommunication, disqualification. ३. व neg. सक् a vessel, सक् making, सक् augment; disqualifying a person from eating out of the same vessel as another.

अपक्व m. (-व-स-स) 1. Removal, ablation, the sense of the fifth or ablative case. 2. Taking away. ३. अप from, सक् taking.

अपक्व m. (-व-स-स) 1. The aqua. 2. A fart, one of the five vital airs. ३. अप below, सक् to breathe, सक् aff.

अपक्व m. (-व-स-स) The ocean. ३. अपक्व of water, सक् lord.

अपक्व m. (-व-स-स) The ocean. ३. अपक्व of water, सक् receptacle.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) Sinless, virtuous, pure. See अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) ३. व neg. सक् a or सक् a or सक् a.

अपक्व m. (-व-स-स) A plant, (Achyranthes aspera.) ३. अप, सक् to clean, with सक् prepared, and सक् affix; the ashes are used in washing linen.

अपक्व m. (-व-स-स) 1. The ocean. 2. A name of Kanva. ३. See अपक्व. ३. अपक्व sensitive case of अप water, and सक् master.

अपक्व m. (-व-स-स) Fire. ३. अपक्व of water, and सक् bile; drying it up.

अपक्व m. (-व-स-स) 1. Destruction, annihilation. 2. Separation, disunion. 3. Loss, injury. 4. Departure, going away. 5. Retreat, flight. ३. अप away, सक् going.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) 1. Going away, departing, perishing. ३. अपक्व and सक् aff.

अपक्व n. (-व-स-स) The opposite bank of a river. mfn. (-व-स-स) Unbounded, boundless, interminable. ३. व neg. सक् shore.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) Incompetent, impotent. ३. व neg. सक् who gets through or over.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) 1. Useless, unprofitable. 2. Unmeaning. ३. अप without, सक् object, also with सक् added अपक्व.

अपक्व m. (-व-स-स) A false plea in a law suit. ३. अपक्व, and सक् making.

अपक्व m. (-व-स-स) 1. Turning away or from. 2. Retreat, repulse. 3. Returning. ३. अप and सक् before, सक् to be, सक् aff.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) 1. Self-willed, unrestrained. 2. Covered, concealed. 3. Surrounded, inclosed. 4. Opened. 5. Driven away. adv. (-व-स-स) Immoderately, unreservedly. ३. अप priv. सक् to hide, with सक् prefixed, and स aff.

अपक्व f. (-सि) 1. Enclosing, surrounding. 2. Covering, screening. ३. अप and सक् before, सक् to hide, सक् aff.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) 1. Rolling on the ground, (as a horse.) 2. Uncovered. 3. Driven back or to the rear, repelled. ३. अप before, सक् to stand, and स aff.

अपक्व f. (-सि) 1. Retreat, repulse. 2. Returning. ३. अप and सक् before, सक् to be, सक् aff.

अपक्व m. (-व-स-स) An awning spread over a court or yard. mfn. (-व-स-स) Helpless, destitute. ३. अप, and सक् protection.

अपक्व m. (-व-स-स) A quiver; also अपक्व.

अपक्व n. (-व-स-स) 1. Quitting, foregoing, discarding. 2. Killing, slaughter. ३. अप, सक् to be, and सक् aff.

अपक्व m. (-व-स-स) Departing, departure, removal. ३. अप and सक् before, सक् to go, सक् aff.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) Thrown or out down, injured, destroyed. ३. अप with सक् to throw, सक् affix and सक् augment.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) Gone, departed, gone away. ३. अप, and सक् before, सक् to go, सक् aff.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) 1. Thrown off, set aside. 2. Driven away, expelled. 3. Discarded, abandoned. 4. Disregarded, contemned. ३. अप and सक् to throw, सक् aff.

अपक्व ind. 1. Having quitted or left. 2. Having thrown away. 3. Disregarding. ३. अप, and सक् to throw, सक् aff.

अपक्व ind. A preposition and particle corresponding to even, though, yet, assuredly, &c. and implying. 1. Interrogation. 2. Earnest interrogation or enquiry. 3. Doubt. 4. Possibility. 5. Reproof; and. 6. Conjunction. 7. It is often an expletive. ३. व neg. and सक् to go, with सक् aff.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) Praised. ३. अप before, सक् part. past, irregularly formed from सक् to sound.

अपक्व ind. Moreover, also.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) Clear, free from sediment or soil. ३. व neg. सक् muddy.

अपक्व ind. If, if indeed, yet, but yet. ३. अप, and सक् but, and, &c.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) See the next. ३. व neg. सक् a father, सक् added.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) Uninherited, acquired, not ancestral or paternal. ३. व neg. सक् a father, सक् aff.

अपक्व n. (-व-स-स) Covering, concealment, disappearance. ३. अप before सक् to have or held, and सक् aff. See अपक्व.

अपक्व mfn. (-व-स-स) Clothed, accoutred. ३. अप, and सक् part. past of सक् to bind.

अविद्वान् mfn. (-नः-ता-न्) Upright honest. न. च neg. विद्वान् dishonest.  
 अवीर्य n. (-न्) Gentleness, kindness, giving pain to nothing. न. च neg.  
 पीडन painful.  
 अवीर्य m. (-न्) Dryness of the nose, want of the pituitary secretion  
 and loss of smell, cold. न. च neg. वीर्य the mucus of the nose.  
 अवीर्य mfn. (-न्) Very handsome.  
 अपुच्छ mfn. (-न्) Tailless. f. (-न्) A tree, (Dalbergia sisu.)  
 See शिखरा. न. च neg. पुच्छ a tail.  
 अपुच्छ mfn. (-न्) Wicked, bad. न. च, and पुच्छ virtuous. So अपुच्छीक.  
 अपुच्छन्त mfn. (-न्) Acting wickedly, wicked, bad. न. कृत् who does, with  
 अपुच्छ. So अपुच्छन्त.  
 अपुत्र m. (-न्) A man who has no son. न. च neg. पुत्र a son, also with  
 कृत् added, अपुत्रकः.  
 अपुनरावृत्ति f. (-तिः) Final exemption from life. न. च neg. पुनरावृत्ति re-  
 newed practice.  
 अपुनर्मन्त्र m. (-न्) Final beatitude, exemption of the soul from further  
 transmigrating. न. च neg. पुनर् again, and भव being.  
 अपुराण mfn. (-न्) Modern, new. So अपुरातन. न. च neg. पुराण old.  
 अपुन्य mfn. (-न्) Unmanly. न. च neg. पुन्य a man.  
 अपुष्ट mfn. (-न्) Lean. न. च neg. पुष्ट nourished.  
 अपुष्प mfn. (-न्) Not flowering. न. च neg. पुष्प a flower. So अपुष्पक  
 and अपुष्पित.  
 अपुष्पकम्बु m. (-न्) Any tree which bears fruit, without flowering, as  
 the jack tree. न. अपुष्प, फल fruit, and द what gives.  
 अपुण्य mfn. (-न्) Irreligious, irreverent. न. च neg. पूजक a wor-  
 shipper.  
 अपुण्य f. (-न्) Irreverence, disrespect. न. च नष्ट. पूजा worship.  
 अपुण्यित mfn. (-न्) Contemned, disregarded, not revered or  
 worshipped. न. च neg. पूजित worshipped.  
 अपुत्र mfn. (-न्) 1. Impure. 2. Not having received the invocatory  
 rite. न. च neg. पुत्र pure.  
 अपुत्र m. (-न्) 1. Cake of flour, meal, &c. 2. Wheat. न. पूत्र to split with  
 च neg. prefixed; प affixed, and द dropped.  
 अपुत्र m. (-न्) Flour, meal. न. अपुत्र a cake, and दृत् aff.  
 अपुत्रवी f. (-न्) The silk cotton tree, (Bombax heptaphyllum.)  
 अपुत्र mfn. (-न्) Incomplete, not full or entire. m. (-न्) A fraction.  
 2. An incomplete number. न. च neg. पूर्य full.  
 अपूर्णकाल mfn. (-न्) Premature. m. (-न्) Incomplete time. न. अपूर्ण,  
 and काल time.  
 अपूर्णकालज mfn. (-न्) Abortive, born before the proper time. न.  
 अपूर्ण, and काल time, and ज born.  
 अपूर्णता f. (-न्) Incompleteness. न. अपूर्ण and तत् affix; also with ल, अपूर्णल.  
 अपूर्ण mfn. (-न्) 1. Wonderful, extraordinary. 2. Unprecedented,  
 unprecedented. 3. Excellent, not exceeded. 4. Not easterly. n. (-न्)  
 The remote or unforeseen consequence of an act, as heaven of  
 religious rites, a consequence not immediately preceded by its  
 cause. न. च neg. पूर्ण prior.  
 अपूर्णवत् ind. Singularly, unlike any thing else. न. अपूर्ण and वत् aff.  
 अपूर्ण mfn. (-न्) Unmixed, uncombined. m. (-न्) (In grammar) an  
 affix of a single letter. न. च neg. पूर्य combined.  
 अपुष्ट ind. With, together with, collectively. न. च not, पुष्ट severally.  
 अपुष्ट mfn. (-न्) Unasked, unaddressed, not spoken to. न. च neg.  
 पूष्ट asked.  
 अपेक्ष mfn. (-न्) Expecting. न. च before, ईच्छ to see, च्छ aff.  
 अपेक्षणीय mfn. (-न्) 1. To be regarded or considered. 2. Desirable,  
 न. च before, ईच्छ to see, च्छ aff.  
 अपेक्षा f. (-न्) 1. Expectation, hope. 2. Regard, reference, consideration.  
 3. Connexion of cause and effect. 4. Absolute connexion, as of an  
 individual with its species. 5. Necessity, need, occasion. न. च, ईच्छ  
 to see, च्छ and अप् affix.

अपेक्षावृत्ति f. (-तिः) Clearness of understanding, the faculty of arranging  
 and methodising a variety of considerations. न. अपेक्षा, and वृत्ति  
 intellect.  
 अपेक्षित mfn. (-न्) 1. Regarded, considered, referred to. 2. Wished,  
 hoped. 3. Connected. न. च, ईच्छ to see, च्छ aff.  
 अपेक्षित्य mfn. (-न्) 1. To be regarded or considered. 2. Desir-  
 able, estimable. न. च, and ईच्छ to see, च्छ aff.  
 अपेक्षित् mfn. (-न्) 1. Expecting, hoping, an expectant. 2. Look-  
 ing to. न. अपेक्षा and वृत्ति aff.  
 अपेक्ष्य mfn. (-न्) 1. To be regarded or considered. 2. To be  
 wished or desired. ind. Having considered, having, or with, regard  
 or reference to. न. च, ईच्छ to see, वत् or दृष्ट aff.  
 अपेक्ष mfn. (-न्) 1. Gone, departed. 2. Lost. 3. Open, apart. न. च,  
 and दृष्ट gone.  
 अपेक्ष mfn. (-न्) Inexpert. न. च neg. वैश्व clever.  
 अपेक्ष n. (-न्) Integrity, honesty, uprightness. न. च neg. वैश्व roguery.  
 अपेक्ष mfn. (-न्) 1. Deformed, having a limb too many or too  
 few, &c. 2. Flaccid. 3. A child or infant. 4. Timid, fearful. न. च  
 before, वत् to go, affix च, deriv. irr.  
 अपेक्ष mfn. (-न्) 1. Removed, carried off. 2. Lost, deprived of, taken  
 away. 3. Discussed, established by argument. न. च, and कृत् borne.  
 अपेक्षिका f. (-न्) A potherb, (Basella, rubra or lucida.)  
 अपेक्ष m. (-न्) 1. The removal of doubt by the exercise of the reasoning  
 faculty. 2. Reasoning, arguing. न. च reverse, कृत् to reason, and  
 च्छ affix; opposed to doubt or deliberation.  
 अपेक्ष n. (-न्) Reasoning, exercise of reason. न. च, and कृत् to reason,  
 च्छ aff.  
 अपेक्षित mfn. (-न्) 1. Removed, taken away. 2. Lost, deprived of.  
 3. Established by reason. न. च, and वत् to bear, च्छ aff.  
 अपेक्ष n. (-न्) Unmanliness, cowardice. न. च neg. वीर्य manhood.  
 अपेक्ष n. (-न्) Sacrificing, offering oblations. न. चाप to obtain, च्छ affix,  
 and त inserted.  
 अपेक्ष m. (-न्) 1. The body. 2. A limb or member. न. चाप to obtain, and  
 वत् Uns' di aff.  
 अपेक्ष n. (-न्) Water, (in the language of the Vēdas.) न. चाप to obtain,  
 च्छ affix, and वत् inserted.  
 अपेक्ष m. (-न्) A name of VARUNA. न. चप् water, and पति lord; regent  
 of the water, also अपेक्षित.  
 अपेक्ष m. (-न्) Fine. न. चप् water, पति bile; see अपेक्षित.  
 अपेक्ष ind. Also, indeed. न. चपि, and उत or.  
 अपेक्ष mfn. (-न्) Unmanifest, unapparent. न. च neg. प्रकट evident.  
 अपेक्ष mfn. (-न्) 1. Unshaken, literally or figuratively, firm,  
 steady. 2. Unanswered, unrefuted. न. च neg. प्रकट trembling.  
 अपेक्षता f. (-न्) 1. Firmness, stability. 2. Unanswerableness. न. तत्  
 added to the preceding, also with ल, च्छ affix.  
 अपेक्षित mfn. (-न्) 1. Not exceeded, not more than. 2. Unsurpassed.  
 न. च neg. प्रकट bettered, exceeded.  
 अपेक्ष mfn. (-न्) Hidden, private, not public or displayed, not  
 manifest or evident. न. च neg. प्रकट light.  
 अपेक्षित mfn. (-न्) Not manifested, undivulged, unrevealed, not  
 evident or public. न. च neg. प्रकट manifested.  
 अपेक्ष mfn. (-न्) 1. Unusual, uncommon, occasional or incidental  
 to. न. च neg. प्रकट before, वत् made.  
 अपेक्ष f. (-तिः) 1. Accidental property or nature, not the inherent or  
 inseparable property. 2. Spiritual being. न. च neg. प्रकट nature or  
 matter.  
 अपेक्ष mfn. (-न्) Low, vile. m. (-न्) A srow. न. च neg. प्रकट  
 excellent.  
 अपेक्ष mfn. (-न्) 1. Dull, obtuse. 2. Bland, mild. न. च neg. प्रकट  
 sharp.

अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Modest, unassuming. न. च neg. प्रवच arrogant.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Confounded, perplexed. न. च neg. प्रवच direct.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Little, few. न. च neg. प्रवच much.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Undesired, not bidden or commanded. 2. Undeclared, not said. 3. Not promised. 4. Unasked, declared. न. च neg. प्रवच directed.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Observing, following, not fallen or deviating from. न. च neg. प्रवच fallen.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Childless, without progeny. 2. Unpeopled, destitute of subjects. न. च neg. प्रवच offspring.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Childless. f. (-अ-मन्य-अ) A barren woman. न. च neg. प्रवच generated.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Unconsecrated, profane, common. न. च neg. प्रवच sacred.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Not to be turned away. न. च neg. प्रवच to be dismissed.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Not to be discussed, incomprehensible by reason. न. च neg. प्रवच to be investigated.  
 अमन्य m. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Meanness, want of dignity. 2. Dulness, want of brilliancy. न. च neg. प्रवच splendor.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Trusted, confidential. 2. One who does not requite or retaliate. न. च neg. प्रवच again, कर who does.  
 अमन्य m. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Non-requital, non-acquittal. 2. Non-retaliation. 3. Not remedying. mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Helpless, defenceless. 2. Irremediable. न. च neg. प्रवच rendering again or the like.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Not to be taken, unacceptable. न. च neg. प्रवच to be taken.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Favourable, friendly. न. च neg. प्रवच adverse.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Not to be bartered or exchanged. न. च not, प्रति again, पक्ष to be sold.  
 अमन्य f. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Non-ascertainment. 2. Non-performance, failure. 3. Neglecting, disregard. न. च neg. प्रवच effecting.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Unascertained. 2. Unaccomplished. 3. Neglected. न. च neg. प्रवच effected.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Modest, bashful. 2. Confounded, perplexed. 3. Unreflected, (as an image.) न. च neg. प्रवच light, reflexion.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Unequalled, incomparable. न. च neg. प्रवच similitude.  
 अमन्य m. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Natural or spontaneous state or condition. न. च neg. प्रवच fabrication.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Natural, not made or artificial. न. च neg. प्रवच fabrication.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Unobstructed, undisputed. 2. Absolute, direct, (as inheritance,) not collateral or presumptive. न. च neg. प्रवच obstacle.  
 अमन्य n. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. A march or procession. 2. The Saṃs Vēda. 3. Auspicious, well, right. m. (-अ-मन्य-अ) A warrior. न. च neg. प्रति against, रक्ष a car.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Unequalled, incomparable. न. च neg. प्रति against, रूप kind, form.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Unanswerable or incomparable discourse. न. च प्रवच, and वच speech.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Unimpeded, unobstructed. न. च neg. प्रवच hindered.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Natural, unartificial. न. च neg. प्रवच fabrication.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Infamous, disreputable. 2. Thrown away, unprofitable. 3. Undecided, fluctuating. न. च neg. प्रवच credit, &c.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Unconsecrated. 2. Obscure, uncelebrated. 3. Unsettled, mixed. न. च neg. प्रवच celebrated, &c.

अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Unprohibited, unforbidden. न. च neg. प्रवच forbidden.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Unaffected, uninjured, unimpaired. 2. Not disappointed. 3. Unobstructed. न. च neg. प्रवच hurt.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Unresisting, defenceless. 2. Irremediable. m. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Non-retaliation. 2. Want of remedy or relief. न. च neg. प्रवच counteracting.  
 अमन्य f. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Mistrust, want of confidence. न. च neg. प्रवच faith.  
 अमन्य m. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Necessity, want. न. च neg. प्रवच sufficiency.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Invisible, imperceptible, not present. न. च neg. प्रवच present.  
 अमन्य m. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Doubt, distrust, disbelief. न. च neg. प्रवच trust.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Doubtful, mistrusting, sceptical. न. च प्रवच and इति aff.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Assented to, uncontradicted, unrefuted. न. च neg. प्रवच denied.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Not to be contradicted, undeniable. न. च neg. प्रवच deniable.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Unpublished. 2. Unnoted, unknown. न. च neg. प्रवच celebrated.  
 अमन्य n. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Subordinate, secondary. न. च neg. प्रवच principal: (always neuter.)  
 अमन्य f. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Inferiority, subordination. न. तत् added to the last, also with तत्, अमन्य.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Weak, inefficacious. न. च neg. प्रवच potent.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Dull, obscure. 2. Mean. न. च neg. प्रवच radiance.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Insufficient, inadequate. न. च neg. प्रवच before भूत been.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Careful, attentive, vigilant. न. च neg. प्रवच careless.  
 अमन्य m. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Care, vigilance. न. च neg. प्रवच carelessness.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Careful, cautious, steady. न. च प्रवच and इति aff.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Unbounded, unmeasured. न. च neg. प्रवच measured.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Unbounded, immeasurable. न. च neg. प्रवच measurable.  
 अमन्य m. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Indifference, laziness. mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Indifferent, apathetic, making no effort. न. च neg. प्रवच energy.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Quick, expeditious. न. च neg. प्रवच slow.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Abstaining from action, inert. 2. Not exciting to action. न. च neg. प्रवच what excites.  
 अमन्य n. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Refraining from, not engaging in. 2. Not exciting to. न. च neg. प्रवच before इति to be, अति aff.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Unskilful. न. च neg. प्रवच skilful.  
 अमन्य f. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Abstaining from action, inaction. 2. Non-excitement. 3. (In Medicine) Suppression of the natural evacuations, constipation, incontinence, &c. न. च neg. प्रवच active exertion.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Moderate, temperate. न. च neg. प्रवच intent or fond of.  
 अमन्य f. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Moderation. mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Moderate, temperate. न. च neg. प्रवच addiction to any thing.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Bad, worthless. न. च neg. प्रवच excellent.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Turbid, muddy. 2. Displeased, dissatisfied, unfavourable. न. च neg. प्रवच pleased.  
 अमन्य m. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Disfavour, disapprobation. न. च neg. प्रवच favour.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Not to be propitiated. 2. Unappeasable, implacable. न. च neg. प्रवच before इति to go, इति aff.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) 1. Unusual, uncommon. 2. Uncelebrated. न. च neg. प्रवच famous.  
 अमन्य mfn. (-अ-मन्य-अ) Not having offspring, barren, childless. न. च neg. प्रवच bearing.



अप्रारम्भ mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Uncommenced, not begun. 2. Unconnected with, unattached to. 3. Uncommon, unusual. 4. Unpraised, not celebrated. 5. Confounded, not prompt. ६. अ neg. प्र before ह्रु to praise, त aff.

अप्रहत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Unhurt, intact. 2. Untilled, waste, fallow. ३. अ neg. प्रहत broken.

अप्राज्ञ mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Special, particular, not common or generic. 2. Not vulgar, (especially as dialect or speech.) ३. अ neg. प्राज्ञ common, vulgar.

अप्राय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Secondary, subordinate. ३. अ neg. प्राय principal.

अप्राचीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Modern, recent. ३. अ neg. प्राचीन old.

अप्राज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञं) 1. Unlearned, ignorant. 2. Unconscious, unwitting. ३. अ neg. प्राज्ञ who knows.

अप्राज्ञता f. (-ता) 1. Unconsciousness. 2. Ignorance. ३. तच् added to the last, also with त्व, अप्राज्ञत्व.

अप्राण mfn. (-णः-पा-णं) Lifeless, inanimate. m. (-णः) Death. ३. अ neg. प्राण life.

अप्राणिन् mfn. (-णी-णिनी-णि) Lifeless, inanimate. ३. अप्राण and णि aff.

अप्राप्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Unobtained. 2. Unarrived. ३. अ neg. प्राप्त acquired.

अप्राप्तकाल mfn. (-कालः-कालं) 1. Inopportune, out of season. 2. Under age. ३. अप्राप्त, and काल time.

अप्राप्तव्यवहार m. (-रः) A minor. mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Under age, not of years to engage in law or public business. ३. अ neg. प्राप्त attained, व्यवहार legal affairs.

अप्राप्ति f. (-तिः) Non-attainment, non-acquisition. ३. अ neg. प्राप्ति acquisition.

अप्राप्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Unobtainable, unattainable. ind. Not having obtained. ३. अ neg. प्राप future or past part.

अप्राप्तविक्रम mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Unauthentic, unauthoritative. ३. अ neg. प्राप्तविक्रम of authority.

अप्राप्तव्य n. (-व्यं) Absence, or insufficiency of proof or authority. ३. अ neg. प्राप्तव्य proof.

अप्राप्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Uncovered, unclothed. ३. अ neg. प्राप्त covered.

अप्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Disliked, disagreeable. 2. Unkind, unfriendly. m. (-यः) A foe, an enemy. f. (-यः) A sort of skate fish, (Silurus pungentissimus.) ३. अ neg. प्रिय beloved.

अप्रियकर mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रं) 1. Unfriendly, ill-disposed. 2. Disagreeable. ३. अप्रिय, and कर what makes.

अप्रियवद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) One who speaks harshly or unkindly. ३. अ neg. प्रियवद kind spoken.

अप्रियवादिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Speaking unkindly. ३. अप्रिय, and वादिन् who speaks; also अप्रियमादिन्, &c.

अप्रीति f. (-तिः) 1. Dislike, aversion. 2. Unfriendliness, enmity. ३. अ neg. प्रीति love.

अप्रीतिकर mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रं) 1. Unkind, adverse. 2. Disagreeable, offensive. ३. अप्रीति and कर what makes.

अप्रीत्य n. (-त्यं) Dislike, aversion. ३. अ neg. प्रीत्य affection.

अप्रीड mfn. (-डः-डा-डं) 1. Timid, gentle. 2. Immature. f. (-डा) An unmarried girl, or one very recently married, and not come to womanhood. ३. अ neg. प्रीड arrogant.

अप्सरस् f. plur. always (-राः) The nymphs of Swarga, attendants on Indra. ३. अप् water, ह्रु to go, and अस् Un'adi affix; or अप् in the waters, and रस् flavour; from their fondness for bathing, or from their being produced at the churning of the ocean.

अप्सरा f. (-रा) an Apsara or heavenly nymph. ३. अप् and ह्रु as before, with अच् aff.

अफल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Unfruitful, barren. 2. Vain, unproductive. f. (-ला) 1. The aloe plant, (Aloe perfoliata.) 2. Another plant, (Flacortia cataphracta.) ३. अ neg. फल fruit.

अफलता f. (-ता) Barrenness, unprofitableness. ३. अफल with तच् affix; also अफलत्व.

अफलाकारिन् mfn. (-री-रिनी-रि) Disinterested, indifferent; not looking to beneficial consequences. ३. अ neg. फल fruit, and आकारिन् who desires.

अफल्य mfn. (-ल्यः-ल्या-ल्यं) Productive, profitable. ३. अ न'eg. फल्य worthless.

अफुल्ल mfn. (-ल्लः-ल्ला-ल्लं) Unblown. ३. अ neg. फुल्ल flowered.

अफीन n. (-नं) Opium. mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Frothless, without scum or foam. ३. अ dim. and फीन froth; the word in the first sense is, no doubt of modern date and foreign introduction.

अव r. 1st cl. With an indicative व, अवि (अवते) To sound.

अवय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Unmeaning or nonsensical discourse. 2. Unbound at liberty. ३. अ neg. बध bound, connected.

अवयव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) See the preceding. ३. हुन् being added, which leaves व.

अवयवमुख mfn. (-खः-खा-खं) Foulmouthed, scurrilous. ३. अवयव unbound, and मुख the mouth.

अवध m. (-धः) Not killing. f. (-धा) The segment of the base of a triangle. ३. अ neg. बध what kills.

अवध्य mfn. (-ध्यः-ध्या-ध्यं) 1. Unmeaning or nonsensical, (as discourse.) 2. Sacred, not to be put to death. ३. अ neg. बध् to bind, or बध् to kill and यत् aff.

अवध्याय m. (-यः) Immunity, sacredness of character, as that of an ambassador. ३. अवध्य, and याव quality.

अवशुभ mfn. (-शुः-शु-शं) Unlovely, displeasing. ३. अ neg. वशुर् handsome.

अवश्य mfn. (-श्यः-श्या-श्यं) Fruitful, productive. ३. अ neg. and वश्य bound barren.

अवल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Weak, feeble, infirm. m. (-लः) A plant, (Tapi cratoeva.) See वल्य. f. (-ला) A woman. ३. अ neg. and वल strong.

अवाध mfn. (-धः-धा-धं) 1. Unobstructed, unrestrained. 2. Free from pain. f. (-धा) 1. Segment of the base of a triangle. 2. Indistinctness, perplexity. ३. अ neg. and बाध to oppose, अच् aff.

अवाधक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Not obstructing or opposing. ३. अ neg. बाध what opposes.

अवाध्य mfn. (-ध्यः-ध्या-ध्यं) Improper to be pained or opposed. ३. अ neg. बाध to oppose, यत् part. affix, also with अनीयर् and तव्य, अवाधनीय an अवाधितव्य.

अवाक्य mfn. (-क्यः-की-कं) Having no relation or kindred, lone, unacknowledged, unowned. ३. अ neg. वक्य kindred, अच् aff.

अवुचि f. (-चिः) Ignorance. mfn. (-चिः-चि-चि) Ignorant, stupid. ३. अ neg. बुध understanding.

अवुचिमत mfn. (-मतः-मती-मतं) Unwise, ignorant, foolish. ३. अ neg. बुचि wise.

अवुच्य mfn. (-च्यः-चा-चं) Stupid, foolish, a fool. ३. अ neg. बुच्य wise.

अवीच m. (-चः) Ignorance, stupidity. mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Ignorant, stupid. 2. Puzzled, perplexed. ३. अ neg. वीच knowledge.

अवीचनय mfn. (-नयः-ना-नं) Incomprehensible. ३. अ neg. वीच knowledge नय to be attained by.

अवीचनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Unintelligible. 2. Not to be awakened or aroused. ३. अ neg. वीचनीय to be understood, &c. also अवीचितव्य or अवीच्य.

अव m. (-वः) 1. The moon. 2. A kind of tree, (Barringtonia acutangula) 3. The physician of the gods. See वयवदि. mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) A conch. (-वं) 1. A lotus. 2. A large number, a million of millions. ३. अच् water, and व who is born; from the situation of the thing named, or their production at the churning of the ocean.

अवज m. (-जः) A name of Brahma. ३. अवज lotus, and व born; BRAHMA being said to have sprung at the creation from the lotus, which arose from the navel of VISHNU.

अवजवन mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Having fine eyes. ३. अवज, and वन the eye.



अक्षय mfn. (-स्य-स्य) Having fine eyes. ३. अक्ष and अक्ष eye.  
 अक्षय mfn. (-स्य) Lotus-eyed, having large fine eyes. ३. अक्ष, and अक्ष eye.  
 अक्षय m. (-स्य) The root of a lotus. ३. अक्ष, and अक्ष enjoyment.  
 अक्षयि m. (-स्य) A name of BRAHMA. ३. अक्ष, and अक्ष the vulva; see अक्षय.  
 अक्षय m. (-स्य) A name of SIVA. ३. अक्ष the moon, and अक्षय a vehicle: carrying or wearing the moon on his forehead.  
 अक्षय m. (-स्य) The sun. ३. अक्ष a lotus, and अक्षय a hand: SURYA is represented holding this flower in one hand.  
 अक्षयि f. (-स्य) A multitude of lotus flowers. ३. अक्ष and अक्ष aff.  
 अक्षयिपति m. (-स्य) The sun. ३. अक्षयि, and अक्षय a lord.  
 अक्ष m. (-स्य) 1. A cloud. 2. A year. 3. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) 4. The name of a mountain. ३. अक्ष water, य changed to अक्ष, and अक्ष what gives; or अक्ष to preserve, &c. and अक्ष Unadi affix; hence the word is also written अक्ष.  
 अक्षय n. (-स्य) A century. ३. अक्ष, and अक्ष a hundred.  
 अक्षय n. (-स्य) A thousand years. ३. अक्ष, अक्षय a thousand.  
 अक्षय n. (-स्य) A half year. ३. अक्ष, and अक्ष half.  
 अक्ष mfn. (-स्य-स्य) Annual, yearly. ३. अक्ष and अक्ष aff.  
 अक्षय n. (-स्य) A fortress surrounded by a moat or lake. ३. अक्ष water, and अक्ष fort.  
 अक्ष m. (-स्य) The ocean. ३. अक्ष substituted for अक्ष water; अक्ष from अक्ष to have, and अक्ष aff.  
 अक्षय m. (-स्य) Cuttle fish bone. ३. अक्ष, and अक्ष phlegm; being considered as the froth of the sea.  
 अक्षय m. du. (-स्य) The two sons of SURYA, and physicians of Swerga. f. (-स्य) Wine. ३. अक्ष, and अक्ष born: the former are more usually termed the sons of ASWINI, see अक्षय.  
 अक्षय f. (-स्य) The earth. ३. अक्ष, and अक्ष in the fem. form; an island surrounded by the ocean.  
 अक्षय f. (-स्य) A name of Dwaraka, the capital of KRISHNA, see अक्षय. ३. अक्ष, and अक्षय a city: the ocean-city.  
 अक्षययनीत m. (-स्य) The moon. ३. अक्ष, अक्षय fresh butter and अक्ष affix; produced by churning the ocean.  
 अक्षययनी f. (-स्य) A pearl oyster. ३. अक्ष the ocean, and अक्षयनी a female frog.  
 अक्षययन m. (-स्य) A name of VISHNU. ३. अक्ष, and अक्षय sleeping; sleeping on the ocean at the periods of the destruction and renovation of the world, having the serpent ANANTA for his couch.  
 अक्षयय m. (-स्य) Submarine fire. ३. अक्ष, and अक्ष fire. See अक्षयय.  
 अक्षय m. (-स्य) A snake. ३. अक्ष for अक्ष water, and अक्षय to eat: living upon water.  
 अक्ष m. (-स्य) The ocean. See अक्ष.  
 अक्ष n. (-स्य) 1. A baling vessel. 2. An iron hoe. 3. A stick tipped or shod with iron. See अक्ष.  
 अक्षयय n. (-स्य) 1. Incontinence. 2. Coition. ३. अक्ष neg. and अक्षयय the duty of the religious student, i.e. chastity; also with अक्ष added अक्षयययय n. (-स्य).  
 अक्षयय n. (-स्य) Slandered, not to be killed, (in theatrical language.) ३. अक्ष not, अक्षयय proper for a Brahman, i.e. death; also अक्षयययय.  
 अक्ष r. 1st cl. With an indicative अक्ष, अक्ष (अक्षयय) To sound, (not generally admitted.)  
 अक्ष mfn. (-स्य-स्य) Not believing, not attached to. ३. अक्ष neg. अक्ष attached.  
 अक्षयय m. (-स्य) Want of appetite. ३. अक्ष neg. अक्ष food, अक्ष inclination.  
 अक्षयय f. (-स्य) Want of appetite. ३. अक्ष neg. अक्ष food, अक्ष inclination.  
 अक्षय f. (-स्य) Incredulity, unbelief, want of devotion to. ३. अक्ष neg. अक्ष faith.  
 अक्षयय mfn. (-स्य-स्य) Unbelieving, unattached to. ३. अक्ष neg. अक्षयय believing.

अक्षयय n. (-स्य) 1. Abstaining from, not eating any thing. 2. Fasting. ३. अक्ष neg. अक्षयय eating.  
 अक्षयय mfn. (-स्य-स्य) Not to be eaten. ३. अक्ष neg. अक्षयय to be eaten.  
 अक्षयय n. (-स्य) Unfitness as food. ३. अक्षयय and अक्ष affix; also अक्षयययय.  
 अक्षयय mfn. (-स्य-स्य) Entire, unbroken. 2. Uninterrupted. ३. अक्ष neg. अक्ष broken.  
 अक्षयय mfn. (-स्य-स्य) 1. Unbroken, entire. 2. Undisturbed, uninterrupted. ३. अक्ष neg. अक्षयय what breaks.  
 अक्षय n. (-स्य) 1. Absence or removal of fear. 2. The root of a fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.) f. (-स्य) Yellow myrobalan, (Terminalia citrina.) mfn. (-स्य-स्य) Fearless, undaunted. ३. अक्ष neg. and अक्ष fear; the plant removing the dread of disease.  
 अक्षयययय m. (-स्य) A war-drum. ३. अक्षय, and अक्षयय a drum: inspiring courage.  
 अक्षयय m. (-स्य) A protector, a defender. mfn. (-स्य-स्य) Removing fear or danger. ३. अक्षयय fearlessness, अक्षय who gives; also with अक्ष prefix अक्षयययय.  
 अक्षयययय f. (-स्य) Promise or present of protection from danger. ३. अक्षय, and अक्षयय a gift to a Brahman, which, in this case he may receive from even a Sudra.  
 अक्षयययय n. (-स्य) Assurance of safety or protection. ३. अक्षय and अक्षयय gift.  
 अक्षयययय mfn. (-स्य-स्य) One who grants safety. ३. अक्षयय fearlessness. अक्षय who gives.  
 अक्षयययय n. (-स्य) Assurance of safety or protection. ३. अक्षय, and अक्षययय giving.  
 अक्षयययय f. (-स्य) Assurance of safety, encouragement. ३. अक्षय, and अक्षयय speech.  
 अक्षय m. (-स्य) 1. End of the world, liberation from the world. 2. Non-existence. mfn. (-स्य-स्य) Non-existent. ३. अक्ष neg. अक्षय being.  
 अक्षयययय mfn. (-स्य-स्य) What is not to be, what will not be. ३. अक्ष neg. अक्षययय to be.  
 अक्षययययता f. (-स्य) Fate, predestined non-occurrence. ३. अक्ष neg. अक्षयययय what is to be, अक्षय affix; also अक्षयययययय.  
 अक्षयय mfn. (-स्य-स्य) 1. Not to be, not predestined. 2. Improper, what ought not to be. ३. अक्ष neg. अक्षयय what is to be, also अक्षयययय, &c.  
 अक्षयय mfn. (-स्य-स्य) Not sharing or dividing. ३. अक्ष neg. अक्षयय a share.  
 अक्षयय mfn. (-स्य-स्य) Unfortunate, wretched. ३. अक्ष neg. अक्षयय fortunate. So अक्षयययय mfn. (-स्य-स्य) (अक्षयययययय-स्य-स्य).  
 अक्षयय m. (-स्य) 1. Non-existence, annihilation. 2. Death. 3. (In logic) Negation of two kinds, अक्षयययययय universal negation, and अक्षयययययय relative or mutual negation. 4. (In rhetoric) Absence of the essential parts of poetical description of character, want of the properties or temperaments. ३. अक्ष priv. अक्षयय being.  
 अक्षययय f. (-स्य) 1. Absence of judgement or right perception. 2. Absence of religious meditation or contemplation. ३. अक्ष neg. अक्षययय perceiving.  
 अक्षयययय mfn. (-स्य-स्य) Not to be contemplated or inferred, uninferrible, inconceivable, unintelligible. ३. अक्ष neg. अक्षयययय to be perceived.  
 अक्षययय mfn. (-स्य-स्य) 1. What is not to be, what will not be. 2. Void of temperament or natural disposition. ३. अक्ष neg. अक्षययय future, or having disposition.  
 अक्षययय n. (-स्य) Silence. ३. अक्ष neg. and अक्षयय speaking.  
 अक्षय ind. A preposition and particle implying. 1. Superiority in place, rank, or power, (over, upon, against, above:) 2. Proximity, (near:) 3. Separation, (severally:) 4. Wish, desire: 5. Conjunction, particularizing, (to, with respect to.) Thus अक्षययययय to overpower; अक्षयययय to approach; अक्षययययय to speak to; अक्षयययय disgrace; अक्षयययय desire; अक्षययय on the fire, &c. ३. अक्ष neg. अक्षयय to shine, and अक्षय aff.  
 अक्षय mfn. (-स्य-स्य) Lustful, libidinous. ३. अक्षय and अक्षय from अक्षय to desire.

**वर्णनाच्छा f. (-च्छा)** Wish, desire. **व. वर्णन**, and **वर्णनाच्छा** desire.  
**वर्णनाच्छित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Wished, desired. **व. वर्णन** and **वर्णनाच्छित**.  
**वर्णनाच्छिन् mfn. (-ची-विची-वि)** Wishing, desirous. **व. वर्णन**, and **वर्णनाच्छिन्** who wishes.  
**वर्णनम् m. (-नः)** Assault, attack, invasion. 2. Mounting, ascending. **व. वर्णन** before or beyond, **न** to go, and **वर्ण** affix, see **वर्णनम्**.  
**वर्णना f. (-न्या)** 1. A name or appellation. 2. Calling, addressing. 3. Beauty. 4. Fame, glory. **व. वर्णन**, **न्या** to speak, **वर्ण** affix, and **टाप्** fem. aff.  
**वर्णनम् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Approached. **व. वर्णन** near to, **न** gone.  
**वर्णनम् m. (-नः)** Approach, proximity. **व. वर्णन** to, **न** going.  
**वर्णनम् n. (-नः)** Approaching, going near to. **व. वर्णन**, and **न** going.  
**वर्णनम् mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि)** Approaching. **व. वर्णन**, and **न** who goes.  
**वर्णनम् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं)** Overcome, subdued. **व. वर्णन** and **न** seized.  
**वर्णनम् m. (-नः)** 1. Attack, onset. 2. Challenge, going to fight. 3. Plundering, robbing. 4. Celebrity. **व. वर्णन** before, in presence of, **न** to take, and **वर्ण** aff.  
**वर्णनम् n. (-नः)** Robbing, seizing any thing in presence of the owner. **व. वर्णन** before **न** to take, **वर्ण** aff.  
**वर्णनम् n. (-नः)** 1. Rubbing, friction. 2. Possession by an evil spirit. **व. वर्णन** before **न** to pound, **वर्ण** aff.  
**वर्णनात् m. (-नः)** 1. Striking, wounding, beating. 2. Touching, contact. 3. Pain, infliction, torture. 4. Remedy, removal. **व. वर्णन** The combination of the fourth letter of any class with any of the other three preceding it. **व. वर्णन** before **न** to strike, **वर्ण** aff.  
**वर्णनात् m. (-नः)** An enemy. **व. वर्णन** (-नी-निनी-नि) 1. Hostile, an assailant. 2. Inflicting injury. 3. Remedial. **व. वर्णन** before **न** to strike or kill, and **वर्ण** aff.  
**वर्णनात् m. (-नः)** Ghee or clarified butter. **व. वर्णन**, **न** to scatter, **वर्ण** aff.  
**वर्णनात् m. (-नः)** A servant. **व. वर्णन** after, and **न** who goes.  
**वर्णनात् m. (-नः)** Magic for a malevolent purpose, the spells and diagrams of the Atharva Veda and some of the Tantras, supposed to produce mental aberration, love, hatred, loss of feeling or paralysis, and death. **व. वर्णन** before **न** to go, and **वर्ण** aff.  
**वर्णनात् m. (-नः)** A formula or prayer for working a charm, an incantation. **व. वर्णन**, and **न** a formula.  
**वर्णनात् mfn. (-नः-नी-नं)** Magical, magician, relating to spells or magic. **व. वर्णन** and **न** aff.  
**वर्णनात् mfn. (-नः-ता-तं)** Enchanted, charmed. **व. वर्णन** and **न** aff.  
**वर्णनात् mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि)** 1. Magical, done by magic. 2. Magician or one employing spells, a conjuror, a witch, &c. **व. वर्णन**, and **न** aff.  
**वर्णनात् m. (-नः)** A name of SISUPALA. **व. वर्णन** over, **न** the people of Chedi.  
**वर्णनात् m. (-नः)** 1. Family, race. 2. Native country. 3. The head, or ornament of a family. 4. Fame, notoriety. **व. वर्णन** before **न** who is born, from **न** to be born, **वर्ण** affix, the vowel remaining short.  
**वर्णनात् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** 1. Noble, well born. 2. Wise, learned. 3. Fit, proper. 4. Handsome. 5. Respectable. **व. वर्णन** before **न** produced.  
**वर्णनात् f. (-नित्)** 1. One of the Nakshatras or lunar asterisms. 2. The eighth muhurtta or hour. 3. An expiatory sacrifice. **व. वर्णन**, and **नित्** what conquers.  
**वर्णनात् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं)** 1. Skilful, clever. 2. One who knows or understands. **व. वर्णन**, and **न** who knows, from **न** to know, **वर्ण** affix leaving **न**; **न** is dropped.  
**वर्णनात् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** 1. Known, understood. 2. Detected, discovered. **व. वर्णन**, and **न** known.  
**वर्णनात् n. (-नः)** 1. A mark, a spot or stain. 2. A 'sign, a token. 3. Ascertaining, knowledge. **व. वर्णन** before **न** to know, and **वर्ण** aff.

**वर्णनात् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं)** 1. Scorched, burnt. 2. Afflicted. **व. वर्णन**, and **न** burnt.  
**वर्णनात् ind. 4.** Quickly. 2. Entirely. 3. Before, in presence of. 4. On both sides. 5. Near. **व. वर्णन** and **नित्** aff.  
**वर्णनात् m. (-नः)** 1. Extreme heat. 2. Agitation, affliction, emotion. **व. वर्णन**, and **न** heat.  
**वर्णनात् m. (-नः)** 1. Oppression, cruelty. 2. Abuse. **व. वर्णन**, and **न** violence.  
**वर्णनात् f. (-न्या)** 1. A name, an appellation. 2. (In logic,) the power or sense of a word. 3. The chief or common acceptation of a word. **व. वर्णन** before **न** to have, **वर्ण** affix and **टाप्** fem. : what any thing is obtained by.  
**वर्णनात् n. (-नः)** 1. A name, an appellation. 2. Speaking, speech. 3. A vocabulary, a dictionary. **व. वर्णन** As before, **वर्ण** aff.  
**वर्णनात् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं)** Denominative, relating to. **व. वर्णनात्** with **न** added.  
**वर्णनात् mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि)** Denominative, appellative. **व. वर्णन** before **न** to have, **वर्ण** aff.  
**वर्णनात् n. (-नः)** Pursuit, chase. **व. वर्णन**, and **न** running.  
**वर्णनात् f. (-न्या)** 1. Direction, injunction. 2. Desire, wish. **व. वर्णन** before **न** to have, desiderative form, **न** and **टाप्** affs.  
**वर्णनात् n. (-नः)** 1. A name or appellation. 2. A significant word. **व. वर्णन** (-नः-ना-नं) To be named or mentioned. **व. वर्णन** before **न**, and **न** aff.  
**वर्णनात् mfn. (-नः-ता-तं)** Unmeaning, nonsensical, having no sense nor meaning. **व. वर्णन**, and **न** void of.  
**वर्णनात् f. (-न्या)** 1. Coveting another's property. 2. Desire, longing for in general. **व. वर्णन**, **न** to think, and **वर्ण** aff.  
**वर्णनात् n. (-नः)** 1. Coveting, desiring, longing for. 2. Meditation, profound thought. **व. वर्णन** before **न** to think of, **वर्ण** affix, or **न्या** contemplation.  
**वर्णनात् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं)** Bound, tied round, fastened on or upon. **व. वर्णन** over, **न** tied.  
**वर्णनात् m. (-नः)** The fourth Jaina Tirthakara or deified saint. **व. वर्णन** (-नः) Delighting, rejoicing. **व. वर्णन** before **न** to please, **वर्ण** aff.  
**वर्णनात् f. (-न्या)** Wish, expectation. **व. वर्णन** and **न** to please, **वर्ण** and **टाप्**.  
**वर्णनात् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Delighted, made happy. **व. वर्णन** and **न** pleased.  
**वर्णनात् m. (-नः)** 1. Indication of a passion or purpose by look, gesture, &c. 2. Acting, dramatic personification. 3. Ornament, decoration. 4. Civility, kindness. **व. वर्णन**, **न** to guide, and **वर्ण** aff.  
**वर्णनात् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं)** 1. New. 2. Young. **व. वर्णन** before **न** new.  
**वर्णनात् m. (-नः or -नः)** A germin, a new bud. **व. वर्णन** new, and **न** produced.  
**वर्णनात् m. (-नः)** One asleep at sun-set. **व. वर्णन** (-नः-ना-नं) Left, quitted. **व. वर्णन** always, **न** released.  
**वर्णनात् n. (-नः)** Invasion, march of an assailant, or march in general. **व. वर्णन**, and **न** prefixed to **न** to go, and **वर्ण** aff.  
**वर्णनात् f. (-न्या)** Accession of disease. **व. वर्णन**, and **न** inaction.  
**वर्णनात् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं)** 1. Conversant or familiar with, studied in. 2. Attentive, engrossed. **व. वर्णन**, and **न** entered.  
**वर्णनात् m. (-नः)** 1. Intentness, application, perseverance, determination to effect a purpose, or attain an object. 2. Tenacity. 3. Study. 4. Ignorant fear causing death. **व. वर्णन** and **न** before **न** to enter, **वर्ण** aff.  
**वर्णनात् n. (-नः)** Going forth or out, issuing, exit. **व. वर्णन** and **न** before **न** to go, **वर्ण** aff.  
**वर्णनात् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं)** Goes out or forth. **व. वर्णन**, and **न** gone out.  
**वर्णनात् n. (-नः)** Sallying, issuing, going forth. **व. वर्णन** before **न** going out.

अभिनिवृत्ति f. (-त्ति) End, termination. 2. अन्ति, and निवृत्ति discontinuance.  
 अभिनिवृत्त mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) Finished, completed. 2. अभि, and निवृत्त done.  
 अभिनिवृत्त m. (-त्तः) 1. The soft aspirate. 2. A letter of the alphabet. 2.  
 अभि and नि before ह् to stay or stand, affix अद्.  
 अभिनीत mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) 1. Fit, proper. 2. Friendly, kind. 3. Highly  
 finished, or ornamented. 4. Patient. 5. Impatient. 6. Passionate. 2.  
 अभि and नीच् to guide or obtain, त् aff.  
 अभिनीति f. (-त्ति) 1. Friendship, civility, kindness. 2. Gesture,  
 expressive gesticulation. 2. अभि, and नीति conduct.  
 अभिनीय mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) To be represented dramatically. 2. अभि before नी  
 to guide, त् aff.  
 अभिनीय mf. (-त्त-त्त) An actor, an actress. 2. अभि before नी to guide, त्  
 aff.  
 अभिन mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) 1. Same, identical. 2. One, undivided. 3.  
 Unchanged, unaltered. 4. Unent, unbroken. m. (-त्तः) An integer,  
 a whole number. 2. च neg. मित्र other.  
 अभिनता f. (-त्त) Identity, wholeness. 2. तत् added to the last, or with  
 त्, अभिनत्.  
 अभिपन्न mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) 1. Guilty. 2. Unfortunate, calamitous. 3. Sub-  
 dued. 4. Flown, fugitive. 5. Seeking refuge. 2. अभि before पद् to go,  
 in the part. past.  
 अभिपन्न m. (-त्तः) 1. Propitiation. 2. Affection, favour. 2. अभि and प  
 before ची, affix च्.  
 अभिपन्न mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) 1. Invoked, propitiated. 2. Consecrated. 3  
 Brought, attracted. 2. अभि and प before ची to conduct, त् aff.  
 अभिप्राय m. (-त्तः) 1. Meaning, intention, wish, purpose. 2. Meaning, a  
 sentence, sense. 3. The main purport of a book. 2. अभि, and प्रिच् to  
 satisfy, च् aff.  
 अभिप्रेत mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) 1. Meant, intended. 2. Wished. 3. Wishing,  
 desirous, ambitious of, pretending to. 2. अभि, and प before रच् to go,  
 त् aff.  
 अभिप्रेत ind. Intending, meaning. 2. अभि and प before रच् to go, त् aff.  
 अभिप्रेतच न. (-त्त) Sprinkling, affusion. 2. अभि and प्रीचच sprinkling.  
 अभिपुत mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) 1. Overflowed, overrun, filled with. 2. Attacked  
 or affected by, labouring under. 2. अभि before पु to go, त् aff.  
 अभिपुत m. (-त्तः) 1. Defeat, subjugation. 2. Humiliation, disgrace. 2. अभि  
 implying inferiority, and त् being; from सू to be, and च् aff.  
 अभिपुत n. (-त्त) 1. Overpowering, overcoming. 2. Being overpowered.  
 2. अभि, सू to be, च् aff.  
 अभिपुत mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) 1. Humbled, surpassed, defeated, subdued. 2.  
 Ignorant. 3. Overcome with feelings or wants, with passion, with  
 hunger, &c. 4. Injured, aggrieved. 2. अभि, and पुत been, being; part.  
 past.  
 अभिपुति f. (-त्ति) Disrespect, disgrace, humiliation. 2. अभि before पु to be,  
 and त् fem. aff.  
 अभिपुत mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) 1. Wished, desired. 2. Agreed, accepted. 3. Ad-  
 mitted, assented to. 2. अभि over, त् thought.  
 अभिपुता f. (-त्त) 1. Desire, love. 2. Agreeableness, desirableness. 2. तत्  
 added to the preceding; also with त्, अभिपुतत्.  
 अभिपुत n. (-त्त) 1. Calling to, addressing, inviting. 2. Counselling. 3.  
 Consecrating any thing by a special formula. 2. अभि in presence,  
 त् to speak, and च् aff.  
 अभिपुत mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) Charmed, consecrated, had a certain formula  
 pronounced over it. 2. अभि, त् to charm, affix च्.  
 अभिपुत m. (-त्तः) 1. A counsellor, a monitor. 2. Conscience. mfn.  
 (-त्त-त्त-त्त) Who or what admonishes or advises. 2. अभि, and त् to  
 mind, त् aff.  
 अभिपुत m. (-त्तः) Ophthalmia, disease of the eyes. 2. अभि, and त् to  
 agitate, च् aff.; also said अभिपुत.  
 अभिपुत m. (-त्तः) The son of Anura by SURABHA, 2. अभि and त् wrath.

अभिनर m. (-त्तः) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. War, combat. 3. Binding, con-  
 finement. 4. Treachery, danger from one's own party or friends.  
 2. अभि before नर from च् to die, and च् aff.  
 अभिनर m. (-त्तः) 1. Rubbing, friction. 2. Devastation of a country, &c.  
 by an enemy. 3. War, battle. 2. अभि, and च् to tread down, च् aff.  
 अभिनर n. (-त्त) Touching, rubbing. 2. अभि before च् to rub, with च्  
 aff.  
 अभिनर n. (-त्त) 1. Sprinkling upon or over. 2. Licking the lips as an  
 indication of guilt or prevarication. 2. अभि, and च् to sprinkle,  
 च् aff.  
 अभिनर m. (-त्ति) An enemy. 2. अभि against, and ता to measure, त्  
 aff.  
 अभिनर m. (-त्तः) 1. Pride, haughtiness. 2. Knowledge. 3. Affection. 4.  
 Injury, hurting, killing. 5. Requesting. 2. अभि, and त् to know,  
 with च् affix, or नी to injure, and च् aff.  
 अभिनरता f. (-त्त) Pride, arrogance. 2. तत् added to the last; also  
 अभिनरत्.  
 अभिनरत् mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) Proud, arrogant. f. (-त्त) pride. 2. तत् poss.  
 affix; added to अभिनर.  
 अभिनरित n. (-त्त) Copulation. 2. अभि, and त् to know, in the causal form,  
 and त् aff. f. (-त्त) Pride, arrogance. 2. अभिनरित्, and तत् aff.  
 अभिनरित mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) Proud, arrogant. 2. अभिनरित and त् aff.  
 अभिनरित mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) 1. Subdued, reduced, broken or worn down. 2.  
 Stupid, ignorant. 2. अभि before त्ता ignorance, illusion.  
 अभिनरित mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) 1. Present. 2. Near to, in front of. n. adv.  
 (-त्त) In front or presence of. 2. अभि before, and त् the face.  
 अभिनरित f. (-त्त) Presence, proximity. 2. अभिनरित, and तत् affix or with  
 त्, अभिनरितत्.  
 अभिनरित mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) Touched, rubbed, brought or passed close. 2.  
 अभि, and च् rubbed.  
 अभिनरित m. (-त्ति) An enemy. 2. अभि against, या to go, with त् affix,  
 see अभिनरित्.  
 अभिनरित m. (-त्त) An enemy. 2. अभि against, त् to strive, and त् affix,  
 see अभिनरित्.  
 अभिनरित mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) Attacked by an enemy, assaulted, assailed. 2.  
 Diligent, intent. 3. Said, spoken. 4. Blamed, rebuked. 5. (In law)  
 Charged, proceeded, defendant. 2. अभि, and त् joined.  
 अभिनरित f. (-त्त) 1. Diligence, application. 2. Accusation, prosecution.  
 2. अभिनरित and तत् affix, also with त्, अभिनरितत्.  
 अभिनरित mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) 1. Blamable, to be reproved or rebuked.  
 2. To be prevented or prohibited. 3. To be prosecuted, indiotable.  
 4. To be pursued diligently. 2. अभि before त् to join, तत् aff.  
 अभिनरित m. (-त्त) A plaintiff, an accuser. mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) One who  
 assails another in any way. 2. अभि before त् to join, तत् aff.  
 अभिनरित m. (-त्तः) 1. Attack, assault. 2. Challenging to fight. 3. War,  
 battle. 4. Energetic effort, exertion, perseverance. 5. Reprimand,  
 reproof. 6. Prohibition, prevention. 7. Contact, conjunction. 8. (In  
 law) A plaint, a charge, an accusation. 2. अभि, त् to join, and  
 च् affix, च् being changed to त्.  
 अभिनरित m. (-त्त) A plaintiff, a prosecutor. mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) One who  
 assails another in any way. 2. अभिनरित and त् aff.  
 अभिनरित f. (-त्त) Universal protection, wide benevolence. 2. अभि, and त्  
 preserving.  
 अभिनरित mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) Guarded, preserved, kept. 2. अभि, and त्  
 preserved.  
 अभिनरित m. (-त्त) 1. A guardian. 2. A controller. mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) Who  
 or what keeps or preserves. 2. अभि, त् who preserves.  
 अभिनरित mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) 1. Pleased or contented with, satisfied. 2. Per-  
 forming, practising, engaged in, attentive to. 2. अभिनरित to sport,  
 त् aff.

अभिरति f. (-तिः) 1. Pleasure, delight. 2. Practice, occupation. ३. अभि, and रति pleasure.

अभिराज् mfn. (-राजः) Propitiated, (by penance, &c.) ३. अभि, and राज accomplished.

अभिराम् mfn. (-मः-मः) Beautiful. ३. अभि before राज् to sport, and वच् aff.

अभिरामता f. (-ता) Beauty, splendour. ३. तच् added to the last: also अभिरामत्व.

अभिरुचि f. (-चिः) 1. Ambition, desire of fame. 2. Desire in general. 3. Taste, relish. 4. Splendour. ३. अभि, and रुचि light.

अभिरूप m. (-पः) 1. A learned Brahman, a Pandit. 2. A name of KA'MA. 3. Of the moon. 4. Of SIVA. 5. Also of VISHNU. mfn. (-पः-पः-पः) 1. Learned. 2. Pleasing. 3. Handsome. ३. अभि before रूप् to have form, affix क्.

अभिलषणीय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Desirable. ३. अभि before लष् to wish, वणीय् aff.

अभिलषित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Desired, wished. n. (-तः) Desire. ३. अभि before लष् with क्त part. aff.

अभिलाप m. (-पः) 1. Speech, speaking. 2. Declaration of the object of a vow or religious obligation. ३. अभि before लप् to speak, वच् aff.

अभिलाव m. (-वः) 1. Repenting. 2. Cutting. ३. अभि, and लूज् to cut, aff. वच्.

अभिलाव m. (-वः) Wish, desire. ३. अभि, and लव् to like, वच् aff.; also अभिलास.

अभिलाषिन् mfn. (-षी-षी-षि) Wishing, desiring. ३. अभिलाव and णि aff.

अभिलाषुक mfn. (-कः-का-की-कः) 1. Covetous, greedy. 2. Desirous, wishing. ३. अभिलाव to desire, उक् aff., and the antepen. lengthened.

अभिलास m. (-सः) Wish, desire. ३. See अभिलाव; the root being लव्, or लष.

अभिहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Inserted in writing. ३. अभि, and लिखित written.

अभिलिखन् n. (-न्) Writing or inscribing. ३. अभि, and लिखन् writing.

अभिवन्दन् n. (-न्) Saluting respectfully. ३. अभि before वदि to praise, affix युच्.

अभिवाद् m. (-द्) 1. Reverential salutation. 2. Opprobrious, or unfriendly speech, abuse. ३. अभि against, or adverse, and वाद् speech.

अभिवादक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) 1. Civil, polite. 2. Uncivil, abusive. ३. अभि to, or against, वाद्क who speaks.

अभिवादन n. (-नः) 1. Respectful salutation, a bow or prostration; including sometimes the name or title of the person so addressed, and followed by the declaration of the person's own name. 2. Salutation of a superior or elder, by a junior or inferior, and especially of the teacher by his disciple. 3. In general it is merely lifting the joined hands to the forehead, and saying, अक्षमभिवाद्ये I salute. ३. अभि in presence of, and वादन speaking.

अभिवाद्य mfn. (-यः-या-यः) To be saluted. ३. अभि, and वाय् to be addressed.

अभिवाद्यन् n. (-न्) 1. Presentation, offering. 2. Conveyance, transmission. ३. अभि to, वाद्य् to be borne.

अभिविनीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Pious, pure, devout. ३. अभि, and विनीत well-behaved.

अभिज्ञम् mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञः) 1. Plain, distinct, evident, manifest. 2. Declared, revealed. ३. अभि, and ज्ञ plain.

अभिज्याति f. (-तिः) Co-extending, pervading, omnipresence. ३. अभि every where, and ज्याति spreading.

अभिधायक m. (-कः) An articulate and significant word or phrase. ३. अभि, and आधाय speech.

अभिहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Frightened, alarmed. ३. अभि, and हित alarmed.

अभिपन् n. (-नः) False accusation, calumny. See अभिजाप.

अभिपन् mfn. (-पः-पा-पः) 1. Falsely accused, calumniated. 2. Cursed, accursed. ३. अभि before पन् with क्त aff.

अभिपन् n. (-नः) 1. Calumny, abuse, calumniating, abusing. ३. अभि reverse, वच् to praise, वच् aff.

अभिपन् mfn. (-पः-पा-पः) 1. Calumniated, falsely accused. 2. Defamed, infamous. 3. Sinful, wicked. 4. Asked, wanted. ३. अभि implying opposition, वच् to praise, and affix of the part. past त्; the usual being dropped.

अभिपन् mfn. (-पः-पा-पः) Calumniating, a calumniator. ३. अभिपन्, and क्त to make, affix वच् or ट्.

अभिपन् m. (-पः) A brand, a mark of infamy on a criminal. ३. अभिपन् infamous, वच् mark.

अभिपन् f. (-तिः) 1. Calumny, scandal, defamation. 2. Asking, begging. ३. अभि before वच् to praise or ask, and वच् aff.

अभिपन् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Declared, announced. ३. अभि, and वच् sounded.

अभिपन् m. (-पः) 1. False accusation, calumny. 2. Charge accusation. 3. Suffering from anger or passion. 4. Curse, imprecation. ३. अभि, and वच् to curse or swear, affix वच्; or with वच् affix अभिपन्.

अभिपन् n. (-नः) Pronouncing a curse or malediction. ३. अभि with वच् causal form, affix वच्.

अभिपन् m. (-पः) 1. Curse or imprecation. 2. An oath. 3. Defect. 4. False accusation, calumny. 5. Association, company, connexion. 6. Embracing. 7. Possession by evil spirits. 8. Accession of passion. ३. अभि against, along with, &c. वच् to embrace, to unite, and वच् aff.

अभिपन् m. (-पः) 1. Religious bathing, ablution preparatory to religious rites. 2. Sacrifice. 3. Bathing in general. 4. Drinking the juice of the acid Asclepias. 5. Ferment, yeast, any substance producing vinous fermentation. n. (-नः) Sour gruel. See अभिपन्. ३. अभि, and वच् to mix, to stir, वच् aff.; and वच् is changed to व.

अभिपन् n. (-नः) 1. Bathing, ablution. 2. Sacrificing, &c. See अभिपन्. ३. As before, वच् aff.

अभिपन् ind. Insolently, violently, by force. ३. अभि, वच् to bear, वच् aff.

अभिपन् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Sprinkled. 2. Anointed, installed, inaugurated, enthroned. ३. अभि before वच् to sprinkle, क्त aff.

अभिपन् n. (-नः) 1. Sour gruel. See अभिपन्. 2. The juice of the acid Asclepias. ३. अभि before वच् to mix, affix क्त.

अभिपन् m. (-पः) Bathing, sprinkling. ३. अभि before वच् to sprinkle, and वच् aff.; the word is often used for initiation, royal unction, &c. sprinkling with the water of the Ganges, or water in which various articles have been immersed, being an essential part of the rites; also for a religious ceremony, including the presentation of a variety of articles, fruits, gems, &c. along with water or fluid substances for the bathing of the deity to whom worship is offered.

अभिपन्वाहा f. (-हा) The hall of coronation. ३. अभिपन्, and वाहा a hall.

अभिपन् n. (-नः) 1. Initiation, inauguration. 2. Sprinkling. ३. अभि before वच् to sprinkle, affix वच्.

अभिपन् n. (-नः) March to repel an enemy. ३. अभि against, वच् an army, used as a verb, and वच् aff.

अभिपन् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Praised. ३. अभि before वच् to praise, and क्त aff.

अभिपन् m. (-पः) 1. Great increase or enlargement. 2. Oozing or flowing. 3. Weakness of, or running at the eyes. ३. अभि before वच् to ooze or drop as a liquid, affix वच्.

अभिपन् mfn. (-पः-पा-पः) 1. Oozing, trickling. 2. Having weak eyes. 3. Causing defuxions or serious effusion. ३. अभिपन् and वच् aff.

अभिपन् n. (-नः) A suburb, a smaller city appended to a larger.

अभिपन् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Attached to, interested, following any object eagerly. 2. Agreed, contracted. ३. अभि, and वच् before वा to have, क्त aff.

अभिपन् m. (-पः) War, battle. ३. अभि much, and वच् pain, heat, &c.

अभिपन् n. (-नः) 1. Cheating, deceiving. 2. Attachment or interest in any object. 3. Special agreement. 4. Making peace or alliance. ३. अभि, and वच् before, वा to have, affix वच्.

**वशीकृ** f. (-निः) 1. Cheating, deceit. 2. Purpose, object. 3. Special agreement. 4. Making peace or alliance. 5. Joint junction. **व.** वशि, and वशि agreement, &c.

**वशीकृत** m. (-नः) 1. War, battle. 2. Curse, imprisonment. **व.** वशि before वशीकृत going or falling; from वृ to fall, with व् prefix, वच् aff.

**वशीर** m. (-रः) A companion, a follower. **व.** वशि after or near, and वृ who goes; from वृ to go, and वच् aff.

**वशीर्य** m. (-यः) 1. Relation, connexion. 2. Sexual connexion. 3. Contact, conjunction. **व.** वशि intensive, वशीर्य connexion.

**वशीर्यन** n. (-नः) 1. Gift, donation. 2. Killing. See वशीर्यन.

**वशीर्यन्** ind. About evening, at sunset. **व.** वशि towards, वशीर्य evening.

**वशीर्य** m. (-रः) 1. Strength. 2. War, battle. 3. A companion, a follower. 4. The instrument or agent. 5. An assignation, an appointment. **व.** वशि before वृ to go, affix वच्.

**वशिहार** n. (-नः) 1. Coming to or near, visiting, attending, following. 2. Importuning. **व.** वशि, and वशिहार going.

**वशिहारिका** f. (-का) A woman who makes or keeps an assignation. **व.** वशि before वृ to go, वच् affix which leaves व, and टाप् fem. do. also वशिहारिका.

**वशिहारिन्** mfn. (-री-रि-रि) 1. Going to or near to, visiting, attending. 2. Going to an appointment or assignation. **व.** वशि, and वशिहारिन् who goes.

**वशिहत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Humbled, subdued, broken down. 2. Killed. **व.** वशि and वृ part. past of वृ to kill or hurt.

**वशिहार** m. (-रः) 1. Robbing, seizing any thing in the owner's presence. 2. A brisk attack. 3. Arming, taking up arms. **व.** वशि before वृ to take, and वच् aff.

**वशिहित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Spoken, said, declared. **व.** वशि before वा to have, the part. affix व, and वृ substituted for the root.

**वशिहित** n. (-नः) Text, authority, declaration. **व.** वशिहित said, वच् aff.

**वशीकृ** m. (-कः) 1. A poet. 2. A husband. mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Lustful, libidinous. 2. Anxious, desirous. 3. Cruel. 4. Fearless. **व.** वशि before क, from कृ to desire: the क being made long irregularly.

**वशीकृत** mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Repeated, frequent. 2. Constant, perpetual. ind. (-कृत) 1. Repeatedly, again and again. 3. Perpetually, constantly. **व.** वशि before कृ to whet, वच् affix, and the क of वशि made long.

**वशीकृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Fearless, undaunted. **व.** व neg. भीत afraid.

**वशीकृति** f. (-तिः) Fearlessness **व.** व neg. भीत fear.

**वशीकृति** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Wished, desired. **व.** वशि, वाप् to obtain, in the desiderative form, and वच् affix, वृ inserted.

**वशीकृ** mfn. (-कृ-कृ-कृ) Wishing, desirous. **व.** वशि before कृ wishing.

**वशीकृत** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Causing no fear or terror, unterrific. So **वशीकृत** and **वशीकृत** and **वशीकृत**. **व.** व neg. भीत fearful, &c.

**वशीकृत** n. (-नः) Pride. **व.** See वशीकृत, the क being made long.

**वशीर** m. (-रः) A cowherd. **व.** वशि and वृ to send, वच् affix; also वशीर.

**वशीर** mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Fearless, undaunted. m. (-रः) A name of BHAIRAVA. f. (-रः) A plant, (Asparagus racemosus.) See वशीर. **व.** व neg. भीत timid: as applied to the plant, not fearful of breaking, from the number of its roots.

**वशीर्य** f. (-री) A plant. See the preceding.

**वशीर्य** mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Fearless. **व.** वशीर, र being changed to व. Also वशीर्य.

**वशीर्य** m. (-रु) 1. A ray of light. 2. A rein. f. (-रु) A finger. **व.** वशि before वृ to pervade, वच् affix, derivative irregular. See वशीर्य.

**वशीर्य** m. (-रु) Curse, imprecation. See वशीर्य. **व.** As before, the र being here long.

**वशीर्य** m. (-रु) 1. A ray of light. 2. A rein. 3. Love, lust. 4. Passion. **व.** वशि before वृ to desire, and वच् affix or वृ to pervade, &c. whence, वशीर्य.

**वशीकृत** mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Splendid, brilliant. 2. Emouroured, amorous. **व.** वशीकृत and वशीकृत aff.

**वशीकृत** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Wished, desired. f. (-का) A perfume. See वशीकृत. **व.** वशि repeatedly, and वृ wished.

**वशीकृत** mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Uneaten. 2. Unenjoyed, unused. or expended. 3. One who has not eaten. 4. One who has not enjoyed or possessed. **व.** व neg. भुक्त eaten.

**वशीकृत** mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Straight, not bent. 2. Well, free from disease. **व.** व neg. भुक्त broken.

**वशीकृत** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Armless, maimed. **व.** व neg. भुक्त the arm.

**वशीकृत** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Non-existent, absent, what is not or has not been. **व.** व neg. भुक्त been.

**वशीकृति** f. (-तिः) Want of place of refuge or support, destitution, privation. **व.** व neg. भुक्ति site.

**वशीकृति** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Few, scanty. **व.** व neg. भुक्ति many.

**वशीकृति** mfn. (-रि-रि-रि) Few, some, several. **व.** व neg. भुक्ति many.

**वशीकृति** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Unadorned. **व.** व neg. भुक्ति adorned.

**वशीकृत** ind. A little, a few. **व.** व neg. भुक्त much.

**वशीकृत** m. (-रः) Identity, absence of difference or distinction. mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Alike, identical. **व.** व neg. भेद distinction.

**वशीकृत** n. (-कः) A diamond. mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Hard, solid, not to be broken or divided. 2. Not to be pierced, indivisible. 3. Impenetrable. **व.** व neg. भेद to be broken.

**वशीकृत** f. (-ता) 1. Indivisibility. 2. Impenetrability. 3. Inseparability. **व.** तच् added to the last, also with व, वशीकृत.

**वशीकृत** mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Not to be used or enjoyed. 2. Not to be eaten. **व.** व neg. भुक्त to eat, &c. तच् aff.

**वशीकृत** m. (-ता) An abstemious person. mfn. (-ता-शी-कृत) Not enjoying, not using. **व.** व neg. भीत who enjoys.

**वशीकृत** m. (-नः) Non-enjoyment, not making use of. **व.** व neg. भीत enjoyment.

**वशीकृत** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Not to be used or enjoyed. **व.** व neg. भीत to be used.

**वशीकृत** n. (-नः) Abstinence, fasting. **व.** व neg. भोजन food.

**वशीकृत** mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Not to be eaten. 2. Not to be used. **व.** व neg. भीत to be eaten, &c.

**वशीकृत** mfn. (-कृ-कृ-कृ) Fasting. **व.** व neg. भीत who eats.

**वशीकृत** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Impure, prohibited as food, not to be eaten. **व.** व neg. भीत to be eaten, &c.

**वशीकृत** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Oiled, anointed. **व.** वशि, and वच् to anoint, affix वच्.

**वशीकृत** m. (-कः) 1. Rubbing the body with unctuous substances; anointing the body with oil, inunction. 2. Unguent, liniment, oily application. 3. Applying collyrium to the eyes. 4. Sediment of oil, oil cake. **व.** वशि, and वच् to anoint, वच् aff.

**वशीकृत** n. (-नः) 1. Oil. 2. Smearing the body with oil, inunction; see the preceding. 3. Applying collyrium to the eyelashes, decorating the hair, &c. or any personal embellishment. **व.** वशि, वच् to anoint, and वच् ट् aff.

**वशीकृत** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Exceeding, surpassing (in number, power, or kind, &c.) **व.** वशि, and वशि more.

**वशीकृत** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Dependent. **व.** वशि, and वशी dependent.

**वशीकृत** f. (-ता) 1. Order, command. 2. Assent, permission. Also वशीकृत **व.** वशि, and वशी order.

**वशीकृत** n. (-रः) 1. Included space. 2. Inner part, middle. **व.** वशि and वशि within.

**वशीकृत** m. (-नः) Curvature of the spine by spasm; emprosthenos. **व.** वशि middle, and वशि length.

**वशीकृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Ordered. 2. Permitted. **व.** वशि and वशि before वा to know, वच् aff.

**वशीकृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Sick, diseased. **व.** वशि, वच् to be sick, part. affix वच्.

**अभिमित्रीय m. (-नः)** A soldier who faces the enemy valiantly. ३. अभि before, or against, अभि an enemy, and अभि affix ; the affix being इ or उत, the word is also written अभिमित्रीय or अभिमित्रा.

**अभ्यास n. (-नः)** Worship, reverence. ३. अभि before अभि to worship, affix लृट्.

**अभ्यास f. (-इ)** Respect, worship. ३. अभि, and अभि reverence.

**अभ्यर्थ mfn. (-नः-भा-र्थ)** Near, proximate. ३. अभि near, अभि irr. part. past, of अभि to go.

**अभ्यर्चना f. (-ना)** Petition, request. ३. अभि before अभि to ask, लृट् aff.

**अभ्यर्चित mfn. (-तः-ता-र्थ)** Asked, invited. ३. अभि, and अभि asked.

**अभ्यर्चित mfn. (-तः-ता-र्थ)** Fit, proper, becoming. ३. अभि, and अभि proper.

**अभ्यवहृत्त n. (-नः)** Extraction, drawing out. ३. अभि, and अभि prefixed to हव draw furrows, affix लृट्.

**अभ्यवहृत्त m. (-नः)** 1. Striking so as to disable an enemy. 2. Facing an enemy, ३. अभि and अभि before हव to go, affix लृट् ; also with लृट् affix, अभ्यवहृत्त.

**अभ्यवहृत्त n. (-नः)** Eating. ३. अभि and अभि before हव to make, लृट् aff.

**अभ्यवहृत्त m. (-नः)** Eating. ३. अभि and अभि before हव to convey, लृट् aff.

**अभ्यवहृत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-र्थ)** Eaten. ३. अभि and अभि before हव to convey, and the part. affix लृट्.

**अभ्यसन n. (-नः)** Frequent repetition, use, exercise, especially of the memory, learning by rote. ३. अभि frequently, अभि to throw or send, लृट् aff.

**अभ्यस्य mfn. (-यः-या-र्थ)** Angry, vexed. f. (-या) Detraction. Also अभ्या. ३. अभि before अभ्या envy.

**अभ्यस्यक mfn. (-नः-का-नः)** Detracting, a detractor, a calumniator. ३. अभि before अभ्या to envy or detract, लृट् aff.

**अभ्यस्य mfn. (-सः-सा-र्थ)** To be studied. Also अभ्यसनीय. ३. अभि before अभि to throw, affix य or अभि.

**अभ्यस्य mfn. (-तः-ता-र्थ)** 1. Exercised, practiced. 2. Learnt by heart. 3. Repeated as the radical syllable of a verb. ३. अभि frequently, अभि to throw or send, लृट् aff.

**अभ्याकाङ्क्षित n. (-तः)** A groundless complaint, a false accusation. ३. अभि and अभ्याकाङ्क्षित desired.

**अभ्याकाङ्क्ष m. (-नः)** A false accusation. ३. अभि, and अभ्याकाङ्क्ष saying.

**अभ्यागत m. (-तः)** A guest, a visitor. mfn. (-तः-ता-र्थ) Arrived. ३. अभि, and अभ्यागत come.

**अभ्यागत m. (-नः)** 1. War, battle. 2. Striking, killing. 3. Enmity. 4. Vicinity. ५. Rising, getting up. 6. Coming, arrival, visit. ३. अभि near, or before, &c. नन to go, with अभि prefixed, and अभि affixed.

**अभ्यागतन n. (-नः)** Arrival, visitation. ३. अभि, and अभ्यागतन coming.

**अभ्यागारिक mfn. (-नः-का-नः)** Diligent in supporting a family. ३. अभि before अभ्यागार a house, लृट् aff.

**अभ्याघात m. (-तः)** Assault, attack. ३. अभि, and अभ्याघात assailing.

**अभ्यादान n. (-नः)** 1. Beginning, commencement. 2. First beginning. ३. अभि, and अभ्यादान taking.

**अभ्याप्त mfn. (-नः-भा-नः)** Sick, diseased. ३. अभि and अभ्या before अभि to be sick, and the affix लृट्.

**अभ्यापत m. (-तः)** Calamity, misfortune. ३. अभि and अभ्या before अभि to go, लृट् aff.

**अभ्यापत m. (-नः)** War, battle. ३. अभि and अभि before अभि to tread down, लृट् aff.

**अभ्याप्त mfn. (-नः-भा-नः)** Near, proximate. m. (-नः) Constant repetition. See अभ्यास.

**अभ्यास m. (-नः)** 1. Practice, exercise. 2. Learning by rote. 3. Practicing archery. 4. (In arithmetic,) Multiplication. 5. (In grammar,) The reduplicate syllable of a verb. mfn. (-नः-भा-नः) Near, proximate. ३. अभि before अभि to go, &c. लृट् aff.

**अभ्यास f. (-ना)** Constant practice, use, habit. ३. अभ्यास and लृट् affix, also with लृट्, अभ्यास.

**अभ्यासदीय m. (-नः)** The practice of frequent and repeated contemplation on any deity or abstract spirit, repeated recollection, &c. ३. अभ्यास, and दीय religious exercise.

**अभ्यासदीय n. (-नः)** 1. Striking so as to disable an enemy. 2. Facing an enemy. ३. अभि and अभ्या before हव to go, in the causal form, and लृट् aff.

**अभ्यासिन् mfn. (-नः-दिनी-दि)** Practicing, exercising, repeating. ३. अभ्यास and अभि aff.

**अभ्याहार m. (-नः)** 1. Robbery. See अभिहार. २. Eating. ३. अभि and अभ्या before हव to take, लृट् aff.

**अभ्याहार्य m. (-नः)** An eatable. mfn. (-नः-भा-नः) Eatable, to be eaten. ३. अभि and अभ्याहार्य to be eaten.

**अभ्युष्य n. (-नः)** Sprinkling, wetting. ३. अभि, and अभ्युष्य to moisten, लृट् aff.

**अभ्युष्य ind. Having sprinkled. ३. अभि, and अभ्युष्य to moisten, लृट् aff.**

**अभ्युत्थान n. (-नः)** 1. Fame, reputation. 2. Rising from off a seat, &c. ३. Rise. 4. Elevation. 5. Sun-rise. ३. अभि and अभ्युत्थान before हव to stay, लृट् aff.

**अभ्युत्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-र्थ)** 1. Risen, arisen. 2. Elevated, exalted. ३. अभि and अभ्युत्थित lifted up.

**अभ्युत्थ m. (-नः)** 1. Prosperity, increase. 2. Accident, occurrence. 3. Festival, any religious celebration. ३. अभि, and अभ्युत्थ rise, prosperity.

**अभ्युदाहरण n. (-नः)** An example or illustration of a thing by its reverse. ३. अभि, and अभ्युदाहरण example.

**अभ्युदित mfn. (-तः-ता-र्थ)** 1. Asleep at sun-rise. 2. Celebrated as a festival. 3. Risen, (as the sun.) 4. Elevated, exalted. ५. Arisen, happened. ३. अभि, अभ्युत्थ up, and अभ्युत्थ gone ; part. past, of अभ्युत्थ to go.

**अभ्युदित mfn. (-तः-ता-र्थ)** Thrown over or upon. ३. अभि and अभ्युदित before अभ्युत्थ gone.

**अभ्युद्यत mfn. (-तः-ता-र्थ)** Brought or given unsolicited. ३. अभि towards अभ्युद्यत exerted.

**अभ्युद्यत mfn. (-तः-ता-र्थ)** Taken up, delivered. ३. अभि, and अभ्युद्यत taken.

**अभ्युपगत mfn. (-तः-ता-र्थ)** 1. Promised, agreed, assented. 2. Gone near to, approached, arrived at. 3. Inferred, probable. 4. Similar, analogous. ३. अभि, अभ्युपगत over, अभ्युपगत gone.

**अभ्युपगत m. (-नः)** 1. A promise, an agreement, a contract. 2. Approaching, going near to. 3. Probable ascertainment. 4. Analogy affinity. ३. अभि, and अभ्युपगत implying association or vicinity, and अभ्युपगत going.

**अभ्युपगत m. (-तः)** A slave for a fixed term. mfn. (-तः-ता-र्थ) Obtained by assent or free will. ३. अभ्युपगत and अभ्युपगत aff.

**अभ्युपपत्ति f. (-तिः)** 1. Favour, affection. 2. Defence, protection. 3. Agreement, assent. 4. Impregnation of a woman, as of a brother's widow, as an act of duty. ३. अभि and अभ्युपपत्ति before अभ्युपपत्ति to go, affix लृट्.

**अभ्युपपत्ति mfn. (-नः-भा-नः)** Agreeing to. ३. अभि and अभ्युपपत्ति before अभ्युपपत्ति to go, affix लृट्.

**अभ्युपपत्ति m. (-नः)** 1. An agreement, a promise, an engagement. 2. A means, an expedient. ३. अभि and अभ्युपपत्ति before अभ्युपपत्ति to go, लृट् aff.

**अभ्युपपत्ति n. (-नः)** A bribe, an inducement. ३. अभि and अभ्युपपत्ति before अभ्युपपत्ति to go, causal form, लृट् aff.

**अभ्युपपत्ति mfn. (-तः-ता-र्थ)** 1. Contracted, promised, agreed. 2. Approached. ३. अभि and अभ्युपपत्ति before अभ्युपपत्ति to go, लृट् aff.

**अभ्युपपत्ति f. (-ना)** A head or title of law, disputes between master and servant. ३. अभ्युपपत्ति having engaged, अभ्युपपत्ति neg. लृट् service.

**अभ्युपपत्ति m. (-नः)** 1. Grain, &c. half dressed, slightly scorched, or parched so as to be eaten from the hand. 2. Bread. ३. अभि before, अभ्युपपत्ति to burn, लृट् aff ; the vowel may be made also long, which gives अभ्युपपत्ति, or may be changed to दी, and form अभ्युपपत्ति ; some consider the root to be अभ्युपपत्ति, to be sick.

**अभ्युपपत्ति mfn. (-तः-ता-र्थ)** Dwelling with. ३. अभि before अभ्युपपत्ति to dwell, लृट् aff.

**अनुसू म. (-ः)** 1. Discussion, reasoning. 2. Supplying an ellipsis. ३. अनि, and उद् to reason, क् aff.  
**अनुसू ind** 1. Having concluded or inferred, having reasoned. 2. Having supplied as an ellipsis. ३. अनि उद् to reason, क् aff.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** See अनुसू.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** See अनुसू.  
**अनु r. 1st. cl. (अनुति)** To go.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** Wind. mfn. (-ः-वा-च्) Cloud-touching, cloud-sweeping. ३. अनु a cloud, विह to lick, क् aff.  
**अनु न. (-ः)** 1. The sky or atmosphere. 2. A cloud. 3. Gold. 4. Tala. ३. अनु to go, or अप् water, and च् to have, क् aff.  
**अनु न. (-ः)** The mineral substance called talc. ३. अनु the same, and क् aff.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** Air, wind. ३. अनु the sky, च् to plough, and क् aff.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** A name of RA'GU, the descending node personified. ३. अनु the sky, and विद्याच a goblin; from the mischief he does to the moon, at the cause of its eclipse.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** See the preceding. ३. क् added to the former.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** A kind of tree or cane. See वेतस. ३. अनु a cloud and पुष्प a flower; flowering in the cloudy or rainy season. न. (-ः) Water. ३. As before; put forth as a flower from the clouds.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** Steadiness, composure. mfn. (-ः-ना-च्) Steady, clear, not blundering. ३. च neg. अनु confusion.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** INDRA's elephant. ३. अनु a cloud, and नात an elephant. The cloud-elephant, or that of the cloud-compelling king.  
**अनुसू f. (-ः)** A line or succession of clouds. ३. अनु and नाता a garland.  
**अनुसू f. (-ः)** The female elephant of the east. ३. च neg. अनु to wander, and उ aff.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** The male elephant of the east, also INDRA's elephant. ३. अनु, and प्रिय beloved.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** See the preceding. ३. अनु, and वल्लभ beloved.  
**अनुसू न. (-ः)** The lapis lazuli. ३. अनु a cloud, रोह what mounts.  
**अनुसू mfn. (-ः-का)** Brotherless. ३. च neg. अनु a brother, क् aff.  
**अनुसू mfn. (-ः-ना-च्)** Clear, composed, unperplexed, not mistaken or in error. ३. च neg. अनु misled.  
**अनुसू f. (-ः)** Absence of perplexity or error. ३. च neg. अनु error.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** Fall of rain. ३. अनु cloud, अनुसू occasion.  
**अनुसू मfn. (-ः-की-च्)** Exposed to the rain. ३. अनुसू and उद् aff.  
**अनुसू f. (-ः)** A wooden scraper or shovel for cleaning a boat. ३. अनु to go, and उद् affix, also अनु.  
**अनुसू mfn. (-ः-वा-च्)** Belonging to or produced from clouds. ३. अनु a cloud, and उद् affix, or technically य.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** Fitness, propriety. ३. च neg. and अनु impropriety.  
**अनुसू न. (-ः)** INDRA's thunder-bolt. ३. अनु a cloud, उद् before उद् to stand, to rise up, क् aff.  
**अनु r. 1st. cl. (अनुति)** 1. To go, to go to or towards. 2. To serve or honour. 3. To sound. 10th cl. (अनुयति) To afflict with sickness or pain from disease.  
**अनु ind. (-ः)** 1. Quickly. 2. Little. mfn. (-ः-ना-च्) Unripe, (as fruit, &c.) म. (-ः) Sickness. ३. अनु to go or to be sick, क् aff.  
**अनुसू mfn. (-ः-वा-च्)** Inauspicious, unlucky, civil. न. (-ः) Inauspiciousness, ill luck. म. (-ः) The castor oil plant. ३. च neg. and अनु auspicious : the wood has no sap, and is useless.  
**अनुसू mfn. (-ः-वा-च्)** Inauspicious, unlucky, productive of evil. ३. च neg. अनु auspicious.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** The castor oil tree, (Ricinus communis.) ३. च neg. अनु to adorn, and क् aff.  
**अनुसू mfn. (-ः-ना-च्)** Unadorned. ३. च neg. अनु adorned.  
**अनु म. (-ः)** 1. Sickness, disease. 2. Death. 3. Time. ३. अनु to be sick, and अनु Unadi aff.

**अनुसू म. (-ः)** 1. Time. 2. The moon. 3. A cheat, a rogue. f. (-ः) Unconsciousness, ignorance, absence of knowledge or intention. ३. अनु to go, and अनु Unadi affix, or च neg. अनु understanding.  
**अनुसू mfn. (-ः-वा-च्)** Unconscious, unintentional. ३. अनु ignorance, अनु before.  
**अनुसू mfn. (-ः-ना-च्)** 1. Sober, not inebriated. 2. Sane, not mad. ३. च neg. अनु crazy.  
**अनुसू न. (-ः)** A vessel, a utensil. ३. अनु to go, अनु Unadi aff.  
**अनुसू mfn. (-ः-वा-च्)** Unequivocal, charitable. ३. च neg. अनु envious.  
**अनुसू f. (-ः)** A road. ३. अनु to go, अनु Unadi aff.  
**अनुसू mfn. (-ः-वा-च्)** Not to be regarded, inadmissible, unknowable. Also अनुसू mfn. (-ः-वा-च्) ३. च neg. अनु or अनुसू to be regarded.  
**अनुसू mfn. (-ः-वा-च्)** Unmanly. ३. च neg. अनु a man.  
**अनुसू f. (-ः)** Unmanliness. ३. त् added to the last : also with अनु.  
**अनुसू mfn. (-ः-ना-च्)** Unthought of, unknown. ३. च neg. अनु thought of.  
**अनुसू mfn. (-ः-वा-च्)** Disagreeable, disliked. ३. च neg. अनु agreeable.  
**अनुसू mfn. (-ः-ना-च्)** 1. Disapproved. 2. Reprobate. ३. च neg. अनु the mind, अनु led.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** Inattentive. ३. च neg. अनु attention.  
**अनुसू mfn. (-ः-वा-च्)** Inattentive. ३. च neg. अनु attentive.  
**अनुसू mfn. (-ः-वा-च्)** Disagreeable, displeasing, unattractive. ३. च neg. अनु pleasant. So अनुसू mfn. (-ः-वा-च्) and अनुसू mfn. (-ः-वा-च्).  
**अनुसू mfn. (-ः-ना-च्)** Unentitled to, or unaccompanied by holy texts, as a Sudra, a female, certain ceremonies, &c. ३. च neg. अनु a text of the Vedas.  
**अनुसू mfn. (-ः-ना-च्)** Unentitled to, or unaccompanied by holy texts. ३. च neg. अनु a text, क् added.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** A tree. (३. अनु sickness, and उद् from उद् to cut, or destroy.) mfn. (-ः-वा-च्) 1. Fierce, violent. 2. Active. ३. च neg. अनु tardy or dull.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** One of the Jaina saints of a future age. mfn. (-ः-ना-च्) Devoid of all selfish or worldly attachment or desire. ३. च neg. and अनु mine.  
**अनुसू f. (-ः)** Disinterestedness, indifference. ३. अनु and त् aff.  
**अनुसू न. (-ः)** Disinterestedness, philosophy, stoicism. ३. अनु and त् aff.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** 1. A deity, an immortal. 2. A plant, (Heliotropium indicum.) See अनुसू. ३. Also, (Euphorbia tirucalli, &c.) 4. Quick-silver. f. (-ः) 1. The residence of INDRA. 2. A house post. 3. The womb. 4. The umbilical cord. 5. A plant, (Menispermum glabrum.) See अनुसू. 6. Bent grass, (Agrostis linearis.) mfn. (-ः-वा-च्) Immortal. ३. च neg. and अनु what dies, from उद् and अनु aff.  
**अनुसू mfn. (-ः-वा-च्)** What cannot die, immortal. ३. च neg. अनु perishable.  
**अनुसू f. (-ः)** Immortality. ३. त् added to the last ; also अनुसू.  
**अनुसू f. (-ः)** Immortality. ३. अनु and त् aff.  
**अनुसू न. (-ः)** Immortality. ३. अनु and त् aff.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** Name of a tree, (Pinus longifolia.) ३. अनु, and अनु a tree.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** A Brahman who lives by attending a temple or idol. ३. अनु a god, and अनु a Brahman.  
**अनुसू m. (-ः)** INDRA. ३. अनु, and अनु lord ; also similar compounds, as अनुसू, अनुसू, &c.  
**अनुसू म. (-ः)** A kind of grass, (Saccharum spontaneum.) ३. अनु, and पुष्प a flower ; also with अनु added, अनुसू.  
**अनुसू f. (-ः)** A kind of anise, (Anethum sowa.) ३. अनु perpetual, and पुष्प having flowers.



अनरुद्ध m. (-रु) INDRA. E. अनर, and रुद्ध lord.  
 अरुणोक्त n. (-रु) Heaven, the abode of the gods. E. अनर, and रूँक world.  
 अरुणोक्ता f. (-रु) Heaven. E. तत् added to अनरुणोक्त.  
 अरुणी f. (-रु) An Apsara, or nymph of heaven. E. अनर, and रूँक a female.  
 अरुणा f. (-रु) A nymph of INDRA's heaven. E. अनर, and अरुणा a female.  
 अरुणम m. (-रु) Mount Sumeru or Meru. E. अनर a deity, and अरुण a mountain; being the residence of the gods.  
 अरुणा f. (-रु) The heavenly Ganges. E. अनर, and आपना river.  
 अरुणावती f. (-रु) The capital of INDRA. E. अनर a deity, and अनुप aff.  
 अरुणत mfn. (-रु-ता-त) Calm, without wind. E. अ neg. मरुत wind.  
 अरुणम m. (-रु) INDRA the king of the gods. E. अनर, and ईश lord.  
 अरुणेश्वर m. (-रु) INDRA. E. अनर, and ईश्वर chief.  
 अरुण्य m. (-रु) A deity. mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Immortal, divine. E. अ neg. रु to die, रुप् aff.  
 अरुण्युवन n. (-रु) The heaven of INDRA, or Swergha, a kind of Mohammedan paradise. E. अरुण्य a deity, and युवन a world.  
 अरुणित mfn. (-रु-ता-त) Unthreshed, unsubdued, not trodden down. E. अ neg. रुहित trampled on.  
 अरुण्यदा f. (-रु) 1. Impropriety of conduct. 2. Disrespect. E. अ neg. रुण्यदा limit.  
 अरुण्य m. (-रु) 1. Anger, passion. 2. Impatience, impetuosity. E. अ neg. रुण्य to bear with, रुप् aff.  
 अरुण्य mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Passionate, wrathful. E. As before, रुप् aff.  
 अरुण्यवत् mfn. (-रु-रु-रु-वत्) 1. Hasty, impetuous, impatient. 2. Wrathful, passionate. E. अरुण्य and अनुप aff.  
 अरुण्यन् mfn. (-रु-रु-रु-न्) 1. Passionate, wrathful. 2. Impetuous. E. अरुण्य and रुणि aff.  
 अरुण n. (-रु) Talc. f. (-रु) 1. The goddess LAKSHMI. 2. Emblic myrobalan, (Phyllanthus emblica.) 3. The umbilical cord. mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) 1. Clean, pure. 2. White. E. अ neg. and रुण dirt.  
 अरुणपतन् mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) The wild goose. E. अरुण white or grey, and पतन् a bird.  
 अरुणि mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Clean, pure. E. अ neg. रुणि dirty.  
 अरुण m. (-रु) 1. Time. 2. Stupidity. 3. Disease. E. अरु to go, or be sick, and रुण Una'di aff.  
 अरुण्य mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) 1. Harsh, hard. 2. Violent, intense. E. अ neg. रुण्य soft.  
 अरुणक mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Headless. E. अ neg. रुणक the head.  
 अरुण mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Feeble, thin. E. अ neg. and रुण flesh. Also अरुणसल.  
 अरुण ind. 1. With, together with. 2. Near. f. (-रु) Day of conjunction or new moon. E. अ neg. रुण to measure, रुप् affix, and टाप् fem. do.  
 अरुणक mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Motherless. E. अ neg. रुण a mother, रुण added.  
 अरुण m. (-रु) A minister, a counsellor. E. अरुण near, रुप् aff.  
 अरुण mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) 1. Not whole or entire. 2. Not elementary. E. अ neg. रुण whole, &c.  
 अरुणवत् n. (-रु) 1. Spirit, spiritual essence. 2. Deficiency, defect. E. अ neg. रुणवत् like elementary, रुण added.  
 अरुणन n. (-रु) Disrespect. E. अ neg. रुण to mind, in the causal form, and रुण्ट aff.  
 अरुणव mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) 1. Not human, animal. 2. Superhuman. E. अ neg. रुणव mortal.  
 अरुणस n. (-रु) Pain. See अरुणस. E. अ neg. रुण the mind, and रुण्ट aff.  
 अरुणित f. (-रु) Modesty, humility. E. तत् added to अरुणित्, also with रु, अरुणित्.  
 अरुणित् mfn. (-रु-रु-रु-न्) Humble, modest. E. अ neg. रुण pride, रुणि affix. Also अरुण mfn. (-रु-रु-रु)

अरुणव mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Not human, animal, superhuman. E. अ neg. रुणव human.  
 अरुणव mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Superhuman. E. अ neg. रुणव human.  
 अरुण्य mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) To be disrespected. E. अ neg. रुण्य to be respected. Also अरुणनीय and अरुणितय.  
 अरुणरी f. (-रु) The day of new moon. E. अरुण with, रुण to measure, रुप् affix, and रुण् fem. do or with रुप् affix अरुणारी.  
 अरुणरी f. (-रु) Day of new moon. E. अरुण with, and रुण to abide, रुप् affix; being with, or in the same quarter as the sun; also अरुणारी.  
 अरुणस mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Produced in the day of new moon. E. अरुणस and रुण aff.  
 अरुणस mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Produced on the day of new moon. E. अरुणस and रुण aff.  
 अरुणस f. (-रु) Day of conjunction or new moon. E. अरुण with, (the sun and moon,) रुण to abide, रुण्ट affix: or with the penult vowel short, अरुणस; also अरुणरी, &c.  
 अरुण mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) 1. True, wise. 2. Sincere, guileless, free from error or deceit. f. (-रु) 1. Absence of delusion, knowledge of the truth. 2. Sincerity, honesty. E. अ neg. रुण deceit, delusion.  
 अरुणिक mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) True, real, honest, void of trick or guile. E. अ neg. रुणिक deceptive.  
 अरुणिक mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Acting without illusion or deceit. E. अ neg. रुणिक deceitful.  
 अरुण m. (-रु) Want of a road. mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Without a road. E. अ neg. रुण a road.  
 अरुणित mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Unsought, not hunted after. E. अ neg. रुणित sought.  
 अरुणित mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) 1. Uncleaned. 2. Unadorned. E. अ neg. रुणित cleaned.  
 अरुण mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) 1. Unmeasure, boundless, infinite. 2. Neglected, unpolished, unclean. E. अ neg. रुण measured.  
 अरुणीज् mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Mighty, all-powerful, almighty. E. अरुण boundless, रुणीज् strength.  
 अरुण m. (-रु) An enemy, an adversary. mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Unfriendly, hostile. E. अरुण to go, and रुण Una'di affix, or अ neg. and रुण a friend.  
 अरुण mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Sick, diseased. E. अरुण sickness, रुणि aff.  
 अरुण mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Unmixed, unmixing. E. अ neg. रुण mixture.  
 अरुणीय mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Immiscible. E. अ neg. रुणीय to be mixed.  
 अरुणित mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Unmixed. E. अ neg. रुणित mixed.  
 अरुण n. (-रु) 1. Luxury. 2. Honesty, simplicity. E. अरुण to be sick, रुण Una'di aff.  
 अरुणीसा f. (-रु) Absence of reasoning or investigation. E. अ neg. रुणीसा investigation by reason.  
 अरुण n. (-रु) 1. Sin. 2. Pain.  
 अरुण mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) A certain person or thing, any thing or person referred to without a name. E. अरुण for अरुण this, and रुण added.  
 अरुण mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) 1. Not loosed, not let go. 2. Not liberated from birth and death. n. (-रु) A weapon that is always grasped to be used, as a knife, &c. See रुणारुण, रुणारुण, &c. E. अ neg. and रुण released.  
 अरुणवत् mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Sparing, frugal, prudent. E. अरुण not loosed, रुण the hand.  
 अरुणिक f. (-रु) Confinement, want of freedom or liberty. E. अ neg. रुण liberation.  
 अरुण mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Inferior, ordinary. E. अ neg. रुण principal.  
 अरुण ind. Hence, from this. E. अरुण for अरुण and रुण aff.  
 अरुण ind. In the next life. E. अरुण from अरुण this or that, and रुण aff.  
 अरुणवत् mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) Belonging to a future state, being of the next world. E. अरुण and रुण aff.



**अमृतपुत्र mf.** (-पुत्रः) 1. Of a good family, of known origin. 2. The son or daughter of such a one. **अमृत** the irr. gen. of **अमृत** this, and **पुत्र** a son, &c.

**अमृतवाक्य mf.** (-वाक्यः) 1. Of respectable birth, of known origin. 2. The offspring of such a one, of a certain person, &c. **अमृत** as in the last, and **वाक्य** affix, also **अमृतवाक्य**.

**अमृतम् mfn.** (-म्) Of such form or kind. **अमृत** for **अमृत** this, and **हिप्** affix; also **अमृतम्** and **अमृतम्**.

**अमृतम् mfn.** (-म्-आ-म्) Of such a form or kind. **अमृत** See the last.

**अमृतम् mfn.** (-म्-आ-म्) Such, like, of such form or kind. **अमृत** See **अमृतम्**.

**अमूर्तम् mfn.** (-मूर्तः-मूर्तः-म्) Formless, shapeless, unembodied. **अम** neg. **मूर्ति** form; the final changed.

**अमूर्ति f.** (-मूर्तिः) Shapelessness, absence of shape or form. **अम** neg. **मूर्ति** form.

**अमूल mfn.** (-मूलः-मूलः-म्) Having no root. Also **अमूलक** f. (-मूलः) A plant. See **अमिषिका**. **अम** neg. and **मूल** a root.

**अमूल्य mfn.** (-मूल्यः-मूल्यः-म्) Invaluable, not to be purchased. **अम** neg. **मूल्य** price.

**अमृताक्ष n.** (-मृताक्षः) The root of a fragrant grass, used in India for taties or screens against the hot winds, commonly called Kaskas, (*Andropogon muricatum*.) **अम** like, as it were, and **मृताक्ष** a fibrous root; also **अमृताक्ष**.

**अमृत n.** (-मृतः) 1. The food of the gods, Ambrosia or Nectar. 2. Water. 3. Butter, rice, &c. the residue of a sacrifice. 4. Oiled butter or ghee. 5. Unsolicited alms. 6. Boiled rice. 7. Food. 8. Wealth, property. 9. Gold. 10. Buttermilk. 11. Any thing sweet, a sweetmeat. 12. Milk. 13. Poison. 14. A drug or medicament. 15. Quicksilver. 16. Final emancipation. **m.** (-मृतः) 1. A god, an immortal. 2. DHANWANTARI, the physician of the gods. **f.** (-मृता) 1. Emblic myrobalan, (*Phyllanthus emblica*.) 2. The yellow sort, (*Terminalia citrina*.) 3. Another plant, (*Menispermum glabrum*.) 4. Long pepper. 5. Holy basil, (*Ocimum sanctum*.) 6. Spirituous liquor. It also occurs amongst the synonymes of several plants besides those enumerated. **mfn.** (-मृतः-मृतः-म्) 1. Beloved, desired. 2. Beautiful. 3. Immortal, imperishable. **अम** neg. **मृत** to die, and **मृत** affix; what is immortal or what makes so; what supports life, &c.

**अमृतकुण्ड m.** (-कुण्डः) A vessel of nectar. **अमृत** and **कुण्ड** a hole.

**अमृतता f.** (-मृतता) Immortality. **अमृत** and **तत्** affix; also with **ल**, **अमृतत्व**.

**अमृततरङ्गिणी f.** (-णी) Moonlight. **अमृत**, and **तरङ्गिणी** a sea.

**अमृतदीपिति m.** (-मृतिः) The moon. **अमृत** ambrosia, and **दीपिति** a ray.

**अमृतद्रव mfn.** (-मृतद्रवः) Shedding ambrosia. **अमृत**, and **द्रव** dropping.

**अमृतधार mfn.** (-मृतधारः) Shedding or distilling ambrosia. **अमृत**, and **धार** a drop.

**अमृतप mfn.** (-मृतपः) Drinking ambrosia. **m.** (-मृतः) A deity. **अमृत**, and **प** who drinks.

**अमृतरस m.** (-मृतः) Nectar, ambrosia. **अमृत**, and **रस** juice.

**अमृतवर्ष m.** (-वर्षः) A fall of ambrosia from heaven. **अमृत**, and **वर्ष** rain.

**अमृतवल्ली f.** (-वल्ली) A species moonseed, (*Menispermum glabrum*.) See **गुडुकी**. **अमृत**, and **वल्ली** a pedicle; the plant flourishing for a long time.

**अमृतसारज m.** (-जः) Raw sugar, molasses. **अमृत** ambrosia, **सार** essence, and **ज** produced.

**अमृतम् m.** (-मृतः) The Moon, as the producer of ambrosia. **f.** (-मृतिः) A Ma'tri or a divine mother. **अमृत** the ambrosia, and **मृ** who brings forth; from **मृ** to bear, and **हिप्** aff.

**अमृतम् mfn.** (-मृतम्) Shedding ambrosia. **अमृत**, **मृ** to distil, **हिप्** aff.

**अमृतसौदर m.** (-सुदरः) A horse. **अमृत**, and **सौदर** brother: born with nectar at the churning of the ocean.

**अमृतम् m.** (-मृतः) A deity. **अमृत**, and **अमृत** food; whose food is ambrosia.

**अमृताक्ष m.** (-मृतः) The fruit of the *Trichosanthes*. **अमृत**, and **वाक्य** fruit.

**अमृताक्ष m.** (-मृतः) A deity. **अमृत** As before, **अमृत** eating.

**अमृताक्ष m.** (-मृतः) A collyrium, extracted from the *Amomum anthoriza*. See **अमृती**.

**अमृताक्षर m.** (-मृतः) A name of GARUDA, the bird of VISHNU. **अमृत**, **क्ष** to convey, with **वाक्य** prefixed, and **अमृत** affix; GARUDA having upon one occasion stolen the Amrita.

**अमृतीक्षरा f.** (-मृतीक्षरा) A fly. **अमृत**, and **अमृत** born.

**अमृतीक्षर m.** (-मृतः) A kind of collyrium. See **अमृताक्ष**. **अमृत**, and **अमृत** born.

**अमृति f.** (-मृतिः) A drinking vessel.

**अमृत्यु f.** (-मृत्युः) Immortality. **अम** neg. **मृत्यु** death.

**अमृच्छ mfn.** (-मृतः-मृतः-म्) Cloudless. **अम** neg. **मेघ** a cloud.

**अमृच्छ m.** (-मृतः) A food, an idiot. **अम** neg. **मेघ** to understand, and **अमृत** aff.

**अमृच्छ mfn.** (-मृतः-मृतः-म्) Impure, foul. **n.** (-मृतः) Faeces, excrement. **अम** neg. and **मेघ** pure.

**अमृच्छत्व n.** (-मृतः) Foulness, filthiness. **अम** **त्व** added to **अमृच्छ**, also with **तत्**, **अमृच्छता**.

**अमृच्छयुक्त mfn.** (-मृतः-मृतः-म्) Filthy, foul. **अम** **मेघ**, and **युक्त** joined.

**अमृच्छयुक्त mfn.** (-मृतः-मृतः-म्) Smeared with ordure, foul, defiled. **अम** **मेघ**, and **युक्त** smeared.

**अमृच्छयुक्त m.** (-मृतः) Mearing with ordure. **अम** **मेघ**, and **युक्त** plastering.

**अमृच्छयुक्त mfn.** (-मृतः-मृतः-म्) Soiled by ordure. **अम** **मेघ**, and **युक्त** smeared.

**अमृच्छ mfn.** (-मृतः-मृतः-म्) Immense, immeasurable. **अम** neg. **मेघ** to be measured.

**अमृच्छयुक्त mfn.** (-मृतः-मृतः-म्) Magnanimous, possessing extraordinary powers of mind. **अम** **मेघ**, and **युक्त** self.

**अमृच्छ m.** (-मृतः) 1. Bondage, confinement. 2. Confinement to life. **mfn.** (-मृतः-मृतः-म्) Unliberated, unloosed. **अम** neg. **मृच्छ** liberation.

**अमृच्छ mfn.** (-मृतः-मृतः-म्) Productive, fruitful, not vain or barren. **m.** (-मृतः) The name of a river. **f.** (-मृता) 1. Trumpet flower, (*Bignonia suaveolens*.) 2. A plant of which the seed is used as a vermifuge, (*Erycibe paniculata*, Rox.) See **विडम्**. 3. Yellow myrobalan. See **हरीतकी**. **अम** **मेघ** not, **मृच्छ** vain, barren.

**अमृच्छ n.** (-मृतः) Non-liberation, not loosing or letting go. **अम** neg. **मृच्छ** loosing.

**अमृच्छित mfn.** (-मृतः-मृतः-म्) Confined, not liberated. **अम** neg. **मृच्छित** loosed.

**अमृत r. 1st cl.** (अमृति) To move, to go.

**अमृत n.** (-मृतः) 1. The eye. 2. Copper. **अमृत** to go, and **मृत** aff.

**अमृत n.** (-मृतः) 1. The sky or atmosphere. 2. Clothes, apparel. 3. A perfume, (*Ambergris*.) 4. Cotton. 5. Tale. **अमृत** to go, and **मृत** aff.

**अमृतरयुज n.** (-मृतः) The two principal female garments, or upper and lower cloths or mantles. **अमृत**, and **युज** a pair.

**अमृतराज m.** (-मृतः) 1. The horizon. 2. The end of a garment. **अमृत** and **राज** end.

**अमृतरिप mn.** (-मृतः-मृतः) A frying pan. See the next.

**अमृतरिप mn.** (-मृतः-मृतः) 1. A frying pan. 2. War, battle. **m.** (-मृतः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. Also of VISHNU. 3. A young animal, a colt, a boy. 4. The name of a king of the solar race, celebrated as a worshipper of VISHNU. 5. A division of hell. 6. The sun. 7. Repentance. 8. A tree, (*Spondias mangifera*.) **अम** **मृति** to sound, and **अमृत** Una'di affix, but irregularly formed.

**अमृत m.** (-मृतः) 1. The name of a country, stated to be in the eastern division of India, and supposed by Mr. WILFORD, to be the abode of the AMBASTOR of Arrian. 2. The offspring of a man of the Brahman, and a woman of the Vaisya tribe, a man of the medical cast. **f.** (-मृता) 1. A sort of jasmin, (*Jasminum auriculatum*.) 2. A plant, (*Cissampelos hexandra*.) See **अमृतिक्षरा**. 3. Woodsorrel, (*Oxalis corniculata*, Rox.) **अम** **मृता** a mother, **मृता** to stand, and **मृता** affix, what cherishes like a mother.

चम्पक f. (-की) A creeper, (*Cissampelos hexandra*.) Also चम्पक and चम्पकिका.  
 चम्पा f. (-का) 1. A mother. 2. The same, (in theatrical language.) 3. A name of DURGĀ. See चम्पिका. E. चम्पि to sound, चम् and टाप् affs.  
 चम्पाजिका f. (-का) 1. A mother of PĀNDU.  
 चम्पिका f. (-का) 1. A mother. 2. A name of PĀRVATĪ. 3. The mother of D'HRITARAŚHTRA. 4. One of the female, domestic deities of the Jains. 5. A medicinal plant. See चटुकी. E. चम्पा a mother, and चम् affix; like a mother.  
 चम्पिकेय m. (-यः) 1. GANESA or KARTIKEYA both sons of PĀRVATĪ. 2. A name of D'HRITARAŚHTRA. E. चम्पिका as above; and इक् affix, implying family decent.  
 चम्पिकेयक m. (-कः) 1. GANESA. 2. D'HRITARAŚHTRA. E. As the preceding. कम् being added.  
 चम्पु n. (-म्पु) Water. E. चम्पि to sound, and उ aff.  
 चम्पुका f. (-का) A drop of water. E. चम्पु, and कम् a particle.  
 चम्पुकटक m. (-कः) The short-nosed alligator. E. चम्पु water, and कटक a thorn.  
 चम्पुकिरात m. (-तः) An alligator. E. चम्पु, and किरात a savage.  
 चम्पुकीय m. (-यः) A porpoise, especially of the kind common in the Ganges, (*Delphinus gangeticus*, Rox.) E. चम्पु, and कीय the water-monkey.  
 चम्पुकीय m. (-यः) A porpoise, especially the gangetic. E. चम्पु, and कूय a tortoise.  
 चम्पुचर mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रं) Aquatical. E. चम्पु, and चर what moves in.  
 चम्पुचामर n. (-रः) An aquatic plant, (*Vallisneria*.) See चम्पुचामर. E. चम्पु, and चामर the Indian chowrie; the water-chowrie.  
 चम्पुचारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Aquatical, as a fish, &c. E. चम्पु, चर to go, चिणि aff.  
 चम्पुज m. (-जः) A plant, (*Eugenia acutangula*.) See चम्पुज. n. (-जः) 1. A lotus, (*Nymphaea nelumbo*.) 2. The thunderbolt of INDRA. mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Aquatic, water-born. E. चम्पु, and ज what is produced; water-born.  
 चम्पुजम्प n. (-म्प) A lotus. E. चम्पु, and जम्प birth.  
 चम्पुगल m. (-लः) *Vallisneria*. See चम्पुचामर.  
 चम्पुद m. (-दः) A cloud. mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Shedding or giving water. E. चम्पु, and द what gives.  
 चम्पुधि m. (-धिः) The ocean. E. चम्पु, and धि what possesses; from धाच् with चि affixed.  
 चम्पुनिधि m. (-धिः) The ocean. E. चम्पु, and निधि a treasure.  
 चम्पुप m. (-पः) A plant, (*Cassia tora*, or *alata*.) mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) Drinking or imbibing water. E. चम्पु, and प what drinks.  
 चम्पुपत्रा f. (-त्रा) A fragrant grass, (perhaps a *Cyperus*.) See चम्पुपत्रा. E. चम्पु, and पत्र a leaf.  
 चम्पुपवति f. (-तिः) Current stream, flow of water. E. चम्पु, and पवति distinction.  
 चम्पुप्रसादन m. (-नः) The clearing nut tree, (*Strychnos potatorum*.) E. चम्पु water, प्रसाद to clear, सद् affix. The nuts of this plant are generally used in India, for purifying water; they are rubbed upon the inner surface of the vessel, and occasion the precipitation of the impurities of the fluid.  
 चम्पुभृत् m. (-भृत्) 1. A cloud. 2. The ocean. 3. A grass, (*Cyperus pertenuis*.) E. चम्पु, and भृत् what nourishes, from भृच् with चिप् aff.  
 चम्पुसम्प m. (-सम्प) The side of a river, or a bank, a shore. mfn. (-सम्प-सती-सत्) Watery, having or containing water. E. चम्पु and सम्पु aff.  
 चम्पुसाम्प m. (-जः) A bivalve shell. E. चम्पु water, साम्प all, every kind, and ज produced.  
 चम्पुमुक् m. (-मुक्) A cloud. E. चम्पु, and मुक् what lets go.

चम्पु m. (-रः) The lower limb of a door-frame, the threshold. E. चम्पु, and राज to shine, affix च.  
 चम्पुरात्रि m. (-त्रिः) The ocean. E. चम्पु, and रात्रि a heap.  
 चम्पुवृत् n. (-वृत्) 1. Any aquatic plant. 2. A lotus. E. चम्पु, and वृत् what grows on or in, चिप् aff.  
 चम्पुरोहिणी f. (-नी) A lotus. E. चम्पु, and रोहिन् what grows, or rises on or in.  
 चम्पुवाही f. (-ही) Four days in Ashāṛha, the 10th to the 18th of the dark fortnight, when the earth is supposed to be unclean, and agriculture is prohibited. E. चम्पु and, वाच् speech, with वीप् added.  
 चम्पुवाही f. (-ही) See the preceding.  
 चम्पुवाहिनी f. (-नी) Trumpet flower, (*Bignonia suave-olens*.) E. चम्पु before वृत् to abide, चिणि and वीप् affs.  
 चम्पुवाह m. (-हः) 1. A cloud. 2. The cyperus. 3. A water-carrier. E. चम्पु water, and वाह what bears.  
 चम्पुवाहिन् mfn. (-नी-हिणी-हि) Carrying or conveying water. f. (-नी) A wooden baling vessel. E. चम्पु, and वाहिन् what bears.  
 चम्पुवेतस m. (-सः) A kind of cane or reed growing in water. See वेतस.  
 चम्पुसर्पिणी f. (-नी) A leech. E. चम्पु before सर्प to go, चिणि affix; and वीप् fem. do.  
 चम्पुसादन n. (-नः) The nut of the *Strychnos*. See चम्पुप्रसादन.  
 चम्पुसिचनी f. (-नी) A vessel used for baling water out of a boat. E. चम्पु, चिप् to sprinkle, चिणि aff.  
 चम्पुजत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sputtered, (speech, discourse.) E. चम्पु water, and जत made.  
 चम्पुम्पु. (-म्पुः) Sourness. E. चम्पु to go, and ऋ Unaḍi aff.  
 चम्पुम्पु n. (-म्पुः) Water. E. चम्पु water, before चम्पुम्पु Unaḍi affix; चम्पु is inserted, and प becomes म्.  
 चम्पुम्पु mfn. (-म्पुः-म्पु-म्पु) 1. What holds or contains water. 2. Abiding in water. E. चम्पुम्पु and चम्पु what abides or where it abides.  
 चम्पुम्पु m. (-म्पुः) Smoke, cloudiness. E. चम्पुम्पु water, and चम्पु what produces.  
 चम्पुनी n. (-नी) A lotus. m. (-जः) 1. The moon. 2. The Saras or Indian crane. mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Aquatic, water-born. E. चम्पुम्पु, and ज produced.  
 चम्पुनीजनि m. (-निः) BRAHMA, being born secondarily from a lotus. E. चम्पुनी, and जनि birth.  
 चम्पुनीजोनि m. (-निः) A name of BRAHMA. E. चम्पुनी, and जोनि womb.  
 चम्पुनीजिनी f. (-नी) An assemblage of lotus flowers, or a place where they abound. E. चम्पुनी a lotus, चिणि and वीप् affs.  
 चम्पुनी m. (-दः) A cloud. E. चम्पुम्पु, and द what gives.  
 चम्पुनी m. (-रः) A cloud. E. चम्पुम्पु water, and र what has.  
 चम्पुनी m. (-धिः) The ocean. E. चम्पुम्पु, and धि what possesses, from धा with the affix चि.  
 चम्पुनीधि m. (-धिः) The ocean. E. चम्पुम्पु, and निधि a treasure.  
 चम्पुनीरात्रि m. (-त्रिः) The ocean. E. चम्पुम्पु, and रात्रि a heap.  
 चम्पुनीवृत् n. (-वृत्) A lotus. E. चम्पुम्पु, and वृत् what rises or grows from चम्पु with चम्पु affix; also with चिप् affix; चम्पुनीवृत् nom. (-वृत्)  
 चम्पुम्पु mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) Watery, formed from, or consisting of water, (as froth, &c.) E. चम्पु water, and चम्पुम्पु affix; प is changed to न, and the fem. takes वीप्.  
 चम्पु m. (-चः) The mango tree, (*Mangifera Indica*.) n. (-चं) A mango. E. चम्पु to eat, and र aff.  
 चम्पुत m. (-तः) A species of spondias or hog plun, (*Spondias mangifera*.) E. चम्पु the mango, and त to go, चम्पु affix; resembling that fruit, also चम्पुतच.  
 चम्पुतक m. (-कः) A tree. See the preceding. E. चम्पु being added.  
 चम्पु mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Sour, acid. m. (-चः) Sourness, acidity. f. (-ची) Wood sorrel, (*Oxalis monadelphica*.) n. (-चं) Sour curds. E. चम्पु to be sick, ऋ Unaḍi affix, and वीप् for the fem.  
 चम्पु m. (-चः) A plant, (*Artocarpus lacucha*.) See चम्पु. E. चम्पु sourness, and च affix; having a sour taste.

चक्रवर्त्त m. (-च) The citron. n. चक्र, and चक्र's filament.  
 चक्रा f. (-च) Sourness. n. चक्र and चक्र affix, also with च aff. चक्र n.  
 (-च)  
 चक्रवर्त्त m. (-च) A tree, (Artocarpus lacucha.)  
 चक्रि m. (-च) Acidity of stomach. n. चक्र, and चक्र bile.  
 चक्रवर्त्त m. (-च) The tamarind tree. n. (-च) The fruit. n. चक्र, and चक्र fruit.  
 चक्र mfn. (-च-चा-च) Sour, having a sour taste. m. (-च) Sourness, acidity. n. चक्र, and चक्र flavour.  
 चक्रवीचिका f. (-च) Wood-sorrel, (Oxalis corniculata,) also चक्रवीची and चक्रवीचिका.  
 चक्रवीची f. (-च) See the preceding.  
 चक्रवीचिका f. (-चा) See चक्रवीचिका.  
 चक्रवर्त्त m. (-च) A class of plants with acid leaves or fruits, as the lime, orange, pomegranate, tamarind, wood-apple, sorrel, Lakucha, Spondias and others. n. चक्र, and चक्र a class.  
 चक्रवर्त्त m. (-च) See चक्र above.  
 चक्रवर्त्त m. (-च) Hog plum, (Spondias mangifera.)  
 चक्रवर्त्त m. (-च) A kind of dock or sorrel, (Rumex vesicarius.) n. चक्र sour, and चक्र a kind of reed; sour grass.  
 चक्रवर्त्त n. (-च) A kind of sorrel.  
 चक्रवर्त्त m. (-च) The tamarind tree. n. चक्र, and चक्र a tree.  
 चक्रवर्त्त n. (-च) A sort of sorrel, (Rumex vesicarius,) commonly used as a potherb. n. चक्र, and चक्र a potherb.  
 चक्रवर्त्त m. (-च) Rice-water after fermentation. m. (-च) 1. The lime. 2. A sort of sorrel. n. चक्र, and चक्र essence.  
 चक्र mfn. (-च-चा-च) Acidulated. n. चक्र, and चक्र mixed.  
 चक्र mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Clean, clear. 2. Bright, unclouded. m. (-च) Globe amaranth, (Gomphrena globosa.) n. चक्र neg. and चक्र dirty.  
 चक्र mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Vigorous. 2. Unfading. f. (-च) 1. Vigour. 2. Freshness, verdure. n. चक्र neg. चक्र soil.  
 चक्र mfn. (-च-चा-च) Clean, clear. f. (-च) An assemblage of lotus flowers. n. चक्र neg. चक्र soiled.  
 चक्र f. (-चा) 1. The tamarind tree. 2. Wood sorrel, (Oxalis corniculata.) 3. A sour taste in the mouth, acidity of stomach. n. चक्र sour, चक्र and चक्र affixes; च being substituted for च; also चक्रिका and चक्रिका.  
 चक्र f. (-चा) See the preceding.  
 चक्र m. (-च) Sour eruption. n. चक्र, and चक्र bringing up.  
 चक्र 1st cl. (चक्र) To go, to go to or towards. With चक्र to believe, to rely on. A preposition containing च substitutes च before this root, as च and चक्र make चक्र, चक्राचक्र to fly, to run away.  
 चक्र m. (-च) Good luck, favourable fortune. n. चक्र to go, and चक्र affix; happiness proceeding by it.  
 चक्र mfn. (-च-चा-च) Not offering sacrifice. n. चक्र neg. चक्र sacrifice.  
 चक्र mfn. (-च-चा-च) Unfit for sacrifice. n. चक्र neg. चक्र sacrificial.  
 चक्र mfn. (-च-चा-च) Not sacrificial, common, profane. n. चक्र neg. चक्र sacrificial.  
 चक्र mfn. (-च-चा-च) Incontinent, of unsubdued appetite. n. चक्र neg. चक्र self-restraining.  
 चक्र m. (-च) Absence of effort or exertion. n. चक्र neg. चक्र effort.  
 चक्रवर्त्त mfn. (-च-चा-च) Idle, indifferent, making no exertion. n. चक्र neg. चक्र effort, and चक्र who makes.  
 चक्रवर्त्त mfn. (-च-चा-च) Spontaneous, readily or easily produced. n. चक्र, and चक्र done. So चक्रवर्त्त mfn. (-च-चा-च).  
 चक्रवर्त्त mfn. (-च-चा-च) Idle, inactive, indifferent. n. चक्र neg. चक्र active.  
 चक्र ind. Unsuitably, unfitly, incongruously. n. चक्र neg. and चक्र as, (it should be.)  
 चक्र mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Unprofitable, useless, vain. 2. Unfit, unsuitable, incompatible. n. चक्र neg. चक्र as, चक्र so.

चक्रवर्त्त n. (-च) Unprofitableness, unsuitableness, incompatibility. n. चक्रवर्त्त and चक्र aff.  
 चक्रवर्त्त mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Not according to the sense or object, incongruous, nonsensical, unmeaning. 2. Improper, unfitting. 3. False, untrue. n. चक्र neg. चक्र as, चक्र sense.  
 चक्रवर्त्त ind. Inaccurately, erroneously. n. चक्र neg. चक्र as, and चक्र aff.  
 चक्रवर्त्त ind. Unsuitably, imperfectly. n. चक्र, and चक्र strength.  
 चक्रवर्त्त mfn. (-च-चा-च) Irreligious. n. चक्र neg. चक्र according to, चक्र scripture, and चक्र who acts.  
 चक्र mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Insufficient, not enough. 2. Disliked, disapproved of. n. चक्र neg. चक्र wished.  
 चक्र n. (-च) 1. A road, a path. 2. The half year, that is, the sun's road north and south of the equator. See चक्रवर्त्त, &c. 3. The equinoctial and solstitial points. 4. A Sastra or inspired writing. n. चक्र to go, and चक्र aff.  
 चक्रवर्त्त m. (-च) The interval between the equinoxes. n. चक्र, and चक्र time.  
 चक्रवर्त्त m. (-च) See चक्र. n. चक्र, and चक्र a part.  
 चक्रवर्त्त m. (-च) The arc between the vernal equinoctial point and the beginning of the fixed zodiac or first point in Aries. n. चक्र, and चक्र a part.  
 चक्रवर्त्त mfn. (-च-चा-च) Unrestrained, self-willed. n. चक्र neg. चक्र restrained.  
 चक्रवर्त्त mfn. (-च-चा-च) Lucky, fortunate. n. चक्र and चक्र aff.  
 चक्रवर्त्त mfn. (-च-चा-च) Infamous. n. (-च) Infamy. n. चक्र neg. चक्र fame.  
 चक्रवर्त्त mfn. (-च-चा-च) Disgraceful, degrading. n. चक्रवर्त्त and चक्र what makes.  
 चक्रवर्त्त mfn. (-च-चा-च) Infamous. So चक्रवर्त्त mfn. (-च-चा-च) n. चक्रवर्त्त and चक्र or चक्र aff.  
 चक्र n. (-च) Iron. m. (-चा) A name of VAHNI or fire. n. चक्र to go, and चक्र Unadī aff.  
 चक्रवर्त्त m. (-च) A precious stone, the loadstone. n. चक्र and चक्र beautiful, implying a gem, after this word and others, as चक्रवर्त्त, &c.  
 चक्रवर्त्त m. (-च) 1. The upper part of the thigh. 2. A blacksmith. n. चक्र, and चक्र an agent.  
 चक्रवर्त्त m. (-च) An iron pot or boiler. n. चक्र and चक्र a jar.  
 चक्रवर्त्त mfn. (-च-चा-च) One who does not ask or solicit. n. चक्र neg. चक्र who solicits.  
 चक्रवर्त्त mfn. (-च-चा-च) Unasked, unsolicited. m. (-च) The name of a Muni or saint, also चक्रवर्त्त. n. चक्र neg. and चक्र asked, solicited.  
 चक्र mfn. (-च-चा-च) Outcaste, degraded, not competent to offer sacrifice. n. चक्र neg. चक्र to be sacrificed; by whom.  
 चक्रवर्त्त mfn. (-च-चा-च) Following, subsequent to succeeding. n. चक्र neg. चक्र preceding.  
 चक्रवर्त्त mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Improper, unjust. 2. Absurd, incongruous. n. चक्रवर्त्त and चक्र aff.  
 चक्रवर्त्त n. (-च) 1. Impropriety, unfitness. 2. Absurdity, nonsense. n. चक्रवर्त्त and चक्र aff.  
 चक्र n. (-च) 1. Natural disposition or temperament. 2. Halt, stop. n. चक्र neg. चक्र to go, चक्र affix; what never departs.  
 चक्र m. (-च) A country.  
 चक्रवर्त्त mfn. (-च-चा-च) Produced in, or brought from Ayasaya. n. चक्रवर्त्त and चक्र aff.  
 चक्रवर्त्त mfn. (-च-चा-च) Unstained with lac-dye, naturally red. n. चक्र neg. चक्र of lac.  
 चक्र ind. A particle of encouragement, and asking; also a vocative particle. n. चक्र to go, and चक्र affix, by which one goes; what leads or calls.  
 चक्रवर्त्त m. (-च) A plant, (Echites stularia.) See चक्रवर्त्त. n. चक्र separate, and चक्र a leaf.

**चरु** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Separate, disjoined. 2. Improper. **च** neg युज् joined.

**चरुति** f. (-तिः) 1. Disunion, separation. 2. Unreasonableness, want of conformity to correct principles or to analogy. 3. Impropriety, unsuitableness. **च** neg. युज् union.

**चरुत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Single, separate. 2. Odd. **च** neg. युज् a pair.

**चरुतपत्** ind. Gradually, seriatim, not at once. **च** neg. युज् at once.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Single. **च** neg. युज् a pair.

**चरुतलितम्** m. (-लितः) Fire. **च** neg. युज् uneven, (seven) चरुतलित ray.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-तलः-ता-तलं) 1. Separate, divided, single. 2. Odd, uneven. **च** not, युज् a pair.

**चरुतलद** m. (-दः) A plant, (Echites scholaris) **च** neg. युज् double, and द a leaf.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-तलः) 1. Separate, single. 2. Odd, uneven. **च** neg. युज् what joins.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-तलः-ता-तलं) Disjoined, detached. n. (-तलं) Ten thousand. **च** neg. and युज् joined, counted.

**चरुतल** n. (-तलं) Peace, absence of war. **च** neg. युज् war.

**चरुतल** ind. Oh! ah! &c. an interjection of; 1. Recollection; 2. Fatigue; 3. Fear; 4. Passion; and 5. Calling. **च** to go, एच् aff.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) 1. Separation, disjunction. 2. A widower, an absent lover or husband. 3. Unfitness, unsuitableness. 4. Medical treatment, counter to the symptoms. 5. Consistent treatment, non-mixture of opposite qualities. 6. Dislike, aversion to any thing. 7. Vigorous effort, exertion. 8. An iron hammer. **च** neg. and युज् union; or चरुतल iron, and तल what goes, or is.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-तलः-ता-तलं) The offspring of a Sūdra man, and Vaisya woman. **च** युज् disjoined, and तल from तल to go; being one of the lowest castes or tribes.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) 1. A chalybeate pill, one made of some preparation of iron. 2. An iron ball. **च** चरुतल, and तल a ball.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-तलः-ता-तलं) 1. Unfit, unsuitable. 2. Useless. **च** neg. युज् fit.

**चरुतल** f. (-ता) 1. Unfitness, unsuitableness, incongruity, impropriety. **च** युज् and तल affix; also चरुतल.

**चरुतल** n. (-तलं) 1. A pestle for cleaning grain. 2. A mace or club tipped with iron. 3. A hammer, a forge hammer. **च** चरुतल, and तल the end.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) A hammer, a forge hammer. **च** चरुतल, and तल what strikes, from तल to kill or strike.

**चरुतल** nf. (-तलं-ता) Disunion, separation, distinctness. **च** not, युज् uniting.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-तलं-ता-तलं) Iron-toothed. **च** चरुतल, and तल for तल a tooth.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-तलं-ता-तलं) Not to be warred against. f. (-ता) The capital of Rāma, Ayodhya, the modern Oude. **च** neg. युज् to make war, and तल aff.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-तलं-ता-तलं) Generated equivocally, not born from the womb. **च** neg. युज् the womb, and तल born.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-तलं-ता-तलं) Made of iron. **च** चरुतल, and तल aff.

**चरुतल** n. (-तलं) Rust of iron. **च** चरुतल, and तल dirt.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-तलं-ता-तलं) Tipped or pointed with iron. m. (-तलः) A kind of goblin with an iron face. **च** चरुतल, and तल a mouth.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-तलं-ता-तलं) Stern, unrelenting, iron-hearted. **च** चरुतल, and तल the heart.

**चर** mfn. (-तलः-ता-तलं) Swift, speedy. n. (-तलं) 1. The spoke or radius of a wheel. 2. adv. Swiftly. m. (-तलः) 1. A Jaina division of time, the sixth of an Avasarpini or Utsarpini. See चरुतलित, &c. 2. The eighteenth Jaina Tirthakara, or deified saint. **च** to go, एच् aff.

**चर** m. (-तलः) An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria.) See चरुतल. **च** चर what goes, and तल aff.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-तलः-ता-तलं) 1. Not preserved, not kept. 2. Unprotected undefended. **च** neg. रत kept.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) A tree, (Cassia fistula.) See चरुतल.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) 1. A machine for raising water from a well. 2. A deep well. **च** चर quickly, and तल to move, affix च.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) 1. A wheel for drawing water with. 2. A deep or large well. **च** तल added to the preceding.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) Factitious or made up poison. **च** चर quick, and तल poison.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-तलः-ता-तलं) 1. Free from the quality of passion. 2. Free from desire, &c. f. (-ता) A young girl. **च** neg. रत the menstrual flux or passion, &c.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) A plant, (Bignonia Indica.) See चरुतल. **च** to go, and तल aff.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-तलः-ता-तलं) Wood used for kindling a fire, exciting it by attrition. m. (-तलः) 1. The plant of which especially the wood is used for this purpose, (Premna spinosa, &c.) See चरुतलित. 2. A flint. 3. The sun. **च** to go, and तल Unadi aff.

**चरुतल** nf. (-तलं-ता) A forest. m. (-तलः) Kayaphal, a drug so named. See चरुतल. **च** to go, and तल Unadi aff.

**चरुतल** f. (-ता) The wood or wild plantain. **च** चरुतल, and तल the plantain.

**चरुतल** f. (-ता) The wild cotton. **च** चरुतल, and तल cotton.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) A wood sparrow. **च** चरुतल, and तल a sparrow.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-तलः-ता-तलं) Produced or born in a forest. **च** चरुतल, and तल born; also similar compounds, as चरुतलित, चरुतलित, चरुतलित, &c.

**चरुतल** f. (-ता) Wild ginger. **च** चरुतल, and तल ginger.

**चरुतल** n. (-तलः) Wild rice. **च** चरुतल, and तल grain.

**चरुतल** f. (-ता) The gad fly. **च** चरुतल, and तल a fly.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) Keeper of a forest, superintendent of a forest district. **च** चरुतल, and तल who protects.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) A raven. **च** चरुतल, and तल a crow.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) A hermitage. **च** चरुतल a wood, and तल abode.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) A hermit, an anchorite. **च** चरुतल, and तल who resides.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) Wild rice. **च** चरुतल, and तल rice.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) The wild hog. **च** चरुतल, and तल hog.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) A wolf. **च** चरुतल, and तल a dog, the forest dog.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) Keeper or ranger of the forests, a headman or superintendent of a forest district, an officer in the old Hindu government. **च** चरुतल, and तल superintendent.

**चरुतल** f. (-ता) A large forest. **च** चरुतल, तल and तल aff.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-तलः-ता-तलं) 1. Dull, languid, apathetic. 2. Disgusted, discontented. **च** neg. रत interested.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) a dog. **च** neg. रत copulation, and तल ashamed.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-तलः-ता-तलं) 1. Dull, languid. 2. Discontented, unhappy. m. (-तलः) Anger, passion. f. (-ता) 1. Dissatisfaction, discontent. 2. Dullness, languor. 3. Absence of pleasure, pain. 4. Anxiety, distress. **च** neg. and रत pleasure, or तल to go, and तल Unadi aff.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) 1. A cubit of the middle length, from the elbow to the tip of the little finger. 2. The elbow. **च** to go, and तल Unadi aff.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-तलः-ता-तलं) Low, inferior. See चरुतल.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-तलः-ता-तलं) Disagreeable. **च** neg. रत pleasing.

**चरुतल** mfn. (-तलः-ता-तलं) 1. A door. 2. A covering, a sheath. 3. The sheath of the shoot of a bamboo. **च** चर from तल to go, and तल Unadi affix, तल in the fem.

**चरुतल** mn. (-तलः-ता-तलं) A door. **च** to go, and तल aff.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) A sneeze. **च** to go, तल Unadi aff.

**चरुतल** ind. A vocative particle, expressing haste.

**चरुतल** m. (-तलः) A plant, (Bignonia Indica.) See चरुतल. **च** to go, and तल affix, and तल is changed to तल, also चरुतल.

शून्य नाम. (-क-वा-व) Silent. ३. च neg. दृक् sound.  
 चरविन्द n. (-क) 1. lotus, (*Nymphaea nelumbo*.) २. Copper. ३. चर quickly, and विन्द to obtain, च affix with reference to the lotus, as of quick growth.  
 चरविन्दनाभि m. (-भि) VISHNU. ३. चरविन्द, and नाभि the navel, from which sprung the lotus that bore BRAHMA at the creation.  
 चरविन्दनी f. (-नी) An assemblage of lotus flowers. ३. चरविन्द, रवि and नी affix.  
 चरु mfn. (-क-वा-व) 1. Insipid, tasteless. २. Dull, flat, (as a composition.) ३. च neg. रस flavour.  
 चरुक् mfn. (-क-वा-व) 1. Unfeeling, dull, devoid of taste. २. Flavourlessness, insipid, liter. or fig. ३. च neg. रसिक flavoured.  
 चरुक्त्त mfn. (-त-ता-त) Having, possessed of ३. च neg. रसित left.  
 चरान mfn. (-क-वा-व) Cool, unimpassioned. ३. च neg. राग passion.  
 चरानिन् mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) Cool, unimpassioned. ३. च neg. रागिन् impassioned.  
 चराजक mfn. (-क-वा-व) Anarchical, having no king or governor. ३. च neg. राजन् a king, कन् aff.  
 चराति m. (-ति) An enemy. ३. च neg. and रा to give, with ति affix; who does not give pleasure.  
 चरातिभङ्ग m. (-ङ्ग) Defeat or destruction of a foe. ३. चराति, and भङ्ग breaking.  
 चरात्त mfn. (-क-वा-व) Crooked. m. (-क) 1. Resin. २. An elephant in rut. ३. A bent or crooked arm f. (-ता) 1. A modest woman. २. A disloyal or unchaste one. ३. चर what goes. चा before ता to take or give, and क aff.  
 चरि m. (-रि) 1. An enemy. २. A wheel. ३. A species of Khadira or Mimosa. ३. च to go, च् affix, and इ substituted for च.  
 चरिकुल n. (-कु) Family of an enemy. ३. चरि, and कुल family.  
 चरिक्कामाज्ज mfn. (-माज्ज) Not entitled to a share of the property, a non-heir. ३. च neg. रिक्कामाज्ज a co-heir.  
 चरिता f. (-ता) Enmity, hostility. ३. चरि and तच् affix, also with ल, चरिते.  
 चरिच n. (-च) A rudder. ३. च to go, and च् affix.  
 चरिचन्दन mfn. (-न-ना-न) Gratifying an enemy, affording triumph to an enemy. ३. चरि, and चन्दन what delights.  
 चरिचन्दन m'n. (-न-ना-न) Conquering, victorious. ३. चरि, and च् affix, and न to tame, affix च्.  
 चरिचर n. (-च) An enemy's town or country. ३. चरि, and चर a city.  
 चरिचिन् m. (-च) An ally or friend of an enemy. ३. चरि, and चिन् a friend.  
 चरिचिन् m. (-च) A fatid Mimosa, (*M. Farnesiana*.) ३. चरि an enemy, and चिन् what injures.  
 चरिचर n. (-च) An enemy's country. ३. चरि, and चर a country.  
 चरिचिन् m. (-च) A hostile tribe or an enemy's country. ३. चरि, and चिन् a country.  
 चरिच m. (-च) 1. Disease arising from meat and drink. २. A stream of water from the clouds.  
 चरिच m. (-च) 1. The soap-berry plant, (*Sapindus saponaria*, &c.) २. Garlic. ३. The Nimb tree, (*Melia azadiracta*.) ४. A crow. ५. A heron. ६. The name of an Asur or infernal spirit. n. (-च) 1. A woman's apartment, the lying-in chamber. २. Good fortune, happiness. ३. Bad or ill luck, misfortune. ४. Buttermilk. ५. Vinous spirit. ६. Sign or symptom of approaching death. ७. A portent, some natural phenomenon considered as indicating calamity. ३. च neg. and चिन् bad or good fortune.  
 चरिच m. (-च) The soap-berry plant, (*Sapindus saponaria*, &c.) ३. च neg. and चिन् affliction, च affix relieving sickness, &c. See the preceding, of which it may have all the meanings.  
 चरिचिन् m. (-च-चि-चि) Suspicious, making fortunate or happy. ३. चरि, च् to spread, and चिन् aff.

चरिचन्दनी mfn. (-नी-चि-चि) Apprehensive of death, alarmed at its approach. ३. चरिच sign of death, च् disturbed, and चि under-standing, mind; whose is so.  
 चरिचिन् m. (-चि) The twenty-second of the twenty-four Jaina Tirtha-ka ras or saints. Also चिन्.  
 चरिचन्दन m. (-च) A name of KRISHNA or VISHNU. ३. चरिच the Asur so named, and च्न्दन who destroys; having killed the demon ANUSHTA.  
 चरिचिन् m. (-चि) Consternation, defeat. ३. चरि, and चिन् being in place.  
 चरिचिन् m. (-चि) An avenger. ३. चरि, and चिन् who injures.  
 चरुक् mfn. (-क-वा-व) Healthy, well. ३. च neg. दृक् sick.  
 चरुचि f. (-चि) 1. Aversion, dislike. २. Want of appetite, disrelish, disgust. ३. च neg. च्चि light.  
 चरुचिन् mfn. (-च-वा-व) Disagreeable, disgusting. ३. च neg. चरिच agreeable.  
 चरुच mfn. (-च-वा-व) Disagreeable. ३. च neg. दृक् to be liked.  
 चरुच mfn. (-च-वा-व) Sound, healthy, free from disease. ३. च neg. दृक् sick.  
 चरुच m. (-च) 1. A name of the sun. २. Also of his charioteer, or the dawn personified as the son of KASYAPA by VINATA. ३. The colour of the dawn, dark red, or the mixture of red and black. ४. Tawny, (the colour.) ५. The redness of sun-set. ६. A kind of leprosy, with red spots and insensibility of the skin. ७. A dumb man f. (-चा) 1. A plant, (*Betula*.) See चरिचिन्. २. Mader, (*Rubia manjit'h*.) ३. Another plant, commonly Teori. See चिन्. ४. A black kind of the same. ५. Colocynth or bitter apple. ६. The plant that yields the red and black berry from which the jeweller's weight, the Retti, is derived. See गुच्चा. mfn. (-च-वा-व) Tawny, dark red, &c. ३. च to go, and च्न्दन Uda'di aff.  
 चरुचकनन n. (-क) The red lotus. ३. चरुच, and कनन a lotus.  
 चरुचकीचन m. (-च) A pigeon. ३. चरुच, and कीचन the eye.  
 चरुचसारिचि m. (-चि) The sun. ३. चरुच, and सारिचि a charioteer; whose charioteer is ARUNA.  
 चरुचाराज m. (-ज) GARUDA, the bird of VISHNU. ३. चरुच, and चरुच first born; having ARUNA as his elder brother.  
 चरुचाराज m. (-ज) A name of JATAYU, a fabulous bird; said by some to be the son of ARUNA, but more generally of GARUDA. ३. चरुच, and चाराज the son.  
 चरुचाराज m. (-ज) A name of GARUDA. ३. चरुच, चरुच after, and ज born; the younger brother of ARUNA.  
 चरुचित mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Reddened. २. Dyed red, impurpled. ३. चरुच and च्त् aff.  
 चरुचिन् m. (-चि) Redness. ३. चरुच and च्चिन् aff.  
 चरुचिन् mfn. (-त-ता-त) Reddened, turning or become red. ३. चरुच, and च्त् made, च्त् augment.  
 चरुचोद m. (-य) Break of day, dawn, the period preceding sun-set. ३. चरुच dawn, उदय rise.  
 चरुचोद m. (-च) A ruby. ३. चरुच dark red, and उदय a stone.  
 चरुचित mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Unwept, unlamented. २. Not weeping. ३. च neg. च्चित wept.  
 चरुच mfn. (-च-वा-व) Free, unobstructed. ३. च neg. च्चि obstructed.  
 चरुचुद mfn. (-च-वा-व) 1. Sharp, corrosive. २. Acrimonious, sharp, sour, (as disposition.) ३. चरुच a sore, and च्चु what torments, from च्चु and च्चु affix; the final of चरुच is dropped, and च्चु inserted.  
 चरुचुद n. (-च) 1. Infliction of pain. २. Acrimoniousness, causticity. ३. च added to the last. Also चरुचुद.  
 चरुचती f. (-ती) The daughter of Kṛṣṇa and wife of Vāsantī, one of the seven Rishis; she is also one of the Pleiades. ३. च neg. च्चु to confine, तच् and च्चि affixes; who does not confine or hinder good works. ARUNDHATI is considered as a pattern of conjugal excellence, and is invoked at the marriage ceremony by the bridegroom.  
 चरुचतीचि m. (-चि) Vāsantī, one of the seven Rishis or saints, and stars in the great bear. ३. चरुचती and चिन् from च्चिन् a wife; whose wife is ARUNDHATI.

चरुवासीनाथ m. (-चः) A name of VASISHT'NA, as above. n. चरुवासी and नाथ a lord or husband.

चरुमfn. (-चः-चा च) Smooth, liter. or fig. n. च neg. चरु rough.

चरुम m. (-चः) The marking-nut plant, see the next word. n. चरु a sore, and च what makes.

चरुचर mfn. (-चः-री-र) Corrosive, caustic, acrid. m. (-चः) The marking-nut plant, (Semecarpus anacardium) n. (-र) The nut. n. चरु a sore, च to make, ट aff.

चरुच mfn. (-चः-टा-ट) Calm, not angry. n. च neg. चरु angry.

चरु mn. (-चः) A sore or wound. m. (-चः) The sun. ind. A joint. n. च to go. and उदि Una'di aff.

चरुचिका f. (-चा) Eruptions on the scalp, with acute pain. n. चरु a sore, च added.

चरुच mfn. (-चः-चा-ची-च) 1. Formless, shapeless. 2. Ugly, ill formed, misshapen. 3. Dissimilar, unlike n. च neg. चरु beauty.

चरुच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Literal, without figure or metaphor. n. च neg. चरु figurative.

चरुचता f. (-ता) 1. Ugliness. 2. Shapelessness. 3. Dissimilarity. n. तच् added to चरु, also चरुचत्.

चरुचवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Ugly, shapeless. n. चरुच and वत् aff.

चरुच m. (-चः) 1. A kind of snake 2 The sun. n. च to go, ऊचच् Una'di aff.

चरे ind. Interjection of calling to inferiors.

चरे ind. 1. Interjection of calling to inferiors 2. Also of calling angrily.

चरीच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Obscured, dimmed, darkened. n. चच् to be light, चच् affix; च neg. prefix.

चरीचदन्त mfn. (-दन्-दन्ती-दन्) Having black or discoloured teeth. n. चरीच, and दन् for दन् a tooth, also चरीचदन्.

चरीचदन्त mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Having bad teeth; see the last.

चरीच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Well, healthy, free from disease. m. (-चः) Health. n. च neg. रोग sickness.

चरीचिता f. (-ता) Health. n. चरीचिन् well, तच् affix, or with तच् चरीचिन्.

चरीचिन् mfn. (-चः-चिन्-चिन्) Well, in health. n. च neg. रोगिन् sick.

चरीचक m. (-चः) Indigestion, loss of appetite. n. च neg. रोगिन् digestion.

चरीचिन् mfn. (-चः-चु-चु) 1. Disagreeable. 2. Dark. 3. Ugly. n. च neg. रोगिन् splendid, &c.

चरीचन n. (-चः) Not weeping. n. च neg. रोगिन् weeping.

चरीच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Unobstructed, unobstructable. n. च neg. रोगिन् to be hindered.

चरीचन n. (-चः) Not planting or fixing. n. च neg. रोगिन् setting up.

चरीच m. (-चः) Chalmess. n. च neg. रोगिन् wrath.

चरीच mfn. (-चः-ची-च) Not formidable or fierce. n. च neg. रोगिन् formidable

चर्च r. 10th cl. (चर्चयति) 1. To praise. 2. To heat or warm. चर्च m. (-चः) 1. The sun. 2. Crystal. 3. Swallow wort. (Calotropis gigantea) 4. Copper. 5. A name of INDRA. 6. A Pandit or learned man. 7. An elder brother. 8. Sunday. n. चर्च to worship or respect, च Una'di affix, and the च is dropped; what is worshipped or respected; or चर्च to heat, affix चच्.

चर्चदु. m. (-चः) The two sons of SURYA and ASWINI, and physicians of SWARGA n. चर्च the sun, and च who is born.

चर्चतनय n. (-चः) The sons of SURYA or the sun, applicable to YAMA, to SANI, to the Munis VAIVASWATA and SAVARNI, to REVANTA, and to KARMA. f. (-चा) The daughter of the sun, applied to the river goddesses JAMUNA and TAPTI. n. चर्च, and तनय a son.

चर्चिन् f. (-चिन्) 1. A ray of light. 2. The light of the sun. n. चर्च, and चिन् radiance.

चर्चिन् n. (-चः) A solar day. n. चर्च, and चिन् a day; also चर्चिन्, &c.

चर्चिन् m. (-चः) YAMA, &c. see चर्चतनय. n. As before, and चर्च a son.

चर्चिन् m. (-चः) Swallow wort, (Calotropis gigantea) f. (-चा) A kind of birth wort, (Aristolochia Indica) n. चर्च the swallow wort, and च

चर्चिन् m. (-चः) Swallow wort, (Asclepias gigantea) or Calotropis n. चर्च the sun, चर्च a leaf.

चर्चिन् m. (-चः) The Nimb tree, (Nimba or Melia azadirachta) n. चर्च, and चर्च a tree.

चर्चिन् f. (-चा) A plant, vulgarly Arkahuli. (Cleome pentapetala) Also चर्चिन्.

चर्चिन् m. (-चः) A name of BUDDHA, the founder of the BUDDHISM sect of Hindus. n. चर्च the sun, and चर्च a kinsman, being of the Surya Vansa's, or line of the sun.

चर्चिन् m. (-चः) See the preceding. n. As before, चर्च a kinsman.

चर्चिन् n. (-चः) The disc of the sun. n. चर्च and चर्च a circle.

चर्चिन् f. (-चा) Birthwort. See चर्चिन्.

चर्चिन् m. (-चः) REVANTA the son of SURYA. n. चर्च, रोगिन् the semen, and च born.

चर्चिन् m. (-चः) A solar year. n. चर्च, and चर्च a year; also चर्चिन्, &c.

चर्चिन् n. (-चः) 1. Levying taxes, subjecting the people to heavy imposts, drawing their wealth as the sun evaporizes water. 2. Periodical worship of the sun. n. चर्च the sun, and चर्च observance.

चर्चिन् m. (-चुः) YAMA, regent of the dead. n. चर्च, and चर्च a son: the son of SURYA. See चर्चिन्.

चर्चिन् m. (-चः) The elephant of INDRA. n. चर्च, रोगिन् kinsman, from च with, and चर्च womb; from their being alike engaged in maintaining the universe.

चर्चिन् m. (-चः) A digit or twelfth of the sun's disc. n. चर्च, and चर्च a part.

चर्चिन् m. (-चः) 1. A crystal lens. See चर्चिन्. 2. A ruby. n. चर्च and चर्च a stone.

चर्चिन् m. (-चः) Swallow wort. n. चर्च, and चर्च application: bearing all the synonyms of the sun.

चर्चिन् m. (-चः) The instant of conjunction of the sun and moon. n. चर्च the sun, चर्च the moon, and चर्च union.

चर्चिन् m. (-चः) 1. The sun-stone. 2. A ruby. 3. A crystal lens. n. चर्च, and चर्च a stone.

चर्चिन् mfn. (-चः-चा-च) A wooden bolt or pin for fastening a door. mfn. (-चः-चा-च) A surge or billow. n. चर्च to gain, चर्च affix, च becomes न, and the fem. takes both टच् and डच्.

चर्चिन् f. (-चा) A small door pin, a bolt. n. As before, चर्च affix, टच् for the fem. and च substituted for च.

चर्च r. 1st cl. (चर्चयति) To hurt or injure. r. 10th cl. (चर्चयति) To cost, to be worth.

चर्च m. (-चः) 1. Price, cost. 2. Mode of worship or reverence. 3. An oblation of various ingredients to a god or Brahman. n. चर्च to cost, or चर्च to worship, च being changed to च, affix चच्.

चर्चिन् n. (-चः) Presentation of a respectful offering. n. चर्च, and चर्च giving.

चर्चिन् n. (-चः) Rate of price, proper. price. n. चर्च, and चर्च strength, चर्च weakness.

चर्चिन् n. (-चः) Fixing the price of commodities, appraising, &c. n. चर्च, and चर्चिन् fixing together with: it is the act of the king or ruler, in concert with the traders, and should be done once a week or once a fortnight.

चर्चिन् mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Worthy of or requiring a respectful offering, a superior. n. चर्च, and चर्च worthy.

चर्चिन् m. (-चः) A name of SIVA. n. चर्च oblation, and चर्च lord: the lord of offerings.

चर्च mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Venerable, deserving worship. n. (-चः) A respectful oblation to gods or venerable men, of rice, durva grass, flowers, &c. with water only and of water in a small boat-shaped vessel.

३. 1st cl. (अर्चति) Also 1st and 10th cls. (अर्चति-ने अर्चयति-ने) To worship, to honour or treat with respect: with उप prefixed, to worship. This root and its derivatives are also read अर्च, &c. doubling the consonant after र.

अर्च mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) A worshipper, one who worships. म. अर्च and वृत् aff.

अर्च mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) An article of worship. nf. (-ने-या) Worship, the homage paid to deities and to superiors. म. अर्च to worship, वृत् affix, and उप stem. do.

अर्च mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) Venerable, respectable. म. अर्च, and अर्चवत् affix, also अर्च and अर्चविषय.

अर्च f. (-र्च) 1. Worship, see अर्च. 2. An image. म. अर्च to worship, अर्च affix, and उप stem. do.

अर्च f. (-र्च) Flame. म. अर्च to worship, वृत् aff.

अर्च mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) Worshipped, respected, saluted. म. अर्च in the part. past.

अर्च mfn. (-आ-अ-अ-अ) Brilliant, resplendent. m. (-आ-अ) 1. Fire. 2. The sun. म. अर्चि flame, and अर्चि poss. aff.

अर्च m. (-र्च) 1. Flame. 2. A ray of light. 3. Light, luster. म. अर्च to worship, and वृत् Una'di aff.

अर्च mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) Reverend, respectable, worshipful. म. अर्च to worship, and वृत् aff.

अर्च 1st cl. (अर्चति) To earn, to gain or acquire, (commonly used with उप prefixed.) 10th cl. (अर्चयति) 1. The same, and: 2. To work or manufacture. 3. To make or prepare. This root and its derivatives are also read अर्च, &c. doubling the consonant after र.

अर्च mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) An acquirer, one who gains or acquires. m. (-अ-आ) Basil, the white sert, (Ocimum villosum.) म. अर्च to gain, and वृत् aff.

अर्च n. (-अ) Gain, acquisition of wealth, &c. म. अर्च, and वृत् affix, also written अर्चन.

अर्च mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) Gained, acquired. म. अर्च to gain, वृत् affix, also written अर्चित.

अर्च m. (-अ) 1. The third of the Paṇḍavas, the son of INDRA and friend of KRISHNA. 2. The name of a king with a thousand arms. See कर्णवीर्य. 3. A tree, (Pentaptera arjuna.) 4. A peacock. 5. The only son of his mother. 6. White, (the colour.) nf. (-ने-नी) 1. Grass. 2. Slight inflammation of the conjunctiva or white of the eye. f. (-नी) 1. A cow. 2. USHA, the wife of ANIRUDDHA. 3. The Karatoya river in the north of Bengal. 4. A procuress, a bawd. mfn. (-अ-नी-अ) White. म. अर्च to gain, उपन् Una'di affix, fem. अर्चि, also read अर्चन.

अर्चन mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) Belonging to ARJUNA. म. अर्चन and वृत् aff.

अर्चन ind. On the side or party of ARJUNA. म. अर्चन and वृत् aff.

अर्चन mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) White, of a white colour. म. अर्चन white, and वृत् light.

अर्चन m. (-अ) The monkey HANUMAN. म. अर्चन, and अर्चन a banner, being ARJUNA's symbol.

अर्चनीय m. (-अ) The teak tree, (Tectona grandis.) म. अर्चनीय a tree, &c. उपन् like.

अर्च m. (-अ) 1. The teak tree. 2. A letter.

अर्च m. (-अ) The ocean. म. अर्च water, व affix, and वृ is dropped: the वृ in this and similar words is optionally doubled, as अर्चव, &c.

अर्च mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) Sea-born, marine. mn. (-अ-अ) Cuttle fish. म. अर्च, and अर्चन born.

अर्च mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) VARUNA, regent of the water. म. अर्च the ocean, and अर्च a house; whose dwelling is the deep.

अर्च m. (-अ) A boat or ship. म. अर्च, and अर्च a boat.

अर्च m. (-अ) A boat or ship. म. अर्च, and अर्च a vehicle.

अर्च m. (-अ) Water. म. अर्च to go, उपन् Una'di affix, and अर्च inserted.

अर्च m. (-अ) A cloud. म. अर्च, and अर्च what gives.

अर्च m. (-अ) A shell. म. अर्च, and अर्च being.

अर्च m. (-अ) Blue barleria, (B. caerulea.) म. अर्च exhausted, and अर्च to drop, the आ is made short, also अर्चन.

अर्च m. (-अ) Censure, reproach, abuse. म. अर्च to blame, a sautra root and वृत् aff.

अर्च f. (-र्च) 1. Pain. 2. The end of a bow. म. अर्च to hurt, and वृत् aff.

अर्च mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) Diseased, pained. m. (-अ) A kind of cake. म. अर्च pain, and अर्च added.

अर्च f. (-आ) An elder sister, (in theatrical language.) See अर्चिका.

अर्च 10th cl. (अर्चते sometimes -ति) To ask or beg.

अर्च mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) 1. Rich. 2. Learned. m. (-अ) 1. Wealth, property, substance. 2. Meaning, signification. 3. Thing. 4. fruit, consequence. 5. Prohibition. 6. A material substance or object of sense. 7. Cause, origin. 8. Request, asking, begging. 9. Kind, sort, manner. 10. Well, well being. 11. (In law) A suit, an action. म. अर्च to go, and अर्च Una'di aff.

अर्च mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) Producing yielding wealth, what enriches. म. अर्च, and अर्च what makes, also similar compounds, as अर्चकारक mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) अर्चकारिन् mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) and अर्चजनक mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) &c.

अर्च m. (-अ) Avarice, desire of wealth. म. अर्च, and अर्च desire.

अर्च mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) Significant, meaning. म. अर्च with अर्च heavy, अर्च superlative aff.

अर्च mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) Wasteful, extravagant. म. अर्च, and अर्च who or what destroys.

अर्च mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) Wise, discriminating, understanding the various significations of a word, &c. म. अर्च meaning, and अर्च who knows.

अर्च ind. According to the sense. म. वृत् added to अर्च.

अर्च n. (-अ) Truth, the real object, nature or cause of any thing. म. अर्च, and अर्च truth.

अर्च mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) 1. Liberal, munificent. 2. Compliant, favourable. म. अर्च wealth or object, and अर्च who or what gives. Also similar compounds, as अर्चदायक, अर्चदायिन् and अर्चदाय, &c.

अर्च n. (-अ) Waste, prodigality, extravagance. म. अर्च, and अर्च spoil-ing.

अर्च f. (-अ) Begging, asking. म. अर्च to ask, and वृत् aff.

अर्च m. (-अ) 1. KURUBA, the Hindu PLUTUS. 2. A king. म. अर्च wealth, and वृत् lord.

अर्च mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) 1. Intent on gaining wealth. 2. Persimmonious, niggardly. म. अर्च, and अर्च intent.

अर्च m. (-अ) 1. Application of wealth as to trade, usury, &c. 2. The profession of usury. म. अर्च, and अर्च application.

अर्च f. (-अ) 1. Acquisition of wealth. 2. Attainment of an object. म. अर्च, and अर्च gaining.

अर्च mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) A servant who has high wages. म. अर्च, and अर्च maintained.

अर्च m. (-अ) Distinction, difference of meaning, म. अर्च meaning, and अर्च dividing.

अर्च m. (-अ) Acquisition of wealth. म. अर्च, and अर्च acquiring.

अर्च mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) Greedy of wealth, covetous, niggardly. म. अर्च, and अर्च desirous.

अर्च m. (-अ) A little wealth. म. अर्च, and अर्च a little.

अर्च m. (-अ) Avarice, desire of wealth. म. अर्च, and अर्च desire.

अर्च mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) 1. Wealthy, rich. 2. Significant, having sense or meaning. 3. Designed, intentional, having an object. म. अर्च, and अर्च poss. aff.

अर्च m. (-अ) 1. Praise, eulogium. 2. Declaration of purpose or object, speech or expression having a certain object, as अर्चवाच: speech implying praise, निन्दवाच: speech implying censure. 3. Amplification. म. अर्च substance, thing, and अर्च speaking.



चर्चविज्ञान n. (-न) One of the six exercises of the understanding, the comprehension of meanings. n. चर्च meaning, import, and विज्ञान knowledge.

चर्चविद् mfn. (-विद् or -विद्) Sagacious, sensible, wise. n. चर्च, and विद् who knows.

चर्चवृद्धि f. (-वि) Accumulation of wealth. n. चर्च and वृद्धि increase.

चर्चवैकल्य n. (-ल्य) Prevarication, evasion, deviation from truth, perversion or disguise of fact. n. चर्च object, वैकल्य alteration.

चर्चव्यय m. (-य) Expenditure. n. चर्च, and व्यय expenditure.

चर्चव्ययश्च mfn. (-च-व्यय-श्च) Liberal in-giving and using. n. चर्च wealth, व्यय expense, and च who knows.

चर्चशास्त्र n. (-ज्ञ) The science of polity or moral and political government. n. चर्च possession, property, and शास्त्र institutes of a science.

चर्चशील n. (-शी) 1. Honesty. 2. Acquisition of wealth. n. चर्च purpose or wealth, शील purity.

चर्चसंग्रह m. (-ह) 1. Accumulation of wealth. 2. A treasure. n. चर्च, and संग्रह a collection.

चर्चसंज्ञान n. (-ज्ञ) 1. Accumulation of wealth. 2. A treasury. n. चर्च, and संज्ञान assemblage.

चर्चसंचय m. (-य) Accumulation of wealth. n. चर्च, and संचय heap.

चर्चसम्बन्ध m. (-म्ब) Connexion of the sense with the word or sentence. n. चर्च, and सम्बन्ध connexion.

चर्चसिद्ध mfn. (-ह-ज्ञ-सिद्ध) 1. Effected by wealth. 2. Successful, one whose aim is accomplished. n. चर्च, and सिद्ध accomplished.

चर्चसिद्धि f. (-वि) Success. n. चर्च, and सिद्धि accomplishment.

चर्चहर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Inheriting or taking wealth. n. चर्च, and हर who takes. So चर्चहारिन् mfn. (-री-रि-रि-रि).

चर्चहीन mfn. (-न-ना-न) 1. Poor. 2. Failing, disappointed. 3. Unmeaning, nonsensical. n. चर्च and हीन wanting. So चर्चशून्य mfn. (-न-शून्य-न) n. चर्च, and शून्य empty.

चर्चान्नम m. (-न) 1. Receipt or collection of property. 2. Acquisition of wealth. n. चर्च wealth and चर्चान्न coming.

चर्चाधिकार m. (-र) Stewardship, treasurership, charge of money or property. n. चर्च and अधिकार superintendence.

चर्चाधिकारिन् m. (-री) A treasurer, a paymaster. n. चर्च, and अधिकारिन् superintendent.

चर्चांतर n. (-र) 1. Difference of meaning or purport. 2. Another or second sense. 3. Opposite or antithetical meaning. n. चर्च, and चर्चांतर difference.

चर्चांतरवास m. (-व) Antithesis. n. चर्चांतर, and वास position.

चर्चावित mfn. (-न-ता-न) 1. Rich. 2. Significant. n. चर्च wealth, and चर्चावित possessed of.

चर्चापत्ति f. (-ति) 1. A figure of speech, a quibble, the use of one word in a double sense. 2. An inference from circumstances. n. चर्च, and चर्चापत्ति gaining.

चर्चाचिन् mfn. (-चि-चि-चि-चि) 1. One who solicits wealth. 2. One endeavouring to gain any object. n. चर्च, and चर्चाचिन् who seeks or solicits.

चर्चाक m. (-क) 1. A crier, a watchman, a minstrel, a servant whose duty it is to announce by song or music, fixed periods of the day, or those of getting up and of repose, &c. 2. A beggar, a solicitor. n. चर्चा a rich man, and क from कै to call or sound.

चर्चात mfn. (-न-ता-त) Asked, begged, sought. n. चर्च to ask, त aff.

चर्चाता f. (-ता) Asking, begging. Also n. (-त) n. तच् or तच् added to चर्चाच्.

चर्चाचिन् mfn. (-चि-चि-चि-चि) 1. One who asks or begs for any thing. 2. One who seeks to effect or gain a purpose or object. m. (-ची) 1. A servant. 2. A follower, a companion or partisan. 3. A plaintiff, a prosecutor. 4. A beggar, a petitioner. n. चर्च asking, &c. चर्चा aff.

चर्चाचिन् n. (-चि) Acquiring wealth. n. चर्च, and चर्चाचिन् acquiring.

चर्चाचिन् n. (-च) Wealth, the condition of being wealthy. n. चर्च, and चर्चाचिन् warmth. So अग्लिच, a warm man.

चर्च mfn. (-चि-चि-चि) 1. Intelligent, wise. 2. Wealthy. 3. Right, proper. 4. Fit to be asked or sought. n. (-चि) Red chalk. n. चर्च and चर्चा aff.

चर्च r. 1st cl. (चर्चति) 1. To ask or beg. 2. To go. 1st and 10th cl. (चर्चति-ने चर्चयति-ने) To kill or to hurt.

चर्चना f. (-ना) 1. Begging, asking. 2. Giving pain. 3. Killing. 4. Going. n. चर्च to ask, &c. चर्च and चर्चा aff.

चर्चम. (-मि) 1. Fire. 2. Asking, begging. 3. Sickness, disease. n. चर्च to pain, चर्च aff.

चर्चत mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Asked, requested, begged. 2. Killed, injured. 3. Pained, afflicted. 4. Gone. n. (-त) A disease, Hemiplegia, paralysis of the muscles on one side of the face and neck. n. चर्च to go, to ask, &c. चर्च त, and चर्च inserted.

चर्च mfn. (-चि-चि-चि) Half, halved. m. (-चि) A part. n. (-चि) A half. n. चर्च to increase, and चर्च aff.

चर्चत mfn. (-त-ता-त) Halved, divided equally. n. चर्च, and त made.

चर्चखार nf. (-र-री) A measure, half a kharī. n. चर्च, and खारी a measure so called.

चर्चगङ्गा f. (-ङ्गा) The Ka'veri river, in the peninsula. n. चर्च half, and गङ्गा the Ganges; being a sacred stream, having half the virtues of the great Ganges.

चर्चगुच्छ m. (-च्छ) A mecklace of twenty-four strings. n. चर्च, and गुच्छ a bundle.

चर्चचन्द्र m. (-न्द्र) 1. A crescent or half moon. 2. The hand bent into a semicircle or the shape of a claw, as for the purpose of seizing or clutching any thing. 3. The semicircular marks on a peacock's tail. 4. An arrow, with a head like a crescent. 5. The semicircular scratch of the finger nail. f. (-न्द्र) A plant, vulgarly Teori, the black kind. n. चर्च half, and चन्द्र moon, or with चर्च added चर्चचन्द्र.

चर्चचन्द्राकार mfn. (-र-रा-र) Of the shape of the half moon. m. (-र) A meniscus. n. चर्चचन्द्र, and चाकार form.

चर्चचन्द्राकृति mfn. (-ति-ति-ति) Half-mooned, of a crescent-shape, convex and concave. f. (-ति) A meniscus. n. चर्चचन्द्र, and चाकृति shape.

चर्चचोलीक m. (-क) A short bodice. n. चर्च, and चोलीक a bodice.

चर्चगङ्गा f. (-ङ्गा) The Ka'veri river. See चर्चगङ्गा, गङ्गा being the Ganges.

चर्चचर n. (-र) A knife or lancet with a single edge, the blade two inches long, the haft six. n. चर्च, and चर a single edge.

चर्चनारीक m. (-क) A name of MAHA DEVA. n. चर्च, and नारी a woman, and ईक master; one of the forms of SIVA, to which this name applies, being half male and half female.

चर्चनाव m. (-व) A boat's half. n. चर्च, and नाव, from नौ a boat, and टच् aff.

चर्चनिशा f. (-शा) Midnight. n. चर्च, and निशा night.

चर्चपच n. (-च) Half a Pana. n. चर्च, and पच a measure of four Ka'kinis.

चर्चपारावत m. (-त) 1. A pigeon, (with a spotted or painted throat.) 2. The francoline partridge. n. चर्च, and पारावत a pigeon.

चर्चपुञ्जावत n. (-त) A half gallop, a canter, n. चर्च, and पुञ्जावत a gallop.

चर्चप्रहर m. (-र) Half a watch, a period of an hour and a half. n. चर्च; and प्रहर a watch.

चर्चभान m. (-न) A half. n. चर्च, and भान part.

चर्चभाज् mfn. (-भाज्) Taking or sharing half. n. चर्च half, and भाज् who possesses.

चर्चभाजिक mfn. (-चि-चि-चि) Taking or sharing half. n. चर्चभाज a half, टच् aff.

चर्चभाजिन् mfn. (-चि-चि-चि) Sharing or taking half. n. चर्चभाज and चर्चि aff.

चर्चभाजक m. (-क) A necklace of twelve strings. Also चर्चभाजकचर्च. n. चर्च, and चर्चभाजक one of twenty-four strings.

चर्चयाम m. (-य) Half a watch, an hour and a half. n. चर्च, and याम a watch, also चर्चयाम.

चर्चरथ m. (-रथ) A warrior, who fights on a car with another. n. चर्च, and रथ a car, having half a car.



रात्रि n. (-चः) 1. Midnight. 2. The period from two and a half to three and a half watches of the night. n. चरु, and रात्रि night.  
श्लोक m. (-चः) Half a verse of the Vedas. n. चरु, and चरु, a verse of a Veda.

संक्षेप n. (-चः) A side look, a glance, a leer. n. चरु, and संक्षेप looking.  
सहस्र m. (-चः) 1. Fifty. 2. One hundred and fifty. n. चरु, and सहस्र a hundred, in the second sense it is more usually सहस्र, &c.

So चरुपञ्चम, चरुचतुष्टय, &c.

संभोग n. (-चः) Half a meal. n. चरु, and संभोग eating, also संभोग.

संभोग m. (-चः) A small fish, (Cyprinus sophore, HAM :) n. चरु, and संभोग another fish, to which it is compared.

संभोगिन् m. (-चः) A cultivator, a ploughman who takes half the crop for his labour. n. चरु, and संभोग a plough, इति aff.

संभोग m. (-चः) A necklace of sixty-four strings. n. चरु, and संभोग a necklace.

संभोग m. (-चः) A half. n. चरु, and संभोग a share.

संभोगिन् m. (-चः) Sharing a half. n. चरु, and इति aff.

संभोग n. (-चः) Half the body. n. चरु, and संभोग the body.

संभोग m. (-चः) Sharing equally. m. (-चः) A quarter. n. चरु repeated.

संभोग m. (-चः) Pain of half the head, hemiorania. n. (-चः) Dividing in equal parts. n. चरु, and संभोग cutting off.

संभोग n. (-चः) Half a meal. Also संभोग.

संभोग n. (-चः) 1. Exemption from censure. 2. Greeting kindly or with respect, placing on the same seat. n. चरु, and संभोग to remain, affix चरु.

संभोग m. (-चः) 1. Measuring a half. 2. Relating to a half. n. चरु and टिङ्ग aff.

संभोग m. (-चः) Entitled to or sharing a half. n. चरु and इति aff.

संभोग m. (-चः) 1. A half moon or crescent. 2. The impression of a finger nail. 3. The hand expanded in a semicircular form like a claw. 4. An arrow with a crescent-shaped head. n. चरु, and संभोग the moon.

संभोग m. (-चः) Half uttered, said imperfectly or indistinctly. n. चरु, and संभोग said.

संभोग f. (-चः) Speaking indistinctly or incompletely, broken or interrupted speech. n. चरु, and संभोग speech.

संभोग m. (-चः) 1. Half risen. 2. Half uttered. n. चरु, and संभोग risen.

संभोग n. (-चः) A short petticoat. n. चरु, and संभोग the high, चरु aff.

संभोग n. (-चः) 1. Delivering, entrusting. 2. Placing in or upon. n. चरु to go, in the causal form, चरु aff.

संभोग m. (-चः) To be delivered, deliverable. n. चरु to go, causal form, चरु aff.

संभोग m. (-चः) 1. Delivered, consigned. 2. Placed in or upon. n. चरु to go, in the causal form, चरु aff.

संभोग m. (-चः) 1. Extending or giving the hand. 2. Married. n. चरु, and संभोग the hand.

संभोग m. (-चः) The heart. n. चरु to go, in the causal form चरु, and संभोग Una'di aff.

संभोग m. (-चः) To be delivered, consignable. n. चरु to go, causal form, चरु aff.

संभोग r. 1st cl. (चरुति) 1. To go, to go to or towards. 2. To kill or hurt. See चरु.

संभोग m. (-चः) 1. Ophthalmia. 2. A hundred millions. m. (-चः) 1. The name of a mountain in the west of India, commonly Abu, a place of pilgrimage, especially to the Jains. 2. An indolent swelling. n. चरु to injure, चरु aff; the root and derivative are also written with the dental letter.

चरु m. (-चः) Destitute of splendour. m. (-चः) 1. A child, a pupil. 2. Dew. 3. Herbs. n. चरु to go, and चरु Una'di aff.

चरु m. (-चः) 1. A child, the young of any animal. 2. A fool, an idiot. 3. Small, minute. 4. Emaciated. 5. Like, similar. n. चरु to grow, चरु Una'di affix, and चरु substituted for चरु.

चरु m. (-चः) A disease of the eyes. n. चरु to go, and चरु Una'di affix, also read चरु.

चरु m. (-चः) A measure of one Drona.

चरु n. (-चः) A disease of the eyes. n. चरु to go, चरु aff.

चरु m. (-चः) Excellent m. (-चः) 1. A master. 2. A man of the third tribe, the Vaisya. f. (-चः) 1. A woman of the third tribe. 2. The wife of a Vaisya. n. चरु to go, चरु affix, and टाप् or टीप् for the fem.; टीप् is affixed, when the word is fem. with reference to the male.

चरु m. (-चः) 1. The sun. 2. A class of the Manes or deified progenitors. 3. The asclepias plant. n. चरु to go, चरु Una'di affix, and चरु inserted.

चरु f. (-चः) A multitude of woman of the Vaisya tribe.

चरु f. (-चः) A woman of the Vaisya tribe. n. चरु, टीप् affix, and चरु inserted. See चरु.

चरु r. 1st cl. (चरुति) To kill or hurt, also written चरु.

चरु n. (-चः) Ashes. n. चरु or चरु to injure, hence the word may be also written चरु.

चरु m. (-चः) Low, inferior, vile. m. (-चः) 1. A horse. 2. A name of INDRA. 3. A short span. f. (-चः) 1. A mare. 2. A bawd, a procuress. n. चरु to go, and चरु Una'di affix; it is sometimes derived from चरु to go, and is then written चरु.

चरु m. (-चः) Following, subsequent, ind. (-चः) 1. After, in time. 2. Behind, in place. 3. Near. n. चरु behind, चरु to go, चरु affix; the formation is irregular.

चरु m. (-चः) 1. Reverse, contrary. 2. Recent, modern. n. चरु, and चरु aff.

चरु n. (-चः) State of reverse. n. चरु added to the last; also with चरु, चरु.

चरु n. (-चः) Haemorrhoids, piles. Also चरु.

चरु n. (-चः) Haemorrhoids, piles. n. चरु to go, चरु Una'di affix, and चरु inserted.

चरु m. (-चः) Afflicted with haemorrhoids. n. चरु and चरु aff.

चरु m. (-चः) Fire. n. चरु to go, चरु affix, and चरु inserted.

चरु m. (-चः) Afflicted with haemorrhoids. n. चरु, and इति aff.

चरु m. (-चः) Destroying the haemorrhoids. m. (-चः) An esculent root, (Arum campanulatum.) f. (-चः) A plant, (Curculigo orchioidea.) n. चरु, and चरु what destroys, from चरु to kill.

चरु m. (-चः) The piles or haemorrhoids. n. चरु, and रीत disease.

चरु m. (-चः) Afflicted with haemorrhoids. n. चरु and चरु and चरु affected by.

चरु m. (-चः) Having haemorrhoids. n. चरु and इति aff.

चरु m. (-चः) The marking-nut plant, (Semecarpus anacardium.) n. चरु, and चरु proper.

चरु m. (-चः) Haemorrhoids. See चरु.

चरु r. 1st cl. (चरुति) 1. To worship or honour. 2. To be fit or worthy: in the first sense it is also r. 10th cl. (चरुति).

चरु m. (-चः) 1. Proper, fit, becoming. 2. Deserving, entitled to, worthy. m. (-चः) INDRA. f. (-चः) Worship. n. चरु to worship, to be fit, चरु aff.

चरु n. (-चः) Worship, adoration, respect, courtesy, treating with veneration or respect. n. चरु to worship, and चरु aff.

चरु m. (-चः) 1. Venerable, respectable. 2. Praised, celebrated. m. (-चः) 1. A Jina or Jaina saint and teacher. 2. A Jaina, or follower of the doctrines of Jaina. 3. A religious mendicant of that sect. n. चरु to worship, &c. and चरु affix, of the present participle.

अक्षय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य) Best, most worthy. 2. अक्षय respectable, उन्नत aff.  
 अक्षय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य) More worthy, better. 2. अक्षय and उन्नत aff.  
 अक्षय m. (-क्ष-य-य) 1. A Saugata or follower of the doctrine of Buddha. 2. A religious mendicant of the same sect. 3. A name of SIVA. 2. अक्षय to worship, &c. and अक्षय irregular aff.  
 अक्षय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य) Saluted, honoured, worshipped. 2. अक्षय to worship, &c. and अक्षय aff.  
 अक्षय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य) Veritable, respectable, right, fit. 2. अक्षय and अक्षय affix : also with अक्षय. अक्षय affix, अक्षयय.  
 अक्षय r. lat cl. also read अक्षय (अक्षययि) 1. To adorn. 2. To be competent or able. 3. To prevent.  
 अक्षय u. (-क्ष-य-य) 1. The sting in the tail of the scorpion. 2. Yellow orpiment. 2. अक्षय to adorn, &c. and अक्षय aff.  
 अक्षय mn. (-क्ष-य-य) A curl. m. (-क्ष-य-य) A mad dog. See अक्षय f. (-क्ष-य-य) 1. Alaka, the capital of KUVRA. 2. A young girl from eight to ten years of age. 2. अक्षय to adorn, &c. अक्षय affix, and fem. अक्षय.  
 अक्षयय f. (-क्ष-य-य) 1. A young girl from eight to ten years old. 2. A river, the Alakananda, a stream that runs from the Himalaya mountains, and falls into the Ganges near Srinagara. It is also a name of the terrestrial Ganges. 2. अक्षय, and अक्षय who delights, the final of the first dropped.  
 अक्षयय f. (-क्ष-य-य) The capital of KUVRA. 2. अक्षय, and अक्षय what shines.  
 अक्षयय m. (-क्ष-य-य) A plant, (Pentaptera tomentosa.)  
 अक्षययय f. (-क्ष-य-य-य) Rows of curls. 2. अक्षय, and अक्षय collection. So अक्षयययय.  
 अक्षययय m. (-क्ष-य-य-य) A name of KUVRA. 2. अक्षय the city, and अक्षय a ruler.  
 अक्षयययय m. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य) KUVRA. 2. अक्षय, and अक्षययय ruler.  
 अक्षययय m. (-क्ष-य-य-य) A ringlet, the end of a curl. 2. अक्षय, and अक्षय end.  
 अक्षय m. (-क्ष-य-य) Lac, the red animal dye so called. 2. अक्षय neg. रक्ष red, रक्ष being changed to अक्ष; than what nothing is redder.  
 अक्षय n. (-क्ष-य-य) Lac, the dye; see the preceding. 2. As before, अक्षय being added.  
 अक्षयय m. (-क्ष-य-य) Liquefied lac dye. 2. अक्षय, and अक्षय juice.  
 अक्षयय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य-य) 1. Unfortunate, ill fated, having no good marks on the person. 2. Undefined. n. (-क्ष-य-य) 1. The absence of auspicious marks. 2. Misfortune. 3. The want of any predicate or definition. 2. अक्षय priv. and अक्षयय a mark.  
 अक्षयय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य-य) 1. Unmarked, having no particular mark. 2. Unobserved, unseen. 3. Undefined. 2. अक्षय neg. and अक्षयय marked.  
 अक्षय f. (-क्ष-य-य) Misfortune, poverty. 2. अक्षय priv. and अक्षयय fortune.  
 अक्षय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य-य) Undistinguishable, undefinable. So अक्षयययय.  
 अक्षयय m. (-क्ष-य-य-य) 1. The black variety of the Cobra de Capello, (Coluber naga.) 2. A large black leech. 2. अक्षय neg. अक्षय to be with or near, and अक्षय affix अक्षय; again, अक्षय to go, and अक्षय affix; not trailing its whole length upon the ground : also अक्षययय.  
 अक्षय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य-य) Not joined or connected. 2. अक्षय neg. अक्षय attached to.  
 अक्षय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य) 1. Heavy, weighty. 2. Serious, solemn. 3. Violent, intense. 2. अक्षय neg. अक्षय light.  
 अक्षयययय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य) Solemnly pledged or promised. 2. अक्षय, and अक्षयययय agreement.  
 अक्षययय m. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य) A rock. 2. अक्षय, and अक्षयय a stone.  
 अक्षययय m. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य) Intense heat. 2. अक्षय, and अक्षयय heat.  
 अक्षययय n. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य) Ornament, decoration. 2. अक्षय ornament, and अक्षयय what makes.  
 अक्षययय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य) 1. Ornamented. 2. Fond of ornament. 2. अक्षय ornament, अक्षय from अक्षय, and अक्षयय aff.  
 अक्षययय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य) Ornamented, ornamenting. 2. अक्षय as before, and अक्षय who makes.

अक्षययय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य) Competent to an act, skilful, clever. 2. अक्षययय able, fit for, अक्षयय act, business, अक्षयय aff.  
 अक्षययय m. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य) 1. Ornament (of dress,) trinkets, jewels, &c. 2. 0 language,) A figure or theoretical expression. 3. The art of composition. 2. अक्षयय ornament, अक्षयय what makes.  
 अक्षयययय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य) Unadorned. 2. अक्षयय, and अक्षययय void of.  
 अक्षययय f. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य) Adorning, ornamenting. 2. अक्षयय, and अक्षययय act.  
 अक्षययय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य) Ornamented, adorned, lit. or fig. 2. अक्षयय as before, अक्षयय made.  
 अक्षययय n. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य) 1. Not transgressing. 2. Not passing over or beyond. 2. अक्षय neg. अक्षयय crossing.  
 अक्षयययय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य) Impassable, not to be crossed. 2. Venerable inviolable, not to be transgressed. 2. अक्षय neg. अक्षययय to be passed also अक्षययय.  
 अक्षययययय f. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य-य) 1. The state of not being passable. 2. Inviolability respectability. 2. अक्षय added to the last, also अक्षयययययय.  
 अक्षययय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य) 1. Inviolable. 2. Impassable. 2. अक्षय neg. अक्षयय to be crossed.  
 अक्षयययय f. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य) 1. Impassability, inaccessibility. 2. Superiority. 2. Authoritative or absolute rule. 2. अक्षययय not to be crossed or transgressed, अक्षयय affix, also अक्षयययय.  
 अक्षयय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य) Shameless. 2. अक्षय neg. अक्षयय shame. So अक्षयययय.  
 अक्षयय f. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य) Inflammation of the eye, at the edge of the cornea.  
 अक्षयय m. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य) An earthen water jar. 2. अक्षयय able, and अक्षयय to decay also अक्षयययय.  
 अक्षयय m. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य) A kind of song. 2. अक्षयय ornament, and अक्षयय Unadorned.  
 अक्षयययय ind. Quite enough, amply sufficient. 2. अक्षयय and अक्षययय aff.  
 अक्षयय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य) Unobtained. 2. अक्षय neg. and अक्षयय attained.  
 अक्षययय m. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य) A great smoke. 2. अक्षयय much, and अक्षयय smoke.  
 अक्षयय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य) Unattainable, unobtainable. 2. अक्षय neg. अक्षयय be got.  
 अक्षयय ind. Ornament. 2. Enough, abundance. 3. Able, adequate equal to. 4. Prohibition, no, not. 5. Unnecessary, no need of. It is chiefly used in composition, as अक्षयययययय : having enough for assistance; अक्षययययय refusing to give; अक्षययय enough; अक्षययय ornament, &c. 2. अक्षयय to adorn, &c. and अक्षयय aff.  
 अक्षययययय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य-य) Fit for a man, becoming a man. 2. अक्षयययय a man, and अक्षययय aff.  
 अक्षययय m. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य) 1. The palm of the hand with the fingers extended. 2. Vomiting, sickness. 3. The name of a Rakshasa or goblin. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य) 1. One of the Apsaras or nymphs of Swarga. 2. Madde (Rabia manjit'h.) 3. A sort of sensitive plant. 4. A barrier, line or any thing not to be crossed. 2. अक्षयय, and अक्षययय to injure affix अक्षयय.  
 अक्षयय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य) Houseless, homeless. 2. अक्षय neg. and अक्षयय place refuge.  
 अक्षयय m. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य) 1. White swallow wort, (Calotropis gigantea alba.) A mad dog or one rendered furious. 3. A fabulous animal, like hog with eight legs. 4. An Asura changed to such an animal. All अक्षययय 2. अक्षयय to adorn, &c. अक्षयय affix, and अक्षययय to inflame or heat.  
 अक्षयय ind. A word of no import, occurring in the dialect or idiom of Pishahs, a class of imps or goblins, when they are introduced in plays, &c.  
 अक्षययय n. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य) A basin for water at the root of a tree. 2. अक्षय neg. अक्षयय out, and अक्षयय affix; also अक्षयययय.  
 अक्षययययय n. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य-य) See the preceding. 2. As before, अक्षयय added.  
 अक्षयय mfn. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य) Lazy, idle, indolent. m. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य) 1. Swelling of feet in elephantiasis. 2. Chaps between the toes. 3. Name of tree. f. (-क्ष-य-य-य-य-य) A creeping plant, (Cissus pedata.) 2. अक्षय neg. अक्षयय work, affix अक्षयय.

अथ म. (-अ-अ-अ) Indolent m. (-अ-) Flatulency, Tympanitis, in-  
tumescent of the abdomen, with constipation and wind. न. च added to the last.

अथ f. (-अ-) Idleness. n. च added and च aff.

अथ n. (-अ-) Idleness. n. च added and च aff.

अथ f. (-अ-) A woman with languishing looks. n. च added idle, and  
अथ looking.

अथ n. (-अ-) A fire brand, weather burning or extinguished. n. च neg.  
च to take, and च aff.

अथ f. (-अ-) A long gourd. See the next word.

अथ f. (-अ-) The bottle gourd, (*Oucurbita lagenaris*.) n. च neg. च to  
sink, च Una'di affix, च is dropped, and the preceding vowel length-  
ened: what does not sink in water; floats, &c. are made of this  
gourd, especially when hollowed: also च च and च च.

अथ n. (-अ-) The down of the gourd. n. च च and च aff.

अथ m. (-अ-) 1. Non-acquirement, not getting. 2. Loss. n. च neg. च  
gain.

अथ m. (-अ-) A door. n. च able, and च to go, च affix; by which  
one may go.

अथ m. (-अ-) Inflammation and abscess at the root of the tongue. n.  
च neg. च saliva.

अथ m. (-अ-) 1. A large black bee. 2. A scorpion. 3. The sign Scorpio.  
4. A crow. 5. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. 6. Spirituous liquor. n.  
च to be able, &c. च Una'di aff.

अथ n. (-अ-) The forehead. 2. च to adorn, &c. and च affix; also  
च.

अथ n. (-अ-) A flight or a number of bees. n. च, and च a  
number.

अथ m. (-अ-) A snake, the black Cobra. n. च, and च to sound, affix  
च; hissing like the scorpion.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ-अ) An impostor, a pretended ascetic or student,  
one wearing the usual marks, as the frontal marks, skin, staff, &c.  
without belonging in reality to a religious order. n. च neg. च  
sectarial mark, च aff.

अथ f. (-अ-) The uvula or soft palate. Also च च.

अथ m. (-अ-) An earthen water jar. n. च strength, acc. of च  
and च to waste, च aff.

अथ m. (-अ-) 1. A large black bee. 2. A scorpion. n. च a sting, and  
च aff.

अथ m. (-अ-) A terrace before a house. n. च to adorn, &c. and च affix;  
also च.

अथ m. (-अ-) 1. A large black bee. 2. A scorpion. 3. A dog. Also  
read च and च.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) Ignorant of reading and writing. n. च neg. च  
writing, च who knows.

अथ n. (-अ-) The red lotus, (*Nymphaea rubra*.) f. (-अ-) The trumpet  
flower, (*Alphonsonia suave-olens*.) n. च a bee, and च beloved, the  
object of the bee's affections: the lotus especially is so described by  
the poets.

अथ f. (-अ-) Freedom from desire or cupidity. n. च neg. and च  
wish.

अथ m. (-अ-) 1. A frog. 2. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. 3. A large  
black bee. 4. The filaments of the lotus. 5. A tree, (*Bassia latifolia*.)  
n. च from च to adorn, च affix; also च.

अथ f. (-अ-) A flight of bees. n. च and च a nocklace.

अथ m. (-अ-) 1. A bee. 2. The Kokila. 3. A dog. 4. The filaments  
of the lotus. n. च neg. च to speak, च affix; also read च and च.

अथ m. (-अ-) The hum of bees. n. च, and च sound.

अथ n. (-अ-) The song or hum of the bee. n. च, and च sound.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) 1. False. 2. Unpleasing. 3. Small, little. n. (-अ-)  
1. Falsehood, untruth. 2. Any thing displeasing. 3. Heaven. 4.  
The forehead. n. च to adorn, &c. and च Una'di aff.

अथ f. (-अ-) Falsehood, vanity; also च. n. च or च added to  
the last.

अथ m. (-अ-) A cake of beans fried with Sesamum oil. n. च  
unreal, च fish.

अथ f. (-अ-) A small water pot. n. च to go, and च affix, च becomes च;  
also च.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) Moderate, content, not covetous. n. च neg. and  
च covetous.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) Uncut, unshorn. n. च neg. च out.

अथ ind. An unmeaning word in the dialect of the demons or Pisachas,  
when they are introduced in plays, &c. also च.

अथ ind. See the preceding word.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) Much, large. adv. n. (-अ-) Not at all. n. च neg. च  
small.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) Firm, steady. n. च not at all, च what  
shakes.

अथ n. (-अ-) Disappearance, invisibility, imperceptible. n. च neg. च  
seeing.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) Invisible. n. च neg. च visible.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) Unseen. n. च neg. च seen.

अथ m. (-अ-) Moderation, content, absence of cupidity. n. च neg. and  
च desire.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) Not wanting or desiring any thing, free  
from desire. n. च neg. and च desirous.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) Firm, steady, tranquil, unagitated. n. च neg.  
च moving.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) Indifferent to sensual objects. n. च neg. च to  
desire, affix च.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) Free from desire. n. च neg. च libidinous.

अथ n. (-अ-) Indifference to sensual objects. n. च and च affix; also  
च.

अथ n. (-अ-) The red lotus.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) 1. Supernatural, not relating to this world. 2.  
Not common, not current in the world. 3. Indifferent to the world,  
unworldly. n. च neg. च mundane.

अथ n. (-अ-) 1. A tree. 2. A member of the body.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) 1. Little, small. 2. Inferior, low. n. च to be able.  
&c. च affix or with च added च.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) Small, minute. n. च and च added.

अथ f. (-अ-) The root of sweet flag. n. च small, and च having  
filaments, &c.

अथ n. (-अ-) The red lotus. n. च and च smell.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) Ignorant, shallow, superficial. n. च, and च who  
knows.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) Small, short, thin, pigmy, having a little body.  
n. च, and च the body.

अथ f. (-अ-) 1. Smallness, minuteness. 2. Inferiority, insignificance. n.  
च and च affix, or with च, च.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) Defective in presents, (any ceremony, &c.)  
n. च, and च gift to Brahmana.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) Of little wealth, not affluent. n. च, and च wealth.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) Ignorant, foolish, of little sense. n. च, and च  
understanding.

अथ m. (-अ-) A species of the Tulasi. n. च, and च a leaf.

अथ n. (-अ-) The red lotus. n. च small, and च lotus.

अथ mfn. (-अ-अ-अ) Insignificant, of little weight or consequence.  
n. च, and च authority.

अवप्रमाण mfn. (-वः-प्र-म-ण) 1. Of little authority. 2. Of little weight or measure. ३. अव, and प्रमाण authority, &c.

अवप्रमाद mfn. (-वः-प्र-मा-द) 1. Credulous, resting on little evidence. 2. Of little weight or authority. 3. Of short measure. m. (-वः) Common cucumber, (*Cucumis sativus*.) ३. अव, and प्रमाण authority, &c. कन् added.

अवयव mfn. (-वः-व्य-व) Feeble, of little strength. ३. अव, and वय strength.

अवयव mfn. (-वः-व्य-व) Causing little annoyance or inconvenience. ३. अव, and व्या pain.

अवद्वि mfn. (-वः-द्वि-वि) Ignorant, silly, unwise. ३. अव, दुवि understanding.

अवसान n. (-वः) 1. A little, a little only. 2. A short time, a few moments. ३. अव, and माव only.

अवमारिष m. (-वः) A kind of amaranth, (*Amaranthus polygamus*.) ३. अव, मारि to hurt, and ष aff.

अवमूर्ति mfn. (-वः-मूर्ति-ति) Small, diminutive. f. (-वः) A small figure or object. ३. अव, and मूर्ति form.

अवमेष mfn. (-वः-व्य-मेष) Ignorant, silly, of little understanding. ३. अव, and मेष apprehension.

अवयव mfn. (-वः-व्य-व) Young, of few years. ३. अव, and वय life.

अववादिन् mfn. (-वः-वा-दि-न्) Taciturn : also अवभाविन्. ३. अव, and वादिन् or भाविन् who speaks.

अवविष mfn. (-वः-व्य-विष) Meaning or directing a little. ३. अव, and विष object.

अवविद्य mfn. (-वः-व्य-विद्य) Ill taught, uneducated, ignorant. ३. अव, and विद्या knowledge.

अववृत्ति mfn. (-वः-व्य-वृत्ति) Weak, feeble. ३. अव, and वृत्ति power.

अववृत्त ind. 1. A little. 2. To a few. ३. अव and वृत्ति aff.

अवसर n. (-वः) A basin, a small pond, one which is shallow or dry in the hot season. ३. अव, and सर a pool.

अवसाङ्गिन् mfn. (-वः-वि-साङ्गि-न्) Contented, satisfied with little. ३. अव, and साङ्गिन् who desires.

अवस्यु mfn. (-वः-व्य-स्युः) 1. Short lived. 2. Young of few years. m. (-वः) A goat. ३. अव, and स्यु life.

अवस्य mfn. (-वः-व्य-स्य) 1. Very little, minute. 2. Gradual, little at a time. ३. अव repeated.

अवहार mfn. (-वः-व्य-हार) Moderate, abstemious. m. (-वः) Moderation, abstinence. ३. अव, and हार food.

अवहारिन् mfn. (-वः-वि-हारि-न्) Abstemious, moderate. ३. अव, and हारिन् who feeds.

अवलि mfn. (-वः-व्य-लि) Least, smallest, very small. ३. अव, and लि the superlative.

अवलीकृत mfn. (-वः-व्य-लीकृत) Reduced, comminuted, made little or few. ३. अव and कृत with लि inserted.

अवलीभूत mfn. (-वः-व्य-लीभूत) Reduced, diminished, become little or few. ३. अव, and भूत become, लि inserted.

अवलीय mfn. (-वः-व्य-लीय) Very small. ३. अव and वीय aff. Also अवलि.

अवलीन mfn. (-वः-व्य-लीन) Defective, not quite finished, not wholly entire. ३. अव a little, लीन less.

अव f. (-वः) A mother, in dramatic language.

अव r. lat ol. (अवति) 1. To keep, protect or defend. 2. To please. (The following meanings, although found in lists of roots, are rarely used.) 3. To move. 4. To excite affection or be lovely. 5. To satisfy. 6. To know or apprehend. 7. To enter. 8. To be near. 9. To own, to have a right. 10. To obey. 11. To act. 12. To desire. 13. To shine or be splendid. 14. To obtain. 15. To embrace. 16. To kill or hurt. 17. To take. 18. To be. 19. To grow. In place of 9, 17, and 18, as above, some read; 9. To be able. 17. To burn, and 18. To divide or share.

अव ind. A preposition and prefix to words, corresponding to off, from, down from, out, away, &c. and implying; 1. Diminution. 2. Depreciation. 3. Diffusion. 4. Support, resting. 5. Commanding. 6. Purifying, correcting. 7. Knowledge. 8. Disrespect. 9. Nourishing. As अवगतु To go away; अवज्ञातु To disrespect; अवतरितु To come down, to descend; अवस्थातु To remain in or on; अवहृतु To take off or away; also अवतः a low man; अवत् reverse, behind; अववीक्षितः a coil with a bad voice, &c.

अवकट mfn. (-वः-कट-ट) 1. Opposite, contrary. 2. Backwards. 3. Downwards. n. (-ट) Opposition, contrariety, reverse. ३. अव down, and कट aff.

अवकम्पित m. (-वः) A Buddha. ३. अव, and कम्पित shaken.

अवकर m. (-वः) Dust or sweepings. ३. अव spreading, and कर what makes.

अवकर्तन n. (-वः) Excision, cutting off. ३. अव and कर्तन cutting.

अवकर्षण n. (-वः) 1. Taking or pulling out, extraction, expulsion. 2. Pulling, dragging. ३. अव, and कर्षण pulling.

अवकलित mfn. (-वः-कल-त) Seen. ३. अव and कलित part, past of कल to sound &c.

अवकाश m. (-वः) 1. Leisure, opportunity. 2. Interval, space. 3. An open or wide space. 4. A receptacle, a repository, a place in which any thing is kept. 5. A place, a spot, a situation. ३. अव between, &c. काश to shine, अव aff.

अवकीर्ण mfn. (-वः-की-र्ण-व) 1. Coarsely pounded. 2. Scattered. 3. Disregarded, violated. ३. अव implying separation, कृ to scatter in the irregular part past

अवकीर्णिन् mfn. (-वः-की-र्णि-न्) Violating a vow or engagement to be chaste, abstemious, &c. m. (-वः) The religious student who has committed an act of incontinency. ३. अव before, कृ to scatter, कृ the part, past, and इनि aff.

अवकीर्णित n. (-वः) Penance for an act of incontinency. ३. अवकीर्ण and तत religious obligation.

अवकुचन n. (-वः) Bending, curving, flexure, contraction. ३. अव and कुच curving.

अवकुटार mfn. (-वः-कुट-ार) 1. Opposite, contrary. 2. Backwards. 3. Downwards. n. (-र) Reverse, contrariety. ३. अव and कुटार aff.

अवकुहित mfn. (-वः-कुहि-त) 1. Vexed. 2. Inflamed. 3. Cut off. ३. अव, and कुहि to heat, &c. कृ aff.

अवकुचन n. (-वः) 1. Investing, surrounding. 2. Attracting. ३. अव before कुच to surround, कुच aff.

अवकुचित mfn. (-वः-कुच-ित) 1. Affected. 2. Surrounded, attracted. ३. अव before कुच to surround, कृ aff.

अवकट mfn. (-वः-कट-ट) 1. Expelled, turned out. 2. Removed, sent away drawn aside. 3. Extracted. 4. Pulled. 5. Inferior, low. 6. Degraded outcaste. m. (-ट) A servant who performs the lowest office, sweeper, a waterman, &c. ३. अव out of, and कट drawn.

अवकृत् ind. 1. Having drawn out or extracted. 2. Having drawn together or contracted. ३. अव, and कृत् to draw, कृत् aff.

अवकृति mfn. (-वः-कृ-ति) Barren. ३. अव privative, कृत् properly hail in this instance fruit, and इनि aff.

अवकृत्य mfn. (-वः-कृत-व्य) 1. Not to be said, improper. 2. Indescribable. ३. अव neg. कृत्य to be said.

अवकृत mfn. (-वः-कृत-व्य) 1. Straight. 2. Upright, honest. ३. अव neg. कृत crooked liter. and metaph.

अवकृत् n. (-वः) Weeping aloud. ३. अव, and कृत् crying.

अवकृत m. (-वः) Price. ३. अव, and कृत् to buy, कृत् aff.

अवकृति f. (-वः) 1. Descent, descending. 2. Approaching, going near to. ३. अव, and कृति passing.

अवकृति f. (-वः) Neglect, omission, non-performance of prescribed act. ३. अव priv. कृति act.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Sounded ill or badly. 2. Reviled, abused. n. अव, and अव sound.

अव m. (-वः) 1. A disagreeable noise. 2. A curse, an imprecation. 3. Abuse. n. अव and अव to sound, अव् aff.

अव m. (-वः) 1. Ichor, malignant or fetid discharge. 2. Trickling, descent of moisture. n. अव, and अव what wets.

अव n. (-वः) Trickling, falling as dew or moisture. n. अव, and अव wetting.

अव m. (-वः) A discord, a false note. n. अव, and अव a sound.

अव m. (-वः) Imperfect digestion or decoction. n. अव, and अव a decoction.

अव m. (-वः) Loss, waste, destruction. n. अव, and अव waste.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Said sarcastically, imputed, insinuated. 2. Ill thrown. 3. Thrown down. n. अव, and अव thrown.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Emaciated, wasted. n. अव, and अव wasted.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Sneezed upon. n. अव, and अव sneezed.

अव m. (-वः) 1. Sarcasm, irony. 2. Throwing wrong or improperly. 3. Throwing down. n. अव, and अव throwing.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Disregarded, despised. n. अव, अव to count or reckon in the past part.

अव m. (-वः) A boil or pimple upon the face. n. अव, अव to affect the cheek, अव् aff.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Known, understood. 2. Gone, gone off or away. 3. Assented, promised. n. अव implying knowledge, and अव part. past of अव to go.

अव f. (-वः) 1. Knowledge in general. 2. Departure, removal. n. अव, अव to go, and अव् aff.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Bathing or bathed early in the morning. n. अव, अव from अव to go, and अव् aff.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Unsaid, unuttered. n. अव reverse, अव् said.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Meant, intended to be known or understood. 2. To be quitted. So अववत्. n. अव, and अववत् to be gone.

अव m. (-वः) 1. Knowledge, certainty. 2. Removal, departure. n. अव, अव going.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Immersed, plunged, bathed. 2. Deep. n. अववत् and अव् aff.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Bathing, plunging, diving. n. अववत् and अव् aff.

अव m. (-वः) A small wooden bason for baling water out of a boat. n. अव for अव water, अव from अव to go, and अव् aff.

अव m. (-वः) 1. Bathing. 2. Bathing place, bath. n. अव before, अव to bathe: also अववत्.

अव n. (-वः) Bathing. n. अववत् and अव् aff.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Bathed, immersed. n. अववत्, and अव् affix, with अव् augment.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Reproached, abused, censured. 2. Wicked, vile. 3. Sung depreciatingly, satirised in song. 4. Sung badly. n. (-वः) 1. Reproach, blame. 2. Satire in song. 3. Bad singing. n. अव bad, &c. अव sounded, sung.

अव n. (-वः) 1. A veil. 2. Sweeping. 3. Hiding, veiling. n. अव् to enclose, with अव prefixed, and अव् aff.

अव f. (-वः) See the preceding. n. As before, with अव् and अव् aff.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Concealed, covered, veiled, screened. n. अववत्, अव् enclose, अव् aff.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Pounded, ground, pulverulent. n. अव prefixed, अव् to pound.

अव m. (-वः) Assaulting with weapons, assaulting with intent to kill. n. अव, अव or अव to assault, अव् aff.

अववत् m. (-वः) 1. Taking, acceptance. 2. Taking off or away, seizure. 3. Disrespect. 4. Drought. 5. Obstacle, impediment. 6. An elephant's forehead. 7. A herd of elephants. 8. Nature, original temperament. 9. A sort of knowledge, a false idea. 10. An imprecation or term of abuse. n. अव before, अव to take or seize, अव् affix: also अववत्.

अववत् n. (-वः) 1. Obstacle, impediment. 2. Disrespect. n. अव, अव to take, अव् aff.

अववत् m. (-वः) 1. An imprecation or term of abuse, as अववत्ते जात, may disappointment befall you. 2. Drought. 3. Disgrace, discomfiture: see अववत्. n. As before, अव् aff.

अववत् n. (-वः) An inflection, an inflective termination. n. अव before अव to take, अव् aff.

अववत् m. (-वः) A hole in the ground, a cave, a cavern. n. अव down, low, अव to move, अव् aff.

अववत् n. (-वः) Rubbing, scrubbing. n. अव, and अव् rubbing.

अववत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Rubbed, scrubbed. n. अव, and अव् rubbed.

अववत् m. (-वः) 1. Threshing corn, by bruising it with a wooden pestle in a mortar of the same material. 2. Sudden or violent death. 3. Striking, killing. 4. A violent or fatal blow. n. अव, and अव struck.

अववत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Striking, killing. n. अव before अव to strike, अव् aff.

अववत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Proclaimed, denounced. n. अव, and अव् cried.

अववत् m. (-वः) 1. A whirling round. 2. A whirlpool. n. अव before अव् to roll round, अव् aff.

अववत् n. (-वः) Rolling or whirling round. n. अव, and अव् rolling.

अववत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Whirled round. n. अव, and अव् whirled.

अववत् n. (-वः) Crying, proclaiming, denouncing. n. अव and अव् proclamation.

अववत् n. (-वः) Silence, not speaking. n. अव neg. अववत् word.

अववत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Not to be spoken, improper. n. अव neg. अववत् to be said.

अववत् f. (-वः) Impropropriety of speech. n. अववत् and अव् affix: also अववत्.

अववत् m. (-वः) Gathering, especially flowers, fruits, &c. n. अव, and अव collecting: also अववत्.

अववत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Silent, not speaking. n. अव neg. अव speech, अव who makes.

अववत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. To be cast down. 2. To be given. 3. To be put on or applied. n. अव, अव to go, causal form, अव् aff.

अववत् m. (-वः) The crest or ornamented top of a standard, hanging downwards. n. अव, अव् a crest; also अववत् and अववत्.

अववत् n. (-वः) 1. Pounding, grinding, reducing to powder. 2. Sprinkling absorbent powders on sores. n. अव, अव् to pound, अव् aff.

अववत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Coarsely pounded. n. अव, अव् to pound, in the part. past.

अववत् m. (-वः) 1. The ornamented head of a standard, when the ornaments, streamers, peacock's tails, &c. hang downward. 2. A chouri. n. अव inferior, and अव् crest, अव changed to अव.

अववत् n. (-वः) A chouri or brush formed of a cow's tail, peacock's feathers, &c. for fanning off flies. n. अव् affixed to the preceding.

अववत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Emaciated by abstinence. 2. Reaped. 3. Cut off. n. अव before, अव् to destroy, अव् aff.

अववत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Cut off. 2. Divided, separated, detached. 3. In logic, predicated. i. e. separated from every thing else by the properties especially predicated of any thing. 4. Bounded. n. अव, अव् cut out.

अववत् n. (-वः) A horse laugh. n. अव, अव to out or split, and the affix of the part. past: what splits, (one's sides).

अवचलितक n. (-क) A horse laugh. ३. See the preceding word, अव being added.

अवच्छेद m. (-द) 1. A predicate, the property of a thing by which it is distinguished from every other. 2. A part, a portion. 3. A boundary, a barrier. 4. Amputation, excision. ३. अव off, छेद cutting.

अवच्छेदक mfn. (-क-का-क) 1. Peculiar, distinguishing, that which separates. 2. Bounding, separating one thing from another. m. (-क) 1. A predicate, a property. 2. A barrier, a boundary. ३. अव added to the last.

अवच्छेदन n. (-न) 1. Cutting off. 2. Separating, dividing. 3. Discriminating, distinguishing. ३. अव, and छेदन cutting.

अवच्छेदकच्छेद m. (-द) Generalising, removing distinctions. ३. अवच्छेद a distinction, and cutting off.

अवजनिम mfn. (-न-ता-न) Born. ३. अव, and जनिम born.

अवजय m. (-य) Overcoming, victory. ३. अव, and जय conquer.

अवजित mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Conquered. 2. Contemned, disregarded. ३. अव, and जित conquered.

अवज्ञा f. (-ज्ञा) Disrespect. ३. अव, ज्ञा to know, अव् affix, and टाप् for the fem. also अवज्ञता.

अवज्ञात mfn. (-त-ता-त) Disrespected. ३. अव, ज्ञात part. past of ज्ञा to know.

अवज्ञान n. (-न) Disrespect. ३. अव before ज्ञान knowledge.

अवज्ञेय mfn. (-य-या-य) Contemptible, disreputable, to be treated with disrespect : so अवज्ञातय. ३. अव, and ज्ञा to know, यत् aff.

अवज्ञीयत mfn. (-त-ता-त) Degraded, humiliated. ३. अवज्ञा, and उवचत wounded.

अवट m. (-ट) 1. A hole, a vacuity. 2. A hole in the ground, a chasm, a pit. 3. Any depressed part of the body, a cavity, a fosse, a sinus. 4. A well. 5. A juggler. ३. अव to preserve, अवट् aff.

अवट्ट m. (-ट्ट) A mart; also अवट्ट.

अवटि m. (-टि) 1. A hole in the ground. 2. (In anatomy) A sinus, a hollow, a cavity. ३. As before, अवटि aff.

अवटीट mfn. (-ट-टा-ट) Flat-nosed. ३. अव implying lowness, flatness, and टीट् aff.

अवटु f. (-टु) 1. The back of the neck. 2. A hole in the ground. 3. A well. 4. The name of a tree. ३. अव down, and टौक to go, irregular affix टु; or अव neg. वट to surround, and ट aff.

अवटुक m. (-क) A hind curl, the hair on the back of the head. ३. अवटु and क born.

अवडीन n. (-न) The flight of a bird, or a particular act of such flight; flying down. ३. अव down, &c. and डीन flying : see प्रडीन, उडडीन, &c.

अवतंस mn. (-स-स) 1. An ear-ring. 2. A crest. ३. अव, तंस a Santra root to adorn, अव् aff.

अवतंसित mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Having an ear-ring. 2. Crested. ३. अवतंस and तंस aff.

अवतति f. (-ति) Stretching, extending. ३. अव, and तव to spread, तिच् aff.

अवतमल n. (-ल) Slight darkness, obscurity. ३. अव implying deficiency, and तमल darkness, अव् aff.

अवतरण n. (-न) 1. Descending, alighting. 2. Crossing. 3. Translating. 4. Quoting, citing. ३. अव down, वृ to cross, वृट् aff.

अवतान m. (-न) Stretching, extension. ३. अव before तन to stretch, अतिच्.

अवतार n. (-र) 1. Descent, especially of a deity from heaven; the appearance of any deity upon earth, but more particularly the incarnations of VISHNU in ten principal forms which are well known, viz. 1. The fish. 2. The tortoise. 3. The boar. 4. The man-lion. 5. The dwarf. 6. and 7. The two RĀMAS. 8. KṚISHNA. 9. BUDDHA. and 10. KĀLKI. A pious or distinguished person, in the language of respect or flattery, is also called an Avatāra, a descent or incarnation of the deity. 2. A Tirtha or sacred place. 3. Translation, translating. 4. Descent. 5. Crossing. ३. अव, before, वृ to cross, affix वच्.

अवतारण n. (-ण) 1. Possession by an evil spirit. 2. The ends or border of a garment. 3. Worship, adoration. 4. Taking out. ३. अव, वृ, पण, in the causal form, and वृट् aff.

अवतारित mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Taken off or out, laid down or aside. 2. Descended. ३. अव and वृ causal form, त aff.

अवतीर्ण mfn. (-र्ण-र्ण-र्ण) 1. Descended, alighted. 2. Crossed, passed over. 3. Translated. ३. अव and वृ with त aff.

अवतीका f. (-का) A cow miscarrying from accident. ३. अव, implying care, and तीक offspring.

अवदंश m. (-श) A relish, or what excites thirst. ३. अव, दंश to bite, to be pungent, अव् aff.

अवदत्त mfn. (-त-ता-त) Given away. 2. Finished, accomplished. ३. अव before दत् to give, त aff.

अवदात mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. White. 2. Yellow. 3. Clean, clear. 4. Beautiful m. (-त) White, (the colour.) ३. अव, दै to cleanse, त affix of the part. past.

अवदातक mfn. (-क-का-क) As above. m. (-क) White. ३. अव added to the last.

अवदान n. (-न) 1. Approved occupation. 2. An act accomplished. 3. Achievement, a great or glorious act. 4. Breaking, dividing. 5. The root of a fragrant grass; see अवदाह. An oblation ३. अव, दै to cleanse, to purify, or दत् to give, and वृट् aff.

अवदारण n. (-ण) 1. A spade or hoe. 2. Tearing, dividing. ३. अव down, वृ to tear or rend, वृट् aff.

अवदारित mfn. (-त-ता-त) Torn, rent. ३. अव before वृ to tear, त aff.

अवदाह n. (-ह) The root of a fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.) ३. अव reverse, and दाह heat, burning, heat-preventing, from its being used in Tatīs or screens, placed before doors, &c. kept constantly wet : the air passing through these, blows into a room cool and refreshing.

अवदाहेष्ट n. (-ष्ट) See the preceding.

अवदाहेष्टकापय n. (-य) See अवदाह. See also इष्टकापय.

अवदीर्घ mfn. (-र्घ-र्घ-र्घ) 1. Melted, fused, liquefied. 2. Torn, rent, sundered. ३. अव, वृ to separate, irregular part. past.

अवदून mfn. (-न-ना-न) Regretted. ३. अव, वृ to be sorry, अतिच्.

अवदीर्घ m. (-घ) Milk. ३. अव, वृ to milk, वच् aff.

अवध mfn. (-ध-धा-ध) 1. Low, inferior. 2. Disagreeable, disliked. ३. (-ध) Sin, vice. ३. अव neg. वध to speak, and यत् affix of the part. future : not to be spoken.

अवधन m. (-न) A market or fair.

अवधानाय mfn. (-य-या-य) To be attended to, deserving attention and care. So अवधानीय and अवधेय. ३. अव before धा to have, तच्, धनीयर् or यत् aff.

अवधान n. (-न) 1. Attention, attentiveness, intentness. 2. Care, carefulness. ३. अव, धा to have or hold, वृट् aff.

अवधानता f. (-ता) Attentiveness. ३. अवधान attention, तच् added, also with त, अवधानत n. (-त).

अवधारण n. (-ण) 1. Determining, certainty, ascertainment. 2. Emphasis ३. अव before वृ to hold वृट् aff.

अवधारणीय mfn. (-य-या-य) To be ascertained. ३. अव before वृ to hold causal form, धनीयर् aff.

अवधारित mfn. (-त-ता-त) Certain, known, ascertained. ३. अव before वृ to hold, causal form, त aff.

अवधारित mfn. (-त-ता-त) To be ascertained, known. ३. अव before वृ to hold causal form, यत् aff.

अवधारण n. (-ण) 1. Running after, pursuing. 2. Taking, seeking. 3. Cleaning. ३. अव, वृ to run, अतिच् वृट्.

अवधारणीय mfn. (-य-या-य) 1. To be run after. 2. To be seized. ३. अव after, वृ to run, धनीयर् aff.

अवधारित mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Chased, pursued. 2. Cleaned. ३. अवधारण to run, अतिच् त.

वि. (वि.) 1. Limit, division. 2. Period, time. 3. A hole, a pit. 4. Agreement, engagement. 5. Conclusion, termination. 6. Attention, application. 7. Care. 8. चर, च to have, वि aff.

वि. (वि.) Limit, limitation. 8. चरवि with लृ aff; also with ल, चरवि.

चर r. 10th cl. (चरवीरवि) To disregard, to disrespect.

चरवि n. (-वि) Treating with disrespect. 8. चरवीर and चर aff.

चरित mfn. (-त-सा-त) Disrespected, disregarded. 8. चरवीर and च aff.

चूत mfn. (-त-सा-त) 1. Compelled. 2. Discarded. 3. Shaken, removed, tossed. 4. Trodden upon. 5. Separated from worldly feeling and obligation. 8. च, and चूत shaken.

चूत n. (-त) 1. Shaking, causing to shake. 2. Expelling. 3. Being in agitation, trembling. 4. Trembling on, treading on. 8. च before चूत shaking.

चूत m. (-त) 1. Censure, blame. 2. Abandoning, quitting. 3. Pounding, grinding. 8. च before चूत to go, चूत aff.

चूत mfn. (-त-सा-त) 1. Pounded coarsely. 2. Abandoned. 3. Censured. 8. च before चूत to go, part. aff. च.

च n. (-च) 1. Satisfaction, (given or received.) 2. Preserving, protecting. 3. Kindness. 4. Speed. 5. Going. 6. Obtaining. 7. Asking. 8. Seizing. 9. Killing. 10. Strength, power. 11. Increase. 12. Existence, being. 13. Doing. 14. Desire. 15. Beautifying, adorning. 16. Embracing. 17. Bearing. 18. Entrance. 8. च to go, to preserve, &c. चूत aff.

चत mfn. (-त-सा-त) Bending, stooping, bowed. 8. च down, चत to bow, च aff.

चति f. (-ति) 1. Bowing, stooping. 2. Setting. 8. च, and चति bowing.

चत mfn. (-त-सा-त) Bound on, tied, fastened. n. (-त) A drum: see चानच. 8. च, and चत bound.

चत m. (-त) Causing to descend, throwing down. 8. च down, च for चत causing to get: see चतनाच.

चत mfn. (-त-सा-त) Flat-nosed. 8. च flatness, चत aff, in this sense.

चत m. (-त) Causing to bend, bending, bowing. 8. च before चत to bow, च aff.

चत mfn. (-त-सा-त) What depresses or causes to bow or bend. 8. च and चत in the causal form, च aff.

चति mfn. (-ती-ति-ति) Bending or bowing down. 8. च, and चति what bends.

चत m. (-त) Causing to descend, throwing down, precipitating. 8. च down, चत to obtain, in the causal form, च aff.

चत mfn. (-त-सा-त) Causing to descend. 8. च before चत to obtain, causal form, च aff.

चत m. (-त) Binding, grinding, putting on. 8. च before चत to bind, च aff.

चि f. (-चि) The earth. 8. च to preserve, चि Una'di aff; it is also written चरवी.

चिचि m. (-चि) 1. A king. 2. Vishnu. 3. Yudhisthira. 8. चचि, and चि lord.

चिचि m. (-चि) A king. 8. चचि and चि who protects.

चिचि m. (-चि) A tree. 8. चचि, and चि what mounts.

चिचि m. (-चि) Spitting upon. 8. च, and चिचि spitting.

चि f. (-चि) The earth: see चि.

चिचि m. (-चि) A king, or sovereign. 8. चचि the earth, and चि a master.

चिचि m. (-चि) A king, and the lord.

चिचि m. (-चि) A king, an emperor. 8. चचि, and चि lord.

चिचि m. (-चि) A king. 8. च, and चिचि ablation.

चरवि m. (-वि) 1. The name of a city, the modern Oujein. 2. The name of a river. 8. च to preserve, Una'di aff. चिचि; the derivative is irregular. Avanti, is one of the seven sacred cities of the Hindus, to die at which secures eternal happiness: the word is also written. चरवी and चरविचि.

चरविचि n. (-चि) Sour gruel, prepared from the fermentation of rice-water. 8. चरवि the city, च to produce, च aff.

चरवी f. (-वी) A city: see चरवि.

चरवत n. (-व) Alighting, descending. 8. च down, चत falling.

चरवत mfn. (-व-सा-त) 1. Alighted, descended. 2. Fallen on or into. 3. Thrown down. 8. च, and चर gone.

चरवत m. (-व) 1. A hole or pit for catching game in. 2. Descent, descending. 8. च below, चत to go or fall, च aff.

चरवत n. (-व) Felling, knocking or cutting down. 8. च down, चत causing to fall.

चरवतित mfn. (-त-सा-त) Neglected, not protected. 8. च before चरवत protected.

चरवीच m. (-च) A sternutatory, any drug producing sneezing. 8. च, चि to pain, aff. च.

चरवचि f. (-चि) Segment of the base of a triangle. 8. च, and च what kills.

चरवीच m. (-च) 1. Judgment, discrimination, knowledge. 2. Waking, being awake. 3. Teaching. 8. च, and चि knowledge.

चरवीच m. (-च) 1. A teacher. 2. An awakener. 8. च before चर to be wise, causal form, च aff.

चरवीचन n. (-च) Instruction, guidance, explanation. 8. चरवीच who teaches, and च aff.

चरवाच m. (-च) 1. Light. 2. Manifestation. 8. च, and चर light.

चरवासित mfn. (-त-सा-त) 1. Illumined, lighted, radiant. 2. Evident, manifest. 8. च, and चर splendid.

चरवासित mfn. (-ती-ति-ति) Shining, bright. f. (-ती) The outer skin or cuticle. 8. च, and चर shines.

चरवित mfn. (-व-सा-त) Broken, pierced, divided. 8. च aff, चि out or broken.

चरवित mfn. (-व-सा-त) Contracted, bent. 8. च, and चर bent.

चरवच m. (-च) 1. A supplementary sacrifice made to atone for any defects in a principal and preceding one. 2. Bathing after a sacrifice. 8. च, च to screen, चर Una'di aff.

चरवचन n. (-च) Bathing after any sacrifice or ceremony. 8. चरवच as before, and चर bathing.

चरवच mfn. (-व-सा-त) Flat-nosed. 8. च and चर aff.

चरव mfn. (-व-सा-त) Low, vile, inferior, base. n. (-व) A lunar day, exactly coinciding with a solar one. 8. च to preserve, &c. च Una'di aff.

चरव mfn. (-व-सा-त) Despised, disregarded, contemned. 8. च implying contempt, and चत known, minded.

चरवचन m. (-च) A restive elephant, or one in rut. 8. चरवच disregarded, and चरवच the goad.

चरवति m. (-ति) Master, an owner. f. (-ति) 1. Aversion, dislike. 2. Disregard, contempt. 8. च, चत to heed, and चि aff.

चरवचन mfn. (-व-सा-त) To be contemned, to be treated with disrespect. 8. च before चत and चत aff. So चरवच.

चरवच mfn. (-व-सा-त) Proud, contemptuous, disrespectful. 8. च before चत, with च aff.

चरवच m. (-च) 1. Devastation, inflicting pain or punishment on an enemy, by laying his country waste, &c. 2. Giving pain. 8. च, च to tread down, च aff.

चरवच m. (-च) 1. Intolerance, impatience. 2. Effacing, obliterating. 3. Banishing from recollection. 8. च away, &c. च to endure, च aff.

चरवच m. (-च) Disrespect, contempt. 8. च before चत respect.

चरवचन f. (-च) 1. Dishonourableness. 2. Contempt. 8. च added to the last; also with च, चरवचन.







**अवस्यन्ता f. (-तः-ता-न्)** 1. Melancholy, dispirited, unhappy. 2. Ended, terminated. 3. Languid, enervated. 4. Separated. 5. Bowed, bent. 6. Non-suited. **अव** before **ह्य** to faint, **ह्य** aff.  
**अवस्यता f. (-ता)** Low spirits, affliction. 3. Termination, completion. **अ** **ह्य** added to **अवस्य**; also with **त** affix **अवस्यत**  
**अवसर m. (-रः)** 1. Occasion, opportunity. 2. Rain, raining. 3. Consultation in private. 4. A year. 5. A moment. **अ** **ह्य** **ह** to go, **ह्य** aff.  
**अवस्ये m. (-स्ये)** Following one's own inclinations. **अ** **ह्य**, **ह्य** to create, **ह्य** affix; **ह्य** becomes **ह**.  
**अवस्ये m. (-स्ये)** A spy, a secret emissary: see **अवस्ये**. **अ** **ह्य**, **ह्य** to go, **ह्य** aff.  
**अवस्येयी f. (-यी)** A Jaina division of time; ten Crores of crores of Sa'garas or oceans of years. **अ** **ह्य**, **ह्य** to go, **ह्य** and **ह्य** aff.  
**अवस्यन्ता mfn. (-न्ता-न्ता-न्)** Right, (not left.) **अ** **ह्य** reverse, **ह्य** left; also **अवस्यन्ता**.  
**अवसाह m. (-हः)** 1. Lassitude, want of energy or spirit, especially as proceeding from doubtful or unsuccessful love. 2. Exhaustion, fatigue. 3. In law, badness of a cause. 4. End, termination. **अ** **ह्य**, **ह्य** to go, to sink, **ह्य** aff.  
**अवसाहक mfn. (-कः-का-क)** 1. Exhausting, wearisome. 2. Ending, finishing. **अ** **ह्य** before **ह्य** to go, &c. causal form, **ह्य** aff.  
**अवसाहक m. (-कः)** 1. Finishing. 2. An escharotic. 3. Removing proud flesh by escharotic applications. **अ** **ह्य** before **ह्य** to go, **ह्य** aff.  
**अवसाहिन mfn. (-नः-ना-न)** Languid, exhausted, faint. **अ** **ह्य**, **ह्य** to go, **ह्य** aff.  
**अवसान n. (-नः)** 1. Conclusion, termination, cessation. 2. Death. 3. Boundary, limit. 4. (In grammar,) Disjunction of letters. **अ** **ह्य**, **ह्य** to finish, **ह्य** affix; **ह्य** is changed to **ह**.  
**अवसाह m. (-हः)** 1. End, conclusion. 2. Termination, completion. 3. Certainty, ascertainment. **अ** **ह्य**, **ह्य** to finish, affix **ह**, and **ह्य** inserted.  
**अवसारच n. (-चः)** Removing, causing to move. **अ** **ह्य** before **ह्य** to go, causal form, **ह्य** aff.  
**अवसित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** 1. Ended, terminated. 2. Finished, completed. 3. Known, understood. 4. Stored, (as grain, &c.) **अ** **ह्य**, **ह्य** to finish, and **ह्य** part. aff.  
**अवसीक m. (-कः)** Sprinkling. **अ** **ह्य**, **ह्य** to sprinkle, **ह्य** aff.  
**अवसीकित m. (-कितः)** A kind of cake, pulse ground and fried with oil or butter. **अ** **ह्य**, **ह्य** to sprinkle, **ह्य** affix; what is sprinkled with oil, &c.  
**अवसीकित m. (-कितः)** 1. Sprinkling. 2. Bleeding. **अ** **ह्य** before **ह्य** to sprinkle, affix **ह्य**.  
**अवसीकित mfn. (-कितः-कितः)** To be destroyed, destructible. **अ** **ह्य** before **ह्य** to destroy, affix **ह्य**.  
**अवसाह m. (-हः)** 1. A camp. 2. Assault, attack, storm. 3. Bathing. 4. Going down, descending. **अ** **ह्य** against, &c. **ह्य** to go, **ह्य** aff.  
**अवसाहिन n. (-नः)** 1. Attacking, assaulting, storm. 2. Bathing. 3. Descending. **अ** **ह्य** before **ह्य** going.  
**अवसाहिन mfn. (-नः-ता-त)** 1. Attacked. 2. Bathed, bathing. 3. Gone down. **अ** **ह्य**, **ह्य** to go, **ह्य** aff.  
**अवसार m. (-रः)** 1. A privy, a part to be concealed. 2. Ordure, faeces. 3. Dirt. 4. Sweepings. **अ** **ह्य** down, away, &c. **ह्य** to throw, **ह्य** affix. **ह्य** prefixed to **ह**.  
**अवसारक m. (-कः)** 1. A sweeper. 2. A brush, broom, &c. **अ** **ह्य** **ह्य** and **ह्य** aff.  
**अवसाह ind. 1. Posterior, latter. 2. Finally. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105. 106. 107. 108. 109. 110. 111. 112. 113. 114. 115. 116. 117. 118. 119. 120. 121. 122. 123. 124. 125. 126. 127. 128. 129. 130. 131. 132. 133. 134. 135. 136. 137. 138. 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150. 151. 152. 153. 154. 155. 156. 157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174. 175. 176. 177. 178. 179. 180. 181. 182. 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 196. 197. 198. 199. 200. 201. 202. 203. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 209. 210. 211. 212. 213. 214. 215. 216. 217. 218. 219. 220. 221. 222. 223. 224. 225. 226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237. 238. 239. 240. 241. 242. 243. 244. 245. 246. 247. 248. 249. 250. 251. 252. 253. 254. 255. 256. 257. 258. 259. 260. 261. 262. 263. 264. 265. 266. 267. 268. 269. 270. 271. 272. 273. 274. 275. 276. 277. 278. 279. 280. 281. 282. 283. 284. 285. 286. 287. 288. 289. 290. 291. 292. 293. 294. 295. 296. 297. 298. 299. 300. 301. 302. 303. 304. 305. 306. 307. 308. 309. 310. 311. 312. 313. 314. 315. 316. 317. 318. 319. 320. 321. 322. 323. 324. 325. 326. 327. 328. 329. 330. 331. 332. 333. 334. 335. 336. 337. 338. 339. 340. 341. 342. 343. 344. 345. 346. 347. 348. 349. 350. 351. 352. 353. 354. 355. 356. 357. 358. 359. 360. 361. 362. 363. 364. 365. 366. 367. 368. 369. 370. 371. 372. 373. 374. 375. 376. 377. 378. 379. 380. 381. 382. 383. 384. 385. 386. 387. 388. 389. 390. 391. 392. 393. 394. 395. 396. 397. 398. 399. 400. 401. 402. 403. 404. 405. 406. 407. 408. 409. 410. 411. 412. 413. 414. 415. 416. 417. 418. 419. 420. 421. 422. 423. 424. 425. 426. 427. 428. 429. 430. 431. 432. 433. 434. 435. 436. 437. 438. 439. 440. 441**

चवदुक्क f. (-तः) Insubstantiality, unreality. ३. तच् added to the last ; also with ल, चवदुक्क.  
 चवस्था f. (-स्था) State, condition, situation, circumstance of age or position. ३. चव, स्था to stand or stay, चच् and टाप् aff.  
 चवस्थावृत्तय n. (-यः) The periods of human life, viz. childhood, youth, manhood, and old age. ३. चवस्था, and चवृत्तय fourfold.  
 चवस्थावृत्तय n. (-यः) Two states of life, viz. happiness or misery. ३. चवस्था, and चवृत्तय two.  
 चवस्थान n. (-नः) Situation, station, abode, place or period of abiding or staying. ३. चव before स्था to stay, affix च्च्ट्.  
 चवस्थापन n. (-नः) Fixing, settling. ३. चव before स्था to stay, causal form, च्च्ट् aff.  
 चवस्थापित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Fixed. ३. See the last, त् aff.  
 चवस्थापित् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Staying, residing in. ३. चव before स्था to stay, चिन् aff.  
 चवस्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Occupying place or period, abiding, residing remaining firm or fixed, &c. 2. Firm of purpose, steady. 3. Engaged in, prosecuting, following. ३. चव before स्था to stay, affix त्.  
 चवस्थिति f. (-तिः) 1. Abiding. 2. A residence. 3. Following, practising. ३. चव, and स्थिति staying.  
 चवहत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Bruised, beaten. 2. Threshed, winnowed. ३. चव, and हत struck.  
 चवहरण n. (-णः) 1. Redeeming, taking back. 2. Fining, muleting. 3. Taking away, stealing, plundering. ३. चव, and हरण taking.  
 चवहस्त m. (-स्तः) The back of the hand. ३. चव reverse, &c. and हस्त the hand.  
 चवहार m. (-रः) 1. A shark. 2. A water-elephant. 3. A thief. 4. Truce, suspension or cessation of gambling, fighting, &c. 5. Summoning, inviting. 6. Any approximatable object, fit or able to be brought near. 7. Apostacy, abandoning a sect or cast. 8. Re-delivery. ३. चव, ह to take or convey, चच् or च aff.  
 चवहारक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) One who stops fighting, &c. m. (-कः) A shark, a marine monster. ३. चवहार, कच् aff.  
 चवहार्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Recoverable, redeemable. 2. Finable, punishable. ३. चव, and हर्य to be taken.  
 चवहारिण f. (-णिः) A wall, a bound hedge.  
 चवहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Known, celebrated. 2. Done with care. 3. Careful. 4. Attentive. ३. चव, हा to have or hold, part. affix त् ; च becomes ह and हट् is inserted.  
 चवहित् m. (-त्-त्वा) Dissimulation. ३. च neg. वदित् outer, स्था to stand ; an irregular form: what does not shew outwardly.  
 चवहत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Taken off, back, or away, seized, stolen. 2. Fined. ३. चव off, हत taken.  
 चवहेतु nf. (-तः-ता) Disrespect. ३. चव, हेतु to despise, चच् affix ; ह becomes च.  
 चवहेतु n. (-नः) Disrespect. ३. As चवहेतु, affix च्च्ट्.  
 चवहेतित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Disrespected. n. (-तः) Disrespect. ३. चवहेतु and च्च्ट् aff.  
 चवहृत्पुष्पी f. (-पी) A plant, (Pimpinella Anisum.) ३. चवहृत् downwards, and पुष्पी having flowers.  
 चवहृत्पुष्प mfn. (-पुष्पः-पुष्पा-पुष्पं) Having the head downwards. ३. चवहृत् down, and पुष्प the head.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वी-वं) Who protects or defends, a guarding, a keeper. ३. चव under, and वृत्ति the eye, च final.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Stopping, bending, bowed. ३. चव reverse, and चव front.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Downlooked, headlong. चवहृत्, and हृत् the face.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Dumb. ३. च priv. वच् speech.

चवहृत् or चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Downlooked, headlong. 2. South, ind. (-वः) 1. South, southern. 2. Downwards. f. (-वा-वी) 1. The south quarter. 2. The lower regions. ३. चव down, downwards, चच् and हृत् affix ; the south being considered as below.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. South, southern. 2. Downlooked, headlong. 3. Descended, gone down. ३. चवहृत्, and च्च्ट् aff.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Vile, bad. 2. Improper to be uttered. 3. Southern, southerly. ३. च neg. and वच् to be spoken, or चवहृत्, and च्च्ट् added.  
 चवहृत् f. (-तः) 1. Reproach, calumny. 2. Improperity. ३. तच् added to the preceding ; also with ल, चवहृत्.  
 चवहृत् m. (-तः) The vulva. ३. चवहृत् not to be named, हृत् a place.  
 चवहृत् n. (-नः) Disrespect. ३. चवहृत्, हृत् knowledge.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) One who does not speak, who does not dispute, who does not bring an action, peaceable. ३. च neg. वदित् who speaks, &c.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Dried, dry, (fruit.) ३. च neg. and वच् dry : than which nothing is drier.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Included, involved. ३. चव, and चवहृत् inner.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Unsown, (as grain,) planted. ३. च neg. and वचित sown.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Received, got, obtained. ३. चव before वाप to obtain, त् aff.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Receiving, obtaining, taking. 2. Entertaining, (as a belief.) ३. चवहृत् to get, हृत् aff.  
 चवहृत् f. (-तिः) Obtaining, getting, receiving. ३. चव, and वाप to attain, चिन् aff.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Unattainable, unobtainable. ind. Having obtained. ३. च neg. वाच procurable, or चव before वाप to obtain, च्च्ट् aff.  
 चवहृत् n. (-रः) The near bank of a river. ३. चव down, च to go, चच् aff.  
 चवहृत् m. (-रः) The ocean. ३. चवहृत् the near and वर the opposite bank ; embanked.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Crossing a river. ३. चवहृत् both banks, and च्च्ट् aff.  
 चवहृत् f. (-तः) Coriander seed ; also चवहृत्.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Unimpeded, unobstructed. 2. Innumerable. ३. च neg. and वरित hindered.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Not to be impeded. ३. च neg. and वरितम् to be hindered ; also चवहृत् and चवहृत्.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Crossing a river. ३. चवहृत् and च्च्ट् aff.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Unrestrainable, irresistible. ३. च neg. वाच to be hindered.  
 चवहृत् m. (-तः) The son of a woman by any other man than her first husband.  
 चवहृत् m. (-तः) A thief. ३. चोच to take away, वदित् aff.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Naked. ३. च priv. वच् clothes.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Unsubstantial, unreal. 2. Unfounded, irrational, (as an argument.) ३. च neg. and वाच substance.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Insubstantial, unreal. 2. Unfounded, (as an argument.) ३. च neg. वाच substance.  
 चवहृत् m. (-विः) 1. The sun. 2. A mountain. 3. A sheep. 4. A master. 5. A blanket. 6. A rat. 7. A wall or enclosure. 8. Air, wind. 9. The shawl goat. f. (-विः) A woman in her courses ; also चवहृत्. ३. चव to go, to preserve, &c. च्च्ट् aff.  
 चवहृत् m. (-विः) A diamond. ३. चव the sun, &c. च्च्ट् aff.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Closed, shut. ३. च neg. वचित open.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Unblown. ३. च neg. वचित blown.  
 चवहृत् m. (-वः) A flock of sheep. ३. वचित sheep, च्च्ट् aff.  
 चवहृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Not boasting, not talking vainly. ३. च neg. and वचित boasting.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) One who does not boast. १. (-श्रु) Not boasting. २. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत talking idly.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) १. Native, perfect, unimpaired. २. Regular, orderly, consistent. ३. अ. च. neg. and विश्रुत defective.

अविश्रुत m. (-श्रु-) Positive act or precept, absence of doubt or alternative. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत alternative.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Immutable, permanent. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत change.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Immutable, unchangeable. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत liable to change of form.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Unchanged, permanent. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत changed.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Powerless, feeble. m. (-श्रु-) Cowardice. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत progress.

अविश्रुत m. (-श्रु-) Want of sale. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत sale.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) १. Unsurpassed. २. Feeble, powerless. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत before श्रुत to go, च aff.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Unsold. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत sold.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Unsaleable, not to be sold. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत to be sold.

अविश्रुत m. (-श्रु-) Vigour, freshness, absence of fatigue. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत fatigue.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Calm, composed, firm. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत confounded.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Unwearied. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत wearied.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) १. Entire, undiminished. २. Unhurt. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत wounded.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) १. Attentive, composed. २. Retained. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत tossed, agitated.

अविश्रुत m. (-श्रु-) Quiet, quiescence. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत agitation.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Tranquil, undisturbed. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत agitated.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Retained, present, unseparated. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत gone away.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Unseparated, unremoved. m. (-श्रु-) Presence, inheritance, association, non-separation. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत separation.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Unreproached. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत reproached.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Unreproached. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत censure.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) १. Compatible, consistent with, not contrary to. २. Worthy, good. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत without, शुच property.

अविश्रुत m. (-श्रु-) A fruit tree, commonly Caronda, (Carissa Carondas.) ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत to fear, part. past, irr.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Bodiless, incorporeal. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत body.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Unimpeded, uninterrupted. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत obstacle.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Unlearned, ignorant. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत learned.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) १. Undiscriminating, ill-judging, unwise. २. Prompt, unhesitating. m. (-श्रु-) १. Want of judgment or discrimination, error, folly. २. Promptitude. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत discussion.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) १. Ill-judged or investigated, unconsidered. २. Determined, certain, clear, not requiring deliberation. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत discussed.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) १. Victorious, triumphant. २. Unmoved. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत shaken, resisted.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) १. Undeviated from, observed, followed. २. Eternal, permanent. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत fallen.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Unseparated, undivided. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत out off.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) १. Entire, whole, undivided. २. Uninterrupted. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत separation.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Of the same species. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत of a different kind.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) १. Clumsy, stupid. २. Ignorant, untaught. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत wise.

अविश्रुत f. (-श्रु-) Ignorance, folly. ३. अविश्रुत and श्रुत affix ; also अविश्रुत.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) १. Unknown. २. Undistinguished. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत known.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Undiscernible, not to be recognized or known. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत to be known.

अविश्रुत n. (-श्रु-) A direct flight. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत flying deviously.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Preserved, protected. ३. अ. च. to preserve, च affix of part. past.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) True. n. (-श्रु-) Truth. ३. अ. च. neg. and विश्रुत untrue.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) १. Unknown. २. Poor. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत known, or wealth.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Quicksilver.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Fit for or suited to a sheep. ३. अवि and श्रुत aff.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) १. Unlearned. २. Stupid. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत clever.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Imperfectly digested, producing heart-burn. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत free from, श्रुत what burns.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Unknown. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत known.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Near, contiguous. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत distant.

अविश्रुत ind. Near, not far off. ३. अविश्रुत and तसि aff.

अविश्रुत n. (-श्रु-) The milk of a ewe. ३. अवि and श्रुत aff.

अविश्रुत f. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) A plant, (Cissampelos hexandra.) ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत broken, divided, and श्रुत the ear ; the leaf being compared to the ear ; also अविश्रुत and विश्रुत.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) १. Foolish, unwise. २. Not relating to knowledge. f. (-श्रु-) १. Ignorance. २. Spiritual ignorance. ३. Illusion. ४. Personified illusion or Ma'ya. ३. अ. च. priv. and विश्रुत knowledge.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) १. Non-existent. २. Not present, absent. ३. अ. च. neg. and विश्रुत being.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Unwise, unlearned. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत learned.

अविश्रुत n. (-श्रु-) Irregularity, deviation from or absence of fixed rule. ३. अ. च. neg. and विश्रुत rule.

अविश्रुत ind. Irregularly. ३. अविश्रुत and तसि aff.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Irregular, void of or contrary to rule. f. (-श्रु-) Irregularity. ३. अ. च. neg. and विश्रुत rule.

अविश्रुत m. (-श्रु-) A sacrificer, one who makes a sacrifice or causes it to be made. ३. अ. च. to preserve, श्रुत Una di aff.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Indecorous, ill-behaved. m. (-श्रु-) १. Indecorum, impropriety, fault. २. Incivility, disrespect. ३. Offence, crime. ३. अ. च. neg. and विश्रुत modest behaviour.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Indestructible : so अविश्रुत. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत destructible.

अविश्रुत m. (-श्रु-) Inherent and essential character. ३. अ. च. and विश्रुत without, श्रुत property.

अविश्रुत m. (-श्रु-) An illogical conclusion. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत accurate deduction.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Holding on, advancing, one who does not turn back. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत who retreats.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Without an exception. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत exception.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Misbehaving, acting ill or improperly, wicked, vile. f. (-श्रु-) An unchaste or disloyal woman. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत virtuous.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) Unopposed, having no adversary. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत an adversary.

अविश्रुत m. (-श्रु-) Woollen cloth. ३. अवि a sheep, and श्रुत aff.

अविश्रुत f. (-श्रु-) Prosperity, ease. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत misfortune.

अविश्रुत mfn. (-श्रु-श्रु-त) १. Uninjured, unhurt. २. Not soiled or contaminated, pure, clean. ३. अ. च. neg. विश्रुत destroyed.

अविचिद mfn. (-चित्) Unwise, ignorant. ३. च neg. विचिद learned.  
 अविपाक m. (-क्तः) 1. Immaturity. 2. Not suffering the consequence of actions in a former life. 3. Indigestion. ३. च neg. विपाक ripening.  
 अविपुल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Small, insignificant, slender. ३. च neg. विपुल large.  
 अविप्रलट mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) Near, not remote. ३. च neg. विप्रलट remote.  
 अविद्वृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Undeviating; following or observing steadily. 2. Observed, unviolated. ३. च neg. विद्वृत transgressed.  
 अविफल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Fruitful, productive. ३. च neg. विफल unfruitful.  
 अविफुल्ल mfn. (-ल्लः-ला-ल्ल) Unblown. ३. च neg. विफुल्ल blown.  
 अविभक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) 1. Undivided, unpartitioned. 2. Joint, unseparated, (as coparceners.) ३. च neg. विभक्त divided.  
 अविभाग mfn. (-गः-गा-ग) Unportioned, unpartitioned. m. (-गः) Undivided inheritance. ३. च neg. विभाग division.  
 अविभागिन् mfn. (-गि-गिनी-गि) 1. One who does not share. 2. Not sharing, not dividing. ३. च neg. विभागिन् who divides.  
 अविभाज्य mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्या-ज्य) Not to be divided, not to be partitioned. ३. च neg. विभाज्य partible.  
 अविभाज्यत्व n. (-त्वः) Indivisibility, unfitness for partition. ३. अविभाज्य and त्व affix; also with लङ्, अविभाज्यता.  
 अविभावन nf. (-न-ना) Disappearance, imperceptibility. ३. च neg. विभावन perception.  
 अविभावन्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) Imperceptible, undistinguishable. ३. च neg. विभावन्य perceptible.  
 अविमरीश n. (-शः) The milk of a ewe. ३. अवि and मरीशच् aff.  
 अविलस mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Foul, turbid. ३. च neg. विलस clear.  
 अविलुप्त mfn. (-प्तः-प्ता-प्त) Unloosed, not quitted. m. (-प्तः) A name of Benares. ३. च neg. and विलुप्त loosed: the last is never to be lost view of by those seeking salvation.  
 अविलुप्तेश्वर m. (-रः) A celebrated Siva Linga, at Benares. ३. अविलुप्त, and ईश्वर lord.  
 अवियुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) 1. Undivided, conjoined. 2. Not separated or absent. ३. च neg. वियुक्त disjoined.  
 अविवीक्ष्य m. (-क्षः) 1. Conjunction, association. 2. Presence, not being parted or absent. ३. च neg. विविक्ष्य disunion.  
 अविरक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) Interested in, attached to. ३. च neg. विरक्त unattached.  
 अविरत adj. mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Eternal, continual, uninterrupted. 2. Abandoned, or adv. n. (-तः) Eternal, continual. ३. च neg. विरत stopping.  
 अविरल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) 1. Coarse, gross, substantial. 2. Close, contiguous. 3. Uninterrupted. ३. च neg. and विरल fine.  
 अविराम mfn. (-रामः-रामा-राम) Continuous, uninterrupted. m. (-रामः) Continuance, uninterrupted succession. n. adv. (-रामः) Uninterruptedly. ३. च neg. विराम rest.  
 अविरह mfn. (-हः-हा-ह) 1. Unimpeded, unobstructed. 2. Allowed, permitted, proper. 3. Compatible, consistent with. ३. च neg. विरह hindered.  
 अविरिचन n. (-नः) Constipating, stopping dejection. ३. च neg. विरिचन purging.  
 अविरिच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Improper to be purged. ३. च neg. विरिच to be purged.  
 अविरिष m. (-षः) 1. Absence of impediment. 2. Assent, concurrence, non-opposition. 3. Consistency, compatibility. ३. च neg. विरिष hindrance.  
 अविरिषित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Unimpeded, unobstructed. ३. च neg. विरिषित hindered.  
 अविरहण n. (-णः) Not exceeding, not trespassing. ३. च neg. विरहण trespassing.  
 अविरहणीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Prescribed, fixed, not to be transgressed or exceeded. ३. च neg. विरहणीय to be past over or beyond.

अविश्व mfn. (-श्वः-शा-श्व) Prompt, quick, without delay. ३. च neg. विश्व delay.  
 अविश्वजन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Quick, expeditious; also अविश्वजित.  
 अविश्वजित mfn. adj. (-जितः-जिता-जित) Quick, expeditious. ३. adv. (-जितः) Quickly, expeditiously. ३. च neg. and विश्वजित slow, tedious.  
 अविश्वजितजन m. (-नः) Going quickly, swift pace. ३. अविश्वजित, and जन motion.  
 अविश्व f. (-श्वः) A sheep, a ewe. ३. च neg. विश्व to break, चच् and श्च् affixes; not able to wound, &c. having no horns.  
 अविश्वस mfn. (-सः-सा-स) Faithful, constant. ३. च neg. विश्वस sport, caprice.  
 अविश्वसित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Unasserted, undeclared. ३. च neg. विश्वसित said.  
 अविवाद m. (-दः) Concurrence, consent, non-disagreement. ३. च neg. विश्वस dispute.  
 अविवादित mfn. (-दितः-दिनी-दित) Quiet, peaceable. ३. च neg. विश्वसित contentious.  
 अविवाहित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Unmarried. ३. च neg. and विश्वसित married.  
 अविवाहित mfn. (-तः-दिनी-दित) 1. Interdicted as to marriage. 2. Not relating to marriage. 3. Single, not marrying. ३. च neg. विश्वसित marrying.  
 अविश्विक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) 1. Uninvestigated, undiscovered. 2. Indiscoverable, confounded. 3. Common, public. ३. च neg. विश्विक्त discriminated.  
 अविवेक m. (-कः) Ignorance, absence of discrimination or judgment. ३. च neg. and विवेक discrimination.  
 अविवेकता f. (-ता) Inconsiderateness, imprudence, want of judgment. ३. अविवेक and त्व added: also अविवेकत्व.  
 अविवेकित mfn. (-तः-दिनी-दित) Ignorant, undiscriminating, defective in judgment, superficial, short-sighted. ३. अविवेक as above, and दित aff.  
 अविवेचक mfn. (-कः-क्ता-क्त) Ignorant, undiscriminating. ३. च neg. and विवेचक who judges.  
 अविवेचना f. (-ना) Want of judgment. ३. च neg. विवेचना discriminating.  
 अविविक्त f. (-क्तः) Unapprehensiveness, confidence, certainty. ३. च neg. विविक्ता fear.  
 अविविहित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Confiding, trusting, unapprehensive. ३. च neg. विविहित alarmed.  
 अविविह mfn. (-हः-हा-ह) 1. Pure, clear, free from fault or defect. 2. Valid, perfect, unimpeached. ३. च neg. विविह faulty.  
 अविविध mfn. (-धः-धा-ध) Uniform, alike, without any difference. ३. (-धः) Equality, uniformity. ३. च neg. विविध variation.  
 अविविधत्व mfn. (-त्वः-ज्या-त्व) Indiscriminating, not perceiving the difference in things. ३. च neg. विविध variation, and ज्ञा who knows.  
 अविविधत्व mfn. (-त्वः-जा-त्व) Unworn. ३. च neg. विविध tired.  
 अविविक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) Suspected, doubted, not trusted. ३. च neg. and विश्वस trusted.  
 अविविक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) Mistrusted. m. (-क्तः) Suspicion, mistrust. ३. च neg. विश्वस trust.  
 अविविक्ता f. (-ता) A cow calving after long intervals. ३. च neg. विश्वस trust.  
 अविविहित mfn. (-तः-दिनी-दित) Mistrustful, unbelieving. ३. च neg. विश्वसित who trusts.  
 अविविध mfn. (-धः-धा-ध) Anti-venomous, antidote, not poisonous. ३. च neg. and विविध poison. m. (-धः) The ocean, sky. f. (-नी) 1. A river. 2. The earth. 3. Heaven. ३. च to go, &c. विविध. Una di aff.  
 अविविध mfn. (-धः-धा-ध) Unchecked, unopposed, unimpeded. ३. च neg. विश्वस restraint.  
 अविविध mfn. (-धः-धा-ध) 1. Unperceived, invisible. 2. Inconceivable, disregarding objects of sense. m. (-धः) 1. Disappearance, absence. 2. Disregard of objects of sense. ३. च neg. विश्वस an object of sense.  
 अविविध m. (-विः) An extender or enlarger.

चरिचरिन् mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) Adhering to, retaining, not quitting. m. (-रि) A continued fever. m. च neg. चरिचरिन् quitting.  
 चरिचरिन् n. (-रि) Kne's milk. m. चरि and चरि aff.  
 चरिचरिन् mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) Compact, compressed, close. m. च neg. चरिचरिन् spread.  
 चरिचरिन् mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) Obscure, not clear or plain. n. (-रि) Indistinct speech. m. च neg. चरिचरिन् plain.  
 चरिचरिन् n. (-रि) Remembering, not forgetting. m. च neg. चरिचरिन् forgetting.  
 चरिचरिन् f. (-रि) Remembering, recollection. m. च neg. चरिचरिन् forgetfulness.  
 चरिचरिन् mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) 1. Undone, uneffected. 2. Unprescribed, not directed or ruled. m. च neg. चरिचरिन् established.  
 चरिचरिन् mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) Calm, composed, unagitated. m. च neg. चरिचरिन् agitated.  
 चरी f. (-री) A woman in her courses : see चरि.  
 चरीचरि n. (-रि) Not regarding, not looking at. m. च neg. चरीचरि seeing.  
 चरीचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) Unseen, unbeheld. m. च neg. चरीचरि seen.  
 चरीचरि m. (-रि) A hell. mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) Waveless. m. च neg. चरीचरि a wave.  
 चरीचरिचरि m. (-रि) A hell, the place of punishment for liars. m. चरीचरि without waves, चरि aff.  
 चरीचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) Seedless. n. (-रि) 1. Bad seed. 2. Absence of seed. m. च neg. चरीचरि seed.  
 चरीचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) Seedless. m. चरीचरि and चरि added.  
 चरीचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) Weak, impotent, helpless. f. (-रि) A woman who has neither husband nor son. m. च neg. चरीचरि strong.  
 चरित mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) 1. Unselected. 2. Uncovered. 3. Unprotected. m. च neg. चरित chosen, &c.  
 चरित f. (-रि) Inadequate support, absence of subsistence or allowance. m. च neg. चरित maintenance.  
 चरित ind. Successfully, profitably. m. च not, चरित vainly.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) Succeeding, gaining one's object. m. चरित not in vain, चरि object.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) 1. Not bearing interest. 2. Not augmentative. m. च neg. चरित increase, चरि aff.  
 चरितचरि n. (-रि) 1. Seeing. 2. Attention, observation. m. चरि, and चरिचरि seeing.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) Inspecting, examining. m. चरि, चरि to see, चरिचरि aff.  
 चरितचरि f. (-रि) 1. Attention, observation. 2. Seeing, looking at. 3. Agreement, engagement. m. चरि upon or to, चरि to see, चरि affix, and चरि feminine.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) Seen, regarded. m. चरि before चरि to see and चरि aff.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) Not enquiring or ascertaining. m. च neg. चरि to know, चरि aff.  
 चरितचरि m. (-रि) A Brahman who has not studied the Vedas. m. च neg. चरि and चरि who knows.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) Unscriptural, not enjoined in the Vedas. m. च neg. चरि and चरि declared.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) 1. Unascertainable, secret, not to be known. 2. Not to be pained or hurt. m. (-रि) A calf. m. च neg. चरि to be hurt or known.  
 चरितचरि m. (-रि) Denial or concealment of knowledge. f. (-रि) Chewed betel. m. चरि and चरि speech.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) Irregular, heterodox, contrary or not conformable to rule. m. च neg. चरि rule, चरि aff.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) Wet, moist. m. चरि ill, चरि to moisten, and चरि aff.  
 चरितचरि m. (-रि) 1. A cloud. 2. A year. m. चरि to preserve, चरि Una'di affix,

चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) 1. Indistinct, unapparent, invisible, imperceptible. 2. (In algebra,) Unknown as quantity or number. m. (-रि) 1. VISHNU. 2. SIVA. 3. KANDARPA or CUPID. 4. A fool. n. (-रि) 1. The Supreme Being or universal spirit. 2. Any invisible principle according to the Sa'ukhya philosophy. 3. The soul. 4. Nature, temperament. m. च neg. चरित evident, distinct.  
 चरितचरि f. (-रि) 1. Algebraic calculation. 2. Any act of an indistinct character or aim. m. चरित, and चरि act.  
 चरितचरि m. (-रि) Dark-red, the colour of the dawn. m. चरित indistinct, and चरि colour.  
 चरितचरि f. (-रि) An unknown number or indistinct quantity, (in algebra.) m. चरित and चरि quantity.  
 चरितचरि n. (-रि) Equation of unknown quantities. m. चरित, and चरि equality.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) 1. Steady, cool, deliberate. 2. Indifferent, undisturbed. m. च neg. चरित hurried.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) 1. Plain, not figurative. 2. Perfect, not mutilated. f. (-रि) Cowach, (Carpogon pruriens, Rox.) m. च neg. चरि priv. and चरि the body, or चरि figure of speech.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) Well made, symmetrical, perfect, entire. m. चरित not defective, चरि a limb.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) 1. Indistinct. 2. Plain, not figurative. m. (-रि) An animal without horns, though of an age to have them. m. च neg. चरित a mark or figure.  
 चरितचरि f. (-रि) A plant, (Carpogon pruriens.)  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) Distinct, specific, separate, unmixed. m. च neg. चरित confounded, mixed.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) 1. Free from pain. 2. Merciful, not inflicting pain. m. (-रि) A snake. f. (-रि) 1. Yellow myrobalan. 2. Another plant, (Hibiscus mutabilis.) See चरितचरि. m. च neg. चरित pain.  
 चरितचरि m. (-रि) A horse, (in the dialect of the Vedas.) m. च neg. चरित to pain, and चरि affix ; who does not tire in war, &c.  
 चरितचरि m. (-रि) 1. The earth. 2. Night.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) 1. Free from pain. 2. Not inflicting pain. m. च neg. चरित pain, चरि aff.  
 चरितचरि m. (-रि) 1. The ocean. 2. The sun. f. (-रि) 1. The earth. 2. Midnight. m. च neg. चरित to suffer pain, and चरि Una'di aff.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) 1. Free from pain. 2. Not paining, not giving pain. m. च neg. चरित to feel pain, and चरि affix irr.  
 चरितचरि m. (-रि) Steadiness, consistency, constancy. m. च neg. चरित irregularity.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) 1. Constant. 2. Virtuous, moral. 3. Steady, permanent, faithful. m. च neg. चरित variable.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) 1. Economical, parsimonious. 2. Unexpended, unwasted. 3. Imperishable, immutable, eternal. m. (-रि) A name of VISHNU. mn. (-रि-रि) An indeclinable word, a particle. m. च neg. and चरि expenditure.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) Eternal, imperishable. m. (-रि) Soul, spirit. m. चरि undecayed, चरि self.  
 चरितचरि m. (-रि) 1. Imperishableness. 2. An indeclinable compound. m. चरि and चरि disposition, with चरि inserted.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) 1. Profitable, fruitful. 2. Effectual, efficacious. m. च neg. चरि useless.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) True, veracious. m. च neg. चरित also.  
 चरितचरि mfn. (-रि-चरि-रि) 1. Close, contiguous. 2. Careless. m. च neg. चरित any thing interposed, or carefulness.  
 चरितचरि f. (-रि) 1. Contiguity. 2. Carelessness. m. चरि added to with the last ; also with चरि, चरितचरि.  
 चरितचरि m. (-रि) Negligence, inactivity. m. च neg. चरित employ-ment.

अव्यवहारिक mfn. (-वा-व-व) Negligent, remiss in practice. न. च neg. व्यवहार practice, profession, जगत् pos. aff.  
 अव्यवहारिक mfn. (-व-व-व) Negligent, inactive, remiss. न. च neg. व्यवहार business, इति aff.  
 अव्यवस्था f. (-व्वा) 1. Irregularity, deviation from established rule. 2. Incorrect legal opinion. न. च neg. व्यवस्था law.  
 अव्यवस्थित mfn. (-व-व-व) 1. Not conformable to law or practice. 2. Unacquainted with the law or custom. 3. Ill regulated. 4. Displaced, disordered. न. च neg. and व्यवस्थित ordained.  
 अव्यवहार्य mfn. (-व्य-व्य-व्य) Unactionable, not to be discussed in law. न. च neg. व्यवहार्य actionable.  
 अव्यवहित mfn. (-व-व-व) Adjoining, contiguous. न. च neg. and व्यवहित divided.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) 1. Not determined or investigated by law. 2. Not spoken. न. च neg. व्यवहृत tried.  
 अव्यवहन mfn. (-व-व-व) Moral, correct, free from vice. न. च neg. व्यवहन evil practice.  
 अव्यवहिन mfn. (-व-व-व) Free from evil practices, steady, correct. न. च neg. व्यवहन evil practices, इति aff.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) 1. Simple, undecomposed. 2. Undispersed, collected. न. च neg. व्यवहृत scattered.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Calm, firm, composed. न. च neg. व्यवहृत hurried.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Undecomposed. न. (-व) Elementary substance from which all things were created, considered as one with the substance of BRAHMA. न. च neg. व्यवहृत separated, decomposed.  
 अव्यवहृत f. (-व्वा) Obscurity, want of clearness or explanation. न. च neg. व्यवहृत explanation.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Unexplained, obscure. न. च neg. व्यवहृत explained.  
 अव्यवहृत n. (-व) Absence of explicitness, want of explanation. न. च neg. व्यवहृत explanation.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) 1. Unintelligible, inexplicable. 2. Easy, not requiring to be explained. न. च neg. व्यवहृत to be explained.  
 अव्यवहृत m. (-व) Absence of fraud, simplicity, honesty. न. च neg. व्यवहृत disguise.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Special, individual, peculiar. न. च neg. व्यवहृत generic.  
 अव्यवहृत n. (-व) Speciality, individuality, non-comprehensiveness or generalization. न. च व्यवहृत special, and ल affix; also व्यवहृत.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Inexpert, inexperienced. म. (-व) Business not practised or understood. न. च not, व्यवहृत business.  
 अव्यवहृत n. (-व) Speciality, non-generalization. न. च neg. व्यवहृत what pervades, ल affix; also व्यवहृत.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) 1. Special, individual. 2. Limited, partial, not comprehensive. न. च neg. व्यवहृत pervading.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Peculiar, individual, limited. न. च neg. व्यवहृत diffused.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Peculiar, not to be extended generally. न. च neg. व्यवहृत to be extended.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) (In logic) A category of individual application, and influenced by place and time, as pain, pleasure, love, hatred, virtue, vice, &c. न. च neg. व्यवहृत diffusive, general, and इति being.  
 अव्यवहृत m. (-व) Absence of lassitude or fatigue. न. च neg. व्यवहृत exhaustion.  
 अव्यवहृत n. (-व) Not returning, not coming back, not circulating. न. च neg. व्यवहृत returning, revolving.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) 1. Unresisted, unimpeded. 2. Not disappointed. न. च neg. व्यवहृत baffled.

अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Undisputed. न. च neg. व्यवहृत disputed.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Sound, unheated, unscarred. न. च neg. व्यवहृत a wound.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Not observing religious rites or obligations, uninitiated. न. च neg. व्यवहृत a vow, &c.  
 अव्यवहृत 5th cl. (व) अव्यवहृत 1. To pervade or occupy. 2. To heap or crowd. 3. 9th cl. (व्यवहृत) To eat, to eat hungrily. With प्र prefixed, to begin to eat.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Unable, incompetent. न. च neg. व्यवहृत able, strong.  
 अव्यवहृत f. (-व्वा) Weakness, inability. न. ल added to the last; also with ल, व्यवहृत.  
 अव्यवहृत f. (-व्वा) Inability, incapability, weakness, impotence. न. च neg. व्यवहृत power.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) 1. Impossible, impracticable. 2. Not to be made. न. च neg. व्यवहृत possible.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) 1. Fearless, undaunted. 2. Secure, certain. न. च neg. व्यवहृत fear.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Certain, undoubted. 2. Fearless. न. च neg. व्यवहृत alarmed.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Virtuous, good. न. च neg. व्यवहृत wicked.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Friendly. म. (-व) A name of the moon. न. च neg. and व्यवहृत an enemy; who has.  
 अव्यवहृत m. (-व) A plant, (Pentaptera tomentosa, Rox.) न. (-व) 1. Food. 2. Eating; also व्यवहृत. न. व्यवहृत to eat, व्यवहृत aff.  
 अव्यवहृत f. (-व्वा) A plant; also व्यवहृत.  
 अव्यवहृत f. (-व्वा) Hunger. न. व्यवहृत food, ल affix, च and टाप् added, and the penultimate made long: wishing for food.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Hungry. न. As before, ल affix added.  
 अव्यवहृत m. (-व-व-व) INDRA's thunderbolt. न. व्यवहृत to eat, व्यवहृत Una'di affix; what eats or consumes rocks, &c.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Bodiless, incorporeal. म. (-व) A name of Kāma or love. न. च neg. व्यवहृत body.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Incorporeal. न. च neg. व्यवहृत embodied.  
 अव्यवहृत n. (-व) Pain, affliction. mfn. (-व-व-व) Unhappy, afflicted. न. व्यवहृत happiness, &c. with the priv. prefix.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Restless, anxious, unresigned. न. च neg. व्यवहृत tranquil.  
 अव्यवहृत f. (-व्वा) Anxiety, restlessness. न. च neg. व्यवहृत tranquillity. So व्यवहृतता f. (-व्वा).  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Unappeasable, not to be pacified. न. च neg. व्यवहृत to appease, व्यवहृत aff.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Not relating to or endowed with body. न. च neg. व्यवहृत bodily.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Perishable, transient, temporary. न. च neg. व्यवहृत eternal.  
 अव्यवहृत n. (-व) Want of government, anarchy, disorder. न. ल neg. व्यवहृत governing.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Ungovernable: so व्यवहृत. न. च neg. व्यवहृत or व्यवहृत to be ruled, &c.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Ungoverned, undisciplined. न. ल neg. व्यवहृत governed.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Not conformable to sacred authority, heterodox, unscriptural. न. च neg. व्यवहृत scriptural.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Not conformable to sacred authority, heterodox, immoral, unreligious. न. ल neg. व्यवहृत scriptural.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Untaught, ignorant. न. ल neg. व्यवहृत taught.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) 1. Eaten. 2. Satisfied. न. व्यवहृत to eat, ल aff.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Formerly grazed by cattle, (a field, &c.) न. व्यवहृत eaten, and व्यवहृत relating to cattle; also व्यवहृत.  
 अव्यवहृत m. (-व) A shield. न. व्यवहृत to pervade, ल Una'di aff.  
 अव्यवहृत mfn. (-व-व-व) Firm, tight, hard. न. च neg. व्यवहृत loose.

चरित् m. (-रः) 1. A name of the sun. 2. Fire. 3. A goblin or demon. f. (-रः) The wife of a goblin. m. (-रः) A diamond. n. चर to eat, and चरति; चरति चरति, &c.  
 चरित् mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Headless. n. च neg. चरित् the head.  
 चरित् चरित् m. (-रः) Bathing the body with exception of the head. n. च neg. चरित् the head, चरित् bathing.  
 चरित् mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Unlucky, unfortunate. n. च neg. चरित् propitious.  
 चरित् f. (-री) A female demon or goblin.  
 चरित् चरित् f. (-रः) See the following. n. च added to चरित्.  
 चरित् f. (-री) A childless woman. n. च priv. चरित् a child, and चरित् fem. affix; च becomes च.  
 चरित् mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Ill regulated, ill behaved, rude, barbarous, profligate. n. च neg. चरित् regulated.  
 चरित् f. (-री) Rudeness, &c. n. च added to the last; also with च, चरित्.  
 चरित् चरित् m. (-रः) Rudeness, profligacy. n. चरित्, and चरित् practice.  
 चरित् mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Warm, hot. n. च not, चरित cold.  
 चरित् चरित् m. (-रः) The sun. n. च neg. चरित cold, and चर a ray, and similar compounds, as चरित् चरित्, चरित् चरित्, &c.  
 चरित् f. sing. always (-रिः) Eighty. du. (-री) Two eighties. pl. (-रः) Many eighties.  
 चरित् चरित् mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Octagenarian, of eighty years of age, &c. n. चरित् and चर added.  
 चरित् mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Undecayed, unimpaired. n. च neg. चरित decayed.  
 चरित् mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) 1. Ill behaved, vulgar, offensive. 2. Indifferent. n. च neg. चरित polite.  
 चरित् mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Green, fresh, moist. n. च neg. चरित dry.  
 चरित् f. (-रिः) 1. Impurity. 2. Disgrace, degradation. mfn. (-रिः-रिः-रिः) Foul, impure. n. च neg. चरित purity.  
 चरित् n. (-रः) Impurity. n. च added to चरित्; also चरित्.  
 चरित् mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) 1. Impure. 2. Inaccurate. 3. Unknown, unascertained. n. च neg. चरित pure.  
 चरित् चरित् m. (-रः) A vagrant, a suspicious character. n. चरित unknown, चरित abode, चर added.  
 चरित् f. (-रिः) Impurity. mfn. (-रिः-रिः-रिः) Impure. n. च neg. चरित purity.  
 चरित n. (-रः) 1. Sin. 2. Misfortune. mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Unlucky. n. च priv. चरित good.  
 चरित् f. (-रः) Inattention, neglect of service or respect. n. च neg. चरित service.  
 चरित mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Unripe. n. च neg. and चरित ripe.  
 चरित mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) 1. Entire, all, the whole. 2. Infinite, endless. n. च neg. and चरित remainder.  
 चरित् ind. Entirely, wholly. n. चरित whole, चरित aff.  
 चरित mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Cheerful, not sorrowful. m. (-रः) A tree commonly Asoka. (Jonesia Asoca.) n. (-रः) Quicksilver. f. (-रः) 1. A medicinal plant, see चरित्. 2. One of the female domestic deities of the jains. n. च neg. and चरित sorrow.  
 चरित् चरित् f. (-रः) A medicinal plant, see चरित्. n. चरित, and चरित् the same.  
 चरित् चरित् m. (-रः) A tree, (Nandea Odambra) see चरित. n. चरित, and चरित an enemy; choking the Asoka.  
 चरित m. (-रः) Content, tranquillity, the absence of care or vanity. n. च priv. चरित sorrow.  
 चरित mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Not to be sorrowed for. n. च neg. चरित to be rejoiced in, see चरित् and चरित्.  
 चरित m. (-रः) 1. Unbelief. 2. Incredulity. n. च neg. चरित believing.  
 चरित mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Unbelief, incredulous, having no faith. n. च neg. चरित believing.  
 चरित mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Incredible, not to be believed. n. च neg. and चरित worthy of faith.  
 चरित m. (-रः) A fiend, a cannibal. n. चर blood, and चर who drinks.

चरित् mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Not to be dried up. n. च neg. चरित to be dried up; so चरित् चरित, &c.  
 चरित n. (-रः) 1. Foulness, impurity. 2. Legal impurity, contamination, defilement contracted by the death of a relation, the commission of prohibited acts, &c. n. च neg. चरित purification.  
 चरित n. (-रः) 1. Impure or abandoned nature or disposition. 2. Defilement, contamination. n. च added to चरित्.  
 चरित n. (-रः) Want of heroism, cowardice. n. च neg. चरित valour.  
 चरित m. (-रः) 1. A mountain, a rock. 2. A cloud, (in the language of the Vedas) see चरित्.  
 चरित् mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Who or what breaks with a stone. 2. Bruised or broken by stones. n. चरित and चरित what bruises or breaks.  
 चरित् mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Breaking or bruising any thing with a stone. n. चरित and चरित who breaks.  
 चरित m. (-रः) An emerald. n. चरित a stone, and चरित the womb; the primary stone.  
 चरित n. (-रः) An emerald. n. चरित and चरित before च produced.  
 चरित n. (-रः) 1. Red chalk. 2. Iron. n. चरित a stone, &c. and च produced.  
 चरित n. (-रः) Bitumen. n. चरित and चरित lao.  
 चरित m. (-रः) An axe or crow for breaking stones, &c. n. (-रः) Splitting stones or rocks. n. चरित a stone, &c. च to split, चरित aff.  
 चरित m. (-रः) A stone or rock. n. चरित to spread, &c. चरित Una'di aff.  
 चरित mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) 1. Unbounded, unlimited. 2. Inauspicious, unlucky. n. (-रः) 1. A fire-place. 2. Death. 3. A field, a plain. n. चरित a stone, &c. and चरित the end; it is also written चरित and चरित.  
 चरित n. (-रः) 1. A fire-place. 2. A shade for a lamp. 3. A species of oxalis. n. चर added to the preceding.  
 चरित n. (-रः) Benzoin, (Styrax benaoin.) n. चरित stone, and चरित a flower; supposed to exude from rocks.  
 चरित m. (-रः) A mortar of stone or iron. n. चरित a stone, and चरित the skull.  
 चरित m. (-रः) The name of a plant, (Plectranthus scutellaroides, Rox.) n. चरित a stone, and चरित what breaks.  
 चरित m. (-रः) See the preceding. n. As before, चरित and चरित.  
 चरित mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Made or consisting of stone, stony. n. (-रः) A mineral. n. चरित and चरित aff.  
 चरित m. (-रः) An emerald. n. See चरित.  
 चरित mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Stony, rocky, appertaining to stone or rock. n. चरित and चरित aff.  
 चरित f. (-री) 1. Strangury. 2. Stone or gravel, (the disease.) n. चरित stony, and चरित fem. aff.  
 चरित m. (-रः) A tree, (Tapia oratocva.) n. चरित gravel, and चरित what destroys; a lithontriptic.  
 चरित m. (-रः) A tree, (Pentaptera arjuna.) n. See the last word, चरित from चर to carry away.  
 चरित m. (-रः) Iron. n. चरित a stone, and चरित essence, &c. the hardest stone, &c.  
 चरित m. (-रः) A plant, from the fibres of which the girdle of a Brahman may be made; also चरित.  
 चरित m. (-रः) Stone or gravel, (the disease.) n. चरित a stone, चरित aff.  
 चरित n. (-रः) 1. A tear. 2. Blood. n. चरित to spread, &c. and चर affix; see चर and चर.  
 चर mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Unbelieving. f. (-रः) Unbelief. n. च neg. चरित faith.  
 चर mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Unbelieving, incredulous, having no faith. n. च neg. चरित believing.  
 चर mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Incredible, not to be believed. n. च neg. and चरित worthy of faith.  
 चर m. (-रः) A fiend, a cannibal. n. चर blood, and चर who drinks.



चक्षुः n. (-च) Deafness, loss of hearing. ३. च neg. चक्षुः hearing.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) 1. Freshness, freedom from fatigue. 2. Laziness, want of exertion. ३. च neg. चक्षुः fatigue.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-च-च-च) 1. Not performing exequial rites, not entitled to them, not belonging or relating to them. m. (-च) Non-performance of exequial rites. ३. च neg. चक्षुः funeral ceremony.  
 चक्षुः adv. n. (-च) adj. mfn. (-च-च-च) 1. Eternal, continual. 2. Unwearied. ३. च neg. and चक्षुः wearied, part. past of चक्षुः.  
 चक्षुः f. (-च) 1. The edge of a sword. 2. A corner, the angle of a room or house. ३. चक्षुः to serve, चक्षुः prefixed, चक्षुः becomes चक्षुः; also चक्षुः and चक्षुः.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-च-च-च) Unlucky, unpropitious. ३. च neg. चक्षुः fortune, and चक्षुः affix.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-च-च-च) Inglorious, unfortunate. ३. च neg. चक्षुः fortune.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-च-च-च) Unlucky, unprosperous. ३. च neg. चक्षुः prosperity, चक्षुः to have, affix चक्षुः.  
 चक्षुः n. (-च) A tear. ३. च neg. चक्षुः to serve, चक्षुः Una'di affix; it is also written चक्षुः.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-च-च-च) 1. Unheard. 2. Not directed by or contrary to the Vedas. ३. च neg. and चक्षुः heard, &c.  
 चक्षुः f. (-च) Fistula lachrymalis. ३. चक्षुः and चक्षुः a channel.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) A flow of tears. ३. चक्षुः, and चक्षुः fall.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-च-च-च) 1. Worthless, useless, unprofitable, bad. 2. Inferior, worse. ३. च neg. चक्षुः excellent.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-च-च-च) 1. Inferior, worse. 2. Bad, vile. ३. च neg. चक्षुः best.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) A Brahman who has not read the Vedas. ३. च neg. चक्षुः a learned Brahman.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-च-च-च) Worthless, undeserving of honour or praise. ३. च neg. चक्षुः to be praised.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-च-च-च) Undeserving of honour or praise, base, mean, worthless. ३. च neg. चक्षुः to be praised.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-च-च-च) Unlucky, unpropitious. ३. As चक्षुः, the च being changed to चक्षुः.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-च-च-च) 1. Coarse, vulgar. 2. Abusive, blackguard. n. (-च) 1. Rustic language. 2. Untruth. 3. Low abuse. ३. च neg. चक्षुः elegant.  
 चक्षुः f. (-च) 1. The ninth Nakshatra or lunar mansion, containing five stars. 2. Disunion, disjunction. ३. च neg. and चक्षुः union.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) A mane of Kṛtū or the dragon's head : see चक्षुः. ३. चक्षुः the asterism, and चक्षुः born, born under the sign Aslesha; or चक्षुः disjunction, and चक्षुः produced; as Kṛtū was formed of the lower extremities which had been sundered by Viśṇu from Rā'ṇu.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) A name of Kṛtū. ३. As the preceding, चक्षुः to be born, with चक्षुः affix.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) 1. A horse. 2. A set or cast of men horse-like in strength. du. (-च) A horse and a mare. f. (-च) A mare. ३. चक्षुः to pervade, चक्षुः Una'di affix, and चक्षुः fem. affix.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-च-च-च) Horse-like, acting like a horse, &c. m. (-च) 1. A bad horse, a hack. 2. A stray horse, one whose owner is not known. 3. Any horse. ३. चक्षुः and चक्षुः added in different senses.  
 चक्षुः f. (-च) A plant, (Physalis floxiosa.)  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) A timber tree, commonly Sakwa or Sal (Shorea robusta.) ३. चक्षुः a horse, and चक्षुः an ear, the leaves being compared to the ears of a horse.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) The Sal-tree, (Shorea robusta.) ३. चक्षुः added to चक्षुः.  
 चक्षुः f. (-च) The first Nakshatra or lunar mansion. ३. चक्षुः a horse, चक्षुः and चक्षुः affixes : see चक्षुः.

चक्षुः m. (-च) 1. A horse's hoof. 2. A perfume, apparently a shell-fish : see चक्षुः. f. (-च-च) A plant, (Olibanum terribile.) ३. चक्षुः and चक्षुः his hoof; which the perfume and leaves of the plant are supposed to resemble.  
 चक्षुः f. (-च) A plant, (Physalis floxiosa.) ३. चक्षुः, and चक्षुः having the smell of a horse.  
 चक्षुः n. (-च) A pair of horses. ३. चक्षुः and चक्षुः affixing a pair, a brace, &c.  
 चक्षुः n. (-च) A stable. ३. चक्षुः, and चक्षुः abode, place.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) The name of a demon, more commonly named Haya-griva. ३. चक्षुः and चक्षुः a neck; horse-necked.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) Oleander, (Nerium odorum.) ३. चक्षुः and चक्षुः what kills or hurts, from चक्षुः; horse-destroying.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) A farrier. ३. चक्षुः and चक्षुः who heals.  
 चक्षुः f. (-च) Farriery. ३. चक्षुः and चक्षुः medical treatment.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-च-च-च) Swift, speedy. m. (-च-च) A tribe, m. (-च) 1. One of the chiefs of the Nagas or serpent race, inhabiting the regions under the earth. 2. A Gand'herba or celestial quirister. 3. A male calf. ३. चक्षुः and चक्षुः from चक्षुः to pass, to go, affix चक्षुः; or चक्षुः diminutive affix.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) 1. The holy fig tree, (Ficus religiosa.) 2. The fruit of the tree. 3. The time at which it bears. f. (-च) Day of fullmoon. ३. चक्षुः a future period, and चक्षुः from चक्षुः to remain; of less duration than the Vata or Indian fig; there are several other etymologies.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-च-च-च) To be given, to be done, &c. when the Aswattha tree bears. n. (-च) The petals of the Arabian jasmine. ३. चक्षुः and चक्षुः affix.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) The name of a saint and warrior, the son of Draṇa. ३. चक्षुः, चक्षुः to stand or stay, and चक्षुः affix; the story is that at his birth he made a noise like a horse; also with a final vowel चक्षुः.  
 चक्षुः f. (-च) A plant, (Tribulus lanuginosus.)  
 चक्षुः n. (-च) 1. Death. 2. Termination, limit. 3. A fire-place. 4. A field. 5. Unlucky, inauspicious. ३. चक्षुः vital air, चक्षुः end; also चक्षुः.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) A groom. ३. चक्षुः, and चक्षुः who takes care of.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) A kind of reed, (Saccharum spontaneum.) 2. Horse hair. ३. चक्षुः and चक्षुः a tail.  
 चक्षुः f. (-च) Lightning.  
 चक्षुः f. (-च) The natural enmity of a horse and a buffalo. ३. चक्षुः and चक्षुः a buffalo, चक्षुः affix of enmity.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) Oleander, (Nerium odorum.) ३. चक्षुः and चक्षुः what kills the plant is conceived to be deleterious to the horse.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) See the preceding.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) A kind of serpent.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) A Kinnara or celestial quirister. ३. चक्षुः and चक्षुः a face this kind of demigod being represented with a horse's head.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) The actual or emblematic sacrifice of a horse. ३. चक्षुः a sacrifice; this sacrifice is one of the highest order, and performed a hundred times, entitles the sacrificer to the dominion of Swarg or paradise; it appears to have been originally typical; the horse and other animals being simply bound during the performance of certain ceremonies; the actual sacrifice is an introduction of later period. See As. R. Vol. viii. p. 442, Colasbrook on the Veda.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) A horse fit for the sacrifice called Aswamedha.  
 चक्षुः as above, चक्षुः added, and चक्षुः inserted.  
 चक्षुः m. (-च) A horse fit for an Aswamedha. ३. चक्षुः and चक्षुः.  
 चक्षुः f. (-च) The first lunar mansion : see चक्षुः. m. (-च) The month Asvini, (Sept.-Oct.) See चक्षुः. ३. चक्षुः, चक्षुः affix चक्षुः; also with चक्षुः added in the last sense.



चरुचरु म. (-च) The keeper or rider of a horse. n. चरु and चरु who pre-  
 चरुचरु म. (-च) A kind of snake. n. चरु and चरु spittle, whose foam is  
 like that of a horse.  
 चरुचरु म. (-च) 1. A kind of snake. 2. Horse-hair. n. चरु and चीन  
 hair.  
 चरुचरु म. (-च) A cherisher of Swarga, a Kinnara or Gand'harba. n. चरु  
 and चरु face, horse-faced: these demigods being so represented.  
 चरुचरु न. (-च) A stud of horses and mares. m, du. or plu. only (-ची-चा.)  
 1. A horse and a mare. 2. Horses and mares. n. चरु and चरु a mare.  
 चरुचरु म. (-च) A horseman. n. चरु and चरु what bears; whom a horse  
 carries.  
 चरुचरु म. (-च) A horseman. n. चरु and चरु to nourish, चरु aff.  
 चरुचरु म. (-च) The Gayal, a sort of ox, (Bos gayensis.) n. चरु, इ to  
 skreen or hide, in the canal form, चरु aff.  
 चरुचरु म. (-च) 1. A name of NALA, a king and hero of several poems.  
 2. A jockey. n. चरु and चरु who knows.  
 चरुचरु म. (-च) A farrier, a horse-doctor. n. चरु and चरु physician.  
 चरुचरु f. (-चा) 1. A stable. 2. A riding house. n. चरु and चरु a hall.  
 चरुचरु म. (-च) A foal, a colt. n. चरु and चरु young.  
 चरुचरुचरु f. (-चा) The natural enmity between a horse and a jackall.  
 n. चरु and चरु a jackall, affix चरु implying hostility.  
 चरुचरुचरु न. (-च) A set of six horses. n. चरु and चरुचरु a set of six.  
 चरुचरुचरु म. (-ची) A horseman, a rider, a horse-soldier. n. चरु and  
 चरु who goes.  
 चरुचरुचरु न. (-च) Management of horses and cars, coachmanship, cha-  
 riotteership. n. चरु and चरु a driver, चरु aff.  
 चरुचरु म. (-च) A proper name, a king.  
 चरुचरुचरुचरुचरु म. (-च) A king and saint; also SANATKUMARA. n. चरुचरु  
 a proper name, चरु a king, and चरु a son: the son of the king ASWA-  
 SENA.  
 चरुचरुचरु mfn. (-च-ची-च) Of to-day, not of or for to-morrow. n. च neg.  
 चरु to-morrow, चरु aff.  
 चरुचरुचरु mfn. (-च-ची-च) Not of or for to-morrow. n. चरुचरु and चरु aff.  
 चरुचरुचरु म. (-च) A horse-stealer. n. चरु and चरु who takes away.  
 चरुचरुचरु न. (-च) Horsemanship. n. चरु and चरु heart, affection.  
 चरुचरु म. (-च) A buffalo. n. चरु and चरु an enemy.  
 चरुचरुचरु mfn. (-च-चा-च) Mounted, set on horse-back. n. चरु and चरु  
 mounted.  
 चरुचरुचरु mfn. (-च-चा-च) Riding or carried on a horse. m. (-च) A horse-  
 man. f. (-चा) A plant; also Aswagand'ha, (Physalis flexuosa.) n. चरु  
 and चरु what mounts.  
 चरुचरुचरु म. (-च) A plant, (Physalis flexuosa.) n. चरु, चरु on, &c. चरु  
 what grows; growing to the length of a horse.  
 चरुचरुचरु mfn. (-च-ची-च) Mounted or riding on horse-back. n. चरु and  
 चरु what mounts.  
 चरुचरु mfn. (-च-ची-च) Drawn by horses, carried by horses, &c. n. चरु  
 and चरु aff.  
 चरुचरु m. du. (-ची) The twin sons of ASWINI by SURYA, and physicians  
 of Swarga. n. चरुचरु and चरु affix, the fem. termination is dropped.  
 चरुचरु f. (-ची) 1. The first of the twenty-eight Nakshatras or constella-  
 tions in the moon's path, hence considered its mansion. 2. In my-  
 thology, a nymph, the asterism personified. 3. The wife of SURYA,  
 who assumed herself in the form of a mare. n. चरु a horse, चरु and  
 चरु affix; the symbol of the Nakshatra is a horse's head, figured  
 by three stars in the head of ASWA.  
 चरुचरुचरु म. (-ची) The twin sons of SURYA the sun, by his wife  
 SURYA transformed to a mare: they are endowed with perpetual  
 youth and beauty, and are the physicians of the gods. n. चरु the  
 wife of SURYA, and चरु a youth.

चरुचरुचरु म. du. (-ची) The Aswins: see the last. n. चरुचरु and चरु a son.  
 चरुचरुचरु m. du. (-ची) The twin sons of 'ASWINI' by SURYA. n. चरुचरु  
 and चरु a son.  
 चरुचरुचरुचरु n. (-च) The heaven or station of the Aswins, to which the  
 gayer of a horse is raised. n. चरुचरु and चरुचरु interview.  
 चरुचरु mfn. (-च-चा-च) Distant a day's journey for a horse, more usually  
 चरुचरु.  
 चरुचरु mfn. (-च-चा-च) Belonging or relating to a horse. n. (-च) A number  
 of horses. n. चरु and चरु aff.  
 चरुचरुचरु mfn. (-च-ची-च) Broad-chested. n. चरु and चरु the breast, चरु aff.  
 चरु r. 1st cl. (चरुचरुचरु) 1. To go or move. 2. To take or receive. 3. To  
 shine: see चरु.  
 चरुचरुचरु म. (-च) A secret. n. च neg. चरु six, चरु in eye, and चरु affix;  
 what is not seen by six eyes, that is known or determined by two  
 persons to the exclusion of a third.  
 चरुचरु mfn. (-च-चा-च) Produced or occurring in the month A'sha'd'ha. m.  
 (-च) 1. The month A'sha'd'ha, commencing with the sun's entrance  
 into Gemini, (June-July.) 2. A student's staff. f. (-चा) A name com-  
 mon to the twentieth and twenty-first lunar mansion; see चरुचरुचरु  
 and चरुचरुचरु. n. See चरुचरु, the initial being made short.  
 चरुचरुचरु म. (-च) The month A'sha'd'ha; also चरुचरुचरु.  
 चरुचरु mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Eight. 2. Eighth. n. (-च) The eight sections  
 of PA'INI's Grammar. m. (-च) 1. The formulae of the Rig Veda  
 as collected into eight portions, thence called Ashtakas. 2. One  
 acquainted with PA'INI's rules or the formulae of the Veda. n. चरु  
 added to चरु.  
 चरुचरुचरु म. (-च) A name of BRAHMA. n. चरु eight, and चरु an ear; eight-  
 eared, being four-headed.  
 चरुचरु f. (-चा) 1. Worship of the manes or progenitors performed on  
 certain days. 2. The eighth day of three months on which the  
 progenitors are worshipped. n. चरु to eat, and चरु affix; vegetables,  
 flesh, and cake, being severally offered upon these occasions, and  
 the Brahmins feasted; in this sense it is also चरुचरु.  
 चरुचरुचरु म. (-च) A kind of board or cloth for playing with dice on. n.  
 चरु eight, and चरु body, having eight divisions.  
 चरुचरुचरु म. (-च) An octagon. n. चरु and चरु angle.  
 चरुचरुचरु म. (-च-चा-च) 1. A fabulous animal supposed to have eight legs:  
 see चरुचरु. 2. A spider.  
 चरुचरुचरु n. (-च) A flock of eight cows. n. चरु and चरु kine.  
 चरुचरुचरु mfn. (-च-चा-च) Eight fold. n. चरु eight, चरु number.  
 चरुचरुचरुचरु m. plu. (-च) The regents of the cardinal points, as INDRA of  
 the East; VAHNI of the S. E.; YAMA of the South; NARAYAN of  
 the S. W.; VARUNA of the West; MANU of the N. W.; KURVA  
 of the North; and ISH of the N. E. n. चरुचरु the eight points, and  
 चरु who protects.  
 चरुचरुचरु f. (-च) The eight cardinal points of the compass collectively.  
 n. चरु eight, चरु quarter.  
 चरुचरु ind. Eight fold, eight times. n. चरु eight, चरु aff.  
 चरुचरुचरु n. (-च) The eight metals collectively, as gold, silver, copper, tin,  
 lead, brass, iron and steel. n. चरु and चरु a mineral.  
 चरुचरु mfn. plu. only (चरु or चरु) Eight. n. चरु to pervade, चरुचरु  
 Una'di affix, and चरु inserted.  
 चरुचरुचरु m. (-च-चा-च) 1. A spider. 2. A fabulous animal with eight  
 legs: see चरुचरु. m. (-च) A kind of spider with a small body and  
 long legs. n. चरु eight, and चरु a foot.  
 चरु f. (-ची) A metre consisting of four lines, and having sixteen syl-  
 lables in each; there are nine species of it. n. चरु eight, चरु fem. aff.  
 चरुचरु mfn. (-च-ची-च) Eight. f. (-ची) 1. The eighth day of the fortnight.  
 2. A medicinal plant: see चरुचरुचरु, the last of a class of eight  
 medicinal plants: see चरुचरु. n. चरु with चरु affix and चरु augment.

चरहृत्तम m. (-चः) A horse with a white face, tail, mane, breast, and hoofs. n. (-चः) A collection of eight lucky things to be assembled on certain occasions, as at a coronation, &c. as a lion, a bull, an elephant, a water-jar, a fan, a flag, a trumpet, and a lamp; or a Brahman, a cow, fire, gold, ghee, the sun, water, and a king. n. चर eight, and चरहृत्तम suspicious.

चरहृत्तम m. (-चः) An eighth. n. चरहृत्तम and चरहृत्तम a part.

चरहृत्तम n. (-चः) A measure, one Kṛava. n. चर eight, and चरहृत्तम measure.

चरहृत्तम f. (-चः) A weight of four tolas. n. चरहृत्तम eighth, चर added, fem. form.

चरहृत्तम m. (-चः) A name of Śiva. n. चर eight, and चरहृत्तम form; evident in the earth, water, &c.

चरहृत्तम m. (-चः) A name of Śiva. n. चरहृत्तम an assemblage of eight forms, and चर who has, being identical with the five elements and with the mind, individuality and crude matter.

चरहृत्तम n. (-चः) A class of eight metals, gold, silver, copper, tin, lead, and iron of three sorts, including steel. n. चर eight, चरहृत्तम metal.

चरहृत्तम m. (-चः) A class of eight principal medicaments, they are mostly the roots of plants from the hills, which have not been determined, and are named: Rishabha, Jivaka, Meda, Mahameda, Riddhi, Vridhhi, Ka'koli, and Kahiraka'koli. n. चर eight, and चरहृत्तम a class.

चरहृत्तम mfn. (-चः-चः-चः) Eightfold, of eight kinds. n. चर eight, and चरहृत्तम sort.

चरहृत्तम m. (-चः) A name of BRAHMA. n. चर and चरहृत्तम an ear; eight-eared.

चरहृत्तम mfn. (-चः-चः-चः) Prepared in eight pans. m. (-चः) 1. A sacrifice in which ghee, is offered in eight vessels. n. चर and चरहृत्तम the convexity of a jar.

चरहृत्तम n. (-चः) A car or wain, one drawn by eight oxen. n. चर and चरहृत्तम a cow, चर aff.

चरहृत्तम n. (-चः) 1. Eight parts of the body, the hands, breast, forehead, eyes, throat and middle of the back; or four first, with the knees and feet; or these six, with the words and mind. 2. Any whole consisting of eight parts or members. 3. The eight parts of a court, or the law, the judge, assessors, scribe and astrologer, gold, fire and water. 4. A die, dice. n. चर eight, and चरहृत्तम a limb.

चरहृत्तम m. (-चः) See the above. n. चरहृत्तम and चर taking.

चरहृत्तम m. (-चः) Prostration as in reverence. n. चरहृत्तम eight members, and चर falling, touching the ground with the hands, knees, and feet, forehead and breast.

चरहृत्तम m. (-चः) Profound reverence, prostration with the hands, feet, thighs, breast, eyes, head, words and mind. n. चरहृत्तम and चरहृत्तम bowing.

चरहृत्तम m. (-चः) An offering of eight articles, water, milk, Kusa grass, curds, ghee, rice, barley and mustard; or honey, red plecter flowers, and sandal, are substituted for the three last. n. चर eight, चरहृत्तम member, चरहृत्तम offering.

चरहृत्तम mfn. plu. only (-चः) Eighteen. n. चर eight, and चरहृत्तम ten.

चरहृत्तम m. (-चः-चः) 1. A kind of chequered cloth or board for drafts, dice, &c. 2. Gold. m. (-चः) 1. A spider. 2. A fabulous animal with eight legs, the Sarabha. 3. The mountain Kailasa or abode of KURMA. 4. A worm. 5. A pin or bolt. f. (-चः) A wild sort of jasmine. n. चर eight, and चरहृत्तम a quarter, place, foot, &c. च being made long.

चरहृत्तम n. (-चः) Cold-leaf, a sheet of gold. n. चरहृत्तम and चरहृत्तम a leaf.

चरहृत्तम mfn. (-चः-चः-चः) Quartered by eight, having eight for the root. n. चरहृत्तम and चरहृत्तम a quarter.

चरहृत्तम m. (-चः) A Jaina saint and ruler. n. चर, चरहृत्तम a period, and चरहृत्तम a ruler; such for eight Arsa.

चरहृत्तम n. (-चः) An octagon. n. चर and चरहृत्तम angle.

चरहृत्तम m. (-चः-चः-चः) Octagonal.

चरि f. (-चः) A kernel, a stone. n. चर neg. चरहृत्तम, चरहृत्तम.

चरिहृत्तम f. (-चः) 1. A round pebble or stone. 2. A pebble. 3. A pebble. 4. A pebble. 5. A pebble. 6. A pebble. 7. A pebble. 8. A pebble. 9. A pebble. 10. A pebble. 11. A pebble. 12. A pebble. 13. A pebble. 14. A pebble. 15. A pebble. 16. A pebble. 17. A pebble. 18. A pebble. 19. A pebble. 20. A pebble. 21. A pebble. 22. A pebble. 23. A pebble. 24. A pebble. 25. A pebble. 26. A pebble. 27. A pebble. 28. A pebble. 29. A pebble. 30. A pebble. 31. A pebble. 32. A pebble. 33. A pebble. 34. A pebble. 35. A pebble. 36. A pebble. 37. A pebble. 38. A pebble. 39. A pebble. 40. A pebble. 41. A pebble. 42. A pebble. 43. A pebble. 44. A pebble. 45. A pebble. 46. A pebble. 47. A pebble. 48. A pebble. 49. A pebble. 50. A pebble. 51. A pebble. 52. A pebble. 53. A pebble. 54. A pebble. 55. A pebble. 56. A pebble. 57. A pebble. 58. A pebble. 59. A pebble. 60. A pebble. 61. A pebble. 62. A pebble. 63. A pebble. 64. A pebble. 65. A pebble. 66. A pebble. 67. A pebble. 68. A pebble. 69. A pebble. 70. 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असहस्यार्थि mfn. (-दी-विनी-यि) Accidental, not inherent and inseparable.  
 २. च neg. सहस्य intimate union, सहि aff.  
 असमर्थ mfn. (-दी-या-यै) 1. Unable, incompetent. 2. Feeble, weak. ३. च  
 neg. समर्थ able.  
 असमर्पण n. (-यै) Non-delivery, not committing or intrusting any thing to  
 another. ३. च neg. समर्पण delivering.  
 असमर्पित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Unconsigning, unintrusted, undelivered. ३. च  
 neg. समर्पित delivered.  
 असमस्त mfn. (-सः-सा-स) 1. Separate, several, uncollected, uncompounded.  
 २. Incomplete, imperfect. ३. च neg. समस्त assembled.  
 असमान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Different. 2. Unlike. 3. Unequal. ३. च neg.  
 समान same.  
 असमाप्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Unfinished, unaccomplished. ३. च neg. समाप्त  
 completed, simple.  
 असमाप्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Unfinished, incomplete. ३. च neg. समाप्त finished.  
 असमाप्ति f. (-तिः) Incompleteness. ३. च neg. समाप्ति completion  
 असमाप्तक m. (-कः) A religious student, whose studies are not complet-  
 ed. ३. च neg. समाप्तक who completes his course.  
 असमाहार m. (-रः) 1. Non-recovery of any thing. 2. Disjunction, discon-  
 nection. ३. च neg. सम् and चाह् before ह् to take, affix च्.  
 असमाहार्य mfn. (-यः-या-यै) Irrecoverable. 2. Not to be combined or  
 united. ३. च neg. सम् and चाह् before ह् to take, च्त् aff.  
 असमीक्ष्य ind. Not having considered. ३. च neg. समीक्ष्य having seen.  
 असमीक्ष्यकारिन् mfn. (-री-रि-रि-रि) Acting inconsiderately. ३. असमीक्ष्य and  
 कारिन् who acts.  
 असमीचीन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Improper, incorrect. ३. च neg. समीचीन proper,  
 right.  
 असमृद्धि mfn. (-द्धिः-द्धिः-द्धि) Unfortunate, f. (-द्धिः) Non-increase. ३. च neg.  
 समृद्धि increase.  
 असमृद्धि f. (-द्धिः) 1. Ill luck, non-increase. 2. Non-accomplishment, fail-  
 ure. ३. च neg. समृद्धि prosperity.  
 असम्यक्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Uneffected, unaccomplished. ३. च neg. सम्यक्त effected.  
 असम्यक्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Destitute of connexion or relation. ३. च neg.  
 सम्यक्त connexion.  
 असम्यक्तीय mfn. (-यः-या-यै) Unconnected with, not belonging to. ३. च neg.  
 सम्यक्तीय related to.  
 असम्यक्त्व mfn. (-त्वः-त्वा-त्वं) Incomplete, not entire. ३. च neg. सम्यक्त्व complete.  
 असम्यक्त्व mfn. (-त्वः-त्वा-त्वं) 1. Unconnected, unmeaning, incoherent, (dis-  
 course, &c.) 2. Improper, wrong. ३. च neg. सम् with, and च् to bind,  
 affix of the part, past.  
 असम्यक्त्व mfn. (-त्वः-त्वा-त्वं) Unconnected, not relating or belonging to. ३. च  
 neg. सम्यक्त्व connexion.  
 असमाश्रय mfn. (-यः-या-यै) Open, accessible, f. (-यः) A species of the Sarkari  
 metre. ३. च neg. समाश्रय contracted.  
 असम्भव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Improbable, unlikely, inconsistent. 2. Non-  
 existent, nf. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Any extraordinary event. 2. Non-existence. ३.  
 च neg. सम्भव production.  
 असम्भवा f. (-वा) Difficulty or impossibility of conceiving or comprehend-  
 ing. ३. च neg. सम्भवा conception.  
 असम्भवनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यै) Inconceivable, incomprehensible. ३. च neg.  
 सम्भवनीय conceivable.  
 असम्भूत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Unproduced. ३. च neg. सम्भूत born.  
 असंभोग m. (-नः) Non-enjoyment, not using or enjoying. ३. च neg. संभोग  
 enjoyment.  
 असंभुज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Cool, composed. m. (-जः) Calmness, steadiness.  
 ३. च neg. संभुज fiery.  
 असंमत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Dissentient, differing from. 2. Averse, con-  
 trary. ३. च neg. सम् with, मत minded.  
 असंसर्ग f. (-र्गः) 1. Dissent, difference of opinion. 2. Dislike, aversion.  
 ३. च neg. सम् with, संति mind.

असंयत m. (-यः) Disrespect, disrespect. ३. च neg. सम् with, संति respect.  
 असंयत mfn. (-यः-या-यै) Clear-seeing, judging well, good, virtuous. ३. च neg.  
 संयत beguiled.  
 असंयत m. (-यः) Steadiness, calmness, composure. ३. च neg. संयत  
 agitation.  
 असंयतारिन् mfn. (-रि-रि-रि-रि) 1. Inexpert, incompetent. 2. Ill-conduct-  
 ed, profligate. ३. च neg. संयत properly, कारिन् who does any thing.  
 असंयत mfn. (-यः-या-यै) 1. Improper, incorrect. 2. Imperfect,  
 incomplete. ३. च neg. संयत right.  
 असंयत m. (-यः) The name of a medicinal plant, vulg. Kukurnaga,  
 (Conyza lacera.) ३. असंयत to reject or be rejected, असंयत affix; throw  
 away from its bad smell.  
 असंयत n. (-यः) 1. Iron. 2. Arms. 3. A mantra. ३. असंयत to be, असंयत aff.  
 असंयत mfn. (-यः-या-यै) 1. Of a different caste. 2. Of a different colour. ३.  
 च neg. संयत of one caste, &c.  
 असंयत mfn. (-यः-या-यै) Impatient, intolerant, not enduring. ३. च neg. संयत  
 who bears.  
 असंयत mfn. (-यः-या-यै) Unable to endure. m. (-यः) An enemy. n. (-यः) In-  
 tolerance, impatience. ३. च neg. संयत to bear, असंयत aff.  
 असंयतीय mfn. (-यः-या-यै) Unbearable, insufferable. ३. च neg. संयतीय to be  
 borne; also असंयतीय and असंयत.  
 असंयतान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Impatient, not bearing, not enduring. ३. च neg.  
 संयतान bearing.  
 असंयत mfn. (-यः-या-यै) Lonely, solitary, friendless. ३. च neg. संयत an  
 associate.  
 असंयतता f. (-ता) 1. Loneliness, solitude, the life of a hermit. 2. Friend-  
 lessness, being without a friend or patron. ३. असंयत and तत् affix;  
 also असंयतत्व.  
 असंयत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Unassociated, unaccompanied. ३. च neg. संयत  
 accompanied.  
 असंयत mfn. (-यः-या-यै) Impatient, unenduring. ३. च neg. and संयत  
 bearing.  
 असंयत mfn. (-यः-या-यै) Intolerable, unbearable. ३. च neg. संयत to be  
 borne.  
 असंयत ind. 1. Invisible, imperceptible. 2. Not present. ३. च neg. संयत  
 before one's eyes.  
 असंयत mfn. (-यः-या-यै) Unattested, unwitnessed. ३. च neg. संयत a  
 witness, तत् aff.  
 असंयत mfn. (-यः-या-यै) Incompetent as evidence. ३. च neg. संयत a  
 witness.  
 असंयत m. (-यः) Want of evidence, sufficient evidence. ३. च neg. संयत testi-  
 mony.  
 असंयत mfn. (-यः-या-यै) Unwholesome, disagreeing with, (as food,  
 &c.) ३. च neg. संयत suitable.  
 असंयत mfn. (-यः-या-यै) Without means. n. (-यः) 1. Non-accomplishment.  
 2. Not proving or establishing. ३. च neg. and संयत implement or  
 means.  
 असंयतीय mfn. (-यः-या-यै) Unaccomplishable, not to be effected or com-  
 pleted. ३. च neg. संयतीय to be effected; also असंयत.  
 असंयत mfn. (-यः-या-यै) Special, specific, not common. ३. (-यः) 1.  
 Speciality, species. 2. Special property. ३. च neg. संयत common.  
 असंयत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Unaccomplished. ३. च neg. संयत accomplished.  
 असंयत mfn. (-यः-या-यै) Whisked, bad. ३. (-यः) An unchaste wife. ३. च  
 neg. संयत virtuous.  
 असंयत f. (-ता) Whoredom. ३. असंयत and तत् affix; of which असंयत  
 असंयत f. (-ता) An unchaste woman. ३. असंयत impurity, and असंयत  
 confessed or practised.  
 असंयत mfn. (-यः-या-यै) 1. Not to be effected, not proper. 2. Not to be  
 accomplished. 3. Incurable, irremediable. ३. च neg. संयत to be done.

असह्य m. (-यः) Fine, delicate, but with interstices. न. च priv. and असह्य.

असह्य m. (-यः) Unseasonable. न. च neg. उद्यम time, दुष् aff.

असह्य m. (-यः) Peculiar, not common. न. (-यः) Peculiar or special property. न. च neg. साधारण common.

असह्य ind. Unfitly, improperly, inopportune. न. च priv. and असह्य.

असह्य n. (-यः) 1. Difference, dissimilarity. 2. Unsuitableness, (in medicine or diet,) Unwholesomeness. 3. Disagreeableness. न. च neg. साधारण common.

असह्य m. (-यः) 1. Sapless, pithless. 2. Vein, unprofitable. 3. Weak, feeble. न. (-यः) The castor oil tree. न. च priv. and सार juice, sap, &c.

असह्य m. (-यः) Careless, inadvertent. न. च neg. साधारण careful.

असह्यता f. (-ता) Carelessness. न. तच् added to the last, or with त्, असह्यता.

असह्य n. (-यः) Gentleness, absence of violence. न. च neg. सार violence.

असह्य m. (-यः) Gentle, peaceable, not violent. न. च neg. सार violent.

असह्य n. (-यः) Want of assistance or co-operation. न. च neg. साधारण alliance, friendship.

असि m. (-सि) A sword, a scimitar. न. असि to cast, and इन् Una'di aff.

असि n. (-सि) The part of the face between the under-lip and the chin. न. असि to throw, to shine, &c. and इन् aff.

असिका f. (-का) A woman servant : see असिका.

असिका f. (-का) 1. A girl attending upon the inner or women's apartments. 2. A river. न. च neg. and सित white, because her hair is not whitened by age : न. is substituted for त्, and the affix is ङीप्.

असिका m. (-सः) A small pillow.

असित m. (-तः) Black or dark blue, m. (-तः) 1. Black, (the colour.) 2. A name of the planet Saturn. 3. The dark fortnight of a lunar month. f. (-ता) 1. The indigo-plant. न. च neg. and सित white.

असितामोहर m. (-रः) A Jaina or Buddha saint. न. असित black, चम a cloud, and मोहर a crest : cloud-crested.

असितामोहर n. (-रः) The blue lotus. न. असित black or dark blue, and चम a lotus.

असितामोहर m. (-रः) A name of VAHNI or fire. न. असित dark, smoky, चम a ray of light.

असितामोहर n. (-रः) 1. The lapis lazuli. 2. Any black or dark blue stone. न. असित black, and चम a stone.

असितामोहर n. (-रः) The blue lotus. न. असित and चम lotus.

असितामोहर n. (-रः) The lapis lazuli. न. असित blue, चम stone.

असिदं, m. (-यः) A marine monster, the Makara, considered as the emblem of KAMADIVA. न. असि and दं, a tooth : sword-toothed.

असिदं m. (-यः) See the preceding. न. As before, चम added.

असिदं m. (-यः) A crocodile : see सार.

असिदं f. (-यः) The edge of a sword. न. असि and चम edge.

असिदं m. (-यः) 1. Unripe. 2. Imperfect, incomplete. 3. Unaccomplished, unperfected. 4. Unproven. न. च neg. and चम perfect.

असिदं f. (-यः) 1. Failure, imperfect or incomplete accomplishment. 2. (In logic,) Want of proof, conclusion not warranted by the premises. न. च neg. चम completion.

असिदं m. (-यः) A furbisher, a sword or tool cleanser; न. असि and चम who polishes; to चम clean, चम aff.

असिदं m. (-यः) See the preceding. न. चम added to the above.

असिदं f. (-यः) A knife. न. असि and चम a bow; the sword-like bow.

असिदं f. (-यः) See the preceding. न. As before.

असिदं m. (-यः) 1. The sugar-cane. 2. A hell paved with swords, न. (-यः) 1. A sheath, a scabbard. 2. The blade of a sword. न. असि and चम a leaf; sharp as a sword, or enclosing it.

असिदं m. (-यः) The sugar-cane. न. As the preceding.

असिदं n. (-यः) A hell where the trees have leaves as sharp as swords. न. असि and चम a leaf, चम a wood.

असिदं m. (-यः) The gangetic porpoise, (Dolphin gangeticus, Rox.) न. असि, चम a tall, and चम affix; sword-tailed.

असिदं f. (-यः) A knife. न. असि and चम a daughter, an infant sword; from its smallness.

असिदं f. (-यः) A knife. न. See the preceding.

असिदं m. (-यः) A fetid Mimosa : see चमिदं. न. असि and चम marrow, essence; the plant being described with many thorns, and a decoction of it being emollient.

असिदं m. (-यः) A swordsman or soldier armed with a sword. न. असि and चम a weapon.

असि m. pl. always, (असि) The five vital breaths or airs of the body. न. (-यः) 1. Reflexion, thought, or the heart as the seat of it. 2. Affliction. न. असि to be, &c. and च Una'di aff.

असिदं m. (-यः) Difficult, arduous. न. च neg. सुकर easy.

असिदं n. (-यः) See असिदं.

असिदं n. (-यः) Sorrow, pain, affliction, &c. न. च neg. and सुक pleasure

असिदं m. (-यः) Producing unhappiness. न. असिदं and चम what bears.

असिदं m. (-यः) Unhappy, sorrowful, afflicted. न. असिदं and चम aff.

असिदं m. (-यः) Causing or ending in unhappiness. न. असिदं and चम rising.

असिदं m. (-यः) Productive of or ending in unhappiness. न. असिदं and चम subsequent.

असिदं m. (-यः) 1. Difficult of attainment or accomplishment, hard, unattainable. 2. Difficult to be understood. न. च neg. सु easily, न. going.

असिदं m. (-यः) Childless. न. च neg. सुत a son, &c.

असिदं n. (-यः) Life, existence. न. असि vital air, and चम possession.

असिदं m. (-यः) Disagreeable, unpleasant, offensive. न. च neg. सुनिरस agreeable.

असिदं m. (-यः) 1. Plain, ugly. 2. Improper, unbecoming. न. च neg. सुन्दर handsome.

असिदं m. (-यः) Living, alive. न. असि and चम possessing.

असिदं m. (-यः) Living, breathing. m. (-यः) Life, the principle of vitality; the portion of spirit connected with the attributes of existence. न. असि vital air, चम poss. aff.

असिदं m. (-यः) An Asura or demon : the Asuras are children of Diti by KASYAPA; they are demons of the first order, and in perpetual hostility with the gods. m. (-यः) The sun. 1. (-यः) 1. Night. 2. A zodiacal sign. 3. A prostitute. f. (-यः) 1. Black mustard, (Sinapis ramosa). 2. The wife of an Asura. न. च neg. and सुत a deity; or असि to send, to cast, &c. and चम Una'di affix, टाप् and ङीप् for the fem or च neg. and सुत spirituous liquor, personified as a damsel produced at the churning of the ocean, who was rejected by the demons and received by the gods.

असिदं m. (-यः) Perishable, volatile, transitory. न. च neg. सु easy, रक्ष preservation.

असिदं m. (-यः) Difficult of retention or preservation. न. च neg. सु easily, रक्ष to be kept.

असिदं m. (-यः) A name of VISHNU. न. असिदं and चम an enemy, the foe of the Asuras.

असिदं f. (-यः) A sort of basil, (Ocimum pilosum.)

असिदं n. (-यः) Bell metal. न. असिदं and चम a name; named after an Asura; struck at seasons of worship, and deterring his approach.

असिदं m. (-यः) See असिदं.

असिदं m. (-यः) Difficult of attainment. न. च neg. सुत easily got.

अपुत्रम mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) Dearly beloved. m. (-नः) 1. A husband. 2. A lover. n. अपुत्र life, अपुत्र equal to.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) Unwell, uncomfortable. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र well.

अपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) An enemy. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र a friend.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) Calumnious, scandalous, detracting, depreciating. n. अपुत्र to calumniate, अपुत्र aff.

अपुत्र n. (-नः) Disrespect. n. अपुत्र implying modification, अपुत्र to disrespect, अपुत्र अपुत्र, the अपुत्र is rejected; it is also written अपुत्र and अपुत्र.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) Large, thick, gross. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र fine.

अपुत्र f. (-तिः) 1. Non-production, obstruction, removal. 2. Barrenness. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र bringing forth.

अपुत्र n. (-नः) Calumny, detraction. n. अपुत्र to detract from, अपुत्र aff.

अपुत्र f. (-या) 1. Calumny, detraction. 2. The wife of the sage ATRI. n. अपुत्र to detract from, a nominal root, and अपुत्र aff.

अपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) Calumny. n. अपुत्र to calumniate, अपुत्र aff.

अपुत्र n. (-नः) Disrespect. n. See अपुत्र; it is also written अपुत्र.

अपुत्रिका f. (-या) The wife of a king or a great man. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र the sun, and अपुत्र who sees; who never sees the sun being shut up in the Zenana.

अपुत्र m. (-नः) The juice or essence of the body; lymph, serum, &c. n. अपुत्र blood, and अपुत्र what makes.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) A Rakshasa, an imp or goblin of malicious propensities. n. अपुत्र blood, and अपुत्र who drinks: these demons eat flesh, human or animal.

अपुत्रात m. (-नः) Drops of blood, as from a wound. n. अपुत्र and अपुत्र falling.

अपुत्रात m. (-नः) Bleeding, letting blood. n. अपुत्र and अपुत्र causing to flow.

अपुत्रात mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः-ति) Bleeding, who or what takes away blood. n. अपुत्र and अपुत्र what causes to flow.

अपुत्रात f. (-या) Irregular or excessive menstruation, menorrhagia. n. अपुत्र, अपुत्र to tear, अपुत्र aff.

अपुत्रात f. (-या) The skin. n. अपुत्र and अपुत्र what contains: blood-containing; also अपुत्रात.

अपुत्रात f. (-या) 1. The skin. 2. A stream of blood. n. अपुत्र and अपुत्र a stream.

अपुत्रात f. (-या) A blood-vessel. n. अपुत्र and अपुत्र what bears.

अपुत्रात n. (-नः) Bleeding. n. अपुत्र and अपुत्र letting.

अपुत्र n. (-नः) Blood. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र to create, अपुत्र aff.

अपुत्रात mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) A stream of blood. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र to go, अपुत्र aff.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) 1. Uncreated. 2. Undistributed, not presented. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र created, &c.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) Charming, lovely. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र satisfaction.

अपुत्र n. (-नः) 1. Disregarding, neglecting. 2. Avoiding, shunning. 3. Disobedience, inattention. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र service.

अपुत्र f. (-या) 1. Avoiding, not following or practising. 2. Disregard. 3. Disobedience. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र service: see the last.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) 1. Neglected, unattended to, disobeyed. 2. Abstained from, disused. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र served, used.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) 1. Not to be served or attended to. 2. Not to be used or practised, not to be eaten, drank, &c. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र to be followed.

अपुत्र n. (-नः) Ugliness. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र beauty.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) 1. Ugly, unlovely. 2. Disagreeable, displeasing. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र pleasing.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) Having a bad or breaking voice. n. अपुत्र disagreeable, and अपुत्र a note or sound.

अपुत्र n. (-नः) 1. Ugliness, deformity. 2. Demerit, worthlessness. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र beauty, &c.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) Permanent, durable. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र to flow, अपुत्र.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) 1. First, permanent, unchangeable, unobscured. 2. Not slipping or fallen. 3. Undeviating. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) 1. Thrown, cast. 2. Sent, dispatched. n. अपुत्र, obscured. 4. Removed, set aside. m. (-नः) 1. The western mountain, behind which the sun is supposed to set. 2. Sun-set. n. अपुत्र Dusk, end. n. अपुत्र to obscure or eclipse, अपुत्र affix, or अपुत्र to throw, अपुत्र and अपुत्र aff.

अपुत्र m. (-नः) Beatitude, eternal felicity. n. अपुत्र disappearance, and अपुत्र aff.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) Set, as the sun. n. अपुत्र and अपुत्र gone.

अपुत्र m. (-नः) The western mountain. n. अपुत्र and अपुत्र a mountain.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) Unconfounded. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र astounded.

अपुत्र n. (-नः) Self-possession, not being confused or confounded. n. अपुत्र added to the last.

अपुत्र ind. Disappearance, setting, vanishing. n. अपुत्र to send or cast, अपुत्र aff.

अपुत्र f. (-ती) A plant, (Hedysarum gangeticum?) see अपुत्र. n. अपुत्र the mountain, and अपुत्र to go, अपुत्र and अपुत्र affixes; abounding in the west.

अपुत्र n. (-नः) Disappearance, setting. n. अपुत्र, and अपुत्र going.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) Set, (as the sun.) n. अपुत्र and अपुत्र gone.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) 1. Obstructed, hindered, opposed. 2. Set. n. अपुत्र thrown, &c. अपुत्र poss. aff.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) Confused, disordered, irrelevant. n. अपुत्र and अपुत्र scattered.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) Innumerable. n. अपुत्र gone, अपुत्र number.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) Very deep: see अपुत्र.

अपुत्र m. (-नः) The western mountain. n. अपुत्र, and अपुत्र a mountain.

अपुत्र m. (-नः) The western mountain. n. अपुत्र and अपुत्र a mountain.

अपुत्र n. (-नः) The resting of a heavenly body on the western part of the horizon. n. अपुत्र and अपुत्र depending.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) Setting as the sun, on the point of setting. n. अपुत्र and अपुत्र impending.

अपुत्र ind. Now being, existent, present. n. अपुत्र to be, and अपुत्र affix, or the third person sing. present tense, it is, used as a particle.

अपुत्राति ind. 1. Doubtful. 2. Partly true and partly not. n. अपुत्र and अपुत्र it is not.

अपुत्राति n. (-नः) 1. Uncertain or doubtful existence. 2. Partial existence. n. अपुत्र added to the last; also अपुत्राति.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) Wealthy, opulent. n. अपुत्र what is, and अपुत्र poss. aff.

अपुत्र ind. Be it so, let it be, implying assent, also reluctance and pain. n. अपुत्र to be, अपुत्र affix or the third person sing. imperative used as a particle.

अपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्रः) Not praised. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र praised.

अपुत्र n. (-नः) Honesty. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र theft.

अपुत्र n. (-नः) Honesty. n. अपुत्र neg. अपुत्र theft.

अपुत्र n. (-नः) Reproach, blame. n. अपुत्र deteriorative and अपुत्र to sound, अपुत्र aff.

अपुत्र n. (-नः) 1. A weapon in general. 2. A sword. 3. A bow. 4. A missile weapon. n. अपुत्र to throw, अपुत्र Una'di aff.

अपुत्र m. (-नः) An arrow. n. अपुत्र and अपुत्र a shiron, a shiron-like weapon.

अपुत्र m. (-नः) An armourer. n. अपुत्र and अपुत्र who makes: see अपुत्र, and अपुत्राति m. (-नः).

अपुत्र m. (-नः) A surgeon. n. अपुत्र and अपुत्र healing; who uses instruments as means of cure.

अपुत्र f. (-या) Surgery. n. अपुत्र a knife, a lance, and अपुत्र healing.



अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) A soldier, a warrior. इ. अस्त्रिणीय a weapon, and जीव who lives by.  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) A soldier, इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय who bears; so अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः)  
 अस्त्रिणीय n. (-रः) Guarding off a blow. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय guarding.  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) An armourer, a sword or fool cleaner. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय who cleans, from अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय affix; also अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः)  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) Fighting with weapons इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय battle.  
 अस्त्रिणीय f. (-रः) The military science. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय knowledge.  
 अस्त्रिणीय n. (-रः) The science of arms and war. इ. अस्त्रिणीय a weapon, and वेद a Veda or scripture.  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) An iron arrow. इ. अस्त्रिणीय, वी to destroy, अस्त्रिणीय affix; what destroys all other weapons. [of  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-ना-न) Unarmed, defenceless. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and वीन deprived  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) An arsenal, an armoury. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय house.  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) A wound, a cut. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय a blow.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-ता-त) Struck, wounded, killed. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय struck.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-का-क) Having no female. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. जी female, कन् added.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-ना-न) Very deep. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. स्था to stand, with क्ति affix, and न from गन् to go; where there is no proceeding to an end, it is also written अस्त्रिणीय, अस्त्रिणीय, अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-घा-घ) See the preceding. इ. As before, with घ, from हन् to kill or hurt, and अस्त्रिणीय aff.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-ना-न) See अस्त्रिणीय. n. (-रः) A place where there is no firm footing. adv. Unsuitably, unseasonably. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. and स्थान stopping.  
 अस्त्रिणीय ind. Unseasonably, inopportunist. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. स्थाने in place.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-घा-घ) See अस्त्रिणीय; also अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-घी-घी-घी) Perishable, transient. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. and स्थायिन् staying.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-रा-र) See अस्त्रिणीय. इ. अस्त्रिणीय as above, and र from रा to obtain.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Moveable, moving, not fixed. 2. (In law) Personal, (as property,) money, cattle, &c. opposed to land. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. स्थावर stable.  
 अस्त्रिणीय n. (-रः) A bone. इ. अस्त्रिणीय to throw, &c. and क्ति aff.  
 अस्त्रिणीय n. (-रः) A bone. इ. कन् added to the last.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-रः) Marrow. इ. अस्त्रिणीय a bone, and क्ति what makes.  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) Marrow. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and क्ति what is produced.  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) Marrow. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and क्ति what knows.  
 अस्त्रिणीय f. (-रः) Want of place or condition, want of firm continuance. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. स्थिति staying.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-रः) A bird. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and क्ति a mouth; whose mouth or beak is of bone.  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) Pain in the bones. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and तीद torturing.  
 अस्त्रिणीय f. (-रः) The periosteum. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and क्ति skin.  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) A name of Siva. इ. अस्त्रिणीय, वन् a bow, and अस्त्रिणीय aff.  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) A skeleton. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय a cage.  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) A dog. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय who eats.  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) 1. Fracture. 2. A plant of supposed efficacy in fractures, (Cissus quadrangularis.) इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय a breaking.  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) A dog. इ. अस्त्रिणीय a bone, अस्त्रिणीय who eats.  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) 1. Fracturing, breaking or wounding a bone. 2. A sort of bone, a bone. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय breaking, &c.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-ना-न) A bone-breaker, who or what breaks bones. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय what breaks.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-ना-न) Having bones, vertebrated, &c. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय poss. aff.

अस्त्रिणीय f. (-रः) A necklace of bones. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय a garland.  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) A name of Siva. इ. अस्त्रिणीय a bone, अस्त्रिणीय a garland, रनि affix; SIVA is commonly represented with a necklace of skulls.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Trembling, shaken, unsteady. 2. Uncertain, unascertained. 3. Unworthy of confidence. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. and स्थिर firm  
 अस्त्रिणीय f. (-रः) Unsteadiness, fickleness, mutability. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय aff.  
 अस्त्रिणीय n. (-रः) Unsteadiness, mutability. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय aff.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-ना-न) Bony, osseous इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय aff.  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) A name of BHIRIN, one of SIVA's attendants. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय a part, &c. who carries SIVA's decorations.  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) Dryness and decay of the bones. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय dry-ing up  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) A plant, a species of turnsol. (Heliotropium indicum:) see अस्त्रिणीय इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय before ह् to take, to collect, seize, &c. (it is an ingredient in philtres, &c.) अस्त्रिणीय aff  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) The adjutant bird. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय who seizes.  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) Collecting the bones or their ashes after burning a corpse इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय assemblage; also अस्त्रिणीय  
 अस्त्रिणीय f. (-रः) 1. A joint, an articulation. 2. Uniting of a broken bone इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय connection.  
 अस्त्रिणीय n. (-रः) Throwing the bones of a dead body into the Ganges. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय consigning.  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) Marrow. इ. अस्त्रिणीय bone, and अस्त्रिणीय essence.  
 अस्त्रिणीय m. (-रः) The body, or that of which the bones are the supporters. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय a post.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-ना-न) Small, delicate. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. अस्त्रिणीय gross.  
 अस्त्रिणीय n. (-रः) Instability, unsteadiness. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. स्थिर steadiness.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-ना-न) 1. Harsh, hard, dry 2. Harsh, unkind. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. and अस्त्रिणीय unctuous.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-ना-न) 1. Harsh, unkind. 2. Harsh, hard, dry. m. (-रः) 1. Unkindness, want of affection. 2. Absence of oneness. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. अस्त्रिणीय affection, &c.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-ना-न) What does not touch or is not touched. m. (-रः) Not touching, non-contact. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. अस्त्रिणीय contact.  
 अस्त्रिणीय n. (-रः) Non-contact, avoiding the contact of any thing or person, especially of one who is impure. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. अस्त्रिणीय touching.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-ना-न) Impure, not to be touched. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. अस्त्रिणीय to be touched.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-ना-न) Untouched. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. अस्त्रिणीय touched.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-ना-न) Indistinct. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. अस्त्रिणीय clear.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-ना-न) Not to be touched. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. अस्त्रिणीय tangible.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-ना-न) Untouched. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. अस्त्रिणीय touched.  
 अस्त्रिणीय f. (-रः) Not touching, avoiding contact. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. अस्त्रिणीय touching.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-ना-न) Undesirous, content, indifferent. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. अस्त्रिणीय desire  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-ना-न) Undesirable. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. अस्त्रिणीय desirable.  
 अस्त्रिणीय n. (-रः) Indistinct speech. mfn. (-रः-ना-न) 1. Indistinct, obscure. 2. Invisible. 3. Unblown इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. and अस्त्रिणीय open, clear.  
 अस्त्रिणीय n. (-रः) 1. Indistinct result. 2. (In Geometry,) Gross area of a triangle, &c. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय fruit. [who speaks.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः) Lispering, speaking indistinctly. इ. अस्त्रिणीय and अस्त्रिणीय  
 अस्त्रिणीय First person pronoun, (अस्त्रिणीय) 1. (अस्त्रिणीय) We two. (अस्त्रिणीय) We. इ. अस्त्रिणीय to be, and अस्त्रिणीय Una'di affix: the inflexions of this pronoun are very irregular.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-ना-न) Our, ours. इ. अस्त्रिणीय 1, and अस्त्रिणीय affix in the sense of the second case plur.  
 अस्त्रिणीय n. (-रः) A furnace or fire-place: see अस्त्रिणीय.  
 अस्त्रिणीय n. (-रः) Forgetfulness, forgetting. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. अस्त्रिणीय remembering.  
 अस्त्रिणीय mfn. (-रः-ना-न) Not to be recollected. इ. अस्त्रिणीय neg. अस्त्रिणीय to be remembered.

**बलसङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः)** An arrow. **म. बल** and **सङ्ग** throat.  
**बलज n. (-जः)** Flesh. **ए. बल** blood, and **ज** produced.  
**बलजिन् m. (-जिन्)** A plant, commonly Kaba labentu.  
**बलप mf. (-पः-पाः)** A Rakshasa or goblin. **फ. (-पाः)** A leech. **ए. बल** blood, and **प** who drinks.  
**बलपित n. (-पितः)** Plethora, hemorrhage, epistaxis, involuntary discharge of blood from the mouth, nostrils, anus, &c. **ए. बल** and **पित** bile : both humors being supposed to be affected.  
**बलमातृका f. (-का)** Chyle, chyme. **ए. बल** blood, **मातृ** the parent, **सन्** affix of similitude.  
**बलरोहिणी f. (-नी)** A plant, (Mimosa pudica.)  
**बलार्जक m. (-कः)** The white Tulasi.  
**बलि f. (-लिः)** Ten millions.  
**बलु n. (-लुः)** A tear. **ए. बल** to cast or reject, and **लु** aff.  
**बलुव n. (-वः)** A granulation, (of flesh.) **ए. ब** neg. **लु** to distil, **बलु** aff.  
**बलु r. 5th cl. (बलति)** To pervade or occupy. **(रः)** **बलि r. 1st cl. (बलति)** To go or move : also 10th cl. (**बलदति**) To shine.  
**बलु ind.** A particle and interjection implying ; 1. Commendation : 2. Rejecting, sending : 3. Deviation from custom, (improperly :) 4. Certainty, ascertainment. **ए. ब** neg. **लु** from **लु** to hurt, affix **लु**.  
**बलपु mfn. ( दुः-यु-युः)** Proud. **म. (-युः)** A warrior. **ए. बलम्** I, and **यु** affix : self-opinioned.  
**बलपति m. (-पतिः)** The sun. **ए. बलम्** a day, and **पति** a master.  
**बलशेष n. (-शेषः)** Evening. **ए. बलम्** and **शेष** end.  
**बलहार m. (-रः)** 1. Pride. 2. Individuality, sense of self. 3. One of the elements of creation, consciousness, individualization. **ए. बलम्** I, and **हार** what makes ; thinking highly of one's self.  
**बलहारवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्)** Proud. **ए. बलहार** pride, **वत्** poss. aff.  
**बलहारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रिः)** Proud, self-important. **ए. बलहार** and **रि** poss. aff.  
**बलहत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Proud. **ए. बलम्** I, and **हत** made. see **बलहार**.  
**बलहृति f. (-तिः)** Pride. **ए. बलम्** and **हृति** action : see **बलहार**.  
**बलत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** 1. Unhurt, uninjured, not struck or killed. 2. Unblemished, unsoiled. **न. (-तः)** New clothes. **ए. ब** neg. and **हत** hurt, part. past of **हन्**.  
**बलम् n. (-वः)** A day. **ए. ब** neg. **वा** to leave, and **हन्** **Unu'di** aff.  
**बलनोय mfn. (-नः-या-यं)** Not to be killed. **ए. ब** neg. **हनोय** to be killed.  
**बलनय mfn. (-न्यः-न्या-न्यं)** Not to be killed. **ए. ब** neg. **हनय** to be killed.  
**बलमहसिका f. (-का)** 1. Military vaunting. 2. Assertion or conceit of superiority, boasting, egotism. **ए. बलम्** I, reiterated, **क** and **टाप्** affixed.  
**बलमूर्धिका f. (-का)** 1. Emulative onset, the running forward of soldiers with emulation. 2. Conceit, vaunting. **ए. बलम्** I, **पूर्व** first ; affixed as in the last ; I will be foremost.  
**बलमति f. (-तिः)** 1. Spiritual ignorance. 2. Conceit. 3. Self-love. **ए. बलम्** and **मति** understanding ; self-love, or worldly mindedness, opposed to abstract meditation on the deity.  
**बलवीय mfn. (-वः-या-यं)** Not to be taken away. **ए. ब** neg. **हरवीय** to be taken.  
**बलवत् ind.** Daily, day by day. **ए. बलम्** repeated.  
**बलवर्ग m. (-वः)** 1. A month. 2. Any calculated term. **ए. बलम्** a day, and **वर्ग** a number or class.  
**बलनिहन् ind.** Day and night. **ए. बलम्** day, **निहन्** night.  
**बलपति m. (-पतिः)** The sun. **ए. बलम्** and **पति** a master ; also **बलपति**.  
**बलपतिवत् m. (-वः)** The sun. **ए. बलम्** and **पतिवत्** a friend.  
**बलपति m. (-पतिः)** The sun. **ए. बलम्** and **पति** a gem.  
**बलम् n. (-वः)** Morning, the dawn. **ए. बलम्** and **लु** the commencement.  
**बलम् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Unploughed, unfurrowed. **ए. ब** neg. **वृषि** a furrow, **वृषि** affix : also with the final unchanged, **बलम्**.



चरु mfn. (-च-रा-ल) Unploughed, (a field, &c.) f. (-चा) 1. The name of an Apsaras or heavenly courtesan. 2. The wife of GAUTAMA, a saint and philosopher. ३. च neg. रु to plough, रु aff.  
 चरु mfn. (-च-रा-ल) Unhappy, gloomy, sorrowful. ३. च neg. रु happiness.  
 चरु mfn. (-च-रा-ल) Unhappy, sorrowful. ३. च neg. रु rejoiced.  
 चरु mfn. (-च-रा-ल) 1. Not to be offered, not fit or proper to be sacrificed. ३. च neg. रु to be offered.  
 चरु m. (-च) The sun. ३. चरु and चरु who makes.  
 चरु m. (-च) 1. The sun. 2. Swallow wort. ३. चरु and चरु master.  
 चरु ind. A particle or interjection, as ah! aha! &c. implying: 1. Surprise; 2. Fatigue; 3. Pain; 4. Pleasure; 5. Calling. ३. चरु from चरु I, and रु from रु to abandon; self or pride-abandonment; also चरु.  
 चरु ind. See the preceding.  
 चरु mfn. (-च-रा-ल) Not to be stolen or taken away. m. (-च) A mountain. ३. च neg. and रु future part. of रु to take or convey.  
 चरु n. (-च) Security, not being liable to be stolen or taken away. ३. चरु and ल affix; also चरु.  
 चरु m. (-च) 1. A snake or serpent. 2. The sun. 3. A traveller. 4. Lead. 5. The name of a demon: see रु. 6. A name of RAHU, the ascending node. ३. चरु prefixed to रु to hurt, रु Una'di affix; injuring all or every thing, the च of चरु is made short.  
 चरु mfn. (-च-रा-ल) Harmless, innocuous. ३. च neg. रु mischievous: so चरु and चरु.  
 चरु f. (-चा) Harmlessness, doing injury to nothing, one of the cardinal virtues of most Hindu sects, but particularly of the Baud'dhas and Jains. ३. च neg. रु hurt.  
 चरु mfn. (-च-रा-ल) Uninjured. ३. च neg. रु hurt.  
 चरु mfn. (-च-रा-ल) Innocuous, innocent, harmless. f. (-चा) The name of a plant, commonly Kurkavali: see रु. ३. च neg. and रु injurious: than which there is none more so.  
 चरु f. (-चा) The silk cotton tree, (Bombax heptaphyllum.) ३. च neg. and रु to go or abandon, रु and टा aff.  
 चरु m. (-च) Air, wind. ३. चरु a serpent, and रु beloved; snakes being supposed to feed upon air.  
 चरु m. (-च) 1. The name of a country. 2. A milky or thorny plant: see रु. f. (-चा) 1. Sugar. 2. A city. ३. चरु a snake, and रु a parasol.  
 चरु m. (-च) 1. A name of KRISHNA. 2. Also of INDRA. ३. चरु and रु who conquers, from रु with रु affix; subduing a demon in the form of a snake.  
 चरु mfn. (-च-रा-ल) 1. Hostile, inimical. 2. Hurtful, prejudicial. m. (-च) An enemy. n. (-च) Food, &c. contra-indicated in a disease. ३. च neg. and रु friendly, fit, proper.  
 चरु mfn. (-च-रा-ल) Adverse, inimical, acting unkindly. ३. चरु unkind, रु acting.  
 चरु mfn. (-च-रा-ल) Hatred, adverse, inimical. ३. चरु and रु mind.  
 चरु m. (-च) A snake-catcher or exhibitor. ३. चरु and रु face, रु aff.  
 चरु m. (-च) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. GARUDA the bird of VISHNU. 3. A peacock. 4. An ichneumon. ३. चरु and रु who hates, from रु to hate with रु affix; serpent-hater or enemy.  
 चरु f. (-चा) The natural enmity subsisting between a snake and an ichneumon. ३. रु a mangoose, रु aff.  
 चरु m. (-च) The slough of a snake. ३. चरु and रु the same.

चरु m. (-च) 1. A name of SHESHA, the sovereign of the snakes; also of VASUKI and others. 2. Any large serpent. ३. चरु a snake, and रु lord; also similar compounds, as चरु, रु, रु, रु, &c.  
 चरु m. (-च) A kind of boat. ३. चरु and रु a son, resembling a snake.  
 चरु n. (-च) 1. Opium. 2. The saliva or venom of a snake. ३. चरु a snake, and रु foam.  
 चरु m. (-च) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. One of the demigods called RUDRAS. ३. चरु and रु to bind, रु Una'di affix; having his neck bound with snakes.  
 चरु f. (-चा) The twenty-sixth constellation. ३. चरु and रु presiding deity.  
 चरु n. (-च) Mistrust or apprehension of treachery. ३. चरु and रु fear; fear of a lurking snake as it were.  
 चरु m. (-च) GARUDA the bird of VISHNU. 2. A peacock. ३. चरु and रु who eats, from रु and रु affix; snake-eater.  
 चरु m. (-च) The sun. ३. च neg. रु cold, and रु a ray; also similar compounds, as चरु, रु, रु, रु, &c.  
 चरु m. (-च) 1. GARUDA. 2. INDRA. ३. चरु a snake or VRITRASHUKA, and रु foe.  
 चरु mfn. (-च-रा-ल) 1. Possessed of, not deprived of. 2. Not out-caste or vile. ३. च neg. रु deprived of. m. (-च) 1. A large snake, a serpent. 2. A particular sacrifice, one lasting twelve days. ३. चरु a snake, and रु superior, or चरु a day, and रु aff.  
 चरु m. (-च) A witness who is not unfit to give evidence. ३. च neg. रु a defective witness.  
 चरु m. (-च) A kind of snake, said to be two-headed. ३. चरु, रु to move, and रु aff.  
 चरु mfn. (-च-रा-ल) Unoffered, unsacrificed. 2. Uncalled, unsummoned. m. (-च) Religious meditation and prayer, considered as one of the five great sacraments. ३. च neg. रु to sacrifice, or रु to call, रु aff.  
 चरु ind. A particle implying, 1. Rejection. 2. Separation.  
 चरु m. (-च) Absence of cause or reason. ३. च neg. रु cause.  
 चरु mfn. (-च-रा-ल) Causeless, groundless. ३. च neg. रु having cause.  
 चरु f. (-चा) Absence of cause or necessity. ३. रु added to चरु.  
 चरु n. (-च) Absence of reason or cause. ३. रु added to चरु.  
 चरु f. (-चा) A plant, (Asparagus racemosus); see रु. ३. च neg. रु to go, and रु affix; immovable; alluding to the number of its roots.  
 चरु ind. A particle and interjection of, 1. Reproach, (ha!) 2. Compassion. 3. Regret, (ah! oh!) 4. Calling, (ho! hola!) 5. Praise, flattery, approbation. 6. Fatigue, weariness. 7. Surprise, (ah!) 8. Doubt, deliberation, (either, or) 9. Contempt, sneering. 10. An expletive. ३. च neg. रु to go, and रु aff.  
 चरु m. (-च) A day of twenty four hours or thirty Muhurtas, from sun-rise to sun-rise. n. or ind. (-च) Day and night, continually, always. ३. चरु a day, and रु a night.  
 चरु ind. 1. A particle of calling; 2. Of compassion; 3. Of fatigue.  
 चरु ind. In a variegated or wonderful manner.  
 चरु ind. Soon, instantly. ३. च neg. रु from रु to take away or secrete, with रु affix, and रु substituted for रु to which the radical रु is changed.  
 चरु m. (-च) A Baud'dha mendicant. ३. च neg. and रु bashful.  
 चरु f. (-चा) The marking nut-plant, (Semecarpus anacardium.) ३. च neg. रु to emulate, and रु aff.

आ The second letter of the alphabet, corresponding to A long, as in far, and written in the Roman character A.

आ ind. 1. A particle of reminiscence, (ah ! oh ! ) 2. A conjunction disjunctive, (but). 3. A particle of compassion, (ah ! alas ! ) 4. A conjunction copulative, (and.) This particle remains unaltered in orthography even before vowels.

आ or आङ् A particle, and prefix to words, implying ; 1. Diminution, (a little.) 2. Limit inceptive, (from, from thence, or that time.) 3. Limit conclusive, (until, unto, as far as.) 4. Prefixed to verbs it extends or reverses their meaning, as चङ् to rise, आचङ् to ascend, to mount, and गङ् to go, आगङ् to come. 5. In composition with nouns it forms indeclinables, either crude, as आजाङ् to the knee, or with the terminations of the objective or ablative case, as आसमुद्रं or आसमुद्रान् as far as to the ocean. 6. A particle of menace or of pain, (ah ! alas ! ) this is more correctly written आह्. ७. आप् to pervade, to obtain, and आङ् affix, प is dropped.

आ m. (आः) A name of MAHADEVYA.

आ ind. A particle of assent, yes, verily. ८. अगङ् to go, जिप् affix, च becomes आ.

आकम्पन n. (-नं) Shaking, trembling. ९. आङ् before कपि to tremble, क्युट् aff.

आकम्पित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Shaken, trembling. ९. आङ् prefixed, कपि to shake, and क् participial aff.

आकम्प्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Trembling, shaking, agitated. ९. आङ् before कपि to shake, रक् aff.

आकर m. (-रः) 1. A mine. 2. A multitude. 3. Best, excellent. ९. आङ् prefixed, क् to make, &c. अप् aff.

आकरिन् mfn. (रि-रिणी-रि) Mineral, produced in a mine, &c. ९. आकर and इनि aff.

आकर्षण n. (-णं) Hearing. ९. आङ् before कर्ण to hear, क्युट् aff.

आकर्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Heard. ९. आङ्, कर्ण to hear, affix क्.

आकर्ष m. (-र्षः) 1. Pulling, hawling. 2. Pulling to or towards, dragging, attracting. 3. Attraction, fascination. 4. Magnetic attraction. 5. A magnet, a loadstone. 6. A dice or die. 7. Playing with dice. 8. A board of such a game. 9. Drawing the bow. 10. An organ of sense. 11. Spasm. ९. आङ्, क् to draw or make furrows, चङ् aff.

आकर्षक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Attractive, what draws or attracts. m. (-कः) A magnet or loadstone. ९. आकर्ष attraction, and क्युट् aff.

आकर्षण n. (-णं) Pulling, drawing, attracting. f. (-णी) 1. A crooked stick, for pulling down fruit, &c. 2. Any instrument for pulling. ९. आङ् before क् to pull, क्युट् aff.

आकर्षिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Magnetic, attractive. ९. आकर्ष and चङ् aff.

आकर्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Drawn, attracted. ९. आङ् before क् to draw, क् aff.

आकर्षिन् mfn. (-न्-वि-विणी-वि) Attractive. f. (-वी) A rod with a hook at the end to pull down the boughs of trees, for the purpose of gathering the fruit. ९. आङ् before क् to draw, विनि aff.

आकलन n. (-नं) 1. Wish, desire. 2. Counting, reckoning. 3. Confinement, binding. 4. Laying hold of. ९. आङ्, क् to count, sound, &c. and क्युट् aff.

आकलित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Counted, reckoned. 2. Seized, held, bound. ९. आङ् before क् to count, &c. क् aff.

आकल्य m. (-ल्यः) 1. Ornament, decoration. 2. Encreasing, adding to, improving. 3. Sickness, disease. ९. आङ् before क् to be able, to be weak, &c. चङ् aff.

आकल्य m. (-ल्यः) 1. Remembering with regret, missing. 2. Fainting, loss of sense or perception. 3. Darkuess. 4. A knot or joint. ९. आङ्, क् to be able, to be weak, &c. and चङ् aff.

आकल्य m. (-ल्यः) A touchstone. ९. आङ्, क् to injure, and चङ् aff.

आकल्य mfn. (-ल्यः-ली-लं) Touching, assaying. ९. क्युट् added to the last.

आकल्य mfn. (-ल्यः-ली-लं) Touching, testing. ९. आकल्य and चङ् aff.

आकल्य mfn. (-ल्यः-ली-लं) Sudden, unexpected, causeless. ९. चङ्कान् and टङ् aff.

आकाङ्क्ष mfn. (-ङ्क्ष-ङ्क्षी-ङ्क्ष) 1. Wishing, expecting. 2. Looking at, to, or towards. ९. आङ् before काङ्क्षि to desire, प्रट् aff.

आकाङ्क्षीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Desirable, to be desired or expected. ९. आङ् before काङ्क्षि to desire, चङ्कान् affix ; also आकाङ्क्षित्य mfn. (-त्यः-त्या-तं) and आकाङ्क्ष mfn. (-ङ्क्षः-ङ्क्षा-ङ्क्ष) with तञ्च and वत् affs.

आकाङ्क्ष f. (-ङ्क्षा) 1. Wish, desire. 2. Purpose, intention. 3. Looking at, to, or towards. 4. Enquiry, asking. 5. The presence of a word in a sentence indispensable to the sense. 6. The significancy of a word. ९. आङ् prefixed to काङ्क्षि to desire, चङ् and टङ् affs.

आकाङ्क्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Wished, desired. 2. Asked, enquired. 3. Regarded, looked at. 4. Wanted, necessary. ९. आङ् before काङ्क्षि to desire, क् aff.

आकाङ्क्षिन् mfn. (-ङ्क्षि-ङ्क्षी-ङ्क्षि) 1. Wishing, wishful. 2. Asking, enquiring, expectant. ९. आकाङ्क्ष and इनि aff.

आकाश m. (-शः) 1. A funeral pile. 2. Abode, residence. ९. आङ् before पि to collect, चङ् affix, च changed to क्.

आकार m. (-रः) 1. Hint, sign, token. 2. Form. 3. The letter आ. ९. आङ्, क् to make, affix चङ्.

आकारयति f. (-तिः) Dissimulation. ९. आकार and युति concealment, suppressing all sign or indication of the feelings.

आकारयिष्य n. (-यिष्यः) See the preceding.

आकारण n. (-णं-चा) Calling, a call or summons. ९. आङ्, क् to make or do in the causal form, and क्युट् affix, fem. affix टप् ; sometimes written आकरण.

आकारवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Symmetrical, handsome, well formed. ९. आकार form, and मनुप् aff.

आकारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Called or summoned. 2. Stipulated, agreed. 3. Demanded, exacted. ९. आङ् before क् to make, causal form, क् aff.

आकालिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Momentary, instantaneous. 2. Unseasonable, improper with respect to time. f. (-की) Lightning. ९. च neg. काल time, टङ् affix, fem. क्नीप्.

आकालिकल n. (-लः) Unseasonableness, suddenness. ९. ल added to the last.

आकाश m. (-शः-शः) 1. The fifth element, æther, the sky or atmosphere. 2. Brahmanas identical with æther. 3. Space, vacuity. ९. आङ्, and काश to shine, चङ् affix ; every where shining ; Akash is the subtle and ethereal fluid, supposed to fill and pervade the universe, and to be the peculiar vehicle of life and sound.

आकाशकाश f. (-का) The horizon. ९. आकाश and कशा girdle.

आकाशज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Produced in the sky. ९. आकाश and ज born.

आकाशजनिन् m. (-नी) A loop-hole, a casement, an embrasure. ९. आकाश and जनिन् what generates, giving air and light.

आकाशदीप m. (-पः) 1. A lamp or torch lighted in honour of LAKSHMI or VISHNU, and elevated on a pole in the open air at the Dewali festival, in the month Kartik. 2. A beacon, a lantern on a pole. ९. आकाश and दीप a lamp ; also आकाशदीप.

आकाशभाषित n. (-तः) 1. Speaking outside or of the stage, or a supposititious speech, which is replied to as if it had been spoken, (in dramatic language.) 2. A voice or sound in the air. ९. आकाश and भाषित spoken.

आकाशलोक n. (-लः) The celestial sphere. ९. आकाश and लोक a sphere.

आकाशमाली f. (-ली) A plant, small Jas. m. m. (Valearia Jatanensis.)

आकाशप्लवी f. (-वी) An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) ९. आकाश and प्लवी having roots, having its roots in air.

आकाशवाहन n. (-नः) A heavenly being, one moving through the air. ९. आकाश and वाहन vehicle.

आकाशचरिणी f. (-नी) A woman who watches on the outer battlements.  
 आकाश and चरिणी a woman.

आकाशमन्त्र n. (-न्त्र) The atmosphere, the firmament, the air. आकाश  
 and मन्त्र a road.

आकाशवल्ली f. (-वल्ली) A sort of creeper, a parasite, (*Cassyta filiformis*.) आकाश  
 and वल्ली pedicle.

आकाशवाणी f. (-वाणी) A voice from heaven. आकाश and वाणी speech.

आकाशवर्षिक n. (-र्षिक) Rain. आकाश and वर्षिक water.

आकाशस्थ mfn. (-स्थः-आ-स्थ) Abiding in the sky. आकाश and स्थ what  
 stays.

आकाशीय mfn. (-यः-आ-य) Atmospheric. Also आकाशिन mfn. (-नी-मिनी-मि)

आकाशे ind. In the air, a stage direction, implying something said by  
 or to a person out of sight. आकाशे 7th case of आकाश.

आकाशिन m. (-मः) 1. Indra, as ruler of the firmament. 2. (In law) A  
 helpless person, as a child, a woman, a pauper or invalid. आकाश  
 and शिन lord.

आकित्य n. (-न) Poverty. आकित्य poor, अक्ष aff.

आकीर्ण mfn. (-र्णः-आ-र्ण) 1. Filled, overspread. 2. Crowded. 3. Impervious.  
 4. Spread. 5. Scattered. आकृ, कृ to scatter, part. affix कृ.

आकीर्णता f. (-ता) 1. Fullness. 2. Crowd, multitude. आकीर्ण filled, तत्  
 affix; also आकीर्णत्व.

आकुचन n. (-न) 1. Compression, contraction, shrinking. 2. Collecting,  
 heaping. 3. Curving, flexure. 4. Contortion. आकु, कु before कृचि to  
 contract, कृट् aff.

आकुचित mfn. (-तः-आ-त) 1. Bent, contracted. 2. Twisted, contorted. आकु  
 before कृचि to contract, affix कृ.

आकुण्ठित mfn. (-तः-आ-त) Confounded, abashed. आकु, कु before कृण्ठि  
 to abash.

आकुल mfn. (-लः-आ-ल) 1. Confounded, confused, flurried. 2. Confused  
 (in order), disordered. 3. Incoherent, contradictory. आकु, कुल to  
 accumulate, and क affix; not self-possessed.

आकुल्य n. (-ल्य) Confusion, perplexity, bewilderment. आकुल्य and ल्य  
 affix; also with तत् affix आकुल्यता.

आकुलित mfn. (-तः-आ-त) 1. Bewildered, flurried, agitated. 2. Distressed.  
 आकु, कु before कृल, कृट् aff.

आकुलीकृत mfn. (-तः-आ-त) Bewildered; perplexed. आकुल्य and कृत made  
 with कृ aff.

आकुट mfn. (-टः-आ-ट) Expelled, extracted. आकु, कुट to extract, कृट् aff.

आकृत n. (-त) 1. Meaning, intention. 2. Wish, desire. आकृ, कृ to  
 cry, affix कृ.

आकृति f. (-ति) 1. Form, figure. 2. The body. 3. Tribe, species. 4. A  
 metre: a stanza of four lines, with twenty-two syllables to each  
 line. आकृ, कृ before कृ to make or do, कृट् aff.

आकृतिशाला f. (-शाला) A plant, (*Achyranthes aspera*.)

आकृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-आ-ष्ट) 1. Pulled, drawn. 2. Attracted. आकृ, कृ  
 before कृष्ट, कृट् aff.

आकृष्टमात्र mfn. (-त्रः-आ-त्र) Drawing, attracting. आकृष्ट to draw, मात्र  
 aff.

आकृष्टवत् mfn. (-वत्-आ-वत्) 1. Pulling, dragging, pulling up or out. 2.  
 Pulling to; attracting. 3. Charming, fascinating. आकृष्टवत् and वत् aff.

आकृष्टि f. (-ष्टि) 1. Pulling, dragging. 2. Drawing, attraction. आकृ,  
 कृ before कृष्ट, to drag, affix कृ.

आकृष्टि m. (-मः) The constellation, Capricornus.

आकृष्ट्य n. (-य) Inexpertness, want of skill or practice. आकृष्ट्य un-  
 skilful, अक्ष, and the initial optionally long.

आकृष्ट्य mfn. (-यः-आ-य) Who checks or restrains. म. (-यः) 1. Crying,  
 crying out. 2. Calling. 3. Weeping, sobbing. 4. Sound. 5. Vio-  
 lence. 6. Furious or violent combat. 7. A friend. 8. A brother. 9. A  
 king, a lord. 10. A usurper. 11. A king who prevents an ally from  
 aiding another. आकृ, कृ to cry, to sound, &c. अक्ष aff.

आकृष्ट्य mfn. (-यः-आ-य) Going where sounds of distress are heard. आकृष्ट्य  
 and अक्ष aff.

आक्रमण m. (-मः) 1. Going over or beyond. 2. Surpassing. 3. Spreading  
 over or upon. 4. Overloading. 5. Attaining, overcoming, obtaining.  
 6. Invading, attacking, falling upon. 7. Might, valour. आक्रम, क्रम  
 before क्रम to go, to mount, ascend, surpass, &c. affix अक्ष.

आक्रमण n. (-न) 1. Going over or beyond. 2. Overpowering, subduing.  
 3. Spreading or extending over or upon. 4. Attacking, marching  
 against, invading. आक्रम, क्रम before क्रम to go, कृट् aff.

आक्रमणीय mfn. (-यः-आ-य) 1. To be attacked. 2. To be surpassed or over-  
 come. 3. To be seized. आक्रम, क्रम before क्रम to go, अक्ष aff.

आक्रमण mfn. (-नः-आ-न) 1. Surpassed, surmounted. 2. Overcome, over-  
 run. 3. Pained, distressed. 4. Accompanied, attended. 5. Over-  
 spread. 6. Obtained, possessed. 7. Agitated or overcome by, as a  
 feeling. आक्रमण to mount, surpass, &c. and part. affix कृ.

आक्रमि f. (-मि) 1. Going over or beyond. 2. Overpowering. 3. Might,  
 valour. आक्रम, क्रम before क्रम to go, affix कृ; see आक्रम.

आक्रमक mfn. (-कः-आ-क) 1. Invading, assailing. 2. Overrunning. आक्रम,  
 क्रम before क्रम to go, कृट् aff.

आक्रीड m. (-डः) 1. A royal garden. 2. Sport, pleasure. आक्रम, क्रीड  
 to play, कृट् aff.

आक्रीडन n. (-न) Sporting, taking pleasure. आक्रम, क्रीड to sport, affix कृट्.

आक्रीडित mfn. (-तः-आ-त) Sporting, playing. आक्रम, क्रीड to play, कृट्  
 aff.

आकृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-आ-ष्ट) 1. Cursed. 2. Accused, calumniated. 3. Abused.  
 4. Vociferated. आक्रम, क्रम before क्रम to call, affix कृ.

आक्रीड m. (-मः) 1. Abuse, cursing, a curse or oath. 2. Vociferousness,  
 calling aloud. आक्रम, क्रम to call, कृट् aff.

आक्रीड्य mfn. (-यः-आ-य) 1. Abusing, abusive. 2. Vociferous. आक्रम  
 to call, कृट् aff.

आक्रीडन n. (-न) Curse, imprecation. आक्रम, क्रम to call, कृट् aff.

आक्रीड्य mfn. (-यः-आ-य) To be accursed, censurable, reprovable. आक्रम,  
 क्रम before क्रम to cry, अक्ष aff; also आक्रम्य and आक्रीडित्य.

आकृष्ट्य mfn. (-यः-आ-य) Effected or completed by gambling. आक्रम्य  
 and अक्ष aff.

आकृष्ट्य n. (-य) Fasting, or purification by fasting. आक्रम before अक्ष  
 to endure, कृट् aff.

आकृष्ट्य m. (-मः) A judge. आक्रम a law-suit, अक्ष to go, causal form, अक्ष  
 affix; also अक्षपटिक.

आकृष्ट्य m. (-मः) A logician. आक्रम dispute, अक्ष a division, अक्ष  
 affix; also अक्षपट.

आक्रम m. (-मः) Accusation, calumny. आक्रम before अक्ष to go, affix अक्ष.

आक्रमण mfn. (-नः-आ-न) 1. Calumnious accusation. 2. Abuse, reviling. आक्रम,  
 क्रम to go, with अक्ष aff.

आक्रमित mfn. (-तः-आ-त) 1. Calumniated, falsely accused. 2. Accused of  
 adultery or fornication. 3. Falsely accused, of such crimes in parti-  
 cular. 4. Guilty, criminal. 5. Reviled, abused. आक्रम, क्रम to go,  
 part. affix कृ.

आक्रम mfn. (-मः-आ-म) 1. Relating or belonging to a die, to gambling,  
 &c. 2. Won at dice. म. (-मः) A tree, (*Morinda tinctoria*.) न. (-नः) A  
 gambling debt, money lost at play. आक्रम a die, &c. and अक्ष aff.

आक्रमण m. (-मः) A stake, a wager, a bet. आक्रम and अक्ष a wager.

आक्रमण mfn. (-नः-आ-न) 1. Excelling, so as to reproach or put to  
 shame others. 2. Reviling, abusing. 3. Tossing. 4. Sending. आक्रम,  
 क्रम before क्रम to throw, affix कृ.

आक्रम mfn. (-मः-आ-म) 1. Cast, thrown, tossed. 2. Thrown down or away.  
 3. Borne, carried. 4. Reviled, abused, blamed, ridiculed. 4. Equal  
 or equivalent to. आक्रम before क्रम to throw, कृट् aff.

आक्रम m. (-मः) A plant, (*Moruga glandulosa* and *hyperanthus*.) see  
 आक्रम.

बाधेय m. (-यः) 1. Throw, toss. 2. Abuse, reviling. 3. Censure, blame, reproach. 4. Attraction. 5. A figure in rhetoric, (irony.) n. बाध्, विप् to throw or send, वच् aff.

बाधेयक m. (-कः) 1. Sickness, disease. 2. Convulsion, spasm. 3. A detractor, a calumniator or accuser. 4. A thrower. n. बाध् before विप् to toss, वच् aff.

बाधेयज्ञ m. (-ज्ञः) Spiritual ignorance. n. बाध् neg. विषय wise, and वच् affix, the initial optionally long.

बाधोट m. (-टः) A tree, (see वीच), growing in mountains : in Hindi, the corresponding name implies the walnut : see वीचोट and बाधोट.

बाधोट m. (-टः) A kind of Pilu, a tree so named, (Careya arborea :) see वीचोट, वीचोट and वीच.

बाधीद m. (-दः) A Brahman of the Rikshoda mountain. n. बाधीद and वच् aff.

बाधीदन् m. (-न्) Hunting.

बाध् m. (-धः) A spade, a hoe. n. बाध्, खन् to dig, वच् aff.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) A name of INDRA. n. बाध् and खन् to break, वच् affix; mountain breaking, foe-destroying.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) 1. A spade. 2. A digger. n. बाध्, खन् to dig, वच् aff.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) 1. A thief. 2. A rat. 3. A hog. 4. A spade. 5. A digger, a ditcher, a miner. n. बाध्, खन् to dig, and वच् aff. Una'di aff.

बाध्खन्खन् m. (-न्) 1. A spade. 2. A digger. n. बाध् before खन् to dig, वच् aff.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) 1. A spade. 2. A digger. n. बाध्, खन् to dig, वच् aff.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) A natural pond; see बाध्खन्.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) 1. A spade. 2. A digger. n. बाध्, खन् to dig, वच् aff.

बाध् m. (-धः) 1. A rat, a mouse. 2. A hog. 3. A thief. 4. A sort of tree : see देवता, n. बाध्, खन् to dig, and वच् Una'di aff.

बाध्खन्खन् f. (-न्) The name of a plant, (Salvinia cucullata.) n. बाध् a mouse, and वच् an ear; the leaves are compared to the ears of a mouse.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) A name of GANESA. 2. A name of KARTIKEYA. n. बाध् a rat, and वच् who goes; GANESA is represented riding on a rat.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) A Sudra or man of low caste and profession, lit. a rat-catcher. n. बाध् and वच् a blow.

बाध्खन्खन् f. (-न्) A plant : see बाध्खन्खन्. n. बाध् and वच् a leaf.

बाध्खन्खन् f. (-न्) See the preceding.

बाध्खन्खन् m. (-न्) A kind of mineral, a loadstone. n. बाध् and वच् a stone.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) A cat. n. बाध् and वच् who eats.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) A name of GANESA. n. बाध्, and वच् a carriage; whose vehicle is a rat.

बाध्खन्खन् f. (-न्) A kind of grass, (Andropogon serratum.) n. बाध्, विष venom, and वच् what destroys; considered as a remedy for the bite of a rat.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) The rising up or coming of rats, a swarm of rats. n. बाध् and वच् from वच् and वच् with वच् aff.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) 1. Chase, hunting. 2. Terror, fright. n. बाध्, विट to alarm, वच् aff.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) 1. Hunting, a hunter. 2. Frightening, frightening. n. बाध् and वच् pleonastic affix; or बाध् with विट and वच् aff.

बाध्खन्खन् m. (-न्) A cavern, a mine. n. बाध्खन् terrifying, and वच् the head or principal, वच् affix : very gloomy and terrifying.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) 1. Who or what hunts. 2. Terrible, frightful. n. बाध् 1. A head. 2. A hunter. n. बाध् chase, and वच् aff.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) The walnut tree. n. See वीचोट, &c.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) A name of appellation. n. बाध् to say, वच् prefixed, वच् and वच् fem. aff.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) 1. Said, spoken, uttered. 2. Declared. 3. Made known. 4. Inflected, declined, conjugated. n. part. past of बाध् to say, to speak, &c.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) 1. A tale, a legend. 2. Saying, declaring. n. बाध् before वच् to tell, affix वच्.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) A messenger, a teller, an announcer or reporter. n. (विद्य) A tale, a true or probable story. n. बाध् to say, वच् affix, व inserted.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) Fit or proper to be said. n. बाध् before वच् to say, affix वच्; also बाध्खन्.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) 1. Arrived, come. 2. Received, obtained. 3. Living or residing in. n. बाध् before वच् to go, वच् aff.

बाध्खन् ind. Having arrived. n. बाध् before वच् to go, वच् aff.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) What will come, what is likely to arrive. n. बाध् and वच् to go, वच् aff.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) 1. Coming, arriving. 2. Incidental, adventitious. m. (-न्) 1. A guest. 2. A stranger, a new comer. 3. An accident, any accidental hurt or wound. n. बाध् before वच् to go, to come, वच् affix; n becomes न; also बाध्खन् and बाध्खन्.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) 1. Incidental, adventitious, (as pleasure, pain, ornament, &c.) 2. Stray. m. (-न्) 1. A stranger, a new comer. 2. A guest. n. बाध्खन् and वच् affix, what comes and goes; what is not inseparably inherent.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) 1. Arrival, coming, approach. 2. A Sastra or work on sacred science in general, supposed to be of divine origin. 3. A Tantra or any work inculcating the mystical worship of SIVA and SAKTI. 4. A grammatical augment, a syllable or letter inserted in any part of the radical word. 5. Record, title deed, legal title, a voucher or written testimony, &c. n. बाध् before वच् to go, to come, वच् aff.

बाध्खन् n. (-न्) Arriving, coming. n. बाध् before वच् to go, वच् aff.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) Independent of a written voucher or title. n. बाध्खन् and विरपेक्षा disregard.

बाध्खन् ind. Having explored or discovered. n. बाध् before वच् to go, causal form, वच् aff.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) 1. Devoid of a written title or voucher. 2. Without a Sastra. n. बाध्खन् and वच् devoid of.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) With or supported by legal vouchers. n. बाध्खन् and वच् regard to.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) Transient, of short duration. n. बाध्खन् and वच् separating, going at the time of arrival.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) Read over, perused, studied. n. बाध् prefixed to वच् in the causal form; participial affix वच्.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) 1. To be approached, accessible. 2. To be acquired. n. बाध् before वच् with वच् aff.

बाध्खन् n. (-न्) 1. Sin. 2. Transgression, offence, fault. n. बाध् substituted for वच् to go, वच् Una'di aff.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) Very deep : see बाध्खन्.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) A guest : see बाध्खन्.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) 1. Arriving, coming. 2. Future. n. बाध् before वच् to go, वच् aff.

बाध्खन् n. (-न्) A house, a dwelling : see बाध्खन्.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) Arson, setting a house on fire. n. बाध्खन् and वच् burning.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) An intermediary. n. बाध्खन् arson, and वच् aff.

बाध्खन् f. (-न्) An agreement : see बाध्खन्.

बाध्खन् m. (-न्) 1. Consisting of or containing Agallochum. 2. Very heavy. n. बाध्खन् and वच् aff.

बाध्खन् f. (-न्) An agreement. n. बाध्खन् to come, वच् affix or बाध् prefixed to वच् to come and वच् affix; also बाध्खन्.

आग्निः (अग्निः) The place where a sacrificial fire is kindled. न. अग्निः fire, and how to kindle; see अग्निः.

आग्नेयः mfn. (-अग्नेयः) Belonging or relating to fire or its deity. न. (-यः) 1. The name of a city, (Devikotta, on the Coromandel Coast.) 2. Blood. 3. Ghee or boiled butter. म. (-यः) A mane of the saint Agastya. f. (-यी) 1. The wife of Agni. 2. The south-east quarter, of which Agni is the regent. न. अग्निः fire or its deity, इत् affix which leaves अग्नि.

आग्रहः m. (-यः) 1. Favour, patronage. 2. Seizing, taking. 3. Surpassing, surmounting. 4. Power, ability. न. आग्रहः, ग्रह to take, अग्र aff.

आग्रहायणः m. (-यः) A month so called, the first of the Hindu year according to some systems, (November-December.) न. अग्र beginning, and ग्रहायण a year; also अग्रहायण, the अ being unchanged.

आग्रहायणिकः m. (-यः) The month A'grahayana. न. अग्रहायण and इत् aff.

आग्रहायणी f. (-यी) 1. The name of a constellation consisting of three stars, one of which is Orionis, figured by an antelope's head, hence also अग्रहारः. 2. The day of full moon in the month A'grahayana. न. अग्रहायण and इत् aff.

आग्रयणः n. (-यः) A sacrifice offered when the new rice or wheat ripens. न. अग्र oblation, अग्रयण coming, अग्र aff.

आग्रयणीति f. (-तिः) A particular ceremony: see the last. न. आग्रयण and इति a sacrifice.

आग्रहः m. (-यः) 1. A tree, (the red sort of Achyranthes.) 2. A rubber, what effects friction. न. आग्रहः before ग्रह to move, and इत् aff.

आग्रहः n. (-यः) 1. Friction, rubbing, contact. 2. Shaking. न. आग्रहः before ग्रह to move, इत् aff.

आग्रहितः mfn. (-तः) 1. Touched, rubbed. 2. Shaken. न. आग्रहः before ग्रह to move, affix क.

आग्रहः m. (-यः) Rubbing, friction. न. आग्रहः before ग्रह to rub, affix चञ्.

आग्रहः n. (-यः) Rubbing, friction. f. (-यी) A brush, a rubber. न. आग्रहः before ग्रह to rub, affix लृट्.

आग्रहितः mfn. (-तः) Rubbed. न. आग्रहः before ग्रह to rub, क aff.

आग्रहः m. (-यः) 1. A limit, a boundary. 2. A tree, (Achyranthes aspera.) न. आग्रहः, ग्रह to endeavour, अग्र aff.

आग्रहः m. (-यः) 1. Killing, striking. 2. A blow, a wound. 3. A slaughter-house, a place for killing animals or victims. न. आग्रहः, हन to kill or injure, in the participial form, अ is substituted for ह.

आग्रहः n. (-यः) 1. Striking, killing. 2. A slaughter-house. न. आग्रहः, हन to kill or injure, लृट् aff.

आग्रहः m. (-यः) 1. Ghee or boiled butter. 2. Sprinkling. 3. Sprinkling ghee at certain sacrifices. न. आग्रहः, ह to sprinkle, अग्र aff.

आग्रहः n. (-यः) 1. Rolling, tossing. 2. Whirling. न. आग्रहः before ग्रह to roll, affix लृट्.

आग्रहितः mfn. (-तः) 1. Rolled, rollug. 2. Whirled round. न. आग्रहः before ग्रह to roll, affix क.

आग्रहः n. (-यः) A crying or proclaiming. न. आग्रहः before ग्रह to sound, affix लृट्.

आग्रहः mfn. (-यः) Striking, beating. न. आग्रहः before हन to kill, affix क.

आग्रहः m. (-यः) 1. Smelling. 2. Satisfaction, satiety. न. आग्रहः, हन to smell, इत् aff.

आग्रहः mfn. (-यः) 1. Smelled, scented. 2. Surmounted, surpassed. 3. Satisfied, satiated. न. क participial affix after आग्रह to smell, &c.

आग्रहः f. (-यी) A musical instrument, a tabor.

आग्रहः mfn. (-यः) 1. Bodily, corporeal. 2. Having limbs or parts, or relating to them. 3. Relating to the inferior persons of a drama, to a portion of the Vedas, &c.: see अग्र m. (-यः) A soft delicate form or body. न. अग्र a body, अग्र aff.

आग्रहः m. (-यः) 1. The ruler of the country Anga. 2. An inhabitant of the same. न. अग्र and इत् aff.

आग्रहः m. (-यः) A multitude of firebrands. न. आग्रहः a torch, अग्र aff.

आग्रहः mfn. (-यः) 1. Bodily, corporeal. 2. Gesticulated, expressed by bodily action, (dramatic sentiment, passion, &c. exhibited by attitude, gesture, &c.) m. (-यः) A player on a tabor or drum. न. अग्र the body, इत् aff.

आग्रहः m. (-यः) A name of VRIHASPATI, preceptor of the gods. न. अग्रहः a saint so named, patronymic affix अग्र; Angiras being the father of VRIHASPATI.

आग्रहः mfn. (-यः) Like a finger. न. अग्रहः and इत् aff.

आग्रहः mfn. (-यः) Saying, declaring. न. आग्रहः before अग्र to speak, ग्रह aff.

आग्रहः m. (-यः) A learned man, a Pandit. न. आग्रहः before अग्र to speak, इति Una'di aff.

आग्रहः n. (-यः) Clumsiness, stupidity. न. अग्रहः and इत् aff.

आग्रहः m. (-यः) Rinsing the mouth: see the next.

आग्रहः n. (-यः) 1. Rinsing the mouth, sipping water before religious ceremonies, meals, &c. from the palm of the hand, and spitting it out again; the ceremony also includes touching the body in various parts. 2. Gargling the throat, &c. न. आग्रहः before अग्र to eat, लृट् aff.

आग्रहः m. (-यः) A spitting pot. न. आग्रहः, इत् aff.

आग्रहः n. (-यः) 1. Water for rinsing the mouth. 2. A gargle. न. आग्रहः before अग्र to eat, affix अनीयर्.

आग्रहः ind. Having rinsed the mouth, having sipped and rejected a little water. न. आग्रहः before अग्र to eat, लृट् aff.

आग्रहः n. (-यः) 1. Following, observing, usage, practice. 2. An instituted rite or rule of conduct. न. आग्रहः before अग्र to go, लृट् aff.

आग्रहः mfn. (-यः) Right, proper, what is to be followed or observed. न. आग्रहः before अग्र to go, अनीयर् aff.

आग्रहः mfn. (-यः) Following, practising, observing. न. आग्रहः before अग्र to go, ग्रह aff.

आग्रहः mfn. (-यः) 1. Observed, practised, either as a rite or usage. 2. Usual, customary. 3. Enjoined, fixed by rule. न. आग्रहः before अग्र to go, affix क.

आग्रहः mfn. (-यः) To be gone to or approached. न. आग्रहः before अग्र to go, अग्र aff.

आग्रहः mfn. (-यः) 1. Sipped and ejected, (as water.) 2. One who has rinsed his mouth, &c. न. आग्रहः before अग्र to eat, affix क.

आग्रहः m. (-यः) Sipping water, rinsing the mouth. न. आग्रहः before अग्र to eat, affix अग्र.

आग्रहः n. (-यः) 1. Rinsing the mouth, &c. 2. Water so used. 3. A gargle. न. आग्रहः before अग्र to eat, लृट् aff.

आग्रहः m. (-यः) 1. An established rule of conduct, an ordinance, an institute, a precept. 2. Custom, practice, usage. न. आग्रहः before अग्र to go, अग्र aff.

आग्रहः mfn. (-यः) 1. Irregular, out of rule. 2. Outcaste. न. आग्रहः an institute, and अग्रित abandoned.

आग्रहः mfn. (-यः) Outcaste, void of decent or established practices, authorised. न. आग्रहः and अग्रित deprived of.

आग्रहः mfn. (-यः) 1. Conformable to rule or practice. 2. Prescriptive. न. आग्रहः and इत् aff.

आग्रहः mfn. (-यः) Following established rites or practice. न. आग्रहः and इति aff.

आग्रहः m. (-यः) 1. A spiritual guide or teacher; he who invests the student with the sacrificial thread, and instructs him in the Vedas, the law of sacrifice, and religious mysteries. 2. A name of Drona, the teacher of the Pandus. f. (-यी) A spiritual preceptor. f. (-यी) The wife of an Acharya or holy teacher. न. आग्रहः before अग्र to go, अग्र aff, in the fem. टाप् or इत् with आग्रह inserted.

आग्रहः n. (-यः) The office or proficiency of a holy teacher. न. आग्रहः and इत् aff, also with अग्र, आग्रहिता.

बाबाधर्मिक mfn. (-नः-बा-ध) Venerable, honourable.  
 बाबाधर्मिकन n. (-न) Waiting upon or serving the spiritual preceptor, & बाबाधर्म and उपासना worship.  
 बाधित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Heaped, accumulated. 2. Covered. 3. Spread, diffused. mn. (-तः-त) 1. A measure of ten B'haras 2. A cart-load.  
 बाध् and the past participle of बाध् to collect.  
 बाधित्व mfn. (-तः-बा-ध) Holding an A'chita. & बाधित and ठक् aff.  
 बाधित्व mfn. (-नः-बा-ध) Holding or equal to an A'chita. & बाधित and ठक् aff.  
 बाधुषण n. (-ध) 1. Suction. 2. Application of cupping glasses or horns to the skin, &c. & बाध् before धुष to suck, ल्युट् aff.  
 बाध् r. 1st cl. (-ध) बाध् (बाधति) To lengthen or stretch.  
 बाध् mfn. (-नः-बा-ध) 1. Covered. 2. Clothed. & बाध् before हृद् to cover, affix क.  
 बाध्क m. (-नः) A tree, (Morinda tinctoria.)  
 बाध्क m. (-नः) Cloth, clothes. & बाध् before हृद् to cover, चञ् aff.  
 बाध्कन n. (-न) 1. Cloth, clothes. 2. Covering, disappearance. 3. A covering, a sheath, mantle, cloak, &c. & See the last, affix ल्युट्.  
 बाध्कित mfn. (-तः-बा-ध) 1. Covered. 2. Clothed. & बाध् before हृद् to cover, affix क.  
 बाध्क्य mfn. (-तः-बा-ध) To be covered or clothed. ind. Having clothed or put on. & बाध् before हृद् to cover, causal form, धन् or ल्यप् affix; also बाध्क्यदीय and बाध्क्यदित्य.  
 बाध्क्य mfn. (-तः-बा-ध) Cut, cut off. & बाध् before हृद् to cut, क aff.  
 बाध्कृत n. (-त) 1. A horse laugh. 2. Making a noise with the finger nails by rubbing them on one another. & बाध् before कुर to cut, क affix; also बाध्कृतक.  
 बाध्कृतक n. (-क) See the preceding.  
 बाध्कृत m. (-नः) Cutting, cutting off, excision. & बाध् before हृद् to cut, चञ् aff.  
 बाध्कृतन n. (-न) Exsion. & बाध् before हृद् to cut, ल्युट् aff.  
 बाध्कृतन n. (-न) Hunting, the chase. & बाध् before बुद् to command, with ल्युट् affix, च becomes ह.  
 बाज n. (-न) Oiled butter. & बाज् before गज to go, चञ् aff.  
 बाजक n. (-क) A flock of goats. & बाज a goat, and गुञ् aff.  
 बाजकार m. (-रः) Siva's bull. & बाज from गज to go, and कार what makes.  
 बाजगव n. (-व) The bow of Siva. & See बाजकार.  
 बाजानेय m. (-यः) A horse of a good breed. & बाज to go, चञ् affix, बाज going : आनेय be taken : who carries the rider through all opposition, &c.  
 बाजि f. (-जि) 1. War, battle. 2. Levelground. 3. An instant. 4. Abuse, reviling. 5. Going. & बाज to go, इन् Una'di affix, and बाज् prefixed or बाज with च् aff.  
 बाजिक्रिया f. (-या) Fighting, making war. & बाजि and क्रिया act.  
 बाजिकीर्ण mfn. (-तः-बा-जि) Ambitious, desirous to excel or overcome. & बाज् before क् to conquer, in the desiderative form, affix लृट्.  
 बाजिकर्ण mfn. (-तः-बा-जि) What takes or seizes. & बाज् before कर्ण to take, क् aff.  
 बाजीव m. (-व) Livelihood, subsistence. & बाज् before जीव to live, चञ् aff.  
 बाजीवन n. (-न) Livelihood. & बाज् before जीव to live, ल्युट् aff.  
 बाजीवनाय n. (-यः) Means of livelihood or subsistence, business, profession. & बाजीवन and नाय means.  
 बाजीव्य mfn. (-यः-बा-जि) 1. Habitable, fertile. 2. To be practised as a means of living. & बाज् before जीव to be lived, in or by.  
 बाजु f. (-जु) Working without wages. & बाज् before जु to become old, क् affix; also बाजु.  
 बाजु f. (-जु) See the preceding. & बाज् before जु to be quick, क् affix and the final lengthened; or जन to be born, and लृट् aff.

बाज्क mfn. (-नः-बा-ज) Ordered, commanded. & बाज् before ज्ञा to know, affix क.  
 बाज्क f. (-जि) Order, command. & बाज् before ज्ञा to know with क् aff.  
 बाज्क f. (-जि) An order, a command. & बाज् before ज्ञा to know, and क् aff.  
 बाज्कर mfn. (-रः-बा-जि) Obeying, obedient, performing an order. & (-रः) A servant. & बाज्क and कर who makes.  
 बाज्करन n. (-न) Obedience, execution of orders. & बाज्क and कर doing.  
 बाज्ककारिन् mfn. (-रि-बा-जि-रि) Obedient, ministrant, one who obeys or executes orders. & बाज्क and कारिन् who acts.  
 बाज्कचक्र n. (-क) A mystical circle or diagram, one of six described by the Tantras. & बाज्क and चक्र a circle.  
 बाज्कत mfn. (-तः-बा-जि) Ordered, commanded. & बाज् before ज्ञा to know, affix क.  
 बाज्कनुवायिन् mfn. (-यि-बा-जि-यि) Obeying or executing orders, obedient. & बाज्क, अनु according to, वायिन् who goes.  
 बाज्कनुवर्तिन् mfn. (-र्ति-बा-जि-र्ति) Obeying or executing orders. & बाज्क, अनु according to, and वर्तिन् who abides.  
 बाज्कनुसारिन् mfn. (-रि-बा-जि-रि) Obedient, obeying or executing orders. & बाज्क, अनु according to, सारिन् who goes.  
 बाज्कपक mfn. (-कः-बा-जि-क) Giving orders, a commander, commanding. & बाज् before ज्ञा to know, causal form, लृट् aff.  
 बाज्कपत्र n. (-त्र) An edict, a written order. & बाज्क and पत्र a page.  
 बाज्कपन n. (-न) Ordering, commanding. & बाज् before ज्ञा to know, causal form, ल्युट् aff.  
 बाज्कप्रतिघात m. (-तः) Disobedience, rebellion. & बाज्क and प्रतिघात, re-belling.  
 बाज्कभङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) Disobedience, insubordination, disloyalty. & बाज्क and भङ्ग breaking.  
 बाज्कवर्ध mfn. (-वः-बा-जि-व) Obedient, subject, ministrant. & बाज्क and वर्ध who bears.  
 बाज्कसम्पादिन् mfn. (-दि-बा-जि-दि) Obedient, submissive. & बाज्क and सम्पादिन् who executes.  
 बाज्कप m. (-पः) A Pitri or progenitor of a class of Pitris who are the sons of PULASTYA, and the ancestors of the Vaisya order. & बाज्क ghee, and प who drinks.  
 बाज्कभास m. (-सः) Offering ghee at certain ceremonies. & बाज्क and भास what shines.  
 बाज्कन n. (-न) Partial extraction of thorns or arrows and the like from the body. & बाज् before चञ् to go, ल्युट् aff.  
 बाज्कनेय m. (-यः) A name of the monkey HANUMA'N. & बाज्कना the mother of HANUMA'N, and ठक् patronymic affix which leaves एय.  
 बाज्कनेय m. (-यः) An insect, a kind of lizard. & बाज्कन antimony, ठक् affix, and हृट् inserted; from the blue tint of the animal's back.  
 बाटविक m. (-कः) A wood-man. & बाटवी a wood, and ठक् aff.  
 बाटरूप m. (-पः) A tree, (Justicia adhenatoda, &c.) & See बाटविक. the प being made long.  
 बाटि m. (-टि) The S'arali, a bird so called, (Turdus ginginianus.) & बाज् before बाट to go, इन् aff.  
 बाटीकन n. (-न) The leaping motion of a calf. & बाज् prefixed to ठीक to go, ल्युट् affix; also written बाटीकर and बाटीकक.  
 बाटीकप m. (-पः) A bull. & बाटीक leaping, and प who gets or uses.  
 बाटीप m. (-पः) 1. Pride. 2. Flatulence, borborygmi. & बाज् before टुप a Sautra root, to be proud, and चञ् aff.  
 बाज्कवर m. (-वः) 1. Charge sounded by musical instruments. 2. The roaring of elephants. 3. A drum used in battle. 4. Commencement. 5. The eyelid. 6. Pride, arrogance. 7. Anger, passion. 8. Happiness, pleasure. & (-वः) Rubbing and moulding the body. & बाज् before वर to tame or subdue. वर affix क is changed to व.

अक्षरिन् mfn. (-क्षरिन्) Proud, arrogant. ३. आक्षर and इति aff.  
 अक्षरि f. (-क्षरि) A bird, the Parakeet. (Turdus ginginianus.) ३. आक्ष before  
 अक्ष to go, इति aff. ; also आक्ष, आक्षि and आक्षी. (affixes.)  
 आक्ष m. (-क्ष) A raft, a float. ३. आक्ष to sound, उ and अ. Una di  
 आक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्षी) A measure of grain equal to four Prast has  
 or containing nearly 7 lbs. 11 oz. avoirdupois : in Bengal an  
 Araka is equal to two muns or 164 lbs. avds. f. (-क्षी) 1. A kind  
 of pulse, (Cytisus orjan.) 2. A fragrant earth : see, सुवरी. ३. आक्ष,  
 अक्ष to go, irregularly अक्ष, fam. क्षी or टाक्ष with इक्ष inserted.  
 आक्षि mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) 1. Sown with an A'dhaca of seed, (a field,  
 &c.) 2. Holding or containing the same. ३. आक्ष the measure, and  
 उक्ष aff.  
 आक्षी mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्षी) See the preceding. ३. आक्ष, उक्ष aff.  
 आक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) 1. Opulent, wealthy, rich. 2. Abounding in, pro-  
 ductive. 3. Having, being possessed of. ३. आक्ष, उक्ष to consider,  
 to meditate, क irregular aff.  
 आक्षर n. (-क्ष) Enriching, or the means of enriching, wealth, pros-  
 perity. ३. आक्ष and अक्ष aff.  
 आक्षर mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Formerly opulent. ३. आक्ष and अक्ष aff.  
 आक्षरिन् mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Becoming rich or eminent. ३. आक्ष and अक्ष  
 to be, इक्षि aff.  
 आक्षरिन् mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Becoming rich or eminent. ३. आक्ष and अक्ष  
 to be, with इक्षि aff.  
 आक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Low, inferior : see अक्ष.  
 आक्षी mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Bearing or fit to bear panic. ३. अक्ष panic, and  
 उक्ष aff.  
 आक्ष m. (-क्ष) 1. The edge of a sword. 2. The pin of the axle of a  
 cart. 3. A limit, a boundary. ३. अक्ष to sound, इक्ष aff, the pen-  
 long ; also अक्षि.  
 आक्ष n. (-क्ष) A multitude of eggs, &c. ३. अक्ष and अक्ष aff.  
 आक्षी mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Having many eggs, &c. ३. आक्ष and इक्ष aff.  
 आक्ष m. (-क्ष) 1. Fear, apprehension. 2. Disease, sickness. 3. Afflic-  
 tion, pain. 4. Fever. 5. The sound of a drum or tabor. ३. आक्ष,  
 अक्ष to live in distress, अक्ष aff.  
 आक्ष n. (-क्ष) 1. Calcining, adding a powder or flux to metals infusion.  
 2. The flux so used. 3. Casting any thing into another to effect  
 some change, as butter milk into fresh milk to turn it. 4. Casting  
 away, destroying. 5. Danger, calamity, as a pestilence or epidemic.  
 6. Speed, velocity. 7. Gratifying, satisfying. ३. आक्ष, अक्ष to go,  
 and अक्ष aff. (aff.)  
 आक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Spread, extended. ३. आक्ष before अक्ष to spread,  
 आक्षरिन् ३. (-क्ष) Stealing, persecuting, murdering, destroying. ३.  
 आक्षरिन् and अक्ष affix ; also with अक्ष affix, आक्षरिन्.  
 आक्षरिन् mfn. (-क्षि-क्षी-क्षि) A felon, a thief, a murderer, incendiary,  
 ravisher, &c. ३. आक्ष extended, every where, अक्ष to go, and अक्षि  
 affix.  
 आक्ष n. (-क्ष) 1. Sight, view. 2. Spreading, expanding. ३. आक्ष be-  
 fore अक्ष to spread, अक्ष aff.  
 आक्ष m. (-क्ष) Sun-shine. ३. आक्ष before अक्ष to heat, to shine, अक्ष aff.  
 आक्ष n. (-क्ष) A large umbrella of silk or leaves, used in the east as  
 a parasol. ३. आक्ष sun-shine, अक्ष what preserves.  
 आक्ष n. (-क्ष) A small umbrella, a mat or basket carried on the  
 head as one. ३. आक्ष a parasol, and अक्ष aff.  
 आक्ष n. (-क्ष) A Ghattah or Indian parasol. ३. आक्ष sun-shine,  
 and अक्ष preventing.  
 आक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Dried in the sun, evaporated by the solar  
 heat. ३. आक्ष and अक्ष aff.  
 आक्ष m. (-क्ष) Shade. ३. आक्ष and अक्ष non-existence.  
 आक्ष m. (-क्ष) Fare, freight. ३. आक्ष, अक्ष to cross or pass over, अक्ष aff.  
 आक्ष m. (-क्ष) 1. Satisfying, satisfaction. 2. Whitening the wall or

floor or seat on festival occasions. ३. आक्ष, अक्ष to satisfy or to be  
 satisfied, अक्ष aff.  
 आक्ष m. (-क्ष) A kite. ३. See the next.  
 आक्ष m. (-क्ष) A kite. ३. आक्ष before अक्ष to spread, अक्ष affix ; it is  
 also read आक्षिन्, from अक्ष to be warm.  
 आक्ष m. (-क्ष) Fare, freight. ३. आक्ष, अक्ष to cross, अक्ष अक्ष.  
 आक्ष m. (-क्ष) 1. A bird. 2. Going. ३. अक्ष to go, इक्ष affix ; or Una di  
 affix इक्ष.  
 आक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) 1. Proper for a guest. 2. Hospitable, attentive  
 to a guest. ३. अक्षि a guest, and इक्ष aff.  
 आक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) 1. Proper for a guest. 2. Hospitable, atten-  
 tive to a guest. n. (-क्ष) Hospitality. m. (-क्ष) A guest. ३. अक्षि  
 and अक्ष aff.  
 आक्ष n. (-क्ष) Excess, superfluity. ३. अक्षि exceeding, अक्ष aff.  
 आक्ष n. (-क्ष) Excess, quantity. ३. अक्षि much, and अक्ष aff.  
 आक्ष m. (-क्ष) A raft, a float. ३. आक्ष, अक्ष to cross, and अक्ष aff.  
 आक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Diseased. ३. आक्ष before अक्ष to hasten, अक्ष aff.  
 आक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Satisfiable, to be satisfied. m. (-क्ष) The oustard  
 apple tree, (Annona reticulata.) n. (-क्ष) The fruit. ३. आक्ष before  
 अक्ष to satisfy, अक्ष aff. (अक्ष aff.)  
 आक्ष n. (-क्ष) A musical instrument. ३. आक्ष before अक्ष to torment,  
 आक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) 1. Taken, accepted. 2. Assumed. 3. Attracted. ३.  
 आक्ष before अक्ष to give, अक्ष aff.  
 आक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) 1. Humbled, degraded. 2. Perfumed. ३. आक्ष  
 taken, and अक्ष pride ; whose pride is taken down.  
 आक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Humbled, &c. see the preceding. ३. As before,  
 अक्ष pride.  
 आक्ष n. (-क्ष) One's own act. ३. आक्ष and अक्ष act.  
 आक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Self-executed, done of one's self. ३. आक्ष and  
 अक्ष done.  
 आक्ष f. (-क्ष) A plant, Cowach, (Carpogon pruriens.) ३. आक्ष self,  
 अक्ष hidden ; self-preserved.  
 आक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Selfish, greedy, taking care of one's self,  
 appropriating, taking for one's self. ३. आक्ष and अक्षि who seizes.  
 आक्ष m. (-क्ष) 1. Suicide. 2. Heresy, schism. ३. आक्ष and अक्ष killing.  
 आक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) 1. A suicide. 2. A heretic, a schismatic,  
 one who disregards the moral or religious institutions of the code.  
 ३. आक्ष and अक्षि who kills. (aff.)  
 आक्ष m. (-क्ष) 1. A crow. 2. A cock. ३. आक्ष, अक्ष to sound, and अक्ष  
 आक्ष m. (-क्ष) A son. f. (-क्ष) 1. A daughter. 2. The understanding. ३.  
 आक्ष the body or soul, and अक्ष born, produced.  
 आक्ष m. (-क्ष) A son. ३. आक्ष and अक्ष birth.  
 आक्ष m. (-क्ष) A sage, one who knows his own nature and that of  
 spirit. ३. आक्ष and अक्ष who knows.  
 आक्ष n. (-क्ष) Spiritual knowledge, true wisdom. ३. आक्ष and अक्ष  
 knowledge.  
 आक्ष ind. (-क्ष) Apart, to one's self, (in theatrical language.) ३. आक्ष  
 and अक्ष gone.  
 आक्ष n. (-क्ष) The nature of spirit. ३. आक्ष and अक्ष truth.  
 आक्ष m. (-क्ष) A sage, especially one versed in the Vedanta doc-  
 trines. ३. आक्ष and अक्ष who knows.  
 आक्ष f. (-क्ष) 1. Identity with self. 2. Spirituality. ३. आक्ष and अक्ष  
 affix ; also with अक्ष affix, आक्ष.  
 आक्ष m. (-क्ष) 1. A suicide. 2. A heretic, an unbeliever. ३. आक्ष  
 and अक्षि who deserts.  
 आक्ष m. (-क्ष) A mirror. ३. आक्ष and अक्ष sight, seeing.  
 आक्ष n. (-क्ष) Knowledge of man's real nature, spiritual knowledge.  
 ३. आक्ष and अक्ष seeing.  
 आक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Self-tormenting, fretful, miserable. ३. आक्ष  
 and अक्षि who torments.



**आत्मन् m. (-त्वा)** 1. The soul. 2. The natural temperament or disposition. 3. BRAHMA, the supreme deity and soul of the universe, or more usually in this sense परमात्मा. 4. Life, spirit, the vivifying soul in opposition to the sentient; commonly also जीवात्मा. 5. Body. 6. Care, effort, pains. 7. Firmness. 8. The understanding, the intellect. 9. The mind or faculty of reason. 10. The sun. 11. Fire. 12. Wind, air. 13. A son. 14. The self, the abstract individual. **आत्म्**, **आत्** to go, **मनिन्** Una'di aff.

**आत्मनीन् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं)** 1. Existent, sentient. 2. Appropriate, good for, fit for. 3. Suitable, (as diet, &c.) **m. (-नः)** 1. A son. 2. A wife's brother. 3. A jester. **आत्म्** and **आत्** aff.

**आत्मवेपथुः n. (-द्व)** The middle voice, the proper form of the verb. **आत्म** to one's self, **वेप** inflected word.

**आत्मवन्तु m. (-न्तुः)** One's own kinsman, a first cousin or father's sister's son, mother's brother's son, mother's sister's son. **आत्म्** own, and **वन्तु** relative.

**आत्मबुद्धिः f. (-द्धिः)** 1. Self-knowledge. 2. One's own knowledge. **आत्म्** and **बुद्धि** knowledge.

**आत्मवीच m. (-चः)** Spiritual instruction. **आत्म्** and **वीच** causing to know.

**आत्मभाव m. (-वः)** Proper or peculiar nature. **आत्म्** and **भाव** disposition.

**आत्मभू mfn. (-भू-भू-भुः)** Self-born, self-existent. **m. (-भूः)** 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. Of KAMADEVA. 3. Of VISHNU, and 4. Of SIVA. **आत्म्** self, and **भू** being.

**आत्मभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** 1. Self-produced. 2. Own, peculiar, belonging to. 3. Attached to, faithful. **आत्म्** and **भूत** become.

**आत्ममानिन् mfn. (-नी-जिनी-निः)** Respecting one's self, decorous, respectable. **आत्म्** and **मानिन्** respecting. [मूल a root.]

**आत्मप्लौ f. (-प्लौ)** A plant, (Hedysarum alhagi:) see दुरालभा. **आत्म्** and **प्लौ** mfn. (-रि-रि-रि) Relish, greedy. **आत्म्** self and **भरि** who nourishes, from **भृ** to nourish, with **रि** aff.

**आत्मयाज्ञिन् m. (-जी)** A wise or learned man, one who studies his own nature and that of the soul. **आत्म्** and **याज्ञिन्** who worships.

**आत्मयोनि m. (-निः)** 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. Of SIVA. 3. Of VISHNU, and 4. Of KAMADEVA. **आत्म्** self, and **योनि** the place of birth: see **आत्मभू**.

**आत्मलोमन् n. (-स)** 1. The beard. 2. The hair of the body. **आत्म्** and **लोमन्** hair.

**आत्मवत् ind.** Like one's self. **आत्म्** and **वत्** aff.

**आत्मवन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्)** 1. Prudent, considerate. 2. Self-possessed, composed, calm. **आत्म्** and **वन्** aff.

**आत्मवत्ता f. (-ता)** 1. Self-resemblance. 2. Proportion, analogy. 3. Prudence, self-regard. **आत्म्** added to the preceding.

**आत्मवज्र m. (-जः)** Subjection of the mind, self-control, self-government. **आत्म्** and **वज्र** subjection.

**आत्मविद् m. (-विद्)** 1. A sensible man, one who knows himself. 2. A wise man, a sage, one who knows the nature of the soul or spirit. **आत्म्** and **विद्** who knows.

**आत्मविद्या f. (-द्या)** Spiritual knowledge. **आत्म्** and **विद्या** science.

**आत्मविशिष्ट f. (-ष्टः)** Self advantage. **आत्म्** and **विशिष्ट** increase.

**आत्मवीर mfn. (-वीर-वीरः)** 1. Existent, sentient. 2. Appropriate, good for one's self. 3. Suitable, (as diet, &c.) **m. (-वीरः)** 1. A wife's brother. 2. A jester. **आत्म्** and **वीर** heroic, strong.

**आत्मवृत्तिः f. (-वृत्तिः)** Practising one's duties or occupation. **आत्म्** and **वृत्ति** profession.

**आत्मशक्तिः f. (-क्तिः)** Inherent or own power. **आत्म्** self, and **शक्ति** power.

**आत्मशुद्धिः f. (-द्धिः)** Self-purification. **आत्म्** and **शुद्धि** purity.

**आत्मश्लाघा f. (-घा)** Boasting. **आत्म्** self, **श्लाघा** praise.

**आत्मसंयम m. (-यमः)** Self-restraint, stoicism. **आत्म्** self, and **संयम** restraint.

**आत्मसन्देह m. (-देहः)** Internal doubt. **आत्म्** and **सन्देह** doubt.

**आत्मसन्तान् m. (-न्तः)** A son. **आत्म्** and **सन्तान** birth.

**आत्मसात् ind.** One's own. **आत्म्** and **सात्** aff. [सात् made, आत्मसात्कृत mfn. (-कृत-कृतः) Appropriated, made one's own. **आत्म्** and **सात्** and **आत्मसात्** f. (-द्धिः) Self-advantage. **आत्म्** and **सात्** accomplishment.

**आत्महत्या f. (-त्या)** Suicide, self-destruction. **आत्म्** and **हत्या** killing.

**आत्महन् m. (-हन्)** 1. A suicide, a self-murderer. 2. A heretic, an unbeliever. 3. A priest in a temple, a servant or attendant upon an idol. **आत्म्** and **हन्** who kills or destroys, self-destroying; the priest subsisting by appropriating to himself offerings to deities, for which future punishment is assigned.

**आत्महन्त n. (-नः)** Suicide. **आत्म्** and **हन्त** killing.

**आत्महित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Beneficial to one's self. **आत्म्** and **हित** good for.

**आत्महित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Self-counselled. **m. (-तः)** A treaty dictated by the party wishing it himself. **आत्म्** and **हित** directed.

**आत्माधीन mfn. (-नी-ना-नं)** Sentient, existent. **m. (-नीः)** 1. A wife's brother. 2. A censorious man. 3. A son. **आत्म्** and **आधीन** dependent.

**आत्मापहरक m. (-कः)** An impostor, one who pretends to belong to a higher class than his own. **आत्म्** and **अपहरक** a plunderer: who steals himself.

**आत्मार्थ mfn. (-र्थः-र्थी-र्थे)** For one's own sake, for the sake of one's self. **आत्म्** and **अर्थ** object.

**आत्मार्थ m. (-र्थी)** A fish. **आत्म्**, **अर्थ** to eat, **विनि** affix; supposed to eat its young.

**आत्मार्थ m. (-यः)** 1. Self-dependance. 2. Innate idea, abstract knowledge, independent of the thing to be known. **आत्म्** self, and **आर्थ** asylum. [अर्थ aff.]

**आत्मोद्यम mfn. (-यः-या-यं)** 1. Cognate, related, of kin. 2. Own. **आत्म्** and **आत्मोद्यम** m. (-यः) Self-advantage or elevation. **आत्म्** and **उद्यम** rising.

**आत्मोपम mfn. (-मः-सा-सं)** Like one's self. **आत्म्** and **उपमा** resemblance.

**आत्मोपजीविन् mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि)** 1. A public performer, actor, singer, dancer, &c. 2. A day-labourer. **आत्म्** self, **उपजीविन्** who subsists who lives by his own exertions.

**आत्मोद्भव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं)** Born or produced from one's self. **m. (-वः)** A son. **f. (-वा)** 1. A daughter. 2. A plant, (Glycine debilis.) **आत्म्** and **उद्भव** born.

**आत्मलिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं)** 1. Supreme. 2. Excessive, abundant. 3. In finite. **आत्म्** exceeding, **उक्** aff.

**आत्मलिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं)** 1. Ill-omened, unpropitious. 2. Destructive. 3. Disastrous. 4. Distressing, painful. **आत्म्** destruction, **उक्** aff.

**आत्मलु m. (-लुः)** A gallinule: see **आत्मलु**.

**आत्मलु m. (-लुः)** 1. The name of a Muni or saint, the son of ATMA, applicable to DATTA, DURVASAS, and SOMA. 2. An essential humor or juice of the body. **f. (-विद्या or -वी)** A woman during her courses. **f. (-वी)** 1. The name of a river in the north of Bengal. 2. The wife of ATMA. 3. Any woman of the Brahmanical order. **आत्म्** a saint so called, **उक्** patronymic aff.

**आत्मलु m. (-लुः)** 1. A family priest. 2. A Brahman versed in the At'harvan Yeda. **n. (-लुः)** 1. A collection of prayers, &c. delivered by AT'harvan, a sage. 2. A private apartment in which after sacrifice, the sacrificer receives absolution from the officiating Brahman. **आत्म्** a Veda, and **लु** aff.

**आत्मलु m. (-लुः)** A Brahman who has studied the At'harva Veda. **आत्म्** a Veda, and **लु** aff.

**आत्मलु mfn. (-लुः-लु-लुः)** Taken, received. **आत्म्** before **लु** to give, **लु** aff.

**आत्मलु mfn. (-लुः-लु-लुः)** Taking, accepting. **आत्म्** before **लु** to give, **लु** aff.

**आत्मलु mfn. (-लुः-लु-लुः)** Having, possessing. **आत्म्** before **लु** to have, **लु** aff.

**आत्मलु m. (-लुः)** 1. Respect, reverence. 2. Commencement, beginning. **आत्म्** before **लु** to have, **लु** aff.



प्रदरवीर mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Venerable, respectable. 2. To be attended to. E. बाङ् before ह to have, वनीवर aff. [aff.]

प्रदत्त mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) To be respected or regarded. E. बाङ्, ह and तव्य  
प्रदत्त mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Venerable, respectable. E. बाङ् before ह to have, वत् aff.

प्रदम्ब m. (-वः) 1. A Mirror. 2. A commentary. 3. The original manuscript from which a copy is taken. E. बाङ्, ह्मि to see, वज् aff.

प्रदर्शन n. (-नः) 1. Showing, making apparent or seen. 2. A mirror. E. बाङ् before ह्मि to see, क्त्वा aff.

प्रदर्शित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Shewn, made apparent. E. बाङ् before ह्मि to see, क्त्वा aff.

प्रादान n. (-नः) 1. Taken, receipt, acceptance. 2. A horae's trappings. 3. A symptom. f. (-नी) A plant: see वलिचीपा. E. बाङ् reversing the sense, and दा to give, क्त्वा aff. fem. डीप्.

प्रादाय ind. Having taken. E. बाङ् before दा to give, क्त्वा aff.

प्रादायचर mfn. (-रः-री-रः) Who goes away after taking any thing. E. प्रादाय, चर to go, ट aff.

प्रादि m. only. (-दिः) 1. First, prior. 2. First, pre-eminent, ind. (In composition,) Other, et-cetera, as स्वादि the affix सु et-cetera. E. बाङ् before दा to give, and कि aff.

प्रादिकर m. (-रः) BRAHMA, the creator. E. प्रादि and कर who makes.

प्रादिकर्तृ m. (-र्तृ) BRAHMA, as the creator. E. प्रादि and कर्तृ who makes.

प्रादिकवि m. (-विः) 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. A name of VALMIKI, the first mortal poet. E. प्रादि the first, and कवि a poet.

प्रादिकारण n. (-णः) A primary cause. E. प्रादि and कारण cause.

प्रादितस् ind. From the first, from the beginning. E. प्रादि and तस् aff.

प्रादितय m. (-यः) A deity, a divinity. E. प्रादित the mother of the gods, and दक् derivative aff.

प्रादित्य m. (-यः) 1. A deity in general. 2. A deity of a particular class; the ADITYAS are twelve in number, they are forms of SURYA or the sun, and appear to represent him as distinct in each month of the year. 3. The sun. E. प्रादित the mother of the gods, and दक् derivative aff.

प्रादित्यपुष्पिका f. (-का) Red swallow wort. E. प्रादित्य the sun, and पुष्पिका having a flower, the flower of the sun, from its red colour: see चक्रपुष्पिका. [circle.]

प्रादित्यमण्डल n. (-लः) The disc or orb of the sun. E. प्रादित्य and मण्डल a  
प्रादित्यसूत m. (-सूतः) 1. A name of SUGRIVA, a monkey king; 2. of YAMA; 3. of SANI or SATURN. E. प्रादित्य the sun, and सूत a son.

प्रादित्य n. (-त्वः) Priority, precedence. E. प्रादि and त्व added: also प्रादित्ता with लृक् aff.

प्रादित्ता f. (-ता) Wish to seize. E. बाङ् before दा to give, desiderative form, लृक् aff.

प्रादिक् mfn. (-क्तुः-क्तुः-क्तुः) Wishing to take or have. E. बाङ् before दा to give, desiderative form, लृक् aff.

प्रादिदेव m. (-वः) Name of VISHNU or NARAYANA. E. प्रादि the first, and देव a god, the first god, the creator.

प्रादिपुरुष m. (-वः) The first male, usually applied to VISHNU. E. प्रादि the first, and पुरुष a man.

प्रादिभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) First born or existent. m. (-तः) BRAHMA. E. प्रादि and भूत been.

प्रादिम mfn. (-मः-मा-मः) First, prior. E. प्रादि and मिम aff.

प्रादिराज m. (-जः) The name of a king; also पृथु. E. प्रादि and राजन् a king, the first king; he was a form of VISHNU, and husband of Prithivi or the earth.

प्रादिराज m. (-जः) A name of VISHNU. E. प्रादि and राजन् a boar; the first boar, alluding to VISHNU's avatars or incarnation in that form; also similar compounds, as प्रादिराजः, प्रादिकीलः, &c.

प्रादिह mfn. (-हः-हा-हः) 1. Commanded, directed. 2. Appointed. 3. Ad-

vised, enjoined. 4. Said. n. (-हः) Fragments or leavings of a meal. E. बाङ् before हि to point or shew, लृक् aff.

प्रादिष्ट m. (-ष्टी) 1. A student, a Brahman in the first order. 2. A penite, one engaged in any expiatory rite. E. प्रादिष्ट what is instructed, and ष्ठि aff.

प्रादीनव m. (-वः) 1. Distress, pain, uneasiness. 2. Fault, transgression. 3. An indicator of distress. E. बाङ् before दीप् to decay, deriv. irr.

प्रादीपन n. (-नः) 1. Whitening the wall, floor, or seat, &c. upon festival occasions. 2. Embellishing. 3. Inflaming, exciting. E. बाङ्, दीप् to beautify, क्त्वा aff. [aff.]

प्रादीपित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Illuminated. E. बाङ् before दीप् to inflame, लृक् aff.

प्रादत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Respectful. 2. Respected, honoured, worshipped. 3. Zealous, diligent. E. बाङ् before ह्मि to have, and लृक् aff.

प्रादृष्य mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Venerable, respectable. E. बाङ् before ह्मि to have, क्त्वा affix; लृक् augment

प्रादृष्य mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Receivable, leviable, what may be taken or received. E. बाङ् before दा to give, वत् aff.

प्रादिवक्त्र mfn. (-क्तः-क्ती-क्ता) One who sports or plays. E. बाङ् before दिव् to sport, वृत् aff.

प्रादेश m. (-शः) 1. An order, a command. 2. Advice, instruction. 3. (In grammar,) A substitute. 4. (In astrology,) Event, result, consequence of stellar conjunctions, &c. E. बाङ् before दिश् to point or shew, वत् aff.

प्रादेशिन् m. (-श्री) 1. A commander, a director. 2. An astrologer, a fortune-teller. E. बाङ् before दिश् to point or shew, and शिनि aff.

प्रादेश्ट m. (-ष्टः) 1. An adviser, a director, a commander. 2. An employer of priests. E. बाङ् before दिश् to shew, लृक् aff.

प्राद्य mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. First, initial. 2. Edible, what is to be or may be eaten. n. (-यः) 1. Grain. 2. Food. f. (-या) A name of DUSHA. E. प्रादि and द्य affix, fem. टाप्.

प्राद्यकवि m. (-विः) A name of VALMIKI, author of the Ramayana. E. प्राद्य first, and कवि a poet, being the first who wrote Sanskrit verse.

प्राद्यस mfn. (-सः-सा-सः) From the beginning to the end. n. (-सः) Beginning and end, first and last. E. प्रादि first, and सन् last.

प्राद्यलवत् mfn. (-वः-वती-वत्) Finite, having beginning and end. E. प्रादि beginning, सन् end, and लवत् aff.

प्राद्यमापक m. (-कः) A Masha, a weight equal to five Gunja or Rotti seeds, about 17½ grains troy. E. प्राद्य and मापक a Masha, the primary Masha; also माष and मास.

प्राद्यवीज n. (-जः) A primary cause. E. प्राद्य and बीज seed, cause.

प्राद्यून mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. Shamelessly voracious. 2. Without the beginning. E. बाङ्, दिव् to play or enjoy in the past, past, or प्रादि first, and ऊन minus.

प्राद्योपल adv. (-लः) From first to last. E. प्राद्य and उप near, सन् end.

प्राद्यमन n. (-नः) A pledge. [उक्त्वा aff.]

प्राद्यमिक mfn. (-क्तः-क्ती-क्ता) Unjust, unrighteous. E. प्राद्य neg. चर्त्त virtue, &c.

प्राद्यवेष n. (-वेषः) 1. Conviction, (of crime or of error.) 2. Sentence, refutation. 3. Injuring, annoying. E. बाङ् before वृष् to be bold, क्त्वा aff.

प्राद्यवित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Convicted, sentenced. 2. Related, disproved. 3. Injured, aggrieved. E. बाङ् before वृष् to be bold, affix लृक्.

प्राधान n. (-नः) 1. Taking, having. 2. Receiving, recovering. 3. A ceremony performed with consecrated fire. 4. A pledge, a deposit. 5. A surety. 6. A ceremony performed previous to conception: see गन्धधान. E. बाङ् before धा to have, affix लृक्.

प्राधानिक n. (-नः) A ceremony performed after cohabitation to procure or favour conception. E. प्राधान and उक्त्वा affix: see the preceding.

प्राधाव ind. Having deposited or placed. E. बाङ् before धा to have, क्त्वा aff.

प्राधार m. (-रः) 1. Support, prop, stay. 2. Receptacle. 3. Comprehen-

sion, location, the sense of the ablative in or on. 4. A dike, a canal. 5. A basin round the foot of a tree. **आधा** and **ध** to hold or contain, **अच्** aff.

**आधारधर्म** m. (-र्धः) The influence or action of the support or recipient upon the thing received or supported. **आधार** support, &c. **आधेय** what is to be held, and **धर्म** quality.

**आधि** m. (-धिः) 1. Mental agony, anxiety. 2. Exception. 3. Definition. 4. A pledge, a pawn, a mortgage. 5. Location, fixing, site, &c. 6. Management. **आध्** before **धि** to reflect, and **हि** aff.

**आधिक** n. (-कः) Excess. **आधिक** more, **अच्** aff.

**आधिज** mfn. (-जः-आ-ज) Produced by pain, &c. **आधि** pain, and **ज** produced.

**आधिर** mfn. (-रः-आ-र) 1. Crooked. 2. Pained, distressed. **आधि** pain, &c. and **र** who knows. [aff.]

**आधिकार** n. (-रः) 1. Possession. 2. Location. **आधिकार**, and **अच्**.

**आधिकारिक** mfn. (-कः-आ-र) 1. Supreme, superior, relating or belonging to any thing or person of importance or sway. 2. Official, relating to any office or duty. **आधिकार** and **उच्** aff.

**आधित** n. (-तः) Nature or circumstance of a pledge. **आधि** and **त** aff.

**आधिलोपधि** m. (-धिः) The object or purpose with which a pledge is given, the conditions or terms of a mortgage. **आधिल** and **उपधि** condition.

**आधिदेविक** mfn. (-कः-आ-दे-व) Relating to, a tutelary or presiding deity. **आधिदेव** and **उच्** aff.

**आधिपत्य** n. (-त्यः) Power, supremacy, sovereignty. **आधिपति** a lord or master, &c. **अच्** aff.

**आधिभोग** m. (-भोगः) Usufruct, enjoyment or use of a deposit, use of a horse, cow, &c. pledged. **आधि** a pledge, and **भोग** enjoyment.

**आधिभौतिक** mfn. (-कः-आ-भौ-त) Elementary, derived or produced from the primitive elements. **आधिभूत** a material cause, **उच्** aff.

**आधिमन्त्र** m. (-न्त्रः) Feverish heat or burning. **आधि** and **मन्त्र** distress, **अच्** aff.

**आधिराज्य** n. (-ज्यः) Supreme sway, royalty, royal government. **आधिराज** and **अच्** aff.

**आधिपदिक** mfn. (-कः-आ-पद-क) Property, &c. given to a first wife upon marrying a second. **आधि** before **पदि** to know, and **उच्** aff., **अधिपद**, **उच्** aff.

**आधीकरण** n. (-णः) 1. Pledging, mortgaging. 2. A pledge. **आधि** and **करण** making, &c. with **धि** inserted.

**आधीकृत** mfn. (-तः-आ-धी-कृत) Pledged, pawned, mortgaged. **आधि** and **कृत** made, with **धि** augment. [ment.]

**आधीकृत्य** ind. Having pledged. **आधि** with **कृत्य** having done, **धि** aug.

**आधृत** mfn. (-तः-आ-धृत) Shaken, trembling. **आध्** before **धृ** or **धृ** to tremble, affix **त**; it is also long, **आधृत**.

**आधुनिक** mfn. (-कः-आ-धु-न) New, recent, of the present moment. **आधुना** now, and **उच्** aff.

**आधृत** mfn. (-तः-आ-धृत) Shaken, agitated, trembling. **आध्** before **धृत** shaken.

**आधूय** n. (-यः) Weakness, infirmity. **आधू** neg. **धूय** to be borne, **अच्** aff.

**आधृत** mfn. (-तः-आ-धृत) Contained, supported. **आध्** before **धृ** to have, **त** aff.

**आधेय** mfn. (-यः-आ-धे-य) 1. Placed, deposited or to be deposited. 2. To be received or supported. 3. To be pledged or mortgaged. **आध्** before **धे** to have or hold, and **उच्** aff.

**आधीर** m. (-रः) The rider or driver of an elephant. **आध्** before **धीर** to move well, **उच्** aff.

**आधात** mfn. (-तः-आ-धा-त) 1. Sounded, sounding. 2. Inflated. 3. Burnt. m. (-तः) 1. Flatulence, borborygmi, swelling of the abdomen with noise. 2. War, battle. **आध्** before **धा** to blow, affix **त**.

**आधान** n. (-नः) 1. Blowing, inflation. 2. A bellow. 3. Intumescence,

swelling of the belly, dropsy. **आध्** before **धा** to blow, and **उच्** aff.

**आधा** f. (-धा) Recollection, remembering especially with regret. **आध्** before **धा** to reflect, **अच्** affix, and **टाप्** fem.

**आध्यात्मिक** mfn. (-कः-आ-धी-त) Relating to the supreme spirit, spiritual, holly. **आध्यात्मा** the soul, and **उच्** aff.

**आध्यात्म** n. (-नः) Remembering, pensive or sorrowful recollection, dwelling or meditating upon, &c. **आध्** before **धा** to consider, and **उच्** aff.

**आध्यापक** m. (-कः) A teacher, a scriptural preceptor. **आध्** prefixed to the causal of **अधि** to peruse, affix **पुन्**.

**आध्यापनी** m. (-नी) Usufruct of a pledge. **आधि** and **उपनी** enjoyment.

**आध्यायक** mfn. (-कः-आ-धी-य) Belonging to the officiating priest. **आध्याय**, and **अच्** aff.

**आन** m. (-नः) Breath inspired. **आन्** to be, **अच्** affix; existing by it.

**आनक** m. (-कः) 1. A large military drum, beaten at one end. 2. A double drum. 3. A small drum or tabor. 4. A thunder-cloud, or a cloud to which the noise of the thunder is ascribed. **आन्** before **न** to sound, and **उच्** aff.

**आनकदुम्भ** m. (-नः) A name of Vasudeva the father of Krishna. **आन्** and **दुम्भ** the parent of Vasudeva, **उच्** aff.

**आनकदुम्भ** mfn. (-भिः-आ-न) A large drum beaten at one end, a large d'hol or a kettle drum. **आनक** what sounds and **दुम्भ** a drum.

**आनक** m. (-कः) Name of a Muni or sage: see **आनक**.

**आनत** mfn. (-तः-आ-न) 1. Bending, stooping, bowed. 2. Pacified, conciliated. 3. Humbled. 4. Submissive, obedient. **आन्** before **न** to bow or bend, affix **त**. [किन्त्वा]

**आनति** f. (-तिः) Bending, bowing, stooping. **आन्** before **नति** to bow.

**आनह** mfn. (-हः-आ-न) 1. Bound, tied. 2. Costive. n. (-हः) 1. A drum in general: also **अनह**. 2. Dressing, Putting on clothes or ornament. **आन्** before **नह** to bind, and **त** aff.

**आनन** n. (-नः) The mouth, (and by syncope) the face. **आन्** before **न** to live or breathe, **उच्** aff.

**आनन्य** n. (-न्यः) Proximity, absence of interval. 2. Immediate consequence or succession. **आनन्य** and **अच्** aff.

**आनन्** n. (-नः) 1. Infinity. 2. Immortality, future happiness. **आनन्** endless, **अच्** aff.

**आनन्द** m. (-न्दः) 1. Happiness, joy. 2. BALARAMA according to the Jain system of many KRISHNAS and many BALARAMAS. n. (-न्दः) God Supreme spirit, according to the Vedānta. f. (-न्दी) A plant, vulgarly A'kanpata. **आन्** before **नदि** to be or make happy, **अच्** aff.

**आनन्दयु** mfn. (-युः-आ-न-यु) Happy, joyful. m. (-युः) Happiness, joy. **आन्** before **नदि** to be happy, and **अच्** aff.

**आनन्द** mfn. (-न्दः-आ-न-द) Exhilarating, delighting: so **आनन्दकर**.

**आनन्दन** m. (-नः) Membrum virile.

**आनन्दन** n. (-नः) 1. Civility, courtesy, the treatment of a friend or guest at meeting and parting. 2. Delighting, making happy. 3. What gives or occasions delight. **आन्** before **नदि** to make happy, and **उच्** aff.

**आनन्दपट** n. (-टः) Bridal clothes. **आनन्द** making happy, and **पट** cloth.

**आनन्दप्रसव** m. (-वः) The seminal fluid. **आनन्द** pleasure, and **प्रसव** what is manifest.

**आनन्दमय** mfn. (-यः-आ-न-द-म-य) Blissful, made up or consisting of happiness. n. (-यः) The Supreme Spirit. **आनन्द** and **मय** aff.

**आनन्दनकोष** m. (-षः) The innermost case of the body, or causal frame enshrining the soul. **आनन्दन** and **कोष** sheath.

**आनन्दानन्द** m. (-नः) A king.

**आनन्दि** m. (-न्दिः) Happiness, pleasure; also **आनन्दी** f. (-न्दी) **आन्** before **नदि** to be happy, and **हि** aff. [to be happy affix **त**.

**आनन्दिन** mfn. (-नः-आ-न-दि-न) Happy, rejoiced, delighted. **आन्** before **नदि**

**आनन्दिन्** mfn. (-न्दी-न्दिनी-न्दि) Happy, joyful. **३.** आनन्द and इति aff.  
**आनमिन्** mfn. (-ता-ता-न्) Bent, bowed down. **३.** आङ् before नम् with क् aff.  
**आनय** mfn. (-य-य-य) Bowing, stooping, bent, bowed down. **३.** आङ् before नम् to bow, यङ् aff.  
**आनय** m. (-यः) 1. Bringing. 2. Investiture with the sacred thread. **३.** आङ् before वीज् to obtain, यङ् aff.  
**आनयन** n. (-नः) 1. Bringing. 2. Investiture with the sacred thread. **३.** आङ् before वीज् to get, affix ल्युट्.  
**आनर्त** m. (-र्तः) 1. A country on the north of the Malabar Coast. 2. A stage, a theatre. 3. War. 4. Water. 5. An inhabitant of A'narta. **३.** आङ् before नृत् to dance, aff. यङ्.  
**आनर्थक्य** n. (-क्यः) 1. Unfitness, impropriety. 2. Uselessness, unprofitableness. **३.** आनर्थ unprofitable, यङ् aff.  
**आनाय** m. (-यः) A net. **३.** आङ् before वीज् to obtain, यङ् aff.  
**आनाय** mfn. (-यः-य-य) To be brought. m. (-यः) Consecrated fire, taken from the household fire, and placed on the south side. **३.** आङ् before वीज् to obtain, यङ् aff; deriv. irregular.  
**आनाह** m. (-हः) 1. Epistaxis, suppression of urine, or constipation. 2. Length, especially of cloth. **३.** आङ् before नह् to bind, affix घञ्.  
**आनिल** m. (-नः) Name of HANUMAN and BHIMA. **३.** आनिल and अन् patronymic affix; see the next.  
**आनिलि** m. (-लिः) 1. A name of the monkey HANUMAN. 2. BHIMA. **३.** आनिल the wind, patronymic affix इङ्; HANUMAN and BHIMA being the sons of ANILA or the wind. f. (-लिः) A name of SWATI, the fifteenth Nakshatra or lunar mansion. **३.** आनिल and अङ् affix, fem. डौप्; ANILA being the ruling deity of the asterism.  
**आनीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Taken. 2. Brought. 3. Obtained. **३.** आङ् before वीज् to obtain, and क् aff.  
**आनीय** ind. 1. Having taken. 2. Having brought. **३.** आङ् before वीज् to obtain, and यङ् aff.  
**आनील** mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Darkish. m. (-लः) A black horse. **३.** आङ् diminutive, and नील black or dark blue.  
**आनकृप्य** n. (-कृप्यः) Favour, kindness. **३.** अनुकूल favourable, यङ् aff. [aff. आनकृप्य n. (-कृप्यः) Acquaintance, familiarity. **३.** अनुगत followed, यङ्.  
**आनयासिक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) About or belonging to the village, rustic, rural, &c. **३.** अनुयास and उङ् aff. [उङ् aff.  
**आनुपदिक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Following, pursuing, tracking. **३.** अनुपद and अनुपद्वं nf (-व्य-व्यी) 1. Order, series, succession. 2. (In law) Direct order of the castes. 3. (In logic) A conclusion, regularly or syllogistically deduced. **३.** अनु subsequent, पूर्व first, अङ् affix; also आनुपूर्व and आनुपूर्वक.  
**आनुमानिक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Inferable, inferred, subject to inference, derived from inference, &c. **३.** अनुमान inference, and उङ् aff.  
**आनुरक्ति** f. (-क्तिः) Passion, affection. **३.** अनुरक्ति the same, the first vowel made long.  
**आनुलोम्य** n. (-म्यः) Direct order, regular series or succession. **३.** अनुलोम direct, and यङ् aff.  
**आनुलोमिक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Regular, orderly, in due course or series. **३.** अनुलोम and उङ् aff.  
**आनुविधि** f. (-धिः) Ingratitude. **३.** अनु and वि before धा to have, desiderative form, affixes षक् and टाप्.  
**आनुवहिक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Proportionate, like, analogous, relative. 2. Necessary, (as result, consequence.) 3. Connected, concomitant with, adherent, inherent. 4. (In grammar) Elliptical, including or agreeing with words not comprised in the sentence. **३.** अनुवह relation or connexion, उङ् aff.  
**आनूप** m. (-पः) Any animal frequenting marshy places, as a buffalo, &c. **३.** अनूप marshy ground, and यङ् aff.

**आनूपमीस** m. (-सः) Flesh or meat of animals frequenting marshes, &c. **३.** आनूप and मीस flesh.  
**आनृष** n. (-रुषः) Acquittance of debt or obligation. **३.** अनृषी out of debt, यङ् aff.  
**आशयस्य** n. (-स्यः) 1. Mildness. 2. Cruelty. **३.** आशयस mild, and यङ् affix, or आङ् intensive, and रुषस्य cruelty.  
**आनेतव्य** mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be brought or taken. **३.** आङ् before वीज् to take, तव्य aff. [यङ् aff.  
**आनेय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be taken or brought. **३.** आङ् before वी to take  
**आनेपुष** n. (-पुषः) Clumsiness, stupidity. **३.** आनेपुष not dexterous, यङ् affix; and the initial optionally long.  
**आनेश्वर्य** n. (-र्यः) Absence of power or supremacy. **३.** आनेश्वर्य the same, and the initial optionally long.  
**आन** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Gone. **३.** अन् to go, क् aff. [यङ् aff.  
**आन** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Final, terminal, relating to the end. **३.** आन and आनर्गलिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) Included, comprehended, (in a class or troop.) **३.** आनर् and गन् a class, उङ् aff.  
**आनरील** mfn. (-लः-ली-ल) Heavenly, celestial, produced in the sky. n. (-लः) The firmament. **३.** आनरील the same, and यङ् aff.  
**आनर्गलिक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Produced or occurring within a house. **३.** आनर्गलिक and उङ् aff.  
**आनिका** f. (-का) An elder sister : see अनिका.  
**आनिक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Visceral, relating to the bowels. **३.** आन an entrail, and उङ् aff.  
**आन्दोल** r. 10th cl. (-त) आन्दोलयति To swing.  
**आन्दोल** m. (-तः) Swinging. **३.** आन्दोल to swing and यङ् aff.  
**आन्दोलन** n. (-नः) 1. Swinging. 2. A swing. 3. Trembling, oscillation. **३.** आन्दोल to swing, यङ् aff.  
**आन्दोलित** mfn. (-तः-त-त) Swung, shaken. **३.** Participle past of आन्दोल.  
**आनस** m. (-सः) The scum of boiled rice. **३.** आनस and अङ् aff.  
**आनसिक** m. (-कः) A cook. **३.** आनस boiled rice, and उङ् aff.  
**आन्न** mfn. (-नः-नी-न) 1. Fed, having food. 2. Relating to food, derived from it, &c. **३.** आन्न and अङ् aff.  
**आन्** m. (-न्) A native of Telengana. **३.** आन् country, अङ् aff.  
**आन्यिक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Of a good family, well born. 2. Orderly, according to order or arrangement. **३.** आन्य race, उङ् aff.  
**आन्यिकी** f. (-की) Logical philosophy, metaphysics. **३.** आन्य according to, ईच् to see, उङ् aff.  
**आप** r. 1st, 5th & 10th cls. (-प) आप (आपति, आपति or -पति and आपयति) 1. To pervade or occupy. 2. To obtain, to gain. In the first sense it is usually employed with वि prefixed, and in the second with अव or प्र; also with अभि and वि prefixed, to spread one place to another; with परि and वि or सं and वि, to obtain completely; with सं and वि to meet with, light upon or fall into; with उप, सं and प्र, to arrive at, to enter.  
**आप** m. (-पः) One of the eight demigods called Vasus. **३.** आप् to obtain, यङ् aff.  
**आपकर** mfn. (-रः-री-र) Offensive, mischievous, unfriendly. **३.** आपकर offence, यङ् aff.  
**आपक** mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Half baked, crude, raw. 2. Nearly ripe, not quite ripe. 3. Undressed, what is eaten without further preparation, (as bread, &c.) **३.** आङ् diminutive, पक्क dressed, cooked.  
**आपना** f. (-ना) A river, a stream. **३.** आप् a quantity of water, the ocean, and ग् fem. derivative from गम् to go.  
**आपण** m. (-णः) 1. A market. 2. A shop. **३.** आङ् before and पण् to trade, affix यङ्.  
**आपणिक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Mercantile, relating to traffic, to a market, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A merchant, a dealer, a shop-keeper. 2. Tax on markets or shops. 3. Assize, market rate. **३.** आङ् before पण् to negotiate, पक्क Unādi affix; or आपण and उङ् aff.

आपतन n. (-नः) 1. Coming, approaching. 2. Descending, alighting. 3. Happening. E. आङ् before पत् to go, जुट् aff.  
 आपतित mfn. (-कः-कौ-कं) Accidental, unforeseen, sent from heaven. m. (-कः) A hawk, a falcon. E. आङ् before पत् to go, to fall, इकन् Una'di aff.  
 आपतित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Happened, befallen. 2. Alighted, descended. E. आङ् before पत् to go, affix क्.  
 आपत्काल m. (-नः) Season of distress. E. आपद् and काल time.  
 आपत्कालिक mfn. (-कः-कौ-कं) Occurring in a time of calamity, belonging to it. E. आप-काल and ठक् or ठञ् aff.  
 आपर्ण f. (-णिः) 1. Misfortune, calamity. 2. Obtaining, procuring. 3. Fault, Transgression. 4. Remonstrance, expostulation. E. आङ् before पद् to go, क्तिन् aff.  
 आपन्नप्राप्त mfn. (-नः-ता-तं) Unfortunate, unhappy, afflicted. E. आपद् misfortune, and प्राप्त obtained.  
 आपद् f. (-पद्-पद्) Misfortune, calamity. E. आङ् before पद् to go, क्तिन् aff.  
 आपद्ग्रस्त mfn. (-कः-कौ-कं) Unfortunate, unhappy, in misfortune. E. आपद् and ग्रस्त seized  
 आपद्व्यर्थ n. (-र्थः) Practice or profession other than that proper to caste, but allowable in time of distress. E. आपद् and धर्म virtue.  
 आपदा f. (-दा-दै) Misfortune, calamity. E. आङ् before पद् to go, अङ् and टाप् affs.; also आपद्.  
 आपन n. (-नः) 1. Obtaining. 2. Pepper. E. आप् to obtain, ल्युट् aff.  
 आपनिक m. (-कः) 1. An emerald. 2. A barbarian. E. आङ् before पत् to praise, and इकन् Una'di aff.  
 आपन्न mfn. (-नः-ता-तं) 1. Unfortunate, afflicted. 2. Gained, obtained, acquired. E. आङ् before पद् to go, क्तिन् participial aff.  
 आपन्नमल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Impregnated, pregnant. f. (-ला) A pregnant woman. E. आपन्न obtained, मल thing, substance, टाप् aff.  
 आपन्नमयक n. (-कः) Property, &c. obtained by barter. E. आपन्नमय having changed, ककन् aff. [and ठञ् aff.]  
 आपराह्निक mfn. (-कः-कौ-कं) Occurring in the afternoon, &c. E. अपराह्न आपव m. (-वः) A name of VASSISHA.  
 आपन् n. (-पः) 1. Water. 2. Sin. E. आप् to obtain, अङ् aff.  
 आपन्कार n. (-रः) The root or extremity of the trunk or body. E. अपन्कार क्तिन्, अङ् aff.  
 आपस्तम्ब m. (-म्बः) The name of a sage and legislator.  
 आपाक m. (-कः) 1. A potter's kiln. 2. A baking oven. E. आङ् before पक् to bake, चञ् aff.  
 आपाङ्गुर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Slightly pale, palish. E. आङ् dimin. पाङ्गुर pale.  
 आपात m. (-तः) 1. Throwing down, causing to descend. 2. Falling, descending. 3. The instant, the current moment. E. आङ् before पत् to go, to fall, चञ् aff.  
 आपाततत् ind. Immediately, instantly. E. तत् added to the last.  
 आपान m. (-नः) A tavern, a liquor-shop, a place for drinking in society. E. आङ् before पा to drink, ल्युट् aff.  
 आपानि m. (-निः) A house. E. आङ् before पत् to go, इन् affix; the penultimate irregularly long.  
 आपी f. (-पी) The twentieth Nakshatra or lunar mansion.  
 आपीड m. (-डः) 1. Squeezing, compressing. 2. Giving pain, hurting. 3. A chaplet tied on the crown of the head. E. आङ् before पीड to pain, चञ् affix.  
 आपीडन n. (-नः) 1. Squeezing, compressing, tying or drawing tightly. 2. Embracing, clasping. 3. Giving pain, hurting. E. आङ् before पीड to pain, affix जुट्.  
 आपीडित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Squeezed, compressing. 2. Bound tightly. 3. Embraced. 4. Hurt. E. आङ् before पीडित pressed.  
 आपीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Drank up. 2. Very yellow. n. (-नः) A pyritic mineral. E. आङ् before पीत drank or yellow.

आपीत mfn. (-नः-ता-तं) Stout, fat. m. (-नः) A well. n. (-नः) An udder. E. आङ् and पीत fat, large.  
 आपृषिक mfn. (-कः-कौ-कं) 1. A baker. 2. A confectioner. 3. One who eats cakes, one for whom they are good, &c. n. (-नः) A multitude of cakes. E. अपृष a cake, ठक् or ठञ् aff.  
 आपृष्य m. (-यः) Flour, meal. E. अपृष a cake, यञ् aff. [fulness]  
 आपूर्ति f. (-तिः) 1. Filling. 2. Satisfaction, fulness. E. आङ् before पूर्ति  
 आपृष n. (-नः) Tin.  
 आपृष्य f. (-यः) Conversation, speaking to or with. E. आङ् before प्रश्न to ask, अङ् and टाप् affs.  
 आश mfn. (-नः-ता-तं) 1. Trusted, confidential. 2. Gained, obtained. 3. True. 4. Apt, fit. 5. A friend. 6. Appointed. 7. Authentic. 8. Accused, prosecuted. f. (-ता) A twisted band or lock of hair. n. (-नः) 1. Quotient. 2. Equation of a degree. E. आप् to obtain. क्तिन् aff.  
 आशकारिन् m. (-रिः) A trusty agent, a confidential servant. E. आश trusted, and कारिन् who acts.  
 आशमन्त्र mfn. (-न्त्रः-न्त्रा-न्त्रं) Proud, arrogant. E. आश and मन्त्र pride.  
 आशमन्त्रा f. (-न्त्रा) A pregnant woman. E. आश and मन्त्र embryo.  
 आशमन्त्र n. (-नः) A received text, an authority. E. आश and मन्त्र text.  
 आशित f. (-तिः) 1. Gain, acquisition. 2. Binding, joining. 3. Connexion relation. 4. Fitness, aptitude. E. आप् to obtain, क्तिन् aff.  
 आशितिक f. (-किः) 1. An augment or affix, (in grammar.) 2. A word of received acceptance, and established by usage only. E. आश received, उक्ति speech.  
 आशम. (यः) The sign Aquarius.  
 आश mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Watery, consisting of water, as froth, &c. 2. Obtainable, to be obtained. n. (-यः) A plant, a kind of costus. 1. अप् water, यञ् affix; or आप् to get, यन् aff.  
 आशान mfn. (-नः-ता-तं) 1. Stout, robust. 2. Fat. E. आङ् before शाय to grow, क्तिन् aff.  
 आशायन n. (-नः) 1. Pleasing, satisfying. 2. Satiety, satisfaction. 3. Advancing. 4. Corpulency, growing or being fat or stout. E. आङ् before शाय to increase, ल्युट् aff.  
 आशायित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Pleased. 2. Satisfied. 3. Increased, improved. 4. Stout, fat. E. आङ् before शाय to increase, क्तिन् aff.  
 आशमन्त्र n. (-नः) Civility upon receiving or parting with a visitor, welcome, adieu, &c. E. आङ् before प्रश्न to ask, ल्युट् aff. [foo]  
 आशपद n. (-दः) A dress reaching to the feet. E. आङ् and प्र before पद्  
 आशपदीन mfn. (-नः-ता-तं) A dress reaching from the shoulders to the feet. E. आङ् and प्र prefixed to पद् a foot, ख aff.  
 आशपदीनक n. (-कः) See the preceding. E. कन् added.  
 आश्व m. (-वः) 1. Bathing. 2. Sprinkling with water. E. आङ् before श्व् to swim, अप् aff.  
 आश्वन n. (-नः) 1. Sprinkling with water. 2. Bathing. E. आङ् before श्व् to swim, affix जुट्.  
 आश्वव्रतिन् m. (-रिः) An initiated householder, one who has passed through the first order, that of the Brahmachari, and is admitted into the second. E. आङ् before श्व् bathing, व्रतिन् performer of व्रत, or religious obligation; bathing being part of the prescribed ceremony.  
 आश्व m. (-वः) 1. Bathing. 2. Sprinkling, wetting. 3. A submerging. 4. A flood, an inundation. E. आङ् before श्व् to swim, चञ् aff.  
 आश्वित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Inundated, overflowed. E. आङ् before श्व् bathe, causal form, affix क्.  
 आश्वय ind. Having wetted or sprinkled. E. आङ् before श्व् to swim, ल्यप् aff.  
 आश्वित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Bathed. 2. Wetted, sprinkled. m. (-तः) An initiated householder: see आश्वव्रतिन्. n. (-नः) Bathing. E. आङ् before श्व् to bathe, affix of the participle past.  
 आश्वव्रतिन् m. (-रिः) See आश्वव्रतिन्. E. आश्वित bathed, &c. as before.

बाध् ind. Having bathed. **३.** बाध् before बुध् to bathe, लृप् aff.  
 बाध् m. (-य) Air, wind. **३.** बाध् to obtain, बुन् Unaḍi aff.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बा-य) Tied, bound. m. (-यः) 1. A binding. 2. A yoke.  
 3. Ornament. 4. Affection. **३.** बाध् before बन् to bind, affix क्.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बा-य) Bound or tied firmly. m. (-यः) 1. The tie of a  
 yoke, that which fastens the ox to the yoke, or the latter to the  
 plough. 2. Affection. 3. Ornament, decoration. 4. A tie or bound.  
**३.** बाध्, यय a binding.  
 बाधा f. (-य) Segment of the base of a triangle.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) A sister's husband, (in theatrical language.) **३.** बाध्  
 to obtain, क्तिप्, लृप् and लृप् to stretch, उ affix, य is changed to व;  
 according to another etymology the word is बाध्.  
 बाध् n. (-यः) 1. Knowledge, understanding. 2. Instructing, inform-  
 ing. **३.** बाध् before बुध् to know, causal form, लृप् aff.  
 बाध् n. (-यः) 1. Ornament decoration, as jewels, &c. 2. Nourishing. **३.**  
 बाध् before भृज् to fill or nourish, लृप् aff.  
 बाध् f. (-य) 1. Light. 2. Splendour. 3. Beauty. **३.** बाध् before भा to  
 shine, लृप् and टाप् affs.  
 बाध् f. (-यः) 1. Shade. 2. Light. **३.** बाध् before भा to shine, affix क्तिप्.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Introduction, preface. **३.** बाध् before भाव् to speak, aff.  
 लृप्.  
 बाध् n. (-यः) Addressing, speaking to. **३.** बाध् before भाव् to speak,  
 बाध् m. (-यः) 1. Light. 2. Reflexion. 3. Intention, purpose. 4. (In  
 logic) Fallacy, semblance of a reason, an argument that is erro-  
 neous though plausible; it is classed as of various kinds. **३.** बाध्  
 before भास shining.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) A demigod, of a class consisting of sixty-four. **३.** बाध्  
 before भास to shine, लृप् aff.  
 बाध् n. (-यः) Loftiness of birth. **३.** बाध् family, लृप् aff.  
 बाध् n. (-यः) 1. Birth, family, rank. 2. Learning. **३.** बाध् family,  
 &c. यज् aff.  
 बाध् f. (-यः) Sound. **३.** बाध् a compound root, to name, लृप् and  
 टाप् affixes, and बाध् prefix.  
 बाध् n. (-यः) See the preceding. **३.** As before, क् and क्त् affs.  
 बाध् n. (-यः) Relating or belonging to a name or word  
 n. (-यः) The property of a name, &c. **३.** बाध् family and लृप् aff.  
 बाध् n. (-यः) Presence, being in front of or face to face. **३.** बाध्  
 लृप् and यज् aff.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बा-य) Taken by force or fraud. **३.** बाध् seizure,  
 बाध् adj. mfn. (-यः-बा-य) or adv. n. (-यः) 1. Much, exceeding.  
 2. Eternal, eternally. **३.** बाध् frequent, and लृप् aff.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) A cowherd, sprung from a Brahman and female of the  
 medical tribe or the Ambastha. f. (-यः) A cowherd's wife, or a  
 woman of that tribe. **३.** बाध्, बाधि and ईर to send, affix लृप् and  
 fem. लृप्, or without the first prefix बाधि.  
 बाध् f. (-यः) A station of herdsmen, a village inhabited by them  
 only, an abode of cowherds, &c. **३.** बाध् a cowherd, and पति a  
 house, a village, &c. also with the final long -पति.  
 बाध् f. (-यः) See the preceding. **३.** As above.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बा-य) 1. Formidable, fearful. 2. Suffering pain. n. (-यः)  
 Bodily pain. **३.** बाधि before लृप् to sleep, क् affix; य is made long.  
 बाध् f. (-यः) One of the Raginis or modes of music, femininely per-  
 sonified. **३.** बाध् before, मरी a drum.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) 1. Completion, fulness. 2. Enjoyment. 3. Effort, pains.  
 4. The expanded hood of the Cobra capella, used by VARUNA  
 as his umbrella. **३.** बाध् before भृज् to eat, लृप् aff.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बा-य) Resulting from practice, practicing, repeat-  
 ing. **३.** बाध् and लृप् aff.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बा-य) 1. Relating to prosperity, &c. 2. High,  
 exalted. 3. Important. n. (-यः) A Śraddha or offering to ancestors

on occasions of rejoicing. **३.** बाध् elevation, prosperity, उक्  
 affix.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बा-य) 1. Raw, undressed, unripe. 2. Unbaked, unan-  
 nealed. m. (-यः) 1. Sickness, disease. 3. Constipation, passing  
 hard and unhealthy excretions. 4. Grain freed from the chaff.  
**३.** बाध् to be sick, लृप् aff.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) A water jar of unbaked clay. **३.** बाध् and लृप् a jar.  
 बाध् n. (-यः) A bad and cadaverous smell, like that of raw meat  
 or burning corpse **३.** बाध् raw, &c. and लृप् smell. [aff.]  
 बाध् m. (-यः) The castor oil plant. **३.** बाध् dim. लृप् to adorn, लृप्  
 बाध् n. (-यः) Pain. **३.** बाध् priv. लृप् the mind, यत् affix and the first  
 vowel made long.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बा-य) 1. Calling or calling to. 2. Courtesy, welcome, address,  
 &c. 3. Inviting, invitation. 4. Interrogation. 5. The vocative case.  
**३.** बाध् before लृप् to consult, affix यत्  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बा-य) Asking, inviting, calling. m. (-यः) An inviter,  
 an entertainer, especially of Brahmins. **३.** बाध् before लृप् to  
 counsel, causal form, लृप् aff.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बा-य) Invited, summoned, called. **३.** बाध् before लृप् to  
 consult, क् aff.  
 बाध् n. (-यः) Running at the nose, defluxion. **३.** बाध् and लृप्  
 pituitary excretion.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Raw flesh. **३.** बाध् and लृप् flesh.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बा-य) A cannibal. **३.** बाध् and लृप् who eats.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Sickness, disease. n. (-यः) A grass, (Costus) **३.** बाध् to be  
 sick, लृप् affix, बाध्, and य, from या to obtain.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बा-य) 1. Sick, diseased. 2. Affected with indiges-  
 tion, dyspeptic. **३.** बाध्, लृप् to go, and लृप् aff.  
 बाध् n. (-यः) Dyspepsia, indigestion. **३.** बाध् and लृप् aff.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Dysentery. **३.** बाध् and लृप् blood.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बा-य) Lasting for life, continuing till death. **३.**  
 बाध् before लृप् dying, and लृप् end, उक् aff.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Imperfect chyme. **३.** बाध् and लृप् juice.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Advice, counsel. **३.** बाध् before लृप् to advice, affix लृप्.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) 1. Wrath or rage. 2. Impatience. **३.** बाध् before लृप् to bear,  
 affix लृप्, the prefix made long; also लृप्.  
 बाध् n. (-यः) 1. Rubbing, wiping. 2. Anger. **३.** बाध् before लृप् to rub,  
 &c. लृप् aff.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बा-य) Emblic myrobalan, (Phyllanthus emblica.) m.  
 (-यः) Another plant, (Justicia adhenatoda, &c.) n. (-यः) The fruit  
 of the myrobalan. **३.** बाध् and लृप् to hold, लृप् aff. fem. लृप् having  
 all medicinal virtues.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Constipation or torpor of the bowels, with flatulency  
 and intumescence. **३.** बाध् and लृप् wind, the wind being supposed  
 to be chiefly affected.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) The cholice, pain arising from indigestion.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Dysentery, the excretion being mixed with hard  
 and foetid matter. **३.** बाध् and लृप् dysentery.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) 1. A minister, a counsellor, an adviser. 2. A general.  
**३.** See बाध्.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बा-य) Eating raw food. **३.** बाध्, लृप् to eat, लृप् aff.  
 बाध् n. (-यः) Pain. **३.** See बाध्, the antepen. being made long.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Undressed rice. **३.** बाध् and लृप् boiled rice.  
 बाध् m. (-यः-बा-य) Land near a mountain.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बा-य) Occurring on the day of conjunction, &c.  
**३.** बाध् and लृप् aff.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) The stomach. **३.** बाध् hardness of the faeces, &c. and  
 बाध् a station.  
 बाध् f. (-यः) Curd of two milk whey. **३.** बाध् before लृप् to sprinkle,  
 लृप् affix; also बाधि.

बाधित्य mfn. (-त्तः-त्वात्) Made of curds, &c. E. बाधिया and यत् affix ; also with इ, बाधित्यैय.

बाधित्य mn. (-त्तः-त्वात्) 1. Flesh. 2. Enjoyment. 3. An object of enjoyment, a pleasing or beautiful object, &c. 4. A bribe. 5. Coveting, longing for. 6. Form. 7. Lust, desire. 8. Food. E. बाध् to be sick, to go, हिंस्र Una'di aff. and the antepen. lengthened.

बाधित्यप्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Carnivorous, fond of flesh meat. m. (-यः) A heron. E. बाधिय flesh, and प्रिय fond of.

बाधित्यप्रिय mfn. (मुक्) Carnivorous. E. बाधिय and मुख what eats.

बाधित्यप्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Carnivorous, eating flesh and fish. E. बाधिय flesh, बाध् to eat, and प्रिय aff.

बाधित्य mfn. (-त्तः-त्वात्) 1. Loosed, let go. 2. Discharged, cast, shot. 3. Put on as clothes or armour. 4. Dressed, accounted. E. बाध् before मुख to release, unbind, &c. क् aff.

बाधित्य f. (-क्तिः) 1. Liberation, being let loose. 2. Final liberation. ind. (क्ति) To be end of existence. E. बाध् and मुक्ति liberation.

बाधित्य n. (-त्तः) 1. Prelude, prologue. 2. Commencement. ind. To the face. E. बाध् before मुख face or beginning.

बाधित्य m. (-यः) A thorny kind of bambu, (Bambusa spinosa, Rox.)

बाधित्यप्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Of an illustrious family, well born, well descended. E. बाधिय the genitive of बाध्, this, and प्रिय aff.

बाधित्य adv. n. (-त्तः) To the root, by the root, entirely, radically. E. बाध् particle, and मूल root. [aff.]

बाधित्य mfn. (-त्तः-त्वात्) Wiped, rubbed. E. बाध् before वृत् to wipe, क् बाधित्य n. (-त्तः) 1. Loosing, liberating. 2. Emitting, shedding, letting forth or out. E. बाध् before मुख to liberate, अत् aff.

बाधित्य m. (-यः) 1. A fragrant, a diffusive perfume. 2. Strong smell. 3. Pleasure. E. बाध् before मुद to be pleased, चत् aff.

बाधित्य n. (-त्तः) Delighting, rejoicing. E. बाध् before मुद to please, क् aff.

बाधित्य mfn. (-त्तः-त्वात्) 1. Pleased, delighted. 2. Fragrant. E. बाध् before मुद with क् aff.

बाधित्य mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) 1. Fragrant. 2. Happy, delighted. m. (-दी) A perfume for the mouth, made up in the form of a pill or bolus of camphor, &c. E. बाध् and प्रिय aff.

बाधित्य mfn. (-धी-धीनी-धि) A thief, who or what steals. E. बाध् before मुख to steal, चिन्त् aff.

बाधित्य m. (-यः) 1. A Veda, or the Vedas in the aggregate. 2. Received doctrine, traditional and right. 3. Traditional usage, family or national customs. 4. Advice, instruction in past and present usage. 5. A Tantra. 6. An element of being, a property of substance. E. बाध् before ज्ञा to learn, to remember, चत् and यत् affs.

बाधित्यप्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Pious, observing the Vedas and national customs. E. बाधिय and प्रिय who goes.

बाधित्य m. (-यः) 1. A name of DHRTARASHTRA. 2. Also of KALPIKE'YA. E. बाधिया the mother of DHRTARASHTRA or a name of DURGĀ and क् aff. [aff.]

बाधित्य mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Aquatic. m. (-कः) A fish. E. बाध् water, उक् बाध् m. (-यः) The mango tree, (Mangifera Indica). E. बाध् to be sick, रत् Una'di affix, and बा made बा.

बाधित्य f. (-यी) A piece of dried mango. E. बाध and येनी a piece of flesh, &c. [aff.]

बाधित्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Made of mangoes, (sauce, &c.) E. बाध and मयत्

बाधित्य m. (-त्तः) The hog-plum, (Spondias mangifera). E. बाध the mango, and बाध् to go, the affix चत् ; the fruit resembling the mango : also बाधातक.

बाधित्य m. (-कः) See the preceding. E. As before, क् added.

बाधित्य m. (-त्तः) Inappetised mango juice. E. बाध and बाध् stirring.

बाधित्य n. (-त्तः) Tautology, reiteration of words or sounds. E. बाध् before वेद to be mad, क् aff.

बाधित्य mfn. (-त्तः-त्वात्) Reiterated, repeated. n. (-त्तः) Repetition of a sound or word. E. बाध् before वेद to be mad, क् aff.

बाधित्य mfn. (-त्तः-त्वात्) The tamarind tree, n. (-त्तः) Sourness, acidity. E. बाध sour, with बाध् prefixed, or बाध sour and बाध् aff.

बाधित्य mfn. (-त्तः) A plant, (Rumex vesicatorius). E. बाध sourness, and वेतस a cane.

बाधित्य f. (-का) 1. The tamarind tree. 2. Sourness in the mouth, acidity of the stomach : see बाधिका. E. बाध sour, and बाध् aff.

बाधित्य f. (-का) The tamarind tree. E. बाध and उक् affix, the pen. made long : otherwise बाधिका as before.

बाधित्य m. (-यः) 1. Income, revenue. 2. Gain, profit. 3. The guard of the women's apartments. E. बाध् before या to obtain, क् aff.

बाधित्य mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Active, diligent, indefatigable. E. बाध् iron, शूल a sharp weapon, affix उक्.

बाधित्य mfn. (-यन्-यनी-यत्) Coming, approaching. E. बाध् before यत् to go, यत् aff.

बाधित्य mfn. (-त्तः-त्वात्) 1. Long. 2. Diffuse, prolix. m. (-त्तः) An oblong figure, (in geometry). E. बाध् before यत् to cease, affix क्.

बाधित्य f. (-दा) The plantain tree, (Musa sapientum). E. बाध long, and दद a leaf, long-leaved.

बाधित्य m. (-कः) A paucyrist. E. बाध diffuse, दू to praise, and क् aff.

बाधित्य m. (-त्तः) (In geometry,) Half an oblong. E. बाध and चत् half.

बाधित्य n. (-त्तः) 1. Abole, house. 2. An altar, also a shed for sacrifices. 3. A ground plot, the site of a house, &c. 4. The cause of disease. E. बाध nominal root, to lengthen, affix लृट् ; extending from the house.

बाधित्य f. (-यी) A woman with large eyes or long eyelids. E. बाध and चत् the eye, fem. affix ङीप्.

बाधित्य f. (-त्तः) Long continuance, remote futurity. E. बाध and बाधति future time.

बाधित्य f. (-त्तः) 1. Future time. 2. Majesty, dignity. 3. Restraint of mind. 4. Length. 5. Meeting, junction. 6. Obtaining. E. बाध् before यत् to cease, affix क्त्वि.

बाधित्य mfn. (-मान्-मती-मत) 1. Long, extended. 2. Stately, dignified. 3. Self-restrained. E. बाधति and मत् aff.

बाधित्य mfn. (-बा-बा-बा) Long-eyed, having large eyes. E. बाध and ईच sight.

बाधित्य mfn. (-त्तः-त्वात्) Docile, tractable, dependent. E. बाध् before यत् to restrain, and क् aff.

बाधित्य f. (-त्तः) 1. Docility, tractableness, humility. E. बाधत् तत् affix of the abstract : also with त्, बाधित्य.

बाधित्य f. (-त्तः) 1. A day. 2. Affection. 3. Subjection, subjecting. 4. A boundary, a limit. 5. Power, strength. 6. Continuance in the right way, steadiness of conduct. 7. Sleeping. 8. Length. 9. Majesty, dignity. 10. Future time. E. बाध् before वृत् to endeavour, and क्त्वि aff.

बाधित्य n. (-यः) Unfitness, unsuitableness, incompatibility. E. बाधत् तत् and यत् aff.

बाधित्य ind. Having restrained or suppressed. E. बाध् before यत् to restrain, लृप् aff.

बाधित्य m. (-यः) Receipt and disbursement, income and expenditure. E. बाध and बाध expense.

बाधित्य n. (-कः) Missing, regretting.

बाधित्य mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) 1. Of iron, iron. 2. Armed with an iron weapon. 3. Zealous. n. (-यः) 1. Iron. 2. A weapon. f. (-यी) Armour for the body, a breast-plate, a coat of mail. E. बाध iron, बाध् and ङीप् affs.

बाधित्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Sharpened, whetted. 2. Thrown, cast, sent. 3. Pained, distressed. 4. Vexed, angry. 5. Hurt, killed. 6. Managed or effected with difficulty. 7. Labouring, toiling, making effort of exertion. E. बाध्, यत् to endeavour, क् aff.

बाधनम् mfn. (-तः-ता-न्) Obtained by sacrifice. इ. बाङ् before धान् sacrifice, धत्त become.  
 बाधितम् mfn. (-तः-ता-न्) Urgently requested or desired. इ. बाङ् before धाव् to ask, क् aff.  
 बाधत mfn. (-तः-ता-न्) Come. इ. बाङ् before धात gone.  
 बाधन n. (-न्) 1. The natural temperament or disposition. 2. Coming, arrival. इ. बाङ् before धा to obtain, affix क् ट्.  
 बाधन m. (-न्) 1. Length, either in space or time. 2. Breadth, (in mensuration.) 3. Restraint, restraining. इ. बाङ् before धत्त to cease, चञ् aff.  
 बाधयिन् mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) 1. Long in space or time. 2. One who restrains. इ. बाधय and इनि affix or बाङ् before धत्त to cease and चिनुन् aff.  
 बाधय m. (-न्) 1. Fatigue, weariness. 2. Effort, exertion. 3. Trouble, labour. इ. बाङ् before धत्त to endeavour, to make exertion, and चञ् affix.  
 बाधयिन् mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) 1. Making exertion, active, laborious. 2. Exhausted by labour, wearied. इ. बाङ् before धत्त to endeavour, चिनुन् aff.  
 बाधयिन् m. (-न्) End of life, death. इ. बाधय् and श्च end  
 बाधय m. (-न्) Age, duration of life. इ. बाध् to go, Una'di affix ड्.  
 बाधक m. (-कः) A minister, an agent or deputy. इ. बाङ् before युज् to join, and क् aff.  
 बाधक m. (-कः) A weapon in general. इ. बाङ् before युज् to fight, क् aff.  
 बाधकमिणी f. (-नी) A plant, (Eschynomene sesban) : see जयन्ती. इ. बाधक a weapon and चिन्ती possessing virtue : having the virtues of a weapon against disease, &c.  
 बाधकान् n. (-न्) An arsenal, an armoury. इ. बाधक and बागार a house.  
 बाधक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Relating to arms. m. (-कः) A soldier, a warrior इ. बाधक a weapon, and डक् aff.  
 बाधक mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Relating to or connected with weapons. m. (-यः) A warrior. इ. बाधक and डक् aff.  
 बाधक m. (-यः) A medicament. इ. बाधक life, and द्रव्य thing.  
 बाधक m. (-यः) 1. The science of medicine. 2. The collective writings of authority on medicine, or medical Sastra. इ. बाधक life, and वेद a Veda. [and सयट् aff.  
 बाधकमय mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) Acquainted with medical science. इ. बाधक  
 बाधक mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Belonging to medicine, of the medical profession, medical, medicinal, &c. m. (-दी) A practitioner of physic, a physician or surgeon. इ. बाधक and इनि aff.  
 बाधक mfn. (-यान्-यानी-यान्) 1. Alive, living. 2. Long lived. m. (-यान्) One of the twenty-seven Yogas or divisions of the ocliptic. इ. बाधक age, and सयट् possessive aff.  
 बाधक m. (-यः) A sacrifice to obtain longevity. इ. बाधक and डीम a sacrifice.  
 बाधक mfn. (-यः-यानी-यं) Vital, preservative of life, for the sake of life, relating or belonging to it. इ. बाधक and यत् aff.  
 बाधक m. (-यः) Age, duration of life. इ. बाध् to go, चिन् Una'di affix, the pen. lengthened.  
 बाधक mfn. (-यः-यानी-यं) Promoting longevity, supporting life. इ. बाधक and कर् what makes.  
 बाध ind. An interjection of calling, expressive of affection.  
 बाधक m. (-यः) 1. Presenting or offering flowers, perfumes, &c. 2. Action, the performance of an act. 3. A shore or bank. इ. बाङ् before युज् to join, चञ् aff.  
 बाधक m. (-यः) A man of a mixed tribe sprung from a Sudra man and Vaisya woman; his business is carpentry, &c. f. (-नी) A woman of the tribe.  
 बाधक n. (-न्) 1. Effort, exertion. 2. Taking, seizing. 3. Collecting. इ. बाङ् before युज् to join, क् ट् aff.

बाधितम् mfn. (-तः-ता-न्) Collected together. इ. बाङ् before युज् to join, क् aff.  
 बाधक n. (-न्) 1. War, battle, slaughter. इ. बाङ् before युज् to make war, affix क् ट्.  
 बार m. (-रः) 1. The planet Mars. 2. The planet Saturn. n. (-रः) 1. An angle, a corner. 2. End, extremity. 3. Brass. 4. Oxide of iron. f. (-रा) 1. A shoe-maker's awl or knife. 2. A probe. इ. बाङ् to go, affix चञ्.  
 बारकट mfn. (-टः-टी) Brass इ. बार what goes, and कट a heap; composed of various materials.  
 बारक mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Preserved, defended. 2. Proper or worthy to be preserved, &c. m. (-यः) 1. Protection, guard, preservation. 2. The junction of the frontal sinuses of an elephant. इ. बाङ् before रच to preserve, &c. चञ् aff.  
 बारक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what guards or protects. m. (-कः) 1. A watchman, a patrol. 2. A village or police magistrate. इ. बाङ् before रच् to preserve, वृज् aff. [destroys  
 बारक m. (-यः) A plant, (Cassia fistula) इ. बाङ् रच् sickness, वच what  
 बारक m. (-रः) The name of a country, north-west of India.  
 बारक m. (-यः) A horse from the A'rat's country. इ. बारक and ज् born  
 बारक m. (-निः) An eddy.  
 बारक mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) Forest, wild, forest born, &c. इ. बारक a wood, चञ् affix of derivation.  
 बारक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Forest, wild, forest born or produced. m. (-कः) A forester, an inhabitant of the woods. इ. बारक and कन् added.  
 बारक m. (-यः) A wild or forest animal, as a buffalo, a monkey, &c. इ. बारक forest, and पशु an animal. [figu.  
 बारक m. (-यः) The sign LEO. इ. बारक a forest beast, and राति a  
 बारक f. (-तिः) 1. Stopping, ceasing. 2. Waving lights before an image. इ. बाङ् before रच् to play, क् ट् aff.  
 बारक n. (-नं) Sour gruel made from the fermentation of boiled rice. इ. बार what goes, from क् to go, and नाल smell.  
 बारक n. (-कः) See the preceding. इ. आ before, कन् added.  
 बारक mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Begun, commenced. इ. बाङ् before रचि to commence, affix क्.  
 बारक mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) Boldness, confidence. f. (-टी) A branch of the dramatic art, the machinery of the drama, the representation of magical incantations, &c. इ. बार quickly, मट् to nourish, चञ् and डीन् affs.  
 बारक mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Beginning, beginning resolutely with a determination to finish. इ. बाङ् before रचि to commence, शान्च aff.  
 बारक m. (-यः) 1. A beginning, a thing begun. 2. Haste, speed. 3. Effort, exertion. 4. Pride. 5. Killing, slaughter. 6. An introduction, a prologue, &c. इ. बाङ् before रचि to commence, चञ् aff.  
 बारक ind. Having begun, beginning from. इ. बाङ् before रचि to commence, चप् aff.  
 बारक m. (-यः) Sound इ. बाङ् before ड् to sound, चप् aff.  
 बारक n. (-यः) In-pidity, want of favour or spirit. इ. बारक and यञ् aff.  
 बारक n. (-यः) The edge of a semicircular arrow head. इ. बार what goes, and चय edge, &c. [aff.  
 बारक ind. 1. Near. 2. Distant, far from. इ. बाङ् before रा to get, चान्  
 बारक m. (-तिः) An enemy. इ. बाङ् before रा to take or receive, चानि aff.  
 बारक mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Near, proximate. 2. Remote. इ. बारक and क् aff.  
 बारक n. (-कः) Waving lamps at night before an image. इ. बाङ् before राति night, कन् added.  
 बारक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what worships, a worshipper. इ. बाङ् before राच to finish, and वृज् aff.  
 बारक n. (-न्) 1. Accomplishment. 2. Acquirement, attainment. 3. Gratifying, propitiating. 4. Worshipping. 5. Cooking. f. (-नी) Ser-

vice. (जी) Worship, a loration, propitiation of the deities. **वार्ध** before **राध** to finish, **खट्** aff.

**वाराधनीय** mfn. (-यः-वा-य) To be worshipped or adored. **वार्ध** before **राध** to finish, **वनीय** affix; also with **तव्य** and **य**, **वाराधितव्य** and **वाराध**.

**वाराधित** mfn. (-तः-वा-ध) 1. Worshipped, honoured, revered. 2. Propitiated, pleased. 3. Accomplished, effected. **वार्ध** before **राध** to finish, **क** affix.

**वाराधमान** mfn. (-नः-वा-न) 1. Being worshipped, receiving worship, &c. 2. Being in course of fulfilment. **वार्ध** before **राध** and **मान** aff.

**वाराध** m. (-नः) A garden, a grove. **वार्ध** before **रन्** to please, **घञ्** aff.

**वाराधक** m. (-कः-वा-क) A cook. **वार्ध** before **रन्** to please, **ठक्** affix; always bending over the dishes, &c.

**वाराध** m. (-नः) Sound. **वार्ध** before **रन्** to sound, affix **घञ्**; also **वाराध**.

**वार्ध** m. (-नः) 1. The name of a tree, (*Lagerstromia regina*). 2. A crab. 3. A hog. 4. A pitcher. **वार्ध** to go, **उष्** affix, the pen. made long.

**वार्धक** n. (-कः) A drug brought from the hills, of cooling properties.

**वार्धक** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) Desirous to rise or ascend, to advance, &c. **वार्ध** before **रन्** to rise, desiderative form, **उ** aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) Of a tawny colour. m. (-नः) Tawny, (the colour.) **वार्ध** to go, **क** aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) 1. Mounted, ascended, risen. 2. Raised up, elevated on high. **वार्ध** before **रन्** to grow, **क** aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) Mounting, rising. **वार्ध** before **रन्** to mount, **क** aff.

**वार्ध** m. (-तः) A plant, (*Cassia fistula*). **वार्ध** before **रन्**, **वार्ध** trust, **रन्** to stretch, **उ** affix; inspiring confidence during sickness.

**वार्ध** m. (-तः) Health. **वार्ध** reverse, **रन्** to be sick, **घञ्** aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) Who or what mounts or rides, &c. **वार्ध** before **रन्** to mount, affix **उष्**.

**वार्ध** m. (-तः) 1. Placing in or on. 2. Assigning or attributing to. **वार्ध** before **रन्** to mount, causal form, **घञ्** aff.

**वार्ध** m. (-तः) 1. Trusting, delivering. 2. Placing or fixing in or on. 3. Elevating. 4. Planting. 5. The bending of a bow. **वार्ध** before **रन्** to ascend, causal form, **खट्** aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) 1. Deposited, intrusted. 2. Placed, fixed. 3. Made. 4. Raised, elevated. 5. Consecrated. 6. Accidental, adventitious. **वार्ध** before **रन्** to ascend, causal form, part. past.

**वार्ध** m. (-तः) 1. Length. 2. A woman's waist. 3. Ascent, rising, creeping up. 4. Mounting, riding. 5. The rider of a horse or elephant. 6. Weight. 7. A measure. 8. The buttocks. 9. A mine. **वार्ध** before **रन्** to rise, to mount, affix **घञ्**.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) Lifting or raising up. **वार्ध** before **रन्** to rise, to mount, affix **घञ्**.

**वार्ध** m. (-तः) 1. Rising, ascending. 2. The rising or growing of new shoots. 3. A ladder, a staircase. 4. Riding on. **वार्ध** before **रन्** to ascend, affix **खट्**.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) One who mounts or rides. **वार्ध** before **रन्** to mount, **क** aff.

**वार्ध** m. (-कः) A son of the sun, as **SANI** and the rest. **वार्ध** the sun, and **रन्** aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) Stellar, regulated by the stars or constellations. **वार्ध** and **वर्ष** aff. [and **वर्ष** a year.]

**वार्ध** m. (-तः) A stellar year, or revolution of a constellation. **वार्ध** and **वर्ष** aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) A bolt or bar: see **वर्ष**.

**वार्ध** m. (-तः) A plant, (*Cassia fistula*). **वार्ध** to go, and **वर्ष** to destroy or prevent, deriv. irr. see **वार्ध**.

**वार्ध** f. (-यः) A sort of yellow bee.

**वार्ध** n. (-यः) Wild honey. **वार्ध** and **वर्ष** aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) 1. Devout, worshipping. 2. Relating to the Rich or **Rik Veda**. **वार्ध** worship, and **व** affix or **वार्ध** and **वर्ष** aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) Relating to the **Rig Veda**, &c. **वार्ध** and **वर्ष** aff.

**वार्ध** n. (-यः) 1. Straightness. 2. Rectitude, propriety of act or observance. 3. Sincerity. **वार्ध** straight, **वर्ष** aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) 1. Pained, afflicted. 2. Disturbed, confounded. **वार्ध** to hate, to move, participial affix **क**.

**वार्ध** m. (-नः) A plant, blue **Barleria**, (*Barleria cornuta*). **वार्ध** [m. (-नः)] pained, **वर्ष** to eat, **वर्ष** aff.

**वार्ध** m. (-नः) A cry of pain. **वार्ध** and **वर्ष** sound. So **वार्ध** and **वर्ष** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) 1. Menstrual, relating to or produced by this discharge. 2. Seasonable, produced in season. n. (-यः) 1. The menstrual discharge. 2. A flower. f. (-यः) A mare. **वार्ध** the menses or a season, **वर्ष** aff.

**वार्ध** f. (-तः) 1. Pain. 2. Sickness. 3. The end of a bow. **वार्ध** before **रन्** to move, **क** affix; also **वर्ष**. [यञ् affix]

**वार्ध** n. (-यः) The office of a sacrificing priest. **वार्ध** a priest, and **वार्ध** n. (-यः) Consoling or relieving distress, pain, &c. **वार्ध** and **वर्ष** taking away. [यञ् affix]

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) 1. Wise. 2. Rich. 3. Significant. **वार्ध** and **वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) 1. Wet, moist, damp. 2. Fresh, not dry. 3. Loose, flaccid. 4. Tender, soft. f. (-यः) The sixth **Nakshatra** or lunar mansion. **वार्ध** to go, **रन्** **Una'di** affix, and the pen. lengthened

**वार्ध** n. (-कः) Ginger in the undried state. **वार्ध** moist, and **वर्ष** aff.

**वार्ध** n. (-कः) Green wood, timber not dry. **वार्ध** and **वर्ष** wood.

**वार्ध** m. (-तः) 1. Moisture, wetness. 2. Tenderness, softness. 3. Freshness, greenness. **वार्ध** and **वर्ष** affix; also **वार्ध**.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) Weeping, suffused with tears. **वार्ध** and **वर्ष** the eye.

**वार्ध** f. (-यः) A leguminous shrub, (*Glycine debilis*). **वार्ध** moist and **वर्ष** a sort of bean.

**वार्ध** n. (-कः) Ginger. **वार्ध** and **वर्ष** a potherb.

**वार्ध** m. (-कः) The dragon's tail or descending node. **वार्ध** the lunar mansion, and **वर्ष** who desires.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) Bought with half a **Drona**, containing **उ** &c. **वार्ध** a measure, **उ** aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) Belonging to a part of a verb, (the inflexion of six tenses.) **वार्ध** and **वर्ष** a root, **उ** aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) Bought, &c. with half a **Prastha**. **वार्ध** a measure, and **उ** aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) 1. Lasting, &c. for half a month. 2. Observing or practicing (continence, &c.) for a fortnight. **वार्ध** and **वर्ष** aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) 1. Sharing half, an equal partner. 2. Relating to half. m. (-कः) One who ploughs the ground for half the crop. **वार्ध** half, **उ** aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) 1. Of a good family. 2. Respectable, venerable. 3. Apposite, proper. 4. To be sought or obtained. m. (-यः) 1. A master, an owner. 2. A name of **Buddha**. 3. A friend. f. (-यः) 1. A name of **Parvati**. 2. A kind of metre, measured by feet each foot being equal to four short syllables, or two long and two short; there are seven and a half feet in each verse of the couplet, equal to thirty and to twenty-seven syllabic instants: the regular form consists of alternate long and short verses, but it admits of eighty principal variations, **वार्ध** to go, **वर्ष** affix; also **वर्ष**.

**वार्ध** m. (-कः) 1. A grandfather. 2. Any respectable man. n. (-कः) The vessel, &c. used in sacrifices made to the manes. f. (**वार्ध** and **वर्ष**) A respectable woman. **वार्ध** respectable, &c. and **वर्ष** aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-तः-वा-क) Decorous, respectable, right. **वार्ध** and **वर्ष** to be accepted by.



आश्विन m. (-वः) 1. A husband, (in theatrical language.) 2. The son of a spiritual preceptor. E. आश्विन a respectable person and पुत्र a son.  
 आश्विनय mfn. (-वः-या-य) Abounding with respectable persons. E. आश्विन and प्राय quantity.  
 आश्विनय mfn. (-वः-या-य) Distinguished, respectable. m. (-वः) A gentleman, a man of consequence. E. आश्विन and मित्र mixed, joined.  
 आश्विनय mfn. (-वः-या-य) A hypocrite, an impostor. E. आश्विन and रूप semblance.  
 आश्विनय mfn. (-वः-या-य) A hypocrite, an impostor; a Sudra, wearing the dress of a Brakman, &c. E. आश्विन and लिङ्गिन् who bears insignia.  
 आश्विनय mfn. (-वः-या-य) Good, pious, virtuous. E. आश्विन and इत्त practised.  
 आश्विनय mfn. (-वः-या-य) Well clothed, fine. E. आश्विन and वस्त्र vesture.  
 आश्विनय f (-तिः) A variety of the Arya metre, containing eight equal feet or thirty-two syllabic instants in each verse of the couplet. E. आश्विन and गीति another metre.  
 आश्विनय m. (-तः) The holy land, the country extending from the eastern to the western sea, and bounded on the north and south, by the Himalya and Vind'hya mountains. E. आश्विन venerable, आश्विन abode. [aff.]  
 आश्विन ind. 1. After, afterwards. 2. Behind. E. आश्विन and आश्विन pleonastic.  
 आश्विन mfn. (-वः-या-य) Relating or belonging to or derived from a Rishi. m. (-वः) A form of marriage, the father of the bride receiving one or two pair of kine from the bridegroom. n. (-वे) The Vedas. f. (-वा) One of the orders of the metres of the Vedas. E. आश्विन and आश्विन aff.  
 आश्विन m. (-मिः) A name of BHARATA, emperor of India. E. आश्विन excellent, and इत्त aff.  
 आश्विन m. (-यः) A steer fit to be let loose. E. आश्विन an ox, यत् aff.  
 आश्विन mfn. (-वः-या-य) 1. Relating or belonging to or derived from a Rishi. 2. Venerable, respectable. E. आश्विन a sage, इत्त aff. ; also आश्विन and आश्विन.  
 आश्विन f. (-दा) A wife married according to the Arsha form. E. आश्विन and ऊढ married.  
 आश्विन m. (-तः) A Jaina, a follower of the doctrines of a Jaina or Arhata. E. आश्विन a Jaina, आश्विन aff.  
 आश्विन nf. (-वः-या-य) The quality or practice of an Arhata or Jaina saint. E. आश्विन a Jaina, यत् aff. fem. उदीप् with the nasal inserted.  
 आल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Large, extensive. n. (-लः) Yellow orpiment. E. आल to adorn, in the causal form, आल aff.  
 आलमई m. (-ईः) A species of Cobra. E. See आलमई. [अप् aff.]  
 आलमई ind. Having received or obtained. E. आल before लमि to gain.  
 आलमई m. (-मः) 1. Slaughter, killing. 2. Embracing. E. आल before लमि to kill, affix घञ्.  
 आलमई mfn. (-मः-मा-म) 1. Fit or proper to be killed. 2. Obtainable, to be obtained. E. आल before लमि with खत् aff.  
 आलमई m. (-मः) 1. A receptacle, a prop, an asylum or support. 2. Depending on or from. 3. A perpendicular. E. आल before लमि to go, affix घञ्.  
 आलमई n. (-नः) 1. Depending on or resting upon, hanging from. 2. The natural and necessary connexion of feeling with the cause by which it is excited. 3. Supporting, sustaining. E. आल before लमि to go, कृट् aff.  
 आलमई mfa. (-तः-ता-त) Pendant, suspended, hanging from or on. 2. Supported, upheld. 3. Protected. E. आल before लमि to go, affix क्त.  
 आलमई mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) 1. Depending on or from, hanging from, &c. 2. Supporting, maintaining. E. आलमई support, and इत्त aff.  
 आलमई m. (-यः) A house, a dwelling, a receptacle, an asylum. E. आल before लीङ् to unfold, घञ् aff.  
 आलमई n. (-यः) 1. Ugliness. 2. Insipidity. E. आल neg. लवण handsome, affix घञ्.

आलमई n. (-लः) A basin for water round the root of a tree. E. आल before लीङ् to cut or dig, and आलमई aff.  
 आलमई mfn. (-वः-ली-ली) Idle, slothful, lazy. E. आलमई idle, आल affix : see आलमई.  
 आलमई mfn. (-यः-ली-ली) Idle, slothful, apathetic. n. (-लः) Idleness, sloth. E. आलमई idle, and यत् aff.  
 आलमई n. (-तः) A firebrand, a coal burning or extinguished. E. आलमई and यत् aff.  
 आलमई n. (-नः) 1. The post to which an elephant is tied. 2. The rope that ties him. 3. A fetter, a tie. 4. Tying, bunding. 5. A rope or string. E. आल before ली to take, आलमई to tie or fasten, affix कृट्.  
 आलमई m. (-वः) 1. Speaking to, addressing, conversation. 2. Enumeration of the questions in an arithmetical or algebraic sum. E. आल before लप् to speak, affix घञ्.  
 आलमई n. (-नः) Speaking to, conversing with. E. आल before लप् to speak, कृट् aff.  
 आलमई mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be said or spoken. 2. To be spoken to or addressed. E. आल before लप् to speak, आलमई affix : also आलमई.  
 आलमई mfn. (-वी-पिनी-पि) Who speaks or converses. E. आल before लप् to speak, चिनि aff.  
 आलमई f. (-वः) A pumpkin gourd : also आलमई, आलमई and आलमई, व. व.  
 आलमई n. (-तः) A fan made of cloth. E. आल orpiment, and आलमई abode : stained or painted with some such substance.  
 आलमई m. (-यः) A crocodile. E. आल wide, large, and आलमई a mouth.  
 आलमई mfn. sub. (लिः लिः or ली-लि) 1. Pure, honest, sincere. 2. Useless, idle, unmeaning. f. (लिः ली) 1. A woman's female friend. 2. A row or range, a continuous line. 3. A ridge or mound of earth, crossing ditches, dividing fields, &c. 2. A line, a race or family. m. (-लिः) 1. A scorpion. 2. A bee, see आल. E. आल to adorn, to be able, &c. affix इत्त and the pen. made long : also आली, affix उदीप्.  
 आलमई n. (-नः) Embracing, an embrace. E. आल before लमि to approach, कृट् aff. [क्त aff.]  
 आलमई mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Embraced. E. आल before लमि to approach.  
 आलमई mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) Embracing. m. (-नी) A small drum shaped like a barley corn, and carried upon the breast. E. आलमई an embrace, and इत्त affix : also आलमई fem. उदीप् aff.  
 आलमई mfn. (-तः-ता-त) To be embraced. m. (-तः) A small drum : see the preceding. E. आलमई and खत् aff.  
 आलमई m. (-रः) A large clay water jar. E. आलमई a jar. यत् aff.  
 आलमई m. (-ली) A scorpion. E. See आल, affix इत्त.  
 आलमई m. (-तः) 1. A terrace before a house. 2. A raised place or terrace for sleeping upon. E. आलमई the same, and यत् affix : see आलमई also आलमई.  
 आलमई mfn. (-यः-या-य) Smeared, plastered, anointed. E. आल before लमि to smear, क्त aff.  
 आलमई m. (-नः) Whitening or painting the floor, wall, &c. on festival occasions. E. आल before लमि to plaster, and कृट् aff.  
 आली f. (-ली) 1. A female friend. 2. A row or range. 3. A field, boundary or mound : see आल.  
 आली mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Eaten. 2. Licked. n. (-तः) An attitude in shooting, the right knee advanced, the left leg retracted. E. आल before लीङ् to lick, क्त aff.  
 आली m. (-नः) The frolicking of a calf. Sometimes written आलीमई.  
 आली mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Melted, fused. E. आल before ली to melt, क्त aff.  
 आली m. (-नः) Tin. E. आली and affix इत्त.  
 आली f. (-वः) A pitcher, a small water jar. mn. (वः-वः) 1. An esculent root, (Arum campanulatum : ) in the modern dialects this name is applied to the yam, potatoe, &c. 2. A raft, a float. m. (-वः) An owl. E. आल to go, and यत् affix, आल what goes, (in the earth, water, &c.) the initial is lengthened, and व is changed to ज.

आवर्त्तनीय mfn. (-यः-या-वं) 1. To be whirled or turned round. 2. To be reversed. 3. To be repeated, E. आवर्त् before इन् to be, चनीयर् aff.  
आवर्त्तमान mfn. (-तः-ता-मं) 1. Advancing, proceeding. 2. Revolving, going round. E. आवर्त् before वत् to be, शानच् aff.  
आवर्त्तिन् mfn. (-र्त्त-र्त्तिनी-र्त्ति) What whirls or turns upon itself, m. (-र्त्त) A house having curls of hair on various parts of his body: it is considered as a lucky mark, f. (-नी) A whirlpool. E. आवर्त् and र्त्ति aff.  
आवर्त्तित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Eradicated, plucked up by the roots. E. आवर्त् before वृत् to hurt, affix क्त.  
आवलि f. (-लिः) 1. A row, a range, a continuous line. 2. A series, dynasty, a lineage. E. आवल् before वल् to move, इन् affix; also आवली, taking डीप्.  
आवल्य n. (-ल्य) Weakness. E. अवल् weak, हल् aff. [aff.]  
आवश्य n. (-ञ्च) Necessity, inevitable act or conclusion. E. अवश्य and अच्.  
आवश्यक n. (-कं) Necessity, inevitable act or conclusion. E. अवश्य certain, अच् and कच्.  
आवश्यकत्वं n. (-त्वं) Necessity, inevitability. E. ल added to आवश्यक्, also with तल्, आवश्यकता.  
आवसथ्य mn. (-थः-थं) 1. A house. 2. A fire temple or place where sacrificial fire is preserved m. (-थः) 1. A treatise on the poetical metro called A'rya. (आर्याकीयः) see आर्या. 2. A particular religious observance. E. आवड् before वत् to dwell, अच् Unañi aff.  
आवसथिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Inhabiting a house, household, domestic. E. अवसथ and कल् aff.  
आवसथ्य n. (-थं) A house. E. अवसथ and यच् aff.  
आवसित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Stored, (as grain) 2. Winnowed. 3. Ripe, full grown. E. आवड् before अव reverse, and धी to destroy, participial affix क्त; also अवसित.  
आवह mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) What bears or conveys. m. (-हः) (One of the seven winds. E. आवड् before वह to bear, अच् aff.  
आवहन् mfn. (-हन्-हनी-हन्) Obtaining, receiving. E. आवड् before वह् to bear, affix श्च.  
आवहमान mfn. (-नः-ता-नं) Followed, succeeded, come in succession. E. आवड् before वह् to bear, शानच् aff. [क्त aff.]  
आवहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Rooted up, extirpated. E. आवड् before वह् to bear, शानच् aff.  
आवात् mfn. (-वात्-वाली-वात्) Blowing. E. आवड् before वा to blow, aff. श्च.  
आवाघा f. (-घा) 1. Pain. 2. Distress. 3. Segment of the base of a triangle. E. आवड् before वाघा the same.  
आवाप m. (-पः) 1. A basin for water round the root of a tree. 2. A bracelet. 3. Hostile purpose, intention of going to war, (as a king.) 4. Throwing, casting, directing. 5. Sowing seed. 6. Throwing additional ingredients into any compound. (in pharmacy, &c.) in course of preparation. 7. Mixing, inserting. 8. Uneven ground. 9. A vessel. 10. Principal sacrifice with fire. E. आवड्, वप् to sow, वच् aff.  
आवापक m. (-कः) A bracelet of gold, &c. E. कच् added the last.  
आवापन n. (-नं) 1. A loom, an implement for weaving. 2. A reel or frame for winding thread. E. आवड् before वप् to weave, कृट् aff.  
आवापि m. (-पिः) A shop, a stall. E. आवड् before प to nourish, in the causal form, इ affix.  
आवाप्य ind. Covering, hiding, concealing. E. आवड् before प to screen, कृप् aff.  
आवाल n. (-लं) A basin for water round the foot of a tree. E. आवड् before वल् to move, अच् affix; also आलवाल.  
आवाय n. (-यः) Age or time ending with infancy. E. आवड् unto, वाय childhood.  
आवाय m. (-यः) A house, a dwelling. E. आवड्, वत् to dwell, affix यच्.  
आवाहन n. (-नं) 1. Calling. 2. Inviting. 3. Offering oblations with fire. f. (-नी) A particular position of the hands or the palms put together, and the thumbs put at the root of the ring finger. E. आवड् before वह् to bear, causal form, कृट् aff.

**आवाहित mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Invoked, invited. इ. आङ् before वृत् to bear, causal form, क् aff.

**आविम mfn.** (-कः-की-कं) Woollen, &c. or any thing relating to or derived from a sheep. म. (-कः) A blanket, woollen cloth. इ. अवि a sheep, वृत् aff.

**आविमोषिक mfn.** (-कः-की-कं) Made of woollen thread. इ. आविम and मृत् a thread, वृत् aff. [Also अविम.]

**आविम m.** (-कः) A small fruit tree, vulgarly Carinda, (Carissa carandas.)

**आविम mfn.** (-कः-की-कं) 1. Pierced, wounded. 2. Crooked. 3. Cast, thrown, sent. 4. Disappointed. 5. Stupid, foolish. इ. आङ् before व्यथ to hurt, क् aff.

**आविमकरी f.** (-की) A plant, (Aknidhi:) also आविमकरिका f. (-का.)

**आविम m.** (-कः) An awl, a drill, a kind of gimblet worked by a string. इ. आङ् before व्यथ to pierce, वृत् or क् aff.

**आविमंश m.** (-शः) Manifestation, presence, becoming visible. इ. आविस् manifestly, and भाव condition.

**आविमंश mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Appeared manifest, become visible. इ. आविस् and भूत become. [aff.]

**आविम mfn.** (-कः-की-कं) Foul, turbid. इ. आङ् before विल to break, and क्

**आविमकरण n.** (-ण) Manifestation, making visible इ. आविस् and करण making.

**आविमकार m.** (-रः) Becoming or making visible. इ. आविस् and कार making.

**आविमकृत mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Made or become visible, evident, manifest. इ. आविस् apparent, and कृत made.

**आविम mfn.** (-कः-की-कं) 1. Entered. 2. Possessed, (by a demon, &c.) 3. Possessed, engrossed, (by any sentiment or feeling.) इ. आविस् to enter, affix क्.

**आविस् ind.** Manifest, evident. इ. आङ् before उङ् to sound, इर aff.

**आवी f.** (-वी) Pain of child-birth.

**आवीत mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Passed, gone. 2. Placed, hung. म. (-तः) The sacrificial cord worn in any particular manner. इ. आङ् before वीत gone.

**आवीतिन् m.** (-ती) A Brahman who wears the cord in any particular manner. इ. इति added to the last: see आचीनावीतिन्.

**आवृक् m.** (-कः) A father, (in theatrical language.) इ. अव to preserve, क् affix, and the initial lengthened.

**आवृत् f.** (-वृत्) Order, method. इ. आङ् before वृत् to choose, affix क्.

**आवृत्त mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Enclosed, surrounded, (by a ditch, wall, &c.) 2. Covered, screened. 3. Invested, inclosed, involved. 4. Spread, overspread, overcast. 5. Filled with, abounding with. म. (-तः) A man of mixed origin, the son of a Brahman, by a woman of the Ugra caste. इ. आङ् before वृत् to screen, affix क्.

**आवृत्त mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Whirled, stirred, turned round. 2. Reverted, averted. 3. Retreated, fled. इ. आङ् before वृत् to be, क् aff.

**आवृत्ति f.** (-ति) 1. Reversion, turning back or from. 2. Flight, retreat. 3. Revolving, going round. 4. Worldly existence, the revolution of births. 5. Use, employment, application. इ. आङ् before वृत् to be, क् aff.

**आवृत्त m.** (-तः) 1. Hurry, haste. 2. Flurry, agitation. f. (-वी) A potherb, (Convulvulus argenteus.) इ. आङ् before वृत् to be alarmed, वृत् and वीत् affs.

**आवेदक mfn.** (-कः-की-कं) One who makes known. म. (-कः) 1. An appellant, a suitor. 2. An informer. इ. आङ् before विद् to know, causal form, वृत् aff. [आङ् and वेदन् informing.]

**आवेदन n.** (-नं) Representing, addressing or apprising respectfully. इ.

**आवेदिन mfn.** (-नः-ता-तं) Made known, communicated, represented. इ. आङ् before विद् to know, causal form, क् aff.

**आवेद mfn.** (-यः-या-यं) To be represented or made known. ind. Having made known. इ. आङ् before विद् to know, causal form, यत् or क् affix.

**आवेदमान mfn.** (-नः-ता-तं) Stating, representing. इ. आङ् before विद् to know, causal form, यत् aff.

**आवेद m.** (-यः) 1. Entrance, entering. 2. Pride, arrogance. 3. Indistinctness of idea, apoplectic or epileptic giddiness. 4. Absorption of the faculties in one wish or idea, devotedness to an object. 5. Demoniac frenzy, possession, &c. इ. आङ् before विद् to enter, वृत् aff.

**आवेदन n.** (-नं) 1. Entrance, entering. 2. A house in which work is carried on, a workshop, a manufactory, &c. 3. Possession by devils, &c. 4. Passion, fury. 5. The disk of the sun. इ. आङ् before विद् to enter, वृत् aff.

**आवेदिक mfn.** (-कः-की-कं) 1. A guest, a visitor. 2. Entering into. 3. Own, peculiar, unparticipated. 4. Inherent. इ. आङ् before विद् to enter, वृत् aff.

**आवेदक m.** (-कः) A wall, a fence, an enclosure. इ. आङ् before वेष्ट to surround, वृत् aff.

**आवेदन n.** (-नं) 1. Wrapping round, binding, tying. 2. A wrapper, an envelope, a bandage. 3. An inclosure. इ. आङ् before वेष्ट to surround, वृत् aff.

**आवेदित mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Surrounded, enveloped, inclosed, bound or tied. इ. आङ् before वेष्ट to inclose, क् aff.

**आवेदन n.** (-नं) 1. Expecting, wishing. 2. Declaring, asserting. इ. आङ् before वृत् to wish, &c. वृत् aff.

**आवेसा f.** (-सा) 1. wish, desire. 2. Speech, declaration. इ. आङ् before वृत् to desire, वृत् and टाप् affs.

**आवेसित mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Wished, expected. 2. Declared, said. इ. आङ् before वृत् to desire, क् aff.

**आवेसित mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Wishing, desiring. 2. Asserting. इ. आङ् before वृत् to wish, वृत् aff.

**आवेसु mfn.** (-सुः-सुः-सुः) Wishing, desiring. इ. आङ् before वृत् to wish, and च aff.

**आवेसक mfn.** (-कः-की-कं) Able, powerful. इ. आङ् before and वृत् able.

**आवेसि f.** (-सि) Power, ability, might. इ. आङ् before वृत् power.

**आवेदनीय mfn.** (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be doubted, questionable. 2. To be apprehended. इ. आङ् before वृत् to doubt, वृत् and टाप् affs.

**आवेदनीय f.** (-नी) 1. Fear, apprehension. 2. Doubt, uncertainty. इ. आङ् before वृत् to doubt, वृत् and टाप् affs.

**आवेदनीय mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Afraid. 2. Doubting, uncertain. इ. आवेदा and वृत् having

**आवेदित mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Feared, dreaded. 2. Doubted. इ. आङ् before वृत् to doubt, क् aff.

**आवेदन m.** (-नः) A tree, (Pentaptera tomentosa.) See वेदन and वेसन.

**आवेद m.** (-यः) 1. Meaning, intention. 2. Free will or pleasure. 3. An asylum, an abode or retreat. 4. receptacle, a recipient. 5. Any recipient or containing vessel or viscous of the body, as रक्ताशय the heart, आमाशय the stomach, &c. 6. The stomach in particular. 7. The mind. 8. Property, possessions. 9. A miser, a niggard. 10. Virtue and vice. 11. Fate, fortune. 12. The Jack, a kind of bread-fruit tree. इ. आङ् before वृत् to rest, वृत् aff.

**आवेदय m.** (-यः) A name of fire: see आवेदय

**आवेदित mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Feeding, a feeder, one who gives food. 2. Protecting, a protector. 3. Recipient, a receiver. इ. वृत् to eat, causal form, affix वृत् or आङ् before वृत् to rest, with the same aff.

**आवेद m.** (-यः) 1. Fire. 2. An imp, a goblin. इ. आङ् before वृत् to injure, वृत् affix; also आवेद.

**आवेद m.** (-यः) A tree: see आवेद.

**आवेद n.** (-यः) A spirit distilled from molasses: see आवेद.

**आवेद f.** (-यः) 1. Hope, desire. 2. Length. 3. A quarter, a region. इ. आङ् before वृत् to expand, वृत् and टाप् affs.

**आवेद m.** (-यः) 1. The month Asad'ha, (June-july.) 2. A staff of Palasa

wood carried by ascetics. f. (-दा) The name of two of the lunar mansions: see पृथ्वापादा and उषोरापादा.

आश्रित mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Having hope. इ. आशा and अश्रित possessed of.

आश्रितम् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Successful, possessing the object hoped for. इ. आशा and अश्रित obtained.

आश्रितम् m. (-तः) 1. Confidence, trust, expectation. 2. A spider's web. इ. आश्र hope, &c. and अश्र a binding.

आश्रितम् m. (-तः) Disappointment. इ. आशा and अश्र breaking.

आश्रितम् mfn. (-तः ता-तं वत्) Hoping, having hope. इ. आशा and अश्र poss. affix.

आश्रितम् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Desponding, despairing. इ. आशा and अश्र des- titute of.

आश्रितम् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Tinkling, applied to the ornaments worn on the hands and feet. इ. आश्र before श्रित् to tinkle, क् aff.

आश्रितम् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Eaten. इ. आश्र before अश् to eat, affix क्; also अश्रित.

आश्रितम् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Formerly grazed by cattle. इ. आश्रित eaten, अश्रित irregular derivative of शी a cow, and अश् affix; also अश्रितइवीन.

आश्रितम् m. (-तः) Food, victuals. m. (-तः) Satisfaction, satiety. इ. आश्रित and अश्र produced by, from अ and अश् aff.

आश्रितम् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Voracious, gluttonous, eating excessively. इ. अश् to eat, and अश् affix, इ inserted.

आश्रित m. (-तः) 1. Fire. 2. A goblin or imp. इ. आश्र before अश् to eat, किरिष्. Una'di aff.

आश्रितम् f. (-शी) 1. Blessing, benediction, bestowing or wishing, a blessing upon others. 2. A serpent's fang. इ. आश्र before शस् to rule, क् affix, and इश् exchanged to इ.

आशी f. (-शी) 1. Wishing or bestowing a blessing. 2. A serpent's fang. 3. A kind of venom, the venom of a snake. इ. आश्र before अश् to eat, अश् and इश् affixes: see the preceding.

आशीर्वचन n. (-नं) A blessing, a benediction. इ. आश्रित् and वचन speech.

आशीर्वच m. (-नं) A blessing, a benediction. इ. आश्रित् and वच speech.

आशीर्विष m. (-नं) A snake इ. आशी a fang, and विष poison; in whose fang is venom.

आशु mfn. (-तः शः गः) Going quickly, fleet, first. mn. (-तः शः) Rice ripening in the rainy season. n. adv. (-तः) Quick, quickly इ. अश् to pervade, लृक् aff.

आशुकारिन् mn. (-री-रिणी-रि) 1. Doing any thing quickly, smart, active. 2. (In medicine) Operating speedily. इ. अश् quick and कारिन् what acts.

आशुग mfn. (-तः-गः गी) Going or moving quickly, swift, fleet. m. (-गः) 1. The wind. 2. An arrow. इ. अश् quick, and ग who goes.

आशुपत्री f. (-त्री) A tree which yields frankincense, (Boswellia serrata.) See शक्रको.

आशुप्रीति m. (-तिः) Rice ripening in the rainy season इ. अश् quick, and प्रीति rice: that is, of rapid growth; also आशु. So आशुपान n. (-नं) and other compounds.

आशुपुष्प m. (-तः) 1. Fire. 2. Wind, air. इ. अश् before शुष् to dry in the reiterative form, and अश्रि Una'di aff.

आशुपुष्प m. (-तः) A mountain

आशीच n. (-चं) Impurity. इ. अश्रि impure, अश् aff.

आशुच mfn. (-तः-शुचो) Astonishing, wonderful. m. (-तः) Surprise, astonishment. इ. आश्र before च् to go, deriv. irregular.

आशुच्य n. (-च्यः) 1. Wonderfulness. 2. Wonder, astonishment. इ. आशुच्य and अश् affix; or with ता, आशुच्यता.

आशुच्य n. (-च्यः) 1. Aspersing, sprinkling. 2. Applying ghee, &c. to the eye-lids. इ. आश्र before च् to sprinkle, affix लृट्.

आशुच्य mfn. (-तः-शुचो) Stony, made of stone, &c. इ. अश् stone, and अश् affix: with the final rejected.

आशुच्य mfn. (-तः-शुचो) Made of stone, stony, stone. इ. अश् stone and अश् aff.

m. (-तः) A name of ARUNA, the charioteer of the sun. इ. अश् stone, अश् affix: immovable as a stone, having no legs.

आशुच्य mfn. (-तः-शुचो) Made of stone, consisting of stone, &c. इ. अश् stone and अश् aff.

आशुच्य mfn. (-तः-शुचो) Dried partially, consolidated, coagulated. इ. आश्र dimin. श्रान dry.

आश्रम m. (-मः) 1. A religious order, of which there are four kinds referable to the different periods of life; 1st, that of the student or Brahmachari; 2d, that of the householder or Grihastha; 3d, that of the anchorite or Vanaprastha; and 4th, that of the beggar or Bhikshu; see ब्रह्मचारी. &c. 2. A college, a school. 3. A hermitage, the abode of retired saints or sages. 4. A wood or thicket. इ. आश्र before म् to perform religious austerities, affix लृट्.

आश्रमम् m. (-मः) The head of a religious order, a preceptor, a principal. इ. आश्रम a convent, and म् senior.

आश्रमधर्म m. (-मः) The special duty or duties of each order of life इ. आश्रम and धर्म duty.

आश्रमिक mfn. (-तः कौ-कं) Belonging to one of the four orders, see आश्रम इ. आश्रम as above, and क् aff.

आश्रमिक mfn. (-तः कौ-कं) 1. Belonging to one of the four orders. 2. Belonging to a hermitage, a hermit, an anchorite, &c. इ. आश्रम and क् aff.

आश्रय m. (-यः) 1. Being inclined or addicted to following, practising. 2. A recipient, the person or thing in which any quality or article is inherent, retained or received. 3. An asylum, a place of refuge. 4. A patron, a protector. 5. Having recourse to a protector or asylum. 6. A dwelling. 7. Contiguity, vicinity. 8. Source, origin. 9. A plea, an excuse. 10. Appropriate act, one consistent with the character of the agent. इ. आश्र before यि to serve, अश् aff.

आश्रयण n. (-नं) Refuge, asylum, means of protection or security. इ. आश्र before यि to serve, लृट् aff.

आश्रयणीय mfn. (-यः या-यं) 1. To be had recourse to. 2. To be practised or followed. इ. आश्र before यि to serve, affix अनीय.

आश्रययन्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Protecting, supporting, one who is the refuge of any other. इ. आश्रय and यन् become

आश्रययन्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) A forfeiter of an asylum, one who by misconduct &c. loses patronage or protection. m. (-तः) A name of fire. इ. आश्र a house, &c. अश् to eat or consume, and अश् affix: similar compounds occur frequently, as आश्रययन्त, आश्रययन्त, &c.

आश्रय mfn. (-तः-या-यं) Compliant, abedient. m. (-तः) 1. A promise, an engagement. 2. Distress, fatigue. 3. Fault, transgression. इ. आश्र before यि to hear, अश् aff.

आश्रि f. (-शि) The edge of a sword: see अश्रि.

आश्रित mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Inhabiting, dwelling in, resorting to as a retreat or asylum. 2. Following, practising, observing. 3. Using, employing, having recourse to. 4. Receiving any thing, as an inherent or integral part. 5. Taking one's station at or on, as at window or a seat, &c. 6. A dependent. इ. आश्र before यि to serve, क् affix.

आश्रित ind. 1. Having sought or obtained an asylum. 2. Having recourse to, employing, practising. इ. आश्र before यि to serve, लृट् affix, लृक् augment. [hear, क् aff.]

आश्रित mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Promised, agreed. 2. Heard. इ. आश्र before यि to

आश्रित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Embraced. 2. Embracing, who or what embraces. 3. Connected, interwoven, blended. 4. Attaching to, joining, who or what adheres to. 5. Invested, spread. 6. Connected as a consequence, deduced, concluded. इ. आश्र before यि to fold, क् aff.

आश्रित m. (-तः) 1. Embracing, an embrace. 2. Site of any act. 3. Intimate connexion. इ. आश्र before यि to fold, लृट् aff.

आश्र mfn. (-तः-शुचो) Relating to a horse, drawn by horses, equestrian,

**अश्व** n. (-श्वः) 1. A number of horses. 2. A chariot drawn by horses. 3. **अश्व** a horse, and **अश्व** aff.

**अश्वत्थ** m. (-श्वः) The fruit of the holy fig tree. 2. **अश्वत्थ** and **अश्व** aff.

**अश्वत्थिका** mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-कः) Relating to or produced by the Aswattha tree. 2. Flowering of the Aswattha (the time when.) 3. **अश्वत्थ** and **अश्व** aff.

**अश्वि** mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-जः) Belonging to or occurring in the same month of Aswin. m. (-श्वः) The month Aswin, (September-October.) f. (-श्वी) The day of full moon in Aswin. 2. **अश्वि** the first lunar mansion. affix **अश्व** and fem. **अश्वी**.

**अश्वरथ** mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-थः) Belonging to a chariot. 2. **अश्वरथ** and **अश्व** aff.

**अश्वरथिक** m. (-श्वः) A farrier, a groom. 2. **अश्व**, **अश्वरथ** a mark, **अश्व** aff.

**अश्वलायन** m. (-श्वः) The name of a sage and legislator, &c. 2. **अश्वलायन** and **अश्व** patronymic aff.

**अश्वस** mfn. (-श्वः-सनी-सन्) 1. Breathing, alive. 2. Recovering, reviving. 3. **आह** before **अस्** to breathe, **अह** aff.

**अश्वसित** mfn. (-श्वः-सत्) Encouraged, cheered, consoled. 2. **आह** before **अस्** to breathe, **अह** aff.

**अश्वस** m. (-श्वः) 1. Completion, cessation. 2. A chapter or section, the division of a book. 3. A probable story. 4. Breathing. 2. **आह** before **अस्** to breathe, to live, **अह** aff.

**अश्वसक** m. (-श्वः) Clothing. mfn. (-श्वः-सिका-कः) Consoling, comforting. 3. **आह** before **अस्** to breathe, causal form, **अह** aff.

**अश्वसन** n. (-श्वः) Consoling, encouraging, reviving. 2. **आह** before **अस्** to breathe, causal form, **अह** aff.

**अश्वसित** mfn. (-श्वः-सत्) Encouraged, comforted. 2. **आह** before **अस्** to breathe, causal form, **अह** aff. [causal form, **अह** aff.]

**अश्वस्य** ind. Having recovered or revived. 2. **आह** before **अस्** to breathe, **अह** aff.

**अश्विक** mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-कः) Equestrian, cavalier, relating to a horse, drawn by horses, &c. 2. **अश्व** and **अश्व** aff.

**अश्विन** m. (-श्वः) The month Aswin, (September-October.) 2. **अश्विनी** the constellation, **अश्व** deriv. affix : when the moon is in Aswin.

**अश्वी** mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-जः) A day's journey for a horse. 2. **अश्व** a horse, and **अश्व** aff.

**अश्विनी** m. du. (-श्वी) The two twin sons of Aswin by Sūrya, and physicians of Swarga; one of them is named Nāśatya, the other Dāśra. or the patronymic may be used in the singular to designate either one of them. 2. **अश्विनी** and **अश्व** aff.

**अश्वी** n. (-श्वः) A number of horses. 2. **अश्व** a horse, and **अश्व** aff.

**अश्वि** m. (-श्वः) 1. The name of a month, (June-July.) 2. A staff of the wood of the Palasa, carried by an ascetic in the month Ashad'ha. 3. The Malaya mountain. 2. **अश्वि** the constellation, and **अश्व** aff. f. (-श्वी) The day of full moon in the month Ashad'ha. f. (-श्वी) The twenty-first and twenty-second lunar mansion : it is most commonly compounded with **पूर्व** and **उत्तर** : see **पूर्वाश्वि** and **उत्तराश्वि**. 2. **अश्व** neg. **अह** to bear, **अश्व** and **अश्व** aff.

**अश्वि** m. (-श्वः) The month Ashad'ha : see the preceding, also **अश्वि**.

**अश्वि** mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-जः) Produced in the month Ashad'ha. m. (-श्वः) The planet Mars. 2. **अश्वि** the month, and **अश्व** produced, from **अश्व** and **अश्व** aff.

**अश्वि** m. (-श्वः) See the preceding. 2. **अश्वि** the sign, and **अश्व** produced, from **अश्व** to be, affix **अश्व**. [Unādi aff.]

**अश्व** n. (-श्वः) **अश्व**, the sky or atmosphere. 2. **अश्व** to throw, to send, **अश्व** aff.

**अश्व** 2d cl. (श्वी or श्वी) 1. To sit. 2. To be present. 3. To be or exist. With **अश्व** prefixed. 1. To inhabit, to dwell in. 2. To sit over or upon. 3. To mistake or err by taking one thing for another from similarity of appearance. With **अश्व**, to sit or apply to, to study, to learn. With **अश्व**, 1. To leave, to abandon. 2. To shake, agitate, &c. (as wind.) With **अश्व**, to worship, to do homage. With **अश्व**, to expel. With **अश्व** and **अश्व**, to reject, to refute, to invalidate.

**अश्व** ind. (श्वः) An interjection, ah! oh! &c. implying. 1. Recollection. 2. Anger. 3. Menace. 4. Pain. 5. Affliction.

**अश्व** m. (-श्वः) A bow. 2. **अश्व** to send or throw, affix **अश्व**.

**अश्व** mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-जः) 1. Zealously following or pursuing, intent or attached strongly to. 2. Trusting to, confiding in. 3. Eternal. adv. n. (-श्वः) Eternally 2. **आह** before **अस्** to embrace, to move, participial affix **अश्व**.

**अश्वचित्त** mfn. (-श्वः-चित्तः) Of a fixed mind, intent on, devoted to, absorbed in. 2. **अश्वचित्त** and **चित्त** mud.

**अश्वचित्त** mfn. (-श्वः-चित्तः) Having the mind fixed or intent on any object. 2. **अश्वचित्त** and **चित्त** the understanding

**अश्वचित्त** mfn. (-श्वः-चित्तः) Having the mind fixed upon any object 2. **अश्वचित्त** and **चित्त** the mind.

**अश्वचित्ति** f. (-चित्तिः) Attachment to one object or pursuit, diligence, application. 2. **आह** before **अस्** to embrace, **अह** aff.

**अश्वचित्ति** m. (-चित्तिः) 1. Attachment to any object. 2. Association, connexion. 3. Proximity, contact. adv. n. (-चित्तिः) Eternally. adj mfn. (-चित्तिः-चित्तिः) Eternally. 2. **आह** before **अस्** to move, **अह** aff.

**अश्वचित्ति** n. (-चित्तिः) Detachment, disunion. 2. **अश्व** neg. **अश्वचित्ति** union, **अश्व** aff.

**अश्वचित्ति** f. (-चित्तिः) A whirlwind. 2. **अश्वचित्ति** eternal, **अश्व** and **अश्व** aff.

**अश्वचित्ति** n. (-चित्तिः) Putting on dress, armour, ornaments, &c. 2. **आह** before **अस्** to dress, **अह** aff.

**अश्वचित्ति** ind. Having put on. 2. **आह** before **अस्** to dress, affix **अश्व**.

**अश्वचित्ति** f. (-चित्तिः) 1. Intimate union, meeting, junction. 2. Gain, profit, acquirement. 3. In logic, connexion or relation between two or more proximate terms and the sense they convey. 2. **आह** before **अस्** to go, affix **अश्व**.

**अश्व** n. (-श्वः) 1. A stool, a seat. 2. Maintaining a post against an enemy. 3. The withers of an elephant, the part where the driver sits. 4. Halting, stopping. 5. Sitting in some peculiar posture, as is the custom of devotees, &c. eighty-four kinds are enumerated. see **अश्व**, &c. m. (-श्वः) A tree, (Pentapleura tomentosa.) Also **अश्व**. f. (-श्वी) Stay, abiding, sitting. (श्वी) 1. A shop, a stall. 2. A small seat, a stool. 2. **अश्व** to abide, and **अश्व** or **अश्व** aff.

**अश्व** m. (-श्वः) A name of Vishnu mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-जः) A small couch or oblong chair, having the seat made of basket work. 2. **अश्व** sitting, and **अश्व** what gives.

**अश्व** mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-जः) Near, proximate. m. (-श्वः) A setting sun. 2. **आह** before **अस्** to go, and **अश्व** aff.

**अश्वकाल** m. (-श्वः) Hour of death. 2. **अश्वकाल** and **अश्व** time.

**अश्व** n. (-श्वः) 1. Rum, spirit distilled from sugar or molasses. 2. Spirituous liquor in general. 2. **आह** before **अस्** to be generated, and **अश्व** aff.

**अश्व** m. (-श्वः) The palmyra tree. 2. **अश्व** spirit, and **अश्व** a tree; the juice of the palmyra upon fermenting affording a spirituous liquor.

**अश्व** n. (-श्वः) 1. Obtaining, attaining. 2. Accomplishing. 3. Going to or toward. 2. **आह** before **अस्** to go, causal form, **अह** aff.

**अश्व** mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-जः) 1. Obtained. 2. Reached, gone to. 3. Spread, extended, overspread. 1. Effected, completed. 2. **आह** before **अस्** to go, in the causal form, affix **अश्व**.

**अश्व** ind. 1. Having attained or reached. 2. Having obtained. 2. **आह** before **अस्** to go, causal form, **अह** aff.

**अश्व** n. (-श्वः) Accomplishment, attainment. 2. **आह** before **अस्** to succeed, **अह** aff.

**अश्व** m. (-श्वः) 1. A hard shower. 2. Surrounding an enemy. 3. The army of an ally, or of a king whose dominions are separated by other intervening states. 2. **आह** before **अस्** to go, **अह** aff.

**अश्व** mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-जः) To be born. 2. **अश्व** to bear, affix **अश्व**.

**अश्व** m. (-श्वः) A swordsman. 2. **अश्व** a sword, and **अश्व** aff.

**बासिक** mfn. (-कः-ता-न) One who sits. **३.** बास् before विप् to sit, **अस्** aff. [aff.]  
**बासिक** mfn. (-कः-ता-न) Sprinkled. **३.** बास् before विप् to sprinkle, **न** aff.  
**बासित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Sat down. 2. Who sits or is seated. **३.** (-त)  
 1. Place of abode, a city. 2. A seat. **३.** बास् to sit, **न** aff.  
**बासिह** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Accomplished, effected. 2. Put under restraint : see बासिध. **३.** बास् before विप् to go, **अस्** aff. [irr.]  
**बासीन** mfn. (-नः-ता-न) Sitting, seated. **३.** बास् to sit, **प्रानच्** affix, form  
**बासीनप्रचलित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Nodding, rocking as seated, falling asleep.  
**३.** बासीन and प्रचलित set in motion. [affix विन्.]  
**बासुत** m. (-तिः) Distilling, distillation. **३.** बास् before वृज् to produce,  
**बासुतीवर्ण** m. (-लः) 1. A sacrificer at the full and change of the moon.  
 2. A distiller. **३.** बासुति and वलच् aff.  
**बासुर** mfn. (-रः-री-र) Infernal, demoniac, belonging or relating to the  
 Asuras. **३.** (-र) 1. An Asur or demon. 2. A form of marriage, in  
 which the bridegroom gives to the bride, her father and paternal  
 kinsmen, as much as he can afford. **३.** (-र) Black salt. **३.** (-री) 1. A  
 division of medicine, surgery, curing by cutting with instruments,  
 applying the actual cautery, &c. 2. Mustard. **३.** बासुर a demon, **वल्**  
 aff. and in the form जीप्.  
**बासिक** m. (-कः) Sprinkling. **३.** बास् before विप् to sprinkle, **अस्** aff.  
**बासिक** n. (-न) Sprinkling. mfn. (-नः-नी-न) Beloved, desired. **३.** बास्  
 before विप् to sprinkle, **ल्यट्** affix, also **चसेचनक**.  
**बासिकनक** mfn. (-कः-का-न) See the preceding. **३.** बास् before विप् to  
 sprinkle, **ल्यट्** and **अच्** affs. also **चसेचनक**.  
**बासिहृ** m. (-हृ) One who confines or arrests another. **३.** बास् before विप्  
 to go, and **वल्** aff.  
**बासिध** m. (-धः) Arrest, legal restraint of four kinds ; कालासिधः limit of  
 time, स्थानासिधः confinement to a place, प्रवाससिधः prohibition  
 against removal or departure, कर्मसिधः restriction from employment.  
**३.** बास् before विप् to go, **वल्** aff.  
**बासिध** mfn. (-य-या-य) To be interrupted, prohibited or restrained. **३.**  
 बास् before विप् to go, **यच्** aff.  
**बासिध** n. (-ध) 1. Going, going to, approaching. 2. Effacing, de-  
 stroying. 3. Reproach, abuse. 4. War, battle. 5. Drying. **३.** बास्  
 before क्त्वं to go, **अच्** aff.  
**बासिध** n. (-त) The walk of a horse. **३.** बास् before क्त्वं to go, **न** aff.  
**बासिध** n. (-क) See the preceding.  
**बासिर** m. (-रः) 1. A covering, a coverlet, a blanket thrown over the  
 back of a horse or elephant. 2. Spreading clothes, &c. 3. A car-  
 pet, a bed. **३.** बास् before क्त्वं to spread, and **वल्** aff.  
**बासिर** n. (-र) 1. A carpet, a rug, a quilt, bed-clothes. 2. A bed. 3. A  
 layer of sacred grass spread out at a sacrifice. 4. An elephant's  
 housings, a painted cloth or blanket worn on his back. **३.** As the  
 preceding, **अस्** aff.  
**बासिक** m. (-कः) The name of a Muni or saint. **३.** बासि who is and वृज्  
 affix ; from an expression of his father, (he is in the womb,) pro-  
 nouncing his conception to have taken place before there were any  
 external indications of it. **३.** mfn. (-कः-की-क) A believer, pious, faith-  
 ful. **३.** बासि as before, saying that there is a God, &c. in opposition  
 to the नासिक an atheist, and **वल्** aff.  
**बासिकता** f. (-ता) Belief in God. **३.** बासिक and तल् affix ; also with  
 ल् affix बासिकत्.  
**बासिकार्थ** m. (-र्थः) A name of a king, also called JANAMĀJAYA.  
**३.** बासिक the Muni, चर a request, and द who gives or grants ;  
 having at his request spared the Naga TAKSHAKA, from the  
 destruction to which he had devoted the race.  
**बासीन** m. (-नः) The name of a Muni or saint, the son of JARATKRĀRU,  
 also a Muni : see बासिक. **३.** बासि and वृज् aff.  
**बासीनजननी** f. (-नी) The wife of JARATKRĀRU, a saint. **३.** बासीन as  
 above, and जननी a mother, the mother of that saint.

**बासीन** n. (-न) Belief in Providence and a future world. **३.** बासीन a  
 believer, and वल् aff.  
**बासीन** mfn. (-नः-नी-न) Spread, strewed, scattered. **३.** बास् before क्त्वं  
 to spread, **न** aff. [affix न.]  
**बासुत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Spread. 2. Covered. **३.** बास् before क्त्वं to spread,  
**बासुता** f. (-ता) 1. Prop, stay, place or means of abiding. 2. An assembly.  
 3. Effort, pains, care. 4. Consideration, regard. **३.** बास् before क्त्वं  
 to stay, to stand, **वल्** and **टाप्** affs.  
**बासुत** n. (-न) An assembly. **३.** (-न) 1. Place, site. 2. Staying, abid-  
 ing. 3. Pains, care. **३.** बास् before स्था to stay or stand, **ल्यट्** and  
 जीप् affs.  
**बासुत** n. (-न) 1. Placing, fixing, causing to stay or remain. 2. An  
 enema of oil, ghee, &c. **३.** बास् before स्था to stay, causal form, **ल्यट्**  
 aff.  
**बासुत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Stayed, dwelt, abiding, abode. 2. Applied to,  
 having recourse to. 3. Occupied, engrossed by, engaged in. 4.  
 Spread, overspread. 5. Obtained. 6. Observing, adhering to, follow-  
 ing, practising. **३.** बास् before स्था to stay, and **न** aff.  
**बासुत** n. (-न) 1. Business, affair. 2. Office, rank, station. 3. Dignity. 4.  
 Authority. 5. Place, site. **३.** बास् before पद् to go, deriv. irr. [aff]  
**बासुत** n. (-न) Trembling, thobbing. **३.** बास् before खदि to shake, **ल्यट्**  
**बासुत** f. (-त) Emulation, rivalry. **३.** बास् before खदि to vie with, **वल्**  
 and **टाप्** affs.  
**बासुत** mfn. (-नः-नी-न) Emulous. **३.** बासुत and इनि aff.  
**बासुत** m. (-लः) 1. Striking, rubbing, causing to move gently. 2. Flap-  
 ping, clapping. 3. The flapping motion of an elephant's ear. **३.** बास्  
 before क्त्वं to move, causal form, **वल्** aff.  
**बासुत** n. (-न) 1. Pride, arrogance. 2. Rubbing, stirring, moving  
 gently. **३.** बास् before क्त्वं to move, causal form, **अस्** ल्यट्.  
**बासुत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Struck gently, rubbed, touched, stirred. 2.  
 Flapped, clapped, struck together. **३.** बास् before क्त्वं to move  
 causal form, **न** aff.  
**बासुत** m. (-न) A name of a SURA, regent of the planet Venus,  
 and teacher of the Asuras.  
**बासुत** m. (-तः) 1. A plant, (Swallow wort.) 2. The sound of striking  
 on the arms, as made by combatants, wrestlers, &c. **३.** (-त) A wild  
 variety of jasmīn. **३.** बास् before क्त्वं to expand, and **वल्** affix ;  
 बासीन and बासीता.  
**बासुत** m. (-कः) A tree, (Careya arborea.) **३.** बास् before क्त्वं to blow  
 &c. and वृज् aff.  
**बासुत** n. (-न) 1. Blowing, expanding. 2. Contracting, closing. 3.  
 Slapping the arms, or the noise made by it. **३.** (-न) A gilet or  
 auger. **३.** बास् before क्त्वं to blow or expand, and **ल्यट्** aff.  
**बासुत** m. (-तः) 1. Swallow wort, (Asclepias gigantea.) 2. Mountain  
 ebony, (Baobab variagata, &c.) 3. A kind of ochites or savanna  
 flower, (E. dichotoma, Rox.) **३.** (-त) 1. A wild variety of jasmīn. 2.  
 Clitoria ternatea. **३.** बास् before क्त्वं to blow or expand, **वल्** affix  
 and **ट** changed to त ; or क्त्वं to increase, with **न** affix, and **वल्** con-  
 verted to वी ; also sometimes बासीत and बासीता.  
**बास** n. (-स) 1. the face. 2. The mouth. mfn. (-सः-सा-स) Belonging or  
 relating to the mouth or face. **३.** बास् to throw or direct, and **वल्**  
 affix, or बास् before खद् to go, and **वल्** affix ; to which food goes or  
 is directed, **३.** (-स) Stay, abiding, resting. **३.** बास् to sit, and **वल्**  
 affix.  
**बास** n. (-न) A lotus. **३.** बास a face, वृज् a leaf ; this flower is com-  
 monly compared to a beautiful face.  
**बास** m. (-न) A hog, a boar. **३.** बास and बास a plough ; whose  
 face is as it were a plough.  
**बास** n. (-न) The beard. **३.** बास and बीन् hair ; the hair of the  
 face.

गलास्य m. (-स्य) Spittle, saliva. **३.** बह् before the mouth, बाह्य liquor.  
 गलास्य m. (-स्य) The nineteenth lunar mansion. **३.** बह् a Rakshasa or goblin, and बह् aff. one of this race being the deity of the asterism.  
 गलास्य m. (-स्य) 1. Distress, pain, affliction. 2. Flow, issue, running, discharge. **३.** बाह् before लु to go, and बह् aff.  
 गलास्य m. (-स्य) 1. Pain, affliction. 2. Flow, issue, running, discharge. **३.** बाह् before लु to ooze, बह् aff.  
 गलास्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sounded. **३.** बाह् before लु to sound, क affix, with हट् augment.  
 गलास्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sounded. **३.** बाह् before लु to sound, क aff.  
 गलास्य m. (-स्य) 1. Tasting, eating. 2. Enjoying. 3. Flavour. **३.** बाह् before लु to taste, affix चच्. [taste, लुट् aff.]  
 गलास्य m. (-स्य) 1. Tasting, eating. 2. Enjoying. **३.** बाह् before लु to taste, affix चच्. [taste, लुट् aff.]  
 गलास्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Tasted. 2. Enjoyed, possessed. 3. Eaten. **३.** बाह् before लु to taste, affix क.  
 गह ind. An interjection, aha! ah! implying. 1. Casting, sending. 2. Severity, reproof. 3. Commanding.  
 गहक m. (-कः) A disease of the nose, inflammation of the Schneiderian membrane.  
 गहत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Struck, beaten. 2. Injured, killed. 3. Multiplied. 4. Known, understood. 5. Uttered falsely. n. (-तः) 1. Old cloth or raiment. 2. New cloth or clothes. 3. Assertion of an impossibility. m. (-तः) A drum. **३.** बाह् before लु to hurt or injure, affix क.  
 गहतमन्त्र mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Noted for good qualities. **३.** बाह् known, and लघ् a mark.  
 गह् m. (-तः) 1. Breath inspired, inspiration. 2. Taking, seizing. **३.** बाह् before ह to take, चच् aff.  
 गह् m. (-तः) 1. Taking, seizing. 2. Causing, inducing. 3. Extracting, removing. **३.** बाह् before ह to take, affix लुट्.  
 गह् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) One who takes or seizes. m. (-तः) (In law,) A copy-holder. **३.** बाह् before ह to take, लुट् aff.  
 गह् m. (-तः) 1. War, battle. 2. Sacrificing. **३.** बाह् before ह to sacrifice or लुट् to call, and चच् aff. [लुट् aff.]  
 गह् m. (-तः) Sacrifice, offering sacrifice. **३.** बाह् before ह to sacrifice, लुट् aff.  
 गह्वरीय mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) To be offered as an oblation. m. (-तः) A consecrated fire taken from the house-holder's perpetual fire, and prepared for receiving oblations. **३.** बाह् before ह to offer oblations, and चलीयर् aff.  
 गह्वरीय mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Fit for a burnt offering. m. (-तः) A consecrated fire. **३.** कन् added to the last. [convey, घञ् aff.]  
 गह्वर m. (-तः) 1. Food. 2. Taking, conveying. **३.** बाह् before ह to take, लुट् aff.  
 गह्वर m. (-तः) The juice of the body, chyle, lymph, serum, &c. **३.** बाह् food, and लघ् what is produced.  
 गह्वरार्थिन् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Begging or seeking for food. **३.** बाह् food and अर्थिन् who asks.  
 गह्वर्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Adventitious, accessory, incidental. 2. To be taken or seized. 3. To be eaten. m. (-तः) The ornamentative part of the drama, the dress, decorations, &c. **३.** बाह् before लु to convey, लुट् aff.  
 गह्वर्यश्री f. (-श्री) Adventitious beauty, beauty not natural but the effect of paint, ornaments, &c. **३.** बाह् incidental, and श्री splendour.  
 गह्वर्य m. (-तः) 1. A trough near a well for watering cattle. 2. War, battle. 3. Calling. **३.** बाह् before ह to call, चच् affix, deriv. irr.  
 गह्वर्य m. (-तः) 1. A name of the inspired grammarian Pāṇini. 2. The descending node. **३.** बाह् a snake, or the constellation Aśleṣha, and लुट् aff.  
 गह्वर्य m. (-तः) A man of fixed origin, the son of a Nishada father and Vaidehi mother, employed as a watchman on the outside of jails, &c.

बाह्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Placed, deposited. 2. Entertained, felt. 3. Comprising, containing. 4. Made, done. **३.** बाह् before वा to have or hold, part. affix क, form irr.  
 बाह्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Noted for good qualities. **३.** See बाह्यतल्लघ्.  
 बाह्यतल्लघ् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Pained, grieved. **३.** बाह्य felt, लघ् pain.  
 बाह्यतल्लघ् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Noisy, uttering or making sound. **३.** बाह्य made, लघ् a sound. [a spot.]  
 बाह्यतल्लघ् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Marked, spotted, stained. **३.** बाह्य made, लघ्  
 बाह्यतल्लघ् m. (-तः) A Brahman who has preserved a sacred fire kept alive perpetually in a family, &c. **३.** बाह्य placed, and लघ् a fire; by whom.  
 बाह्यतल्लघ् m. (-तः) A juggler, a snake-catcher. **३.** बाह्य a snake, लघ् a mouth, and लुट् affix: playing with the mouth of a snake; the poisonous fangs being extracted, the snakes are suffered to bite their exhibitors.  
 बाह्य n. (-तः) The nourishment of all created beings, considered as one of the five sacraments or principal sacrifices of the Hindus. **३.** बाह् before ह to offer oblations, and क aff.  
 बाह्य f. (-तः) 1. Offering oblations with fire to the deities. 2. Any solemn rite accompanied with oblations. **३.** As the preceding, affix क्तिन्.  
 बाह्य n. (-तः) A leguminous shrub.  
 बाह्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Called, summoned, invoked, invited. **३.** बाह् before ह to call, क aff.  
 बाह्यप्रमाणियन् m. (-तः) A defendant or witness absconding, or not appearing when summoned. **३.** बाह्य and प्रमाणियन् who runs away.  
 बाह्य f. (-तः) Calling. **३.** बाह् before ह to call, affix क्तिन्: ए is dropped, and ह is changed to its analogous vowel ल.  
 बाह्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Brought, taken, collected. **३.** बाह् before ह to take, क aff.  
 बाह्य ind. Having taken or received, having brought. **३.** बाह् before ह to take, लुट् aff.  
 बाह्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Belonging or relating to a snake. **३.** बाह्य a snake, and लुट् aff.  
 बाह्य ind. 1. An interjection of doubt; 2. Of asking.  
 बाह्यप्रमाणियन् f. (-तः) Boasting, military vaunting. **३.** बाह्य, प्रमाणियन् a man, and affix कन्; doubting another's manhood, &c.  
 बाह्य ind. A particle implying doubt. **३.** बाह्य and क्तिन् aff.  
 बाह्य n. (-तः) Many days. **३.** बाह्य a day, and लघ् aff.  
 बाह्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Daily, diurnal, of or belonging to a day. n. (-तः) 1. Constant occupation, daily work. 2. The division or section of a book. 3. Food. **३.** बाह्य a day, and लुट् aff.  
 बाह्यकार m. (-तः) Daily observance, the prayers and practices necessary for bodily and mental purification. **३.** बाह्य daily and कार observance.  
 बाह्य m. (-तः) Joy, delight. **३.** बाह्य before ह to be pleased, affix लघ्.  
 बाह्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Delighted, rejoiced. **३.** बाह्य before ह to be delighted, क aff.  
 बाह्य m. (-तः) A crier, who or what calls. f. (-तः) 1. A name, an appellation. 2. A call, a summons. **३.** बाह्य before ह to call, क aff.  
 बाह्य m. (-तः) 1. A name or appellation. 2. A lawsuit arising from a dispute about games with animals, as cock-fighting, &c. **३.** बाह्य before ह to call, चच् aff.  
 बाह्य n. (-तः) 1. Calling, a call or summons. 2. Legal summons. 3. A name, an appellation. 4. Invocation, invitation. **३.** बाह्य before ह to call, लुट् aff.  
 बाह्यदर्शन n. (-तः) Day of trial. **३.** बाह्य summons, and दर्शन seeing, investigating.  
 बाह्य m. (-तः) 1. A name. 2. A summons. **३.** बाह्य ह to call, चच् aff.  
 बाह्य m. (-तः) A messenger, a courier. **३.** बाह्य ह to call, लुट् aff.



४ The third vowel of the alphabet, corresponding to I short, and pronounced as that letter in kill, &c.

५ m. (इः) A name of KAMADEVA Ind. An interjection. 1. Of anger. 2. Of calling. 3. Of sorrow or distress. 4. Of compassion इ इ to go, क्तिप् aff.

६ r. 1st cl. (अयति) To go, to go to or towards : with उन् prefixed, to rise or ascend, as the sun, &c. with अमि and उत the same, or to rise in the world, to prosper. (क) इङ् and अधि always prefixed अधीङ् r. 2nd cl. (अधीति) To study, to learn, to read over or through. (क) इङ् and अधि prefixed r. 2nd cl. (अधीति) To remember, to think of. (क) इङ् r. 2nd cl. (एति) To go. This root takes many prefixes, implying with अति, 1. To surpass, to surmount. 2. To pass, to spend time or to elapse as time. With अन्, 1. To go after, to follow. 2. To go like, to imitate in going. 3. To succeed. With अमि, 1. To obtain, to get. 2. To proceed, to go on. 3. To go. 4. To approach. 5. To serve or worship. With अप, 1. To go away, to depart. 2. To perish. With अमि and उप, To arrive. With उप, 1. To receive. 2. To aid or assist. 3. To approach or go near so. With निर, To go forth or out from. With प्रति, 1. To trust, to confide. 2. To follow, to be added or subjoined to. 3. (In the passive verb,) To become evident or manifest. With फ, To expend, to waste, to depart. With सम् and उप, To obtain, &c.

इकट् m. (-ट्) A kind of reed : see इत्कट्.

इक्षु m. (-क्षु) The sugar-cane.

इक्षु m. (-क्षु) The sugar cane. इ इप् to desire, and क्त्वा affix or ईच् to see, अच् affix and ई made short.

इक्षुका m. (-क्षुः) 1. A species of sugar-cane, (Saccharum munja, Rox.) See मृञ्. 2. A sort of grass, (Kas.) (Saccharum spontaneum.) 3. The stem or cane of the Saccharum officinale, the sugar-cane, इ इक्षु and काण्ड a stem.

इक्षुका f. (-का) 1. A kind of reed, (Saccharum spontaneum.) 2. Barleria longifolia, (this and its synonymes are also applied to Capparis spinosa and Tribulus lanuginosus : see कौकिल्याच and गीशुरक.) 3. Convolvulus paniculatus : भूमिकुपाण्ड. इ इक्षु and गन्ध smell ; having the odor of the sugar-cane.

इक्षुमलिका f. (-का) Convolvulus paniculatus. इ. See the preceding.

इक्षुतुल्या f. (-त्या) A species of grass or reed. इ इक्षु and तुल्या like, like sugar-cane.

इक्षुदण्ड n. (-ण्ड) The stem or cane of the Saccharum officinale, the sugar-cane. इ इक्षु and दण्ड a staff.

इक्षुर्मा f. (-मा) A kind of grass, also वंशस्पृश, &c.

इक्षुनिव n. (-व) A kind of tree. इ इक्षु and निव an eye.

इक्षुपत्र m. (-पत्र) A species of grain, Jower, (Panicum spicatum.) इ इक्षु and पत्र a leaf.

इक्षुप m. (-प) A sort of grass, (Saccharum sara.)

इक्षुवालिका f. (-का) 1. A kind of reed : see इक्षुवालिका. 2. Saccharum spontaneum इ इक्षु and वालिका an infant ; a young sugar-cane, from its smaller size. [aff.]

इक्षुमलिका f. (-का) A meal of sugar or molasses. इ इक्षु, मल to eat, क्त्वा aff.

इक्षुमती f. (-ती) The name of a river in Bengal. इ इक्षु and मती aff. in this sense.

इक्षुमूल n. (-मूल) 1. A sort of tree ; also इक्षुमेव. 2. The root of sugar-cane. इ इक्षु and मूल a root.

इक्षुमेह m. (-मेह) Diabetes, or D. mellitus. इ इक्षु and मेह urine.

इक्षुमेहिन mfn. (-हिन) Diabetic. इ इक्षुमेह and इनि aff.

इक्षुमलिका n. (-मलिका) A sugar-mill. इ इक्षु and मलिका a machine.

इक्षुमूलिका m. (-मूलिका) The common sugar-cane. इ इक्षु and मूलिका origin.

इक्षु m. (-इक्षु) 1. Sugar-cane. 2. Barleria longifolia or Tribulus lanugin-

nosus. 3. Saccharum spontaneum. इ इक्षु sugar-cane and इ what gives, from इ and इ aff.

इक्षुरक m. (-कः) 1. Saccharum spontaneum. 2. Barleria longifolia : see the preceding, क्त्वा being added.

इक्षुरस m. (-सः) 1. The juice of the sugar-cane. 2. Molasses, unrefined sugar. 3. A sort of grass, (Saccharum spontaneum.) इ इक्षु sugar-cane and रस juice.

इक्षुरसकाय m. (-कायः) Raw or unrefined sugar, molasses. इ इक्षुरस and काय a decoction, the boiled or inspissated juice.

इक्षुरसीद m. (-सीदः) The sea of syrup इ इक्षुरस and सीद water.

इक्षुवाटिका f. (-का) A kind of sugar-cane, common yellow cane ; also इक्षुवाटी ; see पुष्प.

इक्षुविकार m. (-विकारः) 1. Sugar, molasses. 2. Any sweetmeat इ इक्षु and विकार change of form. [surrounding]

इक्षुवेदन m. (-वेदनः) A sort of grass, (Saccharum munja.) इ इक्षु and वेदन

इक्षुशाकट n. (-टः) A field of sugar-cane. इ इक्षु and शाकट a field.

इक्षुशाकिन n. (-किनः) A field of sugar-cane. इ इक्षु and शाकिन a field in this compound.

इक्षुसार m. (-सारः) Molasses, raw or unrefined sugar. इ इक्षु and सार essence, the essence of the sugar-cane.

इक्ष्वाकु m. (-कुः) The son of the Manu NAIVASWATA, the son of SURYA or the sun, and first prince of the solar dynasty ; he reigned at Ajodhya in the commencement of the second Yuga or age. f. (-कुः) A bitter gourd. इ इक्षु and अक to obtain, and कु or उच् aff.

इक्षुलिक m. (-कः) A kind of reed, (Saccharum spontaneum.) f. (-कः) Another sort, (Saccharum fuscum ; ) the native pens are made from its stem. इ इक्षु and वालिका for वालिका a line ; it grows like the sugar-cane.

इक्षु r. 1st cl. (इक्षति) and (इक्षि) (इक्षति) To go. [or agitate.]

इक्षु r. 1st cl. (इक्षि) (इक्षति) 1. To go, to go to or towards. 2. To move

इक्षु mfn. (-क्षुः) 1. Moveable, locomotive. 2. Surprising, wonderful. m. (-क्षुः) 1. A hint or sign, an indication of sentiment by gesture, &c. 2. Knowledge इ इक्षि to go, affix क.

इक्षित n. (-तः) 1. Hint, sign, gesture. 2. Going, motion. 3. Intention, purpose. इ इक्षि to go, affix क. [knows.]

इक्षितश्च mfn. (-क्षुः) Understanding signs. इ इक्षित and च who इक्षुद mfn. (-दः) The name of a plant, commonly Ingua इ इक्षु going, and द what gives ; the pen. च is changed to उ and the fem. affix is डीप्. [to ल]

इक्षुल mfn. (-लः) See the preceding. इ. As before, द being changed

इक्षुक mfn. (-कः) 1. Wishing, desirous. m. (-कः) 1. Citron, (Citrus medica.) 2. (In arithmetic,) Demand, the sun sought. इ इक्षु wish, and क्त्वा aff. [इक्षु aff.]

इक्षुत् mfn. (-क्षुः) Wishing, wishful, desirous. इ इक्षु to wish, इक्षुल n. (-लः) Desire, wishfulness. इ इक्षु and ल affix ; also with तच्

इक्षुता.

इक्षु f. (-क्षा) Wish, desire. इ इक्षु to desire, affixes श् and टाप्.

इक्षुनिवृत्ति f. (-वृत्तिः) Suppression of desire. इ इक्षु and निवृत्ति cessation

इक्षुवित mfn. (-वितः) Having desire, wishing, wishful. इ इक्षु and वित possessed of.

इक्षुवत् mfn. (-वत्) Wishing, wishful, desirous. f. (-ती) A woman desirous of any thing. इ इक्षु, मत्प् poss. affix, and डीप् fem.

इक्षुवत् m. (-वत्) A name of KURERA. इ इक्षु desire and वत् wealth.

इक्षु mfn. (-क्षुः) Wishing, desiring. इ इक्षु to wish, and क्त्वा aff. deriv. irr.

इक्षुक mfn. (-कः) Wishing, desirous. इ क्त्वा added to the inst. or इक्षु and उक्त्वा aff.

इक्षु m. (-क्षुः) A small tree growing in wet and saline soil, or on low grounds near the sea, (Barringtonia acutangula.) See इक्षु. इ इक्षु to go, क्तिप् affix, and अच् water.

गुरु mfn. (-गुरुः-गुरो-गुः) A teacher. m. (-गुरुः) VRIHASPATI, the teacher or Guru of the gods. f. (-गुरुः) 1. A gift, a donation. 2. Sacrificing, making offerings to the gods or manes. 3. Worship, reverence. 4. Meeting, union. 5. A cow. 6. A hawd or procuress. R. गृन् to sacrifice, &c. कृप् aff.

गुह्य m. (-गुह्यः) A frequent sacrificer. R. गुह्या sacrifice, and ग्रीह् to be frequent, कृप् aff. [aff.]

गुह्य m. (-गुह्यः) A shrimp or prawn. R. गुह्य to satisfy, and गृन् to go, 1st cl. (गृन्ति) To go, to go to or towards.

गुह्य m. (-गुह्यः) A bull or steer allowed to go at liberty. R. गुह्य to wish, कृप् affix, and गृन् who goes, going at will; also गृह्य.

गुह्य f. (-गुह्यः) 1. The wife of BUDDHA, daughter of IKSHAKU. 2. The earth. 3. A cow. 4. Speed. 5. A tubular vessel, one of the principal channels of the vital spirit, that which is on the right side of the body. 6. Heaven. 7. The goddess of speech. R. गुह्य to direct or send, कृप् affix, and टाप् fem. ल and ड are interchangeable: see गुह्य.

गुह्य f. (-गुह्यः) A wasp. R. गुह्य the earth, गृन् to go, and गृन् aff.

गुह्य f. (-गुह्यः) The earth. R. गुह्य to direct, and गृन् affix; ल becomes ड.

गुह्य m. (-गुह्यः) A wild goat. R. गुह्य an imitative sound, and कृन् who utters, from कै, aff. ड.

गुह्य m. (-गुह्यः) A bull fit to be let at liberty. R. गुह्य to wish, affix कृप्, and गृन् to choose, कृप् affix: see गुह्य.

गुह्य m. (-गुह्यः) A knife.

गुह्य m. (-गुह्यः) A tree, (Trochis aspera.)

गुह्य ind. A grammatical term, implying a letter in the inflective particles that is to be rejected.

गुह्य mfn. (-गुह्यः-गुह्यः) 1. Gone. 2. Remembered. 3. Obtained. R. गुह्य to go, affix कृ.

गुह्य ind. Here here, come here. R. गुह्य repeated.

गुह्य mfn. (-गुह्यः-गुह्यः) 1. Other, different. 2. Low, vile. R. गुह्य desire, गृन् to pass over, and कृप् aff.

गुह्य ind. In another manner, otherwise, differently. R. गुह्य added to गुह्य.

गुह्य mfn. (-गुह्यः-गुह्यः) 1. Mutual, one with another. 2. Respective, several. R. गुह्य repeated.

गुह्यकाया f. (-गुह्यः) Respective or several fancies or inclinations. R. गुह्य and काया to be desired.

गुह्यमय mfn. (-गुह्यः-गुह्यः) Affecting or concerning mutually. R. गुह्य and मय object or receptacle.

गुह्य ind. Another or different day. R. गुह्य and एतम् aff.

गुह्य ind. Hither and thither. R. गुह्य repeated, with कृ and, inserted.

गुह्य ind. Hence, from hence. R. irr. deriv. from गुह्य thus, with तस्मिन् aff. [thence.]

गुह्य ind. Here and there, hither and thither. R. गुह्य hence, तस्मिन्

गुह्य ind. A particle implying, 1. Cause, (thus, therefore.) 2. Manifestation, (lo! behold!) 3. Something additional, (etcetera.) 4. The meanings of एव, (so, thus, even, in this manner.) 5. Conclusion, enough, (finis.) 6. Reference, (so says, this is, &c.) It also implies, 7. Order, arrangement, specific or distinctive, and 8. Identity (of this or similar form.) 9. A grammatical copulative, indicating a preceding sound or sense, to be again intened. R. गुह्य to go, कृप् aff.

गुह्य mfn. (-गुह्यः-गुह्यः) 1. Unworthy of trust, not fit to be credited. 2. Wicked, lost. f. (-गुह्यः) Unmeaning or nonsensical discourse. R. गुह्य this, so, and कृप् a saying.

गुह्य mfn. (-गुह्यः-गुह्यः) What is proper or necessary to be done. R. गुह्य so, कृप् to be done.

गुह्यकाया f. (-गुह्यः) Proper and right measures. R. गुह्यकाया with तस्मिन् added, or with त्व, गुह्यकाया.

गुह्य ind. Traditional instruction, advice, &c mutually imparted. R. गुह्य so, thus, and गुह्य tidings.

इतिहास m. (-इतिहासः) History, traditional accounts of former events, heroic history, as the Mahabharata and Ramayana. R. इतिहास traditional instruction, कृप् to be, and कृप् aff.

इतिहास mfn. (-इतिहासः) A kind of reed or grass; also कृप्. R. इतिहास and कृत् to go, कृत् is changed to इतिहास [play]

इतिहास f. (-इतिहासः) A perfume: see इतिहास. R. इतिहास obtained, and कृत् to go, कृत् is changed to इतिहास [play]

इतिहास ind. Thus. R. इतिहास this, deriv. irr. with कृप् aff.

इतिहास mfn. (-इतिहासः) Become thus or in such manner. R. इतिहास and कृत् become.

इतिहास mfn. (-इतिहासः) To be gone to or towards. f. (-इतिहासः) A litter, a palankeen. R. इतिहास to go, कृप् aff.

इतिहास ind. Etcetera, and so forth.

इतिहास mfn. (-इतिहासः) 1. Low, vile. 2. Cruel, harsh. 3. A traveller. 4. Poor, indigent. 5. Giong, moving, what goes. f. (-इतिहासः) A disloyal or unchaste woman. R. इतिहास and कृप् aff.

इतिहास 1st cl. (इतिहासः) इतिहास (इतिहासः) To have supreme power and superhuman faculties.

इतिहास pron. mfn. (इतिहासः इतिहासः) This. R. इतिहास to have power, कृप् affix, and the radical न rejected.

इतिहास f. (-इतिहासः) A plant, (Hedysarum alhagi.) R. इतिहास thus, and कृप् business; applied to this and that use.

इतिहास mfn. (-इतिहासः-इतिहासः) Present, momentary, of the present moment. R. इतिहास and कृप् aff.

इतिहास ind. 1. Now, at present. 2. An expletive, affecting however slightly the sense. R. irr. deriv. from इतिहास this, with इतिहास aff.

इतिहास m. (-इतिहासः) A year, one of the five sorts of years in which gifts of clothes and food are productive of great rewards.

इतिहास mfn. (-इतिहासः-इतिहासः) 1. Lighted, alight. 2. Shining, glowing, blazing. 3. Clean, clear, bright. 4. Wonderful. 5. Obeyed, unresisted. R. (-इतिहासः) 1. Sunshine, light, heat. R. इतिहास to shine, affix कृ.

इतिहास n. (-इतिहासः) Fuel. R. इतिहास to kindle, to burn. कृप् Una'di aff.

इतिहास m. (-इतिहासः) A hatchet, an axe. R. इतिहास and प्रवृत्त what cuts.

इतिहास m. (-इतिहासः) 1. The sun. 2. A master, a lord. 3. A king. 4. The asterism Hasta. R. इतिहास to go, कृप् Una'di aff.

इतिहास n. (-इतिहासः) A royal court or assembly. R. इतिहास and सभा assembly.

इतिहास n. (-इतिहासः) The blue lotus, (Nymphaea caerulea.) R. इतिहास from इतिहास to possess great power, and कृत् what chooses, preeminent above other flowers: see इतिहास.

इतिहास m. (-इतिहासः) A large bee. R. इतिहास to possess great power, deriv. irr. इतिहास f. (-इतिहासः) A name of LAKSHMI, the wife of VISHNU. R. इतिहास as above, and कृत् who gives.

इतिहास n. (-इतिहासः) The lotus, (Nymphaea lotus.) R. इतिहास LAKSHMI, and कृत् an abode, this goddess issued at the creation from the petals of the flower.

इतिहास n. (-इतिहासः) The blue lotus. R. इतिहास the goddess, and कृत् what is best; a flower beloved by LAKSHMI.

इतिहास n. (-इतिहासः) The blue lotus (Nymphaea caerulea.) R. इतिहास for इतिहास q v. the rest as in the preceding; also इतिहास and इतिहास.

इतिहास n. (-इतिहासः) See the preceding. f. (-इतिहासः) A plant, (Aparagus racemosus.) R. As before.

इतिहास n. (-इतिहासः) See इतिहास.

इतिहास m. (-इतिहासः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. R. इतिहास to wet or moisten. कृत् Una'di affix and the initial changed to इतिहास.

इतिहास n. (-इतिहासः) The white lotus. R. इतिहास the moon, and कृत् the lotus.

इतिहास f. (-इतिहासः) A digit of the moon. R. इतिहास and कृत् a digit.

इतिहास f. (-इतिहासः) The Ketaki flower. R. इतिहास and कृत् a bud.

इतिहास m. (-इतिहासः) The lunar gem, the moon-stone. f. (-इतिहासः) Night. R. इतिहास and कृत् a master or husband.

इतिहास m. (-इतिहासः) The ocean. R. इतिहास and कृत् a parent; the moon was produced amongst other things at the churning of the ocean.

**इन्द्रा f. (-जा)** The Narmada or commonly Narbudda river in the Dakshin. इ. इन्द्र and जा born; the daughter of the moon.

**इन्द्राक्ष m. (-क्षः)** A portion of the moon, a digit, a crescent, &c. इ. इन्द्र and दक्ष a leaf.

**इन्द्रपुत्र m. (-त्रः)** A name of BUDHA, regent of the planet MERCURY. इ. इन्द्र and पुत्र the son; the son of CHANDRA or the moon.

**इन्द्रधनु m. (-धनुः)** A name of SIVA इ. इन्द्र and धनु who nourishes; SIVA wears a half moon on his forehead.

**इन्द्रमण्डल n. (-लः)** The orb or disc of the moon. इ. इन्द्र and मण्डल sphere.

**इन्द्रमही f. (-ती)** 1. Day of full moon. 2. Name of a princess married to AJA the son of RAGHU. इ. इन्द्र and मनुप् poss. affix, fem. डीप्.

**इन्द्रम. (-रः)** A rat. इ. उन्ड to moisten, उन्ड् affix, the initial is changed to इ.

**इन्द्रम n. (-मः)** A pearl. इ. इन्द्र and रम a gem.

**इन्द्ररेखा f. (-खा)** A digit of the moon. इ. इन्द्र and रेखा a line.

**इन्द्रलेखा f. (-खा)** 1. A digit of the moon. 2. A plant, (*Menispermum glabrum*.) 3. The moon plant, (*Asclepias acida*.) 4. A kind of lovenge, (*Lagusticum ajwaen*;) see अनामिका. इ. इन्द्र and लेखा a line.

**इन्द्रलोहक n. (-कः)** Silver. इ. इन्द्र and लोह iron, कन् added. [creeper.

**इन्द्रवल्ली f. (-ली)** The moon plant, (*Asclepias acida*) इ. इन्द्र and वल्ली a

**इन्द्रव्रत n. (-तः)** A religious observance depending on the age of the moon; diminishing the quantity of food by a certain portion daily, for a fortnight or a month, &c. इ. इन्द्र and व्रत a religious obligation.

**इन्द्र m. (-ः)** 1. The deity presiding over Swarga or the Hindu paradise, and the secondary divinities; he is also regent of the east quarter, and is more particularly the deity of the atmosphere, corresponding in many respects with the Grecian Jove. 2. The Supreme Being, (according to the Vedanta,) or the deity INDRA in that capacity. 3. Supremacy, supreme power or authority. 4. An Aditya, one of the twelve demigods so called. 5. One of the Yogas, or divisions of a circle on the plane of the ecliptic. 6. The human or animal soul, the portion of spirit residing in the body. 7. Night. 8. A plant, (*Wrightea antidysenterica*, &c.) see कुटज. 9. An organ of sense. 10. (In composition) Best, excellent. 11. The 14th luvation of the month Jyeshtha. 12. One of the nine divisions of Jambu Dwipa, or the known continent. f. (-म्) 1. The name of a plant, (*Marjoram*?) see अश्विजक. 2. The wife of INDRA. इ. इन्द्र to possess supreme power, and इन् Unādi aff.

**इन्द्रक n. (-कः)** An assembly-room, a hall. इ. इन्द्र excellent, and क what sounds, from कै and उ aff.

**इन्द्रकोश m. (-शः)** The mountain Mandara, a fabulous mountain with which the ocean was churned. इ. इन्द्र and कोश a pin or bolt.

**इन्द्रकजर m. (-रः)** INDRA's elephant. इ. इन्द्र and कजर an elephant.

**इन्द्रकोष m. (-षः)** 1. A platform, a scaffold. 2. A projection of the roof of a house, forming a kind of balcony or terrace. 3. A pin or bracket projecting from the wall. इ. इन्द्र best, and कोष a place.

**इन्द्रोप m. (-पः)** An insect, (*Coccinella* of various kinds.) इ. इन्द्र best, ओ light, and प from पा who nourishes or possesses.

**इन्द्रच्छन्दस् n. (-न्दः)** A necklace of a thousand strings. इ. इन्द्र best, and छन्दस् a necklace, &c.

**इन्द्रकाल n. (-लः)** 1. Conjuring, juggling. 2. Deception, cheating. 3. Trick or stratagem in war. इ. इन्द्र an organ of sense, and काल a net.

**इन्द्रजायक mfn. (-कः-जी-कः)** 1. A juggler, a conjuror. 2. Deceptive, unreal. इ. इन्द्रजाय illusion, and दक् aff. [the conqueror of INDRA.

**इन्द्रजित् m. (-जित्)** The son of RAVANA. इ. इन्द्र and जित् who conquers.

**इन्द्रजिजिजित् m. (-जी)** LAKSHMANA, the brother of RAMA: इ. इन्द्रजित् and जिजिजित् a victor, the conqueror of INDRAJIT.

**इन्द्रजल n. (-जलः)** A flock of cotton, a flocculent seed, &c. blown about in the air. इ. इन्द्र and जल cotton; INDRA's cotton.

**इन्द्रजलक n. (-कः)** See the preceding. इ. As before, कन् added.

**इन्द्रदाह m. (-हः)** A tree, (*Pinus devadaru*.) इ. इन्द्र and दाह tree.

**इन्द्रदुम् m. (-दुम्)** A tree, (*Pentaptera arjuna*, Rox.) इ. इन्द्र and दुम् a tree a staff of which is fit to carry the banner of INDRA.

**इन्द्रदुम् m. (-दुम्)** See the preceding. इ. As before.

**इन्द्रनील m. (-नीलः)** A sapphire. इ. इन्द्र best, and नील blue.

**इन्द्रनीलक m. (-कः)** An emerald. इ. See the preceding.

**इन्द्रपुष्पा f. (-ष्पा)** A medicinal plant; also अश्विजका. इ. इन्द्र and पुष्पा a flower; also इन्द्रपुष्पिका. [INDRA presiding over it.

**इन्द्रपुरीहिता f. (-ता)** The asterism Pushya. इ. इन्द्र and पुरीहिता priest.

**इन्द्रप्रश्न m. (-श्नः)** Ancient Dehli. इ. इन्द्र the deity, and प्रश्न who presides.

**इन्द्रप्रहरण n. (-णः)** INDRA's thunderbolt. इ. इन्द्र and प्रहरण a weapon.

**इन्द्रमेवज n. (-जः)** Dried ginger. इ. इन्द्र best, and मेवज medicament.

**इन्द्रमहकासुक m. (-कः)** A dog. इ. इन्द्र, मह a sacrifice and कासुक desirous.

**इन्द्रमुल n. (-लः)** A flock of cotton: see इन्द्रजल.

**इन्द्रयव mn. (-यः-वः)** The seed of the *Wrightea antidysenterica*. इ. इन्द्र the plant, and यव seed: it is used medicinally in cases of diarrhoea, dysentery, &c.

**इन्द्रभुस mn. (-भुः-सः)** Morbid, baldness, falling of the hair of the head according to some authorities, loss of beard. इ. इन्द्र best, भुस lost.

**इन्द्रलोक m. (-लः)** See the preceding. इ. As before, लुन् aff.

**इन्द्रलोक m. (-लः)** Swarga or paradise, the heaven of INDRA. इ. इन्द्र and लोक world.

**इन्द्रलोकिक m. (-कः)** 1. INDRA. 2. A guest, hospitality to whom secures paradise. इ. इन्द्रलोक and ईश lord.

**इन्द्रवारुणिका f. (-का)** *Colocynthis*, a wild bitter gourd, (*Cucumis colocynthis*.) इ. कन् added to इन्द्रवारुणी.

**इन्द्रवारुणी f. (-णी)** See the preceding. इ. इन्द्र and वरुण the two deities so called, affixes चच् and डीप्; the favourite plant of INDRA and VARUNA.

**इन्द्रवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः)** A kind of fir: see देवदारु. इ. इन्द्र for any god, वृक्ष a tree.

**इन्द्रव्रत n. (-तः)** One of the duties of a king, to distribute gratification, as INDRA pours down rain. इ. इन्द्र and व्रत observance.

**इन्द्रव्रहा f. (-व्रहा)** A sore, an ulcer.

**इन्द्रवर्ति f. (-वर्तिः)** INDRANI, the wife or personified energy of INDRA. इ. इन्द्र and वर्ति power. [the son of the -un.

**इन्द्रवारुणि m. (-णिः)** The last of the fourteen Menus. इ. इन्द्र and सारणि

**इन्द्रसुत m. (-तः)** The monkey king BALI. इ. इन्द्र and सुत a son; the son of INDRA: the epithet is also applied to ARJUNA and JAYANTA.

**इन्द्रसुरस m. (-सः)** A shrub, the leaves of which are used in discentient applications, (*Vitex negundo*;) also सिन्दुवार. इ. इन्द्र best, सु good, and रस juice; whose juice is excellent. [changed to इ.

**इन्द्रसुरिस m. (-सः)** See the preceding. इ. As before, the pen. being

**इन्द्रसुत m. (-तः)** The son of INDRA: see इन्द्रसुत.

**इन्द्राणिषु m. (-षुः)** Frost. [word.

**इन्द्राणिका f. (-का)** *Vitex negundo*: see इन्द्रसुरस. इ. कन् added to the next

**इन्द्राणी f. (-णी)** 1. The wife of INDRA. 2. A plant, (*Vitex negundo*;) see the preceding. इ. इन्द्र, डीप् affix, and आनुक् augment.

**इन्द्राजुज m. (-जः)** A name of VISHNU. इ. इन्द्र and अजुज younger born the younger brother of INDRA.

**इन्द्रायुध m. (-युधः)** The rainbow. f. (-धा) A kind of leech of various tints on the back. इ. इन्द्र and आयुध a weapon; INDRA's weapon.

**इन्द्रारि m. (-रिः)** An Asura or demon. इ. इन्द्र and अरि an enemy.

**इन्द्रावरक m. (-कः)** VISHNU. इ. इन्द्र and अवरक after-born: the younger brother of INDRA.

**इन्द्रावन m. (-वः)** 1. Hemp, dried and chewed. 2. The shrub which bears the seed used as a jeweller's weight, (*Abrus precatorius*.) इ. इन्द्र and अवन food: the food of INDRA.

**इन्द्रासन n. (-नः)** 1. The throne of INDRA. 2. Any throne. इ. इन्द्र and असन a seat.

**इन्द्रिय** *n.* (-न्) 1. An organ of sense divided into three classes, *Jānanendriyas*, *Karmendriyas*, and *Antarindriyas*, or organs of perception and action, and the internal organs; the first are the eye, ear, nose, tongue, and skin; the second, the organ of speech or larynx, hand, foot, anus, and parts of generation; the last are, *Manas* the mind or organ of thought; *Buddhi* the organ of apprehension; *Ahankara* the organ of selfishness; and *Chitta* the heart or organ of feeling. 2. Semen virile. *mfn.* (-न्-वा-न्) Done, seen, given, &c. by *INDRA*. *n.* इन्द्र the soul or self, and इन्द्र affix, deriv. irr. what is with difficulty restrained by the soul, or इन्द्र the deity, and इ aff. **इन्द्रियवीचर** *mfn.* (-न्-वा-न्) Perceptible, capable of being ascertained by the senses. *n.* इन्द्रिय and वीचर perceptible.

**इन्द्रियवान्** *m.* (-न्) The senses or organs of sense collectively. *n.* इन्द्रिय and वान here, assemblage.

**इन्द्रियज्ञान** *n.* (-न्) The faculty of perception, sense, consciousness. *n.* इन्द्रिय and ज्ञान knowledge.

**इन्द्रियनिग्रह** *m.* (-न्) Restraining the organs of sense. *n.* इन्द्रिय and निग्रह restraint.

**इन्द्रियबुद्धि** *f.* (-न्) Perception, the exercise of any sense, the faculty of any organ. *n.* इन्द्रिय and बुद्धि knowledge.

**इन्द्रियवीचन** *n.* (-न्) Any excitement of sense, an object of perception, a stimulus, &c. *n.* इन्द्रिय and वीचन waking. [class.]

**इन्द्रियवर्गे** *m.* (-न्) The organs of sense collectively. *n.* इन्द्रिय and वर्ग a class.

**इन्द्रियविवर्तित्व** *f.* (-न्) Erroneous or vicious perception. *n.* इन्द्रिय and विवर्तित्व perversion.

**इन्द्रियस्तप** *m.* (-न्) 1. Unconsciousness, insensibility. 2. The end of the world. *n.* इन्द्रिय and स्तप sleep.

**इन्द्रियगोचर** *mfn.* (-न्-वा-न्) Imperceptible. *n.* इन्द्रिय and गोचर imperceptible.

**इन्द्रियायतन** *n.* (-न्) The body. *n.* इन्द्रिय and आयतन a mansion; the residence of the senses.

**इन्द्रियाद्य** *m.* (-न्) An object of sense, as sound, smell, &c. *n.* इन्द्रिय and आद्य an object.

**इन्द्रियाद्वय** *m.* (-न्) Stoicism, philosophy, detachment from sensual objects. *n.* इन्द्रिय and द्वय detachment.

**इन्द्रोऽयम्** *m.* (-न्) The name of *VISHVASPATI*, the preceptor of the gods. *n.* इन्द्र and इय to be worshipped; venerable to the deities.

**इन्द्र** *r.* 7th cl. (इ and णि) जिह्वा (इन्द्र) 1. To shine. 2. To kindle.

**इन्द्र** *n.* (-न्) Fuel; wood, grass, &c. used for that purpose. *n.* इन्द्र to kindle, and इ aff.

**इन्द्रा** *f.* plu. (-न्) Stars in the head of Orion. *n.* इन्द्र to please, इन्द्र affix; see इन्द्रा and इन्द्रा.

**इन्द्र** *r.* 10th cl. (इ) इन्द्र (इन्द्र) To collect or accumulate.

**इन्द्र** *m.* (-न्) 1. An elephant. 2. Best (in composition). *n.* इन्द्र to go, इन्द्र Una'di aff.

**इन्द्रका** *f.* (-न्) A plant with an aromatic seed, (*Pothos officinalis*), *n.* इन्द्र an elephant, and का pepper; being considered by Hindu writers, as a large species of pepper; see इन्द्रियपत्री.

**इन्द्रका** *f.* (-न्) A plant: see इन्द्रका. *n.* इन्द्र an elephant and इन्द्र a tooth; this and similar names are given, from its supposed resemblance to an elephant's tooth.

**इन्द्रविनीति** *f.* (-न्) Smartness, shrewdness, wittiness. *n.* इन्द्र and विनीति winking; winking knowingly like an elephant.

**इन्द्रवाह** *m.* (-न्) The driver or keeper of an elephant. *n.* इन्द्र, वाह a nourisher.

**इन्द्रवीर्य** *f.* (-न्) A young elephant, a cub, *n.* इन्द्र and वीर्य any young animal.

**इन्द्राक्ष** *m.* (-न्) A lion. *n.* इन्द्र an elephant, in the second case, इन्द्र and अक्ष who attacks.

**इन्द्रवृत्ति** *f.* (-न्) An elephant's cub. *n.* इन्द्र and वृत्ति young.

**इन्द्राक्ष** *m.* (-न्) A plant, (*Mesua ferrea*) : see इन्द्राक्ष. *n.* इन्द्र and आक्ष an appellation; named from the elephant.

**इन्द्राक्ष** *f.* (-न्) A kind of aromatic plant: see इन्द्राक्ष. *n.* इन्द्र and अक्ष pepper.

**इन्द्र** *mfn.* (-न्-वा-न्) Wealthy, opulent. *f.* (-न्) 1. A female elephant. 2. The olibanum tree, (*Boswellia thurifera*). *n.* इन्द्र an elephant; here also implying excellence, and इन्द्र affix of appropriation or fitness.

**इन्द्र** *mfn.* (-न्-वा-न्) So much, thus much. *n.* इन्द्र this, and इन्द्र aff.

**इन्द्रा** *f.* (-न्) Fixed measure or quantity, so much. *n.* इन्द्र and इन्द्र affix; also with इन्द्र, इन्द्र.

**इन्द्र** *mfn.* (-न्-वा-न्) 1. Desert. 2. Salt or barren, (soil.) *n.* See इन्द्र.

**इन्द्र** *m.* (-न्) 1. A flash of lightning, or the fire attending the fall of a thunderbolt. 2. Submarine fire. *n.* इन्द्र water, here also watery clouds, and इन्द्र what plays or shines.

**इन्द्र** *f.* (-न्) 1. The earth. 2. Water. 3. Speech. 4. The goddess of speech, &c. 5. Ardent spirits. *n.* इन्द्र to go, and इन्द्र Una'di affix, fem. affix इन्द्र.

**इन्द्राक्ष** *m.* (-न्) Hail. *mfn.* (-न्-वा-न्) 1. Earth-born, terrestrial. 2. Aquatic. *n.* इन्द्र water, &c. and इन्द्र what goes.

**इन्द्राक्ष** *m.* (-न्) A name of *KANDARPA* the Hindu Cupid. *n.* इन्द्र water, and इन्द्र horn.

**इन्द्राक्ष** *m.* (-न्) 1. The ocean. 2. A cloud. 3. A king. *mfn.* (-न्-वा-न्) Watery, having or yielding water, &c. *n.* इन्द्र and इन्द्र aff.

**इन्द्राक्षिका** *f.* (-न्) Pimples or pustules on the head.

**इन्द्र** *n.* (-न्) 1. A desert, an inhospitable region. 2. Salt or barren soil. *n.* इन्द्र to go, इन्द्र Una'di affix, and the initial changed to इन्द्र.

**इन्द्रिद** *m.* (-न्) A fetid miasma: see इन्द्रिद. *n.* See इन्द्रिद, इन्द्र being changed to इन्द्र.

**इन्द्र** *m.* (-न्) Seed.

**इन्द्र** *m.* (-न्) 1. A name of *VISHNU*. 2. A king, a sovereign. 3. *VARUNA*. *n.* इन्द्र *SARASWATI*, &c. इन्द्र lord.

**इन्द्राक्ष** *mfn.* (-न्-वा-न्) 1. A cucumber, (*Cucumis utilisianus*, Rox) 2. Another kind, (*Cucumis oolocynthis*) *n.* इन्द्र a seed, and इन्द्र what goes to or gets, from इन्द्र and इन्द्र affix, or इन्द्र, इन्द्र becoming इन्द्र; also written इन्द्राक्ष, इन्द्राक्ष, इन्द्राक्ष, &c.

**इन्द्राक्षिका** *f.* (-न्) A kind of melon; commonly *Sphuti* or *Sphat*, (*Cucumis momordica*) *n.* इन्द्राक्ष and इन्द्राक्ष an oyster-shaped cucumber.

**इन्द्राक्ष** *m.* (-न्) See इन्द्राक्ष.

**इन्द्र** *r.* 8th cl. (इन्द्र) 1. To sleep. 2. To go. 3. To throw, send or direct: in this last sense, it is also *r.* 10th cl. (इन्द्र).

**इन्द्राक्ष** *f.* (-न्) The mother of *KURVA*.

**इन्द्राक्ष** *f.* (-न्) 1. The wife of *BUDDHA*, and daughter of *IKSHVAKU*. 2. The earth. 3. A cow. 4. Speech. *n.* इन्द्र to send, इन्द्र and इन्द्र affixes; also इन्द्र.

**इन्द्राक्ष** *n.* (-न्) The earth, the globe. *n.* इन्द्र and इन्द्र a sphere.

**इन्द्राक्ष** *n.* (-न्) 1. The fourth place in the circle of the zodiac. 2. The surface of the earth. *n.* इन्द्र and इन्द्र below.

**इन्द्राक्ष** *n.* (-न्) One of the nine *Vaiśhas* or divisions of the known world, comprehending the highest and most central part of the old continent. *n.* इन्द्र the earth, and इन्द्राक्ष chosen: the fairest part of the globe.

**इन्द्राक्ष** *f.* (-न्) The earth. *n.* इन्द्र to go, इन्द्र and इन्द्र affixes. [see इन्द्र.]

**इन्द्राक्ष** *f.* (-न्) A cudgel, a stick shaped like a sword or a short sword.

**इन्द्राक्ष** *m.* (-न्) A fish, commonly the *Hilsa* or *Sable*, (*Olupea alosa*) *n.* इन्द्र to go, (in the water,) and इन्द्र chief, principal. The fish being one of high flavour, and very abundant at certain seasons, it is generally eaten both by the natives of Bengal, and by Europeans residing there.

**इक्ष्व m. (-क्षः)** A bird. **इक्ष्** to go, and **क्ष्व** who is able.  
**इक्ष्म m. (-क्षः)** The Hilsa fish : see **इक्षी** also **इक्षी**.  
**इक्ष्वा f. plu. (-क्षाः)** Stars in Orion's head : see **इक्ष्व**.  
**इक्ष्व m. (-क्षः)** See the next.  
**इक्ष्म m. (-क्षः)** 1. The name of a demon. 2. Of a fish. **f. plu. (-क्षाः)** Stars in Orion's head. **इक्ष्** to send or go, and **क्ष्व** Una'di affix ; the last is also written **इक्ष्वा**.  
**इक्ष् 1st cl. (क्षः) इक्षि (इक्षति)** 1. To pervade. 2. (According to some,) to please. 3. To be satisfied.  
**इक्ष् ind.** So, even, as, like, in the same manner.  
**इक्षी f. (-क्षा)** An elephant's eye-ball : see **इक्षी**.  
**इक्ष् 4th cl. (इक्षति)** To go. **r. 6th cl. (इक्षति)** 1. To wish, to desire. 2. To accept, to receive. With **क्षि**, to desire : with **प्रति**, to engage, to promise. **r. 9th cl. (इक्षति)** To repeat an act, to do any thing again and again. With **क्षन्** prefixed, to search after, to investigate or enquire.  
**इक्ष् m. (-क्षः)** The month A'swin, (September-October.) **इक्ष्** to go, **क्ष** affix, also **इक्ष**.  
**इक्ष्वा f. (-क्षा)** 1. An elephant's eye-ball. 2. A painter's brush, &c. also **इक्षी**.  
**इक्ष्व m. (-क्षः)** Fire. **इक्ष्** to go, **क्षि** aff.  
**इक्षी f. (-क्षा)** 1. An elephant's eye-ball. 2. A painter's brush, &c. also **इक्ष्वा**. 3. A kind of reed, (Saccharum spontaneum.) **इक्ष्** to go, **इक्ष्व** Una'di aff.  
**इक्ष् mf. (क्षः)** 1. An arrow. 2. A versed sine **इक्ष्** to go, and **क्ष** Una'di aff.  
**इक्ष्व m. (-क्षः)** An archer. **इक्ष्** and **क्ष्व** who bears.  
**इक्ष्व mf. (-क्षि-क्षिः)** A quiver. **इक्ष्** and **क्षि** what holds, from **क्ष** root, and **क्षि** aff.  
**इक्ष् mf. (-क्षः)** 1. Wished, desired. 2. Cherished, beloved. 3. Worshipped, revered, respected. **m. (-क्षः)** 1. A lover, a husband. 2. The Gaster oil tree. **n. (-क्षः)** 1. An act of sacrifice, an oblation, &c. 2. An essential ceremony, as ablution, investiture, &c. **ind. (-क्षम्)** Voluntarily. **इक्ष्** to desire, or **इक्ष्** substituted for **यज्** to sacrifice, and **क्ष** aff.  
**इक्ष्व m. (-क्षः)** (In arithmetic,) Rule of supposition, operation with an assumed number. **इक्ष्** wished, and **क्ष्व** act.  
**इक्ष्वा f. (-क्षा)** A brick ; also **इक्ष्वा**. **इक्ष्** to wish, **क्ष्व** Una'di aff.  
**इक्ष्वा m. (-क्षाः)** Laying the foundation of a house. **इक्ष्वा** and **क्ष्वा** order.  
**इक्ष्वा m. (-क्षः)** The root of a fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.) **इक्ष्** wished, and **क्ष्वा** a bad road, growing in or preferring unfrequented places : this word is so metimes divided, **क्ष्वा** being one name, and **इक्ष्** added to **क्ष्वा**, another name. see **क्ष्वा** and **क्ष्वा**.  
**इक्ष्वा f. (-क्षा)** A pile of bricks. **इक्ष्वा** and **क्ष्वा** a heap.  
**इक्ष्व mf. (-क्षः)** Fragrant, any fragrant substance. **n. (-क्षः)** Sand. **इक्ष्** and **क्ष्व** a smell ; of a desirable odor.  
**इक्ष्व mf. (-क्षः)** Beloved, best beloved, dearest, most desired. **इक्ष्** and **क्ष्व** aff.  
**इक्ष्व mf. (-क्षः)** Dearer, more dear, more desired. **इक्ष्** and **क्ष्व** aff.  
**इक्ष्व n. (-क्षः)** 1. Desirableness. 2. Reverence, &c. also **इक्ष्वा**. **इक्ष्** or **क्ष्व** added to **इक्ष्**.  
**इक्ष्व m. (-क्षः)** A tutelary deity, one particularly worshipped. **इक्ष्** and **क्ष्व** a deity.  
**इक्ष्व f. (-क्षा)** A person's chosen or tutelary. 2. divinity. **इक्ष्** and **क्ष्व** divinity.  
**इक्ष्व n. (-क्षः)** Any religious duty, as oblation, sacrifice, penance, holy study, digging a well, planting a tree, &c. **इक्ष्** a sacrifice, and **क्ष्व** liberal act, religiously considered ; **क्ष्व** prefixed to the latter.

**इक्ष्व mf. (-क्षः)** Zealously active, diligent for a desired object. **इक्ष्** wished, **क्ष्व** intention, and **क्ष्व** diligent.  
**इक्ष् f. (-क्षः)** 1. Wish, desire. 2. A sacrifice, any sacrificial rite. 3. A compendious verse easily committed to memory. **इक्ष्** to wish, or **इक्ष्** substituted for **यज्**, to sacrifice ; affix **क्षि**.  
**इक्ष्वा f. (-क्षा)** A brick. **इक्ष्** More usually **इक्ष्वा**.  
**इक्ष्व mf. (-क्षः)** Who wishes or desires, desirous, wishing. **इक्ष्** and **क्षि** aff.  
**इक्ष्व m. (-क्षः)** A demon. **इक्ष्** a sacrifice or oblation, and **क्ष्व** who digests : stealing oblations to the deities, and eating them.  
**इक्ष्व mf. (-क्षः)** A demon. **इक्ष्** an oblation, and **क्ष्व** who steals ; from **क्ष्व** root, and **क्षि** aff.  
**इक्ष् f. (-क्षः)** Desire, wish. **इक्ष्** to wish, **क्षि** aff.  
**इक्ष् ind.** 1. Having sacrificed or worshipped. 2. Having wished. **इक्ष्** with **क्ष्वा** aff. [**क्ष्व** Una'di aff.]  
**इक्ष् m. (-क्षः)** 1. Love or the deity KAMA. 2. Spring. **इक्ष्** to desire, and **क्ष्व** aff.  
**इक्ष् m. (-क्षः)** The spring season. **इक्ष्** to wish, and **क्ष्व** aff.  
**इक्ष् m. (-क्षः)** A spiritual preceptor. **इक्ष्** to wish, **क्ष्व** Una'di aff.  
**इक्ष्व mf. (-क्षः)** A thrower of arrows. **m. (-क्षः)** 1. A bow. 2. An archer, a warrior. **इक्ष्** an arrow, and **क्ष्व** who throws.  
**इक्ष् ind. (क्षः)** An interjection of anger, pain, or sorrow  
**इक्ष् ind.** 1. Here, in this place. 2. Now, at this time.  
**इक्ष्वा m. (-क्षाः)** This life. **इक्ष्** and **क्ष्वा** time.  
**इक्ष्व m. (-क्षः)** This life, the world. **इक्ष्** and **क्ष्व** world.  
**इक्ष्व ind.** Here and there, in this world and in the next. **इक्ष्** here **क्ष्व** there or in that.

† The fourth letter of the alphabet, corresponding to l long, having the sound of ee in feel, and distinguished by an accent from the former, as i'.

† m. (क्षः) A name of KANDARPA. f. (क्षः) A name of LAKSHMI. ind. An interjection of, 1. Pain. 2. Anger. 3. Consciousness or perception. 4. Consideration. 5. Compassion.

† r. 2nd cl. (क्षः) 1. To go. 2. To pervade. 3. To conceive or become pregnant. 4. To desire. 5. To throw or direct. 6. To eat. This root is not generally admitted, though it occurs in composition, as wit **क्ष्** (क्षी) To appear. **r. 4th cl. (क्षः)** (इक्ष्) To go.

† r. 1st cl. (इक्ष्) To see. It most usually occurs compounded with one or other of the prepositions, as with **क्ष्व**, to expect ; with **क्षि** to gaze at ; with **क्ष्व**, to inspect ; with **क्ष्व** or **क्ष्व**, to expect ; await ; with **क्ष्व**, to abandon ; with **क्षि**, to see ; with **क्षि**, to try to test, to assay ; with **क्ष्व**, to see, to resemble, or look like ; with **क्षि**, to inspect ; with **क्षि**, 1. to look for, to expect, 2. to venerate with **क्ष्व**, to compare, to contrast, to select ; with **क्षि** and **क्ष्व**, look up at.

† r. n. (-क्षः) 1. Sight, seeing. 2. An eye. **इक्ष्** to see, **क्ष्व** aff.

† r. f. (-क्षा) A female fortune-teller. **इक्ष्** seeing, **क्ष्व** aff.

† r. mf. (-क्षा) Looking at, surveying. **इक्ष्** to see, **क्ष्व** aff.

† r. mf. (-क्षा) Seen, beheld. **इक्ष्** and **क्ष्व** aff.

† r. 1st cl. (क्षः) (इक्ष्) To go. ; also (इक्ष्) इक्षि (इक्षति).

† r. 1st cl. (क्षः) (इक्ष्) 1. To go. 2. To blame or censure ; also (इक्ष्) इक्षि (इक्षति).

† r. 3rd cl. (इक्ष्) also 10th cl. (इक्षति) To praise.

† r. n. (-क्षः) Praising. **इक्ष्** and **क्ष्व** aff.

† r. f. (-क्षा) Praise. **इक्ष्** to praise, **क्ष्व** and **क्ष्व** aff.

ईशित mfn. (इ-श-त) Praised, commended. ३. ईश् to praise, क् aff.  
 ईश mfn. (इ-श-त) To be praised, to be glorified. ३. ईश् to praise, क् aff.  
 ईश mfn. (इ-श-त) Sought.  
 ईश r. 1st cl. (इ-श-त) To bind.  
 ईश mfn. (इ-श-त) Gone. ३. ई to go, क् aff.  
 ईति f. (इ-ति) 1. Calamity of season, as draught, excessive rain, rats, foreign invasion, &c. 2. Travelling in foreign countries, sojourning.  
 3. An affray. ३. ईश् to go, affix क्तिन्.  
 ईदृश mfn. (इ-दृ-श) Such. ३. ई for इदृश् this, इद् to see, क्तिन् aff.  
 ईदृश mfn. (इ-दृ-श) Such, so like. ३. ई for इदृश् this, इद् with क्तिन् aff.  
 ईदृश mfn. (इ-दृ-श) Such, so like. ३. As the last, with क्त् aff.  
 ईदृश n. (इ-दृ-श) Desiring, wishing to obtain. ३. चाप् to obtain, desiderative form, क्त् aff.  
 ईदृश mfn. (इ-दृ-श) Wished, desired. ३. चाप् to obtain, desiderative form, क्त् aff.  
 ईदृश mfn. (इ-दृ-श) Desirous, wishing to get or obtain. ३. चाप् to obtain, desiderative form, क्त् aff.  
 ईर २nd cl. (ई-र) 1. To go. 2. To shake. r. 1st and 10th cls. (ईरति, ईरयति) 1. To go. 2. To throw or direct, to drive or force on; with लृप् prefixed, to say or speak; with ष, to send, to make to go; with सन्, to go like the wind.  
 ईरिष्य mfn. (ई-रि-ष्य) 1. Gone, having gone. 2. Having obtained. ३. ईश् to go, क्त् aff. form irr.  
 ईरिष्य mfn. (ई-रि-ष्य) 1. Desert. 2. Saline and barren (soil.) ३. ईश् to go, and इरिष्य aff.  
 ईरित mfn. (ई-रि-त) 1. Sent, dispatched. 2. Said, uttered. 3. Gone. 4. Made. ३. ईश् to send, affix क्त्.  
 ईरितावृत्त n. (ई-रि-त) Declared purpose or intention. ३. ईरित and चावृत्त purpose.  
 ईर्य r. 1st cl. (ईर्यति) To envy, to feel impatient at another's prosperity.  
 ईर्य n. (ई-र्य) A sore or wound. ३. ईश् to send, and सक्त् aff.  
 ईर्य f. (ई-र्य) Wandering about as a religious mendicant. ३. ईश् to go, affix क्त्.  
 ईर्याव m. (ई-र्य-व) A cucumber, (Cucumis utilatissimus;) also ईर्याव and ईर्याव, &c. [read ईर्याव].  
 ईर्या f. (ई-र्य) Impatience, envy of another's success; more properly ईर्याव mfn. (ई-र्य-व) Impatient of another's success, envious. ३. ईर्या and चावृत्त् affix; see ईर्याव.  
 ईरित mfn. (ई-रि-त) Envied. n. (ई-रि) Envy. ३. ईर्या and इरित् affix, or ईर्य with क्त् aff.  
 ईर्य r. 1st cl. (ईर्यति) To envy.  
 ईर्य mfn. (ई-र्य-व) Envious, envying. f. (ई-र्य) 1. Envy or impatience of another's success. 2. Spite, malice. ३. ईर्य to envy, and चक्त् and टाप् affixes; also, but according to the best writers, inaccurately written ईर्या.  
 ईर्य mfn. (ई-र्य-व) Envious, envying. ३. ईर्य and इरित् aff.  
 ईर्याव mfn. (ई-र्य-व) Envy, envious. ३. ईर्य and चावृत्त् aff.  
 ईर्याव mfn. (ई-र्य-व) Envious. ३. ईर्य and चावृत्त् affix; also written ईर्याव.  
 ईर्याव mfn. (ई-र्य-व) Being overcome with envy. ३. ईर्या and चक्त् subjection.  
 ईर्याव mfn. (ई-र्य-व) Envious, spiteful. ३. ईर्या and इरित् affix. So ईर्यावत् (ई-र्य-व-त्) and ईर्यावय (ई-र्य-व-य).  
 ईरि f. (ई-रि) See ईर्या.  
 ईरित mfn. (ई-रि-त) Praised. ३. ईश् to praise, affix क्त्, and ई changed  
 ईर्या f. (ई-र्य) A weapon, sometimes considered as a cudgel, and sometimes as a short sword, or a stick shaped like a sword. ३. ईश् to go, &c. क्त् and लृप् affixes, and ई changed to य; see ईर्या, also ईरि, &c.

ईर्य २nd cl. (ई-र्य) To possess power, property, or authority.  
 ईर्य m. (ई-र्य) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. Also of the same deity as regent of the north-east quarter. 3. A ruler, a master. f. (ई-र्य) The shaft of a plough. ३. ईश् to rule, क्त् aff.  
 ईर्याव m. (ई-र्य-व) A name of KURURA. ३. ईर्य SIVA, and इरि a friend.  
 ईर्याव m. (ई-र्य-व) 1. An elephant with large tusks. 2. The tusk of an elephant. ३. ईर्या and इरित् a tooth; whose tooth is of the size of a plough-shaft, or the tooth which is so.  
 ईर्याव m. (ई-र्य-व) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. Also of the same deity as regent of the north-east quarter. 3. One of the Rudras. 4. The sun as a form of SIVA. mfn. (ई-र्य-व) The silk cotton tree, (Bombax heptaphyllum.) n. (ई-र्य-व) Light, splendor. f. (ई-र्य-व) A name of DURGA. ३. ईर्या a master, &c. and चावृत्त् affix, and fem लृप्.  
 ईर्या f. (ई-र्य) Superiority, supremacy, one of the eight attributes of divinity. ३. ईर्या a master, and लृप् abstract affix; also ईरि.  
 ईरित m. (ई-रि) 1. A master, an owner or proprietor. 2. A king. ३. ईश् to rule, and लृप् aff.  
 ईरित n. (ई-रि) See ईरित्या.  
 ईर्य m. (ई-र्य) 1. The supreme ruler of the universe, God, it is therefore applied to all the different divinities, but mostly designates SIVA, in mythological and popular acceptance. According to the Sankhyas, Iswara is the liberated spirit; finite, according to KARILA; infinite, according to PATANJALI. In the Nyaya system, Iswara is also a finite spirit endowed with attributes. In the Vedanta, Iswara is infinite and universal spirit, the cause and substance of creation. 2. A name of SIVA, especially in a compound, when the form of the deity implied is a Linga, as Visweswara, Someswara, Rameswara, &c. 3. KAMADEVA. mfn. (ई-र्य-व) 1. An owner, a proprietor, a chief or head. 2. Able, competent. f. (ई-र्य-व) 1. A name of DURGA. 2. Of LAKSHMI, or of any other of the Raktis or female energies of the deities. ३. ईर्य to rule, and इरित् or वरत्त् affix, consequently लृप् or टाप् for the feminine.  
 ईर्याव m. (ई-र्य-व) Royal or imperial nature. ३. ईर्या a sovereign, and भाव disposition.  
 ईर्याव f. (ई-र्य-व) Royal court or assembly. ३. ईर्या and इरित् an assembly.  
 ईर्याव mfn. (ई-र्य-व) Subject to a king, dependent on a master or on God, &c. ३. ईर्या, चक्त् over, क्त् aff.  
 ईर्याव mfn. (ई-र्य-व) Dependence upon God, subjection to a ruler. ३. ईर्याव and लृप् added; also with लृप्, ईर्याव mfn.  
 ईर्य r. 1st cl. (ईर्यति) 1. To go or move. 2. To kill or hurt. 3. To see. 4. To give. (ईर्यति) To glean.  
 ईर्य m. (ई-र्य) The month Aswin: see इर्य.  
 ईर्याव n. (ई-र्य-व) Shallow water, a little water. ३. ईर्याव and लृप् water.  
 ईर्या ind. A little. ३. ईर्य to go, क्त् aff.  
 ईर्याव mfn. (ई-र्य-व) 1. Diminutive, delicate. 2. Doing little. 3. What little is done to or made of. ३. ईर्याव a little, and चक्त् what makes.  
 ईर्याव mfn. (ई-र्य-व) What is little drank or drank little of. ३. ईर्याव and चक्त् drink.  
 ईर्याव mfn. (ई-र्य-व) What is little gained of. ३. ईर्याव and चक्त् profit.  
 ईर्याव mfn. (ई-र्य-व) Tepid, slightly warm. ३. ईर्याव and लृप् warm.  
 ईर्याव mfn. (ई-र्य-व) Of little merit. ३. ईर्याव and लृप् quality. [pale].  
 ईर्याव m. (ई-र्य-व) A pale or light brown colour. ३. ईर्याव a little, and चक्त्  
 ईर्याव m. (ई-र्य-व) A mean man. ३. ईर्याव and लृप् a man.  
 ईर्याव mfn. (ई-र्य-व) Not quite complete or entire. ३. ईर्याव and लृप् less.  
 ईर्याव n. (ई-र्य-व) A glance at, a slight inspection. ३. ईर्याव and इरित् seeing.  
 ईर्याव m. (ई-र्य-व) A smile. ३. ईर्याव a little, and चक्त् laughter.  
 ईर्याव mfn. (ई-र्य-व) Of a pale red (colour.) ३. ईर्याव and लृप् red.  
 ईर्याव mfn. (ई-र्य-व) Exchanged for a little. ३. ईर्याव and लृप् barter.  
 ईर्याव mfn. (ई-र्य-व) What little is or can be gained of. ३. ईर्याव and लृप् what gets.

उ

- इंश f. (-श) The pole or shaft of a plough. इ. ई to go, affixes क and टाच्; also ईश.
- इंशक m. (-क) The handle of a plough. इ. ईश the staff, and इश a stick.
- इंशक m. (-क) An elephant with a large tusk or tooth. इ. ईश and इश a tooth: see ईशक.
- इंशिका f. (-का) 1. An elephant's eye-ball: see ईशिका. 2. A painter's brush, &c. see ईशिका. 3. A weapon, a dart or arrow. इ. ई to hurt, किकच् affix.
- इंशिर m. (-र) Fire. इ. ई to injure, and किरच् aff.
- इंशिका f. (-का) 1. A painter's brush, a fibrous stick used as one. 2. An ingot mould. 3. A dipping-rod, or something cast into a crucible to examine if the metal it contains is in fusion: see ईशिका. इ. ई to go, ईकच् Una'di aff.
- इंश m. (-श) 1. KAMARUPA. 2. Spring: see इश.
- इंश r. 1st cl. (-श) ईंश (ईंश) To endeavour, to aim or attempt. With कन् prefixed, to wish, to desire.
- इंशान् mfn. (-न-ना-न्) Performing, undertaking. इ. ई to make effort, शानच् aff.
- इंश f. (-श) 1. Wish, desire. 2. Effort, exertion. इ. ई to desire, शच् and टाच् affs.
- इंशवत् ind. Diligently, by energetically, or with labour or exertion. इ. शि substituted for the regular case.
- इंशान् m. (-न) 1. A wolf. 2. A division of the drama. इ. ईश wish, and श्व a deer.
- इंशयिन् mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) 1. Aiming at any object. 2. Seeking wealth. इ. ई to seek, शयि wealth, यि aff.
- इंशक m. (-क) A wolf. इ. ईश and इश a wolf.
- इंशित mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Sought, attempted, made effort for. 2. Wished, desired. इ. ई to wish, श aff.

उ

- उ The third short vowel of the Sanskrit alphabet, corresponding to the letter U, and pronounced as that is in the word full.
- उ r. 1st cl. (-उ) उच् (उच्) To sound, to make a particular sound or noise.
- उ ind. An interjection, 1. of assent; 2. of calling; 3. of compassion; 4. anger; and 5. of command. 6. An expletive. m. (-उ) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. Of BRAHMA.
- उकनाक m. (-क) A horse of a red and yellow, or red and black colour, a bay or chestnut horse.
- उक m. (-क) A bug. Also उकुच्.
- उक्त n. (-क्त) A sentence. nf. (-क्त-क्ता) A stanza of four lines with one syllabic instant, one long or two short syllables in each. mfn. (क्त-क्ता-क्त) Spoken, said. इ. वच् to speak, affix क् and क् changed to क्.
- उक्तवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Said, was saying. इ. वच् to speak, क्तवत् affix of the past part.
- उक्तवान् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) One who has borne testimony or given an opinion. n. (-वत्) A dictum, a decree. इ. उक्त and वक्त dictum.
- उक्ति f. (-क्ति) Speech, speaking. इ. वच् to speak, and क्ति aff.
- उक्तीपदेहार m. (-र) Any brief or compendious phrase or description. इ. उक्त what is said, उपसंहार compendiousness.
- उक्ता ind. Having spoken or said. इ. वच् to speak, क्ता aff.
- उक्ता n. (-क्ता) The second or Sama Veda. f. (-क्ता) A kind of metre, a stanza of four lines of one syllable each, the syllable may be

one long or two short in quantity. इ. वच् to speak, and वच् Una'di affix.

- उक्ता r. 1st cl. (-क्ता) 1. To sprinkle or wet. 2. To clean. [affix वच्, उक्ता mfn. (-क्ता-क्ता-क्ता) 1. Cleansed, washed. 2. Wet, moist. इ. उक्ता to wet, उक्तर m. (-र) A large bull or ox. इ. उक्ता an ox, and वक्ता aff.
- उक्ता m. (-क्ता) An ox or bull. इ. उक्ता to sprinkle, and क्ति Una'di aff.
- उक्ता mfn. (-क्ता-क्ता-क्ता) 1. Swift. 2. Excellent. 3. Terrible. 4. High. 5. Much. m. (-क्ता) A monkey.
- उक्ता mfn. (-क्ता-क्ता-क्ता) 1. Sprinkled. 2. Cleansed, perfumed. इ. उक्ता to wet, and क्ता aff.
- उक्ता r. 1st cl. (-क्ता) (क्ता) उक्ता (क्ता) 1. To go, to move or approach. 2. To dry, to wither. 3. To adorn. The first retains the diphthong with a prefix ending in क्, as क्ता and क्ता make क्ता.
- उक्ता m. (-क्ता) A kind of grass, a sort of Andropogon.
- उक्ता m. (-क्ता) A kind of grass, a sort of Andropogon.
- उक्ता f. (-क्ता) A pot or saucepan, &c. इ. उक्ता to go, क्ता affix, and टाच्, also उक्ता. [pot and वक्ता aff]
- उक्ता mfn. (-क्ता-क्ता-क्ता) Boiled, dressed in a pot, (flesh, &c.) इ. उक्ता a
- उक्ता mfn. (-क्ता-क्ता-क्ता) 1. Angry, wrathful. 2. Hot, sharp, pungent, acrid. 3. Formidable, terrible. 4. Cruel, fierce, savage. m. (-क्ता) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. A name of a mixed tribe, from a Kshetriya father and Sudra mother; the employment of this caste according to Menu, is the killing or catching of animals that live in holes, as a snake-catcher, &c.; according to the Tantras, the Ugra is an encomiast or bard. 3. A tree, (Morunga hyperanthera, &c.) 4. A class of asterisms, Magha Rharani, Purvaphalguni, Purvasharha, Purvabhadrapada. 5. A name of Malabar. f. (-क्ता) 1. Orris root. 2. A medicinal plant. 3. An Ugra woman. n. (-क्ता) Wrath, anger. इ. उक्ता to accumulate, रक्ता Una'di affix, क्ता is changed to क्ता.
- उक्ता mfn. (-क्ता-क्ता-क्ता) Fierce, violent, cruel. इ. उक्ता and क्ता act
- उक्ता m. (-क्ता) A sort of gourd, (Momordica charantia.) इ. उक्ता and क्ता a stem.
- उक्ता mfn. (-क्ता-क्ता-क्ता) Strong smelling. m. (-क्ता) 1. A plant, (Michelia champaca.) 2. Garlic. n. (-क्ता) Asafoetida. f. (-क्ता) 1. Common caraway, (Carum carui, &c.) see क्तादी. 2. Orris root. 3. A medicinal plant. इ. उक्ता violent, &c. and क्ता scent.
- उक्ता mfn. (-क्ता-क्ता-क्ता) Strong smelling. इ. उक्ता and क्ता aff.
- उक्ता m. (-क्ता) Desire. इ. उक्ता fierce, क्ता a heap.
- उक्ता n. (-क्ता) 1. Violence, passionateness. 2. Pungency acrimony. इ. उक्ता angry, and क्ता; also with क्ता affix. उक्ता f. (-क्ता)
- उक्ता mfn. (-क्ता-क्ता-क्ता) Relentless, remorseless. इ. उक्ता and क्ता punishment.
- उक्ता m. (-क्ता) A name of INDRA. इ. उक्ता fierce, and क्ता a bowyer.
- उक्ता mfn. (-क्ता-क्ता-क्ता) Large-nosed. इ. उक्ता formidable, and क्ता a nose.
- उक्ता mfn. (-क्ता-क्ता-क्ता) 1. Frightful, hideous, fierce looking. 2. Malignant, wicked. इ. उक्ता fierce, क्ता looking.
- उक्ता f. (-क्ता) A name of GANGA. इ. उक्ता SIVA, and क्ता a crest.
- उक्ता m. (-क्ता) 1. The name of a prince, the father of DEVAKI and KANSA, and king of Mathura. 2. The name of another prince, the son of PARIKSHIT. इ. उक्ता fierce, and क्ता an army.
- उक्ता m. (-क्ता) A name of KANSA, the uncle and enemy of KRISHNA. इ. उक्ता and क्ता born; also उक्ताकनक, उक्ताकनक, उक्ताकनक, &c.
- उक्ता m. (-क्ता) A bug: see उक्ता. इ. उक्ता fear, and क्ता a sound.
- उक्ता r. 4th cl. (-क्ता) To be conglomerate, to be gathered or assembled together, to unite or associate with.
- उक्ता mfn. (-क्ता-क्ता-क्ता) 1. Proper, suitable, convenient. 2. Receivable, fit or right to be taken. 3. Known, understood. 4. Intrusted, deposited. 5. Measured, adjusted, accurate. इ. वच् to speak, and क्ति Una'di aff.



उच्च mfn. (-वा-वा-व) High, tall. m. (-वः) The apex of the orbit of a planet. n. उच्च upwards, वि to gather, and उच्च aff.

उच्चैर् ind. Excessively lofty, tall, loud, &c. n. उच्च high, ऊँ aff.

उच्चन n. (-नः) Laughter in the mind not expressed in the countenance.

उच्छा f. (-टा) 1. Pride, arrogance. 2. Habit, usage. 3. A kind of garlic.

4. A species of grass, (a cyperus.) 5. A shrub, (Abrus precatorius.)

6. A sort of sorrel. n. उच्च and उच्च to injure, चच् and टच् affs.

उच्च mfn. (-वः उच्च-वः) 1. Quick, expeditious. 2. Passionate, violent. n. उच्च implying excess, चच् to be angry, and चच् aff.

उच्चतम mfn. (-तमः उच्च-तमः) Highest. n. उच्च and तमच् aff.

उच्चतर mfn. (-तरः उच्च-तरः) Higher, more lofty. n. उच्च and तरच् aff.

उच्चतम m. (-तमः) 1. The coconut tree. 2. Any lofty tree. n. उच्च and तमच् a tree.

उच्छा f. (-ता) Height; also उच्चल n. (-लः) n. उच्च or ल added to उच्च.

उच्छातन n. (-नः) Music and dancing at feasts, drinking parties, &c. n. उच्च high sounding, and तात tune.

उच्छाद m. (-वः) A name of KRISHNA. n. उच्च high, above, and दैव a deity.

उच्छादता f. (-ता) Time personified, Chronos. n. उच्च high, and दैवता divinity

उच्छा m. (-वः) The end of the night, the last watch of the night. n. उच्च priv. and चच् the moon; moonset.

उच्छावय n. (-वः) Speaking loud. n. उच्च and वयच् speaking.

उच्छा m. (-यः) 1. The knot of the string or of the cloth which fastens the lower garments round the loins tied in front. 2. The opposite leg of a triangle. n. उच्च up, above, वि to gather, चच् aff.

उच्छा n. (-यः) 1. Uttering, articulating. 2. Going up or out. n. उच्च before चच् to go, छट् aff.

उच्छा mfn. (-तः उच्च-तः) 1. Uttered, articulated. 2. Gone up or out. n. उच्च before चच् to go, छट् aff.

उच्छा n. (-वः) The mind, the understanding. n. उच्च above and चच् what goes

उच्छा n. (-नः) Going up or out. n. उच्च before चच् to go, छट् aff.

उच्छाटा f. (-टा) A woman with a high or projecting forehead. n. उच्च high, and लाटा a forehead; also उच्चललाटिका.

उच्छात mfn. (-तः उच्च-तः) 1. Gone up or out. 2. Winnowed. n. उच्च before चच् to go, छट् aff.

उच्छातन n. (-नः) 1. Eradicating as a plant. 2. Ruining, (as an individual.) 3. Causing a person's ruin by magical incantations. n. उच्च up, and चट् going.

उच्छा m. (-वः) 1. Faeces, excrement. 2. Pronunciation, utterance. n. उच्च before चच् to go, and चच् aff.

उच्छा n. (-वः) Articulating, enunciation. n. उच्च before चच् to go, causal form, छट् aff.

उच्छा m. (-वः) A linguist, one skilled in languages or sounds. n. उच्छा and चच् who knows.

उच्छास्थान n. (-नः) The part of the throat, &c. whence certain sounds, as nasals, gutturals, and the like proceed. n. उच्छास्थान and स्थान place.

उच्छास्थान mfn. (-नः उच्छा-स्थानः) Necessary for pronunciation, a superfluous letter, &c. उच्छास्थान and चच् object.

उच्छात mfn. (-तः उच्च-तः) Pronounced, uttered, articulated. n. उच्च before चच् to go, causal form, छट् aff.

उच्छा ind. Having spoken or uttered. mfn. (-वः उच्छा-वः) To be spoken, to be pronounced. n. उच्च before चच् to go, causal form, affix छट् or चच्.

उच्छात mfn. (-वः उच्च-तः) Being uttered or pronounced. n. उच्च, causal form, छट् aff.

उच्छा mfn. (-वः उच्च-वः) 1. Various, multiform. 2. Uneven, irregular, undulating. 3. High and low. n. उच्च upper, and चच् lower, great and small, &c.; the compound is irregular.

उच्छात f. (-ता) Desire or wish to collect. n. उच्च before वि to collect, desiderative form, चच् and टच् affs.

उच्छात m. (-वः) 1. A sort of cricket. 2. A passionate man. n. उच्च like, and चट् a shrimp.

उच्छा m. (-वः) The flag or pennon of a banner. n. उच्च above, and चच् to be high; च is substituted for उ.

उच्छा m. (-वः) The horse of INDRA. n. उच्छा high, and चच् an ear, long-eared; it is sometimes written with a final vowel, नोम. (-नः).

उच्छा m. (-वः) A loud sound or voice. n. उच्छा and चच् sound.

उच्छा n. (-वः) Making a loud noise, clamour. n. उच्छा high, loud, and चट् sound

उच्छा ind. High, loud, great, much, &c. n. उच्च much, वि to collect, छट्. Una di aff.

उच्छा mfn. (-नः उच्च-नः) 1. Very high, tall or lofty. 2. Very loud. n. उच्छा and तमच् aff. [last]

उच्छा mfn. (-नः उच्च-नः) 1. Loudly, aloud. 2. On high, high. n. चच् added to the उच्छा mfn. (-नः उच्च-नः) 1. Loftier. 2. Louder. n. उच्छा and तमच् aff.

उच्छा mfn. (-नः उच्च-नः) To be said. n. चच् to speak, pass. v. चच् aff.

उच्छा r. 1st and 6th cls. (वः) उच्छा (उच्छा) 1. To glean. 2. To gather little by little. (वः) उच्छा (उच्छा) or usually with वि prefixed (उच्छा) 1. To end or terminate, to leave off. 2. To finish or conclude. 3. To pass or quit. 4. To bind. With चच्, to wipe off.

उच्छा mfn. (-नः उच्च-नः) Destroyed. m. (-नः) Peace obtained by ceding valuable lands. n. उच्च before चट् to go, affix च.

उच्छा mfn. (-नः उच्च-नः) (Going or moving on or against. n. उच्च, चच् to go, छट् aff.

उच्छा n. (-नः) 1. Going upon. 2. Having over, or above, or against. n. उच्च before चच् to go, छट् aff.

उच्छा n. (-नः) Cleaning with perfumes. n. उच्च before चट् to cover, in the causal form, and छट् aff.

उच्छा mfn. (-नः उच्च-नः) 1. Waved, waved above. 2. Gone, went. 3. Shaken. n. उच्च before चच् to go, causal form, चच् aff.

उच्छा mfn. (-नः उच्च-नः) Transgressing, deviating from the ritual. n. उच्च before चच् to go, scriptural, चच् who abides.

उच्छा mfn. (-नः उच्च-नः) 1. Flaming, blazing up. 2. Radiant. 3. High-crested. n. उच्च up, चच् a flame.

उच्छा n. (-नः) Breathing through the nostrils, snuffing, snoring. n. उच्च before चच् to smell, छट् aff.

उच्छा ind. Having cut off, destroyed, killed, &c. n. उच्च before चट् to cut, छट् aff. [before चच् cut]

उच्छा mfn. (-नः उच्च-नः) 1. Cut, cut off or cut. 2. Destroyed, killed. n. उच्च before चच् to go, and चच् aff.

उच्छा n. (-नः) A mushroom. n. उच्च and चच्.

उच्छा mfn. (-नः उच्च-नः) 1. Left, rejected as food; (n. चच् spit out of the mouth, or orts, crumbs, fragments, &c.) 2. Left, abandoned. n. उच्च up, चच् to leave as a residue, and चच् aff.

उच्छा m. (-नः) 1. One who eats another's leavings. 2. The attendant upon an idol, whose food is the leavings of the deities. n. उच्छा orts, and भोजन food.

उच्छा mfn. (-नः उच्च-नः) Who eats the remains of a meal. n. उच्छा and भोजन who eats.

उच्छा m. (-नः) Wax. n. उच्छा and मीदन pleasing.

उच्छा n. (-नः) Leavings, offal. n. उच्छा and चच् food.

उच्छा n. (-नः) A pillow. n. उच्च upon, and चच् the head: on which rests the head.

उच्छा mfn. (-नः उच्च-नः) Dry, dried up, withered. n. उच्च before चच् dried.

उच्छा f. (-ता) The head of a banner or part above the flag with erect ornaments. n. उच्च up, चच् erect.

उच्छा mfn. (-नः उच्च-नः) 1. Swollen, turgid. 2. Lofty, high. 3. Fat, bulky. n. उच्च up, वि to increase, चच् affix, deriv. irr.

उच्छा mfn. (-नः उच्च-नः) 1. Unrestrained, perverse, self-willed. 2. Irregular, desultory, unmethodical. n. उच्च priv. and चच् a chain.

उच्छा m. (-वः) 1. Cutting off or out. 2. Destroying, destruction. 3.

Cutting short, putting an end to. 4. Excision. **उत्** and **वि** to cut, affix **वृज्**.  
**उच्छिद्य** n. (-यः) 1. Rest, remainder. 2. Leavings. **उत्** and **वि** remaining.  
**उच्छिद्यन्** mfn. (-यः-यि-य) What dries up or withers. n. (-यः) Drying up, parching. **उत्** and **शोष** drying.  
**उच्चय** m. (-यः) 1. Height, elevation of a tree, mountain, &c. 2. Rising of a planet, &c. 3. Upright side of a triangle. **उत्** up, **विज्** to serve, **वृज्** aff.  
**उच्चय** m. (-यः) Height, elevation. **उत्** before **वि** to serve, **वृज्** aff.  
**उच्चयन्** mfn. (-यि-यि-यि) High raised, lofty. **उत्** and **वि** aff.  
**उत्पन्न** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Born, produced. 2. High, tall. 3. Lifted up, raised. 4. Prosperous, advancing, increasing, rising. 5. Left, abandoned. 6. Increased in size or bulk, grown. **उत्** before **विज्** to serve, **वृज्** aff.  
**उत्कृति** f. (-तिः) 1. Height, elevation. 2. The upright side of a triangle. **उत्** before **वि** to serve, **वृज्** aff.  
**उच्छिद्य** mfn. (-यः-यि-य) High, lofty. **उत्** before **वि** to serve, **वृज्** aff.  
**उच्छ्वसन** n. (-नः) 1. Breathing. 2. Sighing. **उत्** before **वृज्** to breathe, affix **वृज्**.  
**उच्छ्वसित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Blown, expanded. 2. Breathed, inspired. 3. Sighing. **उत्** much, &c. **वृज्** to breathe, **वृज्** aff.  
**उच्छ्वास** m. (-सः) 1. Breath, breathing, inspiration. 2. A sigh. 3. Consolation, encouragement. 4. Division of a book. **उत्** up, and **वृज्** to breathe, **वृज्** aff.  
**उज्जयनी** f. (-नी) Ujjayani or Oujain, a city so called in Malabar, formerly the capital of VIKRAMADITYA. It is one of the seven sacred cities of the Hindus, and the first meridian of their geographers: the modern Oujain is about a mile south of the ancient city. **उत्** much, **जयनी** victorious or place of victory; from the military character of its people; also **अवनी** and **अवयिनी**.  
**उज्जयन्त** m. (-न्तः) The name of a mountain, part of the chain in the west of India, part of the Vindhyan range: see **रेवत**. **उत्** priv. and **जयन्त** a banner, or **जयन्त** the son of INDRA.  
**उज्जयिनी** f. (-नी) The city Oujain. **उत्** See **उज्जयनी**.  
**उज्जयन्त** n. (-न्तः) Killing, slaughter. **उत्** before **जय** to kill, and **वृज्** aff.  
**उज्जयिनी** f. (-नी) Wishing to take or seize. **उत्** before **वृज्** to take, desid. form, **वृज्** and **वृज्** affs.  
**उज्जयन्** mfn. (-यः-यि-य) 1. Blown, expanded. 2. Open, apart. **उत्** up, and **वृज्** to gape, **वृज्** aff.  
**उज्जयित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Blown, expanded. 2. Opened, stretched. n. (-तः) Effort, exertion. **उत्** before **वृज्** to yawn, **वृज्** aff.  
**उज्जयन्** mfn. (-यः-यि-य) 1. Luminous, splendid, light. 2. Lovely, beautiful. 3. Clean, clear. 4. Blown, expanded. 5. Burning, blazing. m. (-यः) Love, passion. n. (-यः) Gold. **उत्** much, **जय** to shine, **वृज्** aff.  
**उज्जयन्ता** f. (-ता) 1. Splendour, radiance. 2. Beauty. **उत्** added to the last; also with **वृज्**, **उज्जयन्त**.  
**उज्जयन्त** n. (-न्तः) Burning or shining. **उत्** before **जय** to shine, affix **वृज्**.  
**उज्जयित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Lighted, shining, flaming, &c. **उत्** before **जय** to shine, affix **वृज्**.  
**उज्ज** n. (-जः) Gathering grains. **उत्** to glean, and **वृज्** aff.  
**उज्ज** n. (-जः) Gathering grains of corn in market places, &c. **उत्** to glean, **वृज्** aff.  
**उज्जयित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) A gleaner, one who lives by gleanings. **उत्** and **वृज्** practice.  
**उज्जयित** n. (-तः) Gleaning corn or grains. **उत्** gathering grain, and **वृज्** gleaning corn. [जीव who practices.  
**उज्जयित** mfn. (-यः-यि-य) One who lives by gleanings, &c. **उत्** and **वृज्** and **वृज्**. 6th cl. (**उज्जयित**) To quit or abandon. This is sometimes read **उदक**. With **वृज्** to escape or avoid.  
**उज्ज** m. (-जः) Abandoning, leaving. **उत्** and **वृज्** aff.

**उज्जयित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Left, abandoned. 2. Left off, discontinued. **उत्** to leave, affix **वृज्**.  
**उज्जयित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Who or what leaves. **उत्** and **वृज्** aff.  
**उज्ज** m. (-जः) Leaves, grass, &c. used in making huts, thatches, &c.  
**उज्ज** m. (-जः) 1. A hut made of leaves, the residence of hermits or saints. 2. A house in general. **उत्** thatch, &c. and **वृज्** made.  
**उज्ज** 1st cl. (**उज्जयित**) To strike or knock down; also **उज्ज**.  
**उज्ज** f. (-जः-ज) A lunar mansion or constellation in the moon's path. n. (-जः) Water. **उत्** above, **वृज्** to go or fly, **वृज्** aff.  
**उज्ज** mn. (-यः-य) A raft or float. m. (-यः) The moon. **उत्** as above, and **वृज्** from **वृज्** to preserve, affix **वृज्**.  
**उज्जयित** m. (-तिः) The moon. **उत्** and **वृज्** lord.  
**उज्जयित** m. (-यः) The firmament. **उत्** a constellation, and **वृज्** a path.  
**उज्जयित** m. (-यः) 1. Glomerous fig tree, (*Ficus glomerata*, Rox.) 2. The threshold of a house. 3. A eunuch. 4. A species of leprosy with coppery spots. 5. A kind of worm, supposed to be generated in the blood, and to produce leprosy. n. (-यः) 1. Copper. 2. A Kasha, a measure of two Tolas. **उत्** a constellation in the second case, **वृज्** to screen, and **वृज्** affix; it is also written **उज्जयित** and **उदयित**.  
**उज्जयित** f. (-यि) The name of a plant: see **दन्ती**. **उत्** **उज्जयित** and **वृज्** a leaf; whose leaves are of the color of copper.  
**उज्ज** mn. (-यः-य) A raft, a float. m. (-यः) The moon: see **उज्ज**.  
**उज्जयित** n. (-यः) Flying, soaring. **उत्** before **वृज्** to fly, affix **वृज्**.  
**उज्जयित** mfn. (-यः-यि-य) Excellent, respectable, of rank or consequence.  
**उज्जयित** mfn. (-यः-यि-य) Flown up, flying up. n. (-यः) 1. Flying as a bird. 2. Flying up, soaring. **उत्** up, and **वृज्** to fly, **वृज्** aff.  
**उज्जयित** mfn. (-यः-यि-य) Flying, soaring, who flies or soars. **उत्** up, **वृज्** to fly, **वृज्** aff.  
**उज्जयित** m. (-यः) 1. A work so called, containing charms and incantations. 2. A name of SIVA. **उत्** up, and **वृज्** to fly, **वृज्** affix **वृज्**.  
**उज्जयित** m. (-यः) A ball of flour, a roll, a loaf.  
**उज्जयित** f. (-यि) A string of rolls, balls of meal or flour upon a string. **उत्** **उज्जयित** and **वृज्** a chaplet.  
**उज्ज** m. (-जः) 1. Water. 2. The China rose.  
**उत्** ind. An interjection of, 1. asking, (how, what?) 2. of deliberation, (either, or;) 3. of extreme doubt, (hey! what!) 4. Up, above, or upon; see **उत्**.  
**उत्** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Sewn, woven. **उत्** to sew, affix **वृज्**. Ind. A particle of, 1. doubt, (what!) 2. of interrogation, (what, how?) 3. of connection, (also, and;) 4. of deliberation, (either, or.) 5. It is also an expletive **उत्** to sound, **वृज्** aff.  
**उज्जयित** m. (-यः) The name of a Muni, son of ANURAS.  
**उज्जयित** m. (-यः) A name of VRIHASPATI, regent of the Planet Jupiter. **उत्** and **वृज्** younger born; the younger brother of UTARAS.  
**उज्जयित** m. (-यः) VRIHASPATI. **उत्** See the preceding.  
**उज्जयित** ind. A particle implying, 1. deliberation, (either or;) 2. asking (how, what?) **उत्** and **वृज्** meaning as before.  
**उज्जयित** ind. A particle of doubt or deliberation.  
**उज्जयित** mfn. (-यः-यि-य) 1. Regretting, sad, sorrowful. 2. Absent, thinking of something else. 4. Wishing for, desirous of. m. (-यः) Opportunity, occasion. **उत्** up, away, and **वृज्** aff.  
**उज्जयित** mfn. (-यः-यि-य) 1. Much, excessive. 2. Drunk, mad, furious. 3. Proud, haughty. 4. Uneven. 5. Difficult. 6. Superior, high. m. (-यः) 1. Intoxication, pride. 2. An elephant in rut. 3. Sara grass, (*Saccharum sara*) n. (-यः) 1. Woody cassia or its bark. 2. *Sarsapa* *rikha*. **उत्** high, great, and **वृज्** aff.  
**उज्जयित** n. (-यः) Sitting on the hams, squatting.  
**उज्जयित** f. (-यि) Regretting, missing any thing or person. **उत्** much, **वृज्** to be sad, **वृज्** and **वृज्** affs.  
**उज्जयित** mfn. (-यः-यि-य) Regretting, wishing or sorrowing for, distress

- ed. sorrowful, f. (-ता) A Woman whose husband or lover is absent. E. उत् much, उति to be sad, affix क्.
- उत्कृष्टा f. (-ता) 1. A plant with aromatic seeds. (*Pothos officinalis*, Rox.) See उत्कृष्टपत्ती. 2. Regretting, sorrowing for. E. उत् regretting, and तल् abstract aff.
- उत्कम्बन् ind. Bending back the neck. E. उत् up, कम्ब the neck.
- उत्करा mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रं) 1. What lifts or raises. 2. What piles or heaps, what makes up. m. (-रः) A heap, a pile, a stack, &c. E. उत् up, and कर what makes, from कृ and ट or क् aff.
- उत्करिका f. (-का) A sort of sweetmeat made with milk, treacle, and ghee. E. उत्कर and कन् added.
- उत्करीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Relating or belonging to a heap, &c. E. उत्कर and ह aff.
- उत्कर्तृ n. (-नं) 1. Cutting over or on. 2. Cutting to pieces. 3. Cutting off. E. उत् before कृत् to cut, ल्यट् aff.
- उत्कर्ष mfn. (-र्षः-र्षी-र्षं) 1. Superior, eminent. 2. Much, excessive. 3. Attractive, drawing. m. (-र्षः) 1. Excellence, eminence. 2. Excess. 3. Increase. 4. Pulling, pulling up or to. E. उत् much, कृष् to mark घञ् aff.
- उत्कम्भ mfn. (-भः-भा-भं) A porter, one who travels with a burden or load. m. (-भः) 1. A country in the south of India, part of Orissa. 2. A fowler, a bird-catcher. E. उत् before and कल् to go, घञ् aff.
- उत्कलिका f. (-का) 1. Regretting, missing any thing or person. 2. A bud, an unblown flower. 3. A wave. 4. Wanton sportfulness, dalliance. E. उत् before कल् to go, वृत् and टाप् affs.
- उत्कलित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Regretting, grieving for. 2. Prosperous, rising, increasing. E. उत् up, and कल् to go or count; part. affix क्.
- उत्कालिका f. (-का) A cow calving every year. E. उत्क regretting, and कल् to go, घञ् and टाप् affs.
- उत्कार m. (-रः) 1. Winnowing corn. 2. Piling it up. E. उत् up, and कृ to scatter, घञ् aff.
- उत्कारिका f. (-का) A poultice. E. उत् before कृ to make, causal form, वृत् aff.
- उत्काम्य n. (-नं) Hemming, clearing the throat of mucus. E. उत् up, and काम्य coughing.
- उत्काम्यता f. (-ता) Kalonji, (*Nigella Indica*, Rox.) E. उत् up, कृष् to go crookedly, क् affix, or with वृत् affix उत्कृष्टिका.
- उत्काम्यन् n. (-नं) 1. Praising, celebrating. 2. Crying, proclaiming. E. उत् before क्रीत् to praise, ल्यट् aff.
- उत्काम्यन्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Praised, renowned. 2. Proclaimed, promulgated. E. उत् aloud, क्रीत् to praise, क् aff.
- उत्कट n. (-कः) Sleeping with the head erect. E. उत् neg. and कट् to be crooked, क aff.
- उत्कृष्ट m. (-चः) A bug. E. उत् high, loud, and कृष् to call, क् affix; also उद्गृष्ट.
- उत्कृष्ट m. (-टः) An umbrella or parasol. E. उत् priv. कृट् to heat, क् aff.
- उत्कृष्टित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Brought to the bank or shore. E. उत् before कृष् a bank, nominative verb, affix क्.
- उत्कृष्टि f. (-तिः) 1. Cutting up. 2. A form of metre, a stanza of four lines of twenty-six syllables each. E. उत् and कृति another metre.
- उत्कृष्ट ind. Haying out off, or up. E. उत् before कृत् to cut, ल्यप् aff.
- उत्कृष्टमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Being cut to pieces. E. उत् before कृत् to cut, मानच् aff.
- उत्कृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टी-ष्टं) 1. Excellent, eminent. 2. Superior, best. 3. Much, most, excessive. 4. Drawn, attracted. E. उत् before कृष् to drag, क् aff.
- उत्कृष्टता f. (-ता) Excellence, superiority, eminence. E. उत्कृष्ट with तल् added; also क्, प्रकृष्टम्. [aff.]
- उत्कृष्टमृत् m. (-चः) A good soil. E. उत्कृष्ट excellent and मृत् earth, घञ्

- उत्कृष्टवदन n. (-नं) The best or most respectable form of marriage. E. उत्कृष्ट and वदन marrying
- उत्कृष्टि mfn. (-चः-चा) A bribe. E. उत् before कृष् to be crooked, क् aff.
- उत्कृष्टिक m. (-कः) 1. The receiver of a bride. 2. A bride. E. उत् before कृष् to be crooked, वृत् affix or कन् added to the last.
- उत्कृष्ट m. (-चः) 1. Going up or out. 2. Progressive increase. 3. Going astray, acting improperly, deviation, transgression. E. उत् before कृष् to go, घञ् aff.
- उत्कृष्टन n. (-चः) 1. Going up or out. 2. Surpassing, exceeding. E. उत् before कृष् to go, ल्यट् aff.
- उत्कृष्टान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Passed, surpassed, gone over or beyond. 2. Gone forth or out. 3. Trespassing, exceeding. E. उत् before कृष् to go, affix क्. [E. उत्कृष्ट and वृत् aff.]
- उत्कृष्टान् mfn. (-नः-नी-नी-नं) Passing, passing away, gone, departed.
- उत्कृष्टान m. (-नः) 1. Opposition, contrariety. 2. Going, going above, surpassing. 3. Going from or out. 4. Deviating from propriety, transgressing. E. उत् out, कृष् to go, घञ् aff.
- उत्कृष्टान् mfn. (-नः-नी-नी-नं) 1. Going over or above, surpassing. 2. Going out. E. उत् before कृष् to go, घञ् aff.
- उत्कृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टी-ष्टं) Crying, speaking out or aloud, (who or what does so.) n. (-ष्टः) 1. Crying out, calling, exclaiming. 2. Conversation. E. उत् before कृष् to cry, क् aff.
- उत्कृष्टी m. (-यः) 1. An osprey. 2. Clamour, proclamation. E. उत् loud, कृष् to cry, affix घञ्.
- उत्कृष्ट m. (-ष्टः) Nausea, sickness. E. उत् before and कृष्ट moisture.
- उत्कृष्ट m. (-यः) Nausea, sickness. E. उत् before कृष्ट distress.
- उत्कृष्ट mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Thrown upwards, tossed. 2. Thrown out, ejected. 3. Vomited. 4. Rejected, dismissed. m. (-यः) Thorn apple, (*Datura metel* and *fastuosa*). E. उत् up, and वृत् thrown in the last sense it alludes to the intoxicating qualities of the plant.
- उत्कृष्टिका f. (-का) An ornament in the shape of a crescent worn in the upper part of the ear. E. उत् up, वृत् to send, affix कृष्; to which कन् and टाप् are then added.
- उत्कृष्ट m. (-यः) 1. Throwing or tossing up. 2. Throwing away. 3. Sending, dispatching. 4. Bringing up, vomiting. E. उत् before वृत् to throw, घञ् aff.
- उत्कृष्ट mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Throwing, a thrower, what or who elevates or raises. 2. Who sends or orders. m. (-कः) A stealer of clothes, &c. E. उत् before वृत् to throw, ल्यप् aff.
- उत्कृष्ट n. (-चः) 1. A fan. 2. A kind of basket or bowl used for cleaning corn. 3. Throwing upwards, tossing. 4. Sending, sending away. 5. Vomiting. 6. Taking up. 7. A measure sixteen Panas. E. उत् up, वृत् to throw or send, ल्यट् aff.
- उत्कृष्टा f. (-ता) A kind of perfume. see सुगन्ध. E. उत् before कृष् to gather, घञ् and टाप् affs.
- उत्कृष्ट mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Eradicated, pulled up by the roots. 2. Destroyed, annihilated. E. उत् up, कृष् to dig, and क् aff.
- उत्कृष्ट mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Wet, moistened. E. उत् to wet, affix क्.
- उत्कृष्ट m. (-सः-से) 1. An earring. 2. A crest. E. उत् much, and तसि a Sautra root, to ornament, affix घञ्.
- उत्कृष्ट mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Burnt, seared. 2. Bathed, washed. 3. Anxious, excited. n. (-नं) Dried flesh. E. उत् much, or in the last sense priv and तन् heated.
- उत्कृष्ट mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Chief, principal, first, best. 2. Greatest, highest. m. (-नः) 1. The third Menu, son of Pāyayvata. 2. The best kind of lover or hero. f. (-ता) 1. An excellent woman : one who is handsome, healthy, and affectionate. 4. A plant, (*Asclepias rosea*). E. उत् much, तन् to desire, affix घञ्.
- उत्कृष्टपुत्र m. (-चः) 1. The first person, (in grammar). 2. An excellent man. E. उत्कृष्ट and पुत्र man.

**उत्तमफलिकी f. (-जी)** A plant, (*Asclepias rosea*, Rox.) See दुग्धिका. **उत्तम** best, फल fruit, इति affix, and लीप् fem. do.

**उत्तमर्ष mfn. (-र्षः षो-र्षे)** A creditor. **उत्तम** chief, and ऋच a debt.

**उत्तमर्षिक m. (-र्षः)** A creditor. **उत्तम**, ऋच a debt, and उक् aff.

**उत्तमर्षिन् m. (-र्षिः)** A creditor. **उत्तम**, ऋच a debt, इति aff.

**उत्तमलाभ m. (-भः)** Great profit, a double return. **उत्तम** and लाभ gain.

**उत्तमसंयुक्त m. (-कः)** Intriguing with another man's wife, addressing her privately, casting amorous looks, &c.

**उत्तमगाह्य n. (-सः)** 1. The highest of the three fixed mulcts or fines; a fine of 1,000 or of 80,000 Panas. 2. Capital punishment, branding, banishment, confiscation, mutilation and death. **उत्तम** the best or greatest, साहस infliction.

**उत्तमाङ्ग n. (-ङ्गः)** The head. **उत्तम** chief, and अङ्ग member.

**उत्तमाङ्गुली n. (-ङ्गुली)** The best half. **उत्तम**, अर्ध half, यत् aff.

**उत्तमाह m. (-सः)** A fine day, a lucky day. **उत्तम** best, अह् a day, ट aff.

**उत्तमीपद mfn. (-दः-दा-द)** Best, good. **उत्तम** and उपपद secondary term, to whom or what the best term is applicable.

**उत्तमीश्वर m. (-जाः)** A proper name, one of the warriors of the Mahabharata. **उत्तम** and शीश्वर strength.

**उत्तमन n. (-नः)** 1 Upholding, supporting, staying. 2. Stopping, arresting. **उत्त** before एति to stop, क् ट् aff.

**उत्तमिन् mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** 1. Upheld, supported. 2. Stopped, arrested. 3. Erect, (as the hair of the head,) standing on end. **उत्त** before एति to stop, affix क्.

**उत्तम mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** 1. Superior, high, lofty. 2. Northern. 3. Best, excellent. 4. (In composition) Fit, appertaining to. 5. Subsequent, posterior. **उत्त** 1. An answer, a reply. 2. (In law) A defence, a rejoinder. 3. A consequence, a result. 4. Remainder, difference, (in arithmetic.) **उत्त** 1. The son of VIRATA. **उत्त** 1. The wife of ABHIMANYU, the son of ARJUNA. 2. The north. **उत्त** above, and त् from त् to pass, affix च्.

**उत्तरकाल m. (-कः)** 1. Future time. 2. Time reckoned from full moon to full moon. **उत्तर** subsequent, काल time.

**उत्तरकुल m. (-कुलः)** Uttarakuru, the country about the north pole. **उत्तर** northern, and कुल the northern part of the globe.

**उत्तरकोशला f. (-ला)** The city of Ayodhya, the modern Oude. **उत्तर** north, कोशला a district so called.

**उत्तरक्रिया f. (-या)** Obsequial ceremonies. **उत्तर** last, क्रिया rite.

**उत्तरम्भ mfn. (-म्भः-म्भा-म्भे)** 1. Flooded, inundated, washed over by waves. **उत्तर** 2. A wooden arch surmounting the door frame. **उत्तर** above, ग what goes, affix लुङ्; or उत्त and तरङ् a wave.

**उत्तरम्भ mfn. (-म्भः-म्भा-म्भे)** n subsequently or afterwards, posterity. **उत्तर** and ज् born.

**उत्तरमा f. (-या)** The versed sine of an arc. **उत्तर** and मा an arc.

**उत्तरण n. (-णः)** 1. Crossing rivers, &c. 2. Coming forth or out of, (especially water,) landing. **उत्तर** over, तरण passing.

**उत्तरण m. (-णः-रणी-रन्)** 1. Crossing, going over. 2. Coming out of (water.) **उत्तर** before ण् to cross, ण् aff. [aff.]

**उत्तरतः ind. 1. Northward. 2. Afterwards. 3. Behind. उत्तर** and ततः

**उत्तरतः ind. 1. After, subsequent. 2. Northward. उत्तर** and ततः

**उत्तरदायक mfn. (-कः-का-क)** Replying, answering. **उत्तर** and दायक a giver.

**उत्तरदिग् f. (-दिक्)** The north quarter. **उत्तर** and दिग् region.

**उत्तरधेय mfn. (-धे-या-धे)** To be done subsequently. **उत्तर** afterwards, धे to have, यत् aff.

**उत्तरपक्ष m. (-पक्षः)** 1. A demonstrated truth, a direct conclusion. 2. Course of argument, according to established truths. 3. Second part of an argument, reply, refutation. 4. The minor proposition in a syllogism. **उत्तर** subsequent, and पक्ष subject of an inference; also adding क्, उत्तरपक्षक.

**उत्तरपक्षता f. (-ता)** 1. Confusion, demonstration. 2. Replication, reply. **उत्तर** added to the preceding; also with क्, उत्तरपक्षक.

**उत्तरपद n. (-पदः)** The last member of a compound word. **उत्तर** and पद word.

**उत्तरपदिक mfn. (-कः-की-क)** Belonging or relating to the last word or term. **उत्तर** and पद affix; also with क् added उत्तरपदकीय mfn. (-कः-का-क).

**उत्तरपाद m. (-पदः)** A division of legal practice, that part which relates to the reply or defence. **उत्तर** a reply, and पाद a quarter; four divisions being admitted in every suit.

**उत्तरपुरुष m. (-पुरुषः)** (In grammar,) The third person. **उत्तर** last, and पुरुष man.

**उत्तरप्रच्छाद m. (-दः)** A coverlid, a quilt. **उत्तर** and प्रच्छाद what covers.

**उत्तरफाल्गुनी f. (-नी)** The twelfth lunar mansion containing two stars, figured by a bed. **उत्तर** subsequent, and फाल्गुनी or फाल्गुनी an asterism; hence it also occurs उत्तरफाल्गुनी.

**उत्तरमाद्रपद f. (-पदः)** The twenty-seventh lunar mansion, figured by a couch, and comprehending two stars, of which one is a Andromedæ. **उत्तर** subsequent, and माद्रपद properly the constellation also with a final vowel, उत्तरमाद्रपदा.

**उत्तरमात्र n. (-त्रः)** Any reply, some reply. **उत्तर** and मात्र only.

**उत्तररहित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Unable to reply, having no answer. **उत्तर** and रहित devoid of.

**उत्तरलक्ष्य n. (-लक्ष्यः)** The indication of an actual reply. **उत्तर** and लक्ष्य mark.

**उत्तरवसि f. (-सिः)** A small syringe, a urethra injection pipe. **उत्तर** best, वसि syringe.

**उत्तरवादिन् m. (-दी)** A defendant, a replicant. **उत्तर** a reply, and वादिन् who speaks.

**उत्तरसंज्ञित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Designated in the reply, (a witness, &c.) **उत्तर** and संज्ञित named.

**उत्तरसाविन् m. (-वी)** Witness for the defence. **उत्तर** reply, साविन् witness.

**उत्तरसाधक mfn. (-कः-का-क)** 1. Befriending, assisting, a help, a friend. 2. Who or what establishes a reply. **उत्तर** and साधक what accomplishes.

**उत्तरा ind. North, northerly, northward. उत्तर** and रा aff.

**उत्तरात् ind. Northward. उत्तर** and राति aff.

**उत्तराधर mfn. (-रः-रा-र)** Superior and inferior, higher and lower. **उत्तर** upper, अधर lower.

**उत्तराधिकार m. (-रः)** Right to property, &c. in succession to another person, heirship, inheritance. **उत्तर** and अधिकार right.

**उत्तराधिकारिन् mfn. (-रि-रि-रि)** An heir, a claimant, subsequent to the death, &c. of the original owner. **उत्तराधिकार** and इति aff.

**उत्तराधिकारिता f. (-ता)** Right of succession. **उत्तर** added to उत्तराधिकारिन् also with क्, उत्तराधिकारिन्.

**उत्तरायण m. (-यः)** The north, a northern road or direction. **उत्तर** and यण a road, the final of उत्तर lengthened.

**उत्तरामास m. (-सः)** A false, indirect, or prevaricating reply, (in law.) **उत्तर** a defence, and आमास what resembles: apparently a defence, but not so in fact.

**उत्तरामासता f. (-ता)** Inadequacy of a reply, the semblance without the reality. **उत्तर** added to the last; also with क्, उत्तरामासत.

**उत्तराह्नक n. (-ह्नः)** The period of the sun's progress to the north of the equator, the summer solstice. **उत्तर** the north, and अह्न going, progress.

**उत्तराक्षा f. (-क्षा)** The north. **उत्तर** and आक्षा region.

**उत्तराक्षा f. (-क्षा)** One of the lunar mansions. **उत्तर** See उत्तराक्षा.

**उत्तराक्षपति m. (-तिः)** A name of KURMA. **उत्तर**, आक्षा a quarter, पति a master; regent of the north.

उत्तराषाढा f. (उत्तरा) The twenty-first of the lunar mansions, figured by an elephant's tooth or a bed, and containing two stars, one of which is in Sagittarius. उ. उत्तर subsequent, and षाढा the constellation; to distinguish it from asterism, twentieth: see पूर्वभाद्रपदा and षाढा.

उत्तरासव m. (उत्तरा) An upper and outer garment. उ. उत्तर upper, वासव prefixed to वस्त्र to surround, and वस्त्र aff.

उत्तरादि ind. Northerly, from the north, implying distance. उ. उत्तर and आदि aff.

उत्तरीय n. (उत्तर) An upper or outer garment. उ. उत्तर upper, and य aff.

उत्तरेश ind. Northward, posterior, subsequent. उ. उत्तर with एष aff.

उत्तरेशु ind. A subsequent day, a day following to-morrow. उ. उत्तर subsequent, and एषु aff.

उत्तरोत्तर mfn. (उत्तर-उत्तर) More and more, further and further, &c. n. (उत्तर) 1. A rejoinder, a reply to an answer. 2. Excess, exceeding quantity or degree. 3. Succession, gradation, descending. उ. उत्तर repeated.

उत्तान mfn. (उत्तर-ना-न) 1. Shallow. 2. Sleeping supinely or with the face upwards. 3. Upright. 4. Concave. उ. उत्तर upwards, तन् to stretch, and न aff. [तन् to spread, वृत् aff.]

उत्तानक m. (उत्तर) A species of grass, (a cyperus:) see उत्तरा. उ. उत्तर much, उत्तानवाद m. (उत्तर) 1. A prince, son of SWAYAMBHU the Menu. 2. One of the stars of the little bear, (Ursa minoris.) [UTTANAPADA.

उत्तानपाद m. (उत्तर) A name of DHARVA. उ. उत्तानपाद, ज born: the son of उत्तानपाद mfn. (उत्तर-पाद) One who sleeps with the face upwards, mf. (उत्तर-पाद) An infant, उ. उत्तान and जय who sleeps.

उत्ताप m. (उत्तर) 1. Great heat. 2. Affliction, distress. 3. Anxiety, excitement. 4. Effort, energy. उ. उत्तर before तप to be hot, वृत् aff.

उत्तापित mfn. (उत्तर-ता-त) 1. Heated, made hot. 2. Pained, distressed. 3. Roused, excited. उ. उत्तर before तप to be hot, causal form, वृत् aff.

उत्तार mfn. (उत्तर-रा-र) Excellent, pre-eminent. m. (उत्तर) 1. Vomiting. 2. Passing away, instability. 3. Ejecting, getting rid of. उ. उत्तर above, and तार who passes, from तृ and तृ aff.

उत्तारिन् mfn. (उत्तर-रि-रि) 1. Unsteady, changing, shaking. 2. Sick. उ. उत्तर before तृ to go, रिन् aff; or उत्तार and रिन् aff.

उत्ताय mfn. (उत्तर-या-य) To be ejected, to be thrown up by vomiting. उ. उत्तर before तृ to pass, वृत् aff.

उत्ताय mfn. (उत्तर-या-य) 1. Beat, excellent. 2. Arduous, difficult. 3. Formidable. 4. Swift, speedy. 5. Lofty, tall. m. (उत्तर) An ape. उ. उत्तर before तृ to fix, affix वृत्.

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उत्तीवर्ण n. (उत्ती) Lifting up, raising, elevating. उ. उत्ती and वीवर्ण weighting. उत्तीवर्ण mfn. (उत्ती-वर्ण) Raised, lifted up. उ. उत्ती before वृत् to be equal, causal form, वृत् aff.

उत्तीवर्ण mfn. (उत्ती-वर्ण) 1. Abandoned, left. 2. Thrown, tossed. 3. Free from passion or affection. उ. उत्ती and वृत् abandoned.

उत्तीवर्ण m. (उत्ती) 1. Abandonment, quitting. 2. Throwing, throwing up. 3. Succession from worldly feelings. उ. उत्ती and वृत् leaving.

उत्तीवर्ण m. (उत्ती) Fear, terror. उ. उत्ती much, and वृत् fear.

उत्तीवर्ण mfn. (उत्ती-वर्ण) Standing or being up. उ. उत्ती and वृत् to stay, वृत् aff.

उत्तीवर्ण n. (उत्ती) 1. Effort, exertion. 2. Manhood, manly exertion. 3. An army. 4. War, battle. 5. A book. 6. Joy, pleasure. 7. Rising, getting up. 8. A court yard. 9. A shed where sacrifices are made. 10. A term, a limit. 11. Evacuating by stool, &c. 12. Business of a family or realm, as the care of subjects or dependents. 13. Reflexion. 14. Proximate cause of disease. उ. उत्ती above, वृत् to stand, and वृत् affix, वृत् is dropped.

उत्तीवर्णकादशी f. (उत्ती) The eleventh lunation of the light half of Kartik or Agrahayana, when VISHNU rises from his sleep. उ. उत्तीवर्ण rising, एकादशी eleventh.

उत्तीवर्णक mfn. (उत्ती-वर्ण-क) 1. Lifting, causing to get up, who or what raises, &c. 2. Exciting, animating, उ. उत्ती before वृत् to stay causal form, वृत् aff.

उत्तीवर्णक n. (उत्ती) 1. Raising, elevating. 2. Causing to rise or get up. 3. Exciting, instigating. 4. (In arithmetic) Substitution of a value. उ. उत्ती and वृत् causal form, affix वृत्.

उत्तीवर्णित mfn. (उत्ती-वर्ण-त) 1. Raised, lifted up, elevated. 2. Made to get up, aroused from a seat, a bed, &c. 3. Instigated. उ. उत्ती and वृत् causal form, वृत् aff.

उत्तीवर्ण ind. 1. Having raised or caused to rise. 2. Having roused or instigated. उ. उत्ती before वृत् to stay, causal form, वृत् aff.

उत्तीवर्ण ind. 1. Having risen (from a seat, &c.) 2. Having risen (in rank, &c.) उ. उत्ती before वृत् to stand, affix वृत्.

उत्तीवर्ण mfn. (उत्ती-वर्ण-त) 1. Born, produced. 2. Endeavouring, striving. 3. Happened, occurring. 4. Increasing, advancing, rising. 5. High, risen or rising as from a seat, &c. उ. उत्ती up, वृत् to stay, and वृत् aff.

उत्तीवर्णित m. (उत्ती) The palm of the hand with the fingers extended. उ. उत्ती increased, and वृत् affix a finger.

उत्तीवर्णित f. (उत्ती) Elevation, rising up. उ. उत्ती before वृत् to stay, वृत् aff.

उत्तीवर्ण m. (उत्ती) 1. A bird. 2. Going upwards, or up. उ. उत्ती up, and वृत् who goes, from वृत् to go, and वृत् aff.

उत्तीवर्ण n. (उत्ती) 1. Birth, production. 2. Going up, rising, ascending. उ. उत्ती, वृत् to go, and वृत् aff.

उत्तीवर्णित mfn. (उत्ती-वर्ण-त) Jumping up, rising, going upwards. उ. उत्ती, वृत् to उत्तीवर्णित mfn. (उत्ती-वर्ण-त) Risen, ascended. उ. उत्ती up, वृत् to go, वृत् aff.

उत्तीवर्णित mfn. (उत्ती-वर्ण-त) Rising, jumping up. उ. उत्ती and वृत् aff.

उत्तीवर्णित f. (उत्ती) 1. Birth, production. 2. Producing as an effect or result, giving rise to or generating as a consequence. 3. Production in general. उ. उत्ती up, वृत् to go, and वृत् aff.

उत्तीवर्णित m. (उत्ती) 1. Purport, meaning. 2. Production by the joint operation of cause and effect. उ. उत्तीवर्णित and वृत् act.

उत्तीवर्णित m. (उत्ती) A type of birth, (as investiture.) उ. उत्तीवर्णित and वृत् figurative indication.

उत्तीवर्ण m. (उत्ती) Error, bad way, evil. उ. उत्ती from, वृत् for वृत् a path.

उत्तीवर्ण ind. Astray, on the wrong road. उ. उत्ती from, वृत् a path, वृत् aff.

उत्तीवर्ण mfn. (उत्ती-वर्ण-त) 1. Born, produced. 2. Known, ascertained. 3. Risen, gone up. 4. Acquired, gained. 5. Effected, accomplished. 6. Occurred, happened. उ. उत्ती, वृत् to go, वृत् aff.

उत्तीवर्णित mfn. (उत्ती-वर्ण-त) Having progeny. उ. उत्तीवर्णित तन् line; descendants.

उत्तीवर्ण mfn. (उत्ती-वर्ण-त) Thin. n. (उत्ती) 1. A blue lotus. affixa caerulea.)

2. A plant, (a *Costus*) see **कुष्ठ**. 3. A water-lily in general. 4. A flower in general. f. (ली) 1. A kind of cake made with unwinnowed corn. २. उन् up, पत् to go or grow, च् affix, and fem. टप् or डीप्.  
**उत्पलमसिक** n. (-क) A species of sandal of the colour of brass, and very fragrant. ३. उत्पल the lotus, मस a smell, क् affix of similitude.  
**उत्पलचक्षुः** mfn. (क्षुः-क्षुः) Lotus-eyed, fine-eyed. ३. उत्पल and चक्षुः the eye.  
**उत्पलपत्र** n. (-त्र) 1. The leaf of the lotus. 2. The impression of a female nail. 3. The Tilaka or mark on the forehead, made with sandal, &c. by the Hindus. 4. A broad bladed knife or lancet. ३. उत्पल a lotus, and पत्र a leaf; similarly shaped, &c. also क् added उत्पल-पत्रक.  
**उत्पलशरिवा** f. (-वा) A plant, (*Echites frutescens*). ३. उत्पल a flower, शरिवा irregular deriv. of श् to harm : whose flower injures or destroys, (disease).  
**उत्पलाम** mfn. (-म; भा सं) Lotus-like, resembling a lotus. ३. उत्पल and भा before भा to shine, ड aff.  
**उत्पलिन** f. (-नी) An assemblage of lotus flowers. ३. उत्पल a lotus, नि affix, and डीप् fem. aff.  
**उत्पलन** n. (-न) 1. Straining liquids before using for domestic or religious purposes. 2. Sprinkling ghee or other fluids on the sacrificial fire, with two blades of Kusa grass, the ends of which are held in either hand, and the centre dipped into the liquid, which is then dropped upon the fire. ३. उत् above &c. पद् to purify, affix लृट्.  
**उत्पश्य** mfn. (पश्यः-पश्यः) Looking up or upwards. ३. उत् up, and पश्य looking, irr. formative, from पश्य to see.  
**उत्पाट** m. (-ट) 1. Pulling up by the roots. 2. Destroying. ३. उत् up, पट् to go, causal form, च् aff.  
**उत्पाटन** n. (-न) 1. Eradicating, pulling up by the roots. 2. Destroying. ३. उत् before पट् to go, causal form, लृट् aff.  
**उत्पाटित** mfn. (-त; ता सं) Eradicated, pulled up by the roots. ३. उत् up, or out, पट् to go, in the causal form, and क् aff.  
**उत्पाटित्** mfn. (टी टिनी-टि) Eradicating, extirpating. ३. उत्पाट and इति aff.  
**उत्पात** m. (-त) 1. A portent, some natural prodigy or phenomenon. 2. Any public calamity, as an eclipse, a meteor, an earthquake, &c. ३. उत् accidentally, पट् to happen, and च् aff.  
**उत्पातवात** m. (-त) A whirlwind, a hurricane. ३. उत्पात a portent, and वात wind.  
**उत्पादक** mfn. (-क; का कं) 1. A producer, a generator. 2. What gives origin or production to, causative. m. (क) A fabulous animal with eight legs; written also **उत्पातक** n. (-क) Origin, cause. f. (-दिक्ता) 1. A white ant, (termite). 2. A potherb, (*Blancha repens*) 3. Also, *Basella*, (*rubra* or *lucida*). ३. उत् much, पद् a foot, or पद् to go, in the causal form, and लृट् aff.  
**उत्पादन** n. (-न) Producing, generating, begetting. ३. उत् before पद् to go, causal form, लृट् aff. [a foot, ग्रथन sleeping].  
**उत्पादयन्** mfn. (य; भा सं) The Francoline partridge. ३. उत् upon, पाद उत्पादित mfn. (य; ता सं) 1. Produced, effected. 2. Generated, begotten. ३. उत् before पद् to go, causal form, क् aff.  
**उत्पाद्य** ind. 1. Having begotten. 2. Having produced, having inspired. ३. उत् before पद् to go, causal form, लृट् aff.  
**उत्पली** f. (ली) Health. ३. उत् before, पत् to proserve, च् and डीप् affs.  
**उत्पल्य** m. (-य) Purifying ghee, &c. see **उत्पलन**. ३. उत् before पृ to make pure, च् aff.  
**उत्पिन्न** mfn. (पि; भा सं) Uncaged, unconfined. ३. उत् out of, पिन्न a cage; also **उत्पिन्न**, पि being substituted for र.  
**उत्पिन्न** mfn. (-न; भा सं) 1. Confounded, confused. 2. Uncaged. ३. See the last.  
**उत्पित्तु** mfn. (-तु) Desirous of going, going, proceeding. ३. उत् before पत् iterative form, क् aff.

**उत्पिद** mfn. (-द; भा सं) Ground, rubbed, n. (-द) A disease, a grating of the bones of the joints upon each other. ३. उत् and पिद ground.  
**उत्पिद** m. (-य) Froth. ३. उत् on, पीद् to go, क् aff.  
**उत्पासन** n. (-न) 1. Ridicule, derision. 2. Hurling, throwing afar. ३. उत् and प before पत् to throw, affix लृट्.  
**उत्पेक्षा** f. (-वा) 1. Indifference, carelessness. 2. Ironical comparison. 3. Comparison in general, poetical or rhetorical. ३. उत् and प्र prefix to ईच् to see, च् and टप् affs.  
**उत्प्रेषन** n. (-न) 1. Taking up oil or ghee when it has been defiled in any way, by dipping a blade of Kusa grass into it, and dropping it from there upon the fire. 2. Jumping, springing upon. ३. उत् over, प्रन jumping.  
**उत्प्रेषा** f. (-वा) A boat. ३. उत् over, प्र to go, च् and टप् affs.  
**उत्प्रेत** mfn. (त; भा सं) Jumped upon, approached suddenly. ३. उत् before प्र to go, क् aff. [aff.]  
**उत्प्रेत** ind. Having sprung or jumped upon. ३. उत् before प्र to go, च् and टप् affs.  
**उत्फल** n. (-ल) Excellent fruit. ३. उत् and फल fruit.  
**उत्फाल** m. (-ल) A jump, a leap. ३. उत् before फल् to move, affix लृट् the vowel and final changed.  
**उत्फुल्ल** mfn. (ल्ल; भा सं) 1. Blown as a flower. 2. Swollen, increased in bulk. 3. Sleeping supinely. ३. उत् and फुल्ल blown.  
**उत्त** m. (-त) A fountain, a spring. ३. उत् to wet, and स Unad'd aff.  
**उत्त** m. (त) 1. The haunch or part above the hip. 2. The acclivity or slope of a hill. 3. Association, union. 4. Embrace. 5. The bottom or deep part of an ulcer. ३. उत् before च् to embrace, affix च्.  
**उत्त** mfn. (त; भा सं) Associated, combined, joined. ३. उत् before च् to be joined with, क् aff.  
**उत्त** mfn. (त; भा सं) Associating or combining with, an associate, a partner. m. (-त) An ulcer, a deep sore. f. (-तनी) Pimples on the inner edge of the eye-lids. ३. उत्त and इति aff.  
**उत्त** mfn. (त; भा सं) 1. Destroyed, overturned. 2. Decayed, in ruin. 3. Risen, increased. ३. उत् before पद् to go, affix क्.  
**उत्त** m. (-त) 1. Abandoning, quitting. 2. Resigning, returning from. 3. Giving, donation. 4. Any precept or rule. 5. Presentation of any thing promised to a god or Brahman, with suitable ceremonies. 6. A particular ceremony preparatory to a course of the Vedas. 7. Dejection, excretion, voiding by stool, &c. ३. उत् before च् to quit, to leave, च् aff.  
**उत्त** n. (-न) 1. Gift, donation. 2. Abandoning, leaving, &c. ३. उत् before च् to leave, and लृट् affix : see the preceding.  
**उत्त** f. (ती) A Jaina division of time, a long period described as 10 crores of oceans of years : this period alternates with one of similar duration : see **अवत**. ३. उत् much, च् to go, च् and डीप् affs.  
**उत्त** m. (-य) 1. Going or gliding upwards. 2. Swelling, heaving. ३. उत् before च् to go, च् aff.  
**उत्त** n. (-य) 1. Gliding upwards. 2. Swelling, heaving. ३. उत् before च् to go gently, लृट् aff.  
**उत्त** mfn. (य; भा सं) 1. What glides upwards. 2. Rising gently, heaving, &c. ३. उत्त and इति aff.  
**उत्त** f. (-या) A cow fit to take the bull. ३. उत्, च् to go, and च् aff.  
**उत्त** m. (-य) 1. A festival, a jubilee. 2. Height, elevation. 3. Impatience. 4. Wish. 5. Passion, wrath. ३. उत्, च् to bear, to bring forth, affix च्; happiness, &c. is produced by it.  
**उत्त** n. (-न) 1. Going up, ascending, rising. 2. Raising, elevating. 3. Destroying, overturning. 4. Cleaning the person with perfumes. 5. Rubbing or chafing the limbs. 6. Ploughing a field twice or thoroughly. 7. Healing a sore, causing it to fill up. ३. उत् much च् to destroy, in the causal form, affix लृट्.  
**उत्त** mfn. (-य; भा सं) 1. To be gone up or ascended. 2. To be effect-

water in the manes, &c. (३-३) An heir, a near kinsman. ३. उदक  
 ३. उदक who gives; शत्रु-उदक and उदक-शत्रु.  
 उदकदान n. (३-३) Gift of water, especially to the manes, as a religious  
 or obsequial rite. ३. उदक and दान giving.  
 उदकदायिन् mfn. (३-३-३-३) (Giving water) ३. (३-३) An heir or kin-  
 sman, one who presents libations of water. ३. उदक and दानिन् who  
 gives.  
 उदकपूर्वकम् ind. Pouring water on the hand as preparatory to confir-  
 matory of a gift or promise. ३. उदक and पूर्वक prior.  
 उदकप्रतीकात् mfn. (३-३-३-३) Watery, fluid like water. ३. उदक and  
 प्रतीकात् what resembles. (and) ३. उदक.  
 उदकमेघ m. (३-३) A variety of Diabetes, passing watery urine. ३. उदक  
 उदकघात n. (३-३) Any aquatic herb. ३. उदक and घात a potherb.  
 उदकस्पर्श m. (३-३) 1. Touching different parts of the body with  
 water. 2. Touching water in confirmation of a promise, &c. ३. उदक  
 and स्पर्श touch. [receptacle  
 उदकाचार m. (३-३) A reservoir, a cistern, a well, &c. ३. उदक and चापार  
 उदकाभिन् mfn. (३-३-३-३) Thirsty, desirous of water. ३. उदक and  
 अभिन् who seeks.  
 उदकीये m. (३-३) A plant, (Galedupa, arborea &c.) See उदक. ३. उद  
 water, and कृ to scatter, चक्ष् aff.  
 उदकुम्भ m. (३-३) A water-jar. ३. उद and कुम्भ a jar; also उदककुम्भ.  
 उदकीचक m. (३-३) A water-jar. ३. उदक and उदचन what goes up.  
 उदकीवर n. (३-३) Dropsy. ३. उदक and उदर the belly.  
 उदत्त mfn. (३-३-३-३) Gone up, risen, ascended. ३. उद before चक्ष् to  
 go, चक्ष् aff.  
 उदस्था f. (३-३) A woman in her courses. ३. उदक water, and स्था affix of  
 fitness; requiring water for purification.  
 उदग्रि m. (३-३) The Himalaya mountain on the north of Hindustan.  
 ३. उदक north, and ग्रि a mountain.  
 उदग्रयन n. (३-३) The sun's progress north of the equator: see उत्तरायण.  
 ३. उदक north, and यन going.  
 उदग्रमृत् m. (३-३) Good soil. ३. उदक north, मृत् earth, चक्ष् aff.  
 उदग्रमृत्ति m. (३-३) Fertile soil: see the preceding.  
 उदग्र mfn. (३-३-३-३) 1. High, tall. 2. Large, vast. 3. Projecting. 4.  
 Pointing upwards. 5. Fierce, intense. ३. उद up, and चक्ष end,  
 point.  
 उदग्रदत्त mfn. (दत्त दत्ती दत्त) Large-toothed. ३. (३-३) An elephant with a  
 large tusk. ३. उदग्र large, and दत्त for दत्त a tooth.  
 उदग्रमुख mfn. (३-३-३-३) Facing the north. ३. उदग्र and मुख face.  
 उदग्र or उदग्र mfn. (उदग्र उदगी उदग) 1. North, northern. 2. Upper,  
 upwards. 3. Subsequent, posterior. f. (३-३) The north. ३. उद up,  
 चक्ष to go, affix चक्ष; the neuter is used as a participle: see उदग्र;  
 the noun is irregular.  
 उदग्र mfn. (३-३-३-३) Aquatic, watery, produced in or by water. ३.  
 (३-३) Driving cattle. ३. उद water, and चक्ष born, or चक्ष up, and चक्ष to  
 go, affix चक्ष.  
 उदग्रन n. (३-३) 1. A lid or cover. 2. Directing or throwing upwards. ३.  
 Rising, ascending. ३. उद above, चक्ष to go, and चक्ष aff.  
 उदग्रित mfn. (३-३-३-३) 1. Thrown up, tossed. 2. Worshipped. ३. उद up,  
 चक्ष to go or worship, affix चक्ष.  
 उदग्रिन् m. (३-३) 1. A kind of fish. 2. A sort of snake. ३. उद much,  
 चक्ष an egg, and चक्ष what nourishes; laying many eggs at once.  
 उदग्रि m. (३-३) 1. The ocean. 2. A water-jar. 3. A cloud. ३. उद water,  
 and चक्ष having, चक्ष चक्ष, with चक्ष aff.  
 उदग्रिन् m. (३-३) A voyager, a mariner. ३. उदग्रिन् चक्ष to  
 उदग्रिन् m. (३-३) Cuttle fish bone. ३. उदग्रिन् and चक्ष soil.  
 उदग्रिन् m. (३-३) The earth. ३. उदग्रिन् and चक्ष a bird.  
 उदग्रिन् m. (३-३) 1. Lakshmi. 2. Brahma. ३. उदग्रिन् of  
 उदग्रिन् the ocean, and चक्ष daughter.



उदय m. (-ः) 1. Pure and virtuous man. 2. Tidings, intelligence. 3. One who gets a livelihood by a trade. 4. उद् disjunctive and चत् end, term.

उदयक m. (-ः) News, tidings, intelligence. उद् added to the preceed-  
उदयिका f. (-का) Satisfaction, satiety. उद् complete, चत् end, चत् aff.  
उदया f. (-या) Thirst, उद् water, चत् affix, the final उ is changed to य.

उदयन m. (-नः) The ocean. उद् water, and ननु possessive aff.

उदपाच m. (-च) A water-cup, a ewer. उद् water and पाच a vessel.

उदपान mn. (-नः) A well. उद् water, पा to drink, and कुट् affix; the place where water is drunk.

उदपेष n. (-ष) A paste, any thing ground with water. उद् water and पेष grinding.

उदभार m. (-रः) 1. A cloud. 2. A water carrier. उद् water and भार a load.

उदभज m. (-जः) Barley water. उद् and भज scum; also उदभजन.

उदनेत्र m. (-नः) A watery cloud. उद् and नेत्र a cloud.

उदय m. (-यः) 1. The rising of the sun and planets in general. 2. The eastern mountain, behind which the sun is supposed to rise. 3. Rising, ascending. 4. Light, splendor. 5. Prosperity, good fortune. 6. Creation, the rising of the world. 7. (In law) Income. उद् up, उच् to go, and चत् aff.

उदयन n. (-नः) Rising, ascending. m. (-नः) 1. A name of AGASTYA; see अगस्त्य. 2. The name of a sovereign, king of Kausambi, and hero of the Vasavadatta, a dramatic poem; also, of part of the Vrihat Kat'ha. उद् above, उच् to go, and कुट् aff.

उदयपर्वत m. (-तः) The eastern mountain behind which the sun rises. उद् and पर्वत a mountain; also similar compounds, as उदयगिरि, उदयशेखर, उदयाचलः, उदयार्द्रः, &c.

उदयिन् mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) 1. Rising, ascending. 2. Prosperous, flourishing. उद् उदय and इति aff.

उदर n. (-रः) 1. The belly. 2. War. 3. Any morbid abdominal affection, as liver, spleen, &c. f. (-री) Enlargement of the abdomen from dropsy or flatulency. उद् up, उच् to go, चत् affix; what goes up or swells with food, slaughter, &c. or उद् prefixed to ह् to burst, and चत् or चच् Una'di aff.

उदरक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Rubbing the belly, &c. 2. Abdominal. उद् उदर and क् aff.

उदरपिण्ड m. (-पिण्डः) The spleen, (the disease; a chronic affection of this organ not uncommon in India.) उद् उदर abdomen, and पिण्ड a knot.

उदरपाच n. (-च) 1. A cuirass, armour covering the front. 2. A girth, a belly-band. उद् उदर the belly, and पाच what preserves.

उदरपि m. (-पिः) 1. The ocean. 2. The sun. उद् उदर freely, चत् to go, and चत् aff. Una'di aff.

उदरपिपाच mfn. (-चः-पा-च) A glutton, voracious, one who devours every thing, flesh, fish, &c. उद् उदर and पिपाच a demon, who is a devil for his belly.

उदरभरि mfn. (-रिः-रिः-रिः) Selfishly, voracious, gluttonous. उद् उदर, चत् to nourish, इत् affix, and भृत् is inserted.

उदरशय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Sleeping on the face or belly. उद् उदर and शय who sleeps.

उदरामय m. (-यः) Dysentery, diarrhoea. उद् उदर the belly, and आयम sick.

उदरपुच्छ m. (-पुच्छः) The navel. उद् उदर and पुच्छ what surrounds.

उदरपेच m. (-पेचः) Tape worm. उद् उदर and पेच what surrounds.

उदरिन् mfn. (-री-रिपी-रि) 1. Fat, corpulent. 2. Abdominal. f. (-री) A pregnant woman. उद् उदर the belly, रिन् possessive aff.

उदरिन् mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Fat, corpulent. उद् उदर the belly, and उदर aff.

उदर्य m. (-र्यः) 1. Future or remote consequence. 2. Future time. 3. A plant (Vangueria spinosa) see उदर्य. उद् उदर much, उच् to praise, affix चत्.

उदरिन् mfn. (-रिः-रिः-रिः) Luminous and ascending. m. (-रिः) 1. A name of VAHNI or fire. 2. SIVA. 3. KANDARVA. उद् उदर, and रिन् flame.

उदर्य m. (-र्यः) Erysipelas. उद् उदर, उच् to go, उदर्य aff.

उदर्य m. (-र्यः) Scarlet fever. उद् उदर and उच् to increase, उदर्य aff.

उदराचिक मfn. (-चः-ची-च) Salted, prepared with brine. उद् उदर, उदर salt and चत् aff.

उदराच m. (-चः) A thunderbolt of water, a water spout. उद् उदर and चत् a thunderbolt.

उदराचित n. (-नः) A house. उद् उदर, and चित covered, defended.

उदराच n. (-चः) 1. A house in the margin of a stream or pond. 2. A marine grotto, &c. उद् उदर and चत् abode.

उदराच m. (-चः) 1. A cloud. 2. Any water vessel. उद् उदर and चत् vehicle.

उदरिन् m. (-र्यः) A drop of water. उद् उदर and रिन् a drop.

उदरिन् n. (-रिन्) Buttermilk, with an equal proportion of water. उद् उदर water, रिन् to increase, affixes रिप् and रुच्.

उदर mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Cast, thrown. 2. Expelled, cast out. 3. Cast up. 4. Humbled, shamed. 5. Scattered. 6. Removed. उद् उदर before चत् to throw, क् aff.

उदराची f. (-ची) A caldron, a kettle. उद् उदर water and राची a pot.

उदर ind. 1. Having taken pains, made an effort, &c. 2. Having thrown, having cast up or tossed. 3. Having scattered. 4. Having expelled. उद् उदर before चत् to be or throw, चत् aff.

उदरार m. (-रः) 1. A water carrier. 2. A cloud. उद् उदर and रार who takes.

उदरज m. (-जः) Commanding, directing bodies of men. उद् उदर before चत् to go, चत् aff.

उदर mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Generous, gentle and bountiful. 2. Giving, a donor. 3. Great, illustrious. 4. Dear, beloved. 5. Accented. m. (-चः) 1. The acute accent, a high or sharp tone. 2. Gift, donation. 3. A musical instrument, a large drum. 4. An ornament, (in rhetoric) उद् उदर high, up, and चाच् pronounced, sounded; or from द्वा to give or have, with चाच् prefixed, affix क् : see उदरदात्त.

उदर m. (-रः) 1. One of the five vital airs, that which rises up the throat and passes into the head. 2. The navel. 3. A snake. 4. An eye-lash. उद् उदर above, चाच् prefixed to चत् to breathe, to be, affix चत्.

उदार mfn. (-रः-रा-री-र) 1. Generous, liberal, munificent. 2. Great. 3. Unperplexed. 4. Gentle. 5. Upright, honest, sincere. 6. Eloquent. 7. Proper, right. उद् उदर well, चाच् prefixed to चत् to go, and चत् affixed.

उदारचेतस् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) High-minded, magnanimous. उद् उदार and चेतस् the mind.

उदारवी mfn. (-वी-वी-वि) Wise, sagacious, noble-minded. उद् उदार and वी understanding.

उदाकर m. (-रः) A year, one of the five sorts of years astrologically considered. उद् उदर and चत् before उदर a year.

उदावर्त m. (-वर्तः) A disease of the bowels, iliac passion, f. (-वर्त) Difficult menstruation. उद् उदर upper, चत् abode.

उदास m. (-सः) 1. Throwing or directing upwards. 2. Elevation, being above or over. 3. A stoic, a philosopher. 4. Stoicism. mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) Indifferent, unconcerned, apathetic. उद् उदर and दास who casts.

उदासिन् mfn. (-सि-सी-सि) Indifferent, disregarding, void of passion or affection. उद् उदर before दास to cast, सत् aff.

उदासिन् mfn. (-सी-सि-सि) Indifferent, disregarding. m. (-सी) A stoic, a philosopher, one who has no passion or affection for any thing in popular acception, a religious asceticism, a general or one of a particular order. उद् उदर and दास aff.

not involved in the dispute. m. (-यः) A stranger, a neutral, a non-mor acquaintance, a person neither a friend, nor a foe. n. उद above, कृत् affix.

उदासित m. (-यः) 1. A spy, an emissary. 2. A door-keeper. 3. superintendent. mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Set over. n. उद over, वाङ् before वा to stay, affix क्.

उदाहरण n. (-यः) 1. An example or illustration, an opposite argument, one of five modes of logical reasoning. 2. Declaring, saying. n. उद over, वाङ् before व to convey, and कृत् affix, or with च् affix उदाहार.

उदाहार m. (-रः) See the preceding.

उदाहृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Called, named, entitled. 2. Said. 3. Illustrated. n. उद and वाङ् before व to take, affix क्.

उदित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Said, spoken. 2. Bound, tied. 3. Risen, ascended. 4. Grown, augmented. 5. Born, produced. 6. Incurred, experienced. 7. High, tall, lofty. n. उद to speak, and क् affix; or उद up, and वत् gone, past part. of वृच् to go.

उदितदित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Well acquainted with the Sastras. n. उदित said, (by law and religion,) and उदित risen, &c. eminent.

उदीचय n. (-यः) 1. Seeing, beholding. 2. Looking up. n. उद and ईच् to see, कृत् aff.

उदीच्य ind. Having seen. n. उद and ईच् to see, कृत् aff.

उदीची f. (-ची) The north: see उदच.

उदीचीन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Northern. n. उदच north, ख aff.

उदीच्य m. (-यः) The country to the north and west of the river Saraswati, the northern region. n. (-यः) A perfume: see वाचा. n. उदीची the north, and यन् aff.

उदीचय n. (-यः) Speaking, saying. n. उद up, out, ईच् to go, and कृत् aff. उदीच्य mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Said, uttered. n. उद and ईच् to go, affix क्.

उदीच्य mfn. (-यः-चा-च) 1. Generous, great, excellent. 2. Intense. n. उद above, कृत् to go, affix क्, deriv. irr. [वेग speed.]

उदीच्येन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Impetuous (as a torrent), violent. n. उदीच्य and उदीच्य mfn. (-यः-चा-च) To be spoken. n. उद before ईच् to go, यन् aff.

उदीच्येन mfn. (-यः-चा-च) 1. Speaking. 2. Spoken. n. उद before ईच् to go, यन् aff.

उद्वर m. (-रः) 1. The glomerous fig tree, (Ficus glomerata.) 2. A kind of leprosy. 3. A threshold. 4. A copper. n. (-रः) Copper; see उद्वर, it is also written उद्वर.

उद्वरपर्वी f. (-वी) A plant: see उद्वर, also उद्वरपर्वी and उद्वरपर्वी.

उद्वर n. (-यः) A gum-resin, Bdellium. mn. (-नः-ना-न) A wooden mortar used for freeing rice from the husk by pounding it with a pestle. 2. Any mortar. n. उद for उद up, and वत् what goes, affix च्; also उद्वर and उद्वर.

उद्वर mfn. (-यः-चा-च) 1. Married. 2. Coarse, gross, heavy. 3. Material, substantial. 4. Much, exceeding. n. उद up, वच् to bear, and क् affix, deriv. irr.

उद्वर mfn. (-यः-चा-च) Shaking, making tremble. n. उद before वच् to tremble, क् aff.

उद्वर 6th cl. (उद्वर) To cast off or quit.

उद्वर mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Risen, ascended. 2. Vomited, cast up. 3. Departed, gone. 4. Proceeded forth or from. n. उद up, and वत् gone.

उद्वर f. (-तः) A stanza of four lines, with ten syllables in the three first, and thirteen in the last.

उद्वर mfn. (-यः-चा-च) Deceased, dead. n. उद्वर gone, वच् breath.

उद्वर f. (-तः) 1. Raising up, rising, ascending. 2. Bringing up, vomiting. n. उद and वच् going.

उद्वर m. (-यः) 1. Going up, rising, ascending. 2. Bringing up, vomiting; also उद्वर. n. उद up, वच् or वच् going.

उद्वर mfn. (-यः-चा-च) To be gone up, or ascended. n. (-यः) A pair of bleached clothes. n. उद up, वच् to go, and वच् aff.

उदाह n. adv. (-यः) or adj. mfn. (-यः-चा-च) Much, excessive, n. उद excess, and वाङ् much.

उदाह m. (-तः) A reciter of the prayer, &c. of the Sama Veda. n. उद up, and वाङ् who sings, (the prayers being sung,) from नै to sing, and वच् aff.

उदाह f. (-तः) A variety of the Arya measure, the same as the Giti, a stanza of four lines containing alternately 12 and 18 instants.

उदाह m. (-रः) 1. Vomiting. 2. Ejecting any thing from the mouth. 3. Sound. 4. Speaking in the throat. n. उद up, वच् to vomit, &c. वच् aff.

उदाह n. (-यः) 1. Vomiting. 2. Ejecting any thing, as saliva, &c. from the mouth. n. उद before वच् to vomit, वच् aff; also उदाह.

उदाह f. (-तः) A variety of the Arya metre, a verse of four lines containing 12, 15—12, and 14 feet.

उदाह m. (-यः) 1. A portion of the Sama Veda. 2. Designation of the trilateral name of God. 3. Chanting the Sama Veda. n. उद up, aloud, नै to sing, and वच् Una di aff.

उद्वर mfn. (-यः-चा-च) 1. Raised, lifted, held up. 2. Erected. 3. Excited. n. उद up, वच् to make effort, irr. participle past.

उद्वर m. (-यः) 1. Taking up. 2. An object that may be accomplished by religious or other acts. n. उद before वच् to take, वच् aff.

उद्वर n. (-यः) Taking up, lifting up. n. उद and वच् taking.

उद्वर m. (-यः) 1. Taking up. 2. Replying in argument. n. उद up, वच् to take, and वच् aff.

उद्वर mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Excellent, exalted. 2. Bound, tied. 3. Seized. 4. Deposited, delivered. 5. Taken or lifted up. 6. Recalled, remembered. n. उद up, and वाङ् taken.

उद्वर m. (-यः) Excellence, happiness. n. उद much, वच् to shine, affix वच् or उद before वच् to strike, वच् aff. and the final rejected.

उद्वर m. (-यः) A carpenter's work-bench, a plank on which he works. n. उद above, वच् to injure, वच् affix, & changed to वच् [ing.]

उद्वर n. (-यः) Opening, opening up as a lid. n. उद up, and वच् fasten.

उद्वर mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Opened, unlocked. n. उद up, and वच् fastened.

उद्वर n. (-यः) 1. Rubbing, rubbing up. 2. Rubbing the skin with hard substances, as vitrified brick, &c. n. उद and वच् friction.

उद्वर n. (-यः) Flesh. n. उद, वच् substituted for उद to eat, affix वच्; what is eaten. [&c. वच् aff.]

उद्वर m. (-यः) A watch or guard house. n. उद up, वच् to endeavour.

उद्वर mn. (-यः-चा-च) 1. A key. 2. A bucket, &c. see the next. 3. An opener, the instrument or agent of opening any thing.

उद्वर n. (-यः) 1. The rope and bucket of a well, a leather bucket used for drawing water. 2. Opening, unlocking. 3. An opener, the instrument or means of opening, a key, &c. 4. Hoisting, raising, lifting up. n. उद up, वच् to strive, affix वच्; also with वच् affix उद्वर.

उद्वर mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Done with effort, exerted. 2. Opened. 3. Raised, hoisted or lifted up. n. उद much, वच् to exert, affix क्.

उद्वर mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Wise, intelligent. n. उद much, वच् to eudcayour, affix क्, and वच् who knows.

उद्वर mfn. (-यः-चा-च) 1. Intelligent. 2. Naked. n. उद्वर and वच् the body.

उद्वर m. (-यः) 1. A beginning, a thing begun. 2. A weapon. 3. A club, a mallet. 4. Striking, wounding, inflicting a hurt. 5. A wound, a blow. 6. The division of a book, a chapter, a section. 7. Breathing through the nostrils as a religious exercise. 8. Slipping, tripping. 9. High, tall. n. उद before वच् to kill or destroy, and वच् aff. n is substituted for न.

उद्वर r. 6th cl. (उद्वर) To be straight: see उद्वर.

उद्वर r. 6th cl. See उद्वर.

उद्वर mfn. (-यः-चा-च) Sounded out. n. उद before वच्, &c.

उद्गम m. (-ग) A bag. E. उद् much, and दग् who bites, from दग् and अग् aff.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) Raised on a staff or pole. E. उद् and दग् a stick.

उद्गमाल m. (-ल) 1. A sort of snake. 2. A kind of fish. 3. A punisher, whether king or magistrate. E. उद् above, दग्पाल a punisher.

उद्गमर mfn. (-र) 1. High, tall. 2. Terrific, formidable. 3. Large toothed. E. उद् high, long, and दग् large toothed.

उद्गम n. (-ग) 1. Binding, confinement. 2. Taming, subduing. 3. A fire-place. 4. Submarine fire. 5. The middle, the waist. 6. The entrance of the sun into a sign of the zodiac. E. उद् reverse, and दा to give, affix जुट्.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) 1. Energetic. 2. Humble. 3. Elevated. 4. Vomited by an elephant. E. उद् and दग् tamed.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) 1. Set free, unbound. 2. Unconstrained, self-willed. 3. Large, great. 4. Proud, haughty. m. (-ग) A name of VARENA. E. उद् priv. दग् to tame, and अग् aff.

उद्गम m. (-ग) 1. A plant, (Cordia myxa or latifolia). 2. A kind of grain, (Paspalum framentaceum). E. उद् high, large. दग् to pierce, affix अग्; also उद्गम, क being added. [also उद्गम]

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) Bound, tied. E. उद् up, दा to cut, and अग् affix; उद्गम n. (-ग) 1. Mid-day. 2. Every day. E. उद् and दग् day.

उद्गम ind. Having shewn or explained. 2. Stipulating for, demanding E. उद्, दिग् to show, य aff.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) 1. Mentioned, particularised, described. 2. Promised. E. उद् before दिग् to show, affix अग्.

उद्गम n. (-ग) A gummy and resinous substance, Bdellium. m. (-ग) 1. Inflaming, lighting. 2. An enflamer. 3. Animating, or who or what animates. E. उद्, दीप् to shine, अग् aff.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) 1. Exciting, inflaming, rendering more intense. 2. Lighting, setting alight. E. उद् and दीप् what lights.

उद्गम n. (-ग) 1. Exciting, inflaming as passion. 2. Illuminating. 3. Burning of a body, &c. 4. Any aggravating thing or circumstance, calculated to give poignancy to feeling or passion. E. उद् much, दीप् to inflame, जुट् aff.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) Lighting up, brightening, becoming light E. उद् before दीप् and अग् aff.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) 1. Lighted, set on fire or alight. 2. Inflamed, aggravated, as passion. E. उद् and दीप् lighted.

उद्गम n. (-ग) Bdellium. E. उद् before दीप् to shine, अग् aff.

उद्गम m. (-ग) 1. Illustration, explanation, exemplification. 2. Search, enquiry. 3. Stipulation, bargain. 4. An object, a motive. mfn. (-ग) Relative to. E. उद् and दिग् showing.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) What explains or shows, illustrative, explanatory. m. (-ग) 1. An illustration, an example. 2. An illustrator. 3. A guide. E. उद् before दिग् to show, अग् aff.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) To be illustrated or explained. E. उद्, दिग् to show, अग् aff.

उद्गम f. (-ग) The white ant, termes; also उद्गमिका.

उद्गीत m. (-त) Light, lustre. E. उद्, गुत् to shine, अग् aff.

उद्गम m. (-ग) 1. Flight, retreat. 2. Going upwards. E. उद् up, दग् to run, and अग् aff.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) 1. Fled, retreated, run away. 2. Ascended, gone up or upwards. E. उद् and दग् gope.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) 1. Rude, ill-behaved. 2. Haughty, vain, puffed up. 3. Raised, elevated. 4. Excited, intense. m. (-ग) A king's wrestler. E. उद् above, दग् to hurt or injure, अग् अग्; उद्गम mfn. (-ग) Haughty, proud, high-minded. E. उद् raised, दग् high-minded.

उद्गम m. (-ग) Pride, arrogance. E. उद्, दग् having a mind, and अग् abstract aff.

उद्गम f. (-ग) 1. Pride, haughtiness. 2. Elevation. E. उद् before दग् strike, affix अग्.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) Who or what blows. m. (-ग) 1. Breathing, panting. 2. Blowing, sounding. E. उद् before दा to blow, अग् अग्.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) Who or what drinks. E. उद् before दा to drink, अग् aff.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) 1. Who raises or lifts up. 2. A sharer. 3. Who recovers property. E. उद् before दा to take, अग् aff.

उद्गम n. (-ग) 1. Raising or lifting any thing. 2. Eradicating a tree. 3. Exterminating, destroying. 4. Taking a part or share. 5. Vomiting, bringing up. 6. Final emancipation. E. उद् up, दा to take, अग् अग्.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) 1. To be raised up. 2. To be given up. E. उद् before दग् to be taken.

उद्गम m. (-ग) 1. A festival, especially religious. 2. Great joy. E. उद् much, दग् happiness.

उद्गम n. (-ग) Erection of the hair of the body. E. उद् much, दग् to happy, and अग् affix; occasioned by great pleasure.

उद्गम m. (-ग) 1. A festival, a holiday. 2. Sacrificial fire. 3. The name a person, the friend and counselor of KRISHNA. E. उद् reverse, to feel pain, अग् aff.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) 1. Gone up, ascended. 2. Vomited. n. (-ग) A furnace or fire-place. E. उद्, दा to have or hold, अग् अग्.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) Vomited. m. (-ग) An elephant out of rut. E. उद् up, and दा to breathe or blow, affix अग्.

उद्गम m. (-ग) 1. Raising, elevating, lifting up. 2. Debt, especially a debt not bearing interest. 3. A portion, a share. 4. A deduction, a part to be set aside. 5. Recovering property. 6. Extracting, quoting. (-ग) A fire-place. f. (-ग) A plant, (Menispermum glabrum). E. उद् up, दा to have, अग् aff.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) Who or what raises or lifts. E. उद् before दा take, अग् aff.

उद्गम n. (-ग) 1. Raising, elevating. 2. Sharing, dividing. E. उद् before दा to have, causal form, अग् अग्.

उद्गम m. (-ग) Partition, division of shares. E. उद्गम and दिग् dividing.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) 1. Heavy. 2. Thick, gross. 3. Firm. E. उद् and दग् a burden.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) 1. Shaken off; fallen from or off. 2. Tossed scattered above. E. उद् and दग् trembling.

उद्गम n. (-ग) Horrification. E. उद् up, दग् to shine, अग् अग्.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) 1. Raised, drawn up, as water from a well, &c. Pulled up or out, eradicated or broken off. 3. Lifted up. 4. Raised. 5. Thrown up or upwards. 6. Vomited. 7. Separated apart. 8. Divided, partitioned. 9. Recovered. 10. Uncovered. 11. Dispersed, scattered. 12. Extracted, selected, taken from or of. 13. Holding, containing. E. उद् up, दा to take, and अग् aff.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) 1. One who has received his share. 2. From which a share has been deducted. E. उद्गम and दग् a share.

उद्गम m. (-ग) A river. E. उद् to go, अग् affix, deriv. aff.

उद्गम n. (-ग) A furnace or fire-place. E. उद्, दा to blow, and अग् अग्.

उद्गम n. (-ग) Tying up, hanging. E. उद् and दग् tying.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) 1. Having the arms lifted up. 2. Having trunk upraised (as an elephant). E. उद् and दग् the arm.

उद्गम mfn. (-ग) 1. Blown, buffed. 2. Reminded, made to think or recalled. 3. Awakened. E. उद् forth, up, and दग् known.

उद्गम m. (-ग) Association of ideas recalling any thing to remembrance. E. उद् and दग् faculty.

उद्गम m. (-ग) 1. Instant knowledge. 2. Awakening. 3. Reminding.

उद्घोषक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Discovering, exhibiting. 2. What reminds, or calls to remembrance. ३. उत् and उद्घोष making known.

उद्घोषक n. (-कः) 1. Recalling, reminding. 2. Awakening, arousing. ३. उत् before वच् to know, causal form, कृट् aff.

उद्घोष mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Excellent. 2. Exalted, magnanimous. m. (-कः) 1. A tortoise. 2. The sun. ३. उत् lofty, भट् to desire, and वच् affix; high-minded.

उद्भव m. (-वः) Birth, production. ३. उत् forth, भू to be or become, वच् aff.

उद्भवकर mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Productive. ३. उद्भव, and कर what makes.

उद्भाव m. (-वः) 1. Production, generation. 2. Magnanimity. ३. उत्, भाव causing to be, &c

उद्भावन n. (-नः) 1. Inattention, neglect, disregard. 2. Saying, speaking. ३. उत् away or up, भावन observing.

उद्भाविता mfn. (-ता-तः) 1. Neglected, disregarded. 2. Said, declared. ३. उत् and भाविता made known.

उद्भास m. (-सः) Radiance, splendor. ३. उत् and भास shining.

उद्भासयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Lighting up, irradiating. ३. उत् before भास to shine, शब्द aff.

उद्भासिता mfn. (-ता-तः) 1. Lighting up, illuminated, splendid. 2. Ornamented, graced, beautified. ३. उत् before भास to shine, क aff.

उद्भिज्ज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) See the next.

उद्भिज्ज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Sprouting, germinating. (as a vegetable.) ३. उद्भिद् a vegetable, and ज produced; also उद्भिज्ज one ज being dropped; also उद्भिद्.

उद्भिद् mfn. (-द्भि- or -द्भि) Sprouting, germinating. ३. उत् up, भिद् to break or burst, affix क्तिप्, or with क affix उद्भिद् (-द्भि-द्भि-द्भि) n. (द्भि) Culinary salt. ३. उत् forth, भिद् to break, and क affix; breaking from the soil.

उद्भिद् n. (-द्भि) Sprouting, &c. ३. See the last. [broken.]

उद्भिद् mfn. (-द्भि-द्भि-द्भि) 1. Opened, burst. 2. Budded. ३. उत् up, and भिद्

उद्भूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Born, produced. 2. Lofty, literally or figuratively. 3. Visible, perceptible, present. ३. उत् before भू to be, affix क.

उद्भूतक m. (-कः) Visible shape or form. ३. उद्भूत and रूप form.

उद्भूत n. (-नः) 1. Regret. 2. Whirling, flourishing. ३. उत् much, भ्रम to wander, वच् aff.

उद्भूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Agitated, bewildered, distressed. 2. Whirled, flourished, wayed (as a sword) ३. उत् and भ्रम revolved

उद्भूत m. (-तः) A river. ३. उद् water, and य what goes, from य to go, and उ aff.

उद्भूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Raised, held up. 2. Active, persevering, labouring diligently and incessantly. 3. Trained, exercised, disciplined. m. (-तः) A section, a chapter, the division of a book. ३. उत् before यम् to cease, affix क.

उद्यम m. (-मः) 1. Strenuous and continued effort, exertion, perseverance. 2. Taking or lifting up. ३. उद् reverse, यम् to cease, affix यच्.

उद्यमिन् mfn. (-नी-नी-नी-नि) Persevering, active, making effort. ३. उद्यम and नि aff.

उद्यम mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Requiring exertion. ind. Having lifted or taken up. 2. Having made exertion. ३. उत् before यम् to cease, यत् and यच् aff.

उद्यान n. (-नः) 1. A garden. 2. A park. 3. Going forth, exit. 4. Purpose, motive. ३. उत् go, affix कृट्.

उद्यानवाह m. (-वाहः) A gardener. 2. The master or owner of a garden. ३. उद्यान and वाह who takes care of.

उद्यम m. (-वः) Mixing, joining. ३. उद् before य् to mix, affix यच्.

उद्यम mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Zealously active, labouring for some desired end. ३. उद्, यम् to join, क affix; also उद्यम.

उद्यम m. (-वः) Exertion, perseverance, strenuous and continued endeavour. ३. उद्, यम् to join, यच् aff.

उद्यमिन् mfn. (-नी-नी-नी-नि) Active, laborious, persevering, one who makes effort. ३. उद्यम and नि aff.

उद्ग m. (-तः) An otter. ३. उद्गो to wet, and उद्गो Unadiff.

उद्ग m. (-तः) An imaginary city, one floating in the air. ३. उद् above, and उद्ग a town, one उद् rejected; also read उद्ग, see उद्गिन्.

उद्ग m. (-तः) 1. The pin of the axle of a carriage. 2. A cook. ३. उद् up, and उद्ग a carriage.

उद्ग m. (-वः) A loud noise. ३. उद् before ग् to cry, affix यच्.

उद्गिन् mfn. (-नी-नी-नी-नि) 1. Distinct, evident. 2. Increased, augmented. ३. उद्, गिन् to flow, affix क.

उद्गिन् mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Destroying, breaking down. ३. उद् on, ग्न् to injure, क aff. [flow, यच् aff.]

उद्ग m. (-तः) 1. Commencement 2. Increase 3. Excess. ३. उद्, गिन् to

उद्ग m. (-तः) A year. ३. उद्, वत्सर a year.

उद्ग n. (-नः) Vomiting, bringing up. ३. उत्, and वत्सर vomiting.

उद्ग mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Abundant, plentiful. 2. Left over, m. (-तः) A remainder, a surplus. ३. उत् much, ग्न् to be, क aff.

उद्ग mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Rubbing and cleansing the body, (who or what does so.) 2. Causing increase. m. (-कः) (In algebra.) An assumed quantity. ३. उद् over, ग्न् to be, यच् aff.

उद्ग n. (-नः) 1. Going up, rising, ascending. 2. Grinding, pounding. 3. Bubbling and kneading the body. 4. Rubbing and cleansing it with fragrant unguents. 5. Unguents, used for that purpose, or to relieve pains in the limbs, &c. 6. Rising, (figuratively) prosperity, elevation. 7. Misbehaving. 8. Springing up of plants or grain, &c. 9. Drawing out metal, laminating, wire drawing, &c. ३. उद् up, and वत्सर abiding, &c.

उद्गिन् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Perfumed, scented. 2. Risen, elevated. 3. Sprung up. 4. Drawn out. ३. उत् before ग्न् to be, क aff.

उद्गिन् n. (-नः) A sly or suppressed laugh. ३. उत् priv ग्न् to increase, and कृट् aff.

उद्गिन् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Raised, drawn or lifted up. 2. Eradicated. ३. उत् up, and वत्सर injured; also उद्गिन्, from वाह् to endeavour

उद्ग m. (-तः-ता-तं) A son or a daughter. m. (-तः) 1. The vital air that conveys nourishment, &c, upwards. 2. A chief, a leader, the head of a family or force mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Who or what takes up or away. 2. Best, most eminent. ३. उत् further, वद् what bears; erring on one's name, &c.

उद्ग mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Upholding, supporting, bearing, contain ing. 2. Having, possessing, assuming. ३. उत् before वद् to bear, ग्न् aff.

उद्ग mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Vomited. ३. उद् up, वम् to vomit, क affix. see उद्ग and उद्ग.

उद्ग mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Vomited. m. (-तः) An elephant out of rut. ३. उत्, वम् to vomit, affix क, deriv. irr. see उद्ग.

उद्ग m. (-तः) (In logic,) non-existence of a subsequent consequent on the absence of an antecedent. ३. उद् before वप् to sow, affix यच्.

उद्ग m. (-नः) 1. Abandoning, letting loose or free 2. Exile. 3. Kill ing. ३. उद् away, वम् to abide, causal form, यच् aff.

उद्ग n. (-नः) 1. Quitting, abandoning. 2. Expelling, banishing. 3. Killing, slaughter. ३. उत् forth, out, वम् to abide, in the causal form, and कृट् aff.

उद्ग m. (-तः) Marriage. ३. उत् up, वद् to bear, यच् aff.

उद्ग mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) The marriage ceremony. ३. उद्ग and वत्सर act.

उद्ग n. (-नः) 1. Marriage. 2. Ploughing a field twice. 3. Anxiety, anxious regret. f. (-नः) The small shell used as a coin, a Cowrie. ३. उत् up, वाह् to endeavour, कृट् affix, and उद्ग fem. do.

उद्ग mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Relating to marriage, matrimonial. ३. उद्ग marriage, and उद्ग aff.

उत्थापित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Raised, lifted or pulled up, &c. 2. Eradicated. E. उत् before उद् to bear, causal form, affix क्.

उत्थापित mfn. (-ही-हिनी-हि) 1. What raises or draws up. 2. Who or what marries, relating to marriage f. (-ही) A rope. E. उत्, वाह् to endeavour, विनि and लीप् affixes, or उत्थाप and एनि aff.

उत्थित mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Sorrowful, anxious, grieving for an absent lover, &c. E. उत्, विज् to shake, क् aff.

उत्थितमन् mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Sorrowful, depressed in spirits, anxious, distressed. E. उत्थित and मन् the mind.

उत्थीय n. (-यः) 1. Looking up or upwards. 2. Seeing, looking at. E. उत् and वि before ईच् to see, affix क् ट्.

उत्थित mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. Raised, elevated. 2. Exalted, prosperous. 3. Unrestrained, ill-behaved. 4. Vomited. 5. Left, as a remainder. E. उत् above, and हत् placed.

उत्थित mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. One going swiftly, a runner, a courier, &c. 2. Steady, composed, tranquil. m. (-नः) 1. Regret. 2. Fear. 3. Anxiety, agitation. 4. Distress occasioned by separation from a beloved object. 5. Admiration, astonishment. 6. Ascending, mounting, going up or upwards. 7. An ascetic whose arms, by long habit, continue always raised above his head. n. (-नः) The fruit of the *Areca catechu*, the betel nut. E. उत् up, विज् to fear, to shake, &c. चक् aff.

उत्थित mfn. (-नो-मिनी-मि) Suffering distress, anxious, unhappy. E. उत्थित and एनि aff.

उत्थित mfn. (-नः-का-कः) Distressing, annoying, what causes pain or sorrow. E. उत् before विज् to fear, causal form, क् ट् aff.

उत्थित n. (-नः) 1. Anxiety, regret, sorrowing for one absent. 2. Corporal infliction, mutilation, torture. E. उत् before विज् to shake, affix क् ट्.

उत्थितकर mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रः) 1. Inflicting pain, punishing, torturing. 2. Painful. E. उत्थित and कर what makes.

उत्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Grieved, pained, afflicted. E. उत् before विज् to fear, causal, क् aff.

उत्थित mfn. (-यः-या-यः) What surrounds, &c. m. (-यः) 1. Investing a town, besieging or surrounding it. 2. Capturing, taking. 3. Surrounding, enclosing. E. उत् before वेह् to surround, चक् aff.

उत्थित n. (-नः) 1. Surrounding. 2. An enclosure. 3. Pain in the buttocks. E. उत् before वेह् to surround, क् ट् aff.

उत्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Surrounded, invested, enclosed. E. उत् before वेह् to surround, क् aff.

उत्थित n. (-यः) An adder : see उधर.

उत्थित m. (-यः) A name of a river.

उत्थित 9th cl. (उत्थित) 10th cl. (उत्थित) 1. To glean or gather by little at a time. 2. To throw or cast upwards. The initial उ is considered by some as an indicatory letter, the root being then थृच् ; q. v.

उत्थित 7th cl. (उत्थित) 1. To wet or moisten. 2. To be or become wet.

उत्थित m. (-रः) A rat.

उत्थित m. (-रः) A rat : see the next.

उत्थित m. (-रः) A rat. E. उत्थित to wet, and उत्थित affix ; it is also written उत्थित, उत्थित, as above, and उत्थित, &c.

उत्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Wet, moist. 2. Kind, humane. E. उत्थित to be moist, क् aff.

उत्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. High, tall. 2. Raised, held or lifted up. 3. Plump, full. 4. Great, eminent. E. उत्थित high, मत् bent.

उत्थितमन् mfn. (-मि-मि-मि) Corpulent. E. उत्थित high, and मन् the navel.

उत्थितमन् mfn. (-मः-मा-मः) Holding up the head, carrying the head high. E. उत्थित and मन् the head.

उत्थितमन् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Uneven, undulating, wavy. E. उत्थित high, and मन् low.

उत्थित f. (-मि-) 1. Increase, advancement, prosperity. 2. Rising, ascending. 3. The wife of GARUDA. E. उत् up, मन् to bend, विज् aff.

उत्थित m. (-यः) A name of GARUDA. E. उत्थित and ईच् husband : the husband of UNNATI.

उत्थित mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. Swelled, increased. 2. Tied upon or over. 3. Unbound. E. उत् before नद् to bind, क् aff.

उत्थित n. (-नः) Raising, lifting up. E. उत् before नद् to bow, क् ट् aff.

उत्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Raised, elevated, lifted or pulled up. 2. Heightened, increased. E. उत् before नद् to bow, क् affix, with इट् augment.

उत्थित ind. Having raised. E. उत् before नद् to bow, क् ट् aff.

उत्थित mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Lofty, high, elevated. E. उत् before नद् to bow, क् ट् aff.

उत्थित m. (-यः) 1. Raising, elevating, hoisting. 2. Analogy, resemblance. E. उत् up, नी to obtain, and चक् aff.

उत्थित n. (-नः) 1. Deliberation, discussion, logic, reasoning. 2. Inference. 3. Raising, elevating, lifting up. E. उत् up, नी to obtain, affix क् ट्.

उत्थित mfn. (-सः-सा-सः) Having a prominent nose. E. उत् up, नस् for नास्ति the nose.

उत्थित m. (-नः) Raising, lifting up. E. उत् and नद् to bow, चक् aff.

उत्थित m. (-यः) Raising. E. See उत्थित, affix चक्.

उत्थित mfn. (-कः-का-कः) 1. What raises. 2. What leads to an inference or conclusion. E. उत् before नी to get, causal form, क् ट् aff.

उत्थित n. (-यः) Sour gruel made from the fermentation of rice. E. उत् and नद् to bind, affix चक्.

उत्थित mfn. (-दः-दा-दः) 1. Awake. 2. Blown, expanded as flower. E. उत् priv and निद्रा sleep.

उत्थित mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. Insane, frantic, mad. 2. Drunk, intoxicated. m. (-नः) 1. The thorn apple, (*Datura metel* and *fastuosa*) 2. A plant, (*Pterospermum acerifolium*). E. उत् much, मत् drunk or mad, applied to the plants, it alludes to their deleterious properties.

उत्थित f. (-ता) Insanity, intoxication. E. तक् added to the last : also उत्थित.

उत्थित mfn. (-दः-दा-दः) 1. Mad, furious, extravagant, intoxicated. m. (-दः) Insanity, either morbid or as the effect of temporary excitement, intoxication, extacy. E. उत् very, मद् to be mad, चक् aff.

उत्थित mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. Mad, insane, crazed. 2. Intoxicated. 3. In rut, (as an elephant.) E. उत्थित to be mad, चक् attributive aff.

उत्थित mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Regretting, missing, sorrowing for a lost or departed friend, &c. E. उत् up, upset, disturbed, and मन् the mind.

उत्थित m. (-यः) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. Agitation. E. उत् before मन् to kill, affix चक्.

उत्थित mfn. (-कः-का-कः) 1. What moves or stirs. 2. Throbbing, beating. m. (-कः) Inflammation of the outer ear. E. उत् before मन् to hurt, क् ट् aff.

उत्थित n. (-नः) 1. Shaking, agitating. 2. Hurting, killing. 3. Probing, stirring a weapon, &c. lodged in the body. E. उत् before मन् to hurt, क् ट् aff.

उत्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Moved, agitated, distressed. E. उत् and मन् agitated.

उत्थित m. (-यः) 1. A snare or trap. 2. Killing, slaughter. 3. A killer, a slaughterer. 4. Pride, disdain. E. उत्, मन् to agitate, and चक् aff.

उत्थित mfn. (-दः-दा-दः) Mad, insane. m. (-दः) 1. Madness, extravagance. 2. (In mad) mania. E. उत् much, मद् to be mad, affix चक्.

उत्थित m. (-नः) Maddening, exciting, intoxicating. 2. One of five arrows borne by KAMADIVA, the Hindu Cupid. E. उत् before मद् to be mad or intoxicated, causal form, क् ट् aff.

उत्थित mfn. (-मः-मा-मः) Mad, insane, wild, extravagant. E. उत् mad, &c. and मन् poss. aff.

उत्थित mfn. (-ही-हिनी-हि) Mad, intoxicated. E. उत्थित and एनि aff.

उपम m. (-नः) A measure of size or quantity. E. उत् and मा to measure, कृट् aff.  
 उपास m. (-नीः) 1. A wrong road. 2. Improper conduct, an evil course, error. E. उत् and आस to go. [gone].  
 उपासक mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Erred, erring, going wrong. E. उपासी and गत  
 उपासक m. (-नीः) 1. Going a wrong road. 2. Following evil courses. E. उपासी and गत going.  
 उपासक mfn. (-नी-नी-नी) 1. Going wrong, erring, following evil courses. 2. Taking a wrong road. E. उपासी and गतिन् who goes.  
 उपासक mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Measured, measured. E. उत् before मा to measure, कृट् aff.  
 उपासक mfn. (-य-य-य) Opening the eye, drawing up the eyelid, looking at, seeing. E. उत् before सिध् to scatter, कृट् aff.  
 उपासक mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Opened, (as the eye.) 2. Blown as a flower. E. उत् up, सिध् to scatter, affix कृट्.  
 उपासक m. (-नीः) 1. Winking, twinkling of the eye. 2. Blowing, expanding. E. उत् and सील to twinkle, affix कृट्.  
 उपासक mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Opened, (as the eyes.) 2. Blown as a flower. E. उत्, सील to wink, affix कृट्.  
 उपासक mfn. (-य-य-य) Looking upwards. E. उत् up, मुख the face.  
 उपासक mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Blown as a flower. 2. Unsealed, opened. E. उत् up, open, and मुद्रा a seal.  
 उपासक mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Eradicated, pulled up by the roots. E. उत् up, मुख nominal verb, to take root, कृट् aff.  
 उपासक mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Worn off, blotted out. E. उत् out, मृष्ट rubbed.  
 उपासक m. (-तः) Copulency, fatness. E. उत् much, सिद्ध to anoint, कृट् and टाप् affixes.  
 उपासक m. (-यः) 1. Winking, twinkling of the eyelids, the upward motion. 2. Opening the eye, looking at. E. उत् up, सिध् to scatter, affix कृट्.  
 उप and. A particle and prefix to verbs and other words implying, 1. Excess, (over, above, &c.) 2. Vicinity or assemblage, (near, by the side of, with, together with) 3. Inferiority, (lesser, secondary, &c.) 4. Likeness, resemblance; 5. Disease, extinction; 6 Ornament; 7. Command; 8. Reproof; 9. Astonishing; 10. Giving; 11. Killing; 12. Diffusion; 13. Wish, desire; 14. Effort, exertion, &c. as उपकृत् to assist; उपगत to approach; उपदेष्टु to advice; उपकृत् to revile; उपस्थान to worship; also उपपुराण an inferior or minor Purana, उपकुम्भ near the water-pot, उपगङ्गा upon the Ganges, उपकान near or with a lover, उपस्थान in the vicinity of fire.  
 उपकृत् mfn. (-यः-य-य) Near, proximate. n. (-यः) 1. Space near a village or its boundary. 2. One of a horse's paces, his walk. ind. (-यः) Upon the neck, near the throat. E. उप near, कृष्ट the neck.  
 उपकृत् n. (-यः) 1. Apparatus, paraphernalia, as the vessels and offerings at a sacrifice. 2. Implements, machines. 3. The insignia of royalty. 4. Sauces, condiments. 5. Helping, assisting. 6. Object of art or science, fabricating, composing, &c. 7. Means of subsistence, any thing supporting life. E. उप implying command or help, कृट् to make, कृट् aff. [कृष्ट the ear].  
 उपकृत् ind. Close to the ear, into the ear, (whispered, &c.) E. उप near, उपकृत् mfn. (-यः-य-य) Assisting, befriending, one who helps or befriends. E. उप before कृट् to do, affix उत्.  
 उपकृत् m. (-यः) 1. Preparing articles of food, medicine, &c. 2. Fabricating, making. 3. Substituting. E. उप and कृत् making.  
 उपकृत् mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Prepared, made. 2. Secondary, substituted. E. उप and कृत् prepared.  
 उपकृत् m. (-यः) 1. Favour, protection, help, assistance. 2. Use, advantage. 3. A flower, &c. full blown. 4. Garlands suspended, at gateways, as an embellishment on festivals. E. उप near or over, कृट् to make, कृट् aff.

उपकृत् mfn. (-यः-य-य) A friend, a protector, one who befriends. E. उप and कृट् to do, कृट् aff.  
 उपकृत् n. (-यः) 1. Protection, assistance. E. उपकृत् and कृट् aff.  
 उपकृत् mfn. (-यः-य-य) Beneficent, diligent in doing good. E. उपकृत् and पर diligent  
 उपकृत् f. (-यः) 1. A protectress, a governess. 2. A palace, a caravan. 3. A kind of cake E. उपकृत् as below, &c. कृट् affix, and the fem. form, or the fem. of उपकृत्  
 उपकृत् f. (-यः) Aid, succour, protection. E. उत् added to उपकृत्; also with कृट्, उपकृत्  
 उपकृत् mfn. (-यः-य-य) 1. Helping, assisting, a benefactor. 2. Subsidizing, subservient. E. उपकृत् and कृट् aff.  
 उपकृत् f. (-यः) A palace, a caravan. E. उपकृत् aid, asylum, affix कृट् and कृट्.  
 उपकृत् mfn. (-यः-य-य) Deserving assistance or favour. f. (-यः) 1. A king's house, a palace, a caravan. 2. A tent E. उपकृत् aid, &c. and कृट् aff. [and कृट् aff.  
 उपकृत् f. (-यः) A plant, (Nigella Indica.) E. उप very, कृष्ट to be small, उपकृत् f. (-यः) 1. Small cardamoms. see उपा. 2. A sort of fonnel flower, (Nigella Indica, Rox.) E. उत् affixed to the last.  
 उपकृत् mfn. (-यः-य-य) 1. Near, proximate. 2. Solitary, lonely, retired. n. or ind. (-यः) Near the water jar. E. उप and कृष्ट a jar.  
 उपकृत् f. (-यः) 1. A canal, a trench, a ditch. 2. Long pepper, (Piper longum.) E. उप near, कृष्ट to accumulate, and कृट् affix, fem. टाप्.  
 उपकृत् m. (-यः) Gum-bol E. उप before कृष्ट to enclose, कृट् aff.  
 उपकृत् m. (-यः) A trough near a well for watering cattle. E. उप near, कृष्ट a well, and उपकृत् a place for water.  
 उपकृत् mfn. (-यः-य-य) 1. Benefited, assisted. 2. Done kindly or beneficently, rendered as assistance n. (-यः) A favour, a benefit. E. उप before कृट् to do, कृट् aff.  
 उपकृत् f. (-यः) Aid, assistance, kindness. E. उप and कृट् to do, कृट् aff.  
 उपकृत् mfn. (-यः-य-य) Beginning, one who begins. E. उप before कृट् to do, कृट् aff.  
 उपकृत् m. (-यः) 1. Deliberate commencement or undertaking; providing means, and anticipating consequences. 2. A beginning in general. 3. A particular ceremony preparatory to reading the Vedas. 4. A stratagem. 5. A means, an expedient. 6. Trying the fidelity, &c. of a counselor or friend. 7. Valor. 8. Practice of medicine, physicking. 9. Flight retreat. 10. Approach E. उप over, &c. कृट् to go, affix कृट्.  
 उपकृत् mfn. (-यः-य-य) 1. Necessary, to be commenced or undertaken. 2. To be gone to near. E. उप before कृट् to go, कृट् aff.  
 उपकृत् mfn. (-यः-य-य) One who begins, &c. see उपकृत् E. उप before कृट् to go, कृट् affix, with कृट् augment, also उपकृत्.  
 उपकृत् m. (-यः) Censure, reproach. E. उप reproach, inferiority, कृट् to cry, to sound, affix कृट्.  
 उपकृत् m. (-यः) 1. An ass. 2. A reviler, reprover. E. उप implying censure, कृट् to cry, कृट् aff.  
 उपकृत् mfn. (-यः-य-य) Consecrated, dedicated, prepared or set apart for use. E. उप and कृट् made.  
 उपकृत् m. (-यः) The sound of a lute E. उप well, कृष्ट to sound, affix कृट् or with कृट् affix उपकृत्.  
 उपकृत् m. (-यः) Lost E. उप before कृट् to lose, affix कृट्.  
 उपकृत् m. (-यः) Poetical or figurative style or composition. E. उप and कृट् to throw, affix कृट्.  
 उपकृत् m. (-यः) A small number, less than a troop or number. E. उप and कृट् a troop.  
 उपकृत् mfn. (-यः-य-य) 1. Promised, agreed. 2. Near, approached, gone to. 3. Feeling, suffering, entertaining. 4. Becoming, being, become. 5. Having, obtained. E. उप with, कृट् gone, part. past of कृट् to go.

- उपगतम्** mfn. (-वा-गतो-वत्) 1. Going to, gone to. 2. Feeling, suffering, (as sorrow, &c.) 3. Promising. 4. Possessing. **उप** before **गृ** to go, **गृ** aff.
- उपगन्ध** m. (-न्धः) Perfume. **उप** and **गन्ध** smell.
- उपगम** m. (-गमः) 1. Agreement, promise. 2. Approach, approximation. 3. Suffering, feeling. 4. Acquaintance, society, intercourse. 5. Getting, having, obtaining. **उप** near, **गम्** to go, and **गम्** aff.
- उपगिरि** ind. Near a mountain; also with **टच्** added **उपगिरिम्**.
- उपगीतम्** mfn. (-तः-गीतो-वत्) Celebrated, proclaimed, sung, (by bards, &c.) **उप** and **गीत** sung.
- उपगीति** f. (-तिः) A variety of the Arya metre, a stanza of four lines, containing 12—15 and 12—15 syllabic instants.
- उपगीय** mfn. (-यः-गीयो-वत्) To be sung. ind. Having sung **उप** before **गी** to sing, **गृ** or **लृप्** aff.
- उपगृह** mfn. (-हः-गृहो-वत्) 1. Hidden, concealed. 2. Lulled, suppressed. **उप** before **गृह्** to hide, affix **क्**.
- उपगृह्ण** n. (-णः) 1. An embrace, embracing. 2. Astonishment, surprise. **उप** near, **गृह्** to hide, affix **ङ्**.
- उपग्रह** m. (-हः) 1. A prisoner, a man or animal in confinement. 2. Favour, encouragement. 3. Assistance. 4. Peace purchased by the cession of every thing. 5. Seizure. 6. The presiding spirit or cause directing a planet's motion. 7. A minor planet or any heavenly body of a secondary kind, as a comet, a meteor, a falling star, &c. 8. A heap of kusa grass. **उप** near, **ग्रह्** to take, **अप्** affix or **ग्रह** a planet, &c.
- उपग्रह्ण** n. (-णः) 1. Taking, seizing. 2. Holy study, reading the Vedas after initiation. **उप** much, **ग्रह्** to take, affix **ङ्**.
- उपदाय** m. (-दायः) A present, an offering to a king or great man, a Nezar. **उप** much, &c. **दा** to take, affix **यत्**.
- उपघात** m. (-घातः) 1. Disease, sickness. 2. Touch, contact, especially with an intent to injure. 3. Personal violence, assault. **उप** much, **घृ** to injure, **घृ** aff.
- उपघ्न** m. (-घ्नः) 1. Contiguous support. 2. Support, stay, protection. 3. What rests upon or is supported by. **उप** near, **घृ** to destroy, and **घृ** aff. [Chakwa.]
- उपचक्र** m. (-क्रः) A variety of the ruddy goose. **उप** minor, and **चक्र** the
- उपचक्र** m. plu. (-चक्रः) Almost four. **उप** minor and **चक्र** four.
- उपचय** m. (-चयः) 1. Quantity, heap. 2. Elevation. 3. Prosperity. 4. Excess. 5. The third, sixth, tenth, and eleventh degrees from the first of a zodiacal sign. **उप** above, **चि** to collect, **चच्** aff.
- उपचरितम्** mfn. (-तः-चरितो-वत्) Served, adored. **उप** near or with, **चर्** to go, affix **क्**.
- उपचर्य** mfn. (-र्यः-चर्यो-वत्) To be served or waited on. f. (-र्यः) 1. Service, attendance. 2. Practice of medicine, physicking. **उप** implying help, **चर्** to go, **चर्** and **टाप्** affs.
- उपचाय** m. (-चयः) A place for holding sacrificial fire, a hearth, an altar. **उप**, **चि** to collect, **यत्** affix, deriv. irr.
- उपचार** m. (-चारः) 1. Service, attendance. 2. Physicking, the practice of medicine. 3. Practice, profession, usage. 4. A present, a bribe. 5. Presenting delicacies or necessities, water, betel, &c. 6. Tending the sick, nursing. 7. Solicitation, request. 8. Incomplete act, one in progress. 9. A form of speech, a phrase that leaves something to be inferred ellipsis, &c. **उप** well, much, &c. **चर्** to go, **चच्** aff.
- उपचारकर** n. (-करः) Offering presents, especially of perfumes, flowers, &c. attention, service. **उपचार** and **कर** making; also **उपचारकरम्**, **उपचारक्रिया**, &c.
- उपचारपर** mfn. (-परः-चारो-वत्) Waiting upon, serving diligently. **उपचार** service, and **पर** diligent.
- उपचारी** m. (-चारीः) Practice of medicine. **उप**, **चर्** in the causal form, and **चर्** affix, deriv. irr.
- उपचितम्** mfn. (-तः-चितो-वत्) 1. Collected, assembled. 2. Heaped. 3. Thriving, increasing. 4. Burnt. 5. Plastered, smeared. **उप** much, and **चित** collected, from **चि** to gather, affix **क्**.
- उपचिषा** f. (-चिषाः) A plant, *Salvinia cucullata*, Rox.) See **वृषिकचिषा** **उप** much, **चिष** variegated.
- उपचूलन** n. (-नः) Heating, burning. **उप** much, **चूर्** to burn, affix **ङ्**, **र** changed to **ञ**.
- उपचये** mfn. (-चयः-चयो-वत्) To be collected or heaped up. **उप** before **चि** to gather, **यत्** aff.
- उपच्छन्नम्** mfn. (-न्नः-च्छन्नो-वत्) Secret, concealed. **उप** and **च्छ** to cover, **क्** aff.
- उपजातम्** mfn. (-तः-जातो-वत्) Produced, engendered, aroused. **उप** and **जा** born.
- उपजाति** f. (-तिः) A metre or stanza of four lines, with eleven syllables in each.
- उपजाप** m. (-पः) 1. Disunion, separation. 2. Treason, treachery. **उप** separation, **जप्** to meditate, **च** aff.
- उपजापक** mfn. (-कः-जापो-वत्) 1. A mischief-maker, one who foment quarrels. 2. A traitor, treacherous. **उप** before **जप्** to meditate, **क्** aff.
- उपजिह्वा** f. (-जिह्वाः) 1. A kind of insect. 2. The uvula or soft palate. 3. Enlargement of the tongue. **उप** privation or similitude, and **जिह्वा** the tongue.
- उपजिह्विका** f. (-जिह्विकाः) 1. A species of insect. 2. The soft palate; see the preceding.
- उपजीवन** n. (-नः) 1. Act, object. 2. Means of subsistence. **उप** before **जीव्** to live, **वृ** aff.
- उपजीविका** f. (-जिह्वाः) Subsistence, livelihood. **उप** and **जीविका** the same.
- उपजीवन** n. (-नः) Subsistence, means of living. **उप** and **जीवन** living.
- उपजीविन्** mfn. (-वि-जीवो-वि) Dependent, living by or on. **उप** and **जीविन्** who lives.
- उपजीव्य** mfn. (-व्यः-जीव्यो-वत्) Affording a livelihood. n. (-व्यः) Cause. **उप** before **जीव्** to live, **य** aff.
- उपजीव्यम्** ind. An expression indicative of joy. **उप** much, **जु** to be kind, and **चम्** affix; also **उपजीव्यम्**.
- उपज्ञा** f. (-ज्ञाः) Untaught knowledge. **उप** near, with **ज्ञा** knowledge, from **ज्ञा** to know, **चच्** and **टाप्** affs.
- उपजीकन** n. (-नः) A respectful offering or present, a Nezar. **उप** and **जीकन** seeking.
- उपतप्तम्** mfn. (-तप्तः-तप्तो-वत्) 1. Heated, parched. 2. Distressed, pained. **उप** and **तप्त** heated.
- उपतप्तम्** m. (-तप्तः) 1. Morbid heat. 2. Any cause of heat, burning or inflammation. **उप** excess, **तप्** to heat, **चच्** aff.
- उपताप** m. (-पः) 1. Disease. 2. Haste, hurry. 3. Heat, heatedness. 4. Pain. 5. Misfortune. **उप** much, **तप्** to heat, **चच्** aff.
- उपतापिन्** mfn. (-पि-तापो-पि) 1. Inflaming, exciting. 2. Heating. 3. Suffering heat or pain. 4. Sick. **उप** and **ताप** and **पि** affix, or **उप** before **तप्** with **चि** aff.
- उपतलका** f. (-काः) Land near the foot of a hill or mountain. **उप** near, **तल** aff.
- उपदंष्ट्र** m. (-दंष्ट्रः) 1. A relish, or something to promote drinking. 2. The venereal disease, chancre. 3. Biting, stinging. 4. A tree, the scraped root of which is used for horse-radish, (*Morunga hyperanthera*). **उप** much, &c. **दंष्ट्र** biting.
- उपद्वारक** m. (-कः) 1. A door-keeper. 2. A guide. **उप** and **द्वारक** who shows.
- उपदक्षितम्** mfn. (-क्षितः-क्षितो-वत्) Perceived, distinguished. **उप** before **दक्षि** seen.
- उपदा** f. (-दाः) A present, an offering to a king or great man, &c. a Nezar. **उप**, **दा** a gift, from **दा** to give, **चच्** and **टाप्** affs.
- उपदानक** n. (-कः) A present, &c. see the preceding. **उप** implying help, &c. **दान** a gift, and **क** affix: a gift which is for the purpose of procuring favour or protection. **दान** aff.
- उपदिश** ind. Having advised or instructed. **उप** before **दि** to show.



अपदिष्ट mfn. (-द-द-द) 1. Instructed, advised. 2. Initiated. 3. Specified, particularised. 4. Assigned as a plea or reason. n. (-द) Council, advice. ३. अप before दिष्ट to shew, क् aff.

अपदी f. (-दी) A parasitic plant.

अपदेवता f. (-ता) A minor divinity, as a Yaksha, (Gandharba, Apsara, &c. ३. अप and देवता a divinity.

अपदेश m. (-शः) 1. Advice, information, instruction. 2. Plea, pretext. 3. Specification. 4. Initiation, communication of the initiatory Mantra or formula. 5. (In grammar,) An elementary term. ३. अप before दिष्ट to shew, affix चक्.

अपदेशक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Giving instruction, instructing, instructive. m. (-कः) An instructor, a guide, specially a spiritual guide. ३. अप before दिष्ट to shew, चक् aff. [कुट्.]

अपदेशन n. (-न) Advising, instructing. ३. अप before दिष्ट to shew, aff.

अपदेशिन् mfn. (-श्री-श्री-शि) Advising, an adviser. ३. अपदेश advice, and शि affix.

अपदेश्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be advised. (fit, proper, &c.) ३. अप before दिष्ट to shew, त् affix; also अपदेश्य, अपदेश्यनीय.

अपदेष्टु mfn. (-ष्ट-ष्ट-ष्ट) One who points out, who orders or advises. m. (-ष्ट) A Guru, a spiritual guide. ३. अप prefixed to दिष्ट to shew, affix ट्.

अपदेष्टु m. (-ष्टः) 1. Liniment, ointment. 2. A minor or secondary body. ३. अप and दिष्ट plaster, or देष्टु the body.

अपदेष्टिका f. (-का) A kind of insect. ३. अप with, &c. देष्टु the body, affix क् and टाप्; also अत्तादिका.

अपद्रव m. (-वः) 1. Tyranny, oppression. 2. National distress, whether the act of the seasons or the king, famine, exaction, &c. 3. National commotion, rebellion. 4. Violence. 5. A supervenient disease, one brought on whilst a person labours under another. ३. अप, ट् to go, चक् aff.

अपद्रवन् mfn. (-वी-वी-वि) 1. Tyrannical. 2. Violent, factious. m. (-वी) 1. A tyrant, an oppressor. 2. A rebel. ३. अपद्रव and वि aff.

अपद्रष्टु mfn. (-ष्ट-ष्ट-ष्ट) Supervisor, inspector, overseeing, overlooking. ३. अप before दृष्ट to see, ट् affix, the vowel changed to र.

अपद्रुत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Tyrannized over, oppressed, visited by calamities, &c. ३. अप before दृ to go, क् aff.

अपद्रव्य m. (-व्यः) 1. A heretic, a schismatic. 2. A minor or inferior duty. ३. अप and चक् duty.

अपधा f. (-धा) 1. A false pretence. 2. Trial or test of honesty, &c. of four kinds, of loyalty, disinterestedness, continence, and courage. 3. A penultimate letter. ३. अप, धा having, from धा to have, with चक् and टाप् affs.

अपधातु m. (-तुः) 1. An inferior mineral, a semi-metal : seven are specified; pyrites, sulphate of copper, talc, antimony, red orpiment, yellow orpiment, and calx of brass. 2. Secondary secretion, as the milk, menses, adeps, sweat, teeth, hair, and lymph. ३. अप minor, and धातु mineral, &c.

अपधान n. (-न) 1. A pillow. 2. Kindness, affection. 3. Poison. 4. Religious observance or obligation. 5. Excellence, excellent quality. 6. Resting or placing upon. ३. अप, धा to have or hold, कुट् aff.

अपधानीय n. (-य) A pillow. ३. अपधान a pillow, and य aff.

अपधाय ind. Having placed or rested upon. ३. अप before धा to hold, चक् affix.

अपधायि mfn. (-यिः-यि-यि) Approved, tried, of approved loyalty, &c. ३. अपधा and यि pure.

अपधि m. (-धिः) 1. Fraud, circumvention. 2. The wheel of a carriage. 3. Fear, terror. ३. अप, धा to have, and धि aff.

अपधिक m. (-कः) 1. A cheat, a knave, especially one who extorts money by threats. 2. Fraud. ३. अपधि and क् to make, चक् affix or चक् pleonasm.

अपधूयित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Being at the point of death. 2. Suffering extreme pain. ३. अप near or much, धूयित pained.

अपधृति f. (-तिः) A ray of light ३. अप much, धृ to have, क्षिप् affix.

अपगत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Approached, approximate, near, (either in time or place) ३. अप near, गम् to bow, affix क्.

अपगम m. (-मः) The initiation of the three first classes; investiture with a peculiar thread or cord worn over the left shoulder, and under the right: the cord of the Brahman is of cotton, Munja, or Kusa grass; of the Kshetriya, of Sana or flax; and of the Vaisya, of wool: the youths should be invested respectively, from eight to sixteen, from eleven to twenty-two, and from twelve to twenty-four years of age. n. (-मः) 1. Attaining, gaining. 2. Bringing to. ३. अप over, गम् to obtain, चक् affix; also with चक् affix अपगम, and with ल्युट् affix अपगमन.

अपगमन n. (-न) See the preceding. ३. As before; affix ल्युट्, also with चक् added अपगमन.

अपगाय m. (-यः) See अपगम.

अपनाह m. (-हः) 1. A plaster, an unguent applied to a wound or sore. 2. The tie of a lute, the lower part of the tail piece where the wires are fixed. 3. Inflammation of the ciliary glands, styae. ३. अप, न् to bind, चक् aff. [ल्युट् aff.]

अपनाहन n. (-न) Unction, anointing, plastering. ३. अप before न् to tie,

अपनिक्षेप m. (-पः) A deposit, sealed or in a cover so that the contents are unknown. ३. अप and निक्षेप the same.

अपनिधान n. (-न) A deposit: see the next. ३. अप and नि before धा to have, ल्युट् affix.

अपनिधि m. (-धिः) A deposit, a pledge, property put into the care of a creditor, friend, &c. ३. अप and नि before धा to have, क् affix; in law this word ordinarily implies more especially a sealed or enclosed deposit, but according to some, it is any article entrusted to a friend which he may use whilst in his keeping.

अपनिषद् f. (-पद् or -पत्) 1. A portion of the religious writings of the Hindus; the theological part, and the Vedānta or argumentative part of the Vedas, either detached from or comprised in the principal work. 2. Virtue, moral merit. 3. Truth as the principle of divine being. 4. A neighbouring mansion. 5. A lonely place. ३. अप and नि prefixed to पद् to go, affix क्षिप्, in which abide the essential parts of religion, &c.

अपनिष्कर n. (-रः) 1. A street. 2. A principal or royal road. ३. अप and नि before क् to make, affix चक्, and क् inserted.

अपनिष्क्रमण n. (-मः) 1. A main or royal road. 2. An instituted observance or Samkara, taking a child in the fourth month of its age into the open air. 3. Going forth. ३. अप and नि before क्रम् to go, affix ल्युट्, and क् inserted.

अपनिहित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Deposited with, entrusted to. 2. Placed near to. 3. Offered, presented. ३. अप and नि before धा to have, क् aff.

अपनीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Brought near to, approximated. 2. Obtained, attained. 3. Citing, adducing. 4. Presented. 5. Known. m. (-तः) The youth invested with the characteristic string; see अपनीय. ३. अप before नी to obtain, affix क्.

अपनीय ind. 1. Having brought. 2. Having invested. ३. अप before नी to bring, ल्यप् aff.

अपनुय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Sent or dispatched. 2. Wafted, driven, (by the wind.) ३. अप before नुय to send, क् aff.

अपनय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Pledged, deposited. 2. Given, communicated. 3. Brought forward, (as an example, &c.) adduced. 4. Placed near to, or in, or upon. ३. अप and नि before नय् to throw, affix क्.

अपनाय m. (-यः) 1. A pledge, a pawn, a hostage. 2. An exordium or introduction. 3. A precept, a law. 4. Giving, imparting. 5. Juxta-

- position. 6. A suggestion, a hint. **उप** and **नि** prefixed to **बु** to throw or send, affix **बु**.
- उपवाच्य** mfn. (-च्यः वाच्यः) To be pled. **उप** and **वाच** to be adduced.
- उपपति** m. (-तिः) A paramour, a gallant. **उप** in place of, **पति** a husband.
- उपपत्ति** f. (-तिः) 1. Birth, production. 2. Association, connexion. 3. Fitness, propriety. 4. Cessation, end. 5. Possessing, having. 6. Ascertained or demonstrated conclusion. 7. Cause, reason. 8. Effecting, doing. 9. Religious abstraction. 10. (In arithmetic or geometry,) Proof, demonstration. **उप** before **पद्** to go, **क्ति** aff.
- उपपत्तिमत्** mfn. (-मात् सती-सत्) 1. Right, fit, reasonable, proper. 2. United, associated. **उपपत्ति** and **मत्** poss. aff.
- उपपद** n. (-द्) 1. Small, diminutive. 2. The subsidiary term in a compound word. 3. The first member of a compound word. 4. An aptote a word sometimes used as an adverb and sometimes as an inflected noun. 5. A secondary noun in a sentence in conjunction or apposition. **उप** before **पद्** a foot, or an inflected word.
- उपपन्न** mfn. (-न्नः वा-न्नः) 1. Manifested. 2. Fit, suited to the occasion, adequate. 3. Done, shewn, proved, effected. 4. Endowed with, possessed of. 5. Produced from or by. 6. Physicked, cured. **उप** before **पद्** to go, **क्त** aff.
- उपपातक** n. (-कः) A great crime, as killing a cow, selling a daughter, atheism, &c.; it is considered as criminality in the second or third degree, and is of various kinds: see **महापातक**. **उप** much, and **पातक** a crime.
- उपपातकिन** m. (-की) A sinner in any but the first degree. **उपपातक** and **नि** affix.
- उपपादन** n. (-नः) 1. Effecting, doing. 2. Giving, delivering, presenting. 3. Proving or establishing by argument. **उप** before **पद्** to go, causal form, **कृट्** aff.
- उपपादित** mfn. (-तः ता-तः) 1. Done, effected. 2. Given delivered, presented. 3. Proved, accomplished. **उप** before **पद्** to go, causal form, **क्त** aff.
- उपपादुक** mfn. (-कः की-कः) Shod. m. (-कः) 1. A superhuman being, a god, a demon, &c. 2. Hell. **उप** before **पद्** to go, **उक्त** aff.
- उपपाप** m. (-पः) A heinous crime, as killing a cow, &c. **उप** excess, and **पाप** sin.
- उपपालित** mfn. (-तः ता-तः) Protected, nurtured. **उप** and **पालित** protected.
- उपपीडन** n. (-नः) 1. Pain, agony, torture. 2. Inflicting pain. 3. Devastating, laying waste. **उप** before **पीड** to give pain, **कृट्** aff.
- उपपीडित** mfn. (-तः ता-तः) 1. Tortured, pained, distressed. 2. Devastated. **उप** before **पीड** to give pain, **क्त** aff.
- उपपुर** n. (-रः) A suburb. **उप** near, **पुर** a city.
- उपपुराण** n. (-णः) A Purana, one not included in the eighteen principal: a similar number is reckoned, or 1. Adi. 2. Nrisinha. 3. Vayu. 4. Sivadbermma. 5. Durvasa. 6. Na'rada. 7. Nandikeswara. 8. Usanas. 9. Kapila. 10. Varuna. 11. Sa'mba. 12. Ka'lika. 13. Maheswara. 14. Padma. 15. Deva. 16. Para'sara. 17. Mari'cha. 18. Bhaskara. **उप** minor, **पुराण** a Purana.
- उपपुष्पिका** f. (-का) Yawning, gaping. **उप** much, **पुष्प** to flower, to open as a flower, **वृत्** aff.
- उपप्रदान** n. (-नः) A bribe. **उप** for assistance, **दा** before **दा** to give, affix **कृट्**.
- उपग्रह** m. (-ग्रहः) 1. Rahu, the ascending node. 2. A portent or natural phenomenon so considered. 3. An affray, or assault, a conflict without weapons. 4. Eclipse. 5. Misfortune. **उप** over, &c. **वृ** to go, **वृत्** aff.
- उपग्रहत** mfn. (-तः ता-तः) 1. Distressed, pained. 2. Harassed (by Rahu, &c.) eclipsed. 3. Assailed, beset. 4. Marked by prodigies. 5. Wet,

- moistened. **उप** (-ता) Morid sensibility of the uterus. **उप** before **वृ** to go, **वृत्** aff.
- उपभुक्त** mfn. (-क्तः ता-क्तः) Used, enjoyed, possessed. **उप** before **भुज्** to enjoy, **क्त** aff.
- उपभुज्जान** mfn. (-जः वा-जः) Using, enjoying. **उप** before **भुज्** to enjoy, **जान्** aff.
- उपभृत्** f. (-भृत्) A cup of a round shape, made of the wood of the banian tree, and used in sacrifices. **उप**, **भृ** to fill, **क्ति** and **वृत्** aff.
- उपभोग** m. (-गः) 1. Pleasure, satisfaction. 2. Enjoyment, use. 3. Cohabitation. 4. Use, usufruct. **उप** excess, **भुज्** to eat, &c. affix **वृत्**.
- उपभोग्य** mfn. (-ग्यः ग्या-ग्यः) To be used, to be enjoyed. **उप** before **भुज्** to enjoy, **य** aff.; also **उपभोग्यनीय** and **उपभोग्यव्य**.
- उपमर्ह** m. (-र्हः) 1. Reproach, abuse. 2. Refuting a charge. **उप**, **मर्ह** to tread down, **वृत्** aff.
- उपमर्हक** m. (-कः) The refuting of a charge. **उप**, **कृ** added to the last.
- उपमा** f. (-मा) 1. Likeness, (but used only in composition). 2. Resemblance, a resemblance as a picture, an image, &c. 3. A simile. **उप** like, **मा** to measure, affixes **वृत्** and **टाप्**; also with **कृट्** aff. **उपमान**
- उपमाह** mfn. (-ता-वी-ह) An image-maker, a portrait-painter. **उप** before **मा** to measure, **हृ** aff. f. (-वी) 1. A wet nurse. 2. A near female relative. **उप** like, **माह** a mother.
- उपमान** n. (-नः) See **उपमा**
- उपमित** mfn. (-तः ता-तः) Compared. **उप** and **मा** to measure, **क्त** aff.
- उपमिति** f. (-तिः) 1. Resemblance, comparison, a likeness, a picture, image, &c. 2. Analogy. 3. Knowledge of things derived from analogy or resemblances. **उप** like, **मा** to measure, **क्ति** aff.
- उपमेत** mfn. (-तः ता-तः) Compared with. m. (-तः) The Sal, a timber tree, (Shorea robusta.) **उप** like, **मेत** gone: high as a mountain, &c.
- उपमेय** mfn. (-यः या-यः) To be compared with or to. n. (-यः) The subject of a comparison, as the face is of the moon. **उप** before **मा** to measure, **य** affix.
- उपमेयोपमा** f. (-मा) The resemblance of any object to that compared with it, as of the moon to a beautiful face. **उपमेय** and **उपमा** likeness.
- उपयन्तु** m. (-न्तः) A husband, a master. **उप**, **यन्** to cease, **वृत्** aff.
- उपयन्त्र** n. (-न्त्रः) 1. A small instrument or implement. 2. An application of a similar nature, as actual cautery, escharotics, &c. **उप** and **यन्त्र** instrument.
- उपयम** m. (-मः) Marriage. **उप** and **यन्** to stop, affix **वृत्**.
- उपयाचक** mfn. (-कः वा-कः) A present solicitor, one who asks or begs. **उप** before **याच्** to beg, **वृत्** aff.
- उपयाचित** mfn. (-तः ता-तः) 1. Requested, solicited. 2. Offered especially to the deities to render them propitious. **उप** much, **याच्** to ask or beg, affix **क्त**, or with **कृ** added **उपयाचितक**.
- उपयाम** m. (-मः) Marriage. **उप**, **यन्** to refrain, affix **वृत्**.
- उपयुक्त** mfn. (-क्तः ता-क्तः) 1. Proper, right. 2. Adapted to, suitable, appropriate, useful. 3. Touched by. 4. Taken. 5. Eaten. **उप** before **यु** to join, affix **क्त**.
- उपयुज्जान** mfn. (-जः वा-जः) Taking, appropriating, attaching. **उप** before **युजि** to join, **जान्** aff.
- उपयोग** m. (-गः) 1. Good conduct, observing established practices. 2. An act tending to effect a desired object. 3. Fitness, suitability. 4. Service, utility. 5. Use, application. 6. Contact, proximity. 7. Administration of medicines. 8. Preparation of them. **उप** before **यु** to join, **वृत्** aff.
- उपयोगिता** f. (-ता) 1. Fitness, suitability. 2. Usefulness. 3. Occasional need. 4. Favour, propitiousness. **उपयोगिन्** and **वृत्** aff., or with **क्त**, **उपयोगिन्**.
- उपयोगिन्** mfn. (-नी-विनी-नि) 1. Appropriate, suitable. 2. Conducive to contributing to, serviceable, useful. 3. Favourable, propitious. 4. Touching, in contact with. **उपयोगिन्** and **वृत्** aff.

दीपम् ind. A word expressing great pleasure : see उपवीर्यम्.  
 वरुण mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Afflicted with pain or calamity. m. (-तः) 1. Eclipsed, (the sun or moon.) 2. Rahu, (the ascending node.) ३. उप implying distress, रङ्ग to colour, and त् aff.  
 वरुण n. (-त्) A guard, an out post. ३. उप, रङ्ग to defend or protect, aff. कृट्.  
 वरुण mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Made, prepared. ३. उप and वरुण made.  
 वरुण mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Stopped, ceased. 2. Dead. ३. उप before रङ्ग to please, त् aff.  
 वरुण mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Void of desire. ३. उपरत and वरुण desire.  
 वरुण f. (-तिः) 1. Stopping, ceasing. 2. Refraining from sensual enjoyment. 3. Abstaining from prescribed acts. 4. Great or exquisite pleasure. 5. Death. ३. उप reverse or excess, रङ्ग to please, त् aff. ; also with वङ् aff. उपरत or उपरतम्.  
 वरुण m. (-तः) See the preceding.  
 वरुण n. (-त्) Abstaining from ceremonial acts or from the pleasures of sense, &c. 2. Ceasing, discontinuance. ३. उप before रङ्ग to please, aff. कृट्.  
 वरुण m. (-तः) 1. A secondary mineral, as red chalk, bitumen, &c. 2. A secondary passion. 3. A subordinate flavour. ३. उप minor, रङ्ग flavour, &c.  
 वरुण m. (-तः) 1. An eclipse of the sun or moon. 2. Rahu or the ascending node. 3. Calamity, affliction. 4. Misbehaviour, ill conduct. 5. Reproach, abuse. ३. उप, रङ्ग to colour, वङ् aff. [वङ् aff.]  
 वरुण m. (-तः) Stopping, ceasing : see उपरति. ३. उप, रङ्ग to please, उपरि ind. On, upon, above. ३. उप and रि aff.  
 वरुण mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Gone up, ascended. ३. उपरि and त् gone.  
 वरुण mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Piled over or above. ३. उपरि and त् collected.  
 वरुण mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) High, elevated, produced above ३. उपरि and त् born  
 वरुण ind. Up, above. ३. उप and रिट् aff.  
 वरुण mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Obstructed, impeded. 2. Covered, spread. 3. Favoured. ३. उप and वङ् checked.  
 उपरोच m. (-त्) 1. Impediment, opposition, check, refusal. 2. Favour, protection. 3. Surrounding, blockading. 4. Binding, tying. 5. Taking hold of. ३. उप before रङ्ग to confine, aff. वङ्.  
 उपरोच n. (-त्) An inner room, a private apartment. ३. उप near, वङ् to enclose, वङ् aff.  
 उपरोच ind. 1. Over, upon, above, what is above. 2. Near, neighbouring. ३. उपरि repeated.  
 उपरु m. (-तः) A rock or stone, a precious stone or jewel. f. (-ता) Refined or candied sugar. ३. उप near, ता to give or take ; aff. वङ्.  
 उपरु mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Inferable. m. (-तः) 1. A prop, a stay, a support, an asylum. 2. An inference. ३. उप near, वङ् to be marked or sought.  
 उपरुच n. (-त्) 1. Designating or implying any analogous object where only one is specified, using a term in a generic sense. 2. Metaphorical or elliptical expression. ३. उप comprehensive, वङ् a mark or designation.  
 उपरुच mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Comprehended, included, implied, understood. ३. उप before वङ् to designate, त् aff.  
 उपरुच mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Obtained, received. 2. Understood, known. 3. Perceived. ३. उप before वङ् to get, त् aff.  
 उपरुच f. (-त्) A tale, a true or probable story. ३. उपरुच understood, वङ् meaning.  
 उपरुच f. (-तिः) 1. Mind, understanding. 2. Knowledge, especially religious. 3. Gain, acquisition. 4. Perceptibility, appearance. ३. उप, वङ् to obtain, त् aff.  
 उपरुच m. (-तः) Apprehension, conception, comprehension otherwise than from memory. ३. उप near, त् to obtain, वङ् aff.

उपलब्ध mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1 To be obtained. 2. To be understood. ind. Having observed. ३. उप before वङ् to get, वङ् or वङ् aff.  
 उपलब्ध mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Commendable, praise-worthy, respectable. ३. उप before वङ् to get, वङ् aff. ; and त् augment.  
 उपलब्ध f. (-ता) 1. Thirst. 2. Oppression.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-तः) A portent, a natural phenomenon considered as announcing evil. ३. उप over, त् to go, aff. वङ्.  
 उपलब्ध mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Smeared, plastered. ३. उप and त् smeared.  
 उपलब्ध mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Wishing to take or seize. ३. उप before वङ् to gain, desider. form, त् aff.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-तः) Plastering, smearing, anointing. ३. उप, त् to smear, aff. वङ्. [sinear, कृट् aff.]  
 उपलब्ध n. (-त्) Smearing, plastering with cow-dung, &c. ३. उप, त् to smear, aff. वङ्.  
 उपलब्ध n. (-त्) A garden, a grove. ३. उप like, and त् a wood.  
 उपलब्ध n. (-त्) Minute description. ३. उप and वङ् describing.  
 उपलब्ध n. (-त्) 1. A country inhabited or not. 2. An uninhabited country. 3. A division, a district or Pargana. 4. A kingdom. ३. उप, त् to abide, कृट् aff.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-तः) The name of a saint.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-तः) A pillow. ३. उप over, वङ् to excel, &c. वङ् aff.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-तः) A village. ३. उप, त् to abide, वङ् aff. [na di aff.]  
 उपलब्ध n. (-त्) A fast, fasting. ३. उप, वङ् to abide, त् aff. ; or with वङ् aff. उपवास.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-तः) 1. A fast, fasting : when observed as a religious act, it comprises abstinence from all sensual gratification, from perfumes, flowers, unguents, ornaments, betel, music and dancing. &c. 2. A fire-altar. ३. उप before वङ् to abide, वङ् aff.  
 उपलब्ध mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Fasting, one who observes a fast. ३. उपवास and त् aff.  
 उपलब्ध n. (-त्) Carrying, bringing back. ३. उप and वाहन bearing.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-तः) 1. A king's elephant. 2. Any royal vehicle. ३. उप above, वङ् to bear, वङ् aff.  
 उपलब्ध f. (-ता) Profane science, inferior sort of knowledge. ३. उप and विद्या knowledge.  
 उपलब्ध n. (-त्) 1. Factitious poison. 2. A narcotic, any deleterious drug, as opium, &c. ३. उप like, विष poison. f. (-ता) A plant, Atis. ३. उप reverse, and विष poison : an antidote.  
 उपलब्ध mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Seated, sitting. 2. Arrived, entered. ३. उप upon, विट placed, entered.  
 उपलब्ध n. (-त्) The thread or cord worn by the three first classes of Hindus, over the left shoulder and under the right ३. उप much, त् to shine, aff. त् ; see उपलब्ध.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-तः) The Brahman who wears the string in the usual manner, or on the left shoulder and under the right arm. ३. उपरीत and त् aff.  
 उपलब्ध mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Collected from, possessed of. ३. उप and त् त् collected.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-तः) A minor Veda, of which four are reckoned, treating of the military art, medicine, music, and mechanics. ३. उप and वेद a Veda.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-तः) 1. Sitting, resting. 2. A seat. 3. Voiding by stool. ३. उप before वङ् to enter, aff. वङ्.  
 उपलब्ध n. (-त्) 1. Sitting, resting. 2. Voiding by stool. ३. उप before वङ् to enter, active or causal form, कृट् aff.  
 उपलब्ध ind. Having seated or caused to sit. ३. उप before वङ् to enter, causal form, वङ् aff.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-तः) The hunting leopard. ३. उप and व्याघ्र a tiger.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-तः) 1. Tranquillity, calmness, patience. 2. Intermission, cessation. ३. उप much, वङ् to be tranquil, वङ् aff.  
 उपलब्ध mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Productive of happiness or rest. m. (-तः) 1. As-

certainment of disease or diagnosis by the effect of certain articles of food or medicine. 2. Allaying disease by diet, regimen, &c. ३. उप before शी to sleep, चञ् aff.

उपग्राम n. (-त्) A space near a village. ३. उप near, गन् to go, चञ् aff.

उपशान्ति mfn. (-न्तः-शान्तिः) 1. Calm, tranquil. 2. Appeased, pacified. 3. Diminished, intermitted. ३. उप before शम् to be tranquil, न् aff.

उपशान्ति f. (-न्तिः) 1. Tranquillity, calm. 2. Appeasing, allaying. 3. Cessation, intermission. ३. उप before शम् to be quiet, न् aff.

उपशान्ति mfn. (-न्ति-शान्तिः) Tranquil, calm, appeased, tame. f. (-न्ति) A tame elephant. ३. उपशान्ति and न् aff.

उपशय m. (-यः) Watching and sleeping alternately. ३. उप alternately, शी to sleep, चञ् aff.

उपशयिता f. (-ता) 1. Tranquillizing, calming. 2. Secondary means of cure, as diet, &c. ३. उपशयित् and तच् affix; also with त्, उपशयित्.

उपशयित् mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) 1. Allaying, tranquillizing, what calms, &c. 2. (In medicine,) Composing, narcotic. ३. उप before शी to sleep, causal form, चिन् aff.

उपशोभित mfn. (-न्तः-शोभितः) Adorned. ३. उप and शोभित beautified.

उपश्रुत mfn. (-न्तः-श्रुतः) Promised, agreed. ३. उप with श्रु to hear, aff. न्

उपश्रुति f. (-तिः) 1. Promise, assent. 2. Judicial astrology, aspect of the stars, fortune telling. ३. उप above, श्रु to hear, न् aff.

उपसंक्षेप m. (-पः) An abstract or compendium. ३. उप and संक्षेप abridgement.

उपसंख्यान n. (-न्) (In grammar,) A substitute in form or sense, a con- significant term or aff. ३. उप near, संख्या to number, छुट् aff.

उपसंहार m. (-हः) Obscure, civil address, respectful salutation of a person by name. 2. Taking, holding. ३. उप near, सम् with, गृह् to take, aff. चञ्, or with छुट् aff. उपसंहार.

उपसंदास mfn. (-न्तः-दासः) 1. Respectable, venerable. 2. To be saluted reverentially. ३. उप and सम् before गृह् to take, छुट् aff. [चञ् aff.]

उपसंगृह्य ind. Having taken, holding. ३. उप and सम् before गृह् to take, उपसंख्यान u. (-न्) A lower garment. ३. उप and सं before खिज् to cover, छुट् affix, what covers the body.

उपसंहरण n. (-न्) 1. Refusing, withholding. 2. Excluding. 3. Taking away. 4. Attacking, invading. ३. उप and सम् before हरण taking.

उपसंहरत् mfn. (-न्तः-हरत्) 1. Taking away. 2. Refusing, excepting. 3. Going against, invading. ३. उप and सं before हृ to take, न् aff.

उपसंहार m. (-हः) 1. Withholding, refusing. 2. Taking away. 3. Excepting, excluding. 4. Destruction, death, end. 5. Collection, assembly. 6. Compendium. 7. Brevity, conciseness. 8. Attacking, invasion. 9. (In logic,) Refutation. ३. उप and सम् before हृ to take, चञ् aff.

उपसह mfn. (-न्तः-सहः) 1. Withheld, denied, refused. 2. Excepted. 3. Compressed, comprehended, excluded. ३. उप and स before हृ to take, न् aff.

उपसंक्षेप 1. (-न्तिः) 1. A compound expressive of various meanings. 2. Comprehension. 3. Seizing, taking. ३. उप and सम् before हृ to take, चिन् aff.

उपसंक्षेप f. (-न्तिः) 1. Meeting, union. 2. Service. 3. Gift, donation. ३. उप with, पद् to go, &c., चिन् aff.

उपसद mfn. (-दः-दा-दः) Who goes near to. m. (-दः) 1. Gift, donation. 2. Approach. ३. उप and पद् to go, affix चञ्.

उपसदन n. (-नः) A neighbouring abode, a neighbourhood. ३. उप near, and सदन a dwelling.

उपसंशय ind. Near evening. ३. उप near, संशय evening.

उपसन्न mfn. (-न्तः-सन्नः) Approached, approximate. ३. उप over, गद् to go, affix न्.

उपसन्नता f. (-ता) Proximity, approach. ३. उपसन्न and तच् affix; also उपसन्नत् with त् aff.

उपसमाधान n. (-न्) Placing, putting in or on. ३. उप and सम् with दाच् before दा to have, छुट् aff.

उपसर्पण mfn. (-न्तः-सर्पणः) 1. Dressed, cooked. 2. Immolated, sacrificed (as a victim, &c.) 3. Dead, deceased. 4. Gained, obtained. 5. Enough, sufficient. 6. Perfected, finished. ३. उप and सर्पण prefix to पद् to go, affix न्.

उपसर्ग mfn. (-न्तः-सर्गः) 1. The first pregnancy or impregnation of cow, &c. 2. Who or what approaches. ३. उप before गद् to go, an चञ् aff.

उपसर्ग m. (-र्गः) 1. A portent, a natural phenomenon supposed to announce future evil, an eclipse, &c. 2. A particle prefixed to root &c., a preposition. 3. A disease, possession by an evil spirit. 4. Change occasioned by any disease. 5. A disease brought on whilst a person labours under another. 6. Indication or symptom of death. ३. उप near or with, गद् to go, चञ् aff.

उपसर्जन n. (-नः) 1. A representative, a substitute, any person or thing subordinate or subsidiary. 2. Portent, eclipse. 3. Approaching. ३. उप inferior, गद् to go, छुट् aff. In the first sense, though used as an attributive, it is always neuter. [चुट् aff.]

उपसर्पण n. (-न्) Approaching, advancing to. ३. उप near, गद् to go, उपसर्ग f. (-र्गः) A cow, (fit for the bull.) ३. उप, गद् to go, यत् aff. deriv. उपसर्ग mfn. (-न्तः-सर्गः) To be approached or gone to, ३. उप before गद् to go, यत् aff.

उपसृष्ट m. (-ष्टः) The name of a demon. ३. उप, and सृष्ट another demon. उपसृष्ट n. (-न्) The disk of the sun or moon. ३. उप near, or with, सृष्ट the sun, न् aff. of identity.

उपसृत ind. Having approached. ३. उप before गद् to go, छप् aff.

उपसृत mfn. (-न्तः-सृतः) 1. Attended by or accompanied with, joined attached, connected to or with. 2. Eclipsed. (as the sun or moon. 3. Seized by, possessed by, (evil demons, &c.) n. (-न्) Cotton, population. ३. उप, गद् to create, &c. aff. न्.

उपसेवक n. (-कः) 1. Service. 2. Addiction to. ३. उप and सेव् to serve, छुट् aff.

उपसर्ग m. (-गः) 1. A condiment, a spice or seasoning, mustard, pepper &c. 2. An article of household use, as a broom, a basket, &c. 3. Blame, censure. ३. उप complete, and न् what makes, स inserted.

उपसृष्ट mfn. (-न्तः-सृष्टः) Blamed, censured. ३. उप and सृष्ट made, स inserted.

उपसर्ग m. (-गः) Support of life, as food, sleep, and government of the passions. ३. उप and सृष्ट to stop, चञ् aff.

उपसृष्ट f. (-ष्टी) A concubine. ३. उप and स्त्री a female, a wife.

उपसृष्ट mfn. (-न्तः-सृष्टः) Near, proximate. m. (-सृष्टः) 1. The male and female organs of generation. 2. The haunch or hip. 3. The anus. ३. उप near, and सृष्ट what is or stays, उ aff. after सृष्ट.

उपसृष्ट m. (-ष्टः) Indian fig tree.

उपसृष्ट m. (-ष्टः) Continence. ३. उपसृष्ट an organ of generation, and न् what restrains.

उपसृष्ट mfn. (-न्तः-सृष्टः) A servant. ३. उप before सृष्ट to remain, चञ् aff.

उपसृष्ट n. (-न्) 1. Proximity, nearness. 2. Obtaining, getting. 3. An assembly. ३. उप near, सृष्ट to stay, छुट् aff.

उपसृष्ट mfn. (-न्तः-सृष्टः) 1. To be stayed with or near. 2. What ought to be near or with. ३. उप before सृष्ट to stay, कर्त्तव्य aff.

उपसृष्ट mfn. (-न्तः-सृष्टः) 1. Placing or bringing near to. 2. Explaining teaching, a teacher. 3. Causing to obtain. ३. उप before सृष्ट to be causal form, छुट् aff. [सृष्टपण placing]

उपसृष्ट n. (-न्) 1. Placing near. 2. Attendance, service. ३. उप and सृष्टपण mfn. (-न्तः-सृष्टः) To be placed near. ३. उप before सृष्ट to stay, causal form, तच् aff; also उपसृष्टपण.

उपसृष्ट mfn. (-न्तः-सृष्टः) 1. Placed near to. 2. Attended, ३. उप before सृष्ट to stay, causal form, न् aff.

उपसृष्ट ind. 1. Having approached. 2. Having brought near to or assembled. ३. उप near, and सृष्ट to stay, चञ् aff.

उपसृष्ट mfn. (-न्तः-सृष्टः) Standing near, being present. ३. उप before सृष्ट to stay, चिन् aff. and दुग् augment.

**उपहित mfn.** (-तः-तः) 1. Approached, arrived. 2. Staying by or near to. 3. Caused, occasioned. 4. Got, received. 5. Felt. 6. Clean, cleansed. 7. Done, accomplished. 8. Known. **उप** before **ह** to stay, **अ** aff. **त**.

**उपस्थिति f.** (-तिः) 1. Proximity. 2. Obtaining, getting. 3. Effecting, accomplishing. 4. Arrival. 5. Knowledge. **उप** before **ह** to be, **अ** aff. **ति**.

**उपसर्ग m.** (-र्गः) 1. Touching, contact. 2. Bathing, ablution. 3. Rinsing the mouth, sipping water and ejecting it. **उप** like, **स** touch, from **स** to touch, and **स** aff.; or with **स** aff. **उपसर्ग**.

**उपसर्गन n.** (-नः) See the preceding.

**उपसृष्ट mfn.** (-ष्टः-ष्टः) 1. Touched. 2. Sipped. **उप** and **सृष्ट** touched.

**उपसृष्ट n.** (-नः) Revenue, profit, what is derived from land or other capital. **उप** and **सृष्ट** ownership.

**उपहत mfn.** (-तः-तः) 1. Destroyed. 2. Injured, impaired, evilly affected by. 3. Struck by lightning, &c. 4. Pained, hurt. 5. Impure. 6. Infected, polluted, vitiated. **उप** and **हत** struck.

**उपहतम् mfn.** (-म्) Dozzled, blinded. **उपहत** struck, **ह** the eye.

**उपहतात्मन् mfn.** (-त्मा-आ-त्मा) Agitated, affected as by passion, &c. **उपहत** and **आत्मन्** the soul.

**उपहरण n.** (-णः) 1. Offering gifts to superiors. 2. Presenting victims. 3. Distributing or serving out food. 4. Taking, seizing. **उप** before **ह** to take, **उ** aff.

**उपहर्तव्य mfn.** (-व्यः-व्यः) 1. To be offered as a victim. 2. To be presented. **उप** before **ह** take, **तव्य** aff.; also **उपहरणीय**.

**उपहृष्ट mfn.** (-ष्टः-ष्टः) Offering victims, serving out food, &c. **उप** before **ह** to take, **हृष्ट** aff.

**उपह्वय m.** (-यः) 1. Calling to. 2. Summoning, invoking. **उप** before **ह** to call, **व्य** aff.

**उपहसित n.** (-तः) Laughter, laughing. **उप** up, **हसित** laughing.

**उपहार m.** (-रः) 1. A complimentary gift, a present to a superior, &c. 2. A victim, an offering to a deity. 3. Tribute, indemnification, presents as the price of peace. 4. Food distributed to guests, &c. **उप** before **ह** to convey, **व्य** aff.

**उपहारिण mfn.** (-रि-रिणी-रि) 1. Giving, presenting. 2. Sacrificing. **उपहार** and **रि** aff.

**उपहासक m.** (-कः) The name of a country, part of the peninsula: see **कलक**. **उप**, **हास** a king so named, **अ** aff. **क**, the country over which **HAIA** reigned.

**उपहास n.** (-सः) Ridicule, laughing at any one. **उप** before **ह** to laugh, **अ** aff. **स**.

**उपहास्य mfn.** (-स्यः-स्यः) Rediculous, laughable. **उप** and **हास** to be laughed at.

**उपहित mfn.** (-तः-तः) 1. Placed, deposited, placed in or upon. 2. Laid aside. 3. Joined. 4. Mixed. **उप** before **ह** to quit, **अ** aff.

**उपहृष्ट ind** Having called or addressed. **उप** near, **ह** to call, **हृष्ट** aff.

**उपहृत mfn.** (-तः-तः) 1. Taken, collected, gathered. 2. Offered, presented. 3. Immolated, offered as a victim. 4. Served out as food. **उप** before **ह** to take, **अ** aff.

**उपहार n.** (-रः) 1. Solitary, private. 2. Near. **उप** m. (-रः) A car, a carriage. **उप** to bend, **व्य** aff.

**उपहार m.** (-रः) Muttering prayers, reciting them in a low voice so as not to be overheard. **उप** ind. 1. Solitary, private. 2. Secretely, in a whisper. **उप**, **व्य** a ray.

**उपासक n.** (-कः) 1. Performance of a preparatory rite before reading the Vedas. 2. Immolation, sacrifice of an animal duly consecrated. **उप** and **आ** prefixed to **ह** to do, **अ** aff. **उ**.

**उपासक n.** (-कः) 1. Preparation. 2. A ceremony performed before reading the Vedas. 3. Beginning to read the Vedas. **उप** See the preceding, the aff. being **व्य**.

**उपासक mfn.** (-तः-तः) Attended with evil omens, disastrous, calamitous. **उप** m. (-तः) 1. A victim slain or to be slain. 2. A portent, a phenomenon announcing calamity. **उप** and **आ** before **ह** made.

**उपाख्यान n.** (-नः) 1. A tale, a narrative. 2. Telling, narration. **उप** and **आख्यान** a tale.

**उपागत mfn.** (-तः-तः) 1. Suffering, feeling. 2. Promised. 3. Approached arrived. 4. Occurred, happened. **उप** and **आ** before **ग** to go, **अ** aff. **त**.

**उपागम m.** (-मः) 1. Promise, agreement. 2. Approach. 3. Occurrence, arrival. 4. Feeling, suffering. **उप** near, **आ** before **ग** to come, **व्य** aff.

**उपासक n.** (-कः) Reading the Vedas after initiation. **उप** and **आ** before **ह** to take, **व्य** aff. : see **उपाकरण**.

**उपासक m.** (-कः) 1. The sectarian mark made with Sandal, &c. on the forehead. 2. Any minor limb or member. 3. Secondary portion of science. **उप** and **आ** the body.

**उपासन n.** (-नः) Plastering the ground with cow dung, &c. **उप** and **आसन** anointing.

**उपास mfn.** (-तः-तः) Taken, received, gained, got. **उप** m. (-तः) An elephant out of rut. **उप** near, **आ** taken, seized.

**उपासक mfn.** (-कः-कः) Quick, fleet. **उप** and **आ** acquired, **व्य** speed.

**उपासक mfn.** (-कः-कः) Armed, taking up arms. **उप** and **आ** and **व्य** a weapon.

**उपासक m.** (-यः) 1. Neglect or disobedience of ordinances or customs. 2. Disorder or disorderly behaviour. **उप** and **आ** prefixed to **ह** to go, **व्य** aff.

**उपादान n.** (-नः) 1. Taking away, abduction, taking. 2. Abstraction, restraining the organs of sense and perception. 3. Cause, motive. 4. Immediate or proximate cause. 5. The formal or distinct form, the material cause. 6. A double meaning, an expression conveying a sense besides that which appears intended. 7. Saying, speaking. **उप** near, **आ** to take, **व्य** aff.

**उपादानकारण n.** (-णः) A proximate cause. **उप** and **आ** and **कारण** cause.

**उपादिका f.** (-का) A potherb, (*Basella lucida*.)

**उपादेय mfn.** (-यः-यः) 1. Acceptable, admissible, to be taken or received. 2. Excellent, admirable. **उप** and **आ** before **ह** to give, **व्य** aff.

**उपाधि m.** (-धिः) 1. Virtuous reflection. 2. A discriminative or distinguishing property, an attribute. 3. Deception, disguise. (In the Vedanta this is especially applied to certain natural forms or properties, considered as disguises of the spirit.) 4. A title, a discriminative appellation, a nickname. 5. Careful or diligent for the support of a family, (always masculine, though with a feminine or neuter substantive.) 6. A purpose, an occasion, an object. 7. (In logic,) A special cause for a general effect. 8. (In rhetoric,) The natural character of species, quality, or action. **उप** and **आ** before **ह** to have, **अ** aff. **धि**.

**उपाध्याय m.** (-यः) A spiritual preceptor. **उप** f. (-या) A female preceptor. **उप** f. (-यी or -यानी) The wife of a teacher. **उप** and **आ** before **ह** to go, **व्य** aff. for the fem, **उप** aff. in the first instance, in the second **व्य** with or without **आ** inserted.

**उपासक f.** (-कः) A shoe. **उप** and **आ** before **ह** to bind, **अ** aff. **वि**.

**उपासक mfn.** (-तः-तः) Near. **उप** m. (-तः) The angle of the eye. **उप** near, **आ** end. **उप** aff.

**उपासक mfn.** (-कः-कः) Near, proximate, neighbouring. **उप** and **आ** and **उपासक** m. (-कः) The corner of the eye. **उप** m. (-कः) Vicinity. **उप** and **आ** end.

**उपासक m.** (-यः) 1. A means, an expedient, a way. 2. A means of success against an enemy: four are usually enumerated, as, sowing dissension, chastisement, conciliation and gifts. 3. Approaching, approach. **उप** and **आ** before **ह** to go, **अ** aff. **व्य**.

उपायन् mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Fertile in expedients, contriving, providing for. उ. उपाय and त् who knows.

उपायन n. (-नः) 1. A present, a complementary or respectful gift. 2. Approaching, going near to. 3. Engaging in a religious observance. उ. उप before वृत् to go, कृट् aff. [aff.]

उपायिन् mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) Expert in the use of means. उ. उपाय and इति उपायदीन m. (-नः) Application of means, or combination of expedients. उ. उपाय and दीन union.

उपायन n. (-नः) Acquiring property, earning. उ. उप and वृत् न gaining.

उपायित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Gained, acquired, earned. उ. उप and वृत् नित gained.

उपायत mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Engaged in, occupied by. 2. Frequenting, resorting to. उ. उप and वाङ् before रत् to sport, त् aff.

उपायन m. (-नः) 1. Engaging in. 2. Going to or in. उ. उप and वाङ् before रत् to sport, affix वृत्.

उपायन् mfn. (-यः-या-य) Reproached, reviled. उ. उप and वाङ् before वृत् to hurt, affix त्.

उपायन् m. (-नः) 1. Abuse, reviling. 2. Deferring, delaying. उ. उप and वाङ् before वृत् to injure, वृत् aff.

उपायन n. (-नः) 1. Turning round, revolving. 2. Ceasing. 3. Turning back, returning. 4. Approaching. उ. उप and वाङ् before रत् to be, कृट् aff.

उपायत mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Rolling on the ground. 2. Ceased, ceasing, refraining. म. (-नः) A horse rolling himself on the ground. उ. उप and वाङ् before रत् to be, affix त्.

उपायन m. (-नः) 1. Asylum, support. 2. Reliance, dependance upon. उ. उप and वाङ् before रत् to serve, affix वृत्.

उपायित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Supporting, (literally or figuratively) bearing, holding, protecting. 2. Relying or depending upon. उ. उप near, and वायित giving support.

उपायक mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Worshipping, a worshipper. 2. Serving, a servant. 3. A Sudra. उ. उप before वृत् to be, वृत् aff.

उपायक m. (-नः) A quiver. उ. उप and वाङ् before वृत् to embrace, वृत् aff.

उपायन n. (-नः) 1. Archery. 2. Service. 3. A seat. 4. Assembling. 5. Injuring, hurting. f. (-नः) 1. Service. 2. Worship, adoration. उ. उप before वात् to sit, or वाङ् before वृत् to throw or send, affix वृत् and fem. टाप्.

उपायित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Served, honoured, worshipped. 2. Serving, paying worship or service. उ. उप inferiority, वात् to sit or remain, affix त्.

उपायित m. (-नः) A worshipper. उ. उप and वाङ् before वात् to sit, वृत् aff.

उपायित mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Sitting with or near to. 2. Occupying. उ. उप before वायित seated.

उपायि f. (-तिः) Service, especially of a deity, worship. उ. उप before वात् to sit, त् aff.

उपाय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be worshipped or served. ind. 1. Having served or worshipped. 2. Having associated or called together. उ. उप before वात् to sit, वृत् or लृप् aff.

उपायमान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Being served or worshipped, receiving homage. उ. उप before वात् to sit, वृत् aff.

उपायित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Joined, annexed. 2. Deposited, placed. 3. Put on, worn. 4. Agreed upon, made or done mutually. म. (-नः) A fiery potent, a meteor, a comet. उ. उप and वाङ् before वा to have or hold, affix त्, deriv. irr.

उपायत mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Prepared. 2. Taken, seized. उ. उप and वाङ् before वृत् to take, त् aff.

उपेक्ष mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Disregarding, neglecting, disdaining. 2. Patient, enduring. उ. उप before ईच् to see, वृत् aff.

उपेक्ष n. (-नः) 1. Leaving, abandoning. 2. Disregarding, neglecting, disdaining. उ. उप and ईच् seeing.

उपेक्षा f. (-का) 1. Trick, deceit, one of the minor expedients in war. 2. Abandoning, leaving. 3. Dissent. 4. Negligence, neglect. 5. Endurance, patience. 6. Contempt, disdain. उ. उप before ईच् to see, वृत् and टाप् affs.

उपेक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Disregarded, disesteemed, neglected, disdained. उ. उप before ईच् to see, त् aff.

उपेत mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Endowed with, possessed of, having, possessing. 2. Arrived at, come to, come near to. 3. Invested. उ. उप and रत् gone.

उपेक्ष mfn. (-ता-नी-ह) 1. Contriving, contriver, one who employs expedients. 2. Approaching, going near to. उ. उप before वृत् to go, वृत् aff.

उपेक्ष m. (-नः) A name of VISHNU or KRISHNA. उ. उप after, इन्द्र INDRA: born subsequently to INDRA.

उपेक्षवत् f. (-वा) A species of the Trishtubh metre.

उपेक्ष mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be sought, to be had recourse to. 2. To be gone to or approached. 3. To be effected by any means. उ. उप before वृत् to go, वृत् aff.

उपेक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Accompanied or followed by, associated with, united. 2. Obtained, got. उ. उप near, वृत् to go, वृत् aff.

उपेक्ष mfn. (-यः-या-य) Arrived at, gone to. उ. उप before वृत् to go, वृत् aff.

उपेक्ष mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Near, proximate. 2. Married. 3. Arrayed, arranged. उ. उप before वृत् to bear, aff. त्.

उपेक्षी f. (-ती) A potherb, (Basella rubra or lucida.) उ. उप much, and उद् water, deriv. irr.

उपेक्षी f. (-ती) See the preceding.

उपेक्षी f. (-ती) A potherb, (Basella rubra or lucida.) उ. उप and उद् water, वृत् and टाप् affs. and इ substituted for the pon, or इ being substituted उपेक्षी.

उपेक्षित m. (-नः) 1. A beginning, a thing begun. 2. An introduction, a preface. 3. An example, an apposite argument or illustration. 4. Analysis, the ascertainment of the elements of which a thing consists. उ. उप before वृत् to injure, aff. वृत्.

उपेक्ष n. (-नः) A fast, fasting. उ. उप before वृत् to abide, aff. वृत्.

उपेक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Fasted, fasting. n. (-नः) Fast, fasting. उ. उप before वृत् to abide, त् aff.

उत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Sown, (as seed.) उ. वृत् to sow, affix त्.

उत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Ploughed after sowing. उ. उत्त and उत्त ploughed.

उत्त f. (-तिः) Sowing seeds. उ. वृत् to sow, त् aff.

उत्त m. (-नः) An agriculturist. उ. उत्त and वृत् who knows.

उत्त mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Sown, cultivated. उ. वृत् to sow, त् aff. and नत् added.

उत्त r. 6th cl. (उत्तति) To be straight : with ति prefixed, (मुत्तति) To be crooked : this root is also written उत्त and उत्त.

उत्त r. 6th cl. (उत्तति) To fill ; also उत्त.

उत्त pron. m. and dual only, (उत्तौ) Both.

उत्त pron. (sing. and plu. only,) (-तः-ते) Both. उ. उत्त and वृत् from वा to obtain, aff. वृत्.

उत्तवत् ind. On both sides. उ. उत्त both, and तत् aff.

उत्तवत् mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Having a double row of teeth, (man, animal, &c.) उ. उत्तवत् and वृत् for वृत् a tooth.

उत्तवत् mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Looking either way, two-faced. उ. उत्तवत् and वृत् face.

उत्तवत् ind. In both places, on both sides. उ. उत्तवत् and वृत् aff.

उत्तवत् ind. In both ways. उ. उत्तवत् and वृत् aff.

उत्तवत् ind. Both days, the day past and to come. उ. उत्तवत् both, वृत् aff. ; or with वृत् aff. उत्तवत्.

उत्तवत् mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Applicable to two purposes. 2. Taking two shares or parts. उ. (-तः) A medicine that acts in two ways, as an emetic and a purge. उ. उत्तवत्, वात् a part, and उद् what takes.

उभयसेवक mfn. (-नः-ता-नं) Serving two masters, being in the pay of both. उ. उभय and वेतन wages.

उभयसम्बन्ध m. (-नः) A dilemma. उ. उभय both, (conclusions,) उभय production.

उभयानुमत mfn. (-नः-ता-नं) Agreed to or accepted mutually, or on both sides. उ. उभय and अनुमत assented to.

उभयार्थम् ind. For a double object, (as for prosperity in earth and happiness in heaven.) उ. उभय and अर्थ an object.

उम् ind. An interjection, 1. Of anger. 2. Interrogation. 3. Promise or assent; and 4. Of cordiality or pacification.

उम m. (-नः) 1. A city, a town. 2. A wharf, a landing place. f. (-मा) 1. A name of the goddess PARVATI or DURGA. 2. Light, splendor. 3. Fame, reputation. 4. Turmeric. 5. Flax, (Linum utilitissimum.) 6. Quiet, tranquillity. उ. उ particle of calling, and मा prohibition;

1. e. "Practise not austerities," the exclamation addressed to DURGA by her mother; in the other senses it may be derived from मा to measure, or मा lustrate.

उमाकट m. (-टः) The cluster of flax. उ. उमा flax, कट् aff.

उमागुरु m. (-गुः) The mountain Himalaya उ. उमा the goddess, and गुरु a spiritual teacher; in mythology the personified mountain is the father of UMA.

उमापति m. (-तिः) A name of SIVA. उ. उमा and पति master; the husband of UMA.

उमावन n. (-नः) A name of Vanapura or Devi Kota, (Devi Cote.) उ. उमा and वन a grove; the residence of UMA.

उमासुत m. (-तः) A name KARTIKEYA. उ. उमा and सुत a son, the son of PARVATI.

उमेश m. (-शः) A title of SIVA. उ. उमा and ईश a lord; see उमापति.

उम् r. 6th cl. (प) (उम्पति) To fill; also उम्.

उम्ब n. (-म्बः) A field of linseed, (Linum utilitissimum.) उ. उम्ब flax, and उम् affix; also उम्बोम्.

उम्बर m. (-रः) The upper-timber of a door-frame. उ. उम्बर up, above, उ to screen, उम् aff.

उम्बो f. (-म्बो) The stalks of wheat or barley fried over a fire of wet grass, considered as a tonic.

उम्बन n. (-नः) Injury of the lungs, breaking a blood-vessel, consumption. उ. उम्ब and न lesion.

उम्बल n. (-लः) The breast, the bosom. उ. उम्ब the breast, and ल place.

उम्बलिका f. (-का) A pearl-necklace. उ. उम्ब the breast, and लिका thread, ट् aff.

उर Sautra root. (उरति) to go.

उरम m. (-मः) A snake. उ. उरम् the breast, and म who goes, from गम् to go, affix उ; also उरम् and उरम्ब.

उरगलान n. (-नः) The infernal regions below the earth. उ. उरग and लान a place or country; the abode of the Nagas or serpents.

उरगर्ग m. (-र्गः) 1. GARUDA the bird of VISHNU. 2. A large crane. उ. उरग a snake, and र्ग the enemy.

उरगान्न n. (-न्नः) 1. A name of GARUDA the bird of VISHNU. 2. The gigantic crane. उ. उरग and अन्न food; whose food is of serpents.

उरग्रेह m. (-ग्रेहः) The king of snakes, SHESHA or VASUKI. उ. उरग and ग्रेह chief. [उरग्रेह.

उरग m. (-गः) A snake, a serpent; see उरम, the affix being उम्ब; also उरग m. (-गः) 1. A ram. 2. A cloud. f. (-वी) A ewe. उ. उम्ब to go, उम्ब affix,

leaving उ, and उ substituted for the antepenultimate.

उरबाध m. (-धः) Cassia, (Alata.) उ. उरम् ram, बाध an eye; the flower being so compared; उ being added, also उरबाध.

उरबाध m. (-धः) Cassia; see the preceding. उ. उरम् and बाध a name; named from the ram; also उरबाध, उ being added.

उरम् m. (-म्) A ram. उ. उम् much, उम्ब to wander, उम्ब affix, and the final उम्ब dropped.

उररी ind. A particle implying, 1. Assent. 2. Expansion; (it chiefly occurs in composition.) उ. उररी to weave, उररी aff.

उररीकार m. (-रः) A promise, an agreement. उ. उररी, कार what makes. उररीकृत mfn. (-नः-ता-नं) 1. Promised, agreed. 2. Spread, diffused. उ. उररी and कृत made.

उररुद m. (-दः) Armour, mail. उ. उरम् the breast, and रुद a covering.

उरम् mfn. (-रः-ता-नः) Best, excellent n. (-रः) The breast, the bosom. उ. उम्ब to go, Una'di affix उम्ब, the pen changed to उ; also उर a Sautra root, to go, and उम्ब before.

उरसिज m. (-जः) The female breast. उ. उरम् the breast, in the 7th case. उ produced.

उरसिज्ज m. (-ज्जः) The female breast. उ. उरसि on the breast, and ज्ज what grows.

उरसिल mfn. (-लः-ता-नं) Broad-chested, having a full or broad breast उ. उरम् and लम्ब aff.

उरकट m. (-टः) The sacrificial thread hung round the neck and upon the breast, as it is sometimes worn. उ. उरम् the breast, कट् to encompass, उम्ब aff.

उरम्ब ind. From the breast. उ. उरम् and उम्ब aff.

उरम्बान n. (-नः) Mail, the breast-plate or cuirass. उ. उरम्, उम्ब to preserve, affix उम्ब.

उरम्ब mfn. (-म्बः-ता-नं) From the breast. उ. (उम्ब-ता) A legitimate son or daughter, that is, one born from a married couple of the same tribe or cast उ. उरम् the breast, and उम्ब aff.

उरम्बन् mfn. (-न्-ता-नं-ता-नं) Broad-chested, full-breasted, strong. उ. उरम् and उम्ब poss. aff.

उरम्ब m. (-म्बः) A horse of a pale colour, with dark legs.

उररी ind. A particle, implying, (especially in composition.) 1. Promise, assent. 2. Expansion; also उररी and उररी.

उररीकार m. (-रः) 1. Promise. 2. Extension उ. उररी, and कार what makes. उररीकृत mfn. (-नः-ता-नं) 1. Promised. 2. Expanded, spread उ. उररी and कृत made, also उररीकृत and उररीकृत.

उरम् mfn. (-म्बः-ता-नं) 1. Large, great. 2. Much, excessive. 3. Long. 4. Valuable, precious. उ. उम्ब to cover, उम्ब Una'di affix; उम्ब is made short, and उम्ब dropped by special rule.

उरम्बल m. (-लः) A creeper, (Cucumis colocynthis.) उ. उरम् and लम्ब time, of long growth, also with उम्ब added उरम्बलम्ब.

उरम्बाय m. (-यः) A name of KRISHNA. उ. उरम् a snake, उम्ब to go, and उम्ब aff.

उरम्ब mfn. (-म्बः-ता-नं) Greater, larger उ. उरम् and उम्ब aff.

उरम्ब mfn. (-म्बः-ता-नं) Greatest. उ. उरम् and उम्ब aff.

उरम्ब m. (-म्बः) Great heat. उ. उरम् much, उम्ब heat.

उरम्ब m. (-म्बः) Magnitude, vastness. उ. उरम् and उम्ब affix, also उरम्ब.

उरम्ब m. (-म्बः) A long road. उ. उरम् and उम्ब a road.

उररी ind. A particle, of 1. Assent. 2. Expansion; see उररी.

उरम्बुक् m. (-क्) The castor oil tree, (Palma christi or Ricinus communis.) उ. उरम् great or much, (disease.) उम्ब to wither or dry, affix उरम् deriv. irr. or with उम्ब affix उरम्बुक्.

उरम्बुक् m. (-क्) See the preceding.

उरम्बुक् m. (-क्) A malignant spirit, an imp or goblin. उ. उरम् much, उम्ब to deceive, उम्ब Una'di aff.

उरम्ब mfn. (-म्बः-ता-नं) Magnanimous, of a lofty nature उ. उरम् and लम्ब disposition.

उरम्ब m. (-म्बः) A valuable necklace. उ. उरम् and उम्ब a necklace.

उरम्बामिन् mfn. (-मिन्-ता-नं) 1. Creeping, crawling, going on the belly as a reptile. उ. उरम् and मिन् who goes.

उरम्ब m. (-म्बः) Pain of the chest, pleurisy. उ. उरम् and उम्ब what seizes.

उरम्ब m. (-म्बः) 1. Striking or beating the breast. 2. Pain in the chest. उ. उरम् and उम्ब a wound.

उररी m. (-रः) The female breast. उ. उरम् the breast, and उ produced.



उडित mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Abandoned, left. ३. उड् to abandon, ञ affix, and the vowel substituted.

उडित m. (-तः) A spider. ३. उड् wool, नाभि a navel, affix उ.

उड्वा f. (-वा) 1. Wool, felt, the hair of camels, &c. 2. A circle of hair between the eye brows. ३. उड् to cover, उ affix; the word is properly ऊडा, q v. [ful.]

उड् r. 1st cl. (उड्ते) 1. To measure. 2. To play. 3. To be easy or cheer-  
उड् m. (-डः) An otter. ३. उड् to play, र्ण aff.

उड् r. 1st cl. (उड्ते) 1. To kill or hurt.

उड्ते m. (-टः) A year. ३. उड् much, and ञट् to go, ञ aff.

उड्ते f. (-तः) 1. Fertile soil, yielding every kind of crop. 2. Land in general. ३. उड् much, ञ to go, ञप् and टप् affs.

उड्ते f. (-ते) The name of one of the courtezans of Swarga or INDRA's heaven, ३. उड् great, वृ to tame, ञप् and डीप् affixes; also उड्ते and उड्ते

उड्ते m. (-तः) The name of AILA or PURURAVA, the second king of the line of the moon, ३. उड्ते, and रज्ज् the gallant or husband of the Apsara URVASI.

उड्ते m. (-तः) A name of AILA: see the preceding. ३. As before, रज्ज् a friend, a lover, &c. [रज्ज्]

उड्ते m. (-तः) A kind of cucumber, (Cucumis utilatissimus.) See उड्ते f. (-ते) The earth. ३. उड् great, डीप् aff.

उड्ते m. (-तः) 1. A mountain. 2. The serpent SESA. ३. उड्ते the earth, and ञर what holds.

उड्ते m. (-तः) A tree. ३. उड्ते and उड्ते what grows on.

उड् Sautra root, (उड्ते) to burn.

उड् m. (-तः) 1. A creeping plant, a spreading creeper. m. (-तः) A kind of grass or reed, (Saccharum cylindricum.) ३. उड् to be strong, ञप् affix; also उड्.

उड् m. (-तः) The name of a country. ३. उड् to burn, क्तिन् aff.

उड् m. (-तः) A spreading creeper. m. (-तः) A reed, (Saccharum cylindricum.) ३. उड् to be strong, ञप् affix; also उड् and उड्.

उड् m. (-तः) A porpoise, or fish resembling it. ३. उड् for उड् up, ञप् to disturb, &c. ञिन् affix; also उड्पिन्, उड्पिन्, उड्पिन्, &c.

उड् m. (-तः) 1. An owl. 2. A name of INDRA. 3. One of the heroes of the Mahabharata. n. (-तः) A kind of reed, (Saccharum cylindricum.) ३. उड् to be strong, उड् aff.

उड् m. (-तः) 1. A wooden mortar used for cleaning rice. 2. Bdel-  
lium, a gummy substance. ३. उड् up, उड् empty, and उड् what takes: or उड् for उड्, and उड् what goes; उड् is changed to उड्: see उड्.

उड् m. (-तः) A name of Bdelium, a gummy substance, or the plant which produces it. ३. उड् added to the preceding.

उड् mfn. (-तः-तौ-तं) Pounded in a mortar, cleaved. ३. उड् and उड् aff.

उड् m. (-तः) A large snake, the Boa. ३. उड् much, उड् to cut, and ञ aff.

उड् m. (-तः) A spreading creeper. n. (-तः) A sort of grass. f. (-तः) A nymph of Patala married to ARJUNA. ३. See उड्.

उड् m. (-तः) A porpoise, or fish resembling it: see उड्पिन्.

उड् f. (-तः) 1. A fire-brand. 2. Fire falling from heaven, a meteor, &c. 3. Flame. 4. Fire. ३. उड् to burn, उड् Una'di affix, उड् substituted for उड्; or the root is a Sautra root, उड् to burn.

उड् m. (-तः) A ghost or goblin, with a face of fire, who eats what is vomited, and who was a negligent Brahman in his life-time. f. (-तः) A fox. ३. उड् a flame, उड् a mouth, डीप् affix; the latter from the redness of his mouth.

उड् m. (-तः) 1. A fire-brand, wood burning or burnt as charcoal. 2. The name of a prince. ३. उड् to burn, उड् Una'di affix, उड् is changed to उड्.

उड् m. (-तः) Horripilation, erection of the hair of the body. ३. उड् up, उड् to injure, उड् affix, and उड् inserted.

उड् m. (-तः) The Lagna of any particular place. ३. उड् over, उड् the entrance of the sun into a sign.

उड् m. (-तः) 1. Leaping or passing over or beyond. 2. Exceeding, transgression. ३. उड् before उड् to go, उड् aff.

उड् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Passed over or beyond, jumped across. 2. Exceeded, transgressed. ३. उड् before उड् to go, ञ aff.

उड् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. To be crossed, to be passed over or beyond. 2. To be disregarded or neglected. ३. उड् before उड् to go, and उड् aff.

उड् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Refractory, rebellious, disobedient. ३. उड् and उड् order. [उड् aff.]

उड् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Shaking, trembling. ३. उड् much, उड् to tremble,

उड् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Shaking, trembling. 2. Moving irregularly or convulsively. ३. उड् before उड् to tremble, affix उड्.

उड् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Shaken, trembling, agitated. ३. उड् much, उड् to tremble, affix ञ.

उड् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Bright, shining. 2. Sporting, merry, happy. 3. Going out, issuing. ३. उड् before उड् to shine, ञप् aff.

उड् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Brilliant, shining. 2. Sporting, wanton-  
ing. ३. उड् before उड् to shine, उड् aff.

उड् f. (-तः) 1. Splendor, brilliancy. 2. Mirth, happiness. 3. Going forth, issuing. ३. उड् what shines, उड् aff.

उड् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Bright, splendid, shining. 2. Happy. 3. Eject-  
ed, brought to the top or surface. 4. Drawn up. ३. उड् before उड् to shine, ञ aff.

उड् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Recovered from sickness, convalescent. 2. Dex-  
trous, clever, intelligent. 3. Pure. 4. Happy, delighted. ३. उड् much, उड् to be able, ञप् aff.

उड् m. (-तः) Change of voice in grief, sickness, &c. ३. उड् implying alteration, उड् to speak, उड् aff.

उड् m. (-तः) 1. Joy, happiness. 2. Light, splendor. 3. Increase. 4. The division of a book, a chapter, a section. ३. उड् much, उड् to shine, &c. उड् aff.

उड् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Delighted, rejoicing. ३. उड् before उड् to shine, causal form, ञ aff.

उड् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Painting, writing. 2. Making lines or streaks, above or on high. 3. Scratching, scraping. 4. Bearing, raising. ३. उड् before उड् to write, उड् aff.

उड् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Thrown up, tossed. 2. Pared, made thin. 3. Scraped, scratched. 4. Painted, delineated. 5. Written over or above. ३. उड् and उड् written.

उड् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Discriminated, distinguished, known. ३. उड् before उड् to mark, and ञ aff.

उड् n. (-तः) 1. Plucking out hair. 2. Cutting the hair. ३. उड् up, उड् to cut, affix उड्.

उड् m. (-तः) 1. Utterance, pronunciation. 2. Speaking. ३. उड् before उड् to write, ञप् aff.

उड् n. (-तः) 1. Raising up, elevating. 2. Vomiting. 3. Digging. 4. Scraping, paring. 5. Uttering, utterance. 6. Writing, painting. ३. उड् before उड् to write, &c. उड् aff.

उड् m. (-तः) An awning, a canopy. ३. उड् above, डीप् to see, ञप् aff.

उड् m. (-तः) A surge, a large wave or billow. ३. उड् up, डीप् to be furious, ञप् affix, and उड् becomes उड्.

उड् n. (-तः) 1. The womb. 2. The embryo. 3. The membranes investing the fetus. 4. A cavity. ३. उड् to accumulate, उड् Una'di affix, and उड् becomes उड्.

उड् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Apparent, evident. 2. Much, exceeding. n. (-तः) An excess of either of the humors of the body, bile, phlegm or wind. ३. उड् up, डीप् to join, ढेन्. irr.

उड् r. 5th cl. (उड्ते) To be straight: see उड्.

उद्य mfn. (-उद्य-उद्य-उद्य) Inauspicious, (as discourse.) ३. उद्य to burn, उद्य part. affix; also उद्यत्.  
 उद्य m. (-उद्यः) A name of SUKRA, regent of the planet Venus. ३. उद्य to wish, उद्य aff. Una'di aff.  
 उद्य m. (-उद्यः) 1. Fire. 2. Ghee or boiled butter. ३. उद्य to wish, Una'di affix उद्य, and उ changed to उ  
 उद्यी f. (-उद्यी) Wish, desire. ३. उद्य to wish, उ Una'di aff.  
 उद्यीवर m. (-उद्यीवरः) 1. The name of a country, (Candahar.) 2. A king, the father of SIV. ३. उद्यी desire, उद्य a man.  
 उद्यीर m. (-उद्यीरः) The root of a fragrant grass, (Andropogon nauricatum.) f. (-उद्यीर) A sort of grass, a small sort of Saccharum. ३. उद्य to desire, उद्य Una'di affix; also with उद्य added उद्यीरव.  
 उद्य १. 1st cl. (उद्यति) To burn. (उद्य) उद्य (उद्यति) To kill or injure : with उ prefixed, this root makes उद्यति, &c.  
 उद्य m. (-उद्यः) 1. Early morning, dawn, day-break. 2. A libidinous man. 3. Bdellium. 4. Saline earth. f. (-उद्य) 1. A cow. 2. Burning, scorching. 3. A proper name, the wife of ANIRUDDHA. 4. Night. 5. A pot; also उद्य. ind. The end of night or day-break, उद्य to burn, उद्य affix and fem. do टाप्; the affix of the particle is उद्य.  
 उद्य n. (-उद्यः) Black pepper. f. (-उद्य) 1. Long pepper. 2. Chai, (Piper chavya.) 3. Dried ginger. ३. उद्य to burn, उद्य aff.  
 उद्य mfn. (-उद्य-उद्य-उद्य) Inauspicious, (as discourse.) see उद्यत्.  
 उद्य m. (-उद्यः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. ३. उद्य to burn, उद्य aff.  
 उद्य m. (-उद्यः) Fire. ३. उद्य dawn, उद्य to know, उद्य aff.  
 उद्य n. (-उद्यः) 1. The dawn, morning. f. (-उद्यी) The end of the day, twilight. ३. उद्य to burn, उद्य Una'di aff.  
 उद्य mfn. (-उद्यः-उद्यः-उद्यः) Belonging to the dawn. ३. उद्य and उद्य aff.  
 उद्यक m. (-उद्यः) A cock. ३. उद्य dawn, उद्य to sound, उद्य aff.  
 उद्यपति m. (-उद्यपतिः) A name of ANIRUDDHA, the son of KAMADVA. ३. उद्य and पति a lord, a master; the husband of USHA.  
 उद्यरम m. (-उद्यरमः) ANIRUDDHA : see the preceding. ३. उद्य and रम a husband, &c.  
 उद्य mfn. (-उद्यः-उद्यः-उद्यः) 1. Stale. 2. Burnt. 3. Quick, expeditious. 4. Fixed, remaining in or on. 5. Inhabited, dwelt. ३. उद्य to burn, or उद्य to abide, उद्य aff.  
 उद्यतवृत्त mfn. (-उद्यतवृत्तः) Formerly inhabited by cattle. ३. उद्यत inhabited, उद्यत appertaining to cattle, from उद्य with उद्य affix : see उद्यतवृत्त.  
 उद्यत ind. Having resided in. ३. उद्य to abide, उद्य aff.  
 उद्यीर m. (-उद्यीरः) The root of the Andropogon nauricatum. ३. उद्य to desire, उद्य affix, उ becomes उद्य; see उद्यीर. [उद्यपति.  
 उद्य m. (-उद्यः) A name ANIRUDDHA. ३. उद्य and उद्य lord, husband : see उद्य.  
 उद्य mfn. (-उद्यः-उद्यः-उद्यः) Fit to be dressed in a pot, or boiled, (meat, &c.) ३. उद्य a pot, उद्य affix; also उद्य.  
 उद्य m. (-उद्यः) 1. A camel. 2. A cart, a vehicle of burthen. f. (-उद्यी) or उद्यी An earthen vessel. 2. A she camel. ३. उद्य to burn, and उद्य Una'di affix, fem. affix उद्यी or टाप् with उद्य inserted.  
 उद्यक f. (-उद्यकः) A flower of a red colour.  
 उद्योद्य mfn. (-उद्योद्यः-उद्योद्यः) Making a noise like a camel. ३. उद्य and उद्य to cry, उद्य aff.  
 उद्योद्य n. (-उद्योद्यः) A pair of camel. ३. उद्य and उद्योद्य a couple.  
 उद्योद्य m. (-उद्योद्यः) Hemorrhoids. ३. उद्य and उद्योद्य the neck.  
 उद्योद्य f. (-उद्योद्यः) A tree.  
 उद्योद्य f. (-उद्योद्यः) Arabian jasmine. ३. उद्य and उद्य a foot : from the shape of its flowers.  
 उद्य n. (-उद्यः) A camel, later, a vehicle drawn or borne by camels. ३. उद्य and उद्य a carriage.  
 उद्योद्य m. (-उद्योद्यः) Piles, hemorrhoids, bleeding piles. ३. उद्य a camel, उद्य head, and उद्य when has.  
 उद्य mfn. (-उद्यः-उद्यः-उद्यः) 1. Hot, pungent. 2. Pungent, acrid. 3. Sharp, active.

1. Impetuous, warm, passionate. m. (-उद्यः) 1. The hot season, (June and July.) 2. Heat, warmth. 3. Sunshine. 4. An onion. 5. A sigh. f. (-उद्य) 1. Consumption. 2. Bile. ३. उद्य to burn, उद्य aff.  
 उद्य mfn. (-उद्यः-उद्यः-उद्यः) 1. Sharp, smart, active. 2. Suffering pain. 2. Bent, inclining, stooping. 4. Warming, heating. m. (-उद्यः) 1. The hot season, two months about June and July. 2. Revolving, turning round. ३. उद्य added to the preceding.  
 उद्य m. (-उद्यः) Heat, warmth. ३. उद्य added to उद्य; also with उद्य, उद्यत्.  
 उद्योद्य f. (-उद्योद्यः) The river of hell. ३. उद्य hot, उद्योद्य a river.  
 उद्योद्य m. (-उद्योद्यः) The sun. ३. उद्य and उद्योद्य a ray.  
 उद्योद्य m. (-उद्योद्यः) An umbrella or parasol, a Chhattah. ३. उद्य heat, and उद्य to screen, उद्य aff.  
 उद्योद्य m. (-उद्योद्यः) 1. Hot vapour, steam. 2. Tears. ३. उद्य and उद्योद्य vapour.  
 उद्योद्य m. (-उद्योद्यः) 1. The gangetic porpoise. 2. Any hot or pungent substance. ३. उद्य heat, उद्योद्य power, strength.  
 उद्योद्य m. (-उद्योद्यः) The sun. ३. उद्य and उद्योद्य a ray.  
 उद्योद्य m. (-उद्योद्यः) The hot season, consisting of two months, about June and July. ३. उद्य heat, and उद्योद्य arrival.  
 उद्योद्य m. (-उद्योद्यः) The hot season, as above. ३. उद्य and उद्योद्य approach.  
 उद्योद्य mfn. (-उद्योद्यः-उद्योद्यः-उद्योद्यः) Suffering from heat. ३. उद्य and उद्योद्य aff.  
 उद्योद्य m. (-उद्योद्यः) The cold season. ३. उद्य warmth, उद्योद्य intolerant.  
 उद्योद्य f. (-उद्योद्यः) Rice gruel. ३. उद्य warm (rice), उद्य aff.  
 उद्योद्य f. (-उद्योद्यः) A verse of four lines, each line being of seven syllables : it is used chiefly in the Vedas. ३. उद्य prefixed to उद्योद्य to be unctuous or bland, उद्योद्य aff.  
 उद्योद्य m. (-उद्योद्यः) 1. A turban. 2. A diadem. 3. A distinguishing cognate mark. 1. The curly hair with which a Buddha is born, and which indicates his future sanctity. ३. उद्य heat, उद्योद्य to oppose or injure, उद्य aff.  
 उद्योद्य mfn. (-उद्योद्यः-उद्योद्यः-उद्योद्यः) Turbanned. ३. उद्योद्य and उद्योद्य who wears.  
 उद्योद्य n. (-उद्योद्यः) Warm or hot water. ३. उद्य and उद्योद्य water.  
 उद्योद्य m. (-उद्योद्यः) The hot season, summer. ३. उद्य, उद्योद्य arrival.  
 उद्य m. (-उद्यः) 1. The hot season, (June and July.) 2. Spring, (April and May.) 3. Heat. 4. Anger, warmth of temper. 5. Ardor, eagerness. ३. उद्य to burn, उद्य affix; also with उद्य affix उद्यत्, also उद्य and उद्यत्.  
 उद्य m. (-उद्यः) 1. The hot season. 2. Heat. ३. उद्य to burn, and उद्योद्य aff.  
 उद्योद्य m. (-उद्योद्यः) A heavenly spirit of an inferior order.  
 उद्योद्य m. (-उद्योद्यः) The sun. ३. उद्य and उद्योद्य what shines.  
 उद्योद्य m. (-उद्योद्यः) A vapour bath. ३. उद्य and उद्योद्य sweat.  
 उद्योद्य m. (-उद्योद्यः) The hot season : see उद्योद्य.  
 उद्य m. (-उद्यः) 1. A bull. 2. A ray of light. f. (-उद्य) 1. A cow. 2. A plant, (Athericum tuberosum, Rox.) ३. उद्य to dwell, उद्य Una'di aff.  
 उद्योद्य m. (-उद्योद्यः) INDRA.  
 उद्य १. 1st cl. (उद्यत्) उद्यत् (उद्यति) or (उद्य) उद्य (उद्यति) 1. To hurt or give pain. 2. To kill, to destroy. With उद्य and उद्य pre. to destroy, to remove.  
 उद्य m. (-उद्यः) The name of a country.

उ

उ The sixth vowel of the Sanskrit alphabet, corresponding to U long, and having the sound of that letter in the word rule.  
 उ ind. 1. An incipient particle. 2. An interjection of compassion. 3. Of regard. m. (उः) The moon. ३. उद्य to go, उद्य affix, उ becomes उ.  
 उद्य mfn. (-उद्यः-उद्यः-उद्यः) 1. Married. 2. Carried as load or burthen. f. (-उद्यी) A bride, a wife espoused according to the ritual. ३. उद्य to bear, उद्य aff.  
 उद्योद्य mfn. (-उद्योद्यः-उद्योद्यः-उद्योद्यः) Armed, mailed. ३. उद्य horse, उद्योद्य armour.

कते mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Woven. E. वेज् to weave, affix त्.  
 कति f. (-तिः) 1. Preserving, protecting. 2. Sewing, weaving. 3. Distilling. 4. Speed. 5. Sport, play. E. वेज् to weave, &c. affix क्तिन्.  
 कथम् mfn. (-म्-या-यं) Produced from the udder, milk, &c. E. कथम्, यत् affix, and म substituted for स.  
 कथम् n. (-यः) An udder. E. बध् to bear, कथि affix, deriv. irr.  
 कथम् n. (-यः) Milk. E. कथम् and यत् aff.  
 क्त r. 10th cl. (-क्त) कनत् (कनयति) 1. To deduct or lessen. 2. To mete out in small quantities. 3. To measure.  
 क्त mfn. (-तः ना-नं) Less in number, size or degree, as fewer, smaller, inferior, &c. E. क्त to deduct, &c. affix क्त.  
 क्त ind. An interjection of, 1. Interrogation. 2. Anger. 3. Reproach. 4. Abuse. 5. Arrogance. n. (-सः) A city. E. क्त to preserve, &c. मन् Unadi aff.  
 क्त r. 1st cl. (-क्त) कटी (कयत्) To sew, to weave.  
 कर्त्तरी ind. 1. A particle of assent. 2. Of expansion. E. कर्त्त to sew, &c. र्त्तरी affix. see उररी.  
 कर्त्तव्य m. (-यः) A man of the third cast or tribe, the merchant or husbandman, the Vaiya. E. कर्त्त a thigh, and यत् affix; being born from the thigh of BRAHMA.  
 कर्त्त ind. A particle of, 1. Assent. 2. Of expansion: see उररी.  
 कर्त्तव्य mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Promised. 2. Expanded. E. कर्त्त and क्त made: see उररी.  
 कर्त्त m. (-तः) The thigh. E. कर्त्त to cover, क्त aff.  
 कर्त्तव्य f. (-तिः) Weakness of the thigh. E. कर्त्त and क्त debility.  
 कर्त्त m. (-तः) A Vaiya or man of the third tribe. E. कर्त्त and ज born: from the thigh of BRAHMA.  
 कर्त्तव्य mfn. (-तः ता-तं) As high as the thigh. E. कर्त्त and दध् affix; also कर्त्तव्य and कर्त्तव्य, with दध् and यत् affs.  
 कर्त्तव्य m. (-यः) The knee. E. कर्त्त and पथ् a joint.  
 \* कर्त्तरी ind. A particle of, 1. Promise. 2. Of expansion: see उररी.  
 कर्त्तव्य m. (-यः) 1. Paralysis of the lower extremities. 2. Rheumatism of the thigh. f. (-तिः) The plantain tree. E. कर्त्त and लम् a post.  
 कर्त्त f. (-तिः) Strength, vigour. E. कर्त्त to be strong, क्तिन् aff.  
 कर्त्त r. 10th cl. (-कर्त्तयति) 1. To be strong. 2. To live.  
 कर्त्त m. (-तः) 1. The month Kartik, (Oct.-Nov.) 2. Effort, exertion. 3. Power, strength. 4. Breath, breathing. 5. Procreative power. n. (-सः) Water. E. कर्त्त to live, क्त aff.  
 कर्त्तव्य mfn. (-यः ता-तं) Strong, vigorous. E. कर्त्त and यत् affix, with स inserted.  
 कर्त्तव्य mfn. (-यः ता-तं) Strong, powerful. E. कर्त्त strength, यत् affix, and स inserted.  
 कर्त्तव्य mfn. (-यः ता-तं) Very strong. n. (-सः) Speaking of any thing with disdain, (a figure of rhetoric.) E. कर्त्त and विनि affix, स inserted.  
 कर्त्तव्य mfn. (-यः ता-तं) 1. Powerful, mighty, great, excellent. 2. Exceeding, much. E. कर्त्त to be strong, क्त aff.  
 कर्त्तव्य mfn. (-यः ता-तं) Spirited, magnanimous. E. कर्त्त great, क्त receptacle.  
 कर्त्तव्य m. (-यः) A spider. E. कर्त्त wool, नाभि the navel, क्त affix; also कर्त्तव्य, the final being retained.  
 कर्त्त f. (-तिः) 1. Wool, felt, &c., the hair of sheep, deer, camels, &c. 2. A circle of the hair between the eye-brows, considered as a token of greatness. E. कर्त्त to cover, क्त and दध् affs.  
 कर्त्तव्य mfn. (-यः ता-तं) Woolen, made of wool. E. कर्त्त and यत् aff.  
 कर्त्तव्य m. (-यः) 1. A woollen blanket. 2. A ram. 3. A spider. E. कर्त्त wool, यत् aff.  
 कर्त्त r. 2nd cl. (-क्त) कर्त्त (कर्त्तति कर्त्तति or कर्त्तते) To cover, hide, conceal, &c. with क्त prefixed कर्त्तति.  
 कर्त्तव्य mfn. (-यः ता-तं) Covered. E. कर्त्त and क्त aff.

कर्त्त m. (-तः) 1. A hero, a champion. 2. A Raksassa, a goblin, a demon. E. कर्त्त to be strong, दध् Unadi affix; क is dropped.  
 कर्त्त mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Above, upper. 2. High, elevated. 3. Abandoned: see ऊर्त्त.  
 कर्त्त m. (-तः) A kind of drum: see ऊर्त्त.  
 कर्त्त mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Above, superior, upper. 2. High. 3. Abandoned. 4. After, subsequent. E. कर्त्त substituted for ऊर्त्त above, क्त to leave, and क्त affix, or with क्त only ऊर्त्त.  
 कर्त्त m. (-तः) A kind of drum. E. कर्त्त or कर्त्त up, and क्त what sounds; from its making a loud noise, or being elevated in playing; also ऊर्त्त.  
 कर्त्तव्य m. (-यः) The upper part of the body. E. कर्त्त and क्त body.  
 कर्त्तव्य mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Going up or above; ascending, hovering. E. कर्त्त and क्त what goes; also कर्त्तव्य, &c.  
 कर्त्तव्य mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Gone up, risen, ascended. E. कर्त्त, यत् gone.  
 कर्त्तव्य f. (-तिः) Ascent, elevation. E. कर्त्त and यत् going.  
 कर्त्तव्य n. (-तः) The city of HARISCHANDRA, who with his subjects is supposed to be suspended in the atmosphere. E. कर्त्त going above, and यत् a city: see हरिचन्द्रपुर.  
 कर्त्तव्य m. (-यः) Upward motion of any kind. E. कर्त्त and यत् going; also कर्त्तव्य.  
 कर्त्तव्य mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Supine, heels upwards. E. कर्त्त and यत् the foot; also कर्त्तव्य, &c.  
 कर्त्तव्य mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Thick-kneed, long-shanked. 2. Sitting on the hams. E. कर्त्त high, large, जान् the knee, and with क्त added कर्त्तव्य.  
 कर्त्तव्य mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Thick kneed: see the preceding. E. कर्त्त and क्त substituted for जान्; also कर्त्तव्य.  
 कर्त्तव्य mfn. (-तः ता-तं) See the preceding.  
 कर्त्तव्य n. (-तः) Height, elevation. E. क्त added to ऊर्त्त; also with तत् ऊर्त्त.  
 कर्त्तव्य mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Looking up or upwards. E. कर्त्त and दृष्टि sight.  
 कर्त्तव्य m. (-यः) A name of VISHNU. E. कर्त्त superior, and दध् deity.  
 कर्त्तव्य mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Exalted, elevated. E. कर्त्त upper, दध् to tanic क्त aff.  
 कर्त्तव्य n. (-तः) 1. Causing to ascend. 2. Sublimation. E. कर्त्त and यत् causing to go.  
 कर्त्तव्य n. (-तः) A sacrificial vessel. E. कर्त्त and यत् a vessel.  
 कर्त्तव्य mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Heels upwards. m. (-तः) A fabulous animal with eight legs. E. कर्त्त superior, exceeding, पाद a foot.  
 कर्त्तव्य m. (-तः) A perpendicular line on the forehead made with Sandal, &c. a Vaishnava mark. E. कर्त्त above, यत् a similar mark.  
 कर्त्तव्य m. (-तः) An ascetic, one who holds his arms above his head constantly till they are fixed in that position. E. कर्त्त and यत् the arm.  
 कर्त्तव्य m. (-तः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. Of BHISHMA. 3. A description of saint, one who lives in perpetual chastity. E. कर्त्त up, above, and यत् semen virile. [organ]  
 कर्त्तव्य m. (-तः) A name of SIVA. E. कर्त्त and यत् the generative.  
 कर्त्तव्य m. (-तः) Swarga, the heaven of INDRA or paradise. E. कर्त्त and यत् a world; the world above.  
 कर्त्तव्य m. (-तः) The atmosphere, heaven. E. कर्त्त above, and यत् path. [win]  
 कर्त्तव्य m. (-तः) The wind in the upper part of the body. E. कर्त्त and यत्.  
 कर्त्तव्य mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Put on, above or over the head. E. कर्त्त and यत् worn.  
 कर्त्तव्य n. (-तः) Vomiting. E. कर्त्त and यत् purifying.  
 कर्त्तव्य mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Above, superior, placed on high; also कर्त्त mfn. (-तः ता-तं) E. कर्त्त and क्त what steps or is.  
 कर्त्तव्य f. (-तिः) 1. A horse's back, the part where the rider sits. Elevation, superiority. E. कर्त्त above, and यत् being, staying.

**अजीवक** m. (-कः) The name of a vegetable. (*Momordica charantia*) n. **अजीवक** above, **अजीव** thrown : raised above other fruits.  
**अजीव** m. (-जी) or f. only, (-जी) 1. A wave. 2. A current, the flowing of water. 3. A fold or plait in a garment. 4. A Light, manifestation. 5. Speed, velocity. 6. Mental suffering, distress, uneasiness. 7. Pain. 8. Missing, regretting. 9. Human infirmity, as grief, illusion, hunger, thirst, decay, death. 10. Association. 11. Number, quantity. n. **अ** to go, **जि** Un'adi affix, **अ** substituted for the initial letter.  
**अजिवा f.** (-वा) 1. A finger-ring. 2. A plait or fold in a garment. 3. A wave. 4. Regret, sorrowing for any thing lost. 5. The buzzing of a bee. n. **अ** as the preceding, **जन्** &c. added.  
**अजिनत् mfn.** (-जन्-जती-जन्) 1. Crooked. 2. Wavy, billowy. n. **अजि** a wave, and **जन्** poss. aff. [added].  
**अजिनता f.** (-ता) 1. Undulation. 2. Crookedness. n. **अजिनत्** and **तन्**  
**अजिनादिन् m.** (-दी) The ocean. n. **अजि** a wave, **नादा** a necklace, and **दि** affix ; whose necklace is the surge.  
**अजरा f.** (-रा) Fertile soil, land bearing any and every crop : see **अजरा**.  
**अजरीवत् n.** (-वत्) The thigh and knee. n. **अज** and **अजीवत्** the knee pass.  
**अजरी f.** (-री) A nymph of Swarga : see **अजरी**. Also written **अजरी**.  
**अजरा n.** (-रा) A mushroom. n. **अजरी** for **अजी** the earth, and **अज** body : earth-born.  
**अजी f.** (-जी) A kind of grass, (*Andropogon serratum*) : see **दीवतादक**. n. **अज** to rain, **अज** and **टाप्** affixes, **व** changed to **अ**.  
**अजु m.** (-जः) An owl. n. **अज** to be strong, and **अज** affix ; **व** become **अ**.  
**अजुपिन् m.** (-पी) A porpoise : see **अजुपिन्**, &c.  
**अज r.** 1st cl. (**अजति**) To be diseased or disordered.  
**अज m.** (-जः) Salt-ground, soil impregnated with saline particles. n. (-जः) Dawn, day-break. f. (-वा) The wife of **ANIRUDH**. n. **अज** to be or make sick, **अ** affix, fem. **टाप्** ; see **अवा**.  
**अजक n.** (-कः) Dawn, day-break. n. **अ** as before, **जन्** added.  
**अजक n.** (-कः) Black pepper. f. (-वा) Long pepper : see **अजक**.  
**अजर mfn.** (-रः-रा-री-रः) A spot with saline soil. n. **अज** such soil, **रप्** aff.  
**अजवत् mfn.** (-वत्-वती-वत्) Consisting of saline soil, (a place, &c.) n. **अज** and poss. affix **जन्**.  
**अज r.** 1st cl. (**अजते**) To reason, to apprehend and infer : with **प्र** and **वि** to intermit ; with **वि**, to array in order of battle ; with **सन्** prefixed, (**समृद्धि** or **ते**) to assemble or to be assembled.  
**अज mfn.** (-जः-जा-जः) 1. Reasoning. 2. Completing a defective sentence or verse, supplying an ellipsis. n. **अज** to deliberate, **अज** affix, or with **अज** affix, **अजन्**.  
**अजन n.** (-जः) Reasoning, inferring, concluding. n. **अज** to deliberate, affix **अज**.  
**अजनी f.** (-नी) A broom. n. **अज** to carry, **अज** and **अजी** affixes ; **व** is changed to **अ**.  
**अजिन् mfn.** (-जी-जिनी-जि) 1. Who or what reasons. 2. Who or what assembles. f. (-जी) An assemblage, a collection. n. **अज** reasoning, **दि** aff.  
**अज mfn.** (-जः-जा-जः) To be investigated, to be supplied. n. **अज** to reason, **जन्** aff.

**अ** The seventh vowel of the Sanskrit alphabet, and peculiar to it. It corresponds in sound with RI, in merrily.

**अ f.** (-अः) A name of **Aditi**, the mother of the gods. ind. 1. An expression of abuse. 2. An articulate sound. 3. An expression of laughter. 4. A sound inarticulate or reiterated as in stammering.

**अ r.** 1st cl. (**अजति**) 1. To go, to approach. 2. To gain, to acquire ;

(the radical is changed to **अज** before an initial mute **अ**) r. 3rd cl. (**अजति**) To go ; (some confine this root to the Vedas.) r. 5th cl. (**अजति**) To kill, to injure ; also **फि**.

**अज्य n.** (-ज्यः) 1. Wealth, possessions, property. 2. Gold. n. **अज** to praise, **अज** Un'adi aff.

**अज्यपदम् n.** (-पदः) Receiving or inheriting property. n. **अज्य** wealth and **पदम्** taking.

**अज्ययाह mfn.** (-हः-हा-हः) Who inherits or takes property. m. (-हः) inheriting or receiving property. n. **अज्य** and **पदम्** to take, with **अज** affix ; also with **अजि**, **अज्ययाहिन् mfn.** (-ही-हिनी-हि)

**अज्यजात mfn.** (-तः-ता-तः) Accumulated, added, (as property.) n. **अज्य** wealth and **जात** produced.

**अज्यभाग m.** (-गः) 1. Division of property, inheritance, partition. 2. A share. n. **अज्य** property and **भाग** division.

**अज्यभागिन् mfn.** (-गि-गिनी-गि) An heir, a coheir, inheriting or sharing property. n. **अज्य** and **भागिन्** who shares

**अज्यहर mfn.** (-रः-री-रः) An heir, a coheir. n. **अज्य** and **हर** who takes.

**अज्यहारिन् mfn.** (-री-रिनी-रि) An heir, inheriting or sharing property. n. **अज्य** and **हारिन्** who takes.

**अज्यत f.** (-तः) A hundred texts. n. **अज** a prayer, and **त** a century.

**अज्यसंहिता f.** (-ता) The collection of the prayers and hymns of the **Rik** Veda. n. **अज** and **संहिता** compendium.

**अज r.** 5th cl. (**अजति**) To kill, to hurt or seek to hurt.

**अज mfn.** (-जः-जा-जः) Pierced, cut, divided. mn. (-जः-जः) A star, a constellation. m. (-जः) 1. A mountain in the peninsula, the temporary residence of **RAMA**. 2. A bear. 3. A plant, (*Bignonia Indica*). n. **अज** to go, **अज** Un'adi affix **अज**, the radical final then becomes **अ**, and **अ** becomes **अ** ; and **अ** and **अ** form the compound letter **अ**.

**अजवना f.** (-वा) 1. A kind of potherb, (*Convolvulus argenteus*). 2. Another sort, (*Convolvulus paniculatus*). n. **अज** a bear, and **अज** smell, smelling like a bear.

**अजवगिना f.** (-गा) A kind of potherb, (*Convolvulus paniculatus*, the pale sort) : see the preceding. n. **अ** as before, **जन्** added.

**अजर n.** (-रः) A shower, a stream m. (-रः) A family priest. n. **अज** to go, and **अज** Un'adi affix : see the derivation of **अज**.

**अजविभावन n.** (-नः) Observing or seeing the stars. n. **अज** and **विभावन** noticing.

**अजदेव m.** (-देवः) The moon. n. **अज** a star, **देव** lord.

**अजदेति m.** (-तिः) Offering worship to the planets and stars. n. **अज** and **देति** worship.

**अजदेव n.** (-देवः) The Rich or **Rik** Veda, the first of the four Vedas. n. **अज** and **देव** a Veda.

**अजदेवादि m.** (-दिन् or -दि) A Brahman familiar with the **Rik** Veda. n. **अज** and **देवादि** who knows.

**अज r.** 6th cl. (**अजति**) 1. To praise. 2. To cover, to screen.

**अज f.** (-अजः) 1. **Rik** or **Rig** Veda, one of the four principal religious books of the Hindus. 2. A stanza of a prayer or hymn of the **Rig** Veda. 3. A mantra, a magical invocation, a mystical prayer. n. **अज** to praise, affix **अज**, celebrating the praises of the gods.

**अजवीय n.** (-यः) A frying pan. m. (-यः) A hell. n. **अज** to fry, **अज** affix, **अ** substituted for **अ** ; also **अजवीय**.

**अज r.** 6th cl. (**अजति**) 1. To go, to move. 2. To fail in faculties. 3. To become hard or stiff, to congeal. 4. To incur.

**अजरा f.** (-रा) A harlot, a courtesan. n. **अज** to go, **अज** Un'adi affix, and **टाप्** for the fem.

**अज r.** 1st cl. (**अजते**) 1. To go. 2. To stand or be firm. 3. To be strong. 4. To acquire, to gain or earn. 5. To live. With a prefix ending in **अ**, the radical vowel is changed to **अज**, as in the pass. voice, (**अजते**) (**अज**) (**अजते**) To fry.

**अजीव m.** (-जः) 1. **INDRA**. 2. Smoke. n. **अज** and **अजीव** Un'adi aff.

**अजीव** n. (-व) 1. A frying pan. 2. A bell. **अज्** to fry, **रन्** Una'di affix : see **अजीव**.  
**अजु** mfn. (-जु-जु-जु) 1. Straight. 2. Straight metaphorically, as in morals, upright, honest **अज्** to go, affix **जु**. [body.  
**अजुनाथ** m. (-यः) A name of the saint KASYAPA. **अजु** straight, **नाथ**  
**अजुता** f. (-ता) 1. Uprightness, sincerity. 2. Straightness. **अजु** with **त** affix ; also with **त**, **अजुत**.  
**अजुकर** n. (-व) Straightening. **अजु** and **कर** making ; the vowel lengthened.  
**अजुक्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Made straight. **अजु** and **क्त** made ; the vowel lengthened.  
**अज** m. (-वः) A leader. **अज्** to go, **रन्** Una'di aff.  
**अज्जलन** m. (-नः) A cloud. **अजि** to go, **जलन्** Una'di aff.  
**अज** r. 8th cl. (व) **अजु** (अजीति or अजुते, अजीति or -जुते) To go ; according to some it is **अज**.  
**अज** n. (-व) 1. Debt. 2. A fort, a strong hold. 3. (In algebra.) Negative quantity, minus. **अज्** to go, **ज** affix, deriv. irr.  
**अजकट** mfn. (-तः-जी-तं) Getting into debt, indebted. **अज** and **कट** who makes. [seized.  
**अजकल** mfn. (-लः-जा-लं) Indebted, involved in debt. **अज** and **कल**  
**अजकृ** m. (-वः) 1. Borrowing. 2. A borrower. **अज** and **कृ** taking.  
**अजकृषिन्** mfn. (-जी-विषी-वि) Borrowing, a borrower. **अज** and **कृषिन्** who takes.  
**अजदात** mfn. (-ता-जी-तं) One who pays a debt. **अज** and **दात** who gives.  
 Also **अजद** mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) and **अजदायिन्** mfn. (-यी-विषी-वि).  
**अजदान** n. (-नः) Payment of debt. **अज** and **दान** giving.  
**अजमत्तु** m. (-वः) A security, a bail. **अज** debt, **मत्तु** an insect.  
**अजमार्ग** m. (-वः) A security. **अज**, **मत्** to cleanse, in the causal, and **कृट्** affix.  
**अजमुक्ति** f. (-क्तिः) Discharge of a debt. **अज** and **मुक्ति** emancipation.  
**अजनी** m. (-वः) Paying a debt. **अज** and **नी** released.  
**अजवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Owing, in debt. **अज** and **वत्** aff.  
**अजयोधन** n. (-नः) Payment or discharge of a debt. **अज** and **योधन** purifying.  
**अजपादन** n. (-नः) Recovery of a debt, receipt of money, &c. lent. It is one of the eighteen titles or subjects of judicial procedure. **अज** and **पादान** receiving.  
**अजानन** m. (-नः) The planet Mars. **अज**, **जल** end, and **ज** affix of agency : being the patron of debtors.  
**अजापनयन** n. (-नः) Discharge of a debt. **अज** and **पनयन** removing.  
**अजापनीदन** n. (-नः) Payment of a debt. **अज** and **पनीदन** removing.  
**अजापाकर** n. (-वः) Paying off a debt. **अज** and **पाकर** acquittance.  
**अजिक** m. (-नः) A debtor. **अज** debt, **जिन्** aff.  
**अजिन्** mfn. (-जी-विषी-वि) 1. Indebted. 2. Of or belonging to a debt. m. (जी) A debtor. **अज** and **जिन्** aff.  
**अजोदय** n. (-वः) Recovering a debt in any way from the creditor, by friendly or legal proceedings, by stratagem, or by arrest. **अज** and **उदय** taking.  
**अज** r. 6th cl. (जतति) 1. To go. 2. To have power. 3. To domineer. 4. To hate.  
**अज** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Gone. 2. Enlightened, luminous. 3. Worshipped, respected. 4. True. n. (-नः) 1. Gleaning. 2. Water. 3. Truth. **अज** to go, affix **ज**.  
**अजधामन्** m. (-नः) A name of VISHNU. **अज** luminous, **धामन्** abode ; whose residence is brilliant.  
**अजव्य** mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) Seasonable, in season, relating to a season. **अज** and **व्य** aff.  
**अति** f. (-तिः) 1. Prosperity, felicity. 2. A road, a way. 3. Abuse, censure, reproach. 4. Envy, emulation. 5. Going, motion. 6. Ill fortune. **अज** and **तिन्** aff.

**अजिह्व** mfn. (-जि-हि-व) Propitious, fortunate. **अजि** and **हि** what makes.  
**अजीवा** f. (-वा) 1. Censure, reproach, (according to some) **अजि**. **अजि** **अज** Sautra root, to abuse, **रन्** affix, fem. **अजि**.  
**अजु** m. (-जुः) 1. A season, (the Hindu year is divided into six seasons, each consisting of two months.) 2. The menstrual evacuation. 3. The time favourable for procreation, or sixteen days in each month. 4. A month. 5. A kind of collyrium. 6. Light. **अज्** to go, **जु** Una'di aff.  
**अजुका** m. (-वः) 1. The duration of a season. 2. The period of menstruation. 3. The period favourable for procreation, sixteen days in each month. **अजु** and **का** time.  
**अजुम** m. (-वः) The seasons collectively. **अजु** and **म** a class.  
**अजुपथ** m. (-यः) The revolution of the season. **अजु** and **पथ** revolution.  
**अजुप्राप्त** mfn. (-तः-जा-तं) Fruitful, fertile, &c. productive in due season. **अजु** season, and **प्राप्त** attained.  
**अजुनी** f. (-नी) A woman during menstruation. **अजु**, **नृप** aff.  
**अजुद** m. (-दिः) A year. **अजु** a season, **द** being.  
**अजुराज** m. (-जः) Spring. **अजु** and **राज** king.  
**अजुलि** n. (-वः) 1. A sign of the season. 2. A symptom of menstruation. **अजु** and **लि** a mark.  
**अजुसि** f. (-सिः) The interval or junction between two seasons : the last seven days of one season and the first seven of the next. **अजु** and **सि** union. [suitableness.  
**अजुसामा** n. (-मा) Diet, &c. suited to the season. **अजु** and **सामा**  
**अजुवाता** f. (-ता) A woman who has bathed after menstruation. **अजु** and **वाता** bathed.  
**अजे** ind. Besides, except. **अज** Sautra root, to except, **जे** aff.  
**अजोक्ति** f. (-क्तिः) Speaking truth. **अज** and **उक्ति** saying.  
**अजन्त** m. (-नः) The close of a season. 2. The termination of menstruation. **अज** and **जन्त** term.  
**अजिन्** m. (-जिन्) 1. A domestic chaplain, a family priest. **अज** a season, **जिन्** to worship, affix **जिन्**, deriv. irr.  
**अजम्** mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Prosperous, thriving, rising, &c. n. (-जः) 1. Stored grain. 2. A demonstrated conclusion, a distinct result. **अजम्** to grow, &c. affix **ज**.  
**अजि** f. (-जिः) 1. A medicinal plant ; also **जिहि**. 2. Increase, growth. 3. Fortune, prosperity. 4. A name of the goddess PARVATI. **अज** to grow, &c., **जिन्** aff.  
**अजिन्** mfn. (-जान्-जती-जन्) Rich, prosperous. **अजि** and **नृप** aff.  
**अज** r. 4th cl. (व) **अजु** (अजति) To increase, to grow, to flourish, to prosper. **अज** r. 5th cl. (अजति) 1. To increase, &c. 2. To augment or make increase. 3. To please.  
**अज** r. 6th cl. (अजति) To injure, to kill ; also **जिह्व**.  
**अजु** m. (-जुः) 1. A deity. 2. A divinity of a particular order. **अज** the mother of the gods, **जु** to be, **जु** affix ; also **जिह्व**.  
**अजुव** m. (-वः) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. INDRA's heaven or paradise. 3. The thunderbolt of INDRA. **अजु** a deity, **वि** to waste, to go, **व** aff.  
**अजुविन्** m. (-वः) INDRA. **अजुव** paradise, &c. **जिन्** aff.  
**अज** r. 6th cl. (अजति) To injure, to kill ; also **जिह्व**.  
**अज** m. (-जः) The painted or white-footed antelope. **अज** to go, **ज** affix ; also **अज** and **जिह्व**.  
**अज** r. 1st cl. (अजति) To take, to receive, to choose. (३) **अज** r. 6th cl. (अजति) To go, to approach.  
**अजम्** m. (-जः) 1. (In composition,) best, excellent. 2. A bull. 3. A dried plant, one of the eight principal medicaments. 4. The second of the seven notes of the Hindu gamut, in abbreviation, **रि**. 5. The first of the twenty-four principal Jinas or Jaina saints. 6. The hollow of the air. 7. The name of a mountain. 8. A cro-

dile's tail. 3. A bear's tail. f. (-वी) 1. A masculine woman, a woman with a beard, &c. 2. A widow. 3. Cowach, (*Carpogon pruriens*.)

३. एव् to go, एव् Una'di aff.

एवमन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) A name of SIVA. 2. A Jaina saint. ३. एवमन्त्र and एवमन्त्र a sign : he whose symbol is a bull.

एवमन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) A Rishi or sanctified personage so called : there are seven orders of these saints, as the Srutarshi, Kandarshi, Paramarshi, Maharshi, Rajarshi, Brahmarshi and Devarshi : the uncompounded name is especially applied to seven sages, of the Brahmarshi order, cotemporary with each MANU ; those of the present Manwantara, are MARICHI, ATRI, ANGIRAS, PULASTYA, PULASTI, KRATU and VASISTHA : the names of each series differ : specified also form, in astrology, the asterism of the greater bear : the Rishi of a Mantra or mystic prayer in the Veda, is the saint by whom it is supposed to have been remembered or recited. 2. A Veda. 3. A ray of light. 4. A saint or sanctified sage in general. f. (-वी) The wife of a Rishi. ३. एवम् to go, एव् Una'di affix, fem. affix एवी ; who goes beyond the limits of earthly life and wisdom.

एवमुक्ता f. (-क्ता) A river. ३. एवमुक्ता a saint, एवमुक्ता an artificial canal ; a canal made by the saints.

एवमुक्ता m. (-क्ता) A company or number of sages. ३. एवमुक्ता and एवमुक्ता a number.

एवमुक्ता m. (-क्ता) See the next.

एवमुक्ता f. (-क्ता) A potherb, (*Convolvulus argenteus*) : see एवमुक्ता.

३. एवम् and एवम् a dealer in antidotes, affix एवी.

एवमुक्ता f. (-क्ता) A plant : see एवमुक्ता. ३. एवम्, प्रोक्त mentioned.

एवमुक्ता m. (-क्ता) The study of Scripture. ३. एवम् a sage, and एवम् sacrifice.

एवमुक्ता mfn. (-क्ता-एवम्) Bearing or conveying a Rishi. ३. एवम् and एवम् what bears, the final made long.

एवम् f. (-ट्ट) A sword. ३. एवम् to go, affix एवी.

एवम् m. (-म्) The painted or white-footed antelope. n. (-म्) A sort of leprosy. ३. एवम् to go, एवम् affix : also एवम्, रिम्.

एवमुक्ता m. (-म्) A name of ANIKUD'DHA the son of KANDARPA. ३. एवम् and एवम् a sign ; having a deer for his symbol : some read this रिम् रिम्, and others एवमुक्ता, एवमुक्ता, रिम् रिम्, &c.

एवमुक्ता f. (-ता) A plant, (*Asparagus racemosus*.) ३. एवम् and एवम् before मत gone.

एवमुक्ता f. (-ता) A potherb, (*Convolvulus argenteus*) : see एवमुक्ता. ३. एवम्, एवम् priv. and एवम् smell.

एवमुक्ता n. (-म्) A sort of leprosy. ३. एवम् the deer and एवम् the tongue ; to which the blotches are compared.

एवमुक्ता f. (-ता) 1. Cowach, (*Carpogon pruriens*.) 2. *Asparagus racemosus*. 3. *Sida*, (*cordifolia* and *rhombifolia*.) ३. See एवमुक्ता.

एवमुक्ता m. (-म्) A mountain in the Daks'hin, the temporary abode of RAMA with the monkey-chief SUGRIVA. ३. एवम् a deer, एवम् dumb.

एवमुक्ता m. (-म्) The name of a holy sage celebrated in the first book of the Ramayana.

३ The long vowel corresponding to the short one preceding, and having the sound of RI long.

३. 9th cl. (रि) (एवीरि) To go or move.

३. 1. (री) 1. The mother of the gods. 2. Also of the demons. 3. Recollection. m. (म्) 1. A name of BHAIKAYA. 2. An Asura or demon. 3. The ascent. 4. Motion, going. ind. 3. Incipient particle. 2. An interjection of compassion. 3. Of reproach. 4. Of terror. 5. A mystical letter used in the Tantras.

३ The ninth vowel of the Nagari Alphabet, having the power of Lri, but more usually considered to be expressed by Li as in Lily.

३ aptote. 1. The divine nature. 2. The earth. 3. A mountain. ind. A mystical letter.

३ The long vowel corresponding to the preceding short one, Lri or Li.

३ aptote. 1. A divine female. 2. The female nature. 3. A mother. m. (म्) A name of SIVA. f. (म्) 1. The mother of the demons. 2. The mother of the all-bestowing cow. ind. A mystical letter used once or repeatedly in many Mantras or mystical formulas. The letters एव and एव are employed in the same manner : they have apparently no signification, but are personified and invested with marvellous properties in the Tantras.

३ The eleventh vowel of the alphabet, corresponding to the letter E as pronounced in most languages except the English, and having the sound of A in amiable.

३ ind. An interjection of, 1. Remembering, (ha.) 2. Censure or contempt. 3. Compassion, (ah ! ) 4. Addressing, (eh ! hey.) 5. Calling, (hey, ho.)

३ m. (-म्) A name of VISHNU.

एव mfn. (-म्-एवम्) 1. One. 2. Alone, solitary. 3. Other, different. 4. Chief, pre-eminent. ३. एवम् to go, Una'di affix एवम्.

एवम् m. (-म्) A coheir. ३. एवम् one (father,) एवम् heir.

एवम् mfn. (-म्-एवम्) Alone, solitary. ३. एवम् one, &c. एवम् aff.

एवम् mfn. (-म्-एवम्) 1. Making one. 2. One-handed. 3. One-rayed. ३. एवम् and एवम् making, &c.

एवम् mfn. (-म्-एवम्) Performing the same office, answering the same end. ३. एवम् and एवम् not.

एवम् m. (-म्) One or the same time. ३. एवम् and एवम् time.

एवम् mfn. (-म्-एवम्) Eating but one meal in any given time. ३. एवम् and एवम् food. [ing to time.]

एवम् mfn. (-म्-एवम्) Coeval, cotemporary. ३. एवम् and एवम् relat-

एवम् m. (-म्) 1. A name of BALAKAMA. 2. An epithet of KURURA. ३. एवम् and एवम् an ear-ring : wearing it in one ear.

एवम् m. (-म्) The milk of one (nurse, &c.) ३. एवम् and एवम् milk.

एवम् m. (-म्) A spiritual brother, pupil of the same preceptor. ३. एवम् and एवम् a religious preceptor ; also with एवम् added एवम्.

एवम् mfn. (-म्-एवम्) Of the same town or village. ३. एवम् one, एवम् villager.

एवम् m. (-म्) The name of a city : see एवम्. ३. एवम्, एवम् a circle.

एवम् mfn. (-म्-एवम्) 1. Solitary, alone. 2. Having one follower. m. (-म्) A rhinoceros. ३. एवम् alone, and एवम् who goes.

एवम् mfn. (-म्-एवम्) Going alone or with one follower only. m.

(-म्) A follower of BUDDHA. ३. एवम् one, एवम् to go, एवम् aff.

एवम् mfn. (-म्-एवम्) 1. Thinking of one thing only, intent upon, absorbed in. 2. Of one mind, agreeing, concurring. ३. एवम् one, एवम् the mind.

- एकवचनम् m. (-त्वा) 1. A king, a sovereign. 2. A Sudra. 3. एक best or one, जन्मन् birth.
- एकजात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Of one parentage, born of the same parents. 3. एक and जात born.
- एकजाति mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) 1. Of the same caste. 2. Once born. m. (-तः) A Sudra. 3. एक one, and जाति birth or caste: not being regenerated by investiture, &c.
- एकज्या f. (-ज्या) 1. The chord of an arc. 2. Sine of 30° or of the radius 3. एक and ज्या a cord.
- एकतम mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) One of many. 3. एक and तम affix of the superlative.
- एकतर mfn. (-तः-रा-रं) 1. Either, one of two. 2. Other, different. 3. एक and तर affix of the comparative.
- एकतम ind. On one side, on one part. 3. एक and तम aff. [n. (-त्वं)]
- एकता f. (-ता) Unity, oneness. 3. एक and तन् affix, or with त् aff. एकल
- एकतान् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Closely attentive, having the mind fixed on one only object m. (-तः) Musical unison: see the next. 3. एक. तन् to stretch or spread, च्छ aff.
- एकताल m. (-तः) Harmony, unison, the accurate adjustment of song, dance, and instrumental music. f. (-ली) An instrument for beating time, any instrument having but one note. 3. एक one, uniform, and ताल musical measure or time.
- एकतीयम् m. (-यी) A spiritual brother, an associate in religious offices or objects. 3. एक one, the same, तीर्थ place of pilgrimage, र्णि aff.
- एकत्र ind. Together, in one, in one place. 3. एक and त्र aff.
- एकदंष्ट्र m. (-दंष्ट्र) A name of GANESA. 3. एक and दंष्ट्र, a tooth, single toothed or tasked; the fellow being broken off in a scuffle by KARTIKEYA, or according to another legend by PARSHURAMA; also एकदन्त. [a tooth.]
- एकदन्त m. (-तः) A name of GANESA: see the preceding. 3. एक and दन्त
- एकदा ind. At the same time, at once. 3. एक and दा aff.
- एकदुःखसुख mfn. (-दुःख-सुखं) Sympathizing, having the same joys and sorrows. 3. एक, and दुःख pain, सुख pleasure.
- एकदृष्ट mfn. (-दृष्ट) One-eyed. m. (-दृष्ट) 1. A name of MAHABHARATA. 2. A crow. 3. एक and दृष्ट an eye: SIVA is termed one-eyed, from the eye in his forehead.
- एकदेश m. (-शः) A part, a portion, a division. 3. एक and देश place.
- एकदंष्ट्र mfn. (-दंष्ट्र-ता-तं) 1. Elegantly formed. 2. Single bodied. m. (-दंष्ट्र) The planet MERCURY. 3. एक best or one, and दंष्ट्र body.
- एकदा ind. In one way. 3. एक and दा aff.
- एकधुर f. (-धुर) A particular burthen or conveyance. 3. एक and धुर a load.
- एकधुर mfn. (-तः-रा-रं) Cattle for special burthen, fit for but one kind of labour. 3. See एकधुरीण.
- एकधुरावध mfn. (-दंष्ट्र-ता-तं) See the preceding. 3. एक, धुर burthen, and आवध who bears.
- एकधुरीण mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Cattle of special burthen. 3. एक, धुर a burthen, ण affix which leaves दंष्ट्र, or with च affix forming एकधुर.
- एकनट m. (-टः) The principal actor in a drama, the manager. 3. एक chief, and नट an actor.
- एकनाथ mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Having one master. m. (-तः) Sole master or lord. 3. एक and नाथ lord.
- एकपक्ष mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) An associate, a firm ally or partizan. 3. एक one, पक्ष part: of the same side or party.
- एकपत्नी f. (-नी) 1. A faithful wife, one devoted to her husband. 2. The wife of a man who has no other wives. 3. एक one or excellent, पति a husband, न substituted for the final, and णी aff.
- एकपत्रिका f. (-का) A plant, white basil. 3. एक end, पत्र a leaf.
- एकपद adv. n. (-दं) Then, at that time, at once. m. (-दं) A single inflection of a verb or noun. f. (-दी) A road, a path or way. 3. एक one, पद a foot, fem. affix णी.

- एकपरि ind. One over, a term at dice. 3. एक and परि over, against.
- एकपात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sudden, rapid, coming suddenly or at once. 1. एक and पात falling upon.
- एकपाद m. (-पद) A name of SIVA. 3. एक bent, and पाद a ray.
- एकपित्त m. (-पित्त) A name of KURMA. 3. एक one, and पित्त tawny: having a yellow mark in the place of one of his eyes.
- एकपिच्छ m. (-पिच्छ) See the preceding. 3. As before.
- एकपिच्छ mfn. (-पिच्छ-ता-तं) Related, near of kin, united by the offering of the funeral cake. 3. एक and पिच्छ a funeral cake.
- एकपिच्छता f. (-ता) Connexion by the funeral cake, consanguinity. 3. एक पिच्छ and तन् affix; also with त्, एकपिच्छत्.
- एकफल mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Having one or a principal result or object 3. एक and फल fruit.
- एकभक्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Attached to a common master. 2. Worshipping one deity. 3. Eating together. 4. Eating but one meal, (a day.) 3. एक and भक्त attached to, or भक्त food.
- एकभक्तव्रत n. (-व्रत) Fasting but once a day as a religious obligation. 3. एक, भक्त food, व्रत vow.
- एकभक्ति mfn. (-क्तिः-क्ति-क्ति) 1. Of one faith. 2. Believing in one deity. 3. एक and भक्ति faith.
- एकभाव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Of a simple or single nature or temperament. 3. एक and भाव disposition.
- एकभुक्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Eating but one meal, (a day, &c.) 2. Eating together. 3. एक and भुक्त eaten.
- एकभोजन n. (-नं) 1. Eating in common, feeding together. 2. Eating one meal a day, &c. 3. एक and भोजन food.
- एकमुख mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Having one chief or head. 2. One-faced. 3. एक and मुख the mouth.
- एकमुखा f. (-खा) 1. A plant, (Asparagus racemosa.) 2. Flax, (Linum.) 3. एक and मुख root.
- एकयष्टिका f. (-का) A single string of flowers, pearls, &c. 3. एक and यष्टिका a necklace, &c.
- एकयोनि mfn. (-निः-नि-नि) Uterine, of the same mother. 3. एक and योनि womb.
- एकरज m. (-रजः) A plant, (Verbesina scandens:) see भरुवा. 3. एक excellent, and रजस् farina.
- एकरस mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Of one flavour. 3. एक and रस flavour.
- एकरात्र n. (-त्र) One night, a night. 3. एक and रात्रि night.
- एकरात्रिक mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) For a night, of a night. 3. एक and रात्रि night, with त् aff.
- एकराशि f. (-शिः) A heap, a crowd. 3. एक and राशि a heap.
- एकराशिभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Heaped or collected together. 3. एकराशि and भूत become.
- एकल mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Alone, solitary; a various reading of एकल.
- एकलिङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A name of KURMA. 2. A place or district in which for five Cos there is but one Phallus. 3. एक one or best, लिङ्ग a mark, &c.
- एकवचन m. (-तः) An aggregate of many, as in grammar, the formation of a compound noun of several nouns. 3. एक, वच् like, वाच property.
- एकवर्च mfn. (-वर्चः-वर्च-वर्च) 1. Of one caste or tribe. 2. Of one colour. 3. Of one quality. m. (-वर्चः) One unknown quantity, (in algebra.) f. (-वर्चः) Beating time, marking musical measure by clapping the hands, or the instrument which does so, a castanet: see एकवर्ची. 3. एक, वर्च a quality, a note, and वर्च aff. [equation.]
- एकवर्चसजीकरण n. (-करण) Unilateral equation. 3. एकवर्च and जीकरण
- एकवर्षिका f. (-का) A heifer one year old. 3. एक, वर्ष a year, वर्षिका
- एकवद m. (-वदः) A musical instrument, a kind of drum.
- एकवीर m. (-वीरः) A chief warrior. 3. एक and वीर a her



एकदश म. (-दशः) A desert-place, in which but one tree is seen for four Cos. ३. एक and दश a tree.

एकदेवी f. (-वी) 1. A single braid of hair. 2. A woman whose hair is tied in one braid. ३. एक and देवी a tress.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) 1. A horse. 2. Any animal whose hoof is not cloven. ३. एक one, uniform, and द्वय a hoof.

एकद्वय न. (-द्वयः) One only hope or refuge, especially applied to a deity. ३. एक and द्वय protection.

एकद्वयम. (-द्वयः) 1. Consanguineous, of one body or blood. 2. Of one or the same body. ३. एक, द्वय body.

एकद्वयराज्य म. (-द्वयः) Consanguineous descent. ३. एकद्वयराज्य and चक्र lineage.

एकद्वयराज्य म. (-द्वयः) Commencement of consanguinity by the union of father and mother. ३. एकद्वयराज्य and चक्र beginning.

एकद्वयराज्य म. (-द्वयः) A descendant in a right line, a kinsman by blood. ३. एकद्वयराज्य and चक्र a member.

एकद्वयराज्य न. (-द्वयः) Consanguineous descent or connexion. ३. एक added to the last.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) A Brahman of the same branch or school. ३. एक and दश a branch, (of the Vedas)

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) 1. A title of VISHNU or KRISHNA. 2. A unicorn, a rhinoceros, &c. ३. एक and दश a mark or horn.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) Closely attentive, having the mind intent upon one object. ३. एक one, and दश to create, चक्र aff.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) A small double drum, played by a string and ball attached to the body of it : see हवाइज ३. एक and दश a thread.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) An only son. ३. एक, and दश a son.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) Collected, assembled, conjoined, in one site or place. ३. एक and दश what stays.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) One place, the same place. ३. एक and दश place.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) A heifer one year old. ३. एक, दश a year, affix डीव. किनी कि) Alone, solitary. ३. एक and चक्र aff.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) One-eyed. m. (-द्वयः) A crow. ३. एक and चक्र an

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) One, especially the sacred monosyllable Om.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) One, closely attentive, fixed on one object. ३. एक and दश aff.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) One, known, celebrated. 4. Single. ३. एक and दश aff.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) One, of a long line which is subdivided. ३. एक and दश aff.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) One, undisturbed attention, ३. एक added to the preceding; also with दश, एकद्वय.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) Closely attentive; see the preceding. ३. एक, दश chief, &c.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) The planet MERCURY. n. (-द्वयः) Sandal. ३. एक best, pre-eminent, and दश body.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) Eleven, eleventh. f. (-द्वयः) The eleventh day of the half month : it is especially sacred to VISHNU and fasting on it is most efficacious. ३. एकद्वय eleven, affix ड.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) Eleven. ३. एक one, दश ten, with चक्र insert.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) A name of PARVATI. ३. एक a part, with the neg. pref. and एक pre-eminent : chief and undivided.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) Left, as a funeral feast, one who has recently partaken of it. ३. एक one, (ancestor,) दश after, दश shown.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) 1. Excessive. 2. Solitary, lonely, retired. 3. Aside, apart, adv. n. (-द्वयः) 1. Much, excessive. 2. Apart. ३. एक one and दश end.

एकद्वय म. (-द्वयः) Vary compassionate, weakly charitable. ३. एक and दश charitable.

एकद्वय ind. 1. Alone, apart, privately. 2. Much, exceedingly. ३. एक and दश aff.

एकद्वय mfn. (-द्वयः) Next but one. ३. एक and दश between.

एकद्वय mfn. (-द्वयः) Staying alone or apart. ३. एक and दश staying.

एकद्वय f. (-द्वयः) A heifer one year old. ३. एक and दश a year.

एकद्वय mfn. (-द्वयः) Closely attentive, intent. ३. एक, दश going.

एकद्वय mfn. (-द्वयः) See the preceding. ३. एकद्वय and दश having gone.

एकद्वय f. (-द्वयः) A single string of beads, flowers, &c. ३. एक

एकद्वय mfn. (-द्वयः) 1. Having one sense or meaning. 2. H. viz., one or the same object. ३. एक and दश meaning.

एकद्वय m. (-द्वयः) A simple attribute or pred. ३. एक one, चक्र invested, दश

एकद्वय f. (-द्वयः) A pod or seed of cotton.

एकद्वय m. (-द्वयः) A plant : see दश

एकद्वय f. (-द्वयः) A medicinal plant, (दश) seed, and दश what gives a

एकद्वय m. (-द्वयः) The period of one day. ३. एक day.

एकद्वय m. (-द्वयः) A day's journey. ३. एक inz.

एकद्वय m. (-द्वयः) Common nature and भाव nature. ३. एक augment.

एकद्वय mfn. (-द्वयः) A comp. ३. एक one, and दश aff. also दश

एकद्वय mfn. (-द्वयः) Single, one. ३. एक one, दश

एकद्वय ind. One by one, several. ३. एक one, दश

एकद्वय m. (-द्वयः) The Staddha or funeral only. ३. एक one, दश addressed to.

एकद्वय f. (-द्वयः) (Cissampelos hexandra) ३. एक one.

एकद्वय mfn. (-द्वयः) Heaped, crowded together. ३. एक one, दश

एकद्वय m. (-द्वयः) To shine. (दश) To shake or tremble. ३. एक one, दश

एकद्वय m. (-द्वयः) To shake or tremble. ३. एक and दश aff.

एकद्वय m. (-द्वयः) Causing to shake or tremble. ३. एक to shake, दश aff.

एकद्वय mfn. (-द्वयः) Shaken, trembling. ३. एक to shake, दश aff.

एकद्वय mfn. (-द्वयः) To be shaken. ३. एक and दश aff.

एकद्वय mfn. (-द्वयः) Shaking, trembling. ३. एक and दश aff.

एकद्वय m. (-द्वयः) To annoy, to resist or oppose. ३. एक one, दश

एकद्वय mfn. (-द्वयः) Deaf. ३. एक to praise, दश prefixed, दश or दश aff.

एकद्वय m. (-द्वयः) 1. A rain. 2. A wild goat. f. (-द्वयः) A ewe. ३. एक to go, दश affix; and दश changed to दश.

एकद्वय m. (-द्वयः) A medicinal plant, used for the cure of ring-worms. (Cassia tora) ३. एक a sheep, दश to sound, दश aff.

एकद्वय mfn. (-द्वयः) 1. Deaf and dumb. 2. Wicked, perverse. ३. एक deaf, and दश dumb.

एकद्वय m. (-द्वयः) 1. A building constructed of rubbish, bones, &c. 2. A wall enclosing bones, a tomb, &c. 3. A building of hard substances resembling bones. ३. एक to throw or send, deriv. irr.; also एक and दश.

एकद्वय m. (-द्वयः) A kind of deer or antelope, described as being of a black colour, with beautiful eyes, and short legs. ३. एक to go, दश aff.

एकद्वय m. (-द्वयः) A species of deer or antelope : see the preceding. ३. एक added to एक.

एकद्वय m. (-द्वयः) The moon. ३. एक an antelope, and दश the central mark; a deer being fancifully visible in the moon.

एकद्वय m. (-द्वयः) The moon. ३. एक and दश who nourishes : see the preceding.

(yes, verily.) 8. Sameness of manner, (thus, in this way.) 9. Certainly, (indeed, assuredly, even so.) 6. Command, (so, thus, &c.) 6. An expletive. इ. एङ् to go, वङ् affix; also एङ्.

एवम्भूत mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) So such, in such manner. इ. एवम्, and भूत् been.

एवम्विध mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Such, in such form or manner, of such a kind. इ. एवम्, and विध sort, way.

एव १. 1st cl (एङ्) एव् (एवने) To go or approach.

एवम् m. (-यः) An iron arrow. f. (-वी) 1. A goldsmith's balance, assay scales. 2. An iron or steel probe. इ. एङ् to go, ल्युट् and लीङ् aff.

एवमिहा f. (-का) A goldsmith's balance इ. As before, with कङ् and टाप् added.

एवमीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be desired, desirable. 2. To be aimed at. इ. इङ् to wish, affix चनीदङ्.

एषा f. (-या) Desire. इ. इङ् to wish, चङ् and टाप् aff.

एषित mfn. (-ता-ची-ट्) Wishing, desirous. इ. इङ् to wish, वङ् aff.

एष्ट mfn. (-टा-टी-ट्) Wishing, desirous. इ. इङ् to wish, टङ् aff.

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ऐ The twelfth vowel of the Nagari alphabet, or more properly a diphthong; corresponding in sound to Ei in height.

ऐ ind. An interjection of, 1. Remembering, (aye, ha) 2. Calling, summoning, (hola, ho, heigh)

ऐ m. (ऐः) A name of Siva.

ऐक्य n. (-यं) Singleness of time or occurrence, इ. ऐक्य, and छद्

ऐक्यम् n. (-यम्) Consent, concurrence, sameness of doctrine or इ. ऐक्य one, मत minded, यङ् aff

ऐक्यम् mfn. (-यः-का-कं) Produced by or belonging to single hoofs इ. ऐक्यम्, and यङ् aff.

ऐक्यागारिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. A thief, a robber. 2 residence इ. ऐक्य one, गार a house, affix

ऐक्याय n. (यं) Intentness on one object. इ

ऐक्यायिक m. (-कः) One who commits a sin and यङ् other, टङ् aff

ऐक्यायिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Ephemeral, quo same day. इ. ऐक्य and यङ् a day, टङ् aff

ऐक्य n. (-यम्) 1. Unity, oneness 2. A whole or gate, a total. इ. ऐक्य, and यङ् aff.

ऐक्यम् mfn. (-यः-दी-रं) Sugar, sugary, produced from or relating to the sugar cane. इ. ऐक्य sugar-cane, यङ् aff.

ऐक्यम् m. (-कः) A carrier of sugar canes. इ. ऐक्य, and टङ् aff.

ऐक्यम् mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Carrying sugar-canes. इ. ऐक्य, and भार a load. टङ् aff.

ऐक्यम् mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Of the family of IKSHWAKU. इ. ऐक्य, and यङ् aff, the final rejected.

ऐक्यम् mfn. (-यः-वी-व) Of the family of IKSHWAKU. इ. ऐक्य, and यङ् aff.

ऐक्य n. (-दं) The fruit of the plant called Inguda. इ. ऐक्य, the plant, affix यङ्.

ऐक्यम् mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Optional, voluntary, at will इ. ऐक्य, and टङ् aff.

ऐक्य n. (-कं) A wall, &c. of bones and rubbish; see ऐक्य.

ऐक्य mfn. (-यः-वी-व) Belonging to a male antelope. इ. ऐक्य an antelope. यङ् aff.

ऐक्य mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Belonging to a deer, &c. m. (-यः) A hunter, a deer-killer. इ. ऐक्य, and टङ् aff.

ऐक्य mfn. (-यः-वी-व) Appertaining to a doe or the female antelope. इ. ऐक्य a doe, affix यङ्.

उपनिषद् mfn. (-बद् or -वद्) One of the Upanishads of the Vedas.  
 ऐतिहासिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Historical. na (-कः) A historian. इ. इतिहास  
 a story, and ठक् aff.  
 ऐतिहासिक m. (-कः) Traditional instruction. इ. इतिहास tradition, अक् aff.  
 ऐन्दव mfn. (-वः-वी-वं) Lunar. n. (-वं) The asterism Mrigasiras. f. (बी) A  
 plant, (Serratula anthelmintica.) इ. इन्दु the moon, चक् aff.  
 इन्द्र mfn. (-न्द्रः-न्द्रा-न्द्रं) Sacred, or relating to the god INDRA. m. (-न्द्रः)  
 1. A name of the monkey king BALI. 2. A name of ARJUNA. f.  
 (-न्द्री) 1. The wife of INDRA. 2. The goddess DURGA. 3. Misfortune,  
 misery, (personified.) 4. The name of a plant, a kind of cucumber,  
 (Cucumis madraspatanus.) 5. The constellation Jyeshtha. 6. The  
 east quarter, of which INDRA is regent. इ. इन्द्र, and चक् aff.  
 ऐन्द्रात्मिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Deceptive, illusory. m. (-कः) A juggler. इ.  
 इन्द्रात्मिक Deception, and ठक् aff.  
 ऐन्द्रात्मिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Afflicted with falling of the hair or morbid  
 baldness. इ. इन्द्रात्मिक falling of the hair, and ठक् aff.  
 ऐन्द्रात्मिक m. (-कः) A ceremony, &c. addressed to INDRA and AGNI. इ. इन्द्र,  
 and चक् aff.  
 ऐन्द्रात्मिक mfn. (-वः-वी-वं) Relating to INDRA's bow or the rainbow. इ.  
 इन्द्रात्मिक, and चक् aff.  
 ऐन्द्रात्मिक mfn. (-वः-वी-वं) Sacred to INDRA and VARUNA. इ. इन्द्र, and  
 चक् aff.  
 ईश m. (-ईशः) 1. The patronymick of JAYANTA the son of INDRA. 2.  
 A name of the monkey BALI. 3. A name of ARJUNA. 4. A crow.  
 इ. ईश, इन्द्र patronymick aff.  
 ईश्वर mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Perceptible, perceived, present. 2. Of or  
 belonging to the sense. इ. ईश्वर an organ of sense, and चक् aff.  
 ईश्वर m. (-कः) INDRA's elephant. इ. ईश्वर the ocean, चक् aff. of  
 descent; ocean-born; इ is changed irregularly to इ.  
 ईश्वर m. (-कः) 1. INDRA's elephant. 2. The same, considered as the  
 elephant of the north quarter. 3. An orange. 4. A fruit, (Artocarpus  
 lacucha.) 5. A serpent, one of the chiefs of the Naga or  
 serpent race, inhabiting the infernal regions. f. (बी) 1. Lightning.  
 2. A particular kind of it. 3. The female of INDRA's elephant. 4.  
 The Ravi river in the Punjab. n. (-नी) INDRA's bow, the  
 rainbow. इ. ईश्वर water-bearing, that is, the ocean, a cloud, &c.  
 चक् aff. implying origin or descent; born from the ocean, (the  
 elephant.) proceeding from watery clouds, (lightning, &c.)  
 ईश्वर m. (-कः) Fossil or rock salt. इ. ईश्वर earthly, चक् aff.  
 ईश्वर m. (-कः) A spirituous liquor. इ. ईश्वर wine, ठक् aff.; see इ.  
 ईश्वर m. (-कः) The name of a king, also PURURAVA. इ. ईश्वर the wife of  
 BODHNA, चक् patronymick aff.; the son of INDRA.  
 ईश्वर m. (-कः) A perfume; see एश्वर.  
 ईश्वर m. (-कः) A title of KIVRA. इ. ईश्वर the wife of PULASTYA,  
 and the paternal grandmother of the deity, affix चक्; also एश्वर  
 विष्णु, ऐश्वर्य, एश्वर्य, &c. इ and उ being interchanged.  
 ऐश्वर्य m. (-यः) A perfume; see एश्वर्य. इ. एश्वर्य cardamoms, ठक् aff.  
 ईश्वर mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Divine. 2. Regal. इ. ईश्वर, and चक् aff.  
 ईश्वरी f. (-नी) The north-east quarter. इ. ईश्वर SIVA, as regent of the  
 north-east, चक् and छीक् affs.  
 ऐश्वर्य mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Divine, heavenly. 2. Regal, royal. इ. ईश्वर,  
 and ठक् aff.  
 ईश्वर mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Divine, relating to god, &c. 2. Royal, supreme.  
 इ. ईश्वर, and चक् aff.  
 ईश्वर m. (-कः) 1. Super-human power, the divine faculties of omni-  
 presence, omnipotence, invisibility, &c. 2. Supremacy, dominion,  
 away, power, might. इ. ईश्वर a master, a deity, चक् aff.  
 ईश्वर ind. The present year. इ. ईश्वर this, चक् aff.  
 ईश्वर mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Of or belonging to the present year. इ.  
 ईश्वर, and चक् aff.; or with च्छ् affix, ईश्वर mfn. (-कः-की-कं)

ऐश्वर्य mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Sacrificial, ceremonial. इ. ईश्वर a sacrifice, ठक् aff.  
 ऐश्वर्य mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Ceremonial and meritorious, (any act,  
 &c.) इ. ईश्वर any pious act, ठक् aff.  
 ऐश्वर्य mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Of this world, terrestrial, sublunary. इ.  
 ईश्वर here, लोक world, ठक् aff.  
 ऐश्वर्य mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Worldly, local, of this world, of this place. इ.  
 ईश्वर here, and ठक् aff.

## बी

बी The vowel O, and the thirteenth of the Naṣari alphabet.  
 बी ind. 1. A vocative particle, (ho.) 2. An interjection of joy, (ho,  
 hola) 3. Of reminiscence, (ho, ah) 4. Of compassionating,  
 (ah, oh.)  
 बी m. (बी) BRAHMA.  
 बी ind. The mystical monosyllable Om see बी.  
 बी m. (-कः) 1. A house. 2. An asylum, a refuge; see बी. 3. A bird.  
 इ. बी to assemble, क् aff.  
 बी m. (-कः) A bug, also बी.  
 बी m. (-कः) 1. An asylum, a place of refuge. 2. A house. इ. बी to  
 collect, च्छ् aff. (Indi affix, च becomes क्.)  
 बी m. (-कः) A cake of flour.  
 बी m. (-कः) A bug.  
 बी m. (-कः) A bug.  
 बी 1. 1st cl. (क) बी (बी) and with a prefix, as प्रबी (प्र) 1. To  
 dry or arid. 2. To adorn. 3. To be able or competent, to suffice.  
 4. To refuse or prevent.  
 बी m. (-कः) 1. A heap or quantity, flock or multitude. 2. A stream,  
 a torrent, rapid flow of water, an inundation. 3. Quick time in  
 music. 4. Tradition. 5. Advice, instruction. इ. बी to collect, च्छ्  
 affix, and च is changed to च.  
 बी m. (-कः) The mysterious name of the deity. see बी f. (बी) A  
 Baudha Sakti, or female personification of divine energy. च्छ्  
 and क्छ् affix implying a letter, the compound letter बी; other-  
 wise बी, signifying assent, and क्छ् who makes; what complies  
 with our wishes.  
 बी (बी) 1. To live, to have the vital faculties and  
 organs. 2. To be strong or able.  
 बी m. (-कः) See the following.  
 बी m. (-कः) 1. Light, splendor. 2. Manifestation, appearance. 3.  
 Strength. 4. Support, stay. 5. Metallic lustre. 6. Vitality, the  
 principle of vital warmth and action diffused throughout the  
 body. 7. Virility, the generative faculty. 8. A form of style, elabo-  
 rate style, abounding with compounds. 9. (In astrology,) Each  
 alternate sign of the zodiac, first, third, fifth, &c. इ. बी to live,  
 and च्छ् affix; or with च्छ् affix बी.  
 बी mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Mighty, powerful, strong. 2. Splendid,  
 bright. इ. बी and च्छ् aff.  
 बी m. (-कः) A musical mode, which omits two of the notes of the  
 scale, Ri and Pa.  
 बी f. (-कः) Wild rice.  
 बी f. (-कः) Wild rice.  
 बी m. (-कः) 1. The China rose, (Hibiscus mutabilis.) 2. The name of  
 of a country, the northern part of Orissa. इ. बी to embrace, च्छ्  
 affix, and च is changed to बी.  
 बी m. (-कः) The China rose, the plant or its flower. इ. बी China  
 rose, and च्छ् a flower.

**बी** r. 1st cl. (बि) बीज (बीजति) To remove, to take away or abstract.  
**बी** m. (-बि) A cat. ३. च्च् to go, &c. and तु Unadi affix, the radical is changed to बी.  
**बी** mn. (-बि) Boiled rice. f. (-विका-बी) A plant, (*Sida cordifolia*, &c.) see बका. ३. च्च् to be wet, छट् Unadi affix, and व dropped.  
**बी** m. (-बि) Wetting, moistening. ३. च्च् to be wet, च्च् aff.  
**बी** ind. 1. The mystic name of the deity, prefacing all the prayers and most of the writings of the Hindus. ३. व a name of Vishnu, व of SIVA, and म of BRAHMA; it therefore implies the Indian triad, and expresses the three in one. 2. A particle of command or injunction. 3. Of assent, (verily, amen.) 4. Of auspiciousness. 5. Of removal, (away, hence,) and, 6. It is an inceptive particle. ३. च्च् to go, to preserve, &c. मन् Unadi affix, the radical being converted into बी.  
**बी** mfn. (-बि) Wet, damp; also बीज. m. (-बि) An esculent root, (*Arum campanulatum*) ३. वञ्च् to destroy, (complaints, especially hemorrhoids,) च्च् affix, व changed to बी.  
**बी** r. 1st and 10th cls. (बि) बीजति (बीजयति or बीजयति) To dart or throw up; some consider the initial vowel to be indicatory, and make the root बिजि q. v.  
**बी** m. (-बि) Burning, combustion. ३. च्च् to burn, च्च् aff.  
**बी** m. (-बि) Pungency, pungent taste or flavour. f. (बी) A potherb, commonly Purya. ३. च्च् to burn, and छट् aff.  
**बी** f. (-बि) An annual plant or herb, one that dies after becoming ripe. ३. बीज heat, and वा to have, कि affix; or with बीज्, बीजयि; or with इञ् affix, बीजयि.  
**बी** f. (-बी) An annual plant or deciduous herb: see the preceding.  
**बी** m. (-बि) The moon. ३. बीजयि and पति lord; presiding over annual plants.  
**बी** m. (-बि) The moon. ३. See the preceding; ईश meaning lord.  
**बी** m. (-बि) The lip, especially the upper, &c. du. m. (बीहो or बीहाधरी) The lips; see चपर. f. (-बी) A creeper, bearing a red flower, to which the lip is commonly compared, (*Bryonia grandis*.) ३. च्च् to burn, च्च् Unadi affix, fem affix बीज्; see बिम्ब.  
**बी** m. (-बि) A lip or the lips. ३. बीज and चपर a new shoot.  
**बी** m. (-बि) Any morbid affection of the lips. ३. बीज and रोग disease.  
**बी** f. (-बी) The creeper, (*Bryonia grandis*): see बीहो ३. बीज a lip, चपर like, कञ्च् a flower, च्च् and टाप् affixes; whose lower resembles a lip.

## बी

**बी** The diphthong Au or Ou, having the same sound as in Our, and considered as the fourteenth vowel of the Nagari alphabet.  
**बी** ind. An interjection of, 1. Calling, (ho! hola.) 2. Of addressing, (the vocative particle oh.) 3. A particle of prohibition, and 4. Of asseveration.  
**बी** m. (बी) The serpent ANANTA. f. (बी) The earth.  
**बी** ind. The mystical prefix proper for Sudras: see बीम्  
**बी** m. (-बि) A Brahman acquainted with the Ukt'ha portion of the Sama Veda ३. च्च् and उक्त् aff.  
**बी** mfn. (-बि) Relating to an ox, derived from one, &c. ३. च्च् and च्च् aff.  
**बी** m. (-बि) A herd of oxen. ३. च्च् an ox, ह्च् aff.  
**बी** mfn. (-बि) Boiled or dressed in a pot. ३. बका a cauldron, a saucepan, च्च् aff.

**बी** nf. (-बि) Propriety, aptness, fitness. ३. उक्त् proper, च्च् affix in the abstract sense.  
**बी** m. (-बि) A hero. ३. बीज strength, उक्त् aff.  
**बी** m. (-बि) A passenger, one going in a raft or boat. ३. उक्त् and उक्त् aff.  
**बी** mfn. (-बि) 1. Coppery, made of copper, &c. 2. Made of the wood of the Udumbara fig tree. m. (-बि) A name of YAMA the regent of death. n. (-बि) 1. A kind of leprosy. 2. Copper. ३. उक्त् and च्च् affix: see उक्त्, उक्त्, &c.  
**बी** m. (-बि) An Uria, an inhabitant of Urisa. ३. उक्त् and च्च् aff.  
**बी** m. (-बि) Excellence, superiority ३. उक्त्, and च्च् aff.  
**बी** m. (-बि) The third Menu. ३. उक्त्, and इञ् patronymick aff.  
**बी** mfn. (-बि) Going or coming in a northerly direction. ३. उक्त्, पथ for पथि a road, उक्त् aff.  
**बी** m. (-बि) A name of DHARMA, in mythology the son of URANAPADA, and grandson of the first Menu; in astronomy, the polar star, or the north pole itself. ३. उक्त्, and इञ् patronymick aff.  
**बी** mfn. (-बि) Portentous, calamitous. ३. उक्त्, and उक्त् aff.  
**बी** mfn. (-बि) Carried or placed upon the hip or flank. ३. उक्त्, and उक्त् aff.  
**बी** mfn. (-बि) 1. Omitting, leaving. 2. Terminative, completing, relating or belonging to a final ceremony, by which the rite is dismissed. 3. Natural, inherent. 4. Derivative, produced from or of, directly and naturally. ३. उक्त् abandoned, and उक्त् aff. [च्च् aff.]  
**बी** m. (-बि) Anxiety, perturbation, regret. ३. उक्त् anxious.  
**बी** mfn. (-बि) Watery, aquatic, of or belonging to water. ३. उक्त्, and उक्त् aff.  
**बी** m. (-बि) A cook. ३. बीज boiled rice, and उक्त् aff.  
**बी** mfn. (-बि) Selfishly voracious. ३. उक्त् the belly, and उक्त् aff.  
**बी** mfn. (-बि) Made of buttermilk, &c. n. (-बि) Buttermilk with an equal proportion of water. ३. उक्त् the same, and च्च् affix; or with क्च् added बीदित्क.  
**बी** n. (-बि) Magnanimity, generosity, greatness. ३. उक्त् liberal, and च्च् aff.  
**बी** n. (-बि) Philosophy, stoicism, indifference. ३. उक्त्, and च्च् aff.  
**बी** n. (-बि) A bitter and acrid substance like honey, said to be found in the nest of the white ant.  
**बी** n. (-बि) Arrogance, disdain. ३. उक्त् haughty, and च्च् aff.  
**बी** mfn. (-बि) Heritable, portionable, belonging to a share or portion. n. (-बि) A portion or inheritance. ३. उक्त् a share, उक्त् aff.  
**बी** n. (-बि) A gift made to a woman at her marriage. ३. उक्त्, and च्च् added.  
**बी** n. (-बि) Fossil salt. ३. उक्त् the same, and च्च् aff.  
**बी** n. (-बि) Rock or Sambher salt. ३. उक्त्, and च्च् aff.  
**बी** f. (-बि) A booth, a residence.  
**बी** n. (-बि) A multitude of the descendants of Upagu. ३. बीज the patronymick of उक्त्, and उक्त् aggregate aff.  
**बी** m. (-बि) An eclipse, or the sun or moon in eclipse. ३. उक्त् eclipsed, उक्त् aff.  
**बी** m. (-बि) An eclipse, or the sun or moon in eclipse. ३. उक्त् an eclipse, उक्त् aff. [च्च् aff.]  
**बी** mfn. (-बि) Upon or near the knees. ३. उक्त्, and उक्त्.  
**बी** n. (-बि) The wheel of a carriage. ३. उक्त्, and उक्त् pleonasm.  
**बी** mfn. (-बि) Relating to the rite of investiture. ३. उक्त्, and उक्त् aff.

बीजनिधन mfn. (-कः-बी-न) Relating to a deposit. n. (-न) A deposit, the thing pledged or deposited. n. उपनिधि, and डक् aff.

बीजनिधन mfn. (-दः-बी-न) Scriptural, theological. n. उपनिध, and डक् aff.

बीजम् n. (-न) Resemblance, similitude. n. उपमा, and डक् aff.

बीजविक mfn. (-कः-बी-व) Right, fit, proper. n. (-व) A means, an expedient. n. उपपद an expedient, डक् aff. [यच् aff.]

बीजविर mfn. (-दः-बी-व) Being or produced above. n. उपविर, and बीजविरिक mfn. (-कः-बी-व) 1. Proceeding from or relating to kindness or favour. 2. Opposing, impeding, connected with or relating to a check or hindrance. n. उपविर, and डक् aff. m. (-कः) A staff of the wood of a particular tree, (the Pilu.) n. उपविर willingness to oblige, &c. डक् aff.

बीजल mfn. (-लः-बी-ल) Stony, of stone. n. उपल, and डक् aff.

बीजवक n. (-न) Fasting, a fast. n. उपवक, and डक् aff.

बीजवाह mfn. (-वाः-बी-वा) Drawn for pleasure, (a carriage.) n. उपवाह a conveyance, यच् aff.

बीजसंगिक mfn. (-कः-बी-स) 1. Portentous. 2. Prepositive, connected with a preposition. 3. Relating to change, &c. m. (-कः) Irregular action of the humors of the body, producing cold sweats, &c. n. उपसर्ग a portent, डक् aff.

बीजस्य n. (-स्य) Cohabitation, sexual enjoyment. n. उपस्य, and यच् aff.

बीजप्राप्तक mfn. (-कः-बी-प) Preceptual, of or relating to a spiritual teacher. n. उपप्राप्त and डक् aff.

बीजप्राप्त mfn. (-प्राः-बी-प्रा) To be tied or bound on (grass, leather, &c.) n. उपप्राप्त, and यच् aff.

बीजपूज mfn. (-नः-बी-पू) Devotional, holy, connected with or belonging to worship or service. n. उपपूजा, and यच् aff.

बीजम् mfn. (-मः-बी-म) Flaxen, made of flax, &c. n. उषा and यच् aff.

बीजक mfn. (-कः-बी-क) Flaxen, made of flax, &c. n. उषा and डक् aff.

बीजीन mfn. (-नः-बी-न) Flax, (a field of, &c.) n. उषा flax, and यच् aff.

बीरज mfn. (-नः-बी-न) Serpent, serpentine, relating or belonging to a snake. n. (-न) The constellation Aslesha. n. उरग a snake, and यच् aff. ; a serpent in the regent of this constellation.

बीरज mfn. (-मः-बी-म) Belonging to, &c., a sheep. m. (-मः) A coarse woollen blanket. n. (-म) 1. Mutton, the flesh of sheep. 2. Woollen cloth. n. उरज a sheep, यच् aff.

बीरजक n. (-कः) A flock of sheep. n. उरज and डक् aff. of multitude.

बीरजिक mfn. (-कः-बी-क) Relating to, produced by, &c. sheep. m. (-कः) A shepherd. n. उरज a sheep, and डक् aff.

बीरज mfn. (-नः-बी-न) A legitimate child, i. e. by a wife of the same tribe. n. उरज the best, and यच् aff. ; the best of the twelve sons ; also उरज and बीरज.

बीरज mfn. (-नः-बी-न) See the preceding.

बीरज mfn. (-नः-बी-न) Woollen (cloth, &c.) n. उरज wool, यच् aff.

बीरज mfn. (-नः-बी-न) Made woollen, &c. n. उरज, and डक् aff.

बीरजिक mfn. (-कः-बी-क) Obsequial, funeral. n. (-कः) Obsequies of a deceased person ; whatever is given or performed on a person's decease, as burning, offering cakes, giving alms, &c. n. ऊर्ध्व or ऊर्ध्व above, देह the body, and डक् aff. ; hence also बीरजिक.

बीरजोत्पत्तिक mfn. (-कः-बी-उ) A Saiva or adherent of that doctrine, which gives Siva the pre-eminence in the Hindu triad. n. ऊर्ध्वोत्पत्ति, a name of Siva, viz. above whom or in whose head is the river, (गोमती) (the Ganges), and डक् aff.

बीरज m. (-नः) Submarine fire. n. उरज a saint so named, from whose thighs sprang a being of flame, which was received by the ocean, the affix is यच्.

बीरज m. (-नः) A name of the saint AGASTYA. n. उरज the celestial courtesan, and डक् aff. ; his birth being ascribed indirectly to this lady.

बीरज m. (-नः) Submarine fire. n. उरज, and डक् aff.

बीरज n. (-नः) A flock of owls. n. उरज, and डक् aff.

बीरज m. (-नः) A follower of the Vaisheshika doctrine. n. उरज an owl, and यच् aff. like an owl this etymology, and perhaps the word, owes its origin probably to controversial animosity.

बीरज mfn. (-नः-बी-न) Ground or pounded in a mortar. n. उरज, and यच् aff.

बीरज n. (-नः) The code, &c. of URSAS. n. उरज, and यच् aff.

बीरज m. (-नः) 1. The cow's tail used as a fan, the Chowri. 2. A stick, or, according to some, the stick which serves as a handle to the preceding. 3. A bed. 4. A seat, a chair or stool. 5. The root of a fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.) n. उरज the root of the Andropogon muricatum, यच् aff.

बीरज n. (-नः) Pungency. n. उरज pepper, &c. यच् aff. ; also उरज.

बीरज n. (-नः) A medicament, a drug, any herd, mineral, &c. used in medicine. n. बीरज an annual plant, and यच् aff.

बीरज n. (-नः) A deciduous plant, an annual as grass, &c. n. See बीरज.

बीरज mfn. (-नः-बी-न) Medicinal. n. बीरज and डक् aff.

बीरज n. (-नः) 1. Fossile salt. 2. Iron stone. n. उरज desert soil, यच् aff. ; also with कन् added बीरज.

बीरज mfn. (-नः-बी-न) Early, matutinal. n. उरज the dawn, यच् aff.

बीरज mfn. (-नः-बी-न) Early, morning, &c. with the dawn. n. उरज, and डक् aff.

बीरज mfn. (-नः-बी-न) Derived from or relating to a camel. n. (-नः) The camel genus or species. n. उरज and यच् aff.

बीरज n. (-नः) A herd of camels. n. उरज a camel, and डक् aff.

बीरज n. (-नः) Heat, warmth. n. उरज warm, यच् aff.

## का

का The first consonant of the Nagari Alphabet, and the first of the guttural letters, corresponding to K or G in can, designated by the latter in Sir. Wm. Jones's system, but in this work by the former.

क m. (-कः) 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. Of VISHNU. 3. Of KAMADEVA. 4. Of fire. 5. Air or wind. 6. A title of YAMA. 7. The sun. 8. The soul. 9. A clever or dexterous man. 10. A king, a prince. 11. A knot or joint. 12. A peacock. 13. The mind. 14. The body. 15. Time. 16. Wealth, property. 17. Sound. 18. Light, splendor. n. (कः) 1. The head. 2. Water. 3. Pleasure, happiness. 4. Hair. 5. A head of hair, pron. mfn. (कः का किम्) Who or what ; see किम्. n. कौ to sound, or कश् to shine, &c. affix ड.

कय mfn. (-यः-का-य) Happy. n. क happiness, यच् aff.

कय mfn. (-यः-का-य) Happy, prosperous. n. क happiness and डक् aff.

कम m. (-कः) A goblet : see कम्.

कम m. (-कः) A proper name, KANSA king of Mathura the uncle and enemy of KRISHNA, by whom he was slain, as the foe of the deity, he is considered an Asura or demon. mfn. (-कः-क) 1. A goblet, a drinking vessel ; also कम् and कम्. 2. A metal, tutanag or white copper ; also bell metal. 3. A measure. n. कम् to desire, क Unadi aff.

कम n. (-कः) A mineral substance, (a salt of iron ?) used as an application to the eyes : see पृथ्वीकम्. n. कम्, and क affix of similarity, of similar white colour.

कमकार m. (-कः) A worker in powder or white brass. n. कम् and कम् who makes.

कमजिन् m. (-जिन्) A title of KRISHNA. n. कम्, and जिन् who conquers.

कज्ज mfn. (-ज-जा-ज) Watery, aquatic, produced in or by water. n. (-ज) A lotus. s. क water, and ज born.

कज्ज m. (-ज) 1. A cloud. n. (-ज) Lampblack, considered as a collyrium, being applied upon the eyelashes or eyelids, medicinally or ornamentatively; also sulphuret of lead or antimony, when so used. f. (-ज) Sulphuret of mercury, Æthiop's mineral. f. (-ज or जी) A kind of fish, (Cyprinus atratus,) or any kind peculiar to stagnant waters, whence the name. s. कज्ज for कज्ज bad, and जज्ज water or juice, as the moisture of the collyrium, &c.

कज्ज m. (-ज) Lampblack, especially considered as an application to the eyes: see the preceding. s. कज्ज bad, and जज्ज flame.

कज्ज m. (-ज) A lamp. s. कज्ज, and जज्ज a sign; also कज्जजज्ज.

कज्ज m. (-ज) The wooden stand or tripod on which the lamp is placed, a candlestick. s. कज्ज and जज्ज to shine; affixes जज्ज and कज्ज.

कज्ज m. (-ज) A plant: see कज्जली. (Commelina salicifolia.) n. (-ज) An other species of the same, (Commelina Bengalis.) s. क water, and जट् to divide; alluding to the habits of the plant.

कज्ज m. (-ज) A plant, (Commelina Bengalis.) see the preceding.

कज्ज m. (-ज) The sun. s. क heaven, and जट् to go, affix जज्ज.

कज्ज f. (-ज) 1. The branch of a bamboo 2. A small boil.

कज्ज m. (-ज) 1. The skin of a snake 2. Armour, mail. 3. A bodice or jacket. 4. Cloth, clothes. 5. A kind of drawers or short breeches.

f. (-ज) The name of a plant. s. कज्ज to bind or shine, affix जज्ज.

कज्ज m. (-ज) A snake. s. कज्ज a serpent's skin, and जज्ज poss. aff.

कज्ज m. (-ज) 1. An attendant on the women's apartments. 2. A libidinous man, a debauchee. 3. A serpent. 4. Agallochum. 5. Barley. 6. A sort of pulse, (Chenna.) s. कज्ज armour, &c. इति aff.

कज्ज f. (-ज) A bodice or jacket.

कज्ज mfn. (-ज-जा-ज) Produce in or from water. m. (-ज) 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. The hair. n. (-ज) 1. Nectar, the food of the immortals. 2. A lotus. s. क happiness, water, &c. and ज what is born or produced.

कज्ज m. (-ज) A kind of bird, the Mayana: see कज्ज

कज्ज m. (-ज) A name of BRAHMA. s. कज्ज a lotus, and ज horn.

कज्ज m. (-ज) 1. The Mayana or Maina, (Gracula religiosa.) 2. A name of KANDARPA, the deity of love. s. कज्ज to go, यज्ज aff.

कज्ज m. (-ज) 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. The sun. 3. The belly. 4. An elephant. s. कज्ज a lotus, &c. जट् to hate or injure, जज्ज or जज्ज affix जज्ज, the pen, made short; also derived by some from कज्ज, a Sautra root, to produce or grow, and जज्ज Unadi aff.

कज्ज m. (-ज) The Maina: see कज्ज.

कज्ज m. (-ज) 1. Muni or holy sage. 2. BRAHMA, &c. see कज्ज.

कज्ज f. (-ज) A Plant, (Siphonanthus Indica:) see कज्जटिका.

कट r. 1st cl. (कटति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To live with difficulty. (र)

कटि (कटति) To go. (र) कटि (कटति) 1. To rain. 2. To encompass, to cover or screen. (र) कटि (कटति) To go or approach: with प्र prefixed, verb 10th cl. (प्रकटयति) To appear, to become apparent or manifest.

कट mfn. (-ट-टी-ट) An agent in any action. mfn. (-ट-टी) 1. The hip. 2. The hollow above the hip or the lions, also the hip and lions. m.

(-ट) 1. The temples of the elephant. 2. A mat. 3. A twist of straw or grass. 4. A screen of the same. 5. A corpse. 6. A time or season. 7. Much, excessive. 8. Grass. 9. A place where dead bodies are burnt or buried, a place of sepulture. 10. A hearse, a bier, a bed, &c. used for conveying a dead body. 11. An annual plant. 12. A thin piece of wood, a plank. f. (-टी) Long pepper. s. कट् to rain or encompass, जज्ज affix, fem. जीज्; also कटि.

कट m. (-ज-क) 1. The side or ridge of a hill or mountain. 2. Table

land. 3. Sea-salt. 4. A ring placed as an ornament upon an elephant's tusk. 5. A bracelet of gold, shell, &c. 6. A zone. 7. A royal metropolis. 8. A city or town. 9. A village. 10. A house or dwelling. 11. A camp 12. An army. 13. A circle. 14. A wheel. s. कट् to encompass, कज्ज Unadi aff.

कटि m. (जी) A mountain. s. कटि land on a hill, &c. and इति aff.

कटि (ज) A splitting vessel.

कटि mfn. (-ज-का-ज) An eater, one who eats voraciously. m. (-ज)

1. A glass vessel, a tumbler or bowl. 2. A crow. 3. A jackall. s. कट much, or corpse, जट् to eat, affix जज्ज.

कटि m. (-ज) A name of GANESA. s. कट a mat, &c. कट who goes, जज्ज aff.

कटि f. (-टी) 1. Turmeric. 2. Yellow saunders.

कटि n. (-ज) Roof or thatch of a house.

कटि m. (-ज) A kind of goblin.

कटि m. (-ज) 1. A name of MAHADEVA. 2. A kind of demigod, one of the class of Vidyadharas. 3. A Rakshasa, an imp or demon. 4.

Gambling, playing with dice. 5. A worm. s. कट much, यट् to go, जज्ज affix, and the final is made long.

कटि m. (-ज) The buttocks: see कटिपीड.

कटि m. (-ज) 1. Gleaning, plucking or gathering corn by the hand.

2. Royal misfortune, as depasure, defeat, &c. s. कट, &c. मज्ज to break, जज्ज aff.

कटि f. (-जी) 1. A plant, (Heartpea, Cardiaspermum halicacabum)

2. Another creeper, (Clitoria ternata.) s. कट् to encompass, and मज्ज to serve, ज and जीज् affs.

कटि m. (-ज) Wine or any vinous liquor.

कटि m. (-ज) 1. A kind of musical instrument. 2. An arrow. s. कट् to go, and जज्ज Unadi aff.

कटि f. (-ज) A medicinal plant: see कटिजी. s. कट् to surround, जज्ज affix; what invests the body, as sickness; जट् to screen or defend.

मज्ज inserted, and जज्ज and जज्ज affixes; also कटिजी.

कटि f. (-ज) 1. A plant, (Pædaria fetida.) 2. A medicinal plant, कटिजी: see the preceding. 3. A sort of cucumber, (Cucumis Madraspatanus.) 4. A female elephant. 5. Red arsenic. 6. A plant, (Aletis hyacinthoides:) see मज्ज. 7. Hog-weed. s. As before, यट् to nourish, &c.

कटि m. (-ज) A name of BHIMASENA, one of the five Pandava brothers. s. कट much, जज्ज who wounds.

कटि f. (-ज) A plant: see कटिजी.

कटि n. (-ज) 1. The hip and loins. 2. An elephant's temples. s. कट, and जज्ज place; also कटि, &c.

कटि m. (-ज) A bird. s. कट् to go, कज्ज Unadi aff.

कटि m. (-ज) A leer, a glance or side look. s. कट् to go, and जज्ज the eye.

कटि m. (-ज) Casting lewd or amorous glances, ogling. s. कटि a leer, and जज्ज looking.

कटि m. (-ज) 1. A fire of grass or straw. 2. Straw, &c. investing a criminal who is to be burnt and set on fire. s. कट, and जज्ज fire.

कटि n. (-ज) A fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.)

कटि m. (-ज) A libidinous man, a lecher.

कटि m. (-ज) 1. A shallow boiler for oil or butter. 2. A frying pan.

3. A winnowing basket. 4. A turtle's shell. 5. A young buffalo whose horns are just appearing. 6. A Dwipa or division of the known continent, so called. 7. Hell, the infernal regions. 8. A wall. s. कट much, &c. जट् to destroy, with जज्ज prefixed, and जज्ज aff.

कटि m. (-ज) 1. The hip. 2. The buttocks. 3. An elephant's speck.

s. कट् to go, जज्ज affix, fem. जीज्: see कट and कटिपीड.

कटि n. (-ज) The loins, the hip. s. कटि and कटि shore.

कटि m. (-ज) 1. An ornament of small bells worn round the loins.

2. A cloth worn. 3. Armour for the hip and loins. ४. कटि the hip, ५. what preserves, from ६ with ७ aff.
- कटिदिग्ग n. (-यः) The loins. ४. कटि and दिग्ग place.
- कटिन् mfn. (टी-टिनी-टि) 1. Mattered, screened. 2. Loined, having handsome loins, &c. m. (टी) An elephant. ४. कटि an elephant's temples, &c. इति pos aff.
- कटिपीठ m. (-यः) The buttocks. ४. कटि the hip or loins, and पीठ to be equal to; also written कटपीठ, कटपीठ and severally कटि and पीठ.
- कटिरीडर्क m. (कः) The rider of an elephant, as distinct from the driver, the person that sits upon the loins. ४. कटि the loins, इत् to mount, and इत् aff.
- कटिन्नक m. (-कः) A species of the balsam apple, (*Momordica charantia*) ४ कट्, to go, &c इत् affix, कन् added; also कटिन्नक.
- कटिपीर्यक m. (-कः) The hip and loins, or the hollow above the hip. ४. कटि, पीर्य the head or superior part, कन् aff.
- कटिगुह्यला f. (-ला) A girdle of small bells. ४ कटि the loins, and गुह्यला a chain.
- कटिद्वय n. (-यः) A female zone or waist-band. ४. कटि the loins, and द्वय a thread.
- कटी f. (टी) See कटि and कट.
- कटीतल m. (-तलः) A crooked sword, a sabre or scymitar.
- कटीर mfn. (-रः रः) 1. The cavity of the loins, or the iliac regions. m. (-रः) 1. Mons veneris. 2. A cave. ४. कट् to go, and ईर Unadi aff.
- कटीरक m. (-कः) The posteriors. ४ कन् added to the preceding.
- कट् mfn. (-टः टः or टो टः) 1. Pungent. 2. Envious. 3. Fierce, impetuous, hot. 4. Fragrant. 5. Bad scented, ill smelling. 6. Displeasing, disagreeable. m. (-टः) 1. Pungency or a pungent taste. 2. A flower, (*Michelia champaca*). 3. Champhor. 4. A sort of gourd, (*Trichosanthes*) n. (-टः) 1. An improper action, an act which ought not to have been done. 2. Blaming, reviling, scandal. f. (-टः) 1. The name of a medicinal plant; also कटुका and कटुकौ. 2. A plant which bears a fragrant seed - see प्रियङ्गु. 3. Mustard. ४ कट् to go, &c. and उ Unadi aff.
- कटुक m. (कः-कौ) 1. A plant, the bark and seed of which have an acrid and bitter taste, and are used in medicine for worms, dysentery, &c. (*Wrightea antilysentherica*) 2. Gigantic swallow wort, (*Colotropis gigantea*) 3. A fragrant kind of grass. 4. Mustard. ५. A gourd: see पटोल f. (का or -कौ) A medicinal plant, used as a sedative and laxative: also कटुरीडिणी n. (-कः) A compound of three pungent substances, a black pepper, long pepper, and dry ginger: see त्रिकटु. ४ कटु pungent, and कन् aff.
- कटुकन्द mfn. (-न्दः-न्दः) 1. A plant, (*Morunga guilandina*, and *Hyperanthera*) 2. Ginger, the fresh root or the plant. 3. Garlic. ४ कटु, and कन्द a root; having a pungent root.
- कटुकाश्व m. (-श्वः) A bitter gourd. ४ कटुक pungent and acrid, अश्वलाश्व a gourd.
- कटुकोट m. (-टः) A gnat or mosquito. ४ कटु, and कौट an insect.
- कटुकोटक m. (-कः) A gnat or mosquito. ४ कटु fierce, and कौटक a worm.
- कटुकाण m. (-णः) A bird, jacana, (*Parra goensis*) ४ कटु disagreeable, काण sound.
- कटुबन्ध m. (-बन्धः) Ginger, the root. ४ कटु pungent, and बन्ध joint.
- कटुच्छद m. (-दः) The name of a plant; also तमर. ४ कटु and छद a leaf: having a pungent leaf.
- कटुता f. (-ता) 1. Pungency, sharpness. 2. Testiness, irritability. ४ कटु and तन् affix; also with ल, कटुल
- कटुतिक्तिका f. (-का) A bitter gourd. ४ कटु, and तिक्त bitter, कन् affix with the fem. form.
- कटुगुह्यी f. (-यी) See the preceding, ४ कटु pungent, here meaning bitter-ly so, and गुह्यी a gourd.

- कटुवय m. (-यः) The aggregate of three spices, ginger, and long and black pepper ४ कटु, and वय three
- कटुनिष्याय m. (-यः) Green not inundated. ४ कटु, and निष्याय non-inundation.
- कटुपत्र m. (-पत्रः) A medicinal plant, (*Odeniandia biflora*) ४ कटु, pungent, and पत्र leaf.
- कटुकल m. (-कलः) A sort of cucumber, (*Trichosanthes dioica*) ४ कटु, and कल fruit.
- कटुभङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) Dried ginger
- कटुभङ्ग n. (-ङ्गः) Ginger either fresh or dry. ४ कटु, and भङ्ग auspicious
- कटुर n. (रः) Buttermilk. ४ कटु, and र to give, affix च
- कटुरव m. (-वः) A frog. ४ कटु, and रव sound.
- कटुरीडिणी f. (-णी) A medicinal plant: see कटुकौ ४ कटु, pungent, and रीडिणी that grows. [plant]
- कटुवाणिकौ f. (कौ) A variety of solanum ४ कटु and वाणिकौ the egg
- कटुवीज f. (जा) Long pepper. ४ कटु, and बीज seed.
- कटुसेह m. (-हः) The mustard-seed plant, (*Sinapis dichotoma*) ४ कटु, and सेह oily substance yielding a pungent oil
- कटुकट n. (-टः) Ginger ४ कटु, and कट best, and with कन् added कटुकटक.
- कटोरा f. (रा) A shallow cup
- कटोल m. (-लः) A man of an inferior and degraded tribe, a Chandala, a Pariah, &c. 2. A pungent flavour. ४ कटु to go, कीलच् Unadi affix; also कटोलक.
- कटोलवीणा f. (वा) A kind of lute played by the common people. ४ कटोल a Chandala, and वीणा a lute.
- कटार m. (-रः) A weapon, a dagger.
- कटुफल m. (-लः) A small tree found in the north-west of Hindustan, the bark and seeds of which are used in medicine, and as a narcotic, the fruit also is eaten, the common name is Kayaphala f. (ला) 1. A plant, (*Gmelina arborea*, Rox) 2. The egg plant, &c. ४ कटु instead of कटु, acrid, and फल fruit, fem. affix टाप्.
- कटुक m. (-कः) 1. A plant, (*Bignonia Indica*) 2. A name of Dhirpa a king of Ayodhya ४ कटु, pungent, &c. कटु bark, body, &c.
- कटुर n. (रः) 1. Sauce, condiment. 2. Buttermilk. 3. The skim or whey of curds. ४ कटु to rain, &c वरच् aff.
- कटु १st cl. (कटति) To live in distress. (र) कटि १st and 10th cl. (कटयति, कटयति) 1. To grieve. 2. To recollect. With च्छ prefixed, to regret or miss, to lament, to bewail.
- कट m. (ः) 1. The name of a Mani or saint. 2. A note or simple sound. 3. A portion of the Yajur Veda. 4. A Mantra or mystical prayer. 5. A Brahman. 6. A Brahman versed in the Vedas, especially in the Rig Veda. 7. A student of the same. 8. Trouble, distress. f. (-टी) The wife of a Brahman. ४ कट to be confused, and चप् aff.
- कटपुर्ण m. (-र्णः) A BRAHMAN skilled in the Katha branch of the Vedas. ४ कट, and पुर्ण cunning.
- कटसर्ग m. (-र्गः) A name of Siva ४ कट distress, सर्ग who dissipates.
- कटर mfn. (-रः रः रः) Hard. ४ कट trouble, and र from र to take or give, affix च.
- कटशीविश m. (-यः) A BRAHMAN who has studied the Katha portion of the Vedas. ४ कट, and शीविश a BRAHMAN
- कटायापक m. (क) A teacher of the Katha portion of the Veda. ४ कट, and आयापक a teacher.
- कटाहक m. (-कः) A gallinule.
- कटिका f. (-का) 1. Chalk. 2. The Tulasi.
- कटिन्नर m. (-रः) A plant worshipped by the Hindus, commonly Tulasi, (*Ocimum sanctum*, or sacred basil.) ४ कटिन्न hard, and नृ to destroy, affix चच्, deriv. irr.
- कटिन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. Hard, solid. 2. Unkind, severe. 3. Paralytic,



rendered stiff or rigid 4. Difficult, obscure. nf. (-न-वा) An earthen vessel, f. (-वा) A sweetmeat made with refined sugar. (-नी or -निवा) Chalk. ६. कङ् to be confounded, and एनच् Unadi affix, fem affixes टप् and डीप्.

कठिनता f. (-ता) 1. Firmness, hardness. 2. Severity. 3. Difficulty, obscurity. ६. तल् added to the last; also with त्व कठिनत्वं.

कठिनपृष्ठ m. (-ष्ठः) A tortoise. ६. कठिन, and पृष्ठ back; also कठिनपृष्ठक.

कठिनहृदय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Hard hearted, cruel, unkind. ६. कठिन, and हृदय the heart.

कठिनाम्नःकरण mfn. (-णः-णा-ण) Harsh, cruel, severe. ६. कठिन, and अन्तःकरण disposition.

कटिज m. (-जः) A plant, (Momordica charantia.) see कटिज.

कटिजक m. (-कः) 1. A plant: see the preceding. 2. A name of Tulasi or holy basil. 3. Hogweed. ६. कन् added to the preceding: see कटिज and कटिजक.

कटिर m. (-रः) A needy or distressed man, a pauper. ६. कङ् to be distressed, and एरक् Unadi aff.

कटिक m. (-कः) The Indian Plutus.

कटोर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Hard, solid. 2. Severe, cruel. 3. Full, complete, full-grown. 4. Full, (as the moon.) ६. कङ् to be distressed, &c. चारन् Unadi affix; also कटोल.

कटोरता f. (-ता) 1. Hardness, firmness. 2. Severity, rigor. ६. तल् added to the preceding, also कटोरत्वं with ल् aff.

कटोल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) See कटोर.

कड r. 1st and 6th cls. (कडति) To be confused or disturbed by pleasure or pain, to be proud or mad, (the roots differ in some of the inflections). २. कडि r. 1st cl. (कडति) The same as the preceding; also r. 1st and 10th cls. (कडति, कडयति) 1. To break off a part, to tear, to separate or detach. 2. To remove the chaff or husk of grain, &c. 3. To preserve.

कड mfn. (-डः-डा-ड) Ignorant, stupid. ६. कङ् to be perplexed, चच् aff.

कडक m. (-कः) Sea salt obtained by evaporation. ६. कङ् to separate, वन् aff.

कडहर m. (-रः) Straw, the stalks of various sorts of pulse, &c. ६. कड mad, क् to make, यत् affix, also कडहर.

कडहराय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be fed with straw. ६. कडहर, and क् affix; also with यन्, कडहये, and from कडह, कडहराय.

कड्ड m. (-डः) A spirituous liquor, a kind of rum. ६. कङ् to be intoxicated, चच् aff.

कड्डर m. (-रः) Straw, chaff. ६. कड, रक् affix, चच् inserted.

कड्डन m. (-नः) A vessel. ६. कङ् to distil, अवन् Unadi affix, and क substituted for ग; also कड्डन.

कड्डम m. (-मः) 1. The stalk of a potherb. 2. The end or point. ६. कङ् to separate, &c. चच् Unadi aff.

कड्डनी f. (-नी) A potherb, (Convolvulus repens.) see कड्डनी.

कडार mfn. (-रः-री-रं) Tawny. m. (-रः) 1. Tawny, (the colour.) 2. A servant. ६. कङ् to be confused, चारन् aff.

कडण्ड m. (-ण्डः) A sword, a scymitar, a sacrificial knife.

कडर r. 1st cl. (कडरति) To be rough, to be harsh or severe: the pen. is originally द.

कण (क) r. 1st cl. (कणति) 1. To sound. 2. To cry as in distress. (च) कण r. 1st cl. (कणति) To go or approach. r. 10th cl. (कणयति) To wink, to cover or close the eye with the lids or lashes.

कण mfn. (-णः-णी or -णिवा) 1. Small, minute. 2. An atom, a minute particle. m. (-णः) 1. An eye of corn. 2. The spark or facet of gem. 3. A spark of fire. 4. A drop of water, &c. f. (-णः) 1. Cumin seed. 2. Long pepper. 3. A kind of fly, (कुशीरमणिका) the crocodile fly? ६. कण् to contract, चच् affix, fem. टप् or डीप्.

कणजीर m. (-रः) A white kind of cumin seed. ६. कण small, जीर cumin.

कणजीरक m. (-कः) Small cumin seed. ६. कण minute, and जीर cumin.

कणमयक m. (-कः) A kind of bird. ६. कण pepper, and मयक m. eats.

कणनाम m. (-मः) A whirlpool.

कणटीन m. (-नः) A wagtail. ६. कण little, चट् to go, and ईनच् aff.

कणटीर m. (-रः) A wagtail; also कणटीरक.

कणाद m. (-दः) 1. The name of a Muni, also called Kasyapa: the author of the Vaisheshika philosophy. 2. A goldsmith. ६. कण a little, and चट् to eat, referring to the abstemiousness of the saint; or कणाद to take, alluding the proverbial dishonesty of the artificer.

कणिक m. (-कः) 1. A small particle, as a crystal, an eye of corn, &c. 2. An enemy. 3. Whirling round a set of lamps at sacrificial ceremonies. 4. The heart of wheat, commonly Suji, sharps or semoule. f. (-का) 1. An atom, a small particle. 2. Small, minute: see कण. ३. A plant, (Premna spinosa.) see कणिकारिका 4. A kind of rice. ६. कण small, वन् affix, and चट् inserted, fem. affix टप्. [affix क् कणित n. (-तः) A cry or sound uttered through pain. ६. कण् to sound, कणित n. (-यः) An ear or spike of corn. ६. कण small, &c. affix य्.

कणीक mfn. (-कः-का-के) Small, diminutive. ६. कण to be small, ईनच् Unadi affix; it is also written कनीक and कणिक.

कणीय f. (-यिः) 1. A creeper in flower. 2. A cart. ३. The Abrus precatorius. ६. कण to wink, ईवि Unadi aff.

कणीयस् mfn. (-यन्-यसी-यः) 1. Very small. 2. Young, younger. ६. कण small, and ईवसुन् superlative affix; also कणीयस्.

कणीर m. (-रः) A tree, (Casaria ovata, &c.) f. (-रा) A courtesan. 2. A she-elephant. ६. कण् to go, एर affix, or with एक् affix कणिर.

कणिक m. (-कः-कं) 1. A thorn. 2. A paltry foe. 3. A fish bone. 4. Horripilation, or the erection of the hair of the body. 5. Any annoyance or source of vexation. 6. A term in the Nyaya philosophy, implying refutation of argument, detection of error, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A work-shop, a manufactory. 2. Fault, defect. 3. The point of a pin or needle. 4. A fish or marine monster, the symbol of KAMADEVA: see मकर. 5. A bamboo. ६. कटि to divide, वन् aff.

कणिकद्वय m. (-यः) The Salmali or silk cotton tree. ६. कणिक, and द्वय tree.

कणिकफल m. (-लः) 1. The Jaka, or bread fruit tree, (Artocarpus integrifolia.) 2. Another plant: see मोक्षुर. 3. The castor oil tree. 4. The Datura. ६. कणिक a spike, and फल fruit: the term is applicable to any plant, the fruit of which is invested with a hairy or thorny coat; also कणिकफल.

कणिकमृज् m. (-मृज्) A camel. ६. कणिक and मृज् who eats.

कणिकमर्दन mfn. (-नः-नी-नं) 1. What treads down or extracts thorns. 2. What bridges or suppresses disturbances, annoyances, &c. n. (-नः) 1. Beating down thorns. 2. Suppressing disturbances, &c. ६. कणिक and मर्दन trampling on.

कणिकवेणी f. (-णी) A porcupine. ६. कणिक and वेणी a row.

कणिकगार m. (-रः) A porcupine. ६. कणिक and गार or गारार a house.

कणिकारिका f. (-का) A sort of prickly nightshade, (Solanum jacquini) ६. कणिक a thorn, चट् to go, चच् affix, कन् added with the feminine termination; also कणिकारी.

कणिकारी f. (-री) 1. A prickly nightshade: see the preceding. 2. The silk cotton tree, (Bombax heptaphyllum.) 3. Another plant, commonly Buinchi'hi, (Flacourtia sapida, Rox.) ६. As before.

कणिकाल m. (-लः) 1. The bread-fruit tree or Jaka: see कणिकफल. 2. Species of the coral tree, (Erythrina Indica.) ६. कणिक a thorn, चाला to take, affix ड.

कणिकाम m. (-मः) A camel. ६. कणिक, and चाम food; whose food is of thorns, thistles, &c.; also कणिकमृज्, &c.

कणिकानील m. (-नीलः) A kind of fish, one which has many bones. ६. कणिक कणि a bone, and ईनच् aff.

कटकीन mfn. (-कः-का-नं) 1. Produced from a fish. 2. Borne by the mimosa tree. 3. कटकिन्, and क्त्वा born.

कटकिन् mfn. (-की-किनी-कि) 1. Thorny, prickly. 2. Vexatious, annoying.

कटकी m. (-की) 1. A fish. 2. A tree, (Mimosa catechu.) 3. A plant. (Vangueria spinosa.) 4. A bamboo. 5. The jujube. 6. कटक a thorn or small bone, and इति poss. aff.

कटकिफल m. (-कः) The Indian bread-fruit tree or Jaka. (Artocarpus integrifolia :) see कटकफल ; also कटकीफल

कटकिम m. (-कः) A thorny kind of bamboo, (Bambusa spinosa, Rox.)

कटकीफल m. (-कः) See कटकिफल, &c.

कटकीहरण u. (-कः) 1. Weeding, extracting thorns, &c. 2. Removing annoyances. 3. Extirpating thieves, rogues, &c. or all national or public nuisances. 4. कटक and उदरक extracting.

कटपत्र m. (-कः) A plant, commonly Buinch'hi, (Flacourtia sapida, Rox.) and कटपत्रक.

कटफल m. (-कः) 1. The jack tree. 2. The Datura plant. 3. The castor oil plant. 4. कट for कटक a thorn or spike, कट fruit : see कटकफल.

कटल m. (-कः) The Babul, a tree yielding a species of gum arabic, (Acacia Arabica,) the branches are prickly, whence the name. 5. कट for कटक a thorn, and ल from ला to take or have.

कटकारिन् m. (-री) The jack tree.

कटफल m. (-कः) The Jaka or Jack tree : see कटकफल

कट mfn. (-कः-कटा or -कटी-कट) 1. The throat. 2. Sound, especially guttural sound. 3. Near, proximate m. (-कट) 1. A tree, (Vangueria spinosa.) 2. The space of an inch from the edge of the hole in which sacrificial fire is deposited f. (-कटी) 1. A rope or leather round the neck of a horse. 2. A necklace, a collar. 3. कट् to sound, 4. Unadi affix, fem affix टाप् or डीप्.

कटकुणिका f. (-का) The Vina or Indian lute. 5. कट the throat, कट् to sound, and क्त्वा affix ; sounded like the larynx.

कटग mfn. (-गः-गा-गं) Extending to the throat or swallow. 6. कट and ग what goes.

कटतलसिका f. (-का) The leather or rope passing round the neck of a horse.

कटनीडक m. (-कः) A kite.

कटनीडक m. (-कः) A torch, a whip of lighted straw, &c.

कटपाशक m. (-कः) 1. A halter. 2. A rope passing round an elephant's neck 3. कट, and पाशक a fetter

कटमुवा f. (-वा) A collar or short necklace. 5. कट the throat, and भुवा an ornament.

कटमणि m. (-मणि) A jewel worn on the throat. 6. कट, and मणि a gem.

कटलप्र mfn. (-प्रः-प्रा-प्र) 1. Fastened or suspended round the throat. 2. Clinging to, embracing. 3. कट, and प्र attached to.

कटला f. (-ता) 1. A collar. 2. A horse's halter. 3. कट, and ला a creeper.

कटमुञ्ज n. (-नं) Hanging on or round the throat. 4. कट, and मुञ्ज equipping.

कटस्थ mfn. (-स्थः-स्था-स्थ) 1. Sticking in the throat. 2. Being in or upon the throat. 3. Guttural. 4. Having by rote, ready to repeat. 5. कट, and स्थ what stays.

कटगत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Come in to the throat, (breath, &c.) 5. कट, and गत come.

कटप्रि m. (-प्रि) A bird. 5. कट, and प्रि fire, and figuratively digestive faculty ; digesting in the throat or gizzard.

कटाल m. (-कः) 1. A boat. 2. A hoe, a spade. 3. War. 4. An esculent root, (Arum.) 5. A camel. f. (-ला) A churning vessel. 5. कट the throat, कट् to ornament, &c. कट् aff.

कटवसक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Embracing, clinging to the neck. 5. कट, and वसक fastened to.

कटिका f. (-का) A necklace of one string or row. 5. कटि and क्त्वा aff.

कटोर m. (-कः) 1. A lion elephant in rut. 2. A pigeon. 3. कट the throat, and र sound.

कटका m. (-कः) A name of Siva. 4. कटि in the throat, कट black, black-necked ; see नीलकट.

कट mfn. (-कः-कटा-कट) Guttural, belonging to the throat, pronounced from the throat. 5. कट and क्त्वा aff.

कटन n. (-नं) Threshing, separating the chaff from grain. f. (-नी) A wooden bowl or mortar, in which the cleaning or threshing of grain is performed. 5. कटि to divide, कट् affix, fem do डीप्.

कटरा f. (-रा) A principal vessel of the body, a large artery, vein, &c. 5. कटि to divide, कट् aff.

कट f. (-कट्) 1. The itch, itching. 2. Scratching : see कट

कटरा f. (-रा) Cowach : see कट

कट n. (-नं) कटन् Santia root. कटवतिनं 1. To itch. 2. To scratch.

कट f. (-कट्) 1. The itch, itching. 2. Scratching. 3. कट् to itch, affix क्त्वा ; also with the final short, कट.

कटवरी f. (-री) Cowach, (Carpopogon pruriens) 5. कट् itching, and कट what makes, डीप् aff.

कटव m. (-वः) Cassia, (Si-lala) 5. कट् and व what destroys.

कटति f. (-ति) 1. Itching, the itch. 2. Scratching. 3. कट् and क्त्वा affix : also कट्, कट्, &c.

कटयत् mfn. (-यत्-यती-यत्) Scratching, rubbing. 5. कट् to itch, कट् aff.

कटय n. (-नं) 1. Itching. 2. Scratching : also कटय and कट्. 5. A : before, affixes यत् and कट्.

कटयक m. (-कः) A tickler, one who tickles or scratches. 5. कटयन and क who makes.

कट्या f. (-या) 1. Itching. 2. Scratching. 5. कट् to itch, affixes यत् and टाप्.

कटरा f. (-रा) Cowach, (Carpopogon pruriens) 5. कट् itching, and रा what makes, from रा to take or give. affixes क and टाप्, alluding to the irritating property of the leaves of this plant.

कटल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Itchy, having the itch. m. (-लः) An esculent root, (Arum) 5. कट् and ला to have, & aff

कटोल m. (-कः) 1. A basket, a safe, any place in which provisions are kept. 2. A camel. 5. कटि to divide, कटल Unadi affix, also with कन् added कटोलक.

कटोलक m. (-कः) A safe, a store room : see the preceding.

कटोलवीणा f. (-वा) A vulgar lute. 5. कटोल here implying a Chandala, and वीणा the Vina or Indian lute ; also कटोल वीणा and कटोल.

कटोलो f. (-ली) See the preceding

कटोलि m. (-लि) A caterpillar. 5. कट, itching, and ओल and abode.

कट m. (-कः) The name of a celebrated Muni or saint. n. (-कः) Sin. 5. कट् to sound, कन् Unadi aff

कट m. (-कः) 1. The name of a Muni or saint. 2. The clearing nut plant. 5. कटि to sound, कट Unadi aff.

कटक m. (-कः) The clearing nut plant. (Stychnos potatorum :) one of the seeds of this plant being rubbed upon the inside of the water jars used in Bengal, occasions a precipitation of the earthy particles diffused through the water.

कटम mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Which, (of many.) 5. क्त्वा and डतलत् aff.

कटमाल m. (-मः) A name of Agni or fire ; this word is perhaps a corruption : see कटमाल and डतलमाल.

कट mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Which, (of two,) whether. 5. क्त्वा and डतलत् aff.

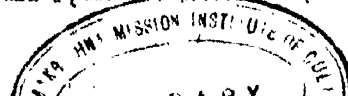
कति mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) 1. How many. 2. How much. 5. क्त्वा what, and इति aff.

कतिचित् ind. 1. In any way, in some way. 2. For some time. 5. कति how many, and चित् aff.

कतिथ mfn. (-थः-था-थं) What, how much. 5. क्त्वा added to कति.

कतिपय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. How many. 2. A certain number, so many

कतिपय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) What, how much. 5. क्त्वा added to कतिपय.



कतिविध mfn. (-यः-वा-चं) 1. Of how many sorts. 2. Of various kinds. ३. कति, and विध sort.

ककुब्ध n. (-चं) 1. A fragrant grass. 2. A plant, commonly Chakulia (*Hemionites cordifolia*, Rox) ३. कत् for कुत् bad, दुष् grass.

कर्तव्य n. (-यं) Wine or vinous spirit. ३. कत् for कत् bad, and तव्य water.

कस्य r. 1st cl. (कस्यते) 1. To praise or celebrate. 2. To flatter or coax. 3. To boast.

कस्य r. 10th cl. (कस्यति) To loosen, to slacken, to remove.

कस्यव n. (-यं) The shoulder, the shoulder blade.

कस्य r. 10th cl. (कस्यति) To speak, to tell.

कस्यक mfn. (-कः-क-क) 1. A narrator, a relator, one who relates a story, or who publicly reads and expounds the Puranas, &c. 2. One who speaks or tells. inf. (-कः-क) The speaker of a prologue or a monologue. ३. A professional story teller. ३. कस्य to speak, to relate, वृत् aff.

कस्यकिक mfn. (कः-क-क) An interrogant, one who asks or questions. ३. कस्यम् how, कस्य to speak, ठक् aff.

कस्यकिकता f. (ता) A question, asking, enquiring. ३. तक् affix of the abstract added to the preceding

कस्यकित m. (-तः) An interrogant, one who questions. ३. कस्यम् how, कस्यित said.

कस्यचन ind. In some way, in any way, by any means. ३. कस्यम् and चन aff. [aff.]

कस्यचिन् ind. In any way, by some means or other. ३. कस्यम् and चिन्

कस्यन् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Talkative. n. (नं) Saying, narrating, relating. ३. कस्य to say, &c. युच् or खट् aff.

कस्यनीय mfn. (-यः-य-द) To be said, to be told or declared. ३. कस्य to tell, कस्यनीय aff; also with तव्य कस्यितव्य and with वृत् कस्य.

कस्यना f. (-ना) Enquiry, question, demand. ३. कस्य to speak, भञ्ज aff.

कस्यम् ind. 1. A particle of interrogation, (how, what.) 2. Also implying mode, (how, in what manner.) 3. A particle of amazement or surprise. 4. Of pleasure. 5. Of abuse. 6. Of interrogation, implying doubt. ३. कस्यम् what, and वृत् aff. [टप् aff.]

कथा f. (य) A feigned story, a tale or fable. ३. कथ to tell, &c. चल् and कथाद्वयम् m. (-यः) Attention, taking pleasure in a discourse. ३. कथा, and चन्द्रम् inclination.

कथाप्रसङ्ग m. (-सः) A narrative, a tale, a fiction. ३. कथा, and प्रसङ्ग connexion.

कथाप्रसङ्ग mfn. (-यः-य-क) 1. Talkative, talking much and foolishly. 2. Half-witted, foolish. 3. A conjurer, a dealer in antidotes, &c. m. (-यः) 1. Talking, conversation, speaking to or with. 2. Rumour, report. ३. कथा a fable, and प्रसङ्ग who relates.

कथाप्राप्त m. (-यः) 1. An actor, the speaker of a prologue or monologue, the introducer of a drama. 2. A professed story teller. ३. कथा and प्राप्त life, livelihood.

कथायोग m. (-यः) Conversation, talk, discourse. ३. कथा, and योग uniting.

कथावृत्त m. (-यः) 1. Narration, narrative, story telling. 2. Beginning of a story. ३. कथा, and वृत्त beginning, &c.

कथाविरक्त mfn. (-कः-क-क) Reserved, taciturn,, disliking conversation. ३. कथा, and विरक्त disliking. [collection]

कथासंग्रह m. (-यः) A collection of tales or fables. ३. कथा, and संग्रह

कथिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) A story-teller by profession, a narrator, a relator. ३. कथा a tale, and ठक् aff.

कथित m. (-तः-ता-तं) Said, told, related. ३. कथ to tell, क् aff.

कथितम् m. (-यं) Repetition, tautology. ३. कथित said, पद a word.

कथोद्घात m. (-तः) The opening of a drama, by the character that first enters overhearing and repeating the last words of the prelude. ३. कथा, and उद्घात beginning.

कथोपकथन m. (नं) 1. Conversation, conference. 2. Narration. ३. कथा, and उपकथन speaking.

कथोपाख्यान n. (-नं) Narration, narrative, relation, telling a story. ३. कथा, and उपाख्यान telling.

कथ्य mfn. (-यः-य-य) To be spoken or said. ३. कथ and यत् aff.

कथ्य or (य) कथि r. 1st cl. (कथते and कथते) 1. To be confused, to suffer mentally, to grieve. 2. To confound. 3. To kill or hurt; also कथि (कथति) 1. To call. 2. To cry or shed tears.

कथ्य m. (-यः) A cloud. ३. कथ water, and यत् what gives.

कथ्यक m. (-कः) An awning. ३. कथ a cloud, and कथ what makes; yielding a shade as a cloud; also fem. कथ्या and कथी.

कथ्यक n. (य) A bad letter. ३. कथ for कुत् bad and यथ a letter.

कथ्यकम् m. (-यः) A bad road. ३. कथ for कुत् bad, and यथ a road.

कथ्यक n. (-नं) 1. Killing, destroying. 2. Sin. 3. War. ३. कथ to kill or injure, affix खट्.

कथ्यक n. (-यः) Bad food. ३. कथ for कुत् bad, यथ food

कथ्यक m. (-यः) 1. A plant, commonly Kadamba (*Nauclea kadamba*). 2. The mustard seed plant, (*Sinapis dichotoma*). 3. A kind of grass, (*Andropogon serratum*); see द्विधाक. 4. Turmeric n. (-यः) A multitude, an assemblage or collection. ३. कथ to confound, &c. चल्च Unadi affix; also with कन् added कथ्यक.

कथ्यक mfn. (-कः-क) See the preceding.

कथ्यक m. (यः) Mustard seed plant: it seems to be a variety of reading for कथ्यक, q. v.

कथ्यक्य f. (-यी) A plant, the flowers of which resemble those of the Kadamba, commonly called Mundiri. ३. कथ्य, and यथ a flower fem. affix कथि; also with टप् कथ्यक्य.

कथ्यक्य m. (-यः) A fragrant breeze. ३. कथ्य the plant, and यथ wind.

कथ्यक्य m. (-यः) 1. A fragrant breeze. 2. Spring. ३. कथ्य and यथ wind

कथ्यक m. (-यः) 1. A white sort of mimosa. 2. A corn, a callosity. 3. A saw. 4. An iron goad for an elephant. n. (-यः) Coagulated milk ३. कथ water, &c. ह to tear, यच् aff.

कथ्य mfn. (-यः-य-य) 1. Useless. 2. Unmeaning. ३. कथ for कुत्, and यथ object.

कथ्यित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Despised, disdained, rejected. 2. Rendered useless. ३. कथ for कुत् bad, यथ sought.

कथ्यित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Despised, disdained. 2. Rendered useless and unavailing. ३. कथ्य and कथ made, with चि augment.

कथ्य mfn. (-यः-य-य) 1. Avaricious, miserly. 2. Little, insignificant, mean. 3. Bad, disagreeable. m. (-यः) A miser. ३. कथ bad, vile, and यथ possessor.

कथ्य n. (-यः) 1. Avarice. 2. Insignificance. 3. Badness. ३. त added to the last; also with तल् कथ्यता.

कथ्य mfn. (-यः-य-य) 1. The plantain tree, (*Musa sapientum*). 2. Another plant, (*Pistia stratiotes*); see वृत्. f. (-यः) The silk cotton tree also (-यः-य-य) 1. A kind of deer, the hide of which is used as a seat, &c. 2. A flag, a banner. 3. A flag carried by an elephant. ३. कथ water, air, &c. दक् to pierce, to divide, &c. affix चल्, and टप् or कथि fem. aff.

कथ्यक m. (-यः) The plantain or banana tree: see the preceding. ३. कथ added to कथ्य.

कथ्यक्य f. (-यः) 1. A sort of cucumber. 2. A fine woman.

कथ्य m. (-यः) A hack, a bad horse. ३. कथ for कुत्, and यथ a horse.

कथ ind. When, at what time. ३. कथ what, दा aff. [form.]

कथाकार mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Ill formed, ugly. ३. कथ for कुत्, and कार

कथा n. (-यः) A plant, commonly Kur'h or Kud'h, (*Costus speciosus*). ३. कथ bad, यथ name, ill named: having a bad name or reputation.

कथाच ind. Sometime or other, ever; न कथाच never.

कथाकार mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Wicked, abandoned, following evil practices. ३. कथ for कुत्, यथ obscuration.

- कदाचित् ind. Sometimes, at sometime or other, ever ; न कदाचित् never.
- कदापि ind. Sometimes, now and then. इ. कदा when, अपि certainly.
- कदुष् mf. (-चः-वा-च) Tepid, warm. n. (-चः) Warmth, gentle warmth. इ. कद् instead of कुद् bad, inferior, च्च heat.
- कद् mf. (-द्-द्-द्-द्) Tawny. f. (-द्-) The wife of CARYAPA the saint, and mother of the Naḡas or the serpent race, inhabiting the regions below the earth. m. (-द्-) Tawny, (the colour.) इ. कद् to desire, च्च affix, and र inserted ; the final of the radical is irregularly changed to द् ; fem. affix ऊञ्.
- कदुष् mf. (-चः) A serpent. इ. पुत्र a son, joined to the preceding ; also other compounds of similar import, as कदुषुत, &c.
- कदुषुत m. (-तः) A serpent : see the preceding.
- कद् mf. (-द्-दा-द्) 1. Speaking ill, inaccurately, indistinctly, &c. 2. Vile, base, contemptible. इ. कद् for कुद् bad, and द् who speaks.
- कन् ( ई जि ) विक्री. 1. 1st cl. (कनति) 1. To shine. 2. To desire or love. 3. To go or approach.
- कनक n. (-कः) Gold. m. (-कः) 1. The name of a tree which bears red flowers. (Butea frondosa :) see पलाय. 2. Thorn apple, (Datura metel, &c.) 3. Another plant, (Mesua ferrea :) see मानकेसर. 4. Mountain ebony, (Bauhinia variegata, &c.) see काश्माल. 5. A black sort of agallochum. 6. A shrub yielding a yellow fragrant flower, (Michelia champaca.) इ. कन् to shine, च्च Una'di aff.
- कनकचर m. (-रः) Borax. इ. कनक, and चर flux.
- कनकटङ्क m. (-ङ्कः) A golden hatchot. इ. कनक, and टङ्क a hatch.
- कनकदण्डक n. (-कः) The royal parasol इ. कनक gold, दण्ड a staff, and कन् affix ; golden-sticked.
- कनकपरम m. (-मः) Gold-dust. इ. कनक, and परम pollen.
- कनकपल m. (-लः) A Pala, a weight of gold and silver equal to sixteen Mashas, or about 280 grains troy : see मश. इ. कनक, and पल a Pala.
- कनकभङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A piece of gold. इ. कनक, भङ्ग what is broken off.
- कनकसय mf. (-यः-या-यं) Golden, consisting or made of gold. इ. कनक and सयट् aff.
- कनकरस m. (-रः) Yellow orpiment. इ. कनक, and रस juice.
- कनकसीडन m. (-नः) Resin.
- कनकमय n. (-यः) A gold cord. इ. कनक, and मय string.
- कनकखली f. (-ली) A gold-mine, golden soil. इ. कनक, and खल place.
- कनकाचल m. (-चः) The mountain Sumeru. इ. कनक, and चल a mountain ; the golden mountain.
- कनकाध्यक्ष m. (-क्षः) The treasurer or superintendent of the gold इ. कनक, and अध्यक्ष a superintendent.
- कनकालुका f. (-का) A golden jar or vaso. इ. कनक, चाल् a water jar, कन् and टाप् added.
- कनकाक्ष m. (-क्षः) A tree with golden or yellow blossoms, (Mesua ferrea.) इ. कनक, and चाल् appellation.
- कनक mf. (-नः-ना-नं) One-eyed. इ. कन् to shine, युच् aff.
- कनिष्ठ mf. (-ष्ठः-ष्ठा-ष्ठं) 1. Small, little. 2. Younger, younger born. 3. Young. f. (-ष्ठा) The little finger. इ. कन् to shine, &c. and इष्ठच् affix, or कच् small, the च being changed, or कन् substituted for युवन् and कच्.
- कनिष्ठता f. (-ता) The state of being younger or smaller इ. तच् added to the last ; also with ल, कनिष्ठल.
- कनी f. (-नी) A girl, a maiden. इ. कन् to shine, च्च and कीच् affs.
- कनीक mf. (-कः-का-कं) Very small : see कचिक.
- कनीचि f. (-चिः) 1. A creeping plant which bears flowers. 2. The Gunja, a shrub bearing a red and black berry, (Abrus precatorius.) 3. A cart. इ. कनी to shine, ईचि Una'di affix ; also according to some कनीचि.

- कनीनक m. (-कः) The caruncula lacrymalis. f. (-निका) 1. The pupil of the eye. 2. The little finger. इ. कन् to shine, ईकन् affix, कन् added, also with कीच् only कनीनी.
- कनीनी f. (-नी) 1. The little finger. 2. The pupil of the eye.
- कनीयस् mf. (-यस्-यसी-यः) 1. Very young, youngest. 2. Very small, least. 3. Younger born, a younger brother or sister. इ. कच् small, ईयस् affix, the च being changed ; or कन् to shine, &c. : or कन् substituted for युवन् and कच्.
- कनीयस n. (-सः) Copper. इ. कन् to shine, ईयस् aff.
- कनीर f. (-रः) 1. A female elephant. 2. A harlot.
- कन्य mf. (-न्यः-न्वा-न्यं) Happy. इ. कं and न् aff.
- कनि mf. (-निः-निः-निः) Happy. इ. कन् and नि aff.
- कन् mf. (-न्-न्-न्-न्) Happy. m. (-न्-) 1. Kāmadēva, the deity of love. 2. The heart, as the seat or faculty of perception and feeling. इ. कन् to desire, न् Una'di affix ; or कं and न् possessive aff.
- कन्या f. (-न्या) 1. A rag, a patched cloth or garment, a quilt of grass. 2. A wall : this word in composition may be used as neuter, if the compound imply a town in the province of Umanāra as सीसिमकन्या.
- कन्याधारण n. (-धः) Wearing a garment of patch-work, the practice of some Yogis. इ. कन्या, and धारण wearing.
- कन्याधारिन् mf. (-रि-रिणी) A Yogi, a religious mendicant. इ. कन्या, and धारिन् who wears.
- कन्द m. (-न्दः-न्दः) 1. A bulbous or tuberous root. 2. One of an esculent sort. (Arum campanulatum.) 3. Garlic. m. (-न्दः) 1. A cloud. 2. An affection of the feminine organ, considered as a fleshy excrescence, but apparently prolapsus uteri. इ. कदि to wet, &c. च्च affix, कं water, and दा to give.
- कन्दट m. (-टः) The white esculent water lily.
- कन्दमूल m. (-मूलः) A radish. इ. कन्द, and मूल root.
- कन्दर mf. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. An artificial or natural cave. 2. A glen, a defile, a valley. m. (-रः) A hook for driving an elephant with. (-रः) Dry ginger. इ. कं water or the head, and ह् to divide, to pierce, च्च aff.
- कन्दराकर m. (-रः) A mountain. इ. कन्दर a cave, च्चकर having, making.
- कन्दरान m. (-नः) 1. A plant, (Hibiscus populneoides.) 2. A species of fig tree, (Ficus venosa :) see वृच. 3. The walnut tree. इ. कन्दरा a cave, and च्च affix ; growing in desolate places : also with कन् added कन्दरानक.
- कन्दरावृक्ष m. (-क्षः) A species of fig tree, see the preceding.
- कन्दर्प m. (-र्पः) A name of the deity KAMA, the Cupid of the Hindu mythology. इ. कं BASHMA, दर्प to inflame, च्च affix ; the inflamer even of the first of the gods, corresponding in this respect with his Grecian prototype. f. (-र्पा) One of the presiding female deities of the Jains.
- कन्दर्पकूप m. (-पः) Pudendum muliobre.
- कन्दर्पस्वर m. (-रः) Passion, desire. इ. कन्दर्प, and स्वर fever.
- कन्दर्पमुषल m. (-लः) Membrum virile.
- कन्दल mf. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. The cheek, or the cheek and temple. 2. A portent a natural phenomenon supposed to announce evil. 3. A new shoot or sprig. 4. A low minutetone. 5. Reproach, censure. m. (-लः) 1. Gold. 2. War, battle. f. (-ली) 1. A species of deer of which the hide is used. 2. A sort of tree, the banana : see कद्दी. 3. A flag. इ. कन्द a root, &c. and ल from ला to take, fem. affix कीच्.
- कन्दलित mf. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Budden, blown. 2. Put forth, emitted. इ. कन्दल a bud, दतच् aff.
- कन्दलीकुसुम n. (-मः) A mushroom.
- कन्दवईन m. (-नः) An esculent root. इ. कन्द, and वईन increasing.
- कन्दगुरुच m. (-चः) A sort of Arum, (A. campanulatum) इ. कन्द, and गुरुच the same.

कण्डरुप n. (-रु) Prolapsus uteri, see कण्ड. ३. कण्ड a root, and रुप a name, affix रु; every रुप a name for a bulbous root, being a term for this complaint.

कन्दसार n. (-र) The garden or grove of INDRA.

कन्दमु m. (-मु) An esculent root, a sort of Arum.

कन्दिन् mfn. (-दी-न्दी-दि) Having a bulbous root. m. (-दी) A sort of Arum, (A. campanulatum, or any similar bulb.) ३. कण्ड and इनि aff.

कण्ड mfn. (-रु-रु-रु) १. A boiler, a saucepan or other cooking utensil of iron. २. An oven or vessel serving for one. ३. कण्ड to go, रु Unadi affix, and the initial रु rejected.

कण्डक m. (-क) A ball of wood or pith for playing with. n. (-क) A germ. ३. कण्ड to cry, to call, &c. रु affix, and कण्ड added. ३

कण्डुक mfn. (-क-क-क) Parched, roasted, (as grain,) fried, &c. dressed without water. ३. कण्ड, and पण्ड dressed.

कण्डीत m. (-ट) The white esculent water lily. n. (-ट) The blue lotus.

कण्डीत m. (-रु) The white lotus.

कण्ड m. (-रु) A cloud. ३. कण्ड water, and रु from रु to have.

कण्डरु mf. (-र-रु) The neck. m. (-रु) A cloud. ३. कण्ड water or the head and रु having, from रुण्ड, affix रुण्ड.

कण्डि m. (-रु) The ocean. f. (-रु) The neck. ३. कण्ड water or the head, रु to have, रु aff.

कण्ड n. (-रु) Fainting, falling in a fit or state of insensibility; in some copies this word is read कण्ड

कण्डिका f. (-का) १. A girl, a maiden. २. A daughter. ३. The Socotrine aloes. (Aloes perfoliata) ३. कण्डा a girl, कण्ड pleonastic affix, four. affix टाप्; see कण्डा and कण्डाका.

कण्डाकण्ड n. (-क) Beguiling a maiden, seduction, betrayal. ३. कण्डाका, and रुण्ड deceit. [जात born.

कण्डाकाजित m. (-रु) The son of an unmarried woman. ३. कण्डाका, and कण्डाकापति m. (-ति) A daughter's husband, ३. कण्डाका, and पति a husband.

कण्ड m. (-रु) १. A younger brother. f. (-रु) The little finger: see कण्डि

कण्डा f. (-रु) १. A girl nine years old, a virgin. २. A name of DURGA. ३. The sign of the zodiac, Virgo. ४. The socotrine aloes (Aloes perfoliata.) ६. Large cardamoms. ७. A species of metre of four lines, with four syllables in each. ३. A parasite plant, ३. कण्ड to shine, Unadi affix रुण्ड, fem टाप्.

कण्डाका f. (-का) A young girl or virgin: see कण्डा and कण्डाका.

कण्डाकुब्ज m. (-रु) Kanyakubja or Kinnore, an ancient city of great note, in the north of Hindustan, known to classical geography as Cannogyra; the name also applies to its dependencies or the surrounding district: also कण्डाकुब्ज. ३. कण्डा a girl, and कुब्ज round-shouldered, crooked; the etymology, alludes to a legend relating to the one hundred daughters of KUSANABHA the king of this city, who were all rendered crooked by Vayu, for non-compliance with his licentious desires.

कण्डाकण्ड n. (-रु) Taking a girl in marriage ३. कण्डा and रुण्ड taking.

कण्डाट m. (-ट) The middle of a house, the inner or private apartments. ३. कण्डा a girl, रुण्ड to go, and रुण्ड aff.

कण्डादान n. (-न) १. Giving a girl in marriage. २. Receiving the same. ३. कण्डा, and दान gift, or दाना acceptance.

कण्डादातृ m. (-तृ) A father, one who gives a girl in marriage. ३. कण्डा, and दातृ donor.

कण्डादूषक m. (-क) १. A violator or defiler of a virgin. २. A calumniator of a girl. ३. कण्डा, and दूषक who defiles; also कण्डादूषिन् m. (-नी).

कण्डादूषक n. (-न) १. Defiling a virgin. २. Calumniating a girl. ३. कण्डा, and दूषक spoiling

कण्डादीव m. (-रु) A bluish in a virgin, disease, bad repute, &c. ३. कण्डा, and दीव fault.

कण्डापति m. (-ति) A daughter's husband: see कण्डाकापति.

कण्डापात्र m. (-रु) १. A dealer in slave girls. २. The father of a daughter. ३. कण्डा, and पात्र who cherishes.

कण्डापुत्र m. (-रु) The offspring of an unmarried daughter. ३. कण्डा, and पुत्र a son.

कण्डाप्रदान n. (-न) Giving a daughter in marriage. ३. कण्डा, and प्रदान a gift.

कण्डाराम m. (-रु) A Budd'ha or Jaina saint. ३. कण्डा a girl, रुण्ड to please, affix रुण्ड.

कण्डावेदिन् m. (-दी) A son-in-law. ३. कण्डा, and वेदिन् who knows.

कण्डायुक्त n. (-रु) The purchase money of a maiden, money given to the bride's father. ३. कण्डा and युक्त tax.

कण्डासमुत्तम m. (-रु) The son of an unmarried girl. ३. कण्डा, and रुण्डा born,

कण्डाहरण n. (-रु) Carrying off girl, rape, ravishment. ३. कण्डा, and रुण्ड taking.

कण्डिका f. (-का) A young girl, a virgin: see कण्डाका.

कण्डुष n. (-रु) The hand below the wrist.

कण्ड (रु) कण्डि r. 1st cl. (कण्डिने) To shake, to tremble: with रुण्ड prefixed, to feel tenderness or compassion, to pity.

कण्डट mn. (-ट) Fraud, deceit, cheating, circumvention. ३. कण्ड BRAHMA, रुण्ड to go, रुण्ड affix; what extends even to BRAHMA; or कण्ड the head, and रुण्ड a covering, screening the head as it were. f. (-टी) A measure equal to the capacity of the hollows of the two hands joined.

कण्डता f. (-ता) Deceitfulness. ३. रुण्ड added to कण्डट: also with रुण्ड कण्डट.

कण्डटप्रवृत्त m. (-रु) Fraud, trick, fraudulent plot or contrivance. ३. कण्डट, and प्रवृत्त procedure.

कण्डटलेख n. (-रु) A forged document, a false or fraudulent statement. ३. कण्डट, and लेख a writing.

कण्डटवेश mfn. (-रु) Masked, disguised, assuming a false dress or appearance. m. (-रु) Disguise. ३. कण्डट, and रुण्ड costume.

कण्डटवेशिन् mfn. (-रु) Disguised, in masquerade. ३. कण्डटवेश and रुण्ड aff.

कण्डटिक mfn. (-क) A rogue, a cheat, fraudulent, dishonest. ३. कण्डट and रुण्ड aff.

कण्डटिन् mfn. (-रु) Fraudulent, dishonest, a cheat, &c. ३. कण्डट and रुण्ड aff.

कण्डट m. (-रु) १. The braided hair of Siva. २. A small shell used as a coin, a Cowrie. ३. A name of Siva. ३. कण्ड water, (that of the Ganges,) रुण्ड in the deriv. form, nourishing, and रुण्ड from रुण्ड to give, or कण्ड happiness, &c. which will apply to both senses; also with रुण्ड added कण्डटक.

कण्डटक m. (-क) See the preceding. [रुण्ड aff.

कण्डटिन् m. (-रु) A name of Siva. ३. कण्डट his braided hair, and रुण्डाट mfn. (-रु-टी-ट) A door, the leaf or pannel of a door. ३. कण्ड the head or wind, रुण्ड to go, रुण्ड affix; also कण्डाट.

कण्डाट m. (-रु) A thief, a house-breaker. ३. कण्डाट, and रुण्ड who breaks.

कण्डाटस्थि m. (-रु) १. The junction of the leaves of a door. २. A mode of multiplying, (in arithmetic.) ३. कण्डाट, and रुण्ड junction.

कण्डाट mn. (-रु-रु) १. The skull, the cranium. २. Either half of a water jar. ३. Any flat bone. ४. A beggar's bowl. ५. Multitude assemblage, collection. ६. A species of leprosy. ७. A treaty of peace on equal terms. ३. कण्डि to tremble, and कण्डाट Unadi affix; or कण्ड the head, and रुण्ड what cherishes or protects.

कण्डाटस्थिका f. (-का) A sort of pin or spindle for winding cotton, thread, &c.

कण्डाटस्थि m. (-रु) A name of MAHADEVA. ३. कण्डाट a skull, and रुण्ड who cherishes; being represented with a necklace of skulls.

कण्डाटस्थि f. (-रु) Treaty of peace on equal terms. ३. कण्डाट, and रुण्ड peace.

कपासिका f. (-का) 1. The tartar of the teeth. 2. A potsherd. ३. कपास and कपू aff.

कपासिक m. (-की) 1. A title of ŚIVA. 2. A man of low caste, from a Brahman mother and fisherman father. f. (-किनी) The goddess DURGA. ३. कपास a skull, इति affix; and औप् fem. do.

कपि m. (-पि) 1. An ape or monkey. 2. The monkey HANUMAN. 3. A title of VIṢṆU or KRISHNA. 4. Incense, storax or impure benzoin. 5. Emblic myrobalan, (Phyllanthus emblica.) 6. A kind of Bonduc or Bonducella. ३. कपि to tremble, र Unadi affix, the nasal rejected.

कपिकच्छ f. (-च्छ) Cowach, (Dolichos carpopogon.) ३. कपि a monkey, and कच्छ itching; also with final vowel long कपिकच्छ.

कपिकच्छरा f. (-रा) Cowach; see the preceding.

कपिकन्दक n. (-क) The skull, the cranium. ३. कपि, and कन्दक a ball.

कपिपत्त m. (-त) A tree, (Spondias mangifera;) see चासातक. ३. कपि, and पत्त the mango tree, the monkey's mango.

कपिज infn. (-ज-जा-ज) Born of a monkey, &c. m. (-ज:) Incense, benzoin ३. कपि, and ज born

कपिजल m. (-ज) 1. A bird, the francoline partridge. 2. The Chataka.

कपितैल n. (-ल) Benzoin or storax. ३. कपि, and तैल oil

कपित्व m. (-त्व) The elephant or wood apple, (Feronia elephantum.) ३. कपि, and त्व from स्था to stay or abide; the residence of apes.

कपित्वपर्णी f. (-र्णी) A plant, commonly कपित्वानी, the leaves of which are compared to those of the preceding.

कपित्वानी f. (-नी) A plant. see the preceding.

कपिशाय m. (-य) A kind of monkey. ३. कपि, and शाय a face; having a roundish face, in shape like the wood apple

कपिभज m. (-ज) A name of ARJUNA ३. कपि a monkey, and भज a sign; having a monkey as his symbol, his ensign or arms.

कपिनामन् m. (-ना) Incense: see कपि

कपिप्रभा f. (-भा) Cowach: see कपिकच्छ

कपिप्रभु m. (-भु) A name of the first RAMA. ३. कपि and प्रभु master: general of the monkey force with which he invaded Lanka or Ceylon.

कपिप्रिय m. (-य) The elephant or wood apple: see कपिप्र. ३. कपि, and प्रिय beloved.

कपिरथ m. (-थ) A title of RAMA. ३. कपि and रथ a car; having been carried by his monkeys.

कपिल mfn. (-ल: ला-ल) Tawny. m. (-ल:) 1. KAPILA, a celebrated Muni or saint, the founder of the Sankhya system of philosophy: the son of KURU by DEVAHUTI, and according to some, an avatar of VIṢṆU. 2. A title of AGNI the deity of fire. 3. A dog 4. Tawny, (in colour) f. (-ला) 1. The female elephant of the south-east. 2. A kind of Sisu, or timber tree so called: see शिखपा. 3. A sort of perfume: see रेचुका 4. The aloe plant. 5. A fabulous cow, celebrated in the Puranas. 6. The common leech. ३. कम् to desire, इलच् Unadi affix, and प substituted for म; or कपि a monkey, and ल to take, &c. being of such a colour.

कपिलयुति m. (-ति) A name of SURYA or the sun. ३. कपिल, and युति light; being of a dull red or tawny hue.

कपिलद्राक्ष f. (-क्ष) The brown or tawny grape. ३. कपिल, and द्राक्ष a grape

कपिलद्रुम m. (-म) The name of a perfume or sweet scented wood: see काशी.

कपिलघास f. (-रा) 1. The Ganges. 2. A holy place, a place of pilgrimage.

कपिलशय m. (-य) A title of the god INDRA. ३. कपिल tawny, and शय horse; such being the colour of INDRA's steed.

कपिलीय n. (-य) Brass. ३. कपि for कपिल brown, and लीय iron.

कपिलिका f. (-का) A plant, which bears a seed resembling pepper, (Pothos officinalis.)

कपिक m. (-क) A name of NARADA, a saint and philosopher, and friend of KRISHNA. ३. कपि and कक a face; the saint having a face like a monkey.

कपिवल्ली f. (-ली) The elephant or wood apple: see कपिप्र. ३. कपि, and वल्ली a pedicle; that being invested with a downy coat, resembling the hair of an ape.

कपिध mfn. (-ध: धा-ध) Brown, of a brown colour. m. (-ध:) 1. Brown, (the colour.) a compound of black and yellow. 2. Incense, storax or coarse benzoin f. (-धी) A spirit, a sort of rum. f. (-धा) The mother of the demons called Pisachas. ३. कपि an ape, and ध affix; of the colour of an ape

कपिशायन m. (-न) A title of ŚIVA.

[affix कच्]

कपिशायन m. (-न) 1. A deity 2. A sort of spirit or rum. ३. कपि, and शायन m. (-य) A Pisacha, an imp or goblin. ३. कपि, and शाय the mother of these beings, and य a son.

कपिशित mfn. (-त: ता-त) Embrowned, made brown or dusky red. ३. कपि, and शित aff.

कपिश्रीका f. (-का) Spirituous liquor ३. कपि, and श्रीक affix; see कपि.

कपिश्रीव m. (-व) The upper part or coping of a wall. ३. कपि, and श्रीव the head; a monkey's head.

कपिश्रीवक n. (-क) Vermilion, the red sulphuret of mercury.

कपिश्राल n. (-ल) A place frequented by monkeys. ३. कपि, and श्राल place.

कपीकच्छ f. (-च्छ) Cowach: see कपिकच्छ.

कपीश m. (-श) A plant, (a species of mimosa:) see कौरिका ३. कपि, and शय respected, liked; a favourite plant with the monkeys, also कपीशक.

कपीतन m. (-न) 1. A tree bearing an acid fruit, (Spondias mangifera:) see चासातक. 2. Another tree, (Hibiscus populneoides:) see गद्भाक्ष. 3. A species of Mimosa, (Mimosa sirisha, Rox.) 4. The holy fig tree, (Ficus religiosa.) 5. The betel nut tree, (Areca faulcor Catechu.) 6. The name of another plant, (Cratogeomys marmelos.) ३. कपि an ape, and तन what spreads; sheltering or feeding monkeys, the vowel is made long irregularly

कपीन्द्र m. (-न्द्र) 1. A name of the celebrated monkey HANUMAN. 2. Also of SURIVA, &c. ३. कपि, and इन्द्र the chief.

कपुटिका f. (-का) A patch of hair on each side of the head. ३. क the head, पुटि cherishing, कन् aff.

कपुच्छक n. (-क) Hair hanging down to the ground. ३. क the head, पुच्छ a tail, and क what resembles.

कपीत m. (-त) 1. A dove or pigeon, especially the spotted necked pigeon 2. A bird in general. ३. कम् to tinge, to be of various hues, चातच् Unadi affix, र changed to प.

कपीतक n. (-क) Antimony. ३. कपीत and कन् affix, implying resemblance, (in colour.)

कपीतचरणा f. (-रा) A perfume: see नली

कपीतपाविका f. (-का) A dove cot, an aviary or pigeon house. ३. कपीत a bird, &c. पाव to nourish, and वन् affix, fem. termination टाप्; also with the affixes कच् and औप् कपीतपावी.

कपीतपावी f. (-वी) See the preceding.

कपीतसार n. (-र) Antimony. ३. कपीत and सार essence.

कपीतकृत्रि f. (-त्रि) A perfume: see नली. ३. कपीत and कृत्रि a foot; of a red colour, like the claw of a pigeon.

कपीताम m. (-म) A pale or dirty white colour. ३. कपीत, an कच् before भा to shame, affix ड; of the colour of a pigeon.

कपीतारि m. (-रि) A hawk, a falcon. ३. कपीत, and रि an enemy.

कपीतिका f. (-का) A dove. ३. कपीत a pigeon, कन् affix fem. form.

कपील m. (-ल) A cheek. f. (-ली) The forepart of the knee, the knee-cap or pan. ३. कपि to quiver, and लीच् Unadi aff.

कपीलका m. (-का) The elephant's temples and cheeks. ३. कपील and का touchstone; being of the like dark colour.

**कपोलमिति** m. (-तिः) The temples and cheek, the upper part of the face. **कपोल**, and **मिति** a wall. [colour.]

**कपीकराम** m. (-रामः) Colour or flush in the cheek. **कपीक**, and **राम**

**कपीकफलक** m. (-कः) The cheek. **कपीक**, and **फलक** a plank.

**कप्याक** m. (-कः) Incense. **कपि** and **कप्या** aff.

**कफ** m. (-कः) 1. Phlegm, one of the three humours of the body. 2. Watery froth or foam in general. **क** water, and **फल** to bud or flower, **उ** aff.

**कफकर** mfn. (-रः रा-री-र) Producing phlegm. **क** and **कर** what makes.

**कफकृशिका** f. (-का) Saliva, spittle. **कफ**, and **कृशिका** cream.

**कफघ्न** mfn. (-घ्नः-घ्नी-घ्न) Removing phlegm, antiphlegmatic, (an epithet of many plants, &c.) **क**, and **घ्न** what destroys.

**कफणि** m. (-णिः-णी) The elbow. **क** pleasure, **फ** to go, **इन्** and **डोष्** affixes; also **कफीषि**

**कफनाशन** mfn. (-नः-नी-न) Antiphlegmatic. **क**, and **नाशन** destroying.

**कफवर्धक** mfn. (-कः-का-वर्ध) Exciting phlegm. **क**, and **वर्धक** what increases.

**कफवर्धन** mfn. (-नः-नी-न) Exciting phlegm. m. (-नः) The name of a plant; also **पिच्छितगर**. **क** phlegm, **वर्ध** to augment, and **कृट्** aff.

**कफारि** m. (-रिः) Gingor. **क** and **परि** foe.

**कफिन्** mfn. (-फिः-फिनी-फि) Phlegmatic, m. (-फो) An elephant. **क** and **इनि** aff.

**कफेक्षु** mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षुः-क्षु) Phlegmatic, causing or exciting phlegm. **क**, **क्षु** from **क्ष** to take or give, and **क्ष** Unadi affix; the deriv. is irr.

**कफीषि** m. (-षिः-षी) The elbow. **क** pleasure, **फ** to go, &c. **इन्** and **डोष्** affixes; the form is irregular: see **कफणि**.

**कव** (कव्) कृ 1. 1st cl. (कवते) 1. To colour, to tinge with various hues. 2. To praise

**कवच** mn. (-चः-च) A headless trunk, especially retaining vitality. n. (-चः) Water. m. (-चः) 1. A name of RAHU. 2. Also of a demon destroyed by RAMA. 3. The belly. **क** the head, and **वच्** to injure, to lop, affix **चच्**, also **क** water, and **वच** binding, attaching.

**कवचता** f. (-ता) Headlessness, decapitation. **क**, **वच** and **तच्** affix; also with **त** **कवचत्**.

**कविल** m. (-लः) The elephant or wood apple: see **कपिल**.

**कविल** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Tawny, (of such a hue.) m. (-लः) Tawny (the colour): see **कपिल**.

**कम्** (कम्) कम् r. 1st cl. (कामयति) To desire: this root is irregular.

**कम्** ind 1. Water. 2. The head. 3. Happiness or happily. 4. An expletive. **कम्** to desire, **विच्** aff.

**कमट** mn. (-टः-ट) 1. A water jar, especially one made of a hollow gourd or coconut, and used by ascetics. m. (-टः) 1. A turtle, a tortoise. 2. A bamboo. 3. The name of a Daitya or demon. 4. A porcupine f. (-डी) A female tortoise, a small one. **कम्** to desire, &c. **अट** Unadi affix, fem. affix **डोष्**.

**कमल** m. (-लः-लु) An earthen or wooden water pot, used by the ascetic and religious student. 2. The waved-leaf fig tree: see **प्रच**. **क** BRAHMA or water, and **मल** ornament or essence, **ल** from **क्ष** to get or give, and **लु** aff.

**कमन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Libidinous, desirous. 2. Beautiful, desirable. m. (-नः) 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. KAMA or love. 3. A tree, (Jonesia asoca) **कम्** to desire, affix **यच्** or **कृट्**.

**कमलच्छद** m. (-दः) A heron. **कमल** beautiful, and **छद** plumage.

**कमनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Pleasing, beautiful, desirable. **कम्** and **कनीयच्** affix of the future participle, to be desired.

**कमनीयता** f. (-ता) 1. Loveliness, beauty. 2. Desirableness. **कम्** added to the last, or with **त** **कमनीयत्**.

**कम्प** m. (-म्पः) Water. See **कवच**; also according to some, this is an orthographical compound, of **क** and **वच**, both synonyms of water.

**कमर** mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Desirous, lustful. **कम्** and **वरम्** Unadi aff.

**कमल** n. (-लः) 1. A lotus, (Nelumbium speciosum or Nymphaea nelumb.) 2. Water. 3. Copper. 4. A medicament, a drug. 5. The bladder. m. (-लः) A species of deer. f. (-ला) 1. A name of LAKSHMI. 2. An excellent woman. **कम्** water, and **ल** what adorns, or **कम्** to desire, with **ललच्** aff.

**कमलच्छद** m. (-दः) 1. A heron: see **कव**. 2. Petal of the lotus. **कमल**, and **छद** a leaf.

**कमलाकर** m. (-रः) A lake, &c. where lotuses abound. **कमल**, and **आकर** a mine.

**कमलासन** m. (-नः) An epithet of BRAHMA. **कमल** a lotus, and **आसन** seat or abode.

**कमलनी** f. (-नी) A number of lotus flowers, or a place abounding with them. **कमल**, **इनि** and **डोष्** aff.

**कमलोत्तर** n. (-रः) Safflower, (Carthamus tinctorius.) **कमल**, and **उत्तर** best, excellent.

**कमा** f. (-मा) Beauty, radiance. **कम्** to desire, **चच्** and **टाप्** affs.

**कमिष्ठ** mfn. (-मिः-मी-मि) Lustful, desirous, cupidinous. **कम्** to desire, **मिष्ठ** affix; and **इ** inserted.

**कम्प** m. (-म्पः) Tremour, trembling, shaking. **कपि** to shake, and **चच्** affix; also **कम्पन्**, &c.

**कम्पन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Trembling, unsteady, shaken. n. (-नं) Trembling quivering. m. (-नः) The dewy season. (Nov.-Dec.) **कपि** to tremble, and **यच्** or **कृट्** aff.

**कम्पमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Trembling. **कपि** to tremble, **मानच्** aff.

**कम्पलक्षन्** m. (-क्षन्) Air, wind. **कम्प** trembling, and **लक्षन्** mark or sign.

**कम्पाक** m. (-कः) Wind, air. **काकन्** affixed to **कपि**.

**कम्पान्वित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Trembling, agitated. **कम्प**, and **अन्वित** possessed of.

**कम्पित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Shaking, shaken, trembling. n. (-तं) Trembling a trembling, a tremor. **कपि** and **तच्** aff.

**कम्पिल** m. (-लः) A plant: see **रीचनी**; see **काम्पिल**; also **कम्पिल** and **कम्पिल**

**कम्प** mfn. (-म्पः-म्पा-म्प) Trembling, shaken. **कपि**, and **र** aff.

**कम्प** r. 1st cl. (कम्पति) To go, to move.

**कम्पर** mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Variegated. m. (-रः) Variegated, (the colour)

**कम्पल** m. (-लः) 1. A blanket. 2. A chief of the Nagas or serpents. 3. A small worm. 4. A dew-lap. 5. An upper cloth or garment. 6. A sort of deer. n. (-लः) Water. **कम्** to desire, **कल** Unadi affix and **व** inserted; or **कम्** the head, water, &c. and **लल्** to be strong affix **चच्**.

**कम्पलकारक** m. (-कः) Woollen cloth manufacturer. **कम्पल**, and **कारक** who makes.

**कम्पलवाद्यक** n. (-कः) A kind of carriage covered with a coarse blanket or woollen cloth, and drawn by oxen. **कम्पल** and **वच्** to bear, affixes **यच्** and **कन्**.

**कम्पलायिन्** m. (-यी) A sort of kite.

**कम्पि** f. (-पिः) 1. A ladle or spoon. 2. A shoot, a branch or joint of a bamboo. **कम्** to desire, **पि** affix; or with **डोष्** added **कम्पी**.

**कम्पु** mfn. (-म्पुः-म्पुः-म्पु) Speckled, variegated. mn. (-म्पुः-म्पुः) 1. A conch, a shell. m. (-म्पुः) 1. A bracelet, a ring. 2. A bivalve shell. 3. An elephant. 4. The neck. 5. A vein or tubular vessel of the body. &c. **कम्प** to go, **उ** affix, or **कम्** to desire; the form is irr.

**कम्पुक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) A mean person. m. (-कः) A conch. f. (-का) A tree (Physalis flexuosa.) **कम्** added to the last.

**कम्पुयी** f. (-यी) A neck marked with three lines like a shell, and considered to be indicative of exalted fortune. **कम्पु** a shell, and **यी** the neck.

**कम्पु** mfn. (-म्पुः-म्पुः-म्पु) A thief, a plunderer. m. (-म्पुः) A bracelet. **कम्** to desire, **क्ष** Unadi affix, and **यच्** inserted.



- कम्बोज क. (-क.) 1. The name of a country in the north of India, Camboja or Camboya. 2. A kind of shell. 3. A description of elephant : see कम्बोज.
- कम्बारी f. (-री) A plant, (Gmelina arborea.) इ. कम्ब water, भार a burthen, डीप् affix ; also गम्बारी.
- कम्बु n. (-बु) The root of the Andropogon muricatum. इ. कम् water, म् produced.
- कम्बु mfn. (-बु-सा-कम्) 1. Desirous, cupidinous. 2. Beautiful, desirable, इ. कम् to desire, र्न् aff.
- कम्बु f. (-बु) A medicinal plant, commonly Kakoli ; also कायस्था, or more accurately, perhaps, वयस्था.
- कर mfn. (-र-रा-री-र) Who or what does, makes or causes, as किरः a servant, who does any thing ; भयकरः frightful, what causes fear ; उपकरः who gives aid ; अणकरः who does ill, &c. m. (-रः) 1. A ray of light, a sun or moonbeams. 2. Royal revenue toll, tax, impost, &c. 3. The hand. 4. Hail. 5. An elephant's trunk. इ. कम् to do, &c. [ट् or चप् aff.]
- करक mf. (-क-का) Hail. mn. (कः कं) 1. The water-pot of the student or ascetic. 2. The shell of the cocoanut hollowed to form a vessel.
- करक m. (-कः) 1. The pomegranate tree. 2. Toll, tax. 3. A particular sort of bird. 4. A plant. (Galedupa arborea. &c.) See करक. 5. A tree, (Butea frondosa.) इ. कम् added to the preceding, or क् to injure, &c. and क्न् aff.
- करकटक m. (-कः) The finger nail इ. कर the hand, and कटक a thorn.
- करकसल n. (-स) The hand, especially of a lover, a mistress, &c. इ. कर, and कसल a lotus ; also similar compounds, as करपल, करपलज. करपलज, &c. [a ewer.]
- करकल m. (-कः) The hand hollowed to receive water. इ. कर, and कल
- करकलम् m. (-कः) The cocoanut tree, (Cocos nucifera.) इ. करक the shell, and कलम् the water, the nut containing a serous fluid
- करकलम् n. (-कः) A finger. इ. कर, and कलम् a bud
- करकोष m. (-कः) The hollow of the hand. इ. कर, and कोष receptacle.
- करकम् m. (-कः) 1. Marriage. 2. Levying or gathering a tax. 3. A tax-gatherer. 4. Taking the hand इ. कर, and कम् taking : one part of the ceremony of marriage is the placing of the right hand of the bride with the palm uppermost, in the right hand of the bridegroom ; also करकम्.
- करकम् n. (-कः) 1. Levying or gathering a tax. 2. Taking the hand 3. Marriage. इ. कर, and कम् taking.
- करकम् mfn. (-कः किर-किर) 1. Levying a tax 2 Taking the hand. इ. कर, and किर who takes.
- करकम् m. (-कः) The churning stick. n. (कः) Rubbing the hands together. इ. कर the hand, and कम् rubbing
- करकम् m. (-कः) The churning stick. इ. कर the hand, कम् to rub, चिनि aff.
- करक m. (-कः) 1. The head. 2. A cocoanut hollowed so as to form a cup or vessel. 3. Any bone of the body 4. A kind of sugar-cane. इ. क् to send or throw, &c. चक aff.
- करकम् m. (-कः) A sort of sugar-cane.
- करक n. (-कः) A market or fair. इ. कर tax, and कम् collection, &c.
- करकम् m. (-कः) The teak tree, इ. कर, and कम् a leaf.
- करक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Produced in or from a hand, a ray, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A finger-nail. 2. The name of a timber tree, commonly Karanja, (Galedupa arborea, Rox.) n. (-कः) A perfume, commonly Nak'hi resembling a nail in appearance. इ. कर the hand, and कम् produced ; or कम् pleasure, र्न् to colour, &c. चक् affix ; see the next.
- करक n. (-कः) A pencil of rays, a stream of light. इ. कर, and कम् multitude.
- करक m. (-कः) The name of a plant, commonly Karanja (Galedupa arborea, Rox.) इ. कम् water, and र्न् to colour, चक् affix : see करक.

करक m. (-कः) 1. Karanja : see the preceding. 2. Another plant, (Verbesina scandens, Rox.) Sea भुवराज. इ. कम् added to the foregoing.

करक m. (-कः) 1. A crow. 2. An elephant's cheek 3. Safflower or carthamus. 4. A man of a low or degraded profession. 5. The first Sraddha or ceremony performed in honour of a deceased relation. 6. An atheist, an unbeliever, an opponent of the doctrines of the Vedas. 7. A musical instrument, (Castanets) f. (टा) A cow difficult to be milked इ. कम् pleasure, &c. रट् to sound, and चक् affix ; or क् to do, and चट् Unadi aff

करक m. (-कः) A crow. इ. कम् added to the preceding

करक m. (-कः) An elephant. इ. करट and र्न् aff

करक m. (-कः) The numidian crane. इ. कर for कम् bad, चट् to go, and चक् aff.

करक n. (-कः) 1. An instrument or means of action. 2. Making, doing. 3. Action, act. 4. Cause, motive 5. Business occupation, as trade, &c. 6. An organ of sense. 7. The body. 8. The mind or heart 9. A field. 10. Grain. 11. The posture, abstinence, &c. of an ascetic. 12. Copulation, (see modus coeundi.) 13. The usage or practice of the writer caste. 14. Acting, dramatic action. 15. Song, singing. 16. The particular business of any tribe or caste. 17. Plaiting or spreading any thing with the hand. 18. A Karana, an astrological division of time ; the Karanas are eleven : 7 moveable and 4 fixed, and two are equal to a lunar day ; or the time during which the moon's motion from the sun amounts to 6°. 19. (In grammar) The instrumental case, or noun in that case. m. (कः) A man of a mixed class, the son of a Sudra woman by a Vaisya ; or, according to some, of an outcaste K'shetriya, by a K'shetriya female ; the occupation of this class is writing, accounts, &c. a writer, a scribe f. (-की) 1. A woman of the same caste. 2. (In arithmetic, &c.) A surd or irrational quantity इ. क् to do, to act, &c. ल्पट् aff.

करक n. (-कः) The head. इ. करक an organ of sense, and कम् preserving.

करक n. (-कः) Instrumentality, mediate agency. इ. कम् added to करक.

करक m. (-कः) Suppression or restraint of the organs of sense. इ. करक, and नियम restraint.

करक f. (-कः) Doing, making, effecting. इ. क् to do, चिनि affix ; also with कम् added करकिका.

करक mfn. (-कः या-यः) To be done or made इ. क् to do, चनीयर् aff.

करक f. (-कः) An adopted daughter.

करक m. (-कः) 1. A basket or covered box of bamboo wicker work. 2. A bee-hive, a honey-comb. 3. A sword. 4. A sort of duck. 5. An aquatic weed, (Vallisneria.) इ. क् to do, चट् Unadi aff.

करक m. (-कः) A fish in general. इ. करक Vallisneria, and र्न् aff

करक n. (-कः) The palm of the hand. इ. कर, and कम् lower part

करक mfn. (-कः-ता-तः) Held in the hand. इ. करक, and कम् held.

करक mfn. (-कः-या-यः) Held in the hand, what is in or under the hand. इ. करक, and कम् what is.

करक mf. (-कः की) 1. A musical instrument, a cymbal 2. Beating time by clapping the hands. इ. कर the hand, कम् musical time, and डीप् aff

करक f. (-कः) The Karatoya river, a river in the north-east of Bengal. इ. कर the hand, and कम् water : at the wedding of Siva and PARVATI, the water which had been poured into the hand of the former, constituted, upon its being thrown on the ground, the source of this river.

करक mfn. (-कः-दा-दः) 1. Subject to tax or duty. 2. Tributary. 3. Who gives his hand, &c. इ. कर, and द who gives.

करक mfn. (-कः चा-चः) Handy, dexterous, ready. इ. कर, and चक् clever.

करक mfn. (-कः ता-तः) Subjugated, made tributary. इ. करक, and कम् made with चि augment

करधृत mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Held, supported by the hand. *क.* कर, and धृत held.

करनिहित mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Held in the hand. *क.* कर, and निहित placed.

करपत्र n. (-त्र) 1. A saw. 2. Splashing water about while bathing, playing or gamboling in water. *क.* कर, and पत्र a leaf; being in the hand as a leaf.

करपत्रम् m. (-त्रम्) The palmyra tree (*Borassus flabelliformis*). *क.* करपत्र a saw, and पत्र affix, the spatha being compared to a saw.

करपत्रिका f. (-का) Playing with water, gamboling in it, splashing it about; also करपत्र, करपात्र and करपत्रिक.

करपर्ण m. (-र्णः) A species of castor oil tree. *क.* कर; and पर्ण a leaf.

करपत्रम् m. (-त्रम्) A finger. *क.* कर, and पत्र a shoot.

करपात्र n. (-त्र) 1. The hand hollowed so as to hold any thing. 2. The throwing of water in sport. *क.* कर, and पात्र a cup.

करपात्रम् m. (-त्रम्) A sword, a scymitar. *क.* कर the hand, and पत्र protect-ing, or with पत्र to be strong, करपात्र.

करपात्रिका f. (-का) 1. A cudgel, a short club or wooden sword. 2. A sword or one edged knife. *क.* कर the hand, पात्र to nourish, पत्र affix, and the fem. termination.

करपट्ट n. (-ट्ट) 1. Joining the palms of the hands to show respect. 2. The hands joined and hollowed to receive anything. *क.* कर, and पट्ट a bag.

करपृष्ठ n. (-ष्ठ) Back of the hand. *क.* कर, and पृष्ठ back.

करप्रक्षेप mfn. (-यः-या-ये) 1. To be held, to be taken hold of. 2. To be collected by taxes. *क.* कर, and प्रक्षेप to be accumulated. [obtained.

करप्राप्त mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Held in hand, got, secured. *क.* कर, and प्राप्त

करपात्र n. (-त्र) 1. A finger-nail 2. A sword, a scymitar: see करपात्र.

करपात्रिका f. (-का) A small sword, &c. see करपात्रिका.

करम m. (-मः) 1. The metacarpus, the hand from the wrist to the root of the fingers. 2. A young camel or any young animal. 3. A young elephant. 4. A perfume, commonly Nakhi. f. (-मी) A she camel. *क.* कृ to reject, चमच् Unadi affix: see करम

करमप्रिया f. (-या) A plant, a sort of Hedysarum. *क.* करम, and प्रिय fond of; fodder for camels.

करमिन् m. (-मिन्) An elephant. *क.* करम and इनि aff.

करमीर m. (-रः) A lion. *क.* करम a young animal, and ईर who destroys.

करभूषण n. (-ण) A bracelet, an ornament worn round the wrist. *क.* कर the hand, and भूषण an ornament.

करभट्ट m. (-ट्ट) The betel nut tree: see कुवका.

करमरिन् m. (-रिन्) A prisoner, a captive.

करमई m. (-ईः) A small tree (bearing an acid fruit, commonly Karonda or Karinda, (*Carissa carondas*)). *क.* कर the hand, and ई to destroy, चच् affix; what is pulked by the hand; also with कच् affix, करमईक and fem. with डीच् affix करमईकी.

करमईक m. (-कः) See the preceding

करमाल m. (-मालः) Stroke, probably an error or corruption for करमाल.

करमाला f. (-ला) The hand used as a rosary, the joints of the fingers corresponding to the beads. *क.* कर, and माला a rosary.

करमुक्त n. (-क्त) A missile weapon, but thrown by the hand, a dart, javelin, &c. *क.* कर, and मुक्त released.

करावधपत्रम् m. (-त्रम्) A finger. *क.* कर, and पत्र to the point, पत्र a shoot.

करव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यः) 1. Mixed, intermingled. 2. Set, inlaid. m. (-व्यः) Flour or meal mixed with curds: see करव्य. *क.* कृ to do, चमच् Unadi aff.

करवित mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Intermingled, mixed, blended, &c. 2. Pound-ed, reduced to grains or dust. 3. Set, inlaid. *क.* करव्य and रतच् aff.

करव्य m. (-व्यः) A cake, flour or meal mixed with curds. *क.* कृ water, and रति to send, &c. चच् affix; also with कच् added करव्यक; also with रति to sound, &c. करव्य, &c. as above.

करवध mfn. (-वधः-वधा-वधः) Stopped by the hand, held tight or fast. *क.* कर, and वध stopped.

करवध m. (-वधः) A finger-nail. *क.* कर the hand, and वध to grow, to rise, affix क.

करवि' m. (-विः) A small musical instrument used for marking time, (a castanet,) or clapping the hands together for that purpose. *क.* कर the hand, वि property.

करवालिका f. (-का) A small club, &c. see करवालिका.

करवी f. (-वी) The leaf of the Asafotida plant, Hingupatri: see करवी and कारवी.

करवीर m. (-रः) 1. A fragrant plant, (Oleander or *Nerium odorum*.) 2. The name of a demon. 3. A sword or scymitar. 4. A cemetery, a place for burning or interring the dead. f. (-रः) Red arsenic. f. (-री) 1. A name of Aniti, the mother of the gods. 2. A good cow. 3. A woman who has borne a son, a mother. *क.* कर here said to mean a root, वीर to become evident, and चच् affix; or कर head, वि prefixed to ईर to go, &c. affix क.

करवीरक m. (-कः) 1. A sword. 2. A poison, the poisonous root of the Oleander. 3. A tree, (*Pentaptera arjuna*.) *क.* कच् added to the preceding.

करवाद्यो f. (-वा) A finger. *क.* कर the hand, and वाद्य a branch.

करवीरक m. (-रः) Water expelled by an elephant's trunk. *क.* कर the trunk, and वीर drizzling rain.

करवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A finger-nail. *क.* कर the hand, वृक्ष the beard of corn.

करवीर्य m. (-र्यः) Edematous swelling of the hands. *क.* कर, and वीर swelling.

करवाट m. (-टः) 1. The fibrous root of a lotus. 2. A tree, (*Vangueria spinosa*.) *क.* कृ water, and टच् to abandon, करवाट a lotus, वट what goes, or by what it goes; or कर the hand, वट् to illuminate or adorn, and चच् aff.

करवाटक m. (-कः) The name of a tree, (*Vangueria spinosa*.) *क.* कृ added to the preceding. [blow.]

करवाच m. (-चः) A thump, a blow with the hand. *क.* कर, and वाच a

करमई m. (-ईः) A fruit-tree, (*Carissa carondas*;) see करमई.

करामुक्त m. (-क्तः) A plant, (*Flacourtia cataphracts*, Rox.) See करामुक्त.

करावध m. (-वधः) A fruit-tree, (*Carissa carondas*.)

कराविका f. (-का) A bird, a small kind of crane.

कराटीट m. (-टः) A finger ring. *क.* कर the hand, टट् to shine, with वाट् prefixed, affix चच्.

कराव mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यः) 1. Great, large. 2. High, lofty. 3. Formidable, terrible. 4. Having projecting teeth. m. (-व्यः) Rosin, pitch, or a mixture of oil and the resin of the Sal tree. n. (-व्यः) A dark kind of Tulasi or Basil. f. (-वा) A kind of swallow wort, commonly Anantamul, (*Hemidesmus Indicus*.) See कराव. f. (-वा) One of the seven tongues of Agni or fire. *क.* कर the hand, &c. वा with वाट् prefixed to take, and क affix; or कर, and वच् to be able, &c. affix चच्, fem. वच् टाच् or डीच्.

करावक m. (-कः) A sort of Basil, the dark kind.

करावकर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) 1. Having a large trunk, (an elephant.) 2. Having a powerful arm or hand. *क.* कराव, and कर a hand.

करावक mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यः) One who stretches out his hand to support or pick up another, &c. *क.* कर, and वाचव what supports

करावक n. (-नः) Extending the hand, taking by the hand, helping sustaining. *क.* कर, and वाचव supporting.

करावदन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Of hideous aspect, ugly, frightful. f. (-ना) A form or emanation of Durga. *क.* कराव, and वदन countenance; also करावदन, करावदुष्ट, &c.

कराविक m. (-विकः) A tree.

करावित mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Afraid of, alarmed by, or at. 2. Rendered formidable. 3. Magnified. *क.* कराव and रतच् aff.

करिकवपी f. (-पी) A species of pepper, (*Piper chavya*.) *क.* करिक elephant-pepper, वपी a vine.

करिबुध m. (-कः) The frontal globe of an elephant. स. करि, and बुध the same.

करिबुध m. (-कः) A fragrant powder prepared from the flowers of the Nagesara, (*Mesua ferrea*); also करिबुधक.

करिजित n. (-सं) The roaring of elephants. स. करिन् an elephant, and जित् sounding, thundering.

करिबुध n. (-कः) An elephant's hide. स. करिन्, and बुधन् skin.

करिज m. (-जः) A young elephant. स. करि an elephant, and ज born.

करिदन्त m. (-जः) 1. An elephant's tusk. 2. Ivory. स. करिन्, and दन्त a tooth.

करिदरक m. (-कः) A lion. स. करिन् an elephant, दृ to tear or rend, क्त्वा affix; or with युच् affix करिदारक. [इति aff.]

करिन् m. (-री) An elephant. स. कर the proboscis of this animal, and रिनादिका f. (-का) A musical instrument.

करिपिप्पली f. (-ली) A plant bearing a pungent fruit, (*Pothos affinis*, Rox.) स. करि, and पिप्पली long-pepper; Elephant-pepper; considered by native writers as a large species of that condiment; also मकरपिप्पली, &c.

करिपीत m. (-तः) A young elephant, one under ten years old. स. करि, and पीत a young animal; also करिप्रावक.

करिबन्ध m. (-धः) The post to which an elephant is tied. स. करि, and बन्ध a binding.

करिप्रावक m. (-कः) A lion. स. करि, प्राव splendour, and क्त्वा to go; the lion being considered as the natural enemy and destroyer of the elephant.

करिमुख m. (-खः) A title of GANESA. स. करि, and मुख a face: this diety being represented with an elephant's head.

करियादस n. (-दः) A water-elephant, a hippopotamus. n. करि, and यादस् any aquatic animal.

करिर m. (-रः) The shoot of a bamboo: see करीर.

करिमावक m. (-कः) A young elephant under five years old; according to some, also until ten years. स. See करिपीत, मावक meaning a young animal.

करिह mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) Doing much. स. कर who does, हन् aff.

करिष्यन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Doing, (with a future sense,) about to do. स. कृ to do, ष्यन् affix of the future.

करिष्यमाच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) About to do, going to do. स. कृ to do, आच affix of the future.

करीर m. (-रः) 1. A large, or a state elephant. 2. INDRA's elephant. स. करि, and रीर chief.

करीरम् mfn. (-दान्-यसी-यः) Who does much. स. कर who does, रीरम् aff.

करीर m. (-रः-रं) The shoot of a bamboo; also करिर m. (-रः) 1. A thorny plant, described as growing in deserts, and fed upon by camels, commonly Karil, (*Capparis aphylla*, Rox.) 2. A water jar. f. (-रा or -री) 1. The root of an elephant's tusk. 2. A cricket, a small grasshopper, &c. स. कृ to injure, to throw or send, &c. and रीर aff.

करीरिका f. (-का) The root of an elephant's tusk: see करीरी.

करीष mn. (-षः-षं) Dry cowdung. स. कृ to throw, send, &c. and रीष Unadi aff.

करीषका f. (-का) A strong wind, a gale. स. करीष, कृ to disturb, ष् aff.

करीषाणि m. (-णिः) A fire of dry cowdung. स. करीष, and षाणि fire; this substance is very generally used as fuel in Hindustan.

करुण mfn. (-णः-णा) Tenderness, pity, compassion, the feeling or sentiment. adv. (-ण) Pitifully, in distress. m. (-णः) 1. Sorrow, affliction, one of the eight sentiments. 2. The name of a fruit-tree, the pamplemousse, (*Citrus decumana*). 3. A Jina or Jaina saint. स. कृ to send or cast, ण् Unadi aff.

करुणाक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Compassionate, tender-hearted. स. करुणा, प्राक self, क्त्वा added.

करुणापर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Compassionate, tender. स. करुणा, पर excellent.

करुणावली f. (-ली) Double jasmine: see करुणावली.

करुणासय mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) Gentle, compassionate. स. करुणा and सयत् aff.

करुणादं mfn. (-दं-दा-दं) Tender hearted, soft, sensitive. स. करुणा; and दाटं moist.

करुणाविप्लव m. (-वः) Grief of separation with the uncertainty of meeting again, fears occurring in absence. स. करुणा sorrow, and विप्लव separation.

करुणाविदिता f. (-ता) Charitableness, kindness. स. करुणा, विदिन् who knows, त्वा aff.

करेट m. (-टः) A finger nail. स. कर, and ट् to go, ष् aff.

करेटया f. (-या) The numidian crane.

करेटु mfn. (-टुः-टुः) The numidian crane. स. कृ for कृन् bud, or कृ water, and ट् to sound, उ aff.

करिण mfn. (-णः-णः) A male or female elephant. m. (-णः) A plant: see करिणकार. स. कृ to do, &c. ण् Unadi affix, also with a final long vowel, करिण.

करिणम् m. (-म्) The name of a Muni or saint; also पाणकाय.

करिणवर्ध m. (-वर्धः) A large or powerful elephant. स. करिण, and वर्ध excellent.

करिणसुत m. (-तः) The name of a Muni.

करिण mfn. (-णः-णः) A male or female elephant. see करिण.

करिणर m. (-रः) Benzoin or storax.

करिट mfn. (-टः-टिः or -टी) The bones of the head, the skull. स. कृ the head, ट् to oppose, to defend, &c. affixes ष् and ण् or डीष्.

करीकर m. (-रः) 1. A bundle of rags. 2. A heavy tax. स. कर, and रीकर plenty.

करीदक n. (-कः) Water held in, or poured into the hand. स. कर, and दक water.

कर्क mfn. (-कः-कं-कं) 1. White. 2. Good, excellent. m. (-कः) 1. A white horse. 2. A mirror. 3. A water jar. 4. A crab. 5. A sign of the zodiac, (Cancer) 6. A fire. 7. A long gourd. 8. Beauty. स. कृ to do, &c. क Unadi aff.

कर्कपिपिटी f. (-टी) A small cucumber. स. कर्क, and पिपिटी the same.

कर्कट m. (-टः) 1. A crab. 2. The sign of the zodiac, (Cancer). 3. A kind of bird, the numidian crane. 4. A long gourd. see कर्कटी. 5. The fibrous root of the lotus. 6. The curved end of the beam of a balance, to which the strings supporting the scale are attached. 7. A compass. 8. The radius of a circle. f. (-टी) A plant, commonly Kurkavali, (*Momordica munda*). f. (-टी) 1. A kind of enounbor, (*Cucumis utilatissimus*, Rox.) 2. The fruit of the silk cotton tree. 3. A snake. 4. A water jar. स. कर्क a Sautra root, to laugh or smile, and षट् affix, fem. affix टाप् or डीष्.

कर्कटक m. (-क) A crab. स. कर्क added to the preceding.

कर्कटयज्जिका f. (-का) A plant, commonly Kankarasringi: see the next.

कर्कटयज्जी f. (-जी) A plant, the fruit of which is compared to the claw or feelers of a crab, the horn of a goat, &c. see कर्कटयज्जी. स. कर्कट, भृङ्ग a horn, रान and डीष् affixes.

कर्कटाया f. (-या) See the preceding. स. कर्कट, and याया an appellation.

कर्कटि f. (-टिः) A sort of cucumber, (*Cucumis utilatissimus*): see कर्कट.

कर्कटु m. (-टुः) The numidian crane.

कर्कशु mfn. (-शुः-शुः) A tree, the jujube: see the next.

कर्कशु mfn. (-शुः-शुः) The jujube (*Zizyphus jujuba*). स. कर्क excellent, श् to have, and कृ Unadi affix, fem. affix ष्.

कर्कर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Hard, firm. n. (-रः) Stone, lime-stone, especially the nodule found in Bengal under the name of Kankar. m. (-रः) A mirror. f. (-री) A small water-jar. स. कर्क beauty, from कर्क to smile, र from रा to give, fem. affix डीष्.

कर्कराव m. (-वः) A wag-tail. स. कर्कर a mirror, and वाव an eye: bright-eyed.

ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A gallinule. इ. ककरोरु firm, and ककरोरु body.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A glance, a side look.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) The numidian crane : see ककरोरु.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A blind well, one of which the mouth is overgrown with grass, &c. so as to be hidden.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A curl, a ringlet.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A water-jar with a spout.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A small water jar. इ. ककरोरु to scatter, in the reiterative form, and इत् Unadi aff.  
 ककरोरु न. (-रुः) The hand curved as a claw or half moon, for the purpose of grasping any thing. इ. ककरोरु hard, firm, इत् to go, to be, affix अप्.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) The numidian crane : see ककरोरु. इ. ककरोरु hard, &c. इत् to sound, deriv. irr.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) 1. Violent. 2. Hard. 3. Intangible. 4. Cruel. 5. Unfeeling, unmerciful. 6. Harsh, unkind. 7. Miserly. म. (-रुः) 1. A plant, commonly Sunda rohani, (Crinum?) 2. A kind of cassia, (Cassia oculenta.) 3. Sugar-cane. 4. A sword, a scymitar. f. (-रुः) Wild jujube ; also ककरोरु. इ. ककरोरु to injure, विच् affix, ककरोरु with the same meaning, and ककरोरु, highly injurious. or ककरोरु a Sautra root, and इत् aff.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) 1. A plant, (Trophis aspera.) 2. A kind of gourd, (Trichosanthes dioeca.) इ. ककरोरु hard, and इत् a leaf.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A gourd (Trichosanthes dioeca.)  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) Harsh or contumelious speech. इ. ककरोरु, and वाक् speech.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) Flour of meal mixed with curds. इ. ककरोरु, and सार essence.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A pumpkin gourd, (Cucurbita pepo.) इ. ककरोरु white, इत् to go, or to be, अप् affix ; also ककरोरु.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A plant, (Convolvulus paniculatus.) इ. ककरोरु added to the preceding.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) The sign Cancer.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A kind of gem or precious stone.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) One of the principle serpents or Nagas of Patala.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) 1. A plant, (Egle marmelos :) see मातृ. 2. A Naga or serpent : see the preceding. 3. A kind of gourd, (Momordica charantia :) in this sense ; also ककरोरु. 4. Sugar-cane.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A plant, a Ghosha with yellow flowers ; see वीच.  
 ककरोरु 1st. cl. (ककरोरु) To go, to move [ककरोरु].  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A plant, (Curcuma redinata, Rox.) इ. (-रुः) Gold ; see ककरोरु.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) Zedoary, (Curcuma zerumbet :) see ककरोरु.  
 ककरोरु 1st. cl. (ककरोरु) To pain or make uneasy.  
 ककरोरु 10th. cl. (ककरोरु) To pierce or bore : with the prefix ककरोरु, ककरोरु, (सम् and ककरोरु) or ककरोरु, to hear or listen.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) 1. The ear. 2. KARNA a prince, sovereign of Angadesha, and elder brother, by the mother's side, to the Pandu princes, being the son of SURYA by KUNTI, before the marriage with PANDU. 3. The helm or rudder of a vessel. 4. (In prosody,) A spoudee, a foot of two long syllables. 5. (In geometry,) The hypotenuse of a triangle, or the diagonal of a tetragon. 6. A plant, (Cassia fistula.) 7. A kind of swallow wort, (Colotropis gigantea.) इ. ककरोरु to hear, ककरोरु affix ; or ककरोरु to do, &c. इत् Unadi aff.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) Itching of the ear. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरु itching.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) 1. An insect or worm with many feet, and of a reddish colour, (Julus cornifex.) 2. A small centipede. इ. ककरोरु the ear, and ककरोरु an insect, being supposed to attack the ear especially.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) An affection of the ear, a roaring or constant noise in it. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरु a buzzing in the ear.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) 1. Hanging on the ear, next to the ear. 2. Extending to the ear. इ. ककरोरु, and इत् what goes,

ककरोरु म. (-रुः) The wax of the ear. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरु excrement.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) Capable of being heard, perceptible to the ear. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरु perceptible.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A helmsman. इ. ककरोरु, the helm, and ककरोरु who holds.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) Having a helmsman. इ. ककरोरु and ककरोरु aff.  
 ककरोरु न. (-रुः) The outer auditory passage. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरु hole.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) An informer. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरु who whispers, also ककरोरु.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) 1. An insect, (Julus.) 2. A small centipede : see ककरोरु. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरु a leech.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A worm : see the preceding ; also ककरोरु.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A kind of insect, (Julus cornifex, &c.) 2. A small centipede ; also ककरोरु and ककरोरु.  
 ककरोरु न. (-रुः) The root of the ear. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरु affix in this sense.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A title of ARJUNA. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरु conqueror. KARNA having taken the part of the KURUS, was killed by ARJUNA in the great battle between them and the Pandus.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) The flapping of an elephant's ears. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरु tune.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) An ear-ring, an ornament of the ear. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरु a mirror.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A kind of worm : see ककरोरु. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरु a sort of drum ; making a noise in the ear like a drum.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A pilot, a helmsman. इ. ककरोरु the helm, ककरोरु to have, ककरोरु hold, and ककरोरु aff.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) Ringing in the ear. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरु sound.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A woman's ear-ring ; see ककरोरु and ककरोरु.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) Inflammation of the outer ear. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरu ripening.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) An ornament of the ear, a garland or string of jewels pendent from it. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरु to cherish.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) The capital of KARNA, the ancient name of Bhagalpur. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरu city ; also ककरोरु f. (-रुः).  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) 1. A tree, (Mimosa sirisha.) 2. The blue lotus. 3. An ear-ring. 4. The Asoka tree. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरu to make full, to complete.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) The Kadamba tree, (Nuclea kadamba.) इ. ककरोरु an ear-ring, and ककरोरu resembling, like the large round drop pendant of a Hindustani ear-ring.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A disease of the ear, suppression of the excretion or wax, which is supposed to have dissolved and pass by the nose and mouth. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरu suppression.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A sort of fish, (Ophiocephalus kurrawey.) इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरu fruit.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A sort of sheat fish, (Silurus unitus.) इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरu a sheat fish.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) The excretion or wax of the ear. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरu dirt.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) 1. An ornament of the ear. 2. An ear-ring. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरu a mirror ; reflecting its beauty.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) A name of DEVI or DURGA in one of her forms or incarnations. इ. ककरोरु the ear, ककरोरu to rub, ककरोरu and ककरोरu affixes ; this is sometimes written ककरोरु.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) The lobe of the ear. इ. ककरोरु, ककरोरu a creeping plant, ककरोरu added.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) An elevated platform. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरu a bamboo.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) 1. Having ears. 2. Long-eared. 3. Having a helm. इ. ककरोरु and ककरोरu aff.  
 ककरोरु म. (-रुः) Earless. म. (-रुः) A snake. इ. ककरोरु, and ककरोरu deprived.

उद्विग्निका f. (-कि) Ulceration of the ear. **उ. कर्ण**, and विद्रवि a sore.  
 उद्विग्न m. (-क) 1. Boaring the ears : as a religious ceremony it is performed where there are three sons, to prevent one of them from dying. 2. Piercing the ear in general. **उ. कर्ण**, and कर्ण piercing.  
 उद्विग्निका f. (-का) An instrument for perforating the ear. **उ. कर्ण**, विद्रु to pierce, कर्ण and उद्विग्न affixes, with कन् added, and the fem. termination टाप्.  
 उद्विग्निका f. (-नी) See the preceding.  
 उद्विग्निका m. (-क) An ear-ring : see the next.  
 उद्विग्निका n. (-न) An ear-ring. **उ. कर्ण**, and उद्विग्न surrounding.  
 उद्विग्निका f. (-की) The outer part of the ear, the cartilage and depressions leading to the auditory passage. **उ. कर्ण**, and उद्विग्न the hollows of the ear.  
 कर्णग्ल n. (-ग्ल) Ear-ache. **उ. कर्ण**, and ग्ल pain.  
 कर्णश्रव mfn. (-व-श्र-व) Audible, loud. **उ. कर्ण**, and श्रव hearing.  
 कर्णस्राव m. (-व) Discharge of pus from the ear. **उ. कर्ण**, and स्राव suppuration.  
 कर्णस्राव m. (-व) Discharge of ichorous matter from the ear. **उ. कर्ण**, and स्राव running.  
 कर्णश्रीटा f. (-टा) A sort of creeper. **उ. कर्ण**, and श्रीटा a boil.  
 कर्णाट m. (-ट) A country, Karnata, whence the modern Karnatic : the name however was anciently applied to the central districts of the peninsula, including Mysur. f. (-टी) 1. One of the Raginis or female personification of the musical modes, the bride of the Raga MALAVA. 2. A plant. **उ. कर्ण** the ear, a prince, &c. and चट् to go, affix चच्.  
 कर्णाज m. (-ज) A name of Yudhisht'hira, the elder brother of the five Pandu princes. **उ. कर्ण**, and अज younger born ; the younger brother of KARNA.  
 कर्णान्तिक mfn. (-क-का-कं) Near or close to the ear. **उ. कर्ण**, and अन्तिक near.  
 कर्णद f. (-द) 1. An ornament of the ear. 2. An ear-ring : see the next, and कर्णद.  
 कर्णद f. (-द) An ornament of the ear, an ear-ring, &c. **उ. कर्ण**, and चट् a chain.  
 कर्णरा f. (-रा) An instrument for perforating the ear. **उ. कर्ण** the ear, चट् to go, चच् and टाप् affs.  
 कर्णि m. (-रि) A name of ARJUNA. **उ. कर्ण**, and चरि an enemy.  
 कर्णालङ्कार m. (-र) An ear-ring, an ornament of the ear. **उ. कर्ण**, and अलङ्कार ornament ; also कर्णालङ्कार, कर्णालङ्कारि, &c.  
 कर्णाल m. (-ल) The flapping of an elephant's ear. **उ. कर्ण**, and अलाल with the same import.  
 कर्णिक mfn. (-क-का-कं) 1. Having large or long ears. 2. Having ears. 3. Having a helm. m. (-क) A steersman. f. (-का) 1. An ear-ring or ornament of the ear. 2. The pericarp of a lotus. 3. The middle finger. 4. The tip of an elephant's trunk. 5. A fruit-stalk, 6. A pen or small brush. 7. A plant. (*Premna spinosa*, &c.) see अर्णिक. **उ. कर्ण** the ear, &c. दृक् affix ; or कच् and टाप् affs.  
 कर्णिकार m. (-र) The fabulous mountain Sumeru. **उ. कर्ण** the seed vessel of a lotus, and अर्णिक a mountain, Meru being in the centre of the world, the divisions of which are delineated as the leaves of a lotus ; also other compounds, as कर्णिकारि, &c.  
 कर्णिकार m. (-र) 1. The name of a tree, commonly Kaniyar, (*Pterocarpium acorifolium*.) 2. A sort of Cassia, (*Cassia fistula*.) 3. The pericarp of a lotus. **उ. कर्ण** an ornament of the ear, चट् to go, चच् affix, also with कच् added. कर्णिकारक.  
 कर्णिकार m. (-र) An elephant. **उ. कर्ण** the tip of his trunk, and चरि aff.  
 कर्णिक mfn. (-क-का-कं) 1. Having an ear, relating to the ear, &c. 2. Long-eared, 3. Barbed, (as an arrow.) 4. Having a helm. m. (-कनी) 1.

The name of a mountain, one of the seven principal ranges of the mountains, dividing the universe. 2 The neck, the part near the ear. 3. A steersman. f. (-कनी) A disease of the uterus, prolapsus or polypus. **उ. कर्ण**, and चरि aff.  
 कर्णिक mfn. (-क-का-कं) Long-eared. **उ. कर्ण**, and चरि aff.  
 कर्णिक m. (-कनी) A covered ear, or according to some, a litter for the conveyance of woman, &c. borne on men's shoulders. **उ. कर्ण** the part near the ear, and चट् a carriage.  
 कर्णिक m. (-न) A name of KANSA the enemy of KRISHNA. **उ. कर्ण** the mother of this prince, and सुत a son.  
 कर्णिक mfn. (-व-पा-व) An informer, a tale-bearer. **उ. कर्ण** in the ear, and अच् to recite in a low voice, चच् aff.  
 कर्णिक f. (-रु) 1. A semicircular ornament of the ear. 2. An ear-ring. **उ. कर्ण**, and रु the moon, a crescent, &c. see कर्णिक.  
 कर्ण r. 10th. cl. (कर्णयति) To slacken or unloose, to remove ; also कच् and कच्.  
 कर्णन n. (-न) 1. Cutting, cutting off or in pieces. 2. Spinning cotton or thread. f. (-नी) Scissors. **उ. कर्ण** to cut, चट् aff.  
 कर्णिका f. (-का) 1. A knife. 2. A small sword or cutlass. 3. A hunter's knife or sword, a couteau de chasse. 4. A scissors. **उ. कर्ण**, and कच् added.  
 कर्णिका f. (-री) 1. A scissors or shears. 2. A knife. 3. A small sword or cutlass. **उ. कर्ण** to cut, चरच् affix, and कर्ण fem. do.  
 कर्णिक mfn. (-व-व्या-व) 1. To be done or made. 2. What ought to be done. **उ. कर्ण** to make, तच् aff.  
 कर्णिक f. (-ता) Necessity, obligation, propriety, fitness. **उ. कर्ण**, and तच् affix ; also with लच् affix कर्णिक.  
 कर्णिक mfn. (-त-ता-त) Cut, cut off. **उ. कर्ण** to cut, कच् aff.  
 कर्णिक mfn. (-व-व्या-व) Intending or wishing to cut. **उ. कर्ण** to cut, चट् affix to future participle ; also कर्णिक mfn. (-क-का-कं) with शनच् aff.  
 कर्णिक mfn. (-म-मा-म) Desirous or intending to do. **उ. कर्ण** to do, काम desire, the final of the first rejected.  
 कर्ण mfn. (-क-कनी-क) 1. An agent, a doer, a maker, one who makes or does. 2. One who practises what he knows. m. (-कनी) 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. (In grammar,) The active noun, the nominative case. **उ. कर्ण** to do, and दृक् affix ; it may also be read कर्ण.  
 कर्णिक mfn. (-क-का-कं) An agent, one who does any thing. **उ. कर्ण** added to the last.  
 कर्णिक n. (-न) Agency, action. **उ. कर्ण**, क, and लच् aff.  
 कर्णिका f. (-का) A small sword. **उ. कर्ण** to cut, कच् aff.  
 कर्णिक n. (-ल) Agency, the act or property of an agent. **उ. कर्ण**, and लच् affix ; also with तच् affix कर्णिक.  
 कर्णिक m. (-य) (In grammar,) The active voice. **उ. कर्ण** agent, and चट् to be said.  
 कर्ण r. 10th cl. (कर्णयति) To unloose, to remove. see कर्ण.  
 कर्ण f. (-क) A scissors. **उ. कर्ण** to cut, चट् and चरच् affs.  
 कर्ण r. 1st cl. (कर्णयति) To grumble, as the bowels ; to caw as a crow ; or to make any such noise.  
 कर्ण m. (-द) Mud, clay. **उ. कर्ण** to sound ill, चच् aff.  
 कर्ण m. (-ट) 1. The fibrous root of the lotus. 2. Mud, dirt. 3. Any aquatic weed, as Vallisneria, &c. **उ. कर्ण** mud, and चट् what goes.  
 कर्ण m. (-न) Grumbling of the bowels, borborygmi. **उ. कर्ण** to make such noise, and चट् aff.  
 कर्ण m. (-न) 1. Mud, mire, clay. 2. Sin. 3. A Prajapati, the son of BRAHMA by CH'HYA, and the father of Kapila ; (this personage appears to be an innovation in Hindu mythology.) f. (-नी) A plant.  
 n. (-न) Flesh. **उ. कर्ण** to sound badly, and चट् Unadi aff.  
 कर्णिक m. (-क) A receptacle for filth, a sewer, a necessary. **उ. कर्ण** filth, चट् to go, and चट् aff.

कपट m. (-ः) Old and patched or ragged garments. ३. कृप् to be able, and कट् aff.

कपटधारिन् m. (-री) A religious mendicant, a Fakir, a beggar in patched or ragged clothes, or sometimes with merely a cloth to cover the privities. ३. कपट as above, धृ to have, and धिनि affix ; also कपटिक and कपटिन्.

कपटिन् m. (-ः) See the preceding.

कपटिन् m. (-टी) See कपटधारिन्. This and the two preceding words may also be used in three genders, meaning, beggar in general, or any one in beggarly raiment.

कर् m. (-ः) 1. The skull, the cranium. 2. An iron saucepan or frying pan. 3. A kind of weapon. 4. The Glomerous fig tree : see कुबुजर. f. (-री) A collyrium extracted from the Amomum anthorhiza, Rox. ३. कृप् to be able, कर् aff.

कर्पराक्ष m. (-ः) A tree, described as a Pilu growing in the hills. ३. कर्प the skull, &c. and कृप् to adorn, कर् aff.

कर्पराक्ष m. (-ः) Sand, gravel, a sandy soil.

कर्परिकातुल्य n. (-त्वं) A collyrium extracted from the Amomum anthorhiza : see कर्पर. ३. कर्परिका for कर्परी, and तुल्य any collyrium.

कर्पास mn. (-सः) Cotton. f. (-सी) The cotton tree ; also कापासी. ३. कृ to do, &c. पास Unadi aff.

कर्पूर mn. (-ः) Camphor. ३. कृप् to be able, कर् Unadi aff.

कर्पूरक m. (-कः) Zedoary, (Curcuma zerumbet, Rox) See कर्पूरक and कर्पूरक.

कर्पूरतिलका f. (-का) One of Durga's female attendants or confidantes ; see कर्पा. ३. कर्पूर camphor, and तिलक the sectarian spot on the forehead ; having the Tilaka of camphor.

कर्पूरतैल n. (-त्वं) Camphor-liniment. ३. कर्पूर, and तैल oil.

कर्पूरमालिका f. (-का) Rice dressed with spices, camphor and ghee.

कर्पूरमणि m. (-णिः) A white mineral used medicinally. ३. कर्पूर, and मणि a gem.

कर्पूर m. (-ः) A mirror.

कर्ष r. 1st cl. (कर्षति) To go, to move or approach.

कर्ष m. (-ः) See कर्ष.

कर्षुदार m. (-ः) 1. Mountain ebony : see कौशुदार. 2. Blue barleria : see कर्षु mfn. (-ः) Variegated, of a spotted or variegated colour. f. (-री) 1. Trumpet flower, (Bignonia suave-olens.) 2. A sort of basil, (Ocimum gratissimum.) see कर्षरी. f. (-री) A name of the goddess Durga. n. (-ः) 1. Gold. 2. Water. 3. Datura, (the fruit.) m. (-ः) 1. A demon, an imp or goblin. 2. A variegated colour. 3. A plant, (Curcuma riclinata, Rox.) See कर्षरी. 4. Sin. 5. Rice growing amidst inundation. ३. कृष् to tinge or dye, कर्ष Unadi affix and र inserted, or कर्ष to go, &c. and कर्ष affix, also long कर्षर ; it is also often read with the dental र, but perhaps erroneously.

कर्षर mn. (-ः) Gold. m. (-ः) 1. A species of curcuma, (C. reclinata, Rox.) 2. Zedoary, (Curcuma zerumbet.) 3. A demon. f. (-ः) A leech. n. (-ः) Yellow orpiment. See कर्षर and कर्षरक.

कर्षक m. (-कः) Zedoary, (Curcuma zerumbet, Rox.) ३. कर्ष added to the preceding : also कर्षरक.

कर्षित mfn. (-तः) Variegated, many coloured. ३. कर्षर, and कर्ष mn. (-ः) Act, action ; see कर्ष.

कर्षकर mfn. (-ः) 1. A hired laborer. 2. A servant of any kind, (as a pupil, &c. not a slave. 3. An agent, anyone who does work or business. m. (-ः) A name of YAMA, regent of the dead. f. (-री) 1. A plant, (Aletis hyacinthoides.) See कर्षरी. 2. Bryonia grandis : see निविश. 3. A female servant or slave. ३. कर्ष work, act, and कर् who does or performs ; also कर्षकार.

कर्षकार mfn. (-ः) 1. A worker, one who does any business, an artisan, a mechanic. 2. One who performs any act. m. (-ः) 1. A

blacksmith, 'one of the progeny of the divine artist VISWAKARMA. 2. A bull. ३. कर्ष an act, कृप् to perform, affix कर्ष.

कर्षकारक mfn. (-कः) One who does any work, one who performs any act. ३. कर्ष, and कर्ष who does.

कर्षकारिन् mfn. (-री) Working, doing any work, who performs any act. ३. कर्ष, and कर्ष who does.

कर्षकार्युक्त m. (-कः) A strong bow. ३. कर्ष used to action, कार्युक्त a bow.

कर्षकीलक m. (-कः) A washerman.

कर्षकृत् mfn. (-कृत्) 1. Having done work. 2. A workman, an artisan. ३. कर्ष, and कृत् who does.

कर्षकृतम् m. (-कृतम्) The director of a religious rite, the reciter of the Mantras or formula. ३. कर्ष, and कृतम् doing.

कर्षकृत् mfn. (-कृतम्) Competent to an act. ३. कर्ष, and कृत to be patient, कर्ष aff.

कर्षकृत् f. (-कृत्) Active exertion, action. ३. कर्ष, and कृत् effort.

कर्षकृत् f. (-कृत्) The object of acts, the inducement to ritual acts, or the combination of knowledge, the thing to be known, and the person who acquires knowledge. ३. कर्ष, and कृत् impelling.

कर्षकृत् mfn. (-कृतम्) Resulting from or produced by any act, especially religious or moral, or unrighteous or immoral actions. m. (-कृतम्) The Kali-yug or fourth and present age of the world, the age of iniquity. 2. The holy fig tree, (Ficus religiosa.) ३. कर्ष, and कृत produced.

कर्षकृत् m. (-कृतम्) A predicate or property resulting from human acts as separation, reunion, &c. ३. कर्षकृत, and कृत् quality.

कर्षकृत् mfn. (-कृतम्) 1. Skilled in any work. 2. Acquainted with religious rites. ३. कर्ष, and कृत who knows.

कर्षकृत् mfn. (-कृतम्) 1. Finishing carefully. 2. Accomplishing an act. m. (-कृतम्) The director and performer of a sacrifice. ३. कर्ष and कृत aff.

कर्षकृत् m. (-कृतम्) The passive voice, (in grammar.) ३. कर्षकृत् in the act or object, and कृत to be said.

कर्षकृत् mfn. (-कृतम्) Proper to any act, suitable to or fit for it. f. (-कृतम्) Wages, hire. n. (-कृतम्) Energy, activity. ३. कर्षकृत्, and कृत aff.

कर्षकृत् mfn. (-कृतम्) Working for hire. ३. कर्षकृत् wages, and कृत eat, affix कृत् : see कर्षकृत्.

कर्षकृत m. (-कृतम्) Abandonment of worldly duties or ceremonial rites. ३. कर्ष, and कृत abandonment.

कर्षकृत n. (-कृतम्) 1. Act, action, the active discharge of the duties and functions of life. 2. Any act. ३. कर्ष, and कृत affix ; also with कृत कर्षकृत.

कर्षकृत mfn. (-कृतम्) Following wicked or degrading practice immoral, disreputable. ३. कर्ष, and कृत defiled.

कर्षकृत् m. (-कृतम्) 1. Error, blunder. 2. Sin, vice. 3. The evil consequence of human acts. 4. Discreditable conduct or business. ३. कर्ष, and कृत fault.

कर्षकृत m. (-कृतम्) 1. Loss of benefits arising from religious acts. 2. Destruction of any work. 3. Disappointment. ३. कर्ष, and कृत loss.

कर्षकृत् mn. (-कृतम्) 1. Action in general. 2. The object of an action. 3. The subject of action in grammar, considered of three kinds कर्ष or कृत when it is simple, as कृत कर्षति he goes to the village कर्ष कर्षति he sees the sun ; कर्षकृत when change of form is implied as कर्षकृत कर्षति gold forms the ear-ring ; and कर्षकृत who some new product is evolved, as कर्ष कर्षति he makes a mat ; कर्ष कर्षति she bears a son. 4. The objective noun. 5. Action specifying moral duty, the obligation imposed by peculiarities of tribe, occupation, &c. 6. Natural, active property, as maturity, of heat support, of earth ; dispersion, of wind, &c. 7. Religious action, sacrifice, ablution, &c. especially as originating in the hope of future recompense, and as opposed to speculative religion.

knowledge of spirit. 8. (In Logic) Substantial action or motion of five kinds, upwards, downwards, extension, contraction, and going in general. 9. Action or act involving retribution or reward, virtue, vice, &c. 10. Fate, the certain consequence of previous acts. इ. कर्म to do, कर्मि aff.

कर्मिन् mfn. (-इ-उ-उ) Engaged in active duties. m. (-ः) A Brahman who performs sacrifices, &c. इ. कर्म, and विद् who stays in.

कर्मिन् m. (-ः) The beggar, the religious mendicant, the member of the fourth order; see वाचन. &c. इ. कर्म work, अद् to abandon, or कर्म the name of a saint, the founder of the sect, and इति aff.

कर्मण् n. (-ः) 1. Pain, pleasure, &c. considered as the consequence or fruit of human actions. 2. The name of a fruit; see कर्मरत्न. इ. कर्म, and फल fruit.

कर्मणोद्भव m. (-ः) The occurrence of consequences. इ. कर्मफल, and उद्भव rising.

कर्मबन्ध mfn. (-ः-मा-न) Bound by acts. n. (-न) Confinement to repeated existence, as the consequence of acts. इ. कर्म, and बन्धन binding.

कर्मभूमि f. (-ः) Tilled or cultivated ground. इ. कर्म, and भू earth, ground, &c. it may also mean the same as the next word.

कर्मभूमि f. (-ः) Aryavarta or the central part of India, Bharata Varsha, the hole of India, or any similar place considered as holy land. इ. कर्म, and भूमि earth : where men perform the ceremonies of the Hindu faith.

कर्मभोजन n. (-ः) Kusa or sacrificial grass, see कुश. इ. कर्म, and मूल a root : it being used in many religious and essential Karmas or sacred rites.

कर्मयुग m. (-ः) The fourth and present age of the world, the iron age, the Kali-yug : see कलि, and above, कर्मयुग. इ. कर्म, and युग a Yuga or age.

कर्मयोग m. (-ः) 1. Performance of worldly functions or duties. 2. The same, considered as equivalent to a religious duty. 3. Active exertion, industry. इ. कर्म, and योग union or observances.

कर्मरत्न n. (-ः) A plant bearing an acid fruit, (Averrhoa carambola.) कर्मरौ f. (-ः) The manna of the bamboo.

कर्मवज्र m. (-ः) A Sudra. इ. कर्म, and वज्र the thunderbolt.

कर्मवश m. (-ः) 1. The necessary influence of acts. 2. Fate, considered as the inevitable consequence of actions done in a former life. इ. कर्म, and वश subjection.

कर्मराटी f. (-ः) A lunar day, or the 80th division of a lunar month. इ. कर्म, and राटी a road, &c. regulating all ceremonies and observances, &c.

कर्मविघ्न m. (-ः) 1. Impediment, obstruction. इ. कर्म, and विघ्न hindrance.

कर्मविधि f. (-ः) 1. Rule of action, observance, practice. 2. Mode of conducting any ceremony. इ. कर्म, and विधि precept; also कर्मविधान.

कर्मविपर्यय m. (-ः) 1. Succession of office or employment, revolving or alternating duty. 2. Contrariety or reverse of any act or business. इ. कर्म, and विपर्यय contrariety.

कर्मविपाक m. (-ः) 1. Future reward or punishment, the consequence of human acts in a subsequent birth. 2. A work on this subject, explaining expiatory rites to be performed in cases of disease, &c. supposed to be the punishment of offences in a previous existence. इ. कर्म, and विपाक maturity.

कर्मविशेष m. (-ः) Variety of act or actions. इ. कर्म, and विशेष difference.

कर्मवीर mfn. (-ः-मा-न) 1. Assiduous, laborious. 2. One who perseveres in his duties without looking forward to their reward. इ. कर्म, and वीर attached.

कर्मवृत्ति n. (-ः) Approved occupation. इ. कर्म, and वृत्ति pure, correct.

कर्मर mfn. (-ः-मा-न) Assiduous, laborious. इ. कर्म, and र dexterous, able.

कर्मशील n. (-ः) Humility. इ. कर्म, and शील purity.

कर्मसंग्रह m. (-ः) Collective acts, comprising the act, its performance, and the performer. इ. कर्म, and संग्रह assemblage.

कर्मसचिव m. (-ः) A minister, a subordinate one employed upon active duties, as a judge, a deputy, &c. इ. कर्म, and सचिव an adviser, a friend.

कर्मसमासिक m. (-ः) An ascetic, a religious person who has withdrawn from the world. इ. कर्म, and समासिक a Sannyasi or religious mendicant.

कर्मसमाधि m. (-ः) Devotion, abstraction. इ. कर्म, and समाधि abstraction.

कर्मसम्भव mfn. (-ः-मा-न) Produced by, or the consequence of acts इ. कर्म, and सम्भव born.

कर्मसाक्षिन् m. (-ः) The sun. इ. कर्म, and साक्षिन् an evidence; who beholds all deeds.

कर्मसाधन n. (-न) 1. Implement, means. 2. Articles essential to the performance of a religious act. इ. कर्म, and साधन means of effecting कर्मसिद्धि f. (-ः) Success, accomplishment. इ. कर्म, and सिद्धि completion.

कर्महेतु mfn. (-ः-मा-न) Arising from acts, caused by acts. इ. कर्म, and हेतु cause; also with कर्म added कर्महेतुक.

कर्मार्थ m. (-ः) 1. Part or progress of any act. 2. Part of a sacrificial rite. इ. कर्म, and अर्थ member.

कर्मालम्ब mfn. (-ः-मा-न) Endowed with principles of action, active acting. इ. कर्म, and आलम्ब self.

कर्मालम्ब m. (-ः) Connexion with or dependence upon acts. इ. कर्म, and अलम्ब attachment.

कर्मालम्ब mfn. (-ः-मा-न) Connected or confined by works. इ. कर्म, and अलम्ब what connects.

कर्मालम्ब mfn. (-ः-मा-न) 1. According to action or act. 2. According to function or duty. इ. कर्म, and अलम्ब according to.

कर्मालम्ब ind. Conformably to act, function, &c. इ. कर्म, and अलम्ब added to the last.

कर्मालम्ब n. (-न) Practising one's duties discharging peculiar functions. इ. कर्म, and अलम्ब following.

कर्मालम्ब m. (-ः) Consequence of or conformity to acts. इ. कर्म, and अलम्ब consequence.

कर्मालम्ब ind. According to one's deeds. इ. कर्म, and अलम्ब conformity, तसि aff.

कर्मालम्ब mfn. (-ः-मा-न) Practising duties, performing rites, &c. इ. कर्म, and अलम्ब following.

कर्माल m. (-ः) 1. Tilled or cultivated land. 2. The end or abandonment of ritual acts. 3. The end of any task or act. इ. कर्म, and अल an end or limit.

कर्माल n. (-ः) Difference or contrariety of action, re-action. 2. Penance, expiation. 3. Suspense, interval of action. इ. कर्म, and अल difference, &c.

कर्मालिक mfn. (-ः-मा-न) Final, completing. m. (-ः) A servant, one who finishes work. इ. कर्माल, and ठि aff.

कर्मालिकायक mfn. (-ः-मा-न) Enjoining, or prescribing duties or acts. इ. कर्म, and अलिकायक what shows; also कर्मालिकायिन्.

कर्माल m. (-ः) 1. A artificer, a mechanic, a blacksmith, a brazier, a carpenter, &c. 2. A bamboo. 3. An acid fruit : see कर्मरत्न. इ. कर्म, and अल to go, अल aff. [ning.]

कर्माल m. (-ः) Commencement of any act. इ. कर्म, and अलम्ब begin.

कर्माल mfn. (-ः-मा-न) 1. Fit for work, able to do any thing. 2. Suitable to any rite, &c. m. (-ः) A man. इ. कर्म, and अल fit for.

कर्माल mfn. (-ः-मा-न) 1. Busy, active, engaged in any work. 2. Belonging or relating to any act. इ. कर्म, and अल aff.

कर्माल mfn. (-ः-मा-न) Active, assiduous, diligent. इ. कर्म, and अल aff.

कर्माल mfn. (-ः-मा-न) Variegated : see कर्मालिका.

कर्माल m. (-ः) A small tree, (Trophis aspera.)



कर्मादिभ्यः. (य) An organ of action; five are reckoned, the hand, the foot, the larynx or organ of the voice, the organ of generation, and that of faeculent excretion. ३. कर्म, and इन्द्रिय an organ of sense.

कर्मादिर n. (र) Any honourable or valiant act, magnanimity, prowess. ३. कर्म, and उदार lofty.

कर्माद्यन्त mfn. (-न्तः कर्मा-न्तः) Actively labouring, busily engaged. ३. कर्म, and उद्यत् exerting. [effort.

कर्माद्यन्तः. (न्तः) Engaging, actively in any work. ३. कर्म, and उद्यत् कर्म. १st cl. (कर्मन्ति) To be proud, to boast.

कर्म m. (-न्तः) 1. Love, desire. 2. A rat. ३. कर्म to injure, and कर्म Unadi aff.

कर्माद्यन्तः m. (-न्तः) 1. The capital of a district, (of two or four hundred villages,) in a pleasant site and of handsome construction, a market town, &c. n. (-न्तः) A city. ३. कर्म to be proud, and कर्म aff.

कर्माद्यन्तः m. (र) 1. A demon or imp. 2. A tiger. f. (-न्तः) 1. A name of Durga. 2. The leaf of the asafetida plant: see कर्मन्ति ३. कर्म to injure, कर्म Unadi affix; if derived from कर्म to go, &c. this word is read कर्मन्त, but such a reading is probably inaccurate: see कर्मन्त, also कर्मन्त; it is sometimes considered as a various reading of this last, meaning, variegated.

कर्म m. (-न्तः) A weight of gold or silver, a Karsha equal to sixteen Mashas; this, according to the ancient division of five Rettis to the Masha, would make the Karsha equal to about 176 grains troy; in common use, eight Rettis are given to the Masha and the Karsha is therefore about 280 grains troy: see मास and रत्तिक. m. (-न्तः) 1. Drawing, dragging, pulling. 2. Ploughing. 3. Attracting. 4. Belerio myrobalan: see विभीतक. ३. कर्म to plough, कर्म aff.

कर्म mfn. (-न्तः कर्मा-न्तः) 1. A cultivator of the soil, one who lives by tillage. 2. What draws or drags. 3. Attractive, what attracts. ३. कर्म to plough, कर्म aff.

कर्म n. (-न्तः) 1. Ploughing, cultivating the ground. 2. Pulling, dragging. 3. Attracting. ३. कर्म to plough, कर्म aff.

कर्म f. (-न्तः) A dishonest woman. ३. कर्म, and कर्म aff.

कर्मन्ति mfn. (-न्तः कर्मा-न्तः) 1. To be drawn or pulled. 2. To be attracted, to be conciliated or won. ३. कर्म to plough, with कर्मन्ति aff.

कर्मन्त m. (-न्तः) Belerio myrobalan, (Terminalia belerica.) ३. कर्म the sama, and कर्म fruit.

कर्मन्त mfn. (-न्तः कर्मा-न्तः) 1. Dragging, pulling. 2. Attracting 3. Harassing, annoying. ३. कर्म to attract, causal form, कर्म aff.

कर्माद्यन्तः n. (-न्तः) A Tola, a weight of sixteen Mashas. ३. कर्म, and कर्माद्यन्तः appellation.

कर्माद्यन्तः mfn. (-न्तः कर्मा-न्तः) 1. Drawn. 2. Attracted. 3. Ploughed. ३. कर्म to draw, कर्म aff.

कर्माद्यन्तः mfn. (-न्तः कर्मा-न्तः) 1. What pulls or draws. 2. What ploughs or furrows. 3. Attractive, what attracts. f. (-न्तः) 1. A medicinal sort of moon-plant: see कीरिन्ति. 3. The bit of a bridle. ३. कर्म to plough, &c. कर्म aff.

कर्म m. (-न्तः) 1. A fire of dried cowdung. 2. Agriculture, cultivating, cultivation. 3. Livelihood. f. (-न्तः) 1. A river. 2. A canal. 3. A shallow trench for receiving the sacrificial fire. ३. कर्म to plough, &c. Unadi affix कर्म.

कर्म ind. When; at what time.

कर्म ind. Sometimes, occasionally, ever; न कर्मिन्तः never.

कर्म १st cl. (कर्मन्ति) To sound. 1st and 10th cls. (कर्मन्ति, कर्मन्ति) To throw or cast, to send; also 1st and 10th cls. (कर्मन्ति, कर्मन्ति) 1. To go. 2. To count or reckon: with कर्मन्ति prefixed, 1. To take, ३. To bind or tie; with कर्मन्ति. To keep in mind, to think or remember; with कर्मन्ति. To maim, to separate a part, to make defective; with कर्मन्ति. To sum up, to add.

कर्म mfn. (-न्तः कर्मा-न्तः) 1. Crude, undigested. 2. Weak. m. (-न्तः) 1. A low

or soft tone, as humming, buzzing, &c. 2. The Sal tree. 3. In poetry, time equal to four matras or instants. n. (-न्तः) 1. Semen virile. 2. The jujube, Zizyphus jujuba. f. (-न्तः) 1. A small part of anything. 2. A digit or one sixteenth of the moon's diameter. 3. A division of time, equal to thirty Kash'has or about eight seconds. 4. The 60th part of one thirtieth of a zodiacal sign, a minute of a degree. 5. Interest on a capital. 6. Any practical art, mechanical or fine, sixty-four such are enumerated, as carpentering, architecture, jewelry, sawery, acting, dancing, music, medicine, poetry, &c. 7. The menstrual discharge. 8. A boat. 9. Fraud, deceit. ३. कर्म to sound, to count, &c. कर्म affix or कर्म pleasure, and कर्म what gives, from कर्म to bring, &c.

कर्म m. (-न्तः) 1. A kind of fish: see कर्मन्ति. 2. Name of species of prose composition. ३. कर्म to count, &c. कर्म aff.

कर्म m. (-न्तः) 1. A low murmuring tone. 2. The Indian cuckoo. 3. A dove, a pigeon. 4. A goose. ३. कर्म low tone, and कर्म the throat; in whose throat it is made.

कर्म m. (-न्तः) 1. A confused noise, the murmuring or buzz of a crowd. 2. Resin, pitch, the resin of the Sal tree. ३. कर्म to sound, as above; the root reiterated.

कर्मिका f. (-न्तः) A wanton, a lascivious woman. ३. कर्म, and कर्म to count, affix कर्म.

कर्म m. (-न्तः) The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. ३. कर्म, कर्म to sound, and कर्म aff.

कर्म m. (-न्तः) 1. A spot or mark. 2. Defamation, abuse. 3. The rust of iron. ३. कर्म BRAHMA, water, &c. कर्म to deface, and कर्म aff.

कर्म mfn. (-न्तः कर्मा-न्तः) 1. Censorious, calumniating, defaming. 2. Spotting, staining. ३. कर्म, and कर्म what makes.

कर्म f. (-न्तः) A digit of the moon in shadow. ३. कर्म, and कर्म a digit.

कर्म mfn. (-न्तः कर्मा-न्तः) 1. Spotted, stained. 2. Calumniated, defamed. ३. कर्म, and कर्म aff.

कर्म m. (-न्तः) A lion. f. (-न्तः) A musical instrument: see कर्मन्ति ३. कर्म a murmuring sound, and कर्म to make a sound, affix कर्म.

कर्म mfn. (-न्तः कर्मा-न्तः) Spotted, soiled, stained. 2. Calumniated, defamed. ३. कर्म, and कर्म aff.

कर्म mfn. (-न्तः कर्मा-न्तः) 1. Soiled, stained. 2. Disgraced, reviled, 3. Rusty. ३. कर्म, and कर्म aff.

कर्म m. (-न्तः) An eddy, a whirlpool. ३. कर्म a sound, and कर्म to emit sound, कर्म affix, and the termination of the 2nd case retained.

कर्म mfn. (-न्तः कर्मा-न्तः) An animal struck with a poisoned weapon. 2. Tobacco. 3. Ten-tolas.

कर्म n. (-न्तः) The thatch of a house; other read this कर्म q. v.

कर्म f. (-न्तः) Melody, music. ३. कर्म, and कर्म affix; also with कर्म कर्म n. (-न्तः) 1. The hip and loins. 2. A wife; 3. A royal citadel, strong bold or fastness. ३. कर्म to distil, &c. कर्म affix; कर्म is substituted for कर्म, and कर्म and कर्म are interchangeable: see कर्मन्ति or कर्म weak, feeble, and कर्म from कर्म to preserve, affix कर्म.

कर्म m. (-न्तः) 1. Gold. 2. Silver: see the next. [कर्मन्ति कर्मन्ति m. (-न्तः) 1. Gold. 2. Silver. 3. A low or pleasing tone; also कर्मन्ति mfn. (-न्तः कर्मा-न्तः) 1. A streak of gold. 2. Illumination of a manuscript with gold. ३. कर्मन्ति, and कर्मन्ति writing.

कर्म m. (-न्तः) 1. The turtle dove. 2. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. 3. A peacock. 4. A low sweet tone. ३. कर्म, and कर्म a sound.

कर्म n. (-न्तः) 1. A spot, a stain. 2. An offence, fault, defect. 3. Murmuring, sounding. 4. An embryo or the first vestige of the fetus. m. (-न्तः) A sort of cane. f. (-न्तः) 1. Subjection, submission. 2. Chattering, talking. 3. Shedding, emitting. ३. कर्म to count, कर्म aff.

कर्म m. (-न्तः) A man of a mixed caste.

कर्म f. (-न्तः) Knowledge, intelligence; wisdom in general.

कलस्य म. (-सः) 1. A young elephant : see कल. 2. The Datura plant. ३. कल् to cast, कल्य affix, making कलस, and र is then changed to ल.  
कलस्य म. (-सः) 1. Rice which is sown in May and June, and ripens in December or January; a white rice growing in deep water : see कलसि. 2. A pen, a reed for writing with. 3. A thief, a rogue. ४. कल् to count, &c. and कल Unadi aff.  
कलस्य म. (-सः) 1. An arrow. 2. The stalk of a potherb. 3. The Kadamba, (Nauclea cadamba :) see कलम्. ४. (-सः) Calamba-root, (Momspermum calumba.) f. (-नी) or m. and f. (-नी) A kind of potherb, (Convolvulus repens, &c.) see कलनी. ५. कल् to delight, कल्य affix, क substituted for ल, fem. affix कली; also कलस्यक.  
कलस्यिका f. (-का) 1. A potherb : see the preceding. २. कल् added to कलनी. 2. The nape of a neck. ३. क the head, and लवि to be, to rest, कल् affix.  
कलस्युट m. (-टः) Fresh butter.  
कलम् f. (-म्) A potherb : see कलनी, the fem. affix being कल्य.  
कलस्यन् mfn. (-यन्-यनी-यन्) Computing, calculating. २. कल् to count, कल affix.  
कलस्य म. (-सः) 1. A dove, a pigeon. 2. The Indian cuckoo. 3. A low or pleasing tone, a humming, buzzing, &c. ४. कल् a low tone and र व what utters.  
कलस्य म. (-सः) The womb, the uterus; according to some, the embryo one month after conception. २. कल् to reckon, कल्य aff.  
कलस्य म. (-सः) Resin, the extract of the Sal tree.  
कलस्योद्भव m. (-वः) The Sal tree, (Shorea robusta.) २. कलस्य, and उद्भव birth.  
कलस्यि m. (-स्यः) 1. A sparrow. 2. A plant, (Echites antidysenterica :) see कलस्यिक. 3. A spot, a stain. 4. A white Chowrie. ५. कल् a low tone, chirping, &c. कल् to go, &c. कल्य affix, the deriv. is irr.; also कलस्यिक.  
कलस्य mfn. (-सः-नी-सः) An earthen water-pot; also कलस, कलसि, &c. २. क water, कल् to labour, क aff.  
कलसि f. (-सि) 1. A plant, (Hemionites cordifolia.) 2. A water jar. ३. क water, कल् to labour, &c. सि affix; also कलनी and कलसि.  
कलनी f. (-नी) 1. A plant. 2. A water-jar : see the preceding, and कलस्य.  
कलस mfn. (-सः-नी-सः) A water-jar : see कलस्य. m. (-सः) 1. A measure, a Drona : see डीय. 2. A rounded pinnacle or ball on the top of a temple. f. (-नी) A plant : see कलसि, &c.  
कलसि f. (-सि) See कलसि.  
कलसीवृत्त m. (-वृत्तः) A name of the saint AGASTYA; see वृत्तोद्भव and वगव्य.  
कलसीवृत्ति m. (-वृत्तिः) The ocean. २. कलस, and उद्दधि the same.  
कलस्यर m. (-रः) A low musical sound, २. कल्, कल् a note.  
कलस्य म. (-सः-स्यः) 1. War, battle. 2. Strife, contention. m. (-स्यः) 1. The sheath of a sword, a scabbard. 2. A road, a way. 3. Deceit, falsehood. 4. Violence without murderous weapons, abuse, beating, kicking, &c. ५. कल् a pleasing sound, and कल् what destroys, from कल् with क aff.  
कलस्य म. (-सः) 1. A drake, or according to some, a teal. 2. A gander. 3. Another bird, (Gallinula porphyria.) 4. BRAHMA or the Supreme Being. 5. An emperor. 6. A species of the Atijagati metre. ७. कल् a pleasing sound, and कल् a goose.  
कलस्यकार mfn. (-रः-नी-रः) 1. Contending with, fighting. 2. Quarrelsome, turbulent. ३. कलस्य, and कार who makes.  
कलस्यकारिन् mfn. (-नी-रि-नी-रि) Assailing, contending or fighting with. 2. Quarrelsome, fractious, turbulent. ३. कलस्य, and कारिन् who makes.  
कलस्यनाशन m. (-नः) Febrifugo nut-plant.  
कलस्यदिय mfn. (-यः-नी-यः) Quarrelsome. m. (-यः) NARADA. f. (-या) The Maina, a bird. ३. कल्, and दिय of.

कलस्यकारिणि f. (-नी) An appeased wife, one who has been angry and is sorry for it. २. कलस्य strife, कलसि covered, &c. fem. affix टाप्.  
कलस्यकारिन् mfn. (-रः-नी-रः) Taken by force. ३. कलस्य, and कलस्य taken away.  
कलस्युत्त n. (-वः) Poison.  
कलस्यकारिन् mfn. (-रः-नी-रः) Skilled in the elegant arts; singing, dancing, &c. २. कलस्य, and कलस्य clever.  
कलस्येति mfn. (-सिः-लः-लः) Gay, frolicsome, wanton. m. (-सिः) A name of KAMA or love. २. कलस्य deceit, and कलसि who sports.  
कलस्युत्त m. (-रः) 1. A crane. 2. A name of KANSA.  
कलस्यिका f. (-का) The fore arm, the arm below the elbow; also कलस्यी.  
कलस्यी f. (-नी) See the preceding.  
कलस्य m. (-सः) A gold-smith : see कलस्य. २. कलस्य an art, and दा to give, क aff.  
कलस्यिणि m. (-सिः) The moon. २. कलस्य a digit, कलसि a treasure; containing many digits.  
कलस्युत्तदिन् m. (-दी) 1. A bee, but particularly one of a very large kind. 2. A sparrow. 3. The Chataka, a bird so called. ४. कल् a buzz, &c. कलस्य to sound, कलसि aff.  
कलस्यर m. (-रः) Interest, profit. २. कलस्य a part, कलस्य over  
कलस्य m. (-सः) 1. An ornament in general. 2. A zone, a string of bells worn by women round the waist. 3. A peacock's tail. 4. Asemblage, multitude. 5. A quiver. 6. The moon. 7. A clever and intelligent man. 8. The name of a grammar of the Sanskrit language, ascribed to the god KARTIKEYA. 9. A village where the destroyer KALAI is to be born. 10. A poem written in one metre. २. कलस्य an art, a division of time, &c. कलस्य to obtain, and कल् aff.  
कलस्यक m. (-कः) A rope on an elephant's neck. n. (-कः) 1. A number of verses in one metre. 2. A series of four stanzas on one subject. 3. A loan to be repaid when the peacocks spread their tails. ५. कलस्य, and कल् aff.  
कलस्यिन् m. (-नी) 1. A peacock. 2. The Indian cuckoo. 3. Waved leaf fig tree. 4. The author of the Kalapa grammar. f. (-नी) 1. The moon. 2. A species of cyperus. ३. कलस्य a peacock's tail, &c. इति aff.  
कलस्यपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) The moon. २. कलस्य a digit, and पुष्प filled, complete.  
कलस्यमन् m. (-मन्) 1. The moon. 2. An artist, a mechanic, &c. ३. कलस्य a digit, &c. and मन् who cherishes.  
कलस्यक m. (-कः) A kind of rice ripening in the cold season : see कलस्य.  
कलस्यि f. (-सि) Lending, a loan : see the next. [affix  
कलस्यिका f. (-का) Lending, a loan. २. कलस्य a part, and कल् to go, कल्  
कलस्य m. (-सः) The name of various leguminous seeds, chiefly of the order Placodus, particular kinds of pulses or vetches. ३. कल् wind, ला to bring or give, and कल् aff.  
कलस्यस्य m. (-स्यः) One who trembles and totters as he walks. २. कलस्य, and स्य a wagtail.  
कलस्यन् m. (-नः) A tumbler, a dancer, but especially one who dances or walks on a sharp edge, as the edge of a sword. &c. ३. कलस्य a part, and स्यन् going.  
कलस्यान् m. (-यः) A bee, &c. ३. कल् buzz, and कलस्य speech.  
कलस्यन् m. (-यन्) A name of Chandra or the moon. f. (-नी) 1. A celestial lute or Vina. 2. The mother of RADHA. 3. An Apsara. 4. A mystical ceremony, initiation of the Tantrika student, in which the goddess Durga is supposed to be transferred from the water jar to the body of the novice. ५. कलस्य a digit, or कलस्य a sweet tone, and कल् aff.  
कलस्यिक m. (-कः) A cock.  
कलस्यिक m. (-कः) A sparrow : see कलस्यि.  
कलस्यक m. (-कः) A musical instrument; also कलस्य.  
कलस्य m. (-सि) 1. The fourth age of the world, according to the Hindus, the iron age, or that of vice : the commencement of the

Kali-yug or age, is placed 8,101 years anterior to the Cristian era, so that in A D 1896, the Kali year is 4,997, the number of its years is 132,000, at the expiration of which, the world is to be destroyed. 2. The age personified. 3. War, battle. 4. Strife, disunion. 5. An arrow. 6. Beleric myrobalan. f. (-लि: or -ली) An unblown flower: see कलिका. ३. कल् to count or reckon, इन् Unadi aff.

कलिक m. (-क) A curlew.

कलिका f. (-का) 1. An unblown flower. 2. The bottom or peg of a lute. ३. कल् to count, इन् affix कलि, and with क्लीप्, कली as above; again, कन् pleonastic affix, and टाप् fem. do.

कलिकापूर्व n. (-व्) Acts leading to future consequences, not connected with those of a previous birth. ३. कलिका a bud, अपूर्व not preceding.

कलिकार m. (-र) 1. A plant bearing a nut, which is used as a febrifuge. (Grey bonduc.) see पुतिकरच. 2. The fork-tailed shrike. 3. Another bird, a small one with a yellow head, (Ioxia philippensis.) 4. A name of NARADA. f. (-री) A poisonous plant: see लाङ्गली ३ कलि strife, &c. कृच् to make, affix चच्; also with कन् added कलि-कारक.

कलिकारक m. (-क) 1. Grey bonduc; also कलिमारक. 2. The name of NARADA a divine sage, and great mischief maker: see कलिकार.

कलिङ्ग m. (-ङ्) 1. The febrifuge nut-plant, (Caesalpinia bunducella.) 2. The fork-tailed shrike, (Lanius forficatus, Lath) 3. The name of a country; the name of Kalinga is applied in the Puranas to several places, but it especially signifies a district on the Coromandel coast, extending from below cuttack to the vicinity of Madras, (in this sense, like some other names of countries, it is usually confined to the plural number (ङ्गा) confounding the place with the people inhabiting it. nf. (-ङ्-ङ्गा) A medicinal seed, that of Echites antidysenterica. f. (-ङ्गा) 1. A woman of a good shape. 2. A plant, commonly Teori, (Convolvulus turpethum:) see विहङ्. ३. कलि strife, &c. ग from गम् to go, खच् aff.

कलिङ्गक m. (-क) The seed of the Coraiya, (Echites antidysenterica:) see इन्दुवच.

कलिस m. (-ज) A mat, a screen of grass, a tati, &c.

कलित mfn. (-त: ता त) 1. Gained, acquired. 2. Known, understood. 3. Numbered, reckoned. 4. Separated, divided. 5. Made, done. 6. Held, laid hold of. 7. Sounded indistinctly, buzzed, murmured, &c. ३. कल् to count, &c. affix क्.

कलिद्रुम m. (-रु:) Beleric myrobalan, (Terminalia belerica,) also कलि the tree of strife; being supposed to be favourite haunt of imps or goblins.

कलिद्रुम m. (-रु:) 1. The sun. 2. A mountain. 3. Beleric myrobalan. ३. कलि strife, दा to give, खच् aff.

कलिद्रुम्या f. (-या) The Yamuna. ३. कलिद्रु the sun or a mountain, कन्या daughter.

कलिद्रुमिनी f. (-नी) The Yamuna or Jumna river ३. कलिद्रु the name of a mountain, part of the Himalaya range, and नन्दिनी a daughter; the source of the river being in the mountain Kalinda.

कलिद्रुमज्जाता f. (-ता) The Yamuna river: see the preceding. ३. कलिद्रु-मैल the mountain, and जाता born; also कलिद्रु, कलिन्दी, &c.

कलिप्रिय mfn. (-य: या-य) Quarrelsome, mischievous, mischief making. m. (-य:) 1. A monkey, an ape. 2. NARADA. ३. कलि strife, and प्रिय fond of.

कलिमारक m. (-क) A plant, (Bouducella:) see पुतिकरच. ३. कलि strife, क् to destroy or remove, affix चच् and कन्; some copies read कलिकारक.

कलियुग n. (-ग) The Kali, the present or iron age: see कलि. ३. कलि, and युग an age.

कलिल mfn. (-ल: ला-ल) 1. Impervious, impenetrable. 2. Mixed, blended. ३. कल् to count, &c. इलच् Unadi aff.

कलिरुच m. (-रु:) Beleric myrobalan.

कल्ल म. (-ल:) A musical instrument; a cymbal. f. (-ल) 1. A tavern. 2. A meteor.

कल्लु मfn. (-ल: ला-ल) 1. Turbid, foul, muddy. 2. Wicked, bad. mf. (-ल: ली) A buffalo. n. (-ल) 1. Sin. 2. Wrath. ३. कल् to go, &c. उलच् Unadi aff.

कल्लुल n. (-ल) 1. Foulness, turbidness. 2. Opacity. 3. Agitation, trouble, anger. ३. कल्लु foul, &c. ल् affix; also with लच् कल्लुल.

कल्लुयोजि mfn. (-जि: जि-जि) Of impure origin. ३. कल्लु, and योजि womb.

कल्लुवित mfn. (-त: ता-त) 1. Defiled, contaminated. 2. Foul, impure. ३. Wicked. ३. कल्लु, and वितच् aff.

कल्लुवित् mfn. (-वी-वि-वि) 1. Foul, impure. 2. Depraved, wicked. 3. Defiled. ३. कल्लु, and वित् aff.

कलेवर n. (-र) The body. ३. कल semen, and वर best; formed from the seminal fluid; the termination of the ablative is retained.

कलीताल mfn. (-ल: ला-ल) High sharp. ३. कल, and उताल loud, high sounding.

कल्क mfn. (-ल्क: -ल्का-ल्क) Sinful, wicked. mn. (-ल्क: -ल्क) 1. Sediment, the deposit of oil, ghee, &c. 2. Dirt, filth. 3. Ordure, feces. 4. Sin. 5. Hypocrisy. 6. Pride. 7. The beleric myrobalan. 8. The wax of the ear. 9. Levigated powder. ३. कल् to count, &c. क् Unadi aff.

कल्कफल m. (-फ) The pomegranate plant.

कल्कि m. (-कि:) A name of VISHNU, in his future capacity of destroyer of the world, the tenth and last Avatara of descent of the deity, in the four ages of Kalpa. ३. कल् to count, कि aff.

कल्किन् mfn. (-ल्की-ल्किनी-ल्कि) 1. Foul, turbid, having sediment. 2. Dirty. 3. Wicked. m. (-ल्की) The last descent of VISHNU: see the preceding. ३. कल्क, and इति aff.

कल्म mfn. (-ल्म: -ल्मा-ल्म) In composition; Like, but with a degree of inferiority. m. (-ल्म:) 1. A Sastra or sacred work; one of the six Vedangas, and comprehending the description of religious rites. 2. A day and night of BRAHMA, a period of 4,320,000 Solar sydereal-years or years of mortals, measuring the duration of the world, and as many, the interval of its annihilation. 3. A destruction of the world. 4. A sacred precept, practice prescribed by the Vedas for effecting certain consequences. 5. Propriety, fitness. 6. Optionality, alternative, doubt. 7. Resolve, purpose, any act of determination. 8. One of the trees of INDRA's paradise of Swarga. ३. कल्प् to be able, च affix, च् is changed to कल्.

कल्मक m. (-क) A barber. ३. कल्प् to cut, कुच् aff.

कल्मस्य m. (-य:) The destruction of all things, the end of the world. ३. कल्म, and स्य destruction.

कल्मद्रुम m. (-रु:) A fabulous tree, one granting every thing desired. ३. कल्म purpose, and रुद्र a tree; also कल्मद्रु, कल्महच, &c.

कल्मन n. (-न) 1. Cutting 2. Making, manufacturing. 3. Making as a poem or tale, inventing, composing. nf. (-न-ना) 1. Inference. 2. Invention, fabrication. 3. Comparing or decorating an elephant. f. (-नी) A scissors or shears. ३. कल्प् to be able, &c. क् or कुट् affix, and consequently टाप् or क्लीप् fem. do.

कल्मनोय mfn. (-य: या-य) 1. To be made or contrived. 2. To be substituted or supplied. ३. कल्प् to be able, क्लीप् affix; also कल्मा and कल्मितच्.

कल्मवायु m. (-यु:) The wind that is to blow at the end of all things. ३. कल्म, and वायु wind.

कल्महच m. (-च:) One of the fabulous trees of INDRA's heaven; a tree which yields whatever may be desired. ३. कल्म purpose, and हच a tree.

कल्पादि m. (-दिः) The beginning of a Kalpa, the renovation of all things. ३. कल्प, and कल्पि beginning.

कल्पास m. (-सः) The destruction of the world, the end of the Kalpa, or four ages of its existence. ३. कल्प the period, and कल्प the end.

कल्पान्मवाविष् mfn. (-वी-विषी-वि) Lasting, permanent. ३. कल्पान्, and मवाविष् what stays.

कल्पित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Made, fabricated, artificial. 2. Composed, invented. 3. Arranged, put in order. 4. Prepared at once, put together extempore. 5. Brought, conducted. 6. Inferred. m. (-तः) An elephant armed or caparisoned for war. ३. कल्प् to be able, &c. क aff.

कल्पितार्थ mfn. (-र्थः-र्था-र्थे) One for whom or what a respectful offering is prepared. ३. कल्पित made, and कर्ष an offering.

कल्पा mfn. (-त्वा-त्वा-त्वा) 1. To be made or contrived. 2. To be substituted. ३. कल्प् to be able, यत् aff.

कलष mfn. (-षः-षा-ष) Dirty, foul. m. (-षः) A kind of hell, a division of the infernal regions. n. (-ष) 1. Sin. 2. The hand bellow the wrist. ३. कर्ष virtuous or pious action, क्षी to destroy, and क affix; the form is irr.

कलाव mfn. (-वा-वा or -वी-व) Of a mixed or variegated colour. m. (-वः) 1. A variegated colour. 2. A mixture of black and white. 3. Black. 4. A demon or goblin. f. (-वी) The spotted cow of Jamadagni, the giver of all desires. ३. कल्प् to go, &c. क्लिप् affix, कल्, लप् to injure, चष् affix काल; what injures or triumphs over other colours.

कलावकण्ठ m. (-ण्ठः) A name of SIVA. ३. कलाव black, and कण्ठ throat; fo m irr.

कलावपाद m. (-पदः) The name of a king. also SAUNDARYA; transformed to a Rakesha by VASISHTHA. ३. कलाव, and पाद a foot.

कल्प mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) 1. Ready, prepared, armed. 2. Healthy, free from sickness. 3. Clever, dexterous. 4. Deaf and dumb. 5. Auspicious, (speech or discourse.) 6. Counselling, monitory. 7. Sound, perfect, free from mental or bodily imperfections. n. (-जः) 1. The dawn or break of day. 2. Yesterday. 3. Tomorrow. nf. (-जं-जा) 1. Spirituous liquor. 2. Congratulation, good wishes, annunciation of good tidings. f. (-जा) Emblic myrobalan: see इरीतकी. ३. कल्प् to count, &c. क् aff.

कल्पमयि f. (-यिः) The morning meal, breakfast ३. कल्प dawn, and मयि eating.

कल्पन n. (-नः) 1. Health. 2. Recovery, convalescence. ३. कल्प being well, and न affix of the abstract; also कल्पता with कल् aff.

कलापाल m. (-पः) A distiller. ३. कल्प vinous liquor, and पाल who nourishes; also with कल् added, कल्पपालक.

कल्पवर्त m. (-वर्तः) Breakfast. ३. कल्प, and वर्त, from हृत् to be or abide, affix कल्.

कल्याण mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Happy, well, right, prosperous, lucky. f. (-यी) 1. A cow. 2. A leguminous shrub, (Glycine debilis.) n. (-यः) 1. Good fortune, happiness, prosperity. 2. Gold. ३. कल्प healthy, &c. च to be, to sound, चष् aff.

कलावधर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Propitious, auspicious, conferring good fortune, &c. ३. कलाव, and धर what makes.

कलावर्जन् mfn. (-जन्) 1. Virtuous, good. 2. Propitious, lucky. ३. कलाव, and जन् who does.

कलावधर mfn. (-रः-री-र) 1. Following virtuous courses. 2. Lucky. fortunate. ३. कलाव, धर to go, चष् aff.

कलावधर्मन् mfn. (-र्मन्-र्मन्-र्मन्) Good, virtuous. ३. कलाव, धर्म duty, चनिष् aff.

कलावधर्मलोक m. (-लः) A fortnight which has the fifth lunation lucky. ३. कलाव, धर्म the fifth, and ल added.

कलावधर्मन n. (-नः) Friendly speech, good wishes. ३. कलाव, and धर्मन speech.

कलावधीज m. (-जः) A sort of pulse, (Ervum hirsutum.) ३. कलाव, and धीज seed.

कलावधार mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Virtuous, following good practices. ३. कलाव, and धार rule.

कलाविका f. (-का) Red arsenic ३. कलावी, and क् aff.

कलाविन् mfn. (-वी-विषी-वि) 1. Happy, lucky, prosperous. 2. Auspicious, propitious. ३. कलाव, and वि aff.

कलापाल m. (-पः) A distiller. ३. कला spirituous liquor, and पाल who preserves.

कल्पन n. (-नः) The wrist.

कल r. 1st ol. (कलने) 1. To sound ill or indistinctly. 2. To sound. 3. To be mute.

कल mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Deaf. ३. कल to sound indistinctly, affix चष्.

कलन n. (-नः) 1. Indistinct articulation, hoarseness. 2. Deafness. ३. कल to sound indistinctly, and न affix, also with कल् affix कलता.

कलि ind. To-morrow.

कलील mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) An enemy, hostile, inimical. m. (-लः) 1. A surge, a billow. 2. Joy, happiness, pleasure. ३. कल to sound, कलिच् aff.

कल (कल) वर r. 1st ol. (कलने) 1. To describe, (as a poet) 2. To paint, to picture, also कल

कलक m. (-कः) 1. A mouthful. 2. A fungus, a mushroom, &c. ३. क् to sound, चक aff.

कलच mn. (-चः-च) 1. Armour, mail. 2. A drum used in battle, a kettle drum. 3. An amulet, a charm. 4. A tree, (Hibiscus populneoides) see मङ्गभाष्क. 3. The mystical syllable Hum, forming part of a Mantra, and considered as a preservative like armour, it is also inscribed on a Birch leaf, &c. and worn as an amulet; being carried about the person as a charm: see the next. ३. क् to sound, चल् Unadi aff.

कलचपत्र n. (-त्रः) The Birch tree, commonly Bhojpatra: see मङ्गपत्र. ३. कलच an amulet, and पत्र a leaf: see the last.

कलचहर mfn. (-रः-रा-री-र) Wearing armour or amulets. m. (-रः) A boy, a child. ३. कलच, and हृत् to take, चष् or ट aff.

कलटी f. (-टी) A door: see कलट.

कलयी f. (-यी) A kind of flat fish, commonly Kavya or Kay: remarkable for going by land from one spot to another, (Causcolobus, Ham)

कलर sub. mfn. (-रः-रा-र) A broad or fillet of hair. mfn. (-रः-री-र) 1. Mixed, intermingled, blended. 2. Set, mixed. m. (-रः) 1. Salt. 2. Sourness or acidity. f. (-रा or -री) A plant, (Manos octandria.) f. (-री) The leaf of the asafetida plant, Hingupat ३. क the head, &c. हृत् to screen, चष् affix, fem. do. टाप् or डीच्.

कलरी f. (-री) A captive, a prisoner: see कलरी.

कलरीभार m. (-रः) A fine head of hair. ३. कलरी and भार a load; also कलरीभर

कलरीभृत् mfn. (-भृत्) Wearing a fillet of hair. ३. कलरी and भृत् who has

कलस m. (-सः) 1. A mouthful. 2. A kind of fish, commonly Bahya. 3. An astringent wash for cleaning the mouth, a gargle. ३. क the head, water, &c. and सल् to be strong, चष् aff.

कलविका f. (-का) A piece of cloth over a sore, a bandage.

कलवित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Eaten ३. कलस nominal verb, to eat, and क aff.

कलस m. (-सः) Armour, mail. ३. क् to sound, and सल् Unadi affix; also कलच.

कलट amb. mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) A door, the leaf or panel of the door. ३. क wind, air, वट् to exclude, and चष् affix; also कलट.

कलटवृक्ष n. (-वृक्षः) A plant, commonly Kapata ventu.

कलार m. (-रः) 1. A lotus. 2. A bird, (Tantalus falcinellus, BUCH) ३. क water, धर to prefer, चष् aff.

कवि mfn. (-विः-विः or -वी-वि) Learned, wise. m. (-विः) 1. A poet. 2. The sun. 3. SUREA, the regent of the planet Venus, and preceptor of

the demons. 4. A name of VALMIKI, the author of the Ramayana, the inventor of poetry. 5. A name of BRAHMA. f. (-विः-की) The bit of a bridle, or the reins altogether; also कविता. ३. कृ to sound, to celebrate, and इन् Unadi aff.

कविक mf. (-कः-का) The bit of a bridle, or the reins altogether. f. (-का) A sort of fish, the Kay. ३. कन् added to the preceding.

कविज्येष्ठ m. (-ज्येः) A name of VALMIKI, author of the Ramayana. ३. कवि a poet, and ज्येष्ठ elder or superior.

कविता f. (-ता) 1. Poetry, poetical style or composition. २. A poem. ३. कवि, and तन् affix; also with ल् affix, कवित्.

कवितावेदिन् mfn. (-दी-विनी-वि) Wise, learned, a genius, a poet. ३. कविता poetry, &c. वेदिन् who understands.

कवित्र mfn. (-यः-व) The bit of a bridle, or the reins. ३. कृ to sound, affix वः see कवि and कविक.

कविरामायण m. (-वः) A name of VALMIKI. ३. कवि a poet, &c. and रामायण the epic poem so called; the poet of the Ramayana.

कविशक्तिः f. (-का) A musical instrument, a kind of lute.

कविश्रीति m. (-क्तिः) The poet VALMIKI.

कवीय n. (-य) The bit of a bridle, or the reins. ३. कृ to sound, क् affix; also कविय.

कवेज् n. (-ज) A lotus. ३. क water, विज् to send, &c. वज् aff.

कवीज् mfn. (-जः-का-ज) Slightly warm, tepid. n. (-ज) A slight warmth. ३. क indifferent, and उज् warm.

कव्य n. (-ज्य) An oblation or offering of food to deceased ancestors. ३. कृ to sound or praise, यन् aff.

कव्यदान m. (-नः) A class of the manes or deified ancestors. ३. कव्य an offering to the manes, वा occasionally, and दा who receives.

कव्यवाहन m. (-नः) Fire ३. कव्य, and वाहन vehicle; also कव्यवाह.

कश् r. 1st cl. (कश्ति-रि) To kill, to hurt.

कशा f. (-शा) 1. A whip. 2. Whipping, flogging. ३. कृ to hurt, कच् and टाप् affixes; also कश्.

कशावय n. (-य) Three modes of whipping (a horse,) good, bad, and middling. ३. कशा, and वय three-fold.

कशाई mfn. (-ईः-का-ई) Deserving a whipping. ३. कशा a whip, and ई to be fit or proper.

कशिपु m. (-पु) 1. Food. 2. Clothing. du. m. (-पु) Food and clothing. ३. कश् to injure, to remove, (pain, hunger, &c.) पु affix, the form is irr.

कशेरु mn. (-रुः) The back bone. f. (-रुः) A kind of grass, (Scirpus kysoor.) m. (-रुः) One of the nine divisions of Jambu Dwipa. ३. क sound, रु to harm, क् or उ Unadi affix, and एरु substituted for the radical vowel.

कशेरुक् f. (-का) The back bone. u. (-क) A sort grass, (Scirpus kysoor.) ३. कन् added to the preceding.

कशेरुक् n. (-रुः) A grass, (Scirpus kysoor :) see कशेरु.

कश्च ind. Some body, a certain person; the first member of compound is declinable, as कश्चन, कश्चन, &c.

कश्चित् ind. Some body, some one, a certain one; the first member of the compound is declinable, as कश्चित्, कश्चित्, &c.

कशाल mfn. (-शः-का-ल) Foul, dirty. m. (-कः) 1. Painting, syncope. 2. Sin. ३. कश् to go, कशाल् aff.

कश्मीर m. (-रः) The name of a country, Kashmir. ३. कश् to go, ईरन् Unadi affix, and रुद् inserted; see कश्मीर.

कश्मीरजम्बु m. (-जम्बु) Saffron; see कश्मीरजम्बु.

कश्म mfn. (-शः-का-म्बु) Deserving a whipping. n. (-म्बु) 1. Spirituous liquor 2. A horse's flank. ३. कश् to beat, वन् aff.

कश्यप m. (-पु) 1. The name of a Muni or deified sage, the son of MARICHI, and father of the gods, demons, animals, fishes, reptiles, &c. by the seventeen daughters of DAKṢA. 2. A kind of deer. ३. A sort of fish.

कश्यपवन्द्य m. (-वः) A name of GURUDA the bird of VISHNU. ३. कश्यप, and वन्द्य a son, the son of KASYAPA.

कश् r. 1st cl. (कश्ति) 10th cl. (कश्ति) 1. To injure, to hurt, to destroy, to kill. २. To try, to test: with लि, to try metals.

कश् m. (-का) The touchstone. f. (-का) A whip; also कशा. ३. कश् to hurt, to test or try, कच् and टाप् affix.

कश्च mfn. (-चः-का-च) Unripe, immature. u. (-च) 1. Touch or test of gold by the touchstone. 2. Rubbing, marking. ३. कश् to hurt, affix वच्.

कश्चापात्त m. (-चः) A touchstone. ३. कश्, and चापात्त a stone.

कशक m. (-क) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. ३. कश् to injure, कश्क Unadi aff.

कशापात्त m. (-तः) A cut, a stroke with a whip. ३. कशा, and चापात्त a blow.

कषाय mfn. (-यः-का-य) 1. Astringent. 2. Fragrant. ३. Red, dull red. 4. Brown, of a colour composed of red and yellow. mn. (-यः-य) 1. An astringent flavour or taste. 2. A decoction or infusion. 3. Gum, resin, extract, exudation from a tree, &c. 4. Plastering, anointing. 5. Colouring or perfuming the person. 6. Attachment to worldly objects. m. (-यः) 1. A plant, (Bignonia Indica.) 2. Passion, emotion. f. (-या) A plant, a small sort of Hedysarum. ३. कश् to injure, चाय aff.

कषायकृत् m. (-कृत्) Red Lodh, a tree the bark of which is used in dyeing. ३. कषाय red, कृत् what makes.

कषायचित्त mfn. (-चः-का-च) Dyed or stained of a dull red colour. ३. कषाय, and चित्त painted.

कषायान्वित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Astringent, harsh. ३. कषाय, and चित्त having. कषायित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Prepared for dyeing or colouring. ३. कषाय nominal verb, to astringe, and त् aff.

कषायिन् mfn. (-यी-विनी-यि) 1. Yielding a resinous exudation. 2. Astringent. 3. Dyed of a red colour. 4. Worldly minded, m. (-यी) The Sal tree. ३. कषाय, and इन् aff.

कश्च mfn. (-चः-का-च) luxurious, mischievous. ३. कश् to hurt, and चच् aff.

कश्चिक् f. (-क्) A bird in general. ३. कश् to hurt, and इक् Unadi aff.

कश्चित् mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Hurt, injured. ३. कश् to hurt, त् aff.

कशेरुका f. (-का) The back-bone, the spine: see कशेरुका.

कष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-का-ष्ट) 1. Pained, suffering pain. 2. Impervious, impenetrable. n. (-ष्ट) Bodily pain or uneasiness. ind. (-ष्ट) An exclamation of regret or sorrow, ah, alas! ३. कश् to hurt, participial affix क्.

कष्टकर mfn. (-रः-दी-र) Giving pain or trouble. ३. कष्ट, and कर what makes.

कष्टकारक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Causing trouble or annoyance. m. (-कः) The world. ३. कष्ट pain, and कारक the maker, the cause.

कष्टयित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Suffering pain or misfortune, under-going hardships, performing penance. ३. कष्ट, and यित subjected.

कष्टस्थान n. (-न) A bad or disagreeable place or site. ३. कष्ट, and स्थान place, situation.

कष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) 1. Test, trial. 2. Pain, trouble. ३. कश् to hurt, षिन् aff.

कश् r. 1st cl. (कश्ति) To move, to go or approach; with वि prefixed to open or expand as a flower, to blow. (य) कश्चि r. 2nd cl. (कश्चि) 1. To go. 2. To command. 3. To destroy; the root is also read by some authorities, कश् (कश्) or कश्चि (कश्चि).

कश्च m. (-चः) A touchstone; see कश्. f. (-का) A whip; see कशा and कषा.

कश्चीपाटन m. (-चः) A plant, (Justicia, &c.) see कश्चि.

कश्चिपु m. (-पुः) Food, boiled rice; see कश्चिपु.

कशेरु m. (-रुः) A sort of grass; see कशेरु, &c.

कशेरुका f. (-का) 1. A sort of grass. 2. The back bone; see कशेरुका.

कश्मीर n. (-रः) Tin. ३. कश् to go, deriv. irr.

कश्चिका f. (-का) Muck; also कश्चि and कश्चिका.

ककुनसिद्धि f. (-का) The musk-bag.

ककुनिका f. (-का) See ककुनी.

ककुनिकाञ्चन m. (-का) Musk.

ककुनी f. (-नी) 1. Musk, the animal perfume so called, as brought from Kishmir, Nepal, and western Asam or Bhutan, the latter is said to be the best. 2. A plant, (Hibiscus abelmoschus.) 3. Another plant, (Amaryllis zeylanica.) ४. कच् to go, and कच् affix; its scent going or spreading; the deriv. is irr.; also कच् being added ककुनिका and ककुनिका as above.

ककुन n. (-न) 1. Fainting, syncope. 2. Sin; see ककुन.

ककर mfn. (-र-री-र) Who or what goes or moves. ४. कच् to go, कच् aff.

कङ्करी n. (-र) The white esculent water-lily, (Nymphaea lotus.) ४. क water, कङ्करी a necklace or ornament, and कङ्करी irregularly inserted.

कङ्क m. (-ङ्क) A kind of crane, (Ardea nivea.) ४. क water, कङ्क to call, &c. &c. aff.

कालीय n. (-य) White copper; see the next.

काल m. (-काल) A goblet, a drinking vessel. ४. (-क) 1. White copper or brass, queen's metal, any amalgam zinc and copper. 2. A musical instrument, a sort of gong or plate of bell-metal struck with a stick or rod. 3. A measure: see काल, &c. ४. कालि to injure, कालि aff.

कालिक n. (-क) See the preceding.

कालिका m. (-का) A brazier, a pewterer, a worker in white or bell-metal. ४. काल, and काल a workman.

कालीक m. (-क) Blue vitriol considered as a collyrium. ४. काल bell-metal, and काल blue or black; also written occasionally कालीक.

काक m. (-क) 1. A crow. 2. A plant, (Ardisia solanacea?) 3. A lame man, a cripple, one whose legs are wanting or useless. 4. One of the divisions of the world or Dwipas. 5. A measure. 6. Washing the head, bathing by dipping the head only into the water. 7. A sectarian mark, the Tilaka? 8. Shameless, arrogant. n. (-क) 1. Modus coeundi. 2. A multitude or assemblage of crows. f. (-का) An appellation of several plants, as, 1. The common Vakapushpa: see वक; 2. Kakjhang, (Leea hirta); also in this sense काकी; 3. A medicinal plant, vulg. Kakoli; 4. The Rotti or Gunja, (Abrus precatorius); 5. Opposite-leaved fig-tree: see ककुन; 6. A potherb, (Solanum Indicum, &c.) see काकनाली. ४. कौ to sound, Unadi affix कच्; or क for क had, ill, and कच् to go, &c.

काकक f. (-क) A kind of panic, (P. miliaceum.) ४. काक, and कच् another species of the same grass; the Kengu of the crows.

काकक f. (-का) A plant, (Leea hirta): see काकनाली.

काकको f. (-को) A tree, said to be a large kind of Karanja, (Galedupa arborea.) ४. काक, and को what kills.

काकविषा f. (-का) The shrub which yields the red and black berry, used in India as a jeweller's weight, (Abrus precatorius): see गुञ्जा. ४. काक, and विषा extremity; the point being as black as a crow; also काकविषि and काकविषी.

काकविषि f. (-विषि) See the preceding.

काकविषी f. (-विषी) See काकविषा.

काकचक्र m. (-क) 1. A wagtail. 2. Side locks of the head of hair. ४. काक a crow, and चक्र plumage.

काकचक्र m. (-क) 1. A wagtail. 2. What is ejected by a crow. ४. काक, and चक्र vomiting.

काकजङ्ग f. (-ङ्ग) A plant, (Leea hirta, Rox. Catalogue; elsewhere described as Leea squata.) ४. काक, and जङ्ग a thigh; compared to a crow's leg.

काकजम्बु f. (-जम्बु) A plant, commonly Bhujamb, (Ardisia solanacea): see भुजम्बु; also काकजम्बु.

काकजम्बु n. (-जम्बु) A leprosy with black and red spots, considered incurable. ४. काक the Gunja-berry, deriv. irr. also with कच् affix काकजम्बु.

काकजम्बु f. (-जम्बु) The Abrus precatorius: see काकविषा.

काकका f. (-का) The state or nature of a crow. ४. काक, and कच् affix; also काकका.

काककावीय mfn. (-व-वा-व) Accidental, unexpected, opportune. ४. काक, and काकी the fruit of the palm; it alludes to a story of the fruit of the palm falling in the way of a crow.

काककावीय ind. Suddenly, opportunely. ४. काककावीय, and वच् like.

काककावीय mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) Contemptible, vile. ४. काक, वावु palate, कच् affix of similitude, and वि aff.

काकतिका f. (-का) The Gunja-plant: see काकविषा.

काकतिलुक् m. (-क) A kind of ebony, (Diospyros tomentosa, Rox) ४. काक, and तिलुक् ebony.

काकतुक् m. (-क) A dark sort of Agallochum: see काकतुक्. f. (-की) 1. The Gunja-plant. 2. A sort of brass. 3. A tree, commonly Kuwadori. ४. काक, and तुक् face; of the colour of a crow.

काकतुक् f. (-का) The Gunja-plant: see काकविषा.

काकजम्बु m. (-जम्बु) Submarine fire, a personage in Hindu mythology: see कौक. ४. काक, and जम्बु a banner, whose symbol is a crow.

काकनाली f. (-नाली) A plant, commonly Vakapushpa: see वकपुष्प.

काकनाली f. (-नाली) A plant: see काकनाली; also काकनाली.

काकनाली f. (-का) 1. A plant, (Leea hirta.) 2. Red Teori. ४. काक a crow, and नाली a nose; the root being fancifully compared to the beak of the bird; also काकनाली and काकनाली.

काकदी f. (-दी) Emblick myrobalan.

काकपुष्प m. (-क) The side locks of the head of hair; three or five on each side left when the head is first shaved, and which may be allowed to remain, especially in persons of the military caste. ४. काक, and पच् a feather, a wing, a crow's wing; the word is also used as an epithet of a warrior, a name of Rama, &c.

काकपीयुक् m. (-क) A kind of ebony: see काकतिलुक्; also with कच् added काकपीयुक्.

काकपुष्प m. (-क) The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. ४. काक, and पुष्प a tail; crow-tailed.

काकपुष्प m. (-क) The Koil or Kokil, as before. ४. काक, and पुष्प nourished; this bird like the English cuckoo, being said to leave its eggs in the nests of other birds, as in that of the crow, &c.

काकपुष्प m. (-क) The Nimb tree. ४. काक, and पच् fruit.

काकपुष्पा f. (-पुष्पा) A woman that bears only one child.

काकपीयुक् m. (-क) An owl. ४. काक, and पीयुक् fearful; afraid of the crows.

काकनङ्ग m. (-ङ्ग) A water-hen, gallinule. ४. काक, and नङ्ग another kind of bird, a Shag; resembling a crow in colour.

काकनङ्ग m. (-ङ्ग) The colocynth or bitter apple. ४. काक, and नङ्ग destroying; the fruit of which destroys crows; also काकनङ्ग.

काकनाली f. (-का) A plant: see the next word.

काकनाली f. (-की) An esculent vegetable, commonly Gurkamai, (Solanum Indicum.) ४. काक, नच् to respect, &c. कच् and कीच् affixes; also with कच् and टाच् added, काकनाली.

काकपुष्पा f. (-पुष्पा) A plant, commonly Mugani, according to some, a wild kind of beam. ४. काक, and पुष्प Moong.

काकपुष्प m. (-क) Barren corn, the ear of which has no grain. ४. काक, and पच् barley.

काकपुष्प mfn. (-क-का-क) 1. Naked. 2. Timid, fearful. 3. Poor, indigent. m. (-क) 1. Fraud, deceit. 2. An owl. 3. A henpecked husband.

काकपुष्पा f. (-पुष्पा) A parasite plant, (Epidendrum tesselloides, &c.) ४. वच्. ४. काक, and पच् what mounts; on which crows rest.

काकपुष्प n. (-क) A jewel worn upon neck. f. (-वि: or -वी) A low a sweet tone, the song of a bird, &c. ४. का instead of कच् diminutive कच् to sound, कच् or कीच् aff.

काकपुष्प m. (-क) An ornament of the neck. ४. कच् added the preceding काकपुष्पा f. (-का) A grape with a very small stone.

काकिलोर m. (-रः) The Kokila, a. काकिलो a sweet tone, and र sound.  
 काकिल m. (-रः) The cawing of a crow. a. काक, and र sound.  
 काकशी m. (-रः) A tree, commonly Vakapushpa; (*Eschynomene grandiflora*) a. काक, and शी a head.  
 काकजी f. (-जी) See the preceding.  
 काका f. (-का) A plant, (*Leea squata*) a. काक, and का form, body, टाप् affix; or with जीप् affix, काकाजी.  
 काकाजी f. (-जी) See the preceding.  
 काकाजी f. (-जी) 1. A plant, (*Leea squata*). 2. An esculent vegetable, (*Solanum Indicum*) a. काक, चक् to go, चक् and जीप् affs.  
 काकादनी f. (-नी) The Gunja-plant: see काकचिदा. a. काक, चदन food, जीप् fem. aff.  
 काकार mfn. (-रः-री-र) Scattering water. a. क water, कृ to scatter; with चाक् prefixed, and चक् aff. [crow.  
 काकारि m. (-रिः) An owl. a. काक, and चरि a foe; whose enemy is the काकास m. (-सः) A raven. a. काक, and चक् to be able, affix चक्.  
 काकिची f. (-ची) 1. A cubit, the forth part of a Danda or short pole. 2. The quarter of a Pana, a weight or a tale of shells equal to twenty Cowries. 3. A quarter of a Masha, a weight of silver or gold. 4. A Retti or small seed used as a weight. 5. A Cowri or shell used as a coin. a. कक to be unsteady, चुट् and जीप् affixes; deriv. irr.; also the dental न being substituted, काकिनी.  
 काकिनी f. (-नी) See the preceding.  
 काकिल m. (-सः) The central jewel in a necklace, &c. see काकल.  
 काकु f. (-कुः) 1. Change of voice in fear, grief, &c. 2. Muttering, murmuring. 3. The tongue. a. कक to deride, उक् affix, deriv. irr.  
 काकुत्स m. (-त्सः) 1. A name of RAMA. 2. The name of a sovereign, also Puranjaya. a. ककुद् pre-eminent, चक् affix, and क् who stays or is.  
 काकुद m. (-दः) The palate. a. ककुद् the head, and चक् aff.  
 काकुम् m. (-कुः) A kind of reed, (*Saccharum spontaneum*) a. काक, and क् sugar-cane.  
 काकेदु m. (-दुः) A species of ebony, (*Diospyros melanoxylon*).  
 काकोचि m. (-चः) A kind of fish, commonly Cacoohi; also काकोचि (*Cyprinus cachi*, HAM.)  
 काकोदुम्बर m. (-रः) Opposite-leaved fig-tree, (*Ficus oppositifolia*).  
 काकोदुम्बरिका f. (-का) See the preceding. a. काक, and उदुम्बर glomerous fig, क् affix, and the feminine termination; also काकोदुम्बरिका.  
 काकोदर m. (-रः) A snake. a. काक going ill or tortuously, (derived from का for कु, and चक to go,) and उदर the belly.  
 काकोल mn. (-लः-लः) A poisonous substances of a black colour, or the colour of a raven, whence its name; possibly the berry of the Cocculus Indicus. n. (-लः) A division of the infernal regions or hell. m. (-लः) 1. A raven. 2. A potter. 3. A snake. 4. A boar. 5. A drug; as follows. f. (-ली) The name of a vegetable substance used in medicine, described as sweet and cooling, allaying fever, removing phlegm, &c.; it is said to be a root brought from Nepal or Morung. a. काक to be unsteady, &c. and कोल् affix, deriv. irr.  
 काकोलिका f. (-का) The natural enmity of the owl and crow. a. काक a crow, उल् an owl, व् affix, implying enmity in this and similar compounds.  
 काच r. 1st. cl. (र) काचि (काचति) To desire; it is most frequently used with चाक् prefixed, in the same sense.  
 काच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Frowning, looking, scornfully or in displeasure. m. (-चः) A glance, a wink or leer. n. (-चः) A frown, a look of displeasure. a. का for कु diminutive or depreciative, and चक् the eye. f. (-ची) 1. A sort of trefoil, (*Cytisus cojan*) 2. A perfume, a fragrant kind of earth. a. कच् a creeping plant, चक् and जीप् affs.  
 काची m. (-रः) A plant, (*Morunga hyperanthera*, &c.) see कीमक. a. का or कु diminutive, and चक् to be intoxicated: see चक्; also with क् added काचीच.

काच m. (-रः) A crow: (in the dialects, a raven.) a. का an imitative sound, and न who sings, from नै with च or क aff.  
 काचन् mfn. (-चन्-चनी-चन्) Wishing, desiring, hoping. a. काचि to desire, चक् aff.  
 काचा f. (-चा) Wish, inclination, desire. a. काचि to wish, चक्, and टाप् affs.  
 काचित mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Wished, desired. a. काचि to wish, चक् aff.  
 काचा m. (-चः) A heron.  
 काचा f. (-चा) Orris root. a. का bad, crooked, and चक् body, shape.  
 काच r. 1st. cl. (र) काचि (काचते) 1. To shine. 2. To bind.  
 काच m. (-चः) 1. Alkaline ashes, any salt of potash or soda in a glassy or crystalline state. 2. Crystal, quartz or glass, considered as a natural production, and used as a jewel or ornament. 3. A loop, swinging shelf, a string so contrived as to hold or support burthens, &c. 4. A disease of the eyes, affection of the optic nerve or gutta serena. n. (-चः) 1. Alkaline salt, black salt. 2. Wax. a. कच् to shine or bind, चक् aff.  
 काचक m. (-कः) 1. A stone 2. Alkaline ashes, &c. see the preceding. a. कन् added to the last.  
 काचकुपी f. (-पी) A glass-bottle. a. काच, and कुपी bottle.  
 काचकुटी f. (-टी) A glass-ewer. a. काच, and कुटी a small jar.  
 काचन n. (-नः) An enclosure, a string or tape which ties a parcel or bundle of papers, &c. a. कच् to tie, चुट् affix; also with कन् added काचनक m. (-कः).  
 काचन ind. Some one, any one, (applied to feminine objects,) the first member is declinable. a. का fem. of कन्, चक् added.  
 काचनक n. (-कः) A binding or rope for binding. a. कन् added to काचन.  
 काचनकित् m. (-की) A writing, a written paper. a. काचनक a binding, and कित् aff.  
 काचभाजन n. (-नः) A vessel of glass or crystal, a cup, a goblet, &c. a. काच, and भाजन a vessel.  
 काचमणि m. (-मिः) Crystal, quartz. a. काच, and मणि a gem.  
 काचमल n. (-मलः) Black salt or soda: see काचलवच. a. काच glass, and मल soil.  
 काचलवच n. (-चः) Black salt, a medicinal salt, prepared by calcining fossil salt and the fruit of the emblic myrobalan together. It consists chiefly of muriate of soda, with a small quantity of iron, lime and sulphur, and is a tonic aperient. a. काच alkaline ashes, and लवच salt.  
 काचलवचक n. (-कः) A glass-retort. a. काच, and लवचक a retort.  
 काचलवच n. (-चः) Black salt: see the last. a. काच, and लवच produced.  
 काचलीचल n. (-चः) Black salt: see काचलवच. a. काच, and लीचल salt.  
 काचल्लो f. (-लो) The trumpet flower, (*Bignonia suave-olens*) a. काच glass, and ल्लो a goblet, &c. to which its colour is compared.  
 काचि m. (-चः) 1. A legume. 2. A rat. 3. Gold.  
 काचित ind. Some one, any one, (a female person or object,) the first member is declinable, as काचित्, &c. a. का fem. of कन्, and चित् aff.  
 काचित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Suspended by a swing or in a loop. a. काच a nominal root, to hang by a loop or in a swing, and चक् aff.  
 काचिन m. (-नः) A tree considered as sacred, one growing near a temple, and an object of religious veneration or worship, &c.  
 काचन mfn. (-नः-नी-न) Golden, of gold. n. (-नः) 1. Gold. 2. Wealth. 3. A filament of the lotus. m. (-नः) 1. Mountain ebony, (*Baninia variegata*, &c.) 2. A tree bearing a yellow fragrant flower, (*Michelia champaca*) 3. Another plant, (*Mesua ferrea*) see नागकेसर. 4. Glomerous fig-tree: see उदुम्बर. 5. Common thorn apple, (*Datura metel*) f. (-नी) 1. Turmeric. 2. A yellow pigment. a. कचि to shine, &c. चुट् affix, the radical vowel lengthened; this etymology gives the meaning gold, the others refer to their colour, &c. in which they resemble the metal.



काष्ठनक m. (-नः) Mountain ebony, &c. n. (नः) Yellow orpiment. n. काष्ठन gold, &c. and कन् affix, implying resemblance or identity.

काष्ठनकम् m. (-नः) A gold-mine. n. काष्ठन, and कन् a cave.

काष्ठनकारिणी f. (-नी) a plant, (*Asparagus racemosus*;) see ब्रह्मदी.

काष्ठनगिरि m. (-गिरि) Mount Sumeru. n. काष्ठन, and गिरि a mountain; the golden mountain.

काष्ठनचय m. (-यः) A heap of gold. n. काष्ठन, and चय assemblage.

काष्ठनम् f. (-यः) 1. Gold-dust. 2. A Golden or yellow soil. n. काष्ठन, and मू soil.

काष्ठनमय mfn. (-यः-दी-यः) Golden. n. काष्ठन, and मयट् aff.

काष्ठनवम् m. (-वः) A hill or mound of gold. n. काष्ठन, and वम् a mound.

काष्ठनसन्धि f. (-सन्धिः) A treaty of friendship between two parties on equal terms. n. काष्ठन, and सन्धि alliance.

काष्ठनाम् m. (-नः) Mountain ebony. (*Bauhinia variegata*, &c.) n. काष्ठन gold, and नम् to be able or like; some copies read काष्ठनार.

काष्ठनीया f. (-या) A yellow pigment, commonly Gorochana. n. काष्ठि to shine, नीया aff.

काष्ठि f. (-सिः) See काष्ठी.

काष्ठिक n. (-कः) Sour gruel: see काष्ठिक

काष्ठी f. (-ष्ठी) 1. A woman's zone or girdle. 2. The name of an ancient city situated in the peninsula, and one of the seven sacred cities of the Hindus. 3. A plant, (*Abrus precatorius*;) see गुष्ठा. n. कष्ठी to bind or shine, कष्ठी or कष्ठी affixes; whence also काष्ठि.

काष्ठीपद n. (-पदः) Mons veneris, the public region. n. काष्ठी the zone, and पद place, site.

काष्ठिक nf. (-कः-का) Sour gruel, the water of boiled rice in a state of spontaneous fermentation. n. क water, कष्ठी to go, &c. and affix कष्ठी; also the vowel being lengthened काष्ठीक, or without the final, काष्ठी.

काष्ठ m. (-ठः) A stone, a rock. n. कष्ठी to be hard, &c. कष्ठी affix; also with कन् added, काष्ठक.

काष्ठक mfn. (-कः-कौ-कः) According to the Katha portion of the Vedas. n. कष्ठी, and कष्ठी aff.

काष्ठिन m. (-नः) The date fruit. n. (-नः) 1. Hardness. 2. Sternness. n. कठिन, and कष्ठी aff.

काष्ठिन n. (-नः) 1. Hardness. 2. Difficulty, obscurity. 3. Sternness, severity. n. कठिन hard, and कष्ठी aff.

काष्ठा mfn. (-नः-का-नः) One-eyed, monocular. m. (-नः) A crow n. कष्ठी to sound, &c. कष्ठी aff.

काष्ठा m. (-नः) A crow. n. कष्ठी to sound, &c. and कन् Unadi aff.

काष्ठीय mfn. (-यः-दी-यः) One-eyed. n. काष्ठा, and कष्ठी aff.

काष्ठीर mfn. (-रः-दी-रः) One-eyed. n. काष्ठा, and कष्ठी aff.

काष्ठ mn. (-नः-नः) 1. A stalk or stem. 2. The part of the trunk of a tree whence the branches proceed. 3. A cluster, a clump. 4. An arrow. 5. Opportunity, season. 6. Water. 7. A kind of reed, (*Saccharum sara*.) 8. A multitude, a heap, a quantity. 9. A horse. 10. A chapter, a section. 11. The part in a sacrifice appropriated to different objects, as the gods or manes. 12. A long bone, a bone of the extremities. 13. Praise, flattery. 14. Private, privacy. 15. Low, vile, bad. 16. Sinful, wicked. n. कष्ठी to shine, &c. कन् Unadi affix, and the radical vowel made long.

काष्ठकाष्ठक m. (-कः) A species of grass. n. काष्ठ repeated.

काष्ठकार n. (-रः) The betel-nut, the fruit of the areca.

काष्ठकीचर m. (-रः) An iron-arrow. n. काष्ठ a stem or stalk, and कीचर an object of sense; it is fired from a stock like the arrow of the cross bow.

काष्ठकी f. (-की) A plant, commonly Ramaduti: see कृष्णदी.

काष्ठकिन्नर m. (-नः) A kind of gentian, (*Gentiana cheryta*, Rox.) n. काष्ठ the stem, and किन्नर sharp, bitter, कन् added to this and similar compounds.

काष्ठकीचर m. (-रः) A plant with an astringent bark, commonly Lodh. n. काष्ठ, and कीचर blue.

काष्ठपट m. (-टः) An outer tent, a screen surrounding a tent. n. काष्ठ a stem, &c. and पट a cloth; also with कन् added काष्ठपटक.

काष्ठपुष्प n. (-पुष्पः) A small fragrant flower, commonly Dona, (*Artemisia*.) n. काष्ठ the stem, and पुष्प flower; flowering from the stalk.

काष्ठपुरु mfn. (-रः-पु-रः) Of the military profession, a soldier. m. (-रः) 1. The husband of a Vaisya female. 2. An adopted or any other than the natural son. n. (-रः) The bow of KAMA. n. काष्ठ an arrow, and पुरु the back: see काष्ठपुरु. [ breaking.

काष्ठनय n. (-यः) A fracture of either of the extremities. n. काष्ठ, and नय काष्ठनय f. (-नयः) A medicinal plant: see कटुकी. n. काष्ठ the stem of a tree, and नय what ascends; hence it appears to be a creeper.

काष्ठर्वि m. (-र्विः) Rishi or divine saint of a peculiar class; Jainini and others who teach a particular Kanda or section of Vedas. n. काष्ठ a section, and र्वि a saint.

काष्ठवन् mfn. (-वन्-वती-वन्) Armed with an arrow, an archer. n. काष्ठ an arrow, and वन् poss. aff.

काष्ठवन्धि m. (-न्धिः) A knot, a joint in the stem of a tree, &c. n. काष्ठ a stem, and वन्धि union.

काष्ठवृद्ध mfn. (-रः-वृ-रः) Of the military profession, living by arms, a soldier. n. काष्ठ an arrow, &c. वृद्ध to touch, and वृद्ध aff.

काष्ठवीन n. (-नः) A fragrant grass, a sort of cyperus: see भद्रतुलक. n. काष्ठ a stem, and वीन deprived.

काष्ठवीर mfn. (-रः-वी-रः) Armed with an arrow, an archer. m. (-रः) 1. A creeping plant, commonly Kanda Bel, (*Momordica charantia*.) 2. A plant, (*Achyranthes aspera*.) f. (-रः) Bengal madder, (*Rubia manjith*;) see मन्दिता. n. काष्ठ an arrow, a stem, &c. and वीर aff.

काष्ठवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) 1. A plant, (*Barleria longifolia*.) 2. A kind of reed, (*Saccharum spontaneum*;) see काष्ठ. n. काष्ठ, and वृक्ष sugar-cane; having a similar stem.

काष्ठर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) 1. Confused, perplexed, disordered. 2. Timid, gentle. m. (-रः) A large kind of fish, commonly Katala (*Cyprinus catla*, HAM.) n. काष्ठ a little or badly, and र what crosses.

काष्ठरता f. (-ता) Timidity, agitation. n. कष्ठी added to काष्ठर; also with क, काष्ठरत्.

काष्ठल m. (-लः) The name of a fish, commonly Katala, (*Cyprinus catla*, HAM.) n. See काष्ठर, र changed to ल.

काष्ठीय m. (-यः) 1. A name of KATYAYANA. 2. A pupil of the same. n. काष्ठायन with कष्ठी affix and the middle syllable dropped; also काष्ठा-यनीय. [ कष्ठी aff.

काष्ठयक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Produced from any tad triad. n. कष्ठी, and काष्ठ m. (-नः) The name of a saint; also काष्ठायन. n. कष्ठी a proper name, and कष्ठी affix implying descent or lineage.

काष्ठायन m. (-नः) 1. The name of a celebrated lawgiver and divine sage. 2. An appellation of VARARUCHI a poet. n. काष्ठ, and कष्ठी pleonastic affix. f. (-नी) 1. A name of DURGA. 2. A middle-aged widow. n. कष्ठी added to काष्ठायन; the daughter of the saint KATYAYANA, (DURGA,) or resembling the wife of a sage in dress and austerity, (the widow.)

काष्ठायनीय m. (-यः) A pupil of KATYAYANA. n. काष्ठायन, and कष्ठी aff.

काष्ठिक mfn. (-कः-कौ-कः) Belonging to a story, told in it, &c. m. (-कः) A narrator. n. कष्ठा, and कष्ठी aff.

काष्ठन n. (-नः) 1. A tree, (*Nauclea cadamba*.) 2. A drake, or, according to some, a teal. 3. An arrow. f. (-नः) A plant, commonly Mundiri: see कदम्बपुष्प. n. कष्ठी added to कदम्ब.

काष्ठन्य m. (-नः) An arrow. n. कष्ठी added to the preceding.

काष्ठनर n. (-रः) The surface or skim of coagulated milk. m. (-रः) A spirituous liquor distilled from the flowers of the Kadamba. f. (-री) 1. Wine, spirituous liquor in general. 2. A name of SABAS-

WARI. 3 The female Koil or Indian cuckoo. 4. The female of another bird, (*Turdus salica*, BUCH.) ३. कदम्ब the Kadamba flower, ४ what gains or gets, from रा, affix व्.

कादम्बरीबीज n. (-ज्) Ferment, yeast, whatever occasions fermentation. ३. कादम्बरी, and बीज seed.

कादम्ब m. (-यः) The Kadamba tree; see कादम्ब. ३. कादम्बरी a spirit, and वत् aff.

कादम्बिनी f. (-नी) A long line of clouds. ३. कादम्ब the Kadamba flower, इनि and लोप् affixes, implying a multitude; the clouds being compared with the large white flowers of the *Nauclea cadamba*.

कादाचित्क mfn. (-त्वा-ल्लो-क्) Produced sometimes, occasional, incidental. ३. कदाचित् sometimes, with कन् added, and चष् aff.

काददेव m. (-यः) A Naga or serpent of the race that is supposed to people the lower regions. ३. कद्व the mother of these beings, and दव् aff.

कानक n. (-ज्) The seed of the croton.

कानन nf. (-नं नी) 1. A forest, a grove. 2. The face of BRAHMA. 3. A house. ३. कानि to shine, in the causal form, and क्नुट् affix, or क BRAHMA, and कानन a face.

काननारि m. (-रिः) The S'ami or S'ain tree, (*Mimosa albida*;) see समी. ३. कानन, and चरि enemy; injurious to a wood; being a thorny tree.

कानीन mf. (-नः-नी) The son or daughter of a young and unmarried woman. m. (-नः) 1. A name of VYASA. 2. Also of KANNA, (being both born of mothers who were unmarried.) ३. कन्या a virgin or young girl, changed to कनीन् and चष् aff.

कान mfn. (-नः-का-न्) 1. Pleasing, agreeable. 2. Lovely, beautiful. 3. Dear, beloved. m. (-नः) 1. A name of KRISHNA. 2. The moon. 3. A husband. 4. Spring. 5. A precious stone; in which case it is compounded with स्य, चम्ब or चयस्, as स्यकान् a crystal lens, &c. f. (-ना) 1. A wife, a mistress, any beloved or lovely woman. 2. A plant, commonly Priyangu; see प्रियङ्गु. 3. A grass, (*Cyperus pertenuis*.) n. (-नः) 1. Iron. 2. Saffron. ३. कन् to desire, affix क्.

कानता f. (-ता) Loveliness, beauty, splendor. ३. कान pleasing, &c. तव् aff.

कानपचिन् m. (-चि) A peacock. ३. कान beautiful, पचिन् a bird.

कानपुष्प m. (-पुः) Mountain ebony, &c. (*Bauhinia variegata*.) ३. कान and पुष्प flower.

कानलक m. (-कः) A tree, the wood of which something resembles mahogany, commonly Toon, (*Oedrela tunna*, Rox.) ३. कान beauty, and र what gives, कन् added, and र changed to ल्.

कानाक्षप्रिशीद m. (-दः) A tree, commonly Asoka, (*Jonesia asoka*.) ३. काना a woman, चक्षि a foot, and प्रिशीद desire; the tree being supposed to blossom upon coming in contact with the foot of a handsome female.

कानावरपदीद m. (-दः) The tree Asoka: see the preceding. [ added.

कानायस n. (-स) Iron-stone: see चयकान. ३. कान, and चयस् iron, चक् कानार mn. (-रः-र) 1. A bad or difficult road. 2. A wood, a forest. 3. A hole, a cavity. m. (-रः) 1. A red variety of the sugar-cane. 2. A bamboo. 3. Mountain ebony. n. (-रः) 1. A symptom or symptomatic disease. 2. A lotus. f. (-री) A sort of sugar-cane. ३. कान् for कश्चित् any one, here meaning no one, इ to go, in the causal, form, चष् affix; allowing none to pass; or क pleasure, &c. वल् end, इ to go, चष् aff.

कानारक m. (-कः) A sort of sugar-cane. ३. कान good, excellent (juice,) इ to go, to gain, चष् and कन् affixes; see the preceding.

कानारज mfn. (-जः-ग-ज) Who or what goes into or in a wood. ३. कानार, and ज who goes.

कानि f. (-निः) 1. Beauty, splendor, light. 2. Female beauty. 3. Wish, desire. 4. A lovely or desirable woman. 5. Personal decoration or embellishment. ३. कन् to desire or be desired, क्नुट् aff.

कानिकर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Beautifying, illumining, making handsome or splendid. ३. कानि, and कर what makes.

कानिक mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Beautifying, illuminating. n. (-र) Bile, the bilious humour. ३. कानि light, splendor, &c. and इ what gives.

कानिदायक mfn. (-दः-दा-य-क्) Beautifying, adorning. n. (-यः) A kind of Curcuma, from the root of which a yellow dye is prepared. (C. *Zanthorhiza*.) ३. कानि beauty, &c. दायक distributor, giver.

कानिधत् mfn. (-धत्) 1. Handsome, beautiful. 2. Bright, shining. ३. कानि, and धत् what has.

कानिमत mfn. (-मन्-मती-मन्) 1. Splendid. 2. Beautiful. ३. कानि, and मतुप् aff.

कानिहर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Dimming, dulling, making dull or ugly. ३. कानि, and हर what removes.

कान्द mfn. (-वः-वी-व) Roasted or baked, (in an iron pan or oven, as bread, cakes, &c.) ३. कन्, and चष् aff.

कान्दिक m. (-कः) A baker. ३. कान्दव baked bread, and ठक् aff.

कान्दशीक mfn. (-कः-का-क्) Flying, running away, put to flight. ३. कदि to fear, चष् and इन् affixed, कन्दि; शीक् to go, to ooze. चष् affix, कन्दिशीक; and again, चष् affix, कान्दशीक.

कान्दकुल m. (-जः) A country, the modern Konouj; also कन्याकुल.

कान्दला f. (-ला) A kind of perfume, commonly Nali.

कापटिक mfn. (-कः-की-क्) 1. Wicked, bad, perverse. 2. Fraudulent, dishonest. m. (-कः) 1. A student, a scholar. 2. A flatterer, a parasite. ३. कपट fraud, &c. ठक् aff.

कापट्य n. (-यः) Wickedness, fraud, dishonesty. ३. कपट, and चष् aff.

कापथ m. (-थः) A bad road. ३. का for कु bad, vile, and पथिन् a road.

कापाल mfn. (-लः-ली-ल) Cranial, relating to the skull. m. (-लः) A kind of cucumber, (*Cucumis utilatissimus*.) n. (-लः) A sort of leprosy. ३. कपाल, and चष् aff.

कापालिक mfn. (-कः-की-क्) Relating or belonging to the skull. m. (-कः) A worshipper of SIVA of the left-hand order, characterised by carrying a half of the skull as a cup, drinking spirituous liquors, &c. ३. कपाल, and ठक् aff.

कापिष mfn. (-लः-ली-ल) Of a tawny colour. m. (-लः) 1. A follower of the Sankhya system of philosophy. ३. कपिष the founder of the school, and चष् affix. 2. Tawny, (the colour.) ३. चष् pleonastic added to कपिष, q. v.

कापिष n. (-ष) A spirituous liquor, wine. f. (-षी) A country. ३. कपिष brown, and चष् aff.

कापिषायन m. (-नः) 1. A deity. 2. A kind of vinous liquor. n. (-नः) Honey. f. (-नी) A grape. ३. कपिष brown, or कापिषी a country, and चक् aff.

कापिषिय m. (-यः) A Pisacha, an imp or goblin. ३. कपिष, and ठक् aff.

कापुह्व m. (-वः) A mean contemptible man, a coward, a wretch. ३. का for कु bad, vile, पुह्व a man.

कापुह्वन n. (-नः) Meanness, cowardliness. ३. क् added to the preceding; also with तव्, कापुह्वता.

कापिष mfn. (-यः-वी-व) Belonging to or relating to a monkey. ३. कपि a monkey, and ठक् aff.

कापीत mfn. (-तः-तो-त) Of a dirty white colour. m. (-तः) 1. Natron, fossil alkali. 2. Antimony, considered as a collyrium or application to the eyes. 3. A pale or dirty white colour. n. (-तः) A flock of pigeons. ३. कपीत a pigeon, &c. चष् aff.

कापीताजन n. (-जः) Antimony, especially considered as a collyrium. ३. कापीत a pigeon, and जनन a collyrium.

काप्यकर m. (-रः) A penitent, one who acknowledges his faults. ३. का for कु bad, काप्य having obtained, and कर who does; from क and चष्.

काप्यकार m. (-रः) 1. A vowal or confession of sin. 2. A penitent, one who confesses a crime. ३. As before, affix चष्.

काप्य m. (-यः) A bitter seed; see कदम्ब. ३. का bad, and चष् fruit.

काम m. (-नः) 1. KAMA the Hindu Cupid or deity of love. 2. Wish,

desire. 3. BĀHARĀMA the brother of KRISHNA. 4. The mango tree.  
 f. (-काम) Love, desire. n. (-काम) 1. Semen virile. 2. An object of desire.  
 3. Willingly, voluntarily. 4. A particle of assent or agreement : see कामन्. ind. (in composition.) Following one's own desire, as कामचार speaking what one lists ; कामक्षय eating whatever one likes ; कामचार doing whatever one chooses ; in law, a child previous to the imposition of the characteristic cord is all these. ३. कम् to desire, कम् aff.  
 कामकथा f. (-कथा) Rati the wife of KAMA. ३. काम, and कथा a part,  
 कामकामिन् mfn. (-कामि-कामि-नि) Following the dictates of passion of desire. ३. काम, and कामिन् desirous.  
 कामकार mfn. (-काम-कामि-र) Following one's inclinations. m. (-कामि) Desire, the operation or influence of desire ३. काम, and कार act, who acts.  
 कामकारतस् ind. According to one's desires, following one's inclinations, indulging desire. ३. कामकार, and तस् aff.  
 कामकूट m. (-कूट) 1. The paramour of a harlot, a cully. 2. Wanton caresses, harlotry. ३. काम desire, and कूट a peak or summit.  
 कामकेशि mfn. (-केशि-केशि-नि) Libidinous, wanton. m. (-केशि) 1. Copulation. 2. Amorous sport. ३. काम love, desire, केशि play, sport.  
 कामन् mfn. (-काम-काम-म) Acting as one pleases. ३. काम, and म who goes.  
 कामगमिन् mfn. (-गमि-कामि-नि) Going as one lists. ३. काम the wish, and गमिन् who goes.  
 कामगुण m. (-गुण) 1. Passion, affection. 2. An object of sense. 3. Completion, satiety, perfect enjoyment. ३. काम desire, and गुण a quality or property.  
 कामगमिन् mfn. (-गमि-कामि-नि) Going as one lists. ३. कामन् at will, and गमिन् who goes.  
 कामचार mfn. (-काम-कामि-र) Following one's own pleasure, unchecked, unrestrained. m. (-कामि) Following one's own wishes or pleasure, sensuality, selfishness. ३. काम, and चार practice.  
 कामचारतस् ind. According to one's own inclinations, ३. तस् added to the last.  
 कामचारिन् mfn. (-कामि-कामि-रि) 1. Desirous, libidinous. 2. Self-willed. m. (-कामि) 1. A sparrow. 2. A name of GARUDA the bird of VISHNU. ३. काम desire, and चारिन् who goes, from चर् with चिनि affix ; also with क्त्वा affix, कामचारक.  
 कामज mfn. (-ज-काम-ज) Produced or caused by passion or desire. m. (-ज) The son of KAMA. ३. काम, and ज born ; also कामजनित, कामीजन, &c.  
 कामजान m. (-ज) The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. ३. काम, and जान what produces, from जन् in the causal form, and जन् affix ; also read कामजनि.  
 कामजातु m. (-ज) See कामतात.  
 कामठ m. (-ठ) A tortoise. ३. कामठ the same, कम् pleonasm. [ तस् aff.  
 कामतस् ind. 1. Willingly, consentingly. 2. Passionately. ३. काम, and कामतात m. (-काम) The Kokila, or Koil, the Indian cuckoo. ३. काम, and काम a musical strain ; the song of the Koil being poetically considered as an incentive to love.  
 कामद् mfn. (-द-काम-द) Giving what is wished, granting one's desires. f. (-द) A fabulous cow, the cow of plenty ३. काम desire, and द what gives. [ affix कम्.  
 कामदुधा f. (-धा) The cow of plenty. ३. काम, and दुध् to yield milk, कामदुध् f. (-धु) 1. The cow of plenty. ३. काम, and दुध् to give milk, क्त्वा aff.  
 कामद्वी f. (-द्वी) 1. Trumpet flower, (Bignonia suave-olens.) 2. The female koil. ३. काम desire, and द्वी a messenger ; also कामद्वि and कामद्विषा.  
 कामद्वि m. (-द्वी) A name of SIVA. ३. काम CUPID, and द्वि an enemy.  
 कामद्वि mfn. (-द्वि-काम-द्वि) Lustful, libidinous, desirous. f. (-द्वि) Wish, desire. ३. कम् to desire, and द्वि aff.  
 कामद्वि m. (-द्वि) A brazier. ३. काम willingly, का to blow, क्त्वा aff.  
 कामद्वी f. (-द्वी) A name of Rati. ३. काम KANDARPA, and द्वी a wife.

कामपात्र m. (-पात्र) A name of BĀHARĀMA, the brother of KRISHNA. ३. काम KAMA, and पात्र who cherishes ; being by one legend the paternal uncle of that deity. [ yields.  
 कामपद् mfn. (-पद्-काम-पद्) Granting what is desired. ३. काम, and पद् what  
 कामपद् mfn. (-पद्-काम-पद्) Bound by love. n. (-पद्) A wood. ३. काम, and पद् tied.  
 कामपक्ष mfn. (-पक्ष-काम-पक्ष) Eating any thing or every thing. ३. काम, and पक्ष who eats. [ eaten.  
 कामपक्ष mfn. (-पक्ष-काम-पक्ष) Eating any thing. ३. काम, and पक्ष to be  
 कामन् ind. A particle, 1. Of reluctant assent, (well, very well.) 2. Of assent, (willingly, readily.) 3. Of agreement, (very well, so be it.) 4. Of contempt or invidious remark. 5. Agreeably to desire, following the inclination ; see काम.  
 कामपक्ष m. (-पक्ष) The day of full moon in the month Chaitra, (March-April.) ३. काम the deity, and पक्ष worship ; a festival in honour of KAMA.  
 कामगमिन् m. (-गमि) A name of GANESA.  
 कामयिद् mfn. (-यि-कामि-र) Libidinous, lustful, desirous. ३. कम् to desire, in the causal form, and यिद् aff.  
 कामरूप mfn. (-रूप-कामि-र) 1. Pleasing, beautiful. 2. Taking any or every shape at will. m. (-रूप) A district lying east of Bengal, the western portion of Assam. ३. काम desire, and रूप form or figure.  
 कामरूपिन् mfn. (-रूपि-कामि-रि) 1. Pleasing, beautiful. 2. Taking any shape at will. m. (-रूपि) 1. A. Vidyadhara, a kind of subordinate deity. 2. A pole cat. ३. काम desire, will, रूप form, and रूपि aff.  
 कामरेखा f. (-रेखा) A harlot, a courtesan. ३. काम desire, and रेखा a line.  
 कामरु mfn. (-रु-काम-रु) Libidinous, cupidinous. mfn. (-रु-काम) A complaint, jaundice, excessive secretion or obstruction of bile. m. (-रु) 1. Spring. 2. A dry and sterile soil. ३. काम desire, रु to bring, रु aff.  
 कामरुता f. (-रुता) 1. Membrum virile. 2. A plant, (Ipomoea quamoolit.) ३. काम, and रुता creeper.  
 कामरुत mfn. (-रु-काम-रु) Overcome with desire or passion. ३. काम, and रुत agitated.  
 कामरुत m. (-रु) 1. The mango tree. 2. Spring. f. (-रु) Moonlight. ३. काम, and रुत friend. [ speech.  
 कामरुद् mfn. (-रु-काम-रु) Saying any thing at pleasure. ३. काम, and रुद्  
 कामरुद् mfn. (-रु-काम-रु) Disappointing, preventing. ३. काम, and रुद् who destroys.  
 कामरुत mfn. (-रु-काम-रु) Licentious, dissipated, debauched. ३. काम, and रुत practising.  
 कामरुद् f. (-रु) 1. A shrub, commonly Kamaja, of supposed aphrodisiac properties. 2. Increase of passion or desire. ३. काम, and रुद् increase.  
 कामरुता f. (-रुता) Trumpet flower, (Bignonia suave-olens.) ३. काम, and रुता a flower-stalk.  
 कामरुत m. (-रु) 1. The shaft of KAMARU. 2. The mango. ३. काम, and रुत an arrow.  
 कामरुत m. (-रु) Attainment of desired objects. ३. काम, and रुत union.  
 कामरुत m. (-रु) 1. Spring. 2. The mango. ३. काम, and रुत a friend.  
 कामरुत m. (-रु) A name of ANIRUDDHA. ३. काम, and रुत a son ; also similar compounds, as कामरुत, &c. [ रुत aff.  
 कामरुत mfn. (-रु-कामि-रु) Of one's own accord. ३. काम, and रुत cause, कामरुत m. (-रु) Passion, lust, violent desire. ३. काम, and रुत fire.  
 कामरुत m. (-रु) 1. A finger-nail. 2. Membrum virile. ३. काम, and रुत shoot.  
 कामरुत m. (-रु) The mango tree, (Mangifera Indica.) ३. काम, and रुत the body or form.  
 कामरुत mfn. (-रु-काम-रु) In love, affected by love or desire. ३. काम, and रुत diseased.

कामाजन् mfn. (-काम-जा ज) 1. Licentious, libidinous. 2. Desiring, wishing for. E. काम, and जाजन् self.

कामाजता f. (-ता) 1. Passion, lust. 2. Wish, desire. E. कामाज, and तल् aff. कामाधिष्ठित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Influenced or overcome by love. E. काम, and अधिष्ठित placed over.

कामाधिकार m. (-रः) 1. The influence of passion or desire. 2. The aspiration of the will. 3. The part of the Sastra which relates to human wishes or desires. E. काम, and अधिकार superintendence.

कामानल m. (-लः) Passion, lust, violent desire. E. काम, and अल fire.

कामास्य m. (-स्यः) The Kokila or indian cuckoo. E. काम, and अस्य blind.

कामायुध n. (-धः) An arrow of KAMADEVA. m. (-धः) 1. Membrum virile. 2. The mango tree. E. काम, and आयुध a weapon.

कामायुस् m. (-युः) Name of GARUDA, the bird of VISHNU. E. काम, and आयुस् life; existing at will.

कामारण्य n. (-र्यः) A handsome grove or wood. E. काम desirable, and अरण्य a forest.

कामारि m. (-रिः) A mineral substance used in medicine, a sort of pyrites: see विटसाचिक. E. काम love, and अरि an enemy.

कामार्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) In love, afflicted by love or passion. E. काम, and आर्त pained.

कामालु m. (-लुः) A red sort of mountain ebony.

कामावसाय m. (-यः) Coldness, stoicism, mortification or suppression of the passions. E. काम, and अवसाय destruction.

कामावसायिता f. (-ता) The power of suppressing desire, self-denial or mortification. E. कामावसायिन्, and तल् affix, or with ल, कामावसायिल m. (-लः).

कामावसायिद mfn. (-ता-नी-द) Who or what suppresses or destroys passion or desire. E. काम, and अवसायिद destroying.

कामावसायिन् mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) Destructive of love or desire, one who suppresses desire, &c. E. कामावसाय, and इनि aff.

कामासक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) Impassioned, in love, overcome with desire or passion. E. काम, and आसक्त attached.

कामासक्ति f. (-क्तिः) Passion, desire. E. काम, and आसक्ति attachment.

कामि m. (-मिः) A libidinous man, a lecher. f. (-मिः) A name of RATI the wife of KAMA. E. कम् to desire, मि affix; the pen. becomes long.

कामिक m. (-कः) A kind of wild duck. E. कम् added to the preceding.

कामिता f. (-ता) Love, desire. E. कामिन्, and तल् affix; also with ल कामिल.

कामिन् mfn. (-नी-मिनी-मि) 1. Impassioned, fond, loving, wanton. 2. Cupidinous, desirous. m. (-नी) 1. The moon. 2. A lover, an uxorious husband. 3. The ruddy goose. 4. A pigeon. 5. A sparrow. f. (-नी) 1. A loving or affectionate woman. 2. A timid woman. 3. A woman in general. 4. Spirituous liquor. 5. A climbing plant. E. कम् to desire, and णि aff.

कामिनीर m. (-रः) A plant, (Morunga guilandina, &c.) see श्रीभाजन.

कामील m. (-लः) A kind of betel, commonly रामयुवाक. E. काम desire, ईल्य् aff.

कासुक mfn. (-कः-का-की-क) Cupidinous, desirous, lustful, libidinous. m. (-कः) 1. A plant, Asoka, (Jonesia asoca.) 2. A creeping plant, (Gartnera racemosa.) 3. A sparrow. 4. A bow. f. (-का) A woman desirous of wealth, food, &c. f. (-की) A woman libidinous or lustful. E. कम् to desire, उकल् affix, fem. टाप् or डीप्.

कानीदक n. (-कः) Oblation of water to deceased friends, &c. exclusive of those for whom it is directed by law. E. काम will, and उदक water; being given according to the inclination of the giver.

कानीदा f. (-दा) A Ragini, one of the female personifications of the musical modes.

कानीपहत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Overcome with passion or desire. E. काम, and उपहत struck.

काम्पिल m. (-लः) A country believed to be situated in the north of India: see काम्पिल, &c. f. (-ली) The capital city of that region.

काम्पिल m. (-लः) 1. A perfume, commonly Sunda Rochani. 2. A country: see the preceding; also काम्पिल, &c.

काम्पिल m. (-लः) 1. Sunda Rochani, a perfume and drug so called.

2. The name of a country said to be in the north-west of India. E. कपि to tremble or shake, इल्ल affix; also काम्पिल or काम्पील, काम्पिल, &c.

काम्पिका f. (-का) See the preceding.

काम्पील m. (-लः) See काम्पिल and काम्पिल; also काम्पील.

काम्पल mfn. (-लः-ली-ल) Clothed with a blanket, &c. m. (-लः) A car covered with a woollen cloth or blanket. E. कम्पल a blanket, कम्प aff.

काम्पलिक m. (-कः) Gruel, barley-water, &c.

काम्पलिक m. (-कः) A dealer in shells, a vendor of ornaments made of them, &c. E. कम्प a shell, ठल् aff.

काम्पका f. (-का) A plant, (Physalis flexuosa:) see कम्पक.

काम्बीज m. (-जः) 1. A native of Kamboja, a foreign race going like the Yavanas, with the whole of the head shaved, one of the tribes originally Kshetriya, but degraded by omission of the essential rites. 2. A horse of the breed of Kamboya or Kamboja. 3. A white mimosa. 4. A tree, commonly Punnaga, (Rottleria tinctoria) f. (-जी)

1. A plant, commonly Mashani: see मावपरी. 2. A white mimosa, as above. 3. The Gunja-plant. E. कम्बीज Kamboja or Kamboya, a country in the north of India, कम् and डीप् affixes; the plants, &c. being supposed indigenous to that district.

काव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) 1. Agreeable, desirable, amiable. 2. Performed through the desire of some advantage, (a religious ceremony, &c.) 3. Optional, supererogatory, performed for some particular object and opposed to the निवृत्तकर्म or fixed and indispensable observance. 4. Relating to desire, will, &c. 5. Done through lust or passion. E. काम desire, love, &c. and व् aff.

काव्यगिर् f. (-गीः) A pleasing sound, an agreeable speech or song. E. काव्य, and गिर् speech.

काव्यल n. (-लः) 1. Supererogation, will, pleasure. 2. Love, desire. E. काव्य, and ल affix; also with तल्, काव्यला.

काव्यदान n. (-नः) 1. An acceptable or desirable gift. 2. A voluntary gift. E. काव्य, and दान a gift.

काव्यमरण n. (-नः) Voluntary death, suicide. E. काव्य, and मरण dying.

काव्याभिप्राय m. (-यः) The purpose of deriving benefit from any act. E. काव्य, and अभिप्राय intention.

कास mfn. (-सः-सा-स) Slightly acid, acidulous. E. का dimin, कस् sour.

काय mn. (-यः-य) The body. n. (-यः) 1. Part of the hand sacred to the creator; the root of the little finger. 2. Clarified butter or any oblation to BRAHMA. m. (-यः) 1. One of the eight modes of marriage, the same as प्राजापत्य. 2. Assemblage, collection. 3. A butt or mark, an object to be hit or attained. 4. Natural temperament of any thing or being. 5. A house, a habitation. 6. Principal, capital. E. क a name of BRAHMA, and क् deriv. affix, इ is added to क, and कय is substituted for the short vowel; proceeding from or relating to BRAHMA, &c.

कायक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Belonging to the body. E. काय, and कम् added.

कायक्रेम m. (-रः) Bodily suffering, toil or pain. E. काय, and क्रेम distress.

कायचिकित्सा f. (-सा) Treatment of disease, administering medicines. E. काय, and चिकित्सा remedying.

कायवस्त्र n. (-नः) Armour, mail. E. काय the body, and वस्त्र protecting; from वस् to be strong, अस्त्रि व्युट्.

कायमान n. (-नः) A hut of grass or thatch. E. कै to sound, and मान् aff.

कायस m. (-सः) 1. The Supreme Being. 2. A caste or tribe, or man of that tribe; the Kayet'h or writer caste, proceeding from a Kahet-

- triya father and Sudra mother. f. (-स्त्रा) 1. Yellow myrobalan : see हरीतकी. 2. Emblic myrobalan. 3. A drug, commonly Kakoli. 4. A woman of the Kayasth caste. f. (-स्त्री) The wife of a Kayasth or scribe. 2. काय the body or house, and क् who stays, or resides.
- कायपि m. (-पि) The digestive faculty. 2. काय, and अपि fire.
- कायिक mfn. (-कः-का-की-क) Corporeal, relating to the body. 2. काय the body, and क् or क् aff.
- कायिकाहृदि f. (-हिः) Interest arising from service drawn from the body of an animal, (as a cow, &c.) pledged ; or according to some, interest of which the payment does not effect the principal. 2. कायिका corporeal, &c. हृदि interest.
- कार mfn. (-रः-री-र) Who or what does any act, (but used chiefly in composition with other words :) the agent, a maker or doer ; as कुम्हार a potter, a maker of earthen vessels, स्वर्णकार a goldsmith, &c. m. (-रः) 1. Act, action. 2. Killing, slaughter. 3. Certainty. 4. Effort, exertion. 5. Religious austerity. 6. A heap of snow, or a mountain covered with it. 7. Tax, toll, royal revenue. 8. A master, a lord. f. (-रा) 1. A prison. 2. Binding, confinement. 3. A female messenger. 4. The part of a lute below the neck. 5. A female worker in gold, (देमकारिका.) 6. Pain, affliction. 2. कृञ् to make, to do, with क् or क् affix, in the latter case the fem. affix is क्रीप्.
- कारक mfn. (-रकः-रिका-रक) An agent, acting, doing, who or what does, acts, makes, &c. m. (-कः) A noun of action. n. (-क) 1. Action, especially in grammar. 2. That part of grammar comprising all nouns which imply the agent, object, instrument, &c. or any thing except the simple and radical idea ; it also includes the use and government of the cases or syntax. 2. कृञ् to do, and क् affix of agency.
- कारकर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Working, doing work, acting as agent. 2. कार, and कर who does.
- कारकहेतु n. (-तु) Efficient or active cause. 2. कारक what produces, हेतु cause.
- कारकुचीय m. (-यः) The name of a country, that of king Satwa ; or plu. (यः) The people of that country. 2. कार a snowy mountain, कुच the flank, and च affix ; being on the skirts of the Himalaya ridge in the north-west of Hindustan.
- कारज mfn. (-जः-जी-ज) Of or relating to the finger-nail. m. (-जः) A young elephant. 2. कर्ज a nail, &c. क् aff.
- कारण n. (-ण) 1. Cause, motive, origin, principle : in logic, cause is of three kinds ; Samvayi inherent or direct ; Asamavayi proximate or indirect ; and Nimitta instrumental or incidental. 2. Action, agency. 3. Killing, injuring. 4. An organ of sense. 5. An instrument or means. 6. An element, elementary matter. 7. A deity, as the remote or proximate cause of creation. 8. A number of scribes. 9. A kind of musical instrument. 10. A sort of song, &c. see करण. 11. The origin of a story (of a play or poem.) f. (-णा) 1. Pain, agony. 2. Casting into hell. 3. An astronomical period. 2. कृञ् to do or act, in the causal form, and क् or क् affix, or करण, and क् added.
- कारणकारण n. (-ण) 1. A primary cause 2. An elementary cause, an atom. 2. कारण repeated.
- कारणगुण m. (-गु) An elementary or causal property. 2. कारण, and गुण property.
- कारणगुणोद्भवगुण m. (-गु) A secondary or derivative property, as form, taste, smell, &c. produced by combinations of elementary or causal particles. 2. कारणगुण, and उद्भवगुण produced property.
- कारणत्व n. (-त्व) Causality, causation. 2. त्व added to कारण, and त्व affix, or with क्, कारणत्व.
- कारणमात्रा f. (-त्रा) A series or chain of events. 2. कारण, and मात्रा a wreath.
- कारणवादि m. (-दी) A complainant, a plaintiff. 2. कारण the cause, and वादि who declares.
- कारणवरीर n. (-र) The inner rudiment of the body or causal frame, the seat of the soul. 2. कारण, and वरीर body.
- कारणभाव m. (-वः) Absence of cause. 2. कारण, and अभाव nonentity.
- कारणिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Investigating, trying, ascertaining the cause. 2. Causal, causative. 2. कारण action, and क् aff.
- कारणीतर n. (-र) Special plea, denial of the cause of complaint, admission of the charge generally, but denial of the issue ; as to a demand of debt, acknowledgement that it was incurred, but assertion that the loan has been repaid, &c. 2. कारण the cause, and उत्तर answer. [nastic aff.]
- कारण्य m. (-यः-वी) A sort of duck. 2. कारण Vallisneria, पक्ष प्लो-कारण्ययुग्म m. (-यु) A Buddha or sanctified being according to the Bauddhas. 2. कारण the same, वै to go, and य aff.
- कारणमि m. (-मी) 1. A brazier, a worker in mixed or white metal. 2. A mineralogist, an assayer. 2. कार work, and मिन् who blows ; from वा to blow, and मि aff.
- कारण्य f. (-ण्य) A plant bearing a fragrant seed, commonly Priyangu. का for कु bad, कारण beginning ; very diminutive while young.
- कारणमिहिका f. (-का) Camphor.
- कारण्यत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Causing to do, conferring any power or authority to do, &c. कृ to do, causal form, कृत् aff.
- कारण्यमात्र mfn. (-मः-मा-म) Doing what is appointed, carrying into effect what has been ordered. 2. कृ to do, causal form, मात्रत् aff.
- कारण्यिह mfn. (-ता-पी-ह) Causing to act or do. 2. कृ to do, causal form, हत् aff.
- कारण्य m. (-यः) A crow. 2. का an imitative sound, र्ण who sounds. f. (-नी) 1. A kind of Anise, (Anethum sowa.) 2. Another plant, (Celosia cristata) 3. The asafœtida plant or its leaf, Hinguparui. 4. A kind of fennel, (Nigella Indica.) 4. A small gourd. 2. क water, बाङ् before क to go, क् and क्रीप् affs.
- कारण्येज् m. (-जः) A kind of gourd, (Momordica charantia.) 2. कार certainty, and जेज् what goes ; also with क् added कारण्येज्क.
- कारण्येज्क m. (-कः) See the preceding.
- कारण्यर m. (-रः) 1. A medicinal plant. 2. A tree. 2. कार toll, revenue, and र what makes ; र is inserted in this sense, for the sake of euphony.
- कारण्यराटिका f. (-का) A centipede or worm resembling it, (Julus.) 2. कारण्यर a tree, and टट what goes.
- कारण्यार n. (-र) A gaol, a place of confinement. 2. कारण्य confinement, and कारण्यार or कारण्यार a house
- कारण्यगुण mfn. (-गुः-गु-गु) Captive, imprisoned, confined, a prisoner. 2. कारण्य confinement, and गुण concealed.
- कारण्यिका f. (-का) A female crane.
- कारण्यर m. (-रः) A man of a mixed and low caste, a man born of a Nishadha father and Vaidehi mother, employed in working in leather or hides. 2. कार, and र low. [house.]
- कारण्येज्क n. (-ज्क) A prison, a gaol. 2. कारण्य confinement, and जेज्क a
- कारि mfn. (-रिः-रिः-रि) An artist, an artificer. f. (-रिः) Action, act, agency. 2. कृञ् to do, and इन् Unadi aff.
- कारिका f. (-का) 1. An actress, a dancing woman. 2. Action, agency. 3. Comment, gloss. 4. An art, a profession. 5. Sharp pain. 6. Interest at any stipulated rate. 2. कृञ् to do, and क् affix, fem. termination टाप् and क् substituted for the penultimate vowel.
- कारित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Caused to be made or done, brought about, effected. f. (-ता) Stipulated interest ; also कारिका, and कारिकाहृदि. 2. कृ to do, in the causal form, and त् aff.
- कारितवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) 1. Making, doing. 2. Calling, appointing. 2. कृ to do, कृत् aff.

कारिन् mfn. (-री-रि-रि) An actor, acting, doing. E. कृ to do, and रि aff.  
 कारीष n. (-ष) A great quantity of dried cow-dung. E. करीष, and ष aff.  
 कार mfn. (-र-र-र) 1. An artist, an artificer, an agent, a maker, a doer. m. (-रः) A name of VISWAKARMA, the artist of the gods.  
 2. An art, a science. E. कृ to do, and ष Unadi aff.  
 कारक m. (-कः) An artisan, an artificer. E. कार, and क added.  
 कारवीर m. (-रः) One who commits burglary.  
 कारज m. (-जः) 1. A piece of mechanism, any product of manufacture.  
 2. An ant-hill, a hillock. 3. A young elephant. 4. Sesamum growing spontaneously. 5. A plant, (Mesua ferrea.) 6. Froth, foam. 7. Red orpiment. E. कार an art or artist, and ज what is born or produced.  
 कारुणिक mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) Compassionate, tender, kind. E. कृणा compassion, and ण aff.  
 कारुणी f. (-णी) A leech; also कारुणिका.  
 कारुण्य n. (-ण्य) Compassion, tenderness. E. कृणा compassion, &c. ण्य aff.  
 कारुष m. (-रः) 1. The offspring of the degraded or outcaste Vaisya tribe. 2. A country; plu. m. (-राः) Its inhabitants; also कुरुषु.  
 कारुण्य m. (-न्यः) The hand of the artisan or artificer. E. कार, and ण्य hand.  
 कारीर m. (-रः) Yeast, barm, froth. E. कार action, and र first, best, chief.  
 कारीर m. (-रः) 1. Barm, yeast; see the preceding. 2. A well. E. आ before, र best, instead of र.  
 कारुण्य mfn. (-न्यः-कौ-क) Done by or relating to a pheasant. E. कृणा, and ण्य aff.  
 कारुण्य mfn. (-न्यः-कौ-क) Produced or done by a cock, &c. E. कृणा, and ण्य aff.  
 कारुण्य n. (-ण्य) 1. Hardness, firmness, solidity. 2. Sternness, inflexibility. E. कृणा, and ण्य aff.  
 कारुण्य mfn. (-न्यः-कौ-क) Like a white horse. E. कृणा, and ईकृ aff.  
 कारुण्य mfn. (-न्यः-कौ-क) Relating to the ear, auricular, &c. n. (-ण्य) An ear-ring. E. कृणा, and ण्य aff.  
 कारुण्य mfn. (-न्यः-कौ-क) A sort of well. E. कृणा the opening of the ear, कृ affix of similitude, ण्य added.  
 कारुण्य mfn. (-न्यः-कौ-क) Ornamented with ear-ring. E. कृणा, and ण्य affix; also read कारुण्य.  
 कारुण्य m. (-न्यः) 1. The name of a king, also called ARJUNA, killed by PARASURAMA. 2. The name of one of the Jaina chakravartins or emperors of the world. E. कृणा the father of this prince, ण्य patronymic aff.  
 कारुण्य n. (-रः) 1. Gold. 2. Thorn apple. E. कृणा a kind of mine, and ण्य affix, implying production; or कृणा a reader of the Vedas, (from कृ made, and र a sound;) to whom gold is given as a reward.  
 कारुण्य m. (-कः) An astrologer. E. कृणा fortune, luck, and ण्य affix; acquainted with the fates.  
 कारुण्य m. (-कः) 1. The month Kartik, (October-November,) when the moon is full near the Pleiades. 2. The deity KARTIKEYA. E. कृणा the Pleiades, ण्य aff.  
 कारुण्य m. (-कः) See the preceding, ण्य affix added.  
 कारुण्य m. (-कः) KARTIKEYA, the deity of war and son of SIVA. E. कृणा the personified Pleiades, and ण्य affix; according to the legend, having been fostered and brought up by the nymphs so called.  
 कारुण्य f. (-ण्य) A name of DURGA. E. कृणा, and ण्य the mother.  
 कारुण्य m. (-न्यः) The day of full moon in the month KARTIK, a festival. E. कृणा the month, and ण्य festival.  
 कारुण्य n. (-न्यः) The whole, all, entire. E. कृणा, and ण्य aff.

कारुण्य n. (-न्यः) The whole, all, entire. E. कृणा, and ण्य aff.  
 कारुण्य mfn. (-न्यः-कौ-क) Made of mud, filled with it, &c. E. कृणा, and ण्य affix; also with ण्य, कारुण्य.  
 कारुण्य m. (-न्यः) 1. Lac, the animal dye. 2. A petitioner, a suitor, one who begs for employment, &c.  
 कारुण्य m. (-न्यः) 1. A parasite. 2. A pilgrim, one who spends his life in pilgrimage, or who subsists by carrying water from holy rivers. E. कृणा to be able, ण्य affix, ण्य added.  
 कारुण्य n. (-न्यः) 1. Poverty, indigence. 2. Pouredness of spirit, weakness, imbecility. E. कृणा poor, ण्य aff.  
 कारुण्य mfn. (-न्यः-कौ-क) Made of cotton, cottony, &c. n. (-न्यः) 1. The cotton plant, (Gossypium hirsutum-) n. (-न्यः) 1. Cotton cloth, &c. 2. Paper. E. कृणा to make, to do, ण्य Unadi affix, the vowel of the radical being lengthened.  
 कारुण्य m. (-न्यः) A spindle. E. कारुण्य, and ण्य the nose.  
 कारुण्य n. (-न्यः) The seed of the cotton plant. E. कारुण्य, and ण्य a bone.  
 कारुण्य mfn. (-न्यः-कौ-क) Made of or from cotton. f. (-न्यः) The cotton plant; see कारुण्य. E. कारुण्य, and ण्य affix; or कारुण्य with कृणा.  
 कारुण्य mfn. (-न्यः-कौ-क) Laborious, industrious, occupied. E. कृणा an act, and ण्य aff.  
 कारुण्य mfn. (-न्यः-कौ-क) Finishing a work, doing it well or completely. n. (-न्यः) Magic, performing any thing by means of magical incantations. E. कृणा work, act, ण्य aff.  
 कारुण्य n. (-न्यः) Magic, fascination. E. कृणा added to the last.  
 कारुण्य mfn. (-न्यः-कौ-क) 1. Manufactured, made. 2. Worked, embroidered, intermixed with coloured thread, (cloth, &c.) E. कृणा work, art, affix ण्य.  
 कारुण्य mfn. (-न्यः-कौ-क) Finishing a work, doing it well or completely. n. (-न्यः) A bamboo. n. (-न्यः) A bow. E. कृणा act, action, and ण्य aff.  
 कारुण्य m. (-न्यः) A soldier, an archer. E. कारुण्य, and ण्य who has.  
 कारुण्य mfn. (-न्यः-कौ-क) 1. To be done. 2. What ought to be done, fit, right. n. (-न्यः) 1. Cause, origin. 2. Motive, object. 3. Effect, result of a cause. 4. Affair, business. 5. Law-suit, dispute. 6. The denouncement of a drama. 7. In grammar, an adjunct, either as an affix, augment or substitute, E. कृणा to do, and ण्य aff.  
 कारुण्य n. (-न्यः) Cause of a special or incidental kind, originating in some act or occasion. E. कारुण्य, and कारुण्य cause.  
 कारुण्य ind. Incidentally, from some special cause. E. कारुण्य, and तसि aff.  
 कारुण्य m. (-न्यः) Time for action, appointed time, season, opportunity. E. कारुण्य, and काल time.  
 कारुण्य mfn. (-न्यः-कौ-क) Finishing a work, doing it well or completely. E. कारुण्य business, and कृणा prosperous, successful.  
 कारुण्य mfn. (-न्यः-कौ-क) Competent, fit, able. E. कारुण्य, and कृणा able.  
 कारुण्य f. (-न्यः) Necessity or importance of any act. E. कारुण्य, and कृणा weight; also कारुण्य.  
 कारुण्य mfn. (-न्यः-कौ-क) Prudent, considerate, cautious. E. कारुण्य, and चिन्त who reflects.  
 कारुण्य f. (-न्यः) Prudence, caution, consideration. E. कारुण्य, and चिन्त reflection.  
 कारुण्य ind. Consequently, necessarily, actually. E. कारुण्य act, and तसि aff.  
 कारुण्य n. (-न्यः) Inspection, supervision. E. कारुण्य, and कृणा seeing.  
 कारुण्य m. (-न्यः) 1. Judgment, ascertainment of the fact. 2. Settlement of an affair. E. कारुण्य affair, cause, and ण्य ascertainment; also कारुण्य.  
 कारुण्य m. (-न्यः) 1. An impudent or shameless fellow. 2. An idler, one who follows unprofitable pursuits. 3. A madman, a crazy or

half-brained man. **कार्य** object, cause, &c. पुद् to rub, to-destroy, क aff.

**कार्य** शून्य m. (-यः) Idleness. **कार्य**, and प्रवृत्ति aversion.

**कार्य** भजन n. (-नः) Any one engaged in active life, one fit for business or conducting affairs. **कार्य**, and भाजन vessel; also कार्यवाह.

**कार्य** वत् ind. Actually, according to act on motive. **कार्य**, and वति aff.

**कार्य** वत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) 1. Engaged in business. 2. Having a cause or motive. 3. Doing one's duty **कार्य** and वत् aff.

**कार्य** वत्ता f. (-ता) Act, notion. **कार्य** वत् and वत् affix; also **कार्य** वत्.

**कार्य** वत्त m. (-तः) Necessary consequence. **कार्य** cause, and वत् subjection to.

**कार्य** वत्त u. (-त्त) End, object. **कार्य**, and वत् thing, what is to be done.

**कार्य** विपत्ति f. (-पत्तिः) Failure, reverse, misfortune. **कार्य**, and विपत्ति misfortune.

**कार्य** शेष m. (-शेषः) The completion of a business or affair begun. **कार्य**, and शेष rest.

**कार्य** संदेह m. (-हः) Embarrassment, difficulty. **कार्य**, and संदेह doubt.

**कार्य** सागर m. (-गरः) Business, heavy business, weighty affairs. **कार्य**, and सागर ocean; also similar compounds, as कार्याभि, &c.

**कार्य** साधक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Accomplishing any object. **कार्य**, and साधक what completes.

**कार्य** साधन n. (-नः) Means of effecting any object, instrument, implement, aid. **कार्य**, and साधन means.

**कार्य** सिद्धि f. (-द्धिः) Accomplishment, success, fulfilment of any object or purpose. **कार्य**, and सिद्धि success.

**कार्य** हन् mfn. (-हन्-हन्ती-हन्) Foiling, counteracting, opposing all one's aims. **कार्य**, and हन् who destroys.

**कार्याचक्षु** mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) Unfit, incompetent, unable. **कार्य**, and चक्षु unable.

**कार्यान्त** n. (-न्तः) The end of a business. **कार्य**, and चक्षु end.

**कार्यार्थ** m. (-र्थः) 1. An object or purpose. 2. Application for employment, n. or ad. (-र्थः) 1. For the sake of any particular object. 2. To perform any work or duty. **कार्य**, and चक्षु object.

**कार्यार्थसिद्धि** f. (-द्धिः) The accomplishment of any object or purpose. **कार्य**, and सिद्धि fulfilment.

**कार्यार्थिन्** mfn. (-र्थिन्-र्थिनी-र्थि) 1. Having an object or purpose. 2. Applying for employment. **कार्य**, and र्थि aff.

**कार्यक्ष** mfn. (-क्षः-क्षी-क्षं) Having business, transacting business. 2. Seeking employment, &c. 3. Engaged in a suit at law. **कार्य**, and उक्त् aff.

**कार्यिन्** mfn. (-र्यिन्-र्यिनी-र्यि) 1. Seeking for employment. 2. One who transacts business, active, assiduous. 3. Having an object. 4. A party to a suit, either as plaintiff or defendant. 5. Requiring an affix, &c. **कार्य**, and र्थि aff.

**कार्योपचय** n. (-चयः) Superintendence of public affairs, &c. **कार्य**, and उपचय seeing.

**कार्योपहार** m. (-हारः) Discharge of any duty, performance of any act. **कार्य**, and उपहार extrication.

**कार्योपगत** mfn. (-गतः-गता-गतं) Engaged in any business, intent upon any object. **कार्य**, and उपगत active.

**कार्योपयोग** m. (-योगः) Active engagement in any business. **कार्य**, and उपयोग exertion.

**कार्योन्म** mfn. (-न्मः-न्मी-न्मं) Fiery, hot, glaring, relating to fire. **कार्य** fire, उक्त् aff.

**कार्य** m. (-र्यः) The Sal tree, (Shorea robusta) see **कार्य** u. (-र्यः) Thinness, emaciation. **कार्य** thin, उक्त् aff.

**कार्योरी** f. (-री) A plant, commonly Gambhari : see **कार्य**.

**कार्यक** m. (-कः) A husbandman. **कार्य** to draw furrows, उक्त् unadi affix, and the vowel made long.

**कार्यवत्** m. (-वत्-वती-वत्) A weight or measure of different values, as syno-

nimsa with Karsha; it is of gold, weighing sixteen Maahas, or about 176 grains; of silver, it is in value sixteen Panas of kowries, or in tale 1280 commonly termed a Kahan: of copper it weighs eighty Retis, or the same as of gold, about 176 grains; according to some, it is the same as a Pan of Kowries, or in tale eighty. n. (-वत्) Money, gold and silver. m. (-वत्) A husbandman. **कार्य** a Karsha of silver, **कार्य** custom, habit, and the vowel of **कार्य** lengthened; also with उक्त् added **कार्योपचय** : see **कार्य** and **कार्य**.

**कार्योपचय** n. (-चयः) The Karsha of the lowest value. **कार्य**, and उपचय low.

**कार्योपचय** mfn. (-चयः-चयी-चयं) Bought, &c. with a Karsha. **कार्य**, and उक्त् aff.

**कार्य** f. (-र्यः) 1. Ploughing, cultivation. 2. Drawing, attracting. **कार्य** to draw, उक्त् affix, and the vowel made long.

**कार्य** m. (-र्यः) 1. A weight : see the preceeding. 2. A husbandman. **कार्य** a measure, ploughing, &c. and उक्त् aff.

**कार्य** mfn. (-र्यः-र्यी-र्यं) 1. Black. 2. Of or belonging to the black antelope. m. (-र्यः) The black antelope. **कार्य**, and उक्त् aff.

**कार्यवत्** mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Made of black iron. **कार्य**, and उक्त् aff.

**कार्य** m. (-र्यः) A name of KAMADEVA. **कार्य** the deity KRISHNA, and उक्त् affix; the son of KRISHNA.

**कार्य** m. (-र्यः) The Sal tree, (Shorea robusta) **कार्य** to make furrows, उक्त् aff.

**कार्य** n. (-र्यः) A forest of Sal trees. **कार्य**, and वत् a wood the final changed.

**कार्य** r. 10th cl. (कार्यवत्) To count time.

**कार्य** mfn. (-र्यः-र्या-र्यं) Black, of a dark colour, dark blue especially, which is usually confounded with black. m. (-र्यः) 1. Time. 2. A name of YAMA, regent of the dead. 3. A black colour. 4. Death. 5. A form of SIVA. 6. The planet Saturn. 7. The Koil. 8. Cassia fistula. 9. Resin. 10. A plant, a red kind of plumbago. n. (र्यः) 1. Iron. 2. A black agallochum : see **कार्य**. 3. A vegetable poison, perhaps the fruit of the Cocculus Indicus. f. (-र्यः) 1. Indigo, (Indigofera tinctoria.) 2. A black sort of Teori. 3. Calonji, (Nigella Indica.) 4. Madder, (Rubia manjith.) (-र्या or -र्यी) A name of the goddess DURGA the wife of SIVA. (-र्यी) 1. The wife of SANTANU a king. 2. One of the Matris or divine mothers. 3. A female deity of the Bauddhas. 4. A row or succession of clouds. 5. Ink or blacking. 6. A worm or animalcule generated in the acetous fermentation of milk. 7. Abuse, censure, defamation. 8. Night. 9. Trumpet flower, (Bignonia surve-olens.) 10. One of the seven tongues or flames of fire. **कार्य** to count or reckon, &c. in the causal form, उक्त् affix, fem. affix टाप् or उक्त्.

**कार्य** mfn. (-र्यः-र्या-र्यं) Black, dark coloured. m. (-र्यः) 1. A freckle, a mark. 2. A water snake. f. (-र्यः) The mother of a class Asuras. n. (-र्यः) The liver. **कार्य** to reckon, (good or bad fortune), उक्त् affix; or **कार्य** black, and उक्त् aff.

**कार्य** f. (-र्यः) A sort of Arum, (A. colocasia) **कार्य** black and उक्त् Arum.

**कार्य** m. (-र्यः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. A water fowl, a gallinule. 3. A sparrow. 4. A peacock. 5. A wagtail. 6. A tree, (Pentaptera tomentosa) see **कार्य**. **कार्य** black, and उक्त् the throat.

**कार्य** m. (-र्यः) A gallinule. **कार्य** added to the preceding.

**कार्य** f. (-र्यः) Misfortune, misery; also **कार्य**.

**कार्य** m. (-र्यः) A water snake.

**कार्य** m. (-र्यः) A sort of pulse, (Phaseolus max.) **कार्य** black, उक्त् pulse.

**कार्य** n. (-र्यः) Appointing a time. **कार्य**, and उक्त् making.

**कार्य** mfn. (-र्यः-र्या-र्यं) Like death, fatal, deadly. **कार्य**, and उक्त् Loike.



कालकलसी f. (-सी) A plant, (*Hibiscus abelmoschus*.) E. काल black, and कलसी musk; the seeds having a smell of musk when rubbed.

कालकारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Effected or brought about by or in time. E. काल, and कारित occasioned.

कालकोल m. (-लः) A confused or mingled sound, a tumult; also कालकोलक m. (-कः).

कालकुट्ट m. (-ट्टः) A name of YAMA. E. काल time, and कुट्ट confusing, distressing.

कालकुट्ट n. (-ट्ट) A sort of earth from the mountains.

कालकुट्ट mn. (-ट्टः-ट्टः) A kind of poison. E. काल YAMA, कूट to destroy, चप् affix; destroying even the regent of death.

कालकुट्ट m. (-ट्टः) A name of SIVA. E. कालकुट्ट poison, and कूट who takes.

कालकृत m. (-कृत) The sun. E. काल time, and कृत who makes; who marks the time; also कालकृत.

कालकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Fixed, appointed, (as to time.) 2. Lent or deposited by a giver. 3. Produced or effected by time. m. (-तः) 1. The sun: see the preceding. 2. Time. E. काल and कृत done.

कालचप m. (-पः) Spending or passing time. E. काल and चप throwing away; also कालचपन्.

कालखन्न n. (-नः) The liver. E. काल black, and खज् to go, युच् aff.

कालखन्न E. (-ख) The liver. E. काल black, and खन्न part.

कालगन्ध m. (-न्धः) Kind of Cobra (*de copella*): see चलगन्ध.

कालयन्त्रि m. (-न्त्रिः) A year. E. काल time, and यन्त्रि a knot or joint.

कालवृत्त m. (-वृत्तः) A plant, (*Cassia fistula*.)

कालचक्र n. (-चक्रः) 1. A cycle, a given revolution of time. 2. A period, according to the Jains, of twelve Aras; see चर.

कालघर m. (-घरः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. The name of a rock in Bundelkhand, the modern Kallinjer. 3. The adjacent country. 4. An assembly or collection of religious medicants; Kallinjer is one of the places at which such assemblies meet, being enumerated in the Vedas amongst the *Tapasyasthanas*, or spots adapted to practices of austere devotion. f. (-रा or -री) An appellation of DURGA, E. काल in the second case, time or death, and घर who makes old, or causes to decay; irregularly deduced from the causal of कृ to become old.

कालज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञः) One who knows times or season. m. (-ज्ञः) 1. An astrologer. 2. A cook. E. काल, and ज्ञ who knows.

कालदण्ड m. (-ण्डः) The staff of death, death. E. काल, and दण्ड staff.

कालधर्म m. (-धर्मः) 1. Death, dying. 2. Influence of time, seasonableness, effects proper to the time or season. E. काल time, and धर्म virtue, property.

कालनियोग m. (-नियोगः) Fate, destiny. E. काल and नियोग will.

कालनिर्यास m. (-निर्यासः) A fragrant and resinous substance. (*Bellium*): see गन्धु. E. काल black, and निर्यास an extract.

कालनेमि m. (-निमिः) 1. A demon, the son of HIRANYAKASIPU. 2. A Rakshasa described in the Ramayana.

कालनेमिन् m. (-नीमिन्) A demon: see कालनेमि.

कालनेमिरिपु m. (-रिपुः) An epithet of KRISHNA. E. कालनेमि the name of a demon who undertook to destroy the deity in his youth, and रिपु the foe: see similar names.

कालनेमिहन् m. (-हन्) KRISHNA or VISHNU. see the preceding. E. कालनेमि, and हन् who kills or destroys.

कालनेमिरि m. (-रिः) See कालनेमिरिपु. E. As above, करि a foe. [matured].

कालपक्व mfn. (-कः-कता-कतः) Spontaneously ripened. E. काल and पक्व.

कालपत्र m. (-पत्रः) A tree bearing dark coloured leaves, (*Taberna montana coronaria*), commonly Tagara: see E. वृत्त काल black, and पत्र a leaf.

कालपरिवाह m. (-परिवाहः) Standing for a time, (as to get stale or fermented, &c.) E. काल and परिवाह abiding.

कालपाश m. (-पाशः) The noose of YAMA or death. E. काल, and पाश a noose.

कालपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) 1. One of YAMA's attendants or ministers. 2. An astrological figure of a man, with the positions of the constellations, &c. inscribed on different parts of the body for the purpose of predicting his fortunes; also कालपुत्र, &c. E. काल black, and पुत्र a man.

कालपृष्ठ n. (-पृष्ठः) 1. The bow of KARNA. 2. A bow in general. m. (-पृष्ठः) 1. The black antelope. 2. A heron. E. काल black, and पृष्ठ the back; black-backed.

कालप्रभात n. (-प्रभातः) The sultry season, autumn, the two months following the rainy season. E. काल time, and प्रभात shining.

कालप्रवृद्ध mfn. (-वृद्धः-वृद्धः) Over-blown, over-ripe. E. काल, and प्रवृद्ध blown.

कालबलन m. (-बलनः) Armour, mail. E. काल death, and बलन strengthening, defending; perhaps a wrong reading for कायबलन, q. v.

कालमान m. (-मानः) Black Tulasi; also read कालमाल.

कालमृच्छक m. (-मृच्छकः) A plant, (*Bignonia Indica*)

कालमणिक्का f. (-मणिक्का) 1. Bengal madder, (*Rubia manjit'h*.) 2. A black sort of Teori, a plant so called, a species of convolvulus: see कालमेषिका.

कालमेशी f. (-मेशी) See कालमेषी.

कालमेषिका f. (-मेषिका) 1. Bengal madder. 2. Black Teori: see विहता. E. काल black, मिष् to possess, चन् and डोष् affixes, and कन् added; or without this affix, कालमेषी; also being derived from मिष् to sound, कालमेषिका and कालमेशी.

कालमेषी f. (-मेषी) 1. A plant, (*Serratula anthelmintica*.) 2. Bengal madder, (*Rubia manjit'h*): see the preceding.

कालयवन m. (-यवनः) An Asura, an enemy of KRISHNA, destroyed by him by stratagem. E. काल black, यवन a Yavana.

कालयाप m. (-यापः) 1. Procrastination, putting off, delaying. 2. Passing away time. E. काल, and या to go, causal form, चप् affix; also with क्युट्, कालयापन्; also याप: and यापन्.

कालरात्रि m. (-रात्रिः) 1. A particular night, one which occurs on the 7th day of the 7th month of every 77th years; after such a period of life, a man is exempt from attention to the usual ordinances. 2. The last night of a Kalpa. 3. A dark night. 4. A form of Sakti or DURGA. E. काल black, time, and रात्रि a night: see भीमरात्री.

काललवण n. (-लवणः) A factitious and purgative salt, commonly Bitlavan or Bitnaban. E. काल black, and लवण salt.

काललोह n. (-लोहः) Iron. E. काल black, and लोह a metal.

कालवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A kind of vetch: see कालवृक्ष. E. काल black, वृक्ष tree.

कालहृदि f. (-हृदिः) Periodical interest, payable monthly, &c. E. काल, and हृदि interest.

कालवृन्त m. (-वृन्तः) A kind of vetch, (*Dolichos biflorus*.) f. (-वृन्तः) Trumpet flower. E. काल black, and वृन्त stalk: see कुलस.

कालवेला f. (-वेला) A season at which any act is improper, half a watch in every day. E. काल and वेला time.

कालघात n. (-घातः) A sort of potherb. E. काल black, घात a potherb.

कालशेय n. (-शेयः) Buttermilk. E. कालशी a jar, and शेय affix; produced in a jar or pitcher by churning; also कालशेय.

कालसंरीक m. (-संरीकः) Lapse of a long period of time. E. काल time, संरीक impediment.

कालसदृश mfn. (-सदृशः-सदृशी) 1. Opportune, seasonable. 2. Deathlike. E. काल and सदृश like.

कालसम्पन्न mfn. (-सम्पन्नः-सम्पन्ना) 1. Dated, bearing a date. 2. Effected by time. E. काल, and सम्पन्न produced.

कालसर्प m. (-सर्पः) The black and most deadly variety of the cobra, (*Coluber naga*) E. काल black, and सर्प a serpent.

कालसार m. (-सारः) The black antelope, n. (-सारः) A sort of Sandal. E. काल black, and सार essence.

कालि n. (-क) One of the twenty-one bells. E. काल from कल् to count, a reckoning, and कल् a thread, a rule; also with कल् added काल-  
नक.  
कालसेव n. (-क) Buttermilk; see कालसेव.  
कालक m. (-क) 1. A sort of ebony, (*Diospyros melanoxylon*, Rox.)  
2. The Tamala, a tree bearing dark blossoms. 3. Another plant:  
see जीवक. 4. The glomerous fig tree. E. काल black and काल the  
trunk of a tree.  
कालाकट mfn. (-क-टा ट) 1. Led to death or destruction, drawn to or  
by one's fate. 2. Produced or brought about by time. E. काल, and  
कालाकट attracted.  
कालाचरित mfn. (-क-की-क) A scholar, a pupil. E. काल time, चरित a  
letter, and टक् aff.  
कालागुह n. (-क) A black kind of aloe wood or agallochum: see अगुह. E.  
काल black, and अगुह agallochum.  
कालाग्नि m. (-ग्नि) The fire that is to destroy the world. E. काल, and  
अग्नि fire.  
कालाग्रणी f. (-नी) A small shrub, used as a purgative.  
कालाव्यय m. (-य) Loss or destruction by lapse of time. E. काल, and  
व्यय destruction.  
कालानुवादिन् m. (-दी) 1. A large black bee. 2. A sparrow. 3. The fran-  
coline partridge. E. काल season, and अनुवादिन् who sings or sounds.  
कालानुसारक n. (-क) 1. A tree, commonly Tagara 2. Yellow Sandal. E.  
काल, and अनुसार being like or conforming to.  
कालानुसारि m. (-रि) 1. Benzoin or benjamin. E. काल black, अनुसार  
resembling, being, and रि affix; also कालानुसारि the affix being इत.  
कालानुसार्य n. (-र्य) 1. Gum benjamin or benzoin. 2. A yellow fragrant  
wood from which a perfume is prepared. 3. A timber tree, com-  
monly Sisu: see जिम्पा. 4. A tree, commonly Tagara. E. See the  
preceding; also with कल् added कालानुसार्यक.  
कालान्तक m. (-क) YAMA, death. E. काल and अन्तक destroyer.  
कालान्तर n. (-र) 1. Interval intermediate time. 2. Period, process of  
time. 3. A former or another time. E. काल and अन्तर between &c.  
कालान्तरविष m. (-वि) A poisonous animal, venomous only when enraged  
or alarmed, as a rat, &c. E. काल time, अन्तर after or at, and विष  
poison; having venom only at times.  
कालान्तरावृत्त mfn. (-वृ-ता-वृ) Hidden or concealed by times. E. कालान्तर,  
and आवृत्त covered.  
कालाव m. (-व) 1. A serpent's hood. 2. A demon, an imp or goblin. 3.  
A student of the Kalapa grammar. E. कालाव, and वक् aff.  
कालावस n. (-स) Iron. E. काल, and अवस iron, टक् aff.  
कालावधि m. (-धि) A fixed or appointed time. E. काल, and अवधि limit.  
कालाशीव n. (-व) Season of mourning or impurity. E. काल and अशीव  
impurity.  
कालिक mfn. (-क-की-क) 1. Relating to time 2. Seasonable. 3. Of long  
standing. 4. Of a dark colour, black, blackish, &c. m. (-क) The  
curlew. n. (-क) A black kind of Sandal: see कालीयक. f. (-का) 1.  
Cloudiness, a multitude or succession of clouds. 2. A dark cloud  
threatening rain. 3. A fog or mist, &c. 4. The goddess GAURI. 5.  
A terrific goddess, a form of CHANDI or DURGA. 6. A female  
singer of Swarga. 7. Blackness, a black colour. 8. A fault or flaw  
in gold, &c. 9. Spirituous liquor. 10. A plant; see इषिकपन.  
11. A kind of potherb. 12. The branch of a cucumber plant. 13.  
Spikenard. 14. A line of hair extending to the navel. 15. A female  
Price of a commodity on credit, or a price to be paid at  
a fixed period, or by instalments. 17. Periodical interest paid by  
the month, &c. 18. An animalcule formed by the fermentation of  
milk. 19. Ink or blacking. 20. A small bird, commonly S'yama.  
21. A medicinal plant: see कालिक. E. काल black, &c. टक् or कल्  
affix.

कालिकता f. (-ता) Time, date, season. E. कालिक, and तक् affix; also with  
कल्, कालिकता.  
कालिक mfn. (-क-की-क) Produced in or belonging to the Kalinga  
country. m. (-क) 1. An elephant. 2. A snake. 3. A species of  
cucumber, (*Cucumis utilatissimus*.) 4. A sort of iron. f. (-की) A  
gourd or cucumber. n. (-क) The water melon. E. कालिक a country,  
and कल् aff.  
कालिदास m. (-स) The name of a celebrated poet, author of Sakuntala,  
Vikramorvasi, the Megha Duta, the Raghu Vansa, the Nalodoya  
and other poems; he was one of nine poets or gems of VIKRAMA-  
DIRYA's court, and is supposed to have flourished in the century  
preceding the Christian era; the name is however applied to  
more persons than one, and seems, in measure, to have been  
used as an honorary title; the work attributed to this author are  
amongst the most elegant compositions in the Sanskrit language.  
E. काली the goddess DURGA, and दास a slave, the final of काली  
being made short.  
कालिदासक m. (-क) The poet KALIDASA: see the preceding. E. कल्  
added to कालिदास.  
कालिनी f. (-नी) One of the lunar mansions: see चार्दी. E. काल time affixes  
रिनि and नीन्.  
कालिन्दक n. (-क) The water melon.  
कालिन्दी f. (-दी) The YAMUNA or JUMNA river. E. कालिन्द. A mountain,  
part of the Himalaya range, and the seat of the river's source,  
चक् aff.  
कालिन्दीकवर्ण m. (-वर्ण) A name of BALARAMA. E. कालिन्दी the YAMUNA,  
and कवर्ण the plougher; having diverted the stream into a new  
and devious channel, marked out by his ploughshare.  
कालिन्दीनद m. (-न) BALARAMA. E. कालिन्दी, and निद to break, affix  
क्युट्: see the preceding word.  
कालिन्दीर् f. (-र्) The wife of SURYA and mother of YAMUNA the per-  
sonified river. E. कालिन्दी, and न् who bears, from न् to bear child-  
ren, and रिप् aff.  
कालिन्दीसौदर m. (-र) YAMA. E. कालिन्दी, and सौदर brother.  
कालिन्दी m. (-मा) Blackness. E. काल black, इनिच aff.  
कालिय mfn. (-य-या-य) Relating to time, &c. m. (-य) A serpent des-  
troyed by KRISHNA. E. काल, and य aff.  
कालीक m. (-क) A curlew, a sort of heron: see कालिक.  
कालीकी f. (-की) The court of judgment of YAMA, regent and judge of  
the dead.  
कालीकनय m. (-य) A buffalo. E. काली the goddess, and नयन a son: i. e.  
a favourite.  
कालीन mfn. (-न-ना-न) Timely, seasonable, relating to time. E. काल,  
and न aff.  
कालीय mfn. (-य-या-य) Relating to time, to blackness, &c. n. (-य) A  
dark of kind of Sandal, or perhaps of Agallochum: see कालीयक.  
E. काल black, and य aff.  
कालीयक n. (-क) 1. A yellow fragrant wood, perhaps a species of aloe  
wood. 2. A dark kind of Sandal wood. m. (-क) A species of tur-  
meric. (*Curcuma zanthorhiza*): see दादहरिडा. E. कल् added to the  
last, of a black or blackish hue; also कालीय, कालीय, &c.  
कालुक्च n. (-च) Foulness, dirtiness, turbidness, opacity. E. कालुक्च, and  
चक् aff.  
कालीय mfn. (-य-या-य) 1. Belonging to the Kali age, &c. 2. Dark  
coloured. n. (-य) 1. A yellow fragrant wood: see कालीयक and  
कालियक. 2. The liver. m. (-य) The name of a demon or imp. E.  
काल or कलि, and टक् affix.  
कालीयक m. (-क) A sort of curcuma, (*C. zanthorhiza*, Rox.) see काली-  
यक. n. (-य) A yellow fragrant wood. E. कल् added to the preceding  
word.

काशीवाहित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Produced in due season. *३.* काश, उत्पादित engendered.

काशीय mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Sown in due season. *३.* काश, and उत sown.

काश mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Preceptive, ritual. 2. Relating to a Kalpa or period so called. *३.* (-तः) Zedoary, (Curcuma zerumbet.) *३.* कश्च a precept, and चश् affix; the plant forms a part of oblations offered upon certain occasions to fire; also with कश् added कालक.

कालक m. (-कः) Zedoary : see the preceding; also काशक.

कालनिक mfn. (-कः-नी-क) 1. Artificial, fabricated. 2. Fictitious, invented. *३.* कल्पना and उक् aff.

काश mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Timely, seasonable. *३.* (-तः) Dawn, day-break, see कश् f. (-कः) 1. A cow fit for the bull. 2. Pleasant or auspicious discourse : see कश्च. *३.* काश time, and यश् aff.

काशक m. (-कः) Zedoary : see काशक.

काशविदेव mfn. (-वः-वी-व) Sprung from a virtuous or fortunate woman. *३.* कश्चि, and उक् affix, इज inserted.

काशचिक mfn. (-कः-ची-क) Relating to armour, armorial. *३.* (-कः) A multitude of men in armour. *३.* कश्च armour, and उक् aff.

काशक mfn. (-कः-की-क) Fearful, henpecked. *३.* (-कः) An owl.

काशद m. (-दः) Indistinct sound. *३.* का for कु bad वाद, speech.

काशर n. (-रः) An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria,) f. (-री) An umbrella, Ch'hattah, especially one without a stick, and worn like a broad brimmed hat. *३.* क the head, and चाशर what covers or protects, from इ to screen, and चश् aff.

काशक m. (-कः) 1. A gallinaceous fowl. 2. The ruddy goose. 3. A small singing bird, (Loxia phillippensis :) see पीतलक. *३.* क water, or क for कु bad, काश् before इ to cover, and कश् aff.

काशर n. (-रः) Saffron, (Crocus sativus.) f. (-री) 1. A river in the Dekhin, the Kaveri. 2. A courtesan, a harlot. 3. Turmeric. *३.* कश्च to colour एरक् affix, and the radical vowel made long, fem. affix कीश्.

काश m. (-कः) A name of SUKRACHARYA, the preceptor of the demons. f. (-क्या) 1. Understanding, intelligence. 2. A female fiend : see पूतना. 3. A Pitri of a particular order, the son [cf KAVI or SUKRA. n. (-क्य) A poem, poetical composition. *३.* कश्च a poet, &c. चाश् derivative or pleonastic aff.

काशचोर m. (-रः) A plagiarist. *३.* काश a poem, and चोर a thief.

काश (क) काश r. 1st cl. (काशने) also (उक्) (उकाश) r. 4th cl. (काशने) 1. To shine. With निश् prefixed. To expel. 2. To hide or obscure; with प्र, To make or become manifest.

काश m. (-कः) 1. Cough, catarrh : see काश. 2. Sneezing n. (-कः) 1. A species of grass, (Saccharum spontaneum.) 2. Irritation in the throat. f. (-की) Kasi or Benares, the holy city so called. (-की or -का) Saccharum spontaneum, as above. *३.* कश्च to sound, in the causal form, चश् affix; or काश् to shine, चश् and कीश् fem. aff.

काशक m. (-कः) A species of long grass, (Saccharum, spontaneum.) *३.* कश् added to the preceding.

काशक m. (-कः) See काशक.

काशक f. (कः) A kind of silk cotton tree. *३.* का bad, inferior, and काश the Simul tree.

काशि f. (-शिः) Kasi a celebrated city and place of pilgrimage, the modern Benares. *३.* काश् to shine, to be beautiful or renowned, and इन् Unadi affix; also काशी : see काश and काशिका, काशिकी.

काशिका f. (-का) Kasi or Benares : see the preceding.

काशिकामिय m. (-यः) A name of DHANWANTARI, as king of Benares, *३.* काशिका the city Kasi, and मित्र a friend; also काशिराज.

काशिक mfn. (-की-मिनी-क) 1. Having a cold or cough. 2. Shining brilliant. *३.* काश cough, and इनि affix, or काश् to shine, चिनि aff.

काशिराज m. (-रः) A name of DHANWANTARI or DIVODASA, a king of Benares, and an author of medical works; he is often confound-

ed with his celestial namesake, the physician of the gods. *३.* काशि the city, and राज a king or ruler; also काशीराज.

काशिक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Made of kas grass, abounding with it, *३.* काश and रल aff.

काशीनाथ m. (-नः) A name of SIVA. *३.* काशी Kasi or Benares, and नाथ lord or master.

काशीराज m. (-रः) DIVODASA : see काशिराज.

काशीर m. (-रः) 1. SIVA. 2. DIVODASA, or any king of Benares. *३.* (-रः) Sulphate of iron. *३.* काशी and ईश lord.

काशकर m. (-रः) The betel nut tree.

काशरी f. (-री) A plant commonly Gambhari, (Gmelina arborea, Rox) see गम्भारी. *३.* काश् to shine, and चर affix, formative irr.; also काशरी and काशर्य.

काशर्य mn. (-र्यः-र्य) Gambhari, a plant : see the preceding. *३.* यश् added to काशरी.

काशीर n. (-रः) 1. A plant with a tuberous root, a sort of costus, (Cuscuta speciosa.) 2. A country, Kashmir, or in the plu. (-रः) its inhabitants. f. (-री) A tree, (Ficus elastica.) *३.* काशीर Kashmir, and चश् affix; produced in that place.

काशीरज n. (-जः) 1. A costus. 2. Saffron : see काशीर. f. (-जः) Atis or Betula : see चतिविषा *३.* काशीर and ज born; produced in Kashmir.

काशीरजयन् n. (-यः) Saffron. *३.* काशीर, and जयन् birth produced in Kashmir.

काश n. (-कः) Spirituous liquor.

काशप m. (-पः) 1. The name of a saint; also called KANADA, the son of KASYAPA. 2. A name of ARUNA : see the next. *३.* A sort of deer. 4. A tribe or Brahmins pretending to descend from KASYAPA. *३.* काशप a saint, and चश् affix of descent. *३.* (-यः) Flesh. *३.* काश spirituous liquor, and प from पा to drink or cherish.

काशपि m. (-पिः) 1. A name of ARUNA. 2. A name of GARUDA the bird of VISHNU. *३.* काशप the saint, and इन् affix of descent, being both sons of KASYAPA. f. (-पी) The earth. *३.* As before : alluding to a legend from the Puranas, in which PARASURAMA, after the destruction of the Kshetriya race, and performance of an Aswamedha, presented the sovereignty of the world to his Guru, KASYAPA.

काशपेय m. (-पः) The sun. *३.* काशप the saint, and उक् affix of decent, the son of KASYAPA.

काशीर f. (-री) A plant : see काशरी.

काशय mfn. (-यः-का-य) Red, dyed of a reddish colour. *३.* काशय and चश् aff.

काश n. (-कः-क) Wood f. 1. A quarter or region of the world space. tract. 2. Place, site. 3. Limit, boundary. 4. A measure of, time the thirteenth part of a Kala, or eighteen twinkling of the eye. 5. Excellence, superiority. 6 A plant, (Curcum thorhiza, Rox.) *३.* काश् to shine, Unadi affix कश्च changed to क, and च after क becomes उ.

काशक n. (-कः) Aloe wood or agallochum. *३.* कश् added to काश wood.

काशकरी f. (-री) The wild plantain. *३.* काश, and करी a plantain; the fruit being hard and woody

काशकीट m. (-टः) A small insect or worm found in decayed wood. *३.* काश wood, and कीट a worm.

काशक m. (-कः) A bird, a sort of woodpecker, (Picus Bengalensis) *३.* काश, and कृ to cut, चश् aff.

काशक m. (-कः) A kind of wooden shovel or scraper used for baling water out of a boat, or for scraping and cleaning its bottom, &c. *३.* काश wood, and कृदाश् shovel; also with the first vowel long कृदाश्, काशकृदाश्.

काशक n. (-कः) A stick, a spar, a piece of wood. *३.* काश् and कश् piece.

काष्ठतम् म. (-ट्) A carpenter. म. काष्ठ wood, and तम् to cut or pare, affix क्तिप्.

काष्ठ (काष्ठ म. (-ट्)) A carpenter; see the preceding. म. As before बुन् aff.

काष्ठतम् म. (-ट्) A small worm that is found in timber. म. काष्ठ wood, and तम् what spreads, from तम् with बुन् aff.

काष्ठदाह म. (-ह्) The Deodar tree, (*Uvaria longifolia*.)

काष्ठम. (-ह्) A tree, (*Butea frondosa*.) म. काष्ठ, and ह् a tree.

काष्ठमटी f. (-टी) A funeral pile. म. काष्ठ wood, and मटी a pile, an edifice.

काष्ठमय mfn. (-य-या-य) Wooden, made of wood, म. काष्ठ and ययट् aff.

काष्ठमण्ड म. (-ह्) A bier, a plank, &c. on which dead bodies are carried. म. काष्ठ wood, and मण्ड a vessel.

काष्ठलेखक म. (-क) A small worm found in wood, म. काष्ठ and लेखक who writes or inscribes.

काष्ठबोधिन् म. (-धी) A club, a short cudgel, especially if armed with iron, म. काष्ठ, बोधि iron, and इनि aff.

काष्ठवत् mfn. (-वत् इदी-वत्) Having wood for fuel, &c. ind. Like a piece of wood. म. काष्ठ, and वत् or इति aff.

काष्ठगार म. (-ग) A wooden house or enclosure. म. काष्ठ and गार a house.

काष्ठानुवाहिनी f. (-नी) A wooden bucket or baling vessel: see अनुवाहिनी.

काष्ठम् mfn. (-ही-हिनी-हि) 1. Of wood, wooden. 2. Having wood. म. काष्ठ, and इनि aff.

काठीला म. (-ला) A large kind of Colotropis. f. (-ला) A plantain: see रन्ना. म. का for कृ small, क्तिप् bone or stalk, and ला to get or possess क and टप् affixes; having a stem which is good for nothing.

कास r. 1st cl. (-ह्) काह (कासे) 1. To make a bad sound, or one indicating disease; to cough. 2. To shine; see काश.

कास म. (-स) 1. Cough, catarrh. 2. A species of reed or long grass, (*Saccharum spontaneum*.) 3. Morunga, (*Hyperanthera*, &c.) see मोमरुन. म. कास् to cough, to make an unpleasant sound, क्तिप् affix: also कास् to shine, &c. see काश.

कासकुण्ड mfn. (-ह्-पदा-ह्) Afflicted with cough. म. (-ह्) YAMA.

कासन्न mfn. (-न्न-न्नो-न्न) Removing or alleviating cough, pectoral. f. (-नी) A short or prickly nightshade: see कष्टकारी. म. कास catarrh and न्न from हन् to kill, removing cough.

कासनाशिनी f. (-नी) A thorny plant: see कर्कटशुद्धी. म. कास catarrh, and नाशिनी removing, remedying.

कासुदीपिका f. (-का) An acid drink.

कासमहं म. (-ह्) 1. A plant, (*Cassia* or *Senna esculenta*.) 2. An acid preparation, a mixture of tamarinds and mustard. म. कास or काश cough, and महं what destroys; also कासमहं.

कासमहं म. (-ह्) A sort of cucumber, (*Trichosanthes dioeca*.)

कासर म. (-र) A buffalo. म. क water, and कास् prefixed to स to go, affix क्तिप्; who frequents water, this animal being partial to marshy places.

कासा म. (-र) A pond, a pool. म. क water, स to go, कास् prefix, and क्तिप् affix, or कास् to shine, चारन् Unadi aff.

कासारि म. (-रि) A plant, (*Cassia esculenta*): see कासमहं. म. कास cough, and चरि a foe.

कासासु म. (-सु) An esculent root, a sort of Yam.

काशीय n. (-य) Green vitriol, green sulphate of iron. म. कास् to go, ईयस् aff.

कास् f. (-स्) 1. Indistinct speech. 2. Speech in general. 3. Understanding. 4. Devotion. 5. Light, lustre. 6. A sort of spear or lance. म. कास् to go, to shine, or कास् to make a bad sound, क्तिप् Unadi aff.

काश्मरी f. (-री) A short spear, a javelin. म. कास्, and इरन् diminutive aff.

काश्वा f. (-वा) A musical instrument: see काश्वा.

काश्वा mfn. (-वा-वा-व) 1. Dry, withered. 2. Mischievous. 3. Large, excessive. f. (-वी) 1. One of the Apsaras or courtezans of Indra's

heaven. 2. The sound of any tube, pipe or musical instrument. (-वा)  
A young woman. mfn. (-वा-वा) A horn, either a cow horn, or an instrument of that shape. m. (-वा) 1. A cook. 2. Sound in general. 3. A cat. n. (-व) Indistinct speech. adv. Much, excessively. म. क pleasure, the head, &c. वत् to plough or divide, with कास् prefixed, affix क्तिप्.

काश्वापुष्प म. (-पु) Thorn apple, (*Datura metel*.)

क्रि r. 3rd cl. (क्रिहेति) To know: with क्रि prefixed, to attain certainly, to ascertain positively. क्रि See क्रि.

क्रिवाह म. (-ह) 1. The beard of corn. 2. An arrow. 3. A heron. म. क्रि what, or sometimes, ह् to injure, &c. ह् Unadi aff.

क्रिचक म. (-क) A tree bearing beautiful red blossoms, and hence often alluded to by the poets, (*Butea frondosa*); also पञ्चम म. क्रि what, something, चक a parrot; its red flowers being of the colour of a parrot's beak.

क्रिचुक म. (-क) A species of the Kinsuka. see the preceding.

क्रिकि म. (-कि) A blue jay, म. क्रि an imitative sound; the word being repeated; or क्ति to emit a sound, and क्रि affix; also क्रिकीदीवि, क्रिकी, &c.

क्रिकिदिमि म. (-दि) The blue jay. म. क्रिकि, an imitative sound and दिप् to play, क्रि affix; also in other forms क्रिकि, क्रिकिदिमि, क्रिकीदीवि, क्रिकीदीवि.

क्रिकीदीवि म. (-वि) See the preceding. म. As before, क्तिप् aff.

क्रिकीदीवि म. (-वि) See क्रिकिदिमि.

क्रिकि म. (-कि) A monkey, an ape. f. (-कि) A small jackal, a fox. म. क्ति to sound, इति aff.

क्रिकर mfn. (-र-रा-र) A servant. म. क्रि what or something, and कर who does.

क्रिकिचि f. (-चि: or -ची) 1. A girdle of small bells, or any tinkling ornament. 2. An acid sort of grape. म. क्रि some, and चिच an imitative sound, affix क्ति, with हन् or लीच् fem. affix; also with हन् added क्रिकिचोका.

क्रिकिर म. (-र) 1. The Indian cuckoo, the Koil or Kokila. 2. A large black bee. 3. A horse. 4. KAMADEVA. f. (-र) Blood. n. (-र) The frontal sinus of an elephant. म. क्रि something, क्ति to scatter, क्ति aff.

क्रिकिरात म. (-त) 1. A name of KAMADEVA. 2. A parrot. 3. The Koil or Indian cuckoo. 4. A tree, (*Jonesia asoka*.) 5. A species of barleria: see शिखरी. म. क्रिकिर as above, and रात who goes or is.

क्रिकिरिन् म. (-री) A plant, commonly Buinchi, (*Flacourtia aspidia*, Rox.)

क्रिकि ind. 1. An inceptive or continuative particle, (moreover further, again.) 2. A particle of comprehension. म. क्रि what, क्ति and.

क्रिकन म. (-न) A species of the Palasa or *Butea frondosa*. ind. Somewhat something.

क्रिकन्ता f. (-ता) Somewhat, something.

क्रिकिन् ind. 1. Something somewhat. 2. A part, a little. n. क्रि what, चित् to think, affix क्तिप्.

क्रिकिचिचि म. (-चि) See the following.

क्रिकिचुक म. (-क) A worm. म. क्रिकिन् a little, and चक् to go, or चुक् to be high, चुक् affix, deriv. irr.; it is sometimes written क्रिकिचिचि.

क्रिकि n. (-क) The filament of a lotus: see क्रिकिचि.

क्रिकिचि म. (-चि) The filament of a lotus: see क्रिकिचि.

क्रिकिचिचि म. (-चि) The filament of a lotus, great numbers of which surround the pericarp. n. (-चि) The flower of the *Mesua ferrea*. म. क्रिकिन् somewhat, क्ति to hide or cover, क्ति affix, and the form irr.

क्रिड r. 1st cl. (क्रिटि) 1. To go or approach. 2. To alarm or terrify. 3. To dread, to fear.

क्रिटि म. (-टि) A hog. म. क्रिट् to go, and क्रि affix; also क्रिटि.

क्रिटिम म. (-म) A bug. म. क्रिटि a hog, म who resembles, from मा to shine, affix क्ति.

**किम्** n. (-ङ्) Excrement, excretion, dirt. **किम्** to go, here implying to go out of, (the body, &c.) and **किम्** aff.

**किम्बुजित** n. (-त्) Semen virile. **किम्** dirt, &c. **किम्** deprived.

**किम्बुज** m. (-ङ्) 1. A copper vessel. 2. Scoria, rust of iron, &c. **किम्** dirt, **किम्** to be able, **किम्** aff.

**किम्** m. (-ङ्) 1. A wart, a mole. 2. A scar. 3. A corn, a callosity. 4. An insect found in wood.

**किम्बु** f. (-ङ्) A tree, (*Achyranthes aspera*;) see **चपामार्ग**. **किम्** a scar, and **किम्** affix; making scars; that is cicatrizing wounds, sores, &c.

**किम्बु** f. (-ङ्) *Achyranthes aspera*. **किम्** a sore, and **किम्** what removes, fem. affix **किम्**.

**किम्** mn. (-ङ्) Ferment, a drug or seed used to produce fermentation, in the manufacture of spirits from sugar, bassia, &c. n. (-ङ्) Sin. **किम्** to sound, &c. **किम्** Unadi affix, and the **किम्** irregularly inserted: see **कम्**.

**किम्** r. 1st cl. (**किम्** किति) 1. To cure, to administer remedies, to practise physio. 2. To remove, to destroy. 3. To chastise. 4. (Usually with **किम्** prefixed,) To doubt; this root is regular. r. 3rd cl. (**किम्** किति) To know. r. 10th cl. (**किम्** किति) 1. To dwell. 2. To desire; some authorities make it a regular root of the 1st cl. in these senses, and others deny its admitting of any conjugation.

**किम्** mfn. (-ङ्) 1. A gamester, a gambler. 2. A cheat, cheating, fraudulent. 3. Mad, crazy. 4. Mischievous, malicious. m. (-ङ्) 1. Thorn apple, (*Datura metel*.) 2. A kind of perfume, commonly *Rochana*. **किम्** what, **किम्** your, (what is your stake or wager?) he who asks such a question, &c.

**किम्** m. (-ङ्) An insect described as having eight legs and a very slender body, a species of spider. **किम्** for **किम्** a little, and **किम्** the body.

**किम्** ind. Whether, either of any. **किम्** and **किम्** with **किम्** added.

**किम्** ind. Whether, either of two. **किम्** and **किम्** with **किम्** added.

**किम्** ind. 1. Rut. 2. Moreover, further. **किम्** A compound particle of **किम्** and **किम्** disjunctive particle.

**किम्** m. (-ङ्) One of the eleven periods called *Karanas*.

**किम्** m. (-ङ्) A horse: see **किम्**.

**किम्** m. (-ङ्) 1. A demigod attached to the service of *KURVA*, a celestial quirister or musician. 2. A kind of flower or attendant on a *Jina* or *Jaina* saint. f. (-ङ्) A female *Kinnara*, or chorister. **किम्** what, used contemptuously, (what kind of?) **किम्** a man: the *Kinnara* having, with the human figure, the head of a horse.

**किम्** m. (-ङ्) A name of *KURVA*. **किम्** a *Kinnara*, and **किम्** master, lord; also other similar compounds, as **किम्**.

**किम्** ind. 1. A particle of interrogation, (what?) 2. Doubt, (how, what?) 3. Comparison, (thus, as, like, how much less) 4. Conjunction, (again, further.) 5. Place, location, and 6 Agency. **किम्** and **किम्** conjoined.

**किम्** ind. (**किम्** or **किम्**) 1. What, how. 2. Either, or; a particle of doubt or interrogation. 3. A particle of contempt. The relative pronoun. mfn. (-ङ्) What, who, which: expressing, 1. Doubt. 2. Interrogation. 3. Disdain. 4. Reproach, (as in English, Who are you, &c.) 5. Kind, sort. **किम्** to sound, **किम्** Unadi aff.

**किम्** ind. What for, wherefore, why. **किम्** and **किम्** object.

[**किम्**]

**किम्** ind. Either, or, whether implying doubt or discrimination: see **किम्**.

**किम्** ind. 1. Either, or, whether, implying. 2. Doubt or discrimination. 3. Much, exceeding; a particle of magnitude or quantity. 4. An interrogative, how, what, &c. see **किम्**. **किम्** and the particle **किम्**.

**किम्** mfn. (-ङ्) Miserly, avaricious. **किम्** what, (nothing), **किम्** who cooks.

**किम्** mfn. (-ङ्) Miserly, niggardly, avaricious. **किम्** what, used contemptuously, **किम्** to cook, and **किम्** affix, or with **किम्** only, **किम्**: see **किम्**, &c.

**किम्** mfn. (-ङ्) Mother-led, infantine, childish. m. (-ङ्) A cucurbitaceous plant, (*Trichosanthes palmata*; also *Cucumis oelogythus*.) **किम्** depreciative, and **किम्** what is ripe or mature.

**किम्** m. (-ङ्) 1. A heavenly musician: see **किम्**. 2. A division of the universe, one of the nine *K'handas* or portions into which the world is divided, and described as the country between the *Himachala* and *Hemakuta* mountains. 3. A despicable or low man. **किम्** what, contemptuously, and **किम्** a man; also with the first vowel of that word lengthened, **किम्**.

**किम्** m. (-ङ्) An epithet of *KURVA*: see **किम्**.

**किम्** n. (-ङ्) The division of the world, called by this name: see **किम्**.

**किम्** f. (-ङ्) A kind of perfume, commonly *Nali*: see **किम्**.

**किम्** mfn. (-ङ्) or n. only, (-ङ्) How, in what manner or degree, like what. **किम्**, and **किम्** become.

**किम्** mfn. (-ङ्) Poor, mean, insignificant. **किम्** a little, **किम्** possessive aff.

**किम्** f. (-ङ्) Rumour, report. **किम्** what, **किम्** to say, and **किम्** Unadi affix, or with **किम्** and **किम्** affixes **किम्**.

**किम्** ind. Or, else, moreover. **किम्** what, **किम्** or.

**किम्** mfn. (-ङ्) 1. How much, how many, ind. (-ङ्) 1. A little. 2. How much, used chiefly in composition; as **किम्** how long, for a short time; **किम्** or **किम्** how far, or for a little way. **किम्** and **किम्** affix, and **किम्** is substituted for the **किम्**.

**किम्** f. (-ङ्) Effort, vigorous and persevering exertions. **किम्** used contemptuously, and **किम्** from **किम्** this, affix **किम्**; (how great a task is this, that it should not be effected, &c.) **किम्** here, being employed in place of **किम्**, the word is written **किम्**.

**किम्** mfn. (-ङ्) For a short distance, a little way. **किम्**, and **किम्** far.

**किम्** m. (-ङ्) A horse of a red or bay colour.

**किम्** m. (-ङ्) A hog. **किम्** to scatter, **किम्** affix; also **किम्**.

**किम्** m. (-ङ्) A scribe. **किम्** to scatter, **किम्** aff.

**किम्** m. (-ङ्) 1. A ray of light, a sun or moon beam. 2. The sun. **किम्** to scatter, (light,) and **किम्** Unadi aff.

**किम्** mfn. (-ङ्) Radiant, bright, refulgent. **किम्** and **किम्** aff.

**किम्** m. (-ङ्) The sun. **किम्**, **किम्** a garland, and **किम्** aff.

**किम्** mfn. (-ङ्) 1. Scattering, spreading. 2. Lighting, shedding light. **किम्** to scatter **किम्** aff.

**किम्** m. (-ङ्) 1. A savage, one of the barbarous tribes who inhabit woods and mountains and live by the chase; the *Kirrhades* of *Arrian*. 2. *Siva* as a mountaineer opposed to *Arjuna*, the account of which is the subject of the poem, the *Kiratarjuniya*. 3. A kind of gentian: see **किम्**. 4. A pigmy a dwarf. 5. A groom, a horseman. f. (-ङ्) 1. The river *Ganges* or its goddess. 2. A name of *DURGA*. 3. A bawd, a procuress. 4. The celestial *Ganges* or river of *Swarga*. **किम्** to scatter, (speech, &c.) and **किम्** who goes; also **किम्**.

**किम्** m. (-ङ्) A kind of gentian, (*Gentiana oherayta*.) **किम्** a savage, **किम्** pungent, bitter.

**किम्** m. (-ङ्) A name of *GURUDA* the bird of *VISHNU*. **किम्** a pigmy, and **किम्** who eats.

**किम्** f. (-ङ्) A name of the *Ganges*. **किम्** to scatter, (sound, &c.) to make a murmuring noise, **किम्** who goes, and **किम्** aff.

**किम्** f. (-ङ्) Indian *spikenard*; see **किम्**.

**किम्** m. (-ङ्) A hog. **किम्** to scatter, (dirt, &c.) and **किम्** Unadi aff.

किरीटि म. (-टि) The fruit of the marshy date tree.  
 किरीट mn. (-टि) A crest, a diadem. म. कृ to scatter, (pearls, &c.) and  
 कीटम् Unadi aff.  
 किरीटधारण n. (-ध) Wearing a tiara, assuming the crown. म. किरीट, and  
 धारण bearing.  
 किरीटधारिन् mfn. (-री-टि-रि) Crowned, having a tiara. म. (-री) A king.  
 म. किरीट, and धारिन् who wears.  
 किरीटिन् mfn. (-टि-टि-रि) Crested, crowned. म. (-टी) 1. A king. 2. A  
 name of ARJUNA. म. किरीट a crest, and इति aff.  
 किर्णो f. (-र्णो) The Palasa tree : see पलाश. 2. A hall, a building, an  
 apartment. 3. An image of gold. 4. A figure of iron. म. कृ to  
 make, कृ and कृष् affixes, deriv. irr.  
 किर्णोर् mfn. (-र-रा-र) Variegated. म. (-र) 1. The orange tree. 2. The  
 name of a Rakshasa or goblin. 3. A variegated colour. म. कृ to  
 scatter, इरन् affix ; and सुट् inserted.  
 किर्णोरिन् m. (-रिन्) A name of BHIMA, one of the Pandu princes.  
 म. किर्णोर a demon, and रिन् who conquers.  
 किर्णोरलम् f. (-लम्) The orange tree. म. किर्णोर variegated, and लम्  
 bark.  
 किर्णोरभिद् m. (-भिद् or -भिद्) A name of BHIMA : see किर्णोरिन्.  
 किर्णोरुद्ग m. (-गः) A name of BHIMA : see the preceding.  
 किल r. 6th cl. (किलति) 1. To be or become white. 2. To play. r. 10th  
 cl. (किलयति) To send, to throw or cast.  
 किल ind. An aptote signifying. 1. News, (so said, so reported.) 2.  
 Likelihood, (probably, possibly.) 3. Conciliatory expression. 4.  
 Assertion, certainty, (indeed, verily, assuredly.) 5. Easiness,  
 inaccuracy. म. किल् to send or order, affix क.  
 किलकित n. (-त्) Armorous agitation, weeping, laughing, being angry,  
 being pleased, &c. in the society of a lover. म. किल play, sport, कि  
 what, some, and कित collected.  
 किलकिला f. (-ला) Sound expressing joy, or the expression or pleasure  
 by any sound or cry. म. किल play, sport, repeated.  
 किलाट mf. (-टः) Inspissated milk, curds or coagulated milk ; it  
 may be applied to cheese.  
 किलाटिन् m. (-टी) A bamboo.  
 किलास m. (-सः) 1. A blotch, a scab. 2. A white leprous spot. म. किल् to  
 play, affix क ; कास from कास् to reject or throw, with कच् affix ; or  
 कस् to be, with कच् aff.  
 किलासम् m. (-म्) A sort of gourd, (Momordica mixta :) see काकरोल. म.  
 किलास a blotch, and क what removes.  
 किलासिन् mfn. (-सि-सि-रि) Having blotches. म. किलास, and इति aff.  
 किलिब mn. (-बः) A thin plank ; see the next.  
 किलिब mn. (-बः) 1. A thin plank of green wood. 2. A mat : see the  
 next ; also read किलिब.  
 किलिक m. (-कः) 1. A mat. 2. A screen or twist of grass or straw. म.  
 किल् to be white, क added किलि, क what overcomes, from किलि with क  
 affix, and कृ added ; deriv. irr.  
 किलिन् m. (-नः) A tree, a kind of fir or pine, (Pinus deodar.) n. (-नः)  
 Resin, the extract of the pine. म. किल् to cast, किलन् aff.  
 किलिन् m. (-नी) A horse ; read also किलिन्.  
 किलिब n. (-बः) 1. Sin, 2. Fault, offence. 3. Disease, sickness. म. किल् to  
 play sport, टिबन् Unadi affix, and इट् inserted.  
 किलिबिन् mfn. (-बि-बि-रि) Wicked, culpable, criminal. म. किलिब, and  
 इति aff.  
 किलिब mn. (-बः) A sprout, a shoot : see किलिब.  
 किलिब mn. (-बः) A young shoot : see किलिब.  
 किलिबनम् m. (-नः) A bed of young leaves, &c. म. किलिब and लम् a  
 couch ; also किलिबनम् किलिबनम्, &c.  
 किलिब mfn. (-र-रा-र) Young, infantine. म. (-र) 1. A colt. 2. The sun.  
 3. Benjamin, (Styrax benzoin.) 4. A youth, a lad, one from his

birth to the end of his fifteenth year : a minor in law किलिबनम् :  
 becoming, after his fifteenth year, subject to suits at law or  
 किलिबनम् म. किलिब what, used contemptuously, कृ to go, and किलिब  
 Unadi affix ; also कृ added किलिबनम्.  
 किलिब r. 10th cl. (किलिबते) To kill, to injure.  
 किलिब m. (-नः) A mountain in the south of India, in Mysore, the  
 residence of the monkey prince BALI. f. (-नः) A cave in the moun-  
 tain ; also किलिब.  
 किलिब m. (-नः) The mountain Kishkind'hya, situated in the peninsula  
 in the northern part of Mysore, near the sources of the pampa  
 river, the territory of BALI, the monkey, from whom it was con-  
 quered by RAMA, and transferred to SUGRIVA, another monkey  
 chief. f. (-नः) A cave in the mountain of Kishkind'hya, the pecu-  
 liar residence of BALI ; also किलिब.  
 किलिबान्धिप m. (-पः) A name of BALI, a monkey king slain by RAMA.  
 म. किलिबान्धिप and धिप ruler.  
 किलिब mfn. (-बुः-बुः-बुः) Vile, bad, contemptible. mf. (-बुः) 1. A cubit. \*  
 2. A span. 3. The fore-arm. म. कृ to sound, डिब aff.  
 किलिबन्धन् m. (-न्ध) 1. Sugar-cane. 2. A bamboo. 3. A reed, (Arundo  
 tibialis.) म. किलिब a span or cubit, and धन् a joint.  
 किलिब mn. (-बः) A sprout or shoot, the extremity of a branch bearing  
 new leaves. म. किं diminutive, कृ to go, कच् affix ; also किलिब and  
 किलिब.  
 किलिब mn. (-बः) A sprout, a young shoot : see the preceding. म. As  
 before, affix कच् ; also किलिब.  
 किलिब mfn. (-टः-टो-टो) 1. Miserly, avaricious. 2. Poor, needy. m. (-टः) 1.  
 A country, (Behar ;) or m. plu. (-टाः) its inhabitants. 2. A horse. म.  
 किलिब to go, कटच् affix, deriv. irr.  
 किलिब mfn. (-र-रा-र) Hard, firm. n. (-र) A bone. m. (-रः) A worm, an  
 insect. म. कृ derived from किलिब what, a depreciating particle, before  
 कृ to go, affix कच्.  
 किलिब m. (-सः) A bird in general. म. किलिब a bone, and कास face or  
 or mouth ; alluding to the osseous structure of the beak.  
 किलिब m. (-कः) A blue jay : see किलिब.  
 किलिब m. (-कः) 1. A bamboo whistling or rattling in the wind. 2. Any  
 hollow bamboo. 3. A reed. 4. A Daitya or infernal demon so  
 named. 5. A particular Rakshasa or goblin. 6. A kind of tree. 7. A  
 prince, the son of KAKAYA. म. किलिब to touch, to sound, कृ Unadi  
 affix, and the radical consonants transposed. [conquers.  
 किलिबजिन् m. (-जिन्) A name of BHIMA. म. किलिब a goblin, and जिन् who  
 किलिबजिन् m. (-नः) BHIMA : see the preceding.  
 किलिबजिन् m. (-जिन्) See the two words preceding.  
 किलिब r. 11th cl. (किलिबति) 1. To tinge or colour. 2. To bind.  
 किलिब m. (-डः) A worm, an insect. म. किलिब to colour or dye, क aff.  
 किलिब mfn. (-कः-का-क) Harsh, hard, unfeeling. m. (-कः) 1. A worm, an  
 insect. 2. A bird, panegyrist, descended from a Kshetriya father  
 and Vaisya mother. म. किलिब a worm, and कृ aff.  
 किलिब m. (-नः) Sulphur. म. किलिब a worm, and कृ what destroys.  
 किलिब n. (-नः) Silk. f. (-नः) Lao, an animal dye of a red colour. म. किलिब a  
 worm, and न born.  
 किलिबजीव m. (-वः) The change from the chrysalis or larva to the but-  
 terfly. म. किलिब, कृ a wing, and जीव evolution.  
 किलिबजिन् f. (-जा) A plant, (Cissus pedata.)  
 किलिब mfn. (हृ) Who or what like. म. किलिब what, कृ to see, and किलिब  
 affix ; also with कच् affix ; किलिब mfn. (-नः-नी-नः)  
 किलिब mfn. (-नः-नी-नः) 1. A labourer or cultivator of the soil. 2. Small,  
 little. 3. Covetous, niggardly. 4. A slayer of cattle. m. (-नः) 1. A  
 name of YAMA. 2. A particular monkey. म. किलिब for का or कृ bad,  
 vile, का who destroy, the causal form of कृ to destroy, with  
 कच् aff.

कीर m. (-रः) 1. A parrot. 2. Kashmir. m. plu. (-रन्) The people of Kashmir, n. (-रः) Flesh. ३. जो bad, vile, ईर् to send or order, क aff.  
 कीरक m. (-कः) 1. A tree. 2. A Bud'dha. 3. Obtaining, gaining. ३. कन् added to the last.  
 कीरु m. (-रुः) 1. A tree, a species of mountain Pilu : see ककीरु 2. The mango tree. ३. कीर a parrot, and रु wished, desired.  
 कीर्ण mfn. (-णः-ण-णः) 1. Covered, secreted, hidden. 2. Scattered, thrown, cast. 3. Injured, hurt. 4. Full. ३. क् to scatter, affix क् formation irr.  
 कीर्ति f. (-तिः) 1. Scattering, throwing. 2. Covering, concealing, ३. क् to scatter, क्ति aff.  
 कीर्तन n. (-नः) 1. Saying, telling. 2. Repeating. 3. Celebrating, praising. f. (-नः) Fame, glory. ३. क्त् to praise or celebrate, य् aff.  
 कीर्तयत् mfn. (-यत्-यत्-यत्) Praising, celebrating. ३. क्त् to praise, यत् aff.  
 कीर्ति f. (-तिः) 1. Fame, renown, glory. 2. Favour, approbation. 3. Sound. 4. Light, lustre. 5. Mud, dirt. 6. Diffusing, expansion. 7. One of the Matrikas or personified divine energies of KRISHNA. ३. क्त् to celebrate, क्ति aff.  
 कीर्तिकर mfn. (-रः-र-रः) Conferring fame. ३. कीर्ति, and कर what makes.  
 कीर्तित mfn. (-तः-त-तः) 1. Said, asserted. 2. Known, notorious. 3. Celebrated, praised. ३. क्त् to celebrated, affix क्.  
 कीर्तिमान् mfn. (भाक्) Celebrated, famous. m. (-भाक्) A name of Dronacharya, the military preceptor of the Pandus and Kurus. ३. कीर्ति fame, and भाक् to serve or honour, affix क्ति.  
 कीर्तिमान् mfn. (-मान्-मन्-मन्) Praised, famous, celebrated. m. (-मान्) The elder brother of Vasudeva. ३. कीर्ति, and मन् aff.  
 कीर्तिशेष m. (-शः) Death, dying. ३. कीर्ति fame, and शेष end.  
 कीर्तय mfn. (-यः-य-यः) To be praised or celebrated. ३. क्त् to praise, य् aff.  
 कीर्ति f. (-तिः) A house for straw ; also कुम्पुनी.  
 कीर्त्यमान् mfn. (-यः-य-यः) Covered, bestrewn. ३. क् to scatter, passive form, यमान् aff.  
 कील r. 10th cl. (कीलयति) To bind, to fasten, to stake, to pin.  
 कील mf. (-लः-ल-लः) 1. Flame, lambent flame. 2. Small, minute. m. (-लः) 1. A stake, a pin, a bolt, a wedge, &c. 2. A lance, a spike. 3. A gnomon. 4. A weapon. 5. A post, a pillar. 6. The elbow. 7. A blow or punch with the elbow. 8. A blow, a thump ; (in the three last senses some make this also fem.) 9. A post in a cow-house ; see the next. ३. कील to bind, and क् aff.  
 कीलक m. (-कः) A pillar for cows, &c. to rub themselves against, or one to which they are tied. 2. A pin, a bolt, a wedge. ३. कन् added to the preceding.  
 कीलस्यम् m. (-स्यः) A plant, the fruit of which yields a turpentineous substance that has been used in India as pitch, &c. commonly Gab ; (Embryopteris glutinifera, Rox.) ३. कील a bolt, स्यम् with, and स्यम् touch, the fruit being invested with a hard coat.  
 कीलास n. (-लः) 1. Water. 2. Blood. 3. Amrita, the food of the gods. 4. Honey. ३. कील flame, and लस् what opposes, &c. or कील a stake, &c. and लस् what adorns ; from लस् with क्त् aff.  
 कीलासि m. (-सिः) The ocean. ३. कीलास water, and सि what contains.  
 1. कीलासप m. (-पः) A Rakshasa, a sort of goblin or imp. ३. कीलास blood, and प who drinks.  
 किलिङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्ग-ङ्गः) 1. Bound, tied, confined. 2. Pierced, transfixed. 3. Staked, impaled. 4. Pinned, fastened by a stake, &c. 5. Set up. 3. stake or pole. ३. कील to bind, affix क्.  
 An interog. (-ङ्गः-ङ्ग-ङ्गः) Naked. m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A monkey, an ape. 2. The sun. ३. कील to bind, affix क्.  
 किलिङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्ग-ङ्गः) A tree, (Achyranthes aspera) : see किलिङ्गः also who cooks. ३. कील a monkey, पङ्ग a leaf.

कु r. 1st cl. (कु) कुङ् (कन्ते) r. 2nd cl. (कु) कुङ् (कोति) r. 3rd cl. (कु) कुङ् (कुन्ते) r. 4th cl. (कु) कुङ् (कुन्ते) 1. To sound, to sound indistinctly, to moan, to groan. 2. To cry as a bird, to coo, to hum as a bee, &c.  
 कु f. (-कुः) The earth, ind. A particle of depreciation, and implying. 1. Sin, guilt. 2. Reproach, contempt. 3. Diminution, littleness. 4. Prevention, hindrance, as कुपव a bad road, &c. ३. कु to sound, क्ति affix, or कुक् to sound, with the affix क्.  
 कु r. 1st cl. (कु) कुङ् (कन्ते) To take, to accept.  
 कुक् mfn. (-कः-क-कः) Taking, accepting. ३. कुक् and क् aff.  
 कुक्कन n. (-नः) Spirituous liquor.  
 कुक्क mfn. (-रः-र-रः) 1. Having a crooked or withered arm. 2. Wicked, acting wickedly. ३. कु bad, and कर the hand ; or क्त् to do, ट aff.  
 कुक्कय mfn. (-यः-य-यः) Wicked, bad. n. (-यः) Wickedness, depravity, villainy. ३. कु bad, कयन् act.  
 कुक्कयारिन् mfn. (-रिः-रि-रिः) Wicked, depraved. ३. कुक्कय, and कारिन् who does.  
 कुक्क m. (-कः) A mountain. ३. कु earth, and क्क a pin or bolt.  
 कुक्क mfn. (-कः-क-कः) One who gives a girl, decorated with fit ornaments and with the prescribed ceremonies, in marriage. ३. कुक्क to take and क् who gives : see कुक्क.  
 कुक्क n. (-रः) or n du. (-रः) the cavities of the loins. ३. कुक्क a hollow, a cave, from कु the earth, and क् to rend or tear, कु bad, vile, prefixed ; it is also written कुक्क.  
 कुक्क f. (-मा) One of the female personifications of music or Raginis.  
 कुक्क m. (-रः) 1. A dog. 2. A branch of the Yadu race : see कुक्क. 3. A plant and perfume : see कुक्कय. m. plu. (-रः) A country : see कुक्क. ३. कुक्क to take, उरक् Unadi affix ; also कुक्क.  
 कुक्कयिनाय m. (-यः) KRISHNA. ३. कुक्क a Yadu, and यिनाय chief.  
 कुक्कय m. (-यः) Weakness, of the eyes in infants.  
 कुक्क n. (-लः) 1. A hole filled with stakes. 2. Conflagration of chaff. 3. Armour, mail. ३. कु the earth, and क्क a bank, &c.  
 कुक्क n. (-लः) Wickedness, evil. ३. कु, and क्क act.  
 कुक्क n. (-लः) The jujube : see कील.  
 कुक्क m. (-रः) 1. A cock. 2. A wild cock. 3. The offspring of a Sudra or man of the fourth caste, by a Chandala woman. 4. A whip of of lighted straw, a firebrand. 5. A spark of fire. f. (-रिः or री) Hypocrisy, interested observance of religious duties. f. (-री) 1. A hen. 2. A small house lizard. 3. The silk cotton tree, (Bombax heptaphyllum.) ३. कुक्क taking, from कुक्क with क्ति affix, and कुक्क to cut or scratch, with क् affix ; scratching up the earth, &c. or कु bad, कुक्क to cut, &c. and क् inserted.  
 कुक्क m. (-रः) 1. A cock. 2. A wild cock. 3. A man of a mixed caste, one sprung from a Sudra and the female of a barbarian. ३. कन् added to the preceding.  
 कुक्कय m. (-यः) A place where final emancipation may be attained ; also कुक्कय.  
 कुक्कयन n. (-नः) A sort of pepper, (Piper chavya.) ३. कुक्क, and ननक head ; to what the flower may be compared.  
 कुक्कयन n. (-नः) A religious observance, (worship of SIVA,) on the seventh of the light fortnight of Bhadra, by women, especially for the sake of obtaining offspring. ३. कुक्क a howl, and ननक religious rite ; alluding to the fruitfulness of the hen.  
 कुक्कयिन् m. (-यिन्) Safflower, (Carthamus tinctorius.) ३. कुक्क a cock, and यिन् a crest ; cockscomb.  
 कुक्कय n. (-यः) A fowl's egg. ३. कुक्कटी and यय an egg.  
 कुक्कय m. (-यः) A kind of snake, compared to a fowl, in some respects, perhaps from having a crest or comb. ३. कुक्कट a cock, and यय who is or resembles, from यय to shine, prefix यय, and affix क्.



कुम्भ m. (-विः) A kind of snake : see the preceding.

कुम्भ m. (-कः) 1. A wild cock, (*Phasianus gallus*). 2. Varnish, oiling or oily gloss; also कुम्भक m. (-कः) n. कुम्भ imitative sound, कु to utter sound, and क irr. aff.

कुम्भ m. (-रः) A dog. n. (-रः) A vegetable perfume, commonly Gant-hials : see कम्पिपरी. f. (-री) A bitch. n. कुम्भ to take. कर्त्तु Unadi affix, and क inserted; also कुम्भ.

कुम्भक m. (-कः) A sort of deer.

कुम्भ m. (-कः) The belly. n. कुम्भ to extract, and क affix; by which the forces are excreted; also कुम्भ.

कुम्भ m. (-विः) The belly, the cavity of the abdomen. n. कुम्भ to extract, and क affix; see the preceding.

कुम्भक mfn. (-रिः-रिः-रिः) Voracious, gluttonous, filling or pampering the belly. n. कुम्भ the belly, क to nourish, affix क.

कुम्भक m. (-कः) A reed. n. कुम्भ and क, a hole.

कुम्भक f. (-रिः) Evil report, infamy. n. कु bad, and क्वाति fame.

कुम्भ m. (-कः) Saffron, (*Crocus sativus*). n. कुम्भ to take, and कन् क् aff.

कुम्भक mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Red, coppery red. n. कुम्भ and क्वा copper.

कुम्भक f. (-कः) the dust or pollen of saffron. n. कुम्भ and क्वा dust.

कुम्भक mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Dyed or stained with saffron, orange, yellow. n. कुम्भ and क्वा anointed.

कुम्भक mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Marked with saffron, dyed or stained of an orange colour. n. कुम्भ and क्वा a mark.

कुम्भक mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Red, ruddy. n. कुम्भ and क्वा purple.

कुम्भ r. 1st cl. (की-कति) 1. To sound high, to utter a loud, shrill cry, as a bird. 2. To go. 3. To polish. 4. To touch. 5. To farrow or mark with lines. 6. To be crooked. 7. To write. 8. To oppose. 9. To contend. 10. To be restricted or confined, to contract. r. 6th cl. (फि)

विकुम्भ (कुम्भति) or with क्वा prefixed, (संकी-कति) 1. To straiten, to narrow or contract. 2. To be straitened, to shrink, to contract. With क्वा to bribe; with वि, and क्वा, to expand.

कुम्भ m. (-कः) A breast, a pap. n. कुम्भ, to bind or confine, क aff.

कुम्भक m. (-कः) The female breast. n. कुम्भ and कुम्भ vase.

कुम्भक f. (-कः) A plant, (*Aletris hyacinthoides*) : see क्वा.

कुम्भक n. (-कः) The female breast. n. कुम्भ, and क्वा bank.

कुम्भक n. (-कः) A nipple. n. कुम्भक and क्वा tip.

कुम्भक n. (-कः) 1. Red sanders, (*Pterocarpus santalinus*). 2. Sappan or log wood : see क्वा. 3. Saffron. 4. A leguminous plant, (*Adenanthera pavonina*). n. कु bad, inferior, and क्वा Sandal.

कुम्भक m. (-कः) The pomegranate. n. कुम्भ, and क्वा fruit of the shape of the breast.

कुम्भ mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) 1. Censorious, detracting. 2. Following evil practices, low, vile, wicked. n. कु vile, and क्वा who goes.

कुम्भ f. (-कः) Impropriety, wickedness. n. कु bad, क्वा practice.

कुम्भ n. (-कः) A nipple. n. कुम्भ a breast, and क्वा point, end.

कुम्भक f. (-री) Wood sorrel, (*Oxalis monodelpha*) : see क्वा-री.

कुम्भक m. (-कः-कः) A kind of fish, in shape like an eel, commonly Kunchiya, (*Unibranchapertura Cuchiya*, Ham.)

कुम्भक mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) 1. Closed, contracted. 2. Masurad. n. कुम्भ to contract, क्वा Unadi aff.

कुम्भक mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Ill clothed, dressed in dirty or tattered garments. f. (-कः-कः) A plant, (*Cissampelos hexandra*) : see क्वा-कः. n. कु bad, and क्वा garment.

कुम्भ n. (-कः) The white water lily,

कुम्भ r. 1st cl. (क) कुम्भ (की-कति) 1. To steal or rob. (क) कुम्भ (कुम्भति) To squand inarticulately.

कुम्भ m. (-कः) 1. The plant Mars. 2. A demon; also called Nanka. 3. A tree. f. (-कः) 1. A name of Durga. 2. Of Seta. n. कु the earth, and क्वा, earth-born.

कुम्भ mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) A house-breaker; also कुम्भक

कुम्भक mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) A thief, a house-breaker; also कुम्भक and कुम्भक.

कुम्भक m. (-कः) A sort of fish.

कुम्भक f. (-रिः-रिः) A fog or mist. n. कु the earth, and क्वा to be entangled, affix क; also कुम्भक.

कुम्भक f. (-कः) A fog or mist : see the preceding.

कुम्भ r. 1st cl. (क) कुम्भ (कुम्भति) 1. To go, to go to or towards. 2. To move crookedly. 3. To make crooked. 4. To be crooked. 5. To lessen, to make small. 6. To be or become small, to shrink as a substance. 7. To contract or draw in, (as the thoughts,) Some read this root कुम्भ but needlessly.

कुम्भ n. (-कः) 1. Carving, bending. 2. Contracting. 3. Contraction of the eyelids. n. कुम्भ to go crookedly, क्वा aff.

कुम्भ f. (-विः) A measure of quantity equal to eight handfuls. n. कुम्भ to be curved, क्वा aff.

कुम्भक f. (-कः) 1. A plant bearing a red and black seed, used as a weight, (*Abrus precatorius*) : see क्वा. 2. The branch or shoot of a bamboo. 3. A plant bearing a pungent seed, (*Nigella Indica*) : see क्वा-कीरक. 4. A fish, commonly Cunchiya, in shape like an eel and eaten as one, (*Unibranchapertura cunchiya*). 5. A key. n. कुम्भ to go crookedly, &c. कुम्भ affix, with the fem. termination.

कुम्भक mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Crooked, curved, bent. n. कुम्भ to go crookedly, affix क.

कुम्भ m. (-कः-कः) 1. A place overgrown with creeping plants, a bower, an arbour. 2. An elephant's tusk or ivory. 3. The lower jaw. n. कु the earth, and क produced, क inserted.

कुम्भक m. (-कः) A bower, an arbour. n. कुम्भ and कुटीर a small house.

कुम्भक m. (-कः) 1. An elephant. 2. (In composition,) Pre-eminent, as

पुम्भक an excellent. mfn. 3. Hair. 4. A country. f. (-कः or -री) 1. A female elephant. (-कः) 1. A plant, (*Bignonia suave-olens*). 2. A shrub, (*Grislea tomentosa*) n. कुम्भ a tusk, an arbour, &c. and क what forms or possesses.

कुम्भक f. (-कः) A plant described as bearing a fruit which resembles long pepper : see क्वा-पिपरी.

कुम्भक m. (-रिः) 1. The Sarabha, a fabulous animal. 2. A lion. n. कुम्भ an elephant, and क्वा an enemy.

कुम्भक n. (-कः) A species of esculent root, a sort of yam.

कुम्भक m. (-कः) The holy fig tree, (*Ficus religiosa*) n. कुम्भ an elephant, and क्वा food.

कुम्भ m. (-कः) Sour gruel : see क्वा-कः. n. कु bad, and क्वा water. form irr.

कुम्भक f. (-कः) Kalonji, (*Nigella Indica*) : see कुम्भक.

कुम्भ (फि) n. 6th cl. (कुम्भति) 1. To make crooked. 2. To be or become crooked. 3. To be dishonest, to cheat or deceive. (क) कुम्भ (कुम्भति) 1. To be stopped or obstructed, to be prevented from moving. 2. To confound or disorder from pain or grief : see कुम्भ r. 10th cl.

(कुम्भते, की-कति) 1. To cut : see कुम्भ. 2. To heat : see कुम्भ.

कुम्भ m. (-कः-कः) 1. A water pot. mfn. (-कः-कः) A house; also कुम्भ. m. (-कः) 1. A fort, a strong hold. 2. A tree : see कुम्भ. 3. A hammer, a mallet for breaking small stones. 4. A mountain. f. (-कः) 1. A kind of perfume, commonly Mura. 2. A bawd, a procurer or go-between. 3. A nosegay, a bundle or tuft of flowers or vegetables. n. कुम्भ to go crookedly, &c. क aff.

कुम्भ m. (-कः) A roof, a thatch. n. कुम्भ a house, in the third case, and क what makes.

कुम्भक m. (-कः) 1. An arbour formed by creeping plants overrunning tree. 2. A roof or thatch. 3. A house, small house, a hut or cot tage : see कुम्भक.

कुम्भ m. (-कः) Coraga : see the next.

कुम्भ m. (-कः) A medicinal plant, commonly Coraga, (*Elechites* antidy-

seniterica, Rox.) the seeds are used as a vermifuge : see रुद्ध. 2. A name of the saint AGASTYA. 3. Also of DRONA a sage and warrior : see दोष. ४. कूट a mountain peak, and क what is produced ; the vowel of कूट being made short.

कुटसक n. (-क) a fragrant grass : see सुक.

कुटसट m. (-ट) A plant, (Bignonia Indica.) n. (-ट) A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) ३. कुटन् being crooked, कट् to dance or wave, and कच् aff.

कुटप m. (-प) 1. A saint, a divine sage or Muni. 2. A garden or grove near a house. 3. A measure of grain, &c, see कुटप n. (-प) A lotus. ३. कूट a house, and प what nourishes.

कुटर m. (-र) A post round which the string passes that works the churning stick : see कुतर.

कुटन n. (-न) A tent, a house of cloth or canvas. ३. कूट् to be crooked कच् Unadi aff.

कुटनका f. (-का) A plant commonly Teori, (Convolvulus turpethum.)

कुटन n. (-क) A roof, a thatch : see कुटन.

कुटनारिका f. (-का) A female slave or servant. ३. कूट a water pot, and नारिका who carries.

कुटि mf. (-टि-टि: or -टो) A house. m. (-टि:) 1. A tree. 2. The body. 3. Curvature, a curve. ३. कूट् to be crooked, कच् Unadi aff.

कुटिचर m. (-र) A porpoise. ३. कुटि a curve, चर who goes.

कुटित mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Crooked, bent. ३. कूट् to be curved, कच् Unadi affix ; also कुटिल.

कुटित mfn. (-ता-तौ-त) 1. Being bent. 2. Acting dishonestly. ३. कूट् to be crooked, कच्, aff.

कुटिर n. (-र) A hut, a cottage. ३. कुटि a house, र to be like, कच् aff.

कुटिल mfn. (-ल-ला-ल) 1. Crooked, bent. 2. Dishonest, fraudulent. ३. (-ल) Tin. f. (-ला) The name of a river, the Kutila river, according to some, a name of the SARASWATI. ३. कूट् to be crooked, किलच् Unadi aff.

कुटिलगामिन् mfn. (-मि-मिनी-मि) Tortuous, going crookedly. ३. कुटिल, and गामिन् what goes.

कुटिलता f. (-ता) 1. Crookedness. 2. Guile, dishonesty. ३. कुटिल and तच् affix ; also with ल, कुटिलच्. n. (-ल).

कुटिलिका f. (-का) 1. A blacksmith's forge. 2. Crouching, coming stealthily as a hunter on his prey. ३. कुटिलच् and कच् aff.

कुटोचक m. (-क) One who lives at his son's expense.

कुटोचर m. (-र) An ascetic of a particular order, one who consigns the care of his family to his son, and remains at home engaged solely in devotion. ३. कुटो a house, and चर who goes.

कुटोर m. (-र) A small house, a hut, a hovel. ३. कुटो a house, and र aff.

कुटुबक m. (-क) 1. An arbour or bower, formed of creeping plants. 2. A thatch, a roof. 3. A hut, a cottage. 4. A creeper winding round a tree. ३. कूट् to be crooked, क affix, कुट and कच् the body, with कच् added ; the form is irr. ; also कुटुबक.

कुटुबक r. 10th cl. (कुटुबकने) To support a family.

कुटुबक m. (-क) 1. A name. 2. A kinsman, a relation by descent 3. A connexion, a relation by the mother's side, by marriage, &c. 4. Offspring, progeny. 5. Family, race. ३. कुटुबक to support a family, and कच् aff.

कुटुबक mfn. (-क-का-कं) Being of one family. n. (-क) A family, a kindred ३. कच् added to the last.

कुटुबक्यदत्त m. (-त) A provident and attentive father of a family. ३. कुटुबक kindred, and दत्त one who manages.

कुटुबिका f. (-का) Family connexion or union, living as one family. ३. कुटुबिक, and तच् affix ; also with ल, कुटुबिक.

कुटुबिक mfn. (-मि-मिनी-मि) 1. A peasant, a cultivator of the soil. 2. One who supports or has a family. m. (-मि) A householder, a pater-familias. f. (-मिनी) 1. The wife of a householder and mother of a

family, a matron. 2. A small shrub used in medicine, a kind of moon plant : see कोरिबो. ३. कुटुबक kindred, &c. and कच् poss. aff.

कुटुबक्य n. adj. (-क) For the support or on account of a family. ३. कुटुबक, and कच् object.

कुटुबिक्य n. (-क) Apartments, &c. appropriated to the accommodation of relations, &c. ३. कुटुबक kindred, and कोरिबो, a house.

कुटेर m. (-र) A hut, a cottage. ३. कूट् to be crooked, कच् Unadi aff.

कुट r. 10th cl. (कुटयति) 1. To cut, to divide. 2. To grind or pound. 3. To censure. 1st cl. (कुटयति) 10th cl. (कुटयति) To heat, some make this root कूट.

कुटन mfn. (-क-का-कं) 1. What cuts. 2. What pounds or grinds. m. (-क) 1. A power in arithmetic or algebra, a quantity such, that a given number being multiplied by it, and the product added to a given quantity, the sum may be divisible without remainder by a given divisor. 2. A kingfisher. ३. कूट् to pound, कच् aff.

कुटनक्यदत्त m. (-र) That branch of arithmetic which treats of the Kuttaka : see the last. ३. कुटन, and कच् दत्त practice ; also कुटनक्य or chapter.

कुटन n. (-न) 1. Pounding, grinding, cutting, dividing. 2. Abusing. f. (-नी) A bawd, a procuress, a go-between. ३. कूट् to cut, कुट and कच् affs.

कुटनित n. (-न) One of the ten graces of women, affected repulse of a lover's caresses.

कुटनक mfn. (-क-का-कं) What cuts or divides. ३. कूट् to cut, कच् aff.

कुटन m. (-र) A mountain n. (-र) 1. Pleasure. 2. A blanket. adv. Only, merely. (कच् ल) This word is also written कुटन and कुटन, but perhaps inaccurately.

कुटन mfn. (-नो-नितो-नित) What cuts or pounds. f. (-नी) A bawd, a procuress. ३. कूट् cutting, कच् aff.

कुटन mfn. (-न-नं) 1. A jewel mine. 2. Ground smoothed and plastered. 3. Ground prepared for the site of a mansion. 4. A hut, a cottage. 5. The pomegranate. ३. कूट् to cut or pierce, and कच् aff.

कुटनारिका f. (-का) A female servant, a slave : see कुटनारिका.

कुटोर m. (-र) A mountain : कुटोर.

कुटुबक mfn. (-क-कं) An opening bud. n. (-क) One of the hells in which sinners are punished, where they are bound with ropes. ३. कूट् to be curved, and कच् Unadi affix, or कच् affix, with कूट inserted.

कुट (र) कुटि 1st cl. (कुटयति) To be idle. r. 10th cl. (कुटयति) To surround ; कच् is usually prefixed.

कुट m. (-र) A tree. ३. कु the earth, and र to abide, कच् affix ; earth-abiding ; the deriv. is irregular, and is sometimes written कुट, derived from कूट् to be crooked, to bend or wave, affix क.

कुटर m. (-र) The post round which the string of the churning stick winds : see कुटर. ३. कूट् to surround, कच् aff.

कुटनक m. (-क) A bird ; the woodpecker. ३. कूट for कूट to cut, and कच् Unadi aff.

कुटनक m. (-क) An axe. ३. कूट a tree, कच् prefixed to टक to bind, and कच् aff.

कुटन mf. (-र-नी) 1. An axe. 2. A sort of hoe or spade. m. (-र) A tree. ३. कूट a tree, and र to go, affix कच्.

कुटनारिका f. (-का) A small one or adze ; also a similarly shaped instrument used in surgery for scarification. ३. कच् added to the preceding.

कुटन m. (-र) 1. A tree. 2. A monkey, an ape. 3. An armourer. ३. कूट a tree, र to go, affix कच्.

कुटि m. (-रि) 1. A mountain. 2. A tree. ३. कूट् to surround, and कच् Unadi aff.

कुटिक m. (-क) A kind of costus, commonly, cut'h, (Costus speciosus.)

कुटेर m. (-र) 1. A name of fire. 2. Tulsi or basil : see the next. ३. कूट् to surround, कच् Unadi aff.

कुडेरु म. (-कः) 1. Holy basil, (*Ocimum sanctum*); see पञ्चला. 2. A white sort of the same, (*Ocimum gratissimum*). ३. कृ added to the preceding.

कुडेरु म. (-कः) A white species of basil; also कुडेरक.

कुडेरु म. (-कः) The wind of a fan or Chowrie.

कुड (कि) r. 6th cl. (कुडति) 1. To play or act as a child, to trifle. 2. To eat. ३. To heap. (कः) कुडि r. 1st cl. (कुडति) 1. To confound or disorder with grief or pain. 2. To form, to make. ३. (कुडति) To burn, to heat, r. 1st and 10th cls. (कुडति, कुडयति) To preserve.

कुडप म. (-पः) A measure: see the next.

कुडप म. (-पः) A measure of grain, wood, iron, &c. the fourth part of a Prastha, described by some as a vessel four fingers wide, and as many deep, and containing twelve Prakritis or handfuls; it is also said to contain thirteen and a half cubic Angulas; or to be a finger and half deep, and three fingers each length and breadth. In medicine it is equal to two Prakritis or thirty-two Tolakas. ३. कुड् to heap, कृ affix; also कुडप and कुटप.

कुडि म. (-डि) The body. ३. कुड् to born, इ Unadi aff.

कुडिका f. (-का) An earthen or wooden water pot used by ascetics.

कुडिच म. (-चः) A fish, commonly Kurchi, (*Cyprinus curchius*, HAM.)

कुडुप म. (-पः) The clasp or fastening of a necklace or bracelet.

कुडमल म. (-मः) A new bud; see कुडल.

कुडमलित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Budded, blossomed. 2. Cheerful, smiling, (as the countenance). ३. कुडमल and इत् aff.

कुड न. (-च) 1. A wall. 2. Aointing, plastering. 3. Eagerness, curiosity. ३. कुड् to sound, and कृ affix, or कुड् to heap, &c. and कृ affix; also कृ.

कुडक न. (-कः) A wall: see the preceding, कृ being added.

कुडक्रेदिन् म. (-दि) A thief, a house-breaker, ३. कुड a wall, and क्रेदिन् who cuts or breaks.

कुडक्रेड्य न. (-यः) An opening, a hole in a wall, a breach. ३. कुड a wall, and क्रेड् to be broken.

कुडक्रेड्य mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) A house lizard. ३. कुड a wall, and क्रेड्य a fish.

कुड र. 6th cl. (कुडति) 1. To sound. 2. To cherish, to support or aid with gifts, &c. ३. To be in pain. r. 10th cl. (कुडयति) 1. To converse with, to speak to or address. 2. To counsel or advise.

कुडप mfn. (-पः-पः-पः) Foul smelling, stinking. mn. (-पः-पः) 1. A dead body, a corpse. m. (-पः) 1. A stink, a foul smell. 2. A spear. f. (-पी) A small bird, a kind of Maina or Salik: see कृडकारिका. ३. कृड् to sound, कृ affix, इ is changed to its congener ड; sound proceeding from the corpse, &c. by the escape of the vital air, &c.

कुडाल म. (-कः) The name of a country. ३. कृड् to sound, कालन् Unadi affix; इ becomes ड.

कुडि म. (-डि) 1. A cripple with a crooked or withered arm, or with out a hand or finger; कुडि 2. The Tun tree, (*Cedrela tunna*); also कुडि. ३. A whitlow. ३. कुड् to sound, कि aff.

कुडिन् म. (-डः) Sound, sounding. ३. कृड् to sound, कृडिन् aff.

कुडिन् mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Fat, corpulent. ३. कुडि to be crooked, कृ aff.

कुडि mfn. (-डः-डा-डः) 1. Indolent, lazy, slow. 2. Stupid, foolish, a fool. ३. कुडि to be slothful, &c. affix कृ.

कुडिन् mfn. (-कः-का-कः) A fool, stupid, ignorant. ३. कृ added to the former.

कुडिन् mfn. (-कः-ता-तः) 1. Grasped, held. 2. Encircled. ३. Stupid. ३. कुडि and कृ aff.

कुडिन् म. (-कः) A son born in adultery, the son of a woman by another man than her husband, while the husband is alive. n. (-कः) 1. A hole in the ground for receiving and preserving consecrated fire. 2. A pool, a well, a spring of basin of water, especially consecrated to some holy purpose or person. ३. A measure. mf. (-कः-की) A

pitcher. f. (-की) A student's water-pot, made of a hollow cocoanut, &c. ३. कुडि to preserve, कृ aff.

कुडिन् म. (-कः) 1. A follower of the Charvaka doctrine, or the tenets of those sects who deny the authority of the Vedas. 2. The son of a woman of the Brahminical tribe born in adultery, particularly with a man of an inferior caste. ३. A keeper of concubines, a man who has female slaves. ३. कुड a pool, &c. and कीट a worm, a reptile.

कुडिन् म. (-कः) A low, vile man: see कृडि.

कुडिन् म. (-कः) Sour rice gruel.

कुडिन् म. (-कः) Sour rice gruel: see कृडिन्. ३. कुड a pitcher, कुड् to preserve, कृ affix, इ is changed to कृ.

कुडिन् म. (-कः) An arbour, a bower. ३. कुडि to preserve, कृ aff.

कुडिन् म. (-कः) A sacrifice, an oblation. ३. कुड, and पाय to be imbibed.

कुडिन् न. (-कः) 1. An earring. 2. A bracelet. ३. A fetter, a tie, a collar. f. (-की) 1. Mountain ebony: see कृडिन्. 2. Guruchi, a plant, (*Menispermum glabrum*). see कृडिन्. ३. Cowach. ३. कुडि to preserve, कृ aff.

कुडिन् म. (-कः) Wearing earrings. ३. कुडिन्, and धारण having.

कुडिन् धारिन् mfn. (-री-रि-रि-रि) Wearing earrings. ३. कुडिन्, and धारिन् who has.

कुडिन् mfn. (-की-लिनी-लि) Having an earring. m. (-की) 1. A name of VARUNA regent of the water. 2. A snake. ३. A peacock. 4. The spotted or painted deer. f. (-की) 1. A Sakti or form of DURGA, worshipped by the Tantrikas. 2. A plant, (*Menispermum glabrum*). ३. Curds boiled with Ghee and spices. ३. कुडिन् and earring, and इति affix; the rings on the snake, the eyes in the peacock's tail, &c. being compared to this ornament.

कुडिन् म. (-की) 1. A pander, a pimp. 2. One who is supported by a bastard. ३. कुड, कृड् to eat, and इति aff.

कुडिन् f. (-का) 1. A student's waterpot, the Kamandalu. 2. A pitcher. ३. कुड a pitcher, &c. कृ added with the fem. aff.

कुडिन् न. (-कः) A city; also Vidarbha, the capital of Vidarbha the father-in-law of Nala Raja, apparently the modern Oondavir. m. plur. (-काः) The people of Kundina. m. (-कः) The name of a saint. ३. कुडि to preserve, इत् Unadi aff.

कुडिन् म. (-की) A bastard: see कुडिन्. ३. कुड and इति aff.

कुडिन् mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Able, powerful. m. (-कः) A man.

कुडिन् mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Deformed. m. (-कः) A name of KURVA. ३. कुड bad, vile, and तनु body, this deity being of a monstrous appearance, having three legs and but eight teeth.

कुडिन् mfn. (-कः-पा-पः) Slightly hot, mild, tepid. mn. (-कः-पः) 1. The eight Muhurta or portion of the day, from the last Danda of the second watch to the first of the third or about noon; an eligible time for the performance of sacrifices to the manes. 2. A daughter's son. ३. A musical instrument. 4. A sort of blanket made of the hair of the mountain goat. 5. Sacrificial grass, (*Poa cynosuroides*). m. (-कः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. ३. A twice born man, one of the three first classes. 4. A guest. 5. A sister's son. 6. An ox. ३. कुड the earth, and तप what warms, or कुड diminutive, and तप heat; the sun being on the decline, &c.

कुडिन् न. (-कः) A Sraddha in which seven constituents occur, noon, a horn platter, a Nepal blanket, silver, sacrificial grass, sesamum and kine. ३. कुडप, and, सप्त sevenfold.

कुडिन् ind. Anywhere, somewhere. ३. कृ added to. कुडिन्

कुडिन् ind. Somewhere or other. ३. कृ added to. कुडिन्

कुडिन् ind. Implying interrogation, 1. How, what. 2. How, in what way, how should it be thus, &c. implying denial or concealment of knowledge. ३. Whence, from what place. ३. कुड for कृडिन् what, and इति aff.

कुतल mfn. (-क-ल-ल) Whence come, how happened. म. लप् added to the last.

कुतल n. (-क) 1. Eagerness, vehemence. 2. Desire, inclination. 3. Curiosity. म. कुत a particular sound, क् to emit sound, क् affix; also कौतल.

कुतल m. (-क) A small leathern oil bottle. mn. (-क-त) The eighth hour of the day: see कुतल म. कुत as below, and उपक् aff.

कुत f. (-क) A leathern oil bottle. म. कु had, and त् to spread, क् affix, and the final lengthened.

कुतल m. (-क) Weakness of the eyes in infants; also read कुतल.

कुतल mfn. (-क-ल-ल) 1. Excellent, best, praised, celebrated. 2. Surprising, wonderful. n. (-क) 1. Eagerness, vehemence, impetuosity. 2. Desire, inclination. 3. Curiosity. म. कु had क् to send forth, क् affix, and क् inserted; or कुत an oil bottle, and क् to make limes or furrows; or कु the earth, and कुत to vex or tease; the etymologies however are all fanciful; the word is also written कौतल.

कुतल mfn. (-क-ल-ल) 1. Curious, inquisitive. 2. Eager, impatient. म. कुतल, and क् aff.

कुतल m. (-क) An aquatic plant, water-house leek, (*Pistia stratiotes*.) म. कुत, क् grass.

कुत ind. Where, wherein, in what place. म. कु substituted for किं what, and क् aff.

कुतल ind. Somewhere. म. कुत added to कुत.

कुतल ind. Wherever, somewhere. म. कुत, and क् aff. certainly.

कुत r. 10th cl. (कुतलतेति) To despise, to abuse, to revile. [aff.]

कुतल n. (-क) Abuse, contempt, reproach, reviling. म. कुत to revile, कुत, कुतल f. (-क) The indigo plant: see कौतल.

कुतल f. (-क) Reproach, contempt, censure. म. कुतल to despise, क्, and क् aff.

कुतल mfn. (-क-ल-ल) Censorious, abusive. म. कुतल and क् aff. who speaks.

कुतल mfn. (-क-ल-ल) Low, vile, contemptible, contemned, reviled, &c. n. (-क) A grass. (*Cyperus*.) म. कुत, to reproach, &c., and क् aff.

कुत r. 4th cl. (कुतलति) To stink. r. 9th cl. (कुतलति) 1. To be distressed; see कुत (क) कुत r. 1st cl. (कुतलति) 1. To hurt or kill. 2. To afflict, to give pain. 3. To be afflicted, to suffer pain.

कुत m. (-क-त) A painted or variegated cloth or blanket, serving as an elephant's housings. m. (-क) Sacrificial or Kusa grass, (*Poa cynosuroides*.) म. कुत to be connected, &c. क्, aff.

कुत r. 10th cl. (कुत) कुत (कुतलति) To lie, to speak falsely: see कुत.

कुतल m. (-क) 1. Mountain ebony. 2. A kind of spade: see कुतल.

कुतल mfn. (-क-ल-ल) Having had eyes. f. (-क) 1. Heterodox doctrine, as that of the Sankhyas, &c. 2. Weak sight. 3. Evil eye. म. कुत had, क् sight.

कुतल m. (-क) Mountain ebony.

कुतल m. (-क) See the next; sometimes also written कुतल.

कुतल m. (-क) 1. A mountain ebony. (*Bauhinia variegata*, &c.) also क्. 2. A kind of spade or hoe. म. कुत the earth, and कुत to divide, with क् prefixed, and क्, aff. or with कुत to divide, कुतल; also कुतल, &c.

कुतल n. (-क) An opening bud: see कुतल.

कुतल n. (-क) A wall: see कुत.

कुत r. 1st cl. (कुत) कुत (कुतलति) To speak falsely, to lie: some read this root कुत.

कुतल m. (-क) A dwelling raised on a platform or scaffold. It is sometimes written कुतल म. कुत the earth, and कुत what goes.

कुतल m. (-क) A kind of grass, the grain of which is eaten by the poor, (*Paspalum scrobiculatum*;) also कौतल. म. कुत the earth, and कुत to be fixed, क्, aff.

कुतल m. (-क) A mountain. म. कुत the earth, कुत to be fixed, क्, aff.

कुतल mfn. (-क-ल-ल) Having ugly nails. म. (-क) A disease of the nails. म. कुत bad, क् a nail; also with क् added, कुतल. See the next.

कुतल mfn. (-क-ल-ल) Having bad or diseased nails. म. कुतल, and क् aff.

कुतल m. (-क) A sort of trumpet flower. f. (-क) 1. Red arsenic. 2. Coriander. म. कुत the earth, and कुत to dance, also कुतल.

कुतल m. (-क) A tree, (*Alphynomene grandiflora*.) म. कुत bad, क् a stalk, and क् aff.

कुतल m. (-क) 1. A whirlwind. 2. Kuvsa's aggregate treasure: see क्. म. कुत the world, and क् the navel.

कुतल m. (-क) A plant, commonly Javasa: see क्. म. कुत the earth, and क् what injures.

कुतल f. (-क) 1. Impolicy, misgovernment. 2. Ill conduct, misbehaviour. म. कुत bad, क् policy.

कुत m. (-क-ल-ल) 1. A bearded dart, a lance. m. (-क) 1. A species of grain, (*Olix barbata*, Rox.) 2. A small animal, an insect. 3. Passionateness. f. (-क) or (-क) 1. A wife at Pandu, and mother of the three elder Pandava princes, by as many gods. 2. The gum olibanum tree, (*Roswellia thurifera*.) 3. Beellium, a fragrant resin. 4. The wife of a Brahman. म. कुत bad, and क् end, destroying ill, enemies, &c. or क् the head, and क् to give pain, क् substituted for क् fem. affix क् or क्.

कुतल m. (-क) 1. Hair. 2. A drinking cup. 3. Barley. 4. A plough. 5. The name of a country in the north-west of the peninsula. m. plu. (-क) The people of the inhabitants of Kuntala. म. कुत a dart, and क् to bring or gain, क् aff.

कुतल f. (-क) A hutter-knife or scorp. म. कुतल a cup, &c., and क् aff.

कुत r. 9th cl. (कुतलति) 1. To cling to, to twine round or be connected with. 2. To be distressed. 3. To suffer pain, want, &c. see कुत.

कुत m. (-क) 1. The seventeenth of the Jinas or deified Jaina saints. 2. One of the Jaina emperors of the world.

कुत mn. (-क-क) A kind of jasmin, (*J. multiflorum* or *pubescens*.) m. (-क) 1. A turner's lathe. 2. Olibanum, the resin of the *Boswellia thurifera*: see कुतल 3. One of Kuvsa's nine treasures. 4. The Nerium plant. म. कुत to squand, क् Unadi affix, and कुत inserted, or कुत the earth, कुत to hurt, and क्, affix; also with क् added कुतल.

कुतल m. (-क) A cat. म. कुत vile, (animals, as mice,) and क् who tames.

कुतल m. (-क) A sort of grass.

कुतल f. (-क) An assemblage of lotus flowers. म. कुत the jasmin, and क् affix, fem. affix क्, an assemblage like that of Kunda flowers, from the similar whiteness of the lotus.

कुत f. (-क) Frankincense or olibanum; see कुतल. m. (-क) A rat, a mouse. म. कुत the earth, and कुत to tear or divide, क् aff.

कुतल m. (-क) Olibanum: see कुतल.

कुतल m. (-क) The resin of the *Boswellia thurifera*, gum olibanum or frankincense. म. कुत BRAHMA, कुत to moisten, (to bedew with incense in sacrifice,) क् affix, क् inserted, m. (-क) A rat: see कुत.

कुतल m. (-क-ल-ल) The olibanum tree, commonly Salt or Sale (*Boswellia thurifera*.) m. (-क) The gum. म. कुत possessive or pleonastic added to कुतल, fem. affix क्.

कुत (र) कुतल r. 4th cl. (कुतलति) To be angry, to be flushed with wrath. With म, to be very much enraged. r. 10th cl. (कुतलति) 1. To shine: see कुत. 2. To speak. (र) कुतल r. 1st and 10th cls. (कुतलति कुतलति) 1. To spread. 2. To remember.

कुतल m. (-क) A slough, a heap of filth and mud. म. कुत vile, क् mud.

कुतल ind. Excellently.

कुतल m. (-क) 1. A bad road. 2. Immorality, profligacy. 3. Heterodox doctrine. म. कुत bad, and क् a road; also क्.

कुपवन्तस्मिन् mfn. (-न्-वि-वि) Wicked, going in a bad or wrong road. **कुपवन्**, and **गमिन्** who goes; also **कुपवन्**, **कुपवन्**, &c.

कुपवन् mfn. (-न्-वि-वि) 1. Relating to a bad road, literally or figuratively. 2. Counter-indicated, improper, unwholesome, (as regimen, &c.) **कु** and **वन्** proper, &c.

कुपवन् mfn. (-न्-वि-वि) Crooked-handed, having a deformed or maimed hand. **कु** bad and **वाक्**, the hand.

कुपित mfn. (-न्-वि-वि) Incensed, angry, offended. **कु** to be angry, **पि** aff.

कुपितवायु m. (-न्-वि-वि) Flatulence or hypochondria. **कु** पित, and **वायु** wind.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) Imminent or threatening death. **कु** पित, and **वन्** destroyer.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) A fisherman. **कु** पित **वन्** a net, and **पि** aff.

कुपितवन् f. (-न्-वि-वि) A kind of net or snare, for catching small fish, made of bamboos or rushes, **कु** to cover or conceal, **पि** and **वन्** affixes; **व** is changed to **क**.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) A weaver. **कु** or **कु** to spread out, **पि** Unadi affix; also **कुपितवन्**.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) A sort of ebony tree. **कु** bad, **पि** a tree, so called.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) 1. A son of an inferior degree, as one adopted, &c. 2. A disobedient or wicked son. **कु**, and **पु** a son.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) 1. A low or vile man. 2. A paltrion. **कु** bad, and **पु** a man.

कुपितवन् mfn. (-न्-वि-वि) Inferior, low, vile. **कु** bad, and **पु** to divide, **वन्** aff.

कुपितवन् n. (-न्-वि-वि) Base metal, copper, brass, &c. or any metal except gold and silver. **कु** to conceal or preserve, **वन्** affix; **व** is changed irregularly to **क**.

कुपितवन् f. (-न्-वि-वि) A brazery, a foundery, a place where metallic vessels, &c. are made or sold. **कु** base metal, **वन्** a dwelling, a shop, &c.

कुपितवन् mfn. (-न्-वि-वि) Low, vile, last, worst. **कु** reverse, and **पि** beloved; disagreeable.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) A weak or frail raft or float. **कु**, and **पु** a raft.

कुपितवन् r. 1st and 10th cls. (र) कुपि (कुपितवन् कुपितवन्) To cover, to hide, to clothe, to screen, &c.

कुपितवन् m. (-र) The deity KURVA : see कुपितवन्.

कुपितवन् mfn. (-न्-वि-वि) Humpbacked, crooked. **कु** m. (-न्-वि-वि) 1. A tree, (*Achyranthes aspera*) : see **कुपितवन्**. 2. A scymitar. 3. A sort of fish. (*Bola ouja*, HAM.) **कु** the earth, or **कु** ill badly, and **वन्** to be straight, affix **वन्**.

कुपितवन् mfn. (-न्-वि-वि) Humpbacked. **कु** m. (-न्-वि-वि) An aquatic plant, (*Trapa bispinosa*) : see **कुपितवन्**. **कु** water, and **वन्** to be straight, affix **वन्**, and **वन्** added, or **कु** and **वन्** aff.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) A white mimosa. **कु**, and **वन्** a thorn.

कुपितवन् n. (-न्-वि-वि) 1. A forest. 2. A hole for sacrificial fire. 3. An ear-ring. 4. A thread. 5. A cart. **कु** to hide, **वन्** Unadi aff.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) A degraded or contemptible Brahman, one who officiates for Sairas. **कु** bad, **वन्** a Brahman, **वन्** affix; also retaining the final, **कुपितवन्**.

कुपितवन् r. 10th cl. (र) कुपि (कुपितवन्) To cover, to clothe, to veil or hide : see **कुपितवन्**.

कुपितवन् r. 10th cl. (र) कुपि (कुपितवन्) To play, especially as a child also **कुपितवन्**.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) 1. A boy, one under five years of age. 2. A name of Kārtikeya. 3. A prince, the heir apparent, and who is associated to the empire, (in theatrical language.) 4. A horse-man, a cavalier. 5. A parrot. 6. One of the attendants on the twenty-four Jinds, and also a character amongst the Jains sect. 7. A tree, (*Tapia orateva*) : see **कुपितवन्**. 8. A name of Sindh river of India. n. (-न्-वि-वि) 1. A young girl, one from ten to twelve

years old, a virgin; or in the Tantras any virgin to the age of sixteen, or as long as menstruation has not commenced. 2. A name of Durga. 3. The central part of the universe according to Hindu geography, Jambu Dwipa or India. 4. The most southerly of the nine portions of the known continent, or of Jambu Dwipa, the southern extremity of the peninsula, whence Cape Comorin or Kumari. 5. The name of a river flowing from the mountain Saotima. 6. A plant, (*Clitoria ternatea*) : see **कुपितवन्**. 7. Double jasmim. 8. The aloe tree, (*Aloe perfoliata*) : see **कुपितवन्**. 9. The Syama, a bird so named. **कु** to play as a child, affix **वन्**, **वन्** aff.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) 1. A boy, a lad. 2. A tree : see **कुपितवन्**. **वन्** added to the preceding.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) The slayer of a child. **कु** to kill, **पि** aff.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) 1. A name of Raja, SALIVAHANA. 2. Name of a king of Guzerat. **कु** a child, and **वन्** a cherisher.

कुपितवन् f. (-न्-वि-वि) Care of a pregnant or lying in woman, midwifery. **कु** a child, and **वन्** cherishing.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) A prince. **कु** prince, **वन्** to go or be, and **वन्** Unadi aff.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) A peacock. **कु** KARTIKEYA, and **वन्** what bears; this god being usually represented riding on a peacock.

कुपितवन् f. (-न्-वि-वि) A name of GANGA, the river goddess. **कु** the god KARTIKEYA, and **वन्** a mother.

कुपितवन् f. (-न्-वि-वि) 1. A girl from ten to twelve years old, or generally a virgin. 2. Double jasmim. 3. A division of the known continent. 4. Large cardamoms. 5. An insect, (*Spex Asiatica*) : see **कुपितवन्**, **वन्** being added.

कुपितवन् r. 10th cl. (र) कुपि (कुपितवन्) To play as a child, &c. see **कुपितवन्**.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) The name of a district, part of Malwa : also termed Sauvira.

कुपितवन् mfn. (-न्-वि-वि) 1. Niggardly, avaricious. 2. Unkind, unfriendly. n. (-न्-वि-वि) 1. The esculent white water lily. 2. The red lotus. **कु** the earth, or bad, vile, **वन्** to be pleased, and **वन्** affix; also **कुपितवन्**.

कुपितवन् n. (-न्-वि-वि) 1. The white esculent water lily, (*Nymphaea esculenta*). 2. The red lotus, (*Nrubra*). 3. silver. m. (-न्-वि-वि) 1. The elephant of the south-west quarter. 2. One of the monkey heroes of the Ramayana. 3. One of the Naga or serpent race. 4. A Danava or infernal deity. 5. Camphor. f. (-न्-वि-वि) 1. An aquatic plant, (*Pistia stratiotes*). 2. A tree, (*Gmelina arborea*) : see **कुपितवन्**. (-न्-वि-वि) A medicinal and aromatic shrub, commonly Kayap'hal. **कु** the earth &c. **वन्** to be pleased, and **वन्** aff.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) The moon. **कु** a lotus, and **वन्** the friend; the white esculent lotus expanding its petals during the night, and closing them in the day time; hence other similar appellations of the moon, as **कुपितवन्**, **कुपितवन्**, &c.

कुपितवन् f. (-न्-वि-वि) A place abounding in water lilies, &c. see **कुपितवन्**.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) A number of water lilies or place abounding with them. **कु** **वन्**, and **वन्** a mine; also **कुपितवन्**, **कुपितवन्**, &c.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) A pool abounding in lotuses. **कु** **वन्**, and **वन्** a residence.

कुपितवन् mfn. (-न्-वि-वि) Abounding with water lilies. **कु** **वन्**, and **वन्** aff.

कुपितवन् f. (-न्-वि-वि) A small tree, the seeds of which are aromatic, commonly Kayap'hal : see **कुपितवन्**, and **वन्**.

कुपितवन् f. (-न्-वि-वि) A place abounding in lotuses, &c. see **कुपितवन्**. **वन्** and **वन्** aff.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) The moon. **कु** **वन्**, and **वन्** a lord; see **कुपितवन्**.

कुपितवन् m. (-न्-वि-वि) The moon : see **कुपितवन्**. **कु** **वन्**, and **वन्** a master.

सुखसुख mfn. (-सुख-सुखी-सुख) A place abounding in the flowers of the *Nymphaea esculenta*. f. (-सुखी) 1. The same. 2. A multitude of lotus flowers. 3. The flexible stalk of a water lily. 4. A sort of water lily, (*Menyanthes Indica* or *cristata*.) n. सुख the water lily, and सुख poss. affix, or वति affix of comparison, fem. सुखी.

सुखे m. (-सुखः) The southern hemisphere or pole, the region of the demons and Titans. n. सु, and सुख the mountain where the gods reside.

सुखोदक m. (-सुखः) A name of VISHNU. n. सु the earth, सुख to delight, सुख aff.

सुख mfn. (-सुखः-सुखा-सुख) Crooked-armed.

सुखा f. (-सुखा) An enclosure round a place of sacrifice, to prevent profane intrusion. n. सुखि to cover, to screen or conceal, सुख् and टप् affs.

सुख m. (-सुखः) 1. A small water jar. 2. The frontal globe on the upper part of the forehead of an elephant; there are two of these projection, which swell in the rutting season. 3. A sign of the zodiac, (*Aquarius*.) 4. A proper name, the nephew of Ravana considered as a Rakshasa or demon. 5. The paramour of a harlot, a bully, a flash or fancy man. 6. (In Yoga phil) A religious exercise, closing the nostrils and mouth so as to suspend breathing. 7. A measure of grain equal to twenty Dronas, a little more than three bushels and three gallons, or a Comb; some make it to Dronas or sixty-four Seers. n. (-सुखी) 1. A fragrant resin or the plant which bears it, (*Bdellium*.) 2. A plant commonly Teori: see चिद्रु. f. (-सुखी) 1. A pot, an earthen cooking vessel, a small jar. 2. Kayap'hal, a small tree, the seeds of which are used in medicine: see कटफल. 3. An aquatic plant, (*Pistia stratiotes*.) 4. Trumpet flower, (*Bignonia suave-olens*.) (सुख) A harlot, a whore. n. सु the earth, or base, vile, &c. सुख् to fill, and सुख् or सुख् affix, deriv, irr.

सुखक m. (-सुखः) Stopping the breath by shutting the mouth and closing both nostrils with the fingers of the right hand. n. सुख added to the last. [the ear.]

सुखकर्ष m. (-सुखः) The gigantic brother of RAVANA. n. सुख and कर्ष सुखकामला f. (-सुखा) A bilious affection, a sort of jaundice.

सुखकार m. (-सुखः) 1. A potter. 2. A kind of wild fowl. f. (-सुखी) 1. A mineral substance, used as an application to strengthen the eyes and beautify the eye lashes. 2. Red arsenic. 3. The wife of a potter. n. सुख a jar, &c and कार what makes, from कृ to make, and सुख aff.

सुखकारक m. (-सुखः) A potter. f. (-सुखी) 1. Collyrium. 2. A woman of the potter caste. n. सुख added to the last.

सुखगुली f. (-सुखी) A large round gourd. n. सुख, and गुली a gourd.

सुखदात्री f. (-सुखी) A bawd, a procuress. n. सुख a bully, and दात्री a female slave.

सुखपदी f. (-सुखी) A woman with an enlarged leg. n. सुख and पद for पाद a foot, fem. affix सुखी.

सुखपाद m. (-सुखः) A man with an enlarged leg. n. सुख and पाद a foot.

सुखयोगि m. (-सुखः) 1. A name of AGASTYA, a saint so called. 2. Also of VASISHTHA; and of DRONA, the military preceptor of the Kurus and Pandus. n. सुख a jar, and योगि a womb; born in a water jar, &c.

सुखंज f. (-सुखः) A plant, the flowers of which are compared to those of the *Nauclaeacadamba*: see सुखि.

सुखंज f. (-सुखः) A pottery, a potter's kiln. n. सुख a jar, and सुखंज a hall, a shop.

सुखंज m. (-सुखः) The hollow on the top of an elephant's head, between the frontal globes. n. सुख the frontal globe, and सुखि junction.

सुखसुख m. (-सुखः) The saint AGASTYA: see सुखसुख. सुख a jar, and सुख born.

सुखाक m. (-सुखः) A minister of the Asura, BANA. mf. (-सुखी) A pumpkin gourd: see सुखाक.

सुखिका f. (-सुखी) 1. An aquatic plant, (*Pistia stratiotes*.) 2. Trumpet flower. 3. A disease of the eyes, hordeolum or sty. n. सुखी as above, and सुख affix, in the fem. form.

सुखिन् mfn. (-सुखी-सुखी-सुखी) 1. Having a water jar. 2. Shaped like a water jar, &c. n. सुख, and सुखि affix m. (-सुखी) 1. An elephant. 2. A crocodile. 3. A fish. 4. A plant bearing a fragrant resin, *Bdellium*. n. सुख as above, and सुखि aff.

सुखिनीबीज n. (-सुखी) The croton nut.

सुखिमद m. (-सुखः) The juice that exudes from an elephant's temples at certain seasons. n. सुखि, and मद the exudation.

सुखिन् m. (-सुखः) 1. A thief. 2. A plagiarist, a paraphrast. 3. A wife's brother. 4. A fish, the gilt-head. 5. A child begotten at undus seasons, or of an imperfect impregnation. n. सुख as above, and सुखि aff.

सुखीक m. (-सुखः) 1. A plant, the bark of which furnishes a yellow dye, (*Rottleria tinctoria*): see सुखीक. 2. An aquatic plant. 3. An affection of the eyes, hordeolum or sty: see सुखिका.

सुखीधान्य m. (-सुखः) Grain stored in jars sufficient, according to some, for six days, or to others for one year's consumption. n. सुख, and धान्य grain, सुख augment.

सुखीधान्यक m. (-सुखः) A householder, preserving grain in store for six days, &c. n. सुख added to the last.

सुखीनस m. (-सुखः) A large, and venomous snake. f. (-सुखी) The mother of LAVANA, a Rakshasa or fiend. n. सुखी a pitcher, and नस derived from नासा the nose; having wide nostrils.

सुखीपाक m. (-सुखः) A hell. n. सुखी a pot, and पाक what cooks: in which the wicked are baked like potters' vessels.

सुखीर m. (-सुखः) The crocodile of the ganges; the long-nosed alligator. n. सुखी an elephant, and रिर what resembles; or सुखी a fish, and र who seized, from र to take or gain: or सुख from सुख, whence also सुखीक.

सुखीरमचिका f. (-सुखी) 1. A sort of fly or aquatic insect. n. सुखी a crocodile, and मचिका a fly, the crocodilefly, alluding, perhaps, to its size.

सुखील m. (-सुखः) A crocodile: see सुखीर.

सुखीबीज n. (-सुखी) The nut of the croton.

सुख r. 6th cl. (सुखि) To sound.

सुखा f. (-सुखा) The olibanum tree.

सुखर m. (-सुखः) The Indian crane. n. सुख् to sound, सुख affix, a sound, and सुख what makes; also सुखर.

सुख m. (-सुखः) A deer, an antelope. n. सुख् to sound, सुख् Unadi aff.

सुखक m. (-सुखः) A deer. n. सुख added to the preceding.

सुखनयना f. (-सुखी) A handsome woman. n. सुख, and नयना the eye, fawn-eyed.

सुखन m. (-सुखः) A deer, an antelope.

सुखिन् m. (-सुखः) A crab.

सुख m. (-सुखः) A currier, a leather-seller, a shoe maker. n. सु bad, सु to speak, सु affix; being described as a man of low occupation.

सुखक m. (-सुखः) 1. Yellow amaranth. 2. Yellow barleria: see सुखक.

सुखक m. (-सुखः) Enlargement of the testicles or rather of the scrotum, including inguinal hernia, hydrocele, &c. n. सु bad, ill, सु to play, and सु aff.

सुखक m. (-सुखः) Yellow amaranth: see सुखक.

सुख mf. (-सुखः) An osprey; also another species of eagle. f. (-सुखी) A sheep, an ewe. 2. A female osprey.

सुखीर m. (-सुखः) A flight of ospreys. n. सुखी, and सुख a troop.

**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) A curl, a lock of hair. 2. An osprey, see कुल्लेव.  
**कुल्ल** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Having a bad voice. m. (-कः) 1. A bad or harsh sound. 2. Red or yellow amaranth: see कुल्लव. 2. कु bad or ill, and रङ्ग what sounds.  
**कुल्लव** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Having a bad voice, making a disagreeable sound. m. (-कः) 1. A purple sort of Jhinti or Barleria. 2. A crimson species of amaranth. 2. कु bad, रङ्ग to sound, कुल्ल aff.  
**कुल्ल** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Bad-juiced, of bad essence. m. (-कः) Sprituons or vinous liquor. f. (-का) A wild creeping plant, a species of hieracium; see जीविजा. 2. कु bad, and रङ्ग juice.  
**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) A light bay horse with black legs.  
**कुली** f. (-ली) A kind of grass.  
**कुली** n. (-र) Copulation. 2. कु to do, रङ्ग Unadi affix, उद् inserted.  
**कुल** m. (-कः) 1. Kuru or Uttara Kuru, the most northerly of the four Maha Dwipas, or principal divisions of the known world, by other systems it is considered as one of nine divisions of Varshas of the same; in both cases it is the country beyond the northern-most range of mountains, extending to the frozen ocean. 2. A proper name, son of AGNIDHRA, and grandson of PRIYAVRATA. 3. A proper name, a prince of the lunar race, son of SAMVARANA by TAPATI; sovereign of the north-west of India or the country about Dehli, and ancestor of both PANDU and DHRTIRASHTRA; the patronymic however derived from his name is most usually applied to the sons of the latter. 4. A holy place: see कुल्लेव. 5. Boiled rice. 6. Pricklynightshade: see कण्टकारीका. 2. कु to make, कु affix, and कु becomes. च.  
**कुल्लव** n. (-कः) Horseradish, (Raphanus sativus).  
**कुल्लेव** n. (-कः) The country near Dehli, the scene of the great battle between the Kurus and Pandus. 2. कुल्ल the Kuru race, and लेव a field.  
**कुल्लेवीय** m. (-गः) A solar day, in the course of which three lunar days, three asterisms and three Yogas occur. 2. कुल्लेव, and वीय conjunction.  
**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) 1. Yellow amaranth. 2. Yellow Barleria. f. (-की) 1. A doll, a puppet. 2. The wife of a Brahman or teacher. 2. कु bad, इटि to shine, affix चङ्.  
**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) 1. Yellow or white amaranth. 2. A yellow species of Barleria, (B. prionitis). 2. कु bad, इटि to shine, &c. कुल्ल affix; also कुल्लव.  
**कुल्ल** n. (-कः) A large species of orange. f. (-का) Trumpet flower.  
**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) A name of DURYODHANA. 2. कुल्ल the Kuru race, राज् to shine, and कुल्ल affix; the Kuru chief.  
**कुली** f. (-ली) A kind of bird with a warbling note.  
**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) A curl or lock of hair, especially on the forehead.  
**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) 1. The crimson amaranth. 2. A purple species of Barleria. 3. Also a yellow kind. 2. कु a little, रङ्ग to sound, कुल्ल affix, and उवङ्ग substituted for उ.  
**कुल्ल** mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus). 2. A kind of barley: see कजाव. 3. A ruby: see कुल्लव. 4. Black salt. 5. Vermillion. 6. A mirror. 2. कुल्ल Kurudess, विद् to gain, and कुल्ल affix; found in that country.  
**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) A kind of Dolichos biflorus, a wild variety.  
**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) A ruby; also कुल्लव, and कुल्लव.  
**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) A ruby; also कुल्लव.  
**कुली** m. (-कः) A Pala of gold, a weight of gold equal to about 700 Tory grains. 2. कुल्ल the country, and विद् abundant; abounding in Kurudess.  
**कुल्ल** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Ugly, ill made, deformed. n. (-कः) Ugliness. 2. कु

**कुल्ल** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Ugly, ill made, frightfully deformed. 2. कुल्ल, and इति aff.  
**कुल्ल** n. (-कः) Tin. 2. कु base, रङ्ग silver.  
**कुल्ल** mfn. (-कः-का-क) A dog or bitch. 2. कुल्ल instead of कु bad, prefixed to कु to sound, and रङ्ग affix: see कुल्ल.  
**कुल्ल** r. 1st cl. (कुल्लेव or कुल्लेव) To play; also कुल्लेव.  
**कुल्ल** n. (-कः) Play, playing, sport: see कुल्लेव.  
**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) 1. The knee. 2. The elbow; also कुल्लेव.  
**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) A sort of bodice or jacket: see कुल्लेव; also with कुल्ल added कुल्लेव.  
**कुल्ल** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Doing, making. 2. कु to make, रङ्ग aff.  
**कुल्ल** mfn. (-कः-का-क) I Doing, acting, an agent. 2. A servant. 2. कु to do, रङ्ग aff.  
**कुल्ल** n. (-कः) 1. Cause according to the Chravakas. 2. Grain. 2. कुल्लेव, and रङ्ग nature.  
**कुल्ल** r. 1st cl. (कुल्लेव) 1. To accumulate. 2. To be of kin, to act as of kin. 3. To flow homogeneously. 4. To count. With कजाव prefixed, to be attentive; with वि to be bewildered, hurried or distressed.  
**कुल्ल** n. (-कः) 1. Family, race, tribe or caste. 2. A herd, a flock, &c. of animals of the same species. 3. An inhabited country. 4. A house, an abode. 5. The body. 6. The front or fore part. 7. A blue stone: see कजाव m. (-कः) An artist of celebrated descent. f. (-लि: or -ली) A prickly nightshade: see कण्टकारी, &c. (-ली) A wife's elder sister. 2. कुल्ल to accumulate, क affix, or कुल्ल to sound, and रङ्ग affix, or कु the earth, and क who takes or possesses, from कजाव with उ aff.  
**कुल्ल** mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Of a good family, of eminent birth. m. (-कः) 1. A species of ebony, (Diospyros tomentosa, Rox.) See कजाव. 2. An artist of eminent birth. 3. An ant or mole hill. 4. A green snake. n. (-कः) 1. A sort of gourd, (Trichosanthes dioica). 2. The connexion of several stanzas, protraction of the government of the noun or verb through several verses, contrary to the practice of closing the sense with each verse. 2. कुल्ल added to the preceding, or कुल्ल race, and क who sounds, declares, &c.  
**कुल्ल** f. (-का) A girl of good family. 2. कुल्ल and कजाव a maiden.  
**कुल्ल** n. (-कः) The proper duty of a race or family, any observance customarily held by one. 2. कुल्ल, and कजाव act; also कुल्लिया and कुल्लिया.  
**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) Beating time in music.  
**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) Decay or disappearance of a family. f. (-का) Cowach, (Carpogon pruriens). 2. कुल्ल the body, and चङ्ग injurious.  
**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) A mountain, any one of the seven principal mountains of Bharata Varsha. 2. कुल्ल and कजाव mountain: see कजाव.  
**कुल्ल** f. (-की) A thorny plant: see कजाव.  
**कुल्ल** mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Well-born, of a good family. 2. Ancestral, hereditary, 2. कुल्ल, and कजाव born; also कुल्लव, कुलीव, and similar compounds. [गङ्गाव.]  
**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) See the next.  
**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) An aromatic plant, (Alpinia galanga); also कुल्ल and कुल्लव.  
**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) Any son except the one begotten, as one adopted, bought, &c. f. (-का) An unchaste woman. 2. कुल्ल race, and चङ्ग who goes, deriv. irr.; by whom the family honour is injured.  
**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) The husband of an unchaste woman, a cuckold. 2. कुल्ल, and वति husband.  
**कुल्ल** (-टी) Red arsenic.  
**कुल्ल** mfn. (-कः) The fourth, eighth, twelfth, or fourteenth lunar day. 2. कुल्ल, and विद् a lunation, respectable days.  
**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) The chief of a family, one who does honour to a family. 2. कुल्ल and विद् frontal mark.  
**कुल्ल** m. (-कः) A kind of pulse, (Dolichos biflorus). f. (-का) 1. A blue stone used in medicine, and applied as a collyrium to the eyes;



also an astringent to sores, &c.) 2. A wild kind of Dolichos. **कुल** a bank, and **ल** to stand or stay, affix **उ**.  
**कुलबिका** f. (-का) 1. A blue stone used as a collyrium. **कु** 2. A sort of vetob; considered as a wild sort of the Dolichos biflorus. **उ**. See the preceding, **कु** added to **कुल** in the fem. form.  
**कुलवर्ग** m. (-र्गः) Practice or observance peculiar to a tribe or family, peculiar duty of caste or race. **उ**. **कु** family, and **वर्ग** virtue.  
**कुलधारक** m. (-कारः) A **कु**. **उ**. **कु** a race, and **ध** to hold, in the causal form **कु** affix; upholding a family.  
**कुलनक्षत्र** n. (-चः) Any propitious asterism. **उ**. **कु**, and **नक्षत्र** asterism.  
**कुलनारिका** f. (-का) A girl who is worshipped at the celebration of the orgies of the left hand Saktas. **उ**. **कु** society, and **नारिका** a female.  
**कुलनारी** f. (-री) A woman of good family. **उ**. **कु** and **नारी** a woman.  
**कुलनाम** m. (-नमः) 1. camel. 2. A reprobate, an outcaste. **उ**. **कु** a family, **नाम** who hurts or destroys.  
**कुलनिन्दा** f. (-न्दा) Family disgrace. **उ**. **कु**, and **निन्दा** reproach.  
**कुलपति** m. (-तिः) 1. Head or chief of a family. 2. A sage who teaches 10000 pupils with free board & lodging. **उ**. **कु** a family, and **पति** master.  
**कुलपर्वत** m. (-तः) A principal mountain of India, any one of seven so considered : see **कुलपर्व**. **उ**. **कु**, and **पर्वत** a mountain; also similar compounds, as **कुलनिदि**, **कुलमेत**, &c.  
**कुलपाशुषा** f. (-षा) An unchaste woman.  
**कुलपालक** mfn. (-कः-लिका-लक) Nourishing or providing for a family. **उ**. (-कः) A kind of orange. **उ**. **कु** a race, &c. **पाल** to nourish, and **कु** aff.  
**कुलपात्रिका** f. (-त्रिका) A chaste woman. **उ**. **कु** race, and **पात्र** who nourishes, **कु** fem. affix; also **कुलपात्रिका** and **कुलपात्री**.  
**कुलपात्रिका** f. (-का) See **कुलपात्रिका**.  
**कुलवत्** f. (-वत्) A virtuous or respectable woman. **उ**. **कु**, and **वत्** a wife.  
**कुलधर्या** f. (-र्या) A midwife, a nurse. **उ**. **कु** family, and **धर्या** a servant.  
**कुलवट** mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) Expelled from a family. **उ**. **कु**, and **वट** fallen from, [propriety].  
**कुलवर्णादा** f. (-दा) Family honour or respectability. **उ**. **कु**, and **वर्णादा**.  
**कुलमित्र** n. (-मित्रः) A friend of the family. **उ**. **कु**, and **मित्र** a friend.  
**कुलचोर** m. (-चोरः) A thief : see **कुलचल**.  
**कुलवीरिणी** f. (-नी) A virtuous woman. **उ**. **कु**, and **वीरिणी** a woman.  
**कुलवार** m. (-वारः) Tuesday or Friday. **उ**. **कु**, and **वार** a day.  
**कुलविप्र** m. (-प्रः) The family priest. **उ**. **कु** race, and **विप्र** a Brahman.  
**कुलव्यापिन्** mfn. (-पी-विपी-पि) Attaching or applicable to tribe or caste. **उ**. **कु**, and **व्यापिन्** prevailing.  
**कुलवैदिन्** mfn. (-वी-दिनी-दि) 1. An artificer or artist of eminent birth. 2. Well-born, of good family, Eminent in a family. **उ**. **कु** race and **वै** best, poss. affix **दि**.  
**कुलवंश** f. (-वंशः) Ranking or being reckoned as a family respectability. **उ**. **कु**, and **वंश** enumeration.  
**कुलवन्तः** f. (-न्तः) Posterity, descendants. **उ**. **कु**, and **वन्तः** continuance.  
**कुलवर्ति** f. (-वर्तिः) 1. Kindred, relations. 2. Presence of witnesses. **उ**. **कु**, and **वर्ति** proximity.  
**कुलवत्सव** mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Sprung from family. **उ**. **कु** race, and **वत्सव** horn, produced.  
**कुलवीरन** n. (-वी) A plant, commonly Mirus : see **कुलवत्सव**.  
**कुलवित्ति** f. (-वित्तिः) Antiquity or prosperity of a family. **उ**. **कु**, and **वित्ति** duration.  
**कुलवती** f. (-वती) 1. A chaste woman. 2. A woman of a good family, a respectable woman. **उ**. **कु** a family, and **वती** a woman.  
**कुलवृद्ध** m. (-वृद्धः) An eddy : see **कुलवृद्ध**.  
**कुलवृद्ध** mfn. (-वृद्धः-वृद्धः) Of mixed origin, of a mixed character. **उ**. **कु** propitious, and **वृद्ध** bewildered, or **कु** with a neg. prefix.

**कुलकुलवित्ति** mfn. (-वित्तिः-वित्तिः) The second, sixth or tenth lunar day. **उ**. **कुलकुल**, and **वित्ति** a lunation.  
**कुलकुलवृद्ध** m. (-वृद्धः) An asterism of mixed character, as Varuni, Ardra, Mula and Abhijit. **उ**. **कुलकुल**, and **वृद्ध** asterism.  
**कुलकुलवार** m. (-वारः) Wednesday. **उ**. **कुलकुल** and **वार** a day.  
**कुलकुलवती** f. (-वती) A bitch.  
**कुलपर्व** m. (-पर्वः) A mountain, one of a class of seven principal mountains, which are supposed to exist in each Varsha or division of a continent : those of Bharata Varsha, India are Mohendra, Malaya, Sahya, Sukitman, Riksha, Vindya, and Pariputra. **उ**. **कु** a race, and **पर्व** a mountain; also **कुलपर्व**, &c.  
**कुलपार** m. (-पारः) The proper duty or practice of a caste or family. **उ**. **कु**, and **पार** observance.  
**कुलपार्ष** m. (-पार्षः) 1. A family priest. 2. A genealogist. **उ**. **कु** and **पार्ष** teacher.  
**कुलपट** m. (-पटः) A small fish. **उ**. **कु** for **कु** a bank, and **पट** who goes; burrowing in the sand and mud.  
**कुलपारक** m. (-कारः) A son. **उ**. See **कुलपारक**, **पारक** being here inserted signifying extension.  
**कुलपि** m. (-पिः) A treasure.  
**कुलपिमान** n. (-पिः) Pride of birth, family pride. **उ**. **कु**, and **पिमान** pride.  
**कुलपिमानिन्** mfn. (-पी-पिनी-पि) Proud of birth or of family descent. **उ**. **कु**, and **पिमानिन्** proud.  
**कुलाय** m. (-यः) 1. A nest. 2. A place; a spot in general. **उ**. (-यः) The body. **उ**. **कु** family, and **य** to go, **य** aff.  
**कुलायनिलाय** m. (-यः) The act of sitting in a nest, brooding. **उ**. **कुलाय**, and **निलाय** abiding.  
**कुलायनिलायिन्** mfn. (-यी-यिनो-यि) Brooding, hatching, (as a bird.) **उ**. **कुलाय**, and **निलायिन्** who abides in.  
**कुलायनिलायिता** f. (-ता) The act or condition of hatching, &c. **उ**. **तत्** added to the last.  
**कुलायक** m. (-कः) A bird. **उ**. **कुलाय** a nest, and **क** who abides.  
**कुलायिका** f. (-का) An aviary. **उ**. **कुलाय** a nest, and **का** affix in the fem. form.  
**कुलाय** m. (-यः) 1. A potter. 2. A wild oock. **उ**. (-ली) 1. A species of bluestone, applied as a collyrium to the eyes. 2. The wife of a potter. **उ**. **कु** to accumulate, and **कालन** Unadi affix, or **कुल** family, **य** to adorn, &c. **य**, and **ली** or **ली** affix.  
**कुलायिन्** mfn. (-यी-यिनो-यि) Supporting or maintaining a family. **उ**. **कु**, and **कालयिन्** what upholds.  
**कुलायिका** f. (-का) An aviary.  
**कुलाय** m. (-यः) A horse of a light brown colour, with black knees.  
**कुलायल** m. (-लः) A small tree. (Conyza terebinthina.)  
**कुलायक** m. (-कः) A chameleon.  
**कुलि** m. (-लिः) A hand. **उ**. (-लिः) A prickly nightshade : see **कुल** **उ**. **कु** to accumulate, &c. **कि** aff.  
**कुलिक** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Of a good family, well-born. **उ**. (-कः) One of the eight chiefs of the Nagas or serpent race, described as having a half moon on the top of his head, and being of a monkey hue. 2. An artist or artificer of eminent birth. 3. A thorny plant, (Ruellia longifolia) 4. The chief or headman of a tribe or caste. **उ**. **कु** family, &c. **कु** affix, and **क** substituted for **व**.  
**कुलिकवेला** f. (-वा) Certain portions of each day, on which it is improper to begin any business. **उ**. **कुलिक**, and **वेला** time.  
**कुलिङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) 1. The fork-tailed shrike. 2. A sparrow; also **कुलिङ्ग**.  
**कुलिङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) A sparrow.  
**कुलिङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) A crab; also **कुलिङ्ग**.  
**कुलिङ्ग** mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गः) 1. The thunderbolt of Indra. 2. A kind of fish. **उ**. **कु** for **कु** a bank, and **ङ्ग** what rests, from **ङ्ग** to sleep, &c. and **ङ्ग** aff.

कुलिशवत् m. (-वत्) INDRA. m. कुलिश and वत् who has.  
 कुलिशकृत् f. (-कृ) A kind of female deity. m. कुलिश the thunderbolt, and कृत् a good.  
 कुलिशसूत m. (-सू) A name of Sakya, a Bud'dha or Baud'dha saint.  
 कुलीन mfn. (-नः-न-न) Well-born, of high or eminent descent, of a good family, m. (-नः) 1. A horse of a good breed. 2. A Brahman of one of the twenty-two Rathiya divisions of the five principal tribes, as established by Balal Sen kind of Bengal. 3. A worshipper of SAKTI, according to the left hand ritual: see कौलीन. m. कुल a family, and न् aff.  
 कुलीनक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Of a good family. m. (-कः) A kind of wild kidney bean. m. कन् added to the preceding.  
 कुलीनता f. (-ता) Birth, rank, family respectability. m. कुलीन, and तन् affix; also with त्, कुलीनत्.  
 कुलीनस n. (-स) Water.  
 कुलीर mn. (-रः-र) A crab. m. कुल् to accumulate, and ईरन् affix; also कलिर.  
 कुलीरयस्त्री f. (-स्त्री) A plant: see कर्कटयस्त्री.  
 कुलीराह m. (-ह or -त्) A young crab. m. कुलीर a crab, and अह to eat, affix कृप्; destroying its parent; the old crab being supposed to perish on producing young.  
 कुलीश mn. (-शः-श) INDRA's thunderbolt: see कुलिश.  
 कुलक n. (-क) The fur or foulness of the tongue. m. कुल् to accumulate, and क् aff.  
 कुलकगुहा 1. (-गुहा) A firebrand.  
 कुलीनर m. (-रः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. The chief of a family or race. m. कुल a race, ईश्वर lord.  
 कुलीकट mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) High-born. m. (-टः) A horse of a good breed. m. कुल race, and कट्ट eminent.  
 कुलीकर्त्तृ m. (-र्त्तृ) Family respectability. m. कुल and कर्त्तृ excellence.  
 कुलीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Of good family. m. कुल and कृत exalted.  
 कुलोपन्न mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Of a good family, well-born. 2. Family, belonging to, inherited by, &c. m. कुल and उत्पन्न born.  
 कुलीनव mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Well-born, of good family. 2. Produced in a family. m. कुल and उत्पन्न birth.  
 कुलीनत् mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Well-born, of family. m. कुल and उत्पन्न born.  
 कुलीनह m. (-हः) A chief, a leader, the head of a family. m. कुल and अह who upholds.  
 कुलक mn. (-कः-क) A disease. m. (-कः) The ankle; also युल्. m. कल् to count, क् Unadi affix, and ल inserted.  
 कुलक n. (-क) Sin. m. कुप् to extract, कलन् Unadi affix, and क changed to ल.  
 कुलाव mn. (-वः-व) Sour gruel prepared by the spontaneous fermentation of the water of boiled rice. n. (-वः) 1. Half ripe barley. 2. Forced rice. 3. A sort of Phaseolus: see राजमा. 4. A species of Dolichos, (D. befforus.) See याम. 5. A disease. m. (-वः) A dish consisting of half boiled rice, with pulse, &c. commonly K'hichri. m. कुल a class or race, मप् or मत् to hurt or kill, क् affix; hence the word is also written कुलाव.  
 कुलावनिधुत n. (-न) Sour gruel. See कुलाव.  
 कुलाव mn. (-वः-व) See कुलाव.  
 कुल mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Of a good family, well-born, well descended. 2. Of or relating to a family or race. m. (-नः) A counsellor. f. (-न्या) 1. A river in general. 2. A canal, a channel for irrigation. 3. A ditch, a dyke or trench. 4. A drug or medicinal plant, (Celtis orientalis:) see जीवन्ती. 5. A chaste or virtuous woman, n. (-न्या) 1. A bone. 2. A measure of eight Dronas: see द्रोण 3. A winnowing basket. 4. Flesh. 5. Friendly inquiry after family affairs or domestic accidents, condolence, congratulation, &c. m. कुल् to accumulate, and वत् affix, &c.

कुलक n. (-क) Fur upon the tongue.  
 कुल n. (-व) A water lily, a lotus.  
 कुलक n. (-क) Lead. m. कु bad वत् tin.  
 कुलक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Abusive, censorious, detracting. m. कु bad, वत् to speak, क् aff.  
 कुलक n. (-क) Crystal, a stone resembling a diamond. m. कु inferior, वत् the diamond, क् aff.  
 कुलक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Censorious. m. कु bad, वत् to speak, क् aff.  
 कुलर m. (-रः) An astringent taste; see कुवर.  
 कुल mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. The jujube, the tree. 2. The fruit. n. (-न) 1. A water lily. 2. A pearl. m. कु the earth, and वत् to cover, affix क् see the next.  
 कुलव n. (-व) 1. Any water lily. 2. The blue lotus. m. कु the earth, वत् to cover, and क् affix; also कुल, and कुव.  
 कुलविवी f. (-वी) A place abounding in water lilies. m. कुलव, and वि aff.  
 कुलवाम m. (-वः) A proper name of a king, also कुम्भार.  
 कुलव mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Detracting, censorious. m. कु evil, वत् to speak, क् aff.  
 कुलाव m. (-वः) A camel.  
 कुलिव m. (-वः) A weaver. m. कृप् to spread, किल्व् Unadi affix, and प changed to व; also कुपिव.  
 कुलिवाम m. (-वः) A degrading or improper marriage. m. कु bad, and विवाम marriage.  
 कुलिकृत m. (-कृत) A plant, (Caesalpinia pouducella:) see पुलिक.  
 कुलेवी f. (-वी) 1. A fish basket. 2. An ill braided tress of hair. 3. A woman with her hair ill braided. m. कु bad, वेप् to go, वप् affix and जीव् fem. affix; also with टाप् or वप् affixed, कुवेवा and कुवेवि.  
 कुवेर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Deformed, monstrous. 2. Slow, lany m. (-रः) KUVERA the son of VISRAVAS by IRIVIRA, the chief of the Yakshas, god of wealth and regent of the north. m. कु vile, and वेर body, alluding to the deformity of the god, who is represented as having three legs and but eight teeth. 2. The Tun tree: see नन्दिह 3. One of the attendants of a Jaina saint. m. As above, or कुवि to cover, &c. and एर्व् Unadi affix; in this case the word may be read कुवेर.  
 कुवेर m. (-कः) The Tun tree, (Cedraia tunna.) m. कन् added to the preceding.  
 कुवेरावी f. (-वी) The trumpet flower, (Bignonia suave-olens.) m. कुवेर, and वी the eye.  
 कुवेराव m. (-वः) Mount Kailasa. m. कुवेर and वव्व a mountain; the capital of KUVERA, being situated in Kailasa, which is supposed to be in the Himalaya range.  
 कुवेरादि m. (-दि) See the preceding. m. As above, वदि being a mountain.  
 कुवेर n. (-व) Any water lily. m. कु the earth, वेल् to shake, क् affix: see कुलव.  
 कुल n. (-न) A forest or wood.  
 कुल (र) कुलिर r. 4th cl. (कुलति) 1. To embrace, to enfold. 2. To take out or from. (र) कुलिर r. 1st and 10th cls. (कुलति कुलयति) To shine: see कुल.  
 कुल mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Wicked, deprave. 2. Mad, inebriate. mn. (-नः-न) A species of grass used in many solemn and religious observances, hence called sacrificial grass, (Poa cynosuroides.) m. (-नः) 1. The yoke of a plough. 2. A proper name, one of the sons of RAMA 3. One of the great Dwipas or divisions of the universe, surrounded by the sea of spirituous liquor. f. (-न्या) 1. A rope. 2. A plant, commonly Maukat'ha. n. (-न) Water. f. (-नी) 1. A ploughshare. 2. Wrought iron. mf. (-नः-नी) A bridle, a horse's head rope. m. कु the earth. जीव् to sleep or rest, and व् affix, or कु bad, and जी to destroy, again कुल् to embrace or enfold, and क् aff.  
 कुलनाव m. (-न) A camel.

**कुम्भ** m. (-यः) A drinking vessel, a cup, a goblet. ३. कुम्भ् to extract, and चय Unadi aff.

**कुम्भपुष्प** n. (-यः) A perfume, commonly Gant'hiala.

**कुम्भस** mfn. (-लः-लः or -लः-लः) 1. Happy, well, right. 2. Expert, skilful. 3. Clever. 4. Eloquent. n. (-लः) 1. Adequacy, ability. 2. Virtue, virtuous action. 3. Well-being, happiness. ३. कु the earth, and लम् to go, affix चय; also कुम्भ and कुम्भ.

**कुम्भलता** f. (-ता) 1. Cleverness, ability. 2. Eloquence. 3. Well-being. ३. लम् added to the last; also with ल, कुम्भल.

**कुम्भप्रश्न** m. (-प्रः) Salutation, greeting, friendly inquiry respecting a person's health or welfare. ३. कुम्भ well-being, and प्रश्न asking.

**कुम्भस्य** du. m. (-यौ) The two sons of RAMA or KUSA, and LAVA.

**कुम्भबुद्धि** mfn. (-विः-विः-विः) 1. Wise, able, intelligent. ३. कुम्भ and बुद्धि understanding.

**कुम्भिन्** mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) 1. Auspicious, favourable. 2. Virtuous, good. 3. Happy, prosperous. 4. Clever. ३. कुम्भ, and इनि aff.

**कुम्भारि** n. (-रिः) Water in which Kusa grass has been boiled. ३. कुम्भ, and ऋरि water.

**कुम्भल** m. (-लः) A bundle of Kusa grass. ३. कुम्भ, and लम् a cluster.

**कुम्भस्थल** nf. (-लः-लः) The country of Kanyakubja or Kanauj. f. (-लः) The residence of KRISHNA : see कृष्ण. 2. A name of Oujein or Avanti during the Treta Yug or second age. ३. कुम्भ sacred grass, and स्थल place; abounding in Kusa grass.

**कुम्भाकर** m. (-रः) Fire. ३. कुम्भ the grass, &c. चाकर a mine; the sacrificial fire being made upon a tuft of this grass.

**कुम्भाच** m. (-चः) A monkey, an ape.

**कुम्भाय** mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Sharp, shrewd, intelligent. n. (-यः) The sharp point of the Kusa grass. ३. कुम्भ, and चय point.

**कुम्भायुद्धि** mfn. (-विः-विः-विः) Sharp, shrewd, intelligent. f. (-विः) Shrewdness, subtlety. ३. कुम्भाय, and बुद्धि understanding; also similar compounds, कुम्भाययी, कुम्भायीयमति, &c.

**कुम्भायीय** mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Subtile, penetrating : see the next. ३. कुम्भ the grass, चय point, च affix; implying resemblance

**कुम्भायीयमति** mfn. (-तिः-तिः-तिः) Inspecting minutely, subtile, sharp sighted, intelligent, possessing mental acumen. ३. कुम्भ the grass, चयीय point, and मति mind; also other similar compounds, as कुम्भायीययी, कुम्भायीययुद्धि, &c.

**कुम्भाकुरीय** n. (-यः) A ring of Kusa grass, worn at religious ceremonies. ३. कुम्भ, and कुरीय a ring; also कुम्भाकुरीयकं. [cotton tree.

**कुम्भाकलि** m. (-लिः) A tree, (Andersonia rohitaka.) ३. कु and कालि silk

**कुम्भारणि** m. (-णिः) The name of a sage celebrated for his irascibility : see दुर्वासा. ३. कुम्भ the grass, and ऋरणि wood whose attrition produces fire; using Kusa for this purpose.

**कुम्भासन** n. (-नः) A seat of Kusa grass. ३. कुम्भ, and आसन a seat.

**कुम्भिसपा** f. (-पा) A kind of Sisu tree, (Dalbergia Sisu.) ३. कु inferior, and सिमपा the Sisu tree.

**कुम्भिक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Squint-eyed. m. (-कः) 1. A Muni or divine sage so named, the father of JAMADAGNI. 2. A ploughshare. 3. The Sal tree, (Shorea robusta.) 4. Beleric myrobalan : see विनीतक. 5. The sediment of oil. ३. कुम्भ the grass, &c. इकन् aff.

**कुम्भित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Mixed, combined with water, &c. ३. कुम्भ् or कुम्भ to embrace, to mix, and इतन् Unadi affix; hence also कुम्भित.

**कुम्भिन्** m. (-न्) A name of VALMIKI, the author of the Ramayana. ३. कुम्भ the son of RAMA, affix इनि; the poem is supposed to be recited by KUSA, and LAVA, the sons of the hero.

**कुम्भीर** n. (-रः) 1. The profession of usury. 2. Red saunders : see कुम्भीर.

**कुम्भीर** mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) 1. Ill-behaved, rude, wicked. 2. Evil disposed, ill-tempered. ३. कु and बीर temper, conduct.

**कुम्भीरता** f. (-ता) 1. Misbehaviour, misconduct. 2. Bad disposition, ill-temper. ३. लम् added to the preceding; also with ल, कुम्भीरल.

**कुम्भीरल** m. (-लः) 1. An actor, a dancer, a mime. 2. A bard, a herald. ३. A newsmonger. ३. कुम्भीर, बीर practice, and ल affix, from कुम्भीर to go, &c. with ल affix, du. m. (-यौ) The two sons of RAMA : see कुम्भस्य.

**कुम्भीर** m. (-रः) A name of VALMIKI; see कुम्भिन्.

**कुम्भ** m. (-लः) A granary, a cupboard, a place in which rice or other grain is kept. 2. Conflagration of chaff. ३. कुम्भ् to unfold, कुम्भ affix; also कुम्भ.

**कुम्भधाय** m. (-यः) Grain stored for three year's consumption. ३. कुम्भ, and धाय grain.

**कुम्भधायक** m. (-कः) A householder, &c. who has three year's grain in store. ३. कुम्भधाय, and कन् aff.

**कुम्भेय** n. (-यः) A lotus in general. m. (-कः) 1. A tree, commonly Kaniyar : see कर्णिकार. 2. The Indian crane. ३. कुम्भ water, in the seventh case, बीर to sleep or rest, with the affix चय.

**कुम्भेयकर** m. (-रः) The sun.

**कुम्भीतर** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Having, or being covered with grass. ३. कुम्भ and उत्तर beyond.

**कुम्भीरक** n. (-कः) Water in which Kusa grass has been infused. ३. कुम्भ, and रक water.

**कुम्भ** ९th cl. (कुम्भाति) 1. To expel, to force or draw out, to extract. 2. To test, to assay. 3. To shine. With चय to prove, to display; with निर to extract.

**कुम्भ** mfn. (-लः-लः or -लः-लः) Clever, expert, skilful : see कुम्भस.

**कुम्भाकु** mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) 1. Burning, scorching, inflaming. 2. Wicked, detestable. m. (-कः) 1. A monkey. 2. The sun. 3. Fire. ३. कुम्भ to shine, काकु Unadi affix; also कपाकु.

**कुम्भिन्** ind. Excellently.

**कुम्भित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Mixed with water, &c. see कुम्भित. n. (-तः) Happy, well, right, fortunate, auspicious, &c.

**कुम्भीर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Indifferent, apathetic, inert. n. (-रः) Usury : see कुम्भीर. ३. कुम्भीर, वद to move, &c. चय aff.

**कुम्भ** n. (-भः) 1. Leprosy, of which eighteen varieties are enumerated, seven great or severe, and eleven of minor importance. 2. A plant, a kind of costus, (Costus speciosus :) 3. A sort of poison. ३. कुम्भ् to extract, and क्यन् Unadi affix, or कुम्भ bad, ill and ल being, staying.

**कुम्भ** m. (-भः) A medicinal plant, commonly Hiyavali : see हितावली. f. (-नी) 1. An esculent root, (Solanum Indicum :) see काकनाची. 2. Opposite leaved fig tree; also काकनीकुम्भिका. ३. कुम्भ the leprosy, and ल what destroys.

**कुम्भनाशन** m. (-नः) 1. White mustard. 2. A sort of yam : see वाराची. ३. कुम्भ the leprosy, and नाशन what destroys.

**कुम्भनाशनी** f. (-नी) A plant, commonly Hakucha, (Psoralea corylifolia.) ३. As above : see कुम्भनाशन.

**कुम्भल** n. (-लः) 1. A bad place or spot. 2. The surface of the earth. ३. कु bad or the earth, and ल place; ल becomes व, and व is then changed to ल.

**कुम्भदन** m. (-नः) The cassia tree, (C. fistula.) ३. कुम्भ and ददन destroying.

**कुम्भन्** m. (-न्) Catechu, (Mimosa catechu :) see खदिर. ३. कुम्भ leprosy, and लन् what takes away, from ल to convey, affix लिप्.

**कुम्भन्** m. (-न्) A large esculent root, described as possessed of medicinal virtue in leprosy, and other cutaneous affections, (Arum campanulatum :) see वलिकम्. ३. कुम्भ leprosy, and लन् what kills or destroys.

**कुम्भारि** m. (-रिः) 1. A fetid mimosa, (M. Farnesiana.) 2. The Kbayar or Catechu : (M. catechu.) 3. A kind of Aristolochia : see चयवप. 4. A sort of gourd, (Trichosanthes dioica.) 5. Sulphur. ३. कुम्भ the leprosy, and ऋरि an enemy.

**कुङ्कुम्** mfn. (-ङी-ङिनी-ङि) Leprous, a leper, &c. **म. कुङ्कु** and **रणि** aff.  
**कुञ्ज** n. (-ञ) Cutting, dividing. **म. कुञ्** to extract, and **काञ्ज** Unadi aff.  
**कुम्भा** mf. (-ङ-ङा or -ङी) A pumpkin gourd, (Cucurbita pepo.) **म.**  
 (-ङ-ङा) 1. One of a class of demigods attached to SIVA. 2. State of the womb in gestation. **फ. (ङी-)** 1. A name of DURGA. 2. A drug. A religious ceremony, a certain rite performed as a penance or expiation; also **कुम्भा**.  
**कुम्भा** m. (-ङ) A pumpkin gourd, (Cucurbita pepo.) **म. कु** the earth, **ङ** heat, **ङ** to exist or be, **ङ** affix, and the vowel irregularly short, **ङ** added; also **कुम्भा**.  
**कुम्भ** (र) **कुम्भिर** r. 4th cl. (कुम्भति) To embrace. (र) **कुम्भ** r. 1st and 10th ols. (कुम्भति, कुम्भवति) 1. To shine. 2. To talk.  
**कुम्भरि** f. (-रि) A shallow stream. **म. कु** bad, **रि** A river.  
**कुम्भ** adv. n. (-ङ) Well, happy, &c. see **कुम्भ**.  
**कुम्भित** m. (-तः) An inhabited country. **म. कुम्भ** to shine, and **रत** Unadi aff.  
**कुम्भिता** f. (-ती) The wife of a money-lender. See **कुम्भिता**.  
**कुम्भ** n. (-ङ) 1. Usury, the profession of usury. 2. Any loan of thing lent to be repaid with interest. **mfn. (-ङ-ङा-ङ)** 1. A money lender. 2. Slothful, inert. **म. कुम्भ** to embrace, **रि** Unadi affix; or **कु** bad, and **रि** to go, affix **ङ**.  
**कुम्भप** m. (-ङ) Usury, usurious interest, any exceeding five per cent. **म. कुम्भ** and **प** for **पदि** road.  
**कुम्भद** f. (-ङि) Interest on money. **म. कुम्भ** and **द** increase.  
**कुम्भिता** f. (-ती) The wife of a usurer. **म. कुम्भ** A usurer, **रि** substituted for its final, and, **ङी** affix; also **कुम्भिता**.  
**कुम्भिक** mfn. (-ङ-ङी-ङी) One who follows the profession of usury. **म. कुम्भ** usury, and **ङ** aff.  
**कुम्भ** n. (-ङ) 1. A flower in general. 2. Fruit. 3. The menstrual discharge. 4. Ophthalmia, disease of the eyes. **म. कुम्भ** to shine, **रत** Unadi aff.  
**कुम्भका** m. (-ङ) KAMA. **म. कुम्भ** and **का** a bow.  
**कुम्भित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Heaped with flowers. **म. कुम्भ**, and **चित** gathered.  
**कुम्भपुर** n. (-र) A city, the vicinity of the modern Patna: see **पाटलिपुत्र**. **म. कुम्भ** a flower, and **पुर** a city.  
**कुम्भन** n. (-ङ) The name of tree, bearing a large acid fruit, (Dillenia Indica.) **म. कुम्भ** a flower, and **न** the centre; the flower blossoming from the fruit.  
**कुम्भयन्** mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Producing flowers, causing to flower. **म. कुम्भ** nom. verb, **यन्** aff.  
**कुम्भयन्** mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) In flower, flowering. **फ. (-ती)** 1. A female during menstruation. 2. A town: see **कुम्भपुर**. **म. कुम्भ** and **यन्** aff.  
**कुम्भन** m. (-ङ) A collection of flowers, a garland, nosegay a bouquet, **म. कुम्भ**, and **न** a cluster.  
**कुम्भार** m. (-र) 1. Spring, the vernal season. 2. A quantity of flowers or place abounding with them, a parterre, a garden. **म. कुम्भ**, and **र** a mine.  
**कुम्भान** m. (-ङ) The calx of brass, used as a collyrium, **म. कुम्भ** a flower, and **न** application to the eyes; resembling a flower.  
**कुम्भान** n. (-ङ) Saffron. **म. कुम्भ**, and **न** self; the essential part of the flower.  
**कुम्भान** m. (-ङ) The champa, a tree which bears a yellow fragrant flower, (Michelia champaca.) **म. कुम्भ** a flower, and **न** a king; royal amongst flowers.  
**कुम्भान** m. (-रट) See the preceding.  
**कुम्भान** m. (-ङ) A name of KAMADEVA. **म. कुम्भ** a flower, and **न** a weapon; his shafts being tipped with flowers.  
**कुम्भान** m. (-ङ) A thief.  
**कुम्भान** (-ङ) Gathering flowers. **म. कुम्भ**, and **न** gathering,

**कुम्भान** n. (-ङ) A chaplet, a crown of flowers. **म. कुम्भ**, and **न** a tiara.  
**कुम्भान** n. (-ङ) Honey. **म. कुम्भ**, and **न** spirit. [aff.]  
**कुम्भित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Flowered, budded, in flower. **म. कुम्भ**, and **रत**.  
**कुम्भित** f. (-ता) A species of the Dhriti metre.  
**कुम्भे** m. (-ङ) A name of the god KAMA. **न. (-ङ)** The bow of KAMA. **म. कुम्भ**, and **र** an arrow; whose shafts are flowers.  
**कुम्भ** n. (-ङ) 1. Safflower, (Carthamus tinctorios.) 2. Gold. **म. (-ङ)** The water pot of the student and Sanyasi. **म. कुम्भ** to shine, and **रत** Unadi aff.  
**कुम्भ** m. (-ङ) An earth-worm. **म. कु** the earth, **र** produced.  
**कुम्भ** m. (-ङ) A granary, &c. see **कुम्भ**.  
**कुम्भ** f. (-ङि) 1. Wickedness, depravity. 2. Conjuring, slight of hand, &c. **म. कु** vile, **ङ** to go, **ङ** aff.  
**कुम्भ** m. (-ङ) 1. A name of VISHNU. 2. The ocean. **म. कु** the earth, **र** to stop, **ङ** aff.  
**कुम्भरी** f. (-री) A pungent seed used in condiments, coriander: see the next.  
**कुम्भरी** f. (-र) Coriander, a pungent seed. **म. कु** bad, vile, **रि** to take, **रि** affix, deriv. irr.; also **कुम्भरी**.  
**कुम्भ** m. (-ङ) A bad dream, nightmare. **म. कु**, and **र** a vision.  
**कुम्भ** r. 10th cl. (कुम्भवति) 1. To smile improperly or blamably. 2. To see mentally, to perceive, to imagine: this is considered by some as a denominative, and to be classed improperly amongst the roots.  
**कुम्भ** r. 10th cl. (कुम्भवते) 1. To surprise, to astonish, to excite wonder. 2. To cheat, to impose upon.  
**कुम्भ** m. (-ङ) A name of KUMARA, f. (-ङा) A medicinal drug: see **कुम्भ** ind. Where, whither, used in Vedas in place of **कुम्भ**. **म. कु** vile, and **र** to leave, affix **ङ**.  
**कुम्भ** mfn. (-ङ-ङा-ङ) A cheat, a rogue, a juggler. **म. (-ङ)** Juggling, deception, slight-of-hand, &c. **म. कुम्भ** to astonish, **ङ** aff.  
**कुम्भकार** mfn. (-र-री-र) Juggling, conjuring, cheating. **म. कुम्भ**, and **कार** who makes; also **कुम्भकार** and **कुम्भकारि**.  
**कुम्भकित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Suspicious, cautious, wary. **म. कुम्भ** and **कित** fearful.  
**कुम्भजीविन्** mfn. (-ङी-ङिनी-ङि) Living by slight-of-hand, a conjuror, a cheat, &c. **म. कुम्भ** deception, and **जीविन्** who lives by.  
**कुम्भकित** f. (-ङि) 1. Juggling, conjuring, slight-of-hand. 2. Hypocrisy. **म. कुम्भ**, and **कित** practice.  
**कुम्भक** m. (-ङ) A wild cook. **म. कुम्भ** deception, and **क** who sounds.  
**कुम्भकर** m. (-र) A wild cook: see the preceding.  
**कुम्भ** mfn. (-ङ-ङा-ङ) 1. Envious. 2. Hypocritical. **म. (-ङ)** 1. A rat. 2. A snake. **फ. (-ङा)** Hypocrisy, assumed and false sanctity, the interested performance of religious austerities. **न. (-ङ)** 1. A small earthen vessel. 2. A glass vessel. **म. कुम्भ** to surprise, **ङ** aff.  
**कुम्भिका** f. (-ङा) Hypocrisy: see the preceding. **म. कुम्भ**, and **रत** aff.  
**कुम्भ** n. (-र) 1. A cavity, a hollow. 2. A hole, a rent, &c. 3. The ear. 4. A guttural sound. 5. The throat or larynx. **म. (-र)** A kind of snake. **म. कु** the earth, &c. and **र** what takes, &c. from **ङ** with the aff **ङ**.  
**कुम्भित** n. (-त) 1. The song, or cry of the Kokila, or the Indian cuckoo. 2. Vox congressus in coitu. 3. A sound in general. **म. कुम्भ**, and **रत** aff.  
**कुम्भ** m. (-ङि) A Pan the leaf of the Piper betel, with small pieces of the Areca nut, and Catechu and a little lime, which are chewed and eaten by the Oriental nations.  
**कुम्भ** f. (-ङ) See the next.  
**कुम्भ** f. (-ङ) 1. New moon; the first day of the first quarter on which the moon rises invisible. 2. The cry of the Kokila or Indian cuckoo. **म. कुम्भ** to astonish, **ङ** affix, or with **ङ** affix **कुम्भ**.

कुक्कु m. (-कः) The Indian cuckoo. ३. क्कु added to the last  
 कुक्कु m. (-कः) The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. ३. कुक्कु the Kokila's  
 cry, and क्कु the throat.  
 कुक्कुपाल m. (-कः) The king of turtles, the tortoise supposed to uphold  
 the world.  
 कुक्कुल m. (-लः) The Kokila : see the preceding.  
 कुक्कुल m. (-लः) The Kokila. ३. कुक्कु and क्कु sound.  
 कुक्कुल m. (-लः) A pit, filled with stakes.  
 कुक्कुलिका f. (-का) A fog, a mist, haze, haziness. ३. कुक्कु the earth, क्कु to  
 surround, कुक्कु affix ; also कुक्कुलिका and कुक्कुली.  
 कुक्कुली f. (-ली) See the preceding ; also कुक्कुली.  
 कुक्कुलिका f. (-का) Fog, mist : see कुक्कुलिका ल being changed to क्कु.  
 कुक्कु r. 6th cl. (क) कुक्कु (कुक्कु) To sound, especially as if in pain, to  
 moan, to groan, &c. (क) कुक्कु r. 9th cl. (कुक्कुति-नीति) To sound &c.  
 As before.  
 कुक्कु f. (-कुः) A female Pisacha or goblin, ३. कुक्कु to sound, क्कु aff.  
 कुक्कुल mfn. (-दः-दा-द) One who gives a girl in marriage with due cere-  
 mony, and suitable decorations. ३. कुक्कु to take, deriv. irr.  
 कुक्कु m. (-कः) A breast, A female breast, especially that of a young or  
 unmarried woman : see कुक्कु f. (-की) A painting brush or pencil. ३.  
 कुक्कु to sound, क्कु Unadi affix, and the vowel made long.  
 कुक्कुलिका f. (-का) A small brush or hair pencil. ३. कुक्कु to be curved, and  
 कुक्कु affix, with the fem. affix टाप्.  
 कुक्कु r. 1st cl. (कुक्कुति) To make any inarticulate sound, to utter a cry  
 as a bird, to coo as a pigeon, to caw as a crow, &c. With परि  
 prefixed, to moan.  
 कुक्कुल mfn. (-जन्-जन्ती-जन्) Cooing. ३. कुक्कु to coo, क्कु aff. [स्वट्. aff.]  
 कुक्कुल n. (-न) Cooing, moaning, uttering an inarticulate sound, ३. कुक्कु and  
 कुक्कुल mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Cooed, uttered inarticulately. n. (-न) The cry of  
 a bird, cooing. ३. कुक्कु to sound, क्कु aff.  
 कुक्कु r. 10th cl. (कुक्कुयति) 1. To avoid or decline giving, to not give. 2. To  
 render indistinct or unintelligible, to muddle or render confused or  
 foul. (कुक्कुयति) 1. To give pain. 2. To burn. 3. To call or invite, to  
 counsel or advise.  
 कुक्कु mf. (-टी) A house, a dwelling : see कुक्कु mn. (-टः-ट) 1. The peak or  
 summit of a mountain. 2. A water-jar. 3. A heap of grain, &c. 4.  
 Uniform and elementary substance. 5. A hammer, a mallet. 6. A  
 plough-share. 7. The body of a plough. 8. A trap for catching deer.  
 9. A concealed weapon, as a dagger in a wooden case, a sword-  
 cane, &c. 10. Illusion. 11. Fraud, trick, deceit, 12. Untruth,  
 Falsehood (or attributively,) false, untrue. 13. Vile, low. 14. An ox  
 whose horns are broken. m. (-टः) The name of a saint, also named  
 AGASTYA. ३. कुक्कु to confuse, to withhold, क्कु aff.  
 कुक्कुल mfn. (कः-का-क) Unfair, fraudulent. ३. (-कः) A ploughshare. m.  
 (-कः) 1. A braid or tress of hair. 2. A perfume : see सुक्कु. ३. कुक्कु to  
 cut, and कुक्कु aff.  
 कुक्कुकार m. (-रः) 1. A rogue, 2. A cheat, a false witness. ३. कुक्कु, and कार  
 who makes.  
 कुक्कुकारक m. (कः) 1. A false witness. 2. A rogue, a cheat. ३. कुक्कु, and  
 कारक who makes.  
 कुक्कुल mfn. (-जन्) Fraudulent, dishonest. m. (-जन्) 1. A name of Siva.  
 2. A Kayastha or man of the writer caste, ३. कुक्कु illusion, &c. and  
 क्कु who makes.  
 कुक्कुल m. (-कः) A medicinal plant : see कुक्कुल.  
 कुक्कुलिका f. (-का) falsehood, fraud, ३. क्कु added to कुक्कु ; also with ल,  
 कुक्कुल.  
 कुक्कुल m. (-लः) Fever occurring in an elephant from vitiation of the  
 three humors ; also read कुक्कुल.  
 कुक्कुलिका m. (-कः) 1. A bilious fever in an elephant. 2. A potter's kiln.  
 ३. कुक्कु a heap, and पाक what ripens, क्कु aff.

कुक्कुल n. (-कः) A trap or snare for deer, birds, &c. ३. कुक्कु a trap, and  
 क्कु an implement ; also simply कुक्कु.  
 कुक्कुलिका m. (-लिका) A species of the Simul silk cotton tree. ३. कुक्कु false  
 and क्कुलिका the Simul.  
 कुक्कुलिका n. (-न) A forged or false grant or decree. ३. कुक्कु, and क्कुलिका  
 grant, &c.  
 कुक्कुलिका m. (-ली) A false witness. ३. कुक्कु falsehood, and क्कुलिका  
 witness.  
 कुक्कुल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Uniform, perpetually and universally the same  
 as spirit, elementary matter, ether &c. n. (-ल) 1. The soul 2. A  
 sort of perfume, a species of dried shell fish, commonly Nak'hi. ३.  
 कुक्कु fixed, and ल what remains.  
 कुक्कुलिका n. (-ली) Alloyed or counterfeit gold. ३. कुक्कु, and लिका gold.  
 कुक्कुल m. (-कः) Loaded or false dice. ३. कुक्कु, and क्कु a die.  
 कुक्कुलिका n. (-रः) An upper room, an apartment on the top of a house. ३.  
 कुक्कु a peak, क्कुलिका a house.  
 कुक्कुलिका f. (-ता) A tale, a story, a fiction, ३. कुक्कु false, क्कुलिका meaning,  
 and क्कुलिका spoken.  
 कुक्कु r. 6th cl. (कुक्कुति) 1. To be or become firm or solid. 2. To eat. 3. To  
 graze.  
 कुक्कु n. (-कः) A wall : see कुक्कु.  
 कुक्कु r. 10th cl. (कुक्कुयति-ति) To contract or close.  
 कुक्कु mfn. (-लः-लिका-लिका) Crooked-armed, having a curved or withered  
 arm : see क्कुलिका.  
 कुक्कुलिका f. (-का) 1. The horn of any animal. 2. The peg of a lute. ३. कुक्कु  
 to sound or to be crooked, कुक्कु and टाप् affs.  
 कुक्कुल mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Contracted, shut, closed. ३. कुक्कु to contract,  
 affix क्कु.  
 कुक्कुल m. (-रः) The offspring of a Brahman woman by a Rishi, begotten  
 during menstruation. ३. कुक्कु bad, क्कुलिका belly.  
 कुक्कुल m. (-लः) Mountain ebony : see कुक्कुल.  
 कुक्कु r. 10th cl. (कुक्कुयति) To contract or close.  
 कुक्कु r. 10th cl. (कुक्कुयति) 1. To be weak. 2. To weaken : see कुक्कु.  
 कुक्कु m. (-पः) 1. A well. 2. A hole, a hollow. 3. A mast. 4. A tree or rock  
 in the midst of a river. f. (-पी) 1. A small well. 2. The navel. 3. A  
 flask, a bottle. ३. कुक्कु to sound, (frogs croaking in a well, &c.) and  
 प Unadi affix : the vowel is made long ; also कुक्कुल.  
 कुक्कुल m. (-का) 1. The mast of a vessel. 2. A stake, &c. to which a boat  
 is moored. 3. A leather oil vessel. 4. The hollow below the loins.  
 5. A funeral pile. 6. A well. 7. A temporary well, a hole dug for  
 water in the dry bed of a rivulet. 8. A tree or rock in the middle  
 of a stream. ३. क्कु added the preceding.  
 कुक्कुलिका m. (-कः) A frog in a well, applied to a person of no enterprise,  
 one who never leaves his home. ३. कुक्कु, and म्कुलिका a frog.  
 कुक्कुल m. (-कः) Horripilation, erection of the hairs of the body, ३. कुक्कु  
 a well, and क्कुलिका the body ; some copies read कुक्कुल, from क्कुल a mark.  
 कुक्कुल m. (-रः) The ocean ; also कुक्कुल, and क्कुलिका, &c.  
 कुक्कुलिका f. (-का) A stone or rock in the middle of a stream : see कुक्कुल.  
 कुक्कुल n. (-लः) A lake, a pool, a pond.  
 कुक्कु m. (-रः) Boiled rice.  
 कुक्कुल m. (-कः-क) 1. The upper part of the nose, the part between the  
 eye-brows. 2. The beard. 3. Deceit, fraud, circumvention. 4. Hard,  
 solid. 5. The tip of the thumb and middle finger brought in contact,  
 as to pinch, &c. 6. A handful of Kusa grass or peacock's feathers.  
 7. A bunch, a bundle, as of grass &c. 8. A brush of the same.  
 9. The head. 10. False praise, unmerited commendation, either of  
 one's self or another person, boasting, flattery. 11. Hypocrisy. 12.  
 The mystic syllable Hum. (In Tan : shas.) ३. कुक्कु to sound, क्कुलिका affix,  
 or क्कु to do, क्कुलिका affix or कुक्कु Sautra root, to praise, affix क्कु. [last]  
 कुक्कुल n. (-कः) A brush for cleaning the teeth, &c. ३. क्कु added to the

शुकीरिह. n. (-रः) The heel.  
 शुकीरीय m. (शुः) A drug, commonly Jivaka, one of the eight principal medicaments. n. शुक् the beared, &c. and शीर्ष the head; being bearded; or from शुक् praise, and शीर्ष chief commendable amongst medicines; also with क् added शुकीरीयक.  
 शुकीरिह m. (-रः) The cocoa-nut tree. n. शुक् a bunch, and शीर्ष summit.  
 शुकीरिह f. (-वा) 1. Inspissated milk. 2. A key. 3. A bud, a blossom. 4. A painting brush or pencil. 5. A needle. n. शुक् to praise, &c. शुक् affix, and the fem. form.  
 शुक् r. 1st cl. (शुक्ते) To play: see शुक्.  
 शुक् n. (-न) Playing, sport, pastime. f. (-नी) A festival in honour of KAMADEVA, held on the day of full moon, in the month Chaitra. n. शुक् to play, कृत् affix, fem. शुक्य.  
 शुक् n. (-न) The space between the eye-brows. n. शुक् to scatter, &c. deriv. irr.: see शुक्.  
 शुक् mf. (-रः) 1. The elbow. 2. The knee. n. शुक् to sound, with क् affix शुक् पर from पृ to nourish, the first vowel is made long; sometimes also क् पर.  
 शुक् m. (-न) A cuirass or quilted jacket worn as armour see शुक्मक.  
 शुक्मक mn. (-नः) A bodice, a jacket with short sleeves worn next the body, by woman especially. n. शुक् पर the elbow, क् affix, and र dropped, शुक्मक, see the preceding: again, क् pleonastic affix added.  
 शुक् mf. (-नः-नी) 1. A tortoise, a turtle. 2. The descent of VISHNU as a tortoise to support the mountain Mandar at the churning of the ocean. 3. A peculiar gesticulation with the fingers. n. शुक् implying reverse, क्नी speed, क् aff.  
 शुक्मक n. (-न) An astrological diagram. n. शुक्, and क् circle.  
 शुक्मक n. (-न) 1. Globe amaranth, (Gomphrena globosa). 2. The back or shell of a tortoise. n. शुक् a tortoise, and पृ the back.  
 शुक्मक n. (-न) The cover of a dish, a lid. n. क् added to the preceding, implying resemblance.  
 शुक्मक m. (-नः) The king of turtles, the tortoise supposed to uphold the world. n. शुक् tortoise, and राज a king, from राजन् with ट् aff.  
 शुक् r. 1st cl. (शुक्ते) To cover, to hide, to screen, to enclose: with क् prefixed, to protect, to be kind to, as to a follower or dependent.  
 शुक् n. (-न) 1. A bank, a shore. 2. A heap, a mound. 3. A pond or pool. 4. The rear of an army. n. क् to cover, क् aff.  
 शुक्मक m. (-नः) An ant hill. n. (-न) 1. A mound of earth, a heap, a pile. 2. A bank, a dyke. n. क् added to the former.  
 शुक्मक m. (-नः) 1. The ocean, the sea. 2. The stream or current of a river. f. (-वा) A river. n. शुक् a bank, क् to injure, affix क्.  
 शुक्मक mfn. (-रः-नी-र) Frequenting the banks of rivers, grazing there, &c. n. शुक्, पर what goes.  
 शुक्म f. (-नः) A bank, the land upon the bank or shore, n. शुक्, and क् earth.  
 शुक्मक mfn. (-नः-वा-न) Breaking down banks (as a river, &c.) n. शुक् क् to make sick, with क् pre. and क् aff.  
 शुक्मक mfn. (-नः-वा-न) Carrying away the banks, (a river, &c.) n. शुक्, क् to bear, क् pre. क् aff.  
 शुक्मकी f. (-नी) A river. n. शुक् a bank, and क् poss. affix, fem. शुक्य.  
 शुक्मक m. (-नः) An eddy. n. शुक् a bank, and क् to collect, क् affix, deriv. irr.  
 शुक्म f. (-नः) Base or bottom part of the Indian lute.  
 शुक्म mfn. (-रः-नी-र) Beautiful, agreeable, pleasing. mn. (-रः-र) The pole of a carriage or wood to which the yoke is fixed. m. (-रः) A hump-backed man. f. (-नी) A carriage covered with a cloth or blanket. n. क् to sound, and क् from पृ to cherish, with क् aff.  
 शुक्मक m. (-नी) A carriage. n. शुक् the pole, क् aff.  
 शुक्मक mf. (-नः-नी) A pumpkin gourd, (Cucurbita pepo.) m. (-नः) A

kind of spirit or imp, of which there exists a Gana or class. f. (-नी)  
 A name of DURGA; also शुक्मक and शुक्मक  
 शुक्मक m. (-नः) A pumpkin gourd: see शुक्मक. n. क् bad, क् warm and क् an egg. here put for seed, क् aff.  
 शुक्म f. (-नः) Hypocrisy, affectation of religious zeal or austerity: see, क्मना.  
 शुक्म f. (-नः) A fog, a mist. n. क् to astonish, क् and क् affs.  
 शुक्म 5th cl. (शुक्ते) (शुक्ते) To hurt, to injure, to kill. (शु, क्)  
 शुक्म 8th cl. (शुक्ते) (शुक्ते) To do, to make, to perform any kind of action; this root admits most of the prepositions and a variety of significations; it is also active or deponent, according to its prefix and import; as, 1. With क्, (कृत्कृते) To exceed, to do more. 2. With क्, (कृत्कृते) a. To surpass or overcome. b. To superintend, to govern. c. To hold of right. d. To bear patiently. e. To refrain from. 3. With क् (कृत्कृते) To copy, to imitate, to act like or after. 4. With क् (कृत्कृते) a. To wrong, to injure. b. To do evil. 5. With क् (कृत्कृते) a. To call. b. To take shape or form. 6. With क् (कृत्कृते) a. To kill or hurt dangerously. b. To collect, to assemble. 7. With क्, and क् (कृत्कृते) To reproach. 8. With क् (कृत्कृते) To befriend, to serve or assist. 9. With क्, and क् inserted (कृत्कृते, or कृत्कृते) To alter. (कृत्कृते) a. To polish, to adorn. b. To assemble. c. To reply. 10. With क् (कृत्कृते) To abuse, to revile. 11. With क् (कृत्कृते) To do evil. 12. With क् and क् (कृत्कृते) a. To make light of, to contempt. b. To expel. c. To annihilate. 13. With क्, and क् inserted (कृत्कृते) To polish, to refine, to make elegant or perfect. 14. With क् and क् (कृत्कृते) To act well. 15. With क् (कृत्कृते) a. To begin. b. To do any thing quickly. c. To serve. d. To allot, to portion. e. To violate. f. To chaunt, to recite. 16. With क् (कृत्कृते) a. To counteract. b. To retaliate. c. To remedy. 17. With क् and क् (कृत्कृते) To requite, to return a kindness; with क् (कृत्कृते) a. To utter, to sound. b. To seek, strive for. (कृत्कृते) a. To alter, to change in form. b. To disturb or agitate. 18. With क् and क् (कृत्कृते) a. To explain, to expound. b. To make manifest or public. 19. With क् (कृत्कृते) a. To polish, to perfect. b. To assemble, to bring together. 20. With क् (कृत्कृते) To do well.  
 शुक्म m. (-नः) The throat, the larynx. n. क् to make, and क् affix, what makes or produces sound.  
 शुक्म m. (-नः) 1. A kind of partridge, commonly Kaer, (Perdix sylvatica.) 2. A worm. n. क् the throat, and क् to sound, affix क्, the deriv. irr.  
 शुक्म mfn. (-नः-वा-न) Belonging or relating to a partridge. n. क्मक and क् aff.  
 शुक्म m. (-रः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. One of the five vital airs, that which assists in digestion. 3. A kind of partridge: see शुक्मक. 4. A sort of pepper, (P. chavya.) 5. The oleander tree. n. क् the throat, and क् what gets or receives; or क् imitative sound, and क् what makes, from क् to make or do, affix क्.  
 शुक्म m. (-नः) See the next.  
 शुक्म m. (-नः) A lizard, chameleon. n. क् the throat, and क् to play, &c. affix क्; also शुक्मक.  
 शुक्म m. (-नः) 1. A cock, a gallinaceous fowl. 2. A peacock. 3. A lizard, a chameleon. n. क् the throat, क् to speak, Unadi affix क्.  
 शुक्मक m. (-नः) A name of KARTIKĀYA. n. शुक्मक a peacock, and क् a standard or symbol; the peacock is the vehicle and standard of SKANDA.  
 शुक्म f. (-नः) 1. The back of the neck. 2. The raised and straight part of the neck. n. क् the throat, क् to go, क् aff.  
 शुक्म m. (-नः) A lizard, a chameleon: see शुक्मक.  
 शुक्म mfn. (-नः-वा-न) 1. Attended with pain, painful. 2. Wicked,

sinful. mn. (-सः-सः) Bodily pain. Penance, expiation. 3. Sin. 4. difficulty, labour, trouble. 5. A kind of religious penance, according to some, the same as the Prajapatya; see प्राजापत्य; (according to others, as the Santapana; (see सातपथ.) ३. कृत to cut, रक्त Unadi affix, and कृत substituted for the final.

कृतमत् mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) 1. Embarrassed, distressed. 2. Pained, suffering pain. ३. कृत, and नत gone to or in.

कृतमतिमत् m. (-सः) A kind of penance, taking no sustenance but water for three, nine, twelve, or twenty-one days. ३. कृत one kind of penance, and कृतमति another; the substance of both. [half.]

कृतमत् m. (-सः) An inferior penance lasting six days. ३. कृत and कृत र. 6th cl. (कृतमति) 1. To be thick or coarse, to be gross, to be solid. 2. To eat.

कृत m. (-सः) A painter. ३. कृत to do or make, कृत aff.

कृत (-सः) कृती r. 6th cl. (कृतमति) To cut, to divide. r. 7th cl. (कृतमति) To surround, to encompass.

कृत mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) 1. Done, made, performed. 2. Injured, hurt. 3. Fit, proper. n. (-सः) 1. The first of the four ages of the world, the Satya-yug. 2. Fruit, consequence. adv. 1. Enough, sufficient. 2. Enough, completely finished. 3. Enough, have done, no more. ३. कृत to do, to injure, &c. affix कृत.

कृतक mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) 1. Artificial, factitious, made, not produced spontaneously. 2. Assumed, simulated, not natural. n. (-सः) Factitious salt, produced by boiling and evaporating from saline soils. ३. कृत to cut or divide, Unadi affix कृत.

कृतकपट mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Deceiving, beguiling, fraudulent. ३. कृत, and कपट deceit.

कृतकर्तव्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Having done or discharged, or being done, (a duty.) कृत done, कर्तव्य what was to be done.

कृतकर्तव्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Skilful, clever, able. ३. कृत made, कर्तव्य act.

कृतकार्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) See कृतकृत्य.

कृतकाल mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) 1. Fixed, settled as to time. 2. Sent or deposited, &c. for a certain time. ३. कृत, and काल time.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Tied up as a small bundle or brush. ३. कृत-कृत्य a bundle, and कृत added.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) 1. Having done or discharged any thing to be done. 2. Having accomplished or attained any object. 3. Contented, satisfied. ३. कृत done, and कृत्य what was to be done; also कृतकर्तव्य, कृतकार्य, &c.

कृतकृत्यता f. (-सः) Success, attainment, accomplishment, the full discharge of any duty or realisation of any object. ३. कृतकृत्य and कृत affix; also with कृत affix, कृतकृत्यत्व.

कृतकीर्ति m. (-सः) 1. A name of the saint KASYAPA. 2. A name of UPADHYA, another divine sage. ३. कृत made, कीर्ति excellence.

कृतकोप mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Angry, indignant. ३. कृत, and कोप anger.

कृतकृत्य m. (-सः) A purchaser, a buyer. ३. कृत, and कृत्य purchase.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) 1. having finished or completed any thing in which one was engaged. 3. Having attained any end or accomplished any object. 3. Having fulfilled one's duty. ३. कृत done, कृत्य work, duty, &c.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Angry, resentful. ३. कृत, and कृत्य wrath.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Assaulting, attacking, one who tries to kill. ३. कृत, कृत a blow, कृत effort.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) 1. Ungrateful, not acknowledging former good offices. 2. Defeating or rendering vain all previous measures. ३. कृत what has been done, कृत killing, destroying.

कृतकृत्य f. (-सः) Ingratitude. ३. कृत added to the last; also with कृत, कृतकृत्यत्व.

कृतकृत्य m. (-सः) A boy on whom the ceremony of tonsure has been performed. ३. कृत, and कृत a crest, a lock of hair being left on the top of the head.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) 1. Born, produced. 2. Generated. ३. कृत, and कृत birth.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) 1. Grateful, remembering former aid or favours. 2. Observant of propriety, correct in conduct. m. (-सः) A dog. ३. कृत what is done, and कृत who knows.

कृतकृत्य f. (-सः) Gratitude. ३. कृतकृत्य, and कृत affix; also कृतकृत्यत्व.

कृतकृत्य m. (-सः) 1. A guide to holy places, &c. one who frequents them. 2. A councillor, one fertile in expedients. ३. कृत, कृत pilgrimage, &c.

कृतकृत्य n. (-सः) Being done or effected. ३. कृत, added to कृत.

कृतदार m. (-सः) A married man. ३. कृत, and दारा a wife.

कृतदार mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) A self-engaged servant, a hired servant. ३. कृत made, (spontaneously,) and दारा a slave.

कृतवी mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) 1. Prudent, considerate. 2. Learned, educated. ३. कृत, and वी understanding.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) 1. Defeated, overpowered. 2. Injured, destroyed. 3. Recollecting past transactions. ३. कृत, and कृत loss.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Loss after being one possessed or acquired. ३. कृत made, gained, कृत destroyed.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Ungrateful. ३. कृत, and कृत who destroys.

कृतकृत्य m. (-सः) A penitent, one who has performed penance or made expiation. ३. कृत, and कृत cleansing.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Confident, sure, certain. ३. कृत, and कृत certainly.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Skilled in archery. ३. कृत done, made, कृत the feather of an arrow.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Done formerly or preceedingly. ३. कृत, and कृत prior.

कृतकृत्य n. (-सः) Ingratitude, forgetting past services. ३. कृतकृत्य, and कृत destroying.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) One by whom any thing was done in time past. ३. कृत done, कृत formerly, कृत affix of agency.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Behaving gallantly. ३. कृत, and कृत manhood.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Saluting, making or having made obeisance. ३. कृत, and कृत salute.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Active, industrious, persevering. ३. कृत, and कृत effort.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Successful, fruitful. n. (-सः) 1. Result, consequence of an act. 2. A poisonous substance; see कृतकृत्य. ३. कृत, and कृत fruit.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Laying hand upon, touching. ३. कृत, and कृत the arm.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Informed of one's duty, having acquired knowledge. ३. कृत, and कृत understanding.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Alarmed, apprehensive. ३. कृत, and कृत fear.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Blessed, consecrated. ३. कृत and कृत auspicious.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Angry, offended, indignant. ३. कृत, and कृत anger.

कृतकृत्य m. (-सः) A tree, (Cassia fistula.) ३. कृत made, कृत a garland, garlands being made of its flowers; also कृतकृत्य.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Skilled, clever, conversant. ३. कृत done, and कृत chief, principal.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Sounding, singing. ३. कृत, and कृत a sound.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Splendid, brilliant. ३. कृत, and कृत light; also कृतकृत्य.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Angry, displeased. ३. कृत, and कृत wrath.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Excellent, amiable, &c. noted for good qualities. 2. Defined, discriminated. 3. Marked, stamped. 4. Branded. ३. कृत made, कृत a mark, a sign. [aff.]

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Making, was making, made. ३. कृत, and कृत

कृतकृत्य m. (-सः) A penitent who has shaven his head and chin. ३. कृत, and कृत tonsure.



**ज्ञातविनिम्ब** mfn. (-यः-जा-य) Altered, changed. E. ज्ञत and विनिम्ब change ; also ज्ञातविचार.  
**ज्ञातविद्य** mfn. (-यः-जा-य) Scientific, a philosopher. E. ज्ञत and विद्या knowledge.  
**ज्ञातविजय** mfn. (-यः-जा-य) Surpassing, astonishing. E. ज्ञत, and विजय wonder.  
**ज्ञातवित्त** mfn. (-नः-जा-य) Hired as a servant or labourer. E. ज्ञत made, appointed, and वित्त wages.  
**ज्ञातवेदिन्** mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) 1. Grateful. 2. Knowing, observant. E. ज्ञत, and वेदिन् who knows.  
**ज्ञातवेष** m. (-नः) A plant, a sort of Ghos'ha with white flowers : see जीव  
**ज्ञातवेद्य** mfn. (-युः-यु-यु) Trembling. E. ज्ञत, and वेद्य trembling.  
**ज्ञातवेष** mfn. (-यः-जा-य) Decorating, adorning. E. ज्ञत, and वेद्य dress.  
**ज्ञातव्यलीक** mfn. (-कः-जा-य) Annoyed, vexed, irritated. E. ज्ञत, and व्यलीक pain, &c.  
**ज्ञातव्यक्ति** mfn. (-क्तिः-क्तिः-क्ति) Putting forth one's strength or courage. E. ज्ञत, and व्यक्ति power.  
**ज्ञातवीर्य** mfn. (-यः-जा-य) 1. Splendid, brilliant. 2. Beautiful, beautified. 3. Dexterous, handy. E. ज्ञत, and वीर्य splendor.  
**ज्ञातवीर्य** mfn. (-यः-जा-य) Purified, cleansed, freed from the natural dejections, released from conventional defilement, &c. E. ज्ञत, and वीर्य purification.  
**ज्ञातव्यय** mfn. (-यः-जा-य) Laborious, assiduous, persevering, pains-taking making great or continuous exertions. E. ज्ञत made, व्यय fatigue.  
**ज्ञातसंज्ञ** mfn. (-तः-ता-य) Making an agreement or appointment, E. ज्ञत, and संज्ञ agreement.  
**ज्ञातसंज्ञ** mfn. (-यः-जा-य) Approximate, united. E. ज्ञत, and संज्ञ union.  
**ज्ञातसंज्ञ** mfn. (-रः-रा-य) Initiated, having undergone all the purificatory ceremonies. E. ज्ञत, and संज्ञ rite.  
**ज्ञातसंज्ञ** mfn. (-यः-जा-य) Distinguished by appropriate marks, devices, &c. E. ज्ञत, and संज्ञ a signal.  
**ज्ञातसंज्ञ** mfn. (-नः-जा-य) Contracted, approximated. E. ज्ञत, and संज्ञ proximity.  
**ज्ञातसंज्ञ** mfn. (-यः-जा-य) Connected, allied. E. ज्ञत, and संज्ञ alliance.  
**ज्ञातसापत्निका** f. (-का) A woman whose husband has taken another wife. E. ज्ञत made, स with, together with, पत्नी a wife, affix कन् : or derived from सापत्निक, ज्ञातसापत्निका ; also ज्ञातसापत्नी, &c.  
**ज्ञातस्थिति** mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) Abiding, staying, taking up an abode in or with. E. ज्ञत, and स्थिति stay.  
**ज्ञातस्वयय** mfn. (-नः-जा-य) Recommended to the protection of gods previous to any journey or undertaking. E. ज्ञत, स्वयय benediction.  
**ज्ञातदक्ष** mfn. (-यः-जा-य) 1. Skilled in archery. 2. Clever, skilful, dexterous. E. ज्ञत exercised, दक्ष the hand ; also ज्ञातदक्षक.  
**ज्ञातज्ञत** mfn. (-तः-ता-य) 1. Done in part, not completed. 2. Committed and omitted. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञत undone.  
**ज्ञातज्ञत** mfn. (-नः-जा-य) Advanced, proficient, E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात coming.  
**ज्ञातज्ञत** mfn. (-नः-जा-य) Criminal, offending, in fault. E. ज्ञत done, ज्ञात crime.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** m. (-यः) A Brahman who has offered the usual oblations with fire. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञातज्ञात fire-sacrifice.  
**ज्ञात** mfn. (-यः-जा-य) 1. Marked. 2. Numbered. 3. Branded. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात a mark.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) One who joins the palms of the hands, making such a sign of reverence or solicitation, reverent, respectful. m. (-तिः) A shrub used in medicine, also in magical portions, &c. E. ज्ञत made, ज्ञात the hand joined, &c.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-तः-ता-य) Joining the palms of the hands for the purpose of doing obeisance, also for holding water &c. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात the palms joined.

**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-जा-जा-य) Subdued, tranquil, of a self-governed spirit. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात self.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) Bending, bowed, paying homage or respect. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात bowing.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-यः-जा-य) Kind, favouring, compliant. E. ज्ञत, ज्ञात favour.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-यः-जा-य) Mixed, combined, united. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात mixture.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** m. (-रः) Established practice, usage, custom, rate. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात custom.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** m. (-नः) 1. A name of YAMA, son of SURYA, and regent of the dead, or death personified. 2. Destiny, that is, the inevitable result of actions done in a past existence. 3. A demonstrated conclusion, proved or established doctrine. 4. Sinful or inauspicious action. 5. Saturday, which is considered as an unlucky day. f. (-नः) A perfume : see रेषुका. E. ज्ञत act, (actum) done, ज्ञात end, destruction.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** m. (-नः) See the preceding.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** m. (-नः) A name of the sun. E. ज्ञात YAMA, and ज्ञात progenitor ; being the father of YAMA.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-रः-रा-य) 1. Injured, wronged. 2. Discomfited, overpowered. 3. Doing wrong, offending. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात offence.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-नः-जा-य) Completing a task, effecting an object. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात accomplishment.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-यः-जा-य) Guilty, culpable, an offender. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात offence.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-कः-जा-य) 1. Sprinkled. 2. Inaugurated. m. (-कः) A prince, &c. who has been inaugurated. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात sprinkling.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-यः-जा-य) Successful, having attained an end, having accomplished a purpose or desire. E. ज्ञत done, ज्ञात object.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** f. (-ता) Success, fruitfulness, accomplishment of an object. E. ज्ञत added to the last ; also ज्ञातज्ञात.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-तः-ता-य) Rendered successful. E. ज्ञात, and ज्ञात made, ज्ञात augment.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-तः-ता-य) Become successful. E. ज्ञात, and ज्ञात been, ज्ञात augment.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** m. (-यः) A frog. E. ज्ञत made, ज्ञात abode.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-नः-जा-य) Careful, cautious, prudent, attentive. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात care.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-यः-जा-य) 1. Fixed, appointed, agreed upon. 2. Bounded, limited. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात term, &c.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-यः-जा-य) 1. Disregarding, effacing from recollection. 2. Intolerant. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात impatience.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-कः-जा-य) Seated on the hams with the knees tied together, or the hips and knees surrounded by a cloth. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात the cloth so used.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-यः-जा-य) 1. Summoned, called. 2. Made present. 3. Fixed, settled. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात condition.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** m. (-यः) A lodging, a temporary accommodation, an apartment. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात abode.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-नः-जा-य) Feeding upon. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात eating.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-नः-जा-य) 1. Assailing, attacking. 2. Effacing from recollection. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात going to.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-कः-जा-य) Armed. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात weapon.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-यः-जा-य) 1. Governed, ruled. 2. Supporting, rested upon by any thing. 3. Residing in or on, taking one's abode. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात place, rule.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-कः-जा-य) Having performed the daily ceremonies, or devotions. E. ज्ञत, ज्ञात a day, ज्ञात added.  
**ज्ञातज्ञात** mfn. (-नः-जा-य) 1. Summoned, called. 2. Challenged. E. ज्ञत, and ज्ञात calling.

कृति f. (-तिः) 1. Act, action, acting, doing, &c. 2. Injuring, hurt, hurting. 3. A sort of metre, a stanza of four lines, with twenty syllables in each. ४. कृ to do, to injure, कृति aff.

कृतिकर m. (-रः) A name of RA'VANA. २. कृति injuring, कृ to do, ३ aff.

कृतिन् mfn. (-ती-तिनी-ति) 1. Wise, learned, 2. Clever, skilful. 3. Good, virtuous. 4. Pure, pious, 5. Following, obeying, doing what is enjoined. ६. कृत done, performed, कृति affix ; by whom proper acts are done.

कृते ind. For, on account of.

कृत्य mfn. (-यः-क्री-य) Envious, jealous. २. कृत, and कृत्य envy.

कृत्योच्च ind. Raised on high. २. कृत, and उच्च high.

कृत्योद्ध mfn. (-कः-क्री-य) Having performed ablutions. २. कृत, and उद्ध water.

कृत्योद्धार mfn. (-यः-क्री-य) Performing penance by standing with uplifted hands. 2. Married. ३. कृत, and उद्धार marriage.

कृत्योपकार mfn. (-रः-क्री-य) 1. Assisted, befriended. 2. Friendly, giving aid. ३. कृत, and उपकार help.

कृत्योपनयन m. (-नः) The student invested with the sacrificial cord. २. कृत and उपनयन investiture.

कृत्योपभोग mfn. (-गः-क्री-य) Used, enjoyed २. कृत, and उपभोग use.

कृत्य mfn. (-यः-क्री-य) 1. Cut, divided. 2. Desired, sought, wished for. ३. कृत to cut, &c affix कृ.

कृति f. (-तिः) 1. The hide upon which the religious student sits, sleeps, &c. usually the skin of an antelope. 2. The skin. 3. The bark of the B'hurjpatra, used for writing upon, for making hooka snakes, &c. 4. One of the lunar mansions : see the next. २. कृत to cut, कृति aff.

कृतिका f. (-का) 1. The third of the lunar mansions, or constellations in the moon's path, consisting of six stars, and corresponding to the Pleiades. 2. (In mythology,) a nymph ; one of six, the nurses of KARTIKE'YA. ३. कृत to cut, कृति and कृति affixes ; the figure of the asterism is a razor or knife.

कृतिकामय m. (-यः) A name of CHANDRA or the moon. २. कृतिका the constellation, and भय who is born.

कृतिकासुत m. (-तः) A name of SKANDA or KARTIKE'YA. २. कृतिका and सुत the son ; the nymphs so named being his foster mothers.

कृतिवास m. (-यः) SIVA : see the next.

कृतिवास m. (-यः) An appellation of MAHADEVYA. २. कृति a skin or hide, and वास clothes ; clothed with a tyger's skin ; also कृतिवास.

कृत्य mfn. (-यः-क्री-य) An artist, an artificer or mechanic. २. कृत to make, कृत्य Unadi aff.

कृत्य mfn. (-यः-क्री-य) 1. To be done or performed. 2. To be rendered murderous or mischievous, hired as an assassin, seduced from allegiance or alliance, hostile through covetousness, &c. f. (-यः) 1. Action, act. 2. A female deity, to whom sacrifices are offered for destructive and magical purposes. 3. Magic. 4. A pestilence, n. (-यः) 1. Motive, cause. 2. The class of affixes in grammar forming nouns corresponding to gerunds and supines, chiefly with a passive signification, but sometimes active, and sometimes abstract nouns. ३. कृत, to injure, to divide &c. कृत्य or कृत्य affixed, or कृत, to injure, कृत affix, and कृत inserted.

कृत्य m. (-यः) An injurer.

कृत्य mfn. (-यः-क्री-य) Learned, wise, who knows what is to be done. २. कृत, and कृत who knows.

कृत्यमन्त्र n. (-न्त्रः) The right way, the manner in which any object is to be effected. २. कृत, and मन्त्र a road.

कृत्यविद् mf. (-विद्) Learned, wise who knows what is to be done. २. कृत, and विद् who knows.

कृत्यविधि f. (-धिः) The way to do anything, a rule or precept. २. कृत, and विधि rule.

कृतिन् mfn. (-ती-तिनी-ति) 1. False, factitious, artificial, the reverse of what is naturally or spontaneously produced. m. (-नः) 1. Incense, olibanum. 2. An adopted son, used for कृतिन्पुत्र. n. (-नः) A kind of salt, the common Bit Noban or Bit Lavan. ३. कृत to make, कृति Unadi affix, and कृत added.

कृतिन्पुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) A compound perfume, containing ten or eighteen ingredients. २. कृतिन् artificial, and पुत्र resin ; also with कृत added कृतिन्पुत्र.

कृतिन्पुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) An adopted son ; one of the twelve kinds recognized in law, the son made. २. कृतिन्, and पुत्र a son.

कृतिन्मित्र m. (-मित्रः) An acquired friend ; one on whom benefits have been conferred, or from whom they have been received. २. कृतिन् made, and मित्र a friend ; also similar compound in this or other senses, कृतिन्मित्र an acquired enemy, कृतिन्मित्रादीन् one who is indifferent to benefits or injuries, neither an acquired friend nor foe.

कृत्य ind. Having done, made, &c. २. कृत to do, कृत्य aff.

कृत्य n. (-यः) 1. Water. 2. Entire, whole. ३. कृत to surround, and कृत Unadi aff.

कृत्य mfn. (-यः-क्री-य) All, whole, entire. n. (-यः) 1. Water. 2. The flank or hip. ३. कृत to encompass, कृत Unadi aff.

कृत्यविद् mfn. (-विद् or -विद्) Omniscient, acquainted with all things. २. कृत्य all, and विद् who knows.

कृत्यवद् ind. Wholly, entirely, altogether. २. कृत्य, and वद् aff.

कृत्य m. (-यः) A granary, a cup-board, &c. for holding corn, grain, &c. ३. कृत to contain, Unadi affix कृत.

कृत्य m. (-यः) A noun formed by the application of the affixes termed कृत to the root, २. कृत, and कृत a final.

कृत्य n. (-यः) A plough. ३. कृत to divide or cut, कृत्य Unadi affix, and कृत inserted.

कृत्य n. (-यः) Cutting. ३. कृति to cut, कृत्य aff.

कृत्यिका f. (-का) 1. A knife. 2. The edge of a knife. ३. कृत added to the last.

कृत्य (कृ, कृ) कृत्यवद् r. 1st cl. (कृत्यते) to be able. r. 1st and 10th cls. (कृत्यति, कृत्ययति) 1. To think or imagine. 2. To mix. 3. To paint or colour. r. 1st cl. (कृत्यति) To have pity or mercy. r. 10th cl. (कृत्ययति) To be weak. In the first roots कृ or कृ is substituted for कृत.

कृत्य m. (-यः) 1. The name of a sage, the brother-in-law of DRONA. 2. A name of VYASA, the compiler of Vedas and Puranas. f. (-या) Tenderness, compassionateness f. (-यी) The wife of the sage DRONA. ३. कृत्य to be able, &c. कृत्य aff.

कृत्य mfn. (-यः-क्री-य) 1. Miserly, avaricious. 2. Low, vile. 3. Poor, feeble, miserable, pitiable. m. (-यः) A worm. ३. कृत्य to be able, कृत्य or कृत्य aff.

कृत्य m. (-यः) A sword, a scymitar or sacrificial knife. f. (-यी) 1. A knife. 2. A shears or scissors. 3. A dagger. ३. कृत्य mercy, कृत to destroy, कृत aff.

कृत्य m. (-यः) A sword, a scymitar : see the preceding. ३. कृत added to कृत्य.

कृत्यिका f. (-का) A knife. ३. कृत added to कृत्य, and the fem. aff.

कृत्य m. (-यः) One of the Bud'dhas or deified saints of the Bud'dhas. ३. कृत्य compassion, and कृत्य not second ; unequalled for tenderness.

कृत्य mfn. (-यः-क्री-य) Compassionate, tender. ३. कृत्य tenderness, कृत्य aff.

कृत्य mfn. (-यः-क्री-य) Compassionate ; so कृत्यवत् (-वत्-वती-वत्) कृत्यवित् (-वित्-वती-वत्) &c.

कृत्य mfn. (-यः-क्री-य) Unfeeling, unkind, hardhearted. ३. कृत्य, वीर devoid of.

कृत्य n. (-यः) 1. The belly. 2. Water. 3. A wood, a forest. 4. Wood, timber. ३. कृत्य to be able, कृत्य Unadi aff.

कृषीपतय m. (-कृ.) 1. The ocean. 2. A rudder or large oar used as one.  
3. Air, wind. E. कृषीप water, पतय what preserves, &c. कृष् aff.  
कृषीपती m. (-नि.) Fire. E. कृषीप water, तीपि source, place of origin.  
कृषीपति m. (-ति.) A name of DRONA'CHARYA. E. कृषी the wife of the sage,  
and पति master.  
कृषीपुत्र m. (-पु.) ASWATTHAMA a sage, the son of Kṛpī and DRONA. E.  
कृषी, and पुत्र a son, or with other synonyms of a son, as कृषीपुत्र, &c.  
कृष r. 1st cl. or 5th cl. (कृ) कृषि (कृषीति) 1. To kill, to hurt or injure in  
any way. 2 To act, to do. 3. To go, to move. 4. To be in pain.  
कृषि m. (-नि.) 1. A worm, an insect in general. 2. Lao, the red dye,  
which is in fact an insect. 3. An Asur or demon. 4. One subject to  
worms. E. कृष् to go, कृष् Unadi affix, and the corresponding vowel  
substituted for र; also कृषि.  
कृषिकण्टक n. (-कं) 1. A plant used in medicine: see विडङ्ग. 2. Opposite  
leaved fig tree. 3. A plant, (Salvinia cucullata:) see सूचिकपर्णी. E.  
कृषि a worm, and कण्टक a thorn, a foe; also कृषिकण्टक.  
कृषिकर्च m. (-चं) Worms or lice generating in the external ear. E. कृषि,  
and कर्च the ear.  
कृषिकीशील्य mfn. (-यः-त्या-ल्य) Silken, silk. E. कृषि a worm, कीश a ball,  
and ल्य what comes or rises from.  
कृषियन्त्रि m. (-त्रि) Insects generated at the roots of the eyelashes. E. कृषि  
and यन्त्रि a joint.  
कृषिन् mfn. (-चः-त्री-च) Vermifuge, anthelmintic. m. (-चः) 1. A shrub  
used in medicine, as an anthelmintic, commonly Biranga. (Erycibe  
paniculata, Rox.) See विडङ्ग. 2. The onion. 3. The root of the ju-  
jube. 4. The marking nut plant. f. (-त्री) Turmeric. E. कृषि a worm,  
कृष् to kill, and ठक् affix; also कृषिन्.  
कृषिज n. (-ज) Agallochum: see कृषिज. f. (-जा) Lao, a red dye so called.  
E. कृषि an insect, and ज born, produced.  
कृषिदन्तक m. (-कः) Toothache with decay of the teeth, E. कृषि, and दन्त a  
tooth, कृष् added.  
कृषिन् mfn. (-नी-मिनी-नि) Affected with worms. E. कृषि, and इनि aff.  
कृषिरिपु m. (-पु) An anthelmintic plant: see कृषिन्. E. कृषि, and रिपु an  
enemy.  
कृषिल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Having worms, wormy. f. (-ला) A fruitful woman,  
one bearing many children. E. कृषि a worm, and ला to receive, to  
get, affix ल.  
कृषिशङ्ख m. (-ङ्क) The fish of the conch. E. कृषि a worm, and शङ्ख a shell.  
कृषियुक्ति f. (-क्ति) An oyster. E. कृषि an insect, and युक्ति oyster-shell.  
कृषिशैल m. (-लः) An ant or mole hill. E. कृषि a worm, and शैल a hill;  
also with कृष् added, कृषिशैलक.  
कृषिहर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Anthelmintic, vermifuge. E. कृषि, and हर what  
removes; so कृषिहर्तृ (-ता-नी-लृ).  
कृषीलक m. (-कः) A wild sort of kidney bean: see वनसुद्ध.  
कृषि r. 5th cl. (कृषितीति) To want to hurt or kill.  
कृषि m. (-वि) A loom. E. कृष् to make, (cloth,) and कृष् Unadi aff.  
कृष r. 4th cl. (कृषि) कृषि (कृषति) To make thin or small.  
कृष mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Small, thin, little, minute. 2. Thin, spare,  
emaciated. 3. Weak, feeble. E. कृष् to pare or make thin, कृष् affix,  
deriv. irr.  
कृषता f. (-ता) Leanness, thinness. E. तल् added to the last; also with  
ल, कृषल.  
कृषर mfn. (-रः-रा) 1. A dish composed of milk, sesamum, and rice. 2.  
Rice and peas boiled together with a few spices, commonly  
Khichree: also कृषर.  
कृषा f. (-षा) The hair of the head. E. कृष् minute, ल what receives.  
कृषाकृ m. (-कृ) 1. Heating. 2. Grieving. E. कृष् to make small, and कृष्  
aff.  
कृषाकृ m. (-कृ) A spider. E. कृष्, कृषि eye, कृष् aff.  
कृषाकृ mfn. (-कृ-कृ-कृ) Spare, thin, emaciate. f. (-कृ) 1. A woman with

a slender shape. 2 A plant, commonly Priyangu: see प्रियङ्गु. E. कृष्  
thin, कृष् the body, कृष् and कृष् affs.  
कृषाकृ m. (-कृ) 1. A name of fire 2. A plant, (Plumbago zeylanica.) E.  
कृष् to make thin, कृष् Unadi aff.  
कृषाकृरितम् m. (-ता) A name of SIVA. E. कृषाकृ fire, and रितम् semen virile.  
कृषाकृ m. (-कृ) The name of a sage.  
कृषाकृन् m. (-न्) A dancer, an actor, a tumbler. E. कृषाकृ the name of a  
saint, the author of directions to players, and इनि aff.  
कृष r. 1st. cl. (कृ) कृषि (कृषति) and 6th cl. (कृषति-ते) 1. To draw or make  
furrows. 2. To plough. With कृष्, 1. To draw down. 2. To debase. 3.  
To disregard. with कृष्, 1. To draw out or off. 2. To disregard or  
contemn. With कृष्, To attract, to draw to. With कृष्, 1. To raise,  
to draw up. 2. To raise, to excite, to make high, proud, loud, &c.  
With कृष्, To draw together. With कृष् and नि, To bring near or  
close to.  
कृषक mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. What or who makes furrows or ploughs. 2.  
Attractive, attrahent. m. (-कः) 1. The plough-share 2. A husband-  
man, a peasant. कृष् to plough, &c. Unadi affix, कृष्; also कृषिक.  
कृषाण m. (-णः) A husbandman.  
कृषाणु m. (-णु) A name of fire: see कृषाण.  
कृषि f. (-वि) 1. Husbandry, agriculture. 2. Ploughing, cultivating the  
soil, &c. E. कृष् to plough, कृष् Unadi aff.  
कृषिक m. (-कः) 1. The plough-share. 2. A husband-man a cultivator. E.  
कृष् to plough, Unadi affix कृष्; also कृषक.  
कृषिजीविन् m. (-वी) A cultivator, a farmer. E. कृषि, and जीविन् who lives by.  
कृषिकल n. (-ल) Agricultural produce or profit. E. कृषि, and कल fruit.  
कृषीवल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) One who lives by agriculture, &c. m. (-लः) A  
husband-man. E. कृषि agriculture, कृष् affix, and ल made इ.  
कृष्कर m. (-रः) An appellation of SIVA.  
कृष्ट mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) Ploughed or tilled, a field, &c. E. कृष् to plough  
affix कृष्.  
कृष्टपच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Sown or ripening after ploughing. (rice, &c.)  
E. कृष्ट ploughed, पच् to ripen, and कृष् affix; in some places the  
grain is sown without previous ploughing, whence it is called  
अकृष्टपच.  
कृष्टपाच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Sown or rather ripening after ploughing: see  
कृष्टपच.  
कृष्टि m. (-टि) A teacher, a learned man or Pandit. f. (-टि) Ploughing  
cultivating the soil. 2. Attracting, drawing. E. कृष् to plough, कृष्  
trace, ति or कृष् aff.  
कृष्णित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Devoted to Krishna. E. कृष् second case, कृष्  
serving; also कृष्णित  
कृष्ण mfn. (-णः-णा-ण) Black or dark blue. m. (-णः) 1. Black, the colour  
or dark blue, which is often confounded with it by the Hindus. 2  
KRISHNA, the most celebrated form of VISHNU, or rather VISHNU  
himself; he is distinct from the ten Avatars or incarnations, be-  
ing identified with the deity. 3. VYASA, a sage, the compiler  
the Vedas. 4. A name of ARJUNA. 5. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo  
6. A crow. 7. A fruit, Karonda or Karinda, (Carissa carondas.)  
The dark half of the lunar month from full to new moon. E. (-ण)  
1. Black pepper. 2. Iron. 3. Blue vitriol. 4. Black agallochum.  
(-ण) 1. name of DRAUPADI wife of the PANDAVAS. 2. The indi-  
plant 3. Long pepper. 4. A grape. 5. A drug, commonly Kakoli.  
Kalonji, (Nigella Indica:) see कृष्णजोरक. 7. Black mustard, (t  
name is applied to other vegetable substances of a dark colour.)  
The Krishna river in the Deccan. 9. A black leech, consider  
poisonous. E. कृष् to attract, as the minds of men, &c कृष् Un-  
affix; (this is applied to KRISHNA, &c.) else, कृष् to tinge, affix त  
same; again कृष् black, &c. and कृष् affix, fem. affix टाप्. [कृष् sta  
कृष्णकन्द n. (-न्दः) The red lotus, (Nymphaea rubra.) E. कृष् black, &

कृष्णकर्म mfn. (-कर्म-का-कर्म) Criminal, guilty. n. (-कर्म) 1. Making black. 2. Cauterising. E. कृष्ण black, and कर्मन् action.

कृष्णकाक m. (-कः) A raven. E. कृष्ण black, and काक a crow.

कृष्णकाष्ठ n. (-ष्ठ) A black variety of agallochum. E. कृष्ण, and काष्ठ wood.

कृष्णकैलि m. (-लिः) A plant, (Mirabilis jalapa.)

कृष्णक्रीडक m. (-कः) A gamester, a gambler.

कृष्णचतुर्दशी f. (-शी) The fourteenth day in the dark half of a month. E. कृष्ण dark, चतुर्दशी fourteenth; it is the day preceding new moon.

कृष्णचर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Formerly or in a former existence, KRISHNA. E. कृष्ण, and चरट् affix, implying former state of being; also कृष्णरूप.

कृष्णचूडा f. (-डा) A shrub, (Poinciana pulcherrima.)

कृष्णचूर्ण n. (-र्ण) Rust of iron, iron filings E. कृष्ण black, and चूर्ण powder, dust.

कृष्णजटा f. (-टा) Indian spikenard; see जटामांसी. E. कृष्ण black, जटा twisted hair, to which its entangled stalks are compared.

कृष्णजीरक m. (-कः) Kalongi, a plant having a small black seed, which is used for medical and culinary purposes, (Nigella Indica, Rox.) E. कृष्ण black, and जीरक cummin seed.

कृष्णता f. (-ता) Blackness. E. तल added to कृष्ण; with तल, कृष्णत.

कृष्णताम्र n. (-म्र) A kind of Sandal wood. E. कृष्ण, and ताम्र copper, of a dusky copper hue.

कृष्णतार m. (-रः) A deer, an antelope. E. कृष्ण black, and तार the pupil of the eye, black-eyed.

कृष्णचिह्नता f. (-ता) A plant, black Teori: see चिह्नता.

कृष्णदशन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Having bad or discoloured teeth. E. कृष्ण, and दशन a tooth.

कृष्णदेह mfn. (-हः-हा-ह) Black-bodied. m. (-हः) A large black bee. E. कृष्ण black, and देह the body.

कृष्णवैपायन m. (-नः) A name of VYASA, the compiler of the Vedas, and Puranas. E. A compound of two other names of the sage: see कृष्ण, and वैपायन.

कृष्णधनूर m. (-रः) A dark species of Dhatura or thorn apple, (Dhatura fastuosa:) see धनूर.

कृष्णपक्ष m. (-पक्षः) The dark half of a month, the fifteen days during which the moon is in the wane. E. कृष्ण dark, and पक्ष fortnight or half month.

कृष्णपाक m. (-कः) A tree bearing a small fruit, which when ripe, is of a black colour, commonly Carinda or karonda, (Carissa carandas) E. कृष्ण black and पाक what is ripe, from पक् to ripen, to cook, and कृष्ण affix; also कृष्णफल, and कृष्णपाकफल.

कृष्णपाकफल m. (-फलः) The Karonda: see the preceding. E. फल fruit, added to कृष्णपाक.

कृष्णपिङ्गला f. (-ला) A name of DURGA. E. कृष्ण black, and पिङ्गल tawny; being of such a colour.

कृष्णपिण्डिक m. (-कः) A dark kind of Mayana, (Vangueria spinosa.) E. कृष्ण black, and पिण्डिक the Mayana or Mayana tree.

कृष्णपिण्डीर m. (-रः) A dark kind of Mayana: see the preceding.

कृष्णपिपीली f. (-ली) The black ant. E. कृष्ण, and पिपीली an ant.

कृष्णपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) A black kind of Dhatura. f. (-पुष्प) Another plant: see पियूष. E. कृष्ण black and पुष्प a flower.

कृष्णफल m. (-फलः) A fruit tree, the Karinda: see कृष्णपाक. (-फल) A shrub, (Serratula anthelmintica:) see सोनराजी. E. कृष्ण black, and फल fruit.

कृष्णफलपाक m. (-कः) A fruit: see the preceding; also कृष्णपाकफल.

कृष्णभूमि f. (-भिः) A country with a dark soil, one of mould, blue clay, &c. E. कृष्ण black, and भूमि earth; also with a final भ, कृष्णभूमि.

कृष्णभूमिका f. (-का) A species of grass, described as a nourishing food for cattle. E. कृष्णभूमि black earth, and कृष्ण born, produced.

कृष्णमिदी f. (-दी) A medicinal plant: see कटुकी. E. कृष्ण black, hence, dirt or excrement, and मिदी what breaks, or dissipates.

कृष्णमूत्र m. (-मूत्रः) A sort of pulse, (Phaseolus max.) E. कृष्ण black, मूत्र phaseolus.

कृष्णवर्तु f. (-वर्तु) A country with a soil of a dark colour. E. कृष्ण black, and वर्तु earth: see कृष्णभूमि.

कृष्णवर्तिका f. (-का) See the preceding.

कृष्णवर्ण mfn. (-वर्णः-वर्णा-वर्ण) Formerly KRISHNA: see कृष्णचर. E. कृष्ण, and वर्ण affix, implying past state of being.

कृष्णलवण n. (-लवणः) A factitious salt, either that prepared by evaporation from saline soil, or the medicinal kind, called Bit Laban or Bit Nabab, a murate of soda with a proportion of sulphur and iron. E. कृष्ण black, and लवण salt.

कृष्णल m. (-लः) A Retti, a weight, the berry so used; or an artificial weight derived from it, the berry averaging about 1 1/2 grain, the weight 2 3/16 grains. f. (-ल) A shrub bearing a small black and red berry, the Ratti or Gunza: see गुञ्जा. E. कृष्ण blackness, and ल what gets, from लत to obtain, affix ल and fem. affix टाप्.

कृष्णलक m. (-कः) A Ratti, the jeweller's weight, the fifth of a Masha. E. कृष्ण added to the preceding.

कृष्णलोह n. (-हः) The loadstone. E. कृष्ण what attracts, and लोह iron.

कृष्णलोहित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Of a purple colour. E. कृष्ण black, and लोहित red; of which two colours purple is supposed to consist.

कृष्णमत्त m. (-मत्तः) The black faced monkey. E. कृष्ण black, and मत्त the face.

कृष्णवर्ण mfn. (-वर्णः-वर्णा-वर्ण) 1. Black or dark blue, A SUDRA. 2. A name of RAHU n. (-वर्ण) The colour black. E. कृष्ण and वर्ण colour.

कृष्णवर्ज m. (-वर्जः) 1. Fire. 2. RAHU or the personified ascending node. 3. A low man, an outcaste, a profligate, a blackguard. 4. The marking nut plant. E. कृष्ण black, and वर्जन् a path or way; whose way is darkness.

कृष्णवल्ली f. (-वल्ली) A plant, a dark kind of Babul, (Ocymum pilosum.)

कृष्णवानर m. (-रः) A black monkey. E. कृष्ण black, and वानर an ape.

कृष्णबीज m. (-बीजः) A red variety of the Morunga: see रक्तशीप. E. कृष्ण black, बीज the seed.

कृष्णवल्गा f. (-वल्गा) 1. The trumpet flower, (Bignonia suave-olens.) 2. A leguminous plant. (Glycine dibilis.) E. कृष्ण black, and वल्गा foot-stalk.

कृष्णवल्गिका f. (-का) A tree, (Gmelina arborea:) see गन्धारी.

कृष्णसार m. (-रः) The black antelope: see कृष्णसार.

कृष्णशालि m. (-शिः) A sort of rice of a dark colour. E. कृष्ण, and शालि rice.

कृष्णशिखी f. (-शिखी) A sort of beau, (Dolichos virosus.) E. कृष्ण, and शिखी a Dolichos.

कृष्णशृङ्ग m. (-शृङ्गः) A buffalo. E. कृष्ण black, and शृङ्ग a horn, black horned.

कृष्णश्रित mfn. (-श्रितः-श्रिता-श्रित) Worshipping or devoted to KRISHNA. E. कृष्ण, and श्रित attached.

कृष्णसख m. (-सखः) A friend or follower of KRISHNA, especially ARJUNA. E. कृष्ण, and सखि a friend, टप् affix in this class of compounds.

कृष्णसखि f. (-सखी) Cummin-seed.

कृष्णसर्प m. (-सर्पः) A black snake. E. कृष्ण, and सर्प a snake.

कृष्णसर्वप m. (-पः) Black mustard. E. कृष्ण, and सर्वप mustard.

कृष्णसार mf. (-रः-रः) A timber tree, Sisu, (Dalbergia Sisu, Rox.) m. (-रः) 1. The black antelope. 2. Khayar, (Mimosa catechu.) 3. A thorny plant, (Euphorbia tirucalli, &c.) E. कृष्ण black, and सार essence.

कृष्णसारङ्ग m. (-रङ्गः) The black antelope. E. कृष्ण black, and सारङ्ग a deer.

कृष्णसारथि m. (-थिः) ARJUNA. E. कृष्ण, and सारथि charioteer, driven by KRISHNA.

कृष्णशला m. (-शलाः) A tree which bears black blossoms, the Tamala tree. E. कृष्ण black, and शला the shoulder: see शालकम्.

कृष्णगुड n. (-गुडः) Agallochum or aloes wood, the black variety. E. कृष्ण, and गुड aloes wood.

**कचाच m. (-चः)** The mountain Raivata, part of the western portion of the Vindhya chain ; it is also one of the nine principal mountains that separate the same divisions or Varshas of the known world. **z.** कच black, and चच a mountain.

**कचानदी f. (-दी)** The name of a river, possibly the Krishna in the Deccan. **z.** कच and नदी a river, river of KRISHNA ; also other analogous names, as कचसमुद्रा, कचवेष्ठा, कचमन्ना &c ; also कचा.

**कचानिष n. (-ष)** Iron. **z.** कच black, and चानिष flesh substance.

**कचायस n. (-स)** Iron, crude or black iron. **z.** कच black, and चयस iron.

**कचाचिस् m. (-चिः)** A name of fire. **z.** कच black, and चिस् flame.

**कचाचक m. (-कः)** A black species of basil : see कचवल्ली **z.** कच black, and चक basil.

**कचावास m. (-सः)** The holy fig tree, (Ficus religiosa.) **z.** कच the deity, and चावास abode.

**कचाश्रित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Devoted to or the votary of KRISHNA. **z.** कच and चश्रित attached or devoted to.

**कचिका f. (-का)** Black mustard. **z.** कच black, कच् affix, the fem. form.

**कचिमन् m. (-मः)** Blackness. **z.** कच and इमनिच् aff.

**कचोकरश्च n. (-च)** Blackening, making black. **z.** कच and करश्च making, चि augment.

**कचोक्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Blackened, made black. **z.** कच, क्त made, चि augment.

**कचोभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Being or become black, &c. **z.** कच भूत become चि augment.

**कचकु m. (-कुः)** A sort of sugar cane. **z.** कच black, and कु sugar cane.

**कचुर m. (-रः)** 1. A dish consisting of sesamum and grain. 2. A mixture of rice and peas with a few spices. **z.** कृ to scatter, चर Unadi affix ; also कचुर.

**कृ r. 6th cl. (कृरति)** To throw, to scatter. **r. 9th cl. (कृषति)** or **(गि, ज)** गिक्ञ् (कृषति-कृषीते) To hurt, to injure, **r. 10th cl. (कारयते)** To know. With चप prefixed, To draw furrows, to make lines. 1. To disperse. 2. With चव, To throw, to cast. 3. With चाङ्, To fill up, to cover over. 4. With प्रति, To hurt, to injure. 5. With वि, To throw, to cast, to send, to scatter widely. 6. With सम, To gather, to collect. 7. With चमि in the passive voice, to be upset, overcome, or overwhelmed.

**कृत r. 10th cl. (क्रीरयति)** To celebrate, to glorify, to render renowned or notorious.

**कृत ताम्. (-तः-ता-तं)** 1. Made, formed. 2. Fixed, appointed. 3. Ascertained, determined. 4. Cut, pared, shorn. **z.** कृप् to be able, &c. affix क, and the augment इट् omitted.

**कृतलीला f. (-ला)** A Tittle-deed, a lease of a house, a document &c. **z.** कृत fixed, लीला a bolt or pin.

**कृतधूप m. (-धुः)** Frankincense, olibanum **z.** कृत made, धूप incense.

**कृतिक mfn. (-कः-का-कं)** Bought, purchased.

**कैकय m. (-यः)** A prince of the lunar race. **f. (-यी)** daughter of the preceding and one of the wives of DASARAT'HA : the mother of BHARATA : see कैकेयी.

**कैकर mfn. (-रः-री-रं)** Squint-eyed. **z.** कै in the head. कृ to make, टच् affix ; also compounded with चच an eye, as कैकराच.

**कैकच m. (-चः)** A dancer.

**कैका f. (-का)** The cry of a peacock. **z.** कै an imitative sound and क what sounds, from कै to sound, affixes च and टाप्.

**कैकाच m. (-चः)** A peacock. **z.** कैका his cry, and चच् aff.

**कैकिन् m. (-की)** A peacock. **z.** कैका the cry of the bird, and इनि aff.

**कैकेयी f. (-यी)** One of DASARAT'HA's three wives, the mother of BHARATA.

**केच ind.** Some, some or certain persons. **z.** कै plural of किन्, and चच् aff.

**केचित् ind.** Some, some persons. **z.** See the last ; चिति aff.

**केचुक m. (-कः)** An esculent root, (Arum colocasia :) see कच्.

**केचिका f. (-का)** A tent. **z.** कच् to cover (a Sautra root), कच्च् aff.

**केत r. 10th cl. (केतयति)** 1. To call or invite. 2. To counsel or advise ; some authorities substitute कृतेत for this root.

**केत m. (-तः)** A house, an abode. **z.** कित् to abide, affix चच्.

**केतक mf. (-कः-की)** A fragrant plant, (Pandanus odoratissimus.) **z.** किति to abide, कच्च् aff.

**केतन n. (-नं)** 1. A flag, a banner. 2. Business, indispensable act. 3. Invitation. 4. A spot or mark, a sign, a symbol. 5. A house, an abode. 6. Place, site, situation. &c. **z.** कित् to abide, affix कृच्.

**केतित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** 1. Called, summoned. 2. Dwelt, inhabited. **z.** कैत् to call, or कित् to dwell, कच्च् aff.

**केतु m. (-तुः)** KETU the dragon's tail or descending node ; in astronomy, the ninth of the planets ; in mythology, a demon : the body of SAINHIKEYA severed from the head (RANU), by VISHNU, at the churning of the ocean, but immortal, by having tasted the Amrita. 2. A banner, a flag. 3. A mark, a sign, a symbol, &c. 4. Light. 5. A comet, falling star, &c. 6. Disease. 7. A pigmy race inhabiting Kusa Dwipa, the progeny of JAIMINI. **z.** काच् to worship, तु Unadi affix, कि substituted for the root.

**केतुतारा f. (-रा)** A comet, **z.** केतु, and तारा a star.

**केतुभ m. (-भः)** A cloud. **z.** केतु the plant, and भ what resembles it in darkness.

**केतुनाल n. (-नः)** One of nine great divisions of the known world, the western portion or Varsha of Jambu Dwipa.

**केतुयष्टि f. (-ष्टिः)** A flag-staff. **z.** केतु, and यष्टि a stick.

**केतुरज n. (-जं)** Lapis lazuli. **z.** केतु, and रज a gem.

**केतुवसन m. (-नः)** A flag. **z.** केतु a standard, and वसन cloth.

**केदर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं)** Squint-eyed. **m. (-रः)** The name of a plant. **z.** क the earth or the head, इ to divide, affix चच्.

**केदार m. (-रः)** 1. A field, a meadow, a plain. 2. A mountain. 3. A name of Siva. 4. A particular place, the modern Kedar, part of the Himalaya mountains. 5. A basin for water round the root of a tree. 6. A bed in a garden or field. **z.** क water, earth, &c. इ to tear or rend, चच् aff.

**केदारचण्ड n. (-ण्डः)** A small dyke or mound, earth raised to keep out water. **z.** केदार, and चण्ड a portion.

**केदार m. (-रः)** 1. The head. 2. The temples, the upper part of the cheek. 3. A joint. 4. A division of hell, a hell like a potter's kiln. **z.** क the head, &c. इ to guide, चच् aff.

**केनिपात m. (-तः)** The helm, a rudder, a large oar used as one. **z.** क water, निपात who goes or falls ; also केनिपातक **m. (-कः)**.

**केन्दु m. (-दुः)** A sort of ebony, (Diospyros tomentosa, Rox.) **z.** क the earth, इन् to moisten, चच् aff.

**केन्दुक m. (-कः)** A sort of ebony, that yields a species of tar, (Diospyros glutinosa.) **z.** कच् implying resemblance, affixed to the preceding.

**केन्द्र n. (-न्द्रः)** 1. The centre of a circle. 2. The argument of an equation. 3. The distance of a planet from the first point of its orbit in the fourth, seventh, or tenth degree. (In astronomy.) It is variously applied in combination, as पतनकेन्द्र argument of the latitude ; द्वितीयकेन्द्र the distance of the higher apsis from a planet in any point of its orbit ; त्रितीयकेन्द्र commutation, the distance of the sun from a superior planet or of an inferior planet from the sun ; चतुर्थकेन्द्र argument of anomaly.

**केप r. 1st cl. (कच्) केप (केपते)** 1. To shake or tremble. 2. To go, to move or approach.

**केयूर n. (-रः)** A bracelet worn on the upper arm. **z.** क the head, here implying the head of the arm, यु to join, चर aff.

**केरल m. (-लः)** The appellation of a country, Keraladesha or the modern Malabar. **f. (-ली)** 1. Astronomical science. 2. Astronomical Sas-

tra or treatise. 3. A Hora or period of time equal to about one hour.

किल r. 1st cl. (क) किल (किलति) 1. To shake. 2. To go or move.

किलक m. (-कः) A dancer, a tumbler, one who walks or dances on the edge of a sword. E. किल् to sport, कल् aff.

किलास m. (-सः) Crystal. E. क्ते in water, कल् to shine, कल् aff.

किलि mf. (-लिः-लिः or -ली) Play, sport, pastime, amusement. f. (-लिः) The earth. E. किल् to sport, Unadi affix इ.

कलिक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Sportive, sporting. m. (-कः) The Asoka tree. E. कलि and कल् added.

कलिकला f. (का) 1. The Vina or lute of SARASWATI. 2. Amorous or sportive accent or address. 3. Sportive skill, wantonness. E. कलि sport, कल् to sound, affix कल् and टाप्.

कलिकल m. (-कः) One of SIVA's attendant demigods. 2. The confidential companion of the hero of a drama, in general a sort of buffoon. f. (-ला) A name of RATI the wife of KAMADEVA. E. कलि sport, किल who plays, from किल् to sport, affix क.

कलिकौष m. (-कः) A camel.

कलिकुचिका f. (-का) A wife's younger sister. E. कलि play, कुचि to be crooked, कल् aff.

कलिकोष m. (-षः) An actor, a dancer or tumbler : see केलक.

कलिरुद्र n. (-रुद्र) A pleasure house, a private apartment. E. कलि sport, and रुद्र a house ; also केलिनिर्गतम् &c.

कलिनागर m. (-रः) A sensualist, an enjoyer of worldly pleasures. E. कलि sport, and नागर a libertine, &c.

कलिपर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Wanton, sportive. E. कलि, and पर intent on.

कलिमुख m. (-खः) Pastime, sport. E. कलि play, and मुख chief.

कलिपत्र m. (-पत्रः) A species of the Kadamba, commonly Keli Kadamba, (Nauclea cordifolia.) E. कलि sport, and पत्र a tree ; being abundant in the scene of KRISHNA's sports with the Gopis.

कलिशयन n. (-न) A couch, a sofa. E. कलि, and शयन a bed.

कलियुधि f. (-धिः) The earth.

कलिसचिव m. (-चः) Minister of the sports, master of revels. E. कलि play सचिव a councillor, a minister.

कोष r. 1st cl. (क) कोष (कोषते) To serve.

कोषक m. (-कः) A fisherman : see कौषक.

कोवल mfn. (-लः-ला or -ली-ल) 1. One, alone, only. 2. All, entire, whole. m. (-लः) An envious or selfish man. n. adv. (-ल) 1. Absolutely, certainly. 2. Only, alone. Subst. 3. A species of knowledge, that of the unity of spirit. E. कोव् to sprinkle, कल् aff.

कोवलप्रानिन् m. (-नी) One of the Jaina saints of the last age. E. कोवल unity, and प्रानिन् who knows.

कोवलद्रव्य n. (-द्रव्य) Black pepper. E. कोवल one, only, द्रव्य thing.

कोवलवेद्याकरण m. (-रः) A grammarian, a mere grammarian, one not versed in any other science. E. कोवल only, and वेद्याकरण a grammarian ; also similar compounds, as कोवलनैयायिक a mere logician, &c.

कोवलिन mfn. (-ली-लिनी-लि) One, only, alone. m. (-ली) A Jaina who has acquired holy knowledge. E. कोवल one, इति affix ; a unitarian.

कोविका f. (-का) The name of a flower, commonly Keber.

कोश m. (-शः) 1. Hair. 2. A name of VARUNA. 3. A kind of perfume : see वासा. 4. The name of a demon. 5. A name of VISHNU. f. (-शी) 1. A lock of hair on the crown of the head. 2. The indigo plant. 3. Indian spikenard. E. किल् to bind, कल् affix, and क rejected ; or क the head, and ईव् to rule, affix कल् ; again, क water or happiness, and ईव् the lord or master.

कोशक mfn. (-कः का क) Skilful in dressing hair, taking pains with it, &c. E. कोश and कल् aff.

कोशकलाप m. (-पः) A quantity of hair. E. कोश hair, and कलाप in this compound implying quantity.

कोशकार m. (-रः) A sort of sugar cane. E. कोश, and कार what makes.

कोशकीट m. (-टः) A louse. E. कोश, and कीट an insect.

कोशकर्म m. (-र्मः) 1. A braid of hair. 2. Varuna. E. कोश, and कर्म origin.

कोशकर्मक m. (-कः) A braid or tress of hair. E. कोश hair, and कर्मक a chaplet.

कोशकृहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Pulled or seized by the hair. E. कोश, and कृहीत seized.

कोशकृच्छ्र m. (-च्छ्रः) Pulling the hair. E. कोश, and कृच्छ्र seizing ; also कोशकृच्छ्र.

कोशकृच्छ्र n. (-च्छ्रः) Morbid baldness, falling of the hair. E. कोश the hair, and कृच्छ्र what destroys, from कृच् to injure, affix टच्.

कोशकृच्छ्र m. (-च्छ्रः or -च्छ्रित्) A barber, a hair-dresser. E. कोश the hair कृच्छ्र to cut, affix कृच्छ्रिप्.

कोशट m. (-टः) 1. A name of VISHNU. 2. A goat. 3. A louse. 4. A brother. 5. One of KAMA's arrows. 6. A tree, commonly Sonapat, (श्रीपत्रक.) E. कोश hair, कट् to go, affix कच्, deriv. irr.

कोशधृत् m. (-धृत्) The root of sweet flag. E. कोश hair, and धृ to hold, affix कृच्छ्रिप् ; resembling hair.

कोशपच m. (-चः) Much or ornamented hair. E. कोश hair, पच quantity, in this compound.

कोशपङ्क्ति f. (-क्तिः) 1. A row or line of hair. 2. A quantity of hair. E. कोश, and पङ्क्ति a line.

कोशपर्ण f. (-र्णः) A plant, (Achyranthes aspera ; ) also चपामार्ग. E. कोश hair, पर्ण a leaf.

कोशपात्र m. (-त्रः) Much or ornamented hair. f. (-त्री) A lock of hair on the top of the head. E. कोश hair, पात्र quantity, in this compound.

कोशप्र m. (-प्रः) The head. E. कोश, and प्र place.

कोशपार्जक m. (-कः) A comb. E. कोश hair, कृच् to clean, कल् affix ; also कोशपार्जन.

कोशपार्जन n. (-न) 1. A comb. 2. Cleaning the hair. E. See the preceding, ल्युट् aff.

कोशमुष्टि m. (-ष्टिः) 1. A large species of Nimb tree. 2. A handful of hair. E. कोश, and मुष्टि the fist.

कोशर mn. (-रः) The filament of a lotus or of any vegetable. m. (-रः) 1. A plant, commonly Nageswar, (Mesua ferrea.) 2. A tree bearing a white strong smelling flower, (Mimusops elengi ; ) see वकुल. 3. A shrub used in dying, (Rottleria tinctoria ; ) also पुद्गा. 4. A lion's mane. n. (-रः) Asafoetida. E. क water, &c. in the seventh case के, कृ to go, कल् affix ; also with कृ to go कोसर.

कोशरुद्र m. (-रुद्रः) A plant : see भृङ्गराज (Verbesina prostrata.) E. कोश the hair, and रुद्र what colours.

कोशराज m. (-जः) A species of Bhriugaraja : see the preceding. E. कृञ् hair, राज् to shine, टच् aff.

कोशराज m. (-राजः) A citron tree.

कोशरिन् m. (-री) 1. A lion. 2. A horse. 3. A plant used in dying : see पुद्गा. 4. Nageswar, (Mesua ferrea.) 5. The citron tree. E. कोशर a name, a filament, &c. इति aff.

कोशव mfn. (-वः-वा व) Having much or handsome hair. m. (-वः) 1. A name of KRISHNA or VISHNU. 2. A plant, commonly Punnaga : see पुद्गा. E. क BRAHMA, and ईव् SIVA, व who goes, &c. from वा with व affix ; again कोश hair, व who possesses : fine-haired.

कोशवन् mfn. (-वन्-वती-वत्) Having a fine head of hair. E. कोश and वन् aff.

कोशवभक्ति f. (-क्तिः) Devotion to KRISHNA. E. कोशव and भक्ति faith.

कोशवायुध m. (-धः) 1. The mango tree. 2. Any weapon of KRISHNA. E.

कोशव KRISHNA, and वायुध a weapon.

कोशवासय m. (-यः) The holy fig tree, (Ficus religiosa.) E. कोशव KRISHNA, and वासय abode.

कोशवाच m. (-वः) See the preceding.

कोशवाच m. (-वः) See the preceding.

कोशवेष्ट m. (-ष्टः) A tress or fillet of hair. E. कोश hair, and ईव् ornament.

कोशवच m. (-वः) Much ornamented hair. E. कोश hair, and वच here implying much.

**केदादीदि** n. (-दि) Pulling the hair mutually, hair to hair. n. **केदा** hair, repeated, affix **द्व**.  
**केदात** m. (-तः) 1. Cutting off the hair finally as a religious ceremony, performed upon Brahmins at sixteen years of age; Kshatriyas at twenty-two; and Vaisyas at twenty-four. 2. The tip or end of hair. n. **केदा** and **त** end.  
**केदाति** mfn. (-तः-की-तः) 1. Extending to the hair. 2. Relating to the ceremony of final tonsure. n. **केदात**, and **त** aff.  
**केदारि** m. (-रिः) A tree, (*Mesua ferrea*.)  
**केदावर्ष** n. (-वर्ष) Pulling the hair, especially amorously, playing with it, rubbing it, &c. n. **केदा** the hair, **वर्ष** implying improperly, and **वर्ष** rubbing.  
**केदिक** mfn. (-तः-की-तः) 1. Having fine or luxuriant hair. 2. Relating to the hair. n. **केदा** hair, **त** aff.  
**केदिन्** mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Having fine hair. m. (-दी) 1. A name of VISHNU or KRISHNA. 2. The name of a Daitya or demon killed by KRISHNA. 3. A lion. f. (-दिनी) 1. A kind of grass, (*Andropogon aculeatum*.) 2. Spikenard, (*Valeriana jatamansi*.) n. **केदा** hair, **दि** aff.  
**केदिन्दन** m. (-नः) A name of KRISHNA. n. **केदि** a demon, **न्दन** destroyer also similar compounds, as **केदिन्दन**, **केदिनिन्दन**, &c.  
**केदिन्** m. (-न्) See the preceding. [abundance].  
**केदीचय** m. (-यः) Much or handsome hair. n. **केदा** hair, **चय** heap, **केदा** m. (-रः-रः) A filament. m. (-रः) 1. A lion. 2. A horse. 3. The name of a horse or lion, &c., see **केदा**. 4. A plant, (*Mimusops elengi*.) 5. A tree used in dying, (*Rottleria tinctoria*.) nf. (-र-री) **Asafetida**. n. (-र) 1. Gold. 2. Sulphate of iron. 3. The flower of the Nageswar. n. **के** on the head, **र** to go, **ट** aff.  
**केसरवर** n. (-रः) Saffron. n. **केसर** and **वर** best.  
**केसरा** m. (-रः) A citron. n. **केसर**, and **वर** sour.  
**केसरिन्** m. (-रिः) 1. A lion. 2. A horse. 3. A plant used in dying; see **पुत्राग**. 4. Nageswar, (*Mesua ferrea*.) 5. A monkey the father of HANUMAN. n. **केसर** a filament, a mane, **दि** aff.  
**केसरिसुत** m. (-तः) The monkey HANUMAN. n. **केसरि**, and **सुत** son. **के** r. 1st cl. (**कायति**) To sound.  
**केकेयी** f. (-यी) One of the wives of DASHARATHA, and the mother of BHARATA. n. **केकाय** a king, father of this lady, and **त** aff.  
**केकय्य** n. (-य्य) Service, servitude. n. **केका** a servant, and **य्य** aff.  
**केटम** m. (-मः) A demon slain by VISHNU. f. (-मा) A name of DURGA. n. **केटम** a demon in whose death the goddess was instrumental, by having at the prayers of BRAHMA roused VISHNU from his slumbers, during which two demons, Kaitabha and Madhu, were about to demolish BRAHMA; also **केटनी**.  
**केटमजित्** m. (-जित्) A name of VISHNU. n. **केटम** the name of an Asur killed by the deity, and **जित्** who conquers; also similar compounds, as **केटमजित्**, &c.  
**केटमारि** m. (-रिः) A name of VISHNU : see **केटमजित्**.  
**केटय** m. (-यः) A plant used in medicine, commonly Kayap'hal. 2. The Nimb tree. 3. Mayana, (*Vangueria spinosa*.) n. **केट** from **जिट्** to fear, and **र** to cause, alarming by its pungency; **प्लेनास्तो** affix **य्य**; also **केटय**.  
**केतव** n. (-वः) 1. Deceit, fraud, cheating, roguery. 2. Gambling 3. The lapis lazuli. n. **केतव** a cheat, &c. **व** aff.  
**केतवप्रयोग** m. (-यः) A trick, a device. n. **केतव** and **प्रयोग** application.  
**केतववाद** m. (-वः) Evasion, falsehood. n. **केतव** and **वाद** speech.  
**केदार** mfn. (-रः-दी-रः) Belonging to a field, a meadow, &c. m. (-रः) Rice, corn, n. (-रः) A multitude of fields. n. **केदार** a field, and **व** affix; also **केदारव**, and **केदारिक**.  
**केदारव** n. (-वः) A multitude of fields. n. **केदार**, and **व** affix; also with **त** affix **केदारिक**.

**केदावे** mfn. (-वः-की-वः) Belonging to a field, &c. n. (-वः) A number of fields. n. **केदार** and **व** aff.  
**केरव** m. (-वः) 1. A rogue, a cheat. 2. An enemy. f. (-वी) Moonlight. n. (वः) 1. The white esculent water lily. 2. Fraud, trick. n. **केरव** here said to mean, a goose, from **के** in water, and **र** to sound, with **व** affix; again, **व** affix, liked by the geese; or **केरव** a cheat, &c. or **केरव** a lotus, and **व** affix, implying identity or resemblance.  
**केरिणी** f. (-नी) A place abounding in lotus flowers, or an assemblage of lotuses. n. **केरव** a white lotus, **दि** and **नी** aff.  
**केरिन्** m. (-रिः) The moon. n. **केरि** moonlight, **दि** aff.  
**केराटक** m. (-तः) A species of poison, one of the fixed kinds.  
**केरात** n. (-तः) 1. A sort of gentian, commonly Cherayta, (*Gentiana cherayta*, Rox.) 2. A kind of Sandal. m. (-तः) A strong man. n. **केरात** gentian, &c. **व** aff.  
**केस** n. (-सः) Sport, pleasure. n. **केसि**, and **व** pleonasm.  
**केसास** m. (-सः) The mountain Kailasa, the fabulous residence of KUBERA, and favourite haunt of SIVA; it is placed by the Hindus amongst the Himalaya mountains, and the name is given to one of the loftiest peaks lying on the north of the Manasa lake. n. **केसास** crystal, and the affix **व** implying nature or consistence; or **केस** pleasure, **वा** to abide, affix **व**; the place where beings reside in bliss.  
**केसासमिसेतन** m. (-नः) 1. SIVA. 2. KUBERA. n. **केसास**, and **मिसेतन** dwelling.  
**केसासीक** m. (-काः) A name of KUBERA. n. **केसास** the mountain, **कीक** abode; whose abode is mount Kailasa.  
**केवर्त** m. (-तः) A fisherman born of a prostitute by a Kshatriya, or of an Ayogava female by a Nisada father. f. (-ती) The wife of a fisherman. n. **क** water, the seventh case, **के** and **वर्त** who abides, **केवर्त** a fish, **व** affix, implying enmity.  
**केवर्तक** m. (-कः) See the preceding.  
**केवर्तसुख** n. (-खः) See the next.  
**केवर्तसुखक** n. (-कः) A fragrant grass : see the next.  
**केवर्तिसुखक** n. (-कः) A fragrant kind of grass, (*Cyperus rotundus*.) n. **केवर्त** as above, water-abiding, and **सुखक** cyperus; also **केवर्तिसुखक**, **केवर्तसुख**, &c.  
**केवक** mfn. (-वः-की-वः) Sole, only. n. (-वः) 1. Eternal emancipation, future happiness. 2. Exclusiveness, individuality. n. **केवक** alone, free from all fetters, **व** affix of the abstract.  
**केविक** m. (-वः) Love, passion, lust. f. (-वी) One of the four varieties of dramatic style, the graceful style, suited especially to the passion of love. n. (-वः) A quantity of hair, the head of hair. n. **केविक** having much hair, &c. affix **व** fem. affix **वी**.  
**केवीर** n. (-रः) Youth, boyhood, from the age of ten to that of fifteen. n. **केवीर** a child, and **व** aff.  
**केव** n. (-वः) A head of hair, much or ornamented hair. n. **केदा** hair, **व** aff.  
**कीक** m. (-कः) 1. A wolf. 2. The ruddy goose. 3. A frog. 4. A lizard, a chameleon. 5. The wild date tree. 6. A name of VISHNU. n. **कुक्** to seize or take, or **क** water, **कुक्** to go, affix **व**.  
**कीकव** m. (-वः) An animal said to be a kind of deer, of a brown colour, with a bushy tail, and lurking in holes, perhaps a hare.  
**कीकदीव** m. (-वः) A pigeon.  
**कीकनद** n. (-दः) 1. The red lotus. 2. The red water-lily. n. **कीक** a goose, and **नद** to sound, affix **व**.  
**कीकनदवर्ण** mfn. (-वः-दि-वः) Red, the colour, or of that colour. n. **कीकनद** the red lotus, and **वर्ण** light, splendor.  
**कीकवन्** m. (-वः) The sun. n. **कीक** the ruddy goose, and **वन्** a friend : see **वन्नाव**.  
**कीकाव** m. (-वः) A white horse.



**कोकिल** *m.* (-कः) 1. The Kokila or Koil, the black or Indian cuckoo, (*Cuculus Indicus*). 2. A firebrand, a lighted coal. *z.* कुक् to seize, (the heart,) and क् affix : the Kokila makes a prominent figure in Hindu poetry, and is supposed, by his musical cry, to inspire pleasing and tender emotions.

**कोकिलनयन** *m.* (-नः) A plant bearing a dark black flower, (*Capparis spinosa*); it is also applied to *Barleria longifolia*. *z.* कोकिल the Koil, and नयन an eye, to which the flower is compared; also other similar compounds, as कोकिलाक्षक.

**कोकिलाक्ष** *m.* (-क्षः) A shrub; see the preceding. *z.* कोकिल, and क्ष the eye, or with क् added, कोकिलाक्षक.

**कोकिलावास** *m.* (-सः) The mango tree. *z.* कोकिल, and वास abode.

**कोकिलेषु** *m.* (-सुः) The black variety of sugar cane. कोकिल and रसु sugar cane.

**कोकिलीक्ष** *m.* (-क्षः) The mango tree. *z.* कोकिल and लक्ष festival.

**कोच** *m.* (-चः) A man of degraded caste, the offspring of a fisherman by a female of the butcher tribe.

**कोङ्कण** *m.* (-णः) The name of a country, Konkan in the peninsula. The hilly strip of land between the Sahyadri and the ocean. *n.* (-च) A kind of weapon.

**कोङ्कणामृत** *m.* (-तः) A name of PARASURAMA. *z.* कोङ्कण the mother of the hero, or the woman of Konkan, and मृत a son.

**कोजगर** *m.* (-रः) The day of full-moon in the month of Ashwin, (September-October.) *z.* कः who जागर wakeful; who is awake the call of LAKSHMI, who descending on this night, promised wealth to all that were awake: hence the night is spent in festivity, and games of chance in honour of the goddess.

**कोट** *m.* (-टः) 1. A fort, a strong hold. 2. A shed, a hut. 3. Crookedness, (Physical and moral) curvature.

**कोटक** *mfn.* (-कः-को-कः) Who or what curves or bends. *m.* (-कः) A thatcher, a builder of huts, &c. *z.* कुट् to be crooked, खुल् aff.

**कोटर** *mn.* (-रः-रः) The hollow of a tree. *f.* (-री) 1. A name of the goddess DURGA. 2. A naked woman; see कोटरी. *z.* कोट and र, from रा to get, to possess, with the affix ड.

**कोटरावध** *n.* (-धः) A wood in which there are hollow trees. *z.* कोटर the hollow of a tree, and वध a wood; by special rules, the final vowel of the first word is made long, and न in the second is changed to ध.

**कोटरी** *f.* (-री) 1. A naked woman. 2. A name of DURGA. *z.* कोट crookedness, and रा to get or receive, क and लीप् affixes; also कोटरी, and कोटरी.

**कोटि** *f.* (-टिः) 1. The edge or point of a sword. 2. The curved end of a bow. 3. A number, a Króre or ten millions. 4. Eminence, excellence. 5. The upright side of a triangle. 6. The complement of an arc to 90°. 7. A plant, Piring or Asparag, (*Medicago esculenta*.) 8. A department. 9. The horn of the moon 10. one side of a debatable question. *z.* कुट् to be crooked, and रक् Unadi affix; also कोटी.

**कोटिक** *m.* (-कः) An insect, coccinella of various kinds; this is most usually read कोटिर.

**कोटिजित्** *m.* (-जित्) A name of the poet KALIDASA. *z.* कोटि a Króre, (of competitors,) and जित् conqueror.

**कोटिज्या** *f.* (-ज्या) The cosine of an angle in a right-angled triangle. *z.* कोटि and ज्या a sine.

**कोटिपात्र** *m.* (-त्रः) A rudder or large oar used as one. *z.* कोटि an edge, and पात्र a plank.

**कोटिर** *m.* (-रः) 1. An ichneumon, (*Viverra ichneumon*.) 2. An insect, coccinella of various kinds; see इन्द्रनीप. 3. A name of INDRA. *z.* कोटि excellence, and र what possesses.

**कोटिपुत्र** *n.* (-पुत्रः) The name of a city, Vanapuri or Devikote, on the

Koromandel coast. *f.* (-पुत्रः) A plant used as a medicinal vegetable. (*Medicago esculenta*;) see पिचिङ्ग, *z.* कोटि excellence, रक् what diffuses.

**कोटिज** *m.* (-जः) A harrow. *z.* कोटि an edge, जी to cut or pare, क् aff.

**कोटिजसु** *ind.* In multitudes, by millions. *z.* कोटि, and सु aff.

**कोटी** *f.* (-टी) 1. The edge or point of a sword. 2. A medicinal plant, (*Medicago esculenta*.) 3. A Króre, &c.: see कोटि.

**कोटीर** *m.* (-रः) 1. Long entangled hair. 2. A crest, a diadem. *z.* कुट् to be crooked, इरक् affix and the radical vowel converted.

**कोटीरुप** *n.* (-रुपः) A name of Vanapura. *f.* (-पुत्रः) Piring, a plant: see कोटिपुत्र.

**कोटीरु** *m.* (-रुः) A harrow; see कोटिज.

**कोट** *m.* (-टः) A fort, a castle, a stronghold. *z.* कुट् to cut or divide, affix चञ्.

**कोटरी** *f.* (-री) 1. A naked woman with dishevelled hair. 2. A name of DURGA. 3. The mother of Vana, an Asura; see कोटरी.

**कोटरीपुर** *n.* (-पुरः) Vanapur or Devicotta. *z.* कोटरी the mother of Vana, and पुर a city.

**कोटार** *m.* (-रः) 1. A well a pond. 2. The stairs of a pond. 3. A fortified town, a strong hold. 4. A libertine. *z.* कोट a fort, &c. क् to go, affix चञ्.

**कोट** *m.* (-टः) 1. A species of leprosy with large round spots. 2. Ring-worm, impetigo. *z.* कुट् to surround, affix चञ्.

**कोष** *m.* (-षः) 1. A corner, an angle. 2. The quill or bow of a lute, a fiddle-stick, &c. 3. A drum stick. 4. A sort of stringed musical instrument. 5. The sharp edge of a sword. 6. A stick, a staff, a club. 7. A name of Mangala, the planet Mars. 8. A name of the planet SATURN. 9. An intermediate point of the compass. *z.* कृष् to sound, &c. चञ् aff.

**कोषकुक्ष** *m.* (-क्षः) A bug. *z.* कुक्ष् to cut, affix क्, added to कोष the edge of a sword.

**कोषाघात** *m.* (-तः) A mixed sound of several musical instruments "उदा-ग्रतस्रचापि मेरीग्रतानि च । एकदा यत्र इत्यन्ते कोषाघातः स उच्यते"

**कोषि** *mfn.* (-षिः-षिः-षिः) Having a crooked arm; see कुषि.

**कोष** *mfn.* (-षः-षा-षः) 1. Afflicted with pain. 2. Churned. *m.* (-षः) 1. Inflammation, and ulceration of the angles of the eyelids. 2. Gangrene. 3. Churning. *z.* कुष् to afflict or be afflicted, affix चञ्.

**कोदण्ड** *mn.* (-ण्डः-ण्डः) A bow. *m.* (-ण्डः) 1. An eyebrow. 2. The name of a country. *z.* कुण् to sound, चण्ड Unadi affix, &c. दन् inserted; the final radical consonant is rejected; otherwise, कुट् to speak false, चण्ड aff.

**कोदण्ड** *n.* (-ण्डः) A species of grain eaten by the poorer people. (*Paspalum kora*.) *z.* क wind, उदण्ड to go, affix चञ्; sown by the wind, or growing wild in many places.

**कोप** *m.* (-पः) 1. Wrath, rage. 2. Morbid irritation or disorder of the humours of the body. *z.* कुप् to be angry, affix चञ्.

**कोपकन** *m.* (-नः) An angry or passionate man. *z.* कोप rage, and कन who goes or has. *n.* (-नः) The creation by BRAHMA. *z.* क BRAHMA, and उपकन order, method; also similar compounds, as कोपक, &c.

**कोपकित** *mfn.* (-तः-ता-तः) Enraged, inflamed with wrath. *z.* कोप, and कित inflamed.

**कोपदीप्त** *mfn.* (-प्तः-ता-प्तः) Incensed, inflamed with anger. *z.* कोप, and दीप्त shining.

**कोपन** *mfn.* (-नः-ता-नः) Passionate, wrathful. *f.* (-या) A passionate woman. *z.* कुप् to be angry, युप् affix, fem. affix टाप्.

**कोपपद** *n.* (-पदः) Appearance of anger, pretended wrath. *z.* कोप, and पद place.

**कोपवत्** *mfn.* (-वत्-वती-वत्) Passionate, angry. *z.* कोप, and वत् aff.

**कोपवेग** *m.* (-वः) Violence, impetuosity of passion. *z.* कोप, and वेग speed.

**कोपाकुक्ष** *mfn.* (-क्षः-क्षा-क्षः) Furious, enraged. *z.* कोप, and कुक्ष bewildered.

कोपित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Angry, enraged. ३. कोप, and एतच् aff.  
 कोपिन् mfn. (-पी-विपी-पि) Angry, passionate, wrathful. m. (-पी) A bird called the water-pigeon. ३. कुप्, to be angry, चिपि aff.  
 कोमल mfn. (-मः-मा-लं) 1. Soft, bland. 2. Soft, low, sweet. 3. Beautiful, pleasing, agreeable. f. (-मा) A plant : see कोरिका. n. (-लं) Water. ३. कुट्, to be curved, कल् Unadi affix ; and झट् inserted, formative irregular ; or कन् to desire, कल्च् affix, and इ inserted with con-version.  
 कोमलक n. (-कं) The fibres of the stalk of a lotus. ३. कोमल soft, कन् added.  
 कोमलगीत n. (-तं) A pleasing song. ३. कोमल, and गीत a song ; also with कन् added, कोमलगीतकः. [कोमलक]  
 कोमलता f. (-ता) Softness, tenderness, agreeableness ; also with ल्,  
 कोमलिका f. (-का) A budding fruit.  
 कोयटि m. (-टिः) The lapwing : see the next.  
 कोयटिक m. (-कः) The lapwing. ३. क water, यटि a line or row, कन् added, deriv. irr. ; also कोयटि. These birds are found in the vicinity of marshes, &c.  
 कोर m. (-रः) 1. Union with little or no motion, as that of the fingers with another, amphiarthrosis. 2. A bud. ३. कुर sound, कल् aff.  
 कोरक mn. (-कः-कं) 1. A bud, unblown flower ; any thing partially developed but not full grown. 2. A species of perfume commonly Chor. 3. Another perfume, a berry containing a resinous and fragrant substance ; see कञ्जोलक 4. The fibres of the stalk of the lotus. ३. कुर to sound, affix वुन्.  
 कोरकौ f. (-कौ) Small cardamoms : see एका. ३. कुर to sound, कल्च् and ऊीच् affs.  
 कोरद्व m. (-वः) A kind of grain, (*Paspalum frumentaceum*). ३. कोर a bud, द्वच् to change, कल्च् affix ; also कन् being added कोरद्वक m. (-कः).  
 कोरित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Pounded, ground, comminuted. 2. Budded, sprouted. ३. कोर and एतच् aff.  
 कोल m. (-लः) 1. A hog. 2. A raft, a float. 3. The haunch, the hip or flank. 4. Embracing, an embrace. 5. The planet Sani or SATURN. 6. Plumbago, (*Zenlanica* &c.) 7. A country, Kalinga, the modern sea-coast from Cuttack to Madras. 8. A kind of weapon. 9. An outcast, one of a tribe degraded by SAGABA from the military order. 10. A man of a mixed caste. 11. A barbarian, a Kol, people inhabiting the hills and forests in Central India. n. (-लं) 1. The fruit of the jujube. 2. The weight of one Tola. 3. Black pepper. f. (-ला or -ली) 1. The jujube tree. 2. Long pepper. 3. A kind of pepper, (*Piper chavva*, Rox.) ३. कुल् to accumulate, affix कल्च्.  
 कोलक n. (-कं) 1. A kind of perfume : see कञ्जोलक 2. Long pepper. m. (-कः) A plant, (*Cordia myxa*). ३. कुल् to accumulate, वुन् aff.  
 कोलदल n. (-लं) A kind of perfume : see गखी ३. कोल the jujube, दल a leaf ; having a similar leaf.  
 कोलनासिका f. (-का) A plant ; also बहिनी.  
 कोलपुच्छ m. (-च्छः) A heron. ३. कोल a hog, पुच्छ a tail ; hogtailed.  
 कोलमूल n. (-मूलं) The root of long pepper. ३. कोल and मूल root.  
 कोलमूत्र m. (-मूत्रः) The body of a lute, the whole of it except the strings. ३. कुल् to accumulate, कल्च् and कन् affs.  
 कोलपत्री f. (-त्री) A plant, with a pungent fruit resembling pepper : see मज्जिपल्ली (*Pothos officinalis*). ३. कोल a hog, बत्री a creeper ; resembling a hog's bristle.  
 कोलाहल m. (-हलः) A name of Kalinga the Coromandel coast, from Cuttack to Madras ; according to some, it is in Gangetic Hindustan, with Konouj for the capital.  
 कोलाहल m. (-हलः) A loud and confused sound, an uproar, a great and indistinct noise. ३. कोल accumulation, from कुल् with कल् ; again, कल्च् to make or plough, कल्च् prefixed, and कल्च् aff.

कोलि f. (-लिः or -ली) The jujube tree, (*Zizyphus jujuba*). ३. See कोल.  
 कोविद् mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Wise, learned. ३. को who sounds or teaches (the Shastras), विद् divine knowledge from विद् to know, affix क.  
 कोविकार m. (-रः) A species of ebony, (*Bauhinia variegata*). ३. कु the earth, व् to tear or divide, with वि prefixed deriv. irr.  
 कोव m. (-वः) 1. An egg. 2. Wrought or unwrought gold or silver plate, jewellery. 3. An ordeal, &c. f. (-वो) 1. shoe, a sandal. 2. The bread of corn. ३. कुव् or कुव् to issue, कल्च् affix, fem. affix ऊीच् ; see कोव.  
 कोवकार m. (-रः) The sugar cane ; also कोवकार.  
 कोवफल n. (-लं) A berry containing a waxy and fragrant substance : see कञ्जोल. ३. कोव an egg, फल fruit ; the berry being egg-shaped.  
 कोवम mf. (-मः-मा) 1. A man of the city Ayodhya (Oude), or the neighbouring district. 2. The name of a prince. ३. कुव् to shine, कल्च् Unadi affix ; also कोवम.  
 कोवलात्मजा f. (-जा) The wife of DASARATHA the mother of RAMA. ३. कोवम the name of a king, and आत्मजा a daughter.  
 कोववासिन् mfn. (-सी-विनी-सि) Wrapped up in a sheathe or shell, &c. m. (-सी) 1. A shelled animal. 2. A chrysalis or pupa. ३. कोव, and वासिन् what abides.  
 कोवस mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) Sheathed, enveloped in a sheathe, a shell, &c. m. (-सः) 1. Any shelled insect or animal, as a snail, &c. 2. A pupa or chrysalis. 3. The silk worm in its cocoon. ३. कोव and स what abides.  
 कोवसिक n. (-कं) A bribe. ३. कोव or कोव wealth, and स what takes, कल्च् affix ; also कोवसिक.  
 कोवाम m. (-मः) A kind of reed or grass, commonly Ikada. ३. कोव or कोव a sheathe, and कल्च् body ; also कोवाम.  
 कोवामक m. (-कः) Hair. f. (-की) Several sorts of cucurbitaceous plants : see कोवामक.  
 कोवामकिक m. (-की) 1. Trade, business. 2. A trader, a merchant. 3. Submarine fire.  
 कोव mn. (-वः-व) 1. A bud 2. A sheathe, a scabbard, &c. 3. A coat, a surrounding cover, any investing sheathe. 4. Judicial trial by oath or ordeal, or by fire, water, poison, the balance, heated balls of iron, boiling oil, &c. attesting a deity, and touching or drinking water three times in which some idol has been washed. 5. Gold or silver, wrought or unwrought as plate, jewellery, &c. 6. Wealth. 7. Accumulated wealth, treasure. 8. A treasury, the apartment where money or plate is kept. 9. A sacrificial vessel or any drinking vessel. 10. The vulva, the womb. 11. The penis. 12. A testicle or the scrotum. 13. An egg. 14. (In composition) A ball or globe, as दृक्कोव a ball of thread, नेत्रकोव the eyeball, &c. 15. The inner part of the Jack-fruit or its like. 16. A nutmeg. 17. A dictionary or vocabulary. 18. A term for the five sheathes or cases which successively make up the body enveloping the soul. (In Vedanta Philosophy.) f. (-वी) 1. A shoe, a sandal. 2. The beard of corn : see कोव ३. कुव् or कोव to issue, affix कल्च् hence the word is optionally कोव or कोव ; the meanings may be mostly resolved into that, from which something issues or evolves.  
 कोवक m. (-कः) 1. An egg. 2. A testicle. ३. कन् added to the preceding.  
 कोवकार m. (-रः) 1. Sugar cane, or a variety. 2. The silk worm, or the insect while in its cocoon. 3. A lexicographer. 4. A chrysalis, or (pupa.) ३. कोव a sheathe, and कार what makes ; also कोवकार or with कन् added कोवकारक and कोवकारक.  
 कोवयव n. (-वः) Undergoing an ordeal. ३. कोवो and यव taking ; also कोवयव.  
 कोवचक्र m. (-चक्रः) The Indian crane. ३. कोव a sheathe, &c. and चक्र a beak.  
 कोवनायक m. (-कः) 1. The Indian Plutus. 2. A treasurer. ३. कोव, and नायक chief.

कीर्त्तक n. (-क) A berry having a fragrant pulp : see कर्त्तक m. (-क) A kind of creeping plant : see कर्त्तक f. (-क) A sort of Ghosha with yellow flowers, & कर्त्तक a sheathe, and कर्त्तक fruit ; also कर्त्तक.  
 कीर्त्तमन् mfn. (-त-ता-त) Treasured, stored, accumulated. & कर्त्त, and भूत been.  
 कीर्त्तल f. (-ल) The country south of Ayodhya (Oude) or Ayodhya itself : see कर्त्तल.  
 कीर्त्तवन् mfn. (-वन्-वती-वत्) Rich, wealthy. & कर्त्त, and वन् aff.  
 कीर्त्तवृद्धि f. (-द्धि) Swelled testicle, enlargement of the scrotum, from hernia or hydrocele, &c. & कर्त्त a testicle, and वृद्धि increase.  
 कीर्त्तवायिका f. (-वा) A knife. & कर्त्त a scabbard, and वी to sleep, वक् aff.  
 कीर्त्तयति f. (-यति) Purification by ordeal. & कर्त्त, and यति purity ; also कर्त्तयति.  
 कीर्त्तयन् mfn. (-यन्-या-यन्) Poor, without treasure. & कर्त्त, and यन् deprived of.  
 कीर्त्तय m. (-य) Part of a treasure, a portion of a person's wealth. & कर्त्त, and यय part.  
 कीर्त्तयक m. (-क) Hair. f. (-की) 1. A small species of cucumber, (Trichosanthes dioica) 2. A cucurbitaceous plant, commonly called Turai, (Luffa acutangula.) 3. Another kind. (L. pentangula.) 4. A kind of creeper : see कर्त्त. 5. A plant, (Achyranthes aspera) ; also कर्त्तयानी. 6. Night. & कर्त्त a sheathe, &c. कर्त्त to go, affixes कर्त्त and कीर्त्त ; also कर्त्तयक and कर्त्तयानी.  
 कीर्त्तयक m. (-क) 1. A treasurer. A minister of finance. 2. KURMA. & कर्त्त, and कर्त्तयक superintendent.  
 कीर्त्तयक n. (-क) Carrying off treasure. & कर्त्त, and कर्त्तयक taking away.  
 कीर्त्तय m. (-य) The mango tree. & कर्त्त a sheathe, and वन् aff.  
 कीर्त्त mfn. (-द्ध-डा-ड) Own. m. (-ड) 1. A granary, a place in which grain is kept. 2. A treasury. 3. An apartment. 4. Any viscous, as the heart, lungs, stomach, bowels, &c. & कर्त्त to issue, कर्त्त Unadi aff.  
 कीर्त्त n. (-क) 1. A granary 2. A treasury. 3. A brick-trough for watering cattle at. & कर्त्त added to the last.  
 कीर्त्तपाल m. (-क) 1. A municipal officer, a constable. 2. A watch, a guard. 3. A store-keeper, a treasurer. & कर्त्त, the granary, &c. and पाल who protects.  
 कीर्त्तगार m. (-र) 1. A store. 2. A treasury. & कर्त्त, and गार a house.  
 कीर्त्तयि m. (-यि) The digestive faculty, the gastric juice. & कर्त्त stomach, and यि fire.  
 कीर्त्त mfn. (-व-वा-व) Warm, moderately warm, tepid. n. (-व) Warmth. & कर्त्त diminutive, and वव warm.  
 कीर्त्त m. (-क) 1. The name of a saint or Muni, the inventor or first preceptor of the drama. 2. A kind of musical instrument. 3. A sort of spirituous liquor.  
 कीर्त्तय n. (-य) 1. Evil doing, wickedness. 2. Repentance. & कर्त्त bad, कर्त्त action, affix कर्त्त.  
 कीर्त्तय m. (-य) 1. A hypocrite. 2. A kind of mendicant, one who does not look far before him, or who proceeds with his eyes fixed upon the ground, for fear of treading upon insects, &c. & कर्त्तटी hypocrisy, or a small part, कर्त्त aff.  
 कीर्त्तयक m. (-क) A species of snake, the Boa or Bor.  
 कीर्त्त mfn. (-व-वा-व) Abdominal, ventral. & कर्त्त the belly, कर्त्त aff.  
 कीर्त्तयक m. (-क) A sword, scimitar. & कर्त्त the belly, and कर्त्त affix ; in any other sense the affix is कर्त्त. making कीर्त्त.  
 कीर्त्त m. (-क) the country, the Konkan.  
 कीर्त्तय m. (-य) The district of Konkan in the peninsula : see कर्त्तय.  
 कीर्त्त m. (-क) The name of a mountain, part of the Himalaya range : see कर्त्त.  
 कीर्त्तयानी f. (-नी) 1. The wife of a Brahman or any venerable personage. 2. A female descendant of Kunja. & कर्त्त, and कर्त्त affix, fem. affix

कीर्त्त this word may be masculine, कीर्त्तयान m. (-य) meaning a male descendant of Kunja ; also कीर्त्तयान formed from कर्त्त by कर्त्त affix m. sing. (-य) sense ; also plur. (-याः)  
 कीर्त्त mfn. (-ट-टी-ट) 1. Fraudulent, dishonest. 2. Snared, wired. 3. Domestic, homely, home-born, home bred. 4. Independent. n. (-ट) Fraud, falsehood. m. (-ट) A medicinal shrub, &c. कर्त्त. & कर्त्त fraud, or कर्त्त a house, कर्त्त aff.  
 कीर्त्तय m. (-य) A vender of the flesh of birds or beasts, a poacher, a butcher, &c. ; also कीर्त्तय. & कर्त्त or कर्त्तय a snare, a trap, and कर्त्त aff.  
 कीर्त्तय m. (-य) A medicinal shrub, (Echites antidysenterica) ; see कर्त्त. & कर्त्त pleonastic affix to कर्त्त the same.  
 कीर्त्तय m. (-य) An independent carpenter, one who works at home on his own account, and not for the village or the corporation, &c. & कर्त्त domestic, and कर्त्त a carpenter.  
 कीर्त्तय m. (-य) The name of a saint ; also called Vatsayana.  
 कीर्त्तयान m. (-य) A false witness. & कर्त्त fraud, and यान a witness.  
 कीर्त्तयान n. (-य) False evidence. & कर्त्त, and यान testimony.  
 कीर्त्तय mfn. (-क-की-क) 1. Fraudulent, dishonest. 2. Relating to a snare to trap. m. (-क) One who kills animals, and sells their flesh for his own subsistence, a hunter, a poacher, a mountaineer, &c. & कर्त्त a trap for catching birds, &c. affix कर्त्त.  
 कीर्त्तय m. (-क) 1. A hunter. 2. A blacksmith. & कर्त्तयिका derived from कर्त्तयि crooked, said to mean a forge, or the stooping approach of a hunter on his prey, affix कर्त्त.  
 कीर्त्तय n. (-क) 1. Crookedness. 2. Dishonesty. 2. An Epithet of Chanakya. & कर्त्तय, and कर्त्त aff. [कर्त्त aff.]  
 कीर्त्तय m. (-क) The father or master of a family. & कर्त्तय, and कीर्त्तय mfn. (-क-की-क) Sown with a certain measure, (a Kudava) of grain ; (a field, &c.) & कर्त्तय a measure, and कर्त्त aff.  
 कीर्त्तय m. (-क) A Rakshasa or goblin. & कर्त्तय a corpse, and कर्त्त affix ; these beings are supposed to eat human flesh.  
 कीर्त्तय m. (-क) A name of BHISHMA uncle of the Pandus.  
 कीर्त्तय m. (-क) The name of a Muni or divine sage.  
 कीर्त्तय n. (-क) Being maimed, being handless. & कर्त्तय a cripple, यन् aff.  
 कीर्त्तय n. (-क) 1. Eagerness, vehemence, impatience. 2. Joy, pleasure, happiness. 3. Sport, pastime. 4. A festivity. 5. Wish, inclination. 6. Curiosity. 7. Kind or friendly greeting, civility, salutation. 8. The marriage thread or ring. 9. The enjoyment of public diversions. 10. Song, dance, shew or spectacle. 11. Season of enjoyment. & कर्त्तय, and कर्त्त aff.  
 कीर्त्तय n. (-क) 1. Eagerness, vehemence. 2. Curiosity. & कर्त्तय and कर्त्त pleonastic affix ; also with कर्त्त affix, कीर्त्तय n. (-क)  
 कीर्त्तयान्ति mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Eager, vehement. 2. Curious. & कीर्त्तय, and यान्ति having.  
 कीर्त्तय m. (-क) A man of a mixed caste, the son of a fisherman by a woman of the washerman caste.  
 कीर्त्तय n. (-क) Social salt.  
 कीर्त्तय mfn. (-व-वा-व) A field, &c. of a particular grain, (Paspalum frumentaceum.) & कीर्त्तय a species of grain, and कर्त्त aff.  
 कीर्त्तय n. (-क) Ugliness of the nails. & कर्त्तय, and कर्त्त aff.  
 कीर्त्तयान्ति n. (-क) Neglect of personal decoration. & कर्त्त bad, नदी a nail, यान्ति et osters, कर्त्त added, and कर्त्त affix ; allowing the nails to grow, &c.  
 कीर्त्तय m. (-क) A spearman, a soldier armed with a spear. & कर्त्त a spear, affix कर्त्त.  
 कीर्त्तय f. (-नी) A sort of perfume, commonly Renuka. & कर्त्त here said to mean a country, affixes कर्त्त and कीर्त्त ; produced in that district.  
 कीर्त्तय m. (-क) Either of the Pandu princes. & कर्त्त, and कर्त्त affix, son of KUNJA.

कोश mfn. (-शः-को-शः) Relating to the jasmine. ३. कुश, and चक् aff.  
 कोष n. (-ष) Water of a well. ३. कुष, and चक् aff.  
 कोपीन n. (-न) 1. A small piece of cloth worn over the privities. 2. A privy, a privy part. 3. A wrong or improper act. 4. Sin. ३. कुप a well, &c. खक् aff.  
 कोपीदकी f. (-की) The mace of KRISHNA : see कोपीदकी.  
 कोमार mfn. adj. (-रः-को-रः) 1. Maiden, virgin. 2. Juvenile. 3. Soft, tender. f. (-री) One of the seven Matris, the divine mothers or personified energies of the gods; the energy or Sakti of KUMARA or KARTIKEYA. n. (-र) 1. Youth, childhood, from birth to the age of five. 2. Maidenhood to the age of sixteen. ३. कुमार a youth, and चक् aff.; or कुमार the deity KARTIKEYA, चक् and जीप् affixes.  
 कोमुद m. (-दः) The month Kartik, (Oct.-Nov.) f. (-दी) 1. Moonlight. 2. A festival in honour of KARTIKEYA, held on the full moon of the month Kartik. 3. Day of full moon in the month Aswin. 4. The same in the month Kartik. 5. Elucidation (at the end of titles of works. e. g. सांख्यतत्त्वकोमुदी.) ३. कुमुद a white lotus, चक् and जीप् affixes, कोमुदी moonlight, equally white or brilliant; the other senses come from this.  
 कोमुदिक् mfn. (-कः-को-कः) Relating to a water lily, abounding with them, &c. ३. कुमुद, and ठक् aff.  
 कोमुदिका f. (-का) A companion and confidant of DURGA.  
 कोमुदीचर mn. (-रः-रः) Day of full moon in the month of Aswin. ३. कोमुदी a festival, and चर what proceeds.  
 कोमुदीपति m. (-तिः) The moon. ३. कोमुदी moonlight, and पति lord.  
 कोमुदीहच m. (-चः) The stick or stand of a lamp. ३. कोमुदी here light in general, and हच a tree.  
 कोनीदकी f. (-की) The club or mace of KRISHNA. ३. कुमुद what gives the earth pleasure, here said to be VISHNU or KRISHNA, affixes चक् and जीप्; also कोमुदी.  
 कोरव m. (-वः) A Kaurava, a descendant of KURU. ३. कुव, and चक् affix; also with वृक् affix कोरवक.  
 कोरव्य m. (-व्यः) An ancestor or descendant of KURU. ३. कुव, and चक् aff.  
 कोरव्य mfn. (-व्यः-को-व्यः) 1. Relating to a tortoise. 2. Acting as a tortoise. 3. Belonging or relating to the Avatar of VISHNU, as a tortoise, as the Kaurama or Kurma Purana. ३. कुव, and चक् aff.  
 कोर्य m. (-र्यः) The sign Scorpio.  
 कोश mfn. (-शः-को-शः) Of a good family, well-born. m. (-नः) A worshipper of Sakti according to the left hand ritual, n. (-नः). The doctrine and practices of the left hand Saktas. ३. कुश a family, and चक् aff.  
 कोशकेय mfn. (-यः-को-यः) Of a good family, well-born. m. (-यः) The son of an unchaste woman. ३. कुशक family, and ठक् aff.  
 कोशकेय mf. (-यः-की) 1. The son or daughter of a female beggar. 2. A bastard. ३. कुशटा a female beggar, ठक् affix, and वनक् inserted; also without the augment कोशकेय.  
 कोशकेय mf. (-यः-की) 1. The child of a female beggar. 2. A bastard, the child of an unchaste wife : see the preceding.  
 कोशकेय mf. (-यः-की) 1. A bastard son or daughter of a disloyal wife. 2. The child of a beggar. ३. कुशटा an unchaste woman, ठक् aff.  
 कोशक mfn. (-कः-को-कः) Made, prepared, consisting of a kind of vetch. ३. कुशक Dolichos biflorus, चक् aff.  
 कोशकीय mfn. (-यः-को-की) A field, &c. of Dolichos biflorus. ३. कुशक, and चक् affix; see the preceding.  
 कोशक m. (-यः) One of the astrological periods called Karanas.  
 कोशकक mfn. (-कः-को-कः) made by a potter. n. (-कः) Earthen-ware, porcelain. ३. कुशक, and वृक् aff.  
 कोशिक mfn. (-कः-को-कः) Ancestral, heritable in the family, belonging to it, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A heretic, an impostor. 2. A weaver. 3. A follower of the left hand Sakta ritual. ३. कुश race, affix ठक्.  
 कोशीय n. (-यः) 1. High birth, family descent. 2. Rumour, report. 3.

Evil report, detraction. 4. Combat of animals, of birds, snakes, &c.  
 5. Cock-fighting, &c. contention of animals as a species of gambling. 6. A privy, a privy part. 7. An improper act. m. (-नः) 1. The son of a female beggar. 2. A follower of the left hand Sakta ritual. ३. कुशीय of a good family, affix चक्.  
 कोशेय mfn. (-यः-को-यः) 1. Of a good family, well-born. 2. Of the left hand Sakta sect. ३. कुश family, ठक् aff.  
 कोशेयक mfn. (-कः-को-कः) Of good parentage. ३. कुश family, ठक् affix.  
 m. (-कः) A dog. ३. कुश a house. affix as before; a domestic animal.  
 कोशावीय mfn. (-यः-को-व्यः) A field, &c. fit for or sown with a kind of been. ३. कुशाव q. v. and चक् affix; also with चक् affix, कोशाव mfn. (-वः-को-वः).  
 कोश mfn. (-शः-को-शः) 1. Of good family or parentage. 2. Of the left hand Sakta sect. ३. कुश family, and चक् aff.  
 कोशक n. (-कः) The jujube tree : see कुशक.  
 कोशेर mfn. (-रः-को-रः) 1. Relating or referable to KURVA. 2. Situated in the north. f. (-री) 1. The Sakti or female energy of KURVA. 2. The north quarter. n. (-रः) A sort of oostus, (C. speciosus :) see कुश ३. कुशेर the deity, affix चक्.  
 कोश mfn. (-शः-को-शः) Silk, silken. n. (-नः) Kanyakubja or Kanouj the ancient city so called. ३. कोश and चक् affix.  
 कोशल nf. (-लः-को-लः) 1. Greeting, salutation, friendly inquiry. 2. A respectful present, a Nezar. 3. Happiness, welfare, &c. ३. कुशल good fortune, well-being, चक् and जीप् affs. [to the last.  
 कोशलिका f. (-का) A present, a respectful gift or offering. ३. चक् added  
 कोशलेय m. (-यः) A name of RAMA. ३. कोशला the wife of DASARATHA, ठक् affix of descent.  
 कोशल n. (-लः) 1. Good fortune, well-being, &c. 2. Cleverness, talent. f. (-ल्या) The mother of RAMA. ३. कुशल and चक् affix, or कोशल a name of the father of this princess, affix चक्.  
 कोशलानन्द m. (-नः) A name of RAMA. ३. नन्दन a son, and कोशला R'AMA's mother.  
 कोशलानयि m. (-निः) RAMA : see the preceding. ३. कोशला and चक् aff.  
 कोशलान्न n. (-न्नः) Silk cloth. ३. कोश, and चक्वर vesture.  
 कोशानी f. (-नी) The name of an ancient city on the Ganges in the lower part of the Doab, in the vicinity of Kurrah; also वसुपत्तन. ३. कुशान्न a proper name, (the founder), चक् and जीप् affs.  
 कोशिक mfn. (-कः-को-कः) 1. Silk, silken. 2. Of the family of Kusika, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. A fragrant substance, (Bdellium) 3. An owl. 4. A snake-catcher. 5. An ichneumon. (Viverra ichneumon.) 6. A title of VISWAMITRA. 7. One skilled in dictionaries. 8. A dictionary compiler. 9. Love, the passion. 10. The marrow. f. (-की) 1. A river in Bahar, the Kosi or Koosa. 2. A name of the goddess DURGA, n. (-कः) Silk. ३. कोश a sheathe, &c. ठक् affix, and जीप् for the feminine; also कोशिक, and कोशिकी.  
 कोशिकप्रिय m. (-यः) A name of RAMA. ३. कोशिक the sage VISWAMITRA, and प्रिय a friend or favourite.  
 कोशिककल n. (-कः) A cocoanut. ३. कोशिक the saint VISWAMITRA, and कल fruit, being said to have been created by the sage in his progress to make human being in rivalry to BRAHMA, the nut being the first rudiment of the head.  
 कोशिका f. (-का) A drinking vessel, a cup or goblet. ३. कुश to surround or contain, affixes चक् and टप्.  
 कोशिकाकल m. (-कः) A name of ARJUNA. ३. कोशिक INDRA, and काकल a son.  
 कोशिकावृष n. (-वृषः) The rainbow, ३. कोशिक INDRA, and वावृष a weapon.  
 कोशिकारति m. (-तिः) A crow. ३. कोशिक an owl, चरति enemy; also कोशिकारि &c.  
 कोशिकी f. (-की) The wife of the saint AGASTYA. ३. कुश to retract, (wrath), वनक् and जीप् affixes; this lady being an anti-xantippe.

कौशिक n. (-कः) The profession of an actor, a dancer, &c. E. कुशिक and कृष्ण aff.

कौशिक mfn. (-यः-यौ-यं) Silken, of silk. n. (-यः) 1. Silk. 2. A silk petticoat or trowsers; a woman's lower garment of silk. E. कौश or कौश the cocoon, and कृष्ण aff.; also कौशिक.

कौशिक m. (-कः) A name of INDRA, &c.: see above, कौशिक. f. (-कौ) DURGA, &c.: see कौशिकी.

कौशिक mfn. (-यः-यौ-यं) Silken: see कौशिक.

कौशिक mfn. (-यः-यौ-यं) Usurious. E. कुशिक, and कृष्ण aff.

कौशिक n. (-यः) 1. Sloth, indolence. 2. The practice of usury. E. कुशिक usury, &c. affix कृष्ण.

कौशिक mfn. (-यः-यौ-यं) Flowering. E. कुशिक and कृष्ण aff.

कौशिक mfn. (-यः-यौ-यं) Dyed with safflower, orange, red. E. कुशिक safflower, and कृष्ण aff.

कौशिक mfn. (-यः-यौ-यं) A juggler, a conjuror. E. कुशिक wickedness, affix कृष्ण.

कौशिक m. (-यः) The jewel of KRISHNA suspended on his breast. E. कुशिक a name of VISHNU or KRISHNA, and कृष्ण aff.

कौशिक m. (-यः) A name of VISHNU.

कौशिक m. (-यः) A name of VISHNU or KRISHNA. E. कौशिक the jewel, and कृष्ण the breast.

कृष्ण r. 1st and 10th cls. (कृष्णति, कृष्णयति) To hurt, to injure, to kill.

कृष्ण (कृष्ण) कृष्ण r. 4th cl. (कृष्णति) 1. To be crooked (in mind or body.) 2. To shine, (कृष्ण) कृष्ण r. 10th cl. (कृष्णयति) To shine.

कृष्ण r. 9th cl. (कृष्ण) कृष्ण (कृष्णति-नीति) To sound; also कृष्ण.

कृष्ण r. 9th cl. (कृष्ण) कृष्ण (कृष्णति-नीति) To sound.

कृष्ण r. 1st cl. (कृष्ण) कृष्ण (कृष्णति) 1. To sound. 2. To be wet. 3. To stink.

कृष्ण mfn. (-यः-यौ-यं) What stinks, &c. E. कृष्ण, and कृष्ण aff.

कृष्ण r. 1st cl. (कृष्णति) To be crooked in person, to be crooked in mind, to be fraudulent or crafty.

कृष्ण mn. (-यः-यौ-यं) 1. A saw. 2. A thorny plant: see कृष्ण. f. (-यः) The Ketaki: see the next. E. कृष्ण an imitative sound, कृष्ण to emit sound, affix कृष्ण.

कृष्ण m. (-यः) A plant with a strong smelling flower, (Pandanus odoratissimus.) E. कृष्ण a saw, and कृष्ण a leaf; having serrated leaves.

कृष्णपाद m. (-पाद-पाद) A chameleon, a lizard. E. कृष्ण a saw, पाद a foot, saw-footed, or with a final vowel, कृष्णपाद m. (-यः.)

कृष्णपट्टी f. (-पट्टी) A small fish with numerous small spines in the back, (Coius cobojus, Ham.) E. कृष्ण a saw, and पट्टी the back, saw-backed.

कृष्ण m. (-यः) A kind of partridge, commonly Kayar; also कृष्ण and कृष्ण.

कृष्ण m. (-यः) 1. A sort of partridge, called Kaer, (perdix sylvatica;) also कृष्ण. 2. A thorny plant, vulgarly Karil: see कृष्ण. 3. A saw. 4. A poor man. E. कृष्ण an imitative sound, कृष्ण what makes.

कृष्ण m. (-यः) 1. Sacrifice, offering, worship. 2. An Aswamedha, the sacrifice. 3. The name of a Muni, one of the seven principal Rishis or saints, the offspring of BRAHMA, married to Kriya and the father of the 60,000 Balikhilyas. 4. One of the ten VISWADHYAS. E. कृष्ण to do कृष्ण Unadi aff.

कृष्ण m. (-यः) 1. A Jina. 2. One skilled in sacrifice.

कृष्ण mfn. (-यः-यौ-यं) Equal to an Aswamedha in merit. E. कृष्ण and कृष्ण equal.

कृष्ण m. (-यः-यौ-यं) An Asur, a demon. E. कृष्ण sacrifice, and कृष्ण who hates, affix कृष्ण.

कृष्ण m. (-यः-यौ-यं) A Daitya or demon, E. कृष्ण a sacrifice, and कृष्ण who hates, affix कृष्ण.

कृष्ण m. (-यः-यौ-यं) A name of SIVA. E. कृष्ण a sacrifice, कृष्ण to destroy, affix कृष्ण, the destroyer of DAKSHA's sacrifice: see कृष्ण.

कृष्ण m. (-यः-यौ-यं) A horse, especially such a one, as is fit for an Aswamedha, E. कृष्ण sacrifice, and कृष्ण animal.

कृष्ण m. (-यः-यौ-यं) A name of VISHNU. E. कृष्ण, and कृष्ण man or male.

कृष्ण n. (-यः) The reward of a sacrifice, the object for which it is performed. E. कृष्ण, and कृष्ण fruit.

कृष्ण m. (-यः-यौ-यं) A god, a deity. E. कृष्ण sacrifice, and कृष्ण who eats.

कृष्ण m. (-यः-यौ-यं) A particular sacrifice, the Rajasuya; one performed by a monarch who has subdued all the princes of the world. E. कृष्ण sacrifice, and कृष्ण a king; a royal or pre-eminent ceremony: see कृष्ण.

कृष्ण m. (-यः-यौ-यं) A Brahman who sells to another the possible benefits of a sacrifice which he has performed. E. कृष्ण, and कृष्ण who sells; also कृष्ण.

कृष्ण f. (-यः-यौ-यं) Completion of a sacrifice, attainment of the object for which it is performed. E. कृष्ण, and कृष्ण completion.

कृष्ण m. (-यः-यौ-यं) The Rajasuya sacrifice: see the preceding E. कृष्ण, and कृष्ण best: the pre-eminent sacrifice.

कृष्ण r. 1st and 10th cls. (कृष्णति-नीति कृष्णयति-नीति) To kill, to hurt or injure. r. 10th cl. (कृष्णयति) To amuse, to delight repeatedly.

कृष्ण n. (-यः) 1. Slaughter, killing. 2. Snoring, stertor. E. कृष्ण to kill, affix कृष्ण.

कृष्ण n. (-यः) A white sort of Agallochum: see कृष्ण.

कृष्ण r. 1st cl. (कृष्णति) or (कृष्ण) कृष्ण (कृष्णति) 1. To confound, to confuse. 2. To grieve, to be confused; also (कृष्णति) 1. To call, to cry out. 2. To weep, to shed tears: see कृष्ण.

कृष्ण mfn. (-यः-यौ-यं) Going, who or what goes. E. कृष्ण, and कृष्ण aff.

कृष्ण r. 1st and 10th cls. generally used with कृष्ण prefixed, कृष्ण (कृष्णति, कृष्णयति) 1. To weep, to shed tears. 2. To call continually.

कृष्ण m. (-यः-यौ-यं) A cat n. (-यः) 1. Weeping, lamenting, sobbing. 2. Crying out, calling. 3. Mutual daring or defiance, challenging, braving. E. कृष्ण to cry out, to call, sob, &c. affix कृष्ण; also with कृष्ण affix कृष्ण.

कृष्ण mfn. (-यः-यौ-यं) 1. Wept. 2. Called or cried out. n. (-यः) 1. Weeping. 2. Calling. 3. Mutual daring: see the preceding. E. कृष्ण to call, कृष्ण aff.

कृष्ण r. 1st cl. (कृष्णति) 1. To compassionate, to pity. 2. To go or move: see कृष्ण.

कृष्ण r. 1st cl. (कृष्ण) कृष्ण (कृष्णति, कृष्णयति or कृष्णयति) To go, to walk, to step: (in the following senses it is optionally deponent:) (कृष्णति, कृष्णयति) 1. To proceed uninterruptedly. 2. To grow or increase. 3. To preserve. It is also active or deponent according to various prefixes and in various senses, as, with कृष्ण (कृष्णयति) 1. To go over or beyond, to leap over. 2. To transgress, to pass beyond the bounds of virtue. With कृष्ण (कृष्णयति) To proceed regularly or in order. With कृष्ण (कृष्णयति) 1. To overcome, to surpass. 1. To assail. With कृष्ण (कृष्णयति) To go away, to depart. With कृष्ण (कृष्णयति) To rise as the sun. &c. or (कृष्णयति) To rise, to mount, to overcome. With कृष्ण (कृष्णयति) To transgress. With कृष्ण (कृष्णयति) To depart. (कृष्णयति) to begin. With कृष्ण (कृष्णयति) To go forth. With कृष्ण and कृष्ण (कृष्णयति) To display valour, to surpass or overcome. With कृष्ण (कृष्णयति) To depart, to go or approach, (कृष्णयति) To begin. With कृष्ण (कृष्णयति) To wander about, to ramble. With कृष्ण (कृष्णयति) 1. To overcome. 2. To mount or ascend. (कृष्णयति) Th pace, to proceed by steps, to move with the feet. With कृष्ण and कृष्ण (कृष्णयति) To transgress. With कृष्ण (कृष्णयति) to remove.

कृष्ण m. (-यः-यौ-यं) 1. Going, proceeding. 2. A sacred precept or practice prescribed by the Vedas. 3. Order, method. 4. Power, strength. 5. Overcoming, surpassing, subduing, &c. 6. A foot. 7. Uninterrupted progress. E. कृष्ण to go, कृष्ण aff.

कृष्ण mfn. (-यः-यौ-यं) 1. Orderly, methodical. 2. Proceeding, going. E. (-यः-यौ-यं) A student who goes through a regular course of study, one who proceeds methodically. E. कृष्ण to go, affix कृष्ण.

**क्रान्ति f. (-त्वा)** (In astronomy,) The sine of a planet's declination. **क्रान्ति** going, and **क्रान्ति** sine.

**क्रान्ति m. (-त्वा)** A foot. **क्रान्ति** n. (-त्वा) Going, proceeding. **क्रान्ति** to go, affix **क्रान्ति**.

**क्रान्तम् ind.** Gradually, successively, in order. **क्रान्त**, and **क्रान्त** aff.

**क्रान्ताच्च mfn. (-त्वा-त्वा)** Going, proceeding. **क्रान्ति** to go, **क्रान्ताच्च** aff.

**क्रान्तोन् m. (-त्वा)** Successive or methodical practice. **क्रान्त**, and **क्रान्त** union.

**क्रान्तम् ind.** 1. Gradually, by degrees. 2. Regularly, seriatim. **क्रान्त**, and **क्रान्त** aff.

**क्रान्तम् mfn. (-त्वा-त्वा-त्वा)** 1. Descended to or inherited lineally, what comes from one's ancestors in regular succession. 2. Arrived in due course or succession. **क्रान्त**, and **क्रान्त** come.

**क्रान्तम् n. (-त्वा)** Hereditary succession or possession. **क्रान्त** added to the preceding.

**क्रान्तम् mfn. (-त्वा-त्वा-त्वा)** 1. Proceeding in regular order. 2. Descended lineally, (estate, &c.) **क्रान्त** order, and **क्रान्त** come, obtained.

**क्रान्ति m. (-त्वा)** A worm; see **क्रान्ति**.

**क्रान्तम् mfn. (-त्वा-त्वा-त्वा)** Going, who or what goes, &c. **क्रान्त** to go, **क्रान्त** affix, with **क्रान्त** augment.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** The betel-nut tree, (Areca faufel or catechu;) also **क्रान्त**.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** 1. The areca or betel nut, (Areca faufel or catechu.) 2. A kind of tree, a red sort of Lodh: see **क्रान्त**. 3. A kind of fragrant grass; see **क्रान्त**. 4. The mulberry tree, (Morus Indica.) 5. The fruit of the cotton tree. **क्रान्त** f. (-त्वा) The areca tree. **क्रान्त** to go, **क्रान्त** aff.

**क्रान्तम् n. (-त्वा)** The areca nut. **क्रान्त**, and **क्रान्त** fruit.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** A camel; see the next.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** A camel. **क्रान्त** to go. **क्रान्त** Unadi affix, and **क्रान्त** added; or **क्रान्त** order, **क्रान्त** to go, **क्रान्त** affix, and **क्रान्त** added.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** An ox. **क्रान्त** a foot, **क्रान्त** who goes.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** Buying, purchase. **क्रान्त** to buy, **क्रान्त** aff.

**क्रान्त mfn. (-त्वा-त्वा-त्वा)** Bought, purchased. **क्रान्त**, and **क्रान्त** bought.

**क्रान्त n. (-त्वा)** Deed of sale, conveyance, &c. **क्रान्त**, and **क्रान्त** writing.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** Trade, traffic, buying and selling. **क्रान्त** purchase, **क्रान्त** sale.

**क्रान्तम् m. (-त्वा)** Rescission of sale, title of civil judicature. **क्रान्त** **क्रान्त**, and **क्रान्त** doubt.

**क्रान्तम् m. (-त्वा)** A trader or merchant, a dealer. **क्रान्त** buying, **क्रान्त** sale, and **क्रान्त** aff.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** The coping of a wall.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** A market, a fair. **क्रान्त** purchase, and **क्रान्त** to rise, **क्रान्त** prefix, and **क्रान्त** aff.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** 1. A trader, a dealer. 2. A purchaser, a buyer. **क्रान्त** to buy, Unadi affix **क्रान्त**.

**क्रान्त mfn. (-त्वा-त्वा-त्वा)** A buyer or purchaser, **क्रान्त** to buy **क्रान्त** aff.

**क्रान्त mfn. (-त्वा-त्वा-त्वा)** Purchasable. **क्रान्त** to buy, **क्रान्त** affix, deriv. irr.

**क्रान्त n. (-त्वा)** 1. Flesh. 2. Raw flesh. **क्रान्त** to be able, **क्रान्त** affix. and **क्रान्त** changed to **क्रान्त**; the latter becomes dental before **क्रान्त**.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** A deer. **क्रान्त** flesh, and **क्रान्त** killing for its flesh.

**क्रान्त mfn. (-त्वा)** Carnivorous. **क्रान्त** A Rakshasa. **क्रान्त**, **क्रान्त** who eats.

**क्रान्त m. or mfn. (-त्वा or -त्वा)** 1. An imp or goblin, a Rakshasa. 2. A flesh-eater. 3. A beast of prey, a carnivorous animal. **क्रान्त** flesh, **क्रान्त** to eat, **क्रान्त** affix, or with **क्रान्त** affix **क्रान्त**.

**क्रान्त mfn. (-त्वा-त्वा-त्वा)** An eater of flesh or meat, carnivorous. **क्रान्त** (-त्वा) 1. A goblin, a Rakshasa. 2. A lion. 3. A hawk. Funeral fire. **क्रान्त** See the preceding.

**क्रान्त mfn. (-त्वा-त्वा-त्वा)** Carnivorous. **क्रान्त** (-त्वा) A demon, an anthropophagus. **क्रान्त**, and **क्रान्त** who eats.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** A sawyer. **क्रान्त** and **क्रान्त** aff.

**क्रान्त mfn. (-त्वा-त्वा-त्वा)** 1. Overcome, surpassed. 2. Attacking, invading, gone to or against. 3. Spread, extended. 4. Going, going over or

across. **क्रान्त** m. (-त्वा) 1. A horse. 2. (In astronomy,) Declination. **क्रान्त** n. (-त्वा) An astrological element, the conjunction of any planet with the moon. **क्रान्त** to go, affix **क्रान्त**.

**क्रान्ति f. (-त्वा)** 1. Going, proceeding. 2. Overcoming, surpassing. 3. The sun's course on the globe, the ecliptic. 4. Declination of a planet. **क्रान्त** to go, affix **क्रान्ति**.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** The ecliptic. **क्रान्त** and **क्रान्त** girdle.

**क्रान्त f. (-त्वा)** Sine of the declination **क्रान्त**, and **क्रान्त** sine.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** The nodes of the ecliptic, or the equinoctial points. **क्रान्त** and **क्रान्त** going.

**क्रान्त mfn. (-त्वा)** Motion of the nodes of the ecliptic precession the equinox. **क्रान्त**, and **क्रान्त** going.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** Declination of a point of the ecliptic. **क्रान्त**, as **क्रान्त** division.

**क्रान्त n. (-त्वा)** The ecliptic. **क्रान्त**, and **क्रान्त** circle.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** The space within the tropics. **क्रान्त**, and **क्रान्त** bracelet.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** A bird in general. **क्रान्त** to go, **क्रान्त** Unadi affix, and **क्रान्त** pen. made long.

**क्रान्त mfn. (-त्वा-त्वा-त्वा)** 1. Going, proceeding over or through. **क्रान्त** to go, **क्रान्त** aff.

**क्रान्त mfn. (-त्वा-त्वा-त्वा)** 1. A buyer or purchaser. 2. A dealer, a trader. **क्रान्त** to buy, **क्रान्त** aff.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** 1. A worm, an insect. 2. Lao, which is the accumulation of an insect. 3. A worm in the intestines. **क्रान्त** to go, **क्रान्त** Unadi affix, and **क्रान्त** inserted; also **क्रान्त**.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** A medicinal plant, commonly Biranga: see **क्रान्त**.

**क्रान्त mfn. (-त्वा-त्वा-त्वा)** Vermifuge, anthelmintic. **क्रान्त** (-त्वा) An anthelmintic shurb; see **क्रान्त** f. (-त्वा) Somraj, (Serratula or Conyza anthelmintica) **क्रान्त** **क्रान्त** or **क्रान्त** a worm, and **क्रान्त** what kills; see **क्रान्त**.

**क्रान्त n. (-त्वा)** Aguru or aloe wood: see **क्रान्त** f. (-त्वा) The red dye called Lao. **क्रान्त** **क्रान्त** a worm, and **क्रान्त** born; also **क्रान्त**.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** The coral tree, (Erythrina fulgens.) **क्रान्त** **क्रान्त** a worm and **क्रान्त** an enemy; the leaves yield, by expression, an acrid anthelmintic juice.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** A fetid mimosa, (M. farnesiana.) **क्रान्त** **क्रान्त** a worm and **क्रान्त** inimical; an anthelmintic.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** An ant-hill. **क्रान्त** **क्रान्त** a worm, and **क्रान्त** a hill.

**क्रान्त m. (-त्वा)** The sign Aries. **क्रान्त** to do, **क्रान्त** aff.

**क्रान्त mfn. (-त्वा-त्वा-त्वा)** Doing, making, engaged in. **क्रान्त** to do, **क्रान्त** aff.

**क्रान्त f. (-त्वा)** 1. An act, action, acting. 2. Means, expedient. 3. Beginning, undertaking. 4. Atonement. 5. Study. 6. Worship. 7. Disquisition. 8. Bodily action. 9. Remedying, physical treatment or practice. 10. Instrument, implement. 11. A religious or initiatory ceremony. 12. Obsequies, rites performed immediately after death. 13. Purificatory rites, as ablution, &c. 14. Judicial investigation, by human means, as witnesses, documents, &c. or by superhuman ordeals of various kinds. 15. In grammar, a verb of two kinds, सकर्तृक्रिया active or सकर्तृक्रिया intransitive: 16. A noun of action, **क्रान्त** to act, to do, **क्रान्त** affix, fem. aff **क्रान्त**; the above meanings may be all resolved into the first.

**क्रियाकर m. (-त्वा)** See the next.

**क्रियाकर mfn. (-त्वा-त्वा-त्वा)** One who does any act, an agent, a performer. **क्रिया** (-त्वा) A student, a novice, a tyro. **क्रिया** study, and **क्रिया** or **क्रिया** who makes.

**क्रियाविन् mfn. (-त्वा-त्वा-त्वा)** Opposed or averse to any act. **क्रिया** (-त्वा) One of the five kinds of witnesses, he whose testimony is hurtful to the cause. **क्रिया** a suit, and **क्रिया** injuring.

क्रियादिदेश m. (-यः) Evidence & क्रिया, and निर्देश proof.  
 क्रियातुल्य mfn. (-यः-पा-य) Conformably to the act, according to the action. & क्रिया, and चतुल्य like to.  
 क्रियापटु mfn. (-टु-टु-टु) Clever, dexterous. & क्रिया, and पटु clever.  
 क्रियापर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Attentive to or diligent in the performance of their duties. & क्रिया, and पर engaged in.  
 क्रियापद m. (-पदः) 1. End of an affair. 2. Liberation from ceremonial acts. & क्रिया, and पदपद end.  
 क्रियापाद m. (-पदः) The third division of a suit at law, the proof or rejoinder of the plaintiff. & क्रिया an affair, and पाद a fourth part.  
 क्रियाप्रसङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) Course of proceeding. & क्रिया, and प्रसङ्ग procedure.  
 क्रियाफल n. (-फलः) Result or consequence of acts. & क्रिया, and फल fruit.  
 क्रियाभूषण m. (-भूषणः) Special compact or agreement. & क्रिया business, अभि and भूषण prefixed to गम् to go, affix भूष् ; going through with any thing.  
 क्रियालोप m. (-पः) Discontinuance or loss of any of the essential ceremonies of the Hindu religion. & क्रिया, and लोप loss.  
 क्रियावत् mfn. (वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Engaged in business. 2. Understanding business, fit for it, possessed of worldly knowledge. 3. Celebrating religious rites. & क्रिया, and वत् aff.  
 क्रियावश mfn. (-वशः-वा-व) Subject to the influence of acts. m. (वः) Necessity, necessary influence of acts done or to be done. & क्रिया, and वश Subjection.  
 क्रियावसन्न mfn. (-वसन्नः-वा-व) One who loses his cause in a law suit. & क्रिया affair, वसन्न ended.  
 क्रियावादिन् m. (-दी) A plaintiff. & क्रिया affair, and वादिन् who declares.  
 क्रियाविधि f. (-धिः) 1. Conduct of affairs. 2. Mode of performing any rite. & क्रिया, and विधि rule.  
 क्रियाविधिज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-वा-ज्ञ) 1. Conversant with business. 2. Understanding the ritual, &c. & क्रियाविधि, and ज्ञ who knows.  
 क्रियासमन्वित m. (-तः) Repetition of any act, doing any thing repeatedly. & क्रिया, and समन्वित repetition.  
 क्रियेन्द्रिय m. (-यः) An organ of action, as the hand, foot, voice, organ of generation and that of excretion. & क्रिया acting, and इन्द्रिय an organ; also कर्मेन्द्रिय.  
 क्री (कृ, कृ) कृकीड r. 9th ol. (क्रीडति, क्रीडते) To buy, to barter or exchange; with क्रि prefixed, to sell.  
 क्रीड r. 1st ol. (क्री) क्रीड (क्रीडति) To play, to sport; with कृ, कृ, कृ, परि, or कृ prefixed, it is deponent, as कृक्रीडते, &c. unless कृ requires the accusative case, and the compound with कृ implies inarticulate sound, as तनुक्रीडति सा she plays with him, कृक्रीडति चक्र the wheel creaks.  
 क्रीड mf. (-डः-वा) 1. Sport, play, pastime, pleasure, amusement. f. (-वा) 1. Playing, as a ball, &c. 2. Disrespect. & क्रीड to play, कृ affix, and fem. do टाप्.  
 क्रीडन n. (-न) Play, sport, &c. & क्रीड to play, affix कृ.  
 क्रीडन् mfn. (-डन्-वती-डन्) Playing, gamboling, sporting. & क्रीड and डन् aff.  
 क्रीडमान mfn. (-मानः-वा-न) Sporting, playing. & क्रीड, and मान् aff.  
 क्रीडाकृत n. (-तः) Sportive or wanton purpose or desire. & क्रीडा, and आकृत wish.  
 क्रीडाकोप m. (-पः) Assumed anger, anger in sport. & क्रीडा, and कोप anger.  
 क्रीडारव n. (-रवः) Compulsion. & क्रीडा, and रव a gem.  
 क्रीडारथ m. (-थः) A car, a carriage. & क्रीडा sport, pleasure, and रथ a car.  
 क्रीडावत् mfn. (वान्-वती-वत्), Sporting, sportive. & क्रीडा, and वत् aff.  
 क्रीडासरव n. (-रवः) A reservoir, a basin. & क्रीडा, pleasure, सरव a lake.  
 क्रीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Bought, purchased. m. (-तः) A son, one of the twelve kinds acknowledged by the ancient Hindu law; he who is purchased from his natural parents.

क्रीतक m. (-कः) A son bought from his natural parents, and adopted as male issue; also क्रीत and क्रीतपुत्र : see the preceding.  
 क्रीतानुवच m. (-यः) Returning a purchase upon the seller, admissible in some cases by law. & क्रीत bought, अनुवच repentance.  
 कृच (च) कृच r. 1st ol. (कृचति) 1. To go, to approach towards or arrive at. 2. To move crookedly. 3. To be crooked. 4. To curve or make crooked. 5. To become small, to shrink. 6. To make small, to lessen; also कृच.  
 कृच mf. (कृच, कृचा) A curlew. & कृच to go crookedly, affix कृच, fem. affix टाप्.  
 कृच m. (-चः) A name of the mountain Krounha. f. (-चा) A kind of Vina or lute. & कृच to be crooked, affix कृच and टाप्.  
 कृच r. 8th ol. (कृचति) 1. To sink. 2. To be childish. 3. To eat. 4. To be thick.  
 कृच mfn. (-चः-वा-च) 1. Angry, wrathful. 2. Fierce, cruel. n. (-च) Anger. & कृच to be angry, कृच aff.  
 कृच (ची, छ) चीकृच r. 4th ol. (कृचति) To be wrathful, to be flushed with anger.  
 कृच f. (-कृत् or -कृद) Anger, passion. & कृच to be angry, affix कृच; also with कृच and टाप् affixes, कृचा.  
 कृचा f. (-चा) Anger : see the preceding.  
 कृचत् mfn. (-चत्-वती-चत्) Being angry. & कृच, and चत् aff.  
 कृच r. 9th ol. (कृचति) 1. To be connected with, to cling or adhere to. 2. To be distressed, to suffer pain.  
 कृच r. 1st ol. (क्रीडति) 1. To call. 2. To cry, to weep. With कृच prefixed, To feel for, to sympathise with. With कृच, To revile, to abuse or censure. With कृच, To reproach. With कृच, To cry aloud, to shout.  
 कृचन् m. (-चा) A jackal. & कृच to cry or howl, Unadi affix कृचि.  
 कृच mfn. (-चः-टा-च) 1. Wept, cried. 2. Cried aloud, bawled. n. (-च) 1. Weeping, sobbing. 2. Noise, sound. & कृच to weep, affix कृच.  
 कृच mfn. (-चः-रा-च) 1. Cruel, pitiless. 2. Hard, harsh. 3. Hard, solid. 4. Mischievous, destructive. 5. Formidable, terrible. 6. Hot, sharp. 7. Disagreeable. m. (-चः) 1. An odd sign of the zodiac, as the first, third, fifth, &c. which are of malignant influences. 2. A hawk. 3. A heron. 4. Red oleander. & कृच to cut, रक् Unadi affix, and कृच substituted for कृच.  
 कृचकृच mfn. (-कृच-कृच-कृच) Fierce, cruel, unrelenting. & कृच and कृचकृच act.  
 कृचकृच m. (-चः) Torpid or costive bowels unaffected by strong purgatives. & कृच, and कृच the alimentary canal.  
 कृचकृच m. (-चः) Sulphur. & कृच, and कृच smell.  
 कृचकृच mfn. (-चः-ता-च) Cruel, ferocious, addicted to cruel practices. & कृच and कृच who practices.  
 कृचता f. (-ता) Cruelty, fierceness. & कृच added to the last; also with कृच, कृच.  
 कृचकृच mfn. (-चकृच) 1. Mischievous, villainous. 2. Evil-eyed. m. (-चकृच) A name of the planet Sapi or Saturn. & कृच cruel, &c. and कृच who sees, from कृच to see, affix कृचि.  
 कृचकृच m. (-ची) A raven. & कृच formidable, राविन् who cries.  
 कृचकृच m. (-चः) A name of Saturn. & कृच evil, and कृच an eye; of an evil or inauspicious aspect.  
 कृच m. (-चः) 1. A jackal. 2. Any thing bad.  
 कृचकृच m. (-चः) A name of Ravana, the ruler of Lanka. & कृच evil, and कृचकृच figure, form.  
 कृचकृच m. (-चकृच-र) Following barbarous or savage practices. & कृच and कृचकृच observance.  
 कृच m. (-चः-च) The beard : see कृच.  
 कृच m. (-चिः) Buying, purchase. & कृच to buy, क्रि Unadi aff.  
 कृचकृच mfn. (-चकृच-चकृच) Purchasable. & future participle of कृच to buy.



**क्रोड m. (-तः)** A purchaser, a buyer, *m.* क्रोड् to buy, affix डच्.  
**क्रोड mfn. (-यः-वा-यः)** Purchasable. *m.* क्रोड् to buy, affix डच्; to be bought.  
**क्रोड m. (-चः)** A mountain : see क्रोड.  
**क्रोडपदा f. (-वा)** A species of metre of four lines, and twentyfive syllables in each.  
**क्रोडदारच m. (-चः)** A name of KARTIKEYA. *m.* क्रोड or क्रोड a mountain, and दारच the render or tearer; also क्रोडदारच.  
**क्रोड nf. (-व-वा)** 1. The breast, the chest. 2. The haunch, the flank, the hollow above the hip. *m.* (-वः) 1. A name of Sani or Saturn. 2. A hog. *m.* क्रोड् to be thick, डच् aff.  
**क्रोडपर्णी f. (-नी)** A prickly nightshade : see क्रोडकारिका.  
**क्रोडपाद m. (-दः)** A turtle, a tortoise. *m.* क्रोड the breast, and पाद a foot.  
**क्रोडाव m. (-वः)** A tortoise.  
**क्रोडावृत्ति m. (-वृत्ति)** A turtle or tortoise. *m.* क्रोड and वृत्ति a foot.  
**क्रोडीकरच n. (-चः)** Embracing. *m.* क्रोड breast or side, करच making, and चि augment.  
**क्रोडीकृति f. (-तिः)** Embracing, mutual embrace. *m.* See the preceding; कृति making.  
**क्रोड m. (-वः)** Killing, slaying. *m.* क्रोड् to kill or hurt, affix डच्.  
**क्रोड m. (-वः)** Anger, wrath. *m.* क्रोड् to be angry, affix डच्.  
**क्रोडन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः)** Proceeding from or engendered by wrath; it especially applies to eight vices, hatred, envy, oppression, violence &c. *m.* क्रोड passion, and न produced.  
**क्रोडन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः)** Passionate, angry, wrathful. (-ना) A passionate woman, a vixen. *m.* क्रोड् to be angry affix डच्.  
**क्रोडनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यः)** Provocative. *n.* (-यः) An injury. *m.* क्रोड् to be angry, (on account of,) डनीयर् aff.  
**क्रोडनय mfn. (-यः-यी-यः)** Angry, passionate. *m.* क्रोड and नयट् aff.  
**क्रोडमूर्च्छित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः)** Passionate, angry, overcome with rage. *m.* (-तः) A kind of perfume, commonly Chor. *m.* क्रोड wrath, and मूर्च्छित confused, overcome.  
**क्रोडवर्जित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः)** Free from wrath, mild, calm. *m.* क्रोड and वर्जित devoid of.  
**क्रोडवच mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Passionate, violent. *m.* क्रोड, and वच subject to.  
**क्रोडिन् mfn. (-धी-धिनी-धि)** Angry, passionate. *m.* क्रोड anger, affix डनि.  
**क्रोडिश्चित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः)** Calm, composed, free from wrath. *m.* क्रोड, and चिश्चित abandoned.  
**क्रोड m. (-वः)** A measure of distance, a league, a Kos, containing 4000 cubits; some double this, and make the Kos 8000 cubits. *m.* क्रोड् to call, &c, affix डच्.  
**क्रोडत् mfn. (-यन्-यनी-यन्)** Crying, calling out. *m.* क्रोड् to cry, डत् aff.  
**क्रोडताल m. (-तः)** A large or double drum. *m.* क्रोड a Kos, and ताल a tune; whose sound may be heard for a league.  
**क्रोडपणि m. (-निः)** A large drum. *m.* क्रोड, and पणि sound: see the preceding.  
**क्रोडयुग n. (-यः)** A measure of two Kos, 4000 yards, or about 2½ miles; this seems to correspond to the modern Kos, but the standard varies. *m.* क्रोड a Kos, and युग a pair also गच्छति.  
**क्रोड् mf. (-वा-ही)** A jackall. क्रोड् to cry or call, and डच् aff; the noun declined in many cases like nouns in डच्.  
**क्रोडपुष्पिका f. (-वा)** A plant, commonly Chaculiya, (Hemionites cordifolia, Rox.) or according to some, Ramvasac, a different plant see क्रोडविना. *m.* क्रोड a jackall, डच् affix, and पुष्पिका tail; the flower being compared to the tail of the animal.  
**क्रोडकनेयका f. (-वा)** The plant Chaculiya; see the preceding.  
**क्रोडपुष्पिका f. (-वा)** See क्रोडपुष्पिका; also क्रोडपुष्पिका.  
**क्रोडविना f. (-वा)** The name of a plant, either Chaculiya, (Hemionites cordifolia, Rox) or a different plant called Ramvasac. *m.* क्रोड a jackall, and विना known; known by being compared to the animal.  
**क्रोडिन् m. (-वः)** The white snow cane. *m.* क्रोड and वच् cane.

**क्रोडि f. (-ही)** 1. The black or white Bhuincaonra, (Convolvulus paniculatus) : see भुनिकाणक. 2. Chaculiya : see क्रोडविना. 3. A sh jackall : see क्रोड. *m.* क्रोड् to cry, affix डच् and डच्. डच्.  
**क्रोड m. (-वः)** 1. A kind of heron. (Ardea jaculator, Buch.) 2. One of the Dwipas or principal divisions of the world, surrounded by the sea of curds. 3. A mountain, part of the Himalaya range, situated in the eastern part of the chain on the north of Asam. 4. A Jain emblem, the figure of the curlew, used as a symbol. 5. The name of a demon, f. (-वा) The female of the curlew. *m.* क्रोड् to go crool edly, affix डच्.  
**क्रोडदारच m. (-चः)** A name of KARTIKEYA. *m.* क्रोड the name of a mountain; also of an Asur, and दारच the tearer or destroyer.  
**क्रोडादान m. (-नः)** 1. Long pepper. 2. The fibres of the stalk of the lotus. 3. An esculent root, commonly Ghenchu. 4. An aquatic plant commonly Chinchata. *m.* क्रोड the heron, and दान eating.  
**क्रोडाराति m. (-तिः)** A name of KARTIKEYA. *m.* क्रोड the Asur, and अराति an enemy.  
**क्रोडारि m. (-रिः)** 1. The deity KARTIKEYA. 2. The hero and Avata PARASURAMA. *m.* क्रोड the Asur or the mountain, and अरि a foe PARASURAMA is said to have made with his arrows a pass or defile through the Krauncha mountain.  
**क्रोड्य n. (-यः)** Cruelty, fierceness, passion. *m.* क्रोड cruel. &c. डच् aff.  
**क्रोडयतिक m. (-कः)** One who goes a hundred Kos, or leagues. *m.* क्रोड a Kos, यत a hundred, and डच् aff.  
**क्रोड (न) r. 1st. cl. (क्रोडति)** To kill or hurt.  
**क्रोड r. 1st. cl. (क्रोडते)** or (र) क्रोडि (क्रोडते) 1. To be confused, to grieve. 2. To confound; also क्रोडि (क्रोडति) 1. To call. 2. To shed tears.  
**क्रोड r. 10th cl. (क्रोडयति)** To speak, to speak barbarously.  
**क्रोड (व, भ, ज, ड) क्रोड r. 4th cl. (क्रोडयति)** To be fatigued, to be weary or exhausted.  
**क्रोड m. (-वः)** Fatigue, weariness, exhaustion. *m.* क्रोड् to be weary, affix डच्.  
**क्रोड m. (-वः)** Fatigue, exhaustion. *m.* क्रोड् to be weary, Unadi affix डच्.  
**क्रोडित n. (-तः)** Exhaustion, languor fatigue. *m.* क्रोडित, and त affix; also with तच्, क्रोडित.  
**क्रोडित mfn. (-नी-मिनी-मि)** Weary, exhausted. *m.* क्रोड, and डनि aff.  
**क्रोड r. 1st. cl. (क्रोडते)** To fear, to be afraid; डि is usually prefixed in this sense.  
**क्रोड mfn. (-नः-ना-नः)** 1. Wearied. 2. Depressed in spirits or exhausted. *m.* क्रोड् to be weary, त aff.  
**क्रोडनमन् mfn. (-नः-ना-नः)** Low spirited, languid, melancholy. *m.* क्रोड, and मनस् the mind.  
**क्रोडि f. (-निः)** Fatigue, weariness. *m.* क्रोड् to be weary, डनि aff.  
**क्रोडिच्छिद् mfn. (-च्छिद् or -च्छिद्)** Relieving fatigue, refreshing, invigorating. *m.* क्रोडि, and छिद् what cuts.  
**क्रोडिच्छेद m. (-दः)** Refreshing, restoring, removing fatigue. *m.* क्रोडि, and छेद cutting.  
**क्रोडि (र) क्रोडि r. 1st. cl. (क्रोडिते-ति)** To bewail, to lament, to weep. (क, डर;) डर क्रोडि r. 4th cl. (क्रोडयति) To be or become wet, damp, &c.  
**क्रोड mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Wet, moistened. *m.* क्रोड to be or become wet, irr. participle.  
**क्रोडवक्त्रं m. (-वा)** Excess of the lachrymal discharge, watering of the eyes. *m.* क्रोड, and वक्त्रं the eyelid.  
**क्रोडाव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Blear-eyed. *m.* क्रोड wet, and वच् the eye.  
**क्रोड (व) क्रोड r. 4th cl. (क्रोडते)** 1. To suffer distress. 2. To inflict or cause distress; (क,) क्रोड r. 9th cl. (क्रोडाति) 1. To oppose 2. To afflict, to distress.  
**क्रोडित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः)** Distress, afflicted, wearied. *m.* क्रोड to be distress, &c, affix त with डट inserted; also without डट, क्रोडि. [क्रोडत् aff.  
**क्रोडित mfn. (-वा-वती-वत्)** Suffering pain or distress. *m.* क्रोड, and

**क्रिष्ट** mfn. (-ः-ट-ट) 1. Distrest, afflicted, &c. 2. Inconsistent, contradictory. **क्रिष्ट्** to be distrest, &c. affix **क्**, deriv. irr.  
**क्रिष्टि** f. (-टि) 1. Calamity, distress. 2. Service. **क्रिष्ट्** to afflict, **क्रिष्ट्** aff.  
**क्रीतक** n. (-क) Liquorice, (*Glycyrrhiza glabra*) **क्रिष्ट्** to be weak, affix **क्**, **क्** being dropped; **क्रीत** weakness, **क्रिष्ट्** to remove, and **क्** dropped by affixing **ट**.  
**क्रीतकिक** f. (-का) The indigo plant, (*Indigofera Indica*.) **क्रिष्ट्** to be weak, affix **क्**, **क्** being dropped; **क्रीत** weakness, **क्रिष्ट्** to remove, and **क्** dropped by affixing **ट**.  
**क्रीव** (क्) **क्रीव** .. 1st. cl. (**क्रीवते**) 1. To be impotent. 2. To be timorous, to be modest or unassuming.  
**क्रीव** (क्) **क्रीव** r. 1st. cl. (**क्रीवते**) 1. To be impotent. 2. To be timid or modest.  
**क्रीव** mfn. (-व-वा-व) 1. Weak, impotent. 2. Idle, slothful. mn. (-व-व) 1. The neuter gender. 2. A eunuch. **क्रिष्ट्** to be weak or timid, affix **क्**; also read **क्रीवक्**.  
**क्रीव** n. (-व) 1. Wetness, dampness, moisture, &c. 2. Running, discharge from a sore. **क्रिष्ट्** to be wet, affix **क्**.  
**क्रीव** mfn. (-क-का-क्) Wetting, moistening, making wet or moist. m. (-क) Phlegm in the stomach, excess of saliva. **क्रिष्ट्** to be wet, causal form, **वृत्** aff.  
**क्रीव** m. (-दा) The moon. **क्रिष्ट्** to be damp, **क्रीव** Unadi aff.  
**क्रीव** n. (-व) 1. Wetting, moistening. 2. Oozing, trickling. m. (-क) Phlegm, the phlegmatic or watery humor. **क्रिष्ट्** to be moist, **वृत्** aff.  
**क्रीव** m. (-दु) 1. The moon. 2. Complication of disorders. **क्रिष्ट्** to be wet or damp, **वृत्** Unadi aff.  
**क्रीव** r. 1st. cl. (**क्रीवते**) 1. To speak articulately, 2. To distress. 3. To impede or obstruct. 4. To kill, to strike  
**क्रीव** m. (-म) 1. Pain, affliction or distress. 2. Pain from disease, anguish. Worldly occupation, care, trouble. 4. Wrath, anger. **क्रिष्ट्** to suffer or inflict pain, affix **क्**.  
**क्रीव** mfn. (-क-क्री-क्) Giving pain, annoying, afflicting. **क्रिष्ट्**, and **वृत्** aff.  
**क्रीवप्रदा** n. (-व) Termination of distress, especially of worldly cares, passions, &c. **क्रिष्ट्**, and **प्रदा** destruction.  
**क्रीवपद** mfn. (-व-पा-व) 1. Consolatory, consoling. 2. Palliative, allaying pain. m. (-म) A son. **क्रिष्ट्**, and **पद** what removes.  
**क्रीवित** mfn. (-त-ता-त) Pained, distressed, afflicted. **क्रिष्ट्** to suffer pain, **क्** aff.  
**क्रीविक** n. (-क) Wine, spirituous liquor. **क्रिष्ट्** liquorice, **टक्** affix; a fermented liquor being prepared from this root.  
**क्रीव** n. (-व्य) 1. Absence of virility, impotence. 2. The neuter gender. 3. Unmanliness, cowardice, &c. **क्रिष्ट्** and **वृत्** aff.  
**क्रीव** n. (-न) The bladder. **क्रिष्ट्** to go, **क्रीव** affix; also with a final vowel; **क्रीव** n. (-नी).  
**क्** ind. Where, in what place or degree.  
**क्** m. (-क्) A sort of Panick: see **क्**.  
**क्** ind. Somewhere.  
**क्** r. 1st. cl. (**क्**) To sound.  
**क्** m. (-क्) 1. The sound or tone of any musical instrument 2. Sound in general. **क्रिष्ट्** to sound, **क्** affix; also **क्**.  
**क्** mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) Sounding. **क्रिष्ट्**, and **क्** aff.  
**क्** n. (-क्) The sound of any musical instrument. m. (-म) A small earthen pot or boiler. **क्रिष्ट्** to sound, affix **क्**.  
**क्** mfn. (-त-ता-त) Sounded, twanged, **क्रिष्ट्** to sound, **क्** aff.  
**क्** mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) Of or belonging to where or what place **क्रिष्ट्** added to **क्**.  
**क्** r. 1st. cl. (-क्) **क्** (**क्**) To decoct, to boil, to prepare by heat, to digest.  
**क्** n. (-क्) Boiling, decocting. **क्रिष्ट्** to boil, **क्** aff.

**क्** mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) Boiled, decocted, stewed, digested. **क्रिष्ट्** to decoct, &c. affix **क्**.  
**क्** m. (-क्) The sound of musical instruments. **क्रिष्ट्** to sound, affix **क्**; see **क्**.  
**क्** m. (-क्) 1. A decoction, any solution or infusion prepared with a continued and gentle heat. 2. Pain, sorrow. 3. Calamity, distress. 4. The mixture of the materials for a decoction. **क्रिष्ट्** to decoct, **क्** aff.  
**क्** n. (-क्) Blue vitriol used as a collyrium. **क्रिष्ट्** and **क्** produced.  
**क्** r. 1st. cl. (**क्** **क्** (**क्**)) To shake or move.  
**क्** m. (-क्) 1. A destruction of the world. 2. A demon, a goblin. 3. The third incarnation of **विष्णु**, the **Narasinha Avatar**. 4. Lightning. 5. A field. 6. A peasant, a husbandman. 7. Loss, disappearance. **क्रिष्ट्** or **क्** to waste, &c. affix **क्**.  
**क्** (क्, क) r. 1st. cl. (**क्**) 1. To go or approach. 2. To give. (क्, क, क)  
**क्** r. 1st. cl. (**क्**) 1. To go. 2. To give. r. 1st. and 10th cla. (क्)  
**क्** (**क्**) (**क्**) To live in distress, to live in pain or want.  
**क्** (क्) **क्** r. 8th cl. (**क्**) To kill, to injure.  
**क्** m. (-क्) 1. A measure of time equal to thirty Kalas or four minutes. 2. A moment. 3. A festival. 4. Vacation from work, state of being unemployed. 5. Leisure, opportunity. 6. A certain day of the fortnight, as the full, change, &c. see **क्** 7. Dependence, servitude. 8. The centre, the middle. n. adv. (-क्) For a moment. **क्रिष्ट्** to injure, affix **क्**.  
**क्** m. (-क्) A short delay. **क्रिष्ट्**, and **क्** throwing (away).  
**क्** m. (-क्) A wound or sore. **क्रिष्ट्** to hurt, **क्** aff.  
**क्** m. (-क्) An astrologer. n. (-क्) Water. f. (-दा) 1. Night. 2. Turmeric. **क्रिष्ट्** leisure, a moment, &c. and **क्** who gives.  
**क्** mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) Nocturnal, nightwalker. mf. (-क्-क्) A fiend, a goblin, **क्** night, and **क्** who or what goes.  
**क्** n. (-क्) Night blindness, nyctalopsis. **क्रिष्ट्**, and **क्** blindness.  
**क्** mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) Momentarily visible, seen for an instant. **क्रिष्ट्**, and **क्** seen.  
**क्** f. (-क्) Lightning. **क्रिष्ट्**, and **क्** Light.  
**क्** n. (-क्) Killing, slaughter. **क्रिष्ट्** to hurt, to kill, affix **क्**.  
**क्** m. (-क्) A porpoise, the Gangetic porpoise. **क्रिष्ट्** a moment and **क्** breath, breathing.  
**क्** mfn. (-क्) Lightning. **क्रिष्ट्** and **क्** manifest.  
**क्** mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) Gleaming, flashing. f. (क्) Lightning, **क्रिष्ट्** a moment, and **क्** light.  
**क्** mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) Transient, frail, perishable. **क्रिष्ट्**, and **क्** breaking.  
**क्** mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) Momentary, short-lived. **क्रिष्ट्** and **क्** been.  
**क्** adv. n. (-क्) Momentary, but for a moment. **क्रिष्ट्**, and **क्** only.  
**क्** m. (-क्) A pigeon. **क्रिष्ट्** a moment, and **क्** to play, affix **क्**.  
**क्** mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) Transient, frail. **क्रिष्ट्** and **क्** what is destroyed.  
**क्** adv. n. (-क्) A minute afterwards, the next moment. **क्रिष्ट्**, and **क्** interval.  
**क्** mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) Momentary, transient. f. (-क्) Lightning. **क्रिष्ट्** a moment, affix **क्** or **क्**.  
**क्** mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) Momentary, transient. f. (-क्) Night. **क्रिष्ट्**, **क्** and **क्** affs.  
**क्** mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) 1. Hit, hurt, wounded, &c. 2. Broken, torn, rent. 3. Trodden or broken down. 4. Impaired, diminished. 5. Destroyed. n. (-क्) A wound, sore, a hurt. **क्रिष्ट्** to hurt, affix **क्**, deriv. irr.  
**क्** m. (-क्) The name of a plant; (*Conyza lacera*.) f. (-क्) **क्**, the

animal dye. ३. चत a wound, and च what destroys or removes, from च्च् to kill, affix टच्, fem. affix डीच्.  
 चतन n. (-च) 1. Blood. 2. Pus, matter. ३. चत a wound, and च produced.  
 चततेजश्च mfn. (-चा-जा-जः) Dimmed, obscured, (as light or power.) ३. चत and तेजस् splendour.  
 चतविचत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Mangled, wounded. ३. चत and विचत wounded.  
 चतविधं चिन् m. (-ची) A sort of potherb, (Convolvulus argenteus :) see इच्छदार. ३. चत a wound &c. च्च् to attack, with वि prefix, and चि aff.  
 चतवर्णि f. (-वि) Destitution, being without the means of support, living on what one can get. ३. चत and वर्णि maintenance.  
 चतव्रत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) A violator of a vow or religious engagement. ३. चत broken, and व्रत a religious obligation.  
 चतवर n. (-र) Agallochum or aloe wood : see चयुव. ३. चत a wound, and वर what removes.  
 चतारि mfn. (-रि-रि-रि) Victorious, triumphant. ३. चत struck, and चरि a foe.  
 चति f. (-वि) A wound. ३. चच् to hurt, क्ति aff.  
 चतौजस् mfn. (-जा-जा-जः) Weakened, reduced, impaired. ३. चत, and औजस् strength.  
 चतु mfn. (-ता-ची-चु) Occupied, engaged in work, m. (-ता) 1. A charioteer, a coachman. 2. A doorkeeper, a porter. 3. The son of a Sudra by Kshetriya woman, whose employment is catching animals that live in holes. 4. The son of a female slave. 5. A name of BRAHMA. 6. The son of a Sudra man and Vaisya woman. ३. चट a Sautra root, to screen or defend, to join or mix, Unadi affix टच्.  
 चत m. (-चः) A man of the second or military and regal class. n. (-च) The body. ३. चट Sautra root, to divide or eat, Unadi affix त्; this word and its derivatives are commonly, for the sake of convenience, written with one त, चच.  
 चतचर्म m. (-र्म) The duty of a Kshetriya, bravery, military conduct. ३. चतु and चर्म duty.  
 चतचर्मोत्तुन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Following or observing the duty of a soldier. ३. चतचर्म, and चतुन who follows.  
 चतचम्बु mfn. (-म्बु-म्बु or -म्बु-म्बु) 1. A mere Kshetriya, a certain Kshetriya. 2. A Kshetriya, one of the military tribe : see ब्रह्मचम्बु.  
 चतुम्बु m. (-ची) A man of the military class. ३. चतु and चम्बु aff.  
 चतिय mf. (-यः-या or याची) A man or woman of the second or military tribe. f. (-ची) The wife of a Kshetriya. ३. चच, affix च, fem. टाप् or डीच्, in one form, with चातुक् inserted.  
 चतियजाति f. (-ति) The military tribe or caste. ३. चतिय, and जाति caste.  
 चतियवर्ध m. (-र्म) The duty or occupation of the warrior tribe, war, government, &c. ३. चतिय, and वर्ध duty.  
 चतियवर्ध mfn. (-यः-या-च) Full of or abounding with the military tribe. ३. चतिय, and वर्ध most.  
 चट Sautra r. 1st cl. (चटति) 1. To eat. 2. To pull to pieces, to divide.  
 चटने mfn. (-चट्-चनी-चत्) 1. Eating. 2. Dividing, tearing. ३. चट to eat, &c. v. चट aff.  
 चटन n. (-न) 1. Eating. 2. Tearing, dividing. ३. चट to eat, चट् aff.  
 चतन्य mfn. (-न्यः-न्या-न्य) To be endured, to be suffered or submitted to patiently. ३. चत् to bear, and तन्य aff.  
 चतु mfn. (-ता-ची-चु) Patient, resigned. ३. चत् to bear, to be patient, टच् aff.  
 चप r. 10th cl. (चपयति) 1. To send, to throw, to cast, to direct, &c. 2. To bear patiently. (च) चपि r. 1st and 10th cls. (चपयति, चपयति) 1. To bear patiently, to endure. 2. To compassionate. 3. To abase.  
 चपच m. (-चा-चा-च) Shameless, impudent. n. (-च) Defilement, impurity. ३. चप, to throw away (shame), affix च्च्.

चपच m. (-चा) 1. A Bud'dha. 2. A Bud'dha mendicant. 3. A Jain mendicant. ३. चच् added to the preceding.  
 चपची f. (-ची) 1. An ear. 2. A net : see चेषि.  
 चपच, च. (-चः) Offence, transgression. ३. चच् to bear, चच् aff.  
 चपयत् mfn. (-यत्-यनी-यत्) 1. Bearing patiently, enduring. 2. Casting sending. ३. चप् to send, चट aff.  
 चपा f. (-पा) Night. ३. चप् to send or reject, च affix, and टाप् fem. do.  
 चपावर m. (-रः) The moon. ३. चपा night, and वर who makes.  
 चपावन m. (-नः) A dark cloud or clouds of night. ३. चपा, and वन cloud.  
 चपावर m. (-रः) A fiend, a goblin. ३. चपा, and वर who goes.  
 चपाट m. (-टः) A Rakshasa, an imp or goblin. ३. चपा night, and चट who goes.  
 चपानाव m. (-वः) The moon. ३. चपा, and नाव lord.  
 चपान m. (-नः) Dawn, day-break. ३. चपा, and चन end.  
 चपाड n. (-ड) A day and night. ३. चपा, and चड् a day.  
 चपित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Submitted to, borne, endured. 2. Sent, cast, directed. ३. चप, and त aff.  
 चन (च, व, नि) लिचतुभ r. 1st cl. (चनते) To bear or endure. (च, वर, न चरचतुभ r. 4th. cl. (चावति) To bear or endure.  
 चन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. Patient, resigned, enduring. 2. Refraining from, forbearing. 3. Able, adequate. 4. Benevolent, friendly. 5. Fit, appropriate, suitable, proper. f. (-ना) 1. Patience. 2. The earth. 3. Night. 4. A name of DURGA. n. (न) Propriety, fitness. ३. चन as above, affix चच्.  
 चनाचित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Patient, enduring. 2. Forgiving. ३. चना, and चित possessed of.  
 चनापर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Patient, forbearing. ३. चना, पर practising.  
 चनातुज mfn. (-जः) Patient. m. (-जः) A king, a prince. ३. चना, the earth, &c. and भुज् who possesses.  
 चनातुज mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) Patient, enduring, ३. चना, and तुज joined with.  
 चनावत् mfn. (-वान्-वनी-वत्) Patient, enduring. ३. चना, and वत् aff.  
 चनित mfn. (-ता-ची-त) Patient, enduring. ३. चन् to bear, affix टच्.  
 चनिन् mfn. (-नी-मिनी-नि) 1. Patient. 2. Capable, able. ३. चन् to bear, चितुच् aff.  
 चय m. (-यः) 1. Loss, waste, destruction, removal, &c. 2. A destruction of the universe. 3. Consumption, Phthisis pulmonalis. 4. A house, an abode. 5. Sickness in general. 6. Decay, wasting away. 7. In algebra, negative quantity, minus. ३. चि to waste or destroy, affix चच्.  
 चयकर mfn. (-रः-री-रः) 1. Destroying, terminating. Liberating from existence. ३. चय, and कर who makes.  
 चयकाळ m. (-कः) The end of all things, the period of destruction. ३. चय, and काळ time. [cough].  
 चयकाळ m. (-कः) A consumptive or phthisical cough. ३. चय, and काळ  
 चयचु m. (-चु) Cough, consumption. ३. चि to waste, चयच् affix ; some copies read this चयचु, च्च्. v.  
 चयमाश्रिणी f. (-नी) A plant, (Celtis Orientalis :) see जीवनी. ३. चय consumption, and माश्रिणी what removes.  
 चयपच m. (-चः) The dark fortnight, that of the moon's wane, ३. चय and पच half month.  
 चयवायु m. (-युः) The wind that is to blow at the end of the world. ३. चय, and वायु wind.  
 चययुक्ति f. (-क्ति) Necessity or opportunity of destroying. ३. चय, and युक्त, fitness ; also चययोग.  
 चयरोज m. (-जः) Consumption. ३. चय, and रोज disease.  
 चयरोजित m. (-जित) Consumption. ३. चयरोजित् and जित affix ; also with तच्, चयरोजिता.  
 चयरोजित् mfn. (-नी-मिनी-नि) Consumptive, hectic. ३. चय, and रोजित diseased.

अवस्यद् f. (-त् or -द्) Total loss, ruin, destruction. ३. अव, and अव्यद् increase.

अयिन् mfn. (-यि-यि-यि) 1. Wasting, decaying. 3. Consumptive, ३. अव, and इति aff.

अयिन् mfn. (-युः-युः-यु) Wasting, decaying perishing. ३. चि to perish, इत्युच् aff.

अर r. 1st. cl. (अरति) 1. To drop or let fall. 2. To distil, to ooze, to trickle. With सं, To flow. With चा, r. of the 10th cl. (चाचारयति) To accuse, to abuse.

अर m. (-रः) 1. A cloud. 2. Trickling oozing. n. (-र) Water. ३. अर् to drop, and अच् aff.

अरुन् mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Produced by distillation, &c. ३. अर, and ज born; also अरेज.

अरव n. (-वः) 1. Trickling, running. 3. Distilling, dropping, ३. अर and अट् aff.

अरन् mfn. (-रन्-रन्-रन्) Trickling, oozing, running ३. अर् to trickle अट् aff.

अरुण f. (-रा) The Dronapushpa plant.

अरुण mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Mutable, dissoluble. ३. अर flowing, भाव property.

अरित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Oozed, trickling, dropped, flowing, liquified. ३. अर, and क् aff.

अरिन् mfn. (-री-रि-रि) Dropping, flowing, trickling. m. (-री) The rainy season. ३. अर water, and इति aff.

अरेज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Produced by distilling, &c. ३. अर in the seventh case, and ज born.

अल r. 1st cl. (अलति) 1. To shake. 2. To move, (some consider this as interchangeable with अर.) r. 10th cl. (आलयति) To purify, to cleanse or make clean.

अव m. (-वः) 1. Sneezing. 2. Cough, catarrh. 2. A species of Mustard (*Sinapis dichotoma*, Rox.) ३. अु to sneeze, affix अच्.

अवहन् mfn. (-न्) Sneezing, coughing. ३. अव, and हन् who makes.

अविका f. (-का) 1. A kind of rice. 2. A woman.

अवयु m. (-युः) 1. Cough, catarrh. 3. Sneezing. 3. Irritation of the throat, sore throat. ३. अु to sneeze, &c. अयुच् aff.

आज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Belonging or relating to the military tribe. ३. अच्, and अच् aff.

आन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Patient, enduring. ३. अन् to bear, affix क्.

आनि f. (-निः) Patience, forbearance, endurance. ३. अन् to be patient, affix क्तिन्.

आनु mfn. (-नुः-ना-नु) Patient, enduring. ३. अन् to bear, Unadi affix तुन् the vowel is made long.

आम mfn. (-मः-मा-म) 1. Slender, slim, emaciated. 2. Weak, infirm. ३. अे to waste, affix क्, form irr.

आमता f. (-ता) 1. Slenderness. 2. Thinness, emaciation. 3. Debility. ३. आम, and तच् affix; also with ल, आमल.

आमास n. (-सः) Improper regimen, diet. &c. Contra-indicated in disease. ३. आम debilitating, and आस to be eaten.

आर m. (-रः) 1. Glass. 2. Juice, essence. 3. Molasses, treacle. 4. Salt. 5. Ashes. 5. A rogue, a cheat. 7. Borax, borate of soda. 8. Alkali, either soda or potash. 9. Caustic Alkali, one species of caustery. n. (-रः) A factitious or medicinal salt, commonly black salt: see अरुण-अवयु. ३. अर् to prop, or distil, affix अच्.

आरु m. (-रुः) 1. A blossom, a new blown flower. 2. A cage or basket for birds or fish. 3. A washerman. 4. Juice, essence, ३. अर् to fall or drop, affix अच्.

आरुण्यम् n. (-ण्यः) Applying caustic alkali (*lapis infernalis*) to proud flesh, &c. ३. आर, and अरुण्य act.

आरुण्यम् nm. (-ण्यः-ण्यः) Accusing, calumniating. n. (-ण्यः) 1. Distilling. 2. Converting to alkali or ashes. ३. अर् to drop, causal form, अट् aff.

आरुण्य f. (-णा) A potherb.

आरुण्य m. (-रुः) A tree, commonly Ghantaparali; see अरुण्य; also

आरुण्य n. (-ण्यः) A potherb, (*Chenopodium album*.) ३. आरुण्य juice, and अरुण्य a leaf; also आरुण्यक.

आरुण्य m. (-ण्यः) A shrub, (*Achyranthes aspera*.) also अरुण्यक. ३. आरुण्य alkali; and अरुण्य middle; its alkaline ashes make it useful in washing clothes.

आरुण्यिका f. (-का) Saline soil, especially an impure sulphate of soda. ३. आरुण्य salt, and अरुण्यिका earth.

आरुण्य m. (-ण्यः) A salt or alkaline flavour. ३. आरुण्य, and अरुण्य flavour.

आरुण्य m. (-ण्यः) Any tree yielding abundant potash, as the plantain, &c. ३. आरुण्य, and अरुण्य a tree.

आरुण्य n. (-ण्यः) Six kinds of trees distinguished by their juice, as the *Butea frondosa*, *Grislea tomentosa*, *Achyranthes aspera*, *Cow-sah*, *Ghantaparali*, *Coraya*. ३. आरुण्य, and अरुण्य six.

आरुण्य n. (-ण्यः) Sea-salt. ३. आरुण्य salt, and अरुण्य clear, pure.

आरुण्य f. (-का) Hunger.

आरुण्य mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Guilty. 2. Calumniated, falsely accused, specially of adultery. 3. Accused of crime. 4. Distilled from saline matter, strained through alkaline ashes, &c. ३. अर् to go or fall, in the causal form, affix क्.

आलन n. (-नः) Washing, sprinkling, cleaning with water. ३. आल् to wash, affix अट्.

आलनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be washed, to be cleaned with water. अल्, and अनीय affix; also with तच् and यच् आलित्य and आल्य.

आलन्य mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Washing, sprinkling, ३. अल् to wash अट् aff.

आलित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Cleared, cleaned, washed. ३. आल् to cleanse, affix क्.

अि r. 1st cl. (अयति) 1. To wane or decrease. 2. To diminish, to disappear, to waste, to perish. 3. To rule or possess with unlimited power. r. 5th cl. (अियति) To hurt or injure, to wound or kill. r. 6th cl. (अियति) 1. To dwell. 2. To go or approach. (अ) अि r. 9th cl. (अियति) To injure or kill.

अि f. (-यिः) Residence, abode. 2. Going, moving. 3. Waste, loss, destruction. ३. अि to decrease, &c. अि aff. [जु, to kill.]

अि (अ) अि r. 8th cl. (अियति or अियते or अियति-युते) To hurt, to injure mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Wasted, decayed. 2. Poor, miserable. ३. अि to waste, affix क्; also अीच्.

अिति f. (-तिः) 1. The earth. 2. An abode, a dwelling, a house. 3. Loss, destruction, wane. 4. The period of the destruction of the universe. 5. A perfume, commonly called Roohana. ३. अि to waste, to dwell, &c. अिति aff.

अितिकम् mf. (-यः-या) ust. ३. अिति the earth, and अितिक a particle.

अितिकम् m. (-नः) A tree, (*Mimosa khayar*.) ३. अिति, and अितिक able.

अितिकम् m. (-नः) A king, a prince. ३. अिति, and अि to dwell, affix क्तिन्.

अितिकम् m. (-ण्यः) A clod or lump of earth. ३. अिति, and अितिक earth.

अितिक mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Earth-born, produced of or in the earth. m. (-जः) 1. Mars. 2. The demon NARAKA. 3. An earthworm. f. (-जा) SITA. ३. अिति, and ज born.

अितिकम् m. (-नः) An earthworm. ३. अिति, and अितिक animal.

अितिक n. (-नः) 1. The region below the earth. 2. The surface of the earth. ३. अिति, and तच् beneath.

अितिक m. (-रः) A mountain. ३. अिति the earth, and अर what holds.

अितिकम् mfn. (-री-रि-रि) Carrying soil or earth. ३. अिति, and अितिक bearing.

अितिकम् m. (-जः) An earth-worm. ३. अिति, and अितिक a serpent.

अितिक m. (-यः) A king. ३. अिति, and अय who protects; also अितिकम्.

अितिक m. (-तिः) king, a sovereign. ३. अिति, and अितिक lord.

अितिक m. (-जः) A king, a prince. ३. अिति, and अितिक who protects.

अितिक n. (-नः) The surface of the earth. ३. अिति, and अितिक a stool.

अितिकम् mfn. (-यः-या-य) Dwelling on the earth. ३. अिति, and अितिक established.



बीरप mfn. (-पः-पा-प) Drinking milk. who or what drinks it. E. बीर, and प who drinks.  
 बीरपशी f. (-शी) See बीरदल.  
 बीरपाच n. (-च) drinking milk; also बीरपाज. m. plu. (-चाः) The name of a people, the milk-drinkers. E. बीर, and पाज drink; in the second sense, न is changed always to च.  
 बीरपायिन् mfn. (-यी-यिबी-यि) 1. Drinking milk, sucking, &c. 2. Drinking or imbibing water repeatedly. E. बीर, and पायिन् who drinks.  
 बीरपायिन् m. plu. (-यिचः) The people called Usinara, the milk-drinkers. E. बीर, पा to drink, चिन् affix, य inserted, and न final changed to च.  
 बीरसीक m. (-कः) A tree, (Morunga hyperanthera.)  
 बीरसीरट m. (-टः) A plant, a kind of Murva: see मूला.  
 बीरयष्टिक n. (-क) A dish of liquorice and milk. E. बीर, and यष्टिक made of liquorice.  
 बीरयज्ञी f. (-ज्ञी) The dark Bhuincaonra, (Convolvulus paniculatus) 'E. बीर water, and यज्ञी pedicle: see बीरकन्द.  
 बीरविज्ञति f. (-तिः) Inspissated milk. E. बीर milk, and विज्ञति change of form.  
 बीरविदारिका f. (-का) The dark Bhuincaonra; also बीरविदारी.  
 बीरविदारी f. (-री) The white or black Bhuincaonra, (Convolvulus paniculatus:) see भूमिकुशाखक. E. बीर water, and विदारी the same plant.  
 बीरवृक्ष m. (-वृः) Glomerous fig tree, (Ficus glomerata;) also उडुखर. E. बीर, milk, and वृक्ष a tree, the leaves and bark yielding a white milky juice.  
 बीरसर m. (-रः) Cream, the surface or skim of milk. E. बीर milk, and सर what goes over or on.  
 बीरयक्ष्म m. (-क्ष्मः) An aquatic plant, (Trapa bispinosa, Rox.) f. (-क्षा) The pale Bhuincaonra: see भूमिकुशाखक. E. बीर milk, and यक्ष्म white; white as milk, the fruit, &c.  
 बीरसार m. (-रः) Butter. E. बीर, and सार essence.  
 बीरकटिक m. (-कः) A precious stone, described as a milky crystal, (opal or cat's eye) E. बीर milk, and कटिक crystal.  
 बीरद m. (-दः) An infant at the breast. E. बीर, and द who feeds.  
 बीरालि m. (-लिः) The sea of milk, one of the seven seas surrounding as many worlds. E. बीर milk, and लि the ocean.  
 बीरालिज m. (-जः) The moon. f. (-जा) A name of the goddess LAKSHMI. n. (-ज) 1. Sea salt. 2. A pearl. E. बीरालि the sea of milk, and ज born.  
 बीरालितनया f. (-या) A name of LAKSHMI: E. बीरालि the sea of milk, and तनया daughter.  
 बीरालाद m. (-दः) An infant both fed and suckled. E. बीर, and द food, द who eats.  
 बीरालिका f. (-का) A sort of Asclepias; see the next.  
 बीराली f. (-ली) A sort of Asclepias, (A. rosia, Rox;) also दुग्धिका E. बीर milk or milky juice, ल् to contain, affix लच् and लीप्.  
 बीराल m. (-लः) The Saral, a kind of pine. E. बीर milk, and लाल what is named; or it may mean that the tree is also named simply बीर, that which yields a milky juice or sap.  
 बीरिका f. (-का) 1. A tree bearing an edible fruit, (Mimusops kauki, Rox.) 2. A potherb, Bhuincaonra, (Convolvulus paniculatus.) E. बीर milk, affix डक्.  
 बीरिबी f. (-बी) 1. A milch cow. 2. A tree bearing an edible fruit, (Mimusops kauki.) 3. A medicinal kind of the moon plant or acid Asclepias. E. बीर milk, and रि affix, alluding to its juice, fem. affix डीप्.  
 बीरिन् mfn. (-री-रिबी-रि) 1. Milky, yielding milk. 2. Having milk. m. (-री) A sort of Mimusops; see बीरिका. E. बीर milk, and रि aff.  
 बीरिबी f. (-बी) An oblation of milk, rice, and sugar.

बीरीर m. (-रः) The sea of milk. E. बीर milk, and र water: it also implies the sea in general.  
 बीरीरतनया f. (-या) A name of LAKSHMI. E. बीरीर the sea of milk, and तनया daughter.  
 बीरीरनन्दन m. (-नः) The moon. E. बीरीर the ocean in general, and नन्दन a son.  
 बीर (च) बीर r. 1st cl. (बीरति) 1. To spit or sputter, to eject from the mouth. 2. To be drunk: see चिच्, also बीर.  
 बीर mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Drunk, intoxicated. E. बीर, and च affix; also बीर.  
 बीरता f. (-ता) Drunkenness, intoxication. E. तच् added to the last; also with ल, बीरल; also बीरता, &c.  
 बु (ट) डुबु r. 2d cl. (बुति) To sneeze, to make any such sound.  
 बुब m. (-बः) The soap berry plant, (Sapindus saponaria.) E. बुब to bruise, बुब aff.  
 बुब mfn. (-बः-बा-ब) 1. Bruised, pounded. 2. Exercised, practiced, skilful. 3. One versed in sacred science, but described as unable to explain or teach it. 4. Defeated, overcame. E. बुब to bruise, &c affix क, form irr.  
 बुत् f. (-बुत्) 1. Sneezing; also बुत्. E. बु to sneeze, affix क्, तुच् is added.  
 बुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Sneezed, sneezing. mf. (-तः-ता) 1. Sneezing. 2. Cough. E. बु to sneeze, affix क.  
 बुत्बन् mfn. (-बन्-बती-बत्) Sneezing. E. बु to sneeze, तबत् aff.  
 बुतामिजनन m. (-नः) Black-mustard. E. बुत् sneezing, and चमिजनन what produces; also बुतामिजनन.  
 बुत्करी f. (-री) Black-mustard. E. बुत् sneezing, करी making.  
 बुत्करीपीडित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Hungry and thirsty. E. बुत् with दक् thirst, and उपरीडित distressed.  
 बुत्पिपासित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Hungry and thirsty, E. बुत्, and पिपास thirst, दत् aff.  
 बुत्प्रतीकार m. (-रः) Allaying hunger, eating. E. बुत्, and प्रतीकार counter-acting.  
 बुद (ज, इर, बी) बी बुदिर r. 7th cl. (बुदति, बुते) To pound, to bruise, to reduce, to powder.  
 बुद mfn. (-दः-दा-द) 1. Small, little. 2. Mean, low. 3. Mean, niggardly, avaricious. 4. Cruel. 5. Poor, indigent. f. (-द्र) 1. A woman maimed or crippled, wanting a limb, &c. 2. A dancing girl. 3. A whore, a harlot. 4. A fly. 5. A bee or wasp. 6. A gnat, &c. 7. A prickly nightshade: see कटकारी. 8. The egg plant, (Solanum melongena.) 9. Sorrel, (Oxalis monadelph.) E. बुद to bruise or pound, Unadi affix रक्.  
 बुदकम् m. (-कः) A small shell. E. बुद small, and कम् a shell.  
 बुदकटिका f. (-का) A tinkling ornament, a girdle of small bells, &c. E. बुद small, कटिका a clock or bell, affix कन्, and the fem. form.  
 बुदबुक् m. (-बुक्) A kind of small bird. E. बुद small, and बुक् a crest, small-crested.  
 बुदजन्तु m. (-जन्तुः) 1. Any small animal. 2. A kind of worm, (Julus.) E. बुद small, and जन्तु animal.  
 बुदजीर m. (-रः) Small cummin. E. बुद small, and जीर cummin seed.  
 बुदता f. (-ता) 1. Smallness, minuteness. 2. Inferiority, insignificance, meanness. E. तच् added to बुद; also with ल, बुदल.  
 बुददक्षिका f. (-का) A small gadfly. E. बुद, and दक्षिका a gadfly.  
 बुददंती f. (-ती) A small gadfly. E. बुद, and दंती a gadfly.  
 बुदनासिक mfn. (-नः-नी-न) Having a little nose. E. बुद, and नासिका the nose.  
 बुदपत्रा f. (-पा) Wood-sorrel, (Oxalis monadelph.) E. बुद, and पत्र a leaf, small-leaved.  
 बुदकक m. (-कः) A tree, (Celtis orientalis:) see बीरक. E. बुद, and क fruit, कच् added, bearing a small fruit.  
 बुदकका f. (-का) A plant. (Ardisia solanacea.) E. बुद, and क fruit.

**सुदुर्बुद्धि** mfn. (-वि-वि-वि) Simple, silly, ignorant. ३. सुदु, and बुद्धि under-standing.

**सुदुर्लभ** m. (-वः) A minor disease, one of little importance. ३. सुदु, and र्लभ disease.

**सुदुर्लभा** f. (-जा) A plant (Dioscorea:) see वराहकाला.

**सुदुर्लभ** m. (-वः) A small shell. ३. सुदु, and लभ a shell.

**सुदुर्लभ** m. (-वः) A tree, (Celosia cristata.) ३. सुदु, and लभ the head, having a small head.

**सुदुर्लभा** f. (-जा) A plant, commonly Mugai: see सुदुर्लभ.

**सुदुर्लभ, विजा** f. (-जा) A prickly nightshade, (Solanum jacuini.) a small species. ३. सुदु small, and विजा the plant.

**सुदुर्लभ, ली** f. (-ली) See the last.

**सुदुर्लभ, ली** m. (-तः) Small fly. ३. सुदु small, ली an egg, ली a fish, and ली a heap.

**सुदुर्लभ, ली** m. (-तः) A tree, (Artocarpus lacucha:) see सुदुर्लभ.

**सुदुर्लभा** f. (-जा) Wood-sorrel, (Oxalis monadelph.) ३. सुदु, and ली sour; a small and acid plant.

**सुध** (सु धी) चौबथुल r. 4th cl. (सुधति) To be hungry, to hunger.

**सुध** f. (सुध or सुध) Hunger. ३. सुध to be hungry, affix लिप्.

**सुधा** f. (-धा) Hunger. ३. सुध to be hungry, affixes लङ् and टप्.

**सुधाकर** mfn. (-र-री-र) Causing hunger, improving the appetite ३. सुधा, and कर what makes.

**सुधाभ** m. (-भः) Allaying hunger. ३. सुधा, and भ destruction.

**सुधापीडित** mfn. (-त-ता-त) Hungry, starving. ३. सुधा, and पीडित pained.

**सुधामिजन** m. (-नः) Black mustard. ३. सुधा hunger, and मिजन caus-ing, promoting.

**सुधार्त** m. (-तः-ता-त) Hungry, hungered. ३. सुधा and तार्त pained.

**सुधामानि** f. (-निः) Satisfaction, satiety, allaying hunger. ३. सुधा, and मानि appeasing.

**सुधित** mfn. (-त-ता-त) Hungered, hungry. ३. सुध to be hungry, affix क.

**सुधुन** m. (-नः) A savage, a barbarian. ३. सुध to be hungry, Unadi affix लङ्.

**सुध** m. (-पः) A small tree, one with short branches and roots, a bush, a shrub. ३. सुध to sound, aff. प.

**सुध** mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) 1. Agitated, tossed, stirred. 2. Agitated men-tally, anxious, disturbed. m. (-अः) The churning stick. ३. सुध to stir, to agitate, affix क, form irr.

**सुध** m. 1st cl. (सुधति) 1. To be confused or agitated. 2. To stir or dis-turb. r. 4th cl. and 9th cl. (सुधति and सुधति) 2. To shake, to-tremple, to be unsteady.

**सुधित** mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Frightened, alarmed, afraid. 2. Agitated, tossed, set in motion. 3. Agitated mentally, disturbed, anxious. 4. Angry, enraged. ३. सुध to shake, to be agitated, to stir, &c. affix क.

**सुधा** f. (-धा) 1. Linseed, (Linum usitatissimum.) 2. A sort of flax, Ben-gal San. 3. The indigo plant. 4. A sort or creeper. ३. सुध to sound, affix लङ्.

**सुध** r. 6th cl. (सुधति) 1. To cut. 2. To scratch, to make lines or furrows.

**सुध** m. (-रः) 1. A razor. 2. A plant, (Barleria longifolia.) 3. Also Tribulus lanuginosus: see नीचुर. 4. A horse's hoof; also सुध 5. The hoof of a cow, &c. 6. The foot of a bedstead. f. (-री) A knife. ३. सुध to scratch or cut, Unadi affix रङ् and the final consonant rejected; also सुध.

**सुध** m. (-रः) 1. A plant; commonly Tila. 2. Barleria longifolia. 3. Tribulus lanuginosus. ३. सुध to scratch, &c. सुध aff.

**सुध** m. (-रः) 1. kind of arrow, one with a sharp-horse-shoe-shaped head. 2. A sort of hoe or weeding spade. ३. सुध a hoof, and सुध to go, & affix; also सुध.

**सुध** m. (-रः) A razor case. ३. सुध, and सुध a vessel.

**सुध** m. (-री) A barber. ३. सुध a razor, and सुध to destroy, affix लिप्.

**सुध** f. (-री) A kind of yam: see वराहकाला.

**सुध** m. (-री-री-री) A male or female barber. ३. सुध a razor, and सुध aff.

**सुध** mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) Little, small. ३. सुध to pound, affix लिप्, -प powder, dust, ल from ल to get, to be, affix ल; also सुध.

**सुध** mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) 1. Little, small. 2. Hard. 3. Poor, indigent. 4. Low, vile. 5. Wicked, malicious, abandoned. 6. Young, youngest. 7. Pained, distressed, m. (-वः) A small shell. ३. सुध as above, ल added, also सुध.

**सुध** m. (-तः) See the next.

**सुध** m. (-वः) A paternal uncle. ३. सुध youngest, and लत a father लङ् added.

**सुध** mfn. (-वा-वती-वत्) Sneezing. ३. सुध, and लत aff.

**सुध** r. 10th cl. (सुधति) To eat.

**सुध** m. (-रः) 1. Disease in the ear. 2. Poison. 3. Sound: see सुध.

**सुध** m. (-तः) Roar of a lion.

**सुध** n. (-वः) 1. A field. 2. The body. 3. A wife. 4. A pure or sacred spot, a place of pilgrimage, as Puri, &c. 5. Plane figure, geo-metry. 6. A diagram. ३. सुध to dwell, &c. affix लङ्.

**सुध** mfn. (-र-री-र) Making a field, cultivating it, &c. ३. सुध, क who makes.

**सुध** mfn. (-ज-जा-ज) 1. Produced in a field, (as corn, &c.) 2. Born o the body, &c. m. (-जः) A son, the offspring of the wife by a kins man or person duly appointed to procreate issue to the husband ३. सुध wife, and ज born, born of the wife only; this is one of the twelve kinds of issue acknowledged by the old Hindu law.

**सुध** mfn. (-ज-जा-ज) 1. Clever, dexterous, skilful. 2. A husbandman &c. m. (-जः) 1. The soul, the emanation of divinity residing in the body. 2. A libertine, a whore-monger. ३. सुध a field, the body &c. and ज who knows.

**सुध** m. (-तिः) A land-owner, a farmer, the master of a field. ३. सुध and ति master.

**सुध** f. (-निः) Cultivated land. ३. सुध, and भूमि land.

**सुध** m. (-विद्) 1. A sage, one who possesses spiritual knowledge. 2. A husbandman. ३. सुध, and विद् who knows.

**सुध** f. (-विः) Figurate quantity. ३. सुध, and रवि number.

**सुध** f. (-धा) The boundaries of a meadow or field, or holy place. ३. सुध, and ली limit.

**सुध** mfn. (-व-वा-व) A cultivator, a peasant. ३. सुध a field, and ली who lives, with वाङ् prefixed; who gets a livelihood by the labours of the field.

**सुध** f. (-ली) A plant commonly Bhumiamalaki, Flacourtia cata-phracta, Rox

**सुध** mfn. (-क-की-क) Having a field, relating to a field, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A farmer, a cultivator. 2. A husbandman. ३. सुध, and क aff.

**सुध** mfn. (-की-की-की) Owning or having a field, cultivating it, &c. m. (-की) 1. A husband. 2. A cultivator, a husbandman. ३. सुध a field, and की aff.

**सुध** n. (-वः) 1. Meadow grass, herbage, pasturage. 2. Physioking, operating. m. (-वः) 1. An adulterer. 2. A medicament, what is fit to be administered in medicine. 3. An incurable disease. ३. सुध a field, the body, व aff.

**सुध** m. (-वः) Sorrowing, moaning. ३. सुध to moan, affix लङ्.

**सुध** m. (-वः) 1. Sending, dismissing. 2. Throwing, casting. 3. Pride, haughtiness. 4. Delay, dilatoriness. 5. Disrespect, contempt. 6. Pas-sing away time. 7. Abuse, reviling. 8. A clump of flowers, &c. 9. (In arithmetic, &c.) Additive quantity, addendum. ३. सुध to throw affix लङ्.

**सुध** mfn. (-क-का-क) 1. Who or what throws or sends. 2. Abusing disrespectful. ३. सुध to throw, लङ् aff.



चेषन् n. (-च) 1. Sending, directing. 2. Throwing, casting. 3. Passing away time. 4. Abusing. ॥ चिप् to throw, affix चुट्.

चेषि f. (-चि: or -ची) 1. An oar. 2. A net, a fishing net, ॥ चिप् to cast or throw, चच् and जीप् affs.

चेपिन् m. (-च) Great velocity. ॥ चिप् quick, and इन्निप् affix, deriv irr.

चेपिन् mfn. (-च-हा-ह) Very quick, quickest, ॥ चिप् quick, and इन्निप् superlative affix, ॥ rejected.

चेपियस् mfn. (-यान्-यसी-यः) Very quick. ॥ चिप्, and इन्निप् aff.

चेम् mfn. (-चा-पु-न) Who or what throws, sends, orders, &c. ॥ चिप् to throw, इच् aff.

चेम mfn. (-च-मा-न) Happy, well, prosperous, right, &c. mn. (-च-न) 1. Happiness, well being. 2. Preserving, protecting, keeping what is acquired. 3. Final emancipation or eternal happiness. 4. The proper term of civil address to Vaiśya, as चेमन्ति चेमं भवतु Is it well, or may it be well, &c. f. (-चा) A name of Durga. ॥ चि to remove, and मन् Unadi affix; what removes or destroys sorrow, &c.

चेमन् m. (-च.) A perfume, commonly Chor. ॥ चन् added to चेम.

चेमन् mfn. (-च-रा-र) Propitious, conferring happiness or good fortune. ॥ चेम and क् to make, चच् aff.

चेमन् mfn. (-च-री-र) Auspicious, propitious, conferring happiness or good fortune. ॥ चेम happiness, and क् to make, चच् aff.

चेमन् mfn. (-च-री-र) Propitious, &c. : see the preceding. f. (-री) The Brahmani kite or Coromandel eagle, which is considered as a bird of good omen, (Falco ponticerianus.) ॥ चेम and क् to make, with चच् aff.

चेमन् mfn. (-चान्-वसी-वः) Happy, prosperous. ॥ चेम and मन् aff.

चेमन् f. (-चा) Opposite leaved fig tree. ॥ चेम auspicious, and फल fruit.

चेय mfn. (-च-या-य) 1. Lucky, prosperous, thriving. 2. Healthy, salubrious. ॥ चेम and यन् added.

चेय (ङ) चेय r. 1st cl. (चेयति) To spit, to eject from the mouth.

चे r. 1st cl. (चायति) To wane, to waste or decline.

चेय n. (-च) A multitude of fields &c. ॥ चेय a field, &c. and चच् aff.

चेयन् n. (-च) Spirituality, the nature of the soul. ॥ चेयन् and चच् aff.

चेयन् n. (-च) Spirituality, the nature of the soul, the knowledge of it, &c. ॥ चेयन् and यच् aff.

चेरी f. (-ची) Milk and rice, or any preparation of milk. ॥ चीर milk, aff. टच् fem. affix जीप्; some copies read this word चीरेदी.

चोम् m. (-च:) The post to which an elephant is bound.

चोमन् n. (-च) Sound of the flute.

चोमि f. (-चि: or -ची) The earth. ॥ च् to sound, चचि affix, fem affix optionally जीप् also चोमि.

चोम् m. (-च:) 1. Powder, pulverized substance. 2. A piece, a small piece or particle. 3. The stone or slab on which any thing is ground or powdered, a mortar, &c. 4. Dust. ॥ च् to bruise or pound, affix चच्.

चोदाम् mfn. (-च-जा-ज) Ground, pulverized. ॥ चोद and रज् for रजस् dust.

चोदित mfn. (-च-ता-त) Pounded, ground, comminuted. n. (-त) Powder, dust, substance pulverized or ground ॥ च् to bruise or pound, affix क्.

चोदिन् m. (-च) Minuteness, exceeding smallness or inferiority. ॥ चुट् small, &c. affix इन्निप्, deriv. irr.

चोदिन् mfn. (-च-हा-ह) Finely pounded or levigated, very small or minute. ॥ चुट् small, इन्निप् affix of the superlative, ॥ rejected.

चोदीयस् mfn. (-यान्-यसी-यः) Very fine or small. ॥ चुट् and इन्निप् affix of the superlative.

चोम m. (-च:) 1. Agitation, emotion. 2. Shaking, trembling, tossing. ॥ चम् to be agitated, चच् aff.

चोम mn. (-च-न) A room on the top of a house : see चोम n. (-च) Wove silk ॥ च् to make a sound, Unadi affix मन्; also चोम.

चोमि f. (-चि: or -ची) The earth, ॥ चोमि the earth, and चच् pleonastic, with च् or जीप् fem. terminations added.

चोमोपाचर m. (-च:) The ocean. ॥ चोमी the earth, and हाचर an enclosure.

चोम् n. (-च) 1. Honey. 2. Water. m. (-च:) A flower, (Michelia cham-paca.) ॥ चुट् a fly, &c. affix चच्.

चोदम् mfn. (-च-ची-च) Small, minute. ॥ चुट् small, चच् pleonastic aff.

चोम mfn. (-च-ची-च) Linen, made of linen, covered with it, &c. f. (-ची) Lin or flax, (Linum usitatissimum.) mn (-च-न) 1. An airy room on the top of a house. 2. An apartment on the top of a hall. 3. The back of an edifice. 4. A fortified place in front of a building. 5. A building of a particular form 6. Wove silk : 7. Linen cloth ॥ चोम q. v. चच् added.

चोमन् m. (-च:) Chor, a species of perfume.

चोर m. (-च:) 1. Shaving the head. 2. Shaving in general. f. (-ची) A razor. ॥ चुर a razor, affix चच्.

चोरिन् m. (-च:) A barber. ॥ चुर a razor, affix टच्.

चुर r. 2nd cl. (चोति or with चम् prefixed चञ्चुते) To whet, to sharpen. (चोति) To take away, to remove.

चुत् mfn. (-च-ता-त) Whetted, sharpened. ॥ च् to whet, affix क्.

चा f. (-चा) The earth. ॥ च् to bear, Unadi affix चच्, and the penultimate dropped.

चातल n. (-च) The surface of the earth. ॥ चा, and तल below.

चातुम् m. (-च) A king. ॥ चा, and मन् who enjoys.

चातुम् m. (-चर) 1. A king, a prince. 2. A mountain. ॥ चा the earth, and चत् who nourishes, from च्, affix चिप्, टच् added.

चाय (च) चायी r. 1st. (चायते) To shake, to make tremble.

चायित mfd. (-च-ता-त) Shaken, trembling. ॥ चाय, and क् aff.

चायित mfn. (-चा-ची-च) Trembling, shaking. ॥ चाय, and चच् aff.

चोल् r. 1st cl. (चोळति) To wink or twinkle, to close as the eye lids.

चिच mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Sounded. 2. Soft, unctuous. ॥ चिच् to sound, &c. क् aff.

चिच् (-चि, चा) चिचिदा r. 1st cl. (चिचिदि) To sound inarticulately. r. 4th cl. (चिचिदि) 1. To be unctuous, to be soft or bland. 2. To liberate, to free : some consider these roots as more properly read चिच्.

चोच् mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Crooked, bent. 2. Wicked, depraved. m. (-च:) 1. Venom, poison. 2. Sound, noise. 3. Tingling or buzzing in the ear, from hardening of the wax, &c. 4. Ghosha, with yellow flowers ; see चोच्. n. (-च) 1. The flower of the Ghosha plant. 2. The fruit of a red kind of swallow wort. f. (चा) 1. A war whoop, a battle cry. 2. A bamboo rod or stake. ॥ चिच् to sound inarticulately, to be soft or bland, &c. affix च, and च् substituted for च, or चिच् to shake, &c. चच् affix, and च changed to च्.

चोचिन् n. (-च) A battle cry, a war whoop. ॥ चिच् to sound inarticulately, affix क्.

चुल् (च) चुल् r. 1st cl. (चुलति) 1. To shake, to tremble. 2. To go, to move.

ख The second consonant of the Deva Nagari alphabet, being the aspirate of the preceding ; it is written in the Roman character K'h.

ख n. (-ख) 1. Heaven. 2. Sky or ether. 3. An organ of sense. 4. Knowledge. 5. Happiness, pleasure. 6. vacuity. 7. A dot, a cypher. 8. A city, a field. 9. Action. 10. Auspiciousness. 11. Tala. 12. The tenth constellation from any given one, or the sun's entrance into it. 13. Brahma the supreme spirit. m. (-ख:) A name of the sun. ॥ च् to dig, to penetrate, affix च्.

खड्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A name of SIVA. ३. ख other, कुल hair.  
 खड्ग r. 1st cl. (खड्गति) To laugh, to laugh at or deride; also खड्ग.  
 खड्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः टा ट) Hard, solid: see खड्गट.  
 खड्ग m. (-ङ्गः) The sun. ३. ख the sky, and खड्ग a meteor, &c.  
 खड्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A bird. 2. An arrow. 3. The sun. 4. A planet. 5. deity.  
 6. Air, wind. 7. A grasshopper. ३. ख the sky, &c. and न who goes.  
 खड्गपति m. (-तिः) A name of GARUDA, the bird or vehicle of VISHNU.  
 ३. खड्ग a bird, and पति lord or chief.  
 खड्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A bird. ३. ख, and न what goes.  
 खड्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A tree, commonly Lakucha, (Artocarpus lacucha.) ३.  
 खड्ग a bird, and खड्ग face, bird-faced.  
 खड्गती f. (-तिः) The earth. ३. खड्ग a bird, &c. नत्पु poss. aff.  
 खड्गयु m. (-युः) A plant, commonly Chakuliya, (Hemionitis cordifolia,  
 Rox.) ३. खड्ग a bird, and यु an enemy.  
 खड्गस्थान n. (-नः) 1. The hollow of a tree. 2. A bird's nest. ३. खड्ग a bird,  
 स्थान place.  
 खड्गनाक m. (-ङ्गः) A hawk, falcon. ३. खड्ग, and नक destroyer.  
 खड्गल m. (-ङ्गः) 1. The eastern mountain over which the sun rises. 2. A  
 name of VISHNU. ३. खड्ग a bird or the sun, and ल seat or place  
 of abiding.  
 खड्गेन्द्र m. (-न्द्रः) A name of GARUDA. ३. खड्ग, and रन्द्र chief.  
 खड्गेन्द्रध्वज m. (-ङ्गः) VISHNU. ३. खड्गेन्द्र, and ध्वज emblem.  
 खड्गेन्द्र m. (-ङ्गः) GARUDA the bird of VISHNU; also खड्गेन्द्र. ३. खड्ग, and रन्द्र  
 king of birds.  
 खड्गीड m. (-ङ्गः) A kind of reed, (Saccharum spontaneum.)  
 खड्गोल m. (-ङ्गः) 1. The vault or circle of the heavens, the planisphere. 2.  
 The same represented artificially, the armillary sphere. ३. ख, and  
 गोल sphere.  
 खड्गोलविद्या f. (-द्या) Astronomy. ३. खड्गोल and विद्या knowledge.  
 खड्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A curl, a lock of hair.  
 खड्ग r. 1st cl. (खड्गति) also r. 9th cl. (खड्गति) 1. To be past birth. 2. To  
 cause prosperity. 3. To purify. r. 10th cl. (खड्गति) To fasten, to  
 bind, to set.  
 खड्गन m. (-ङ्गः) The moon. ३. ख the sky, नत् to eat, and न aff.  
 खड्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गः-र) Moving in the sky, flying in the air. m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A  
 cloud. 2. An aerial spirit. 3. Air, wind. 4. A demon. 5. The sun. 6.  
 A bird. ३. ख the sky, and र who goes, from रत् to go, affix ट; see also खड्ग.  
 खड्गित mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गः-त) 1. Mixed, blended, inlaid. 2. Joined, combined.  
 ३. खड्गत् to fasten, &c. affix त.  
 खड्ग r. 1st cl. (खड्गति) To churn or agitate. (र, खड्गि) (खड्गति) To limp, to  
 halt, to walk lame or ill.  
 खड्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A ladle, a spoon. f. (-ङ्गः) 1. Churning, stirring. 2. Killing,  
 destroying. 3. The palm with the fingers extended. ३. खड्गत् to agi-  
 tate, &c. affix च.  
 खड्ग m. (-ङ्गः) The churning stick. f. (-ङ्गः) A ladle or spoon. ३. खड्गत्  
 to churn or agitate, affix च.  
 खड्गप m. (-ङ्गः) Ghee or clarified butter. ३. खड्गत् to stir or agitate, Unadi  
 affix च.  
 खड्ग n. (-ङ्गः) 1. Frost, hoar frost. 2. Dew, rain. ३. ख the sky, and न  
 water.  
 खड्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गः) A spoon, a ladle. m. (-ङ्गः) A bird. ३. खड्ग to agitate,  
 and न Unadi aff.  
 खड्गित m. (-ङ्गः) A Buddha, one of the seven teachers or saints of the  
 Buddha sect. ३. ख heaven, and गित् who subdues.  
 खड्गित m. (-ङ्गः) A fire-fly. ३. ख, and गित् light.  
 खड्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गः-ङ्गः) Lame, crippled, limping. f. (-ङ्गः) A species of  
 metre, a stanza of two lines, one of thirty-two, the other of thirty  
 feet. ३. खड्गि to limp or go lame, affix च.  
 खड्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गः-ङ्गः) Lame, limping. ३. खड्गि to limp, affix च.

खड्गलेट m. (-ङ्गः) A wag-tail. ३. खड्ग lame, and लेट who moves.  
 खड्गलेट m. (-ङ्गः) A wag-tail. ३. खड्ग lame, and लेट who moves, from  
 लेट् to move, affix च.  
 खड्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A small bird, the wag-tail, (Motacilla alba.) f. (-ङ्गः) 1  
 A small kind of wag-tail 2. Mustard. n. (-ङ्गः) Going, moving. 1  
 खड्गि to go lamely, affix च.  
 खड्गनरत n. (-रतः) The cohabitation of saints. ३. खड्ग a wag-tail, and र  
 cohabitation.  
 खड्गनाति f. (-तिः) A sort of wag-tail.  
 खड्गनिवा f. (-ङ्गः) A kind of wag-tail.  
 खड्गरीट m. (-ङ्गः) A wag-tail. ३. खड्ग lame, ख to go, रीट् affix, deriv. ir  
 खड्ग r. 1st cl. (खड्गति) To desire, to wish, to seek or inquire.  
 खड्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. Grass. 2. Phlegm. the phlegmatic or watery humor. 3.  
 A blind well. 4. An axe, a hatchet. 5. A closed or doubled fist, 1  
 for striking. 6. A plough. 7. A fragrant kind of grass: see खड्ग  
 ३. खड्ग to seek, to wish, affix च.  
 खड्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A go-between, a man whose business it is to neg-  
 ociate marriages; see खड्ग. 2. The doubled fist of wrestlers or bo-  
 ers. ३. खड्ग to seek, to wish, affix च.  
 खड्गनातु m. (-ङ्गः) A man in the attitude of shooting.  
 खड्गनादक m. (-ङ्गः) 1. An eater. 2. A glass vessel. 3. A jackal. 4.  
 animal. 5. A crow.  
 खड्ग m. (-ङ्गः) The fist, the hand closed. f. (-ङ्गः) 1. Chalk. 2. T  
 external opening of the ear. 3. A fragrant grass: (Andropog  
 muricatus.) ३. खड्ग to seek or wish, च affix, and रट् inserted.  
 खड्गी f. (-ङ्गी) Chalk. ३. खड्ग to seek, रणि affix, fem. affix डीङ्; ३  
 खड्गी.  
 खड्गी f. (-ङ्गी) Chalk. ३. खड्ग to seek, चङ्, and डीङ् affs.  
 खड्ग r. 10th cl. (खड्गति) To cover, to screen.  
 खड्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गः-ङ्गः) Dwarfish, short of stature. ३. खड्ग to cover  
 hide, affix च.  
 खड्ग f. (-ङ्गः) A kind of grass, (Andropogon serratus.) ३. खड्ग to cover  
 चङ्, and टाप् affs.  
 खड्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गः) The civet or zebet cat, (Viverra zibetha.) ३. खड्ग  
 grass, and चङ् who eats; also खड्ग.  
 खड्ग m. (-ङ्गः) The civet: see the preceding.  
 खड्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A bier, the bed on which the corpse is carried to  
 pile; also खड्ग. ३. खड्ग to screen, affix कि.  
 खड्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गः-ङ्गः) A hunter, a fowler, one who lives by kill-  
 ing and selling game. f. (-ङ्गः) 1. A small bedstead, a cot. 2. A bier  
 bed on which the corpse is carried. ३. खड्ग to screen, रङ्ग aff.  
 खड्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गः-ङ्गः) Dwarf, dwarfish.  
 खड्ग f. (-ङ्गः) 1. A bedstead, a cot, a couch. 2. A hammock, a swin  
 खड्ग to hide, Unadi affix च.  
 खड्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A king of the solar line. n. (-ङ्गः) 1. Part of a bed. 2.  
 club or staff with a skull at the top of it, considered as a wea-  
 pon of Siva, and carried by penitents and Yogis. 3. Wood from a  
 eral pile. ३. खड्ग a cot, and चङ् body or form.  
 खड्गधनु m. (-ङ्गः) A name of SIVA. ३. खड्ग one of his weapons,  
 who maintains.  
 खड्गधनु m. (-ङ्गः) A name of SIVA. ३. खड्ग, and धनु aff.  
 खड्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गः-ङ्गः) 1. Low, vile, abandoned, iniquitous. 2. Err  
 going wrong. 3. Stupid, silly. 4. Laid or lying on a bed. ३. खड्ग  
 bed, and चङ् mounted.  
 खड्ग f. (-ङ्गः) A small bedstead. ३. खड्ग a bedstead, and चङ् affix.  
 form.  
 खड्ग r. 10th cl. (खड्गति) also (र, खड्गि) r. 1st and 10th cls. (खड्ग  
 खड्गति) and (र, खड्गि) r. 1st cl. (खड्गति) To divide, 'to tea-  
 break off a part or piece.  
 खड्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. Breaking, dividing. 2. Buttermilk boiled with

vegetables and spices. 3. A small grass. f. (-की) Chalk. E. खड् to break, &c. affix खच्.

खड्दिका f. (-का) A private or back door, a small venetian door or window.

खड्दिका f. (-का) Chalk. E. खड् to break, affix डुन्, fem. form.

खड्, m. (-डुः) A bier. E. खड् to break, affix ड.

खड्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A rhinoceros. 2. A rhinocero's horn. 3. A sword, a scymitar. 4. A large sacrificial knife. 5. One of the Budd'has or Baud-d'ha saints. n. (-ङ्ग) Iron. E. खड् to tear or rend, Unadi affix गन्.

खड्गकोष m. (-षः) 1. A creeping plant, (Scirpus maximus.) 2. A scabbard, a sheathe. E. खड्ग a sword, and कोष a sheathe.

खड्गचर्मधर m. (-रः) A soldier armed with a sword and shield. E. खड्ग, and चर्म a shield, धर who bears.

खड्गट m. (-टः) A large kind of Kas, (Saccharum spontaneum.) E. खड्ग the rhinoceros, and ट who goes; these animals being usually found amongst high grass or reeds.

खड्गधर m. (-रः) A swordsman. E. खड्ग, and धर who holds.

खड्गधेनु f. (-युः) 1. A small knife. 2. A female rhinoceros. E. खड्ग a sword &c. धेनु a cow, used here as a diminutive.

खड्गपत्र m. (-त्रः) The name of a creeper. (Scirpus maximus.) n. (-त्र) The blade of a sword. E. खड्ग a sword, and पत्र leaf.

खड्गपाणि mfn. (-णिः-णिः-णिः) Holding a sword. E. खड्ग, and पाणि the hand.

खड्गपात्र n. (-त्रः) A vessel of buffalo's horn. E. खड्ग and पात्र a vessel.

खड्गपिधान n. (-नः) A scabbard, a sheathe. E. खड्ग a sword, and पिधान a sheathe; also with कन् added, खड्गपिधानक.

खड्गपुत्रिका f. (-का) A knife, a small sword. E. खड्ग, and पुत्रिका infant.

खड्गप्रहार m. (-रः) A sword cut. E. खड्ग, and प्रहार a stroke.

खड्गमांस m. (-सः) Buffalo-beef. E. खड्ग, and मांस flesh.

खड्गलेखा f. (-खा) A row of sabres. खड्ग, and लेखा a line

खड्गराट m. (-टः) 1. A shield. One who observes a peculiar religious obligation, rubbing the feet backwards and forwards on the edge of a sword made red hot, this is a penance peculiar to the Baud'dhas. E. खड्ग a sword, रट् to speak, deriv. irr.

खड्गघात m. (-तः) A sword cut. E. खड्ग, and घात a blow.

खड्गधार m. (-रः) A sheathe, a scabbard. E. खड्ग, and धार what receives.

खड्गभिद्धत mfn. ( तः-ता-तं) Cut or struck with a sword. E. खड्ग, and अभिद्धत struck.

खड्गामिष n. (-षः) Buffalo's flesh. E. खड्ग, and आमिष flesh.

खड्गिक m. (-कः) 1. The cream or froth of buffalo's milk. 2. A vender of flesh meat. E. खड्ग a sword, &c. affix ठक्.

खड्गिन् mfn. (-ङ्गी-ङ्गी-ङ्गी) Armed with a sword. m. (-ङ्गी) 1. A rhinoceros. 2. A Jina or Jaina saint. E. खड्ग a horn, &c. affix ङि.

खड्गमार m. (-रः) A kind of creeper: see खड्गकोष. E. खड्ग a rhinoceros, and मार what destroys.

खड्गीक m. (-कः) A sickle, a scythe. E. खड्ग a scymitar, and रकन् aff.

खड्ग mn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गः) 1. A piece, a part, a fragment, a portion. 2. A chapter, a section. 3. A term in an equation. m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A flaw in a jewel. 2. Treacle or molasses partially dried or candied. n. (-ङ्गः) 1. A sort of sugar cane. 2. Black salt. E. खड्ग to break, and चन् affix, or खन् to tear, affix ड, and न changed to च.

खड्गक m. (-कः) 1. Pared or clipped finger nails. 2. A part, a piece. E. खड्ग to tear, डुन् aff.

खड्गकर्ष m. (-र्षः) Sweet potatoe.

खड्गकथा f. (-या) A tale or story divided into sections. E. खड्ग a section, and कथा a story.

खड्गकालु n. (-लुः) An esculent root, sweet potatoe: also खड्गकालुक n. (-कः) E. खड्गक a portion, and कालु any esculent root.

खड्गकाव्य (-व्यः) n. A poem interspersed with prose. E. खड्ग, and काव्य a poem.

खड्गज m. (-जः) Treacle, molasses, E. खड्ग, and ज what is produced.

खड्गधारा f. (-रा) Shears, scissors. E. खड्ग a part, and धा to have or hold, in the causal form.

खड्गन n. (-नः) 1. Breaking, dividing, cutting, reducing to pieces. 2. Destroying, annihilating. 3. Refuting, (in argument.) 4. Rebellion, opposition. E. खड्ग to break, डुन् aff.

खड्गनरत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Destructive, skilful in cutting or destroying. E. खड्गन, and रत engaged in.

खड्गनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Brittle, fragile. 2. Refutable. 3. Destructible, &c. E. खड्ग, and नीयर् affix; also खड्गा, and खड्गितव्य.

खड्गपत्र n. (-त्रः) A bundle of various leaves. E. खड्ग, and पत्र a leaf.

खड्गपरच m. (-चः) A name of Siva. E. खड्ग a part, and परच a hatchet; cutting his foes to pieces.

खड्गपद्म m. (-पद्मः) 1. A name of PARASURAMA. 2. A name of Siva. 3. Rahn, the personified ascending node. 4. A spreader of unguents, fragrant powders, &c. 5. A drug, commonly Chandamalaki. 6. An elephant with a broken tusk. E. खड्ग a part, and पद्म an axe; whose axe or arms cut every thing to pieces.

खड्गपाल m. (-लः) A confectioner, a seller of sweetmeats. E. खड्ग molasees, and पाल who cherishes.

खड्गमलय n. (-यः) Partial destruction of the universe, the destruction of the division of the terrestrial world. E. खड्ग, and मलय destruction.

खड्गमखल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Gibbous, not full or round. n. (लः) A segment of a circle, part of a circle or an incomplete sphere. E. खड्ग, and मखल sphere.

खड्गमीदक m. (-कः) Granulated sugar. E. खड्ग, and मीदक a sweetmeat.

खड्गलवण n. (-णः) Black salt. E. खड्ग, and लवण salt.

खड्गस् ind. Piece meal, in or by pieces. E. खड्ग, and स् affix.

खड्गसर m. (-रः) Granulated sugar. E. खड्ग, and सर what goes.

खड्गशब्द n. (-शब्दः) 1. Scattered clouds. 2. A bite, the impression of the teeth. E. खड्ग a part, and शब्द a cloud, &c.

खड्गाली f. (ली) 1. A measure for oil. 2. A pond. 3. A woman whose husband has been guilty of infidelity.

खड्गिक m. (-कः) 1. Pease. 2. The armpit. E. खड्ग to break, रकन् aff.

खड्गित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Cut, torn, broken in pieces. 2. Destroyed. 3. Broken as allegiance, disobeyed against, rebelled. 4. Refuted, controverted. 5. Scattered, dispersed. 6. Disappointed. 7. Betrayed, abandoned, (as a lover.) f. (-ता) A woman whose husband or lover has been guilty of infidelity. E. खड्ग to cut, affix ङ.

खड्गितव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) To be broken, what may or ought to be broken, confuted, destroyed, &c. E. खड्ग, and तव्य aff.

खड्गितविग्रह mfn. (हः-हा-हं) Maimed, mutilated. E. खड्गित, and विग्रह body.

खड्गिताशंस mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) Disappointed, foiled, frustrated. E. खड्गित, and आशंस expectation.

खड्गिन् mfn. (-ङ्गी-ङ्गी-ङ्गी) 1. In pieces or parts, divided, comminuted, &c. 2. Consisting of pieces or parts. m. (-ङ्गः) A wild kind kidney bean: see वनमुद्ग. f. (-नी) The earth. E. खड्ग a portion, and ङि aff.

खड्गीर m. (-रः) A kind of kidney bean: see पीतमुद्ग. E. खड्ग a part, रीरन् aff.

खड्गा mfn. (ङ्गाः-ङ्गा-ङ्गा) What may or ought to be broken, &c. see खड्गितव्य. E. खड्ग and ङ्गा aff.

खड्गमात्र m. (त्रः) 1. Smoke. 2. cloud. E. ख the sky, तत्रात्र a tree with dark blossoms; the etherial Tamala.

खड्ग r. 1st cl. (खड्गति) 1. To be steady or firm. 2. To hurt or kill. 3. To eat. r. 1' th cl. (खड्गति) To cover.

खड्गिका f. (-का) Fried or parched grain.

खड्गिर m. (-रः) 1. A tree, the resin of which is used in medicine, Khayar Terra japonica or catechu, (Mimosa catechu.) 2. A name of INDRA. 3. The moon. f. (-री) A sensitive plant, (Mimosa pudica.) E. खड्ग to hurt, Unadi affix ररच्.

**खदिरपत्नी** f. (-नी) The sensitive plant. **खदिर**, and **पत्नी**, a leaf, affix **नीप्** also with **खन्** added **खदिरपत्निका**.  
**खदिरपत्र** n. (-त्र) The Babul, *Acacia Arabica*.  
**खट्वर** n. (-वर) A dwarf. **ख**, and **ट्वर** afar, **खन्** aff.  
**खट्वरपत्नी** f. (-नी) One of the female deities or Saktis of the Bud'das.  
**ख** heaven, **ट्वर** ill, and **पत्नी** who abides.  
**खद्योत** m. (-तः) 1. A fire-fly. 2. The sun. **ख** the sky, and **द्योत** what is luminous.  
**खद्योतन** m. (-नः) The sun. **ख** heaven, and **द्युत** to shine, affix **कुट्**.  
**खट्वर** m. (-वरः) A rocket, a fire work. **ख**, and **ट्वर** incense.  
**खन** (ड), **खन्** r. 1st cl. (**खनति**-ने) 1. To dig or delve. 2. To hurt.  
**खनक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Tearing, dividing. 2. Digging, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A rat. 2. A housebreaker. 3. A miner. **खन्** to dig, affix **खल्**.  
**खनत्** mfn. (-नन्-नती-नत्) Digging. **खन्**, and **इत्** aff.  
**खनि** f. (-निः or -नी) A mine, especially of precious stones; when used in composition with **काकर**, more commonly a mine of the precious metals. **खन्** to dig, **रन्** affix, and **कुण्व** optionally added.  
**खनिह** mfn. (-ता-नी-ह) Who or what digs or delves, a digger, a ditcher, &c. **खन्** to dig, **हच्** aff.  
**खनिष** n. (-षः) A spade or hoe. **खन्** to dig, **इषच्** aff.  
**खपुर** m. (-रः) 1. The betel tree, (*Areca faufel* or *catechu*). 2. A fragrant grass, (*Cyperus pertenuis*). 3. Garlic. 4. Flatulence. n. (-रः) 1. A water jar. 2. A city in the sky, the city of **HARISCHANDRA**. **ख** the heavens, &c. **पृ** to nourish, affix **क्**.  
**खभानि** m. (-निः) A kite. **ख** the sky, **भन्** to roam, affix **निन्**.  
**खमणि** m. (-णिः) The sun. **ख** the sky, and **मणि** a jewel.  
**खमीलन** n. (-नः) Lassitude, weariness, sleepiness. **ख** the sky, and **मीलन** twinkling.  
**खमूर्ति** f. (-र्तिः) A celestial appearance or person. **ख**, and **मूर्ति** form.  
**खमूर्तिमत्** mfn. (-मन् मती-मत्) Having a divine or celestial person or form. **खमूर्ति**, and **मत्** aff.  
**खमूलि** f. (-लिः or -ली or -लिका) An aquatic plant, (*Pistia stratiotes*). **ख** ether, **मूल** a root, affixes **रन्** or **जीच्**; also **खमूलिका**.  
**खम्ब** r. 1st cl. (**खम्बति**) To go or move.  
**खर** mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Hot. 2. Sharp, pungent. 3. Sharp, sharp-edged, cutting. 4. Cruel, harsh. mn. (-रः-र) Heat. m. (-रः) 1. An ass. 2. A Rakshasa, the brother of **RAVANA**. 3. A Daitya or demon in general. 4. A sort of prickly nightshade. 5. A crow. 6. A heron. 7. An osprey. f. (-रा) A kind of grass, (*Andropogon serratus*). **ख** an organ of sense, and **रा** to get or give, affix **क्**.  
**खरकुटि** f. (-टिः or -टी) A barber's shop. **खर** heat, and **कुटि** a dwelling; also written **खरकुटि**.  
**खरकोष** m. (-षः) The francoline partridge. **खर** heat, **कुष** to sound, affix **क्**.  
**खरकोष** m. (-षः) The francoline partridge.  
**खरगन्धनिभा** f. (-भा) A plant, (*Hedysarum lagopodioides*).  
**खरगृह** n. (-हः) An ass's stable. **खर** an ass, and **गृह** a house.  
**खरगृह** n. (-हः) A stable for asses. **खर**, and **गृह** a house.  
**खरगृह** n. (-हः) A stable for asses. **खर**, and **गृह** a house.  
**खरघातन** m. (-नः) A plant, commonly *Nagesar*, (*Mesua ferrea*). **खर** an ass, and **घातन** mischievous.  
**खरगृह** m. (-हः) 1. A kind of reed or grass, (*Saccharum cylindricum*). 2. Also another kind, commonly *Okera*. **खर** warm, sharp, **हृद** a leaf.  
**खरचस्** mfn. (-चाः-चाः-चः) Sharp-nosed. **खर** sharp, **चस्** from **नासिका** a nose; also with a final vowel **खरचस्** mfn. (-चः-सा-चः).  
**खरदण्ड** n. (-ण्डः) A lotus, (*Nymphaea lotus*). **खर** sharp, and **दण्ड** stick or stem.  
**खरदण्ड** f. (-ण्डः) Opposite leaved fig tree. **खर** hot, **दण्ड** leaf.

**खरदूष** m. (-षः) Thorn apple, (*Datura metel*). **खर** an ass and **दूष** hurting; by its narcotic properties.  
**खरधंसिन्** m. (-सी) A name of **RAMA**. **खर** an imp or goblin so called, and **धंसिन्** the destroyer.  
**खरनाद** m. (-दः) The braying of an ass. **खर**, and **नाद** noise.  
**खरनादिन्** m. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Braying as an ass. f. (-नी) A kind of perfume: see **रेवका**. **खर** and **दिनि** aff.  
**खरपत्र** m. (-त्रः) 1. A. red sort of Tulasi or basil. 2. The teak tree, (*Tectona grandis*). **खर** hot, and **पत्र** a leaf.  
**खरपत्रक** m. (-कः) A plant: see **तिलक**. **खन्** added to **खरपत्र** hot leaved.  
**खरपात्र** n. (-त्रः) An iron pot or vessel. **खर** an ass, and **पात्र** a vessel; fit for such an animal.  
**खरपादाय** m. (-यः) The elephant or wood apple, (*Feronia elephantium*): see **कपिल**.  
**खरपाल** m. (-जः) A wooden vessel. **खर**, and **पाल** what cherishes.  
**खरपुष्प** m. (-षः) A plant, commonly *Marua*: see **मदवक्** f. (-या or -पिका) A kind of Tulasi, (*Ocimum gratissimum*); also **वदर**. **खर** sharp, hot, **पुष्प** a flower.  
**खरप्रिय** m. (-यः) A pigeon. **खर** hot, and **प्रिय** fond, dear.  
**खरमञ्जरी** f. (-री) A plant, (*Achyranthes aspera*): see **चपामार्ग**. **खर** sharp, pungent, and **मञ्जरी** a pedicle.  
**खरयान** n. (-यः) A vehicle drawn by asses. **खर**, and **यान** a carriage.  
**खरलोमन्** m. (-न्तः) One of the chiefs of the Naga or serpent race inhabiting hell. **खर** an ass, and **लोमन्** hair of the body; having the skin of an ass.  
**खरवज्रिका** f. (-का) A plant, commonly *Goraksha Chakuliya*, (*Hedysarum lagopodioides*). **खर** hot, sharp, **वज्रिका** a pedicle.  
**खरवद** m. (-दः) 1. An osprey. 2. The braying of an ass. **खर**, and **वद** sound.  
**खरशाल** mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Born or produced in an ass's stall. f. (-ला) A n. ass's stable or stall. **खर**, and **शाल** a hall; in the first sense the final is dropped.  
**खरसी** m. (-सी) An iron vessel; also read **खरसीनि**.  
**खराय** m. (-यः) The sun. **खर** hot, and **य** a ray.  
**खरागरी** f. (-री) A kind of grass, (*Andropogon serratus*); also **देवता** **खर** venom **रु** to take, with **खाङ्** prefixed. **क्** and **जीच्** affixes; antivenomous, an antidote.  
**खराजक** m. (-कः) An iron arrow; also **खराजक** m. (-कः).  
**खराया** f. (-या) A plant, (*Calosia cristata*). **खर** an ass, **या** to be eaten, and **य** and **टाप्** affs.  
**खरिका** f. (-का) Musk in powder. **खर**, **क्** added, fem. form.  
**खरिन्ध** mfn. (-यः-वी-य) Drinking ass's milk. **खरी** and **य** to drink, **खय्** aff.  
**खर** mfn. (-रः-रः or -रः-र) 1. White. 2. Desirous of improper or prohibited things. 3. A fool, foolish, idiotic. 4. Harsh, cruel. m. (-रः) 1. A name of **SIVA**. 2. A horse. 3. A tooth. 4. pride. 5. Love or the deity **KAMA**. 6. White, the colour. **खन्** to dig, &c. **Unadi** affix **व** and **र** substituted for the final.  
**खर** r. 10th cl. (**खरति**) To go or move.  
**खर्ज** r. 1st. cl. (**खर्जति**) 1. To worship, to treat with respect or courtesy. 2. To pain or make clean.  
**खर्जिका** f. (-का) A relish, a provocative to drink. **खर्ज** to pair and **वृन्** affix. fem. form.  
**खर्जर** n. (-रः) Silver: see **खर्जर**.  
**खर्ज** f. (-जः) 1. Cutaneous eruption, itch, scab, &c. 2. A worm, a insect. **खर्ज** to give pain, **Unadi** affix **क्**.  
**खर्जर** n. (-रः) 1. Silver. 2. The fruit of the date. 3. Yellow orpiment. r. (-रः) 1. The date tree. (*Phoenix sylvestris*). 2. A scorpion. f. (-री) The wild date tree. **खर्ज** to give pain, &c. **Unadi** affix **क्**.  
**खर्जरस** m. (-सः) The juice or extract of the wild date, **Tari**, used

leaven bread, and as an intoxicating liquor, when in a state of spontaneous fermentation. **खजूर** and **रस** juice.

**खदे** r. 1st cl. (**खदेति**) To bite, to sting venomously.

**खपर** mf. (**-रः-री**) A kind of collyrium or application to the eyes : see **कपर** m. (**-रः**) 1. A thief. 2. A rogue, a cheat. 3. A beggar's bowl or dish. 4. The half of a skull. 5. An umbrella or parasol.

**खई** r. 1st cl. (**खईति**) To go, to move.

**खपराल** m. (**-रः**) A plant : see **खन्दराल**.

**खपरीतृ** n. (**-रः**) A sort of collyrium.

**खर** r. 1st cl. (**खरति**) To go, to move to or towards.

**खर्व** mfn. (**-र्वः-र्वी-र्वी**) A dwarf, short, low, of little size or stature. m. (**-र्वः**) One of KURVAS nine Nid'his or treasures. n. (**-र्वः**) A large number, ten million-millions. **खर्व** or **खर्व** to be small, to go, to move, affix **खर्व** ; also **खर्व**.

**खर्वमाख** mfn. (**-र्वः-मा-ख**) Small, short, dwarfish. **खर्व** short, and **माख** a branch.

**खर्व** n. (**-र्वः**) 1. Virility, manliness. 2. Wove silk.

**खर्व** r. 1st cl. (**खर्वति**) To be proud, or haughty.

**खर्व** mfn. (**-र्वः-र्वी-र्वी**) A dwarf, &c. : see **खर्व**.

**खर्वट** mn. (**-टः-टः**) 1. The capital of a district of four hundred villages, a market or country town. 2. A village at the foot of a mountain. **खर्व** being proud, and **ट** what goes or is.

**खल** r. 1st cl. (**खलति**) 1. To gather. 2. To move.

**खल** mfn. (**-लः-ला-लः**) 1. Low, vile. base. 2. Low, inferior. 3. Cruel mischief-making. 4. Bad, wicked. mn. (**-लः-लः**) 1. Earth, mould or soil. 2. Place, site. 3. Sediment, deposit of oil, &c. 4. A granary, a threshing floor. 5. A mill. m. (**-लः**) 1. The sun. 2. A tree with black blossoms : see **तनाल**. 3. The Dhatura plant. **खल** to gather, (misfortune, &c.) affix **खल**.

**खलता** f. (**-ता**) 1. Wickedness, villainy. 2. Filthiness. **खल**, and **तल**, affix ; also with **ला** affix **खलत**.

**खलति** mfn. (**-तिः-तिः** or **-ती-ति**) Bald, baldheaded. **खल** to fall, Unadi affix **खलत्** inserted, and **ख** rejected.

**खलपू** mf. (**-पूः**) A sweeper, a cleaner, Mehter or Farash. **खल** place, and **पू** who cleans, from **पूज्** to cleanse or purify, affix **खलपू**.

**खलप्रीति** f. (**-तिः**) The friendship or favour of wicked or low persons. **खल** and **प्रीति** affection.

**खलमूर्ति** m. (**-तिः**) Quicksilver. **खल** place, and **मूर्ति** form ; taking the form of the place it lies in.

**खलसंसर्ग** m. (**-र्गः**) Associating with bad company. **खल**, **संसर्ग** associating.

**खलापारा** f. (**-रा**) A cockroach. **खल** the sediment of oil, and **पारा** having.

**खलि** m. (**-लिः**) Sediment of oil or oil-cake. **खल** to gather, **इन्** aff.

**खलिन्** mfn. (**ली-लिनी-लि**) Having sediment, &c. f. (**-नी**) 1. A multitude of threshing floors. 2. A plant, (*Anthericum tuberosum*). **खल**, and **इन्** aff.

**खलिन** mn. (**-नः-नः**) The bit of a bridle : see **खलीन**.

**खलिन्** mf. (**-नः-नः**) A kind of fish, (*Trichopodus colisa*, Ham.) also **खलेन्**.

**खलीकार** m. (**-रः**) 1. Mischief, evil. 2. Leaving or reducing to sediment. **खल** mischievous, and **कार** who makes ; **इन्** inserted.

**खलीन** mn. (**-नः-नः**) The bit of a bridle. **ख** the mouth, and **लीन** what is fixed ; also the vowel being made short **खलिन**.

**खलु** ind. 1. A particle of prohibition. 2. An expletive. 3. An expression of endearment or conciliation. 4. An expression indicating inquiry. 5. An expression of asseveration or ascertainment, (certainly, indeed.) 6. Only. **खलु** to gather, affix **ख**.

**खलुज** m. (**-जः**) Darkness. **ख** the sky, **जुज्** dropped, lost, from **जुज्** to efface, affix **खलुज**.

**खलुरि** m. (**-रः**) A kind of wild animal ; also **खलुरि**.

**खलुरिका** f. (**-का**) A parade, a place for military exercise. **ख** **रि** to break, **लुरि** affix, **ख** changed to **ख**, and **रि** added.

**खलेवाली** (-नी) The post of a threshing floor, round which the oxen pass who tread out grain ; also **खलेवाली**.

**खलेवाली** f. (-नी) A post : see the preceding. **खल** a threshing floor in the seventh case, and **वाली** what is firm, a post, &c. from **खल** to be strong, **खल** and **वाली** affs.

**खलेव** m. (-वः) A kind of fish, (commonly *Trichopodus colisa*, Ham.) see **खलिन्**. **खले** in dirt, and **व** from **व्री** to sleep ; burrowing in the mud of the banks, &c.

**खलेव** m. (-वः) The K'halisa fish : see the preceding. **ख**. As before, **व्री**, and **खल** aff.

**खलीति** f. (-तिः) Abuse, low or wicked language. **खल**, and **इति** speech.

**खल्य** mfn. (-ल्यः-ल्यः-ल्यः) Fit for oil cake, for a threshing floor, &c. f. (-ल्यः) A multitude of threshing floors. **खल** a threshing floor affix **खल्य**, **ल्य** or **ल्य**.

**खल** m. (-लः) 1. A kind of cloth or clothes, leather garments. 2. A canal, a cut, a creek, a trench, a deep hole. 3. The Chataka, a kind of cuckoo. 4. Leather. 5. A leather water bag. 6. A mill, a stone or vessel for grinding drugs, &c. f. (-ली) Shooting pain in the extremities. **खल** collecting, &c. and **ख** what gets ; also **खलक** m. (-कः)

**खलिका** f. (-का) A frying pan. **खल** added to the preceding, fem. form.

**खलित** mfn. (-टः-टा-टः) Bald, morbidly troubled with falling of the hair ; also **खलीट**.

**खलीट** mfn. (-टः-टा-टः) Becoming morbidly bald : see the preceding.

**खलट** m. (-टः) A severe cough.

**खलिका** f. (-का) A frying pan.

**खल** r. 9th cl. (**खलीति**) 1. To be past birth. 2. To cause or procure prosperity. 3. To produce purity, to purify. 4. To produce or manifest wealth.

**खलजी** f. (-जी) A parasitic plant. **खल**, **जी** a pedicle

**खलारि** n. (-रिः) Rain water, dew, vapour, &c. **खल** heaven, and **रि** water. [tears.]

**खलप** m. (-पः) Snow, hoar frost, dew. **खल** sky, and **प** vapour or

**खल** m. (-लः) 1. A mountainous country to the north of India. 2. A native of that country, considered as a degraded Kshetriya f. (-लः) A kind of perfume, commonly Mura.

**खल** mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Resting or dwelling in the air. **खल** and **ली** to sleep, **खल** aff.

**खलरीर** n. (-रः) A celestial or immortal body. **खल** and **रीर** body.

**खलरीरिन्** mfn. (-रि-रि-रि-रि) Of a heavenly body. **खलरीर** and **इन्** aff.

**खलेट** m. (-टः) The K'halisa, a kind of fish ; see **खलिन्**.

**खलस** m. (-सः) Air or wind. **खल** the atmosphere, and **स** breath.

**खल** r. 1st cl. (**खलति**) To kill, to hurt or injure.

**खल** n. (-लः) 1. Anger, passion. Violence, oppression. **खल** to hurt, to dig, **प** Unadi affix, **ख** changed to **ख**.

**खल** m. (-लः) Itch, scab. 2. A man of a country or tribe considered to be a degraded Kshetriya ; the Khasas inhabit the mountains surrounding Kashmir. f. (-लः) The mother of the imps or goblins.

**खलस** m. (-सः) A plant, commonly Ks'hirakolic.

**खलन** m. (-नः) A Bud'dha or Baud'dha deified saint. **खल** heaven, and **न** equal, the same.

**खलन** mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) Produced in the sky, aerial, ethereal. **खल**, and **न** birth.

**खलन** m. (-नः) One of the Bud'dha or Boud'dha saints. n. (-नः) Gliding through the air. **खल** heaven, and **न** who goes to or in,

**खसालक** m. (-कः) An imp or goblin. **खसा** the mother of these beings, **खसाल** a son.  
**खसनी** f. (-नी) The earth. **ख** earth, **खन** a breast, affix **जीव्**.  
**खसखस** m. (-सः) The poppy.  
**खसखसरस** m. (-सः) Poppy juice, opium. **खसखस** and **रस** juice.  
**खसटिक** m. (-कः) 1. Crystal, the sun gem. 2. The moon gem; see **सूर्यकान** and **चन्द्रकान**. **ख** heaven, and **खटिक** crystal.  
**खहर** m. (-रः) (In arithmetic.) A fraction having a cypher for its denominator. **ख** a cypher, **हर** divisor.  
**खानिक** m. (-कः) Fried or parched grain. **खन्** to go, &c. affix **खल्**.  
**खाट** mf. (-टः-टी) 1. A bier, a cot or bedstead on which dead bodies are conveyed to the pile. **खट्** to screen, affix **चञ्**.  
**खाटि** f. (-टिः) 1. Caprice, whim. 2. A scar. 3. A bier. **खट्** to screen, &c. **इञ्** aff.  
**खाटिका** f. (-का) A bier: see **खाट** also **खाटी**.  
**खाखव** n. (-वः) A wood, sacred to INDRA.  
**खाखिक** m. (-कः) A confectioner, a seller of sweetmeats. **खख** molasses or coarse sugar, and **ठक्** aff.  
**खात** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Dug, excavated. 2. Torn, rent. n. (-ट्) 1. A square or oblong pond. 2. Any excavation. **खन्** to dig, affix **क्** and the pen. lengthened.  
**खातक** m. (-कः) 1. A delver, a digger. 2. A debtor; more correctly **खादक**. **ख** a ditch, **खत** a pond, affix **क्**.  
**खातम्** f. (-म्) A moat, a ditch. **खत** a pond, **भू** earth.  
**खाव** n. (-वः) 1. A square or large pond. 2. A spade, a hoe. 3. A wood. 4. A thread. **खन्** to dig, **इञ्** Unadi aff.  
**खाद** (ख) **खाद** r. 1st cl. (**खादति**) To eat.  
**खादक** m. (-कः) 1. A borrower, a user, (in law,) literally, an eater. 2. A feeder, one who eats or feeds. **खद्** to eat, affix **बुञ्**.  
**खादन** m. (-नः) A tooth. n. (-नं) 1. Eating. 2. Food, victuals. **खद्** to eat, affix **कुट्**.  
**खादनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Edible, to be eaten. **खद्** and **चनीयर्** aff.  
**खादित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Eaten. **खद्** to eat, affix **क्**.  
**खादितवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Eating, feeding. **खद्** and **क्ववत्** aff.  
**खादितव्य** mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) To be eaten, what may be or must be eaten, &c. **खद्** and **तव्य** aff.  
**खादिर** mfn. (-रः-री-रं) 1. Derived from the Khayar tree, 2. made of its wood. **खदिर**, and **चञ्** aff.  
**खादिरसार** m. (-रः) Catechu, the resinous extract of the Mimosa catechu. **खदिर** and **सार** essence. [eat, **उक्तञ्** aff.]  
**खादुक** mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Mischievous, injurious, malignant. **खद्** to **खाय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Edible, to be eaten, what is to be or may be eaten. n. (-यं) Food, victuals. **खद्** to eat, **यत्** aff.  
**खानि** mf. (-नि-नी) A mine. **खन्** to dig, **इञ्** affix, fem. affix **जीव्**. [उञ्-  
**खानिक** n. (-कः) An opening or hole in a wall, a breach. **खन्** to dig affix  
**खानिक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) A housebreaker. **खन्** to dig, **इञ्** affix, deriv irr.; this is sometimes read **खानिन**.  
**खानीदक** m. (-कः) A cocoanut. **खान** rending, and **उदक** water.  
**खापडा** f. (-गा) A name of Ganga or the Ganges. **ख** heaven, and **अपना** a river.  
**खार** mf. (-रः-रिः or -री) A K'hari, a measure of grain containing sixteen Dronas, or about three bushels: it is also reckoned at three or four Dronas; also at five Gonis, which is considered equal to 512 Ser's f. (-री) A scar. **खन्** to dig, deriv. irr.  
**खारिण्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Cooking a K'hari, by measure (a vessel, &c.) **खारी** as above, **पञ्** to cook, affix **खञ्**.  
**खारीक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) A field, &c. equal to or sown with a K'hari of grain. **खारी** the measure, and **इञ्** or **उञ्** aff.  
**खारीवाप** mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) A field sown with a Khari of grain, &c. **खारी**, and **वाप** sowing.

**खाखित** n. (-वः) Morbid baldness. **खखति** and **वञ्** aff.  
**खाखि** m. (-भिः) Name of a country to the east of Bengal: the Cossya hills; also **खाखिक** m. (-कः).  
**खाखरी** f. (-री) A plant: see **काखरी**.  
**खिखि** f. (-भिः) A fox; also in some copies, **खिखि** q. **व**.  
**खिखिर** mf. (-रः-रा) A fox. m. (-रः) 1. One of Siva's weapons, 2. A kind of perfume, commonly Hala.  
**खिट** r. 1st cl. (**खिटति**) 1. To terrify, to alarm or surprise. 2. To be terrified, to fear or dread.  
**खिद** r. 4th and 7th cls. (**खिद्यते** and **खिने**) To be distressed, to suffer pain or misery. (बी. प) **खिदि** r. 6th cl. (**खिदति**) To afflict or distress.  
**खिदिर** m. (-रः) The moon. 2. An ascetic, a penitent, 3. A pauper. **खिद** to suffer pain, **क्विरच्** Unadi aff.  
**खिद्यमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Suffering pain or distress. **खिद**, with **मानच्** aff.  
**खिद्र** m. (-द्रः) 1. Disease, sickness. 2. A pauper, a poor man. **खिद** to be in pain, **रञ्** Unadi aff.  
**खिन्न** mfn. (-न्नः-ना-नं) 1. Distress, suffering pain or uneasiness. 2. Wearied, exhausted. **खिद** to be pain, affix **क्**.  
**खिल** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Waste or unploughed land. 2. Empty, vacant. m. (-लः) 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. VISHNU. mn. (-लः-लं) A compendium, a compilation, especially of hymns and prayers. **ख** vacuity, &c. **ख** what gets or possesses, affix **ञ**, and **इ** substituted for the penultimate.  
**ख (उ) खुक्** r. 1st cl. (**खुक्ते**) To sound.  
**खुक्ता** m. (-तः) A black horse.  
**खुज** r. 1st cl. (-ज) **खुज्** (**खोजति**) To steal or rob.  
**खुजाक** m. (-कः) A kind of grass: see **दिवताक**.  
**खुद** r. 6th cl. (**खुदति**) To cover. r. 1st. and 10th cls. (**खोदति** **खोदयति**) also (र.) **खुदि** r. 1st. and 10th cls. (**खुदति**, **खुदयति**) To break in pieces, to sunder, to divide, tear, rend, &c. (रञ्) **खुदि** r. 1st cl. (**खुदते**) To limp, to be lame.  
**खुर** r. 6th cl. (**खुरति**) To cut, to scratch.  
**खुर** m. (-रः) 1. A hoof, a horse's hoof, &c. 2. A razor. 3. The foot of a bedstead; also **खुर** 4. A sort of perfume, commonly Nak'hi, apparently a dried shell fish, and of the shape of a hoof. **खुर** to out, **रञ्** Unadi affix, the radical **र** is dropped.  
**खुरक** m. (-कः) A plant commonly Tila. **ख** added to the preceding.  
**खुरचेप** m. (-पः) A kick, kicking. **खुर**, and **चेप** throwing.  
**खुरणस्** mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) Flat-nosed, having a nose like a horse's hoof, **खुर** a hoof, and **नस्** deriv. of **नासिका** a nose; also with a final vowel **खुरणस्** mfn. (-सः-सा-सं).  
**खुरपदवी** f. (-वी) A horse's foot marks. **खुर**, and **पदवी** vestige.  
**खुरम** m. (-मः) An arrow with a semicircular head: see **खुरम**.  
**खुरवी** f. (-वी) Military exercise, practising archery, &c. **खुर** to cut, **वल्** aff.  
**खुराक** m. (-कः) An animal in general. **खुर** to cut, and **आक** aff.  
**खुराघात** m. (-तः) A kick. **खुर**, and **आघात** a blow.  
**खुराभिघात** m. (-तः) 1. A kick. 2. Kicking, pawing, (as a horse.) **खुर**, and **अभिघात** striking.  
**खुरालक** m. (-कः) An iron arrow. **खुर** a razor, and **अल** what is able, affix **क्**.  
**खुरालिक** m. (-कः) 1. A barber's case. 2. An iron arrow. 3. A pillow. **खुर** a razor, &c. **अल्** to be equal to, affix **उक्**; some read this **खुरालक**, but to all appearance erroneously.  
**खुद** r. 1st cl. (**खुदते** or **खुदने**) To play, to sport.  
**खुन्न** mfn. (-न्नः-ना-नं) Small, little, low, mean, &c. n. (-नं) A kind of perfume: see **खुर**. **खुद** to divide, &c. and **ख** from **ख** to get, the radical **द** becomes **ल**.  
**खुन्नक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Low, vile. 2. Little, small. 3. Poor, indigent.

4. Cruel, harsh. 5. Wicked, mischievous, malignant : see चुड़.  
 चुड़तात m. (-तः) A father's younger brother ; also चुड़तात.  
 चुड़न m. (-नः) A road.  
 चुड़ r. 1st cl. (चुड़ते) To play : see चुड़.  
 छिरीरक m. (-कः) A hollow or sounding reed, or cane.  
 छिगलन m. (-नः) A gallinule. छि in the air, and गलन going.  
 छिपर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Aerial, moving in the air. m. (-रः) 1. A name of  
 SIVA. 2. A Vidyad'hara or kind of demigod. 3. Quicksilver. छि in  
 in heaven, and चर who goes.  
 छिट r. 1st cl. (छिटति) To alarm. r. 10th cl. (छिटयति) To eat.  
 छिट mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) 1. Vile, bad, low. 2. Armed, having a weapon or  
 weapons. m. (-टः-ट) Hunting, the chase ; also चाखिट m. (-टः) 1.  
 A shield. 2. A village, the residence of peasants or farmers. 3. A  
 small town, half the Pura or town. 4. The club of BALARAMA. 5.  
 Phlegm, the phlegmatic or watery humour. 6. The ascending node  
 or RAHU. 7. A horse. n. (-ट) Grass. छिट् to terrify, &c. affix चक्.  
 छिटक m. (-कः) 1. A village, the residence of agricultural peasants. 2. A  
 shield. 3. The club of BALARAMA. छिट् to terrify, &c. चक् affix,  
 and कन् added.  
 छिटताल m. (-लः) A minstrel, a family bard or piper, whose business it  
 is to awaken the Laird, with music and singing. छिटि derived  
 from छिट् to disturb, and ताल tune.  
 छिटिन् m. (-टी) A lecher, a libertine. छिट sport, affix च्छि.  
 छिक् r. 10th cl. (छिक्वति) To eat.  
 छिक्ताल m. (-लः) A minstrel : see छिटताल.  
 छिद् m. (-दः) 1. Sorrow, affliction, distress. Lassitude, depression. 3.  
 Pain. 4. Poverty. छिद् to be distressed, affix चक्.  
 छिदन n. (-नः) See the preceding.  
 छिदन्वित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Distressed, pained. छिद्, and च्छित having.  
 छिदित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Annoyed, harassed. 2. Afflicted, distressed,  
 pained. छिद् to give pain, क्छि aff.  
 छिदिनी f. (-नी) 1. A plant, (Marsilea quadrifolia) : see चसनपर्णी. 2. A  
 creeper, a creeping plant. छिद् to be distressed, affix च्छि and  
 डीक्.  
 छिय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be dug. n. (-य) A ditch, a moat. छिन् to dig,  
 affix क्छि.  
 छिख (ख) छिख r. 1st cl. (छिखति) To shake to tremble, to move.  
 छिखन n. (-नः) Play, sport, pastime. f. (-नी) A piece or man at drafts,  
 chess, &c. छिख् to shake or move, affix छुट्.  
 छिखा f. (-खा) Play, pastime, sport छिख् to shake, चक् and टाप् affs.  
 छिखि f. (-खि) 1. A song, a hymn. 2. An arrow. 3. The sun. 4. A bird. 5.  
 Any animal. छिख् to shake, क्छि aff.  
 छिख (ख) छिख r. 1st cl. (छिखते) To serve.  
 छिखर m. (-रः) A mule. छि in air, खर who goes.  
 छि r. 1st cl. (छियति) 1. To be firm or steady. 2. To kill, to injure or  
 hurt. 3. To dig. 4. To mourn, to sorrow for.  
 छिडाक m. (-कः) A white and brown horse.  
 छिट r. 1st cl. (छिट) छिट (छिटति) To be lame or lamed. r. 10th cl. (छिटयति)  
 1. To eat. 2. To throw or cast.  
 छिटि f. (-टि) A cunning or scheming woman ; also read छिरि.  
 छिट्टी f. (-टी) The gum olibanum tree.  
 छिड (ख) छिड r. 1st cl. (छिडति) To be or become lame. r. 10th cl. (छिडयति)  
 यति) To throw or cast.  
 छिड mfn. (-डः-डा-ड) Lame, limping. छिड् to be lame, affix चक्.  
 छिडकशीर्ष n. (-षः) The arched roof of a house, the coping of a wall, &c.  
 also छिडकशीर्षक.  
 छोर (ख) छोर r. 1st cl. (छोरति) To be lame, to be prevented from  
 moving.  
 छोर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Lame. छोर to be lame, affix चक् ; also छोर  
 and छोच.

छोच (ख) छोच r. 1st cl. (छोचति) To be lame, to limp, to be prevented  
 from moving. छोच, छोर, &c. are conceived by some authorities to  
 be mere variations in the form of this root.

छोच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Lame. छोच to be lame, affix चक् ; also छोर, &c.  
 छोचक m. (-कः) 1. A helmet, armour for the head. 2. A pot, a sauce-  
 pan. 3. An ant-hill. 4. The shell of the betel nut. छोच् to cover,  
 affix चक्, च changed to च.

छोचि f. (-चि) A quiver.

छोचन m. (-नः) 1. A meteor. 2. A planet. छ, and च्छा torch.

छोचक m. (-कः) The planet MARS. छ heaven, च्छा a hot coal.

छा r. 2nd cl. (छायति) 1. To relate, to recount, to say or tell. 2. To  
 celebrate, to make known. With च्छि prefixed, To shine or be  
 glorious. With चा, To be famous. With चि, to celebrate. With चु,  
 To be approved. With छु, To be infamous. With च्छि and चा, To  
 reject, to refuse. With च्छन्, To count, to reckon. With च्छ and चा to  
 denominate.

छात mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Famous, celebrated, notorious. छ. छा to relate,  
 affix क्छा.

छातनर्च mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Notoriously vile, infamous. छ. छात famous,  
 नर्च abuse ; also छातनर्चित.

छातनर्चित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Infamous ; see the preceding.

छायति f. (-ति) Fame, celebrity. छ. छा to tell, affix च्छिन्.

छापक mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Declaring, making known, one who tells or  
 declares. 2. One who confesses. छ. छा to say, causal form, च्छा aff.

छापन n. (-नः) 1. Declaring, divulging. 2. Saying, avowing. 3. Confess-  
 ing. 4. Explaining. छ. छा causal form, च्छुट् aff.

## ग

ग The third consonant of the Nagri alphabet, the letter G.

ग mfn. (-गः-गा-ग) Who or what goes, used chiefly in composition : as  
 चण्डगः a traveller, who goes a road ; चण्डा what goes down, (a  
 river, &c.) m. (-गः) 1. A name of the deity GANESHA. 2. A Gand-  
 harba or celestial musician. f. (-गा) A song. n. (-ग) Song, singing.  
 ग. गन् to go or गै to sing, affix च्छ, fem. affix टाप्.

गगन n. (-नः) Sky, atmosphere, heaven. ग. गन् to go. Unadi affix युच्  
 and the radical final changed to न ; the word and its derivatives  
 are also sometimes read गगन.

गगच्छज (-जः) 1. A cloud. 2. The sun. ग. गगच्छ the sky, and च्छज a stand-  
 ard or symbol.

गगच्छज m. (-जः) 1. The sun. 2. A planet. 3. A heavenly spirit. ग.  
 गगच्छ the sky, च्छजन् a road, and ग who goes.

गगच्छयुग m. (-युः) A flower in the sky. i. e. an impossibility. ग. गगच्छ, and  
 युग a flower ; also गगच्छयुग, &c.

गगच्छयुगिन् mfn. (-रि-रि-रि) Sporting in heaven. m. (-री) 1. The sun.  
 2. A heavenly luminary. 3. A divinity or celestial being, ग. गगच्छ,  
 and च्छयुगिन् who sports.

गगच्छयुगि m. (-युग or -युग) Going in the air. m. (-युग) A celestial being.  
 ग. गगच्छ, and युग to go, क्छि aff.

गगच्छयुग mfn. (-युग-युग-युग) Situated in the sky. ग. गगच्छ and यय what stays  
 in ; also गगच्छयुग, &c.

गगच्छयुग m. (-गः) Air, wind. ग. गगच्छ, and यय who touches.

गगच्छयुग n. (-युग) The highest heavens, the summit or highest part of  
 heaven. ग. गगच्छ, and यय end.

गगच्छयुग m. (-रः) 1. A planet. 2. An asterism. 3. A heavenly spirit. ग.  
 गगच्छ in the sky, चर who goes.

गगच्छयुग m. (-कः) The planet Mars. ग. गगच्छ the sky, and च्छा a  
 torch or coal.

गगच्छ r. 1st cl. (गगच्छति) To laugh, to laugh at or deride : see च्छन्.

गङ्गा f. (-गा) The river Ganges, or its personification as a goddess. ग.



- गङ्गु to go, Unadi affix गङ्, or गी the accusative of गी the earth, and ग who goes, form irr.
- गङ्गा f. (-गा) The river Ganges. म. गङ् added to the preceding ; also read गङ्गा.
- गङ्गाक्षेत्र n. (-क्षेत्र) The river Ganges, and two Kresh on either of its banks. म. गङ्गा, and क्षेत्र holy place ; all dying within such limits going to Heaven, whatever their crimes.
- गङ्गाचिह्नी f. (-चिह्नी) The black headed gull, (Larus ridibundus.) म. गङ्गा the Ganges, and चिह्नी a kite, considered by the Hindus as a species of that bird ; the Gangetic kite.
- गङ्गाज m. (-जः) 1. A name of BHISHMA. 2. A name of the deity KARTIKEYA. म. गङ्गा the river goddess, and ज born ; the son of GANGA.
- गङ्गाजल n. (-जलः) The water of the Ganga. म. गङ्गा, and जल water.
- गङ्गादेय mfn. (-यः-दी-यः) Going in or to the Ganges. म. (-यः) A shrimp or prawn ; also गङ्गाविद्य. म. गङ्गा the river, and यट् to go, यच् affix, गङ्गाट, and डच् added.
- गङ्गाद्वार n. (-द्वारः) The place where the Ganga enters the plains ; also Haridwar. म. गङ्गा, and द्वार gate.
- गङ्गातीर n. (-तीरः) The bank of the Ganga. म. गङ्गा, and तीर a bank.
- गङ्गाधर m. (-धरः) 1. An epithet of SIVA. 2. The ocean. म. गङ्गा the Ganges, and धर who possesses or receives ; according to the legend, the Ganges in its descent first alighted on the head of SIVA, and continued for some period entangled in his hair.
- गङ्गापार n. (-पारः) The bank of the Ganges. म. गङ्गा, and पार the bank.
- गङ्गापुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) 1. BHISHMA. 2. A man of a mixed and vile caste, employed to remove dead bodies. 3. A Brahman who conducts the ceremonies of pilgrimage at some places on the Ganges, especially at Benares. म. गङ्गा, and पुत्र a son.
- गङ्गासंध्य n. (-संध्यः) The bed or stream of the Ganges. म. गङ्गा, and संध्य centre.
- गङ्गाज्वल n. (-ज्वलः) 1. Pure rain water, such as falls in Aswin. 2. Ganges water. म. गङ्गा, and ज्वल water.
- गङ्गायात्रा f. (-यात्रा) 1. Pilgrimage to the Ganga. 2. Carrying a sick person to the river side to die there. म. गङ्गा, and यात्रा going.
- गङ्गासुत m. (-सुतः) 1. A name of KARTIKEYA. 2. A name of the hero BHISHMA : see गङ्गाज. म. गङ्गा, and सुत a son ; the son of GANGA.
- गङ्गािका f. (-का) The Ganges. म. गङ्गा, and कङ् affix fem. from ; also गङ्गाका, and गङ्गाका.
- गङ्गीभूत mfn. (-भूतः-ता-तः) Become as the Ganges, as sacred, &c. म. गङ्गा, and भूत become, भूि augment.
- गङ्ग m. (-गङ्गः) A tree. म. गङ्गु to go, and स Unadi affix, what goes or grows ; also गङ्गच्छ.
- गङ्गत् mfn. (-गङ्ग-च्छ-लो-गङ्गत्) Going. म. गङ्गु to go, गङ्ग aff.
- गङ्ग 1. 1st cl. (गङ्गति) To be drunk, to be confused or inebriated ; r. 1st and 10th cls. (गङ्गति, गङ्गयति) also (गङ्ग) गङ्गि r. 1st cl. (गङ्गति) To sound.
- गङ्ग m. (-गङ्गः) 1. An elephant. 2. A measure of length, the Gaz, a yard, a measure of two cubits. 3. A mound of earth sloping on both sides, on which a house may be created. 4. A small hole in the ground for a fire, over which to prepare medicines. म. गङ्गु to sound, to roar, affix यच्.
- गङ्गकन्द m. (-कन्दः) A large esculent root, a sort of arum. म. गङ्ग, and कन्द root.
- गङ्गकर्मविष्णु m. (-विष्णुः) A name of GARUDA the bird and vehicle of VISHNU. म. गङ्ग an elephant, कर्म a tortoise, and विष्णु who eats ; alluding to a legend of his swallowing both animals whilst engaged in a contest with each other.
- गङ्गविभट m. (-टः-टा) A kind of cucumber, (Cucumis Madraspatanus.)
- गङ्गाशया f. (-शया) A portion of time proper for a Sradha, म. गङ्ग, and शया shadow.

- गङ्गाडका f. (-का) A kettle-drum carried on an elephant. म. गङ्ग an elephant, and डका a large drum.
- गङ्गाता f. (-ता) A multitude of elephants. म. गङ्ग an elephant, तल् aff.
- गङ्गादम mfn. (-दमः-दी-दमः) As high or tall as an elephant. म. गङ्ग, and दमच् aff.
- गङ्गादन्त m. (-दन्तः) 1. A name of GANESHA. 2. Ivory, the elephant's tooth. 3. A bracket or pin projecting from the wall. म. गङ्ग a elephant, and दन्त a tooth ; GANESHA is represented with an elephant's head.
- गङ्गादान n. (-दानः) The liquor exuding from an elephant's temples. म. गङ्ग and दान the same.
- गङ्गादवस mfn. (-वसः-दी-वसः) As high as an elephant. म. गङ्ग, and दवसच् aff.
- गङ्गापति m. (-पतिः) 1. A large state elephant. 2. A king. म. गङ्ग, and पति a master.
- गङ्गापिप्ली f. (-प्ली) A plant bearing a seed which resembles pepper, (Pothos officinalis) म. गङ्ग an elephant, and पिप्ली long pepper ; considered to be a large species of pepper ; see similar names, as करि-पिप्ली, रसकचा, &c.
- गङ्गापुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) A large and excellent elephant. म. गङ्ग, and पुत्र implying eminence.
- गङ्गापुट m. (-पुटः) A small hollow for a fire, over which to prepare medical decoctions, extracts, &c. म. गङ्ग, and पुट a hollow.
- गङ्गाप्रिया f. (-प्रिया) The gum olibanum tree, (Boswellia serrata) म. गङ्ग an elephant, and प्रिय beloved ; also गङ्गाकी.
- गङ्गाबन्धनी f. (-बन्धनी) A post to which an elephant is bound. म. गङ्ग, and बन्धनी a binding.
- गङ्गाभक्षक m. (-भक्षकः) The sacred fig tree. म. गङ्ग, and भक्षक eater ; the young branches of the Pipal being the elephant's favourite food.
- गङ्गाभक्षा f. (-भक्षा) The gum olibanum tree : see गङ्गाप्रिय. म. गङ्ग an elephant and भक्षा food ; also गङ्गाभक्ष्या.
- गङ्गाभक्षलिका f. (-लिका) A ring or circle of elephants surrounding a car. &c. म. गङ्ग, भक्षलिका a circle, लङ् affix fem. form.
- गङ्गाभक्षक m. (-भक्षकः) A lion. म. गङ्ग an elephant, भक्षा fortune, and यच् what goes : the destroyer of the elephant.
- गङ्गाभक्षक mfn. (-भक्षकः-दी-भक्षकः) As tall as an elephant. म. गङ्ग, and भक्षकच् aff.
- गङ्गाभक्षिका f. (-भक्षिका) A pearl, supposed to be found in the head of an elephant. म. गङ्ग, and भक्षिका a pearl.
- गङ्गाभोदन m. (-भोदनः) A lion. म. गङ्ग an elephant, भुट् to run away, in the causal form, affix लुट् ; or with लुच् to go, गङ्गाभोदन as it is sometimes read.
- गङ्गायुध m. (-युधः) A herd of elephants. म. गङ्ग, and युध a herd.
- गङ्गावदन m. (-वदनः) A name of GANESHA, who is represented always with the head of an elephant. म. गङ्ग, and वदन a face.
- गङ्गावज्र mfn. (जः-जा-जः) Who walks like an elephant. न. (-जः) 1. A troop of elephants. 2. The pace of an elephant. म. गङ्ग, and वज्र a number or going, who goes, &c.
- गङ्गासाधय n. (-साधयः) A famous city, Hastinapur the capital of the Kurus. म. गङ्ग, स for सम् with, and साधय an appellation ; named from its elephants ; also गङ्गासाध, &c.
- गङ्गायत्री m. (-यत्री) The elephant of INDRA. म. गङ्ग and यत्री pre-eminent.
- गङ्गाजीव m. (-जीवः) An elephant keeper or driver. म. गङ्ग and जीव who lives ; who gets his livelihood by elephants.
- गङ्गाजन m. (-जनः) The deity GANESHA. म. गङ्ग an elephant, and जनन a face ; see गङ्गावदन.
- गङ्गाजि m. (-जिः) 1. A lion. 2. A particular tree. म. गङ्ग and जि a foe.
- गङ्गाकद mfn. (-कदः-डा-कदः) Mounted or riding on an elephant. म. गङ्ग and कद mounted.
- गङ्गागन्ध m. (-गन्धः) The religious fig tree. f. (-गा) 1. Hemp, (Cannabis sativa.) 2. The gum olibanum tree. 3. The root of a lotus. म. गङ्ग and गङ्गा food ; the food of elephants.

गजाक्ष m. (-क्षः) GANESHA : see गजानन. ३. गज an elephant, and आक्ष a face.  
 गजाक्ष n. (-क्षः) The city Hastinapur. f. (-क्षः) A plant : see गजपिपली. ३. गज, and आक्ष a name : see गजसाक्ष.  
 गजाक्ष n. (-क्षः) Hastinapur, the ancient Dehli : see the preceding.  
 गजेन्द्र m. (-न्द्रः) 1. A large and excellent elephant. 2. INDRA's elephant ३. गज, and इन्द्र chief.  
 गजीयका f. (-का) A short of pepper : see गजपिपली. ३. गज, and उषया pepper.  
 गज mfn. subst. (-क्षः-क्षः-क्षः) A mine, a jewel mine mn. (-क्षः-क्षः) 1. A cow-house or station of cowherds. 2. A treasury, a jewel room, the place where plate, &c. is preserved. 3. A mart, a place where grain, &c. is stored for sale. m. (-क्षः) Disrespect, contempt. f. (क्षः) 1. A tavern. 2. A drinking vessel. 3. A hut, a hovel, the abode of low people. 4. The Gunja or Ratti, (Abrus precatorious :) see गुञ्जा. ३. गजि to sound, चक्ष् affix ; fem. affix टाप्.  
 गजिका f. (-का) A tavern. ३. कन् added to the preceding.  
 गज r. 1st cl. (गजति) To distil or drop, to run as a liquid ; also, गज (र) गजि r. 1st cl. (गजति) To affect the cheek, to be rough as the cheek, (obsolete.)  
 गज m. (-क्षः) 1. A kind of fish, the young of the Ophiocephalus, Ham. 2. Another species, (Cyprinus garra. Ham.) see गज. 3. An impediment, an obstacle. 4. A screen, a covering, a fence. 5. A moat, a ditch. 6. A country, part of Malwa, Gerha or Gera Mendela. ३. गज् to drop, affix चक्ष्.  
 गजक m. (-क्षः) A kind of fish : see the last. ३. गज् to drop, affix कन्.  
 गजयन् m. (-न्तः) A cloud. ३. गज् to drop (water), Unadi affix भक्ष् and चक्ष substituted for the penultimate.  
 गजलवण n. (-णः) Rock or fossile salt, especially that found in the district of Sambhar in the province of Ajmere. ३. गज a country, and लवण salt.  
 गजि m. डिः) 1. A steer. 2. A lazy ox. ३. गज् to drop, इन् aff.  
 गजु mfn. (-ङुः-ङुः-ङुः) Crooked, humpbacked, &c. m. (-ङुः) 1. A hump on the back. 2. Goitre or Bronchocele. 3. A humpbacked man. 4. A Javelin, a spear. 5. An earth-worm. 6. A water pot. ३. गज् to drop, Unadi affix च.  
 गजुक n. (-क्षः) 1. A water pot. 2. A finger ring. ३. कन् added to the last.  
 गजुकछ mfn. (-छः-छी-छः) Having a goitre. ३. गज्, and कछ the throat.  
 गजुर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Crooked, bent, humpbacked. ३. गज्, a hump, and र substituted for लः see the next.  
 गजुल mfn. (-लः-ला-लः) Crooked, humpbacked. ३. गज्, hump, and लक्ष् affix ; also गजुर.  
 गजेर m. (-रः) A cloud. ३. गज् to drop (water), and एरन् Unadi aff.  
 गजील n. (-लः) Fossile salt. ३. गज the country, and लल produced.  
 गजील m. (-लः) 1. A mouthful. 2. Raw sugar. ३. गज् to drop, जीलक्ष् Unadi affix ; also गज्जील.  
 गज्जिका f. (-का) 1. A sudden rush of water of which the source is unknown. 2. A single ewe preceding a flock of sheep.  
 गज्जुक m. (-क्षः) A golden vase. ३. गज् to sprinkle, जुक् Unadi affix ; also गज्जुक and occasionally गज्जुक.  
 गज्जुक m. (-क्षः) A golden water vessel : see the preceding.  
 गज r. 10th cl. (गजयति) To count, to reckon up by number, to calculate.  
 गज m. (-क्षः) 1. A flock, a multitude, a troop, a tribe or class, &c. 2. A body of troops equal to three Gulmas or twenty-seven chariots and as many elephants, eighty-one horses, and 135 foot. 3. Troops of inferior deities considered as SIVA's attendants, and under the especial superintendence of GANESHA. 4. A name of GANESHA. 5. A number (in arithmetic.) 6. A kind of perfume, commonly Chor.

7. A sect in philosophy or religion. 8. A conjugation, a class or ridicals. 2. Series of asterisms which are classed under three heads human, infernal, and divine. ३. गज् to count to reckon, affix चक्ष्.  
 गजक m. (-क्षः) 1. An astrologer, a calculator of nativities, &c. 2. An arithmetician. f. (-क्षी) The wife of an astrologer. ३. गज् to calculate, affix कन्, fem. affix जीप्.  
 गजकार m. (-रः) 1. A name of BHIMASENA. 2. A classifier, one who arranges into classes. ३. गज a troop, and कार who forms.  
 गजचक्रक n. (-क्षः) A dinner in common by a party of virtuous men. ३. गज a number, चक्र a wheel or circle, and कन् aff.  
 गजता f. (-ता) 1. Classification. 2. Multitude, assemblage. 3. Following a part or fraction. 4. Arithmetic. ३. गज a class, तक्ष् affix ; also with ल, गजल.  
 गजदीक्षा f. (-क्षा) 1. Initiation of a particular kind in which GANESHA is especially worshipped. 2. Initiation of a number or class. 3. Performance of religious rites for a number of persons. ३. गज, and दीक्षा a religious rite.  
 गजदीक्षिन् m. (-क्षी) 1. A priest who officiates for various castes and people. 2. One who has been initiated into the worship of GANESHA. ३. गज, दीक्षा a rite, and इनि aff.  
 गजदेवता f. (-ता) A deity of a class, as an Aditya a Vasu, a Rudra, &c. ३. गज, and देवता a divinity.  
 गजद्रव्य n. (-व्यः) 1. Public property, common stock. 2. A variety of articles. ३. गज a class, and द्रव्य thing.  
 गजधर m. (-रः) 1. The head of a class or number, the teacher of a school. 2. A title of the first disciples of the Jaina Mahavira. ३. गज a class, and धर who holds.  
 गजन nf. (-नः) 1. Counting, enumerating. 2. Arithmetic. ३. गज् to count, युच् aff.  
 गजनाथ m. (-थः) A name of GANESHA. ३. गज, and नाथ lord.  
 गजनायक m. (-क्षः) A name of GANESHA. f. (-यिका) A name of DURGA, ३. गज, and नायक a leader ; see गजेष्ट.  
 गजनीय mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) 1. Numerable, to be counted or reckoned. 2. To be classed. ३. गज् to count, and चनीयर् aff.  
 गजपति m. (-तिः) GANESHA. ३. गज् and पति lord : see गजेष्ट.  
 गजपर्वत m. (-तः) The fabulous mountain Kailasha. ३. गज SIVA's attendant demigods, and पर्वत a mountain ; this mountain being the residence of the Kinnaras, Yakshas, and other subordinat deities.  
 गजपीठक n. (-क्षः) The breast or bosom. ३. गज the aggregate, (of qualities,) and पीठक a seat.  
 गजरात्रि n. (-त्रिः) A multitude of nights. ३. गज, and रात्रि night.  
 गजक्षप m. (-पः) Swallow wort, (Colotropis gigantea ;) also चक्ष. ३. गज a number, and क्षप form, multiform.  
 गजक्षपिन् m. (-पिः) Swallow wort, the white sort : see the preceding.  
 गजवतीसुत m. (-तः) The name of a sage and physician, also called DHANWANTARI or KASIRAJA. ३. गजवती a proper name, and सुत a son, the son of GANAVATI.  
 गजहासक m. (-क्षः) Chor, a species of perfume, ३. गज many, and हासक what causes to smile, what delights.  
 गजावधी m. (-धीः) A name of GANESHA. ३. गज the troops of deities, and अधी principal.  
 गजावध m. (-धः) The mountain Kailasha. ३. गज, and अध a mountain, the residence of the GANAS or troops of demi-gods.  
 गजाधिप m. (-पः) 1. A name of GANESHA. 2. A title of SIVA. 3. The chief of a troop of soldiers, of a class of disciples, of a body of men or animals, &c. ३. गज, and अधिप Master ; also गजाधिपति, and other similar epithets : see गजेष्ट.  
 गजान्न n. (-न्नः) A mess, food prepared for a number of Persons in common. ३. गज and अन्न food.

गणधनर mfn. (-र:-रा-र) One of a troop or number. m. (-र:) A member of a religious convent or association. E. गण, and धनर included  
 गण f. (-णः) Counting, enumerating E. गण् to count, इज् aff.  
 गणिका f. (-का) 1. A courtesan, a harlot. 2. A sort of Jasmin. (J. auriculatum.) 3. A tree, commonly Ganiyari, (Premnaspinosa.) 4. A female elephant. 5. Counting, enumerating. E. गण to reckon, &c. ण् aff.  
 गणिकारिका f. (-का) The name of a small tree with a very fetio leaf, commonly called Ganiyari, the wood of which is used in attrition, for the purpose of producing flame, (Premna spinosa.) E. कन् added to गणिकारी.  
 गणिकारी f. (-री) The name of a tree : see the preceding.  
 गणित mfn. (-त:-ता-त) Numbered, counted, reckoned, calculated. n. (-तः) 1. The science of computation, comprising arithmetic, algebra, and geometry, distinguished as पाटीगणितं, बीजगणितं and रिखागणितं. 2. Calculating, numbering. E. गण to count, affix क्त.  
 गणित्य mfn. (-व्य:-व्या-व्य) 1 To be counted or numbered. 2. To be calculated. E. गण and त्य aff.  
 गणपिटका f. (-का) A division of science peculiar to the Jainas.  
 गणीभूत mfn. (-त:-ता-त) 1. Included in any class or troop. 2. Calculated. E. गण, and भूत become, with चि augment.  
 गण्य mfn. (-य:-यी-य) Numberable, calculable, what may be reckoned or counted. E. गण to count, and यत् affix, form irr. see गण्य.  
 गणेर m. (-रः) A plant, (Pterospermum acerifolium, &c.) see कर्षिकार.  
 f. (-रः) 1. A harlot, a whore. 2. A female elephant. E. गण a number, ईर्, to go, &c. affix ड.  
 गणेरका f. (-का) A bawd, a procuress. E. कन् added to the preceding.  
 गणेश m. (-शः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. GANESA, the son of SIVA and PARVATI; he is the deity of wisdom, and remover of obstacles, whence in the commencement of all undertakings, the opening of all compositions. &c. he receives the reverential homage of the Hindus. He is represented as a short fat man with the head of an elephant; and the persent appellation, with other similar compounds, alludes to his office as chief of the various classes of subordinate gods, who are regarded as SIVA's attendants. E. गण a troop or class (of deities attendant upon SIVA,) and ईश lord or master.  
 गणेशकुसुम m. (-नः) A shrub, Oleander with red flowers. E. गणेश and कुसुम a flower.  
 गणेशपूजा f. (-जा) Worship of GANESA. E. गणेश and पूजा worship.  
 गणेशभूषण n. (-णः) Red lead. E. गणेश and भूषण ornament.  
 गणोत्साह m. (-हः) A rhinoceros. E. गण a herd, and उत्साह toil.  
 गण m. (-णः) 1. A cheek, the whole side of the face including the temple. 2. An elephant's temple or cheek. 3. A boil, a pimple. 4. A mark, a spot. 5. A bubble. 6. A knot. 7. A rhinoceros : (see गणक) 8. Part of a horse's trappings, a stud or button fixed as an ornament upon the harness. 9. A hero. 10. The abrupt interchange of question and answer, as one of the characteristics of the dramatic composition called Vithi. 11. The tenth Yoga, or one of the twenty-seven portions of a circle on the plane of the ecliptic : see योग. 12. An astronomical period. E. गण् to affect the cheek, ण् affix, or गन् to go, ड Unadi aff.  
 गणक m. (-कः) 1. A rhinoceros. 2. A mode of reckoning by fours. 3. An obstacle or impediment. 4. Separation, disjunction. 5. Astrological science or a part of it. f. (-की) The name of a river in the north of India, the Gandaki. f. (-का) A lump, a ball. E. गण् to affect the cheek, &c. ण् affix, fem. affix ङीप्.  
 गणकारी f. (-री) A sensitive plant, (Mimosa pudica.) E. गण् a boil, and कारी what occasions.

गणकारी f. (-री) See the preceding. E. गण् a knot, and कारी black black with many joints and knots.  
 गणकुसुम n. (-नः) The juice that exudes from the elephant's temples time of rut. E. गण् an elephant's temples, and कुसुम a flow from its supposed fragrance.  
 गणकुप m. (-पः) The peak or summit of a mountain.  
 गणगाम n. (-गः) A fruit, custard apple, (Annona squamosa) E. गण boil, and गाम a body; the inside being compared to purulent pustules.  
 गणफलक n. (-कः) The cheek. E. गण् and फलक a layer.  
 गणनाला f. (-ला) Inflammation of the glands of the neck, &c. E. गण boil, and नाला a necklace.  
 गणनालिन mfn. (-नी-लिनी-लि) Having the glands of the neck inflamed. E. इनि added to the last.  
 गणशैल m. (-लः) 1. A rock or rocky fragment fallen from a height thrown down by an earthquake, a storm, &c. 2. The forehead. E. गण cheek, and शैल a rock, the cheek of the mountain, or in the second instance, vice-versa, the mountain as it were of the cheek or face.  
 गणस्थल mf. (-लः-ली) The cheek. E. गण् and स्थल place.  
 गणडा m. (-दः) A rhinoceros. E. गण् a stud, and डा a body; from the studded appearance of his hide.  
 गणाली f. (-ली) A bent grass with white blossoms, a white sort Durva, (Agrostis linearis.) E. गण् a boil, णल् to be adequate or fit for, affixes ण् and ङीप्.  
 गण्डि m. (-ण्डिः) 1. Goitre or Bronchocele. 2. The trunk of a tree. गण्डि to affect the cheek, &c. Unadi affix ड्.  
 गण्डीर m. (-रः) 1. A kind of potherb, described as growing in water ground, and according to some, a species of cucumber. 2. A hero a champion. f. (-री) A milky plant, (Euphorbia.) E. गण्डि to affect a part, &c. इरन् aff.  
 गण्ड, mf. (-ण्डः) A pillow. f. (-ण्डः) A knot or joint. E. गण्डि to support the cheek, Unadi affix ड.  
 गण्डपृष्ठ m. (-ष्ठः) An earth-worm. f. (-दी) A small or female worm. E. गण्ड् a knot, and पृष्ठ a foot.  
 गण्डपृष्ठम m. (-मः) Lead. E. गण्डपृष्ठ a worm, and मन् produced.  
 गण्डू mf. (-ण्डः) 1. A mouthful. 2. A handful. 3. A handful of water &c. held in the hollowed palm of the hand for rinsing the mouth &c. 4. Filling the mouth, rinsing it, &c. 5. The tip of an elephant's trunk. E. गण् to drop, ण् affix, Unadi affix and गन् inserted.  
 गण्डील m. (-लः) 1. Raw sugar. 2. A mouthful. E. गण् to drop, or गण् to affect the cheek, णील affix; also गण्डील E. गण् to count, यत् a गण्ड mfn. (-ण्डः-ण्डः) To be counted or calculated. E. गण् to count, affix of the future participle यन्; also irregularly गण्य.  
 गत mfn. (-त:-ता-त) 1. Gone. 2. Known, understood. 3. Obtained gained. 4. Lost. n. (-तः) 1. Going, motion. 2. Any thing past done, an event. E. गन् to go, in the participle past.  
 गतकाल n. (-कः) Time past. E. गत, and काल time.  
 गतकाम mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Rested, refreshed. E. गत and काम fatigue.  
 गतचेतन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Senseless. swooned. E. गत and चेतना consciousness.  
 गतस्वर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Well, recovered, free from fever or sickness. गत and स्वर fever.  
 गततीयद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Cloudless, cleared up, fair. E. गत, and तीयद cloud.  
 गतप्रत्यागत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Returned, come back again after having gone away. E. गत and प्रत्यागत come back.  
 गतदिन n. (-नः) Yesterday. E. गत and दिन day; also गतदिवस.  
 गतप्रति mfn. (-ति-ति-ति) Agitated, discomposed, unsteady. E. गत and प्रति firmness.  
 गतनासिक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Noseless. E. गत gone, lost, and नासिका the

गतमाय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Reformed, without deceit. 2. Cruel without compassion. ३. गत and माय deceit.

गतक्षणीक mfn. (-कः-का-की) Unfortunate, suffering losses; so गतत्रीक.

गतवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Going, passing. 2. Obtaining. 3. Falling into. 4. Feeling, entertaining. ५. गत and वत् aff.

गतवित्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Beggared, impoverished. ६. गत and वित्त wealth.

गतविभव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Poor, indigent. ७. गत and विभव wealth.

गतव्यथ mfn. (-थः-था-थं) 1. Free from pain. 2. Unanxious. ३. गत and व्यथ pain.

गतवैभव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Grown up, above eight years of age. ४. गत and वैभव infancy.

गतसङ्कल्प mfn. (-ल्पः-ल्पा-ल्पं) Bereft of sense, foolish. ५. गत and सङ्कल्प purpose.

गतसङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गा-ङ्गं) 1. Detached from, dissevered. 2. Adverse or indifferent to. ३. गत, and सङ्ग union.

गतसत्त्व mfn. (-त्वः-त्वा-त्वं) 1. Base. 2. Lifeless, dead, &c. ३. गत, and सत्त्व being.

गतसङ्कम m. (-कः) An elephant out of rut.

गताक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्षं) Blind, sightless. ४. गत gone, and क्ष for क्षि the eye.

गतागत m. (-तः) 1. The flight of a bird backward and forward. 2. Going and coming, reiterated motion in general. ३. गत going, आगत coming.

गतानुगतिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Following, imitative, doing as others do. ४. गत, and अनुगतिक who goes after.

गतायुस् mfn. (-युः-युः-युः) 1. Very old, infirm, decrepid, decayed. 2. Dead. ३. गत, and आयुस् life.

गतार्तवा f. (-वा) 1. A woman past child-bearing. 2. A barren woman. ३. गत, and आर्तवा a woman menstruating.

गतार्थ mfn. (-र्थः-र्था-र्थं) 1. Unmeaning, nonsensical. 2. Poor. 3. Void of an object. ४. गत, and अर्थ sense, &c.

गतसु mfn. (-सुः-सुः-सुः) Dead, expired. ५. गत, and सुसु breath.

गति m. (-तिः) 1. Going, moving, motion in general. 2. March, procession. 3. A road, a way, a path. 4. A period of life, as age, youth, &c. 5. An expedient, a means of success. 6. Knowledge, wisdom. 7. A sinus, a fistular sore. 8. Worldly vanity or wickedness. 9. Course of events, fate, fortune. 10. Resource, refuge, asylum. 11. The diurnal motion of a planet in its orbit, 12. State, mode of existence. ३. गत् to go, affix तिन्.

गतिक n. (-कं) 1. Going, motion. 2. Refuge, asylum. 3. Course. 4. Condition. ५. कत् added to the preceding.

गतिक्षा f. (-क्षा) 1. A name of river, the Gatila. 2. Mutual separation. ३. गत् to go, क्त्वा Unadi affix, and त substituted for the radical final.

गत्तर mfn. (-रः-री-रं) Going, moving, locomotive. ४. गत् to go affix क्त्वा.

गत्ता ind. Having gone, gone to or attained, &c. ५. गत् to go, क्त्वा aff.

गत्तु न mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Impassable, difficult of access. 2. Desert. 3. Helpless. ४. गति and क्त्वा defective.

गद् r. 10th cl. (गदति) To speak articulately. 2. To be sick. r. 10th cl. (गदयति) To thunder.

गद् m. (-द्) 1. Disease, sickness. 2. Speech, speaking. 3. GADA the younger brother of KRISHNA. f. (-द्) 1. A mace, a club. 2. Trumpet flower, (Bigonia suave-olens.) ३. गद् to speak, &c. क्त्वा aff.

गदयिषु mfn. (-षुः-षुः-षुः) 1. Loquacious, talkative, talking much or idly. 2. Libidinous, lustful, desirous m. (-षुः) A name of KANDARPA, the deity of love. ३. गद् to speak, Unadi affix ण्यच्, and ण्य inserted.

गदाख्य n. (-ख्यं) A kind of Costus, (C. speciosus :) see कुष्ठ.

गदावद m. (always dual -दौ) The two physicians of Swarga, the sons of ASWINI by SURYA. ३. गद् disease in general, and चगद् health.

गदावज m. (-जः) A name of VISHNU or KRISHNA. ३. गद्, and चवज् and elder brother.

गदावर m. (-रः) A name of KRISHNA. ३. गदा a club, and वर who holds; KRISHNA or VISHNU is represented holding a mace in one of his hands.

गदावत् m. (-वत्) 1. A name of KRISHNA. 2. A mace or club bearer. 3. One who fights with a mace. ४. गदा a club, and वत् who nourishes. see the preceding.

गदाव्यर m. (-रः) A cloud. ३. गद् sound, चव्यर the sky.

गदारानि m. (-निः) A drug, a medicament. ३. गद् and चरानि an enemy.

गदाध n. (-धं) A kind of grass, (Costus speciosus :) see कुष्ठ. ३. गद् disease, and चाध्वा a name; named by many of the same terms as disease : see व्याधि, &c. also गदाध्व, गदाध्व, &c.

गदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Spoken, said. ३. गद् to speak, क्त्वा aff.

गदितवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Saying, speaking, having spoken. ३. गद्, and क्त्वा aff.

गदिन् m. (-दी) 1. A name of VISHNU. 2. A mace bearer. 3. One armed with a club. 4. A sick man. ५. गदा a mace, and इनि poss. aff.

गद्ग m. (-द्) Indistinct or convulsive utterance, as sobbing, &c. ३. गद् to speak, क्त्वा affix, root repeated with चच्.

गद्गञ्जि m. (-जिः) low inarticulate expression of joy or grief. ३. गद्ग inarticulate utterance. and ज्जि sound.

गद्गपद् n. (-द्) Inarticulate speech. ३. गद्ग and पद् a word.

गद्गवाच् f. (-वाच्) Inarticulate or convulsive speech, interrupted by sobbing, &c. ३. गद्ग, and वाच् speech.

गद्य mfn. (-द्यः-द्या-द्यं) To be spoken or uttered. n. (-द्यः) Prose ३. गद् to speak, affix यत्.

गद्यानक n. (-कं) A weight either of sixty-four or forty-eight Rattis; also read गद्यानक.

गन्ध mfn. (-न्धः-न्धा-न्धं) To be gone, to be gone to or attained. ३. गन्, and तन्ध aff.

गन्तु m. (-न्तुः) A traveller, a way-farer. ३. गन्त् to go, Unadi affix तुन्.

गन्तु mfn. (-न्ता-न्ती-न्तुः) Who or what goes or moves. ३. गन्त् to go, टच्. aff.

गन्ती f. (-न्ती) A cart or car drawn by oxen. ३. गन्त् to go, इन् affix, fem. affix णीच्.

गन्तीरय m. (-यः) A cart. ३. गन्ती a carriage drawn by oxen, and रय a vehicle.

गन् r. 10th cl. (गन्त्यते) 1. To injure, to hurt or kill. 2. To move, to go. 3. To ask or beg.

गन्ध m. (-न्धः) 1. Smell, odour. 2. A perfume, a fragrance or fragrant substance. 3. A diffusive fragrance. 4. Sulphur. 5. Connexion, relationship. 6. A neighbour. 7. A plant, (Morunga hyperanthera, &c.) 8. Pride, arrogance. 9. Small, diminutive, a little, a small quantity, &c. 10. Pounded Sandal. f. (-न्धा) The bud of the Champaca flower, (Michelia Champaca.) n. (-न्धः) Aloe-wood. ३. गन्ध to hurt, to move, &c. affix चच्.

गन्धक n. (-कः) 1. Sulphur. 2. The morunga tree, (M. hyperanthera, &c.) see शोभाञ्जन. ३. कन्त् added to the preceding.

गन्धकारिका f. (-का) A female artisan, living in the house of another woman. ३. गन्ध perfume, and कारिका who makes.

गन्धकाजिका f. (-का) The mother of VYASA. ३. कन्त् added to the next.

गन्धकाली f. (-ली) The mother of the poet VYASA. ३. गन्ध perfume, कल् to make, affixes चच् and णीच् having a strong scent.

गन्धकाष्ठ n. (-ष्ठः) A fragrant wood, as Sandal, aloewood, &c. ३. गन्ध smell, and काष्ठ timber.

गन्धकुटी f. (-टी) A kind of perfume, commonly Mura. ३. गन्ध smell, &c. कुटी abode.

गन्धलेख n. (-खं) A fragrant grass. ३. गन्ध, and लेख grass; also with कन्त् added गन्धलेखकः : see गन्धद्वय.

गन्धमय m. (-मः) An elephant of the best kind. ३. गन्ध odour, गन्ध an elephant.  
 गन्धगुण mfn. (-गः-गन्धः) Having the property of odour. ३. गन्ध, and गुण quality.  
 गन्धग्राह n. (-गः) Smelling any odour. ३. गन्ध, and ग्राह smelling.  
 गन्धवेष्टिका f. (-का) Musk. ३. गन्ध fragrance, वेष्टि clothes, affix कन्; being used for scenting clothes.  
 गन्धजात n. (-तः) The leaf of the Laurus cassia. ३. गन्ध smell, जात produced; fragrant.  
 गन्धज्ञा f. (-ज्ञा) The nose ३. गन्ध scent, and ज्ञा who knows.  
 गन्धतृण n. (-तृणः) A musical instrument, one of a loud sound used in battle: (a drum or trumpet.) ३. गन्ध pride, and तृण a musical instrument.  
 गन्धद्वय n. (-द्वयः) A fragrant grass, (Andropogon schoenanthus.) ३. गन्ध, and द्वय grass.  
 गन्धलव f. (-लवः) A sort of perfume, commonly Elabaluka. ३. गन्ध and लव skin, rind.  
 गन्धविप m. (-पः) An elephant of the best class, supposed to emit a particular smell at all times. ३. गन्ध, and विप an elephant.  
 गन्धधूलि f. (-धूलिः) Musk, the fragrant secretion of the musk-deer. ३. गन्ध fragrant, and धूलि dust.  
 गन्धन n. (-नः) 1. Continued effort, perseverance. 2. Injury, hurting, killing. 3. Intimation, information. 4. Manifestation. ३. गन्ध to hurt, to move, &c. affix कृट्.  
 गन्धनकुल m. (-कुलः) The musk-rat of Bengal. (Sorex moschata.) ३. गन्ध scented, and कुल an ichneumon.  
 गन्धनाकुली f. (-ली) A plant, possibly the serpent Ophioclyon: see राजा, ३. गन्ध smelling, and नाकुली the same plant.  
 गन्धनाम m. (-नामः) A fragrant kind of basil. ३. गन्ध fragrance, and नाम a name.  
 गन्धनाली f. (-ली) The nose. ३. गन्ध scent, and नाली tubular canal.  
 गन्धमिलय f. (-यः) Double jasmine, (J. Zambac floribus multiplicatis.) ३. गन्ध smell, and मिलय a house.  
 गन्धपत्र m. (-पत्रः) A white sort of basil, (Ocimum gratissimum:) see चेतपत्रांस f. (-पत्रः) 1. A sort of zedoary. (-पत्रः) Ajwaen, (Ligusticum ajwaen.) 2. Another plant, (Physalis flexuosa.) ३. गन्ध, and पत्र a leaf.  
 गन्धपलायिका f. (-का) Turmeric. ३. गन्ध smell, पलाय a leaf.  
 गन्धपलायी f. (-यी) Zedoary, (Curcuma zerumbet.) ३. गन्ध and पलाय a leaf.  
 गन्धपाषाण m. (-पाषाणः) Sulphur. ३. गन्ध smelling, and पाषाण a stone.  
 गन्धपिशाचिका f. (-का) The smell of incense, diffusive incense. ३. गन्ध smell पिशाचिका female demon; imp-like, from its dark colour or cloudy nature; or attracting demons by its fragrance.  
 गन्धपीता f. (-ता) A species of zedoary. ३. गन्ध and पीत yellow.  
 गन्धपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) 1. A kind of cane, (Calamus rotang.) 2. Another plant, (Alangium hexapetalum:) see चण्डोट. 3. Sebesten. (Cordia myxa.) f. (-पुष्पः) 1. The indigo plant. 2. Ganiyari, (Premna spinosa, &c.) see गन्धकारी. n. (-पुष्पः) Flowers and Sandal presented together at seasons of worship. ३. गन्ध smell, and पुष्प flower; having odoriferous flowers.  
 गन्धपुल m. (-पुलः) 1. Elephant or wood apple: see कपित्थ. 2. The Bel, (Ægle cratæva.) f. (-पुलः or -ली) 1. A plant bearing a fragrant seed: see पिबक. 2. The gum olibanum tree. f. (-ली) The blossom of the champaca: see चण्डक. ३. गन्ध smell, and पुल a fruit.  
 गन्धवन्धु m. (-वन्धुः) The mango tree, ३. गन्ध a smell, and वन्धु a friend.  
 गन्धमहा f. (-महा) A creeper commonly Gandhabhadali or Ghandali, (Poderia fetida) ३. गन्ध smell, and महा auspicious.  
 गन्धमाच्छ m. (-माच्छः) A tree, (Hibiscus populneoides:) see गन्धमाच्छ.  
 गन्धमासी f. (-सी) A kind of Indian spikenard: see जटामासी.  
 गन्धमातृ f. (-मातृ) The earth. ३. गन्ध scent, and मातृ the mother; the property of fragrance, residing in the earth or earthy atoms.

गन्धमादन mn. (-मः-मः) The name of a particular mountain, forming division between Ilavritta and Bhadrassa or to the east of M m. (मः) 1. A large black bee. 2. Sulphur. 3. The name of one of the monkey chiefs. f. (-सी) Spirituous liquor; also in some b read गन्धमादिनी. ३. गन्ध smell, मद to inebriate in the causal form कृट् aff.  
 गन्धमादिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Strong scented, of intoxicating odour (-सी) 1. Lac, 2. A sort of perfume. 3. Wine or spirituous liquor गन्ध and मादिन् what intoxicates.  
 गन्धमाज्जर m. (-ज्जरः) The civet-cat. ३. गन्ध smell, and माज्जर a cat.  
 गन्धमाज्जिनी f. (-जी) Mura, a perfume so called. ३. गन्ध smell, माज्जा a m lace, affix इति and ऊप्.  
 गन्धमूक m. (-मूकः) A creeper, (Hibiscus populneoides:) also गन्धमाच्छ.  
 गन्धमूल m. (-मूलः) A plant with a fragrant and tuberous root, one of Scitaminea, (Alpinia galanga:) see कुलचन. f. (-का or -ली) 1. A spec of Cucumber, (C. reclinata, Rox.) 2. The olibanum tree. ३. smell and मूल a root, fem. affix टाप् or ऊप् also with कन् a गन्धमूलक.  
 गन्धमूलक m. (-कः) A sort of Cucumber also गन्धमूली; see the preceding गन्धमूक mfn. (-कः-का) The musk-rat or shrew, (Sorex moschata:) ३. in the fem. गन्धमूली.  
 गन्धमृग m. (-मृगः) The civet-cat. ३. गन्ध smell, and मृग a deer; the name also may be applied to the musk-deer.  
 गन्धमोदन n. (-नः) Sulphur, ३. गन्ध, and मोदन pleasing.  
 गन्धमेयुन m. (-युनः) A bull. ३. गन्ध smell, and मेयुन copulation.  
 गन्धमोदिनी f. (-नी) The champaca flower. ३. गन्ध smell, and मोदिनी lighting.  
 गन्धरस m. (-रसः) Myrrh. ३. गन्ध smell, and रस essence; also रसगन्ध.  
 गन्धराज n. (-राजः) 1. Sandal. 2. Any sweet smelling flower. f. (-ली) 1. sort of perfume, commonly, Nak'hi: see गन्धी. ३. गन्ध smell, a राज what excels, from राज to shine, affix चच्; fem. affix ऊप्.  
 गन्धर्ष m. (-र्षः) 1. A Gand'harba or celestial musician; these demigods inhabit INDRA's heaven, and form the orchestra at all the banquets of the principal deities. 2. A horse. 3. A kind of deer; according to some authorities, the musk-deer. 4. The soul after death, as previous to its being born again, corresponding, in some respect to the western notion of ghosts. 5. A singer in general. 6. The Kokila or black cuckoo. 7. The sun. 8. A sage, a pious man. ३. गन्ध smell, injury, &c. चर्ष to go, affix चच् the च final of गन्ध is rejected; the root is also sometimes written with the dental letter चर्ष when the compound will be गन्धर्ष; the best authorities however write it with the final labial letter ष as above.  
 गन्धर्वविद्या f. (-द्या) Music, dancing, &c. ३. गन्धर्व, and विद्या science.  
 गन्धर्वविवाह m. (-वः) Marriage by mutual consent, without any ceremonies, allowable between persons of the second class. ३. गन्धर्व an विवाह marriage.  
 गन्धर्ववेद m. (-वेदः) The science of music considered as a branch of the Sama Veda. ३. गन्धर्व and वेद a Veda.  
 गन्धर्वहस्त m. (-हस्तः) The castor-oil tree, (Palma cristata or Ricinus communis.) ३. गन्धर्व a deer, and हस्त hand or food; the leaves being compared to the foot of the deer; also with कन् added गन्धर्वहस्तक.  
 गन्धर्वलुपा f. (-लुपा) A fly or gnat. ३. गन्धर्व smell, &c. लुप unsteady.  
 गन्धर्वविज m. (-विजः) A perfumer, a dealer in perfumes. ३. गन्ध and विज a dealer.  
 गन्धवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Scented, smelling, odoriferous. f. (-ती) 1. The earth. 2. The name of a city. 4. Wine or vinous liquor. 4. A kind of perfume: see मृग. 5. The mother of VYASA. 6. A wild species of Ajwaen: see the यमाजी. ३. गन्ध smell, वत् poss. affix फल aff. ऊप्.  
 गन्धवल्कल n. (-लः) 1. Cassia bark. 2. Sarsaparilla. ३. गन्ध, and वल्कल bark

- गन्धवल्ली f. (-री) A plant, also सुहृदी B, गन्ध smell, and बह्वर a pedicle, or with बही the same, गन्धवल्ली.
- गन्धवह mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Smelling, fragrant, &c m. (-वः) The wind. f. (-वा) The nose. B. गन्ध smell, and वह what conveys, from वह् to bear &c., and वच् aff.
- गन्धवाह m. (-वः) 1. The wind. 2. A deer, the musk-deer. f. (-वा) The nose. B. गन्ध smell, वह् to convey, and वच् aff.
- गन्धविपुल m. (-लः) Wheat.
- गन्धवृक्ष n' (-वः) The Sal tree, (*Shorea robusta*.) B. गन्ध, perfume, and वृक्ष a tree, yielding a fragrant resin.
- गन्धव्याकुल n. (-लः) A perfume, a fragrant berry : see कङ्गोल B. गन्ध smell and व्याकुल disturbed.
- गन्धवटी f. (-टी) A sort of Cucumber : see शटी. B. गन्ध smell, and शटी the same plant.
- गन्धमालि m. (-लिः) A sweet smelling kind of rice. B. गन्ध, and मालि rice.
- गन्धमुखिनी f. (-नी) The musk-rat or shrew. B. गन्ध and मुखिनी a rat ; also गन्धामुखिनी.
- गन्धमेखर m. (-रः) Musk. B. गन्ध, and मेखर chief, a principal perfume.
- गन्धसार m. (-रः) Sandal. B. गन्ध and सार essence, the essence of perfume.
- गन्धसूय f. (-यी) The musk shrew or small musk-rat. B. गन्ध smell, and सू to produce, affixes युक् and डीप् ; also sometimes read गन्धसूयी, from गन्ध and सुख pleasure.
- गन्धसीम n. (-मः) The white esculent water lily. B. गन्ध smell, and सीम the moon ; opening its petals at night.
- गन्धकारिका f. (-का) A female artisan working in another person's house.
- गन्धाह m. (-हः) A musk-rat. B. गन्ध smell, and आह a rat : see गन्धसूयी, &c.
- गन्धाजीव m. (-वः) A vender of perfumes. B. गन्ध, and आजीव who gets a livelihood.
- गन्धाक्ष m. (-क्षः) The orange tree. f. (-क्षा) A plant : see गन्धाजी. B. गन्ध, and आक्ष wealth, rich in odour.
- गन्धापकर्षक n. (-कः) Removing any smell. B. गन्ध, and अपकर्षक taking away.
- गन्धाक्षा f. (-क्षा) A plant, commonly Jati or Chameli, (*Celtis orientalis*)
- गन्धाक्षी f. (-क्षी) 1. Gandhali or Gandhavaduliya, a plant, (*Pæderia fetida*.) 2. A wasp ; see गन्धाक्षी. B. गन्ध smell, and आक्षी a line, a quantity.
- गन्धाश्मन् m. (-श्म) Sulphur. B. गन्ध smell, and आश्मन् a stone.
- गन्धाष्टक n. (-कः) A class of eight fragrant articles used in worship, &c. as a sandal, agallochum, camphor, saffron, valerian, and some fragrant grasses. B. गन्ध, and अष्टक eight collectively.
- गन्धिक m. (-कः) Sulphur. B. गन्ध smell, and ठक् affix ; also गन्धक.
- गन्धिन् mfn. (-न्ति-गन्धि-न्ति) Smelling, odoriferous. m. (-न्ति) 1. A bug ; also the flying bug. 2. A tree, (*Xanthophyllum virens*.) f. (-न्ती) A kind of perfume : see Mura, B. गन्ध smelling, इति poss. aff.
- गन्धीतु m. (-तुः) The civet-cat. B. गन्ध smell, and चीतु a cat ; also गन्धीतु.
- गन्धीतमा f. (-मा) Spirituous or vinous liquor. B. गन्ध odour, and उत्तम excellent.
- गन्धीपजीविन् m. (-वी) A perfumer. B. गन्ध, and उपजीविन् who lives by.
- गन्धीलि f. (-लिः or -ली) A kind of cucumber, (*C. reclinata*, Rox.) (-ली) 1. A wasp. 2. A fragrant grass, (*Cyperus rotundus*.) B. गन्ध to smell or injure B. चीलच् affix, वच् or डीप् fem. aff.
- गन्धिलि mf. (-लिः) A ray light, a sun or moon-beam. m. (-लिः) The sun. f. (-लिः) A name of SWAHA the wife of AGNI. B. न for नी the heaven, भस् to shine, and लिच् aff.
- गन्धिमन् m. (-मन्) The sun. n. (-मन्) One of the seven divisions of Patala or regions below the earth. B. गन्धिलि a ray of light, and मन्त् poss. aff.
- गन्धिलिहस्त m. (-स्तः) The sun. B. गन्धिलि a ray, and हस्त a hand ; yielding the sun-beams.
- गभीर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Deep. 2. Thick, impervious, (as a forest.) 3. Profound, sagacious. 4. Deep in sound, hollow-toned. B. गम् to go.

न substituted for the final, हरन् Unadi affix ; also with गुन् inserted गभीर.

गभीरजनि m. (-निः) 1. Deep sound. 2. A low note or tone B. गभीर and जनि sound ; also गभीरनाद गभीरजन्ध &c.

गभीरिका f. (-का) 1. A large drum. 2. A gong. B. गभीर deep, (as sound.) कन् affix, and the fem. form.

गभीलिक m. (-कः) A small round pillow

गम (गो, छ) चीगम्भ r. 1st. cl. (गम्भति) 1. To go, to move or approach. 2. To arrive at, to accomplish or attain. With चनु prefixed, To follow, to imitate. With चाक् (चागम्भति) 1. To come, to arrive. 2. To go to entertain. 3. (चागम्भते) To wait, to delay. With चधि, 1. To obtain, to gain or acquire. 2. To go over, as a book or set of rules to peruse, to learn. 3. To pass over, to omit. With चप, To go back or away, to separate. With चव, To know, to understand. With उत्, 1. To approach, to go near to. 2. To go up, to rise. With चप, 1. To produce. 2. To go near. 3. To consent to. With चप and चाक्, To approach. With दुर, To go with difficulty. With नि, To acquire knowledge. With निर, To go forth or out. With परि and उत्, To rise, as from a seat, &c. With परि, 1. To surround. 2. To go away. With प्रति and चाक्, To return to arrive at. With वि, To go against as an enemy. With सम्, (संगम्भते) 1. To go with, to accompany. 2. To meet, to encounter, (संगम्भति) To go to, (in a transitive sense.) With सम् and चाक्, To meet, to unite. With सम् and चप, To submit to, to yield. With सु, 1. To go easily or well. 2. To arrive at.

गम m. (-मः) 1. Going, moving. 2. March, especially the march of an assailant. 3. A road. 4. A game played with dice and men, as backgammon, &c. 5. Acting inconsiderately, looking at any thing hastily and superficially. 6. Reading lightly, hasty or careless perusal, running over a book, &c. B. गम् to go, चक् aff.

गमकारित्व n. (-त्वं) Rashness, inconsiderateness. B. गम् as above, कारिन् who does or acts, and त्व abstract aff.

गमच m. (-चः) 1. A road. 2. A traveller. B. गम् to go, चच् Unadi aff.

गमन n. (-नः) 1. Going in general, 2. March in general, or the march of an assailant. 3. Cohabitation. 4. Obtaining, attaining. B. गम् to go or move, affix क्त्.

गमनार्ह mfn. (-र्हः-र्हा-र्ह) To be sought, fit, suitable, desirable. B. गमन and अर्ह worthy.

गमनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. What may be gone to or reached, attainable, accessible. 2. What ought to be followed, to be practised or observed. B. गम् and गनीयर् aff.

गमयत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Causing or making to go. B. गम् to go, causal form, इत् aff.

गमागम m. (-मः) Going and coming. B. गम, and आगम going.

गमित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Caused to go, sent, brought, reduced, driven to &c. B. गम् to go, causal form, क्त aff.

गमिन् m. (-नी) A passenger. B. गम् to go, इति Unadi affix, otherwise with चिनि affix, गमिन्.

गम् r. 1st cl. (गम्भति) To go or move.

गम्भारी f. (-री) The name of tree, commonly called by the same name Gambhari, (*Gmelina arborea*.) B. क water, च् to nourish, affixes चच् and डीप्, क is changed to न and into the second case.

गभीर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Deep, (as water, but applied metaphorically to sound, intellect, &c. as in English.) 2. Dull, slow. m. (-रः) A Mantra or magical incantation written in prose in the Rig Veda. 2. A lotus. 3. The citron. f. (-रा) Hiccup, violent singultus. B. गम् to go, हरन् Unadi affix, न changed to न, and गुन् inserted see गभीर.

गभीरता f. (-ता) 1. Depth, (of water.) 2. Depth of thought, profoundness. 3. Depth of sound. B. गभीर, and तच् affix ; also गभीरलः.

गभीरनाद m. (-दः) A deep or hollow sound, thundering, roaring, &c. B.

नवीर, and नव sound; also similar compounds, as नवीरवधि, नवीर-  
वध; also with नवीर, नवीरमाद, &c.  
नवीरवेदि m. (-वी) A restive elephant. ३. नवीर dull, and विद् to know,  
affix विधि.  
नवीराय n. (-ई) Profound sense or meaning. ३. नवीर, and नवी sense.  
नव mfn. (-व्यः-न्य-न्य) 1. Attainable, accessible. 2. To be gone, to be  
gone to. 3. Perceptible. 4. Desirable, suitable, fit. ३. नव् to go,  
नत् aff.  
नवता f. (-ता) 1. Accessibility. 2. Perceptibility. 3. Being capable of  
attainment. ३. नव् added to the last; also with नव नव्यत्.  
नव्यता mfn. (-न्यः-न्य-न्य) To be gone, to be traversed, to be gone to, &c.  
३. नव् to go, passive v., नानत् aff.  
नव m. (-वः) 1. A species of ox, the Gayal or Bos Gaurus. 2. The name  
of a royal or military saint. 3. The name of an Asura. 4. One of  
the monkey chiefs of the Ramayana. f. (-वा) Gaya, a city in Behar  
still so called, and a place of pilgrimage; the capital of the saint  
of the same name; it was made holy by the benediction of VISHNU,  
who granted its sanctity to the piety of Gaya the Rajarshi; or ac-  
cording to another legend to Gaya the Asura, who was overwhel-  
med here by the deities with rocks; sacrifices should be offered  
once at least in the life of every Hindu to his progenitors at Gaya.  
३. नै to sing, नय aff.  
नर mn. (-रः-र) 1. Poison. 2. An antidote. m. (-रः) Sickness, disease. n. (-र)  
1. Sprinkling, wetting. 2. The fifth of the eleven Karanas. f. (-रा)  
Swallowing. ((री) A species of grass, (Andropogon serratus); also  
गरागरी. ३. नर् to hurt, and नच् affix, or न् to wet or sprinkle, or  
again न् to swallow, affix नच्.  
नरन् mfn. (-न्यः-न्य-न्य) 1. Antidote, an antidote. 2. Sanative, healthy. m.  
(-न्यः) A species of Basil. f. (-नी) A fish (the young of the Ophiocephalus  
lata, HAM.) ३. नर्, and न् what destroys.  
नरन् n. (-न्य) 1. Wetting, sprinkling. 2. Swallowing. ३. न् to wet, or न्  
to swallow, affix न्यत्.  
नरन् mfn. (-न्यः-न्य-न्य) 1. A poisoner, poisoning. 2. Unwholesome, occasion-  
ing sickness. n. (-न्य) Poison. ३. नर् poison, and न् who gives.  
नरन् m. (-न्यः) A peacock. ३. नर् sprinkling, (of rain,) and नत् religious  
observance.  
नरन् m. (-न्यः) The foetus or embryo; see नर्. ३. न् to drop, &c. नमच् aff.  
नरन् n. (-न्य) 1. The venom of a snake or venom in general. 2. A  
bundle of grass, or hay. 3. Measure in general. ३. नर् poison, &c.  
and न् what gets or possesses.  
नरन् mfn. (-न्यः-न्य-न्य) Venomous, poisonous. ३. नरन्, and नत् aff.  
नरन् f. (-री) A kind of grass, (Andropogon serratus); see नरन् and  
नरी; also नरन्.  
नरन् n. (-न्य) The seed of the Sobhanjan or Morunga. ३. नर् poison,  
and नानत् nature.  
नरन् f. (-न्य) Lac, the animal red dye so called.  
नरन् m. (-न्य) 1. Weight, heaviness. 2. Venerableness. ३. नर् and  
नमच् aff.  
नरन् mfn. (-न्यः-न्य-न्य) 1. Heaviest, excessively heavy. 2. Very vener-  
able. ३. नर् heavy, नन् superlative affix, deriv. irr.  
नरीयन् mfn. (-न्यः-न्य-न्य) 1. Heaviest, very heavy. 2. Highly venerable  
3. Worst. ३. See the last, affix नन्.  
नरन् m. (-न्य) The bird and vehicle of VISHNU; he is generally re-  
presented as being something between a man and a bird, and  
considered as sovereign of the feathered race; he is the son of  
KASTAPA and VINATA, and younger brother of ARUNA. ३. नर् a  
wing, न्, to fly, affix न्, and the न् of the noun dropped, who flies  
like a bird, or न् to moisten, and नन् Unadi aff.  
नरन् m. (-न्य) A name of VISHNU. ३. नरन्, and नन् a symbol; whose  
symbol is GARUDA.

नरन् n. (-न्य) A species of metre having four lines to the stanza,  
sixteen syllables to each line.  
नरन् m. (-न्य) ARUNA, the charioteer of the sun. ३. नरन्, and  
elder born; the elder brother of GARUDA.  
नरन् n. (-न्य) An emerald. ३. नरन्, GARUDA, and नन् marked.  
नरन् m. (-न्य) An emerald. ३. नरन्, and नन् a stone: see  
preceding.  
नरन् n. (-न्य) The emerald. ३. नरन् and नन् passed over.  
नरन् m. (-न्य) A wing. ३. न् to moisten, and नन् Unadi aff.  
नरन् m. (-न्य) 1. The bird of VISHNU. 2. A bird in general. ३. नन्  
wing, and नन् aff.  
नरन् m. (-न्य) A quail. ३. नरन् a wing, and नन् who fights.  
नरी m. (-न्य) One of the ten principal Munis or saints, a son of BRAH-  
m. (नरी) Wife of GARUDA. ३. न् to sprinkle, न Unadi aff.  
नरी m. (-न्य) 1. A kind of fish, (Pimelodus gagora, HAM.) f. (-री) 1  
churn. 2. A water vessel, a goblet. ३. नरी an imitative sound  
gurgling, and न् what makes.  
नरी m. (-न्य) A kind of fish, (Pimelodus gagora, HAM.)  
नरी mfn. (-न्यः-न्य-न्य) A descendant of GARUDA. ३. नरी, and न् aff.  
नरन् r. 1st cl. (नरन्ति) To go or move.  
नरन् r. 10th cl. (नरन्ति) To sound. r. 1st cl. (नरन्ति) To emit a deep  
full sound, to sound as distant thunder, to roar as a lion, &c.  
नरन् n. (-न्य) 1. The roaring of elephants. 2. The grumbling of cloud  
&c. ३. नरन् to roar or growl, affix नच्.  
नरन् m. (-न्य) A fish, commonly Gajar. ३. नरन् to grumble, affi नन्.  
नरन् n. (-न्य) 1. Sound, noise. 2. Passion, wrath. 3. Excessive inc-  
nation. 4. Reproach, menace. 5. War, battle, conflict. 6. 7  
grumbling of clouds, &c. ३. नरन् to grumble or roar, affix नन्.  
नरन् mfn. (-न्यः-न्य-न्य) To be sounded or roared. ३. नरन् to sou-  
नरीयन् aff.  
नरन् n. (-न्य) A carrot.  
नरन् m. (-न्य) The muttering of clouds or distant thunder. ३. नरन्  
sound as thunder, न् aff.  
नरन् mfn. (-न्यः-न्य-न्य) Sounded, roared, bellowed. m. (-न्य) Roaring of  
elephant in rut. n. (-न्य) The muttering of clouds or roaring  
distant thunder. ३. नरन् to roar. &c. affix नन्.  
नरन् mfn. (-न्यः-न्य-न्य) To be roared or sounded. ३. नरन् to sou-  
नन् aff.  
नरन् m. (-न्य) 1. A hole in general. 2. The hollow of the lions. 3. Th  
name of a country; also नरन्, in the north-west of India. 4. A  
kind of disease. ३. न् to drop, Unadi affix नन्.  
नरन् f. (-न्य) A weaver's workshop. ३. नरन् a hole, affix नन्, the wea-  
er sits at his loom with his feet in a hollow or hole below th  
level of the floor.  
नरन् r. 1st and 10th ols. (नरन्ति, नरन्ति) To sound, to roar.  
नरन् m. (-न्य) 1. Smell, odour. 2. An ass. f. (-नी) 1. A she ass. 2. An in-  
sect, a kind of beetle springing from cowdung. 3. A disease of  
the skin, eruption of round, red, and painful spots; also नरन्ति  
4. A creeper, (Clitoria ternata.) n. (-न्य) The white lotus. ३. नरन्  
sound, Unadi affix नन्.  
नरन् m. (-न्य) The skin or hide of an ass. ३. नरन्, and नन् a skin.  
नरन् mfn. (-न्यः-न्य-न्य) A plant, (Ovieda verticillata.) ३. नरन् an ass  
and नानत् a vegetable.  
नरन् m. (-न्य) A kind of tree, commonly Parsipal, (Hibiscus  
populneoides.) ३. नरन् smell, नन् to go, and नन् aff.  
नरन् m. (-न्य) The white lotus. ३. नरन् smell, and नानत् an appellation  
नरन् f. (-न्य) An cutaneous disease, a blotch, an eruption. ३. न  
fem. form added to नरन्.  
नरन् m. (-न्य) 1. Eagerness, greediness. 2. The Parsipal: see नरन्. ३  
नन् to desire, to be greedy, affix नन्.



गर्भान् mfn. (-गर्भ-मा-नं) covetous. Greedy. ३. गृह् to be greedy, affix गृह्.  
 गर्भिन् mfn. (-गर्भ-दिनी-ति) Greedy, covetous. ३. गर्भ, and इति aff.  
 गर्भ r. 10th cl. (गर्भयति) To desire or covet : see गृह्.  
 गर्भ r. 1st cl. (गर्भति) To move, to go or approach.  
 गर्भ m. (-गर्भः) Pride, haughtiness. ३. गर्भ to be proud, चक् affix ; also read गर्भ.  
 गर्भ m. (-गर्भः) A foetus, &c. ; see the next. f. (-गर्भा) Interval of time, division of time or place.  
 गर्भ m. (-गर्भः) 1. A foetus or embryo. 2. A child. 3. The belly. 4. The inside, the middle. 5. Joining, union. 6. The rough coat of the fruit of the Jaka. 7. An inner apartment, a lying-in chamber. 8. Any interior chamber, the adytum of a temple, &c. 9. The bed of the Ganges, when the river is fullest ; that is, on the fourteenth day of the dark half of the month Bhadra, or in the height of the rains ; as high as the river flows at this period, so far extends the Garbha, after which the Tir or proper bank begins, and extends for 150 cubits ; this space is holy ground. 10. The calyx of the lotus. The interior or inner part of any thing. ३. गृ to drop, or गृ to swallow, Unadi affix गृ ; also read गर्भ.  
 गर्भक m. (-कः) A chaplet of flowers, &c. worn in the hair. n. (-कः) A period of a day and two nights. ३. क् added to the preceding.  
 गर्भकर mfn. (-रः-री-रः) Impregnating, fecundatory, procreative, producing impregnation. m. (-रः) A plant, (Nagelia putranjiva.) ३. गर्भ, and कर what makes.  
 गर्भकोश m. (-शः) The uterus. ३. गर्भ, and कोश sheathe.  
 गर्भगृह n. (-गृहः) 1. An inner chamber. 2. A lying-in chamber. 3. The sanctuary or adytum of a temple. ३. गर्भ and गृह a house.  
 गर्भगृह्य n. (-गृह्यः) Conception, impregnation. ३. गर्भ, and गृह्य taking.  
 गर्भघातिन् mfn. (-ती-तिनी-ति) Producing abortion. ३. गर्भ, and घातिन् what destroys.  
 गर्भचलन n. (-नः) Quickening, motion of the foetus in utero. ३. गर्भ, and चलन moving.  
 गर्भच्युत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Bearing a child. 2. Miscarrying. ३. गर्भ, and च्युत falling.  
 गर्भच्युति f. (-तिः) 1. Birth, delivery. 2. Miscarriage. ३. गर्भ, and च्युति falling.  
 गर्भच्छ m. (-च्छः) Enlargement of the navel. ३. गर्भ the belly, and च्छ an egg, the penultimate made short.  
 गर्भद mfn. (-दः-दा-दः) Impregnating, procreative. m. (-दः) A tree, (Nagelia putranjiva.) f. (-दा) A shrub so called. ३. गर्भ a foetus, and द what gives, with reference to the supposed virtue of the plant ; also गर्भ-दृष्ट mfn. (-ता-दृष्टः).  
 गर्भदुष्ट mfn. (-दुष्टः or -दुष्टः) Causing abortion. ३. गर्भ, and दुष्ट what injures.  
 गर्भधारण n. (-णः) Impregnation, gestation. ३. गर्भ, and धारण holding.  
 गर्भनाडी f. (-डी) The umbilical cord. ३. गर्भ, and नाडी a vessel.  
 गर्भपरिक्लव m. (-वः) Secundines. ३. गर्भ, and परिक्लव what exudes.  
 गर्भपाकिन् m. (-की) Rice ripening after two months.  
 गर्भपातक mfn. (-कः-को-कः) Producing abortion. m. (-कः) A red kind of morunga. ३. गर्भ the foetus, पत् to fall, in the causal form, and क् aff.  
 गर्भपातन n. (-नः) Producing abortion. f. (-नी) Any plant or drug supposed to have that effect. ३. गर्भ, and पातन causing to fall.  
 गर्भपातिन् mfn. (-ती-तिनी-ति) Producing abortion f. (-नी) A kind of potherb : see निशब्दा. ३. As in the last, affixes तिनि and डीप्.  
 गर्भपोषण n. (-णः) Gestation. ३. गर्भ, and पोषण nourishing.  
 गर्भरूप mfn. (-रः-पी-रः) A child, an infant. ३. गर्भ an embryo, and रूप form ; also गर्भरूपकः.  
 गर्भवती f. (-ती) A pregnant female. ३. गर्भ a foetus, and तनुप् poss. aff.  
 गर्भशुक्ल m. (-शुक्लः) A kind of vectis or instrument for extracting the dead foetus. ३. गर्भ and शुक्ल a probe.

गर्भशय्या f. (-या) The uterus. ३. गर्भ, and शय्या a bed.  
 गर्भस्थ mfn. (-स्थः-स्था-स्थः) 1. Situated in the womb. 2. Central, internal, within the centre of any thing. ३. गर्भ, and स्थ what abides.  
 गर्भस्राव m. (-वः) Abortion, miscarriage. ३. गर्भ the embryo, and स्राव expulsion.  
 गर्भस्राविन् mfn. (-वि-विनी-वि) Producing or occasioning abortion. ३. गर्भ, and स्राविन् what causes to issue.  
 गर्भागार n. (-रः) 1. An inner and private room, the female apartments, the lying-in chamber. 2. The sanctuary of a temple. The chamber where the object of worship is placed. ३. गर्भ the foetus, and आगार an abode, hence it is applied to the womb ; see गर्भाशय.  
 गर्भाधान n. (-नः) A ceremony performed prior to conception. ३. गर्भ the embryo, and आधान taking, being supposed conducive to future impregnation.  
 गर्भाशय m. (-शयः) The womb, the uterus. ३. गर्भ the embryo, and आशय asy- lum or abode.  
 गर्भाष्टम m. (-मः) The eighth month of uterine gestation. 2. The eighth year reckoning from conception. ३. गर्भ the foetus, and अष्टम eighth.  
 गर्भिणी f. (-नी) 1. A pregnant woman. 2. A plant, (Asclepias rosea) ३. गर्भ embryo, and इति poss. affix, fem. affix डीप्.  
 गर्भिण्यवेषण n. (-णः) Midwifery, attendance and care of pregnant women and new born infants. ३. गर्भिणी, and अवेषण care, looking to.  
 गर्भोपघातिनी f. (-नी) A cow (or female), miscarrying from going unseason- ably. ३. गर्भ the foetus, उप intensive prefix, हन् to destroy, affixes चिनि and डीप्.  
 गर्भोदिका f. (-का) A species of rice.  
 गर्भोत् f. (-त्) 1. A kind of grass. 2. Gold. 3. A reed. ३. गृ to swallow, &c. Unadi affix उत्ति, and न inserted.  
 गर्व r. 1st cl. (गर्वति) To be proud or haughty ; also (कृ) गर्वङ् r. 10th cl. (गर्वयति) To grow proud.  
 गर्व m. (-गर्वः) Pride, arrogance. ३. गर्व to be proud, affix चक् or गृ to swallow, &c. and न Unadi affix ; this word is sometimes written गर्व.  
 गर्वर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Proud, haughty, arrogant. ३. गृ to reject, &c. Unadi affix खरक्.  
 गव्हाट m. (-टः) A watchman, a doorkeeper, a sort of village constable, a headborough or beadle. ३. गर्व pride, चट् to go, and चक् aff.  
 गर्वित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Proud, haughty. 2. Conceited. ३. गर्व pride, and तक् aff.  
 गर्ह r. 1st and 10th cls. (गर्हति-ते, गर्हयति) To blame, to censure to despise or condemn. [ल्युट्]  
 गर्हण n. (-णः) Censuring, censure, blame, reproach. ३. गर्ह reprove, affix गर्हणीय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Censurable, contemptible, vile, bad. ३. गर्ह to abuse, चणीयर् aff.  
 गर्हा f. (-हा) Abuse, censure, reproach. ३. गर्ह to revile, affixes चङ् and टाप्.  
 गर्हित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Blamed, censured. 2. Contemned, despised. 3. Bad, vile. ३. गर्ह to blame, क् aff.  
 गर्ह्य mfn. (-ह्यः-ह्या-ह्यः) Low, vile, contemptible. ३. गर्ह to abuse, affix यत्.  
 गर्ह्यवादिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Speaking ill, speaking vilely or inaccurately. ३. गर्ह्य vile, and वादिन् who speaks.  
 गह r. 1st cl. (गहति) 1. To eat. 2. To ooze ; also (कृ) गहङ् r. 10th cl. (गहयति) To drop, to ooze or distil. With चक् prefixed, To fall, to fall down or off ; With वि, 1. To go, to approach. 2. To bear or support.  
 गह m. (-गहः) 1. The throat. 2. The resin of the Sal tree. 3. A reed, a large kind of the Saccharum cylindricum. 4. A rope. 5. A musical instrument. 6. A kind of fish, a small kind of cyprinus, a subgenus of that class, (Cyprinus garra. Ham.) ३. गह to eat, to drop, &c. affix चक्, or गृ to swallow, with चक्, गर, and र changed to क.

- गङ्गाक म. (-कः) A kind of fish. ३. कङ् added to the preceding.
- गङ्गाक म. (-कः) A bull's dewlap. ३. गङ् the neck, and कङ्गा a soft substance as a blanket, &c.
- गङ्गाक म. (-कः) Inflammation, enlargement of the glands of the neck. ३. गङ् throat and गङ्गा a swelling or boil.
- गङ्गाक म. (-कः) 1. A sauce of fish ground up with salt, pepper, Ghee, &c. 2. A day on which a course of study is commenced, but immediately preceding a day on which study is prohibited. 3. The fourth lunation of the dark fortnight, the seventh eighth, and ninth, the thirteenth and three days following. 4. Seizing any one by the throat, throttling, choking. ३. गङ् the throat, and गङ्गा what takes, &c.; also गङ्गाक.
- गङ्गाक mfn. (-कः-ल-ल-ल) 1. Falling, dropping. 2. Oozing, trickling, flowing. 3. Melting. ३. गङ् to flow, गङ्गा aff.
- गङ्गाक n. (-कः) 1. Melting, fusing. 2. Trickling, dropping, oozing. 3. Falling down or off. 4. Leaking. ३. गङ् to drop, गङ्गा aff.
- गङ्गाक mfn. (-कः-य-य) Fusible, liquefiable, to be melted, &c. ३. गङ् to melt, गङ्गाक affix; also गङ्गाक and गङ्गा.
- गङ्गाक f. (-कः) 1. A small pithier. 2. A small water jar with small holes in the bottom, from which the water drops upon a Linga or Tulasi plant, placed beneath. ३. गङ् to drop, affix गङ्गा, गङ्गाक in the fem. form added, and गङ्गा changed to गङ्गा.
- गङ्गाक f. (-कः) A thread worn round the neck, a necklace. ३. गङ् the throat, and गङ्गा a girdle.
- गङ्गाक m. (-कः) A peacock. ३. गङ् the throat, गङ्गा holy observance. also the same as गङ्गाक q. v. गङ्गा being substituted for र.
- गङ्गाक f. (-कः) The uvula or soft palate. ३. गङ् the throat, and गङ्गाक the elephant's trunk, resembling it in being a pendulous, roundish, and fleshy substance.
- गङ्गाक f. (-कः) A she-goat. ३. गङ् the throat, and गङ्गा the breast; some species of the Bengal goat have small fleshy processes, resembling nipples depending from the throat; also गङ्गाक.
- गङ्गाक m. (-कः) Throttling. ३. गङ्, and गङ्गा the hand.
- गङ्गाक m. (-कः) A disease of the throat, inflammation of the fauces, and enlargement of the tonsils. ३. गङ् the throat, and गङ्गाक a new sprout.
- गङ्गाक m. (-कः) A prawn or shrimp: see गङ्गाक. Some books read this गङ्गाक, and others गङ्गाक.
- गङ्गाक m. (-कः) A strong and lazy ox. ३. गङ् to eat, and गङ्गा affix; who is good for nothing but eating.
- गङ्गाक mfn. (-कः-ल-ल-ल) 1. Fallen, dropped. 2. Liquefied, melted. 3. Distilled, oozing, flowing. 4. Decayed, impaired. 5. Lost, deprived. 6. Untied, loosed. ३. गङ् to drop, to ooze, affix गङ्गा.
- गङ्गाक n. (-कः) Advanced and incurable leprosy, when the fingers and toes fall off. ३. गङ्गाक, and गङ्गा leprosy.
- गङ्गाक mfn. (-कः-ल-ल-ल) Toothless. ३. गङ्गाक, and गङ्गा tooth.
- गङ्गाक mfn. (-कः-ल-ल-ल) Having no nails. ३. गङ्गाक, and गङ्गा the nail.
- गङ्गाक mfn. (-कः-ल-ल-ल) Blind. ३. गङ्गाक, and गङ्गा the eye.
- गङ्गाक m. (-कः) A kind of bird, (the Adjutant or Ardea argala.) ३. गङ् the throat, in the seventh case, and गङ्गा a boil; alluding to a pendulous fleshy purse hanging from the throat.
- गङ्गाक f. (-कः) A she-goat; see गङ्गाक.
- गङ्गाक m. (-कः) A sort of gem.
- गङ्गाक r. 1st cl. (गङ्गाक) To be bold or confident.
- गङ्गाक mfn. (-कः-ल-ल-ल) 1. Proud, haughty. 2. Confident, bold, audacious. ३. गङ्गाक to be proud, &c. गङ्गा affix, more commonly गङ्गाक.
- गङ्गाक f. (-कः) 1. A multitude of throats. 2. A quantity of a kind of rope, or ropes made of it. ३. गङ्गा a throat, &c. गङ्गा aff.
- गङ्गाक m. (-कः) The cheek. ३. गङ्गा to eat, and गङ्गा affix; from गङ्गा to get or receive.

- गङ्गाक f. (-कः) A small round pillow to put underneath the cheek. ३. गङ्गा the cheek, and गङ्गाक a pillow.
- गङ्गाक m. (-कः) 1. A goblet, a vessel for drinking spirituous liquor. 2. Lapis lazuli. ३. गङ्गा to drop, deriv. irr.
- गङ्गाक r. 1st cl. (गङ्गाक) To blame, to censure or despise: see गङ्गा.
- गङ्गाक m. (-कः) 1. A species of ox, the Gayal, erroneously classed by Hindu writers amongst the kinds of deer, (Bos gaurus.) 2. A monkey chief: the son of VAIVASWATA. f. (यौ) The female Gaya. ३. गङ्गा to sound, and गङ्गा affix, form irregular; or गङ्गा a cow, and: from गङ्गा to obtain, affix गङ्गा, resembling a cow.
- गङ्गाक m. (-कः) A bull. ३. गङ्गा a cow, affix गङ्गा. गङ्गा relating to a cow, and गङ्गाक king, chief; the more direct compound makes गङ्गाक.
- गङ्गाक m. (-कः) A wild buffalo. n. (-कः) Buffalo's horn. ३. गङ्गा to sound, गङ्गाक aff.
- गङ्गाक m. (-कः) 1. An air hole, a loop hole, a round window, a bull's eye, &c. 2. A monkey chief; one of the sons of VAIVASWATA. ३. गङ्गा a ray of light, गङ्गा to spread, affix गङ्गा, or गङ्गा an ox, and गङ्गा an eye; ox eyed. f. (यौ) A sort of cucumber, (Cucumis madraspatanus.) 2. A plant, (Clitoria ternatea:) see गङ्गाक. ३. गङ्गा the earth, गङ्गा to spread, affix गङ्गा, or गङ्गा.
- गङ्गाक n. (-कः) A lattice, a jealousy, trellis work. ३. गङ्गाक, and गङ्गाक a net.
- गङ्गाक f. (-कः) A fish, (Macrogathus pancalus.)
- गङ्गाक n. (-कः) Pasture or meadow grass. f. (-कः) 1. A hay rack, a trough for holding grass out of which cattle feed. 2. A species of cucumber, (Cucumis madraspatanus, or, according to some, C. colocynthis.) 3. A plant, (Clitoria ternatea:) see the preceding. ३. गङ्गा a cow, गङ्गाक food, fem. affix गङ्गा.
- गङ्गाक m. (-कः) The Gayal, (Bos gaurus:) see गङ्गा. ३. गङ्गा a cow, गङ्गाक to see, with गङ्गा prefixed, deriv. irr.; in appearance a cow.
- गङ्गाक m. (-कः) An outcaste. ३. गङ्गा, and गङ्गाक who eats, eating beef.
- गङ्गाक f. (-कः) Lac, the dye.
- गङ्गाक n. (-कः) A day's feed for a cow. ३. गङ्गा and गङ्गाक daily.
- गङ्गाक mfn. (-कः-ल-ल-ल) Owner of kine. ३. गङ्गा a cow, गङ्गाक a lord or master.
- गङ्गाक m. (-कः) A cloud. f. (-कः) A kind of grain, (Coix barbata.) ३. गङ्गा a cow or the earth, गङ्गा to preserve, गङ्गा affix, or with गङ्गा added गङ्गाक also गङ्गाक, &c.
- गङ्गाक f. (-कः) Coix barbata: see the preceding; also with गङ्गा added गङ्गाक.
- गङ्गाक n. (-कः) Red chalk. ३. गङ्गा light or colour, गङ्गा to send, affix गङ्गा, and the penultimate changed to गङ्गा irregularly; also read गङ्गाक.
- गङ्गाक f. (-कः) A plant, (Hedysarum lagopodioides.)
- गङ्गाक r. 10th cl. (गङ्गाक) 1. To seek, to hunt for, to search or inquire. 2. To make an effort.
- गङ्गाक nf. (-कः-ल-ल-ल) Research, inquiry after any thing, (physical or philosophical, &c.) ३. गङ्गाक to inquire, affix गङ्गा. [affix गङ्गा.]
- गङ्गाक mfn. (-कः-ल-ल-ल) Sought, inquired for. ३. गङ्गाक to search or hunt, गङ्गाक m. (-कः) An excellent cow. ३. गङ्गा a cow, and गङ्गा implying excellence; the compound remains masculine.
- गङ्गाक mfn. (-कः-ल-ल-ल) 1. Of or belonging to a cow, (as milk, curds, &c.) 2. Proper or fit for cattle. nf. (-कः-ल-ल-ल) A bowstring. f. (-कः) 1. A multitude of cows. 2. A measure of two Kos: see गङ्गाक. n. (-कः) A colouring substance, a yellow pigment or dye. ३. गङ्गा a cow, &c. and गङ्गा aff.
- गङ्गाक n. (-कः) 1. A Kos, a measure of length equal 4000 cubits. 2. A measure of two Kos: see the next.
- गङ्गाक mf. (-कः-ल-ल-ल) A measure of two Kos, a league measured by 200 Dands or fathoms. ३. गङ्गा the earth, गङ्गा to join, गङ्गा affix, deriv. irr.
- गङ्गाक r. 10th cl. (गङ्गाक) To be thick or impervious as a forest, &c.
- गङ्गाक m. (-कः) A cave. 2. A forest. ३. गङ्गा to be impervious गङ्गा aff.

गङ्ग mfn. (-ग-ग-ग) Impervious, inaccessible. n. (-ग) 1. A wood, a thicket. 2. A cave. 3. Pain, distress. ३ गङ्ग to tremble, &c. affix युच्, and the radical vowel made short; or गङ्ग to be thick, affix as before.

गङ्गीय mfn. (-ग-ग-ग) Relating to a cave or a thicket, which is deep and difficult of access, impervious. ३ गङ्ग a thicket, &c. aff.

गङ्ग nf. (-ग-ग-ग) A cave, a cavern, a grotto, a recess in a rock or mountain, &c. n. (-ग) 1. A thicket, a wood. 2. Hypocrisy. 3. Weeping, crying, but not violently. m. (-ग-) An arbour, a bower. ३ गङ्ग to be agitated, and चरच् Unadi affix, the radical vowel made short.

ग r. 1st cl. (ग) गङ्ग (गते) To go, to go to or towards. r. 3rd. cl. but restricted to the Vedas. (जगति) To praise.

गा f. (-गा) A verse or metrical composition. ३ गे to sing, ग and टप् affixes : see ग.

गङ्गा mfn. (-ग-ग-ग) Belonging or relating to the river Ganges. m. (-ग-) 1. A name of KARTIKEYA. 2. A name of BHISHMA ३ गङ्गा the GANGA, चच् aff.

गङ्गाट m. (-ग-) A prawn or shrimp. ३ गङ्गा relating to the Ganges, and टट what goes, form irr. ; also गङ्गाट or with कच् affix गङ्गाटक.

गङ्गाटय m. (-य-) A shrimp or prawn. ३ गङ्गा, टट to go, and टक् affix also गङ्गाटय, and गङ्गाट, &c.

गङ्गायनि f. (-नि-) 1. A name of BHISHMA. 2. A name of KARTIKEYA, ३ गङ्गा the personified river, (as the wife of SANTANU, in the first instance, and mother of the hero; and in the second, as the receiver of KARTIKEYA, the son of SIVA, from AGNI, the god of fire,) and निच् patronymic aff.

गङ्गाय m. (-य-) 1. BHISHMA. 2. KARTIKEYA : see the preceding. 3. The Hilsa or Illias fish, (Clupeodon ilisha, HAM.) n. (-य) 1. Gold. 2. A grass : see कश्यप. 3. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) ३ गङ्गा the Ganges, टक् affix of descent, &c.

गङ्गायनी f. (-नी) A plant, (Hedysarum lagopodioides, but it is variously described) ३ गङ्गा Ganges water, ईच् to go or grow, उक्त्वा aff.

गङ्गायनी f. (-नी) A plant, (Guilandina bonducella.)

गङ्गायन n. (-य-) The current of the Ganges. ३ गङ्गा Gangetic, and यीच् heap.

गङ्गायक m. (-य-) A quail.

गङ्गा adv. n. (-ग-) adj. mfn. (ग-ग-ग) 1. Excessive, much, very much, heavy, oppressive, &c. 2. Firm, strong. 3. Hard. 4. Close. ३ गङ्गा to agitate, affix क्, deriv. irr.

गङ्गाता f. (-ता) 1. Firmness, hardness. 2. Excess. ३ गङ्गा, and तक् affix ; also with ल्, गङ्गात.

गङ्गाटि mfn. (-टि-टि-टि) Miserly, niggard, avaricious, close-fisted m. (-टि-) A scymitar, a large sacrificial knife. ३ गङ्गा heavy or close, and सुटि gripe.

गङ्गापत mfn. (-त-त-त) Relating to GANESHA, or the leader of a troop, &c. ३ गङ्गापति, and चच् aff.

गङ्गापत्य mfn. (-त्य-त्य-त्य) Relating to GANAPATI or GANESHA. m. (-त्य-) A worshipper of him. n. (-त्य-) 1. Worship of him. 2. Chieftainship, presidency. ३ गङ्गापति, and चच् aff.

गङ्गायक n. (-क) An assembly of harlots. ३ गङ्गायक a whore, यच् aff.

गङ्गायक m. (-क-क-क) 1. The bow of ARJUNA. 2. Any bow ; also गङ्गायक.

गङ्गायक m. (-क-क-क) 1. The bow of ARJUNA. 2. Any bow. ३ गङ्गायक what affects the cheek, from गङ्गा 'with हच् affix, then क added, and क final lengthened; or continuing short, गङ्गायक.

गङ्गायक m. (-क) A name of ARJUNA. ३ गङ्गायक ARJUNA's bow, and हच् aff.

गङ्गा mfn. (-ग-ग-ग) Angry, wrathful. m. (-ग-) 1. A Gand'harba or celestial quirister. 2. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. 3. A large black bee. 4. A singer. ३ गे to sing, Unadi affix तु.

गङ्गा mf. (-ग-ग-ग) A male or female singer. ३ गे to sing, हच् aff.

गङ्गा n. (-ग-) 1. The body. 2. The fore quarter of an elephant. 3. A limb, a member. ३ गङ्गा to go, हच् Unadi affix, the radical final is rejected, and the vowel made long.

गङ्गायक f. (-क) Cowach, (Carpopogon pruriens.) ३ गङ्गा the body, and गङ्गा what breaks or hurts.

गङ्गायकनी f. (-नी) A towel. ३ गङ्गा, and गङ्गायकनी a wiper.

गङ्गायकनी m. (-नी) The pole-cat, (Viverra putorius) ३ गङ्गा the body, and गङ्गायकनी who draws up or contracts in order to spring upon prey.

गङ्गायक m. (-क) A small bird, the diver. ३ गङ्गा the body, and गङ्गायक who plunges, from गङ्गा entirely, तुच् to go, and चच् aff.

गङ्गायकनी f. (-नी) Fragrant unguents, &c. smeared upon the body, perfume for the person. ३ गङ्गा the body, चच् upon लिप् to plaster or smear, and कृच् aff.

गङ्गायकन n. (-न) Cleaning the person with perfumes, &c. ३ गङ्गा and उक्त्वा cleaning.

गङ्गायक m. (-क) 1. A musician, a singer. 2. A chaunter of the Puranas or sacred poems. ३ गे to sing. हच् कच् aff.

गङ्गा f. (-ग-) 1. A verse, a stanza. 2. Metre, rhythm. 3. A song, a chant or verse to be chanted or sung. 4. Prakrita or any language not Sanskrit. 5. The same as the Aryya Metre, in which the verse contains sixty syllabic instants, variously arranged. ३ गे to sing, चच् Unadi aff.

गङ्गायक m. (-क) A singer. A reciter. ३ गङ्गा, क् to make, चच् aff.

गङ्गायक m. (-क) One who recites Gathas, verses or hymns. ३ गङ्गा, and टक् aff.

गङ्गा (च) गङ्गा r. 1st. cl. (गङ्गाते) 1. To stand, to stay, to remain. 2. To seek, to search or enquire for. 3. To compile, string or heap together.

गङ्गा mfn. (-ग-ग-ग) Not very deep. m. (-ग-) 1. Place, site. 2. Desire of gain, cupidity, covetousness. 3. Bottom, soundings. ३ गङ्गा to stand, &c. affix चच्.

गङ्गाय m. (-य-) The name of a king sovereign of Kanyakubja, father of Viswamitra.

गङ्गाय m. (-य-) 1. A name of the celebrated saint Viswamitra. ३ गङ्गाय as above, and ज born.

गङ्गायक n. (-क) Kanyakubja the ancient Kanouj. ३ गङ्गाय a proper name an पुर a city; the capital of GADHI.

गङ्गायक m. (-क) The saint Viswamitra. ३ गङ्गाय, and भू born, the son of GADHI.

गङ्गायक m. (-क) Viswamitra. ३ गङ्गाय and टक् patronymic affix : see the preceding.

गङ्गा n. (-ग-) 1. Singing, song in general, or a song. 2. Sound. ३ गे to sing affix कृच् ;

गङ्गायनी f. (-नी) Orris root. ३ गङ्गाय song, हच् and कृच् affixes ; supposed to be of use in clearing the voice.

गङ्गायक mfn. (-क-क-क) Musical. ३ गङ्गाय and हच् aff.

गङ्गाय mfn. (-ग-ग-ग) A goer, a traveller, one who goes or moves. ३ गङ्गा to go, Unadi affix तु, and the radical vowel made long.

गङ्गाय f. (-नी) A carriage drawn by oxen. ३ गङ्गा to go, हच् affix, fem. do. कृच् and the pen. made long; also गङ्गा.

गङ्गायनी f. (-नी) 1. The river Ganges, or the goddess Ganga. 2. The mother of AKRURA. ३ गङ्गा paradise, in the accusative case, हच् who gives, हच् and कृच् affs.

गङ्गायनीय m. (-न-) 1. A name of BHISHMA, &c. 2. AKRURA. ३ गङ्गायनी GANGA, and सुत a son : see गङ्गायनी.

गङ्गायक mfn. (-क-क-क) Relating or belonging to a Gand'harba. m. (-क-) A heavenly quirister : see गङ्गायक n. कं 1. Song ; sinning. 2. A form of marriage, that which require only mutual and amorous agreement. ३ गङ्गायक a Gand'harba, and चच् aff.

गङ्गायक m. (-क) 1. One of the seven primary notes of music. 2. Minium

- \*or red lead. 3. A country, (Candahar, between the north of India and Persia). n. (-र) Gum myrrh f. (-री) 1. The wife of DHARASHTRA mother of DURYODHANA. 2. One of the tutelary female deities of the Jains. 3. A plant (Hedysarum alhagi.) 4. Prickly nightshade. **ग. नास** the aggregate of गन्ध smell, &c. **ग. ग** to go and **चच्** affix; the note being said to be produced by pure and fragrant breath, &c. **गार्ग्य** m. (-र्ग) A name of DURYODHANA, the son of DHARASHTRA. **ग. गार्गरी** the name of the mother of this chief, and **ठक्** aff.
- गार्ग्य** m. (-र्ग) 1. A scribe, a clerk. 2. A vender of perfumes, a perfumer. 3. A kind of worm, having a strong fetid smell. **ग. गन्ध** smell, and **ठक्** aff.
- गामक** mfn. (-कः-का or -की-क) Going, locomotive. **ग. ग** to go, **उक्** aff.
- गाम्भीर्य** n. (-र्य) 1. Depth, (of water, sound, &c.) 2. The deep sound of the voice of a jaina saint, like distant thunder or the muttering of clouds. **ग. गम्भीर** deep, affix **यञ्** or **ञ**.
- गायक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Singing, one who sings. m. (-कः) A singer. **ग. ग** to sing, **यञ्** aff.
- गायत्** mfn. (-यन्-यनी-यन्) Singing. **ग. ग** to sing, affix **शङ्**.
- गायत्रि** m. (-त्री) A tree that yields the resin formerly called Terra Japonica, (Mimosa catechu;) also **गायत्री** fem. noun, as below.
- गायत्री** f. (-त्री) 1. A measure of verse in the Vedas, a stanza usually of twenty-four syllables, variously arranged, but most commonly in three lines. 2. A sacred verse from the Vedas to be recited only mentally; this is usually personified and considered as a goddess, the wife of BRAHMA; the metaphorical mother of the three first classes, in their capacity of twice born, investiture with the sacred and distinguishing string, &c. being regarded as a new birth; there is but one Gayatri of the Vedas, but according to the system of the Tantrikas, a number of mystical verses are called Gayatris; each deity has one in particular. 3. A kind of mimosa, (M. catechu;) see the preceding, &c. **ग. गायत्री** who sings, and **वै** to preserve, affixes **क्** and **ङीष्**; this applies especially to the mystical verse, the repetition of which is necessary for salvation; the word is also written **गायत्री**.
- गायन** mfn. (-नः-नी-न) Singing, a singer. m. (-नः) 1. A singer. 2. A chatterer, a gossip. n. (-नः) 1. Singing 2. Professing or practising singing as a livelihood. **ग. ग** to sing, aff. **ङुट्**.
- गरिष** m. (-रिः) Rice, grain, corn. **ग. ग** to swallow, Unadi affix **षिच्**.
- गारुड** m. (-रुः) 1. Gold. 2. A Mantra or charm against poison. 3. An emerald. **ग. गारुड** the vehicle of VISHNU, and **चच्** affix; of or relating to GARUDA.
- गारुडिक** m. (-कः) A charmer, a dealer in antidotes. **ग. गारुड** the mantra of GARUDA, or a charm against venom, and **ठक्** aff.
- गारुडी** f. (-डी) Hog-weed, (Boerhavia diffusa alata.)
- गारुडम्** n. (-म्) The emerald. **ग. गारुडम्** GARUDA, and **चच्** affix; derived from or relating to GARUDA; the gem is supposed to be generated from his voided phlegm.
- गार्ग्य** mfn. (-र्गः-र्गी-र्ग) Descended from the sage GARGA. **ग. गार्ग्य**, and **चच्** aff.
- गार्ग्य** n. (-र्ग) A multitude of the descendants of the saint GARGA. **ग. गार्ग्य** a descendant of GARGA, and **वृञ्** affix of multitude; also with **ठक्**, **गार्ग्यिक**.
- गार्गीपुत्रावनि** m. (-निः) A descendant of the son of GARGI. **ग. गार्गी** the wife of the saint GARGA, **पुत्र** a son, and **निज्** affix, **ङुञ्** augment; also without the augment **गार्गीपुत्रावनि**, or with **इज्** affix, **गार्गीपुत्रि**.
- गार्गी** mfn. (-र्गीः-र्गी-र्गी) Descended from the GARGA, son, daughter, &c. **ग. गार्गी** and **चच्** aff.
- गार्ही** mfn. (-र्हीः-र्ही-र्ही) 1. Derived from a vulture. 2. Greedy. m. (-र्हीः) 1.

- Desire, greediness, cupidity. 2. An arrow. **ग. गार्ही** greedy, affix **चच्** or **यञ्** with **चच्** affix, and **र** rejected optionally.
- गार्हीपक्ष** m. (-र्हीः) An arrow. **ग. गार्ही** and **पक्ष** a wing; formed with vulture feathers.
- गार्हीपक्ष** m. (-र्हीः) An arrow. **ग. गार्ही**, and **पक्ष** a wing.
- गार्ही** n. (-र्ही) 1. Greediness. 2. Desire. **ग. गार्ही** greedy, **यञ्** aff.
- गार्ही** mfn. (-र्हीः-र्ही-र्ही) Derived from a vulture, **ग. गार्ही** and **चच्** aff.
- गार्हीपक्ष** m. (-र्हीः) An arrow. **ग. गार्ही**, and **पक्ष** a wing.
- गार्भ** mfn. (-र्भः-र्भी-र्भ) 1. Uterine, foetal. 2. Relating to conception, (an act or ceremony, &c.) **ग. गार्भ** and **चच्** aff.
- गार्भिक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Foetal, uterine. 2. Relating to or connected with gestation or the foetus in utero. **ग. गार्भ** and **ठक्** aff.
- गार्भिणी** n. (-णी) A number of pregnant woman. **ग. गार्भिणी** a pregnant woman, and **चच्** aff.
- गार्भिणी** n. (-णी) An assembly of pregnant women. **ग. गार्भिणी** as above and **यञ्** aff.
- गार्हपत्य** m. (-त्यः) A sacred fire perpetually maintained by a household, received from his father, and transmitted to his descendants; and from which fires for sacrificial purposes are lighted. **ग. गार्हपत्य** householder, (from **गार्ह** a house, and **पत्य** master,) and **यञ्** referential aff. [चच् aff.]
- गार्हपत्य** n. (-त्यः) The order or estate of a householder. **ग. गार्हपत्य** and **गाल** m. (-लः) 1. Flowing, liquefying. 2. Flowing, dropping. 3. A flux. **ग. गाल्** to flow, **चच्** aff.
- गालन** n. (-नः) 1. Straining fluids. 2. Fusing, liquefying, &c. **ग. गाल्** to flow, causal form, affix **ङुट्**.
- गालव** m. (-वः) 1. A tree, the bark of which is used in dying, Lodh (Symlocos racemosa, Rox.) 2. A pale species of the same: see लोध. 3. A kind of ebony; also **लोधुव**, (Diospyros glutinosa.) 4. A particular Muni or saint, a disciple of VISWAMITRA. **ग. गालव** fluid and **व** what prevents; referring to the astringent qualities of the Lodh.
- गालि** m. (-लिः) A curse, execration or imprecation. **ग. गाल्** in the cause from to cause to drop, and **इज्** aff.
- गालित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Melted, fused. 2. Strained. 3. Distilled, dropped. **ग. गाल्** to drop, causal form, **क्** aff.
- गालिन्** mfn. (-न्-नी-नि) 1. Fusing, liquefying. 2. Distilling 3. Abusive abusing. f. (-नी) A particular gesticulation or Mudra. **ग. गाल्** to flow, causal form, **णिजि** aff.
- गालोच** n. (-च) The seed of the lotus.
- गाल्** (च) **गाल्** r. 1st cl. (गालते) 1. To churn, to stir or agitate. 2. To penetrate. 3. To destroy. With **च** or **वि** prefixed, To bathe, to perform ablutions. With **वि**, to shake, to agitate.
- गालित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Shaking, trembling. 2. Destroyed. 3. Plunged into, immersed. **ग. गाल्** to agitate, **क्** aff.
- गालिह** mfn. (-ता-नी-ह) 1. Shaking, agitating. 2. Destroying, a destroyer. 3. One who plunges into water, bathes, dives, &c. **ग. गाल्** to agitate **हच्** aff.
- गिरि** f. (-गीः) 1. Speech, speaking. 2. A name of SARASWATI the goddess of speech. 3. Fame, celebrity. **ग. गृ** to sound, affix **ङिप्**, **क्** changed to **ङ्**.
- गिरिष** n. (-ष) Swallowing. **ग. गृ** to swallow, **ङुट्** aff.
- गिरा** f. (-रा) Speech. **गृ** to sound, **क्** and **टाप्** affs.
- गिरि** mfn. (-रिः-रि-रि) Venerable, respectable worshipful. m. (-रिः) 1. A mountain, a hill. 2. A wooden ball with which children play. 3. A disease of the eyes. f. (-रिः) 1. Swallowing. 2. A small rat, a mouse. 3. A title given to one order of the Dasnami Gosains. **ग. गृ** to swallow, &c. **र** Unadi aff.
- गिरिकण्डक** m. (-कः) INDRA's thunderbolt. **ग. गिरि** a mountain, and **कण्डक** a thorn, tearing or splitting rocks.

गिरिकदम्ब m. (-कम्बः) A species of Kadamba, (*Nauclea cadamba*.) E. गिरि, and कदम्ब the same.

गिरिकन्दर m. (-रः) A cave, a cavern. E. गिरि, and कन्दर a cave.

गिरिकदली f. (-ली) A species of plantain growing in hilly countries. E. गिरि, and कदली a plantain.

गिरिकर्चिका f. (-का) The earth. E. गिरि a mountain, and कर्च an ear, affixes कन् and टप् ; the mountain-eared.

गिरिकर्षी f. (-र्षी) 1. A plant, commonly Jawasa, (*Hedyearum alhaji*.) 2. A different plant, (*Clitoria ternatea*;) see चपराजिता. E. गिरि a mouse, and कर्षी an ear, affix लीप्, the mouse-ear-leaved.

गिरिका f. (-का) A small rat, a mouse. E. कन् added to गिरि the same.

गिरिकाश m. (-शः) A blind or one-eyed man, one blind from a particular disease. E. गिरि as above, and काश one-eyed.

गिरिगुब्ब m. (-गुब्बः) A ball for playing with. E. गिरि, and गुब्ब, each meaning the same thing, a ball.

गिरिज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Mountain-born, mountaineer, &c. m. (-जः) The Mahuwa tree, (*Bassia*.) f. (-जा) 1. A name of goddess PARVATI, as the daughter of the personified HIMALAYA mountain 2. The Shaddock or pumplemouce, (*Citrus decumana*.) 3. A plant considered as a white species of Rasna : see रासा. 4. The hill plantain. 5. Jasmine. 6. A pebble, a small stone. n. (-जं) 1. Talc. 2. Benzoin or gum benjamin ; it is also confounded with styrax, another gum resin. 3. Bitumen. 4. Iron. E. गिरि, and ज born.

गिरिजामल n. (-जं) Talc. E. गिरिज mountain-born, and जमल clear, clean ; also गिरिज, and जमल severally.

गिरिज्वर m. (-रः) The thunderbolt. E. गिरि a mountain, and ज्वर what burns.

गिरित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Eaten. 2. Swallowed. E. गृ to swallow, affix क्त ; also गिरित.

गिरिदुर्ग n. (-र्गः) A hill fort or any stronghold amongst mountains. E. गिरि, and दुर्ग a place of difficult access.

गिरिधातु m. (-तुः) Red chalk. E. गिरि, and धातु a mineral.

गिरिध्वज m. (-जः) A thunderbolt. E. गिरि, and ध्वज a banner.

गिरिपुष्प n. (-पुष्पः) Bitumen. E. गिरि, and पुष्प a flower ; कन् affix of similitude.

गिरिपृष्ठ n. (-ष्ठः) The top of a hill. E. गिरि, and पृष्ठ back.

गिरिप्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Fond of or frequenting mountains. f. (-या) The Yak. E. गिरि, and प्रिय fond of.

गिरिभिद् m. (-भिद्) A plant, (*Plectranthus scutellaroides*.) E. गिरि, and भिद् what breaks.

गिरिभू mfn. (-भू-भू-भुः) Mountaineer, mountain-born. f. (-भूः) PARVATI. m. (-भूः) A small stone. E. गिरि, and भू born.

गिरिचञ्चिका f. (-का) A plant, (*Echites antidysenterica*;) see कुटज. E. गिरि a mountain, and चञ्चिका a jasmine, कन् affix of similitude.

गिरिमाण m. (-मः) A large and powerful elephant. E. गिरि a mountain, and माण measure, like a mountain in bulk.

गिरिचत् f. (-चत्) 1. Red chalk. 2. Mountain-soil. E. गिरि a mountain, and चत् clay, earth.

गिरिचद्रव n. (-द्रवः) Red chalk. गिरिचत्, and चद्र produced.

गिरिमेद m. (-दः) A foetid mimosa. E. गिरि, and मेद filth.

गिरियक m. (-कः) A ball for playing with. E. गिरि a ball, च pleonastic affix, and कन् added ; also गिरियाक the pen. being lengthened.

गिरियाक m. (-कः) A ball ; see the preceding.

गिरिवासिन् mfn. (-सी-सिनी-सि) Living in the mountains, being or produced in them. m. (-सी) A large kind of Arum. E. गिरि, and वासिन् what abides.

गिरिज m. (-जः) A name of SIVA. E. गिरि a mountain, and जीप् to sleep, affix ज् ; inhabiting mount Kailasa, or frequenting the Himalaya range.

गिरिवाहिनी f. (-नी) A plant, (*Clitoria ternatea*.) E. गिरि, and वाहिनी what grows in.

गिरिगङ्गा m. (-गङ्गाः) 1. A name of GANESA. 2. A peak of a mountain. E. गिरि a mount, and गङ्गा a peak, alluding to his bulk, or गिरि the mountain Kailasa, and गङ्गा a peak.

गिरिसार m. (-रः) 1. The Malaya mountains, situated in the south of India. 2. Iron. 3. Tiz. E. गिरि a mountain, and सार essence.

गिरिसुता f. (-ता) PARVATI. E. गिरि Himalaya, and सुता daughter.

गिरिी m. (-गः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. A name of Himalaya, the snowy mountains on the north of Hindustan, or the range personified 3. A name of VRIHASPATI. E. गिरि a mountain, (or in the last meaning, गिरि speech,) and रीप् lord.

गिरि mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) Who or what swallows. m. (-सः) 1. The citron. 2. Swallowing. E. गृ to swallow, affix क्, and र changed to स.

गिरिवाह m. (-वः) A shark. E. गिरि, and वाह who seizes, who swallows.

गिरिन् mfn. (-सन्-सनी-सन्) Swallowing, eating, devouring. E. गृ to swallow, सद् aff.

गिरिज n. (-जं) Swallowing ; also गिरिज. E. As before ; र changed to स.

गिरि f. (-सिः) 1. Swallowing. 2. Eating. E. See गिरि, र being changed to स.

गिरित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Eaten. 2. Swallowed. गृ to swallow, affix क्त, गिरित, and र changed to स.

गिरि m. (-गः) 1. A Brahman versed in the Sama Veda, a chanter of that Veda, which is always to be so recited. 2. An actor, a professional singer. E. गृ to sing, गिरि Unadi aff.

गीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sung, chaunted, sounded, &c. f. (-ता) A name often applied to books, as the Siva Gita, Rama Gita, Gita Govinda, Bhagavad Gita, which last is also often called Gita only. n. (-तं) Singing, song either general or particular. E. गृ to sing, affix क्त.

गीतनीदिन् m. (-दी) A Kinnara or celestial chorister. E. गीत song or singing, and नीदिन् who delights.

गीति f. (-तिः) 1. Sing, singing. 2. A kind of poetical metre, a form of the Aryya metre, in which the stanza consists of four lines of twelve and eighteen syllabic instants alternately. E. गृ to sing, affix क्तन्.

गीरघ m. (-घः) A name of VRIHASPATI. E. गी speech, and रघ a car, the conveyer of words.

गीर्ष mfn. (-र्षः-र्षा-र्षं) 1. Praised. 2. Swallowed. E. गृ to swallow or make known, affix क्त.

गीर्षी f. (-र्षीः) 1. Swallowing. 2. Fame, celebrity. 3. Praise, applause. E. र to swallow, &c. affix क्तन्.

गीर्षी f. (-गी) The goddess SARASWATI. E. गी speech, and र्षी a goddess, the goddess of language.

गीर्षाच m. (-चः) A deity, a god. E. गीः speech, and वाच an arrow or weapon in general, whose fiat or word is his weapon ; or गी with वच् to desire, affix चच्, desiring hymns, prayers, &c. it is also written गीर्षाच.

गीर्षति m. (-तिः) 1. A name of VRIHASPATI, regent of JUPITER and preceptor of the gods. 2. A Pandit or learned teacher. E. गिरि speech, in the nominative case, गीः and पति master, Visarga becomes व and व is here changed irregularly to च the compound however is sometimes written differently, thus गीःपति, गीर्षति or गीर्षति.

गु (गी, गि) r. 6th cl. (गुवति) To stool, to void excrement. (गु) गुब्ब r. 1st cl. (गुवते) To sound inarticulately.

गुग्गुलु m. (-गुः) A gum resin : see the next.

गुग्गुलु m. (-गुः) 1. A fragrant gum resin, Bdellium or the exudation of the Amyris agallochum. 2. A species of morunga, (*M. hyperanthera*.) E. गुब्ब (here said to mean) disease, and गुब्ब to perfume, affixes क् and च, च change to स ; also गुग्गुलु.

गुब्ब m. (-गुब्बः) 1. A cluster of blossoms. 2. A clump of grass. 3. A necklace of thirty-two strings. 4. A pearl necklace. 5. A peacock's

- plumage or bundle of peacock's feathers. 6. A bundle. f. (-ञ्जी) A species of Bonduz : see बरञ्ज. ३. गुञ्ज to sound, अङ्ग affix, or गुञ्ज् to play, and अङ्ग affix, where bees, &c. sport.
- गुञ्ज m. (-ञ्जः) 1. A cluster of blossoms. 2. A clump of grass. 3. A kind of necklace. 4. A peacock's plumage, a bundle of peacock's feathers. ३. कञ् added to the preceding ; also गुञ्जक.
- गुञ्जपत्र m. (-ञ्जः) The palm tree. ३. गुञ्ज a cluster, and पत्र a leaf.
- गुञ्जफला f. (-ञ्जा) 1. The plantain. 2. The vine. ३. गुञ्ज a cluster, and फला fruit.
- गुञ्जई m. (-ईः) A necklace of thirty-four strings. ३. गुञ्ज a large necklace, and ई a part ; also गुञ्जई.
- गुञ्जाल m. (-ञ्जः) A species of grass, (*Andropogon schoenanthus*.) ३. गुञ्ज and अङ्ग to fit for, अङ्ग aff.
- गुञ्ज r. 1st cl. (गुञ्जति, or (गि) r. 6th cl. (गुञ्जति) or (र) गुञ्जि r. 1st cl. (गुञ्जति) To sound, to sound inarticulately, to buzz, to hum, &c.
- गुञ्जरी f. (-री) One of the Raginis, perhaps more correctly गुञ्जरी.
- गुञ्ज m. (-ञ्जः) A cluster of blossoms, a nosegay. f. (-ञ्जा) 1. A small shrub, (*Abrus precatorius*.) bearing a red and black berry, which forms the smallest of the jeweller's weights. 2. The berry which averages about 15-16 grains troy, or the artificial weight called by this name, weighing about 23.16 grains : see रत्निका &c. 3. A kettle drum. 4. A low murmuring sound. 5. A tavern. 6. Reflection, meditation. ३. गुञ्जि to sound, affix क where the bees buzz.
- गुञ्जक m. (-कः) A large black bee. ३. गुञ्ज a low tone, and कृत् who makes.
- गुञ्जत् mfn. (-ञ्जन्-ञ्जनी-ञ्जन्) Buzzing, humming, making a low murmuring sound. ३. गुञ्जि to sound, अङ्ग aff.
- गुञ्जन n. (-नः) Sounding low and deep, as buzzing, murmuring, &c. ३. गुञ्जि to sound, and अङ्ग aff.
- गुञ्जिका f. (-का) The Ratti or Gunja seed, considered as equal to three barley-corns : see गुञ्जा. ३. गुञ्जा and कञ् aff.
- गुञ्जित mfn. (-ञ्जित-ता-त) Uttered in a low tone, murmured, &c. n. (-तः) Sounding, murmuring, buzzing. ३. गुञ्जि and कञ् aff.
- गुञ्जिका f. (-का) 1. A pill, a bolus, any small globe or ball. 2. A small pustule. 3. The cocoon of the silk worm. ३. गुञ्ज to surround, affix कञ्, उ changed to ट.
- गुञ्ज (र) गुञ्जि r. 10th cl. (गुञ्जयति) To surround, to envelope or enclose : with अङ्ग, to veil, to screen.
- गुञ्ज (गि) r. 6th cl. (गुञ्जति) To defend, to guard or preserve. (र) गुञ्जि r. 1st and 10th cls. (गुञ्जति गुञ्जयति) 1. To surround, to enclose, 2. To pound, to grind, to reduce to powder. 3. (According to some authorities,) To preserve.
- गुञ्ज mfn. (-ञ्ज-ञ्ज-ञ्ज) Round, globular, m. (-ञ्जः) 1. A globe or ball. 2. Treacle, molasses, the first thickening of the juice of the cane by boiling. 3. An elephant's trappings or armour. 4. A mouthful. f. (-ञ्जा) 1. A plant, (*Euphorbia tirucalla* :) see गुञ्जी. 2. Powder, pounded substance. ३. गुञ्ज् to sound, affix अ.
- गुञ्जक m. (-कः) A conserve, a drug prepared with treacle. n. (-कः) Treacle. ३. गुञ्ज and कञ् added.
- गुञ्जकरी f. (-री) One of the female personifications of the musical modes.
- गुञ्जी f. (-जी) A plant, (*Menispermum glabrum* :) see गुञ्जी.
- गुञ्जक n. (-कः) Sugar cane. ३. गुञ्ज raw sugar, and कञ् grass.
- गुञ्जक n. (-कः) The aromatic bark of the *Laurus cassia*. ३. गुञ्ज sugar, and कञ् skin, bark, sweet-bark ; also गुञ्जक.
- गुञ्जक n. (-कः) 1. Mace. 2. Cassia bark. ३. गुञ्ज sugar, sweet as sugar, कञ् bark, and अङ्ग added in this form of the compound.
- गुञ्जक m. (-कः) Sugar cane. ३. गुञ्ज raw sugar, and कञ् wood.
- गुञ्जपेठ f. (-पेठः) Sugar piled up for distribution at certain religious rites. ३. गुञ्ज and पेठ a cow.
- गुञ्जपिष्ट n. (-पिष्टः) A sort of sweetmeat, flour or rice and sugar, ground and boiled together. ३. गुञ्ज and पिष्ट ground.

- गुञ्जपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) A kind of bassia, (*B. latifolia*.) ३. गुञ्ज sugar, and पुष्प flower ; the flowers being full of saccharine matter.
- गुञ्जक m. (-कः) A tree, commonly *Pilu*, (*Careya arborea*, &c.) see पीलु. ३. गुञ्ज and कञ् fruit, the fruit yielding Gur or saccharine matter.
- गुञ्जनि n. (-नः) A sort of cake or sweetmeat, flour or rice and coarse sugar ground and boiled together. ३. गुञ्ज, and नि mixed.
- गुञ्जक m. (-कः) A kind of amaranth, (*A. polygamus* ;) also कञ्जकारिष. ३. गुञ्ज, and कञ् root ; having a root as sweet as Gur.
- गुञ्ज n. (-ञः) A spirituous liquor distilled from molasses, a sort of rum. ३. गुञ्ज sugar, and कञ् what requires. [or sand.]
- गुञ्जकरी f. (-री) Sugar, refined sugar. ३. गुञ्ज molasses, and कञ्जरा sugar.
- गुञ्जियु m. (-युः) A red sort of morunga ; see श्रीभाजन. ३. गुञ्ज sugar, यि यु morunga.
- गुञ्जा f. (-जा) Sloth.
- गुञ्जाक m. (-कः) 1. A name of *Siva*. 2. A title of *Arjuna*. ३. गुञ्जा *Euphorbia*, and कञ्ज the hair ; the hair forming matted locks, resembling in shape the leaves of the *Euphorbia* ; again, गुञ्जका sloth, and कञ्ज paramount ; subduing indolence.
- गुञ्जाक m. (-कः) A mountain *Pilu* : see गुञ्जक.
- गुञ्जिका f. (-का) A pill, a bolus. ३. गुञ्ज to be round, गुञ्ज aff.
- गुञ्जी f. (-जी) A plant : see the next.
- गुञ्जी f. (-जी) A creeper, commonly called *Guricha*, (*Menispermum glabrum*.) ३. गुञ्ज to preserve, (from disease,) कञ्ज affix ; also with pen. vowel short गुञ्जी.
- गुञ्ज m. (-ञः) A mouthful. ३. गुञ्ज to surround, अङ्ग Unadi aff.
- गुञ्जक m. (-कः) A mouthful. ३. गुञ्ज to preserve, अङ्ग affix, and कञ् added ; also गुञ्ज.
- गुञ्जीका f. (-का) Sugar. ३. गुञ्ज, and कञ्ज produced.
- गुञ्जीदन n. (-नः) Boiled rice and coarse sugar. ३. गुञ्ज, and बीदन rice.
- गुञ्ज r. 10th cl. (गुञ्जयति) 1. To invite. 2. To advise. 3. To multiply.
- गुञ्ज m. (-ञः) 1. A quality, attribute, or property in general. 2. A property of all created things ; three are particularized, the *Satwa*, *Raja* and *Tama*, or principles of truth or existence, passion or foulness, and darkness or ignorance. 3. A means of defence, one of six expedients in government, as, peace, war, a march, a halt, a stratagem, and recourse to protection : see सञ्चि &c. 4. Form, shape, &c. or property of the body. 5. Knowledge, ignorance, &c. or quality of the mind. 6. Heroism, valor, &c. 7. White, black, &c. or the attributes of color. 8. An organ of sense. 9. A string in general. 10. A bow-string. 11. Abandoning, leaving. 12. A cook. 13. A name of *Bhima*. 14. Secondary subordinate. 15. Excellence, merit, freedom from fault or blemish. 16. (In arithmetic,) The given coefficient of any number. 17. (In geometry,) The chord of an arc. 18. (In grammar,) The substitution of e, o, ar and al for i, u, ri, lri. 19. (In rhetoric,) Consistency of plan, elegance of expression, &c. as the merits of a composition. 20. In composition with numerals, multiplication, as द्विगुञ्ज twice, त्रिगुञ्ज thrice. f. (-ञ्जा) A plant of the fibres of which bow-strings are made : see गुञ्जा. ३. गुञ्ज to address or advice, affix क.
- गुञ्जक m. (-कः) 1. A numerator, reckoner. 2. (In arithmetic,) The multiplier. ३. गुञ्ज to count, कञ् aff.
- गुञ्जकार mfn. (-रः-री-र) Who counts, &c. m. (-रः) A name of *Bhima*. ३. गुञ्ज and कार who makes ; *Bhima* performed the duties of a cook at the time when all the *Pandava* princes become servants to *VIRAT*.
- गुञ्जान n. (-नः) Panegyric, praise. ३. गुञ्ज, and गान singing.
- गुञ्जयन् n. (-यन्) Acknowledging or appreciating merit. ३. गुञ्ज, and यन् taking.
- गुञ्जयन् mfn. (-यन्-यिनी-यि) Who judges or appreciates good qualities. ३. गुञ्ज and यन् who seizes.

गुणयुक्त mfn. (-कः-ज्ञा-ञ्) 1. Suited to good qualities. 2. Admiring or attached to merit. ३. गुण and यत्न to be caught by.

गुणघातिन् mfn. (-ती-तिङी-ति) A detractor, a calumniator, envious, censorious. ३. गुण and घातिन् who destroys.

गुणज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ञ्) One who knows how to appreciate men or thing, knowing or judging of their merits. ३. गुण, and ज्ञ who knows.

गुणतत्त्वं ind. 1. According to property or quality. 2. According to desert. ३. गुण, and तत्त्वं aff.

गुणता f. (-ता) 1. Excellence, the possession of good qualities. 2. Substantiality, possession of attributes or qualities in general. 3. Multiplication. ३. गुण and तत्त्वं affix; also with त् affix गुणतः.

गुणत्रय n. (-यः) The three properties of nature; purity, passion, and darkness. ३. गुण and त्रय triple; also गुणत्रयं.

गुणदीपपरीक्षक n. (-यः) Test or investigation of merits and faults. ३. गुण, दीप fault, परीक्षक trying.

गुणधर्म m. (-धर्मः) The virtue incident to the possession of certain qualities, as clemency is the virtue of royalty, &c. ३. गुण a property, and धर्म virtue.

गुणन n. (-नः) 1. Describing, relating to qualities. 2. Enumerating. 3. Multiplication. ३. गुण to number, कृट् aff.

गुणनिका f. (-का) 1. Dance, the science or profession of dancing, acting &c. 2. Determining the reading of a manuscript, &c. 3. A cypher. 4. The prologue or introduction to a drama. A necklace. ३. कन् added to गुणनी.

गुणनी f. (-नी) Examining books, studying, collating, and correcting copies, &c. ३. गुण to advise, affix कृट् and लीप्.

गुणनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be advised. 2. To be multiplied. 3. To be enumerated. m. (-यः) Practice, practising any thing, but especially science or study. n. (-यः) The multiplicand. ३. गुण to advise, &c. लीप् aff.

गुणपूज n. (-पूजः) Great merit. ३. गुण, and पूज a head.

गुणप्रकर्ष m. (-र्षः) Great merit, excellence. ३. गुण and प्रकर्ष eminence.

गुणप्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Attached to merit, fond of excellence, ३. and गुण, and प्रिय fond of.

गुणभ्रंश m. (-भ्रः) The loss of all good qualities. ३. गुण good property, and भ्रंश fall, loss.

गुणमय mfn. (-यः-यी-य) 1. Endowed with consisting of properties. 2. Possessed of merit. ३. गुण, and मयट् aff.

गुणमहत् n. (-हत्) Great merit, superior qualities, ३. गुण, and महत् great.

गुणयुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-ञ्) Having virtues or properties. ३. गुण, and युक्त joined.

गुणलक्ष्य n. (-यः) Mark or indication of internal property. ३. गुण, and लक्ष्य mark.

गुणलयिका f. (-का) A tent. ३. गुण rope, ली to bind, कृट् and लीप् affix, with कन् added; also गुणलयनी.

गुणलुब्ध mfn. (-यः-लुब्ध-ञ्) Desirous of merit, attached to excellence. ३. गुण, and लुब्ध covetous.

गुणवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) 1. Possessing attributes. 2. Endowed with good qualities. 3. Tied, bound, &c. ३. गुण quality, and वत्त्वं poss. aff.

गुणवत्तम mfn. (-तमः-ता-मन्) Excellent. ३. गुणवत् and तमत् aff.

गुणवत्तर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Excellent. ३. गुणवत् and तरत् aff.

गुणवत्ता f. (-ता) Excellence. ३. गुणवत् and तत् affix; also with त्, गुणवत्तः.

गुणवाचक n. (-कः) An adjective or attributive noun. ३. गुण, and वाचक a word.

गुणवैभवं n. (-यः) Preeminence of merit or of any property. ३. गुण, and वैभवं superiority.

गुणवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A mast. ३. गुण a rope, and वृक्ष a tree, कन् affix similitude; also गुणवृक्षः.

गुणवाचा f. (-वा) Praise, encomium. ३. गुण, and वाचा praise.

गुणसम्पद f. (-पद or -पद्) Great merit. ३. गुण, and सम्पद् wealth.

गुणसङ्घ m. (-ङ्घः) Association with properties or qualities. ३. गुण, and सङ्घ combination.

गुणसङ्ग्रह m. (-ङ्घः) A collection of merits or properties. ३. गुण, and सङ्ग्रह collection.

गुणसामर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Endowed with all good qualities. m. (-रः) 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. A form of BUDDHA, a Baud'dha. ३. गुण excellence, and सामर the ocean; an ocean of desert.

गुणस्तुति f. (-तिः) Panegyric, encomium. ३. गुण, and स्तुति praise.

गुणहीन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Void of merit. 2. Free from properties. ३. गुण, and हीन void of.

गुणाकर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Possessing all excellences. m. (-रः) A name of BUDDHA the founder of the Baud'dha sect. ३. गुण attribute, especially good, and आकर a mine; a mine of merit.

गुणातीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Freed from or beyond all properties. ३. गुण, and अतीत passed.

गुणातुरीय m. (-यः) Conformity or suitableness to good qualities, &c. ३. गुण, and अतुरीय concurrence.

गुणाक्षर n. (-रः) 1. Species or sort of merit. 2. Variety of property or quality. ३. गुण, and अक्षर difference.

गुणाश्रित mfn. (-तः-ता-श्रित) Having attributes or qualities. 2. Excellent, good, endowed with virtues. ३. गुण, and अश्रित possessed of.

गुणापवाद m. (-दः) Detraction. ३. गुण, and अपवाद reproach.

गुणान्तर m. (-न्तरः) Semblance of qualities. ३. गुण, and आन्तर appearance.

गुणान्वय mfn. (-यः-वा-य) Virtuous, excellent, able, endowed with good qualities. ३. गुण, and आन्वय a Anasylum.

गुणिवन्ध m. (-वन्धः) A number of virtuous persons. ३. गुणिवन्, and गुण a troop.

गुणित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Multiplied, (arithmetically.) 2. Collected, heaped together. ३. गुण to advise, &c. affix क्.

गुणिरूप n. (-रूपः) Equality of merit on two sides. ३. गुणिवन् and रूप duality.

गुणिन् mfn. (-नी-णिनी-णि) Endowed with good qualities. m. (-णी) A bow. ३. गुण a quality, &c. and इति aff.

गुणीभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Made secondary or subordinated. 2. Invested with attributes, &c. 3. Varied according to its qualities. 4. Having a certain force or application, (a word, &c.) ३. गुण and भूत become, with भि augment.

गुणेश्वर mfn. (-रः-री-व) Having good qualities, &c. m. (-रः) The name of a mountain, according to some, Chitrakuta or Comptah in Bundelound. ३. गुण qualities, and ईश्वर master or possessor.

गुणीत्कर्ष m. (-र्षः) Excellence, endowment with superior qualities, ३. गुण and उत्कर्ष abundance.

गुणीकीर्तन n. (-नः) Panegyric, eulogium. ३. गुण and उत्कीर्तन celebrating.

गुणीकृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-का-ष्ट) Superior in merit or in good qualities. ३. गुण, and कृष्ट pest.

गुणीपेत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Endowed with good qualities. ३. गुण and पेत possessed of.

गुणीय n. (-यः) Superior or abundant merit. ३. गुण and यीय heap.

गुणित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Pounded, ground, reduced to dust or powder. 2. Covered with, surrounded. ३. गुणित to surround, &c. affix क्; also गुणित.

गुण m. (-ङ्घः) A fragrant grass, (Scleropus kysoor.)

गुणक m. (-कः) 1. Dust, powder. 2. Dirty meal. 3. An oil vessel. 3. A low tone. ३. गुणित to surround, &c. affix क्.

गुणिक m. (-कः-का) Flour, powder, meal. ३. गुणित to pound, कृट् affix, and इ inserted.

गुणिका f. (-का) The name of the place where the car of JAGANNATH stays for a week at the Rath Yatra.

गुणित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Pounded, ground. 2. Covered with dust. ३. गुण to grind or pound, affix क्.



गुण mfn. (-गुणः-गुण-गुणः) 1. To be enumerated. 2. To be described as qualities, to be praised. 3. To be multiplied, the multiplicand. ३. गुण to count, गुण aff.

गुण m. (-गुणः) 1. A cluster of blossoms, a nosegay. 2. A clump of grass. 3. A necklace of thirty-six strings. 4. A perfume, commonly Ganthiala : see चन्दिपत्र. 5. A bundle. ३. गुण् to enclose or surround, Unadi affix च; also गुणक-गुण &c.

गुणक m. (-गुणः) 1. A nosegay, a cluster of blossoms. 2. A showri, a cow tail. ३. कन् added to the preceding; also गुणक.

गुणपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) A plant, (Echites scholaris :) see सप्तपत्र. ३. गुण and पुष्प a flower; bearing its flowers in clusters.

गुणार्णव m. (-गुणः) A necklace or garland of twenty-four strings. ३. गुण a large garland, and अर्णव a part; also गुणार्णव.

गुद r. 1st cl. (गोदति) To play.

गुद n. (-गुदः) The anus. ३. गुद to play, affix क.

गुदकील m. (-कः) Piles. ३. गुद the anus, कील a pin or bolt also with कन् added गुदकीलक.

गुदग्रह m. (-ग्रहः) Constipation, flatulence, &c. ३. गुद the anus, and ग्रह what takes or affects.

गुदभ्रंश m. (-भ्रः) Prolapsus ani. ३. गुद and भ्रंश loss.

गुदाङ्गुर m. (-रः) Piles. ३. गुद the anus, and अङ्गुर a sprout.

गुद r. 10th cl. (गुदति) To lie, to speak falsely.

गुह r. 1st cl. (गोहति) To play. r. 4th cl. (गोहति) To surround, to encompass. r. 9th cl. (गोहति) To be angry.

गुहित mfn. (-गुहितः-गुहितः) Surrounded, enclosed. ३. गुह् to surround, क् aff.

गुहेर mfn. (-रः-गुहेरः) A protector, a defender. ३. गुह् to invest, परक् Unadi aff.

गुहल m. (-लः) The sound of a small oblong drum. ३. गुद to play, लक् affix and गुह inserted.

गुहाल m. (-लः) 1. A kind of bird, (a sort of pheasant.) 2. The bartavelle : see चकीर ३. गुहा a kind of grass, and ल what takes or eats, र rejected; also read गुहाल.

गुह m. (-गुहः) A kind of grass, (Saccharum sara.) f. (-गुहः) 1. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus pertennis; also C. rotundus.) 2. A plant bearing a fragrant seed; also मिश्रक ३. गुद to play, affix रक् and गुह inserted.

गुहाल m. (-लः) A sort of bird : see गुहाल.

गुप r. 1st cl. (गुपयति) 1. To conceal, to hide. 2. To censure, to blame or despise, (this root takes सन् irregularly.) (च) गुप् r. 1st cl. (गोपयति) To guard or protect. (हर) गुपि r. 4th cl. (गुपयति) 1. To be confused or disturbed. 2. To disturb or perplex. गुप r. 10th cl. (गोपयति) 1. To shine. 2. To speak.

गुपिल m. (-लः) A king, a prince. ३. गुप् to protect, Unadi affix लक्.

गुप्त mfn. (-गुप्तः-गुप्तः) 1. Preserved, protected. 2. Hidden, concealed, secret. 3. Joined, combined. 4. Invisible, withdrawn from sight. n. adv. (-गुप्) Privately, secretly. m. (-गुप्तः) An appellation forming especially the second member of the name of a Vaisya or man of the third class. f. (-गुप्) 1. Cowach. 2. A woman who hides from her lover's endearments. ३. गुप् to defend, &c. affix ल.

गुप्तगति m. (-गतिः) A spy or secret emissary. f. (-गतिः) Going privately or secretly. ३. गुप्त and गति going.

गुप्तचर mfn. (-रः-गुप्तः) Who or what goes secretly. m. (-रः) A name of BALABAMA. ३. गुप्त and चर who goes, or चरट् aff.

गुप्ति f. (-गुप्तिः) 1. Concealing, hiding, concealment. 2. Preserving, protecting. 3. Restraint, check. 4. A hole in the ground, a cavern, a sink, a cellar, &c. (a place of concealment.) 5. A prison. 6. The well or lower deck of a boat. 7. Digging a hole in the ground. 8. Fortification. ३. गुप् to hide, &c. affix तिक्.

गुक् r. 6th cl. (गुक्ति) To string as a garland, &c.

गुक्ति mfn. (-गुक्तिः-गुक्तिः) 1. Strung, tied on a string. 2. Arranged in order. ३. गुक् to string, affix क्.

गुक् r. 6th cl. (गुक्ति) To string together as a garland, &c.

गुक् m. (-गुक्) 1. Tying, stringing as a garland, &c. 2. A bracelet. 3. A whisker, a mustachio. ३. गुक् to tie or string, affix क्.

गुक्ति mfn. (-गुक्तिः-गुक्तिः) 1. Tied, strung. 2. Arranged, placed in order. ३. गुक् to tie, affix क्; also गुक्ति, and गुक्ति. [exertion]

गुर r. 1st cl. (गोरति) r. 6th cl. (-गु) गुरी (गुरते) To make an effort or

गुर n. (-गु) Effort, perseverance, great or continued exertion. ३. गु to make an effort, affix क्; also गोरक्.

गुह mfn. (-गुहः-गुह्य-गुह) 1. Heavy, weighty. 2. Great, (large or eminent) 3. Difficult, arduous. 4. Important. 5. Much, excessive. 6. Best excellent. 7. Venerable, respectable. 8. Dear, valuable, highly prized. 9. Accented long, (as a foot or vowel.) mn. (-गुहः-गुह) The long vowel, a sound equal to two Matras or simple sounds. m. (-गुहः) 1. A spiritual parent, from whom the youth receives the initiatory Mantra or prayer, and who conducts the ceremonies necessary at various seasons of infancy and youth, up to the period of investiture with the characteristic thread or string; this person may be the natural parent or the religious preceptor. 2. A religious teacher, one who explains the law and religion to his pupil, instructs him in Sastras, &c. 3. A name of VRIHASPATI who is considered as the Guru or preceptor of the gods. 4. A father or any venerable male relation. ३. गु to sound or speak, &c. Unadi affix क् and च substituted for क्; declaring the mode of performing the rites, &c.

गुहकार्य n. (-कार्यः) 1. A serious or momentous affair. 2. The business or office of a spiritual teacher. ३. गुह as above, and कार्य business, &c.

गुहकीप m. (-पः) Violent wrath. ३. गुह much, and कीप anger.

गुहजन m. (-जः) Traditional instruction. ३. गुह a teacher, and जन order.

गुहगत mfn. (-गुहः-गुहः) Being with or belonging to a spiritual teacher. ३. गुह and गत gone to.

गुहन्न mfn. (-गुहः-गुहः) Destroying a spiritual parent. m. (-गुहः) White mustard. ३. गुह and न्न who or what destroys.

गुहजन m. (-जः) 1. An elder, a venerable person. 2. The elders of a family, &c. ३. गुह and जन people.

गुहगुह m. (-गुहः) A kind of bird, a sort of peacock : see नीलमयूर.

गुहतल्लग m. (-गुहः) A violator of his teacher's bed. ३. गुह as above तल्ल a bed and ग who goes.

गुहतल्लगत n. (-गतः) Penance for intercourse with the wife of a Guru. ३. गुह, तल्ल a bed, (defiling, &c. understood,) and गत penance.

गुहतल्लिन् m. (-ल्लिन्) One who has criminal intercourse with his teacher's wife. ३. गुह तल्ल a bed, लिन् aff.

गुहताप m. (-पः) Excessive heat. ३. गुह and ताप heat.

गुहल n. (-लः) 1. Sacredness, venerableness, respectability. 2. Greatness, magnitude. 3. Weight, heaviness. 4. Burden, trouble. ३. गुह and ल affix; also with लक्, गुहल.

गुहप्रमोद m. (-दः) Happiness, delight. ३. गुह and प्रमोद pleasure.

गुहरत्न n. (-रत्नः) A topaz. ३. गुह valuable, रत्न a gem.

गुहदेवत m. (-देवः) The eight lunar constellation; also पुष ३. गुह and देवता deity, affix क्; VRIHASPATI is the ruling deity of the constellation.

गुहपत्र n. (-पत्रः) Tin. f. (-गुहः) The tamarind tree. ३. गुह, and पत्र leaf; heavy or abundant in leaves.

गुहमहल m. (-महलः) A kind of drum or tabor. ३. गुह heavy or large, and महल a small drum.

गुहवत् ind. Like a Guru, as a Guru. ३. गुह, and वत् aff.

गुहवत्पुति f. (-पुतिः) Behaving to any one with as much respect as to a sacred teacher. ३. गुहवत्, and पुति practice.

गुहवर्धन m. (-वर्धनः) The lime or citron. ३. गुह much, वर्धन् heat, and न्न what removes; of cooling properties.

- गुहविषया f. (-या) A tree, (Dalbergia sisu:) see विषया.  
 गुहयुक्ता f. (-या) Service of a Guru. E. गुह, and युक्ता; also गुहयुक्ता गुहसेवा &c.  
 गुहसारा f. (-रा) See विषया.  
 गुहस्थिर mfn. (-र:-रा-र) Very firm. E. गुह and स्थिर steady.  
 गुहहन् m. (-ह) The murderer of his Guru or spiritual parent. E. गुह and हन् who kills, from हन् with क्तिप् affix; this is the most heinous of all criminals, according to Hindu notions.  
 गुज्जर m. (-र:) The name of a district, Gurjara or Gujrat. plu. m. (-रा:) The people of Gujrat. f. (-री) One of the Raginis or female personifications of music.  
 गृहं r. 1st. cl. (गृहंते or गृहंते) To play. r. 10th cl. (गृहयति or गृहयति) 1. To dwell or inhabit. 2. To invite.  
 गृहं r. 1st. cl. (गृहं) गृही (गृहति) To endeavor, to aim or strive.  
 गृह्येयं ind. For or on account of a Guru. E. गृह, and ग्र्ये object.  
 गृह्येयता f. (-ता) 1. The wife of a Guru. 2. Any woman entitled to great respect. E. गृह, and ग्र्येयता a female.  
 गृहिणी f. (-णी) A pregnant woman. E. गृह्ये to be proud, Unadi affix इन्च् and जीच् fem. affix, च substituted for the radical च; also गृहिणी.  
 गृही f. (-ही) 1. A pregnant woman. 2. The wife of a Guru or spiritual teacher. E. गृह heavy, &c. and जीच् aff.  
 गुह m. (-ह:) Raw unrefined sugar, molasses. f. (-ला) A plant, (Euphorbia tirucalli:) see कुही (-ही) 1. A pill, a bolus, any small globular substance. 2. Small pox. E. गुह to surround, &c. affixes क and and टाप्, or जीच्, उ changed to ल.  
 गुहचक्रम् m. (-म्) An esculent root. commonly कली.  
 गुहिका f. (-का) A small ball. E. कन् added to गुही.  
 गुहिकाक्रीडा f. (-ड़ा) Playing with a ball, bat and ball, golf, &c. E. गुहिका and क्रीडा play.  
 गुह्यम् m. (-म्) A cluster of blossoms; also गुह्यम्.  
 गुह्यम् m. (-म्) A cluster of blossoms, nosegay. E. गुह्य to preserve, affix क्तिप्, and उ changed to ल, and लच् or इच् to gather. or glean, affix क; also with कन् added गुह्यम्.  
 गुह्यम् m. (-म्) The ankle. E. गल् to go, affix क्, and उ substituted for the penultimate.  
 गुह्य m. (-ह्य:) 1. The division of an army, a body of troops, consisting of nine platoons, or nine elephants, nine chariots, twenty-seven horse, and forty-five foot. 2. The spleen. 3. A shrub, a bush. 4. A clump of grass, &c. 5. A fort, an intrenchment. 6. Disciplining an army, keeping it in a posture of defence. 7. A wharf or stairs, a Ghat. 8. A disease; according to some, a chronic enlargement of the spleen, but as variously situated, it is any glandular enlargement in the abdomen, as that of the mesenteric gland, &c. so as to be perceived externally. f. (-ही) 1. A tent. 2. Emblic myrobalan also चामलकी. 3. Small cardamoms: see एला. 4. A cluster or clump of trees, a multitude of thickets. 5. A kind of plant, commonly Kurkavali. E. गुह to surround, क् affix, उ changed to ल.  
 गुहकेतु m. (-तु:) A small sort of cane or reed. E. गुह and केतु banner.  
 गुहमूल n. (-मूल) Ginger. E. गुह and मूल a root.  
 गुह्यम् mfn. (-ही-हिनी-हि) 1. Composed of different divisions, (a force, &c.) 2. Growing, &c. in a clump or cluster. 3. Having the spleen affected by it. f. (-ही) A spreading creeper or any creeping plant. E. गुह a clump, इति and जीच् affs.  
 गुह्य m. (-ह्य:) Sweetness, a sweet or saccharine taste. E. गुह molasses, and लप् affix; उ changed to ल.  
 गुहाक m. (-क:) The betelnut tree, (Areca faufel or catechu.) E. गु to stool, affix क्, and उ converted to उद् irregularly.  
 गुह r. 1st. cl. (गुह) गुह्य (गृहति) To cover, to cover as with clothes. to wear.  
 गुह m. (-ह) 1. A name of KARTIKEYA. 2. A name of VISHNU. 3. A swift horse. 4. The name of Nishada, ruler of Sringavera, the friend of

RAMA. 5. A name or title proper to persons of the writer caste. f. (-हा) 1. A cave, a cavern. 2. A pit, a hole in the ground. 3. A plant, commonly Chakuliya: see चिह्नगुह्य. E. गुह to conceal, affix क् and टाप्.

गुहागृह n. (-गृह) A cavern. E. गुहा, and गृह a house.

गुहामुख mfn. (-मुख:-खी-ख) Wide mouthed, open mouthed. E. गुहा, and मुख mouth.

गुहाशय m. (-शय) 1. A tiger. 2. Any animal or man living in caverns. 3. A name of VISHNU. E. गुहा a cave, and आशय abode.

गुहिन n. (-न) A wood, a thicket. E. गुह to hide, इन्च् aff.

गुहिल n. (-ल) Wealth, property. E. गुह to hide, &c. इन्च् aff.

गुहिर m. (-र:) 1. An iron-smith. 2. A guardian, a preserver. E. गुह to cover, एरक् Unadi aff.

गुह्यम् mfn. (-ह्य:-ह्या-ह्य) 1. Secret, solitary, retired. 2. Private, concealable, to be kept hidden or secret. 3. Mysterious, mystical. m. (-ह्य:) 1. A tortoise. 2. Hypocrisy. 3. VISHNU. n. (-ह्य) 1. A privy, an organ of generation, &c. 2. The anus. E. गुह to cover, क् affix, deriv. irr.

गुह्यक m. (-क:) A kind of demigod attendant upon KURVA the deity of wealth, and guardian of his treasures. E. गुह to preserve or conceal, affix क्त्वं and य inserted.

गुह्यकेवर m. (-र:) A name of KURVA the Hindu PLUTUS. E. गुह्यक a demigod, (see the preceding,) and ईवर lord or master.

गुह्यगुरु m. (-र:) A name of SIVA. E. गुह्य secret, and गुरु a master; SIVA being considered as a teacher, especially of the Tantra or Hindu mystic and magical works.

गुह्यदीपक m. (-क:) The fire fly. E. गुह्य a solitary place, and दीपक the illuminer; from दीप् to light or inflame, and क्त्वं aff.

गुह्यनिचयम् m. (-यम्) Urine. E. गुह्य and निचय what flows.

गुह्यभाषित n. (-त) 1. A Mantra, a mystical prayer or incantation. 2. A secret. E. गुह्य secret. E. भाषित spoken. [र.]

गुह्य (गुह्य) र. 6th cl. (गृहति) To void by stool; also with a short vowel, गुह्य mfn. (-ह्य:-हा-ह्य) Hidden, concealed. n. (-ह्य) 1. A solitary or private place. 2. A private part. 3. A mystery. E. गुह to hide, affix क्, deriv. irregular.

गुह्यचार mfn. (-र:-रा-र) One who goes about privately. m. (-र:) A secret emissary. E. गुह and चार practice.

गुह्यचारिन् m. (-रिन्) A secret emissary, a spy. E. गुह and चारिन् who goes.

गुह्यज m. (-ज:) The son of a concealed birth; born privately of a woman whose husband is absent, the real father being unknown; this is one of the twelve forms particularized in Hindu law. E. गुह hidden, and ज born; also compound with पुत्र a son, गुह्यजपुत्र.

गुह्यनोद m. (-द) The wagtail. E. गुह secret, and नोद a nest.

गुह्यपथ m. (-थ) 1. Mind, intellect. 2. A bye-path, a hidden way. E. गुह secret, and पथ a road; whose path is unperceived.

गुह्यपाद m. (-द or त) A snake. E. गुह hidden, and पाद a foot, the final vowel rejected; also being retained गुह्यपाद nom. (-द:)

गुह्यपुरुष m. (-पु) A spy, a secret emissary, a disguised agent, &c. E. गुह concealed, and पुरुष a man.

गुह्यभाषित n. (-त) Secret intelligence, private communication. E. गुह secret, and भाषित what is said.

गुह्यमार्ग m. (-ग) A subterraneous passage, a defile, a bye-road, or secret way. E. गुह concealed, and मार्ग a road.

गुह्यमेषु m. (-मेषु) A crow. E. गुह secret, and मेषु copulation.

गुह्यमेषु m. (-मेषु) A frog. E. गुह hidden, and मेषु light, warmth; perhaps an idea is implied analogous to that of cold blooded animals: some explain it मेषु faeces, whose excrement is unknown.

गुह्यसाक्षिन् m. (-क्षिन्) A concealed witness, one placed by the plaintiff, so as to overhear what has been said by the defendant. E. गुह and साक्षिन् a witness.

गुह्यम् m. (-ङ्) A tortoise. ३. गुह्य, and चङ् body, hidden in his shell.  
 गुह्यम् m. (-ङ्) A snake. ३. गुह्य and चङ् foot.  
 गुह्यम् m. (-ङ्) The son of concealed birth : see गुह्य. ३. गुह्य privately, and चङ् born.  
 गुह्य m. (-ङ्) Faeces, ordure. ३. गुह्य to void by stool, and चङ् Unadi aff.  
 गुह्यम् m. (-ङ्) A small bird, considered to be a species of the Mayna, (Turdus salica.) ३. गुह्य ordure, and चङ् marked.  
 गुह्य mfn. (-ङ्-ना-नं) Voided, (as ordure.) ३. गुह्य to stool, affix चङ् deriv. irr.  
 गुर r. 10th cl. (गुरयते) 1. To strive, to endeavor to make an effort or exertion. 2. To eat. (गुरी r. 4th cl. (गुरते) 1. To hurt, to injure, as to wound, to kill, &c. 2. To be decayed or old.  
 गुरम् n. (-ङ्) Effort, exertion. ३. गुर to strive, affix चङ् ; also गुरच.  
 गुरम् r. 1st cl. (गुरते) To play. r. 10 cl. (गुरयति) 1. To dwell or inhabit. 2. invite ; these roots are both written more usually with the short vowel.  
 गुवाक m. (-ङ्) The betelnut tree : see गुवाक.  
 गुवम् f. (-ङ्) The eye in a peacock's tail.  
 गुह्यम् mfn. (-ङ्-ना-नं) Hiding, concealing. ३. गुह्य to hide, शानच् aff.  
 गुह्यम् ind. Having concealed, hidden, disguised. ३. गुह्य to hide, causal form, क्ता aff.  
 गृ r. 1st cl. (गृति) To sprinkle, to moisten or wet.  
 गृज् r. 1st cl. (गृजति) also (गृज्) गृजि (गृजति) To sound, to roar, to grumble, &c. also गृज्.  
 गृज्जन् n. (-ङ्) Poisoned flesh, the meat of an animal destroyed by poison. m. (-ङ्) 1. Gurlie, or a small variety of it of a red colour. 2. A turnip. 3. The tops of hemp chewed as an inebriating substance the Ganja. ३. गृज्जि to sound, and चङ् affix ; applied to the latter as causing eructation.  
 गृज्जन् mfn. (-ङ्-ना-नं) 1. Speaking. 2. Praising, flattering. ३. गृज् to speak, शानच् aff.  
 गृज्जन् m. (-ङ्) An animal of prey, considered as a large kind of jackel. ३. गृज् to sound, and चङ् affix ; deriv. irr. ; also sometimes short गृज्जन्.  
 गृज्जन् m. (-ङ्) A name of KANDARPA. ३. गृज् to be desirous, and चङ् Unadi aff.  
 गृज् r. 4th cl. (गृज्) गृज्जि (गृजति) To covet, to desire greedily, to be greedy.  
 गृज् m. (-ङ्) 1. The deity KAMA or love. 2. A libidinous man. ३. गृज् to desire, क्ता Unadi aff.  
 गृज् m. (-ङ्) 1. Understanding. 2. Air voided downwards. 3. Bad, wicked. ३. गृज् and क्ता Unadi aff.  
 गृज् mfn. (-ङ्-ना-नं) Covetous, cupidinous, greedy. ३. गृज् to be greedy, क्ता aff.  
 गृज्ता f. (-ङ्) Covetousness, greediness, extreme and illiberal desire. ३. गृज् greedy, and लच् abstract aff.  
 गृज् mfn. (-ङ्-ना-नं) Desirous, greedy, covetous. m. (-ङ्) A vulture. ३. गृज् to desire, and क्ता Unadi affix ; it may also written गृज्.  
 गृज्जन् f. (-ङ्) 1. The jujube, (Zizyphus jujuba.) 2. A wild kind of the same, (Zizyphus nepeca.) ३. गृज् a vulture, and नच् nail, having thorns like a vulture's claws.  
 गृज्जन् m. (-ङ्) A name of JATAYU. ३. गृज् and राज king.  
 गृज्जी f. (-ङ्) 1. Lumbago. 2. Rheumatism, affecting the loins. ३. गृज् desire, चो to destroy, च and चोय affixes ; also sometimes written गृज्जी.  
 गृज् m. (-ङ्) 1. A cow that has had one calf. 2. A yam. 3. The jujube (Zizyphus jujuba.) ३. गृज् to grind, affix क्तिन् and च changed to च.  
 गृज् r. 1st cl. (गृज्) गृज्जि (गृजते) also r. 10th cl. (गृजयते) To take, to seize, to receive or accept ; also गृज्.  
 गृज् n. (-ङ्) 1. A house, a mansion, a habitation in general. 2. A wife :

(in these senses the plural is always masculine, गृज्) 3. A name, an appellation. ३. गृज् to receive or take, (grain, goods, &c.) affix क्.  
 गृज्जन् m. (-ङ्) A small flat oblong stone, used for grinding condiments, &c. ३. गृज् a house, and क्ता a tortoise.  
 गृज्जन् f. (-ङ्) The aloe, (Aloe perfoliata ; ) also गृज्जन्, &c. ३. गृज् a house, and क्ता a virgin.  
 गृज्जन् m. (-ङ्) A pigeon, a tame or domestic pigeon. ३. गृज् a house, and क्ता a dove or pigeon.  
 गृज्जन् n. (-ङ्) 1. Household affairs. 2. House building. ३. गृज्, and क्ता making.  
 गृज्जन् m. (-ङ्) 1. A house-builder. 2. A thatcher. ३. गृज्, and क्ता who makes.  
 गृज्जन् m. (-ङ्) 1. A kind of wasp. 2. A house-builder. ३. गृज् a house, and क्ता who makes, building a nest or house of clay, &c.  
 गृज्जन् n. (-ङ्) Household affairs. ३. गृज्, and क्ता business ; also गृज्-क्ता, &c.  
 गृज्जी f. (-ङ्) A small house lizard. ३. गृज् a house, and क्ता or क्ता an iguana ; hence also गृज्जी, or च being changed to च, गृज्-जी.  
 गृज्जी f. (-ङ्) A lizard : see the preceding.  
 गृज्जन् m. (-ङ्) A house sparrow. ३. गृज् and क्ता a sparrow.  
 गृज्जन् n. (-ङ्) 1. Private or family afflictions or troubles. 2. A breach in a house. ३. गृज्, and क्ता a hole ; also गृज्जन्.  
 गृज्जन् mfn. (-ङ्-ना-नं) Born in the house. m. (-ङ्) A slave born in the house. ३. गृज्, and च born ; also गृज्जन्.  
 गृज्जी f. (-ङ्) Rice water.  
 गृज्जन् f. (-ङ्) A terrace in front of a house, a threshold. ३. गृज् a house, and क्ता a bank.  
 गृज्जन् mfn. (-ङ्-ना-नं) A domestic slave. ३. गृज्, and क्ता a slave.  
 गृज्जी f. (-ङ्) A virtuous woman. ३. गृज्, and क्ता light.  
 गृज्जन् m. (-ङ्) The door of a house. ३. गृज्, and क्ता a door.  
 गृज्जन् m. (-ङ्) A plant commonly Med'hasringi : see गृज्जन् ३. गृज् a house, क्ता a tree, growing near dwellings.  
 गृज्जन् m. (-ङ्) A pigeon. ३. गृज्, and क्ता who injures ; defacing the walls of a house by building in and about it.  
 गृज्जी f. (-ङ्) A sparrow. ३. गृज् and क्ता a nest, who builds his nest in human dwellings.  
 गृज्जन् m. (-ङ्) 1. A householder, a man of the second class, or who after having finished his studies is married and settled. 2. A householder of particular merit, giving alms, and performing all the prescribed ceremonies, &c. 3. Maintenance of a sacred and perpetual fire. 4. Virtue, especially of a householder, as hospitality, &c. ३. गृज् a house. and क्ता lord or master.  
 गृज्जी f. (-ङ्) The site of a habitation, the ground on which it stands, and which is attached to it. ३. गृज्, and क्ता a young animal, affix क्ता, the rudiments of the house.  
 गृज्जन् m. (-ङ्) Offering of the reliques of a meal, or sacrifice to the spirits of the air, &c. ३. गृज्, and क्ता offering.  
 गृज्जन् m. (-ङ्) A kind of crane, the Vaca. ३. गृज् a house, क्ता food offered in oblation, and क्ता fond of : see the next.  
 गृज्जन् m. (-ङ्) 1. A sparrow. 2. A kind of crane, (Ardea nivea.) 3. A crow. ३. गृज् a house or a wife, क्ता grain, &c. used in oblations, or any edible grain, and क्ता who eats ; that is, who eats the food of his female, or the fragments of offerings fallen in or about the house ; also गृज्जन्.  
 गृज्जन् m. (-ङ्) 1. An exile, one who is driven from his house. 2. Family decay. 3. Breaking down or into a house. ३. गृज्, and क्ता breaking.  
 गृज्जन् n. (-ङ्) 1. Breaking down or destroying a house. 2. Causing the ruin or decay of a family. ३. गृज्, and क्ता breaking.

गृहभूमि f. (-भिः) The site of a habitation. ३. गृह a house, and भूमि ground.  
 गृहमणि m. (-भिः) A lamp. ३. गृह a house, and मणि a jewel.  
 गृहमायिका f. (-का) A bat. ३. गृह a house, and मायिका a fly.  
 गृहमग्न m. (-गः) A dog. ३. गृह a house, and मग्न a deer.  
 गृहमेधिन् m. (-धी) A householder. f. (-धिनी) 1. A housewife, the wife of a householder. 2. Natural sense or intelligence, ३. गृह a house, मेध to understand, and इनि aff.  
 गृहवाय m. (-यः) The householder, the master of a house or family. ३. गृह to take, वाय Unadi affix, and य inserted.  
 गृहवायु mfn. (-युः-युः) Disposed to seize or take. ३. गृह to take, य inserted, and वायु aff.  
 गृहस्थ n. (-स्थः) 1. Private or family affairs, especially of an unpleasant nature. 2. A breach in the wall of a house. ३. गृह, and स्थ a hole; also गृहस्थि.  
 गृहवाटिका f. (-का) A garden or grove near a house. ३. गृह a house, वाट to surround, affix क्तु, and fem form.  
 गृहस्थापार m. (-रः) Household affairs, domestic economy. ३. गृह and आपार practice.  
 गृहस्तम्भ m. (-भः) The pillar of a house. ३. गृह, and स्तम्भ a post.  
 गृहस्थ m. (-स्थः) A householder, the man of the second class, or he who, after having finished his studies, and been invested with the sacred thread, performs the duties of the master of a house, and father of a family. ३. गृह a house, and स्थ who stays or abides.  
 गृहस्थधर्म m. (-र्धः) The practice or duty of a householder. ३. गृहस्थ and धर्म duty.  
 गृहस्थान्न m. (-न्नः) The order of householder. ३. गृहस्थ, and आन्न order of life.  
 गृहस्तूप n. (-तुपः) The pillar of a house. ३. गृह a house, and स्तूप a prop or pillar.  
 गृहाक्ष m. (-क्षः) A loophole, an eyelet hole, a round or oblong window. ३. गृह a house, and क्ष for अक्ष an eye.  
 गृह्यागत m. (-तः) A guest. ३. गृह, and आगत come to.  
 गृहाधिप m. (-पः) The Grihast'ha or householder: see गृहस्थ. ३. गृह a house, and अधिप a master.  
 गृहनिपालिन् mfn. (-नी-लिनी-लि) Watching, taking care of the house. m. (-ली) A watchman. ३. गृह and नि before पाल to protect, नि aff.  
 गृहाक्ष n. (-क्षः) Sour gruel, made from the fermentation of rice water. ३. गृह a house, क्ष sour, the domestic acid.  
 गृहायिक m. (-कः) A householder. ३. गृह a house, यिन् derivative affix, and क् added.  
 गृहाराम m. (-रामः) A garden, a grove, &c. near a house. ३. गृह a house, and आराम a garden.  
 गृहालिका f. (-का) A small lizard. ३. गृह a house, आलि a scorpion, क् affix of similitude.  
 गृहादयश्च f. (-ची) The threshold, a raised ground or terrace in front of the door. ३. गृह a house, and च prefixed to यश्च to take, affix क्तु, and चीप्.  
 गृहावस्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Dwelling or living in a house. 2. Lying in any place. ३. गृह, and अवस्थित placed or situated in.  
 गृहाश्रया f. (-या) The betel tree, (Piper betel.) ३. गृह a house, &c. आश्रय an asylum growing near dwellings.  
 गृहाम्बु m. (-म्बुः) A flat oblong stone, upon which condiments are ground together. ३. गृह a house, and अम्बु a stone.  
 गृहिणी f. (-णी) A wife. ३. गृह a house, and इनि and णीप् affs.  
 गृहिन् m. (-ही) A householder. ३. गृह a house, and इनि aff.  
 गृहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Taken, attached, seized, caught. 2. Obtained. 3. Known, understood. 4. Promised, agreed. 5. Learnt, acquired. ३. गृह to take, affix क्त, र changed to क्त.  
 गृहीतविद्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) Versed in science, learned, studied. ३. गृहीत, and विद्या learning.

गृहीतदिङ् mfn. (-दिङ्) Flown, escaped, retreated. ३. गृहीत seized, and दिङ् place.  
 गृहीतवेतन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Paid, remunerated. ३. गृहीत and वेतन wages.  
 गृहीत mfn. (-ता-ची-ह) Taking, disposed to seize or take. ३. गृह to seize, affix हच्, and इ inserted.  
 गृहीता ind. Having taken. ३. गृह to take, ता aff.  
 गृहीतकरच n. (-चः) Any domestic utensil. ३. गृह and उपकरण instrument.  
 गृहीत्यात m. (-तः) 1. A domestic nuisance, as vermin, &c. 2. Family misfortune. ३. गृह, and आत्यात calamity.  
 गृहीलिका f. (-का) A small house lizard. ३. गृह to take, and लल and क् affixes: see गृहीलिका.  
 गृहन् mfn. (-हन्-हन्-हन्) Taking, seizing, accepting, &c. ३. गृह to take, हन् aff.  
 गृह mfn. (-हः-हः-हः) 1. Dependent, subservient. 2. A partisan of or belonging to a side or party. 3. To be taken or seized. 4. To be trusted to, to be relied on. 5. To be acknowledged or admitted, to be adopted as faith or belief. 5. Domestic, of or belonging to a house. m. (-हः) A tame or domesticated animal. n. (-हः) 1. The name of a book, containing directions for religious rites, a section or component treatise of the Sama Veda, by GOBHILA and others; which contains rules for the performance of domestic and other ceremonies: the ritual of the Vedas. f. (-हः) A suburb, a village adjoining to a city, or a small village attached to a larger. ३. गृह or गृह to take, affix कप्; or गृह a house, य् affix; also with क् added गृहक.  
 गृहक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Dependent, docile, not following one's own inclinations. m. (-कः) A tame or domesticated animal, whether a bird or beast, &c. ३. गृह for गृह to take, कप् affix, and क् added.  
 गृहगुरु m. (-रुः) A name of SIVA. ३. गृह, ann गुरु a teacher.  
 गृहगुरु n. (-रुः) A precept of the Grihya or ritual of the Vedas. ३. गृह, and गुरु a rule.  
 गृ r. 6th cl. (गिरति or गिरति) To swallow, to eat. r. 9th cl. (गृह्यति) To sound, to sound intelligibly or articulately, to speak. r. 10th cl. (गृह्यते) 1. To know. 2. To make known, to teach. With गिर् or उन् prefixed, To reject, to vomit. With क् and क्त, 1. To throw up. 2. To cry aloud.  
 गेह्यु m. (-ह्युः) A ball for playing with. ३. ग to go, affix ह्यच्, or with क् added गेह्युक.  
 गेह्युक m. (-कः) A ball; also गेह्युक, the penultimate being made long  
 गेप r. 1st cl. (गह) गेह (गेपते) 1. To shake or tremble. 2. To move.  
 गेव mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. A singer. 2. A song or chaunt, what is to be sung or chaunted. n. (-यः) Song, singing. ३. गे to sing, affix यत्.  
 गेव r. 1st cl. (गह) गेह (गेवते) To serve, to gratify by service.  
 गेव r. 1st cl. (गह) गेह (गेवते) To seek, to search, to investigate.  
 गेव m. (-यः) 1. A professional singer, an actor, a mime, &c. 2. A chaunter of the Sama Veda. ३. गे to sing, and ह्यच् Unadi aff.  
 गेव m. (-यः) 1. A singer. 2. An actor. 3. A chaunter of the Sama Veda: see गेव. ३. गे to sing, and ह्यच् Unadi aff.  
 गेह n. (-हः) A house, a dwelling. ३. ग a name of GANESHA ह् to desire, affix हच्; that deity being usually invoked upon laying the foundations of a house.  
 गेहन्दिन् m. (-दी) A lazy or effeminate man, a coterie. ३. गेह a house, and न्दिन् who makes a noise: see the next.  
 गेहूर m. (-रः) A slothful and trifling man, one who is unfit for concerns beyond those of the house, a coterie, a house-hero. ३. गेह a house, and उर a hero.  
 गेहिन् mfn. (-ही-हिनी-हि) Having a house, householder, &c. ३. गेह, and इनि aff.  
 गे r. 1st cl. (गायति) To sound, to sing. With ह् or प्र prefixed; (कहायति गगायति) To sing, to chaunt, to sing out or aloud. (कहीयते गगीयते) To

be sung or chaunted. With वि (विशेषण) To assert repeatedly.  
 मेर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Mountain, mountaineer, mountain-born. म. निरि, and चक्, aff.  
 मेरिक् mfn. (-रः-री-र) Mountain, mountain-born or produced. n. (-रः) 1. Red chalk, or as sometimes applied, red orpiment. 2. Gold. म. निरि a mountain, affix डक्.  
 मेरिक् mfn. (-रः-री-र) Mountain, mountaineer, mountain-born. n. (-रः) 1. Bitumen. 2. Red chalk. म. निरि a mountain, affix डक्.  
 मे m. (-रीः) 1. Heaven, Swarga or paradise. 2. A bull. 3. A ray of light. 4. The thunderbolt. 5. The moon. 6. The sun. 7. A kind of sacrifice, the sacrifice of a cow. 8. The moment of the sun's entering Taurus. mn (-री-यु) 1. The hair of the body. 2. Water: (in the last sense some confine it to the mas. plu. नावः and according to others, it is neuter in several other senses.) f. (-रीः) 1. A cow. 2. The eye. 3. An arrow. 4. quarter, as the east, west, &c. 5. Speech; also identified with the goddess of speech, SARASWATI. 6. The earth. 7. A mother. म. नत् to go, and करणे की Unadi aff. नत्ति चनेन।  
 मेकचक् m. (-रः) 1 The name of a plant : see नीचुर. 2. The print of a cow's hoof or spot so marked. म. नी the earth or a cow, &c. and कचक् a thorn. नीः इयिष्याः कचक् इव।  
 मेकचक् m. (-रः) 1. A span from the tip of the thumb to that of the little finger. 2. A kind of deer, (the Nilgau) 3. A mule. 4. A class of demigods. 5. A kind of snake. 6. A snake in general. 7. A place of pilgrimage on the Malabar coast. f. (-रः) A plant, (Aleuris hyacinthoides :) see मृषा. म. नी a cow, and कचक् an ear, having ears like a cow, &c. नीः मेक' कचक् यत्।  
 मेकिराटिका f. (-रः) A bird, considered as one kind of the common Maina, (Turdus salica.) म. नी the earth, and किर a hog, चट who goes, with कच् added in the fem. form; resembling a hog, feeding on ordure, &c.  
 मेकिल m. (-रः) 1. A plough, 2. A pestle. म. नी the earth, and किल to go. affix क; also नीकिल.  
 मेकिल m. (-रः) 1. A pestle. 2. A plough. म. नी the earth, and किल a pin or bolt. नीः इयिष्याः किल इव।  
 मेकुल n. (-रः) 1. A herd of kine, a multitude of cattle. 2. A cow-house or station. 3. A village or tract on the Jumna, the residence of NANDA and of KRISHNA during his youth. n. नी a cow, and कुल an assemblage.  
 मेकुलिक mfn. (-रः-का-क) 1. Squint-eyed. 2. One who does not give help to a cow in the mud. म. नी the eye, &c. and कुल to accumulate, affix डक्.  
 मेकुल n. (-रः) Cowdung. म. नी a cow, and कुल made.  
 मेकुर m. (-रः) The name of a plant; also Gokhura, (Ruellia longifolia, Rox, it is also applied in Bengal to Tribulus lanuginosus.) n. (-रः) A cow's hoof. म. नी a cow, and कुर a hoof, the thorns getting between the hoofs of cattle; also with कच् added नीचुरक्, and with कुर a hoof, नीचुर.  
 मेकुरक् m. (-रः) See the preceding.  
 मेकुर m. (-रः) See नीचुर; also नीचुरि.  
 मेगीयुक् n. (-रः) A pair of oxen. म. नी, and नीयुक् a pair. नवीर्षितम्। [नीचक्।  
 मेगीड n. (-रः) A cattle shed. म. नी, and नीड a shed. नीः खानम् ना + खानि  
 मेगीड f. (-रः) A cow that has had one calf. म. नी a cow, and गृष्टि q. v. the same as the compound. सङ्गत् प्रवृत्तायां गवि।  
 मेगीड m. (-रः) 1. Dried cow-dung. 2. A station for cows, a cow-yard or house, &c. म. नी a cow, दग् to arrange, and रत् aff. नीजाती यत्ति।  
 मेगीड m. (-रः) Spoil, booty, capture of cattle. म. नी, and दग् seizing.  
 मेगीड m. (-रः) The ceremony of presenting grass to the cow when making atonement. म. नी, and दग् a mouthful.  
 मेगीड mfn. (-रः-नी-र) Who or what kills kine. m. (-रः) A guest. म. नी a cow, and दग् what kills, from दग् with क affix; a cow being killed on the arrival of the latter, or being presented to him.

मीडन n. (-रः) 1. Rain. 3. Ghee made from cow's milk. म. नी the earth, दग् what sprinkles, from दग् to sprinkle or wet, affix क.  
 मीडर m. (-रः) 1. An object of sense, as sound, shape, colour, &c. 2. A country, a district. 3. The house or mansion of a planet, or its presence in any sign which is that of a person's nativity. 4. Pasturage. म. नी an organ of sense, &c. and रग् what goes, from रग् to go, निपातने चक्, aff.  
 मीडरन् n. (-रः) 1. A cow's hide. 2. A hide of land, 800 feet long, by 10 broad: it is also defined as that extent of land, the crop of which will support a man for a year. म. नी and चक् skin.  
 मीडरक् m. (-रः) A cowherd. म. नी, रग् to go, causal form चिक्, क्, क्, aff.  
 मीडरक् m. (-रः) The palm of the hand with the fingers extended, &c. see चक्, व. ना भूमिन् चाच्छादयति चक्-चिक्, चक्, रवीन्द्रादित्यात्। भुक्तदन्ते। चाकुलिया।  
 मीडरक् n. (-रः) Cow's urine. म. नी, and जल water. नवि जातं जलम्।  
 मीडरक् m. (-रः) A prickly nightshade. n. (-रः) Happy, fortunate, auspicious. म. नी the earth, जाग् to wake or to be awake, affix डक्.  
 मीडरक् f. (-रः) A potherb growing wild. (Elephantopus scaber.) म. नी a cow, and जिह्वा a tongue: the leaves being so compared; also with कच् added मीडरक्। [चक्.  
 मीडरक् m. (-रः) A lump of flesh on the navel. म. गुड् to be sound, affix  
 मीडरक् mf. (-रः-रः) The water melon. f. (-रः) A kind of cucumber, (Cucumis madras patanus.) म. नी the earth, रुवि to hurt, affix क and त changed to ड. ना भूमिं रुवति चर्दति। रुवि-क पूषेदराः।  
 मीडी f. (-रः) 1. Torn or ragged clothes. 2. A sack. 3. The measure of a Drona. म. गुड् to reckon, affixes चक् नि-गुवः and डीक् the deriv. irr.  
 मीडर mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) A person with a prominent navel. m. (-रः) A man of a low tribe, a mountaineer, especially inhabiting the eastern portion of the Vindhya range, between the Nerbudda and Krishna giving name to the province of Gondwana. 2. A prominent navel, or a lump of flesh on the navel, &c. म. गुडि to enclose, &c. चक्, aff.  
 मीडर m. (-रः) The name of a sage belonging to the family of ANGIRAS father of SATANANDA; also नीडर. नीमिसनी चर्दं यत् रवीन्द्रादित्यात्।  
 मीडराच्य m. (-रः) A name of SAKYA or SAKYA MUNI, a Baud'dha sage. म. नीडर a sage, and चक्च्य lineage; the descendant of GOTAMA.  
 मीडरक् m. (-रः) An excellent cow. म. नी a cow, तक्क implying excellence.  
 मीडर n. (-रः) 1. Family, race, lineage, kin. 2. A name, an appellation. 3. A forest. 4. A field. 5. A Ch'hattrā, an umbrella or parasol. 6. A road. 7. Knowledge of futurity, inspiration. 8. A genus, a class or species. 9. A caste, a tribe or subdivision of it into families, as in that of the Brahman; twenty-four Gotras are reckoned, supposed to be sprung from and named after celebrated teachers, as SANDILYA, KASTAPA, GAUTAMA, BHARADWAJA, &c. 10. Increase. 11. Wealth. f. (-रः) 1. The earth. 2. A herd of kine. m. (-रः) A mountain. म. गु to sound, and न Unadi affix, or नी the earth, &c. and च what preserves, from चै with क aff. ना भूमिं चायते नैड् पालने क।  
 मीडर mf. (-रः-रः) A relation; in law, the term is nearly equivalent to the Gentile of Roman law, and is applied to kindred of the same general family, who are connected by offerings of food and water, and stands opposed to the Bandh'u or cognate kin, who do not partake in the offerings to the common ancestors: see चक्. म. नीडर as above, न born. नीडर समाने नैडि जायते नन-ड।  
 मीडरिड m. (-रिड- or रिड्) A name of INDRA. म. नीडर a mountain, and रिड् who splits, (with his thunderbolt.) नीडर' पर्वतं नैडि' वा निनति। रिड-डिक्।  
 मीडरिड n. (-रः-रः) Patrimony, inheritance. म. नीडर, and रिडर wealth.  
 मीडर mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Who or what gives a cow. m. (-रः) The brain. म. नी light or a cow, and दग् what gives. ना नैड' दावति मीडरिडि दे-क।  
 मीडर m. (-रः) 1. Yellow orpiment. 2. A cow's tooth. 3. A fossile substance of a white colour, apparently an earthy salt. म. नी a cow,

and दन्त a tooth, a cow's tooth, from its similar hardness, &c.  
 [नीदावरी. नां जनें ददाति दानेन दा-व ।  
 नीदा f. (-दा) The Godavari river. न. नी water, and द who gives; see नीदान n. (-न) Gift of a cow. न. नी, and दान gift; or कोमादाके संचारनेदि also नीप्रदान. नावः कोमदीनानि वा दीयन्ते संचारने चन । नावरी कुट ।  
 नीदाकृष n. (-कृ) 1. A plough. 2. A spade or hoe. न. नी the earth, and दारक what cuts or tears. नां भूमिं दारयति द-कृष-कु ।  
 नीदावरी f. (-री) The name of a river in the peninsula, the Godavari. न. नी water, and द what gives, नीद and वाव to cover or conceal; affixes चप् and जीप्. नां जनें ददाति दानान् दा वनिप् जीप् ।  
 नीदम्ब n. (-म्ब) Cow's milk. न. नी, and दम्ब milk.  
 नीदुह m. (-दुह) A cowherd, a milkman. न. नी a cow, दुह to milk, and ह्रिप् affix; also with क् affix नीदुह, nom. (-हः).  
 नीदीपनी f. (-नी) A milk pail. न. नी a cow, and दुह to milk, with नावे कुट्, and जीप् aff. नावरी कुट् नीदीपनीवासी ।  
 नीद्वय m. (-यः) Cow's urine. न. नी, and द्वय what runs from. नी + दु-वच् ।  
 नीध्व n. (-न) A herd of Cows, a multitude or number of cattle, especially if considered as property. m. (-नः) A large headed arrow. न. नी a cow, and धन wealth. [नवां धनं समूहः । नीध्वः ।  
 नीधा f. (-धा) 1. A leathern fence worn by archers on the left arm, to prevent its being injured by the bowstring. 2. An iguana, either the Gosap or the alligator. न. नुच् to surround, affixes चप् and टाप्; see नीधिका. गुधते वेष्टते बाधुरनया करवे चप् ।  
 नीधापदिका f. (-का) Cissus pedata. न. नच् added to the next.  
 नीधापदो f. (-दो) A plant, (Cissus pedata.) न. नीधा, and पद for पद् a foot, affix जीप्, the root being compared to an alligator's foot.  
 नीधि m. (-धि) 1. The forehead. 2. The Gangetic alligator. 3. An iguana. न. नी the eye or water, and धा to possess, with नावरी दन् aff. नीधिका f. (-का) 1. The Gangetic alligator. 2. The iguana. न. नच् with the fem form added to नीधा.  
 नीधिकासन m. (-नः) The iguana, न. नीधा An alligator, and नासक off-spring, here used to imply diminution: so नीधिकापुत्र, &c.  
 नीधीतयु चयः समस्तः ।  
 नीधुन m. (-नः) Wheat: see the next. न. नुच्-वां चन ।  
 नीधुन m. (-नः) 1. Wheat. 2. The orange. 3. The name of a drug. न. नुच् to surround, and चन Unadi aff.  
 नीधुनचूर्ण n. (-चूर्ण) Wheat flour. न. नीधुन, and चूर्ण powder. नीधीतयुचयः ।  
 नीधुनसंशय n. (-शय) Sour paste. न. नीधुन, and संशय produced. उन् + श-चपादानि चप् नीधुनः संशयोऽस्ति ।  
 नीधुषि f. (-षि) A period of the day, in the hot season when the sun is half risen; in the cold and dewy seasons, when the sun is full but mild; and in the three other seasons, sunset. न. नी, and धुषि dust.  
 नीधुव (नृ-) A milch cow. न. नी a cow, and धेनु the same. संशयोऽस्ति गवि ।  
 नीधेर mfn. (-रा-र) A guardian, a protector, a preserver. न. नुच् परच् ।  
 नीनन्दी f. (-न्दी) The female of the Sarasa or Indian crane. न. नी water, नदि to be happy, चप् and जीप् aff. नदि जी नन्दति । नन्द-चप् जीप् ।  
 नीनर्द m. (-र्द) The Sarasa or Indian crane. न. (-र्द) A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) न. नी water, नर्द to sound, affix चप् ।  
 नीनर्दीय m. (-यः) A name of the saint PATANJALI, the founder of Yoga philosophy. न. नी heaven, नर्दीय to be sounded or celebrated.  
 नीनस m. (-सः) 1. A large kind of snake, by some considered to be the same with the Boa or Bor. 2. A kind of gem. न. नी a cow, and नस a nose, cow-nosed; also नीनस.  
 नीनाय m. (-यः) 1. A bull. 2. A herdsman. न. नी, and नाय master.  
 नीनास mf. (-सः-सा) A snake: see नीनस. न. नीरिव नासा कस वा नकादिभः ।  
 नीनिचन्द n. (-चन्द) Cow's urine, न. नी, and निचन्द what coaxes. न. नी + निचन्द-चप् ।  
 नीप mfn. (-पः-पा-प) 1. A helper, a friend or patron. 2. A preserver, a cherisher. 3. Who or what hides or conceals. m. (-पः) 1. Superintendent of a district. 2. The head of a cowpen. 3. A herdsman, a

cowherd, a milkman by caste and occupation. 4. A king. 5. A Myrrh: see नीपरक f. (-पी or -पी) A plant, (Echites frutescens) 1. (-पा) A milk-woman, a female cowherd. f. (-पी) 1. A cowherd's wife, but especially applied to those of Brindaban, the companions and objects of Kṛṣṇa's juvenile sports, and who are considered sometimes as holy or celestial personages. 2. A proteotress. 3. Nature, elementary nature. न. नी the earth &c. and चक्षुषात preserves; also in some sense गुप् to hide, to protect, &c. affix च, fem. affix टाप् or जेप्. नां भूमिं वा पति रक्षति पा-च ।  
 नीपरक mfn. (-पः-पा-प) One who guards or protects. m. (-पः) 1. Myrrh. 2. The Superintendent of a district. न. नच् added to the preceding.  
 नीपकन्या f. (-न्या) 1. The daughter of a cowherd. 2. A nymph of Brindaban. 3. A medicinal plant. न. नीप, and कन्या a daughter.  
 नीपकीचा f. (-चा) A wild sort of jujube, (Zizyphus zepeca.) न. नीप a cowherd, and चीचा the jujube.  
 नीपति m. (-तिः) 1. A name of Śiva. 2. Of Indra. 3. The sun. 4. A king. 5. A bull. न. नी the earth, &c. पति lord or master.  
 नीपतिचक्र m. (-चक्र) The rainbow. न. नीपति INDRA, and चक्र a bow.  
 नीपद्वय m. (-यः) The areca tree. न. नीप preserving, and द्वय a leaf.  
 नीपन n. (-न) 1. Protecting, guarding. 2. Concealment, hiding. 3. Reviling, abuse. 4. Flurry, hurry, alarm. 5. Light, lustre. 6. The leaf of the Laurus cassia. न. गुप् to hide, नावे कुट् aff.  
 नीपनीय mfn. (-यः-न्य-य) 1. Secret, mysterious, to be concealed or hidden. 2. To be preserved or protected. न. गुप् to hide, &c. कर्त्तव्य aff.  
 नीपन्य f. (-न्यः) 1. The wife of a cowherd. 2. A plant, (Asclepias pseudosara) न. नीप and न्य wife. नीधीतयुचयः ।  
 नीपन्युष्टी f. (-ष्टी) The youthful wife of a cowherd.  
 नीपन्र m. (-न्रः) The fibrous root of a waterlily. न. नीप a cowherd, and न्र lucky, auspicious.  
 नीपन्रिका f. (-का) The name of a tree: see नगवारी. न. नीप a preserver, and न्र auspicious, and संशयोऽस्ति नच् and टाप् aff.  
 नीपरक m. (-कः) Gum myrrh. न. नीप secret, and रस juice exuding in a manner or place unknown. न. नां जनें पिबति प-च नीपः रसोऽस्ति ।  
 नीपनरी f. (-री) 1. A creeping plant, (Echites frutescens:) see नीपनचक्र 2. Another plant, (Asclepias pseudosara.) न. नीप a cowherd, and नरी a pedicle, being used in medicines for cattle.  
 नीपादविक m. (-कः) A cowherd. न. नी, and पादविक clever.  
 नीपानकी f. (-की) 1. The wood of a thatch. 2. A crooked beam which supports it. 3. The bamboo frame work on which it rests. न. नां किरावानी पनं नीपचं कीपनं तत्कति की-च नीपविकान् जीप् ।  
 नीपायक mfn. (-कः-की-क) A preserver, a cherisher, one who guards or protects. न. गुप् to preserve, पाय + क्, क् aff.  
 नीपायित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Preserved, protected, cherished. न. गुप् to protect, affix चप्-कर्मणि नावे च- ।  
 नीपाय m. (-यः) 1. A King, a sovereign. 2. A cowherd. 3. A name of KRISHNA. न. नी the earth, &c. and पाय who preserves or protects. नां भूमिं पश्येदे वा पाययति पालि चप् ।  
 नीपायक m. (-कः) 1. Śiva. 2. KRISHNA. 3. A cow keeper or protector. न. नी a cow or the earth, पय् to cherish, and क्, क् aff.  
 नीपायिका f. (-का) 1. A kind of worm. 2. A female cowherd: see नीपायक.  
 नीपायको f. (-को) The eighth lunation of the light half of Kartik, on which KRISHNA became a cowherd; cows are to be worshipped. न. नीप, and चयन the eighth.  
 नीपिय mfn. (-पी-पि-पि) A protector, one who preserves or protects. f. (-पी) 1. A creeping plant, (Echites frutescens.) 2. A cowherd's wife. न. गुप् to preserve, चिनि and जीप् aff.  
 नीपिका f. (-का) A female cowherd, &c.: see नीपायक.  
 नीपिक mfn. (-पः-पा-प) One who preserves or protects. न. नुच्, and द्वय, unadi aff.  
 नीपीचन्दन n. (-न) A species of white clay, said to be brought from

Dwaraka and used by the worshippers of Vishnu to smear their faces with. **म. दीपी**, and **सन्ध** Sandal.

**दीपीक** m. (-कः) preserving, protecting. **n. (-कः)** A holy place, a place of pilgrimage. **म. दीप** preserving, and **उन्** Unadi affix, deriv. irr.

**दीपुच्छ** m. (-च्छः) 1. A cowtail. 2. A sort of necklace, one of four or thirty-four strings. 3. A sort of monkey. **म. दी** a cow, and **पुच्छ** a tail, resembling or possessing a cow's tail. **दीः पुच्छ** रव पुच्छी वत् ।

**दीपुडी** f. (-डी) Large cardamoms. **म. दीरिष** पुट नकाः **ख** दीरावाम् ।

**दीपुष्टिक** n. (-कः) A temple or edifice consecrated to Siva's bull. **म. दी** a cow, and **पुष्ट** to enclose, affix **इक**.

**दीपुर** n. (-रः) 1. A town gate. 2. A gate in general. 3. The ornamented gateway of a temple. 4. A kind of grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) **म. र** चववनने च नदी पुर्वा नवा जलेन पूयते पृ चनये च वा ।

**दीपुदीप** n. (-दी) Cow-dung. **म. दी**, and **पुदीप** dung.

**दीपेह** m. (-हः) A name of KRISHNA or VISHNU. **म. दीप** a cowherd, and **ह** lord or chief.

**दीपेह** m. (-हः) 1. A name of SAKYA MUNI, a Budd'ha. 2. A name of KRISHNA. 3. A chief herdsman, the keeper or owner of kine. 4. A name of NANDA. **म. दीप** cowherd, and **ह** lord.

**दीप** mfn. (दा-दी-प) A preserver, A protector, one who defends or cherishes. **म. पु** to preserve, &c. affix **इक्**.

**दीप्य** mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be cherished or preserved. 2. To be kept secret or hidden. 3. To be kept, to be taken care of. **m. (-यः)** 1. A slave. 2. The son of a female slave. **म. पु** to preserve, &c. कर्त्तव्य यत् अस्ति.

**दीप्यक** m. (-कः) A servant or slave. **म. क** added to the preceding.

**दीप्यापि** f. (-पिः) A pledge, that is not to be used, but to be carefully preserved. **म. दीप्य** to be preserved, and **पि** a pledge.

**दीप्यका** n. (-कः) An excellent cow. **म. दी** a cow, and **प्यका** excellent ; the compound is always neuter. **प्रसजो दी निवचनावः परमिपातः ।**

**दीप्यार** m. (-रः) Pasturage ground. **म. दी**, and **प्यार** going. **प्रचरति चक्षिन्** **प्र + चर** चचरि चक् ।

**दीप्या** f. (-या) A sling.

**दीप्य** m. (-यः) Killing a cow. **म. दी**, and **प्य** killing.

**दीप्य** m. (-यः) The hair of a cow. **म. दी**, and **प्य** hair. **चडीतपुष्यः ।**

**दीप्यदी** m. (-दी) A water fowl. **म. दी** water, **दि** to sound affix **ईरप्**.

**दीप** r. 10th cl. (दीपयति) To smear, to anoint.

**दीप्यिका** f. (-का) A gadfly. **म. दी**, a cow, and **प्यिका** a fly stinging cattle. **दीः ह्येवायिका मयिका (दीप्) ।**

**दीप्यक** n. (-कः) The earth, the globe. **दीप्युके**. **म. दी**, and **प्यक** sphere. **चडीतपुष्यः ।**

**दीप्य** mfn. (-यः-यती-यत्) Possessing herds, rich in cattle. **f. (-यती)** The name of a river, the Goomti, in the province of Oude. 2. A prayer or formula of the Vedas to be repeated during expiation for killing a cow. **म. दी** a cow or water, and **प्य** aff. **दीरति चक्** ।

**दीप्यतिका** f. (-का) A tractable and good cow. **म. दी** a cow, **तिका** excellent.

**दीप्यमध्य** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Slender in the waist. **म. दी** a cow &c. **मध्य** middle ; repeated.

**दीप्य** m. (-यः) 1. The name of a mountain. 2. An owner of cattle. 3. A herd of cattle. **म. दी** the earth, **प्य** to mind, **म** aff.

**दीप्य** mn. (-यः यः) 1. Cowdung. 2. The property or nature of a cow. **म. दी** a cow, and **प्य** affix of relation or comprehension.

**दीप्यप्य** n. (-यः) A mushroom, a fungus. **म. दीप्य** cowdung, and **प्य** a Chatta or parasol.

**दीप्यप्यिका** f. (-का) A kind of fungus or mushroom. **म. क** and the fem. form added to the preceding.

**दीप्यपि** n. (-पि) A sort of grass, (Andropogon schoenanthus.) **भूतये**, **पि** यीयते **म. दीप्य** cow-dung, and **पि** favourable to.

**दीप्यीका** f. (-का) A kind of beetle found in cowdung. **म. दीप्य** cow-dung, and **पि** what rises or is generated. **उद् + का-क टप्** ।

**दीप्यदीप** m. (-यः) Cassia fistula. **म. दीप्य**, and **उद्** born, produced, requiring manure. **दीप्यदीपयति उद् + उक् चक्** ।

**दीप्य** m. (-यः) 1. A jackal. 2. A kind of Gand'harba or celestial musician. 3. The bile or bilious humor of the cow. **म. दी** sound, &c. **का** to measure, and **उक्** Unadi affix, **य** inserted, or **दी** a cow, and **प्य** bile. **दी विहता वाच निनाति ।**

**दीप्यपु** n. (-पु) A pair of cattle. **म. दी**, and **पु** a couple.

**दीप्य** mfn. (-यः-यती-यत्) Rich in herds, &c. **m. (-यः)** 1. The owner of cattle. 2. A jackal. 3. A worshipper. 4. An attendant on a Buddha. **म. दी** a cow, &c. **निनि** aff. **दीरति चक् निनि** ।

**दीप्य** m. (-यः) Name of a Muni.

**दीप्य** m. (-यः) A sort of fish, the bull-fish. **म. दी**, and **प्य** a fish.

**दीप्य** n. (-यः) 1. A house build unevenly or crookedly, viz. with angles, projections, &c. 2. A kind of musical instrument, (a sort of horn or trumpet) 3. Spreading unguents, plastering, smearing. 4. A hole in a wall made by thieves, &c. a breach. **m. (-यः)** 1. A shark. 2. A kind of Yaksha ; according to the Jainas, a demigod subservient to their deified saints. **nf. (-यः-यती)** A cloth-bag, containing a rosary into which the hand is thrust to count the beads. **f. (-यती)** The chasm in the Himalaya mountains through which the Ganges flows, erroneously conceived by the Hindus to be of the shape of a cow's mouth. 2. A river in Bengal. **म. दी** a cow, and **प्य** face, having the face of a cow, &c. **दीप्यपि चक्** ।

**दीप्य** mfn. (-यः-यती-यत्) Stupid as an ox. **म. दी**, and **प्य** foolish.

**दीप्य** n. (-यः) Cow's urine. **म. दी**, and **प्य** urine. **चडीतपुष्यः ।**

**दीप्यिका** f. (-का) 1. A kind of grass, described as growing in corn fields, of a reddish colour, and eaten by cattle, commonly Tam-bada (ताम्बडा) 2. A verse the second half of which repeats nearly all the syllables of the first. 3. A form of calculation. **म. दी**, **प्य** urine, **उक्** affix ; operating on cows as a diuretic. **दीप्यपि चक्** ।

**दीप्य** m. (-यः) A yellow gem ; see the next.

**दीप्य** mn. (-यः-यती) 1. A gem or precious stone brought from the Himalaya and Indus, described as of four sorts, white, pale yellow, red, and dark blue, perhaps varieties of a gem. 2. A kind of poison : see **कादीप**. 6. Smearing the body with unguents. **म. दी** the eye, **पि** to anoint, &c. affix **चक्** and **क**.

**दीप्यपि** m. (-पिः) Chalcedony or opal. **म. दीप्य**, and **पि** what resembles.

**दीप्य** m. (-यः) The offering or sacrifice of a cow. **म. दी** a cow, and **प्य** sacrifice. **प्य-यति चापारि चक्** । **चडीतपुष्यः ।**

**दीप्य** n. (-यः) 1. A cart. 2. A carriage drawn by oxen. **म. दी**, and **प्य** a vehicle.

**दीप्य** n. (-यः) A yoke of oxen. **म. दी**, and **प्य** a pair.

**दीप्य** mfn. (-यः-यती-यत्) A cow keeper, the cherisher or preserver of kine. **m. (-यः)** 1. The orange. 2. Keeping or tending cattle. 3. A name of Siva. **f. (-यती)** A small shrub. **म. दी** a cow, and **प्य** who preserves.

**दीप्य** m. (-यः) A cow keeper, one who tends cattle. **म. क** added to the last.

**दीप्यप्य** f. (-यः) 1. Wheat. 2. A plant, (Hedysarum lagopodioides) also **नादीप्य**. 3. The fruit of the jujube. **म. दीप्य**, and **प्य** a rose-apple. **[tending.]**

**दीप्य** n. (-यः) Tending or taking charge of cattle. **म. दी**, and **प्य** pro-

**दीप्यप्यिका** f. (-का) A plant, (Hedysarum lagopodioides.) **म. दीप्य** cow-preserving, and **प्य** grain, used in medicines for cattle.

**दीप्य** n. (-यः) Tending cattle. **म. दी**, and **प्य** to be preserved.

**दीप्य** n. (-यः) 1. A water-fowl. 2. A prisoner, a person or animal confined. 3. A naked man, a mendicant, &c. wandering about without clothes. **म. दी** water, sky, &c. **प्य** a kind of deer : as it were, the water deer, &c. **नदी वाचा रद्विप** ।



गीरव n. (-व) Effort, exertion. ३. वृत् to make effort, affix वृत्; also गीरव.  
गीरव mn. (-वः) 1. Milk. 2. Curdled or coagulated milk. 3. Butter-milk. ३. गी a cow, and रव juice.

गीरवज n. (-जः) 1. Butter-milk. 2. Curds, ३. गीरव, and ज produced.

गीराज m. (-जः) A bull. ३. गी a cow, and राजन् a king, टच् aff.

गीराटी f. (-टी) A small bird, (Turdus salica. ३. गी speech, रट् to utter, affix चच्, feminine affix टीच्. [गच्छति:]

गीरत n. (-तः) A measure of distance equal to two Gosa or Oos: see गीरीच n. (-चः) Yellow orpiment. ३. गी, and रीच what shines. गवा चिरयेन रीचते रीच-चच्.

गीरीचन f. (-नः) A bright yellow pigment prepared from the urine of a cow, or vomited in the shape of scibulae by the animal; or according to some, found in the head of a cow; it is employed in painting and dying, and is of especial virtue in marking the foreheads of the Hindus with the Tilaka or sectarian mark; it is also used in medicine as a sedative, tonic, and anthelmintic remedy, &c. ३. गी a cow, रचि to shine, affix वृत्. गीर्वा जाता रीचना हरिद्रा।

गीर्वा n. (-वः) The brain. ३. वृत् to endeavor, and दन् affix; also गीर्वा.

गीर्वा mn. (-वः) A circle, a ball, any thing round or globular. m. (-वः)

1. A widow's bastard. 2. Myrrh. 3. A tree, (Vangueria spinosa.)

4. A globe, celestial or terrestrial. 5. Conjunction of planets, or

the presence of several in one sign. f. (-वः) 1. A globe, a sphere, a

Mandala. 2. A wooden ball with which children play. 3. A woman's

female friend. 4. The Godavari river. 5. A large water jar. 6. Ink.

7. Red arsenic. 8. A name of the goddess Durga. ३. गी heaven,

water, &c. and ल what gets or receives; again, वृच् to be round,

&c. affix चच्, and उ changed to ल. लक्ष्योद्वेगात्।

गीर्वाक m. (-कः) 1. A wooden ball for playing with, or any thing globular, a sphere, a globe, &c. 2. A widow's bastard. 3. A water jar.

4. Gum myrrh. 5. Pease. n. (-कः) The heaven of KRISHNA. ३. कन्

added to the preceding. वृच्-ल लक्ष्य लः।

गीर्वाकू ल m. (-लः) A kind of monkey, described as of a black colour,

and having a tail like a cow. ३. गी a cow, and काल ल a tail.

गीर्वाधाय m. (-यः) The division of mathematical science which treats

of the spheres, spherics. ३. गीर्वा the globe, and धाय chapter.

गीर्वास m. (-सः) A mushroom, a kind of fungus springing from cowdung.

गीर्वाच m. (-चः) A plant, commonly Ghantaparuli. ३. गी a cow, and

लक्षि to lick, affix च; upon which kine graze. गीर्वाचि लक्षि चचये च।

गीर्वाच m. (-चः) A plant: see the preceding. ३. गी, and लक्षि as above,

affix ल. गीर्वाचि लक्षि च।

गीर्वाक n. (-कः) The heaven of KRISHNA. ३. गी a cow, and लीक world.

गीर्वाकिका f. (-कः) A kind of small shrub. ३. गीर्वाक cow's hair, कन्

affix, fem. form.

गीर्वाली f. (-ली) 1. A kind of bent grass, with white blossoms; also वृत्-

द्वी. 2. Root of sweet flag. Orris root. 4. A whore, a harlot. 5. A

small shrub. ३. गी the earth, &c. and लीक hair, the hair of the

earth.

गीर्वाली f. (-ली) A plant bearing a fragrant seed: see प्रियङ्गु. ३. गी the

earth, and वृत् प्रियङ्गु।

गीर्वाह m. (-हः) A celebrated hill in Brindaban or the country about

Mathura: it was upheld by KRISHNA upon one finger, to shelter

the cowherds from a storm excited by INDRA, as a test of the former's

divinity. ३. गी a cow, and वृत् increasing; pasturing cattle.

गीर्वाहचर m. (-चः) A name of KRISHNA or VISHNU. ३. गीर्वाह Gobardhana,

and चर who upholds: see the preceding.

गीर्वाहा f. (-हा) A barren cow. ३. गी a cow, and वा barren.

गीर्वाह m. (-हः) 1. One of the most usual appellations of KRISHNA or

VISHNU in that form. 2. A name of VAIHASPATI, regent of

JUPITER. 3. A cow-keeper, one who protects, cherishes or owns

cattle. ३. गी language, here the language of the Vedas especially,

and विद् who knows, from विद् to know, with अ affix; also गी heaven, a cow, विद् to obtain, by whom heaven is obtained, or who obtains felicity by protecting kine. गी वेदमयी वाची, सुवर्णं सन्तं वा विन्दति।

गीर्वाह f. (-हः) Cow-dung. ३. गी a cow, and विद् ordure; also गीर्वाह।

गीर्वाह n. (-हः) 1. Property in cattle, possession of flocks and herds. 2.

A herd, a drove of cattle. ३. गी a cow, and हृच् a heap, a multitude.

गीर्वाहक m. (-कः) A capital cow. ३. गी a cow, and हृच् affix of pre-eminence.

गीर्वाह m. (-हः) A bull. n. गी a cow, and हृच् best, pre-eminent.

गीर्वाह m. (-हः) A station for cattle. ३. गी and वृच् a pen, a fold.

गीर्वाहत् n. (-हत्) Cow-dung. ३. गी a cow, and हृच् ordure.

गीर्वाह mfn. sub. (-हः-लक्ष्य-च) A cow-house. adj. Born in a cow-house. ३. गी a cow, and वाहा a hall.

गीर्वाह n. (-हः) 1. A kind of Sandal, described as of the colour of brass, and of great fragrance. 2. The head of a cow. ३. गी a cow, and गीर्वा the head.

गीर्वाहक m. (-कः) A plant; also called Drona pushpa. ३. कन् added to गीर्वाह.

गीर्वाह m. (-हः) A tree; also Berbera. n. (-हः) The horn of a cow. ३. गी, and वृच् a horn.

गीर्वाह r. 1st cl. (गीर्वाहते) To assemble, to collect, to heap together.

गीर्वाह mn. (-हः-हृच्) 1. A cowpen, a fold for cattle, any place where animals

are kept. 2. A station of cow-herds. f. (-हृच्) 1. An assembly, a meeting.

2. Conversation, discourse, dialogue, dispute. 3. Family connexions,

but especially the dependent or junior branches. 4. A dramatic composition in

one act. ३. गी a cow, and हृच् from हृच् to stay, with क affix; here meaning the place of abiding, or गीर्वा to

assemble, affix चच्. [mound.]

गीर्वाहिका f. (-का) A mound or altar in a cowpen. ३. गीर्वा, and वेदिका a

गीर्वाह mfn. (-हः-हृच्-हृच्) Malignant, censorious, envious; especially applied

to a person who stays at home, and slanders his neighbours. ३.

गीर्वा a cowpen, in the first case used for abode in general, and हृच् to

increase, affix हृच्, who magnifies himself in his own house. m. (-हः)

A horse in a cowpen. ३. गीर्वा, and चच् a horse, the form is irregular.

गीर्वाहली f. (-ली) A particular holiday: see गीर्वाहली.

गीर्वाहपति m. (-तिः) 1. The chief person in an assembly, a president. 2.

The master of a family. ३. गीर्वा, and पति master.

गीर्वाह n. (-हः) 1. A spot frequented by kine. 2. A measure, as much as

a cow's footstep will hold. 3. The mark or impression of a cow's

foot. 4. A cow's foot or hoof. ३. गी a cow, and पद for पाद a foot.

गीर्वा m. (-हः) 1. Gum myrrh. 2. The last watch of the night, early

morning or day-break. ३. गी water, dew, and हृच् to destroy, to

absorb; affix हृच्.

गीर्वाह m. (-हः) A herdsman, a cowherd. ३. गी a cow, and हृच् pre-

fixed to हृच् to count, affix हृच्.

गीर्वाह n. (-हः) The inner part of a house, an inner or sleeping room, a

bed-chamber.

गीर्वाह m. (-हः) Dawn, day-break. ३. गी a cow, and हृच् meeting, junc-

tion; the herd assembling at that time.

गीर्वाह m. (-हः) The Gayal, (Bos gavæus.) ३. गी a cow, and हृच् like,

from हृच् with हृच् affix. गी: हृच्:। गीर्वाह, गवये।

गीर्वाह m. (-हः) One who gives a cow. ३. गी a cow, दा to give, with हृच्

prefixed, हृच् augment, affix-चच्.

गीर्वाह mfn. (-हः-हृच्-हृच्) Produced from or by a cow. ३. गी, and हृच् born.

गीर्वाह m. (-हः) Dawn, day-break. ३. गी a cow, and हृच् going forth, the

cattle then going forth to pasture.

गीर्वाह m. (-हः) The sacrifice of a cow, one of the grand sacrifices of the

Hindus in former times, and not permitted in the present or Kali

yuga age: see गीर्वाह, ३. गी a cow, and हृच् sacrifice.

बीरमल्ल m. (-मल्लः) Myrrh: नवि कवि प्रवृत्ति मल्ल-वा चक्षुः वतनी तत्पुत्रः ।  
 बीरि ।  
 बीरन m. (-नः) 1. The udder of a cow. 2. A garland consisting of four or of thirty-four strings. 3. A cluster of blossoms, a nosegay, &c. f. (-न or -नी) A grape. ३. बी a cow, and नन a breast, full or clustering like the udder of a cow. बी: नन इव गुच्छी वक्ष ।  
 बीरान n. (-नः) A cowpen, a station for cattle. ३. बी a cow, and रान a place; also with कच् added बीरानक.  
 बीरानक n. (-कः) See the preceding.  
 बीरानिक m. (-नी) 1. The master or possessor of herds. 2. A holy man, a religious personage and teacher; in common language, a Gossawami. ३. बी kine, or an organ of sense, and रानिक a lord or master. ननो रानिकि ।  
 बीराना f. (-न) Killing a cow. ३. बी, and रान murder. बीरानि.  
 बीरन n. (-न) Cow-dung ३. बी, and रान ordure.  
 बीरानिकी f. (-नी) Vilwa or Bel, (*Ægle marmelos*.) बी: इरितबीर हित-कारितान् ।  
 बीरित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Proper or fit for cattle. 2. Cherishing or protecting kine. m. (-तः) 1. A creeping plant; also बीर. 2. The Bel tree. ३. बी a cow, and रित suitable, &c. ननो रित वक्तान् ।  
 बीरि n. (-रि) The heel. ३. गुच् to cover, इरच् aff.  
 बीर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. To be covered or concealed. 2. To be kept secret. ३. गुच् to cover, रच् aff.  
 बीरिक m. (-कः) A goldsmith. ३. गुच् the small weight especially used by goldsmiths, and रच् aff. गुच् गुचमानभेदः तद्वचच् बीरिकम् । उच् ।  
 बीर m. (-रः) The district of Gaur, the central part of Bengal, extending from Banga to Bhubaneshwar in Orrissa: the ruins of its capital, called by the same name, are still in existence. m. plu. (-रः) The inhabitants of Gaur. f. (-री) 1. Rum or spirit distilled from Gur or molasses. 2. One of the Raginis. 3. A style of poetry, the bold and spirited style, ३. गुच् to surround, or गुच् raw sugar, and रच् affix, fem. affix बीरि.  
 बीरिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Of or relating to Gur or molasses. n. (-कं) Rum. ३. गुच् as above, affix of relation उच्.  
 बीर mfn. (-रः-बी-रं) 1. Having qualities or attributes. 2. Relating to multiplication or enumeration. 3. Secondary, subordinate. 4. Secondary as applied to the month, reckoned from full-moon to full-moon. ३. गुच्, and रच् aff. गुचमधिकृत्य प्रवृत्ता बीरि ततः जानतः चच् ।  
 बीरिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Having qualities, relating to or connected with them. ३. गुच्, and उच् aff. गुच् अपादो रितः ।  
 बीरन m. (-नः) 1. The name of a saint or sage and founder of the Nyaya philosophy. 2. A legislator of the same name. 3. A name of SAKYA Muni, the original Bud'dha or founder of the Bud'dha sect. 4. A name of the first pupil of the last Jaina. 5. Name of a tribe or family of Brahmans descended from GOTAMA. 6. A poison, one of the fixed kinds, or mineral, vegetable, &c. f. (-नी) 1. A name of DURGA. 2. A female Rakshasa or goblin. 3. A yellow dye: see बीरिचना. 4. The Godavari river. ३. बीरन a sage, and रच् patronomic affix, &c.  
 बीरार m. (-रः) An iguana. ३. बीर an alligator, and रारच् affix of descent; considered as the offspring of the alligator, on account of its smaller size, and similar shape; also बीरि and बीरि.  
 बीरि m. (-रि) An iguana. ३. बीर, and उच् affix: see the last.  
 बीरि m. (-रि) An iguana. ३. बीर, and उच् affix; see बीरारः.  
 बीरुचि mfn. (-चः-ची-चं) Of or belonging to a cow's tail, bought for a cow's tail, &c. ३. बी, and पुच् a tail, affix उच्. बीपुचि बीरुचि ।  
 बीर mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रं) 1. White. 2. Yellow. 3. Pale red: (or it may be used as a noun substantive mas. to imply either of these colours.) 4. Clean, cleansed, pure. m. (-रः) 1. white mustard. 2. The moon. 3. A tree, (*Grislea tomentosa*;) see रच्. 4. A name of CHAITANYA. ३.

(-रः) 1. The filament of a lotus. 2. Gold. 3. Saffron. f. (-री-री) 1. A name of the goddess PARVATI. (-री) 2. A young girl, eight years old. 3. Any young girl prior to menstruation, a maid, a virgin. 4. The name of a river. 5. The wife of the deity VARUNA. 6. The earth. 7. Turmeric. 8. A yellow dye called Gorochana. 9. A plant: see बीरिनी. 10. A plant bearing a fragrant seed: see रितुच्. 11. One of the female energies or Saktis of the Bauddhas. 12. A white kind of Durva or bent grass. 13. Arabian jasmia. 14. Sacred basil or Tulasi. 15. One of the Raginis. ३. गुच् to sound, and रच् Unadi affix, the deriv. is irregular; also गुच् to endeavour, रच् affix, and derivative irr.; upon whom or what the mind exerts itself; again, बीर white, pure, &c. affix रच्, that which is white or brilliant, &c. which applies to the virgin, &c.  
 बीरचन्द्र m. (-चन्द्रः) A name of the saint CHAITANYA.  
 बीर n. (-रः) 1. Reputation, respectability, venerableness or weight. 2. Physical weight, heaviness. ३. गुच् heavy, respectable, &c. and रच् affix, implying condition of being. गुच् रितः नन वा ।  
 बीरित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Venerable, respectable. ३. बीर, and रतच् aff.  
 बीरिरेत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Praised, famed, celebrated. ३. बीर, fame, and रित declared.  
 बीराना m. (-न) A species of bassia; also ननुच्. ३. बीर pale white, and रान a potherb. बीर: रान: चक्षुः ननुचभेदः ।  
 बीरचन्द m. (-चन्द्रः) 1. White mustard. 2. The white mustard seed considered as a measure of weight. ३. बीर white, and रचं mustard, also बीर.  
 बीरान m. (-न) A name of CHAITANYA. ३. बीर pale, and रान body.  
 बीरानक m. (-कः) A kind of poison. ३. बीर white, and रानक ginger.  
 बीरान m. (-न) A black monkey with a white face. ३. बीर, and रान face.  
 बीरिका f. (-का) A virgin, a young girl, one eight years old, or in whom menstruation has not commenced. ३. बीरी as above, and उच् aff.  
 बीरि m. (-रि) 1. White mustard. 2. Iron or steel filings or dust. ३. बीर pale white, and रचं aff. बीरचरिति चक्षुः नन रचच्. नन रचच् ।  
 बीरिच m. (-चः) KARTIKEYA or GANESA. n. (-चं) Talc. ३. बीरी, and न born.  
 बीरीप m. (-रि) The horizontal plate of the Linga, typical of the female organ. ३. बीरी, and प a layer. बीरी: प रित रानम् ।  
 बीरीपति m. (-ति) A name of SIVA. ३. बीरी, and पति husband.  
 बीरीपुत्र m. (-न) A name of the deity KARTIKEYA. ३. बीरी the goddess, and पुत्र a son, the son of GAURI.  
 बीरीरित n. (-रि) Yellow orpiment. ३. बीरी the goddess, or a young girl, and रित loved, liked; this being used as a dye to stain the clothes of women, &c.  
 बीरुचि m. (-चः) A violator of the bed of a Guru. ३. गुच्, तन् a bed, and उच् aff.  
 बीरचरित m. (-चः) One who distinguishes the good marks of a cow. ३. बी, रचच् a mark, उच् aff. [and उच् aff.]  
 बीर n. (-रः) Spirituous liquor.  
 बीरित m. (-तः) One possessing a hundred cows. ३. बी, रत a hundred.  
 बीरि n. (-रि) The site of an old and abandoned cowpen. ३. बीर a cowpen, and रचं aff. पुच् भूत बीर रचच् । भूतपुर्वागीठ ।  
 बीरचरित m. (-चः) One who has a thousand cows. ३. बी, रचच् a thousand, and उच् aff. बीरचरिति चक्षुः बीरितकचच् उच् । बीरचरितानि ।  
 रच् r. 1st cl. (रच्) रचि (रचये) 1. To be crooked. 2. To be crooked metaphorically, to be wicked. 3. To curve, to bend or make crooked. 4. To string together, to arrange. r. 10th cl. (रचयति) To bind or tie.  
 रचित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Strung, tied together or in order. 2. Collected. 3. Arranged, classed. 4. Overcome. 5. Hurt, injured. ३. रचि to bind, affix रच्.  
 रच् r. 1st, 9th and 10th cls. (रचयति, रचयति रचयति) To string, to tie to-

gether, to connect or arrange in a regular series. With **उद्** prefixed, To untie, to loosen.

**यज्** m. (-ज्) 1. Stringing or tying together, (literally or metaphorically.) 2. Wealth, property. 3. A hook or composition in prose or verse. 4. A metre or measure of thirty two syllables. 5. यज् to dispose or arrange, affix भावे कर्मणि वा यज् ।

**यजकृत्** m. (-कृत्) An author. ३. यज्, and कृत् maker. [उप० य० ।]

**यजकार** m. (-रः) An author. ३. यज्, and कार who makes. यज् करीति यज्

**यजकुटी** f. (-टी) An office a study, a library. ३. यज् a book, and कुटी a house or room.

**यजन्** nf. (-नं वा) Arranging, stringing, tying or connecting together either as a chaplet or a book. ३. यज् to arrange, affix भावे कृट्, or यज् पुरा-युच् ।

**यजन्तिर** m. (-रः) A voluminous work. ३. यज्, and तिर extent.

**यज्जि** m. (-जिः) 1. The joint or knot of a reed or cane, &c. 2. A tie, the knot of a cord, &c. 3. A joint or articulation of the body. 4. A plant, commonly Ganthiala; see यजिपक्. 5. Crookedness, distortion. 6. A complaint, knotting of the vessels as in varicocela, &c. ३. यज् to connect, &c. Unadi affix इच्.

**यजि** m. (-जः) 1. An astrologer, a fortune teller. 2. The youngest of the Pandus. 3. A thorny plant: see करीर. n. (-जः) 1. The root of long pepper. 2. A kind of resin, Bdellium. 3. A perfume: see यजिपक्. ३. यज् added to the preceding, or यज् a book, &c. and इच् aff.

**यजित** mfn. (-ज-तात्) Strung, tied. ३. यज् to tie, affix क्.

**यजिद्व्या** f. (-व्या) A species of Durva grass. ३. यजि, and द्वा Panicum daetylon.

**यजिन्** mfn. (-जी-यिनी जि) 1. Bookish, read, learned. 2. Relating or belonging to a book, &c. ३. यज्, and जि aff.

**यजिपक्** m. (-जः) A plant, and according to some authorities a perfume commonly called Ganthiala. ३. यज् a knot, and पक् a leaf.

**यजिपञ्चन** n. (-नं) 1. Tying a knot. 2. A ligament. 3. Tying together the garments of the bride and bridegroom at the marriage ceremony. ३. यजि, and पञ्चन binding.

**यजिमत** m. (-मात्) A plant, (Heliotropium indicum;) also यजिमतार. ३. यजि knot, and मतप् poss. aff.

**यजिमुल** n. (-लः) Garlic. ३. यजि a knot, and मुल root.

**यजित** mfn. (-ज-तात्) Knotted, knotty, &c. m. (-जः) 1. A plant, commonly Bainchi (Flacourtia sapida, Rox.) 2. Karir, a thorny plant, capparid: see करीर. n. (-जः) 1. Green or undried ginger. 2. Root of long pepper. ३. यजि a knot, and लच् aff.

**यजिपङ्क्ति** m. (-ङ्क्तिः) A plant: see यजिपक्. ३. यजि a knot, पङ्क्ति to cover, and जि aff.

**यजिहर** m. (-रः) A counsellor, a minister. ३. यजि knot, and हर who removes; who unties the knots of business. ३. यजि हरति हर-यच् ।

**यजोक्त** n. (-क्तः) The root of long pepper: see यजिक्त. पिपलीमुखि ।

**यज्** r. 1st cl. (उ) यज् (यजति) 1. To eat. 2. To swallow, to devour. r. 1st and 10th cls. (यजति याजयति) To take, to seize. भा-भाक्-उक्-सिट् । पुरा-उभ० । [भावे कृट् aff.]

**यजन्** n. (-नं) 1. Swallowing, eating. 2. Taking, seizing. ३. यज् to take

**यजन्ति** mfn. (-ज-तात्) 1. Swallowing, devouring. 2. Receiving or listening to any thing eagerly. ३. यज् to eat, याजच् aff.

**यजिन्** mfn. (-ज-यु-ज्) Eating, taking food. ३. यज् to eat, यजच् aff.

**यज्** mfn. (-ज-तात्) 1. Inarticulately pronounced, slurred, uttered with the omission of a letter or syllable. 2. Eaten. 3. Taken, seized. 4. Affected by. 5. Commenced as an eclipse, eclipsed. ३. यज् to eat, affix कर्मणि क्.

**यजस्त** mfn. (-ज-तात्) Commenced and ended as an eclipse. ३. यज् seized, यज् set.

**यज्** r. 1st, and 10th cls. (यजति यजयति) r. 9th cl. (यज्) यज् (यजति यजोति) 1. To take, to seize, to receive or accept. With यज्, prefixed, To

favour, to show kindness to. With यज्, To oppose. With उक्, To deposit, to trust. With यज्, To provide. 2. To favour. With जि, 1. To take, to arrest. 2. To punish. 3. To restrain. With यजि, To lay hold of, to seize. With यजि, 1. To assent to, to receive as a precept or truth. 2. To embrace, to enfold, to comprehend or contain. 3. To subdue. 4. To accept. With जि, To quarrel, to fight. With यज्, To collect, to assemble. भा-भाक्-उक्-सिट् । भादाने वा पुरा-उभ० यजे यो-य ।

**यज्** m. (-जः) 1. Taking, whether by seizure or acceptance. 2. An eclipse or seizure of the sun or moon, by RAHU, &c. 3. A planet. 4. The place of a planet in the fixed zodiac. 5. A moveable point in the heavens. 6. A name of RAHU, or the ascending node. 7. An imp, one of a particular class, beginning with PUTANA, supposed especially to seize upon young children producing convulsions. 8. Effort in battle. 9. Tenacity, perseverance. 10. Purpose, design. 11. Favor, patronage. ३. यज् to take, &c. affix यच्.

**यज्जोक्त** m. (-जः) A name of RAHU, the personified ascending node. ३. यज् a planet, and जोक्त an enemy.

**यज्जन्** m. (-जः) The planets taken collectively. ३. यज्, and जन् number

**यज्जन्** mfn. (-ज-तात्-जः) A prisoner, captive, confined. n. (-जः) 1. Taking, seizure. 2. Receiving, acceptance. 3. Assent, agreement. 4. Respect. 5. The hand. 6. An eclipse. 7. Comprehension, the taking or receiving of instruction, or the acquirement of any science. 8. Sound. 9. An organ of sense. 10. In grammar, Exception. ३. यज् to take, affix भावे कृट्.

**यज्जान** n. (-जः) Close of study, acquirement of science, &c. ३. यज् taking, and जन् end.

**यज्जानिक** n. (-जः) Termination of holy study. ३. यज्जन्, and जानिक final.

**यज्जि** f. (-जिः) 1. Diarrhoea, dysentery. 2. The vessels diffusing vital warmth. 3. The small intestines, that part of the alimentary canal where the bile assists digestion. ३. यज् to seize, यजि Unadi affix; also with लोप् added यज्जो.

**यज्जो** f. (-जः) Diarrhoea, dysentery. ३. यज्जो the same (as above), and यज् sickness, disease.

**यज्जो** mfn. (-ज-या-य) To be taken, to be seized, accepted, &c. ३. यज्, and यजोच् aff.

**यज्जो** n. (-रः) Cloves. ३. यज्जो diarrhoea, and हर what removes.

**यज्जो** m. (-जः) 1. The sun. 2. The planet Saturn. ३. यज् a planet, and जोक्त a chief.

**यज्जो** m. (-जः) A planet, (Echites scholaris) ३. यज् taking, and जोक्त injury, producing pain in the bowels, &c. also यज्जो.

**यज्जो** m. (-जः) The moon. ३. यज् a planet and जोक्त the circumference of a wheel, from its shape.

**यज्जो** m. (-जः) The sun. ३. यज् a planet, and यजि chief.

**यज्जो** f. (-जः) The influence of an unpropitious planet. ३. यज्, and यजोक्त pain.

**यज्जो** m. (-जः) The sun, ३. यज्, and यज् to cherish, affix क्; cherishing the planets with his light.

**यज्जो** f. (-जः) worship of the sun and the other planets. ३. यज्, and यजोक्त worship.

**यज्जो** m. (-जः) Worship of or offering to the planets. ३. यज्, and यजोक्त sacrifice; also यज्जो.

**यज्जो** mfn. (-ज-यु-जः) Taking, receiving. ३. यज् to take, यजोच् affix, यज् inserted; also यज्जो.

**यज्जो** m. (-जः) 1. The sun. 2. The moon. 3. The planet Jupiter or its regent. ३. यज् a planet, and यज् a king, a chief.

**यज्जो** m. (-जः) An astrologer. ३. यज् and यज् a Brahman.

**यज्जो** m. (-जः) The constellation D'haava or the polar star. ३. यज् planet, and यजोक्त asylum; the star remaining fixed amidst the planetary movements. [dependent.]

**यज्जो** mfn. (-ज-तात्) Subject to planetary influence. ३. यज्, and यजोक्त

वृक्षमन्त्र m. (-वृ) Epilepsy, convulsions, demoniac possession which the complaint is supposed to be. ३. वृक्ष an imp. and वृक्ष sickness.

वृक्षमन्त्र m. (-वृ) A plant, (Echites scholaris:) see वृक्षमन्त्र. ३. वृक्ष taking, and वृक्ष here meaning to hurt, affix वृक्ष.

वृक्षितम् mfn. (-वृक्षितम्) 1. To be taken or accepted. 2. To be learned or acquired. ३. वृक्ष to take, वृक्ष affix, and वृक्ष inserted.

वृक्षितम् mfn. (-वृक्षितम्) Taking, disposed to take. ३. वृक्ष to take, वृक्ष affix, and वृक्ष inserted.

ग्राम m. (-ग्र) 1. A village, a hamlet, an inhabited and unfortified place in the midst of fields and meadow land, where men of the servile class mostly reside, and where agriculture thrives. 2. A scale in music. 3. (In composition,) A multitude. ३. ग्रम् to go, affix ग्रम्, and deriv. irr. or ग्रम् to eat, Unadi affix ग्रम् and ग्रम् substituted for the radical final. वृक्ष-ग्रम् वादनादिभ्यः ।

ग्रामकूट m. (-ग्र) A tame or domestic cook. ३. ग्राम, and कूट a cook.

ग्रामकूट m. (-ग्र) A man of the fourth tribe, a Sudra. ३. ग्राम a village, and कूट a number, the crowd or population of the village. ग्रामकूट कूट इव वृक्षग्रामग्रामत्वात् । यद्वे ।

ग्रामन् mfn. (-ग्र-ना-न्) Who or what goes to a village. ३. ग्राम, and ग्रम् to go, वृक्ष aff.

ग्रामगमिन् mfn. (-ग्र-गमिन्-नि) Going in or to a village. ३. ग्राम, and गमिन् who goes.

ग्रामगम्य mfn. (-ग्र-गम्य-न्) Being or remaining outside the village. ३. ग्राम, and गम्य to be taken out. ग्राम-वाच्यान् वृक्षम् ।

ग्रामघात m. (-ग्र) Plundering a village. ३. ग्राम, and घात attacking.

ग्रामगमिन् mfn. (-ग्र-गमिन्-नि) Who or what goes to a village. ३. ग्राम in the 2nd case, गमिन् what goes.

ग्रामज mfn. (-ग्र-जा-ज) Village, rustic, village-born or produced. ३. ग्राम, and ज born; also ग्रामजात, &c. ग्रामे जायते जन्म-उ ।

ग्रामजी mfn. (-ग्र-जी-न्) 1. Best, excellent. 2. Chief, pre-eminent, superintendent. 3. One who only thinks of enjoyment. m. (-ग्र-जी) A barber. f. (-ग्र-जी) 1. A whore, a harlot. 2. A female peasant or villager. 3. The indigo plant. ३. ग्राम a village, जी to get or obtain, affix ग्राम. ग्रामं वृक्षं गच्छति प्रेरयति खलकायैषु ।

ग्रामजीपुत्र m. (-ग्र) The son of a whore, a bastard. ३. ग्रामजी, and पुत्र a son; also read ग्रामजीपुत्र.

ग्रामकार m. (-ग्र) The village carpenter. ३. ग्राम a village, and तक्ष carpenter.

ग्रामतत् ind. From the village. ३. ग्राम and तत् aff.

ग्रामता f. (-ग्र) A multitude of villages. ३. ग्राम, and तत् affix of multitude; also ग्रामत्व with तत् aff.

ग्रामदेश m. (-ग्र) The head of ten villages. ३. ग्राम, दश ten, and देश chief; also ग्रामदेशाधिपति, &c.

ग्रामधत्ता m. (-ग्र) The village messenger or servant. ३. ग्राम, and धत्ता supported.

ग्राममृगिका f. (-ग्र) 1. A kind of fish, (Silurus singio, Ham.) 2. A riot, a fray, a village war, (ग्रामयुद्ध) ३. ग्राम, and मृगिका a fish, &c.

ग्राममुख m. (-ग्र) A market town, a fair, a market. ३. ग्राम a village, and मुख chief.

ग्रामवन् m. (-ग्र) A dog. ३. ग्राम, and वन् deer, the village deer.

ग्रामवाजक m. (-ग्र) The village priest, one who conducts the ceremonies for any or all classes, and is consequently considered as a degraded Brahman; it also applies to the attendant of an idol. ३. ग्राम a village, वृक्ष to sacrifice, in the causal form, affix वृक्ष; also with वृक्षि affix ग्रामवाजिन्

ग्रामवृद्ध m. (-ग्र) Plundering or pillaging a village. ३. ग्राम, and वृद्ध robbing.

ग्रामवास m. (-ग्र) 1. A villager. 2. Living in a village. ३. ग्राम, and वास abode; also ग्रामेवास. [ग्रामेवासिन्.]

ग्रामवासिन् m. (-ग्र) A villager. ३. ग्राम, and वासिन् who inhabits; also

ग्रामविभेद m. (-ग्र) Variety of the scales in music. ३. ग्राम, and विभेद difference.

ग्रामवत् m. (-ग्र) A hundred villages, a province. ३. ग्राम and वत् a hundred.

ग्रामप्रदेश m. (-ग्र) The governor of a province. ३. ग्राम, प्रदे and देश chief; also ग्रामप्रदेशाधिपति, वाद्यप्रदेशाध्यक्ष, &c.

ग्रामवृद्ध m. (-ग्र) The common sewer or drain of a village. ३. ग्राम and वृद्ध a narrow place.

ग्रामसभा m. (-ग्र) A village corporation, a municipality. ३. ग्राम, and सभा assembly.

ग्रामस्थ mfn. (-ग्र-स्थ-न्) Being or residing in a village, belonging to it &c. m. (-ग्र-स्थ) A village. ३. ग्राम, and स्थ what stays. ग्रामे तिष्ठति स्थ-क ।

ग्रामहर्षण m. (-ग्र) A sister's husband. ३. ग्राम a village, and हर्षण who delights, from हृष् to laugh, &c. and हृष् aff. ग्रामे हर्षयति हर्ष-विष्, हृष् ।

ग्रामाधान n. (-ग्र) Hunting. ३. ग्राम a village, and आधान what supports.

ग्रामाधिपति m. (-ग्र) The head man or chief of a village. ३. ग्राम and अधिपति set over.

ग्रामाधिपति m. (-ग्र) Chief or head of a village. ३. ग्राम, and अधिपति chief.

ग्रामाध्यक्ष m. (-ग्र) Superintendent or chief of a village. ३. ग्राम and अध्यक्ष superior.

ग्रामान n. (-ग्र) Space near a village. ३. ग्राम and ग्राम a boundary.

ग्रामासीत् n. (-ग्र) Space near a village. ३. ग्राम and ग्राम end, वृक्ष aff.

ग्रामिक mfn. (-ग्र-की-क) 1. Village, rude, rustic. 2. Chromatic. m. (-ग्र) 1. The head-man of a village 2. A village. ३. ग्राम and उक् aff.

ग्रामिन् mfn. (-ग्र-गमिन्-नि) Village, villager. m. (-ग्र) The head-man of a village. f. (-ग्रिन्) The indigo plant. ३. ग्राम a village, इन् and उक् affixes; also ग्रामीक.

ग्रामीक mfn. (-ग्र-मी-क) 1. A villager, a rustic. 2. Produced in or peculiar to a village. 3. Vulgar, rude. 4. Chromatic. m. (-ग्र) 1. A dog. 2. A crow. f. (-ग्र) The indigo plant. ३. ग्राम and उक् aff.

ग्रामीक mfn. (-ग्र-मी-क) Belonging to a village, produced in or derived from it. m. (-ग्र) A villager. ३. ग्राम and उक् affix; also with ग्राम added ग्रामीक.

ग्रामेय mfn. (-ग्र-मी-य) A villager, rustic, village-born, &c. ३. ग्राम and उक् affix; also with ग्राम added ग्रामेयक.

ग्रामेवास m. (-ग्र) 1. A villager. 2. A village abode. ३. ग्रामे seventh case, and वास abode.

ग्रामेवासिन् m. (-ग्र) A villager. ३. ग्रामे seventh case, वासिन् who dwells.

ग्रामेश m. (-ग्र) The head-man of a village. ३. ग्राम and देश a master.

ग्रामेश्वर m. (-ग्र) The head-man or ruler over a village. ३. ग्राम, and ईश्वर a master.

ग्राम mfn. (-ग्र-ग्राम-न्) 1. Village-born, produced in or relating to a village. 2. Vulgar, rude, rustic. 3. Relating to a musical scale. m. (-ग्र) A hog, a tame or a village hog. n. (-ग्र) 1. Rustic or homely speech. 2. The Prakrit, and the other dialects of India, except the Sanskrit. ३. ग्राम and ग्राम aff.

ग्रामकर्मण्डू f. (-ग्र) A pumpkin gourd. ३. ग्राम village, and कर्मण्डू gourd.

ग्रामकन्द m. (-ग्र) A common species of Arum. ३. ग्राम, and कन्द root.

ग्रामकुसुम n. (-ग्र) A yellow dye, safflower, (Carthamus tinctorius.) ३. ग्राम and कुसुम saffron, village saffron. कुसुमे ।

ग्रामवर्ण m. (-ग्र) Copulation. n. ग्राम and वर्ण virtue, village virtue.

ग्राममृगिका f. (-ग्र) A kind of fish, (Silurus singio, Ham.) Also ग्राममृगिका.

ग्राममांस m. (-ग्र) Meat of tame animals. ३. ग्राम rural, and मांस flesh.

ग्रामवन् m. (-ग्र) A dog. ३. ग्राम and वन् a deer, the village deer; also ग्रामवन्.

ग्रामराशि f. (-ग्र) A name of several of the signs of the zodiac. ३. ग्राम and राशि a sign. [hog.]

ग्रामवृद्ध m. (-ग्र) A village hog, a tame hog, a pig. ३. ग्राम, and वृद्ध a

वाग्राज m. (-वः) An ass. २. वाग, and वाग a horse, the village horse.  
 वागन् mfn. (-वा-वा-व) Hard, solid. m. (-वा) 1. A stone or rock. 2. A mountain. 3. A cloud. ३. वसते वस वः वागवति वन सवाती विष् वः ।  
 वास m. (-सः) A mouthful or a quantity equivalent to a mouthful, a lump of rice, &c. of the size of a peacock's egg. ३. वस् to eat, affix कर्मणि चक् ।  
 वासावादन n. (-न) Bare subsistence, food and clothing. ३. वास, and वासावादन covering.  
 वाह m. (-हः) 1. Taking, either by seizure or acceptance. 2. A shark ; according to some, the Gangetic alligator, (Lacerta Gangetica) ; according to others, the water elephant, (the hippopotamus.) 3. Any large fish or marine animal. ३. वस् to take, affix चक् or च.  
 वाहक mfn. (-वा-वा-ह) One who takes or seizes, one who accepts or receives. m. (-हः) 1. A hawk, a falcon. 2. A police officer, a constable, a bailiff. ३. वस् to take, चिच् च्लुच् aff.  
 वाहवत् mfn. (-वा-व-वत्) Containing or abounding with alligators. ३. वस्, and वतुच् aff.  
 वाहन् mfn. (-वा-ह-व) 1. Taking, seizing, accepting, who or what takes. 2. Astringent, binding, constipating. m. (-वा) 1. A sedative, a narcotic. 2. The elephant or wood apple : see वसिष्ठ. f. (-वा) A small kind of Jawasa, perhaps a species of Hedysarum. ३. वस् to take, चिच् aff.  
 वाह्य mfn. (-वा-ह-ह) 1. To be seized, to be taken, to be accepted. 2. To be accepted as a rule or a law, to be acknowledged or assented to, 3. To be attended to or obeyed. 4. To be admitted in evidence, &c. 5. To be apprehended or arrested. ३. वस् to take, चक् aff.  
 वाह्य f. (-वा) 1. The neck. 2. The back part of the neck, the nape, the tendon of the Trepazium muscle. ३. वस् to swallow, वनिच् Unadi affix निरति चयवा वृ वनिच् निपातये ।  
 वाहिन् mfn. (-वा-हि-व) Long-necked, handsome-necked. m. (-वा) A camel. ३. वाह a neck, and वनिच् poss. aff. वाहो वाह वनि चक् ।  
 वाह्य mfn. (-वा-ह-ह) Hot, warm. m. (-वा) 1. The hot season, comprehending two months, about June July. 2. Heat, warmth. f. (-वा) Jasmin. ३. वस् to take, &c. वनिच् Unadi affix, and the deriv. irr. वसते रक्तान् ।  
 वाह्य mfn. (-वा-ह-ह) 1. Produced by heat. 2. Produced in the hot season. f. (-वा) A kind of fruit, (Annona reticulata.) ३. वाह the hot season, and ज produced.  
 वाह्य mfn. (-वा-ह-ह) Produced by heat or in the hot season. f. (-वा) Double jasmin : see वसती. ३. वाह the hot season, and वस् being, flourishing.  
 वाह्य mfn. (-वा-ह-ह) A kind of potherb, (Chironia centauroides) ; it is also applied to Pharnaceum mollugo.) ३. वाह the hot season, and वस् handsome, affix चक् ।  
 वाह्य n. (-वः) The flocculent seeds, blown down, about in the air. ३. वाह the hot season, and वाह a smile, considered from their white colour, as the smiles of the season.  
 वाह्य mfn. (-वा-ह-ह) Produced by heat or in the hot season. f. (-वा) Double jasmin. ३. वाह, and वस् produced. वाहवाहो वस्वति वस् + वृ चक् ।  
 वाह्य (वर व) वर वृच् r. 1st. cl. (वाहति) To steal or rob. भा-पर-सक-सेट् ।  
 वाह्य mfn. (-वा-ह-ह) Belonging to the neck, &c. n. (-वः) 1. A necklace, a close necklace or collar. 2. A chain worn round the neck of an elephant, &c. ३. वाह the necklace, and चक् aff.  
 वाह्य mfn. (-वा-ह-ह) Belonging to the neck. n. (-वः) 1. A collar, a necklace. 2. A chain on the neck of an elephant or horse, ३. वाह, and चक् affix ; also वाह्यक् ।  
 वाह्य u. (-वः) A collar, an ornament for the neck. ३. वाह and चक् affix : see वाह and वाह्य.  
 वाह्य mfn. (-वा-ह-ह) Belonging or relating to, or produced by heat or

hot season. f. (-वा) Double jasmin. ३. वाह the hot season, &c. affix चक् ।  
 वाह्य mfn. (-वा-ह-ह) 1. Distressed, pained. 2. Exhausted, overpowered. ३. वस् to be weary, causal form, चक् aff.  
 वाह्य (व) वस् r. 1st cl. (वाहति) To eat : see वस्.  
 वाह्य mfn. (-वा-ह-ह) Eaten, ३. वस् to eat, affix चक् ।  
 वाह्य (व) वस् r. 1st and 10th cls (वाहति वनि) To take, to receive or accept : see वस्. वाहने वा वृत्-उभ पचे भा-सक-सेट् ।  
 वाह्य m. (-वा-ह-ह) Gaming, playing with dice. ३. वस् to take, &c. affix चक् or it is derived irregularly from वस्, and with चक् aff.  
 वाह्य mfn. (-वा-ह-ह) Wearied, languid, feeble, exhausted by fatigue, disease, &c. ३. वस् to be feeble, and चक् aff.  
 वाह्य f. (-वा) Langour, lassitude, fatigue of body or depression of mind. ३. वा or वस् to be weary, Unadi affix वाह्ये नि.  
 वाह्य mfn. (-वा-ह-ह-वत्) Being exhausted, languid, faint, &c. ३. वस् to be weary, चक् aff.  
 वाह्य mfn. (-वा-ह-ह-वत्) Exhausted by disease or fatigue, wearied, languid. ३. वस् to be weak, affix चक् ।  
 वाह्य (वर व) वर वृच् r. 1st cl. (वाहति) 1. To steal, to rob, 2. To go ; see वृच्. भा-पर-सक-सेट् ।  
 वाह्य (वर व) वर वृच् r. 1st cl. (वाहति) To go, to move. भा-पर-सक-सेट् ।  
 वाह्य (व) वस् r. 1st cl. (वाहते) 1. To be poor or dependent. 2. To shake to tremble, 3. To move. वस्-भा-सक-सेट् ।  
 वाह्य mfn. (-वा-ह-ह) To be made weary or exhausted, exhaustible, fatiguable, ३. वा or वस् to be weary, affix चक् ।  
 वाह्य (व) वस् r. 1st cl. (वाहते) To serve, to worship, to gratify by service or devotedness. भा-सक-सेट् ।  
 वाह्य (व) वस् r. 1st cl. (वाहते) To inquire, to search, to investigate.  
 वाह्य r. 1st cl. (वाहति) 1. To be languid or weary, to be exhausted, faded, &c. 2. To yawn, this root is sometimes considered to be वा. making वाहति as above, and in the causal form वाहति or वाहयति. भा-पर-सक-सेट् ।  
 वाह्य mfn. (-वा-ह-ह) Wearied, exhausted. ३. वस् to be weary, चक् aff.  
 वाह्य m. (-वा-ह-ह) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. ३. वाह to be weary, Unadi affix वा.

## व

व The fourth consonant of the Sanskrit alphabet, being the aspirate of the preceding letter, and corresponding to G'h.  
 व m. (-वः) 1. A bell. 2. A rattling or gurgling sound. f. (-वा) 1. A tinkling ornament worn by women round the waist. 2. Striking, killing. 3. Wetting, sprinkling, ३. वस् to kill, affix च, and व substituted for the radical letter, or the same affix, with वृ to sprinkle, &c.  
 वस् r. 1st cl. (वस्वति) To laugh, to laugh at or deride also ; वस् and वस्व.  
 वस् r. 1st cl. (वस्वति) To laugh or to laugh at : see the preceding-  
 वस् r. 1st cl. (वस्ते) To act, to strive or endeavour. r. 10th cl. (वाहयति) 1. To unite or to put together, 2. To injure or kill, 3. To shine (व) वस्ति r. 10th cl. (वाहयति) To shine. वस् भा-पर-सक-सेट् चदादि ।  
 वस् m. (-वः) 1. A large earthen water jar, 2. The sign Aquarius. 3. A measure ; see वृच्. 4. An elephant's frontal sinus. 5. Suspending the breath as a religious exercise. 6. A man who makes effort or exertion. f. (-वा) 1. A troop of elephants assembled for martial purposes. 2. Effort, endeavour. 3. An assembly. 4. A number, a collection, an assemblage f. (-वा) 1. The Ghari or Indian clock, a plate of iron or mixed metal on which the hours are struck, 2. A small

- water jar, a ewer. **चट्** to endeavour, &c. affix **चच्** or **चङ्** and fem. affix **टाप्** or **जीप्**.
- चटक** m. (-कः) 1. A tree that produces fruit without apparent flowers. 2. A match-maker, an agent who ascertains or invents genealogies, and negotiates matrimonial alliances. 3. A genealogist. **चट्** to endeavour, and **चिच्** aff.
- चटपट** mfn. (-टः-पटः) Who or what takes a water pot. **चट** and **पट्** to take, **चच्** aff.
- चटदासी** f. (-सी) A bawd or procuress. **चट्** effort, and **दासी** a slave or servant.
- चटन** nf. (-न-ना) 1. Effort, exertion. 2. Assembling, bringing together. 3. Joining, mixing. 4. Occuring. **चट्** to strive, &c. affix **युच्**.
- चटयोजि** m. (-जिः) The saint AGASTYA. **चट** a water jar, and **योजि** place of birth; the saint being born from a water jar. see **कुम्भसम्भवा**.
- चटराज** m. (-रजः) A large water jar of baked clay. **चट्** a jar, and **राज** king, chief. **चटेन** योजनेन राजते **राज-चच्**.
- चटस्थापन** n. (-नं) Placing a water pot as a type of DURGA, an essential part of various Tantrika ceremonies. **चट**, and **स्थापन** placing.
- चटाटीप** m. (-पः) A covering for a carriage or any article of furniture. **चट** and **चाटीप** pride.
- चटिका** n. (-कः) The posteriors. f. (-का) 1. The ankle; also **चटिका**. 2. A Muhurta or thirtieth part of a day and night. 3. A Danda or period of twenty-four minutes. m. (-कः) A waterman. **चटी** a clock, &c. affixes **कन्** and **टाप्** for the feminine; otherwise **चट** a jar and **ठन्** aff.
- चटित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Devised, attempted. 2. Made of. 3. In contact with, contiguous, joined. **चट्** to make effort, **चिच्** aff.
- चटित्सम** mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Who blows or sounds in a jar. m. (-मः) A potter. **चटी** and **चा** to blow, **खञ्** aff. **सुम्** इत्थञ्च.
- चटित्सय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Who drinks a G'hati, (in measure.) **चटी** and **चे** to drink, **खञ्** aff. **सुम्** इत्थञ्च.
- चटीकार** m. (-रः) A potter. **चट** कार who makes, with **चच्** aff.
- चटीयट** mfn. (-टः-टा-टं) Who or what takes a small jar, &c. **चटी** and **यट्** who takes, **चच्** aff.
- चटीयक** n. (-कः) The rope and bucket of a well, or any machine for raising water. **चट** effort, and **यक** machine.
- चटीलक्ष** m. (-लक्षः) The son of BHIMA by the Rakshasi, named HIRIMBA.
- चटीलक्षानल** m. (-लक्षः) A name of KARNA, natural brother to the Pandus. **चटीलक्ष** a proper name, and **अनल** destroyer.
- चटीहव** m. (-वः) The sage AGASTYA. **चट** a jar, and **उद्भव** born, produced.
- चट्ट** r. 1st and 10th cls. (**चट्टे** or **चट्टयति-ने**) To move. With **परि** prefixed, To spread or diffuse. With **नि**, To rub gently, to scratch. **भू-चाक-सक-सेट्**. वा चुरा-उभञ्.
- चट्ट** m. (-ट्टः) A G'hat, a quay or landing place, steps on the side of a river, &c. leading to the water's edge. f. (-टी) A small or inferior landing place, private stairs, &c. **चट्** to go, affix **चच्** and with **जीप्** affix, implying diminution.
- चट्टा** f. (-ता) 1. Going, moving. 2. Practice, business, means of living. 3. Rubbing or striking together. **चट्ट** to go, affix **युच्** fem. **टाप्**.
- चट्टजीविन्** m. (-वी) An attendant at a landing place, who takes care of the clothes of the bathers, &c. **चट्ट**, and **जीविन्** who subsists. **चिन्**.
- चव** (च), **चव** r. 8th cl. (**चवति** or **चवते**) To shine. **तना-उभ-चक** सेट्.
- चवट** m. (-ट्टः) A sort of sauce, vegetables made into a pulp with water, turmeric, mustard seeds and capsicums. f. (-ट्टा) 1. A bell; also a plate of iron or mixed metal struck as a bell. 2. A plant: see **चट्टापाटली** **चन** to strike, **क** affix, fem. **टाप्** and deriv. irr.
- चवटका** m. (-काः) A plant: see **चट्टापाटली** **चन** added to the preceding; some copies read **चट्टीक** and **चाट्टीक**.
- चवटाचर्च** m. (-चर्चः) One of Sriva's attendants, and is worshipped to pre- side over outaneous complaints, and is worshipped for exemption

from them in the month Chaitra. **चवटा**, and **कर्ण** and ear; having ears as broad as a bell.

**चवटाताड** m. (-डः) A bell-man, one who strikes a bell or Ghadi. **चवटा** and **ताड** who beats.

**चवटाताडन** n. (-नं) Striking a bell. **चवटा**, and **ताडन** beating.

**चवटानाद** m. (-दः) The sound of a bell, &c. **चवटा**, and **नाद** sound.

**चवटापथ** m. (-थः) The chief road through a village, a highway. **चवटा** bell, and **पथ** a road, affix **चच्**; the bell-road, or that by which elephants, &c. decorated with tinkling ornaments, proceed.

**चवटापाटली** f. (-ली) A plant commonly called by the similar name G'han taparuli, a species of the trumpet flower, (Bignonia suave-olens.) **चवटा** a bell, &c. and **पाटली** the trumpet flower.

**चवटानाथ** n. (-थः) The sound of a clock. **चवटा** and **नाथ** playing.

**चवटाबीज** n. (-जः) The croton nut. **चवटा**, and **बीज** seed.

**चवटारवा** f. (-वा) Crotalaria of various species. **चवटा**, and **रव** sound the seed rattling within the husk.

**चवटामय** m. (-यः) 1. Bell-metal. 2. The sound of a bell. **चवटा**, and **मय** sound.

**चवटान्न** m. (-नः) The sound of a bell or clock. **चवटा**, and **न्न** sound.

**चवटिका** f. (-का) The uvula or soft palate. **चवटा** a bell, and **कन्** affix of similitude.

**चवटु** m. (-ट्टुः) 1. A string of bells tied on an elephant's chest, &c. by way of ornament. 2. Heat, light, &c. **चटि** to shine, **Unadi** affix **उन्**.

**चवटेश्वर** m. (-रः) A minor deity, the son of MARS. **चवटा**, and **ईश्वर** lord

**चवट** m. (-ट्टः) A bee. **चव** वा-उ तस्य नेत्रम्। धनरे।

**चन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Material, solid. 2. Coarse, gross. 3. Compact. 4. Hard, firm. 5. Full, plum. 6. Impenetrable. 7. Viscid, thick, insipid. 8. Deep, (as sound) 9. Very, much. 10. Auspicious, fortunate. 11. Permanent, eternal. m. (-नः) 1. A cloud. 2. An iron club. 3. The body. 4. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) 5. A number, an assemblage or quantity. 6. Extension, diffusion. 7. Hardness. 8. Solidity, substance. matter. 9. The cube of a number, (in arithmetic.) 10. A solid, (in geometry.) 11. Phlegm. 12. Talc. n. (-नं) 1. A cymbal, a bell, a Gong, &c. any brazen or composite metallic instrument, which is struck as a clock, &c. 2. A mode of dancing, neither quick nor slow. 3. Iron. 4. Skin, rind, bark, &c. **चन** to strike or be struck, affix **चप्** and **च** changed to **च**.

**चनकफ** m. (-फः) Hail. **चन** a cloud, and **कफ** phlegm.

**चनकाल** m. (-कालः) The rainy season. **चन** a cloud, and **काल** time.

**चनगीलक** m. (-कः) An alloy of gold and silver.

**चनचनीच** m. (-चः) A gathering of dark clouds. **चन** thick, close, **चनीच** cumulus.

**चनचय** m. (-यः) A collection of clouds, cumulus **चन**, and **चय** a heap.

**चनजम्बाल** m. (-जम्बालः) A quantity of mire, a slough. **चन** much, a heap, and **जम्बाल** mud.

**चनजाल** n. (-जलः) A gathering of clouds. **चन**, and **जाल** multitude.

**चनज्वाला** f. (-ज्वाला) Lightning, a flash of lightning. **चन** a cloud, and **ज्वाला** flame.

**चनताल** mf. (-तालः) A bird: see **चनतील**. **चनतायां** निविडतायाम् चलति पर्या- प्रीति चल्-चच्.

**चनतमिर** n. (-रः) 1. The darkness of clouds. 2. Great darkness. **चन**, and **तमिर** dark.

**चनल** n. (-लः) 1. Firmness, compactness. 2. Thickness, coarseness, solidity. **चन** added to **चन**; also with **तल्**, **चनल**.

**चनतील** mf. (-लः-ता) The Chataka, (Cuculus melanoleucos.) **चन** a cloud, and **तुल** to be equal, **चन** मेघं तीलयति ऊर्ध्वं नयति आश्रानेन। तुल- उन्नितौ चल् उपमित समासः। who soars to the clouds in the rainy sea- son, which, according to the fable, is the only time when he gets

water to drink ; some books have घनताङ्ग from ताङ्ग tune, or sound ; whose music is (from) the clouds.

घनजनि mfn. (-नि: नि: नि) Roaring, who or what makes such a sound. m. (-नि:) 1. A deep and loud tone, a roar. 2. The muttering of thunder clouds. E. घन and जनि sound.

घननाभि m. (-भि:) Smoke. E. घन a cloud, and नाभि the navel or centre ; smoke being supposed to be a principal ingredient in clouds. घनस्य मेघस्य नाभिरिव यीनितान् । धूमे ।

घननीहार m. (-र:) Thick falling frost or snow. E. घन, and नीहार hoar-frost.

घनपदवी f. (-वी) The sky. E. घन a cloud, and पदवी station.

घनपयोधर m. (-र:) A firm breast. E. घन, and पयोधर the female breast.

घनपद्म m. (-प:) A plant, (Hyperanthera ; moringa :) see श्रीमद्घन E. घन abundance, and पद्म a shoot or sprout. घना निविद्धा: पद्मवा घन.

घनपावण्ड mf. (-ण्ड: ष्टा) A peacock. E. घन a cloud, and पावण्ड a sectary ; this bird is supposed to delight in cloudy and rainy weather. घनेन मेघधनिना पावण्ड इव उत्पन्नतात् । मयूरे ।

घनफल m. (-ल:) The contents of a solid, (in Geometry.) E. घन and फल fruit. घनानि निविद्धानि फलानि घन । विकट्टयचे च ।

घनमूल n. (-ल:) Cube root, (in Arithmetic.) E. घन and मूल root. घनस्य समन्वितास्य मूलमायम् ।

घनरव m. (-र:) The roaring of clouds, thunder. E. घन and रव sound.

घनरस mn. (-स: ष्टे) Water. m. (-स:) 1. Camphor. 2. Extract, decoction, &c. 3. A plant, (Aletis hyacinthoides.) 4. Thick or inspissated juice. E. घन a cloud or a heap, and रस juice, essence. घनस्य मेघस्य मूलकस्य वा रसो नियम्यः ।

घनवर्त्म n. (-र्त:) The sky. E. घन and वर्त्मन् path.

घनवह्नि f. (-का) Lightning. E. घन a cloud, and वह्नि a creeper. घना निविद्धा वह्नी यस्याः कप् द्रुसः । [विद्युति ।

घनवह्नी f. (-ह्नी) Lightning. E. घन and वह्नी a creeper. घनस्य मेघस्य वह्नीव ।

घनवात m. (-त:) One of the regions of hell. E. घन much, and वात wind ; the region of storm. घनी निविद्धी वातीऽम् ।

घनवास m. (-स:) A pumpkin gourd. E. घन a long time, and वास abiding. घनी वासी गन्धीऽस्य कुम्भाच्छे ।

घनवाहन m. (-न:) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. A name of INDRA. E. घन a cloud and वाहन a vehicle ; who rides in the clouds. घन इव घनं वाहनस्य । शिवे । घनी मेघो वाहनस्य । इन्द्रे वा ।

घनवीथि f. (-थि:) A line of clouds. E. घन and वीथि a row. घनानां वीथिः ।

घनशब्द m. (-ब्द:) The noise of clouds, thunder. E. घन and शब्द sound.

घनश्याम mfn. (-म: मा-मं) Black, deep black, as that of heavy clouds m. (-म:) 1. RAMA. 2. KRISHNA. E. घन and श्याम black. घनः मेघ इव श्यामः ।

घनसंज्ञा f. (-ज्ञा:) Profound secrecy. E. घन impenetrable, संज्ञा secret purpose.

घनस्वन m. (-न:) Low thunder, the muttering of clouds. E. घन, and स्वन sound. घनेन तज्जलेन सुष्टु, अनिति घन-घनं दती-तत्पुष्टवः । तज्जुलीयशब्दे । मेघधनीव ।

घनसमय m. (-य:) The rainy season. E. घन a cloud, समय time.

घनसार m. (-र:) 1. Camphor. 2. Mercury, or some peculiar form of it. 3. Water. 4. A kind of tree. E. घन firm, &c. and सार essence. घनस्य सुप्त-कस्य सारः ।

घनाकर m. (-र:) The rainy season. E. घन a cloud, and आकर a mine or place of producing. घनानामाकरः घनान् आकरोति आ + कृ अच् वा । वर्षाकादि ।

घनाघन mfn. (-न: ना-नं) 1. Mischievous, cruel. 2. Even, uniform, without spaces or interstices. m. (-न:) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. A vicious elephant, or one in rut. 3. A rainy cloud. 4. Mutual collision. f. (-ना) A vegetable, (Solanum Indicum ; ) also काकमाची. E. घन as above, reiterated and the final of the first made long. घन-घनं निपातने ।

घनाश्रय m. (-य:) The season succeeding the rains, autumn. E. घन a cloud and अश्रय disappearance, departure. घनानाश्रयसीऽम् । शरत्काले ।

घनान n. (-नं) Autumn, the end of the rains. E. घन a cloud, and घन end.

घनीमय m. (-य:) The date tree, (Elate sylvestris.) E. घन a cloud, and आश्रय sickness, pining in the rains. घनी दुःखः आश्रयी यकात् ।

घनामल m. (-ल:) A kind of potherb, (Chenopodium album :) see वायुक्. E. घन much, and अमल clear, clean.

घनाम्बु n. (-म्बु) Rain. E. घन, and अम्बु water.

घनाम्बु mfn. (-म्बु-म्ब-म्ब) Deep red. E. घन, and अम्बु red.

घनाम्बु mfn. (-म्बु-म्ब-म्ब) Overcast, overspread with clouds. E. घन, and आम्बु obstructed.

घनावसृष्ट mfn. (-सृष्ट-म्ब-म्ब) Overcast, overspread with clouds. E. घन, and अम्बु impeded.

घनाश्रय m. (-य:) Aether, the atmosphere or heaven. E. घन a cloud, and आश्रय asylum.

घनीकृत mfn. (-कृत-ता-त) 1. Hardened, compacted, made solid or firm. 2. Congealed, thickened. E. घन and कृत made, with कृ augment.

घनीदधि m. (-धि:) A division of hell. E. घन viscid, and दधि an ocean.

घनीपल m. (-ल:) Hail. E. घन a cloud, and पल a stone.

घनीपवसृष्ट mfn. (-सृष्ट-म्ब-म्ब) Clouded, overcast. E. घन and पवसृष्ट obstructed.

घनीघ m. (-घ:) A gathering of clouds. E. घन, and घी a heap.

घम्ब r. 1st cl. (घम्बति) To go to move. गती भू-पर-सक-सिद् ।

घर्षट m. (-ट:) A kind of fish, (Pimelodus gagora or P. tengara, HAM.) E. घर् an imitative sound, and टट् to endeavour, affix अच् ; who makes such a sound.

घर्षर mfn. (-र-रा-र) One of the tones or notes in music. m. (-र:) 1. The pass of a mountain. 2. A door, a gate. 3. An owl. 4. The name of a river, the Gogra or Ghogra. 5. Sound. 6. Laughter, mirth. 7. A fire of straw or chaff. f. (-रा or -री) A girdle of small bells or tinkling ornaments worn by women. f. (-रा) A kind of lute. E. घर्ष here said to said to imply an inarticulate sound, gurling, &c. and रा to give or take, affix क also with कन् added घर्षरक. घर्षरकमुक्तव्यशब्दं राति । रा क ।

घर्षराव m. (-व:) A tinkling sound, the sound of small bells. E. घर्षरा and रव sound.

घर्षरिका f. (-का) 1. An ornament of small bells worn by women, borsees, &c. 2. The bow or stick of a viol, &c. 3. A sort of musical instrument. 4. Fried grain. 5. The name of a river. E. घर्षरी as above, and ठन् added fem. form. घर्षरीऽस्ति अस्य ठन् ।

घर्षूक्षी m. (-क्षी) 1. A sort of insect. घ-विच् घुर अनी छिप् तो छनि घन् उ निः तस्य घः ।

घर्ष r. 1st cl. (घर्षति) To go, to move. गती भू-पर-सक-सिद् ।

घर्ष m. (-र्ष:) 1. Heat. 2. The hot season. 3. Sunshine. 4. Sweat, perspiration. E. घृ to sprinkle and मज्ज Unadi affix ; what sprinkles the limbs. घरति अज्ञात् घृ सेके घेरचे कर्तरि मज्ज-निपातने । गुंघः ।

घर्षाचर्षिका f. (-का) Eruptions from suppressed perspiration. E. घर्ष and चर्षिका. घर्षकृता चर्षिका । घामाचि इति ज्ञाते ।

घर्षयुति m. (-ति:) The sun. E. घर्ष and युति splendor.

घर्षपयस् n. (-य:) 1. Sweat, perspiration. 2. Warm water. E. घर्ष, and पयस् water.

घर्षरश्मि m. (-श्मि:) 1. The sun. 2. Heat, radiance. E. घर्ष, and रश्मि a ray.

घर्षविचर्षिका f. (-का) Cutaneous eruptions or pimples from suppressed perspiration. E. घर्ष and विचर्षिका pustular eruption.

घर्षान्त m. (-न्त:) The rainy season. E. घर्ष and अन्त end.

घर्षान्तासुकी m. (-की) A small white bird ; a kind of crane. E. घर्षान्त, and आसुकी who wishes for.

घर्षान्त mfn. (-न्त-न्त-न्त) Suffering from heat. E. घर्ष and आन्त pained by.

घर्षाम्बु n. (-म्बु) 1. Perspiration, sweat. 2. Warm water. E. घर्ष and अम्बु water.

घर्षोदक n. (-क) 1. Perspiration. 2. Warm water. E. घर्ष and उदक water.



चर्च m. (-र्चः) Rubbing friction. ३. चर्च् to rub, चर्च् aff.  
 चर्च n. (-र्चः) 1. Grinding, pounding. 2. Rubbing, friction. f. (-र्ची) Turmeric. ३. चर्च् to grind, affix भावे चर्च् ।  
 चर्चवाक m. (-र्चः) A roller or pestle for grinding, &c. ३. चर्चवाक rubbing, and चर्च what is fit for. चर्चवाक चर्चति चर्च चर्च् । (नोवा) ।  
 चर्चित mfn. (-र्च-ता-त्) 1. Rubbed. 2. Ground. ३. चर्च् to rub, affix क् ।  
 चर्च (च) चर्चि r. 1st cl. (चर्चते) To render handsome or brilliant. चर्चते भ्रा-  
 चाक-चर्च-सेट् ।  
 चन (चा छ) चीचक् r. 1st cl. (चर्चति) To eat: this root is in many tenses a substitute for चद् and is itself imperfect in others. (च) चर्चि r. 1st cl. (चर्चते) To sprinkle or drop; this root is not generally admitted. भर्चये भ्रा-पर-सक-चर्चि ।  
 चरि m. (-चिः) Food, victuals. ३. चर्च् to eat, भावे चर्च् aff.  
 चरर mfn. (-च-री-र) Gluttonous, voracious. ३. चर्च् to eat, चररच् aff. भर्च-  
 यीति ।  
 चर mfn. (-च-रा-च) Mischievous, hurtful. m. (-चः) A day. n. (-चः) Saffron. ३. चर्च् to eat, and चर्च् aff. चर्चति चर्चकारम् ।  
 चाट mfn. (-ट-टी) The nape or back of the neck. ३. चट् to unite, affix चर्च् ; the radical is of the 10th class of roots, whence the penultimate is long. चीचवी: पचाहानि चर्चटी (चाट्) ।  
 चाटिका f. (-का) The nape of the neck. ३. खाद्य क् added to the preceding. चाटायाम् ।  
 चाटिक m. (-कः) 1. A bard, who sings in chorus, but especially in honour of the gods, and rings a bell in presence of their images. 2. Datura fastuosa. ३. चट्टा a bell affix टक् चट्टया चर्चति ।  
 चात n. (-तः) 1. Striking, wounding, killing. 2. A bruise, a blow. ३. An arrow. 4. Product (of a sum in multiplication.) ३. चन् to to kill, चर्च् affix, and the radical letters changed respectively, to च and त.  
 चातक mfn. (-कः-का-क) A murderer, a maimer, &c. ३. चन् as above, with चर्च् aff. चन्तकर्त्तरि ।  
 चातन n. (-नः) A murderer, a killer. n. (-नः) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. Striking. 3. Immolating victims. ३. चन् to kill, चट् affix, and चात substituted for the radical. चत्तार्यजात् खाये चिच् भावे चट् ।  
 चातयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Striking, hurting, killing. ३. चन् to kill, causal form, चट् aff.  
 चातय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be killed, what may be or ought to be killed &c. ३. चन् to kill, तय affix, and चा substituted.  
 चातस्थान n. (-नः) 1. A slaughter house. 2. A place of execution. ३. चात, and स्थान place. च्छाताने ।  
 चाति m. (-तिः) 1. Catching or killing birds, fowling. 2. killing in general. 3. Striking. ३. चन् to kill or hurt, affix चर्च्, and the radical changed: see चात.  
 चातिन् mfn. (-ती-तिनी-ति) Murderous, felonious, who or what strikes or kills. ३. चन् to kill, चिनि aff. चन्-ता-ची-त्याये चिन् ।  
 चातिपक्षिन् mf. (-ची-चिची) A hawk or falcon. ३. चाति fowling, and पक्षिन् a bird. च्छान्तेने ।  
 चातुक mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Mischievous, hurtful. 2. Cruel, savage. violent, ferocious. ३. चन् to kill, changed to चात, and चकच् aff. चिसे, क्चिच् ।  
 चाक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Proper or fit to be killed. ३. चन् and चन् aff.  
 चार m. (-रः) Sprinkling, wetting. ३. चृ to sprinkle, and चर्च् aff.  
 चार्तिक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Pulse ground and fried with clarified butter. ३. घृत ghee, and टक् aff. चृतप्रपुरे छिद्रवज्जले पकात्रमेदि । (चिचीट्) ।  
 चास m. (-सः) Meadow or pasture grass. ३. चस् to eat. कर्त्तव्य चर्च् affix ; what is eaten by animals.  
 चासि m. (-सिः) Fire or its deity. ३. चस् to devour, and चर्च् Unadi aff. भर्चये वचादीनि ।  
 चिच r. 1st cl. (चिचि) (चिचते) To take, to seize or accept. चर्चये भ्रा-चा-  
 चक-सेट् ।

चृ 1st cl. (चर्चते) To sound. चनी भ्रा-चा-चक-चर्चि ।  
 चृ m. (-चृः) Sound. ३. चृ to sound, aff. चृ । चृ-चनी वा चृ ।  
 चृट r. 1st cl. (चृटते) 1. To come back, to return. 2. To barter or exchange. r. 6th cl. (चृटति) 1. To strike again or retaliate, to resist or oppose. 2. To prevent. 3. To protect or preserve. भ्रा-चाक-  
 चक-सेट् ।  
 चृट m. (-टः) The ankle. ३. चृट् to resist, and क् affix ; also चृटि, &c.  
 चृटि f. (-टि-टी) The ankle. ३. चृट् to resist, affix चन् and वा ऊप् may be added, also with कन् added चृटिका ।  
 चृटिक mfn. (-कः-का) The ankle, &c. see चृट and चृटि ; also चृट्. चृट चर्चये  
 टन् ।  
 चृच r. 1st and 6th cls. (चिचते चर्चति) To roll, to whirl, to turn round, (च) चर्चि r. 1st cl. (चर्चते) To take or accept. भ्रा-चा-चक-सेट् । न-प-चक ।  
 चृच m. (-चः) 1. An insect that is found in timber. 2. The pangolin or armadillo. ३. चर्च् to turn round, affix क् ।  
 चृच m. (-चः) The ankle. ३. चृट् to resist, affix क् and नन् inserted ; also with कन् added चृचक, or without the augment चृट &c. as above.  
 चृचिक n. (-कः) Cowdung found in thickets. चृच-कदाकारीःलि चर्च टन् ।  
 चृच m. (-चः) A large black bee. ३. चर्च् to roll, Unadi affix च् ।  
 चृच r. 6th cl. (चर्चति) 1. To be frightful or terrible. 2. To sound.  
 चृच (च) चृचि r. 4th cl. (चर्चते) 1. To be ignorant. 2. To inquire.  
 चृचुर m. (-रः) A kind of worm borrowing in the skin, guinea worm, Draunculus. f. (-रः) The mole cricket. f. (-रः) Growling, as of dog or cat. ३. चर्च् imitative sound, and चृच् to sound, with क् aff.  
 चृच (च) चर्चि r. 1st cl. (चर्चते) To render beautiful or brilliant (चर्च) चर्चि r. 1st cl. (चर्चति) To do any act except manifest sentiment by sound. r. 10th cl. (चर्चयति) 1. To manifest sentiment or thought by sound, to speak, to affirm, to declare or proclaim. 2. To make various sounds. 3. To praise. With चाक् prefixed, To weep incessantly.  
 चर्चित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Manifested by sound, proclaimed. ३. चर्च् as above, affix क् चट् augment ; also चृट् ।  
 चृट mfn. (-ट-टी-ट) Sounded, proclaimed. ३. चर्च् to sound, क् aff.  
 चृटान n. (-नः) Food given away by proclamation. ३. चृट and चर्च food. चृट की भीक्षा इति चर्चय दिवसम् ।  
 चृट m. (-टः) A oar, a carriage.  
 चृचक n. (-कः) Saffron. ३. चर्चि to beautify, चर्चक aff.  
 चृच m. (-चः) An owl. ३. चृ an imitative sound, and कौ who sounds, from कौ with क् aff.  
 चृचारि m. (-रिः) A crow. ३. चृच an owl, and चर्चि an enemy.  
 चृच (च) चृचि r. 4th cl. (चर्चते) 1. To kill, to hurt or injure. 2. To become old, to decay. चक-जीर्णतायाम् चक-दि-चा-सेट् ।  
 चृच r. and 6th cls. (चर्चते, चर्चति) To roll, to whirl, to turn round. भर्चये चक-तु-उम-सेट् ।  
 चृच m. (-चः) 1. A kind of potherb, (Chironia centauroides) ; see चीचतुवरक 2. Turning round, whirling, rolling, &c. ३. चूर्ण to roll, affix चर्च् ।  
 चूर्चन n. (-नः) Revolving, whirling turning round. ३. चूर्ण to whirl, भावे चट् aff.  
 चूर्चयमान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Whirling, revolving, rolling, tossing ३. चूर्ण and शानच् aff. चूर्चः आन इव आचरति मृग-चूर्च वा क्यः कर्त्तरि शानच् ।  
 चूर्चि f. (-चिः) Rolling, revolving, going round or over. ३. चूर्ण and भावे चन् aff.  
 चूर्चित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Rolling, turning, tossing. ३. चूर्ण to turn round, affix कर्त्तरि क् ।  
 चूर्चमान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Agitated, set in motion, made to go round. ३. चूर्ण to revolve, pass. voice, शानच् aff. also चूर्चमान middle voice.  
 चृ r. 1st, 3rd and 10th cls. (चर्चति चिचति and चर्चयति) 1. To sprinkle, to wet or moisten. 2. To drop or distil. 3. To shine. भासे-चक-सेक-सक-  
 भ्रा-नु-पर-चर्चिट् । च सेके चादने च च-उम-सक-सेट् ।



- captive. 5. A. cryer, a herald. ३. शैव sound, इद् affix, and च inserted.
- शैववती f. (-ती) A lute, a Vina. ३. शैव sound, and सङ्घप् poss. aff.
- शैर n. (-र) Horror, horribleness. ३. शैर and च् aff.
- शत् mfn. (-त्-शत्-शत्) Striking, beating, hurting. ३. शत् to strike, &c. शत् aff.
- शति f. (-ति) The nose. ३. श्वा to smell, च्ति aff.
- श्रा r. 1st cl. (श्रिञ्जति) To smell, to receive smell.
- श्राव mfn. (-व-श्रा-व) Smelled. n. (-व) 1. The nose. 2. Smell, odour. 3. Smelling. ३. श्वा to smell, करणे क्त्वाट्.
- श्रावतर्पण m. (-वः) Fragrance, odour, a fragrance, a perfume. ३. श्वा the smell, and तर्पण what satisfies.
- श्रावदुःखदा f. (-दा) Sneezing. ३. श्वा, and दुःखदा paining.
- श्राव mfn. (-तः-श्रा-व) Smelled. ३. श्वा to smell, affix क्.
- श्राव्य ind. Having smelled. ३. श्वा to smell, श्राव् aff.
- श्राति f. (-ति) 1. The nose. ३. Smelling. ३. श्वा and करणे क्त्वाट्.

- ५ The fifth consonant of the Sanskrit alphabet, and the nasal of the first class; the sound of this letter corresponds with that of the nasal N in Song, &c. or in the French word bon.
- ५ m. (-ः) 1. An object of sense. 2. Desire, wish for any sensual object. ३. ५ to sound, affix. ५ विषये विषयस्य दायी मेरेवे च ।
- ५ r. 1st cl. (५वते) To sound. भा-पाठ-चक-चमिड् ।

- च The twentieth letter of the alphabet, and first of the second or palatal class of consonants, having the sound of Ch in church.
- च mfn. (च-चा-च) 1. Seedless. 2. Vile, base. m. (-च) 1. A name of SHIVA. 2. The moon. 3. A thief. 4. A tortoise. Ind A participle and conjunction copulative or disjunctive, corresponding to. 1. And. 2. Also. 3. Moreover. 4. Mutually. 5. Equally. 6. Otherwise. 7. For, on account of. 8. But. &c. 9. An expletive. ३. च् to go, or चि to collect, &c. च aff.
- च r. 1st cl. (चकते) To repel, to resist. To be satiated or satisfied. 2. To shine. चक हतो प्रतिपते च द्या-चा-चक-सेट् । भातो शीव-पर-चक-सेट्, इति । चकति ।
- चकाश (च) चकाश r. 2nd cl. (चकाशित) To shine. चका जका पर-चक-सेट् ।
- चकाशयत् mfn. (-यत्-चका-यत्) Beautifying, illuminating. ३. चकाश to shine, causal form, च्छ aff.
- चकाशित mfn. (-तः-चा-श) Illuminated, shining, splendid, beautiful. ३. चकाश, and च्छ aff.
- चकित mfn. (-तः-चा-क) 1. Timid, fearful. 2. Frightened at, afraid of. n. (-त) Timidity, groundless alarm. f. (-ता) A species of the Ashti metre. ३. चक् to repel, affix भावे क्.
- चकीर m. (-रः) The barturle or Greek partridge, (Pardix rufa or Tetrao rufus.) ३. चक् to be satisfied, कीर Unadi affix; also with चक् added चकीरच; what is satisfied with the moonbeams, upon which the bird is fabulously said to subsist.
- चकीरक m. (-कः) The Greek partridge: see the preceding.
- चकीरह mfn. (-हः) Fine-eyed. ३. चकीर, and ह् the eye.
- चक r. 10th cl. (चकवति) to give or indiot pain.

- चक्र m. (-कः) 1. Crookedness. 2. Dishonesty, ३. कृत् to be crooked, च्छ affix, and the root repeated.
- चक्र m. (-कः) 1. The ruddy or Brahmani goose, (Anas casarca.) n. (-क) 1. An army, a host. 2. A realm, a region. 3. A multitude, a heap. 4. A wheel. 5. A potter's wheel. 6. An oil mill, &c. 7. A discus or sharp circular missile weapon. 8. A whirlpool. 9. A province, a number of villages, a district. 10. A form of military array, a circular position. 11. A diagram of various sorts for calculating nativities or foretelling events. 12. A ring, circle or depression of the body for mystical, astrological or cheiromantic purposes; six such are enumerated, or Muladhara the parts about the pubis, above that the Swadhishtanam or umbilical region, and above that the Manipuram or pit of the stomach or epigastrium, Anahatam is the root of the nose, Visuddham the hollow between the frontal sinuses, and the Ajnyakhyam the fontanelle or union of the coronal and sagittal sutures; various faculties and divinities are supposed to be present in these hollows. 13. A cycle, a cycle of years. 14. (In Astronomy,) A sphere or circle, as राशिचक्र the zodiac; माकचक्र an epicyle. 15. The horizon. 16. The spiral marks of the Salagram or ammonite. ३. कृत् to do or make, with the reduplicate initial letter, affix क्, or चक् to repel, &c. with रक् aff.
- चक्रक m. (-कः) A logical form or proposition, arguing in a circle. ३. चक् implying resemblance, added to the last.
- चक्रकारक m. (-कः) A kind of perfume, apparently a dried shellfish: see मल्ली. ३. चक्र a heap, and कारक what makes.
- चक्रकुश f. (-का) A species of fern, commonly Chakuliya, (Hemionites cordifolia, Rox.)
- चक्रगुच्छ m. (-कुः) A round pillow. ३. चक्र, and गुच्छ, a pillow.
- चक्रगुच्छ m. (-कुः) A tree, (Jonesia asoca.) ३. चक्र a wheel, and गुच्छ a cluster.
- चक्रजीवक m. (-कः) A potter. ३. चक्र a wheel, and जीवक who lives by; also चक्रजीविन्.
- चक्रदंष्ट्र m. (-ष्ट्रः) A hog. ३. चक्र and दंष्ट्र a task, having a curved tusk.
- चक्रचर mfn. (-र-चा-च) Having a wheel, &c. m. (-च) 1. A village or common tumbler or juggler. 2. One who holds a wheel, discus, &c. 3. The manager or owner of many villages. 4. A name of VISHNU or KRISHNA, who is represented as holding a discus in one hand. 5. A snake. ३. चक्र a wheel, &c. and चर who holds. ५ चक् ।
- चक्रनामक m. (-ना) A pyritic ore of iron: see माचिक. ३. चक्र a wheel, &c. and नामक appellation. चक्रनाक माचिकपाती च ।
- चक्रपद्म m. (-टः) Cassia tora: see चक्रमहक. ३. चक्र a wheel, पद्म a lotus, and चट what goes or is चक् aff.
- चक्रपर्णी f. (-र्णी) A plant commonly Chakuliya, (Hemionites cordifolia, Rox.) ३. चक्र a wheel, and पर्ण a leaf, the leaves being nearly round.
- चक्रपाणि m. (-णिः) A name of VISHNU. ३. चक्र and पाणि the hand, being always represented with a discus in one hand.
- चक्रपाद m. (-दः) 1. A carriage, 2. An elephant. ३. चक्र a wheel, and पाद a foot; also चक्रपादक.
- चक्रपाल m. (-जः) 1. Superintendent of a province. 2. One who carries a discus. 3. A circle. 4. The horizon. ३. चक्र and पाल who or what protects. ३. पालि + चक् ।
- चक्रफल n. (-ल) A missile weapon, a kind of discus. ३. चक्र and फल fruit, bearing a discus as it were for fruit.
- चक्रवासव m. (-वः) The sun. ३. चक्र the ruddy goose, and वासव a friend; these birds being supposed to couple only in the day time.
- चक्रधत् m. (-धत्) A name of VISHNU. ३. चक्र a discus, and धत् who cherishes: see चक्रपाणि, &c. चक्र विभर्ति ध-क्षिप् ।
- चक्रनेदिनी f. (-नी) Night. ३. चक्र the ruddy goose, and नेदिनी what divides, (male and female;) these birds being condemned, according to the Hindus, to be separated at night. निद-चिनि क्षीप् ।

चक्रमखलिन् m. (-ली) A large snake, (Boa constrictor.) E. चक्र a wheel, and मखल a circumference, implying either that the body of the snake, or the spots on the body may be compared to a wheel.

चक्रमहं m. (-हं) Cassia tora. E. चक्र a wheel, here meaning figuratively a large leprous spot, and महं what cleanses or removes, from चक्र with चक् added; or with चक् affix चक्रमहं क.

चक्रमहं क m. (-क) See the preceding.

चक्रमुख m. (-ख) A hog. E. चक्र a discus, and मुख face; cutting the ground as it were with a sharp weapon.

चक्रयाण n. (-न) Any wheel carriage. E. चक्र a wheel, and याण a carriage.

चक्ररद m. (-र) A hog, a boar. E. चक्र and रद a tooth or tusk; see चक्रमुख.

चक्रलक्ष्म्या f. (-या) A plant, (Menispermum glabrum:) see मुद्गपत्नी.

चक्रला f. (-ला) A plant, (Kyllinga monocephala.) E. चक्र a wheel, and ल what gets. लाति ला-क । लक्ष्म्याम् ।

चक्रवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Circular, being in a ring or circle. 2. Armed with a discus. 3. Wheeled, &c. m. (-वान्) 1. The proprietor of an oil mill, or any one in which seeds are bruised. 2. VISHNU. 3. An emperor. E. चक्र a wheel, &c. मतुप् poss. aff.

चक्रवत् ind. In rotation, going round or revolving like a wheel. E. चक्र, and मतुप् aff. मय्य वः ।

चक्रवर्तिन् m. (-ती) An emperor, a sovereign of the world, the ruler of a Chakra or country described as extending from sea to sea; twelve princes beginning with Bharata are especially considered as Chakravartins. E. चक्र a reign, and वर्त्ति to abide, affix चिच् वा चिन् ।

चक्रवर्तिनी f. (-नी) A fragrant plant, commonly Chakawat, E. चक्र a heap, and वर्तिन् what abides or grows, fem. affix ङीप्.

चक्रवाक m. (-क) The ruddy goose, commonly called in India, the Brahmany duck or goose, (Anas casarca.) E. चक्र an imitative sound, and वाक speech. वक् परिभाषये कर्मणि चक् ।

चक्रवाट m. (-ट) 1. Limit, boundary. 2. A lamp stand. 3. Engaging in any action. E. चक्र and वट् वेष्टने to surround, affix चक्.

चक्रवाड m. (-ड) See चक्रवाल. चक्रमिव वाडते वेष्टयति वाड-चक् ।

चक्रवात m. (-त) A whirlwind, a hurricane. E. चक्र a circle, and वात wind.

चक्रवाल m. (-ल) A range of mountains supposed to encircle the earth, and to be the limit of light and darkness. n. (-ल) The sensible horizon. E. चक्र a region, वल् to encompass, and चक् affix; girding the world; or वाड to emerge, &c. affix चक् what emerges (from darkness), in the shape of a wheel; ड changed to ल also चक्रवाड.

चक्रव्यूह m. (-ह) The circular array of troops. E. चक्र and व्यूह array.

चक्रवृद्धि f. (-द्धि) Compound interest. E. चक्र a wheel, वृद्धि increase.

चक्रयष्टी f. (-यी) A plant bearing a crooked fruit; see चक्रयष्टी. E. चक्र a wheel, and यष्टी a line or row.

चक्रसंज्ञ n. (-ज्ञ) Tin. E. चक्र and संज्ञा a name.

चक्रसंवर m. (-र) The name of a Baud'dha deity; also डेरव. E. चक्र a discus, and संवर who holds.

चक्रहस्त m. (-स्त) VISHNU. E. चक्र and हस्त hand: holding a discus.

चक्राही f. (-ही) A wild goose. E. चक्र a number, and अहि to go, affixे चक् and ङीप् flying in large flocks.

चक्राङ्ग m. (-ङ्ग) 1. A gander. 2. A carriage. f. (-ङ्गी) 1. A goose. 2. A drug: see कटुकि. 3. A potherb, (Hilancha repens:) see द्विल्लीचिका. E. चक्र a wheel, &c. and चक्र a limb or the body.

चक्राट m. (-ट) 1. A juggler, a snake-catcher, one who exhibits snakes and pretends to cure their bites. 2. A knave, a cheat, a rogue. 3. A gold coin or certain weight of gold, a Dinar. E. चक्र a number of villages, and चट who goes, i. e. a vagabond, &c. चक्राकारमटति चट-चक् उप-सः ।

चक्राव मfn. (-व-वा-व) 1. Doing. 2. Done. E. क्त to do, वाचक् aff.

चक्राविवसिन् m. (-सी) The orange tree. E. चक्र a heap, and विवस् to abide, चिचि aff.

चक्रावत् m. (-वत्) Turning round, whirling or rotatory motion. E. चक्र a wheel, and वावत् revolving.

चक्रि m. (-क्रि) An agent, a maker, a doer. E. क्त to do, चि affix the root reduplicate and the deriv. irr.

चक्रिका f. (-का) The knee. चक्रं तदाकारीति चक्र उक् । नासुनि ।

चक्रिन् mfn. (-क्रि-क्रिणी-क्रि) 1. Having or holding a discus, &c. 2. Wheeled, having a wheel. 3. Circular. m. (-क्रि) 1. A name of VISHNU. 2. A potter. 3. The ruddy goose. 4. A snake. 5. An informer. 6. A tumbler, one who exhibits tricks with a discus or a wheel. 7. An oil grinder. 8. An emperor, a Chakravarti: see चक्रवर्तिन्. 9. One who rides in a carriage. 10. A crow. 11. An ass. 12. Cassia, (the tree.) E. चक्र a wheel, &c. and इति poss. aff.

चक्रोवत् m. (-वान्) 1. An ass. 2. The name of a king. E. चक्र a wheel, वत् affix, and deriv. irr. rolling over like a wheel.

चक्रु m. (-क्रु) An agent, a maker, a doer. E. क्त to make or do, with the reduplicate initial, and क्त Unadi aff.

चक्रेश्वरी f. (-री) A female deity peculiar to the Jainas, one of their Vidya Devis or goddesses of wisdom. E. चक्र the universe and ईश्वरी mistress.

चक् (चङ्) चक्चि r. 2nd cl. (चष्टे) 1. To speak, to tell. 2. To see; (in this sense चक् is usually prefixed.) 3. To eat. च्वा or क्य are substituted for the radical letters in several tenses of this verb. कथने च्वा च चदा-चा-सक-सेट् ।

चक्च n. (-च) 1. Eating a relish to promote drinking. 2. Speaking, saying. E. चक् to speak, to eat, affix च्चट्.

चक्चु m. (-चा) 1. A name of VRIHASPATI the preceptor of the gods. 2. A spiritual teacher, an instructor in sacred science. E. चक् to speak affix चिचि न च्वादिभ्यः ।

चक्चुवत् m. (-वत्) A snake. E. चक्चु an eye, and वत् an ear; whose eyes are ears. चक्चुवा मयीति च्चु-चसुन् चक्चुरेव च्चः कर्णे यस्व वा ।

चक्चुर्दान n. (-न) The ceremony of anointing the eyes of the image at the time of consecration. E. चक्चु and दान giving.

चक्चुर्विषय m. (-य) 1. Presence, sight. 2. An object of sight, any visible object. 3. Visibility E. चक्चु and विषय object.

चक्चुषान् mfn. (-षान्-षनी-षत्) 1. Having eyes, seeing. 2. Having fine eyes. E. चक्चु and मतुप् aff.

चक्चुय mfn. (-य-चा-च) 1. Beautiful, pleasing or well looking. 2. Fit or agreeable for the eyes. m. (-च) 1. A flower, (Pandanus odoratissimus.) 2. A plant: see पुष्करीक. 3. collyrium or application to the eyes, extracted from the Amomum anthorhiza. f. (-चा) 1. A blue stone, or according to some, the calx of brass used as collyrium. 2. A pleasing or interesting woman. E. चक्चु the eye, affix यत् । चक्चुवे दितः यत् ।

चक्चुस् n. (-चु) The eye. E. चक् to speak, and करणे चिचि aff.

चक्चुरीम m. (-प) Ophthalmia. E. चक्चु and रीम disease.

चक्चु r. 5th cl. (चक्चोति) To smite or slay. च्वा-सक-सेट् घातने ।

चक्चुर m. (-र) 1. A car, a carriage. 2. A tree. n. (-र) Any vehicle. E. चक्रि a sautra root, to wonder, and चक्चु Unadi aff.

चक्चुमय mfn. (-य-य-य) who or what goes slowly or crookedly. n. (-य) Going, proceeding, going tortuously or slowly. E. क्त to go, and the root reiterated. क्त + यक् क्चुट् यक्चुक्.

चक्चुमा f. (-मा) Going tortuously or slowly. E. क्त to go, root repeated, चक्चु and टाप् affs.

चक्चुमावत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Who or what moves slowly or crookedly. E. चक्चुमा and मतुप् aff.

चक्चु mfn. (-क्-क्वा-क्) 1. Handsome, beautiful. 2. Dexterous, clever. 3. Sound, healthy. E. च् the moon, and न what goes; what resembles the moon in beauty, &c.

चक्चुया f. (-या) A creeper, commonly Chichira.

चक्चु (च) चक्चु r. 1st cl. (चक्चति) To go, to move.

**चञ्चत्** mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्चनी-चत्) 1. Going, moving. 2. Unsteady, shaking. **ञ्च** to go, **ञ्च** aff.  
**चञ्चल** mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्चनी-च) Trembling, moving. **ञ्च** the present participle of **चञ्च** as above, affix **ञ्च**.  
**चञ्चरी** f. (-री) A bee.  
**चञ्चरीक** m. (-कः) A large black bee. **ञ्च** to go, reduplicated, **ञ्च** inserted, **ञ्च** Unadi aff.  
**चञ्चल** mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्चनी-च) 1. Trembling, Shaking, moving, unsteady, 2. Fickle, inconsiderate, inconstant, (unsteady, metaphorically.) m. (-ञ्चः) 1. The wind. 2. A lecher, a libertine, a lover. f. (-ञ्च) 1. Lightning. 2. **LAKSHMI** or the goddess of the fortune. 3. Long pepper. **ञ्च** to go, in the reiterative form, **ञ्च** inserted. **चञ्चल** **चञ्चल** । **चञ्च** गतिं लाति ला क वा ।  
**चञ्चल** n. (-ञ्च) Fickleness, inconstancy, unsteadiness. **ञ्च** **चञ्चल**, and **ल** affix; also with **तल्** affix **चञ्चलता**.  
**चञ्चलहृदय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Capricious, fickle, false hearted. **ञ्च** **चञ्चल**, and **हृदय** the heart.  
**चञ्चा** f. (-ञ्चा) 1. A mat, a stool, &c. made of reeds or basket work. 2. A puppet of grass or reeds, a man of straw. **ञ्च** to go, **चञ्च** aff.  
**चञ्चु** f. (-ञ्चुः) A beak; also **चञ्चु** m. (-ञ्चुः) 1. The castor oil plant. 2. A kind of potherb. 3. A deer. **ञ्च** to go, to eat, affix **ञ्च**.  
**चञ्चुका** f. (-का) A beak. **ञ्च** **कञ्** added to the preceding.  
**चञ्चुभृत्** m. (-भृत्) A bird. **ञ्च** a beak, and **भृत्** who possesses; also other similar compounds as **चञ्चुमत्**, &c.  
**चञ्चुमत्** mf. (-मत्-मती) A bird. **ञ्च** a beak, and **मत्** poss. aff.  
**चञ्चुर** mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Expert in, conversant with. 2. Going to, repeatedly. **ञ्च** to go, intensitive form, **चञ्च** aff. or **चञ्च** **उरञ्च**.  
**चञ्चुर्वि** m. (-विः) The tailor bird, (*Sylvia sutoria*.) **ञ्च** a beak, and **वि** a needle; having a sharp-pointed beak; also with **कञ्** added, **चञ्चुर्विकम्**.  
**चञ्चु** f. (-ञ्चुः) A beak : see **चञ्चु**, the affix being **ञ्च**.  
**चञ्चुयसाच** mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Following evil practices, behaving ill, addicted to wickedness. **ञ्च** to go, intensitive form, **चञ्च** aff.  
**चट** r. 1st. and 10th cls. (**चटति**, **चाटयति** ने) 1. To break, to pierce. 2. To kill, to injure. **भावि-पर-सक-सेट्** । **वधे भेदे च चुरा-उम-सक-सेट्** ।  
**चटक** m. (-कः) A sparrow. f. (-का) 1. A hen-sparrow. 2. A young hen-sparrow. 3. The root of long pepper : see **चटकाशिरस्** and **चटिका**.  
**ञ्च** to break, **कृन्** affix, breaking corn, &c. **चटति** भिनति धान्यादिकम् ।  
**चटकाशिरस्** n. (-रः) The root of long pepper : see **चटिकाशिरस्**; also **mas**. **चटकाशिरस्** (-राः).  
**चटिका** f. (-का) 1. The root of long pepper. 2. A sparrow : see **चटका**, &c. **चट-वा-इकञ्**.  
**चटिकाशिरस्** mn. (-राः-रः) The root of long pepper. **ञ्च** **चटका** a sparrow, and **शिरस्** a head; resembling in colour the head of a sparrow; in other forms **चटका**, **चटिकाशिरस्** and **चटकाशिरस्**, &c. .  
**चटु** mn. (-टु-टु) 1. Scream, screech. 2. Kind or agreeable discourse. m. (-टुः) 1. The belly. 2. A posture of devotion amongst ascetics. **ञ्च** to break, &c. Unadi affix **ञ्च**; also **चाटु**.  
**चटुल** mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्चनी-च) 1. Tremulous, trembling. 2. Shaking, moving. 3. Beautiful. f. (-ञ्चा) Lightning. **ञ्च** to hurt, to break, and **उलञ्च** Unadi aff.  
**चटुलास** mfn. (-सः-सा-स) Pleased with or desirous of flattery. **ञ्च** **चटु**, and **लास** desirous.  
**चटुलील** mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Tremulous and beautiful, beautiful as a soft swimming eye, &c. **ञ्च** **चटु** beautiful, and **लील** shaking, trembling.  
**चट** (रः) **चटि** r. 1st and 10th cls. (**चटते** and **चटयति** ने) To be angry, to be wrathful or passionate. **भा-वा-चक-सेट्** **अथवा चुरा-उम-चक-सेट्**.  
**चट** r. 1st cl. (**चटति**) 1. To give. 2. To sound. 3. To hurt or kill. **भा-पर-चक-सेट्** ।

**चक** m. (-कः) 1. Chick-pea, (*Cicer arisatinum*.) 2. The name of a sage f. (-का) Linseed. **ञ्च** to be given, affix **चञ्** and **कञ्** added what is given to horses, &c.  
**चककाज** m. (-जः) The name of a sage; also called **VATSYAYANA** **चक**, and **चक** born; the son of **CHA'NAKA**.  
**चककाक** n. (-कः) Pease with salt. **ञ्च** **चक**, and **चक** acid.  
**चककाकवार** n. (रः) Water drops on the leaves of the Cicer. **ञ्च** **चककाक** and **वार** water.  
**चक** mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्चनी-च) 1. Fierce, violent, passionate. 2. Hot, warm 3. Pungent, acrid. m. (-ञ्चः) 1. The tamarind tree. 2. A messenger of **YAMA**, 3. A Daitya, a demon. f. (-ञ्चा) 1. A perfume, commonly **Chor**. 2. A kind of grass, (*Andropogon aciculatum*.) 3. The name of a river in the east of Bengal. 4. A goddess, peculiar to the Jainas. f. (-ञ्चा-ञ्ची) A name of the goddess **DURGA**, applied especially to her incarnation for the purpose of destroying **Mahisasura**; this exploit forms the subject of a section of the **Markandeya Puran**, and is particularly celebrated in Bengal at the **Durga Puja**, or festival held in honour of the goddess, towards the close of the year, (Oct.-Nov.) (-ञ्ची) 1. A passionate woman. 2. A mischievous or furious woman. 3. A species of the **Atijgati** verse. n. (-ञ्च) 1. Heat, warmth. 2. Passion, wrath. **ञ्च** **चटि** to be wrathful, **चञ्च** affix, and **टा** or **छीप्** affixes of the feminine gender. **चटि** कीपे **चञ्च** **चञ्च** दाने **चञ्च** **चटने** वा **उ** **तस्य** **नेलम्** ।  
**चकता** f. (-ता) 1. Warmth, pungency. 2. Warmth of temper, passionate ness. **ञ्च** **चक** angry, and **तल्** abstract affix; also with **ल**, **चकलम्**.  
**चकनायिका** f. (-का) 1. The goddess **DURGA**. 2. One of the eight **Nayikas** **ञ्च** a demon, and **नायिका** mistress.  
**चकद्विका** f. (-का) Knowledge of mystical nature, acquired by worship of the **Nayikas**. **ञ्च** **चक**, and **द्वि** **SIVA**, **वृन्** aff.  
**चकवत्** mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Passionate, violent, warm. f. (-वती) 1. A name or form of **DURGA**. 2. One of her attendants. **ञ्च** **चक** anger, and **वत्** poss. aff.  
**चकटा** m. (तः) A fragrant plant, (*Nerium odorum*;) also **प्रतीहास**. **ञ्च** **चक** heat, and **चत्** to go or be, affix **चञ्**.  
**चकटाक** mn. (-कः-कः) A short petticoat. **ञ्च** **चकटा** an angry woman, **चत्** to go, and **कञ्** affix; it being described as the garb of women of some consequence, and therefore privileged to give themselves airs.  
**चकाल** m. (-ञ्चः) An outcaste, a **Chandala**, the generic name for a man of the lowest of the mixed tribes, born from a **Sudra** father and **Brahman** mother. **ञ्च** **चक** angry, and **चल** able, or **चञ्च** to be angry, and **चालञ्** Unadi affix; proper to execute all vile or barbarous acts; also **चाञ्चाल**.  
**चकालवक्त्र** f. (-वती) A common or vulgar lute. **ञ्च** **चकाल** an outcaste, and **वक्त्र** a lute.  
**चकालिका** f. (-का) 1. A common lute. 2. A name of the goddess **DURGA**. 3. A plant. **ञ्च** **चकाल**, and **इकञ्** affix; or **चञ्च** a demon, &c. **चाञ्च** a line or troop, and **कञ्** affix; hence also **चकालिका**.  
**चक्रीय** m. (-यः) The sun. **ञ्च** **चक** hot, **चञ्च** ray.  
**चकिका** f. (-का) The goddess **DURGA**. **ञ्च** **कञ्** added to **चञ्ची** q. v. also **चकटा** and **चञ्ची**. **चञ्ची** स्थायं न **चटि** कीपे **चञ्च** वा ।  
**चकिल** m. (-कः) 1. A barber. 2. A name of **SIVA**. 3. A kind of potherb : see **वाल्क**. f. (-का) The name of a river. **ञ्च** **चटि** to be wrathful, or to cause wrath, and **इलञ्** Unadi aff.  
**चक्री** f. (-ञ्ची) **DURGA**; see **चक**. **चञ्च** **वक्त्र**-वा **जीव** ।  
**चक्रीकुसुम** m. (-ञ्चः) Red oleander. **ञ्च** **चक्री**, and **कुसुम** a flower.  
**चक्यु** m. (-ञ्चुः) 1. A rat. 2. A small monkey, (*Simia erythroa*.) **ञ्च** **चटि** to be passionate, **उ** aff.  
**चत** (रः) **चति** r. 1st cl. (**चतति** ने) To ask, to beg, to solicit.  
**चतुः** ind. Four times : see **चतुर्**.  
**चतुःशाल** nf. (-ञ्च-ञ्चा) A square formed by four houses. **ञ्च** **चतुर्** four, **शाला**

a hall or house : the compound takes the neuter gender or the feminine, with टाप् affix ; also with कन् added चतुःशालं चतुःशालां चतुःशालां समाहारः ।

चतुःषष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) 1. The number sixty-four. 2. The Rig Veda. 3. Art science collectively, supposed to comprise sixty-four branches. ३. चतुर् four, and षष्टि sixty ; before व, र becomes Visarga. चतुःषष्टि षष्टिः ।

चतुर् mfn plu only, (चत्वारः चतस्रः चत्वारि) Four : in composition, and the last member of a compound, the numeral is inflected in all the numbers ; thus प्रियचतुर् Who has four favorites, makes masc. and fem. (sing.) प्रियचत्वारि (du.) चत्वारो (plu) चत्वारः and n. (sing.) प्रियचतुः (du.) चत्वारो (plu) चत्वारि, &c. बहुवचनान्तः चत-उत्तरम् ।

चतुर mfn (-रः रा-रं) 1. Dexterous, ingenious, clever. 2. Visible, perceptible. m. (-रः) 1 A round pillow, one for the cheek. 3. An elephant stable. ३. चत् to ask, Unadi affix उत्तरम् ।

चतुरङ्ग n. (-ङ्ग) 1. An entire army, comprising elephants, cars, horse and foot. 2. A sort of chess. ३. चतुर्, and चङ्ग a member. चत्वारि चङ्गानि यस्य ।

चतुरङ्गवत् n. (-वं) An entire army : see the last. ३. चतुरङ्ग, and वत् an army. [army.]

चतुरङ्गसैन्य n. (-सैन्य) An entire army : see चतुरङ्ग. ३. चतुरङ्ग, and सैन्य an army.

चतुरङ्गिन् mfn. (-ङ्गी-ङ्गी-ङ्गी-ङ्गी) Having four parts or members. f. (-ङ्गी) An army. ३. चतुरङ्ग and इति aff.

चतुरङ्गुल mfn. (-ङ्गुलः-ङ्गुलः) Four fingers, (long, &c.) m. (-ङ्गुलः) A kind of Cassia, (Cassia fistula) ३. चतुर् four, and चङ्गुली a finger ; the leaves being four fingers in length.

चतुरङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गुलः-ङ्गुलः) Four cornered, quadrangular. n. (-ङ्गुलः) A square. ३. चतुर् four, and चङ्ग a corner.

चतुरानन m. (-नः) A name of BRAHMA. ३. चतुर् four, and चानन face ; four-faced.

चतुर्गति m. (-तिः) A tortoise. ३. चतुर् four (feet), and गति motion ; a quadruped.

चतुर्गुण mfn. (-गुणः-गुणः) Four times, four-fold. ३. चतुर्, and गुण multi- plication.

चतुर्थ mfn. (-र्थः-र्थः-र्थः-र्थः) Fourth. f. (-र्थः) The fourth lunation. ३. चतुर् four. षट् पुक् अङ्गि. चतुर्थी पूरव षट् पुक् च ।

चतुर्थकाल n. (-कालः) The fourth season, implying especially the evening of every second day of a person's fasting, ३. चतुर्थ, and काल time.

चतुर्थफल n. (-फलः) (In astronomy.) The second inequality or equation of a planet. ३. चतुर्थ, and फल quotient.

चतुर्थी m. (-ती) A quarter, a fourth part. ३. चतुर्थ, and चतुर्थी part.

चतुर्थिका f. (-का) A Pala. ३. चत् fem. form added to चतुर्थ.

चतुर्दन्त mfn. (-दन्तः-दन्तः) Four-toothed. ३. चतुर् four, दन्त substituted for दन्त a tooth.

चतुर्दन्त m. (-दन्तः) INDRA's elephant. ३. चतुर् four, and दन्त a tooth.

चतुर्दश min. (-दशः-दशः) Fourteen. f. (-दशः) The fourteenth lunation. ३. चतुर्-दश, and दश aff.

चतुर्दशन् mfn. plur. (-दश) Fourteen. ३. चतुर् and दशन् ten.

चतुर्दली n. (-ली) A royal letter. ३. चतुर् four, (supporters,) दली a swing.

चतुर्गुण ind. Four times, four-fold. ३. चतुर् and गुण aff.

चतुर्भेद n. (-भेदः) The aggregate of four objects of human wishes, viz. virtue, love, wealth, and final beatitude. ३. चतुर् four, and भेद four- fortunate, auspicious : see चतुर्भेद.

चतुर्भाग m. (-गः) Fourth part. ३. चतुर् and भाग a share.

चतुर्भुज m. (-भुजः) 1. A name of VISHNU 2. An equilateral tetragon. ३. चतुर् four, and भुज an arm.

चतुर्भुज m. (-भुजः) 1. The deity BRAHMA. 2. A preparation of mercury. ३. चतुर् and भुज a face.

चतुर्भुग n. (-भुगः) The aggregate of the four Yugs or ages of the Hindus, a Mahayuga or 4,320,000 years. ३. चतुर् four, and भुग an age.

चतुर्भुज m. (-भुजः) A name of BRAHMA. ३. चतुर् four, and भुज a face : see चतुर्भुज and other synonymous compounds.

चतुर्भेद m. (-भेदः) 1. The four objects of human pursuit collectively see चतुर्भेद. 2. Any assemblage of four things. ३. चतुर् four, and भेद class.

चतुर्भेद m. (-भेदः) 1. The four classes of Hindus. 2. Four principal colours. 3. Four letters. ३. चतुर्, and भेद tribe.

चतुर्विद्य m. (-विद्यः) A priest who has studied the four Vedas. ३. चतुर् four, विद्या knowledge : also चतुर्वेद, and with चत् added चतुर्विद्य and चतुर्वेद.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-विधः-विधः) Of four sorts or kinds, in four ways. ३. चतुर्, and विध kind.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-विधः-विधः) Depositing, placing, fixing.

चतुर्भुजिका f. (-का) A square of four houses, or a court enclosed by four buildings. ३. चतुर्, and भुजिका a hall.

चतुर्भुज mfn. (-भुजः-भुजः) Four. f. (-भुजः) 1. A large four-sided pond or tank. 2. A bed or mosquito curtain. 3. A necklace of four strings. ३. चतुर् four, कन् affix, and र is changed to व. चतुर्भुजं चत्वारोऽयं यत्नं वा कम् ।

चतुर्भुज mfn. (-भुजः-भुजः) Square, quadrangular. m. (-भुजः) A square, a tetragon. ३. चतुर्, and भुज a corner.

चतुर्भुज mfn. (-भुजः-भुजः) 1. Four. 2. Four-fold. n. (-भुजः) 1. A square. 2. The centre of a circle. 3. The aggregate of four. ३. चतुर्, and त्वप् aff. चत्वारोऽयं विधा यस्य त्वप् ।

चतुर्भुज m. (-भुजः) A Brahman. n. (-भुजः) A place where four roads meet. ३. चतुर् four, and पथि a road, चत् aff. चत्वारः पथानः ब्रह्मचर्यादयः चायमा यस्य चत् समासः ।

चतुर्भुज nf. (-दो) Verse, a metre of stanzas especially consisting of four Padas or lines. m. (-दो) An animal with four legs, a quadruped. ३. चतुर् four, and पद for पाद a foot also read चतुर्भुज चत्वारि पदानि चत्वारि चत् ।

चतुर्भुज f. (-ती) A river. ३. चतुर् four (the four quarters), and पाटी what goes. चत्वारि दिग्गः पाटयति पाटि-चत् उप सः ।

चतुर्भुज f. (-ती) A school for Brahmins. ३. चतुर् four, (the Vedas,) पाठ perusal. चत्वारि वेदानां पाठोऽयं गीर्वा-ङ्गी ।

चतुर्भुज m. (-भुजः) A name of VISHNU. ३. चतुर् four, and पाणि a hand, four-handed. चत्वारः पाण्योऽयम् ।

चतुर्भुज mfn. (-पाणः) 1. A quadruped. 2. A whole of four parts or quaters 3. A judicial procedure, consisting of four processes, plea, defence, rejoinder, and sentence. ३. चतुर् and पाद a foot.

चतुर्भुज n. (-भुजः) An unguent of four ingredients, Sandal, agallochum, saffron, and musk. ३. चतुर् four, and सम equal, same.

चतुर्भुज m. (-भुजः) A Baud'dha, a Bud'dha saint. ३. चतुर्भुजं thirty-four, ज्ञातक species, and ज्ञा who knows.

चतुर्भुज n. (-रः) 1. A levelled spot of ground prepared for a sacrifice. 2. A court yard. ३. चत् to ask, Unadi affix उत्तरम् ।

चतुर्भुज m. (-भुजः) 1. A hole in the ground, &c. prepared for oblation with fire. 2. The womb. 3. Kusa grass. ३. चत् to ask, वाक् affix, or with वाक् affix, चत्वारि.

चद r. 1st cl. (चद) (चदति-ते) To ask or beg, to solicit. (चद) चदि (चदति) 1. To gladden. 2. To shine. भू-चिक्-उन्-सेट् ।

चदिर mf. (-रः-रा) 1. An elephant. 2. The moon. 3. Camphor. 4. A snake. ३. चद to shine, किरच् Unadi aff.

चन r. 1st and 10th cls. (चनति, चनयति) To hurt, to injure in any manner, to wound or kill, &c. 2. To believe, to confide. 3. To make a sound. भू-पर-सक-सेट् । चरा-पर-सक-सेट् ।

चन ind. A particle affixed to certain words, giving them an indefinite signification, as कदा when, कदाचन some, when, at sometime, कः who, कस्य some one ; see चित् ३. चत् to sound, affix चत् ।

चनच् n. (-नः) Food. ३. च चत् Unadi affix, and षट् augment.

चन्द m. (-न्दः) The moon. ३. चदि to shine, affix चत् see चन्द.

च mfn. (-चः-का-च) Pleasing, joy-inspiring. m. (-चः) 1. The moon. 2. Moonlight. 3. A small silvery fish, of a genus allied to the Zeus, (Chanda, HAM) E. चन्द इव कायति कै क ।

चपुष n. (-चः) Cloves. E. चन्दक, and पुष flower.

च mn. (-चः-क) Sandal, (Sirium myrtifolium;) it implies either the tree, the wood, or the unctuous preparations of the wood, held in high estimation as perfumes. n. (-क) Red Sandal wood: see रत्नचन्दन. m. (-चः) A kind of ape. f. (-नी) The name of a river. E. चदि to gladden, to delight, affix चिच्, क्.

माचल m. (-चः) The Malaya mountain, part of the southern range of the Ghats, where Sandal wood is procured. E. चन्दन and चवल a hill, the Sandal hill; also similar names, as चन्दनादि, चन्दन-पर्वत, &c.

र m. (-रः) 1. An elephant. 2. The moon. E. चदि to shine, &c. Unadi affix चिरच्.

m. (-चः) 1. The moon considered as a planet or a deity. 2. Camphor. 3. Water. 4. Gold. 5. A plant, (Crinum:) see रीचनी. 6. (In composition) Pre-eminent, (as पुण्ड्रचन्द्र an eminent man, a chief, a moon of men.) 7. The edge in the peacock's tail. 8. One of the eighteen minor Dwipas or divisions of the known continent. 9. The mark of the soft aspirate. 10. A pearl with a red tinge. 11. Any thing giving pleasure. f. (-च्चा) 1. An awning, a canopy. 2. Small cardamoms: see रन्ध्या. E. चदि to shine Unadi affix चिच्, रच्.

क m. (-कः) 1. The moon. 2. A ring, a circle, (like the moon.) 3. The eye in a peacock's tail. 4. A finger nail. 5. A fish, (Chanda, HAM.) n. (-क) Black pepper. E. चन्द the moon, and क affix of resemblance, चन्द इव कायति कै क ।

कवत् m. (-वान्) A peacock. E. चन्दक the mark in his tail, मनुच् aff.

कला f. (-का) 1. A digit, or one-sixteenth of the moon's orb; each is personified as a female divinity, and worshipped in some Tantrika ceremonies. 2. A small drum. 3. A fish commonly called Vacha or Bacha, (Pimelodus vacha, HAM) E. चन्द the moon, and कला a digit.

काल m. (-कः) A fabulous gem, the moon-stone, supposed to be formed of the congelation of the rays of the moon; a kind of crystal may perhaps be meant. mn. (-कः-क) 1. Sandal. 2. The white water lily. f. (-का) 1. Night. 2. The wife of the moon. E. चन्द, the moon, and काल splendid or beloved.

किन् m. (-की) A peacock. E. चन्दक the eye of the peacock's tail, and रनि poss. aff.

रत्न m. (-रः) 1. The registrar of YAMA's court. 2. CHANDRAGUPTA a king of Pataliputra.

गोल n. (-गः) The orb or sphere of the moon. E. चन्द, and गोल a ball.

गोचर m. (-रः) A deceased and defied progenitor. E. चन्द्रगोचर and रत्न who stays or abides; an inhabitant of the lunar sphere.

गोलिका f. (-का) Moonlight. E. चन्द्रगोल the lunar orb, and गल् affix; derived from the moon.

रञ्ज mfn. (-रञ्जः-रञ्ज) A small fish, (Chanda, HAM) E. चन्द, and रञ्ज resembling, quivering, and glistening like the moon.

रत्न plu. m. (-रत्नः) The twenty-seven lunar mansions, which in mythology, are so many nymphs, daughters of DAKSHA, and wedded to CHANDRA, or the moon. E. चन्द, and रत्न a wife.

रत्न mfn. (-रत्नः-रत्न) Like the moon, bright, handsome. E. चन्द and रत्न what resembles.

रत्ना f. (-रत्ना-नी) The name of a river, the Chennab, one of the five streams of the Punjab. E. चन्द्रनाग the name of a mountain, part of the Himalaya range, where the river is said to have its source, affix of derivation चच्, hence also it may be read चन्द्रनाग-नी ।

रत्न m. (-रत्नः) The eight Jina or Jaina pontiff. f. (-रत्ना) 1. Moonlight.

2. A compound of various drugs used in jaundice, piles, &c. E. चन्द and रत्ना light. चन्दरत्न रत्ना इव रत्ना चन्द ।

चन्द्रकान्त m. (-चिः) The Chandrakanta or moon-gem: see चन्द्रकान्त. E. चन्द, the moon, and कान्त a gem.

चन्द्रमण्डल n. (-ली) The orb or disc of the moon, the lunar sphere. E. चन्द and मण्डल circle.

चन्द्रमण्डल m. (-नाः) The moon. E. चन्द, camphor, ना to taste or measure, and चतुस् Unadi affix, ना देह: rendering all objects white like camphor.

चन्द्रवीरि m. (-चिः) A name of SIVA. E. चन्द and वीरि a crest; this deity being represented with a half moon on his fore-head.

चन्द्ररेखा f. (-खा) A digit of the moon. E. चन्द and रेखा a line.

चन्द्ररेख m. (-खः) A plagiarist, a poetical thief, (काव्यचोर) E. चन्द the moon, and रेख dust.

चन्द्रलेखा f. (-खा) 1. A plant, (Serrautala anthelmintica;) see लीमराजी. 2. A digit of the moon. E. चन्द, and लेखा a line or mark.

चन्द्रलोक n. (-क) The sphere or heaven of the moon. E. चन्द and लोक world.

चन्द्रलोह n. (-ह) Silver. E. चन्द, and लोह metal; also चन्द्रलोहक.

चन्द्रवंश m. (-वः) The race of the moon, the second great branch of the Kshetriya or royal dynasties, derived from the moon, through BUDHA his son, and Pururavas his son. E. चन्द, and वंश race.

चन्द्रवंशिन् m. (-शी) A member of the lunar dynasty. E. चन्द्रवंश and इनि aff.

चन्द्रवल्ली f. (-री) 1. A kind of asclepias, (A. acida:) see लीमराजी. 2. Rue. See रत्नाजी. E. चन्द the moon, and वल्ली a creeper. लीमराजी कावरी लतायाम् च ।

चन्द्रवाजा f. (-जा) Large cardamoms. E. चन्द camphor, and वाजा a child, a diminutive term in general.

चन्द्रविहङ्गन m. (-नः) A kind of crane. E. चन्द the moon, (as white,) and विहङ्गन a bird.

चन्द्रवत् n. (-त्) 1. A regal property or virtue. 2. A kind of penance. see चन्द्रायत्त. E. चन्द, the moon, and वत् religious observance.

चन्द्रमाला f. (-ला) 1. Moonlight. 2. An upper room, an apartment on the top of the house. E. चन्द, the moon, and माला a hall. चन्द: माला इव काधारी माला: । मालाकायान्, मालादोपरिस्थि गृहे (विजय चर) ।

चन्द्रमालिका f. (-का) A room on the top of a house. E. कल् affixed to the preceding.

चन्द्रशेखर m. (-रः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. The name of a mountain; one so called is amongst the hills of Aracan. E. चन्द, the moon, and शेखर a crest; whose crest is the moon. चन्द: चन्द्रकला शेखरे चन्द ।

चन्द्रसंघ m. (-घः) Camphor. E. चन्द, and संघा a name: having all the synonyms of the moon.

चन्द्रसन्ध m. (-नः) Budha, the planet MERCURY. E. चन्द, and सन्ध son.

चन्द्रसन्धवा f. (-वा) Small cardamoms. E. चन्द, the moon, and सन्ध produced.

चन्द्रसालोक n. (-लः) Attainment of the lunar heaven. E. चन्द, and सालोक domicile.

चन्द्रबाण m. (-बाणः) 1. A scimitar. 2. the sword of RAVANA. f. (-बा) Moon plant, (Menispermum glabrum.) n. (-बा) Silver. E. चन्द the moon, and बाण what derides: outvicing the moon in brightness.

चन्द्राकृति mfn. (-ति: ति: ति) Moon-shaped, like the moon, (in roundness, whiteness, &c.) E. चन्द, and अकृति form.

चन्द्रातप m. (-तपः) 1. Moonlight. 2. An awning. E. चन्द, the moon, and आतप shining. चन्द्रकला आती गमनं ततः पाति-पा-क । चांदीया ।

चन्द्रार्ध n. (-र्धः) A half moon, a crescent. E. चन्द and अर्ध half.

चन्द्रापीठ m. (-पीठः) A name of SIVA. E. चन्द the moon, and आपीठ a chaplet; who has the moon like a chaplet amidst his hair.

चन्द्राभास m. (-भासः) A false moon, an appearance like the moon. E. चन्द, and आभास resembling.



चन्द्रिका f. (-का) 1. Moonlight. 2. A small fish, commonly Chanda, (Chanda of var. species, HAM) 3. Large cardamoms. E. चन्द, the moon, चन्द्रोक्ति चन्दाः चाययत्नं ठन् । चदि दीती रक्ततः स्थाये कवा ।  
 चन्द्रिकाद्राव m. (-वः) The moon-stone. E. चन्द्रिका and द्राव what fuses ; liquefying in moonlight. चन्द्रिकाया द्रावी निबन्दी यत् । चन्द्रिकासमवी ।  
 चन्द्रिकापायिन् m. (-वी) The Chakora or hill partridge. E. चन्द्रिका and पायिन् who drinks. चन्द्रिका पिबति पा-चिदि ।  
 चन्द्रिकाञ्ज n. (-जः) The white lotus. E. चन्द्रिका and चञ्जुञ्ज a lotus. चन्द्रिकेव पुष्पमञ्जुञ्जम् । चितीयके ।  
 चन्द्रि m. (-कः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. A harber. 3. A potherb, (Chenopodium album.) E. चन्द, the moon or weapon, &c. bright as the moon, and इलच् aff.  
 चन्द्रोदय m. (-यः) 1. An awning, a cloth spread over the large open courtyard of Hindu houses, upon festival occasions. 2. Moon-rise. 3. A mercurial preparation used in medicine E. चन्द, the moon, and उदय rising, (of a planet, &c.)  
 चन्द्रोपल m. (-लः) Moongem ; see चन्द्रकास. E. चन्द, the moon, and उपल a stone. चन्द्रप्रियः उपलः । चन्द, कालमयी ।  
 चप r. 1st cl. (चपति) To caress, to coax, to soothe or console, r. 10th cl. (चपयति-ते) To grind or pound. (च) चपि r. 1st and 10th cls. (चपति, चपयति) To go, to move. आ-पर-सक्त-सिट् चुरा-उभ-सक्त-सिट् ।  
 चपट m. (-टः) The palm with extended fingers : see चपेट.  
 चपल mfn. (-लः-ला-ली) 1. Trembling, tremulous, shaking. 2. Wavering, unsteady. 3. Inconsiderately criminal. 4. Swift, expeditious ; (also in this sense, or swiftly, adv. n. (-लं) 5. Momentary, instantaneous. 6. Agitated violently, overcome with alarm, &c. m. (-लः) 1. Quicksilver. 2. A kind of stone. 3. A fish. 4. A thief. f. (-ला) 1. The goddess LAKSHMI or fortune. 2. Lightning. 3. A whore. 4. Long pepper. 5. The tongue. 6. Spirituous liquor. 7. A species of the Arya metre. E. चप् to go, affix चलच् or चुप् to move, Unadi affix कल and the radical vowel changed.  
 चपलता f. (-ता) 1. Moving, trembling. 2. Fickleness, inconstancy E. तल् added to the last, also with ल, चपलतम्.  
 चपलाञ्जक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Of a fickle or inconstant nature E. चपल, आञ्ज self, and कच् added.  
 चपेट m. (-टः) The palm of the hand with the fingers extended. E. चप् to go, affix चच्, चप trembling, and णट what goes or is, from णट् with क् affix ; also चपट and चपेट.  
 चपेटाघात m. (-तः) A slap with the open hand. E. चपेट, and आघात a blow.  
 चपेटिका f. (-का) A slap with the open hand. E. चपेट, and युच् aff.  
 चम (ड) चम् r. 1st and 5th cls. (चमति, चमोति) To eat, to drink, to take any thing into the mouth, as food, whether solid or liquid. With चाङ् prefixed, (चाचामति) To sip as water With चि, (चिचमति) To eat. आ-प-सक्त-सिट् खादि वा.  
 चमत्कारण n. (-णः) 1. Astonishing, producing wonder or surprise. 2. Festival. 3. spectacle. 4. High poetical composition. E. चमत् a sound of surprise, and करण making ; also चमत्कार and चमत्कृति.  
 चमत्कार m. (-रः) 1. Astonishment, surprise. 2. Show, spectacle. 3. Row, riot, festive or angry turbulence. 4. Elaborate style or high poetical composition. 5. The name of a tree : see चपामार्ग E. चमत् a sound of surprise, and कार making 'चमदित्यव्यक्त' क्रियते हभावे चम् ।  
 चमत्कारिन् mfn. (-रि-रिची-रि) Unusual, surprising, astonishing. E. चमत्कार, and इनि aff.  
 चमत्कृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Surprised, astonished, E. चमत्, and कृत made.  
 चमत्कृति f. (-तिः) Display, spectacle, &c. ; see चमत्कारण.  
 चमर n. (-रः) 1. A Chowri or long brush, most usually made of the tail-hairs of the Yak or Bos Grunniens, and employed to whisk off insects, flies, &c. 2. The name of a demon. f. (-री) A compound pedicle. mf. (-रः-री) A kind of deer, or rather the Bos Grunniens,

erroneously classed by the Hidu writers amongst the deer. E. चम् to eat or be eaten, चरच् aff.

चमरपुच्छ m. (-च्छः) A small animal with a bushy tail ; a squirrel. n. (-च्छः) A Chowri. E. चमर, and पुच्छ tail.

चमरिज m. (-जः) A species of ebony, (Bauhinia variegata.) E. चमर a Chowri, and उन् affix, growing in clusters, resembling a Chowri.

चमस mf. (-सः-सी) 1. A vessel used at sacrifices for drinking the juice of the acid asclepias, a kind of ladle or spoon. 2. A cake made of barley, rice or lentils ground to meal. 3. A plant, commonly Khetsappra, (Mollugo pentaphylla.) 4. A sweetmeat, or flour, sesamum, &c. mixed up with sugar into a kind of cake, &c. E. चम् to eat, चसच् Unadi affix, fem. affix लीच्.

चम् f. (-च्) 1. An army. 2. A squadron, a division of an army consisting of 129 elephants, as many cars, 2187 horse, and 3685 foot. E. चम् to eat or destroy, (the enemy.) and ज् Unadi aff.

चम्बर m. (-रः) A soldier, a warrior. E. चम्, and चर who marches.

चम्पति m. (-तिः) A general of division, any general. E. चम्, and पति master.

चम्ब m. (-बः) A kind of deer. E. चम् to be eaten, चरच् affix, and ड final added. प्रवीदरादिलान् चत उल्लम् ।

चम्प r. 1st cl. (चम्पति) To go or move.

चम्प m. (-म्पः) Mountain ebony, (Bauhinia variegata.) f. (-म्पा) The capital of KARNA, the modern Bhagalpur, or a place in its vicinity. E. चपि to go. &c. चम् and टाप् aff.

चम्पक m. (-कः) 1. A tree bearing a yellow fragrant flower, (Michelia champaca.) 2. A division of the jack fruit. n. (-कं) The flower of the Champa. 2. A variety of the banana or plantain, (the fruit.) E. चपि to shine, &c. affix क्च्.

चम्पकाञ्ज m. (-ञ्जः) The Jack or Indian bread fruit tree, (Artocarpus integrifolia.) E. चम्पक as above, and आञ्जच् poss. aff.

चम्पकोव m. (-वः) The Jack : see the preceding.

चम्पाधिप m. (-पः) A name of KARNA. E. चम्पा the city, and अधिप ruler.

चम्पापुरी f. (-री) The city Champa ; see चम्पा. E. चम्पा and पुर a city.

चम्पाचु f. (-चुः) The Jack : see चम्पकाञ्ज. E. चम्प for चम्पक, and आचुच् aff.

चम्पावती f. (-ती) The district of Champa : or Bhagulpur. E. चम्प the ebony tree, and वतुप् poss. affix, abounding in such trees.

चम्पू f. (-म्पूः) A work in which the same subject is continued through alternations in the composition of prose and verse. E. चम् to eat or be eaten, च् affix प inserted ; what is relished by persons of taste.

चम्पूज m. (-जः) KARNA the natural brother of the Pand'us. E. चम्पा the city Champa, and र्ज् sovereign.

चम्पीपल्लित m. (-तः) The district of champa or Bha'gulpur, or m. plu. (-ताः) The inhabitants. E. चम्प the ebony, and उपल्लित designated : see चम्पावती.

चम्प r. 1st cl. (चम्पति) To go, to move. आ-पर-सक्त-सिट् गती । [सिट् ।

चम्प r. 1st cl. (चम्पति) To go to or towards, to go, to move. आ-आ-सक्त-

चम्प m. (-पः) 1. An assemblage, a multitude. 2. A heap, a collection. 3. A mound of earth, raised to form the foundation of a building. 4. A rampart or mound of earth raised from the ditch of a fort. 5. The gate of a fort. 6. Any edifice. 7. A seat, a stool. 8. A cover, a covering E. चि to collect, aff. चच्.

चम्पन n. (-नः) Collecting, gathering. E. चि to collect, क्च् aff.

चम्पीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be collected or gathered. E. चि to collect, चम्पीय aff.

चम्प r. 1st cl. (चम्पति) 1. To go. 2. To eat. 3. To behave or act, (in this sense चाङ् is usually prefixed ; ) With चति, and चाङ् prefixed, To transgress, to go astray. With चति, 1. To deceive, to betray. 2. To conjure. 3. To attend. With चम्प, 1. To follow, to attend. 2. To imitate. With चाङ् To practise a duty. With उच्, (उचरते) 1. To

transgress. 2. To expel. 3. (उचरति) To go up, to rise. With च, 1. To approach. 2. To worship With परि, To serve. With ण, 1. To prevail as a custom. 2. To declare, to manifest. With वि and चरि, To go astray, to act wickedly. With सन् (सचरते) 1. To ride upon. 2. (सचरति) To accompany. With सन् and चार् 1. To perform. 2. To announce. r. 10th cl. (चारयति) 1. To doubt 2. To be free from doubt. With वि prefixed, To discuss, to dispute, to reason upon or respecting any doubtful points. आ-पर-सक-सिट् । पु-उभ-सक-सिट् ।  
 चर mfn. (-र-रा or -री-र) 1. Moveable, locomotive. 2. Trembling, shaking, unsteady. m. (-रः) 1. A spy, a secret emissary or agent. 2. The planet Mars. 3. A game played with dice and men, similar to backgammon. 4. A wagtail. 5. A cowri. 6. The seventh Karana, (in Astrology.) 7. The Kāfanas collectively. f. (-री) A young woman. z. चर् to go, affix चर् or टच् and in the latter case the fem. affix is क्तीप्.  
 चरक m. (-कः) 1. The author of a treatise upon medicine : applied also to the work. 2. A spy or secret emissary, &c. z. चर् to go, Unadi affix. स्तार्थे क संज्ञायाम् कन् वा ।  
 चरट mf. (-टः-टी) A wagtail ; also चर. z. चर् वा चटच् । छल्लनखने ।  
 चरच mn. (-चः-च) 1. A foot. 2. The root of a tree. A race, a family. 4. A portion of the Vedas, 5. Fixed or instituted observance. 6. The peculiarity of condition or conduct implied by the English affix hood, as manhood, priesthood, &c. 7. The fourth part of a stanza. 4. (in Prosody.) A dactyl. n. (-चः) 1. Wandering, roaming, going round or about. 2. Eating. z. to चर् go affix चरचे क्कुट्.  
 चरचल्लिखय n. (-यः) The foot of a lover, or deity, &c. z. चरच and लिखय lotus filament.  
 चरचगत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Fallen at one's feet, prostrate. z. चरच and गत gone.  
 चरचयति f. (-यिः) The ankle. z. चरच the foot, and यति a joint.  
 चरचपतन n. (-नः) Prostration, falling at the feet. z. चरच and पतन falling.  
 चरचपतित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Prostrate, fallen at the feet. z. चरच and पतित fallen.  
 चरचपात m. (-तः) Tread, trampling, foot-fall. z. चरच and पात falling.  
 चरचयुग n. (-युगः) 1. Both the feet. 2. Two lines of a stanza. z. चरच, and युग a pair.  
 चरचसेवा f. (-वा) Service, devotion. z. चरच and सेवा service.  
 चरचाई n. (-ई) 1. The half of the foot. 2. Half of the fourth of a stanza z. चरच and चाई half.  
 चरचामनित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Trodden down, bent or bowed under the feet. z. चरच and आमनित bowed.  
 चरचामरच n. (-चः) An ornament on the feet. z. चरच and आमरच ornament.  
 चरचामृत n. (-तः) The water in which the feet of a venerable Brahman or teacher have been washed. z. चरच and अमृत nectar.  
 चरचायुध m. (-युः) A cock. z. चरच the foot, and आयुध a weapon, whose foot is his weapon. z. चरचम् आयुधं युद्धम् । कुकुटे ।  
 चरचारविन्द n. (-न्दः) The foot (of a deity, a lover, &c.) z. चरच and चरविन्द a lotus ; also many similar compounds, as चरचपद्म, चरचसमल, चरचनलिम, &c.  
 चरचालन्दन n. (-नः) Trampling, trading on. z. चरच and आलन्दन going.  
 चरचीदक n. (-कः) Water in which the feet of a venerable Brahman or spiritual teacher have been washed. z. चरच and उदक water.  
 चरचीपय mfn. (-यः-या-य) In contact with the feet, at the feet. z. चरच. and उदय approached.  
 चरत् mfn. (-रन् रती रत्) Going, going to, z. चर् to go, हट् aff.  
 चरपुट m. (-टः) A mediator.  
 चरन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Last, ultimate, final. 2. West, western. चर् to go, चनच् Unadi aff.  
 चरनज्वालन् m. (-जन्) The western mountain behind which the sun is

supposed to set. z. चरन western, and ज्वालन् a mountain ; also चरनाचल, &c.

चरनाचल m. (-चः) See the preceding.

चरनादि m. (दिः) See चरनज्वालन् ; also other similar compounds.

चराचर mfn. (-रः-रा-री-र) 1. Moveable, locomotive. 2. Shaking, trembling, unsteady. 3. Wished, desired. 4. Moveable and immovable. n. (-रः) 1. The world 2. Sky, atmosphere. 3. Heaven, paradise. 4. The aggregate of all things, whether inanimate or animate. z. चर् to go, affix चर् and the derivative reiterated, चार् inserted ; or चर् what goes and चचर् what does not go.

चरि m. (-रिः) An animal in general. z. चर् locomotive, and च Unadi aff.

चरित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Gone, gone to, attained. n. (-तः) Fixed institute, proper or peculiar observance : see चरच. 2. Story, adventures. 3. Practice, behaviour. 4. Nature. z. चर् to go, affix त्.

चरितच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) To be followed or observed. z. चर् and तच् aff  
 चरिताच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Effected, accomplished. 2. Successful. z. चरित and चर् object.

चरितगुचल n. (-लः) 1. Accompaniment, assistance. 2. Meritorious conduct. z. चरित and गुचल faculty.

चरित n. (-चः) 1. Instituted and peculiar observance or conduct. 2. Story, adventures 3. Practice, habit, behaviour. 4. Nature, disposition. f. (-चा) The tamarind tree. z. चर् to go, हट् Unadi aff.

चरितबन्धन n. (-नः) A friendly pledge, one of unequal value to the loan. z. चरित and बन्धन a pledge.

चरिच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Moveable, locomotive. 2. Wandering about. z. चर् to go, and हटच् aff.

चरीच n. (-चः) Practice conduct behaviour : see चरिच.

चरु m. (-रुः) 1. An oblation of rice barley, and pulse, boiled with butter and milk for presentation to the gods or manes. 2. The vessel in which such an oblation is prepared. z. चर् to eat, उच् Unadi affix, what the gods feed upon.

चरुच m. (-चः) A kind of cake. z. चर् to eat, उच् affix, edible, and च what is ground or pounded.

चरुचय n. (-यः) Sprinkling an oblation of milk and ghee. z. चर् and यय scattering.

चरुचाली f. (-ली) The vessel in which an oblation is prepared. z. चर् and चाली a pot.

चर् r. 1st cl. (चर्ति) To go or move.

चर् r. 6th cl. (चर्ति) 1. To speak or say. 2. To abuse, to reprove, to censure or condemn. 3. To injure or hurt. 4. To inquire, r. 10th cl. (चर्चयति-ते) To read over, to pursue carefully, to study ; also read चर्च. पुन-उभ-सक-सिट् । तु-पर ।

चर्चरी f. (-री) 1. A festival, festive sport. 2. A kind of song. 3. Striking the hands to beat time. (In music). 4. Curled or woolly hair. 5. Musical symphony or, the recitation of scholars. 6. The noise made at festivals, &c. 7. Flattery, dishonest praise. z. चर्च to speak, or say to sound, &c. चरन् and क्तीप् affs.

चर्चरीक m. (-कः) 1. A form of Siva. 2. A potherb. 3. Decorating or curling the hair. z. चर्चरी noise, &c. and क् who utters, from क् to sound, affix क् ; or चर्च ईकन् some authorities substitute चर्चरीक for this word.

चर्चा f. (-चा) 1. Reflexion, consideration, the exercise of judgment or deliberation. 2. Cleaning the person with fragrant unguents. 3. Inquiry, investigation. 4. A name of the goddess DURGA. z. चर्च, to read, &c. affixes चर्च and टाप् also चर्चिका &c.

चर्चिका f. (-का) 1. The goddess DURGA, or CHAMUNDA. 2. Cleaning the person with perfumes. 3. Deliberation, inquiry. z. चर्च to ask, affix क् ; also चर्चा as above.

चर्चित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Perfumed, anointed, smeared with sandal, &c.

2. Sought, desired. 3. Inquired into or after, investigated. **चर्म** *r.* 1st and 10th cls. (चर्मन्ते चर्मयन्ते) 1. To speak, to tell. 2. To reprove. 3. To study : see चर्म.

**चर्मन्** *mfn.* (चर्मन्-चर्मन्-चर्मन्) 1. To be hurt, or injured. 2. To be strung or tied in order. **चर्मन्** to hurt, &c. and **चर्मन्** affix from special.

**चर्मन्** *m.* (-न्) 1. The open palm of the hand with fingers extended. 2. A plant, (Mollugo pentaphylla.) 3. A quantity of bubbles or specks (स्फारविपुल) *f.* (-न्) A thin cake or biscuit of flour. **चर्मन्** a Sautra root, to be low or flat, or **चर्मन्** हीनो ; affix **चर्मन्** also **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्**.

**चर्मन्** *r.* 1st cl. (चर्मन्ति) To go to move. **चर्मन्** पर सक-सेट् ।

**चर्मन्** *m.* (-न्) A kind of cucumber, (C. utilissimus :) see **चर्मन्**. *f.* (-न्) The noise of merriment or festivity : see **चर्मन्**. **चर्मन्** agreeable sound, and **चर्मन्** what makes, deriv. irr. **चर्मन्** हिप् सट् **चर्मन्** कर्मचार्य ।

**चर्मन्** *n.* (-न्) A shield : see **चर्मन्**. **चर्मन्** साधनतया बलि चर्म चर्म टिखीप ।

**चर्मन्** *n.* (-न्) Working in skins or leather. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** making.

**चर्मन्** *f.* (-न्) A plant, commonly called by a similar name Charmrakha or Charmagha. **चर्मन्** the skin, and **चर्मन्** what injures ; also **चर्मन्**का. **चर्मन्** कर्मन्ति कर्म-चर्मन्

**चर्मन्** *mfn.* (-न्-रा-न्) The shoe-maker, a currier or worker in leather, the offspring of the Chandala woman by a man of the fisherman caste, or of a Vaideha female by a Nishadha. *f.* (-न्) 1. The plant Charmagha : see the preceding. 3. The wife of a Chamar. **चर्मन्** skin or leather, and **चर्मन्** who does or makes. **चर्मन्** तन्निमित्तं पादुकादि करीति **चर्मन्** चर्मन् उपमित समासः ।

**चर्मन्** *m.* (-न्) A worker in leather. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** making.

**चर्मन्** *m.* (-न्) A currier, a worker in hides or leather. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** who makes.

**चर्मन्** *n.* (-न्) Working in leather or skins. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** business.

**चर्मन्** *n.* (-न्) A wart. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** a bolt. **चर्मन्** कील इव ।

**चर्मन्** *n.* (-न्) A shoe-maker : see **चर्मन्**कार.

**चर्मन्** *f.* (-न्) A bat. **चर्मन्** leather, and **चर्मन्** a sparrow, the leather-winged sparrow ; also **चर्मन्**चर्मन् **चर्मन्**चर्मन् &c. **चर्मन्** **चर्मन्** इव (चर्मन्चिका) ।

**चर्मन्** *f.* (-न्) A bat. **चर्मन्** leather, and **चर्मन्** who hurts. **चर्मन्** चर्मन्ति भिनति चर्मन्ते चर्मन् जीव ।

**चर्मन्** *mfn.* (-न्-जा-न्) Produced by or from the skin. *n.* (-न्) 1. Hair. 2. Blood. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** born. **चर्मन्** जायते जन उ । रीमन्ति ।

**चर्मन्** *f.* (-न्) 1. A river that runs across Bundelkhand into the Ganges, the modern Chambal. 2. The plantain tree, (Musa sapientum.) **चर्मन्** skin, and **चर्मन्** poss. affix ; **चर्मन्** is changed to **चर्मन्** it may also be dropped, and the word may be written **चर्मन्**चर्मन्.

**चर्मन्** *m.* (-न्) A wrinkle, a fold of skin. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** a wave. **चर्मन्** तरङ्ग इव । जरया पञ्जिते बली ।

**चर्मन्** *m.* (-न्) A whip. **चर्मन्** a leather (thong), and **चर्मन्** a stick. **चर्मन्** का छनी दण्डः । कषायान् ।

**चर्मन्** *f.* (-न्) 1. Leprosy. 2. Cutaneous disease, **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** to vitiate, **चर्मन्** aff. **चर्मन्** दूषयति ।

**चर्मन्** *n.* (-न्) 1. Skin, hide, bark, &c. 2. A shield. 3. A student's hide, usually that of an antelope. **चर्मन्** to go, to obstruct, Unadi affix ननिष्.

**चर्मन्** *f.* (-न्) A whip. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** the nose or end.

**चर्मन्** *f.* (-न्) A piece or strap of leather, for playing upon with dice, a leather backgammon board, &c. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** a fillet.

**चर्मन्** *f.* (-न्) A bat, the small house-bat. **चर्मन्** leather, and **चर्मन्** a wing, the fem. form implies diminutiveness. **चर्मन्** इव पत्रं पक्षीःकाः । (चर्मन्चिका) ।

**चर्मन्** *f.* (-न्) A leather shoe. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** a slipper. **चर्मन्**चर्मन् पादुका ।

**चर्मन्** *f.* (-न्) A shoe-maker's awl. **चर्मन्** leather, **चर्मन्** to pierce, with **चर्मन्** prefixed, **चर्मन्** affixed. **चर्मन्** प्रनिमित्तं प्र + **चर्मन्** **चर्मन्** टापि चर्म इत्यम् ।

**चर्मन्** *mfn.* (-न्-चर्मन्) A bellows. **चर्मन्** leather, **चर्मन्** to sew, **चर्मन्** prefix, and **चर्मन्** affix ; what is sewn or made of leather.

**चर्मन्** *m.* (-न्) A leather band or strap. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** band.

**चर्मन्** *mfn.* (-न्-चर्मन्) Leather, made of leather. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** aff.

**चर्मन्** *f.* (-न्) A form of the goddess Durga. **चर्मन्** a shield, and **चर्मन्**, a bald head whose head is round like a shield.

**चर्मन्** *f.* (-न्) A whip. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** a stick.

**चर्मन्** *m.* (-न्) A shoe-maker, a worker in leather. **चर्मन्** leather, and **चर्मन्** to make a noise, affix **चर्मन्**.

**चर्मन्** *f.* (-न्) Cardamoms : see **चर्मन्**. **चर्मन्** skin, and **चर्मन्** produced.

**चर्मन्** *m.* (-न्) Lymph, serum. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** essence.

**चर्मन्** *mfn.* (-न्-ता-न्) Covered with skin. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** covered.

**चर्मन्** *n.* (-न्) Working in leather or skins. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** cutting off.

**चर्मन्** *m.* (-न्) A worker in leather or skins, a man of the lowest caste. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** who cuts off. **चर्मन्** चर्मन्ति स्त्रियस्त्रिनिर्वाह्य चर्मन्ति-हिदि चर्मि । **चर्मन्**कारि ।

**चर्मन्** *mfn.* (-न्-चर्मन्) 1. Covered with skin. 2. Tied with leather, &c. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** bound.

**चर्मन्** *mfn.* (-न्-ता-न्) Covered with skin or leather. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** covered.

**चर्मन्** *n.* (-न्) Lymph, serum. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** water.

**चर्मन्** *m.* (-न्) A worker in leather. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** to go, with **चर्मन्** aff.

**चर्मन्** *mfn.* (-न्-चर्मन्-चर्मन्) 1. Having a hide or skin. 2. Leather, made of leather, &c. *m.* (-न्) 1. A soldier armed with a shield, a shield bearer. 2. A tree of which the bark is used for writing upon, &c. See **चर्मन्** a sort of birch. 3. One of Sivas door-keeper : see **चर्मन्**चर्मन् 4. A plantain. **चर्मन्** skin, a shield, and, इति aff.

**चर्मन्** *mfn.* (-न्-चर्मन्-चर्मन्) To be gone, (in or by) *nf.* (-न्-चर्मन्) 1. Perseverance in religious austerities. 2. Due and regular observance of all rites or custom. 3. Following the rules of studentship. 4. Going. 5. Eating. 6. Practice usage. 7. Behaviour. **चर्मन्** to go, and **चर्मन्** or **चर्मन्** aff.

**चर्मन्** *r.* 1st and 10th cls. (चर्मन्ति चर्मयन्ति-ने) To eat, to chew, to masticate. **चर्मन्** पर सक-सेट् । चुरा उभ० ।

**चर्मन्** *n.* (-न्) Chewing, masticating. **चर्मन्** to chew, and **चर्मन्** कुट् aff.

**चर्मन्** *m.* (-न्) Striking with the flat of the hand. **चर्मन्** to go, affix **चर्मन्**.

**चर्मन्** *mfn.* (-न्-ता-न्) 1. Eaten. 2. Chewed. **चर्मन्** to eat, and **चर्मन्** न निष् aff.

**चर्मन्** *n.* (-न्) A spitting pot. **चर्मन्** chewed, (pan or tobacco) पात्र a vessel ; also **चर्मन्**चर्मन्चर्मन्. (चर्मन्चर्मन्) ।

**चर्मन्** *mfn.* (-न्-चर्मन्-चर्मन्) To be chewed. *n.* (-न्) Solid food, requiring mastication. **चर्मन्** to chew, **चर्मन्** यत् वा affix ; also **चर्मन्**चर्मन् चर्मन्चर्मन्.

**चर्मन्** *m.* (-न्) A man. **चर्मन्**चर्मन् चर्मन् चर्मन् चर्मन् । ननुचर्मन् ।

**चर्मन्** *r.* 1st. cl. (चर्मन्ति) To tremble, to shake or totter. *r.* 6th cl. (चर्मन्ति) To sport, to play. to frolic or wanton. *r.* 10th cl. (चर्मन्ति-ने) To cherish, to foster, (चर्मन्ति चर्मन्ति) To shake to cause to shake. With **चर्मन्**, To fall as from a seat. **चर्मन्** पर सक-सेट् । चुरा पर-चर्मन्-सेट् । चुरा-चर्मन्-उभ-सेट् ।

**चर्मन्** *mfn.* (-न्-चर्मन्-चर्मन्) Trembling tremulous, unfixed or unsteady. *m.* (-न्) Trembling, shaking. *f.* (-न्) 1. The goddess of fortune, Laxmi. 2. Lightning. 3. Incoherence. **चर्मन्** to go, affix **चर्मन्** fem. affix टाप्.

**चर्मन्** *m.* (-न्) The true distance of a planet from the earth. **चर्मन्** and **चर्मन्** hypothesis.

**चर्मन्** *mfn.* (-न्-चर्मन्) The Greek partridge : see **चर्मन्** **चर्मन्** tremulous, and **चर्मन्** a beak, **चर्मन्**चर्मन् । चर्मन्चर्मन् ।

चलचित् mfn. (-च-ल-च) Fickle, inconstant. n. (-च) Fickleness, mutability. E. चल, and चित् mind.

चलचित्ता f. (-ल) Fickleness, unsteadiness, inconstancy. E. चल, added to the last: also with ल, चलचितल.

चलत् mfn. (-ल-ल-ल-ल) Going, moving. E. चल, to go, aff. चत्.

चलत्त n. adv. (-त्) Moving, walking. E. चलत् and त् a step.

चलत्पुष्पा f. (-ल) A small fish, (Chanda, HAM) E. चलत् trembling, and पुष्पा full moon, being of a white glistening colour, like that of the moon. चलत् पुष्पा तदुपलक्षितः चन्द्र इव ।

चलदण्ड m. (-ल) A fish, a sort of gilt-head. E. चलत् trembling, and दण्ड body; also with ल added चलदण्डक.

चलदण्ड m. (-ल) The holy fig tree. E. चल shaking, and दण्ड a leaf. चलादि दलानि यस्य । चलदण्डे ।

चलद्विप m. (-ल) The Kokila or Indian cuckoo.

चलन mfn. (-ल-ल-ल-ल) 1. Who or what goes or moves. 2. Trembling, tremulous, shaking. m. (-ल) 1. A foot. 2. A deer, an antelope. f. (-ल) 1. A short petticoat worn by common women. 2. The tye of an elephant. n. (-ल) 1. Wandering, roaming. 2. Trembling, shaking. 3. Going. E. चल, to go, aff. नत् or लत् or कर्त्तृ or कर्त्तृ च्च् ।

चलन n. (-ल) A short petticoat worn by women of some rank. E. चलन and नन् added. संज्ञायाम् नन् । चलात्तक ।

चलनान् mfn. (-ल-ल-ल-ल) Going, moving, proceeding. E. चल, to go, aff. नत्.

चलन् m. (-ल) Wood sorrel; see चल् E. चल, to go. चलन् Unadi aff.

चलन्ति m. (-ल-ल-ल-ल) Moveable articulation of the bones, Diarthrosis. E. चल and लन्ति a joint.

चलाचल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल-ल) 1. Tremulous, unsteady, unfixed. 2. Moveable and stationary. m. (-ल) A cow. E. चल, to go, aff. चल्, deriv. reiterated, and the first final vowel made long, or चल and चलचल immoveable.

चलित m. (-ल) A cover, a wrapper, a surcoat; see लिच्छि.

चलित mfn. (-ल-ल-ल-ल) 1. Shaking, trembling. 2. Gone, departed. 3. Went, proceeded. E. चल, to go, aff. लत्.

चलम् m. (-ल) A handful of water, water taken up in the hollowed palm of the hand for rinsing the mouth, &c. E. चल, to go, aff. लम्, लच्छि.

चलम् m. (-ल) 1. The hand hollowed as for holding a little water, &c. 2. A small pot, a gualipot, &c. n. (-ल) A handful of water; see चलम् E. चल, to go, कन् affix; see चलम् । चलना मोचते कन् । प्रवृत्तौ, भावकर्मणि च ।

चलन्ति mfn. (-ल-ल-ल-ल) Sensitive, sensual, not having subdued senses or passions. E. चल and इन्द्रिय organ of sense.

चलित (चलित) The pepper plant or a kind of it. E. चल, to eat इन् affix; also sometimes लच्छि, deriv. in, also चल् and चलिक्का.

चलित mfn. (-ल-ल-ल-ल) A plant that yields a sort of long pepper, (Piper chavya) E. चल, to eat, and इन् affix, र rejected.

चलित nf. (-ल-ल-ल-ल) A variety of pepper, (Piper chavya, Rox.) f. (-ल) Orris root. E. चल, to be eaten. कर्मणि चल् affix and deriv. irr.

चल r. 1st cl. (चलति) To kill or hurt, (चलति) To eat. भा-उभ-सक-सिट् ।

चल m. (-ल-ल) 1. A vessel for drinking spirits with, a wine glass, &c. 2. Any drinking vessel. 3. Spirituous liquor. 4. Honey. E. चल, to eat, चल्ते कन् Unadi aff.

चलित m. (-ल) Decay, infirmity. E. चल, to plough, लि Unadi affix, and च substituted for the radical initials. च-मले ह्ये वा भावे चति ।

चल m. (-ल) 1. A wooden ring on the top of a sacrificial post. 2. An iron ring at the base of the post. 3. A hive. E. चल, to eat, &c. चालच् Unadi aff.

च r. 1st and 10th cls. (चलति, चलयति) 1. To be wicked, to commit wickedness. 2. To cheat. 3. To be proud, &c. r. 10th cl. (चलयति) To grind or pound. भा-पर-सक-सिट् । वृत्त-उभ-सक-सिट् ।

चलित mfn. (-ल-ल-ल-ल) 1. Circular. 2. Belonging to a wheel or discus.

3. Relating to a company or circle. m. (-ल) 1. A chorister, a bard who chaunts in chorus the praises of kings heroes, gods, &c. 2. An oil maker. 3. A coachman, a driver. E. चल a multitude, &c. and लच्छि aff. चलोच ससूहेन यन्महेन चकयुक्तयन्त्रेण वा चरति ।

चालुच mfn. (-ल-ल-ल-ल) Visible, perceptible, seen. m. (-ल) The sixth Manu. E. चालु the eye, चल् aff. चल्ता गच्छते ।

चाल m. (-ल) Whiteness or beauty of the teeth. E. चल handsome, affix ल । ली-ल चमकनम् । चाले ध्यात् दन्तपटलं च ।

चालिरी f. (-ली) Wood sorrel, (Oxalis monadelphica, Rox.) E. चाल above, and र् to send or cause, affix चल् and लीच्.

चालित mfn. (-ल-ल-ल-ल) Moving much or repeatedly. E. चल, to go, intents from, लि aff.

चालित n. (-ल) 1. Tremulousness, unsteadiness. 2. Transitoriness. E. चल, and लच्छि aff.

चाल m. (-ल) A cheat, a rogue, a psonator, one who makes away with money &c. entrusted to him. E. चल, to inquire, affix चल् ।

चालित m. (-ल) A young sparrow. E. चलत् a sparrow, and लच्छि aff.

चालु m. (-ल-ल) 1. Pleading or grateful discourse. 2. Distinct speech. 3. Flattery. E. चल, to break, (anger) Unadi aff. लच्छि; also चलत्.

चालुकार mfn. (-ल-ल-ल-ल) Speaking agreeably or kindly. m. (-ल) A flatterer. E. चल, and कार who makes, चाल् करोति ।

चालुपटु m. (-ल) A jester, a buffoon. E. चल, agreeable speech, and पटु, clever; also चालुपटु, भवति । (भाल्) ।

चालुलीन mfn. (-ल-ल-ल-ल) Elegantly tremulous. E. चल, for चल्, beautiful, and लीच् trembling.

चालुपटु m. (-ल) A jester. E. चल, wit and पटु, who utters: see चालुपटु.

चालुयत n. (-ल) Repeated coaxing, a hundred intreaties. E. चल, and यत a hundred.

चालुति f. (-ल) 1. Service. 2. Agreeable language. 3. Flattery. E. चल, agreeable speech, and लच्छि saying.

चालुलीन mfn. (-ल-ल-ल-ल) Fit for or sown with the chickpea, (a field, &c.) E. चलत् chickpea, and लच्छि aff. चलत्तय भवन्ते चाम् ।

चालुय m. (-ल) 1. A name of the sage VAT-SAYANA. 2. Name of a Brahman, the reputed author of a work on polity, and minister of CHANDRAGUPTA n. (-ल) The work of Chanakya, detached stanzas original or compiled, on morals and polity. E. चलत् a saint, and यत् affix of decent. चलत्तय भवन्ते चाम् ।

चालु m. (-ल) A wrestler in the service of KANSA.

चालुसूदन m. (-ल) KRISHNA. E. चालु and सूदन destroyer.

चालुल m. (-ल) A name of an impure or degraded tribe, a Chandala, a Pariah, an outcaste f. (-ली) A woman of the same tribe. E. चल, to be angry, Unadi aff. चालल् and according to some चल, added also चालुल.

चालुलिका f. (-ल) 1. A vulgar tale. 2. A name of DURA. 3. A kind of herb: see चालुलिका.

चालु m. (-ल) A bird, a kind of cuckoo, (Cuculus melanoleucus.) E. चल, to beg, affix चल्ते कन्, begging water from the clouds, the supposed sole source of the fluid which this bird drinks.

चालुलानन्द m. (-ल) The rainy season. E. चालु and लानन्द delighting.

चालु mfn. (-ल-ल-ल-ल) 1. Perceptible, visible. 2. Speaking well or amiably. 3. Driving, one who drives, a driver, a charioteer, &c. 4. Clever, able, ingenious. 5. Relating to four. f. (-ली) Dexterity, ability, cleverness. m. (-ल) A small round pillow for resting the cheek upon. n. (-ल) a four-wheeled carriage, a cart holding four people. E. चलु dexterous, or चल्त् four, चल् affix; also with कन् added चालुत्.

चालुत् mfn. (-ल-ल-ल-ल) See the preceding.

चालुलानन्द n. (-ल) The aggregate of the four orders of a Brahmana such as religious studentship, householder, mendicant and ascetic. E. चल्त् four, चालुल order, चल् aff.

चारिक m. (-कः) A charioteer, a coachman. इ. चारु a carriage, and ठक् aff.  
 चारुणिक m. (-कः) A quartan ague. इ. चतुर्थ चक् affix, and कन् added.  
 चारुमास mfn. (-सः ली-स) Produced in four months. इ. चतुर्मास, and चक् aff.  
 चारुमास्य l. (-स्य) A sacrifice performed every four months. इ. चतुर् and मास a month, यक् aff.  
 चारुय n. (-यः) Dexterity, cleverness. इ. चतर and यक् aff.  
 चारुवर्ग mfn. (-वर्गः-वर्ग-क्) Suited to the four tribes, belonging to them &c. n. (-वर्ग) The aggregate of the four original castes, the Brahman, Kshatriya, Vaisya and Sudra. इ. चतुर् four, and वर्ग a class, यक् aff.  
 चारुविध n. (-धः) Four kinds collectively. इ. चतुर्विध and अ aff.  
 चारुर्विध m. (-यः) A priest, &c. versed in the four Vedas. इ. चतुर् four, वेद च Veda, and यक् affix; it is also derived from विद्या Knowledge, and is optionally as here given, or चारुविद्या.  
 चारुर्विधिक mfn. (-कः ली-क) Performed by four priests, read or sacrificed by, &c. इ. चतुर्, होत्र a priest, ठक् aff.  
 चारुवाह m. (-वहः) 1. A hollow made in the ground to receive, a burnt offering or sacrificial fire. 2. Any hole in the ground. इ. चत् to ask, (to solicit the gods) and वाहक् Unadi affix; also चत्वाह q. v.  
 चारुदिक mfn. (-कः ली-क) Made of or derived from Sandal, perfumed with it, &c. इ. चन्दन, and ठक् aff.  
 चान्द्र mfn. (-न्द्रः-ली-न्द्र) Lunar, relating to the moon, regulated by it, &c. m. (-न्द्रः) 1. The Chandrakanta or moongem. 2. A month, a lunar month. 3. The light fortnight or half month, during which the moon is on the increase. (-न्द्र) The Chandrayana observance: see चान्द्रायण f. (-न्द्र) Moonlight. इ. चन्द्र the moon, and चक् affix of relation. चन्द्रस्य इदम् ।  
 चान्द्रक n. (-कः) Dried ginger. इ. कन् added the last. शुद्धात् ।  
 चान्द्रमाग f. (-गः) A river, the Chinab: see चन्द्रमाग; also चान्द्रभागी.  
 चान्द्रमस mfn. (-सः ली-स) Lunar, relating or belonging to the moon, &c. n. (-सः) The constellation Mrigasira: stars in Orion. इ. चन्द्रमस् the moon, and चक् affix; the moon being its ruling deity.  
 चान्द्रमसायन m. (-नः) A name of Budha, regent of mercury, and son of CHANDRA or the moon. इ. चन्द्रमस् the moon, कन् affix: or with क्तिन् affix चान्द्रमसायनि.  
 चान्द्रमास m. (-सः) A lunar month, from new moon to new moon, when it is called Makhya, and from full moon to full moon it is termed Gouna. इ. चान्द्र lunar, मास month.  
 चान्द्रायण m. (-यः) A religious or expiatory observance regulated by the moon's age; diminishing the daily consumption of food every day, by one monthful, for the dark half of the month beginning with fifteen at the full moon, until it is reduced to one at the new moon, and then increasing it in like manner during the fortnight of the moon's increase: there are other forms of this penance. इ. चन्द्र the moon, and माय् चक् aff. चन्द्रस्य चयनमिव चयनमयः ।  
 चान्द्रायणव्रत n. (-नः) The penance called Chandrayana. इ. चान्द्रायण as before, and व्रत observance.  
 चान्द्रायणविधान n. (-नः) The penance called Chandrayana. इ. चान्द्रायण as before, and विधान rite.  
 चाप m. (-पः) 1. A bow. 2. (In Geometry.) An arc or portion of a circle. 3. Sagittarius, the ninth sign of the Zodiac. इ. चप् to cast, (arrow), अक्षि चक् ।  
 चापट m. (-टः) A tree, (Buchanania latifolia, Rox.) See चियाल, इ. चाप a bow, and टट what goes.  
 चापल n. (-लः) 1. Unsteadiness, (literally or metaphorically.) 2. Transitoriness. इ. चपल trembling, चक् affix; also with यक् affix चापल्य m. (-ल्यः) Unsteadiness: transitoriness, इ. चापल, and चापल्य sup.

चापल n. (-ल्यः) Unsteadiness: see चापल.

चापुका f. (-का) A small circular pillow.

चानर nf. (-रः ली-र) A Chowri, the bushy tail of the Bos grunniens, used to whisk off flies, also as an emblem or insignia of princely rank. इ. चनर the Yak or Bos grunniens, and चक् aff.

चानरपुष्प m. (-पुः) 1. The betel-nut tree, (Areca faufel or catechu.) 2. A kind of grass, (Saccharum cylindricum.) 3. The mango tree. 4. A flower, (Pandanus odoratissimus.) 5. Ketaka plant. इ. चानर a Chowri, and पुष्प a flower; whose flowers grow in clusters like the Indian chowri.

चानरपुष्पक m. (-कः) A kind of grass: see चाप. इ. कन् added to the preceding

चामरिन् m. (-री) A horse. इ. चानर a Chowri, and इनि affix. Either alluding to his bushy tail, or the custom of whisking off flies, &c. from the animal.

चामीकर n. (-रः) 1. Gold. 2. The Dhutura plant. Gold. इ. चमीकर said to mean a kind of mine, and चक् affix implying production.

चामुखा f. (-खा) 1. A terrific form of Durga. 2. One of the Matrikas. इ. च the moon, and मुख the head, having a head like the moon; or चा for चख the name of a demon, and मुख the skull; having seized the decapitated head of the demon; in either case the deriv. is irregular: see चमसुखा &c.

चाम्पिया f. (-या) The champa river. (Probably the modern Chambal).

चाम्पेय mn. (-यः-य) 1. The Champaca, (Michelia champaca.) 2. A plant commonly Nageshwar, or Naga kesara (Mesua ferrea.) 3. The filament of flower. 4. gold. 5. Dhutura plant. इ. चम्पा the district, and ठक् aff

चाम्न n. (-यः) Food, &c. इ. चम् to eat, यत् aff.

चाय (च) चायृ. 1st cl. (चायति-ते) 1. To worship; to reverse. 2. To discern, to perceive. भा-सक-उभ-वेट् ।

चार m. (-रः) 1. Going in motion. 2. A spy, a secret agent or emissary. 3. Binding, a binding, a fetter, &c. 4. A prison, a house of confinement. 5. A kind of tree, the Piyal, (Buchanania latifolia, Rox.) see चियाल 6. Wandering about, travelling. n. (-रः) A factitious poison. इ. चर going, &c. affix चक्.

चारक m. (-कः) 1. A groom, a horseman, a cavalier. 2. A binding, a fetter. 3. An associate, a companion. 4. A spy. 5. A herdsman. इ. चर् to go, in the causal form, and क्तिन्-क् aff.

चारकाह n. (-हः) Ascensional difference, (in Astronomy.) इ. चार, and काह part.

चारचक्षुस् n. (-क्षुः) Espionage. m. (-क्षुः) One (a king, &c.) who employs spies. इ. चार and चक्षुस् eye. चारचक्षुस् । कृपे ।

चारचक्षु mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षु-क्षु) Graceful in gait or motion. इ. चार and चक्षु aff.

चारचक्षुस् mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षु-क्षु) Remarkable, in walking, of graceful carriage. इ. चार and चक्षु aff.

चारज्या f. (-ज्या) The sine of the ascensional difference. (In astronomy.) इ. चार, and ज्या sine.

चारटी f. (-टी) A plant: see पञ्चचारिणी. इ. चर in the causal, what makes go or disperses, (disease,) चट् aff.

चारक m. (-कः) 1. A dancer, a mime. 2. An actor of note. 3. A reader of scripture. 4. A panegyrist of the gods. 5. A bard, a herald. 6. A celestial singer. 7. A spy. 8. A pilgrim. इ. चर in the causal, to cause to go, to diffuse, (fame, &c.) and क्तिन्-क् aff.

चारचक्षुस् f. plur. (-रः) Female dancers, actresses, &c. इ. चारक and चक्षुस् wives.

चारपथ m. (-पथः) A meeting of two roads. इ. चार a passenger, and पथिक् a road & affix, which leaves final चक् समासः ।

चारमट m. (-टः) A hero, a chief or a warrior. इ. चार diffusion, (of praise, &c.) and मट who desires.

चारयित्वा ind. 1. Having enjoined or prescribed, having caused to







चित्र (चि-र) A small bird, the Maina, of the Indian race, is very variegated, and has an eye. चित्र नेत्रं यस्याः । भारिक्यायाम् ।  
चित्रपक्षि m. (-रः) The francoline partridge. x. चित्रः variegated, and पक्षि a wing. चित्रो पक्षी यस्य । तिसिरिखदे ।  
चित्रपत्रिका f. (-का) The name of a plant, commonly बहिष्मती. x. चित्रः wonderful, and पत्र a leaf. चित्रं पत्रं यस्याः चप । (चपः चपः)   
चित्रपदम् adv. ind. or n. (-स) At a good pace x. चित्र, पद a step, and चित्रपदा f. (-दा) 1. A creeper, (Cissus pedata.) 2. A kind of metre. x. चित्रः surprising, and पद foot.  
चित्रपत्रिका f. (-का) 1. A plant, commonly Chakuliya, (Hemionites cordifolia.) 2. Bengal madar, (Babia manjuth.) x. कन् added to चित्रपर्वी.  
चित्रपर्वी f. (-वी) 1. Chakuliya, 2. M. adar; also चित्रपत्रिका. x. चित्र writing or painting, and पर्व leaf; the leaves being as it were painted. see the preceding.  
चित्रपादो f. (-दा) The Maina, a small bird so called. x. चित्र speckled, and पाद foot. चित्रो पादो यस्याः । भारिक्यायाम् ।  
चित्रपिच्छक m. (-कः) A peacock. x. चित्र, and पिच्छ the tail.  
चित्रपुत्र m. (-त्रः) An arrow. x. चित्र wonderful, and पुत्र shaft.  
चित्रपक्षि m. (-रः) A sparrow. x. चित्र speckled, and पक्षि the back.  
चित्रफल m. (-लः) A kind of cucumber, (C. atlatissimus.) m. (-लः) A kind of fish, (Mystus chitala, HAM.) f. (-ला-जी) 1. Egg plant, (Solanum malongena.) 2. Prickly nightshade, (Solanum jacquini.) 3. Gourds of various sorts. 4. A fish, (Mystus karpirat, HAM.) x. चित्र surprising, and फल fruit. चित्रं फलं कलकलितं चाकारोऽपि यस्य-चपः । (चित्) यस्याभिदे ।  
चित्रजलक m. (-कः) A sort of fish: see the last. x. चित्र variegated, and जलक a scale.  
चित्रभायु m. (-युः) 1. Fire. 2. The sun. 3. A name of BHAIRAVA, a form of Siva. 4. The marking-nut plant. 5. Gigantic swallow wort. x. चित्र surprising, and भायु light. चित्रा भायवः यस्य ।  
चित्रमेखल m. (-लः) The spotted antelope. x. चित्र, and मेखल a deer.  
चित्रमेखल m. (-लः) A peacock. x. चित्र spotted, and मेखला a girdle.  
चित्रवीर्य m. (-वी) 1. A name of ARJUNA. 2. A tree, (Pentaploca Arjuna.) 3. Any hero. x. चित्र, and वीर्य a warrior. चित्रं वीर्यं युधि-विधि ।  
चित्ररथ m. (-रः) 1. The sun. 2. The chief of the Gandharbas or cho-risters of INDRA's heaven. x. चित्र painted, and रथ a car; lord of the painted car. चित्रः रथः यस्य ।  
चित्ररथ mfn. (-रः ला-लः) Variegated or spotted. m. (-लः) A variegated colour. x. चित्र painting, and रथ what produces.  
चित्रलेखा f. (-खा) 1. A portrait, a picture. 2. An Apsaras and friend of USHA. 3. A form of metre.  
चित्रलिखित mfn. (-तः ला-लः) Represented, delineated, (as in a picture) x. चित्र, and लिखित drawn.  
चित्रलोचना f. (-ला) The Maina, a small bird so called. x. चित्र variegated, and लोचन an eye.  
चित्रवहास m. (-सः) A sheat fish, (Silurus pelorius.) x. चित्र variegated, and वहास a sheat fish, the epithet being a pleonasm. चित्रवत् वा ससन्तानं चकति वा + चक-चपः ।  
चित्रवहिक m. (-कः) A sheat fish. वाहीनं सदा । (वीर्यायाम्) ।  
चित्रहति f. (-तिः) Astonishing act or effort. x. चित्र and हति practice.  
चित्रमिश्रिखण m. (-मः) A name of BRIHASPATI. x. चित्रमिश्रिखी one of the seven Rishis, and मिश्रिखण being the son of ANGIRAS; also similar compounds, as चित्रमिश्रिखिप्रसूत, &c. चित्रमिश्रिखिः चक्रि-रः । आवते जन-उ ।  
चित्रमिश्रिखिण m. plu. (-खिणः) The seven sages or Rishis, but especially as represented in the seven principal stars of the great bear; these sages are MARICHI, ATMI, ANGIRAS, PULHA, PULASTYA, KRAUD, and VASISHTA. x. चित्र surprising, मिश्रिखण a crest, and र्नि affix; sing. nom. case, मिश्रिखिण् (-खी) चित्रः मिश्रिखः चक्रि यस्य ।

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चित्रवहिक m. (-कः) A sheat fish. वाहीनं सदा । (वीर्यायाम्) ।  
चित्रहति f. (-तिः) Astonishing act or effort. x. चित्र and हति practice.  
चित्रमिश्रिखण m. (-मः) A name of BRIHASPATI. x. चित्रमिश्रिखी one of the seven Rishis, and मिश्रिखण being the son of ANGIRAS; also similar compounds, as चित्रमिश्रिखिप्रसूत, &c. चित्रमिश्रिखिः चक्रि-रः । आवते जन-उ ।  
चित्रमिश्रिखिण m. plu. (-खिणः) The seven sages or Rishis, but especially as represented in the seven principal stars of the great bear; these sages are MARICHI, ATMI, ANGIRAS, PULHA, PULASTYA, KRAUD, and VASISHTA. x. चित्र surprising, मिश्रिखण a crest, and र्नि affix; sing. nom. case, मिश्रिखिण् (-खी) चित्रः मिश्रिखः चक्रि यस्य ।

- चित्रमित्रविभक्तम् (च.) VERIHASPATHI. E. चित्रमित्रविभक्त, and प्रहृत born :  
 २०० चित्रमित्रविभक्त there are other similar compounds.
- चित्रमयी f. (च.) (Great Beauty), or the loveliness of variegated colours. E.  
 चित्र, and की beauty.
- चित्रमय m. (च.) Pictured, painted. E. चित्र, and मय fixed.
- चित्रमय n. (च.) A large speckled snake. E. चित्र, and मय a snake.
- चित्रमय m. (च.) One of the judges or recorders of hell. E. चित्र, सेना an  
 army. धृतराष्ट्रपुत्रभेदे, गन्धर्वभेदे च।
- चित्राक्षी f. (च.) The Maina, (Turdus salica.) E. चित्र variegated, चक्षु an  
 eye, fem. affix क्त्वि, implying diminution.
- चित्राक्ष mfn. (च-क्ष-क्त्वि) Painted, spotted, striped, (the body.) m. (च-)  
 1. A kind of snake. 2. A plant, (Plumbago zeylanica.) n. (च-<sup>१</sup>) 1.  
 Yellow orpiment. 2. Vermilion. f. (च-<sup>२</sup>) 1. Madar. 2. A worm,  
 (Julus cornifex.) E. चित्र spotted or painted, &c. चक्षु the body.  
 धृतराष्ट्रपुत्रभेदे च।
- चित्राक्षद m. (च-<sup>२</sup>) 1. A Prince, a brother of Bichitrabirya father of  
 DHRITARASHTRA and PANDU, and son of SANTANU. 2. A judge  
 and recorder in hell. E. चित्र चक्षु body, and द who gives. ग्राम्योः  
 सत्यवत्या जाते पुत्रभेदे।
- चित्राक्षद f. (च-<sup>२</sup>) The mother of VYASA. E. चित्राक्षद the name of a prince.  
 uterine brother of VYASA, and दू mother. सत्यवत्याम्।
- चित्राक्षीर m. (च-<sup>२</sup>) 1. The moon. 2. The forehead, spotted with the blood  
 of a goat, slain in the worship of the demon GHANTAKARNA. E.  
 चित्र spotted, &c. and चक्षु to go or be, and ईरच् aff. चित्रा नक्षत्रं चक्षति  
 चित्रं वा चक्षति। चक्षु-वा-ईरच्।
- चित्राक्ष n. (च-<sup>२</sup>) Rice dressed with coloured condiments. E. चित्र and चक्षु  
 food. चित्राक्षेन : दध्यादनं हविष्यं सार्धं चित्राक्षमेव च।
- चित्राक्षप m. (च-<sup>२</sup>) A cake. E. चित्र speckled and अपूप a cake, a plum-cake.  
 भिक्षुकर्मधारयः पिष्टकभेदे।
- चित्राक्ष n. (च-<sup>२</sup>) Steel, E. चित्र, and चक्षु iron. कर्म० चक्षु सता। तीक्ष्णलीले।  
 (इत्यात्)।
- चित्राक्ष m. (च-<sup>२</sup>) The month Chaitra or Cheyt, (March-April.) E. चित्र  
 the star, and टन् affix; also चैत्राक्ष.
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) 1. Painted. 2. Spotted, striped. 3. Variegated. E.  
 चित्र to paint, क्त्वि aff.
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) 1. Variegated. 2. Wonderful. f. (च-<sup>२</sup>) One of  
 the four kinds in which women are classed. E. चित्र, and इति aff. or  
 चित्र-चित्रि वा।
- चित्रितमय mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) Astonishing, surprising, causing wonder or  
 astonishment. E. चित्र with क्त्वि, or used as a verb, ग्राम्यच् aff.
- चित्रित m. (च-<sup>२</sup>) The moon. E. चित्र the star, and ईरच् lord.
- चित्रित f. (च-<sup>२</sup>) 1. A voice from heaven, that of an invisible speaker.  
 2. A marvellous tale. 2. Agreeable or eloquent discourse. E. चि  
 miraculous, and उक्ति saying.
- चित्रित n. (च-<sup>२</sup>) Boiled rice coloured with turmeric, &c. E. चित्र variegated,  
 and चोदन boiled rice.
- चित्रात्मन् m. (च-<sup>२</sup>) The intellectual soul, spirit. E. चित्र, and आत्मन्  
 soul.
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) 1. Amiable, good-hearted. 2. Wise, intelligent, of  
 liberal or expansive mind. n. (च-<sup>२</sup>) The Supreme Being, as indenti-  
 fiable with intellect or understanding. E. चित्र mind, and रूप form.  
 चित्रित रूपस्य। आत्मस्य चित्रित इहवाचो च।
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) Reflecting, considering. E. चित्रि to think,  
 and चक्षु aff.
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) To be considered or thought. 2. To be compre-  
 hended. 3. To be meditated on. E. चित्रि to reflect, चक्षुच् aff.
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) To be considered, to be reflected on. E. चित्रि  
 to think, (10th cl.) तन् aff.
- चित्रित ind Having thought or considered, E. चित्रि to think, (10th cl.)  
 क्त्वि aff.

- चित्राक्षी f. (च-<sup>२</sup>) The Maina, (Turdus salica.) E. चित्र variegated, चक्षु an  
 eye, fem. affix क्त्वि, implying diminution.
- चित्राक्ष mfn. (च-क्ष-क्त्वि) Painted, spotted, striped, (the body.) m. (च-)  
 1. A kind of snake. 2. A plant, (Plumbago zeylanica.) n. (च-<sup>१</sup>) 1.  
 Yellow orpiment. 2. Vermilion. f. (च-<sup>२</sup>) 1. Madar. 2. A worm,  
 (Julus cornifex.) E. चित्र spotted or painted, &c. चक्षु the body.  
 धृतराष्ट्रपुत्रभेदे च।
- चित्राक्षद m. (च-<sup>२</sup>) 1. A Prince, a brother of Bichitrabirya father of  
 DHRITARASHTRA and PANDU, and son of SANTANU. 2. A judge  
 and recorder in hell. E. चित्र चक्षु body, and द who gives. ग्राम्योः  
 सत्यवत्या जाते पुत्रभेदे।
- चित्राक्षद f. (च-<sup>२</sup>) The mother of VYASA. E. चित्राक्षद the name of a prince.  
 uterine brother of VYASA, and दू mother. सत्यवत्याम्।
- चित्राक्षीर m. (च-<sup>२</sup>) 1. The moon. 2. The forehead, spotted with the blood  
 of a goat, slain in the worship of the demon GHANTAKARNA. E.  
 चित्र spotted, &c. and चक्षु to go or be, and ईरच् aff. चित्रा नक्षत्रं चक्षति  
 चित्रं वा चक्षति। चक्षु-वा-ईरच्।
- चित्राक्ष n. (च-<sup>२</sup>) Rice dressed with coloured condiments. E. चित्र and चक्षु  
 food. चित्राक्षेन : दध्यादनं हविष्यं सार्धं चित्राक्षमेव च।
- चित्राक्षप m. (च-<sup>२</sup>) A cake. E. चित्र speckled and अपूप a cake, a plum-cake.  
 भिक्षुकर्मधारयः पिष्टकभेदे।
- चित्राक्ष n. (च-<sup>२</sup>) Steel, E. चित्र, and चक्षु iron. कर्म० चक्षु सता। तीक्ष्णलीले।  
 (इत्यात्)।
- चित्राक्ष m. (च-<sup>२</sup>) The month Chaitra or Cheyt, (March-April.) E. चित्र  
 the star, and टन् affix; also चैत्राक्ष.
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) 1. Painted. 2. Spotted, striped. 3. Variegated. E.  
 चित्र to paint, क्त्वि aff.
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) 1. Variegated. 2. Wonderful. f. (च-<sup>२</sup>) One of  
 the four kinds in which women are classed. E. चित्र, and इति aff. or  
 चित्र-चित्रि वा।
- चित्रितमय mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) Astonishing, surprising, causing wonder or  
 astonishment. E. चित्र with क्त्वि, or used as a verb, ग्राम्यच् aff.
- चित्रित m. (च-<sup>२</sup>) The moon. E. चित्र the star, and ईरच् lord.
- चित्रित f. (च-<sup>२</sup>) 1. A voice from heaven, that of an invisible speaker.  
 2. A marvellous tale. 2. Agreeable or eloquent discourse. E. चि  
 miraculous, and उक्ति saying.
- चित्रित n. (च-<sup>२</sup>) Boiled rice coloured with turmeric, &c. E. चित्र variegated,  
 and चोदन boiled rice.
- चित्रात्मन् m. (च-<sup>२</sup>) The intellectual soul, spirit. E. चित्र, and आत्मन्  
 soul.
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) 1. Amiable, good-hearted. 2. Wise, intelligent, of  
 liberal or expansive mind. n. (च-<sup>२</sup>) The Supreme Being, as indenti-  
 fiable with intellect or understanding. E. चित्र mind, and रूप form.  
 चित्रित रूपस्य। आत्मस्य चित्रित इहवाचो च।
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) Reflecting, considering. E. चित्रि to think,  
 and चक्षु aff.
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) To be considered or thought. 2. To be compre-  
 hended. 3. To be meditated on. E. चित्रि to reflect, चक्षुच् aff.
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) To be considered, to be reflected on. E. चित्रि  
 to think, (10th cl.) तन् aff.
- चित्रित ind Having thought or considered, E. चित्रि to think, (10th cl.)  
 क्त्वि aff.
- चित्राक्षी f. (च-<sup>२</sup>) The tamarind tree. E. Irregularly changed from चित्राक्षी,  
 q. v. also चित्राक्षीका, क्त्वि being added.
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) 1. Thought, considered. 2. Reflecting, consider-  
 ing. n. (च-<sup>२</sup>) Reflexion: see चित्रा. E. चित्रि to think, अङ्गिच् aff.
- चित्रित f. (च-<sup>२</sup>) Consideration, reflexion. E. चित्रि to think  
 चित्रित् क्त्वि वा इट्, चित्रिपय। चित्रायाम्।
- चित्रित f. (च-<sup>२</sup>) Reflexion, consideration, thinking. E. चित्रि  
 aff.
- चित्रित f. (च-<sup>२</sup>) Midnight cry or alarm.
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) 1. To be considered. 2. To be appr  
 conceived. 3. To be thought of or meditated upon. E. चि  
 कर्मणि यत् aff.
- चित्रित m. (च-<sup>२</sup>) A kind of grain, (Panicum miliaceum.) A vario  
 of चीन, q. v.
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) Gathering, collecting. E. चि त्  
 (5th cl.) ग्रह aff.
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) Flat-nosed. E. चि preposition, चित्रित् क्त्वि aff  
 in this sense, and चि changed to चि. m. (च-<sup>२</sup>) Rice or grain  
 flattened. E. चित्रित to flatten, क्त्वि aff, the derivative reduplicated, and  
 and च substituted for the radical; also with क्त्वि added चित्रित्क;  
 also the pan becoming च, चित्रित्.
- चित्रित m. (च-<sup>२</sup>) See the preceding.
- चित्रित m. (च-<sup>२</sup>) See चित्रित.
- चित्रित n. (च-<sup>२</sup>) A whitlow. नखमांसमविधाय वातं पित्तं च देहिनाम्। करोति दाह-  
 पाक्षी च तं व्याधिं चित्रितमिति ॥ इत्युक्ते नखरीयभेदे।
- चित्रित m. (च-<sup>२</sup>) 1. A parrot. 2. A plant, from the fibres of which coarse  
 cloth and rope are made: see चित्र. E. चि imitative sound, and चि to  
 utter, affix चिप्, with क्त्वि added चित्रित्.
- चित्रित m. (च-<sup>२</sup>) A parrot: see the preceding.
- चित्रित n. (च-<sup>२</sup>) E. चित्रित्। दीर्घाक्षे, तद्वर्तिनि पदार्थे। चि० लघुवर्ती चित्रित् नये।
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) Dilatory, tedious, slow. E. चित्र, and चित्रित्  
 who acts. चित्रित करोति च-चित्रित्। दीर्घाक्षे, नीतमपुत्रभेदे च।
- चित्रित n. (च-<sup>२</sup>) A long period. E. चित्र long, and काल time.
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) Protected for a long time. E. चित्रित, and  
 पालित nourished.
- चित्रितपाञ्चित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) Accumulated slowly or after a long time.  
 E. चित्रित, and उपाञ्चित gained.
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) Dilatory, tedious, slow. E. चित्र long, and चित्रित  
 business.
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) Long absent, a long time gone. E. चित्र, and चित्रित  
 gone.
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) Long sought for, of rare occurrence. E. चित्र,  
 and चित्रित sought.
- चित्रित m. (च-<sup>२</sup>) A tree: see जीवक. E. चित्र long, and जीवक lived.
- चित्रित mfn. (च-<sup>२</sup> ता-त) Long-lived. m. (च-<sup>२</sup>) 1. A name of VISHNU.  
 2. A crow. 3. The Jivaka: see the preceding. 4. An ointment applied  
 especially to eight chiefs or saints, viz. MARKANDAYA, ASWATTHAMA,



चिह्नित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Marked, spotted, stained, stamped. 2. Designated. 3. Known. ४ चिह्न 'to mark, and कर्मणि क् aff.

चीक r. 1st and 10th cls. (चीकृति चीकृति-ते) 1. To be patient, to suffer or endure. 2. To be impatient. 3. To touch. ४. सर्वदे वा च-उ पदे आ-प-सक-सेट्.

चीन m. (-नः) 1. A kind of deer. 2. A sort of panic, (Panicum mihacum) 3. A country, China. 4. A sort of cloth. 5. A thread.

चीन n. (-नः) 1. A banner, (perhaps made of deer skin.) 2. Lead. ३. चि to collect, च् क् affix, and the deriv. irr. पूवी दीर्घः.

चीनक m. (-कः) A sort of panic, (P. miliaceum.) ४. कन् added to the preceding.

चीनकपुं m. (-रः) Camphor. ४. चीन, and कपूर the same; the best is from China.

चीनज n. (-जः) Steel. ४. चीन, and ज produced. चीने जायते जः.

चीनपिष्ट m. (-पिः) 1. Minium or red-lead. २ चीन China, and पिष्ट cake; brought in lumps from the hills on the north-west of Bengal, and between it and China. चीनक सीसकस्य पिष्टं पुण (चीनिर सिष्टुरः).

चीनवज्र n. (-जः) Lead, or more probably tutenague. ४. चीन and वज्र zinc. सीसके.

चीनयक n. (-यः) China cloth, silk. ४. चीन, and ययक cloth. [सक-सेट् पु.]

चीय (क) चीय r. 1st 10 cl. (चीयति-ते) (चीययति-ते) To take; see चीय. आ-उम-चोम (क) चीय r. 1st cl. (चीयते) To coax, to commend, to flatter. 2. To appropriate praise to boast, &c. some authorities substitute चीय for this root. आ-आ सक-सेट्.

चीय (क) चीय r. 1st cl. (चीयति-ते) 1. To take to receive. 2. To wear.

चीर n. (-रः) 1. Cloth, clothes. 2. A rag, old and torn cloth. 3. Bark, rind. 4. A crest. 5. A kind of garland. 6. Lead. 7. A line, a stroke. 8. Writing. 9. The dress of a Bouddha priest. f. (-री) 1. A oricket. 2. The ends or hem of a garment. ३. चि to collect, Unadi affix क्न् दीर्घस्य deriv. irr.

चीरजसम् mfn. (-ता-ता-तः) Clothed in tatters. ४. चीर and जसम् venture

चीरि (र) An eye cloth, a veil covering the eyes. ४. चि to hurt, and [क्] affix; the radical vowel lengthened. चि-वा चि दीर्घस्य.

चीरिका f. (-का) A cricket. ४. कन् added to चीरी.

चीर्य mfn. (-र्यः-ता-तं) 1. Conversant, learned. 2. Split, divided.

चीरोष्ण m. (-र्यः) 1. The Nimb; see चिन् 2. The date tree, (Elate sylvestris.) ४. चीर्य divided, and पण्य a leaf.

चीरिका f. (-का) A cricket. ४. चीरी imitative cry, and क who utters; also चिन्ना and चिन्नाका.

चीर r. 10th cl. (चीरयति-ते) 1. To shine. 2. To speak. (क) चीर r. 1st cl. (चीरयति-ते) 1. To take. 2. To wear. च् उम सक-सेट् पदे आदि.

चीरव n. (-रः) The tattered dress of a Baud'dha mendicant, or of any mendicant. ४. चि to collect, &c. and वरच् Unadi aff. चीर-वच् वा.

चीरवन् m. (-री) A Baud'dha or Jaina mendicant. ४. चीरव a beggar's dress, and वन् aff. चीरवन्नि चयः.

चक्र r. 10th cl. (चक्रयति-ते) To inflict or suffer pain. ४. च् उम सक-सेट्.

चक्र m. (-रः) The roaring of a lion. ४. चक्र pain, derived from चक्र with भावे चच् affix, च्त् in the causal, to occasion, affix चच्; or चक्रं पीडन-माराति सम्भक् ददाति वा + रा-क्.

चक्र m. (-क्रः) 1. Sorrel. 2. Sourness. ३. (-क्रः) 1. Acid seasoning. 2. Vinegar made by the acetous fermentation of grain. f. (-का or -की) 1. Indian sorrel, (Rumex vesicarius.) 2. Hogplum. 3. The tamarind ४. चक् to satisfy, Unadi affix रक्, and the radical vowel changed to उ, also with कन् चक्रक.

चक्रिका f. (-का) Indian sorrel, (Rumex vesicarius) ४. कन् added to the preceding.

चुचि m. (-चिः) The female breast or bosom.

चुचुक m. (-कः-कः) A nipple. ४. चुच् to suck, and क् affix, deriv. irr. or चुच् imitative sound, (such as a child makes in sucking,) and क्

what sounds; also चुच्च and चुचुक; चुच्च इति च्चकककक चायति चिचिचिचि-के के.

चुचु m. (-चुः) A potherb, (Marsilea dentata, Rox.) [आ-पर-सक-सेट्]

चुचु (र) चुची r. 1st cl. (चुचति) 1. To distil, to drop. 2. To bathe.

चुचु m. (-चुः) 1. The musk rat or shrew. 2. A mixed caste, born of a Brahman father by a Vaideha female.

चुचुटी f. (-टी) A game, a kind of hazard played with tamarind seeds in place of dice. ४. चुच् substituted for चिच्चा the tamarind, and चुच्चा to get or give, affixes च् and चीच्, or with च् affix चुचुची.

चुट r. 1st cl. (चुटति) and 10th cl. (चुटयति-ते) To wane, to become small, low or shallow. r. 6th and 10th cls. (चुटति चोटयति-ते) To cut, to pierce or divide; (र) चुटि r. 1st cl. (चुटति) To become low or shallow. r. 1st and 10th cls. (चुटति चुटयति-ते) To cut, &c.; also चुट and चुचु.

चुट r. 10th cl. (चुटयति-ते) 1. To become small, low or shallow, as a river, &c. 2. To collect. च् उम-चक-सेट्.

चुट (र) चुटि r. 1st cl. (चुटति) To become small, low or shallow. r. 10th cl. (चुटयति-ते) To cut, to pierce or divide. आ-प-सक-सेट्. पदे च् उम-चक-सेट्.

चुट्ट 1. 1st cl. (चुट्टति) 1. To hint one's meaning. 2. To dally, to coquet, &c. 3. To act. आ-पर-सक-सेट्.

चुच r. 6th cl. (चुचति) To cut, to pierce or divide. गु-पर-सक-सेट्.

चुट्टा f. (-ट्टा) A small well or reservoir near a well. ४. चुटि to be low shallow, affixes चक् and टाप्; also चुट्टी, the fem. affix being चुट्टी f. (-ट्टी) A small well; see the preceding.

चुत (र) चुतिर r. 1st cl. (चुतिरति) To wet, to be wet or moist. म-पर-सक-सेट्.

चुत m. (-तः) The anus. ४. चुत् to be moist, affix च्; also चुत् and चुति.

चुति f. (-तिः) The anus. ४. चुत् to be wet, च्त् affix; also चुत्ति.

चुद r. 10th cl. (चुदयति-ते) 1. To send, to direct, to throw or cast. 2. To ask or interrogate. (र, र) चुदि r. 1st cl. (चुदति-ते) To sharpen. च् उम-सक-सेट्. पदे भूदि.

चुदी f. (-दी) A procuress, a bawd. ४. चुद to inquire, affixes की and चीच्, and नम् inserted. [चक-सेट्]

चुप r. 1st cl. (चुपति) To move slowly, to creep or steal along. आ-पर-सक-सेट्.

चुच (र) चुचि r. 1st cl. (चुचति) or implying reciprocity, To kill. r. 10th cl. (चुचयति-ते) To kill or hurt. आ-प-सक-सेट्. पदे चुचति उम.

चुच n. (-चः) The face. ४. चुच् to kiss, रन् Unadi aff.

चुचक m. (-कः) 1. A kisser, a lecher. 2. A rogue, a cheat. 3. A loose stone. 4. A general scholar, one who knows parts in a variety of books. 5. The upper part or middle of a balance. ४. चुच् to kiss affix चुच्.

चुचन् mfn. (-चन्-चन्-चन्) Kissing. ४. चुचि to kiss, च्त् aff.

चुच्यन n. (-नः) 1. Kissing. 2. A kiss. ४. चुचि to kiss, affix भावि क्त्.

चुच्यनदान n. (-नः) Kissing. ४. चुच्यन, and दान giving.

चुच्यित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Kissed. ४. चुचि to kiss, च्त् aff.

चुच्यितवन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वन्) Kissing. ४. चुचि, and च्त् aff.

चुर r. 10th cl. (चोरयति-ते) To steal, to rob; according to some it also r. 1st cl. (चोरति) This root gives its name to the 10th class which is thence called चुरादि; (र) चुरी r. 4th cl. (चुरीते) To bur.

चुरा f. (-रा) Theft, stealing. ४. चुर to steal, affix क्, fem affix टाप्.

चुरी f. (-री) A small well. ४. चुरि to be shallow, affixes च् and चीच्, changed to र्.

चुल r. 10th cl. (चोलयति-ते) 1. To rise, to increase. 2. To raise, to elevate. 3. To dip or dive into. च् उम-सक-सेट्.

चुलुक् m. (-कः) 1. Mud, mire. 2. A small vessel or pot, a gallipot. 3. The hand hollowed to hold water. n. (-कः) Water in which one has been steeped. ४. चुल् to dip into, aff. च्त्; see चुल्.

चुलुकिन् m. (-की) A porpoise. ४. चुल्चुल्, चुल्चुल्.

चुलुच r. 1st cl. (चुलुचति) 1. To cut. 2. To disappear, to be lost. ३. चुल्चुल्.

चुलुच्य m. (-यः) Fondling or nursing children, &c. ४. (-यः) A she ४. चुल्चुल् to cut, भावे चुल्चुल्, and टाप् aff.



वेतन mfn. (-नः-ना-ने) Alive, living, feeling, &c. (नः) 1. Soul, self. 2. A man. 3. A living and sentient being. 4. विद् Understanding, intelligence, wisdom, reflection. 5. चिन्त to reflect, affix कृट् ।  
 वेतनाय mfn. (-ना-वती-य) Living, sentient. 5. वेतना, and वतु aff.  
 वेतन् mfn. (-व-या-व) A living and sentient being. 5. चिन्त to think, 5 aff.  
 वेतयमान mfn. (-यः-या-ने) Sentient, reflecting, conscious. 5. चिन्त to thing यावत् aff.  
 वेतय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be collected, to be gathered. 5. चि to collect तव्य aff.  
 वेतस् n. (-सः) Mind, intellect, the faculty of reasoning or understanding. 5. चिन्त to consider, Unadi affix कृट् ।  
 वेतीन् m. (-न्) Love. 5. वेतस्, and म् born.  
 वेदार m. (-रः) A lizard, a chameleon.  
 वेदि m. (-दिः) The name of a country, perhaps the modern Chandail. m. plu. (-दयः) The inhabitants of Chedi. द्विभेदे, सोमिननीयस्य चयः तद्वानाचयः कृट् ।  
 वेदिपति m. (-तिः) 1. A VASU named UPARICHA. 2. A name of SISUPALA, 5. वेदि, and पति master.  
 वेदिराज m. (-जः) A name of SISUPALA a king killed by KRISHNA. 5. वेदि the country, and राज a king; also वेदिपति, वेदिराज, &c.  
 वेद्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be gathered or collected. 5. चि to collect, कर्मणि कृट् aff.  
 वेद्य (कृट्) चि 1. 1st cl. (वेद्यति) 1. To shake or tremble. 2. To go or move. लीङ् कृत् । गती सकृद्भा-वर-सेट् ।  
 वेद्य mfn. sub. (-यः-ली-ल) Cloth, clothes, raiment, adj. Vile, wicked, bad. 5. चिन्त to wear, affix, कर्मणि कृट्; also वेद्यक and वेद्य.  
 वेद्यप्राप्तक m. (-कः) A washer-man. 5. वेद्य, and प्राक्तक who washes.  
 वेद्यम m. (-मः) A cucumber, वेद्यम् इति चरति यत् यत् । कतापनसे ।  
 वेद्यिका f. (-का) A corset, a bodice. 5. वेद्य clothes, कृट् aff. पदवचने । (वेद्यिक कापड) ।  
 वेद्यीन m. (-नः) A small kind of fish.  
 वेद्य 1. 1st cl. (वेद्यति) 1. To think. 2. To go; this root is not usually admitted: see वेद्य. 5. मृ-पर-सक-सेट् ।  
 वेद्यी f. (-यी) One of the Raginis or female personifications of music.  
 वेद्य 1. 1st cl. (वेद्यते) To act or perform functions, duties, &c., to strive, to endeavour, to be busy or follow any particular avocation. 5. मृ-पर-सक-सेट् ।  
 वेद्यन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Making effort, who or what acts or attempts any act. n. (-न) Effort, exertion. 5. वेद्य, and युच् or कृट् aff.  
 वेद्यन् mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Active, moving. 5. वेद्य to exert, यावत् aff.  
 वेद्यी f. (-यी) Effort, exertion, bodily effort. 5. वेद्य to act, कृट् and टाप् aff.  
 वेद्यनिर्दोष n. (-षः) Observing a person's actions. 5. वेद्य, and निदोष investigating.  
 वेद्यनाश m. (-शः) The end of the world. 5. वेद्य, and नाश destruction. वेद्यनाशः नाशः चय । प्रलयकाले ।  
 वेद्यित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Exerted, done with effort. 2. Done. n. (-त) 1. Going, motion. 2. Bodily act or function. 3. Action, behaviour. 5. वेद्य to act, affix कर्मणि कृट् ।  
 वेद्यन n. (-नः) 1. Soul, spirit, the deity considered as the essence of all being. 2. Sense, consciousness. m. (-नः) A modern reformer of the Vaishnava faith, considered in Bengal as an Avatara of KRISHNA. 5. वेद्यन intellect, and कृत् aff. वेद्यनः इव वेद्यनस्य भावः कृ-यत् ।  
 वेद्य m. (-यः) A sacred tree, a religious fig tree, &c. growing in a village or near it, and held in veneration by the villagers. n. (-यः) 1. A place of sacrifice or religious worship, an altar, a shed kept for sacrifices, &c. 2. A religious building peculiar to the Jains, a Jain temple. 3. A Jain or Baud'dha image, &c. 4. A monument a tomb-stone, a column, &c. erected in memory of some deceased

person, or on the site of a funeral pile. 5. A pile of stones forming a land-mark or boundary. 5. चि to collect, दन्तव्यः 5. or चिन्त to consider, affix कृट्; चिन्त. and कृत् aff. चिन्तय इत्यम् कृत् ।  
 वेद्य m. (-यः) 1. The religious fig tree, (Ficus religiosa.) 2. A large tree in a village. 5. वेद्य as above, and इत्य a tree.  
 वेद्यन m. (-नः) A large tree in a village. 5. वेद्य as above, and इत्य a tree.  
 वेद्यन m. (-यः) A student's water pot. 5. वेद्य place of sacrifice, and मृत् principal. कर्मणि कृट् ।  
 वेद्यन m. (-यः) 1. The religious fig tree. 2. A large tree in a village. 5. वेद्य and इत्य a tree: see वेद्य.  
 वेद्य m. (-यः) 1. The month Chaitra or Chayte, (March-April.) 2. One of the ranges of mountains dividing the continent into portions or Varshas: see वर. 3. A Baud'dha or Jain religious mandirant. 4. The son BUDHA by CHITRA. n. (-यः) 1. A monument erected to the dead, a column or block of wood, a tree, &c. so considered. 2. A small temple. 5. चिन्त the star, or चिन्त wonderful, &c. affix कृट्, or चि-इत् ।  
 वेद्यक m. (-कः) The month Chaitra. 5. कृत् added to the preceding also वेद्यक.  
 वेद्यक n. (-कः) The garden of the deity KUBERA. 5. चिन्तय a Gandharva in charge of the garden, affix कृट्, चिन्तयति निभं कृट् ।  
 वेद्यली f. (-ली) The day of full moon in Chaitra. 5. वेद्य the month and चाली a line, a series.  
 वेद्य m. (-यः) The month Chaitra. 5. चिन्त, and इत् aff.  
 वेद्यिक m. (-कः) The month Chaitra. 5. चिन्त the asterism, or lunar mansion for this month, and कृट् aff.  
 वेद्यिन m. (-नी) the month Chaitra. 5. चिन्त, and चिन्ति aff.  
 वेद्य m. (-यः) A name of SISUPALA an adversary of KRISHNA, the son of DAMAGHOSHA, and sovereign of Chedi or Chandail. m. plu. (-यः) The inhabitants of Chedi. 5. वेद्य the country so called, and चय aff.  
 वेद्य mfn. (-यः-ली-ल) 1. Cloth, of cloth. 2. Bred in clothes, (insects, lice, &c.) 5. वेद्य cloth, कर्मणि कृट् aff.  
 वेद्यक m. (-कः) An eater of lice, (a goblin so designated.) 5. वेद्य an insect found in clothes, and कृत् who eats.  
 वेद्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Sung. 2. Pure, clean. 3. Clever, dexterous. 4. Pleasing, delightful, beautiful. 5. Sharp, pungent, keen, &c. कृट् to suck, affix कृट् ।  
 वेद्य n. (-यः) 1. Bark, rind. 2. Skin. 3. Cassia bark. 4. Half eaten fruit of the palm. 5. A banana or plaintain: see वेद्यी. 6. A cocoanut.  
 वेद्यक n. (-कः) Bark, rind. 5. कृत् added to the preceding.  
 वेद्यी f. (-यी) A petticoat. 5. कृट् to be small, affix कृट् and कृट् ।  
 वेद्य m. (-यः) 1. A bodice or jacket. 2. A country: see वेद्य.  
 वेद्यी f. (-यी) 1. A precept, a sacred ordinance or commandment. 2. Sending, commanding, directing, &c. 3. Enjoining, ordaining. 4. Casting, throwing. 5. कृट् to command, &c. affix कृट् and कृट् ।  
 वेद्यनाशक m. (-कः) A ball for playing with. 5. वेद्यन directing or throwing, and कृट् a ball.  
 वेद्यित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Informed, apprised. 2. Ordered, directed. 3. Appointed. 4. Urged, impelled. 5. Thrown, cast. 5. कृट् to direct, कृट् aff.  
 वेद्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be sent, thrown, or directed. n. (-यः) 1. Surprise, wonderful or astonishing. 2. Asking, an asking, a question, an objection &c. 5. कृट् to send, to command, &c. affix कृट् ।  
 वेद्य m. (-यः) Moving, moving slowly. 5. वेद्य to move, affix कृट् ।  
 वेद्य m. (-यः) 1. A thief, a robber. 2. A perfume called commonly the same name. 3. (यः) A plant, &c. वेद्यी. 5. वेद्य to steal, &c. कृट्; also with कृत् added वेद्यक.  
 वेद्यक m. (-कः) A kind of grass, commonly Chorcanta (Lycopodium complanatum.) 5. वेद्य, and कृट् a thorn. The seeds clinging to the feet and clothes of those who walk among it.





















heavenly nymph. **नक्षत्र** f. (-नक्षत्रः) See **नक्षत्र**.  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) See **नक्षत्र**.  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) 1. A fragrant plant, (*Pandanus odoratissimus*).  
 2. The rose apple, n. (-नक्षत्रः) Jokes addressed to the bridegroom by his female relatives and friends. 3. **नक्षत्र** as above, and 4. what gets or is.  
**नक्षत्रमालिका** f. (-नक्षत्रमालिका) Compliments or jokes addressed to the bride and bridegroom. 5. **नक्षत्र** and **मालिका** a string.  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) 1. A tooth. 2. The lime. 3. Food, victuals. 4. The chin. 5. A quiver. 6. A part, a portion. 7. The name of a demon. 8. **नक्षत्र** to destroy, affix **नक्षत्र** and **नक्षत्र**. दैत्यमेव । करणे यन् दने । करणे यन् नक्षत्रे ।  
**नक्षत्र** mfn. (-नक्षत्रः) 1. Who or what yawns, opens, expands, &c. 2. Who or what kills or destroys. m. (-नक्षत्रः) A lime or citron. f. (-नक्षत्रः) Yawning. 3. **नक्षत्र** to yawn, &c. **नक्षत्र** aff.  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) A name of INDRA. 2. **नक्षत्र** a demon, and **नक्षत्र** a foe; also similar compounds. **नक्षत्र** यन् दैत्यं विध्वंसयति । इन्द्रः ।  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) INDRA. 2. **नक्षत्र** as above, and **नक्षत्र** destroying; see **नक्षत्र**. **नक्षत्र** यन् दैत्यं विध्वंसयति । इन्द्रः ।  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) A lime or citron. 2. See the next, **नक्षत्र** being changed to **नक्षत्र**.  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) 1. A lime or citron. 2. A Jina or deified Jaina saint. f. (-नक्षत्रः) A female Rakshasi, the worship of whom is supposed to procure for women procreation 3. **नक्षत्र** to destroy, (sickness, sin, &c.) **नक्षत्र** aff.  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) 1. INDRA's thunderbolt. 2. Fire or its deity. 3. INDRA. 2. **नक्षत्र** the demon, and **नक्षत्र** a foe. **नक्षत्र** यन् दैत्यं विध्वंसयति । इन्द्रः ।  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) A lime or citron. 2. **नक्षत्र** to destroy, (disease) affix **नक्षत्र** and **नक्षत्र**. **नक्षत्र** यन् दैत्यं विध्वंसयति । इन्द्रः ।  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) 1. The lime or citron, apparently of more than one species. 2. A plant, considered to be a kind of basil with small leaves. 3. **नक्षत्र** to destroy, (sickness) **नक्षत्र** affix, and **नक्षत्र** augment; also **नक्षत्र**, &c.  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) 1. Conquest, victory, triumph. 2. A name of YUDHISHTHIRA. 3. A proper name, the son of INDRA. 4. One of VISHNU's door keepers. 5. The name of a king; also **नक्षत्र**. 6. A kind of Mung or bean, (*Phascolus mungo*) f. (-नक्षत्रः) 1. A name of the goddess PARVATI. 2. One of her female companions. 3. The 3rd, 8th, or 13th lunar day of either half month. 4. Yellow myrobalan, (*Terminalia chebula*). 5. A plant: see **नक्षत्र**. 6. A tree, commonly (*Ganjan*), (*Promna spinosa*). 7. Hemp, (*Cannabis sativa*). 8. A banner, a flag. 9. **नक्षत्र** to conquer or excel, affixes **नक्षत्र** **नक्षत्र** and **नक्षत्र**.  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) 1. A kind of dice. 2. Shouts of victory. 3. **नक्षत्र** victory, **नक्षत्र** a noise. **नक्षत्र** **नक्षत्र** यन् दैत्यं विध्वंसयति । इन्द्रः ।  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) Pride of conquest, exultation. 2. **नक्षत्र**, and **नक्षत्र** pride.  
**नक्षत्र** mfn. (-नक्षत्रः) Conquering, excelling. 2. **नक्षत्र** to conquer, **नक्षत्र** aff.  
**नक्षत्र** f. (-नक्षत्रः) A large kettle drum, beaten as a sign of victory. 2. **नक्षत्र**, and **नक्षत्र** a drum. **नक्षत्र** **नक्षत्र** यन् दैत्यं विध्वंसयति । इन्द्रः ।  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) The son of INDRA. 2. **नक्षत्र** victory, **नक्षत्र** given, to whom victory is given by his enemies.  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) A chief in the army of DURYODHANA.  
**नक्षत्र** n. (-नक्षत्रः) 1. Armour for cavalry, elephants, &c. 2. Conquering, subduing. f. (-नक्षत्रः) INDRA's daughter. 3. **नक्षत्र** to conquer or excel, affixes **नक्षत्र** **नक्षत्र** and **नक्षत्र**. **नक्षत्र** **नक्षत्र** यन् दैत्यं विध्वंसयति । इन्द्रः ।  
**नक्षत्र** mfn. (-नक्षत्रः) 1. Comparisued, (as a war horse) 2. Victorious. 3. **नक्षत्र**, and **नक्षत्र** having.  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) 1. A hero and demigod, the son of INDRA. 2. A name of

The son. 4. A name of BHIMA. f. (-नक्षत्रः) INDRA's daughter. 5. A name of the goddess DURGA. 6. A flag, a banner. 7. A particular constellation in astronomy or the rising of the asterism ROHINI at midnight, on the 8th of the dark half of Shravan, or in fact on the birth day of KRISHNA, which is then particularly sacred. 8. Blades of barley planted at the commencement of the Dasahara, and plucked at its close. 9. **नक्षत्र** to conquer or excel, Unadi affix **नक्षत्र** **नक्षत्र** and **नक्षत्र**.  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) Record of victory, or triumph; in law, the sealed and written award of the judge in favour of one party. 2. historical tradition, the label on the brow of a horse turned loose for a sacrifice. 3. **नक्षत्र** conquest, and **नक्षत्र** a leaf; also with **नक्षत्र** added **नक्षत्र**. **नक्षत्र** **नक्षत्र** यन् दैत्यं विध्वंसयति । इन्द्रः ।  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) 1. A name of VISHNU. 2. VISHNU. 3. A king, a sovereign; (it is also the appellation of several celebrated Hindu princes). 4. A tree, (*Croton tiglium*). 5. **नक्षत्र** victory, **नक्षत्र** who nourishes.  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) Shout of victory. 2. **नक्षत्र**, and **नक्षत्र** sound.  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) A kind of dice.  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) The royal elephant. 2. **नक्षत्र** victory, and **नक्षत्र** good fortune.  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) The Aswamedha or sacrifice of a horse, as a mark of dominion. 2. **नक्षत्र**, and **नक्षत्र** sacrifice.  
**नक्षत्र** mfn. (-नक्षत्रः) 1. Conferring victory. 2. Victorious. 3. **नक्षत्र** and **नक्षत्र** what bears.  
**नक्षत्र** f. (-नक्षत्रः) The wife of INDRA. 2. **नक्षत्र** conquest, and **नक्षत्र** who bears.  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) A shout or song of victory, or the exclamation Jaya Jaya repeated like the Io of the Greeks, as **नक्षत्र**, &c. 2. **नक्षत्र** and **नक्षत्र** sound.  
**नक्षत्र** mfn. (-नक्षत्रः) Victorious, triumphant. 2. **नक्षत्र** and **नक्षत्र** possessed.  
**नक्षत्र** f. (-नक्षत्रः) Victory, glory. 2. **नक्षत्र**, and **नक्षत्र** splendor.  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) An impediment or hindrance to victory. 2. **नक्षत्र** and **नक्षत्र** obstacle. [sound]  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) The Io or song of victory: see **नक्षत्र**. 2. **नक्षत्र** and **नक्षत्र** **नक्षत्र**.  
**नक्षत्र** mfn. (-नक्षत्रः) 1. Victorious. 2. Conferring victory. 3. **नक्षत्र** and **नक्षत्र** what gives.  
**नक्षत्र** mfn. (-नक्षत्रः) Victorious. 2. **नक्षत्र** victory, **नक्षत्र** **नक्षत्र** aff.  
**नक्षत्र** mfn. (-नक्षत्रः) Victorious, conquering. 2. **नक्षत्र** and **नक्षत्र** firm.  
**नक्षत्र** mfn. (-नक्षत्रः) Able to conquer, victorious. 2. **नक्षत्र** to subdue, affix **नक्षत्र**, deriv. irr. **नक्षत्र** **नक्षत्र**.  
**नक्षत्र** f. (-नक्षत्रः) Victory, success, ability to conquer. 2. **नक्षत्र** and **नक्षत्र** affix with **नक्षत्र**.  
**नक्षत्र** mfn. (-नक्षत्रः) 1. Hard, solid. 2. Hard-hearted, harsh, cruel. 3. Pale, yellowish-white. 4. Old, decayed, infirm. 5. Bent, bowed down, drooping. m. (-नक्षत्रः) 1. A name of Pandu, father of the five Pandavas. 2. Decrepitude. 3. **नक्षत्र** to become old or decayed, Unadi affix **नक्षत्र**, and the deriv. irr.  
**नक्षत्र** mfn. (-नक्षत्रः) Old, infirm, decayed. m. (-नक्षत्रः) 1. Cumiseed. 2. A plant yielding a pungent seed, (*Nigella indica*). 3. A sort of salt, (*Bit-laban*). 4. Old, age, becoming old and infirm. n. (-नक्षत्रः) Asafetida. 2. **नक्षत्र** to become old, affix **नक्षत्र**.  
**नक्षत्र** mfn. (-नक्षत्रः) Old, decayed. 2. **नक्षत्र** to be old, **नक्षत्र** **नक्षत्र** aff.  
**नक्षत्र** mfn. (-नक्षत्रः) 1. Old, ancient, advanced in years. 2. **नक्षत्र** and **नक्षत्र** **नक्षत्र**.  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) An old man. f. (-नक्षत्रः) An old woman. 2. **नक्षत्र** to become old, participial affix **नक्षत्र**.  
**नक्षत्र** m. (-नक्षत्रः) A celebrated Muni or sage so named. f. (-नक्षत्रः) The wife of BHASKARU, the snake goddess MANASA. 2. **नक्षत्र** being **नक्षत्र** and **नक्षत्र** a maker; a practitioner of magic in old times.  
**नक्षत्र** f. (-नक्षत्रः) The goddess DURGA, sometimes a popular name



प्रसन्नमन्त्रः the sister of Vasanti, the Nagi, & सरसाक्षरः as above, and thus the beloved.

जरा m. (-रा) An old ox, f. (-री). An old cow. & जरा-रा-रा, & a cow, affix इत्तु, fam. affix जीव.

जरा m. (-रा) 1. A buffalo, & An old man, & जरा to be or become old, affix इत्तु, fam. affix जीव.

जरा m. (-रा) A man, & जरा to grow old, affix इत्तु, fam. affix जीव.

जरा f. (-री) 1. Deceit, the general relaxation and debility consequent upon old age, or old age itself. 2. A tree, (Mimosa hirsuta, Rox.) 3. A female demon or Rakshasi. & जरा to grow old, affix इत्तु, fam. affix जीव.

जरा m. (-रा) Infirm, decrepit, debilitated, old. & जरा infirmity and चामर diseased, affected.

जरायु m. (-रा-यु) Stopping, bent down with age or infirmity. & जरा, and परिचय bent.

जरायु m. (-रा) A proper name: see जरायु. & जरा a female Rakshasi, and युष्ट fostered; assisted at his birth by a demon, formidable.

जरायु m. (-रा) Love of the deity KAMA. & जरा decrepitude, and जीव जरायु m. (-रा) The sovereign JARASANDHA. & जरा the Rakshasi, affix इत्तु, fam. affix जीव.

जरायु m. (-रा) The womb, the uterus. & जरा infirmity, & जरा to obtain, affix इत्तु, fam. affix जीव, also with a final च, जरायु m. (-रा-यु).

जरायु m. (-रा-यु) Viviparous, born from the womb, as man and other animals. & जरायु the womb, जरा born, जरायु जीवते जरा-यु.

जरायु m. (-रा-यु) A proper name, a celebrated king and warrior, sovereign of Magadha, father-in-law to KANSA, and foe to KRISHNA; he was slain in single combat by BHIMA. & जरा a female demon, and जरा connection, union; he was born in two halves, which were put together by the Rakshasi JARA.

जरायु m. (-रा-यु) BHIMASANA, the third of the Pandu princes. & जरायु and जरा conqueror: see the last.

जरायु m. (-रा-यु) 1. Old, ancient. 2. Infirm, decayed. m. (-री) An old man, & जरा to become old, affix इत्तु, fam. affix जीव.

जरायु m. (-रा-यु) 1. Flesh. 2. Skinniness, flesh decayed with old age. & जरा to become old, affix इत्तु, fam. affix जीव, also with a final च, जरायु m. (-रा-यु).

जरायु m. (-रा-यु) 1. To say, to speak. 2. To reprove, to advise or blame. 3. To threaten. तुदा पर-सक-सेट.

जरायु m. (-रा-यु) 1. To say, to blame: see जरा. तुदा पर-सक-सेट. 1. To say. To blame, to reprove, 3. To threaten.

जरायु m. (-रा-यु) 1. To say. To blame, to reprove, 3. To threaten. 1. To say. To blame, to reprove, 3. To threaten.

जरायु m. (-रा-यु) 1. To say. To blame, to reprove, 3. To threaten. 1. To say. To blame, to reprove, 3. To threaten.

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जरायु m. (-रा-यु) 1. To say. To blame, to reprove, 3. To threaten. 1. To say. To blame, to reprove, 3. To threaten.

goes : who goes to fish for his subsistence ; also कृत्स्न q. v. E. कृत  
समर्थि अर्थात् समीप वा-तः । चण्डाली ।  
जलचर mfn. (-रः-री) Aquatic, amphibious, going in or into water. E.  
जल and, and चर what goes, जले चरति चर-इत्यम् ।  
जलवायु मfn. (-रो रिषी-रि) Aquatic, living in or frequenting water. m.  
(-रो) A fish E. जल water, and चर to go. affix चिन्ति. जले चरति चर  
चित्ति इत्यहम् ।  
जलज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Water-born, aquatic. m. (-जः) 1. A fish. 2. Any  
aquatic animal. n. (-जः) 1. A lotus. 2. A shell f. (-जा) A plant ;  
said to be a sort of bassia growing in or near water E. जल, and ज  
produced. अजे जायते जाय-इत्यम् ।  
जलजन्तु m. (-जुः) A fish, or any marine, aquatic, or amphibious animal.  
E. जल water, and जन्तु animal.  
जलजन्तुता f. (-ता) A leech. E. जल, and टप् added to the preceding.  
जलजन्तु म. (-जुः), A lotus. E. जल, and जन्मन् birth. जले जन्म यस्तः ।  
जलहिम m. (-वः) A crocodile. E. जल cold, and हिम a tongue, जला जहा  
आदि पदार्थानां जिह्वा यस्य ।  
जलहिम m. (-वः) A bivalve shell. E. जल, and हिम a young animal. जले  
हिम इव । चण्डाली ।  
जलतरङ्ग m. (-जः) 1. A wave. 2. A metal cup with water, so as to  
produce a harmonic-note like a musical glass. E. जल, and तरङ्ग  
अपहर-इत्यम् ।  
जलतापिक m. (-कः) 1. The Hilsa or sable fish, (*Ompnodon ilisha*, HAM.)  
2. Another kind of fish, commonly Caouchhi, (*Cyprinus caochius*  
HAM.) E. जल water, तप्त to inflame, टक् affix ; also with चिन्ति affix  
जल तापित् m. (-पी) The Hilsa.  
जलवास m. (-वः) The Hilsa or Hilsa fish : see the last. E. जल water, तप्त  
to abide, affix चय । जलवासे चयति पर्यायं ति चल चय- ।  
जलवा f. (-वा) An umbrella E. जल rain, वा defending, from वै, with व  
अप् टप् affix. or जलान् लायते ते-व । छत्रे, जलजकण्याश्च ।  
जलदा mfn. (-दा-दा-दं) Giving or shedding water. m. (-दः) 1. A cloud. 2.  
A fragrant grass, (*Cyperus rotundus*) E. जल water, and द what  
gives. जल ददाति दा-इत्यम् । [a line.]  
जलदाक्षिणि f. (-णि) A line or succession of clouds. E. जलद्, and पङ्क्ति  
जलदाम्बुति f. (-ति) Cloudiness, gathering of clouds. E. जलद्, and भङ्गति  
assemblage.  
जलदान m. (-नः) The rainy season. E. जलद्, and आगम arrival.  
जलदान m. (-नः) Giving water. E. जल, and दान giving.  
जलदग्नि mfn. (-मः-भा-मं) Dark, black. E. जलद् a cloud, and दग्नि what  
resembles.  
जलद्वार m. (-वः) The Sulser, (*Shorea robusta*) E. जलद् a cloud, and  
वारम् imbibing, form चय to eat, affix लट् ।  
जलधर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Holding or having water. m. (-रः) 1. A cloud. 2.  
The ocean. 3. A grass, (*Cyperus rotundus*) E. जल water, and धर  
containing, possessing, form च with चड् aff. जलं धरति ।  
जलधरमाता f. (-मा) 1. A row of clouds. 2. A species of the Jagati metre.  
E. जलधर, and माता a garland.  
जलधि m. (-धिः) 1. The ocean. 2. A large number, (a hundred lacs of  
crores) 3. The number "four". E. जल water, धा to have. and  
धापरि कि aff. जलं धीयते धाय ।  
जलधिगा वि. (-गा) A river. E. जलधि the sea, गा going. जलधि समुद्रं गच्छति  
इत्यहम् ।  
जलधिजा f. (-जा) A name of the goddess LAKSHMI E. जलधि and जा  
produced, the ocean-born ; appearing at the churning of the  
ocean, amongst the fourteen precious things recovered from it.  
जलधी जायते जन-द-टाप् ।  
जलघ्न m. (-घ्नः) An otter E. जल, and घ्न an ichneumon : the water-  
ichneumon. जले घ्नन् इव । (उद्धृष्टाव) ।  
जलविधि m. (-धिः) The ocean. E. जल water and विधि a nest. निवीयते बाधित्  
विधा-काशारे कि टप् इत्यहम् ।

अश्विनी न. (-न.) A drain, a water-course, a pipe along a wall or leading for carrying off water, &c. waterfall, the descent of mountain &c. into a river below. ३ जल water, विमल transit or passage  
जलाना निर्गमः ।  
अश्विनीय म. (-इ.) A quantity of water. ३ जल and विषय a quantity  
अश्विनी f. (-नी) Vallisneria. Moss. २. जल and नीली blue dye-  
indigo; imparting its own tinge to the stream. जल नीलवर्ति नील  
तजरीति विषय जल उपर्युक्त नील ।  
अश्विन म. (-र.) An Asura sprung from Siva, and adopted by the ocean  
३ जल, and वर who has. जल धरति वा स सुख.  
जलपटल n. (-क) 1. A quantity of water. 2. A cloud. ३. जल, and पटल  
quantity.  
जलपति m. (-ति) 1. VARUNA, the deity presiding over the watery ele-  
ment, the Hindu Neptune. 2. The ocean. ३. जल and पति lord &  
master.  
जलपात्र n. (-त्र) A drinking vessel. ३. जल, and पात्र vessel.  
जलपान n. (-न) Drinking water: in Bengal, refreshment, luncheon, ३  
जल, and पान drinking.  
जलपित्त m. (-त) Fire. ३. जल, and पित्त bile; being as a dust to water a  
bile is to the body.  
जलपिप्पली f. (-ली) An aquatic plant, (*Commelina salicifolia*, &c.) ३e  
जलम् ३. जल water, and पिप्पली long-pepper.  
जलप्लवाङ्ग f. (-ज) An aquatic plant, (*Pistia stratiotes*.) ३. जल water, प्ल  
back or surface, and अ produced.  
जलप्रपात n. (-घ) A country abounding with water. ३. जल, and प्रपात abund-  
ance.  
जलप्रिय mfn. (-य-या-यं) Fond of water, frequenting water. m. (-य-) 1  
The Chataka, (*Cuculus melanoleucos*.) 2. A fish, ३. जल water, and  
प्रिय fond of.  
जलप्रव्र म. (-व) An otter ३. जल water, and प्रव्र who goes or swims.  
जलप्रवाह n. (-ह) An inundation, a deluge. ३. जल, and प्रवाह over-  
flowing.  
जलबन्धक m. (-क) A dam, a dike, rocks or stones impeding a current  
३. जल water, and बन्धक confining.  
जलबन्धू m. (-धू) A fish. ३. जल water, and बन्धू a friend  
जलबुद्बुद n. (-द) n. A bubble of water. ३. जल water, बुद्बुद बुद्बुद a bubbl  
जलचूर्णी f. (-णी) A kind of potherb, (*Hilancha repens*.) ३. जल, and च  
an asclepias.  
जलभृत् mfn. (-भृ-भृ-भृ) Aquatic, produced in or by water. m. (-भृ-) 1  
cloud. 2. An aquatic plant, (*Commelina salicifolia* or bengalensis  
see कच्छ ३. जल water, and भृत् being or born. स्वर्गाति यज्ञात् भृत् यथा  
क्षिप एतत् सः ।  
जलमक्षिका f. (-का) A water insect. ३. जल, and मक्षिका a fly. जलजाता मक्षिका  
जलमद्ग म. (-द्ग) A kingfisher. ३. जल and मद्ग another bird.  
जलमसि m. (-सि) A cloud. ३. जल, and मसि ink; composed as it were  
of ink and water, alluding to its dark colour. जलमसि तेषां जल  
किञ्चित् सूक्ष्माश्च तथा भिन्नमिति मल इव ३. तत्-सः ।  
जलमार्ग m. (-ग) A drain or issue from a pond, &c. ३. जल water, and  
मार्ग a road, a water-course. जलस्य तरङ्गस्य मार्गः ।  
जलाशय m. (-य) An otter. ३. जल water, and लाशय a cat.  
जलमुक्त m. (-मुक्त) A cloud. ३. जल and मुक्त from मुक्त to get free, and  
क्षिप liberating. जलानि मुक्तेति । मुक्त क्षिप ।  
जलमूर्ति m. (-र्ति) SIVA. ३. जल and मूर्ति form; of whom one forms  
water; implying his omnipresence. जलं मूर्तिः शिवः ।  
जलमूर्ति f. (-ती) Hail. ३. जल and मूर्ति form, with रूप added, a for  
or condition of water. जलस्य मूर्तिः घनीभावा इव रूपः ।  
जलमोद n. (-द) A fragrant grass, (*Andropogon muricatum*.) ३. जल and  
मोद what delights. जलस्य मोदपति मेदिनि तुद-विष्णु रूप उपर्युक्त । जलमोद  
जलमोद m. (-मोद) 1. A stream. 2. Collyrium.  
जलमय n. (-य) A water-work, a machine for raising water. ३. जल and  
मय made of water.









man, battle of the Keshetria, &c. 2. Superior or specific property.  
 न. जाति, and कर्त्तव्य duty.  
 जातिफल n. (ज) Nutmeg. न. जाति or जाती nance, and फल fruit; also जातीफल; also जातिफल, जाति or जाती and जातिफल.  
 जातिभंग m. (ज) Loss of caste. न. जाति, and भंग injury.  
 जातिभंगकर mfn. (ज-र-र) Forbidden, improper, causing loss of caste.  
 न. (र) Doing any act prohibited to a particular caste. न. जातिभंग, and कर what makes.  
 जातिमात्र n. (ज) 1. Species, genus. 2. Caste only, not the performance of its especial duties, न. जाति, and मात्र only.  
 जातिवचन n. (ज) 1. Specific or generic distinction or characteristic. 2. Mark of tribe or caste. न. जाति and वचन indication.  
 जातिवैर n. (ज) Innate or instinctive hostility. न. जाति and वैर enmity.  
 जातिवैरवचन n. (ज) Inconsistency, incompatibility, conduct or quality at variance with tribe or species. न. जाति, and वैरवचन inconsistency.  
 जातिवैराभास m. (ज) Specific or generic character or nature. न. जाति and वैराभास nature.  
 जातिस्मरण mfn. (ज-र-र) One who recollects his condition in a former life. न. जाति, and स्मरण who remembers.  
 जातिहीन mfn. (ज-न-न) Outcaste, void of caste. न. जाति and हीन void of.  
 जातीपत्री f. (जी) Mace. न. जाति and पत्री a leaf.  
 जातीय mfn. (ज-य-य) Relating to any species, belonging to any tribe or order. न. जाति, and य aff. जाती भवः।  
 जातीयरस n. (ज) Gum myrrh. न. जाती nutmeg, and रस juice.  
 जातु ind. 1. Sometimes, occasionally. 2. A particle of prohibition. 3. Of doubt. 4. Of contempt or abuse. न. ज्ञे to waste or decay, क्तु aff. ज्ञे ज्ञे ज्ञे ज्ञे ज्ञे।  
 जातुक n. (ज) Asafoetida. न. जतुक the same, and चच् pleonastic aff. जातु गहितं कं जतुकं चयात्। हिङ्गुनि।  
 जातुघान m. (ज) A Rakshasa, an imp or goblin. न. जातु sometimes, घान possessing, from घा with कृष्ट or युच्, otherwise जातुघान, or जातु गहितं घानम्, चमिघानम् चयत्। राक्षसे।  
 जातुघ mfn. (ज-घी-य) Made, &c. of lac, any artificial form or condition of it. न. जातु lac, चच् affix, and तुक् augment. जतुको विहारः।  
 जातिष्ठि f. (जि) Rites performed at birth. न. जात and ठि sacrifice. जाते पुत्रजन्मने ठिः।  
 जातीच m. (ज) A bullock. न. जात born, उच an ox. जातः प्राग्दद्याचयत्। चया ठच् स।  
 जाय mfn. (ज-य-य) 1. Well-born, legitimate, born of parents of the same caste. 2. Best, excellent. 3. Pleasing, beautiful. 4. Rectangular. न. जाति family, &c. यत् aff. जाती भवः।  
 जायन्तर n. (ज) Interval of difference of caste. न. जाति and चन्तर interval.  
 जायन्त mfn. (ज-य-य) Born-blind. न. जाति birth, चन्त blind.  
 जानकी f. (जी) A name of SITA. न. जनक the father of this lady affixes चच् and जीम्।  
 जानत् mfn. (ज-ज-ज-ज) Knowing, understanding. न. ज्ञा to know, अत् aff. ज्ञत्।  
 जानन n. (ने) Knowing, understanding. न. ज्ञा to know, नत् aff.  
 जानपद n. (ज) 1. Man, mankind. 2. An inhabited country. न. जनपद the same, and चच् aff. जानित् उपस्था पयने पद-चच्।  
 जान् m. (ज) The knee. न. जान् to be produced, (walking, motion.) कुन् Unadi aff.  
 जानुपेक्षक n. (ज) The knee pan or patella. न. जानु, and पक्षक a layer.  
 जानुसंधि f. (जि) The knee-joint. न. जानु, and संधि articulation.  
 जाम m. (ज) Muttering prayers by beads, or reciting passages of the Vedas, &c. inaudibly. न. जप् to mutter, &c. affix चच्, deriv. irr.  
 जाम्ब mfn. (ज-ज-ज) Muttering prayers, one who does so. न. जप् and चच् aff.

जायन् n. (ज) 1. Declining, rejection, descent. 2. Diminishing, finishing. न. जप् to speak, causal form जाये चच् नत्।  
 जाय mfn. (ज-ज-ज) To be muttered, &c. न. (ज) The muttering prayers, &c.  
 जायन् m. (ज) 1. The name of a asial. न. जयन्ता चयन् चच्।  
 जायन् m. (जि) The name of a Muni, one of the original teacher the Vedas. न. जयन्त and चच् patronymic affix; also with चच् as before.  
 जायन् m. (ज) A name of PARASURAMA. न. जयन्ति a Muni so and चच् patronymic affix; the son of the saint JAYAPANTI.  
 जायन् m. (ज) 1. A daughter's husband, a son-in-law. 2. A husband a lord or master. 3. A friend. 4. The sunflower, (Helianthus). न. जा for जात a wife, जा to take, उच Unadi aff. जायन्ति विनीति जाति।  
 जायि f. (जि-र-जी) 1. A virtuous and respectable woman. 2. A &c. न. ज्ञे to decline or decay, affix जि; or जप् to eat, affix or ally added चच् जि. उचि।  
 जायै m. (ज) A sister's son. न. जायि a sister, उच aff.  
 जायन् n. (ज) 1. The rose apple, the fruit. 2. Gold. न. जयन् the चच् aff.  
 जायन्ति n. (ज) A cauterising needle or probe. न. जायन्ति रज कीट।  
 जायन्ति m. (ज) A fabulous boar, father-in-law to KRISHNA. न. the Jambu tree, and चच् affix; also जायन्ति।  
 जायन्ति n. (ज) Gold. न. जयन्ती a river flowing from mount Sui the Indian Pictolus, and चच् aff.  
 जायन्ति mfn. (ज-य-य) Golden, made of gold. न. जायन्ति and जायन्ति।  
 जायन्ति n. (ज) A yellow fragrant wood. न. ज्ञा to excel (all perf and चच् aff.  
 जायमान mfn. (ज-य-य) Being born, coming into life. न. जप् to be शानच् aff.  
 जाय f. (या) A wife, one wedded according to the perfect rite जप् to be born, affix चच्; in whom a man is again born, that say, he is re-born in his children. जायते चयत्।  
 जायन् m. (ज) 1. A murderer of his wife. 2. A mole or mark on body, indicative of the death of a wife. न. जाय and चच् what does जायन्ति m. (ज) An actor, a dancer. न. जाय a wife, and जीव who a livelihood. जायया तत्रन्तवत्ता जीवति चयत्।  
 जायन् m. (ज) The character or attributes of a wife. न. जाय, and जायन्तिजीवन् m. (जी) 1. An actor, a dancer, a mime, &c. 2. A ki crane, the Vaka (Ardea nivea) 3. A needy man, a pauper, 4 husband of a harlot. न. जाय a wife, चच् like or with, and who gets a livelihood; who is supported by his wife. जायया चयत् चयत् जीवति चयत्।  
 जायन्ति m. du. (जी) Husband and wife. न. जाय a wife, and चयत् bind.  
 जाय m. (ज) A medicine, a medicament. न. ज्ञा to subdue, (dis Unadi affix चच्। जयति रीयान्। जीवति जयन्ति च।  
 जाय m. (ज) A paramour, a gallant. f. (जी) A drug, a medicament ज्ञा to grow infirm, चयत् चच् affix of agency, fem. जीव; weak the affection of wives to their husbands, or diminishing force of disease. जीवति चयत्।  
 जायन् m. (ज-जा) An adulterine, the child of a woman by her husband. न. जाय as above, and जप् born. जायन्ति उपयते; जायते जप्-च।  
 जायन्ति m. (जा-जा) An adulterine. न. जाय and जप् born; also with added, जायन्ति।  
 जायन् m. (ज) 1. Calculating or oxidizing metal. 2. A poisonous digester. न. ज्ञा to decay, causal form, चच् aff.  
 जायन्ति f. (जा) An adulteress. न. जाय, and जायन्ति who adulteress.  
 जायन्ति m. (जा) A marriage, thrice worshipping the sun in his own declination





जिह्वा म. (-ज-वा-न) 1. Going, going to, attaining, obtaining. 2. Abandoning, leaving. ३. वा to go, वाच्य aff.

जिह्वानश म. (-नः) The destruction of the world: see कदाचन

जिह्वां f. (-वा) Wish to take or seize. ३. वा to take, desiderative form चक, and ट्यप् aff.

जिह्वी म. (-वः-वः-वः) Wishing to take, seizing, carrying off. ३. वा to take, desiderative form, च aff.

जिह्व m. (-ज-वा-न) 1. Morally Crooked ३. Dishonest ३. Slow, lazy 4. Dim, dark. ५. Oblique squint. ६. (-वा) 4 tree, (Tibetomontana coronaria) ३. वा to quit, (a straight line), नन् Unadi affix, and the root reduplicated, deriv. irr. वा नन् चक्य चकियच.

जिह्वन् m. (-नः-न-न) Going tortuously or lazily. m. (-नः) A snake. ३. जिह्व as above, and न what goes. जिह्वं कृटिक् नन् वा नचति कन-च.

जिह्वता f. (-ता) 1. Crookedness, curvature. 2. Dishonesty. ३. तच् added to जिह्व; also with ल, जिह्वल.

जिह्वीरुम m. (-नः) A frog. ३. जिह्व slowly, and जीह्व copulation.

जिह्वयम m. (-जः) The K'hadira (Mimosa catechu.) ३. जिह्व crooked मल्ल a dart.

जिह्वित m. (-त-वा-न) 1. Bent, bowed, curved. 2. Turned away. ३. जिह्व, and इतच् aff.

जिह्व m. (-ज-व-र) The tongue. ३. जिह्व to lick, Unadi affix वच्, and the initial changed do ज.

जिह्वल m. (-ल-ल-ल) Greedy. ३. जिह्व the tongue, ल to take, ल affix जिह्वय m. (-वः) 1. The tip of the tongue. ३. जिह्व, and वच् and.

जिह्वानिलेखन n. (-नः) 1. Scraping the tongue. 2. A tongue-scraper. ३. जिह्व, and निलेखन scraping.

जिह्वय m. (-यः) 1. A dog. 2. A cat. ३. A tiger. 4. The hunting leopard ५. A bear. ३. जिह्व the tongue, and वच् who drinks, who laps. जिह्वय पिबति या-क.

जिह्वमल n. (-ज) The fur of the tongue. ३. जिह्व, and मल dirt, excretion.

जिह्वमूल n. (-मूल) The root of the tongue. ३. जिह्व, and मूल a root.

जिह्वमूलीय m. (-यः) 1. A term applied to the Visarga before क, and ख, and also to the guttural class of consonant. 2. A character substituted for the Visarga as हरिःकात्, and with a like sound. ३. जिह्व मूल, and क aff.

जिह्वरद m. (-रदः) A bird. ३. जिह्व, and रद a tooth; whose tooth, (i. e. beak), is like a tongue. जिह्व रदः रद यक्ष. पविचि.

जिह्वलिह m. (-लिह) A dog. ३. जिह्व, and लिह who licks or laps, from लिह् with लिप् aff. [ eating.

जिह्वालाट m. (-दः) Licking, lapping. ३. जिह्व the tongue, and लाट.

जिह्वालत n. (-त) A hundred tongues. ३. जिह्व, and तत् a century.

जिह्वालेखन n. (-नः) Scraping the tongue. f. (-नो) A tongue-scraper, made of a thin piece of wood of the Minusops Kauki or other trees. ३. जिह्व, and लेखन scraping; also in the second sense, with नन् added, जिह्वलेखनिका.

जिह्व m. (-ज-वा-न) Old, aged. ३. जा to become old, न affix, deriv. irr.

जिह्व m. (-तः) 1. A cloud. 2. A mountain. ३. A grass, (Andropogon serratus) 4. A name of INDRA. ५. A nourisher, a sustainer. ६. A plant: see चोषक. 7. A species of the Dandaka metre. ३. जि to excel or surpass, Unadi affix लृच् and लृट् augment, or जी for जीव life, and लृच् who urinates. जयति नमः जीयते पविसे वा.

जिह्व m. (-तः) A small hill near a mountain. ३. जीवत a mountain, and लृट् a house.

जिह्वयम m. (-नः) 1. INDRA. 2. The author of "Dayabhaga" a celebrated work on inheritance. ३. जीवत a cloud, and यमय vehicle जीवत and यमय यक्ष.

जिह्वयम m. (-मः) Smoke. ३. जीवत a cloud, and यच् to bear, affix जिह्व.

जिह्व m. (-रः) 1. Ominous. 2. A superficial knife or sword, a scythes. ३. A sort of panic seed: see चक. ३. वा to go or grow quickly, see Unadi affix, and the radical vowel changed.



अभिः कार्यं कृत्वा भावं जट्, or with क्, and टप् affixes कृत्वा, this root is always inflected in this sense, in the desiderative form, कृत्वा  
कृत्वा निन्द्यादीन् नि ।  
जुह्वा f. (-वा) Censure, &c. See the preceding.  
जुहुवित् mfn. (-वः-ता-त) Reviled, blamed, censured, abused. म. जुह्वा  
censure, अभिः क्.  
जुह्वा mf. (-वा-ता) A potheb. (Convolvulus argenteus.) म. जुह्वा to qu  
अभिः कृत्वा, removing all blemishes; also with कृत्वा added जु  
क. (-कः.)  
जुह्वित् mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Outcaste, deserted, injured, abandoned. m. (-  
A man of a degraded caste, a Chandala, &c. म. जुह्वित् to abando  
अभिः क्.  
जुह्वित् mf. (जुह्वित्-टिक्) 1. The matted hair of Siva or of ascetics. 2. A  
knot or fillet of hair. म. जट् to collect, affix कृत्वा, and सञ्चार्य  
पदो- or क् inserted; see जट्; also जट्, जुह्वित् &c.  
जुह्वि r. 6th cl. (जुह्वति) 1. To go; to move. 2. To bind. 3. To join, as  
making or mending. r. 10th cl. (जीह्वति-ते) 1. To send, to cast  
throw, to direct. 2. To grind or pound. म. जुह्वि-प- सेट् सक । जु  
चम ।  
जुह्वि (जुह्वि) जुह्वि r. 1st cl. (जीह्वते) To shine, &c. म. भा- काल- चक- सेट् ।  
जुह्वि r. 6th cl. (जुह्वति) To go, or move. म. जु-प- सक- सेट् ।  
जुह्वि f. (-जुह्वि) 1. Speed, velocity. 2. Motion in general. म. जह् to mal  
haste, affix जिप्, and जट् substituted for क्.  
जुह्वि r. 10th cl. (जीह्वति-ते) To reduce to powder. म. जु- चम- स  
सेट् ।  
जुह्वि (हृ) जुह्वि r. 1st cl. (जुह्वति) To hurt or kill. म. भा-प- सक- सेट् ।  
जुह्वि r. 1st and 10th cls. (जीह्वति जीह्वति-ते) 1. To reason, to think,  
conceive or imagine, to investigate or examine. 2. To injure,  
hurt or kill. 3. To like. (जि हृ) जि जुह्वि r. 6th cl. (जुह्वते) To pleas  
to gratify, to give satisfaction or delight, to serve. म. भा-प- स  
सेट् । जुह्वि-चम- चक हवी, चक तर्ही । जुह्वि-चा- सेट् हवी चक, सेना  
सक ।  
जुह्वित् m. (-कः) The water of boiled pulses, pease soup, porridge, &  
म. जुह्वि to please or satisfy, कृत्वा affix, and deriv. irr. see जुह्वि.  
जुह्वित् mfn. (-वः-ता-त) Served, obliged, worshipped, gratified by service  
म. (-वः) The crumbs or remnants of a meal or its leavings. म. जु  
to please, &c. affix कर्मणि क्.  
जुह्वित् mfn. (-वा-या-य) To be served or worshipped. म. जुह्वि to pleas  
अभिः कर्मणि क् वा कृत्वा ।  
जुह्वित् mfn. (-वा-यती-यत) Sacrificing, offering oblations, m. (-वा-य) Fire  
म. ज् to sacrifice, कृत्वा aff.  
जुह्वित् m. (-यः) 1. Fire. 2. A tree. 3. A hard-hearted man.  
जुह्वि f. (-यः) A wooden vessel, of the shape of a semicircle or crescent  
used to pour sacrificial butter in to the fire, म. ज् to sacrifice, Unad  
अभिः कृत्वा, the root reiterated, and the final made long also remain  
ing short जुह्वि f. (-यः) ।  
जुह्वित् m. (-वा-य) Fire, or the deity Agni. म. जुह्वि a sacrificial vessel  
and कृत्वा possessing; being the medium of (burnt) offerings; &  
जुह्वित् m.  
जुह्वित् m. (-यः) 1. The moon. 2. Fire or its deity. 3. An officiating  
priest म. जुह्वि to be crooked, to abandon, &c. Unad affix वाच्य  
the root is reiterated, and the final ह rejected.  
जुह्वित् mfn. (-य-यती-यत) Sacrifice, offering oblations. म. जुह्वि to sacri  
fice, कृत्वा aff.  
जुह्वि f. (-यः) 1. Ether, heaven. 2. A name of the goddess Sankarshani  
3. A female demon or goblin. 4. Speed, expedition, velocity.  
Going, motion. 5. The atmosphere म. जुह्वि to go swiftly, affix जिप्,  
and the final lengthened.  
जुह्वित् m. (-यः) 1. The matted hair of Siva. 2. The clotted hair of an  
animal. म. जट् to collect, affix कृत्वा, क् inserted; see जट्.

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mental faculty, is we to make knowledge of God, directly, through the light of His own truth. To know is to understand, to comprehend, to penetrate.

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- अक्षितमयन mfn. (अ-क्ष-ति) Fiery-eyed, looking angrily or fiercely, & अक्षित. and अक्षति the eye, also अक्षितमयन, अक्षितमय, &c.
- अक्षित् mfn. (अ-क्ष-ति) 1. Burning, flaming; 2. Shining. & अक्षित, and अक्षि aff.
- अक्षित mfn. (अ-क्ष-ति) Burning, blazing. mfn. (अ-क्ष-ति) Flame, blaze. f. (अ-क्ष-ति) Burnt rice. & अक्षित to blaze, affix अक्ष, fem. affix टाप् or जीप्.
- अक्षित m. (अ-क्ष-ति) Flame. & अक्षित, and अक्षि fire.
- अक्षित m. (अ-क्ष-ति) Agni, or fire. & अक्षित, and अक्षि a tongue; whose tongue is flame.
- अक्षित f. (अ-क्ष-ति) A place where subterraneous fires break forth; an object of veneration to the Hindus; a celebrated Jwalamukhi exists in Punjab, to which pilgrimages are made; the soil abounding with carburated hydrogen, which takes fire upon coming in contact with the external air; otherwise vents being made, a light is applied to the orifice, and flame being kindled, is fed by the stream of gas that escapes. The tongue of PARVATI is said to have fallen at this place & अक्षित flame, and अक्षि chief, principal, fem. affix जीप्.
- अक्षित mfn. (अ-क्ष-ति) 1. Flaming, blazing. 2. An Epithet of Siva. & अक्षित, and अक्षि aff.

## अ

- अ The ninth consonant of the Deva Nagara alphabet; the aspirate of the preceding letter, and corresponding in power to Jh.
- अ mfn. (अ-क्ष-ति) 1. Asleep, sleeping. 2. Lost, destroyed. m. (अ-क्ष-ति) 1. A name of VIRASPATI, preceptor of the gods. 2. A name of the chief of the Daityas or demons. 3. Sound or a sort of sound like the splashing of water, or the clashing of cymbals, jangling, clanging, &c. 4. High wind. 5. A stray, a thing lost or mislaid. 6. Playing a tune, beating time. f. (अ-क्ष-ति) The descent of a cascade, a water fall. & अक्षित to collect, affix अक्ष.
- अक्षर m. (अ-क्ष-ति) A low inarticulate sound, as the buzzing of bees, &c. & अक्ष, and अक्षर a making. & अक्षर.
- अक्षर m. (अ-क्ष-ति) An indistinct noise, like the jangling of metallic ornaments, a ringing, &c.
- अक्षर f. (अ-क्ष-ति) 1. Wind, wind and rain, a hurricane, a gale. 2. A sharp clanging sound, jangling. 3. Raining in large drops. 4. A stray, any thing lost. अक्षरि कृत्वा अक्षरि अक्षर-उ ।
- अक्षरि m. (अ-क्ष-ति) Wind with rain, a high wind in the rainy season, a typhoon or the sort of tempest frequent during the south-west monsoon. & अक्षर heavy rain, and अक्षर wind; also अक्षर-वत्, &c.
- अक्षरि m. (अ-क्ष-ति) Wind with rain, a storm, a squall. & अक्षर heavy rain, and अक्षर wind.
- अक्षर 1st. cl. (अक्षरि) To clot, to be entangled, (as hair:) see अक्षर. & अक्षर-पक्षर-सेट्.
- अक्षर f. (अ-क्ष-ति) A plant, (Elaecourtia cataphracta) & अक्षर to entangle, affix अक्ष.
- अक्षर m. (अ-क्ष-ति) A small tree, a shrub, a bush. & अक्षर to be entangled, & अक्षर Unadi aff.
- अक्षर ind. Quickly, speedily, instantly. & अक्षर entangling, confusing, affix अक्ष तिप्; also अक्षरि.
- अक्षर m. (अ-क्ष-ति) The clanging of metallic ornaments, &c. & अक्षर imitative sound, &c. अक्षर making.
- अक्षर (अ-क्ष-ति) 1st. cl. (अक्षरि) To eat: see अक्षर, &c. & अक्षर-पक्षर-सेट्.
- अक्षर aff. (अ-क्ष-ति) Jumping, springing, plunging. & अक्षर imitative sound, and अक्षर to fall, affix अक्ष.

- अक्षर m. (अ-क्ष-ति) A monkey or ape. & अक्षर, and अक्षरि. & अक्षर-पक्षर-सेट्.
- अक्षर m. (अ-क्ष-ति) A monkey, an ape. & अक्षर plunging, and अक्षर aff.
- अक्षरि m. (अ-क्ष-ति) A kingfisher. & अक्षर plunging, and अक्षर aff.
- अक्षरि m. (अ-क्ष-ति) A monkey, an ape. & अक्षर springing, affix अक्षर.
- अक्षर m. (अ-क्ष-ति) f. (अ-क्ष-ति) A cascade, a water-fall. & (अ-क्ष-ति) A. & अक्षर to waste or decay, affix अक्ष, fem. affix टाप्, & अक्षर or अक्षरि.
- अक्षर 6th. cl. (अक्षरि) 1. To say. 2. To blame, to abuse or men also अक्षर अक्षर, &c. & अक्षर-पक्षर-सेट्.
- अक्षर 6th. cl. (अक्षरि) 1. To say. 2. To blame, to abuse or men also अक्षर. & अक्षर-पक्षर-सेट्.
- अक्षर 6th. cl. (अक्षरि) 1. To say, to speak. 2. To censure, to ill & अक्षर पर-सक्त-सेट्.
- अक्षर 1st and 10th. cl. (अक्षरि) 1. To speak or say. 2. To censure or reprove. & अक्षरि (अक्षरि) To kill or hurt.
- अक्षर mfn. (अ-क्ष-ति) A sort of drum. m. (अ-क्ष-ति) 1. The Kaliyug, the sent Yug or age of the world. 2. The name of a river. 3. A staff. 4. A cymbal f. (अ-क्ष-ति) A whore, n. (अ-क्ष-ति) A sound as of splash or dropping. & अक्षर an imitative sound like that of water splashing, &c. and अक्षर what makes, from अक्षर with अक्षर affix, or अक्षर to sure, and अक्षर Unadi aff.
- अक्षर m. (अ-क्ष-ति) The Kaliyug. & अक्षर added to the preceding.
- अक्षर m. (अ-क्ष-ति) 1. The body. 2. A country. 3. A picture. & अक्षर injure or destroy, अक्षर affix, and अक्षर inserted.
- अक्षर f. (अ-क्ष-ति) The flapping of an elephant's ears, or loose brea &c. the word is considered as merely imitative of the sound made.
- अक्षर f. (अ-क्ष-ति) 1. A sort of drum. 2. A curl. & अक्षर imitative sound from अक्षर to get or make, affix अक्षर and अक्षर; also अक्षरि and अक्षरि.
- अक्षर f. (अ-क्ष-ति) 1. A daughter, a girl. 2. Sunshine, splendour, brilliant, glistening light. 3. A cricket; also अक्षर.
- अक्षर f. (अ-क्ष-ति) The areca nut.
- अक्षर m. (अ-क्ष-ति) A prize fighter, a cudgel player, a man of a tribe following such a profession; one of the degraded classes, being sprung from the outcaste Kshatriya & अक्षर to surround or embrace, added, and अक्षर changed to अक्षर.
- अक्षर n. (अ-क्ष-ति) Cymbals. & अक्षर imitative sound, a clash, and अक्षर emits, from अक्षर to sound, affix अक्षर.
- अक्षर m. (अ-क्ष-ति) A pigeon. & अक्षर imitative sound, and अक्षर a throat.
- अक्षर f. (अ-क्ष-ति) 1. A sort of drum. 2. A curl, a lock of hair: see अक्षर. A ball, &c. of perfumed substances used for cleaning the hair. Moisture. 5. Purity.
- अक्षर f. (अ-क्ष-ति) 1. Light, splendour, lustre. 2. A rag or cloth used in applying colour or perfumes. 3. Dirt brought off the body by rubbing it with perfumes. & अक्षर अक्षर पुषी.
- अक्षर f. (अ-क्ष-ति) A kind of drum: see अक्षर.
- अक्षर m. (अ-क्ष-ति) A ball or protuberance at the lower end of a spindle.
- अक्षर 1st. cl. (अक्षरि) 1. To kill or hurt. 2. To take. 3. To wear. & अक्षर-पक्षर-सेट्. अक्षरि पिबते. अक्षरि अक्षर-पक्षर-सेट्.
- अक्षर m. (अ-क्ष-ति) 1. A fish. 2. The sign (Pisces) of the Zodiac. 3. Warmth. 4. A forest, a thicket. f. (अ-क्ष-ति) A plant, (Hedysarum lagopodioides) n. (अ-क्ष-ति) Waste land. & अक्षर to injure, affix अक्षर.
- अक्षर m. (अ-क्ष-ति) A name of KANDARPA. & अक्षर a fish, and अक्षर a deer, who bears a fish on his banner.
- अक्षर m. (अ-क्ष-ति) A name of Mandarparva, & a fish and a deer.





- दृक् m. (-कः) 1. Borax. 2. m. (-कः) A species of horse. Binding, tying.  
 दृक् to bind, affix कृ. दृक् वा बन्धनं दृक् ।  
 दृक्पति m. (-तिः) The master of the mint. दृक् a weight of silver put for a coin, and दृक् master.  
 दृक्प्राश f. (-का) A mint. दृक् see the mint, and प्राश a house or hall.  
 दृक्पत्र m. (-कः) The mulberry, (*Morus Indica*). (पानम वादा) दृक् दृक् कीपमानयति दृक्पयति च न चिन्तयति ।  
 दृक्पत्र m. (-कः) 1. Surprise, wonder. 2. Fame, notoriety. 3. The twang of a bow string. 4. A howl, a cry. दृक् to bind, &c. affix चार्त् ; or दृक् twang, in the second case, दृक् to make, affix चार्त् ।  
 दृक्पत्र m. (-कः) 1. A spade or hoe. 2. An axe. 3. The leg. 4. Borax. 5. A weight of four mashes. दृक् to bind, affix चार्त्. च changed to न, otherwise दृक् as above ; also with चार्त्, affix, दृक्पत्र n. (-कः)  
 दृक्पनी f. (-नी) A plant, (*Chasampelos hexandra*). दृक् चिन्तयति वाचनार्थी ।  
 दृक्पनी f. (-नी) A long lizard. दृक् दृक् imitative sound, and न what makes, from नी, affixes च and चार्त् ।  
 दृक्पनी f. (-नी) 1. A joke, a jest. 2. A kettle drum. 3. Any musical instrument. दृक् दृक् imitative sound, and न what makes sound, and रा, with च and चार्त्, affix ।  
 दृक्पत्र m. (-कः) The sound of a drum. दृक् दृक् imitative sound, tattoo, and न what gets or has.  
 दृक्पत्र, 1st cl. (दृक्पति) To be confused, to be disturbed by fear, anxiety, &c. दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र । विप्रद ।  
 दृक्पत्र n. (-कः) Anxiety, Perturbation. दृक्पत्र to be disturbed, दृक्पत्र aff. दृक्पत्र m. (-कः) A black-guard, a lecher, a libertine. दृक्पत्र an oath, and दृक्पत्र who takes.  
 दृक्पत्र m. (-कः) A clang, a twang.  
 दृक्पत्र m. (-कः) 1. horse. 2. A catamite. दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र ।  
 दृक्पत्र (कः) दृक्पत्र r. 1st cl. (दृक्पति) To go or move. दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र ।  
 दृक्पत्र m. (-कः) A bird. see the next.  
 दृक्पत्र m. (-कः) A bird, (*Parus jacobina* or *goensis*). दृक्पत्र imitative sound, दृक्पत्र to utter, affix च ; also with दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र added, दृक्पत्र ; also दृक्पत्र, दृक्पत्र, &c.  
 दृक्पत्र m. (-कः) A kind of tree.  
 दृक्पत्र 10th cl. (दृक्पति-ते) To direct, to send, to throw or cast : the act of throwing being considered analogous to that of sending or ordering. दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र ।  
 दृक्पनी f. (-नी) A gloss, a comment. दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र पा दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र ।  
 दृक्पत्र (कः) दृक्पत्र r. 1st cl. (दृक्पति) To go or move. दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र ।  
 दृक्पत्र f. (-का) A commentary. दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र to go, affixes चार्त् and दृक्पत्र by which the sense of the text proceeds. दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र ।  
 दृक्पत्र m. (-कः) 1. Gold. 2. A Proteus, a changer of shapes at will, KAMA or love.  
 दृक्पत्र m. (-कः) 1. Low, little, vile. 2. Cruel, harsh. m. (-कः) 1. A plant, (*Bigenia Indica*). 2. A black species of catechu. 3. A small bird, (*Silvasutoria*). f. (-का) A plant, commonly Akanadhi : see दृक्पनी. दृक्पत्र imitative sound, and न what utters.  
 दृक्पत्र n. (-कः) 1. Sending. 2. Throwing. दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र to throw, दृक्पत्र aff. दृक्पत्र m. (-कः) Squint-eyed.  
 दृक्पत्र m. (-कः) Squint-eyed.  
 दृक्पत्र m. (-कः) 1. A car or litter carried upon men's shoulders, a Phalanquin, a Duli. 2. Flying in the air, the flight of a bird. दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र ।  
 दृक्पत्र m. (-कः) 1. A wooden antelope.  
 दृक्पत्र n. (-कः) A clang, a basket, a dish carried on men's shoulders by means of a stick and ropes like the beam and string of a balance, presents of fruit, sweetmeats, &c. are usually made in this manner ; also read दृक्पत्र. (दृक्पत्र)

- दृ The aspirate of the preceding letter, corresponding to दृ.  
 दृ m. (-कः) 1. A name of Siva. 2. The disk of the sun or moon, a circle, a globe. 4. A cypher. 5. An object of sense. 6. A noise. 7. An imitative sound as of a metallic pot rolling down steps. 8. An idol, a deity.  
 दृक् m. (-कः) 1. An idol, a deity, an object of reverence or worship. An honorific title after the name of a distinguished person.  
 दृक् ind. An imitative sound.  
 दृक्पनी f. (-नी) A girdle.

- दृ The third letter of the cerebral class of consonants, having the sound of D, pronounced far back in the "head" : it is often confused in pronunciation with a hard R, or L, sounded as the Northumbrian bur ; it is written in the Roman character I.  
 दृ m. (-कः) 1. A name of Siva. 2. Fear. 3. Sound. 4. Submarine fire. 5. A kind of drum or labor. 6. A kind of bird. f. (-का) 1. A kind of female imp or goblin. 2. A basket, &c. carried by a sling : see दृक्पत्र. दृ दृक् to collect, affix, च.  
 दृक्पनी f. (-नी) A kind of gourd ; also read दृक्पनी. दृ दृक् दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र ।  
 दृक्पत्र 10th cl. (दृक्पति-ते) दृक्पत्र 1st and 10th cl. (दृक्पति-ते) collect, to accumulate, to heap together. दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र ।  
 दृक्पत्र 10th cl. (दृक्पति-ते) दृक्पत्र (दृक्पति-ते) To throw, to send, to order. With prefixed, to deceive, to disgrace. दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र ।  
 दृक्पत्र (दृक्पति) दृक्पत्र r. 1st and 10th cl. (दृक्पति-ते) To collect, to heap together. दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र ।  
 दृक्पत्र m. (-कः) A man of low caste, employed to clear away filth, &c. : see दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र ।  
 दृक्पत्र m. (-कः) 1. An affray, a conflict without weapons. 2. Terrifying an enemy by shouts and gestures. 3. Petty or predator warfare, war carried on by detachments or by villagers, one in which kings are not engaged. 4. Riot, riot. n. (-कः) Flight, running away through fear. दृक्पत्र imitative sound, and न what occasions, from न to go, affix दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र ।  
 दृक्पत्र m. (-कः) 1. A musical instrument, a sort of small drum, shape like an hour-glass, and held in one hand usually carried by Kapalikas. 2. Any thing surprising, any strange occurrence, &c. दृक्पत्र imitative sound ; दृक्पत्र to go or get दृक्पत्र affix and the vowel change दृक्पत्र adj. f. (-का) 1. Famous, Renowned. 2. (म) An assemblage, a man as in दृक्पत्र ।  
 दृक्पत्र n. (-कः) 1. A car or litter carried upon men's shoulders, a Phalanquin, a Duli. 2. Flying in the air, the flight of a bird. दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र दृक्पत्र ।  
 दृक्पत्र m. (-कः) A wooden antelope.  
 दृक्पत्र n. (-कः) A clang, a basket, a dish carried on men's shoulders by means of a stick and ropes like the beam and string of a balance, presents of fruit, sweetmeats, &c. are usually made in this manner ; also read दृक्पत्र. (दृक्पत्र)



eaten with buttermilk. 2. सख्ख, and मूत्र मूत्र.  
 मूत्र म. (2) A churning stick. 2. सख्ख buttermilk, and मूत्र मूत्र.







तन्मन्त्रः the body, death. ३. तन्मन्त्रः of the body, तन्मन्त्रः  
 तन्मन्त्रः the body, and तन्मन्त्रः a hollow.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) Embodied, corporeal. ३. तन्मन्त्रः, and तन्मन्त्रः  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) 1. A woman with a slender or elegant waist. 2. A  
 species of the Gayatri metre. ३. तन्मन्त्रः, and तन्मन्त्रः middle.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) Perspiration, sweat. ३. तन्मन्त्रः the body, and तन्मन्त्रः juice.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) The hair or down of the body. ३. तन्मन्त्रः, and तन्मन्त्रः what  
 grows; also with the final consonant तन्मन्त्रः. (तन्मन्त्रः)  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) Spread, expanded. ३. तन्मन्त्रः to spread, तन्मन्त्रः Unadi  
 affix.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) A division of hell. ३. तन्मन्त्रः thin, small, and तन्मन्त्रः wind.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) Armour. ३. तन्मन्त्रः, to defend, तन्मन्त्रः aff.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) A warrior, a man in armour. ३. तन्मन्त्रः and तन्मन्त्रः who  
 shines.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) A pimple, a pustule, a boil. ३. तन्मन्त्रः slight, and तन्मन्त्रः a  
 sore.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) The body. ३. तन्मन्त्रः to stretch, Unadi affix तन्मन्त्रः.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) 1. A young woman, a girl, one of ten years old. ३.  
 तन्मन्त्रः the body, तन्मन्त्रः who makes perfect.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) The body. ३. तन्मन्त्रः to stretch, affix तन्मन्त्रः; see तन्मन्त्रः.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) Parod, made delicate or thin. ३. तन्मन्त्रः thin, तन्मन्त्रः made,  
 and तन्मन्त्रः rendered long.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) A son f (तन्मन्त्रः) A daughter. ३. तन्मन्त्रः, and तन्मन्त्रः born.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) A son. ३. तन्मन्त्रः body, and तन्मन्त्रः birth.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) The wind. ३. तन्मन्त्रः body, तन्मन्त्रः defective.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) Clarified butter or ghee. ३. तन्मन्त्रः the body, and तन्मन्त्रः defi-  
 ciency, thinness, spareness of body, and तन्मन्त्रः what cherishes; what  
 fattens.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) Fire or its deity. ३. तन्मन्त्रः ghee, and तन्मन्त्रः who  
 eats, from तन्मन्त्रः with तन्मन्त्रः affix, or तन्मन्त्रः the body, तन्मन्त्रः negative, and तन्मन्त्रः  
 to preserve, deriv. irr. destroying other bodies, or consuming its  
 own support or fuel, and ceasing to be.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) 1. The hair of the body. 2. The wing of a bird.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) A son. ३. तन्मन्त्रः or तन्मन्त्रः the body, and तन्मन्त्रः what grows or  
 rises, from तन्मन्त्रः with तन्मन्त्रः affix; also तन्मन्त्रः  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) The anus, the rectum. ३. तन्मन्त्रः the body, and तन्मन्त्रः a deep  
 place.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) A weaver. f. (तन्मन्त्रः) Expansion, extension. ३. तन्मन्त्रः to  
 stretch, affix तन्मन्त्रः.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) 1. A thread. 2. A shark. 3. Offspring, race, descendants.  
 ३. तन्मन्त्रः to spread or stretch, Unadi affix तन्मन्त्रः.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) Mustard seed. f. (तन्मन्त्रः) A vein or any tubular vessel;  
 see तन्मन्त्रः.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) A piece of fibrous wood, or a brush used by weavers for  
 cleaning the threads of the woof. ३. तन्मन्त्रः a weaver's thread, and तन्मन्त्रः  
 a wood.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) A silk worm. ३. तन्मन्त्रः a thread, and तन्मन्त्रः a worm.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) A shark. ३. तन्मन्त्रः to spread, तन्मन्त्रः aff.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) A snake. ३. तन्मन्त्रः, and तन्मन्त्रः a snake.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) A palm tree, ३. तन्मन्त्रः thread, and तन्मन्त्रः exudation,  
 alluding to its stringy or adhesive nature.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) The full moon of Shravana, when Krishna is invested  
 with the Brahmanical cord. ३. तन्मन्त्रः, and तन्मन्त्रः a festival.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) Mustard seed, (Sinapis dichotoma); also sometimes  
 तन्मन्त्रः 2. A seed. ३. तन्मन्त्रः a thread, and तन्मन्त्रः to shine, affix तन्मन्त्रः.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) The root of the lotus. ३. तन्मन्त्रः thread,  
 तन्मन्त्रः

तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) 1. A weaver. 2. A loom. ३. तन्मन्त्रः a thread, तन्मन्त्रः to weave,  
 affix तन्मन्त्रः.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) 1. A weaver. 2. A spider. ३. तन्मन्त्रः a thread, तन्मन्त्रः to weave,  
 तन्मन्त्रः affix; also तन्मन्त्रः.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) The banana or plantain. ३. तन्मन्त्रः a thread, and तन्मन्त्रः a  
 part.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) A weaver's shop. ३. तन्मन्त्रः weaving, and तन्मन्त्रः a house or  
 hall.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) Woven cloth. ३. तन्मन्त्रः a thread, and तन्मन्त्रः collected.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) The betelnut tree; also तन्मन्त्रः. ३. तन्मन्त्रः a thread, and  
 तन्मन्त्रः pith; having a stringy pith.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) Dependant, subservient. m. (तन्मन्त्रः) A weaver. f.  
 (तन्मन्त्रः) 1. Any string or rope. 2. The wire or string of a lute.  
 3. Any tubular vessel of the body. 4. A plant, (Menispermum  
 glabrum); see तन्मन्त्रः. 5. The name of a river. 6. A young  
 woman. n. (तन्मन्त्रः) 1. A Tantra, a religious treatise teaching  
 peculiar and mystical formule and rites for the worship of the  
 deities, or the attainment of superhuman power; it is mostly in the  
 form of a dialogue between Siva and Durga, who are the peculiar  
 gods of the Tantrikas; there is a great number of these works, and  
 their authority, in many parts of India, seems to have, in a great  
 measure, superseded that of the Vedas; according to one account,  
 a Tantra comprises five subjects, the creation and destruction of  
 the world, the worship of the gods, the attainment of all objects,  
 magical rites for the acquirement of six (superhuman) faculties,  
 and four modes of union with spirit by meditation; a variety of  
 subjects are, however, introduced many of them, whilst some are  
 limited to a single topic, as the mode of breathing in certain rites,  
 the language of birds, beasts, &c. 2. A branch of the Vedas, that  
 which teaches Mantra or mystical and magical formulae. 3. Demon-  
 stration, clear and right conclusion. 4. Raiment, vesture. 5. A me-  
 dicament, a drug. 6. A principal medicament, or perhaps a charm  
 considered as producing medicinal effects. 7. Providing for a fami-  
 ly. 8. A cause, a motive. 9. Cause common to two or more results;  
 the instruments or means of more than one effect. 10. Necessary or  
 indispensable act or provision; the right way of doing any thing.  
 11. Chief, principal. 12. A royal retinue, a court, a train. 13. An  
 army. 14. A royal property; that of providing for the security and  
 prosperity of the kingdom. 15. A realm, a country. 16. A thread,  
 17. Subservience, service, dependance. 18. Oath or ordeal. 19. De-  
 corations, hanging with trophies, garlands, &c. 20. Heap, multitude.  
 21. Wealth. 22. A house. 23. An implement or weaving a loom.  
 24. Happiness, felicity. ३. तन्मन्त्रः to spread or extend, affix तन्मन्त्रः; or,  
 तन्मन्त्रः to spread, to support a family, &c. affix तन्मन्त्रः, fem. affix तन्मन्त्रः; or  
 तन्मन्त्रः with तन्मन्त्रः Unadi aff.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) New and unbleached cloth. ३. तन्मन्त्रः the loom, and तन्मन्त्रः affix,  
 recently from the loom.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) A fibrous stick for cleaning the woof, &c. ३. तन्मन्त्रः weav-  
 ing, and तन्मन्त्रः wood.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) 1. Dependance, subservience. 2. The quality or character  
 of a Tantra. 3. Comprehending several rites in one, performance  
 of one ceremony or penance in lieu of a number. ३. तन्मन्त्रः, and तन्मन्त्रः add-  
 ed; also with तन्मन्त्रः.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) A weaver. m. (तन्मन्त्रः) A loom. ३. तन्मन्त्रः a thread, and तन्मन्त्रः  
 to weave, affix तन्मन्त्रः.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) 1. A weaver. 2. A spider. ३. तन्मन्त्रः a thread, a web,  
 and तन्मन्त्रः to spin or weave, affix तन्मन्त्रः; also तन्मन्त्रः and sometimes  
 तन्मन्त्रः.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) A plant, Guricht. ३. तन्मन्त्रः added to तन्मन्त्रः.  
 तन्मन्त्रः (तन्मन्त्रः) 1. Spun, wove, made of threads. 2. Charded,



तपनामिका f. (-सः) 1. The Godavari river. 2. The Yamuna or Jamuna river. 3. तपन the sun, and तपना a daughter.  
तपनीय mfn. (-यः ता-सु) 1. To be heated. 2. To be suffered or practised as penance. n. (-सु) Gold. 3. तप to heat, and तपनीय aff.  
तपनीयक n. (-कः) Gold. 3. तपनीय, and तप added.  
तपनेष्ट n. (-ष्टः) Copper. 3. तपन, and तप liked.  
तपस् m. (-सः) 1. The name of a month, Magha, (January-February). 2. The cold or dewy season. 3. The hot season. n. (-सः) 1. Religious austerity, penance, mortification, the practice of mental or personal self-denial, or the infliction of bodily tortures. 2. A world, the region above the Janaloka, inhabited by saints or devotees after death. 3. Virtue, moral merit. 4. Duty, the special observance of certain things : thus the Tapes of a Brahman is sacred learning of a Kshetrya, the protection of subject ; of a Vaishya, almsgiving to Brahmins : of a Sudra, the service of the same tribe ; and of a Rishi or saint, feeding upon herbs and roots. n. तप to heat or in flame, affix तपन्.  
तपस m. (-सः) 1. The moon. 2. A bird. 3. तप to heat, तपस्य Unadi aff.  
तपसाच m. (-चः) A name of INDRA. 3. तपस्, austerity, and तप which pares or makes thin ; emaciating himself by his devotions. 3. तपस चति तप-चच् चप-ञ्च । इच्छे ।  
तपसा m. (-सः) 1. The month Phalguna, (February-March) 2. A name of ARJUNA. f. (-स्य) 1. Devout austerity, religious penance. n. (-सः) The flower of the Kunda, (Jasminum pubescens.) 3. तपस the cold season, यत् aff. तपसि चापु वत् ।  
तपसाय mfn ( स्त्री-स्त्रिनी स्त्रि) 1. Devout practicing austerities. 2. Poor, wretched, pitiable. m. (-स्त्री) 1. An ascetic, a religious man engaged in the practice of rigorous and devout penance. 2. A name of NARADA. 3. A mendicant, a pauper. 4. The mango fish, (Polynemus risua.) f. (-स्त्रिनी) 3. A female devotee, a woman leading a religious life. 2. Spikenard, (Valerian jatamansi.) 3. Another plant : see कटरीचिषो. 3. तपस्, religious austerity, the hot season, &c. तपस्ये विनि aff.  
तपससाधि m. (-धिः) The practice of penance. 3. तपस्, and समाधि obligation.  
तपसाक mfn. (-कः का-क) Practicing austerities. 3. तप and तपसाक self.  
तपायय m. (-यः) The rainy season, 3. तप the warm season. 3. तपाय द, troying ; following the hot weather. तपस्य दीपस्य तपायः तपसायनं कालः । वर्षाकालः । [insert]  
तपित mfn. (-तः ता-त) Heated, burnt. 3. तप to heat, affix तप, with तपुस् m. (-पुः) 1. Fire. 2. The sun. 3. तप to heat, Unadi affix चति.  
तपोधन m. (-नः) A devotee, an ascetic, one who performs religious penance. f. (-ना) A plant : see सुखोरी. 3. तपस religious austerity. 3. तपस्य wealth तपोधनं वस्त्र ।  
तपोऽनुभाव m. (-वः) The influence of religious penance. 3. तपस् and अनुभाव authority.  
तपोविष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः वि-ष्ट) Performing penance, practising austerities, तपस्य and विष्ट engaged in.  
तपोवत् mfn. (-वः वी-व) Devout, practising austerities. 3. तपस्य and वत् aff.  
तपोवृत्ति m. (-त्तिः) An ascetic. 3. तपस्य and वृत्ति form.  
तपोवृत्ति m. (-त्तिः) An ascetic. 3. तपस्य and वृत्ति a heap.  
तपोवृत्ति m. (-वृत्तिः) A country, part of central India or holy land. 3. तपस religious austerity, and वृत्ति what surrounds.  
तपोवृत्ति n. (-वृत्तिः) A sacred grove, a place frequented by ascetics. 3. तपस and वृत्ति a wood.  
तप्य mfn. (-यः या-य) 1. Heated, inflamed, burnt. 2. Grieved by pain, sorrow, distressed, afflicted. 3. Inflamed with anger, irritated. Unadi affix as performed as penance. 3. Pined, maltreated. 3. Burnt, and तप्य to heat, तप्य aff.

तम (तम) A medicinal plant : see तमपत्र.  
 तमि (तमि) Night, & तम to be weary, तम affix : see तम and तमि.  
 तमि mfn. (तमि-तमि-ति) Desiring, desirous, wishing & तम to desire, तम or तमि aff.  
 तमि m. (तमि) The dark half of the month, from the full to the change. f. (तमि) 1. A dark night, or one during the wane of the moon. 2. Great or extensive darkness. 3. The night of the new moon. 4. Any night. n. (तमि) 1. Darkness. 2. Anger, wrath. & तम dark-ness, त added, and त substituted for, the penultimate.  
 तमिच m. (तमि) The fortnight of the moon's wane. & तमिच, and तम a fortnight.  
 तमिच m. (तमि) The quality of darkness or ignorance, & तमच, and तम property.  
 तमिच m. (तमि) 1. Fire. 2. The sun. 3. The moon. 4. The legislator Budd'ha. 5. Vishnu. 6. Siva. & तमच darkness, (physical or moral,) and तम destroyer. तमिचकार दीपमन्त्रान् व. इति तम उच्यते.  
 तमिचोक्ति m. (तमि) A fire-fly. & तमच darkness, and तमिच light, तमिच चक्षुः शरीर इति तमिच. खद्योति.  
 तमिच mfn. (तमि) Dispersing darkness, m. (तमि or तमि) 1. Fire. 2. The sun. 3. The moon. 4. A lamp. & तमच darkness, तमि to send away or disperse, तमि affix : also with तम affix तमिच. तमि चक्षुः शरीर इति तमिच.  
 तमिच mfn. (तमि) See the preceding.  
 तमिच mfn. (तमि) Lightening, enlightening, removing darkness physical or moral. m. (तमि) 1. The sun. 2. The moon. 3. Fire. 4. A name of Budd'ha, the founder of Budd'ha sect, & तमच dark-ness, तमि removing, from the तम prefixed to तमि to kill or destroy, affix तमि ; also तमिच mfn. (तमि-तमि-च) तमिचोक्ति चक्षुः शरीर इति तमिच.  
 तमिच m. (तमि) A fire-fly. & तमच darkness, and तमिच what pene-trates, तमिच भिन्नति तमिच-क्षिप.  
 तमिच mfn. (तमि-तमि-च) 1. Dark. 2. Ignorance. & तमच, and तमि become. तमिच mfn. (तमि-तमि-च) Consisting of or composed of darkness, derived from it. & तमच, and तमि aff. तमि चक्षुः शरीर इति तमिच.  
 तमिच m. (तमि) A fire-fly. & तमच darkness, तमिच a goat, तमिच क्षिपिच.  
 तमिचि f. (तमि) The district of Tumlook in Bengal. & तमच darkness or sin, and तमिच soiled, affix तमिच ; a country of which the inhabi-tants are notoriously depraved.  
 तमिचकार m. (तमि) Disease, sickness. & तमच, and तमिच changed, pro-ceeding from the Tama guna.  
 तमिच mfn. (तमि-तमि-च) Overcome with or influenced by rage, fear, &c. or any of the effects of the property of darkness. 2. Obscured, clouded. & तमच as above, and तमिच surrounded.  
 तमिच mfn. (तमि-तमि-च) Removing darkness, lightening. m. (तमि) The moon. & तमच darkness, and तमिच who removes. तमिच चक्षुः शरीर इति तमिच.  
 तमिच f. (तमि) A cow. & तमि to desire, तमि affix, also तमि being changed to तमि.  
 तमिच 1st cl. (तमिच) To go or move. & तमि-च-तमिच सेत.  
 तमिच f. (तमि) A cow : see तमिच.  
 तमिच 1st cl. (तमिच) To go or move. 2. To guard or preserve. & तमि-च-तमिच सेत.  
 तमिच mfn. (तमि-तमि-च) Who or what protects. m. (तमि) Protection. & तमि, and तमि aff.  
 तमिच mfn. (तमि-तमि-च) Who or what passes over or beyond. m. (तमि) 1. Passing over, crossing. 2. A float, a raft. 3. A road. 4. A tree. (तमि) 1. A boat. 2. A club. 3. A clothes basket, a Pitar. 4. Sino. 5. A small wooden sailing vessel. 6. The end of a garment. & तमि

तमिच m. (तमि) A medicinal plant : see तमपत्र.  
 तमि (तमि) Night, & तम to be weary, तम affix : see तम and तमि.  
 तमि mfn. (तमि-तमि-ति) Desiring, desirous, wishing & तम to desire, तम or तमि aff.  
 तमि m. (तमि) The dark half of the month, from the full to the change. f. (तमि) 1. A dark night, or one during the wane of the moon. 2. Great or extensive darkness. 3. The night of the new moon. 4. Any night. n. (तमि) 1. Darkness. 2. Anger, wrath. & तम dark-ness, त added, and त substituted for, the penultimate.  
 तमिच m. (तमि) The fortnight of the moon's wane. & तमिच, and तम a fortnight.  
 तमिच m. (तमि) The quality of darkness or ignorance, & तमच, and तम property.  
 तमिच m. (तमि) 1. Fire. 2. The sun. 3. The moon. 4. The legislator Budd'ha. 5. Vishnu. 6. Siva. & तमच darkness, (physical or moral,) and तम destroyer. तमिचकार दीपमन्त्रान् व. इति तम उच्यते.  
 तमिचोक्ति m. (तमि) A fire-fly. & तमच darkness, and तमिच light, तमिच चक्षुः शरीर इति तमिच. खद्योति.  
 तमिच mfn. (तमि) Dispersing darkness, m. (तमि or तमि) 1. Fire. 2. The sun. 3. The moon. 4. A lamp. & तमच darkness, तमि to send away or disperse, तमि affix : also with तम affix तमिच. तमि चक्षुः शरीर इति तमिच.  
 तमिच mfn. (तमि) See the preceding.  
 तमिच mfn. (तमि) Lightening, enlightening, removing darkness physical or moral. m. (तमि) 1. The sun. 2. The moon. 3. Fire. 4. A name of Budd'ha, the founder of Budd'ha sect, & तमच dark-ness, तमि removing, from the तम prefixed to तमि to kill or destroy, affix तमि ; also तमिच mfn. (तमि-तमि-च) तमिचोक्ति चक्षुः शरीर इति तमिच.  
 तमिच m. (तमि) A fire-fly. & तमच darkness, and तमिच what pene-trates, तमिच भिन्नति तमिच-क्षिप.  
 तमिच mfn. (तमि-तमि-च) 1. Dark. 2. Ignorance. & तमच, and तमि become. तमिच mfn. (तमि-तमि-च) Consisting of or composed of darkness, derived from it. & तमच, and तमि aff. तमि चक्षुः शरीर इति तमिच.  
 तमिच m. (तमि) A fire-fly. & तमच darkness, तमिच a goat, तमिच क्षिपिच.  
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 तमिच mfn. (तमि-तमि-च) Removing darkness, lightening. m. (तमि) The moon. & तमच darkness, and तमिच who removes. तमिच चक्षुः शरीर इति तमिच.  
 तमिच f. (तमि) A cow. & तमि to desire, तमि affix, also तमि being changed to तमि.  
 तमिच 1st cl. (तमिच) To go or move. & तमि-च-तमिच सेत.  
 तमिच f. (तमि) A cow : see तमिच.  
 तमिच 1st cl. (तमिच) To go or move. 2. To guard or preserve. & तमि-च-तमिच सेत.  
 तमिच mfn. (तमि-तमि-च) Who or what protects. m. (तमि) Protection. & तमि, and तमि aff.  
 तमिच mfn. (तमि-तमि-च) Who or what passes over or beyond. m. (तमि) 1. Passing over, crossing. 2. A float, a raft. 3. A road. 4. A tree. (तमि) 1. A boat. 2. A club. 3. A clothes basket, a Pitar. 4. Sino. 5. A small wooden sailing vessel. 6. The end of a garment. & तमि

to cross, affix भावे चच्, fem. affix लीच्; also with इच् affix तरि, q. v.  
 तरि (चच्) । छत्राणी प० तरति चनेन करवे चच् । चातरे पचादी ।  
 तरु m. (-चुः) A hyena. २. तर a road, and चि to annoy, affix उ infesting  
 the road; also with कच् added तरचु म. (-चः) or with उ affix तरच  
 m. (-चः) but not common. तर तर्ति जार्ने वा चिचीति ।  
 तरङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. Wave. 2. Cloth or clothes. 3. The gallop of a horse. २.  
 तृ to pass over or cross, Unadi affix चङ्गच्.  
 तरङ्गिणी f. (-णी) A river. २. तरङ्ग a wave, दनि and जीच् affs.  
 तरङ्गित mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Wavy, billowy, tossing with waves. २. तरङ्ग, and  
 इतच् aff. तरङ्गः सञ्जातः चङ्ग ।  
 तराव m. (-वाः) 1. A raft, a float. 2. Swarga or paradise. n. (-चः)  
 1. Crossing over, passing, going across. 2. Removing from an in-  
 undation. २ तृ to cross, affix च्युट्.  
 तराव m. (-वाः) 1. The sun. 2. A ray of light. 3. A float or raft. f. (-वा-  
 or -वी) 1. A boat. 2. The Secotrine alor, (A perfoliata.) 3. A plant,  
 (Hibiscus mutabilis.) २ तृ to cross, Unadi affix करवे कर्माणि भावे वा  
 छट्.  
 तरावपेटक m. (-कः) An oval bowl or basin of wood, for baling a boat.  
 २. तराव, and पेटक a basket, the boat's basket.  
 तराकराव n. (-वः) A ruby.  
 तराव mfn. (-वः-वडा or -वडी वङ्) A boat, a vessel. mn. (-वङ्-वङ्) 1. A  
 raft or float, made of bamboos, &c. tied together, and sometimes  
 floated upon jars or hollow boards inverted. 2. The float of a finish-  
 ing line. 3. An oar m. (-वङ्) A country. २ तृ to cross, चङ्गच् aff.  
 तरावपादा f. (-दा) A boat. २. तराव an oar, and पाद a foot, having oars  
 for feet.  
 तराव mfn. (-रन्-रन्ती-रन्) Crossing, passing over. n. (-रन् or रद्) 1. A  
 float or raft. 2. A kind of duck. २ तृ to cross, चङ्ग affix of the  
 active participle.  
 तराव m. (-वः) Conflagration of chaff; see वृणादि.  
 तराव m. (-वः) 1. A fog. 2. A hard shower, a torrent of rain. 3. The  
 ocean. f. (-वती) A boat. २ तृ to cross, चङ्ग aff.  
 तराव ज n. (-जः) A watermelon, (most probably borrowed from a Persian  
 word)  
 तराव n. (-वः) Fare, freight. २. तर passing (a river), and वण्य price.  
 तराव mfn. (-व-ला-व) 1. Trembling, tremulous. 2. Libidinous, lech-  
 erous, wanton. 3. Luminous, splendid. 4. Hollow. 5. Liquid,  
 liquefied m. (-वः) 1. The central gem of a necklace. 2. A necklace.  
 3. Bottom, depth, lower or under part. f. (-वती) 1. Rice gruel. 2.  
 Wine, vinous or spirituous liquor. 3. A bee. २ तृ to pass, to go or  
 move, affix चङ्गच्.  
 तरावता f. (-ता) Tremulousness, unsteadiness २. तल् added to the last;  
 also with तल्, तरावत.  
 तरावलीचका f. (-का) A woman with rolling or tremulous eyes. २. तराव  
 trembling, and लीचन an eye.  
 तरावयित mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Caused to tremble, agitated, undulating. m.  
 (-तः) 1. A large wave or surf. 2. Fickleness. २. तराव used as a verb,  
 च aff.  
 तरावत mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Shaken, trembling, tremulous २. तराव trembling,  
 and इतच् aff.  
 तराव m. (-रिः) A sword, a scymitar. २. तर passing, तृ to effect, इच्  
 affix, making its pass through the enemy, &c. also तराविक m. (-काः)  
 तल् n. (-तः) 1. Speed, velocity. 2. Strength. 3. A bank. ४. A float,  
 a raft २ तृ to go, to go quick, &c. चङ्गच् aff.  
 तराव n. (-वः) flesh २. तराव strength, affix चच्; in which there is  
 strength.  
 तराव n. (-वः) A landing place, a wharf or stairs. २. तर passing, ferry-  
 ing, and ज्ञान place.  
 तराव mfn. (-ता-यती-यन्) 1. Quick, swift. 2. Valiant. २. तराव, and  
 वतच् aff.

तराव mfn. (-ती-यती-यन्) 1. Quick, swift. 2. Strong, valiant. २.  
 1. A carrier, an express, a runner. 2. A hare. 3. The pr  
 Vishnu. 4. Air, wind. २. तराव speed, &c. दिनि aff.  
 तराव m. (-वः) A large flat bottomed boat. २. तराव crossing, चङ्गच्  
 perhaps a various reading of the next.  
 तराव m. (-वः) A flat bottomed boat. २. तराव passing over, चङ्गच् affix  
 the preceding.  
 तरि f. (-रिः) 1. A boat. 2. A cloth's basket. 3. The end of a cloth.  
 to pass, Unadi affix इच्; also with लीच् affix लीच्; see लच्, &c.  
 तरि n. (-चः) A raft, a float. m. (-चः) A ferry-man. f. (-का) A  
 २. तरि a boat, चङ्गच् aff.  
 तरिक m. (-की) A ferry-man. २. तरिक a raft, इनि aff.  
 तरित mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Carried over or across. f. (-ता) 1. The fore fir  
 2. Garlic, or perhaps hemp; see यङ्गच्. २. तृ to cross, इतच् aff.  
 तरि mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Who or what crosses. f. (-वी) a boat. २. तृ  
 go, in the causal, affix रनि.  
 तरि mfn. (-ता-ती-त) What crosses, passes or carries over. f. (-ती)  
 boat, a raft. २ तृ to cross, इतच् aff.  
 तरि m. (-चः) An oar, a paddle. २. तरि a boat, and चङ्गच् a car.  
 तरी m. (-वः) 1. The ocean. 2. Heaven or paradise. 3. Decorat  
 ornamenting. 4. A raft, a float. 5. Practice, business, professio  
 (-वी) The daughter of INDRA. २ तृ to cross or cause to cross, Un  
 affix इचच्, in some of its senses this word and तवि seem t  
 confounded; see तवि and तवि.  
 त m. (-वः) A tree. २. तृ to proceed, Unadi affix उच्, what gro  
 grows; or from what flowers and fruits arise, &c.  
 त m. (-चिः) A sort of bird. २. त a tree, and कुच् to contract,  
 इच्; nestling in the tree.  
 त mfn. (-ज-जा-ज) Borne, produced by a tree, (as a flower, f  
 &c.) २. तच्, and ज born.  
 तजीवन m. (-जी) The root of a tree २. तच् a tree, and जीवन living.  
 त mfn. (-व-वा-व) 1. Young, juvenile. 2. New, fresh, novel. m.  
 1. A young man, one of the virile age. 2. The castor-oil-pl  
 3. Large cumiu seed. f. (-वी) 1. A young woman from 16 to  
 years of age; generally however one about the first age. 2.  
 also tree, (A. perfoliata.) A perfume, commonly Chira. 4. A flo  
 the Indian white rose, (Rosa standuliferæ) n. (-चः) A kind of  
 er, that of the Acybraa anthos aspera (कुञ्जपुष्प) २. तृ to pass a  
 उच् Unadi aff.  
 त m. (-वः) A fever that lasts a week. २. तच्, and अच् fever  
 त m. (-चिः) Curds five days old. २. तच्, and दधि curds.  
 त m. (-चिः) Cartilage, gristle. २. तच्, and चङ्गच् bone.  
 त m. (-वः) A number of young woman. २. तच्, and तच् a tr  
 त m. (-वः) A young woman. २. तच्, and जन् person.  
 त m. (-वः) The part under the branches of a tree, the gro  
 about its root. २. तच्, and तच् below.  
 त m. (-का) The flying fox. n. २. तच् a tree, and तल्का see  
 suspended like a balance from the branches of a tree; also  
 त m.  
 त m. (-वः) A thorn. २. तच् a tree, and तच् a nail.  
 त m. (-चिः) A row of trees, an avenue. २. तच्, and तच् a line.  
 त m. (-वः) A parasite plant. २. तच्, and तच् what enjoys  
 त m. (-वः) A monkey, an ape. २. तच् a tree, and तच् a deer.  
 त m. (-वः) 1. A bud, a blossom. 2. A new sprout. २. तच् a tree  
 delight.  
 त m. (-वः) A branch or sprout. २. तच्, and तच् a shoot.  
 त m. (-वः) The palmyra tree. २. तच्, and तच् king.  
 त m. (-वः) A parasite plant. २. तच्, and तच् what enjoys  
 त m. (-वी) A parasite plant. २. तच्, and तच् what enjoys  
 त m. (-वी) A bird. २. तच् a tree, and तच् to sleep, and तच्

...the front of the spine.

1. A raft, a boat. 2. The sun. 3. A large, open field.

तविज् mfn. (-जः क्त-न्) 1. Separate, having spaces or interstices. 2. Clear, clean. 3. Small, little. 4. Delicate, thin, spare. 5. below, situated under or underneath. n. (-जः) A bed, a couch or cot. इ. तज् to fix or be fixed, Unadi affix इज् aff.

तविज् n. (-जः) 1. Ground prepared for the site of a dwelling, &c. see कृतिम् 2. A bed, a couch or cot. 3. An awning. 4. A scymitar, a large sacrificial sword or knife. इ. तज् to fix, इज् aff.

तज्जम् m. (-जः) 1. Air, wind. 2. A youth. f. (-नी) A young woman. इ. तज् to fix, इज् aff. : see तज्जम्.

तज्जम् m. (-जः) A hog. इ. तज् down, and ईज् looking. तज् ईज् यमम् । तनीयरी f. (-नी) A mistress or wife. इ. कृतीयरी भाव्यायाम् । तनीयरी f. (-नी) A river. इ. तज् steep, down, उद् water. तज् उदकं यस्यां उदकम् उदादिभ्यः ।

तज्जम् n. (-जः) A wood, a forest. इ. तज् to fix, कज् Unadi aff.

तज्जम् mfn. (-जः क्त-न्) 1. A bed. 2. An upper story, a room on the top of a house, a turret, a tower or keep. 3. A wife. इ. तज् to fix, Unadi affix तज्.

तज्जम् m. (-जः) A bug. इ. तज् a bed, and कीट an insect.

तज्जम् mfn. (-जः क्त-न्) 1. Born of a wife, (as a son by an appointed substituted.) 2. Produced in or from a bed, &c. इ. तज् and ज् born.

तज्जम् n. (-जः) An elephant's back. 2. The exterior muscles of the back. इ. तज् a nominal verb, to be as a bed, to be broad, &c. कृति and कर्त्तरि क् aff.

तज्जम् m. (-जः) A reservoir, a large pond, a tank or 'Talao'. f. (-नी) 1. A young woman. 2. A boat. 3. The wife of VARUNA. n. (-जः) A pit, a hole. इ. तज् deep, depth, and तज् to be or have, from तज् with उ aff.

तज्जम् m. (-जः) Excellence, happiness; also attributively, Excellent happy: used in apposition as an epithet the gender is not changed, as कृतीयरीतज्जम् an excellent maiden. इ. तज् that, (that which is every thing) and तज् to attain, affix तज् । तज् प्रसिद्धं यथा तथा लज्जति लज्ज काशी च । प्रसिद्धी ।

तज्जिका f. (-का) key

तज्जम् n. (-जः) Scent arising from the rubbing of fragrant substances.

तज्जम् mfn. (-जः क्त-न्) Thine. इ. कज् added to तज् to poss. case of तज्

तज्जम् n. (-जः) Milk and water. इ. तज् चक् । तज्जम् ।

तज्जम् m. (-जः) A sort of sugar prepared from a species of Hedysarum. इ. तज् चक् । तज्जम् । तज्जम् राज्ञे वाज-चक् ।

तज्जम् m. (-जः) 1. Heaven, paradise. 2. The ocean. f. (-नी) 1. A river. 2. The daughter of INDRA. 3. Strength, (in the dialect of the Vedas.) इ. तज् a Sanskrit root, इज् aff. Unadi affix: also तज्जि and तज्जि.

तज्जम् m. (-जः) 1. Heaven. 2. The ocean. 3. Gold. इ. See the last.

तज्जम् mfn. (-जः क्त-न्) Pared, made thin. इ. तज् to pare, affix तज्.

तज्जम् m. (-जः) 1. A carpenter. 2. A name of VISWAKARMA. 3. One of the twelve Adityas or suns; also तज्जम्. इ. तज् to pure, तज् aff.

तज्जम् (इर च) इरतज् 4th cl. (तज्जति) To throw, to toss, to direct, to send, (इर) तज्जि r. 1st and 10th ols. (तज्जति तज्जयति-च) or with चक् prefixed (चतुर्तस्रि चतुर्तस्रयति) To adorn to dress or decorate. इ. च् । उभं । पदे भूदि- परं चकं सट् इदि । दिवा-पर-चक सट् ।

तज्जम् m. (-जः) A shuttle. इ. तज् to stretch, क्सरन् Unadi aff.

तज्जम् m. (-जः) 1. A thief, a robber. 2. The e... A kind of potherb, (Medicago esculenta.) 3. A tree, (Vangueria spinosa:) see तज्जम्. f. (-नी) A passionate woman. इ. तज् that, used depreciatingly, and तज् who does, सट् substituted for the final of तज्.

तज्जम् f. (-ता) 1. Thievishness, thieving. 2. Hearing, catching by the ear. इ. तज् added to the last; also with तज्, तज्जम्.

तज्जम् m. (-जः) An ornament of the ear, a large sort of ear-ring: see तज्जम् and तज्जम्.

तज्जम् n. (-जः) 1. Indifference, disregard, exemption from attachment or aversion. 2. Proximity. इ. तज्जम्, and तज् aff.

तज्जम् m. (-जः) 1. Beating, whipping, inflicting bodily chastisement. 2.

Sound, noise. 3. A handful of grass, corn, &c. a sheaf. 4. A mortar. 5. A kind of grass, (Andropogon serratus.) f. (-नी) or (-नी) kind of palm, (Coripha talliera, Rox.) See तज्जम्. इ. तज् to g pain, to beat, &c. affix तज् चक् कर्त्तरि तज् वा ।

ताडका f. (-का) A female demon, killed by RAMA.

ताडकाकम् n. (-कः) Large cardamoms.

ताडकम् m. (-कः) A kind of ear-ring: see तज्जम्. इ. तज् to shine, चक् affix; also तज् being changed to ट, ताडकम्.

ताडकम् mfn. (-कः क्त-न्) Beating with a whip or with strokes of any kind. इ. ताड, and तज् who strikes.

ताडकम् m. (-कः) An artificer who beats or hammers any thing. इ. तज् and तज् a blow.

ताडकम् n. (-कः) Beating, whipping, &c. f. (-नी) A whip. इ. तज् to be भावे क् ट् affix, fem. affix तज् ।

ताडनीयम् mfn. (-यः क्त-न्) To be beaten, punishable. इ. तज् to beat, चक् affix; also ताड and ताडयितव्य.

ताडपत्रम् n. (-त्रः) An ornament of the ear. इ. ताड the Tal tree, and a leaf, an earring resembling this: see तज्जम्.

ताडयित् mfn. (-ता-नी-य) Who or what beats or strikes. इ. तज् to be ट् च् aff.

ताडयित् ind. Having beaten. इ. तज् to beat, क् ट् aff.

ताडित् mfn. (-ता-नी-य) Struck, beaten. इ. तज् to beat, क् ट् aff.

ताडित् mfn. (-ता-नी-य) Beating, who or what beats or strikes. इ. तज् give pain, उल्ल Unadi aff.

ताडित् mfn. (-ता-नी-य) To be beaten or chastised, what may or ought to be punished, punishable. इ. तज् to beat, चक् aff.

ताडित् mfn. (-ता-नी-य) Being beaten or struck m. (-नः) A musical instrument, which is struck, as a drum, &c. इ. तज् to beat or strike भावे चक्, ट् inserted.

ताडित् mfn. (-ता-नी-य) 1. Dancing, especially with violent gesticulation and particularly applied to the frantic dance of the god S. and his votaries. 2. A sort of grass, (Saccharum procerum.) (-चः) In prosody, a tribach or foot of three sort-syllables. इ. तज् the name of the Muni, by whom the style of dancing was taught, affix चक्, or तज् to beat, and चक् aff.

ताडित् mfn. (-ता-नी-य) A name of NANDI, one of SIVA's prime attendants. इ. तज्जम् SIVA's dancing, and तज्जम् accompanier's music, from तज्जम् time or time, and तज् aff.

ताडित् mfn. (-ता-नी-य) A name of SIVA. इ. तज्जम् dancing, and fond of.

ताडित् f. (-ता-नी-य) The science of dancing. इ. तज्जम् the teacher of this and तज् aff.

तात mfn. (-ता-नी-य) Venerable, reverend, respectable. m. (-नः) father. 2. A term of affection addressed to any person, but especially to a junior or inferior, as हे तात oh! child, &c. इ. तज् to ex (his race or fame.) क् ट् affix, and the vowel made long.

तातम् mfn. (-ता-नी-य) Paternal, relating or belonging to the father (-नः) A paternal uncle. इ. तात a father, तज् who goes or is, fro to go, with उ aff.

तातज्जम् f. du. always (-नी-य) Father and mother, parents. 1. father, and तज्जम् mother

तातज्जम् m. (-नः) A paternal uncle, or the most respectable male relations. इ. तात a father, and तज्जम् like, equal to

तातज्जम् m. (-नः) A wagtail. तातं प्रसक्तं दक्षति तज्जम् । तज्जम् तज्जम् ।

तातज्जम् m. (-नः) 1. A fatherly relative, one who may be considered father. 2. Sickness, disease. 3. An iron club or spike. 4. Cold or maturing. 5. Heat, physical or morbid. इ. तज्जम् ताति ता-क् ट् ताति m. (-नः) A son. इ. तज्जम् to spread, (the race,) तज्जम् aff.

तातज्जम् mfn. (-ता-नी-य) Relating to any particular moment of time. इ. तज्जम् and तज् aff. तज्जम् वा ।





ताम्रवाहक m. (-कः) A betel-bearer, a servant attached to men of rank to prepare the Pan, and carry the betel-box. E. ताम्र, and वाहक who carries; also ताम्रवाहिक m. (-ही.)

ताम्रविक inf. (-कः-कः) A seller of betel. E. ताम्र, and विक aff. ताम्रविक तद्वचनं शिष्यस्य ।

ताम्रविक m. (-ही-ही-ही) Relating or belonging to a Pan having one, giving one, &c. m. (-ही) The Pan-bearer, a servant who prepares and furnishes the Pan. E. ताम्र, as above, विक aff. ताम्रविक पश्यतया अस्ति अर्थः ।

ताम्रविक inf. (-कः-कः-कः) Distressing, afflicting, annoying. E. तम् to distress, विक aff.

ताम्र inf. (-कः-कः-कः) Of a coppery red colour. n. (-कः) 1. Copper. 2. A kind of sandal, represented as of a dark red colour, and smelling like a lotus. 3. A dark or coppery red. m. (-कः) A leprosy with large red spots. f. (-कः) A copper or metallic cup of prescribed capacity, and perforated by a small hole at the bottom, answering the purpose of an hour glass: it is put into a vessel of water; the water gradually filling it, and the cup sinking, marks the time that has elapsed. E. तम् to desire, Unani affix र्क, and the vowel made long; or ताम्र copper, क् and उक् affixes, implying analogy or derivation.

ताम्रक n. (-कः) Copper. E. ताम्र as above, and कन् pleonastic aff.

ताम्रकरी f. (-कः) A name of the female elephant of the west. E. ताम्र coppery, and करी ear.

ताम्रकार m. (-कः) A brazier, a copper-smith. E. ताम्र copper, and कार worker. ताम्र ताम्रपात्रादिकं करोति तत्र चण्ड उप० स० ।

ताम्रकिलि m. (-कः) A small worm of a red colour E. ताम्र red, and किलि a worm.

ताम्रकुर m. (-कः) A brazier or copper-smith. E. ताम्र कुरयति कुर-चण्ड उप० स० ।

ताम्रकुरक m. (-कः) A brazier. E. ताम्र, and कुर a point; the word is imitative of the foreign original. त्र-चण्ड उप० स० ।

ताम्रक्री m. (-कः) A kind of red insect. E. ताम्र red, and क्री a worm. इन्द्रगोपकोटे ।

ताम्रकर्म n. (-कः) Blue vitriol or sulphate of copper. E. ताम्र copper, and कर्म womb or source.

ताम्रकृ m. (-कः) A cock E. ताम्र, and कृ a crest. ताम्र रक्षा कृया यस्य ।

ताम्रकृत m. (-कः) Having a ruddy or fair complexion, copper-coloured. E. ताम्र, and कृत body.

ताम्रपत्र n. (-कः) A copper-plate, such as Hindu grants of land, &c. are frequently inscribed on. E. ताम्र copper, and पत्र a cloth.

ताम्रपर्वी f. (-कः) 1. A large point or lake. 2. The name of a river in the peninsula, and of the district in its vicinity.

ताम्रपत्र n. (-कः) A plate of copper. m. (-कः) A potherb; see जीव. E. ताम्र, and पत्र a leaf.

ताम्रपाकि m. (-कः) A tree: see बर्हभाण्ड. E. ताम्र red, and पाकि ripening, the fruit being of this colour.

ताम्रपत्र m. (-कः) 1. A kind of ebony. (Bauhinia variegata.) 2. A plant, (Kempferia rotunda.) f. (-कः) Trumpet flower, (Bignonia suaveolens.) f. (-कः) 1. Lythrum or erticosum: see धातु-पुष्पिका. 2. Trumpet flower. 3. Red Teori: see चित्रित. E. ताम्र coppery red, and पत्र a flower, bearing red blossoms. ताम्र पुष्पं यस्य ।

ताम्रफल m. (-कः) A tree, (Alangium hexapetalum.) E. ताम्र copper, and फल fruit. ताम्र रक्तं फलमस्य ।

ताम्रफलक n. (-कः) A copper-plate. E. ताम्र, and फलक a plank or board.

ताम्रमूला m. (-कः-कः-कः) Copper-coloured, fair-complexioned. m. (-कः) A European. E. ताम्र, and मूल face.

ताम्रमूला f. (-कः) A plant: see चाहिणी. E. ताम्र copper, and मूल root. ताम्र रक्तं मूलं यस्य: टाप् ।

ताम्रमृग m. (-कः) The red deer. E. ताम्र, and मृग deer.

ताम्रवर्ण inf. (-कः-कः-कः) Red, copper-coloured. f. (-कः) The blossom seenamun. E. ताम्र, and वर्ण colour.

ताम्रवर्णी f. (-कः) Bengal madder, (Rubia manjith) 2. A medicinal plant used as an emollient in affections of the mouth and face also called तमाही, ताली, मृगवर्णी, &c. E. ताम्र copper, and वर्णी pedicel

ताम्रबीज m. (-कः) A kind of vetch: see कुलच. E. ताम्र copper, and बीज the seed. ताम्र बीजं यस्य ।

ताम्रवृक्ष m. (-कः) A sort of Sandal wood. E. ताम्र copper, and वृक्ष a tree ताम्रवृक्ष m. (-कः-कः-कः) A kind of vetch. see कुलच. E. ताम्र copper, coppery, इत्युत्पत्त्यः ।

ताम्रवृक्षि m. (-कः) A cock. E. ताम्र copper, वृक्षा a crest, and वृक्षि aff. see ताम्रवृक्ष. ताम्र रक्तं वृक्षा अस्ति अर्थः ।

ताम्रसार m. (-कः) A red kind of Sandal, (Pterospermum santalum.) ताम्र copper, and सार pith. ताम्र रक्तं सारं यस्य ।

ताम्राक्ष m. (-कः) One of the eighteen minor divisions of the known continent.

ताम्राक्ष m. (-कः-कः-कः) Red-eyed. m. (-कः) The Koil or Kokila, the Indian cuckoo. E. ताम्र, and अक्ष an eye. ताम्र अक्षिणी यस्य ।

ताम्राक्ष n. (-कः) Red sandal wood. E. ताम्र copper, and resembling. ताम्र आभा इव आभा यस्य । रक्तचन्दने ।

ताम्राक्ष n. (-कः) Mixed or bell metal. E. ताम्र copper, and अक्ष part or bell ताम्रस्य अक्षः अर्धभेद उपादकाः । कालि ।

ताम्रक m. (-कः-कः-कः) Of copper, made of copper, &c. m. (-कः) brazier, a copper smith. E. ताम्र copper, and क् affix f. (-कः) copper vessel for marking time E. कन् added to ताम्र, क्. v. तं ताम्रवर्णमिति शिष्यस्य ।

ताम्र (च) ताम्र n. 1st cl. (ताम्र) 1. To spread, to extend, to proceed in continuous stream or line. 2. To cherish or protect. E. आ-आ-स सेट् ।

ताम्रिक m. (-कः) A country; or plu. m. (-काः) Its inhabitants. E. ताम्र cherish, उक् aff. ताम्रि त्रौ साध उक् ।

ताम्र inf. adj. (-कः-कः-कः) 1. High, as a note in music. 2. Radiant, shining, radiating. 3. Clean, clear. 4. Good, excellent, well known, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A high note or tone in music. 2. Elegance of pearl. 3. A clear or beautiful pearl. 4. Crossing, passing over, &c. 5. A wire, a cord. 6. The mystic monosyllable Om. 7. A mystic monosyllable in the Tantras. 7. The name of a monkey chief. son BAIL. n. (-कः) 1. Silver. 2. A pearl. m. (-कः-कः) The pupil of the eye. 2. A star in general, a planet, an asteris &c. f. (-कः) A female deity peculiar to the Bauddha sect. 2. The wife of VRIHASPATI. 3. The wife of the monkey king BAIL. A name of the goddess Durga. E. त् to pass or proceed; also the causal, to cause to pass, and चिच्, क् or क् aff. संसारक ताम्रवति स्वजायमान् ।

ताम्रक m. (-कः-कः-कः) 1. A protector, a preserver. 2. One who causes enables to pass or go over. n. (-कः) 1. The eye. 2. A Mantra formula addressed to Rama, as Ramaya namah. m. (-कः-कः) 1. The pupil of the eye. 2. A star. m. (-कः-कः) A float or raft. (-कः) A pilot, a helmsman or steersman. 2. The man of a demon or evil spirit destroyed by KARTIKEYA. E. त् to pass or cause pass, and चिच् and क् affixes: or कन् added to the preceding. ताम्रकजित् m. (-कः) A name of KARTIKEYA. E. ताम्रक a demon, and जित conqueror; also similar names, as ताम्रकारि, ताम्रकजित्, ताम्रक &c. ताम्रकं ईयं जयति जि-जिप् ।

ताम्रकारि m. (-कः) The deity KARTIKEYA. E. ताम्रक and कारि a foe the preceding.

ताम्रकित m. (-कः-कः-कः) Starry. E. ताम्रक a star, कित् aff.

ताम्रकित m. (-कः-कः-कः) Starry. f. (-कः) Night. E. ताम्रक, and कित् aff.

ताम्रक m. (-कः-कः-कः) Who or what causes or enables to cross. m. (-





तिर्यग्गोचरः mfn. (य दाव) Of the brute kind. m. (-यः) The race or kind of animals, birds, &c. x. तिर्यग्गोचिनि, and चर्य्य race.

तिर्यक् or तिर्यग् mfn. (तिर्यक् तिर्यगी तिर्यक्) Moving tortuously, going crookedly or awry, (the neuter is also used adverbially : see तिर्यक् m. (-यङ्) 1. An animal, a quadruped. 2. A bird, or any animal moving tortuously. f. (-यिनी) The female of an animal, a beast or bird. x. तिरस्, crookedly, चक् to go, affix कृप

तिर्यक् 1st cl. (तिर्यक्) To go. r. 6th cl. (तिर्यक्) and 10th cl. (तिर्यक्) 1. To be unctuous or greasy. 2. To oil or anoint. x. भा० प० सक० सेट् । गदा० प० चक्र० चणिट् । ब्रा० उभ० चक्र० सेट् ।

तिर्यक् m. (-यः) 1. A plant bearing an oily seed : the oil and seed being both much used in Oriental cooking. (Sesamum orientale.) 2. A mole or spot, compared to a seed of sesamum. 3. A small particle or portion. x. तिल to be unctuous, affix क.

तिर्यक् mfn. (-कः का-कं) 1. Spotted, freckled, a person having mole- or spots. 2. Chief, principal. mu. (-कः कं) A mark or marks made with colored earths or unguents upon the forehead, and between the eye-brows, either as an ornament or a sectarian distinction. m. (-कः) 1. A freckle, a natural mark on the person. 2. A kind of tree, commonly Tila. 3. A sort of horse. f. A title, especially in composition, implying pre-eminence, as रघुवंशतिलकः the Tilaka of the race of RAGHU, a name of RAMA. n. (-कः) 1. The bladder. 2. Black Sochal salt, a facitious salt, containing sulphur and iron, &c. 3. A disease, the appearance of dark spots on the skin, unattended with inflammation. f. (-कः) A kind of necklace. x. तिल sesamum, &c. कन् added, or तिल to go or be unctuous, and कन् aff.

तिलकः 1st cl. (तिलक) The fatina of sesamum. x. तिल, and कट्च aff.

तिलकक m. (-कः) Sesamum ground or bruised. x. तिल, and कक sediment.

तिलकान्नक m. (-कः) 1. A mole, a spot on the body. 2. A man so marked. x. तिल sesamum seed, and कान्न black, कन् aff.

तिलकस्थान m. (-यः) The forehead. x. तिलक, and स्थान asylum.

तिलकस्रव n. (-हः) The sediment or cake of sesamum after the oil is extracted. x. तिल, and स्रव sediment.

तिलकिन् mfn. (-की किनी-कि) 1. Marked with the Tilaka. 2. Freckled, spotted. x. तिलक, and चर्य्य aff.

तिलकण्डू n. (-ण्डू) Sesamum ground or pounded. x. तिल, and कण्डू powder.

तिलककुल्लक n. (-कः) An embrace, embracing. x. तिल sesamum, and कुल्लक embrace, कन् affix, as agreeable as rice mixed with sesamum.

तिललेप n. (-लेपः) Sesamum oil. x. तिल, and लेपन् aff.

तिलान्न f. (-यः) Sesamum made up in the shape of a cow, for the purpose of being presented to Brahmins, &c. x. तिल sesamum, and वृत् a cow.

तिलपत्र n. (-पत्रः) 1. Sandal. 2. The leaf of the Tila tree. m. (-पत्रः) Turpentine. x. तिल, and पत्र a leaf.

तिलपत्रिका f. (-का) Red sandal : see the next. x. कन् added to तिलपत्र.

तिलपत्रिका f. (-का) Red sanders (Pterocarpus santalinus.) x. तिल the sesamum plant, and पत्र a leaf : also तिलपत्र.

तिलपत्रकट (ट) A sort of sweetmeat, and chutney of ground sesamum.

तिलपत्रम. (-मः) Barren sesamum, bearing no blossom, or its seed yielding no oil. x. तिल sesamum, and पत्र affix, in this sense.

तिलपत्रम. (-मः) Barren sesamum : see the preceding. x. तिल sesamum, and पत्र affix, with this sense.

तिलपत्रम. (-मः) Made or composed of sesamum. x. तिल, and पत्र aff.

तिलपत्रम. (-मः) A kind of peafowl. x. तिल, and पत्र a peacock : marked with spots resembling the seed of the sesamum.

तिलपत्रम. (-मः) Sesamum oil. x. तिल, and पत्र extract.

तिलपत्रक n. (-कः) Oil especially from sesamum. x. तिल, and पत्र grease.

तिलपत्रक n. (-कः) Burnt offering of sesamum. x. तिल, and पत्र burnt offering.

तिलापत्रा f. (-या) A plant, bearing a small pungent seed (Nigella dica.) x. तिल sesamum, and पत्र offspring as it were, from resemblance of the seeds.

तिलपत्रम. (-मः) A large snake, according to some, the same as Gokhura, to others the Boa, (Boa constrictor.) x. तिल here said imply motion, जी to destroy, and पत्र affix, destroying life, loco-motion.

तिलपत्रमा f. (-मा) One of the courtezans of Swarga. x. तिल a mole, पत्र excellent, beautiful.

तिलपत्रक n. (-कः) Sesamum seeds and water, as an oblation. x. तिल, पत्र water.

तिलपत्रक n. (-कः) A dish of milk, rice, and sesamum. x. तिल sesamum, and पत्र boiled rice.

तिलपत्र n. (-यः) A field of sesamum. x. तिल with यत् aff. तिलपत्रा चेतम् ।

तिलपत्र 1st cl. (तिलपत्र) To go or move. x. भा० प० सक० सेट् ।

तिलपत्र m. (-यः) A pale sort of Lod'h : see लोड्. x. तिल to anoint, पत्र affix : also with कन् added तिलपत्र.

तिलपत्र mfn. (तन् पत्रो-तन्) Staying, abiding, standing, being. x. पत्र stay, &c. जट् aff.

तिलपत्र n. (-यः) Evening, sun-set, the time which a cow stands to milked, &c. x. स्वा to sound, जी a cow. तिलपत्रः नावः यजिन् कानि ।

तिलपत्र mfn. (यः-या-यं) Auspicious, fortunate, lucky. m. (-यः) 1. eighth Nakshatra or lunar mansion, an asterism figured by arrow, and containing three stars, of which one is Caneri. 2. month Pausha, (December-January.) 3. The Kali Yuga, the fourth and present age. f. (यः) Emblem myrobalan, (Phyllanthus emblica) x. पत्र to please or delight, affix कृप्, and यत् substituted for penultimate.

तिलपत्रक m. (-कः) The month Pausha : see the preceding. x. कन् added तिलपत्र, the moon being then in that asterism.

तिलपत्रपत्र f. (-यः) Emblem myrobalan. x. तिलपत्र auspicious, and पत्र flower.

तिलपत्रमा f. (-मा) Emblem myrobalan : see तिलपत्र. x. तिलपत्र auspicious, पत्र fruit.

तिलपत्र m. (-यः) 1. Sickness. 2. Rice. 3. A bow. 4. A good disposition. तीक्ष्ण (-यः) तीक्ष्ण 1st cl. (तीक्ष्ण) To go or move. x. भा० प० सक० सेट् ।

तीक्ष्ण mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Hot, warm. 2. Hot, pungent. 3. Self-devoted, self-abandoning, committing suicide, &c. 4. Zealous, active, warm. 5. Keen, intelligent. 6. Devout, ascetic, a devotee, a zealous Sharp, (as a sword.) n. (-यः) 1. Heat, warmth. 2. Poison. 3. 4. War, battle. 5. Plague, pestilence, epidemic, destruction. 6. Death, dying. 7. Any weapon. 8. Haste, hurry. 9. Sea salt. 10. The scrotum or testicles. 11. Any metal. 12. Pungency, the of pepper, &c. m. (-यः) Nitre. f. (-यः) 1. Orris root. 2. The skin of a snake. x. तीक्ष्ण to sharpen or be sharp, Unadi कन् ।

तीक्ष्णक m. (-कः) 1. The scrotum or the testicles. 2. White mustard. x. कन् added to the preceding.

तीक्ष्णकयक m. (-कः) Thorn apple, (Datura metel.) x. तीक्ष्ण sharp, कयक a thorn. १ पुल्फे, २ बर्बे, ३ दलुदीहके, ४ बर्बे, ५ कयारीहके टाप् । तीक्ष्णकयकयुक्ते वि०, ७ तीक्ष्णकयके पु० न० । x. तीक्ष्ण कयकी

तीक्ष्णकन्द m. (-यः) The onion. x. तीक्ष्ण pungent, and कन्द root.

तीक्ष्णकन्द mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Active, zealous. x. तीक्ष्ण sharp, कन्द conduct

तीक्ष्णकन्द m. (-यः) 1. Morunga hyperanthura. 2. The gum-olibanum. 3. Small cardamoms. 4. A tree : see तिलपत्र. f. (-यः) 1. तीक्ष्ण



dwell, to abide. ३. To be strong or vigorous. ३. To give. ४. To hurt, to injure or kill. ४. To shine. **ड.** प्राप्त्वं विद्यायां च भा० प० सक० बर्हि इदिन् सेट् । **परा० उभ० सक० सेट् ।**  
**नक्षत्राणि** (-ञ्-आ-ञ्) Noxious, mischievous. **m.** (-ञ्) A Daitya, a demon. **m.** तुङि to hurt, affix चञ् । देवी इवी च ।  
**नट** **r.** 5th cl. (तुङति) 1. To dispute, to quarrel, to wrangle. 2. To hurt or injure. **r.** तुदा० कटा० पर० सक० सेट् ।  
**नटुन** **m.** (-ः) A rat. **ड.** तुट् to injure, affix उञ् ।  
**नट्ट** **च.** नट्ट विद्याकारणे (तोषति) also (च) तुङि **r.** 1st cl. निपीडने (तुङ्गते) also **r.** 6th cl. भेदे (तुङति) 1. To tear, to break or cut, to pull to pieces, to hurt or kill. **ड.** भा० पर० सक० इदिन् सेट् । तुदा० कटा० पर० सक० सेट् ।  
**तुङ्ग** **r.** 1st cl. (तुङ्गति) To disrespect. **ड.** भा० पर० सक० सेट् ।  
**तुङ्ग** **r.** 6th cl. (तुङ्गति) 1. To curve, to bend or make crooked. 2. To act fraudulently. **ड.** तुदा० पर० सक० सेट् ।  
**तुङ्गि** **m.** (-विः) A timber tree : see तुङ्ग. **ड.** तुङ्ग् to shrink or wrap, affix इङ्, and the radical vowel made short.  
**तुङ्ग** **m.** (-चः) The mouth, the face. **ड.** तुङ्गि to tear, (food, &c.) affix चञ्, and चञ् being added तुङ्गचन ।  
**तुङ्गकेरी** **f.** (-री) A cucurbitaceous plant, (Momordica monodelpha.) **ड.** तुङ्गक the mouth, च to go, चञ्, and डीव् affix.  
**तुङ्गि** **mf.** (-विः चो) 1. The mouth, the face. 2. A beak. 3. The navel ; (also तुङ्गि) **ड.** तुङ्गि to break or destroy, Unadi affix वञ्.  
**तुङ्गिका** **f.** (-का) 1. The navel. 2. A plant, commonly Telakucha. **ड.** चञ् added to तुङ्गि.  
**तुङ्गिकेरी** **f.** (-री) The cotton plant. 2. A sort of gourd, (Momordica monodelpha.) 3. A large boil or swelling on the palate. **ड.** तुङ्गिका the mouth or beak, च to go, affixes चञ् and डीव् ; also with चञ् added तुङ्गिकेरिका **f.** (-का) and with इन् fem. affix तुङ्गिकेरि **f.** (-रि) also तुङ्गिकेरी and तुङ्गिकेरी. [ceding  
**तुङ्गिकेरी** **f.** (-री) A sort of gourd, commonly Telakucha : see the previous.  
**तुङ्गिभ** **mf.** (-भः भा भ) 1. Having a prominent or elevated navel. **ड.** तुङ्गि the navel, भ affix ; also तुङ्गिभ, &c.  
**तुङ्गिभ** **mf.** (-भः भा भ) 1. Having a prominent or elevated navel. 2. Speaking harshly or severely. **ड.** तुङ्गि the navel, and भ affix, also तुङ्गिभ, &c. [**ड.** प्रा० उभ० सक० सेट् ।  
**तुङ्ग** **r.** 10th cl. (तुङ्गयति-ते) 1. To screen, to veil, to cover. 2. To spread.  
**तुङ्ग** **m.** (-जः) Fire. **f.** (-जा) 1. Indigo. 2. Small cardamoms. **n.** (-ज्) 1. A collyrium extracted from the Amomum zanthorrhiza. 2. Blue vitriol, sulphate of copper, especially medicinally considered as an Anjan, or application to the eyes. **ड.** तुद to pain, चञ् Unadi aff.  
**तुङ्ग** **n.** (-जः) Blue vitriol. **ड.** चञ् added to तुङ्ग  
**तुङ्गाञ्ज** **n.** (-जः) Blue vitriol, considered as a medicinal application to the eyes. **ड.** तुङ्ग the same, and चञ्चन a collyrium.  
**तुद** (-वी) **r.** 6th cl. (तुदति-ते) To pain, to wound, to vex or harass, to tease, to torture or torment, (तु) तुदि **r.** 1st cl. (तुदति) To search, to seek. **ड.** तुदा० उभ० सक० चणिट् ।  
**तुद** **n.** (-द) The belly. **f.** (-द्वी) The navel : see तुङ्गि. **ड.** तुद to torment, क affix, and तुन् augment.  
**तुदकवी** **f.** (-वी) The navel. **ड.** तुद the belly, and कृप a pit, a well, dim. affix डीव् ; also with चञ् added तुदकृपिका **f.** (-का).  
**तुदपरिक्रम** **m.** (-जी) A lazy man, a sloth, a sluggard : see the next.  
**तुदपरिक्रम** **m.** (-जः) A lazy man, a sluggard. **ड.** तुद the belly, चञ् to rub, with परि prefixed, and क affix ; also with the affix चञ्, तुद-परिमाञ्च as above ; passing his whole time in stroking his sides.  
**तुदवन्** **min.** (-वन् ववी-वन्) Corpulent, fat. **ड.** तुद, and मतृ aff. also from तुदि, तुदिवत् ।  
**तुदि** **n.** (-दि) The belly. **f.** (-द्वि) The navel. **m.** (-न्दि) One of the Gandharbas or quiriters of Svarga **ड.** तुद to vex or harass, affix इन्, and तुन् inserted

[illegible]



तुङ्गिनासतैल n. (-ल) Camphor, n. तुङ्गिनास, and तैल oil.

2. A beardless man. 3. A eunuch. 4. An astringent taste.







हृत् m. (-हृ) A serpent in general, the serpent genus. २. हृत् to hurt, or kill, क Unadi aff.

हृत् r. 6th cl. (हृति, हृति) 1. To content, to please. 2. To be pleased or content. ३. हृत्-पर-सक-सिट् ।

हृत् r. 6th cl. (हृति, हृति) 1. To content, to please. 2. To be pleased or content. ३. हृत्-पर-सक-सिट् ।

हृत् (जि जा) हृत् r. 4th cl. (हृति) 1. To thirst. 2. To thirst metaphorically, to desire, to long for. ३. हृत्-पर-सक-सिट् ।

हृत् f (हृत्) 1. Thirst. 2. Thirst (metaphorical,) wish, desire, lust. 3. The daughter of KAMA, the deity of love. ४. हृत् to thirst, affix क्त्; also हृत्, &c.

हृत् f. (-जा) Thirst. 2. Wish, desire. ३. The daughter of KAMA : see the preceding. 4. A plant, (*Commelina salicifolia*) : see कालिका. ५. हृत् to thirst, affix क्त् and टप्; also हृत्, हृत्, &c.

हृत् f. (-हृ) The bladder. २. हृत् thirst, and हृत् being; whence thirst arises.

हृत् m. (-हृ) 1. Affected by desire. 2. Thirsty, a thirst. ३. हृत्, and हृत् pained.

हृत् n. (-हृ) Water. १. (-हृ) A kind of anise. see मधुरिका. २. हृत् thirst, क्त् before, हृत् to destroy or remove, affix क्त्.

हृत् m. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Thirsty, thirsting, (physically or metaphorically.) n. (-हृ) Thirst, desire. ३. हृत् to thirst, affix हृत्. हृत् जाता च लारकाविवत् हृत् ।

हृत् f. (-हृ) A plant, (*Marsilea quadrifolia*) : see चतुर्भुजा. ३. हृत् thirst, and हृत् answering.

हृत् m. (-हृ) Thirsty. (physically or metaphorically) desiring, longing for cupidinous, ३. हृत् to thirst, क्त् added, हृत् and मज्ज् aff.

हृत् f. (-हृ) 1. Thirst. 2. Desire, wish. ३. हृत् to thirst, क्त् Unadi aff.

हृत् m. (-हृ) Content, resignation, patience. ३. हृत् greediness, thirst, and हृत् destruction.

हृत् m. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Thirsting, a thirst. 2. Desiring. ३. हृत् to thirst, and हृत् aff.

हृत् (हृत्) हृत् r. 6th cl. (हृति) 10th cl. (हृति-ते) also हृत् r. 7th cl. (हृति-ते) To kill, to hurt, to injure in any manner. (हृत्) हृत् r. 1st cl. (हृति) To grow or increase. ३. हृत्-पर-सक-सिट् । हृत्-सक-सिट् ।

हृत् r. 1st cl. (हृति) 1. To pass over or across. 2. To pass or float over, to navigate. 3. To float or swim. 4. To overcome, to surpass. With क्त् prefixed, To descend, as from heaven. With क्त्, To cross by a boat, &c. With हृत्, a To pass over or above; b To answer; c To land, to arrive at the opposite shore. With हृत्, To cross with difficulty. With हृत्, To cross safely, to obtain salvation. With हृत्, To excel or surpass. With हृत्, a To pass from; b To relinquish, to give, to give away, to give alms. With हृत् To swim over. ३. हृत्-पर-सक-सिट् ।

हृत् ind. With or by thee. ३. हृत् substituted for हृत्, but not to be confounded with the optional inflection of the 4th and 6th cases of हृत् thou.

हृत् r. 1st cl. (हृति) To guard, to cherish, to defend or protect. ३. हृत्-पर-सक-सिट् ।

हृत् m. (-हृ) 1. Sharpness, pungency. 2. Sharpness of a weapon. ३. Brilliancy. 4. Spirit. ५. हृत् to sharpen, affix क्त् : see हृत्.

हृत् n. (-हृ) 1. A bamboo. 2. Enlightening, making splendid or polished. 3. Sharpening. १. (-हृ) 1. A plant (*Aletris hyacinthoides*) 2. Heartpoa. ३. हृत् to sharpen, &c. affix क्त् and हृत्.

हृत् m. (-हृ) A kind of reed, (*Saccharum arund*) ३. हृत् added to the preceding.

हृत् f. (-हृ) The leaf of the *Tamra* called 'हृत्' and 'हृत्' and 'हृत्'.

हृत् m. (-हृ) The francoline partridge. ३. हृत् to sharpen, क्त् added, हृत्.

हृत् m. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Sharp, pungent. 2. Sharp, brilliant. 3. Bright. 4. Spirited, energetic. १. (-हृ) An aromatic plant (*officinalis*) : see कालिका. ३. हृत् sharpness, and हृत् aff.

हृत् m. (-जा) A name of Agni or fire. n. (-हृ) 1. Splendour, lustre. 2. Dignity, consequence. 3. Strength, power. 4. An spirit, energy. 5. Semen virile. 6. Fresh butter. 7. Impatience ability to bear or put up with. 8. Gold. 9. Bile, the bilious mour. 10. Marrow, the brain, &c. 11. Fame, glory. 12. Sharp (metallie) 13. Pungency. 14. Heat. 15. Bodily vigour. 16. city. ३. हृत् to sharpen or polish, affix क्त् and हृत्.

हृत् m. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Illuminating, making bright. 2. Sharp whetting. 3. Invigorating, tonic. ३. हृत् light, &c. and हृत् makes. हृत्, क्त् हृत् हृत् हृत् हृत्.

हृत् m. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Famous, celebrated. 2. Splendour see the preceding. १. (-हृ-हृ) Heartpoa : see कालिका. ३. splendour, &c. हृत् aff.

हृत् m. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Sharpened, whetted, polished, burnish. 2. Excited, invigorated, stimulated. ३. हृत् to sharpen, क्त् हृत्.

हृत् m. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Very bright or splendid. 2. Vigorous, full. ३. हृत्, and हृत् aff.

हृत् m. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Very bright, radiant, splendid. 2. powerful or vigorous. ३. हृत्, and हृत् aff.

हृत् m. (-हृ) A tree, (*Premna spinosa*) : see कालिका. ३. हृत् light, and हृत् friction; the friction of the wood engendering हृत्.

हृत् m. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Luminous, brilliant, consisting or light. ३. हृत्, and हृत् made of.

हृत् m. (-हृ) 1. The supreme spirit. 2. The nature of light, हृत् light (divine), हृत् form.

हृत् m. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. A Pungent. 2. Sharp. 3. Bright. 4. getic. १. (-हृ) 1. A plant bearing a fruit resembling pepper कालिका. 2. A kind of pepper, (*Piper chavya*, Rox.) ३. हृत् genoy, मज्ज् aff.

हृत् m. (-हृ) Superior brilliancy or power. ३. हृत्, a being.

हृत् ind. Therefore, thence, for that reason, on that account correlative to हृत्. ३. The third case of हृत् that, used as a p.

हृत् m. (-हृ) A note or cadence introductory to a song, &c. ३. to mean GAURI and SIVA; whose favour is secured by the

हृत् (हृत्) हृत् r. 1st cl. (हृति) 1. To sprinkle, to distil, to ooze. 2. To shake or tremble. 3. To shine. ३. हृत्-पर-सक-सिट् ।

हृत् m. (-हृ) Wet, damp, moisture. ३. हृत् to be wet, affix क्त्.

हृत् m. (-हृ) 1. Wetting, moistening, moisture. 2. A sauce or ment. १. (-हृ) A chimney, a fire-place, ३. हृत् to be wet, affix क्त्.

हृत् (हृत्) हृत् r. 1st cl. (हृति) 1. To play, to sport. 2. To weep. ३. हृत्-पर-सक-सिट् ।

हृत् n. (-हृ) 1. A garden, a pleasure garden or play-ground. 2. Play, sport, pastime. ३. हृत् to play, affix क्त् and हृत्.

हृत् m. (-हृ) 1. Sharpness. 2. Heat. 3. Pungency. 4. Cruelty. ३. हृत्, and हृत् aff.

हृत् m. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Of or relating to fire, fiery, splendid. 2. full, vigorous, intense. n. (-हृ) 1. Ghee or oil. 2. Butter. 3. Any. 3. Intensity. 4. Vigour, energy. ३. हृत्, and हृत् aff.

हृत् m. (-हृ) A name of the *Tamra* called 'हृत्' and 'हृत्' and 'हृत्'.

हृत् m. (-हृ) A name of the *Tamra* called 'हृत्' and 'हृत्' and 'हृत्'.

तेजस m. (-रः) A. frassine partridge, n. (-रः) A flock of partridges. n. तिजस, and तज, affixes aggregation or plausibility.

तेजरी mfn. (-रः) Relating to the Tittiri portion of the Vedas, as a student, a sect, teacher, section of, &c. n. तिजरी the Yajur Veda so called, and तज, or तिजरी partridge, affixes as before; the texts of this Veda being disgorged by YAJÑAWALKYA in a mangible form, and picked up by the rest of VASAMPAYANA's disciples, who, for the purpose, assumed the shape of partridges. तिजरीया प्रोक्तमपीदं तजः ।

तेजरीयक m. (-रः) A follower of the Tittiri branch of the Vedas. n. तज added to the preceding; also तज being added तेजरीयिन्, &c.

तेजः n. (-रः) 1. Heat. 2. Sharpness. 3. Pungency. n. तिज, and तज aff.

तेजः n. (-रः) 1. Oil, expressed oil, prepared from sesamum, mustard, &c. 2. Storax, gum benzoin, incense. n. तिज sesamum, and तज aff.

तिजस तजस्यस्य च तिजसः ।

तेजक n. (-रः) A small quantity of oil. n. तेज, and तज diminutive affix.

तेजकार m. (-रः) An oil manufacturer. n. तेज, and कार who makes.

तेजकित n. (-रः) The oil cake, a cake made of the oily seed, after expression. n. तेज, and कित sediment.

तेजः m. (-रः) The part of the peninsula south of Orissa to Madras, the modern Carnatic.

तेजरी रक f. (-रः) A cockroach. n. तेज oil, चुर to steal, चुल् affix; it is also sometimes read तेजचारिका from चर to go, with चार् prefix, and तज aff.

तेजरीय f. (-रः) A bathing tub for an oil bath. n. तेज, and तीरी a bucket.

तेजसक m. (-रः) A cockroach. n. तेज, and तज to digest, तज aff.

तेजसकिं न. (-रः) White Sandal wood. n. तिजसकीं Sandal wood, affix तज.

तेजसः f. (-रः) 1. Sandal. 2. Incense. 3. Turpentine. n. तिज sesamum, and तज a leaf, affixes तज and तीय.

तेजसः (-रः) A cockroach. n. तेज oil, and पा who drinks.

तेजसः f. (-रः) A cockroach. n. तेज oil, पा to drink, चुल् affix, and तज inserted.

तेजसिपिका f. (-रः) The small red ant. n. तेज, and विपिका an ant.

तेजसानी f. (-रः) A wick, the cotton of a lamp. n. तेज oil, नासा a neck-lace, तीय aff.

तेजस्य mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Blending with oil, &c. f. (-रः) Oblation to fire. n. तिज sesamum, पत् to go or alight, तज affix, and तुज augment.

तेजसायन n. (-रः) A fragrant substance, (Civet.) n. तेज oil, and सायन menstruum.

तेजसटिक m. (-रः) A sort of gem, (Amber.) n. तेज oil, and कटिक crystal.

तेजटी f. (-रः) A wasp. n. तेज oil, and तज to go, affixes तज and तीय.

तेजतुका f. (-रः) A cockroach. n. तेज oil, तज water or drink, तज aff.

तेजित m. (-रः) An oilman. n. तेज, and तज aff.

तेजित् mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Relating or belonging to oil only, &c. m. (-रः) An oil man, an oil grinder or preparer. f. (-रः) 1. The wick or cotton of a lamp. 2. A kind of insect found in oil. n. तेज oil, affix तिज.

तेजिता f. (-रः) An oil-mill. n. तेजित् an oilman, and तजसा a house or hall.

तेजित n. (-रः) A field of sesamum. n. तिज sesamum, and तज aff.

तेज m. (-रः) The month Pausan, (December-January.) f. (-रः) Day of full moon in Pausan, at which the constellation, (in which the moon is full in this month) and तज affix; it is dropped.

तेजः n. (-रः) A child, a son or daughter, male or female offspring. n. तज a Sautra root, तजसा affix, तज, तज, also तीय.

तेजः m. (-रः) 1. Green or purple, hairy. 2. Green, (the colour.) n. (-रः) 1. The war of the ear. 2. A cloud. n. तु to decide, तज affix, and तीय, &c. for the radical vowel. It is also written तीज.

तीरक n. (-रः) A measure or verse, a stanza, each line containing twelve syllables.

तीरः let of. (-रः) तीय (तीरति) To treat with disrespect. n. तीयः यज-रुट् ।

तीरः n. (-रः) 1. A stick or bamboo, with a sharp iron head, used for guiding an elephant. 2. A goad or pike for driving cattle. n. तज रुट्; also तीरन ।

तीरवेग n. (-रः) A rod or wand carried by Vishnu. n. तीर a goad, and वेग a stick.

तीरः m. (-रः) 1. Pain, anguish, vexation, torture, uneasiness, (either of body or mind.) 2. Sharp, shooting or pricking pain. n. तुट् to tease or torment, तज तज रुट्.

तीरन n. (-रः) 1. A goad; see तीर. 2. Pain, affliction from disease, &c. n. तुट् to give pain, affix तज रुट्.

तीरर mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) 1. An iron club or erow. 2. A lance. n. तीर Sautra root, to hurt, affix तज, तु that which injures, त to die, affix तज रुट्, and the vowel of तु changed. [takes.

तीररय m. (-रः) A warrior armed with a club. n. तीरर, and य who.

तीररय m. (-रः) 1. A name of Agni. 2. A warrior armed with a club. n. तीरर an iron club, and यर having.

तीररिका f. (-रः) A fragrant earth: see तुवरिका ।

तीरः n. (-रः) Water. n. तु to surround, Unadi affix तीर or तज to nourish, तज affix, and तज changed irregularly to ती or तु + तज तज रुट् याति तज + तज ।

तीरकान m. (-रः) A sort of crane growing in or near water, (Calamus fasciculatus, Rox.) n. तीर water, and कान desiring, affecting.

तीरकान m. (-रः) A sort of penance, drinking nothing but water for a fixed period. n. तीर water, and कान penance.

तीरडिक् m. (-रः) Hail. n. तीर water, and डिक् young; also तीरडिक्क.

तीरय mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Who or what gives water. m. (-रः) 1. A cloud. 2. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) n. (-रः) Ghee or oiled butter. n. तीर water, and य yielding. तीर दसति दा + तज ।

तीरय mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Having or containing water. m. (-रः) 1. A cloud. 2. A fragrant grass: see तुजक. 3. A potherb. (Marsilia dentata.) n. तीर water, and यर possessing तीर यरति य-रुट् ।

तीरयि m. (-रः) The ocean. n. तीर water, and यि having.

तीरयि m. (-रः) Cloves. n. तीरयि the sea, and यि fond of; produced in maritime countries. तज रुट् ।

तीरयि m. (-रः) The ocean. n. तीर water, and यि nest or receptacle.

तीरयिपत्नी f. (-रः) A plant, (Jussieu repens.) n. तीर water, and यिपत्नी long pepper.

तीरयुक्ती f. (-रः) Trumpet flower. n. तीर water, and युक्ती a flower; flowering near water.

तीरयुक्ती n. (-रः) The clearing nut plant, (Strychnos potatorum.) n. तीर water, and युक्ती clearing, cleansing; the nut being rubbed upon the inside of a water-jar, occasions the precipitation of the impurities of the water poured into it. (निर्मात्रि) ।

तीरयुक्तीय n. (-रः) The clearing nut; see the preceding. n. तीरयुक्तीय as above, and युक्ती fruit.

तीरयुक्ती f. (-रः) The trumpet flower.

तीरयुक्ती f. (-रः) A kind of gourd, (Memordica charantia.) n. तीर water, and युक्ती a creeper.

तीरयुक्ती f. (-रः) An oyster. n. तीर, and युक्ती an oyster.

तीरयुक्ती m. (-रः) A frog. n. तीर water, and युक्ती a spy.

तीरयुक्ती f. (-रः) Trumpet flower. n. तीर water, तज रुट् or तीर, तज to abide, तजि and तीय aff.

तीरयुक्ती m. (-रः-रः-रः) 1. The ornamented arch of a door or gateway. 2. An outer door. 3. Decoration of the gate-post. 3. A temporary and ornamented arch. 5. A mound or raised mark near a bathing place. 6. A triangle supporting a large balance. n. (-रः) The neck,

the throat. **हृ** to hasten, affix **वाचारे** **हृट्**; by which people pass or go.

**तोला** mn. (-लः-ल) A Tola, a weight of gold or silver; it is stated in books at 16 Mashas = 5 Rettis or 6½ grains each, and weighs therefore 105 grains troy; in practice it is calculated at 12 Mashas jeweller's weight, and weighs nearly double, or 210 grains; but actually it is of the same weight as the Sicca or grs. 179½. **हृ** to weigh, affix **कर्मणि चच्**; also with **हृच्** affix **तोला** mn. (-लः-ल)

**तोला** n. (-ल) Weighing. **हृ** to weigh, **हृट्** aff.

**तोलायामा** ind. Having weighed. **हृ** to weigh, causal form, **ह्रा** aff.

**तोष** n. (-ष) Pleasure, joy, happiness. **हृ** to be pleased, affix **चच्**.

**तोषित** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Pleased, appeased. **हृ** to be pleased, affix **क्त**.

**तोष** (च) **तोष** r. 1st cl. (-तोषति) To go or move.

**तोषिक** m. (-क) Sagittarius, the constellation.

**तोषिक** n. (-क) A pearl. m. (-कः) The pearl oyster.

**तोष्य** n. (-य) The sound of musical instruments, harmony, &c. **हृ** to play an instrument, and **चच्** aff. **तूष्** सुरवादी वाद्यं भवम्।

**तोष्यिका** n. (-का) Symphony, union of song, dance, and instrumental music. **हृ** to play as above, **त्रि** three, **चच्** affix; triple or three-fold melody.

**तोष** n. (-ष) A balance. **हृ** to weigh, **चच्** pleasure.

**तोषिक** m. (-क) A palatar. **हृ** to taste a brush, and **उक्** aff.

**तोषिक** m. (-क) A painter. **हृ** to paint a brush or pencil, and **उक्** aff.

**तोषार** n. (-र) 1. Snow. 2. Gold. **हृ** to frost, and **चच्** aff.

**त्याग** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Left, resigned, abandoned, deserted, &c. **हृ** to quit, affix **क्त**.

**त्यागी** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Ready to die; willing to run all hazards, having relinquished the expectation of life as men on the forlorn hope. **हृ** to quit, and **अपि** life.

**त्याग** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Leaving, abandoning. **हृ** to quit, **अव** aff.

**त्याग** mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be left, abandoned, excepted, &c. **हृ** to quit, and **अव** aff.

**त्यागि** m. (-यः) A Brahmin who has lost his household fire, one who neglects essential ceremonies. **हृ** to quit, and **अव** fire.

**त्याग** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Wishing to leave. **हृ** to quit, **अव** for the infin, **त्याग**, and **आप्त** desiring.

**त्याग** ind. Having left or abandoned. **हृ** to quit, and **अव** aff.

**त्याग** r. 1st cl. (-यति) **त्याग** (त्यागति) To quit, to abandon, to leave or resign, to part from, to give away.

**त्याग** n. (-य) 1. Leaving, quitting, abandoning. 2. Excepting, exclusion. 3. Giving. **हृ** to quit, and **उक्** aff.

**त्याग** mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be left or abandoned. 2. To be avoided. 3. To be excepted. **हृ** to quit, and **अव** aff.

**त्याग** mfn. for **त्याग** mfn. (-यः-या-य) That. **हृ** to quit, Unadi affix **चट्**, and the final of the radical rejected.

**त्याग** m. (-य) 1. Gift, donation. 2. Abandoning, leaving, parting from, separation, deserting, &c. 3. A sage, one who separates himself from worldly thoughts. **हृ** to abandon, **अव** **चच्** aff.

**त्यागी** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Generous, liberal. **हृ** to give, and **अव** addict-

ed to.

**त्यागी** f. (-या) Generosity. **हृ** to give, and **अव** affix; also with **अव** affix **त्यागी**.

**त्याग** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Who or what leaves, gives, excepts, &c. m. (-यः) 1. A donor. 2. A hero. 3. An abandoner, a deserter,

but chiefly applied to the religious ascetic, or him who abandons terrestrial objects, thoughts, passions, &c. **हृ** to give as above, **अव** aff.

**त्याग** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Left, abandoned. **हृ** to leave, **अव** aff.

**त्याग** mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be left or avoided. 2. To be abandoned from. 3. To be given. 4. To be excepted. 5. To be added. 6. To be added, or its duration considered as an addition. 7. To be added to the affix **चट्**.

**त्याग** (य) **त्याग** r. 1st cl. (-त्यागति) To go or move. **हृ** to go, **अव** aff.

**त्याग** (य) **त्याग** r. 1st cl. (-त्यागति) To go or move. **हृ** to go, **अव** aff.

**त्याग** (य) **त्याग** r. 1st cl. (-त्यागति) To go or move. **हृ** to go, **अव** aff.

**त्याग** mn. (-यः-या) The city of HARISCHANDRA, suspended. It is supposed in the air. **हृ** to go, affix **चच्**.

**त्याग** (य) **त्याग** r. 1st cl. (-त्यागति) 1. To quit, to perform, to endeavour, to strive. 3. To be busy. **हृ** to go, **अव** aff.

**त्याग** (य) **त्याग** r. 1st cl. (-त्यागति) To be modest, to be ashamed. **हृ** to go, **अव** aff.

**त्याग** mfn. (-यः-या) Shame, modesty, bashfulness. f. (-या) 1. An modest woman, (a shame, to her family.) 2. Family, race. 3. Fame.

**त्याग** mfn. (-यः-या) Being ashamed. **हृ** to be ashamed, **अव** aff.

**त्याग** m. (-यः) A barbarian of a certain description. **हृ** to be modest, **आप्त** Unadi aff.

**त्याग** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Shameless, impudent. **हृ** to go, and **अव** expelled.

**त्याग** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Modest, bashful, ashamed. **हृ** to go, and **अव** possessed of.

**त्याग** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Overcome with shame. **हृ** to go, and **अव** having

**त्याग** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Bashful, modest. **हृ** to go, and **अव** attached.

**त्याग** f. (-या) A whore, a harlot. **हृ** to go, **अव** to affect, affix **चच्** and **टाप्**, and **च** changed to **र**.

**त्याग** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Modest, ashamed. **हृ** to go, and **अव** aff.

**त्याग** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Immodest, impudent. **हृ** to go, and **अव** void of

**त्याग** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Modest, bashful, ashamed. **हृ** to go, and **अव** aff.

**त्याग** mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Highly satisfied. 2. Very much ashamed. **हृ** to please, or **त्याग** shame, and **अव** affix, deriv. irr.

**त्याग** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Highly or excessively pleased or content. Very much ashamed. **हृ** to go, and **अव** affix, deriv. irr.

**त्याग** n. (-य) 1. Tin. 2. Lead. **हृ** to go, and **अव** affix **उक्**.

**त्याग** n. (-य) Tin. **हृ** to go, and **अव** added to the preceding.

**त्याग** n. (-य) A cucumber. n. (-य) Tin. **हृ** to go, and **अव** affix **उक्**, fem. **उक्**.

**त्याग** n. (-य) Tin, or according to some, lead. **हृ** to go, and **अव** affix **उक्**.

**त्याग** n. (-य) Thin or diluted curds. **हृ** to go, and **अव** affix, deriv. irr.

**त्याग** n. (-य) 1. The third. 2. (In composition) Tree, as **त्याग** & three properties. **हृ** to go, **अव** aff.

**त्याग** f. (-या) 1. The three Vedas collectively, that is, omitting the Atharvan, which not being a text book for the customary religious rites of the Hindus, is considered very commonly rather an appendix to the other three, than a fourth work of equal authority. 2. A matron, a married woman who has children living. 3. Intelligent, understanding. 4. A plant, (*Conyza serrata*), and three **त्याग** or **त्याग** substituted for the final, fem. affix **उक्**.

**त्याग** m. (-य) The sun. **हृ** to go, the three Vedas, and **अव** diffused celebrated through these sacred books, or because the **त्याग** Vedas and portions of the other Vedas, are said to have proceeded from the sun.

**त्याग** m. (-य) Duty enjoined by the Vedas, modes of sacrifice prescribed by them. **हृ** to go, the three Vedas, and **अव** affix **उक्**.

**त्याग** m. (-य) A Brahmin. **हृ** to go, the three Vedas, and **अव** affix **उक्**.

म. (मः-सप्तमः) Thirtieth. f. (सप्तमः) The thirtieth day of the  
unar fortnight: see the next.

त्रिंशत् m. plu. (त्रिंशत्) Thirteen. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्. 1. To fear, to be afraid. 2.

To run, to go quickly. (त्रिंशत्) 1st and 10th cl. (वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्) 1. To hold.

To peak. 2. To shine. Also see 10th cl. (वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्) 1. To hold.

To seize or take. 3. To oppose, to prevent or forbid. 4. To

righten. म. दिवा-वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्. 1. To hold.

m. (मः-सप्तमः) Movable, loco-motive. n. (मः) A wood, a forest. n.

to go, affix च् or च्वा-वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

m. (मः-सप्तमः) 1. A shuttle. 2. Weaving. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

m. (मः-सप्तमः) An atom or mote visible in a sunbeam, especially con-

sidered as an ideal weight, either of the lowest of nomination, or

equal to three, or according to some, thirty invisible atoms. f.

A wife of the sun. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, and वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्; also read वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

m. (मः-सप्तमः) Timid, fearful. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, and वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

m. (मः-सप्तमः) 1. Timid, fearful. 2. Frighted, alarmed. 3. Quick.

वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्; also वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

m. (मः-सप्तमः) Fearful, terrified. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्; and वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

m. (मः-सप्तमः) Timid, fearful. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, and वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

m. (मः-सप्तमः) Fearing, apprehending. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, to fear,

and वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

2nd cl. (वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्) To preserve, &c.: see वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्. च्वा-वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

m. (मः-सप्तमः) 1. Preserved, saved, guarded, protected. n. (मः-सप्तमः)

Preserving, protection. 2. A plant: see वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

fix च्वा-वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् and च्वा-वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् optionally substituted त; also वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्; again, वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् to pre-

serve, affix वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

m. (मः-सप्तमः) Preserved, guarded, protected. n. (मः-सप्तमः) Preserving,

protection: see the preceding.

m. (मः-सप्तमः) Made of tin. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, tin, affix च्वा-वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, and वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् aug-

ment.

m. (मः-सप्तमः) Preserving, protecting. f. (मः-सप्तमः) 1. A plant:

see the next. 2. A protectress, &c. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, to preserve, affix वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

m. (मः-सप्तमः) A preserve, preserving. f. (मः-सप्तमः) A medicinal

ant. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, to preserve, affix वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

m. (मः-सप्तमः) 1. Fear, terror. 2. A flaw or defect in a jewel. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, to

fix, affix वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

m. (मः-सप्तमः) Fearful, alarming. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, and वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् what makes.

m. (मः-सप्तमः) Terrifying, fear-exciting. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, fear, and

or the upper part of the well. 3. A frame at the bottom of a well  
on which the masonry rests. 4. The cover or lid of a well. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) A mountain with three peaks. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, and

वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) Having three humps or peaks. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, and वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) A plant, (Ruella longifolia,) &c. see वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) The aggregate of three spices, viz. black and long p-  
per, and dry ginger. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, or three-fold, and वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् pungent,

(as a spice).

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) 1. A plant, (Ruella longifolia,) &c. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्. 2. A sort of

Euphorbia. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, and वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् a thorn.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) A sort of fish, (Silurus.) 2. A plant: see the preced-

ing. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, added to वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) A name of Buddha, the founder of the Band'ha

sect. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, and वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् a body, the three-bodied.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) Omniscient. m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) 1. A divine sage. 2. A

deity. 3. A name of Buddha, the founder of the Band'ha sect. n.

वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् time, and वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् who knows acquainted with the past,

present, and future; also similar compounds as the next, &c.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) Omniscient. m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) 1. A Rishi of

divine sage. 2. A name of Buddha, n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् time, and

वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् who views: see the preceding.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) Omniscient. m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) A name of

Buddha: see the preceding. n. As before, वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् who knows.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) The name of a mountain in the peninsula; it is also

applicable to any mountain with three peaks. n. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) Sea salt

prepared by evaporation. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् a peak, &c.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) A sort of knife with three edges. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, and वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् a

bauch.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) 1. The vulva. 2. A triangle. 3. Any triangular object.

n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, and वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् a corner.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) To go, to move or approach.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) A cucumber. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् a cavity or space; also

road sometimes वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) The aggregate of three beds. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् a

bed, वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् aff.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) The aggregate of three human objects, or virtus,

wealth, and desire. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, and वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् a class: see वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) 1. Tripled. 2. Gone or done in three ways. n.

(त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) The expression of different senses by the same word. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्,

and वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् gone.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) 1. A country in the north-west division of India, or m

plu. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) Its inhabitants; apparently part of Lahore, said, by

Mr. WILKINSON, to be the modern Tabora, but differently described

in the Koshas: see वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् and वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्. 2. A form of calculation,

(वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्) f. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) 1. A small worm. 2. A lascivious woman, a

wanton. 3. A woman in general. 4. A pearl. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, and वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्

a hole, &c.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) A country, the same as Vajhika: see वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्

added to the preceding.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) 1. Thrice, three times, triple. 2. Possessing

the three Gunas or properties. n. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) The aggregate of the three

qualities incident to human nature. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् a time or

property.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) Thrice ploughed, a field, &c. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्, three

times, and वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् made, wrought.

त्रिंशत् m. (त्रिंशत् or त्रिंशत्) The dancing or acting of a woman in female attire. n. वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्,

and वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् concealed.













चिन्ता (चिन्ता) 1st cl. (चिन्ते) To hurry, to make haste, to go  
with speed, to do any thing readily or precipitately. आ-चा

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ता) Making haste, speed, velocity. n. चिन्ते to haste, and चिन्ते  
चिन्ता m. (चिन्ता) Hastening, making haste, going speedily. n.  
चिन्ते to haste.

चिन्ता f. (चिन्ता) 1. To speed, to make haste, affixes च and टाप्.  
चिन्ता m. (चिन्ता) Swift, quick. n. चिन्ते haste, and चिन्ते possessive

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ता) Adherence, attachment. n. चिन्ते to go, with  
speed, and चिन्ते affixes च and टाप्.

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ता) Quick, expeditious. n. चिन्ते, and चिन्ते having.

चिन्ता f. (चिन्ता) Haste, speed. n. चिन्ते to make haste, affix च.  
चिन्ता m. (चिन्ता) Quick, swift, expeditious. n. (चिन्ते) Dispatch,  
haste. adv. Quickly, swiftly. n. चिन्ते to make haste, affix च, and चिन्ते

चिन्ता f. (चिन्ता) 1. Swift motion. 2. A species of the Pankti metre n.  
चिन्ते, चिन्ते being.

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ता) Speedily, hurried. n. चिन्ते quickly, चिन्ते

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ता) Pared, made thin. n. चिन्ते to make thin, affix च.

चिन्ता f. (चिन्ता) Carpentry. n. चिन्ते to place, चिन्ते aff.

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ता) 1. A carpenter. 2. A name of VISWAKARMA, the artist of  
the gods. n. चिन्ते to pare, affix च. The sun n. चिन्ते to shine,  
Unadi affix च and च substituted for the radical.

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ता) 1. Outenlar, relating to the skin. 2. Contagious,  
derived from touch. n. चिन्ते, and चिन्ते all

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ता) Ascertainment of objects by contact. n. चिन्ते and चिन्ते

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ता) The name of a demon, also called VRIKASHA. n. (चिन्ते)  
One of the lunar mansions, the fourteenth or Chitra. f. (चिन्ते) 1. A  
wife of SURYA, or the sun. also called SANJANA, the daughter of  
VISWAKARMA. 2. A small car. n. चिन्ते, the sun, or a carpenter, चिन्ते  
affix of relation or descent, and चिन्ते fem. aff. चिन्ते इवता चिन्ते

चिन्ता f. 1st cl. (चिन्ते) चिन्ते (चिन्ते) To shine. With चिन्ते prefixed. 1. To  
pare. 2. To dwell. आ-चिन्ते-चिन्ते.

चिन्ता f. (चिन्ते) 1. Light. 2. Splendour, beauty. 3. Speech. 1. Wish,  
desire, 2. Custom. practice, usage. n. चिन्ते to shine, affix चिन्ते; also  
with टाप्, added चिन्ते

चिन्ता f. (चिन्ते) Light. see the preceding

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ते) The sun n. चिन्ते gen. plur. of चिन्ते light, and चिन्ते

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ते) A ray of light. n. चिन्ते to shine, चिन्ते aff.

चिन्ता, 1st cl. (चिन्ते) To proceed fraudulently, crookedly. आ-चिन्ते

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ते) The hilt or handle of a sword. n. चिन्ते to go, Unadi  
affix चिन्ते

चिन्ता f. 6th cl. (चिन्ते) To cover, to screen, to disguise or hide. n.  
चिन्ते.

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ते) The sound made in spitting.

चिन्ता ind. Imitative sound of spitting.

चिन्ता f. 4th cl. (चिन्ते) To become pure.

चिन्ता f. (चिन्ते) 1st cl. (चिन्ते) To kill, to injure or hurt. आ-चिन्ते

चिन्ता n. (चिन्ते) Covering, clothing, wrapping up. n. चिन्ते and चिन्ते

चिन्ता The third letter of the dental class, and eighteenth consonant  
of the Deva Nagari alphabet, corresponding to the letter D.

चिन्ता n. (चिन्ते) A wife n. (चिन्ते) 1. Gift, donation. 2. Dividing, cut-  
ting, breaking, &c. f. (चिन्ते) 1. Purifying, cleansing. 2. Preserving, ch-  
ng. 3. Repentance. m. (चिन्ते) 1. A donor, a giver. 2. A man  
3. A gift, a thing given. n. चिन्ते to give, or चिन्ते to cut, &c. affix चिन्ते

चिन्ता 1st cl. (चिन्ते) To bite, to sting.

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ते) 1. A gadfly. 2. A tooth. 3. Biting, stinging. 4. An  
mail. 5. Cutting, dividing, tearing. 6. Fault, defect. 7. A job  
8. The sting of a snake. 9. Pungency. f. (चिन्ते) A small g  
n. चिन्ते to bite or sting, affix चिन्ते, diminutive affix चिन्ते

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ते) What bites or stings. m. (चिन्ते) A gadfly. n.  
चिन्ते

चिन्ता n. (चिन्ते) 1. Biting stinging. 2. Armour, mail. n. चिन्ते to bite  
चिन्ते aff.

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ते) A buffalo. n. चिन्ते a gadfly, and चिन्ते afraid of; also  
चिन्ते added, चिन्ते m. (चिन्ते) चिन्ते मीन.

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ते) A plant, (Hyperanthera morunga.) n. चिन्ते biting  
मूल a root; the root of this plant is substituted in Beng  
horseradish.

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ते) 1. Armed, mailed. 2. Bitten, stung. n. चिन्ते ar  
and चिन्ते affix, or चिन्ते to bite, affix चिन्ते

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ते) Mischievous, noxious. n. चिन्ते to bite or  
Unadi affix चिन्ते

चिन्ता f. (चिन्ते) A large tooth, a tusk. n. चिन्ते to bite, affix चिन्ते, and चिन्ते

चिन्ता f. (चिन्ते) The beard. n. चिन्ते a tooth, चिन्ते aff.

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ते) 1. Biting or wounding with the teeth,  
animal, &c. 2. Tusked, having tusks or sharp teeth. 3. Co-  
rons. m. (चिन्ते) 1. A hog. 2. A snake. n. चिन्ते a tooth, and चिन्ते

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ते) Armour, mail; see चिन्ते

चिन्ता n. (चिन्ते) Water. n. See चिन्ते, the initial vowel being dropped.

चिन्ता f. 1st cl. (चिन्ते) 1. To grow or increase. 2. To dispatch, to exp-  
to do quickly. 3. To go, to move. 4. To hurt or kill. आ-चिन्ते

चिन्ता m. (चिन्ते) Clever, able, dexterous. m. (चिन्ते) 1. AgBramha  
according to one legend, son of BRAHMA, born from the  
his right hand, for the purpose of peopling the world. And  
to another, he is the son of the Munis, called Prajapatis. He  
had sixty daughters, of whom twenty-seven are the nymphs  
form the lunar asterisms, and wives of the Moon; and  
daughters also Sati of Danda, the wife of Siva, and  
were married to KASHYAPA, and were the mothers of all  
beings. DAKSHA was on one occasion, disappointed by  
चिन्ते; he is sometimes represented as a  
himself. 2. A Muni and legislator, who lived in the  
of the Treta Yuga. 3. A kind of

चिन्ता the seventeenth consonant of the Deva Nagari alphabet, and second  
of the dental class; the aspirate of the preceding, and expressed  
by 'Th'

चिन्ता n. (चिन्ते) 1. Auspiciousness. 2. Fear, terror. 3. Preservation.  
m. (चिन्ते) 1. A mountain. 2. Eating. 3. A disease. n. चिन्ते to stand  
affix चिन्ते



- दण्डवायव्य द्व. (-वा) The peninsula, the peninsular forest : see the last.  
 दण्डक, and धण्डक a wood  
 दण्डदण्ड m. (-ण) Becoming a mendicant or ascetic. ३ दण्ड the staff  
 carried by the mendicant, and दण्ड taking.  
 दण्डम. (-म) 1 fighter, one who commits personal violence. ३ दण्ड a  
 stick, and दण्ड who strikes.  
 दण्डित inf. (-त) Suppressed by punishment. ३ दण्ड, and जित  
 conquered  
 दण्डक f. (-का) A kettle drum. ३ दण्ड a stick, and दण्ड a drum.  
 दण्डक, दण्डः १. (दण्ड) A perforated copper vessel, of given capacity, placed  
 in a vessel of water; when filled with water, it sinks, marking a  
 certain portion of time. ३ दण्ड twenty-four minutes, and दण्ड  
 (q. ४) a copper vessel, &c.  
 दण्डदास m. (-स) A slave, a bond-man, one who has become so as a  
 punishment or for debt. ३ दण्ड, and दण्ड a slave.  
 दण्डधर mfn. (-र) १. Having a stick or staff. २. Having authority  
 to punish. m. (-र) १. A name of Yama. २. A porter. ३. A potter.  
 ४. A mendicant carrying a staff. ३ दण्ड punishment, a stick, &c.  
 and धर who holds or possesses. also दण्डधर m. (-र) दण्डधारिन्  
 &c. दण्डं समुक्तं वा धरति वा धरन्.  
 दण्डधारिण m. (-रि) १. Punishment. २. Carrying a staff. ३. Following  
 the order of a mendicant. ३ दण्ड and धरण having  
 दण्डन m. (-न) Punishing, inflicting punishment. ३ दण्ड to fane, क्षुब्ध् aff.  
 दण्डनायक m. (-क) १. General, a commander-in-chief. २. A magistrate, a  
 head police officer. ३ दण्ड a column or troops, and दण्डक a leader.  
 दण्डनीति f. (-ति) Police, the system of civil and military administration  
 taught by CHANAKYA and others. ३ दण्ड (by) punishment or sub-  
 jection, नी to get or obtain, and निष्कर्ष aff.  
 दण्डनीय mfn. (-य) Punishable, deserving punishment. ३ दण्ड to  
 punish, नीय aff.  
 दण्डनीयत्व n. (-त्व) Demerit, desert of punishment. ३ दण्ड added to the  
 last; also with तत्त्व, दण्डनीयता.  
 दण्डपायक m. (-क) A porter, a warder or door-keeper. ३ दण्ड a staff, पा  
 to cherish or bear, affix ड, दण्डप again, दण्ड for दण्डक strong,  
 sturdy  
 दण्डपाणि m. (-णि) १. YAMA. २. A staff-bearer. ३. One of Siva's atten-  
 dants worshipped at Benares. ३ दण्ड, and पाणि a hand.  
 दण्डपातिन् mfn. (-ति) Awarding punishment, punishing. ३ दण्ड  
 punishment and पातिन causing.  
 दण्डपात्य n. (-य) १. Assault and battery, a title of jurisprudence. २.  
 Infliction of cruel punishment, one of the seven vices of kings and  
 rulers. ३ दण्ड punishment, पात्य severity.  
 दण्डपात्र m. (-म) १. A door-keeper, a porter. २. A small kind of fish,  
 (Cyprinus danica HAM.) See दण्डधर. ३ दण्ड a staff. &c. and पात्र  
 who cherishes, दण्डं दण्ड पात्रवति भक्षणं पात्रि चण्डः.  
 दण्डपालक m. (-क) १. A sort of fish : see the preceding, which it is  
 supposed to resemble. २. A door-keeper, &c. कन् implying likeness,  
 or pleonastic added.  
 दण्डपात्रक m. (-क) A hangman, an executioner. ३ दण्ड, and पात्र a  
 noose, दण्ड् aff.  
 दण्डप्रणयन m. (-न) Inflicting punishment. ३ दण्ड, प्रणयन leading.  
 दण्डभोति f. (-ति) Fear of punishment. ३ दण्ड, and भोति fear.  
 दण्डन् mfn. (-न्) १. Having a staff or stick. २. Inflicting punishment.  
 m. (-न्) १. A potter. २. An epithet of Yama. ३ दण्ड the stick or  
 handle of a wheel, and दण्ड who possesses or works with.  
 दण्डधाम m. (-म) १. An ascetic, one who uses a staff. २. A leader. ३.  
 दण्ड, and धाम a shrine.  
 दण्डधनुः m. (-न) Punishing, amercing, chastising. ३ दण्ड to  
 punish, धनुः aff.  
 दण्डधारा f. (-रा) १. Subjection or conquest of a region or quarter. २. A

- bridal procession. ३. Procession, moving in state or with at-  
 ants. ३ दण्ड punishment, &c. and धारा going.  
 दण्डयाम m. (-य) १. A name of YAMA. २. The saint AGASTYA. ३  
 day. ३ दण्ड punishment, &c. यम् to refrain, in the causal form.  
 यञ् aff. दण्डेन यञ्जति यम वा कर्त्तरि यम यञ्.  
 दण्डयोग m. (-य) Infliction of punishment. ३ दण्ड and योग applica-  
 दण्डलेख n. (-ख) A small fine. ३ दण्ड, and लेख a little.  
 दण्डवत् ind. Prostrate, falling or lying prostrate. ३ दण्ड a stick,  
 वत् aff.  
 दण्डधनुः mfn. (-न) Having a stick, carrying a staff. ३ दण्ड  
 मनुष्य aff.  
 दण्डवादिन् m. (-दि) १. A door-keeper or a warder. २. One who threat-  
 another with punishment or castigation. ३ दण्ड castigation,  
 वद to speak, to threaten, affix विनि.  
 दण्डवादिन m. (-नि) An elephant. ३ दण्ड a stick, and वादि a tail.  
 दण्डवादिन् m. (-नि) १. A door-keeper, a warder, a chamberlain.  
 The magistrate or the head of a village. ३ दण्ड a staff or mace,  
 punishment, &c. वम to abide, affix विनि.  
 दण्डविकल्प m. (-ल्प) Appropriate punishment or sentence. ३ दण्ड  
 विकल्प alternative.  
 दण्डविधि f. (-धि) Criminal law, mode of punishment. ३ दण्ड, and  
 विधि  
 दण्डविधिष m. (-ष) Kind or degree of punishment. ३ दण्ड, and विधि  
 दण्डविध्य m. (-य) A post or stake, round which plays the string  
 works the churning stick. ३ दण्ड a stick, कथ्य to stop, with  
 fixed, and यण aff. दण्डं सन्धानदण्डं विध्यधाति. (वीलसमयार खंडः)  
 दण्डद्वज m. (-ज) १. A staff-bearer. २. A door-keeper. ३ दण्ड  
 (Tabernemontana coronaria.) ३ दण्ड, and द्वज the hand.  
 दण्डाजिन m. (-ज) Deceit, fraud, cheating, rogues.  
 दण्डादण्ड ind. Single stick, cudgelling fighting with sticks or &c.  
 ३ दण्ड a stick, repeatedly, with धर inserted and दण्ड added.  
 दण्डार m. (-र) १. A carriage, a vehicle. २. A potter's wheel. ३. A  
 or any instrument for casting arrows or darts. ४. An elephant,  
 rut, a furious or intemperate elephant. ३ दण्ड a stick, धर to hit  
 यण aff. दण्डं धरति.  
 दण्डाहत m. (-ह) Buttermilk. ३ दण्ड a churning stick, and धातु  
 churned.  
 दण्डक m. (-क) १. A mace-bearer, &c. one carrying a stick or staff.  
 A fish, (Cyprinus danica HAM.) ३ दण्ड a staff, and दण्डक  
 दण्डका f. (-का) १. A kind of necklace. २. A string. ३ दण्ड a head  
 and दण्डक aff.  
 दण्डित mfn. (-त) Punished, chastised, sentenced, fined. ३ दण्ड  
 punish, डित् aff.  
 दण्डिन् mfn. (-न्) Having a staff or stick. ३ दण्डिन् १. A  
 keeper, a warder, a porter, a staff or mace-bearer. २. A name  
 YAMA. ३. A man of the fourth order or beggar. ४. A mendicant  
 carrying a staff. ५. A mendicant of a particular order, denoted by  
 SANKARACHARYA. ६. A Jina or Jaina saint, ३ दण्ड a staff, and  
 डित् aff.  
 दण्डोपना f. (-ना) A small shrub; also दण्डोपना. मन्त्रमेदे च।  
 दण्डा mfn. (-दा) Punishable, deserving punishment. ३ दण्ड  
 punishment, and कर्मणि यन् affix implying fitness.  
 दण् m. (दण् दणौ दन्तः) 2nd case plu. (दन्तः) A tooth; see दण्, the  
 is dropped after the 2nd case. ३ दण् to subdue, affix डत.  
 दण् mfn. (-न) १. Given, presented, made over, assigned.  
 Preserved, guarded, protected. m. (-नः) १. The name of a kind  
 A Sutra, also दन्ताचय. ३. A common surname or title of a man  
 the Vaisya or third tribe, at present common to the Kshatriya  
 class. n. (-न) A gift, a donation. ३ दा to give, affix कर्मणि.  
 दन्तक m. (-क) A son given: see the next, ३ कन् added to the last.

दत्त m. (-त्तः) A son given away by his natural parents, to persons agreeing to adopt him; one of the twelve heirs acknowledged by the old Hindu law. दत्तक, and पुत्र a son; also simply दत्तक, and sometimes दत्तिन.

दत्त mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Gave, was giving. द. दा to give, क्त aff.

दत्ता f. (-त्ता) A bride for whom a sum of money has been paid to her father. द. दत्त, and दत्तक dowry.

दत्त mfn. (-त्ता-त्ता-त्त) Self-given. m. (-त्तः) A youth or orphan, who gives himself to persons disposed to take the place of parents. द. दत्त given, and आत्मन् self.

दत्त m. (-यः) A sage, the son of Atri given to him by three deities BRAHMA, VISHNU and SIVA. द. दत्त, and आदित्य son of ATRI: also दत्त.

दत्त mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्त) Given and received. द. दत्त, and आदत्त taken.

दत्त mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्त) Treated with respect. द. दत्त, and आदत्त respect.

दत्तकमन् n. (-मन्) Nonresumption of gifts. द. दत्त a gift, चन for च neg. before अपकर्मन् resuming.

दत्तक mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्त) Given and taken again. द. दत्त, and अपकर्मन् taken back.

दत्तक m. (-कः) Resumption of gifts; one of the eighteen titles of law. द. दत्त, and अपकर्मन् not giving.

दत्तक mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्त) Attentive. द. दत्त and अपकर्मन् attention.

दत्त mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्त) Having a seat given, requested to sit. द. दत्त, and आसन a seat.

दत्त m. (-त्तः) Gift, donation. द. दा to give, क्त aff.

दत्त mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्त) 1. Given, 2. Produced or effected by gifts. m. (-त्तः) 1. A slave who is given by another. 2. A son given by his parents. द. दा to give, क्त aff.

दत्त (-यः) The deity INDRA.

दत्त Having given. द. दा to give, क्त aff.

दत्त m. (-दत्तः) 1. To give 2. To relinquish. भा० पा० सक० सेट्.

दत्त mfn. (-दत्तः-दती-दत्त) Giving. द. दा to give, क्त aff.

दत्त m. (-दा-दा-दे) Who gives or bestows. द. दद to give, and क्त aff.

दत्त m. (-न) Gift, giving, donation. द. दद to give, affix भावे ल्युट्.

दत्त m. (-दि-दि-दि) Who or what gives or bestows. द. दा to give, क्त aff.

दत्त mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Giving, who or what gives. द. दा to give, क्त aff.

दत्त mfn. (-दत्त) Fearful, alarmed. द. दृ to fear, क्त affix, and the radical vowel made short.

दत्त mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Seeing, looking. द. दृश् to see, वसु affix, दृत् inserted.

दत्त mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Seeing, looking. द. दृश् to see, वसु aff.

दत्त m. (-दृ) Cutaneous and herpetic eruptions; also दद्रुः or with कन् added दद्रुक m. (-कः).

दत्त m. (-दृ) A kind of cassia, (C. tora.) द. दद्रु herpes, and दृष्ट destroy- ing, remedying; also दद्रुः दृष्टि दृष्टक.

दत्त mfn. (-वत्-वा-वत्) Herpetic, afflicted with herpes. द. दद्रु, and न affix; also दद्रुः.

दत्त mfn. (-नी-निवी-नि) Herpetic, diseased by herpes. द. दद्रु herpes, दृष्ट a disease, and दृष्टि aff.

दत्त m. (-दृ) Herpetic eruptions: see दद्रु.

दत्त m. (-दृ) See दद्रु.

दत्त mfn. (-वत्-वा-वत्) See दद्रु.

दत्त m. (-दृ) 1. To hold, to possess or retain. 2. To give, to present, to assign or make over. (दृ) दधि (दधति) To nourish. भा० पा० सक० सेट्.

दत्त mfn. (-वत्-वा-वत्) Who has or possesses. द. धा to have, क्त aff.

दत्त mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Having, holding, possessing. द. धा to have, क्त aff.

दत्त mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Having, holding, possessing. द. धा to have, क्त aff.

दधि mfn. (-धि-धि-धि) Holding, having, who or what has or possesses. n. (-धि) 1. Milk curdled or coagulated spontaneously by heat, or by the addition of buttermilk; it is an article of food of general use, and is held in high estimation amongst the Hindus, and is considered, medicinally, as the remedy or preventative of most disorders. 2. Resin, turpentine: all the synonyms are common to these two senses. 3. A house, an abode. द. धा to have, क्त affix, and the root reiterated.

दधिमिश्रक f. (-का) A mixture of boiled and coagulated milk, or of water and sour curds. द. दधि as above, क्त affix, and पिश्रक unpissated milk, (काना).

दधिवार m. (-रः) The churning stick. द. दधि curdled milk, and वार to move, in the causal form, affix क्तिच् क्त्वा.

दधिज n. (-ज) Fresh butter. द. दधि curdled milk, and ज born.

दधिय m. (-यः) The wood-apple: see दधि. द. दधि, द्या to stand or be, affix ड; the root yielding a juice compared to curdled milk.

दधिधेनु f. (-धेनु) A quantity of curds given away at any sacrifice. द. दधि, and धेनु a cow.

दधियुष्मा f. (-ष्मा) A flower, (Clitoria ternata.) द. दधि curdled milk, and युष्मा a flower, कन् added in the fem. form.

दधिकल m. (-लः) The elephant or wood-apple, also दधिय. द. दधि curdled milk, and कल fruit, the fruit having the acid taste of Dala or Dudhi.

दधिभाण्ड n. (-ण्डः) A vessel for holding curds, a pail. द. दधि, and भाण्ड a vessel.

दधिमज्ज m. (-ज्जः) Whey. द. दधि, and मज्ज scum.

दधिसंज्ञा m. (-ज्ञा) The sea of curds, or rather of whey. द. दधिमज्ज, and ज्ञा water.

दधिमिश्र m. (-मिश्रः) A monkey. द. दधि, and मीश crimson: of a colour composed of that of curdled milk and crimson.

दधिसक्त m. plu. always (-क्तवः) Barley meal mixed with curds. द. दधि, and सक्त, the meal of barley, after frying and grinding.

दधिसर m. (-रः) The skin of coagulated milk, also सर only. द. दधि Dahi, and सर which goes on or upon.

दधिसार m. (-रः) Fresh butter. द. दधि curdled milk, and सार essence.

दधिक्रीड m. (-क्रीडः) Skin of Dahi, or curdled milk whey. द. दधि curdled milk, and क्रीड oily substance.

दधिसंज्ञ m. (-ज्ञः) Buttermilk. द. दधि as above, and संज्ञ exhalation.

दधीच m. (-चः) The name of a Muni or saint, famous for having devoted himself to death, that the gods might be armed with his bones in the shape of thunderbolts; they being the only effective weapons against the demon VYRINA; also दधीचि.

दधीच m. (-चः) A Muni or saint: see the last.

दधीच्यभि n. (-च्यभिः) 1. The diamond. 2. The thunderbolt. द. दधीच a saint, and च्यभि a bone; the bones of the saint were converted into thunderbolts, which are of the same substance with the diamond, according to the Hindus.

दधुष् mfn. (-धुष्) Shameless, impudent. द. धृष् to be vain, affix क्तिच्, deriv. irr.

दध m. (-धः) A name of YAMA. द. धा to have, reiterated, and न aff.

दध्याकर m. (-रः) The sea of curds. द. दधि, and आकर a mine.

दध्यानी f. (-नी) A medicinal plant: see कटकी. द. दधि curdled milk, नी with आङ् prefixed, affix क्तिच्.

दध्याम m. (-मः) The wood apple. द. दधि, and आम a tree.

दध्यसर n. (-रः) The skin of curdled milk, whey. द. दधि, and सर upper part; also with कन् added दध्यसरक n. (-कः).

दध्युद m. (-दः) The sea of curds. द. दधि, and उद water; that which has curds for water.

दन्तः (-न्तः) A daughter of DAKṢHA, wife of KASYAPA, and mother of the demons or Daityas, the Titans of Hindu mythology.

दन्तम. (-न्तः) An Asura, the mother of the giant race, and her born.

दन्तद्विष m. (-द्विषः) A good deity. २. दन्तद्विष a demon, and द्विष the hater.

दन्तद्विष m. (-द्विषः) A good deity. २. दन्तद्विष, and द्विष enemy.

दन्तद्विष m. (-न्तः) An Asura or infernal deity. २. दन्त as above, and द्विष affix -पान्ति, also similar compounds, as दन्तद्विष, &c.

दन्त m. (-न्तः) 1. A tooth. 2. The peak of a mountain. 3. The side or ridge of a mountain. 4. An about. 5. Ivory, elephant's tooth. f.

(-न्तः) A medicinal plant, commonly known by the same name Danti. (Droton polyandrum.) २. दन्त to subdue, तन् Unadi aff.

दन्त m. (-न्तः) 1. A crooked peak or projecting in a rock or mountain. 2. A bracket, a pin or shelf projection from a wall. 3. A tooth implying resemblance, added to दन्त.

दन्तकषण m. (-न्तः) The common lime, (Citrus acida.) २. दन्त a tooth, and कषण attracting, drawing.

दन्तकाष्ठ m. (-न्तः) A piece of stick or of the small branch of a tree used as a tooth brush. २. दन्त, and काष्ठ wood.

दन्तकण्ठ m. (-न्तः) A lip. २. दन्त a tooth, and कण्ठ a cover.

दन्तकाष्ठ mfn. (-न्तः-काष्ठः) Toothed, having teeth. २. दन्त and काष्ठ produced.

दन्तकाष्ठ m. (-न्तः) 1. A tooth brush, or a fibrous stick used for cleaning the teeth. 2. Cleaning the teeth m. (-न्तः) 1. A tree yielding an astringent resin, (Mimusca catechu) 2. A plant, (Mimusops elengi) see वकुल २. दन्त a tooth, and काष्ठ to clean, affix कृत्.

दन्तपत्र m. (-न्तः) An ear-ring. २. दन्त a tooth, and पत्र a leaf or plate set with studs, resembling teeth.

दन्तपत्र m. (-न्तः) A kind of jasmine, (J. pubescens.) २. दन्त a tooth, and पत्र a leaf, the petals or leaves of the flower resembling teeth in colour and shape; this comparison is frequent among the poets.

दन्तपत्र m. (-न्तः) A dentifrice, or any thing taken to clean the teeth. २. दन्त, and पत्र purifying. दन्त पुनाति अर्थेन य, कर्त्तुं कृत्.

दन्तपत्र m. (-न्तः) (Gum boil.)

दन्तपत्र m. (-न्तः) A plant, the flower of which is compared to a tooth, (Stychnos potatorum.) २. दन्त a tooth, and पत्र a flower कृत्.

दन्तपत्र m. (-न्तः) A plant: see the preceding. २. दन्त, and पत्र a fruit.

दन्तपत्र m. (-न्तः) 1. An elephant's front or forehead. 2. Part of a tooth. २. दन्त the tusk, and पत्र a leaf.

दन्तपत्र m. (-न्तः) The tarter of the teeth. २. दन्त a tooth, and पत्र dirt.

दन्तपत्र m. (-न्तः) The gums. २. दन्त, and पत्र a root.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) A plant: see दन्त. २. दन्त, and पत्र a root, कृत् form.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) A lip. २. दन्त a tooth, and पत्र a garment.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) A lip. २. दन्त a tooth, and पत्र a vesture.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) Fracture or decay of a tusk or tooth. २. दन्त, and पत्र a misfortune.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) The gums. २. दन्त, and पत्र what incloses.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) A lime, see the next.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) 1. Elephant or wood apple see कपिल. 2. Common lime, (Citrus acida.) 3. A plant bearing an acid fruit, (Averhoa caranbola.) 4. An orange. 5. Sourness, acidity. f. (-न्तः) Wood orrel, (Oxalis monadelph.) २. दन्त a tooth, and पत्र noxious, bad.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) Tarter of the teeth. २. दन्त tooth, and पत्र a sand.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) A dentifrice, composed chiefly of the powdered fruit of the chebulic myrobalan, and green sulphate of iron. २. दन्त a tooth, and पत्र a whetstone; sharpening or polishing the teeth.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) The gum. २. दन्त, and पत्र a long vein or tubular vessel.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) Cleaning the teeth. २. दन्त, and पत्र cleaning.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) Entangled in or between the teeth. २. दन्त, and पत्र entangled.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः-काष्ठः) Touched by the teeth; entangled in or between the teeth. २. दन्त, and काष्ठ in contact.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) Tenderness of the teeth; intolerance of any rough, tart, or acid substances. २. दन्त, and पत्र delight.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) The lime, (Citrus acida.) २. दन्त a tooth, and पत्र fighting, from पत्र to please, with द्विष affix; also with वृष affix.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) 1. A bite. २. दन्त, and पत्र a wound.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) An elephant. २. दन्त a tooth, वलन् affix, and the form of दन्त made long.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) A hog. २. दन्त a tooth or tusk, and पत्र a weapon.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) A disease of the teeth or gums; gum boil, ulceration of the gums. २. दन्त a tooth, and पत्र a swelling.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) A horse's bridle. २. दन्त a tooth, वलन् भूषायान् affix, and form.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) A plant, commonly Danti, (Droton polyandrum) २. added to दन्त; also रद दन्तिका f. (-न्तः).

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) Toothed, tusked. m. (-न्तः) 1. An elephant. २. दन्त a tooth, and पत्र possessive aff.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) The temporal juice of the elephant. २. दन्त and पत्र effusion.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) A strongly purgative nut, the fruit of the croton. २. दन्त, and पत्र seed.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः-काष्ठः) 1. Having a large or projecting tooth. 2. Wave undulatory. 3. Rising (a hair), bristling. २. दन्त a tooth, and पत्र affix उरध्, उरध्सा दन्ता, सनि अर्थः.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) Dentition. २. दन्त, and पत्र out-break.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) One who eats grain without its having been threshed, an anchorite. २. दन्त a tooth, उरध्सा दन्ता, कण्ठमन्त्र, and पत्र affix, who winnows with his teeth दन्ता पत्र उरध्सा दन्ता, कण्ठमन्त्र, कियते अर्थः.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) Dental of or belonging to the teeth. २. दन्त.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) A tooth. २. Frequentative form of दन्त to bite.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः-काष्ठः) Mischievous, malignant, venomous. m. (-न्तः) A snake or serpent. 2. A Rakshasa, a demon or gobar.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) Going slowly or tortuously. २. दन्त to go, root redup. घञ् aff.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) Going slowly or tortuously. mfn. (-न्तः-काष्ठः) What goes so. २. दन्त to go, root redup. घञ् aff.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) 10th cl. (दन्तपत्रिका-ते) also दन्त (दन्तपत्रिका-ते) To order, to command. २. दन्त to order, root redup. सट्, इट्.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः-काष्ठः) Little, small. m. (-न्तः) The ocean. २. दन्तपत्रिका.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) 1. To tame or subject as an enemy to quiet or pacify, to tranquilize. 2. To be tamed or tranquilized. २. दन्त to tame or subdue, affix भावे घञ्.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) A wife. २. दन्त to subject, affix कृत्.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) 1. Punishing, chastisement, punishment. 2. Taming, subduing. 3. Self command, endurance of the most painful austerities.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) Self-restraint, subduing the senses, suppressing the appetitive passions, &c. 5. Mud, mire. 6. (In the Vedas.) The hall of sacrifice. २. दन्त to tame or subdue, affix भावे घञ्.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः-काष्ठः) A tamer, a subduer. २. दन्त to tame, affix कृत्.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) A prince of the lunar race, king of Chedi, father of SISUPALA.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) A name of SISUPALA, a king and enemy of Krishna. २. दन्तपत्रिका a proper name, the father of SISUPALA, and पत्र a son.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) 1. Punishment, punishing, chastising. 2. Self-restraint, endurance of rigorous austerities. २. दन्त to tame or subdue, Unadi affix.

दन्तपत्रिका f. (-न्तः) 1. Punishment, punishing, chastising. 2. Self-restraint, endurance of rigorous austerities. २. दन्त to tame or subdue, Unadi affix.

दधि (दु-ध) 1. Punishment, restraint or subjection of others. 2. Subjection of oneself. **दध्** to tame, **अधृ** aff.  
 दध् m. (दु-ध) 1. A hero. 2. A philosopher. 3. A kind of flower, common in Persia, (Artemisia.) n. (-न्) Taming, subduing. **दध्** to tame, **अधृ** aff.  
 दध् m. (यः या यं) To be tamed, subjected, or subdued. **दध्** to tame, **अधृ** aff.  
 दध् m. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Taming, restraining, chastising. f. (-नी) 1. The wife of NALA. 2. A kind of cucumber. **दध्** to subdue, partial affix **अधृ**.  
 दध् m. (-यन्) DAMAYANTI **दध्**, **अधृ** sister of.  
 दध् m. (तः-ता-तं) Tamed, subdued, patient of every suffering, exacting or privation. **दध्** to tame, affix **क**, with **इट्** inserted.  
 दध् m. (-सी-सिनी-सि) A tamer, a dominator. **दध्** with **सी** affix.  
 दध् m. (ना) 1. A name of Agni or fire. 2. A name of SURA, regent of Venus. **दध्** to tame (all things), Unadi affix **उजि**; also **अधृ** affix **उजि** m. (-ना-).  
 दध् m. (-नी) Husband and wife. **दध्** a wife, and **पति** a husband.  
 दध् m. (-नी) दध् जायाश्च पति दमादेशः।  
 दध् m. (-नी) दध् (दधीति) 1. To act deceitfully, to cheat, to impose upon, to trick or deceive. 2. To split or divide. r. 10th cl. (दधयते) To collect, to gather, to arrange or string. **दध्** प० **अक०** सेट्। सहाते दध्।  
 दध् m. (-नी) 1. Deceit, fraud, cheating. 2. Hypocrisy. 3. Sin, wickedness. 4. Arrogance, pride. **दध्** to deceive, &c. affix **अधृ**.  
 दध् m. (-नी-धिनी-धि) 1. Hypocritical. 2. Proud. 3. Wicked m. (-नी) A hypocrite, an impostor. **दध्**, and **अधृ** aff.  
 दध् m. (-नी) INDRA's thunderbolt. **दध्** to divide or split, affix **अधृ**.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) To be subjected or tamed. 2. To be punished. m. (-यः) A steer, a young bullock. **दध्** to tame, **अधृ** affix.  
 दध् m. 1st cl. (दधते) 1. To give. 2. To move. 3. To take. 4. To protect. 5. To hurt or kill. **दध्** प० **अक०** सेट्।  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Compassionate, tender-hearted. m. (-यः-या) 'Tender', compassion, clemency. **दध्** to preserve, affix **अधृ**, fem. affix **अधृ**.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Preserving, protecting. **दध्**, and **अधृ** aff.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Kind, showing compassion **दध्**, and **कर** who makes.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) A Bud'dha, a Baud'dha saint, or a form of Bud'dha, the founder of the sect. **दध्** compassion, and **अधृ** boasting.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Compassionate. **दध्**, and **अधृ** doing.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Compassionate, charitable, kind. **दध्**, and **अधृ** possessed of.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Compassionate, benevolent. **दध्**, and **अधृ** joined.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) The breaking of a bank.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Tender, compassionate. **दध्** compassion, **अधृ** affix; also **अधृ** affix.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Tenderness, compassionateness. **दध्** added to the last; with **अधृ** दध्।  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Merciful, tender, **दध्**, and **अधृ** aff.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Kind, compassionate. **दध्**, and **अधृ** possessed of.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Beloved, dear, desired. m. (-यः) 1. A husband. 2. A lover. f. (-या) 1. A woman. 2. A wife or mistress. **दध्** to regard tenderly, affix **अधृ**.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Man-pledged, subject to a wife. **दध्** a wife,

दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Fear, terror. 2. A hole in the ground. n. (-यः) A conch-shell. ind. A little. f. (-यः-या-यं) 1. A natural or artificial excavation in a mountain, a cave, a cavern, a grotto, &c. 2. A valley. **दध्** to divide, to dread, &c. affix **अधृ** **अधृ**.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) An eddy, a current. **दध्** to tear (down the banks). affix **अधृ**; some books read **दध्**, and others **अधृ**.  
 दध् f. (-यः) 1. Terror. 2. A mountain. 3. A precipice. 4. The heart. 5. A bank or mound. 6. A tribe of barbarians. **दध्** to divide, or tear, **अधृ** Unadi aff.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) A country bordering on Kashmir, the mountains about Kashmir and above Peshawar. m. (-यः) 1. Fear, terror 2. A tribe of barbarians. **दध्** added to the former.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Slightly or a little burst or opened. **दध्**, and **अधृ** divided.  
 दध् f. (-यः) A cave; see **दध्**. **दध्** to divide. **अधृ** aff.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Frightened, terrified. 2. Torn, rent, divided. **दध्** fear, **अधृ** affix; or **दध्** to divide, affix **अधृ**.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Poor, needy, indigent, distressed. **दध्** to be poor, affix **अधृ**.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Poverty, indigence. **दध्**, and **अधृ** affix; also with **अधृ** **अधृ**.  
 दध् m. 2nd cl. (दधति) 3rd plu. (दधति) To be poor or needy. **दध्** प० **अक०** सेट्।  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Poor, distressed. **दध्**, and **अधृ** aff.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Poor, impoverished. **दध्** to be poor, affix **अधृ**.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Poor, needy. **दध्**, and **अधृ** affix; otherwise with **अधृ** **अधृ** **अधृ**.  
 दध् f. (-यः) A cavern, a hollow. **दध्**, and **अधृ** a place.  
 दध् m. (-यः) A mountain. **दध्** a cave, and **अधृ** what has.  
 दध् m. (-यः) 1. A gamester. 2. A stake. n. (-यः) Gambling see **दध्**.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Cracked, flawed, slightly broken, (a vessel, &c.) m. (-यः) A mountain. **दध्** to tear or break, affix **अधृ**, and the root repeated.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) A sort of sauce or condiment; also **दध्** **अधृ**.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) A musical instrument. m. (-यः) 1. A cloud. 2. A frog. **दध्** to tear, Unadi affix **अधृ**, and the radical reuplicate; what is struck, &c.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) 1. A frog. 2. A cloud. 3. A mountain. 4. A sort of musical instrument, a pipe or flute. n. (-यः) A number of villages. f. (-यः) A name of DURGA. **दध्** to tear, Unadi affix **अधृ**, and the radical repeated.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) The mouth or extremity of a pipe. **दध्**, and **अधृ** a cup.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Herpetick eruption: see **दध्**.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) A cutaneous disease, herpes, also **दध्**.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Cutaneous eruption, herpes. **दध्** to be poor, **अधृ** Unadi affix, the form is irregular; by substituting the short vowel, and omitting the first **र**, this word and its compounds appear in a variety of forms, as **दध्**, **दध्**, **दध्**; also omitting the second **र**, **दध्**, &c. &c. q. v.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Cassia, (torā) also **दध्** **अधृ** and **दध्**.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Diseased with herpes, herpetick; also **दध्**, **दध्**, &c.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) Herpetick, afflicted with herpes; also **दध्** **अधृ**, **दध्** **अधृ**, &c.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Pride, arrogance. 2. Musk. 3. Heat. **दध्** to be proud, to inflame, affix **अधृ** **अधृ**, **अधृ** **अधृ**, &c. &c. q. v.  
 दध् m. (-यः-या-यं) What kindles, inflames, or excites. m. (-यः-या-यं)



दृक् m. (-दृ) 1. A mirror. 2. (-दृ) 1. The eye. 2. Kindling, inflaming. 3. दृष्ट to excite, to kindle, affix लृट्।  
 दृष्ट mfn. (-दृ) Puffed up or swelling with pride. 3. दृष्ट, and दृष्ट inflamed.  
 दृष्ट mfn. (-दृ) Humbling, humiliating, pride-destroying. 3. दृष्ट, and दृष्ट it removes. [ment]  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) Incipient pride, conceit. 3. दृष्ट pride, आरम्भ commencement.  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) Conciliating or subduing arrogance. 3. दृष्ट, and उप-  
 दृष्ट allaying.  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) 1. A Rakshasa, an imp or goblin. 2. A mischievous man or animal, &c. 3. दृष्ट to tear, Unadi affix वृ।  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) A constable, police officer set over a village, &c. 2. A warder, a door-keeper.  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) 1. INDRA. 2. Air, wind. 3. A musical instrument.  
 दृष्ट f. (-दृ) 1. A ladle or spoon. 2. The expanded hood of a snake. 3. दृष्ट to divide, Unadi affix वृ; also with दीप् added दृष्टिः some authorities made the final consonant the labial letter व, as दृष्टि, दृष्टि; also दृष्टि.  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) A ladle, a spoon. f. (-दृ) A potherb. see दृष्टिका. 3. कृष्ट added to the preceding.  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) A snake. 3. दृष्ट the hood expanded and कृष्ट who makes.  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) 1. Kusa or sacrificial grass, (Poa cynosuroides.) 2. A kind of reed, (Saccharum spontaneum) 3. Another species, (S. cylindricum.) 3. दृष्ट to collect, to arrange, affix वृ, or दृष्ट to tear, Unadi affix वृ।  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) A private apartment or house, a retirement.  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) A kind of grass, (Saccharum spontaneum) 3. दृष्ट, and दृष्ट a leaf.  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) 1. Sight, seeing. 2. Day of new moon when it rises invisible. 3. Half monthly sacrifice, performed at the change of the moon, by persons maintaining a perpetual fire. 3. दृष्ट to see, affix वृ।  
 दृष्ट mfn. (-दृ) Who or what shows, displays, explains, makes clear, &c. m. (-दृ) 1. A door-keeper, a warder. 2. An exhibitor, one who points out or shows any thing. 3. A skillful man, one who is conversant with any science or art, &c. 3. दृष्ट to see, दृष्टि mfn.  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) 1. The sun. 2. The moon. 3. दृष्ट to see, कर्मणि अतश्च aff.  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) 1. Sight, seeing, looking. 2. The eye. 3. A mirror. 4. Showing. 5. Aspect, appearance. 6. Directing, instructing. 7. A dream or vision. 8. Virtue, moral merit. 9. Knowledge, especially religious. 10. Understanding, intellect. 11. A Sastra, one of six religious or philosophical systems, the Patanjali-Sankhya, Val'esika, Nyaya, Mimamsa, and Vedanta. 12. Sacrifice. 13. Colour. 14. sitting any sacred shrine, worshipping in the presence of any image. 3. दृष्ट to see, affix भावकारणाद् दृष्टिः। [a surety]  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) A surety for appearance. 3. दृष्ट, and दृष्ट।  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) Surety for appearance, bail. 3. दृष्ट, and दृष्ट।  
 दृष्ट mfn. (-दृ) 1. Beautiful, handsome, agreeable. 2. Visible, to be seen. 3. दृष्ट looking, and दृष्ट affix; or दृष्ट to see, and दृष्टि aff.  
 दृष्ट mfn. (-दृ) Vain, conceited, thinking oneself handsome. 3. दृष्ट, सत् to mind, दृष्टि aff.  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) The night of new moon, on which it rises invisible. 3. दृष्ट new moon, and दृष्टि night.  
 दृष्ट mfn. (-दृ) Showing, displaying, who or what shows. m. (-दृ) 1. A warder, another, a door-keeper. 2. A show man, a guide, an exhibitor. 3. दृष्ट to see, in the causal form, and दृष्ट aff.  
 दृष्ट mfn. Having shown having made manifest. 3. दृष्ट to see, causal form, दृष्ट aff.

दृष्ट mfn. (-दृ) Showing, explaining or proposing to see or explain. 3. दृष्ट to see, causal form, दृष्ट affix, with a full sense.  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) The moon. 3. दृष्ट day of new moon, and दृष्टि from दृष्ट mfn. (दृष्ट) 1. Visible, apparent. 2. Shown, displayed. Explained. 4. Seen. 5. Understood. 3. दृष्ट to see, in the causal form, affix वृ and कृ।  
 दृष्ट mfn. (-दृ) 1. Having shown, showing, displaying. 2. Explaining, teaching. 3. दृष्ट causal form, कृष्ट aff.  
 दृष्ट r. 1st cl. (दृष्ट) r. 10th cl. (दृष्टि) 1. To cut, to divide, to pierce. 2. To be cut, &c. 3. To display. 4. To wither. 3. दृष्ट सत्। दृष्टि सत्। दृष्टि सत्। दृष्टि सत्।  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) A leaf. n. (-दृ) 1. A part, a portion, a fragment. Dividing, tearing, cutting, splitting, &c. 3. A sheath, a scabbard. 4. An adulteration or alloy. 5. A heap or quantity. 6. The 1 of Tamala. 7. A half. 3. दृष्ट to divide, to cut, &c. affix वृ।  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) A folded petal or leaf. 3. दृष्ट, and कृष्ट a door.  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) A sort of jasmine, (J. pubescens.) 3. दृष्ट a leaf, कृष्ट a sheath.  
 दृष्ट mfn. (-दृ) 1. Splitting, rending. 2. Being torn or cut. 3. दृष्ट to cut or be pierced, affix वृ।  
 दृष्ट mfn. (-दृ) Broken-hearted, cut to the heart, &c. 3. दृष्ट and दृष्ट the heart.  
 दृष्ट mfn. (-दृ) Breaking to pieces, cutting, dividing, &c. what does so.) n. (-दृ) Tearing, rending, breaking, pulling pieces. f. (-दृ) A clod or clump of earth or mould. 3. दृष्ट to divide, affix वृ।  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) The Bburjapatra, a tree of which the bark is used for hookah snakes, &c. 3. दृष्ट a leaf, and दृष्ट shedding, cast off.  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) 1. Gold. 2. A sacred or religious institute. 3. दृष्ट divided, Unadi affix कृष्ट।  
 दृष्ट f. (-दृ) A fragrant plant, (Pandanus odoratissimus) 3. दृष्ट leaf, and दृष्ट a flower; the leaves surrounding the flower. कृष्ट।  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) A thorn. 3. दृष्ट a leaf, and दृष्ट a needle.  
 दृष्ट f. (-दृ) The fibre or vein of a leaf. 3. दृष्ट a leaf, and दृष्ट fibre पदमिश्रणम्।  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) 1. Sesamum growing wild or spontaneously. 2. A aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes) 3. A plant commonly Nagashana (Mesua ferrea) 4. A tree, (Mimosa sirsiha) 5. Red chalk. 6. Cut fish bone. 7. A moat, a ditch. 8. A sort of jasmine, (J. pubescens) 9. An elephant's ear. 10. The driver of an elephant. 11. A bamboo, a high wind. 3. दृष्ट as above, दृष्ट to go, with दृष्ट prefixed, affix वृ, deriv. irr.  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) Mud, but mud especially on the banks of a river.  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) 1. A tree, (Vangueria spinosa) see दृष्ट. 2. A plant, (Artemisia.) 3. दृष्ट a leaf, and दृष्ट clear, clean.  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) Sorrel. 3. दृष्ट the leaf, and दृष्ट sour.  
 दृष्ट mfn. (-दृ) A clod of clay or mould. 3. दृष्ट to be divided, (the barrow or plough,) Unadi affix वृ।  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) Timber, wood. 3. दृष्ट to split, affix वृ।  
 दृष्ट mfn. (-दृ) 1. Blown, full blown, expanded. 2. Broken, 3. Cut to pieces. 4. Torn, rent. 5. Scattered, driven apart. 6. Opened, unfolded. 3. दृष्ट to split, affix वृ।  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) A plant, (Echites scholaris) see दृष्ट. 3. दृष्ट the seventh case दृष्ट, in the leaf, and दृष्ट fragrant.  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) 1. Fraud, dishonesty. 2. Sin. 3. The name of a Manusmriti. 4. A wheel. 3. दृष्ट to divide, and दृष्ट Unadi affix.  
 दृष्ट m. (-दृ) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. INDRA's thunderbolt. 3. दृष्ट break or split, Unadi affix वृ।

१) दश r. 1st cl. (दशति) To go, to move. आ० प० सक० सेट् ।

(-दश) 1. A wood on fire, a forest conflagration. 2. A wood, a forest. 3. Fire in general. 4. Heat, (general or physical.) द० दु to agitate, affix चच् ; also दाव ।

m. (-द्यः) 1. Anxiety, vexation, distress. 2. Inflammation of the eye, &c. द० दु to be agitated, चयच् aff.

prfn. (यन्-यन्ती यत्) Removing, making, placing at a distance. द० दव for दूर used as a verb, शब्दः ।

prn. (दशः) A wood on fire, or the conflagration of a forest. द० दव wood, and दशि a fire ; also दश and दाव ।

prfn. (-नः-नः-ह) Very remote, very distant, द० दूर far, affix रञ्च्, द० दव substituted for दूर ; also दवीयस् ।

prfn. (यान्-यसी-यः) Very remote or distant ; see the preceding, the affix being the superlative affix रञ्चस् ।

१) दश r. 1st and 10th cl. (दशति दशयति ते) 1. To bite or sting. 2. To arm, to put on armour. 3. To see. r. 10th cl. (दशयते) To see. With उप, to be in trouble, to be reduced in circumstances.

With म्, to pinch, to nip, to bite. दीर्घो चु० उभ० चक० सेट्, इदित् ।

प्रत्ययः चक० and आ० प० ।

inf. (क०-कः-कं) Ten द० कन् added to दश ।

prn. (रुः) A name of RAVANA. द० दश ten, and कण्ठ a neck : the name, also similar names, as दशवीर्य, &c.

prfn. m. (-जित्) A name of RAMA. द० दशकण्ठ RAVANA, and जित् conqueror.

prn. (-रः) RAVANA : see दशकण्ठ ।

प्रत्ययः न. (-नं) The aggregate of ten vices, proceeding from the inequality of desire, viz. hunting, gambling, sleeping during the day, abusiveness, lechery, drunkenness, dancing, singing, playing, and hypocrisy. द० दश ten, काम desire, ज born, व्यसन calamity.

prn. (-च) Ten times, ten-fold. द० दश, and गृह् a time.

prn. (-म) A district or collection of ten villages. द० दश, and ग्राम a village.

prn. (-तिः) A magistrate or chief of ten villages. द० दश, and ग्राम a village, पति master.

prn. (-गी) 1. The head man of ten villages. 2. Municipality or corporation of the same. द० दशग्राम, and गति aff.

prn. (-वः) RAVANA : see दशकण्ठ ।

inf. (हः) A hundred.

inf. In ten ways. द० दश, and धाच् aff.

prn. plu. (श) Ten. द० दश to bite, Uvadi affix चन्, the nasal joined.

prn. (-नः) A tooth. m. (-नः) The peak of a mountain. n. (-नः) Honour, mail. द० दश to bite, affix भावे करवादी कृट् ।

prn. (-नः) A lip. द० दशन tooth, and वासस् vesture.

prn. (-शः) The whiteness or brightness of the teeth. द० दशन, and चयच् a ray.

prn. (-हः) A bite, the mark of the teeth. द० दशन, and चयच् a mark.

prn. (-का) A kind of sorrel.

prfn. m. (-हः-हः-ह) Toothless. m. (-हः) 1. Breathing, breathing in, expiration. 2. A lip. 3. Kissing, a kiss. द० दशन a tooth, and चयच् expelled, ejected.

prn. m. (-रः) A Budd'ha or Baudd'ha saint. द० दश, पारमिता a particular work or scripture of this sect, चर who has.

prn. (-रः) A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus) : see दाशपुर 2. A district, part of Malwa or Bundelkhand. 3. A town or city. द० दश a fisherman, and पूर or पूर to nourish, affix उश्च ; also दश a city ; district of ten cities.

prn. (-रः) A fragrant grass ; see the preceding ; also दाशपुर ।

prn. (-रः) A Budd'ha of Baudd'ha teacher. द० दश ten, (the ten worlds) दश powerful.

दशमुनि m. (-गः) Baud'dha, the founder of the Baud'dha sect, or a Budd'ha, the generic name of the sanctified teachers of that sect.

द० दश ten, भूमि earth, and ग who goes ; traversing the ten worlds : also दशमुनी m. (गः) Lord of the same.

दशम mfn. (-नः-नी-नं) Tenth. f. (-नी) 1. The tenth day of the half month. 2. The tenth or last stage of human life, the last ten years of a century. द० दशन् ten, and सट् aff.

दशमवाविषा f. (-वा) DURGA. द० दश ten, (forms or names) महा great, and विषा a name of DURGA.

दशमान nf. (-सं-ली) A collection of ten garlands. द० दश ten, भासा a garland, टच् aff.

दशमिन् mfn. (-नी-मिनी-मि) Very old or aged. द० दशमी the tenth, (stage of life,) and मिन् aff. [ arrived at.

दशमोक्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Very old, above ninety. द० दशमी, and मत् दशमोक्त mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. Impotent. 2. Very old, turned of ninety. 3. Dying, on the point of death. द० दशमी the last stage of life, and यः who is.

दशमुख m. (-रुः) A name of RAVANA. द० दश ten, and मुख a face.

दशमुखान्तक m. (-कः) A name of RAMA. द० दशमुख RAVANA, and अन्तक destroyer.

दशमूल n. (-नः) A tonic medicament prepared from the roots of ten plants. द० दश ten and मूल a root.

दशरथ m. (-यः) A proper name, sovereign of Ayodhya or Oude and father of RAMA. द० दश ten, and रथ a car ; whose car bore him to the ten quarters of the universe.

दशरात्र n. (-त्रं) A period of ten days and nights. द० दश, and रात्रि for रात्रि night.

दशरूपधर mfn. (-धः-तः) A name of VISHNU. द० दश ten, रूप forms, (Avataras,) and धर who assumes.

दशलक्ष n. (-लक्ष) Ten lakhs or attributes. द० दश, and लक्ष a mark.

दशवाजि m. (-जी) The moon. द० दश ten, and वाजिन् a horse, whose car is drawn by ten horses.

दशशत n. (-शं) A thousand. द० दश, and शत a hundred.

दशसहस्र n. (-सं) A myriad. द० दश, and सहस्र a thousand.

दश f. (-शः) or m. plu. (-शः) 1. The ends of a piece of cloth, the end of a garment. 2. A state, a condition, a period or time of life, as youth, age, manhood, &c. 3. The wick of a lamp. 4. The mind or faculty, of understanding. 5. Aspect or position of the planets at birth. द० दश to bite, to cut or divide or be cut or divided, चकच् aff.

दशकर्ष m. (-र्षः) A lamp. द० दश a wick, चकच् what possesses.

दशकर्षिन् m. (-र्षी) A lamp. द० दश a wick, चकच् before, कृच् to make lines, affix णि.

दशानन m. (-नः) The giant RAVANA. द० दश ten, and आनन a face.

दशानिक m. (-कः) A plant, commonly Danti, (Croton polyandrum.)

दशफल n. (-लः) Result of circumstance of the condition of life. द० दश, and फल fruit.

दशार्च m. (-र्चः) A country, part of central Hindustan, lying on the south-east of the Vind'hya mountains. f. (वा) A river rising in the Vind'hya hills, the Dosarua of the ancients. द० दश ten, चर्च a fort.

दशस्थिति f. (-तिः) Condition. द० दश, and स्थिति stay.

दशार्क m. (-र्कः) 1. A Budd'ha or Buddha. 2. A country in the south of India, the kingdom of YADU. n. (-रुः) The Yadavas or people of Dasartha. द० दश ten, and चर्च proper, worthy.

दशवतार m. (-रः) A name of VISHNU. द० दश ten, and वतार descent, the deity of whom there are ten descents from heaven, for the purpose of protecting or punishing mankind ; see वतार ।

दशविशेष m. (-यः) Existing circumstances, peculiar condition. द० दश, and विशेष sort.

stone : fire stone.  
 रतु मृत् ( रः रः ) Then, small, fire. m. ( -रः ) 1. A rat, a mouse.

दाडिमपुष्पक m. (-क) A medicinal plant, (*Andersonia* *retusa* L.) bearing a flower, and has affix of resemblance to the flowers like those of the nongraute.

3. A flowers like those of the pomegranate.





दिव्य म. (-कः) Fire in a forest. इ. दाह, and दहन्ति see the preceding.

दिव्य mfn. (-कः-की-क) Belonging, relating to, or produced in or near the river Devika or Deva. न. देविका the Deva, चञ् affix, deriv. irr.

दिव्य r. 1st cl. (दाहति-ते) 10th cl. दाहयति-ते To give 5th cl. (दाहति) To hurt, to injure or kill : see दाह. दा० ड० उ० ल० ऋ०. दा० उ० ल०. दादि० प०.

दिव्य m. (-कः) 1. A fisherman, the son of a Nishada by a woman of the Arghava caste. 2. A servant. f. (-की) 1. A female slave, &c. इ. दाह to give, affix चञ्. see दाह.

दिव्यी f. (-की) The mother of VYASA : see दासमन्दिनी.

दिव्य n. (-रः) A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus) : see दहपूर; also दाहपूर, न. (-रः).

दिव्य m. (-कः) A name of RAMA. इ. दहपूर the father of RAMA, and दह् patronymic affix : also with चञ् affix दाहयति m. (-कः).

दिव्य mfn. (-कः-की-क) Produced in Dasarha, (the country.) m. (-कः) A name of KRISHNA. इ. दहपूर a country or one of KRISHNA's ancestors, चञ् affix.

दिव्य m. (-कः) A servant. f. (-की) The mother of VYASA : see दास्य. इ. दास्य दीव्या अपत्यम् उच्यते.

दिव्य m. (-रः) 1. A servant. 2. A camel : see दासिर. इ. दास्य अपत्यम् उच्यते.

दिव्य m. (-कः) Malwa, the province. दासिरकप्रधानः दिक् संज्ञायाम् कञ्.

दिव्य m. (-कः-की-क) Liberal, giving, a donor, a giver. इ. दाह to give, चञ् affix.

दिव्य m. (-कः-की-क) Liberal, nonviolent. इ. दा to give, चञ् affix.

दिव्य r. 1st cl. (दाहति-ते) To give; also दाह r. 5th cl. (दाहति) To hurt, to injure, to wound or kill : this and दाह, in the last two, are restricted by some authorities to the Vedas. दा० ड० उ० ल०. दा० उ० ल०. दादि० प०.

दिव्य m. (-कः) 1. A fisherman. 2. A servant, a slave. 3. A Sudra or man of the fourth tribe. 4. A Sudra affix or appellation. 5. A person to whom it is proper to make gifts. 6. A sage, one to whom it is proper nature of the soul is known. f. (-की) 1. A female servant or slave. 2. The wife of a slave, a fisherman or Sudra. 3. A harlot.

A plant, a sort of Barleria. इ. दाह् to give, affix चञ्, to which चञ्, &c. are given; also दाह; otherwise, दह or दंज to bite, &c. दाह affix डञ्, and the short vowel and nasal changed to दा.

दिव्य m. (-कः) Slavery, servitude. इ. दाह, and ल affix; also with तञ्, affix दासता.

दिव्यी f. (-की) A name of SATYAVATI, the mother of the poet VYASA. इ. दाह a fisherman, and नन्दिनी daughter, also दाहमन्दिनी.

दिव्यी f. (-की) The female slave of a slave. इ. दाह, and दासी the female.

दिव्य n. (-रः) A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus) इ. दाह a fisherman and पूर what nourishes, from पू to nourish, affix चञ् also दाह.

दिव्यी f. (-की) A female servant or slave. इ. चञ् added to दासी.

दिव्य mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Thrown, lost. 2. Lost, destroyed. इ. दाह् to give, affix क, इट् inserted, and the vowel made long.

दिव्य m. (-कः) 1. The son of a slave. 2. A bastard. इ. दासी a female slave, and पुत्र a son.

दिव्य m. (-कः) A multitude of female slaves. इ. दासी a female slave.

दिव्य m. (-कः) Born of a slave, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A servant or slave. 2. A fisherman. f. (-की) The mother of VYASA. इ. दाह as above, & दह; also दाहिन.

दिव्य m. (-कः-की-क) Born or sprung from a servant or slave. m. (-कः) 1. A servant. 2. A fisherman. 3. A camel. इ. दाह as above, and दह.

दिव्य m. (-कः-की-क) Slavery, servitude. इ. दाह a slave, affix चञ्.

दिव्य m. (-कः-की-क) Slavery, servitude. इ. दाह a slave, affix चञ्.

दाह m. (-कः) 1. Burning, combustion. 2. Morbid heat. 3. Actual or potential cantery. इ. दाह् to burn, चञ् affix.

दाह mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Burning, inflammatory. 3. Canterising, caustic. m. (-कः) A plant, (Plumbago zeylandica.) इ. दाह् to burn, and चञ् affix.

दाह m. (-कः) Inflammatory fever. इ. दाह, and ज्वर fever.

दाह m. (-कः) 1. Burning, reducing to ashes. 2. Cauterising. इ. दाह् to burn, चञ् affix.

दाह mfn. (-कः-की-क) Burning, heated on fire. इ. दाह, and चञ् affix.

दाह m. (-कः) A place where dead bodies are burnt. इ. दाह, and चञ् affix; also with चञ् affix दाहयति, m. (-कः).

दाह m. (-कः) The root of a fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.) इ. दाह heat, and हट् removing; this root being woven into screens, and kept wet, for the purpose of excluding or tempering the hot winds. दाही जिह्वे चनेन दह्यते, and किञ् कर्त्तरि लृट्, वा दीरचमुक्ते.

दाह mfn. (-कः-की-क) To be burnt, inflammable. इ. दाह् to burn, चञ् affix.

दिक् m. (-कः) A young elephant. इ. दिक् an imitative sound, and इ who utters, some books have दिक्, and others दिह in place of this word. दिह् जायति कौक. विभक्तिवचनयस्ते करिष्यावन्ते.

दिक् mfn. (-कः-की-क) Young, juvenile. f. (-की) A young woman. इ. दिक् inflection of दिक्, place, कर who makes; who is restlessly active, changing place continually.

दिक्पति m. (-कः) A regent of a quarter of the universe, as the son of the east; Saturn of the west; Mars of the south; Mercury of the north; Venus of the south-east; Rahu of the south-west; Chandra of the north-west; and Jupiter of the north-east. इ. दिक् and पति master : see the next.

दिक्पति m. (-कः) A regent of a quarter of the universe, INDRA of the east; Agni of the south-east; Yama of the south; Nataraj of the south-west; Varuna of the west; Maruta of the north-west; Kuvira of the north; Isana of the south-east. इ. दिक्, and दाह who protects : this word applicable to the Dikpatis, (see the last,) as that term is to these also.

दिक्पति m. (-कः) An inauspicious planetary conjunction, as for the Sun and Venus to be in the west, &c. इ. दिह्, and दाह a spear or stake.

दिक्पति m. (-कः) The horizon. इ. दिह्, and चञ् end.

दिक्पति n. (-रः) Space, the atmosphere. इ. दिह्, and चञ् interval.

दिक्पति n. (-कः) The sky, the atmosphere, space. इ. दिह्, and चञ् interval.

दिक्पति mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Naked, unclad, unclothed. 2. Dressed in, or enveloped by the atmosphere, clouds, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A Buddha mendicant, wearing coloured clothes, or going naked. 2. Any mendicant not wearing clothes. 3. Darkness. 4. A name of SIVA, (from his being naked.) 5. A Jain of one great division, which represents the images of their saints, either naked or plainly attired. f. (-की) A name of DURGA. इ. दिह् inflection of दिह्, space, चञ् vestment; whose only garment is the atmosphere. दिह् दाह मन्वरं यस्मै.

दिक्पति m. (-कः) An elephant of a quarter or point of the compass, one of eight attached to the north, north-east, &c. supporting the globe. इ. दिह् a quarter, and गज an elephant.

दिक्पति m. (-कः) Preternatural redness of the horizon, as if on fire. इ. दिह्, and दाह burning.

दिह् mfn. (-कः-की-क) Smeared, anointed. m. (-कः) 1. A poisoned arrow. 2. A name of fire. 3. Oil, unguent, oily substance. 4. A tale, true or false. इ. दिह् to smear or anoint, affix क.

दिह् mfn. (-कः-की-क) Naked m. (-कः) A name of SIVA. इ. दिह् for दिह्, space, and दाह, vestare : see दिह्.

दिधिजय m. (-जः) Subjugation of an extensive country, either in arms or controversy. E. दिज्, and विजय triumph.

दिधिजयः m. (-जः) Invasion, going forth to conquer the world. E. दिज्, जय, and जय march.

दिधिमान m. (-मः) A quarter or point of the compass. E. दिक्, and विभाग division.

दिधिमामिन mfn. (-मः-ता-नं) Famous, celebrated, known in all quarters. E. दिक्, and विमामिन made known.

दिध्यापिन् mfn. (-पी-पिनी-पि) Spreading through all space. E. दिक्, and व्यापिन् what pervades.

दिङ् m. (-ङः) A nit.

दिग्मन्त्र n. (-मः) The circle of the heaven, or any point of the compass. E. दिग्, and मन्त्र sphere.

दिग्ग mfn. (-गः-खी-खी) Looking to, or facing any point or quarter. n. (-खी) Any part of the heavens. E. दिग्, and मुख face.

दिङ्गम m. (-मः) An elephant of the quarter: see दिग्ग.

दित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Cut, torn, divided. E. दी to cut, affix क्.

दिति f. (-तिः) 1. One of the wives of Kasyapa, and mother of the Daityas or infernal race, opposed of the gods. 2. Cutting, splitting, dividing. m. (-तिः) A king, a prince. E. दी to cut, affix क्.

दितज m. (-जः) An Asura, a sort of Titan or giant. E. दिति as above, and ज born.

दितिसुत m. (-तः) 1. Titan or giant. E. दिति as above, and सुत a son.

दिध m. (-मः) 1. Titan, a demon or giant. E. दिति as above, affix यत्, and the vowel unchanged; see दीय.

दिक्षा f. (-क्षा) Desire or purpose to give. E. दा to give, desid. form, च and टप् affix.

दिक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्ष-क्ष) Wishing to give. E. दा to give, desid. form, affix सन् and उ.

दिक्षन्नाह mfn. (-हः-ण-ण) Wishing to see. E. दृश् to see, desid. form, भाव् affix.

दिक्ष्या f. (-क्ष्या) Desire or wish to see. E. दृश् to see, desid. form, सन् भाव् च and टप् affix.

दिक्ष्म mfn. (-क्ष्मः-क्ष्म-क्ष्म) Desirous of seeing. E. दृश् to see, desid. form, सन् and च affix.

दिक्ष्मन् mfn. (-क्ष्मन्-क्ष्मन्-क्ष्मन्) Wishing to see. E. दिक्ष्म, and सन्प् affix.

दिक्ष्मन् mfn. (-क्ष्मन्-क्ष्मन्-क्ष्मन्) Wishing to play or sport. E. दिक्ष् to play, desid. form, सन् affix.

दिक्ष्मन् mfn. (-क्ष्मन्-क्ष्मन्-क्ष्मन्) Shining, blazing, bright. E. क्ष्म to shine, जट affix, intens. form.

दिक्ष्मन् mfn. (-क्ष्मन्-क्ष्मन्-क्ष्मन्) Wishing to shine. E. क्ष्म to shine, desid. form, सन् affix.

दिक्ष्मन् mfn. (-क्ष्मन्-क्ष्मन्-क्ष्मन्) Wishing to burn. E. दह् to burn, desid. v. भाव् affix.

दिक्ष्मन् mfn. (-क्ष्मन्-क्ष्मन्-क्ष्मन्) Desiring to burn. E. दह् to burn, desid. form, सन् affix.

दिक्ष्मन् mfn. (-क्ष्मन्-क्ष्मन्-क्ष्मन्) Firmness, stability, fixed state of mind or being. E. क्ष्म to have, affix क्, and the root reduplicated.

दिक्ष्मन् mfn. (-क्ष्मन्-क्ष्मन्-क्ष्मन्) A pretended friend, an intimate. E. क्ष्म to have, Unadi affix चाय, the root reduplicated, अट् and पक् augment.

दिक्ष्मन् mfn. (-क्ष्मन्-क्ष्मन्-क्ष्मन्) The second husband of a woman twice married. f. (-क्ष्मः) A virgin widow remarried. E. क्ष्म to have (sin), or क्ष्म to be remarried, root reduplicate, affix क् or क्; in the first case, अट् and पक् augment, also दिक्ष्म.

दिक्ष्मन् f. (-क्ष्मः) 1. A virgin widow remarried: see the preceding; also दिक्ष्म. 2. An elder sister unmarried, whose junior is a bride. m.

दिक्ष्मन् m. (-क्ष्मः) 1. The husband of a woman married a second time: see दिक्ष्म. 2. Instability, want of firmness. E. दिक्ष् firmness, क्ष्म to abandon, क् Unadi affix.

दिक्ष्मन् mfn. (-क्ष्मन्-क्ष्मन्-क्ष्मन्) The husband of a woman remarried. E. दिक्ष्म as above, and पति a husband.

दिन m. (-नः-नः) A day. E. दी to waste, भक् affix, and the vowel short; or दी to destroy, (darkness,) क् Unadi affix.

दिनकर m. (-रः) The sun. E. दिन day, and कर who makes. क्.

दिनकराक्षजा f. (-जा) The Yamuna or Jamna river. E. दिनकर the sun, and आक्षजा daughter.

दिनकर m. (-रः) The sun. E. दिन, and कर who makes.

दिनकर m. (-रः) Darkness. E. दिन day, and कर who makes.

दिनयोनिस् n. (-निः) Sunshine, day-light. E. दिन day, and योनिस् origin.

दिनदुःखित m. (-तः) The ruddy goose. E. दिन day, and दुःखित pain regretting throughout the day, the approaching nocturnal separation from its female.

दिनपथी m. (-थी) The sun. E. दिन day, and पथी leading, bringing.

दिनपथ m. (-थः) A name of certain signs of the zodiac, the fifth to eighth; also the eleventh and twelfth. E. दिन, and पथ strong.

दिनपथ m. (-थः) The sun. E. दिन day, and पथ jewel or gem.

दिनपथ m. (-थः) The eastern mountain, behind which the sun is supposed to rise. E. दिन day, and पथ the forehead.

दिनांश m. (-शः) A portion of the day, a watch, an hour, or the seasons of dawn, moon, and evening. E. दिन and अंश part or part.

दिनादि m. (-दिः) Dawn, day-break. E. दिन, and आदि commencement.

दिनान्त m. (-न्तः) Evening, sunset, close of day. E. दिन day, and अन्त end.

दिनालक m. (-कः) Darkness. E. दिन day, and अलक ender.

दिनाश m. (-शः) Morning. E. दिन, and आश beginning.

दिनावसान n. (-नः) Evening, close of day. E. दिन day, and आश expiration.

दिनाका f. (-का) A day's wages, hire for a day or by the day. E. दिन day, and अक् affix.

दिन (द) दिभि र. 10th cl. (दिव्ययति-ने) To order, to direct. चुरां चम सेंट् दिति.

दिभ्य र. 1st and 10th cls. (दिव्ययति-ने दिव्ययति-ने) To order, to command. चम सेंट् चुरां चम सेंट्.

दिभ्य र. 10th cl. (दिनायति-ने) 1. To command, to direct, 2. To collect. दिवीप m. (-पः) The name of a king and ancestor of Rama. E. दिवी to be the barbarous name of Hastinapur of the modern Delhi, प who protects or rules.

दिवीपराज m. (-राजः) King DILIPA, see the preceding. E. दिवीप and राज् a king.

दिवीर m. (-रः) A mushroom.

दिभ्य (द) दिभ्य र. 4th cl. (दीव्यति) 1. To play, to sport, to play with romp or gambol. 2. To desire, to overcome, to be ambitious surpassing, &c. 3. To deal, to traffic, to buy or sell. 4. To be splendid or beautiful. 5. To praise. 6. To be glad, to be merry. 7. To be mad, to be wild or inflated with pride, passion, &c. To be sleepy or sluggish. 9. To love, to desire. 10. To go. r. cl. (दिव्ययति-ने) 1. To suffer pain. 2. To ask, to beseech or beg. To move, to go. 4. (-ति-ने) To lament, to wail, to mourn and

(द) दिभि र. 1st cl. (दिव्यति) 1. To please. 2. To be pleased. दिवीपराज च चम सेंट् पथे व्यवहार, दिवीपराज सुवीप सेंट् दिवा. परं सेंट् कृष्णेश्वरने सेंट् सेंट्. चर्द चुरां चम सेंट्. प्रीती क्षां परं सेंट् दिभि.

दिभ्य f. (-वीः दिवी दिवः) 1. Heaven, paradise. 2. Air, sky. E. दिवि play, affix क्, where sports immortals; also दिवि.

दिव m. (-वः) 1. Heaven, paradise. 2. Heaven, sky, atmosphere. 3. A wood, a thicket. E. दिव् to play, to shine, &c. affix आचारं वा क् see the preceding.

दिवन् m. (-नः) A day. E. दिव् to play, Unadi affix क्.

दिवस m. (-सः) A day. E. दिव् to play, चम सेंट् Unadi affix.

दिवसकर m. (-रः) The sun. E. दिवस day, and कर who makes.

दिवसमुख n. (-खः) Dawn, day-break. E. दिवस day, and मुख beginning.



दिवसादय m. (-यः) Evening, close of day. E. दिवस, and अयस्य loss.  
 दिवसावसान n. (-नः) Evening, close of day. E. दिवस, and अवसान end.  
 दिवसनि m. (-निः) A name of INDRA the Indian Jove. E. दिवः of day, and प्रति lord, Divespiter.  
 दिवसद्वि f. du. (-द्वी) Heaven and earth. E. दिव heaven, and पृथिवी earth, स inserted for the sake of euphony.  
 दिवा ind. By day, the day. E. दिव्, to play, &c. affix का.  
 दिवाकर m. (-ः) 1. The sun. 2. A crow. 3. A flower, the sun-flower. E. दिवा the day, and कर who makes.  
 दिवाकीर्ति m. (-तिः) 1. A man of a low or impure caste, a Chandala. 2. A barber. 3. An owl. E. दिवा by day, and कीर्ति credit, (the barber is not allowed to operate at night,) or दिवा day, अकीर्ति disrepute; the Chandala and owl coming abroad only in the dark.  
 दिवाच कीर्तिः कृत्यं यस्य रात्रौ चुरकर्मनिषेधात् नापि चण्डाले वेचने च ।  
 दिवाकृत min. (-तः-ता-त) Done by day. E. दिवा, and कृत done.  
 दिवाचर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Going about by day. E. दिवा, and चर who or what goes.  
 दिवाटन m. (-नः) A crow. E. दिवा by day, चट् to go, affix ख् ।  
 दिवादि mfn. (-नः-नी-न) Daily, diurnal, of or belonging to the day. E. दिवा by day, घञ् aff. तुट् च ।  
 दिवादि n. (-नः) Day and night. E. दिवा, and निशा night.  
 दिवादि mfn. (-नः-या-न) Being blind by day. m. (-नः) An owl. E. दिवा day, and अन्ध dark or blind.  
 दिवाभीति m. (-तिः) 1. An owl. 2. A thief or house-breaker. 3. The white lotus (कमलाकरः) perhaps any such flower, the petals of which open at night, and close in the day time. E. दिवा day, and भीति afraid.  
 दिवाभीति m. (-तिः) An owl. E. दिवा by day, and भीति fear: see the preceding.  
 दिवाभूषण m. (-णः) The sun. E. दिवा, and भूषण a jewel.  
 दिवाभय n. (-यः) Mid day, noon. E. दिवा and भय middle.  
 दिवाचर n. (-रः) A day and night. E. दिवा, and रात्रि for रात्रि night.  
 दिवाचरि f. (-रिः) 1. Day or night. 2. A day and night. E. दिवा, and रात्रि night.  
 दिवाचर (रः) A sleep by day. E. दिवा, and चर sleep.  
 दिवा (दिः) The blue jay. E. दिव्, to play, affix कि । चाय खणे ।  
 दिव mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Celestial, heavenly, of heavenly origin. E. दिव in heaven, and ज born दिवि जायते जन्म-ज अयुक् सो ।  
 दिव m. (-दः) A deity E. दिवि in heaven, सद to go, affix क्प् ।  
 दिव mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Celestial, heavenly, situated in heaven. E. दिवि in heaven, and ख् what stays.  
 दिव (दीः) A sort of insect; also उपजिहिका. E. दिव् to play, वा ई affix, fem affix डीप् ।  
 दिव m. (-काः) 1. A deity. 2. A kind of cuckoo, the Chataka: see दिवोक्तम् । टीः स्वर्गः आकाशो वा भीको यय ।  
 दिवास m. (-सः) Divodasa, a king so named, king of Benares, and founder of the Indian school of medicine. E. दिवः of heaven, दास the slave, or दिवः स्वर्गात् दासी दानं यय ।  
 दिव mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Born or produced in heaven. f. (-वा) Cardamoms. E. दिव heaven, उद्भव born.  
 दिव m. (-काः) 1. A deity. 2. The Chataka, (Cuculus melanoleucos.) 3. A deer. 4. A bee. 5. An elephant. E. दिव heaven either, चीकच्, a mansion; also with the vowel unaltered दिवोक्तम् ।  
 दिव mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) 1. Divine, celestial. 2. Beautiful, agreeable, charming. m. (-जः) 1. Barley. 2. A fragrant resin, (Bdellium.) 3. The divine character or property. f. (-जा) Emblic myrobalan. n. (-की) 1. Cloves. 2. A sort of Sandal. 3. An ordeal. 4. An oath. E. दिव the sky or heaven, and यत् aff. दिवि ययः ।  
 दिव m. (-रीः) One who undergoes an ordeal. E. दिव, und कारिन् who makes

दिव्यगन्ध m. (-गन्धः) Sulphur. n. (-स्य) Cloves. f. (-वा) Large cardamoms. E. दिव्य, and गन्ध smell.  
 दिव्यगायन m. (-नः) A Gandharba or singer of heaven. E. दिव्य divine, and गायन a singer.  
 दिव्यचक्षुस् mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षुः) 1. Beautiful-eyed. 2. Blind. m. (-क्षुः) 1. A sort of perfume. 2. A monkey. n. (-क्षुः) The faculty of seeing what is invisible by the human eye. E. दिव्य divine, and चक्षुस् an eye.  
 दिव्यचक्षुः यस्मात् ५३० ।  
 दिव्यदीपद mfn. (-दः-दु-द) Fit for an offering or oblation. E. दिव्य divine, and दीपद wish, that which is the subject of a deity's desires.  
 दिव्यधर्मिन् mfn. (-र्मिः-र्मिणी-र्मि) Virtuous, agreeable E. दिव्य, and धर्मिन् virtuous.  
 दिव्यपञ्चासत n. (-सतः) A mixture of five articles, ghee, curd, milk, butter, and sugar. E. दिव्य divine, पञ्च five, and अमृत ambrosia.  
 दिव्यरत्न n. (-नः) The fabulous gem Chintamani. E. दिव्य divine, and रत्न jewel.  
 दिव्यरथ m. (-यः) The car or vehicle of any deity. E. दिव्य divine, and रथ a carriage.  
 दिव्यरस m. (-सः) Quicksilver. E. दिव्य divine, and रस juice. पारदः, मनीषी रसे, दक्षिरसयुक्ते वि० ।  
 दिव्यवस्त्र mfn. (-वस्त्रः-वस्त्रा-वस्त्र) 1. Clothed or invested in celestial raiment. 2. Handsomely dressed. m. (-वस्त्रः) A plant, commonly Suryasobha, a sort of sun-flower. E. दिव्य divine, वस्त्र cloth or clothes. दिव्य वस्त्र यस्मात् ।  
 दिव्यादिख्या f. (-ख्या) The heroine of a poem, as SITA, &c. of mixed origin or character, a demigoddess. E. दिव्य divine, अदिव्य not divine, partaking of both natures.  
 दिव्यीच m. (-चः) A form of Siva, worshipped by the Tantrikas. E. दिव्य, and चोच heap.  
 दिव्योदक n. (-कः) Rain-water, dew, &c. E. दिव्य heavenly, and उदक water.  
 दिव्योपपादुक mfn. (-कः-द्वी-क) Divine, celestial, of heavenly birth or being. E. दिव्य divine, पद to go, with उप prefixed, and उकञ् aff.  
 दिव्य (वी) दिव्यी r. 6th cl. (दिशति ते) 1. To show, to exhibit, to explain or make intelligible 2. To order, to command, to direct or send. 3. To say, to speak. 4. To give. With चप prefixed, To change, to disguise. With चाङ्, 1. To order or command. 2. To show. 3. To summon. With उद्, 1. To proclaim to make known or public. 2. To show. With उप, To point out (literally or metaphorically), to show, to advise. With निर्, 1. To speak aloud. 2. To specify, to show. With प्र, To appoint, to order. With प्रति and सम्, To command, to return, to send back. With वि and अप, To plead in excuse, to state as a plea or pretext. With वि and निर्, To declare. With सम्, 1. To exhibit, to show, &c. 2. To communicate as news or information, With सम् and चाङ्, To approve, to permit. With सम्, To point out at a distance, as with the finger. तु उभय-सक-पठित् ।  
 दिव्य f. (-दिक् दिव्यो दिव्यः) Region, space, quarter, part. E. दिव्य् to show. affix क्त्विः also with टाप् added, दिव्या. f. (-जा) or with डीप्, दिव्यी  
 दिव्यस् f. (-याः) Region, quarter. E. दिव्य, and क्त्विः affix; see the preceding.  
 दिव्य mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Situated, bearing, lying in a particular tract or quarter, as पूर्वदिक् eastern, bearing east. E. दिव्य a quarter, यत् aff.  
 दिव्य mfn. (-दः-दा-द) 1. Shown, pointed out. 2. Delineated, described. 3. Counselled, advised, enjoined. m. (-दः) 1. Turmeric. 2. A sort of Curcuma: see दाहदरिद्रा. n. (-दः) Fate, destiny, fortune, good or ill luck. E. दिव्य to show, affix कर्मणि क् ।  
 दिव्य m. (-नः) Death, dying. E. दिव्य fortune, and अन्त end.  
 दिव्य f. (-दिः) 1. Pleasure, happiness. 2. A sort of measure. E. दिव्य to point out, affix सावे क्त्विः, संज्ञायां कर्मणि क्त्विः वा ।  
 दिव्या ind. An exclamation, indicative of joy or auspiciousness, luckily, fortunately. E. दिव्य pointing out, स्त्री to sound, affix सावे क्त्विः ।



दीर्घम् mfn. (यः-ता-नं) Dilatory, slow, tedious. न. दीर्घ long, and सूत्र thread.  
or thread. दीर्घेण चिरकालेन यन्त्रं संस्रितव्यापारी शस्त्र

able. २. दुर्ग, and उग्र going over. दुःखेन उदीयते यमी दुर्ग + उद् + त्  
कर्मणि यत् ।  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) Difficult to be articulated or pronounced. २. दुर्ग,  
and उद्, प्र. pronouncing. दुःखेन उदायिते दुर्ग + उद् + कर्मणि यत् ।  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) Barrenness, unbearable. २. दुर्ग, and उद् up-  
bearing  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) 1. Difficult of access or approach. 2. Difficult of  
access. ३. दुर्ग, and उद् approach.  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) 1. Difficult of cure. 2. Unmanageable. ३. दुर्ग,  
and उद्, implement.  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) Unapproachable, unattainable. ३. दुर्ग, and उद्  
proximity  
दुर्गद्वार m. (-रः) 1. A gamester. 2. A stake. n. (-रः) Playing, gaming. ३.  
दुर्ग bad, reprehensible, उद्, contest.  
दुर्ग mfn. (-रः रा-र) 1. Difficult of access or approach, inaccessible, im-  
perious, impermeable. 2. Difficult of attainment, unattainable. n.  
(-रः) 1. A fort, a strong hold, a Durga or hill fort. 2. A pass, a  
defile, a difficult or narrow passage over a stream or a mountain,  
through a wood, &c. m. (रः) The name of an Asura slain by  
DURGA. f. (रः) 1. The goddess DURGA, the wife of SIVA, and  
mother of KARTIKEYA, and GANESA; also called UMA,  
and PARVATI, &c. : as DURGA, she is a goddess of terrific  
form, and irascible temper, and particularly worshipped at the  
DURGA Puja, held in Bengal in the month of Aśvin, or about  
October. 2. The indigo plant. 3. A creeping shrub, (Clitoria ternata.)  
4. A singing bird, the Ryama. ३. दुर्ग bad, ill. with difficulty, गन् to  
go, affix ण् ; the etymology of goddess is thus given, दुर् with diffi-  
culty : गन् to be known : a knowledge of whom is obtained only  
by the severest austerities; or दुर्ग bad, गे to sing, who is especially  
hymned by the wicked, or दुर्गे the Asura slain by the goddess.  
दुर्गद्वार m. (-रः रा-र) Enterprize, difficult undertaking. ३. दुर्ग, and कर्म  
act.  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) Making difficult or impassable. n. (-रः) The  
Rhurjpatra or birch. ३. दुर्ग an impervious thicket, and कर्म making.  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) 1. Poor, indigent, distressed. 2. Suffering pain or  
affliction. ३. दुर्ग ill, गत gone, become. दुर्ग + गन् कर्मणि यत् ।  
दुर्गद्वार f. (-रः) 1. Hell. 2. Poverty, indigence. 3. A difficult path or  
site. ३. दुर्ग bad, ill, गति going.  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) Durga. ३. दुर्गति hell, नाशिनो who destroys  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) Staying in a stronghold. ३. दुर्ग, and निग-  
ति who abides.  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) Ill-smelling, ill-scented m. (-रः) 1. Any ill-  
smelling substance. 2. The mango tree. n. (-रः) Soubarchala salt.  
३. दुर्ग bad, vile, and गन् smell. दुःखितः गन् : यत् ।  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) Ill-smelling. ३. दुर्गद्वार a bad smell, and निगति all.  
दुर्गद्वार n. (-रः) A fortified city. ३. दुर्ग, and प्र a city.  
दुर्गद्वार f. (-रः) A plant, commonly Kesapushpa. ३. दुर्ग with difficulty,  
पुष्पो a flower  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) 1. Inaccessible, difficult of access or approach. 2.  
Unattainable, difficult of attainment. ३. दुर्ग with pain or difficulty,  
गन् to go, affix ण् ; see दुर्ग : दुःखेन गम्यते दुर्ग + गन् कर्मणि यत् ।  
दुर्गद्वार m. (-रः) A defile, a difficult pass or way. ३. दुर्ग, and मार्ग a  
road.  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) 1. Overcoming difficulties, making way through  
arduous passages or affairs, &c. m. (-रः) A camel. ३. दुर्ग, and लङ्  
who traverses.  
दुर्गद्वार n. (-रः) Defect in a citadel, its being ill guarded, &c. ३. दुर्ग,  
and यत् misfortune  
दुर्गद्वार m. (-रः) 1. Progress or passage through an almost impervious  
or inaccessible spot. 2. A bridge, &c. or any contrivance for pass-

ing a river, a defile, &c. ३. दुर्ग a defile, &c. लङ्, &c. : also  
मार्ग, दुर्गद्वार m. (-रः) गन् + प्र कर्मणि यत् ।  
दुर्गद्वार f. (-रः रा-र) Essential part of a fortress. ३. दुर्ग, and लङ्  
दुर्गद्वार m. (-रः) The governor of a fort. ३. दुर्ग, and लङ्  
superintends.  
दुर्गद्वार m. (-रः) The governor of a fortress. ३. दुर्ग, and लङ्  
visor.  
दुर्गद्वार f. (-रः) The ninth of the eight half of Kurita, sacred to  
as JAGADDHARTI form. ३. दुर्ग, and लङ् the ninth.  
दुर्गद्वार m. (-रः) Investing or besieging a fortress. ३. दुर्ग, and  
investing.  
दुर्गद्वार n. (-रः) Taking refuge in a fortress. ३. दुर्ग, and लङ्  
shelter.  
दुर्गद्वार (-रः रा-र) Harsh-voiced, roaring, bellowing. m. (-रः) 1. A  
2. A loud or disagreeable cry. ३. दुर्ग, and लङ् sound.  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) 1. Bad, wicked, vile. 2. Malicious, mischie-  
ing. m. (-रः) A bad man. ३. दुर्ग bad, vile, लङ् a man. दुर्ग  
प्रो मः ।  
दुर्गद्वार n. (-रः) Wickedness, villainy. ३. लङ् added to दुर्गद्वार ; also  
लङ् affix दुर्गद्वार ।  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) Invincible, difficult to be subdued or  
३. दुर्ग, and लङ् victory. दुःखेन जीयते दुर्ग + लङ् कर्मणि यत् ।  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) Difficult of digestion, indigestible. ३. दुर्ग, and  
digesting. दुःखेन जीयति लङ् ।  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) Inauspiciously born or produced. 2. दुर्गद्वार  
(-रः) 1. Misfortune, calamity. 2. Disparity, unconformity, in-  
priety. ३. दुर्ग bad, जात born. दुर्ग जातम् प्रो मः ।  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) 1. Vile, wicked. 2. Low, outcaste. ३. दुर्ग  
kind.  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) Difficult to be known or understood. ३. दुर्ग  
वे to be known. दुःखेन ज्ञायते शा + कर्मणि यत् ।  
दुर्गद्वार m. (-रः) Want of conduct, impropriety, impolicy. ३. दुर्ग, and  
policy.  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) 1. Ill-behaved, ill-governed. 2. Impolitic, and  
Misconduct. 2. Impolicy. ३. दुर्ग and नीति conducted.  
दुर्गद्वार f. (-रः) 1. Impolicy. 2. Misconduct. ३. दुर्ग, and नीति policy  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) Difficult to be subdued. ३. दुर्ग, and लङ्  
दुःखेन दम्यते यमी दुर्ग + लङ् कर्मणि यत् ।  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) 1. Tearing 2. Distressing. m. (-रः) A kind of  
Rishabha. ३. दुर्ग, and लङ् what tears.  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) Dazzling painful to the sight. 2. Difficult  
seen or met with. ३. दुर्ग, and लङ् seeing. दुःखेन दृश्यते यमी दुर्ग  
कर्मणि यत् ।  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) Untameable, intractable, difficult to be  
trained or disciplined. m. (-रः) 1. Strife, tumult. 2. A calf, and  
दाम daunted. दुःखेन दामः दमिः दमि + लङ् वा निः ।  
दुर्गद्वार n. (-रः) 1. A dark or cloudy day. 2. Rain, or cloudy and  
weather. ३. दुर्ग bad, vile, दिन a day. दुर्ग दिनम् प्रो मः ।  
दुर्गद्वार m. (-रः) An atheist. ३. दुर्ग, vile, repeated, लङ् to go or be, and  
लङ् substituted for the penultimate.  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) 1. Ill seen, (literally or figuratively) ill-examined  
imperfectly investigated. 2. Looked at with an evil eye. ३. दुर्ग  
bad, लङ् seen.  
दुर्गद्वार n. (-रः) Bad luck, misfortune. ३. दुर्ग, and लङ् fate.  
दुर्गद्वार m. (-रः) A pupil who obeys his teacher only after judgment of  
propriety or obedience.  
दुर्गद्वार f. (-रः) A creeping plant.  
दुर्गद्वार m. (-रः) A green onion. ३. दुर्ग bad, and लङ् a tree : see दुर्ग  
दुर्गद्वार mfn. (-रः रा-र) 1. Difficult of attainment or approach. 2. Hard  
distant. ३. दुर्ग, pride. दुःखेन पृथक्ते यमी दुर्ग + लङ् कर्मणि यत् ।

दुर् mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. Difficult to be sustained or borne, troublesome, unbecomable. 2. Irresistible, difficult to be restrained. m. (-रः) 1. A division of hell. 2. A kind of drug; commonly Rishabha. 3. The name of an Asura or Titan. E. दुर् bad, ill, वर having, possessing; it is also written दुर्. दुःखेन शान्तिं दुर् + वृ-कर्मणि खल् ।  
 दुर्ग n. (-र्ग) Haemorrhoids. E. दुर्, bad भागन् a name, and गर् added; see the next.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-ग-गी) A cockle. n. (-गः) Piles or haemorrhoids. E. दुर्, bad and भागन् a name, fem. affix, टाप् or डीप्; also in the first house, with a final vowel दुर्गा. f. (-गा) ।  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-ग-गी) Ungovernable, difficult of restraint. E. दुर्, and निग्रह restraint.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. Difficult to be stopped, hindered, contradictory, &c. Invincible, unconquerable. E. दुर्, and निवार resistance.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-चा-चा-च) Hard to be looked at, as the sun, &c. E. दुर् and निरीचा to be seen.  
 दुर् 1st cl. (दुर्) (दुर्ग) To hurt, to injure, to wound, to kill दुर्, &c.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-ग-गी) 1. Feeble, thin, emaciated. 2. Weak, impotent. m. (-गः) One who is circumcised, or whose glans penis is void of prepuce E. दुर् implying depreciation or diminution, and गन् strong, potent दुर्ग्यतं वलमस्य ।  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-हि-हि-हि) Silly, ignorant E. दुर्, and बुद्धि understanding.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-जा-जा-ज) To be eaten with difficulty. E. दुर्, and भक्ष्य eatable.  
 दुर्गम् f. (-जा) 1. A wife not loved or liked by her husband. 2. A hard or ill tempered woman. E. दुर् little or ill, भग affection.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) Burdensome, troublesome, hard to be supported. E. दुर्, and भग what bears.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) Dearth, famine. E. दुर्, and भिक्षा alms; when charity ceases.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) Unfortunate, unlucky. E. दुर्, and भाग्य fortune.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. To be broken with difficulty. 2. Firm, constant, not easily disunited. E. दुर्, and भेद्य to be broken.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) Silly, ignorant, simple, a blockhead. E. दुर्, and मति mind.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) Sad, distressed, meditating or thinking sorrowfully. E. दुर् distress, मनस् the mind.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) Dying with difficulty, retentive of life: f. (-रः) Bent grass: see दुर्ग. E. दुर् with difficulty, मृ so perish, affix च् ।  
 दुर्गम् f. (-का) A minor drama, a comedy, a farce.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-ख-खा-ख) 1. Scurrilous, foul-mouthed. 2. Hideous ugly. m. (-खः) 1. One of the monkey chiefs. 2. One of the principal Nagas or serpents. 3. A horse. 4. An Asura. E. दुर् bad, ख मुख mouth or face.  
 दुर्गम् n. (-ख) Any thing of high price or value. E. दुर्, and मूख price.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-चा-चा-च) Of little or contemptible understanding, dull, stupid, ignorant, uninformed. E. दुर्, bad, ज्ञेय understanding.  
 दुर्गम् m. (-नः) The elder of the Kuru princes, and leader in the war against his cousins, the Pandus and Krishna. E. दुर्, vile, ill, युष् to make war, अङ्गि युष्; the author and leader of an unjust warfare.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-नि-नि-नि) Of low or impure origin. E. दुर्, and वीनि place of birth.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-ग-गी) 1. Difficult of attainment. 2. Excellent, eminent. 3. Dear, beloved. m. (-गः) A plant, (a sort of Hedysarum:) see दुर्गम् । f. (-गा) A prickly nightshade. E. दुर्, difficult, लभ् to gain, affix खल् but without any nasal.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. Speaking ill or improperly. 1. Speaking in pain. 3. Difficult of utterance or articulation. 4. What ought not

to be spoken. n. (-रः) 1. Abuse, censure. 2. Evil or unlucky speech. E. दुर्, वच् to speak. दुःखेन उच्यते दुर् + वच्-कर्मणि खल् ।  
 दुर्गम् u. (-रः) Abuse, bad language. E. दुर् bad, वच् speech.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) Of a bad species or class. n. (-रः) 1. Silver. 2. A sort of perfume, commonly Elabalaika: see एलाबालिका. E. दुर् bad, vile, and र्ग species; the reduplication of the र्ग is optional in this and the following words. हेमापेक्षया निम्नो र्गः रजते ।  
 दुर्गम् n. (-रः) Silver. E. दुर् inferior, र्ग species, कन् pleonasm; inferior as compared with gold.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) Difficult to be borne or supported. E. दुर्, and वच् bearing. दुःखेन उच्यते वसी दुर् + वच्-कर्मणि खल् ।  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) An ill speaker, morally or physically. f. (-रा) Speaking ill, either inelegantly or abusively. E. दुर् ill, वाच् speech. गर्हिता वाक् प्रा० स० ।  
 दुर्गम् n. (-रः) Any unlucky or ill omened speech. 2. censure, abuse. E. दुर् improperly, वाच् to be spoken. दुष्टं निन्द्य वाच्यं प्रा० स० ।  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) One who speaks ill, (grammatically, &c.) or one who utters abusive or unbecoming language. E. दुर् ill, bad, वाच् speaking. दुष्टो वादः प्रा० स० ।  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) Irresistible, not to be prevented or checked. E. दुर् and वर preventing. दुःखेन शान्तिं वसी दुर् + वरि-कर्मणि खल् ।  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-सा-सा-स) Ill dressed. m. (-साः) The name of a Rishi or saint, the son of Atri, and an incarnation or portion of Siva, famous for his choleric temperament. E. दुर्, and वासस vesture.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. Poor, pauper, indigent. 2. Wicked, unbecomable. 3. Foolish, stupid. E. दुर् bad, ill, विष habit, custom.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) Ill mannered, ill trained or behaved. m. (-रः) A restive horse. E. दुर् with difficulty, विनीत led, managed.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) Incomprehensible, inconceivable. E. दुर्, and विभाव्य to be observed.  
 दुर्गम् m. (-रः) A bad mode or form of marriage. E. दुर् and विवाह marriage.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) Difficult to be sustained or supported. E. दुर्, and वि before, सह to bear. दुःखेन विद्यते वसी दुर् + वि-सह कर्मणि खल् ।  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) Vile, wicked, leading a low or infamous life, following disreputable habits or business, a cheat, a juggler, a rogue, a blackguard, &c. E. दुर् bad, वच् to be or abide. दुष्ट वचनं प्रा० स० ।  
 दुर्गम् f. (-रि) 1. Leading a disreputable life, following a degrading business, &c. 2. Juggling, fraud. E. दुर्, and वृत्ति maintenance.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) What is killed with difficulty. E. दुर् before, हन् to kill. दुःखेन उच्यते वसी दुर् + हन्-कर्मणि खल् ।  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) Inimical, ill disposed. m. (-र-रा-र) An enemy. E. दुर् bad, हृद् heart. दुःखं हृद् हृदयमस्य प्रा० स० ।  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) Evil-minded, bad-hearted E. दुर् bad, ill, हृद् the heart.  
 दुर्गम् 1st cl. (दोषयति-ते) 1. To raise, to throw up. 2. To excite. 3. To shake, to swing. वृत्तं हन् सक्तं सेट् ।  
 दुर्गम् m. (-रि) A Muni or saint. f. (-रि or -री) A small or female tortoise. E. दुर् to throw up, (mud, &c.) affix क् fem. affix optionally डीप् ।  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. Going with trouble of difficulty. 2. Acting ill, behaving wickedly. 3. Unattainable. m. (-रः) 1. A bivalve shell. 2. bear. E. दुर् bad, वच् to go, चच् or टच् aff.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) Misbehaving, abandoned, wicked. m. (-रः) Misbehaviour, ill conduct, wickedness. E. दुर्, and वरि ill conduct.  
 दुर्गम् m. (-रः) A circumcised man, or one whose prepuce is naturally or artificially wanting. E. दुर् bad, difficult, वच् skin.  
 दुर्गम् mfn. (-र-रा-र) Misbehaving, doing or designing evil. n. (-रः)

Evil purpose or action, misconduct, error. **दुः** and **दुष्ट** are derived.  
**दुःशान्** m. (-नः) A name of INDRA. **दुः** ill, **शान्** the name of a saint :  
 INDRA having raised his arm to hurl his thunderbolt at Chyavana  
 and it fixed in that position by the curse of the saint : other ety-  
 mologies are given.

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-तः) Tattered, hardly covered. **दुः** and **दुष्ट** covering.  
**दुःशासन** m. (-नः) One of the Kaurava princes. **दुः** and **शासन**  
 government.

**दुः** (दुः, चो) प्रत्यय र. 4th cl. (दुष्टति) 1. To do or not wrong or impro-  
 perly. 2. To be impure. With **प्र** and **आङ्** prefixed, To become  
 manifest or apparent. दिशः परं चक्रं चरितम् ।

**दुःकर** mfn. (-रा-रा-री-रः) 1. Difficult to be done. 2. One who behaves  
 ill, does wrong, &c. wicked, bad. n. (-रः) 1. Ethon atmo-  
 sphere. 2. Doing any thing with pain or difficulty. **दुः**  
**दुः** bad, and **कर** what does from **कृ** with कर्मणि खल, aff. दुःखेन  
 क्रियते ।

**दुःकर्म** n. (-र्म) 1. Wickedness, sin. 2. Any difficult or painful act. **दुः**  
 and **कर्म** act.

**दुःकुल** n. (-कुल) A low family or race. **दुः** bad, **कुल** race.

**दुःकौल** mfn. (-कौ-कौ-नः) Of a low or degraded family. m. (-नः) A sort of  
 perfume, commonly Chor. **दुः** bad and **कौल** family or species.

**दुःकृत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Done wrong or wickedly. 2. Done with diffi-  
 culty or pain. n. (-तः) Sin, crime, guilt. **दुः** evil, **कृत** done, commit-  
 ted. दुष्टं कृतम् प्रा. म० ।

**दुःकृतकर्म** mfn. (-र्म-र्म-र्म) Wicked, reprobate. n. (-र्म) Wickedness. **दुः**  
 दुष्ट, and **कर्म** act.

**दुःकृतवर्जित** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Holy, free from sin. **दुःकृत**, and **वर्जित**  
 excluded.

**दुःकृति** mfn. (-ती-ती-ती-ति) Wicked, an evil deed. **दुः** दुष्ट, and **कृति** aff.

**दुःकृत** mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) 1. Difficult of access. 2. Going ill or laboriously.  
 2. Ill arranged, unmethodical. **दुः** दुष्ट, and **कृत** going.

**दुःकृति** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Dear, bought too dearly or unadvisedly. **दुः** दुष्ट  
 bad, **कृति** purchased : a bad bargain.

**दुःख** n. (-ख) Pain in general : see दुःख ।

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-ष्ट-ष्ट-ष्ट) 1. Low, vile. 2. Weak, impotent. 3. Wicked,  
 depraved. 4. spoiled, injured. 5. violated. 6. Contaminated,  
 degraded. 7. Worthless. f. (-ष्ट) A harlot, a wanton. n. (-ष्ट) A  
 kind of Costus, (C. speciosus) : see दुष्ट. **दुष्ट** to be corrupt, &c.  
 affix कृ.

**दुष्टचारिन्** mfn. (-री-री-री-रि) Wicked. **दुष्ट**, and **चारिन्** practising. दुष्ट  
 चरति चर-चरिणि ।

**दुष्टचेतस्** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Malevolent. 2. Stupid. **दुष्ट**, and **चेतस्**  
 the heart or mind.

**दुष्टा** f. (-ता) 1. Wickedness, badness. 2. Contamination, defilement. 3.  
 Violation. **दुः** तल added to दुष्ट; also न दुष्टम् ।

**दुष्टभाव** mfn. (-व-व-व) Innately bad. **दुष्ट**, and **भाव** nature.

**दुष्टभावता** f. (-ता) Wickedness, innate depravity. **दुष्टभाव**, and **तल** aff.

**दुष्टमति** mfn. (-ति-ति-ति) Wicked, depraved. **दुष्ट**, and **मति** mind.

**दुष्टय** m. (-यः) A lazy ox. **दुष्ट** as above, and **य** an ox.

**दुष्टप्रम** m. (-मः) A dull boil or sore, a sinus. **दुष्ट** bad, and **प्रम** sore.

**दुष्टवत्** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Defiled, rendered impure. **दुष्ट**, and **वत्**  
 possessed of.

**दुष्ट** m. (-तः) 1. Improperly, incorrectly. mfn. (-तु-तु-तु) Ill  
 behaved, unprincipled, depraved. **दुः** दुः, **तु** to be, affix कृ ।

**दुष्ट** m. (-तः) Chor, a perfume. **दुः** दुष्ट, **तु** a leaf.

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Not to be touched, unpleasant to the touch.

**दुष्ट** m. (-तः) A plant, (Hedysarum alhaji) : see दुष्टम् । **दुः** + **खल**-कर्मणि  
 खल ।

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Difficult to be drunk. **दुः** दुष्ट, and **तु** drinking.

**दुष्ट** m. (-तः) दुःखेन पीयते असौ खलु कर्मणि दुष्ट । अर्थः दुष्टः ।

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-ति-ति-ति) Of a bad nature or disposition. **दुः** दुष्ट, and  
**प्रति** unan. दुःखी प्रकृतिरस्य प्रा. म० ।

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-ती-ती-ती) The egg plant, (Solanum melongena) : see दुष्ट  
 difficulty, **दुष्ट** before, **दुष्ट** to show, to guide, affix कृ. **दुष्ट** also  
 चिनि अति दुष्ट, चिनि ।

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-ती-ती-ती) A plant, (Hedysarum alhaji) 2. The date tree.  
**दुष्ट**, and **प्र** before, **दुष्ट** to guide, affix कृ and **तु** ।

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-य-य-य) Immeasurable, difficult to be measured. **दुष्ट**  
 and **प्र** before, **दुष्ट** to measure, **दुष्ट** aff.

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-य-य-य) Difficult of attainment. **दुष्ट**, and **प्र** before  
**दुष्ट** to gain, **दुष्ट** affix, **दुष्ट** inserted.

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-य-य-य) Difficult of attainment, difficult to be got  
 reached. **दुष्ट**, and **प्र** obtaining.

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-य-य-य) Remote, unattainable, difficult of appro-  
 or attainment. **दुष्ट**, and **प्र** obtainable.

**दुष्ट** m. (-नः) A prince of the lunar line, the husband of SAKUNTAL.  
**दुष्ट**, and **न** affix, **दुष्ट**, aug ; also read दुष्टम्.

**दुष्ट** m. (-नः) A prince ; see the last. **दुष्ट** to do wrong, **दुष्ट** aff.

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-रा-रा-रः) Difficult to be crossed. **दुष्ट**, and **तु** cross.

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-ज-ज-ज) Difficult to be relinquished or parted with.  
**दुष्ट** and **तु** abandoning.

**दुष्ट** m. (-यः) 1. A dog. 2. A cook.

**दुष्ट** (दुष्ट) दुष्टी r. 2nd cl. (दुष्टि, दुष्टे) 3rd pers plu. (दुष्टि) To mil, (r  
 दुष्टि r. 1st cl. (दुष्टि) 1. To hurt, to afflict, to give pain. 2. To  
 kill. यदा उभो द्विकं चरितम् । भा. परं सकं सेट् ।

**दुष्ट** m. (दुष्ट) A milker. **दुष्ट**, and **कृ** aff.

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-दुष्ट-दुष्ट-दुष्ट) 1. Relinquishing, parting with. 2. Milling.  
**दुष्ट** to milk, **दुष्ट** aff.

**दुष्ट** m. (-ति) A son-in-law, a daughter's husband. **दुष्ट**  
 daughter, in the possessive case, and **पति** a husband.

**दुष्ट** (-ता) A daughter. **दुष्ट** to milk, (the mother,) Unadi affix **त**  
 and **ट्** inserted.

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-य-य-य) To be milked, milkable. **दुष्ट** to milk, affix **त**  
 also यत्प्रत्ययं लला दीप् ।

**दुष्ट** (दुष्ट) दुष्टी r. 4th cl. (दुष्टे) 1. To suffer or be consumed  
 pain. 2. To inflict pain or anxiety. दिवा चां चक्रं सेट् ।

**दुष्ट** f. (दुष्ट) Pain, distress. **दुष्ट**, and **कृ** aff.

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-म-म-म) Unfortunate, distressed. **दुष्ट**, difficult, **दुष्ट**  
 deceive, deriv. irr. दुष्टेन दम्यते असौ दुष्ट-कर्मणि खल ।

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Pained, afflicted. **दुष्ट**, **दुष्ट** bad, painful, **दुष्ट**  
 deriv. irr. दुष्टेन दम्यते दुष्ट + दम्य-कर्मणि खल ।

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Bad, vile. **दुष्ट**, and **तु** to meditate, **दुष्ट**  
 दुष्ट व्यापति दुष्ट + व्याप ।

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Destroyed or annihilated with trouble or diffi-  
 ty **दुष्ट** before, **दुष्ट** to destroy, deriv. irr. दुष्टेन नाशते दुष्ट + ना  
 कर्मणि खल ।

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Sent, despatched. m. (-तः) 1. A messenger or envoy  
 a news-carrier. 2. An ambassador. f. (-ति-ती) A female messenger  
 a confidante, a procuress, a go-between, &c. **दुष्ट** to go, Unadi  
 कृ, and the vowel made long ; or **दुष्ट** to suffer, affix **त** fem. **दुष्टि**  
 or **दुष्टि** and optionally **दुष्टि** ।

**दुष्ट** f. (-ती) A plant, resembling the Kadamba : see दुष्टम् । **दुष्ट**  
 a messenger, **दुष्ट** what destroys. **दुष्ट** विदुः इति दुष्ट-दुष्ट । **दुष्ट** ।

**दुष्ट** f. (-ति) See दुष्ट-दुष्टा ति दीर्घः ।

**दुष्ट** f. (-ता) A female messenger, a confidante, &c. see दुष्ट, &c. **दुष्ट**  
 added to दुष्टि ; also with the penultimate, vowel made long, **दुष्ट**

**दुष्ट** n. (-तः) 1. An embassy, a message. 2. The abstract state or  
 tion of a message or a messenger. **दुष्ट** a messenger, and **दुष्ट**

**दुष्ट** mfn. (-दुष्ट-दुष्ट-दुष्ट) Afflicting, harassing. **दुष्ट**, and **दुष्ट** what  
 occasions.





see, affix name, title

दृष्टम् n. (कृ) A flower, (*Hibiscus mutabilis*). इ. दृष्टि the eye, कृ to see. affix कृप् and इप् added; also with क् affix दृष्टिगत n. (-तं) दृष्टि करीति ।

दृष्टम् m. (-त्) A butt, a mark for archers, &c. इ. दृष्टि the eye, and दृष्टम् object.

दृष्टिपात m. (-तः) A look, a look at or on. इ. दृष्टि, and निपात alighting.

दृष्टम् m. (-तः) A look, a glance. इ. दृष्टि, and पत falling.

दृष्टम् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Kept pure by the sight, i. e. watched, that no impropriety is committed, or impurity contracted. इ. दृष्टि, and पूत purified.

दृष्टम् m. (-त्) A fire-fly. इ. दृष्टि sight, and दृष्टम् a friend.

दृष्टिप्रेष m. (-पः) A leer, a side glance. इ. दृष्टि the eye, विप्रेष casting.

दृष्टिम् m. (-म्) A snake. इ. दृष्टि, and विष poison, venomous in his look. इ. दृष्टि, Having seen. इ. दृष्टि, to see, क्ता aff.

दृष्टि 1st cl. (दृष्टि) also (दृष्टि) इ. दृष्टि r. 1st cl. (दृष्टि) To grow, to increase, to prosper. आ० पर० चक० सेट् ।

दृष्टम् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Grown, increased, thriven. इ. दृष्टि to grow, affix क्ता with इट् inserted; also from दृष्टि, दृष्टि ।

दृष्टम् 1st cl. (दृष्टि) To tear, to rend, to divide or pull to pieces. r. 1st cl. (दृष्टि) To fear, to dread. आ०-पु० पर०-चक० सेट् । आ० पर० चक० सेट् । दृष्टि पर० सक्त० सेट् । दीर्घ्यति ।

दृष्टि 1st cl. (दृष्टि) To preserve, to cherish or protect. आ०-पु० चक० सेट् ।

दृष्टम् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Shining repeatedly or intensely, glowing, blazing. इ. दीप् to kindle, intense, form, शानच् aff.

दृष्टम् (-यः-या-यं) To given, fit or proper for a gift. इ. दा to give, कर्मणि यत् affix, and the vowel changed.

दृष्टि 1st cl. (दृष्टि) To sport or play. आ०-पु० चक० सेट् ।

m. (-त्) 1. A deity, a god. 2. A king, in poetical language. 3. A husband's brother : see देव. 4. A cloud. 5. A fool, a dolt. 6. A child. 7. A man following any particular line or business. 8. A spear man, a lancer. 9. Emulation, wish to excel or overcome. 10. Sport, play. 11. A term or surname applicable to a Brahman; also to a man of the kayastha class n. (-त्) An organ of sense. f. (-ती) 1. A flower, (*Hibiscus mutabilis*). 2. A plant, (*Marsilea quadrifolia*). f. (-ती) 1. A goddess, the wife of any deity of divine being. 2. A name very commonly applied to the goddess Durga. 3. A queen, one who has been consecrated as well as the king, (in the theatrical language chiefly.) 4. A respectful epithet or title applied to a woman of the first class. 5. Worship, reverence. 6. A plant, (*Trigonella coriiculata*). 7. Another plant : see दृष्टि. इ. दृष्टि to play, (in heaven, &c.) affix चक्, fem. affix टाप् or जीप् ।

देव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Who or what sports or plays. 2. Divine, celestial, like a deity. m. (-त्) A proper name, the maternal grandfather of KRISHNA. इ. दृष्टि to play, क्ता affix; or देव, and चक् aff.

देवम् m. (-म्) A fragrant paste of sandal, agallochum, camphor, and safflower. इ. देव, and दृष्टम् mud.

देवमाता f. (-ता) The mother of KRISHNA. इ. देव as above, and माता daughter.

देवार्चनम् n. (-नम्) Worship of, or oblations to the gods. इ. देव, and चक् business.

देवम् n. (-म्) A kind of pine : (*Pinus devadaru*). इ. देव divine, and चक् wood.

देवती f. (-ती) One of the female personifications of the modes of music.

देवी f. (-ती) DEVAKI, the daughter of UPAKATA, wife of VASUDEVA, and mother of KRISHNA. इ. देव, and चक् patronymic affix, fem. affix टाप्; also with चक् vowel changed by the affix देवती.

देवताम् n. (-म्) A name of KRISHNA. इ. देव as above, and चक् a name.

देवकीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Divine, belonging or relating to a divinity. इ. देव, and चक् aff.

देवकीयम् m. (-म्) The deity KRISHNA. इ. देव as above, and चक् a son; also similar compounds, as देवकीयम्, and देवकीयम् ।

देवकुण्डम् n. (-म्) A natural spring. इ. देव, and कुण्ड a well.

देवकुलम् n. (-म्) A temple. इ. देव a god, and कुल a house.

देवकुसुमम् n. (-म्) Gloves. इ. देव a deity, and कुसुम a flower fit for a deity.

देवखानम् n. (-म्) 1. A cave or hollow amidst mountains. 2. A natural pond or reservoir. इ. देव a deity, and खान dug; not the work of men.

देवखानम् mn. (-कः-कं) 1. A natural pond or one in front of a temple. 2. A natural cavern, a grotto. इ. देव a deity, खान dug, and चक् affix; dug by divine hands, or in honour of a god.

देवखानविलम् n. (-म्) A cavern, a chasm. इ. देवखान, and विल a hole.

देवमातारी f. (-ती) One of the Rāgins, or female personification of the modes of music.

देवमायनम् m. (-म्) A Gand'harba, a celestial quirsiter. इ. देव a god, and मायन a singer.

देवमयी f. (-ती) One of the female personifications of the modes of music.

देवगुरुम् m. (-म्) A name of VISHNUPATI. इ. देव, and गुरु teacher; the preceptor of the gods.

देवगुरुम् n. (-म्) 1. A celestial or planetary sphere, the dwelling of the gods. 2. A temple. इ. देव, and गुरु house.

देवविक्रियम् m. du. (-कौ) The two sons of ASWINI, and physicians of heaven. इ. देव a god, and विक्रिय a physician.

देवचन्द्रम् m. (-म्) A garland or necklace of pearls, &c. composed of 100 strings. इ. देव a deity, and चन्द्र to cover, affix चक् ।

देवजम्बुम् n. (-म्) A fragrant grass. इ. देव a deity, and जम्बु eaten.

देवजम्बुम् n. (-म्) A fragrant grass. इ. चक् pleonastic, added to the preceding.

देवटम् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) An artist, an artisan. इ. दिव् to sport, चट् Unadi aff.

देवही f. (-ती) A sort of gull, (*Larus ridibundus*). गङ्गाचिह्नम् ।

देवतम् m. (-त्) The holy fig tree. 2. A tree of Swarga or paradise, the Manda'ra tree. 3. The tree of plenty. 4. Any venerable and ancient tree : usually the place of assembling in a village. इ. देव a deity, and तम् a tree.

देवता f. (-ता) 1. A god, a deity or divine being. 2. Divinity; see देवत्. इ. देव divine, खर्च तत् affix of the abstract : in the first case, चक् added; of whom the attribute is divinity.

देवतागारम् m. (-म्) A temple. इ. देवता, and आगार a house.

देवताम् m. (-म्) 1. A kind of grass, (*Andropogon serratus*). 2. A name of RAHU, the personified ascending node. 3. A name or fire. 4. A sort of creeper : see चोपक. इ. देव a deity, &c. तत् to torment, affix चक्.

देवताचक्रम् m. (-कः) A grass : see the preceding. इ. चक् added to देवता ।

देवताधिपम् m. (-पः) A name of INDRA. इ. देवता a deity, अधिप ruler or chief.

देवताध्वजम् n. (-म्) Worshipping an idol. इ. देवता, and ध्वजम् worshipping.

देवतायतनम् n. (-नम्) A temple. इ. देवता, and आयतन dwelling.

देवतीर्षम् n. (-र्षः) The part of the hand sacred to the gods, the tips of the fingers. इ. देव, and तीर्ष a shrine.

देवत्वं n. (-त्वं) 1. Divinity, the abstract attribute of divine being. 2. Identification with a deity, deification. इ. देव a deity, and चक् abstract affix; also with तत् देवत् ।

देवदत्तम् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Given by the gods, god-given. m. (-त्) 1. The younger brother of Buddha. 2. The couch of ARJUNA. 3. One of the vital airs that which is exhaled in yawning. इ. देव a deity, and दत्त given; the name is often used in grammatical and other examples, in the place of some one, a certain person.

देवदत्तात्मन् m. (-न्) A name of Bud'dha. E. देवदत्त as above, and अत्मन् elder born.

देवदानी f. (-नी) A sort of creeper, commonly *Ha'tighosha*. E. देव a deity, and दान a gift, भवे क्कुट्, fem. affix डीन् ।

देवदारु mn. (-रु) A species of pine, (*Pinus devadaru*) in Bengal it is usually applied to the *Uvaria longifolia*, and in the Peninsula to another tree, (*Erythroxylon sideroxyloides*.) E. देव a deity, and दारु timber.

देवदासी f. (-सी) A courtesan, especially one employed as a dancer, &c. in a temple. E. देव a deity, and दासी a female slave.

देवदीप m. (-पः) An eye. E. देव an organ of sense, and दीप a lamp.

देवदूती f. (-ती) 1. A female messenger of the gods. 2. A sort of plant : also मधुकुटी. E. देव, and दूती a messenger.

देवदेव m. (-वः) 1. A name of BRAMHA. 2. A name of SIVA. E. देव god, repeated; gods of gods.

देवद्वीपी f. (-पी) The procession of a deity or idol. E. देव a deity, द्वीप् to go, affixes चल् and डीप् ।

देवद्राक् mfn. (-द्राक्-द्वीची-द्राक्) Approaching or adoring a deity. E. देव an idol, चक् to go to or to worship, affix क्तिप्, and ड्रि inserted.

देवघात n. (-घः) A sort of grain cultivated in many parts of Hindustan, (*Andropogon saccharatus*.) E. देव a deity, and घात corn.

देवधूप m. (-पः) A fragrant resin, (*Bdellium*), used in the incense. E. देव a deity, and धूप incense.

देवन् m. (-न्) A husband's brother. E. दिव् to play, चन् Una'di aff.

देवन n. (-नः) 1. Sport, play, pastime, &c. 2. Emulation, desire to excel or overcome. 3. Affair, business, profession. 4. Gaming. 5. Splendour, lustre, beauty. 6. Light. 7. Praise. 8. Motion. 9. Grief, sorrow. 10. A garden, a play or pleasure ground. 11. A lotus. m. (-न्) A die or dice. f. (-नी) 1. Service. 2. Sport, wanton sport or pastime. 3. दिव् to play, &c. affix क्कुट्, or यच्, fem. aff. टाय ।

देवनन्दिन् m. (-न्दि) One of INDRA's doorkeepers. E. देव a deity, and नन्दिन् who pleases.

देवनल m. (-नः) A kind of reed, (*Arundo bengalensis*) E. देव, and नल a reed, also read दे नाल ।

देवनाटक m. (-कः) A superhuman being, also देवनात्मक ।

देवनिवास m. (-वः) A heaven, a paradiso, the residence of a divinity. E. देव, and निवास abode.

देवनिन्दक m. (-कः) A heretic, an unbeliever, a reviler of the gods. E. देव, and निन्दक a calumniator.

देवनिन्दा f. (-न्दा) Heresy, atheism. m. देव, and निन्दा abuse.

देवनिर्मित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Natural, created E. देव, and निर्मित made by.

देवपति m. (-ति) A name of INDRA. E. देव a deity, and पति master.

देवपत्नी f. (-नी) 1. The wife of a deity. 2. Sweet potato. E. देव a deity, &c. and पत्नी wife.

देवपथ f. (-थः) Heaven, the firmament, the celestial path or way. E. देव a deity, and पथम् a road, final affix च ।

देवपद n. (-पदः) The royal presence. E. देव, and पद for पाद a foot; also देवपादः ।

देवपर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) 1. Addicted to play. 2. Future, what will be, predestined, &c. see देवपरः ।

देवपशु m. (-शुः) An animal consecrated to a deity. E. देव, and पशु an animal.

देवपुत्री f. (-त्री) A medicinal plant : see पुत्रा. E. देव a deity, and पुत्री a daughter.

देवपुर f. (-पुरः) The capital of INDRA. E. देव a god, and पुर a city.

देवप्रतिमा f. (-मा) An idol. E. देव, and प्रतिमा image.

देवप्रश्न n. (-श्नः) Astrology, consulting the stars or gods. E. देव a deity, and प्रश्न asking.

देववृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A tree used in dying, (*Rottleria tinctoria*, Rox.) See पुत्रा. E. देव a deity, and वृक्ष a friend.

देवव्रजन् m. (-व्रजः) A name of the Muni NARADA. E. देव a deity, BRAMHA : BRAMHA amongst the saints and demigods.

देवव्राह्मण m. (-णः) A venerable Brahman, one esteemed by deity.

देव, and ब्राह्मण a Brahman or देवपूजकः ब्राह्मणः । देव ।

देववृक्ष n. (-वृक्षः) 1. The holy fig tree. 2. Paradise. 3. A temple. E. deity, and वृक्ष a dwelling.

देवभाक् mfn. (-क् or -न्) Belonging to a god. E. देव, and भाक् what ।

देवम् m. (-म्) 1. A deity. 2. Swarga or paradise. E. देव divine, a being.

देवमृति f. (-मृतिः) The Ganges of heaven. E. देव a deity, and मृति abiding. देवनामं मृत्युश्च ।

देवमय n. (-यः) 1. Divinity, godhead. 2. Inferior deification or identification with a deity. E. देव a deity, and मय being, becoming.

देवमञ्जर n. (-रः) The jewel of KRISHNA suspended on his breast.

देवमणि m. (-मणिः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. The jewel of KRISHNA, twist of hair on a horse's neck. E. देव a deity, मणि a jewel.

देवमातृ f. (-मातृ) A name of ASITA. E. देव, and मातृ a mother; the mother of gods.

देवमातृक mfn. (-कः-का-की-कः) Watered by rain, (corn, land, &c.) E. a cloud, मातृ a mother, and कप् affix; cherished by the cloud by a parent.

देवमानक m. (-कः) The jewel worn by KRISHNA : see कीलुभ. E. deity, मान respect, affix कन् or कप् ।

देवमास m. (-मासः) The eighth month of pregnancy; also देवमासः a divine, and मास a month. [वि]

देवयज्ञ m. (-यज्ञः) A worshipper of the gods. E. देव, and यज्ञ to worship.

देवयज्ञि m. (-यज्ञिः) 1. A worshipper of the gods. 2. A Muni. E. देव, यज्ञि who worships देव यज्ञे यज्ञ-यन् ।

देवयज्ञ m. (-यज्ञः) The Homa or burnt sacrifice. E. देव, and यज्ञ sacrifice the sacrifice appropriated to the gods.

देवयात्रा f. (-यात्रा) The procession of a deity or idol, or sacred festival when the images are carried in procession. E. देव a god, and यात्रा going. देवानां यात्रा ।

देवयान n. (-यानः) The car or vehicle of god. f. (-नी) The daughter SUKRA. E. देव a deity, and यान going. यात्रे चनेन या-कारणे क्कुट् ।

देवयुद्ध mfn. (-ता-वी-ह) Sporting, playing. E. देव to play, युद्ध aff.

देवयु mfn. (-युः-युः-युः) 1. Pious, righteous, virtuous. 2. Frequenting festivals. m. (-युः) A deity. E. देव a deity, या to go, Una'di affix ।

देवयौनि m. (-निः) A superhuman being, a demon or demigod. E. देव a deity, and यौनि place of production.

देवर m. (-रः) A husband's brother, especially his younger brother. दिव् to play, &c. affix चरच् । दीयते चनेन दिव-कारणे चरच् ।

देवयान m. (-यानः) The car or vehicle of a deity. E. देव a deity, and यान carriage.

देवराज m. (-राजः) INDRA. E. देव a deity, राजन् a king, and टच् aff.

देवरात m. (-रातः) 1. A sort of crane. 2. The name of a king; also Pariksha.

देववर्णिन् mfn. (-वी-पित्री-पि) Godlike, of divine form. E. देव, and वर्ण रत्नि aff.

देवर्षि m. (-र्षिः) A Rishi, a saint of the celestial class, as NARADA, and MARICHI, BHARADWAJA, PULASTYA, PULAHA, KRISHNA, BHISHMA, VASISTHA, PRACHETAS; also BHARATA, TUMBURU, KANADA, and others. E. देव divine, and र्षि a saint : see र्षि, and राजर्षि ।

देवचम m. (-चमः) 1. An attendant upon an idol; a Brahman of an inferior order, who subsists upon the offerings made to the images which he attends, and who conducts the ceremonies of all sorts of sacrifices for hire. 2. A Muni; according to some authorities, a name of NARADA; to others, of a different saint, who is also a legislator, son of ASITA and also named ASHTAVARMA. E. देव a deity, and चम other : see देवर. 3. A holy or virtuous man. E. देव a deity, and चम and च aff. or देव-चम ।

देवक म. (-कः) The attendant on an idol : see the preceding. न. कम् added to देवक ।  
 देवता f. (-ता) Double jasmine. न. देव divine, and वता a creeper.  
 देवीक म. (-कः) 1. Heaven or paradise. 2. Any one of the seven superior worlds, from earth to the highest or Satya loka, in opposition to those below the earth. 3. The particular sphere or heaven of any divinity. न. देव, and लोक a world.  
 देवक म. (-कः) Fire or its deity AGNI. न. देव a deity, and वक्ता a face, here implying, mouth; the mouth of the gods, eating or consuming the oblations made to them.  
 देवदण्ड म. (-मः) A tree : see पुद्गल ।  
 देवदण्ड म. (-मः) A superior or supreme deity. न. (-मः) A divine boon or blessing. न. देव, and वर best.  
 देवदण्ड म. (-मः) A name of VIS'WAKARMA, the divine architect. न. देव a deity, वदन्ति a carpenter.  
 देवदण्ड म. (-मः) 1. A tree, (Echites scholaria.) 2. A tree of heaven or paradise. 3. A plant yielding a fragrant resin, (Bdellium.) न. देव a god, वक्ष a tree.  
 देवदण्ड म. (-मः) 1. A worshipper of the gods. 2. A name of BH'ASHMA. न. (-मः) Any obligation or vow of a deity. न. देव a deity, and दण्ड religious obligation.  
 देवदण्ड म. (-मः) A god. 2. A sacred treatise or branch of scripture. 3. A name of NARADA. न. देव divine, and दण्ड heard.  
 देवदण्ड f. (-ता) An assembly of the gods. न. देव a deity, and दण्ड assembly.  
 देवदण्ड (नः) 1. A player, a gambler, a frequenter of clubs or assemblies. 2. An attendant on a deity. न. देव sport in general, or gambling. दण्ड an assembly, and दण्ड aff.  
 देवदण्ड mfn. (-मः-दण्ड-मः) Divine, relating to a deity. न. देव, and दण्ड connected.  
 देवदण्ड f. (-ता) A small shrub : see सखदेव. न. देव a deity, सख् to bear, affixes टाप् and चञ् ।  
 देवदण्ड ind In or on a deity, becoming as a deity, appropriate or offered to one. न. देव, and दण्ड aff.  
 देवदण्ड म. (-मः) 1. Inferior deification, the state or being of the inferior gods. 2. Absorption into or identification with a deity. न. देव a god, च with यञ् to join or bejoined, affix क्तिप्, देवदण्ड-यञ् junction with a deity, चञ् added, implying the state or condition.  
 देवदण्ड f. (-ता) Spirituous liquor. न. देव, and दण्ड created, made by the gods.  
 देवदण्ड f. (-ता) 1. The daughter of INDRA. 2. An army or host of celestials. न. देव Indra or any deity, and दण्ड an army.  
 देवदण्डमन्त्रि म. (-मः) A name of SKANDA. न. देवदेवा as above, and मन्त्रि ruler; commander of the hosts of heaven.  
 देवदण्ड म. (-मः) The property applicable to religious purpose, endowment, &c. न. देव divine, and दण्ड wealth.  
 देवदण्ड म. (-मः) An attendant upon an idol, a low Brahman, subsisting by attendance upon an image, and upon the offerings made to it न. देव a deity, and दण्डो who gets a livelihood; also दण्ड added देवदण्डिन् म. (-मः)  
 देवदण्ड mfn. (-मः-दण्ड-मः) 1. One with or identified with a deity. 2. Belonging to a deity, consecrated, sacred. म. (-मः) The holy, fig tree, (Ficus religiosa.) न. देव, and दण्डो the self or soul.  
 देवदण्डिन् म. (-मः) 1. A goat. 2. An ascetic, one who relinquishes or abandons the world. 3. A fool, an idiot. न. देव in the second case plural, and दण्ड beloved; the beloved of the gods.  
 देवदण्ड म. (-मः) Rice or food that has been first presented to an idol. न. देव, and दण्ड food.  
 देवदण्ड म. (-मः) The son of PRATHA, supposed to be still alive, near the Sumera mountain.

देवाधीष्ट mfn. (-मः-दण्ड-मः) Sacred, dedicated to a deity. f. (-ता) Betel, (Piper betel.) न. देव, and अधीष्ट wished.  
 देवालय म. (-मः) A temple. न. देव, and आलय abode.  
 देवायुध न. (-यः) The rainbow. न. देव, and आयुध a weapon.  
 देवालय म. (-मः) 1. A division of heaven, the residence of the gods. 2. A temple. न. देव, and आलय an asylum.  
 देवाला f. (-ता) One of the female personifications of the modes of music. न. देव a deity, and वल adopted to, fem. affix टाप् । [for. देवादे मfn. (-मः-दण्ड-मः) Divine, worthy of the gods. न. देव, and वल fit देवावास म. (-मः) 1. A temple. 2. The holy fig tree. न. देव a deity, and आवास abode.  
 देवाच म. (-मः) The horse of INDRA. न. देव a deity, and चञ् a horse.  
 देविक mfn. (-मः-दण्ड-मः) Appertaining to or derived from a deity. न. देव, and दण्ड affix; also देविक and देविक ।  
 देविका f. (-ता) The name of a river, the Saraju or Deva. न. देवी, न. दण्ड affix, fem form.  
 देविक mfn. (-मः-दण्ड-मः) 1. Virtuous, pious, just. 2. Appertaining to a deity : see देविक. न. देव, and दण्ड Una'di aff.  
 देवी f. (-वी) See देव ।  
 देवीकोट म. (-मः) A town, the city of VA'VA, probably DAVIOTTA, on the Coromandel coast. न. देवी a name of DURGA, and कोट a house or abode.  
 देव म. (-मः) 1. A husband's brother, but especially his younger brother. 2. The husband of a woman perviously married. न. दिक् to play, Una'di affix चञ् ।  
 देवेय म. (-मः) A name of VRIHASPATI. न. देव a deity, and देय a teacher, the Guru or spiritual preceptor of the gods.  
 देवेष्ट mfn. (-मः-दण्ड-मः) Acceptable to the gods, wished for by them न. देव, and दण्ड wished.  
 देवीद्यान न. (-नः) A sacred grove, one near a temple or consecrated to a deity. न. देव a deity, and, द्याना a garden.  
 देव म. (-मः) 1. A country, a region, whether inhabited or uninhabited. 2. A part, a portion. 3. Institute, ordinance. न. दिक् to point, to show, affix चञ् ।  
 देवक mfn. (-मः-दण्ड-मः) Who or what shows, points out, describes, &c. म. (-मः) 1. A ruler, a governor. 2. A guide. 2. An instructor. न. दिक् to command, affix चञ् ।  
 देवकारो f. (-री) A mode of music, a Ragini.  
 देवकाकविद mfn. (-मः-दण्ड-मः) Knowing what is suited to time and place. न. देव, काल time, and विद who knows.  
 देवकालव्यवस्थित mfn. (-मः-दण्ड-मः) Regulated by time and place. न. देव, and काल time, व्यवस्थित determined.  
 देवदण्ड mfn. (-मः-दण्ड-मः) Considered locally, judged as to place, न. देव, and दण्ड seen.  
 देवदण्ड म. (-मः) Local law, the law of usage of the country, न. देव, and दण्ड moral merit.  
 देवदण्ड न. (-नः) Propriety, fitness. न. देव ordinance, दण्ड form, essence.  
 देवदण्डहार म. (-मः) Local usage, custom of the country. न. देव, and दण्ड practice.  
 देवदण्ड न. (-नः) 1. foreign country. 2. Longitude or difference of longitude. न. देव, and दण्ड different.  
 देवदण्ड mfn. (-मः-दण्ड-मः) Spying, searching out a land न. देव, and दण्ड who inspects.  
 देविक म. (-मः) 1. A traveller, a stranger, a so-journer. 2. A Guru or spiritual teacher. न. देव a country, &c. दण्ड aff.  
 देविक mfn. (-मः-दण्ड-मः) 1. Directed, commanded. 2. Shown. 3. Advised, instructed. न. दिक् to show, and दण्ड affix, with दण्ड inserted.  
 देविक mfn. (-मः-दण्ड-मः) 1. Of or belonging to a country. 2. Showing, instructing, guiding f. (-ता) The index or fore-finger. न. दिक् to show, affix चञ् or दण्ड, and दण्ड aff.

देव mfn. (-यः यः यः) 1. What is proper to be proved or ordered. 2. Local. 3. Present at any transaction, on the spot. n. (-यः) 1. The postulate, the statement or exhibition of a question or argument. 2. The fact or charge to be proved or substantiated. m. (-यः) An eyewitness of any thing, one who was on the spot. n. दिष् to show or command, affix यञ्; or देव, and यञ् aff.

देव mfn. (-यः यः यः) 1. Difficult of subjection, untamable, intractable, ungovernable. Liberal in giving, a donor. m. (-यः) A wash-  
-man. n. दा to give, &c. इणच् Unadi affix.

देव m. (-यः यः यः) The body. n. दिष् to collect together, affix यञ्.

देवकीय m. (-यः) 1. The skin. 2. A feather, a wing. n. देव body, and कीय a sheath or covering.

देवनय m. (-यः) Disease, sickness. n. देव the body, and नय a wasting.

देवयत्न mfn. (-तः ता तः) Separated or detached from the body, (as excrement or the spirit, &c.) n. देव, and यत्न fallen.

देवत्याग m. (-यः) 1. Voluntary death. 2. Death in general. n. देव, and त्याग leaving.

देवद m. (-यः) Quicksilver. n. देव, and द what gives.

देवधारक n. (-कः) A bone. n. देव the body, and धारक sustainer.

देवधि m. (-धिः) A wing. n. देव the body, धा to have, and धि aff.

देवधन् m. (-धन्) Air, wind. n. देव the body, धन् to pervade, धिप् aff.

देवधन् mfn. (-धन्) 1. Living-being. 2. Embodied, corporeal. m. (-धन्) Life, vitality. n. देव the body, धन् what has or supports.

देवयात्रा f. (-यात्रा) 1. Death. dying. 2. Food. n. देव the body, यात्रा proceeding, (to or by which.)

देवला f. (-ला) Spirituous liquor. n. देव the body, ला to seize, affix ल, and टाप्.

देवलि f. (-लि or ली) 1. The threshold of a door, the lower part of the wooden frame of a door, or a raised terrace in front of it. n. देव here said to imply plastering of cow-dung, &c. ला to have or get, affix लि or क, and डीप्.

देवसार m. (-रः) Marrow. n. देव, and सार essence.

देववत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वतः) Corporeal, inhabiting a body. n. देव, and वत् aff.

देववादिन m. (-दी) A Charvaka, a materialist. देव, and वादिन् the soul, and वादिन who maintains; asserting that the body and soul are one.

देववावरण m. (-णः) 1. Armour. 2. Dress. n. देव, and वावरण screening.

देविका f. (-का) A sort of insect, (a flea.) n. देव the body, affix इन्, and टाप्.

देविन् mfn. (-वि-विनी-वि) 1. Corporeal, embodied, having body. 2. Living, a living being. m. (-वि) The spirit. n. देव, and वि aff.

देव (प) देव r. 1st cl. (दायति, To purify or cleanse)

देवय m. (-यः) A demon, an Asura, the Titan or giant of Hindu mythology. n. दिति the mother of the gaut, and इन् affix of descent.

देव m. (-यः) A Ditya or demon; see the preceding. f. (-या) 1. A perfume, commonly Mara. 2. A drug; see चण्डा. 3. Spirituous liquor. 4. The wife of a demon. n. दिति, and य् aff.

देवग्रन् m. (-कः) A name of SUKRA, regent of Vena. n. देव, and ग्रन् a teacher; the spiritual preceptor of the Daityas, or Titans.

देवदेव m. (-यः) 1. A name of VARUNA, deity of the waters. 2. Air or wind personified. n. देव a demon, and देव a god.

देवपरीक्ष m. (-धा) A name of SUKRA. n. देव, and परीक्ष a family priest. see देवग्रन्.

देवपरीक्ष m. (-यः) A name of SUKRA, regent of Venus. n. देव, and परीक्ष a family priest.

देवमता (यः) A name of Diti, the mother of the Titanic race of Daityas. n. देव, and माता a mother.

देवमेदजा (यः) the earth. n. देव, मेद marrow, ज born.

देवयुग m. (-यः) An age of the demons, consisting of 12,000 divine

years, or the sum the four Yugs or ages of men. n. देव a den and युग an age.

देवारि m. (-रिः) 1. A name of VISHNU. 2. a deity in general. n. and वरि a foe; the enemy of the Daityas.

देवाहीराय m. (-यः) A day and night of demons, being a year of mort. n. देव a demon, अहन् a day, and रात्रि a night.

देव mfn. (-यः यी-यः) Diurnal, daily, relating to a day. n. (-यः) Poverty, wretchedness. n. दीन or दिन and यञ् aff.

देवदिन mfn. (-यः यी-यः) Diurnal, quotidian. n. दिनदिन day by day यञ्.

देवदिनप्रलय m. (-यः) Destruction of the world after fifteen years BRAMHA's age. n. देवदिन, and प्रलय destruction.

देनार mfn. (-रः यी-रः) Bought with a Dinar, of the value of one, &c. दीनार, and यञ् aff.

देनिक mfn. (-कः यी-कः) Diurnal, of or relating to a day. f. (-की) A day hire wages. n. दिन a day, affix इन्.

देव n. (-यः) 1. Meanness, covetousness. 2. Poverty, humbleness. n. a pauper, &c. यञ् aff.

देव mfn. (-यः यी-यः) Relating or belonging to a lamp. n. दीप, and यञ्.

देव्य n. (-य्यः) Length. n. दीर्घ long, यञ् aff.

देव mfn. (-यः यी-यः) Of or relating to divinity or a deity, divine, celestial &c. mn. (-यः यः) Destiny, fate, fortune. n. (-यः) 1. The part of hand sacred to the gods; the tips of the fingers, (some only the thumbs.) 2. One of the forms of marriage; the gift of daughter at a sacrifice to the officiating priest. f. (-यी) a divinatory medicine, the medical use of charms, &c. n. देव a deity, and यञ् affix of reference or relation.

देवकर्मन् n. (-कर्म) Burnt offering, oblations to the gods. n. देव, and कर्म.

देवकी f. (-की) The mother of KRISHNA. n. देवक father of the lady, &c. of descend यञ्, fem affix डीप्; see देवकी.

देवकीनन्दन m. (-नः) KRISHNA. n. देवकी as above, नन्दन a son; also देवकीनन्दन.

देवकीविद mfn. (-यः यी-यः) A conjuror or fortune-teller. n. देव fortune teller, कीविद skillful.

देवचिन्तक m. (-कः) A fatalist. n. देव, and चिन्तक who thinks of.

देवचिन्ता f. (-न्ता) Fatalism, reliance on fate. n. देव, and चिन्ता thinking also देवचिन्तनम्.

देवज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः यी-ज्ञः) Prophetic, fore-telling, acquainted with fate. n. (-ज्ञः) An astrologer. f. (-ज्ञा) A female fortune-teller. n. देव, and यञ् who knows.

देवत mfn. (-तः यी-तः) 1. Of or relating to a god. mn. (-तः यः) 1. A deity. 2. An idol. n. (-तः) A number of gods. n. देवता a deity, यञ् pleonastic dor referential affix.

देवदीप m. (-पः) 1. The eye. 2. A heavenly lamp. n. देव, and दीप a lamp.

देवदुर्विपाक m. (-कः) Hardness of fortune, unpropitiousness of fate. n. देव, and दुर्विपाक unfavourableness.

देवपर mfn. (-रः यी-रः) 1. Fated, willed, predestined. 2. Trusting to fate a fatalist. n. देव fate, &c. पर after, according to.

देवप्रश्न m. (-प्रश्नः) Astrology, fortune-telling. n. देव fate &c. प्रश्न asking.

देवयुग m. (-युगः) An age of the gods or immortals; see देवयुग.

देवयोग m. (-युगः) The occurrence of unforeseen event, the intervention of destiny. n. देव, and योग juncture.

देवयक m. (-कः) The servant or worshipper of an evil spirit.

देवयज्ञक m. (-कः) An astrologer, a fortune-teller. n. देव fate, यज्ञि write, यञ् aff.

देववाणी f. (-णी) A voice from heaven. n. देव and वाणी speech.

देवकारि m. (-रिः) 1. YAMA. 2. SATURN. f. (-री) YAMUNA. n. देवकारि the sun, and यञ् patron. aff.

देवान् ind. By chance, by accident, unavoidably, fatally. n. The 5th case of देव used as a participle.

देवानुरोचिन् mfn. (-धी-विनी-धि) Subject or obedient to the gods. n. देव divine (will), अनुरोचिन् assenting to.

प्रत्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Dependant upon destiny. ३. देव, and चावत् subject to  
 प्रत्य n. (-तः) The natural enmity between the gods and Asurs. ३. देव, and चावत्, with चक् added in this sense.  
 प्रतीति m. (-तः) A day of the gods, the human year : see देवादीराव ।  
 प्रतीति mfn. (-तः-की-तः) Of or relating to the gods, divine, deific, &c.  
 १. देव a deity, and ठक् aff.  
 प्रतीति f. (-ता) A woman married according to the Daiva ritual. ३. देव, and क्ता married.  
 प्रतीति mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Ill-fated, unfortunate, unlucky. ३. देव, and उपहत -struck by; also with क्त्, देवोपहतः ।  
 प्रतीति (-तः) (Gate, fortune. ३. देव a deity and यक् affix : see देव ।  
 प्रतीति mfn. (-तः-की-तः) Provincial, national, belonging to a country, produced in it, &c देव, and ठक् aff.  
 प्रतीति m. (-तः-का-तः) Fated, predestined. m. (-तः) A predestinarian, fatalist. ३. दिष्ट fate, affix ठक् ।  
 प्रतीति f. (-ता) Fatalism, predestinarianism. ३. तक् added to दिष्टिक ; with त्, दिष्टिकत्वम् ।  
 प्रतीति mfn. (-तः-की-तः) Corporeal, bodily. ३. देह भवः तस्य इदं वा ठक् ।  
 प्रतीति f. (-ता) To cut, to divide : चक् is usually prefixed.  
 प्रतीति (-तः) A bull.  
 प्रतीति n. (-तः) The shoulder. ३. दोस्, and शिखर crest.  
 प्रतीति m. (-तः) The name of a king, also called KA'RTA-VIRYA. ३. दोस् an arm, सहस्र a thousand, and भृत् possessing : having a thousand arms.  
 प्रतीति m. (-तः-भृ-तः) 1. A milker, who or what milks. 2. What yields milk. m. (-तः) 1. A poet, a panegyrist, one who writes verses for hire or reward. 2. A calf. 3. A cowherd. f. (-तः) A cow ३. दुह् to milk, ठक् aff.  
 प्रतीति mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Swinging or being swung repeatedly or violently ३. दुह् to swing, intens. form, शानच् aff.  
 प्रतीति m. (-तः) A calf. ३. दुह् to milk, चक् affix, deriv. irr.  
 प्रतीति m. (-तः) A form of metre.  
 प्रतीति mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Shaking or trembling violently ३. भू to shake, intens. form, शानच् aff.  
 प्रतीति m. (-तः-रिका) A string for fastening the wires of a rute.  
 प्रतीति m. (-तः-कु-तः) Crooked-armed, having a cripple or crooked arm. ३. दोस् an arm, and गङ् a cripple.  
 प्रतीति m. (-तः-ह-तः) Strong, powerful. m. (-तः) Pain in the arm. ३. दोस् an arm, and गङ् who takes or uses.  
 प्रतीति m. (-तः) The arm. ३. दोस्, and दण्ड a stick.  
 प्रतीति n. (-तः) The middle of the arm. ३. दास् the arm, and मध्य the centre.  
 प्रतीति n. (-तः) The armpit. ३. दोस् the arm, and मूल the root.  
 प्रतीति m. (-तः) 1. Swinging. 2. A festival on the 14th of Phalgun, the swinging of the juvenile KRISHNA. m. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. A litter, a swinging cot, a dooly. 2. A swing. f. (-ता) The indigo plant. ३. दुह् to throw up or toss, to swing, affix चक् ; fem. affix टाप् or डीप् ।  
 प्रतीति mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Swinging, being swung. 2. Doubting, perplexed, vacillating. ३. दुह् to swing, causal form, शानच् aff.  
 प्रतीति f. (-ता) A swing. ३. क्त् added to दीलो ।  
 प्रतीति m. (-तः) 1. Fault, defect, blemish. 2. Sin, offence, transgression. 3. Disorder of the humours of the body, or defect in the functions of bile, circulation, or wind. 4. A calf. ३. दुह् to be defective, affix चक् ।  
 प्रतीति m. (-तः) A calf. ३. क्त् added to दीर्घ ।  
 प्रतीति m. (-तः) Reprehending, condemning. ३. दीर्घ, and क्त् attributing.  
 प्रतीति mfn. (-तः-दी-दी-दी) Malicious, malignant, censorious. ३. दीर्घ a fault, गङ् to take, affix चिन् ।

दीर्घ mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Knowing faults, &c. m. (-तः) 1. A Pandit, a teacher, a sage. 2. A physician. ३. दीर्घ fault, defect, and च who knows.  
 दीर्घ n. (-तः) 1. Vitiation of the three humours, bile, wind, and phlegm. 2. Any combination of three defects. ३. दीर्घ, and त्रय triad.  
 दीर्घमसङ्ग m. (-तः) Censure, condemnation. ३. दीर्घ, and प्रसङ्ग attribution.  
 दीर्घमाङ्ग mfn. (-तः-भा-तः) Wrong, faulty, doing wrong, being defective or to blame. ३. दीर्घ, and माङ्, who or what shares.  
 दीर्घमत् mfn. (-तः-भा-वती-वत्) 1. Faulty, defective. 2. wicked. ३. दीर्घ, and मत् aff.  
 दीर्घ f. (-ता) 1. Night. 2. The arm. ind. (-ता) 1. Brought, at night. 2. At the beginning of the night. ३. दम् to tame, डीस् affix, and टाप् added.  
 दीर्घाकर mfn. (-तः-रा-रः) Defective, faulty. m. (-तः) The moon. ३. दीर्घा night, and कर a ray, or दीर्घा and चाकर a mine.  
 दीर्घातन mfn. (-तः-नी-तः) Nocturnal, by night. ३. दीर्घा by night, य् aff.  
 दीर्घातिलक m. (-तः) A lamp. ३. दीर्घ night, and तिलक excellence.  
 दीर्घास्त्र m. (-तः) A lamp ३. दीर्घ night, and चास्त्र a face.  
 दीर्घिक mfn. (-तः-की-तः) Faulty, defective, bad. m. (-तः) Sicknes-, disease. ३. दीर्घ defect, ठक् aff.  
 दीर्घिन् mfn. (-तः-दी-दी-दी) 1. Faulty, defective. 2. Wicked, bad. ३. दम् to be defective, affix चिन् ।  
 दीर्घिकदृष्ट mfn. (-तः-दृ-तः) Malevolent, censorious, discovering defects only. ३. दीर्घ a fault, एक one, alone, and दृष् seeing  
 दीर्घ m. (-तः) 1. The arm. 2. The side of a triangle, or square, &c ३. दम् to subdue, affix डीम् ।  
 दीर्घ mfn. (-तः-का-का-तः) Worn, &c. on the arms. ३. दीर्घ the arm, क्त् aff.  
 दीर्घ mfn. (-तः-का-का-तः) Placed on the arm. m. (-तः) 1. Play, sport. 2. player, one who sports or plays. 3. Service. 4. A servant. ३. दु, bad, स्था to stay, ड affix दुस्, चक् added.  
 दीर्घ m. (-तः) 1. A milk-pail. 2. Milk. 3. Milking. 4. Satisfaction, success. ३. दुह् to milk, &c. affix चक् ।  
 दीर्घ n. (-तः) Milk. ३. दीर्घ milking, and च produced.  
 दीर्घिका f. (-ता) The Prakrit metre, commonly Doha : a stanza of four lines, containing thirteen and eleven syllabic instants alternately.  
 दीर्घ n. (-तः) 1. Wish, desire. 2. The longing of a pregnant woman, especially as a sign of impregnation. ३. दीर्घ here said to mean satisfaction, and द what gives.  
 दीर्घदलन n. (-तः) 1. The fetus, the embryo, sometimes confounded with womb. 1. The period of passing from one season of life to another, as from childhood to youth from youth to manhood. ३. दीर्घ longing, and दलन a sign.  
 दीर्घदवती f. (-ता) A pregnant woman longing for any thing ३. दीर्घ as above, and मत् aff.  
 दीर्घदालिता f. (-ता) A pregnant woman longing for any thing. ३. दीर्घ as above, and चालित attached or become inherent.  
 दीर्घ n. (-तः-नी) A milk vessel, a milkpail. n. (-तः) Milking. ३. दुह् to milk, affix छट् ।  
 दीर्घ m. (-तः) 1. Wish, desire. 2. Longing. f. (-ता) The Asoka tree. ३. दीर्घ satisfaction, and ल what gets : see दीर्घ ।  
 दीर्घदवती f. (-ता) A pregnant woman longing for any thing : see दीर्घदवती ।  
 दीर्घापनय m. (-तः) Milk. ३. दीर्घ milking, चप् below, जी to bring, affix चप् ।  
 दीर्घिन् mfn. (-तः-दी-दी-दी) Milking, a milker. ३. दुह् to milk, चिन् aff.  
 दीर्घीयस् mfn. (-तः-या-यसी-यः) Yielding a great abundance of milk. ३. दीर्घ milk, ईयस् aff.  
 दीर्घ mfn. (-तः-का-का-तः) To be milked, milkable. ३. दुह् to milk, चक् affix, also दुह् ।  
 दीर्घाधिक m. (-तः) 1. A sort of head borough or beadle, the superin-

tendent of a village 2. A door keeper, a warder, a porter. इ. दुर् bad, difficult, साध् to accomplish, affix ठक् ।  
 दीकन mfn. (लः ली-न्) Covered with silk, (a car, &c.) इ. दुक्ल wove silk, affix चक् ।  
 दीव m. (न्वः) An embassy or message. इ. दूत a messenger, affix यञ् : see दूत ।  
 दीव्या n. (न्वः) Wickedness, depravity. इ. दुरात्तन् wicked, यञ् aff. दीर्घम् n. (न्वः) Factor, bad smell. इ. दुर्गन्ध ill smelling, and यञ् aff. दीर्घम् n. (न्वः) Difficulty, Inaccessibility. इ. दुर्गम् and यञ् aff. दीर्घम् n. (न्वः) Wickedness, depravity, violence. इ. दुर्जन and यञ् aff. दीर्घम् n. (न्वः) Weakness, debility. इ. दुर्बल and यञ् aff. दीर्घम् m. (न्वः) The son of a woman disliked by her husband. f. (न्वः) The daughter of such a woman. इ. दुर्भगा such a woman, ठक् affix and दुर्भगा augment.  
 दीर्घम् n. (न्वः) Ill-luck, misfortune इ. दुर् bad, भाग portion, यञ् aff. दीर्घम् n. (न्वः) 1. Evil disposition or thought. 2. Despair. 3. Affliction, distress. इ. दुर्भगम् and यञ् aff.  
 दीर्घम् n. (न्वः) 1. The sap or juice of bent grass. 2. A clean leaf. इ. दूर्वा bent grass, and यञ् aff.  
 दीर्घम् n. (न्वः) Wish, desire, but especially the longing of pregnant women. इ. दुर् painful, हृद to heart, affix चक् ।  
 दीर्घम् m. (न्वः) A turtle or tortoise इ. दूर्वा a female tortoise, affix ठक् ।  
 दीर्घम् m. (न्वः) A name of INDRA.  
 दीर्घम् m. (न्वः) A warder, a porter. इ. दुर् bad, वार impediment, and ठक् aff.  
 दीर्घम् n. (न्वः) Paraphimosis, circumcision. इ. दुर्धम् and यञ् aff.  
 दीर्घम् mfn. (न्वः) Sprung of a bad or low family or race. इ. दुर्धम् of a bad race, affix ठक् also दुर्धम् लीन.  
 दीर्घम् n. (न्वः) Badness, wickedness. इ. दुष्ट and यञ् aff.  
 दीर्घम् m. (न्वः) A name of BHARAT, the first sole monarch of India. इ. दुष्मन् DUSHMANTA, husband of SAKUNTALA, and father to BHARAT, इ. दुष्मन् affix of descent; it is perhaps preferably read दीर्घम् from दुष्मन्.  
 दीर्घम् m. (न्वः) A daughter's son f. (न्वः) A daughter's daughter. इ. दुहित् a daughter, affix यञ् ।  
 द्यावापृथिवी f. always dual (न्वः) Heaven and earth. इ. द्यौ heaven, पृथिवी the earth, form irr.; also similar compounds, as द्यावापृथिवी, द्यावापृथिवी, &c.  
 द्यावापृथिवी f. always dual. (न्वः) Heaven and earth. इ. द्यौ heaven, and पृथिवी the earth; see the preceding.  
 द्यावापृथिवी f. always dual. (न्वः) Heaven and earth. इ. द्यौ, and पृथिवी the earth; see the two words preceding.  
 द्यु 1. 2nd cl. (द्यौति) 1. To advance towards or against, to assail. 2. To advance before or in front of, to approach.  
 द्यु m. (द्यौ) A name of AGNI or fire n. (द्यौ) 1. A day. 2. Heaven, sky, rather 3. Heaven, paradise. इ. द्यु to go to or towards, affix क्तिप् ।  
 द्युक् m. (द्यौ) An owl.  
 द्युकारि m. (द्यौ) A crow.  
 द्युग m. (द्यौ) A bird. इ. द्यु, and ग who goes  
 द्युग m. (द्यौ) A given term of days, as a month, &c. इ. द्यु, and ग य number  
 द्युग 1st cl. (द्यौति) To shine.  
 द्युग m. (द्यौ) A ray of light. इ. द्युत् to shine, affix क्तिप्.  
 द्युगि (-द्यौ) 1. Light 2. Beauty or splendour. 3. A ray of light. 4. Stimulating, exciting. इ. द्युत् to shine, affix क्ति.  
 द्युगि mfn. (द्यौ-दी-न्) 1. Shining, bright. 2. Handsome m. (द्यौ) The polar star or in mythology, the divine sage D'HAIVA. इ. द्युति light, and कर who makes.  
 द्युगि mfn. (द्यौ-का-न्) Enlightened, illuminated, &c. इ. द्युत् to shine, affix क्ति, also with the vowel changed द्यौति ।

द्युगि mfn. (द्यौ-का-न्) Resplendent, bright. इ. द्युति, and कर द्युगि f. (द्यौ) A plant, (Hemionites cordifolia.) इ. द्युति beauty, सा to possess, affixे ड and टाप् ।  
 द्युगि m. (द्यौ) 1. Heavenly abode, heaven. 2. A deity. इ. द्यु, निवास abiding.  
 द्युगि m. (द्यौ) 1. A deity. 2. A pious person. इ. द्यु, and नि who abides.  
 द्युगि n. (द्यौ) Day and night. इ. द्यु a day, निरा night.  
 द्युगि m. (द्यौ) 1. The sun. 2. A name of INDRA. इ. द्यु a da paradise, and द्युति ruler.  
 द्युगि m. (द्यौ) The sun. इ. द्यु a day, and द्युति a gem.  
 द्युगि f. (द्यौ) The daughter of VISWAKARMA, and wife of the sun इ. द्यु a day, and द्युत् affix of identity.  
 द्युग n. (द्यौ) 1. Wealth, property, substance. 2. Strength, power इ. द्यु, सा to remember or regard, affix क्ति ।  
 द्युग m. (द्यौ) 1. The sun. 2. Heaven. इ. द्यु, to go (through heavens,) Unadi affix क्तिप्.  
 द्युग m. (द्यौ or द्युत्) 1. A god, a deity. 2. A planet इ. द्यु, heaven, to go, affix क्तिप्; it is also written द्युगद.  
 द्युग m. (द्यौ) (Gaming, playing with dice, or any thing not posing ing life. इ. द्यु, to play, क्ति aff.  
 द्युग m. (द्यौ) A gambler. इ. द्युत and कर who practises.  
 द्युग m. (द्यौ) 1. The keeper of a gaming house. 2. A gambler, द्युग gaming, and कर who practises, also with क्तिप् adds द्युतकारक.  
 द्युग m. (द्यौ) A gambler. इ. द्युत, and कर who practises; see it last.  
 द्युगि f. (द्यौ) The day of full moon in the month KARTI (October-November,) the night of which is spent in gaming, chance, in honour of the goddess of fortune, LAKSHMI. इ. द्युग gaming, and द्युगि day of full moon; also with यञ् pleonast affix added, and द्यौ fem. affix द्युगि, f. (द्यौ).  
 द्युगि f. (द्यौ) The first day of the moon's increase in KARTI when BHAT is to be venerated. इ. द्युत, and द्युगि the first lunar day.  
 द्युगि n. (द्यौ) A Couri, a small shell used as a coin in most parts of India. इ. द्युत, gaming, and द्यौ seed.  
 द्युगि m. (द्यौ) A gambler. इ. द्युत इ. द्युति, subsistence.  
 द्युगि f. (द्यौ) A gaming house or assembly. इ. द्युत and द्युगि assembly.  
 द्युगि m. (द्यौ) The keeper of a gaming house इ. द्युत, and द्युगि who superintends.  
 द्युग mfn. (द्यौ-का-न्) Playing, sportive. n. (द्यौ) The seventh sign of the zodiac, reckoning from that which the sun enters इ. द्यु, to play, &c. affix क्ति.  
 द्यौ 1st cl. (द्यौति) To despise, to reprove, to treat or name with contempt.  
 द्यौ ind. Fie, for shame. इ. द्यौ, and क्तिप् aff.  
 द्यौ f. (द्यौ) 1. Heaven, paradise. 2. Heaven, sky. इ. द्यु, to sport, Unadi affix डी वाचारे; where the gods, &c. sport. द्यौतन् दीवा यव ।  
 द्यौ m. (द्यौ) Sun-shine, light, lustre, heat. इ. द्युत् to shine, भावे यञ् aff.  
 द्यौ mfn. (द्यौ-का-न्) Bright, shining. n. (द्यौ) 1. Sight, seeing. 2. Making manifest. 3. Illumination. 4. An illumination. m. (द्यौ) A lamp. इ. द्युत् to shine, affix भावे क्ति or दीवा यव ।  
 द्यौ mfn. (द्यौ-का-न्) Shining, bright, radiant. इ. द्युत् to shine, भावे यञ् aff.  
 द्यौ mfn. (द्यौ-का-न्) Enlightening, irradiating. इ. द्युत् to shine, causal v. यञ् aff.  
 द्यौ mfn. (द्यौ-का-न्) 1. Enlightened, &c. 2. Shining. इ. द्युत् to light, affix क्ति ।  
 द्यौ mfn. (द्यौ-का-न्) Resplendent. इ. द्यौति, and द्युगि splendor.





mountain. m. (-ts) The name of a river. f. (-ss). 1. The plant. 2. The union of two mountains; the valley or chasm between them. 3. A mountain range.

probably described above. 1. A measure of capacity equal to 136 Seers. 2. *to*, *to*, or *to* Unā'di affix, and *लो* added to either form.

डाँड m. (-कः) A raven. 2. *ही* the same, and *का* a crow.

डाँडक m. (-कः) A raven. 2. *ही* as above, *का* here said to mean a crow, from *का* imitative sound, *का*, and *का* who utters.

दोरा f. (-रा) A cow that yields a Dro'na' of milk. 2. *ही* the measure so called, and *दोरा* milk; also other analogous compounds, ut *infra*.

दोरा f. (-का) A plant: see *रा*.

दोरा f. (-रा) A cow that yields a Dro'na' of milk. 2. *ही* the measure, *दु* to milk, deriv. irr. {milk.

दोरा f. (-रा) A cow that yields a Dro'na' of milk. 2. *ही*, and *दु* to milk, deriv. irr. {milk.

दोरा f. (-रा) See the last. 2. *ही*, and *दु* to milk, affix *क*, and *च* changed to *च*.

दोरा f. (-रा) A plant, known commonly by the same name; also *दोरा* the measure, and *दु* a flower.

दोरा f. (-रा) A cow yielding a Dro'na' of milk. 2. *ही*, and *दु* a measure: see *ही*.

दोरा m. (-कः) The capital of a district, the chief of four hundred villages.

दोरा mfn. (-कः-कः) Liberal in entertaining, one who cooks a Dro'na'. 2. *ही*, and *क* to cook, *क* aff.

दोरा m. (-कः) A proper name; Drona, the son of BHARADWAJA, and the Acha'rya or teacher of the Pa'ndava princes. 2. *ही* as above, and *का* a preceptor; also with *क* added *दोरा*.

दोरा f. (-का) The indigo plant. 2. *ही* the same, and *क* added.

दोरा m. (-कः) A flower, (Pandanus odoratissimus.) 2. *ही* a water vessel, and *द* a leaf, the leaves being boat-shaped.

दोरा m. (-कः) The principal of four hundred villages: see *ही*.

दोरा m. (-कः) 1. Mischief, malice, trespass, injury. 2. Offence, wrong. 3. Rebellion. 2. *ही* to hurt or injure, affix *का* and *क*.

दोरा m. (-कः) Injurious design, malice premeditated; the wish, thought, or attempt to injure. 2. *ही* as above, and *क* thinking, meditating.

दोरा m. (-कः) 1. A hunter, a deer-killer. 2. A sort of metre the Doha or stanza of Hindi' poetry. 3. A religious impostor, a tartuffe, a hypocrite. 2. *ही* injury, mischief, and *क* who goes or is. *दोरा* *क* *क*.

दोरा mfn. (-कः-कः) 1. Hurting, harming, endeavouring to hurt, malignant, unalicious. 2. Rebellious. 2. *ही* to seek to hurt, *क* aff.

दोरा m. (-कः) A name of ASWATT'HA'MA', son of Dro'na. 2. *ही* as above, and *क* affix; also with *क* affix. *दोरा*, *क* affix *ही*.

दोरा m. (-कः-कः) Sown with a Dro'na' of grain, (fields, &c.)

दोरा f. (-का) A vessel holding a Dro'na' by measure. 2. *ही* the measure, *क* or *क* affix; also with *क* and *क* affixes in the last sense *दोरा*.

दोरा f. (-का) A proper name. DRAUPADI, the daughter of DRAUPADA, king of Panchala, and the common wife of the five Pa'ndava princes. 2. *ही* the father of this lady, and *क* and *क* affixes.

दोरा m. (-कः) A clock or plate on which hours are struck. 2. (-कः) A pair, a couple, (male and female especially); see the next.

दोरा m. (-कः) 1. A pair, a couple. 2. A couple of animals, or male and female. 3. Union of the sexes or coupling. 4. Strife, dispute. 5. A secret. m. (-कः) 1. A form of combination consisting of two or more words in the same case, properly separated by a conjunction, as *राज* and *राज*, and *राज* and *राज*.

दोरा m. (-कः) 1. A sign of the zodiac (Gemini). 2. A species of disease, a

complication of two disorders, or compound affection of two humours. 2. *ही* two, reduplicate, deriv. irr.

दोरा m. (-कः) The ruddy goose. 2. *ही* a couple, and *क* who goes; flying in couples.

दोरा m. (-कः) The ruddy goose. 2. *ही*, and *क* to go, affix *क*; see the last.

दोरा mfn. (-कः-कः) 1. Produced or proceeding from morbid affection of two humours. 2. Proceeding from a pair, &c. 2. *ही*, and *क* born.

दोरा m. (-कः) Pain arising from alternation, as a heat or cold, pleasure or pain, &c. 2. *ही*, and *क* pain.

दोरा m. (-कः) Separation of the sexes. 2. *ही*, and *क* broken.

दोरा m. (-कः) Single combat. 2. *ही*, and *क* war. *दोरा* *क*.

दोरा mfn. (-कः-कः) Free from worldly affections. 2. *ही* alternation (of pain and pleasure, &c.) and *क* passed.

दोरा m. (-कः-कः) A pair, a couple, two, chiefly used in composition, as *दोरा* two men. 2. *ही* two, *क* aff.

दोरा m. (-कः) A plant, (Plumbago zeylanica.)

दोरा m. (-कः) A saint, a holy or virtuous man. 2. *ही* a pair, the two bad qualities, passion and ignorance, *क* beyond, and *क* who goes.

दोरा m. (-कः) 1. A warder, a porter. 2. Nandi, one of Siva's door-keepers. 2. *ही* a door, and *क* who stays; also *दोरा*.

दोरा m. (-कः) A door-keeper, a warder. 2. *ही* a door, and *क* staying; also *दोरा*.

दोरा m. (-कः) A warder, a porter, a chamberlain. 2. *ही* a door, *क* staying, and *क* who shows, who introduces to the prince or great man to whom the mansion belongs; also *दोरा*, and *क* severally; also *दोरा* m. (-कः).

दोरा m. (-कः) A book or composition. 2. *ही* *क* thirty-two, *क* a letter, a consonant, *क* affix; formed of thirty-two letters.

दोरा m. (-कः-कः) Having thirty-two auspicious marks, illustrious, great. 2. *ही* *क* thirty-two, *क* a mark, *क* possessed, *क* endowed with.

दोरा m. (-कः-कः) Twelfth. 2. (-कः) The twelfth day of the half month. 2. *ही* *क* and *क* aff.

दोरा mfn. (-कः-कः) Consisting of twelve, amounting to twelve, &c. 2. *क* added to the last.

दोरा m. (-कः) 1. A name of VISHNUPATI. 2. A name of KA'RTIKEYA. 2. *ही* twelve, and *क* a hand or ray.

दोरा mfn. plu. (-कः) Twelve. 2. *ही* for *ही* two, and *क* ten.

दोरा m. (-कः) A particular religious observance. 2. *ही*, and *क* leaf or part, *क* added.

दोरा m. (-कः) The god KA'RTIKEYA. 2. *ही* twelve, and *क* an eye; the twelve-eyed, or six-headed deity.

दोरा m. (-कः) The deity VISHNUPATI, or planet Jupiter, over which he presides. 2. *ही* twelve, and *क* a ray.

दोरा m. (-कः) 1. The god KA'RTIKEYA. 2. The deity or sage Budd'ha. 2. *ही* twelve, and *क* an eye; the word is sometimes read in the second sense, *दोरा* m. (-कः) the twelve named.

दोरा m. (-कः) A prayer of twelve syllables, especially as addressed to VISHNU, or OM, BHAGAVAT, VASUDEVAYA, RA'MAYA. 2. *ही*, *क* a letter, and *क* formula.

दोरा m. (-कः) A measure of twelve fingers. 2. *ही*, and *क* a finger.

दोरा m. (-कः) The sun. 2. *ही* twelve, and *क* identity; being represented in and identified with the twelve Adityas, or the sun in each month of the year; also *दोरा*.

दोरा m. (-कः) A dog. 2. *ही* twelve, (years) and *क* life.

दोरा m. (-कः) VISHNUPATI, regent of Jupiter, and preceptor of the gods. 2. *ही* twelve, and *क* a ray of light.

मूल १. (वि.) १. A Brahman. 2. A man of either of the two classes. 3. Any oriparous animal, as a bull or mare. ४. Two sons birth. ५. With and with.

मनुकीय n. (-न) The regular order or series of the three first classes. E. दिज्, and मनुकीय with the hair.

मनुकी f. (-नी) The characteristic thread or cord which designates the three first classes of the Hindus. E. दिज् twice-born, कट् affix, fem. affix डीप्। दिज्: चयते त्रयते चयया। यज्ञोपवीते।

मनुक m. (-न) 1. The hollow of a tree. 2. The residence of Brahmanas. E. दिज् a bird, or a Brahman, and मनुक an asylum.

मनुक (mfn.) (-न-वा-व) Double-tongued, (literally or figuratively.) m. (-न) 1. A snake. 2. An informer. 3. A rogue, a scoundrel, a bad man. 4. A thief. E. दि two, जिह्वा the tongue. हे जिह्वे यस्य।

मनुकता f. (-ता) Insincerity, dishonesty. E. तत् added to the last.

मनुक m. (-न) 1. A Brahman. 2. A superior or excellent Brahman. E. दिज् the twice-born, (three first classes,) and उत्तम best.

मनु f. (-या) The sine or chord of an arc. E. दि, and मनु sine.

मनुम m. (-न) A horizontal line. E. दिज्, and मनुम road.

मनुष्य f. (-या) Treachery. E. दिष् a foe, सेवा service.

मनुष्य n. (-नी) A traitor. E. दिट् an enemy, and सेविन् who serves.

मनु m. (-न) Swa'ha, the expression used with an oblation to fire. वी उकारो लेखनाकारे यस्य। विसर्गे स्वाहायाम्। उकारपदे।

मनु n. (-य) A couple, a pair, two. E. दि two, तयप् aff.

मनु mfn. (-य-या-य) 1. Second. 2. Two. m. (-य) A son, a second or successor. f. (-या) 1. A wife, according to the ritual, a woman wedded after the ceremony prescribed by the Vedas, a second self as it were. 2. The second day of the fortnight. E. दि two, and मनु affix, fem. affix टाप्; also with कन् added, द्वितीयक।

मनुयत् n. (-न) The circumstance or state of second. E. द्वितीय, and ल affix; also with तल्, द्वितीयता।

मनुयत्तक f. (-का) A set of three fruits, the grape, the date, and the Ga'mbha'ri. E. द्वितीय second, विकल् three fruits.

मनुयत्तक mfn. (-त-ता-त) Twice ploughed, &c. (a field) E. द्वितीय a second time, and चालत् made.

मनुयत्तक f. (-मा) A scitamineous plant, (Curcuma zanthorrhiza) E. द्वितीय second, चामा lustre.

मनुयत्तक mfn. (-क-का-क) Second. E. द्वितीय, and ईकल् pleonasm added.

मनु mfn. plu. always (-न-ना-नावि) Two or three. E. दि two and न for दि three.

मनु mfn. (-न-दन्-दन्) Two-toothed. E. दि two, दन् for दन् a tooth; in marking age or period the compound is दिदन्.

मनु mfn. (-न-नी-न) Old enough to have two teeth, &c. E. दि, and दन् a tooth, see the last.

मनु ind. Single stick, quarter staff, as दिदन् प्रहरन् fighting with two sticks. E. दि, दन् a staff, दन् affix; also similar compounds, as दिदन्, &c.

मनु m. plu. (-नाः) Twenty, two tens. E. दि, and दन् ten.

मनु f. (-नी) A cow tied with two ropés. E. दि, and दान् a rope.

मनु m. (-य) A name of GANE'SA. E. दि two, and दिष् a body; having the head of an elephant, with the figure of a man. दान् दिदोऽयम्।

मनु f. (-ना) The constellation Visa'k'ha'. E. दि two, देवता a deity, and कप् affix; INDRA and AGNI jointly presiding over the asterism.

मनु ind. Of two kinds, in two ways. E. दि two, वा aff.

मनुक n. (-न) Dividing into two parts, arranging in two ways, &c. E. दिधा, and करक making.

मनुक m. (-ति) A crocodile. E. दिधा of two sorts, गति going; amphibious.

मनुक mfn. (-नु-नु-नु) Having two natures, two roots, &c. m. (-नु) A name of GANE'SA. E. दि two or double, चानु nature: see दिदन्। वी चानु दन्। चानुदन्ति काकरैमादी, नवेने च।

मनुक n. (-न) A nutmeg. E. दिधा two sorts, and चानु being.

मनुक mfn. (-न-ना-न) To be written in two ways. m. (-न) The

marshy date tree. E. दिधा, and लेख to be written or described.

मनुक लेखनीये दिनालङ्के च।

मनुक m. (-न) A circumcised man, one having no prepuce. E. दि two, ननु naked, कन् added; exposed either by want of clothes or skin.

मनुक mfn. (-न-ना-न) Bought, &c. with two Nishkas. E. दि, and ननु a measure of value; also दिनेषिक mfn. (-न-नी-न)

मनु m. (-य) 1. An elephant. 2. A plant, (Mesua ferrea.) E. दि two, and य who drinks, the elephant imbibing fluids by his trunk, and thence conveying them into his mouth. दान् मुखयन्ताम् दिपति पा-क।

मनु n. (-य) A place where two roads meet. E. दि two, पयिन् a road.

मनु mfn. (-द-दा-द) 1. Two-footed. 2. Having two parts. 3. Binomial. m. (-द) A biped, including four genera, gods, domons, men, and birds. E. दि, and पद for पाद a foot.

मनुदरादि f. (-दि) Either of the signs, Gemini, Libra, Aquarius, Virgo, and half of Sagittarius. E. मनुद, and रादि a sign.

मनुद m. (-द) The elephant's temporal juice. E. दिप, and ननु the exudation.

मनुद mfn. (-न-नी-न) Two leaved, opposite-leaved. E. दि, and पद a leaf.

मनुक n. (-न) The having of two feet, two parts, &c. E. दिपाद, and ल affix; also with तल्, दिपाता.

मनुक mfn. (-पाद-पदी-पद्) Biped, two-footed. E. दि two, and पाद for पाद a foot.

मनुक mfn. (-य-या-य) Bought, &c. with two quarters. n. (-य) A double penalty, an amercement of twice the common amount. E. दि two, पाद a division, and यत् aff.

मनुक m. (-नी) An elephant. E. दि two, and पायिन् who drinks: see दिप

मनु m. (-द) A proper name; also VASUDEVA. ननुदन्ते राजनेह।

मनुक mfn. (-न-नी-न) Bought, &c. with two Karshas. E. दि, प्रति for काचापय, and डन् added.

मनुक mfn. (-न-नी-न) Two armed. E. दि, and वाङ् an arm.

मनुक mfn. (-न-जा-ज) 1. Two armed. 2. An angle or the lines which form it. E. दि two, and मुज an arm.

मनुक mfn. (-य-यी-य) Made or consisting of two, (parts of any thing.) E. दि, and ननुट् aff.

मनुक mfn. (-ज-जा-ज) Having two mothers, born in two ways; it may be said of some of the deities, thus GANE'SA was the son of PA'RVATI, but not born in the usual way, being made of the scur of her body; see हेमातुर. E. दि two, माद a mother, and ज born. दान् मादन्तां जायते जन-ज।

मनुक m. (-न) A serpent. f. (-ना) 1. A small water jar. 2. A leech. E. दि, and मुख mouth; double-headed.

मनुक m. (-दि) A sort of serpent, (Amphisbœna.) E. दि two, मुख face, चदि a snake; the double-headed snake.

मनुक m. (-न) A sort of snake: see the last. E. दिदन् as above, and उरन a snake.

मनुक mfn. (-दी-दी-दी) Two-headed. E. दि two, मूर्धन् the fore-head, and यत् aff.

मनु m. (-र) A bee: see दिरेक.

मनु m. (-द) An elephant. E. दि two, and रद a tooth, having tusks and teeth.

मनुक m. (-न) A lion. E. मनुक, and चानुक destroyer.

मनुक n. (-न) Eating twice a day. E. दि, and चानु eating.

मनुक m. (-न) A snake in general. E. दि two, रदना the tongue; double or forked-tongued.

मनुक n. (-न) A period of two nights. E. दि, and राय for रादि night.

द्विप m. (-पः) An elephant. E. द्वि for द्वि two, पाङ्ग prefixed to पा to drink, affix ड्; drinking with the trunk and mouth : see द्विप ।  
 द्विक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Repeated, said twice. 2. Said or told in two ways. E. द्वि, and क्त said.  
 द्विक्रि f. (-क्रिः) 1. Tautology, repetition. 2. Variety of narration, telling any thing in two ways. 3. (In Grammar,) Repetition of a syllable. E. द्वि, and क्त saying.  
 द्विद्व f. (-द्वः) A woman who has been twice married. E. द्वि two, द्वि a married woman  
 द्विप mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) 1. Of two forms, having a different shape. 2. Spelled or written in two ways. m. (-पः) 1. A word that may be correctly spelled in two ways. 2. Variety of interpretation or reading. E. द्वि, and रूप form.  
 द्विक m. (-कः) A large black bee. E. द्वि two, द्वे the letter र; having two rs, in the most common name, ब्रह्म, Bhramara.  
 द्विक m. (-कः) A flight or swarm of bees. E. द्विक, and द्वि a number.  
 द्विव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Two years old, &c. f. (-वाँ) A cow two years old. E. द्वि two, वर्ष a year.  
 द्विविका f. (-का) A cow two years old. E. द्विवर्ष, and क्त added.  
 द्विवर्ष mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Two years old, two years standing, &c. E. द्वि two, वर्ष a year, क्त affix; also with क्त affix द्विवर्षिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) when futurity is implied, the first vowel is usually changed, as द्विवर्षिक.  
 द्विविका f. (-का) A swing, a swinging cot, a litter. E. द्वि two, वाह to bear, affix क्त; born usually by two men.  
 द्विविद m. (-दः) The name of monkey, slain by RA'MA or VISHNU' in that incarnation.  
 द्विविद्वि m. (-द्विः) VISHNU'. E. द्विविद्वि as above, चरि the foe.  
 द्विविध mfn. (-धः-धा-धं) Of two kinds, in two ways. E. द्वि, and विध sort.  
 द्विवेष्टा f. (-ष्टा) A kind of carriage.  
 द्विवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) Any cloven-footed animal. E. द्वि and वृक्ष a hoof.  
 द्विवृक्ष ind. Two, respectively. E. द्वि two, and वृक्ष aff.  
 द्विवीर्य m. (-वीर्यः) A name of Agni. E. द्वि two, वीर्य a head, and क्त added.  
 द्विवृष mfn. (-वृषः-वृषी-वृषं) Bought with two winnowing baskets of anything. E. द्वि, and वृष a basket; also with क्त, द्विवृषिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं).  
 द्विवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A sort of fish, commonly called Marmaka. E. द्वि two, वृक्ष a horn, and द्वि aff.  
 द्वि r. 1st cl. द्विषति also (द्वि) द्विषति r. 2nd cl. (द्विष्ट-ष्टे) plu. (द्विषन्ति) To hate, to dislike, to be hostile or unfriendly. चदा० उम० सदा० कनिट् ।  
 द्विष् mfn. (द्विष्ट) Inimical, hostile. m. (द्विष्ट) An enemy. E. द्विष् to hate, affix क्त; also with क्त affix द्विष् m. (-वृषः) or mfn. (-वृषः-वा-वं).  
 द्विषत् mfn. (-वृषत्-वृषी-वृषं) 1. Hating or detesting, hostile 2. Inimical, unfriendly. m. (-वृष) An enemy. E. द्विष् to hate, participial aff. श्चट्.  
 द्विषतीताप mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) Vexing or harassing an enemy. E. द्विषत् and ताप who afflicts, with क्त augment.  
 द्विषन्तप mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) Punishing or annoying an enemy, revenging, retaliating. E. द्विष an enemy, तप् to burn, affix क्त.  
 द्विष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) Hated, dislike. n. (-ष्ट) Copper : see चट्ट. E. द्विष् to hate, affix क्त.  
 द्विष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) Staying in two shapes or places, &c. E. द्वि two, and श्च what is or abides. द्विष्टो द्विष्टि स्वा-क ।  
 द्विषमाह m. (-हः) A fortnight. E. द्वि twice, सप्त seven, and चह a day. twice seven days.  
 द्विषम mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Consisting of two equal portions, &c. E. द्वि two, सम equal. द्वे समे परिमाणस्य क्त तत्त्व जुक् । द्विषमपरिमाणे.  
 द्विषमत्रिभुजा f. (-जा) An isosceles triangle. E. द्वि, सम equal, त्रिभुजा triangle.  
 द्विषद्विषाच m. (-चः) The great serpent, sovereign of the snake race, and

the couch of VISHNU'. E. द्विषद्विषाच two thousand, and चचि an eye: the two thousand-eyed. द्विषद्विषाच सप्तदशचोचि यक्ष, चनक ।  
 द्विषीत्य mfn. (-त्यः-त्या-त्यं) Twice ploughed. E. द्वि twice, वीता a plough, and यत् aff.  
 द्विषन् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Two-breasted, two-uddered. E. द्वि and वान breast.  
 द्विषन् m. (-वा) An elephant. E. द्वि two ways, with tusks and teeth, and वृत् who kills.  
 द्विषत् mfn. (-वृषत्-वृषी-वृषं) Twice ploughed. E. द्वि two, वृष a plough, affix यत्.  
 द्विषायन mfn. (-नः-नी-नं) Two years old. f. (-नी) A cow two years old. E. द्वि two, वृषायन a year, affix चच् and डीव्.  
 द्विषद्विषा f. (-या) A pregnant woman. E. द्वि two, वृषद्विषा a heart; having, one of her own and one in the foetus.  
 द्विषद्विषाच mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Perceptible by two senses or forms, by sight and touch, &c. E. द्वि, द्विषद्विषा an organ of sense, वाच to be seized.  
 द्वीप m. (-पः-पं) 1. An island, any land surrounded by water; the word is hence applied to the seven grand divisions of the terrestrial world, each of these being separated from the next, by a peculiar and circumambient ocean: the seven Dwi'pas, reckoning from the central one are, Jambu, Kusa, Plaksha, Sa'mali, Krauncha, Sa'ka, and Pushkara: the central Dwi'pa, or the known continent, is again portioned into ten divisions, likewise termed Dwi'pas: viz. Kuru, Chandra, Varuna, Saumya, Naga, Kuma'rika, Gab'hastinan, Ta'mra'purna, Kase'ru and Indra. 2. A tiger's skin. E. द्वि two, (on both sides,) and पाप water, वा dropped and व made long. द्विगता द्वी द्वी द्विगता चादीप्त । च० समा ।  
 द्वीपकपूरक m. (-कः) China camphor. E. द्वीप and कपूर camphor.  
 द्वीपवत् m. (-वत्) The ocean. mf. (-वान्-वती) A river. f. (-वती) The earth. E. द्वीप an island, वत् possessive aff.  
 द्वीपिन् mfn. (-पी-पिनी-पि) Island, islander. m. (-पी) 1. A tiger. 2. An ounce or panther. E. द्वीप an island, द्वि affix; haunting the small woody islands that abound in the rivers in India, or द्वीप a tiger's spotted skin, derived from द्वि two; व to go or be, प affix: and द्वि as before.  
 द्वीपिष्यु m. (-युः) A plant, (Asparagus racemosus.) E. द्वीपिन् a tiger, and श्च obnoxious. श्चावय्यान् । द्वीपिन्: व्याघ्रस्य श्चट् द्वि ।  
 द्वीप्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Island, an islander, &c. m. (-यः) 1. A sort of crow. 2. A name of VYA'SA. E. द्वीप, and यत् aff.  
 द्वृ r. 1st cl. (द्वारति) 1. To accept, to appoint. 2. To cover.  
 द्वेष ind. In two ways : see द्वेषा.  
 द्वेष m. (-वः) Hate, enmity. E. द्वेष to hate, affix चच्.  
 द्वेष mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Inimical, hostile. m. (-वः) An enemy. n. (-वः) Hate, enmity. E. द्वेष to hate, and क्त or वृष् aff.  
 द्वेषिन् mfn. (-वो-विषी-वि) Hostile, inimical, adverse, obnoxious. m. (-वो) An enemy. E. द्वेष to hate, क्तिन् aff.  
 द्वेषु mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) Hating, inimical, an enemy. E. द्वेष to hate, क्त aff.  
 द्वेष्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Hateful, detestable. E. द्वेष to hate, affix क्त । द्वेष्यः यत् कर्मणि यत् वा ।  
 द्वेष्यता f. (-ता) Aversion, dislike, detestableness. E. द्वेष and तत् aff.  
 द्वेष्यक m. (-कः) A usurer, a money lender. E. द्वि two, वृष number, affix उक्; who requires cent. per cent.  
 द्वेष्य n. (-यः) 1. Duality. 2. The possession of two out of the three qualities. 3. Doubling. E. द्विगुण and चच् aff.  
 द्विजात mfn. (-तः-ती-तं) Twice-born. E. द्विजात, and चच् aff.  
 द्वित n. (-तं) 1. Duplication, doubling or being doubled. 2. Duality, in philosophy, the asserion of two principles, as the distinctness of life and soul, spirit and matter, god and the universe. E. द्वि two तत् affix, द्वित double, two-fold, abstract affix चच्. द्विषा द्वित द्वित तत् मावः स्वाद्ये वा चच् ।

pervade, affix च्; mixed as alloy with the fine metals; also the य being interchanged with its congener द्, दिच्.

द्वय m. (-चः) Two days. इ. द्वि two, and च् a day.

द्वीप mfn. (-नः-ना-न्) Of or belonging to two days. इ. द्वय, and च् aff.

द्वयम् mfn. (-कः-का-क्) Comprising two, being two. म. (-चः) A sign of the zodiac, Gemini, Virgo, Sagittarius, and Pisces. इ. द्वि, and. चास्मिन् self, कच् aff.

द्वयव्यय m. (-चः) A boy who remains heir to his father though adopted by another. इ. द्वि, and चास्मिन् a certain person. च्छब्दप्रतिष्ठापकम् कच् चास्मिन् व्ययः द्वयोरास्मिन् व्ययः इत्युं उ० ।

द्वय n. (-चः) Two lives. इ. द्वि, and च्छब्द life.

द्वयिक mfn. (-कः-की-क्) Produced, &c. in two days इ. द्वय, and ठच् aff.

द्वैतान्तर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Having two between, two off. इ. द्वि, and एकान्तर an interval, a line.

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ध The aspirated letter corresponding to the preceding, and expressed by D'h.

ध m. (धः) 1. A name of BRAMHA'. 2. A name KUR'RA. 3. Virtue, moral merit n. (-यः) Wealth, property. इ. धा to have or possess, affix च्.

ध्व r. 10th cl. (ध्वयति-ने) To destroy or annihilate. चुट्. डभ. डक्. सेट्.

धृ m. (-ठः) 1. A balance, a pair of scales. 2. the sign Libra. 3. Ordeal by the balance. f. (-डी) 1. Old cloth or raiment. 2. A piece of cloth worn over the privities. इ. धच् to sound, and ट substituted for च्, affix चच्.

धृक m. (-कः) A weight of forty-two Rattis.

धृती f. (-नी) A cotton tie or string, fastened round the loins इ. धट्ट a cloth, and हनि aff.

धृतीदान n. (-नः) Giving old cloth to a woman after impregnation. इ. धटी, and दान giving.

धृत् r. lat cl. (धृयति) To sound. आ० प० डक्. सेट्.

धृतूर m. (-रः) The thorn apple : see घृतूर इ. घेट् to drink, घृतूर् affix, or more correctly, धृयि जातून् वा-जर-घृ ।

धन r. 1st cl. (धनति) To sound. r. 3rd cl. (दधति) To bear or produce, (grain, &c.) : restricted to the Ve'das. आ० प० डक्. सेट् । जुही०

धन n. (-नः) 1. property of any description, thing, substance, wealth. 2. Wealth in cattle, property in herds. 3. A term of endearment. 4. (In Algebra), The affirmative quantity or plus. इ. धन to produce, (a crop,) affix चच्.

धनक्षेपि m. (-त्रिः) KUR'RA, the Hindu Plutus; also धनक्षेपिक इ. धन wealth, and क्षेपि who sports.

धनगर्हित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) purse-proud. इ. धन, and गर्हित arrogant.

धनङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) The Numidian crane. इ. धन the wealth, (of fields,) and ङ्गी to destroy, affix ट् Note ; as a synonym of करिट्छब्दे this word would seem to mean the bird stated : the name itself is more analogous to the D'hane'sa of the dialects or the Indian Buceros.

धनजात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Springing from wealth. इ. धन, and जात born.

धनज्ञाय m. (-यः) 1. The deity of fire. 2. A name of ANJUNA. 3. One of the Na'gas or infernal serpents. 4. One of the five vital airs, the which is supposed to fatten. 5. A tree, (Pentaptera arjuna.) इ. धन wealth, जि to conquer or possess, affix छच् मुञ् च ।

धनहत्या f. (-या) Covetousness. इ. धन, and हत्या thirst.

धनदा mfn. (-दः-दा-द्) Beneficent, liberal, who gives away pro-



party, &c. m. (-इः) A name of KUVĒRA. E. वन wealth, इङ् to drink, or दा to give, affix क. or वन दयते इ पाकने ।  
 वनदण्ड m. (-इः) Fine, amercement. E. वन and दण्ड punishment.  
 वनदंभ m. (-इः) Pride of wealth. E. वन and दंभ pride.  
 वनदातुज m. (-जः) RA'YANA. E. वनद KUVĒRA वनज younger brother.  
 वनदाविन् mfn. (-वि-विनी-वि) Liberal, munificent. m. (-वी) 1. The deity of fire. 2. A benefactor, a donor. E. वन wealth, दा to give, विनि aff.  
 वनददा f. (-दा) One of the Śaktis, or female personifications of Divine power peculiar to the Baudd'has E. वन wealth, दद to give, affix ददा.  
 वनपति m. (-तिः) The god of riches, KUVĒRA. E. वन wealth, and पति master or lord.  
 वनपिशाचिका f. (-चः) Avarice, thirst of wealth. E. वन wealth, पिशाचि a she-demon, affix चङ्.  
 वनपिशाची f. (-ची) Extreme desire of riches, avarice. E. See the preceding.  
 वनप्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Fond of wealth. f. (-या) A vegetable, (Ardisia solanacea.) E. वन, and प्रिय dear to.  
 वनमद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Proud, inflated with the pride of wealth, E. वन wealth, मद to be intoxicated, affix अप्.  
 वनमूल mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Proceeding from wealth. n. (-म) Principal, capital E. वन, and मूल root.  
 वनमुख mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Miserly, avaricious, greedy of wealth, mercenary. E. वन, and मुख desirous.  
 वनवीज m. (-मः) Desire of wealth, greediness, avarice, E. वन, and वीज desire.  
 वनवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Wealthy, opulent. f. (-वती) The constellation D'hanisht'ha'. E. वन wealth, and वत् possessive aff.  
 वनव्यय m. (-यः) Expenditure, extravagance. E. वन and व्यय expense.  
 वनवसति f. (-तिः) Accumulation of wealth. E. वन, and वसति acquirement.  
 वनशू m. (-शूः) The fork-tailed shrike.  
 वनस्रज m. (-जः) A plant : see नीचुर.  
 वनहर mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रं) 1. Inheriting, an heir. 2. Stealing, a thief. 3. Taking wealth, &c. f. (-री) A sort of perfume, commonly called Cho'r. E. वन wealth, ह to steal, affix चप् of ट.  
 वनहारिन् mfn. (-री-रि-वी-रि) A thief, a pilferer. E. See the last.  
 वनहारिन् mfn. (-री-रि-वी-रि) 1. Inheriting, an heir. 2. A thief. E. वन and हारिन् who takes.  
 वनहीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Poor, reduced to poverty. E. वन and हीन deprived of.  
 वनागम m. (-मः) Accession of wealth. E. वन, and आगम coming.  
 वनादान n. (-नं) Acceptance of money. E. वन and आदान taking.  
 वनाधिकारिन् mf. (-री-रि-वी-रि) An heir, an heiress. m. (-रीः) A treasurer, a collector. E. वन and अधिकारिन् having a right to.  
 वनाधिकृत m. (-तः) A treasurer. E. वन and अधिकृत placed over.  
 वनाधिप m. (-पः) 1. A name of KUVĒRA. 2. A treasurer. E. वन riches and अधिप lord; also similar compounds, वनाधिपति, &c.  
 वनाध्यक्ष m. (-क्षः) 1. A name of KUVĒRA. 2. A treasurer. E. वन wealth, अध्यक्ष superintendent.  
 वनापहार m. (-रः) 1. Fine, amercement. 2. Plunder. E. वन, and अपहार taking away.  
 वनाश्रित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Wealthy, opulent. E. वन, and अश्रित respected by.  
 वनाब्जन n. (-नं) Acquisition of property. E. वन and अब्जन् acquiring.  
 वनार्विन् mfn. (-र्वि-र्विनी-र्वि) Seeking for wealth, covetous, miserly. E. वन, and अर्विन् who wants.  
 वनाशा f. (-शा) Thirst of wealth, longing after riches. E. वन wealth आशा hope, wish.  
 वनाशी f. (-शी) One of the Ra'ginis.  
 वनिक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Pious, virtuous, excellent. 2. Rich, opulent. m. (-कः) 1. A wealthy man. 2. A creditor. 3. A husband. 4.

Coriander. f. (-चा) 1. A virtuous or excellent woman. 2. A wife. 3. A young woman. 4. A tree : see विवह. E. वन wealth, affix उन् वनमादियत्वेन चति चय ।  
 वनिन् mfn. (-नी-विनी-नि) Wealthy, opulent. m. (-नी) 1. A rich man. 2. A creditor. E. वन wealth, वनि aff. वनमसि चय वन + वनि ।  
 वनिहा f. (-हा) The twenty-fourth Nakshatra or lunar mansion, it comprises four stars, and is figured by a drum or tabor. E. वन to produce, (as corn,) affix चक् and ननुप् added, वनवत् again, इङ् added, and ननुप् rejected, fem. affix टाप्.  
 वनीका f. (-का) A young woman. E. वन wealth, ठक् affix, and the vowel made long.  
 वनीयक n. (-कं) Coriander-seed. E. वन to be produced, (as corn,) affix ह and कन् added see चयक.  
 वनु m. (-नुः) 1. A bow. 2. The sign Sagittarius. 3. A tree : see पियाल 4. A measure of four cubits. E. वन here meaning to cast as an arrow, Una'di affix उन् also वनुच्.  
 वनुःकाक् n. (-क्) A bow and arrow. E. वनुच्, and काक् an arrow.  
 वनुःकाक् n. (-क्) A bow, the stick or horns of the bow. वनुच् and काक् a part.  
 वनुःपट m. (-टः) The Piyasal tree, (Buchanania latifolia, Rox.) E. वनुच् a bow, and पट width; bending like a bow. वनुच् इव पटी विसारी दृष्टे यथा ।  
 वनुःप्राक्षा f. (-क्षा) A plant, from the leaves of which a tough thread is extracted, of which bow strings were formerly made : see सूक्ष्म. (Sansevieria zeylanica, Rox. but called by Sir Wm. Jones, Aletris hyacinthoides.) E. वनुच् a bow, प्राक्षा a branch. वनुरवयव इव प्राक्षा यथा : पियालतरी, सूक्ष्मायाम् ।  
 वनुःपुत्री f. (-पुत्री) A plant : see the last. E. वनुच् a bow, and पुत्री a line.  
 वनुःपुत्र mf. (-पुत्रः) A bow string. f. (-पुत्रा) A plant, from which bow strings are made : see the two last. E. वनुच् a bow, and पुत्र a string.  
 वनुवी गुची यथाः सकाशात् ।  
 वनुहुन् m. (-नः) A bamboo. E. वनुच्, and हुन् a tree. वनुच् साधनं हुन् । वनह्वे इतएव वनुवी जननात् ।  
 वनुर्धर m. (-रः) An archer, a bowyer, one armed with a bow. E. वनुच् a bow, and धर who possesses. वनुर्धारयति धु-चक् ।  
 वनुर्धारिन् m. (-री) An archer, a bowyer. E. वनुच् and धारिन् who has.  
 वनुर्धत् m. (-त्) An archer. E. वनुच् a bow, and धत् who possesses : see the last. वनुर्धमिति ध कर्त्तरि लिप्. तुक् इतत् पुं सः ।  
 वनुर्मध्य n. (-ध्यः) The middle part of a bow. E. वनुच् a bow, मध्य the centre.  
 वनुर्मार्ग n. (-मार्गः) A curve line. E. वनुच् an arc, मार्ग a road.  
 वनुर्माला f. (-माला) A plant, from the leaves of which bow strings were made : see सूक्ष्म. E. वनुच् a bow, and माला a garland.  
 वनुर्ध्यास m. (-सः) A plant, (Hedysarum alhagi.) E. वनुच् for वनच् dry soil, and ध्यास here said to mean effort; also वनध्यास वनुर्ध्यास : इरावध्यायाम् ।  
 वनुर्वेता f. (-वेता) The moon plant. वनुरवयववीर्या यथा । सीमवद्भावात् ।  
 वनुर्वच m. (-चः) 1. A plant; also called D'ha'miniya. 2. A bamboo. 3. A measure of four cubits. 4. An arc, a portion of the circumference of a circle. E. वनुच् bow, and वच a tree.  
 वनुर्वर m. (-रः) A bowyer, an archer. E. वनुच् a bow, and वर who makes or practises.  
 वनुर्वट m. (-टः) A tree : see वनुःपट. E. वनुच् a bow, वट breadth.  
 वनुर्वाणि mfn. (-विः-वि-वि) Armed with a bow. m. (-विः) An archer. E. वनुच्, and वाणि hand.  
 वनुर्वत् m. (-वत्) An archer, a bowyer. E. वनुच् a bow, वत् aff.  
 वनुच् mfn. (-चुः-चु-चु) Armed with a bow. mn. (-चुः-चु) 1. A. bow. 2. Sagittarius, the sign. m. (-चुः) The piyal tree, (Buchanania latifolia, Rox.) E. वन to produce, (as grain,) to throw forth. (darts, &c.) Una'di affix चति; also with च affix वनु, and with च affix, वनुच्.

धनु m. (-न्) A bow : see the last.

धनेयक n. (-क) Coriander : see धन्याक. E. धन grain, ठक् affix, and कन् added.

धनेश m. (-शः) KUVĒ'RA. E. धन, and ईश lord.

धनेश्वर m. (-रः) KUVĒ'RA, the Hindu PLUTUS. E. धन wealth, ईश्वर lord.

धनेषिन् mfn. (-षी-विषी-वि) Wishing or claiming property. m. (-षी) A creditor. E. धन, and ऐषिन् who wishes.

धनीपचय m. (-यः) Accumulation of wealth. E. धन, and उपचय assembling.

धन्य mfn. (-न्-न्या-न्) 1. Fortunate, well fated, lucky. 2. Good, virtuous. m. (-न्) 1. An infidel, an atheist. 2. A virtuous or fortunate man.

f. (-न्या) 1. Emblic myrobalan. 2. A nurse. 3. Coriander. n. (-न्) Wealth. E. धन to produce, (grain, &c.) or धन wealth, and यत् affix of fitness.

धन्यल n. (-ल) Luck, good fortune. E. धन्य, and ल affix; also with तल् affix धन्यता.

धन्याक n. (-क) A plant, bearing a small pungent seed used by the Hindus as a condiment, (Coriandrum sativum.) F. धन to produce, (as grain,) deriv. irr. धन्यते भक्ष्यायिभिः । धनिया इति ख्याते पदार्थे ।

धनु n. (-न्) A bow : see धन्यन्. धनु गती सो. भा० प० सक० सेट् । r. 1st cl. (धनति) To go.

धनुर्दुर्ग n. (-र्गः) A desert. E. धनु the same, and दुर्ग strong-hold.

धनुन् m. (-न्-न्) A bow. m. (-न्) A country scantily supplied with water, a desert, a waste. n. (-न्) A firm spot, land, ground. E. धनि Sautra root, to go or move, (by or on which,) and कनिन् Una'di affix; also with चच् affix धन.

धनुन् m. (-न्) A medicinal plant, commonly called D'ha'miniya or D'hamin

धनुन्तरि m. (-रिः) 1. The physician of the gods, who was produced at the churning of the ocean. 2. A celebrated physician; also काशिराज, being the same as the preceding in another existence: he appears to have been the founder of the Hindu medical school. 3. The sun. 4. A name of SIVA. 5. One of the nine gems of the court of VIKRAMA'DITYA. धनोः तन्निमित्तं शङ्खस्य धनं पारं ऋच्छति च गतीदन् किञ्च । समदीयति देवदेवभेदे ।

धनुन्तरिणा f. (-ना) A medicinal plant : see कटुकी. E. धनुन्तरि, and यस् eaten

धनुयवास m. (-सः) A plant, (Hedysarum alhaji.) E. धनु dry soil, यु to unite, आसच् affix; also with कन् added धनुयवासक. नरभवे यवास भेदे, दुरालभाभेदे ।

धनुयस m. (-सः) A plant : see the last, also simply यास, &c.

धनुवन् m. (-वन्) 1. An archer, a bow-man. 2. A name of ARJUNA. 3. A tree, (Pentaptera arjuna.) 4. A wag, a wit, a sharp or shrewd man. E. धनु a bow, इति aff. धनुं चापीऽन्ति अस्य धन आने सो. पर० सक० सेट् । धनति । To blow.

धनु mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) One who blows a fire or a trumpet. m. (-न्) 1. A name of the moon. 2. KRISHNA'. 3. A name of Yajna. 4. BRAMHA', or the Supreme Spirit, E. धा to blow, affix चच् ।

धनुक m. (-कः) A blacksmith. E. धा to blow, (the forge.) कन् Una'di aff. धमादिशब् ।

धनुधना ind. Blowing reiteratedly, or the sort of sound made by blowing with a bellows or a trumpet. E. धन + प्रकारे द्वित्वम् ।

धनुन् mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) 1. One who blows a bellows, a trumpet, &c. 2. Cruel. m. (-न्) 1. A reed, (Arundo tibialis or karka.) 2. Blowing, (a wind instrument.) f. (-निः or -नी) 1. Any tubular vessel of the body, as a vein, a nerve, &c. 2. The neck. 3. Turmeric. 4. A sort of perfume; also हृदयिलासिनी. E. धन from धा to blow, &c. affix युच् fem. affix इन् or डोच्; or धा as before, Una'di affix चनि, and डोप् optionally added.

धनुष m. (-षः) The breast ornamented with gold or jewels : see धनुषि.

धनुषि m. (-षिः) Braided and ornamented hair, tied round the head,

and intermixed with flowers, pearls, &c. E. धन a Sautra root, to breathe, affix विच्, मित् to meet, चच् or क affix, and the two conjoined.

धया mfn. (-यः-या-यी-यं) Who or what drinks. f. (-या) A little girl, female infant. E. धे to drink, affix य ।

धर mfn. (-रः-रा-रौ-र) Who or what has or holds. m. (-रः) 1. A mountain. 2. A flock of cotton. 3. The tortoise Avata'ra. 4. One of the demi-gods called Vasus. f. (-रा) 1. The earth. 2. The uterus or womb. 3. Marrow. 4. A vessel of the body. 5. A golden globe or heap of valuables, representing the earth, and given to Bra'hmans. E. धृच् to have or hold, to contain or support. &c. affix चच्, or ट fem. affix टाप् or डोच्.

धरन् m. (-न्-न्-न्) 1. Holding, possessing, having. 2. A sort of measure, a weight of ten Pala's. 3. A weight of silver, sixteen Ma'sha's. m. (-न्) 1. The Hima'laya mountain considered as king of mountains. 2. The sun. 3. A world. 4. A breast, a female breast. 5. Rice. 6. A ridge of land answering the purpose of a bridge, the edge of a river, the skirt of a mountain, a bridge. f. (-णी) 1. The earth. 2. The silk cotton tree. 3. A vessel of the body. 4. An esculent root. E. धृ to hold, to uphold or support, affix युच्, भावे कृट्, fem. affix डीप् ।

धरणि f. (-णिः) The earth. E. धृ to be contained, (animals, &c.) Una'di affix चनि; also धरणी as above.

धरणिधर m. (-रः) A name of VISHNU'. E. धरणि the earth and धर who sustains; also धरणीधर. धरणी धरति धृ-चच् ।

धरणिस्थ mfn. (-स्थः-स्था-स्थ) Being or staying on earth. E. धरणि, and स्थ what stays or is.

धरणीकन्द m. (-न्दः) An esculent root or bulb. E. धरणी the earth, कन्द a root.

धरणीकौलक m. (-कः) A mountain. E. धरणी the earth, कौलक a pin or bolt.

धरणीधर m. (-रः) 1. VISHNU'. 2. A mountain. 3. A tortoise & see धरणिधर. धरणीधर m. (-रः) The ocean. E. धरणी the earth, धृ to surround completely, affix चच्.

धरणीध्रुव m. (-वः) The ocean. E. धरणी the earth, and ध्रुव what swims; in which the earth floats. धरण्याः ध्रुवः यज्मात् ।

धरणीधर m. (-रः) A name of SIVA. E. धरणी, and ईश्वर lord; lord of the world, शिवे, भूमिपती, विष्णौ च ।

धरणीसुता f. (-ता) A name of SI'RA', the wife of RA'MA. E. धरणी the earth, and सुता daughter; the earth-born; being turned up from the soil by a plough, as JANAKA was ploughing a spot to prepare it for a sacrifice.

धरसंस्थ mfn. (-स्थः-स्था-स्थ) Like a mountain, as huge as, &c. E. धर, and संस्थ what is, or is like.

धराकदम्ब m. (-म्बः) The Kadamba tree, (Nauclea kadamba;) also धराकदम्बक ।

धराकनज m. (-जः) The planet Mars or its regent. E. धरा the earth, and आनज son, terre-filius; also similar compounds, as धरासुत, धरापुत्र &c. सङ्गलये । तारकासुरे च ।

धराधर m. (-रः) 1. A name of VISHNU'. 2. A mountain. E. धरा the earth, and धर who or what sustains. विष्णौ, पर्वते, अनले च ।

धराशय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Sleeping on the ground. E. धरा, and शय who sleeps.

धराधर m. (-रः) A Bra'hman. E. धरा and धर a deity. धराधरधर इव ।

धरिणी f. (-नी) The earth. E. धृ to contain, (beings.) इति Una'di affix, fem. affix डीप्.

धरिणम् m. (-णम्) 1. Form, figure, semblance. 2. A balance, a pair of scales. E. धृ to have or hold, Una'di affix इनिचच्.

धरिणमेय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Measurable by weight. E. धरिण, and मेय to be measured.

**धर्म** m. (-न्) 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. Heaven, paradise. 3. Water. 4. Opinion, conception. E. धृ to hold or uphold, affix डन्.

**धर्म्य** mfn. (व्य-व्या-व्य) 1. To be upheld or supported. 2. To be had or possessed. 3. To be placed or fixed. 4. To be fallen or alighted by. E. धृ to hold, त्व्य aff.

**धर्तु** mfn. (-त्ता-र्त्त-तु) Who or what has or holds. E. धृ to have, डन् aff.

**धर्म** n. (-र्म्) 1. A house. 2. Sacrifice. 3. Virtue, moral merit. E. धृ to contain, Una'di affix व्.

**धर्म** mn. (-र्म्) 1. Virtue, moral and religious merit, according to the law and the Vēdas. 2. Usage, practice, the customary observances of caste, sect, &c. 3. Duty, especially that enjoined by the Vēdas. 4. Fitness, propriety. 5. Nature, character, proper or natural state or disposition. 6. Innocence, innoxiousness. 7. Resemblance. 8. Any sacrifice. 9. An Upanishad or theological portion of a Vēda. 10. Any peculiar or prescribed practice or duty; thus, giving alms, &c. is the dharma of a householder; administering justice, the dharma of a king; piety, that of a Brahman; courage, that of a Kshetriya, &c. 11. Kind and virtuous speech or discourse. 12. Law. m. (-र्म्) 1. A name of YAMA, ruler of the lower regions, and judge of the dead. 2. A drinker of the juice of the acid asclepias, at certain sacrifices. 3. Virtue personified, born from the right breast of BRAHMA. 4. A bow. 5. Associating with the virtuous. 6. The fifteenth of the twenty four jaina pontiffs of the present age. 7. A pious or virtuous man. 8. The bull of Siva, a personification or type or virtue. E. धृ to maintain or support, &c. Una'di affix व्, what supports all men. धियते लोकीनेन, धरति लोके वा ।

**धर्मकर्मन्** n. (-र्म्) Acting according to some or any indispensable act of piety or duty. E. धर्म, and कर्मन् act.

**धर्मकाय** m. (-यः) A jina or jaina deified saint. E. धर्म virtue, and काय body; virtue personified. धर्मार्थं कायौ, स्व, बुद्धे ।

**धर्मकार्य** n. (-र्म्) 1. Any indispensable act of religion, &c. 2. Religious or virtuous conduct. E. धर्म piety, and कार्य act.

**धर्मकोल** m. (-लः) An edict, a royal order, decree, or grant. E. धर्म virtue, कोल proper stay; also with कन् added धर्मकोलक m. (-कः) धर्मसा कोल इव । राजशासने ।

**धर्मकृत्य** n. (-व्य) Any moral or religious observance. E. धर्म and कृत्य to be done.

**धर्मकेतु** m. (-तुः) A jaina deified saint. E. धर्म virtue, केतु an emblem or banner. धर्मः अहिंसादपकर्म केतुः यमा ।

**धर्मक्षेत्र** m. (-व्यः) Store or treasure of virtue. E. धर्म, and क्षेत्र treasury. धर्मः कीव इव धर्मसा कीवः समुहो वा ।

**धर्मक्रिया** f. (-या) 1. Righteous conduct, acting according to law. 2. any religious act. E. धर्म, and क्रिया act.

**धर्मक्षेत्र** n. (-व्यः) A plain in the north west of India near Dehli, the scene of the great battle between the Kurus and Pāndus. m. (-व्यः) A man of piety and virtue. E. धर्म, virtue, holiness, and क्षेत्र a field, literally or figuratively.

**धर्मग्रहण** n. (-व्यः) Observance of moral or religious institutes accepting or following the law. E. धर्म, and ग्रहण taking.

**धर्मघ्न** mfn. (-घ्नः-घ्नी-घ्न) immoral, unlawful, contrary to law or duty. E. धर्म, and घ्न what destroys.

**धर्मचक्र** n. (-कः) A jaina deified saint. E. धर्म, and चक्र a wheel, &c. or धर्मसमूहे ।

**धर्मचक्रधर** m. (-न्) A jaina deified saint. E. धर्म virtue, चक्र a circle, and धृन् possessing. धर्मचक्रं विभर्ति भू-क्षिप तुक् । धर्मसमूहधारके षिं ।

**धर्मचारिणी** mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Virtuous, moral, dutiful f. (-रिणी) A virtuous woman, an honest wife. E. धर्म duty and चर to follow, affixे चिनि and ऊपो, धर्मं तत्साधनकर्मं चरति ।

**धर्मचिन्तन** n. (-नः) Virtuous reflection. E. धर्म, and चिन्ता reflection. चिन्ति भावे छट् ।

**धर्मचिन्ता** f. (-न्ता) Virtuous reflection. E. धर्म, and चिन्ता reflection: the last. चिन्ति भावे च ।

**धर्मजीवन** m. (-नः) Brahman who lives according to rule: one who practises the outward acts of the law. E. धर्म, and जीवन living.

**धर्मज्ञ** mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञ) Knowing one's duty, conversant with virtue. E. धर्म, and ज्ञ who knows धर्मं ज्ञाति ज्ञा क ।

**धर्मज्ञान** n. (-नः) Knowledge of moral, legal, and religious duty. E. धर्म and ज्ञान knowledge.

**धर्मवृक्ष** m. (-वृक्षः) 1. A sort of tree, commonly D'ha'minia. 2. A kind of large snake, not poisonous, commonly D'hamna. धर्माय वृक्षे नमः-वा-कर्मणि-ड । धामनि ।

**धर्मवत्** ind. Rightly, justly, righteously. E. धर्म and तसि aff.

**धर्मत्व** n. (-त्वः) 1. Morality, piety. 2. Inherent nature, peculiar property, &c. E. धर्म, and त्व aff.

**धर्मद्वी** f. (-वी) The Ganges. E. धर्म virtue, द्वृ to shed. affix षच्.

**धर्मदोषिन्** mfn. (-दो-दोषी-दो) Wicked. m. (-दी) A Ra'kshasa. E. धर्म, and दोषिन् rebellious. धर्माय परम्य धर्माचरणाय दूषति । दूष चिनि । ४त् ।

**धर्मधातु** m. (-तुः) A jaina saint. E. धर्म virtue, धातु essence, root, धर्मं दधाति । धा-तुन् ।

**धर्मध्वजिन्** m. (-जी) A religious hypocrite or imposter, one who makes a livelihood by assumed devotion. E. धर्म piety, ध्वज an emblem, इनि affix; having every outward mark of piety, matted hair, ragged garments, &c.

**धर्मनिबन्ध** m. (-न्धः) Piety, virtue E. धर्म, and निबन्ध attachment.

**धर्मनिबन्धन्** mfn. (-न्धी-न्धनी-न्धि) Pious, holy, engaged in or conducive to virtue. E. धर्म, निबन्ध connexion, and इनि aff.

**धर्मनियति** f. (-तिः) Duty, moral or religious observance, discharge or fulfilment of duty. E. धर्म, and नियति completion.

**धर्मपत्तन** n. (-नः) 1. Pepper. 2. The name of a district or city. E. धर्म virtue, पत्तन a city; pepper grows there, whence is said to be its name.

**धर्मपत्नी** f. (-नी) A man's first wife and of the same class. E. धर्म, and पत्नी a wife. धर्मार्थं पत्नी । निर्दोषायाम् पत्न्याम् ।

**धर्मपत्र** (-वः) Glomerous fig tree, (Ficus glomerata) E. धर्म sacrifice, and पत्र leaf.

**धर्मपर** mfn. (-रः-पार-र) Righteous, pious. E. धर्म, and पर addicted to. धर्मःपरी यस्य ।

**धर्मपाठक** m. (-कः) A teacher of law. E. धर्म, and पाठक who teaches.

**धर्मपुत्र** m. (-पुत्रः) 1. A name of the Pāndu prince, YUDHISHTHIRA. 2. One so considered, as a son for piety or duty; also धर्मपुत्रक. E. धर्म a proper name, and पुत्र a son, the son of DHARMA or YAMA.

**धर्मप्रधान** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Eminent in piety. E. धर्म, and प्रधान chief.

**धर्मप्रवक्तृ** m. (-क्तृ) A teacher or expounder of the law. E. धर्म, and प्रवक्तृ who explains. धर्मं सन्दिधायै अयं धर्म इति प्रवक्ति प्र + वच्-तच् ।

**धर्मभागिनी** f. (-नी) A virtuous and amiable wife. E. धर्म, and भागिनी who shares.

**धर्मभाषक** m. (-कः) A lecturer, a public reader of the Maha'bharata and other sacred works which are read aloud, and explained to large assemblies of Hindu's at particular seasons. E. धर्म virtue, and भण् to utter, to speak, affix ण्त्.

**धर्मभाट** m. (-ता) A fellow religious student. E. धर्म, and भाट a brother. धर्मतः कृतो भाता ।

**धर्मभिक्षुकः** m. (-कः) A mendicant Brahman, one who is so, or has become so from meritorious motives. E. धर्म, and भिक्षुक a beggar.

**धर्ममय** mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) Moral, righteous, made up or replete with virtue, &c. E. धर्म, and मयट् aff.

**धर्ममूल** n. (-मूलः) The foundation of Hindu law and religion (the Vēdas) E. धर्म, and मूल root.

धर्म mfn. (-युः-युः-युः) Virtuous righteous. E. धर्म and धर्म, यु to go, affix क्तिप् ।  
 धर्म्य mfn. (-युक्) Righteous, pious, just. E. धर्म and धर्म, युज् to join, affix क्तिप् धर्म्येण युज्यते युज् कर्मणि-क्तिप् ।  
 धर्मा m. (-जः) 1. A Jain or deified saint, according to the Jaina sect. 2. A name of YAMA, regent of the dead. 3. A name of Yudhishthira. 4. Also of ARJUNA. 5. A king in general. E. धर्म and धर्म, Justice, and राज् who shines, affix च्च्; or राज् from राजन् a king; lord of justice or धर्म्येण राजते । राज-क्तिप् ।  
 धर्मविधम् mfn. (-धी विधी-धि) Illegal, immoral. E. धर्म, and रोधिन् opposed to.  
 धर्मलक्षण n. (-च) An essential ingredient in ethics or law, (as place, time, &c.) E. धर्म, and लक्षण mark. धर्मो लक्ष्यते श्रयते धर्मेन लक्ष-करणे कृट् ।  
 धर्मवत् mfn. (-वान् वती वत्) Virtuous, pious, upright, just. E. धर्म as above, मतप् poss. aff. च्छर्थे मतप् । मत्ता वः ।  
 धर्मवासर m. (-रः) The day of full moon. E. धर्म and धर्म, वासर a day; peculiar sacrifices being performed on this day. धर्मस्य तक्षाधनस्य वासरः ।  
 धर्मवाहन m. (-नः) A name of SIVA. E. धर्म the bull of this god, virtue typified, and वाहन a vehicle. धर्मो वाहयति प्रापयति नरान् । वाहि-ल्यु ।  
 धर्मविद् mfn. (-द or -त) 1. Virtuous, pious, moral. 2. Acquainted with the law. E. धर्म, and विद् who knows. धर्मो वेति विद् क्तिप् ।  
 धर्मविधि f. (-धि) Course of law, legal precepts or injunctions. E. धर्म, and विधि manner.  
 धर्मविषय m. (-यः) Immorality, wickedness. E. धर्म, and विषय sub-  
 mersion.  
 धर्मविवेचन n. (-नं) Judicial investigation. E. धर्म, and विवेचन delibera-  
 tion.  
 धर्मशाला f. (-ला) A court of justice, a tribunal. E. धर्म and धर्म, शाला a hall. धर्मार्थं शाला । धर्मार्थमन्नादिदानाधिकरणशालायाम् ।  
 धर्मशास्त्र n. (-स्त्रं) 1. The body or code of Hindu law. 2. Any work on the subject. E. धर्म and धर्म, शास्त्र a treatise. श्रियते धर्मेन शास्त्रं कर्तव्यं इत् । इत् ० २० ।  
 धर्मशील mfn. (-लः-ला लं) Virtuous, just, pious. E. धर्म and धर्म, शील attached to. धर्मः धर्मसाधनं शीलमस्य, धर्मो शीलयति शीलं अण् वा ।  
 धर्मसंहिता f. (-ता) A code of laws, especially the work of some saint or divine person, as MANU, YAJN'YAVALKYA, &c. E. धर्म and धर्म, संहिता a compilation made for the purpose of teaching and maintaining virtue.  
 धर्मसङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. Virtue. 2. Hypocrisy. E. धर्म, and सङ्ग addiction to, real or seeming.  
 धर्मसन्तानम् mfn. (-न्तः सन्तः-न्तः) Virtuous, producing virtuous offspring or actions. E. धर्म, सन्तान progeny, सन् who bears.  
 धर्मसभा f. (-भा) A tribunal, a court of justice. E. धर्म, and सभा assembly.  
 धर्मसाधन n. (-नं) Any act or virtue essential to a system of duties. E. धर्म, and साधन instrument.  
 धर्मसावर्णि m. (-णिः) The eleventh MANU.  
 धर्मसुत m. (-तः) A name of YUDHISHTHIRA. E. धर्म and धर्म, सुत a son; also धर्मसूत, धर्मात्मज, &c.  
 धर्मात्मन् m. (-त्मा) A saint, a pious or virtuous person. E. धर्म and धर्म, आत्मन् self. धर्मो आत्मन् सत्मावययः ।  
 धर्मोपपरीक्षा f. (-क्षा) Ordeal by drawing lots or slips of black and white paper. E. धर्म, अधर्म iniquity, परीक्षा trial.  
 धर्माधिकरण n. (-णः) A court of justice. m. (-रः) A judge. E. धर्म, and अधिकरण supervision. धर्मोऽधिकरित्यते धर्मः । अधि + कृ वाधारे कृट् ।  
 धर्माधिकारिणम् m. (-णी) A judge, a sovereign, an administrator of the law. E. धर्माधिकार, and affix इनि ।

धर्माधिकार m. (-रः) The office of a judge. E. धर्म and अधिकार office.  
 धर्माधिकारिणम् m. (-णी) A judge. E. धर्म, अधिकार, and अधि aff. धर्मो व्यवहारे तन्निष्पन्नमधिकरति । अधि + कृ-णिनि ।  
 धर्माध्यक्ष m. (-क्षः) A magistrate, a judge, &c. E. धर्म and धर्म, अध्यक्ष superintendent.  
 धर्मानुष्ठान n. (-नं) Virtuous or moral conduct, behaviour according to law. E. धर्म, and अनुष्ठान act or condition.  
 धर्मानुसार m. (-रः) Conformity to law or virtue, course or practice of duty. E. धर्म, and अनुसार following.  
 धर्मापेत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Wicked, immoral, unrighteous. n. (-तं) Im-  
 morality, vice. E. धर्म, and अपेत deviated.  
 धर्माभिमुखम् mfn. (-नाः-नाः-नः) Virtuous. E. धर्म, अभि to or inclined to, मनस् the mind.  
 धर्मारण्य n. (-र्यः) A forest into which DHARMA once retired. E. धर्म, and अरण्य a wood.  
 धर्मासन n. (-नं) The seat of the judge, the bench. E. धर्म, and आसन a seat.  
 धर्मिन् mfn. (-नी-निधी-निधि) 1. Virtuous, pious, just. 2. Endowed with a peculiar property or faculty. E. धर्म, and इनि poss. aff.  
 धर्मिष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठः-ष्ठा-ष्ठः) Very pious or virtuous. E. धर्म, and इष्ठन् aff.  
 धर्मोद्यम् mfn. (-यन्-यसो-यः) Very pious, moral, &c. E. धर्म, and उद्यम् aff.  
 धर्मोपदेश m. (-शः) Moral or religious instruction. E. धर्म, and उपदेश advice.  
 धर्मोपदेशक m. (-कः) A Guru or spiritual preceptor. E. धर्म and धर्म, उपदेश before, दिश् to show, affix लृक्; pointing out good and evil to his scholars.  
 धर्मोपधि mfn. (-धः-धा-धे) Hypocritical. E. धर्म, and उपधि fraud, च्च् aff.  
 धर्मोपेत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Virtuous, moral. E. धर्म, and उपेत possessed of.  
 धर्म्य mfn. (-र्यः-र्या-र्यः) 1. Conformable or according to justice or morality. 2. Obtainable by virtue or justice. E. धर्म as above, यत् aff.  
 धर्म्यविवाह m. (-हः) Legal marriage of five sorts, as the Bra'hma, Daiva, Arsha, Gandharba, and Praja-patya. E. धर्म, and विवाह marriage.  
 धर्म m. (-धः) 1. Pride, arrogance. 2. Contumely, overbearing. 3. Impatience. 4. Paralyzing, rendering weak or impotent. 5. Injury, wrong. 6. Restraint. 7. Copulation. 8. A eunuch. E. धर्म to be vain, affix भाव घञ् ।  
 धर्मक m. (-कः) A dancer, an actor, a mine. E. धर्म to be vain or presumptuous, affix लृक् ।  
 धर्मकारिणी f. (-णी) A violated virgin. E. धर्म, कृ to act, affix णिनि ।  
 धर्म्य n. (-र्यः) 1. Disrespect, contumely, overbearingness, contempt. 2. copulation 3. arrogance, vanity. f. (-णि-णी) An unchaste woman. E. धर्म to be arrogant, &c. affix भावे लृट् or युच् ।  
 धर्मवर m. (-रः) eunuch superintending the women's apartments. E. धर्म copulation, वर to cherish, affix च्च् ।  
 धर्मित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Proud, insolent. 2. Unbearing, impatient. 3. Overpowered, smitten. n. (-तं) 1. Copulation, cohabitation. 2. Contumely. 3. Pride. f. (-ता) An unchaste woman. E. धर्म to be vain or impatient, affix, कर्मणि भावे वा कृ । इट् युल्य ।  
 धर्मिन् mfn. (-नी-निधी-निधि) 1. Proud, arrogant. 2. Cohabiting. f. (-णी) A dishonest or unchaste woman. E. धर्म cohabitation, इनि and डीष् affs.  
 धर्मलक्ष्म m. (-लक्ष्मः) A small tree, commonly called D'hala'kara; also धर्मलक्ष्म ।  
 धर्म (इ) धर्मि r. 1st cl. (धर्मति) To go or move; this is considered some-  
 times as Sautra root. भा० प० लको सट् इट् ।  
 धर्म m. (-वः) 1. A husband. 2. A man, 3. A rogue, a cheat. 4. A tree, (Grislea tomentosa.) E. धर्म to make tremble, (children, &c.) affix च्च् ।  
 धर्मल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. White. 2. Handsome, beautiful. m. (-लः) 1.

White, (the colour). 2. A capital ox. 3. The *Grislea tomentosa*. 4. Camphor. 5. An inferior Ra'ga or mode of music. n. (-ल) White pepper. f. (-ला or -ली) A white cow, &c. E. धाव to be clean or pure, कलच् affix, and the radical vowel made short.

धवलपक्ष m. (-लः) 1. A goose. 2. The fortnight of the moon's increase.

E. धवल, and पक्ष wing or fortnight. धवली पक्षी यस्य ।

धवलचूर्णिका f. (-का) Chalk. E. धवल white. चूर्णिका earth.

धवलिता mfn. (-तः ता-तं) White, whitened. E. धवल, and इतच् aff. ।

धवलीकृत mfn. (त-ता-तं) White, made white. E. धवल, and कृत made, च् aff. augment.

धवलीभूत mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Become white. E. धवल, and भूत become, च् aff.

धवलीपल n. (-लः) The white esculent water lily. E. धवल white, and लत्पल a lotus.

धवाणक m. (-कः) Air, wind. E. धृ 'to agitate, (the leaves or trees, &c.) and वाणक Una'di aff.

धवित n. (-वः) A Pank'ha' or fan, made of antelope's skin, and used especially for blowing a sacrificial fire, E. धृ to agitate, इव aff.

धा (ङ, झ, ञ) डधाञ् r. 3rd cl. (दधाति-धत्ते) 1. To hold or support. 2. To nurture, to maintain. 3. To give. 4. To have, to possess. With अन्तु and सम् prefixed, To search after. With अन्ति, To cover. With अभि, 1. To speak, to speak to or address. 2. To promulgate. 3. To show. With अभि and सम, To overcome. With अन्तु, 1. To be careful. 2. To attend to. With आङ्, To take, to receive. With उप and आङ्, To support. With उप, 1. To uphold. 2. To do, to perform. With नि, 1. To take up or hold up. 2. To place in or upon. 3. To be born or produced. 4. To hold. With परि, To assume, to put on, as clothes, &c. With प्र and नि, 1. To hold or support. 2. To elevate or exalt, to dignify. 3. To admit. With प्र, 1. To be chief or first. 2. To send. With प्रति and वि, To do, to perform. With वि, 1. To do, to execute, to act. 2. To act conformably to religious ordinances, to execute the precepts of the Vedas. 3. To choose, to select. 4. To provide. 5. To order or direct. 6. To promise. 7. To give. With वि and अन्तु, To hide, to veil, to conceal. With सम, 1. To place, to place firmly, to fix. 2. To unite to combine, to hold together. 3. To shoot at a mark. With सम and प्र, To doubt, to discuss; (also with प्रति and सम्) With आङ्, To instruct, to teach. With सम and नि, To place or have near at hand. In the causal with उप, To understand, जुहीयां उभं सकं अनिट् ।

धा m. (-धाः) 1. A possessor, a holder, a container, &c. 2. A name of BRAMHA'. 3. VRIHASPATI E. धा to have, affix च् ।

धाक m. (-कः) 1. An ox. 2. Food. 3. Boiled-rice. 4. A post. E. धा to have or hold, Una'di affix क ।

धाटो f. (-टी) advancing towards or confronting an enemy.

धातक m. (-कः) A weight of gold, a coin of metal, the division of a Dina'r. E. धा to contain, Una'di affix आणक ।

धातकी f. (-की) A tree, (*Grislea tomentosa*.) E. धा to have, affix लुच्, तन् inserted.

धातु m. (-तुः) 1. A principle or humour of the body, as phlegm, wind, and bile. 2. Any constituent part of the body, as blood, flesh, &c. 3. A primary or elementary substance, viz earth, water, fire, air and A'ka'sa or atmosphere. 4. The property of a primary element viz. odour, flavour, colour, touch, and sound. 5. An organ of sense. 6. A mineral, a fossil. 7. A metal. 8. A grammatical root; in Sanskrit this radical performs no other office, and cannot be used as a word without undergoing some change. E. धा to possess, to contain, (life, substance, &c.) तन् aff.

धातुकाशोश n. (शः) Red sulphate of iron. E. धातु mineral, and काशोश the green sulphate.

धातुघ्न n. (-घ्नः) Sour gruel, prepared from the fermentation of rice-water. E. धातु chyle, and घ्न destroying; also similar compounds.

धातुनाशन n. (-नः) Sour gruel: see the last. E. धातु, and नाशन injuring. धातुं नाशयति नश-णिच् लृ । खर्षादि धातुमारको, काश्चिके च ।

धातुप m. (-पः) The alimentary juice or chyle. E. धातु an essential constituent of the body, and प what cherishes. धातुं पति पा-क ।

धातुपुष्पिका f. (-का) A plant: see धातुपुष्पिका; also धातुपुष्पी ।

धातुभृत् m. (-त्) 1. A mountain. 2. A robust man. mfn. (-भृत्) Promoting the animal secretions. E. धातु a mineral, and भृत् what contains.

धातुमालिक n. (-कः) A mineral substance, a sulphurate of iron. E. धातु mineral, and मालिक the same substance.

धातुमारिणी f. (-णी) Borax. E. धातु a metal, मृ to perish, in the causal form, णिनि and डीप् affixes; the borate of soda is generally used in India as a flux. धातुं मारयति मृ णिच् णिनि डीप् (सीङ्गाया)

धातुराजक m. (-कः) Semen, the seminal fluid. E. धातु animal fluid, &c. राज chief, कन् added. धातुषु राजते राज-खल् धातुनां राजा टच् सं सो क वा ।

धातुवज्जम n. (-जः) Borax. E. धातु, and वज्जम a friend, a flux.

धातुवादिन् m. (-दी) An assayer, a miner, a mineralogist. E. धातु a mineral, वद to speak or describe, affix णिनि ।

धातुवैरिन् m. (-री) Sulphur. E. धातु a metal, and वैरिन् an enemy: tarnishing metallic lustre, &c.

धातुशेखर m. (-रः) Green sulphate of iron, or green vitriol. E. धातु a mineral, and शेखर crest or chief.

धातुपल m. (-लः) Chalk. E. धातु a mineral, and उपल stone.

धातु m. (ता) 1. A name of BRAMHA'. 2. A title of VISHNU'. 3. A father, a parent. f. (-दी) 1. A mother. 2. A foster-mother, a nurse. 3. The earth. 4. Emblic myrobalan. mfn. (-वा-वो-वः) 1. A cherisher, a protector, fostering, nourishing, 2. Having, containing, possessing, a possessor, &c. E. धा to have, to nourish, &c. affix लृच् ।

धातुपुत्र m. (-त्रः) A saint, also called SANATKUMA'RA. E. धातु BRAMHA, and पुत्र the son.

धातुपुष्पिका f. (-का) A tree, (*Grislea tomentosa*, Rex.) E. धातु chenshing, पुष्प a flower, डीप् added, धातुपुष्पी and कन् added; also without the pleonasm, धातुपुष्पी f. (-षी).

धातिका f. (-का) Emblic myrobalan. E. कन् added to धाती ।

धातौपुत्र m. (-त्रः) 1. An actor. 2. A foster-brother. E. धातौ a nurse, and पुत्र a son.

धातौफल n. (-लः) The fruit of the emblic myrobalan. E. धातौ phyllanthus emblica, and फल fruit.

धातैवी f. (-वी) 1. A sort of confidante, a foster-sister so employed. 2. A wet-nurse. E. धातु a nurse, टक् affix, fem. affix डीप् ।

धाना f. plu. (-नाः) 1. Fried barley or rice. sin (-नः) 1. Coriander, (*Coriandrum sativum*) 2. Grain fried, and reduced to powder. 3. A bud, a shoot. E. धा to nourish, न Una'di aff.

धानाका f. plu. (-काः) Fried barley or rice. E. धाना as above, कन् added.

धानाचूर्ण n. (-र्णः) The meal or flour of fried barley, rice, &c. E. धाना fried grain, चूर्ण powder, dust.

धानौ f. (-नौ) 1. Coriander. 2. A granary, a receptacle. 3. The site of a habitation. 4. The name of a river. 5. What has or contains, used in composition, as राजधानौ a royal capital, having the king's presence, मत्स्यधानौ a net, &c. E. धा to have, affix युच्, fem. affix डीप् ।

धातुक् m. (-कः) A bowyer, an archer. E. धनुस् a bow, टक् affix f. (-का) A tree, (*Achyranthes aspera*.) E. धनुक् an archer, चच् affix, and fem. affix टाप्, or धनुस् a bow, टक् aff.

धातुय m. (-यः) A bamboo. E. धनुस् as above, अच् aff.

धानेय n. (-यः) Coriander, (*Coriandrum sativum*.) E. धन grain, &c. aff. खाये टक्; also with कन् added, धानेयक.

धान्या f. (-या) Small cardamoms, एलायाम् ।

धान्य n. (-न्) 1. Corn in general, but especially rice, (*Orizasetiva*.) 2.

Coriander. 3. A measure equal to four Sesamum seeds. **भ.** भा to nourish (mankind), Una'di affix यत्, and रुद् augment. **भानि** पीयूषे साधु यत् ।  
**भानक** n. (-कः) Coriander, (C. sativum) **भ.** कन् added to भाक्; also भानक and भान्याक.  
**भानकल** n. (-लः) Bran, chaff, straw. **भ.** भाक्, and कल् dirt or sediment.  
**भानकीटक** n. (-कः) A granary, a basket, A cupboard or small shed of matting, &c. for keeping rice. **भ.** भाक् rice, कीट a granary, and कन् added.  
**भानकमस** m. (-सः) Rice flattened by threshing after it has been steeped and fried in the husk. **भ.** भाक् grain, and मस a sort of cake.  
**भानधेनु** f. (-नुः) A heap of rice to be presented to Brahmans. **भ.** भाक्, and धेनु a cow.  
**भानमाय** m. (-यः) A corn-seller, &c. **भ.** भाक् grain, मा to measure, यच् aff. भाक् माति मा-यच् युक् वा ।  
**भानराज** m. (-जः) Barley. **भ.** भाक्, and राजा king. **धवे** ।  
**भानवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Abounding in corn, having abundance of it. **भ.** भाक्, and वत् poss. aff.  
**भानवईन** n. (-नः) Lending grain at interest; receiving a usurious return for a loan of corn seed supplied to the peasants. **भ.** भाक् corn, वईन increasing.  
**भानवीज** n. (-जः) Coriander. **भ.** भाक्, and बीज seed.  
**भानवीर** m. (-रः) A sort of pulse, (Phaseolus max.) **भ.** भाक्, and वीर best. **भावे** (कसाई) ।  
**भानवीर्यक** n. (-कः) The ear or spike of corn. **भ.** भाक्, with वीर्यक the top or head.  
**भानसंग्रह** m. (-हः) A store or magazine of grain. **भ.** भाक्, and संग्रह collection.  
**भानसार** m. (-रः) Grain after threshing. **भ.** भाक् corn, and सार essence.  
**भान्याक** n. (-कः) Coriander. **भ.** स्याच् added to भान्याक ।  
**भान्याकल** m. (-लः) A pile of grain for presentation to Brahmans. **भ.** भाक्, and अकल a mountain.  
**भान्याक** n. (-कः) Sour gruel made of from the fermentation of boiled rice-water. **भ.** भाक् rice, and अकल sour.  
**भान्यारि** m. (-रिः) A rat. **भ.** भाक्, and अरि a foe.  
**भान्यार्थ** m. (-र्थः) Wealth in rice or gain. **भ.** भाक्, and अर्थ wealth.  
**भान्यास्त्रि** n. (-स्त्रिः) Grain after threshing. **भ.** भाक्, and अस्त्रि a bone.  
**भान्योत्तम** m. (-मः) Rice. **भ.** भाक्, and उत्तम best. **भान्योत्तमः** ।  
**भान्न** n. (-नः) 1. The body. 2. A house, a dwelling. 3. Dignity, consequence, eminence. 4. Spirit, pride, especially martial pride, heroism. 5. Light, splendour, radiance. 6. A ray of light. 7. A place, a spot, a country. 8. Birth. **भ.** भा to contain, (life, a tenant, &c.) and नञिन् aff.  
**भाननिधि** m. (-धिः) The sun. **भ.** भान light, निधि a nest or receptacle.  
**भाननी** f. (-नी) Any tubular vessel of the body : see धमनी.  
**भानवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Splendid, luminous, 2. Eminent, exalted, illustrious. 3. Heroic. **भ.** भानन्. and वत् aff.  
**भानार्जव** m. (-वः) 1. A tree, (Achyranthes aspera.) 2. A plant, a sort of Ghosha', with white flowers. **भ.** भानन् a dwelling, मार्ग a road, व to go or approach, affix क्, deriv. irr. or भानोर्जवे वाति वा-क् ।  
**भाय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Having, possessing, or who has or possesses. **भ.** भा to have, यच् aff.  
**भायस्** mfn. (-याः-यः-यः) An upholder. **भ.** भा to have, &c. असुन् Una'di affix ; also with a final vowel added, भायस्.  
**भाय** m. (-यः) A Purohit or family priest. f. (-या) A prayer for exciting fire, upon the addition of fuel. **भ.** Irregularly derived from धी to contain, with यच् aff. or more correctly. वा-कर्मणि यच्-युक् ।  
**भार** n. (-रः) Water derived from rain. m. (-रः) 1. A sort of stone. 2. Debt. 3. Slight springing rain. 4. Frost. 5. End, bound, a line or limit. 6. A deep place, a depth. f. (-रः) 1. A horse's pace,

as the trot, canter, &c. 2. The van of an army. 3. The sharp edge of a sword or any cutting instrument. 4. The flowing, running, oozing, or distilling &c. of any liquid, the motion of a fluid, stream, current, &c. 5. Offspring. 6. A leak, a flaw, a hole in pitcher &c. 7. Excellence. 8. The wheel of a carriage. 9. A garden wall or fence, a hedge, &c. 10. The edge of a mountain. 11. Quantity, multitude. 12. A heavy shower falling in large drops, or hail. 13. Fame. 14. Likeness. 15. Custom, usage. 16. The capital of Bhoja. 17. Pouring a stream of water upon an image to get rid of a fever. **भ.** भृ to fall, to uphold &c. in the causal form, and चिच् and अच् affs. भारया इदम् अच् ।  
**भारक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what holds or contains, a vessel or receptacle of any kind. m. (-कः) A water pot. **भ.** भृ to have, क्त्वा aff.  
**भारव** n. (-वं) Holding, having, keeping, maintaining. f. (वा) 1. Continuance in rectitude, keeping in the right way. 2. Fortitude, firmness, steadiness, resolution. 3. A particular religious exercise ; keeping the mind collected, the breath suspended, and all natural wants restrained ; steady, immoveable abstraction. 4. Mental retention, memory. 5. Understanding, intellect. 6. Believing, conviction. 7. Certainty, conclusion. 8. Positive precept or injunction. 9. Debt. f. (-वी) 1. Any tubular vessel of the body. 2. A mystical verse or charm, or collection of such verses, among the Bauddhas. 3. A row or line. **भ.** भृ to hold, (purpose, intent, virtue, &c.) affix झुट्, or भावे युच् aff.  
**भारक** m. (-कः) A debtor. **भ.** भारव a debt, कन् aff.  
**भारवीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be held or retained, to be adhered to. **भ.** भृ to hold, वनीयच् aff.  
**भारय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Who or what has or possesses. **भ.** भृ to have, causal form, यच् aff.  
**भारयत्** mfn. (-यन्-यती-यत्) 1. Having, possessing. 2. Acquainted with, versed in. 3. Holding as doctrine, believing, maintaining. **भ.** भृ to have, यच् aff.  
**भारयिणी** f. (-नी) The earth. **भ.** भृ to contain, in the causal form, यच् aff.  
**भारकदन्तक** m. (-कः) A sort of Kadamba tree. **भ.** भारकदन्तक पुष्पवति कदम्बे ।  
**भारादुर** m. (-रः) 1. Thin rain. 2. Hail. 3. Advancing before an army by way of defiance to an enemy. **भ.** भारा rain, and अदुर shoot or sprout.  
**भाराक** m. (-कः) 1. A sword, a scimitar. 2. A place of pilgrimage. **भ.** भारा the edge of a sword, &c. and अक body.  
**भाराट** mfn. (-टः-टा) 1. The Chataka, (Cuculus melanoleucos.) 2. A horse. 3. A cloud. 4. A furious elephant. **भ.** भारा rain, &c. अट who goes, affix चच् । भाराये अटति भारया वा अटति अट-अच् ।  
**भाराज्जि** f. (-जिः) The sound of falling rain or of the flowing of any fluid. **भ.** भारा, and ज्जि sound. [भर what has.  
**भाराधर** m. (-रः) 1. A cloud. 2. A sword. **भ.** भारा rain or an edge, and भारायन् n. (-यः) A scent bottle, a sprinkling vase or ewer, a sort of censer. **भ.** भारा, and यन् an instrument. भारायाः प्रक्षवायं यन्म् । (कीवारा)  
**भारावनि** mfn. (-निः-निः) Air, wind. **भ.** भारा thin rain, वन् to sough, affix क्. भाराया अवनिर्विव । वायी ।  
**भाराविष** m. (-वः) A crooked sword, a scimitar, a sabre. **भ.** भारा, and विष poison ; whose edge is as fatal as venom.  
**भारायु** n. (-युः) A flood of tears. **भ.** भारा, and अयु a tear.  
**भारासम्पत्** m. (-नः) A hard shower, a heavy fall of rain. **भ.** भारा rain, सम् implying quantity or accumulation, and पत falling.  
**भारासार** m. (-रः) A heavy fall of rain, a large drop or shower. **भ.** भारा and सासार sprinkling.  
**भारिणी** f. (-नी) 1. The earth. 2. The silk cotton tree, (Bombax heptaphyllum.) **भ.** भृ, and णिनि aff.  
**भारित** n. (-तः) A horse's trot ; also भारितकः : see धीरितकः.  
**भारिन्** mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) 1. Having, holding, keeping, possessing. 2.

- Edged. m. (-रो) A sort of tree: see वीरु. ३. वारा an edge, &c. चिनि aff. or धार चरुं वीरुलेन वलि चरु। वीरु वीरु।
- धाव mfn. (-वः-वः) Who drink, or sucks, a drinker, a sucker. ३. वे to drink, व affix, form special. पानशीले जटाधरः।
- धार्शराष्ट्र m. (-ष्ट्रः) A sort of goose, with black legs and bill. 2. A kind of snake. 3. DURYODHANA or any other descendant of DHUHTARA'SHTRA. ३. धृतराष्ट्र the name of a king or a bird, &c. and चरु affix of descent.
- धार्मिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) Virtuous, pious, just. ३. धर्म virtue, affix उक्।
- धाय mfn. (-यः-यः-य) 1. To be born or upheld, to be contained. &c. 2. To be kept or detained. ३. धृ to hold, खल aff.
- धार्यमाय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Being held, maintained, &c. ३. धृ to uphold, pass. v. धारय aff.
- धार्यमायल n. (-ल) Property. ३. ल added to the last.
- धाट्ट n. (-ट्ट) Boldness, confidence, arrogance. ३. धृटि bold, and चरु aff.
- धाव (व) धावु r. 1st cl. (धावति-ते) 1. To go or move. 2. To run. 3. To cleanse. 4. To be clean or pure. With चतु. 1. To know. 2. To run after. With चभि prefixed. To approach, to come before. With चाक्, To alight. With परि, To run fast. With वि, To shed or sprinkle. With सन् and उप, To run to meet. अने घट्टी चक. घट्टिकरणे संमार्जने च सक्. भा० उभ० सेट्।
- धावक mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Running, going, swift, expeditions. 2. Cleansing, what cleans or cleanses. ३. धाव to go, चरु aff.
- धावन् mfn. (-वन्-वन्-वन्) Running, going quickly. ३. धाव to go, घट्ट aff.
- धावन n. (-न) 1. Going, motion. 2. Cleansing, purifying. f. (-निः or वी) A sort of creeping plant, (Hedysarum lagopodioides.) ३. धाव to go to cleanse, affix छट् or चनि fem. affix वीप्.
- धाविका f. (-का) A prickly nightshade: see कट्टकारी. ३. कट्ट added to धावनी implying similitude.
- धावित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Purified, Clean, cleansed. 2. Gone, gone or run away. 3. Run to, advanced to or against. ३. धाव to clean, affix ल, with टट augment, or without the augment वीत.
- धावल् m. (-लः) A mountain. ३. धा to uphold, Una'di affix चसुन् and घट्ट augment; the word is considered as peculiar to the Vedas.
- धि r. 6th cl. (धियति) To have hold, to keep, to possess. तुदा० प० सक्. चनित्।
- धिक् ind. An interjection of reproach or menace, (fie, shame, shame, &c.) ३. धिक् to annihilate, धिक्न aff.
- धिवार m. (-रः) Disrespect, reproach, censure, contempt. ३. धिक् fie, and कार making.
- धिवृत् mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Cursed. 2. Reproached, reviled, censured, condemned. ३. धिक् fie, and कृत made.
- धिवृत्वा f. (-वा) Reproach. ३. धिक् fie, and क्रिया making.
- धिवृत्पादय m. (-यः) Excessive abuse. ३. धिक्, and पादय violence.
- धिवृत् r. 1st cl. (धिवृते) 1. To kindle. 2. To be weary. 3. To live. सन्दीपने सक्; क्षेत्रे जीवने चक० भा० चा० सेट्।
- धिवृत् mfn. (-यः-या) A man of a low caste sprung from a Bra'hman, and a female of the tribe called Ayogava.
- धिवृत् m. (-वृत्) Reprimand, censure. ३. धिक्, and दण्ड punishment.
- धिवृत् mfn. (-वृत्-वृत्-वृत्) Deceptive, wishing to trick or deceive. ३. दण्ड to cheat, desid. v. सन् उ aff.
- धियावृत्ति m. (-तिः) 1. A Jina or Jainia deified saint. 2. The soul. ३. धी the understanding, in the seventh case, and पति master.
- धिवृत् (वृ) धिवृत् r. 1st and 5th cls. (धिवृति) 1. To please, to satisfy. 2. To be pleased or satisfied. 3. To go or approach: this verb takes च, and substitutes च for the final, whence its unusual form for the first class, in the instance given. धीवने चक० मती च सक्. सा० पर० सेट्, इति। सार्वभौमिके धिः चादिभ्यः।
- धिवृत् r. 3rd cl. (धिवृति) To emit sound. जु० प० चक० सेट्।

विश्व m. (-वः) 1. A name of VRIHASPATI. 2. Any Guru or spiritual preceptor. f. (-वा) The understanding, the intellect. ३. वृत् to be presumptuous, Una'di affix च, and विश्व substituted for the root.

विश्व See विश्व।

विश्व See the next.

विश्व n. (-वः) 1. A place, a spot, a country. 2. A house. 3. A star, asterism. 4. Fire. 5. Power. strength. m. (-वः) A name of AGNI, the deity of fire. 2. A name of SUKRA, regent of VENUS. ३. वृत् to be proud or overbearing, deriv. irr.; or more correctly. वृत्-वृत्ति, the word is also written विश्व or विश्व।

वी (वी क) वीचीक r. 4th cl. (वीयते) 1. To contain, to hold. 2. To light to disregard or despise. 3. To accomplish. With चनर, To disappear, to become invisible. दिवा० वा० सक्० चनित्।

वी f. (वीः) Understanding, intellect. ३. वी to meditate, affix क्प, the final diphthong rejected, and the semi-vowel changed to its congener व, which becomes long. से-सन्ध-वावे-क्प।

वीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Drank, sucked. ३. वे to drink, participial affix, and the form irr. चनादते चारयिते च।

वीति f. (-तिः) Thirst. ३. वे to drink, affix क्प, and the radical vowel changed to ई.

वीदा f. (-दा) 1. A virgin, a maiden. 2. Understanding, intellect वि ददाति दा-क।

वीद्वि n. (-वः) An intellectual organ, as the mind, the eye, the ear, the nose, the tongue, and skin. ३. वी the intellect, वीद्वि an organ of sense in general.

वीमन् mfn. (-मन्-मन्-मन्) Sensible, wise, learned. m. (-मान्) A name VRIHASPATI, the preceptor of the gods. ३. वी wisdom, understanding मनुष्य possess. aff. वी चलि चस।

वीर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Wise, sensible, learned. 2. Firm, steady, consistent, determined. 3. Cool, collected. 4. Head-strong, self-willed, uncontrollable. 5. Lazy, dull, slow. 6. Strong, powerful. 7. We behaved, decorous, decent. 8. Gentle, steady, (as a breeze.) Deep, (as a sound) m. (-रः) 1. A name of BALI, a celebrated prince. 2. The ocean. mn. (-रः) Saffron. f. (-रा) 1. A drug also वाक्वी. 2. A woman who, although jealous of a husband lover, suppresses all expression of resentment in his presence. वी understanding, रा to possess, च affix; or वी with ईर to go affix चच; or वी to possess, कन् Una'di aff. विश्व राति रा-क। विश्वरीर ईरचच् वा। उप० स।

वीरल n. (-लः) 1. Firmness, fortitude. 2. The feminine property of suppressing violent expression of jealousy. ३. वीर firm, steady, a ल; also with तल् affix वीरता.

वीरप्रज्ञान n. (-ज्ञः) The hero of a poem or play who unites all qualities. ३. वीर, and प्रज्ञान calm.

वीरललित m. (-तः) The hero of a poem or play, who is firm and brave but reckless and inconsiderate. ३. वीर and ललित sportive.

वीरलल m. (-लः) A buffalo. ३. वीर strong, लल a shoulder.

वीरवीरा f. (-रा) A mistress or wife, who having cause for jealousy pursues a middle conduct between the suppression and expression of resentment. ३. वीरा and वीरा joined.

वीरीदान m. (-नः) The hero of a poem or play whose characteristics are benevolence and fortitude. ३. वीर, and दान liberal.

वीरीवत m. (-तः) The hero of a poem or play who is deficient in meanness. ३. वीर and वत haughty.

वीरल f. (-लः) A daughter. लट-वाक्वीती दन्-विद्या कर्मणा लटिः।

वीरन् m. (-न) 1. A brazier. 2. A fisherman. ३. वृ to hold, Una'di कनिन् and च changed to ई.

वीर m. (-रः) A fisherman. f. (-री) 1. A fisherman's wife. 2. A so harpoon for catching fish with. ३. वी to hold or gain, (ई Una'di affix चरच्.



धीरज्ञि f. (-निः) An intellectual faculty or power of the understanding, as attention, comprehension. &c. म. धी the intellect, and ज्ञि power.

धीरज्ञ m. (-ञः) 1. A counsellor, an adviser, a minister. 2. A tutor or friend. म. धी the understanding, and ज्ञि a friend.

धीरज्ञि m. (-ञः) 1. A counsellor, a minister. 2. A friendly or prudent adviser. म. धी the intellect, and ज्ञि a friend.

धु (ञः) धृज्. r. 7th cl. (धुनोति-धुनते) To shake, to agitate : see धृ कप्पने चक. धाने सकं खादि० उभ० चनिट् ।

धु f. (-युः) Shaking, trembling. म. धु to shake भावे वु aff.

धु r. 1st cl. (धुचते) 1. To kindle. 2. To be weary 3. To live. भा० धा० चक० चनिट्.

धुत mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Abandoned, deserted, left. 2. Shaken, agitated, (as leaves by wind, &c.) म. धु to shake, affix क्त.

धुतपाप mfn. (-प-पा-पं) Purified from sin. म. धुत shaken, पाप sin.

धुनन n. (-नं) Shaking, agitation. म. धु to shake, affix लृ, also धुनन &c.

धुनान mfn. (-न-ना-नं) Shaking, agitating. म. धु to shake, ज्ञानच् aff.

धुनि f. (-निः) A river ; see the next.

धुनी f. (-नी) A river. म. धु to go, affix क्त् fem. affix डीप् ; the affix is sometimes considered as निक् leaving नि, which makes धुनि ut sup.

धुनीनाथ m. (-थः) The ocean. म. धुनी and नाथ lord.

धुसुमार m. (-रः) 1. The name of a sovereign ; also named Kuvalaya'swa. 2. An insect, (Coccinella.) 3. The smoke of a house. 4. A house.

A house lizard म. धुन smoke reiterated, च्च to go, affix चच्, deriv. irr. or धुश्चं सारवति-मारि-चच्-उप-च० ।

धुनत् mfn. (-वन्-वन्-वन्) Shaking, agitating. म. धु to shake, वट् aff.

धुनान mfn. (-न-ना-नं) Shaking, agitating. म. धु to shake, ज्ञानच् aff.

धुर f. (-युः) 1. The fore part of a carriage, the pole or the path where the yoke is fixed. 2. Agitation, trembling. 3. Reflection, recollection. 4. A spark of fire. 5. A burthen, a load. 6. A part, a portion. 7. Wealth. 8. A name of the Ganges. म. धुर्च hurt, affix क्त्, and व rejected ; also with टाप् added, धुरा ।

धुरधर mfn. (-र-री-रं) 1. Bearing a burthen. 2. Bearing, (figuratively,) laden with good qualities, heavy duties, &c. m. (-रः) 1. A beast of burthen. 2. A man of business. 3. A tree, (Grislea tomentosa.) म. धुर a burthen, and धृ to have, affix लृच् । लृचिङ्गलः ।

धुरा f. (-रा) A burthen, a load. म. धुर्च to hurt, affixes क्त and टाप् ।

धुरीच mfn. (-च-चा-चं) Bearing, (as a burthen.) 2. Charged with, abounding with, (qualities, duties, &c.) m. (-चः) 1. A beast of burthen. 2. A man of business. म. धुरा burthen, लृच् aff.

धुरीय mfn. (-य-या-यं) 1. Fit for a load, suited to a burthen 2. Charged with important duties. m. (-यः) 1. A beast of burthen. 2. A man of business. म. धुर, and लृच् aff.

धुर्य mfn. (-य्य-य्य-य्यं) Fit for a burthen, adopted to it, &c. m. (-य्यः) 1. A beast of burthen. 2. minister, a charged affairs. 3. A house. म. धुर a burthen, यत् aff.

धुर्व (र) खि r. 1st. cl. (धुर्वति) To kill or hurt : भा० प० सक० सेट् ।

धुर्वेष्ट mfn. (-ष्ट-ष्ट-ष्टं) Bearing a load, a burthen. m. (-ष्टः) 1. A beast of burthen. 2. A minister, a charged affairs. म. धुर्व and वष्ट who bears ; also धुरावष्ट ।

धुवका f. (-का) The introductory stanza to a song, forming afterwards the burthen of each verse. (धुवा) म. धु to agitate, कृन् Unadi aff.

धुवन m. (-नः) A title of AGNI. म. धु to agitate, affix कृन् ।

धुवित्र n. (-त्रं) A sort of fan made of deer skin, and used especially to excite a sacrificial fire. म. धु to agitate, व्रन् affix also चवित्र.

धुल्लर m. (-रः) Thorn apple, (Datura fastuosa :) see the next.

धुल्लर m. (-रः) Thorn apple, (Datura fastuosa :) म. धुल् to make handsome, affix क्त्, लृच् to be mischievous, affix क्त् ; elegant but deleterious : the vowels are also both made short, as धुल्लर, or both remain long, as in धुल्लर also written धुल्लर ।

धु [धृ] (ञ) धृज्. r. 5th cl. (धुनीति-धुनते) r. 6th cl. धृवति r. 9th cl. (धुनाति धुनिते) r. 1st and 10th cl. धवति-ते-धावयति-ते or धुनयति To shake or agitate, to make tremble ; with चच्, prefixed, 1. To abandon, to quit 2. To perceive. With निच् 1. To destroy. 2. To go or move. With वि to make tremble or agitate. खा० क्त्, खादि० उभ० सक० चनिट् । उभ० पचे तुदा० कृ० पर० सक० सेट् ।

धुक m. (-कः) 1. The air or wind. 2. A rogue, a cheat. 3. time. म. धु to agitate, कृन् Unadi affix, and the vowel made long.

धुक् r. 1st cl. (धुचते) 1. To live. 3. To kindle. 3. To be disinterested.

धुत mfn. (-त-ता-तं) 1. Shaken, agitated. 2. Reproached, reviled. 3. Abandoned, deserted. 4. Judged, discriminated. f. (-ता) A wife. म. धु to shake, &c. affix क्त ; this root also forms धुन with the same aff.

धुतपाप mfn. (-प-पा-पं) Pure, free from sin. म. धुत shaken, पाप sin.

धुन mfn. (-न-ना-नं) 1. Distressed by heat or thirst. 2. Shaken, agitated. म. धु to shake, affix क्त, form irr. धृ-क्त-धादि० तस्य-नः ।

धुनक m. (-कः) Resin ; it is sometimes read धुचक.

धुनन n. (-नं) Shaking, agitating. म. धु to shake, affix भावे लृच् ।

धुनि f. (-निः) Shaking, agitating. म. धु to agitate, affix क्त्, and त changed to न. धुभावे क्त्-धादि-तस्य नः ।

धूप r. 1st cl. (धुपायति) To heat. r. 10th cl. (धूपयति-ते) 1. To speak. 2. To shine. तापे चक० तापने सक० भा० प० सेट् । दीप्ती धु० उभ० चक० दीपने सक० सेट् ।

धूप m. (-पः) Incense, the aromatic vapour that proceeds from the combustion of any fragrant gum or resin, the use of which is authorized by scripture. म. धूप to heat, affix चच्. धूपयति रीमान् दीपान् वा ।

धूपन m. (-नः) 1. Resin. 2. Incense. म. धूप to heat, affix लृच्.

धूपवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A species of pine, (Pinus longifolia.) म. धूप incense or resin so used, and वृक्ष a tree ; also with कृन् added, धूपवृक्ष.

धुपाक m. (-कः) Turpentine. म. धूप, and चक्त् a part.

धुपायित mfn. (-त-ता-तं) 1. Suffering pain or fatigue. 2. Incensed, perfumed with incense. म. धूप (to heat, &c.) affix क्त, चाय inserted, or the passive form with the same aff. [form.

धुपिका f. (-का) Mist, fog. म. धूप incense, कृन् affix of resemblance, fem.

धुपित mfn. (-त-ता-तं) 1. Suffering pain or fatigue. 2. Scented, perfumed, incensed. म. धूप to heat, affix क्त.

धुन m. (-नः) 1. Smoke. 2. Scent. म. धु to agitate, Unadi affix कृन्.

धुनकोतन m. (-नः) 1. Kṣ'rtu, the personified descending node. 2. Fire or its deity. म. धुन smoke, and कोतन a symbol.

धुनकोतु m. (-तुः) 1. A comet or falling-star. 2. Fire. 3. The personified descending node. म. धुन smoke, and कोतु a mark or symbol.

धुनध्वज m. (-जः) Fire. म. धुन smoke, and ध्वज a sign or symbol.

धुनप्रभा f. (-भा) A division of hell, the hell of smoke. म. धुन, and प्रभा what shines.

धुनमहिषी f. (-ही) Fog, mist. म. धुन smoke, महिषी a buffalo.

धुनयोनि m. (-निः) A cloud. म. धुन smoke, and योनि womb ; what is engendered from smoke or vapour.

धुनल mfn. (-ल-ला-लं) Of a purple colour. m. (-लः) Purple, a colour compounded of black and red. म. धुन smoke, and ल what is, being of the hue of smoke. धुनं लाति लाक ।

धुनसंहति f. (-तिः) A cloud or quantity of smoke. म. धुन, and संहति collection.

धुनवी f. (-वी) A cake of pulse steeped in water, and dried in the sun.

धुनाकार mfn. (-र-रा-रं) Of the form or appearance of smoke. म. धुन, and आकार form.

धुनाम mfn. (-म-मा-मं) Of a purple colour. m. (-मः) Purple. म. धुन smoke, and नाम resembling ; of a smoky hue.

धुनावलि f. (-लिः) A wreath or cloud of smoke. म. धुन, and आवलि a line.

धुनिका f. (-का) Fog, vapour. म. धुन smoke, and कृन् affix of resemblance.

धृतीर्षा f. (-र्षा) The wife of YAMA. E. धूम smoke, and कर्ण wool ; of a smoky hue, and woolly-headed, a Caffree, Proserpine.  
 धृतीर्षापति m. (-तिः) YAMA, the ruler of the dead. E. धृतीर्षा as above, and पति husband.  
 धूया f. (-या) A quantity of smoke. E. धूम with य affix, implying aggregation.  
 धूयाट m. (-टः) The fork-tailed shrike. E. धूया much smoke, and चट who goes, E. धूया इव चटति चट् चच् ।  
 धूस mfn. (-सः सा-स) Of a purple or smoky colour. m. (-सः) Purple, the colour ; a compound of red and black. n. (-सः) Sin, vice, wickedness. E. धूम smoke, रा to get, affix क, deriv. irr.  
 धूसक m. (-कः) A camel. E. धूस smoky, कन् affix ; of a smoky or tawny hue. धूस इव कायति कै-क ।  
 धूसलीचन m. (-नः) A pigeon. E. धूस dark, लीचन the eye.  
 धूसवच् mfn. (-वच्) Of a purple colour. E. धूस, and वच् to shine, affix क्तिप्.  
 धूसवच् mfn. (-वच्-र्षा-र्षा) Of a smoky hue. m. (-वच्) Incense. f. (-र्षा) Flame, or one of the seven tongues of AGNI or fire. E. धूस smoky or purplish, and वच् colour.  
 धूसाक्षि m. (-क्षिः) A pearl of a bad colour. E. धूस smoky, क्षि an eye.  
 धूसाट m. (-टः) The fork-tailed shrike. E. धूस smoky, and चट who goes.  
 धूसाम m. (-मः) Air, wind. E. धूस smoky, धूम who shines.  
 धूसिका f. (-का) The Sisu tree. E. कन् added to धूस, fem. form.  
 धूसमान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Agitated, shaken. E. धू to shake, pass. v. शानच् aff.  
 धूर (इ.) धूरी r. 4th cl. (धूरते) 1. To kill or hurt. 2. To move or approach. वधं गती च दिवां वा० सक० सेट् ।  
 धूर्जटि m. (-टिः) A name of SIVA. E. धूर a burthen, and जटि a collection, from जट् to collect, and इन् affix ; who collects or bears the burthen of the three worlds.  
 धूर्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Fraudulent, crafty, dishonest, knavish ; &c. 2. Mischievous, injurious. m. (-तः) 1. A gamester. 2. A rogue, a cheat. 3. Thorn apple, (Dhutura.) n. (-तः) 1. Rust or iron filings. 2. Black salt. E. धूर्त to injure, Una'di affix तन्, deriv. irr. धूर वा क ।  
 धूर्तक m. (-कः) 1. A jackal. 2. A cheat, a rogue, &c. E. धूर्त crafty, कन् added. धूर्त इव दवाय कन् ।  
 धूर्तकितव m. (-वः) A gamester. E. धूर्त, and कितव a knave.  
 धूर्तज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः) Dishonest, a knave, a rogue, a cheat. m. (-तः) Thorn apple : see धूर्त E. धूर्त mischievous, and जन् who acts.  
 धूर्तजन्तु m. (-न्तुः) Man. E. धूर्त crafty, and जन्तु an animal ; the subtlest of all animals.  
 धूर्तता f. (-ता) Knavery, roguery, knavishness. E. धूर्त, and तल् affix ; also with ल, धूर्तल.  
 धूर्तनष्टम m. (-मः) A party of rogues or gamblers. E. धूर्त a cheat, and नष्टम a circle.  
 धूर्तमानुषा f. (-षा) A plant : see राक्षा.  
 धूर्तर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Bearing a load or burthen. 2. Managing affairs. m. (-रः) A beast of burthen. E. धूर a burthen, and र bearing.  
 धूर्त्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) Bearing a load, who or what does so. 2. Managing affairs. E. धूर, and य what bears.  
 धूर्त्ति f. (-र्त्तिः) The fore part or pole of a carriage. E. धूर्त to injure, affix-  
 es चच् and डीच् ।  
 धूसक n. (-कः) Poison.  
 धूम m. (-मः-मिः-मिः-मिः) 1. Dust. 2. A number. E. धू to agitate, affix  
 लिच् वा डीप् ।  
 धूलिका f. (-का) Fog or mist. E. धूलि dust, कन् affix of resemblance ; the  
 dust of the atmosphere. धूलिरिव कायति कै-क ।  
 धूलिकुट्टिम n. (-मः) A mound, a rampart. E. धूलि dust or earth, and कुट्टिम  
 prepared ground.

धूलिकुट्टिम m. (-मः) A mound, a rampart of earth. E. धूलि dust, and  
 कुट्टिम a field.  
 धूलिगुच्छक m. (-कः) The red vegetable powder thrown about at the  
 spring festival called the Ho'li. E. धूलि dust, and गुच्छक a nose-  
 gay ; also धूलिगुच्छ m. (-च्छः)  
 धूलिचञ्चल m. (-ञ्चलः) Air or wind. E. धूलि dust, and चञ्चल sign or symbol.  
 धूलिकदम्ब m. (-म्बः) 1. A species of the Kadamba tree, (Nauclea cordi-  
 folia.) 2. Tila, a plant. 3. A tree : see दम्ब (Tapia cratæva.) E. धूलि  
 dust, and कदम्ब Kadamba, whose pollen perhaps resembles that of  
 the Kadamba, or having a similar quantity of blossoms ; also with  
 कन् added धूलिकदम्बक ; these words are also written with a short  
 इ, as धूलिकदम्बक ।  
 धूलिपटव m. (-वः) A cloud of dust. E. धूलि, and पटव a heap.  
 धूस r. 10th cl. (धूसयति-ते) To make splendid or elegant ; also धूस, and  
 धूस । धुरा० धूम० सक० सेट् ।  
 धूस r. 10th cl. (धूसयति-ते) to make splendid or elegant. धुरा० धूम० सक०  
 सेट् । also धूस and धूस ।  
 धूस r. 10th cl. (धूसयति-ते) To embellish, to make splendid or elegant.  
 धूसर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Grey, of that colour. m. (-रः) 1. Grey, (the colour.)  
 2. A jack ass. 3. An oilman. 4. A camel. 5. A pigeon. 6. Any  
 thing of a grey tint. f. (-री) A female Kinnara or chorister of  
 heaven. E. धू to agitate (the mind,) सर Unadi aff.  
 धूसरहवा f. (-वा) A plant commonly Swetara'sna. E. धूसर grey, and ह  
 a leaf, grey-leaved.  
 धूसर m. (-रः) The thorn apple, (Dhutura metel and fastuosa.) E. धूस  
 elegant, and र injurious : see धूसर.  
 धृ (क) धृक् r. 1st cl. (धरते) To fall. r. 6th cl. (ध्रियते) 1. To continue, to  
 remain. 2. To have or hold, (क) धृक् r. 1st cl. (धरति-ते) To have  
 or hold, to keep, to maintain. r. 1st cl. (धरति) To sprinkle. r. 10th  
 cl. (धारयति-ते) To hold. With चप or निच् prefixed, To verify, to  
 make sure or certain. स्थिती चक० धृती सक० धूम० स्वा० चणित् । धूरः वा०  
 चणित् । धुरा० धूम० सक० सेट् ।  
 धृज r. 1st cl. (धृजति) also (इ) धृजि r. 1st cl. (धृजति) To go or move. वा०  
 पर० सक० सेट् । इदिच् च ।  
 धृत् mfn. (धृत्) Who has, holds, possesses, &c. E. धृ to have, क्तिप् aff.  
 धृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Possessed, held, contained. 2. Cherished, sup-  
 ported. 3. Stood, stayed, standing. 4. Alighted, gone down. 5.  
 Placed. 6. Considered, weighed. E. धृ to hold, and क्तिप् aff.  
 धृतकाम्येक्षु mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षुः-क्षुः) Armed with bow and arrow. E. धृत, काम्येक्षु  
 bow, and इक्षु an arrow.  
 धृतपट mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) Covered or overspread with a cloth, &c. E. धृत  
 and पट a cloth.  
 धृतराष्ट्र m. (-ष्ट्रः) A proper name ; DHRTARA'SHTRA, the father of  
 DU'RYO DHANA, and uncle of the Pan'du princes. 2. A goo-  
 king. 3. A Na'ga' or serpent of the lower regions. 4. A kind of  
 bird, perhaps a short of goose : see धार्तराष्ट्र. f. (-री) A goose, the  
 female bird only. E. धृत possessed, cherished, (by whom,) राष्ट्र  
 region.  
 धृतवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) 1. Held, was holding, 2. Having taken or  
 conveyed. धृ to hold, क्तवत् aff.  
 धृतैति mfn. (-तिः-तिः-तिः) Armed. E. धृत, and ऐति a weapon.  
 धृतात्मन् mfn. (-त्मा-त्मा-त्मा) Firm, steady, calm, collected. E. धृत, and आत्मा  
 self.  
 धृताश्व mfn. (-श्वः-श्वः-श्वः) Full of water. E. धृत, and अश्व water.  
 धृति m. (-तिः) Sacrifice, offering, religious rite or ceremony. f. (-तिः) 1.  
 Holding, having. 2. Steadiness, firmness. 3. One of the astrol-  
 ogical Yogas. see धीम. 4. Pleasure. 5. Satisfaction, content.  
 Happiness. 7. A metre ; a stanza of four lines of eighteen syl-  
 ables each. 8. The thirteenth Ma'trika' E. धृ to have &c. aff.  
 क्तिप्.

धृतिमन् mfn. (-मान्-मती-मन्) 1. Firm, steady, calm. 2. content. ३. धृति, and मनुप् aff.  
 धृतिमुष् mfn. (-सुट्) Discomposing, agitating. ३. धृति firmness, and सुष् what steals.  
 धृत् m. (-त्ता) 1. Virtue, morality. 2. A Bra'hman. 3. The sea. 4. The sky. 5. A clever man. 6. A name of VISHN'U. ३. धृ to hold, कृत् affix, तुक् augment.  
 धृत्तरी f. (-री) The earth. ३. धृ to hold, कृत् affix, and तुक् augment.  
 धृत्ता ind. Having taken or held. ३. धृ, and क्ता aff.  
 धृत् r. 5th cl. (जि चा) जिघृषा (धृत्तौति) To be proud, to be confident or presumptuous. r. 1st and 10th cls. (धृतिं धृतिं धृतिं) To overcome, to overbear, to resist impatiently, to be impatient. (धृ) धृत् r. 1st cl. (धृति) 1. To collect. 2. To hurt or kill. (कृ) धृत् r. 10th cl. (धृतिं) To neutralise, paralyse or make powerless. प्रागल्भ्ये स्तां प० चक० सेट् । संवृत्तौ चक० चिंसे सक० आ० प० सेट् । क्रौं धि अभिभवे च वा चुरा लभ० प० चक० सेट् । सामर्थ्यवन् चुरा० आल० चक० सेट् ।  
 धृत् mfn. (-धृ-धृ-धृ) 1. A clever man. 2. A proud one. 3. A heap. ३. धृत् to be confident. Una'di affix कृ.  
 धृत् mfn. (-धृ-धृ-धृ) 1. Impudent, confident, bold, shameless. 2. Forward, intrusive, presumptuous. 3. Secured, obtained. 4. Profligate, abandoned. m. (-धृ:) A faithless husband. f. (-धृ:) A disloyal or unchaste woman. ३. धृत् to be confident, affix धेयत्वे कृ.  
 धृत्तन् mfn. (-धृत्तन्) Confident, impudent, shameless. ३. धृत् to be confident मजिन् aff.  
 धृत्ति m. (-ति) A ray of light. ३. धृत् to be arrogant, नि aff.  
 धृत्त mfn. (-धृ-धृ-धृ) 1. Confident, bold. 2. Impudent, shameless f. (-धृ) The branch of a bamboo. ३. धृत् to be arrogant, affix कृ ।  
 धृ r. 9th cl. (धृत्तौति) To be or grow old.  
 धृ r. 1st cl. (धृ) धृत् (धृति) also (कृ) धृत् (धृति) To drink. आ० प० सक० चनिट् टिन् ।  
 धेन m. (-नः) 1. The ocean. 2. A male river. f. (-ना) A river. ३. धे to drink, Una'di affix नन्-इच् ; what is drunk.  
 धेनु f. (-नुः) A milch cow, one that has lately calved. ३. धे to drink, Una'di affix नु इच् । धयति सुतान्, धीयते पीयते वत्सेवा ।  
 धेनुक m. (-कः) The name of an Asura or demon, killed by KRISHN'A. f. (-का) 1. A she-elephant. 2. A milch cow. ३. धेनु a cow and कृत् aff. धेनुवि "इवे प्रतिज्ञतौ" पा-कृत् ।  
 धेनुकन्द m. (-नः) A name of KRISHN'A. ३. धेनुक a demon, so called, and कन्द the destroyer, also similar compounds, as धेनुकङ्कन्, धेनुकारि &c. सुदि-ल्य ।  
 धेनुकादुग्ध n. (-न्ध्र) 1. Cow's milk. 2. A plant: see चिर्मिट ३. धेनुका and दुग्ध milk.  
 धेनुकारि m. (-रिः) 1. KRISHN'A. 2. small tree, Nage'shwar. ३. धेनुक, and करि a foe.  
 धेनुया f. (-या) A cow at the dairy or tied up to be milked. ३. धेनु a milch cow, यत् affix, and तुक् augment.  
 धेय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be held. 2. Denominated, called. ३. धा to have, यत् aff.  
 धेनुक n. (-कः) A herd of milch cows. ३. धेनुका a milch cow, and ठक् aff.  
 धेय n. (-यः) Steadiness, firmness. ३. धीर firm. अक्त् aff.  
 धेयकलित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Steady, calm, assuming firmness or composure ३. धेय and कलित made.  
 धेवत m. (-तः) The sixth note of the gamut. ३. धी intellect, deriv. irr.  
 धौड m. (-डः) A sort of snake, commonly called Dhond'a, a kind of water-snake. ३. धृ to make tremble, ड aff.  
 धीर (धृ) धीर r. 1st cl. (धीरति) To move well, to be quick or alert, or to have good paces. नती सक० चातुर्थे चक० आ० प० सेट् ।  
 धीर n. (-धृ) 1. A vehicle in general, any means of conveyance, as a horse, an elephant, a car, &c. A horse's trot. 2. Going well or quickly. ३. धीर to move well or quickly, affix धारणे भावे वा कृत् ।

धीरि f. (-रिः) Tradition. ३. धीर to proceed, affix चनि.  
 धीरित n. (-रित) A horse's trot. ३. धीर to go well, affix भावे कृ ; also with कृ added, धीरितक n. (-कः) and with चक् again added, धीरितक.  
 धीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Washed, cleaned, purified. 2. Bright and shining. 3. White. n. (-तः) Silver. ३. धाव् to make clean, affix कृ.  
 धीतकट m. (-टः) A bag of coarse cloth, a sack. ३. धीत washed and कट mat.  
 धीतकोवज n. (-जः) Bleached or wild silk. ३. धीत pure or washed, कोव the cocoon, and ज born.  
 धीतकोमेय n. (-यः) Bleached or wild silk. ३. धीत pure or washed, कोम a cocoon, and ज born.  
 धीतमिल n. (-मिल) Crystal. ३. धीत pure, मिला a stone.  
 धीमक m. (-कः) The name of a district. ३. धूम smoke, ठक् aff.  
 धीरितक n. (-कः) A horse's trot: see धीरितक.  
 धीरेय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Fit for burthen, capable of taking or bearing it, (either a vehicle or a beast. &c.) m. (-यः) 1. A beast of burthen. 2. A horse. ३. धूर a burthen, ठक् aff.  
 धीरितक mfn. (-कः-की-क) Belonging to a cheat, knavish, fraudulent &c. n. (-कः) Fraud, dishonesty. ३. धूर्त cheat, ठक् aff.  
 धीय n. (-यः) A horse's trot. ३. धीर to go well, affix अत्.  
 धार r. 1st cl. (धारति) 1. To blow, as a wind instrument, to produce sound by blowing. 2. To blow a fire, to excite fire by blowing. 3. To apply fire. 4. To excite sparks. धासंयुती दीर्घासंयुती मन्-नेदि चक० तादृशमन् वादने सक० आ० प० चनिट् ।  
 धाकार m. (-रः) A blacksmith. ३. धा blowing, from धा to blow, affix कर्तरि चक् and कार who makes.  
 धाव (धृ) r. 1st cl. (धावति) 1. To desire. 2. To crow or caw: see धाव and धाव । धावाङ्क सक०, धीररवे चक०, आ० प० सेट्, इदिन् ।  
 धाव m. (-वः) 1. Any aquatic bird. 2. A crow, &c. ३. धाव् to crow or caw, चक् affix; more usually read धाव, q. v. also read धाव ।  
 धात (-तः-ता-त) 1. Inflamed, excited. 2. Blown into or up, inflated. 3. Blown by a bellows, (a fire, &c.) ३. धा to blow, &c. affix कृ.  
 धानम् m. (-मा) 1. Measure 2. Light. 3. Meditation. ३. धा to blow or breathe, Una'di affix मजिन् ।  
 धायमान mfn. (-मः-मा-म) 1. Being melted or refined. 2. Being inflated. ३. धा to blow, धायच aff.  
 ध्यात mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Thought, meditated. ३. ध्ये to meditate affix कृ.  
 ध्यातव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) To be thought or reflected upon. ३. ध्ये to think, तव्य aff.  
 ध्यान n. (-नः) 1. Meditation, reflection, but especially that profound and abstract consideration which brings its object fully and undisturbedly before the mind. 2. Mental representation of the personal attributes of the divinity to whom worship is addressed. ३. ध्ये to meditate, affix भावे कृट् ।  
 ध्यानयोग n. (-गः) The performance of religious abstraction. ३. ध्यान meditation, &c. योग a religious observance. ध्यानमेव योगः ।  
 ध्यानपर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Meditating, reflecting. ३. ध्यान, and पर engaged in.  
 ध्यानतपर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Reflecting. ३. ध्यान, and तपर absorbed in.  
 ध्यानीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be meditated upon. ३. ध्ये to think, and धनीयर् aff.  
 ध्यान् mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Black. n. (-नः) 1. A fragrant grass. 2. A plant, (Artemisia.) ३. ध्ये to think, कर्मणि चक्त् aff. गन्धर्व, मदनहर्ष, रीचि-द्वयेच ।  
 ध्यानम् n. (-नः) Meditation. m. (-मा) Measure. ३. ध्ये to meditate, and भावे मजिन् aff.  
 ध्यानसूत्र mfn. (-त्रः-त्रा-त्र) Having dishevelled hair. [त्रा aff.]  
 ध्यायत् mfn. (-यत्-यती-यत्) Thinking of, meditating upon. ३. ध्ये to think, ध्येय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be meditated or pondered. ३. ध्ये to meditate, कर्मणि यत् aff.

असि r. 1st cl. (आयति) To recollect, to call to mind, to meditate, to think; with the preposition नि, to see, to look, to look out for. भा० प० सक० चणिट् ।  
 अज r. 1st cl. (अजति) To go; also (इ) अजि r. 1st cl. (अजति) To go or move. भा० प० सक० सेट् ।  
 अण r. 1st cl. (अणति) To sound, as a drum or other instrument. भा० प० सक० सेट् ।  
 अम r. 1st cl. (अमयति) To throw or toss up. (उ) उअस r. 9th cl. (अमयति) To glean: the root is by some authorities read उअस । अमो उअम सक० सेट् । कणश्च आदाने कणादि० पर० सक० सेट् ।  
 आच (इ) आचि r. 1st cl. (आचति) 1. To utter the sound of birds or to crow, caw, &c. 2. To desire: see आच भा० प० सक० सेट् इदिट् ।  
 आख (इ) आखि r. 1st cl. (आखति) 1. To be dry or arid. 2. To adorn. 3. To suffice, to be able or competent. 4. To refuse, to prevent. भा० प० सक० सेट् । [सेट् ।  
 आच r. (इ) आचि r. 1st cl. (आचते) To be able or competent. भा० प० सक० सेट् ।  
 आनि f. (-जिः) A whirlwind, a gale. इ अज् to go, गती वा भावे इन् Una'di affix, and the radical vowel made long.  
 आड (इ) आडि r. 1st cl. (आडति-ते) To divide, to split, to cut or pierce. भा० प० सक० सेट् ।  
 आडि m. (-डिः) gathering flowers. इ. आड् to divide, affix इन् ।  
 भुज r. 1st cl. (भुजति) To go or move. भा० प० सक० सेट् ।  
 भ्रियमाच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Being held or sustained. 2. Being withheld, checked, suppressed. &c. इ चृ to hold, passive v. शानच् aff.   
 भ्रु r. 1st cl. (भ्रुवति) r. 6th cl. (भ्रुवति) 1. To be firm or fixed. 2. To go or move. गती भा० प० चणिट् । तदा० क० प० चणिट् । स्त्रिये चक० संपणे सक ।  
 भ्रव r. 6th cl. (भ्रुवति) 1. To stand, firm. 2. To go or move. भ्रुच् ।  
 भ्रु mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. External. 2. Fixed, stable, firm. 3. Continual, permanent. 4. Certain, ascertained. 5. Spread, extended. m. (-वः) 1. A name of BRAMHA. 2. SIVA. 3. VISHN'U. 4. The polar star or north pole itself; in mythology, personified by DHṚUVA, the son of UTTA'NARA'DA, and grandson of the first MANU. 5. The pole of any great circle, particularly either of the celestial poles. 6. (In Astronomy,) The distance of a planet from the beginning of the syderal zodiac. 7. Any epoch to which a computation of dates is referred. 8. One of the demi gods called VASUS. 9. The trunk of a lopped tree. 10. The Indian fig tree, (Ficus Indica.) 11. One of the twenty-seven astronomical Yo'gas, or the Yo'ga star of the twelfth lunar asterism, supposed to be Leonis. 12. A sort of bird: see शराटि. n. (-वः) 1. Ascertainment, certainty. 2. Logic, reasoning, discussion. 3. Heaven. f. (-वा) 1. A sacrificial vase made in the shape of the Indian fig leaf, and of the wood of the Flacourtia sapida. 2. A plant, (Hedysarum gangeticum.) 3. A small tree from the fibres of which bow strings are made: see सूत्रा. 4. The introductory stanza of a song: it is distinct from the verses of the song, after each of which it is again repeated as a burden or chorus. 5. A virtuous woman. इ. भ्रु to be fixed affix चच् ।  
 ध्रुवक m. (-कः) 1. The trunk of a lopped tree. 2. Longitude. f. (-का) The introductory stanza and burden of a song: see ध्रुवा इ. कन् added to the preceding.  
 ध्रु r. 6th cl. (ध्रुवति) 1. To be firm, to stand fast. 2. To go or move.  
 ध्रुक् (इ) ध्रुक् r. 1st cl. (ध्रुक्ते) 1. To sound. 2. To grow or increase. 3. To be exhilarated or elevated with joy. 4. To manifest elevation or hilarity by noise. भा० प० सक० सेट् ।  
 ध्रु r. 1st cl. (ध्रुयति) To be satisfied or pleased. भा० प० सक० चणिट् ।  
 ध्रुव n. (-वः) Firmness, fixedness. 2. Duration. इ. ध्रुव and अच् aff.   
 अंस (उ) अंसि r. 1st cl. (अंसते) 1. To fall down. 2. To reduce to powder. 3. To go.  
 अंस m. (-सः) Loss, destruction. f. (-सी) A mote in a sun-beam. इ. अंस to fall, affix भावे चच् ।

अंस n. (-नः) 1. Perishing, dying. 2. Loss, destruction. 3. Going Falling. इ. अंस to fall down, affix भावे ल्युट् । णिच् ल्यु ।  
 असित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Lost, destroyed. 2. Vexed, incensed. इ. अंस fall down, क् aff.   
 असिन् mfn. (-सी-सिनी-सि) 1. Destructive, destroying. 2. Suffering perishing. m. (-सी) A Pila tree, said to grow in mountainous tracts. इ. अंस to fall, and णिच् aff.   
 अज r. 1st cl. (अजति) also (इ) अजि r. 1st cl. (अजति) To go, to m. भा० पर० सक० सेट् ।  
 अज m. (-जः-ज) 1. A flag or banner. 2. A mark, a sign or sym. 3. The penis. 4. The upper part of a skull carried on a stick a penance for the murder of a Bra'hman. 5. A house situated the east of any object. 6. A flag-staff. 7. (In Prosody,) An I. bio. m. (-जः) 1. A distiller. 2. Pride. 3. Hypocrisy, fraud. इ. to go, affix चच् ।  
 अजद्रुम m. (-नः) The palm tree. इ. अज a banner, द्रुम a tree.  
 अजप्रहरण m. (-णः) Air or wind. इ. अज a flag, and प्रहरण who seizes  
 अजभङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. Impotence. 2. Fracture or fall of a banner इ. 1 and भङ्ग breaking.  
 अजवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Having a mark or sign. m. (-वान्) 1. An sign, a standard-bearer. 2. A distiller, a vender of spirituous liqu. 3. A Bra'hman who having slain another carries the skull of murdered man with him to places of pilgrimage by way of p. ance. इ. इ. अज as above, सत्पत् affs.   
 अजराजिन् mfn. (-जी-जिनी-जि) Bearing or displaying ensigns. इ. 1 and राज् to shine, णिच् aff.   
 अजायक m. (-कः) A flag. इ. अज, and अयक a cloth.  
 अजिन् mfn. (-जी-जिनी-जि) Having a flag or sign, &c. m. (-जी) 1. Bra'hman. 2. A mountain. 3. A car or carriage. 4. A snake. 5. horse. 6. A peacock. 7. A distiller or vender of spirituous liqu. 8. A standard bearer. 9. An armiger, one having an emblem sign. f. (-जी) An army. इ. अज symbol, इणि aff.   
 अजीकरण n. (-णः) 1. Raising a standard. 2. Taking an emblem &c. Making any thing a plea or setting up as a claim or right. इ. अज and करण making, णिच् augment.   
 अजीयान n. (-नः) The twelfth day of the light half of Bha'dra, a festi in honour of INDRA. इ. अज a flag, and अयान elevating.  
 अण r. 1st cl. (अणति) To sound. भा० प० सक० पर० सेट् ।  
 अण r. 1st cl. (अणति) r. 10th cl. (अणयति-ते आणयति) To sound. भा० प० सक० सेट् । अदः अणो उअम सक० सेट् ।  
 अण m. (-नः) Sound इ. अण् to sound, चच् affix: see आण ।  
 अणत् mfn. (-नन्-नली-नत्) Sounding, making a noise. इ. अण् sou शह aff.   
 अणसीदिन् m. (-दी) The humble bee. इ. अण sound, and सीदिन् w delights.  
 अणयत् mfn. (-यन्-यसी-यत्) Sounding, resounding, echoing with. इ. 1 to sound, शह aff.   
 अणि m. (-निः) 1. Sound. 2. Figurative or poetical style. 3. The sou of a drum. इ. अण् to sound, इन् aff.   
 अनियह m. (-हः) 1. The ear. 2. Hearing. इ. अणि sound, यह t recipient.   
 अनित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Sounded, making a noise, as a drum, &c. Poetical, figurative, rhetorically expressed. इ. अण् to sou affix क् ।  
 अनिलास f. (-ला) 1. The Vina or lute. 2. A pipe, a fife. 3. A sort trumpet. इ. अणि sound, and नाला a hollow tube.  
 अनिविकार m. (-रः) Change of voice, through fear, grief, &c. इ. अण sound, विकार change.  
 अण mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Fallen. 2. Destroyed, perished, lost. इ. अंस fall, affix कर्त्तरि क् ।

1. (र) आचि r. 1st cl. (आचि) 1. To utter a cry peculiar to birds, as to croke, caw, &c. 2. To desire. आ० प० सक० सेट० इदिन् ।  
 आचि m. (-इ) 1. Any aquatic bird, as a crane, a gull, &c. feeding upon fish. 2. crow. 3. One of the Na'gas. 4. A beggar. f. (-इ) 1. A drug : see काकीली. 2. A female imp or fiend. इ. आचि to cry, affix च्च ; it and its derivatives, may also be read आच, &c.  
 आचिपुट m. (-ट) The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. इ. आचि a crow, and पुट fostered.  
 आचिराविन् mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) Having a voice like a crow. इ. आचि a crow, and रवि sound, affix चिनि.  
 आचिराति m. (-ति) An owl. इ. आचि a crow, and चिराति an enemy.  
 आचिली f. (-ली) A medicinal plant : see काकीली.  
 आचि m. (-नः) Sound in general इ. आचि to sound, भावे च्च aff.  
 आचि n. (-नः) Darkness. इ. आचि to sound, क affix deriv. irr.  
 आचिवि m. (-वि) The fire-fly. इ. आचि darkness, and वि wealth.  
 आचिविश्व m. (-वः) 1. A sort of Cassia, (C. fistula) 2. The sun or any luminous body. इ. आचि darkness, and विश्व averse to.  
 आचिराति m. (-ति) The sun or any luminous body. इ. आचि darkness, and चिराति an enemy.  
 आचिनीय m. (-यः) The fire-fly. इ. आचि darkness, and चिनीय twinkling.  
 च. r. 1st cl. (चरति) 1. To bend, to make crooked. 2. To kill. 3. To describe. भा० पर० चक० चनिट् ।

## न

- न The twentieth consonant of the Deva Na'gri Alpha'bet, corresponding with the letter N.  
 न mfn. (नः-ना-न) 1. Thin, spare. 2. Vacant, empty. 3. Identical, same, like. 4. Unvexed, unwearied 5. Undivided, unbroken. m. (नः) 1. A Baudd'ha, a follower of Budd'ha. 2. Binding, tying. 3. One who is praised. 4. A name of GANESA. 5. War. 6. Giving, a gift. 7. Good, welfare, prosperity. 8. A jewel. f. (ना) 1. The navel. 2. A musical instrument. 3. Knowledge. ind. 1. No, not, a particle of prohibition. 2. A particle of comparison. 3. A particle of negation, annihilation, &c. इ. नी to obtain, or नह् to bind, &c. ड aff.  
 ननु mfn. (-दः द्रा-द) Small-nosed. इ. नह् the nose, नु small.  
 ननु mfn. (-कः-की-क) Injurious, destructive. इ. नह् to destroy, युक्त्वा Una'di affix and नु inserted.  
 ननु mfn. (-ट्ट-ट्टो-ट्ट) An injurious, destructive. नह् to destroy, affix ट्ट and नु inserted.  
 ननु n. (-ट) The nose.  
 ननु mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Disgraced, rejected from a family or race. m. (-लः) 1. The Bengal mungoose, (Viverra ichneumon) 2. A proper name, NAKULA, the fourth of the five Pa'n'du princes. 3. A son. 4. A name of SIVA. f. (-ली) 1. Silk cotton tree, 2. Indian spikenard. 3. A sort of perfume : see शङ्खु. Saffron. 4. The letter न as used in the Tantras. इ. न not, कुल race or heap, fem. affix डीय.  
 ननु m. (-यः) 1. A Bhairava, an attendant on or emanation from SIVA. 2. The letter न as used mystically in Tantras. इ. नकुल, and इय master.  
 नकुल f. (-ट) A plant : see राचा. इ. नकुल an ichneumon, and इट wished ; the mungoose, if wounded in a coult with a poisonous snake, is supposed to prevent the effects of the venom by the use of this plant ; also नकुलट्टा.

- नख r. 10th cl. (नखति-ने) To destroy or annihilate. चुरा० उभ० सक० सेट्.  
 नख n. (-नः) Night. इ. नह् to be ashamed, क aff.  
 नख m. (-कः) 1. Dirty or ragged cloth. 2. A rag, a wiper, a handkerchief, &c. इ. नह् to be ashamed or modest, affix तन् and कन् added ; also लकन.  
 नखचरिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Going or moving about at night. m. (-री) 1. A cat. 2. An owl. 3. A goblin. 4. A thief. इ. नख by night, चर to go, चिनि aff.  
 नखचर mfn. (-रः-रो-र) Going at night. m. (-रः) 1. A goblin, a demon. 2. A tree, the Bdellium tree : see गुगुलु. 3. An owl, 4. A thief. इ. नख by night, and चर who goes. नख रात्रौ चरति चर-ट ।  
 नखभोजन n. (-नः) Supper. इ. नख night, भोजन food.  
 नखन् ind. By night, at night. इ. नह् to be ashamed, तनिन् aff.  
 नखमाल m. (-मः) A tree, (Galedupa arborea, Rox.) इ. नख by night, चल् to ornament, चाङ् prefix and चच् affix ; blossoming at night. करङ् इच् । नखम् वा चलति चल्-चच् ।  
 नखमुखा f. (-खा) Night. इ. नखम् by night, उह् to produce, affix क । नखमखा मुखमाद्यभागीः ।  
 नखव्रत n. (-वः) 1. Fasting by day and eating at night. इ. नख and व्रत vow.  
 नख n. (-कः) The upper timber of a door-frame. nf. (-कः-का) The nose. f. (का) A string of bees or wasps m. (-कः) A crocodile. इ. न not, कम् to go affix ड. न कामति दूरस्थानम् ।  
 नकराज m. (-राट्) or नकराज m. (-जः) A shark, but applied also differently : see दाह. इ. नख a crocodile, and राज् or राज king.  
 नखन n. (-नः) 1. A star in general. 2. An asterism in the moon's path or lunar mansion, of which twenty-eight, distinct in name, figure, and number of stars, are enumerated ; the Pourn'ic and popular enumeration of those constellations is twenty-seven ; Abhijit, the twenty-eighth, being considered as formed of portions of the two contiguous asterisms, and not distinct from them 2. A pearl. इ. नह् to go, Una'di, affix चन् or चद् Sautra root, to injure, or चर् to drop, or ची to waste or decay, with the negative prefix, and इन् affix ; deriv. irr. न चोयते चरते वा ।  
 नखचक्र n. (-कः) 1. A particular diagram for astrological calculations 2. The lunar asterisms collectively. इ. नख and चक्र a circle.  
 नखचनेमि m. (-मि) 1. The moon. 2. The pole-star. 3. VISHNU. f. (-मि) The last of the asterisms, Re'vati, containing thirty-two stars. इ. नख a star, and नेमि circumference.  
 नखचप m. (-पः) The moon. इ. नख and च who cherishes.  
 नखचमाला f. (-ला) 1. A necklace containing twenty-seven pearls. 2. The table of the asterisms in the moon's path. 3. A kind of dance. इ. नख a constellation, and माला a garland.  
 नखचेश m. (-शः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. इ. नख an asterism, and ईश lord.  
 नख r. 1st cl. (नखति) To move भा० पर० सक० सेट् ।  
 नख mf. (-खः-खी) A finger nail. m. (खः) A part, a portion. nf. (-खं-खी) A perfume, a dried substance, of a brown colour, and of the shape of a nail ; apparently, a dried shell-fish, used as a perfume. f. (-खी) A vegetable perfume, different from the one above, though known by the same name, NAK'h'i. इ. न privative, ख sense ; or नह् to bind ख Una'di affix, the radical ह rejected. नखम् किङ्गम् च ।  
 नखकट m. (-टः) A barber. इ. नख a nail, and कट who cuts, (barbers in India trim the nails, नखं कटति कुट्ट-कुट्टे चण् उप० सं ।  
 नखखादिन् mfn. (-दो-दिनी-दि) Who or what eats with nails or talons. इ. नख, and खादिन् eating.  
 नखदारण m. (-णः) A falcon. इ. नख a nail, and दारण tearing. [mark.  
 नखपद n. (-पद) A scratch, the mark of a finger nail. इ. नख, and पद a  
 नखमिन् mfn. (-मि-मिनी-मि) Torn, or torn off with a nail. इ. नख, and मिन् divided.

नखमुच m. (-चः) A bow. E. नख a nail, मुच to let loose, क aff.  
 नखम्यच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) What scalds the nail. E. नख, and पच to cook, खश् aff. सुच् च ।  
 नखर m. (-रः) A finger nail. f. (-रौ) A perfume; see नखी. E. न net, खन् to go, and उर affix; or नख a nail, रा to go or be, affix उ. or नखं राति-रा + क ।  
 नखरसनी f. (-नी) A nail-parer. E. नख. and रसनी beautifying.  
 नखरायुध m. (-यः) 1. A lion. 2. Any beast of prey. 3. A cock. E. नखर a nail, आयुध a weapon.  
 नखलेखा f. (-खा) A scratch E. नख, and लेखा a line.  
 नखविलेख m. (-खः) A scratch. E. नख, and विलेखा a mark.  
 नखविक्षिर mfn. (-रः रा रं) What tears or rends, (as a bird of prey, &c.) E. नख, and विक्षिर what scatters.  
 नखव्रण n. (-वः) A scratch. E. नख, and व्रण a wound.  
 नखग्रह m. (-हः) A small shell. E. नख a nail, ग्रह a shell, one as small as a nail.  
 नखीय m. (-यः) Elegance of the finger nails. E. नख, and चय a ray.  
 नखाङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A scratch, a mark of the nail. 2. A sort of perfume. E. नख a nail, and अङ्ग a mark.  
 नखायुध m. (-यः) 1. A tiger. 2. A lion. 3. A cock. 4. Any beast or bird having talons. E. नख, and आयुध a weapon.  
 नखालि m. (-लिः) A small. E. नख a nail, and अलि a line; also नखालिका  
 नखाशिन m. (-शी) An owl. E. नख a nail, and अशिन who eats, using its claws in feeding.  
 नखिन् mfn. (-खी-खिनी-खि) Nailed, clawed, having nails or talons. E. नख, and इनि aff.  
 नन m. (-नः) 1. mountain. 2. A tree. E. न not, नन् to go, affix उ, immoveable; or दह् to burn, Unadi affix न, न rejected, and द changed to न.  
 नगज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Mountain, mountaineer. m. (-जः) An elephant. E. नग a mountain, and ज born.  
 नगया f. (-या) Heart pea, (Cordiospermum halicacabum.)  
 नगनन्दिनी f. (-नी) The goddess DURGA. E. नग mountain, and नन्दिनी a daughter, being in one of her characters the daughter of Hima'laya, the snowy mountain personified.  
 नगपति m. (-तिः) Him'alaya, the personified range of snowy mountains dividing India from Ta'rta'ry, &c. E. नग mountain, and पति lord.  
 नगभिद् m. (-द्वोर-न) 1. A plant, (Plectranthus scutellaroides.) 2. An axe, a crow. 3. INDRA. E. नग, and भिद्, what breaks. नगं भिनत्ति भिद्-क्लिप् इत० स ।  
 नगभू mfn. (-भूः-भूः-भू) Mountain, mountaineer. E. नग, and भू born. नगे भवति-भू-क्लिप् ३त० स ।  
 नगमूर्धन् m. (-र्धः) The crest or brow of a mountain. E. नग, and मूर्धन् forehead.  
 नगर nf. (-र-री) A town, a city. E. नग a tree, or according to some, a mountain, रज् affix; having trees or houses like mountains. नगा इव प्रासादाः सन्ति अत आ० र ।  
 नगरघात m. (-तः) An elephant, E. नगर a city, and घात who destroys or subverts. नगरं हलि अमन्य कर्तुं कर्त्तव्यं न टकं बाधित्वा अण् ३प० स० । इति नि हन-भावे घञ्, इत० । नगरस्थलीकस्य हनने च ।  
 नगरजन m. (-जः) Towns-folk, citizen. E. नगर, and जन people.  
 नगरस्थ mfn. (-स्थः-स्था-स्थ) City, citizen. E. नगर, and स्थ who or what stays.  
 नगरस्वरूपिणी f. (-णी) A species of the Anushtubh metre.  
 नगरीयक m. (-कः) A crow. E. नगरी, and यक a crane, the town-crane.  
 नगरीपाल n. (-कः) Suburb, skirts of the town E. नग, and उपाल vicinity.  
 नगरीयधि (धी) f. (-धिः) The plantain. E. नगर a city, and धीयधि a medication.  
 नगाटन m. (-नः) A monkey. E. नग a mountain, अट् to go, affix जुट्.  
 नगाधिप m. (-पः) Hima'laya; see नगपति. E. नग a mountain, and अधिप a lord; also नगाधिराज, &c.

नगाश्रय mfn. (-यः-या-ये) Living in or frequenting mountains. E. नग, a श्रयश्रय abode. इलिकन्दहचे, पर्वतवासिनि ।  
 नगीच्छाय n. (-यः) The elevation of a mountain. E. नग and उच्छाय height  
 नगीकस m. (-काः) 1. A bird in general 2. A lion 3. A fabulous animal see ब्रह्म. 4. A crow. E. नग a tree, a mountain, and कीकस a house or dwelling.  
 नग mfn. (-यः-या-य) Naked. m. (-यः) 1. A naked mendicant. 2. Baud'dha. 3. A bard. f. (-या) A naked woman. E. नज् to be hamed, affix कर्त्तरि क्त.  
 नगक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Naked. E. कन् added to the last.  
 नगजित् m. (-जित्) The name of a king, father of one of KRISH'NA's wife E. नग Baud'dha, and जित् who conquers.  
 नगत्व n. (-त्वः) Nudity, nakedness. E. त्व added to नग; also with तत् नगता.  
 नगदू mfn. (-दूः-दू) Ferment, a drug used to throw the mixture of spirituous liquor into fermentation. E. नग naked, and दू to cal affix क्लिप्, what is called for by the bare-faced, shameless, &c.  
 नगट m. (-टः) 1. A naked man, but especially a kind of religious mendicant, who wanders about without clothes. 2. A Baud'dha. 3. Jain. E. नग naked, and अट who goes; also with कन् added नगटन नग एव अटति अट-अण् सार्धे क अट-अण् लृ वा ।  
 नगिका f. (-का) 1. A girl before menstruation or about ten years old 2. A naked woman. E. नग naked, संशयां कन् added: and the fem from, see नगक ।  
 नगीकरण n. (-णः) Stripping, undressing. E. नग, and करण making, णि augment.  
 नगीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Undressed, stripped, naked. E. नग, and कृत made, क्ति aff.  
 नज (चो ई) चीनजी r. 6th cl. (नजते) also (र, ची) चीनजि r. 1st cl. (नजते) To be ashamed, to be modest or bashful. तुदा० आ० अक० सेट् भा० इदिच् च ।  
 नज् ind. A particle of negation, prohibition, &c. (no, not :) see च and न ।  
 नट r. 1st and 10th cls. (नटति नाटयति-ने) 1. To dance, to dance as an actor, to act 2. To drop or fall. 3. To shake, to move slightly. 4. To injure. 5. To shine. भू० प० चुरा० उभ० अक० सेट् ।  
 नट m. (-टः) 1. A dancer, a mime, an actor, a Nata, &c. in modern times in caste, the son of a degraded Kshetriya by a woman of the second caste. 4. A sort of reed, (Arundo tibialis, or latterly called A. karka, Roxburgh's Catalogue;) also नड and नल. 5. A subordinate mode of music. f. (-टि) A sort of shrub, (Caesalpinia bonducella.) f. (-टौ) 1. A medicinal plant; see नली. 2. A whore. 3. A Nautch-girl, a dancer, an actress. 4. Red arsenic; see नली. 5. A Ra'gini. E. नट् to dance, affixes अच्, and टाप् or डीप्; otherwise, नज् to destroy Un'adi affix उट्, &c.  
 नटन n. (-नः) The art or act of dancing, pantomime, &c. F. नट् to dance affix भावे ल्युट् ।  
 नटनारायण m. (-यः) A Ra'ga or mode of music, according to some, the sixth, or to others, a subdivision of Di'paka or of Me'gha. E. नट, and नारायण VISHN'U: the supreme with dancers, &c.  
 नटपण् n. (-णः) Skin.  
 नटपत्रिका f. (-का) The egg-plant (Solanum melongena.)  
 नटमण्डन m. (-नः) Yellow orpiment. E. नट an actor, and मण्डन adorning; dying theatrical raiment. नटं मण्डयति-मण्डि-अण् इतितालि ।  
 नटवर m. (-रः) A chief dancer or actor. E. नट, and वर best.  
 नटसंयक m. (-कः) 1. Yellow orpiment, 2. An actor, a dancer, &c. E. नट an actor, संयक a name, affix कन् । नोदनाख्यहरितालि ।  
 नटश्रेष्ठ m. (-ष्ठः) A chief or excellent dancer or actor. E. नट, and श्रेष्ठ best.  
 नटालिका f. (-का) Shame, modesty, E. टन dancing, and अल destroying, affixes कन् and टाप्; it is also read नटाशिका ।

नदी m. (-रः) A name of SIVA, न. नट a dancer, and ईश्वर a deity, the god of the dancers.

नट r. 1st cl. (नटति) To be thick or impervious. r. 10th cl. (नाटयति-ते) To fall off or from, भ्रंशे भा. पं. चुरा. उभ. चक. सेट्.

नट (ल) m. (-रः-लः) 1. A sort of reed, (Arundo tibialis, or karka;) also नल. 2. A particular tribe whose employment is making a sort of glass bracelets. न. नट् to be thick, affix चच्. नल दन्ते चच् वा उल्ल-लः।

नटकोय mfn. (-यः-वा-यः) Abounding in reeds, (a field, &c.) न. नट a reed, छ affix, and कुक् augment.

नटप्राय mfn. (-यः-वा-यः) Abounding in reeds. न. नट, and प्राय 'abundance'.

नट (ल) नीन m. (-नः) A small fish, a kind of sprat haunting reedy places. न. नट a reed, and नीन a fish. "चिन्नी" मत्स्ये।

नटसंहति f. (-तिः) A quantity of reeds. न. नट, and संहति assemblage; also any analogous compound.

नटय mfn. (-यः-वा-यः) Lovely, beautiful, desirable. न. नट here said to be mental anxiety, derived form नट् to fall off or from, हन् to destroy, affix ड।

नद्या f. (-या) A quantity of reed. न. नट a reed, affix यत्.

नटुन् mfn. (-डान्-डुती-डुत्) Reedy, abounding in reeds. न. नट, and मतुप् aff.

नटुन mfn. (-नः-वा-नः) Reedy, abounding in reeds. न. नट, and डुलच् aff.

नटुपु f. (-यः) A house or hut of reeds. न. नट, and भू being, with चाक् prefixed.

नत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Bent, bowed, reclining. 2. Crooked, curved. n. (-तः) 1. The arc or distance of any planet from the Zenith. 3. A plant or its root: see तनर and तनरमूल. न. नत् to bow or bend, affix कर्चि-क्त।

नतनाडिका f. (-का) Any hour of birth, after moon or before midnight. न. नत, and नाडिका a period of twenty-four minutes.

नतनासिक mfn. (-नः-का-नः) Flat-nosed. न. नत bowed, and नासिक the nose.

नतभाग m. (-गः) (In Astronomy,) Zenith distance. न. नत and भाग a part.

नतम् mfn. (-भूः-भूः-भूः) Frowning. न. नत, and भू the brow.

नतमुख mfn. (-खः-खी-खः) Down-faced, looking down. न. नत, and मुख the face.

नतमूर्धन् mfn. (-र्धा-र्धा-र्धः) Looking down, hanging down the head. न. नत, मूर्धन् the forehead.

नतमि n. (-मि) Zenith distance, (in Astronomy.) न. नत, and मीमा a degree.

नतङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गी-ङ्गः) Bent, curved, bowed, stooping. f. (-ङ्गी) A woman न. नत, and चङ्ग the body.

नति f. (-तिः) 1. Bending, bowing, stooping. 2. Curvature, crookedness. न. नत् to bow, भावे क्तिन् aff.

नट्ट m. (-ट्टः) A gallinule.

नट् r. 1st and 10th cls. (नटति, नाटयति-ते) 1. To speak or emit sound. 2. To shine: see छद् With वि and चट्, To fill with noise or sound; (इट्) इट्ति r. 1st cl. (नटति) 1. To thrive, to be prosperous, 2. (Usually with चाक् prefixed,) To be happy, to be pleased or delighted. With चमि prefixed, 1. To wish for. 2. To acknowledge or confess. With प्रति, To be thankful. भा. पं. चक. सेट् इट्ति. चुरा.।

नद m. (-दः) A river, applied only to one of which the personification is male, as the Bramhaputra, Sone, Indus, &c. f. (-दी) A river in general; the common personification of rivers being female न. नद to sound, अक्षि चच्, fema, affix ङीप्।

नदन् mfn. (-दन्-दन्-दन्) Sounding, making a sound. न. नद to sound, छट् aff.

नदनदीपति m. (-तिः) The sea, न. नद, and नदी, and पति lord.

नदुन् m. (-नुः) 1. A cloud. 2. A lion. न. नद to sound, चटुक् Una'di aff.

नदीकान्त m. (-क्तः) 1. The ocean. 2. A sort of tree, (Barringtonia acutangula;) see द्विजल. 3. A small tree, (Vitex negundo.) f. (-का) 1.

A creeper. 2. The rose apple, (Eugenia jambu.) 3. A shrub, (Lsea hirta.) न. नदी a river, कान्त loved.

नदीकूल n. (-कूलः) The bank or shore of a river. न. नदी a river, कूल a bank.

नदीकूलप्रिय m. (-यः) A sort of reed, (Calamus rotang.) न. नदीकूल a river bank, and प्रिय fond of; growing on The banks of rivers. जलवेतसे जटाप.।

नदीज mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) Aquatic, water-born. n. (-जः) 1. Antimony. 2. A lotus. m. (जः) 1. A sort of tree, (Pentaptera arjuna) 2. The marshy date tree. 3. A name of BHISHMA. न. नदी a river, and ज born. चञ्जुनहणे, यावनाल हरे, द्विजलहणे भीमो ज।

नदीज्ज mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) One who knows the course of rivers, &c. न. नदी, and ज who knows.

नदीतराङ्गल n. (-लः) A Gha't, a landing place, a ferry. न. नदी a river, तर crossing, and आङ्गल place; also नदीतराङ्गल.

नदीतीर n. (-रः) The bank of a river. न. नदी, and तीर a bank.

नदीन m. (-नः) 1. The ocean. 2. The god of water, VARUN'A. न. नदी a river, and नदी lord.

नदीनालक mfn. (-कः-ना-कः) Watered by rivers, (land, rice, &c.) न. नदी a river, नाद a mother, कन् aff.

नदीरज m. (-यः) The stream or current of a river. न. नदी, and रज going.

नदीवक्र m. (-वक्रः) The bend or arm of a river. न. नदी a river, and वक्र a bend. (वोक्त)।

नदीवेग m. (-गः) The stream or current of a river. न. नदी, and वेग speed.

नदीवेला f. (-ला) The current or stream of a river. न. नदी, and वेला flow.

नदीच mfn. (-चः-चा-चः) 1. Bathing, &c. in a river. 2. One who knows rivers, their depth, course, &c. न. नदी river, चा to bathe, च affix; and च changed to च। नद्या जान् जानति चा-च।

नदीसर्ज m. (-जः) A tree, (Pentaptera arjuna.) न. नदी a river, and सर्ज the Sal tree. नद्या छज्यते चडी छज्-कर्म्मणि-चप्।

नदीवी f. (-वी) A plant, (Premna herbacea, Rox.) न. नदी a river, टक् affix; also नादीवी।

नट mfn. (-टः-वा-टः) 1. Bound, tied. 2. Drawn up, raised. न. नट् to tie, affix कर्म्मणि क्त।

नदी f. (-दी) A leather cord, a thong न. नट् to bind, करसे इन्-ङीप्।

ननन्द f. (-न्दः) A husband's sister, न. न negative, नन्द् to please, चट् Una'di affix; also the penultimate being made long, ननान्द।

ननु ind. 1. A particle of interrogation, (how, what.) 2. Of affirmation, (certainly.) 3. Of assent. 4. A consolatory and kind expression. 5. A vocative particle, (ho, hola.) or one implying kindness, conciliation, (pray, good friend, &c.) 6. An inceptive particle, implying doubt or dissent, (may be, but, on the other hand.) 7. A responsive particle. 8. A particle of reproach. न. न negative, नुद् to send or command, affix डु।

ननुच ind. An inceptive particle, implying doubt, dissent, or contradiction. न. ननु as above, and च particle. चञ्चय. ननु + च + ससा + च.।

ननय mfn. (-यः-वा-यः) To be saluted, to be revered or honoured. न. नन् to salute, तय aff.

नन्द mf. (-न्दः-न्दी) Happiness, pleasure, felicity. m. (-न्दः) 1. One of KUNVARA's nine inestimable gems or treasure. 2. The cow-herd NANDA, the foster father of KRISHN'A. 3. A name of vishn'p. 4. A prince, the son of MAHA'NANDI. 5. A flute, one eleven inches long. f. (-न्दी) 1. An earthen water jar. 2. The first, sixth, or eleventh day of the fortnight. 3. Prosperity, increase. 4. A husband's sister. f. (-न्दी) INDRA's garden. f. (-न्दा or -न्दी) A name of DURGA'. न. नदि to be prosperous or happy, affixes चच् and टाप् or भावे छच्।

नन्दक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) 1. Rejoicing, making happy or delighted. 2. Cherishing or rearing a family. m. (-कः) 1. Happiness, pleasure. 2. The sword of KRISHN'A. 3. The foster father of KRISHN'A. 4. A frog. न. नदि to make happy, affix चच्।



नन्दि f. (-न्दिः) Long pepper. E. नन्दि to delight, affix इन् वा कुञ् ।  
 नन्दिन् m. (न्दिः) KRISHN'A. E. नन्दि, and इन् aff.  
 नन्दिपिता f. (-ता) A plant; see राखा ।  
 नन्दि m. (-न्दिः) Happiness, felicity. E. नन्दि to be happy, affix चयच् ।  
 नन्दि mfn. (-न्-न्दि-न्) Delighting, rejoicing, making pleased or happy.  
 m. (-न्दिः) 1. A son. 2. A frog. 3. VISHN'U. n. (-न्दिः) INDRA's pleasure ground, elysium. 2. A species of the Dhriti metre. f. (-न्दिः) A daughter. E. नन्दि to be or make happy, affix ल्य ।  
 नन्दनम् m. (-न्दिः) A name of KRISHN'A. E. नन्दि, and नन्दन a son; the Son of NANDA.  
 नन्दनन्दी f. (-न्दिः) A name of DURGA'. E. नन्दि the cowherd NANDA, and नन्दिनी a daughter.  
 नन्दन m. (-न्दिः) 1. A son. 2. A friend. 3. A prince. E. नन्दि to make happy, भञ्च् Una'di aff.  
 नन्दनमाला f. (-ला) A chaplet or garland made by KRISHN'A. E. नन्दन delighting, माला a garland.  
 नन्दयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Making happy, delighting. E. नन्दि to be happy, causal v. ष्ट aff.  
 नन्दयन् mfn. (-न्तः-न्ती-न्) Making happy, rejoicing, delighting. E. नन्दि in the causal form, with भञ्च् aff. [पाल who guards.  
 नन्दपात्र m. (-न्दिः) A name of VARUN'A. E. नन्द KURERA's treasure, and नन्दपुत्री f. (-न्दिः) DURGA'. E. नन्द the cowherd NANDA, and पुत्री a daughter; the goddess becoming incarnate, as the infant daughter of NANDA.  
 नन्दाक्षज m. (-जः) KRISHNA f. (-जा) DURGA' as Yogama'ya'. E. नन्दि as above and आक्षज offspring; see नन्दनन्दन; also नन्दपुत्र, नन्दसुत, &c.  
 नन्दि mn. (-न्दिः-न्दिः) 1. Gambling, gaming. 2. Happiness. m. (-न्दिः) 1. One of SIVA's principal attendants. 2. The speaker of the prologue or prelude to a drama. 3. One who pronounces a benediction. E. नन्दि to make happy, and इन् Una'di aff.  
 नन्दि m. (-न्दिः) Tun, a tree, the wood of which resembles mahogany, and is used for furniture, &c. (Cedrela tunna.) f. (-न्दिः) 1. INDRA's garden or pleasure ground. 2. An earthen water pot. 3. The first, sixth or eleventh day of a fortnight. E. नन्दि with कन् or ठन् aff.  
 नन्दिनेश्वर m. (-न्दिः) 1. One of SIVA's chief attendants. 2. An inferior Pura'na. E. नन्दि INDRA's garden, and ईश्वर master.  
 नन्दिषीष m. (-षः) 1. The car of ARJUNA. 2. The acclaim or proclamation of a panegyrist or herald. E. नन्दि happy, and घोष sound.  
 नन्दिन् mfn. (-न्दि-न्दि-न्दि) Happy, rejoiced, delighted. m. (-न्दिः) 1. The name of one of SIVA's chamberlains, and chief attendants. 2. The Indian fig tree. 3. Parsipal, (Hibiscus populneoides.) 4. The speaker of the prelude or prologue to a drama. f. (-न्दिनी) 1. A name of the goddess PARVATI. 2. GANGA', the river goddess. 3. A husband's sister. 4. A fabulous cow, related to the cow of plenty, and the property of the sage VASISHTHA. 5. The Alaka'landa river. 6. The mother of the writer VYAS'. E. नन्दि happiness, चिन्ति aff.  
 नन्दिनीतनय m. (-यः) A name of VYAS', author of a vocabulary. E. नन्दिनी as above, and तनय a son; also similar compounds, as नन्दिनीसुत, नन्दिनीपुत्र, &c.  
 नन्दिवर्द्धन m. (-न्दिः) 1. SIVA. 2. The last day of either half of the month, the full or new moon. 3. A son. 4. A friend. E. नन्दि happiness, &c. and वर्द्धन increasing. इध-विच् ण् ।  
 नन्दिवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) Tun tree. E. नन्दि pleasure, and वृक्ष a tree; also डीप् being added to नन्दि, नन्दिवृक्ष; or with कन् added, नन्दिवृक्षक ।  
 कीदृशप्रसिद्धि सुगन्धवृक्षभेदे, चक्षुःकारे चौरयुक्ते वृक्षभेदे (तुन्द) गान्धीराष्ट्र-  
 तणे, मेघयज्ञीहस्ते च ।  
 नन्दिट m. (-टः) A bald-headed man. E. नन्दि SIVA's bald-headed attendant, and चट who resembles, deriv. irr.  
 नन्दिमुखी f. (-मुखी) Sleep, drowsiness.  
 नन्दिश m. (-शः) 1. name of NANDI', SIVA's attendant. 2. A name of

SIVA. 3. A species of musical rhythm. E. नन्दी INDRA's garden or नन्दि a proper name, ईश्वर master.  
 नन्दीश्वर m. (-न्दिः) A name of SIVA, &c. : see the last. E. नन्दि SIVA's chamberlain, and ईश्वर master.  
 नन्दीसरस् n. (-न्दिः) A lake or pond in INDRA's garden, E. नन्दी the garden सरस् a piece of water.  
 नन्दावत m. (-न्दिः) 1. A sort of temple. 2. A tree, (Tabernaemontana coronaria :) see तगर. 3. A peculiar diagram. E. नन्दी happiness आवत abode. नन्दी आवती यत् ।  
 नन्दिमानं mfn. (-न्-न्दि-न्) Bending or bowing very low. E. नन्दि to bow intens. form, शानच् aff.  
 नपुंसक mn. (-न्दिः) 1. A eunuch. 2. An impotent or imbecile man. The neuter gender. E. न not. पुंसक male.  
 नमृ m. (-न्दिः) A grandson. f. (-न्दिः) A grand daughter. E. न not, पत् to fall डच् Una'di affix; proping or sustaining the family.  
 नम m. (-न्दिः) 1. The month Sra'vana. 2. Æther, atmosphere. f. (-न्दिः) A spitting pot. 2. The city of the sun. E. नम् to bind, affix न् ; न नमः ।  
 नमःक्रान्तिन् m. (-न्दिः) A lion. E. नमस् a cloud, and क्रान्तिन् who goes whose shape is seen in the clouds.  
 नमःप्राण m. (-न्दिः) Air, wind. E. नमस् atmosphere and प्राण life (breath).  
 नमःसह m. (-न्दिः) A deity. E. नमस् heaven, and सह who travels, from क् to go, with क्तिप् aff.  
 नमःसरित् f. (-न्दिः) The celestial Ganges. E. नमस् heaven, and सरित् river.  
 नमःस्थ mfn. (-न्दिः-स्थ-स्थः) Celestial, aerial, heavenly, ethereal, E. नम् and स्थ what stays; also नमःस्थ ।  
 नमःस्थित mfn. (-न्दिः-ता-त्) Abiding in heaven or in the sky. m. (-न्दिः) A division of the infernal regions, a hell. E. नमस् atmosphere, and स्थित a staying; also नमःस्थित ।  
 नमश्चक्षुस् m. (-न्दिः) The sun. E. नमस् heaven, and चक्षुस् the eye.  
 नमश्चमस m. (-न्दिः) 1. The moon. 2. A variegated cake. 3. Conjuring. E. नमस् heaven, and चमस a short of ladle, &c.  
 नमश्चर mfn. (-न्दिः-ती-र) going in the air or heaven. m. (-न्दिः) 1. A bird. 2. A Vidya'd'hara or demi-god so called. 3. A cloud. 4. Air, wind. E. नमस् heaven, and चर who goes.  
 नमस् m. (-न्दिः) 1. The month Sra'vana, (July-August) 2. A cloud. 3. The rains, rainy season. 4. Smell. 5. The fibres in the root of the lotus. 6. A bird. 7. A grey-headed man. n. (-न्दिः) sky, atmosphere, ether or heaven. E. नम् to injure, to be annihilated, (at the end of the world,) Una'di affix चसन्, or नम् to bind, and न substituted for च् ।  
 नमस n. (-न्दिः) Heaven, sky, &c. see the last. E. नम as above, Una'di affix चसच् ।  
 नमसङ्गम m. (-न्दिः) A bird. E. नमस heaven, गम् to go, affix खच् ।  
 नमसल m. (-न्दिः) The atmosphere. E. नमस् sky, and ल below.  
 नमस m. (-न्दिः) The month Bha'dra, (August-September.) E. नमस् cloud or rain, and यत् aff.  
 नमस्तम् m. (-न्दिः) Air, wind. E. नमस्, and तम् aff.  
 नमाक n. (-न्दिः) Darkness. E. नम् to injure, चाक Una'di aff.  
 नमि m. (-न्दिः) A wheel.  
 नमोगज m. (-न्दिः) A cloud. E. नमस् sky, and गज an elephant.  
 नमोगति f. (-न्दिः) Flying, soaring, going in the air. E. नमस् sky, and गति going.  
 नमोदुह m. (-न्दिः) A cloud. E. नमस् rain, दुह् to milk, affix क् ।  
 नमोदीप m. (-न्दिः) A cloud. E. नमस् rain, दीप an island.  
 नमोधूम m. (-न्दिः) A cloud. E. नमस् sky, and धूम smoke.  
 नमोददी f. (-न्दिः) The celestial Ganges. E. नमस् heaven, and नदी a river.  
 नमोदधि m. (-न्दिः) The sun. E. नमस् sky, नधि a gem.

भीरुप m. (-पः) The Cha'taka, (Cuculus melanoleucos.) E. नमस् sky, चक्षु water, and य who drinks.

भीरुज n. (-जः) Darkness. E. नमस् sky, and रजस् dust.

भीरु f. (-ः) Fog, mist, vapour. E. नमस् sky, and रेचु thin dust.

भीरुय m. (-यः) Smoke. E. नमस् sky, and खव abode.

भीरु mfn. (-लिट्) Lofty, towering, rising to the clouds. E. नमस्, and लिङ् what touches.

भ्य mfn. (-भ्यः-भ्या-भ्यः) Relating to the nave of a wheel, resembling it, &c. E. नम for नाभि, and यत् aff.

भाज् m. (-भाट्) A cloud. E. न negative, भाज् to shine, affix क्तिप्.

न r. 1st cl. (नमति) To bow, to pay obeisance. r. 10th cl. (नमयति-नामयति) To bend, to bow; see चम.

नमत् mfn. (-नम्-नन्ती-नत्) Bending, stooping, bowed. E. नम् to bow, गृह aff.

नमत m. (-नः) 1. A master, a lord. 2. An actor, a mime. 3. A cloud. E. नम् to bow or bend, Una'di affix कर्मणि चतच्.

नमयत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यत्) Bending, directing downward, declining. E. नम् to bow. r. 10th cl. गृह aff.

नमसु ind. 1. Gift, present. 2. Bowing, bending, salutation, obeisance. 3. An inarticulate cry. 4. The term used in connexion with the name of a deity in the fifth case to signify veneration, as रामाय नमः salutation, glory or reverence to RA'MA. E. नम् to bend, and affix चतुन-सच्.

नमस m. (-सः) Agreement, concord. E. नम् to bow, affix चतच्. चतुर्गुले च।

नमसित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Reverenced, respected, worshipped. E. नमस् bowing, क्त्वा affix, and क्त added, य rejected: see नमसित।

नमस्कार m. (-रः) 1. Respectful or reverential address or salutation. 2. A sort of poison. f. (-रौ) A sensitive plant. E. नमस् bowing, and कार making, fem. affix चच्. गीरा० डौच्; or नमस् + क्त + चच्।

नमस्कृता ind. Having saluted reverentially. E. नमस्, and कृता having made.

नमस mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्यः) Venerable, respectable, entitled to salutation or civility. f. (-स्या) Reverence, respect, worship, adoration. E. नमस् respect, क्त्वा aff or नामधातुः नमस्य कर्मणि यत् चक्षोपयज्ञोपी।

नमसत् mfn. (-सन्-सन्ती-सन्) Saluting reverentially, bowing to, paying adoration. E. नमस् nominal verb, to bow, गृह aff.

नमसित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Reverenced, respected, worshipped. E. नमस् respect, affix क्त्वा, and the participial affix क्त; also नमसित।

नमित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Bowed, making salutation or obeisance. 2. Bowed, bent down. E. नम् to bend, causal form, affix णिच् क्त वा क्तः।

नमि m. (-मिः) 1. The deity of love. 2. A demon so named. E. न negative, मुच् to loose, and मि aff.

नमुचिन्म m. (-नः) A name of INDRA. E. नमुचि the demon, and मुच्न destroyer; also similar names, as नमुचिर्विष्, &c. नमुचिं मुदयति हिमसि मुदि क्।

नमेरु m. (-रुः) The seed of the Elaeocarpus. E. न not, मेरु the mountain Meru, or नम वा एरु।

नमोगुरु m. (-रुः) A spiritual teacher. E. नमस् reverence, and गुरु a teacher.

नम् r. 1st cl. (नमति) To go, to move.

नम mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्यः) Crooked, curved, bent, bowed. E. नम् to bow, affix र.

नमक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Bent or bowed, stooping. E. कत् added to the last. नम रव कायति कै-क।

नमसुख mfn. (-स्यः-स्यी-स्यः) Looking down, having the head bent, E. नम, and सुख the face.

नमसुर्णि mfn. (-निः-निः-निः) Bending down, stooping, bowed. E. नम, and सुर्णि form.

नमस्कृता mfn. (-कः-कौ-कः) Bent, bowed, stooping. E. नम, and कृता the body.

नय r. 1st cl. (नयते) To go, to move: see चय and ची। भा० चा० सक० सेट्।

नय mfn. (-य-या-यं) 1. Fit, right, proper. 2. Leading, conducting, (who or what does so.) m. (यः) 1. Guiding, directing, (literally or figuratively, as in morals, &c.) 2. Polity, civil and military government. 3. The theological part of the Ve'das. 4. A sort of dice or men for playing with. 5. A guide, a conductor. E. नय् to go, affix चञ्, or ची to guide, &c. affix भावे चच्।

नयत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यत्) 1. Leading, guiding. 2. Tending or conducting to. 3. Informing, certifying, giving in evidence. 4. Obtaining. E. ची to obtain, गृह aff.

नयन n. (-नः) 1. The eye. 2. Leading, guiding, (literally or figuratively.) 3. Attaining, obtaining. 4. Bringing. f. (-नम्) The pupil of the eye. E. ची to guide, affix कर्णे कृट्। नीयते बुद्धि हतिः स्वयंयुक्तविषयान् चनेन।

नयनवारि n. (-रि) Tears. E. नयन, and वारि water.

नयनामोचिन् mfn. (-ची-विची-वि) Sight-stealing, blinding. E. नयन, and चासोचिन् what steals.

नयनीकम् m. (-नः) 1. A lamp. 2. Any lovely or desired object. E. नयन the eye, and उक्तम् a festival.

नयनीपात m. (-नः) The outer angle or canthus of the eye. E. नयन, and उपात extremity. चपाङ्गे।

नयनीषध m. (-पः) Green sulphate of iron, or the salt in a state of partial decomposition by exposure to the atmosphere. E. नयन the eye, and चीषध a medicament, being used as a collyrium. पुष्पासीसे।

नयपीठी f. (-ठी) The board or cloth on which dice are played. E. नय dice, पीठी a stool. (कृक्)।

नयप्रयोग m. (-नः) Policy, political address. E. नय, and प्रयोग application.

नयविचारद m. (-दः) A politician, a statesman. E. नय, and विचारद skilled in.

नयसिद्धि f. (-द्धिः) Political success, accomplishing any thing by good management. E. नय, and सिद्धि success.

नर m. (-रः) 1. Man, individually or generally. 2. The Eternal, the divine imperishable spirit pervading the universe. 3. A name of ARJUNA. 4. VISHN'U. 5. A gnomon. 6. A man or piece at chess, draughts, &c. 7. A Muni, an incarnation of VISHN'U. n. (-र) A fragrant grass, commonly Ra'mkappur. f. (-रौ) Woman in general: see नारी. E. नृ or नृ to lead or guide, affix नये-चच्। गश्चितशास्त्रीके छायाप्रमाणे शानोपयोगिनि गृही च।

नरक mn. (-कः-कं) Hell, the infernal regions, including a number of places of torture of various descriptions. m. (-कः) The name of a Daitya or demon. E. नृ to guide or lead, affix वुन्, whither the wicked are conducted: It is sometimes read नारक।

नरककुण्ड n. (-कुं) A well or pit in Tartarus, eighty-six such are enumerated. E. नरक, and कुण्ड a pit.

नरकजित् m. (-जित्) A name of VISHN'U. E. नरक the demon, and जित् subduing. नरकम् असुरभेदं जयति ख। जिभृते क्तिप् (त० स०)।

नरकदेवता f. (-ता) Misfortune, personified as a goddess. E. नरक, and देवता divinity. निक्षली।

नरकस्थ mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्यः) Living or being in Tartarus, who or what is there. f. (-स्या) The river of hell named "Baitarany". E. नरक hell, स्थ who stays or abides, fem. affix टाप्।

नरकालक m. (-कः) VISHN'U. E. नरक hell, and अलक destroyer.

नरकामय m. (-यः) The soul after death. E. नरक hell, and आमय sickness.

नरकीलक m. (-कः) The murderer of his spiritual preceptor. E. नर man-kind, and कील a stake, affix कृन्।

नरन् m. (-नः) Pimples of the face. n. (-नम्) The penis. E. नृ to guide or lead, Una'di affix चङ्।

नरदेव m. (-वः) A sovereign, a king. E. नर a man, and देव a deity.

नरनारायण m. dual. (-णी) Two sages, incarnations of VISHN'U, and born again, as KRISHN'A and ARJUNA. E. नर, and नारायण, each severally the name of a sage.

नरपति m. (-तिः) A king, a sovereign, a prince. **न.** नर man, पति lord.  
 नरप्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Favourable or friendly to mankind. **न.** नर, and प्रिय fond of. नीलप्रिये च ।  
 नरभू f. (भूः) Bhārata Varsha, India, or the central of the known continent. 2. The birth or birthplace of men. **न.** नर man, and भू land ; also नरभूमि f. (-भिः)  
 नरनामिनी f. (-नी) A woman who has a beard. **न.** नर a man, मन् to regard or think, and निनि affix ; also with कन् affix in the feminine form, नरनामिका ; these words are also written नरनामिनी, &c. नर मन्ते मन्-निनि-ङोप् ।  
 नरनाला f. (-ला) A string or girdle of skulls. **न.** नर, and नाला a garland.  
 नरनामिनी f. (-नी) A woman with a beard. **न.** नर a man, नाला a necklace, इनि aff.  
 नरनेष m. (-षः) A human sacrifice. **न.** नर, and नेष a sacrifice. निष चाधारे षञ् ।  
 नरवाहन mfn. (-नः ना-नं) Borne or carried by men. m. (-नः) A name of KURU'NA. **न.** नर a man, and वाहन a vehicle.  
 नरवाहिनं mfn. (-ही-हिनी-हि) Carried by men, (a vehicle.) **न.** नर, and वाहिनं what bears.  
 नरविषय m. (-यः) An imp or goblin. **न.** नर man, विषय who devours.  
 नररूप mfn. (-यः-पी-यं) Having the form of man. n. (-यं) The human form. **न.** नर, and रूप form.  
 नररूपिन् mfn. (-पी-पिणी-पि) Having the human form. **न.** नररूप, and इनि aff.  
 नरसिंह m. (-ङ्) VISHN'U in his fourth Avatār or descent, the lion-headed man. 2. A chief, a man of eminence or power. **न.** नर a man and सिंह a lion.  
 नरहरि m. (-रिः) VISHN'U in his fourth Avatār. see the last. **न.** नर, and हरि a lion.  
 नराधम m. (-मः) A low or vile man, a wretch. **न.** नर, and अधम low.  
 नराधारा f. (-रा) The earth. **न.** नर man, आधार receptacle.  
 नराधिप m. (-पः) A king. **न.** नर and अधिप ruler.  
 नरात्मक m. (-कः) 1. Death. 2. A Rākshasa, a son of RĀ'VANA. **न.** नर, and अत्मक destroyer.  
 नरायण m. (-यः) A name of VISHN'U. **न.** नर man, and ययण going ; see नारायण ।  
 नरेन्द्र m. (-न्द्रः) 1. A king, an anointed sovereign. 2. A dealer in antidotes, a juggler. **न.** नर a man, इन्द्र chief.  
 नरेश m. (-शः) A king. **न.** नर, and ईश master.  
 नरेश्वर m. (-रः) A king. **न.** नर, and ईश्वर a sovereign.  
 नरुण्टक n. (-कः) The nose.  
 नरुण्टक m. (-कः) 1. An actor, a mime. 2. A juggler, a dancer, a player of any description. 3. A bard, a herald. 4. An elephant. 5. A reed, (Arundo karka, Rox.) 6. A peacock. f. (-कौ) 1. An actress, female dancer or singing girl. 2. A female elephant. 3. A peahen. **न.** नृत् to dance or act, ञ् नृ aff.  
 नर्तन n. (-नं) Dancing, gesticulating, acting. **न.** नृत् to dance, &c. affix भावे लुट् ।  
 नर्तनप्रिय m. (-यः) A peacock. **न.** नर्तन dancing, and प्रिय fond of.  
 नर्तित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Danced, dancing. **न.** नृत् to dance, निष् कर्त्तृणि क् aff.  
 नह् r. 1st cl. (नहति प्रनहति) To sound : the radical न is not convertible to च after a preposition, &c. see नह् । शब्दे चक० गती सक्० भा० पर० सेट् ।  
 नहटक n. (-कः) A kind of metre, containing seventeen letters. "अदि भवती नञी भजजलाग्रहर्नहटकम्" इत्युक्तं लक्षणे सप्तदशाक्षरे हन्त्रीभेदे ।  
 नहत् mfn. (-हत्-हन्-हो-हन्) 1. Sounding. 2. Praising aloud, proclaiming. **न.** नह्, and शब्द aff.  
 नहन n. (-नं) 1. Sounding, roaring, making a noise. 2. Celebrating, praising aloud. **न.** नह् to sound, affix भावे लुट् ।

नहनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be sounded. 2. To be celebrated or praised aloud. **न.** नह् sound, and ननीयर् aff.  
 नहिन mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Sounded, made as a noise. 2. Celebrated, praised aloud. n. (-तं) Sound, roar, bellowing. **न.** नह् to sound, क् aff.  
 नहिटक n. (-कः) A stanza of four parts, having seventeen syllables each.  
 नह् r. 1st. cl. (नहति) To go, to move भू० प० सक्० सेट् ।  
 नहनीय m. (-नः) A husband. **न.** नह् amusement, नील a drop or stay.  
 नहनीय m. (-नः) A secret lover. **न.** नह्, and नह् source.  
 नहन्ट m. (-टः) 1. The sun. 2. A potsherd. **न.** नह्, and चट what goes deriv. irr. or नहन् चटन् इयो० ।  
 नहन्ट m. (-टः) 1. The nipple. 2. A rake, a lecher, a libertine. 3. Sport amusement. 4. Coition. **न.** नह् pleasure, स्था to abide, ड affix, deriv. irr. or नहन्ति कुशलः नहन् + चटन् ।  
 नहन्ट mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Delighting, making happy, giving pleasure. (-दः) The associate or companion of a person's sports or amusements. f. (-दा) 1. The Narmada river, which rising in the Vindhya mountains, runs westward to the gulf of Cambay. 2. A plant ; see वृक्षा. **न.** नह् pleasure, and द what gives. नहन् ददाति दा-क इत० ष० ।  
 नहन्ति mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) Happy, merry. f. (-तिः) Enjoyment of a joke or any amusement. **न.** नह्, and दति lustre.  
 नहन् n. (-नं) 1. Sport, amusement, pastime, diversion. 2. Jest, joke. 3. Wit, humour. **न.** नृत् to guide, affix ननिन् ।  
 नहन्तिव m. (-वः) A companion, an associate, the promoter and partaker of a person's amusements, especially of a prince or man of rank. **न.** नहन्, and तिव a minister.  
 नहन्तिव्य n. (-व्यः) Superintendence or provision of a prince's amusements, partaking a person's amusements. **न.** नहन्तिव, and च्च aff.  
 नहन्त्यं m. (-यः) Happiness or amusement ending in alarm. **न.** नह् and हन्त्यं thundering.  
 नहन्त्यो m. (-योः) Slight or inferior amusement. **न.** नह्, and हन्त्यो opening  
 नह् r. 10th cl. (नाहयति) 1. To shine. 2. To bind or confine.  
 नह् r. 10th cl. (-नः) 1. A reed, (Arundo karka, Rox.) 2. The name of a king, son of NISHADHA, and hero of several poetical works famous amongst the Hindus, especially the poem called Naishadha. 3. Another prince, the son of VĪ'RAŚENA. 4. A deified progenitor of Pitridō'ya. 5. The name of a monkey chief. 6. A demon. f. (-नी) Red arsenic. 2. A perfume, commonly called by the same name of Nali. n. (-नः) 1. The water lily, (Nelumbium speciosum.) 2. Smell, odour. **न.** नह् to shine, affix चच् ।  
 नहक n. (-कः) A bone of either of the extremities, any long bone. **न.** नह a reed, and क् affix of resemblance.  
 नहकिनी f. (-नी) The knee cap or pan. **न.** नहक as above, and इनि affix ; connecting the bones of the lower extremity.  
 नहकील m. (-लः) The knee. **न.** नह a reed, or reed-like bone, and कील a pin or bolt.  
 नहकूर m. (-रः) The son of KURU'NA. **न.** नह a reed, कूर a carriage yoke.  
 नहद n. (-दः) Indian spikenard, (Valeriana jatamansi.) f. (-दा) 1. The honey or nectar of a flower. 2. The root of the Andropogon muricatum. **न.** नह here said to mean, fragrance, and द what gives.  
 नहपट्टिका f. (-का) A sort of mat made with reeds, a coarse mat. **न.** नह a reed, and पट्ट a cloth, क् affix of similitude.  
 नहनीय m. (-नः) A kind of sprat of according to some, a shrimp or prawn. **न.** नह a reed, and नीय a fish ; frequenting reedy spots. see नहनीय ।  
 नहिका f. (-का) A perfume : see नह्नी. **न.** नह्नी, and क् added.  
 नहिन n. (-नं) 1. A lotus or water lily, (Nelumbium speciosum, or Nymphaea nelumbo.) 2. Water. 3. Indigo. m. (-नः) 1. The Indian crane. 2. A small fruit, Karonda. f. (-नी) 1. An assemblage of lotus flowers. 2. A place abounding in lotuses. 3. The flexible stalk of a

water lily. 4. A pond in which the lotus grows or may grow. 5. The Ganges of heaven. 6. The fermented and intoxicating juice of the cocoanut. **नव्** to be bright, **Una'di** affix **रजन्** ।

**नलिनीदण्ड** m. (-ङ्) 1. **BRAMHA'**. 2. n. (-ङ्) The fibres of the lotus stalk. **नलिनी**, and **रजन्** what grows and **क** affix.

**नलिनशय** m. (-यः) A name of **VISHN'U**. **नलिने** in a lotus, and **शय** who sleeps. **नलिने** **ब्रह्मनामिकसले** **भेते** **श्री-चम्** । **चलुक्** सं ।

**नव** m. (-लः) A furlong, a distance measured by four hundred cubits, **नव्** to be as a reed in length, and **व** aff.

**नववर्जना** f. (-जा) The orange tree. **नव** as above, **वर्ज** a road, and **न** what goes.

**नव** mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) New. m. (-वः) Praise, panegyric, celebration. **न** **वृत्ति** to praise, &c. affix. **कर्म्मणि** भावे वा **चप्** ।

**नवकारिका** f. (-का) 1. A bride, a woman newly married. 2. A new 'comment. **न** **नव** new, and **कारिका** agent.

**नवकालिका** f. (-का) A young woman, either one recently married or one in whom menstruation has lately commenced. **न** **नव** new, **काल** time, **कन्** added with the fem. form.

**नवग्रहा** m. plu. (-ङ्) The nine planets, or sun, moon, five planets, and the ascending and descending nodes. **न** **नव** for **नवन्**, and **ग्रह** a planet.

**नवकुल** m. (-कुः) A student, a novice. **न** **नव** new, and **कुल** a disciple.

**नवत** m. (-तः) An elephant's painted or variegated housings. **न** **नव** new, **तन्** to spread, affix **ङ**. or **नू-चतच्** ।

**नवता** f. (-ता) Novelty. **न** **तल्** added to **नव** ; also with **त**, **नवत्** ,

**नवति** f. (-ति or -ती) Ninety. **न** **नव** nine, and **जिन्** aff.

**नवतिका** f. (-का) A painting brush. **न** **नवति** ninety, (hairs,) **कन्** aff.

**नवतिषा** ind. Ninety-fold. **न** **नवति**, and **षा** aff.

**नवतिशस्** ind. Ninety by ninety. **न** **नवति**, and **शस्** aff.

**नवदल** n. (-लः) 1. The new leaf of a lotus. 2. Any young leaf. **न** **नव** new, and **दल** a leaf.

**नवदीपिति** m. (-तिः) Mars, the planet or its deified regent. **न** **नव** nine, **दीपिति** a ray.

**नवदुर्गा** f. (-गा) The nine forms of **DURGA'**. **न** **नव**, and **दुर्गा** the goddess.

**नवदोला** f. (-ला) A litter borne by nine men. **न** **नव**, and **दोला** a litter.

**नवद्वार** mfn. (-द्वः-वा-द्वं) Having nine doors ; an epithet applied to the body, which has nine inlets or outlets, as the nostrils, ears, mouth, &c. **न** **नव**, and **द्वार** a door.

**नवधा** ind. Nine-fold, in nine ways. **न** **नव** nine, and **धा** aff.

**नवन्** mfn. always plu. (-वः) Nine.

**नवनी** f. (-नी) Fresh butter.

**नवनीत** n. (-तः) Fresh butter. **न** **नव** new, and **नीत** procured from milk, &c.)

**नवनीतक** n. (-कः) Clarified butter. **न** **कन्** added to the last.

**नवनीतधेनु** f. (-नुः) A quantity of butter as a present to **Brahmans**. **न** **नवनीत**, and **धेनु** a milch cow.

**नवपद्म** n. (-वं) A new shoot or sprout. **न** **नव**, and **पद्म** a shoot.

**नवफलिका** f. (-का) 1. A bride, a newly married woman. 2. A girl in whom menstruation has recently begun. **न** **नव** new, **फल** fruit, and **ठक्** aff.

**नववधू** f. (-धूः) A bride, a newly married woman. **न** **नव**, and **वधू** a wife.

**नवम** mfn. (-मः-मी-मं) Ninth. f. (-मी) The ninth day of a lunar half month. **न** **नव** nine, and **उटि-नट्** aff.

**नवमल्लिका** f. (-का) Double jasmine : see the next.

**नवमालिका** f. (-का) Double jasmine, (**J. Zambac.**) **न** **नव** excellent, praised, and **मालिका** or **मल्लिका** jasmine : see the last.

**नवयौवना** f. (-ना) A young woman. **न** **नव** new, and **यौवन** young.

**नवरञ्ज** n. (-जः) A newly dyed garment. **न** **नव**, **रञ्ज** red, and **कन्** aff.

**नवरङ्ग** n. (-ङ्) Gift to five and acceptance by four persons of the best **Kayastha** families. **न** **नव**, and **रङ्ग** colour.

**नवरत्न** n. (-त्नः) 1. Nine precious gems, or a pearl, ruby, topaz, diamond, emerald, lapis lazuli, coral, sapphire, and one called **Go'meda'**. 2. The nine men of letters at the court of **VIKRAMA'DITYA**, or **DHANWANTARI**, **KSHAPANAKA**, **AMARASINHA**, **SANKU**, **VETA'LABHATTA**, **GHATAKARPARA**, **KA'LIDA'SA**, **VARA'HAMIHIRA**, and **VARARU'CHI**. **न** **नव** and **रत्न** a jewel.

**नवरात्र** n. (-त्रः) The period of nine days, from the first of the light half of **Aswin** to the ninth ; part of the time devoted to the worship of **DURGA'**. **न** **नव**, and **रात्रि** a night.

**नवररिका** f. (-का) A newly married woman. **न** **नव** new, **वर** a blessing, affix **कन्** added, fem. affix **टाप्** ।

**नवरञ्ज** n. (-जः) New cloth. **न** **नव**, new, and **रञ्ज** cloth.

**नवग्रस्** ind. Nine by nine. **न** **नव**, and **ग्रस्** aff.

**नवग्रन्** n. (-ग्रः) Grain of the year's harvest. **न** **नव**, and **ग्रन्** grain.

**नवग्रन्थेष्टि** f. (-ष्टिः) A sacrifice performed on eating the new rice or grain of the year, **नवग्रन्थ**, and **ष्टि** sacrifice.

**नवग्रन्थक** m. (-कः) A name given to any of nine inferior classes, the cowherd, gardener, oilman, weaver, confectioner, betel seller, potter, blacksmith, and barber.

**नवश्राद्ध** n. (-श्रः) The first series of **Shra'ddhas** collectively, or funeral offerings on the first, third, fifth, seventh, ninth, and eleventh days after a person's demise. **न** **नव**, and **श्राद्ध** obsequial rite.

**नवधूमिका** f. (-का) 1. A milch cow. 2. A woman recently delivered. **न** **नव** new, and **धूमि** offspring, and **कन्** affix, fem. form.

**नवांश** m. (-शः) A ninth, a ninth part. **न** **नव**, and **अंश** share.

**नवार** n. (-रः) 1. New rice or grain. 2. A ceremony observed on first eating the rice, &c. of the last harvest. **न** **नव**, and **वार** food.

**नवास्त्र** n. (-स्त्रः) New and unbleached cloth. **न** **नव** new, and **वास्त्र** cloth.

**नवास्त्रिंश** m. (-श्रिः) The planet **Mars** or its deified personification. **न** **नव** nine, and **त्रिंश** light.

**नवाह** m. (-हः) 1. A new day. 2. The first day of the fortnight. **न** **नव** new, and **अह** a day.

**नवीकरण** n. (-णः) Renewing, doing or making anew. **न** **नव**, **कर** making, **चि** augment.

**नवीकृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Renewed, revived, done or made anew. **न** **नव**, and **कृत** made, **चि** augment.

**नवीन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) New. **न** **नव** new, **न** pleonasm, and the semi-vowel changed.

**नवीभूत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Renewed, revived. **न** **नव**, and, **भूत** become, **चि** augment.

**नवे** ind. Not so perhaps, a particle implying doubt. **न** **न** not, **वे** expletive.

**नवीडा** f. (-डा) A newly married woman, a bride. **न** **नव** new, and **कडा** a wife.

**नवीकृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Newly extracted or drawn up. n. (-तं) 2. Fresh butter. **न** **नव** new, **कृत** made or drawn up.

**नव्य** mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) New, recent, young, modern. &c. m. (-व्यः) Praise, panegyric. **न** **नव** new, and **व्यार्थे** **यन्** aff. **रक्तपुनर्नवायाच्** च ।

**नशक** mf. (-कः-का) A bird, said to be a sort of orow. **न** **नश्** to destroy, affix **चाक्** ।

**नशित** mfn. (-ता-दी-द) Destroying. **न** **चश्** to destroy, affix **हप्** with **हट्** augment, else with a nasal augment **नट्** ।

**नश्यत्** mfn. (शन्-श्या-शन्) Perishing, decaying, wasting, being destroyed. **न** **नश्** to perish, and **शट्** aff.

**नश्यावृत्तिका** f. (-का) A female bearing a dead child. **न** **नश्यात्**, **प्रवृत्तिका** a mother.

**नश्वर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Mischievous. 2. Destructive, perishable. **न** **नश्** to destroy, affix **कप्** ।



sort of magical noose or knot, used in battle to entangle an enemy. **ड. नाग** an elephant, and **पात्र** a binding.

**पुष्प** m. (-पुः) 1. A tree used in dyeing, (*Rottleria tinctoria*). 2. **Na'geshwar**, (*Mesua ferrea*). 3. The **Champaka**, (*Michelia champaca*) **ड. नाग** an elephant, and **पुष्प** flower.

**पुष्प** m. (-पुः) The holy fig tree, (*Ficus religiosa*) **ड. नाग** an elephant and **पुष्प** friendly, liked.

**पुष्प** m. (-पुः) A name of **BHĪMA**. f. (-ता) A creeping plant, (*Hedysarum ligopodioides*). **ड. नाग** an elephant, and **पुष्प** strong. (नीरव चाकुलिया)।

**पुष्प** m. (-पुः) A sort of snake, (*Amphisbæna*). **ड. नाग** an elephant, and **पुष्प** destroying; the word is sometimes written **नागपुष्प**, from **पुष्प** cherishing. [boxer.]

**पुष्प** m. (-पुः) The elephant of **INDRA**. **ड. नाग** an elephant, and **पुष्प** a

**पुष्प** f. (-ता) 1. A name of **MANASA**, a goddess supposed to preside over snakes. 2. Red arsenic. **ड. नाग** a snake, and **पुष्प** a mother.

**पुष्प** m. (-पुः) A sort of potherb; also **केशराज** **ड. नाग** a snake, and **पुष्प** destroying; considered as an antidote.

**पुष्प** f. (-पुः) A piece of wood erected in a newly dug pond for showing the depth of water. **ड. नाग** a snake, and **पुष्प** a staff; also **नागपुष्पिका**।

**पुष्प** mfn. (-पुः-री-रु) 1. Clever, sharp, knowing, (as a buck, a blood, a wag. &c.) 2. Town-born or bred, citizen. 3. Nameless. 4. Relating to a city. 5. Polite, civil. 6. Bad, vile. n. (-रु) 1. Dry ginger. 2. A sort of grass, (*Cyperus pertenuis*). 3. A form of writing, the "D'evanāgarī alphabet." m. (-रु) 1. A husband's brother. 2. An orange. 3. A lecturer. 4. Denial of knowledge. 5. Fatigue. 6. Desire of final beatitude. f. (-री) 1. A sort of Euphorbia. 2. A clever or intriguing woman. **ड. नाग** a city **पुष्प** aff. **नगरे भवः पुष्प**।

**पुष्प** m. (-रु) 1. The orange; see **नागरङ्ग** 2. A thief. 3. An artist. **ड. नागर**, and **पुष्प** aff.

**पुष्प** m. (-रु) Red lead. **ड. नाग** mountain, and **रु** red. **सिन्दुरे**।

**पुष्प** m. (-रु) The orange; in India usually applied to the Sylhet orange, (*Citrus aurantium*). **ड. नाग** an elephant, **रु** to be sick, affix **पुष्प**; on which elephants feed till they become ill; or **नाग** red lead, and **रु** colour, of the colour of red lead. (नाराङ्गो नेव)।

**पुष्प** f. (-ता) A grass, (*Cyperus*). **नागरमुखा**।

**पुष्प** m. (-जः) **ANANTA**, the chief of the **Na'gas**. **ड. नाग**, and **राज** king.

**पुष्प** m. (-टः) A libertine, a debauchee, a rake, a blackguard. **ड. नागरी** an intriguing woman, **पुष्प** to accompany, affix **पुष्प**, deriv. irr. or more appropriately **नागरी-केटलि-पुष्प-गती-क**।

**पुष्प** m. (-रु) The orange; see **नागरङ्ग**।

**पुष्प** m. (-रु) Red lead. **ड. नाग**, and **रु** oxid. **सिन्दुरे**।

**पुष्प** mfn. (-रु-को-क) City, citizen. **ड. नाग** a town, and **रु** aff. **पुष्प** aff.

**पुष्प** f. (-ता) The penis. **ड. नाग** a snake, and **पुष्प** a creeper.

**पुष्प** m. (-रु) The **Na'ga** regions below the earth. **ड. नाग** a **Na'ga**, and **लोक** world.

**पुष्प** f. (-ता) The betel plant; see the next.

**पुष्प** f. (-ता) The betel plant, (*Peper betel*). **ड. नाग** the infernal **Na'ga**, and **पुष्प** a creeper; the creeper of the lower regions; also with **क** added **नागपुष्पिका**।

**पुष्प** m. (-रु) **Garuda**, the bird of **VISHNU**. 2. A peacock. 3. A royal elephant. 4. An elephant driver or keeper. 5. The chief person in a court or assembly. **ड. नाग** an elephant, **पुष्प** to cherish, &c. affix **रु**।

**पुष्प** m. (-टः) A rake; see **नागरीट**।

**पुष्प** f. (-पी) The path of **Airāvata**, "the milky way." **ड. नाग** the elephant, **पी** a road or path.

**पुष्प** n. (-रु) Minium or red lead. **ड. नाग** lead, and **पुष्प** production.

**नागसुमन्था** f. (-न्था) The ichneumon plant; see **नागकुली**. **ड. नाग** a snake, and **सुमन्थ** perfume.

**नागापुष्प** m. (-पुः) A plant; see **नागकेशर**. **ड. नाग** an elephant, and **पुष्प** a name.

**नागापुर** n. (-पुर) **Hastina'pur**.

**नागापुष्पा** f. (-पुः) A stick or pole driven into a square piece of earth in the centre of a newly dug pond, a boring rod. **ड. नाग** a snake, and **पुष्पा** end of a garment; it is also written **नागापुष्पा** f. (-पुः) see **नागपुष्प**।

**नागापुष्प** m. (-पुः) The great serpent **ANANTA**. **ड. नाग** a serpent, and **पुष्प** a king.

**नागापुष्प** m. (-रु) **Garuda**, the bird and vehicle of **VISHNU**. **ड. नाग** a snake, and **पुष्प** a destroyer; this and similar compounds are also applied to the "Ardea Argala," the peacock, and other birds who are natural enemies of the serpent genus.

**नागापुष्प** mfn. (-रु-डा-रु) Mounted or riding upon an elephant. **ड. नाग**, and **पुष्प** mounted.

**नागापुष्प** m. (-रु) **Garuda**; see **नागापुष्प**. **ड. नाग** a snake, and **पुष्प** food.

**नागापुर** n. (-पुर) **Hastina'pur** or ancient **Delhi**. **ड. नाग** an elephant, and **पुष्पा** a name.

**नागीट** n. (-ट) Armour for the front or the belly.

**नागीट** n. (-रु) A breast plate, a cuirass.

**नागिकेतु** m. (-रु) A name of fire; also **नागिकेतः**।

**नाट** n. (-ट) 1. Dancng, acting. 2. The Carnatic. **ड. नाट** to dance, affix **पुष्प**।

**नाटक** mfn. (-रु-को-क) An actor, acting, dancing, &c. m. (-रु) a play, a drama; the first of the ten species of dramatic compositions of the first order f. (-को) The court of **INDRA**. **ड. नाट** to act or perform, **पुष्प** aff.

**नाटकप्रपञ्च** m. (-पुः) Course or arrangement of a drama. **ड. नाटक**, and **प्रपञ्च** extent.

**नाटकीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Dramatic. **ड. नाटक**, and **पुष्प** aff.

**नाटमेल** m. (-रु) The Water melon, (*Cucurbita citrullus*).

**नाटार** m. (-रु) The son of an actress.

**नाटिका** f. (-का) A short or light comedy, the first of the **Uparupakas** or dramas of the second order. **ड. नाट** to dance, **पुष्प** aff.

**नाटिय** m. (-यः) The son of an actress. **ड. नाटो** and **रु** aff.

**नाटिर** m. (-रु) The son of an actress or dancing girl. **ड. नाटो** an actress, **रु** aff.

**नाट्य** n. (-यः) The science or art of dancing or acting, or the union of song, dance, and instrumental music. **ड. नाट** to dance, affix **पुष्प** or **पुष्प**, or **नाटानां कर्म यज्**।

**नाट्यव्यक्ति** m. (-रु) Rules of dramatic representation. **ड. नाट्य** acting, **पुष्प** rule, and **रु** aff.

**नाट्यप्रिय** m. (-यः) A name of **Siva**. **ड. नाट्य** dancing, and **प्रिय** fond of.

**नाट्यशाला** f. (-शाला) A theatre, a building for dramatic exhibitions; according to some it should be built near the gate of a palace. **ड. नाट्य** and **शाला** a hall.

**नाट्योक्ति** f. (-क्ति) Dramatic phraseology. **ड. नाट्य** and **उक्ति** expression.

**नाडि** f. (-डि-डी) 1. The stalk or stem of any plant. 2. Any tubular organ of the body, as an artery, a vein, an intestine, &c. 3. The hollow stalk of a lotus, &c. 4. A fistulous sore, a fistula, a sinus. 5. A sort of bent grass. 6. A juggling trick. 7. Deception. 8. An hour of twenty-four minutes. 9. Any pipe or tube. 10. The pulse, either at the hand or feet, &c. **ड. नाड** to fall off or from, affix **पुष्प** and **रु** or **डी**, optionally added.

**नाडिका** f. (-का) An Indian hour, or twenty-four minutes. **ड. नाडि** the same, **क** pleonasm.

**नाडिकेल** m. (-रु) The cocoanut; see **नाडिकेल**.

**नाडिकीर** n. (-रु) A small reed or tube round which the wool is wound;

it is then used as a shuttle. **६. नाडि** a tube, and **चीर** old cloth.

**नाडिन्म** mfn. (-नः-ना-मं) 1. Terrifying. 2. Moving the intestines. **म. (-नः)** A goldsmith. **३. नाडि** a tube, a hollow bamboo, &c. and **धन** who blows, from धा with लृट् aff.

**नाडिन्म** mfn. (-यः-दी-यं) Who or what drinks or sucks through a tube. **३. नाडि** a pipe, धे to drink, affix लृट्.

**नाडिपत्र** n. (-त्रं) An esculent root, (Arum colocasia.) **३. नाडि** a tube, पत्र a leaf.

**नाडिमण्डल** m. (-लं) The celestial equator. **३. नाडि**, and **मण्डल** a sphere.

**नाडीकेल** m. (-लः) The cocoonut : see **नाडिकेल**.

**नाडीच** n. (-चं) An esculent root, (Arum colocasia.) **३. नाडी** a tube, च् to go or grow, affix लृट्.

**नाडीचर** m. (-चः) A bird in general. **३. नाडी** a tube, चरन् foot.

**नाडीज** m. (-जः) 1. A crow. 2. The name of a holy teacher or saint. 3. The name of a fabulous crane. **३. नाडी** a stalk, and **जडा** a leg or thigh.

**नाडीतरङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A sort of poison : see **काकील**. 2. An astrologer. 3. A ravisher, a debaucher. **३. नाडी** an Indian hour, and **तरङ्ग** a wave ; also **नाडीतरङ्गक**.

**नाडीदेह** m. (-हः) BHIRNGI, one of SIVA's followers. **३. नाडी** a tube, and **देह** the body ; as thin.

**नाडीनक्षत्र** n. (-चं) The planet of a person's nativity. **३. नाडी** and **नक्षत्र** an asterism.

**नाडीविग्रह** m. (-हः) A name of BHIRNGI, one of SIVA's chief attendants. **३. नाडी** a pipe, and **विग्रह** the body ; also **नाडीदेह**, &c.

**नाडीग्रथ** n. (-थं) An ulcer. **३. नाडी** a sinus, and **ग्रथ** a sore. (**नालीघा**)

**नाडीकेल** m. (-लः) A name of BHIRNGI : see **नाडीदेह**.

**नाणक** n. (-कं) A coin, or any thing struck or stamped with an impression.

**नाणकपरीक्षा** f. (-क्षा) Assaying. **३. नाणक**, and **परीक्षा** trial.

**नाणकपरीक्षिन्** m. (-क्षिन्) An assayer. **३. नाणक**, and **परीक्षिन्** who tries.

**नाम** n. (-नं) 1. Praise, eulogium. 2. Surprise, wonder. **म. (-नः)** 1. SIVA. 2. A sage, **३. नम्** to bow, ङङ् affix, **म** is dropped, and the short radical vowel made long.

**नाम** (नम) **नाम्** r. 1st cl. (**नामते**) 1. To ask or beg, 2. To bless. 3. To destroy. 4. To have wealth or power. 5. To be deceased. **उपतापे परं चाग्निं चाम्नां ऐश्वर्यं च परं भ्यां सकं सेट् ।**

**नाम** m. (-यः) 1. A master, a lord. 2. A name of SIVA, especially in the form of a Linga ; it is usually compounded with some word relating to the legendary history of the Linga, as Somann'tha, the Linga set up by SOMA, &c. 3. A name adopted by a class of Yogis, as GORAKSHANA'THA, &c. 4. A rope passed through the nose of a draft ox. **३. नाम्** to ask, (from whom,) and **चच्** aff.

**नामवत्** mfn. (-वान् वती वत्) Dependent, subservient, subject, **३. नाम** master, and **सत्** poss. aff.

**नामहरि** m. (-रिः) An animal bridled by the nose. **३. नाम** the string, हर् to take, इङ् aff.

**नामहार** mfn. (-रः-री-रं) Taking or carrying a master, &c. **३. नाम**, हर् to take, चच् aff.

**नाद** m. (-दः) 1. Sound in general. 2. A semicircle, used especially as an abbreviation or hieroglyphic in mystical works. **३. नद** to sound, affix चच्.

**नादिन्** mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Who or what sounds **३. नद** to sound, affि चिनि ।

**नादिय** mfn. (-यः-दी-यं) Ocean or river-born, marine, aquatic. **न. (-यं)** 1. Sea salt. 2. Antimony. **३. (-यौ)** 1. A sort of reed growing usually near water, (Calamus fasciculatus. Rox.) 2. A plant, (Premna herbacea, Rox.) 3. The orange. 4. A tree. see **जयन्ती**. 5. The China rose. **३. नद** a river or the sea, and **ङङ्** affix, fem. affix ङीप् ; also with कङ् added, in the fem. form **नादयिका** f. (-का) ।

**नाम** (नम) **नाम्** r. 1st cl. (**नामते**) 1. To ask or beg. 2. To bless. 3. To troy. 4. To have wealth or power. 5. To be deceased. **च सकं सेट् ।**

**नामा** ind. 1. Without, except. 2. Many, various. 3. Double or two. **३. नन्** negative, and **नाञ्** aff.

**नामाधनि** m. (-निः) A musical instrument of more than one tone. **नामा** various, and **धनि** sound.

**नामारस** mfn. (-सः-आ-सं) Of different flavours. **३. नामा**, and **रस** a.

**नामारान** mfn. (-गः-ना-नं) Variegated, of many colours. **३. नामा**, and **रान** colour.

**नामारूप** mfn. (-पः-दी-पं) Multifiform, various. **३. नामा** various, and **रूप** a.

**नामारवर्ण** mfn. (-र्णः-आ-वर्णं) Variegated, many-coloured. **३. नामा**, **वर्ण** colour.

**नामाविध** mfn. (-धः-आ-धं) 1. In various ways. 2. Of various sorts. **३. नामा**, and **विध** kind.

**नामद्वय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Improper, unusual, not right or customary. **न** not, **चनु** according to, **द्वय** from **द्व्या** to be, to be fixed or determined.

**नान्दिकर** m. (-रः) The speaker of the prologue to a drama : see **नादी**

**नादी** f. (-दी) 1. Eulogium of a king, or praise of a deity, recited in nediatory verses at the commencement of a religious ceremony or the opening of a drama ; it most usually signifies the kin blessing pronounced as a prologue to a Na'taka or play. 2. Prosperity, thriving, increase. **३. नदि** to be happy, in the causal form affix इङ्, and ङीप् ; delighting the gods, &c. or procuring happiness for mankind. **नन्दलि** देवा च नन्द चच् पृथो हविः ङीप् ।

**नान्दिक** m. (-कः) A pot in a door-way, set up for good luck, **३. न** prosperity, क् to make, affix लृट् ।

**नान्दिकर** m. (-रः) The speaker of the prologue or prelude of a drama. **३. नादी** as above, कर who makes ; also with the vowel made shu **नान्दिकर** ।

**नान्दोप** m. (-टः) The lid or cover of a well.

**नान्दोमुख** m. (-खः) 1. The lid or cover of a well. 2. The class of progenitors to whom the Na'ndi-mukha-shra'ddha is addressed.

**३. (-खौ)** A female ancestor sharing in the same. **न. (-खं)** 1. A species of the Sarkari, metre. 2. A Shra'ddha or funeral obsequies performed on joyous occasions, as initiation, marriage, &c. in which nine balls of meat are offered to the deceased father, paternal grandfather, and great grandfather ; to the maternal grandfather, great grandfather, and great great grandfather ; and to the mother, paternal grandmother, and paternal great grandmother. **३. नादी** good fortune, मुख principal.

**नादीवादिन्** m. (-दी) 1. The speaker of the prologue or introduction of a drama. 2. A drummer, one who beats a drum at festivals, &c. **३. नादी** as above, and **वादिन्** who speaks.

**नापि** ind. Not even. **३. न** not, and **चपि** even.

**नापित** m. (-तः) A barber. **३. न** negative, चाप् to obtain, (respect.) **३. Una'di** affix, and इट् augment **युदायां चयियात् जाते सद्योर्वातिभेदे ।**

**नापितशाला** f. (-शाला) A barber's shop, **३. नापित**, and **शाला** house ; also with कङ् added in the fem. form, **नापितशालिका** f. (-का) ।

**नापित्य** m. (-त्यः) The business of a barber. **३. नापित** and **यत्** aff.

**नामक** m. (-कः) A myrobalan, (Terminalia chebula.) **३. नम-खुल्**, **वन्तिने** उच्यते

**नामि** f. (-भिः-भी) 1. The nave of a wheel. 2. Musk. **मि. (-भिः or भी)** The navel. **म. (-भिः)** 1. An emperor, a sovereign, a lord, part mount. 2. The centre, focus, chief point. 3. A king, a chief. 4. Kshetriya or Hindu of the regal and military tribe. 5. The son of PRIYAVRATA. 6. A race, a family. **३. नम्** to bind, **Una'di** affix इङ्, and **भ** substituted for च्.

**नामिकच्छक** m. (-कः) Ruptured or protruded navel. **३. नामि** a **नामि** **क्षक** a thorn. (**नाम्**) ।



नारकीट m. (-टः) 1. A sort of worm. 2. A deceiver, one who disappoints expectations excited by himself.

नारङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. The juice of the pepper plant. 2. An animal, one of twins. 3. A catamite. 4. The orange tree, &c. नार many men, and न who goes.

नारद m. (-दः) A name of NA'RADA, born from the hip of BRAMHA' and one of the ten divine Munis or Rishis; he is a friend of KRISHN'A, a celebrated legislator, and inventor of the Vina' or lute. He is often described as engaged in conveying messages and causing discord among gods and men. &c. नार men, and दा to give, (instruction,) ड् affix; or नार water, and द who gives; offering sacrifices to the manes.

नाराच m. (-चः) 1. An iron arrow. (न. नार men, चाच् before, चन् to eat or consume, affix च; destroying hosts of men.) 2. A bad or cloudy day. 3. A species of the Dhriti metre. (न. नार water, चाचन् to spit, affix च.) f. (-चो) A goldsmith's scales, a fine or assay balance. &c. नाराच an iron arrow, and ऊच् diminutive affix; also with चन् added in the fem. from, नाराचिका f. (-का). or नराच् चाचामति चा + चन्-ङि ।

नारायण m. (-यः) 1. A name of VISHN'U, but especially considered as the deity who was before all worlds. 2. A sage, and brother of नर। The two great sages, while practising penance at the Badarika'shram on the Hima'laya, Indra being afraid lest he might be deprived of his throne sent Heavenly nymphs to disturb their devotions; But Na'ra'yana put these damsels to shame by creating a nymph (Urvashi by name) from his thigh far excelling Indra's nymph's in beauty. 3. A valiant combatant. f. (-चो) 1. A name of DURGA'. 2. A name of LAKSHMI', the goddess of prosperity, and wife of VISHNU'. 3. GANGA'. 4. A plant, (Asparagus racemosa). &c. नारा the primeval waters, derived from नर the spirit of God, whence they originated, and चयन् place of coming or moving; he who moved over the waters before creation; the word has several etymologies, as नर the spirit or soul of the universe, चच् affix, नार appertaining to it, the actions or emotions of the soul, and चयन् pervading, influencing; again नार multitudes, man kind, and चयन् place: present amongst all men, &c.

नारायणक्षेत्र n. (-क्षेत्र) Four cubits on either side of the stream of the Ganges, &c. नारायण and क्षेत्र shrine.

नारायणतेल n. (-तेल) An oil of great reputed efficacy in many complaints, expressed from a variety of plants. &c. नारायण and तेल oil.

नारायणप्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Attached to KRISHNA or VISHN'U. m. (-यः) SIVA. &c. नारायण, and प्रिय fond of.

नारायणस्त्र n. (-स्त्र) A weapon of undefined form and mystical nature. &c. नारायण and स्त्र weapon.

नारिक mfn. (-क्तः-को-क्त) 1. Watery, aqueous. 2. Spiritual. &c. नर or नार and टक् aff.

नारिकेर m. (-रः) The cocoanut: see the next.

नारिकेल mf. (-क्षः-को) The cocoanut, &c. नारिक watery (place), ईर् to go or grow, affix क, and र optionally changed to क्ष; also with रन्, नारिकेलि, and ड being substituted for र, नारिकेर, &c. नख-रन् नाखि: खेन बायुना खडिग वा इवति चक्षति, इव-क-क-न-र-ख-वीरैकम् ।

नारी f. (-री) 1. A woman in general, a female. 2. A species of the Madhya metre. &c. नर a man, चञ् and ऊप् affs. or नृ + नर + या नारी ऊप् निपातने ।

नारीकच m. (-चः) A king of the solar line, the son of ASMAKA.

नारीकेल mf. (-क्षः-को) The cocoanut. f. (-को) Fermented liquor made from the water of the cocoanut: see नारिकेल &c.

नारीक n. (-क) An esculent root, Arum colocasia: see नाडीक. (नाक्षित)

नारीवरद्वय m. (-द्वयः) A catamite. &c. नारी a woman, तरद्वय capricious, and च्छ् affix of comparison. नारि' वरद्वयति तरद्व + ज्ञवी-विच-छ्छ् ।

नारीद्वेष n. (-च) A vice or breach of duty in a woman, of which six cases are reckoned, drinking spirits, keeping bad company, quitting a husband, rambling abroad, and sleeping or dwelling in a strange house. न. नारी a woman, दूषण defect.

नारीप्रसङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) Libertinism, lechery. न. नारी, and प्रसङ्ग addiction.

नारीयान n. (-न) A litter or other conveyance for women. न. नारी, and यान a carriage.

नार्यङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) The orange tree; also नागरङ्ग। नार्यं नरहितसम्बन्धिनं गच्छति गम-ङ। सुम् च।

नाल mfn. (-नः-खः) 1. A hollow or tubular stalk, the stalk of the water lily, &c. 2. Any pipe or tube. 3. A handle. n. (-ल) Yellow orpiment. f. (-ली) 1. A stalk or culm. 2. An instrument for perforating an elephant's ear. 3. A period of time, a Ghati, twenty-four minutes. 4. Any tubular vessel of the body. 5. The pulse. न. बल to bind, affix ल, fem. affix टाप्, and लीप्, &c.

नालि(ली) f. (-लिः-or ली) 1. Any tubular vessel of the body. 2. A hollow stalk. न. ल् interchanged with ड; see नाडि. नल-लिङ्-ल् वा लीप्।

नालिक m. (-कः) A buffalo. n. (-क) A lotus. f. (-का) 1. A tubular stalk. 2. An instrument for piercing an elephant's ear. 3. A plant, commonly Charnagha's. 4. A sort of potherb, (Hibiscus cannabinus.) 5. Any plant growing on a hollow stem, as San, safflower, a mushroom, &c. 6. A flute. न. नाली as above, and कन् aff. or नाखा कायति कै-क।

नालिकाक्ष n. (-क्षम्) Cannon. न. नालिक as above, and अक्ष a missile weapon. (बुद्धनालिक means a pistol.)

नालिकेर m. (-रः) The cocoanut. न. नल् to bind, affix रन्, नालि a leaf, &c. क air, wind, and हर what goes; fluttering in the wind. see नारिकेल।

नालिजङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A raven or the carrion crow. न. नालि a tube, and जङ्ग the leg.

नालिता f. (-ता) An esculent root, (Arum colocasia)

नालीक m. (-कः) 1. An arrow. 2. A dart, a javelin, a pike. 3. A lotus. 4. The fibrous stalk of the lotus. n. (-क) An assemblage of lotus flowers. न. नाली a fibrous stalk, affix टन्.

नालीकानो f. (-नी) A multitude of lotus flowers. न. नालीक, and इनि aff.

नालीत्रच m. (-चः) A fistulous or sinous sore; see नाडीत्रच, ल and ड being interchanged.

नासिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) Ninth. न. नवम and, टन्.

नासिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) Belonging to a vessel, or a boat, &c. m. (-कः) 1. The helmsman of a vessel, the steersman, the pilot. 2. A sailor. न. नौ a boat, affix टन्.

नास्य mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्य) 1. Navigable. 2. Belonging to a boat. n. (-स्य) Newness, novelty. न. नौ a boat or vessel, and यत् affix; or नव new, अच् aff. नावा लोभ्यते चसी, नवस्य भावः वा।

नाश m. (-शः) 1. Annihilation, loss, destruction, disappearance, ruin. 2. Death. 3. Flight, retreat. 4. Abandonment, desertion. (In Arithmetic) 5. Elimination. न. अश् to cease to be, affix भावे चञ्.

नाशन n. (-न) 1. Destruction, perishing. 2. Removal, expulsion. न. अश् to perish, affix णिच्. लुट्.

नाशयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्तो-यन्) destroying annihilating. न. अश् to perish, causal form, शट् aff.

नाशित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Destroyed. न. अश् to perish, causal form. क् aff.

नाशित् mfn. (-शो-शितो-शित) 1. Destructive, destroying, a destroyer. 2. Perishing, being lost or destroyed. न. अश् to cease to be, in the causal form, affix णिच्; or नाश, and इनि aff.

नाशित्त mfn. (-कः-की-क) Belonging or relating to any thing lost. m. (-कः) The owner of any thing lost. न. नष्ट, and टक् aff.

नास्य m. du. (-नौ) The two sons of As'hwinī, and physicians of Swarga. f. (-स्या) The constellation As'hwinī, न. न not, असत्य impure.

नासा f. (-सा) 1. The nose. 2. The upper timber of a door. 3. The trunk of an elephant. न. बस् to sound, to stand, अच् aff.

नासाक्षिप्ति f. (-क्षि) A sort of bird; also पूर्विका. न. नासा the nose, नि cut, fem. affix लीप्.

नासादक्षिणावर्त m. (-वर्तः) Wearing the nose-ring in the right nostril. न. नासा the nose, दाक्षि the right, and अवर्त a turning.

नासादाह m. (-हः) The upper timber of a door; see नासा.

नासानाध m. (-धः) Thickening of the membrane of the nose, stoppage of the nostrils. न. नासा, and नाध binding

नासापरिखाव m. (-वः) 1. Running at the nose. 2. A running cold. न. नासा and परिखाव flow.

नासारस्य n. (-स्य) The nostril. न. नासा, and रस्य a hole.

नासाज m. (-जः) A plant, commonly Ka'yaphal; see कट्फल. न. नासा the nose, and ज् to cut, affix ड्.

नासादंश m. (-शः) The bridge of the nose. न. नासा and दंश bamboo.

नासावामावर्त m. (-वर्तः) Wearing the nose-ring in the left nostril, a mark of sorrow or distress. न. नासा the nose, वाम the left side, आवर्त a turning.

नासाशोष m. (-शः) Dryness of the nostrils. न. नासा and शोष drying.

नासिकस्थ mfn. (-सः-ना-स) Blowing or breathing through the nose, snoring, &c. न. नासिका the nose, था to blow &c. affix लृच्. लृच् प्रत्ययः। [घिट् to drink, affix लृच्।]

नासिकस्थ mfn. (-सः-यी-य) Drinking through the nose. न. नासिका, and नासिका f. (-का) 1. The nose. 2. The upper timber, or nose as it

were, of a door. 3. A name of the nymph As'hwinī. न. नासा above, affix कन् fem. form. or नास शब्दे लृच्। The same as नासा।

नासिकाय n. (-य) The tip of the nose. न. नासिका, and अय end.

नासिकानल n. (-ल) The mucus of the nose, snot. न. नासिका, and ल excrement; it may also be नासानल। शिङ्गाच्।

नासिक m. du. (-नौ) 1. The two sons of As'hwinī. 2. A nasal sound. n. (-क) The nose. न. नासिका, and यत् affix of identity or descent.

नासिक्यक n. (-क) The nose. न. कन् added to the preceding.

नासोर n. (-रः) Advancing or skirmishing in front of an army, leaving the line, and defying the enemy by shouts and gestures. m. (-रः) The van, or a champion who advances before the line. न. नास, शब्द sound, affix ईरन्; or नासाय शब्दाय इत्ते हर-क।

नासि ind. Non-existence, not so, it is not. न. न negative, and नासि third person, singular, present tense of अश् to be.

नासिक m. (-कः) An atheist, but applied by the orthodox Hindu's, to any one who denies the divine authority of the Vē'das, or doubts the legends of the Pura'nas, or a future life or the existence of a ruler, or creator of the universe. न. नासि there is not (a god &c.) and टन् aff.

नासिकता f. (-ता) Atheism, denial of the deity, of a future state, of the divinity of the Vē'das; Budd'hism, heresy, &c. न. तच् abstract affix added to the preceding; also with ल नासिकल, or with यत् affix नासिक्य।

नासिक्य n. (-क्य) Infidelity, atheism, heresy. न. नासिक, and यत् aff.

नासिब n. (-ल) Non-existence. न. ल added to नासि; also with तच् affix नासिता।

नासिद m. (-दः) The mango tree.

नास्य n. (-स्य) The rein of an ox passed through the septum of the nostrils. न. नासा the nose, शरीरावयवत्वान् यत् aff. नासायौ भवन्।

नाध m. (-धः) 1. Binding, confinement. 2. A trap, a snare for catching deer, &c. 3. Obstruction in any organ or secretion of the body, as costiveness, &c. न. अच् to bind, affix भावे चञ्।

नाध्व m. (-ध्वः) A man of a barbarous or outcast tribe.

नाडि m. (-डि) The name of a king; also YAYATI. न. नाड्य, and ड् affix of descent. Also नाड्य।

निःकारण mfn. (-चः-आ-च) Causeless, unfounded. ३. निः neg. कारण cause.

निःकाशन n. (-नः) Expulsion, exile, turning out. ३. निः, and कश् to go, causal form, क्छट् affix ; also निःकाशन ।

निःकाशित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Turned out or forth, expelled, removed. ३. निः out, कश् to go, in the causal form, affix क्छट् ; also निःकाशित, निःकाशित and निःकाशित ।

निःकाशित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Expelled, turned out. ३. निः for निः out, काशित caused to go, also निःकाशित ।

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Having none of the military tribe, (in a city, &c.) ३. निः not, चञ्च a Kahetriya.

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Thrown or sent away. 2. Spent. 3. Passed. ३. निः before, कश् to throw, &c. affix क्छट् ।

निःकाश ind. 1. Having thrown or sent away. 2. Having spent, (as time.) 3. Having wiped away, (as tears,) &c. ३. निः before, कश् to throw, and क्छट् aff.

निःकाश m. (-नः) 1. Throwing, sending, putting away. 2. Spending. 3. Passing, (as time) 4. Wiping away, (as tears) ३. निः and कश् to throw, क्छट् aff.

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Gloomy, dark, obscured. ३. निः for निः privative, and प्रकाश light ; also निःकाश ।

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Fruitless, barren. ३. निः neg. फल fruit, more commonly निःकाश ।

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Undoubted. ३. निः for निः, काश doubt.

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Fearless. ३. निः and काश apprehension.

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Solitary, private. ३. निः for निः privative, and काश the maina ; not even frequented by birds ; also निःकाश ।

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Silent, voiceless. ३. निः for निः, and काश sound.

निःकाश m. (-नः) Rice without any awn or beard. ३. निः for निः and काश beard of corn.

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Complete, entire. ३. निः for निः negative, and काश remainder ; also निःकाश ।

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Cleansed, cleared, purified. ३. निः for निः implying completion, and काश pure ; also निःकाश ।

निःकाश f. (-नी) Wooden steps, a ladder, a staircase. ३. निः for निः out, forth, नि to go, affix क्छट् ; also with कश् affix, and कश् added, निःकाशनी.

निःकाश f. (-नी) 1. A ladder or staircase, a flight of steps. 2. The wild date tree. ३. निः for निः implying certainty, and काश a line also निःकाशनी.

निःकाश n. (-नः) 1. Final beatitude, the release of the soul from the body, and its reunion with the primary and universal spirit. 2. Happiness, welfare. 3. Knowledge, learning. 4. Belief, faith, devotedness. 5. Apprehension, conception. m. (-नः) A name of Siva. ३. निः for निः implying eternity or certainty, काश best, कश् added ; also निःकाश ।

निःकाश n. (-नः) 1. Sighing, &c. 2. Breathing out. ३. निः and काश breathing.

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Sighed, sighing. 2. Breathing out. n. (-नः) 1. Expiration. 2. Sighing. ३. निः and काश to breathe, क्छट् aff.

निःकाश ind. Having sighed. ३. निः and काश to breathe, affix क्छट्.

निःकाश m. (-नः) 1. Breathing out, expiration. 2. Sighing. ३. निः, and काश to breathe, क्छट् aff.

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Sorrowful. ३. निःकाश and परम best.

निःकाश ind. 1. A particle of reproof, (improperly, unseasonably.) 2. A term of regret, (alas ! ) ३. निः not, काश equal to, र is changed to Visarga, and स becomes श.

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Separated, unconnected. 2. Regardless, indifferent, free from attachment or desire. ३. निः not, काश association.

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Senseless, insensible. ३. निः not, काश sign of life.

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) False, untrue. ३. निः neg. काश true.

निःकाश f. (-नी) Insincerity, falsehood. ३. निः neg. काश truth.

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Weak, impotent. 2. Insignificant, mean, low. 3. Non-existent. 4. Insubstantial. n. (-नः) 1. Insignificance, absence of power or consideration. 2. Non-existence. ३. निः neg. काश substance, &c.

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Firm, well-knit, compact. ३. निः not, काश junction ; the joints of which are not perceivable. निःकाश ; काशः सुनिश्चितत्वात् निरादिसं सुवना-चलम् ।

निःकाश m. (-नः) 1. Without motion. 2. Midnight. ३. निः neg. काश going, from पत् to go, with कश् prefix, and कश् aff.

निःकाश n. (-नः) 1. Death, dying. 2. A means or expedient. 3. Exit, a going forth or out. 4. Final beatitude. 5. The entrance into a house or town, &c. the gate, the gate-way. ३. निः forth or out, कश् to go, क्छट् aff.

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Intolerable, unbearable. 2. Irresistible. 3. Unable to support or bear. ३. निः neg. काश bearing.

निःकाश n. (-नः) 1. Inability to bear or support. 2. Impatience, unendurance. ३. निःकाश, and कश् affix ; also with कश् निःकाश.

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Bold, fearless. ३. निः and काश fear.

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Sapless, pithless. ३. Worthless, vain, insubstantial. m. (-नः) 1. A plant. (Trophis aspera.) 2. Going forth. f. (-नी) The plantain. ३. निः privative, काश essence, pith ; or निः out, कश् to go, क्छट् aff.

निःकाश n. (-नः) 1. Going forth or out. 2. The entrance of a house or town, &c. the passage, the road of ingress and egress. ३. निः forth or out, and कश् to go क्छट् aff ; see निःकाश.

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Turned forth or out, expelled, dismissed. ३. निः out, and काश caused to go. निः काश क्छट् क्छट् क्छट् ।

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Disagreeable, distressing. 2. Unhappy. ३. निः neg. काश pleasure.

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Gone forth or out. ३. निः, and कश् to go, affix क्छट्.

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Dry, not greasy or unctuous. 2. Cold, insensible, unfeeling. f. (-नी) Linseed, (Linum utilitissimum.) ३. निः forth, out, and काश oil ; whence oil is extracted or expressed, &c. or निः privative, काश oil or affection.

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Free from desire. 2. Disregarding, indifferent to. ३. निः neg. काश wish.

निःकाश m. (-नः) The moisture or water of boiled rice. ३. निः forth, and काश what is oozing or निः-का-च (केन) । [property.]

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Poor, indigent. ३. निः not, काश own

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Insipid, tasteless. ३. निः neg. काश sweet.

नि ind. 1. In, within ; on, upon : a particle and prefix. 2. A negative or prohibitive particle. 3. A particle implying certainty, affirmation, proximity, continuance, doubt, intensity, fulness, Lowness, order, skill, wrong, group, &c. see the following compounds.

निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Near, proximate. 2. Kinless, solitary. ३. निः and क्छट् affix ; or नि prefixed to क्छट् to go to or towards, affix कश्.

निःकाश m. (-नः) 1. A flock or multitude. 2. A heap, a bundle. 3. Pith, sap, essence. 4. Suitable or proper gift. 5. A treasure, especially belonging to KURU : see निःकाश. ३. नि in or upon, कश् to throw, affix क्छट्.

निःकाश m. (-नः) 1. An open space or sort of play-ground in or near a town. 2. A court at the entrance to a house. 3. A neighbourhood. 4. A plot of ground not ploughed. ३. नि, with कश् ploughing ; so prepared.

निःकाश m. (-नः-ना-न) The touch-stone. f. (-नी) The mother of the imps or goblins. ३. नि prefixed to कश् to injure, affix क्छट्.

निक्षि ind. 1. Near, proximate. 2. In the middle, betwixt, between. 3. The mother of a Ra'kshasha. ३. नि prefixed to कृत् to hurt, UNA'di affix चा.

निक्षिप m. (-जः) A Ra'kshasha, a sort of goblin. ३. निक्षिप the mother of the race, and निक्षिप a son.

निक्षिप m. (-सः) A touch-stone; see निक्षिप.

निक्षिप n. adv. (-सः) Voluntarily, willingly, implying certainty. ३. नि, क्षिप will.

निक्षिप m. (-यः) An assemblage of persons performing like duties, a congregation, an audience. 2. A flock, a multitude. 3. A butt, a mark. 4. A house, habitation. 5. The Supreme Being. 6. The body. ३. नि in or within, चि to collect, affix चञ्, and क substituted for the radical initial.

निक्षिप m. (-यः) A house. ३. नि in or within, चि to collect, affix चञ्, कुलम् ।

निक्षिप m. (-रः) 1. Opposition, contradiction. 2. Injury, wrong, offence. 3. wickedness, malice. 4. Abuse, reproach, disrespect. 5. Raising, tossing or lifting up. 6. Piling or winnowing corn. 7. Killing. ३. नि depreciative prefix, कृ to make, or कृ to throw, affix भावे चञ्, or चप.

निक्षिप n. (-चः) Killing, slaughter. ३. नि prefixed to कृ to injure, affix कृट्.

निक्षिप m. (-चः) Rubbing, scratching. ३. नि before, कृत् to hurt, चञ् aff. निक्षिप(m) mfn. (-चः-सा-सः) 1. Likeness. (in composition :) 2. Proximity 3. Appearance. See निक्षिप.

निक्षिप m. (-कः) A measure of capacity equal to 1/4th of a Kud'ava. ३. नि before, कृत् to be small. affix कृट्.

निक्षिप mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Contracted. ३. नि in, and कृत् curved.

निक्षिप mn. (-जः-जः) An arbour, a bower, a place overgrown with creepers and shrubs. ३. नि expletive, and कृत् an arbour.

निक्षिप m. (-यः) 1. The son of KUMBHAKARN'A, the brother of R'AVAN'A. 2. A plant, (Croton polyandrum) ३. कृ the earth, भू to be, affix चञ्, and नि prefixed.

निक्षिप f. (-सा) A cave situated on the western part of ceylon, where offerings with fire are made. ३. नि before, कृत् a jar, इलच् aff.

निक्षिप n. (-यः) A flock or multitude : also निक्षिप ३. नि before, कृत् to divide or out, affix चञ्च, and च substituted for the penultimate ; also read निक्षिप.

निक्षिप mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Dishonest, wicked, perverse. 2. Removed, set aside, dismissed. 3. Tricked, cheated, deceived. 4. Injured, afflicted. 5. Low, base, vile. ३. नि prefixed to कृत् to out, affix क.

निक्षिप f. (-तिः) 1. Wickedness, dishonesty. 2. Abuse, reproach. 3. Rejection, removal. 4. Poverty, indigence. ३. नि prefixed to कृत् to out, affix क्ति. or नि + कृ-भावे निक्षिप ।

निक्षिप mfn. (-टः-टा-टः) Outcast, despised, low. ३. नि prefixed to कृत् to make furrows, to revile or despise, affix कृ.

निक्षिप m. (-यः) Piling or collecting repeatedly. ३. नि before, चि to gather, reit. v., चञ् aff.

निक्षिप m. (-तः) A house, a habitation. ३. नि in, कृत् to dwell, affix चञ् ; also with युच् affix निक्षिप.

निक्षिप n. (-कः) A house, a dwelling. ३. कृ added to निक्षिप.

निक्षिप n. (-नः) A house, a habitation. m. (-नः) An onion ३. see निक्षिप.

निक्षिप(ड) m. (-कः) A tree, (Allangium hexapetalum.) ३. नि prefixed to कृत् to be crooked, affix कृट् ; also derived from कृट् to surround, निक्षिप ; also with चञ्, pleonasm added, निक्षिप or नि + कृ + चञ् इत् । चङ्गीट इत् ।

निक्षिप m. (-चः) 1. A musical tone or sound. 2. Any sound. ३. नि prefixed to कृत् to sound, चञ् affix ; also with चञ्, affix निक्षिप m. (-चः)

निक्षिप r. 1st cl. (निक्षिप) To kiss : see निक्षिप ।

निक्षिप n. (-चः) Kissing. ३. निक्षिप to kiss, कृट् aff.

निक्षि f. (-चा) A nit. ३. निक्षि to meditate, UNA'di affix चञ् according some a wrong form of निक्षि ।

निक्षिप mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Rejected, abandoned, foregone, given thrown away. 2. Deposited, pawned, pledged. 3. Thrust in placed in. 4. Sent, sent off or away. ३. नि implying absolutely internally, and चिप to throw कृ aff.

निक्षिप mfn. (-पन्-पन्-पन्) Throwing or placing in or upon. ३. नि before चिप to throw, affix कृट् ।

निक्षिप m. (-पः) 1. A pledge, a deposit in general, or one which is covered or particularised in presence of the receiver, and left without cover or seal. 2. Abandoning, parting with, throwing away. sending or putting away. 4. Wiping, drying. ३. नि prefixed to चि to throw or reject, affix चञ् ।

निक्षिप mfn. (-ता-तो-तु) Who or what places or deposits. m. (-ता) A depositor, a pawnor or pledger. ३. नि before, चिप to throw, कृ aff.

निक्षिप mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Dwarfish, a dwarf. n. (-यः) A billion. ३. नि certainly, verily यक्ष short &c.

निक्षिप mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Dug dug, up, excavated. 2. Fixed in the ground as a snake. ३. नि before कृत् to dig, कृ aff.

निक्षिप mfn. (-लः-ला-लः) All, entire, complete. ३. नि negative, निक्षि defective. निक्षिप' निक्षिप' शेषी यथात् ।

निक्षिप mn. (-डः-डः) Iron chain for the feet, a fetter, but especially the heel chains of an elephant. ३. नि not, गृट् to drop, (to drop off,) affix चञ् । नि + गल + चञ् । डलयीरेकात् डलम् ।

निक्षिप mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Bound, tied, chained &c. ३. निक्षिप a chain, तार-रतच् aff.

निक्षिप m. (-चः) The smoke of a burnt offering or sacrificial fire. ३. नि implying certainty, प्रिफि to गृट् to estimate, affix कृ ; by which presence of fire is indicated.

निक्षिप m. (-दः) 1. Speech, speaking, discourse. 2. Audible recitation of prayers or charms. ३. नि affirmative prefix, गृट् speech. चञ् aff.

निक्षिप mfn. (-दन्-दन्-दन्) Speaking, saying, speaking to, addressing. ३. निक्षिप to speak, कृट् aff.

निक्षिप mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Said, spoken. ३. नि before गृट् to speak, कृ aff.

निक्षिप mfn. (-वान्-वतो-वत्) Speaking, having spoken. ३. नि before, गृट् to speak, कृट् aff.

निक्षिप m. (-नः) 1. A town, a city. 2. A market, a fair. 3. Holywrit, the V'e'das collectively. 4. A road, a market road. 5. Trade, traffic. 6. A camp or caravan of itinerant dealers, as Bazaris, &c. 7. Certainty, assurance. 8. Logic. ३. नि affirmative prefix, गृट् to go, affix चञ्, by which people go, &c. निक्षिपते चञ् चनेन वा नि + गल-चञ् ।

निक्षिप n. (-नः) 1. Certain or logical conclusion, the winding up of a syllogism. 2. Quotations of words from the V'e'das. 3. The conclusion in a syllogism, the deduction (the fifth member of a five-membered syllogism. (In logio.) 4. Going. ३. नि, and गलन् going.

निक्षिप m. (-रः) Eating, swallowing ३. नि in, गृट् to swallow, affix चञ्.

निक्षिप m. (-चः) Eating, swallowing. m. (-चः) 1. The throat, the gullet. 2. Smoke of a burnt offering. ३. नि prefixed to गृट् to swallow, affix कृट् ।

निक्षिप m. (-दः) 1. Speech, discourse. 2. A prayer recited aloud ३. नि before गृट् to speak, affix चञ् ; also निक्षिप ।

निक्षिप m. (-रः) Swallowing. ३. नि prefixed to गृट् to swallow, affix चञ् ; also निक्षिप ।

निक्षिप m. (-लः) Throat or neck of a horse. ३. नि before, गृट् to eat, affix चञ् or नि + गृ + चञ्, चप वा-रल लः । [नल-नः ।

निक्षिप m. (-वान्) A horse. ३. निक्षिप as above, and चञ्चये गृट् aff.

निक्षिप mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Sung, said. ३. नि and गीत sung.

निक्षिप m. (-गुः) 1. A root. 2. The mind, the faculty of feeling and reasoning. 3. Painting. 4. excrement ३. नि affirmation, चञ् to take, affix कृट् । रक्षीपच ।

**गुह्य** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Profound, obscure. 2. Hidden, concealed. 3. Embraced. m. (-कः) A sort of wild bean : see **सुह्य** m. नि before, गुह् to hide or conceal, affix क. चातिङिते, वनसुह्ये च ।  
**गुह्यार्थ** mfn. (-र्थः-र्थी-र्थं) Having a hidden sense or purpose. m. निगुह्, and अर्थ meaning.  
**गुह्यनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be hid or concealed. 2. To be protected or defended. m. नि before, गुह् to conceal, चनोयर् aff.  
**गुह्यनीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Assailed, attacked. 2. Harassed, spoiled. 3. Seized, arrested. 4. Restrained, subdued, checked. m. नि before, गुह् to take, क aff.  
**गुह्यनीति** f. (-तिः) Restraint, check, &c. : see निगुह्, m. नि before, गुह् to take, कित् aff.  
**गुह्यन्त** mfn. (-न्तः-न्ती-न्तं) 1. Seizing, taking 2. Suppressing, restraining. m. नि before, गुह् to take, हन् aff.  
**गुह्यन्त** ind. 1. Having taken. 2. Having restrained or suppressed. 3. Having arrested or confined. m. नि before, गुह् to take, हप् aff.  
**गुह्य** m. (-हः) 1. Aversion, disfavour, discouragement, dislike. 2. Abusing. 3. Binding, confinement, capture, arrest. 4. A binding, a tie. 5. Restraint, subjection. 6. Suppression, putting down. 7. A boundary, a limit. 8. Administering medicine. 9. Killing. 10. A name of KRISHN'A. 11. Removing. 12. A flaw in an argument. 13. A handle. m. नि before, गुह् to take or seize, affix चप्.  
**गुह्य** n. (-चः) 1. Subduing, suppression. 2. Defeat. 3. Capture. 4. Punishment in general. m. नि before गुह् to take, कृट् aff.  
**गुह्यस्य** n. (-स्यः) Failure in logical argument. m. निगुह्, and स्थान place.  
**गुह्य** m. (-हः) Aversion, &c. used as an imprecation, as, गिह्यस्ते भूयान् confusion seize you, &c. m. नि before, गुह् to seize, affix चप्.  
**गुह्य** m. (-चः) 1. A round or circle, a ball, any thing whose height and circumference are equal. 2. A tree. 3. Sin. m. नि before, हन् to kill, affix क, deriv irr.  
**गुह्य** m. (-हः) A vocabulary, a collection of words or names.  
**गुह्य** m. (-हः) 1. Food, victuals. 2. Eating, Dining. m. नि before, गुह् to eat, चप् affix, and चप् substituted for the root.  
**गुह्य** m. (-तिः) An iron club or mace. m. नि before, गुह् to kill, हन्, Una'di affix, and चात substituted for the root.  
**गुह्यनिच** mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Of different forms or sizes.  
**गुह्य** n. (-हः) Sound, noise. m. नि before, गुह् to sound, affix क.  
**गुह्य** m. (-हः) 1. A hoof. 2. A mule. 3. A boar. 4. A road. m. नि before, गुह् to pound, Una'di affix वन् or हन् । Der : Irreg.  
**गुह्य** mfn. (-हः-गा-हं) 1. Docile, subservient, domestic, dependant. 2. Completing a quotient, (in Arithmetic.) 3. Dependant on a substantive (as an adjective) m. नि before, गुह् to injure or do mischief, चक्ष् aff.  
**गुह्य** mfn. (-हन् हन्ती-हन्तं) 1. Slaying. Destroying, overcoming. m. नि before, गुह् to kill, हन् aff.  
**गुह्य** mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) Slaying, killing. m. नि before, गुह् to kill, हाप् aff.  
**गुह्य** m. (-हः) 1. Heap, assemblage, collection. 2. Certainty. 3. An assemblage of parts constituting a whole. m. नि before, गुह् to collect, affix भावे चप् ।  
**गुह्यनि** mfn. (-नी-यिनी-यि) Having or containing a quantity, full of, redolent with, abounding. m. निचय, and ह्नि aff.  
**गुह्यनी** f. (-नी) A capital ool : see **गुह्यनी**.  
**गुह्य** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. full, filled. 2. Covered, overspread. 3. Raised up. 4. Narrowed. m. नि before, गुह् to collect, affix क.  
**गुह्य** m. (-हः) 1. A plant, (Barringtonia contangula.) 2. An upper and outer garment. 3. A name of a poet. m. नि before, गुह् to lift up, affix क । द्विच्ये तथा वेत्तुह्ये च ।  
**गुह्य** m. (-हः) A breast-plate, a cuirass. m. गुह् added to the preceding; also निचीयक ।  
**गुह्य** mfn. (-हः-ही-हं) A cover, a wrapper, a veil, a surtout. 2. A

bed cover. 3. The cover of a litter. m. नि before, गुह् to lift up, affix चप् ।  
**गुह्य** m. (-हः) A sort of jacket, but especially a soldier's jacket, or a body dress, serving as a cuirass or breast-plate. m. चप् added to निचीयक ।  
**गुह्य** m. (-हः) A district, the modern Tirhut. m. नि constantly, ह्नि light ; or निह्यटा ह्निव ।  
**गुह्य** mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) Unimpeached. m. नि neg. ह्नि flaw.  
**गुह्य** m. (-हः) A man of one of the degraded classes, born from the outcast Kshetriya; the occupation of this caste is apparently public exhibition of tricks, prize-fighting, &c. being classed with the Jhallas, Mallas, and others. m. नि privative, ह्नि light or credit, ह्नि substituted for the penultimate.  
**गुह्य** m. (-हः) 1. Cutting off. 2. Leaving no common measure. (In Arithmetic.) m. नि, and ह्नि cutting.  
**गुह्य** mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) 1. Own. 2. Perpetual, eternal. 3. Peculiar. m. नि implying continuance, and ज what is produced. निगुह् जायते नि + ज + ड ।  
**गुह्य** mfn. (-हन्-हन्ती-हन्तं) Desirous of making to exeat. m. नि before, गुह् to take, desid v., हन् aff.  
**गुह्य** mfn. (-हः-ह्यः-ह्यं) Wishing to conceal. m. नि before, गुह् to hide, desid. v., च aff.  
**गुह्य** n. (-हः) The forehead. m. नि before, ह्नि to be marked, (with frowns, &c.) affix चप् ; also with चप् added निह्यट् ।  
**गुह्य** m. (-हः) A name of Siva m. निह्यट् the forehead, and चप् an eye.  
**गुह्य** n. (-हः) The downward flight of a bird or a peculiar mode of flying. m. नि affirmative prefix and हीन flight, flying.  
**गुह्य** f. (-हः) A plant commonly Teori.  
**गुह्य** m. (-हः) 1. A woman's buttock's. 2. The buttocks or posteriors in general, or as it is sometimes applied, to the circumference of the hip and loins. 3. The shoulder. 4. The side of a mountain. 5. The sloping bank or shore of a river. m. नि prefixed to तन् to go, affix चप् ; or तन् to go with च aff. निह्यट् तन्ते जायते काह्येः ।  
**गुह्यनी** f. (-नी) A woman with large and handsome posteriors. m. निह्यट् as above, ह्नि and हीप् affs.  
**गुह्य** ind. 1. Always, continually, eternally. 2. Especially, particularly. 3. Hence. m. नि always, तन् comparative affix, and चाह्य added.  
**गुह्य** m. (-हः) One of the seven divisions of Pa'ta'la or hell. m. नि not, (known,) तन् depth. निह्यट्, एकान्ते च ।  
**गुह्य** adj. mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) Much, excessive. adv. n. (-हः) much, excessively. m. नि prefixed to तन् to desire, affix क, and the vowel made long.  
**गुह्य** mfn. adj. (-हः-हा-हं) 1. Eternal, everlasting, continual, perpetual, past, present, and future. 2. Regular, fixed, invariable. 3. Ordinary. 4. Necessary. n. adv. (-हः) Always, eternally, continually. sub. Indispensable rite or act. m. (-हः) The ocean. f. (-हः) 1. A name of PA'RVATI. 2. The goddess MANASA. 3. A Sakti, a form of DURGA, or personified energy of SIVA. m. नि particle implying perpetually, and तन् aff.  
**गुह्य** n. (-हः) Indispensable act or ceremony, as observance of the five great sacrifices, or any daily and necessary rite. m. निह्य, and चक्ष् act ; also निह्यट्, &c.  
**गुह्य** n. (-हः) Regular and necessary act or ceremony. m. निह्य, and ह्नि to be done.  
**गुह्य** m. (-हः) Air or wind. m. निह्य eternal, ह्नि motion.  
**गुह्य** f. (-ता) Perpetuity, eternity. m. तन् added to निह्य ; also with च, निह्यट् ।  
**गुह्य** ind. Always, constantly, and eternally. m. निह्य, and हाप् aff.  
**गुह्य** n. (-हः) Daily alms. m. निह्य, and दान gift.

**नित्यनैमित्तिक** n. (-क) Any act or ceremony which though occasional is of irregular recurrence, as Śra'ddhas at fixed lunar periods. **नित्य**, and **नैमित्तिक** occasional; also **नित्यनैमित्तिककर्तृन्** ।

**नित्यप्रलय** m. (-यः) 1. Sleep. 2. The constant loss of living beings. **नित्य** and **प्रलय** destruction.

**नित्ययुक्त** mfn. (-क्तः-ता-त्) Always busy or engaged in. **नित्य** and **युक्त** attached to.

**नित्ययौवन** mfn. (-नः-ता-त्) Ever or always young. **नित्य** and **युक्त** attached to. **DRAPADI**. **नित्य** always, and **यौवन** youth.

**नित्यसम्** ind. Always, constantly, eternally. **नित्य**, and **सम्** aff.

**नित्यसम** m. (-नः) An erroneous answer, one asserting perpetuity for perishable things. **नित्य**, and **सम** same.

**नित्यानघाय** m. (-यः) A period when the perusal of the Vēdas is invariably prohibited, as the day of full moon, new moon, the eighth and fourteenth days of the half month. **नित्य** always, **अन्** negative prefix, **अघाय** to be read.

**नित्यानित्य** mfn. (-त्यः-ता-त्) Eternal and perishable, permanent and temporary, &c. **नित्य**, and **अनित्य** transient.

**निद** (र) **निदि** r. 1st ol. (**निदिति**) To reproach, to blame.

**निद** mfn. (-दः-दा-द) Abusive. **न** (-दः) Poison, venom. **न** नि affirmative prefix, **दी** to destroy, affix **उ** or **निदि-क**, वा नलोपः ।

**निदत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-ता-त्) Given, given absolutely. **न** नि and **दत्त** given.

**निदद्रु** mf. (-द्रुः-द्रुः) A man. **न** निद poison, and **द्रु** tree, a living Upas.

**निदर्शन** n. (-नः) 1. An example or illustration. 2. Injunction, precept. 3. Temour, purport. 4. Authority, text. 5. A sign. 6. A scheme. 7. View. 8. Evidence. **न** नि fully or certainly, **दर्शन** showing, or **नि + दृश्** कृट् ।

**निदाघ** m. (-घः) 1. The hot season, (May and June.) 2. Heat, warmth. 3. Sweat, perspiration. **न** नि always, **दह** to burn, **आधारे** घञ् affix, **अह** इदि० कृत् ।

**निदाघकर** m. (-रः) The sun. **न** निदाघ the hot season, and **कर** who makes.

**निदाघकाल** m. (-कः) The hot season, two months previous to rains, about May and June. **न** निदाघ, and **काल** time or season.

**निदाघसिन्धु** m. (-न्धुः) A river in the hot weather, one nearly dry. **न** निदाघ, and **सिन्धु** a river.

**निदान** n. (-नः) 1. A first cause, a primary or remote cause. 2. Disappearance, cessation or removal of a first cause. 3. Purification purity, correctness. 4. Asking for the recompense or objects of austere devotion. 5. End, cessation. 6. A rope for tying a calf. 7. Ascertaining the causes of disease, study of symptoms with a view to trace the remote or proximate causes; hence this word is the name of a division of all works on medicine. **न** नि always or certainly, **दिङ्** to cherish affix **पालने** कृट् ; by which all effects are produced.

**निदिग्ध** mfn. (-ग्धः-ग्धा-ग्ध) Smeared, anointed, plastered. **न** (-ग्धः) 1. Small cardamoms. 2. Increasing. **न** नि prefixed to **दिङ्** to smear, affix **क्त**.

**निदिग्धिका** f. (-का) A sort of prickly nightshade, (Solanum jacquini.) **न** क्त added to the preceding. **कण्टकारिकायाम्** ।

**निदिध्यासन** n. (-नः) Deep and repeated consideration, thinking of or recalling repeatedly. **न** नि before, **अ** in the reiterative form, affix **लु**.

**निदिष्ट** mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) 1. Ordered, directed. 2. Advised, enjoined. 3. Explained, pointed out. **न** नि implying certainty, **दिष्ट** to show, affix **क्त** ।

**निदेश** m. (-शः) A sign.

**निदेश** m. (-शः) 1. Order, command, direction, instruction. 2. Speech, speaking, saying, relating. 3. Vicinity, proximity. 4. The word of command. **न** नि **देश** affix, **दिष्ट** to show, affix **वञ्** ।

**निदिशित्** mfn. (-शितः-शिता-शित) Showing, directing, pointing out. **न** (-शितः) 1. A quarter of space. 2. A point of the compass. **न** नि before, **दिष्ट** to show, **शित** aff.

**निदिष्ट** mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) Who or what show or points out, explaining, advising, commanding, &c. **न** नि before **दिष्ट** to show, **वञ्** aff.

**निद्रा** f. (-द्रा) 1. Sleep, sleepiness, sloth. 2. Dream. **न** नि **द्रा** to condemn or censure, Una'di affix **रक्** ; or **द्रे** to sleep, affix **लिट्** and **नि** prefixed, or more correctly. **नि + द्रा** भावे च ।

**निद्राव** mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Asleep, sleepy, drowsy. 2. Shut up, closed. **न** निद्रा as above, affix **क्त** । **नि + द्रा** तस्य नः ।

**निद्रात्** mfn. (-द्रात्-द्रात्-द्रात्) Sleeping. **न** नि before, **द्रा** to go, affix **वट्** ।

**निद्राभङ्ग** mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गा-ङ्ग) Awaked, aroused from sleep. **न** निद्रा, **भङ्ग** breaking.

**निद्रायमाव** mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Sleeping, asleep. **न** नि before **द्रे** to sleep, **मावञ्** aff.

**निद्रालु** mfn. (-लुः-लुः-लुः) Sleeping, sleepy, drowsy, slothful. **न** (-लुः) A name of Vishn'u. **न** (-लुः) A sort of perfume, commonly **नीलो**. **न** निद्रा, and **नीलो** चालु aff.

**निद्राह्व** m. (-वः) Darkness. **न** निद्रा sleep, and **ह्व** a tree, (whose fruit is sleep.)

**निद्रासंजन** n. (-नः) Phlegm, phlegmatic humour. **न** निद्रा sleep, and **संजन** producing, occasioning. **निद्रा** संजनयति सन्-जन-चिच् लु ।

**निधन** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Poor. **न** (-नः-नः) 1. Race, family. 2. Loss, disappearance, annihilation. 3. Death, dying. 4. The seventh asterism of the lunar mansions, reckoning from that under which a person is born. **न** (-नः) The head of a family. **न** नि before **चा** to cherish, affix **चञ्**, or **नि** neg. **चन** wealth, or **नि + चा + क्यु** ।

**निधनकारिन्** mfn. (-री-रिची-रि) Destroying, destructive. **न** निधन and **कारिन्** making.

**निधनता** f. (-ता) Poverty. **न** निधन, and **तञ्** added; also with **ल**, **निधनल**.

**निधान** n. (-नः) 1. A Nid'hi or divine treasure, belonging especially to Kuvā'ra the god of wealth. 2. A receptacle, a place or vessel in or on which any thing is collected or deposited. 3. Place of cessation or rest. 4. Property, possessions, wealth. **न** नि in or on, **धा** to possess, Una'di affix **क्वप्** or according to others **भावे** कृट् : see **निधि** ।

**निधायक** m. (-कः) 1. A weapon. 2. Burnt timber, charcoal. 3. The castor oil plant.

**निधाय** ind. Having fixed or placed in or on. **न** नि before **धा** g-hare, **क्वप्** aff.

**निधि** m. (-धिः) 1. One of Kuvā'ra's Nid'his or divine treasures, nine of which are enumerated : viz. The Padma, Maha'padma, Sankha, Makara, Kachchapa, Mukunda, Kunda, Nila, and K'harba : their nature is not exactly defined, though some of them appears to be precious gems ; according to the Tantrika system, they are personified and worshipped as demi-gods, attendant either upon Kuvā'ra or upon Lakshmi, the goddess of prosperity. 2. A receptacle, a place of asylum or accumulation, as a treasury, a granary, a nest, &c.; also figuratively, as **गुणनिधि** : a man who contains or is endowed with all good qualities. 3. A treasure, any sum or quantity of wealth or valuables. 4. A medicinal plant and perfume, commonly Jivaka. 5. The ocean. 6. An epithet of Vishn'u. **न** नि in, **धा** to have, affix. **आधारे** क्ति ।

**निधिनाथ** m. (-थः) A name of Kuvā'ra. **न** निधि a divine treasure and **नाथ** lord; also similar compounds, as **निधिप्रभु** **निधीश्वर**, &c.

**निधीयमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Being in the course of placing, depositing, &c. **न** नि before, **धा** to have, causal form, **मानञ्** aff.

**निधीय** m. (-यः) Kuvā'ra. **न** निधि as above, and **इन्द्र** lord.

**निधुवन** n. (-नः) 1. Coition, copulation. 2. Trembling, agitation. 3. Pleasure, enjoyment. 4. Sport, play, pastime. **न** नि before **धु** to shake or agitate, **वुञ्** aff. **नितरां** धुवनं वसपादादिवाहनसम् ।

**निधेय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be placed in or on, to be deposited, &c. **न** नि before **धा** to have, **वञ्** aff. **जिया** टाप् ।

ज्याय n. (-न्) sight, seeing. E. जि before, ज्ञै to think, affix भावे ल्युट्.  
 ज्ञान m. (-न्) Sound E. जि before, ज्ञन् to sound, affix भावे घञ्.  
 जङ्घ् mfn. (-ङ्घः-ङ्घः-ङ्घः) Wishing to kill. E. जि before, जङ्घ् to destroy, desid. v, ङ affix, form irr. or correctly जङ्घ-सन्-उ मुन् ।  
 जद m. (-द्) Sound in general. E. जि before जद to sound, affix भावे चप् ; also निनाद-  
 जयन n. (-न्) Engaging in performance. E. जि before, जो to lead, लुट् aff.  
 जाद m. (-द्) Sound in general. E. जि before जद to sound, affix पचे चञ् ; also निजद-  
 जादित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sounded. E. जि before जद to sound, causal v, क् aff.  
 जीवा f. (-वा) Desire to take or lead. E. जी to lead, desid. form, affixes चङ्, and टाप्.  
 जीवु mfn. (-वुः-वुः-वुः) Desirous to take or lead. E. जी to lead, desid. form, उ aff.  
 जक्र mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Reproachful, abusive, scurrilous, censorious. E. जिद् to abuse, च्वल् aff. or जिन्द-वुञ् ।  
 जदत् mfn. (-न्दन्-न्दन्-न्दन्) Abusing, blaming. E. जिन्द to blame, षट् aff.  
 जदतल mfn. (-लः-लो-लं) Having a maimed or defective hand : it is also sometimes read निघतल. E. जिन्द as above, तल the fore-arm and कर्मणि घञ् aff.  
 जदन n. (-न्) Reproach, censure, blame. E. जिद्, to reprove, affix ल्युट्.  
 जदा f. (-दा) 1. Censure, reproach, reproof, blame, abuse, reviling, defamation. 2. Injury, injuring. 3. Wickedness. E. जिद् to abuse, &c. affixes चङ् and टाप् or जिन्दि भावे च ।  
 जदालुति f. (-ति) Irony, ironical praise. E. जिन्दा censure, and लुति praise.  
 जदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Abused, reviled, reproved, 2. Low, despicable, worthy of being reviled. 3. Prohibited, forbidden. E. जिद् to abuse, affix क्.  
 जिदु f. (-दुः) A woman bearing a dead child. E. जिद् to abuse, affix कर्मणि उ ।  
 जिन्दा mfn. (-दाः-दा-दा) 1. Bad, vile despicable, reprehensible. 2. Forbidden, Prohibited. E. जिन्दा, and, यत् aff.  
 जिय m. (-यः) A water jar. m. (-यः) The Kudamba tree, (Nauclea cadamba.) E. जि continuative Particle, पा to drink, affix करणे घञ् क ।  
 जिप(रा)उ m. (-उः) Reading, studying or lecturing. E. जि before. पठ् to read, affix भावे चप् पचे चञ् वा ; also with लुट् निपठन् ।  
 जिपठित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Read, studied, E. जि पठ् to read, क् aff.  
 जिपठित f. (-ति) Reading, study. E. जि पठ् to read, क् aff.  
 जिपतन् mfn. (-तन्-तन्-तन्) 1. Falling, falling down, prostrating. 2. Alighting. E. जि before पत् to fall, affix षट्.  
 जिपतन n. (-न्) 1. Falling. 2. Alighting, descending. E. जि in or on, पत् to go, लुट् aff.  
 जिपतित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Fallen, fallen down. 2. Alighted, descended. E. जि in or on, पत् to go, क् aff.  
 जिपत्य ind. 1. Having fallen down, prostrate. 2. Having alighted. E. जि before पत् to fall, ल्यप् aff.  
 जिपत्या f. (-त्या) 1. A field of battle. 2. Any plashy or slippery ground. E. जि in or on, पत् to fall, चाधारे कप् aff.  
 जिपाक m. (-कः) Cooking, maturing, ripening. E. जि before पप् to cook, affix चञ् ।  
 जिपाउ m. (-उः) Reading, study of the sacred books, or public perusal of popular poems. E. जि before, पठ् to read, affix चञ् ।  
 जिपात m. (-तः) 1. Death, dying. 2. Falling, coming down, alighting. 3. Irregularity, (in Grammar,) 4. A particle, (in ditto.) 5. Attacking. 6. Casting. 7. Accidental occurrence or mention. E. जि before, पत् to go, affix भावे चञ् ।  
 जिपातन n. (-न्) 1. Causing to descend or fall, throwing down. 2. Bea-

ting, knocking down. 3. Killing. 4. (In Grammar,) Irregularity, exception. E. जि before, पत् to fall, it the causal form, चिप् लुट् aff.  
 जिपातित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Beaten down, made to fall or descend. 2. Killed. 3. Irregular, excepted. E. जि before पत् to fall, causal form, affix क् ।  
 जिपान n. (-न्) 1. A trough or ditch near a well for watering cattle. 2. A well. 3. Any reservoir of water, a pool, a puddle. 4. A milk-pail. 5. Drinking off, imbibing. E. जि before, पा to drink, चाधारे लुट् affix ; also with कन् added निपानक n. (-कः) ।  
 निपीडन n. (-न्) 1. Squeezing, pressing. 2. Embracing. 3. Hurting, giving pain. E. नि before, पीड् to give pain, भावे ल्युट् aff.  
 निपीडित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Squeezed, pressed. 2. Embraced. 3. Pained, hurt. E. नि before, पीड् to give pain, affix क् ।  
 निपीड्य ind. 1. Having pressed or squeezed, having pressed against or upon. 2. Having embraced. 3. Having hurt. E. नि before, पीड् to pain and ल्यप् aff.  
 निपीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Drank, drank up. 2. Absorbed, imbibed, dried up. E. नि before, पा to drink, क् aff.  
 निपीतमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Being drank. E. नि before, पा to drink, पास. form, घानच् aff.  
 निपुण mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) 1. Clever, skilful, conversant with. 2. Skilled in. 3. Kindly or friendly towards. 4. Sharp, fine, delicate. 5. Complete, perfect. E. नि before, पुष् to be pure, affix क् ।  
 निपाणन n. (-न्) Seeing, sight.  
 निबध् mfn. (-धः-धा-धं) 1. Bound, confined. 2. Bound, costive. 3. Fixed upon, fastened to. 4. Checked, restrained. 5. Restricted to. E. नि before बध् to bind, and, affix क् ।  
 निबन्ध m. (-न्धः) 1. Epistasis suppression of urine or constipation. 2. Commentary, explanation of technical rules. 3. The Nimb tree : see निम्ब. 4. Binding, confinement. 5. Intentness on or attachment to. 6. A grant of property, an assignment of cattle or money for support, a corrody. 7. Fixed property, not moveable or fluctuating. 8. A bond, a fetter. n. (-न्धः) Song, singing. E. नि before, बन्धि to bind, affix चञ् ।  
 निबन्धदान n. (-नं) Grant of an assignment, gift of a corrody. E. निबन्ध, and दान gift.  
 निबन्धन n. (-नं) 1. Cause, motive, origin. 2. Binding, confining. 3. Checking, restraining. 4. Fastening. 5. A grant, an assignment. 6. A commentary. 7. The tie or peg of a lute. 8. Constructing, building. 9. A receptacle. 10. A bond, a fetter. 11. Support. 12. Syntax. (in gram.) 13. Composing. 14. Composition, a treatise. E. नि before, बन्धि to bind, affix ल्युट्. [affix क्.  
 निबन्धित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Bound, confined, tied. E. नि before, बन्ध् to bind  
 निबन्धु mfn. (-न्धः-न्धा-न्धं) Who or what ties or binds. m. (-न्धः) An author, a commentator. E. नि affirmative, बन्ध् bind, ल्यप् aff.  
 निभ mfn. (-भः-भा-भं) Like, resembling, similar. mn. (-भः-भं) 1. fraud, trick, disguise, pretence. 2. Light, manifestation, appearance. E. नि before, भा to shine, affix क्.  
 निभाषन n. (-नं) Sight, seeing. E. नि before भाष् to see, affix ल्युट्.  
 निभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Past, gone. f. (-ता) Quite frightened. E. नि affirmative, भूत been.  
 निभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Modest, humble, unassuming. 2. Lonely, solitary. 3. Placed down. 4. Secret. 5. Still, Silent. 6. Firm. 7. On the point of setting. 8. Filled with. E. नि before, भू to cherish, affix क्.  
 निभूतम् ind. 1. Privately, apart. 2. Unobservedly in a corner. 2. Covertly, in disguise or out of sight. E. नि before, भू to cherish, affix क् and लुट् added.  
 निभ m. (-भः) A pin, a stake. E. नि in, नाप् to plunge or stick, affix च ; stuck in the ground.



- निमग्न mfn. (-घः-घा-घं) 1. Plunged in, immersed. 2. Gone down, set. 3. Overwhelmed. इ. नि in, मञ्ज to bathe, affix क्।
- निमज्जत् mfn. (-ज्ज-ज्जनी-ज्जत्) Bathing, plunging in. इ. नि before, मञ्ज to bathe, ष्ट aff.
- निमज्जयु m. (-युः) 1. Sleep, sleeping. 2. The act of diving or entering into. इ. नि in, मञ्ज to bathe. भावे चटुच् aff.
- निमज्जन n. (-ज्) 1. Bathing. 2. Immersion. इ. नि before, मञ्ज to bathe, भावे चटुच् aff.
- निमन्त्रय n. (-यं) 1. Summoning, calling. 2. Inviting, invitation. 3. A summons. इ. नि affirmative, मन्त्रय advising or नि + मन्त्र भावे-ल्युट्।
- निमन्त्रित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Summoned, convoked. 2. Invited. इ. नि before मन्त्र to advise, affix क्।
- निमय m. (-यः) Barter, exchange. इ. नि before, नि to measure, to mete, affix चच्।
- निमातव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) To be exchanged or bartered. इ. नि before, मा to measure, तव्य aff.
- निमि m. (-मिः) 1. Twinkling. 2. A son of Ikshvaku condemned to reside in the twinkle of the eye.
- निमित्त n. (-त्) 1. Cause, motive, instrumental cause. 2. Mark, sign, spot, trace, token. 3. Omen. 4. A butt, a target. 5. Pretext. इ. नि before, नि to measure, क् affix, also with कन् added निमित्तक।
- निमित्तक n. (-कः) 1. Kissing, a kiss. 2. Cause, &c. इ. See the last.
- निमित्तकारण n. (-णः) The instrumental cause, the material or the agent, especially the deity considered as the agent in creation. इ. निमित्त the instrumental cause, कारण cause.
- निमित्तकाल m. (-कालः) Any given or specific time. इ. निमित्त, and काल time.
- निमित्तत्व n. (-त्वः) Causality, instrumentality. इ. निमित्त, and त्व affix, also with तल् निमित्तता।
- निमित्तपक्ष m. (-पक्षः) 1. Expiation. 2. Any occasional or special penance, rite, or obligation. इ. निमित्त, and पक्ष piety.
- निमित्तसाधन n. (-नः) The mere agent or instrument. इ. निमित्त and साधन alone,
- निमित्तविद् m. (-विद्) An astrologer. इ. निमित्त a mark (lucky or unlucky), and विद् who knows.
- निमित्तार्थि f. (-र्थिः) Dependence upon a special cause or occasion. इ. निमित्त and आर्थि revolving.
- निमिष m. (-षः) 1. Twinkling of the eye. 2. The twinkling of an eye considered as a measure of time. 3. A name of VISHN'U. इ. नि before, निष् to twinkle, affix क्; also with चञ् affix निमेष, or निमि a proper name वट् to go, ष्ट aff.
- निमिषत् mfn. (-षत्-षनी-षत्) Blinking, closing the eyelids. इ. निमिष् to twinkle, ष्ट aff.
- निमिषत् mfn. (-षत्-षनी-षत्) Twinkling, closing, (as the eye,) इ. नि before नीष् to disappear, ष्ट aff.
- निमीलन n. (-नः) 1. Death, dying. 2. Twinkling of the eye, shutting of the eyelids, winking. 3. Total eclipse. इ. नि before, नीष् to disappear, &c. affix भावे क् ट्।
- निमीलिका f. (-का) 1. Fraud, trick, disguise. 2. Twinkling of the eye, winking, blinking. 3. Conniving at anything. इ. नि before, नीष् to twinkle, affixes, वच् and टाप्।
- निमीलित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Closed, (as the eyelid,) twinkled, blinked. इ. नि before, नीष् to disappear, क् aff.
- निमेष m. (-यः) Barter, exchange. इ. नि before, नि to measure, affix वच्।
- निमेष m. (-यः) 1. Twinkling of the eye. 2. A momentary space of time, a twinkling of the eye considered as measure of time : see निमिष नि + मिष भावे चच्।
- निमेषक m. (-कः) 1. Twinkling of the eye. 2. A firefly. इ. कन् added to the last.
- निमेषकत् f. (-कत्) Lightning. इ. निमेष twinkling, and कत् what makes. निमेष करीति क्-किप् तुक्।

- निमेषक m. (-कः) A firefly. इ. निमेष a twinkling, कत् who shines.
- निम m. (-मः-मा-मं) 1. Deep, profound, (literally or figuratively). Low. 3. Low land. 4. A slope. 5. A gap, a chasm in the ground. A depression. इ. नि before, मा to mind, affix क्।
- निमग्न mfn. (-गः-गा-गं) Deep, going deep. f. (-गा) A river. इ. निमिष and ग what goes. निमि गच्छति गम-उ।
- निमिता f. (-ता) Depth, profundity. इ. निमि with तल् affix; also with निमिलत्।
- निमोन्नत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) High and low, up and down. इ. निमि, and उ।
- निम्ब m. (-व्यः) The Nimb or Neemb tree, (Melia azadiracta.) इ. निमि sprinkle, affix चच्; also with कन् added, निम्बक : these words are written with either व or न, as निम्ब or निम्ब.
- निम्बतृ m. (-तृः) The coral tree, (Erythrina fulgens;) it is considered one of the trees of paradise. इ. निम्ब as above, and तृ a tree.
- निम्बूक m. (-कः) The common lime, (Citrus acida.)
- निमृत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Self-governed, subdued, restrained. 2. Attentive fixed or intent upon. 3. Constant, permanent. 4. Ascertained certain, fixed. 5. Inevitable. 6. Positive, definite. 7. Permeable what may be spread through or over. न, adv. (-त्) Always, constantly. subst. Elementary or crude matter, the recipient of attributes or properties. इ. नि before, यच् to restrain affix क्।
- नियतमानस mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) Of subdued mind or spirit, इ. नियत, and मानस the mind.
- नियतात्मन् mfn. (-त्मा-त्मा-त्मन्) Self-regulated, self-controlled or restrained. इ. नियत, and आत्मन् self.
- नियताहार mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Abstemious, moderate. इ. नियत, and आहार food.
- नियति f. (-तिः) 1. Destiny, luck, good or bad fortune. 2. A religious duty or obligation. 3. Self-command, self-restraint. 4. A name of DURGA'. 5. Abidya', or the will of god. इ. नि before, यच् to refrain, affix करणे क्निच् or क्निच्।
- नियतेन्द्रिय mfn. (-युः-या-यं) Of restrained or subdued passions. इ. नियत controlled, इन्द्रिय an organ of sense.
- नियतव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) To be restrained, checked, controlled, &c. इ. नि before, यच् to restrain, तव्य aff.
- नियन्तु mfn. (-न्ता-न्तो-न्तु) Who or what restrains, governs, or guides m. (-न्त) 1. A charioteer, a coachman. 2. A ruler, a governor, a master. 3. A punisher. इ. नि before यच् to restrain, affix लच्।
- नियन्तित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Checked, restrained, governed, guided. इ. नि affirmative particle, यच् to restrain or check, affix क्।
- नियम m. (-मः) 1. Agreement, contract, engagement, assent, promise. 2. Any religious observance voluntarily practised, as fasting, watching, pilgrimage, praying, &c voluntary penance, meritorious or supererogatory piety. 3. A religious observance or obligation in general. 4. Certainty, ascertainment. 5. Rule, precept. 6. Usage, practice. 7. Common places in poetry, conventional expression, as notice of the Birch in describing the Hima'laya, of the Sandal tree in describing the Malaya mountain, the whiteness of vesture, blackness of hair, the cry of the peacock in the rains, of the kokila in spring, &c. इ. नि before, यच् to refrain, affix चच् वा वृत्।
- नियमन n. (-नः) 1. Precept, fixed practice or rule. 2. Binding. 3. Restraining, checking. इ. नि before, यच् to restrain, affix भावे क् ट्।
- नित्यपर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Observing fixed rules. 2. Relating to or corroborative of a rule. इ. नियम, and पर attached to.
- नियुजित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Regulated, prescribed. 2. Governed, guided. 3. Checked, restrained. 4. Bound, confined. इ. नि before, यच् to check, चच्-यस्मिन् क् affix.
- नियुज्य ind. Having restrained, mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) To be checked or restrained. इ. नि before, यच् to govern, यच्पु or यत् aff.

नवातन n. (-नः) Causing to fall or descend : see निपातन । नितरां वासते वाति-कुट ।  
 नवान् m. (-नः) 1. Religious act, penance, fasting, &c. especially if an act of supererogation. 2. Restraint. ३. नि before, यञ् to restrain, affix चञ् : see निबल.  
 निवातक mfn. (-नः-का-च) Guiding, governing, what regulates or restrains. m. (-नः) 1. A boatman, a sailor ; but variously applied to one who rows, who steers, or who keeps a lookout from the mast head. 2. A pilot, a helmsman. 3. A charioteer. ३. नि before, यञ् to go or stop, affix चिच्-खुल्.  
 निवृत्त mfn. (-नः-ता-त्) 1. Engaged in, applying or attached to. 2. Authorized, called, appointed. 3. Directed, enjoined, commanded. 4. Ascertained. 5. Fastened or attached to. ३. नि before, युञ् to join, affix क्त.  
 निवृत्तान् mfn. (-नः-ता-न्) Authorizing, appointing. ३. नि before, युञ् to join, प्रानच् aff.  
 निवृत्त ind. 1. Having joined or attached to. 2. Having put to or harnessed. ३. नि before, युञ् to join, खप् aff.  
 निवृत्त mn. (-नः-तः) 1. A million. 2. A hundred thousand. 3. Ten thousand kroses. ३. नि before, यु to join, affix क्त. [contest].  
 निवृत्त n. (-नः) Close fight, personal struggle. ३. नि before, युद् fight, निवृत्तम् mfn. (-नः-व्या-य्) To be appointed or authorized. ३. नि, युञ् to join, affix तव्य.  
 निवृत्त m. (-नः) 1. An order or command. 2. Authority, appointment. 3. Occupation, appointed duty. 4. Effort, exertion. 5. Ascertainment, certainty. 6. Incidence, occurrence. 7. The practise in ancient times by which a childless widow was permitted to have intercourse with the brother or any other near relative of her deceased husband to raise up issue to him. ३. नि before, युञ् to join, affix चञ्-कुलम् ।  
 निवृत्तप्रयोजन n. (-नः) The object of any appointment, authorized act or duty. ३. निवृत्त, and प्रयोजन cause.  
 निवृत्तविधि m. (-विः) The form of appointing to any act or duty. ३. निवृत्त and विधि rule.  
 निवृत्तार्थ m. (-र्थः) The object of an authorized act or appointment ३. निवृत्त and अर्थ object.  
 निवृत्तान् mfn. (-नो-निनी-नि) 1. Engaged in any pursuit, closely attached to it or engrossed by it. 2. Appointed, authorized, entrusted with authority, &c. m. (-नो) A minister, a deputy, an agent, &c. ३. निवृत्त and इति aff.  
 निवृत्त mfn. (-नः-व्या-य्) Fit to be appointed or authorized, able or fit for a duty. m. (-नः) A master. ३. नि before, युञ् to join, चञ्चि कर्त्तरि ख्यत् aff.  
 निवृत्त n. (-नः) 1. Ordering, commanding, directing. 2. Uniting, attaching to. 3. Urging, impelling. 4. Fasting. ३. नि before, युञ् to join, affix भावे ख्यत् ।  
 निवृत्तित mfn. (-नः-ता-त्) 1. Entrusted with, appointed to. 2. Directed, ordered. 3. Impelled, urged to, instigated. 4. Joined or attached to. 5. Suited or adapted to, connected with, &c. ३. नि before, युञ् to join, क्त affix, with इट् augment.  
 निवृत्तनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be attached or joined to. ३. नि, युञ् to join, चनीयर् aff.  
 निवृत्त mfn. (-नः-व्या-य्) 1. To be attached to. 2. To be appointed to or employed in. 3. To be commanded, instigated, &c. m. (-नः) A servant. ३. नि before, युञ् to join, चञ्चि कर्त्तरि ख्यत् aff.  
 निवृत्त m. (-नः) 1. A cock. 2. A combatant, a wrestler, a boxer, ३. नि near, युष् to fight, खप् aff.  
 निर ind. 1. A particle and prefix implying certainty, assurance. 2. Negation, privation. 2. Outside, out, without, forth. ३. नृ to guide, affix क्षिप्.

निरच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Having no dice, &c. 2. Having no latitude. m. (-चः) (In Astronomy,) The terrestrial equator. ३. निर and चच a die, &c.  
 निरचदिग् m. (-दिः) 1. A first meridian, as Lanka', a place where the sun is always vertical and the days and nights are equal. 2. The equatorial region. ३. निर and चच latitude, देश a country.  
 निरदिग् mfn. (-दिः-दिः-दि) Having lost or neglected the consecrated fire. ३. निर चदिग् fire.  
 निरदुग् mfn. (-दुः-दा-द) Unchecked, uncontrolled, self-willed, independent ३. निर privative, चङ्गु a hook for guiding an elephant.  
 निरदुग् n. (-नः) Self-willed, wilfulness. ३. त added to the foregoing ; also with तल् निरदुग्गता.  
 निरदुग् mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Void of passion or emotion. 2. Unstained, unblackened. n. (-नः) The Supreme Being. f. (-नः) The day of full-moon. m. (-नः) An Epithet of Si'va. ३. नि neg. रङ्गन affection ; or निर not, चङ्गन collyrium ; figuratively, darkness.  
 निरत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Engaged or interested in. 2. Attached or devoted to. ३. नि, and रत occupied.  
 निरतव्य mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Faultless, unblamable. ३. निर neg. चतव्य fault.  
 निरतुक्ती mfn. (-तुः-ता-त) Hard-hearted, destitute of compassion. ३. निर and चतुक्ती pity.  
 निरतुक्तीता f. (-ता) Cruelty, hard-hearted-ness. ३. तल् added to the last.  
 निरतुक्ती mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Unkind unfavourable. ३. निर neg. चतुक्ती favour.  
 निरतर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Coarse, gross, without interstices. 2. Continuous. 3. Uninterrupted, continual. 4. Unbounded. 5. Indentical, not different. 6. Unconcealed, not hidden or vanished. 7. Not external, &c. ३. निर not, चतर interval, difference, &c.  
 निरतराल mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Narrow, contracted. ३. निर neg. चतराल in-termediate space.  
 निरताव्यास m. (-वः) 1. Private study, reading to one's self the sacred works. 2. Diligent and uninterrupted pursuit, exercise, practice. ३. निर not, चतर between, चव्यास practice.  
 निरतव्य mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Childless, having no family, 2. Unconnected with, not belonging or related to. 3. Done in one's absence, not done openly or visibly. 4. Unmethodical, ill arranged. ३. निर neg. चतव्य descent, connexion.  
 निरप mfn. (-पः-पा-प) Destitute of water. ३. निर, and अप water.  
 निरपचप mfn. (-पः-पा-प) 1. Shameless, impudent. 2. Bold, confident. ३. निर not, चपचप shame.  
 निरपराध mfn. (-धः-धा-ध) Faultless, blameless. ३. निर neg. चपराध fault.  
 निरपवर्त्त m. (-वर्त्तः) 1. Non-returning or turning back 2. (In Arithmetic,) Leaving no common measure. ३. निर, and अपवर्त्त returning.  
 निरपाय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Free from destruction or decay, eternal. ३. निर neg. अपाय loss.  
 निरपेक्ष mfn. (-पेक्षः-पा-पेक्ष) 1. Independent of, unconnected or unconcerned with. 2. Careless, indifferent, negligent. 3. Without purpose or hope. ३. निर, and अपेक्षा regard to.  
 निरपेक्ष mfn. (-पेक्षः-पा-पेक्ष) Cloudless. ३. निर, and अपेक्ष a cloud.  
 निरय m. (-यः) Hell. ३. निर out, beyond, चय good fortune.  
 निरयोल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Unobstructed, unrestrained, unimpeded. ३. निर not, चयोल a bolt or bar.  
 निरयथ mfn. (-थः-धा-थ) 1. Vain, fruitless, unprofitable. 2. Unmeaning. ३. निर not, चय object, end, तद् added.  
 निरय m. (-यः) Loss of voice. ३. नि neg. and रद् sound.  
 निरयव्य mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Self-willed, headstrong, independent, uncontrolled. ३. निर neg. चयव्य control.  
 निरयव्य mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Unobjectionable, unexceptionable. ३. निर neg. चयव्य not to be said.

निरवशेषतस् ind. Fully, particularly, circumstantially. न. निर neg. अवशेषतस् a remainder.

निरवसाद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Animated, anxious, eager. न. निर neg. अवसाद languor.

निरवहानिका f. (-का) A fence, a hedge, an outer wall. न. निर out, with-  
out, and अवहानिका a fence. निर + अव + हानि-ञ्च् ।

निरग्रन् n. (-नं) Fasting, going without food. न. निर and ग्रन्, eating.

निरस mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) 1. Dry. 2. Insipid, tasteless. म. (-सः) 1. Insi-  
pidity, want of flavour or passion. 2. Dryness, want of juice. न. नि  
neg. रस juice, &c. also नीरस.

निरसन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) What removes, expels, subdues, checks, &c.  
न. (-नं) n. 1. Rejection, denial, contradiction, disallowance. 2.  
Suppressing, checking. 3. Appeasing. 4. Expelling, ejecting. 5.  
Spitting, spitting out any thing with sickness or disgust. 6. Kill-  
ing, destroying. न. निर out or forth. चस् to throw छुट् affix or युच्

निरस mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) 1. Expelled, sent forth or out. 2. Sent, thrown,  
cast, directed. 3. Thrown off, (as from a horse,) 4. Abandoned,  
deserted, left. 5. Rejected, disallowed. 6. Shot, (as an arrow,) 7.  
Uttered rapidly, hurried. 8. Destroyed, 9. Gone, absent, what is  
not. 10. Suppressed, checked. 11. Torn or taken. 12. Broken, (as  
an agreement.) न. निर out or forth, चस् to throw or send, affix  
क्षनेचि ण् ।

निरस ind. Having ejected or thrown out. 2. Having expelled, &c. न.  
निर and चस् to throw. छप् aff.

निरसन् mfn. (-सन्-सन्तो-सन्त) 1. Ejecting, thrown out. 2. Abandoning,  
neglecting. 3. Expelling. 4. Scattering. 5. Destroying, &c. न. निर  
out, चस् to throw, षट् aff.

• निरस्यमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Being suppressed or checked. 2. Being ab-  
andoned 3. Suppressing. 4. Expelling. 5. Scattering, &c. न. निर  
before, चस् to throw, either a. or p. voice, शानच् aff.

निराह्वार mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Humble, free from pride. न. निर neg. अह्वार  
pride.

निराकरण n. (-णं) 1. Obstruction, opposition, contradiction, rejection.  
2. Refutation, reply. 3. Holding in consideration, making light of,  
contempt, disesteem. 4. Expelling, turning out or away. 5.  
Throwing out or off. 6. Neglecting the chief sacrificial or religious  
duties. न. निर privative particle, and आङ् before, क्त to do or make,  
affix क्त्वाट् ।

निराकरिण mfn. (-णः-णो-णं) 1. Obstructive, obstructing. 2. Disdaining,  
despising. न. निर, and आङ् before क्त, affix णोलाच् ण् ।

निराकार mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Devoid of form or figure. 2. Formless. 3.  
Disguise. म. (-रः) 1. Heaven. 2. VISHNŪ. 3. ŚIVA. 4. The divine  
spirit, God. 5. Reproach, censure. न. निर. implying negative or  
depreciation, and आकार shape, &c.

निराकुल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Calm, steady, unperplexed, unconfused. न. निर  
neg. आकुल agitated.

निराकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Removed, rejected, set aside. 2. Refuted,  
replied to. 3. Made light of, contemned, despised. 4. Expelled,  
turned out. 5. Thrown from or off. 6. Divorced. न. निरा, and  
कृत done, with आङ् prefixed.

निराकृति mfn. (-ति-ति-ति) 1. A person who has not duly gone  
through a course of study, especially applied however to the  
religious student, who has not duly read the Vēdas. 2. One  
who neglects the five great religious obligations. 3. Shapeless,  
formless, viewless. म. (-तिः) 1. Rejection, contradiction, opposi-  
tion, disallowance. 2. Obstacle, impediment. न. निरा implying  
privation or obstruction, कृति making, causing; or निर private  
and आकृति form. निर + आ + कृति or कर्त्तरि क्तिच् ।

निराक्रोश mfn. (-शः-शा-शं) Unaccused, unreviled. न. निर, and आक्रोश  
exclaiming.

निरागम् mfn. (-गः-गा-गं) Sinless, faultless. न. निर neg. आगम् sin.

निराचार mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Lawless, corrupt, barbarian, depraved. न.  
निर not, आचार moral ordinances : it is especially applied to those  
people who have not the ordinances of the Vēdas or distinction  
of Casts, &c. and comprises all, therefore, except Hindu's.

निरातपा f. (-पा) Night. न. निर not, none, and आतप sunshine.

निरादिष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) Given, paid, (as a debt) delivered. न. निर,  
and आदिष्ट shown.

निरादिष्ट m. (-ष्टः) Payment, discharge, delivery. न. निर, and आङ्  
before, दिष्ट to show, affix चच् ।

निरानन्द mfn. (-न्दः-न्दा-न्दं) Causing no pleasure, undelighting. न. निर  
neg. आनन्द happiness.

निरापद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Prosperous, fortunate. न. निर neg. आपद  
misfortune.

निरावाध mfn. (-धः-धा-धं) Frivolously or unreally vexatious, (as a  
cause of complaint.) न. निर private, आङ् before, वाधा pain,  
annoyance.

निरामय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Well, hale, recovered from sickness. म. (-यः)  
1. A wild goat. 2. A hog, a boar. न. निर not, आमय sickness.

निरामाकु म. (-कुः) The wood apple : see कपिल.

निरामिषाग्नि mfn. (-ग्निः-ग्नी-ग्निः) 1. Living without meat. 2. Free  
from sensual desires. न. निर, आमिष flesh, अग्नि who eats.

निराय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Having no income or profit, yielding none  
&c. न. निर neg. आय receipt.

निरायत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Contracted, compact. न. निर neg. आयत spread

निरायव्ययम् m. (-यम्) An idler who lives by clandestine means, has  
neither income nor expenditure. न. निर, आय income, व्यय expense,  
मनुप् aff.

निरायास mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) Not giving trouble, ready, easily attainable.  
न. निर neg. आयास exertion.

निराशुभ mfn. (-शुः-शा-शं) Unarmed, defenceless. न. निर neg. आशुभ  
a weapon.

निराश्रय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Self-supported, not relying on another.  
2. The supreme being. न. निर, आश्रय stay.

निरास mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) 1. Hopeless, despairing. 2. Disappointed.  
न. निर, and आस hope.

निराशिस् mfn. (-शिः-शि-शिः) Without a blessing. न. निर, and आशि  
blessing.

निराश्रय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Without refuge, destitute. न. निर, and आश्रय  
an asylum.

निरास m. (-सः) 1. Opposing, rejecting. 2. Dispension. 3. Ejecting,  
expelling. 4. Removal. 5. Abandonment. 6. Vomitting. न. निर  
out, and अस to be, भावे चच् ।

निरासन n. (-नं) 1. Rejection, contradiction. 2. Killing, destroy-  
ing. 3. spitting out. न. निर before, चस् to be, &c. with आङ्  
prefixed and क्त्वाट् affix ; also निरसन.

निराहार mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Fasting through necessity or choice. न. निर  
privative, आहार food.

निरास्यद् mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) 1. Restless, anxious, unappeasable. 2.  
Homeless, portionless. न. निर neg. आस्यद् station.

निरिक्षिपी f. (-पी) A veil. न. निर negative, चक्ष् a hint, इति and औ  
affs. निक्षिप्तम् निरक्ष् तदस्येष्टा आच्छादलेन इति ङीप् ।

निरिन्द्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Imperfect, mutilated, maimed. न. निर  
privative, इन्द्रिय an organ of sense.

निरोचय n. (-यं) 1. Looking at, regarding, seeing. 2. Expecting  
न. निर, and ईचय seeing.

निरोचत् mfn. (-चत्-चन्तो-चन्त) 1. Looking at, regarding. 2. Ex-  
pecting, hoping. न. निर, and ईचत् seeing.

निरोचनाय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Looking at, regarding. 2. Hoping  
expecting. न. निर before, ईच् to see, आनच् aff.

निरीक्षा f. (-चा). 1. Looking at, regarding. 2. Hope, expectation. ३. निर् before, ईच् to see, चक् and टाप् aff.  
 निरीक्षाभावाच् mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Being regarded or looked at. ३. निर् and ईच् to see, pass. घाणच् aff.  
 निरीक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Seen beheld, looked at. 2. Hoped, expected. ३. निर्, and ईक्षित seen.  
 निरीक्ष (श्) n. (-श्) The body of a plough. ३. ईश् or ईच् the shaft of the plough, and निर् forth or from, prefixed; hence also निरीक्ष n. (-श्).  
 निरीक्ष mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Indifferent, desireless, unanxious. ३. निर् neg. ईश् who seeks.  
 निरीक्षता f. (-ता) Indifference, absence of effort or wish to get anything. ३. तल् added to the preceeding; also with त्, 'निरीक्षत्'.  
 निरुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) 1. Said, described. 2. Obscure, obsolete. n. (-क्तं) 1. One of the Ve'da'ngas or works considered as supplementary to and connected with the Ve'das, forming a part of the scriptural or sacred science; glossarial explanation of obscure terms especially those occurring in the Ve'das. 2. Explanation of the concord or disagreement of letters, &c. 3. Separation or analysis of a derivative or compound word. 4. The name of the Ya'ska's commentary on the Nighantus. 5. Loud, Distinct. ३. निर्, negative or affirmative prefix, उक्त spoken, said.  
 निरुक्ति f. (-क्तिः) The Ve'danga or portion of the scriptural science, which explains obscure and obsolete terms. 2. Explanation of words. 3. An artificial explanation of the derivation of a word; (In rhetoric). see the last. ३. निर्, and उक्ति saying, or निर् + वच-क्तिन् ।  
 निरुक्तमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Being uttered or said. ३. निर्, and उक्तमान being spoken.  
 निरुद्धाश्च mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Breathless. 2. Narrow, contracted, crowded. ३. निर् and उद्धाश्च breathing.  
 निरुद्ध mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Non-plussed, without an answer. ३. निर्, and उत्तर an answer.  
 निरुद्धाश्च mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Indolent, indifferent. ३. निर् neg. उद्धाश्च effort.  
 निरुद्ध mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Unanxious, unregretting. ३. निर् neg. उद्धाश्च sorrowing for.  
 निरुद्ध mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1 Stopped, checked, restrained, hindered. 2. Confined, imprisoned. ३. निर्, and रुद्ध hindered.  
 निरुद्धप्रसव (स) m. (-वः or सः) Stricture of the urethra. ३. निर्, and प्रसव what pains.  
 निरुद्धप्रसव mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) Wearied, tired. ३. निर्, and प्रसवति repose.  
 निरुद्धाश्च mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Immoveable, undecaying. ३. निर्, and उद्धाश्च going away.  
 निरुद्ध mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Sedate, free from perturbation. ३. निर्, and उद्धाश्च perturbed.  
 निरुद्ध mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Causeless, groundless. ३. निर्, negative, उद्धाश्च cease.  
 निरुद्ध mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) Hindering, checking, suppressing. ३. निर् before, रुद्ध to hinder, रुद्ध aff.  
 निरुद्ध mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Hindering, opposing. 2. Preventing, depriving of. ३. निर् before, रुद्ध to hinder, रुद्ध aff.  
 निरुद्ध mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Free from any national distress or affliction, free from tyranny. ३. निर्, and उद्धाश्च violence.  
 निरुद्ध mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Free from trouble or alarm. ३. निर्, and उद्धाश्च calamity.  
 निरुद्ध mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Unequalled, having no resemblance or likeness. ३. निर्, and उद्धाश्च similitude.  
 निरुद्ध mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Honest, free from trick or fraud. ३. निर्, and उद्धाश्च trick.  
 निरुद्ध mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) 1. Conventional, accepted, (as the meaning of

technical words or names in opposition to their etymological sense alone.) 2. Unmarried 3. Inherent. m. (-दः) 1. The force or application of words, according to their natural or received meanings, (in Rhetoric). 2. (In Logic), The implied description of any property in the term designing it, (as of redness in the word red, &c.) ३. निर् affix, and रुद्ध ascended; or निर् neg. रुद्ध married.  
 निरुद्ध n. (-चः) 1. Sight, seeing. 2. Doubt, discussion, investigation. 3. Ascertaining, determining. 4. Searching, looking for. 5. Form, shape. ३. निर् implying certainty, रुद्ध to have form, affix रुद्ध.  
 निरुद्धाश्च mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. To be discussed, to be investigated. 2. To be sought or looked for. ३. निर् before, रुद्ध to have form, चनीयच् aff.  
 निरुद्धाश्च mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Searching, looking for. 2. Investigating, considering. ३. निर्, रुद्ध to have form, रुद्ध aff.  
 निरुद्धाश्च mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Seen, beheld. 2. Ascertained. 3. Discovered, found. 4. Appointed, deputed, directed to do any thing. 5. Considered, weighed. ३. निर् before, रुद्ध to have form, affix रुद्ध.  
 निरुद्ध mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) To be seen or ascertained. ind. Having seen or considered. ३. निर् before, रुद्ध to have form, रुद्ध or रुद्ध aff.  
 निरुद्ध n. (-क्तः) Ascertaining, determining. ३. तल् added to the last; also with तल्, निरुद्धता.  
 निरुद्ध m. (-चः) 1. A complete sentence, one having no ellipsis. 2. Certainty, ascertainment. 3. Logic, disputation. 4. An enema, one not of an oily kind. ३. निर्, privative, and रुद्ध reasoning, &c. रुद्धे रुद्धः ।  
 निरुद्ध n. (-चः) 1. Ascertaining. 2. Administering enemata not of an oily kind. ३. निर् before, रुद्ध to reason, affix रुद्ध.  
 निरुद्ध mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) Free from violence, tyranny, &c. m. (-तिः) A demi-god and ruler of the south-west quarter; see रुद्धेति f. (-तिः) 1. Misfortune, calamity. 2. Security, prosperity, immunity from tyranny or violence. ३. निर् implying reverse, रुद्धि good fortune, &c.  
 निरुद्ध m. (-चः) The Sa'ma Ve'da. ३. निर्, रुद्ध to go, Una'di affix रुद्ध.  
 निरुद्ध mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Silent, noiseless. ३. निर् neg. रुद्ध sounding.  
 निरुद्ध m. (-चः) 1. Loss, destruction. 2. Opposition, hindrance, check, restraint, prevention. 3. Aversion, disfavour, dislike. 4. Preserving. 5. Confinement. ३. निर् before, रुद्ध to oppose, affix रुद्धे रुद्धः ।  
 निरुद्ध m. (-नः) Country, region, place or province. ३. निर् forth, रुद्ध to go, affix रुद्धे रुद्धः ।  
 निरुद्ध mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Gone out or forth. 2. Expended, extinct, departed. ३. निर् out, रुद्ध gone.  
 निरुद्ध mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Inodorous, void of fragrance or smell. ३. निर् neg. रुद्ध smell.  
 निरुद्ध n. (-नः) Killing, slaughter. ३. निर्, affirmative particle, रुद्ध to hurt, affix रुद्ध.  
 निरुद्धाश्च f. (-चो) The Simul or silk cotton tree. ३. निर्, रुद्ध a flower, रुद्ध aff.  
 निरुद्ध m. (-चः) 1. Going forth or out, exit. 2. Total loss or departure. ३. निर् out, रुद्ध going; also निर्गमन and निर्गमि.  
 निरुद्ध mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Void, of all properties. 2. Bad, worthless, having no good qualities. 3. Stringless. m. (-चः) The Supreme Being, or any deity so considered. ३. निर्, privative, and रुद्ध a property, an excellence.  
 निरुद्ध n. (-क्तः) The state of being free from all qualities, an attribute especially of the Supreme Being. ३. निर्, रुद्ध, and रुद्ध affix; also with रुद्ध, निर्गुणाश्च.  
 निरुद्ध f. (-चो) 1. A shrub, (Vitex negundo.) 2. Another plant, (नीलशेफालिका) 3. The root of the lotus. ३. निर् forth or out, रुद्धी or रुद्धि to surround, रुद्ध affix, fem. affix रुद्धी; hence also निर्गुणी f. (-चो) निरुद्धाश्च रुद्धे ।  
 निरुद्ध m. (-चः) The hollow of a tree. ३. निर् in, रुद्ध to hide, aff. रुद्ध.

- निर्वृत्त** m. (-त्तः) 1. A saint, a devotee, one who has withdrawn from the world, and lives either as a beggar or a hermit. 2. A religious character wandering about naked. 3. A pauper, a beggar. 4. An idiot, a fool. 5. A gambler. ६. निर् not, द्य a knot or tie, or figuratively, attachment.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Unattended, unaccompanied. 2. Abandoned, deserted. 3. Clever, expert, conversant. m. (-त्तः) 1. A religious mendicant. 2. A naked devotee. 3. A gambler. ६. निर् not, द्य tie or connection, affix क्त; also read निर्वृत्त.
- निर्वृत्त** n. (-त्तः) Killing, slaughter. ६. निर् privative, before द्य to hurt or kill, affix क्त.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. A great collection of people, a fair, a market, &c. 2. A free market or wharf, one where no toll is levied. 3. A place where is no quay or stairs. ६. निर् prefixed to चट् to endeavour, affix, चक् or निर्गतो चटी यज्जात् प्र० च ।
- निर्वृत्त** m. (-त्तः) A vocabulary, an index. ६. निर् before, चट् to endeavour, aff. चक्.
- निर्वृत्त** n. (-त्तः) Rubbing, friction, ६. निर् before द्य to rub, क्त aff.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Rubbing, a rubber. ६. क्त added to the last.
- निर्वृत्त** m. (-त्तः) 1. A gust of wind, a hurricane, a whirlwind. 2. The noise of contending vapours in the heavens. 3. An earthquake. 4. Destruction. ६. निर् forth, द्य to drive, affix चक्, चात substituted for the radical.
- निर्वृत्त** f. (-त्तः) A river.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Cruel, unmerciful. 2. Shameless, immodest. ६. निर् neg. द्य mercy, &c.
- निर्वृत्त** m. (-त्तः) A sound in general. ६. निर् before, चक् to sound, affix चक्.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Lonely, unpeopled, unfrequented. ६. निर् neg. जन a person.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Immortal, imperishable, undecaying. m. (-त्तः) A deity, an immortal. n. (-त्तः) Ambrosia, the food of the gods. f. (-त्तः) 1. A plant : see गुडुची. 2. A sort of perfume, commonly Mura. ६. निर् not, जरा decrepitude or decay.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Dry, desert, void of water. m. (-त्तः) A desert, a waste. ६. निर् neg. and जल water.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Conquered, subdued, overcome. 2. Won, gained. 3. Unconquered. ६. निर् affirmative or neg. prefix, जित conquered.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Of subdued passions or feelings. ६. निर्जित, and इन्द्रिय an organ of sense.
- निर्वृत्त** m. (-त्तः) A Muni, a saint. ६. निर्जितेन्द्रिय, and याम accumulation.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Lifeless. ६. निर्, and जीव alive.
- निर्वृत्त** mf. (-त्तः-त्तः) A cascade or torrent, the precipitous descent of water from mountains, &c. f. (-त्तः) A river. m. (-त्तः) 1. A horse of the sun. 2. A fire of chaff. 3. An elephant. ६. निर् before, क्त to waste, and चक् aff. (भरवा) ।
- निर्वृत्त** m. (-त्तः) A mountain. f. (-त्तः) A river. ६. निर्भर a waterfall, इति aff.
- निर्वृत्त** m. (-त्तः) 1. Certainty, positive conclusion. 2. Doubt, discussion, investigation. 3. (In Law,) Sentence, decision. 4. (In the Mi-māṃsa,) The application of a conclusive argument. 5. (In Logic,) Complete ascertainment. ६. निर् affirmative prefix, ची to guide, affix, भवे चक्.
- निर्वृत्त** n. (-त्तः) Certainty, ascertainment, positive conclusion. ६. See निर्वृत्त, with क्त aff.
- निर्वृत्त** m. (-त्तः) A sentence, a verdict, a decree, (in Law,) ६. निर्वृत्त, and पाद process.
- निर्वृत्त** m. (-त्तः) One of the horses of the sun.

- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Causing or leading to certainty, ६. निर् before, ची to guide, causal form, क्त aff.
- निर्वृत्त** n. (-त्तः) 1. Causing certainty. 2. The outer angle of the elephant's eye. ६. निर्वृत्त certainty, क्त aff. or निर् + ची-विष्-कृतः ।
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Cleaned, purified, cleansed. ६. निर् before, निज to clean, affix क्त.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Ascertained, determined. 2. Sentenced, decreed. ६. निर् before, ची to get, affix क्त.
- निर्वृत्त** m. (-त्तः) 1. Cleansing, washing, cleaning. 2. Ablution, Atonement, expiation. ६. निर् before, निज to wash, चक्, aff.
- निर्वृत्त** m. (-त्तः) A washerman. ६. निर् before, निज to clean, affix चक्.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Certifying, verifying, leading to certainty, decisive. m. (-त्तः) 1. A judge. 2. A document, a voucher. 3. A guide. ६. निर् before, ची to lead, क्त aff.
- निर्वृत्त** n. (-त्तः) Proof, verification, ६. क्त added to the preceding.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) To be ascertained, what is or ought to be determined. ६. निर् before, ची to lead, द्य aff.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Burnt, burnt up. 2. Unburnt. ६. निर् and द्य burnt.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Unkind, unfeeling, unmerciful, devoid of pity or or charity. 2. Unnecessary. 3. Envious, slanderous, abusive. 4. Mad, intoxicated. 5. Violent. 6. Rejoicing over the faults of others. ६. निर् before, ची to out, to hurt, affix चक्, deriv. irr.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Unkind, unmerciful, cruel, hard-hearted. ६. निर् before, द्य compassion, charity.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Harsh spoken. 2. Shameless. n. (-त्तः) Much, excessively. subst. n. (-त्तः) Pith, essence. ६. निर् not, द्य to respect, चक् aff.
- निर्वृत्त** m. (-त्तः) A cave. ६. निर् before, द्य to rend, द्य aff.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Inhabiting a cave. ६. निर्भर, and वासिन् who abides in.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Biting, consuming. ६. निर्, and द्यत् biting.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Toothless. ६. निर् neg. द्य a tooth.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Not burning, not caustic. n. (-त्तः) Marking out. ६. निर् affir. or neg. and द्यत् burning.
- निर्वृत्त** f. (-त्तः) A sort of creeper, from the fibres of which bowstrings are made, (Sansevieria zeylanica.)
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. A reaper, a husbandman. 2. A Donor. ६. निर्, before ची to cut, क्त aff. निर् + ची खड्गे, दा दाने, दे दाने, द्य ।
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Torn, rent. 2. Open, unclosed. 3. Starting, (the eyes.) ६. निर्, and द्यत् torn.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Stout, lusty. 2. Anointed, smeared. ६. निर् before, द्य to heap, affix क्त.
- निर्वृत्त** ind. Having shown, explained, enjoined, &c. ६. निर् before, द्य to show, क्त aff.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Described, depicted, pointed out, shown. 2. Ascertained, determined. 3. Ordered, directed. 4. Assigned. 5. Asserted. ६. निर् before द्य to show, affix क्त.
- निर्वृत्त** m. (-त्तः) 1. Order, command, authoritative instruction or direction. 2. Description, designation. 3. Depicting, pointing out or exhibiting. 4. Certainty, ascertainment. 5. Saying, telling. 6. Vicinity, proximity. ६. निर् before, द्य to show, affix क्त.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Who or what shows or explains. m. (-त्तः) An authority, a guide. ६. निर् before, द्य to show, क्त aff.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Faultless, without defect or blemish. 2. Not hostile, friendly. ६. निर् negative, and ची defect.
- निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Not double. 2. Free from either of two alternatives, neither glad nor sorry, &c. 3. Not acknowledging

two principles. 4. Free from jealousy. 5. Not dependant upon another. **निर्** neg. **द्वय** a pair.

**निर्(र)म** mfn. (-मः-मा-म) Poor, indigent. **म**. (-मः) An old ox. **निर्** priv. and **म** wealth.

**निर्(र)म** mfn. (-मः-मा-म) 1. Impious, unrighteous, immoral, void of law or religion. 2. Not acknowledging moral or religious institutions, but especially those of the Hindu's. **निर्** not, **म** virtue, &c.

**निर्(र)म** m. (-रः) 1. Certainty, ascertainment. 2. Particularising individuals according to their degree of merit. **निर्** before, **म** to hold or have, affix **विच्** + **मावे-चञ्**.

**निर्(र)म** n. (-चः) 1. Certainty, ascertainment. 2. Specifying one out of many. 3. Determining, settling. **निर्** before, **म** to have, affix **विच्** + **लुट्**.

**निर्(र)म** mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be ascertained. 2. Acting resolutely, irresistible. **निर्** affir. or neg. **म** to hold, **चनीयर्** affix; also **निर्धारितव्य**, and **निर्धार्य**.

**निर्धारित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Ascertained, determined. **निर्** affirmative, **म** to have, causal form, **त** aff.

**निर्धार्य** mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Acting fearlessly. 2. Active, energetic. 3. Ascertainable, to be ascertained or determined. **निर्** neg. or affir. **म** to restrain, affix **कर्मणि** **ञञ्**; it may also be written **निर्धार्य**.

**निर्धूत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Deserted, rejected. 2. Removed, departed. 3. Broken, divided. 4. Refuted. 5. Thrown out. 6. Suffered, undergone. 7. Destroyed. **म**. (-तः) A man abandoned by his relatives or friends. **निर्** before, **धू** to shake, affix **कर्मणि-क्**.

**निर्धौत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Washed off. 2. Bright, polished. **निर्** and **धौ** cleansed.

**निर्धनस्वर** mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Uncourteous. **निर्** Neg. **नमस्कार** salutation. **निर्धन** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Having no superior, master, or protector, &c. **निर्** neg. **नम** a lord.

**निर्धनता** f. (-ता) 1. Being without a master. 2. Widow-hood. **निर्** neg. **नम** masterhood.

**निर्निमित्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Causeless, groundless. **निर्** neg. **निमित्त** cause.

**निर्धन** m. (-नः) 1. Intent, and pertinacious pursuit of any thing, urgency, importunity. 2. Seizure, laying hold of any thing, literally or figuratively. 3. Caprice, fancy, whim. **निर्** before, **न** to bind or tie, affix **भावे** **चञ्**.

**निर्धन** n. (-चः) Killing, slaughter. **निर्** before, **धन** to slay, affix **भावे** **लुट्** also **निर्धन**.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Weak, feeble, powerless. **निर्** neg. **न** strength.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-विः-वि-वि) Ignorant, unwise. **निर्** neg. and **रुहि** understanding; also **निर्धन**.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Free from hatred or enmity. **निर्** neg. **न** hostility.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Broken down. **निर्**, and **न** broken.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) Hard, firm, compact. **निर्** before, **न** to maintain, affix **चञ्**.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Fearless, undaunted. **निर्** not, **न** fear.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Much, excessive. 2. Fearless. 3. A servant employed without a pay. **न**, adv. (-रः) Much, excessively, subs. Pith, essence. **निर्** before, **न** to fill, affix **चञ्**.

**निर्धन** n. (-नः) 1. Wickedness, malignity. 2. Abuse, blame. 3. Lao. 4. Threat, menace. **निर्** before, **न** to abuse, affix **लुट्**.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Abused, reviled, despised. **निर्** before, **न** to abuse, affix **क्**.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Unlucky. **निर्** neg. **नम** luck,

**निर्धन** ind. Having pierced or penetrated. **निर्** before, **न** to break, aff.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Undistinguished, equal, like. 2. Pierced, divided. **निर्**, **न** separated or pierced.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Straight, flat, not bent. **निर्**, and **धन** curved.

**निर्धन** ind 1. Having discriminated or particularised. 2. Having ground or churned. **निर्** before, **न** to churn, aff.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Sober, quiet, unintoxicated. **म**. (-यः) An elephant after the frontal juice has ceased to exude, one out of rut. **निर्** priv. and **न** madness.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Uninhabited, desolate. **निर्**, **न** a man.

**निर्धन** n. (-नः) 1. Separating, distinguishing, discriminating. 2. Churning. 3. The wood used for kindling fire by friction. **निर्** before, **न** to churn, **लुट्** aff.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be rubbed or churned, &c. 2. To be distinguished or discriminated. **निर्** affir. **नम** to be rubbed, **कर्मणि** **ञञ्** affix.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Disinterested, claiming or wishing for nothing. **निर्**, and **नम** mine.

**निर्धन** n. (-नः) Disregard of wordly interests or possessions. **निर्धन**, and **न** affix; also **निर्धनता**, with **तल्** aff.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Clear, clean, free from dirt or impurities, (literally or figuratively.) 2. Bright n. (-चः) 1. The remains of an offering made to a deity. 2. Talc, **निर्** priv. and **न** dirt.

**निर्धन** n. (-नः) Purity, cleanness, (physical or moral,) **न** added to the last; also with **तल्**, **निर्धनता**.

**निर्धन** n. (-यः) 1. Manufacture, production, making. 2. Pith, marrow, essence. 3. Propriety, fitness. **निर्** before, **न** to measure, affix **भावे** **लुट्**.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Clear, clean. n. (-चः) 1. The remains of an offering presented to a deity. 2. Faded flowers. 3. Purity cleanness, clearness. f. (-जा) A medicinal plant : see **पुष्पा**. **निर्** not, **न** dirt, impurity, affix **ञञ्**.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Made. 2. Fabricated, artificial. **निर्** before, **न** to mete, affix **क्**.

**निर्धन** f. (-तः) Making, manufacturing, artificial production. **निर्** As above : see **निर्धन**, affix **भावे** **लुट्**.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Loosed, set free, liberated, disjoined, sundred, separated, &c. **म**. (-तः) A snake who has lately cast his skin. **निर्** before, **न** to let loose affix **क्**.

**निर्धन** m. (-टः) 1. A tree bearing apparent blossoms. 2. The sun. 3. A rogue. n. (-टः) A large, and free market or fair. **निर्** before, **न** to press, &c. affix **क्**.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Baseless, unfounded. 2. Eradicated. **निर्** and **न** a root.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Rubbed out. **निर्**, and **न** to rub affix **क्**.

**निर्धन** m. (-कः) 1. The slough of a snake. 2. Liberating, setting loose or free. 3. Armour, mail. 4. Sky, heaven, atmosphere. **निर्** forth, **न** to let loose, affix **चञ्**.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Going forth or out, issuing. **निर्**, and **न** going.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Self-willed, unrestrained, uncontrolled, independent. n. (-चः) Independence, absence of restraint. **निर्** not, **नम** restraining. **निर्धन**, **नम**, **निरन्धन**, **नम**, **नम**.

**निर्धन** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Self-willed, uncontrolled, unrestrained. **निर्** neg. **नम** restrained.

**निर्धन** n. (-चः) 1. Going forth or out, exit, issue. 2. Eternal emanipation, final beatitude. 3. A rope for tying cattle, a foot-

rope. 4. The outer corner of an elephant's eye. 5. Vanishing.  
 6. Death. **निर्** before, **वा** to go, affix **करणे छुट्**.  
**निर्वात** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Gone out or forth, departed. **निर्** and **वात** gone.  
**निर्वातन** n. (-नं) 1. Revenge. 2. Gift, donation. 3. Delivery of a deposit. 4. Replacing any thing lost. 5. Payment of a debt.  
 6. Killing, slaughter. **निर्** before, **वत्** to endeavour, in the causal form, affix **विच्-छुट्**.  
**निर्व्याप्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Taken away. 2. Retaliated, requited. **निर्**, **वत्** to endeavour, causal v. **क्** aff.  
**निर्वात** m. (-तः) A sailor, a boatman. **निर्** before, **वत्** to refrain, affix **चञ्**.  
**निर्व्याय** ind. Having gone out or departed. **निर्** out, **वाय** having gone.  
**निर्वाय** m. (-यः) 1. Extract, decoction, infusion. 2. Any natural exudation of a plant, as gum, milk, extract, &c. 3. Any thick fluid substance. **निर्** forth or out, **वत्** to endeavour, affix **चञ्**; it is also read **निर्व्यास**.  
**निर्युक्ति** f. (-क्तिः) 1. Disunion. 2. Unfitness, inappropriateness, impropriety. 3. Want of connexion or government, (in Grammar.) **निर्** neg. **युक्ति** union, &c.  
**निर्युक्तिक** mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Detached, disunited. 2. Unconnected, unmeaning. 3. Inappropriate, improper. **निर्** **उक्** added to the preceding.  
**निर्युक्** m. (-युक्) 1. A chaplet, a crest, an ornament for the head. 2. Extracted juice, or a decoction. &c. 3. A door, a gate. 4. A pin or bracket projecting from a wall to hang or place any thing upon. 5. Wood placed in a wall for doves to build upon. **निर्** out, from, **युक्** to go, affix **क्**, or according to Tarkabachaspati :—**निर्** + **ऊह-क-प्रदी**, **ननवारणे**.  
**निर्योग्य** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Free from care or anxiety about property. **निर्** neg. **योग्य** property.  
**निर्लक्ष्य** mfn. (-लक्षः-लक्षं) 1. Unmarked, unnoted, unspotted, &c. 2. Undefined. **निर्** priv. and **लक्ष्य** a mark.  
**निर्लज्ज** mfn. (-ज्जः-ज्जा-ज्जं) Impudent, shameless. **निर्** neg. **लज्जा** shame.  
**निर्लिप्त** mfn. (-लपः-ला-लं) 1. Unsmearred, unanointed. 2. Undefined, uncontaminated, (by passion, &c.) m. (-लपः) 1. A name of Krishna. 2. A sage. **निर्** neg. **लप** to anoint and **क्** affix.  
**निर्लेप** mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) 1. Anointed or smeared. 2. Undefined, (by passion.) 3. Stainless m. (-पः) A sage. **निर्** on, **लेप** plastering.  
**निर्व्येचन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Silent. n. (-नं) 1. Explanation, declaration. 2. Etymology. 3. A proverb. 4. Vocabulary, an index. **निर्** affix or neg. **वचन** speaking.  
**निर्व्येध** mfn. (-धः-धा-धं) Bare, open, (a country) **निर्** neg. **वध** a wood.  
**निर्व्येधपत्र** n. (-पत्रं) 1. Gift, donation. 2. Presentation of funeral offerings. 3. Extinguishing, pulling out. **निर्** before, **वत्** to go, affix **भावे छुट्**.  
**निर्व्येधनी** f. (-नी) The cast slough of a snake.  
**निर्व्येधेन** n. (-नं) Sight, seeing, looking at, regarding. **निर्** before, **वत्** to class or colour, affix **भावे छुट्**.  
**निर्वर्त्तन** n. (-नं) 1. Leaving off, desisting from. 2. Completing, ending. 3. Limiting to, measuring by. 4. Accomplishment. **निर्** before, **वत्** to be **छुट्** aff.  
**निर्व्येध** ind. 1. Having finished, having done. 2. Having ceased, **निर्** before, **वत्** to be, **छप्** aff. or **निर्** + **वृत्** **विच्-कर्मणि-यत्**.  
**निर्व्येधेन** n. (-नं) 1. End, completion. 2. Supporting, carrying on, maintaining. 3. The catastrophe of a drama, the conclusion of the fable. **निर्** out, **वत्** to bear, affix **भावे छुट्**.  
**निर्व्याय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Unobjectionable, blameless, not to be

found fault with or censured. 2. Improper to be said. **निर्** n. **वाच** to be spoken.

**निर्वा(वी)च** mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Liberated from existence. 2. Dead, ceased. 3. Gone out, extinguished, (as a fire). 4. Set, as a plan. 5. Immersed, plunged. 6. Having no arrows. n. (-चं) 1. Eternity, happiness, emancipation from matter, and reunion with deity; it is especially employed in this sense by the Buddhists and Jains, understanding by it perfect and perpetual calm. Setting, disappearing, departure. 3. Refraining, desisting, leaving off, cessation. 4. Union, association, blending, confluence. Bathing or plunging of an elephant. 6. Repose. 7. Vacuum or space. 8. Instructing in science. **निर्** before, **वाच्** blow, etc. affix **क्**, deriv. irr. or **निर्** neg. **वाच** an arrow or **निर्वा-क्**.

**निर्वा(वी)चन** m. (-नः) Liberation. **निर्वाच** and **ननक** head, chief. **निर्वा(वी)च** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Calm, still, not windy, having ceased blow. 2. Sheltered from the wind. m. (-तः) A calm. **निर्** before, **वात** wind, air.

**निर्वा(वी)द** m. (-दः) 1. Censure, blame, reproach. 2. Bad rumour, report, scandal. 3. Asseveration, affirmation, decision of a controversy. 4. Absence of dispute or railing. 5. Disrespect. **निर्** privat. prefix, and **वाद्** speech.

**निर्वा(वी)प** m. (-पः) 1. Putting out, as a fire or light. 2. Gifts in honour of a deceased ancestor: see **निर्वाप**. **निर्** + **वप-भावे-चञ्**.

**निर्वा(वी)पय** n. (-यं) 1. Putting out, as a fire or light, extinguishing, quenching. 2. (In medicine,) Refrigerant. 3. Killing, slaughter. 4. Gift, giving. 5. Presenting funeral oblations. 6. Cooling, refreshing. **निर्** before, **वत्** to go. &c. in the causal form, affix **चिच्**, or **विच्-पुञ्-छुट्**.

**निर्वा(वी)पित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Put out, quenched, extinguished. Allayed, cooled. 3. Killed. 4. Offered in oblation. **निर्**, **वत्** to go causal v. **क्** aff.

**निर्वा(वी)य** ind. 1. Having offered funeral cakes. 2. Having delighted. 3. Having quenched. **निर्** before, **वत्** to sow, affix **छप्**.

**निर्वा(वी)य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Acting fearlessly or determinately. Irresistible, not to be opposed or resisted. **निर्**, **वत्** to hinder affix **छत्**.

**निर्वाचन** n. (-नं) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. Hurting, injuring. 3. Banishment, expulsion. **निर्** out, forth, **वत्** to abide, causal form and **विच्-भावे-छुट्** aff.

**निर्वाचित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Expelled, banished. **निर्** out, **वत्** to abide causal v., **क्** aff.

**निर्वाच्य** mfn. (-च्यः-च्या-च्यं) To be banished. **निर्** out, **वत्** to abide causal form **विच्-कर्मणि-यत्** aff.; also **निर्वाचनीय**, **निर्वाचितव्य**.

**निर्वा(वी)ह** m. (-हः) 1. Accomplishment, completion, end. 2. Carrying on, supporting, maintaining. 3. Providing means. 4. Sufficiency, adequacy. 5. Steadfastness. **निर्** before, **वत्** to be affix **चञ्**.

**निर्वाहक** n. (-कं) Application or connexion of cause and effect, **निर्** before, **वत्** to convey, **छत्** aff.

**निर्वाह्य** nf. (-यं-या) Catastrophe of a drama: see **निर्वह्य**.

**निर्विकल्प** (क्) n. (-क्) Knowledge, not depending upon or derived from the senses. **निर्** neg. **विकल्प** alternative, **क्** added.

**निर्विकार** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Unchanged, unaltered, uniform. **निर्** neg. **विकार** change of form or state.

**निर्विघ्न** mfn. (-घ्नः-घ्ना-घ्नं) Unobstructed. n. subs. (-घ्नं) Absence of obstruction or impediment. adv. Freely, unobstructedly. **निर्** neg. **विघ्न** obstruction.

**निर्विघ्न** mfn. (-घ्नः-घ्ना-घ्नं) 1. Desponding, overcome with fear or sorrow. 2. Humble. 3. Abused, degraded. 4. Fallen away, emaciated.



with grief. 5. Decayed, impaired. 6. Certain. 7. Disgusted with anything. **म. निर** private, विद् to know, affix **क्**.  
**निर्विकल्प** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Humble, resigned, meek. **म. निर्विक**, and **केत** mind.  
**निर्विन्ध्य** f. (-न्ध्य) The name of a river that rises in the Vindhya mountains. **म. निर** out of, विन्ध्य the Vindhya hills, fem. aff. टाप्.  
**निर्विन्न** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Close, contiguous, without interval or interstice. **म. निर** neg. विन्न a space.  
**निर्विक** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Foolish, indiscriminating. **म. निर** neg. विवेक judgment.  
**निर्विक** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Fearless, undaunted, confident. **म. निर** neg. विक्क fearful.  
**निर्विक** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Entering in or into. 2. Engaged in. 3. Attaining, obtaining. 4. Marrying. **म. निर** before, विक् to enter, **वट** aff.  
**निर्विक** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Undiscriminating, making no difference. 2. Same, like, indiscriminate. **म. निर** neg. विवेक difference.  
**निर्विष** f. (-त्तः or -त्तः) A plant, (Curcuma zedoaria.) **म. निर** opposite, (anti,) विष poison, antidote.  
**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Attained, arrived at, Engaged out. 2. Obtained, got (as wages). 3. Engaged in, occupied by. 4. Staying, being. 5. Married. 6. Earned, gained. 7. Taken, received. **म. निर** before, विक् to enter affix **क्**.  
**निर्विष** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Seedless. 2. Impotent. **म. निर** neg. बीज a seed.  
**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Unheroic, cowardly. f. (-त्तः) A woman whose husband and children are dead, a childless widow. **म. निर** private, and बीर a hero, a champion.  
**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Tame, feeble, spiritless. 2. Impotent. **म. निर** not, बीर्य power.  
**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Ended, terminated. 2. Happy, content. 3. Emancipated. 4. Free from occupation or interest. n. (-त्तः) A house. **म. निर**, and **ह** to choose. **क्** affix; see निर्विष्ट.  
**निर्विष्ट** f. (-त्तः) 1. Final emancipation from existence. 2. Death. 3. Happiness. 4. Rest, repose, tranquillity, ceasing or abstaining from. 5. Setting, departure, disappearance. 6. Completion, accomplishment, conclusion. **म. निर** affirmative particle, **ह** to choose, affix भावे क्तिन्.  
**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Finished, completely done, accomplished. **म. निर** before, **ह** to be, affix **क्**.  
**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Desitute, having no occupation. f. (-त्तः) 1. Completion, termination, conclusion. 2. Satisfaction. 3. Final beatitude. 4. Approach, advance. **म. निर** neg. **ह** to be, affix भावे क्तिन्; or **निर**, and **ह** business.  
**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Calm, (as the ocean.) **म. निर**, and **वेग** agitation.  
**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Not having the Ve'das, infidel, unscriptural. m. (-त्तः) 1. Humility, self-Humiliation. 2. Being neglected or disregarded by others. 3. Indifference, disregard of worldly objects. **म. निर** depreciative particle, विद् to know, affix भावे क्त्वं, or **निर** neg. वेद the Ve'das.  
**निर्विष्ट** m. (-त्तः) 1. Wages, hire. 2. Enjoyment. 3. Eating. 4. Fainting, swooning, syncope. 5. Attaining, obtaining. 6. Engaged or entering in. **म. निर** before, विक् to enter, affix **क्त्वं**.  
**निर्विष्ट** n. (-त्तः) A small reed used as a shuttle. **म. निर** without, वेष्टन surrounding.  
**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Friendly, without enmity. **म. निर** neg. वैर hostility.  
**निर्विष्ट** n. (-त्तः) 1. A hole, a chasm. 2. Exemption from pain. 3. Paining, afflicting. **म. निर** affir. or neg. prefix, and **व्यथन** fear, dread.

**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Indifferent to, disregarding. **म. निर** neg. **व्यथन** expectation.  
**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Undissembling, true. **म. निर** neg. **व्यथन** false.  
**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Without deceit. 2. Without obstruction. **म. निर** neg. **व्यथन** deceit.  
**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Abandoned, left, deserted. 2. Finished, completed. 3. Grown, developed. 4. Vindicated. **म. निर** before, **व्यथन** arranged. **निर** + **वि** + **क्त्वं**.  
**निर्विष्ट** n. (-त्तः) 1. Taking forth or out. 2. Removing entirely. 3. Setting apart. 4. Burning dead bodies, or carrying them out to be burnt. **म. निर** away, **हरण** taking.  
**निर्विष्ट** m. (-त्तः) 1. Extracting, drawing out, rooting up, &c. 2. Putting forth or out. 3. Evacuation of any of the natural excrements of the faeces, urine, sweat, &c. 4. Burning, combustion. 5. Giving away, selling, exchanging, &c. 6. Diffusive fragrance. 7. Accumulation of wealth, a hoard, a private purse. **म. निर** out, **ह** to take, affix **क्त्वं**.  
**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Taking forth or out. 2. Diffusively fragrant, having a wide spreading odour. 3. Having wealth. **म. निर**, **ह** to take, **विष्णु** aff. or **निर्विष्ट**, affix **क्त्वं**.  
**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Taken or carried forth or out. 2. Extracted. **म. निर** out, **ह** taken.  
**निर्विष्ट** ind. 1. Having taken forth or out. 2. Having extracted. **म. निर** before, **ह** to take, **क्त्वं** aff.  
**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Unarmed. **म. निर**, and **ह** a weapon.  
**निर्विष्ट** m. (-त्तः) A sound in general. **म. निर** before, **ह** to sound, affix **क्त्वं**.  
**निर्विष्ट** m. (-त्तः) 1. A house, a habitation. 2. Abiding place, a den of animals. **म. निर** in, **ह** to embrace, affix **क्त्वं**.  
**निर्विष्ट** n. (-त्तः) Place, dwelling. 2. Setting in a place. **म. निर** before, **ह** to endeavour, **क्त्वं** aff.  
**निर्विष्ट** f. (-त्तः) Dwelling, domesticity. **म. निर** affir. and **क्त्वं** aff.  
**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Dwelling in, inhabiting. **म. निर** before, **ह** to embrace, **क्त्वं** aff.  
**निर्विष्ट** m. (-त्तः) A deity. f. (-त्तः) A cow. **म. निर** in or on, **क्त्वं** to smear, affix **क्त्वं**, or according to others, **नि** + **क्त्वं** + **क्त्वं**.  
**निर्विष्ट** f. (-त्तः) A cow. **म. निर** added to the preceding.  
**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Encompassed, surrounded, shut or wrapt up, embraced. 2. Destroyed, perished entirely. 3. Transformed, changed. 4. Fused in or into. 5. Full. **म. निर** in or on, **ह** to embrace, affix **क्त्वं**, deriv. irr.  
**निर्विष्ट** n. (-त्तः) 1. Gifts in honour of deceased ancestors. 2. Scattering, or throwing out. 3. Sowing. also **निर्विष्ट**. **नि** + **क्त्वं** + **क्त्वं**.  
**निर्विष्ट** f. (-त्तः) A virgin, a girl unmarried. **म. निर** priv. and **वर** a husband.  
**निर्विष्ट** n. (-त्तः) 1. Returning or coming back. 2. Bringing back. 3. Reforming, repenting. 4. Desisting from a work. 5. Giving back, returning. 6. Stopping, ceasing. 7. A measure of land 20 rods, or 200 cubits square. **म. निर** before **ह** to be, **क्त्वं** + **क्त्वं** aff.  
**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) To be restrained, to be hindered or diverted. **म. निर** before, **ह** to be, causal v., **क्त्वं** aff.  
**निर्विष्ट** ind. 1. Having desisted or refrained from. 2. Having turned back. 3. Having repented. 4. Having repaid. **म. निर** before, **ह** to be, aff. **क्त्वं**.  
**निर्विष्ट** nf. (-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Killing, destroying. 2. Removing. **म. निर** before, **ह** to cover, **क्त्वं** aff.  
**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Killed, destroyed. 2. Removed, taken away. **म. निर** before, **ह** to cover, **क्त्वं** aff.  
**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Dwelling in, inhabiting. **म. निर** before, **ह** to dwell, **क्त्वं** aff.

निवसति f. (-तिः) A house, a habitation. ३. नि in, वस् to dwell, आधारे चतिच् aff.  
 निवस्य m. (-यः) A village. ३. नि in, वस् to dwell, aff. आधारे चयच्.  
 निवसन n. (-नः) 1. A house, a habitation. 2. Cloth, clothes, raiment. ३. नि in, वस् to dwell or wear, aff. आधारे छट्.  
 निवह m. (-हः) 1. A multitude, a quantity. 2. One of the seven winds. ३. नि always, वह to gain, व or वच् aff.  
 निवहन् mfn. (-न्-ता-तं) 1. Well armed, accoutred in strong mail. 2. Secure, safe as in an asylum. 3. Calm, not windy. 4. Unhurt. 5. Protected against the wind. m. (-तः) 1. An asylum, a dwelling, &c. 2. A calm. 3. Strong armour. ३. नि neg. वात wind, &c.  
 निवहतकवच m. (-वः) A demon, the grandson of HIRANYAKSHIPU. ३. निवहत, and कवच a cuirass.  
 निवाप m. (-पः) 1. Gifts in honour of a deceased parent or relative. 2. Offering of water at Srad'dhas, or daily ablution to the manes. 3. Gift, giving in general. 4. Seed, grain. ३. नि before, वप् to go, to give, &c. aff. चच्.  
 नि(नी)वार m. (-रः) 1. Hindering, opposition, impediment. 2. Name of the grain so called. ३. नि prefix, वृ to screen, चच् aff.  
 निवारय n. (-यः) 1. Hindering, opposing. 2. An impediment. 3. Contemning, holding light or worthless. ३. नि prefix, वृ to screen, चिच् भावे-छट् aff.  
 निवारणीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be checked, hindered, &c. ३. नि before, वृ to screen, aff. चनीयर्; also निवारितव्य and निवार्य.  
 निवारयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यत्) Opposing, hindering. ३. नि before, वृ to screen, छट् aff.  
 निवारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Hindered, checked, opposed. ३. नि prefix, वृ to screen, क्त aff.  
 निवार्यमाच mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) To be opposed or hindered. ३. नि before, वृ to screen, pass. v., ग्राणच् aff.  
 निवास m. (-सः) 1. A house, a dwelling. 2. Passing the night. ३. नि in, वस् to abide, aff. आधारे चच्.  
 निवासभूय n: (-यः) Habitation or inhabiting. ३. निवास, and भूय being.  
 निवासिन् mfn. (-सी-सिनी-सि) Dwelling, abiding in, inhabiting. ३. निवास, and चिणि aff.  
 निविड mfn. (-डः-डा-डं) 1. Coarse, large, gross, bulky, without spaces or interstices. 2. Thick, impervious, impenetrable. 3. Crooked-nosed. ३. नि not, वि an interstice, ण changed to ड; or नि participle, with विणच् aff.  
 निविरीड mfn. (-डः-डा-डं) 1. Coarse, gross. 2. Crooked-nosed. ३. नेवि-डञ् विरीडनी पा० विरीडञ् दन्वीसारणसामर्थ्यात् न चलम्।  
 निविड्यन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यत्) Wishing to stop or return. ३. नि before, वृ to abide, desid. form, छट् aff.  
 निविशेय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Alike, not different. ३. नि neg. विशेष difference.  
 निविष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) 1. Entered, gone in or into. 2. Seated, sitting upon. 3. Situated or placed in or on. 4. Arranged. 5. Fixed on. ३. नि before, विष् to enter, aff. क्त.  
 निवीत mfn. subst. (-तः-ता-तं) A veil, a mantle, a wrapper. n. (-तः) The Brahmanical thread suspended round the neck, in which manner it is worn on some occasions. ३. नि before, व्ये to cover, aff. क्त. or नि + चञ् क्त व्यादेशः।  
 निवीतिन् m. (-ती) A Bra'hman with the cord suspended round his neck. ३. निवीत, and इति aff.  
 निहत mfn. adj. (-तः-ता-तं) Surrounded, enclosed, encompassed, subst. A veil, a mantle, a wrapper. ३. नि before, ह to surround aff. क्त.  
 निहति f. (-तिः) Covering, enclosing. ३. नि, ह to be, क्तिन् aff.  
 निहत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Ceased, stopped. 2. Abstaining from worldly acts, &c. 3. Abstracted from or independent of worldly motives. 4. Desisting from or repenting of any improper conduct. 5. Re-

turned, turned back. 6. Gone, departed. 7. Finished, completed. ३. नि prohibitory prefix, हत् to be, aff. क्त; see निहत्.

निहत्कारण mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) Without further cause or motive. m. (-णः) A virtuous man, one uninfluenced by worldly desires, ३. निहत् ceased, कारण cause.

निवृत्तराग mfn. (-गः-गा-गं) Of subdued appetite or passions. ३. निहत् stopped, राग passion.

निहत्तति mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति-ति) Quitting any practice or occupation. ३. निहत्त, and वृत्ति maintenance.

निहत्तान् m. (-ज्जा) 1. A sage. 2. VISHN'U. ३. निहत्त stopped, (from worldly acts, &c.) आत्मन् spirit.

निहति f. (-तिः) 1. Cessation, completion, leaving off, rest, repose. 2. Discontinuance of worldly acts, cessation of emotions, separation from the world. 3. Denial, refusal. 4. Abolition, prevention. 5. Returning. ३. नि negative prefix, वृत् to be, aff. आधारे क्तिन्: see निवृत्ति.

निवेदन n. (-नः) 1. Delivering, giving, entrusting, addressing, (either an article, a message, or a speech.) 2. Dedication. 3. Oblation. 4. An offering. ३. नि before, विद् to know, causal form, aff. छुट्.

निवेदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Given, entrusted, addressed, delivered. 2. Represented, stated, told. ३. नि before, विद् to know, aff. क्त: see निवेदन।

निवेश m. (-शः) 1. Entrance, entering. 2. Delivering, entrusting, depositing. 3. A camp. a place, the residence of a king or general. 4. Any dwelling. 5. Military array. 6. Ornament, dress, decoration. 7. Marriage. 8. Encamping. ३. नि before, विश् to enter, अभावे चञ्.

निवेशन n. (-नः) 1. Entering, entrance. 2. A house, a habitation. 3. A town or city. 4. A camp. ३. नि before, विश् to enter, aff. आधारे छट्.

निवेशनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be entered. 2. To be engaged in. ३. नि before, विश् to enter, चनीयर् aff.; also निवेशितव्य and निवेश्य.

निवेशयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यत्) Sending in or into, causing to enter. ३. नि before, विश् to enter, causal form, छट् aff.

निवेशित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Entered into. 2. Engaged in. 3. Sent directed. 4. Placed in or upon. 5. Turned to or towards, fixed upon. ३. नि before, विश् to enter, क्त aff.

नियूढ n. (-ढः) Perseverance, resolution. ३. नि, and व्यूढ arranged.

निश f. (-ति) 1. Night. 2. Turmeric. see निशा. निशरा अस्ति तन्वरी व्यापारान् शी-क-पुष्पी०।

निशठ m. (-ठः) The son of BALARA'MA.

निशनन n. (-नः) 1. Sight, seeing. 2. Hearing. 3. Becoming aware. ३. नि before, शन् to be quite, aff. चिच्-छुट्.

निशस्य ind. Hearing, having heard. ३. नि, शन् to repose, क्त्वा aff.

निशसयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यत्) Hearing. ३. नि before, शन् to rest, छट्.

निशस्य ind. Having heard. ३. नि before, शन् to repose, क्त्वा aff., अचय inserted.

निशा f. (-शा) 1. Night. 2. Turmeric, (Curcuma longa.) 3. Anoli sort, (U. zanthorrhiza.) ३. नि always, शी to waste or reduce (mortals.) aff. क्त; or निश् to meditate, aff. क्तिप्, and टाप् add.

निशाकर m. (-रः) 1. The moon. 2. A cock. 3. Camphire. ३. निशा and कर who makes or marks.

निशाकेतु m. (-तुः) The moon. ३. निशा night, and केतु symbol.

निशानय m. (-यः) A number of nights. ३. निशा a night, and नय a troop.

निशाचर mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रं) Nocturnal, night walking, what goes moves about by night, m. (-रः) 1. A Ra'kshasa, a fiend, an imi goblin, 2. A Jackal. 3. An owl. 4. A snake. 5. The ruddy go 6. A ghost, an evil spirit. 7. A thief. f. (-री) 1. A woman goes to an assignation, a harlot, a whore. 2. A she dev

female fiend. 3. A sort of perfume : see डेविनी. ३. निशा night, and चर who goes.

निशाचरन् न. (-च) Darkness. ३. निशा night, and चरन् skin or hide.

निशाचर n. (-च) 1. Frost, hoar frost. 2. Dew. ३. निशा night, and चर water.

निशाट m. (-ट) 1. An owl. 2. A demon, a ghost. ३. निशा night, and चट who goes ; चच् aff. also with छ् aff. निशाटन m. (-नः).

निशात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sharpened, polished, whetted, burnished. ३. नि before, शी to cut or pare, aff. त्.

निशाद m. (-दः) A man of a low caste : see निशाद.

निशादल n. (-लः) The state or condition of a man of low caste.

निशादरिन् m. (-रिन्) An owl. ३. निशा night, and दरिन् who sees.

निशादि f. (-दिः) Evening, twilight. ३. निशा, and आदि beginning.

निशात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Quiet, tranquil, patient. n. (-नः) 1. A house, a dwelling. 2. The end of the night, or break of day. ३. नि before, श्म् to be quiet, aff. त् ; or निशा night, चम् to go, aff. त् ; or निशा as before night, and चन end or term.

निशातनारी f. (-री) A female, a housewife. ३. निशात a house, नारी a woman.

निशात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Blind at night. ३. निशा, and चन् blind.

निशापति m. (-तिः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. 3. An epithet of Siva.

4. A name of Ra'vana. ३. निशा night, and पति master.

निशापत्र n. (-त्रः) 1. Hoar, frost. 2. Dew. 3. The white water lily which blossoms at night. ३. निशा, and पत्र a flower.

निशाभङ्गा f. (-ङ्गा) A plant commonly Dugdha'ya. ३. निशा night, भङ्गा breaking.

निशासवि m. (-विः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. ३. निशा night, and सवि a gem.

निशासन n. (-नः) 1. Sight, seeing. 2. Looking at, beholding. 3. Looking at repeatedly. 4. Hearing. 5. A shadow, a reflexion. ३. नि before, श्म् to quiet, aff. छ्.

निशासन m. (-नः) A Jackal. ३. निशा night, and सन a deer.

निशास ind. 1. Having put out, (as a light) 2. Having tranquillized. ३. नि before, श्म् to be quiet, causal form, सप् aff.

निशास n. (-सः) 1. Killing, slaying, slaughter. 2. Night-combat. ३. नि before, श् to injure or kill, aff. सप् छ् ट् ; or निशा night, and सस war.

निशास m. (-सः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. ३. निशा night, and सस a jewel.

निशासक n. (-कः) An air, a sort of musical composition, played as an accomplishment to dancing.

निशासक n. (-कः) A number of nights. ३. निशा, and सक a many.

निशावेदिन् m. (-दी) A cook. ३. निशा night, and वेदिन् who knows.

निशासस m. (-सः) The white water lily. ३. निशा, and सस what smiles ; opening its petals at night.

निशास f. (-सः) Turmeric. ३. निशा, and आस appellation.

निशात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Sharpened, whetted. 2. Stimulated. n. (-नः) Iron. ३. नि before, शी to pare, affix त्.

निशापुष्पा f. (-पुष्पा) A flower, (Nyctanthes tristis.) ३. निशि by night, seventh case of निश, and पुष्पा flower, fem. affix टाप् ; also with लीप् affix निशिपुष्पी, and with चन् added निशिपुष्पिका the night-flowers.

निशीथ n. (-थः) 1. Midnight. 2. Night. (In general). ३. नि always, शी to sleep, Una'di affix थ्.

निशीथिनी f. (-नी) Night. ३. निशीथ as above, इति aff.

निशीथिनीय m. (-यः) The moon. ३. निशीथिनी night, and नाथ lord.

निशीथी f. (-थी) Night. ३. निशीथ midnight, and थ् aff.

निशय m. (-यः) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. The name of a giant slain by Durg'a. ३. नि before, श् to hurt or kill, aff. नाथे चच्.

निशयच n. (-चः) Killing, slaying, slaughter. ३. See the last, aff. छ् ट्.

निशयचरिनी f. (-नी) A name of DURG'A. ३. निशय an Asur or demon so named, and चरिनी the female destroyer.

निशयिन् m. (-यिन्) An inferior deity of the Baudhas ; also He'ramba and Vajratika. ३. नि not, यच् injuring, aff. इति.

निशीपय m. (-यः) Resting at night. ३. निशा, and उपयय rest.

निशेत m. (-तः) The Vaka, a crane, (Ardea nivea.) ३. निशा by night, इत gone, to his roost.

निशय m. (-यः) 1. Certainty, ascertainment, positive, conclusion. 2. A fixed intention, design, purpose, aim. ३. निर affirmative particle, चि to collect, aff. चच्.

निशय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Immoveable, still, fixed. 2. Invariable. f. (-या) The earth. ३. निर privat. चच् what goes or moves.

निशय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Firm, immoveable. m. (-यः) 1. A kind of crane, (Ardea nivea.) 2. A mountain, a rock. ३. निशय, and चच् body.

निशयक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what ascertains or determines. ३. निर before, चि to collect, छ् छ् aff.

निशयक m. (-कः) 1. Evacuation by stool. 2. Air, wind. 3. Obstinaey, wilfulness. ३. निर not, चच् to go, aff. छ् छ्.

निशित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Certain, ascertained, determined, concluded. 2. Sentenced, pronounced. n. (-नः) Certainty, conclusion. ३. निर before, चि to collect, त् aff.

निशिय ind. Having ascertained, ३. निर aff. चि to collect, सप् aff.

निशिय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Thoughtless, inconsiderate, void of reflexion. ३. निर neg. चिन्ता reflexion.

निशीथयान mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Being in the course of ascertainment or conclusion, being under investigation. ३. निर before, चि to collect, यानच् aff., यच् inserted.

निशुक्च n. (-चः) A sort of tooth-powder prepared of sulphate of iron &c., it destroys the tartar, but blackens the teeth. ३. निर before, च्च् to give pain, aff. छ् ट्.

निशेष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) 1. Powerless, helpless. 2. Incapable of effort. ३. निर neg. चेष्टा effort.

निशेयस n. (-सः) Final emancipation : see निःशेयस.

निशेयसकर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Conferring final happiness or emancipation. ३. निःशेयस and कर what makes.

नि(श्)वसन n. (-नः) 1. Breathing out, expiration. 2. Sighing. ३. निर and वसन breathing.

नि(श्)वास m. (-सः) 1. Breath expired, breathing out, expiration. ३. निर out, and वास breath.

निश (ञ) निशु r. 1st. ol. (नेवति) To sprinkle.

निशक m. (-कः) 1. A quiver. 2. Union, meeting, association. 3. Attachment. ३. नि before, सच् to embrace, aff. चच् ; a collection of arrows, &c.

निशकृषि m. (-षिः) 1. Embracing, an embrace. 2. A Bowman. 3. A charioteer. 4. A car. 5. Grass. 6. The shoulder. ३. नि before, सच् to embrace, Un'adi aff. भावे ययिन्, कुलच्.

निशकिन् m. (-किन्) 1. An archer, a Bowman. 2. A quiver. ३. निशक a quiver, and इति aff.

निशद m. (-दः) A musical note : see निशाद.

निशया f. (-या) 1. A market. 2. A small bed or couch. 3. A shop. ३. नि before, च्च् to go सप् aff.

निशहर m. (-रः) 1. Mud, mire. 2. The god of love. f. (-री) Night. ३. नि before, च्च् to go Una'di, aff. छ् च्.

निशय m. (-यः) 1. The name of a mountain or mountainous range, forming one of the principal ranges of the universe, and described as lying immediately south of Ilav'rata, and north of the Hima'laya range. 2. A country in the south-east division of India. 3. The sovereign of Nishada. 4. A musical note ; also निशाद ;

5. Hard, solid. **न** नि before, **सद्** to go, aff. **चच्**, and **इ** irregularly changed to **व**.
- निषच** mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Placed in or on. 2. Gone to. 3. Rested, reclined. **न** नि before, **सद्** to go, **क्** aff.
- निषचक** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Seating, seated. **न** (-क) A seat. **न** नच् added to the last.
- निषहक** m. (-कः) A sort of potherb, (*Marsilea dentata*).
- निषाद** m. (-दः) 1. The last or the seventh note of the Hindu gamut, or more properly the highest of the scale. 2. A man of a degraded tribe, or an outcaste, especially the son of a Brahman by a Sudra woman. 3. A fisherman. **न** नि before, **सद्** to go, aff. **चापारे चच्**; pervading the mind, &c.
- निषादिन्** mf. (-दी-दिनी) 1. An elephant-keeper or driver. 2. Sitting. **न** नि before, **सद्** to go, aff. **चिच्-चिनि**.
- निषिध** mfn. (-धः-धा-ध) 1. Prohibited, forbidden. 2. Prevented. **न** नि priv. **सिच्** to complete, aff. **क्**.
- निषीदन्** mfn. (-दन्-दनी-दन्) 1. Sitting, sitting upon. 2. Standing or resting in or on. **न** नि before, **सद्** to go, **घट** aff.
- निष्(सु)दन** n. (-नः) Killing, slaughter. **म** (-दः) A killer. **न** नि before, **वद्** to kill, aff. **क्वट्**.
- निषेक** m. (-कः) 1. The ceremony performed upon impregnation taking place. 2. Sprinkling, aspersion. 3. Effusion. 4. Seminal infusion. 5. Irrigation. 6. Dirty water. **न** नि, and **सिच्** to sprinkle, aff. **भावे चच्**.
- निषेदिषद्** mfn. (-वान्-वनी-वत्) Sitting, seated on or upon. **न** नि before, **सद्** to go, **क्वसु** aff.
- निषेध** m. (-धः) 1. Prohibition, negation. 2. Stop, discontinuance. 3. Contrariety to or deviation from rule, irregularity, exception. 4. Negation. 5. A prohibitive rule or precept (In religious law). **न** नि before, **सिद्** to complete, aff. **चच्**.
- निषेवन** n. (-नः) 1. Service. 2. Observance, practice, adherence to. 3. Worship. 4. Enjoying. 5. Familiarity with. **न** नि before, **सेव्** to serve, **कुट्** aff.
- निषेवकोय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be served, to be obeyed. 2. To be observed or followed. **न** नि before, **सेव्** to serve, **चनीयर** aff.; also **निषेवितव्य**, and **निषेव्य**.
- निषेवित** mfa. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Observed, practised. 2. Served, obeyed. 3. Frequented through respect. **न** नि before, **सेव्** to serve, **क्** aff.
- निष्क** r. 10th cl. (निष्कयते) To measure or weigh.
- निष्क** mn. (-क्कः-क्का) 1. A weight of gold, applied however to different quantities: it is considered as synonymous with the Dina'ra of thirty-two small, or sixteen large Rattis; with the Karsha or Suvarn'a of sixteen Ma'sha's; with the Pala of four or five Suvarn'as; and with the larger Pala or Dina'ra, which is sometimes reckoned at 108, and other times at 150 Suvarn'as. 2. Gold in general. 3. Any ornament of the breast. 4. An ornament of the neck. 5. A weight of four Ma'sha's. 6. A weight of silver of four Suvarn'as. 7. A value of sixteen Ka'hons or Dramyas. 8. A chanda'la. **न** नि before, **सद्** to go, **Una'di** aff. **कच्**, and the radical final rejected or **निस् + क्** or **निष्क-चच्**.
- निष्कटक** mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Without thorns. 2. Free from trouble. **न** निर neg. **कटक** a thorn.
- निष्कण्ड** m. (-ण्डः) A plant, (*Capparis trifoliata*) &c.; see **वदन्ता**.
- निष्कर्मन्** mfn. (-र्मा-र्मा-न्) Exempt from or neglecting religious rites, worldly acts, &c. **न** निर neg. **कर्मन्** act.
- निष्करुण** mfn. (-रुणः-रुणा-न्) Cruel un pitying, unmerciful. **न** निर neg. **करुण** compassionate.
- निष्कल** mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) 1. Waned, diminished. 2. Impotent, seedless, barren. **म** (-लः) 1. Pudendum muliebre. 2. A name of BRAMHA'. 3. A fancied personification of BRAMHA', for religious ceremonies.

- f. (-वा-व-वी) A woman past child bearing, in whom menstruation has ceased. **न** निर neg. **वच्** gone, lost, **क्व** a part &c.
- निष्कर्ष** m. (-र्षः) 1. Certainty, ascertainment. 2. Drawing out. 3. The chief point. 4. Measuring. **न** निर before, **क्वच्** to plough, **चच्** aff.
- निष्काम** mfn. (-मः-मा-म) Free from wish or desire. **न** adv. (-म) Unwillingly. **न** निर neg. **काम** desire.
- निष्कारण** mfn. (-णः-णा-ण) Causeless, groundless. **न** निर neg. **कारण** cause.
- निष्कादय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Of a noble, not degraded.
- निष्कासक** m. (-कः) A penitent, shaved and smeared with Ghee.
- निष्कास(त्)** m. (-त्तः or तः) 1. A portico, a va'ra'nda'. 2. Exit, egress. 3. Day break. **न** निर and **क्वच्** to go, **भावे चच्** aff.
- निष्कासित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Expelled: see the next.
- निष्कासित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Expelled, dismissed, turned out. 2. Gone forth or out, issued. 3. Placed, deposited. 4. Placed over, appointed, stationed. 5. Reviled, reproached. 6. Opened out, blown, expanded. **न** निर out, **क्वच्** to go, in the causal form, aff. **क्**, **र** becomes **व** or Visarga: see **निष्कासित**; also **निष्कासित**.
- निष्कासिन्** mfn. (-सी-सिनी-सि) Who or what expels. f. (-नी) A female slave not restrained by her master. **न** निर forth, **क्वच्** to go, causal form, **चिनि** aff.
- निष्कट** m. (-टः) 1. A pleasure grove near a house. 2. A field. 3. A door. 4. The private apartments, the Zenana. 5. The harem of a king. **न** निर without, **कुट** the house. f. (-ट, also -टि: or -टो) Large cardamoms. **न** निर out, **कुट** the shell or husk, aff. **क्**, with **टाप्**, fem. aff. or **क्वि** with **ङीच्** optionally added.
- निष्कुम्भ** m. (-म्भः) A plant, commonly Danti. **न** निर forth, **कुम्भ** a Sautra root, to spread, aff. **चच्**; also **निष्कुम्भ**.
- निष्कुपित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Expelled, extracted, forced or drawn out. **न** निर neg. **कुप्** to extract, aff. **निष्कर्षे-क्**.
- निष्कुम्भ** m. (-म्भः) The hollow of a tree. **न** निर affirmative prefix, **कुप्** to astonish, aff. **चच्**.
- निष्कुल** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Regardless, negligent. 2. Disregarded, thought nothing of. 3. Pardoned. 4. Undone. **न** निर neg. **कुल** made.
- निष्कृति** f. (-तिः) 1. Pardon, absolution. 2. Expiration. 3. Escaping from, avoiding the consequence of anything. 4. Undoing, doing away. 5. Disregarding, neglecting. 6. Acquittance, compensation, discharge of a debt or obligation. **न** निर neg. **क्व** to do, **क्वि** affix.
- निष्कोषन** n. (-नः) 1. Taking away. 2. Extracting, extirpating. 3. Husking, shelling. **न** निर before, **कुप्** to expel, aff. **कुट्**.
- निष्कोषितव्य** mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) To be taken away. **न** निर out, **कुप्** to expel, **तव्य** aff.; also **निष्कोषणीय**.
- निष्कृन्म** m. (-मः) 1. Any intellectual faculty, as attention, comprehension, &c. 2. Degradation, baseness, inferiority of tribe, family, &c. 3. Going out, exit. 4. Intellectual faculty. **न** निर assuredly or forth, and **क्व** going.
- निष्कृन्म** n. (-चः) 1. Going forth or out. 2. Taking a child for the first time out of the house, in the fourth month, considered as an essential ceremony, and accompanied by sacrifice, &c. **न** निर forth, **क्व** to go, **कुट्** aff.
- निष्कृन्म** ind. Going forth, **न** निर, **क्वच्** to go, **स्वप्** aff.
- निष्कृन्म** m. (-यः) 1. Hire, wages. 2. Reward. 3. Barter. 4. Price. 5. Ransom. **न** निर before, **क्व** to buy, aff. **चच्**.
- निष्कृन्म** mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्त) Gone out, gone, departed. **न** निर out, **क्वच्** to go, aff. **क्**.
- निष्कृन्म** mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्त) 1. Abstaining from ceremonial rites. 2. Idle, unoccupied. **न** (-न्त) BRAMHA' or the Supreme Spirit. **न** निर **क्व** **क्वि** act.
- निष्कृन्म** m. (-चः) Broth, soup. **न** निर before, **क्वच्** to decoct, aff. **चच्**.

निष्ठा m. (-ः) A man of one of the outcast or barbarous tribes.  
 निष्ठ mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Well done, dressed or cooked. 2. Burnished, made bright. ३. निर, and तद् heated.  
 निष्ठ mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Staying, being in, who or what stays or is in or on anything. 2. Believing, faithful. 3. Skilled in. 4. Devoted to. f. (-तः) 1. The catastrophe of a drama, the conclusion of a fable. 2. Conclusion in general, end, termination. 3. Disappearance, loss, destruction. 4. Confirmation, completion. 5. Asking, begging. 6. Ordinary and uniform practice or profession. 7. Good conduct, excellence. 8. Religious practice, devout and austere exercise. 9. Faith, belief. 10. Condition, state. 11. Fixed time of life, &c. 12. Trouble, distress, anxiety. 13. The technical term for the past participial affixes क्त and क्तवत्. ३. नि completely, assuredly, स्था to stay or stop, क्त aff.  
 निष्ठान n. (-न) Sauce, condiment. ३. नि before, स्था to stay, aff क्तुट्.  
 निष्ठित mfn. (तः-ता-त) 1. Firm, fixed. 2. Certain, ascertained. 3. Engaged in, attached to, devoted to. 4. Staying, being in or on. ३. नि before, स्था to stay, क्त aff.  
 निष्ठित m. (-तः) Spitting; see निष्ठित.  
 निष्ठित n. (-न) Spitting, spitting out, ejecting any thing from the mouth. ३. नि before, छिद् to object, aff. क्तुट्; also निष्ठित and निष्ठित.  
 निष्ठुर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Harsh, contumelious (as speech). 2. Hard, solid. 3. Cruel. 4. Severe. ३. नि before, स्था to be, to be firm, aff. छरच्.  
 निष्ठुरता f. (-ता) Harshness of speech, reviling, abuse. ३. निष्ठुर, and तत्, aff., also with त्, निष्ठुरत्.  
 निष्ठुर mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Cast, thrown, sent, directed, despatched. 2. Ejected from the mouth, spit. ३. नि before, छिद् to eject, aff. क्त, deriv. irr.  
 निष्ठुरति f. (-ति) Spitting, spitting out. ३. नि before, छिद् to eject from the mouth, aff. क्त.  
 निष्ठुर subat. mfn. (-तः-रा-र) Spitting, spitting out, ejecting any thing from the mouth. ३. नि before, छिद् to eject, aff. चञ्; also निष्ठुर.  
 निष्ठुर n. (-न) Spitting. ३. See the last; also निष्ठुर.  
 निष्ठु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Skillful, &c. see the next. ३. नि + स्था + क्त.  
 निष्ठु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Skilful, clever, conversant, learned. 2. Perfect, superior, supreme. 3. (In law,) Agreed upon. ३. नि before, स्था to bathe, aff. कर्त्तरि-क्त; also with त्, निष्ठु.  
 निष्ठु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Decocted, infused, boiled. ३. निर before, पक्क ripe or cooked.  
 निष्ठु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Pure, free from mud or filth. ३. निर neg. पक्क mud.  
 निष्ठु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Issuing, going forth or out. ३. निर before, पत् to go, यट् aff.  
 निष्ठु n. (-न) Going forth or out, issuing. ३. निर, and पत्तन going.  
 निष्ठु f. (-ति) 1. Completion, conclusion, termination, consummation. 2. Birth, production. 3. Going forth or out. ३. निर negative, पद् to go, aff. क्तित्.  
 निष्ठुति f. (-ति) Excessive bodily pain. ३. निष्ठु + त् + क-भावे क्तित्.  
 निष्ठु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Motionless. ३. निर, not, अदि to shake or move, aff. चञ्; also निष्ठु.  
 निष्ठु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Done, finished, concluded, completed. 2. Born, produced. 3. Motionless. 4. Gone forth or out of. ३. निर affirmation or negation, and पक्क gone, from पद् to go, aff. क्त.  
 निष्ठु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Weak, destitute of power. ३. निर neg. पक्क valour.  
 निष्ठु m. (-तः) An ascetic, one who has no family nor dependants. ३. निर neg. परिष्ठु dependants.

निष्ठा n. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Doing, effecting, accomplishing. 2. Concluding. 3. Producing, causing, engendering. ३. निर forth, पद् to go, causal form, aff. क्तुट्.  
 निष्ठा mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Done, effected, made produced. ३. निर forth, पद् to go, causal form, क्त aff.  
 निष्ठा mfn. (-तः-ता-त) To be done, to be effected or accomplished. ३. निर forth, पद् to go, causal form चञ् aff.; also निष्ठा and निष्ठा.  
 निष्ठा mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Being done or made, in the course of completion. ३. निर before, पद् to go, causal form, क्त aff.  
 निष्ठा n. (-न) Drinking. ३. निर before, पान drinking.  
 निष्ठा mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Certain, indubitable. m. (-तः) 1. Winnowing, cleaning corn, &c. 2. Wind, air. 3. The wind of the winnowing sieve or basket. 4. Straw, chaff. 5. A legume, a pod. 6. A sort of pulse, (Phaseolus radiatus.) ३. निर before, प् to purify, aff. चरच्.  
 निष्ठित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Ground, reduced to dust or powder. 2. Beaten, oppressed. ३. निर, and पिट् ground.  
 निष्ठु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Sonless. ३. निर, and पुत्र a son.  
 निष्ठु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Feminine, neuter, not male. m. (-तः) 1. a eunuch or impotent man. 2. A coward. ३. निर neg. पुत्र a man.  
 निष्ठु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Stupid, frigid, dull, apathetic, ignorant. ३. निर privative, प्रतिब्र brilliance.  
 निष्ठु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Unobstructed, unimpeded. n. adv. (-तः) Freely, without hindrance. ३. निर neg. प्रवृत् obstacle.  
 निष्ठु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Gloomy, dark, obscure. ३. निर privative, and प्रभा light.  
 निष्ठु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Causeless, groundless. ३. निर negative, प्रयोजन, motive, cause.  
 निष्ठु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Content, not envying any person, nor coveting any thing. f. (-तः) A plant; also चञ्च् and निष्ठु. ३. निर not, चञ्च् envy, &c.  
 निष्ठु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) New and unbleached cloth. ३. निर gone, प्रभा here said to mean the weaver's brush; also निष्ठु.  
 निष्ठु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) the forms are irregular.  
 निष्ठु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Barren, unfruitful. 2. Seedless, impotent. f. (-ता or -ती) A woman past child-bearing; one in whom menstruation has ceased; see निष्ठु. ३. निर priv. and क्त fruit.  
 निष्ठु m. (-तः) Midnight; also निष्ठु.  
 निष्ठु m. (-तः) 1. The natural state, nature, peculiar character or condition. 2. Form. 3. Creation. 4. Relinquishment, abandoning. 5. Transfer, barter. 6. Voiding excrement. ३. नि before, क्त, to create, or to abandon, aff. चञ्.  
 निष्ठु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Cognate, innate. 2. Produced at creation. ३. निष्ठु, and क्त produced.  
 निष्ठु m. (-तः) A shrub, (Vitex negundo:) it is also read निष्ठु, and with क्त added निष्ठु; the words are considered as barbarous: see निष्ठु.  
 निष्ठु n. (-न) Killing, slaughter. ३. नि before, वृद् to kill, aff. भावे क्तुट्; also निष्ठु.  
 निष्ठु f. (-ता) A plant commonly Te'ori. ३. नि + क्त-क्षिप् + चञ्.  
 निष्ठु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Delivered, deposited. 2. Centrical, middle. 3. Permitted. 4. Abandoned. ३. नि before, क्त, to go, aff. कर्त्तरि-क्त.  
 निष्ठु m. (-तः) A messenger, an envoy, an ambassador: one who decides upon his own discretion, knowing the intents of both parties. ३. निष्ठु deposited, कर्त्त meaning.  
 निष्ठु f. (-ती) A pill, a bolus, a sort of force-meat ball. ३. नि before, क्त a breast, क्षीप् diminutive aff.  
 निष्ठु n. (-न) 1. Going out or forth. 2. Crossing over or passing. 3. Extraction, getting rid of or free from. 4. Means of sue-

cess, an expedient, a plan. **निर्** before, **तु** to cross or pass over, aff. करणे छुट् ।

**निस्तब्ध** mfn. (-अः-आ-अ) 1. Paralysed, numbered. 2. Stopped, fixed. **नि** before, **तब्ध** to stop. aff. क् ।

**निस्तब्ध** n. (-अ) Killing, slaughter. **नि** before, **तब्ध** to kill or hurt, aff. भावे छुट् ।

**निलल** mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) 1. Round, globular. 2. Trembling, shaking, moving. 3. Down, below. **नि** neg. negative or affirmative, and **ल** a support or stay ; or depth, bottom.

**निसार** m. (-रः) 1. Getting over or across. 2. Getting rid of, or away from, extraction, escape. 3. Acquittance, requital. 4. Means, expedient. 5. Final liberation. **नि** before, and **तु** to cross, **चञ्** aff.

**निसारबीज** n. (-जः) The cause of final liberation, faith in any deity, &c. **नि** before, and **बीज** seed.

**निसितीयेत्** mfn. (-ईत्-ईती-ईत्) 1. Desirous or anxious to cross. 2. Wishing for salvation, or to traverse the world. **नि** before, **तु** to cross, **देहि** form, **छट्** aff.

**निसुष** mfn. (-षः-षा-ष) Freed from the chaff, (corn, &c.) **नि** neg. **तुष** chaff.

**निसुषचीर** m. (-रः) Wheat. **नि** before, and **चीर** milk.

**निसुषरत्न** n. (-न) Crystal. **नि** before, and **रत्न** a gem.

**निसुषित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Left abandoned, deserted. 2. Skinned, peeled. 3. Pared, made thin. **नि** before, **तुष** husk or skin, converted in to a nominal verb, and **त** participial aff.

**निसृज** mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) 1. Dull, obscure. 2. Dull, spiritless. 3. Powerless, impotent. **नि** neg. **तेजस्** light, &c.

**निराश** mfn. (-शः-शा-श) Fearless, unapprehensive. **नि** neg. **भय** to fear, aff. चञ् ।

**निराश्रित** mfn. (-श्रः-श्रा-श्र) Merciless, unfeeling, un pitying. **नि** (-श्रः) A soimitar, a sacrificial knife. **नि** forth, **त्रिंशत्** thirty, **च** aff ; being of thirty finger's length, &c.

**निराश्रित** m. (-री) A soldier armed with a sword. **नि** before, and **श्रित** who bears.

**निराश्रित** mfn. (-श्रः-श्रा-श्र) Destitute of the qualities, truth, passion, and darkness. **नि** neg. **त्रैगुण्य** three qualities.

**निराव** m. (-वः) The remainder of articles, &c. after a sale or market.

**निराव** mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Still, steady, immovable. **नि** (-वः) Throbbing, trembling. **नि** before, **सद्** to go, aff. चञ् ।

**निराव** mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Content, unenvious. **नि** (-वः) 1. A plant. (Gloriosa superba.) 2. Contentment. **नि** neg. **सद्** desire.

**निराव** m. (-वः) Trickling, oozing, issuing. **नि** before, **सद्** to ooze, aff. चञ् ।

**निराव** m. (-वः) 1. The scum of boiled rice. 2. A torrent. **नि** before, **सद्** to ooze or drop, aff. चञ् ।

**निराव** m. (-वः) 1. Sound. 2. Silence. **नि** before, **सद्** to sound, aff. चञ् ।

**निराव** m. (-वः) Sound. **नि** before, **सद्** with **चञ्** aff. : see to last.

**निराव** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Killed, slain. **नि** affir. **हन्** killing.

**निराव** n. (-न) Killing, slaughter. **नि** before, **हन्** to kill, **छट्** aff.

**निराव** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Murderous, who or what kills. **नि** before, **हन्** to kill, **छट्** aff.

**निराव** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Killed. **नि** before, **हन्** to kill, **पाठ** v. **शानच्** aff.

**निराव** m. (-वः) Calling, calling to. **नि** before, **हन्** to call, **चञ्** aff.

**निराव** f. (-वा) An iguana or the Gangetic alligator. **नि** before, **हन्** to quit, **Una'di** aff. कञ् ।

**निराव** m. (-रः) Frost, dew : see **निराव**. **नि** + **र** + **कर्मणि** चञ्, वा दीर्घः ।

**निराव** n. (-न) Killing, slaughter. **नि** before, **हन्** to kill or hurt, aff. भावे छुट् ।

**निराव** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Deposited, delivered, given, entrusted. 2. Applied to, bestowed upon. 3. Laid, (as dust by rain.) **नि** before, **हन्** to have, aff. क् ; **हिरादेयः** ।

**निराव** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) A low man, an outcast. **नि** before, **हन्** abandoned.

**निराव** m. (-वः) 1. Denial or concealment of knowledge, dissimulation, secrecy. 2. Concealment in general. 3. Mistrust, doubt, suspicion. 4. Wickedness. 5. A secret. 6. Excuse. **नि** before, **हन्** to hide or secrete aff. चञ् ।

**निराव** m. (-वी) A defendant or witness who prevaricates or tries to hide the truth. **नि** before, and **वादिन्** who speaks.

**निराव** n. (-र) An evasive reply or defence. **नि** before, and **वादि** answer.

**निराव** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Concealed, secreted. 2. Denied, evaded. **नि** before, **हन्** to secrete aff. क् ।

**निराव** f. (-ति) 1. Denial or concealment of knowledge, dissimulation, reserve, secrecy. 2. Hiding, concealment. **नि** before, **हन्** to secrete aff. क् ।

**निराव** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Insinuating, using double entendre. **नि** before, **हन्** to secrete **शानच्** aff.

**निराव** m. (-रः) Sound. **नि** before, **हन्** to sound aff. चञ् ।

**निराव** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Sounding, making a noise. **नि** before, and **वादि** aff.

**नीच** m. (-कः) The name of a tree. **नि** to gain, **Una'di** aff. कञ् ।

**नीच** m. (-रः) Disrespect, contempt, vilifying, degrading. **नि** before, **हन्** to make, aff. भावे चञ् ।

**नीच** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) (In composition) Like, resembling. **नि** (-नः) Certainty, ascertainment. **नि** before, **हन्** to shine, aff. चञ्, and the vowel made long.

**नीच** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Low (in stature) short, dwarfish. 2. Low (in condition) vile, base, mean. 3. Deep. **नि** privative, **हन्** fortune, **हन्** to obtain, aff. चञ् ।

**नीच** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Low, dwarfish, a dwarf. 2. Vile, low. **नि** (-नः) An excellent cow. **नि** added to the preceding.

**नीच** m. (-नी) 1. The head or top of any thing. 2. The owner of good cow.

**नीच** ind. Low, below, little, vile, &c. **नि** (-नः) low, **चञ्** insert

**नीच** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Low, vile, base. **नि** (-नः) Water. **नि** (-नः) A river. **नि** low or deep, and **हन्** who is going.

**नीच** m. (-नः) An onion. **नि** (-नः) a low man, and **नीच** food.

**नीच** f. (-वा) A good cow ; also **नीच** and **नीच**.

**नीच** ind. Little, small, low. **नि** before, **हन्** to collect, **हन्** aff. **हन्** the vowel of **नि** made long.

**नीच** mn. (-नः-नः) 1. Nest 2. A place, a spot. **नि** before, **हन्** to **हन्** aff. **हन्** or **नि** + **हन्**-क, **हन्**-लः ।

**नीच** m. (-नः) A bird in general. **नि** (-नः) a nest, and **हन्** born.

**नीच** m. (-नः) A bird. **नि** (-नः) a nest, and **हन्** born.

**नीच** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Well behaved, correct, modest. 2. Gained, obtained. 3. Led, conducted. **नि** (-तः) 1. Wealth. 2. Corn, grain. **नि** to get &c. aff. क् ।

**नीच** f. (-ति) 1. Guiding, directing. 2. Obtaining, acquirement, acquisition. 3. Polity, political science, treating especially of the administration of government, including the practice of morality in private life, both by the sovereign and his subjects. **नि** to guide or gain, aff. क् ।

**नीच** f. (-वा) Any work on polity or good government. **नि** (-नः) and **हन्** a tale.

**नीच** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Politic, conversant with government and human affairs. **नि** (-नः) and **हन्** able. [sound]

**नीच** m. (-नः) The car of **वृहस्पति**. **नि** (-नः) guiding, and **हन्** नीच

**नीच** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Knowing what is right especially in government, sagacious, politic. **नि** (-नः) A statesman, a politician. **नि** (-नः) and **हन्** who knows.

नित्यम् mfn. (-नान्-नती-नत्) Moral eminent for royal duties. न. नीति, and ननु aff.  
 नितिविद्या f. (-द्या) Political science. न. नीति, and विद्या knowledge.  
 नितिविज्ञान n. (-ज्ञान) The science of political ethics, or any work treating of it. न. नीति, and विज्ञान a scripture. निश्चिते चनेन शास्त्र-नत् ।  
 न mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Given, given away. न. नि before, दत्त given, form irr.  
 न ind. 1. Having taken. 2. Having passed or spent. न. नी to take, ना aff.  
 न. (नः) A guider, a leader. न. (-न) Water. न. नी to guide, न्वन् Unadi aff.  
 न n. (-न-न) 1. The edge of a thatch or roof. 2. A wood. 3. The circumference of a wheel. 4. The moon. 5. The constellation देवति. न. नि before, वृ to fall, &c. aff. न, and the vowel of the prefix made long; this is considered as a various reading also of नीत्त q. v.  
 नोप m. (-नः) 1. The Kadamba tree, (Nauclea Kadamba.) 2. A species of Ixora, (I. bandhuca, Rox.) 3. A sort of Asoka or Nil Asoka. 4. The foot of a mountain. न. नी to obtain, (pleasure.) and प Unadi aff.; निश्च ।  
 नोपमान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Being sought or obtained. 2. Being taken away, न. नी to obtain, नान् aff. न्वन् inserted.  
 न. (-न) 1. Water. 2. Juice, liquor. न. नी to obtain, aff. रन्.  
 न mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Colourless, faded, having the colour taken out. न. निर neg. रन् red or dyed.  
 न mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Aquatic. न. (-न) 1. A sort of Costus, (C. speciosus.) 2. A lotus in general. म. (-नः) An otter. न. नीर water, and न born, or produced.  
 नीरजम् mfn. (-नः-जा-ज) 1. Free from dust. 2. Having no pollen, (as a flower.) f. (-जा) 1. A woman not menstruating. न. निर neg. रजम् dust &c. and न made long before र.  
 नीरजोकारित mfn. (-नः-जा-न) Cleansed, made free from dust. न. नीरजम्, and कारित caused, निश्च augment.  
 नीरत mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Indifferent, not taking pleasure in. 2. Stopped, in stating. न. नि neg. or अस्ति. रत engaged in, र made long.  
 नीरद mfn. (-नः-दा-द) Toothless. म. (-नः) A cloud. न. नीर water, द what gives, or नि neg. रद a tooth.  
 रदिम् mfn. (-नः-दि-दि) Cloudy. न. नीरद, and रनि aff.  
 रनि m. (-निः) The ocean. न. नीर water, and नि having.  
 निधिम् m. (-निः) The ocean. न. नीर water, and निधि receptacle.  
 नीरम् mfn. (-नः-न-न) 1. Coarse, thick, gross, without interstices. 2. Entire, having no holes, imperforate. न. नी for निर negative prefix, रन् a hole.  
 नीरस mfn. (-नः-सा-स) Dry, withered, insipid, devoid of taste, &c. morally or physically m. (-नः) The pomegranate. न. नी for निर negative or affirmative prefix, and रन् juice, flavour.  
 नीरसु m. (-सुः) An otter. न. नीर water, and सुसु a cat; the water-cat.  
 नीराजन nf. (-न-जा) 1. Lustration of arms; military and religious ceremony held on the 19th of A'shwin, by kings or generals for purifying the army before taking the field; it is still observed by some Hindu states, under the name of Dashaha'ra'. 2. Waving lights before an idol; but it may also be performed with a lotus, clean cloth, or the leaves of various sacred plants; prostration is also considered as the fifth kind of this sort of adoration. न. निर completely, राज to shine, अग्नि युष् or भावे ऋट्; रकोपे पूजां चो दीवः or नीर water, and न्वन् going, sprinkling the arms, horses, &c. with water.  
 निरु m. (-रुः) A plant, (Trophis aspera.) न. नीर water, रुन् the moon; or नि + रुन्, निरु (वायुकोपी) ।

नीरम् mfn. (-न) Dull, dim, faded. न. निर neg. रन् light, and न made long, affix निरु. According to Turkab'ohaspati :—निश्चिते दीवते निर + रन्-निरु रकोपे दीवः । निरानदीतिनीति ।  
 नीरजम् mfn. (-न) Convalescent, well, in health. न. नि private, रन् disease.  
 नीरजम् mfn. (-नः-जा-ज) Convalescent, well. न. (-न) A sort of Costus, (C. speciosus.) न. नि implying opposition, (anti,) and रन् disease.  
 नीरप mfn. (-नः-पा-प) Formless, shapeless. न. (प) Heaven, æther. म. (-प) 1. Air, wind. 2. God. न. निर neg. रन् form.  
 नील mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Blue, dark blue or black. म. (-नः) 1. Black or dark blue, (the colour.) 2. The blue mountain, one of the principal ranges of mountains, dividing the world into nine portions, and lying immediately north of Ilā'vrata or the central division. 3. One of the monkey chiefs. 4. One of the Nidhis or divine treasures of Kuvē'ra. 5. A gem, (the sapphire.) 6. A name of the Buddha MAṆJUSKHA. 7. The blue or hill Maina, a bird so called. न. (-न) 1. Indigo, the dye. 2. A mark, a characteristic mark. 3. A medical plant, apparently distinct from the Indigofera. 4. Blue vitriol. 5. Black salt. 6. Poison. 7. Antimony. f. (-न) 1. A blue fly. 2. A Ragini or mode of music, personified as the wife of the Rā'ga Mallā'r. f. (-नी) 1. The indigo plant, (Indigofera tinctoria.) 3. A complaint of the eyes, a darkening of the pupil. 3. A bruise, a black and blue mark on the skin. न. नील to dye or tinge, Unadi aff. चन्; or नीली indigo, चन् aff., implying being coloured or stained by it.  
 नीलक m. (-नः) 1. The Nil Gai or slate coloured antelope, (A. picta.) 2. A tree, (Pentaptera tomentosa.) न. (-न) 1. Blue steel. 2. Blue vitriol. 3. Black salt. न. नील, लायें संज्ञायाम् न्वन् वा ।  
 नी(का)चकम् m. (-नः) 1. A name of Śi'va. 2. Gallinule. 3. A sparrow. 4. A wagtail. 5. A peacock. 6. Morunga, (Hyperanthera morunga.) 7. A blue necked jay. न. नील, blue or black; and चक the throat; also काचकम्.  
 नीलचक्रम् n. (-न) The Elaeocarpus seed. न. नीलचक्र Śi'va, and चक a seed.  
 नीलकमल n. (-न) The blue lotus. न. नील, and कमल a lotus.  
 नीलकुण्डल m. (-नः) Blue Barleria, (B. cœrulea.) न. नील, and कुण्डल Barleria.  
 नीलक्रीड m. (-नः) A sort of curlew or heron. न. नील blue, and क्रीड a heron, &c. (काचकम्) ।  
 नीलवीर्य m. (-नः) A name of MAHA'DEVA. न. नील blue, and वीर्य neck; the neck of Śi'va was stained blue by the acrimony of the poison, which, upon its production at the churning of the ocean, he swallowed.  
 नील(वा)रु m. (-नः) An insect in general. 2. A sort of worm. 3. A Jackal. न. नि before, लज्जि to go, Unadi aff. वृ, and the र of नि made long.  
 नीलज mfn. (-नः-जा-ज) Produced in the blue mountain, &c. न. (-न) Blue steel. न. नील, and ज produced.  
 नीलनिष्ठो f. (-नः) Blue Barleria. न. नील blue, and निष्ठो Barleria.  
 नीलपद्म m. (-नः-प-प) 1. Darkness. 2. Black mud. न. नील black, and पद्म clay or mire.  
 नीलपटल mfn. (-नः-पा-ल) Very dark or black. न. नील, and पटल abundance.  
 नीलपत्र mfn. (-नः-पा-त्र) Having black or dark blue leaves. न. (-न) The blue lotus. न. नील blue, and पत्र a leaf.  
 नीलपाचन n. (-न) Steeping or maceration of indigo. न. नील, and पाचन cooking.  
 नीलपाचनमात्र n. (-नः) An indigo vat. न. नीलपाचन, and मात्र a vessel.  
 नीलपत्र n. (-नः) The blue lotus, (Nymphœa cœrulea.) न. नील, and पत्र a lotus.  
 नीलपिच्छ m. (-नः) A falcon. न. नील blue, and पिच्छ a tuft.



नीलपुष्प m. (-पुः) A sort of Verbesina with blue flowers, f. (-पुः) A blue species of Rasan. E. नील blue, and पुष्प a flower.

नीलपुष्पिका f. (-का) The indigo plant. E. कन् added to नीलपुष्पी.

नीलरुह m. (-रुः) 1. A sort of fish, commonly called Ro'hita, (Cyprinus denticulatus.) 2. The fire. E. नील blue, रुह the back.

नीलम m. (-मः) 1. The moon. 2. A cloud. 3. A bee. E. नील blue, or black, भा to show, aff. क.

नीलमणि m. (-मिः) 1. A gem of a blue colour, the sapphire. 2. An epithet of Krishna. E. नील blue, and मणि a jewel.

नीलमाधव m. (-वः) A name of KRISHN'A. E. नील and माधव VISHN'U, being of a dark colour.

नीलमौलि m. (-मौः) A firefly. E. नील black or dark blue, मौल् to twinkle, aff. टल्.

नीलसत्तिका f. (-का) 1. Iron pyrites. 2. Black mould. 3. Black earth. E. नील and सत्तिका earth.

नीललोह n. (-हः) Blue steel. E. नील blue, and लोह iron.

नीललोहित mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Purple, of a purple colour. m. (-तः) 1. A name of ŚIVA. 2. A mixture of red and blue, purple. f. (-तः) A vegetable; see भूमिजम्. E. नील blue or black, and लोहित red.

नीलवर्ण mfn. (-वर्णः वर्णी-वर्णः) Blue, of a blue colour. E. नील, and वर्ण colour.

नीलवसन mfn. (-नः ना-नं) Wearing dark blue or black garments. m. (-नः) The planet Saturn. E. नील dark blue, and वसन vestiture.

नीलवस्त्र mfn. (-वस्त्रः वस्त्र-वस्त्रः) Dressed in dark black vestiture. n. (-वस्त्रः) Dark coloured cloth. m. (-वस्त्रः) A name of BALARA'MA. E. नील, and वस्त्र clothes.

नीलवास mfn. (-वाः वा-वाः) Dressed in dark blue clothes. m. (-वाः) A name of Saturn. E. नील dark blue, वास वस्त्र raiment.

नीलह्रस्व m. (-ह्रः) A dark coloured bull. E. नील, and ह्रस्व a bull.

नीलाक्ष m. (-क्षः) A goose. E. नील and अक्ष an eye, having dark blue eyes.

नीलाक्ष m. (-क्षः) 1. The Indian crane, or Sa'rasa. 2. The blue jay. E. नील blue, and अक्ष body.

नीलाक्ष m. (-क्षः) 1. An insect in general. 2. A sort of insect. 3. A Jackal. f. (-क्षः) Algal-fly. E. See नीलक्ष्म; the penultimate being irregularly made long.

नीलाञ्जन n. (-नः) Blue vitriol. f. (-नः) Lightning. E. नील blue, अञ्जन collyrium, &c. (तुंते).

नीलाञ्जलि f. (-जलिः) 1. One of the Apsara's or courtezans of Swarga. 2. The name of a river. 3. Lightning. E. नील dark, अञ्जलि quickly, aff. चक् and टप्. अञ्जलि-चक्-चक्.

नीलाम्बर mfn. (-वः वा-वः) Dressed in dark blue cloth. m. (-वः) 1. A name of BLARA'MA. 2. A demon. 3. A goblin. 3. A name of SANI or Saturn. n. (-वः) Black or dark blue raiment. E. नील, and अम्बर clothing &c. लोहित पत्रे.

नीलाम्बुजम् n. (-म्बुः) The blue lotus. E. नील, and अम्बुजम् a lotus.

नीलाभ mfn. (-भः भा-भः) Blue. m. (-भः) A cloud. E. नील, and आभ what shines.

नीलाभ n. (-भः) A dark cloud. E. नील, and आभ cloud.

नीलायनम् m. (-यनः) A blue stone, a sapphire. E. नील, and अयनम् a stone.

नीलिता(नी) f. (-नी) A plant, (Nyctanthes tristis;) a species with blue flowers. 2. The indigo plant. 3. A slight malady; black and blue marks in the body from bruises, &c. कन् added to नीली.

नीलिनी f. (-नी) 1. Indigo, (Indigofera tinctoria.) 2. A black species of Te'ori. E. नील black or dark blue, poss aff. दनि, fem. aff. जेप्.

नीलीराम m. (-रामः) 1. A firm and constant friend. 2. Firm, unalterable attachment, (as that of RA'MA and ŚR'Ā.) 3. Dark blue. E. नीली indigo, and राम colour; as permanent as the dye of indigo.

नीलीसम्पान n. (-सम्पानः) Fermentation or maceration of indigo. E. नीली, and सम्पान fermentation.

नीलीसम्पानम् n. (-सम्पानः) An indigo vat. E. नीलीसम्पान, and सम्पान a vat.

नीलोत्पल n. (-पलः) A blue lotus. (Nymphaea caerulea.) E. नील blue and उत्पल a lotus.

नीलीललिङ्ग m. (-ली) One of the Jaina saints or teachers. called Manna.

नीलीपथ n. (-पथः) A blue stone, lapis lazuli. E. नील, and पथ a stone.

नीलर m. (-रः) 1. Trade, traffic. 2. A place, &c. proper for the sit of a habitation. 3. A religious mendicant. 4. A trader. n. (-रः) 1. Water. 2. Mud, mire. E. नील to obtain, &c. अरच्. Un'adi aff.

नीलक m. (-कः) Increased demand for grains in times of dearth scarcity. E. नि before, कच् to speak, aff. चक्; creating alarm and causing conversation.

नीलार m. (-रः) Rice growing wild or without cultivation. E. नि before कच् to be, aff. चक्.

नीलिनी f. (-निः नी-नी) 1. Capital, principal, stock. 2. Stake, wager. 3. A cloth round a woman's waist, or the ends of the cloth passed round the loins so as to hold the whole together; on being loosened the lower members are exposed; the tie of drawers worn by women, &c. 4. The outer tie of a packet, in which the offerings of a Sudra at funeral obsequies are presented. E. नि before, कच् to cover, Un'adi aff. कच् and नीप् optionally added; the र् of नि is made long, and the radical finally rejected.

नीलवृत्त n. (-वृत्तः) 1. The edge of a thatch. 2. The circumference of a wheel. 3. A wood. 4. The moon. 5. The constellation Revati. E. नि certainly, वृच् to be, aff. क, deriv. irr.; also नील.

नीलवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः) Any inhabited country. E. नि always, वृच् to be, aff. कच्, and the vowel of the prefix made long.

नीलार m. (-रः) 1. A warm cloth, blanket. 2. Curtains, mosquito-curtains. 3. An outer tent or screen. E. नि before, कच् to hurt, &c. aff. चक्, deriv. irr.

नीलार m. (-रः) 1. Frost, hoar-frost. 2. Heavy dew. 3. Evacuation. E. नि before, कच् to steal or take, aff. कच्.

नु ind. 1. A particle of interrogation; 2. Of discrimination; 3. Of reflexion; 4. Of doubt; 5. Of contempt; 6. Of pretence; 7. Of respect; 8. A particle implying cause or motive; (what, but, how, hum, or either, &c. will in general express it.) E. नु to go, or नु praise, &c. aff. कच्.

नु m. (-नुः) 1. A weapon. 2. Time. 3. A boat. 4. The nasal mark above the line in neuter nouns, &c. f. (-नुः) Praise, eulogium, panegyric. E. नुच् to praise, &c. aff. कच्.

नुह r. 9th cl. (नुहति) To hurt or kill. नुह-पर-चक्-सेट्.

नुत mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Praised, commended. E. नुच् to praise, aff. कच्.

नुति f. (-निः) 1. Praise, eulogium, panegyric. 2. Worship, reverence. E. नुच् to praise, कच् aff.

नुत mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Sent, ordered, despatched. m. (-तः) A plant: see लङ्क. E. नुच् to send, aff. कच्; also नुत.

नुतम् mfn. (-तुः तु-तुः) Desirous of removing. E. नुच् to send, desid. v. च aff.

नुत mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Sent, thrown, despatched, cast, dismissed. E. नुच् to praise, aff. कच्, form irr.; also नुत.

नूत mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. New. 2. Praised, eulogized, hymned. E. नुच् to praise, aff. कच्.

नूत mfn. (-नः ना-नं) 1. New, recent, fresh, young, &c. 2. Present. 3. Instantaneous. 4. Modern. 5. Curious. E. नव new, नू substituted for it, and तप् aff. नुरादिचक्.

नूतल n. (-लः) Newness, novelty. E. ल added to the last; also with तल्, नूतलता.

नूत mfn. (-नः ना-नं) New. E. नू substituted for नव new, नूच् aff.

नूद m. (-दः) The mulberry tree, (Morus Indica.) E. नूच् to send, कच् aff. and the deriv. irr. नूदति पादे; क-पुच् दीर्घः.

नून ind. 1. Certainly, assuredly. 2. A particle of doubt or deliberation.

**वृषामय** m. (-यः) Consumption. इ. वृष, and वामय disease.  
**वृषावर्त्त** n. (-वर्त्त) A kind of gem. इ. वृष, and वामवर्त्त what revolves.  
**वृषासन** n. (-न) A throne. इ. वृष a king, and वामसन a seat.  
**वृषोचित** mfn. (-तः ता-सं) Kingly, princely, suited to a king. इ. वृष, and उचित proper.  
**वृष्य** m. (-यः) Hospitality. इ. वृ a man, and वृष्य sacrifice.  
**वृषराज** m. (-रजः) The third or the boar incarnation of VISHN'U. इ. वृ a man, वराज a boar ; being delineated with the figure of a man, and the head of the wild boar.  
**वृषंस** mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) Malicious, wicked, hurtful, injurious, mischievous, destructive. इ. वृ man, वृषंस to hurt, aff. वष ।  
**वृषंसवृत्त** mfn. (-वृत्तः-वा-वृत्त) Practising mischief. इ. वृषंस, and वृत्त engaged in.  
**वृषिङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) 1. Vishn'u. 2. The fourth Avata'ra or descent of that deity, in the shape of a man, with the head and claws of a lion. 3. A chief, a noble, a great or illustrious man, a great man. इ. वृ a man, and सिङ्ग a lion ; applied in composition, also to signify preeminence.  
**वृसेन(न)** nf. (-न-न) An army of men. इ. वृ a man, and सेना an army.  
**वृसीन** m. (-नः) An illustrious or great man, a prince or chief. इ. वृ mankind, and सीन the moon, here implying superiority, or excellence.  
**वृहरि** m. (-रिः) VISHN'U as the man-lion. इ. वृ and हरि a lion.  
**वेजक** m. (-कः) A washerman. इ. वृज् to cleanse, aff. वृज् ।  
**वेतय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be taken, to be carried or conducted. इ. वेी to take, तय aff.  
**वेद** mfn. (-ता-वी-द) Leading, conducting, one who guides or leads, &c. m. (-ता) 1. A master, an owner. 2. A guide. इ. वेी to lead, aff. दच् ।  
**वेद** mfn. (-वः-वी-व) A leader, a guide, one who guides or leads. n. (-वः) 1. The eye. 2. The foot of a tree. 3. Bleached or woven silk. 4. A car, a carriage. 5. The string of a churning rope. 6. An enema-pipe. 7. The number "two". mn. (-वः-वः) Any tubular vessel. f. (-वी) 1. A river. 2. The goddess LAKSHMI'. इ. वेी to guide or gain, Una'di aff. वृन्, fem. aff. जीप् ।  
**वेदज** n. (-जः) A tear. इ. वेज, and ज born.  
**वेदच्छद** m. (-दः) An eyelid. इ. वेद the eye, छद् to cover aff. वृषच् ।  
**वेदपर्यन्त** mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्त) As far as to the eye, up to the eye. m. (-न्तः) The outer angle of the eye. इ. वेद, and पर्यन्त limitative चपाङ् ।  
**वेदपिण्ड** mf. (-पिण्डः-पिण्डी) 1. A cat. 2. The ball of the eye. इ. वेद the eye, and पिण्ड a ball of flesh, &c.  
**वेदयोनि** m. (-निः) 1. INDRA. 2. The moon. इ. वेद an eye, and योनि the vulva ; being covered with marks resembling that organ, through the curse of GAUTAMA, whose wife he had attempted to debauch ; the sage afterwards relenting, changed these disgraceful marks on the body of the deity to as many eyes.  
**वेदरञ्जन** n. (-नः) Collyrium. इ. वेद and रञ्जन delighting.  
**वेदरोग** m. (-रोगः) Any disease of the eye. इ. वेज, and रोग disease.  
**वेदवस्त्र** n. (-वस्त्रः) A veil over the eye. इ. वेद and वस्त्र clothes.  
**वेदामय** m. (-यः) Ophthalmia, &c. इ. वेद, and वामय sickness.  
**वेदाम्बु** m. (-म्बुः) A tear. इ. वेद an eye, and वम्बु water.  
**वेदोत्सव** n. (-वः) Any pleasing or beautiful object. इ. वेद, and उत्सव festival.  
**वेदीवध** n. (-वधः) 1. Green sulphate of iron considered as a collyrium. 2. Collyrium in general. f. (-वी) A drug, commonly वीणा. इ. वेद the eye, and वीवध a medicament.  
**वेदयत्** mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Approximating, bringing near. इ. वेद for वृषन्त nom. verb, वृष्ट aff.  
**वेदितु** mfn. (-तुः-ता-तु) 1. Very near. 2. Clever. m. (-तुः) A tree ; (Alan

gium hexapetalum.) *z.* चनिक near, *इयत्* affix of the superlative, and the form *irr*; also *नेदीयस्* with *इयत्* aff.

*नेदीयस्* mfn. (-यन्-यसी-यः) Very near, nearest; see the last.

*नेत्य* mfn. (-त्यः त्या-त्) Taking or obtaining frequently. *z.* ची to obtain, frequent. *v.*, *चत्* aff.

*नेप* m. (-पः) 1. The family priest. 2. Water. *z.* ची to guide, *Una'di* aff. *p.*

*नेपथ्य* n. (-थ्यं) 1. A stage, or the part behind the scenes, the tiring room, &c. 2. Ornament, decoration, embellishment. *z.* ची to guide, *विच्* aff. and the vowel changed, *ने* the eye, or a chief, *पथ* proper, agreeable, grateful.

*नेपाल* m. (-पः) The country of Ne'pal. *z.* ने a chief; see the last, and *पाथ* cherishing.

*नेपालिका* f. (-का) Arsenic. *z.* नेपाल, and *तञ्* aff.

*नेम* m. (-मः) 1. Time, period, season. 2. Term, boundary, limit. 3. Part, portion. 4. A fence, a boundary wall or hedge. 5. A hole, a chasm. 6. Fraud, deceit. 7. Acting, doing. 8. Other, different. 9. Evening. 10. Up, above. 11. A root. 12. The foundation of a wall, *z.* ची to gain, *Una'di* aff. *मच्*.

*नेमि* f. (-मिः-नी) 1. The circumference of a wheel. 2. The framework for the rope of a well. 3. Edge, rim. 4. A windlass. 5. A thunderbolt. 6. The earth. *m.* (-मिः) 1. The twenty-second Jina or Jaina pontiff. 2. A sacred place, as Mathura'. *mfn.* (-मिः-नी) A tree, (*Dalbergia Oujeiniensis*). *z.* ची to gain or go, *Una'di* aff. *नि*.

*नेमिपुत्र* m. (-पुत्रः) A prince descended from Parikshir, who is said to have removed the capital of India to Kausambi, after the inundation of Hastinapur.

*नेमिम्* m. (-नी) A tree. *z.* नेमि the circumference of a wheel, *इनि* aff. the wood being used for its manufacture.

*नेम्य* m. (-यः) One of the sixteen officiating priests at a soma sacrifice. *z.* ची to lead or conduct the ceremonies, *Una'di* aff. *इन्*, and *युक्* augment.

*नेः श्रियस्* mfn. (-यः-सी-सः) Relating to final emancipation, leading to it, effecting it, &c. *z.* निःश्रियस्, and *चच्* aff.

*नेः श्रियस्* mfn. (-यः-सी-सः) Relating to final emancipation, &c. *z.* निःश्रियस्, and *उक्* aff.

*नेकेद्य* n. (-द्यः) 1. Dryness, austerity. 2. Coldness, want of affection. *z.* निःकेद्य, and *चच्* aff.

*नेक* mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Many, various. *z.* न neg. एक one.

*नेवटिक्* mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Near, being near. *z.* निकट, and *उक्* aff.

*नेक्य* n. (-यः) Proximity, vicinage. *z.* निकट, and *चच्* aff.

*नेकभेद* mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Various, multiform, manifold. *z.* नेक, and *भेद* kind.

*नेकरूप* mfn. (-यः-पा-पः) Multiform. *z.* नेक, and *रूप* form.

*नेकशेव* mf. (-यः-या) A Rakshasa, a fiend, goblin. *z.* निक्षय the mother of the race, and *उक्* aff.

*नेकविक* mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Morose, harsh-spoken. 2. Wicked, bad. *z.* निक्षय, and *उक्* aff.

*नेगम* m. (-मः) An Upanishad or portion of the Vēdas. 2. A sectarian, not a heretic. 3. A trader, a merchant. 4. A citizen, a townsman. 5. Guiding, leading, directing. 6. A road, a way. *z.* निगम a religious obligation, *अ* *स्वाये* *चच्*.

*नेविक* n. (-कः) The head of an ox. *f.* (-की) A capital cow. *z.* नीकेस् low, down, *चत्* to go, *उक्* aff. and the radical finals rejected; also *नीचिको*, &c.

*नेज* mfn. (-जः-जी-जं) Own. *z.* निज, and *चच्* aff.

*नेत्य* n. (-यः) Eternity, perpetuity. *z.* नित्य + व्युदा-चच् aff. [ *इयत्* aff.

*नेत्य* mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Always, constant, indispensable. *z.* नित्य, and *नेत्य* mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Invariable, constant, perpetual, indispensable, *z.* नित्य and *उक्* aff.

*नेत्र* mfn. (-त्रः-त्री-त्रं) Sleepy, somniferous, relating or occurring in sleep. *z.* निद्रा, and *चच्* aff.

*नेधान* mfn. (-नः-नी-नं) Relating to a treasure, a nest, &c. *f.* (-नी) A boundary where some articles are buried and dug up. *z.* निधान a treasure, *चच्* aff.

*नेपाल* mfn. (-यः-सी-सः) Produced in Ne'pal. *f.* (-नी) 1. Double jasmine. 2. Red arsenic. 3. Sephalica, (*Nyctanthes tristis*). 4. Indigo. *z.* नेपाल Ne'pal, *चच्* and *नीच्* affs.; brought from thence.

*नेपालिक* mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Produced in or brought from Ne'pal &c. *z.* (-कं) Copper. *z.* नेपाल, and *उक्* aff.

*नेपुच* n. (-चः) Dexterity, cleverness, skill. *z.* निपुच skilful, *अ* *चच्*; also with *यच्* aff., *नेपुच* n. (-चः).

*नेपुच* n. (-चः) Dexterity, cleverness.

*नेमितिक* mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Occasional. *n.* (-कं) 1. An effect (opposite to "cause") 2. Occasional, periodical act or rite. *m.* (-कः) An astrologer, a prophet. *z.* निमित्त cause, *उक्* aff.

*नेमितिककर्तव्य* n. (-कं) An occasional ceremony, such as should be observed on the birth of a child, &c. *z.* नेमितिक, and *कर्तव्य* act; also *नेमितिककर्तव्य*, &c.

*नेमिष* mfn. (-यः-सी-सः) Momentary, transient, in a twinkling. *n.* (-यः) The name of a forest. See *नेमिषारण्य*, *z.* निमिष, and *चच्* aff.

*नेमिषारण्य* n. (-यः) A wood celebrated as the residence of the Rishi, to whom Sauti related the Mahabharat. *z.* निमिष a twinkling of an eye, in which the sage GAURAMUKHA destroyed a sort of Asuras, and *चच्* aff. and *चरय* a forest.

*नेमेय* m. (-यः) Barter, exchange. *z.* नि before, *नि* to measure, *यच्* aff. and *स्वाये-चच्* added.

*नेम्योद्य* n. (-यः) The fruit of the Indian fig tree, &c. *z.* न्योद्य the fig tree, &c. and *चच्* aff.

*नेम्यव* mfn. (-यः-वी-वः) Made of the skin, &c. of the deer, called *न्यव* a *न्यव*, and *चच्* aff.

*नेम्य* n. (-यः) Self-government or subjugation. *z.* नियत, and *चच्* aff.

*नेम्यिक* mfn. (-कः-की-कं) According to rule, regular, enjoined, *z.* नियत, and *उक्* aff.

*नेयायिक* m. (-कः) A logician, a follower of the Nyāya or logical philosophy. *z.* न्याय the Nyāya system, and *उक्* aff.

*नेरन्य* n. (-यः) Compactness, closeness, contiguity. *z.* निरन्य and *चच्* aff.

*नेराज्य* n. (-यः) Despair. *z.* निराज्य, and *चच्* aff.

*नेरत* mfn. (-तः-ती-तं) 1. Obsolete, uncommon, belonging to the glossary of the Vēdas. 2. Acquainted with the terms of the Vēdas. 3. A Philologist. *z.* निरत and *चच्* aff.

*नेष्ट* m. (-तः) 1. A demon, a fiend. 2. The ruler of the south-west quarter. *f.* (-ती) 1. The south-west quarter. 2. An epithet of Durga'. *z.* निष्टति said to be a proper name, and *चच्* aff.

*नेग्य* n. (-यः) Absence of qualities or properties. *z.* निग्य, and *चच्* aff.

*नेम्य* n. (-यः) Cleanliness, purity. *z.* निम्य, and *चच्* aff.

*नेम्य* n. (-यः) Blueness, darkness of colour. *z.* नीम्य, and *चच्* aff.

*नेमि(व)द्य* n. (-यः) 1. Thickness, substance. 2. Closeness, compactness. 3. Continued sound. *z.* निमि thick, &c. *चच्* aff.

*नेवेद्य* n. (-यः) An offering of eatable articles presented to a deity, and may afterwards be distributed to his ministers or worshippers, especially when it has been presented to any form of Visnu. *z.* निवेद्य presenting, offering, *चच्* aff.

*नेवेद्यिक* mfn. (-कः-की-कं) A present to a Bra'hman who is a householder, a girl so given, or ornaments with her, &c. *z.* निवेद्य a house, *अ* *उक्*.

*नेत्य* mfn. (-यः-वी-वः) Nocturnal, relating to the night; or a person, &c. doing any thing by night. *z.* निरा night, and *चच्* aff. also with *उक्* aff. *नेत्य* mfn. (-कः-की-कं).

निश्चिन् न. (-च) 1. Certainty. 2. A fixed festival; as at birth, investiture, marriage, &c. 3. निश्चित certain, चञ् aff.  
 निष मfn. (-चः-ची-च) Relating to NISHADHA. m. (-चः) A name of NALA. 3. निष the country so called, aff. चञ्.  
 निष्का n. (-च) 1. Abstinence or exemption from acts or their consequences. 2. The salvation obtained by abstraction in opposition to that obtained by works. 3. निष्कर्म and चञ् aff.  
 निष्कृतिक mfn. (-चः-की-च) Worth a hundred Nishkas, bought with them, &c. 3. निष्क and दत्त a hundred, ठञ् aff.; also with सृञ् a thousand निष्कृतिक mfn. (-चः-की-च).  
 निष्क मfn. (-चः-की-च) Bought with, made of, &c. a Nishka. m. (-चः) The mint-master. 3. निष्क a weight of gold, and ठञ् aff.  
 निष्कृतिक mfn. (-चः-की-च) Wicked, evil-doing, malignant. 3. निष्कृति, and ठञ् aff.  
 निष्क मfn. (-चः-की-च) 1. Relating to state or condition. 2. Belonging to the character or office of a perpetual student. 3. Firm, fixed. 4. Final. 5. Highest, perfect. 6. Completely verced in. 7. Vowing perpetual abstinence and chastity. m. (-चः) The Bra'hman who continues with his spiritual preceptor, and always remains in the condition of the religious student. 3. निष्क certainty, ठञ् aff.  
 निष्क n. (-च) Severity, cruelty. 3. निष्कृ, and चञ् aff.  
 निष्कृतिक mfn. (-चः-की-च) Natural, innate. 3. निष्कृ nature, ठञ् aff.  
 निष्कृतिक m. (-चः) A swordsman, a soldier armed with a sword. 3. निष्कृतिक a sword, aff. ठञ्.  
 नो ind. No, not. 3. नञ् to command, aff. जी.  
 नोप m. (-चाः) The name of a saint. 3. नु to praise, चञि Una'di aff. and ष्ट augment.  
 नोप mfn. (-चा-नो-च) Remote, far off. 3. नञ् negative, उप near, चा to be, aff. ठञ्.  
 नो f. (-नोः) A boat, a vessel in general. 3. नु to send, Una'di aff. जी.  
 नोका f. (-का) A boat. 3. नञ् added to the preceding.  
 नोकाद m. (-चः) An oar, a paddle. 3. नोका a boat, and दञ् a stick.  
 नोकाय mfn. (-चः-यो-च) Navigable, to be gone to or traversed in a vessel. 3. नौ, and ताय to be crossed.  
 नोकाय mfn. (-चो-यिनो-चि) A passenger, a freight, who or what goes in a boat or vessel. 3. नौ, and यायिन् who goes.  
 नञ् ind. A particle implying abuse or contempt when prefixed to कृ or भू. 3. The neuter of नञ् used as a particle.  
 नञ्च n. (-च) Treating with disrespect or contempt. 3. नञ्, and चञ् making.  
 नञ्च m. (-चः) Contempt, disrespect. 3. नञ् little, low, कृ to make, aff. चञ्.  
 नञ्चका f. (-का) An insect found in ordure.  
 नञ्च mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Whole, entire. 2. Low, inferior. m. (-चः) 1. A name of PARAS'URA'MA. 2. A buffalo. n. (-च) 1. A kind of grass called mahishatrina. 3. नि before, चञ् a die &c. [caste, चञ्चाति mfn. (-तिः-ति-चि) Of mean or inferior race. 3. नञ्, and जाति चञ्चावन m. (-चः) 1. Contempt. 2. Defiling. 3. नञ्, and भावन conceiving.  
 चञ्च m. (-चः) 1. The Indian fig tree. (Ficus Indica.) 2. A fathom measured by the arms extended. 3. The Sami, (Mimosa albida) f. (-चो) 1. A plant, (Salvinia ocellata, Rox.) 2. A medical plant, commonly Moha'na'. 3. चञ् short, चञ् to impede, aff. चञ्.  
 चञ्चपरिमलका f. (-चा) An elegant woman. In Va'chaspatya she is thus described:—सोमो सुवर्णिनी यस्या नितम्बे च विद्यावता ।  
 चञ्च चीवा भवेता सा चञ्चपरिमलका ॥  
 चञ्च m. (-चः) 1. A deer. 2. The name of a saint or Muni. 3. नि always, चञ् to go, aff. ठञ्.  
 चञ्च m. (-चः) A tree, (Cassia fistula.) 3. चञ् a deer, and चञ्च a tree. चञ्चकाचो ।

चञ्च n. (-च) Low abuse. 3. चञ्, and च what goes or is. According to Va'chaspatya. —m. (-चः) नितरामञ्चने 3. नि-चञ्च-चञ्.  
 चञ्च mfn. (-चः-ची-च) 1. Short, dwarfish. 2. Low, vile, contemptible, base. 3. Slow, lazy. 4. Whole, entire. 3. नि prefixed to चञ् to go, aff. चिप्. निश्चयता चञ्चति, चञ्च-विच् । निश्चि क्तिन् चञ्च त्वाचो चि । इसादी भवे च नोचः नीचा चञ्च कुलम् ।  
 चञ्चित mfn. (-चः-ता-च) Thrown or cast down. 3. नि before, चञ्चित gone.  
 चञ्च m. (-चः) Loss, expense, waste, destruction. 3. नि before चञ्च to go, aff. चञ्.  
 चञ्च mfn. (-चः-चो-चो) 1. Asked, solicited. 2. Gone, 3. Injured. 3. नि, चञ्च to ask, कृ aff.  
 चञ्चन n. (-च) 1. Delivering, Giving up. 2. Depositing. 3. नि before, चञ्च to throw कृट्, aff.  
 चञ्च mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Deposited, consigned, delivered. 2. Placed in or upon. 3. Applied to. 3. नि before, चञ्च to throw or send, aff. कृ.  
 चञ्चम mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Unarmed, defenceless, having laid down or resigned weapons. m. (-चः) A deified progenitor. 3. चञ्च delivered, and दञ्च a weapon.  
 चञ्च n. (-च) Fried rice. 3. नि + चञ्चि-चञ्च वा० न लोपः । “तुष्टि” इति भावा ।  
 चञ्च m. (-चः) Eating, feeding. 3. नि before, चञ्च to eat, चः aff. न चञ्चादिभ्यः ।  
 चञ्च m. (-चः) 1. Propriety, fitness. 2. The Nya'ya doctrine, logic, logical philosophy. 3. Apposite illustration. 4. A complete argument or syllogism. 5. Policy, good government. 6. Method, way, manner, plan, rule. 7. Virtue, honesty. 8. Justice, law. 9. A law-suit. 12. Judgment. 13. A universal rule, (In gram.) 14. Likeness analogy. 15. A vedic accent. 3. नि certainly, चञ्च to go, aff. भावकरचारी चञ्च.  
 चञ्चता f. (-ता) Fitness, propriety. 3. तञ्च added to चञ्च; also with न चञ्चक.  
 चञ्चराचि f. (-चो) 1. A woman acting or judging rightly. 2. Right behaviour. 3. चञ्च propriety, चञ्चराचि proceeding. चञ्च चरति, च-चिनि ।  
 चञ्चचार m. (-चः) A virtuous man. 3. चञ्च, and चञ्चचार observance.  
 चञ्चचार m. (-चः) An example of virtue or propriety. 3. चञ्च, and चञ्चचार what upholds.  
 चञ्चिन् mfn. (-चो-यिनो-चि) 1. Right, fit. 2. Logical. 3. चञ्च, and चञ्चि aff.  
 चञ्च mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Right, proper, fit. 3. चञ्च, and चञ्च यत् aff.  
 चञ्च m. (-चः) 1. A deposit, a pledge. 2. Deserting, abandoning. 3. Delivering, presenting. 4. Mental delivering, consigning or entrusting any thing to the mind. 5. Mental appropriation or assignment of various parts of the body to tutelary divinities, accompanied with certain prayers and gesticulations. 6. Painting, stamp, mark. 7. Bringing forward. 8. Seizing. (with the claws.) 3. नि before, चञ्च to throw or cast away, aff. कर्मणि, भावे वा चञ्च.  
 चञ्चचारिन् m. (-चो) The holder of a deposit, a mortgagee. 3. चञ्च, and चञ्चिन् who has.  
 चञ्चुड m. (-चः) 1. Six-fold repetition of the trilateral name of god. 2. The Sa'ma Ve'da. 3. Pleasing, agreeable charming, beautiful. 3. नि before, चञ्चि to go, aff. चञ्च; it is also read चञ्चुड.  
 चञ्च mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Crooked-backed, hump-backed, 2. Looking downwards. 3. Bent, crooked. 4. Convex. m. (-चः) 1. Disease, sickness, pain. 2. A sort of ladle made of Kusa grass. 3. The Nyagrodha tree. n. (-च) 1. The fruit of the Ka'maranga, (Carambola averrhoa.) 2. A vessel used at Shra'ddhas. 3. चञ्च to be crooked, aff. चञ्च. [a sword.  
 चञ्चक m. (-चः) A sabre, a crooked sword. 3. चञ्च crooked, and चञ्च नून mfn. (-चः-ना-च) 1. Blamable, vile, wicked, despicable. 2. Less, deficient, defective. 3. नि before, चञ्च less, affix चञ्च. [चञ्चक.  
 चञ्चता f. (-ता) 1. Deficiency. 2. Inferiority. 3. तञ्च added to चञ्च, also चञ्चनी mfn. (-चो-चो-चि) Ignorant, foolish, 3. चञ्च, and चो intellect.  
 चञ्चपचात्राव m. (-चः) An idiot. 3. चञ्च, and पचात्राव fifty, भाव proper having but forty-nine properties of human nature.

- अनाङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गी-ङ्गः) Maimed, mutilated, imperfect. म. अङ्ग, and अङ्ग body.  
 अनाधिक mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गा-ङ्गः) Unequal, more or less. म. अङ्ग, and अधिक more.  
 अनाधिकविभाग m. (-गः) Unequal partition. म. अनाधिक, and विभाग division.  
 अनेन्द्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Imperfect, wanting some organ ; as blind, deaf, &c. म. अङ्ग, and इन्द्रिय an organ of sense.  
 अस्त्रिवाविन् m. (-लो) A name of Śi'va. म. इ man, अस्त्रि a bone, मास्त्रा a necklace, and इनि poss. aff. ; ornamented with a garland of human skulls.

## प

- प The twenty-first consonant of the Deva Na'gri alphabet, corresponding to the letter P.  
 प m. (-पः) 1. Air, wind 2. A prince, a ruler. 3. A leaf. 4. An egg. f. (-पा) (at the end of compounds). 1. Drinking, (as in चनेकप) 2. Guarding, Protecting, ruling. (As in गोप) म. पा to nourish, &c. aff. ड ।  
 पक्ष m. (-क्षः-क्षः) The residence of low or outcast tribes. म. पक्ष to cook, कक्ष aff. and क substituted for च.  
 पक्ष्य mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. To be cooked or dressed. 2. To be matured. 3. To be digested. पक्ष् to cook, &c. तय्य aff.  
 पक्षि f. (-क्षिः) 1. Cooking. 2. Ripening. 3. Fame, respectability. 4. Digestion. म. पक्ष् to cook, aff. भावे-क्षिन् ।  
 पक्षिशूल n. (-क्षि) Inflammation with violent pain of the bowels proceeding from indigestion, cholera. म. पक्षि, and शूल cholera.  
 पक्ष्म mfn. (-क्षा-क्षो-क्षः) Who or what ripens or cooks. m. (-क्षा) 1. The digestive faculty. 2. Fire. म. पक्ष् to cook, &c. तय्य aff.  
 पक्ष्म n. (-क्षः) The sacred fire to be maintained perpetually by the householder. म. पक्ष् to mature, Una'di aff. व.  
 पक्ष्म mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्षः) Ripe, ripened, matured, cooked. म. पक्ष् to cook, &c. aff. क्षि and मप् added.  
 पक्ष्मा ind. Having cooked, dressed, matured, &c. म. पक्ष् to cook, क्षा aff.  
 पक्ष्म mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्षः) 1. Mature, dressed, matured by nature or by art. 2. Fully matured, on the eve of rottenness or decay. 3. Perfect, come to perfection. 4. Able, shrewd, experienced, mature (as the understanding.) 5. Grey, (the hair.) 6. Digested. 7. Cooked, boiled. 8. Baked, burned. म. पक्ष् too cook or ripen, व substituted for क्ष ।  
 पक्ष्मन् mfn. (-क्षन्) Cooking, maturing, who or what does so. m. (-न्) The Nimba tree. म. पक्ष् ripe, and क्षन् what makes ; the leaves of the plant are applied to phlegmonoid swellings, to induce suppuration.  
 पक्ष्म mfn. (-क्षः-क्षी-क्षः) Grey-haired. म. पक्ष्, and क्ष्म the hair.  
 पक्ष्म m. (-सः) Wine or vinous liquor. म. पक्ष् matured, रस juice.  
 पक्ष्मरि n. (-रिः) 1. Rice-gruel. 2. Boiling water. 3. Distilled water. म. पक्ष् boiled, वारि water ; also read पक्ष्मरि.  
 पक्ष्म n. (-क्षः) Dressed or cooked food. म. पक्ष्, and पक्ष्म food.  
 पक्ष्मय m. (-यः) The abdomen, the stomach. म. पक्ष्, and पक्ष्म receptacle.  
 पक्ष्म f. (-क्षा) A burnt or baked brick. म. पक्ष्, and पक्ष्म a brick.  
 पक्ष् 1st and 10th cls. (पक्षति पक्षयति-ते) 1. To take or accept. 2. To take a part or side. भा. पक्ष् उभ० सक० सेट् ।  
 पक्ष् m. (-क्षः) 1. The half of a lunar month or fortnight, comprising fifteen days. 2. A wing, a feather; (it is also neuter in this sense.) 3.

The feather of an arrow. 4. Partisan. 5. friend. 6. A side, a flank. 7. An army, forces. 8. A house. 9. An argument, a thesis, a position advanced, doctrine to be maintained. 10. Contradiction, opposition, rejoinder, reply. 11. The subject of an inference. 12. Alternative. 13. A tribe, a class. 14. The ash pit of a fire place. 15. A royal elephant. 16. (In composition with words signifying "hair".) Quantity, as क्षेपक्ष् much or abundant hair. 17. A bird. 18. A bracelet. 19. Purity, perfection. 20. A limb, a member. 21. A tail. 22. (In Arithmetic,) Side of an equation in a primary division. 23. Condition. 24. A wall. 25. A party. 26. The subject of a syllogism or inference. म. पक्ष् to take, aff. चक् or पक्ष् to transact business, Una'di aff. च, and क substituted for the radical final.

- पक्ष्म m. (-क्षः) 1. A private or back door. 2. A side. 3. A sidesman, an associate, a confederate or partisan. म. पक्ष् added to the preceding.  
 पक्ष्म m. (-रः) 1. The moon. 2. An elephant strayed from the herd. 3. An attendant, a constant companion. म. पक्ष् a fortnight, &c. चर who goes.  
 पक्ष्म mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्षः) Produced in a fortnight, &c. m. (-क्षः) The moon. म. पक्ष् a fortnight, and क्ष्म born.  
 पक्ष्मन् m. (-क्षा) The moon. म. पक्ष्, and क्ष्मन् birth : the last.  
 पक्ष्म f. (-क्षा) 1. The nature or essential character of a proposition. 2. The taking up a side of argument. 3. Maintaining or defending a thesis. म. तय्य added to पक्ष् ; also with ल, पक्ष्म.  
 पक्ष्ति f. (-तिः-ती) 1. The first day of the half month. 2. The root or insertion of a wing. म. पक्ष् a fortnight, &c. तिन् aff. and क्ष्म optionally added.  
 पक्ष्म n. (-यः) 1. A month. 2. Both sides of an argument, &c. म. पक्ष्, and द्वय two.  
 पक्ष्म n. (-रः) A private entrance, an inner or back door. म. पक्ष् a side, and द्वार a door.  
 पक्ष्म mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Who or what has a part or side, a wing, &c. m. (-रः) 1. The moon. 2. A bird. 3. A partisan. 4. An elephant strayed from the herd. म. पक्ष् a half month, चर who has.  
 पक्ष्पात m. (-तः) 1. Adopting a side or an argument whether right or wrong, partisanship. 2. A partisan, an adherent, who or what sides with. 3. The moulting of birds condered to proceed from fever. म. पक्ष्, and पात who cause to go, or पक्ष् a wing, and पात falling.  
 पक्ष्पातिता f. (-ता) Adherence, friendship, fellowship. म. पक्ष्पातिन्, and तय्य aff. ; also with ल, पक्ष्पातिल.  
 पक्ष्पातिन् m. (-ती) 1. A partisan, a friend, an adherent. 2. Moving the wings. म. पक्ष्पात, and इनि aff. [point, &c.]  
 पक्ष्पाति m. (-क्षिः) A private or back door. म. पक्ष् a side, and पक्षि a part.  
 पक्ष्भाग m. (-गः) 1. The side or flank of an elephant. 2. The side, in general. म. पक्ष् the side, and भाग a part.  
 पक्ष्मूल n. (-क्षः) The root or articulation of a wing. म. पक्ष् a wing, and मूल a root.  
 पक्ष्मन् mfn. (-क्षन्-क्षी-क्षः) 1. Winged. 2. Having a side or party. म. पक्ष्, and मत्पु aff.  
 पक्ष्मन् m. (-क्षः) A bird. म. पक्ष् a wing, and वाहन vehicle.  
 पक्ष्मिन् m. (-क्षिः) A heron. म. पक्ष् a feather, and मिन् a spot.  
 पक्ष्म m. (-सः) A wing. म. पक्ष् as above, क्षि aff.  
 पक्ष्मन् m. (-रः) A sort of tree, commonly Lo'dh. म. पक्ष् a part, इक्ष्म handsome.  
 पक्ष्पात m. (-तः) 1. Refutation, containing. 2. Palsy, hemiplegia. म. पक्ष् and पक्ष्पात a blow.  
 पक्ष्मन् m. (-क्षः) The fifteen and last day of either half month, new or full moon. म. पक्ष् a fortnight, and क्ष्म end.

बाह्य n. (-र) Another side or part, another view of the argument. m. पक्ष, and अन्तर difference.  
 बाह्य m. (-र) 1. A seeming or fallacious argument. 2. A false plaint. m. पक्ष, and आभास semblance.  
 बाह्य m. (-र) A bird. m. पक्ष a wing, बाह्य poss. aff.  
 बाह्य m. (-र) The last day of either half month, new or full moon. m. पक्ष a fortnight, and अन्तर conclusion.  
 चिन् m. (-चिन्) A bird. m. (-चिन्) 1. An arrow. 2. An epithet of Śiva. f. (-चिन्) 1. A night and two days. 2. Day of full moon. 3. A female fiend, also called Pu'tan'a. m. पक्ष a wing, and चिन् poss. aff.  
 चिपानीयशालिका f. (-का) A trough for watering birds, cattle, &c. m. पक्षि a bird, पानीय water, शालिका a hall, and चिन् diminutive aff.  
 चिराज m. (-ज) King of the birds, usually applied to Gadura. m. पक्षि, and राज for राजा a king.  
 चित्त m. (-च) A name of the saint Vatsya'yana. m. पक्ष to take, चित्त aff.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) A young bird. m. पक्षि, and चित्तव a young animal.  
 चित्तव f. (-चा) A nest, an aviary. m. पक्षि a bird, चित्तव a hall or house.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) A name of Gadura, the bird and vehicle of Vishnu. m. पक्षि for पक्षि a bird, चित्तव pre-eminent.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) Gadura. m. पक्षि, and चित्तव lord : see the last.  
 चित्तव mfn. (-चि-चि-चि) Showing partiality, taking a side. m. पक्ष, and चित्तव taking.  
 चित्तव mfn. (-चु-चु-चु) Who or what cooks or matures. m. पक्ष to ripen, चित्तव aff.  
 चित्तव n. (-च) 1. An eye-lash. 2. The filament of a flower. 3. The point of a thread. 4. A wing. m. पक्ष to take, चित्तव aff.  
 चित्तव mfn. (-च-च-च) 1. Produced or occurring in a fortnight. 2. Belonging to a side, &c. m. पक्ष, and चित्तव aff.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) 1. Mud, mire, clay. 2. Sin. m. पक्ष to spread, aff. कर्मणि, चित्तवे वा चित्तव and च changed to क।  
 चित्तव m. (-च) Soft mud, especially such as is left by the retiring of floods, or on the banks of a river, a marsh, a quagmire. m. पक्ष mud, चित्तव the capital of a district.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) A lap-wing. m. पक्ष mud, and चित्तव a parrot.  
 चित्तव mfn. (-च-च-च) Wallowing, sporting in mud. m. (-च) A pig. m. पक्ष mud, and चित्तव who sports.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) A small fish, (Macrogathus Pancalus, Ham.) m. पक्ष mud, and चित्तव another fish. (पंकाल माछ)।  
 चित्तव f. (-चि) The Panka'l fish : see the last. m. पक्ष mud, and चित्तव going.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) The makara, a marine monster. m. पक्ष mud, and चित्तव a shark.  
 चित्तव n. (-च) A lotus. m. पक्ष mud, चित्तव born.  
 चित्तव n. (-च) A lotus. m. पक्ष mud, and चित्तव birth ; also चित्तव, &c.  
 चित्तव f. (-चो) A pool or pond where the lotus grows, or a place abounding with that flower. 2. The flexible stalk of a water-lily. m. पक्ष a lotus, चित्तव and चित्तव affs.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) The residence of the lowest and most impure tribes. m. पक्षि to spread, चित्तव aff.  
 चित्तव f. (-चा) Muddiness, the nature or property of mud. m. चित्तव, added to पक्ष; also with चित्तव, पक्षव.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) One of the divisions of hell. m. पक्ष, and चित्तव smoke.  
 चित्तव f. (-चा) A hell, the hell of mud or mire. m. पक्ष, and चित्तव light.  
 चित्तव mfn. (-च-च-च) Sunk in the mire m. पक्ष, and चित्तव what shares,

चित्तव mfn. (-च-च-च) Muddy, laden with mud. m. पक्ष, and चित्तव, burthened. [चित्तव.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) A brivalve-shell. m. पक्ष mire, चित्तव to ornament, aff. पक्षवृत्त n. (-वृत्त) A lotus. m. पक्ष mud, चित्तव to grow, aff. चित्तव; also with चित्तव aff. पक्षवृत्त n. (-वृत्त)।  
 चित्तव m. (-च) A crab. m. पक्ष, and चित्तव abode.  
 चित्तव f. (-चि) A oogle. m. पक्ष mud, चित्तव an oyster.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) The fibrous root of a lotus. m. पक्ष mud, and चित्तव a sort of root; also written चित्तव, and चित्तव.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) 1. An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria.) 2. A bridge or raised bank, forming a path amidst inundated fields. 3. Stairs, steps. 4. An aquatic plant, (Trapa bispinosa, Rox.) m. पक्ष mud, चित्तव to go, चित्तव aff. [mud, चित्तव aff.  
 चित्तव mfn. (-च-च-च) Muddy, clayey. m. (-च) A boat, a canoe. m. पक्ष पक्षवृत्त n. (-च) A lotus. m. पक्ष in mud, and चित्तव born; also पक्षवृत्त.  
 चित्तव n. (-च) A lotus. m. (-च) The Indian crane. m. पक्ष in mud, and चित्तव what grows; also पक्षवृत्त.  
 चित्तव f. (-चि-चि-चि) 1. A line, a row or range. 2. A sort of metre, a stanza of four lines, each line consisting of ten syllables. 3. The number "ten," (in composition, ut infra.) 4. The earth. 5. Fame, celebrity. 6. Cooking, maturing. 7. Associating with, eating or sitting with, especially with persons of the same caste. 8. A company, a society, an assembly. m. पक्षि to spread, to extended, to make evident, and चित्तव aff. or पक्ष to cook, deriv. irr.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) A name of Ra'vana. m. पक्षि ten, चित्तव a neck, the ten-necked.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) An ospray. m. पक्षि, and चित्तव who goes.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) An improper person to associate with, an outcaste. m. पक्षि, and चित्तव who spoils.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) A respectable or eminent person. m. पक्षि, and चित्तव who purifies.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) Das'arat'ha, the father of Ra'ma. m. पक्षि ten, (sides) and चित्तव a car, whose car goes on all sides.  
 चित्तव mfn. (-च-च-च) Lame, crippled, halt, one who has lost his legs, &c. m. (-च) The planet Saturn. m. पक्ष to engage in business, चित्तव aff. and चित्तव substituted for the radical final. चित्तव-पक्षादेशः चित्तव च।  
 चित्तव m. (-च) A horse of a glassy or silvery white colour.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) One of the signs of the zodiac : see चित्तव.  
 चित्तव f. (-चा) Deformity, mutilation. m. चित्तव added to पक्ष.  
 चित्तव (चु, च) चित्तव r. 1st. cl. (चित्तव) To mature by cooking or ripening, to boil, to dress, to ripen ; (च) चित्तव r. 1st. and 10th. cl. (चित्तव-ते चित्तवति) 1. To make evident or apparent. 2. To represent, to state fully. 3. To spread. m. पक्षि चित्तव उभं सक्तं चित्तव । चित्तवारे चित्तव चित्तव । चित्तवारे चित्तव उभं सक्तं सेट् इदित् ।  
 चित्तव mfn. (-च-च-च) Who or what cooks, matures, &c. m. (-च) Cooking, maturing, &c. m. पक्ष to cook, aff. चित्तव.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) A cook. m. पक्ष to cook, चित्तव aff.  
 चित्तव mfn. (-च-च-च) Cooking, ripening. m. पक्ष to cook, participial aff. चित्तव.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. 3. A name of Indra. m. पक्ष to cook or ripen, Una'di aff. चित्तव.  
 चित्तव mfn. (-च-च-च) or adv. n. (-च) Almost cooked or ripened. m. पक्षि what cooks, and चित्तव aff.; implying incompleteness ; also in a similar sense, चित्तव and चित्तव.  
 चित्तव m. (-च) A tree, (Hibiscus phæniceus.) m. पक्ष here side to mean the sun, and चित्तव to shine, aff. चित्तव.  
 चित्तव mfn. (-च-च-च) What cooks or matures, &c. n. (-च) 1. Cooking, dressing, boiling. 2. Maturing. m. (-च) Fire. m. पक्ष to cook, aff. चित्तव or चित्तव-चित्तव ।

पचमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Cooking, in the act of cooking or ripening. **३.** पच् to cook, &c. and शानच् aff., सुक् augment.

पचमपचा f. (-चा) A species of Carouma, (C. zanthorhizon.) **३.** पच् to cook, reiterated, चच् aff. and सुन् inserted; it is also read पचमपचा. पचं पाचकं पचति पच-ना० खल-सुन्। दाहहरिद्रायाम्।

पचा f. (-चा) Cooking, dressing, maturing. **३.** पच् to dress, affs. चङ् and टाप्.

पचि m. (-चिः) 1. Fire. 2. Cooking, maturing. **३.** पच् to be cooked, (by it,) चन् Una'di aff.

पचिस्मि mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Fit to cook or ripen of itself. m. (-नः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. **३.** पच् to dress or ripen, केषिन् aff. of the reflective form, or Una'di aff. एषिन्च्.

पचिषुक् m. (-कः) A cook **३.** पच्, and एषुक् aff.

पचस् ind. Foot by foot, or stanza by stanza. **३.** पच् for पाद्, and शस् aff. of several orders.

पचमान् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Being in the act of ripening, cooking &c. **३.** पच् to cook, पास, शानच् aff.

पचम m. (-मः) A Su'dra. **३.** पच् for पाद् a foot, and ज born, from the feet of BRAMHA'. पदभ्यां जायते जन-ड।

पचक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Five or relating to five, made of five, bought with five, &c. m. (-कः) Any collection or aggregate of five, a five. n. (-कं) A field of battle. **३.** पच five, and कच् aff.

पचकपास mfn. (-कः-का-कं) A particular ceremony in which ghee is offered in five cups. **३.** पच five, कपास a concave piece of pottery skull-shaped.

पचकर्मन् n. (-र्म) Five actions of the body, viz. vomiting, evacuation by bleeding or by stool, diseased excretion of faeces or purging, and blowing the nose. **३.** पच five, कर्मन् an act.

पचकालस् ind. Five times. **३.** पच, and कालस् aff.

पचकोण m. (-णः) A pentagon. **३.** पच, and कोण an angle.

पचकोल n. (-लः) The aggregate of five spices. viz. Long pepper, its root, Chai or Piper Chavya, Plumbago, and dry ginger. **३.** पच five, and कोल pepper.

पचकोषा m. plu. (-षा) The five sheathes supposed to invest the soul, or the Annamaya kosha, that supported by food, the gross form; the Pra'namaya kosha, the organs of action; the Manomaya Kosha, the organs of perception, with the manas or mind; Vijnā'namaya, the same with the Buddhi or 'intellect; and the Anandamaya, consisting of the elements of identity and divine wisdom. **३.** पच, and कोष a sheath.

पचखट् n. (-ट्-ट्) A collection of five beds. **३.** पच five, and खट् a bed.

पचगव n. (-वः) A collection of five cows. **३.** पच, and गौ a cow.

पचगवधन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Having five cows. **३.** पचगव, and धन wealth.

पचगव्य n. (-व्यः) Five articles derived from the cow; viz. milk, curds, clarified butter, cow's urine, and cow-dung. **३.** पच five, and गव्य from गौ a cow.

पचगुण mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) Five times, five-fold. **३.** पच, and गुण multiply-ing.

पचगुप्त m. (-गुः) 1. A tortoise, a turtle. 2. The atheistical system of the Baud'dhas. **३.** पच five, (members, &c.) गुप्त concealed.

पचगौ mfn. (-गौः-गौः-गौः) Bought with five cows. **३.** पच, and गौ a cow.

पचचामर n. (-रः) A form of metre, in which the line contains sixteen syllables.

पचचौर m. (-चौरः) A Baud'dha saint and legislator; also named Manju-gosha, apparently the teacher of this doctrine in Ne'pal. **३.** पच spreading, चौर rags.

पचचूडा f. (-चू) One of the nymphs of heaven. **३.** पच, and चूडा a top knot.

पचजल m. (-जः) 1. Man is general, a man. 2. The name of a demon, whose bones became the Conch Pa'nchajanya, the shell of

KRISHN'A. f. (-नी) An assemblage of five persons **३.** पच five (elements,) and जन who is born.

पचजनौ m. (-नः) 1. An actor, a mimic, a buffoon. 2. The chief of five men. **३.** पच five, and जन a man, or पचजन man, and जच् aff.

पचज्ञान m. (-ज्ञः) A Bud'dha or Baud'dha sanctified teacher. **३.** पच five (organs,) and ज्ञान knowledge.

पचत् mfn. (-चत्) Five. **३.** पचि to spread, चति aff.

पचतच nf. (-च-चौ) An assemblage of five carpenters. **३.** पच, and तच् a carpenter.

पचतल mn. (-तलः-तलः) 1. The five elements collectively. 2. (In the Tan-tras,) The five essentials of certain rites; or wine meat, fish, sexual intercourse, and mystic gesticulations. **३.** पच, and तल an element.

पचतन्मात्र n. (-त्रः) The five subtle rudiments of the five elements. **३.** पच, and तन्मात्र element.

पचतपस् m. (-तपः) An ascetic, who in the hot weather, sits amongst four fires, and has the sun for the fifth. **३.** पच, and तपस् penance.

पचतय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Having five parts or limbs. 2. Five. **३.** पच five, and तयच् aff.

पचता f. (-ता) 1. Death, dying, (i.e.) the separation of the five elements of whose aggregate the body consists. 2. The nature or condition of five, the aggregate of five or five times. 3. The five elements collectively, earth, air, fire, water, and Aka's. **३.** पच five, and तच् abstract aff.

पचतीर्थी f. (-थी) 1. Any five principal places of pilgrimage, especially Visra'nti, Sankara, Naimisha, Praya'ga and Pushkara. 2. Bathing on the day of the equinox. **३.** पच, and तीर्थ a shrine, affix डीप्।

पचल n. (-लः) 1. Death. 2. The state or being of five. 3. The co-existence of the five elements. 4. An aggregate, &c. of five. **३.** पच five, and लच् aff.; see पचता.

पचयु m. (-युः) 1. Time. 2. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo.

पचदश mfn. (-शः-शी-शः) Fifteen or fifteenth. f. (-शी) The fifteenth day of a half month, full or new moon. **३.** पच five, दशन् ten, aff. डच्.

पचदशन् mfn. plu. (-शः) Fifteen. **३.** पच five, and दशन् ten.

पचदीर्घ m. (-र्घः) Marks on five parts of the body, the arms, eyes, belly, nose, and breast.

पचपा ind. In five ways, five-fold. **३.** पचन् five, and पा aff.

पचन् mfn. plu. (-चन्) Five. **३.** पचि to spread, Una'di aff. कनिन्।

पचनख m. (-खः) 1. An elephant. 2. A tortoise. 3. A tiger. 4. Any animal having five toes or claws. f. (-खी) A lizard. **३.** पच five, नख a nail.

पचनद m. (-दः) The Panja'b, or country of five rivers, viz. the Sata-dru', Vipasa', Ira'vati, Chandrabha'ga' and Vitastha'. **३.** पच, नदी a river, चच् aff.

पचनिम्ब n. (-न्बः) Five parts of the Nimba tree :—the flowers, fruit, leaves, bark, and root. **३.** पच five, and निम्ब the Nimba tree, (Melia azadiracta).

पचनी f. (-नी) A chequered cloth for playing at draughts, chess, &c. **३.** पच five, नी to get, aff. छिप्.

पचनीराजन n. (-नः) Waving four things before an idol; a lamp, a lotus, cloth, a mango or betel leaf, and then falling prostrate. **३.** पच, and नीराजन presentation.

पचपचनख m. (-खः) Five kinds of animals allowed to be killed and eaten, the hare, porcupine, alligator, rhinoceros, and tortoise. **३.** पच, and पचनख a five-toed animal.

पचपल्लव n. (-वः) The aggregate of five sprouts; viz. of the spondias, rose-apple, Be'l or marmelos, citron, and wood apple. **३.** पच five, and पल्लव a new shoot.

पचपर्णी f. (-र्णी) A small shrub.

पचपात्र n. (-त्रः) 1. Five plates collectively. 2. A Sra'ddha in which



offerings are made in five vessels. **पञ्च** five, and **पात्र** a vessel.  
**पञ्चमायुः** m. plu. (-वाः) The five airs supposed to be in the body, and necessary to life. viz :—वायुः, अपान, व्यान, उदान, सनातन । **पञ्च**, and वायु vital air.  
**पञ्चमहाद** m. (-दः) A temple with four pinnacles and a steeple. **पञ्च**, and महाद a palace.  
**पञ्चमथ** m. (-थः) A fine equal to the fifth part of any thing lost or stolen. **पञ्च** five, and मथ binding.  
**पञ्चमह** mfn. (-हः) A horse with five auspicious marks ; or spotted on the chest, back, face, and flanks. **पञ्च** five, and मह fortunate.  
**पञ्चभूत** mn. (-तः) The five elements ; earth, air, fire, water, A'ka's. **पञ्च**, and भूत an element.  
**पञ्चभूतानाम्** m. (-नाम्) Man as formed of the five elements. **पञ्चभूत**, and नाम one with.  
**पञ्चम** mfn. (-मः) 1. Fifth. 2. Beautiful, pleasing. 3. Dexterous, clever. **पञ्च** five, and म beautiful. 4. The fifth note of the Hindu musical scale. It is called Panchama, from being said to be formed by air drawn from five places ; the navel, the breast, the heart, the throat, and forehead. 2. One of the Ra'gas or modes of music. **पञ्च** five, and म beautiful. 5. A name of DRAUPADI, the wife of the five Pa'ndus. 2. A chequered cloth for playing at draughts, &c. a chess board. 3. The fifth day of a half month. 4. The ablative case, (in gram.) **पञ्च** five, and म beautiful. 5. The fifth. 2. Sexual intercourse. **पञ्च** five, and म beautiful. 6. with म augment ; or पञ्चमदीन् विनीतिं वधाति प्रेम्णा । मी-वन्ते ।  
**पञ्चमकार** n. (-रः) The five essentials of the left hand Tantra ritual ; "Madya" wine, "Man'sa" flesh, "Matsya" fish, "Maithuna" copulation, "Mudra" gesticulation. **पञ्च**, and मकार the letter म ; all beginning with that letter.  
**पञ्चमवत्** mfn. (-वत्) Having the fifth of any thing. **पञ्चम**, and वत् aff.  
**पञ्चमहापातक** n. (-कः) The five great sins. They are thus described in Va'chaspathya. viz :—  
 ब्रह्महत्या सुरापानं सेव्यं गुर्वङ्गनाशनः ।  
 महावि पातकानामाहुः सैवैषाणि तैः सप्त ॥  
**पञ्चमहायज्ञ** m. plu. (-याः) The five great sacraments of the Hindus, or the worship of spirits, progenitors, gods, Ve'das, and mankind, by offerings of perfumes and flowers, obsequial rites, oblations with fire, the study of the Ve'das, and hospitality. **पञ्च** five, महा great, and यज्ञ sacrifice.  
**पञ्चमार** m. (-रः) The son of BALADEVA. **पञ्च** five, and मार son.  
**पञ्चमसिक** mfn. (-कः) Of five Ma'shas, relating to, worth, amounting to five Ma'shas. **पञ्च**, मास a measure of silver, क् aff.  
**पञ्चमास** m. (-सः) The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. **पञ्चम**, the musical note, and मास mouth.  
**पञ्चमिन्** mfn. (-मिन्) Being in the fifth year of one's age. **पञ्चम**, and मिन् aff. [face].  
**पञ्चमुखा** m. (-खः) 1. A name of Si'va. 2. A lion. **पञ्च** five, and मुख mouth.  
**पञ्चमुद्रा** f. (-द्रा) Five gestures to be made in the usual presentation of offerings to an idol. **पञ्च**, and मुद्रा gesture.  
**पञ्चमूत्र** n. (-त्रः) The urine of the cow, goat, sheep, buffalo, and ass. **पञ्च**, and मूत्र urine.  
**पञ्चमूल** n. (-मूलः) The assemblage of five roots, viz :—The Bel, Premna longifolia, Cassia, Gmelian arborea, and the Trumpet flower. **पञ्च** five, and मूल root. A similar aggregate of five roots, considered as the similar one, viz :—Hedysarum gangeticum, H. logopodioides, Solanum melongena, S. Jacuini, and Tribulus lanuginosus. **पञ्च** five, मूल a root; the fem. aff. has a diminutive import.  
**पञ्चमय** m. plu. (-याः) The five rites of a house-keeper : see पञ्चमहायज्ञ । **पञ्च**, and मय a sacrifice.

**पञ्चरत्न** n. (-रत्नः) A collection of five precious objects ; viz :—Gold, a diamond, a pearl, a ruby, an amethyst. **पञ्च** and रत्न a gem. For particulars see Va'chaspathya.  
**पञ्चरस** f. (-रसः) Emblic myrobalan. **पञ्च** five, रस flavour, taste. (वाल्मीकी)  
**पञ्चरत्न** n. (-रत्नः) A Pura'na or mythological poem. **पञ्च** five, and रत्न a mark ; Pura'na should comprehend five topics ; the creation of worlds, their destruction and renovation, the genealogy of gods and heroes, the reigns of the MANUS, and the actions of their descendants.  
**पञ्चरस** n. (-रसः) Five kinds of salt. **पञ्च**, and रस salt. viz :—  
 चाचकं सेव्यं चैव सातुर्न विहृतिर्यत् ।  
 सीर्यं च तथा पञ्चरसं परिकीर्तितम् ॥  
**पञ्चरात्र** n. (-त्रः) Gift of land to the extent requiring five ploughs. **पञ्च**, रात्र a plough, क् aff.  
**पञ्चवीर्य** n. (-वीर्यः) A metallic alloy containing five metals ; copper, brass, tin, lead, and iron. **पञ्च** five, and वीर्य iron.  
**पञ्चवक्त्र** m. (-वक्त्रः) 1. Siva. 2. A lion. **पञ्च** five, and वक्त्र a face.  
**पञ्चवट** m. (-टः) The Bra'hminical thread as worn across the breast ; also पञ्चावट. f. (-टी) 1. Five fig-trees, viz :—the Indian and the holy fig, the Bel, Grisea tomentosa, Rox. (पात्री) and Asoka, placed or planted in several quarters ; viz. east, west, north, south and south-east. 2. Part of the great southern or Dandaka forest where the Goda'vari rises. **पञ्च**, and वट the Indian fig.  
**पञ्चवर्ग** m. (-वर्गः) A class of five persons or things. **पञ्च**, and वर्ग a class.  
**पञ्चवल्कल** n. (-वल्कलः) A collection of the bark of five trees, the Indian and the holy fig, the opposite-leaved fig, the wavy-leaved fig, and a sort of reed ; other trees are sometimes taken. **पञ्च** five, and वल्कल a bark.  
**पञ्चबाण** m. (-बाणः) KA'MADEVA, The Indian Cupid. **पञ्च** five, and बाण an arrow ; being armed with five arrows.  
**पञ्चबर** m. (-रः) KA'MADEVA. **पञ्च** five, and बर an arrow : see the last.  
**पञ्चबाहु** m. (-बाहुः) 1. The hand. 2. An elephant. **पञ्च** five, बाहु a branch, the five-fingered.  
**पञ्चबिम्ब** m. (-बिम्बः) 1. A lion. 2. The name of a Muni, the son of DHARMA by HIRSA'. **पञ्च** spreading, बिम्ब a crest or mane.  
**पञ्चवैरीश** n. (-वैरीशः) The bark of five trees. **पञ्च**, and वैरीश Mimosa sirisha, क् aff. विरीशश्च पुष्पमूलकपञ्चवैरीशम् ।  
**पञ्चषट्** mfn. plu. (-षट्) Five or six. **पञ्च**, and षट् six, with क् aff.  
**पञ्चसुगन्ध** n. (-गन्धः) The aggregate of five aromatic vegetable substances ; cloves, nutmeg, camphor, aloe wood, and Kakkola. **पञ्च** five, सुगन्ध fragrance, क् added.  
**पञ्चदशा** m. plu. (-दशाः) The five things in a house by which animal life may be accidentally destroyed ; viz :—the fire place, the slab on which condiments are ground, the broom, the pestle and mortar, and the waterpot. **पञ्च** five, and दशा place of slaughter.  
**पञ्चवि** n. (-विः) 1. A collection of five fires, amidst which a devotee performs penance during the summer season ; or four fires lighted severally to the north, south, east and west, and the sun over head. 2. Five mystic fires, supposed to be present in the body. **पञ्च**, and वि fire.  
**पञ्चवर्ग** m. (-वर्गः) 1. A householder who maintains five fires, or the domestic one, and one for warming visitors in addition to the other three. 2. One who is acquainted with the doctrine of the five mystic fires. viz :—चत्वारिंश, पञ्च, मातृपञ्च, चातुर्वर्ग, सप्त and चातुर्वर्ग. **पञ्च** five, and वर्ग fire.  
**पञ्चपद** mfn. (-पदः) Having five limbs or members, five parts or subdivisions, consisting of five things, &c. **पञ्च** five, and पद a part or subdivision. 2. Five modes of devotion ; viz :—silent prayer, burnt offering, libations, bathing idols,

and feeding Bra'hmans. 3. An almanack describing solar days, lunar days, and the periods of asterisms, Yogas and Kāṇasas. m. (-ः) 1. A tortoise. 2. A species of horse with five spots on his body : see पञ्चमङ्ग. 3. Reverence by extending the hands, bending the knees and head, and in speech and look. ३. पञ्च five, अङ्ग body. पञ्चाङ्गम m. (-ः) A tortoise. ३. पञ्च five, अङ्ग limb, and गुह्य hidden ; covering his head and legs beneath his shell. पञ्चाङ्गुल mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Measuring five fingers. m. (-लः) The castor-oil plant. ३. पञ्च five, अङ्गुलि a finger, aff. अङ्गुलः the leaves having five lobes compared to fingers. पञ्चाङ्गुलि mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Having five fingers, or finger-like divisions. ३. पञ्च five, अङ्गुलि a finger. [sun. ३. पञ्च, and आतप heat. पञ्चातप f. (-पः) Doing penance with five fires, or four fires and the पञ्चातप mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Very passionate. m. (-तः) 1. A name of Śi'va. 2. (With the mouth wide open) A lion. 3. A title used at the end of the names of learned men to express veneration or high scholarship. ३. पञ्च five or spreading, आतप a face. पञ्चावत n. (-तः) 1. A mixture of milk, curds, sugar, ghee, and honey. 2. The aggregate of any five drugs of supposed efficacy. ३. पञ्च, and अमृत ambrosia. पञ्चावाय m. plu. (-यः) Five Śa'stras supposed to have proceeded from the five mouths of Śi'va, constituting the basis of the Tantra ritual. ३. पञ्च, and आवाय a scripture. पञ्चाङ्ग n. (-ङ्गः) The aggregate of five acid plants; the jujube, prome-granate, sorrel, spondias, and citron. ३. पञ्च five, and अङ्ग sour. पञ्चाङ्गी f. (-ङ्गी) A chequered cloth for playing draughts upon: see पञ्चाङ्गी. पञ्चाङ्गि m. (-ङ्गिः) The planet Mercury. ३. पञ्च five, अङ्गि a ray. पञ्चाल m. (-लः) 1. A country in the north of India. 2. It may either be applied to its people or their king. f. (-लः) 1. A chequered cloth for playing at draughts, &c. 2. A doll, a puppet. 3. A style of singing. ३. पञ्च to spread, Una'di aff. काञ्चन; also with कञ् added पञ्चाङ्गिका. पञ्चावत m. (-तः) The sacrificial cord, as worn crossed upon the breast, the ends hanging over the shoulders. ३. पञ्च spreading, वट् to surround, aff. अङ्ग, आङ्ग prefixed to the root; also पञ्चवट्। पञ्चावस्य m. (-स्यः) A corpse. ३. पञ्च five, (elements,) अवस्था state or condition. पञ्चावत् f. (-वत्) Fifty. ३. पञ्च, with वत् aff. and आ augment. [face. पञ्चावत् mfn. (-स्यः-स्यः) 1. A lion. 2. Śi'va, ३. पञ्च spreading, and आवत् a पञ्चेन्द्रिय n. (-यः) 1. The five organs of sense; the eye, ear, nose, tongue, and skin; or those of action, as hands, feet, windpipe, anus, and parts of generation. ३. पञ्च five, and इन्द्रिय an organ of sense. पञ्चवत् m. (-वत्) A name of Kā'madeva, the Hindu Cupid. ३. पञ्च five, वत् an arrow. [the body. ३. पञ्च, and अवत् heat. पञ्चावत् m. plu. (-वावः) The five digestive fires supposed to be in पञ्चावत् m. (-वत्) A skeleton. n. (-वत्) 1. A cage, an aviary, a dove-cot. 2. The ribs. m. (-वत्) 1. The body. 2. The Kali age. ३. पञ्च for पञ्चि to dwell, &c. Una'di aff. अङ्ग; also पञ्चवत्. पञ्चराष्ट्रेट m. (-टः) A sort of basket or wicker trap in which fish are caught. ३. पञ्चर a cage, आष्ट्रेट hunting. "पौलो" इति भाषा। पञ्चि(ङ्गी) f. (-ङ्गी) 1. The ball or whisp of cotton from which thread is spun. 2. A journal, a register. 3. An almanack. ३. पञ्चि for पञ्चि to touch, &c. aff. इन् and ऊङ् optionally added; also पञ्चि. पञ्चिका f. (-का) 1. The ball or skein of cotton, from which thread is spun: see the last. 2. A perpetual commentary. 3. A calendar, an almanack. 4. A journal, a register. 5. The register or journal of Yama, the record of human actions. ३. आर्षे-क added to पञ्चि; also पञ्चिका. पञ्चिकाकारक m. (-कः) 1. A writer, a man of the Kayest'ha tribe. 2. An almanack-maker. ३. पञ्चिका a journal, &c. and कारक who makes.

पञ्चोत्तर m. (-रः) 1. The Kayest'ha or scribe. 2. An almanack-maker. ३. पञ्चो a journal, &c. कर who makes. पट r. 1st cl. (पटति) To go, to move. r. 10th cl. (पटयति-ने) 1. To string. 2. To surround or encompass. 3. To share, to portion, to distribute. (पाटयति-ने) 1. To speak. 2. To shine. With अङ्ग prefixed, To pluck up, to eradicate, to destroy utterly. With वि, To fly, to run away. गती भा० पर० सक० सेट्। दीप्तो० कृ० उभ० अक० सेट्। वेष्टने, अद० कृ० उभ० सक० सेट्। पट mn. (-टः-टः) 1. Fine cloth. 2. Coloured cloth. 3. A leaf or sheet of cloth, &c. on which any figures may be painted. 4. A veil or screen. 5. A tablet for writing or painting. m. (-टः) 1. A kind of tree : see पियाल. 2. Any thing well made or polished. f. (-टी) 1. A particular sort of cloth, coarse thick cloth, canvas. 2. A screen of cloth surrounding a tent, an outer tent. 3. A coloured or chintz garment. n. (-टः) A thatch, a roof. ३. पट to surround, aff. अङ्ग fem. aff. ऊङ्; see पटि. पटक m. (-कः) A camp, an encampment. ३. पट to surround, वृत् aff. पटकार m. (-रः) 1. A weaver. 2. A painter. ३. पट cloth, and कार maker. पटकुटी f. (-टीः) A tent. ३. पट cloth, कुटी a house. पटवर n. (-रः) Old cloth. m. (-रः) A thief. ३. पटम् imitative sound, and अङ्ग going. पटविष वेष्टित इव अरति अर-अङ्ग। पटमच्छप m. (-पः) A tent. ३. पट cloth, and मच्छप a house. पटनव mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) Made of cloth. n. (-वः) 1. A tent, a canvas house. 2. A petticoat. ३. पट cloth, नवट् aff. पटल mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) A heap, a number, a quantity or multitude. nf. (-लः-लः) 1. A chapter of a book. 2. A tree. 3. A stalk. mf. (-लः-लः) A roof, a thatch. n. (-लः) 1. A cover, a coating, an enclosing or surrounding skin or membrane. 2. A place, a spot, a circle or district. 3. A mark on the forehead with Sandal wood. 4. A basket. 5. Train, retinue. 6. A coat or film over the eyes. ३. पट् to go, कलच् aff. पटलप्राग m. (-गः) The edge of a thatch. ३. पटल a thatch, and प्राग end. पटवाप m. (-पः) A tent. ३. पट cloth, and वाप what is woven. पटवास m. (-सः) 1. A tent. 2. A petticoat. 3. Perfumed powder. ३. पट cloth, वास abode, or वस् to perfume, aff. अङ्ग. पटवासक m. (-कः) Perfumed powder. ३. कञ् added to the last. पटवेष्टन n. (-ष्टनः) A tent. ३. पट, and वेष्टन a house. पटव mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) A kettle-drum. m. (-वः) 1. A war-drum, or one used in battle. 2. Injury, killing, slaughter. 4. Tumult. ३. पट imitative sound, अङ्ग to quit or make, aff. उ। पटाक m. (-कः) A kind of bird. f. (-का) A flag, a banner. ३. पट to go, आक Una'di aff. पटालुका f. (-का) A leech. ३. पट् to go, आलुक् aff., कञ् added. पटि(टी) f. (-टिः or -टी) 1. A kind of cloth. 2. An aquatic plant : see कुम्भिका. 3. The curtain of a stage. 4. A screen of a cloth surrounding a tent. ३. पट् to surround, &c. aff. इन् or ऊङ्। see पट and पटी. पटिका f. (-का) Cloth. ३. वृत् added to पटी. पटिष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठः-ष्ठः-ष्ठः) Very clever. ३. पट् and irr. superlative. पटीयत् mfn. (-यत्-यत्-यत्) Very clever or able. ३. पट् clever, ईरवत् aff. of the superlative. पटीर n. (-रः) 1. Sandal-wood. 2. A field. 3. Bamboo manna. 4. A radish. 5. The belly. 6. A sieve. 7. Height. 8. Khayar. 9. Rheumatism. m. (-रः) 1. KANDARPA. 2. A cloud. ३. पट् to go, Una'di aff. ईरवत्. पट् mfn. (-टः-टः-टः) 1. Clever, dexterous, skilful. 2. Diligent. 3. Smart, sharp. 4. Hale, healthy. 5. Warm, hot. 6. Blown, expanded. 7. Cruel, ferocious, unmerciful, unfeeling. 8. Harsh, contumelious, (speech, &c.) 9. Fraudulent, crafty, a rogue or cheat. 10. Loquacious, talkative. m. (-टः) 1. A small kind of

cucumber. (*Trichosanthes dioeca*.) 2. The leaf of the *Trichosanthes*. n. (-ट्) 1. Salt. 2. A mushroom. ३. पट् r. 10th cl. to speak, &c. Una'di aff. उ, and the radical vowel shortened, or पट-उन् ।

पट्क m. (-कः) A sort of gourd. ३. कन् added to the preceding.

पट्कन् mfn. (-कः-क्य-क्य) Not so clever, a little less able, &c. ३. पट्, clever, and कन् aff. of incompleteness; also in a similar sense पट्क्य, and पट्क्यीय ।

पट्कतीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Of a clever sort, &c. ३. पट् as above, and कतीय aff. of kind.

पट्क n. (-कः) 1. Cleverness. 2. Eloquence. ३. क् added to पट्; also with तल्, पट्कता ।

पट्करी f. (-री) A medicinal sort of moon plant. ३. पट्, a sort of gourd, and पद्म a leaf, fem. aff. ऊँच्; also पट्पत्रक n. (-कः) and पट्पत्रिका f. (-का.)

पट्कप mfn. (-यः-पा-प) Very clever. ३. पट्, and रूप here implying much.

पट्कज m. (-जः) A tent. ३. पट् and जट्क a house.

पट्क m. (-कः) A kind of cucumber, commonly Parwar, (*Trichosanthes dioeca*.) n. (-कः) A sort of cloth, a kind of chintz. f. (-की) A small cucumber, either the same as above, (*Trichosanthes dioeca*.) or another kind, (*Luffa acutangula*.) ३. पट् to go, in the causal form, aff. चीलच्; removing malady.

पट्क m. (-कः) An oyster. ३. पट्क as above, and कन् aff. of resemblance; compared to the shape of the *Trichosanthes*.

पट्किका f. (-का) A small cucumber, (*Trichosanthes dioeca*.) it is also applied to *Luffa acutangula*.; ३. कन् with the fem. form added to पट्कौ.

पट् m. (-ट्) 1. Cloth. 2. Coloured cloth, wove silk. 4. A turban, &c. or cloth for that purpose. 5. A coloured silk turban. 6. A fillet bound round the head. 7. A bandage, a ligature, a cloth bound round a sore, &c. 8. An upper or outer garment. 9. A plant, commonly called Pa't, (*Corchorus*.) from the fibres of the bark of which, (called jute) a coarse sack-cloth and cordage are prepared. 10. A stone for grinding with a mullar. 11. A plate of metal for inscription or engraving. 12. A royal grant or order written on copper, stone, &c. 13. A shield. 14. A place where four roads meet. 15. A chair, a stool, n. (-ट्) A city, a town, a village, the Petta'h probably of the south. f. (हा) I. An ornament of the forehead. 2. Red Lo'dh. 3. A horse's girth. ३. पट् to surround, क् aff. and त changed to ट्.

पट्क m. (-कः) Cloth, a bandage, &c. ३. कन् added to the preceding.

पट्क n. (-जः) A sort of cloth, probably a kind of canvas or sack-cloth. ३. पट् as above, and ज produced; made from jute. कौशेयवस्त्रे च ।

पट्कौ f. (-कौ) A principal queen. ३. पट् a fillet or tiara, देवी a queen.

पट्कन n. (-नः) A city: ३. पट्(त)नि जना यत्र पट-पत, वा तनन् नेट् ।

पट्कन n. (-नः) Crowing, binding the head with a fillet or tiara. ३. पट्, and कन binding.

पट्कौ f. (-कौ) A principal queen. ३. पट् a fillet or tiara, and मट्कौ a queen. (पाटराणी) ।

पट्क n. (-कः) A plant used in dying, (*Cassia sappan*.) ३. पट् cloth, and रङ्ग to dye, aff. करणे चल् (वक्तम्) ।

पट्कन n. (-नः) Sappen wood. ३. पट् cloth, and रङ्गन colouring: with कन् added, पट्कनक.

पट्कन n. (-कः) A sort of potherb, commonly called Na'lita, (*Corchorus capsularis*.) ३. पट् *Corchorus*, and क्क a potherb; the leaves resembling to those of the Pa't. नालिता, वा पाटकाङ् ।

पट्कौ f. (-कौ) A principal queen. ३. पट्, and चारीय what mounts.

पट्का f. (-का) Lo'dh. ३. पट् the same, कन् added; again with चाङ्का a name; it is read also पट्काङ्क, mfn. (-क्यः-क्य) ।

पट्क m. (-ट्) Red Lo'dh; also पट्.

पट्क m. (-कः) A plant, (*Cassia sappan*.) ३. पट् + चाङ्क-रङ्क ।

पट्कौ f. (-कौ) A sort of tree, the bark of which is used as an astringent; the red species of the Lo'dh, (*Symplocos racemosa*, Rox.) ३. पट् the same plant, लोड् the Lo'dh; also with कन् added पट्कौक.

पट्क(स) m. (-सः-or-सः) A sort of weapon, a kind of axe. ३. पट् to go, aff. टिष् or टिस्; whence it is also read पट्सि.

पट्किका f. (-का) 1. A title deed, a Pa'tta', a lease, &c. 2. A written legal opinion. ३. पट् a royal mandate, &c. चीलच् aff., कन् in the fem. form added.

पट् r. 1st. cl. (पटति) To speak articulately, to declaim, to recite or read. भा० पर० सक० सेट् ।

पटन् mfn. (-ठन्-ठनौ-ठन्) Reading, reciting. ३. पट् to read, गृह part. aff.

पटन n. (-नः) Reading, reciting. ३. पट् to read, कृट् aff.

पटनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Readable, to be read. ३. पट् to read, चनीयर् aff.

पटनचरी f. (-री) A Ra'gini, one of the wives of ŚRĪ RA'GA.

पटि f. (-टिः-टी) Reading, perusal. ३. पट् to read, aff. रन्, ऊँच् optionally added.

पटित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Read, studied. 2. Recited, repeated. ३. पट् to read, क् aff.

पटित्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be read, what may or ought to be read. ३. पट् to read, तय्य aff.

पटिठ mfn. (-ता-टी-ठ) Reading, reciting, a reader. ३. पट् to read, ठच् aff.

पट्यमान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Being read or recited. ३. पट् to read, poss. v. गानच् aff.

पट् (ख) पटि r. 1st. cl. (पटते) To go, to move. r. 1st. and 10th. cls. (पटति पटयति-ते) 1. To destroy, to annihilate. 2. To heap together, to accumulate. गती भा० चा० सक० सेट्-इदिन् । रात्रीकरणे च० उभ० सक० सेट् ।

पट् r. 1st. cl. (पटते) also 10th. cl. (पटयति) 1. To negotiate, to treat or transact business. 2. To bet or stake at play. (पटयति) To praise. व्यवहारे सुतीच भा० चा० सक० सेट् ।

पट् m. (-कः) 1. Measure of account, in cowries or shells, twenty gandas or eighty cowries; also a weight of copper of similar value. 2. Wages or hire. 3. A stake at play, a bet, a wager. 4. Gaming, playing. 5. Playing with dice. 6. Price. 7. Wealth, property. 8. A commodity for sale. 9. Business. 10. A distiller. 11. A house, a dwelling. 12. A stipulation, a treaty. 13. A vendor. 14. A shop. ३. पट् to do business, aff. चप् । [knot.]

पट्ययि m. (-यिः) A fair, a market. ३. पट् a commodity, ययि a

पट्या f. (-ता) 1. The state or condition of a pledge or stake. 2. Price, value. ३. तल् added to पट्; also with तल्, पट्यात् । [aff. भावे कृट्.]

पट्यन n. (-नः) 1. Sale, selling. 2. Betting. ३. पट् to do business, पट्यन् mfn. (-यः-या) A sort of musical instrument; a small drum or tabor. ३. पट् business or price, वा to sound, aff. क्; it is also read पट्यव.

पट्यम m. (-मः) A commodity, an article of sale or traffic. ३. पट् to do business, Una'di aff. कर्मणि-चमच् ।

पट्याहना f. (-ना) A prostitute, a whore. ३. पट् price, चहना a woman.

पट्याया f. (-या) Business, affair, transaction, buying and selling, &c. 2. Profits or receipts of trade. 3. A market place. 4. Gambling. 5. Praise. ३. पट् to negotiate, in the causal form, चच् and टाप् affs.; or पट्, and चाय income, it also occurs mas. (-यः).

पट्यायित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Praised. 2. Transacted. ३. पट् to praise, aff. साधे-चाय-ङ्.

पट्याय n. (-यः) Agreement, engagement, contract. ३. पट् price, चयन् delivering.

पचासि n. (-सि) The small shell used as coin, a Cowrie. E. पच business, and चसि a bone; also with कन् added पचासिक.

पचित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Praised. 2. Transacted as business. E. पच to praise, aff. त; also पचायित.

पचितव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) 1. Vendible, fit or intended for sale. 2. To be transacted, negotiable. 3. To be praised. E. पच to deal, aff. तव्य.

पच mn. (-चः-चं) 1. A catamite. 2. An eunuch. f. (-चा) 1. Wisdom, understanding. 2. Science, learning. E. पचि to go, aff. चच् or पच् to deal, Una'di aff. च, ज्ञज्ञ वैज्ञज्ञ; also with कन् added पचक.

पचापूर्व n. (-र्व) Non-occurrence of the results of fate or destiny. E. पच, and चपूर्व unprecedented.

पछित m. (-तः) 1. A scholar, a teacher, a Pandit, a learned Bra'hman, or one read in sacred science, and teaching it to his disciples. 2. Incense. 3. Clever. 4. Proficient. E. पच्छा learning, तार० इतच् aff.

पछितमन्य m. (-न्यः) An ignorant and vain person, a pedant, one who thinks himself a Pandit or scholar. E. पछित learned, मन् to think, छच् aff.; also with चिनि aff. पछितमानिन्.

पछितमानिन् m. (-नी) An arrogant and ignorant man : E. see the last.

पछितायमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Become wise from a state of ignorance. E. पछित used as a verb, ज्ञानच् aff.

पच mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. To be sold, salable, vendible. 2. To be praised, 3. To be transacted as business. n. (-चं) 1. A ware. 2. Price. 3. Traffic. f. (-चा) Heart pea : see पिच्छा. E. पच to deal, चर्चिचयत् aff. [fruitfulness.]

पचप्रफल n. (-लः) Prosperity in trade, profit. E. पच, and प्रफल

पचमूल्य n. (-यः) The price of a commodity. E. पच, and मूल्य price.

पचदीपी f. (-पी) 1. A stall, &c. 2. A market : see the last.

पचदीपिका f. (-का) 1. A stall, a shop, a place of sale. 2. A market. E. पच vendible, and दीपी a shop, &c. कन् added.

पचहाला f. (-हा) 1. A market, 2. A shop, a ware-room. E. पच vendible, and हाहा a hall.

पचल्ली f. (-ली) A whore. E. पच vendible, and ली a woman.

पचल्लना f. (-ना) A prostitute; a whore. E. पच to be sold, चल्लना a woman; also पचल्लना.

पचजीव m. (-नः) A trader. n. (-वं) A market, a fair, E. पच a vendible, and जीव a livelihood. [जीवकं.]

पचजीवक n. (-कः) A market. E. कन् added to the last; also पच.

पचार्ह mfn. (-र्हः-र्हा-र्हं) Salable, vendible. E. पच, and चर्ह fit for.

पत (पु) पतन् r. 1st. cl. (पति) r. 10th cl. (पतयति-ते or पतयति-ते) 1. To go, to move, but especially downwards, as, to fall, to descend, to alight. 2. To possess supreme or superhuman power. r. 4th cl. (पत्यते) To be rich or powerful. With चति prefixed. To excel or surpass. With चमि or चम, To descend. With चाङ्, To arrive, to come. With उत्, To ascend. With नि 1. To gain or get. 2. To happen. With निर, To abscond. With परि, 1. To go fast. 2. To be valuable. With प्र and नि, To fall [prostrate, to salute, to worship. With वि and निर, To turn, to turn back. With सम्, 1. To go with. 2. To gain. With चाङ्, To purify or cleanse. With सम् and उत्, To fly. With सम् and नि, To go forth or out. गती चद० पु० उभ० सक० ऐच्छ० चक सेट्. ऐच्छ० हि० वा० चक० सेट्. गती भा० पर० सक० ऐच्छ० चक० ज्ञवा० सेट्.

पत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Cherished, protected. m. (-तः) 1. Going, 2. Falling, alighting. 3. Flying, flight. E. पत् to go, चच् aff. or a various reading of पत.

पतक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Who or what falls, descends, &c. m. (-कः) An astronomical table. E. पत् to fall, to go, पुत् aff.

पतन m. (-नः) A bird. E. पत् to go, Una'di aff. चगच्.

पतङ् mf. (-ङ्-ङी) 1. A grasshopper. 2. A bird. 3. A sort of rice. 4. The sun. n. (-ङ्) 1. Quicksilver. 2. A kind of Sandal. E. पत् falling, गन् to proceed, aff.; छच्; or पत् to fall, चङ्च् Una'di aff. also पतङ्ग.

पतङ्ग mf. (-ङ्-ङी) 1. A bird. 2. A grasshopper. E. पत, and गन् goes; see the last. पतङ् उत्पद्यन् सन् गच्छति गन्-छच्.

पतङ्गिका f. (-का) 1. A sort of bee. 2. A small bird. E. कन् implying resemblance, with the fem. form added to पतङ्ग.

पतङ्गिका f. (-का) A bow-string.

पतङ्ग(च)ि m. (-चिः) 1. The name of a saint or Muni and teacher of Yoga philosophy, thence called after him PA'TANJALA; also the author of Maha'bha'shya or commentary on PA'NINI. 2. A name of the poet VARARUCHI. E. पत् falling, चङ्चि the hands joined as mark of respect; having fallen from heaven, it is said, in the shape of small snake, into the hands of the saint PA'NINI as he was performing this act of reverence.

पतन् mfn. (तन्-तनी-तत्) Falling, coming down, alighting. &c. m. (-तः) A bird. E. पत् to go, to alight, participial aff. चङ् or चति

पतन n. (-चं) 1. A wing. 2. A vehicle. E. पत् to go, चङ्च् चरचे। Una'di.

पतमि m. (-मिः) A bird. E. पत् to go, चङ्च् Una'di aff.

पतमिन् m. (-मी) 1. A bird. 2. An arrow. 3. A horse. E. पतम a wing, र poss. aff.

पतमिराज m. (-जः) VISHNÚ's bird, "Gadura." E. पतमिन्, and राज king.

पतङ्ग m. (-चः) 1. A spitting pot. 2. The reserve of an army. E. प what falls, and चङ् what takes. (पिङ्गली)।

पतङ्गी m. (-गी) A hawk, a falcon. E. पतन् a bird, and गीङ् fearful.

पतन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Who or what goes, falls, descending. &c. (-नं) 1. Falling. 2. Alighting, descending. 3. Falling from dignified virtue, &c. 4. Sin. 5. Going. 6. Subtraction. 7. The latitude of a planet. E. पत् to fall, पुत् or भावे-पुट् aff.

पतन m. (-नः) 1. The moon. 2. A bird. 3. A grasshopper. E. पत् go, चङ्च् Una'di aff.

पतयाम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Falling, liable or accustomed to fall. E. to go, &c. in the causal form, चाङ्च् aff. तत्पञ्चदशेन च वि जीपः।

पतम mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) 1. A bird. 2. The moon. 3. A caterpillar. E. to go, Una'di aff. चङ्च्.

पताका f. (-का) 1. A flag or banner. 2. A flagstaff. 3. An emblem carried as an ensign or banner, a symbol, a sign. 4. A mark. An episode, or episodical incident in a drama. 6. Good fortune auspiciousness. E. पत् to go, चङ्च् Una'di aff. पतने चायते दीपी च पत-चि-चाङ्.

पताकिन् m. (-की) 1. An ensign, a standard bearer. 2. A scheme casting a nativity. f. (-नी) An army. E. पताका a flag, and इति a

पतापत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Who or what goes, &c. much or frequently. E. पत् to go, चङ्च् aff. repeated, and चाङ् augment.

पति m. (-तिः) 1. A master, an owner. 2. A husband. 3. A ruler. 4. Ruler. 5. Going, motion. E. पा to nourish, Una'di aff. उति पत् to go, with the same aff.

पतिनी f. (-नी) 1. The murderess of her husband. 2. A line on hand, indicating that a woman will be faithless or treacherous to her husband, E. पति and ह who kills, fem. aff. जीप्.

पतिनीचक n. (-चः) Sign of a murderess of a husband. E. पतिनी, चक a mark.

पतित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Fallen, alighted. 2. Fallen from virtuous, wicked, abandoned. 3. Fallen in war, defeated, overthrown. 4. Degraded, outcaste. 5. Gone. E. पत् to go, aff. कर्त्तरि क्.

पतितसावित्रीक m. (-कः) A man of the first three classes, whose invective has not been duly performed. E. पतित, and सावित्री the ritual verse, कन् added.

पतितेक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Looked at by an outcaste. E. पतिव, ईक्षित seen.

पतितीत्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Born of an outcaste. E. पतिव, and born.

पतिल n. (-लः) The conjugal state. E. पति, and ल aff.

पतित ind. Having fallen or fallen down, having alighted, &c. **पत्** to fall, **ता** aff.

पतिमा f. (-मा) A faithful wife. **पति**, and **मा** life.

पतिवरा f. (-रा) 1. A bride choosing her husband. 2. A pungent seed, (Nigella Indica.) **पति** a husband, **व** to choose, **व** aff.

पतिवती f. (-वी) A married woman, a wife whose husband is living. **पति** a husband, **व** aff. fem. form irr., **व** being inserted.

पतिव्रता f. (-ता) A good and virtuous wife. **पति** a husband, **व्रत** a religious obligation; who never violates her marriage vow.

पतिसेवा f. (-वा) Devotion to a husband. **पति**, and **सेवा** service.

पतिव्रती f. (-ती) A woman wishing or fit for a husband. **पति**, and **व्रत** added, aff. **व**.

पतिगता f. (-ता) Going, moving, one who goes or moves. **पति** to go, **गता** aff.

पतिगता f. (-ता) 1. A bird 2. An Arhaka, a measure so called. 3. A hole. **पति** to go, **गता** aff.

पतिगता f. (-ता) Pedestrian, going on foot, **पति** to go, **गता** aff.

पतिगता f. (-ता) A footman, a foot soldier, &c. **पति** to go, **गता** aff.

पतिगता f. (-ता) Red sanders : see **पत्र**, of which it appears to be a local corruption. (**पत्र** aff.)

पत्र n. (-त्र) 1. A town, a city. 2. A sort of drum. **पत्र** to go, **पत्र** aff.

पत्रा f. (-त्रा) A tradesman. **पत्र** a city, **त्रा** aff. a trader.

पत्रि m. (-त्रि) 1. A foot soldier. 2. A hero. f. (-त्रि) 1. Going, moving, walking. 2. A company, a platoon, consisting of one chariot, one elephant, three horse, and five foot. **पत्र** to go, **त्रि** Una'di aff. or **त्रि** aff. for the feminine.

पत्रिपत्रि f. (-त्रि) A line of infantry. **पत्रि**, and **पत्रि** a line.

पत्रिपत्रि f. (-त्रि) A body of troops. **पत्रि**, and **पत्रि** assemblage.

पत्रि m. (-त्रि) A plant, commonly Salincha. n. (-त्रि) Red sanders.

पत्र n. (-त्र) Any vehicle or means of conveyance. **पत्र** to go, **त्रि** aff.; also **पत्र**.

पत्री f. (-त्री) A wife. **पत्र** a husband, **त्री** aff. and **त्रि** augment.

पत्राट m. (-ट) The Harem, the private or women's apartments. **पत्र** a wife, **आट** who goes, from **आट**, with **त्रि** affix, and **आट** prefix.

पत्र n. (-त्र) 1. A leaf. 2. A vehicle in general; as a car, a horse, a camel, &c. 3. The wing of a bird. 4. The feather of an arrow. 5. The leaf of the Laurus cassia. 6. The leaf of a book. 7. Gold leaf, &c. any thin sheet or plate of metal. 8. A letter. 9. The blade of a weapon. 10. Painting the person as a decoration. 11. A knife, a dagger. 12. The leaf of a flower, nf. (-त्र-त्री) A letter, any written document or address. **पत्र** to go, **त्रि** aff. and one **त्रि** rejected; also sometimes **पत्र**.

पत्र n. (-त्र) 1. A leaf. 2. The leaf of the Laurus cassia. 3. Staining the person with Sandal, &c. by way of decoration. **पत्र** with **त्रि** aff. added.

पत्रा f. (-त्रा) The noise made either by the flapping of wings, or by the rustling of leaves. **पत्र** a leaf, a wing, &c. and **त्रा** noise.

पत्रा f. (-त्रा) A sort of penance, drinking infusion of any leaves for a given time. **पत्र** a leaf, and **त्रा** a penance.

पत्रा m. (-त्रा) A species of Euphorbia, commonly Teyka'nta Sij. **पत्र** a leaf, and **त्रा** hidden.

पत्र n. (-त्र) Red sanders, (Pterocarpus santalinus.) also **पत्रा**.

पत्राट m. (-ट) The current of a river; other authorities have in place of this word, **पत्राट**, and **पत्राट**, of which the last appears to be most accurate. **पत्राट** aff. **प**.

पत्रा f. (-त्रा) 1. Trimming the feathered butt of an arrow. 2. Painting figures on the body as a decoration. **पत्र** the feather of an arrow, **त्रा** to get, aff. **त्र**.

पत्रा f. (-त्रा) 1. A woman. 2. A kind of barley.

पत्राट m. (-ट) The foetid Mimosa. **पत्राट** aff. **प**.

पत्राट m. (-ट) A saw. **पत्र** a leaf, &c. and **त्रा** to tear, **त्रा** aff. (**पत्राट**).

पत्राट f. (-त्रा) The fibre or vein of a leaf. **पत्र** a leaf, **त्रा** a vessel, aff. **त्र**.

पत्राट m. (-त्रा) A small file used by silversmiths, &c. **पत्र** a sheet of metal, **त्रा** an axe; also with **त्रा** the same, **पत्राट** m. (-त्रा) (**पत्राट**).

पत्राट m. (-त्रा) A large knife. f. (-त्रा) A pair of shears or scissors. **पत्र** a leaf, **त्रा** to nourish, aff. **त्र** (**पत्राट**).

पत्राट f. (-त्रा) An ornament of the forehead, a piece of goldleaf situated on the forehead, or a painted mark upon it. **पत्र** a leaf, **त्रा** to bind, aff. **त्र** (**पत्राट**).

पत्राट f. (-त्रा) A sort of cap or cover for the head, made of leaves. **पत्र** a leaf, **त्रा** an imp. (**पत्राट**).

पत्राट m. (-त्रा) A plant, a red sort of Tulasi or Basil, (Ocimum pilosum.) f. (-त्रा) Holy basil, (Ocimum sanctum.) **पत्र** a leaf, and **त्रा** a flower.

पत्राट m. (-त्रा) A kind of birch, from the bark of which Hukka snakes, &c. are made; see **पत्राट** **पत्र** a leaf, and **त्रा** a flower, **त्रा** added.

पत्राट m. (-त्रा) A shower of arrows. **पत्र**, and **त्रा** a heap.

पत्राट m. (-त्रा) Adorning with leaves, flowers, &c. decorating with nosegays or garlands. **पत्र** a leaf, and **त्रा** a binding.

पत्राट m. (-त्रा) An oar, especially a large one used as a rudder. **पत्र** a leaf, **त्रा** to be strong, aff. **त्र**.

पत्राट mf. (-त्रा-त्री) Decorating the person by staining it with fragrant pigments of sandal, musk, &c. **पत्र** a leaf, **त्रा** to break, aff. **त्र**.

पत्राट n. (-त्रा) A new leaf, a sprout. **पत्र** a leaf, **त्रा** youth.

पत्राट m. (-त्रा) A bird. **पत्र** a wing, and **त्रा** a vehicle.

पत्राट n. (-त्रा) Embellishing a page, illuminating, gilding, &c. **पत्र**, and **त्रा** colouring.

पत्राट n. (-त्रा) Thin or skim milk. **पत्र** to go, **त्रा** aff. (**पत्राट**).

पत्राट f. (-त्रा) Decoration of the face or person, by means of fragrant pigments, consisting of Sandal, saffron, musk, &c. **पत्र** a leaf, and **त्रा** a line.

पत्राट f. (-त्रा) Staining the person with Sandal, &c. by way of ornament. **पत्र** a leaf, and **त्रा** a creeper; also **पत्राट**, **पत्राट**, &c.

पत्राट m. (-त्रा) 1. An arrow. 2. A bird. 3. A postman, a letter carrier. **पत्र** a feather or a letter, and **त्रा** bearing.

पत्राट f. (-त्रा) The vein or fibre of a leaf. **पत्र** a leaf, and **त्रा** a tubular vessel.

पत्राट m. (-त्रा) The Bel tree.

पत्राट m. (-त्रा) The current of a river. **पत्र** a leaf, **त्रा** making perfect; see **पत्राट**.

पत्राट m. (-त्रा) A thorn. **पत्र** a leaf, and **त्रा** a needle.

पत्राट n. (-त्रा) Cold, wintry weather. **पत्र** here said to mean falling, **त्रा** frost or snow.

पत्राट m. (-त्रा) The pungent leaf of the Laurus cassia. **पत्र** a leaf, and **त्रा** a name; the leaf, by way of distinction.

पत्राट n. (-त्रा) 1. Red sanders, (Pterocarpus santalinus.) 2. Red or sappan wood, (Caesalpinia sappan.) 3. Bhu'rjapatra, a tree so called, a kind of Birch. 4. Another plant: see **पत्राट**. **पत्र** a leaf, **त्रा** body or substance.

पत्राट f. (-त्रा) Painting the forehead, throat, neck, &c. with coloured Sandal, saffron, or any other fragrant substance. **पत्र** a leaf and **त्रा** a finger, being applied with the finger.

पत्राट n. (-त्रा) Ink or blacking. **पत्र** a leaf, (of a book,) and **त्रा** to tint, **त्रा** aff.

पत्राट n. (-त्रा) 1. The root of a long pepper. 2. A kind of grass.

पत्राट f. (-त्री) Coloured or ornamental marks on the face or person. **पत्र**, and **त्रा** a row.

पदावलि f. (वि) 1. Red chalk. 2. A row of leaves. 3. Decorating the person. ३. पत्र, and पावलि a line; see the next.

पदावली f. (-ली) 1. Drawing lines along the form; staining some parts of the body with coloured and fragrant pigments, as with saffron, sandal, &c. 2. A mixture of young Aswattha leaves with barley and honey. ३. पत्र a leaf, and पावली a line; see पदलेखा, पत्रक, &c.

पदिका f. (का) A leaf, a written leaf or page, a writing, a letter, &c. ३. पत्र, and पद added, fem. form.

पदिन् mfn. (-नी-विनी-नि) 1. Winged. 2. Feathered. 3. Having a page or leaf. m. (-नी) 1. An arrow. 2. A bird. 3. A falcon. 4. A tree. 5. A mountain. 6. A chariot. 7. A rider in a car or carriage. f. (-नी) A sprout, a shoot. ३. पत्र a leaf, &c. पदि aff.

पदोपकार m. (-रः) A tree, (Cassia esculenta.) ३. पत्र a leaf, उपकार a condiment.

पदीर्घ n. (-घे) Wove silk. m. (-घे) A plant, (Bignonia indica.) ३. पत्र a leaf, ऊर्घा wool.

पदोद्भास m. (-सः) A bud. ३. पत्र, and उद्भास what delights.

पदस्य m. (-सः) A road. ३. पत् to go, सर Una'di aff. र changed to स.

पद्य r. 1st. cl. (पद्यति) to go, to move. r. 10th. cl. (पाद्यति) To throw, to cast, to despatch or send; (र) पद्यि, r. 1st. and 10th. cla. (पद्यति पद्यति) To go, to proceed, to travel. गती आ० पर० सक० सेट् । वा चुरा सक० पद्ये आ० पर० सक० सेट् । इदिन् ।

पद्य m. (-द्यः) A road. ३. पत् to go, aff. चच्.

पद्यन् mfn. (-द्यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Going, travelling. m. (-द्यन्) A road. ३. पत् to go, ग्रह aff.

पद्यिक mfn. (-कः-का-की-के) Knowing or going on a road. m. (-कः) 1. A traveller, a way-farer. 2. A guide, one who knows the way. ३. पद्यिन् a road, वृत् or कन् aff.

पद्यिकसन्तति f. (-ति) A line or range of travellers, a caravah, a caravan. ३. पद्यिक a traveller, सन्तति a range; also with संघति assemblage, पद्यिकसंघति.

पद्यिद्रुम m. (-नः) A sort of K'hayar, (Mimosa alba.) ३. पद्यिन् a road, and द्रुम a tree.

पद्यिन् m. (पद्य) 1. A road, a way. 2. Sect, doctrine, path in morals or religion. 3. A division of hell. 4. A journey. 5. Course of manner or action. ३. पत् to go, इन् Una'di aff.; the noun is irregularly inflected.

पद्यिप्रज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञ) Acquainted with roads. ३. पद्यिन्, and प्रज्ञ who knows.

पद्यिक m. (-सः) A traveller, a way-farer. ३. पद्यिन् a road, इलच् Una'di aff.

पद्यिवाहक m. (-कः) 1. A fowler, a bird-catcher. 2. A porter, a burthen-carrier. Adj. Cruel. ३. पद्यिन् a road, and वाहक who bears.

पद्य mfn. (-द्यः-द्या-द्य) Proper, fit, suitable, agreeing with, but applied chiefly medically, with respect to diet, regimen, &c. mf. (-द्यः-द्या) Yellow Myrobalan, (Terminalia chebula.) n. (-द्यः) Sea salt. ३. पत् to go, यत् aff.

पद्यापचय n. (-यः) The class of things that are considered beneficial or hurtful in disease. ३. पद्या, and अपचय improper.

पद्याश्विन् mfn. (-श्वि-श्वी-श्वि) Eating wholesome things. ३. पद्या, and अश्विन् who eats.

पद् r. 4th. cl. (पदी पद्यते) r. 10th. cl. (पद्यते) to go, to move. (र) पदे r. 1st. cl. (पदति) to stand fast. With चवि, prefixed, 1. To know, to understand. 2. To see, to look. With चव्, To follow. With चाक्, 1. To happen, to befall. 2. To gain. 3. To suffer misfortune. 4. To multiply. 5. To produce. 6. To come. With चन्, To be born or produced. With चप, 1. To gain. 2. To be born. 3. To be near or connected with. With चप, and चन्, To offer oblations. With च, 1. To gain, to acquire. 2. To commence. With च, and चि, To

establish, to enact. With चवि, 1. To gain. 2. To assent, to agree or promise. 3. To restore. With चि, To suffer misfortune or pain. With चि, and चाक्, To injure or kill. With चि and चन्, To discriminate, to analyze. With चन्, 1. To thrive, to grow or increase. 2. To do, to execute, to perform. 3. To select. With चन्, and चाक्, 1. To arrive. 2. To finish. चर्वि मृ० पर० सक० सेट् । गती दि० वा सक० चविट् पद्ये चद० च० चाक् सक० सेट् ।

पद् n. (-द् or -न्) A foot. ३. पद् to go, aff. चिप्; also पद; or it is considered as an irregular substitute for पाद्.

पद n. (-दः) 1. A foot. 2. A footstep, the mark of a foot. 3. A word. 4. An inflected word. 5. A crude word. 6. A connected sentence. 7. Subject, thing, matter. 8. Preservation, defence. 9. Industry, application. 10. Disguise. 11. Place, site. 12. Rank, station, degree. 13. A mark, a spot. 14. A foot or rather line of a stanza. 15. A mode of writing the Védas, in which the several words are detached from one another. 16. A business, an affair. 17. (In Arithmetic,) Any one of a set of numbers the sum of which is required, or the last of the series, a square-root. 18. To occupy. 19. Step, pace. 20. A trace, a mark. m. (-दः) A ray of light. ३. पद् to go, aff. चच् or चज्.

पदक m. (-कः) 1. A Brahman knowing the verses of the Védas. 2. A Nishka, a weight of gold. 3. An ornament of the neck. n. (-कः) 1. Step. 2. Position. 3. Office. ३. पद a verse, &c. and कन् aff.

पदकार m. (-रः) One who divides or separates compound term. ३. पद, and कार who makes.

पदक्रम m. (-मः) 1. Step, pace. 2. Walking. ३. पद, and क्रम going.

पदन् mfn. (-नः-गा-न) Going with the feet. m. (नः) A footman, a foot soldier, &c. ३. पद् or पद a foot, and न who goes; hence also पद्.

पदगत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Gone on foot. 2. Described or recorded in a line or stanza. ३. पद, and गत gone. [aff.]

पदन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Who or what goes or move. ३. पद् to go, उच्.

पदपास m. (-सः) 1. Step, pace. 2. Conduct, procedure. 3. Position of the feet in a particular attitude. 4. A plant; also गोचर. ३. पद, and पास gesticulation.

पदपात m. (-तः) Step, pace, foot-fall, tread. ३. पद, and पात fall.

पदभक्षण n. (-नः) 1. Explanation of obscure or obsolete words. 2. Etymology. 3. Separating the words of a line or sentence. ३. पद a word, भक्षण a breaking.

पदमन्त्रिका f. (-का) A register, a journal, a calendar or almanack. ३. पद a mark, &c. मन्त्र to divide, aff. क्त्.

पदवि f. (-विः-वी) 1. A road, a path, a way. 2. Station, situation, degree, rank. 3. Place, site. ३. पद् to go, चवि aff.; fem. aff. optionally डीप्.

पदविधेय m. (-यः) 1. Step, pace, walking. 2. A horse's paces. ३. पद, and विधेय throwing.

पदविष्टम्भ m. (-म्भः) Tread, step, stamp with the foot. ३. पद, and विष्टम्भ fixing.

पदहीन n. (-नः) The feet and knees. ३. पद् a foot, and चहीन the knee, deriv. irr.

पदसङ्गत m. (-तः) A writer, an annotator, one who collects or classifies words. ३. पद्, and सन् before, चन् to hurt, चक् aff.; also पदसङ्गत.

पदाङ्क m. (-ङ्कः) Foot-mark, vestige. ३. पद, and चङ्क a mark.

पदाङ्गि m. (-ङ्गिः) A foot soldier. ३. पद् a foot, चङ् to go, इन् Una'di aff.

पदात m. (-तः) A footman, a pedestrian. ३. पद् foot, चन् to go, aff. चिप्.

पदाति m. (-तिः) A footman or foot soldier. ३. पद् foot, चन् to go, इन् Una'di aff.

पदातिक्रम m. (-कः) A peon, a footman or foot soldier. ३. कन् added to the preceding. [ment]

पदानुराग m. (नः) 1. A servant. 2. An army. ३. पद्, and चानुराग attach-

पदाधीन n. (-नः) 1. The foot of a mistress, or a divinity; &c. 2. A

पद्मालया f. (-या) A name of the goddess **LAKSHMI**. **पद्म** a lotus, and **आलया** an asylum. लवङ्गि व ।



पद्मावती f. (-नी) 1. A name of the goddess manasa' or the wife of the JARATKA'RU. 2. The name of a river, the main stream of the Ganges, between the KA'SIMBA'ZAR river and the sea. 3. पद्म a lotus, मनुष्य aff., fem aff. ऊँच्, and the antepen. made long.

पद्मावतीप्रिय m. (-यः) 1. The Muni JARATKA'RU. 2. The Kalki avata'ra. 3. पद्मावती as above, and प्रिय beloved. प्रगल्भ रूपेण ।

पद्मासन n. (-नं) A posture in religious meditation, sitting with the thighs crossed, one hand resting on the left thigh, the other held up with the thumb upon the heart ; the eyes directed to the tip of the nose. 2. A seat or throne made in the shape of a lotus, one especially on which idols are placed. m. (-नः) 1. A name of BRAMHA'. 2. The sun. 3. पद्म a lotus, and आसन sitting.

पद्मिनी m. (मो-) An elephant, f. (-नी) 1. A multitude of lotuses, or place abounding in them. 2. A woman of one of the four classes into which the sex is distinguished ; the first and the most excellent. She is thus described in Va'chaspatya :—

भवति कमलनेत्रा नासिकासुन्दरम् ।

अविरलकुचयुक्ता दोषकोपी जगद्गो ॥

सङ्कुचयुक्ता नीलमालासुन्दरी ।

सकलतनुसुषेमा पद्मिनी पद्मगन्धा ॥

3. A lotus, (Nelumbium speciosum.) 4. A pool or pond, especially one deep enough for the growth of the lotus. 5. The fibrous stalk of a lotus. 6. A female elephant. 3. पद्म coloured marks. &c. or a lotus, इति aff.

पद्मिनीकान्त m. (-न्तः) The sun. 3. पद्मिनी a lotus, and कान्त beloved. चक्रेण च ।

पद्मिनीखण्ड n. (-ण्डं) A place abounding with lotuses, or a district in which they grow. 3. पद्मिनी, and खण्ड division.

पद्मिनीवक्त्र m. (-मः) The sun. 3. पद्मिनी a lotus, and वक्त्र a friend.

पद्मेश्य m. (-यः) A name of VISHN'U. 3. पद्म in or on a lotus, and श्य who sleeps.

पद्मीतर m. (-रः) 1. Safflower. 2. A proper name : see the next. 3. पद्म, and उत्तर better.

पद्मीनराज m. (-जः) One of the Jaina Chakravartis or emperors. 3. पद्मीनर, and राज son.

पद्मीन m. (-नः) 1. A name of BRAMHA'. f. (-नी) The snake goddess MANASA'. 3. पद्म a lotus, and उद्भव born.

पद्म mfn. (-यः-या-य) Hurting or coming in contact with the feet. n. (-यः) 1. Metre, verse, a stanza. 2. Wickedness, infamy. m. (-यः) 1. A Su'dra. 2. A part of a word. f. (-या) 1. A road. 2. Praise, eulogium, 3. पद् to go, यत् aff.

पद्म m. (-यः) 1. A village. 2. The entrance into a village. 3. पद् to go, यत् aff.

पद्म m. (-यः) 1. The abode or world of human beings. 2. A car. 3. A road. 3. पद् to go, यत् aff.

पद्म m. (-यः) A road. 3. पद् to go, यत् aff.

पद्म m. (-यः) A road. 3. पद् to go, यत् aff.

पद्म r. 1st. cl. (पद्मयति) To praise : this root and पद् in the same sense, take चाय before the Sa'rvadha'tuka, and some of the A'rddhadha'tuka, affixes. (पद्मते) To traffic, to buy and sell : see चय. सुती भ्यां आलं सक्तं सेट् । स्वायें चाय वा तत्र आलं ।

पद्म m. ((सः)) 1. The bread-fruit or JACK tree, (Artocarpus integrifolia.) 2. A thorn. 3. The name of a monkey. f. (-या) 1. A malady, pustular and phlegmonoid inflammation of the skin or external organs. 2. A she monkey. 3. A female demon. 3. पद् to praise or be praised, Unadi aff. चयच्.

पद्मन(ता)विका f. (-का) The bread-fruit or JACK. 3. पद्म, ठन् aff.

पद्मक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Produced in or on the road. 3. पद्म, and पुन् aff.

पद्म mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Fallen, gone down or downwards. 2. Gone. m. (-नः) Downward motion, falling, descending. 3. पद् to go, aff. क्त, deriv. irr., otherwise पद् to go, Unadi aff. यत् ।

पद्म m. (-नः) 1. A snake. 2. A drug : see पद्मकाष्ठ. f. (-नी) The snake goddess MANASA'. n. (-नः) Lead. 3. पद्म a fallen, न who goes, or, a foot, न not, न who goes, ; moving without feet.

पद्मगान m. (-गः) A name of GADURA, the bird and vehicle of VISHN'U. 3. पद्म a snake, and गान food ; the snake-eater.

पद्मा f. (-दा) A leather shoe or boot. 3. पद् a foot, नक्त to bind, aff. deriv. irr.

पद्मी f. (-मी) A shoe, a boot. 3. पद् a foot, नक्त to bind, aff. इन्, ऊँच् optionally added.

पद्म mfn. (-यः-यि-यि) Who or what drinks. m. (-यः) The moon. 3. पद् to drink, क्त aff. and the root repeated.

पद्म m. (-मी) 1. The moon. 2. The sun. 3. पद् to drink, reiterated ; special rule, Unadi aff. इत्.

पद्मि f. (-यि) Mutual or reciprocal drinking, drinking alike or together. 3. पद् to drink, in the reiterative form, aff. क्त.

पद्म m. (-युः) A fosterer, a protector. f. (-युः) A nurse, a foster-mother. 3. पद् to cherish, क्त aff. and the radical consonant repeated.

पद्मा f. (-दा) 1. The name of a river, in the south of India. 2. Name of a lake in the Dandaka forest. 3. पद् to drink, प Unadi aff. यत् inserted, and the radical vowel made short.

पद्म r. 1. st. cl. (पद्मते) To go, to move. भा० आलं सक्तं सेट् ।

पद्मय m. (-यः) A piece of water. 3. पद्मय water, चय collection.

पद्म n. (-यः) 1. Water. 2. Milk. 3. Semen virile. 4. Boiled-rice. 5. Night. 3. पद् to go, चयन् Unadi aff.

पद्म n. (-यः) 1. Water. 2. Milk. 3. पद्मय the same, चय added.

पद्म m. (-यः) A cat. 3. पद्मय milk, and पद् who drinks.

पद्म mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Made from milk, (curds, butter, cheese, &c.) 2. Relating to or connected with milk or water. 3. A cat. f. (-या)

1. A shrub, (Asclepias rosea.) 2. A medicinal kind of moon plant. 3. A drug : see क्षीरकाकोली. 4. Curds of two milk whey. 5. Any plant yielding a milky sap, as the Euphorbia, the Asclepias, &c. 3. पद्मय milk, यत् aff.

पद्मय m. (-यः) A goat. 3. पद्मय, यत् aff.

पद्मिनी f. (-नी) 1. A river. 2. A milch cow. 3. Night. 4. A she-goat. 3. पद्मय water or milk, यत् aff. [drop.]

पद्मिनी m. (-नः) Hail. n. (-नः) An island. 3. पद्मय water, नक्त a पद्मिनी m. (-नः) Hail. 3. पद्मय water. चय a lump.

पद्मिनी m. (-नः) A cloud. 3. पद्मय water, जन्मन् origin.

पद्मिनी m. (-नः) A cloud. 3. पद्मय, and द what gives.

पद्मिनी m. (-नः) A woman's breast. 2. A cloud. 3. The sugarcane. 4. The cocoanut. 5. A sort of rush, (Scirpus kysoor.) 6. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus, &c.) 7. An udder. 8. The back-bone. 9. (In Prosody) A scolus. 3. पद्मय milk or water, and चय containing.

पद्मिनी m. (-नः) 1. The ocean. 2. A piece of water. 3. A cloud 3. पद्मय water, चा to contain, Unadi aff. चय.

पद्मिनी m. (-यि) The ocean. 3. पद्मय, and चा to have, क्त aff.

पद्मिनी n. (-नः) The cuttle-fish-bone. 3. पद्मिनी, and यत् aff. ससुद्मने ।

पद्मिनी m. (-यि) The ocean. 3. पद्मय, and निधि a treasure.

पद्मिनी m. (-यि) A cloud. 3. पद्मय, and यत् what lets go.

पद्मिनी m. (-यः) The K'hayar, (Mimosa catechu.) 3. पद्मय water, यत् get, aff. क.

पद्मिनी f. (-यि) A piece of water. 3. पद्मय, and रात्रि a quantity.

पद्मिनी n. (-नः) Living upon milk for a month, which with prayer and residence in a cow house, is an expiation or receiving an unsuitable present ; offering of milk to VISHN'U, and subsisting upon it for twelve days ; also for one or for three days is considered as a religious act. 3. पद्मय milk, and दत्त religious observance.

पद्मिनी f. (-नी) A river that rises in the Vindhya mountain. The Narmada' according to some, the Tapti according to others.

पद्म mfn. (-यः-यि-यि) 1. Distant, removed, remote. 2. Best, pre-eminent

3. Subsequent, after, following. 4. Other, different. 5. Inimical, hostile, estranged, adverse. 6. Addicted to, attached to, engaged in. 7. More, exceeding, as परं बहु more than a hundred, परी लक्षः more than a Lac; these are also considered as distinct compounds, see the next. 8. Higher, Superior. 9. Beyond. 10. Last, final. m. (रः) 1. An enemy 2. The life of BRAHMA, n. ind. (रः) 1. Only, alone. 2. After, afterwards. subst. 1. Final beatitude. 2. The Supreme spirit. 3. (In Logic,) One species of common property; that which comprehends many objects, genus; or it is the same with existence, as the common property of all things. E. पृ to fill, &c. aff. भावे च् or कर्त्तरि च्.

परःशत mfn. (नः-ता-तं) More than a hundred, many. E. पर more, and शत a hundred: see the last. [morrow.]

परःशु ind. (शुः) The day after to-morrow. E. पर after, शुस् to-परःशुच mfn. (चः-ता-च) More than a thousand. E. पर more, and शुच a thousand: see पर.

परकलत्र n. (नः) Another's wife. E. पर, and कलत्र a wife.

परकलत्राभिगमन n. (नः) Intriguing with another man's wife, adultery. E. परकलत्र another's wife, अभिगमन approaching.

परकोय mfn. (यः-या-यं) Another, belonging to another. f. (या) The mistress or wife of another, one of the three objects of love, according to the Srīngara or amatory doctrine. E. पर another, & aff. कुञ् augment.

परलोक n. (नः) 1. Another man's wife. 2. Another's body. 3. Another's field. E. पर another, लोक a field. [joining.]

परलज्ज m. (ज्जः) An articulation, a finger-joint. E. पर after, लज्ज a परलज्जा f. (ज्जः) Reduction or subjugation of an enemy. E. पर, and लज्ज vexing.

परलब्ध mfn. (लब्धः-लब्धः) Dependant, subservient, subjected. E. पर another, लब्ध inclination.

परलक्ष्ण n. (लक्ष्णः) A fault or defect in another. E. पर and लक्ष्ण flaw.

परलज्जित mfn. (लज्जितः-लज्जितः) Adopted, fostered, nourished by a stranger. 2. Dependant, servile, subjected. m. (लज्जितः) 1. The kokila. 2. A servant. E. पर another, and लज्जित born.

परलज्जित mfn. (लज्जितः-लज्जितः) 1. Nourished by a stranger. 2. Conquered, or subdued by another. 3. The kokila, पर another, and लज्जित conquered, &c.

परलज्ज m. (लज्जः) 1. An oil press. 2. Froth, foam. 3. The blade of a sword or a knife. 4. A sword or scimitar. f. (लज्जः) The sound of instruments at a festival. n. (लज्जः) The sword of INDRA. E. पर in the second case, another, and लज्ज to conquer, aff. ल; some works have परलज्ज, and others परलज्ज in place of this word.

परलज्ज m. (लज्जः) A name of VARUNA, the regent of water. E. पर another, लज्ज to conquer, deriv. irr; also परलज्जय.

परलज्ज m. (लज्जः) VARUNA: see the last. [other, लज्ज will.]

परलज्ज mfn. (लज्जः-लज्जः) Subservient, obedient, dependant. E. पर another, लज्ज mfn. (लज्जः-लज्जः) Greatest. E. पर, and लज्ज aff. of the superlative.

परलज्ज mfn. (लज्जः-लज्जः) Greater, more. E. पर more, and लज्ज aff.

परलज्ज ind. 1. Afterwards. 2. Behind. 3. Otherwise, differently. 4. From an enemy. E. पर or परा, and लज्ज aff. According to Vāchaspatya:—1. From another. 2. Dependence. E. पर + लज्जतय-तयि.

परलज्ज ind. 1. The next world, futurity. 2. Further on, in the sequel. E. पर another, लज्ज aff.

परलज्जीव m. (लज्जः) A pious man, one standing in awe of futurity. E. परलज्ज the next world, and जीव timid.

परलज्ज n. (लज्जः) 1. Difference, distinction, separateness. 2. Hostility. 3. (In Logic,) Priority of place or time, proximity, juvenility. 4. The nature of common or generic property, E. ल added to पर; also with लज्ज, परलज्ज.

परलज्ज m. (लज्जः) Plu. Another's wife. E. पर, and लज्ज a wife.

परलज्जगमन n. (नः) Adultery, adulterous intercourse or intrigue. E. पर-लज्ज, and गमन frequenting.

परलज्जराभिगमन m. (नः) Intriguing with another man's wife. E. परलज्ज, and अभिगमन contact.

परलज्जरापसेवन n. (नः) Intriguing with another's wife. E. परलज्ज, and लज्ज-सेवन frequenting; also परलज्जरापसेवा.

परलज्जः n. (लज्जः) The pain or sorrow of another. E. पर, and लज्ज pain.

परलज्ज m. (लज्जः) A foreign country. E. पर, and लज्ज place.

परलज्जिन् mfn. (लज्जि-लज्जि-लज्जि) Foreign, exotic. m. (लज्जि) 1. A foreigner. 2. One residing abroad. E. परलज्ज, and लज्ज aff.

परलज्जसेविन् mfn. (लज्जि-लज्जि-लज्जि) Living abroad, travelling, traveller. E. परलज्ज, and लज्जिन् who frequents.

परलज्जकीर्तन n. (नः) Scandal, calumny, censoriousness. E. पर, लज्ज fault, कीर्तन proclaiming.

परलज्जिन् mfn. (लज्जि-लज्जि-लज्जि) Hostile, inimical, adverse. E. पर another, लज्जि to hate, लज्जिन् aff.

परलज्ज n. (लज्जः) Another's property. E. पर, and लज्ज thing.

परलज्जिन् mfn. (लज्जि-लज्जि-लज्जि) Tyrannising over another. E. पर, and लज्जिन् injurious.

परलज्ज n. (लज्जः) Another's wealth. E. पर, and लज्ज wealth.

परलज्जसादनसुख n. (लज्जः) Feeding luxuriously at another's expense. E. परलज्ज, सासादन eating, सुख pleasure.

परलज्ज m. (लज्जः) Another's duty or business, the occupation of another caste. E. पर, and लज्ज duty. लज्जिन् लज्जिन्.

परलज्ज n. (लज्जः) Intent absorption or abstraction in the subject of meditation. E. पर, and लज्ज meditating.

परलज्ज mfn. (लज्जः-लज्जः) Vexing or annoying another, subduing a foe. m. (लज्जः) A conqueror. E. पर another, लज्ज to heat or inflame, aff. लज्ज.

परलज्ज n. (लज्जः) 1. Eminence, high station. 2. Final felicity. E. पर supreme, लज्ज, a place.

परलज्ज m. (लज्जः) The family or dependants of another. E. पर, and लज्ज dependants.

परलज्ज m. (लज्जः) What is dressed or cooked by another, another's food. E. पर, and लज्ज cooking.

परलज्जिन् m. (लज्जः) One who dresses his own food without observing the expiatory sacrifice for the five Śu'nas, or places of destruction to animal life; see लज्जिन्. E. पर another, लज्ज cooking, and लज्जिन् ceased.

परलज्जकृत m. (लज्जः) One who observes all the due ceremonies preparatory to cooking, but lives upon others. E. पर another, लज्ज cooking, लज्ज constant.

परलज्जकृद्भि m. (लज्जः) A constant guest at others' tables. E. पर another, लज्ज cooking, and लज्जिन् shining. [or meat.]

परलज्ज n. (लज्जः) Food given by another. E. पर, and लज्ज a ball of rice

परलज्जिन् mfn. (लज्जः-लज्जः) Feeding at another's cost. E. परलज्ज, and लज्ज who takes.

परलज्ज m. (लज्जः) 1. A name of VIṢṆU. 2. Another man. E. पर supreme, or other, and लज्ज a man.

परलज्ज mfn. (लज्जः-लज्जः) 1. Fostered, nourished, &c. by a stranger. m. (लज्जः) The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. f. (लज्जः) 1. A harlot, a whore. 2. A parasite plant. E. पर another, लज्ज cherished.

परलज्जमङ्गीलव m. (लज्जः) The mango. E. परलज्ज the cuckoo, लज्ज great, and लज्ज festival.

परलज्जा f. (लज्जा) A woman formerly married. E. पर another, (husband,) लज्जा prior, fem. aff. लज्जा.

परलज्जापति m. (लज्जा) The husband of a woman remarried. E. परलज्जा, and पति a husband.

परलज्जिन् m. (लज्जा) A great-great-grandson. E. पर subsequent, लज्ज after, लज्ज a grandson.

परपौत्र m. (-नः) A great-great-grandson. **म.** पर, subsequent, प्रपौत्र great-grandson.

परप्रेक्ष्य n. (-त्व) Servitude, slavery. **म.** पर, and प्रेक्ष्य service.

परब्रह्म n. (-ज्ञ) The supreme Being. **म.** पर, and ब्रह्म the same.

परमान m. (-नः) 1. Excellence, superior merit, supremacy. 2. Good fortune, prosperity. 3. The last part, residue, remainder. **म.** पर best, and मान portion. [fortune.]

परमायु n. (-यु) Another's wealth or prosperity. **म.** पर, and आयु good

परभुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-ता-त्) Possessed or enjoyed by another. **म.** पर, and भुक्त enjoyed. [land.]

परभूमि f. (-भिः) A foreign or an enemy's country. **म.** पर, and भूमि

परभूमि mfn. (-भूः-भा-भू) Living or being in a foreign or an enemy's country. **म.** परभूमि, and स who stays.

परभूषण n. (-ण) Another's ornament. **म.** (-णः) Peace purchased by ceding the produce of lands. **म.** पर, and भूषण ornament.

परमुक्त m. (-मुक्त) A crow. **म.** पर another, (the cuckoo,) and भुक्त who nourishes.

परभृत mfn. (-भृतः-ता-भृत) Cherished or nourished by a stranger, fostered, adopted. **म.** (-भृतः) The Indian cuckoo, which is supposed to leave its eggs in the nest of the crow to be hatched. **म.** पर another, and भृत nourished.

परभेदक mfn. (-कः-ता-क) Destroying or subduing a foe, **म.** पर, and भेदक who breaks.

परम् ind. A particle of command. 2. Of dismissal or refusal. 3. Hereafter, afterwards.

परम mfn. (-मः-मा-म) 1. Best, most excellent. 2. Chief principal, preceding. 3. First, chief part. 4. Adequate. ind. (-म) 1. A term of assent, yes. 2. A term of command. **म.** पर best, मा to mete, aff. उ or उम्.

परमगति f. (-तिः) 1. Chief object or refuge, as a god, protector. 2. Final felicity. **म.** परम, and गति going.

परमगव mfn. (-वः-ता-व) An excellent bull or cow. **म.** परम, and गी a cow.

परमगहन mfn. (-नः-ता-न) Very mysterious or profound. **म.** परम, and गहन thick.

परमत n. (-त) A different opinion or doctrine. **म.** पर, and मत thought.

परमपद n. (-पद) 1. Eminence, high station. 2. Final felicity. **म.** परम, and पद station.

परमपुत्र n. (-नः) The Supreme Spirit. **म.** परम, and पुत्र the same.

परमराज m. (-जः) A supreme monarch. **म.** परम, and राजन् a king, टच् aff.

परमरिषि m. (-रिषिः) A Rishi or divine sage, of a peculiar order or division, comprising the Muni BHĒLA and others. **म.** परम excellent, and रिषि a divine sage.

परमरक्ष m. (-रक्षः) One who knows another's character or disposition. **म.** पर, and रक्ष a vital point, and रक्ष who knows.

परमस्वर्धन m. (-धनः) A virtuous or pious man, one who attends scrupulously to the proper duties of his tribe or station. **म.** परम best, स्व own, धन virtue or duty, and धन added.

परमईश m. (-शः) An ascetic, a religious man who has subdued all his senses by abstract meditation. **म.** परम best or first, ईश devotee.

परमानति f. (-तिः) Final beatitude. **म.** परमा best, गति going.

परमाङ्गना f. (-ना) A beautiful woman. **म.** परम, and अङ्गना a woman.

परमाणु m. (-णुः) 1. An atom, the invisible base of all aggregate bodies; thirty of them are supposed to form a mote in a sunbeam; the lowest measure of weight; in Logio, six of them form the first perceptible object. 2. A measure of time, the sun's passage past an atom of matter. **म.** परम first, and णु an atom.

परमाणुज m. (-जः) A name of VISHN'U. **म.** परमाणु an atom, णु the body, कप् aff., deriv. irr.; smaller than the smallest; as he is larger than the largest, &c.

परमात्मन् m. (-ज्ञ) The Supreme Being, considered as the soul of the universe. **म.** परम first, आत्मन् spirit or soul.

परमार्थ n. (-र्थः) Pure unitarianism. **म.** (-नः) VISHN'U, the only supreme. **म.** परम, and अर्थ without duality.

परमान्न n. (-न्न) An oblation of rice to progenitors or gods, boiled with milk and sugar. **म.** परम best, and अन्न boiled rice; or परम the best, the supreme, (deities, &c.) and अन्न food.

परमापन m. (-पनः) 1. The inclination of a planet's orbit to the ecliptic. 2. The sine of the sun's greatest declination. **म.** परम, and अपन declination.

परमायुष m. (-युषः) A particular tree: see अयुष.

परमायुश्च m. (-युः) The longest period of life, either in man or animals. **म.** परम and आयुश्च life.

परमार्थ m. (-र्थः) 1. Truth, fitness. 2. Spiritual knowledge. 3. Any excellent or important aim or object. 4. The best sense. 5. The best kind of wealth. **म.** परम, and अर्थ object.

परमार्थविद् m. (-विद्) A sage, a philosopher, one who knows the truth. **म.** परमार्थ, and विद् who knows.

परमार्थविद् mfn. (-वित्-ता-वित्) Who or what acquires knowledge of truth, the best kind of wealth, &c. **म.** परमार्थ, and विद् to acquire, इ aff. लुन् augment.

परमार्थि f. (-धिः) Utmost term or limit. **म.** परम, and अर्थ limit.

परमार्थि m. (-रथः) A king and holy saint, apparently the same as Sa'lu-Ba'HANA. **म.** परम excellent, अर्थ a Jina. [enemies.]

परम्य m. (-यः) A crow. **म.** पर another, and म्य death; having many

परमेश्वर m. (-रः) 1. The Supreme Being. 2. Śi'VA. 3. VISHN'U. f. (रौ) DURGA. **म.** परम best, ईश्वर lord.

परमेश्वर mfn. (-श्वः-ता-श्व) Supreme, superior. **म.** (-श्वः) 1. BRAMHA. 2. A deity. **म.** परम, in heaven, and स who stays or is.

परमेश्वर m. (-श्वी) 1. A name of BRAMHA. 2. A Jina or deified teacher of the Jaina sect. 3. A kind of Sa'lagra'm stone. 4. A Guru or spiritual guide. **म.** परम in the most exalted place, in heaven, स to be, Una'di aff. निन्.

परम्य n. (-र्यः) 1. Eternal felicity. 2. The abode of VISHN'U. **म.** पर another, पर degree.

परम्य mfn. (-रः-ता-र) Successive, proceeding from one to another, from father to son, &c. **म.** (-रः) 1. A sort of deer. 2. A great-great-grandson. f. (-रा) 1. Race, progeny, lineage. 2. Order, method, continuous arrangement, regular series or succession. 3. Hurting, killing, injury. **म.** पर subsequent, repeated, and the nasal augment.

परम्यतस् ind. Mutually. **म.** परम्य, and तस् aff.

परम्यराज n. (-जः) Immolating animals in sacrifice. **म.** परम्य traditional or successive, and राज going or worshipping; or परम much, पर the best, and राज going, custom.

परम्यरीय mfn. (-र्यः-ता-र्य) 1. Hereditary, what has come by inheritance or descent. 2. Traditional. **म.** परम्य another, and पर again, another, र्य aff.

परम m. (-रः) A potherb, (Eclipta prostrata;) also केशराज. **म.** पर much, र्य to grow, उ aff. [परमपन्' शक्ति.]

परमपन् mfn. (-पः-पा-प) परम्य रूपमिव रूपमस्य। योत्तरवर्तिपरम्य रूपमिव "एति परलोके" m. (-कः) Heaven, paradise. **म.** पर another, and लोक world.

परलोकम m. (-मः) Death, dying. **म.** पर another, लोक world, and म going.

परवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Dependent, subject. **म.** पर another, मत् aff.

परवत् mfn. (-वः-ता-व) 1. Subservient, dependant, subject. 2. Deceived. **म.** पर another, and वत् subjection.

परवाच mfn. (-वाचः-ता-वाच) Reprehensible, blamable. **म.** (-वाच) Fault, defect. **म.** पर, and वाच to be named, not to be spoken of.

परवाचि m. (-चिः) 1. A Judge, a ruler. 2. A year. 3. The peacock on which the god KA'RTIKĒYA rides. **म.** पर best, वा to go, चि aff.

परव्रत m. (-तः) A name of DHṚITARAŚHTRA. ३. पर best, व्रत, religious observance.

पर m. (-वः) A kind of stone, the touch of which turns iron into gold, the philosopher's stone. [यच् aff.]

परव्रत mfn. (-वः-व्या-व्यं) Fit or proper for a hatchet. ३. परव्रत an axe, [यच् aff.]

पर m. (-वः) An axe, a hatchet. ३. पर another, वृ to injure, Una'di aff. कृ, विच्.

परव्रत m. (-वः) 1. A soldier armed with an axe. 2. A name of GAṆḌAŚA. 3. PARASURĀMA : see the next. ३. परव्रत an axe, परव्रत who holds.

परव्रत m. (-वः) A hero and demigod ; the first of the three RĀMAS, and the sixth Avatāra or descent of the deity VISHNŪ ; who appeared in the world as the saint JAMADAGNI, for the purpose of repressing the tyranny and punishing the violence of the Kshetriya, or military tribe ; PARASURĀMA appears to typify the tribe of Brāhmans and their contests with the Kshetritryas, ३. परव्रत an axe, and राम who delights in ; also with यच् added, परव्रतानक ; and with the first member, परव्र, परव्रान, q. v.

परव्रत m. (-वः) An axe, a hatchet. ३. परव्रत another, an enemy, वृ derived from वि, to grow or thrive ; परव्रत the prosperity of a foe, वे to drink, क aff. ; what drinks the blood or destroys the life of an enemy ; also परव्रत and परव्रत. [परव्रत aff.]

परव्रत ind. The day after to-morrow. ३. पर after, वृ to-morrow ; also परव्र ind. Beyond, further, more than, on the other side of, &c. (Not used by itself in classical Sanskrit.) ३. पर, परव्रतार्थे वा चति ।

परव्रत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Associated with another. 2. Fighting or engaged with another. ३. पर, and वृत gone with.

परव्रत m. (-वः) The soul. ३. पर best, संज्ञा name or title ; aff. कप्.

परव्रत m. (-वः) Relation or connexion with another. ३. पर, and वृत connexion.

परव्रत mfn. (-वः-व्यो-व्यो-वि) 1. Related to another. 2. Belonging to another. ३. परव्रत, and वृत aff.

परव्रत ind. 1. Subsequently, afterwards. 2. Behind. ३. पर, and वृत aff.

परव्रत mfn. (-वः-व्यो-व्यो-वि) Mutual, interchanging. ३. पर another repeated ; from one to another.

परव्रत m. (-वः) A friend, an intimate. ३. परव्रत, and वृत who know.

परव्रत m. (-वः) Mutual concurrence or assent. ३. परव्रत, and वृत agreement.

परव्रत ind. Mutually. ३. परव्रत, and वृत aff.

परव्रत m. (-वः) 1. Mutual assistance. 2. Offensive and defensive alliance. ३. परव्रत, वृत aid.

परव्रत m. (-वः) 1. An ally. 2. An associate, a helper. ३. वृत added to the last.

परव्रत n. (-वः) The transitive or active verb. ३. परव्रत to another, परव्रत as inflected word.

परव्रत n. (-वः) Another person's property. ३. पर, and वृत own.

परव्रत n. (-वः) Another's right. ३. पर, and वृत own right.

परव्रत n. (-वः) Conferring a right upon another as by gift, &c. ३. परव्रत, and वृत producing.

परव्रत m. (-वः) An axe : see परव्रत.

परव्रत mfn. (-वो-वि-वि-वि) Extortionary, extortioner. ३. परव्रत, and वृत taking.

परव्रत mfn. (-वः-व्यो-व्यो-वि) Dependent, living on the property of others. ३. परव्रत, and वृत subsisting.

परव्रत mfn. (-वः-ता-तं) 1. Friendly, benevolent. 2. Good or profitable for another. ३. पर, and वृत favourable.

परव्रत ind. A participle and prefix implying, 1. Supremacy. 2. Liberation. 3. Inverted order. 4. Pride, contumely. 5. Encounter, mutual presence. 6. Excess, exceeding. 7. Overcoming, surpassing. 8. Going. 9. Killing, destroying, injuring. As परव्रत supe-

rior power or valour ; परव्रत defeat ; परव्रत disgrace ; परव्रत turning back, &c. see the following. ३. वृ to fill, aff. कप्, and वा added.

परव्रत ind. Crooked, crookedly. ३. परव्रत away, वृ to go, aff. कृप्.

परव्रत m. (-वः) 1. A religious obligation of an expiatory kind, fasting for twelve days and nights, and keeping the mind attentive, and organs subdued. 2. A sacrificial sword or scimitar. ३. परव्रत best, वृत what goes. [do, वृट् aff.]

परव्रत n. (-वः) Disdaining, disregarding, rejecting. ३. परव्रत before, वृ to throw off or aside, rejecting, disdaining. ३. परव्रत, and वृत making.

परव्रत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Rejected, set aside, thrown off, disdained. ३. पर, and वृत made.

परव्रत m. (-वः) 1. Power, strength. 2. Exertion. 3. Valour, prowess. 4. Going out or forth, exit or issue. 5. Attacking an enemy. 6. Attempt, enterprise. 7. A name of Vishnū. ३. परव्रत supremacy, opposition, &c. and वृत going, वृत वृत् aff.

परव्रत mfn. (-वः-व्यो-व्यो-वि) Knowing the power, (of the enemy.) ३. परव्रत, and वृत who knows.

परव्रत m. (-वः) 1. The pollen or farina of a flower. 2. Dust. 3. Fragrant powder used after bathing. 4. Sandal. 5. The name of a mountain. 6. Fame, celebrity. 7. An eclipse of the sun or moon. 8. Following one's own inclinations. ३. परव्रत implying supremacy, &c. and वृत who goes, वृट् aff.

परव्रत mfn. (-वः-व्यो-व्यो-वि) Laden with pollen. ३. परव्रत, and वृत aff.

परव्रत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Spread, expanded. 2. Budded, blown. ३. पर, and वृत before, वृत् to go, aff. कृ.

परव्रत mfn. (-वो-वि-वि-वि) Laden with pollen. ३. परव्रत, and वृत aff.

परव्रत m. (-वः) A name of ŚIVA. ३. परव्रत another, (DURGA,) वृत form and वृ who gives ; forming with the goddess a deity, half male and half female ; or better, परव्रत an enemy, KA'MADHYA, वृत body, and वृ who gives ; restoring the body of that deity to shape, after having reduced it to ashes in a rage.

परव्रत m. (-वः) Ocean. ३. परव्रत another, (river,) वृत substance, water, and वृ who receives.

परव्रत mfn. (-वः-व्यो-व्यो-वि) Turning away, having the face averted. ३. परव्रत, and वृत the face.

परव्रत f. (-ता) 1. Turning away. 2. Regardless of. 3. Adverse from. 4. Unfavourable. ३. परव्रत, and वृत् aff. ; also with वृ, परव्रत खल.

परव्रत mfn. (-वः-व्यो-व्यो-वि) 1. Situated beyond or on the other side. 2. Distant. ३. परा + वृत्ति-कृप् : see परवृत्ति.

परव्रत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Cherished or fostered by a stranger. ३. परव्रत another, वृत्ति nourished.

परव्रत mfn. (-वः-व्यो-व्यो-वि) Turned away, having the face averted. 2. Not minding, not caring about. 3. Happening subsequently. 4. Situated on the other side. ३. परवृत्ति or परवृत्ति turned away, वृत् aff.

परव्रत m. (-वः) 1. Defeat. 2. Overpowering. 3. Loss, failure, (as in law suit.) 4. The being overcome by, (with an ablative.) ३. परा implying encounter, contest, and वृत् victory.

परव्रत mfn. (-वः-व्यो-व्यो-वि) Overcoming, surpassing, defeating. ३. पर before, वृत् to conquer, वृत्त aff.

परव्रत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Conquered, defeated, overcome. 2. Won at dice, &c. ३. परा encounter, and वृत्त conquered.

परवृत्ति or परवृत्ति mfn. (परावृत्ति परावृत्ति परावृत्ति) Turned away, inverted, reversed. ३. परा away, वृत् to go, aff. कृत्.

परवृत्ति m. (-वः) 1. An oil mill. 2. Froth or foam. 3. The blade of a sword or knife : see वृत्ति.

परवृत्ति mfn. (-वः-व्यो-व्यो-वि) Superior to the best. ३. पर in the fifth case, and repeated in the first.

परवृत्ति m. (-वः) A kind of reed, (Saccharum spontaneum.) वृत् वृत्तिवापः

परादन mf. (-नः-ना) A horse of the Persian breed. ३. परा exceeding, चदन food. (चरनी चोपा)।  
 पराधि m. (-धिः) Hunting, the chase. चयस्याधीकर्त०, परममानस्यचायायुच।  
 पराधिकार m. (-रः) Another person's office or post. ३. पर, and अधिकार superintendence.  
 पराधिकारचर्चा f. (-र्चा) Officiousness, interference with another's concerns ३. पराधिकार, and चर्चा searching.  
 पराधीन mfn. (-नः-ना न) Dependant, subject, subservient. ३. पर another, and अधीन humble, docile.  
 पराधीनता f. (-ता) Subjection, dependance. ३. तच् added to the last ; with त्व, पराधीनत्व n. (-त्व)  
 परान(च)सा f. (-सा) The practice of medicine, administering remedies. ३. परान् enemies, (disease,) दी to destroy, aff. ड ; form ण् ; or correctly : परा + चन-कारणे वा चस।  
 परान्न mfn. (-न्नः-ना-न्न) Living at another's expense. n. (-न्) 1. Food supplied by another. 2. Food dressed or touched by or belonging to another. ३. पर another, चन्न food.  
 परान्नमीजिन् mfn. (-जी-जिनी-जि) Living at another's cost. ३. परान्न, and मीजिन् who eats.  
 पराप mfn. (-पः-पा-प) A place, &c. whence water has retired. ३. पर away, चप water ; also परेप.  
 परापतन् mfn. (-तन्-तन्-तन्) Coming back quickly, returning hastily ३. पर, and आङ् before, पत् to go, ग्रह aff.  
 परापर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Best and worst, prior and posterior, in front and behind, earlier and later, &c. n. (-र) (In Logic,) Community of property intermediate between the greatest and smallest numbers ; a species, as being between genus and individual. m. (-रः) A Guru of an intermediate class, a term applied in the Tantras to the goddess Durga'. ३. पर, and अपर another.  
 पराभ(सा)व m. (-वः) 1. Discomfiting, overcoming. 2. Contempt, disrespect, disgrace. 3. Destruction. 4. Mortification, humiliation. ३. परा disgrace, भू to be, चप् aff. or rarely चञ्।  
 पराभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Defeated, discomfited, overcome. 2. Degraded, humbled, treated with contempt. ३. परा disgrace, and भू been, become, from भू with त् aff.  
 परामर्श m. (-र्शः) 1. Discrimination, discriminating, distinguishing, judgment. 2. (In Logic,) Drawing conclusions from analogy or experience : knowledge of the existence of hetu in the Paksha. 3. Seizing, pulling. 4. Violence, assault, attack. 5. Hindrance. 6. Reflection, consideration, investigation. ३. परा implying supremacy, &c. लृच् to deliberate, भावे चञ् aff.  
 परावर्त m. (-वर्तः) Forbearance. ३. परा, and मृच् to bear, aff. चञ्।  
 परावृत्त n. (-त्त) Raining. ३. पर best, चमृत water.  
 परामृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) 1. Weighed, considered, Judged. 2. Connected with, 3. Touched or affected by. 4. Borne, endured. 5. Roughly handled, violated. ३. पर, and आङ् before, मृच् to deliberate, or मृच् to bear, त् aff.  
 परायण mfn. subst. (-णः-या-ण) 1. Adherence to any pursuit, attachment to any object. 2. Dependance upon. 3. Best refuge. adj. 1. Adhering or attached to. 2. Connected with, depending upon. 3. Wished, desired. n. (-ण) A religious order or division. ३. पर only, (one object,) चयन going.  
 परायण mfn. (-णः-या-ण) Dependant, subject. ३. पर another, आचय tame, humble. [sense].  
 परारि ind. The year before last. ३. पर another, (last.) चरि aff. in this  
 परारिज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Belonging to the year before last. ३. परारि as above, and ज aff.  
 परारु m. (-रुः) A kind of gourd, (momordica charantia.) ३. पू to fill or satisfy, आरु aff. or परा + च + लृच्। (उच्छा)। [parison.  
 परारुज m. (-जः) A stone or rock. ३. परारु & gourd, लृच् aff. of oom-

परावर्त mfn. (-वर्तः-वर्ता-वर्त) 1. Having another object or sense, &c. Designed or purposed by another. 3. The highest interest. The chief meaning. n. (-वर्त) For the sake or good of another. पर, and चर्च object.  
 परावर्तयिन् mfn. (-दि-दिनी-दि) Officious, intermeddling. ३. परावर्त, & वादिन् who speaks.  
 परावर्त n. (-वर्त) 1. A great number, a lack of lack of crores, or a number equal to half the term of BRAMHA's life, or as many mortal days as are equal to fifty of his years. 2. The other part, the latter half. ३. पर, and चर्च half.  
 परावर्त mfn. (-वर्तः-वर्ता-वर्त) 1. Excellent, chief, principal, best. 2. Most costly. 3. Most beautiful. 4. Most exalted, highly esteemed. Most remote, most distant in number. n. (-वर्त) An immense, infinite number ; see the last. ३. परा best, चर्च part, लृच् aff.  
 परावर्त f. (-वर्त) Indignity, insult, (received.) ३. पर, and चवर्त disrespect.  
 परावर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Before and after, prior and subsequent, far and near, earlier and later, higher and lower. 2. All including. ३. पर and चवर after.  
 परावर्त m. (-वर्तः) 1. Retreat, turning back. 2. Exchange, barter. 3. Reversal of a sentence. 4. Restoration. ३. परा, इत् to be, aff. चञ्।  
 परावर्त mfn. (-वर्तः-वर्ता-वर्त) 1. To be turned back. 2. To be exchanged. 3. to be reserved, (as a sentence.) 4. To be given back or restored. ३. परा, इत् to be, यत् aff.  
 परावर्त व्यवहार m. (-रः) Appeal, (in law.) ३. परावर्त to be reserved व्यवहार judicial procedure.  
 परावर्त m. (-वर्तः) A name of KURVA. ३. पर an enemy, आविर् frightened or परा + व्यध-त्।  
 परावर्त mfn. (-वर्तः-वर्ता-वर्त) 1. Fled, retreated, turned back. 2. Turned round, revolved. 3. Exchanged. 4. Reversed, (as a judgment.) 5. Given back, restored. परा before, इत् to be, त् aff.  
 परावर्त f. (-वर्तः) 1. Returning, retreating, turning back. 2. Revolving. 3. Exchange, barter. 4. Reversion of a judgment. 5. Restoration of property. ३. परा before, इत् to be, त् aff.  
 परावर m. (-रः) The father of the poet VYA'SA and a great Hindu law-giver. ३. पर best, यत् to complete, with आङ् prefixed, and चप् aff.  
 परावर्त m. (-वर्तः) A beggar, a wandering mendicant. ३. परावर the rules of PA'RA'SARA or VYA'SA, the founder of the tribe, and र्णि aff.; also परावर्तन्।  
 परावर्त mfn. (-वर्तः-वर्ता-वर्त) Dependent or relying upon another, m. (-वर्त) Dependance. f. (-वर्त) A parasite plant. ३. पर another, आचय asylum.  
 परावर्त mfn. (-वर्तः-वर्ता-वर्त) Subject, dependent. ३. पर, and आचय having refuge.  
 परावर्त n. (-वर्तः) Killing, slaughter. ३. पर an enemy, चच् to throw or cast, aff. भावे लृच्।  
 परावर्त mfn. (-वर्तः-वर्ता-वर्त) 1. Desireous to throw or send. 2. Wishing to overcome. ३. पर before, चच् to throw, desid. v., ड aff.  
 परावर्त mfn. (-वर्तः-वर्ता-वर्त) Dead, expired. ३. पर away, remote, चच् vital breath.  
 परावर्त f. (-वर्तः) 1. Death, extinction. 2. Drowsiness, sleepiness. ३. परावर्त, and तच् aff. or with त्व, परावर्त.  
 परावर्त m. (-वर्तः) A thief, a robber. ३. पर another's property, लृच् to steal, with आङ् prefix, चिनि aff. (आकारत)।  
 परावर्त mfn. (-वर्तः-वर्ता-वर्त) 1. Thrown, tossed. 2. Expelled, turned out. 3. Defeated. 4. Rejected. ३. पर, and चच् to throw, त् aff.  
 परावर्त m. (-वर्तः) The next day. ३. पर, and चच्, for चवर्त a day.  
 परावर्त mfn. (-वर्तः-वर्ता-वर्त) 1. Assailed, attacked. 2. Struck back. 3. Repulsed. n. (-वर्तः) A stroke. ३. पर, आचय struck.  
 परावर्त n. (-वर्तः) The afternoon, the latter part of the day. ३. पर after, (past.) चवर्त a day. टच् चवर्तदिः चवर्त।

परि A particle and prefix to words implying, 1. Ubiquity, (all round, on every side.) 2. Part, portion. 3. Abandonment, (away.) 4. End, term. 5. Sickness, infirmity. 6. Enforcement, stress, (even, very great.) 7. Separateness, several distributions, (each by each, &c.) 8. Embracing, encircling, (round, round about.) 9. Depreciation, exposure of faults. 10. Homage, respect. 11. Rejection, turning off or away. 12. Ornament. 13. Diffusion, extension. 14. Mark or sign. 15. Sorrow. 16. Cessation, stop, impediment. 17. Truth. 18. An exclamation of Pleasure or satisfaction. As परिहृतं, to adorn; परिच्युतं, to abandon; परिहृतं, to divide; परिदेवितुं, to lament; परिहृतं, to embrace; परिहृतं, to go about, to wander, &c.: see the following compound nouns. ३. पृ to complete, to satisfy, aff. इन्; in combination with roots forming nouns by चञ्, the र of परि is sometimes optionally lengthened, as परी.

परिकथा f. (-तः) A work of fiction, a tale, a story, the history or adventures of any fabulous person. ३. परि implying ornament, and कथा a tale.

परिकल्प m. (-यः) 1. Fear, terror. 2. Trembling. ३. परि very great, कल्प a trembling, करणे चञ् aff.

परिकर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Who or what helps or assists. m. (-रः) 1. A sofa, a bed. 2. Dependents, retinue, train. 3. Multitude, numbers, a crowd. 4. A firm girth, a waist, a zone or sash. 5. Commencement. 6. Discrimination, judgment. 7. Covert or indirect intimation of wish or purpose, or of coming events in the plot of a drama. (In dramaturgy.) 8. Unusual meaning or expression. 9. Name of a figure of speech consisting in the employment of suggestive epithets (in rhetoric.) ३. परि round about, कर making.

परिकर्तृ n. (-नः) Cutting, cutting off or round, a circular incision. ३. परि, and कृत् to cut, कृट् aff.

परिकर्षा f. (-ता) Sharp shooting pain, especially in the rectum. ३. परि, and कृत् to cut, कृट् aff.

परिकर्म m. (-र्मः) A priest who performs the marriage ceremony for a younger brother, whose elder brother is yet unmarried.

परिकर्मन् n. (-र्मः) 1. Personal decoration, dressing, painting or perfuming the body. 2. Perfuming the person after bathing. 3. Cleansing, purifying, (the body or the mind.) 4. Arithmetical computation. 5. Worship, adoration. m. (-र्मः) A servant, a slave. ३. परि implying ornament, and कर्मन् business.

परिकर्मोक्त n. (-क्तः) The eight rules of arithmetic ३. परिकर्म, and अष्ट eight.

परिकर्मन् mfn. (-र्मः-र्मो-र्मो-र्मो) Adorning, decorating. m. (-र्मो-र्मो-र्मो) A slave, a servant, ३. परिकर्म decoration, इति aff.

परिकल्पन n. (-नः) Deceit, cheating.

परिकल्पन n. (-नः) 1. Contriving, making, inventing. 2. Doing what is necessary, tending, providing food, rest, &c. 3. Dividing. 4. Settling, agreeing upon. ३. परि, कृप् to be able, कृट् aff.

परिकल्पित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Made, invented. 2. Divided. 3. Tended, waited upon, provided with all necessities. 4. Settled, agreed. ३. परि before, कृप् to be able, कृट् aff.

परिकल्प m. (-यः) Dragging out. ३. परि, कृप् to draw, मावे चञ् aff.

परिकल्पित m. (-तः) A devotee, a religious ascetic. ३. परि gone, माहा wish, and इतच् aff.; having no earthly desires.

परिकल्प mfn. (-यः-यो-यः) 1. Spread, diffused, scattered around or about. 2. Surrounded. ३. परि about, योचं scattered.

परिकल्पन n. (-नः) 1. Saying, telling. 2. Talking of, boasting. ३. परि before, योचं celebrating.

परिकल्पित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Said, declared, promulgated. 2. Vaunted or boasted of. ३. परि, and योचं famed.

परिकल्प n. (-तः) A barrier, a trench before the gate of a town, forming a sort of covered way. ३. परि round, कृट् a fort or house. चक्षुःशब्दः ।

परिकल्प mfn. (-यः-यो-यः) Emaciate, thin, wasted. ३. परि, and कृप् thin.

परिकल्प m. (-नः) 1. Walking, going. 2. Walking round or about, circumambulating, going about. 3. Roaming about. 4. Series, order. ३. परि about, around, कृप् going, मावे चञ् aff.

परिकल्प m. (-यः) A goat. ३. परि कृप् going about, and कृप् who bears.

परिकल्प m. (-यः) 1. Redemption, purchasing or purchasing back. 2. Giving up part of a treasure to preserve the rest. ३. परि, कृप् to buy, चञ् aff.

परिकल्पित mfn. (-नः-नन्ती-नन्) Going, going round or about. ३. परि कृप् to go, round, &c. यट् aff.

परिकल्प f. (-ता) 1. Enclosing, surrounding with a fence or ditch, &c., intrenching. 2. Attention. ३. परि round about, कृप् making.

परिकल्प m. (-नः) Vexation, trouble. ३. परि much, कृप् to be vexed, कृट् aff.

परिकल्प mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Vexed, annoyed. ३. परि before, कृप् to be worried, कृट् aff.

परिकल्प mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Wounded, abraded, cut, scratched, &c. ३. परि before, कृप् broken.

परिकल्प f. (-तिः) Wounding, lesion. ३. परि before, कृप् rupture.

परिकल्प m. (-यः) 1. Waste, decay, dissolution, destruction. 2. Ruin, failure. ३. परि before, कृप् to waste, मावे चञ् aff.

परिकल्प f. (-ता) Mud, dirt.

परिकल्प m. (-यः) The name of a king, the son of ABHIMANYU, and grand-son of ARJUNA; see परोक्षित्.

परिकल्प mfn. (-नः-नन्ती-नन्) Who or what scatters, disperses, &c. ३. परि before, कृप् to throw, कृट् aff.

परिकल्प mfn. (-नः-नन्ती-नन्) 1. Surrounded, encircled, intrenched. 2. Scattered, thrown about, diffused. 3. Left, abandoned. ३. परि round about, कृप् to throw, कृट् aff.

परिकल्प mfn. (-यः-यो-यः) 1. Wasted, worn away, decayed. 2. Diminished, exhausted, decreased. 3. Lost, destroyed. 4. (In Law,) Insolvent. ३. परि, and योचं emaciate.

परिकल्प mfn. (-यः-यो-यः) Drunk. ३. परि, and योचं drunk.

परिकल्प m. (-यः) Scattering, spreading, diffusion. 2. Surrounding. 3. Abandoning, leaving. 4. Moving about. 5. That by which any thing is surrounded. ३. परि about, चञ् throwing.

परिकल्प mfn. (-यो-यो-यो-यो) Who or what scatters or distributes, &c. ३. परि about, कृप् to throw, कृट् aff.

परिकल्प f. (-ता) A moat, a ditch surrounding a fort or a town, &c. ३. परि round, कृप् to dig, कृट् aff.

परिकल्प m. (-यः) Fatigue, exhaustion, lassitude. ३. परि, चेद् depression.

परिकल्प mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Famous, celebrated. ३. परि before, कृप् said.

परिकल्प f. (-तिः) Fame, reputation. ३. परि on every side, कृप् notoriety.

परिकल्प mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Reckoned, calculated. ३. परि, and कृप् counted.

परिकल्प mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Known, understood. 2. Sought, inquired after. 3. Obtained, gained. 4. Forgotten. 5. Diffused, spread. 6. Obscured, detained. 7. Encircled, encompassed. ३. परि about, &c. and कृप् gone, become.

परिकल्प m. (-नः) 1. Surrounding. 2. Seeking for. 3. Knowing, ascertaining. 4. Obtaining. 5. Spreading, extending. ३. परि before, कृप् to go, कृट् aff.; also with कृट् परि कृप्.

परिकल्प mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Brought, conducted, driven. ३. परि, and कृप् to go, कृट् v., कृट् aff.

परिकल्प mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Flowing, fluid. 2. Melted. f. (ता) 1. Sunk. 2. Dropped down, vanished. ३. परि before, कृप् to ooze, कृट् aff. कृट् ।

परिकल्प n. (-यः) Excessive blame.

परिकल्प mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Quite secret, very mysterious. 2. Very difficult to understand. ३. परि + कृप्-कृट्.

परिग्रहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Taken, accepted. 2. Assented, consented to. 3. Obeyed. 4. Opposed, checked. f. (-ता) 1. Grasped. 2. Embraced. 3. Favoured. 4. Obeyed. म. परि before, ग्रह् to take, त् aff.

परिग्रहा mfn. (-ता-ता-तः) 1. To be taken or accepted. 2. To be regarded. f. (-ता) A married woman. ind. 1. Having taken. 2. Considering, looking upon. म. परि encircling, ग्रह् to take; aff. यत् or ल्यप्.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. Acceptance, taking. 2. Assent, consent. 3. Dependents, a family, a train or retinue. 4. A wife. 5. Root, origin. 6. An oath. 7. The reserve of an army, a corps posted with the general, four hundred yards in the rear of the line : see प्रतिग्रह. 8. Maintaining, observing. 9. Continued possession, continuance. 10. Subjugation, making subservient or subject. 11. Connexion, concern, business or interference with. 12. Comprehension. 13. The sun near the moon's node. 14. Surrounding. 15. Putting on (as a dress). 16. Marriage. 17. An epithet of Vishnu. म. परि intensive prefix, or round about, &c. and ग्रह taking, यत् aff.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) A mound or place prepared for a burnt offering at a ceremony which requires three or four such places, placed to the north or east, &c. as उत्तरपरिग्रह, पुच्छपरिग्रह. म. परि about, ग्रह् to take, aff. यत्.

परिग्रह mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Wearied out, exhausted. f. (-ता) Adverse from. म. परि intensive, ग्रह wearied.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. A bludgeon, a stick mounted with iron, or an iron club. 2. Killing, striking, destroying. 3. The nineteenth of the astronomical Yugas. 4. The pin or bolt of a door. 5. A glass vessel. 6. A pike, a spear. 7. A water jar. 8. The outer door or gate of a palace. 9. A house : see पञ्चपरिग्रह. म. परि round about, हन् to kill, यत् aff., च substituted for the root.

परिग्रहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Rubbed repeatedly. 2. Much handled or touched. म. परि and ग्रहित rubbed.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. Killing, striking. 2. A weapon. म. परि completely, हन् to kill, aff. यत् and the root changed.

परिग्रहत n. (-तः) 1. Striking, hurting, killing. 2. A staff or bludgeon armed with iron. म. परि before, हन् to kill, aff. खर्त्-खिच्-कर्मणि-ञ्.

परिग्रहीत m. (-हः) 1. Sound. 2. Improper or blamable discourse. 3. The muttering or grumbling of clouds. म. परि intensive or deprecative prefix, and शब्द sound.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. Acquaintance, intimacy. 2. Accumulation. 3. Meeting with a friend. 4. Study, Practice. 5. Recognition. म. परि about, वि to gather, aff. यत्.

परिग्रहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. To be known. 2. To be collected. म. परि before, वि to heap, aff. कर्मणि-ञ्.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. A guard, a body-guard. 2. An attendant, a companion, a servant. 3. A commander-in-chief. म. परि about, and ग्रह who goes.

परिग्रहा f. (-या) 1. Service, dependance. 2. Veneration, worship. म. परि about, ग्रह to go, aff. यत्.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. A place for preparing or holding a sacrificial fire. 2. Sacrificial fire in general. 3. Raising the rent or revenue of land. म. परि worship, &c. वि to collect, aff. खत्, form specific.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) A servant, an attendant. म. परि before, ग्रह् to go, याग्य mfn. (-यः-या-यः) To be served or obeyed, to be worshipped. म. परि before, ग्रह् to go, यत् aff.

परिग्रह mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Known, acquainted with. 2. Heaped, accumulated. 3. Learnt, Practised. म. परि before, वि to collect, त् aff.

परिग्रहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. To be known, fit or proper to be known as an acquaintance. 2. To be collected together. म. परि, and ग्रह to be gathered.

परिग्रहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. To be collected all round, or from every side. 2. To be known as an acquaintance. म. परि before, वि to collect, aff. यत्.

परिग्रहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Lost, gone, deprived or devoid of. म. परि and ग्रह fallen.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. Court, train, attendants, retinue. 2. Family, dependents. 3. Goods and chattels, personal property. 4. Dress, paraphernalia. 5. Covering. 6. Clothes. म. परि round, ग्रह् to cover, aff. यिच्-ञ्.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) Retinue, train. म. परि around, ग्रह् to cover, aff. यत्.

परिग्रह mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Covered, clothed. 2. Invested, enclosed. 3. Having a retinue or paraphernalia. 4. Overlaid. 5. Surrounded. म. परि before, ग्रह् to cover, त् aff.

परिग्रहि f. (-तिः) 1. Partition, separation, &c. 2. Accurate definition. म. परि + हिद्-भावे-तिङ्.

परिग्रह mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Detached, divided, cut off. 2. Resisted, remedied. 3. Limited, confined. म. परि before, हिद् to cut, त् aff.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. Segment, division, cutting or severing. 2. Discrimination. 3. Limit, boundary. 4. Obviating, remedying. 5. The division of a book, a section or chapter. 6. Moderation. 7. Accurate distinction or definition. 8. Exact determination. म. परि successively, severally, हिद् cutting.

परिग्रह n. (-हः) 1. Dividing, division. 2. Discriminating. 3. The division of a book. 4. Laughter, expressive of joy. म. परि before, हिद् to divide, aff. खट्.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. Dependents, servants, family, followers. 2. Train, retinue, Suit, (especially the maids of a lady). म. परि about, and ग्रह a person.

परिग्रहित n. (-तः) 1. The covert reproaches of a mistress neglected or ill-used by her lover. 2. A servant's indication of his superiority by finding fault with his master. म. परि, and जल्पित prattling.

परिग्रहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Known, ascertained. म. परि, and ज्ञान known.

परिग्रहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Wise, intelligent, one who has knowledge. म. परि before, ज्ञा to know, तृच् aff.

परिग्रहीत n. (-तः) Knowledge, ascertainment, discrimination. म. परि, and ज्ञान knowledge.

परिग्रहीत ind. Having known or ascertained. म. परि, and ज्ञान having known.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. Moon. 2. Fire. म. परि before, ज्ञा a sutra root, means to be quick, Una'di aff. कर्मणि-ञ्.

परिग्रहीत n. (-हः) The flight of a bird in circles. म. परि round, ह्री or ह्रीन् flying.

परिग्रहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Ripe, mature. 2. Bowed, bent. 3. Aimed at, directed to, inclined to. 4. Changed or transformed into. 5. Digested. 6. Full grown. 7. Advanced, come to a close, ended. म. परि (-तः) An elephant stooping to strike with his tusks. n. (-तः) Capital, stock, wealth accumulated for the sake of profit. म. परि before, ग्रह् to bend or bow, aff. त्.

परिग्रहि f. (-तिः) 1. Bending, bowing. 2. Ripeness. 3. Transformation. 4. Fulfilment. 5. Result, issue. 6. Old age. 7. Conclusion, end. म. परि before, ग्रह् to bow, तिङ् aff.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) Marriage. म. परि successively or individually, जी take, यच् aff.; also with खट् aff. परिग्रह.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. Change of form or state. 2. Maturity, fullness, ripeness. 3. End, last stage or state. 4. Digestion. 5. Result. 6. A figure of speech closely resembling Rupaka and minute distinguished by it; it consists in transferring the properties of any object to that with which it is compared. म. परि before, ग्रह् to end, aff. यत्.



परिवासादग्रन् mfn. (-ग्रो-विनी-ग्रि) Who looks forward or to the end.  
 ३. परिवासा, and दृष्टिन् who sees.  
 परिवासाजिरोध m. (-यः) Human vicissitude; as birth, growth, death, &c. ३. परिवासा and निरोध obstruction, (of final felicity.)  
 परिवासापथ mfn. (-यः-प्या-पथ) Suited to a future stage or condition.  
 ३. परिवासा, and पथ good for.  
 परिवासापथ m. (-यः) Flatulence with pain or vomiting after eating, dyspepsia. ३. परिवासा, and पथ colic.  
 पर(रो)णाय m. (-यः) 1. Leading or taking round. 2. Moving a piece at chess, draughts, &c. ३. परि about, जो to take, aff. चञ्.  
 परिवायक m. (-कः) 1. A husband. 2. A leader. ३. परि before, जो to take, चञ् aff.  
 परिवाय m. (-यः) Width, breadth. 2. Circumference of a circle. ३. परि extension, नङ् to bind, aff. चञ् वा दीर्घः ।  
 परिषेक mfn. (-कः-क-क) Who or what eats or feeds upon. 2. Who or what kisses. ३. परि before, निसि to kiss, वृञ् aff.  
 परिषेक f. (-कः) 1. Eating. 2. Kissing. ३. परि before, निसि to kiss, वृञ् and टाप् affixes.  
 परिषेकन् mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) Seeking to take or lay hold of. ३. परि, नष्ट to lose, उ aff. desid. v.  
 परिषेक f. (-कः) Perfect skill.  
 परिषेक mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Married. ३. परि before, जो to take, क्क aff.  
 परिषेक m. (-तः) A husband. ३. परि before, जो to take, वृञ् aff.  
 परिषेक n. (-यः) Gratifying.  
 परितः ind. 1. Around, every way, all round. 2. Towards. ३. परि round, and तसञ् aff.  
 परि(रो)णाय m. (-यः) 1. Pain, anguish. 2. Sorrow. 3. A division of hell. 4. Heat, warmth. 5. Fear. 6. Trembling. ३. परि exceeding, तप burning.  
 परिप्लव mfn. (-यः-प्ल-य) Pleased, delighted. ३. परि much, तुष्ट pleased.  
 परिप्लव f. (-यः) Contentment.  
 परितोष m. (-यः) Pleasure, satisfaction, delight. ३. परि entirely, तोष pleasure.  
 परित्यक्त mfn. (-क्त-क्ता-क्त) 1. Void or deprived of, left, quitted, abandoned. 2. Let go, let fly, (as an arrow). 3. Bereft of, (with an instrumental.) ३. परि, and त्यक्त left.  
 परित्यक्त n. (-नः) 1. Distributing, dispersing. 2. Abandoning. ३. परि about, त्यक्त to abandon, वृञ् aff.  
 परित्यक्त ind. Having abandoned. ३. परि before, त्यक्त to leave, वृञ् aff.  
 परित्याग m. (-गः) 1. Abandonment, quitting, omission, desertion. 2. Loss, privation. 3. Liberality ३. परि away, त्याग quitting.  
 परित्याग mfn. (-गो-गिनी-गि) Abandoning, quitting. ३. परि before, त्यक्त to quit, विनि aff.  
 परित्याग mfn. (-यः-त्या-ग) To be left or abandoned. ३. परि before, त्यक्त to leave, वृञ् aff.  
 परित्याग mfn. (-यः-त्या-ग) Afraid. ३. परि much, वृञ् alarmed.  
 परित्याग n. (-यः) 1. Warding a blow, self-defence. 2. Preserving, rescue, deliverance, protecting. ३. परि about, वाच preserving.  
 परित्याग m. (-यः) Sponginess of the gums. ३. परि, and दृष्ट rendering.  
 परित्याग n. (-यः) Scorching, burning. ३. परि, and दृष्ट to burn, aff. वृञ्.  
 परिदान n. (-नः) 1. Barter, exchange, returning any thing or its equivalent. 2. Donation. 3. Resitution of a deposit. ३. परि reciprocally, दातृ giving.  
 परि(रो)णाय m. (-यः) 1. Burning. 2. Pain, sorrow.  
 परिदाह mfn. (-हो-हिनी-हि) Hot, scorching. ३. परि before, दृष्ट to burn, विचञ् aff.  
 परिदेह m. (-यः) Wailing, lamentation.  
 परिदेह mfn. (-कः-का-क) Who or what laments or complains. ३. परि before, दृष्ट to play, वृञ् aff.

परिदेह n. (-नः-न) Lamentation, complaint, bewailing. 2. Fearing. ३. परि implying grief, देह showing, playing.  
 परिदेह n. (-नः) 1. Lamentation. 2. Repentance. ३. परि before, दृष्ट to play, क्क aff.  
 परिदेह mfn. (-नो-विनी-वि) 1. Lamenting. 2. Fearing, apprehensive. ३. परि before, दृष्ट to play, इनि aff.  
 परिधान n. (-नः) 1. A lower garment. 2. Vesture, clothes. 3. Putting on, (a garment), dressing. ३. परि about, round, धान having.  
 परिधानीय n. (-यः) An under-garment, also परिधाय ।  
 परिधाय m. (-यः) 1. Retinue, attendants. 2. The posteriors. 3. A piece of water. ३. परि circling surrounding, धा to have, चञ् aff. and वृञ् augment.  
 परिधि m. (-यः) 1. The circumference of a circle. 2. The disk of the sun or moon. 3. The periphery of a wheel. 4. The horizon, circle surrounding the globe, a great circle. 5. An epicycle. 6. The branch of the tree to which the victim at a sacrifice is tied. 7. A wooden frame round the hole in which a sacrificial fire is lighted. 8. A wall, a fence. ३. परि around, धा to have, क्क aff.  
 परिधि m. (-यः) 1. A guard, a body-guard. 2. An aide-de-camp, an officer attendant on the king or general. ३. परिधि around, (the king,) यो who stands.  
 परिधुपित mfn. (-तः-तर-त) Perfumed. ३. परि, and धुपित perfumed.  
 परिधुपित m. (-नः) 1. Injury, destruction. 2. A man of a mixed caste. 3. Failure. 4. Loss of caste. ३. परि before, धुप् to lose, चञ् aff.  
 परिनिवेदन n. (-नः) Distributing, dispensing, giving. ३. परि and निर्व before, वप् to give, वृञ् aff.  
 परिनिवेदना f. (-नः) Liberality, wish to give. ३. परि, and निर्व before, वप् to give, desid. form, चञ् and टाप् affixes.  
 परिनिवेदना mfn. (-नः-सु-सु-सु) Desirous of giving. ३. परि, and निर्व before, वप् to give उ aff. desid. v.  
 परिनिविन mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Skilled in, acquainted with. ३. परि, and नि before, धा to stay, क्क aff.  
 परित्याग m. (-नः) Completing the sense of a passage. ३. परि, and त्याग position.  
 परिपक्व mfn. (-कः-कर-क) 1. Cooked, dressed. 2. Mature. 3. Shrewd, knowing. 4. Digested. 5. On the point of decay. ३. परि before, पक्क ripe.  
 परिपक्व f. (-ता) 1. Being dressed or cooked. 2. Maturity, perfection. 3. Shrewdness. 4. Digestion. ३. तन् added to the last.  
 परिपक्व n. (-नः or नः) Capital, principal, stock ३. परि severally, पक्क price.  
 परिपक्व mfn. (-नः-वा-त) Pledged, plighted, agreed, promised. ३. परि, and पक्क to pledge, क्क aff.  
 परिपक्षीय m. (-दी) An enemy. ३. परि against, पद् to go, इनि aff.  
 परिपक्षीय m. (-कः) An enemy, an antagonist. ३. परि opposition, पद् who goes.  
 रपक्षीय mfn. (-यो-विनी) 1. An enemy, an antagonist. 2. A robber, a high-way-man, a bandit. f. (विनी) Opposing, hindering. ३. परि obstacle or opposition, पक्षीय who goes the road.  
 परि(रो)णाय m. (-कः) 1. Being cooked or dressed. 2. Maturity, perfection. 3. Cleverness, shrewdness. 4. Digestion. 5. The fruit or consequence of actions. ३. परि before, पक्क to cook or ripen, चञ् aff.  
 परिपाक mfn. (-को-किनी-कि) Who or what cooks, ripens, digests, &c. f. (-नी) A drug. (Convolvulus turpethum.) ३. परि completely, पक्क to ripen, aff. विनि, fem. aff. लोपः.  
 परिपाटि(टी) f. (-टिः or टी) 1. Order, method, arrangement. 2. Arithmetic. ३. परि several distribution, पाटि proceeding, from पट् to go, in the causal form, aff. इन्.  
 परिपाटि m. (-टिः) Complete enumerations.

परिपालन n. (-न) Protecting, cherishing. E. परि, and पालन the same.  
 परिपालित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Protected, cherished. E. परि, and पालित  
 protected.  
 परिपिष्ट n. (-क्त) Lead. E. परि + पिष्ट-त संघातान् क्तन् ।  
 परिपीडन n. (-न) 1. Squeezing, pressing out. 2. Injuring, hurting.  
 परिपुटन n. (-न) Peeling, desquamation, removing the bark, losing  
 the bark. E. परि before, पुट् to reduce, and क्त्वा aff.  
 परिपुष्प f. (-रा) A sort of cucumber, (C. madraspauus.) (गोलुक्) ।  
 परिपूजन n. (-न) Worshipping, adoring. E. परि before, पूज् to worship,  
 क्त्वा aff.; also परिपूजा.  
 परिपूजित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Served, worshipped, adored. E. परि, पूज् to  
 worship, क्त aff.  
 परिपूत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Pure, purified. 2. Winnowed, threshed,  
 freed from the chaff. E. परि, and पूत pure.  
 परिपूर्ण mfn. (-वः-वं-व) 1. Full, entire, complete. 2. Self-satisfied,  
 content. E. परि quite, पूर्ण full.  
 परिपूर्णता f. (-ता) 1. Completion, entireness, fulness. 2. Satiety or  
 satisfaction. E. परि completely, पूर्णता fulness.  
 परिपूर्णत्व n. (-त्व) Completion, &c.; see the last. E. परि, and पूर्णत्व ful-  
 ness.  
 परिपेक्ष n. (-ञ) A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) E. परि extension,  
 पेक्ष् to go, aff. चञ्.  
 परिपेक्ष f. (-रा-व) A grass. f. (-रा) Very fine, very delicate. See the  
 last. E. As above, वन् added.  
 परिपोट m. (-टः) A particular disease of the ear, (in medicine).  
 Also परिपोटक ।  
 परिपोषण n. (-ण) Furthering, promoting, nourishing.  
 परिप्रश्न m. (-प्रः) Inquiry, interrogation.  
 परिप्रेक्ष् mfn. (-मः-मः-म) Desiring, seeking. E. परि, and प्र before,  
 प्रेप् to obtain, क्त्वा aff. desid. व्.  
 परिप्रेषण n. (-ण) Abandoning, leaving, sending or putting away. E. परि  
 before, प्रेप् to send, aff. क्त्वा aff.  
 परिप्रेषित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Abandoned, left, put or sent away. E. परि  
 before, प्रेप् to send, क्त aff.  
 परिपुत्र mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Shaking, trembling. 2. Unsteady, restless,  
 moveable. 3. Floating. m. (-तः) 1. Bathing, wetting with water,  
 immersing. 2. Inundation. 3. Oppression, tyranny. 4. A boat. E.  
 परि about, पुत्र what goes, from ड्रु to go, aff. चप्.  
 परिपुत्र mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Immersed, inundated. 2. Wetted, bathed.  
 f. (-ता) Spirituous or vinous liquor. n. (-तः) A spring, a jump. E.  
 परि every where, ड्रु to go, aff. क्त. मेघनवेदनायुक्ते, नाथैर्दमे देव ।  
 परिपुष्ट f. (-ष्ट) Burnt.  
 परिपुष्ट m. (-ष्ट) 1. Retinue, train. 2. Insignia of royalty. 3.  
 Wealth. 4. Thing, substance. 5. Furniture. E. परि about, or a  
 mark, a sign. ष्ट् to cover, क्त्वा aff.  
 परिपुष्ट n. (-ण) 1. Retinue, train. 2. Fatigue, hardship.  
 परिपुष्ट f. (-ष्ट) 1. Prosperity, welfare. 2. Appendix, supplement.  
 परिपुष्ट f. (-ष्ट) 1. Increased, augmented. 2. Furnished with.  
 n. (-तः) The roar of an elephant.  
 परिपुष्ट m. (-ष्टः) Breaking to pieces, shattering. E. परि, and मष्ट a  
 breaking.  
 परिपुष्ट m. (-ष्टः) 1. Disrespect, contempt, disgrace. 2. Defeat, dis-  
 comfiture. E. परि implying depreciation, and मष्ट being; also परिमाव-  
 परिपुष्ट n. (-ष्टः) Li+grace, a disgraceful situation. E. परिभव, and  
 पद degree.  
 परिपुष्ट m. (-ष्टः) A situation of disgrace or defeat. E. परिभव, and  
 पद situation.  
 परिपुष्ट mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Treating with contumely or disrespect.  
 2. Suffering disrespect. E. परि before, भू to be, विनि aff. der. irr.  
 or परिभव, and दनि aff.

परिमाव m. (-वः) Disrespect: see परिभव.  
 परिमाव mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Irreverent, disrespectful. 2. Putting to  
 shame, surpassing. E. परि before, भू to be, विनि aff.  
 परिमाव mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Who or what shames or humbles another.  
 E. परि before, भू to be, उक्त्वा aff.  
 परिमाव n. (-वः) 1. Reproof, abuse, ridicule, expression of censure or  
 contempt. 2. Addressing, discourse, conversing. 3. Agreement,  
 engagement. 4. Rule, precept. E. परि exposure of faults, or  
 mutually, &c., माव speaking.  
 परिमावय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Reprehensible, liable to or deserving  
 reproof. 2. To be addressed or spoken to. E. परि before, माव् to  
 speak, यनीयर् aff.  
 परिमाव f. (-वः) 1. A technicality, a conventional term in any science.  
 2. (In Grammar.) A maxim given by the ancient grammarians  
 as a summary interpretation of the rules of PĀṆINI. 3. (In medi-  
 cine.) Prognosis. 4. Abuse, ridicule. 5. A speech. 6. Censure,  
 blame. E. परि severally, and माव speech.  
 परिमावित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Said. 2. Formed or used technically. E.  
 परि, माव् to speak, क्त aff.  
 परिभुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) Enjoyed, possessed, eaten. E. परि, and भुज् to  
 enjoy, क्त aff.  
 परिभुक्त f. (-ता) Bowed, bent.  
 परिभुक्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Treated with contempt or disrespect, dis-  
 regard, despised. E. परि exposure of fault, and भुक्त become.  
 परिभुक्त ind. Disgracing, shaming, outvicing, having disgraced, &c. E.  
 परि before, भू to be, क्त्वा aff.  
 परिभुक्त Peace obtained by cession of the revenue of a land.  
 परिभुक्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. One who uses another's property  
 without leave. 2. Possessing, one who possesses or enjoys. E. परि  
 and भुज् to enjoy, क्त aff.  
 परिभोग m. (-गः) 1. Using or living upon another person's pro-  
 perty without leave or improperly. 2. Possession, enjoyment,  
 especially sexual enjoyment. E. परि, भुज् to enjoy, aff. चञ्.  
 परिभोग m. (-गः) 1. Escape. 2. Falling from.  
 परिभोग m. (-गः) 1. Wandering, going about. 2. Error. 3. Rambling  
 discourse. परि before, भोग् to roam, क्त aff.; also with क्त्वा,  
 परिभोग.  
 परिभोग mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Fallen, degraded, deprived of, void of, (with  
 an ablative, or instrumental.) E. परि, and भोग fallen.  
 परिभोग n. (-वः) A ball, a globe, a circle. f. (-ता) Globular, cir-  
 cular. E. परि round, and भोग a sphere or circumference.  
 परिभोग f. (-ता) Rotundity, circularity. E. परिभोग, and क्त aff.;  
 also परिभोग, with क्त aff.  
 परिभोगित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Rounded, made round or circular E.  
 परिभोग, and क्त aff.  
 परिभोग f. (-ता) Extremely slow.  
 परिभोग mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Little, a little, not much. 2. Slow. 3. Dull.  
 E. परि and भोग slow.  
 परिभोग m. (-तः) Air, wind. E. परि + भोग-वारे चप् ।  
 परिभोग n. (-नः) 1. Rubbing, grinding. 2. Embracing, pressing. 3.  
 Trampling or destroying. E. परि, and भोग rubbing.  
 परिभोग m. (-नः) 1. An exquisite scent, especially arising from the  
 trituration of fragrant substances. 2. The trituration of perfume.  
 3. Copulation. 4. A meeting of learned men. 5. Soil, stain, dirt. E.  
 परि extension, भोग् to increase, aff. चप्.  
 परिभोगित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Soiled, despoiled of freshness or beauty.  
 2. Perfumed. E. परिभोग, and क्त aff.  
 परिभोग m. (-नः) 1. Contact, propinquity. 2. Friction. E. परि, and भोग  
 to touch, क्त aff.  
 परिभोग m. (-नः) Envy, dislike. E. परि before, भोग् to bear, aff. चप्.

परिसर्प m. (-र्पः) 1. Friction. 2. Touch. 3. Cleaning, wiping. E. परि before, सर्प to clean, सर्प aff.  
 परिसर्पित mfn. (-सर्पितः) To be sought after. E. परि before, सर्प to search, सर्प aff.  
 परिसर्पित mfn. (-सर्पितः) 1. To be cleaned or cleansed. 2. To be rubbed. E. परि completely, सर्प to clean, सर्प aff.; also परिसर्पित.  
 परि(री)माण n. (-ण) 1. Measure. 2. Measuring. 3. Weight, number, value. E. परि completely, and माण measuring. परि + मा-खुट् ।  
 परिमाणीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be measured. E. परि before, मा to measure, चोय aff.; also परिमाणा and परिमय.  
 परिमाज्जन n. (-ज) Cleaning, cleansing. 2. A dish of honey and oil. E. परि completely, ज्ज to cleanse, aff. भावे-खुट् ।  
 परिमित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Joined. 2. Meted, measured. 3. Regulated. E. परि, मा to measure, त्त aff.  
 परिमितभुज् mfn. (-भुज्) Temperate, abstemious. E. परिमित, and भुज् who eats or enjoys.  
 परिमिताहार mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Eating moderately. E. परिमित, and आहार food.  
 परिमिति f. (-तिः) Measure, quantity. E. परि, मा to measure त्त aff.  
 परिमिलन n. (-न) Touch, contact.  
 परिसुख f. (-सुख) Lovely yet simple, fascinating but foolish.  
 परिसुख्य mfn. (-सुख्यः-सुखा-सुख) 1. To be cleaned. 2. To be touched. E. परि before, सुख् to clean, aff. क्प; also परिसुख्य.  
 परिसृष्टि mfn. (-सृष्टिः-सृष्टि-सृष्टि) 1. Rubbed, ground. 2. Embraced, clasped. E. परि before, सृष्ट् to rub, त्त aff.  
 परिसृष्ट mfn. (-सृष्टः-सृष्टि-सृष्टि) 1. Rubbed, touched. 1. Embraced, clasped. 3. Invested. 4. Spread, pervaded. 5. Washed, cleaned, purified. E. परि before, सृष्ट् to rub, त्त aff.  
 परिसृष्ट्यत् mfn. (-सृष्ट्यत्-सृष्ट्यत्-सृष्ट्यत्) 1. Envyng. 2. Rubbing. E. परि before, सृष्ट् to bear, त्त aff.  
 परिसूय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Measurable, to be measured. 2. Few, select. E. परि before, मा to measure, यत् aff.  
 परिसोपिन् m. (-पि) A thief, a robber. E. परि every where, सुप् to steal, aff. ताच्छी-इनि ।  
 परिसोहन n. (-न) Fascinating, beguiling. E. परि, and सोहन fascinating.  
 परिसोहन् mfn. (-सोहन्-सोहन्-सोहन्) What is bewitching, fascinating, &c. E. परि before, सोह् to be foolish, चिषुन् aff.  
 परिसृज्जन mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) 1. Soiled, stained. 2. Waned, withered, faded. 3. Diminished, impaired. n. (-न) 1. Soil. 2. Change of countenance by fear or grief. E. परि, and सृज् dirty.  
 परिरक्षय n. (-य) Guarding, defending, preserving. E. परि around, and रक्षय preserving.  
 परिरटन n. (-न) Crying, crying aloud. E. परि before, रट् to cry, and खुट् aff.  
 परिरक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्ष) 1. Embraced. 2. Encircled. E. परि before, रक्ष् to begin, त्त aff.  
 परिरक्षय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Embracing. E. परि, and रक्ष् to begin, त्त aff.  
 परिरक्षय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Being embraced. E. परि everywhere, रक्ष् to go, pass. v., त्त aff.  
 परिरक्ष m. (-क्षः) Embrace, embracing. E. परि about, रक्ष् to begin, aff. चञ्, and त्त augment.  
 परिरक्षय n. (-य) Embracing. E. परि before, रक्ष् to begin, खुट् aff.  
 परिरटिन् mfn. (-टि-टिनी-टि) Crying, crying aloud, screaming, &c. E. परि before, रट् to cry, ताच्छी-चिषुन् aff.  
 परिरक्षमान mfn. (-मान-मान-मान) Wishing or trying to embrace. E. परिरक्षि to embrace, desid. v. त्त aff.  
 परिरक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्ष) Gone, lost. E. परि completely, सुप्त lost.  
 परिरक्षय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Senseless. E. परिरक्ष, and चञ्चा sign of life.

परिच्छेद m. (-च्छेदः) An outline, a sketch. E. परि + चिच्छ-करणे चञ् ।  
 परिलोप m. (-पः) 1. Injury. 2. Neglect, omission.  
 परिवत्सर m. (-रः) A year. E. परि end, वत्सर a year.  
 परिवदन n. (-न) 1. Reviling, accusing. 2. Crying out, clamouring, screaming. E. परि, and वद् to speak, aff. खुट् ।  
 परिवर्जन n. (-न) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. Quitting, abandonment. E. परि finally, वर्ज् to shun, aff. खुट् । [ वर्ज् to shun, त्त aff. ]  
 परिवर्जित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Abandoned. 2. Devoid of. E. परि before, परिवर्तित m. (-तः) 1. Going or turning back. 2. Turning round, revolving. 3. Flight, retreat, desertion. 4. Exchange, barter. 5. Requit, return. 6. The end of a period of four ages, or destruction of the world. 7. A chapter, a book, a canto, &c. 8. The king of the tortoises, or the tortoise incarnation. E. परि severally, &c. इत् to be, aff. भावे चञ् ।  
 परिवर्तक mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Who or what turns back or round. 2. Who or what requites, exchanges, &c. 3. Leaving off a thing begun for some other object. E. परि, and इत् to be, चञ् aff.  
 परिवर्तन n. (-न) 1. Turning back or round, returning. 2. Turning round, revolving. 3. Barter, exchange. 4. Requit, return. 5. Inverting, taking or putting any thing in a wrong direction. E. परि around, इत् to be, भावे-खुट् aff.  
 परिवर्तित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Turned round, revolved. 2. Returned, retreated. 3. Taken out but on in a wrong direction. 4. Exchanged. E. परि before, इत् to be, त्त aff.  
 परिवर्तिन् mfn. (-ति-तिनी-ति) 1. Revolving, going round. 2. Returning. 3. Flying, retreating. 4. Exchanging. 5. Requiring, recompensing. E. परि, and इत् to be, चिषुन् aff.  
 परिवर्धन n. (-न) 1. Growing, increasing. 2. Rearing, breeding, (as of cattle.) E. परि, and वर्धन् increasing. [ to increase, त्त aff. ]  
 परिवर्धित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Increased, augmented. E. परि before, वर्ध् परिवर्ध m. (-धः) 1. Train, retinue, dependents. 2. Royal insignia. E. परि around, वर्ध् to cover, चञ् aff.; also परिवर्ध.  
 परिवसथ m. (-थः) A village. E. परि about, वस to abide, aff. चापारे चञ् ।  
 परिवच m. (-चः) Name of the second of the seven courses of wind. E. परि + वच्-चञ् ।  
 परिवाद m. (-दः) 1. Abuse reproach, reproof. 2. Charge, accusation. 3. The bow or quill of the lute or fiddle. E. परि censure, &c. and वाद speech.  
 परिवाक्क m. (-कः) An accuser, a plaintiff, a complaint or calumniator. E. परि implying censure, वद् to speak, चञ् aff.  
 परिवादिन् mfn. (-दि-दिनी-दि) 1. Who or what reproaches, accuses, &c. 2. Censured, abused. 3. Calling out, crying, screaming. m. (-दी) An accuser, a reprover; (in Law,) a plaintiff. f. (-नी) A lute or a vina, with seven strings. E. परिवाद as above, इनि aff. or परि before, वद् to speak, ताच्छी-चिषुन् aff.  
 परिवाप m. (-पः) 1. Shaving, shearing. 2. A pool, a pond, a piece of water. 3. Train, retinue. 4. Sowing. 5. Furniture. E. परि before, वप् to shave, aff. चञ् ।  
 परिवापन n. (-न) Shaving, shearing. E. परि before, वप् to cut or shave, causal v. aff. खुट् ।  
 परिवापित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Shaven, shorn. E. परिवाप shaving, aff. इत् or परि + वप्-चिषुन्-त्त ।  
 परिवार m. (-रः) 1. Dependent. 2. Train or retinue. 3. A scabbard, a sheath. E. परि round, इत् to be, aff. चञ् ।  
 परिवारता f. (-ता) Subjection, dependance. E. तत् added to परिवार.  
 परिवारित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Surrounded, enclosed or begirt by. E. परि, and वारित impeded. [aff.]  
 परिवस m. (-सः) Abiding, abode. E. परि, and वस् to dwell, चञ् परिवसित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Respectfully attentive to superiors. E. परि respect, वस् to abide, aff. त्त, and इत् inserted.



श्रुत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Heard. E. परि, and श्रुत heard.  
 श्रुत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Embraced, clasped. E. परि before, श्रुत् to embrace, श्रुत् aff.  
 श्रुत m. (-तः) Embracing, an embrace. E. परि, and श्रुत् embracing.  
 श्रुत n. (-तः) The formation or collection or functions of an assembly. E. श्रु added to the next.  
 श्रुत f. (श्रुत् or श्रुत्) An assembly, a meeting, an audience or congregation. E. परि around, श्रुत् to go, aff. श्राधारे श्रुत्.  
 श्रुत m. (-तः) A spectator at a play, one of an assembly or congregation. E. परिश्रुत् as above, and श्रुत् aff.; whence it is more usually परिश्रुत् or परि + श्रुत्-चच् । [See परिश्रुत्, श्रुत् being added.  
 श्रुत m. (-तः) One of a party or assembly, a spectator, a guest. E.  
 श्रुत m. (-तः) 1. An assistant in an assembly, an associate. 2. A spectator, &c. E. परिश्रुत् as above, वजन् aff.  
 श्रुत m. (-तः) 1. A foster child, one nourished by a stranger.  
 2. A servant. see परिश्रुत् ।  
 श्रुत m. (-तः-or-चः) A foster child, or one nourished by a stranger : see परिश्रुत्. E. परि + श्रुत्-त ।  
 श्रुत m. (-तः) 1. Decoration, embellishment. 2. Cooking, dressing. 3. Finishing, polishing. 4. Initiation, purification by essential rites. 5. Surrounding. 6. Furniture. E. परि implying ornament, and श्रुत् making, श्रुत् inserted, and changed to च; also in the same sense परिश्रुत्.  
 श्रुत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Adorned, decorated, embellished. 2. Highly finished or polished. 3. Cooked, dressed. 4. Purified by initiatory rites. 5. Surrounding, encompassed. E. परि before, श्रुत् to make, aff. त. see the last.  
 श्रुत mfn. (-तः) An altar, or ground prepared for a sacrifice, or for the victim and the utensils employed. E. परिश्रुत्, and श्रुत् ground.  
 श्रुत f. (-तः) Finished, polishing, &c. see परिश्रुत्.  
 श्रुत m. (-तः) An elephant's coloured housings : see परिश्रुत् ।  
 श्रुत n. (-तः) Surrounding place or site. E. परि, and श्रुत् place.  
 श्रुत m. (-तः) Embracing, an embrace. E. परि before, श्रुत् to embrace, aff. चच् ।  
 श्रुत् ind. Having embraced. E. परि, श्रुत् to embrace, श्रुत् aff.  
 श्रुत् f. (-तः) 1. Total or complete enumeration or specification, implying exclusion of any other. 2. Reckoning, enumerating. E. परि, and श्रुत् a number.  
 श्रुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Counted, enumerated. 2. Reckoned up or specified exclusively of any more. E. परि, and श्रुत् counted.  
 श्रुत् n. (-तः) 1. Exclusive enumeration or specification. 2. Correct judgment. E. परि, and श्रुत् reckoning.  
 श्रुत् m. (-तः) Time of universal destruction. E. परि + श्रुत्-चच् ।  
 श्रुत् m. (-तः) An assistant at an assembly. E. परि about, श्रुत् a fellow guest.  
 श्रुत् n. (-तः) Finishing entirely. E. परि, and श्रुत् before, श्राप् to श्रुत्, श्रुत् aff. [finished.  
 श्रुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Finished, done entirely. E. परि, and श्रुत्  
 श्रुत् f. (-तः) Entire completion. E. परि, and श्रुत् before, श्राप् to obtain, श्रुत् aff.  
 श्रुत् n. (-तः) 1. Heaping up. 2. Sprinkling water round the sacrificial fire. E. परि + श्रुत्-चच्-भावे-श्रुत् ।  
 श्रुत् m. (-तः) 1. Ground on the skirts of a river or mountain, or contiguous to a town, &c. 2. Death, dying. 3. Rule, precept, prescribed mode. 4. Part, place, site. 5. Width, breadth. E. परि about, or end, term, &c. श्रुत् going, from श्रुत् to go, aff. चच्.  
 श्रुत् n. (-तः) Running about.  
 श्रुत् m. (-तः) 1. Encompassing, surrounding. 2. Going, proceeding. 3. following, pursuing. E. परि around, and श्रुत् going.

परिश्रुत् n. (-तः) 1. Creeping about. 2. Running to and fro. 3. Constantly moving.  
 परि(श्रुत्)श्रुत् f. (-तः) 1. Perambulation, wandering round or about. 2. Near approach. 3. Service. E. परि about, श्रुत् to go, भावे-चच् aff.  
 परिश्रुत् n. (-तः) 1. Accomplishing, effecting. 2. Determining, ascertaining. E. परि before, श्राप् to accomplish, aff. श्रुत्.  
 परिश्रुत् m. (-तः) Wandering about. E. परि before, श्रुत् to go, aff. चच्.  
 परिश्रुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Wandering. E. परि before, श्रुत् to go, श्रुत् aff.  
 परिश्रुत् m. (-तः) Boundary, extreme term or limit. E. परि and श्रुत् a limit.  
 परिश्रुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Opposing. E. परि against, श्रुत् to effect, श्रुत् aff.  
 परिश्रुत् f. (-तः) Frequent bathing or sprinkling. E. परि before, श्रुत् to sprinkle, frequent. v. चच् and टाप् affs.  
 परिश्रुत् m. (-तः) A foster child, one nourished by a stranger. n. (-तः) Going round or about. E. परि about, श्रुत् to go, aff. चच्; also च being optionally changed, परिश्रुत्.  
 परिश्रुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Going round or about. 2. Surrounding, circumambulating. 3. Wandering. E. परि, श्रुत् to go, aff. श्रुत्.  
 परिश्रुत् m. (-तः) 1. A foster or an adopted child. 2. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. E. परि before, श्रुत् to go, aff. त; also परिश्रुत्.  
 परिश्रुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Covered, spread over. E. परि, and श्रुत् strewn.  
 परिश्रुत् m. (-तः) An elephant's painted or coloured cloth or housings. E. परि around, श्रुत् to applaud, aff. त, irregular form, श्रुत् being substituted for the proper termination; also परिश्रुत् when considered as a compound of परि and श्रुत्.  
 परिश्रुत् n. (-तः) 1. Fixedness, solidity. 2. Fortitude, firmness. E. परि and श्रुत् place; also परिश्रुत्.  
 परिश्रुत् m. (-तः) 1. Beating, throbbing. 2. Decoration of the hair, with flowers, &c. 3. Train, retinue. E. परि around, श्रुत् to go, aff. चच्.  
 परिश्रुत् n. (-तः) Beating, throbbing. E. परि before, श्रुत् to go, aff. श्रुत्.  
 परिश्रुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Moving tremulously, being gently agitated, shaking, trembling. 3. Throbbing, beating. E. परि before, श्रुत् to go, श्राप् aff.  
 परिश्रुत् f. (-तः) 1. Quite plain, very manifest. 2. Fully developed.  
 परिश्रुत् n. (-तः) 1. Glancing, shooting. 2. Budding. E. परि, and श्रुत् to expand, श्रुत् aff.  
 परिश्रुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Budding, expanding. 2. Bursting forth. 3. Darting, glancing, moving quickly or suddenly. 4. Gleaming. E. परि, and श्रुत् to expand, श्रुत् aff.  
 परिश्रुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Glancing, gleaming. 2. Opened, expanded. 3. Shot, glanced. E. परि, and श्रुत् to expand, त aff.  
 परिश्रुत् m. (-तः) 1. Oozing, dropping. 2. Decoration of the hair. 3. Flow, stream. 4. Train, retinue : see परिश्रुत्. E. परि around, श्रुत् to drop, aff. चच्.  
 परिश्रुत् n. (-तः) Dropping, flowing, oozing. E. परि, and श्रुत् to drop, श्रुत् aff.  
 परिश्रुत् m. (-तः) 1. Flowing, streaming. 2. A river, a torrent. E. परि + श्रुत् भावे-चच् ।  
 परिश्रुत् m. (-तः) Effluxion, efflux. E. परि + श्रुत्-चच्-भावे-चच् ।  
 परिश्रुत् f. (-तः) 1. Vinous liquor. 2. Dropping. flowing. E. परि before, श्रुत् to distil, aff. श्रुत् and तच् added.  
 परिश्रुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Oozed, trickled, dropped, distilled. f. (-तः) Vinous or distilled liquor. E. परि before, श्रुत् to drop or ooze, aff. त.  
 परिश्रुत् f. (-तः) Loosened.

**परिहरण n. (-ण)** 1. Seizing, taking. 2. Leaving, abandoning. 3. Avoiding. 4. Disappearing. 5. Refuting, repelling. **परि** before, **हृ** to take, **कृट्** aff.

**परिहरणीय mfn. (-यः-वा-य)** 1. To be shunned or avoided. 2. To be taken away. 3. To be confuted. **परि** before, **हृ** to take, **कृट्** aff.

**परिहरणीयता f. (-ता)** 1. Disappearance, unattainableness. 2. Refutation. **परि** before, **हृ** to take, **कृट्** aff.

**परिहरत् mfn. (-रन्-रन्-रन्)** 1. Illuding. 2. Shunning, avoiding. **परि** before, **हृ** to take, **कृट्** aff.

**परिहरमात्र mfn. (-यः-वा-य)** 1. Leaving, quitting. 2. Taking, seizing. 3. Confuting. **परि** before, **हृ** to take, **कृट्** aff.

**परिहृत्य mfn. (-यः-वा-य)** 1. To be shunned or avoided. 2. To be taken away. 3. To be confuted. **परि** before, **हृ** to take, **कृट्** aff.

**परिहासि (नि) f. (-नि or नि)** Decrease, loss. 2. Waste, decay, decline.

**परि(री)हार m. (-रः)** 1. Disrespect. 2. Seizing, surrounding. 3. Bounty, largess. 4. Any thing or person objectionable. 5. Leaving. 6. Removing. 7. Repelling. 8. Omission. 9. The common land round a village or town. **परि** before, **हृ** to take away, **कृट्** aff.

**परिहास्य mfn. (-यः-वा-य)** 1. To be shunned or avoided. 2. To be taken off or away. **परि** before, **हृ** to take, **कृट्** aff.

**परिहास m. (-सः)** 1. Mirth, sport, pastime. 2. Deriding. Ridiculing. **परि** much, **हृ** to laugh, **कृट्** aff. also **परिहास**.

**परिहासवेदिन् m. (-दि)** A Jester, a wag, a wit. **परि** before, **हृ** to know, **कृट्** aff.

**परिहित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Covered, invested, put on. **परि** before, **हृ** to place, **कृट्** aff.

**परिहोष mfn. (-यः-वा-य)** 1. Waned, faded, wasted. 2. Deserted by, deprived of. **परि** before, **हृ** to quit, **कृट्** aff.

**परिहृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** 1. Avoided, quitted. 2. Taken. 3. Repelled, refuted. **परि** before, **हृ** to take, **कृट्** aff.

**परिहृक् mfn. (-कः-का-क)** Investigating acutely, trying, examining. **परि** before, **हृ** to look or see, **कृट्** aff.

**परिहृक् m. (-कः)** 1. An experimenter, an assayer, a prover. 2. An investigator, a Judge. **परि** well, **हृ** to look or see, **कृट्** aff.

**परिहृण n. (-ण)** Trial, experiment, examination. **परि** about, **हृ** to see, **कृट्** aff.

**परिहृणीय mfn. (-यः-वा-य)** To be tried or investigated, to be submitted to ordeal, &c. **परि** before, **हृ** to see, **कृट्** aff. also **परिहृणीय** and **परिहृणी**.

**परिहृण f. (-ण)** 1. Discrimination, investigation, examination, test, trial, experiment. 2. Trial by ordeal of various kinds: see **दिहृ**. **परि** intensive prefix, before, **हृ** to see, **कृट्** aff. and **टाप्**; looking into any thing or person closely and minutely.

**परिहृण m. (-ण)** The grandson of ARJUNA, to whom the Bhāgavat was related. He came to the throne of Hastinapura after Yudhishtira. The advent of the Kali age is placed at the commencement of his reign. He died of a snake-bite. **परि** before, **हृ** to destroy, **कृट्** aff. also with a final vowel **परिहृणतः**; he was destroyed in his mother's womb, but reanimated by KRISHNA.

**परिहृण mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Tried, examined, tested, proved. **परि** before, **हृ** to see, **कृट्** aff.

**परिहाय m. (-यः)** Moving a piece at chess, draughts, &c. **परि** before, **हृ** to take, **कृट्** aff. the vowel of the prefix is optionally made long; also **परिहाय**.

**परित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** 1. Surrounded, encompassed. 2. Circumambulated. 3. Addicted, affected by. 4. Departed. 5. Seized. **परि** round, and **हृ** to go, **कृट्** aff.

**परितन् mfn. (-तन्)** Every way spread or extended. **परि** around, **हृ** to spread, **कृट्** aff. and the vowel of the prefix augmented.

**परितन् ind. 1.** Having passed round or circumambulated. 2. Having encompassed. **परि** before, **हृ** to go, **कृट्** aff.

**परितन् m. (-तन्)** The forty-first year of the Indian cycle.

**परितन् f. (-तन्)** 1. Desire of obtaining. 2. Haste, hurry. **परि** before, **हृ** to take, **कृट्** aff.

**परितन् m. (-तन्)** Disrespect. **परि** before, **हृ** to take, **कृट्** aff.

**परितन् mfn. (-तन्-ता-त)** Being penetrated or pervaded by. **परि** before, **हृ** to go, **कृट्** aff.

**परित n. (-त)** Fruit. **परि** to satisfy, **कृट्** aff.

**परित m. (-तः)** 1. A tortoise. 2. A stick. 3. A garment. **परि** before, **हृ** to take, **कृट्** aff.

**परित m. (-तः)** An embrace: see **परितन्**. **परि** before, **हृ** to take, **कृट्** aff.

**परित m. (-तः)** 1. Exchange, barter. 2. The royal tortoise: see **परितन्**.

**परित m. (-तः)** 1. Reproof, censure, abuse. 2. The bow or quill of a lute: see **परितन्**.

**परित m. (-तः)** 1. The sheath of a sword. 2. Dependents, family, retinue. **परि** around, **हृ** to cover, **कृट्** aff. and the final of **परि** made long; also **परितन्**.

**परित m. (-तः)** 1. A drain or channel made to carry off water from a pond that overflows. 2. A natural inundation or overflow. 3. Royal insignia. 4. A sword-sheath, a scabbard. **परि** before, **हृ** to bear, **कृट्** aff. and the **हृ** of **परि** is in consequence optionally long; also **परितन्**.

**परित f. (-तः)** 1. Inquiry, research, especially philosophical. 2. Service. 3. Willingness, readiness. 4. Homage, worship. **परि** much, **हृ** to wish, **कृट्** aff.

**परित m. (-तः)** 1. Going round or about, wandering, perambulation. 2. Near approach. **परि** about, **हृ** to go, **कृट्** aff.

**परित m. (-तः)** 1. Disrespect. 2. An open space for the pasturing of cattle near a village or town. 3. Remedy or atoning for any improper action. **परि** disrespect, **हृ** to convey, **कृट्** aff.

**परित m. (-तः)** Mirth, sport, amusement. **परि** pleasure, **हृ** to laugh, **कृट्** aff.

**परित m. (-तः)** 1. A knot or joint in a reed. 2. Paradise. 3. The ocean. 4. A mountain. **परि** to fill, **कृट्** aff. also **परितन्**.

**परित ind. Last year.** **परि** prior, **कृट्** aff.

**परित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Of or belonging to last year. **परि** last year, **कृट्** aff.

**परित m. (-तः)** A horse.

**परित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** 1. Harsh, abusive, (speech.) 2. Rough, rugged. 3. Severe, cruel, unkind. 4. Variegated in colour. 5. Shaggy, rough to the touch. 6. Sharp, piercing. **परि** before, **हृ** to take, **कृट्** aff.

**परित m. (-तः)** 1. Harsh and contumelious speech, abuse. 2. Yellow Barleria. **परि** before, **हृ** to fill or satisfy, **कृट्** aff.

**परित n. (-तः)** Harsh language, reproach, abuse. **परि** before, **हृ** to take, **कृट्** aff.

**परित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Harsh spoken. **परि** before, **हृ** to take, **कृट्** aff.

**परित f. (-तः)** Abusive or harsh language. **परि** before, **हृ** to take, **कृट्** aff.

**परित m. (-तः)** An abuser, one uttering harsh and scurrilous language. **परि** abuse, and **कृट्** speech, **कृट्** aff.

**परित n. (-तः)** The knot or joint of a cane or reed. **परि** to complete, **कृट्** aff.

**परित m. (-तः)** The Parush tree: see **परितन्**; also with **कृट्** added **परितन्**.

**परित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Dead, defunct. **परि** before, **हृ** to take, **कृट्** aff.

**परित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** A kind of goblin, ghost, a spirit. **परि** another, (world,) **हृ** to go, **कृट्** aff.

**परित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Faithful, friendly. **परि** an enemy, **हृ** to oppose, **कृट्** aff.

**परित m. (-तः)** A name of YAMA. **परि** a ghost, and **कृट्** aff.

पुनरि ind. Next day, to-morrow. E. पर another, एवमि aff.  
 पुनरि ind. (-यः) Next day. E. पर after, एवम् aff.  
 पुनरि mfn. (प-पा-पं) Where water is lodged or retired, whence it has,  
 (a place, &c.) E. पर, and एव water.  
 पुनरि m. (-पः) BRAMHA'. E. पर best, एति worship.  
 पुनरि f. (-जा) A cow bearing many calves. E. पर best, इत् to go, पु  
 aff., and कन् added.  
 पुनरि mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Nourished by a stranger. m. (-नः) The Kokila  
 or Indian cuckoo. E. पर a stranger, एति nourished.  
 पुनरि mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Invisible, imperceptible. 2. Absent. 3. Past.  
 m. (-यः) An ascetic, a religious hermit. n. (-यः) 1. Invisibility,  
 absence, secrecy. 2. (In Grammar.) Past time or tense. E. पर  
 before, उच् to sprinkle, aff. क; or पर away, चति the eye,  
 form irr.  
 पुनरि m. (-गः) Enjoyment or possession of any thing in the  
 absence of the proprietor. E. परोक्ष, and भोग enjoyment.  
 पुनरि m. (-यः) Not experienced in love matters.  
 पुनरि mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) One who does any thing whilst absent.  
 E. परोक्ष, and वृति practice.  
 पुनरि n. (-यः) An absent or invisible object. E. परोक्ष, and अयं object.  
 पुनरि m. (-यः) Another's superiority. E. पर, and उत्कर्ष eminence.  
 पुनरि mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Said by an enemy, &c. n. (-नः) Clamour,  
 menace. E. पर, and उदित said.  
 पुनरि m. (-रः) Charity, benevolence, doing good to others. E.  
 पर another, उपकार assistance.  
 पुनरि mfn. (-रः-रि-रि) Benevolent, charitable, good to others.  
 E. परोक्ष, and इति aff.  
 पुनरि mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Helped or befriended by another. 2.  
 Brought by another. E. पर, and उपकृत assisted.  
 पुनरि n. (-नः) The dissension of enemies. E. पर, and उपजात  
 dissension.  
 पुनरि m. (-नः) Giving a piece, counselling, admonishing. E. पर, and  
 उपदेश instruction.  
 पुनरि mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Invested, besieged, blockaded. E. पर, and  
 उपबद्ध surrounded.  
 पुनरि mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Having both superior and inferior, prior  
 and subsequent, &c. E. पर best, अतः lowest, अयं aff.  
 पुनरि f. (-यः) A cockroach. E. पर best, उष्ण warmth; it is also  
 written परोक्षी.  
 पुनरि n. (-यः) Regret, anxiety. m. (-यः) A heron.  
 पुनरि f. (-यः-यि) The waved-leaf fig tree, (Ficus infestiosa.) E. पच्  
 to touch, अति aff., उच् optionally added; also with इन् added  
 पच् टिन्. (पाकृ) ।  
 पुनरि m. (-यः) The waved-leaf fig tree: see the last,  
 पुनरि f. (-नः) A sort of Curcuma, (C. zanthorrhizon.) E. पु to satisfy,  
 aff. क्तिप्, जन् to produce, aff. अच् and उच्. "दाहहरिता" ।  
 पुनरि m. (-नः) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. A thundering cloud. 3. The  
 muttering of clouds or distant thunder. 4. Any cloud. 5. Rain.  
 E. पु, to sprinkle, (rain,) Una'di aff. अच्, and ज or य substituted  
 for य; also पयन् ।  
 पुनरि 10th cl. (पुनरिते) To make or be green. अ-चु-उभ-उक-सेट् ।  
 पुनरि n. (-यः) 1. A leaf. 2. The Pa'n or betel-leaf. 3. A wine. 4. The  
 feather of an arrow. m. (-यः) The Pala'sh tree, (Butea frondosa.)  
 f. (-यः) 1. An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) 2. The leaf  
 of the asafoetida. E. पु to please, and Una'di aff. न, fem. aff.  
 उच्, or पच् to be or make green, aff. अच्.  
 पुनरि m. (-रः) A vender of Pa'n leaves E. पच्, and कार who  
 makes.  
 पुनरि n. (-यः) Living upon leaves and water for a limited term,  
 as a religious obligation. E. पच्, and कश्च penance.

पुनरि m. (-यः) 1. A tree without apparent blossoms. 2. A tree  
 in general. n. (-यः) A multitude of leaves. E. पच् a leaf, अयं a  
 part.  
 पुनरि m. (-यः) An epithet of Siva.  
 पुनरि m. (-यः) A kind of perfume, called "chor."  
 पुनरि mfn. (-यः) Causing the falling of leaves. E. पच् a leaf, अयं to  
 fall, aff. क्तिप्, and उच् substituted for the final.  
 पुनरि m. (-रः) A man of leaves, an effigy stuffed with leaves, made  
 to represent a person deceased, whose body cannot be found, and  
 for whom obsequial rites are performed with this representative.  
 E. पच्, and नर a man.  
 पुनरि m. (-यः) The priyangu creeper. पञ्चमेदकनामि ।  
 पुनरि m. (-नः) 1. A goat. 2. Any animal eating leaves. E. पच्  
 a leaf, and भोजन food.  
 पुनरि m. (-यः) The Ka'mra'nga, an acid fruit : (Averrhoa caram-  
 bola.) E. पच् a leaf, सच् to be tall, aff. चालच्. According to  
 Vachaspathya:—कारवेखनं (उच्छा) ।  
 पुनरि m. (-यः) The winter. शिशिरकाल ।  
 पुनरि m. (-यः) Any wild animal lodging in the boughs of trees, as  
 a monkey, a sloth, a squirrel. E. पच्, and मृग deer.  
 पुनरि m. (-यः) The spring. [ of this word,  
 पुनरि (यि) f. (-जा) Full of leaves, some authority places पञ्चो instead  
 पुनरि f. (-ता) The betel plant. E. पच्, and जता a creeper.  
 पुनरि f. (-ता) A tree, (Butea frondosa.) E. पच् and बहो a pedicle.  
 पुनरि f. (-ता) Pieces of the areca-nut and other spices rolled up  
 in betel leaves.  
 पुनरि f. (-यः) A hut of leaves and grass, a hermitage. E. पच् a  
 leaf, and जाला a hall.  
 पुनरि mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Sleeping on leaves. E. पच् and सत्तर a bed.  
 पुनरि m. (-यः) 1. A lotus. 2. A summer or water house. 3. A veg-  
 table. 4. Decoration, toilet. E. पु to delight, Una'di aff. अति, and  
 नृच् inserted.  
 पुनरि m. (-यः) 1. A boat. 2. A spade or hoe. 3. Single combat.  
 पुनरि m. (-नः) A cloud. n. (-नः) Feeding on leaves. E. पच् a leaf,  
 and अशन food.  
 पुनरि m. (-यः or यः) A Tulasi tree with few leaves.  
 पुनरि m. (-यः) A sort of Basil, (Ocimum sanctum,) with small  
 leaves. E. पच् a leaf, अति to go, (beautiful,) aff. अच्, अन् or इन् ।  
 पुनरि m. (-यः) 1. A tree. 2. The Butea frondosa. E. पच् a leaf, aff.  
 इति.  
 पुनरि n. (-यः) A hut of leaves, the residence of holy anchorites, a  
 hermitage. E. पच् a leaf, and उच्छा a hut.  
 पुनरि 1st. cl. (पुनरि) 1. To fart, to break wind. आ-पा-स-क-सेट् ।  
 पुनरि m. (-यः) 1. A quantity of hair. 2. A fart. E. पु to nourish, इ  
 Una'di aff., or पच् to fart, aff. अच् अच् or अच् ।  
 पुनरि n. (-यः) A fart, farting. E. पच् to fart, aff. अच् ।  
 पुनरि 1st. cl. (पुनरि) to go, to move. आ-पर-स-क-सेट् ।  
 पुनरि n. (-यः) 1. A house. 2. Young grass. 3. A wheel chair, or one on  
 which a cripple can move about. E. पु to be pleased, Una'di aff.  
 पु, or पच् to go, aff. अच्.  
 पुनरि m. (-यः) A medicinal plant with bitter leaves, (apparently the  
 Oldenlandia biflora, though the Hindi name Papar is also applied  
 to the Gardenia latifolia, Rox.) f. (-यः) 1. A thin crisp cake made  
 of any pulse. 2. A red aluminous earth, apparently a sort of  
 Bol, brought from Surat or Saurashtra. E. पच् to go, and अटन्  
 Una'di aff. "चेतपापका" ।  
 पुनरि m. (-यः) Bdelium. कुम्भीरुच ।  
 पुनरि m. (-यः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. 3. A piece of water. E. पु to  
 nourish, इन् Una'di aff., the root repeated.  
 पुनरि m. (-यः) A cripple that moves about by the aid of a chair,  
 of cradle. E. पच् a chair, &c. aff. इन्.



परं r. 1st. cl. (परंति) To go, to move. आ०पर०स०नेट् ।

पर्यं(ख) m. (-ङ्) 1. A bed. 2. A cloth thrown over the back, loins, and kneels, while seated upon the hams. The posture is thus described on Vāchaspatya, viz:—

एकं पादमथैकमिदं विन्यस्योरो पृ संस्थितम् ।

इतरस्मिन् तथैवोक्तं वीरासनं मिदं च तत् ।

उत्तानिते करतले करसुप्तानितं परम् ।

आशयाद् गतं कृत्वा आशेषद्वयं नोत्तरम् ॥

ए. परि about, चक्षि to go, aff. चञ्; also र being optionally changed to ख, पखङ्.

पर्यं बन्धन n. (-न्) Binding a cloth round the knees, thighs, and back, as seated on the hams. E. पर्यङ्, and बन्धन binding.

पर्यटन n. (-न्) Wandering about, roaming. E. परि about, अटन gcing.

पर्यन्तयोग m. (-गः) Asking, inquiring, (with a view to contradict.) E. परि severally, चञ् according to, योग fitness.

पर्यन्त m. (-न्तः) 1. Limit, term, boundary, extent. 2. End, termination, close. 3. Side, flank. n. (-न्तः) Far, (limitative,) as किंपर्यन्तं or कियत्पर्यन्तं, how much, how far. E. परि, and चन end.

पर्यन्तम् f. (-म्) Ground contiguous to the skirts of a river or mountain, &c. E. परि about, चन्त term, भू earth.

पर्यन्तस्य mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्य) Limitative, boundary, confining. E. पर्यन्त, and स्य what stays.

पर्यन्तस्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) Bounding, confining. E. पर्यन्त, and स्थित placed.

पर्यन्तिका f. (-का) Loss of all good qualities, depravity. E. परि completely, चन्त end, ठञ् aff.

पर्यन्त m. (-न्तः) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. A thunder cloud. 3. The muttering of clouds. E. पृष् to sprinkle, चन्त Una'di aff., य substituted for ष; it is also read पर्यन्त.

पर्यय m. (-यः) 1. Contrariety, opposition. 2. Irregular or inverted order. 3. Neglect of enjoined or customary observances. 4. Revolution, lapse, expiration. 5. Change, alteration. 6. Confusion. E. परि improperly, चञ् to go or be, aff. चञ्.

पर्ययण n. (-णं) 1. A horse's saddle or housings. 2. Walking round. E. परि about, चयण going.

पर्ययदात f. (-ता) Quite pure or clean.

पर्ययसान n. (-नं) 1. End, conclusion. 2. Determination. E. परि, and चयसान end. परि + चय + सो-भावे लुट् ।

पर्ययनित mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) 1. Finished, completed, concluded. 2. Perished. E. परि and चयनित ended.

पर्ययस्या f. (-स्या) Opposition, contradiction. E. परि opposition, चयस्या staying, station. परि + चय + स्या-अङ् ।

पर्ययस्याह mfn. (-ता-नो-ह) Opposing, abstracting, opposed to or against. m. (-न्तः) An antagonist, an opponent, an enemy. E. परि against, चय before, स्या to stand or be, aff. लृच्.

पर्ययस्थान n. (-नं) Opposition, resistance, contradiction. E. परि against, चय being, स्थान standing.

पर्ययस्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) Opposed to, siding with an enemy. E. परि adverse, चयस्थित staying.

पर्ययश्च mfn. (-ञ्चः-ञ्चो-ञ्च) Filled or suffused with tears. E. परि, and चञ्च a tear.

पर्ययदृष्ट mfn. (-दृष्टः-दृष्टो-दृष्ट) Surrounded, invested. E. परि, and चयदृष्ट stopped.

पर्ययदृष्टान n. (-नं) Surrounding, investing. E. परि, and चयदृष्टान obstructing.

पर्ययन n. (-नं) 1. Casting, sending. 2. Putting off or away. 3. Throwing. E. परि, and चञ् to throw, भावे लुट् aff.

पर्ययलुत् mfn. (-लुत्-लुतो-लुत्) 1. Going forth, issuing. 2. Investing, oversetting. 3. Scattering. E. परि before, चञ् to throw, लृच् aff.

पर्यय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Fallen, descended, alighted. 2. Thrown

down or off. 3. Overturned, upset. 4. Struck, killed. 5. Dismissed laid aside. 6. Bound, surrounded. E. परि round, &c. चञ् thrown.

पर्ययिका f. (-का) 1. A bed. 2. Sitting upon the hams: (see पर्यं) E. परि about, चञ् to be, aff. तिन्, and कञ् added.

पर्ययिकल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Agitated, anxious. f. (ला) 1. Turbid. 2. Confused, disordered. E. परि, and चयल agitated.

पर्ययलुत् mfn. (-लुत्-लुतो-लुत्) Dropping, falling. E. परि, and चञ् before, लृच् to fall, लृच् aff.

पर्ययान्त mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्तः) Sipped, (as water, to rinse the mouth whilst eating.) E. परि, and आचान sipped.

पर्ययाण n. (-णं) A saddle, a pack-saddle or cloth serving for one. E. परि about, यञ् to go, form irr, or परि + वा-लुट्-प्रथो ।

पर्ययस mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) 1. Obtained, gained. 2. Able, adequate. 3. All, complete, entire, enough, sufficient. n. adv. (-सं) 1. Willing, readily. 2. Ably, powerfully. 3. Satisfactorily. 4. Unwillingly. E. परि before, चाप to acquire, aff. भावे लृच् ।

पर्ययसमीग mfn. (-गः-गा-गं) Possessing or enjoying a sufficiency. E. पर्ययस, and समीग enjoyment.

पर्ययसि f. (-सिः) 1. Willingness, readiness. 2. Obtaining, acquiring. 3. Satisfaction, repletion, satiety. 4. Entireness, fulness, sufficiency. 5. Adequacy, competency, fitness. 6. Discrimination or distinction of objects according to their natural properties. 7. Preserving, guarding. 8. Warding off a blow. E. परि exceeding, चासि obtaining.

पर्ययसि m. (-यः) 1. Order, arrangement, regular and methodical disposal or succession. 2. Manner, kind. 3. Opportunity, occasion. 4. Manufacture, preparation, artificial production. 5. Property of substances, as bitter, cooling, &c. 6. Generic or specific character. 7. Comprehensiveness, aggregation. 8. The text of a vocabulary, or the order of the synonyms for any term. E. परि successively, चञ् to go or proceed, aff. चञ्.

पर्ययशयन n. (-नं) Alternate sleeping and watching. E. पर्यय order, शयन sleeping.

पर्ययाहार n. (-नं) Food that should have been given to some one else, as that of a Śūdra to a Brāhman, &c. E. पर्याय, and अन्न food.

पर्यायो Ind. A particle expressing "harm," "injury." E. परि + चा + चल्-इ कर्थादि ।

पर्यायोचन n. (-नं) Looking round or about. 2. Considering, deliberating. 3. Knowing, recognising. E. परि, and चाङ् before, लोच् + see, aff. भावे लुट्.

पर्यायोल m. (-ला) Very turbid, much soiled.

पर्यायस m. (-सः) 1. Inverted order or position. 2. End, conclusion. 3. Rotation, revolution. E. परि before, चञ् to be, aff. चञ्.

पर्यायार m. (-रः) 1. Conveying, taking. 2. A load. 3. A yoke. 4. Storing hay or grain. 5. An ewer, a pitcher. E. परि, and चारङ् before, लृच् to take, लृच् aff. [tr]

पर्यायलुत् n. (-णं) Sprinkling round water without uttering any man. पर्यायान n. (-णं) Standing up.

पर्यायलुत् mfn. (-लुत्-लुतो-लुत्) 1. Afflicted, sorrowful, regretting. 2. Desirous, longing for. E. परि, and उल्लुक् unhappy.

पर्यायलुत् n. (-नं) 1. Debt. 2. Raising up, taking out. E. परि several लृच् over, चञ् to go, aff. लृच्.

पर्यायदृष्ट mfn. (-दृष्टः-दृष्टो-दृष्ट) 1. Prohibited, objected to, (as a ceremony) 2. Excepted, excluded. E. परि, and उद् before, चञ् to be, लृच् aff.

पर्यायदास m. (-सः) A prohibitive rule or precept. E. परि, and उद् before चञ् to throw or be, aff. चञ्; also पर्यायदास.

पर्यायदास n. (-नं) 1. Joining in or concurrence with any act of reverence. 2. Service, worship. 3. Courtsey. E. परि, and उद् worship.

पर्यायदासीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Seated or sitting upon. E. परि, and दासी before, चासीन seated.

पञ्च म. (पञ्च-ता-न) 1. Sown. 2. Set as a gem in a ring, E. परि before, वृत् to sow, aff. क्त.

पञ्चित म. (पञ्च-ता-न) 1. Stale, not fresh. 2. Insipid. 3. Stupid, vain. E. परि about, वृत् to abide, aff. क्त.

पञ्चिभोजिन् म. (-जो) The eater of stale viands, who will be regenerated as a maggot or worm. E. पञ्चित stale, भोजिन् who eats.

पञ्चवक्ता f. (-वा) 1. Research, investigation of duty by reasoning. 2. Search, inquiry in general. E. परि severally, वृत् to go, with युच् and टाप् aff.

पञ्चटि f. (-टि) Search, inquiry.

पञ्च r. 1st. cl. (पञ्चति) To fill. भा०पर०सक०सेट् ।

पञ्चक n. (-क) The knee. E. पञ्च for पञ्चन् a joint, aff. कन्.

पञ्चकारिन् म. (-री) A Brāhman who performs ceremonies for hire out of season. E. पञ्च, and कारिन् who makes.

पञ्चगामिन् म. (-ग) A man who associates with his wife on festival or holy days. E. पञ्च, and गामिन् who goes.

पञ्चशिरा f. (-शिरा) Speaks with pain on the edge of the cornea of the eye. E. पञ्चन्, and कन् added; also पञ्चश्रीका.

पञ्चतम m. (-त) 1. A mountain, a hill. 2. A tree. 3. A sort of potherb. 4. A kind of fish, (Silurus pabda, HAM.) 5. One of the divine kishis, a friend and rival of NARADA, and mentioned in the Mahābhārata. 6. The number "Seven." E. पञ्च to fill, Una'di aff. क्तच्.

पञ्चतकाक m. (-क) A raven. E. पञ्चन् a mountain, and काक a crow.

पञ्चतज्ज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Mountain, mountain-born. f. (-जा) A river. E. पञ्चन् a mountain, and ज born.

पञ्चतवाभिन् mfn. (-तो-निनी-नि) Living, &c. in the mountains. f. (-नी) 1. A name of DURGA. 2. The Gayatri. E. पञ्चत, and वाभिन् who dwells.

पञ्चतारा f. (-रा) The earth. E. पञ्चत a mountain, and आधार a receptacle or stay.

पञ्चतारि m. (-रि) A name of INDRA. E. पञ्चत a mountain, and परि an enemy.

पञ्चताश्रय m. (-यः) A cloud. E. पञ्चत a mountain, and आश्रय asylum.

पञ्चताश्रय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Mountaineer, living, &c. in mountains. m. (-यः) A fabulous animal, the Sarabha. E. पञ्चत, and आश्रय abode.

पञ्चतीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Mountainous, mountaineer, &c. E. पञ्चत mountain, क् aff.

पञ्चवि m. (-वि) The moon. E. पञ्च a day of the month, and वि who has.

पञ्चन n. (-ञ्च) 1. A knot, a joint in a cane or body, &c. 2. A name given to certain days in the lunar month, as the full and change of the moon, and the 8th and 14th of each half month. 3. Particular periods of the year, as the equinox, solstice, &c. 4. The moment of the sun's entering a new sign. 5. A festival, a holy day. 6. Opportunity, occasion. 7. A chapter, a book, the division of a work. 8. A moment, an instant. 9. Step of a staircase. E. पृ to fill or please, Una'di aff. वनिप्.

पञ्चपुष्पो f. (-पो) A plant, also called Rāmadu'ti. E. पञ्च a joint, and पुष्प a flower.

पञ्चपूषता f. (-ता) 1. Preparations for an assembly or festival. 2. Joining, uniting. 3. Completion of a festival. E. पञ्च a festival, and पूषता completion.

पञ्चशोभि m. (-भि) A cane or reed, the sugarcane, &c. E. पञ्च a joint, and शोभि place of production.

पञ्चरोप n. (-च) A festival, &c.: see पञ्चन.

पञ्चवृत् m. (-वृत्) The pomegranate. E. पञ्च a joint, and वृत् what grows.

पञ्चवर्षि m. (-रि) The full and change of the moon, the junction of the 15th and 1st of a lunar fortnight, or the precise moment of

the full and change of the moon. E. पञ्च a joining of the month, and वर्षि union.

पञ्चावधि m. (-धि) A peculiar period, the end of a Parva, &c. E. पञ्च as above, and अवधि limit.

पञ्चित m. (-तः) A sort of fish, (Silurus pabda, HAM.)

पण्डु m. (-ण्डुः) An axe, a hatchet. E. पर an enemy, ण् to destroy, Una'di aff. क्, deriv. irr.; or स्पृष्ट to touch, changed to ण्, and ण्डुन् Una'di aff.; also परण्डु.

पण्डुका f. (-का) A rib. E. ण् to fill, to complete, ण्डुन् aff. and कन् added.

पण्डुपाणि m. (-णि) A name of GANĒSA. E. पण्डु an axe, and पाणि the hand, holding an axe, in one hand.

पण्डुराम m. (-रामः) The first of three RĀMAS, being the sixth Avatār of VISHNŪ, as the son of the Muni JAMADAGNI. E. पण्डु an axe, and राम RĀMA; also परण्डुराम.

पण्डुध m. (-धः) An axe, a hatchet.

पण्डे r. 1st. cl. (पण्डेते) 1. To be kind or affectionate to. 2. To be moist. भा०आत्म०सक०सेट् ।

पण्डे f. (-ण्डे or पण्डु) An assembly, an audience. E. पण्डु to please, Una'di aff. चदि; also परिण्डे.

पण्डेह m. (-हः) An assistant at an assembly, a spectator, &c. E. पण्डे as above, वल्च् aff.

पण्डे r. 1st. cl. (पण्डेति) To go, to move. भा०पर०सक०सेट् ।

पण्डे r. 1st. cl. (पण्डेति) To protect. चुरा०उभ०सक०सेट् ।

पण्डे n. (-ण्डे) 1. A weight of gold or silver equal to four Karshas or Suvarnas; also of four or of eight Tola's, or in common use, of three Tola's, two Ma'shas, and eight Rattis. 2. A moment, the sixtieth part of an Indian hour. 3. Flesh. m. (-लः) Straw after threshing, &c. E. पण्डु to go, to move, aff. चच् ।

पण्डेचार m. (-चः) Blood. E. पण्डे flesh, and चार what oozes.

पण्डेगुह m. (-गुहः) A bricklayer, a plasterer. E. पण्डे flesh or mortar, compared to it, and गुह a mark or spot.

पण्डेहट mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) Timid, fearful, frightened. E. पण्डे flesh, कट् to go, aff. खच्; whose flesh shrinks with fear.

पण्डेहर m. (-रः) Bile. E. पण्डे flesh, कर what makes.

पण्डेह्व m. (-वः) 1. A Rākshasa, an imp or goblin. mf. (-वः-व) The Bdellium tree. f. (-वः) 1. A plant, (Ruella longifolia.) 2. The ichneumon plant; see राक्षा. 3. The Pala'sh tree, (Butea frondosa.) 4. Lac, the animal dye. 5. A creeper; see मृण्डीरी. E. पण्डे flesh, and क्व what injures, aff. खच्.

पण्डेभा f. (-भा) The mid-day shadow of a gnomon, when the sun is in the equinoctial points.

पण्डेन n. (-ण्डे) 1. Flesh. 2. Mud, mire, clay. 3. Oil-cake or sesamum seed. m. (-लः) A Rākshasa, a goblin or imp. E. पण्डु to go, Una'di aff. कलच्; or पण्डे flesh, and ला to get, aff. क.

पण्डेज्वर m. (-रः) Bile. E. पण्डे flesh, ज्वर heat.

पण्डेप्रिय m. (-यः) A raven. E. पण्डे, and प्रिय fond of. [asylum.]

पण्डेलाश्रय m. (-यः) Swelled neck, bronchocele. E. पण्डे flesh, आश्रय

पण्डेव m. (-वः) A snare or basket of wicker work for catching fish. E. पण्डे flesh, and वा to get, aff. चच्.

पण्डेदि m. (-दि) Bile, the bilious humour. E. पण्डे flesh, चदि fire.

पण्डेद m. (-दः) The Gangetic porpoise. E. पण्डे flesh, गन् to go or get, aff. ड.

पण्डेख m. (-खः) An onion. E. पण्डु to preserve (from disease), चख् aff.

पण्डेद mf. (-दः-द) A Rākshasa, male or female. E. पण्डे flesh, चद who eats; also पण्डेदन् mf. (-नः-नी).

पण्डेप m. (-पः) 1. A halter. 2. An elephant's temples. E. पण्डे + आप-पण्डे

पण्डेपद्मा f. (-पद्मा) A collyrium; see कुलत्पा.

पण्डेयन n. (-नः) Flight, retreat. E. परा from, चय् to go, कुट् aff. र changed to न्. [यानच् aff.]

पण्डेयमान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Running away. E. परा before, चय् to go,

- पक्षान्नपरायण mfn. (-चः-पा-च) Fugitive. E. पक्षायन, and परायण addicted to.
- पक्षायित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Defeated, flown, run away, retreated. E. पक्षायन flying, इत् aff., or परा + चय् गच्छन्त्यात्-कर्त्तरि क्त रत्न लः ।
- पक्षाल mn. (-लः-ल) Straw. E. पक्ष् to go, Una'di aff. कायन्.
- पक्षालदीपद m. (-दः) The mango tree. E. पक्षाल straw, दीपद wishing, requiring straw for manure, or from the fruit being sometimes ripened in straw.
- पक्षाश mfn. (-शः-शा-श) 1. Green. 2. Unfeeling, unmerciful, cruel. n. (-श) A leaf. m. (-श) 1. A tree bearing red blossoms, (Butea frondosa.) 2. A demon, a goblin. 3. A sort of Curcuma, (C. reclinata, Rox.) 4. Ancient Behar or Magad'ha. f. (-शी) 1. Lac. 2. A kind of creeper. E. पक्ष going, or flesh, चक्ष् to spread, to eat, aff. चक्ष् or चक्ष्.
- पक्षाशक m. (-कः) 1. Curcuma reclinata. 2. The Pala'sh tree. E. कन् added to the preceding.
- पक्षाशाल्य m. (-ल्यः) Asafetida.
- पक्षाशान्ना f. (-न्ना) Ajwaen : see गन्धपत्र.
- पक्षाशिन m. (-शो) 1. A tree in general. 2. A goblin. 3. A sort of Mimulus, (M. kauki, Rox.) E. पक्षाश a leaf, इत् aff.
- पक्षिकी f. (-की) 1. An old or greyheaded woman. 2. A cow with calf. E. पक्षित grey hair, aff. डोप्, and क्त substituted for तः see पक्षित.
- पक्षिच m. (-च) 1. A glass vessel. 2. A water pot. 3. The gate way of a building. 4. A wall, a rampart. 5. A cowpen. 6. An iron club. E. परि completely, इन् to injure, च substituted for the radical, and र changed to लः see परिच.
- पक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तो-त) Grey-haired, old. m. (-तः) An old man. f. (-तः) An old woman. n. (-तः) 1. Greyness of the hair. 2. Much or ornamented hair. 3. Heat, burning. 4. Mud, mire. 5. Benzoin. E. पक्ष् to go, (towards death,) Una'di aff. भावे क्त, or पक्ष flesh, &c. and इत् aff.
- पक्षिस्त m. (-स्तः) A bedstead. E. See पक्षिस्त, र being changed to ल.
- पक्षायन n. (-नः) 1. A saddle, a pack-saddle. 2. A rein, a bridle. E. परि before, चयन going, र changed to ल.
- पक्षुल r. 10th cl. (पक्षुलयति-ते) 1. To cut. 2. To purify; also written पक्षुल and पक्षुल &c. अद-वृत्-उभ-सक-सेट् । [and पक्षुल.
- पक्षुल r. 10th cl. (पक्षुलयति-ते) 1. To cut. 2. To purify; also पक्षुल.
- पक्ष् r. 1st cl. (पक्षति) To go. भा-पर-सक-सेट् ।
- पक्ष m. (-क्ष) 1. A large basket or matted shed used for keeping corn, &c. 2. A large granary. f. (-क्षी) 1. A small village. 2. A city, or rather an affix to words forming the name of a town; it is especially used in the Dekhin, as in Trichinopoly or Trisira-palli, &c. 3. A small house-lizard. 4. A creeping plant. E. पक्ष् to go, aff. चक्ष्; also with इन् aff. पक्षि. or पक्ष् लाति ला-क, पादस्थाने पत् ।
- पक्षव mfn. (-वः-व) 1. A sprout, a shoot, the extremity of a branch bearing new leaves. 2. A branch. 3. Spreading, expansion. 4. A wood. 5. The red dye of lac or Alakta. 6. Love, the sentiment or passion. 7. A catamite. 8. A bracelet. 9. Unsteadiness, moral or physical. E. पक्ष् the foot, क्त to cut or break, चप् aff.
- पक्षवक m. (-कः) 1. The paramour of a harlot, a libertine. 2. A kind of fish, (Cyprinus denticulatus.) 3. A catamite. 4. The Asoka tree. E. पक्षव love, and कन् aff.
- पक्षवटु m. (-टुः) The Asoka tree. E. पक्षव, and टु a tree.
- पक्षवाद m. (-दः) A deer. E. पक्षव a shoot, चक्ष् to eat, aff. चक्ष्.
- पक्षवाधर m. (-रः) A branch. E. पक्षव a sprout, and वाधर receptacle.
- पक्षवाद्य m. (-द्यः) Ka'made'va E. पक्षव a sprout or blossom, and वाद्य a weapon.
- पक्षविक mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Amorous, desirous. 2. A libertine. 3. A catamite. E. पक्षव passion, टक् aff.

- पक्षवित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Having new sprouts. 2. Spread, extended. 3. Dyed red with Lac. m. (-तः) The red dye of the lac insect. E. पक्ष a sprout, &c. इत् aff.
- पक्षविम् m. (-वी) A tree. E. पक्षव a sprout, aff. इत्.
- पक्षि (क्षी) f. (-क्षिः) 1. A small village. 2. Any village. 3. A house. 4. A number of houses. 5. Any place or station. 6. A house-lizard; see पक्ष.
- पक्षिका f. (क्ष) 1. A House-lizard. 2. A small village. E. पक्षी, and क्त added.
- पक्षल mn. (-लः-ल) A small pond. E. पक्ष् to go, Una'di aff. वल्.
- पक्षलावास m. (-सः) A tortoise. E. पक्षल a pond, and आवास abode.
- पव m. (-व) 1. Winnowing corn. 2. A marsh. 3. Air, wind. 4. Purification, purity. n. (-व) Cow-dung. E. पू to purify, aff. चप्.
- पवत् mfn. (-वन्-वन्तो-वत्) Pure, purifying. E. पू to be pure, श्रुत् aff.
- पवन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Pure, clean. m. (-नः) 1. Air, wind, physical or personified, as a deity. 2. Winnowing grain. 3. The domestic fire. n. (-नः) 1. A potter's kiln. 2. Water. 3. Purifying, purification. E. पू to be or make pure, aff. ल्युट् or युच्.
- पवनव्याधि m. (-धिः) 1. Uddhava, one of KRISHNA's friends and advisers. 2. Wind, as affected morbidly, or rheumatism, &c. E. पवन, and व्याधि sickness.
- पवनात्मज m. (-जः) 1. Hanuma'n, the monkey hero. 2. Fire. 3. A name of Bhima. E. पवन wind (the deity,) and आत्मज son.
- पवनाल m. (-लः) A kind of grain, (Andropogon saccharatus.) (देधान्) ।
- पवनाश m. (-शः) A snake. E. पवन wind, and चक्ष् who eats.
- पवनाशन m. (-नः) A snake. E. पवन wind, and चक्ष् food.
- पवनाशनाश m. (-शः) 1. Garuda, the bird and vehicle of VISHN'U. 2. A peacock. E. पवनाशन a snake, and चक्ष् who eats; feeding on the serpent race.
- पवनाहत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Shaken by the wind. 2. Rheumatic. E. पवन and आहत struck.
- पवनेष्ट m. (-ष्टः) A large kind of Nimba tree. "मदानिम्" ।
- पवनोष्ण m. (-ष्णः) The Porush tree: see पक्ष. E. पवन air, चक्ष् water, and ज born.
- पवनाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Purifying. m. (-नः) 1. Air, wind. 2. Household fire or the sacred fire called Garhapatya. E. पू to purify, शानच् aff. [आत्मज son.
- पवनात्मज m. (-जः) The householder's perpetual fire. E. पवनाश, and पवाका f. (-का) A whirlwind. E. पू to purify, आत् Una'di aff.
- पवि m. (-विः) The thunderbolt of INDRA. E. पू to purify, Una'di aff. र ।
- पवित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Purified, cleansed. n. (-तः) Black-pepper. E. पू to purify, क्त aff.
- पविष्ट mfn. (-तः-तो-ष्ट) Purifying, cleansing. E. पू to purify, इन् aff.
- पवित्र mfn. (-त्रः-ता-त्र) 1. Pure, clean, purified physically or morally. 2. Who or what cleans, or purifies, &c. n. (-त्रः) 1. Sacrificial grass, (Poa cynosuroides.) 2. Copper. 3. Water. 4. Rain. 5. Rubbing, cleansing. 6. The vessel in which an Argha or libation or oblation is presented. 7. The Bra'hminical cord. 8. Ghee. 9. Honey. 10. A couple of Kusa leaves a span long, used at sacrifices to present offerings upon, or to sprinkle Ghee, &c. 11. Kusa grass used to clean or purify Ghee used in a sacrifice. 12. A ring of Kusa grass worn on the fourth finger on some occasions. 13. A text or Mantra of the Védas. 14. Any divinity, as Agni, &c. f. (-त्र) 1. Holy basil, (Ocimum sanctum.) 2. The name of a river, a little to the north-west of Haridwar; the Pabar. 3. The twelfth of the light fortnight of Srāvana, a festival in honour of VISHN'U. E. पू to purify, aff. वरच् इत्.
- पवित्रक n. (-कः) Packthread, or a rope or net made of it. E. पवित्र pure, क aff. चक्ष् चक्षे, उदुम्बरचक्षे, कुम्भे, दमनचक्षुषे, मयचक्षुषे विविधे जाते ।

पशुपतिपथ n. (-च) 1. Investiture with the Bra'hminical cord. 2. Investing the image of KRISHN'A with it, on the twelfth of the light fortnight of Sra'vana. E. पवित्र, and चारीपथ placing.

पशुपतिपथ n. (-च) The putting of the Bra'hminical cord on images of DURGA' on the eighth of the light half of Sra'vana or A'sha'rh. E. पवित्र, and चारीपथ mounting.

पवित्र mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Clean, pure, (literally or metaphorically.) E. पवित्र purifying, इतच् aff.

पवित्रीकरण n. (-चं) 1. Purification, cleansing. 2. The instrument or means of purifying. E. पवित्र, and करण making, वि augment.

पवित्रीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Purified, cleansed. E. पवित्र, and कृत made, वि augment.

पशुनाम m. (-सः) Name of an Asura said to be the destroyer of the child while in the womb.

पशुन n. (-रं) 1. An weapon. 2. The thunder. 3. A plough-share. E. पशु, the thunder-bolt, and स्वार्थे ईर aff.

पशु (प-स) r. 1st cl. (पशति-ते) r. 10th cl. (पाशयति-ते पश्यति-ते) 1. To bind, to fetter. 2. To knot or tie. 3. To go, to move. 4. To hinder or obstruct. 5. To touch. चासे आ, पसे चद्वन्से-च-उम-सक-सेट्.

पशुय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Fit or advantageous for cattle, (meadow, pasturage; &c.) 2. Possessed of or relating to a cattle. 3. Brutish. E. पशु, and यत् aff.

पशु m. (-यः) 1. An animal in general, a beast. 2. A goat. 3. A subordinate deity and one of Śiva's followers. 4. Any living being. 5. A sacrifice, an oblation. 6. The divine soul of the universe. 7. The glomerous fig tree. ind. See, behold. E. दृश् to see, पशु substituted, and कृ Una'di aff.

पशुका f. (-का) Any small animal. E. पशु, and कृ dimin. aff.

पशुक्रिया f. (-या) 1. Copulation, coition. 2. The act of animal sacrifice. E. पशु an animal, and क्रिया action.

पशुगायत्री f. (-त्री) A parody of the holy verse of the Vēdas, whispered into the ear of an animal about to be sacrificed. E. पशु, and गायत्री the Ga'yatri'. [killing.]

पशुदान n. (-तं) Slaughter of animals for sacrifice, &c. E. पशु, and दान

पशुना f. (-ता) The condition or nature of an animal, beastiality, brutality. E. तल् added to पशु.

पशुत्व n. (-त्वं) 1. Sacrifice of an animal. 2. Nature of an animal, E. पशु, and त्व aff.

पशुधर्म m. (-र्मः) 1. Action, property, or treatment of animals. 2. Promiscuous cohabitation. 3. The marrying of widows. E. पशु, and धर्म office.

पशुपति m. (-तिः) 1. A herdsman. 2. A name of Śiva. E. पशु living creature, and पति the master, the creator, or preserver; or पशु Śiva's attendant, and पति master; or according to one legend, पशु an animal, which every deity acknowledged himself to be before his lord and master Śiva, when they solicited him to destroy the Asura TRIPURA'.

पशुपल्लव n. (-ल) A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) कैवर्षीमुसके ।

पशुपाल m. (-लः) A herdsman. E. पशु, and पाल who cherishes. [ing.]

पशुपालन n. (-नं) Tending or rearing cattle. E. पशु, and पालन protect-

पशुप्रेरण n. (-णं) Driving cattle. E. पशु a beast, प्रेरण sending.

पशुयाग m. (-गः) Sacrifice of animals. E. पशु, and याग sacrifice.

पशुरक्षण n. (-णं) Tending cattle. E. पशु, and रक्षण preserving.

पशुर्विन् m. (-वी) A herdsman, a shepherd. E. पशु, and रविन् who guards.

पशुरज्जु m. (-ज्जुः) A string or tie for fastening cattle. E. पशु an animal, and रज्जु a rope.

पशुराज m. (-जः) A lion. E. पशु a beast, and राज sovereign.

पशुरीमन् n. (-न) The hair of an animal. E. पशु, and रीमन् hair of the body.

पशुसम्पन्न mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Produced by an animal, (flesh, honey, butter, &c.) E. पशु, and सम्पन्न product.

पशुहरीतकी f. (-की) The hog plum. E. पशु an animal, हरीतकी myrobalan. चावातकफले ।

पशुहव्य n. (-व्यं) Sacrifice of animals. E. पशु, and हव्य oblation.

पश्चात् ind. After, afterwards, behind, westward. E. पश्च, considered as a substitute for अपर, and चाति aff.

पश्चात्ताप m. (-पः) Repentance. E. पश्चात् afterwards, तप sorrow.

पश्चात्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) The remaining half or part of any thing. E. पश्च for अपर, and अर्ध a part.

पश्चिम mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) 1. West, western. 2. Behind, after. mf. (-मः-मा) The region of VARUN'A, the west. E. पश्चात् behind, and डिनच् aff.; Hindus in their prayers, usually facing the east; and consequently having the west behind them.

पश्य ind. An exclamation of wonder or admiration, (lo, behold, see.) E. दृश् to see, deriv. irr. also पश्यतु and पशु.

पश्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Who or what sees, E. पश्य for दृश् to see, य aff.

पश्यत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्वी-यन्) 1. Looking, seeing. 2. Remarking, considering. f. (-न्ती) 1. A harlot, a courtesan. 2. A particular sound. E. दृश् to see, यट् aff. of the present participle, and root irr.

पश्यतस् ind. Visibly, in sight. E. पश्य, and तस् aff.

पश्यतीहर m. (-रः) A thief, a pilferer, but one who steals in presence of the parties, and proverbially applied to the goldsmith, &c. E. पश्यतस् in presence of, and हर who takes.

पश्वदान n. (-नं) Sacrifice of offering of animals. E. पशु, and चवदान oblation.

पश्चाचार m. (-रः) Worship of Devi. E. पशु, and चाचार instituted observance.

पश r. 10th. cl. (पाशयति पश्यति) 1. To bind, to tie. 2. To move. 3. To oppose, to hinder. 4. To touch.

पश r. 1st. and 10. cls. (पशति-ते पाशयति पश्यति) 1. To bind, to fetter, to tie, to string. 2. To touch. 3. To oppose, to obstruct, to hinder. 4. To go, to move. 5. To injure or kill. (य) पशि r. 1st and 10th. cls. (पंसति पंसयति-ते) To annul, to annihilate or destroy. चु-उम-सक-सेट्-रदिच् ।

पशु n. (-ख) A house, E. पशु-भावे क्तिन्, तत्र चापु यत् ।

पशुश्रु m. (-श्रुः) Name of the 1st A'hnikā of the first chapter of Patanjali's Mahābhāṣya; (hence) An introductory chapter generally.

पशुव m. (-वः) The name of one of the degraded Kshatriya races sentenced by ŚAKA to wear beards, perhaps a Parthian.

पशिका f. (-का) A plant, (Pistia stratiotes.)

पशिक m. plu. (-कः) Name of a people, (perhaps the Persians.)

पांशु mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Linear, in or by line, or row. E. पंक्ति a line, aff. चण्.

पांशु(स)न mfn. (-नः-ना-नी-नं) 1. Vitiating, spoiling. 2. Wicked. f. (ना or नी; generally used at the end of a compound.) 1. Disgraceful, dishonouring, as in कुलपांशुन.

पांशु(स)व mf. (-वः-वी) 1. Rock or fossile salt. 2. Consisting of dust. E. पांशु dust, and चण् aff.

पांशु(सु) m. (-सुः or सुः) 1. Dust. 2. Manure. 3. Landed property. 4. A kind of camphor. E. पशु to bind, Una'di aff. कृ; also पांसु.

पांशुका f. (-का) 1. A menstruous woman. 2. A fragrant plant, (Pandanus odoratissimus.)

पांशुकासीच n. (-चं) Sulphate of iron. E. पांशु dust, and चासीच the same.

पांशुकुली f. (-ली) A principal road. E. पांशु dust, कुल a heap.

पांशुकूल n. (-कूल) 1. A dust-heap. 2. A black lease, a title deed, one not made out in any person's name. E. पांशु landed property, कूल a mound, (as it were.)

पांशु(सु)चत्वर m. (-रः) Hail. E. पांशु dust, चत्वर a level space.  
 पांशुचन्दन m. (-नः) A name of Śiva. E. पांशु dust, चन्दन Sandal.  
 पांशुचामर m. (-रः) 1. A tent. 2. A bank overgrown with Durba grass.  
 3. A Praise. 4. A heap of dust. 5. A small cucumber. E. पांशु dust, चामर a chowri. [dust, न born.  
 पांशु(सु)न n. (-नः) Salt extracted from soil, rock or fossile salt. E. पांशु  
 पांशुपत्र n. (-त्रः) A potherb, (Oenopodium.) E. पांशु dust, and पत्र leaf.  
 पांशुमूर्धन m. (-नः) A channel or basin for water, near or about the  
 root of a tree. E. पांशु dust, and मूर्धन destroying. "केदारदेविच" ।  
 पांशुव m. (-वः) A cripple : see पीडसर्विन्.  
 पांशुर m. (-रः) 1. A gadfly. 2. A cripple carried or moving about in a  
 chair. E. पांशु dust, and रा to get, क or उ aff. (डङ्ग)  
 पांशुल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) 1. Dusty, covered or spotted with dust. 2.  
 Sullied, defiled. 3. Disgracing. m. (-नः) 1. A name of Śiva.  
 2. One of Śiva's weapons ; a sort of pole armed at the upper  
 end with transverse pieces, representing the breastbone and  
 ribs adjoining, and surmounted by a skull ; also खट्वाङ्ग. 3. A  
 paramour, a gallant. 4. A kind of tree, (Cesalpinia bonducella)  
 f. (-लः) 1. An unchaste woman. 2. A woman during mens-  
 truation. 3. The earth. E. पांशु dust, ल् aff.  
 पांशुवर्ष m. (-वः) A shower or fall of dust. E. पांशु, and वर्ष rain.  
 पांसक mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Contemptible, vile. 2. Vitiating, spoiling.  
 E. पसि to destroy, क् aff.  
 पांसन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Contemptible, wicked, bad, infamous. 2.  
 Vitiating, spoiling, destructive. E. पसि to destroy, &c. aff. ल्युट्.  
 पांसु m. (-सुः) 1. Dust. 2. Manure. 3. A kind of camphor. E. पसि to  
 bind, &c. aff. क, also पांशु.  
 पा r. 1st. cl. (पाति) To drink. r. 2nd. cl. (पाति) To cherish, to  
 nourish, to protect or preserve. पाति, भा-पर-सक-चमिट् । रञ्ज्,  
 चदा-पर-सक-हेट् ।  
 पा mfn. (पाः-पा-प) 1. Who drinks. 2. Who protects or cherishes. 3.  
 To feast on, (with the eyes or ears.) 4. To absorb, to swallow up,  
 to destroy. E. पा to drink, &c. क् aff.  
 पाक m. (-कः) 1. Maturity, natural or artificial, as the state of being  
 cooked or ripened. 2. Cooking, baking, boiling, dressing food. 3.  
 A vessel in which any thing is dressed, a saucepan, a boiler,  
 &c. 4. Digestion, assimilation of food. 5. Suppuration, ripeness  
 of a boil. 6. Greyness of the hair. 7. General panic, or the sub-  
 version of a country. 8. Fear. 9. An owl. 10. The name of a  
 demon. 11. Completion. 12. The consequence of an act done.  
 13. Domestic fire. 14. Grain, corn. 15. Fruit, fruition. mf.  
 (-कः-का) The young of animals. E. पच् to be or become ripe,  
 aff. भावे-चत् ; or पा to nourish, Una'di aff. कन्.  
 पाकजम् m. (-जः) The Caronda tree, (Carissa carondas.) E. पाक ripen-  
 ing, जम् black ; bearing a black fruit when ripe ; also other  
 similar compounds, पाकजम्फल, जम्पाक, &c. "पान्चामुला" ।  
 पाकज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Produced by cooking, maturing, &c. n. (-जः)  
 1. Black-salt. 2. Flatulence. E. पाक, and ज born. [vessel.  
 पाकपात्र n. (-त्रः) A cooking utensil, a boiler, &c. E. पाक, and पात्र a  
 पाकपट्टो f. (-ट्टः) A potter's kiln. E. पाक backing, पट् to heap, affs. क  
 and छःप्.  
 पाकफल m. (-लः) The Caronda. E. पाक ripe, फल fruit, (black under-  
 stood ; ) see पाकजम्फल ; also पाकफलजम्, फलपाक, &c.  
 पाकभाण्ड n. (-ण्डः) A culinary utensil. E. पाक, and भाण्ड a vessel.  
 पाकमस्य m. (-स्यः) Fish sauce. E. पाक cooking, मस्य fish.  
 पाकयज्ञ m. (-यः) An oblation offered on building a house, liberating  
 a bull, &c. or a religious rite of four kinds, oblation to the  
 VISWADÉV, offerings to the spirits, the permanent obsequial  
 rites, and hospitality. E. पाक, and यज्ञ sacrifice ; the distribu-  
 tion of food being a part of each of these ceremonies.

पाकयज्ञिक m. (-कः) The performer of the ceremony called Pa'k-yajña  
 E. पाकयज्ञ, aff. ठक्. [to colour, aff. विच्-ख "नेत्रपत्रे"  
 पाकरक्षु n. (-नः) The leaf of the Laurus cassia. E. पाक cooking, रक्षु  
 पाकल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) 1. Producing maturity. 2. Suppurative, pro-  
 ducing suppuration in a boil. n. (-लः) A sort of Costus, (C. spe-  
 ciosus.) m. (-लः) 1. Fine. 2. Wind. 3. Fever in an elephant.  
 f. (-लः) A sort of cucumber, (C. utilatissimus.) E. पाक ripeness,  
 ला to get, aff. ड.  
 पाकलि m. (-लिः) A sort of plant, (Bauhinia candida.) रोहिणीह्वे ।  
 पाकशाला f. (-ला) A kitchen. E. पाक cooking, शाला a hall.  
 पाकशासन m. (-नः) INDRA. E. पाक a demon, शासन ruling, overcoming.  
 पाकशासनि m. (-निः) 1. "Jayanta" the son of INDRA. 2. A name of  
 Vāli. 3. A name of Arjun'a. E. पाकशासन INDRA, इञ् aff. of  
 descent.  
 पाकशुक्ला f. (-क्ला) Chalk. E. पाक cooking, burning, शुक्ल white.  
 पाकस्थान n. (-नः) A kitchen. E. पाक cooking, स्थान a place.  
 पाकित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Cooked, dressed, ripened, naturally or  
 artificially. E. पाक cooking, इमनिच् aff.  
 पाकुक m. (-कः) A cook. E. पच् to cook, Una'di aff. उकञ्, चख्य कश् ।  
 पाक्य mfn. (-क्यः-क्या-क्य) What may or is to be cooked, matured, &c.  
 m. (क्यः) Bit-Labana, a medicinal salt, impregnated with iron m.  
 (-क्यः) Nitre, salt-petre. E. पच् to cook, aff. कर्मणि ण्यत्.  
 पाच mfn. (-चः-ची-च) 1. Belonging to a half month. 2. Relating to a  
 side or party, &c. E. पच् and चण् aff.  
 पाचाद्यण mfn. (-णः-णी-ण) Belonging to or occurring in a Paksha or  
 fortnight, &c. E. पच् half month, &c. and क् aff.  
 पाचिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Belonging to a bird, to a fortnight, to an  
 argument, &c. 2. Favouring a party or faction. 3. Optional,  
 allowed but not prescribed. m. (-कः) 1. A fowler, a bird-catcher ;  
 An alternative. E. पच् a fortnight, or पचिन् a bird, aff. ठक्.  
 पाचण्ड m. (-ण्डः) A heretic, a heterodox Hindu, adopting the  
 exterior marks of the classes, but not respecting the ordinances  
 of the Vēdas. E. पा for पाल what nourishes, (mankind, as virtue  
 may be said to do,) and ण्डि to subvert or destroy, aff. चण् ; also  
 पाचण्ड.  
 पाच्य m. (-क्यः) A Brāhman who is or may be worthy to eat in a res-  
 pectable society at sacrifices, &c. E. पक्त्वा an assembly, and चण् aff.  
 पाचक mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. What produces maturity. 2. What cooks  
 or dresses. 3. Digestive, tonic, what effects digestion. n. (-कः) The  
 bile which assists in digestion. m. (-कः) 1. Fire. 2. A cook. E. पच्  
 to ripen or concoct, क् aff.  
 पाचकस्त्री f. (-स्त्री) A she-cook. E. पाचक cooking, स्त्री a woman.  
 पाचन mfn. (-नः-नी-न) 1. What cooks or ripens, &c. 2. Digestive.  
 Suppurative. n. (-नः) 1. A medicinal preparation, an infu-  
 sion, a decoction, &c. of various drugs, chiefly carminatives or  
 gentle stimuli given to bring the vitiated humours in fever,  
 &c. to maturity, a sort of diet drink. 2. Penance, expiation.  
 3. The act of cooking, or ripening. m. (-नः) 1. Fire. 2. Acidity,  
 sourness. f. (-नी) 1. A sort of myrobalan, (Terminalia, chebula.)  
 2. Cooking, ripening. E. पच् to dress, in the causal form, aff.  
 ल्युट् ।  
 पाचनक m. (-कः) 1. Borax. n. (-कः) A sort of diet drink : see the last.  
 E. पच् to mature, (metals,) in the causal form, ल्युट् aff. and वच्  
 added. "सोषागा" ।  
 पाचल n. (-लः) Cooking, maturing. m. (-लः) 1. Fire. 2. Wind. 3. A  
 thing dressed or matured without the aid of fire. 4. What-  
 ever ripens, cooks, causes digestion, &c. E. पच् in the causal  
 form, विच् वा-कञ् aff. [टप् aff.  
 पाचा f. (-चा) Cooking, maturing. E. पच् to cook, causal v. पच् and  
 पाचि f. (-चिः) Cooking, maturing. E. पच् to cook, इञ् aff.

- पाचिका f. (-का) Cooking, maturing. इ. पच् to cook, कृत् aff.  
 पात्र n. (-त्र) Strength, power. इ. पा to nourish, असुन् Una'di aff., and लुट् augment.  
 पाचकपाल mfn. (-कः-लो-क) Relating to or part of that oblation which is offered in five cups. इ. पचकपाल, q. v. चण् aff.  
 पाचजन्य m. (-न्यः) 1. KRISHNĀ's conch. 2. A name of fire. 3. Any shell. 4. A sort of fish, commonly Gara'i. इ. पचजन्य a demon, from whose bones the shell was made, यत् aff.  
 पाचजम्बधर m. (-रः) A name of KRISHNĀ. इ. पचजन्य the conch, and धर who has.  
 पाचशास्त्रिक mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) Relating or belonging to, or included in the five great ceremonies. न. (-कं) Either of the five great sacraments. इ. पचयश्च, and ठञ् aff.  
 पाचमैतिक mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) Consisting or made of the five elements. इ. पचभूत, and ठञ् aff.  
 पाचिका f. (-का) A doll, a puppet : see पाचालिका ।  
 पाचमैदिक n. (-कं) Musical instruments in general, or of five sorts. इ. पच, शब्द sound, and ठञ् aff.  
 पाचालिक m. (-कः) A follower or votary of Śiva.  
 पाचाल mfn. (-कः-लो-क) Belonging to, dwelling in, ruling over, &c. the country of Panchāla. m. (-कः) 1. The sovereign of Panchāla. plu. The people of that country. 2. The company or association of five trades, the carpenter, weaver, barber, washerman, and shoemaker. इ. पचाल the country so called, and ख्यायै चण् aff. &c.  
 पाचालिका f. (-का) A doll, a puppet : see पाचाली ।  
 पाचाली f. (-ली) 1. A name of DRAUPADI, the wife of the five Paṇḍu princes. 2. A woman of the Panchālas. 3. A puppet, a doll. 4. Melodious combination of five or six words, (In rhetoric). इ. पचाल the country so called, चण् aff. of descent or reference, and fem. aff. डोप् ; coming from that region ; also with कृन् added पाचालिका, and by making the second vowel short पाचलि ।  
 पाठ and. A vocative particle or interjection used in calling. इ. पठ् to go, in the causal form, aff. चिच् कृप् ।  
 पाठ m. (-ठ) Breadth, expanse, extension. f. (-ठः) Regular or successive order, series, succession. इ. पठ् to spread, aff. चञ् ।  
 पाठक m. (-कः) 1. The half of a village. 2. A shore, a bank, a flight of steps leading to water. 3. Casting dice. 4. A musical instrument. 5. A large span. 6. Expense or loss of capital or stock. 7. A splitter, a divider. इ. पठ् to go, कृत् aff.  
 पाठकर m. (-रः) A thief. इ. पठकर the same, and चण् pleonastic aff.  
 पाठन n. (-नं) Cutting, breaking. इ. पठ् to go, causal form, कृट् aff.  
 पाठल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Of a pink or pale-red colour. m. (-लः) 1. Pale-red, rose colour. 2. Rice ripening in the rains. f. (-ला) 1. The Trumpet-flower, (Bignonia suave-olens.) 2. Red Lōdhī. 3. A name of MURGA. 4. Pale-red. nf. (-ल-ला) 1. The flower of the Bignonia suave-olens. 2. Rice. 3. Saffron. इ. पाठ extension, and ला to get, aff. ड ; also पाठलि ; or पठ-विच्-कलच् ।  
 पाठलि mf. (-लि) Trumpet-flower. m. (-लिः) Rice ripening in the rains. इ. पाठल pale-red, aff. इण्. पठ-विच्-चलि "पाठल पुष्पं"  
 पाठलिन mfn. (-नः-ता-नं) Made red, tinted red, reddened. इ. पाठल, and इतच् aff.  
 पाठलिपुत्र n. (-त्र) The name of an ancient city, supposed to be the ancient Palibothra, and the modern Patna ; It was the capital of Magadha, situated near the confluence of the Soṇa and the Ganges, and is also known by the name of Pushpapura in Sanskrit literature. इ. पाठलि the trumpet flower, पू to be pure, यत् aff. ; also with कृन् added, पाठलिपुत्रः it is also said to be named after its founder and sovereign, पाठलिपुत्र being a proper name.  
 पाठलोप n. (-नं) A ruby. इ. पाठल, and उपल, a stone.

- पाठव mfn. (-वः-वी-व) Clever, sharp, dexterous. n. (-वः) 1. Cleverness, talent. 2. Health. 3. Eloquence. इ. पठु clever, &c. aff. चण्.  
 पाठविक mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) 1. Cunning, crafty, fraudulent. 2. Clever, dexterous. इ. पठु clever, डक् aff.  
 पाठविका f. (-का) A small shrub, (Abrus, precatorius.) see गुष्ठा.  
 पाठित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Torn, broken, divided. 2. Pierced. इ. पठ् to divide, in the causal form, aff. क.  
 पाठिन m. (-नो) A sort of fish described as having many teeth.  
 पाठी f. (-ठी) 1. Arithmetic. 2. A kind of shrub called Ba'la'. 3. Regular order. इ. पठ् to go, इण् or डोप् aff.  
 पाठीर m. (-रः) A field. 2. A pungent root, a sort of radish. 3. The pith or manna of the bamboo. 4. A cloud. 5. A sieve, a cribble. 6. Tin. 7. Disease arising from wind. 8. Sandal. इ. पठ् to go, &c. in the causal form, इरन् aff. ; or पठीर + ख्यायै चण् ।  
 पाठुष्ट mfn. (-ठः-ठा-ठ) Going, who or what goes. इ. पठ् to go, चण् aff. and the root repeated, form irr.  
 पाठ m. (-ठः) 1. Studying the Vēdas scriptures, considered as one of the five great sacraments of the Hindus. 2. Reading, perusal or study in general. f. (-ठा) A plant, commonly Akana'di. इ. पठ् to read, aff. भावे चञ् ।  
 पाठक m. (-कः) 1. A lecturer, a public reader of the Purāṇas or other sacred works, or a Paṇḍit who declares what is the law or custom according to the scriptures. 2. A spiritual preceptor. 3. A reader, a student. इ. पठ् to read, कृत् aff., or पठ, causal v. वृत् aff.  
 पाठन n. (-नं) Lecturing, teaching. इ. पठ् to read, causal v. भावे कृट् aff.  
 पाठभू f. (-भूः) A place where the Vēdas are read or studied. इ. पाठ reading, (the Vēdas,) and भू place.  
 पाठमञ्जरी f. (-री) A small bird, commonly Sa'ri, (Gracula religiosa.)  
 पाठशाला f. (-ला) A college, a school. इ. पाठ study, शाला a hall.  
 पाठशालिकी f. (-नी) A small bird : see पाठमञ्जरी. पाठन शलते, शल-विनि-डोप्.  
 पाठान m. (-नः) 1. Bellium. 2. kind of fish.  
 पाठित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Instructed, taught, lectured. इ. पठ् to read, causal v., कृत् aff.  
 पाठिन m. (-नो) 1. A plant. (Plumbago zeylanica.) 2. A Brāhman, especially one who has finished his sacred studies. इ. पाठ perusal, and इनि aff. ; the virtues of the plant are to be read of in medical works.  
 पाठीन m. (-नः) A sort of fish, (Silurus bonalis, Ham.) 2. A public reader or lecturer on the Purāṇas, &c. 3. A tree : see गुग्गुलु. इ. पाठी a Brāhman, and इण् added. "बीयाल" । [also पठनीय, &c.  
 पाथ mfn. (-थः-था-थ) To be read or studied. इ. पठ् to read, कृत् aff. ; पाठिनो f. (-नो) An earthen pot or boiler.  
 पाथ m. (-थः) 1. Trade, traffic. 2. A trader. 3. An agreement. 4. Praise. 5. The hand. इ. पण् to be of price, &c. भावे चञ् aff.  
 पाणि m. (-णिः) The hand. f. (-णिः) A place of sale, a shop, a market. इ. पण् to be of price, &c. Una'di aff. इण्.  
 पाणिका f. (-का) A sort of spoon or ladle. इ. पाणि the hand, कृन् aff.  
 पाणिहोती f. (-ती) A bride, one wedded according to the ritual. इ. पाणि the hand, and होती taken : see the next : when the compound means merely taken by the hand, the form is पाणिहोत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं).  
 पाणिग्रहण n. (-णं) 1. Marriage. 2. Laying hold of the hand. इ. पाणि the hand, and ग्रहण taking, the junction of the hands of the bride and bridegroom, forming a part of this ceremony.  
 पाणिग्रहणिक mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) Matrimonial. इ. पाणिग्रहण, and ठञ् aff.  
 पाणिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. Laying hold of the hand. 2. Marriage. इ. पाणि, and ग्रह taking.  
 पाणिक m. (-कः) 1. A drummer, one who plays on a tabor, &c, with his hands. 2. Playing upon a hand instrument. 3. A workman, a

handicraftsman. **३.** पाणि the hand, **जन्** to strike, **उक्** aff. and **व** substituted for the root.

पाणिघात **m.** (-तः) 1. Striking with the hands, boxing. 2. A boxer, or one who strikes with his hand. **३.** पाणि the hand, and घात blow.

पाणिवापक **n.** (-जः) Fighting with the hands, snapping the fingers, &c. **३.** पाणि the hand, वापक unsteadiness.

पाणिन **m.** (-नः) A finger-nail. **३.** पाणि the hand, **जन्** to be born, aff. **उ.**

पाणिनल **n.** (-लः) 1. The palm of the hand. 2. A measure of two Tola's. **३.** पाणि, and ल below.

पाणिन **m.** (-नः) A name of Pa'nini: see the next.

पाणिनि **m.** (-निः) Pa'nini, a Muni and inspired grammarian. **३.** पाणिन् a proper name and **इज्** aff. of descent.

पाणिनोय **mfn.** (-यः-यो-यं) Connected with or derived from Pa'nini, the grammarian, (as a scholar, a rule, &c.) **३.** पाणिनि the saint, and **उ** aff.

पाणिधम **mfn.** (-मः-मा-मं) 1. Who blows through the hands. 2. Obscure, dark, (as a path, where a noise is made with the hands, to frighten away snakes, &c.) **३.** पाणि the hand, ध्वा to blow or breathe, aff. **खज्.**

पाणिध्रुव **mfn.** (-यः-यो-यं) Who or what drinks from the hand. **३.** पाणि, and धे to drink, **खय्** aff.

पाणिघात **n.** (-घः) The hands and feet. **३.** पाणि the hand, and घात the foot.

पाणिपोडन **n.** (-नः) Marriage. **३.** पाणि the hand, पोडन paining, taking: see पाणिपद्य.

पाणिपद्म **m.** (-मः) The glomerous fig tree, (*F. glomerata*.) **३.** पाणि the hand, and पद्म what eats.

पाणिपत्न **mfn.** (-मन्-मनो-मन्) Possessed of hands. **३.** पाणि, and मत् aff.

पाणिपुष्प **n.** (-पुः) A missile weapon, one thrown with the hand, as a dart, a spear. **३.** पाणि the hand, and पुष्प loosed.

पाणिपुष्प **m.** (-पुः) A finger-nail. **३.** पाणि, and पुष्प to grow, **क्विप्** aff.

पाणिपाद **m.** (-पः) 1. A drummer, playing on a drum or tabor with the hand. 2. Clapping the hands together. **३.** पाणि the hand, and पाद who sounds; also with **कन्** added पाणिपादक.

पाणिमय्या **f.** (-म्या) A rope, a cord. **३.** पाणि, the hand, मृज् to go, aff. **कर्मणि-ण्यत्.**

पाणिस्थ **mfn.** (-स्थ-स्था-स्थ) Held in the hand. **३.** पाणि, and स्थ what stays.

पाणिहोम **m.** (-मः) Offerings made to Brahmans where consecrated fire is not used. **३.** पाणि, and होम burnt offering.

पाणोतल **n.** (-लः) A measure of two Tola's.

पाणोकरण **n.** (-णः) Marriage. **३.** पाणी with the hand, and करण making.

पाण्डुर **mfn.** (-रः-रा-रं) Pale or yellowish white. **m.** (-रः) 1. Pale or yellowish white, (the colour.) 2. A plant, commonly Maru'a or Maru'vaka. **n.** (-रः) 1. Many-flowered jasmine. 2. Red chalk. **३.** पडि to go, **चर्** Una'di aff., and the radical vowel made long; also पाण्डुर.

पाण्डुरपुष्पिका **f.** (-का) A plant, commonly Sitala', (perhaps phrynum dichotomum:) see शीतला. **३.** पाण्डुर pale white, पुष्पो flower, aff. **क्वप्.**

पाण्डव **m.** (-वः) A Pa'n'dava or descendant of Pa'n'du; especially applied to Yudhis'thira and his four brothers. **३.** पाण्डु a proper name, and patronymic aff. **घोरज्** ।

पाण्डवभीम **m.** (-भः) A name of KRISHN'A. **३.** पाण्डव a Pa'n'dava, and भीम courage, (not fear,) **भ** who gives.

पाण्डवायन **m.** (-नः) A name of KRISHN'A. **३.** पाण्डव a Pa'n'dava, and अयन going, accompanying; being the friend and ally of the Pa'n'du princes.

पाण्डव्य **m.** (-यः) A descendant of Pa'n'du. **३.** पाण्डु, and **उक्** aff.

पाण्डित्य **nf.** (-त्य-ती) Scholarship, learning. 2. Dexterity, cleverness.

**३.** पण्डित a teacher, aff. **खज्**, the semivowel rejected before the feminine aff.

पाण्डु **mfn.** (-रुः-रा-रं) Pale of yellowish white. **m.** (-रुः) 1. Pale or yellowish white, (the colour.) 2. the name of a sovereign of ancient Delhi, and nominal father of YUDHIS'THIRA and his other four Pa'n'dava princes; he was a son of Vya'sa by the wife of Bichitrabirya. 3. The jaundice. 4. A white elephant. **f.** (-रुः) A plant, commonly Ma'shaparni, (*Glycine debilis*.) **३.** पडि. to go, aff. **कृ**, and the penultimate vowel made long.

पाण्डुक **m.** (-कः) 1. The jaundice. 2. A name of Pa'n'du. 3. Pale or yellowish white, (the colour.) **३.** कन् added to the preceding.

पाण्डुकवल्गु **m.** (-वल्गुः) 1. A sort of blanket or warm upper garment. 2. A kind of stone, (Limestone or marble). 3. The housings of a royal elephant. **३.** पाण्डु pale, and कवल्गु blanket.

पाण्डुकवल्गिन् **m.** (-जिन्) 1. A carriage covered with a sort of blanket. 2. The housings of a royal elephant. **३.** पाण्डुकवल्गु a blanket, and **इनि** aff.

पाण्डुनाग **m.** (-गः) A plant, (*Rottleria tinctoria*.) 2. A white elephant. 3. A white species of serpent. **३.** पाण्डु pale, नाग a plant, a snake, or elephant.

पाण्डुपुत्र **m.** (-पुत्रः) Either of the Pa'n'dava princes. **३.** पाण्डु, and पुत्र son; also similar compounds, as पाण्डुनन्दन, &c.

पाण्डुपृष्ठ **mfn.** (-ष्ठः-ष्ठा-ष्ठं) Having unlucky marks on the back &c. **३.** पाण्डु pale, &c. and पृष्ठ back.

पाण्डुभूम **m.** (-भूमः) A country with a light-coloured soil. **३.** पाण्डु pale, and भूमि earth, aff. **चच्.**

पाण्डुवर्ण **m.** (-वर्णः) 1. A country in which the soil is of a whitish colour. 2. Chalk. **३.** पाण्डु pale, and वर्ण earth.

पाण्डुवर्णिका **f.** (-का) 1. The opal. 2. A pale soil. **३.** पाण्डु pale, and वर्णिका earth.

पाण्डुर **mfn.** (-रः-रा-रं) Of a yellowish white colour. **m.** (-रः) 1. A pale or yellowish white. 2. The jaundice. 3. A tree: see मरु'वक. **n.**

(-रः) The white leprosy, vitiligo. **३.** पाण्डु pale, and **र** added.

पाण्डुरदुग्ध **m.** (-दुग्धः) A plant, (*Echites antidysenterica*.) "कुडची" ।

पाण्डुरपृष्ठ **mfn.** (-ष्ठः-ष्ठा-ष्ठं) Having unlucky marks on the back, &c. **३.** पाण्डुर pale, and पृष्ठ the back.

पाण्डुराग **m.** (-गः) Whiteness, pallor. **३.** पाण्डु, and राग colour.

पाण्डुलेख **m.** (-खः) A sketch made with chalk, a draft.

पाण्डुलोमा **f.** (-मा) 1. A plant, (*Glycine debilis*.) 2. Having white hair on the body, &c. **३.** पाण्डु pale, लोमन् hair or fibres: see पाण्डु. "भाषपर्यायम्" ।

पाण्डुवर्ण **mfn.** (-वर्णः-वर्णा-वर्णं) White. **m.** (-वर्णः) Whiteness. **३.** पाण्डु, and वर्ण colour.

पाण्डुशङ्क (की)रा **f.** (-रा) Light-coloured gravel, (disease.) **३.** पाण्डु, and शङ्क रा sugar. सितानामक प्रसेध रोगे ।

पाण्डुशक्तिजा **f.** (-जा) A name of DRAUPADI. **३.** पाण्डु, a Pa'n'du prince. शक्ति fortune, aff. **इजच्.**

पाण्डुसोपाक **m.** (-कः) The offspring of a Chanda'la by a Vaidehi woman, a maker of mats, baskets, &c. a worker with bamboo and reeds.

पाण्ड्या **m.** (-य्या) plu. 1. Name of a country and its inhabitants. 2. Sing. A king of that country. [aff. **खत्.**]

पाण्ड्य **mfn.** (-य्यः-य्या-य्यं) Excellent, praise-worthy. **३.** पण् to praise,

पाण्ड्याय **m.** (-य्यः) A Bra'hman who reads the Ve'das upon receiving a gift at a Shra'ddha. **३.** पाणि, and आस्र face or mouth, having his mouth in his hand.

पातृ **m.** (-पातृ) 1. Falling. 2. Sin, wickedness. **३.** पत् to fall, aff. **डिप्**, and the radical vowel made long.

पातृ **mfn.** (-पातृ-पातो-पातृ) Who or what defends or preserves, guardian, a protector, &c. **३.** पा to preserve, aff. **ब्रह्.**



पात m. (-तः-तः-तः) Preserved, protected. E. पा to preserve, aff. क्.  
 म. (-तः) 1. Falling, alighting, descending. 2. A name of Ra'hu.  
 3. The node of a planet's orbit. 4. Flying, flight. 5. A stroke, as  
 in चक्रपातः। 6. Shedding, emitting, discharging. 7. An attack,  
 an inroad. 8. Happening. 9. Failing, defect. 10. Destruction,  
 dissolution. E. पत् to fall, aff. च्च्.  
 पातक n. (-कः) 1. Sin, crime. 2. The cause of falling, literally or  
 figuratively. For particulars see पतनपातक. E. पत् to fall or des-  
 cend, (from virtue,) causal form, aff. क्च्च्.  
 पातकयोग m. (-यः) Incurring guilt, acting sinfully. E. पातक, and योग  
 accession. [रणि aff.]  
 पातकित् mfn. (-की-जिनी-जि) Wicked, sinful, a sinner. E. पातक, and  
 कृत् aff. m. (-जिः) 1. Saturn. 2. Yama. 3. Karn'a. 4. Sugri'va. E. पत  
 the sun, इच्च् aff. of descent.  
 पातञ्जल f. (-जी) Composed by Patanjali "पातञ्जल योगभाष्ये कृतं भूति  
 परिचयः" Nagogibhatta. n. (ज) The Yoga system of philosophy.  
 (It is an open question whether the author of the Maha'-  
 bha'sya was identical with this Patanjali.) E. पतञ्जलि the sage  
 by whom it was first taught, च्च् aff.  
 पातन n. (-नः) Bringing down, causing to fall. 2. Lowering, humbling,  
 3. Felling, knocking down. 4. Nodding, (as in sleep.) 5. Causing  
 an abortion, as गर्भस्य पातनम्. 6. Beating, as in दण्डस्य पातनम् &c.  
 E. पत् to fall in the causal form, aff. क्त्.  
 पातय mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) 1. To be drunk. 2. To be preserved or  
 protected. E. पा to drink, to preserve, तय aff.  
 पाताल n. (-लः) The regions under the earth, and the abode of the  
 Na'gas or serpents. 2. A hole, a chasm. 3. Submarine fire. 4. The  
 fourth sign from that in which the sun is present. m. (-लः) A  
 sort of apparatus for calcining and subliming metals, formed  
 of two earthen pots, the upper one inverted over the lower, and  
 the two joined together by their necks with cement, and placed  
 in a hole containing fire. E. पत् to alight, Una'di aff. च्च्च्.  
 पातालगङ्गा f. (-ङ्गाः) The Ganges of the lower world.  
 पातालनिलय m. (-यः) 1. A demon, a Daitya. 2. A Na'ga or infernal  
 serpent. E. पाताल hell, and निलय abode.  
 पातालौक्य m. (-क्यः) An Asur, a demon. E. पाताल hell, लौक्य a house.  
 पति m. (-तिः) A master, a lord, a husband. E. पा to nourish, Una'di  
 aff. च्चि. [रक्त् aff.]  
 पतिव्रत m. (-व्रतः) The Gangetic porpoise. E. पति trembling, falling,  
 पतिव्रत mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Felled, struck down. 2. Lowered, depressed,  
 humbled. E. पत् to fall, causal v., क्त् aff.  
 पतित्व n. (-त्वं) Loss of caste or position.  
 पतिव्रत mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Going, going to, alighting, falling, pouring  
 forth. E. पत् to go, चिच्च् aff.  
 पतिव्री f. (-व्री) 1. A trap or snare for catching deer. 2. A small  
 earthen vessel or pot, especially used by religious mendicants.  
 3. A woman of a particular class. E. पति falling, इच्च् aff. fem.  
 aff. व्रीच्.  
 पातु mfn. (-तुः-तुः-तुः) Falling frequently or habitually, disposed to  
 fall. m. (-तुः) 1. The declivity of a mountain, a precipice. 2. An  
 aquatic animal of a large size; figuratively, the water-elephant.  
 E. पत् to fall, aff. उक्त्.  
 पाद mfn. (-ता-दो-दः) Who or what protects or nourishes. m. (-तः) A  
 plant, (Ocymum pilosum), E. पा to nourish, दच्च् aff.  
 पाद mfn. (-दः-दः-दः) To be fallen, to be alighted. E. पत् to fall,  
 दच्च् aff.  
 पाद n. (-दः) A preservative from sin, a preserver, a saviour. E. पाद,  
 and द who or what saves.  
 पादपत्र f. (-पत्रः) The quality or property of a preservative from sin. E.  
 पाद, and पत्र aff.; also with ल, पादलं.

पाद mfn. (-दः-दो-दः) A vessel in general, a plate, a cup, a jar, &c. n.  
 (-दः) 1. A sacrificial vase or vessel, comprising various forms of  
 cups, plates, spoons, ladles, &c. so used. 2. The channel of a  
 river, or its course between the near and opposite bank. 3. A  
 king's counsellor or minister. 4. Propriety, fitness. 5. A leaf. 6.  
 The persons of a drama. 7. An order, a command. 8. The body.  
 9. A fit or competent person. 10. A measure of one A'rha'ka  
 or of eight Se'ers. 11. A receptacle of any kind, what holds  
 or supports. f. (-दो) A small or portable furnace. E. पा to pre-  
 serve or retain, aff. दच्च्.  
 पादट mfn. (-टः-टः-टः) Spare, emaciate, thin. m. (-टः) Ragged gar-  
 ments. E. पादेन पिबन्निव चटति, चट्-चच्.  
 पादटोर m. (-रः) 1. An able or competent minister. 2. A vessel of  
 metal, as silver, brass, &c. 3. Rust of iron. 4. Fire. 5. A heron.  
 6. A crow. E. पाद a vessel, &c. and टोर aff.  
 पादता f. (-ता) 1. Capacity, fitness. 2. Appropriate state or circum-  
 stance. 3. The property or capacity of a cup or vessel. 4.  
 Dignity, honor. E. पाद capable, and तच्च् aff. of the abstract,  
 quality; also with ल aff., पादलं.  
 पादपात्र m. (-त्रः) A large oar used as a rudder. 2. The rod of a  
 balance. E. पाद a vessel, (a boat,) and पात्र what cherishes, affix. चच्.  
 पादभूत mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) The object of a present or of respectful treat-  
 ment. E. पाद fit, and भूत become.  
 पादभृत् m. (-भृत्) A servant. E. पाद, and भृत् who takes care of.  
 पादसंस्कार m. (-रः) 1. The current of a river. 2. Cleaning a vessel  
 that has been used. E. पाद the channel, and संस्कार completion.  
 पादिक mfn. (-कः-को-कः) 1. Measured by a vessel, or the measure  
 Pa'tra, sown with it, preparing it, &c. 2. Fit, adequate, appro-  
 priate. n. (-कः) A vessel, a cup, a dish. E. पाद, and इच्च् aff.; also  
 with च aff. पादिय, and with यच्च्, पादय, &c.  
 पादित्व mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Having a vessel. 2. Having fit or worthy  
 persons. E. पाद, and इति aff.  
 पादिय f. (-यः) Worthy to partake of a meal.  
 पादोक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्तः-क्तः) Measured, sown, cooked, &c. by a Pa'tra. E.  
 पाद, and क्त aff.  
 पादोय n. (-यः) A sacrificial vessel. E. पाद, the same, and यच्च् aff.  
 पादोदर(त) m. (-रः or -तः) An oblation. E. पाद, a sacrificial vessel, दृ  
 to go, क्त aff.  
 पादसहित m. (-तः) 1. A parasite, a person constant at dinners, or  
 feasts, but good for nothing else. 2. A connoisseur in eating. 3.  
 A hypocrite. E. पाद in a vessel, plate, &c. and सहित collected.  
 पादोपकरण n. (-णः) Decorations of an inferior class, as bells, chowris,  
 &c. E. पाद, and उपकरण instrument.  
 पाद m. (-दः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. n. (-दः) Water. E. पा to drink, and  
 दच्च् aff.; the more usual form however is पौय.  
 पादस् n. (-दः) 1. Water. 2. Food. 3. Air. 4. Sky. E. पा to drink,  
 Una'di aff. दस्, and दृच्च् augment.  
 पादिस m. (-दिसः) 1. The sea. 2. The eye. n. (-दिसः) A blotch, a scab. E.  
 पा to drink, Una'di aff. दिसिन्, and दृच्च् augment.  
 पादिय n. (-यः) 1. Provender, or provisions, &c. for a journey, viaticum.  
 2. The sign Virgo of the Zodiac. E. पदित् road, aff. दच्च्.  
 पादोज n. (-जः) 1. A lotus. 2. The conch. E. पादस्, and ज produced.  
 पादोद m. (-दः) A cloud. E. पादस् water, दृ to give, aff. क्.  
 पादोपर m. (-रः) A cloud. E. पादस् water, पर having.  
 पादोधि m. (-धिः) The ocean. E. पादस् water, and धा to have, aff. धि.  
 पादोनिधि m. (-धिः) The ocean. E. पादस् water, and निधि receptacle.  
 पाद m. (-पाद or -पात्) The foot. E. पद् to go, aff. चिच्च्-चिच्च्, and the  
 radical vowel made long.  
 पाद m. (-दः) 1. A foot. 2. A quarter. 3. A hill at the foot of a mountain.  
 4. A ray of light. 5. The root of a tree. 6. The foot or line of a

पादबन्धन n. (-नं) Respect, respectful behaviour. E. पाद, and बन्धन saluting.

पादवल्ग्वोक्त n. (-क्तं) Morbid enlargement of the legs and feet. E. पाद the foot, वल्ग्वोक्त a hillock.

पादविह्वल m. (-वह्) A traveller, a way-farer. E. पदवी a road, aff. उक्त्.

पादविरजस्व m. (जाः) A god. f. (जाः) A shoe, a slipper. E. पाद the foot, वि privative, रजस् dust.

पादशब्द m. (-ब्दः) The sound or noise of the feet. E. पाद a foot, and शब्द sound.

पादश्लोका ind. 1. Verse by verse, stanza by stanza. 2. Foot by foot. 3. By a fourth. E. पाद a verse, श्लोका aff.

पादशला f. (-शला) A toe. E. पाद a foot, शला a branch.

पादशैल m. (-शैलः) A hill near a mountain. E. पाद the foot, and शैल a hill.

पादशोथ m. (-थः) Swelling of the feet, gout. E. पाद, and शोथ a swelling.

पादनयन n. (-नं) Service, duty. E. पाद, and येन waiting upon.

पादकोट m. (-टः) Kibe, chilblain, a sore or ulcer on the foot. E. पाद the foot, and कोट a boil.

पादहन mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) Trodden on, kicked, touched with the feet. E. पाद and हन struck.

पादहर्ष m. (-र्षः) Tingling of the feet after pressure upon the crural nerves. E. पाद, and हर्ष pleasure.

पादहाराक्ष m. (-क्षः) One who takes or steals any thing with his feet. E. पाद a foot, हृ to take, aff. लृक्.

पादाग्र n. (-ग्रं) The point of the foot. E. पाद, and अग्र point or tip.

पादाङ्गद n. (-दं) An ornament for the feet or toes. E. पाद the foot, अङ्ग shape, beauty, and द what gives.

पादाङ्गुली f. (-ली) A toe. E. पाद a foot, अङ्गुली a finger.

पादाङ्गुल m. (-लः) The great toe. E. पाद a foot, अङ्गुल the thumb.

पादाङ्गुलिका f. (-का) An ornament or ring worn on the great toe. E. पादाङ्गुल the great toe, aff. कन्, fem. form.

पादात् m. (-दात्) A foot-soldier, a footman. E. पाद foot, अत् to go, aff. क्तिप्.

पादात m. (-तः) A foot-soldier, a footman. n. (-तं) Infantry. E. पाद, and अत् to go, aff. अच्, or पदाति a foot-soldier, अच् collective aff.

पादाति m. (-तिः) A foot-soldier, a man on foot, or footman. E. पाद, with अत्, to go, aff. इन्; also पदाति; with कन् added, पादातिष m. (-क्षः).

पादायास m. (-सः) Treading upon, kicking, spurning. E. पाद, and यास placing upon.

पादानत mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) Bowed down to the feet, prostrate. E. पाद, and आनत bowed.

पादाश्लेष m. (-श्लेषः) The knees or ribs of a boat, supporting the deck on each side. E. पाद a foot, श्लेष to go, aff. लृक्.

पादाघ्रा n. (-घ्राः) A donation to a Brahman, or venerable persons. E. पाद foot, अघ्रा a respectful offering. [ अघ्रा a half.]

पादाष्ट n. (-ष्टं) 1. An eighth. 2. Half a line of a stanza. E. पाद, and

पादाश्लिख mfn. (-श्लिख-श्लिख-श्लिख) A boat. पादश्च अश्लिखो यस्याः शीताः शीतः ।

पादावनेजन n. (-नं) Washing the feet. E. पाद, and अवनेजन washing.

पादावर्ण m. (-र्णः) A machine for raising water from a well. E. पाद foot, and आवर्ण revolving, worked by the feet.

पादावनेचन n. (-चनं) Washing the feet. E. पाद, and अवेचन sprinkling.

पादाविक m. (-क्षः) A foot-soldier. E. पाद a foot, अत् to go, &c. aff. इक् or उक्त्.

पादासन n. (-नं) A foot-stool. E. पाद, and आसन a seat.

पादास्त्रासन n. (-नं) Trampling, shuffling, or motion of the feet. E. पाद, and आस्त्रासन waving.

पादाहत mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) Kicked, trodden, touched by the feet. E. पाद, and आहत struck.

पादिक mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Fourth, a fourth. ३. पाद a quarter, and उक् aff.  
 पादिक mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) 1. Footed, having feet. 2. Having a fourth part or share. 3. Having four parts, as a stanza, &c.  
 m. (-दी) 1. A footed aquatic animal, an amphibious animal.  
 2. The heir of a fourth part of the estate. ३. पाद, and इति aff.  
 पादिक mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) A fourth part. ३. पाद a quarter, च aff.  
 पाद f. (-दुः) Walking. ३. पद to go, aff. उक् ।  
 पादिक mfn. (-कः-का-को-कं) Who or what does on foot or with feet. f. (-का) A shoe, a slipper. ३. पद, and उक् aff. [makes.  
 पादकाकार m. (-रः) A shoemaker. ३. पादका a shoe, and कार who  
 पादकाकार m. (-कृत्) A shoemaker. ३. पादका a shoe, कृत् who makes.  
 पाद f. (-दुः) A shoe. ३. पद to go, Una'di aff. क, पिब ।  
 पादकृत् m. (-कृत्) A shoemaker. ३. पाद a shoe, and कृत् who makes.  
 पादीदक n. (-कं) Water for the feet, especially that in which the feet of a Bra'hman have been washed. ३. पाद, and उक् water.  
 पाद mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Water, &c. for cleaning the feet. ३. पाद the foot, यत् aff.  
 पादपात्र n. (-त्रं) A metal vessel for washing the feet. ३. पाद, and पात्र a vessel.  
 पान n. (-नं) 1. Drinking. 2. A drinking 'cup or vessel. 3. Preserving, protecting. 4. A beverage. 5. Sharpening. m. (-नः) 1. Breath, breathing out, expiration. 2. A distiller. ३. पा to drink, &c. aff. छुट् ।  
 पानक n. (-कं) A drink. ३. पानायं कायति-कै-क ।  
 पानगोष्ठिका f. (-का) A dram shop, a place where people drink together. ३. पान drinking, गोष्ठी a station, aff. कन् ।  
 पानपर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Drinking, quaffing, who or what drinks assiduously. 2. Looking at amorously. ३. पान and पर intent.  
 पानपात्र n. (-त्रं) A glass, a drinking vessel. ३. पान drinking, पात्र a vessel.  
 पानपित्रि m. (-त्रिक्) A distiller, a vender of spirits. ३. पान drinking, पितृ a dealer.  
 पानभाजन n. (-नं) A drinking vessel, a glass, a goblet. ३. पान, and भाजन a vessel.  
 पानरत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Drinking, drunken. ३. पान, and रत engaged in.  
 पानशील m. (-लः) A hard drinker. ३. पान, and शील intoxicated.  
 पानस n. (-सं) A spirituous liquor prepared from the fruit of the Jack tree. ३. पानस the Jack, and सप् aff. [end.  
 पानावय m. (-यः) Morbid state after intoxication. ३. पान, and अवय  
 पानिक m. (-कः) A vendor of spirituous liquors.  
 पानिक n. (-त्रं) A drinking vessel. ३. पान drinking, and उक् aff.  
 पानीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Drinkable, to be drunk. 2. To be cherished, protected or preserved. n. (-यं) Water. ३. पा to drink, पानीय participial aff.  
 पानीयकृत् m. (-कृत्) An otter. ३. पानीय water, कृत् an ichneumon.  
 पानीयपुष्प m. (-जः) An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) ३. पानीय water, पुष्प surface, ज born. "पाना" ।  
 पानीयमूल m. (-कः) A plant, (Serratula anthelmintica :) see सोमराजो.  
 ३. पानीय water, मूल root, कप् aff.  
 पानियवर्षि f. (-का) Sand. पानीयनिव रण्यवति-वर्षि-वर्षु ।  
 पानीयवाहिका f. (-का) A place where water, &c. is distributed. ३. पानीय water, वाहिका a place, aff. खार्थ-क, कापि चत इत्तम् ।  
 पानीयफलक n. (-कं) A fruit, (Flacourtia cataphracta.) ३. पानीय water, and फलक myrobelan. "पानिचाम्बल" ।  
 पान m. (-यः-या) A traveller. ३. पानिन् a road, and चप् aff.  
 पान mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Mischievous, destructive, malignant. 2. Vile, low, abandoned, vicious. 3. Inauspicious. m. (-यः) A wicked man, a wretch, a profligate. n. (-यं) 1. Sin, crime, wickedness, vice. 2. Bad state, bad fortune. ३. पा to preserve (from it), and प Una'di aff.

पापक n. (-कं) Sin. ३. कप् added to the last.  
 पापकर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Wicked, abandoned. ३. पाप, and कर who does.  
 पापकर्तृ mfn. (-र्तृ-र्तृ-र्तृ) Sinful, wicked, a sinner. ३. पाप, and कर्तृ who does.  
 पापकर्तृ mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Wicked, sinful. ३. पाप, and कर्तृ act.  
 पापकृत् mfn. (-कृत्) Sinful, wicked, a sinner. ३. पाप sin, कृत् to commit, aff. छिप् ।  
 पापगोचर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Evidently involved in the consequences of sin. ३. पाप, and गोचर visible object.  
 पापपक्ष m. (-क्षः) Any ill-omened aspect of the stars, as the conjunction of the sun or Budha with the moon in its last quarter. 2. Ra'hu. 3. Saturn. 4. Mars. ३. पाप, and पक्ष asterism.  
 पापघ्न mfn. (-घ्नः-घ्नी-घ्नं) Removing sin. ३. पाप, and घ्न destructive ; or पापं वन्ति घ्नन्-टक् ।  
 पापचक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what matures or cooks often or much. ३. पक् to cook, &c. frequent. v. क्च्च् aff.; also पापाचक.  
 पापचय m. (-यः) 1. A sinner. 2. A fiend, a Ra'kshasa. ३. पाप, and चय practice, or चय to be gone (in or by.) [ding.  
 पापचेतस् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Wicked, vile. ३. पाप, and चेतस् understand.  
 पापचेतो f. (-तो) A plant, commonly A'kana'di, (Cissampelos hexandra.) ३. पक् to ripen, reiterated पापच, (rheumatism,) ईत् to dissipate, affs. चच्च् and उक्, and र changed to ल; also with कप् added in the fem. form पापचेतिष्वा.  
 पापति mfn. (-तिः-तिः-ति) Who or what alights, goes or falls much or frequently. ३. पत् to alight, &c. frequent. v., क्च्च् aff. or पत-वच् छुच्-वच् ।  
 पापदृष्टि mfn. (-ष्टिः-ष्टिः-ष्टि) Malevolent, looking at faults. ३. पाप, and दृष्टि who sees.  
 पापदृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) Conscious of guilt, knowing an act to be wicked. ३. पाप, and दृष्ट to see, क्च्च् aff. [barber.  
 पापनापित m. (-तः) A vile, cunning or bad barber. ३. पाप sinful, नापित a  
 पापनाशिन mfn. (-शिः-शिनी-शि) Purifying, sin-destroying ३. पाप, and नाशिन destroying.  
 पापनिरति mfn. (-तिः-तिः-ति) Wicked, villainous, a wretch. f. (-तिः) Wickedness. ३. पाप, and निरति attachment.  
 पापपति m. (-तिः) A paramour, a gallant. ३. पाप wicked, and पति husband.  
 पापपुरुष m. (-षः) A personification of all sin, or a male, whose head is Bra'hmanicide, whose arms are theft, whose heart is wine drinking, &c. ३. पाप, and पुरुष a man.  
 पापवृत्ति mfn. (-वृत्तिः-वृत्तिः-वृत्ति) Evil-minded, wicked. ३. पाप, and वृत्ति intellect.  
 पापमति mfn. (-तिः-तिः-ति) Of a corrupt mind, depraved. ३. पाप, and मति mind.  
 पापमुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Freed from sin, liberated from all crime. ३. पाप, and मुक्त set free.  
 पापमान mfn. (-मानः) Sinful.  
 पापयोनि f. (-निः) Birth in some inferior state, as an animal, &c. as the punishment of sin. ३. पाप, and योनि womb.  
 पापरोग m. (-रोगः) A disease, considered as the punishment of sin in former life. 2. Small box. ३. पाप sin, and रोग disease.  
 पापहि f. (-हिः) Hunting, chase. ३. पाप sin, and हि thriving.  
 पापल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Giving or taking sin. n. (-लं) A measure. ३. पाप, and लच्च् aff.  
 पापनिग्रह m. (-हः) Restraining or punishing wickedness. ३. पाप, and निग्रह restraint.  
 पापमन mfn. (-नः-नी-नं) Palliating or removing crime. n. (-नं) A sin-offering. ३. पाप, and मन appeasing.  
 पापवित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Equal in sin, of like guilt. ३. पाप, and वित measured.

पारुष्य m. (-कः-जी-कः) A sinner, a reproach, an evil-minded person, a wicked. n. पाप, and पापकर्म सोल.

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) Addicted to sin. n. पाप, and चतुर्विध dwelling with.

पारुषित f. (-कः-जी-कः) Wicked, sinful, and पापकर्म abode. [aff.]

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) Wicked, sinful, bad, a sinner. n. पाप, and रति

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) Wicked, sinful, bad, a sinner. n. पाप, and रति

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पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) Wicked, sinful, bad, a sinner. n. पाप, and रति

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पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) Hostile, inimical. n. पर an enemy, पार a number, उक् aff.

पारुषित m. (-कः) Gold. n. प to satisfy, Una'di aff. पजि.

पारुषित m. (-कः) An adulterer. n. पर another जावा wife, उक् aff.

पारुषित m. (-कः) A stone, a rock. n. पार across, and टोट aff.

पारुषित m. (-कः) 1. A cloud. nf. (-कः-पार) 1. Eating or drinking after a fast,

पारुषित m. (-कः) 2. Satisfying, satisfaction. 3. Accomplishing.

पारुषित m. (-कः) 4. Reading through. 5. Carrying across. 6. Saying. n. प to

पारुषित m. (-कः) 7. Satisfy, aff. कट्.

पारुषित m. (-कः) Quicksilver. n. पार falcon. (from प to please),

पारुषित m. (-कः) and तन् to spread or diffuse, aff. क, also पार.

पारुषित n. (-कः) Subservience, slavery, dependence. n. परतन् depen-

पारुषित n. (-कः) dent, aff. कज्.

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) Relating to the next world. n. पार and

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) उक् aff.

पारुषित n. (-कः) Reward in a future state.

पारुषित m. (-कः) Quicksilver. n. पार as in पारत, पार what

पारुषित m. (-कः) gives, from दा with क aff.

पारुषित m. (-कः) The name of a country, a part of Dandaka. n. पार be-

पारुषित m. (-कः) yond, दण्डक the Dandaka forest.

पारुषित m. (-कः) An adulterer. n. पर another, पार wife, aff. उक्.

पारुषित m. (-कः) Adultery. n. पर another, पार wife, कज् aff.

पारुषित m. (-कः) Foreign, abroad. m. (-कः) 1. A traveller.

पारुषित m. (-कः) 2. A foreigner. n. पर

पारुषित m. (-कः) A traveller, one who goes to a foreign country. 2. A foreigner. n. पर

पारुषित m. (-कः) another, देश-भूमि, कज् aff.

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) Long-sighted, far-seeing, wise. n. पार, and

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) हृत् to see, कजि, Una'di aff.

पारुषित m. (-कः) A particular and low cast, the Ayogava. Also, पारवेद्य

पारुषित m. (-कः) A present, an offering. n. पर, पत prepared, कज् aff. Ac-

पारुषित m. (-कः) cording to some it is a misreading of प्राप्त.

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) Belonging or relating to a present. n. पारपत्त

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) and क aff.

पारुषित n. (-कः) Most sublime asceticism.

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) 1. Preferable, best, most desirable. 2. R-

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) lating to the spiritual knowledge. 3. Real, true, existing.

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) Loving truth. n. पारपत्त chief object, and उक् aff.

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) Supreme, chief, best. n. परत best, हृत् aff.

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) 1. Crossed, traversed. 2. Transcendent,

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) spiritual knowledge. n. पारम् across, and रत gone.

पारुषित n. (-कः) 1. Traditional instruction, tradition. 2. Continued

पारुषित n. (-कः) order or succession. n. परम्पर from one to another, aff. कज्.

पारुषित m. (-कः) Traditional instruction. n. पारम्पर, and क

पारुषित m. (-कः) [satisfy, प

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) 1. Able, adequate, fit for. 2. Satisfying

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) 1. Satisfying, filling. 2. Being able to

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) petent to, 3. Being alive, living. n. प to satisfy, पार

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) Gratifying, pleasing, satisfying

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) to please, कज्, कज् aff.

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) Belonging or relating to the next

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) n. परलोका another world, aff. उक्, and both vowels change

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) special rule.

पारुषित m. (-कः) A pigeon. See पारपत्त.

पारुषित mfn. (-कः-जी-कः) 1. Made of copper, iron, or

पारुषित m. (-कः) The son of a Sudra woman or

पारुषित m. (-कः) 2. A son of a Sudra woman or

पारसीक m. (-कः) 1. Persia. 2. A native of Persia. 3. A Persian horse. also पारसीक.  
 पारश्व m. (-यः) One armed with an axe, a hatchet-man, a pioneer, &c. E. पारश्व an axe, aff. चञ्.  
 पारश्विक m. (-कः) A soldier, or any other man armed with an axe. E. पारश्व an axe, उञ् aff.  
 पारश्व m. (-यः) Gold.  
 पारसिक m. (-कः) Persia; plu. The Persians also पारसीक.  
 पारसीक m. (-कः) 1. The kingdom of Persia. 2. A Persian, an inhabitant of Persia. 3. A Persian horse.  
 पारश्वेय m. (-यः) An adulterine, the son of another's wife. E. पर another, स्त्री woman, उञ् aff. of descent, and चञ् augment.  
 पार f. (-र) Name of a river.  
 पारायन m. (-नः) A pigeon; also पारायन.  
 पाराय(न)र m. (-रः) The ocean. n. (-र) The two banks of a river. E. पर the further bank, and अपार near bank.  
 पारायन n. (-यः) 1. Totality, entireness, completeness. 2. Going over, reading or doing any thing completely. 3. Going across. 4. Reading a Pura'na, or causing it to be read. f. (-यी) 1. The goddess SARASWATĪ. 2. Action, act. 3. Considering, meditating. 4. Light. E. पार the boundary or limit, and यय going to, extending; when used attributively it remains always neuter.  
 पारायिक m. (-कः) 1. A pupil, a scholar. 2. A lecturer, a reader of the Pura'nas. E. पारायण reading through, उञ् aff.  
 पारायक m. (-कः) A rock. E. पार the further bank, क् to go to, aff. चञ्. Also पारायप.  
 पारायन m. (-नः) 1. A dove, a pigeon. 2. A monkey. 3. A sort of ebony, (Diospyros glutinosa.) 4. A mountain. f. (-ती) 1. The name of a river in the peninsula. 2. The fruit of the Annona reticulata. 3. A form of song, peculiar to the cowherds. E. पर another, (life, &c.) च् to go, to preserve, यट् participial aff., and चञ् added.  
 पारायतपदी f. (-दी) Heart-pea: see पारायतपद्मि. काकजहायाम्.  
 पारायतपद्मि f. (-द्मि) Heart-pea, (Cardiospermum haliacabum.) E. पारायत a pigeon, चङ् a foot, the root being compared to a pigeon's foot; also similar compounds, as पारायतपदी.  
 पारायतपद्मि m. (-म्) A pigeon.  
 पारायार m. (-रः) The ocean. n. (-र) The near and opposite banks of a stream. E. पार the further bank, उ to surround, with चाङ् prefix, and चञ् aff.  
 पारायारीय mfn. (-य-य-य) 1. On both sides of a river, &c. 2. One who goes to both sides. E. पार the opposite side, चवार this side, aff. चञ्.  
 पाराय m. (-रः) A name of the poet VYA'SA. n. (-र) The rules of PARA'SARA, or VYA'SA, the conduct of the mendicant orders. E. पाराय, and चञ् added.  
 पारायकविक m. (-कः) A follower of PARA'SARA, the institutor of rules for the mendicant order. E. पाराय the sage, कव aff., and उञ् added. [उञ् patronymic aff.]  
 पारायिक m. (-रिः) 1. VYA'SA. 2. An epithet of Su'kra. E. पाराय, and पारायिक m. (-री) 1. A recluse. Plu. The religious mendicant or Bra'hman, who having passed through the three stages of student, house-holder, and ascetic leads a vagrant life, and subsists upon alms; or the class of ascetics who study the Sha'niraka Sutra of VYA'SA. E. पारायिक VYA'SA, the author of the rules of this order, and णि aff.  
 पारायिक m. (-यः) The poet VYA'SA. E. पाराय the father of the poet, and चञ् aff.  
 पारिवाहिक m. (-हिक) 1. An ascetic, one who devotes his days to devout contemplation. 2. The religious mendicant. E. परि implying secession, (abandoning worldly wishes,) वाहि to desire,

and विहि aff.; or पारि derived from पर, supreme felicity, and वाहिन् who desires.

पारिषेय f. (-यी) Surrounded by a ditch. E. परिषा, affix, उञ्.

पारिजात m. (-तः) 1. Name of one of the five trees of paradise supposed to have been produced at the churning of the ocean. 2. The coral tree, (Erythrina fulgens.) E. पारि said to mean, above, and जात produced.

पारिजातक m. (-कः) 1. A tree of paradise. 2. The coral tree. E. कञ् added to the last.

पारिषाय mfn. (य-यो-य) Belonging to specifically or peculiarly. n. (-य) Property received at the time of marriage by a woman. f. (यी) 1. Relating to marriage. E. परि about, around, यो to get, aff. चञ्.

पारिषाद्य n. (-द्य) Household furniture and utensils. E. परिषाद्य, and चञ् aff.

पारितया f. (-या) A trinket worn on the forehead, where the hair is parted; or a string of pearls for binding the hair. E. परि every way (splendid), तया there, चञ् added.

पारितोषिक mfn. (-क-की-क) Delighting, making happy. n. (-क) A reward, a gratuity. E. पारितोष satisfaction, उञ् aff.

पारिषजिक m. (-कः) A standard-bearer.

पारिक m. (-कः) A lion: see पारिक.

पारिपथिक m. (-थिक) A robber, a thief, a highwayman. E. परि around, पथिन् the road, aff. उञ्.

पारिपाक्य n. (-क्य) Regularity, methodicalness, successiveness. E. परिपाटी orderly course, चञ् aff.

पारिपात्र m. (-त्रः) The name of a mountain, apparently the central or western portion of the "Vindhya" chain, which skirts the province of Malwa. E. परि every way, पा to cherish, उञ् aff.; or with कञ् added, पारिपात्रक; also read पारिपात्र.

पारिपात्रक m. (-कः) A mountain so called: see the last.

पारिपात्रिक m. (-कः) 1. An actor, who serves as a sort of choros to the drama, and is one of the interlocutors in the prologue. 2. An attendant. E. परि about, पात्र the side, (of the manager, &c.) aff. उञ्.

पारिपात्रिका f. (-का) A chamber-maid.

पारिप्लव mfn. (-व-व-व) 1. Perturbed, troubled in mind. 2. Trembling, tremulous, unsteady. 3. swimming, floating. m. (-व) A boat. E. परिप्लव, and चञ् added.

पारिप्लव m. (-वः) A goose. n. (-व) 1. Perplexity, agitation. 2. Tremulousness. E. परिप्लव, and चञ् aff.

पारिवर्त m. (-र्तः) A wedding present.

पारिमृद m. (-दः) 1. The coral tree, (Erythrina fulgens.) 2. The Nimba tree. 3. A sort of pine, (Pinus De'vadaru.) 4. The Sarala, also a sort of pine, (P. longifolia.) E. परि completely, मृद auspicious, aff. चञ्; also with कञ् added, पारिमृदक.

परिभाष' n. (-यः) 1. Surety, security, bail. 2. A drug, a sort of costus, (C. speciosus.) E. परिषु a surety, or परिमव overcoming, (disease) aff. चञ्.

परिभाषिक f. (-की) 1. Current, common, universally received. 2. Technical, (as a word.) E. परिभाषा, and उञ् affix.

परिभाषक n. (-कः) An atom, as a measure of space, a mote in a sun beam. E. परिमव a ball, and चञ् aff.

परिमुखिक mfn. (-क-की-क) Present, before or about the face. E. परि about, मुख the face, उञ् aff.

परिमुख n. (-कः) Presence, being before the face. E. परिमुख, and चञ् aff.

पारिवाह m. (-हः) The name of one of the seven principal mountains; see पारिवाह, also with कञ् added, पारिवाहक, or with उञ् aff. पारिवाहिक.

पारिवाहिक m. (-कः) A travelling cart or carriage. E. पारि every way, गान going, aff. डक्.  
 पारिवर्चक m. (-कः) An ascetic or religious mendicant. E. पारि said to mean, future happiness, from परि and रचक who preserves.  
 पारिप m. (-प्रः) A tree : see पारिभाष्य । पारिपिपुल ।  
 पारिप्लव n. (-लः) That which is left, remainder.  
 पारिषद् mfn. (-दः-दो-दं) Belonging or relating to an assembly. m. (-दः)  
 1. A spectator, a person present at an assembly or congregation.  
 2. A king's companion. plu. The retinue of a god. E. परिषद् an assembly, aff. चक्; or with पर aff. पारिषद्.  
 पारिषय m. (-यः) A spectator : see the last.  
 पारिवारिक mfn. (-कः-को-कं) 1. Taking away, seizing. 2. Surrounding. m. (-कः) A maker of garlands. f. (-को) A kind of riddle. E. परिहार seizure, डक् aff.  
 पारिहार्य m. (-र्यः) A bracelet. n. (-र्यः) Taking, seizure. E. परिहार, and चक् aff. also परिहार्यः.  
 पारिहास्य n. (-स्यः) Jest, joke, fun.  
 पारो f. (-री) 1. A rope for tying an elephant's feet. 2. A quantity of water. 3. A drinking cup. 4. A milk-pail. E. पा + क्षिप्-रा-क-डोप् ।  
 पारोक्षिक m. (-नः) 1. The name of a sovereign, to whom the Sri-Bha' gavat, or life of KRISHN'A, is supposed to have been addressed. 2. The successor of the preceding; also JANAME'JAYA. E. पारीक्षित् the king so called, and चक् pleonasm or patronymic.  
 पारीष mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. On the opposite side. 2. Who goes or crosses to the other side. 3. Completely versed in. E. पार the other side, aff. चक् ।  
 पारीषद् n. (-दः) Household furniture.  
 पारीक m. (-कः) 1. A lion. 2. A large snake, (Boa.) E. पर another, (animal,) and रक् lord, form irr.  
 पारोक्ष m. (-यः) 1. A tortoise. 2. A stick, a staff. पार्यो रयति, रय + चक् ।  
 पार m. (-रः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. E. पा or nourish, Una'di aff. र.  
 पारय n. (-यः) 1. Abuse, reproach, scurrilous, opprobrious or unfriendly speech. 2. The property of harshness, &c. in speaking. 3. The forest or grove of INDRA. 4. Aloe wood or Agallochum. 5. Severity, violence, either in word or deed, as वाक्पादयं defamation, abuse, or violence words, and दण्डपादयं personal injury, assault or violence of blows. m. (-यः) A name of VRIHASPATI. E. पारय harsh, contumelious, &c. aff. चक्.  
 पारय m. (-यः) A sword, a scimitar. E. पार collectively, foes, from पर an enemy, ईर to penetrate, aff. डक्.  
 पारोक्ष्य n. (-यः) Tradition.  
 पार्षट n. (-टः) 1. Ashes. 2. Dust. E. पार from पर another, चट् to endeavour, aff. चक्, and the final vowel of पार rejected.  
 पार्षन्त f. (-न्तः) Belonging to rain.  
 पार्ष f. (-र्षः) Relating to leaves. 2. Raised from leaves (as a tax.)  
 पार्ष m. (-र्षः) 1. A king, a prince. 2. A name of the Pa'ndu prince ARJUN'A. 3. A name of KA'RTAVIRYA. 4. A tree, (Pentaptera arjuna.) E. पार्ष a proper name, चक् aff. of descent.  
 पार्षन्त n. (-न्तः) Severalty, individuality, difference. E. पार्षन्त separate, चक् aff.  
 पार्षन्त n. (-न्तः) Greatness, immensity. E. पार्ष great, चक् aff.; also पार्षन्त, पार्षन्त, &c.  
 पार्षन्त mfn. (-यः-या or यो-यं) 1. Earthen, made or derived from earth. 2. Ruling or possessing the earth. 3. Princely, royal. m. (-यः) 1. A king, a prince. 2. An earthen vessel. 3. An inhabitant of the earth. f. (-यो) 1. A name of Si'ta. 2. An epithet of Lakshmi. E. पार्षन्त the earth, चक् aff.  
 पार्षन्त m. (-रः) 1. A name of YAMA. 2. Consumption. 3. A handful of rice.  
 पार्षन्त f. (-को) Final, conclusive.

पार्षन्त mfn. (-यः-यो-यं) Relating to a Parva, a particular day of the month, &c. E. पार्षन्त, and चक् aff.  
 पार्षन्त mfn. (-यः-यो-यं) m. (-यः) A sort of deer. n. (-यः) The general funeral ceremony to be offered to all the manes at the Parva, or conjunction of the sun and moon, at which double oblations are offered; three cakes to the father, paternal grand-father, and great grandfather; and three to the maternal grand-father, his father, and grandfather; and the crumbs of each set to the remoter ancestors in each line. f. (-यो) 1. Belonging or relating to a Parvan. 2. Waxing, increasing. E. पार्षन्त a knot, &c. aff. चक् ।  
 पार्षन्त mfn. (-यः-यो-यं) Mountain, produced in the mountains. m. (-यः) A tree called the large Nimb, (Melia sempervirens.) f. (-यो) 1. A name of Durga', in her capacity of daughter of HIMA'LAYA, the sovereign of the snowy mountains. 2. DRAUPADI the wife of the Pa'n'du princes. 3. A female cowherd or Go'pi. 4. The olibanum tree, (Boswellia thurifera.) 5. Another tree, (Celtis orientalis.) 6. A red clay, commonly called Saura'shtri, or Surat earth. 7. A name applied to several rivers. E. पार्षन्त a mountain, चक् aff. of descent or relation.  
 पार्षन्त m. (-यः) 1. A name of KA'RTAVIRYA. 2. A name of GANESHA. E. पार्षन्त the goddess, and नन्दन a son.  
 पार्षन्त mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Mountain, mountaineer. m. plu. Name of a mountain tribe. E. पार्षन्त, and चक् added.  
 पार्षन्त mfn. (-यः-यो-यं) Mountain or mountain-born, &c. n. (-यः) 1. Antimony. 2. A plant bearing a pungent fruit. E. पार्षन्त a mountain, and डक् aff.  
 पार्षन्त mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Occurring at the end of a Parva or a solstice, (a sacrifice, &c.) E. पार्षन्त, and चयन solstice, चयन end, डक् aff. [aff.]  
 पार्षन्त m. (-यः) A warrior armed with an axe. E. पार्षन्त an axe, and चक्  
 पार्षन्त mfn. (-यः-यो-यं) Near, proximate, by the side of. mn. (-यः-यं)  
 1. A side, the part of the body below the armpit. 2. The curve or circumference of a wheel. 3. Side of any square figure. n. (-यः)  
 1. A multitude of ribs, the thorax. 2. A fraudulent or crooked expedient. m. (-यः) The twenty-third Jina or Jaina pontiff. E. पार्षन्त 'to touch, चक् Una'di aff., and चक् substituted for the root; or पार्षन्त a rib, aff. चक्.  
 पार्षन्त m. (-यः) 1. A pilferer, a swindler, any one who seeks wealth or other objects, by dishonest or indirect means. 2. A rib, E. पार्षन्त a dishonest means, a side, and चक् aff.  
 पार्षन्त mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Close to, beside. E. पार्षन्त, and गत gone to.  
 पार्षन्त ind. By or from the side of, &c. E. पार्षन्त the side, and तत्त्वं aff.  
 पार्षन्त mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Belonging to the side of. E. पार्षन्त, and चक् aff.; the final चक् rejected.  
 पार्षन्त m. (-यः) 1. Turning round from one side to the other in a bed. 2. A festival held in the eleventh day of the first half of Bha'dra when VISHN'U is supposed to turn upon the other side in his sleep. E. पार्षन्त, and परिवर्तन turning.  
 पार्षन्त m. (यः) The side, the flank. E. पार्षन्त the side, and भाग part.  
 पार्षन्त mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Sleeping on. 2. Sleeping beside the side. E. पार्षन्त, and यो to sleep, aff. चक्.  
 पार्षन्त n. (-यः) Spasm of the chest, stitch. E. पार्षन्त, and चक् sharp pain.  
 पार्षन्त mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Staying near or close to, or at the side. E. (यः) 1. A sort of chorus to the Indian drama, an actor in the prelude, and interpreter of the plot. 2. An associate, a companion, E. पार्षन्त the side, (of the manager, &c.) चक् who stays.  
 पार्षन्त n. (-यः) Food not to be taken after one of the party has washed his mouth. E. पार्षन्त, and चापान्न sipped.

- प्राक्पिठ n. (-पिठ) A rib. म. प्राक्पिठ the side, and प्राक्पिठ a bone.
- प्राक्पिठ mfn. (-पिठ-की-पिठ) Lateral, belonging to the side, &c. m. (-पिठ) 1. A juggler. 2. A partisan, a sidesman, an associate or companion. म. प्राक्पिठ the side, and ठक् aff. [fond of; going sidelong.]
- प्राक्पिठमिठ m. (-पिठ) A crab. म. प्राक्पिठ the side, चर the belly, and मिठ
- प्राक्पिठ m. (-पिठ) A Pa'n'd'u prince. f. (-पिठ) 1. A name of DRAUPADI'. 2. Belonging to the spotted antelope. 3. An epithet of DURGA'. म. प्राक्पिठ the name of a king, चर aff. of descent.
- प्राक्पिठ m. (-पिठ) 1. A spectator, a person present in a congregation or assembly. 2. A companion, an attendant. 3. A retinue, a train. म. प्राक्पिठ an assembly, चर aff.; also with चर aff., प्राक्पिठ : or derived from परिचर, प्राक्पिठ.
- प्राक्पिठ mfn. (-पिठ) 1. The heel. 2. The rear of an army. 3. The back. 4. Enquiry, asking. 5. A kick. f. (-पिठ) 1. A violent or licentious woman, one intoxicated literally or figuratively, &c. 2. A name of Kuntī the mother of Yudhishthira. म. प्राक्पिठ to sprinkle, &c. Una'di aff. नि.
- प्राक्पिठमिठ m. (-पिठ) 1. An enemy in the rear. 2. A commander in the rear of his army or reserve. 3. An ally who supports a prince. म. प्राक्पिठ the rear, and प्राक्पिठ who takes.
- प्राक्पिठमिठ m. (-पिठ) An outside horse. म. प्राक्पिठ, चर to bear, aff. चर।
- प्राक्पिठ n. (-पिठ) A reserve, a body of forces in the rear. म. प्राक्पिठ the rear, and चर to preserve, aff. चर।
- प्राक्पिठ r. 1st and 10th cls. (प्राक्पिठ-ने) To guard, to preserve or protect. चुञ्चमञ्चमञ्च-नेट्।
- प्राक्पिठ mfn. (-पिठ-की-पिठ) Who or what guards or preserves. m. (-पिठ) 1. A nourisher, a protector. 2. A spitting-pot. 3. A herdsman. 4. A king. f. (-पिठ) 1. The sharp edge of a sword. 2. A woman with a beard. 3. A louse. 4. A line, a row or range. 5. A pot, a boiler. म. प्राक्पिठ to nourish, aff. चर; चर added; also with चर aff. प्राक्पिठ।
- प्राक्पिठ mfn. (-पिठ-का-पिठ) Who or what protects, nourishes, &c. m. (-पिठ) 1. A horse-keeper, a groom. 2. A cherisher, a protector, a guardian. 3. A prince. 4. A horse. 5. The chitraka tree. म. प्राक्पिठ to nourish, aff. चर।
- प्राक्पिठमिठ m. (-पिठ) A name of a Muni or saint, a form of the divine physician D'HANWANTARI, who promulgated the science of elephants. n. (-पिठ) The science of elephants.
- प्राक्पिठ m. (-पिठ) A mushroom. म. प्राक्पिठ earth, derived from प्राक्पिठ to nourish, and चर destructive.
- प्राक्पिठ m. (-पिठ) 1. The olibanum tree, (Boswellia thurifera.) 2. A sort of beet root, (Peta bengalensis.) 3. A hawk. f. (-पिठ) Incense, the resin of the olibanum; also प्राक्पिठ. म. प्राक्पिठ nourishing, चर what goes or gives, aff. चर।
- प्राक्पिठ f. (-पिठ) Gum olibanum. म. प्राक्पिठ the olibanum tree, चर added.
- प्राक्पिठ n. (-पिठ) 1. Preserving, guarding, protecting, cherishing, nourishing. 2. The milk of a cow that has recently calved. म. प्राक्पिठ to nourish, aff. चर। [चर aff.]
- प्राक्पिठ mfn. (-पिठ-वन्नी-पिठ) Protecting, cherishing. म. प्राक्पिठ to protect, प्राक्पिठ mfn. (-पिठ-वन्नी-पिठ) Protecting, cherishing, a protector, &c. म. प्राक्पिठ to nourish, चर aff.
- प्राक्पिठ mfn. (-पिठ-ग्री-पिठ) 1. Of a green colour. 2. Belonging to the Pala'sha tree, made of its wood, &c. m. (-पिठ) Green, (the colour.) म. प्राक्पिठ a leaf, or the tree, aff. चर।
- प्राक्पिठमिठ m. (-पिठ) A country in India, the western part of Bihar. म. प्राक्पिठ belonging to the Pala'sha tree, &c. चर district; abounding in the Butea frondosa.
- प्राक्पिठ f. (-पिठ or पिठ) 1. The sharp edge of a sword, or any cutting instrument. 2. The tip of the ear. 3. A line, a row or range. 4. A mark, a spot, a stain. 5. A louse. 6. A woman with a beard. 7. A boundary, a limit. 8. A raised bank, a causeway, a bridge.

9. A circumference. 10 Maintenance of a scholar during the period of his studies, by his teacher. 11. Praise, eulogium. 12. The hip or haunch. 13. A Prast'ha or measure so called. 14. The lap, the bosom. म. प्राक्पिठ to nourish, चर aff., and in most cases, चर being optionally added, also प्राक्पिठ : see प्राक्पिठ.
- प्राक्पिठ f. (-पिठ) 1. The sharp edge of a cutting instrument. 2. A sort of ladle or knife for skimming milk, curds, &c. 3. The lobe of the ear. म. प्राक्पिठ as above, with चर added; see also प्राक्पिठ.
- प्राक्पिठ mfn. (-पिठ-ता-पिठ) Cherished, nourished. m. (-पिठ) The Sak'hota tree. म. प्राक्पिठ nourish aff. चर. [चर aff.]
- प्राक्पिठ n. (-पिठ) Greyness of hair consequent on old age. म. प्राक्पिठ + प्राक्पिठ mfn. (-पिठ-विनी-पिठ) Who or what nourishes or protects. म. प्राक्पिठ to protect, चर aff.
- प्राक्पिठ m. (-पिठ) A sort of jasmine, (J. pubescens.) f. (-पिठ) Teori; see the next. म. प्राक्पिठ to nourish, (the bee), aff. चर।
- प्राक्पिठ f. (-पिठ) A plant, commonly Teori, (Convolvulus turpethum,) the black sort. म. See the last, aff. चर।
- प्राक्पिठ mfn. (-पिठ-की-पिठ) Who or what renders pure, a purifier, purificatory. m. (-पिठ) 1. fire, or its deified personification. 2. Social fire, one lighted in common. 3. A fire lighted on taking possession of a house. 4. A saint, a person purified by religious abstraction. 5. A tree, the wood of which is used to procure fire by attrition, (Premna, spinosa.) 6. Leadwort, (Plumbago zeylanica.) 7. Marking nut plant, (Semicarpus anacardium.) 8. A vermifuge plant. 9. A flash of lightning. 10. The number "three"; see चर। f. (-पिठ) Wife of AGNI. म. पू to purify, चर aff.
- प्राक्पिठमिठ m. (-पिठ) A tree, the wood of which is used to procure fire by attrition. म. प्राक्पिठ fire, चर touch-wood.
- प्राक्पिठ m. (-पिठ) A name of KA'ETIKYA. म. प्राक्पिठ, and चर aff.; indirectly this deity is the son of fire.
- प्राक्पिठ mfn. (-पिठ-ता-पिठ) 1. Pure, purified. 2. Purifying, expurgatory, purificatory. n. (-पिठ) 1. Water. 2. Penance, expiation, purification by acts of austerity and devotion. 3. Cow-dung. 4. The Eleocarpus seed. 5. A kind of grass, (Costus.) m. (-पिठ) 1. The inspired poet VYA'SA. 2. Fire generally or for various ceremonial purposes. 3. Incense. 4. A Siddha. f. (-पिठ) 1. Yellow myrobalan. 2. A cow. 3. The Ganges, or the goddess GANGA'. 4. Holy basil. म. पू to cleanse or purify, aff. चर।
- प्राक्पिठमिठ m. (-पिठ) A conch-shell. म. प्राक्पिठ, and चर sound.
- प्राक्पिठमिठ mfn. (-पिठ-ता-पिठ) Purificatory, purifying. f. (-पिठ) An expiatory text. म. पू to purify, प्राक्पिठ + चर aff.
- प्राक्पिठमिठ f. (-पिठ) An epithet of particular Vedic hymns.
- प्राक्पिठ m. (-पिठ) 1. The side of a die which is marked with two points. 2. A particular throw of the die.
- प्राक्पिठ mfn. (-पिठ-ता-पिठ) Purified. म. पू to purify, causal v., चर aff. [aff.]
- प्राक्पिठ mfn. (-पिठ-विनी-पिठ) Who or what purifies. म. पू to purify, चर।
- प्राक्पिठ mfn. (-पिठ-का-पिठ) What is to be or must be purified. म. पू to purify, चर aff.
- प्राक्पिठ m. (-पिठ) 1. A fetter, a chain, a tie, the string for fastening tamed animals, or the net or noose for catching birds, deer, &c. 2. A noose as a weapon of combat. 3. A die. 4. In composition with words signifying "hair," denotes quantity, as चरप्राक्पिठ: much or flowing hair. 5. In composition with चर, denotes "beauty," as चरप्राक्पिठ: a handsome ear. 6. in composition with चर and other words expresses "contempt" or "depreciation," as चरप्राक्पिठ: an inelegant or shabby umbrella; चरप्राक्पिठ "a bad physician &c." म. पू to bind, aff. चर; where it is used in composition, it is in fact but a technical aff.
- प्राक्पिठ m. (-पिठ) A dice, particularly the long sort used in playing Chaupai. म. पू to bind, चर aff.



पाखन n. (-न) 1. A noose, a snare. 2. Fettering, entrapping. म. पाखि, aff. कुट् ।  
 पाखपाणि m. (-णि) A name of VARUN'A, the regent of water. म. पाख a sort of noose, and पाणि the hand, VARUN'A being represented as holding a cord in one hand, shaped like a sling or a noose.  
 पाखवह mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Noosed, snared, caught or bound. म. पाख, and वह bound.  
 पाखवन्ध n. (-न्ध) A noose, a snare, a halter, a net, &c. म. पाख, and वन्ध a binding.  
 पाखभृत् m. (-भृत्) 1. VARUN'A. 2. A soldier, &c. armed with a noose. म. पाख, and भृत् who has.  
 पाखव n. (-व) A flock, a herd. f. (वी) adj. Relating to animals. म. पख an animal, चण् aff.  
 पाखवपाखन n. (-न) Pasture or meadow grass. म. पाख, and पाखन supporting. [aff.]  
 पाखित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Tied, fettered, bound. म. पाख a fetter, and तत् पाखित् m. (-यी) 1. One armed with a net or noose. 2. A deer-catcher or fowler, using a net or noose. 3. A name of VARUN'A. 4. A name of YAMA. म. पाख a fetter, रणि aff.  
 पाखीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Tied, fettered. म. पाख a fetter, कृत made, and इ substituted for the final of the first word.  
 पाखुपत m. (-तः) 1. A follower and worshipper of S'IVA, in one of his forms as the supreme deity of the Hindu' triad. 2. A followers of the doctrines of Pas'upati, an old philosopher. A tree, (*Aeschynomene grandiflora*.) n. (-त) The teaching of Pas'upati. म. पखपति a name of S'IVA, चण् aff.  
 पाखुपताक्ष n. (-क्ष) S'IVA's trident. म. पाखुपत, and चक्ष a weapon.  
 पाखुपाख n. (-व) The business of a grazier, rearing and keeping cattle. म. पख an animal, पाख nourishing, चण् aff.  
 पाखात्ता mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Behind, being behind. 2. Subsequent. 3. Western. n. (त) The hinder part. म. पखाद् भवः तत् aff.  
 पाखा f. (-खा) A number of nooses. म. पाख, and यत् aff.  
 पाखक m. (-क) An ornament for the feet. म. पख to bind aff. चण् ।  
 पाखक m. (-क) 1. A heretic, an impostor, one who not conforming to the orthodox tenets of Hind'u faith, assumes the external characteristics of tribe or sect, a Jain, a Baudd'ha &c. 2. Any sect not Hind'u. म. पाख sin, चण् to give, ड aff., deriv. irr.  
 पाखकक m. (-क) A heretic, an impostor. म. कन् added to the preceding.  
 पाखिच्छिन् m. (-च्छि) A heretic, &c. : see पाखक. म. पाखक, and छि added.  
 पाखाय m. (-यः) A stone in general. f. (खी) A small stone used as a weight. म. पिख् to grind, (condiments upon,) चण् aff. चानच् added, and the deriv. irr.  
 पाखायदारक m. (-क) A sort of hatchet for cutting stones, a stone-cutter's chisel. म. पाखाय a stone, and दारक what tears or breaks; also पाखायदारक, from दारय rending, tearing. "द्विनी" ।  
 पाखायदारय m. (-यः) An instrument for cutting stones; see the last.  
 पाखायभेदिन् m. (-दि) A plant, (*Plectranthus scutellaroides*.) म. पाखाय a stone, and भेदिन् dividing; growing amongst stones and rocks.  
 पाखायसन्धि m. (-न्धि) A cave in a rock.  
 पाखायहृदय Adj. Stone-hearted, cruel.  
 पाखात m. (-तः) The mulberry tree, (*Morus Indica*.)  
 पि r. 1st cl. (पिपि) To go, to move. तु० सक्० पर० चणिट् ।  
 पिक् m. (-क्) The Indian cuckoo, (*Cuculus Indicus*.) f. (-की) The female. म. पि imitative sound, कै to utter, aff. क ।  
 पिक्वन्धु m. (-न्धु) The mango tree. म. पिक् the K'okila, and वन्धु friend; the favourite haunt of that bird.  
 पिकराय m. (-यः) The mango tree. म. पिक, and राय fondness.  
 पिकरह्वन m. (-नः) The mango tree. म. पिक, and वन्धु beloved.

पिक्वाच n. (-च) A vegetable, and perfume, commonly Rochan'i. म. पिक् K'okila and चक् an eye; having red blossoms.  
 पिक्वाच m. (-च) A small bird, commonly called Cha't'ak'a. म. पिक् the K'okila, and चक् body or form.  
 पिक्वानन्द m. (-न्द) The spring season. म. पिक् the K'okila, and चक् delight. Also पिक्वानन्द ।  
 पिक्व m. (-क्) 1. A young elephant. 2. An elephant twenty years old. म. पिक् imitative sound, and कै to utter, aff. क.  
 पिक्व mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Of a tawny colour. m. (-वः) 1. Tawny, (the colour. 2. A rat. 3. A buffalo. n. (-व) A young animal. f. (-वा) 1. A yellow dye; see गीतोचना. 2. Asafetida. 3. A tubular vessel of the body, which according to the Y'oga system, is the channel of respiration and circulation for one side. 4. A name of Dunga'. 5. Turmeric. 6. Bamboo mapna. f. (-वा) A sort of Mimosa, (M. suma, Rox.) म. पिक्वि to colour, aff. चण्; or पिक्व tawny, aff. टाप् &c.  
 पिक्वपिमा f. (-मा) A cockroach. म. पिक्व tawny, and कपिक् brown.  
 पिक्वचक्षुस् m. (-चक्षुस्) A crab. म. पिक्व tawny, and चक्षुस् the eye.  
 पिक्वजट m. (-जट) S'IVA. म. पिक्व tawny, and जट braided hair.  
 पिक्वल् mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Of tawny colour, brown, yellowish. m. (-वः) 1. Tawny, (the colour,) a dull brown, or yellow. 2. An attendant upon the sun. 3. The sun. 4. A fabulous being in the form of a Na'ga or serpent of lower regions, to whom a treatise on prosody is ascribed; he hence considered as a Muni, or inspired and divine personage. 5. A name of S'IVA. 6. One of KUR'na's divine treasures. 7. A monkey. 8. Fire. 9. An ichneumon. 10. A sort of poison. 11. A small owl. 12. The 51st year of the Hind'u cycle. n. (-व) 1. Brass. 2. Yellow orpiment. f. (-वा) 1. The female elephant of the south quarter. 2. A pious whore, commemorated in the Bha'gavata. 3. A particular vessel of the body, the right of three canals which run from the os-coccygis; to the head, and which are the chief passages of breath and air, according to the anatomy of the Y'oga school of philosophy. 4. An astrological house or period. 5. The Sisū tree, (*Dalbergia Sisū*.) 6. Heartpea. 7. A kind of owl. 8. A kind of metal. म. पिक्वि to colour, Una'di aff. चण्; or पिक्व of a tawny hue, fem. aff. टाप्.  
 पिक्विका f. (-का) 1. A sort of crane. 2. A kind of owl. see वराह. म. पिक्व of a tawny colour, कन् aff.  
 पिक्वसार m. (-रः) Yellow orpiment. "हरिनाले" ।  
 पिक्वस्तिक m. (-क) A kind of gem called "gomedh".  
 पिक्वाच mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Red-eyed. m. (च) A name of S'IVA. म. पिक् reddish brown, and चक् an eye.  
 पिक्वाच m. (-च) 1. A sort of fish, (*Pimelodius pangasius*, HAM.) 2. The head man or proprietor of a village. n. (-च) Virgin gold. f. (-ची) The indigo plant. म. पिक्व tawny, चक् flesh, from चण् to eat aff. चण्.  
 पिक्वाच m. (-च) A fish : see the last.  
 पिक्वचक्षुस् m. (-चक्षुस्) A name of S'IVA. म. पिक्व tawny, and चक्षुस् eye.  
 पिक्वचक्षुस् m. (-चक्षुस्) 1. The belly. 2. The back of an animal. म. चण् certainly, चण् to eat, aff. ड, initial of the prefix rejected; also पिक्वचक्षुस्.  
 पिक्वचक्षुस् mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Big-bellied, corpulent. म. पिक्वचक्षुस् the belly, and चक्षुस् aff.  
 पिक्वचक्षुस् f. (-का) The instep; also पिक्वचक्षुस्.  
 पिक्वचक्षुस् m. (-चक्षुस्) The cotton plant. म. पिक्व cotton, and चण् aff. "कापीराच".  
 पिक्वचक्षुस् m. (-चक्षुस्) 1. The belly or abdomen. 2. The back of an animal. म. चण् certainly, चण् to eat, aff. ड, and च substituted for the radical vowel.  
 पिक्वचक्षुस् mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Big-bellied, corpulent, pot-bellied. म. पिक्वचक्षुस् a belly, and चक्षुस् aff.

पिङ्ग m. (-ङ्) 1. Cotton. 2. The name of an Āyura. 3. A Karsha or weight of two Tola's : see कर्ष. 4. A sort of leprosy. 5. One of the eight faces of BHAIRAVA. ६. पिङ्ग Sautra root, means to rub, Una'di aff. ङ; or पङ्-उ-पङ्गी. १

पिङ्ग m. (-ङ्) A plant, (Vangueria spinosa.) ६. कन् added to the preceding. मदनस्ये । [cotton.

पिङ्ग n. (-ङ्) Cotton. ६. पिङ्ग, and मन् both meaning the same, पिङ्गमन् m. (-ङ्) The Nimba tree, (Melia azadirakta.) ६. पिङ्ग a sort of leprosy, and मन् to be slow, in the causal form, to make slow or check, aff. ङ; also पिङ्गमन्.

पिङ्गमन् m. (-ङ्) The Nimba tree: see the last. ६. पिङ्ग as before, मन् to destroy, aff. ङ.

पिङ्ग m. (-ङ्) 1. Cotton : also पिङ्ग. 2. The tamarisk, (T. Indica.) 3. A plant, (Barringtonia acutangula.) 4. The diver or water-crow. ६. पिङ्ग cotton, ला to get, &c. aff. क. भाङ्गहजे ।

पिङ्ग r. 10th cl. (पिङ्गयति-ने) To cut, to divide. चुङ्गमङ्गसेट् ।

पिङ्ग m. (-ङ्) Inflammation of the eyes, ophthalmia. n. (-ङ्) 1. Tin. 2. Lead. ६. पिङ्ग to divide, aff. ङ, and टौक for टौक to go, aff. ङ; or पिङ्ग-पट् ।

पिङ्ग f. (-ङ्) A particular measure of pearls.

पिङ्ग r. 6. th cl. (पिङ्गयति) 1. To pain or torture. 2. To hinder. r. 10th cl. (पिङ्गयति) To cut, to divide. चुङ्गमङ्गसेट् ।

पिङ्ग n. (-ङ्) 1. The tail of a peacock. 2. A crest. 3. The feather of a tail. 4. The feather of an arrow. m. (-ङ्) A tail in general. f. (-ङ्) 1. The gum of the silk cotton tree. 2. A line, a row or range. 3. A diseased affection of a horse's feet. 4. The nut of the Arecia, betel-nut. 5. A plantain. 6. The scum of boiled rice. 7. A sort of body dress, or jacket. 8. The venomous saliva of a snake. 9. The Sisu tree, (Dalbergia Sisu.) 10. A sheath, a coat or cover. 11. An armour. 12. A multitude, a heap. 13. The calf of the leg. 14. The Indian cuckoo. 15. The exudation of the Sa'lmali' tree. ६. पिङ्ग to divide, aff. ङ or ङ.

पिङ्ग f. (-ङ्) Slimy, slippery.

पिङ्गलदा f. (-ङ्) The jujube, (Zizyphus jujuba.) ६. पिङ्गल for पिङ्गल a tree, and दल a leaf. वदरोहजे ।

पिङ्गवत् mfn. (-ङ्) Tailed, having a tail. ६. पिङ्ग, and वत् aff. पिङ्गवा(वा) m. (-ङ्) A hawk.

पिङ्गका f. (-ङ्) The feather of a peacock's tail tied in a bunch.

पिङ्गनिका f. (-ङ्) The Sisu, (Dalbergia Sisu.)

पिङ्ग mfn. subst. (-ङ्) 1. Sauce mixed with rice gruel. 2. Sauce, gravy, or condiments with water or Ghee. 3. Broth, soup. 4. Moist, and split pulse. f. (-ङ्) 1. The silk cotton tree, (Bombax heptaphyllum.) 2. A potherb, (Basella rubra and lucida.) 3. A timber tree, (Dalbergia Sisu.) 4. The name of a river. 5. An esculent root, (Arum Indicum.) 6. Lubricous, slippery, smeary. m. (-ङ्) The tamarisk, (Tamarix Indica.) mfn. adj. (-ङ्) Having a tail. ६. पिङ्ग rice water, scum, &c. and दल aff.

पिङ्गलम् m. (लङ्) 1. An orange. 2. Orange-peel. ६. पिङ्गल said to mean an orange, and लङ् skin.

पिङ्ग (ङ्) पिङ्ग r. 2nd cl. (पिङ्गे) 1. To tinge, to dye or colour, to impinge. 2. To touch. 3. To tinkle. 4. To adore. r. 1st and 10th cl. (पिङ्गति पिङ्गयति-ने) 1. To kill or injure. 2. To be strong. 3. To give. 4. To dwell. 5. To speak. 6. To shine. दीप्ति वादे. सान्निध्यं पङ्गद्विधावां दानिच सङ्गुचमङ्गसेट् इदित् ।

पिङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्) Disturbed in mind, confused, confounded. m. (-ङ्) 1. The moon. 2. A kind of camphor. 3. A heap. 4. Killing, slaughter. n. (-ङ्) Strength, power. f. (-ङ्) 1. Hurting, injuring, injury. 2. Cotton. 3. Turmeric. 4. A sort of palm. 5. A switch. ६. पिङ्ग to hurt or kill, aff. ङ.

पिङ्ग m. (-ङ्) The concrete rheum of the eyes. ६. पिङ्ग to give pain, षट् aff.

पिङ्ग n. (-ङ्) A bow-shaped instrument used for cleaning cotton. ६. पिङ्ग to touch, aff. कट् ।

पिङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्) Yellow or tawny, reddish yellow. m. (-ङ्) 1. A sort of colour, tawny brown, a reddish yellow, or a mixture of red and yellow. 2. A horse, probably a bay or chestnut horse. n. (-ङ्) 1. Gold. 2. Yellow orpiment. 3. A cage. 4. The ribs or the cavity formed by them, the thorax : see पङ्ग. ६. पिङ्ग to dye or tinge, षट् aff.

पिङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्) Confounded, overcome with terror or grief. m. (-ङ्) An army panic-struck, or in great disorder. n. (-ङ्) 1. The leaf of the Kusa grass. 2. Yellow orpiment. f. (-ङ्) Two blades of Kusa grass, used as a vessel, or to take up articles with, at sacrifices. ६. पिङ्ग to hurt, &c. aff. कङ् ।

पिङ्ग n. (-ङ्) Gold. ६. पिङ्ग, षट् aff.

पिङ्गिका f. (-ङ्) A roll of cotton, from which the threads are spun. ६. पिङ्ग cotton, कन् added in the fem. form. "पङ्गि". [कङ्.

पिङ्ग n. (-ङ्) The wick of a lamp. ६. पिङ्ग to hurt, &c. Una'di aff.

पिङ्ग m. (-ङ्) The wax of the ear. ६. पिङ्ग to stain, ङङ् aff.

पिङ्ग m. (-ङ्) The excretion, or concrete rheum of the eyes.

पिङ्गिका f. (-ङ्) The noise, or rustling of leaves. ६. पिङ्ग, षट् aff.

पिङ्ग r. 1st cl. (पिङ्गति) 1. To sound. 2. To assemble or heap together. भाङ्गपरमङ्गसेट् ।

पिङ्ग m. (-ङ्) 1. A basket for holding grain, a sort of cupboard or granary made of bamboos or canes. 2. A basket, a box. n. (-ङ्) 1. A house, a hovel. 2. A roof. ६. पिङ्ग to collect, क aff.

पिङ्ग mfn. subst. (-ङ्) A boil, an ulcer. m. (-ङ्) 1. A basket, a box. 2. A large basket, or receptacle of basket work, for keeping grain, &c.; a granary. 3. An ornament on Indra's banner. ६. पिङ्ग to collect, aff. कङ्; also पिङ्ग and पिट् ।

पिङ्ग m. (-ङ्) A species of pike, (Esox scolopax.)

पिङ्गिका f. (-ङ्) Colocynth. इन्द्रावध्याम् ।

पिङ्ग m. (-ङ्) 1. The name of a saint. 2. A basket, a box. ६. पिङ्ग to collect, and कङ् Una'di aff.

पिङ्ग n. (-ङ्) The tartar or excretion of the teeth. ६. पिङ्ग to collect, aff. ङङ् ।

पिङ्ग r. 1st cl. (पिङ्गति) 1. To hurt or kill. 2. To feel pain or affliction. लङ्गे षङ्गे सङ्गभाङ्गपरमङ्गसेट् ।

पिङ्ग m. (-ङ्) Pain, distress. ६. पिङ्ग, and क aff.

पिङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्) A pot, a pan. n. (-ङ्) 1. A churning stick. 2. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) 3. A sort of building, a hut or watch box made of bamboos and mats, or as it is sometimes explained, a kind of store room or scullery. ६. पिङ्ग pain, रा to take, aff. क; or पिङ्ग-कङ् ।

पिङ्ग m. (-ङ्) A kind of serpent. ६. see the last.

पिङ्ग (ङ्) पिङ्ग r. 1st and 10th cl. (पिङ्गति-ने पिङ्गयति-ने) To accumulate, to assemble, to heap together. रात्रौकरणे भाङ्गपाङ्गमङ्गसेट् इदित् । पुरादेवधपदी ।

पिङ्ग mf. (-ङ्) A small boil, a pimple. ६. पीङ्ग-ङ्ङ् ।

पिङ्ग mn. (-ङ्) A lump, a heap, a cluster, a quantity or collection. mf. (-ङ्) An oblation to deceased ancestors as a ball or lump of meat, or rice, mixed up with milk, curds, flowers, &c. and offered to the manes at the several Shrā'd'd'has, by the nearest surviving relations. m. (-ङ्) 1. A ball, a globe. 2. A mouthful, or roundish lump of food, considered as equivalent to a mouthful. 3. Presenting water or cake to a deceased relation. 4. The body. 5. The side immediately below the armpit. 6. A part of a house; a sort of portico or shed, in front of the door. 7. Coarse, gross, thick, solid. 8. Strength, power. 9. Myrrh. 10. Franki-

incense. 11. The China rose. 12. Food. 13. Flesh, meat. 14. The projection of an elephant's frontal sinus. 15. The embryo or fetus in an early stage of gestation. 16. A sum, (in arithmetic.) 17. Thickness, (In geometry.) 18. (In astronomy,) The twenty-fourth part of the quadrant of a circle, or  $3^{\circ}45'$ . n. (-क) 1. Livelihood, means, means of living. 2. Iron. 3. Fresh butter. 4. Power, strength. 5. An army. f. (-रु) 1. A long gourd, (*Cucurbita lagenaria*.) 2. A sort of palm, (*Phoenix dactylifera*.) 3. A flowering shrub, (*Tabernaemontana coronaria flor. plen.*) 4. Performance of certain gesticulations, accompanying the silent repetition of prayers, &c. in meditation on real or divine knowledge. 5. The nave of a wheel. 6. A house. 7. Solid, compact, close. 8. The calf of the leg. 9. A round mass. E. पिडि to heap, to gather, to collect, &c. aff. चच् fem. aff. डीप् ।

पिण्डक mn. (-क-क) 1. Incense. 2. Carrot. 3. The calf of the leg. 4. A lump of food. 5. A lump or ball. m. (-क) A goblin, a demon. E. पिण्ड as above, and कन् added.

पिण्डकन्द m. (-न्द) See पिण्डालु.

पिण्डकज्जर mf. (-र-री) A sort of date tree. E. पिण्ड a lump, a cluster, and ज्जर the date. "हीहारा" ।

पिण्डमीम m. (-म) Gum myrrh; also पिण्ड, and गीम severally. "गमरमे" ।

पिण्डतैलज m. (-ज) Incense, oilbanum.

पिण्डद mfn. (-द-दा-दं) 1. Who or what gives the funeral cake to deceased ancestors. 2. One who supports or feeds another. m. (-द) 1. The nearest male relation who offers the funeral cake. 2. A patron, a master. E. पिण्ड, and द who or what gives.

पिण्डदान n. (-न) 1. Presentation of the obsequial cake. 2. The funeral oblation made to deceased ancestors on the evening of the new-moon day. E. पिण्ड, and दान giving.

पिण्डन m. (-न) A mound or bank. n. (-न) Forming globes.

पिण्डनिवेदन n. (-न) Presenting obsequial cake to the manes. E. पिण्ड, and निवेदन offering funeral oblations.

पिण्डपान m. (-न) Collecting or giving alms.

पिण्डपाद m. (-द) An elephant. E. पिण्ड a lump of flesh, and पाद a foot; also पिण्डपाय.

पिण्डपुष्प mn. (-पु-पु) 1. The flower of the Asoka tree, (*Jonesia Asoca*.) 2. The China rose. 3. A lotus. 4. A flower, (*Tabernaemontana coronaria*.) 5. The pomegranate. E. पिण्ड a cluster, and पुष्प a flower.

पिण्डपुष्पक m. (-क) A potherb, (*Chenopodium album*.) E. पिण्ड a lump, पुष्प a flower, कन् added. वास्तुकान्ति ।

पिण्डफला f. (-ला) A bitter gourd. E. पिण्ड a lump, फल fruit.

पिण्डभाज्ज m. (-भाज्ज) Plu. The manes.

पिण्डवृत्ति f. (-वृ) Livelihood.

पिण्डमायोपजीविन् mfn. (-वो-विनो-वि) Living, breathing, having no intellectual existence. E. पिण्ड, माय only, उपजीविन् subsisting.

पिण्डवृक्षा f. (-क्षा) A sort of grass, (*Cyperus portuensis*.) E. पिण्ड a lump, and वृक्षा *Cyperus*. भागरवृक्षायाम् ।

पिण्डमूल n. (-ज) The carrot, (*Daucus carota*.) E. पिण्ड lump of flesh, and मूल a root; also with कन् added, पिण्डमूलक. "मीजर" ।

पिण्डम m. (-म) A bridge, a causeway, a passage over a stream or ravine, &c. or a mound raised to form a path across inundated fields. E. पिण्ड a heap, (of earth, &c.) and मा to get, aff. ड; or पिडि वा कजन् ।

पिण्डप m. (-प) 1. The fragments of the obsequial cake which cling to the hand.

पिण्डलोप m. (-प) Interruption in offering the funeral cakes.

पिण्डरीज m. (-ज) A flowering shrub, (*Oleander odorum*.) E. पिण्ड, and रीज seed.

पिण्डस m. (-स) A beggar, a mendicant living upon alms. E. पिण्ड a ball of rice, &c. च्च to go, or get, aff. ड.

पिण्डसम्बन्ध m. (-न्ध) Relationship between a living person and one deceased, near enough to qualify the former to offer the obsequial cake to the latter.

पिण्डात m. (-त) Incense. E. पिण्ड the same, च्च to be, aff. मातसे-चच्.

पिण्डाभु n. (-भु) Hail. E. पिण्ड a lump, and अभु a cloud.

पिण्डायस n. (-स) Steel. E. पिण्ड, and अयस iron.

पिण्डार m. (-र) 1. A keeper or attendant on buffaloes. 2. A cowherd. 3. A beggar, a religious mendicant. 4. The vikankata tree, (*Trewia nudiflora*.) E. पिण्ड a heap, च्च to go, aff. चच्.

पिण्डास्तक m. (-क) A red dye.

पिण्डाल m. (-ल) An esculent and medical root, described as sweet, cooling, and diuretic. E. पिण्ड a lump, and षाल an esculent root. "गोलषालु" ।

पिण्डाय mfn. (-य-या-यं) A beggar. E. पिण्ड a piece of meat, पाय who eats; also पिण्डायनः, and पिण्डायिन् m. (-यी) ।

पिण्डि f. (-डि) 1. The nave of a wheel. 2. The Asoka tree, &c. see पिण्डो. E. पिडि to collect, (the spokes,) aff. इन्; also पिण्डो and पिण्डिका ।

पिण्डिक f. (-का) 1. The nave of a wheel. 2. The instep. 3. A stool or seat of various shapes and dimensions. E. पिण्डो as above, and इन् added.

पिण्डित mfn. (-त-ता-तं) 1. Multiplied, added. 2. Counted, numbered. 3. Thick, massy, lumpy. 4. Collected, heaped together. E. पिण्ड a lump, a heap, and इतच् aff; or पिडि-क्त ।

पिण्डिन् mfn. (-ण्डो-ण्डिनो-ण्डि) Having a Pinda or ball of food, (a ceremony, an ancestor, &c.) m. (-ण्ड) 1. A beggar. 2. An offerer of oblations. E. पिण्ड, and इनि aff.

पिण्डिल m. (-ल) 1. A bridge, a mound, a causeway. 2. An astrologer, an arithmetician, a calculator of nativities, &c. f. (-ला) A sort of cucumber, (*C. madraspatanus*.) E. पिण्ड a heap, &c. इजच् Unali aff.

पिण्डोकरण n. (-ण) Heaping, making up into a lump or ball. E. पिण्ड and करण making, णि augm.

पिण्डोक्त mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Made into a lump or ball. E. पिण्ड, and क्त made, णि augm.

पिण्डोक्त m. (-क) 1. A tree, (*Vangueria spinosa*, Rox.) 2. A shrub, (*Tabernaemontana coronaria*.) 3. A plant, commonly marua: see मरुवक । E. पिण्डो a plant, तच् to spread, to resemble, aff. ड and कन् added.

पिण्डोत्तम m. (-र) A plant, a species of *Tabernaemontana*. E. पिण्डो the same, and तम *T. coronaria*.

पिण्डोभूत mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Lumped, heaped, made up in a lump or ball. E. पिण्ड, and भूत become, णि augm.

पिण्डोर mfn. (-र-र-र) Sapless, juiceless, arid, dry. m. (-र) 1. The pomegranate. 2. Cuttle-fish-bone considered to be the foam of the sea. E. पिण्ड a ball, &c. इर to go, to resemble, aff. चच्.

पिण्डोमूर m. (-र) A cot queen, an effeminate braggart. E. पिण्ड a house, and मूर a hero.

पिण्डोदर n. (-द) Participating in obsequial offerings, presenting them to common ancestors. E. पिण्ड, and उदर sharing.

पिण्डोति f. (-ति) Orbs, leaving of a meal, or fragments dropped from the mouth. E. पिडि to heap, aff. डीप्.

पिण्डा f. (-दा) Heart-pea, (*Cardiospermum halicacabum*.) E. पच् to praise, षच् aff, and ण substituted for the radical vowel: see पण्डा.

पिण्डाभ m. (-भ) 1. The sediments of seeds, &c. ground for oil; oil-cake, or the seeds after expression. 2. Saffron. 3. Asafetida. 4. Incense. E. पिण्ड to pound or bruise, deriv. irr.

**पितृमह m. (-ः)** 1. A paternal grandfather. 2. A name of BRAHMA, the great father of all. f. (-ः) A paternal grandmother. **पितृ** a father, and **मह** aff.

**पितृ m. (-ः)** A father. dual, (-ः) Mother and father, parents. plu. always, (-ः) 1. Paternal ancestors. 2. The manes, or the deceased and deified progenitors of mankind, inhabiting a peculiar region or heaven, or according to some, the orbit of the moon. **पितृ** to nourish. **Unādi** aff. **तन्**.

**पितृ mfn. (-ः-का-ज)** 1. Paternal, ancestral, parental, obsequial, relating or belonging to parents or progenitors. **पितृ** a sire, and **जन्** aff.

**पितृसम्पत् n. (-ः)** Paternal property. **पितृ**, and **सम्पत्** wealth.

**पितृकर्म n. (-ः)** Obsequial rites. **पितृ**, and **कर्म** act.

**पितृकार्य n. (-ः)** Obsequial rites. **पितृ**, and **कार्य** to be done.

**पितृकान्त n. (-ः)** A cemetery. **पितृ** an ancestor, and **कान्त** a wood.

**पितृक्रिया f. (-ः)** Obsequial rites. **पितृ**, and **क्रिया** ceremony.

**पितृगण m. (-ः)** A class of progenitors, the sons of the Rishis or Penjabatis: the principal classes are the Somasads descended from VISHVĀT, the Agnishwattas from MARICHI, Bārhisads from ATRI, Somapās from BHRIGU, Havishmats from ANGIRAS, Ajyapās from CULASTI, Sukaḥins from VASHISTHA; there are also the Agnidaghas and Anagnidaghas, Karyas and Saumyas. **पितृ** father, (of mankind,) **गण** a troop.

**पितृगमिन mfn. (-ः-मिनी-मि)** Belonging to, or pertaining to a father. **पितृ**, and **गमिन्** what goes.

**पितृगृह n. (-ः)** 1. A paternal mansion. 2. A burying ground, a cemetery. **पितृ** a deceased ancestor, and **गृह** a house.

**पितृशत्रु m. (-ः)** A parricide. **पितृ** and **शत्रु** a slayer.

**पितृतर्पण n. (-ः)** 1. The part of the hand between the middle finger and thumb, sacred to the manes. 2. Gifts in honour of deceased relations, distributed at the Shra'd'dhas or funeral ceremonies. 3. The act of throwing water out of the right hand at seasons of ablution, by way of offering to the manes or deceased ancestors in general. **पितृ** a father, a progenitor, and **तर्पण** satisfying.

**पितृतम ind.** From or by the father. **पितृ**, and **तम** aff.

**पितृतिथि m. (-ः)** Day of new moon, on which she rises invisible. **पितृ** a progenitor, and **तिथि** a lunar day, sacred to the manes.

**पितृतीर्थ n. (-ः)** 1. Gaya, the city so called, where the performance of funeral sacrifices is peculiarly efficacious and meritorious. 2. The part between the forefinger and thumb, sacred to the manes. **पितृ** a progenitor, and **तीर्थ** a place of pilgrimage.

**पितृत्व n. (-ः)** 1. Paternity. 2. The state or condition of a Pitrī, or deified progenitor. **पितृ** added to **पितृ**.

**पितृदान n. (-ः)** Gift in honour of deceased ancestors. **पितृ** a progenitor, and **दान** giving or gift; also with **जन्** added, **पितृदानजन्** n. (-ः).

**पितृदात्र m. (-ः)** Patrimony.

**पितृदेव n. (-ः)** The tenth lunar asterism or Magha. **पितृ**, and **देव** divinity, presiding over the asterism.

**पितृपक्ष m. (-ः)** 1. The paternal side. 2. The second half of the month of Bha'drapada peculiarly appointed for the celebration of obsequial rites to the manes.

**पितृपति m. (-ः)** YAMA, regent of the dead. **पितृ** a deceased progenitor, and **पति** lord.

**पितृपद n. (-ः)** The world or state of the manes. **पितृ**, and **पद** degree.

**पितृपात्र n. (-ः)** A cup or vessel used at obsequial rites. **पितृ**, and **पात्र** a cup.

**पितृपितृ m. (-ः)** A paternal grandfather. **पितृ** a father, and **पितृ** the same, father's father.

**पितृपू f. (-ः)** 1. Twilight. 2. A father's mother. **पितृ** a deceased progenitor, and **पू** the parent; the first is the time when manes are abroad.

**पितृप्राप्त mfn. (-ः-प्राप्त)** 1. Received from a father. 2. Inherited patrimony. **पितृ**, and **प्राप्त** obtained.

**पितृपुत्र m. (-ः)** A remote or cognate kinsman by the father's side, as the son of the paternal grandfather's sister, of the paternal grandmother's sister, and of the father's maternal uncle. **पितृ**, and **पुत्र** a kinsman.

**पितृपुत्र्य m. (-ः)** A remote kinsman of the paternal line: see the last. **पितृ**, and **पुत्र्य** a kinsman.

**पितृभक्ति f. (-ः)** Filial duty to a father. **पितृ**, and **भक्ति** devotion.

**पितृभोजन n. (-ः)** 1. Food offered to the manes. 2. A father's food. 3. A kind of pulse: see Ma'sha. **पितृ**, and **भोजन** food.

**पितृभ्रातृ m. (-ः)** A father's brother. **पितृ**, and **भ्रातृ** a brother.

**पितृमन्दिर n. (-ः)** 1. The paternal mansion. 2. A cemetery. **पितृ**, and **मन्दिर** a dwelling.

**पितृमेघ n. (-ः)** Obsequial rites. **पितृ**, and **मेघ** sacrifice.

**पितृयज्ञ m. (-ः)** 1. Obsequial rites. 2. Oblations of water daily offered to the manes. **पितृ** a progenitor, and **यज्ञ** sacrifice.

**पितृयाण n. (-ः)** The carriage of the manes, a car to convey holy persons after their decease to heaven. **पितृ** a progenitor, and **याण** a vehicle. **पितृ** यान्ति अनेन या-करणे जुष्टं संज्ञायात् **याणम्**.

**पितृराज m. (-ः)** An epithet of Yama.

**पितृरूप m. (-ः)** An epithet of Śiva.

**पितृलोक m. (-ः)** The world or sphere of the manes: it is variously situated, [but principally in Iluva region or midheaven. **पितृ**, and **लोक** world.

**पितृवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्)** Having a father living, &c. **पितृ**, and **वत्** poss. aff.

**पितृवन n. (-ः)** A cemetery, a place where dead bodies are burnt or buried. **पितृ** a deceased progenitor, **वन** a wood.

**पितृवनेचर m. (-ः)** 1. Śiva. 2. A goblin. **पितृवन** a cemetery, in the seventh case, and **चर** who goes.

**पितृवसति f. (-ः)** A cemetery. **पितृ** a deceased progenitor, and **वसति** an abode.

**पितृवाक्पूर mfn. (-ः-वाक्-पूर)** Obedient to parents. **पितृ**, **वाक्** speech, **पूर** attentive to.

**पितृव्य m. (-ः)** 1. A paternal uncle. 2. Any elderly relation. **पितृ** a father, **व्य** aff.

**पितृव्रत m. (-ः)** Who worships the manes. n. (-ः) Worship of ancestors, obsequial rites. **पितृ**, and **व्रत** obligation.

**पितृव्याह n. (-ः)** The obsequial ceremony of a father. **पितृ**, and **व्याह** the rite.

**पितृव्यह f. (-ः)** A father's sister. **पितृ** father, and **व्यह** a sister, **व्यह** changed to **व्य**; the compound may also be **पितृव्यह**, **पितृव्यह**, and **पितृव्यह**.

**पितृसदृश mfn. (-ः-वा-ज)** Fatherly. **पितृ**, **सदृश** like.

**पितृसामान्य n. (-ः)** Ancestors collectively. **पितृ**, and **सामान्य** universality.

**पितृसू f. (-ः)** 1. Twilight. 2. A father's mother. **पितृ** a ghost, and **सू** producing: see **पितृपू**.

**पितृरक्षान m. (-ः)** A guardian, a protector. n. (-ः) The abode of the manes. **पितृ**, and **रक्षान** like, or in place of; or a place, an abode.

**पितृरक्षणीय m. (-ः)** A guardian. **पितृरक्षान**, and **रक्षणीय** aff.

**पितृसखीय mfn. (-ः-वा)** A maternal aunt's son or daughter. **पितृ**, and **सखीय** sister's son, &c.

**पितृहन् m. (-ः)** A parricide. **पितृ**, and **हन्** who kills.

विषल n. (-ल) Bile, the bilious humour. E. चपि certainly, दी to destroy, or देख् to nourish, aff. क्त, deriv. irr., or तप् to inflame, aff. क्त, and the radical letters transposed.

विषल mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Anti-bilious. f. (-ली) A plant, (*Menispermum glabrum*.) n. (-ल) Ghee. E. विषल bile, and ल what destroys.

विषल m. (-लः) Bilious fever. E. विषल bile, and लर fever.

विषलविन् mfn. (-वि-वि-वि) Removing bile, causing it to flow. E. विषल, and विन् what disperses.

विषल n. (-लः) Plethora. See रक्तविषल. E. विषल, and रक्त blood.

विषल mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Bilious, relating to the bilious humour. n. (-लः) 1. Brass. 2. The *Bhu'rjapatra* or Birch tree, of which the bark is used for writing upon, &c. f. (-ला) A plant, (*Jussiaea repens*.) E. विषल bile, ला to get, to resemble, (in colour,) aff. ड.

विषय mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) 1. Paternal, ancestral. 2. Obsequial, relating to deceased progenitors. m. (-यः) 1. An elder brother. 2. The month of *magha*. n. (-यः) The part of the hand between the forefinger and thumb, sacred to the manes. f. (-यः) 1. One of the lunar asterisms, called *Magha*. 2. Day of full moon. 3. Ceremonies performed in honour of the deceased on the day of full or new moon. E. विष् + *fa*thas, and यत् aff., रोङ् substituted for य.

विषय mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) 1. Habitually falling or coming down. 2. Obtained, gained. m. (-यः) A bird. E. पत् to fall or alight, यत् aff., and desiderative form; the reduplicate syllable omitted.

विषय n. (-यः) A road, a path, &c. E. पत् to go, Una'di aff. सल, form irr; or correctly पत् सन् विषय + चाधारे कलच् ।

विषय mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Covering, veiling, hiding. E. चपि before, यत् to have, यत् aff. and the initial rejected.

विषय n. (-यः) 1. A covering, a cover or concealment. 2. A lid, a top or cover. 3. A sheath. 4. A wrapper, a cloak, &c. E. चपि certainly, यत् to have or hold, (from sight,) कृत् aff., and the initial rejected.

विषयक n. (-कः) A sheath, a scabbard.

विषयक f. (-कः) Covering, hiding, concealing.

विषय mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) 1. Clothed. 2. Accoutred. 3. Dressed. 4. Concealed. 5. Pierced. E. चपि, and यत् to bind, aff. क्त.

विषय m. (-यः) Cold, catarrh : see योनय.

विषय ind. Having put on or dressed. E. चपि before, यत् to tie, यत् aff.

विषय mn. (-यः-यः) 1. The bow of *S'iva*. 2. A trident or three-pronged spear. 3. The trident of *S'iva*. 4. A shower of dust. f. (-यः) A musical instrument, a sort of viol. E. यत् to preserve, (the world,) Una'di aff. चाकन्, the radical vowel changed to इ, and मुन् augment.

विषयिक m. (-यः) *S'iva*. E. विषय *S'iva*'s bow or trident, and यि aff.

विषय n. (-यः) *Asafetila*. E. चपि before, यत् (compounded of वि and यत् to throw,) to be given or placed in condiments, aff. चत्.

विषयिक mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Inclined or addicted to falling repeatedly. m. (-यः) A bird. E. पत् to come down, in the desiderative form, and यत् participial aff.

विषयि f. (-यः) Wish or inclination to come down, to fall, &c. E. पत् to fall, desid. form, चत् and टाप् affs.

विषयिक mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Disposed to fall or descend. m. (-यः) A bird. E. पत् to fall, desid. form, चत् aff.

विषयिक mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Wishing to purify. E. प् to be pure, desid. v., चत् aff.

विषयिक mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Thirsty, thirsting. E. पा to drink, desid. v., यत् aff.

विषयि f. (-यः) Thirst. E. पा to drink, in the desiderative form, चत् and टाप् affs.

विषयिक mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Thirsty, athirst. E. विषयि thirst, and

विषय mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Thirsty, athirst. E. पा to drink, desid. form, and चत् aff.

विषयिक f. (-यः) The twelfth of the month *Vaisakha*, when giving away water is an act of merit. E. विषयिक the name of a *Brahman*, said to have instituted the rite, कृत् aff.

विषयिक m. (-यः) A large black ant. f. (-यः) The common small red ant. E. चपि, पत् to stop, यत् aff. and the initial rejected.

विषयिक m. (-यः) An ant. n. (-यः) A kind of gold.

विषयिक mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Wishing to ask. E. प्रश्न् to ask, desid. v., चत् aff.

विषयि f. (-यः) A kind of sweetmeat.

विषय m. (-यः) 1. The holy fig-tree, (*Ficus religiosa*.) 2. A bird. 3. The sleeve of a jacket or coat. 4. A nipple. n. (-यः) 1. Water. 2. A berry of the holy fig-tree. 3. A berry in general. 4. Sensual enjoyment. f. (-यः) Long-pepper. E. पा to preserve, अ कलच् and the root reiterated.

विषयिक n. (-यः) 1. A nipple. 2. Sewing thread.

विषयि f. (-यः) Long-pepper : see विषय.

विषयिक m. (-यः) The root of long-pepper. E. विषयिक, and यत् the root.

विषयिका f. (-यः) The tartar of the teeth. E. पाप् to increase, aff. चत् deriv. irr.

विषय m. (-यः) A freckle, a mark, a mole. E. चपि certainly, यत् burn or inflame, aff. कृत् ।

विषयिक f. (-यः) Noising. E. चपि certainly, यत् sound, and यानच् aff.

विषय m. (-यः) A tree, called in Hindi also *Chironji*, (whence it has been named *Chironjia sapida*, Rox. in the catalogue it is termed *Buchanania latifolia*, Rox.) in Bengal, commonly *Piyal* or *Piyal*. E. पीय + *sa*utra root, to regard, Una'di aff. कालच्.

विषय r. 10th cl. (विषयि-वि) 1. To throw, to cast or send. 2. To incline. चत्-उभय-सक-सेट् ।

विषयिक m. (-यः) A tree : see पीय. E. विष् to send, aff. कृत्, and यत् added.

विषयि f. (-यः) A plant ; see सूत्र.

विषय mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Blear-eyed. m. (-यः) A bleared eye. E. वि considered as a substitute for विष् wet. &c.

विषयिका f. (-यः) A female elephant. E. विषय bleared-eyed, aff. चत्; elephant's eye being usually moist.

विषय(वि)वि r. 1st cl. (विषयि-वि) To sprinkle, to wet or moisten. भाव सक-सेट्-इदिच् ।

विषय mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Who or what drinks. E. पा to drink, चत् aff.

विषय mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Drinking. E. पा to drink, यत् aff.

विषय r. 1st cl. (विषयि-वि) 1. To be decomposed, to be reduced to constituent parts. 2. To be organised. 3. To enlighten, to light. चत् समूह-स्वाश्रमादे चक-दीपनाशंसक-तुदा-मुचा-पर-सेट् ।

विषय(m) mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Free from sin. n. (-यः) Having many forms. विषय to organise, aff. कृत् ।

विषय mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Of a tawny or brown colour. m. (-यः) Tawny, (the colour.) E. विष् to be a component part, चत् aff.

विषयिक m. (-यः) An epithet of *Vishnu*. E. विषय, खाद्ये क् aff.

विषयिका f. (-यः) Tawinness. E. तल् added to the last ; also with विषयिक ।

विषयिक mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Brown, tawny. E. विषय, and यि aff.

विषय m. (-यः) A goblin, a fiend, a malevolent being sometimes between an infernal imp and a ghost, but always describes fierce and malignant. f. (-यः) A female imp, a she-demon. E. for विषयि flesh, and चत् to eat, aff. चत्, deriv. irr.; According to *Va'chaspathya* :---विषयिमाचानति चा + चन-वा-ड-पुषी + also with added, विषयिक, विषयिका.

विषयिक m. (-यः) *Kuvera*, the god of wealth. E. विषयि a de

विट aff., and वृत् augment; the treasures of this deity being guarded by Piśha'chas, and other malignant beings.

विट् m. (-ट्) A tree, (Trophis aspera.) n. विट्वा a goblin, and वृत् a tree; the favourite haunt of these beings. [a tree.

विट्वा m. (-वा) The Sa'k'ho'ta tree; see the last. n. विट्वाच, and वृत्वा f. (-वृ) One of the lowest Pra'krita dialects used in plays.

विट्वाच n. (-वा) 1. An assemblage of goblins or fiends. 2. The place or hall of their assembly, pandemonium. n. विट्वाच a goblin, and वृत्वा assembly, but nether in this compound.

विट्वाचर m. (-र) Demoniical possession.

विट्वाचय m. (-य) Phosphorescence.

विट्वाचय m. (-य) Spikenard. m. (-तः) 1. A goblin. 2. A cannibal. n. विट्वा to be a component part, participial aff. क्त ।

विट्वाचय mfn. (-यः-जी-ने) Eating meat. m. (-नः) A demon, a fiend, a cannibal. n. विट्वाच, and वृत्वा food.

विट्वाचय mfn. (-यः-जी-ने-ति) Eating flesh or meat, carnivorous, m. (-ने) A goblin, a cannibal. n. विट्वाच, and वृत्वा to eat, aff. विट्वाच.

विट्वाचय m. (-न) A shallow earthen dish. n. विट्वा, वृत्वा aff.

विट्वाचय mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Cruel, wicked. 2. Vile, low, contemptible. 3. Stupid, a fool. n. (-न) Saffron. m. (-नः) 1. A spy, an informer, a tale-bearer, a slanderer, a traitor. 2. A name of NA RADA. 3. A crow. 4. Cotton. f. (-ना) A gramineous plant, "विट्वाचयक" (Trigonella corniculata.) 2. Indicating, making known, evincing.

3. Calumniating, back-biting. 4. unkind. n. विट्वा to be a part, वृत्वा Unadit aff., and the vowel unchanged. [वृत्वाच speech.

विट्वाचय n. (-न) Evil speech, abuse, detraction, slander. n. विट्वाच and वृत्वाचय n. (-वा) Evil speech, bad report, detraction, slander. n. विट्वाच, and वृत्वाच speech.

विट्वाचय r. 7. th cl. (विट्वाचय) To grind, to pound, to bruise or powder. r. 10th cl. (विट्वाचय-ने) 1. To injure. 2. To give. 3. To be strong. 4. To dwell. r. 1st and 10th cls. (विट्वाचय-ने) To go or move.

विट्वाचय r. 1st and 10th cls. (विट्वाचय-ने) To go or move. वृत्वाचय r. 1st and 10th cls. (विट्वाचय-ने) To go or move.

विट्वाचय mfn. (-ट्-वा-ट्) 1. Ground, pounded, bruised. 2. Clapsed, (as the hands,) squeezed, rubbed together. 3. Kneaded. n. (-ट्) 1. Lead. 2. The flour or meal of any thing that is ground. n. विट्वा to pound or bruise, aff. क्त.

विट्वाचय m. (-क) 1. A cake made of the flour or meal of any grain. 2. A disease of the eyes, opacity of the cornea. n. (-क) Oil-cake. n. विट्वा what is pound, क्त aff.

विट्वाचय mn. (-वः-व) A world, a division of the universe. n. विट्वा to go, वृत्वा Unadit aff., and वृत्वा augment; or विट्वा-कृत् dev. irr. also विट्वाचय. वृत्वाचय n. (-न) A boiler, a seether, a sauce-pan, a pan for parching flour. n. विट्वा meal, &c. and वृत्वाचय cooking.

विट्वाचय m. (-वः) A type or effigy of a victim, made with flour. n. विट्वा, and वृत्वा an animal. [what makes.

विट्वाचय m. (-वृत्) A boiler. n. विट्वा meal, वृत्वा cooking, and वृत्वा वृत्वाचय n. (-वृत्) A boiler. n. विट्वा, and वृत्वा what cooks.

विट्वाचय n. (-र) Meal, made up into a sort of cake with clarified butter. n. विट्वा meal, and वृत्वा to complete, aff. क्त.

विट्वाचय n. (-वृत्) 1. Grinding flour, (literally.) 2. Vain repetition, useless occupation, (figuratively.) n. विट्वा, विट्वा to grind कृत् aff.

विट्वाचय mfn. (-वः-वी-व) Made of meal or flour, &c. n. विट्वा that which is ground, वृत्वा transformative aff.

विट्वाचय m. (-वः) A kind of urinary disease. n. विट्वा, विट्वा to pass as urine, aff. कृत् ।

विट्वाचय m. (-विट्वा) A small cake, made of barley, rice or pulse ground to meal. n. विट्वा meal, and वृत्वा to be, कृत् aff.

विट्वाचय n. (-न) Sandal. n. विट्वा ground, and वृत्वा fragrant.

विट्वाचय m. (-नः) Perfumed powder, for scenting rooms, garments, &c. especially the scented dust, which the Hindus sprinkle over each

other at the Holior spring festival. n. विट्वा pounded, (saffron &c.) and वृत्वा to go or be, aff. कृत्.

विट्वाचय n. (-क) A cake made of rice flour. f. (-का) The meal of pulse steeped in water, peeled and ground. n. विट्वा ground, कृत् aff.

विट्वाचय विट्वा r. 1st cl. (विट्वाचय) To go or move. r. 10th cl. (विट्वाचय-ने) 1. To go. 2. To be strong. 3. To injure or hurt. 4. To give. 5. To dwell. (विट्वाचय) r. 10th cl. (विट्वाचय) 1. To speak. 2. To shine. 3. To destroy. गती वृत्वा-पर-सक-सेट् । दीप्ति वृत्वा-पर-सक-सेट् ।

विट्वाचय विट्वा r. 10th cl. (विट्वाचय) 1. To speak. 2. To shine. 3. To destroy. गती वृत्वा-पर-सक-सेट् । दीप्ति वृत्वा-पर-सक-सेट् ।

विट्वाचय m. (-वः) Tawny (the colour) : see विट्वाचय. n. विट्वा, वृत्वा aff.

विट्वाचय mfn. (-तः-ता-न) 1. Covered, hidden, concealed. 2. Filled with. 3. Shut, barred. n. वृत्वा before, वृत्वा to have, aff. क्त, and the initial of the prefix rejected.

वी (ड) वीट् r. 4th cl. (वीट्वा) To drink. दि-सक-वाच-वृत्वा ।

वीच n. (-च) The lower jaw, the chin.

वीट् mfn. (-डो-डो) 1. A stool, a seat, a chair. 2. The seat of the religious student, made properly of Kusa grass. 3. A place where some limb of PA'RVATI is supposed to have fallen, as after Daksha's sacrifice, her dead body was carried about by SIVA, and cut in pieces by the discs of VISHN'U : there are fifty-one such places. 4. Complement of a segment, (in Geometry.) 5. A pedestal. 6. A particular posture in sitting. n. वीट्वा to be weary, to feel pain, aff. कृत् ; deriv. irr. or वा-डक् वीट्वा-क वा वृत्वा-दीप्ति ।

वीट्वाचय m. (-विट्वा) A male confidant, a parasite. n. वीट्वा a seat, वृत्वा sport.

वीट्वाचय m. (-वृत्वा) The cavity in the Pedestal of an idol.

वीट्वाचय n. (-क) A car or carriage.

वीट्वाचयिका f. (-का) A girl of fourteen who personates Durga' on the occasion of the festival of that goddess.

वीट्वाचय f. (-वृत्वा) Basement.

वीट्वाचय m. (-वृत्वा) 1. A parasite, a companion. 2. A dancing master who gives instruction in that art to courtezans. n. वीट्वा a seat, and वृत्वा to rub, aff. कृत्.

वीट्वाचयिन् m. (-वीट्वा) A cripple, who moves about on a wheeled chair, &c. n. वीट्वा a seat, and वृत्वा who moves.

वीट्वाचयान n. (-न) A place where some limb of PA'RVATI is supposed to have fallen : see वीट्वा. n. वीट्वा, and वृत्वा place.

वीट्वाचयिका f. (-का) 1. A bench. 2. A festival. 3. A chapter of a book.

वीट्वाचय विट्वा r. 10th cl. (वीट्वाचय-ने) 1. To give pain, to annoy, to hurt. 2. To oppose or resist. 3. To stir, to agitate. 4. To squeeze or pinch. 5. To cover with anything inauspicious. 6. To press, (as corn.) वृत्वा वृत्वाचय-ने वृत्वा-पर-सक-सेट् ।

वीट्वाचय n. (-न) 1. Inflicting pain, paining, distressing. 2. Devastation, laying a country waste. 3. Squeezing, pressing, rubbing. 4. Taking, holding, as in वाचिपीडन "taking the hand" i.e. marrying. 5. Threshing, (corn). 6. An instrument for pressing. 7. An eclipse, (In astronomy). 8. A fault in the pronunciation of vowels. n. वीट्वा to give pain, aff. कृत्.

वीट्वाचय f. (-वा) 1. Pain, anguish, suffering. 2. Compassion, charity, pity. 3. Devastation, laying waste. 4. A chaplet, a garland for the head. 5. The Saral tree, (Pinus longifolia.) 6. Infraction, violation. 7. Damage, injury. n. वीट्वा to pain, कृत् and टाप् aff.

वीट्वाचय mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Giving pain, afflicting, tormenting. Adj. Painful. n. वीट्वा, and वृत्वा who makes.

वीट्वाचय n. (-वृत्वा) Torturing, tormenting. n. वीट्वा, and वृत्वा making.

वीट्वाचय mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Bound, tied. 2. Pained, suffering pain or distress. 3. Laid waste, destroyed, devastated. 4. Rubbed, chafed. 5. Squeezed, pressed. 6. Espoused : see वीट्वाचय. 7. Violated. 8. Oppressed, harassed. 9. Eclipsed. n. (-न) 1. Injuring, harassing. 2. A mode of sexual enjoyment. n. वीट्वा pain, कृत् aff. or वीट्वा-व ।

पीतितम्. It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "fast," "closely."

पीतमान् mfn. (-न-ना-न्) 1. Being pained or afflicted. 2. Suffering from.

3. Being squeezed or pressed. ड. पीत to pain, pass. व., घानच् aff.

पीत mfn. (-न-ना-न्) 1. Of a yellow colour. 2. Drank, quaffed. m. (-नः)

1. Yellow, the colour. 2. Safflower. 3. A topaz, a yellow gem.

4. A yellow pigment, prepared from the urine of kine. n. (-नः) 1.

Drinking. 2. Yellow orpiment. 3. Gold. 4. Sulphur. f. (-नः) 1.

Turmeric. 2. A medical plant, commonly A'ta'ich, (Betula.) 3.

Saturated, steeped. 4. Drunk. ड. पा to drink, aff. क्त; imbibed,

literally, or figuratively, by the eye sight, &c.

पीतक n. (-कः) 1. Yellow orpiment. 2. Saffron. 3. Aloe-wood. 4.

Brass. 5. Honey. m. (-कः) 1. A sort of gentian, (G. Cherayia.)

2. The Tun tree. ड. पीत yellow, aff. क्त.

पीतकदली f. (-ली) A sort of Plantain. ड. पीत yellow, कदली plantain.

"चोपाकला" ।

पीतकन्द n. (-न्दः) The carrot. ड. पीत yellow, and कन्द root. "गोजर" ।

पीतकावेर n. (-रः) 1. Saffron. 2. Brass. ड. पीत yellow, कावेर vile shape

or substance.

पीतकाष्ठ n. (-ष्ठः) Yellow sanders. ड. पीत yellow, काष्ठ wood.

पीतचोरा f. (-रा) A sort of creeper with yellow flowers. ड. पीत, and

चोरा the plant; yellow Gho'sa.

पीतचन्दन n. (-नः) 1. A yellow fragrant wood, considered as a yellow

species of Sandal wood. 2. Turmeric. 3. Saffron. ड. पीत yellow,

and चन्दन Sandal.

पीतचम्पक m. (-कः) A lamp. ड. पीत yellow, चम्पक a flower, and कन् aff.

of comparison; like the Champaka in colour.

पीतहा f. (-हा) Yellowness. ड. पीत, and तल् aff.; also with ल, पीतलं.

पीतदुग्ध m. (-दुग्धः) The taylor bird, (Sylvia aurtoria.) पीत yellow, and

दुग्ध a beak; the whole bird is of a light yellow colour.

पीततेला f. (-तेला) A sort of creeper, a species of the heart-pea. ड. पीत

yellow, तेल oil. "ओतिमतीखनायाम्" ।

पीतदाह m. (-हः) 1. A sort of pine, (P. Dovada'ru.) 2. Another kind of

pine, (Pinus longifolia.) ड. पीत yellow, and दाह wood.

पीतदुग्धा f. (-दुग्धा) 1. A cow tied up to be milked. 2. Any milch cow. ड.

पीत drank, दुग्ध milk.

पीतद्रु m. (-द्रुः) 1. A sort of Carcums, (O. zanthorrhizon.) 2. A

species of pine, (P. longifolia.) ड. पीत yellow, and द्रु a tree.

पीतत्र m. (-नः) 1. The hog-plum, (Spondias mangifera.) 2. A tree.

(Pentaptera tomentosa.) 3. The waved-leaf fig-tree. n. (-नः) 1.

Saffron. 2. A sort of pine; see पीतदाह. 3. Yellow orpiment. ड.

पीत yellow, पी to go, or be, aff. ड; or पीत, चिद्-च्.

पीतपर्वी f. (-र्वी) A plant, commonly Bich'huti; a name applied to the

nettle, or a plant of the same class, (Tragia involucrata.) ड. पीत

yellow, and पर्वी leaf.

पीतपादा f. (-पादा) A small bird, the Maina, (Turdus salica.) ड. पीत yellow,

पाद a foot.

पीतपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) 1. A species of Karnika'ra. 2. A sort of Tabernaem-

ontana. f. (-पुष्पा-पुष्पे) Yellow barleria. ड. पीत yellow, and पुष्प a

flower; it may also be applied to any plant with yellow flowers.

पीतफल m. (-लः) A tree, (Trophis aspera.) ड. पीत yellow, फल fruit.

पीतषाण्डका f. (-का) 1. Turmeric. 2. Yellow sand. ड. पीत yellow, and

षाण्डका sand or dust. [gem.]

पीतमणि m. (-मणिः) A yellow gem, a topaz. ड. पीत yellow, and मणि a

पीतमाचिक n. (-चिकः) The common Pyritic iron.

पीतमस्तक m. (-कः) A small bird, (Loxia philippensis.) ड. पीत yellow,

and मस्तक the head.

पीतमुण्ड m. (-मुण्डः) A gallinule. ड. पीत yellow, मुण्ड the head.

पीतमुग m. (-मुगः) A sort of bean, a yellow variety of the phaseolus

Mu'ug. ड. पीत yellow, and मुग Mu'ug.

पीतमूलक n. (-कः) The carrot. ड. पीत, मूल the root, aff. क्.

पीतयूची f. (-ची) Yellow jasmine. ड. पीत, and यूची jasmine.

पीतरत्न n. (-रत्नः) A yellow coloured gem, perhaps the topaz. ड. पीत

yellow, and रत्न coloured.

पीतराम m. (-रामः) 1. The fibres of the lotus. 2. A yellow colour. 1

(रत्न) Wax. ड. पीत and राम colour.

पीतल mfn. (-नः-ला-लः) Of a yellow colour. m. (-लः) Yellow, 11

colour. n. (-लः) Brass. ड. पीत, and लच् aff.

पीतलक n. (-कः) Brass. ड. पीतल yellow, कच् added.

पीतलोह n. (-हः) Yellow brass, queen's metal, or a mixed metal

resembling gold. ड. पीत yellow, and लोह iron.

पीतवासस् mfn. (-माः-माः-सः) Dressed in yellow. m. (-सः) A name of

Krishna' A ड. पीत yellow, वासस् vesture.

पीतवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A plant (Bignonia Indica.) "श्रीनाकहवे" । [Sā'itree]

पीतशाल m. (-शालः) A tree, (Pentaptera.) ड. पीत yellow, and शाल the

पीतसार m. (-रः) 1. Sandal. 2. A yellow gem, a topaz. 3. A tree.

(Alangium hexapetalum.) n. (-रः) A yellow sort of Sandal wood

ड. पीत yellow, and सार essence.

पीतसारि n. (-रिः) Antimony. ड. पीत yellow, सार essence, aff. इन्.

पीतसालक m. (-कः) A tree, (Pentaptera tomentosa.) ड. पीत yellow, स

essence, aff. क, and र changed to ल.

पीतसोम m. (-सः) A Bra'hman, by whom the juice of the acid asclepi

is drank at a ceremony. ड. पीत, and सोम the juice.

पीतस्तम्भ m. (-स्तम्भः) A hog. ड. पीत for पीत large, and स्तम्भ a shoulder.

पीतस्फटिक m. (-कः) A precious gem, the topaz. ड. पीत yellow, and

स्फटिक crystal. "युष्मरासयो" ।

पीतहरित adj. Yellowish green.

पीतस्त्रि m. (-स्त्रिः) The Muni AGASTYA. ड. पीत drank, (by whom,) and

स्त्रि the ocean; the saint having on one occasion swallowed up

the sea.

पीतस्वर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Dressed in yellow clothes. m. (-रः) 1. Krishna

or Vishnu in that form. 2. A dancer or actor. 3. A religious

mendicant, wearing yellow garments. ड. पीत yellow, स्वर

vesture, raiment. [shape.]

पीतारुण adj. Yellowish red.

पीतारुणम् n. (-रुणः) A topaz or any yellow gem. ड. पीत, and रुणम्

पीत m. (-तिः) A horse. f. (-तिः) 1. Drinking. 2. A dram shop. 3. The

Proboscis of an elephant. ड. पा to drink, aff. तिच् or तित्.

पीतिका f. (-का) 1. Turmeric. 2. Yellow jasmine. 3. Saffron. ड. पीत

yellow, तिच् aff.

पीतिम् m. (-ती) A horse. ड. पा to drink, तित् aff., रुण added.

पीतु m. (-तुः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. 3. The chief elephant of a herd. ड.

पा to drink, (or dry up water.) and तुन् Una'di aff.

पीत्या ind. Having drank. ड. पा to drink, ताच् aff.

पीथ m. (-थः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. 3. Time. n. (-थः) Water. ड. पा to

drink, Un'adi aff. यच्, and the radical vowel changed.

पीथि m. (-थिः) A horse; see पीत.

पीन mfn. (-नः-ना-न्) Fat, bulky, corpulent, large, much, round

thick. ड. पी to grow or enlarge, aff. क्त, form irr.

पीनस m. (-सः) 1. Cough, catarrh. 2. Cold, affecting the nose, in

flammation of the schneiderian membrane. ड. पीन fat, पी to

destroy, aff. क.

पीनसिन् mfn. (-सि-सिनी-सि) Having a cold. ड. पीनस, and सिन् aff.

पीनोद्दी f. (-द्दी) A cow with full or large udders. ड. पीन large, उद्दी

udder, उद्दी aff. and चन्च् augment.

पीपर r. 1st cl. (पीपरति) To beg. आ-सक-पर-सेट् ।

पीय r. 1st cl. (पीयति) 1. To please. 2. To injure. सो-पर-यक-सेट् ।

पीयु m. (-युः) 1. The sun. 2. Time. 3. An owl. 4. A crow. ड. पी

Sautra root, to regard, Una'di aff. य; or पा-ड; der. irr.

पीयूष n. (-षः) 1. The food of the gods, ambrosia, nectar. 2. Milk. ड.

(यः-यः) The milk of a cow during the first seven days after cal





**पुष्पमेद न. (-नं)** A city.  
**पुष्पिका f. (-का)** Cardamoms. **पुष्पिकाकाः उक् ।**  
**पुष्पिन mfn. (-न-ता-नं)** 1. Sewn, stitched. 2. Rubbed, ground. 3. Contracted. **न. (-नं)** Closing or shutting the hands, (to hold anything); the hollow of the hand. **पु. पु. rubbing, &c. and इतच्. aff.**  
**पुटोत्त न. (-जं)** A white umbrella or parasol. **पु. पुट** a covering, and **उत्त** a house.  
**पुटोदक m. (-कः)** The coconut. **पु. पुट** a covering, and **उदक** water.  
**पुट-र. 10th cl. (पुटयति-ने)** To decrease, to diminish, to be or become small, low or shallow. **पु. उभय-सक-सेट् ।**  
**पुट r. 6th cl. (पुटति)** 1. To leave, to quit. 2. To discover. 3. To emit.  
**(१) पुटि r. 1st cl. (पुटति)** 1. To rub. 2. To grind or pound, to reduce to dust or powder. 3. To adorn. **मर्देने आ-पर-सक-सेट्-इति ।**  
**पुट r. 6th cl. (पुटति)** To be pure or virtuous, to do a pious or holy act. **पु. पर-सक-सेट् ।** [to adorn, aff. चच् ।]  
**पुष्ट m. (-कः)** A mark made with sandal &c. on the forehead. **पु. पुष्टि**  
**पुष्टरिन् m. (-री)** A drug, commonly Pund'ri'ya.  
**पुष्टरीक m. (-कः)** 1. The elephant presiding over the south-east quarter. 2. A leopard. 3. A sort of snake called Rajila; (Amphisbena.) 4. A fragrant kind of mango. 5. Fever affecting an elephant. 6. A variety of the sugarcane. 7. A silk worm, (कीचकाः) 8. A student's waterpot "Kamandalu." 9. White, the colour. 10. A sort of leprosy. 11. A species of rice. 12. Fire. 13. A mark on the forehead with sandal, &c.  
**n. (-कं)** 1. A white lotus. 2. A lotus in general. 3. A white umbrella. 4. A kind of drug. **पु. पुष्टि** to grind; or according to some, to adorn, **Una'di** aff. **इक्**, and the form **irr.**  
**पुष्टरीकाज m. (-जः)** A name of VISHN'U. **n. (-यं)** A drug. **पु. पुष्टरीक** a lotus, and **चक्षि** an eye, aff. **चच्**.  
**पुष्टरीयक n. (-कं)** 1. A flower, (Hibiscus mutabilis.) "खलपद्म." 2. A drug, commonly Pund'ri'ya. **पु. पुष्टरिन् + चाचारेकच् ततः खल् ।**  
**पुष्टय n. (-यं)** A creeper, a medicinal plant, used as a remedy for diseased eyes. **पु. पुष्टि** to dissipate, (disease,) **चक्ष्य** aff.  
**पुष्ट n. (-यः)** 1. A red variety of the common sugarcane, (Saccharum officinarum.) 2. The name of a Daitya or infernal being, considered as incarnate in S'ISUPA'LA. 3. A mark or line made on the forehead with Sandal, &c. 4. A sort of creeper, (Gærtnera racemosa.) 5. A worm. 6. A white lotus. 7. The name of a country, the greater part of Bengal and part of Behar. **m. plu. (-यः)** The inhabitants of that country. **पु. पुष्टि** to rub, aff. **रक्**.  
**पुष्टक m. (-कः)** 1. A creeper, (Gærtnera racemosa.) 2. A mark on the forehead with sandal, &c. 3. A sort of sugarcane; see the last. **पु. कन्** added to the preceding.  
**पुष्टकेलि m. (-लिः)** An elephant. **पु. पुष्ट** sugarcane, and **केलि** pastime.  
**पुष्ट mfn. (-यः-यः-यः)** 1. Virtuous, pure, righteous. 2. Beautiful, pleasing. 3. Fragrant. **n. (-यः)** 1. Virtue, moral or religious merit. 2. A good action. 3. Purity, purification. 4. A trough for watering cattle. **f. (-यः)** 1. Holy basil, (Ocymun sanctum.) 2. Lucky, auspicious. 3. Solemn, festive. **पु. पुष्ट** to be or make pure, **यत्** **Una'di** aff., and **खल्** augment; or appropriately **पु-पुष्ट**.  
**पुष्टक n. (-कं)** A meritorious act or obligation of a religious nature, as fasting, praying, &c. **पु. पुष्ट** virtue, **कन्** added.  
**पुष्टकर्मन् mfn. (-न-मी-न-मी)** Pious, virtuous. **पु. पुष्ट**, and **कर्मन्** act.  
**पुष्टकवत n. (-नं)** The worship of KRISHN'A for a year, with daily presents, to be performed by a woman desirous of a son. **पु. पुष्टक**, and **वत** religious obligation.  
**पुष्टकाक m. (-कः)** An auspicious time.  
**पुष्टकीर्ति m. (-तिः)** Celebrated, famous.  
**पुष्टकन् mfn. (-कन्)** Virtuous, pious. **पु. पुष्ट** virtue, and **कन्** who acts.

**पुष्टकेश n. (-नं)** Holy land or A'rya'varta; see **पुष्टक**.  
**पुष्टकनय m. (-नः)** The Champaka, (Michelia champaca.) **Adj. Sweet** scented. **पु. पुष्ट** pure, and **नय** smell.  
**पुष्टकट्ट n. (-ट्टः)** 1. An alms-house. 2. A temple.  
**पुष्टकजन m. (-नः)** 1. A fiend, a goblin, a Ru'kshasa. 2. A Yaksha, a divine being attendant on KUR'RA, the god of wealth. 3. A pious or virtuous man. **पु. पुष्ट** virtuous, and **जन** man, **लोच** added.  
**पुष्टकनेत्र m. (-नः)** KUR'RA, the Hindu deity of wealth. **पु. पुष्टकन** a Yaksha, and **नेत्र** master.  
**पुष्टकजित adj.** Attained by good works. [sacred pool, &c]  
**पुष्टकतीर्थ n. (-थं)** A holy shrine or place of pilgrimage. **पु. पुष्ट**, **तीर्थ**,  
**पुष्टकतृण n. (-णं)** White Kus'a grass. **पु. पुष्ट**, and **तृण** grass; it is much used in religious ceremonies.  
**पुष्टकदर्शन m. (-नः)** The blue jay. **n. (-नं)** Visiting holy shrines. **पु. पुष्ट** lucky, and **दर्शन** appearance.  
**पुष्टकपुत्र m. (-पुः)** A man rich in moral merit.  
**पुष्टकप्राप्त m. (-पः)** The efficacy of moral merit.  
**पुष्टकल m. (-लः)** A grove, a garden. **n. (-लः)** The reward or consequence of good actions. **पु. पुष्ट** handsome or virtue, and **फल** fruit.  
**पुष्टकभाज् mfn. (-भाक्)** Virtuous, addicted to virtue. **पु. पुष्ट**, and **भाज्** who possesses.  
**पुष्टभूमि f. (-भूः)** The holy land of the Hindus; the central part of Asia, bounded on the north by the Hima'laya, on the south by the Vindh'ya mountains, and on the east and west by the sea. **पु. पुष्ट** virtue, and **भूमि** land.  
**पुष्टभूमि f. (-भिः)** 1. The holy land or A'rya'varta; see the last. 2. The mother of a male child. **पु. पुष्ट** virtue, and **भूमि** land.  
**पुष्टरात्र m. (-तः)** A night on which any religious commemoration or ceremony is held. **पु. पुष्ट**, and **रात्रि** night, **चच्** aff.  
**पुष्टलोक m. (-कः)** Heaven, paradise. **पु. पुष्ट** virtue, and **लोक** a world.  
**पुष्टवत् mfn. (-वान्-वतो-वत्)** 1. Fortunate, well-fated. 2. Virtuous, pious, righteous. 3. Happy. **पु. पुष्ट** virtuous, &c. aff. **वत्**.  
**पुष्टविजित mfn. (-तः-ता-नं)** Merited, acquired by merit. **पु. पुष्ट**, and **विजित** conquered.  
**पुष्टयजुज m. (-जः)** A bird of good omen. **n. (-नं)** An auspicious omen.  
**पुष्टशील mfn. (-लः-ला-लः)** Virtuous. **पु. पुष्ट** and **शील** having.  
**पुष्टश्रीक adj.** Of good fame. **m. (-कः)** 1. A name of NALA. 2. The epithet is also applied to YUDHIST'HIRA, and to VISHN'U. **f. (-का)** 1. A name of DRAUPADI'. 5. A name of SITA. **पु. पुष्ट** holy, **श्रीक** verse; who is celebrated in sacred poems.  
**पुष्टयोग m. (-नः)** The influence or effect of virtuous actions. **पु. पुष्ट**, and **योग** union.  
**पुष्टस्थान n. (-नं)** A sacred place, a holy ground, a place of pilgrimage. **पु. पुष्ट** virtue, and **स्थान** a place.  
**पुष्टात्मन् mfn. (-त्मा-त्मा-त्मा)** Holy, pious. **पु. पुष्ट**, and **आत्मन्** spirit.  
**पुष्टाह n. (-हः)** A holy day. **पु. पुष्ट** holy, and **अह** a day.  
**पुष्टाहवाचन n. (-नं)** Repeating at sacrifices, &c. "This is a holy day," three times. **पु. पुष्टाह**, and **वाचन** saying.  
**पुष्टोदय m. (-यः)** Good fortune, as the result of virtuous acts in a former life. **पु. पुष्ट**, and **उदय** rise.  
**पुष्टोद्यान adj.** Having beautiful gardens.  
**पुष्ट n. (-यत्)** A hell to which the childless are condemned.  
**पुष्ट r. 1st cl. (पुष्टति)** To go. **पु. पुष्ट** to go, **विच्** aff.  
**पुष्ट mf. (-यः-लो)** 1. An idol, a puppet, a doll. 2. A man of straw burnt in place of a lost corpse; see **पुष्ट**.  
**पुष्टिका f. (-का)** 1. A small bee. 2. The white ant. **पु. पुष्ट** to go, **विच्** aff. **Una'di** aff.  
**पुष्ट(न) m. (-नः)** 1. A son. 2. A child, in the language of the V'e'das. 3. The fifth mansion from the point of conjunction of the sun, and a zodiacal sign. **f. (-नी)** A daughter. **du. always, (-नी)** Son and

daughter. ३. पुत्र, and अ to preserve, the hell, (from) aff. व; or पुत्र् to purify, aff. त्; one त may be rejected in writing this word, and its derivatives, leaving पुत्र. The word is thus derived by Manu. viz :—

“उत्तासो नरकायकात् पितरं वापते पुनः ।

तस्मात्पुत्र इति श्रौतः अयमेव स्वयंभूवा ॥”

पुत्र m. (-वः) 1. A son. 2. A son, as it were, used as a term of endearment. 3. A fabulous animal with eight legs : see वरम. 4. A rogue, a cheat. 5. A particular mountain. 6. A sort of tree. 7. A grasshopper, a locust. 8. A doll, a puppet. f. (-त्रिका or -त्रिका) 1. A daughter. 2. A puppet, a doll. 3. Anything little of its kind, (when used at the end of a compound.) ३. पुत्र a son, कन् pleonasm ; in the feminine from the substitution of त्र for the penultimate vowel is optional.

पुत्रका f. (-का) A kind of drug. “अथवापुत्रिका” । [व being added.]

पुत्रकाया f. (-या) Wish or affection for progeny. ३. पुत्र, and कायाच् aff.

पुत्रकार्यं n. (-यं) Ceremony relating to a son.

पुत्रकृतक m. (-कः) Adopted as a son.

पुत्रजात Adj. One to whom a son is born.

पुत्रजीव m. (-वः) A tree, from the fruit of which necklaces are made of supposed prolific efficacy, (Nagelia putranjiva, Rox.) ३. पुत्र a child, and जीव life.

पुत्रजीवक m. (-कः) A plant ; see the last. ३. पुत्र a child, and जीव to live, aff. क्त् and कन् added. [what gives.]

पुत्रद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Who or what confers offspring. ३. पुत्र, and द, पुत्रदार n. (-रः) Son and wife.

पुत्रपोल mn. (-वः-वं) Plu. Sons and grandsons.

पुत्रपौत्र mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Descended from son to son. ३. पुत्र, and पौत्र a grandson, क्त् aff. [and तच् aff.]

पुत्रपौत्रोत्तम f. (-ता) Perpetual descent from son to son, &c. ३. पुत्रपौत्रोत्तम,

पुत्रप्रतिनिधि m. (-विः) A substitute for a son, as an adopted son, &c. ३. पुत्र, and प्रतिनिधि a substitute.

पुत्रप्राप्त m. (-पः) The obtaining of a son. [poss. aff.]

पुत्रवत् mfn. (-वात्-वती-वत्) Having a son or offspring. ३. पुत्र, and वत् aff.

पुत्रवधु f. (-धु) A daughter-in-law.

पुत्रवधु mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Having a son or child. ३. पुत्र, and वधु aff.

पुत्रवधो f. (-धो) A plant, (Salvinia cucullata). “नृषिकपुत्रवधो” ।

पुत्रवधु m. (-वः) One who is fond of children. [aff. हिप् ।

पुत्रसू f. (-सू) The mother of a son. ३. पुत्र a son, and सू a parent.

पुत्रहीन Adj. Childless. [पुत्र, and बाधार्थ्य a teacher.]

पुत्राचार्य m. (-यः) A father instructed in sacred science by his son. ३. पुत्राचार्य Adj. Wishing for a son.

पुत्राग्राह m. (-रः) 1. One who is maintained by his son. 2. A mendicant of a particular order. ३. पुत्र a son, अन्न food, and आद् who takes.

पुत्रिका f. (-का) 1. A daughter. 2. A doll, a puppet. 3. The cotton or pappus of the tamarisk. ३. पुत्री a daughter, कन् aff.

पुत्रिकापुत्र m. (-जः) 1. The son of a daughter, appointed to raise issue for her father ; one of the twelve heirs acknowledged by the old Hindu law. 2. A daughter's son, who by agreement becomes the son of her father, (according to some interpretation.) 3. A daughter who returns to her father's house being considered as his son, (according to other interpretation.) 4. A grandson in general. ३. पुत्रिका a daughter, and पुत्र a son.

पुत्रिकान्त m. (-न्तः) A daughter's husband. ३. पुत्रिका, and भर्तृ husband.

पुत्रिकाप्रसू f. (-सू) The mother of a daughter. ३. पुत्रिका, and प्रसू a mother. [son.]

पुत्रिकारुत m. (-रुतः) A daughter's son, a grandson. ३. पुत्रिका, and रुत a

पुत्रिन् m. (-नी) The father of a son. f. (-नी) 1. The mother of a son, or of children generally. 2. A parasite plant. 3. A plant, (Siphonanthus Indica.) ३. पुत्र a son or offspring, इति aff.

पुत्रोव mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Belonging or relating to a son, or child. 2. Filial. f. (-या) The desire of a son. ३. पुत्र, and व aff.; also पुत्रा.

पुत्रोवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Wishing for a son. ३. पुत्र, and वत् aff. or nominal v., वत् aff.

पुत्रेष्टु mfn. (-ष्टुः-ष्टुः-ष्टुः) Desiring a son. ३. पुत्र, and इष्टु desirous.

पुत्रेष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) A sacrifice performed for the purpose of obtaining children. ३. पुत्र, offspring, and इष्टि sacrifice; also with क्त् added in the feminine form, पुत्रेष्टिका.

पुत्रेष्टयं n. (-यं) Resignation of property or power by a father to his son. ३. पुत्र, and इष्टयं masterhood.

पुत्रा mfn. (-त्राः-त्रा-त्रा) Belonging to a son, &c. ३. पुत्र, and त्रा aff.

पुत्र ४. 4th cl. (पुत्र्यति) To hurt or kill. ४. 10th cl. (पुत्र्यति-ते) 1. To shiue.

2. To speak. (४) पुत्रि ४. 1st cl. (पुत्रति) 1. To hurt. 2. To suffer pain or uneasiness. हिंसे दिवा-पर-सक-सेट् । वधे-सक-ते वे चक-भूर-पर-सेट् । इदित् । दीप्ती पु-वम-सक-सेट् ।

पुत्रक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Beautiful, handsome, of a handsome form or figure. 2. Having form or property. m. (-कः) 1. The body. 2. The soul. 3. An atom. 4. An epithet of Siva. ३. पूर what fills, and नक्ष what decays, deriv. irr. [dressing.]

पुनःपाक m. (-कः) Repeated boiling or cooking. ३. पुनर्, and पाक

पुनःपुनर् Ind. Repeatedly, again and again. ३. पुनर् again, repeated.

पुनःपुनर् f. (-नः) The Pampa river in Bihar. ३. पुनर् again, repeated, irrily ; perhaps from the meandering course of the river ; or correctly पुनः पुनानि पुन-वधो- ।

पुनःसन्धान n. (-नः) Reuniting.

पुनःसन्धय m. (-यः) Coming into existence again, metempsychosis.

पुनःसंस्कार m. (-रः) Repetition of any essential ceremony, as re-investiture with the sacrificial string of a Brahman, who has forfeited it by unknowingly drinking spirits, &c. ३. पुनर् again, संस्कार ceremony.

पुनर् Ind. 1. Again, once more. 2. But, on the contrary, nevertheless, however. 3. Assuredly, certainly. 4. A particle indicating division or change of subject. ३. पृष् to praise, चर् aff., and the radical vowel changed to उ.

पुनरपि Ind. 1. Even, again, also. 2. And, on the other hand.

पुनरर्चना f. (-ना) Repeated request.

पुनरागत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Come back, returned. ३. पुनर्, and आगत come.

पुनरागत n. (-नः) Returning, coming back. ३. पुनर् and आगत coming.

पुनराधान n. (-नः) Renewing or replacing a consecrated fire. ३. पुनर्, and आधान placing. [and आधत् revolving.]

पुनरावर्त्त m. (-त्तः) 1. Return, revolution. 2. Repeated birth. ३. पुनर्,

पुनरावर्त्त mfn. (-त्तः-त्त-त्तं) 1. Returning. 2. Subject to successive births. ३. पुनरावर्त्त, and इति aff. [existence.]

पुनरावृत् f. (-वृत्) 1. Repetition. 2. Revision. 3. Return to mundane

पुनरावृत् mfn. (-वृत्-वृत्-वृत्) Repeated, said over again. n. (-वृत्) Tautology, repetition. ३. पुनर्, and वृत् said.

पुनरावृत्त m. (-वृत्) A Brahman. ३. पुनर् again, वृत् said, and अवृत्त birth; whose investiture is called a second birth.

पुनरावृत्तवाच m. (-वः) A figure of speech consisting in the appearance of tautology, the first impression being removed by a right understanding of the passage. [उक्ति saying.]

पुनरावृत्ति f. (-तिः) 1. Repetition, tautology. 2. Uselessness. ३. पुनर्, and

पुनरावृत्त n. (-नः) Resurrection.

पुनरावृत्ति f. (-तिः) 1. Reproduction. 2. Metempsychosis.

पुनरावृत्त m. (-नः) Return.

पुनरावृत्ति f. (-तिः) A woman remarried.

पुनर्गम Ind. To go back.

[३. पुनर्, and अवृत्त birth.]

पुनर्जन्म mfn. (-जन्म-जन्म-जन्म) Re-born, born again. n. (-जन्म) Regeneration,

पुनर्जन्म m. (-यः) Liberation, final emancipation, freedom from transmigration. ३. पुनर्जन्म, and जय Victory.

पुरब्धी n. (-ङ्) A citadel.  
 पुरग f. (-गा) Adj. Favourably inclined.  
 पुरजित् m. (-जित्) An epithet of S'iva.  
 पुरज्योतिष् m. (-तिः) The region or world of AGNI or fire. E. पुर primary, from पृ to precede, with क् aff., and ज्योतिस् light.  
 पुरज्जन m. (-नः) Life, the living principle. f. (-नी) Understanding. E. पुर the body, and जन what produces.  
 पुरज्जय mfn. (-यः-यो-यं) Victorious, conquering cities. m. (-यः) I. The proper name of a king, the third of the race of the sun. E. पुर a city, जी to conquer, aff. यच्.  
 पुरज्जर m. (-रः) The armpit.  
 पुरट् n. (-ट्) Gold.  
 पुरण m. (-णः) The ocean. E. पृ to fill, क्, Una'di aff.  
 पुरतटी f. (-टी) A market, a village or small fair. E. पुर a city, तट a bank, and डीप् diminutive or depreciative aff.  
 पुरतस् Ind. Before, in front of. E. पृ to precede, aff. तत्सुच्.  
 पुरतोरण n. (-णं) The outer gate of a city.  
 पुरदेवता f. (-ता) The tutelary deity of a town. E. पुर, and देवता deity.  
 पुरद्वार n. (-र) A city gate. E. पुर a city, and द्वार a gate.  
 पुरहिष् m. (-हिट्) A name of S'iva. E. पुर a name of Tripura, the demon, and हिच् who hates.  
 पुरनिवेश m. (-शः) The founding of a city. [of क्.  
 पुरन्द m. (-न्दः) INDRA. E. पुर a city, हो to destroy, ड् aff. with the wower  
 पुरन्दर m. (-रः) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. An epithet of S'iva. 3. An epithet of Agni. 4. A thief, a house-breaker. n. (-र) A sort of pepper. (Piper chavya.) f. (-रा) A name of the Ganges. E. पुर a city, दृ to tear or rend, aff. खच्, deriv. irr.  
 पुरन्धि f. (-न्धि-न्धी) A woman, whose husband and children are living. E. पुर the body, धृ to uphold, aff. खच्, fem. aff. डीप्, or the final is optionally short.  
 पुरपाल m. (-लः) The commandant of a fortress.  
 पुरमार्ग m. (-गः) The street of a town.  
 पुररक्षक m. (-कः) A constable.  
 पुररोध m. (-धः) The siege of a fortress.  
 पुरला f. (-ला) An epithet of Durga. E. पुर-कलच्. [वासिन् inhabitant.  
 पुरवासिन् mfn. (-सौ-सिनी-नि) Inhabiting a city or town. E. पुर, and पुरवासन m. (-नः) 1. An epithet of S'iva. 2. A name of Vishnu.  
 पुरव्रण n. (-णं) 1. An introductory rite in Tantra shastra. 2. Repetition of the name of a deity accompanied by burnt offering. E. पृस्, वर to go, aff. झट्. [The nipples.  
 पुरङ्ग m. (-ङ्) A sort of grass, (Saccharum cylindricum.) m. du. (-ङी)  
 पुरस् Ind. 1. Eastward. 2. In front, before, in presence of, (with a genitive) ; in this sense it is often prefixed to कृ, भू and जन ; hence such forms as पुरस्तत् &c. 3. Prior, first. 4. Formerly. E. पृ to precede, aff. अस्क्.  
 पुरस्कार m. (-रः) The repairing of a castle. [doing.  
 पुरस्कार n. (-णं) Making perfect, &c.: see पुरस्कार. E. पृस्, and करण  
 पुरस्कारण्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be respected, &c. : see पुरस्कारण्य.  
 पुरस्तैव mfn. (-वः-या-यं) 1. To be made complete or perfect. 2. To be prepared, to be fitted out. 3. To be set before. 4. To be treated with deference or respect. E. पृस्, कृ to make, तव्य aff. ; also पुरस्कारण्य and पुरस्तैव.  
 पुरस्कार m. (-रः) 1. Making perfect or complete, finishing, polishing. 2. Preparing, getting ready. 3. Arranging, putting in array. 4. Placing before. 5. Honouring, respecting. 6. Worshipping. 7. Sprinkling with holy water. 8. Promise. 9. Accusation. 10. Attacking, assailing. 11. Anticipating, expecting. E. पृस्, and कार making.  
 पुरस्तैव mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be prepared, to be fitted out, &c.: see पुरस्तैव.

पुष्करा f. (-राः) 1. A preparatory rite. 2. Showing respect. 3. Making perfect, &c. : see पुष्कार.

पुष्कत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Made perfect, finished, polished. 2. Prepared. 3. Placed in front. 4. Revered, adored, worshiped. 5. Honoured, respected. 6. Sprinkled with holy water, initiated, anointed. 7. Promised, agreed. 8. Accused, calumniated. 9. Facing, and contending with an enemy. 10. Distress or harassed by an enemy. 11. Anticipated. E. पुष्क before, and कृत made.

पुस्तक Ind. 1. Eastward. 2. In front, before. 3. Prior, first, preceding. 4. Formerly. 5. Further on, in the sequel. E. पुस्त to go before, पस्त aff.

पुरा Ind. 1. An ancient story. 2. Old. 3. Past. 4. Long past, of yore. 5. Near. 6. Future. 7. Proximate future. E. पुर to precede, aff. क and टाप्.

पुराण f. (-णः) An old legend. [the past.]

पुराण्य m. (-न्यः) 1. A former creation. 2. An old story, a story, of पुराणत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Done formerly or of old, done long ago. 2. Done or observed precedingly. 3. Begun, commenced. E. पुरा, कृत done.

पुराण n. (-णः) A turret on a city wall.

पुराण r. 1st cl. (पुराण्यणि) Legendary tale. यक् पर+चक+हिट्।

पुराण n. (-णः) A Pura'n'a or sacred poetical work, supposed to be compiled or composed by the poet VYA'SA; and comprising the whole body of Hindu theology: each Pura'n'a should treat of five topics especially; the creation, the destruction and renovation of worlds; the genealogy of gods and heroes; the reigns of the Manus, and the transaction of their descendants; but great variety prevails in this respect and few contain historical or genealogical matter. There are eighteen acknowledged Pura'n'as. 1. BRAHMA. 2. Padma, or the lotus. 3. Brahma'n'da, or the egg of BRAHMA'. 4. Agneya, or Agni, fire. 5. VAISHNAVA, or of VISHN'U. 6. Garuda. 7. Brahmapurana, or transformations of BRAHMA', that is of KRISHN'A, identified with the Supreme. 8. SAIVA, or of S'IVA. 9. Linga. 10. NA'RADI'YA. 11. SKANDA. 12. MA'RKAND'EYA, so called from a Muni of that name. 13. Bhavishyat, or prophetic. 14. Matsya, or the fish. 15. Varaha, or boar. 16. Kurma, or of the Kurma or tortoise. 17. Va'mana, or dwarf. 18. Bha'gavat, or life of KRSN'A, which last is by some considered as a spurious and modern work: the Brahmapurana is also of very modern origin. The Pura'n'as are reckoned to contain four hundred thousand stanzas: there are also eighteen Upapurana's or similar poems of inferior sanctity, and different appellations: the whole constitute the popular or poetical creed of the Hindus, and some of them or particular parts of them, are very generally read, and studied. m. (-यः) A karsha or measure of silver equal to sixteen Panas of Cowries. mfn. (-यः-योर-यो-यं) Old, ancient. E. पुरा old, and य aff. or पुरा the same, यो to get or be, and य aff.

पुराण m. (-णः) 1. A reader or reciter of the Pura'n'as. 2. BRAHMA'. E. पुराण a sacred poem, and ग who goes or pervades.

पुराणपुराण m. (-णः) VISHN'U. E. पुराण old or primeval, and पुराण man.

पुराणान्त m. (-न्तः) An epithet of Yama.

पुराणीक n. (-कः) Enjoined by the Pura'n'as.

पुराणत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Old, ancient. 2. Worn out. m. (-तः) An epithet of VISHN'U. E. पुरा old, त् aff., and टुट् augment.

पुराणत n. (-तः) The part below the seven worlds. [superintendent.]

पुराण्य m. (-यः) The governor or mayor of a city. E. पुर, and यण्य पुराण्य m. (-यः) The governor of a town.

पुराणीनि m. (-निः) An epithet of S'iva. Adj. Of ancient origin.

पुराणि m. (-णिः) S'IVA. E. पुर the demon pura, or more properly Tripura, and णि loc.

पुराणविहार m. (-रः) Part of a town, a suburb, a ward, a division. E. पुर a city, वार part, विहार extending.

पुराण्य m. (-यः) A name of BHISHMA. E. पुरा in former life, यण्य a VASU or demigod, so called. [विद् who knows.]

पुराण्य mfn. (-यः) Knowing or acquainted with the past. E. पुरा, and पुराणत n. (-तः) 1. History, traditionary or heroic. 2. Any old or legendary event. E. पुरा old, (time, or story,) and पुराणत happened.

पुराणकथा f. (-थाः) An old story. E. पुराणत and कथा tale; also पुराणतान्त्रिक, and similar compounds.

पुराण्यत् m. (-यः) S'IVA. E. पुर the demon, and यण्यत् an enemy.

पुरि f. (-रिः or रीः) 1. A town, a city. 2. A river. m. (-रिः) A king, a sovereign. E. पू to fill or to cherish, र Un'adi aff. : see पुर, and पुरी.

पुरिम m. (-मः) A living being.

पुरिषय Adj. Reposing in a fortress.

पुरी f. (-रीः) 1. A city. 2. A stronghold. 3. The body.

पुरीतत् mfn. (-तः) An entrail, a gut. E. पुरि or पुरा; for पुर body, and तत् to, spread, to stretch, aff. क्तिप्।

पुरीनीच m. (-चः) The thorn-apple, (Dhatura): see पुरी E. पुरी a town and नीच intoxicating.

पुरीष n. (-षः) 1. Faeces, excrement, ordure. 2. Rubbish, mould. E. पू to nourish or fill, (the body,) aff. ईषच्.

पुरीषय m. (-यः) Faeces: see the last. n. (-यः) Evacuation by stool.

पुरीषनिग्रहण n. (-णः) Obstructing the bowels.

पुरीषम m. (-मः) The black kidney-bean, (Phaseolus mas. or P. radiatus.) E. पुरीष faeces, मा to mete or measure, च aff.

पुरीषोद्धरण m. (-णः) Voiding excrement. E. पुरीष, and उद्धरण abandoning.

पुम् mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Much, many, exceeding. m. (-कः) 1. The name of a king, the sixth monarch of the lunar line. He was the youngest son of king Yaya'ti and Sharmishtha', who consented to give his youth and beauty to his father in exchange for his infirmities. After a thousand years Yaya'ti restored to him his youth and made him king of Pratishtha'na. He was an ancestor of the Kauravas and Pa'ndavas. 2. Heaven, or the world and residence of immortals. 3. The farina of a flower. 4. The name of a Daitya. f. (-कः) The name of a river said to run a little to the north-west of the Saraswati. E. पू to cherish or fill well, Un'adi aff. क्.

पुम्निज m. (-जित्) A name of the king Kuntibhoja. 2. An epithet of Vishn'U.

पुम्द n. (-दः) Gold. E. पुम् much, दा to give, aff. क्.

पुम्दंशक m. (-कः) A goose. E. पुम् much, दंशक who bites. [aff.]

पुम्दंशक m. (-शकः) A name of INDRA. E. पुम् much, दंश to destroy, चसि

पुम्दंशक m. (-शकः) KURUPRA: see पुम्दंशक.

पुम्दंशक n. (-दः) Very lascivious.

पुम्द m. (-दः) 1. A man generally or individually, a male, man-kind. 2. Representative of generation. 3. An official, a functionary. 4. The height of a man considered as a measure of length. 5. The pupil of the eye. 6. A person, (in gram.) 7. The soul. 8. God, the Supreme Being. 9. VISHN'U. 10. BRAHMA'. 11. Life, the living principle. 12. An atom. 13. A follower of the Sa'nk'hya philosophy, who believes in the twenty-fifth creation of the Sa'nk'hya philosophy, the soul which according to them is neither a production nor a productive. 14. A friend. 15. A sort of tree: see पुम्द, 16. A sort of tree, commonly Tila or Tilaka. n. (-दः) The mountain Me'ru. E. पुर the body, or दृष्ट to abide, aff. क्, and the vowel changed; or पुर to precede, Un'adi aff. क्चच्; also पुम्द.

पुम्दक n. (-कः) Rearing as a horse, standing like a man on two feet. E. पुम्द, and कच् aff.

पुम्दकार m. (-रः) 1. Manly act, virility. 2. Effort, exertion. 3. Any act of a man, manhood. E. पुम्द, and कार a doing.

पुम्दकृच्छ्र m. (-चः) A human corpse.

**पुष्पवैश्वदेव m. (-दे)** Man-lion or Vishnu in his fourth incarnation.  
**पुष्पमान n. (-न)** Knowledge of mankind. [पुष्प; also पुष्पल.  
**पुष्पता f. (-ता)** 1. Manhood, manliness. 2. Valour. E. पुष्प added to  
**पुष्पल n. (-ल)** 1. Manhood, virility, manly nature or property. 2.  
 Valour, prowess. E. ल added to पुष्प a man.  
**पुष्पता Ind.** With or amongst men or mankind, worldly, &c. E. पुष्प  
 mankind, and ता aff.  
**पुष्पदन्ति f. (-न्ति)** A medicinal root; see नेदा.  
**पुष्पदन्त mfn. (-न्तः-पु-दन्त)** Of the height, or measure of a man. E. पुष्प a  
 man, दन्त aff. in this sense. [a man, and दन्त aff.  
**पुष्पदन्त mfn. (-न्तः-पु-दन्त)** Of the height, or measure of a man. E. पुष्प  
**पुष्पद्वेषि mfn. (-वि-पुष्प-द्वेषि)** Man-hating, misanthropic. f. (-वि) An ill-  
 tempered, or fractious woman. E. पुष्प a man, and द्वेषि who hates.  
**पुष्पनाय m. (-यः)** 1. A general, a commander. 2. A king.  
**पुष्पपय m. (-यः)** A man, a human animal. E. पुष्प, and पय beast.  
**पुष्पपुङ्गव m. (-वः)** An eminent, or excellent man. E. पुष्प, and पुङ्गव a  
 bull; the last implying pre-eminence.  
**पुष्पपुङ्गवी m. (-वी)** 1. An excellent or superior man. 2. The seventh  
 of the nine persons called Vasudeva's by the Jains. E. पुष्प man-  
 kind, and पुङ्गवी a lotus, or here used to signify pre-eminence.  
**पुष्पमान mfn. (-न्तः-पु-दन्त)** Of the height, or measure of a man. E. पुष्प a  
 man, and मान aff.  
**पुष्पमेध m. (-यः)** A human sacrifice.  
**पुष्पमेध m. (-यः)** An excellent man. E. पुष्प, and मेध best.  
**पुष्पवर्ण m. (-वः)** Vishnu. [and वर्णित void of.  
**पुष्पवर्जित mfn. (-न्तः-पु-दन्त)** Desolate, destitute of human beings. E. पुष्प,  
**पुष्पवाय m. (-यः)** 1. Garuda. 2. Kuvera.  
**पुष्पव्याघ्र m. (-घ्रः)** 1. A vulture. 2. An eminent, or distinguished man.  
 E. पुष्प a man, and व्याघ्र a tiger; here also implying pre-eminence.  
**पुष्पव्याघ्र m. (-घ्रः)** An eminent man. E. पुष्प, and व्याघ्र a tiger.  
**पुष्पसमवाय m. (-यः)** A number of men. E. पुष्प, and समवाय assemblage.  
**पुष्पसिंह m. (-हः)** 1. An eminent man. 2. The fifth of the Va'sudevas,  
 according to the Jains, and the son of S'iva. E. पुष्प mankind,  
 and सिंह pre-eminent. [of the Rigveda.  
**पुष्पसूक्त n. (-क्त)** A name given to the 90th hymn of the tenth mandala  
**पुष्पाङ्ग mn. (-ङ्गः-पु-दन्त)** The male organ of generation.  
**पुष्पाद m. (-दः)** A demon, a goblin.  
**पुष्पाय m. (-यः)** 1. A name of the first Jaina pontiff of the present age,  
 "RISHAB'HA." 2. A name of VISHNU. E. पुष्प mankind, and आय first.  
**पुष्पाधन m. (-नः)** A low man, an outcaste. E. पुष्प a man, and धन  
 low, vile.  
**पुष्पाधिकार m. (-रः)** Manly office or duty. E. पुष्प, and अधिकार duty.  
**पुष्पाक्षर n. (-रः)** Another man. [in which the woman acts the man.  
**पुष्पावित n. (-तः)** 1. Manly conduct. 2. A mode of sexual enjoyment.  
**पुष्पाय m. (-यः)** A human object: as the gratification of desire, ac-  
 quirement of wealth, discharge of duty, and final emancipation.  
 n. (-यः) Adv. For, or on account of man. E. पुष्प, and यय object.  
**पुष्पायुष्म m. (-युः)** Life of man, human existence. E. पुष्प and आयुष् life.  
**पुष्पायुष्म m. (-युः)** A Ra'kshasa, a cannibal. E. पुष्प, and युष्म who eats.  
**पुष्पायुष्माङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः)** Si'va. E. पुष्प a man, आयुष् a bone, नाका a  
 necklace, and इति poss. aff.; wearing a necklace of human skulls.  
**पुष्पोक्ति f. (-क्तिः)** The name or title of a man. E. पुष्प, and उक्ति saying.  
**पुष्पोक्ति mfn. (-न्तः-पु-दन्त)** Destitute, having no friends. E. पुष्पोक्ति,  
 and कन्तु aff. having only the name of man.  
**पुष्पोत्तम m. (-नः)** An excellent or superior man. 2. VISHNU. 3. A Jina,  
 one of the generic terms for a deified chief of the Jaina sect. 4.  
 The fourth of the nine Va'sudevas of the jainas, the son of  
 So'ma. E. पुष्प mankind, उत्तम best.  
**पुष्प mfn. (-न्तः-पु-दन्त)** Much, many. E. पुष्प many, वन् to destroy or  
 surpass, aff. व; also पुष्प with व् aff.

**पुष्प mfn. (-न्तः-पु-दन्त)** Much, many. E. See the last.  
**पुष्प Adj. Invoked by many. m. (-नः)** A name of INDRA. E. पु  
 much, वन् worshiped or invoked.  
**पुष्पवसु m. (-वः)** 1. The son of BUDHA and Ila' and the second king of  
 the lunar dynasty. He was a prince renowned for liberality, devo-  
 tion, love of truth and personal beauty. He fell in love with  
 Urvashi while she was descending from heaven. Urvashi returned  
 his love and became his wife. The king passed many happy days  
 in her company and had one son by her. After some days the  
 nymph returned to her home leaving the king to mourn her loss;  
 but she repeated her visits five times successively and bore five  
 sons to the king. Puru'ras was not however, satisfied and longed  
 for an inseparable union with her. This he secured by, celebrating  
 many sacrifices. The story has its origin in a passage in  
 Haribansha where Urvashi' is represented as going to live with  
 Puru'ras on certain conditions, the accidental violation of  
 which made her leave the king. 2. A demigod, of the class of  
 Viswade'vas. E. पुष्प much, व to sound, Una'di aff. वशि, form irr.  
**पुरोच mfn. (-न्तः-पु-दन्त)** 1. Going before, preceding. 2. Chief, principal,  
 pre-eminent. E. पुश् before, and वन् who goes. [पुश्, वन् goes  
**पुरोच mfn. (-न्तः-पु-दन्त)** 1. Preceded, gone before. 2. Leading, chief. E.  
**पुरोच mfn. (-न्तः-पु-दन्त)** Preceding, going before. m. (-न्तः) A dog. f.  
 (-न्तः) Precedence, going before. E. पुश् in front, and वन् going.  
**पुरोच mfn. (-न्तः-पु-दन्त)** Going before, preceding. E. पुश् before, and  
 वन् who goes.  
**पुरोचन n. (-नः)** Going before, preceding. E. पुश्, and वन् going.  
**पुरोचन mfn. (-न्तः-पु-दन्त)** Going in front or before, preceding. m.  
 (-न्तः) A dog. E. पुश्, and वन् who goes.  
**पुरोचन Adj. Born before.**  
**पुरोच m. (-न्तः)** 1. The current of a river. 2. The rustling of leaves.  
**पुरोच m. (-न्तः)** 1. Ghee or clarified butter as offered in oblations  
 to fire, with cakes of ground barley meal, that have been well  
 steeped in it. 2. The orts, or leavings of any substance, used in an  
 oblation to fire. 3. A sort of flat ladle or spoon, used for placing the  
 cakes in the sacrificial fire. 4. The juice of the acid asclepias  
 drunk at certain sacrifices. 5. A mantra, or prayer recited  
 in offering oblations to fire. E. पुश् first, दिग् to show, aff. व्,  
 deriv. irr.; the first ceremony on all sacred occasions; or accord-  
 ing to Va'chaspatya :—पुरोदास्यते दास-दासि कर्मणि क्तिप्, व् वा  
 दस्य वः। [व aff.  
**पुरोदासीय mf. (-यः-पु-दन्त)** Fit to be offered in oblations. E. पुरोदास, and  
**पुरोदास mfn. (-न्तः-पु-दन्त)** Fit or proper for offering with Ghee in  
 oblation to fire. E. पुरोदास as above, वत् aff.  
**पुरोचान n. (-नः)** A city garden, a park.  
**पुरोच mfn. (-न्तः-पु-दन्त)** Of former or prior origin. f. (-न्तः) A drug; also  
 called Maha'meda. E. पुश् formerly, वद् produced.  
**पुरोच m. (-यः)** The family or domestic priest. E. पुश् before, वा to  
 have, वशि Una'di aff.  
**पुरोचान n. (-नः)** Priestly ministration.  
**पुरोचिका f. (-का)** A favourite wife. [taken.  
**पुरोचनीय mfn. (-न्तः-पु-दन्त)** Formerly had or possessed. E. पुश्, and वन्  
**पुरोचान mfn. (-नः-पु-दन्त)** 1. Obtrusive. 2. Fault-finding. m. (-नः) 1. The  
 front part. 2. Officiousness. 3. Envy.  
**पुरोचान mfn. (-न्तः-पु-दन्त)** 1. Malevolent, censorious. 2. Taking the  
 first share. E. पुश् first, वन् to serve, aff. वित्त्.  
**पुरोचान m. (-नः)** Wind blowing in front.  
**पुरोचान m. (-नः)** See the last.  
**पुरोचित Adj. 1. Placed in front. 2. Charged. m. (-न्तः)** The purohita  
 or family priest, conducting all the ceremonials and sacrifices  
 of a house or family. E. पुश् first, and चित held, reversed.

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3. Rich, amply provided. 4. Complete, perfect. 5. Full-sounding.  
 पुष्प to cherish, aff. न्.
- पुष्टा mfn. (-पु-हो-पु) Fat, fattened. E. पुष्ट, and पुष्ट body.
- पुष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) 1. Cherishing, nourishing. 2. Increase, advance, thriving, prosperity. 3. Wealth, property. 4. Plumpness, fatness. 5. Richness, perfection. 6. One of the Ma'trika's or divine mothers, nourishment personified. E. पुष्ट to nourish, aff. तिन्.
- पुष्टिकर्मन् n. (-र्मन्) A religious ceremony performed for the attainment of prosperity. [form.]
- पुष्टिका f. (-का) An oyster, a bi-valve-shell. E. पुष्ट, and कम् added, fem.
- पुष्टिकान्त m. (-न्तः) GAṆ'Ā'S'HA. E. पुष्ट prosperity, कान्त friend.
- पुष्टिद mfn. (-दः-दा-द) Nourishing, cherishing. f. (-दा) 1. Increase, thriving. 2. A plant, (*Physalis flexuosa*.) E. पुष्टि, and द what gives.
- पुष्टिचरन् m. (-चरन्) A cock.
- पुष्प r. 4th cl. (पुष्पति) To flower, to blossom. दि-पर-चक-सेट् ।
- पुष्प n. (-पु) 1. A flower in general. 2. The menses. 3. Expansion, expanding. 4. The vehicle or car of KUVĒRA. 5. A disease of the eyes, specks on the eye, albugo. 6. A topaz. 7. Gallantry, politeness, (in erotic poetry.) f. (-ष्प) The capital of KARNĀ, or Bha'galpur. m. (-पु) Blossoming, blooming, expanding. E. पुष्प to flower, &c. चच् aff.
- पुष्पक n. (-क) 1. Calx of brass used as collyrium. 2. The chariot of KUVĒRA. 3. A disease of the eyes, albugo, specks on the eye. 4. A bracelet of diamonds or jewels. 5. A cup or vessel of iron. 6. A small earthen fire-place or furnace. 7. Green vitriol. 8. A flower. E. कम् added to the last.
- पुष्पकरयजुः n. (-जुः) 1. Avanti' or Oujein, or the grove in its vicinity considered as sacred to MAHA'DE'VA. 2. A basket on which flower is collected. E. पुष्प a flower, and करयजुः a basket.
- पुष्पकरखिली f. (-ली) Oujein : see the last.
- पुष्पकाश m. (-कः) 1. The spring. 2. The time of the menstrual flux.
- पुष्पकाशोस n. (-सः) The green sulphate of iron. E. पुष्प a flower, and काशोस green vitriol.
- पुष्पकोट m. (-टः) 1. A large black bee. 2. Any insect affecting flowers. E. पुष्प a flower, and कोट an insect.
- पुष्पकेतन m. (-नः) The Hindu Cupid. E. पुष्प a flower, and केतन a symbol.
- पुष्पकेतु n. (-तु) Calx of brass. m. (-तु) The god of love. E. पुष्प flower and केतु mark or sign.
- पुष्पगविडका f. (-का) Contrary purpose or effort of a man and woman.
- पुष्पगिरि m. (-गिरिः) A fabulous mountain, the favourite resort of VARUṆ'A. E. पुष्प a flower, and गिरि a mountain, the hill of flowers.
- पुष्पगतक m. (-कः) A bamboo. E. पुष्प flower, and गतक destroyer ; the stem decaying after the plant flowers. [and चय gathering.]
- पुष्पचय m. (-यः) 1. A quantity of flowers. 2. Gathering flowers. E. पुष्प
- पुष्पचार m. (-चः) KA'MADE'VA, the Hindu Cupid. E. पुष्प a flower, and चार a bow ; who arms his bow with flowers.
- पुष्पचानर m. (-नरः) 1. A plant, (*Artemisia*.) 2. A fragrant plant, (*Pandanus odoratissimus*.) E. पुष्प a flower, and चानर a Chowri, having a large bushy flower. वेवडवे, मदनहर्षे च ।
- पुष्पद mfn. (-दः-दा-द) Who or what gives flowers. m. (-दः) A tree. E. पुष्प a flower, and द what gives.
- पुष्पदन्त m. (-न्तः) 1. The elephant presiding over the north-west quarter. 2. A chief of the Gand'harbas or Vidya'd'haras, attendant upon S'IVA, to whom is ascribed the authorship of the "Mahimna Stotra". 3. One of the Jinas or Jaina teachers. 4. A Na'ga or serpent of the infernal regions. m. dual. (-न्तौ) The sun and moon. E. पुष्प flower, and दन्त a tooth. [last.]
- पुष्पदन्तक m. (-कः) A chief of the Gand'harbas. E. दन्त added to the
- पुष्पदानम् n. (-म्) 1. A garland of flowers. 2. A kind of metre.
- पुष्पद्रव m. (-वः) 1. The exudation or saccharine matter of flower.
2. An infusion of flowers, as rose water, &c. E. पुष्प, and द्रव oozing, distilling.
- पुष्पध m. (-धः) The offspring of an outcaste Bra'hmana.
- पुष्पधन्वन् m. (-न्वा) KA'MADE'VA. E. पुष्प, and धनु bow, चनच् aff. otherwise पुष्पधनु ; see पुष्पचार.
- पुष्पधारक m. (-कः) An epithet of Vishn'u.
- पुष्पधन m. (-धनः) The god of love. [चच् aff.]
- पुष्पधनिक m. (-निकः) Throwing flowers. E. पुष्प, and नि before, क् to throw,
- पुष्पधनिक m. (-निकः) A bee. E. पुष्प, and निध who kisses.
- पुष्पनियौष m. (-यौषः) Nectar of flowers. E. पुष्प, and नियौष extract.
- पुष्पनेत्र n. (-नेत्रः) The tube of a flower.
- पुष्पपत्र m. (-पत्रः) A bee, E. पुष्प a flower, पत्रे to drink, aff. चच्.
- पुष्पपतिन् m. (-पतिन्) The god of love. [aff.]
- पुष्पपथ m. (-पथः) The vulva. E. पुष्प the menses, and पथिन् a road, चच्
- पुष्पपुर n. (-रः) Pa'taliputra or Palibothra. E. पुष्प flower, and पुर a city.
- पुष्पपचय m. (-यः) 1. Gathering fruit or flower, &c. in any way except by the hand. 2. Stealing flowers. E. पुष्प, and प before, चि to collect, aff. चच्. [before, चि to collect, चच् aff.]
- पुष्पपचार्य m. (-यः) Gathering flowers with the hand. E. पुष्प, and प
- पुष्पपसार m. (-रः) A bed of flowers. [पुष्प a flower, and पसार fruit.]
- पुष्पफल m. (-लः) 1. Elephant or wood apple. 2. A pumpkin gourd. E.
- पुष्पवक्षि m. (-क्षिः) An offering of flowers.
- पुष्पवरा (-वा) व m. (-वः) An epithet of the god of love.
- पुष्पभव m. (-वः) Nectar of flowers. E. पुष्प and भव being.
- पुष्पमञ्जरिका f. (-का) The blue lotus. [and मास a month or season.]
- पुष्पमास m. (-सः) 1. The month of Chaitra. 2. Spring. E. पुष्प flower,
- पुष्परक्त mfn. (-क्तः-ता-क्त) Dyed red with vegetable colour, as safflower, &c. m. (-क्तः) A shrub, (*Hibiscus phæniceus*.) E. पुष्प flower, and रक्त coloured, red. "सर्गमणिहर्षे" ।
- पुष्परजस् n. (-जः) The Pollen.
- पुष्प(य)रथ m. (-यः) A car or carriage for travelling or pleasure, or any purpose except war. E. पुष्प a flower, and रथ a car.
- पुष्परस m. (-सः) The nectar or honey of flowers. E. पुष्प, and रस juice.
- पुष्परसाक्षय n. (-यः) Honey, nectar, E. पुष्परस, and साक्षय a name.
- पुष्परा(ज)ग m. (-ज or गः) A topaz. E. पुष्प a flower, and राग colour.
- पुष्परेणु m. (-णुः) The dust or farina of flowers. E. पुष्प, and रेणु dust.
- पुष्परीचन m. (-नः) A plant, (*Mesua ferrea*.) E. पुष्प, and रीचन pleasing.
- पुष्पलक m. (-कः) see पुष्पलक.
- पुष्पलाव m. (-वः) A flower-seller, a garland-maker. f. (-ली) A female flower-gatherer. E. पुष्प, and लाव who cuts.
- पुष्पलिच m. (-चः) A bee. E. पुष्प a flower, लिच् to lick, स aff. [aff.]
- पुष्पलिह m. (-हित्) A large black bee. E. पुष्प, and लिह् to lick, लिच्
- पुष्पलटुक m. (-कः) A gallant.
- पुष्पलत् mfn. (-लत्-वती-वत्) Having flowers, flowery. m. always dual. (-लौ) The sun and moon. f. (-वती) A woman during menstruation. E. पुष्प a flower, or expansion as at rising, &c. and लत् aff.
- पुष्पलत् m. dual. (-लौ) The sun and moon. E. पुष्प a flower, लत् to prevent, लच् aff.
- पुष्पलव m. (-वः) A rain of flowers, flowers cast from heaven upon a hero or demigod, or on any great occasion. E. पुष्प, and लव raining ; also पुष्पलवेष, पुष्पलटि, &c.
- पुष्पराटिका f. (-का) A flower-garden.
- पुष्पराटी f. (-टी) A flower-garden. E. पुष्प, and राटी a garden.
- पुष्पलटि f. (-टिः) See पुष्पलव.
- पुष्पलवली f. (-ली) A garland of flowers.
- पुष्पलकटी f. (-टी) 1. Raining flowers, on any great occasion of rejoicing in earth and heaven. 2. A heavenly voice.
- पुष्पलया f. (-या) A flowery bed.
- पुष्पार m. (-रः) KA'MADE'VA, the god of love. E. पुष्प, and रार an arrow.
- पुष्परासन m. (-नः) KA'MADE'VA, E. पुष्प, and रासन a quiver.

पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Not bearing flowers, flowerless. m. (-ञ्च-)  
 This: glomerous fig-tree. E. पुष्प, पुष्प void of.  
 पुष्पिन् mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Flowery. E. पुष्प, and पुष्पिन् having.  
 पुष्पि f. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Abundance, or beauty of flowers. E. पुष्प, पुष्प wealth.  
 पुष्प m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Spring. E. पुष्प, and पुष्प a season.  
 पुष्प m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) The gode of love. [essence.  
 पुष्प m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) The nectar, or honey of flowers. E. पुष्प, and पुष्प  
 पुष्प m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) The nectar, or honey of flowers. E. पुष्प, and पुष्प  
 sweet, or exudation. [smiles.  
 पुष्पा f. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) A woman during menstruation. E. पुष्प, and पुष्प who  
 पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Flowerless, not flowering. f. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-)  
 1. The glomerous fig-tree. 2. A woman whose menstruation has ceased  
 a barren woman. E. पुष्प a flower, &c. and पुष्प abandoned.  
 पुष्प m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) The district of Bha'galpur or the name of its capital  
 champa'.  
 पुष्प m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) The Spring. [livelihood.  
 पुष्प m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) A flowerman, a maker of garlands. E. पुष्प, and पुष्प  
 पुष्पिन् m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) A flowerman, a maker of garlands. E. पुष्प, पुष्पिन्  
 livelihood, पुष्पि aff. [and पुष्पि collyrium. "पुष्पि काजक"।  
 पुष्प n. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) The calx of brass used as a collyrium. E. पुष्प a flower,  
 पुष्पि mf. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Presenting a nosegay or flowers, held in both  
 hands opened, and hollowed. E. पुष्प, and पुष्पि the hands joined  
 and opened; also similar compounds, as पुष्पिपुष्पि, पुष्पिपुष्पि, &c.  
 पुष्प m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) A kind of Spirituous liquor.  
 पुष्प n. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) The Sap of flowers.  
 पुष्प m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) The gode of love.  
 पुष्प m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Gathering flowers. E. पुष्प, and पुष्प collecting.  
 पुष्पिन् mf. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) A flower-gatherer. E. पुष्प, and पुष्पिन्  
 who collects.  
 पुष्पिन् m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Bathing with flowers.  
 पुष्प n. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Honey. E. पुष्प, and पुष्प spirit.  
 पुष्प m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) A shower of flowers.  
 पुष्प m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) KANDARPA, the Hindu Cupid. E. पुष्प, and पुष्प a wea-  
 pon; pointing his darts with flowers. [who or what takes.  
 पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Who or what takes flowers. E. पुष्प, and पुष्प  
 पुष्पा f. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) 1. The tartar of the teeth. 2. The mucus of the  
 glans penis, or urethra. 3. The concluding words of a chap e.  
 E. पुष्प a flower, पुष्प aff. of comparison, fem. form.  
 पुष्पा f. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) A woman in her courses.  
 पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) 1. Flowered, in flower. 2. Florid, flowery.  
 3. Completely manifested, fully developed. f. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-)  
 during menstruation. E. पुष्प, and पुष्प aff.  
 पुष्पा f. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) A form of metre, a mixed kind and a variety of  
 the Anupach'handasika; the line consisting of four or six short  
 syllables, a pyrrhic or a dactyl, two trochees and a spondee.  
 पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) 1. Flowering, bearing flowers. 2. Abound-  
 ing in flowers. E. पुष्प, and पुष्प aff.  
 पुष्प m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) KA'MADEVA. E. पुष्प, and पुष्प an arrow.  
 पुष्प m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) The appearance of flowers.  
 पुष्प n. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) A flower-garden.  
 पुष्पिन् m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) A florist.  
 पुष्प 4th cl. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) To blossom. विष्पुष्पे कक्षापाठान्तरम् सङ्गच्छेत्।  
 पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) 1. The eighth lunar asterism, comprising three  
 stars, of which one is the Cancer. 2. The month Pous, (Dec.  
 and Jan.) 3. The Kali, or fourth age. E. पुष्प to nourish, aff. पुष्प.  
 पुष्प m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Any sort of car or carriage, except a war chariot. E.  
 पुष्प the asterism, and पुष्प a car; also पुष्प.  
 पुष्प m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) 1. The musk-deer. 2. A pin, a bolt, stake. 3. A  
 naked mendicant. It is read in some places पुष्प.  
 पुष्प 10th cl. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) 1. To rub. 2. To damage, पुष्प-सङ्गच्छेत्।

पुष्प 10th cl. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) 1. To respect. 2. To disregard, to treat  
 with disrespect. 3. To bind. 4. To smear. पुष्प-सङ्गच्छेत्।  
 पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) 1. Filled. 2. Covered. n. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-)  
 1. Smearing, anoin-  
 ting, painting, plastering, &c. 2. Any thing made of metal, wood  
 or clay, &c. n. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) A book, a manuscript. E. पुष्प to bind,  
 पुष्प aff.  
 पुष्प n. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) A book, a manuscript. E. पुष्प added to the last.  
 पुष्पिन् f. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) A particular position of fingers in religious worship.  
 The posture is thus defined in Tantra sa'ra, viz.—“पुष्पिन् पुष्पि  
 कामिन् पुष्पि कक्षा पुष्पिन् पुष्पि”। [कामिन् business.  
 पुष्पिन् n. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Plastering, painting, &c. see पुष्प. E. पुष्प as above,  
 पुष्प f. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) A manuscript.  
 पुष्प m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) The lungs; also पुष्प and पुष्प.  
 पुष्प 1st cl. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) 1. To purify, to cleanse, physically or metaphorically. 2. To  
 clean from chaff, to winnow. 3. To Discriminate, to discern. 4. To  
 invent, to think out, to contrive. कक्षादिपुष्प-सङ्गच्छेत्। 1. 4th cl.  
 (पुष्पे) To grow or become pure. दिवापुष्प-सङ्गच्छेत्।  
 पुष्प m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) 1. The betel-nut tree, (Areca faufel or catechu). 2. A  
 heap, a quantity, a multitude. 3. Disposition, property, nature.  
 4. The Jack-tree. 5. An association, a corporation. n. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-)  
 The fruit of the faufel, the betel-nut. E. पुष्प to cleanse, पुष्प Una'di aff.  
 पुष्पिन् mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Assembled, collected. E. पुष्प, and पुष्प made.  
 पुष्पा n. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) 1. A betel-box. 2. A spitting-spot. E. पुष्प, and पुष्प a  
 vessel.  
 पुष्पिन् n. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) A spitting-pot. E. पुष्प betel, and पुष्प a stool; chewing  
 the pa'n producing an increased excretion of saliva.  
 पुष्पिन् f. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Flowers and betel presented to the principal guests  
 at a marriage festival. E. पुष्प, and पुष्प a flower, पुष्प added.  
 पुष्प n. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) The Aroca-nut. E. पुष्प, and पुष्प fruit.  
 पुष्पिन् m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) The marshy date tree, (Phoenix or Elate paludosa.) E.  
 पुष्प Aroca, and पुष्प to shine, to resemble, aff. पुष्प; also with पुष्प  
 added पुष्पिन्. “दिवापुष्प”।  
 पुष्पिन् n. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Enmity against a number of men.  
 पुष्प 10th cl. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) 1. To adore, to reverence, to worship. 2. To  
 present with. With पुष्प, 1. To pay respect to. 2. To present with.  
 पुष्प-सङ्गच्छेत्। [पुष्प aff.  
 पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Worshipping, a worshiper. E. पुष्प to worship,  
 पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Worshipping, reverencing. E. पुष्प to wor-  
 ship, पुष्प aff. [पुष्प to worship, and पुष्प aff.  
 पुष्प n. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Worship, worshipping: see पुष्प. f. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-)  
 A sparrow. E.  
 पुष्पिन् mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) To be worshiped or revered. E. पुष्प, and  
 पुष्प aff. [पुष्प aff.  
 पुष्पिन् mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) To be worshiped. E. पुष्प to worship, and  
 पुष्पिन् mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Worshipping, a worshiper. E. पुष्प to wor-  
 ship, पुष्प aff.  
 पुष्पा f. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Worship, culture, respect, homage of superiors or adora-  
 tion of the gods. E. पुष्प to worship, aff. पुष्प and पुष्प.  
 पुष्पा mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Worshipful, venerable, respectable, sacred. E.  
 पुष्पा worship, पुष्प fit, deserving.  
 पुष्पिन् mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) 1. Worshiped, adored, revered. 2. Ac-  
 knowledged. 3. Endowed. E. पुष्प to worship, पुष्प aff.  
 पुष्पिन् mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Venerable, respectable, worshipful, &c. m.  
 (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) A deity. E. पुष्पा, and पुष्प aff.  
 पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Worshipful, venerable, fit for 'or deserving  
 adoration, &c. m. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) A father-in-law. E. पुष्प to worship, पुष्प aff.  
 पुष्पिन् mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) Being revered or respected. E. पुष्प to  
 worship, पुष्प. v., पुष्प aff. [पुष्प-सङ्गच्छेत्।  
 पुष्प 10th cl. (-ञ्च-ञ्च-ञ्च) To accumulate, to collect or heap together.  
 पुष्प Ind. An imitative word expressive of hard breathing.

**पूतकारो f. (-री)** 1. The capital of the Na'gas. 2. A name of SARASWATI.  
**पूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** 1. Pure, purified. 2. Threshed, winnowed. 3. Cleaned, cleansed. 4. Speaking the truth, sincere, honest. 5. Foul-smelling, stinking, 'putrid'. 6. Guarded, defended. 7. contrived, composed. n. (-तं) Truth, speaking truth. m. (-तः) 1. A conch-shell. 2. White Kusa grass. m. du. (-तो) The buttocks. **पू** to purify, aff. क्त.  
**पूतकतायो f. (-यी)** The wife of INDRA. **पूतकतु INDRA**, ऊप् aff; in place of उ, ऐच् is inserted, and then changed before ई to चाय.  
**पूतकतु m. (-तुः)** A name of INDRA. **पूत**, pure, and कतु sacrifice.  
**पूतकण n. (-कं)** White Kusa grass. [tree.  
**पूतद्रु m. (-द्रुः)** The bread-fruit tree, (Butea frondosa.) **पूत**, and द्रु, a  
**पूतधान्य n. (-जं)** Sesamum. **पूत**, and धान्य grain.  
**पूतना f. (-ना)** 1. Yellow myrebalan, (Terminalia chebula.) 2. The name of a female demon killed by KRISHN'A, when he was but an infant on her attempting to take his life. 3. A disease, atrophy and wasting in a child, ascribed to the malignant operations of the female fiend PU'TANA. **पूत** to be pure, nominal verb, युच् aff.  
**पूतनारि m. (-रिः)** KRISHN'A. **पूतना** a female fiend, and चरि the foe.  
**पूतनासूदन m. (-नः)** KRISHN'A. **पूतना**, and सूदन destroyer.  
**पूतनाचन m. (-चः)** KRISHN'A. **पूतना**, and चन who kills: see the three words preceding.  
**पूतपाप mfn. (-पः-पा-पं)** Purified, freed from sin. **पूत**, and पाप sin.  
**पूतपापन mfn. (-पा-पा-नं)** Purified from sin. **पूत**, and पापन sin.  
**पूतफल m. (-तः)** The jack-tree. **पूत** fetid, फल fruit.  
**पूतमन m. (-तः)** 1. A saint, an ascetic, a pure or purified person. 2. A man of a cleanly person, or purified by ablution. 3. An epithet of Vishn'u. **पूत** purified, फलन् spirit or self.  
**पूति f. (-तिः)** 1. Purity, purification. 2. A stench, a stink, putrefaction. 3. Civet. n. (-ति) 1. Filthy water. 2. Pus, matter. Adj. Putrid, Stinking, ill-smelling. **पू** to be pure, or पूय to stink, aff. क्तिच्.  
**पूति(ती)क m. (-कः)** Grey bonduc, (Caesalpinia bonducella, Rox.) f. (-का) 1. A potherb, "डूडूयाक" (Basella lucida &c.) 2. A civet or polecat. Adj. Foul. n. (-कं) Ordure, excrement. **पूति** a stink, कन् aff.  
**पूतिकरण m. (-जः)** A plant, (Caesalpinia bonducella.) **पूतिक** the same, रण् to colour, aff. चण्; also with the nasal retained, पूतिकरञ्ज "नाटाकरञ्ज". [ear, कन् added.  
**पूतिकर्णक m. (-कः)** Fetid ulceration of the ear. **पूति**, and कर्ण the  
**पूतिकासक m. (-कः)** A bi-valve-shell **पूतिका** a potherb, and सृज face, appearance.  
**पूतिकाष्ठ n. (-ष्ठः)** A sort of pine, (P. devada'ru.) **पूति** purity, काष्ठ wood; also with कन् added पूतिकाष्ठक m. (-कः) The Sarala tree.  
**पूतिकौट m. (-टः)** The winged-bug. "मंधीपोका".  
**पूतिगन्ध mfn. (-न्धः-न्धा-न्धं)** Ill-smelling. n. (-न्धः) 1. Sulphur. 2. Tin. m. (-न्धः) Stench, fetid odour. **पूति** a stink and गन्ध smell.  
**पूतिगन्ध mfn. (-न्धः-न्धिः-न्धिः)** Ill-smelling. Adj. Stinking. **पूति** stinking, गन्ध smell, and दन्ध substituted for the final. [उक्त् aff.  
**पूतिगन्धिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं)** Ill-smelling, fetid. **पूति** a stink, गन्ध smell,  
**पूतिहृत् f. (-हृः)** Heart-pea, (Cardiospermum halicacabum.) **पूति** stink, हृत् oil. "खताकटकी" इति भाषा। [nostril.  
**पूतिमल n. (-मं)** Fetid exhalation from the nostrils. **पूति**, and मल  
**पूतिनासिक Adj.** Having a fetid nose.  
**पूतिपुष्पिका f. (-का)** A variety of the common citron, (Citrus medica.) **पूति** stinking, and पुष्प a flower, कन् aff.  
**पूतिकृष्ण f. (-ष्णः)** A plant, (Peoralea corilifolia.) **पूति** stinking, कृष्ण fruit. "सोमराज्यान्". [stink, कृष्ण fruit.  
**पूतिप्ली f. (-प्ली)** A medicinal plant, (Serratula anthelmintica.) **पूति**  
**पूतिमयिका f. (-का)** The common carroway. "चजनीदावान्".  
**पूतिमज्ज n. (-जं)** Dead or decayed flesh. **पूति**, and मज्ज flesh, ।  
**पूतिमिद m. (-दः)** The khayar tree, (mimosa catechu.)

**पूतिवन् Adj.** Having offensive breath.

**पूतिवच n. (-चं)** A foul ulcer.

**पूतिवात m. (-तः)** The Be'l, (Ægle marmelos.) 2. Foul air. **पूति** stink, वात wind. [उच a tree. "खीनाच" ]

**पूतिवच m. (-चः)** A plant, (Bignonia Indica.) **पूति** a foul smell, च

**पूतिशारिका f. (-जा)** The pole or civet-cat. "खटाश".

**पूती(ति)क m. (-कः)** 1. A plant, (Caesalpinia bonducella.) 2. The pole or civet-cat. f. (-का) A potherb, (Basella rubra, and lucida.) **पूति** a stink or purity, कन् added, and the penultimate optionally लोप्य

**पूतीकरज m. (-जः)** A plant, (Caesalpinia bonducella.) Also पूती  
**पूतिक**, पूतिकरज पूतीकरज, or पूतिकरज. "नाटाकरज".

**पूतक m. (-कः)** 1. The musk deer. 2. An insect with a fetid smell the winged-bug. "मंधीपोका" **पूति** a stench, and कक the testis or any egg.

**पूतिका f. (-का)** A potherb; see पूतीक and पूतिक।

**पूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Lost, destroyed. **पू** to purify aff. क्त, deriv. in "पूती विनाशे" पाठस्य नः।

**पूप m. (-पः)** A cake. **पू** to purify, aff. चक् or यच्।

**पूपना f. (-नी)** A sort of sweet cake, fried with Ghee or oil. **पूप** a cake  
**खा** to get or be, aff. क.

**पूपशाला f. (-शाला)** A baker's or confectioner's shop. **पूप**, and शाला

**पूपाको f. (-को)** A sort of cake or biscuit, made of meal or barley, baked or fried. **पूप** cake, काङ् before, खा to be or resemble, क, fem. aff. ऊपो; also with कन् added पूपाकिका; or पूपाय चरित, चच-गौरा-ऊपो।

**पूपिका f. (-का)** A sort of cake, half-baked or fried in oil or Ghee.

**पूप** a cake, कन् aff. of comparison, fem. form.

**पूय (ई) पूयी r. 1st. cl. (पूयेते)** 1. To split or cleave. 2. To stink पूय चक-भेदने विग्रहेच सक्-दिवा-पाल-सेट्।

**पूय n. (-यः)** Pus, matter, discharge from an ulcer, sore or wound **पूय** to stink, aff. चच्. [aff. क्

**पूयन n. (-नः)** Pus, discharge from a wound or sore. **पूय** to stink

**पूयरक्त n. (-क्तः)** 1. Ichor, sanies. 2. Discharge of sanies from the nostril m. (-क्तः) A kind of disease of the nose. **पूय**, and रक्त blood.

**पूयशीघ्रित n. (-नः)** Ichor, sanies. **पूय**, and शीघ्रित blood.

**पूयारि m. (-रिः)** The Nimba tree, (Melia azadirachta.) **पूय** pus, and चरि inimical; the leaves being used to produce discussion, or the absorption of matter that has formed.

**पूयालस m. (-सः)** 1. Suppuration at the joints, white swelling. 2. Matter in the eye. **पूय**, and अलस idle.

**पूर r. 4th cl. (ई) पूरी (पूर्यते)** 1. To satisfy. 2. To fill. 3. To be satisfied. 4. To be full. दिवा-पाल-चक-सेट्। r. 10th cl. (पूरयति) 1. To satisfy. 2. To fill out. 3. To fill with wind, to blow. 4. To cover, to surround. 5. To fill with sound, to make resonant. 6. To intensify, to strengthen. चु-उम-चक-सेट्। With चा 1. To fill, to make full. 2. To blow. 3. To cover, to envelop, to entwine. With परि To fill completely. With प्र, 1. To fill. 2. To enrich, to load with riches. With सच्, To fill.

**पूर mfn. subst. (-रः-रा-रं)** A sort of unleavened cake, fried with Ghee or oil. m. (-रः) 1. A piece of water, a large quantity of water a lake. 2. The healing or cleansing of ulcers. 3. Making content satisfying. 4. Filling. 5. Supply. 6. Swelling of a river or the sea. 7. A stream, a flood. n. (-रं) A kind of incense. Ad (-रः-रा-रं) Full, filled. **पूर** to fill, क्त् aff.

**पूरक mfn. (-कः-का-कं)** Filling, completing, or that which fills or completes. 2. Filling up. 3. Satisfying. m. (-कः) 1. A citron, (Citrus medica.) 2. The multiplier, (In arithmetic.) 3. Closing the right nostril, and drawing up air through the left, a religious ceremonial. 4. The funeral cake or cakes that must be given

complete the obsequial rites. **ए पूर्** to fill, aff. कृच्.

**पूरित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Filled **ए पूर्**, and कृच् made.

**पूर्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Filling, completing. **म. (-यं)** 1. Act of filling, completing or making up. 2. The final obsequial ball or cake. 3. Multiplication, (in arithmetic) 4. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) 5. Rain, raining. **nf. (-य-यौ)** The cross threads in weaving a piece of cloth. **m. (-यः)** 1. A bridge, a causeway. 2. The ocean. 3. A medicinal oil or embrocation. **f. (-यौ)** The silk cotton tree. **ए पूर्** to fill, aff. कृच्, or डृच्

**पूर्यप्रथम** **m. (-यः)** An affix forming an ordinal.

**पूर्यति** mfn. (-ता-ती-ट्) Filling. **ए पूर्** to fill, डृच् aff.

**पूर्यित्वा** Ind. Having filled. **ए पूर्** to fill, कृच् aff.

**पूरिका** **f. (-का)** A sort of unleavened cake, fried with Ghee or oil. **ए पूर्**, as above, aff. कृच्.

**पूरित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Filled, full, complete. 2. Multiplied. 3. Over-spread. **ए पूर्** to be full, aff. कृच्.

**पूर्य** **m. (-यः)** Man, male, mankind. **ए पूर्** to be full, (the world,) aff. डृच्; it is also written, पूर्य &c.

**पूर्य** **r. 10th cl. (पूर्ययति-ने)** To accumulate, to collect or heap together.

**पूर्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Full, filled, complete. 2. All, entire. 3. Strong, powerful, able. 4. Selfish, self-indulgent. **f. (-यौ)** 1. Fifth, tenth, or fifteenth day of the half month. 2. Full moon. **ए पूर्** to be full, aff. कृच्, form irr.

**पूर्यक** **m. (-कः)** 1. A cock. 2. A kind of tree. **f. (-यिका)** A sort of bird, described as having a double or cleft beak; also नासायिका. **ए पूर्** full, कृच् aff.

**पूर्यकज्ज** Adj. Full-humped.

**पूर्यकाम** mfn. (-मः-मा-नं) Satisfied, satiated. **ए पूर्** fulfilled, काम desire.

**पूर्यकम्** **m. (-कः)** 1. A water vessel, one filled with holy water, used at the consecration of a king. 2. A full cup or jar. **ए पूर्** full, and कृच् a water jar.

**पूर्यपात्र** **n. (-त्रं)** 1. A full cup or vessel. 2. A vessel filled with clothes or ornaments, which are scrambled for by the guests and relations at a festival. 3. A vessel full of rice, presented at a sacrifice to the superintending and officiating priests; the Pūrṇa Paṭra is properly a measure of 256 handfuls of rice; it may also be composed of as much as will satisfy one great eater. **ए पूर्** full, and पात्र a vessel.

**पूर्यमा** **f. (-मा)** The day of full moon. **ए पूर्** full, मा the moon; also पूर्यमा, &c.

**पूर्यमास** **m. (-सः)** A monthly sacrifice, performed on the day of full moon; also पूर्यमास. **f. (-सौ)** Day of full moon. **ए पूर्** complete, मास the month.

**पूर्य(वी)बीज** **m. (-जः)** The citron. **ए पूर्**, and बीज seed.

**पूर्यनक** **n. (-कः)** 1. A vessel full of clothes, &c. at a feast; see पूर्यपात्र. 2. The sound of a drum. 3. A moon-beam. **ए पूर्** full, कृच् to go, or be, aff. डृच्; also read पूर्यनक.

**पूर्यनक** **n. (-कः)** A vessel of clothes or ornaments to be scrambled for. **ए पूर्** full, कृच् to ornament, aff. कृच्; also sometimes written पूर्यनक.

**पूर्यमा** **f. (-मा)** Day of full moon. **ए पूर्** full, (the moon,) कृच् aff.

**पूर्य** **m. (-यः)** The moon, the full moon. **ए पूर्**, and कृच् the moon.

**पूर्योपमा** **f. (-मा)** A complete simile, in which the four requisites, namely उपमेय, उपमान, साधारण्य, and उपमावाचक must all be expressed.

**पूर्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Filled, full, complete. 2. Covered, concealed. **n. (-यौ)** 1. An act of pious liberality, as digging a well, planting a grove, building a temple, &c. 2. Nourishing, cherishing. It is thus defined in Vaṇṇaspatya:—“वापीवृक्षपशुनादि दीयता वतनाणि च। चतुः प्रदानमात्राः पूर्यन्ति निधीयते” ॥ **ए पूर्** to cherish or fill, aff. कृच्, and the vowel changed.

**पूर्य** **f. (-यः)** 1. Fullness, completion. 2. Satisfaction. **ए पूर्** to satisfy or fill, aff. कृच्. [satisfy, कृच् aff.]

**पूर्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Filling, completing. 2. Effective. **ए पूर्** to पूर्य **r. 1st cl. (पूर्यति)** To fill. 10th cl. (पूर्ययति-ने) 1. To dwell. 2. To invite; the root is written either पूर्य or पूर्य. निमज्जये चक्रो विवासे चक्रो पुत्रो जन्मो सिद्धिः। चतुःस्त्रास्तु भागो यो सिद्धिः।

**पूर्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. First, former, prior, preceding, initial. 2. East, eastern. 3. All, entire. 4. Before, in front of. **m. plu. (-यः)** Ancestors, forefathers. **f. (-यौ)** The east. **n. (-यः)** An ancient tradition. **ए पूर्य** or पूर्य to fill, to dwell, &c. aff. कृच्; hence to derivative and its compounds may be written either with कृच् or कृच्; the second of the duplicate consonants may also be rejected, making it पूर्य or पूर्य.

**पूर्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Prior, before, preceding. **m. (-यः)** A forefather. **ए पूर्य**, and कृच् added.

**पूर्यकाल** **m. (-कालः)** Former times.

**पूर्यकाल** **n. (-कालः)** Former time. **ए पूर्य**, and काल time. [and कृच् aff.]

**पूर्यकाशी** mfn. (-शः-शा-नं) Ancient, belonging to former times. **ए पूर्यकाश**,

**पूर्यकाश** **f. (-शः)** The east, the eastern quarter. **ए पूर्य**, and काश quarter.

**पूर्यकृत** mfn. (-कृतः-ता-तं) Done formerly, or in a prior existence. **ए पूर्य**, and कृत done. [question.]

**पूर्यकोटि** **f. (-टि)** The starting point, the first statement of a debatable question. **पूर्यगङ्गा** **f. (-गङ्गा)** The Narmadā river. **ए पूर्य** formerly, (called) गङ्गा the Ganges.

**पूर्यचिदित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Formerly stated, before-mentioned, aforesaid. **ए पूर्य**, and चिदित said.

**पूर्यज** mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) 1. Born or produced before, either in time or place. 2. Eastern, born in the east. 3. Elder. **m. (-जः)** 1. An elder brother. 2. The son of the elder wife, even though last born. **m. plu. (-जाः)** 1. The deified progenitors of mankind. 2. Ancestors, forefathers in general. **ए पूर्य** formerly or first, ज born.

**पूर्यजिन** **m. (-जः)** A Buddha teacher; also MANJUGHOSHA. **m. plu. (-जाः)** The twenty-four Jinas or Jaina saints of a former æra. **ए पूर्य**, and जिन a Jina.

**पूर्यजन** mfn. (-जः-जा-नं) Former. **ए पूर्य**, and जन aff.

**पूर्यदिक्षपति** **m. (-तिः)** A name of INDRA. **ए पूर्य** east, दिक्ष quarter, and पति regent.

**पूर्यदिक्ष** **f. (-दिक्षः)** The eastern region. **ए पूर्य**, and दिक्ष a quarter.

**पूर्यदृष्ट** mfn. (-दृष्टः-द्रा-ट्) Formerly seen. **ए पूर्य**, and दृष्ट seen.

**पूर्यदेव** **m. (-वः)** 1. An Asura or demon. 2. A Pitri, or progenitor. **ए पूर्य** before, देव a god; the first being the elder offspring of Kāśyapa, the parent of both gods and demons, and the second being the progenitor of gods and men.

**पूर्यदेवता** **f. (-ता)** A primeval deity, a Pitri or progenitor of gods as well as men. **ए पूर्य**, and देवता a divinity.

**पूर्यदेश** **m. (-शः)** The eastern country, or eastern part of India. **ए पूर्य** eastern, देश country.

**पूर्यदेह** **m. (-वः)** A former body, a prior existence. **ए पूर्य**, and देह body.

**पूर्यपक्ष** **m. (-पक्षः)** 1. A proposition, an assertion; the first part of an argument, to which assent or refutation is necessary. 2. The first half of a lunar month. **ए पूर्य** first, पक्ष argument, &c.

**पूर्यपक्षपाद** **m. (-पादः)** The first division of legal proceeding, the plaint. **ए पूर्यपक्ष**, and पाद quarter.

**पूर्यपद** **n. (-पदः)** The first member of a compounded word, of a sentence, a verse, &c. **ए पूर्य** preceding, and पद a word, &c.

**पूर्यपरिह** mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) Relating to the first member of a compound term. **ए पूर्यपरिह**, and परिह aff.

**पूर्यपर्वत** **m. (-तः)** The eastern mountain, behind which the sun is supposed to rise. **ए पूर्य** eastern, and पर्वत a mountain. [undertaken.]

**पूर्यप्रश्न** mfn. (-श्नः-ना-नं) Formerly fixed, or done. **ए पूर्य**, and प्रश्न

**पूर्वकक्षणी f. (-जी)** The eleventh lunar asterism; the first Phalguni, the twelfth Nakshatra, being termed Uttara or subsequent; this asterism figured by a couch contains two stars, one of which is the Leonis. **३. पूर्व** first, and कक्षणी the name of the two asterisms.

**पूर्वकक्षणीमिव m. (-जः)** The planet Jupiter. **३. पूर्वकक्षणी** as above, and मिव being born.

**पूर्वभाद्रपदा f. (-दा)** The first of the two lunar asterisms, called Bhādrapada, and twenty-sixth, of the whole, containing two stars. **३. पूर्व** first, भाद्रपदा the asterism so named; it is also read पूर्वभाद्रपदा।

**पूर्वभाषिन् mfn. (-वी-विषी वि)** Polite, complaisant, condescending to speak first. **३. पूर्व**, and भाषिन् who speaks.

**पूर्वभोगि f. (-भिः)** Prior possession. **३. पूर्व**, and भोगि enjoyment.

**पूर्वमारिन् mfn. (-री-रिषी-रि)** Dying first. **३. पूर्व**, मृ to die, रिष्यन् aff.

**पूर्वमीमांसा f. (-सा)** An inquiry into the ritual portion of the Veda. It is called पूर्वमीमांसा in contradistinction to the Vedaṅta system which is considered to be a sequel to Jaimini's system and is styled उत्तरमीमांसा; there is however very little in common between the two systems.

**पूर्वयज m. (-जः)** One of the Jinās or Jaina teachers. **३. पूर्व** formerly, यज a demi-god.

**पूर्वप्रारम्भ m. (-प्रः)** The commencement of a drama, or the prelude to instrumental or vocal performance; a prologue, an overture. **३. पूर्व** first, प्रारम्भ a stage.

**पूर्वराग m. (-गः)** Affection arising from some cause before the parties meet. **३. पूर्व**, and राग passion.

**पूर्वरात्रि m. (-त्रिः)** The first part of the night. **३. पूर्व** preceding, रात्रि night, and the final changed to त्रि।

**पूर्ववप n. (-वः)** 1. Indication of some approaching change. 2. Retention of the first of two concurrent vowels or consonants. 3. Symptom of occurring disease. **३. पूर्व** previous, वप form.

**पूर्ववचन n. (-चः)** Indication of something about to occur, as sickness, &c. **३. पूर्व**, and वचन sign.

**पूर्ववत् Ind.** As before, as aforesaid, &c. **३. पूर्व**, and वत् aff.

**पूर्ववाद n. (-वः)** A former plaint or averment. **३. पूर्व** former, and वाद speech.

**पूर्ववादिन् m. (-दी)** One who has made a former plea or complaint. **३. पूर्ववाद**, and दिन् aff.

**पूर्वशैल m. (-शैः)** The eastern mountain, behind which the sun is supposed to rise. **३. पूर्व** eastern, शैल a mountain. [aff. ट]

**पूर्वसर mfn. (-रः-री-रः)** Preceding, going before. **३. पूर्व** first, स to go, पूर्वसमा f. (-समा) Dawa, daybreak. **३. पूर्व** prior, and समा junction, (of the day.) [चङ्]

**पूर्वसार mfn. (-रः-री-रः)** Going eastwards. **३. पूर्व** east, and स to go, aff.

**पूर्वसाहस n. (-सः)** The first or heaviest of the three fines, or punishment. **३. पूर्व**, and साहस infliction.

**पूर्वाचरित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः)** Done or followed formerly. **३. पूर्व**, and आचरित observed.

**पूर्वाहि m. (-हिः)** The eastern mountain. **३. पूर्व** eastern, and अहि mountain; see पूर्वशैल।

**पूर्वापर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः)** First and last, prior and subsequent. **३. पूर्व**, and अपर after.

**पूर्वाभ्यास m. (-सः)** Former practice, or experience. **३. पूर्व**, and आभ्यास practice.

**पूर्वार्ध n. (-र्धः)** The first or east half of any thing. **३. पूर्व**, and अर्ध half.

**पूर्वावतर m. (-तः)** First accession or attack, (of any passion, disease, &c.) **३. पूर्व**, and अवतर befalling.

**पूर्वावेदक m. (-कः)** A plaintiff, one who has made a complaint before another. **३. पूर्व**, and वेदक who represents.

**पूर्वाषाढा f. (-का)** The first of two constellations, each called A'sha'r'ha,

and the 20th of the lunar asterisms, containing two stars of which one is Sagitarii. **३. पूर्व** first, आषाढ A'sha'r'ha.

**पूर्वाह्न m. (-हः)** The first part of the day, the forenoon. **३. पूर्व** first, and अह्न day.

**पूर्वाह्नतन् mfn. (-नः-नी-नः)** Belonging or relating to the forenoon. **३. पूर्वाह्न** as above, तु aff. form irr.

**पूर्वोच Ind.** In the east, easterly, eastward. **३. पूर्व** the east, and the form of the 3rd case used as a participle.

**पूर्वद्यु इ. 1.** A former day, yesterday. 2. The morning, dawn, the first part of the day. 3. A day or portion of a day on which religious ceremonies are to be performed. **३. पूर्व** former or first, and द्यु इ. aff. for द्यु a day.

**पूर्वोक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तः)** Said formerly, before-mentioned, aforesaid. **३. पूर्व**, and उक्त said.

**पूर्वोत्तर mf. (-रः-रा)** The north-east. **३. पूर्व** east, and उत्तर north. [said]

**पूर्वोदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः)** Aforesaid, afore-mentioned. **३. पूर्व**, and उदित

**पूष् r. 1st and 10th cls. (पूषति पूषयति-ते)** To accumulate, to collect or heap. **पूष्** उभ० पूषे भा० पर० सक० सेट्।

**पूष् r. 1st cl. (पूषति)** 1. To increase or grow. 2. To nourish. see पूष् चक० भा० पर० सेट्।

**पूष् m. (-वः)** The mulberry. (Morus Indica.) **३. पूष्** to grow, aff. क. "पूष्त्।"

**पूषन् m. (-का)** The sun. **३. पूष्** to nourish, aff. कनिन्।

**पूषभासा f. (-सा)** The capital of INDRA. **३. पूष्** the sun, भास् light, aff. टप्, splendid as the sun.

**पूषसुहृन् m. (-हृन्)** Śi'va. **३. पूष्** the sun, and सुहृन् a friend.

**पृ r. 3rd cl. (पिपिर्ति)** 1. To protect, to nourish. 2. To fill. **पृषो० पर० सक० चनिट् वा दीर्घे सेट्। 5th cl. (पृषोति)** To satisfy, to please or content. **पृषो० चक० प्रीचने सक० स्वादि० पर० चनिट्। r. 1st and 10th cls. (परति पारयति-ते)** To fill, as the stomach or a vessel. **पृ० उभ० सक० सेट्। r. 6th cl. (But with वि and बाङ् prefixed, and ड aff.) व्यापृ (व्यापयति)** To be busy or active, to labour, to make exertions; **पृ० आत्म० चक० चनिट्**; see पृ।

**पृक्षा f. (-क्षा)** A gramineous plant, (Trigonella corniculata.) **३. पृक्ष्** to touch, कान् aff., deriv. irr.

**पृक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तः)** Touched, mixed, in contact or combination with. **३. (-क्तः)** Wealth, possessions. **३. पृक्ष्** to mix, aff. क्त्।

**पृक्ति f. (-क्तिः)** Touch, contact. **३. पृक्ष्** to touch, क्तिन् aff.

**पृक्च n. (-चः)** Property, wealth.

**पृष् (रि) पृषी r. 2nd cl. (पृषी) r. 7th cl. (पृषति)** To touch, to be or bring in contact. **r. 1st and 10th cls. (परति पारयति-ते)** 1. To hinder or restrain. 2. To touch, सपृक्ते अदा० आत्म० चक० सेट्। संयमने सक० सपृक्ते चक० पु० उभ० पृषे भा० पर० सेट्।

**पृच्छक m. (-कः)** An inquirer, an investigator, an inquisitive person. **३. पृच्छ्** to ask, पुन् aff. र changed to क्त्। [to च।]

**पृच्छन् n. (-चः)** Asking, inquiring. **३. पृच्छ्** to ask, क्त् aff., र changed

**पृच्छा f. (-च्छा)** Asking, questioning a question or inquiry. **३. पृच्छ्** to inquire, अस्। चक्त् and टाप्, the semi-vowel changed to the corresponding vowel. [चक० सेट्।]

**पृक्ष् (रि) पृषी r. 2nd cl. (पृषी) r. 7th cl. (पृषति)** To touch, to be in contact with. **अदा० आ० चक्त् r. 6th cl. (पृषति)** To delight. **पृ० पर० चक० सेट्।**

**पृष् r. 6th cl. (पृषति)** To please or gratify. **पृदा० पर० सक० सेट्।**

**पृत् f.** An army. This word has no form, for the first five cases; according to some it is an optional substitute for the next.

**पृत्ता f. (-ता)** 1. An army. 2. A small army or division consisting of 243 elephants, as many chariots, 729 horse, and 1215 foot. 3. Fight, encounter. **३. पृ** to fill, तन् aff. [वि aff.]

**पृत्तासाह m. (-साह)** INDRA. **३. पृत्ता** an army, सृ to bear or be equal to, चक्त् r. 10th (पृषयति-ते) To throw or cast, to send or direct. **पृ० उभ० सक० सेट्।**

**पृष् Ind. 1.** Without, except. 2. Separately, severally. **३. पृष्** to throw or dismiss, aff. टक्।

विभक्त n. (-त्) Separating, distinguishing, analysing. ३. पृथक्, and करेव [कृत made.] making.

वृद्ध mfn. (-त्-तो-त्) Separated, sundered, made distinct. ३. पृथक्, and

वृद्ध m. plu. (-त्) Children of one father by wives of different classes. ३. पृथक् separately, and चेव a wife.

वृद्ध h. (-त्) Individuality, separateness, severalty. ३. ल added to पृथक्; also with तत्, पृथक्ता ।

वृद्धा f. (-त्) A plant, commonly Mu'ru', (Sansevieria zeylanica.) ३. पृथक् separately, लक् skin; having a fibrous bark from which bows-strings are made.

वृद्धा f. (-त्) A plant, (Hemionites cordifolia Rox.) ३. पृथक् separate, पक् a leaf, aff. लोप् ।

वृद्धि m. (-त्) A relation connected by ablation of water only. ३. पृथक्, and वृद्ध obsequial cake.

वृद्धा f. (-त्) Discrimination, judgment. ३. पृथक् severally, आत्मन् real nature, लक् aff.; distinguishing the different nature of different things.

वृद्धा mfn. (-त्-त्ता-त्) Several, separate, individual. m. (-त्) Individualised spirit, or that of an individual, as detached from universal spirit, or the soul of all. ३. पृथक्, and आत्मन् self or soul.

वृद्धा f. (-त्) Individuality, separate or individual state of being. ३. पृथक् separately, आत्मन् self, लक् aff. [quality.]

वृद्ध mfn. (-त्-त्ता-त्) Having distinct properties. ३. पृथक्, and वृद्ध

वृद्ध m. (-त्) 1. An ignorant man, a fool. 2. A man of a low cast. 3. A sinner, a wicked or vicious man. m. plu. (-त्) Children of one father by different mothers ३. पृथक् separate, away from, (virtue &c.) and जन a man. [विभक्त sort.]

वृद्ध mfn. (-त्-त्ता-त्) Various, diversified, multiform. ३. पृथक् several,

वृद्ध f. (-त्) The earth: see पृथ्वी ।

वृद्ध f. (-त्) KUN'RI, the wife of PA'ND'U. ३. प्रथ to be famous, aff. चक् and टप्, the semi-vowel changed.

वृद्ध m. (-त्) 1. The son of KUN'RI, "ARJUNA," &c. 2. Name of a tree. ३. पृथा, and ज्ञ born.

वृद्ध m. (-त्) PA'ND'U, the nominal father of the Pa'ndava princes. ३. पृथा KUN'RI, and पति husband.

वृद्धा f. (-त्) A centipede. ३. पृथक् to throw, aff. कृप्, fem. form.

वृद्धि f. (-त्) The earth: see the next.

वृद्धी f. (-त्) The earth. ३. प्रथ to be famous, Una'di aff. [विभक्त, fem. aff. लोप्, and the vowel substituted for the semi-vowel; also with the anti-penultimate vowel changed to च, पृथ्वी; or dropped altogether, पृथ्वी; or without the fem. aff. पृथ्वी ।

वृद्धीचिन् m. (-त्) A king. ३. पृथ्वी, and चित् who rules.

वृद्धीतल n. (-त्) The surface of the ground. ३. पृथ्वी, and तल surface.

वृद्धीपति m. (-त्) 1. A king, a sovereign. 2. A drug, commonly Rishabha. 3. YAMA, regent of the dead. ३. पृथ्वी the earth, and पति master.

वृद्धीपति m. (-त्) A king, a sovereign, a ruler. ३. पृथ्वी the earth, and पति who nourishes.

वृद्धीपति m. (-त्) A king. ३. पृथ्वी the earth, and पति INDRA.

वृद्ध mfn. (-त्-त्ता-त्) 1. Large, great. 2. Smart, clever. m. (-त्) 1. The fifth monarch of the solar dynasty in the second age. 2. A name of Agni or fire. f. (-त्) 1. A pungent seed, (Nigella Indica.) 2. A medicinal substance, commonly Hingupatri. 3. Opium. ३. प्रथ to be famous, aff. कृ, and र changed to च ।

वृद्ध mfn. (-त्-त्ता-त्) The young of any animal. mn. (-त्-त्) Rice or grain flattened. f. (-त्) Hingupatri: see पृथक्. ३. प्रथ to be famous, aff. कृक् or पृथक् as above, and कृ added.

वृद्धीपति m. (-त्) A fish in general. ३. पृथक् large, and रीमन् hair of the human body, to which the scales of the fish may be considered analogous.

वृद्ध mfn. (-त्-त्ता-त्) Great, large. f. (-त्) A medicinal substance, "Hingupatri." ३. पृथक्, and लक् aff.

वृद्धीचिन् m. (-त्) A mountain. ३. पृथक् large, and चित् a crest.

वृद्धीचिन् m. (-त्) A boar. ३. पृथक् large, लक् shoulder.

वृद्धीचिन् mfn. (-त्-त्ता-त्) Large-bellied, stout, corpulent. m. (-त्) A ram. ३. पृथक्, and लक् the belly.

वृद्धी f. (-त्) 1. The earth. 2. A pungent seed. (Nigella Indica.) 3. A medical substance and condiment, perhaps the leaf of the asafoetida plant, "Hingupatri." 4. The mother of the seventh Jina, or Jaina deified teacher, SUPA'NSWA. 5. Cardamoms. 6. Name of a metre. ३. The feminine form of पृथक्, or पृथक् the king so named, and लोप् aff.; the domain of king PRIT'HU.

वृद्धी f. (-त्) 1. Large cardamoms. 2. Small cardamoms. 3. A small pungent seed, (Nigella Indica.) ३. वृद्धी as above. कृ aff.

वृद्धीचिन् m. (-त्) A species of the Atyasti metre.

वृद्धीचिन् m. (-त्) 1. A snake. 2. A scorpion. 3. A tiger. 4. A leopard or the small hunting leopard. 5. An elephant. 6. A tree. ३. वृद्ध to fart, Una'di aff. कृक्; the vowel substituted for the semi-vowel.

वृद्ध mfn. (-त्-त्ता-त्) 1. Small, short, thin. 2. Delicate, feeble. f. (-त्) 1. A ray of light. 2. A queen, the wife of SUTARA, who being regenerated after death, became DEVAKI the mother of KRISHN A. 3. The earth. ३. लक् to touch, नि Una'di aff., and the initial rejected; also वृद्ध ।

वृद्धीचिन् f. (-त्) An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.)

वृद्धीचिन् m. (-त्) A name of KRISHN A. ३. वृद्धी the wife of a saint incarnate in DEVAKI, and नम the embryo.

वृद्धीचिन् m. (-त्) KRISHN A.

वृद्धीचिन् f. (-त्) A plant, (Hemionites cordifolia,) according to some of its synonymes, but in ROXBURGH's Catalogue, Hedyosarum lagopodioides.) ३. वृद्धी small, पक् a leaf.

वृद्धीचिन् m. (-त्) A name of KRISHN A. ३. वृद्धी DEVAKI and नम auspicious.

वृद्धीचिन् m. (-त्) 1. A name of KRISHN A or VISHN U, in that incarnation. 2. A name of GANES A. ३. वृद्धी small, and प्रथ a crest.

वृद्धी f. (-त्) An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) ३. वृद्ध to sprinkle, नि, aff. and लोप् added.

वृद्ध (वृद्ध) वृद्ध r. 1st. cl. (वृद्धति) 1. To sprinkle. 2. To weary. 3. To hurt, to injure. 4. To Give. आ० आ० सक० सेट् ।

वृद्ध mfn. (-वृद्ध-वृद्धी वृद्ध) Sprinkling. n. sing. (-वृद्ध) du. (-वृद्धी) plu. (-वृद्धी) A drop of water or any liquid. mf. (-वृद्ध-वृद्धी) The porcine deer. ३. वृद्ध to sprinkle, Una'di aff. वृद्ध, or participial aff. वृद्ध; also वृद्ध and वृद्धी ।

वृद्ध m. (-त्) 1. A drop of water. 2. The porcine deer. ३. वृद्ध to sprinkle, Una'di aff. वृद्ध; see the last.

वृद्धीचिन् m. (-त्) Air, wind, or its deified personification. ३. वृद्ध a deer, in the second case plural, and पति master.

वृद्धीचिन् m. (-त्) Air, wind. ३. वृद्ध the porcine deer, and वृद्ध a horse: see वृद्ध । [deer.]

वृद्धीचिन् m. (-त्) An arrow ३. वृद्ध a deer, and कृ added; swift as a

वृद्ध m. (-त्) The god of air, or wind divinely personified. ३. वृद्ध the porcine deer, or a drop of rain, and वृद्ध a horse; whose steeds are like deer, or may be considered as the drops of rain, accompanying a gale.

वृद्धीचिन् n. (-त्) Ghee mixed with curds, forming an oblation. ३. वृद्ध sprinkling, and वृद्ध Ghee.

वृद्धीचिन् m. (-त्) A horse of the wind. ३. वृद्ध a deer, वृद्ध aff.

वृद्धीचिन् n. (-त्) A drop of water. ३. वृद्ध to sprinkle, aff. वृद्ध; according to the best authorities, however, this word is the plural inflection of वृद्ध ।

वृद्धीचिन् f. (-त्) See वृद्धीचिन् ।

वृद्धीचिन् f. (-त्) A small stone used as a weight.

पूजातक n. (-कः) An oblation of Ghee and curds. इ. पूष् sprinkling, क्तु to go or be, चक् and कन् affs. \*

पूषोदर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Having a spot or circle on the belly. According to Professor Turkabachaspati:—पूषः द्विषोदरं यस्य पूषो ततोपः 1. Small-bellied, and पूषलि उदरे यस्य. 2. Air, wind. But in his other works this word is taken as a type of such irregular compounds. According to others:—इ. पूषत् a drop of any thing liquid, and उदर the belly, form irregular and special; the word is most commonly in use as a grammatical term, being the leading word of a class in which the formation of each is peculiar to itself, and being thence applied to designate the rule which comprehends the whole of the series.

पूषोद्यान n. (-नः) A small garden. इ. पूषत्, and उद्यान- a garden, य rejected. पूष mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) 1. Asked, inquired, interrogated. 2. Sprinkled. इ. पूष् to ask, क्त aff. and the vowel substituted for the semi-vowel.

पूषद्वयन m. (-नः) A species of grain. mf. (-नः-नः) An elephant.

पूषि m. (-रिः) 1. A ray of light. 2. Tough. इ. पूष् to touch, &c. aff. क्तिन् when it is derived from पूष्—क्तिन् it means "Inquiry" and when formed from पूष् कर्तरि क्तिन् it signifies "the back" or "at the side of."

पूषा Ind. Having asked. इ. पूष् to ask, क्ताच् aff.

पूष n. (-रः) 1. The back. 2. The rear, the last, the back or hinder part of any thing. 3. The surface or superficies. 4. The back or the other side, (as of a document.) 5. The flat roof of a house. इ. पूष् to sprinkle, Una'di aff. चक् ।

पूषणीप m. (-पः) A soldier who protects the rear of a warrior while he is fighting.

पूषयन्त्रि m. (-त्रिः) A hump on the back. इ. पूष the back, यन्त्रि a knot.

पूषचक्षुस् m. (-क्षुः) A crab. According to Vachaspathya:—A bear. इ. पूष the back, and चक्षुस् the eye.

पूषतन्त्र्य n. (-नः) The exterior muscles on the back of an elephant.

पूषतत् Ind. 1. Behind, at the back of. 2. Backwards. 3. Secretly, covertly. इ. पूष the back, and तत् aff.

पूषदृष्टि m. (-रिः) A bear. इ. पूष and दृष्टि sight, looking behind him.

पूषफल n. (-लः) Superficial contents of any figure. इ. पूष and फल fruit.

पूषनास n. (-नः) A fleshy protuberance on the back.

पूषनासाद mfn. (-दः-दा-दः) A backbiter, a talobearer, a slanderer. इ. पूष the back, नास the flesh, आद to eat, aff. चक् ।

पूषनासादन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) A backbiter. n. (-नः) Backbiting, slandering. इ. पूषनास and आदन eating; see the last.

पूषवान n. (-नः) Riding.

पूषवंश m. (-शः) The back-bone. इ. पूष the back, and वंश a bamboo.

पूषवायु n. (-युः) The upper story of a house.

पूषवाह m. (-वाट् or वाह्) An ox of burthen, or one in training. इ. पूष and वाह who bears; also पूषवाह् ।

पूषवाह्य m. (-ह्यः) An ox of burthen, carrying any thing on his back. इ. पूष the back, वाह् to bear, aff. चक् ।

पूषरश्च m. (-रश्चः) See पूषणीप ।

पूषश्च mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) Sleeping on the back. इ. पूष and श्च who sleeps.

पूषयव m. (-वः) A wild goat. इ. पूष the back, and यव a horn, whose horn bends over towards the back.

पूषयङ्गिन् m. (-ङ्गी) 1. A buffalo. 2. An eunuch. 3. A name of BRIMASANA. 4. A ram. इ. पूष the back, यङ्ग a horn, and ङि aff.

पूषास्त्रि n. (-रिः) The back bone.

पूषा mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Relating or belonging to the back. m. (-रः) A pack-horse. n. (-रः) A multitude of back bones. इ. पूष the back, वत् aff.

पूषि mfn. (-रिः-रिः-रिः) Small, short or thin; see पूषि f. (-रिः) 1. The heel; see पाणि. 2. A ray of light. इ. पूष् to sprinkle, नि Una'di aff. deriv. irr.

प r. 3rd. cl. (विपत्तिः) 1. To fill. 2. To blow. 3. To satisfy. 4. परो सक्रो सेट् । 9th cl. (पूषति) To rear; to bring up, &c. क्त्वा. सक्रो सेट् । r. 10th cl. (पारयति-ते) 1. To nourish, to protect. 2. To पुं. क्त्वा. सक्रो सेट् ।

पेक्षक m. (-कः) 1. An owl. 2. The root of an elephant's tail. 3. The of it. 4. A cloud. 5. A bed. 6. A louse. इ. पक्ष् to spread, Una'di वत्, इट inserted.

पेक्षकिन् m. (-की) An elephant. इ. पेक्षक the root of an elephant's tail, पेक्षि m. (-क्षः) An elephant. इ. पेक्ष for पेक्षक as above, इलच् aff.

पेक्षु m. (-क्षुः) An esculent root, (Arum colocasia.) इ. पिष् to hurt, इ also with उलट् aff. पेक्षुल, fem. पेक्षुली ।

पेक्षुली f. (-ली) An esculent root; see the last.

पेक्षुव m. (-वः) The wax of the ear.

पेट m. (-टः-टा or -टो) A basket, a bag, a chest, a large basket. m. (-टः) The open hand with the fingers extended. इ. पिट् to collect, वत्, टाप् affs.

पेटक m. (-कः-कः) A basket for holding clothes, books, &c. n. (-कः) Multitude, quantity. इ. पिट् to collect, वत् aff.

पेटाक m. (-कः) A basket. इ. पेटा, and कन् added.

पेटिका f. (-का) A box, a basket. इ. पेटा and कन् added.

पेट्री f. (-ट्री) A small basket. इ. पिट्, aff. चक्, उप् being added. [शब्द]

पेटा f. (-टा) A basket, a large basket. इ. पिट् to collect, affs. चक्, उप्

पेष (क्) पेष r. 1st cl. (पेषति) 1. To go. 2. To embrace. 3. To grind; is more usually read पेष; गती पेषेच सक्रो इवे चक्रो भ्यां परो सेट् ।

पेल m. (-लः) A small part. n. (-लः) 1. Nectar. 2. Ghee or clarified butter. इ. पा to drink, इलच् Una'di aff.

पेक्षीयमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) To be drank repeatedly. इ. पा to drink, रित्, वत् aff.

पेय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Drinkable, drink. n. (-यः) 1. Water. 2. Milk. f. (-यः) 1. Rice gruel. 2. Decoction of any thing after straining. 3. A drink with a small quantity of boiled rice. 4. A nise, (Pimpinell anisum.) इ. पा to drink, aff. वत् ।

पेयु m. (-युः) 1. The sea. 2. Fire. 3. The sun.

पेयुव m. (-वः-वः) 1. The milk of a cow, which has calved within seven days. 2. Fresh Ghee. 3. Amrita or nectar. इ. पीय Sautra root, फे पा to drink, ऊरुच् Una'di aff., and the vowel changed; otherwise पीयुव, q. v.

पेरा f. (-रा) A kind of musical instrument. इ. पि वा इ ।

पेरु m. (-रुः) 1. The ocean. 2. The golden mountain. 3. The sun. 4. Fin इ. पा to drink, Una'di aff. वत् ।

पेरीज n. (-जः) The turquoise; it is the Persian word.

पेल (क्) पेल r. 1st cl. (पेलति) To go or move. r. 10th cl. (पेलयति-ते) To shake, to tremble. कप्ते चक्रो गती सक्रो भ्यां परो सेट् ।

पेल m. (-लः) 1. A small part. 2. Going. n. (-लः) A testicle. इ. पिष् to send aff. प्रच्, or पेल to go, चक् aff.

पेलव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Delicate, fine. 2. Thin, slim, slender. 3. Soft. इ. पेल, वा to get, aff. चक् ।

पेलि m. (-लिः) 1. One who goes. 2. A horse. इ. पेल, इन् aff.

पेलिन् m. (-ली) 1. A horse. इ. पेल going, and इन् aff.

पेल (क्) पेल r. 1st cl. (पेलते) To gratify by service, to serve, to attend on

पेल्ल mfn. (-लः-ला-लः) 1. Dexterous, clever. 2. Beautiful, agreeable. 3. Fraudulent, crafty. 4. Soft, smooth. 5. Tender, delicate. 6. Thin, slender. इ. पिष् to be a component part, चलच् aff.; also पेल and पेल्ल ।

पेल्लन् m. (-लन्) A sort of insect, a kind of wasp.

पेल्लि m. (-लिः) The thunderbolt. f. (-लिः or -ली) 1. An egg. 2. Split pease इ. पिष् to be a part, Una'di aff. इन्; also with क्लीप् added in the fem, form पेक्षी, as below.

पेक्षी f. (-क्षी) 1. The egg of a bird. 2. A blown bud. 3. Spikenard (Valeriana jatamansi.) 4. A ball of flesh or meat. 5. A sheath,



antibard. 6. A muscle. 7. The fetus shortly after conception.  
8. A kind of musical instrument. 9. The name a river. 10.  
The name of a female imp or demon. **सिक्** to be a component  
part, aff. **सिक्** and **सिक्** added; also **सिक्**।  
**सिक्** (सि) **सिक्** (सि) m. (-सि; or -सि) A bird's egg. "सिक्सिक्"।  
**सिक्** mfn. (-सि; -सि-र) Who or what grinds. **सिक्** to grind, **सिक्** aff.  
**सिक्** (सि) **सिक्** r. 1st cl. (सिक्सि) To resolve or endeavour diligently.  
**सिक्** n. (-सि) 1. Grinding, pulverising, reducing to dust or powder. 2.  
A hand mill, a stone and muller, any apparatus for grinding or  
pounding. 3. A plant, (a sort of Euphorbia with three lobes, com-  
monly *Ten'ka'sij.*) **सिक्** to grind, aff. **सिक्**; also **सिक्**, &c.  
**सिक्** f. (-सि; or -सि) A stone slab on which condiments, &c. are ground  
with a muller. **सिक्** to grind, aff. **सिक्** and **सिक्**, optionally added.  
**सिक्** mfn. (-सि; -सि-र) 1. Dexterous, clever. 2. Beautiful, handsome :  
see **सिक्**। [grind, *Una'di* aff. **सिक्**।  
**सिक्** m. (-सि) A small slab for grinding any thing upon. **सिक्** to  
go or move. 1st cl. (सिक्सि) To go or move.  
**सिक्** mfn. (-सि; -सि-र) . Dexterous. 2. Handsome; see **सिक्**।  
**सिक्** mfn. (-सि; -सि-र) Destructive. 2. Moving, going. 3. Splendid. **सिक्**  
to hurt, &c. **सिक्** aff.  
r. 1st cl. (सिक्सि) To dry, to wither.  
**सिक्** m. (-सि) A patronymic of Ya'ska.  
**सिक्** m. (-सि) The ear. **सिक्** to injure, aff. **सिक्**, and the radical  
vowel augmented, form irr.  
**सिक्** mfn. (-सि; -सि-र) Boiled in a pot, (flesh, &c.) **सिक्** a vessel, aff. **सिक्**।  
**सिक्** m. (-सि) A Muni. author of a system of laws.  
**सिक्** (सि) **सिक्** r. 1st cl. (सिक्सि) 1. To go or approach. 2. To command or  
direct, (an act.) 3. To touch or embrace. 4. To pound or grind.  
**सिक्** n. (-सि) Mendicacy, living upon alms. **सिक्** a ball of meat or  
rice, **सिक्** poss. aff., **सिक्** aff. of condition : Also **सिक्**।  
**सिक्** mfn. (-सि; -सि-र) 1. Belonging or relating to the grand-father,  
inherited from him, (property, &c.) 2. Relating to Brahmas'. m. (-सि)  
plu. Ancestors, forefathers. **सिक्** *पितृनाम*, and **सिक्** aff.  
**सिक्** mfn. (-सि; -सि-र) 1. Paternal, ancestral, belonging or relating to the  
father or to progenitors. 2. Sacred to the manes. n. (-सि) A *S'hra'-*  
*ddha* performed in honor of the manse. **सिक्** a father, **सिक्** aff.  
**सिक्** mfn. (-सि) 1. Father-land, the country of one's ancestors. 2. A  
paternal estate. **सिक्** *पितृभूमि*, *सिक्* land.  
**सिक्** m. (-सि) A paternal aunt's son. f. (-सि) The daughter of a  
paternal aunt. **सिक्** *पितृभ्राता*, **सिक्** a sister, aff. **सिक्**, whence the  
vowel of **सिक्** is rejected.  
**सिक्** m. (-सि) The son of an unmarried woman.  
**सिक्** mfn. (-सि; -सि-र) The son or daughter of a father's sister. **सिक्**  
a father, **सिक्** a sister, **सिक्** aff., whence the **सि** of **सिक्** is changed to  
**सि**।  
**सिक्** mfn. (-सि; -सि-र) Biliary, bilious. **सिक्**, and **सिक्** aff.  
**सिक्** mfn. (-सि; -सि-र) Bilious, biliary. **सिक्**, and **सिक्** aff.  
**सिक्** mfn. (-सि; -सि-र) 1. Paternal, ancestral, relating or belonging to a  
parent or progenitor. 2. Sacred to the manes. n. (-सि) 1. The part  
of the hand between the thumb and forefinger, or according to  
some the root of the forefinger. 2. A year, month, day, &c. of the  
*Pitris*. **सिक्** a parent, aff. **सिक्**. Also **सिक्**।  
**सिक्** m. (-सि) A day and night of the *Pitris*, or progenitors, equal  
to a month of mortals. **सिक्** relating to the manes, **सिक्** a day,  
and **सिक्** night.  
**सिक्** mfn. (-सि; -सि-र) Paternal, ancestral. **सिक्**, and **सिक्** aff., and the  
vowel changed.  
**सिक्** m. (-सि) A Sage, the promulgator of the *Rig-Ver'da*.  
**सिक्** Adj. f. (सि) Made of the wood of the *pilu* tree,  
**सिक्** n. (-सि) Mildness, affability.

**सिक्** mfn. (-सि; -सि-र) Infernal, demoniacal, relating or belonging to a  
*Pi'sacha* or *goblin*. m. (-सि) 1. A mode of marriage, the ravishment  
of a girl by her lover; it is the last of the eight forms of marriage  
in Hindu law, in it the lover defiles a damsel without her consent  
when she is sleeping or intoxicated or deranged in intellect. 2. A  
kind of demon. f. (-सि) 1. A present to a friend, or to secure friendly  
regard made at a religious ceremony. 2. Night. 3. The lowest *Pra'-*  
*krita* dialect spoken on the stage by demons in Hindu dramatical  
representations. **सिक्** an imp, aff. **सिक्**।  
**सिक्** Adj. f. (-सि) Infernal, demoniacal.  
**सिक्** n. (-सि) 1. Information, reporting evil of others. 2. Roguery.  
3. Backbiting. **सिक्** a spy, &c. **सिक्** aff.  
**सिक्** n. (-सि) 1. Information, espionage, &c. 2. Depravity, wickedness.  
**सिक्** a spy, a rogue, aff. **सिक्**।  
**सिक्** mfn. (-सि; -सि-र) Ground or made up into a cake. f. (-सि) Spiritu-  
ous liquor distilled from meal. **सिक्** ground, **सिक्** aff.  
**सिक्** n. (-सि) 1. A quantity of cakes. 2. Spirituous liquor distilled from  
meal. f. (सि) Made of flour. **सिक्**, and **सिक्** aff.  
**सिक्** mfn. (-सि; -सि-र) Deformed, having a redundant or defective  
member. m. (-सि) A boy one from his fifth to his sixteenth year.  
**सिक्** certainly, **सिक्** to be a part of the cheek., **सिक्** aff., the **सि**  
of the prefix is rejected, and the **सि** changed to **सि**; otherwise,  
**सिक्** depreciative prefix, **सिक्** to go, and the deriv. irr.; also  
**सिक्**; in the second sense it also occurs **सिक्**।  
**सिक्** m. (-सि) 1. The foundation of a house, &c. 2. Uniting, mixing. f.  
(सि) 1. A woman having a beard. 2. A female servant or slave. 3.  
A masculine woman, an amazon. 4. A hermaphrodite. (-सि) A  
large alligator. **सिक्** to shine, aff. **सिक्**।  
**सिक्** m. (-सि) 1. A reed, (*Arundo tibialis*, Rox.) 2. A sort of grass,  
(*Saccharum spontaneum*.) 3. A fish. **सिक्** uniting, (with the  
wind), **सिक्** to go, aff. **सिक्**, waving in the wind,  
**सिक्**(सि) **सिक्** f. (-सि) A bundle or packet.  
**सिक्** m. (-सि) A boil.  
**सिक्** f. (-सि) A bundle, a parcel.  
**सिक्** m. (-सि) The lower surface of the parietal bones.  
**सिक्** mfn. (-सि; -सि-र) The young of any animal. m. (-सि) 1. A young elephant  
of ten years old. 2. A vessel, a ship, a boat. 3. The scite of a  
house or dwelling. 4. Cloth, a garment. 5. The young shoot of a  
plant. **सिक्** to purify, **सिक्** *Una'di* aff. [scite of a house.  
**सिक्** m. (-सि) The young of an animal. 2. A young plant. 3. The  
**सिक्** f. (-सि) A potherb, (*Basella lucida*.) **सिक्** *पूत* nominal verb, from  
**सिक्** a stench, **सिक्** aff. **सिक्** fem. aff.  
**सिक्** m. (-सि) An animal that produces young at once without the  
intervention of any medium: elephants and some other animals  
being supposed in Hindu physiology to carry the young without the  
aid of an ovarium or uterus. **सिक्** young, and **सिक्** to bear, aff. **सि**।  
**सिक्** m. (-सि) A voyaging merchant. **सिक्** a boat, and **सिक्** a  
trader.  
**सिक्** m. (-सि) The rudder of a boat, or large oar used as one. **सिक्**  
a boat, **सिक्** to preserve, **सिक्** aff.  
**सिक्** m. (-सि) One of the *Jinas* or *Jains* deified teachers.  
**सिक्** m. (-सि) A rower, a boatman, a steersman, a towman, or one  
of the crew that keeps watch and the mast-head. **सिक्** a boat,  
**सिक्** to bear, **सिक्** aff.  
**सिक्** m. (-सि) A tent. **सिक्** a cloth, **सिक्** covering.  
**सिक्** n. (-सि) Small fry, a shoal of young fish. **सिक्**, and **सिक्**  
taking; being caught in bags.  
**सिक्** m. (-सि) A sort of camphor.  
**सिक्** f. (-सि) A potherb, (*Basella rubra* and *lucida*.) **सिक्** *पूत* nominal  
verb, to stink, aff. **सिक्**, fem. aff. **सिक्**।

पीक m. (-ता) 1. One of the Sixteen officiating priests at a sacrifice. 2. A name of Vishnu. n. पु to make pure, aff. क्त्वा ।

पीक n. (-न) 1. The snout of a hog. 2. The share of a plough. 3. The thunderbolt of Indra. 4. A boat, a ship. 5. A garment. 6. The office of the Hotri. n. पु to make pure, क्त्वा aff.

पीकपुत्र m. (-कः) A hog. n. पीक a snout, पापुत्र a weapon.

पीकदंष्ट्रा m. (-जः) A gem, supposed to be found in the tooth of a hog. n. पीक a hog, दंष्ट्रा a tooth, and ज born.

पीकम् m. (-नी) A hog. n. पीक the snout, इति aff.

पीकिका f. (-का) One of the Śaktis or the female divinities of the Jainas. n. पीक a hog, and रक a vehicle.

पीकली f. (-ली) Red pimples on the eyelids.

पीकम् mfn. (-कः-क-क) Purifying or cleansing much or repeatedly. n. पु to purify, intents, व, क्त्वा aff. [great, क्त्वा aff.]

पीक m. (-कः) 1. Magnitude, bulk. 2. A heap, a quantity. n. पु to be पीकिका f. (-का) Flat cakes made of barley or wheat, &c.

पीकम् m. (-कः) 1. A part of a boat supporting the deck, (the knees or ribs of a boat.) 2. The mast of a ship. n. पीक magnitude, इति to be supreme, aff. क्त्वा ।

पीक m. (-कः) 1. Nourishing, cherishing. 2. Increase, growth. 3. Plenty, abundance. n. पु to nourish, aff. क्त्वा ; also with क्त्वा aff. पीकम् ।

पीक n. (-कः) Nourishing, cherishing. n. पु to nourish, aff. क्त्वा ।

पीकनीय mfn. (-कः-क-क) To be cherished or protected. n. पु to nourish, क्त्वा aff.

पीकनीय mfn. (-कः-क-क) Nourishing, cherishing. m. (-कः) The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. n. पु to nourish, in the causal form, क्त्वा aff.

पीकनीय mfn. (-कः-क-क) To be cherished or protected. n. पु, क्त्वा aff.

पीक mfn. (-कः-क-क) Who or what nourishes, cherishes, &c. m. (-कः) 1. Grey bonduc. 2. A protector, a cherisher. n. पु to nourish, aff. क्त्वा । [best.]

पीकम् mfn. (-कः-क-क) Who or what nourishes best. n. पीक and वर

पीक mfn. (-कः-क-क) 1. To be cherished or taken care of. 2. A class of relatives who claim compulsory maintenance. n. पु to nourish, क्त्वा aff. [को, and क्त्वा aff.]

पीक n. (-कः) 1. Cherishing dependents. 2. Being taken care of. n.

पीकपुत्र m. (-कः) An adopted son. n. पीक and पुत्र a son.

पीकनीय m. (-कः) A class of persons or objects to be cherished as parents, children, guests, and the sacred fire. n. पीक and वर a class.

पीक n. (-कः) Female incontinency, harlotry. n. पुकली a lewd woman, क्त्वा aff.

पीक n. (-कः) 1. One of the Sanskṛas or essential ceremonies of the Hindu religion ; a religious observance held on a woman's perceiving the first signs of a living conception. 2. fetus. 3. milk. n. पुकन, q. v., with क्त्वा pleonastic aff.

पीक mfn. (-कः-क-क) Virile, manly, relating to or good for man. n. (-कः) Manhood. n. पु man, क्त्वा aff.

पीक f. (-की) Boyish. n. (-कः) Boyhood, (from the 5th to the 16th year.)

पीक n. (-कः) A drug, commonly Paṇḍariya. n. क्त्वा added to पुक्यः ।

पीक m. (-कः) 1. A country, extending from Rangpur across the Ganges to the Jungle Mahals and part of south Behar, including therefore the greater part of Bengal. 2. The Native of that country. 3. A king of that country. 4. A sort of sugar-cane of a pale straw colour. 5. Name of the conch-shell of Bhīma. n. पुक, the same, aff. क्त्वा ; also with क्त्वा added पीकम् ।

पीक m. (-कः) 1. The pale straw-coloured species of sugar-cane. 2. A man of a mixed caste, from the Vaisya and female of the distiller caste, whose business it is to boil sugar. n. क्त्वा added to पीक ।

पीक, वदन m. (-कः) A country, one of the divisions of central India, (Behar.) n. पीक the sugar-cane, and वदन increasing.

पीक m. (-कः) A pale straw variety of the sugar-cane. n. पुक, the same, aff. क्त्वा ।

पीक n. (-कः) Measuring, a measure. n. पु to be made pure or correct, aff. and क्त्वा added ; also पीकम् । [and क्त्वा aff.]

पीकानिधम् n. (-कः) Foetor of the nostrils. n. पुकानिधम् a foul smell.

पीक n. (-कः) Honey of a pale colour. n. पुकिका a small bee, aff. क्त्वा ।

पीक mfn. (-कः-क-क) Relating to a son. m. (-कः) A son's son, a grand-son. f. (-की) A grand-daughter, either in the male or female line, though more usually implying a son's daughter. n. पुक or पुकी a son or daughter, क्त्वा aff. of descent.

पीक mfn. (-कः-क-क) Belonging to a son or a grandson. n. पुक or पीक, and क्त्वा or क्त्वा aff.

पीकनीय m. (-कः) 1. A daughter's son. 2. The son of a daughter appointed to raise issue for her father. n. पुकिका, and क्त्वा aff.

पीक mfn. (-कः-क-क) Having a grandson. n. पीक and इति aff.

पीकपुनः mfn. (-कः-क-क) Repeated, reiterated, again and again. n. पुनः, again, repeated, aff. क्त्वा ।

पीकपुनः n. (-कः) Reiteration, repetition. n. पुनः again, repeated, aff. क्त्वा ।

पीक n. (-कः) 1. Tautology. 2. Superfluity, uselessness. n. पुक, and क्त्वा added.

पीकनीय mfn. (-कः-क-क) Repeated, additional. m. (-कः) 1. The son of a widow remarried, one of the twelve sons or heirs admitted by the old Hindu law ; the son of a twice-married woman. 2. The second husband of a woman. n. पुकनीय, aff. क्त्वा ।

पीक mfn. (-कः-क-क) City, citizen, relating to or produced in a town or city. n. (-कः) A fragrant grass. n. पुक a city, aff. क्त्वा ।

पीक n. (-कः) A garden round a house. n. पीक citizen, and क्त्वा added.

पीकन m. (-कः) A citizen. n. पीक, जन person.

पीक n. (-कः) The lunar asterism called Jyeshtha. [and क्त्वा aff.]

पीक mfn. (-कः-क-क) Of the race of Puru, descended from Puru. n. पु

पीक n. (-कः) Connexion or equality by inhabiting the same city for ten years, fellow-citizenship. n. पीक relating to a city, क्त्वा friendship.

पीक mfn. (-कः-क-क) 1. Prior, first, initial. 2. Foremost. 3. Eastern. n. पुक formerly, क्त्वा aff. of relation, पीक and क्त्वा aff.

पीक f. (-की) A woman residing in a town or city. n. पीक, and क्त्वा a female ; also similar compounds, as पीकपीक, पीकपा, &c.

पीक mfn. (-कः-क-क) Relating to the past, or Puraṇas. n. पुक, and क्त्वा aff.

पीक mfn. (-कः-क-क) Of or belonging to the Puraṇas, Puraṇic. n. (-कः) A Brahma, well read in the Puraṇas, a mythologist. n. पुक, and क्त्वा aff.

पीक mfn. subst. (-कः-क-क) The measure of a man, equal to the height to which he reaches with both arms elevated, and the fingers extended. Adj. Manly, of or belonging to man. n. (-कः) 1. The property of manhood, virility, manliness. 2. Action, or action incidental to the state of humanity. 3. Semen virile. 4. Strength, power, vigour, heroism. 5. The Penis. 6. A Sundial. n. पुक a man, aff. क्त्वा ।

पीक f. (-ता) Manhood, manly strength or spirit. n. क्त्वा added to पीक, also with क्त्वा, पीकम् ।

पीक mfn. (-कः-क-क) 1. Made by, derived from, or relating to man, human, manly, virile, &c. 2. Spiritual. m. (-कः) 1. A crowd or number of men. 2. Manslaughter, murder. 3. Law, as affecting persons. 4. A Day-labourer. n. पुक a man, and क्त्वा aff.

पीक n. (-कः) Manliness, courage.

पीक mfn. (-कः-क-क) Overseer or superintendent of the royal kitchen. n. पुक first, की the eye, aff. क्त्वा ।

पीक m. (-कः) A prayer, recited upon making an oblation of clarified butter. n. पुकित butter offered to fire, and क्त्वा aff.

पुनर्विष्णु m. (-कः) A priest who recites the prayer used in offering an oblation of clarified butter. n. पुनर्विष्णु, and उक्त्वा aff.

पुनर्विष्णु n. (-कः) Ill-luck, censoriousness, fault-finding.

पुनर्विष्णु n. (-कः) The character or functions of family priest. n. पुनर्विष्णु and उक्त्वा aff.

पुनर्विष्णु m. (-कः) A ceremony performed at the full of the moon, by persons maintaining a perpetual fire. f. (-की) Day of full-moon. n. पुनर्विष्णु a rite, &c. aff. उक्त्वा. [pleonasm.]

पुनर्विष्णु m. (-कः) An ascetic. f. (-की) Day of full-moon. n. पुनर्विष्णु, and उक्त्वा mfn. (-कः-की-कः) 1. Sacrificial, ceremonial. 2. Relating to meritorious deed. n. पुनर्विष्णु, and उक्त्वा aff.

पुनर्विष्णु mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Relating, or belonging to the past, to the east, &c. n. पुनर्विष्णु and उक्त्वा aff.

पुनर्विष्णु mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Belonging to a former body or existence. n. पुनर्विष्णु, and उक्त्वा aff. [n. पुनर्विष्णु and उक्त्वा aff.]

पुनर्विष्णु mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Relating to the first member of a compound.

पुनर्विष्णु mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Dwelling or being in the eastern division of town, &c. n. पुनर्विष्णु eastern half or part, and उक्त्वा aff.; also with उक्त्वा, पुनर्विष्णु; and with उक्त्वा, पुनर्विष्णु.

पुनर्विष्णु n. (-कः) 1. Priority and subsequence. 2. Context. n. पुनर्विष्णु first and last, उक्त्वा aff.

पुनर्विष्णु mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Belonging or relating to or produced in the forepart of the day. n. पुनर्विष्णु forenoon, aff. उक्त्वा.

पुनर्विष्णु mfn. (-कः-की-कः) 1. Prior, primary, former. 2. Ancestral. n. पुनर्विष्णु and उक्त्वा aff.

पुनर्विष्णु m. (-कः) 1. KUV'RA. 2. RA'VAN'A. 3. Either of the brothers of RA'VANA, VIRHISHAN'A or KUMBHAKARN'A. 3. The moon. f. (-की) The sister of RA'VANA, SUBPANAK'HA. n. पुनर्विष्णु a saint so named, and उक्त्वा aff. of descent.

पुनर्विष्णु mf. (-कः-की) Grain half dressed, or scorched or fried with Ghee, and made into a sort of cake. n. पुनर्विष्णु a heap, उक्त्वा aff. and उक्त्वा added for the fem.; also with उक्त्वा added पुनर्विष्णु.

पुनर्विष्णु f. (-का) A sort of cake: see the last.

पुनर्विष्णु f. (-की) Sachi, the Daughter of Puloman and wife of INDRA. n. पुनर्विष्णु a saint, the father of the goddess, उक्त्वा and उक्त्वा aff.

पुनर्विष्णु m. (-कः) An epithet of Jayanta.

पुनर्विष्णु m. (-कः) The month Pausha, in which the moon is in the Pushya asterism, (December-January). f. (-की) Day of full moon in the month of Pausha. n. पुनर्विष्णु the asterism in which the moon is full in this month, and उक्त्वा aff.

पुनर्विष्णु mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Relating to a pond, to a lotus, to fragrant Costus, &c. n. पुनर्विष्णु, q. v., उक्त्वा aff.

पुनर्विष्णु f. (-की) A large pond or reservoir, a lotus-pool. n. पुनर्विष्णु the same, and उक्त्वा pleonastic aff.

पुनर्विष्णु n. (-कः) Maturity, complete development.

पुनर्विष्णु mfn. (-कः-की-कः) 1. Preservative, protective, nutritive, &c. 2. Nutritious, fattening. n. (-की) A cloth worn when the ceremony of tonsure is performed. n. पुनर्विष्णु nourishing, and उक्त्वा aff.

पुनर्विष्णु n. (-कः) The last of the twenty-eight lunar asterisms; also RA'VAT'I. n. पुनर्विष्णु the sun, in this name regent of the asterism, and उक्त्वा aff.

पुनर्विष्णु mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Flowery, floral, relating or belonging to flowers, &c. n. पुनर्विष्णु, and उक्त्वा aff.

पुनर्विष्णु n. (-कः) The oxid of brass, considered as a collyrium. n. पुनर्विष्णु the same, and उक्त्वा aff.

पुनर्विष्णु f. (-की) 1. A name of Palibothra or modern Patna. 2. A kind of spirituous liquor. n. पुनर्विष्णु a flower, उक्त्वा aff. and उक्त्वा fem. aff.

पुनर्विष्णु f. (-की) Siva's braided hair.

पुनर्विष्णु Ind. A particle of calling, ho! ho!

पुनर्विष्णु (कः) (रः) जीवाजी r. 1st cl. (जायते) To grow or increase, to enlarge or swell.

जायते n. (-कः) 1. Increased. 2. Growth.

जायते f. (-ता) 1. Increased. 2. Grown fat. 3. Refreshed.

ज्यु (रः) ज्यु र. 4th cl. (ज्यु जति) 1. To burn. 2. To share or divide. r. 10th cl. (ज्यु जति-ने) To relinquish, to part with.

ज्यु r. 4th cl. (ज्यु जति) 1. To divide. 2. To burn.

ज्यु (कः) ज्यु r. 1st cl. (जायते) 1. To grow or increase. 2. To swell. Caus. (जायते-ने) With जा to make comfortable. 2. To enlarge.

ज्यु Ind. A particle and prefix, implying. 1. Progressive motion, (forth, forward, away, &c.) 2. Excess or excellence, (very, much, exceeding.) 3. Appearance, manifestation. It corresponds with the Latin particles Pro and Prae, as in प्रज्यु To do much or well; प्रज्युति To go forth or over; प्रज्युति To excel; प्रज्युति To display; प्रज्युति To go forth, set out; प्रज्युति Very willingly; प्रज्युति When the deer go forth, (the time, &c.) See the following compounds. n. ज्यु to be famous, &c. aff. ज.

प्रज्यु mfn. (-टः-टी-टः) Displayed, unfolded, manifest, apparent. n. प्रज्यु implying manifestation, and उक्त्वा aff.

प्रज्यु Ind. It is also used as an indeclinable in the sense of:—1. Clear, evident. 2. Undisguised, public. 3. Visible: see the above.

प्रज्यु n. (-कः) The act of manifesting or disclosing.

प्रज्यु mfn. (-कः-ता-तः) 1. Manifested, displayed. 2. Evident, apparent. 3. Opened, expanded. n. प्रज्यु before, उक्त्वा to go, aff. ज.

प्रज्युकर n. (-कः) Making visible or apparent, displaying, manifesting. n. प्रज्यु, and कर making, ज्यु aug. [ज्यु made, ज्यु aff.]

प्रज्युकर mfn. (-कः-ता-तः) Made manifest, open, or visible. n. प्रज्यु, and प्रज्यु m. (-कः) 1. Shaking, trembling. 2. Violent motion. n. प्रज्यु before, उक्त्वा to tremble, उक्त्वा aff.

प्रज्युकर mfn. (-कः-ता-तः) Trembling violently. m. (-कः) 1. Wind, air, (generally violent.) 2. A hell. n. (-कः) Violent or excessive motion, great trembling. n. प्रज्यु implying excess, उक्त्वा trembling.

प्रज्युकर mfn. (-कः-ता-तः) Shaking, trembling violently. n. प्रज्यु before, उक्त्वा to tremble, उक्त्वा aff.

प्रज्युकर mfn. (-कः-ता-तः) Shaking, agitating. n. प्रज्यु before, उक्त्वा to tremble, causal v., उक्त्वा aff.

प्रज्युकर mfn. (-कः-ता-तः) Who or what does much or well. m. (-कः) 1. A heap a, quantity. 2. A bundle of flowers, a nosegay. 3. Aid, assistance, friendship. 4. Usage, custom, continuance of a similar practice. 5. Respect. 6. Seduction, abduction. n. (-कः) Aloe wood, (Agalloohum.) f. (-की) 1. Theatrical dress or disguise, as wearing a woman's garb, &c. 2. An episodic incident in a drama. 3. An open piece of ground, the meeting of four roads, or the proper scene of any magical operations. n. प्रज्यु before, उक्त्वा to make, aff. ज्यु.

प्रज्युकर n. (-कः) 1. An introduction, a prologue or prelude. 2. A poetical fiction or poem, in which the story and principal persons are wholly imaginary; the term is especially applied to a dramatic poem. 3. A chapter, a section, a book, a place of pausing or stopping. 4. Treating with respect. 5. Doing much or well. 6. Opportunity, occasion. 7. Subject, topic. f. (-की) A minor drama of the same character as the prakara, but of less extent; also प्रज्युकर. n. प्रज्यु before, उक्त्वा to make, aff. ज्यु.

प्रज्युकर m. (-कः) Hurting, killing. n. प्रज्यु to hurt, aff. ज्यु.

प्रज्युकर m. (-कः) 1. Excellence, eminence, superiority. 2. Speciality, intensity, universality. 3. Absoluteness, definitiveness. 4. Strength, power. 5. Length, protractedness. 6. (In grammar.) The effect of the prefix "प्र" upon roots; (the inst. and abl. Singulars viz:—प्रज्युति and प्रज्युति are used as indeclinables in the sense of "eminently," "exceedingly," "in a high degree.") n. प्रज्यु before, उक्त्वा to attract, aff. ज्यु. [ज्यु going.]

प्रज्युकर n. (-कः) Going absolutely or finally, departure. n. प्रज्यु, and प्रज्युकर n. (-कः) 1. Drawing, attracting. 2. Ploughing, drawing furrows,

3. Excellence. superiority. 4. Realizing by the use of a pledge more than interest of the loan. *m. n.* *प्र* before, *हृ* to attract, *हृ* aff. *प्रकर्षित* *mfn.* (-*तः*-*ता-तं*) 1. Drawn, drawn out. 2. Exceeded in profit, (the interest of the loan.) *n.* (-*तः*) Profit on a pledge beyond interest of a loan. *m. n.* *प्र* before, *हृ* to make furrows, *हृ* aff.

*प्रकषा* *f.* (-*तः*) A minute portion.

*प्रकषेना* *f.* (-*तः*) Settlement, allotment.

*प्रकषित* *mfn.* (-*तः*-*ता-तं*) 1. Done, made. 2. Settled *f.* (-*तः*) A kind of riddle. *m. n.* *प्र* before, *हृ* to be able, *हृ* aff.

*प्रकाश* *mn.* (-*तः*-*ता-तं*) 1. The stem of a tree, the part between the root and the branches. 2. A branch, a shoot. 3. Excellence, happiness, (or used as an attributive without admitting variation of gender,) excellent, happy. *m. n.* *प्र* implying excess or superiority, *हृ* to desire, *हृ* aff. and the penultimate vowel made long by special rule.

*प्रकाशक* *m.* (-*तः*) A tree. *m. n.* *प्रकाश* a stem, *हृ* to get, *हृ* aff.

*प्रकाश* *f.* (-*तः*) Adj. 1. Much, excessive, to the heart's content. 2. Amorous. *m.* (-*तः*) Desire, pleasure.

*प्रकाश* *Ind.* Voluntarily, willingly. 2. To the heart's content. 3. Exceedingly. *m. n.* *प्र* implying much, very, *हृ* desire, will.

*प्रकार* *m.* (-*तः*) 1. Difference. 2. Similitude. *n.* (-*तः*) 1. Sort, kind, species. 2. Way, mode, manner. 3. Property, quality, speciality. *m. n.* *प्र* before, *हृ* to do, *हृ* aff.

*प्रकाश* *mfn.* (-*तः*-*ता-तं*) 1. Like, resembling. 2. Open, manifest, blown, expanded. 3. Famous, celebrated. 4. Public. *n. adv.* (-*तः*) 1. Openly, publicly. 2. (In dramatic language), Aloud. *f.* (-*तः*) 1. Visible. 2. Shining. 3. Open. 4. Renowned. 5. Expanded. 6. Denuded of trees. 7. Looking like, (at the end of compounds.) *m.* (-*तः*) 1. Sunshine, lustre, light. 2. Expansion, diffusion, manifestation; the word being equally applicable to physical or moral subjects, as the blowing of a flower, diffusion of celebrity, the publicity of an event, or the manifestation of a truth. 3. A laugh, a smile. 4. Publicity. 5. An open spot. 6. A golden mirror. 7. The chapter of a book. 8. Elucidation, (at the end of titles of works.) *n.* (-*तः*) White or bellmetal, brass. *m. n.* *प्र* implying motion or eminence, *हृ* to shine, *हृ* aff.

*प्रकाश* *Ind.* It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of:—1. Openly, publicly. 2. Aloud, audibly, (used as a Stage-direction in this sense.)

*प्रकाशक* *mfn.* (-*तः*-*ता-तं*) What irradiates, what makes open or apparent, &c. *m.* (-*तः*) 1. An illuminator, an expounder, an illustrator. 2. The Sun. *m. n.* *प्रकाश* to make light or evident, *हृ* aff.

*प्रकाशकज्ञान* *m.* (-*तः*) A cook. *m. n.* *प्रकाशक* illuminator, (the sun), and *ज्ञान* who knows.

*प्रकाशक* *m.* (-*तः*) An open purchase.

*प्रकाशता* *f.* (-*तः*) 1. Manifestation, visibility. 2. Luminousness. *m. n.* *प्रकाश*, and *तः* aff.; also with *हृ* *प्रकाशतः*.

*प्रकाश* *n.* (-*तः*) 1. Illuminating, giving light. 2. Making clear or manifest. 3. Displaying. *m. n.* *प्र* before, *हृ* to shine, *हृ* aff.

*प्रकाशवती* *f.* (-*तः*) A public woman. [to shine, *हृ* aff.]

*प्रकाशवान* *mfn.* (-*तः*-*ता-तं*) Splendid, brilliant, radiant. *m. n.* *प्र* before, *हृ* to shine, *हृ* aff.

*प्रकाशक* *Adj.* Shining, brilliant.

*प्रकाशक* *m.* (-*तः*) 1. The sun. 2. An epithet of Siva. *m. n.* *प्रकाश* light, *हृ* to shine, *हृ* aff.

*प्रकाशित* *mfn.* (-*तः*-*ता-तं*) 1. Evident, apparent, manifest, visible. 2. Published, promulgated. 3. Illuminated, enlightened. *m. n.* *प्रकाश* manifestation, *हृ* to shine, *हृ* aff.

*प्रकाश* *n.* (-*तः*) Scattering, Strewing.

*प्रकाश* *mfn.* (-*तः*-*ता-तं*) 1. Spread abroad, published, promulgated. 2. Expanded, opened. 3. Miscellaneous, mixed. 4. Scattered, disper-

sed, disordered, confused. 5. Agitated, excited, wild. 6. Waved, waving. *n.* (-*तः*) 1. A Chowri, a cow-tail used as a fan. 2. A chapter, a section. 3. A collection of miscellaneous rules. *m. n.* *प्र* before, *हृ* to throw or cast, *हृ* aff.

*प्रकाश* *n.* (-*तः*) 1. A Chowri, the tail of the Bos grunniens, used as a whisk or fan, a fly-flap. 2. The section or chapter of a book. 3. Extent, length, especially of a stanza or book. 4. (In law,) a case not provided for by the S'hastras, and to be decided by the authority of the judge or king. 5. A miscellany. 6. Any collection of heterogeneous objects not arranged under any distinct chapter or heads. *f.* (-*तः*) Scattered about. *m.* (-*तः*) A horse. *m. n.* *प्र* added to *प्रकाश*.

*प्रकाश* *n.* (-*तः*) 1. Proclaiming, announcing. 2. Praising, extolling.

*प्रकाश* *f.* (-*तः*) 1. Fame, celebrity. 2. Declaration. 3. Praise. *m. n.* *प्र* before, *हृ* to scatter, *हृ* aff.

*प्रकाशित* *mfn.* (-*तः*-*ता-तं*) 1. Declared, explained, said, revealed. 2. Celebrated, renowned. *m. n.* *प्र* before, *हृ* to scatter, *हृ* aff.

*प्रकाश* *mfn.* (-*तः*-*ता-तं*) To be spread abroad or about to be diffused, promulgated, expanded, or extended. *m.* (-*तः*) A plant, (Cassia pinia benduella.) *m. n.* *प्र* progressive motion, *हृ* to throw or cast, *हृ* aff.

*प्रकाश* *m.* (-*तः*) A particular measure of capacity.

*प्रकाश* *mfn.* (-*तः*-*ता-तं*) 1. Epraged, incensed. 2. Disordered. 3. Stimulated. *m. n.* *प्र* before, *हृ* to be angry, *हृ* aff.

*प्रकाश* *mfn.* (-*तः*-*ता-तं*) 1. Behaving respectfully to, waiting upon, serving, honouring. 2. Doing much or well. *m. n.* *प्र* before, *हृ* to do, *हृ* aff.

*प्रकाश* *mfn.* (-*तः*-*ता-तं*) 1. Attending, or behaving to with respect. 2. Doing much or well. *m. n.* *प्र*, and *हृ* to make, *हृ* aff.

*प्रकाश* *n.* (-*तः*) A handsome or excellent body. *m. n.* *प्र* excellent, *हृ* to the body aff. *हृ*; also read *प्रकाश*.

*प्रकाश* *f.* (-*तः*) An epithet of Durga.

*प्रकाश* *mfn.* (-*तः*-*ता-तं*) 1. Made, completed, accomplished. 2. Commenced. 3. Continuing or engaged in what has been begun. 4. That which is under consideration, the Subject in hand, (In this sense it is often used for the "Upameya" in works of rhetoric.) 5. Genuine, real. 6. Appointed, charged. 7. Wished, expected. 8. Important, interesting. *n.* (-*तः*) The original subject. *m. n.* *प्र* before, *हृ* done.

*प्रकृति* *f.* (-*तः*) 1. Nature; in philosophy the passive or material cause of the world, as opposed to the active or spiritual; and in mythology, a goddess, the personified will of the Supreme in the creation identified with Ma'ya or illusion, and in an especial manner the prototype of the female sex; hence it is the same with the Sakti or personified energy or bride of a deity, as Lakshmi, Durga, &c. in some systems Prakriti is considered the same with the Supreme Being. 2. The natural state or condition of any thing. 3. A radical form or predicament of being, an illusion, intelligence, consciousness, and the five elements, or Aka's, fire, air, earth, and water. 4. The five elements collectively. 5. Cause, origin. 6. A woman or womankind. 7. A mother. 8. An animal. 9. The male organ of generation. 10. The female organ of generation. 11. An uninflected word; the radical form of a word, before the affixes forming cases, &c. are subjoined. 12. A requisite of regal administration, of which seven are enumerated; the king, the minister, an ally, treasure, territory, fortresses, and an army; the corporations or companies of citizens are sometimes added, making an eighth class. 13. A form of metre, consisting of a stanza of four lines, each line containing twenty-one syllables. 14. (In arithmetic,) A given coefficient. (In anatomy,) Temperament.

the predominance of one of the humours at the time of generation.  
 ३ प्र implying priority or precedence, कृ to make aff. कृन् or कृच् ;  
 being the first step towards creation. [chauging.]

प्रकृतिरस mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) Volatile, fickle. ३. प्रकृति nature, and तरल

प्रकृतिपुरुष m. (-पः) A minister of State.

प्रकृतिमण्डल n. (-लः) The entire kingdom.

प्रकृतिविश्व n. (-वः) Natural.

प्रकृतिमुम Adj. Naturally agreeable.

प्रकृति mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-सं) 1. Natural, genuine, unmixed. 2. Inherent, innate. 3. In good health. 4. Stripped of everything. 5. Come to oneself. ६. प्रकृति, and स्य what is. [aff. कृ ।]

प्रकृति mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Thin, emaciate. ३. प्र before, कृच् to be thin,

प्रकृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) 1. Chief, principal, pre-eminent. 2. Remote, far, long, (as a road). 3. Drawn out, lengthy, long. 4. Disquieted. ६. प्र eminently, कृच् to attract, aff. कृ ।

प्रकृष्टत्व n. (-त्वः) Eminence, superiority. ३. प्रकृष्ट, and त्व aff. ; also with तत् aff. प्रकृष्टता ।

प्रकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Made, prepared. 2. Mixed. ३. प्र before, कृच् to make, कृ aff.

प्रकीच m. (-चः) Putrefaction, putridity. ३. प्र-कृच् चञ् ।

प्रकीच m. (-चः) Irritation, provocation, enraging. ३. प्र before, कृच् to be angry, causal v. चञ् aff.

प्रकीचय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be incensed or enraged. ३. प्र before, कृच् to be angry, causal v., चनीयर् aff. ; and the न optionally changed ; also प्रकीचनीय । [v., कृच् aff.]

प्रकीचन n. (-नः) Irritating, provoking. ३. प्र before, कृच् to be angry, causal

प्रकीचय mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Irritated, provoked. ३. प्र before, कृच् to be angry, causal v., कृ aff.

प्रकीच m. (-चः) 1. The fore-arm. 2. Part of the frame of a door. 3. A court in the house, or open space surrounded by buildings. 4. A room near the gate of a Palace. ६. प्र before, कृच् to draw, स्यन् aff.

प्रकीच m. (-चः) 1. A horse's armour. 2. A dog. 3. A mule. also प्रकीच and प्रकीच ।

प्रकीच mfn. (-ता-तो-तं) 1. Who proceeds or goes. 2. Conquering, overpowering, surpassing. 3. Who begins, a beginner. ३. प्र before, कृच् to go, कृच् aff.

प्रकीच m. (-चः) 1. Proceeding, going. 2. Leisure, opportunity. 3. Beginning. 4. Surpassing, overcoming. 5. A Step, a stride. 6. A place considered as a measure of distance. 7. Proportion, order, method. ३. प्र first, कृच् to go, aff. चञ् ।

प्रकीचय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be gone or proceeded. ३. प्र before, कृच् to go, चनीयर् aff. ; also प्रकीचित्य and प्रकीचय ।

प्रकीचय m. (-यः) Want of regularity in expression considered as a fault of composition. [३. प्र before, कृच् to go.]

प्रकीचय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Proceeding. 2. Beginning. 3. Overcoming.

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Gone, proceeded. 2. Gone beyond, surpassed. 3. Begun. 4. Under discussion, in hand. 5. Valorous. ३. प्र before, कृच् to go, कृ aff.

प्रकीच f. (-या) 1. Bearing royal insignia. 2. Way, manner, conduct. 3. High position. 4. Chapter or section of a book. 5. Etymological formation, (In gram.) ३. प्र principal, कृच् business. [कृच् aff.]

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Playing, sporting. ३. प्र before, कृच् to play, कृच् aff.

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Satisfied. 2. Wet, soaked. ३. प्र excess, कृच् to wet, aff. कृ ।

प्रकीच m. (-चः) The sound of the Vīṇā or lute. ३. प्र principal, कृच् to sound, aff. चञ् ; also प्रकीच । [sound, aff. चञ् ।]

प्रकीच m. (-चः) The sound of the Vīṇā or lute. ३. प्र before, कृच् to

प्रकीच m. (-चः) Ruin, destruction.

प्रकीच m. (-चः) Iron armour for the defence of a horse or elephant. ३. प्र best, कृच् to go, aff. चञ् ।

प्रकीच n. (-चः) Trickling, oozing.

[anse, कृच् aff]

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Who or what washes. ३. प्र before, कृच् to cleanse. ३. Bathing. 2. Anything used for purifying. 3. Water for washing. 4. Cleaning, washing. ६. प्र thoroughly, कृच् r. 10 cl. to clean, aff. कृच् । [to clean, aff. कृ ।]

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Washed, cleansed. ३. प्र before, कृच् r. 10th cl. प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Thrown, cast, hurled. 2. Interpolated, spurious. ३. प्र before, कृच् to throw, कृ aff.

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Throwing, having thrown. ३. प्र before, कृच् to throw, कृच् aff.

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Decayed, wasting. 2. Destroyed. 3. Disappeared. ३. प्र before, कृच् to waste, कृ aff. [aff.]

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Intoxicated. ३. प्र before, कृच् to be drunk, कृच् aff.

प्रकीच f. (-या) Adj. 1. Crushed. 2. Incited.

प्रकीच m. (-यः) 1. Throwing, casting projecting. 2. Throwing into or upon. 3. Anything added, or thrown into drugs when in course of decoction. 4. A throw, a cast. 5. Interpolation. 6. The sum deposited by every member of a commercial corporation. ३. प्र before, कृच् to throw, कृच् aff.

प्रकीच n. (-चः) Throwing, casting. ३. प्र before, कृच् to throw, aff. कृच् ।

प्रकीच n. (-चः) Exciting, agitating.

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. An iron arrow. 2. Clamour, a loud indistinct noise. ३. प्र especially, कृच् to sound indistinctly, aff. कृच्, deriv. irr. ; otherwise प्रकीच । [३. See the last.]

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. An iron arrow. 2. Calling aloud, clamour : making loud indistinct noise. 2. Unctuous. ३. प्र before, कृच् to sound, कृच् aff. ; also read प्रकीच ।

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Clamorous, shouting, making loud indistinct noise. 2. Unctuous. ३. प्र before, कृच् to sound, कृच् aff. ; also read प्रकीच ।

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Noisy. 2. Unctuous. ३. प्र before, कृच् to make a noise, कृच् aff.

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Very hot or acrid. m. (-तः) 1. Iron armour, for the defence of a horse or elephant. 2. A dog. 3. A mule. ३. प्र very much, कृच् to hurt, aff. कृच्, derive. irr. or प्र before, कृच् an ass, or hot, sharp. &c.

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Like, resembling, (in composition.) 2. Visible, distinct. f. (-या) 1. Visibility, perceptibility. 3. Fame, renown. 3. Similarity, similitude. ३. प्र before, कृच् to say, aff. कृ ।

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Celebrated, famous. 2. Pleased, happy. 3. Bespoken, forestalled, claimed by right of pre-emption. ३. प्र much, कृच् famed.

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) A commodity that is to be first offered for sale to some person, (as the Raja, &c.) ३. प्रकीच claimed, कृच् a vessel.

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) A gentleman, a Hidalgo, the son of some eminent person. ३. प्रकीच known, कृच् a father, and कृच् added.

प्रकीच f. (-या) 1. Publicity, celebrity. 2. Praise, eulogium. 3. Fame. ३. प्र pre eminence, &c. and कृच् reputation.

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) To be celebrated or made known. ३. प्र before, कृच् to say, कृच् aff.

प्रकीच m. (-चः) The upper arm, (from the elbow to the shoulder.) f. (-या) An outer wall or rampart. ३. प्र principal, कृच् part.

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Separate, apart. 2. Gone with difficulty. 3. Gone forward. ३. प्र, and कृच् gone.

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Bandy-legged, having the knees far apart. ३. प्र separated, and कृच् the knee.

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Bandy-legged, bow-legged, having the knees far apart. ३. प्र away, कृच् gone, कृच् the knee, कृच् aff.

प्रकीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Speaking, beginning to speak. ३. प्र before, कृच् to speak, कृच् aff.

प्रकीच m. (-चः) The first advance in love-making.

प्रकीच n. (-चः) 1. Progress, advance. 2. The first advance in love-

making. 3. Difficult progress. 4. Going afar or apart. 5. Disputing words. **प्र**, **प्र**, and **ग** to go, **चुट्** aff.

**प्रगर्जन** n. (-र्ज) Roaring.

**प्रगल्भ** mfn. (-ल्भः-ल्भा-ल्भं) 1. Bold, confident. 2. Prompt, ready. 3. Resolute, energetic. 4. Illustrious, eminent. 5. Strong, able. 6. Shameless, impudent, audacious. 7. Mature. 8. Developed, great. **म**. (-ल्भः) The fire used for oblations at the birth of a child. **f**. (-ल्भा) 1. A woman who courts her husband's caresses. 2. A Scolding woman, a shrew. 3. A bold woman experienced in love-matters considered as a character in poetic composition. **प्र** much, **गल्भ** to be proud, aff. **चच्**.

**प्रगल्भता** f. (-ता) 1. Energy, resolution. 2. Confidence, boldness. 3. Audacity, arrogance. 4. Power, eminence, consequence. 5. Perverseness, wilfulness. **प्र** **तल्** aff. of the abstract, added to the last; also with **ल**, **प्रगल्भल**.

**प्रगाढ** mfn. (-ढः-ढा-ढं) 1. Much, excessive. 2. Hard, difficult. 3. Firm. **प्र**. (-ढः) Pain, Privation, penance. **n**. adv. (-ढः) 1. Much, exceedingly. 2. Tightly, firmly. **प्र** before, **गाढ** much, exceeding.

**प्रगाढम्** Adj. It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "exceedingly" "firmly". [sings.]

**प्रगाढ** mfn. (-ता-गी-ढ) A capital singer. **प्र** excellent, and **गाढ** who praiseth mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sung, vocal. **प्र**, and **गीत** sung.

**प्रगुण** mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) 1. Straight. 2. Honest, upright, straight in morals. 3. Clever, skilful. **प्र** excellent, and **गुण** quality.

**प्रगुणित** f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Made straight. 2. Made Smooth.

**प्रगुण्य** mfn. (-ण्यः-ण्या-ण्यं) 1. More, exceeding. 2. Excellent. **प्र** before, **गुण्य** a quality or quantity and **क्यप्** aff.

**प्रगृहीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Collected, strung together. 2. Accepted, admitted. 3. (In gram.) Pronounced separately without observing the rules of Sandhi; see the next **प्र**, and **गृहीत** taken.

**प्रगृह्य** mfn. (-ह्यः-ह्या-ह्यं) To be taken, accepted, admitted, &c. **mn**. (-ह्यः-ह्यं) The class of letters or syllables not subject to the rules of euphony, as the final **इ** or **ऊ** of the dual number. &c. As **इती एती**, **विष्णु इती**, &c.

**प्रगे** Ind. Dawn, morning.

**प्रगेतन** mfn. (-नः-नी-नं) Relating, or belonging to the morning. **प्र** **गे** morning, and **तन्** aff., **तन्** inserted. [preserving.]

**प्रगीपन** n. (-नं) Protection, preservation, salvation. **प्र** especially, **गीपन** **प्रगद्यन** n. (-नं) Stringing together.

**प्रग्रह** m. (-हः) 1. Taking, seizing. 2. Confinement, restriction, restraint, captivity. 3. A prisoner, a captive, either man or beast in confinement. 4. A rein, a rope or halter for horses, and cattle. 5. The string suspending a balance. 6. Favour, kindness. 7. An arm. 8. A ray of light. 9. The commencement of an eclipse. 10. A vowel not subject to the rules of Sandhi. 11. A sort of Cassia, (C. fistula.) **प्र** before, **ग्रह्** to take or seize, aff. **चच्**; otherwise with **घञ्** aff. **प्रग्राह**.

**प्रग्रह्य** n. (-ह्यं) 1. Taking, seizing. 2. Assuming. 3. The commencement of an eclipse. 4. A rein, a bridle. **प्र** before, **ग्रह्** to take, **चुट्** aff.

**प्रग्राह** m. (-हः) 1. Seizing. 2. Taking, taking up, bearing, carrying. 3. The string of a balance. 4. A rein, &c. **प्र** before, **ग्रह्** to take, **घञ्** aff.; see **प्रग्रह**.

**प्रगीव** mn. (-वः-वं) 1. A window, a lattice, a balcony. 2. A summer house, a pleasure house. 3. A building on the top of a palace, a painted turret. 4. A wooden balustrade or fence on the edge of a building. 5. A stable. 6. The top of a tree. **प्र** excessive or excellent, and **गीवा** a neck; the neck as it were of a house.

**प्रग्ल** mfn. (-ग्लः-ग्ला-ग्लं) Wearied, fatigued, exhausted. **प्र** before, **ग्ल** to be weary, **क** aff.

**प्रवटक** m. (-कः) A rule, a doctrine.

**प्रचटा** f. (-टा) The first principles of a science.

**प्रचटाविद** m. (-विदः) A general reader, but not a profound one. **प्र** **चटा** said to imply novelty, and **विद** who knows.

**प्रचय** m. (-यः) 1. A terrace before a house. 2. A copper pot. 3. An iron crow or club. **प्र** before, **चय्** to strike, aff. **चच्**, and the radical letter changed; also **प्रचाय** **प्रचन**, and **प्रचान**.

**प्रचन** m. (-नं) 1. A covered terrace before a house. 2. A sort of bean, (Phaseolus mungo.) **प्र** before, **चय्** to strike or hurt, aff. **चच्**.

**प्रचल** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Voracious. **म**. (-लः) 1. Eating much. 2. A Daitya, a demon. **प्र** much, **चल** for **चद** to eat, aff. **चप्** or **चच्**.

**प्रचाय** m. (-यः) A covered terrace or small portico before the door of house. **प्र** before, **चय्** to strike, (with the feet,) aff. **चप्**, and the radical vowel changed optionally; also **प्रचय**.

**प्रघात** m. (-तः) 1. Combat, battle. 2. Killing. **प्र** violently, **घात** striking; also **प्रघात**.

**प्रघान** m. (-नः) A covered terrace before the door of a house, a porch, a portico; see **प्रचन**, and **प्रचय**.

**प्रघुण** m. (-णः) A guest; It is another form of **प्राघुण**.

**प्रघूर्ण** mfn. (-घूर्णः-घूर्णा-घूर्णं) 1. Turning round or rolling violently. 2. Wandering, roaming. **म**. (-घूर्णः) A guest, a visitor. **प्र** before, **घूर्ण** to turn round, aff. **चच्**; Also **प्राघूर्ण**.

**प्रघोषक** m. (-कः) Sound, noise. **प्र** much, **घोष** sound, aff. **कन्**.

**प्रघ्न** n. (-घ्नः) An army in motion, or as sometimes explained, foraging. **प्र** before, **घ्न** a division.

**प्रघञ्ज** m. (-ञः) 1. The regent of jupiter, VRIHASPATI, **प्र** before, **घञ्** to speak. Una'di aff. **चसुन्**.

**प्रघ्नय** mfn. (-यः-य्या-य्यं) 1. Excessively hot or burning. 2. Intolerable, insupportable. 3. Bold, confident, presuming. 4. Wrathful, passionate. 5. Violent, strong. 6. Furious. 7. Terrible. **म**. (-यः) A sort of Nerium with white flowers. **f**. (-यः) One of DURGA's emanations or attendants. **प्र** very, **घ्नय** hot, &c.

**प्रघ्नयघीव** Adj. Large-nosed.

**प्रघ्नयमूर्ति** m. (-तिः) A tree, (Tapia crataeva.) "वरुण वृक्षः" **प्र** **घ्नय** Nerium, and **मूर्ति** form.

**प्रघय** m. (-यः) 1. A heap, a quantity, a number. 2. Gathering, (as fruit or flowers, but especially by means of a stick or other implement.) 3. Slight union or aggregation. 4. Growth, increase. **प्र** before, **घि** to gather, aff. **चच्**; also with **घञ्** aff. **प्रघाय**.

**प्रघद्य** n. (-द्यः) Collecting, gathering.

**प्रघर** m. (-रः) 1. A road, a path. 2. Usage, custom, currency. 3. Going well or widely. **प्र** before, **घरु** to go, aff. **चच्**; also with **घञ्** aff. **प्रघार**.

**प्रघरण** n. (-णं) 1. Going, proceeding. 2. Circulating, being current. **प्र** before, **घरु** to go, **चुट्** aff.

**प्रघरत्** mfn. (-रत्-रती-रत्) Going well, quickly, widely, &c. **प्र** before, **घरु** to go, **इह** aff.

**प्रघरित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Gone, going. 2. Pursued, practised, (as an art or business.) **प्र** before, **घरु** to go, **क** aff.

**प्रघल** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. What goes much or widely. 2. Current, circulating, customary. 4. Shaking, trembling. **प्र** before, **घल्** to go, **चच्** aff.

**प्रघलत्** mfn. (-लत्-लती-लत्) 1. Going, proceeding far or much. 2. Prevailing, circulating, being customary or current. 3. Being recognised, (as authority or law, &c.) **प्र** before, **घल्** to go, **इह** aff.

**प्रघलन** n. (-नं) 1. Moving, going much or widely. 2. Circulating, being customary or current. **प्र** before, **घल्** to go, **चुट्** aff.

**प्रघलाक** m. (-कः) 1. A peacock's tail. 2. Archery, shooting with arrows. 3. A snake. **प्र** before, **घल्** to go, aff. **वाकच्**.

प्रबलाकिन् m. (-की) 1. A snake. 2. A peacock. E. प्रबलाक a peacock's tail, and इनि aff.

प्रबलायित mfn. (तः-ता-तं) Rolling about, tossing, tumbling, (as in sleep.) ; Nodding the head, while asleep in a sitting posture. E. प्र before, बल् to go, in the causal form, aff. क् ।

प्रबलित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Gone far or wide, wandering, roving. 2. Set in motion, shaken. 3. Current, customary, circulating, prevailing. 4. Recognised, received, (as authority or law, &c.) 5. Rolling (as the eye). E. प्र before, बल् to go, क् aff.

प्रबाय m. (-यः) Gathering anything with the hand. E. प्र, बि to collect, बज् aff.

प्रबायिका f. (-का) Gathering in turn.

प्रचार m. (-रः) 1. Going, proceeding. 2. Custom, usage, 3. Conduct. 4. Currency. 5. Appearance, manifestation. 6. A Pasture-ground. 7. A play-ground. 8. A path, a foot-path. E. प्र before, चर् to go, चज् aff. [to go, aff. चज् ।

प्रचाल m. (-जः) The stick or body of the Vin'a or lute. E. प्र before, चर् ।

प्रचालन n. (-नं) Stirring, moving, shaking.

प्रचित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Collected, gathered together. f. (ता) Plucked. 2. Amassed, accumulated. 3. Covered. n. (-तं) A species of the Dandaka metre. E. प्र before, चि to assemble, क् aff.

प्रचर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Much, many. f. (-रः) Abundant, plentiful. 2. Replete with, abounding in, (at the end of a compound.) m. (-रः) A thief. E. प्र before, चर् to steal, क् aff.

प्रचरप्रचर mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Abounding with men, populous, numerous. m. (-चः) A thief. E. प्रचर्, and प्रचर् a man.

प्रचरीकरण n. (-णं) Adding to, augmenting, increasing. E. प्रचर् and करण making, चि augment.

प्रचरीकृत mfn. (तः-ता-तं) Augmented, in quantity or number. E. प्रचर्, and कृत made, चि augment.

प्रचेतस् mfn. (ताः-ताः-तः) Happy, delighted. m. (-ताः) 1. VARUN'A, the regent of water. 2. The name of a saint and law-giver. m. plu. (-तः) The ten sons of PRACHI'NAVARHI by the daughter of VARUN'A, and the progenitors of DAKSHA. E. प्र best, first, चेतस् the heart.

प्रचेत m. (-ता) A charioteer. E. प्र before, चि to collect, (the reins,) aff. लृप् ।

प्रचेल m. (-लः) A yellow fragrant wood. E. प्र before, चेल् to go, aff. चप् ।

प्रचेलक m. (-कः) A horse. E. प्र well, fast, चेल् to go, क् aff.

प्रचोद m. (-दः) Inciting, instigating.

प्रचोदन n. (-नं) 1. Saying, enjoining, prescribing. 2. Sending, directing. 3. A rule or law. E. प्र before, बुद् to direct, क् aff.

प्रचोदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Prescribed, directed. 2. Sent. 3. Determined. 4. Instigated, incited. E. प्र thoroughly, बुद् to direct, aff. क् ।

प्रचोदिनी f. (-नी) A prickly nightshade, (Solanum jacquini) E. प्र before, बुद् to send, affs. ल्यु and डीप् । [क् aff.

प्रचुत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Fallen from, deviated from. E. प्र before, चु to fall, क् ।

प्रच्छ (ची) प्रच्छी r. 6th cl. (प्रच्छति) 1. To ask or inquire. 2. To desire, to know. With चतु to question about ; with चा 1. To ask. 2. To take leave of. With परि to ask. [aff. चप् ।

प्रच्छद m. (-दः) A cover, a wrapper. E. प्र completely, छद् to cover, क् aff.

प्रच्छदपट m. (-टः) A cover, a wrapper, either of a person or thing, as a cloak, a veil, a sheet, a curtain, &c. E. प्रच्छद a cover, and पट cloth.

प्रच्छना f. (-ना) Asking, addressing, inviting. E. प्रच्छ to ask, aff. युच् ।

प्रच्छन्न mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्नं) 1. Covered, clothed. 2. Unavowed, disguised. 3. Private, concealed, secret. n. (न्नं) 1. A private door within a house. 2. A lattice, a loop hole. 3. Any private door. E. प्र before, छद् to hide, aff. क्, what is concealed or secret. ["covertly."

प्रच्छन्नम् It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "Secretly,"

प्रच्छर्द n. (-नं) 1. Vomiting. 2. An emetic. E. प्र, छर्द-च्युट् aff.

प्रच्छर्दिका f. (-का) Vomiting, sickness. E. प्र violently, छर्द to vomit, aff. लृप् ।

प्रच्छादन n. (-नं) 1. An upper or outer garment. 2. Covering, concealing. E. प्र completely, छद् to cover, aff. ल्युट् ।

प्रच्छादित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Covered, clothed, hidden, concealed. E. प्र before, छद् to cover, aff. क् ।

प्रच्छाय n. (-यः) Thick shade, a shadowy place.

प्रच्छिन्न f. (-न्ना) Dry. E. प्रच्छ-वा° इच्छच् ।

प्रच्छव m. (-वः) 1. Fall, ruin. 2. Improvement, growth. E. प्र-च्य-चच् ।

प्रच्छवण n. (-णं) Dropping, oozing. [flight, routed.]

प्रच्युत f. (-तः) Adj. 1. Fallen from. 2. Displaced, degraded. 3. Put to ruin. f. (-ति) 1. Fall, ruin. 2. Loss, deprivation.

प्रज m. (-जः) A husband. E. प्र before, जन् to be born, ज् aff. who is re-born in his children : see प्रजा ।

प्रजन mn. (नः-नं) 1. Impregnating, begetting. 2. Impregnation or pregnancy of cattle in general. 3. The season for a cow's taking the bull, &c. m. (-नः) 1. A progenitor, an impregnator. 2. Bringing forth, bearing. E. प्र before, जन् to be born, चज् aff.

प्रजनन n. (-नं) 1. The vulva. 2. Birth, production. 3. Going well or quickly. 4. Procreation. 5. Semen. E. प्र before, जन् to be born, aff. लृट् । [account of.]

प्रजनायम् Adv. Ind. For the sake of procreation. E. प्रजन, and चयं on प्रजिका f. (-का) A mother. E. प्र before, जन् to be born, aff. लृट् ।

प्रजनिष्पु mfn. (-पुः-पुः-पुः) 1. Being born or produced. 2. Producing, generating. 3. Growing or standing, (as corn.) E. प्र before, to जन् to be born, इच्छच् aff.

प्रजनुक m. (-कः) The body. E. प्र-जन्-वा° उक् ।

प्रजल्प m. (-ल्पः) 1. Prattle, gossip. 2. Talking heedlessly to a lover. E. प्र and जल्प talking. It is thus described in Va'chaspatya. "चतुर्थी-मदयुता योऽवधीरणसुदया । प्रियस्य कौशिकोद्धारः प्रजल्पः स तु कथ्यते ॥"

प्रजल्य n. (-नं) Talking, speaking.

प्रज्व m. (-वः) Great speed. E. प्र before, ज्व quickness.

प्रज्विन् mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) Swift, speedy. m. (-वी) A runner, a courier, an express. E. प्र before, ज्व speed, aff. इनि ।

प्रजा f. (-जा) 1. Progeny, offspring. 2. People, subjects. 3. Propagation, generation. 4. Semen. 5. Mankind. E. प्र before, जन् to be born, affs. ज् and टाप्. This word changed with प्रजस् when used as the last member of a Bahubrihi compound with च, दस् or सु as the first member. [desire.]

प्रजाकाम mfn. (-मः-मा-कं) Desirous of offspring. E. प्रजा, and काम

प्रजागर m. (-रः) 1. Waking, watching. 2. A guardian. 3. A name of Krishn'a. E. प्र before, जागर wakefulness.

प्रजातनु m. (-नुः) A race.

प्रजाता f. (-ता) A woman who has born a child. E. प्र before, जात born, (from whom.) [power.]

प्रजाति f. (-ति) 1. Procreation, propagation. 2. Delivery. 3. Procreative

प्रजाद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) 1. Who or what gives offspring. 2. What removes barrenness, (as a medicine, &c.) E. प्रजा, and द what gives.

प्रजादान n. (-नः) Silver. E. प्रजा people, and दान gift. [धर्म duty.]

प्रजाधर्म m. (-र्मः) The duty of children or of subjects. E. प्रजा and

प्रजानत् mfn. (-नत्-नन्ती-नन्) 1. Sensible, intelligent. 2. Knowing, understanding. f. (-नती) A sensible woman. E. प्र before, ज्ञा to know, aff. शट् ।

प्रजानिषेक m. (-कः) Impregnation. [from जा with क् aff.]

प्रजाप m. (-पः) A king. E. प्रजा people, subjects, and प who protects,

प्रजापति m. (-तिः) 1. A name of BRAHMA'. 2. The epithet common to the ten divine personages, who were first created by BRAHMA' ; they are also termed Brahma'dikas, and their names are MARICHI, ATRI, ANGIRAS, PULASTYA, PULAHA, KRATU, PRACHE'ras, VASISTHA, BHRIGU, and NA'KADA : some authorities make the



Praja'patis only seven in number, others reduce them to three, such as DAKSHA, NA'RAPADA, and BHRIGU, and others make them twenty-one. 3. A king, a sovereign. 4. A father. 5. A son-in-law, a daughter's husband. 6. The sun. 7. Fire. 8. A name of VISWAKARMA, the architect of gods. ९. प्रजा people or the world, and पति master. [be born, प्रणि aff.]

प्रजायिनी f. (-नी) A mother, or bearer of children. ९. प्र before, जन् to be born, प्रणि aff.

प्रजावत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Having progeny. 2. Having subjects. f. (-ती) 1. A brother's wife. 2. The wife of an elder brother. 3. A mother. ९. प्रजा offspring, and वत् poss. aff.

प्रजावृद्धि f. (-द्धिः) Increase of progeny. ९. प्रजा and वृद्धि-increase.

प्रजाहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Favourable or good for children or subjects, &c. kind to them, useful to them, &c. n. (-त्) Water. ९. प्रजा people and हित friendly, useful. [aff. form irr.]

प्रजिन m. (-नः) Air, wind. ९. प्र before, जि to surpass or overcome, ज्ञा

प्रजीवन n. (-नं) Livelihood, subsistence. ९. प्र, and जीवन living.

प्रजुष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) Strongly attached to, devoted to, intent on. ९. and जुष् to serve, aff. क्।

प्रजेवर m. (-रः) A king. ९. प्रजा subject, and ईश्वर lord.

प्रज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञं) 1. Wise, learned; also प्राज्ञ. 2. Bandy-legged, having the knees far apart: see प्रज्ज. f. (-ज्ञा) 1. A clever or sensible woman. 2. Understanding, wisdom, knowledge. 3. The goddess of arts and eloquence, SARASWATI. 4. Discrimination, judgment. 5. Power of device or design. ९. प्र before, ज्ञा to know, aff. क्।

प्रज्ञप्ति f. (-प्तिः) 1. An appointment, an agreement, an engagement. 2. Teaching doctrine. (-प्ती) One of the Vidya' De'vi's of the Jains. ९. प्र before, ज्ञा to know, causal v., aff. क्तिन्।

प्रज्ञाकाय m. (-यः) A Buddha saint; also MANJUGHO'SHA. ९. प्रज्ञा knowledge, कै to sound, क्त् aff.

प्रज्ञावचुस् m. (-चुः) A name of DHRTARA'STRA. Adj. Blind, having the understanding as the only eyes. ९. प्रज्ञा and वचुस् the eye: being physically blind.

प्रज्ञात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Known, understood. 2. Famous, notorious. 3. Distinct, clear. ९. प्र, and ज्ञात known.

प्रज्ञान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Wise, learned. n. (-नं) 1. Knowledge, wisdom. 2. A mark, a sign, a token. ९. प्र exceeding, ज्ञान knowledge.

प्रज्ञाल f. (-ला) Wise, prudent.

प्रज्ञावत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Wise, intelligent. ९. प्रज्ञा, and वत् aff.

प्रज्ञाहृष्ट Adj. Old in wisdom. [void of.]

प्रज्ञाहीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Silly, unwise, ignorant. ९. प्रज्ञा, and हीन

प्रज्ञन् m. (-ज्ञी) A sage, a scholar, a wise or learned man. ९. प्रज्ञा wisdom, aff. णि।

प्रज्ञित f. (-ज्ञा) Prudent.

प्रज्ज mfn. (-ज्जः-ज्जा-ज्जं) Bandy-legged, having the knees far apart. ९. प्र separate, जानु the knee, and ज्ज substitute - also प्रज्ज।

प्रज्वलन n. (-नं) Blazing up, flaming.

प्रज्वलित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Blazing, radiant. 2. Burnt. ९. प्र implying excess, ज्वलित burning. [causal v., क्त् aff.]

प्रज्वालित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Lighted, kindled. ९. प्र before, ज्वल् to blaze,

प्रजीन n. (-नं) 1. Flying, rapidly, or flying in every direction. 2. Taking flight, beginning to fly. ९. प्र intensitive, जीन flying.

प्रज्ज mfn. (-ज्जः-ज्जा-ज्जं) Old, ancient. ९. प्र substituted for पुराण, and ज्ज aff.

प्रज्ज m. (-ज्जः) The point of a nail.

प्रज्ज mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Bending, bowed, humble, stooping, inclined. 2. Skilful, clever. ९. प्र before, जम् to bow, aff. क्।

प्रज्जवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Bowing, bent, bowed. ९. प्र before, जम् to bow down, क्त् aff.

प्रज्जवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Inclined, stooping, having the head or top bowed. ९. प्रज्ज, and शिरस् the head.

प्रज्जति f. (-तिः) 1. Salutation, reverence, obeisance. 2. Courtesy. ९. before, जम् to bow, क्तिन् aff.

प्रज्जदन n. (-नं) Sounding, sound. [काल]

प्रज्जदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sounded, sounding. ९. प्र before, जद् to sound

प्रज्जन्त mfn. (-जन्-जन्ती-जन्तं) Bowing to, saluting with reverence or respect. ९. प्र before, जम् to bow, जद् aff. [काल inserted]

प्रज्जन्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Bending. ९. प्र before, जम् to bow, क्त् aff. with

प्रज्जय m. (-यः) 1. Affection, friendly or fond regard. 2. Acquaintance

3. Asking, begging. 4. Affectionate solicitation. 5. Final emancipation or beatitude. 6. Trust, confidence. 7. Reverence, obeisance

8. Favour, kindness. ९. प्र before, जी to get, aff. क्त्।

प्रज्जयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्तं) 1. Leading, conducting. 2. Dispensing. 3. Decreeing, awarded. ९. प्र and जी to lead, जद् aff.

प्रज्जयन n. (-नं) 1. Leading, conducting. 2. Dispensing, distributing. 3. Sentencing, awarding. 4. Bringing. 5. Executing. 6. Writing, composing. ९. प्र before, जी to guide, क्त् aff.

प्रज्जयमान m. (-नः) Lover's quarrels. ९. प्रज्जय and मान indignation.

प्रज्जयवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Attached to, loving. ९. प्रज्जय, and वत् aff.

प्रज्जयवृत्तुख Adj. Declined to friendship. [विहति rejecting]

प्रज्जयविरुद्धि f. (-तिः) Denial, refusal, non-compliance. ९. प्रज्जय requiring,

प्रज्जयापराध m. (-धः) An offence against love.

प्रज्जयिन् mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) 1. Affectionate, kind. 2. Intimate, familiar. 3. Beloved, dear. 4. Desirous of. m. (-यी) 1. A husband or lover. 2. A favourite. 3. A suitor. f. (-यिनी) A wife or mistress. ९. प्रज्जय affection, णि poss. aff.

प्रज्जयोन्मुख Adj. Impatient through love.

प्रज्जयन्त n. (-नं) Dancing. ९. प्र before, ज्जन् to dance, क्त् aff.

प्रज्जय m. (-यः) 1. The mystical name of the Deity, or syllable "Om." 2. A small kind of drum or tabor. 3. A name of Vishnu. ९. प्र before, ज्ज to praise, aff. क्त्। [काल]

प्रज्जयक m. (-कः) The mystical name of the Deity. ९. प्रज्जय, and क्त्

प्रज्जयन्त mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्तं) 1. Perishing, falling away. 2. Endeavouring to escape. ९. प्र before, जम् to destroy, aff. जद्।

प्रज्जय f. (-सा) Adj. Having a prominent nose.

प्रज्जयि f. (-यी) Intervention, interposition.

प्रज्जय m. (-यः) 1. A loud noise, especially expressing approbation or delight, a huzza, a shout. 2. A low sound expressive of great pleasure, a murmur or sigh of rapture. 3. A cry for help. 4. Neighing, bringing. 5. A disease of the ear, a noise or buzzing in the ear from thickening of the membranes, &c. ९. प्र much, and जद् sound.

प्रज्जय m. (-यः) Respectful or reverential salutation, addressed especially to a Brahman or deity. ९. प्र before, जम् to bow, aff. क्त्।

प्रज्जयक m. (-कः) A leader, a chief.

प्रज्जय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Devoid of passion or desire. 2. Disobedient, disagreeing. 3. Upright, straight, in rectitude. 4. Beloved. ९. प्र away, जी to go, aff. क्त्।

प्रज्जाल mf. (-लः-ली) 1. An issue from a pond, drain, a watercourse. 2. An uninterrupted series. ९. प्र before, जल् to bind, aff. क्त्; also with क्त् added in the fem. form प्रज्जालिका f. (-का)

प्रज्जय m. (-यः) Loss, destruction. ९. प्र before, जम् to be destroyed, क्त् aff.

प्रज्जयन n. (-नं) Destruction, annihilation.

प्रज्जयिन् mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) Destroying. ९. प्र before, जम् to be destroyed, causal v., क्त् aff.

प्रज्जयन्त mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्तं) Preparing or threatening to strike. ९. प्र and नि before, ज्जन् to strike, aff. जद्।

प्रज्जयित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Kissed. ९. प्र, क्त् to kiss, क्त् aff.; also read प्रज्जयित्।

प्रज्जयितव्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be kissed, what may or ought to be kissed. ९. प्र before, क्त् to kiss, क्त् aff.; also read प्रज्जयितव्य।

प्रविधान n. (-नं) 1. Great effort, stress, energy. 2. Profound religious meditation. 3. Access, entrance. 4. Respectful behaviour. 5. Application, use. 6. Renunciation of the fruits of actions. इ. प्र and नि and prefixed to चा to have, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविधि m. (-धिः) 1. A spy, a secret agent or emissary. 2. Asking, solicitation or request. 3. Care, attention. 4. A follower. इ. प्र and नि before, चा to have, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविन्दन् mfn. (-दन्-दन्-दन्) Sounding deep or like thunder. इ. प्र and नि before, नद् to sound, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविनाद m. (-दः) A deep sound, that of thunder or its like. इ. प्र and नि before, नद् to sound, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य n. (-नं) Saluting, bowing or doing homage to. इ. प्र and नि before, वत् to go, aff. क्त्वा । [before, वत् to go, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Bowed down in reverence, saluting. इ. प्र and नि before, वत् to go, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य Ind. Having bowed down or in reverence, having saluted respectfully. इ. प्र and नि before, वत् to go, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य m. (-तः) 1. Salutation, reverence, obeisance. 2. Falling at one's feet, prostration. इ. प्र and नि before, वत् to go, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य m. (-तः) A magical formulæ pronounced over weapons.

प्रविपत्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Delivered, entrusted, consigned. 2. Obtained, received, acquired. 3. Acknowledged, admitted. 4. Placed, fixed, deposited. 5. Prudent, advised, careful, wary. 6. Determined, decided. 7. Having the mind concentrated. 8. Spied out. 9. Stretched forth. इ. प्र and नि before, चा to have, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Dressed, (as food.) cooked, &c. 2. Made, done, constructed. 3. Thrown, cast, sent. 4. Entered, approached. 5. Proper, fit. 6. Said, declared. 7. Delivered, given, presented. 8. Decreed, sentenced, awarded. 9. Advanced, promoted. 10. Executed, accomplished. 11. Taught. 12. Composed, written, m. (-तः) Fire consecrated by prayers or mystical formulæ. f. (-ता) A vessel used at sacrifices, a sort of cup. n. (-तं) Condiment. इ. प्र before, नी to get, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Praised, celebrated. इ. प्र before, वत् to praise, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य f. (-ता) Adj. Driven away, repelled.

प्रविपत्य mfn. (-जन्-जन्-जन्) Enjoining, directing, who or what commands or enjoins. इ. प्र before, नद् to command, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य mfn. (-जन्-जन्-जन्) 1. Shaking, trembling. 2. Sent, despatched. 3. Driven away. 4. Set in motion. इ. प्र before, नद् to sound, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य m. (-तः) 1. A leader. 2. The promulgator of a doctrine. 3. An author.

प्रविपत्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Docile, submissive, agreeable. 2. To be accomplished. 3. To be settled. इ. प्र before, नी to lead, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य m. (-दः) 1. Directing, ordering. 2. Guiding, driving, (as horses.) इ. प्र before, नद् to send, aff. क्त्वा । [before, नद् to send, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Ordered, directed. 2. Driven, guided. इ. प्र and नि before, वत् to go, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Spread over, covered. 2. Stretched out.

प्रविपत्य f. (-तिः) 1. Spreading, expansion. 2. A creeping plant. इ. प्र before, तन् to spread, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य f. (-ती) A creeping plant. इ. क्त्वा added to the preceding.

प्रविपत्य mfn. (-नः-नी-नं) Old, ancient. इ. प्र prior, with युक्त्वा aff. and तन् augment.

प्रविपत्य mfn. (-नः-नी-नं) 1. Thin, delicate, minute. 2. Small, puny. 3. Slender, emaciated. 4. Insignificant. इ. प्र, and वत् thin.

प्रविपत्य n. (-नं) Making warm.

प्रविपत्य f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Heated. 2. Tortured, tormented.

प्रविपत्य m. (-तः) Crossing, crossing over. इ. प्र + त्-वत् ।

प्रविपत्य m. (-कं) Conjecture, supposition. [to reason, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य n. (-चं) Reasoning, discussion, doubt, logic. इ. प्र before, तन् to repel, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य n. (-नं) Repelling. इ. प्र + त्-वत् ।

प्रविपत्य m. (-चः) The open hand with the fingers extended. n. (-कं) One

of the seven principal divisions of the lower regions. इ. प्र exceeding, तन् lowness, &c.

प्रविपत्य m. (-चः) 1. Spreading, expansion. 2. A shoot, a tendril. 3. A low spreading creeper. 4. A disease, fainting, epilepsy. 5. Ramification. इ. प्र before, तन् to spread, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य mfn. (-नी-नी-नी) Spreading, extending. f. (-नी) A spreading creeper. इ. प्र before, तन् to spread, aff. क्त्वा, and इति and क्त्वा added.

प्रविपत्य m. (-चः) 1. Majesty, dignity, glory, possession of rank and power. 2. Spirit, valour, energy. 3. Splendour, brilliancy. 4. Warmth, glowing. Heat. इ. प्र before, तन् to shine, aff. क्त्वा । "चक्रे हवे च ।"

प्रविपत्य m. (-चः) Name of a hell. n. (-नं) 1. Inflicting pain or punishment, burning, consuming. 2. Paining, distressing. इ. प्र before, तन् to heat, aff. क्त्वा । [इ. प्रताप and वत् aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Majestic, glorious. 2. An epithet of Si'va.

प्रविपत्य m. (-सः) A species of gigantic Aesclepias, with white flowers. इ. प्रताप heat, वी to destroy, aff. क्त्वा । "प्रतापकं हवे ।"

प्रविपत्य mfn. (-वी-पिनी-वि) 1. Shining, splendid. 2. Dignified, powerful. 3. Burning. 4. Distressing. इ. प्रताप, and इति aff. [desire, क्त्वा aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य mfn. (-तन्) 1. Desiring. 2. Being afflicted. इ. प्र before, तन् to cross, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य m. (-तः) 1. Crossing over. 2. Carrying over, bearing over. 3. Deceit, fraud. इ. प्र before, तन् to cross, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य m. (-कः) A cheat. इ. प्र before, तन् to cross, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य m. (-च-चा) 1. Fraud, cheating, deceit, over-reaching, trick. 2. Carrying over. इ. प्र before, तन् to cross, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Cheated, deceived, tricked. इ. प्र before, तन् to pass over, (to overreach,) aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रति Ind. As a prefix to verbal themes it means,—1. In the direction of, towards. 2. In opposition to. 3. Back, in return. 4. Down upon. As a prefix to nouns not immediately derived from verbs it means,—1. Likeness, resemblance. 2. Rivalry.

As a particle and prefix it means,—1. Substitution, (instead, in lieu ; ) as प्रत्यक्षः केशवात् प्रति. 2. Several order, (severally, each by each ; ) as हच प्रति सिद्धति ; प्रतिवेद each Ve'da ; प्रतिदिन every day ; प्रतिदिन each opening ; प्रतिगर्भ every birth ; प्रत्यक्ष one by one. 3. Direction, (to, towards, upon ; ) as हच प्रति विद्योतते विद्युत्. 4. Belonging to, (as a part or portion.) 3. Exchange, return, (again, back again,) as तिलैः प्रति माषान् यच्छति. 6. A little, &c. as प्राक्प्रति, उपप्रति. 7. Opposition, in place, as प्रतियुग् against the sun, प्रतिवात against the wind. 8. With respect to, चनेकभाष्यं, प्रत्याह. 9. In proportion to, as त्वं सङ्ख्याय प्रति. 10. In the vicinity of, by the side of, as गङ्गा प्रति. 11. At the time of, as फाल्गुनं प्रति. 12. Concerning, as वक्रविवाहं प्रति कर्मसाक्षी. इ. प्र to be famous, उक्ति aff. ; in the following compounds the final र् of प्रति is optionally long, before derivatives formed with चच्, as प्रतिहार or प्रतीहार &c. [tituted for कार्पाप, and यक् aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रतिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Worth sixteen Pans of Cowries. इ. प्रति substitution, (instead, in lieu ; ) as प्रत्यक्षः केशवात् प्रति. 2. Several order, (severally, each by each ; ) as हच प्रति सिद्धति ; प्रतिवेद each Ve'da ; प्रतिदिन every day ; प्रतिदिन each opening ; प्रतिगर्भ every birth ; प्रत्यक्ष one by one. 3. Direction, (to, towards, upon ; ) as हच प्रति विद्योतते विद्युत्. 4. Belonging to, (as a part or portion.) 3. Exchange, return, (again, back again,) as तिलैः प्रति माषान् यच्छति. 6. A little, &c. as प्राक्प्रति, उपप्रति. 7. Opposition, in place, as प्रतियुग् against the sun, प्रतिवात against the wind. 8. With respect to, चनेकभाष्यं, प्रत्याह. 9. In proportion to, as त्वं सङ्ख्याय प्रति. 10. In the vicinity of, by the side of, as गङ्गा प्रति. 11. At the time of, as फाल्गुनं प्रति. 12. Concerning, as वक्रविवाहं प्रति कर्मसाक्षी. इ. प्र to be famous, उक्ति aff. ; in the following compounds the final र् of प्रति is optionally long, before derivatives formed with चच्, as प्रतिहार or प्रतीहार &c. [tituted for कार्पाप, and यक् aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रतिक m. (-कः) 1. An adversary.

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प्रतिक m. (-कः) 1. An adversary.

प्रतिकाय m. (-यः) 1. A butt, a mark ; the effigy of a man, for archers to practise at. 2. An effigy, an image, a picture. ३. प्रति again, and काय the body ; a repetition or reflection of the form.

प्रतिकार m. (-रः) 1. Revenge, requital, retribution, retaliation. 2. Remedy, counteracting. 3. Remedy, prevention. 4. Opposition. ३. प्रति again, against, and कार making ; also प्रतीकार ।

प्रतिकाश mfn. (-यः या शं) Like, resembling, (used in composition.) m. (-यः) 1. Look, appearance. 2. Reflection. ३. प्रति to or again, and काश or कास what shines : also प्रतीकाश, प्रतिकास, and प्रतीकास.

प्रतिकास mfn. (-यः-या-सं) Like, (in composition :) see the last.

प्रतिकर्तव्य m. (-यः) An opponent in a game. [कृ aff.]

प्रतिकृति mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Bent, curved. ३. प्रति, and कृचि to be curved, प्रतिकृञ्चर m. (-रः) A hostile elephant.

प्रतिकूप m. (-पः) A moat, a ditch. ३. प्रति implying little, and कूप a well.

प्रतिकूल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Contrary, adverse, cross-grained, reverse, inverted. 2. Contradictory, cross, perverse. 3. Inauspicious. 4. Unpleasant, disagreeable. ३. प्रति for प्रतीप averted, and कूल a bank or shore.

प्रतिकूलम् Ind. 1. Contrarily. 2. Inversely, in an inverted order.

प्रतिकूलता f. (-ता) Opposition, hostility. ३. प्रतिकूल, and तन् aff. ; also with ल, प्रतिकूललम् ।

प्रतिकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Requited, returned. 2. Counteracted. 3. Remedied. ३. प्रति, and कृत made.

प्रतिकृति f. (-तिः) 1. An effigy, a figure, an image, a picture, a reflection, a shadow, a reflected image. 2. Retaliation, return, revenge. 3. A substitute. ३. प्रति again, &c. and कृति making.

प्रतिगृह mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) 1. Inferior, low, vile. 2. Twice ploughed, or ploughed back again. 3. Repulsed, rejected. 4. Hidden, concealed. ३. प्रति against, and गृह drawn.

प्रतिक्रम m. (-मः) Inverted order.

प्रतिक्रिया f. (-या) 1. Return, requital. 2. Retaliation. 3. Remediating, counteracting. 4. Embellishment, decoration. 5. Protection. 6. Help, succour ३. प्रति, and क्रिया act.

प्रतिगृह f. (-हः) Adj. Miserable, poor.

प्रतिक्रोध m. (-धः) Anger in return. [and चण an instant.]

प्रतिक्षण Adv. n. (-ण) Momentarily, every moment. ३. प्रति, several order,

प्रतिक्षय m. (-यः) A guard, an attendant. ३. प्रति against, क्षय injury.

प्रतिक्षिप्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Dismissed, rejected, turned away. 2. Sent, despatched. 3. Opposed, repelled, resisted. 4. Abused, reviled. 5. Calumniated, falsely accused. ३. प्रति again, against, and क्षिप्त thrown, sent.

प्रतिशुन n. (-नं) Sneezing, wheezing. ३. प्रति repeatedly, शुन sneezing.

प्रतिक्षेप m. (-पः) 1. Rejection. 2. Contradiction. 3. Contest.

प्रतिगत m. (-तः-ता-तं) Flying backwards and forwards, wheeling in flight. ३. प्रति repetition, and गत gone ; going and coming.

प्रतिगमन n. (-नं) Returning, going back.

प्रतिगच्छन् mfn. (-च्छन्-च्छन्-तो-च्छन्) 1. Echoing, reverberating. 2. Murmuring, rebelling. ३. प्रति before, गच्छ to growl, गच्छ aff.

प्रतिगर्जना f. (-ना) Raring against.

प्रतिगर्हित f. (-ता) Adj. Blamed.

प्रतिगात्रम् Ind. In every limb.

प्रतिगिरि m. (-रिः) Any inferior mountain, or any thing like a mountain. ३. प्रति, and गिरि a hill. [३. प्रति, गृह् to take, कृ aff.]

प्रतिगृहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Taken, accepted. 2. Admitted. 3. Married.

प्रतिगृहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Who takes or accepts, an acceptor, a receiver. ३. प्रति before, गृह् to take, गृह् aff.

प्रतिगृह्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be taken, what may be accepted, &c. Ind. 1. Having taken. 2. Bringing up the rear. ३. प्रति, and गृह् to take, कृ or कृप् aff.

प्रतिगृह्य m. (-हः) 1. Acceptance, assent. 2. Proper donation to Bra'h-

mans, whatever is a fit present to a Bra'hman at suitable period.

3. The acceptance of such a gift. 4. Friendly reception. 5. Favor.

6. Marrying. 7. A spitting-pot. 8. The reserve of an army, detachment posted with the general four hundred yards in the rear of the line. 9. The sun near the moon's node. ३. प्रति again &c. and गृह taking.

[taking]

प्रतिगृह्य n. (-यं) 1. Receiving presents. 2. Marrying. ३. प्रति, and गृह्

प्रतिगृह्यणीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be taken or accepted. ३. प्रति, गृह् take, कृणीय aff.

प्रतिगृह्य m. (-हः) 1. A spitting-pot. 2. Accepting gifts. ३. प्रति before गृह् to take, कृ aff.

प्रतिगृह्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be accepted or taken. ३. प्रति, and गृह taken, कृत् aff.

प्रतिगृह्य Ind. In every house.

प्रतिगृह्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Adverse, inimical. m. (-यः) 1. Wrath, rage. 2. Mutual boating, combat, fighting. 3. Fainting. 4. An enemy. 5. Opposition. ३. प्रति again, severally, and गृह striking.

प्रतिगृह्य m. (-तः) 1. A return blow, repulse, rebound. 2. Warding off a blow. 3. Preventing, prohibiting. ३. प्रति before, गृह् to kill aff. दिक्-भावे-चत् । [गृह् to kill, aff. कृत्]

प्रतिगृह्य n. (-नं) 1. Repulsing. 2. Killing, slaughter. ३. प्रति mutually

प्रतिगृह्य mfn. (-ता-ति-तो-ति) 1. Repelling, repulsing. 2. Hostile opposed to. ३. प्रतिगत, and हनि aff.

प्रतिगृह्य n. (-नं) The body. ३. प्रति again, नृ what destroys.

प्रतिगृह्य mfn. (-नं-न-न-न-न) 1. Opposing, impeding. 2. Destructive. 3. Hostile. ३. प्रति before, गृह् to kill, गृह aff.

प्रतिगृह्य m. (-हः) A mock-moon.

प्रतिगृह्य Ind. In every Vedic school or branch.

प्रतिगृह्य f. (-यः) Desire of retaliation or revenge.

प्रतिगृह्य n. (-नं) Thinking repeatedly, considering, meditating upon ३. प्रति, and चिन्ता to think, aff. कृत् ।

प्रतिगृह्य m. (-हः) 1. A reflected image, any image, a picture, a statue. 2. A substitute. ३. प्रति again, कृदि to cover, aff. कृत् ; also with कृ added प्रतिगृह्यक n. (-कं)

प्रतिगृह्य n. (-नं) A cover, a piece of cloth for a covering.

प्रतिगृह्य f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Covered, enveloped. 2. Hidden, concealed. 3. Furnished with.

प्रतिगृह्य f. (-या) 1. An image, a statue, a bas-relief, a picture. 2. A reflected image, a shade or shadow. ३. प्रति again, कृया a shadow.

प्रतिगृह्य m. (-हः) Opposition, resistance. ३. प्रति, and कृद cutting.

प्रतिगृह्य f. (-हा) The forepart of the leg, the thigh. ३. प्रति before, and कृहा the thigh.

प्रतिगृह्य m. (-हः) A reply, an answer. [कृत् talking.]

प्रतिगृह्य m. (-कः) Reply in assent, respectful concurrence. ३. प्रति, and प्रतिगृह्य m. (-रः) Attention, watchfulness. ३. प्रति towards, and गृह watchful.

प्रतिगृह्य f. (-हा) The uvula, or soft palate. ३. प्रति again, or like, जिह्वा the tongue ; also with कृ added in the fem. form, प्रतिगृह्यिका (-का)

प्रतिगृह्य n. (-नं) Resuscitation. ३. प्रति again, जीवन् living.

प्रतिगृह्य f. (-या) 1. Promise, agreement, engagement, assent. 2. Admission, acknowledgment. 3. Declaration, affirmation. 4. (In logic.) The proposition, the assertion to be proved. 5. A plaint, (in law.) ३. प्रति mutually, ज्ञा to know, aff. कृत् ।

प्रतिगृह्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Promised, agreed. 2. Admitted, acknowledged. 3. Propounded, asserted. ३. प्रति mutually, ज्ञात known.

प्रतिगृह्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be promised. 2. To be assented to. ३. प्रति before, ज्ञा to know, तस्य aff. [know, कृत् aff.]

प्रतिगृह्य n. (-नं) Promise, agreement, assent. ३. प्रति before, ज्ञा to

प्रतिगृह्य n. (-रः) A subsequent proposition on failure of the first, (in logic.) ३. प्रतिज्ञा, and चत्तर difference.

प्रतिज्ञापवक n. (-कः) A bond, a written contract. E. प्रतिज्ञा agreement, and प्रतिज्ञा Ind. Having promised. E. प्रति before, ज्ञा to know, अप aff.  
 प्रतिज्ञाविरोध m. (-धः) 1. Denial of a logical proposition. 2. Acting contrary to promise or agreement. E. प्रतिज्ञा, and विरोध opposition.  
 प्रतिज्ञाविवाहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Promised in marriage, betrothed. E. प्रतिज्ञा, and विवाहित married.  
 प्रतिज्ञासत्यास m. (-सः) 1. Abandonment of the original proposition, (in logic.) 2. Breaking a promise. E. प्रतिज्ञा, and सत्यास quitting.  
 प्रतिज्ञाहानि f. (-निः) Giving up the argument. E. प्रतिज्ञा, and हानि abandoning.  
 प्रतिज्ञेय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be promised or accepted. m. (-यः) The reciter or pronouncer of a panegyric, the proclaimer of rank and titles, a herald, a bard, a panegyrist. E. प्रति before, ज्ञा to know, यत् aff.  
 प्रतिज्ञासिद्धान्त m. (-न्तः) Conclusion or notion adopted by each disputant severally. E. प्रति severally, तत्त्व truth, and सिद्धान्त conclusion.  
 प्रतिज्ञान Adv. n. (-न्) 1. According to each Tantra. 2. According to each opinion, &c. E. प्रति and तन्त्र a doctrine.  
 प्रतिज्ञातर m. (-रः) An oarsman, a sailor.  
 प्रतिज्ञात m. (-तः) A kind of air or melody. f. (-ली) The key of a door or padlock, or an instrument to open a door. E. प्रति relating to, तान् tune, or a lock, fem. aff. डौप् ।  
 प्रतिज्ञाग्रन्थ n. (-न्थः) Seeing, perceiving.  
 प्रतिज्ञान n. (-नः) 1. The return or re-delivery of a deposit. 2. Barter, exchange. 3. Giving back or in return for. E. प्रति again, दान a giving.  
 प्रतिद्वन्द्व n. (-न्वः) 1. War, battle. 2. Splitting. E. प्रति reciprocally, and द्वन्द्व tearing. [a day.  
 प्रतिदिन Adv. n. (-नः) Every day, day by day. E. प्रति severally, and दिन  
 प्रतिदिवस m. (-सः) 1. The sun. 2. The day. E. प्रति severally, दिव् to shine, Una'di aff. कनिन्; also with the vowel lengthened, प्रतिदीवन् ।  
 प्रतिदिश Adv. n. (-शः) Every where, all around. E. प्रति, and दिश् a quarter.  
 प्रतिदृष्ट f. (-ष्ट) Adj. Come in sight, become visible.  
 प्रतिद्वय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be returned, to be given back, or as an equivalent. n. (-यः) 1. A pledge, a pawn. 2. An article purchased and given back. E. प्रति again, द्वय to be given.  
 प्रतिदेवतम् Ind. For every deity.  
 प्रतिद्वन्द्व n. (-न्वः) Opposition, hostility. m. (-न्तः) 1. An opponent, an adversary, a rival. 2. An enemy. E. प्रति against, द्वन्द्व a couple.  
 प्रतिद्वन्द्व mfn. (-न्वः-न्वी-न्वी-न्वः) Hostile, an enemy. E. प्रतिद्वन्द्व, and द्वन्द्व aff.  
 प्रतिधावन n. (-नः) Assailing, attacking.  
 प्रतिध्वज m. (-जः) A horse harnessed by the side of another.  
 प्रतिध्वनि f. (-निः) Echo, reverberated sound. E. प्रति, and ध्वनि sound.  
 प्रतिध्वन्य f. (-न्यः) Adj. Down cast. [ध्वन्य sound.  
 प्रतिध्वन्य m. (-नः) Echo, reiterated or repeated sound. E. प्रति again,  
 प्रतिध्वन्य n. (-नः) Greeting, congratulating. E. प्रति + नन्द्-भाव ल्यट् ।  
 प्रतिपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) A great grandson, a son's grandson. E. प्रति again, repeated, and नृप् a grandson.  
 प्रतिपुत्र mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. New, young, fresh, recent. 2. Newly blown or budded. E. प्रति intensive prefix, and नव new.  
 प्रतिपुत्री f. (-पुत्री) A branch-vein.  
 प्रतिपुत्र m. (-यः) Echo, resonance. E. प्रति, and पुत्र sound. [पुत्र aff.  
 प्रतिपुत्र mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Echoing, re-sounding. E. प्रतिपुत्र, and प्रतिपुत्र m. (-कः) The adversary of the hero of a poetic composition.  
 प्रतिपुत्र m. (-यः) A flag, a banner.  
 प्रतिपुत्र m. (-यः) 1. A resemblance of a real form, an image, a statue, &c. 2. A surety. 3. A substitute. E. प्रति again, या to have, with नि prefix, कि aff.  
 प्रतिपुत्र m. (-यः) An echo, a reverberation. E. प्रति, and पुत्र sound.  
 प्रतिपुत्र m. (-नः) A general rule.

प्रतिनिर्जित f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Rescinded. 2. Vanquished.  
 प्रतिनिर्देश f. (-शः) Adj. That which, though stated before, is repeated in order to give some further information about it, viz : - (The attribute तत्त्व in "उदेति सविता तामसाद्य एवात्ममिति च") E. प्रति + निर्देश-कर्मणि-ल्यट् ।  
 प्रतिनिर्घात n. (-नः) Retaliation, retribution.  
 प्रतिनिर्घात n. (-नः) 1. Turning back or away from. 2. Returning. E. प्रति, and निर्घात before, हन् to be, ल्यट् aff.  
 प्रतिनिर्घात f. (-घातः) Adj. 1. Hardened. 2. Obstinate.  
 प्रतिनिर्घात m. (-घातः) A confirmed blockhead.  
 प्रतिनिर्घात mfn. (-नः-ता-तं) 1. Turned away from, desisted from, leaving, withdrawn from. 2. Come back, returned. E. प्रति and निर्घात before, हन् to be, क्त aff.  
 प्रतिनिर्घात Adv. n. (-घातः) By night, every night. E. प्रति, and निर्घात a night.  
 प्रतिनिर्घात m. (-घातः) Repelling, repulse.  
 प्रतिनिर्घात m. (-यः) A king of the lunar race, father of SA'NTANU, and grandfather of BHISHMA &c.: See प्रतीप. E. प्रति severally, and प who cherishes.  
 प्रतिपक्ष m. (-पक्षः) 1. An enemy, (figuratively used in the sense of "equal" "similar".) 2. A respondent, an opponent. 3. A defendant. E. प्रति against, and पक्ष a part, a party.  
 प्रतिपक्ष Adj. 1. Containing a contradiction. 2. Nullified by a contradictory premiss, (as a Hetu.)  
 प्रतिपक्षिन् m. (-क्षिन्) An adversary, an opponent.  
 प्रतिपक्षिन् f. (-निः) 1. Fame, renown, reputation. 2. Gaining, getting, obtaining, acquirement. 3. Action, worldly practice or activity, as opposed to religious contemplation. 4. Use, application, profit. 5. Arrogance, audacity, confidence. 6. Knowledge, perception, observation, determination, ascertainment. 7. Elevation, exaltation, promotion, acquirement of rank or dignity. 8. Acknowledgment, assent, admission, acceptance. 9. Inspiring trust or confidence, satisfying, shewing in proof. 10. Respectful or affectionate behaviour. 11. Purpose, design. 12. Comprehending, including. 13. Distribution, disposal. 14. Giving, presentation. 15. Intellect, intelligence. 16. Inclination, tendency. 17. Method, means. 18. Promotion, preferment. 19. Proof, conviction. 20. Undertaking, commencement. 21. Resolution. 22. Procedure, act of proceeding. 23. Knowledge of what to do. 24. Blinding, misleading, deceiving. 25. Throwing (Ghee) on the fire, or images into a sacred stream, or any similar rite from which no advantage is expected. E. प्रति severally or towards, &c. पद् to go, aff. क्तिन् ।  
 प्रतिपक्षिन् m. (-क्षिन्) A large drum; the state drum allowed only to chiefs of a certain rank. E. प्रतिपक्षिन् celebrity, and पक्षिन् a drum.  
 प्रतिपक्षिन् mfn. (-क्षिन्-क्षिन्-क्षिन्) Obstinate, unyielding. E. प्रतिपक्षिन्, and पक्षिन् averse.  
 प्रतिपक्षिन् mfn. (-मान्-मती-मत्) 1. Active, prompt. 2. Celebrated. 3. High in rank. E. प्रतिपक्षिन्, and मत् aff.  
 प्रतिपक्षिन्विशारद Adj. Knowing what is to be done.  
 प्रतिपक्षिन् n. (-क्षिन्) A kettle-drum. E. प्रतिपक्षिन् rank, and तृय्य a musical instrument. "दग्ध् काष्ठा"  
 प्रतिपक्षिन् Ind. Along the road.  
 प्रतिपक्षिन् f. (-पक्षिन्) 1. The first day of a lunar fortnight, the first of the moon's increase or wane. 2. Beginning, commencement. 3. Understanding, intellect. 4. Rank, consequence. 5. A kettle drum. E. प्रति severally, पद् to go, and क्तिन् aff.  
 प्रतिपक्षिन् Ind. or n. adv. (-दं) 1. Step by step. 2. At every word. 3. Continually, every moment. E. प्रति, and पक्षिन् step.  
 प्रतिपक्षिन् f. (-दा or दी) The first day of a lunar fortnight.  
 प्रतिपक्षिन् mfn. (-क्षिन्-क्षिन्-क्षिन्) 1. Known, understood, ascertained, determined. 2. Promised, engaged, assented to, accepted. 3. Overcome,

conquered, subdued. 4. Obtained, gained. 5. Done, effected, accomplished. 6. Undertaken. 7. Replied. 8. Acknowledged, admitted. 9. Proved, demonstrated. **प्रति** again, and **पट्** to go, aff. क् ।

**प्रतिपाद्य** n. (-च) 1. Stake, gage, the thing played for. 2. A counter-pledge, the thing staked against another. **प्रति**, and **पण्** to have price, चञ् aff.

**प्रतिपाद्यम्** Ind. As regards each character.

**प्रतिपादम्** Ind. In each quarter.

**प्रतिपादक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. What produces effects, causes, &c. 2. Explanatory. f. (-दिक्) 1. Granting, bestowing. 2. Establishing, demonstrating. 3. Explaining, illustrating. 4. Furthering, promoting. **प्रति**, and **पट्** to go, causal v., चञ् aff.

**प्रतिपादन** n. (-नं) 1. Gift, donation. 2. Ascertaining, proving, establishing, determining, rendering clear or intelligible. 3. Action, worldly conduct or interest. 4. Accomplishing, effecting. 5. Producing, causing. 6. Expounding, explaining. 7. Repeated action, practice. **प्रति** severally, and **पट्** to go, causal v., aff. क् ।

**प्रतिपादित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Delivered, given. 2. Caused, produced. 3. Proved, explained, established. **प्रति** before, **पट्** to go, causal form, क् aff.

**प्रतिपादक** mfn. (-कः-को-कं) 1. Determining, ascertaining. 2. Making manifest or clear. 3. What causes or effects. **प्रति** before, **पट्** to go, causal v., चञ् aff.

**प्रतिपाप** Adj. Recompensing evil for evil.

**प्रतिपालक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what protects or defends. m. (-कः) 1. A king. 2. A protector. **प्रति** before, **पाल्** to protect, वृत् aff.

**प्रतिपालन** n. (-नं) 1. Protecting, defending, guarding, cherishing. 2. Following, practising. **प्रति** and **पाल्** to cherish, वृत् aff.

**प्रतिपालनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be cherished or protected. 2. To be observed or followed. **प्रति**, and **पाल्** to cherish, वृत् aff.

**प्रतिपालित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Cherished, protected. 2. Practised, followed. **प्रति** before, **पाल्** to cherish, क् aff.

**प्रतिपाल्य** mfn. (-जः-ज्या-जं) To be cherished or protected. **प्रति** before, **पाल्** to cherish, वृत् aff.; also **प्रतिपालितव्य** mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं)

**प्रतिपौडन** n. (-नं) Oppressing, molesting.

**प्रतिपुत्र** m. (-वः) 1. A deputy, a substitute. 2. A companion. 3. The effigy of a man which thieves push into a house to ascertain whether any body is awake. n. adv. (-चं) Every man, man by man. **प्रति**, and **पुत्र** a man. [who worships.

**प्रतिपूजक** m. (-कः) A reverer, one who does homage. **प्रति**, and **पूजक**

**प्रतिपूजन** n. (-नं) 1. Exchange of civilities, mutual obeisance or reverence. 2. Offering homage or respect. **प्रति**, and **पूजन** worshipping.

**प्रतिपूजित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Treated with reverence or respect. 2. Exchanged as civilities. **प्रति**, and **पूजित** worshiped.

**प्रतिपूज्य** Ind. 1. Having offered homage to. 2. Having exchanged respectful salutation. **प्रति**, and **पूज्** to worship, क् aff.

**प्रतिपूरण** n. (-चं) Filling, filling up.

**प्रतिपूर्वाह्नम्** Ind. Every forenoon.

**प्रतिप्रणाम** m. (-नः) A bow in return.

**प्रतिप्रदान** n. (-नं) 1. Returning, restoring. 2. Giving in marriage.

**प्रतिप्रयाण** n. (-च) Return, retreat. **प्रति**, and **प्रयाण** who goes.

**प्रतिप्रश्न** m. (-नः) 1. A question in return. 2. An answer.

**प्रतिप्रसङ्ग** m. (-वः) Precept for an act which under other circumstances is forbidden, a counter-exception or the application of the general rule to a case covered by an exception. **प्रति**, and **प्रसङ्ग** birth.

**प्रतिप्रवृत्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Re-enjoined, after having been forbidden. **प्रति**, and **प्रवृत्त** born.

**प्रतिपञ्च** n. (-नं) Leaping back.

**प्रतिफल** n. (-तः) 1. An image, a shadow, a reflection. 2. Return requital, retaliation. **प्रति**, and **फल** fruit.

**प्रतिफलन** n. (-नं) 1. A reflected image. 2. Requital, return. **प्रति**, and **फल** to bear fruit, क् aff.

**प्रतिफलित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Represented, reflected, shadowed. 2. Requite, returned. **प्रति**, and **फल** to bear fruit, क् aff.

**प्रतिफुल्लक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Flowered, blossoming, having flowers. 2. Full blown owarded. **प्रति** severally, **फुल्ल** blown, and **कन्** added.

**प्रतिवह** mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) 1. Disappointed, thwarted, crossed, vexed. 2. Obstructed, opposed, kept at a distance, prevented. 3. Set, inland. 4. Bound, tied. 5. Connected with, furnished with, entangled. 6. Inseparably connected, (In phil.) **प्रति** against, and **वह** bound.

**प्रतिवधक** m. (-कः) An opposer, an injurer. **प्रति**, **वच्** to kill, वृत् aff.

**प्रतिवन्ध** m. (-न्धः) 1. Obstacle, impediment. 2. Disappointment. 3. Resistance, opposition. 4. Blockade, siege. 5. Inseparable connection. **प्रति** against, **वन्ध** a binding.

**प्रतिवन्धक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Impeding, obstructing, an obstructor or opposer. 2. Binding. m. (-कः) A branch, a shoot. n. (-कं) An impediment. **प्रतिवन्ध** obstacle, aff. कन् ।

**प्रतिवन्धकारिन्** mfn. (-री-रिणो-रि) Who or what hinders, obstructs, &c. **प्रतिवन्ध**, and **कारिन्** who makes.

**प्रतिवन्धन** n. (-नं) 1. Obstructing, impeding. 2. Lending, confinement. **प्रति**, and **वन्ध्** to bind, क् aff.

**प्रतिवन्धि** f. (-न्धी) An argument equally applicable to the opposite side. **प्रति** + **वन्ध्** or **वन्धि** optionally added : also **प्रतिवन्धि** and **प्रतिवन्धी**.

**प्रतिवन्धि** m. (-न्धिः or -न्धीः) Contradiction. **प्रति**, and **वन्ध्**, to blind, क् aff. see the last.

**प्रतिवन्धु** m. (-न्धुः) 1. The sons of a daughter. 2. Equal in rank.

**प्रतिवन्धु** mfn. (-न्धुः-न्धा-न्धं) 1. Able, adequate, powerful. 2. On equal strength. n. (-न्धुः) An hostile army. **प्रति** intensive prefix, and **वन्ध्** strong.

**प्रतिवधन** n. (-नं) Repelling, keeping off.

**प्रतिवाह** m. (-हः) The fore part of the arm.

**प्रतिवि** (वि) च्च (व्य) n. (व्यः-व्यः) 1. A reflection. 2. A picture.

**प्रतिविस्मयन** n. (-नं) Correspondence, comparison.

**प्रतिविस्मित** f. (-ता) Reflected, mirrored.

**प्रतिवृद्ध** mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) 1. Exalted, rendered prosperous or great. 2. Known, celebrated. 3. Wakened, awake. **प्रति** and **वृध्** to know, aff. क् ।

**प्रतिबोध** m. (-वः) 1. Waking, awaking. 2. Instructing. **प्रति** before, **बुध्** to know, चञ् aff.; also with क् aff. **प्रतिबोधन** ।

**प्रतिबोधित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Instructed, taught. 2. Awakened. **प्रति**, and **बोधित** taught.

**प्रतिभट** m. (-टः) A rival.

**प्रतिभषित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Answered, replied. **प्रति**, and **भषित** said.

**प्रतिभय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Formidable, fearful, frightful. n. (-यः) Fear. **प्रति** completely, and **भय** fear.

**प्रतिभा** f. (-भा) 1. Understanding, intellect, especially as opening or expanding. 2. Sharpness, brilliancy of conception. 3. Genius, especially poetic genius. 4. Light, splendour. 5. Reflected light. 6. Audacity, boldness, confidence, consequence. 7. An image. **प्रति** before, **भा** to shine, affs. ड and टाप् ।

**प्रतिभाज** n. (-जं) A share of small articles, as fruit, flowers, &c. paid daily to the Ra'ja' for household expenditure. **प्रति**, and **भाज** a share.

**प्रतिभात** f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Known, understood. 2. Luminous, bright.

**प्रतिभात** n. (-नं) 1. Boldness, audacity. 2. Brilliancy, light. 3. Intellect, understanding. 3. Presence of mind. **प्रति** before, **भा** to shine, क् aff.

प्रतिभाषन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Bold, prompt, audacious. 2. Bright, brilliant. ३. प्रतिभाष and सनुप् aff.  
 प्रतिभाषित mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Confident, bold, audacious. 2. Acquiring knowledge or experience. 3. Endowed with genius. ३. प्रतिभा confidence, चक्षित joined.  
 प्रतिभासुख mfn. (-खः-खो-ख) Confident, bold, arrogant. ३. प्रतिभा confidence, सुख the face. [भाव quality.  
 प्रतिभाष m. (-वः) Corresponding character or disposition. ३. प्रति, and प्रतिभाषन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Confident, bold. 2. Knowing, shrewd. 3. Bright, luminous. m. (-वान्) 1. The sun. 2. The moon. 3. Fire. ३. प्रतिभा light, lustre, सनुप् aff.  
 प्रतिभाषन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Social. ३. प्रतिभाव, and सनुप् aff  
 प्रतिभाषा f. (-षा) An answer, a reply.  
 प्रतिभाषन n. (-नं) Look, appearance. [Look, appearance.  
 प्रतिभासा m. (-साः) 1. Occurring to the mind at once. 2. Illusion. 3. प्रतिभासा f. (-निः) 1. Loss or absence of knowledge, want of sense. 2. Dulness, darkness. ३. प्रतिभा knowledge, and हानि abandonment.  
 प्रतिभिन्न mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्न) 1. Separated, divided. 2. Pierced through. 3. Closely connected. ३. प्रति before, भिद् to break, क् aff.  
 प्रतिभू m. (-भूः) A surety, a bail. ३. प्रति implying substitution, भू to be, aff. क्प् ।  
 प्रतिभेदन n. (-नं) 1. Piercing, cutting, penetrating. 2. Separating, dividing. 3. Putting out, (as the eyes.) ३. प्रति before, भिद् to break, क्प् aff.  
 प्रतिभोग m. (-गः) Enjoyment.  
 प्रतिभ mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Like, resembling, (in composition) f. (-मा) 1. A resemblance, a figure, an image, a picture. 2. An idol. 3. The part of an elephant's head between the tusks. 4. Similarity, Similitude. 5. Measure, extent. ३. प्रति against, मा to measure, चङ् and टाप् aff.  
 प्रतिबिम्ब n. (-बिम्बः) An eccentric orbit.  
 प्रतिबिम्बा f. (-ता) Reflection, image, shadow. ३. प्रतिबि, and तल् aff. ; also with ल, प्रतिबिम्ब ।  
 प्रतिबिम्बिन् Ind. In every house.  
 प्रतिबिम्ब m. (-म्बः) An antagonist.  
 प्रतिबिम्ब n. (-नं) 1. Resemblance, an image, picture. 2. An idol. 3. A model. 4. Likeness, similarity. 5. A reflection. 6. A weight. 7. The part of an elephant's head between the tusks. ३. प्रति before, मा to measure, aff. क्प् ।  
 प्रतिबिम्बमान m. (-गः) The part of an elephant's head between the tusks. ३. प्रतिमान, and भाग part.  
 प्रतिभाषा f. (-षा) Counter spell, counter-charm.  
 प्रतिभाषणक m. (-कः) The city of HARIS' CHANDRA. ३. प्रति contrary, मार्ग a road, and क्प् aff. ; having come back part of the way to earth, after being raised to heaven.  
 प्रतिभाषा f. (-षा) An exercise analogous to capping verses, reciting verse for verse, (as a trial of memory or skill.) ३. प्रति against, माता a garland.  
 प्रतिभाषन् Ind. Every month, monthly.  
 प्रतिभिन्न n. (-वः) An enemy, an adversary.  
 प्रतिभुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) 1. Clothed, put upon, worn, armed, accoutred. 2. Thrown mutually or at one another. 3. Loosed or liberated repeatedly. 4. Released. 5. Hurling, flung. ३. प्रति against, सुच् to loosen, aff. क् ।  
 प्रतिभुक्त n. (-क्तः) (In dramatic composition), A secondary plot or incident, calculated either to promote or obstruct the catastrophe. adv. n. (-क्तः) 1. In front, before, in presence. 2. Near. ३. प्रति, and सुख the face.  
 प्रतिभुक्तान्त mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्त) 1. Come before, or in front of. 2. Run against. ३. प्रतिभुक्त and आन्त come.

प्रतिभुक्ता f. (-ता) A counter-seal.  
 प्रतिभुक्तन् Ind. Every moment.  
 प्रतिभुक्ति f. (-क्तिः) An image, a likeness.  
 प्रतिभुक्ति f. (-क्ता) A kind of rat.  
 प्रतिभेन्दु m. (-न्दुः) The image, reflection or resemblance of the moon. ३. प्रतिभा and इन्दु the moon.  
 प्रतिभोच m. (-चः) Liberation, deliverance. [release.  
 प्रतिभोचन n. (-नं) Loosening, 2. Retaliating, retribution. 3. Liberation, प्रतिभोच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Active, vigorous, diligent, making effort or exertion. m. (-चः) 1. Desire, wish. 2. Taking prisoner, making captive. 3. Comprehension. 4. Acting well or properly. 5. Acquiring a new virtue or accomplishment. 6. Making complete or perfect. 7. A making or preparing. 8. Retaliating, recrimination, revenge. 9. Opposition, counteraction. ३. प्रति much or against and यत् effort.  
 प्रतिभोचन n. (-नं) Requit, retaliation.  
 प्रतिभोचन f. (-नः) A resemblance of real forms, a picture, a statue, &c. ३. प्रति against, यत्नान् an applying.  
 प्रतिभोचन n. (-नं) Return, retreat.  
 प्रतिभुचप n. (-पः) The leader of a hostile herd of elephants.  
 प्रतिभोचन n. (-नं) 1. Opposition, contradiction, controversy. 2. Co-operation, association. 3. Existing, as the counterpart of anything. 4. A remedy, an antidote. ३. प्रति against, युज् to join, aff. चङ् ।  
 प्रतिभोचिता f. (-ता) 1. Mutual co-operation. 2. Opposition. 3. Existence as a counterpart. 4. Dependent existence. ३. प्रतिभोचिन्, and तल् aff.  
 प्रतिभोचिन् mfn. (-निः-निनी-नि) 1. Who or what impedes or opposes. 2. What co-operates with. m. (-नी) 1. An opponent. 2. A partner, an associate. 3. A counterpart. 4. Any thing or object dependent upon another and not existing without it. ३. प्रतिभोच, and हानि aff.  
 प्रतिभोच m. (-चः) An adversary in fight, an antagonist.  
 प्रतिभोचन n. (-चः) Preserving. ३. प्रति, and रक्षन् keeping.  
 प्रतिभोच m. (-चः) An opposite fighter in a war-chariot.  
 प्रतिभोच m. (-चः) Passion, rage, violent or passionate abuse. ३. प्रति before, रक्षि to sound, and चङ् aff.  
 प्रतिभोच m. (-चः) Quarrel. ३. प्रति + चङ्प् ।  
 प्रतिभोच m. (-चः) A hostile king.  
 प्रतिभोच n. (-चः) Every night. ३. प्रति repeatedly, and रात्रि for रात्रि night.  
 प्रतिभोच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Impeded, hindered. 2. Obstructed, opposed. 3. Surrounded, invested, blockaded. 4. Impaired. ३. प्रति before, हच् to oppose, क् aff. [desid. v., उ aff.  
 प्रतिभोच mfn. (-चः-चु-चु) Wishing to speak or tell. ३. प्रति, and हच् to cry, प्रतिभोच n. (-चः) A picture, an image, the counterpart of any real form. Adj. Corresponding, suitable, proper. ३. प्रति against, हच् form ; also with क्प् added, प्रतिभोच ।  
 प्रतिभोच mfn. (-चा-चु-चु) Who or what opposes, hinders, prevents, &c. ३. प्रति before, हच् to obstruct हच् aff.  
 प्रतिभोच m. (-चः) 1. Opposition, impediment. 2. An opponent. 3. Concealing, hiding. 4. Siege, blockade. 5. Theft, robbery. 6. Abuse, censure. ३. प्रति before, हच् to oppose, and चङ् aff. ; also with क्प्, प्रतिभोच ।  
 प्रतिभोचक m. (-कः) 1. A thief, a robber. 2. An obstacle. 3. An opponent. ३. प्रति severally, हच् to obstruct, aff. क्प् ।  
 प्रतिभोचिन् mfn. (-चिन्-चिनी-चि) Who or what obstructs, opposes, impedes, controverts, &c. m. (-चि) 1. A thief, a robber. 2. An opponent. ३. प्रति against, हच् to hinder, aff. चिनि ।  
 प्रतिभोचक n. (-चः) A mark, a sign, a token.  
 प्रतिभोचक m. (-चः) 1. Obtaining, getting. 2. Censure, reviling, abuse. ३. प्रति before, क्प् to sound, aff. चङ् ; also with क्प् aff. प्रतिभोचक ।  
 प्रतिभोचक m. (-चः) Taking back, obtaining back.  
 प्रतिभोचिन् f. (-चि) A transcript, a copy.  
 प्रतिभोचक mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Left, not right. 2. Reverse, inverted, contrary

to the natural course or order, against the hair or grain. 3. Hostile. 4. Low, vile, base, depraved. 5. In law, contrary to caste, (applied to the issue of a woman higher in caste than her husband.) ६. प्रति reverting, and लौमन् hair of the body, aff. चच् ।

प्रतिबोधक n. (-क) Inverted order.

प्रतिबोधन mfn. (-ज-जा-ज) Born in the inverse order of the classes, as of a Kshetriya father and Bra'hman mother, of a Vaisya father and Kshetriya or Bra'hman mother, &c. ३. प्रतिबोध, and ज born.

प्रतिवचन n. (-न) 1. A reply, an answer, a rejoinder. 2. An echo. ३. प्रति again, back again, and वचन speech.

प्रतिवचस् n. (-च) 1. An answer, a reply. 2. An echo. ३. प्रति again and वचस् speech.

प्रतिवत्सरम् Ind. Every year.

प्रतिवस्य m. (-य) A village. ३. प्रति before, वस् to abide, चच् aff.

प्रतिवस्तु n. (-स्तु) 1. An equivalent. 2. A parallel.

प्रतिवस्तूपमा f. (-मा) A figure of Speech.

प्रतिवाक्य mfn. (-क्य-क्या-क्य) Answerable, admitting or requiring an answer. n. (-क्य) A reply, an answer. ३. प्रति before, वाक्य a speech, or वाक् speech, and यत् aff.

प्रतिवाच्य f. (-वाच्य) An answer, a reply. ३. प्रति again, वाच्य speech.

प्रतिवाणि f. (-णि) 1. An answer. 2. A rejoinder. ३. प्रति before, वाणि speech. [wind.

प्रतिवात n. adv. (-त) To leeward, against the wind. ३. प्रति, and वात

प्रतिवाद m. (-द) 1. A rejoinder, a reply. 2. Refusal. ३. प्रति + वद-चच् ।

प्रतिवादिन् m. (-दो) 1. A defendant, a respondent, (in law.) 2. An opponent. ३. प्रति again and वादिन् who speaks.

प्रतिवाप m. (-प) Addition of substance to medicines, either during or after decoction. ३. प्रति and वप् to sow, चच् aff.

प्रतिवार m. (-र) Warding off.

प्रतिवारण n. (-ण) 1. Keeping back, warding off. ३. प्रति + वारि-च्यु ।

प्रतिवार्ता f. (-र्ता) Account, news, information.

प्रतिवासर n. adv. (-र) Day by day. ३. प्रति severally, and वासर a day.

प्रतिवासिन् mfn. (-सी-सिनी-सि) A neighbour, neighbouring. ३. प्रति near, about, and वासिन् who resides.

प्रतिविघात m. (-त) Striking back.

प्रतिविधान n. (-न) 1. Arrangement, array. 2. Counteracting, taking measures against. 3. Subsidiary, or substituted ceremony. ३. प्रति and विधान precept.

प्रतिविधि m. (-धि) 1. Retaliation. 2. A remedy.

प्रतिविम्ब n. (-म्ब) A resemblance or counterpart of real forms, as a picture, an image a shadow, &c. ३. प्रति back again, and विम्ब an image ; or प्रति + आचारि क्तिप् नामधातुः पर० चक० सेट् ।

प्रतिविम्बात m. (-त) A mirror. ३. प्रतिविम्ब and वात what goes.

प्रतिविशिष्ट f. (-ष्ट) Adj. Most excellent.

प्रतिविषा f. (-षा) A plant, commonly A'ta'ich or Atis, (Betula.) ३. प्रति against, and विष venom ; an antidote. [deity so named.

प्रतिविष्णु Ind. (-ष्णु) To or in place of VISHN'U. ३. प्रति, and विष्णु the प्रतिविष्णु m. (-कः) The muchkunda tree. [to have, क्त् aff.

प्रतिविहित mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Arranged, arrayed. ३. प्रति and वि before, वा प्रतिवीर्य n. (-र्य) Being a match for.

प्रतिवेलेम् Ind. On every occasion.

प्रतिवेश m. (-श) 1. The residence of a neighbour, a neighbouring house or neighbourhood. 2. A neighbour. ३. प्रति against, विश् to enter, aff. चच् । [and वासिन् who dwells.

प्रतिवेशवासिन् mfn. (-सी-सिनी-सि) Neighbouring, a neighbour. ३. प्रतिवेश,

प्रतिवेशिन् mfn. (-सी-सिनी-सि) A neighbour, neighbouring. ३. प्रतिवेश neighbourhood, रणि aff.

प्रतिवेश्य m. (-श) A neighbour.

प्रतिवर्तित Adj. f. (-ता) 1. Surrounded. 2. Rolled back.

प्रतिव्यूह m. (-ह) The array of an army against an enemy.

प्रतिवहनीय mfn. (-व-वा-व) To be ever held in fear or doubt. ३. प्रति and वहनीय to be apprehended.

प्रतिवह्ना f. (-वा) Constant fear or doubt. ३. प्रति and वह्ना fear.

प्रतिवह्द m. (-ह्दः) 1. Echo. 2. A roar.

प्रतिवहन m. (-नः) Cessation.

प्रतिवहन n. (-न) Laying down without food before any deity for the attainment of an object. ३. प्रति + व्री-मावे च्युट् ।

प्रतिवाप m. (-प) Curse for curses.

प्रतिवासन n. (-न) 1. Sending a servant on a message, ordering or dispatching an inferior after calling him to attend. 2. Giving orders. 3. Counter-authority. ३. प्रति severally, वासन ruling ; also प्रतिवाशि f. (-शिः)

प्रतिवाष्ट mfn. (-ष्ट-ष्टा-ष्ट) 1. Celebrated, famous. 2. Sent, ordered, dispatched. 2. Dismissed. ३. प्रति intensive, and वाष्ट celebrated, &c.

प्रतिशीन mfn. (-न-ना-न) Melted, fluid, dropping, oozing. ३. प्रति before, श्ये to drop, क्त् aff. [and टाप् ; also प्रतिश्याय ।

प्रतिश्या f. (-श्या) Catarrh. ३. प्रति before, श्ये to go, to run, affixes चच् ।

प्रतिश्याय m. (-य) Catarrh. ३. प्रति before, श्ये to go, to drop, aff. चच् ।

प्रतिश्रय m. (-यः) 1. An assembly. 2. A house, a dwelling. 3. An asylum, a place of refuge. 4. Help, assistance. 5. Promise. 6. A place of sacrifice, the room or building where the sacrifice is performed. 7. A place where food, &c. is given away. ३. प्रति completely, श्ये to serve, aff. चच् । [aff. चच् ।

प्रतिश्रव m. (-वः) Promise, assent, agreement. ३. प्रति before, श्रु to hear,

प्रतिश्रवण n. (-ण) 1. Assenting to, listening to, (with attention and obedience.) 2. Promising, agreeing. ३. प्रति, श्रु to hear, aff. छट् ।

प्रतिश्रुत् f. (-श्रुत्) 1. Repeated sound, echo. 2. Promise. ३. प्रति before, श्रु to hear, aff. क्तिप्, and लृक् added. [mutually, श्रुत heard.

प्रतिश्रुत mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Promised, assented, agreed, accepted. ३. प्रति

प्रतिश्रुति f. (-ति) A reverberation:

प्रतिश्रिष्ट mfn. (-ष्ट-ष्टा-ष्ट) 1. Forbidden, prohibited, disallowed. 2. Contradictory. ३. प्रति against, सिद्ध granted. [following.

प्रतिश्रिष्टसेवन n. (-न) Doing what is prohibited. ३. प्रतिश्रिष्ट and सेवन

प्रतिश्रिष्टसेविन् mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) Following or doing what is forbidden ३. प्रतिश्रिष्ट, and सेविन् who serves.

प्रतिश्रिह् mfn. (-ह-हा-ह) A prohibitor or prohibitive, prohibiting or forbidding. ३. प्रति before, सिद्ध to make complete, aff. टच् ।

प्रतिश्रिध m. (-धः) 1. Prohibition, forbidding, exception, contradiction. 2. Denial, refusal. ३. प्रति before, सिद्ध to be perfect, aff. चच् ।

प्रतिश्रिधक mfn. (-क-का-क) Who or what forbids, preventive, prohibitive. ३. प्रति before, सिद्ध to complete, खलु aff.

प्रतिश्रिधन n. (-न) Prohibiting, prohibition. 2. Denial, refusal. ३. प्रति, सिद्ध to complete, खलुट् aff.

प्रतिश्रिधाचर n. (-र) Denial

प्रतिश्रिधोक्ति f. (-क्तिः) Denial, refusal.

प्रतिश्रिधोपमा f. (-मा) A kind of Simile thus explained by Dandin :—

“न जातु शक्तिरिन्दोको मुखेन प्रति गर्जितम् ।

कञ्जहिनी जङ्गलेति प्रतिश्रिधोपमैव सा ॥”

But according to modern writers this would be a व्यतिरेक ।

प्रतिश्रिध m. (-धः) A spy, an emissary. ३. प्रति before, कच् to strike, aff. च, and लृक् augment.

प्रतिश्रिध m. (-धः) 1. A spy, a secret emissary, a Harkara. 2. A companion. 3. A leader, a precursor. 4. A whip, a leather thong. ३. प्रति before, कच् to hurt or kill, aff. चच् and लृक् augment ; if it is used attributively to imply the application of a whip, the augment is not inserted, as प्रतिश्रिधवाहः a horse that is whipped on.

प्रतिश्रिध m. (-धः) A whip, a leather thong. ३. प्रति before, कच् to hurt, aff. चच्, and लृक् augment.

प्रतिश्रिध m. (-धः) A spy, a messenger, an emissary. ३. प्रति before, वच् to go, aff. चच् and लृक् augment.



**प्रतिदृश्य mfn.** (-ञः-आ-ञ्) Obstructed, impeded, stopped. **३.** प्रति before, दृश् to hinder, aff. क् ।  
**प्रतिदृष्ट m.** (-ञः) Obstacle, impediment, opposition. **३.** प्रति before, दृश् to hinder, aff. चक् ; or प्रति + दृश्-भावे चक् बलम् ।  
**प्रतिष्ठ mfn.** (-ष्ठः-ठा-ष्ठ) Famous. **f.** (-ष्ठः) 1. Fame, celebrity. 2. The earth. 3. The accomplishment of a religious ceremony or any set of rites, especially those instituted for the attainment of supernatural and magical powers. 4. A form of metre, consisting of a stanza of four lines, of four syllables each : it is also applied to a form of the Ga'yatri, being a triplet of 8, 7, and 6 syllable lines, making altogether 21 syllables. 5. Place, scite. 6. Staying, standing, fixation. 7. Limit, boundary. 8. Accomplishment, completion, (in general.) 9. Consecration of a monument erected in honour of a deity, or of the image of a deity. 10. Endowment of a temple, portioning or marrying a daughter, &c. 11. Fixity, Strength, firm foundation. 12. Prop, support, Stay. 13. Rest, tranquillity. 14. A receptacle. 15. High authority, pre-eminence. **m.** (-ष्ठः) The father of SUPARSWA, the seventh Jain's pontiff. **३.** प्रति before, स्था to stay or stand, affs. चक् and टप् ।  
**प्रतिष्ठान n.** (-नः) 1. Site, situation. 2. Foundation. 3. Celebrity. 4. The capital of the early kings of the lunar dynasty, opposite to Alla'-ha'bad. 5. The capital of SA'LIBA'HANA on the Goda'vary, in the Dakshin. **३.** प्रति and स्था place. [causal v., छुट् aff.]  
**प्रतिष्ठापन n.** (-नः) Fixing, placing, locating. **३.** प्रति before, स्था to stay, प्रतिष्ठापित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Set up, located, fixed, erected. **३.** प्रति before, स्था to stay, causal v. क् aff.  
**प्रतिष्ठापय mfn.** (-यः-सु-य) Wishing or intending to stay or remain. **३.** प्रति before, स्था to stay, desid. v., छ aff.  
**प्रतिष्ठित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Famous, celebrated. 2. Completed, finished. 3. Consecrated. 4. Endowed, portioned. 5. Established in life, married, &c. 6. Placed, situated. 7. Established, fixed. 8. Applicable or applied to. 9. Comprised or included in. 10. Prized, valued. 11. Secured, acquired. **३.** प्रतिष्ठा as above, इत् aff.  
**प्रतिष्ठात mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Pure, (as a thread.) **३.** प्रति before, स्था to bathe, क् aff., in any other sense प्रतिष्ठात ।  
**प्रतिरूप m.** (-मः) 1. Reflection. 2. Reabsorption.  
**प्रतिबुद्धि f.** (-बुद्धि) Consciousness. **३.** प्रति + बुद्ध + बुद्ध-भावे चक् ।  
**प्रतिबुद्धि f.** (-बुद्धि) An accurate knowledge of anything.  
**प्रतिबुद्धि m.** (-रः) 1. Compression, diminution. 2. Comprehension, inclusion. 3. Withdrawing, taking back. **३.** प्रति, and बुद्ध before, ह् to take, चक् aff.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Comprehended, included. 2. Compressed, reduced in bulk. **३.** प्रति and बुद्ध collected.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध m.** (-रः) 1. Reabsorption. 2. Reabsorption of the world in Prakriti or in other words, the destruction of the world.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध m.** (-यः) A message sent in return.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध n.** (-नः) 1. Self-command, suppression of feeling for a time. 3. Praise, panegyric. 3. Meditating upon. 4. Joining together. 5. The period of transition between two ages. 6. A remedy, a means. **३.** प्रति and बुद्ध before, हा to have, aff. छट् ।  
**प्रतिबुद्धि m.** (-यः) 1. Reunion. 2. Cessation. 3. The period of transition between two ages. **३.** प्रति + बुद्ध + हा-क् ।  
**प्रतिबुद्ध Adj.** A match for.  
**प्रतिबुद्धाद्य n.** (-नः) A remedy, a cure. **३.** प्रति, बुद्ध and हा-क् before, हा to have, छट् aff.  
**प्रतिबुद्धाद्य n.** (-नः) 1. Resisting, withstanding. 2. The being a match for.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध mfn.** (-रः-ता-र) A servant, servile, dependent. **m.** (-रः) 1. The rear of an army. 2. A garland, a wreath. 3. A bracelet. 4. Cicatrizing or healing, (as a sore.) 5. A form of magic or incantation. 6. Daybreak, morning. **mn.** (-रः-र) 1. A string worn round the hand

at nuptials, &c. 2. Ornament, adorning. 3. The junction of the frontal sinuses of an elephant. **३.** प्रति before, ह् to go, aff. चक् ।  
**प्रतिबुद्ध m.** (-नः) 1. The portion of a Pura'n'a, which treats of the destruction and renovation of the world. 2. Secondary creation, or the creation of the world by the agency of BRAHMA'. and other divine beings regarded as the agents of one Supreme Being. 3. Dissolution. **३.** प्रति severally, ह् going. [the left].  
**प्रतिबुद्ध mfn.** (-यः-आ-य) Inverted, reverse. **३.** प्रति intensitive and चक्  
**प्रतिबुद्धाद्य m.** (-नः) A bard, a panegyrist. **३.** प्रतिबुद्धाद्य praise, and उक् aff.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध Ind.** Every-evening.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध n.** (-नः) 1. Repelling, repulsion. 2. Applying remedies to a wound. 3. An instrument for anointing a wound. **३.** प्रति, ह् to go, causal v., छट् aff.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Repelled, repulsed. 2. Dressed, as a wound. **३.** प्रति before, ह् to go, causal v., क् aff.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध f.** (-रः) An outer tent, a screen or wall of cloth. **३.** प्रति before, विष् to bind, affs. रक् and टप्, and the radical vowel made long.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध m.** (-यः) A lizard, a chameleon. **n.** adv. (-यः) 1. Opposite to the sun. 2. A mock sun. **३.** प्रति before, बुद्ध the sun.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध m.** (-नः) 1. A lizard, a chameleon. 2. The sun's disk. **३.** प्रति before or about, बुद्ध the sun, aff. क् ।  
**प्रतिबुद्ध mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Sent, dispatched. 2. Repulsed. 3. Celebrated. 4. Given. 5. Intoxicated. **३.** प्रति before, ह् to create, &c. aff. क् ।  
**प्रतिबुद्ध n.** adv. (-यः) Upon the shoulders. **३.** प्रति, and क् shoulder.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध mfn.** (-नः-ता-त) Bathed, washed. **३.** प्रति before, स्था to bathe, क् aff.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध m.** (-यः) A requital of love.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध n.** (-नः) Throbbing, vibration. **३.** प्रति, and चक् throbbing.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध f.** (-यः) Emulation, rivalry, the wish or effort to excel or overcome. **३.** प्रति definitive prefix, and चक् emulation.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध mfn.** (-यः-वि-वि-वि) 1. Envious, emulous, a rival. 2. Refractory, rebellious. **३.** प्रतिबुद्ध, and इत् aff. [प्रतिबुद्ध ।  
**प्रतिबुद्ध m.** (-यः) Catarrh. **३.** प्रति before, श्ने to drop, aff. चक् ; see  
**प्रतिबुद्ध n.** adv. Against the stream. **३.** प्रति, and क् current.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध m.** (-नः) Echo.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध m.** (-रः) Reverberation.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Disappointed. 1. Opposed, obstructed. 3. Fallen, overthrown. 4. Sent, despatched. 5. Hated, disliked. 6. Tied, bound. 7. Struck, hurt, killed, especially in return or requital. 8. Repulsed, repelled. 9. Reflected. **३.** प्रति before, ह् hurt or killed. [प्रति mind].  
**प्रतिबुद्ध mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Averse to hating, disliking. **३.** प्रतिबुद्ध, and  
**प्रतिबुद्ध f.** (-तः) 1. Repulse, rebound, beating back or again. 2. Disappointment. 3. Rebound. 4. Anger, wrath. **३.** प्रति, and इत् striking. [ह् striking].  
**प्रतिबुद्ध n.** (-नः) 1. Striking again, returning a blow, &c. **३.** प्रति, and  
**प्रतिबुद्ध mfn.** (-नः-ता-त) Being failed or disappointed. **३.** प्रतिबुद्ध to disappoint, pass, v., घातक् aff. [take, छट् aff.]  
**प्रतिबुद्ध n.** (-यः) Avoiding, shunning. **३.** प्रति before, ह् to  
**प्रतिबुद्ध m.** (-नः) A deputy, a substitute. **३.** प्रति, and ह् the hand ; also with क् added प्रतिबुद्ध ।  
**प्रतिबुद्ध m.** (-यः) The keeper of a brothel.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध m.** (-रः) 1. A door. 2. A door-keeper. 3. A juggler. 4. Trick, disguise. **३.** प्रति against, ह् to take, aff. चक् ।  
**प्रतिबुद्ध m.** (-नः) A juggler. **३.** क् added to प्रतिबुद्ध ।  
**प्रतिबुद्ध n.** (-यः) Entrance, permission to enter a door. **३.** प्रति before, ह् to take, causal v. छट् aff.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध f.** (-नि) A threshold.  
**प्रतिबुद्ध f.** (-नि) A female door-keeper.

**प्रतिहास** m. (-सः) 1. Returning a laugh, laughing with or at. 2. A shrub, (Nerium odorum.) **प्रति** intensive, **हस्** to smile, aff. **चञ्**, whence it is also **प्रतीहास** ।

**प्रतिहित** f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Fitted to. 2. Placed on.

**प्रतिहिंसा** f. (-सा) Retaliation, revenge. **प्रति**, and हिंसा injury.

**प्रतीक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Contrary, adverse. 2. Inverted, reversed, against the natural order or state. 3. Directed towards. m. (-कः) 1. A limb, a member. 2. A part, a portion n. (-कं) 1. the face. 2. The front. 3. An image. 4. The first word of a verse or sentence. **प्रति** before, **इ** to go, **इकञ्** aff.

**प्रतीति**कार m. (-रः) 1. Revenge, retaliation. 2. Remediating, obviating, correcting. 3. Remediating, administering medicines. **प्रति** against, (re), and कार making, re-action, the **इ** is made long in consequence of the aff. being **चञ्** ।

**प्रतीकाश** mfn. (-शः-शा-शं) Like, resembling, (in composition.) m. (-शः) 1. Look, appearance. 2. Reflection. **प्रति** before, काश् to shine, aff. **चञ्**; it is also written **प्रतिकाश** ।

**प्रतीक्षक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Expecting. 2. Looking at. **प्रति** before, **इच्** to see, **खञ्** aff.

**प्रतीक्ष्य** n. (-चं) 1. Looking to or at, considering, referring to. 2. Respecting. 3. Expecting, waiting for. **प्रति** before, **इच्** to see, **खञ्** aff.

**प्रतीक्षणीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be had in view, to be considered or regarded. **प्रति** before, **इच्** to see, **चनीयर्** aff.

**प्रतीक्षा** f. (-चा) 1. Reference, regard to, consideration, looking to or at. 2. Hope, expectation. 3. Waiting for. **प्रति** before, **इच्** to see, **चञ्** and टाप् affs.

**प्रतीक्षित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Contemplated, considered, had regard to. 2. Respected, honoured. 3. Expected, looked for, hoped. **प्रति** before, **इच्** to see, **क्** aff.

**प्रतीक्षिन्** mfn. (-ची-चिणी-चि) Expecting, looking or waiting for. **प्रतीक्षा**, and **इनि** aff.

**प्रतीक्ष्य** mfn. (-क्ष्यः-क्ष्या-क्ष्यं) 1. To be considered, to be had regard to. 2. To be expected, Ind. Having considered, having expected, &c. 3. Venerable, respectable. **प्रति** before, **इच्** to see, aff. **खञ्** or **खप्** ।

**प्रतीघात** m. (-तः) Warding off or returning as a blow. 2. Preventing, prohibiting. **प्रतिघात**, and the **इ** made long.

**प्रतीची** f. (-ची) The west quarter; see **प्रत्यक्ष** ।

**प्रतीचीन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. West, western, westerly. 2. Future, Subsequent. **प्रतीची** the west, and **खञ्** aff.

**प्रतीक्षक** m. (-कः) A receiver. [यत् aff.]

**प्रतीक्ष्य** mfn. (-क्ष्यः-क्ष्या-क्ष्यं) Western, west. **प्रतीक्ष** for **प्रत्यक्ष** west, and

**प्रतीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Famous, celebrated, renowned. 2. Known by the name of, called. 3. Glad, delighted, pleased. 4. Respectful. 5. Past, gone. 6. Proved, established. 7. Firmly determined. 8. Learned. 9. Believing in **प्रति** before, **इ** to go, aff. **क्** ।

**प्रतीति** f. (-तिः) 1. Knowledge, understanding. 2. Fame, renown. 3. Respect. 4. Delight. 5. Conviction. **प्रति** before, **इ** to go, aff. **क्** ।

**प्रतीप** f. (-ता) Adj. Given back.

**प्रतीषक** m. (-कः) A name of the Videha country.

**प्रतीप** mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) 1. Turned away, having the face averted. 2. Backwards, following an order or course the reverse of natural, against the grain or stream. 3. Retrograde, coming back. 4. Disobedient, refractory, perverse. 5. Cross, contradictory. 6. Disagreeable, displeasing. m. (-पः) The father of SA'NTANU, and grandfather of BHISHMA. n. (-चं) Comparing Upama's or a new object with Upameya or the established object, as with the moon, &c., inverse comparison. There are five forms of this figure according to some, and four according to others; some contend that it is not a

separate figure but a form of Upama'. **प्रति** before, **चप्** water, and the **च** changed to **इ** by special rule.

**प्रतीपन्** It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "against" as in ना **च** **प्रतीपं** मनः; secondly "in an inverted order."

**प्रतीपन** Adj. Going against, unfavourable.

**प्रतीपगमन** (-नं) n. Retrograde motion.

**प्रतीपतरङ्ग** n. (-चं) Sailing against the stream.

**प्रतीपदर्शिनी** f. (-नी) A woman. **प्रतीप** turning the face away, and

**प्रतीपवचन** n. (-नं) 1. Contradiction. 2. A perverse or evasive answer, a speech to a third person without replying to a previous speaker. **प्रतीप**, and **वचन** speech.

**प्रतीमान** n. (-नं) A measure of capacity. **प्रति**, and मा to measure, **कृट्** aff. and the vowel of the prep. made long.

**प्रतीयमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Being believed or trusted. **प्रति** before, **इ** to go, pass. v., मानच् aff. [इच् to go, **खञ्** aff.]

**प्रतीयिष्य** mfn. (-ष्यः-युषी-यस्) Coming back, returning. **प्रति** back, **प्रतीर** n. (-रं) A shore or bank. **प्रति** beyond, तीर shore, aff. **क्** ।

**प्रतीवाप** m. (-पः) 1. Calcining or fluxing metals. 2. Throwing one substance into another to alter its form or state. 3. Adding any thing to a medicine during or after decoction. 4. Mixing whey with milk. 5. A public danger or calamity, as a plague, &c. **प्रति** before, **वप्** to spread, aff. **चञ्**, whence the vowel of the prefix is lengthened. [प्रतिवेत् ।]

**प्रतीवेश** m. (-शः) A neighbouring residence, a neighbourhood; see

**प्रतीवेशिन** mfn. (-श्री-श्रीनी-श्री) A neighbour, living in the neighbourhood.

**प्रतीवेश** a neighbourhood, and **इनि** aff.; also **प्रतिवेशिन्** ।

**प्रतीहार** m. (-रः) 1. A door. 2. A porter, a warder. 3. An agreement for return of assistance, alliance, confederacy. f. (-री) A female door-keeper; (though this word is a feminine in form, is not necessarily so in sense.) **प्रति** severally, mutually, **इ** to convey, aff. **चञ्**; also **प्रतिहार** ।

**प्रतीहास** m. (-सः) A plant, (Nerium odorum.) **प्रति** before, **हस्** to smile, aff. **चञ्** ।

**प्रतुद** m. (-दः) 1. A bird of game, a falcon, a hawk, or rather one that kills or strikes with his beak, including also the owl, parrot, crow, raven, peacock, &c. 2. An instrument for pricking. **प्रति** before, **तुद** to torment, (with the beak,) and **क्** aff.

**प्रतुष्टि** f. (-ष्टिः) Satisfaction, gratification.

**प्रतुष्टु** mfn. (-ष्टुः-ष्टु-ष्टु) 1. Wishing to praise. 2. Wishing to prepare or make ready. **प्रति** before, **ष्टु** to praise, desid. v., **च** aff.

**प्रतुषी** f. (-षी) Pain shooting from the rectum along the bowels.

**प्रतुषं** mfn. (-षं-षी-षं) Quick, fleet. **प्रति** before, **षर्** to make haste, **क्** aff.

**प्रतीद** m. (-दः) 1. A long whip. 2. A goad. **प्रति** thoroughly, **तुद** to torment, aff. **चञ्** ।

**प्रतीली** f. (-ली) A high street, the principal road through a town or village. **प्रति** before, **तुल्** to weigh, aff. **चप्** नीरा० जीप् ।

**प्रतीलीक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Having a high street, (a town.) **प्रति** added to the last.

**प्रत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) 1. Given, presented. 2. Given in marriage, either betrothed or married. **प्रति** before, **दा** to give, aff. **क्**, form special.

**प्रत्तवत्** mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Giving, presenting. **प्रति** before, **दा** to give, **क्** aff.

**प्रत्त** mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) 1. Old, ancient. 2. Traditional, customary. **प्रति** here said to mean old, **वत्** aff. and **वे** rejected.

**प्रत्यक्ष** Ind. 1. Subsequent, behind, following in time or place. 2. In an opposite direction. 3. Against. 4. In the interior. 5. Uniform, unmixed. 6. Western. 7. Formerly, in old days; see **प्रत्यक्ष** ।

**प्रत्यक्षपत्रि** f. (-त्री) A plant, (Achyranthes aspera.) **प्रति** **प्रत्यक्ष**, uniform, and पत्रि a leaf. "अपामार्गः" ।

प्रत्यक्षपुष्पो f. (-यो) A plant, (*Achyranthes aspera*.) E. प्रत्यक्ष uniform, पुष्प a flower. "अयमसौ"।

प्रत्यक्षणी f. (-णी) 1. A plant, commonly Danti. 2. A plant, (*Salvinia encellata*.) E. प्रत्यक्ष western, and श्रेणी line or row. "मुद्रिकपत्रांशः"।

प्रत्यक्ष mfn. (-चः खा च) 1. Perceptible, perceivable, present, cognizable by any of the organs of sense. 2. Distinct, clear, evident. 3. Direct, immediate. 4. Corporeal n. (-चः) Ocular evidence, apprehension by the senses, perception, (considered as a mode of proof. In Phil.) E. च an organ of sense with प्रति indicative prefix.

प्रत्यक्षम् It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of:— 1. In the presence of, before. 2. Publicly. 3. Immediately, directly, personally; also similar words as प्रत्यक्षेण and प्रत्यक्षान्।

प्रत्यक्षज्ञान n. (-ज्ञ) Knowledge obtained by perception.

प्रत्यक्षतया Adv. Evidently, perceptibly. E. प्रत्यक्ष, and तस्य aff.

प्रत्यक्षदर्शन m. (-नः) A witness, an eye-witness. E. प्रत्यक्ष what is present, and दर्शन seeing.

प्रत्यक्षपदान् f. (-ना) Correct knowledge obtained through perception by the senses.

प्रत्यक्षप्रमाण n. (-ण) 1. Ocular proof, evidence of the senses. 2. An organ or faculty of perception. E. प्रत्यक्ष and प्रमाण proof.

प्रत्यक्षफल Adj. Having visible consequences. [become.

प्रत्यक्षमय mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Manifested, become visible. E. प्रत्यक्ष and भूत

प्रत्यक्षभोग m. (-गः) Enjoyment or use of any thing with the consciousness of the owner. E. प्रत्यक्ष, and भोग enjoyment.

प्रत्यक्षवादिन् m. (-दी) A Baudha. E. प्रत्यक्ष, and वादिन् who declares; admitting of no other evidence than actual presence.

प्रत्यक्षनिर्दिष्ट Adj. Expressly enjoined.

प्रत्यक्षिन् mfn. (-ची-चिणी-चि) Seeing, perceiving, conscious of what is perceptible. E. प्रत्यक्ष perceptible, and इति aff.

प्रत्यक्षीकरण n. (-च) Making manifest or apparent. E. प्रत्यक्ष, करण making, क् aff.

प्रत्यक्षीकृत mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Manifested, displayed, made present or visible. E. प्रत्यक्ष and कृत made, क् aff.

प्रत्यक्षोत्पत्ति Adj. Flowing towards the west. f. (-तः) An epithet of Narmada, the river.

प्रत्यक्षज n. (-ज) An inner organ.

प्रत्यक्षालम्बन m. (-लम्) The individual soul.

प्रत्यक्षाशापति m. (-तिः) A name of VARUN. E. प्रत्यक्ष west, आशा a quarter, पति regent or lord.

प्रत्यक्षदक्षिण f. (-दक्षिण) The north-west.

प्रत्यक्ष mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. New, fresh, recent. 2. Pre-purified. 3. Repeated. E. प्रति before, अय first.

प्रत्यक्षता f. (-ता) Newness, freshness. E. तत् added to प्रत्यक्ष; also with ल, प्रत्यक्षल।

प्रत्यक्ष्य m. (-यः) A country; also अक्षिप्र्यम्।

प्रत्यक्षवयस् n. (-यः) Youth. E. प्रत्यक्ष, and वयस् age.

प्रत्यक्ष m. (-ङ्) An organ of perception. n. Adv. (-ङ्) On the body, or the limbs severally. n. Subst. (-ङ्) 1. A minor member of the body, as the chin, nose, ear, &c. 2. A subdivision of science, &c. E. प्रति belonging to, अङ् the body.

प्रत्यक्षिणी f. (-रा) A form of Durga, one of the goddesses of the Tantrikas.

प्रत्यक्षमुख mfn. (-खः-खी-ख) Facing the west. E. प्रत्यक्ष, and मुख face.

प्रत्यक्ष or प्रत्यक्ष mfn. (-प्रत्यक्ष-प्रतीची or according to some प्रत्यक्षी-प्रत्यक्ष) 1. Behind or subsequent, following in time or place. 2. Turned away. 3. West, western. 4. Uniform, unmixed. E. प्रति before, अङ् to go, aff. द्विप् or त्रिप्; the neuter form is used as a particle: see प्रत्यक्ष्।

प्रत्यक्षन n. (-न) 1. Eating. 2. Food. E. प्रति before, अक्षन eating.

प्रत्यक्षनार n. Adv. (-र) Next in succession. E. प्रति, अक्षन without an interval.

प्रत्यक्षीक m. (-कः) An enemy. n. (-कः) Injuring one who cannot retaliate. E. प्रति against, अक्षीक an army.

प्रत्यक्ष mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Bordering, skirting, contiguous. m. (-तः) The country of the Mlechchhas or savages. E. प्रति about, अक्ष the end.

प्रत्यक्षपर्वत m. (-तः) A small hill near a mountain. E. प्रत्यक्ष skirting, and पर्वत a mountain.

प्रत्यक्षिज्ञान mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Recognised, known. E. प्रति, and अक्षि before, ज्ञा to know, aff. क्त।

प्रत्यक्षिज्ञान n. (-न) Recognition, knowing, recognising. E. प्रति and अक्षि before, ज्ञा to know, क् ट् aff.

प्रत्यक्षिभूत f. (-ता) Overcome, conquered.

प्रत्यक्षियुक्त f. (-क्ता) Aroused in return.

प्रत्यक्षिशोभन m. (-नः) A counter plaint or charge, an accusation brought against the accuser or plaintiff. E. प्रति against, अक्षिशोभन accusation.

प्रत्यक्षिवाद m. (-दः) Returning a salute or obeisance, the benediction of a teacher. E. प्रति (rel. अक्षिवाद salute; also प्रत्यक्षिवादन।

प्रत्यक्ष m. (-य) 1. Trust, faith, belief, confidence. 2. Oath, ordeal. 3. Cause, motive. 4. Usage, custom, practice. 5. Fame, celebrity. 6. Certainty, ascertainment. 7. Knowledge, apprehension. 8. A termination or an affix to roots and words forming derivatives and inflections, (in Gram.) 9. A dependent, a subject. 10. Instrument, means of agency, a helpmate or associate, applicable either to persons or things. 11. A householder who keeps a sacred fire. 12. Religious contemplation. 13. A hold. E. प्रति again, against, to or towards, इङ् to go, aff. अङ्। [causing.

प्रत्यक्षकारिणी f. (-णी) A seal, a signet. E. प्रत्यक्ष confidence, and कारिणी

प्रत्यक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Trusted, confidential. E. प्रत्यक्ष confidence, and इतच् aff.

प्रत्यक्षिन् mfn. (-ची-चिनी-चि) Trusting, believing, having faith in. E. प्रत्यक्ष, and इति aff.

प्रत्यक्ष n. (-च) 1. A reply, an answer, a counter-representation. 2. Opposition, hostility. f. (-चि) Useful, expedient. E. प्रति successive order, and अर्थ representation.

प्रत्यक्षक m. (-कः) An opponent.

प्रत्यक्षिन् mfn. (-ची-चिनी-चि) 1. Hostile, inimical. 2. Opposing, contradicting, rejecting. m. (-चि) 1. An enemy. 2. (In law.) A defendant. E. प्रति again, against (re), अर्थ meaning, intention, &c. इति aff.

प्रत्यक्षपण n. (-च) The returning of a thing. E. प्रति back, अपण delivering.

प्रत्यक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Returned, restored, re-delivered. E. प्रति again, अपण delivered.

प्रत्यक्षवर्णन m. (-नः) 1. Counsel, advice, injunction. 2. Profound contemplation. 3. A counter-conclusion. E. प्रति and अक्ष before, वर्णन to advise, वञ्च् aff.

प्रत्यक्षवर्णन m. (-वर्णः) Patience, constant in pursuit or exertion. E. प्रति, अक्ष before, वर्णन to bear, aff. वञ्च्।

प्रत्यक्षरोधन n. (-नः) Obstruction, hindrance.

प्रत्यक्षसान n. (-नः) Eating. E. प्रति and अक्ष prefixed to क्षी to destroy, aff. ल्यट्।

प्रत्यक्षवित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Eaten. E. प्रति, अक्ष before, क्षी to destroy, aff. क्त।

प्रत्यक्षवक्तृ m. (-तृः) A special plea at law; admission of a fact, but qualifying or explaining it so as not to allow it to be a matter of accusation. E. प्रति against, अक्ष before, वक्तृ to go, aff. वञ्च्; also with क् ट् aff. प्रत्यक्षवक्तृ।

प्रत्यक्षव्याज m. (-जः) An enemy. E. प्रति and अक्ष before, व्याज to stay, to oppose or encounter and वञ्च् aff.

प्रत्यक्षव्याज n. (-जः) 1. Former state or place, in status quo. 2. Removal.

3. Opposition, hostility. E. प्रति and अक्षव्याज situation.

प्रत्यक्षव्याज m. (-जः) 1. Withdrawal. 2. Universal destruction.

प्रत्यायय m. (-यः) 1. Sin. 2. Disappearance, either of what exists or non-production of what does not exist. 3. Reverse, contrary course or proceeding. 4. Disappointment. 5. Disarrangement. B. प्रति and आङ् before, ह् to go, aff. चञ् ।

प्रत्यवेक्षण n. (-च) Looking after, taking care of.

प्रत्यग्रम् n. (-ग्रम्) Red chalk. B. प्रति like, आङ् a stone. "गैरिके" ।

प्रत्यग्रस्य m. (-ग्र) 1. The setting of the sun. 2. End, cessation.

प्रत्यहम् Ind. 1. In the morning. 2. Day by day, every day. B. प्रति implying succession, and आङ् a day.

प्रत्याकार m. (-रः) A scabbard, a sheath. B. प्रति like, आकार form.

प्रत्याकलित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Interposed. 2. Introduced, as a step in legal process. B. प्रति and आङ् before, क् to go; क् aff.

प्रत्यालेपक f. (पिका) Deriding, treating scornfully.

प्रत्याख्यात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Removed, set aside. 2. Informed, apprised. 3. Discouraged, prohibited, forbidden. 4. Denied, refused. 5. Celebrated, notorious. B. प्रति before, आख्यात said, declared.

प्रत्याख्यान n. (-नं) 1. Rejection, refutation, disallowance, disregard. 2. Denial, refusal. 3. Reproach. B. प्रति reverse, आङ् before, ख्या to say and ख्यट् aff.

प्रत्याख्येय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be declined or refused. 2. To be refuted, denied, &c. B. प्रति and आङ् before, ख्या to speak, यत् aff.

प्रत्यागत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Come back, returned. 2. Arrived at. B. प्रति again, आगत come.

प्रत्यागम m. (-मः) 1. Return. 2. Arrival. B. प्रति, and आगम coming; also प्रत्यागमन ।

प्रत्यागार m. (-रः) Former place or state. B. प्रति, and आगार mansion.

प्रत्यादान n. (-नं) Resumption, receiving back.

प्रत्यादिष्ट mfn. (टः-टा-टं) 1. Removed, set aside. 2. Informed, apprised. 3. Warned, cautioned. 4. Declared, (as from heaven.) B. प्रति before, आदिष्ट shewn.

प्रत्यादिश m. (-शः) 1. Rejection, disallowance. 2. Information, apprising, informing. 3. Warning, caution. 4. Refusal, denial. 5. Putting to shame, obscuring. 6. Heavenly annunciation or declaration. B. प्रति, आङ् before, दिश् to shew, aff. चञ् ।

प्रत्यानयन n. (-नं) 1. Bringing back, recovering. B. प्रति, आङ् before, नी to lead, aff. ख् ट् ।

प्रत्यानिर्णीय mfn. (युः-यु-यु) Desirous of bringing back. B. प्रति and आङ् before, नी to bring, desid. v., उ aff.

प्रत्यानीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Brought back. B. प्रति and आङ् before, नी to obtain, क् aff.

प्रत्यापत्ति f. (-तिः) 1. Return. 2. Indifference to worldly objects.

प्रत्याप्राय m. (-यः) The fifth member of a complete syllogism, (the repetition of the first statement). B. प्रतिरूपतया आध्याये प्रति + आ + क्त कर्मणि चञ् । प्रतिनिधित्वेन विधीयमाने ।

प्रत्याय m. (-यः) A toll, a tax.

प्रत्यायन n. (-नं) 1. Murring. 2. Setting. B. प्रति + आ + रणिच् "णी गतिर बोधने" पातञ्जल उक्तेः न शमादेशः भावे ख् ट् । बोधने, विशासजनने च ।

प्रत्यालीढ mfn. (ढः-डा-ढं) Eaten. n. (-ढः) A particular attitude in shooting, the left foot advanced and right retracted. B. प्रति and आङ् before, लिङ् to lick, aff. क् ।

प्रत्यावर्तन n. (-नं) Returning, coming back. B. प्रति and आङ् before, ह् to go, ख् ट् aff.

प्रत्यावृत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Returned, come back. B. प्रति and आङ् before, ह् to go, क् aff. [hope.]

प्रत्याशा f. (-शा) Hope, expectation, desire. B. प्रति specific, and आशा

प्रत्याशित्व mfn. (-शी-शित्वे-ति) Hoping, expecting. B. प्रत्याशा, and शित्व aff.

प्रत्याश्रित f. (-श्रा) Revived refreshed, consoled.

प्रत्याश्रित m. (-श्रः) 1. Respiration. 2. Consolation.

प्रत्यासङ्कलित mfn. (लः-ता-लं) 1. Added to. 2. Ascertained, determined. B. प्रति and आङ् before, सङ्कलित added.

प्रत्यासक्ति f. (-क्तिः) 1. Close contact. 2. An agony.

प्रत्यासन्न mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्नं) Near, proximate, contiguous. B. प्रति before, आसन्न near.

प्रत्यास(वा)र m. (-रः) 1. The rear of an army. 2. An army behind an army. B. प्रति and आङ् before, ह् to go, चञ् aff.

प्रत्यासार m. (-रः) 1. The rear of an army. 2. A form of array. B. प्रति and आङ् before, ह् to go, aff. चञ् ; also प्रत्यासर ।

प्रत्याहत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Repelled, resisted, repulsed. B. प्रति, and आङ् struck.

प्रत्याहरण n. (-णः) 1. Restraining the organs of sense. 2. Taking back. 3. Withholding. B. प्रति and आङ् before, ह् to take, aff. ख् ट् ।

प्रत्याहरणीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be restrained or controlled. 2. Resumable, to be taken back. 3. To be withheld, &c. B. प्रति and आङ् before, ह् to take, चणीयर् aff. ; also प्रत्याहर्तव्य and प्रत्याहर्तव्य ।

प्रत्याहार m. (-रः) 1. Abstraction, insensibility, restraining the organs so as to be indifferent to disagreeable or agreeable excitement, (in Yoga Phil.) 2. Abridgement, compendium. 3. (In gram.) Combination of two or more letters of the alphabet to form a class of letters; the inclusion of a number of letters into one syllable effected by combining the first letter of a Sūtra with its final indicatory consonant;—as "चञ्" or "हञ्" in Pāṇini's gram. 4. Substitution of one thing for another. 5. Withholding. 6. Taking back. 7. Marching back, retreating. 8. The dissolution of the world. B. प्रति and आङ् before, ह् to seize or convey, aff. चञ् ।

प्रत्याहृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Withheld. 2. Restrained. 3. Resumed, &c. B. प्रति and आङ् before, ह् to take, क् aff.

प्रत्युक्ति f. (-क्तिः) 1. Answer, reply. 2. Contradiction. B. प्रति again, वृत् to speak, aff. क्तिन्, the semi-vowel changed to उ ।

प्रत्युहार m. (-रः) Repetition.

प्रत्युजीवन n. (-नं) Revivifying, resuscitation.

प्रत्युत् Ind. On the contrary, on the other hand, otherwise. B. प्रति and उत् whether.

प्रत्युत्क्रम m. (-मः) 1. A subordinate act, or effort tending to a main object. 2. First step or measure in any business. 3. Declaration of war. 4. Setting out to assail an enemy. B. प्रति and उत् before क्रम् to go, aff. चञ् ; also प्रत्युत्क्रमण and प्रत्युत्क्रान्ति ।

प्रत्युत्क्रान्ति f. (-न्तिः) A subordinate act, tending to a main object, &c. see the last. B. As above, see प्रत्युत्क्रम aff. क्तिन् ।

प्रत्युत्तर n. (-रः) A rejoinder, a reply to an answer, an answer. B. प्रति again, उत्तर an answer.

प्रत्युत्थान n. (-नं) 1. Rising from a seat, as a mark of respect shown to a visitor. 2. Making preparations for an encounter. 3. Rising against. B. प्रति and उत् before, स्था to stay, aff. ख् ट् ।

प्रत्युत्थित f. (-ता) Adj. Risen to meet or to encounter.

प्रत्युत्पन्न mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्नं) 1. Reproduced, regenerated. 2. Prompt, ready. 3. (In arithmetic.) Multiplied. n. (-न्) 1. Multiplication. 2. The product of a sum in multiplication. B. प्रति again, उत्पन्न produced, or प्रति and उत् before, पन्न made; done.

प्रत्युत्पन्नजाति f. (-तिः) (In arithmetic.) Assimilation of fractional increase. B. प्रत्युत्पन्न, and जाति reduction.

प्रत्युत्पन्नमति mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) 1. Confident, bold, arrogant. 2. Sharp, subtle, quick. 3. Endowed with presence of mind, ready-witted. B. प्रत्युत्पन्न prompt, and मति mind.

प्रत्युत्पन्न mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Met. 2. Risen, as from a seat to receive a visitor. 3. Gone forth against. B. प्रति, उत्पन्न gone up.

प्रत्युद्गम m. (-मः) 1. Rising, as from a seat. 2. Going to meet a guest, &c. 3. Counterbalance. B. प्रति and उद् before, गम् to go, चञ् aff.

प्रत्युद्गमन n. (-नं) 1. Rising from a seat, as a mark of respect, &c. 2. Going forth or out, going to meet any one, &c. B. प्रति and उत् before, गम् to go, aff. चञ् ; also with ख् ट्, प्रत्युद्गमन ।

प्रक्षिप्तमौख mfn. (-यः वा-य) 1. To be placed near, upon or before. 2. To be worshipped or revered. n. (-यः) A pair of bleached cloths, or the upper and lower garments, as worn at meals and sacrifices, &c. E. प्रति and उत् before, गन् to go, अनौय् aff. of the future participle.

प्रक्षिप्तम् n. (-यः) 1. Recovering, re-obtaining. 2. Rising up again. E. प्रति, उत् before, ह् to take, क्त् aff. [क्त् aff.]

प्रक्षिप्तम् mfn. (-नः-ता-त्) Recovered. E. प्रति and उत् before, ह् to take, क्त् aff. [क्त् aff.]

प्रक्षिप्तम् m. (-नः) Counteracting.

प्रक्षिप्तम् f. (-ता) Adj. : see प्रक्षिप्तम् ।

प्रक्षिप्तकार m. (-रः) Requit or aid or assistance, mutual assistance. E. प्रति, and उपकार aff.

प्रक्षिप्तकारिन् mfn. (-री-रिची रि) Requiting a favour or kindness. E. प्रक्षिप्तकार and रि aff.

प्रक्षिप्तम् f. (-या) Recovered, gained back.

प्रक्षिप्तम् m. (-यः) Besetting any one in order to bring him to compliance.

प्रक्षिप्तम् n. (-यः) Vicinity, neighbourhood.

प्रक्षिप्तम् mfn. (-सः-सा-त्) 1. Set, inlaid, studded. 2. Sown. E. प्रति before, ह् to sow, क्त् aff.

प्रक्षिप्तम् m. (-यः) The morning, dawn, daybreak. E. See प्रक्षिप्तम् ।

प्रक्षिप्तम् n. (-यः) Morning. E. See प्रक्षिप्तम् ।

प्रक्षिप्तम् m. (-यः) 1. Morning. 2. One of the demi-gods called Vasus. 3. The sun. E. प्रति before, क्त् to be sick, aff. क ; also with उत् to burn, प्रक्षिप्त ; and with असि aff. प्रक्षिप्तम् ।

प्रक्षिप्तम् n. (-यः) Morning, dawn. E. प्रति before, क्त् to be sick, and असि aff. ; also प्रक्षिप्त and प्रक्षिप्तम् । [क्त् aff.]

प्रक्षिप्तम् m. (-यः) Obstacle, impediment. E. प्रति before, क्त् to infer, aff. क्त् ।

प्रक्षिप्तम् n. Adv. (-कः) Singly, one by one, one at a time. E. प्रति, and क्त् one.

प्रक्षिप्तम् mfn. (-ता-नी-त) Believing, trusting, having confidence. E. प्रति before, ह् to go, क्त् aff.

प्रक्षिप्तम् 1st. cl. (प्रक्षिप्त) 1. To be famous or renowned. 2. To increase. 3. To spread abroad. 4. To appear, to arise. भा० भा० चक० सेट् । r. 10th cl. (प्रक्षिप्त) 1. To throw or cast. 2. To scatter, to spread.

3. To celebrate. खाती चक० विद्ये सक्० पुरा० उभ० सेट् घटा ।

प्रक्षिप्तम् n. (-यः) 1. Spreading, extension, scattering. 2. Throwing, projecting. 3. Celebrating. 4. Showing, evincing. 5. A place where any thing is spread. E. प्रक्षिप्त to cast, क्त् aff.

प्रक्षिप्तम् mfn. (-नः-ना-त्) 1. First, prior, initial. 2. Chief, principal, incomparable. 3. The "third person" (in gram.) according to European System. The nominative Plu. M. of this word is either प्रक्षिप्तम् or प्रक्षिप्ता E. प्रक्षिप्त to be famous, असि aff. Una'di aff.

प्रक्षिप्तम् It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of :—1. Firstly. 2. Previously. 3. Immediately. 4. Before.

प्रक्षिप्तम् m. (-यः) The best course to follow.

प्रक्षिप्तम् f. (-ता) Adj. 1. First in rank. 2. Previously devised.

प्रक्षिप्तम् m. (-यः) The first period of youth.

प्रक्षिप्तम् m. (-यः) The first or lowest degree of fine or punishment. E. प्रक्षिप्त, and साक्षि inflection.

प्रक्षिप्तम् mfn. (-यः-य-य-य) 1. Displaying, making manifest, famous, &c. 2. Seeing, beholding. 3. Casting, throwing. E. प्रक्षिप्त to be famous, क्त् aff.

प्रक्षिप्तम् f. (-या) Fame, celebrity. E. प्रक्षिप्त to be famous, असि and टाप्.

प्रक्षिप्तम् mfn. (-नः-ता-त्) 1. Famous, celebrated. 2. Made known, declared. 3. Increased, extended. 4. Published announced. 5. Shewn, manifested, evinced. 6. Spread, scattered. 7. Stretched. 8. Cast, thrown. 9. Intent upon, engaged in, occupied with, devoted to. E. प्रक्षिप्त, aff. क्त् ।

प्रक्षिप्तम् f. (-ता) Celebrity, notoriety. E. प्रक्षिप्त to be famous, रि Una'di aff., and ह् aug.

प्रक्षिप्तम् m. (-यः) Greatness, extension, magnitude. E. प्रक्षिप्त large, असि aff. form irr.

प्रक्षिप्तम् mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) Large, great, having size or magnitude. E. प्रक्षिप्त/magnitude, and असि aff.

प्रक्षिप्तम् f. (-ता) The earth ; also प्रक्षिप्ता ।

प्रक्षिप्तम् mfn. (-यः-य-य-य) Very large. E. प्रक्षिप्त large, असि aff. superl. aff.

प्रक्षिप्तम् mfn. (-यः-य-य-य) Very large. E. प्रक्षिप्त large and असि aff.

प्रक्षिप्त Adj. Wide, wide-spread, m. (-यः) Vishn'u. E. प्रक्षिप्त ।

प्रक्षिप्तम् m. (-यः) The young of any animal. E. प्रक्षिप्त to be famous, असि aff. see प्रक्षिप्त. According to Va'chaspatya :—Rice parched and flattened. E. प्रक्षिप्त वा उत्तं "चिदिष्टम्" ।

प्रक्षिप्तम् mfn. (-यः-य-य-य) A giver, giving bountiful. f. (-या) A gift, a donation. E. प्र before, दा to give, क्त् aff. or चक्त् and टाप् ।

प्रक्षिप्तम् mfn. subst. (-यः-य-य-य) Reverential salutation, by circumambulating a person or object, keeping the right side towards them. E. प्र before, दक्षि the right.

प्रक्षिप्तम् It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of, :—1. From left to right. 2. Turning the right side towards. 3. In a southern direction.

प्रक्षिप्तम् f. (-या) A courtyard.

प्रक्षिप्त f. (-यः) Burnt, consumed.

प्रक्षिप्त mfn. (-यः-य-य-य) Given, bestowed, conferred. E. प्र before, दत् given.

प्रक्षिप्त m. (-यः) 1. Splitting, rending, tearing. 2. Fracturation, breaking. 3. The dispersion of an army. 4. A disease of women, (Menorrhagia). 5. An arrow. E. प्र intensive, ह् to tear, aff. क्त् ।

प्रक्षिप्त m. (-यः) Pride, arrogance.

प्रक्षिप्त m. (-यः) 1. Look, appearance. 2. Direction.

प्रक्षिप्त m. (-यः) 1. A teacher, an expounder. 2. A prophet. E. प्र before, दक्षि who shews.

प्रक्षिप्त n. (-यः) 1. Showing. 2. Explaining generally, not exclusively. 3. Explaining or specifying. 4. An example. 5. Propheying. 6. Look, aspect, appearance. E. प्र before, दक्षि to see, causal v., क्त् aff.

प्रक्षिप्त mfn. (-यः-य-य-य) 1. Mentioned, specified. 2. Shewn. 3. Propheied. 4. Taught. E. प्र before, दक्षि to see, and क्त् aff.

प्रक्षिप्त m. (-यः) An arrow. E. प्र before, दक्षि to tear, or the र of प्रक्षिप्त changed to क्त् ।

प्रक्षिप्त mfn. (-यः-य-य-य) 1. Who or what annoys, distresses, &c. 2. Burning, inflaming. E. ह् to annoy, with प्र prefix, and असि aff.

प्रक्षिप्त mfn. (-यः-य-य-य) 1. A donor, who or what gives. 2. One who gives a daughter in marriage. 3. An epithet of Indra. E. प्र before, दा to give, क्त् aff.

प्रक्षिप्त n. (-यः) 1. Gift, donation. 2. Bestowing, granting. 3. Instructing, teaching. 4. Giving away in marriage. 5. A goad. E. प्र before दा to give, or हो to cut, aff. क्त् ।

प्रक्षिप्त n. (-यः) An offering, a donation.

प्रक्षिप्त n. (-यः) A present.

प्रक्षिप्त m. (-यः) A present.

प्रक्षिप्त mfn. (-यः-य-य-य) Smeared, anointed. n. (-यः) Fried ment. m. (-यः) A kind of sauce or gravy. E. प्र before, दिक्षि smeared.

प्रक्षिप्त f. (-दिक्) Intermediate point of the compass, or half quarter, as north-east, south-west. &c. 2. Direction, order, command. E. प्र implying division, and दिक्षि a point or quarter.

प्रक्षिप्त mfn. (-यः-य-य-य) 1. Appointed, directed. E. 2. Shown. प्र before, दिक्षि to shew, क्त् aff.

प्रक्षिप्त m. (-यः) 1. A lamp. 2. Elucidation, (at the end of titles of works.) E. प्र before, दीप् to shine, aff. क्त् ।

प्रक्षिप्त mfn. (-यः-य-य-य) 1. Inflaming, illuminating. 2. Stimulating, exciting, who or what does so. n. (-यः) The act of inflaming,

exciting, &c. m. (-नः) A sort of mineral poison, of a red colour, and caustic operation. **प्र** before, दीप् to inflame, aff. लृट् ।  
**प्रदीप** mfn. (-नः सा-नः) 1. Kindled, illuminated. 2. Shining, blazing, burning. 3. Excited, stimulated, (as hunger). **प्र** before, दीप् to inflame, **प्र** aff.  
**प्रदुष्ट** f. (-दा) 1. Wicked, bad, Sinful. 2. Wanton, licentious.  
**प्रदुग्ध** mfn. (-घृज्) Who or what milks much or well. **प्र** before, दुग्ध to milk, क्तिप् aff.  
**प्रदूषित** f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Spoiled, corrupted, vitiated. 2. Polluted, defiled.  
**प्रद्वेय** n. (-य) A gift. **प्र** before, द्वेय to be given.  
**प्रदेश** m. (-सः) 1. A place in general, a country a district, &c. 2. A foreign country, abroad. 3. A short span, measured from the tip of the thumb to the end of the fore-finger. 4. A wall. 5. Decision, determination. **प्र** before, द्वेय place.  
**प्रदेय** n. (-य) 1. A gift, a present, a bribe or offering, any thing given to the gods, to superiors, or friends, &c. 2. Advice, instruction. f. (-नो) The fore-finger. **प्र** before, दिष् to show, aff. लृट्. fem. aff. लीप् ।  
**प्रदेयिनी** f. (-नी) The fore-finger. **प्र** before, दिष् to show, aff. लृट्. fem. aff. लीप् ।  
**प्रदेह** m. (-हः) 1. Unguent, unction, a plaster. 2. Applying a plaster. **प्र** before, दिष् to plaster, aff. घञ् ।  
**प्रदोष** m. (-घः) 1. Evening, the first part of the night. 2. Fault, offence, defect, transgression. 3. A disordered condition. **प्र** implying commencement, &c. and दोष fault.  
**प्रदोषतिमिर** n. (-रः) The dusk of early night,  
**प्रदोह** m. (-हः) Milking.  
**प्रद्य** n. Adv. (-ञ्) Heavenly, holy, scouring heaven. **प्र** before, द्यु for द्युस् heaven.  
**प्रद्युम्न** m. (-नः) KA'MA, the Hindu Cupid, reborn as the son of KRISHN'A. by Rukmini. He was Stolen from the lying-in-chamber by Sambara when he was but six days old. Sambara cast him into the ocean when a large fish swallowed the child. The fish was caught by a fisherman and delivered to Sambara. When the fish was cut open his wife Ma'ya'bati found the beautiful boy alive and reared him up. When Pradyumna knew that Sambara had stolen him when a child he defied the demon to battle and killed him and went back to his father's house with Ma'ya'bati as his wife. **प्र** pre-eminent, द्युस् power.  
**प्रद्युतित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Illuminated, irradiated. **प्र** before, द्यु to shine, **प्र** aff., and the vowel unchanged; also प्रद्युतित ।  
**प्रद्योत** m. (-तः) 1. A ray of light. 2. Light, lustre. 3. Lighting, illuminating. 4. The name of a king of Ujjayini but considered to be spurious by Mallina'tha, **प्र** excess, and द्योत shining.  
**प्रद्योतन** m. (-नः) The sun. n. (-नः) Blazing, shining, light. **प्र** excess, द्युत् to shine, aff. लृट् ।  
**प्रद्युतित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Illuminated, lighted. **प्र** before, द्यु to shine, **प्र** aff.; also प्रद्युतित ।  
**प्रदाव** m. (-वः) 1. Flight, retreat, running away. 2. Going, going quick or well. **प्र** before, दा to go, aff. घञ् ।  
**प्रदाविन्** mfn. (-वी-विषी-वि) Who retreats, flies, goes, &c. **प्र** before, दा to go, चिनुष् aff.  
**प्रदार** n. (-रः) A place near a door.  
**प्रद्वि** mfn. (-विट्) Who hates or dislikes, hostile, inimical. **प्र** before, द्विष् to hate, क्तिप् aff. [a foe].  
**प्रद्विषन्** mfn. (-न्-वन्तो-वन्) Hating, hostile, an enemy. **प्र** and द्विषन्  
**प्रद्वेष** m. (-वः) Dislike, aversion, hatred. [द्वेष aff.]  
**प्रद्वेष** mfn. (-टा-द्वी-ट्) Who hates or dislikes. **प्र** before, द्विष् to hate,  
**प्रध** mfn. (-धः-धा-धं) Who or what has or holds. **प्र** before, धा to have, **प्र** aff.

**प्रधन** n. (-नः) 1. War, battle. 2. Tearing, rending, destroying. 3. Spoil taken in battle. **प्र** before, धा to have, aff. लृट् ।  
**प्रधनन** n. (-नः) 1. Blowing in or into. 2. A sternutatory.  
**प्रधुक्** m. (-धः) Assaulting, assailing.  
**प्रध्वित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Haughty, arrogant. 2. Attacked. **प्र** before, ध्व् to be proud, **प्र** aff.  
**प्रध्वितवन्** mfn. (-वान्-वन्तो-वन्) Proud, arrogant. **प्र** before, ध्व् to be proud, क्तवन् aff.  
**प्रधान** n. (-नः) 1. Nature, the natural state of anything, or the cause of the material world. 2. The Supreme God. 3. Intellect, understanding. 4. Chief, principal, (in this sense, it is always neuter and confined to the singular number.) mn. (-नः-नः) 1. The first companion of a king, his minister, his eunuch or confidant, &c. a courtier, a noble. 2. An elephant-driver. f. (-ना) Prevalent, predominant. **प्र** before, धा to have, aff. लृट् ।  
**प्रधानतम्** Ind. According to eminence or superiority. **प्र** प्रधान, and तस्मि aff.  
**प्रधानता** f. (-ता) Excellence, superiority, supremacy. **प्र** तस्म added to प्रधान; also with त्, प्रधानत् ।  
**प्रधानधाम** m. (-नः) Semen virile. **प्र** प्रधान principal, and धाम radical part.  
**प्रधानपुरुष** m. (-वः) 1. The most distinguished personage. 2. An epithet of Śrīva.  
**प्रधानवृष्टि** f. (-ष्टिः) Heaviest rain.  
**प्रधानमन्त्रिन्** m. (-न्त्रिः) Prime minister. **प्र** प्रधान, and मन्त्रिन् counsellor.  
**प्रधानाङ्ग** n. (-ङ्गः) The chief member of the body, the chief person of a state, branch of a science, &c. **प्र** प्रधान, and अङ्ग limb.  
**प्रधानात्मन्** m. (-तमः) Prime minister. **प्र** प्रधान, and आत्मन् minister.  
**प्रधानीयम** mfn. (-यः-सा-यं) 1. Warlike, brave. 2. Eminent, illustrious. **प्र** प्रधान, and उच्च best.  
**प्रधाव** m. (-वः) Air, wind n. (-नः) Rubbing, rubbing off, washing off. **प्र** violently, धु to shake aff. लृट् ।  
**प्रधि** m. (-धिः) 1. The periphery of a wheel. 2. A well. **प्र** principal, धा to have, क्तिप् aff.  
**प्रधिमण्डल** n. (-लः) The circumference of a wheel. **प्र** प्रधि, मण्डल a circle.  
**प्रधी** Adj. Pre-eminently intelligent. f. (-धी) Great intelligence.  
**प्रधुषित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Heated, burned. 2. Lighted, inflamed. 3. Afflicted. 4. Excited. 5. Perfumed, fumigated. f. (-ता) 1. A woman in trouble or affliction. 2. The quarter to which the sun is proceeding. **प्र** before, धुप् to heat, aff. क् ।  
**प्रधुष्ट** mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टः) 1. Proud, arrogant. 2. Treated with contumely. **प्र** before, धुप् to be proud, **प्र** aff.  
**प्रध्यान** n. (-नः) Deep thought, reflection.  
**प्रध्वंस** m. (-सः) Destruction, loss. **प्र** entirely, ध्वंस loss.  
**प्रध्वंसाभाव** m. (-वः) Non-existence on account of annihilation, non-existence of anything which existed before, (in logic.)  
**प्रध्वंसिन्** mfn. (-सी-सिनी-सि) Destroying, annihilating. **प्र** before, ध्वन् to destroy, चिनुष् aff.  
**प्रध्वनयन्** mfn. (-यन्-यन्तो-यन्) Causing to sound. **प्र** before, ध्वन् to sound, causal व, क्त aff.  
**प्रध्वंस** f. (-सा) Annihilated, destroyed. [विष् ।]  
**प्रधा** mfn. (-धाः-धाः-ध) Blowing violently. **प्र** before, धा to blow, aff.  
**प्रधुक्** mfn. (-क्) 1. Injurious, doing wrong or violence to. 2. Rebellious, refractory. **प्र** before, धुक् to seek to hurt, क्तिप् aff.  
**प्रध्वित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Shaken, agitated, set in motion. **प्र** before, ध्वत् to dance, causal व, **प्र** aff.  
**प्रधुम्न** m. (-नः) A great grandson.  
**प्रधुष्ट** f. (-टा) 1. Lost. 2. Disappeared, vanished. 3. Perished, ruined.  
**प्रधा(व)स** mf. (-वः-सी) A water-course, a canal. **प्र** before, धा to go, aff. घञ् ।

निहतन न. (-न) Killing, slaughter. *z.* न and नि before, हन् to kill or hurt, हट् aff., and the radical letters changed.  
 नट f. (-न) Dancing. *n.* (-च) A dance.  
 पच म. (-च) The extremity of a wing.  
 पच म. (-च) 1. Reverse, opposition, reversion or inversion. 2. Extent, expanse. 3. Heap, abundance, quantity. 4. Delusion, deceit, trick or fraud. 5. Joke, jest. 6. Prolixity, copiousness, in style or composition. 7. Error, illusion. 8. The world, considered as the expansion of the primary germ and as the scene of manifold action. 9. Elucidation, explanation. 10. Phenomenon, appearance. *z.* प्र before, पचि to spread, aff. चच् ।  
 प्रपचन न. (-न) 1. Diffusion. 2. Explanation.  
 प्रपचद्वि Adj. Cunning, artful.  
 प्रपचवचन न. (-च) Prolix discourse.  
 प्रपक्षत मfn. (-त; त्त-त) 1. Expanded, diffused. 2. Erring, mistaken. 3. Tricked, deceived, beguiled. 4. Declared fully, explained, treated at length. *z.* प्रपच prolixity, इतच् aff.  
 प्रपतन न. (-न) 1. Death dying. 2. Destruction. 3. Falling. 4. Alighting. 5. Flying forth. 6. A precipice, a rock. *z.* प्र before, पत् to fall, णट् aff.  
 प्रपतित मfn. (-त; त्त-त) 1. Dead. 2. Decayed. 3. Fallen. 4. Come down. *z.* प्र before, पत् to fall, णट् aff. [aff. चच् ।  
 प्रपथ मfn. (-थ; था थ) Languid, enervated, relaxed. *z.* प्र before, पथ् to go, प्रपथ न. (-थ) The point of the foot, the tip of the toes. *z.* प्र projecting and पथ the foot.  
 प्रपथोन मfn. (-न; ना-न) Relating to the top of the foot, extending to it, fitting it, &c. *z.* प्रपथ, and थ aff.  
 प्रपथ मfn. (-न; ना-न) 1. Taking refuge with. 2. Reaching, arriving at. 3. Seeking, adhering to. 4. Effecting, producing. 5. Promised, assented to. 6. Attained, obtained, possessed of. 7. Poor. 8. Distressed. *z.* प्र before, पथ् to go, णट् aff.  
 प्रपथारु म. (-रु) The chakramarda tree. "दादसईन इति भाषा" See प्रपथारु ।  
 प्रपथ म. (-थ) A fallen leaf. *z.* प्र before, पथ् a leaf.  
 प्रपथायन न. (-न) Flight, running away. *z.* प्र before, प्रपथायन flying.  
 प्रपथवित्त मfn. (-त; ता-त) Routed, defeated. *z.* प्र before, प्रपथवित्त the same. [प्रपथयिन् who flies.  
 प्रपथयिन् म. (-य) A fugitive, one who deserts his cause. *z.* प्र before, प्रपथयिन् Purifying. *z.* प्र before, पु to purify, णट् aff., the थ being optionally changed, whence also प्रपथयि ।  
 प्रपथयिन् मfn. (-य; या-य) To be purified or cleansed. *z.* प्र before, पु to purify, चनोयर् aff.; also प्रपथयिन्.  
 प्रपथयन् मfn. (प्रपथ-यन्तो-यन्) 1. Foreseeing. *z.* प्र, and प्रपथयन् seeing.  
 प्रपा f. (-पा) 1. A place where water is distributed. 2. A supply of water. 3. A plan for watering cattle. 4. A well, a cistern. *z.* प्र before, पा to drink, aff. चच् and टाप् ।  
 प्रपाठक म. (-क) A chapter or subdivision of a book. [hand.  
 प्रपाथि म. (-थि) The palm of the hand. *z.* प्र prostrate, and पाथि the  
 प्रपाथीय मfn. (-य; था-य) Drinkable. *z.* प्र before, पा to drink, चनोयर् aff.  
 प्रपात म. (-त) 1. A cliff, a precipice. 2. A cascade or water fall. 3. A bank, a shore. 4. Facing an enemy. 5. Going away, departure. 6. Falling down, a fall. 7. A sudden attack. 8. Throwing oneself down from a rock. 9. Emission, discharge. *z.* प्र before, पत् to descend, aff. चच् ।  
 प्रपाथ म. (-थ) A road. *z.* प्र before, पत् to go, aff. चच् ।  
 प्रपाथि म. (-थि) A peacock.  
 प्रपाथक म. (-क) A kind of drink or beverage.  
 प्रपाथिन् मfn. (-थि-विथी-थि) 1. Who or what drinks. 2. Who or what protects. *z.* प्र before, पा to drink, &c. चिपुच् aff. and पाथ inserted.  
 प्रपाथन म. (-न) A cool grove, a pleasure garden. *z.* प्रपा a place of refreshment, and थन a wood.

प्रपितामह म. (-ह) 1. A paternal great grandfather. 2. A name of BRAMHA'. f. (-ही) A paternal great grandmother. *z.* प्र preceding, पितामह a grandfather.  
 प्रपितृय म. (-य) A paternal grand uncle.  
 प्रपितृ मfn. (-तृ; तृ-तृ) Wishing or intending to descend, alight, fall, &c. *z.* प्र before, पत् to go, desid, v., च aff.  
 प्रपीडन न. (-न) 1. Pressing, squeezing. 2. An astringent.  
 प्रपीत(न) f. (-त or -न) Adj. Swollen, extended.  
 प्रपुत्र म. (-त्र) A sort of Cassia, (C. tora.) : see प्रपुत्राट् ।  
 प्रपुत्र म. (-त्र) Cassia tora : see प्रपुत्राट् ।  
 प्रपुत्रा f. (-त्रा) A sort of grass, (Hedysarum alhaji).  
 प्रपुत्राट्(ट) म. (-ट; or ट) A tree, (Cassia tora.) *z.* प्र excellently, पुत्रस् mankind, and णच् to smell, aff. चच्, the स of पुत्रस् is rejected, and the ण of the radical changed optionally to ट or टट् ; the antipenultimate is occasionally short, and one of the conjunct न is sometimes rejected; whence the word is variously written, प्रपुत्राण, or प्रपुत्रड, or प्रपुत्राड, &c.  
 प्रपुत्राण म. (-ण) Cassia tora : see the last. "चाकुन्दा" ।  
 प्रपूरण न. (-ण) 1. The drawing out of a bow string for the purpose of shooting. 2. Inserting, injecting. 3. Filling, filling up. 4. Satisfying, satiating.  
 प्रपूरिका f. (-का) A prickly nightshade, (Solanum Jacquinii.) "कण्टकाकांश्च" ।  
 प्रपृष्ठ f. (-ष्ठ) Adj. Having a prominent back.  
 प्रपृच्छरीक म. (-क) A small herbaceous plant, used in medicine as a perfume, commonly Punderya; in medicine it forms the basis of applications to ulcers, and bad eyes. *z.* प्र excellent, पुच्छरीक the same, and चच् pleonastic aff.  
 प्रपौत्र म. (-न) A great grandson. f. (-नी) A great grand-daughter. *z.* प्र preceding, पौत्र a son's son.  
 प्रपान मfn. (-न; ना-न) Fat, bulky. *z.* प्र before, पाय् to be fat, णट् aff.  
 प्रपुल्ल f. (-ल्ल) See the next. *z.* प्र + पुल्ल् णादित्वात् इटोऽभावे चत इल्लम् । प्र + पुल्ल-विज्ञाते चच् वा (खड्गयुवः) Mallināth reads प्रपुल्लम् and notices the variant of this word in his commentary on Raghubansha.  
 प्रपुल्ल मfn. (-ल्ल; ल्ल-ल्ल) 1. Blown, as flower. 2. Smiling. 3. Shining. 4. Glad, pleased. *z.* प्र before, पुल्ल flowered. [the eye.  
 प्रपुल्लयन मfn. (-न; ना-न) Having full or sparkling eyes. *z.* प्रपुल्ल, यन  
 प्रपुल्लहदन मfn. (-न; ना-न) Having a cheerful or smiling countenance, looking gay or happy. *z.* प्रपुल्ल, and ददन face.  
 प्रपन्न Adj. f. (-त) 1. Bound, fastened. 2. Suppressed, checked, stopped.  
 प्रपट् म. (-ट्) An author.  
 प्रपथ्य म. (-थ्य) 1. Continuous application or action, continuance, uninterruptedness. 2. A connected discussion. 3. A tie, a bond. 4. A literary composition, particularly a poetical one. *z.* प्र before, पथि to bind, aff. चच् ।  
 प्रपथ्यकल्पना f. (-ना) A feigned story, a work of imagination, whether founded on fact or not. *z.* प्रपथ्य a connected narrative, and कल्पना a making.  
 प्रपथ्यन न. (-न) Bond, tie. *z.* प्र + पथ्य-ण्ट् ।  
 प्रपथ्य म. (-थ्य) An epithet of INDRA.  
 प्रपथ्य f. (-थ्य) Adj. Most excellent.  
 प्रपथ्य f. (-थ्य) 1. Strong, powerful. 2. Important. 3. Violent.  
 प्रपथ्य मfn. (-थ्य; था-थ्य) 1. Strong, powerful. 2. Important. 3. Violent. 4. Dangerous. m. (-थ्य) A sprout, a shoot. *z.* प्र before, पत् to be strong, aff. चच् ।  
 प्रपथ्यल्लिखिता f. (-का) See प्रपथ्यल्लिखिता ।  
 प्रपथ्यन न. (-न) 1. Oppressing, tormenting. 2. Refusing, denying.  
 प्रपथ्यमान मfn. (-न; ना-न) Paining, afflicting, tormenting. *z.* प्र before, पाय् to pain, मान् aff.  
 प्रपथ्य म. (-थ्य; थ्य) 1. Coral. 2. A shoot, a sprout, a new leaf. 3. The neck of a lute, m. (-थ्य) 1. An animal. 2. A pupil. *z.* प्र before, पत् to be strong, and aff. चच् ; also प्रपथ्यक ।



प्रवालकल n. (-क) Red sandal wood.  
 प्रवालाम्बक m. (-कः) The red Asmantaka tree. [सत्पु aff.]  
 प्रवालवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Having new leaves or shoots. E. प्रवाल, and प्रवालिक m. (-कः) 'जीवशक्ते' ।  
 प्रवाल m. (-वः) The forearm.  
 प्रवालकम् Ind. 1. On high. 2. At the same time.  
 प्रबुध mfn. (-बुधः-बुध-वत्) 1. Wise, learned. 2. Blown, expanded. 3. Wakened, awake, roused. 4. Beginning to take effect. E. प्र before, बुध् to be wise, aff. क् ।  
 प्रबोध m. (-धः) 1. Vigilance, wakefulness, active or vigilant state of being. 2. Intellect, understanding. 3. Knowledge, wisdom. 4. Sense, consciousness. 5. Awakening either from ignorance or sleep. 6. Blowing, (as of a flower.) 7. Reviving the fragrance of a perfume. E. प्र before, बुध् to understand, aff. चक् ।  
 प्रबोधन n. (-न) 1. Awakening, arousing, exciting, reviving. 2. Instruction. 3. Knowledge, wisdom. 4. Reviving the fragrance of a perfume, which had lost its scent. f. (-नी) The lunation on which Viṣṇu is supposed to wake from his sleep, the eleventh of the light half of Kārtika; also प्रबोधनी. E. प्र before, बुध् to know or understand, aff. कृट् ।  
 प्रबोधित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Aroused, awakened. 2. Instructed. E. प्र before, बुध् to know, causal v., क् aff.  
 प्रबोधिता f. (-ता) A species of the Atijagati metre. [aff. चक् ।]  
 प्रभङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) Breaking down, destroying. E. प्र before, भङ्ग् to break, प्रभङ्गन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Breaking, destroying. m. (-नः) Air or wind. E. प्र before, भङ्ग् to break, aff. युच् ।  
 प्रभद्र m. (-द्रः) The Nimba tree.  
 प्रभव mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Born, produced. 2. Superior, powerful. m. (-वः) 1. Generative cause, the basis or root of being or existence. 2. The operative cause, or immediate origin of being, as the father or mother, &c. 3. The place of receiving existence, or where an object is first perceived, as हिमवान् गङ्गाप्रभवः the Himavāna mountain, (is) the place where Ganga is first seen. 4. Birth, production. 5. The basis or origin of water. i. e. "Light." 6. The name of a Muni. 7. Strength, superiority, power. 8. The Creator. E. प्र superiority or manifestation, and भव being.  
 प्रभवन् n. (-न) 1. Being born or produced. 2. Ruling, presiding. E. प्र before, भू to be, aff. कृट् ।  
 प्रबलिवृत् mfn. (-वृत्-वृत्-वृत्) 1. Mighty, potent. 2. Born completely or well. 3. An epithet of Viṣṇu. E. प्र before, भू to be, वृत् aff.  
 प्रबलिवृता f. (-ता) Consequence, importance, power, authority, supremacy. E. प्र before, भू to be, वृत् aff. and तल् aug.  
 प्रभव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) 1. To be born or produced. 2. Fit for rule. E. प्र before, भू to be, aff. क्यप् ; also प्रभवनीय and प्रभवितव्य ।  
 प्रभा f. (-भा) 1. Light, radiance. 2. A ray of light. 3. The city of Kuvśra. 4. One of the wives of the sun. 5. A name of Durgā. 6. A name of an Apsara. E. प्र exceeding, भा to shine, affs. चङ् and टाप् ।  
 प्रभाकर m. (-रः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. 3. The moon. 4. The ocean. 5. An epithet of Śiva. 6. Name of a learned author, the founder of that school of the Mīmāṃsā philosophy which goes by his name. E. प्रभा light, and कर what makes. "कुम्भीपक्षे वर्षभेदेः चटसमस्तरे च" ।  
 प्रभाकीट m. (-टः) The fire-fly. E. प्रभा light, कीट insect.  
 प्रभाग m. (-गः) 1. Division. 2. The fraction of a fraction, (in Math.)  
 प्रभाज् mfn. (-भाज्) Who or what shares or divides. E. प्र before, भज् to divide, and छि aff.  
 प्रभाञ्ज m. (-जः) A tree, (Hyperanthera morunga.) E. प्रभा light, beauty, चक् to go, aff. कृट् । "दीमाञ्जने" ।  
 प्रभात n. (-तः) Morning, dawn, daybreak. f. (-ता) Begun to become light. E. प्र before, भा to shine, aff. क् ।

प्रभातरज् Adj. Tremulously radiant.  
 प्रभान n. (-न) Light, radiance, shining. E. प्र before, भा to shine, प्रभातीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be irradiated or lighted. E. प्र before, भा to shine, चनीयर् aff.  
 प्रभासकल n. (-क) A circle of light.  
 प्रभासिपिन् Adj. Covered with splendour.  
 प्रभास m. (-सः) 1. Majesty, dignity, magnanimity, glory, high-spirit. 2. Power, strength. 3. Spirit. 4. Tranquillizing, conciliation. 5. Splendour, brilliance. 6. Miraculous or superhuman power. E. प्र pre-eminence, भाव quality.  
 प्रभासज् mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Proceeding from conscious majesty or power. E. प्रभास, and ज born.  
 प्रभासत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Luminous, radiant, splendid f. (-ती) 1. The mother of Mallī the 19th of the Jinas or Jaina saints. 2. The lute of one of the demi-gods attendant on Śiva or other principal deities. 3. A form of poetical metre. E. प्रभा light or splendour, and सत्पु poss. aff.  
 प्रभाव n. (-वः) Explanation, interpretation.  
 प्रभास m. (-सः) 1. A place of pilgrimage near Dvārakā in the west of India. 2. One of the eight Vasus. 3. One of the Gaṇas of the Jinas. 4. Splendour, beauty. E. प्र before, भास to shine, aff. चक् ।  
 प्रभासन n. (-न) Illumining, brightening.  
 प्रभित् mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Well cut or detached. 2. Severed, separated. 3. Budded, opened, expanded. 4. Altered, changed, deformed. 5. Loosened. m. (-तः) A furious elephant, one in rut, or from whose temples the juice is exuding. E. प्र much, भित् broken, or seized with fury.  
 प्रभित्ताञ्ज n. (-न) A kind of collyrium mixed with oil.  
 प्रभु mfn. (-भुः-भू-भु) 1. Strong, able, (generally with an inf.) 2. Always, eternal. 3. A superior, an owner, a proprietor, a master or mistress, &c. 4. A match for, (with a dat.) m. (-भुः) 1. A master, a lord. 2. A name of Viṣṇu. 3. Quick silver. 4. Sound. E. प्र pre-eminent, भू to be, aff. क्तिप् and the final vowel made short.  
 प्रभुता f. (-ता) Greatness, power, supremacy, lordship or sovereignty. E. प्रभु master, aff. तल् ; also with तल् aff. प्रभुत्वं n. (-त्वं) ।  
 प्रभुभक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) Faithful, devoted. m. (-क्तः) A good horse. E. प्रभु a master and भक्त worshipped.  
 प्रभुभक्ति f. (-क्तिः) Attachment to a lord, faithfulness.  
 प्रभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Much, abundant. 2. Gone up or upwards. 3. Been, become, produced. 4. High, lofty. 5. Governed, presided over. 6. Mature, perfect. E. प्र principal, &c. भूत been.  
 प्रभूतता f. (-ता) Abundance, plenty. E. तल् added to the last ; also प्रभूतत्वं ।  
 प्रभूतवयस् Adj. Advanced in years, old.  
 प्रभूति f. (-तिः) 1. Source, origin. 2. Power, strength.  
 प्रभूत्वं mfn. (-वृत्-वृत्-वृत्) Strong, able. E. प्र before, भू to be, aff. चक् ।  
 प्रभृति f. (-तिः) 1. Beginning, commencement, (in this sense the word generally occurs as the last member of a Bahubrihi compound). 2. Manner, kind. 3. Etcetera, others, rest, remainder, (in composition) as नक्ष्त्रेषु प्रभृतयः दध् the grass called Germut and other sorts. नृणः सोमश्रवः प्रभृतयः the Munis, Somasravas, and the rest ; ततः प्रभृति thence, after. Ind. Beginning with, from, since, (with an abl.) as "अथ प्रभृति". E. प्र before, भृ to nourish, aff. क्तिप् ।  
 प्रभेद m. (-दः) Kind, sort, difference. 2. Splitting, opening. 3. The flowing of ichor from the temples of an elephant. E. प्र before, भेद kind.  
 प्रभञ्जान mfn. (-जः-जा-न) Falling down, being broken off or down. E. प्र before, भञ्ज् to break, pass. v., ज्ञानच् aff.  
 प्रभञ्ज्यु m. (-युः) A particular disease of the nose.

**प्रमद mfn.** (-दः दा-दं) 1. Fallen, dropping, fallen off. 2. Broken. n. (-दं) A chaplet of flowers suspended from the lock on the head; see the next. **प्र** before, **द** to fall, **द** aff.

**प्रमदक n.** (-कः) A chaplet of flowers suspended from the middle lock of hair. **प्र** before, **द** to fall or depend, **द** aff. **क** and **क** added.

**प्रमद mfn.** (-दः दा-दं) Immersed, drowned. **प्र** and **द** plunged in.

**प्रमद n.** (-नः) Going, proceeding. **प्र** before, **द** to go, **द** aff. **क** added.

**प्रमदित mfn.** (-तः ता-तं) Gone, proceeded. **प्र** before, **द** to go, **द** aff.

**प्रमद(न)म् mfn.** (-नः ना-नः) Joyful, cheerful. **प्र** implying pleasure, sure, **मद** the mind; also **प्रमदन्**; the **द** being optionally changed to **न**.

**प्रमद f.** (-ता) Adj. Thought out.

**प्रमद mfn.** (-नः ना-नः) 1. Careless, negligent, (usually with a loc). 2. Blundering, a blunderer. 3. Intoxicated. 4. Insane. 5. Swerving from, (with an abl. as in **स्वर्गिणाम्**) 6. Wanton, lascivious. **प्र** before, **मद** mad.

**प्रमदनीय Adj.** Sung carelessly.

**प्रमदवित Adj.** Negligent, careless.

**प्रमद m.** (-यः) 1. An attendant on S'iva. 2. A horse. f. (-या) 1. Yellow myrobalan, (*Terminalia chebula*). "हरितकान्". 2. Pain, affliction. **प्र** excess, **द** to churn, (the enemies of S'iva), **द** aff. **च** added.

**प्रमदन n.** (-नं) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. Paining, distressing. 3. Agitating, churning. **प्र** before, **द** to churn, **द** aff. **क** added.

**प्रमदाविम m.** (-यः) S'iva. **प्रमद** a follower of S'iva, and **विम** master.

**प्रमदाय n.** (-यं) Hell. **प्रमद** pain, and **दाय** an abode.

**प्रमदित mfn.** (-तः ता-तं) 1. Well-churned. 2. Pained, distressed. 3. Trampled down. n. (-तं) Butter-milk without water. **प्र** before, **द** to churn, **द** aff.

**प्रमद mfn.** (-दः दा-दं) 1. Mad, intoxicated, figuratively with passion or literally with liquor. 2. Violent. 3. Careless. 4. Impassioned. m. (-दः) 1. Joy, pleasure, delight, rapture. 2. Dhuturā, (D. metel.) f. (-दा) A woman, a handsome woman. **प्र** before, **मद** mad, drunk, **द** aff. **च** added.

**प्रमदकानन n.** (-नं) A royal garden or pleasure ground for the wives of a king. **प्रमद** pleasure, and **कानन** a wood.

**प्रमदन n.** (-नं) Amorous desire.

**प्रमदवन n.** (-नं) A royal garden or pleasure ground attached to the Haram. **प्रमद** pleasure and **वन** a wood.

**प्रमदा f.** (-दा) 1. A young handsome woman. 2. A woman in general. 3. The sign Virgo of the Zodiac. **प्र** + **मद-च**.

**प्रमदकानन n.** (-नं) A royal garden. **प्रमदा** a woman, and **कानन** a wood; see the next.

**प्रमदावन n.** (-नं) A royal garden or pleasure ground attached especially to the private apartments of the palace. **प्रमदा** a woman and **वन** a grove.

**प्रमदर f.** (-रा) Adj. Careless, inattentive. [**मद** the mind.

**प्रमद(न)म् mfn.** (-नः ना-नः) Happy, delighted **प्र** implying pleasure, **मद** mfn. (-नः ना-नः) 1. Distressed, sorrowful. 2. Enraged, incensed. **प्र** and **मद** grief. [**द** aff. **च** added.

**प्रमद m.** (-यः) 1. Death. 2. Killing, slaughter. **प्र** before, **द** to injure, **द** aff.

**प्रमदन n.** (-नं) Crushing, destroying. m. (-नः) An epithet of Vishn'u.

**प्रमा f.** (-मा) 1. True knowledge, or knowledge exempt from all error, (in logic.) 2. Consciousness, perception. **प्र** before, **मा** to mete or measure, **द** and **टा**; that by which every object is measured or estimated.

**प्रमा n.** (-मं) 1. Cause, motive. 2. Limit. 3. Proof, testimony, authority. 4. A scripture, a work of sacred authority. 5. Measure, (whether of weight, length or capacity.) 6. Magnitude, extent. 7. Standard, authority. 8. Correct knowledge, accurate perception, (in logic.) 9. Unity. 10. Quantity. 11. A speaker of the truth. 12. Always, eter-

nal. 13. A title of Vishn'u. 14. Principal, capital. **प्र** before, **मा** to measure, **द** aff. **क** added; that by which all is measured; this word is generally restricted to the singular number, as वेदाः प्रमा the Vēdas are the authority; it is also confined to the neuter gender, as पुत्रः प्रमा the boy is a witness; some exceptions occur however, as प्रमाः पुत्रः, प्रमाया स्त्री the man witness, the woman witness; and in the following rule, प्रमादानुमानावयवः, प्रमादानी perception, inference, comparison, and sound, are proofs. According to the Naiya'yikas अनुमानि or non-perception and अर्थानि or the inference from circumstances of the Mīmāṃsakas being exempted by them; the Sāṅkhya recognise प्रमा, अनुमान and अर्थ only.

**प्रमाचम m.** (-चः) 1. An epithet of S'iva. 2. A logician.

**प्रमाचमत् Ind.** 1. According to proof or authority. 2. Agreeably to measure, to weight, &c. **प्र** before, **मा** and **च** aff.

**प्रमाचमट Adj.** Recognized by authority.

**प्रमाचमक n.** (-कः) Logic.

**प्रमाचमक n.** (-कः) A measuring cord.

[**पुत्र** a man.

**प्रमाचपुत्रः m.** (-यः) An umpire, an arbitrator, a judge. **प्र** before, **मा** and **च** added. **प्रमाचयत् mfn.** (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Receiving, admitting, or obeying, &c. as authority. **प्र** before, **मा** nominal v., **च** added.

**प्रमाचमर n.** (-रः) Another means of proof.

**प्रमाचामाव m.** (-वः) Want or absence of proof or authority. **प्र** before, **मा** and **चा** non-existence.

**प्रमाचिक mfn.** (-कः-का कं) 1. Forming an authority. 2. A measure of length considered from the elbow to the top of the middle finger. f. (-का) A species of the Anushtubh metre. **प्र** before, **मा** and **च** added.

**प्रमाचीकरण n.** (-यं) Establishing or admitting as authority or proof. **प्र** before, **मा** and **करण** making, **च** added.

**प्रमाचीकृत mfn.** (-तः ता-तं) Admitted or established as proof or authority. **प्र** before, **मा** and **कृत** made, **च** added. [**च** added.

**प्रमाचीभूत mfn.** (-तः ता-तं) Proving, establishing. **प्र** before, **मा** and **भूत** become, **प्रमातामह m.** (-यः) A maternal great grandfather. f. (-या) A maternal great grandmother. **प्र** before, **मातामह** a grandfather.

**प्रमाह mfn.** (-ता-ती ह) Proving, evidence, who or what is proof or authority. **प्र** before, **मा** to measure, **ह** added.

**प्रमाय m.** (-यः) 1. Killing. 2. Paining, afflicting, torturing. 3. Violence. **प्र** before, **मा** to churn, **य** added.

**प्रमायिन् mfn.** (-यि-यिनी-यि) 1. Afflicting, inflicting pain or sorrow. 2. Killing, destroying. 3. Breaking, cutting. 4. Striking down. **प्र** before, **मा** to churn, to grind, to pain, and **यिन्** added.

**प्रमाद m.** (-दः) 1. Inadvertence, carelessness, error, inaccuracy, a blunder. 3. Intoxication. 4. Insanity. **प्र** before, **मद** to be mad, **द** aff. **च** added.

**प्रमादवत् mfn.** (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Heedless, careless, incautious, inconsiderate, unreflecting. 2. Insane. 3. Intoxicated. **प्र** before, **माद** carelessness, and **वत्** added.

**प्रमादिका f.** (-का) 1. An imprudent or careless woman. 2. A deflowered girl. **प्र** before, **मद** to be careless, **का** aff. fem. form.

**प्रमादिन् mfn.** (-दी-दिनी-दि) 1. Careless, indifferent. 2. Insane. 3. Intoxicated. **प्र** before, **मद** to be inebriate, and **दिन्** added.

**प्रमाद n.** (-दं) 1. Carelessness. 2. Insanity. **प्र** before, **मद** to be mad, **द** aff.

**प्रमादयत् Ind.** From carelessness. **प्र** before, **मा** and **य** aff.

**प्रमापय n.** (-यं) Killing, slaughter. **प्र** before, **मा** to hurt or kill, **पय** augment, from its taking the causal form, and **क** added; the **न** of the affix also being unchanged, the word is written **प्रमापन n.** (-नं.)

**प्रमापिन् mfn.** (-पि-पिनी-पि) Killing, destroying. **प्र** before, **मा** to kill, causal v., **पि** aff.

**प्रमाजंन n.** (-नं) Rubbling off, wiping off.

**प्रमित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Known, understood. 2. Established, proved. 3. Measured. 4. Limited, few. **प्र** before, **मा** to measure, aff. **क्** ।  
**प्रमिताचरा** f. (-रा) 1. A species of Jagati' metre. 2. The name of the commentary on Muhurta chintamani.  
**प्रमिति** f. (-तिः) 1. True knowledge derived from senses, inference, analogy or information. 2. Measuring. **प्र** before, **मा** to measure, (by which,) **जिन्** aff., and the radical vowel changed.  
**प्रमोद** mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) 1. Thick. 2. Passed, passed as urine. **प्र** before, **मि** to sprinkle, aff. **क्** ।  
**प्रमोदन्** mfn. (-न्-दन्-दन्) 1. Overcoming, subduing. 2. Injuring, killing. **प्र** before, **मो** to hurt or kill, **दन्** aff.  
**प्रमोत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Dead, deceased. 2. An animal killed at a sacrifice. **प्र** before, **मो** to hurt or kill, aff. **क्** ।  
**प्रमोति** f. (-तिः) Death, destruction.  
**प्रमोला** f. (-ला) 1. Lassitude, enervation, exhaustion from indolence or fatigue. 2. The name of the sovereign of the kingdom of women. She was conquered by Arjuna and become his wife. **प्र** before, **मो** to twinkle, affs. **चङ्** and **टप्** ।  
**प्रमौलित** f. (-ता) With closed eyes. [hurled].  
**प्रमुक्त** f. (-क्ता) 1. Set free, liberated. 2. Resigned, renounced. 3. Cast, **प्रमुक्तकण्ठम्** Ind. Bitterly.  
**प्रमुख** mfn. (-खः-खा-खं) 1. Chief, principal. 2. Best, most excellent. 3. First. **प्र** before, **मुख** a sage, any respectable man. 2. A heap, a multitude. 3. A tree used in dying, (*Rottleria tinctoria*.) **प्र** before, **मुख** a. 1. Time being, the present. 2. The mouth. 3. Beginning of a chapter or section. **प्र** before, **मुख** the face, &c.  
**प्रमुखतः** It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of :—“In the presence of” “In front of” : also **प्रमुखे** ।  
**प्रमुखत्व** n. (-त्वं) Superiority, pre-dominance. **प्र** before, **मुख** and **त्व** aff. ; also with **तल्** **प्रमुखत्वा** ।  
**प्रमुग्ध** f. (-ग्धा) 1. Extremely charming. 2. Unconscious.  
**प्रमुद** mfn. (-मुत्) 1. Pleased, happy. 2. Extreme joy. **प्र** before, **मुद** to be pleased, **जिन्** aff. [to be pleased, aff. **क्** ।  
**प्रमुदित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Pleased, glad, content, happy. **प्र** before, **मुद** to be pleased, **जिन्** aff. [to be pleased, aff. **क्** ।  
**प्रमुषिता** f. (-ता) A kind of riddle.  
**प्रमुद** mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) 1. A fool, foolish, stupid. 2. Bewildered, deceived. **प्र** before, **मुद** a fool. [sign of sense].  
**प्रमुदसंज्ञ** mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञं) Bewildered, infatuated. **प्र** before, **मुद** and **संज्ञ** aff.  
**प्रमुत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Covered, concealed, withdrawn or gone out of sight. 2. Dead. **प्र** before, **मुत** to die, aff. **क्** ।  
**प्रवट** mfn. (-टः-टा-टं) 1. Polished, bright, clear. 2. Rubbed. **प्र** before, **वट्** to clean, or **वृ** to rub, aff. **क्** ।  
**प्रवेदित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Greasy, unctuous. 2. Becoming or made unctuous. **प्र** before, **वेद** to be unctuous, aff. **क्** ।  
**प्रवेदितवत्** mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Being or made unctuous. **प्र** before, **वेद** to be unctuous, **वत्** aff.  
**प्रवेद्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Proveable, what may or ought to be proved. 2. Measurable, finite. **प्र** before, **वेद** to be proved, aff. **क्** ।  
**प्रवेद्य** n. (-यं) 1. The thing to be proved. 2. In logic, the second head, or topic including twelve objects, as the soul, body, &c. or the form and end of existence. **प्र** before, **वेद** to measure, **यत्** aff.  
**प्रवेह** m. (-हः) Urinary affection, as change in the colour, quantity, or consistence of the urine ; twenty-one varieties are enumerated, including diabetes, gonorrhoea, &c. **प्र** before, **वेह** to pass urine, with **चङ्** aff.  
**प्रवेच** m. (-चः) Discharging, liberating.  
**प्रवेचन** n. (-नं) 1. Liberating, setting free. 2. Shedding, emitting. **प्र** before, **वेच** to liberate, **न** aff. f. (-नी) A sort of cucumber : see **गवाची**. **प्र** before, **वेच** to loose, aff. **न** ।

**प्रमोद** m. (-दः) Pleasure, happiness, delight. **प्र** before, **मुद** to be pleased, aff. **चङ्** । [Viburnum]  
**प्रमोदन** n. (-नं) Gladdening, making glad. **प्र** before, **मुद** to be pleased, aff. **चङ्** ।  
**प्रमोदित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Happy, delighted. **प्र** before, **मुद** to be pleased, aff. **चङ्** ।  
**प्रमोद** happiness, **प्रमोद** aff. ; or **प्र** before, **मुद** to be happy, **चङ्** aff. and the radical changed.  
**प्रमोदिन्** mfn. (-दि-दिनी-दि) 1. Happy, delighted. 2. Delighting, making happy. **प्र** before, **मुद** and **दि** aff.  
**प्रमोह** m. (-हः) 1. Fascination. 2. Fainting, insensibility. **प्र** before, **मुह** to be bewildered, **ह** aff.  
**प्रमोहित** f. (-ता) Bewildered.  
**प्रमोचा** f. (-चा) One of the Apsara's, or nymphs of heaven.  
**प्रयच्छन्** mfn. (-च्छन्-च्छन्-च्छन्) Giving, presenting, bestowing. **प्र** before, **दा** to give, **च्छन्** aff.  
**प्रयत्न** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Well-governed, restrained, self-subdued. 2. Careful, prudent. **प्र** before, **यत्** to endeavour, aff. **न** । [यत्नः soul]  
**प्रयत्नम्** mfn. (-म्-ता-ता-तं) Devout, pious, of a holy spirit. **प्र** before, **यत्** and **न** aff.  
**प्रयत्न** n. (-नं) 1. Continued or persevering effort, exertion. 2. Act, action. 3. (In logic,) Active effort of three kinds, engaging in any act, prosecuting it, and completing it. 4. Caution, care. 5. Articulation of sounds. **प्र** before, **यत्** intensively, **यत्** effort.  
**प्रयत्नतः** Ind. Particularly, especially, with special effort, care or pains. **प्र** before, **यत्** and **तसि** aff.  
**प्रयत्नवत्** mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Active, zealous, enterprising, assiduous, persevering. **प्र** before, **यत्** effort, and **वत्** aff.  
**प्रयत्** mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Valuable, precious.  
**प्रयत्** mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Seasoned, dressed with sauces and condiments. **प्र** before, **यत्** to take pains, and **यत्** aff.  
**प्रयाग** m. (-गः) 1. Sacrifice, oblation. 2. A celebrated place of pilgrimage, the confluence of the Ganges and Jamuna, with the supposed subterraneous addition of the Saraswati ; the modern Alla'ha'bad. The term in composition is applied to many places of reputed sanctity, situated at the confluence of two rivers, as De'va-Praya'ga, Rudra-Praya'ga, Karna-Praya'ga, and Nanda-Praya'ga, in the Himalaya' mountains, which with Praya'ga or Alla'ha'bad, constitute the five principal places so termed. 3. A name of Indra. 4. A horse. **प्र** before, **यत्** to worship, and **यत्** aff. ; actual worship, or the place where worship is peculiarly efficacious ; Alla'ha'bad is one of the places where BRAHMA' is supposed to have consummated ten As'wamed'has or sacrifices of the horse, in commemoration of his recovery, of the four Vedas from SANKHA'SURA.  
**प्रयागस्य** m. (-यः) A name of INDRA. **प्र** before, **यत्** sacrifice, especially of the horse or As'wamed'ha, and **यत्** fear ; INDRA being dethroned by the performance of a hundred such sacrifices.  
**प्रयाचन** n. (-नं) Begging, imploring.  
**प्रयाज** m. (-जः) 1. A principal ceremony or sacrifice. 2. A part of a sacrifice. **प्र** before, **यज्** to sacrifice, aff. **चङ्**, form irr.  
**प्रयाण** n. (-णः) 1. Going, motion. 2. Going forth or to a distance. 3. Departure. 4. Death. 5. March of an assailing force, attack, invasion. 6. Beginning, commencement. 7. The back of a horse. 8. The hind part of any animal. **प्र** before, **या** to go, aff. **ङुट्** ; also with **जन्** added, **प्रयाणक** n. (-कः).  
**प्रयाणकाल** m. (-कः) 1. Time of departure. 2. Death. **प्र** before, **या** and **काल** time.  
**प्रयाणक** m. (-कः) A break in a journey, a halt.  
**प्रयाण्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Worthy of death. **प्र** before, **या** and **यत्** sit for.  
**प्रयात** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Gone. 2. Removed, gone away or to a distance.

3. Deceased. m. (-तः) 1. A name of BHRI'GU. 2. A sleepy or lazy fellow. 3. An invasion. 4. A precipice. म. प्र before, यत् to endeavour, aff. चञ् ।
- प्रवापय n. (-च) 1. Sending, dispatching. 2. Expelling, driving away. म. प्र before, वा to go, causal v., ल्यट् aff. ; also न being unchanged, प्रवापय ।
- प्रवापयन् mfn. (-चः-वा-य) To be sent or sent away. म. प्र before, वा to go, causal v., चञ्चिट् aff. ; also प्रवापयन् ।
- प्रवापित mfn. (-तः-वा-य) Driven or sent away, made to go or pass away. म. प्र before, वा to go, causal v., क्क aff. ।
- प्रवापित् mfn. (-चो-वा-य) Causing to go, who or what sends, or sends away, &c. म. प्र before, वा to go, causal v., चिचि aff. ।
- प्रवापयन् mfn. (-चः-वा-य) Being sent or made to go, pass away, &c. म. प्र before, वा to go, causal v., pass. v., चञ्चिट् aff. ; also प्रवापयन् ।
- प्रवाप m. (-नः) 1. Cheeking, restraining. 2. Scarcity, dearth. 3. Competition of buyers in consequence of scarcity. 4. Length, either of space or time. म. प्र before, यत् to refrain, aff. चञ् ।
- प्रवाप mfn. (-चः-वा-य) To be checked, controlled, &c. म. प्र before, यत् to check, यत् aff. ।
- प्रवाप m. (-नः) 1. Trouble, labour, fatigue. 2. Desire for or pursuit of any object. म. प्र before, यत् to make exertion, aff. चञ् ।
- प्रवापयन् mfn. (-भाक्) Capable of exertion or fatigue, active, energetic. म. प्रवाप, and भाक् sharing. ।
- प्रवापयन् mfn. (-चन्-वा-य) Going, about to go or depart. म. प्र before, वा to go, यत् aff. to the fut. tense. ।
- प्रवाप mfn. (-क्तः-वा-य) 1. Endowed with, possessing as an attribute, &c. 2. Resulting from, consequential. 3. Appointed, nominated. 4. Associated or connected with. 5. Applied, employed, (as a word.) 6. Compact, closely united. 7. Harnessed, yoked. 8. Done, to or for. 9. Abstracted, lost in meditation. 10. Lent, (as money.) 11. Asleep. n. (-क्त) Cause. म. प्र before, युज् to join, aff. क्क ।
- प्रवापयन् Adj. Refined, polished. ।
- प्रवापि f. (-क्तिः) 1. Occasion, cause, main object or end. 2. Use, employment. 3. Instigation. म. प्र before, युज् to join and क्ति aff. ।
- प्रवाप mfn. (-युक्) Who or what joins or is connected with, literally or figuratively, as a cause, motive, &c. म. प्र before, युज् to join, क्ति aff. ।
- प्रवाप Ind. 1. Having acted or behaved to or towards. 2. Having connected. म. प्र before, युज् to join, ल्यप् aff. ।
- प्रवापयन् mfn. (-नः-वा-य) 1. Being united or connected with. 2. Being used, employed, applied, &c. म. प्र before, युज् to join, pass. v., चञ्चिट् aff. ।
- प्रवापयन् mfn. (-नः-वा-य) 1. Adding, joining. 2. Using, employing. 3. Appointing, deputing. 4. Performing, doing. म. प्र before, युज् to join, चञ्चिट् aff. ।
- प्रवाप mfn. (-तः-वा-य) Joined, combined, united. n. (-त) Ten hundred thousand, a million. म. प्र before, युज् to join, aff. क्क ।
- प्रवाप m. (-युः) 1. A warrior. 2. A name of INDRA. 3. A name of the wind. 4. A ram. 5. An ascetic. म. प्र before, युज् to contend, in the desiderative form, with च aff. ।
- प्रवाप n. (-युः) War, battle. म. प्र before, युज् the same. ।
- प्रवापय m. (-युः) War, battle, going to war or battle. म. प्र initiatory, युज् war, and यद् object. ।
- प्रवापय mfn. (-युः-वा-य) Applicable, suitable, to be applied or employed. म. प्र before, युज् to unite, aff. क्क ।
- प्रवापि f. (-क्तिः) 1. One who uses or employs, (as a word.) 2. One who instigates. 3. One who lends money on interest. 4. One who represents, (a drama.) 5. One who shoots, (an arrow.)
- प्रवाप m. (-नः) 1. Occasion, cause, motive, object. 2. Consequence, result. 3. Affair, matter. 4. Appointing, appointment. 5. Application, use, employment. 6. Ceremonial form, course of proceeding.

7. Usage, practice, as in धृतिप्रदीप. 8. Hurling, throwing, sending. 9. Delivery, recitation. 10. Exhibition of a dance, dancing. 11. Practice, performance, (opposed to theory.) 12. Beginning, commencement. 13. Consequence, result. 14. Application of magic, magical rites. 15. Subduing, fascinating. 16. Device, contrivance. 17. Example, comparison. 18. Act, action. 19. Dramatic action or performance. 20. Principal, loan bearing interest. 21. Lending money at interest. 22. Profits of usury or trade. 23. A horse. 24. Text, authority. म. प्र before, युज् to join, aff. चञ् ।

प्रवापयन् Ind. 1. According to or in consequence of. 2. Actually, in action. म. क्ति added to प्रवापय ।

प्रवापयित् m. (-यः) Bringing a character on the stage unexpectedly at the moment when his name is incidentally pronounced. The word is thus explained on Va'chaspatya:—

“यदि प्रवापय एकचित् प्रवापयित् प्रवृत्ते ।

तेन वा प्रवापयित् प्रवापयित्वा ।”

प्रवापय m. (-यः) Act, tending to a main object. म. प्रवापय aim or end, and यद् purpose. ।

प्रवापयन् mfn. (-नी-नि-य) Having some object in view, calculated for some particular purpose. म. प्रवापय object, and यद् aff. ।

प्रवापय mfn. (-क्तः-वा-य) 1. Who or what causes or induces any act. 2. Who or what deposes or appoints. m. (-क्तः) 1. A founder or institutor of any ceremony. 2. A law-giver, a legislator. 3. An author. 4. A money-lender. म. प्र before, युज् to join, ल्यप् aff. ।

प्रवापयन् m. (-क्तः) Acting as an instigator or promoter. म. प्रवापय, and क्ति aff. ।

प्रवापय n. (-नः) 1. Use, need, necessity, (with an inst.) 2. Cause, occasion. 3. Motive, origin. 4. Purpose, object, intention, design. 5. Profit, interest. 6. Means of attaining. म. प्र before, युज् to join, aff. ल्यट् ।

प्रवापयन् mfn. (-वा-य-य-य) 1. Designing, purposing. 2. Having a cause, caused, produced. म. प्रवापय, and यत् aff. ।

प्रवापयन् mfn. (-य-य-य-य) 1. Behaving to or towards, shewing, displaying. 2. Combining, &c. म. प्र before, युज् to join, aff. यत् ।

प्रवापय mfn. (-य-य-य-य) 1. To be set to work, to be appointed or directed. 2. To be used, practised, employed, &c. 3. To be thrown. 4. To be produced. n. (-य) Capital, principal. m. (-यः) A servant, a slave. म. प्र before, युज् to join, aff. यत् ।

प्रवापय mfn. (-तः-वा-य) Wept, weeping. म. प्र before, यद् to weep, क्क aff. ।

प्रवाप mfn. (-तः-वा-य) 1. Rooted, fastened, growing or proceeding from a root. 2. Grown, increased. 3. Born, produced. m. (-तः) The belly. म. प्र before, यद् to grow, क्क aff. ।

प्रवापय n. (-नः) 1. Stimulating, exciting. 2. Propitiating. f. (-नः) Praise of the author of a drama, &c., in the prelude, to secure the favour of the spectators. म. प्र before, यद् to be light, causal v. चिचिट् aff. ।

प्रवाप m. (-युः) 1. A bud, a shoot. 2. A shoot of light. म. प्र before, यद् to grow, aff. चञ् ।

प्रवापय mfn. (-चो-वा-य) Budding, sprouting. म. प्रवाप and यद् aff. ।

प्रवापय mfn. (-चन्-वा-य) 1. Speaking, talking. 2. Talking nonsense. म. प्र before, यद् to speak, यत् aff. ।

प्रवापय mfn. (-तः-वा-य) 1. Said, spoken, declared. 2. Prating. म. प्र before, यद् to speak, aff. क्क । [यद् to gain, क्क aff. ।

प्रवाप mfn. (-युः-वा-य) Over-reached, cheated, deceived. म. प्र before, यद् to speak, aff. क्क ।

प्रवाप mfn. (-युः-वा-य) 1. Hanging down, depending from, pendulous. 2. Slow, dilatory. m. (-युः) 1. Depending, hanging on or from. 2. The new shoot or bud of a creeping plant. 3. A garland of flowers worn round the neck. 4. A branch. 5. The female breast. 6. The name of a Daitya, killed by BALAMA'MA. 7. Head. म. प्र before, यद् to oppose, aff. चञ् ।

प्रवापय m. (-युः) A name of BALAMA'MA. म. प्रवापय a demon, killed by

BALADE'VA, and प्र who kills; also similar compounds, as प्रलम्बमिन् &c.

प्रलम्बमिद् m. (-मिद्) BALADE'VA, the brother of KRISHN'A. प्रलम्ब, and मिद्, who destroys: see the last.

प्रलम्बायुग्म m. (-युग्मः) A man having large testicles. प्रलम्ब pendulous, and युग्म testicle. [ing, इत् aff.]

प्रलम्बित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Suspended pendulous, hanging. प्रलम्ब hang-  
प्रलम्भ m. (-भः) 1. Obtaining, gaining. 2. Fraud, cheating. प्र before, लभि to get, चञ् aff.

प्रलय m. (-यः) The end of a Kalpa, or destruction of the world. 2. Death, dying, loss, destruction, dissolution, annihilation. 3. Fainting, syncope, loss of sense or consciousness, considered as one of the thirty-three subordinate feelings, (in Rhetoric.) 4. The mystic Syllable "Om." प्र before, ली to destroy, aff. चञ् ।

प्रलयकाल m. (-कः) The time of universal destruction.

प्रलयदहन m. (-नः) The fire at the dissolution of the world.

प्रलयपयोधि m. (-धिः) The ocean at the dissolution of the world.

प्रललाट f. (-टः) Having a prominent forehead.

प्रलम्ब m. (-वः) A fragrant, a chip. प्र + लु-भावे चञ् ।

प्रलम्बिण n. (-नः) An instrument for cutting. प्र + लु-करणे इत् ।

प्रलाप m. (-पः) 1. Unmeaning or incoherent speech. 2. Speaking. 3. Discourse, conversation. 4. Lamentation. प्र before, लप् to speak, aff. चञ् ।

प्रलापिन् mfn. (-पी-पिनी-प) 1. Talking much, or unmeaningly, chattering. 2. Speaking to, conversing with. प्र before, लप् to speak, चिन् aff. [लिप् to anoint, क aff.]

प्रलिप mfn. (-पः-पा-प) Who or what smears, plasters, &c. प्र before,

प्रलीन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Destroyed, annihilated. 2. Unconscious, insensible. 3. Melted. प्र before, ली to destroy, क aff.

प्रलीनता f. (-ता) 1. Destruction, annihilation. 2. The end of the universe. 3. Unconsciousness, loss of sense. प्र + लु added to the last; also with ल प्रलीनत् ।

प्रलून f. (-नः) Cut off, cut asunder.

प्रलेप m. (-पः) An unguent, an ointment. प्र, लिप् to smear, चञ् aff.

प्रलेपक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Who or what anoints, smears, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A plasterer. 2. A slow fever. प्र before, लिप् to smear, aff. लृच् ।

प्रलेह m. (-हः) A kind of food. "कोरसा". प्र + लिह्-कर्मणि-चञ् ।

प्रलीठन n. (-नः) Rolling on the ground, heaving, tossing, (as of the ocean.) प्र before, लृठ् to roll, झुट् aff. [roll, क aff.]

प्रलीठित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Rolling, heaving, tossing. प्र before, लृठ् to

प्रलीठ m. (-ठः) 1. Cupidity, covetousness. 2. Allurement, seduction.

प्रलीठन n. (-नः) 1. Allurement. 2. A lure, a bait.

प्रलीभ m. (-भः) Desire, cupidity. प्र before, लभ् to covet, चञ् aff.

प्रलीभन n. (-नः) 1. Allurement, inducement. 2. Attraction, attracting, seducing. प्र before, लुभ् to desire, झुट् aff.

प्रलीभनी f. (-नी) Sand.

प्रलील f. (-ला) Extremely agitated.

प्रलक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Who or what goes. प्र, लुक् to go, वृच् aff.

प्रलक्ष्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) To be expounded or explained. प्र before, वच् to speak, ल्य aff.

प्रलक्ष् mfn. (-क्षा-क्षी-क्षु) Who speaks or declares. m. (-क्षा) A teacher, an expounder, an orator. प्र before, वच् to speak, लृच् aff.

प्रलभ m. (-भः) 1. A bird. 2. A monkey. प्र + लभ् + लस्य रः ।

प्रलचन n. (-नः) 1. A Veda, scripture. 2. Excellent speech or language, eloquence. 3. Teaching, expounding, exposition. 4. Declaration. प्र, लचन speech.

प्रलचनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. A good speaker. 2. To be well or elegantly spoken. प्र before, वच् to speak, aff. लनीयत् ।

प्रलचनपटु mfn. (-टुः-टः-टु) Eloquent. प्र + लचन and पटु skilful.

प्रलम्ब m. (-टः) Wheat. प्र before, वट् to divide, aff. चट् ।

प्रव(व)च mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Declivity, declining, steep. 2. Bent, bowed. 3. Attached or adhering to, filled with, possessed of, endowed with. 4. Inclined to, disposed to, tending to. 5. Addicted to, devoted to. 6. Favourably disposed towards. 7. Curved, crooked. 8. Swift. 9. Generous. 10. Humble, modest. 11. Wasted, decayed. m. (-चः) A place where four roads meet. प्र before, वच् to sound, &c. aff. चञ् ।

प्रवसात् f. (ती or ली) About to go on a journey.

प्रवसात्पत्निका f. (-का) The wife of one who is about to go on a journey, regarded as one of the eight Nāyika's, (in belles lettres.)

प्रवदन् mfn. (-दन्-दन्-दन्) 1. Speaking to or with, conversing, addressing. 2. Speaking much or well. 3. Arguing, a disputant. प्र before, वद् to speak, झट् aff.

प्रवपय n. (-यः) Sowing. प्र before, वप् to sow, aff. झुट् ।

प्रवयय n. (-यः) 1. A goad. 2. The upper part of a piece of woven cloth. प्र before, वच् to go, वी substituted for the root, and aff. झुट् ।

प्रवयम् m. (-यः) An old man. प्र + वय् life or age.

प्रवर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Best, most excellent. m. (-रः) 1. A line of ancestors.

2. An ancestor. 3. Lineage. 4. An exalted ancestor who contributed to the credit of a particular Gotra. 5. A particular invocation addressed to Agni by a Brahmāna at the consecration of his fire.

6. A call, a summons. n. (-रः) 1. Offspring, descendants. 2. Family, race, kindred. 3. A black sort of kidney bean, known as Aloe-wood. 4. Covering, screening. 5. A Muni, who contributes to the continuation of and credit of a particular caste or tribe of Brahmāns. प्र before, वृ to chuse, aff. चञ् ।

प्रवरललित n. (-तः) A species of the Ashti metre.

प्रवरवाहन m. (-नः) Du. An epithet of the Asvins

प्रवर्ग m. (-गः) Sacrificial fire. प्र before, वृच् to abandon, aff. चञ् ।

प्रवर्ग्य m. (-व्यः) An officiating priest. n. (-व्यः) A particular ceremony or sacrifice. प्र + वर्ग, and झुट् aff.

प्रवर्त्त m. (-र्त्तः) 1. Engaging in, undertaking. 2. Excitement, stimulus. प्र before, वृच् to be, चञ् aff. : see प्रवर्त्तन and प्रवर्त्तन ।

प्रवर्त्तक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Inciting, stimulating, inducing, who or what sets in action. m. (-कः) 1. The original instigator of any act, the author, the principal. 2. An arbiter, a judge. n. (-कः) The entrance of the first person of the drama on the close of the introduction. प्र before, वृच् to be, aff. चिच्-लृच् ।

प्रवर्त्तन n. (-नः) 1. Action, business, worldly interest or activity as opposed to abstract contemplation. 2. Fixing, establishing. 3. Engaging, (in any work.) 4. Beginning. 5. Inciting, stimulating. 6. Directing, superintending. 7. Informing. 8. Revolving. 9. Behaviour, conduct, procedure. 10. Happening, coming to pass. f. (-नः) Order, permission, the sense of the precative, or qualified imperative tense, stimulating to action. प्र before, वृच् to be, aff. वृच् fem. aff. टाप् ।

प्रवर्त्तमान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Engaging in, practising, doing. 2. Being used or employed. प्र before, वृच् to be, झानच् aff.

प्रवर्त्तित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Informed, apprized. 2. Stimulated, excited, instigated. 3. Revolving, going round. 4. Made, rendered, caused.

5. Made pure. प्र before, वृच् to be, क aff.

प्रवर्द्धन mfn. (-नः-नी-न) What causes to grow or increase. n. (-नः) Increase, augmenting. प्र before, वृच् to increase, aff. झुट् ।

प्रवर्धय n. (-यः) 1. Raining. 2. The first rain. [aff. चञ् ।]

प्रवर्द्ध mfn. (-र्द्धः-र्द्धा-र्द्ध) Chief, principal, first. प्र before, वृच् to increase,

प्रवर्द्धाकृन् m. (-कृ) 1. A snake. 2. A peacock. 3. One with a variegated girdle. [dwell, क्व aff.]

प्रवसन् mfn. (-सन्-सनी-सन्) Residing abroad. प्र before, वस् to go, वृच् to dwell, लृच् aff.

प्रवसन n. (-नः) Going abroad, sojourning in a foreign country. प्र before, वस् to dwell, लृच् aff.

वह m. (-वः) 1. Going forth, or from a town. 2. Streaming forth. 3. One of the seven Vā'yus, or courses of the wind which is said to cause the motion of the planets. 4. Wind, air. E. प्र before, वच् to bear, aff. चच् ।

वहल n. (-लः) 1. A covered car, a litter or carriage for women. 2. A ship. E. प्र forth, वच् to bear, लृट् aff.

वहन mfn. (-हन् वही वत्) 1. Bearing. 2. Receiving, enjoying. E. प्र before, वच् to bear, गृह् aff.

वह्नि f. (-ह्निःत्री) A riddle. E. प्र before, वच् to speak, aff. वच्, and डीप् optionally added : see the next.

वह्निका f. (-का) A riddle, an enigma, a conundrum or charade, &c. E. प्र before, वच् to speak or tell, aff. कृन्; the conjunct consonants of the root are transposed; also प्रवह्नि and प्रवह्नी, and with कन् added to the latter, प्रवह्नीका ।

वक्त्र mfn. (-वाक्) Eloquent oratorical, speaking, a speaker. E. प्र before, वच् to speak, aff. क्तिप् । [speak, वच् लृट् aff.]

वक्त्रक mfn. (-क्त्र-का-कं) Speaking well, eloquent. E. प्र before, वच् to speak, aff. क्तिप् ।

प्रवाचन n. (-नः) Proclamation, promulgation.

प्रवाण n. (-णः) The trimming of a piece of woven cloth.

प्रवाही f. (-ही) A weaver's shuttle. E. प्र before, वी to go, aff. लृट् fem. aff. डीप्; also प्रवाणि ।

प्रवात f. (-ता) Agitated by the wind. n. (-तः) 1. A current of air. 2. Stormy weather. 3. An airy place.

प्रवाद m. (-दः) 1. Rumour, report. 2. Discourse, conversation. 3. Popular belief. 4. A fable, a myth. 5. Litigious language. 6. Mutual defiance the conversation of antagonists prior to combat. E. प्र spreading, and वाद् speech.

प्रवादिन् mfn. (-दी-दनी दि) Who or what speaks, reports, &c. E. प्र before, वच् to speak, चिनुष् aff. [sow, चिनुष् aff.]

प्रवादिन् m. (-पी) A sower, one who sows seed. E. प्र before, वच् to sow, aff. चच्, also with चच् aff., and in other senses, प्रवर ।

प्रवारण m. (-णः) 1. A desirable gift. 2. Prohibition, objection, opposition. 3. Priority of choice. 4. Satisfying. 5. A voluntary gift. E. प्र before, वच् to choose, aff. लृट् ।

प्रवास m. (-सः) A temporary or foreign residence, a habitation away from home. E. प्र far or removed, and वास abode.

प्रवासन् mfn. (-सन् सन्ती-सन्) Dwelling or being abroad or absent. E. प्र before, वच् to dwell, causal v., गृह् aff.

प्रवासन n. (-नः) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. Dwelling abroad, sojourning, lodging. 3. Exile. E. प्र away, वच् to dwell, or divide, causal v., aff. लृट् । [causal v., क्त् aff.]

प्रवासित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Expelled, expatriated. E. प्र before, वच् to dwell, aff. क्त् ।

प्रवासिन् mfn. (-सी सिनी सि) A traveller, a sojourner, one living away from home. E. प्रवास a foreign or strange habitation, and नि aff.; or प्र before, वच् to dwell, and चिनुष् aff.

प्रवाह m. (-हः) 1. Stream, flow, continuous passage. 2. Uninterrupted series, continuity. 3. Moving onwards like a stream, course of events. 4. Action, occupation, active life. 5. A pond. 6. A swift horse. f. (-ही) Sand. E. प्र continually, वच् to bear, aff. चच् ।

प्रवाहक mfn. (-क-का-कं) Who or what bears or carries well. m. (-कः) An imp, a goblin. f. (-हिक्ता) Diarrhoea. E. प्र before, वच् to bear, aff. चच् ।

प्रवाहन n. (-नः) 1. Driving forth. 2. Evacuation by stool.

प्रवाही f. (-ही) Sand. E. प्र + वच्-विच् चच् गीरा० डीप् ।

प्रवाहकम् Ind. 1. At the same time. 2. Above, over.

प्रवाहन् mfn. (-हन्-वही-वत्) Expanding, opening, blossoming. E. प्र and वि before, कच् to go, गृह् aff.

प्रविख्याति f. (-तिः) Celebrity, reputation. E. प्र वि prefixed to ख्या to say, aff. क्तिन् ।

प्रविचय m. (-यः) Examination, investigation.

प्रविचार m. (-रः) Discerning, discrimination.

प्रवितत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Spread out, expanded. 2. Dishevelled. E. प्र and वि before, तच् to spread, क्त् aff.

प्रविदारण n. (-णः) 1. War, battle, combat. 2. Tearing, rending, breaking. 3. Tumult, crowd, confusion. 4. Bursting, budding. E. प्र and वि prefixed to दृ to tear to pieces, aff. लृट् ।

प्रविदारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Torn, rent, severed. 2. Opened, expanded. E. प्र and वि before, दृ to tear, क्त् aff.

प्रविह f. (-हा) Cast away.

प्रविहन् f. (-ता) Dispersed, scattered.

प्रविभक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Partitioned, divided, separated, shared. E. प्र and विभक्त divided.

प्रविभाग m. (-गः) Division, a part, distribution. E. प्र and विभाग division.

प्रविम m. (-रः) A yellow fragrant wood. E. प्र and वि before, रा to get or be, aff. ड । [E. प्र, विरक्त distinct.]

प्रविरल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. A part, separate, isolated. 2. Very few, rare.

प्रविलय m. (-यः) 1. Melting away. 2. Complete dissolution.

प्रविलुप्त mfn. (-प्तः-प्ता-प्तं) Lost, removed, fallen or rubbed off. E. प्र and वि before, लृप् to cut, क्त् aff.

प्रविवर m. (-रः) 1. Yellow Sandal. n. (-रः) Perforated.

प्रविवाद m. (-दः) Dispute, quarrel. [विचित detached.]

प्रविविक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) 1. Separated, detached. 2. Solitary. E. प्र and प्रविविक्तम् mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Wishing or intending to banish. E. प्र before, वच् to go, causal desid. v., च्च् aff.

प्रविश्रम्भ m. (-भः) Separation, parting. E. प्र, वि negative prefix before, श्रिच् to unite, aff. चच् ।

प्रविषय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Sad, spiritless. 2. Dejected, separated. E. प्र much, विषय dejected. [विषय poison.]

प्रविषा f. (-षा) A plant, commonly A'ta'ich. E. प्र against, (anti), and प्रविष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) 1. Entered, gone in or into. 2. Entered upon, (as an affair,) engaged in. E. प्र before, विष् to enter, aff. क्त् ।

प्रविष्टक n. (-कः) Entrance on the stage.

प्रवि(ल)म्भार m. (-रः) Expanse, extent, compass, circumference.

प्रवीण mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) Skilful, clever, conversant. E. प्र emptying excellence, and वीणा a lute, or वीण् a nominal verb, to play on a lute, aff. चच् । [प्रवीणत्वं ।]

प्रवीणता f. (-ता) Proficiency, skill. E. प्रवीण, and तच् aff.; also with लृट्, प्रवीर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Best, most excellent. m. (-रः) 1. A hero, a warrior. 2. A chief, a person of rank or distinction. 3. Strong, powerful, E. प्र pre-eminent, and वीर a hero.

प्रहसनीय m. (-यः) A great hero. E. प्र + हस्-चनीयर् aff.

प्रहस mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) 1. Fixed, settled, determined, done. 2. Engaged in, undertaking, occupied by. 3. Begun, beginning. 4. Doing, acting. 5. Undisputed, (as dominion.) 6. Round, globular. m. (-रः) A round ornament. E. प्र before, हच् to be, aff. क्त्; form irr.

प्रहसकर्मन् n. (-कर्म) Any act the cause of being born again. E. प्रहस, and कर्मन् act. [abstract aff.]

प्रहसचक्रता f. (-ता) Absolute dominion. E. प्रहस fixed, चक्र rule, and तच्

प्रहसि f. (-तिः) 1. Activity, occupation, active life, as opposed to contemplative devotion; or it is defined to consist of the wish to do, knowledge of the means of success and accomplishing the desired object. 2. Prosecution, perseverance. 3. Addiction to, predilection for. 4. Practice, conduct. 5. Tidings, intelligence. 6. Continuous flow, stream, current. 7. Employment, occupation. 8. Fate, Destiny. 9. Signification, sense. 10. Direct perception. 11. Progress, advance. 12. Rise, source, origin. 13. Appearance, manifestation. 14. The juice that exudes from the elephant's temples, when in rut. 15. Oujein, or any holy place. 16. (In arithmetic,) The multiplier. E. प्र before, हच् to be or abide, aff. क्तिन् ।

प्रहसिन् m. (-सः) An emissary, an agent, a spy. ३. प्रहसिन् news, and ज्ञ who knows. [sense.]  
 प्रहसिनिमित्त n. (-त्) Relation for the use of any work in a particular  
 प्रहसितानी m. (-नीः) Worldly life, attachment to the pleasures of the world.  
 प्रहृष्ट mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Full grown. 2. Expanded, diffused, spread abroad or dispersed. 3. Swollen, (as a river.) 4. Full, deep, (as a sigh.) 5. Haughty, arrogant. ३. प्र before, हृच् to increase or grow, aff. क् । [tion.]  
 प्रवृद्धि f. (-द्धिः) 1. Increase, growth. 2. Prosperity, preferment, promotion.  
 प्रवेक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Chief, head, principal. ३. प्र before, विच् to distinguish, aff. चञ् ।  
 प्रवेक्ष m. (-क्ष) Foreseeing. ३. प्र and च before, ईच् to see, क् ट् aff.  
 प्रवेक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Foreseen, anticipated. ३. प्र and च before, ईच् to see, क् ट् aff.  
 प्रवेक्षन् mfn. (-क्षन्-क्षन्-क्षन्) Foreseeing, anticipating. ३. प्र and च before, ईच् to see, क् ट् aff., the first syllable made short.  
 प्रवेग m. (-गः) Great speed.  
 प्रवेष्ट m. (-ष्टः) Barley. ३. प्र before, वी to sound, aff. ट् ।  
 प्रवेष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) 1. The hair twisted, and undecorated, as worn by women in the absence of their husbands. 2. An elephant's housings. 3. The current of a river. ३. प्र before, वेल् to go, aff. ण् ; also with डीप् added, प्रवेष्टी. [See the last.]  
 प्रवेष्टी f. (-ष्टी) 1. Un-ornamented hair. 2. An elephant's housing, &c. ३.  
 प्रवेष्ट m. (-ष्टि) A charioteer.  
 प्रवेदन n. (-नः) Making known, announcing.  
 प्रवेपथ n. (-थः) Shaking, agitation, tremulous motion. ३. प्र before, वेप् to tremble, क् ट् aff.  
 प्रवेरित f. (-ता) Cast hither and thither. [go, aff. चञ् ।  
 प्रवेणु m. (-णुः) The yellow variety of kidney bean. ३. प्र before, वेल् to  
 प्रवेष्ट m. (-ष्टः) 1. Intentness on an object, engaging closely in a pursuit or purpose. 2. Entrance, penetration. 3. A door. 4. Entrance on the stage. 5. Income, revenue. ३. प्र before, विच् to enter, aff. चञ् ।  
 प्रवेष्टक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what enters. m. (-कः) 1. An inferior actor who announces the entrance of the principal characters, or an interlude acted by inferior characters for the sake of making known to the audience events which are not represented on the stage and a knowledge of which is necessary for the understanding of what follows, provided that it can never occur in the beginning of the first act or at the end of the last. 2. An entry. ३. प्र before, विच् to enter, क् ट् aff.  
 प्रवेष्टन n. (-नः) 1. The entrance to a house, the principal door or gate. 2. Entering, penetrating. 3. Introducing, leading into. 4. Sexual intercourse. ३. प्र before, विच् to enter, aff. क् ट् ।  
 प्रवेष्टित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Called or sent in. 2. Introduced. ३. प्र before, विच् to enter, causal v., क् ट् aff.  
 प्रवेष्ट Ind. Having sent in, thrown into, &c. ३. प्र before, विच् to enter, causal v., क् ट् aff.  
 प्रवेष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) To be entered, to be pervaded. ३. प्र before, विच् to enter, क् ट् aff.; also प्रवेष्टनीय ।  
 प्रवेष्ट m. (-ष्टः) 1. An arm. 2. The fore-arm, or wrist. 3. An elephant's gums. 4. An elephant's housings. 5. The back of an elephant. ३. प्र before, वेल् to encompass, aff. चञ् ।  
 प्रवेष्टम् mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) To be entered, to be penetrated or pervaded. ३. प्र before, विच् to enter, क् ट् aff.  
 प्रवेष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) Evident, apparent, manifest. ३. प्र and वि before, चञ् to spread, aff. क् ।  
 प्रवेष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) Manifestation, appearance. [aff. क् ।  
 प्रवेष्टित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Distressed, pained. ३. प्र before, वेप् to pain, क् ट् aff.  
 प्रवेष्टित m. (-तः) Prolongation of discourse.

प्रव्रजन् n. (-जः) 1. Going abroad. 2. Becoming a recluse.  
 प्रव्रजित m. (-जः) 1. An ascetic or mendicant. 2. The pupil, or attendant of a Jaina or Buddha mendicant. f. (-जः) 1. A female devotee or ascetic. 2. Spikenard, (Valerian) Jatamansi 3. A plant, commonly Mun'd'iri', (Sphaeranthus molis.) n. (-जः) The life of an ascetic. ३. प्र before, व्रज् to go, aff. क् ।  
 प्रव्रज्या f. (-ज्या) 1. Roaming, travelling, wandering about, as a religious mendicant especially. 2. Abandonment of the world. ३. प्र before, व्रज् to go, aff. क् ।  
 प्रव्रज्यावसित m. (-ज्या) An ascetic, who has broken his observance, ३. प्रव्रज्या, and अवसित finished.  
 प्रव्रजन m. (-जः) A knife for cutting fuel.  
 प्रव्रज्ज m. (-जः) An ascetic. ३. प्र, व्रज् to go, aff. चञ् ।  
 प्रव्रजन् n. (-जः) Banishment. ३. प्र before, व्रज् to go, causal v., क् ट् aff.  
 प्रव्रजन् n. (-जः) Praising, eulogising: see प्रव्रजन्. ३. प्र before, व्रज् to praise, क् ट् aff.  
 प्रव्रज्या f. (-ज्या) Praise, eulogium. ३. प्र before, व्रज् to praise, क् ट्, and टाप् affs.: see प्रव्रज्या । [also प्रव्रज्या ।  
 प्रव्रजन् n. (-जः) Praising, eulogising. ३. प्र before, व्रज् to praise, क् ट् aff.; प्रव्रजनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be praised, praise-worthy. ३. प्र before, व्रज् to praise, क् ट् aff.  
 प्रव्रज्या f. (-ज्या) 1. Praise, applause, flattery, commendation. 2. Fame, reputation, glory. 3. Description, as in चप्रव्रज्या ३. प्र especially व्रज्, to praise, affs. क् ट् and टाप्; the root is also read व्रज्, when this word and the analogous derivatives are read प्रव्रज्या, &c.  
 प्रव्रजित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Praised, eulogised. ३. प्रव्रज्या, and इतच् aff.  
 प्रव्रजितम् mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) To be praised, praise-worthy. ३. प्र before, व्रज् to praise, क् ट् aff.  
 प्रव्रज्योपमा f. (-मा) A kind of Upama' according to Dandin, who thus defines and illustrates it:—  
 व्रज्योपमो व्रजः पश्यन्तः शब्दु शिरोधृतः ।  
 ती तुल्यो तन्मन्त्रेति सा प्रव्रज्योपमोचने ॥  
 प्रव्रजन् m. (-जः) The ocean f. (-री) A river. ३. प्र before, व्रज् to go, and क् ट् aff. Una'di aff., र inserted before डीप् ।  
 प्रव्रजन् m. (-जः) 1. Calmness, tranquillity, composure. 2. Assuagement, appeasement. 3. Abatement, extinction. ३. प्र, व्रज् to pacify, चञ् aff. affix.  
 प्रव्रजन् n. (-जः) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. Pacifying, tranquillising. 3. Quiescence, reposing. 4. Soothing, assuaging. 5. Curing, healing. 6. Extinguishing. 7. Bestowing fitly. 8. Securing, guarding. 9. Cessation, abatement. ३. प्र before, व्रज् to pacify, aff. क् ट् ।  
 प्रव्रजित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Allayed, appeased, relieved, tranquillised, &c. ३. प्र before, व्रज् to be calm, causal v., aff. क् । [क् ट् aff.  
 प्रव्रज्य Ind. Having appeased. ३. प्र before, व्रज् to be calm, causal v., प्रव्रज्यमान mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Pacified, quieted, appeased, flattered. ३. प्र before, व्रज्, to be at rest, pass. v., शानच् aff.  
 प्रव्रज् mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) 1. Happy, well, right. 2. Good, excellent, best. 3. Praised, extolled. ३. प्र before, व्रज् to praise or commend, aff. क् ।  
 प्रव्रज्या f. (-ज्या) 1. Excellence, eminence. 2. Eulogy. 3. A small poem written in praise of any one. 4. Instruction. ३. प्र before, व्रज् to praise, क् ट् aff.  
 प्रव्रज्या f. (-ज्या) Praise-worthy, excellent. ३. प्र + व्रज् to praise, क् ट् ।  
 प्रव्रज्या f. (-ज्या) 1. Having red branches. 2. In the fifth stage of formation. (as an embryo.)  
 प्रव्रज्यक m. (-कः) A small branch or twig. ३. प्र before, व्रज्या a branch, क् ट् aff.  
 प्रव्रज्य mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) 1. Calmed, clam, tranquillised. 2. Ceased, discontinued, (as active effort.) 3. Ended. 4. Relieved. ३. प्र before, व्रज् to be calm, क् ट् aff.



प्रमानवेष्ट mfn. (प्र-मा-वेष्ट) Resting. ३. प्रमान and वेष्ट effort.  
 प्रमानात्मन् mfn. (प्र-मा-आ-मन्) Peaceful, calm, composed in mind. ३. प्रमान and आत्मन् self.  
 प्रमानि f. (प्र-मा-नि) 1. Calm, quiet, tranquillity, moral or physical. 2. Quenching, extinguishing. ३. प्र before, मन् to be calm, क्तिन् aff.  
 प्रमालीन् mfn. (प्र-मा-लीन्) Weakened, prostrate in strength. ३. प्रमान, and लीन् strength.  
 प्रमात् mfn. (प्रमात्) Quiet, tranquil. ३. प्र before, मन् to be tranquil, द्विप् aff., and the penultimate made long.  
 प्रमान m. (प्र-मा-न) 1. Tranquillity, quiescence. 2. Allaying, pacifying. 3. Laying, suppressing. ३. प्र before, मन् to be at rest, चच् aff.  
 प्रमासन् u. (प्र-मा-सन्) 1. Governing, ruling. 2. Enacting. ३. प्र before, माच् to rule, aff. क्त्वाट् ।  
 प्रमात् m. (प्र-मा-त्) A king. ३. प्र + माच्-वर्णिट् ।  
 प्रमासित mfn. (प्र-मा-सित) 1. Governed, ruled. 2. Promulgated, enacted. ३. प्र before, माच् to rule, क्त्वाट् aff.  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) A ruler or governor. ३. प्र before, माच् to govern, चच् aff.  
 प्रमासित f. (प्र-मा-सित) Very loose.  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) The disciple of disciple.  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) The becoming dry, aridity.  
 प्रमासित mfn. (प्र-मा-सित) Sprinkling, scattering. प्र before, मन् to sprinkle, क्त्वाट् aff.  
 प्रमा m. (प्र-मा) 1. A question, a demand, an inquiry, an interrogation. 2. Judicial inquiry. 3. The subject of a controversy, a controverted point. 4. Inquiry into the future. 5. Problem for calculation. 6. Section of a book. f. (प्र-मा) An aquatic plant, (Pistia-stratiotes). "पाना" इति भ्रमः । ३. प्रश्च् to ask, aff. क्त्वाट् ।  
 प्रमासित f. (प्र-मा-सित) A riddle, an enigma, an intricate or enigmatical question. ३. प्रमा a question, and सित playing.  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) Laxity, relaxation, flaccidity. ३. प्र before, चच् to be loose, aff. चच् ।  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) 1. Affection, affectionate regard or solicitation. 2. Respect. 3. Courtesy, civility. ३. प्र before, मि to serve, aff. चच् ।  
 प्रमासित u. (प्र-मा-सित) 1. A fountain, a cascade, a water-fall. 2. Oozing, flowing. 3. A range of mountains in the south, part of the western Ghats. ३. प्र before, म् to ooze or drop, aff. क्त्वाट् ।  
 प्रमासित mfn. (प्र-मा-सित) Modest, humble, well-behaved. ३. प्र before, मि to serve, aff. क्त्वाट् ।  
 प्रमासित mfn. (प्र-मा-सित) Flowing, oozing, issuing. ३. प्र before, म् to drop, क्त्वाट् aff.  
 प्रमासित mfn. (प्र-मा-सित) Languid, flaccid, loose, relaxed, unnerved. ३. प्र before, म् to be loose, aff. चच् ।  
 प्रमासित f. (प्र-मा-सित) 1. Entwined. 2. Well-reasoned. ३. प्र + मिक्त्वाट् ।  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) Close, contact, pressing hard.  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) Respiration. ३. प्र + म्-चच् aff.  
 प्रमासित mfn. (प्र-मा-सित) To be asked. ३. प्रश्च् to ask, तच् aff.  
 प्रमासित mfn. (प्र-मा-सित) Asking, demanding, an asker or questioner. ३. प्रश्च् to ask, तच् aff.  
 प्रमा mfn. (प्र-मा-म) 1. A leader, a conductor, one who goes first or before. 2. Prior, preceding. 3. Chief, principal, best. f. (प्र-मा) The wife of a leader or chief. ३. प्र pre-eminent, मा to stay or be, aff. क्त्वाट् ।  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) A young bull or steer, training for the plough, &c. ३. प्रमा a leader, and म् to bear, aff. क्त्वाट् ।  
 प्रमासित f. (प्र-मा-सित) A cow pregnant with her first calf. ३. प्रमा here said to be the first birth, and म् to bear, aff. क्त्वाट् ।  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) and म् is changed to म्, which with the preceding vowel becomes म् by special rule.  
 प्रमा r. 1st cl. (प्रमासित) 1. To spread or diffuse. 2. To bring forth young. ३. प्रमा दिवा० मा० सेट् । निम्नटादि चिप् (प्रमासिते).  
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प्रमासित mfn. (प्र-मा-सित) 1. Eternal, constant, continual. 2. Opened, expanded. 3. Obtained, gained, attained. 4. Attached to, devoted to, (person or thing,) engaged in. 5. United to, connected with, accompanying. 6. Applied to, used, employed. 7. Applicability, application. 8. Conclusion, deduction. 9. Topic of conversation. 10. Energy, perseverance. n. adv. (प्र-मा) Continually, incessantly, eternally. ३. प्र before, मन् to unite or embrace, aff. क्त्वाट् ।  
 प्रमासित f. (प्र-मा-सित) 1. Union, connection. 2. Adherence or attachment to. 3. Energy, perseverance. 4. Acquiring. 5. Inference, conclusion, deduction. 6. A topic, or subject of conversation. ३. प्र before, मन् to unite, क्त्वाट् aff.  
 प्रमासित f. (प्र-मा-सित) 1. Total number. 2. Reflection.  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) Payment, liquidation, n. (प्र-मा) 1. Enumeration. 2. Renown, reputation. 3. Reflection, meditation. ३. प्र + मन्-क्त्वाट् ।  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) 1. Introduction, insertion. 2. Association, connexion. 3. Addition or attachment to. 4. Connected language or style. 5. Connected reasoning or argument. 6. Double or conjoint result, producing two effects, attaining two objects by one act. 7. Revealing a secret. 8. (In dramatic language.) A second or subsidiary incident or plot. 9. Union, association, intercourse, (as in म् प्रमासित) 10. Illicit intercourse. 11. Topic of conversation. 12. Occupation. 13. Contingency, event, case. 14. Mention of parents. 15. Equal extent, inseparable connection, (in logic,) 16. A conclusion, an inference. 17. Time, opportunity, occasion. ३. प्र preceding, मन् to join, aff. चच् ।  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) Obviation of similar contingencies.  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) Ind. By the force of circumstances.  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) Incidentally, by way of.  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) 1. Bringing into use, employing, applying, bringing to bear. 2. Combining, connecting. ३. प्र before, मन् to unite, क्त्वाट् aff.  
 प्रमासित f. (प्र-मा-सित) 1. Purity, cleanness, brightness, transparency. 2. Favour, graciousness, complacency. ३. प्र before, म् to go, aff. क्त्वाट् ।  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) 1. Virtue, piety. 2. BRAHMA' f. (प्र-मा) Acquisition, accomplishment. ३. प्र before, म् to go, वनिप् Una'di aff.  
 प्रमासित mfn. (प्र-मा-सित) 1. Clear, clean, bright, pellucid. 2. Pleased, delighted. 3. Complacent, gracious, favourable. f. (प्र-मा) 1. Propitiating, pleasing. 2. Spirituous or vinous liquor. 3. Open, clear, easily intelligible, (as the meaning of a passage.) 4. True. ३. प्र principally, &c. म् to go, aff. क्त्वाट् ।  
 प्रमासित f. (प्र-मा-सित) 1. Brightness, pellucidness, clearness, purity. 2. Favour, kindness, being pleased with. ३. प्रमासित clear, and म् aff.; also with म्, प्रमासित ।  
 प्रमासित mfn. (प्र-मा-सित) Agreeable-looking, smiling, looking pleased. ३. प्रमासित and म् face.  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) Adj. Propitious.  
 प्रमासित f. (प्र-मा-सित) Spirituous liquor. ३. प्रमासित clear, and म् wine.  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) Violence. Adv. 1. Violently, forcibly. 2. Much, exceedingly. ३. प्र gone, passed, म् an assembly.  
 प्रमासित It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of : 1. Exceedingly, much. 2. Violently, forcibly.  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) Carrying off by force.  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) Considering, deliberating, discussing. ३. प्र, म् before, म् to see, क्त्वाट् aff.  
 प्रमासित f. (प्र-मा-सित) Deliberation, judgment. ३. प्र and म् before, म् to see, चच् and टाप् affs.  
 प्रमासित mfn. (प्र-मा-सित) To be weighed, considered, discussed, &c. Ind. Having considered. ३. प्र and म् before, म् to see, म् or चच् aff.  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) 1. Fastening, binding. 2. A net. ३. प्र + मि क्त्वाट् ।  
 प्रमासित m. (प्र-मा-सित) Who or what proceeds projects, &c. m. (प्र-मा) 1.

Spreading, extending. 2. Space, room. 3. Occasion, opportunity. 4. affectionate solicitation. 5. Speed, velocity. 6. Battle, war. 7. Multitude, assemblage. 8. An iron arrow. 9. A projection, a process. 10. Free course, unimpeded motion. 11. Diffusion. 12. A flow, a stream, a torrent, a flood. म. प्र before, ह् to go, aff. चप् or चप् ।

प्रसरण n. (-च) 1. Going forth or round. 2. Surrounding an enemy. 3. Spreading over the country to forage. 4. Amiability. म. प्र before, ह् to go, aff. ल्यट् ; also प्रसरणी and प्रसरणि ।

प्रसरणि f. (-णि: or -णी) Surrounding an enemy. म. प्र before, ह् to go, aff. चणि, and ङीप् optionally added.

प्रसरत् mfn. (-रन्-रन्ती-रत्) 1. Expanding, spreading, bursting. 2. Proceeding, projecting. म. प्र before, ह् to go, ह्र aff.

प्रसर्पक m. (-कः) An uninvited guest, an intruder. म. प्र before, ह् to go, ल्यट् aff.

प्रसर्पण n. (-च) 1. Spreading, stretching, expanding. 2. Going, proceeding. म. प्र before, ह् to go, aff. ल्यट् ।

प्रसर्पन् mfn. (-पन्-पन्ती-पन्) Advancing, proceeding. म. प्र before, ह् to go, ह्र aff.

प्रस(म)ण m. (-कः) The cold season, (हिमन्) म. प्र + मण्-चप् ।

प्रसव m. (-वः) 1. Bringing forth, bearing, (as young.) 2. Birth, production. 3. Offspring, posterity. 4. Fruit. 5. A blossom, a flower. 6. Source, origin. म. प्र before, ह् to bear, aff. चप् ।

प्रसवक m. (-कः) A tree commonly Piyal, (Buchanania latifolia) म. प्रसव a flower, aff. कन् ।

प्रसवण्ड n. (-ण्ड) A lying in-chamber.

प्रसवस्थान n. (-नं) The foot stalk of a leaf or flower, the petiole or peduncle. म. प्रसव a flower, and स्थान a binding.

प्रसवन् mfn. (-वन्-वन्ती-वन्) Bearing. f. (-नी) A woman in labour. म. प्र before, ह् to bear, ह्र aff.

प्रसवण n. (-नं) Bringing forth, fecundity.

प्रसववेदना f. (-ना) The Pangs of child-birth.

प्रसवस्थानी f. (-नी) A mother. म. प्रसव and स्थान place, ङीप् aff.

प्रसविह m. (-ता) A father. f. (-नी) A mother. म. प्र before, ह् to bear or have offspring, aff. ह्रप् ।

प्रसविन् mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) Having or bearing young. म. प्रसव, and विणि aff.

प्रसव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) Contrary, reverse, unfavourable, inverted, reverted. म. प्र inclined towards, सव्य the left or wrong side.

प्रसह m. (-हः) 1. A beast or bird of prey. 2. Resistance, endurance. f. (-हः) Adj. Withstanding, bearing up. म. प्र before, ह् to be able, aff. चप् ।

प्रसहन m. (-नः) A beast or bird of prey. n. (-नं) 1. Embracing, an embrace. 2. Defeat. 3. Bearing, enduring. म. प्र before, ह् to bear, aff. ल्यट् ।

प्रसह्य Ind. 1. Forcibly, violently. 2. Exceedingly. म. प्र excessively, ह् to be able, ल्यप् aff. [a thief.]

प्रसह्यरीर m. (-रः) A robber, a plunderer. म. प्रसह्य violently, and रीर प्रसह्यरीर f. (-रः) A kind of rice. "बहुधान्ये" ।

प्रसाद m. (-दः) 1. Clearness, cleanness, transparency, brightness. 2. Favour, kindness, propitiousness, approbation. 3. Well-being, welfare. 4. Composure, calmness of mind. 5. Poetry written in an elegant but an easy style. 6. Perspicuity. 7. Connection, association. 8. Propitiatory offering. 9. Good humour, good temper. 10. Food that has been offered to an idol, or of which a spiritual teacher has partaken. म. प्र before, ह् to go, aff. चप् ।

प्रसादक f. (-दकः) Adj. 1. Purifying, making pellucid. 2. Gladdening, cheering. 3. Courting favour.

प्रसादन n. (-नं) 1. Boiled-rice. 2. Cleaning, freeing from soil or impurities. 3. Pleasing, gratifying. f. (-नी) 1. Cheering, soothing. 2. Purifying, rendering clear. f. (-ना) 1. Service. 2. Worship. 3.

Purifying. m. (-नः) A Royal tent. म. प्र before, ह् to go, aff. चप् fem. aff. टाप् ।

प्रसादपराकुल Adj. Not caring for any body's favour. 2. Withdrawing favour from any one.

प्रसादयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Pleasing, propitiating. म. प्र before, ह् to go, aff. ह्रट् ।

प्रसादय mfn. (-यः-व्या-यः) 1. Kind, propitious, happy. म. प्रसाद and य who or what is.

प्रसादित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Pleased, propitiated. 2. Worshipped. 3. Purified, cleansed. म. प्र before, ह् to go, क् aff. or प्र + साधि-चप् ।

प्रसादीन्तुल Adj. Disposed to favour.

प्रसादक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Who or what accomplishes or perfects, 2. Who or what cleanses or purifies. 3. A valet-de-chamber. f. (-का) 1. Wild-rice. 2. A dresser, a female attendant, one who decorates or adorns. म. प्र before, साध् to accomplish, aff. ल्यट् ।

प्रसादन n. (-नं) 1. Dress, decoration, embellishment. 2. Accomplishing, effecting. 3. Arranging. 4. Means of decoration, things of ornamentation. nf. (-नं-नी) A comb. f. (-नी) A drug, commonly called Siddhi. म. प्र before, साध् to accomplish, aff. ल्यट् ।

प्रसादनविधि m. (-धिः) Decoration, embellishment.

प्रसादनविशेष m. (-वः) The highest decoration.

प्रसाधिका f. (-का) A female attendant who dresses her mistress.

प्रसाधित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Ornamented, decorated. 2. Accomplished, completed, done. म. प्र before, साध् to finish, aff. क् ।

प्रसाध्य mfn. (-यः-व्या-व्य) 1. Accomplishable, what may be done. 2. To be done for, destroyed. म. प्र and साध् to accomplish, यत् aff.

प्रसार m. (-रः) 1. Going about, spreading, extending. 2. Going to forage, spreading over the country for grass and fuel. म. प्र afar, ह् to go, aff. चप् ।

प्रसारण n. (-च) 1. Going about, spreading. 2. Expanding, extending. 3. Unfolding. 4. Surrounding an enemy. 5. The dispersion of an army by detachments for that purpose, or for collecting forage.

6. The change of a semi-vowel into a vowel, (in Gram.) f. (-णी) A plant, (Pooderia footida.) म. प्र before, ह् to go, aff. चप् ल्यट् ; also प्रसरण ।

प्रसारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Stretched, expanded, extended. 2. Laid out. म. प्र before, ह् to go, causal v., क् aff.

प्रसारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) 1. Going along gently, gliding, flowing, creeping. 2. Spreading, expanding. 3. Spreading around or about.

4. Expanded, unfolded. 5. Surrounding an enemy. म. प्र before, ह् to go, चिणि aff.

प्रसाह m. (-हः) Overpowering, defeating.

प्रसित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Diligent, attentive, adhering to, or engaged in. 2. Ingrossed by, devoted or attached to. 3. Bound, fastened.

4. Longing for, greatly desirous of, (with an inst. or loc.) n. (-तं) Pus, matter. म. प्र before, चिज् to bind, aff. क् ।

प्रसिति f. (-तिः) 1. Ligament, fetters, binding, tie. 2. A net, a snare. म. प्र before, चिज् to bind, aff. क्निट् ।

प्रसिद्ध mfn. (-द्-दा-द्धं) 1. Famous, celebrated. 2. Adorned, ornamented. म. प्र before, सिद्ध accomplished.

प्रसिद्धि f. (-द्धिः) 1. Fame, celebrity, notoriety. 2. Ornament, decoration. 3. That which is notorious or known. 4. Success, accomplishment.

म. प्र before, सिद्ध to go, aff. क्निट् ।

प्रसीदिका f. (-का) A small garden.

प्रसुप्त mfn. (-प्तः-प्ता-प्तं) Sleeping, asleep, fast asleep. म. प्र, सुप्त slept.

प्रसुप्ति f. (-प्तिः) 1. Sleepiness. 2. Paralysis.

प्रसू f. (-रः) 1. A mother. 2. A mare. 3. A spreading creeper. 4. The plantain. Adj. Bringing forth, bearing. म. प्र before, ह् to bear, aff. क्निट् ।

प्रसूता f. (-ता) A mare. म. चप् added to the last.



3. Established, proved. **प्र** reverse, **स्था** to stay, in the causal form, aff. **क्**।  
**प्रस्थायिन्** mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) Who or what goes, travels marches, &c. **प्र** before, **स्था** to stay, **यि** Una'di aff.  
**प्रस्थित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Gone, departed, set forth, (on a journey, march &c.) **प्र** before, **स्था** to stay, aff. **क्**।  
**प्रस्थिति** f. (-तिः) 1. Going forth or away. 2. Journey. 3. March. **प्र** before, **स्था** to stay, **क्ति** aff.  
**प्रस** m. (-सः) A vessel for bathing.  
**प्रसव** m. (-वः) 1. Flowing, pouring forth. 2. A stream.  
**प्रसृत** f. (-तः) Adj. Dropping, pouring forth. [of love.  
**प्रसृतसानी** f. (-नी) A woman whose breasts distil milk, (through excess  
**प्रसवा** f. (-वा) The wife of a grandson.  
**प्रसन्द** n. (-न्) Palpitating, vibrating. **प्र** + **सम्**-**सृ**।  
**प्रसृत** mfn. (-टः-टा-टं) 1. Blown, expanded. 2. Spread abroad, published. 3. Evident, clear, manifest. **प्र** before, **सृ** to blossom, **क्** aff.  
**प्रसृजत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Swollen. 2. Budded. 3. Quivering, trembling. **प्र** before, **सृ** to expand, **क्** aff.  
**प्रसोदन** n. (-नं) 1. A winnowing basket. 2. Striking, beating. 3. Expanding, budding, opening, blowing. 4. Winnowing corn. 5. Ripening, making manifest or apparent. **प्र** before, **सृ** to blossom, **क्ति** aff.  
**प्रसृति** f. (-तिः) Forgetfulness, forgetting. **प्र** privative, **सृति** recollection.  
**प्रसृज** m. (-जः) 1. Trickling, forth. 2. Any thing that exudes, gum.  
**प्रसृजन्** n. (-न्) Exuding, trickling forth.  
**प्रसृजिन्** f. (-नी) Adj. Miscarrying.  
**प्रसव** m. (-वः) 1. Trickling forth, oozing out. 2. A flow, a stream. 3. Milk flowing from a breast or an udder, 4. Urine. m. Plu. Falling tears : See the next.  
**प्रसव** n. (-वं) 1. A pool of water formed by dripping of springs in the mountains. 2. Dripping or fall of water, cascade, cataract. 3. Washing away of rocks, &c. by the dripping of water. 4. Oozing, leaking, dripping. m. (-वः) 1. Sweat, perspiration. 2. Pissing, urinating. 3. Flowing of milk from a breast or an udder. 4. A range of mountains in the peninsula ; also Malaya'van. **प्र** before, **सृ** to drop, aff. **क्**। also **प्रसव**।  
**प्रसार** m. (-वः) 1. Flowing, dropping. 2. Urine. **प्र** forth, **सृ** to ooze, **क्** aff. **चञ्**।  
**प्रसृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Oozed issued, dropped. **प्र** before, **सृ** to drop, **क्** aff.  
**प्रसृज** m. (-जः) A loud noise. **प्र** before, **सृ** to sound, aff. **क्**। or **चञ्**। [A dream  
**प्रसाप** m. (-पः) 1. Sleep. 2. A missile which brings on sleep. 3.  
**प्रसापन** n. (-नं) 1. Causing sleep, inducing sleep. 2. A missile which sends the person attacked to sleep.  
**प्रसृज** mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) 1. Perspiring, covered with perspiration. 2. Heated, sweated. **प्र** before, **सृ** to sweat, **क्** aff.  
**प्रसृज** m. (-जः) Great or excessive perspiration. **प्र** intensitive, **सृ** to sweat.  
**प्रसृजित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Perspiring, sweating. 2. Heated, sweated. 3. Hot, causing perspiration. **प्र** before, **सृ** to sweat, **क्** aff.  
**प्रसृजितवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Suffering or producing perspiration, **प्र** before, **सृ** to sweat, **क्** aff.  
**प्रसृज** n. (-नं) Killing, slaughter.  
**प्रसृज** m. (-जः) The moon.  
**प्रसृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Struck, wounded, killed. 2. Repelled, repulsed, overcome, defeated. 3. Spread, expanded. 4. Contiguous, bounding, limitative. 5. Learned, accomplished. 6. Beaten, frequented, (as a path). 7. Beaten, (as a drum). **प्र** again and **सृ** struck, injured,

**प्रसृत** m. (-तः) A watch, an 8th part of the day, or a division comprising about three hours. **प्र** before, **सृ** to take, **क्** aff.  
**प्रसृत** m. (-जः) A watch.  
**प्रसृत** n. (-वं) 1. A weapon. 2. A covered car, a litter for women or any litter or small covered car for diversion. 3. War, battle. 4. Striking, killing. 5. Assailing, attacking. 6. Removing, expelling. **प्र** before, **सृ** to take, aff. **क्**।  
**प्रसृतकविका** f. (-का) A species of the Sarkari metre.  
**प्रसृतवीर** n. (-वीर) A weapon.  
**प्रसृत** m. (-री) A watchman, a bellman. **प्र** **सृ** a watch, and **रि** aff.  
**प्रसृजित** mfn. (-जन्-यन्-यन्) Taking, intending or wishing to take. **प्र**, **सृ** to take, with a future sense, **सृ** aff.  
**प्रसृज** mfn. (-जन्-यन्-यन्) 1. Striking, a striker, a combatant. 2. Fighting. 3. Shooting. **प्र** before, **सृ** to take, **सृ** aff.  
**प्रसृज** m. (-जं) 1. Delight, joy, rapture, exultation. 2. Erection of the male organ. **प्र** before, **सृ** to rejoice, **सृ** aff.  
**प्रसृज** mfn. (-जन्-यन्-यन्) 1. Happy, delighted. 2. Delighting. m. (-वः) The planet Mercury, or its ruler. f. (-वी) 1. Turmeric. 2. A form of metre. **प्र** before, **सृ** to rejoice, aff. **क्**।  
**प्रसृज** m. (-जः) The planet mercury.  
**प्रसृजिणी** f. (-णी) A species of the Atijagati metre. [joice, **क्** aff.  
**प्रसृजित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Delighted, very happy. **प्र** before, **सृ** to rejoice, **क्** aff.  
**प्रसृज** mfn. (-जन्-यन्-यन्) Laughing, laughing heartily. f. (-नी) Arabian jasmine. **प्र** before, **सृ** to smile, aff. **सृ**, fem. aff. **डीप्**।  
**प्रसृज** n. (-नं) 1. Loud, violent or hearty laughter. 2. Mirth, merriment. 3. Sarcasm, satire, as a branch of rhetorical composition. 4. Reproof, ridicule, irony. 5. A farce, a comedy. It is thus defined in Sa'hitya Darpana :—भाषवत् सन्निवृत्तास्त्रास्त्रास्त्रैर्विनिर्मितम्। सन्निवृत्तं हन्ति निन्दानां कविकल्पितम्। **प्र** before, **सृ** to laugh, aff. **क्**।  
**प्रसृजनी** f. (-नी) 1. A kind of Jasmine. 2. A large fire-pan. **प्र** + **सृ**-**ज**-**डीप्**।  
**प्रसृज** n. (-नं) Laughter, mirth. **प्र** and **सृ** to laugh, **क्** aff.  
**प्रसृज** m. (-जः) 1. The open hand with the fingers extended. 2. Name of one of the generals of Ravana. **प्र** exchanging, **सृ** the hand.  
**प्रसृज** n. (-जं) Abandoning, omitting.  
**प्रसृजि** f. (-जिः) 1. Abandoning. 2. Want, deficiency. **प्र** + **सृ**-**ज**-**क्**।  
**प्रसृज** n. (-जं) Driving away, forced abandonment or departure. **प्र** before, **सृ** to quit, causal v, **सृ** aff.  
**प्रसृज** m. (-जः) 1. Striking. 2. Wounding, killing. 3. A blow, a knock, a stroke. 4. A cut, a thrust. 5. A kick. 6. Smiting, fitting. **प्र** before, **सृ** to take, aff. **चञ्**। [प्रसारण।  
**प्रसृज** n. (-जं) A desirable gift. **प्र** before, **सृ** to take, aff. **क्**। also  
**प्रसृजान** mfn. (-जन्-यन्-यन्) Bruised, wounded, hurt by a blow. n. (-नं) Lasting and acute pain from a wound or maim. **प्र**, **सृ** striking, and **जान** pained.  
**प्रसृज** m. (-जः) 1. Loud laughter. 2. Ridicule, derision. 3. Irony. 4. Blowing, (as a flower). 5. Si'va. 6. An actor, a dancer. 7. A place of pilgrimage ; also सीनतीर्थ. **प्र** before, **सृ** to laugh, aff. **चञ्**।  
**प्रसृजित** mfn. (-जन्-यन्-यन्) 1. Laughing aloud. 3. Diverting or causing laughter. m. (-जी) A jester, a Buffoon, a clown. **प्र** before, **सृ** to laugh, aff. **चिनि**।  
**प्रसृज** m. (-जः) A well. **प्र** before, **सृ** to take, una'di aff. **रन्**, and the final of the radical rejected.  
**प्रसृज** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Sent, dispatched. 2. Appointed, commissioned. 3. Stretched out, extended. 4. Placed. 5. Discharged as an arrow from a bow. 6. Learned. 7. Suitable, appropriate. n. (-नं) Sauce, gravy, condiment. **प्र** before, **सृ** proper.  
**प्रसृज** mfn. (-जन्-यन्-यन्) Left, abandoned. n. (-नं) Removal, loss, waste, destruction. **प्र** before, **सृ** to quit, **क्** aff.

महीजीवित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Dead, slain. ३ प्रजीव and जीवित life.  
 प्रहृत n. (-तं) Offering articles of food to spirits or goblins. ३. प्र well, वृ  
 to offer in oblation, क् aff.  
 प्रहत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Seized. 2. Struck, beaten, wounded. n. (-तं) 1.  
 Striking, killing. 2. A stroke, a blow. ३. प्र and हृत taken.  
 प्रहृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) 1. Pleased, delighted. 2. Bristling. ३. प्र before,  
 हृष्ट to be pleased, aff. क् ।  
 प्रहृष्टक m. (-कः) A crow. ३. प्र before, हृष्ट pleased, aff. क् ।  
 प्रहृष्टक n. (-कः) Victuals or sweetmeats, &c. distributed at festivals.  
 प्रहृष्टक n. (-कः) 1. A riddle, an enigma, a puzzling question. 2. A kind  
 of cake.  
 प्रहृष्टा f. (-ता) Playful dalliance, loose behaviour.  
 प्रहृष्टि f. (-तिः) A poetic riddle. : See the next.  
 प्रहृष्टिका f. (-का) An enigma, a riddle, a puzzling or enigmatical ques-  
 tion. ३. प्र before, हृष्ट to play and हृष्ट-संवादाय क् aff.  
 It is thus defined in Va'chaspatya.  
 "व्यतीकृत्य कनययं स्वरुपायं जीपनात् ।  
 यत्र बाह्यान्तरावर्था कथ्यते सा प्रहृष्टिका ॥"  
 प्रह्लाद m. (-दः) A prince : see प्रह्लाद. ३. ल changed to र ।  
 प्रहृष्टि f. (-तिः) Pleasure, happiness. ३. प्र before, हृष्ट to be glad, क् aff.  
 प्रहृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) Pleased, happy, glad. ३. प्र before, हृष्ट to be  
 happy, क् aff.  
 प्रहृष्टि f. (-तिः) Pleasure, delight. ३. प्र before, हृष्ट to be happy, क् aff.  
 प्रह्लाद m. (-दः) 1. Pleasure, joy, happiness. 2. Sound, noise. 3. The  
 name of HIRAN'YA'KSHA's pious son and regent of one division  
 of Pāṭāla. ३. प्र before, हृष्ट gladness or sound.  
 प्रह्लादित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Rejoiced, delighted. ३. प्रह्लाद to be  
 happy, क् aff.  
 प्रहृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) 1. Bowed, bent, stooping. 2. Intent upon, engaged  
 in, engrossed by. 3. Sloping, slanting, inclining. 4. Submissive,  
 humble. ३. प्र before, हृष्ट to call, Una'di aff. वृ, form irr.  
 प्रहृष्टिका f. (-का) See प्रहृष्टिका ।  
 प्रहृष्टि mfn. (-तिः-तिः-तिः) Stooping or bowing with the palm of the  
 hands joined, and put to the forehead in token of respect. ३. प्रहृष्ट,  
 and अहृष्टि salute. [घञ् aff.]  
 प्रहृष्ट m. (-यः) Calling, summoning, invocation. ३. प्र before, हृष्ट to call,  
 प्रहृष्टित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Conquered, won, subjected. 2. Bent, bowed.  
 ३. प्रहृष्ट, and हृत made, च् aff.  
 प्रा r. 2nd cl. (प्राति) To fill. अदा० पर० सल० अनिट् ।  
 प्राग् mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) 1. High, tall, lofty. 2. A tall man, a man of  
 great stature. ३. प्र before, अय a ray of light.  
 प्राक् Ind. 1. Before, already, prior, preceding, in place or time. 2. In  
 front of. 3. As for as, up to. 4. Previously. 5. East, eastern. 6.  
 Past, gone. 7. First. 8. Between, amongst, amidst. 9. At dawn,  
 early in the morning. ३. See प्राक् ।  
 प्राकृत्य n. (-त्यः) Publicity, notoriety.  
 प्राकरधिक f. (-की) Belonging to the subject under discussion, relevant  
 to the matter in hand ; (the word is sometimes used in the sense  
 of upameya in rhetorical works).  
 प्राकृतिक f. (-की) Deserving preference.  
 प्राकृतिक m. (-कः) 1. A catamite. 2. A dancer, but especially one who  
 employs or hires the wives of others. 3. One who gets his livelihood  
 by another man's wife. ३. प्र and प्राक् prefixed to कृ to go,  
 Una'di aff. क् ।  
 प्राक् n. (-यः) 1. Irresistible will or fiat, one of the S'iva's eight  
 attributes. 2. Wilfulness, following or obeying one's own will or  
 inclination. ३. प्र and प्राक् before, कृ to desire, aff. खत् ।  
 प्राकार m. (-रः) An inclosure, a fence, a rampart, particularly a sur-  
 rounding wall, &c. elevated on a mound of earth. ३. प्र and प्राक्  
 implying initial, first, कृ to make, aff. क् ; otherwise the prefix

is considered as प्र only, the vowel being made long by the affix  
 being क् ।

प्राकाश mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Walled, enclosed by a wall. 2. Of, belonging  
 to, or fit for wall. ३. प्राकार and क् aff.

प्राकाश n. (-यः) 1. Publicity. 2. Fame, renown.

प्राकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Low, common, vulgar, thence especially appli-  
 cable to a provincial and peculiar dialect of the Sanskrit language.  
 2. Natural. 3. Belonging to or derived from the philosophical Pra-  
 kriti', illusory, material, &c. m. (-तः) A low man or one following  
 a degraded profession. n. (-तं) Any dialect not Sanskrit, it is espe-  
 cially spoken by the female characters and the inferior personages  
 of plays, ३. प्रकृति nature, and क् aff., or प्र pre-eminently and  
 कृत not made.

प्राकृतज्वर m. (-रः) Common or usual fever, occurring from the affections  
 of the wind, bile, and phlegm severally, in as many seasons, or  
 the rains, autumn and spring. ३. प्राकृत and ज्वर fever.

प्राकृतप्रलय m. (-यः) The total dissolution of the world. ३. प्राकृत material,  
 and प्रलय destruction.

प्राकृतमानुष m. (-यः) A man in general. ३. प्राकृत, and मानुष man.

प्राकृतमित्र m. (-यः) A natural friend or ally ; as applied to a sovereign,  
 it means one whose states are removed by an intervening kingdom  
 from those to which it should be friendly, the प्राकृतारि or natural  
 enemy is the chief of the intervening state, and the प्राकृतोदासीनः  
 or natural neutral is the outer one of the four. ३. प्राकृत natural,  
 and मित्र a friend. [country.]

प्राकृतारि m. (-रिः) A natural enemy or the sovereign of an adjacent  
 प्राकृतिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Belonging or relating to Prakriti', nature  
 or matter, material, natural, illusory, &c. ३. प्रकृति, and उक्त् aff.

प्राकृत n. (-यः) Former age or time. ३. प्राक् and काल time. [and ख aff.]

प्राकृतीन् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Anterior, ancient, of a former time. ३. प्राकृत

प्राकृत m. (-यः) The tip of Kusa grass placed to the east. ३. प्राक्  
 and कृत point of grass.

प्राकृत mfn. (-यः-नी-नं) 1. Old, ancient. 2. Prior, anterior, preceding,  
 former. ३. प्राक् formerly, ख् aff. and त् aug.

प्राकृतकर्म n. (-नः) 1. Fate, destiny. 2. Any act formerly done. ३. प्राकृत  
 prior, and कर्म act. [fruit.]

प्राक्फल m. (-लः) The bread-fruit-tree. ३. प्राक् before, (flower,) and फल  
 प्राक्फलानी f. (-नी) The eleventh of the lunar asterisms ; see पूर्वफलानी.  
 ३. प्राक् preceding, and फलानी the asterism.

प्राक्फलानीभव m. (-वः) A name of VRIHASPATI. ३. प्राक्फलानी and भव  
 born, when the moon was in that mansion ; also similar com-  
 pounds as प्राक्फलानीय ।

प्राक्फलानुग m. (-नः) VRIHASPATI. ३. प्राक्फलानी, and अनुग aff.

प्राक्प्रिरस mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) 1. Facing the east. 2. Having the head to  
 the east in burial. ३. प्राक्, and प्रिरस् the head, सच् aff.

प्राक्सखा f. (-खा) Dawn. ३. प्राक् the first, सखा junction of the day.

प्राख्य n. (-यः) 1. Sharpness. 2. Pungency. 3. Wickedness. ३. प्रखर  
 and ख्य aff.

प्राय Adj. Having the point turned towards the east.

प्रायभाव m. (-वः) Antecedent privation, the non-existence of any thing  
 which may yet be. In law, the non possession of property that  
 may be possessed. ३. प्राक् prior, अ negative and भाव being.

प्राक्त्व n. (-त्वः) 1. Confidence, boldness, determination. 2. Arrogance,  
 effrontery. 3. Importance, rank. ३. प्रक्त्व confident, अक्त् aff.

प्रागार m. (-रः) A house, a building.

प्रागुदीची f. (-ची) The north-east. ३. प्राक् the east, and उदीची the north.

प्राग्यामिन् mfn. (-मी-मिनी-मि) Going before, a precursor. ३. प्राक् and  
 गामिन् who goes.

प्राग्योतिष m. (-यः) A country, Ka'marupa, part of Assa'm. ३. प्राक् for-  
 merly, योतिष light ; being the scene of ब्रह्मा's penance.

प्राग्भास् m. (-रः) The top or peak of a mountain. E. प्राक् first, भास् bur-then ; also read प्राग्भास् ।  
 प्राग्भास् m. (-रः) 1. Prior existence. 2. Superiority, excellence. 3. The top of a mountain. E. प्राक् and भास् being of nature.  
 प्राग्भास् Ind. From a prior state of being. E. प्राग्भास्, and तसि aff.  
 प्राय n. (-यं) The highest point.  
 प्रायस् Adj. Foremost, first. [surpasses.  
 प्रायस् mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Chief, principal. E. प्र, and यस् first, हर who प्रायट n. (-टः) Thin curds. E. प्र before, यस् the top, and ट what goes.  
 प्राय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Chief, principal. E. प्र prefixed to यस् chief.  
 प्रायस् f. (-या) Adj. Best, chief, most excellent.  
 प्रायस् m. (-यः) 1. The room opposite to that which contains the materials for an oblation, and in which the family and friends of the sacrificer assemble. 2. A former dynasty or race. E. प्राक् before, and यस् a race, &c.  
 प्राघात m. (-तः) War, battle. E. प्र before, घत् to kill, aff. घञ्, and the vowel of the prefix optionally made long.  
 प्राघार m. (-रः) Dropping, oozing, trickling, aspersion, or pouring out of any oily substance. E. प्र before, घृ to sprinkle or drop, aff. घञ् ।  
 प्राघृण m. (-घः) A guest, a visitor, one demanding hospitality. E. प्र and घृ before, घृण् to turn round, aff. क ।  
 प्राघृण(ि)क m. (-कः) 1. A guest. E. प्रघृण स्वायें ठक् ।  
 प्राघृणिक m. (-कः) A guest. E. प्र before, घृण् going about, aff. ठक् ।  
 प्राङ् m. (-ङः) A sort of small labor or drum. E. प्र before, अङ् to go or be, aff. घञ् ।  
 प्राङ्च n. (-चः) 1. A sort of drum. 2. A court, a yard. 3. A hall, a floor. E. प्र before, चगि to go, aff. छट् । [स्वाय proper.  
 प्राङ्चाय m. (-यः) Plea of a former trial, special plea. E. प्राक् former, प्राङ्मुख mfn. (-खः खा खी-खं) Facing the east. E. प्राङ्, and मुख the face.  
 प्राङ् or प्राङ् mfn. (प्राङ्-प्राची-प्राक्) 1. East, eastern. 2. Before, in front. 3. Former, prior, first. 4. At top, above. m. Plu. 1. The people of the east. 2. Grammarians of the eastern school. f. (-ची) The east. E. प्र before, अङ् to go, aff. क्तिप् or छैप् ।  
 प्राङ्चार mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Contrary to rectitude, deviating from the ordinary institutions and observances. E. प्र reverse and आचार ordinance. [आचार्य a preceptor.  
 प्राचार्य m. (-र्यः) A scholar, a pupil. E. प्र meaning प्राप्त obtained and प्राचिका f. (-का) 1. A musquito. 2. The female falcon. E. प्राचिनोति स्य प्र + चा + चि-ड स्वायें कपि अत इत्तम् ।  
 प्राचीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. East, eastern. 2. Former, prior, ancient, old. 3. Placed towards the east. fn. (-नः-नं) A bound hedge, a fence, a wall. f. (-नः) 1. A plant, (Cissampelos hexandra.) 2. The ichneu-mon plant : see रास्त्रा. E. प्राक् the east, aff. ख.  
 प्राचीनतिलक m. (-कः) The moon. E. प्राचीन eastern, and तिलक mark.  
 प्राचीनपत्रस m. (-सः) A tree, (Azle marmelos.) "बिल्लि" E. प्राचीन eastern, and पत्रस the jack.  
 प्राचीनवर्धिस m. (-र्यः) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. A king. E. प्राचीन eastern, and वर्धिस light ; presiding over the eastern quarter.  
 प्राचीनमलक m. (-कः) A fruit, (Flacourtia cataphracta.) E. प्राचीन eastern, आमलक myrobalan. "पानीयामलके" ।  
 प्राचीननीत n. (-तः) The sacrificial thread, worn over the right arm, and passing under the left, as at Shra'ddhas. E. प्राचीन east, आनीत hung  
 प्राचीनवीतिन् m. (-ती) A Bra'hman wearing his cord over his right shoulder, as at Shra'ddhas. E. प्राचीनानीत, and इति aff. [regent.  
 प्राचीपति m. (-तिः) A name of Indra. E. प्राची the east, and पति master.  
 प्राचीर n. (-रः) A bound hedge, a fence, a wall, an inclosure, a rampart. E. प्र and आङ् prefixed to चि to collect, aff. क्कन्, and the radical vowel made long.

प्राचेतस m. (-सः) VA'LMĪKI, the author of the Rā'ma'yana. m. Plu. (-सः) The ten sons of Prachinavarhi. E. प्रचेतस् the father of the poet, and अण् aff. ; it also occurs प्राचेतस् m. (-ताः) ।  
 प्राच mfn. (-चः-चा-चः) Eastern, easterly. m. (-चः) The eastern country, the country south or east of the SARASWATĪ, which flows from the north-east to the south-west. E. प्राच् the east, aff. यत्.  
 प्राच् m. (-चाट्) An inquirer, a questioner. E. प्रच् to ask, aff. क्तिप् ।  
 प्राचक m. (-कः) A coachman, a driver. E. प्र before, अच् to go, causal form, aff. वृत् । [छट् ।  
 प्राचन n. (-नः) A goad. E. प्र before, अच् to go, in the causal form, aff. वृत् ।  
 प्राजापय m. (-यः) 1. A form of marriage, the gift of a girl, respectfully by her father to her lover. 2. A name of Alla'ha'ba'd or Praya'ga. 3. The first of the persons, called Va'sude'vas, by the Jains. n. (-यः) 1. A sort of penance, eating once a day for three days in the morning, once in the night for three days subsisting, three days on food given as alms, and fasting three days more. 2. A particular sacrifice performed before appointing a daughter to raise issue in default of male heirs. 3. The asterism Rohi'nī. f. (-यः) Giving away the whole of one's property before entering up on the life of an ascetic or mendicant. E. प्रजापति BRAMHA, and अयत् aff. [causal, v., वृत् aff.  
 प्राजित m. (-ता) A coachman, a charioteer. E. प्र before, अच् to go, प्राज mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) 1. Patient in investigation. 2. Wise, clever, sensible. m. (-जः) 1. A Pandit, a learned or wise man. 2. A skilful or clever person. f. (-जा) Knowledge, understanding. f. (-जा-जी) A clever or intelligent woman. f. (-जी) The wife of a Pandit. E. प्र and आङ् before, जा to know, क aff. [प्राजना ।  
 प्राजल n. (-लः) Learning, wisdom. E. प्राज and ल aff. ; also with तन् प्राजमान n. (-नं) Respect for learned men. E. प्राज, and मान respect.  
 प्राजमानिन् mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) Respecting men of learning. E. प्राजमान, and इति aff. [aff. क्कप् ।  
 प्राज्य mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्या-ज्यः) Much, many. E. प्र before, अङ् to pervade.  
 प्राजल mfn. (-लः-ला-लः) Honest, upright, sincere. E. प्र before, अङ् to go, aff. अयत् ।  
 प्राजलि f. (-लिः) Putting the hands together to the forehead as a mark of respect. E. प्र and अजलि the same.  
 प्राड्विवाक m. (-कः) A judge, a magistrate. E. प्राट् who asks, and विवाक who decides or discriminates.  
 प्राण mfn. (-णः-पा-णः) Full, replete, filled. m. (-णः) 1. Air inhaled, inspiration, breath. 2. Air, wind. 3. Life, vitality. 4. A vital organ or part. 5. Strength, power. 6. Myrrh. 7. Poetical talent or inspiration. 8. A name of BRAMHA'. 9. A title of BRAMHA', the Supreme spirit. 10. An aspiration in the articulation of letters. m. plu. (-णाः) The five vital airs or modes of inspiration and expiration collectively. E. प्र before, अन् to breathe, aff. घञ् ।  
 प्राणक m. (-कः) 1. An animal or sentient being. 2. Cloth, clothes. 3. A plant, (Celtis orientalis.) E. प्राण life, कन् aff.  
 प्राणकर्मन् n. (-र्मः) Vital action. E. प्राण and कर्मन् act.  
 प्राणत् mfn. (-णत्-चकी-णत्) Living, breathing. E. प्राण nominal v., to live, इत् aff.  
 प्राणत्याग m. (-गः) Abandoning life, dying, suicide. E. प्राण and त्याग relinquishment.  
 प्राणय m. (-यः) 1. Air, wind. 2. A strong or powerful man. 3. A progenitor of mankind. 4. A place of pilgrimage. E. प्र before, अन् to breathe or be strong, Una'di aff. अय ।  
 प्राणद mfn. (-दः-दा-दः) Who or what gives life. n. (-दः) 1. Water. 2. Blood. E. प्राण life and द who gives. [upholding.  
 प्राणधारण n. (-णः) Sustenance, supporting life. E. प्राण and धारण  
 प्राणन n. (-नः) 1. Life, living. 2. The throat. E. प्र before, अन् to live or breathe, aff. छट् ।

प्राणनाथ m. (-थः) A husband. B. प्राण life and नाथ lord.  
 प्राणन m. (-नः) 1. Air, wind. 2. A sort of collyrium; see रसाञ्जन. f.  
 (-नी) 1. Sneezing. 2. Hic-cough. B. प्र before, चन् to breathe, Una'di  
 aff. भव्, fem. aff. डोष्.  
 प्राणपरिवह m. (-हः) Life, existence. B. प्राण and परिवह possession.  
 प्राणपद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Saving life, when in imminent danger. B. प्राण  
 and पद who or what gives.  
 प्राणप्रदा f. (-दा) A medicinal plant, commonly called Riddhi. B. प्राण  
 life, प्रद what gives. [obstruction.  
 प्राणबाध m. (-धः) Extreme peril or distress, fear for life. B. प्राण, and बाध  
 प्राणमा वत् m. (-वत्) The ocean. B. प्राण life, भास्वत् the sun, the sun be-  
 ing produced or rising from the sea.  
 प्राणवत् mfn. (-वत्) Living, sentient. B. प्राण, and वत् who has.  
 प्राणमय mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) Living, breathing, endowed with breath or life.  
 B. प्राण and मयट् aff.  
 प्राणमयकोष m. (-षः) One of the cases or investitures of the soul, the  
 vital or organic case. B. प्राणमय and कोष a sheath.  
 प्राणयत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यत्) Rescuing, restoring to life. B. प्राण, nom. v.  
 caus. form, यट् aff.  
 प्राणयात्रा f. (-त्रा) Support of life, subsistence. B. प्राण, यात्रा proceeding.  
 प्राणव्यय m. (-यः) Death, expenditure of life. B. प्राण, and व्यय expense.  
 प्राणसंयम m. (-यः) 1. A peculiar religious exercise; see "प्राणायाम" 2.  
 Suspending the breath. B. प्राण breath, सन् before, यन् to res-  
 train, aff. चञ्.  
 प्राणसंयम n. (-यः) The body. B. प्राण vital air and सयन् abode.  
 प्राणसमा f. (-मा) A wife. B. प्राण life, समा equal to, same.  
 प्राणहर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Destructive, taking away life. B. प्राण and हर  
 who or what takes.  
 प्राणहारक n. (-कः) Aconite. B. प्राण and हारक what takes away.  
 प्राणहारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Mortal, deadly. B. प्राण, and हारिन् what  
 takes.  
 प्राणहृत् mfn. (-हृ-दा-हृ) Fatal, deadly. B. प्राण and हृत् what eats.  
 प्राणविनाश m. (-यः) A husband. B. प्राण life, चवि over, नाथ lord.  
 प्राणान n. (-नः) Death. B. प्राण and चन end.  
 प्राणलिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Fatal, destructive of life. 2. Capital, (as  
 punishment.) n. (-कः) Murder, assassination. B. प्राण and चनिक final.  
 प्राणपहारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Deadly, fatal. B. प्राण and पहारिन्  
 what takes away.  
 प्राणायाम m. Du. (-नी) 1. The Ashwinī kuma'ras. 2. Two of the vital  
 airs. B. प्राण and चयान the air expelled by the anus.  
 प्राणानाथ n. (-थः) Any act injurious to life. B. प्राण and आङ् before,  
 नाथ to pain, चञ् aff.  
 प्राणायाम m. (-यः) Breathing in a peculiar way through the nostrils,  
 during the mental recitation of the names or attributes of some  
 deity; it is differently performed, the Vaidikas or followers  
 of the Vēda close the right nostril first with the thumb, and in-  
 hale breath through the left, then they close both nostrils, and  
 finally open the right for exhalation; the followers of the Tantras  
 close the left nostril first, and exhale also through it; these  
 operations are severally called पूरक, कुम्भक and रचक B. प्राण breath,  
 आ before, यन् to restrain, aff. चञ्. [उ aff.  
 प्राणिनिषु mfn. (-बु-बुः-बु) Wishing for life. B. प्राण nom. v., desid. form,  
 प्राणियुत् n. (-तं) Cock-fighting, ram-fighting, setting animals to fight  
 for wagers. B. प्राणि a living being and युत् gaming.  
 प्राणिन् mfn. (-णी-णिनी-णि) Living, breathing. m. (-णी) An animal, a  
 sentient or living being. B. प्राण vital air, and णि aff.  
 प्राणिवीडा f. (-डा) Cruelty to animals. प्राणिन् and पीडा pain.  
 प्राणिमाता f. (-मा) A mother. B. प्राणिन् and मातृ mother.  
 प्राणिविषा f. (-सा) Doing harm to any living creature. B. प्राणि, and  
 विषा injury.

प्राणिविष mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Favourable or good for living beings. f. (-ता)  
 A shoe, a boot. B. प्राणि an animal, (man,) and विष suitable.  
 प्राणीय n. (-यः) Debt. B. प्राणीय taken, यञ् aff.  
 प्राणिक m. (-यः) A husband. f. (-या) A wife. B. प्राण life, ईश sovereign.  
 प्राणिक n. (-यः) Any animal part or product, (as flesh, bone, milk,  
 Ghee, &c.) B. प्राणिन्, and चञ् a part.  
 प्रातःकृत्य n. (-कृत्य) Morning duty or ceremonies, worship, ablution, puri-  
 fication, &c. B. प्रातर, and कृत्य to be done. [part of the day.  
 प्रातःसन्ध्या f. (-न्ध्या) 1. Dawn. 2. The morning-sacrifice. B. प्रातः and सन्ध्या  
 प्रातःसमय m. (-यः) Early morning, day-break. B. प्रातर and समय season.  
 प्रातःस्नान n. (-नः) Morning ablution, bathing at sun-rise. B. प्रातर and  
 स्नान bathing.  
 प्रातर Ind. Morning, dawn. B. प्र initial, चन् to go, चञ् aff.  
 प्रातरास m. (-यः) The morning meal, breakfast. B. प्रातर morning, चञ्  
 to eat, aff. चञ्.  
 प्रातरासित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Breakfasted, having had the morning meal. B.  
 प्रातर and आसित eaten.  
 प्रातर्गय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be sang or chanted in the morning. m. (-यः)  
 A minstrel, a bard, but one who especially wakes the sovereign or  
 prince by his morning chant. B. प्रातर in the morning, गेय  
 to be sung.  
 प्रातर्भोज्य mfn. (-नः-नी-कृ) Who or what eats early. m. (-नः) A crow. B.  
 प्रातर morning, and भोज्य who eats. [भोजन food.  
 प्रातर्भोजन n. (-नः) Breakfast the, morning-meal. B. प्रातर morning, and  
 भोजन f. (-तिः) The span of the thumb and fore-finger, 2. Filling 3. Gain-  
 ing. B. प्र and भावे क्तञ् aff.  
 प्रातिका f. (-का) The China-rose, "जवाइले" B. प्र + चतुष्पल टाप् ।  
 प्रातिकूलिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Opposed to, opposing. B. प्रातिकूल and टक् aff.  
 प्रातिकूल n. (-कं) 1. Contrariety, contradiction, opposition. B. प्रातिकूल  
 and चञ् aff.  
 प्रातिजनौ mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Fit for or suitable to dependants, family, &c.  
 B. प्रतिजन, and खञ् aff.  
 प्रातिज्ञ n. (-ज्ञः) The topic under discussion.  
 प्रातिपक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्षी-क्षं) 1. Hostile, belonging to an enemy. 2. Ad-  
 verse, contrary. B. प्रतिपक्ष, and चञ् aff.  
 प्रातिपक्षिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Hostile, opposing. B. प्रतिपक्ष, and टक् aff.  
 प्रातिपक्षिक n. (-कः) A crude noun, a noun before any of its inflections are  
 formed with appropriate affixes. m. (-कः) Fire. B. प्र and चति before,  
 चद an inflected word, टञ् aff.  
 प्रातिभ f. (-भौ) 1. Relating to divination. 2. Relating to genius.  
 प्रातिभाव्य n. (-व्यः) Security, the act of becoming bail or surety, or be-  
 ing answerable for the appearance of the debtor, of his being  
 trust-worthy, or for the payment of his debt is case of his falling  
 to do it. B. प्रतिभू a security, and चञ् aff. [सम्बल.  
 प्रातिभासिक f. (-की) 1. Existing only in appearance, (not real) 2. Re-  
 प्रातिधीय n. (-यः) Inverted order. B. प्रतिधीय, and चञ् aff.  
 प्रातिवेश्य m. (-यः) A next-door-neighbour. B. प्रतिवेश, and चञ् aff.  
 प्रातिशास्त्र n. (-श्रः) A grammatical treatise teaching the phonetic  
 changes that the words in any particular Vedic Sha'kha' undergo.  
 प्रातिस्विक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Own, peculiar, proper. B. प्रति to or towards,  
 स्व own, and टक् aff.  
 प्रातिहार m. (-रः) A juggler. B. प्रतिहार the same, and चञ् pleonastic;  
 see the next.  
 प्रातिहारक m. (-कः) A juggler. B. कन् added to प्रातिहार ।  
 प्रातिहारिक m. (-कः) A juggler, a conjuror. B. प्रतिहार disguise,  
 trick, aff. टञ् ।  
 प्रातीतिक f. (-की) Mental.  
 प्रातीप m. (-पः) A name of SA'N'TANU. B. प्रतीप the father of this prince  
 and चञ् aff. of descent. [उक् aff.  
 प्रातीपिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Reverse, contrary, retrograde. B. प्रतीप and



**प्राथमिक** mfn. (-कः-कौ-कं) Trusty, confidential, having faith in, m. (-कः) A surety. **प्र** प्रथय and ठक् aff.

**प्राथमिक** m. (-कः) A student, one who has just commenced the perusal of the Vedas **प्र** प्रथम first, **प्रथ** beginning, and ठक् aff.

**प्रथमिक** mfn. (-कः-कौ-कं) First, of the first, initial, initiative, **प्र** प्रथम, and ठक् aff.

**प्रथम्य** n. (-स्य) Firstness, priority. **प्र** प्रथम and यञ् aff.

**प्रदक्षिण्य** n. (-स्य) Circumambulation. **प्र** प्रदक्षिण and यञ् aff.

**प्रादुर्भाष** m. (-वः) Appearance, manifestation. **प्र** प्रादुस् and भाव quality.

**प्रादुर्भाष** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Manifested, made apparent. **प्र** प्रादुस् and क्त made.

**प्रादुस्** Ind. 1. Evidently, apparently, manifestly. 2. Visible, apparent. 3. Name, appellation. 4. Existence. 5. Co-existence. **प्र** प्र before, **अद्** to go, or eat, Una'di aff. उत्ति ।

**प्रादेश** m. (-यः) 1. The span of the thumb and fore-finger. 2. Place, country. **प्र** प्र before, दिष् to shew, aff. चञ् ; whence the vowel of the prefix is optionally made long : see प्रदेश । [aff. खट् ।]

**प्रादेशन** n. (-नं) Gift, donation. **प्र** प्र and आङ् before, दिष् to give, प्रादेशिक f. (-कौ) 1. Precedented. 2. Limited, local. m. (-कः) The owner of a district.

**प्रादीप** mfn. (-यः-वी-वं) Belonging, or relating to the evening. **प्र** प्रादीप evening, aff. यञ् ; also with ठक् aff. प्रादीपिक ।

**प्राधनिक** n. (-कः) A destructive weapon.

**प्राधानिक** n. (-कौ) Most eminent. 2. Derived from Pradh'ana.

**प्राधान्य** n. (-स्य) Supremacy, superiority. **प्र** प्रधान chief, यञ् aff.

**प्राधान्यत्** Ind. Chiefly. **प्र** प्रधान, and तसि aff. [read over.]

**प्राचीन** m. (-तः) A Brahman who has finished his studies. **प्र** प्र and अचीन

**प्राच्ययन** n. (-नं) Reading, study. **प्र** प्र before, अचि to read through, यञ् aff.

**प्राध्व** mfn. (-यः-ध्वा-ध्वं) 1. Distant, remote, long, as a road or journey. 2. Bowled, bent. 3. Binding, confining. m. (-यः) A car, a carriage. **प्र** प्र before, अध्वन् a road, aff. यञ् .

**प्राध्वन्** Ind. 1. In conformity, conformably. 2. Crooked, crookedly, stooping. **प्र** प्र and आङ् before, ध्वन् to sound, aff. यञ् ।

**प्रातः** m. (-तः) Edge, margin, border, end. **प्र** प्र before, अत end.

**प्रातस्तस्** Ind. Bordering, marginally, along or upon the extremity. **प्र** प्रात the edge, and तसि aff.

**प्रातदुर्ग** m. (-र्गः) A suburb or collection of houses out of the walls of the town, a Petta'h, &c. **प्र** प्रात'skirting, दुर्ग the fort.

**प्रातर** m. (-रः) A long and unshaded road, a lonesome or tiresome path. 2. A forest. 3. The hollow of a tree. **प्र** प्र considerable, अतर space.

**प्रातरशून्य** n. (-स्य) A long and tiresome road. **प्र** प्रातर spacious, and शून्य empty, void.

**प्राप** mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) Watery, abounding with water. **प्र** प्र and अप water.

**प्रापक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Procuring causing to obtain. 2. Obtaining, who or what obtains. **प्र** प्राप् to obtain, क्त aff.

**प्रापय** n. (-य) Obtaining. **प्र** प्र before, आप् to gain, खट् aff.

**प्रापयिक** m. (-कः) 1. A trader, a dealer. 2. A retail dealer. **प्र** प्र and आङ् before, पण् to deal, to transact business, किकन् Una'di aff.

**प्रापित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Brought, placed. 2. Procured. **प्र** प्र before, आप् to gain, causal v., क्त aff.

**प्राप्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Obtained, gained, received, procured. 2. Fixed, placed. 3. Proper, right. **प्र** प्र before, आप् to gain, aff. क्त ।

**प्राप्तकाल** mfn. (-कः-काल-कं) 1. Fated, destined, one whose fated time has come. 2. Opportune, in season. **प्र** प्राप्त and काल time.

**प्राप्तपञ्च** mfn. (-तः-पञ्च-तं) Dead, deceased. **प्र** प्राप्त obtained, पञ्च death.

**प्राप्तवद्भि** mfn. (-भिः-भि-भिः) 1. Enlightened, instructed, intelligent. 2. Recovering, becoming conscious, (after fainting.) **प्र** प्राप्त and बहि understanding.

**प्राप्तभार** m. (-रः) A draft ox or beast of burthen. **प्र** प्राप्त and भार load.

**प्राप्तभाव** mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Wise. 2. Handsome. 3. Of a good disposition. m. (-वः) A bullock. **प्र** प्राप्त gained, भाव disposition.

**प्राप्तवद्** mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) 1. Learned, wise. 2. Handsome, pleasing. **प्र** प्राप्त gained or proper, रूप form.

**प्राप्तार्थ** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Successful, having gained an object. **प्र** प्राप्त, and अर्थ object. [offence.]

**प्राप्तापराध** mfn. (-धः-धा-धं) Offending, being in fault **प्र** प्राप्त, and अपराध

**प्राप्तावसर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Opportune, seasonable, taking or finding occasion. **प्र** प्राप्त and अवसर opportunity.

**प्राप्ति** f. (-तिः) 1. Gain, profit. 2. Acquiring, getting, obtaining. 2. Improvement, success. 4. Rise, ascent. 5. Collection, assemblage. quantity. 6. Happy denouement, successful termination of a plot. 7. Guessing, discovering from a hint. 8. One of the eight superhuman faculties, the power of obtaining everything. **प्र** प्र before, आप् to get or obtain, aff. क्तिन् ।

**प्राप्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Attainable, obtainable. **प्र** प्र before, आप् to attain, aff. यत् । [यञ् aff.]

**प्राबल्य** n. (-स्य) 1. Power, vigour. 2. Pre-dominance. **प्र** प्रबल strong,

**प्राबोधिक** m. (-कः) Dawn, day-break. **प्र** प्रबोध waking, and ठक् aff.

**प्राभव** n. (-वं) Superiority, pre eminence. **प्र** प्रभु a master, aff. (यञ्) ।

**प्राभव्य** n. (-स्य) Power, authority. **प्र** प्रभवन् being superior, यञ् aff.

**प्राभृत** n. (-तं) A present, an offering to a deity or sovereign, or a gift to a friend, a bribe, the Nazur of Hindustan. **प्र** प्र and आङ् before, भृ to nourish, aff. क्त ; also with कन् aff. प्राभृतक n. (-कः) ।

**प्राभाषिक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Exercising or proceeding from some evidence or authority, &c. 2. Being of authority. m. (-कः) 1. A president, the chief or head of a trade, &c. 2. A learned man, one who supports his arguments by reference to book, &c. **प्र** प्रमाण testimony, authority, aff. ठक् ।

**प्रामाण्य** n. (-स्य) Authority, proof. **प्र** प्रमाण, and यञ् aff.

**प्रामाद्य** m. (-यः) A tree, (Justicia adhatoda.) n. (-यः) Madness, frenzy, fury, intoxication. **प्र** प्र before, मद to delight, aff. यत् and यञ् added.

**प्रापीत्य** n. (-स्य) Debt. **प्र** प्र and आङ् before, मा to measure, कप् aff., and युक् aug.; also read प्रापीत्य.

**प्राय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Like, resembling, (used in composition) 2. Exceeding, much. m. (-यः) 1. Fasting to death, as a religious or penitentiary act, after abandoning all worldly goods and desires. 2. Quantity, abundance. 3. Death, dying. 4. A state or condition of life, age, youth, &c. n. (-यं) Sin. **प्र** प्र before, यत् to go, यञ् aff.

**प्रायण** n. (-यं) Death, voluntary death. **प्र** प्र, and अयन going.

**प्रायश्चस्** Ind. Usually, commonly, for the most part. **प्र** प्राय, and शसि aff.

**प्रायिक** mfn. (-कः-कौ-कं) Common, usual. **प्र** प्राय, and ठक् aff.

**प्रायश्चित्त** m. (-तः) Expiation, penance. **प्र** प्राय sin, चित्त or चित्ति reflection, and सुट् aug.; hence also प्रायश्चित्ति f. (-तिः) ।

**प्रायश्चित्तविधि** f. (-धिः) Rules for penance or expiation. **प्र** प्रायश्चित्त, and विधि rite.

**प्रायस्** Ind. 1. Frequently, generally, for the most part. 2. Abundantly, largely. **प्र** प्र before, यत् or यञ् to go, aff. यत् ।

**प्रायुधेयिन्** m. (-यी) A horse. **प्र** प्र mostly, आयुध a weapon, यत् to wish, aff. यिनि ।

**प्रायोपवेशन** n. (-नं) Fasting to death. **प्र** प्राय and उपवेशन sitting down.

**प्रायोपवेशनिका** f. (-का) Sitting down to die by fasting. **प्र** प्राय, उपवेशन sitting down, कन् added, fem. form.

**प्रावृत्त** mfn. (-वृः-वृ-वृं) Begun, beginning. **प्र** प्र and आङ् before, वृत् to begin, क्त aff.

**प्रावृत्ति** f. (-तिः) 1. Beginning, commencement. 2. A rope or fastening for an elephant. **प्र** प्र and आङ् before, वृत् to commence, aff. क्तिन् ।

प्राक् m. (-कः) 1. Beginning, 2. An undertaking. ३. प्र and चाङ् before, रत्नि to begin, चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् m. (-ङ्) A shoot.  
 प्राक् n. (-ङ्) A chief debt.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-ङ्-विनाङ्) Asking, an asker, a solicitor. ३. प्र before, चङ् to seek, चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् nf. (-ङ्-ना) Asking, begging. ३. प्र before, चङ् to ask, aff. चङ्.  
 प्राक् f. (-ङ्) 1. Desire. 2. Solicitation. 3. Prayer, request.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-ङ्-या-च) To be asked or begged. n. (-ङ्) The third or Dwa'par age of the world. ३. प्र before, चङ् to ask, चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-ङ्-या-च) One who asks or solicits, a beggar, an inquirer, a solicitor. ३. प्र before, चङ् to seek, चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-ङ्-या-च) 1. Asked, begged, solicited. 2. Said, spoken. 3. obstructed or opposed by an enemy. 4. Killed, hurt. ३. प्र before, चङ् to ask, aff. चङ्.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-ङ्-या-च) Asking, begging. ३. प्र before, चङ् to ask, चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् n. (-ङ्) A garland hanging round the neck, and reaching to the breast. ३. प्र and चाङ् before, चङ् to hang or fall, aff. चङ्; also with कन् added प्राक्.  
 प्राक् f. (-ङ्) A garland, a golden necklace. ३. प्राक् a garland, &c. कन् aff., fem. form.  
 प्राक् n. (-ङ्) Frost. ३. प्र before, लीच् to unite with, aff. चङ्; प्रय here said to mean a mountain, चङ् aff. of derivation, and the penultimate vowel changed to ए.  
 प्राक् m. (-ङ्) The moon. ३. प्राक् frost or cold, and चङ् a ray.  
 प्राक् m. (-ङ्) Barley. ३. प्र and चाङ् before, चङ् to encompass, aff. चङ्.  
 प्राक् n. (-ङ्) A spade, a hoe.  
 प्राक् m. (-ङ्) 1. An inclosure, a fence, a hedge. 2. An upper garment. ३. प्र and चाङ् before, चङ् to surround, aff. चङ्.  
 प्राक् n. (-ङ्) 1. An upper or outer garment. 2. Any covering. ३. प्र and चाङ् before, चङ् to cover, aff. चङ्.  
 प्राक् m. (-ङ्) An upper or outer garment, a cloak, a mantle. ३. प्र before, चङ् with चाङ् prefix, aff. चङ्. [चङ् an insect.  
 प्राक् m. (-ङ्) A body louse. ३. प्राक् the outward garment, and प्राक् m. (-ङ्) Cleverness, skillfulness. ३. प्राक् and चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-ङ्-या-च) Wishing to wear. ३. प्र and चाङ् before, चङ् to wear, desid. v., च aff.  
 प्राक् mfn. subst. (-ङ्-या-च) A veil, a wrapper, a cloak or mantle. Adj. Covered, inclosed, encompassed. ३. प्र before, चङ् with चाङ् prefix, to cover, aff. चङ्.  
 प्राक् f. (-ङ्) 1. An inclosure, a fence, a bound hedge. 2. Spiritual darkness. ३. प्र before, चङ् with चाङ् prefix, to inclose, aff. चङ्.  
 प्राक् f. (-ङ्) The rainy season, monsoon about July and August. ३. प्र before, चङ् to sprinkle, aff. चङ् and the vowel of the prefix made long.  
 प्राक् f. (-ङ्) The season of the rain. ३. प्राक् as above and टाप् added.  
 प्राक् f. (-ङ्) Cowach, (Carpogon pruriens.) ३. प्राक् the rains, चङ् aff.; growing in the rains. "चाङ्कुची".  
 प्राक् mfn. (-ङ्-या-च) Produced, &c. in the rainy season m. (-ङ्) A peacock. ३. प्राक् the rains. aff. चङ्.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-ङ्-या-च) Produced in the rainy season. ३. प्राक् in the 7th case, च born.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-ङ्-या-च) 1. Produced in the rains. 2. Much abundant. m. (-ङ्) 1. The Dha'ra-Kadama tree, (Nauclea cadamba.) 2. The Kutaja tree. ३. प्राक् the rains, and चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् n. (-ङ्) A manufactory, a workshop. f. (-ङ्) To be done on entering. ३. प्र before, चङ् entering.  
 प्राक् n. (-ङ्) 1. Feeding, causing to taste or eat. 2. Tasting ३. प्र before, चङ् to eat, intransitive or causal v., चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-ङ्-या-च) 1. Eaten, devoured. 2. Tasted, taken into the

mouth without reaching to the throat. n. (-ङ्) Oblation to deified progenitors. ३. प्र before, चङ् eaten.  
 प्राक् n. (-ङ्) Any edible article. ३. प्र before, चङ् to eat, चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् m. (-ङ्) 1. An assistant at a spectacle or assembly. 2. An inquirer, an asker. ३. प्र a question, aff. चङ्.  
 प्राक् Ind. Having tasted or sipped. ३. प्र before, चङ् to eat, चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् m. (-ङ्) A barbed dart. ३. प्र before, चङ् to throw, aff. चङ्.  
 प्राक् m. (-ङ्) 1. A die, dice. 2. A barbed missile. ३. प्र before, चङ् to throw, aff. चङ्.  
 प्राक् m. (-ङ्) A yoke for cattle. ३. प्र and चाङ् before, चङ् to join, प्राक् mfn. (-ङ्-या-च) 1. Proceeding from or belonging to any connexion or relation. 2. Relevant, belonging to any topic. 3. Inherent, innate. 4. Inseparably connected with. 5. Incidental, episodic. ३. प्राक् and चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् m. (-ङ्) A beast of draught, an ox, yoked or in training. ३. प्राक् a yoke, and चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् m. (-ङ्) A temple a palace, a building consecrated to a deity, or inhabited by a prince. ३. प्र before, चङ् to go, aff. चङ्, and the vowel of the prefix lengthened, or चाङ् prefixed to the verb.  
 प्राक् m. (-ङ्) A pigeon. ३. प्राक् a palace, and चङ् a cook.  
 प्राक् m. (-ङ्) A terrace or balcony on the top of a large house. ३. प्राक् and चङ् back. [and चङ् a horn.  
 प्राक् n. (-ङ्) A turret, a spire on a palace or temple. ३. प्राक्, प्राक् mfn. (-ङ्-या-च) Of or belonging to a palace ३. प्राक्, and चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् m. (-ङ्) A spearman, a lancer, a soldier armed with a dart or spear. ३. प्राक् a dart and चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-ङ्-या-च) 1. Thrown, thrown of or away. 2. Thrown into. 3. Expelled, turned out, banished. ३. प्र before, चङ् to throw, चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-ङ्-या-च) Brought for a Prast'ha, containing a Prast'ha, &c. ३. प्राक् a certain measure, and चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् m. (-ङ्) Instruction in the art of acting or dancing.  
 प्राक् m. (-ङ्) The forenoon ३. प्र prior, चङ् the day.  
 प्राक् Ind. In the morning, in the forenoon. ३. The seventh case of the last word, used as a particle. [ing, aff. चङ् and चङ् aug.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-ङ्-या-च) Belonging to the forenoon. ३. प्राक् in the morning, प्राक् Ind. Early in the day, in the forenoon ३. प्राक् with तन् or तन् aff. and चाङ् added.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-ङ्-या-च) Beloved, dear, desired. m. (-ङ्) 1. A husband, a lover. 2. A sort of drug, commonly Ridd'hi 3. A sort of deer. f. (-ङ्) 1. A woman. 2. A wife or mistress. 3. Small oardamoms. 4. News, information. 5. Arabian jasmine. 6. Spirituous or vinous liquor. 7. A species of the Supratishtha' metre. ३. प्री to please, aff. चङ्, and the vowel made short.  
 प्राक् m. (-ङ्) 1. A kind of tree, (Nauclea cadamba.) 2. A plant, commonly Priyangu. 3. A tree, (Pentaptera tomentosa.) 4. A variegated or spotted deer. 5. A bee. 6. Saffron. ३. कन् added to the preceding.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-ङ्-या-च) 1. Kind, favourable, affectionate, doing good to, or treating kindly. 2. Suiting, congenial. ३. प्रिय, and चङ् to do, चङ् aff. [चङ् who does.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-ङ्-या-च) Kind, friendly, a friend, a benefactor. ३. प्रिय, and प्राक् mfn. (-ङ्-या-च) 1. Amiable, exciting or attracting regard. 2. Acting kindly or affectionately to. ३. प्रिय beloved, चङ् to make, aff. चङ्-तन् aug.; also with चङ् aff. प्रियकार.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-ङ्-या-च) 1. Acceptable, grateful to. 2. Acting kindly to, who or what does so. n. (-ङ्) Gratifying, treating kindly, (the act). ३. प्रिय, चङ् to do, चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् m. (-ङ्) 1. A medicinal plant, and perfume, commonly known by the name Priyangu, and described in some places as a fragrant seed. 2. Panick seed, (Panicum italicum.) 3. Black mustard

seed. 4. Long pepper. 5. A peculiar tree : see कटुकी. n. (-न्) Saffron.  
 E. प्रिय desired, गन् to go, aff. चुन् and सुन् aug.  
 प्रियतम mfn. (-न्-सा-म) Dearest, most beloved. m. (-न्-) A tree, (Celosia cristata). E. प्रिय desirable, तमप् aff. "नयूरशिलाहते" । [ aff.  
 प्रियतर mfn. (-न्-रा-रं) Dearer, more dear. E. प्रिय, तरप् comparative  
 प्रियता f. (-ता) Love, affection. E. प्रिय beloved, तल् aff. ; also with ल् aff.  
 प्रियल n. (-लं).  
 प्रियदर्शन mfn. (-न्-नी-नं) Handsome, lovely, good looking. m. (-न्-) 1. A parrot. 2. A tree, (Mimusops kauki). E. प्रिय beloved, and दर्शन appearance.  
 प्रियप्राय mfn. (-य-या-यं) Eloquent, well-spoken, of pleasing speech. n. (-यं) Eloquence in language. E. प्रिय desired, प्राय abundant.  
 प्रियप्रेक्ष mfn. (-य-यु-यु) Lamenting the loss or absence of any beloved object, wishing or grieving for it. E. प्रिय beloved and प्रेप्सु desirous.  
 प्रियभाषण n. (-यं) Speaking kindly. E. प्रिय and भाषण speaking.  
 प्रियमधु m. (-धुः) BALARA'MA, the half-brother of KRISHN'A E. प्रिय fond, मधु wine.  
 प्रियमात्र mfn. (-य-या-यं) Beloved, affectionate. E. प्रि to please, मात्रच् aff.  
 प्रियवद mfn. (-द-दा-दं) Sweet or pleasant speaking. m. (-दः) A sort of demi-god or Vidya'dhara E. प्रिय kind, desired, वद to speak, aff. खच्, सुन् aug.  
 प्रियश्चरिण mfn. (-य-यु-यु) Become dear to, or beloved by. E. प्रिय, चृ to be, लिखच् aff. [the last.  
 प्रियश्चरिता f. (-ता) Amiability, becoming beloved by. E. तल् added to प्रियमात्र mfn. (-क-को-कं) Become dear to, or beloved by. E. प्रिय, and भू to be, खकच् aff.  
 प्रियश्चरिता f. (-ता) Amiability, becoming beloved, the state or condition. E. तल् added to the last. [ed, चण् class.  
 प्रियवर्णी f. (-णी) A creeping plant, (Echites frutescens.) E. प्रिय desirable  
 प्रियवादिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Sweet or pleasant spoken, flattering, a flatterer. E. प्रिय kind, वादिन् who speaks.  
 प्रियसख m. (-खः) A tree, (Khayer, or Mimosa catechu.) f. (-खी) A female friend or companion, a confidant. E. प्रिय desired, सखि a friend, टच् aff.  
 प्रियसत्य mfn. (-त्य-त्या-त्यं) Pleasant and true, n. (-त्यं) Eloquent or pleasing, as well as true, (discourse.) E. प्रिय loved, and सत्य true.  
 प्रियसन्धेय m. (-यः) A tree bearing a fragrant flower, (Michelia champaca.) E. प्रिय a friend, and सन्धेय intelligence "चम्पकवृक्षे". [who says  
 प्रियाख्य mfn. (-ख्य-ख्या-ख्यं) Announcing good tidings. E. प्रिय, and आख्य  
 प्रियाल m. (-लः) A tree, commonly Piya'sa'l, (Buchanania latifolia, Roxburgh's catalogue, but the name is applied to different trees.) E. प्रि to satisfy, aff. कालन् and the radical vowel changed to रि ; also with कन् added प्रियालक m. (-कः) and with the vowel protracted. प्रीयाल m. (-लः) also- as derived from पीय a Sautra root, पीयाल or पियाल &c.  
 प्रियासु mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) Fond of life. E. प्रिय, and चसु breath.  
 प्रियैषिन् mfn. (-षी-षिणी-षि) Friendly, affectionate, wishing to please. E. प्रिय, and एषिन् seeking.  
 प्रियोदित mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Well or kindly spoken, pleasingly uttered. n. (-तं) Kindly or gentle speech. E. प्रिय kind, &c. and उदित said.  
 प्री (ङ्) प्रीङ् r. 4th cl. (प्रीयते) (ञ्) प्रीञ् r. 9th cl. (प्रीणाति प्रीणीते) and 1st and 10th cls. (प्रियति-ते प्राययति-ते or प्रीणयति) 1. To please, to delight, to satisfy. 2. To be pleased or satisfied. 3. To desire or love. [please, aff. णिच्-त् ।  
 प्रीण mfn. (-ण-णा-णं) 1. Old ancient. 2. Pleased, satisfied. E. प्री to प्रीणन n. (-नं) Satisfaction, satisfying, satiety. E. प्री to please aff. ण्युट् ।  
 प्रीणयिता Ind. Having pleased or propitiated, E. प्री to please, णा aff.  
 प्रीत mfn. (-त-ता-तं) 1. Pleased, happy, glad. 2. Pleased or satisfied with. 3. Gracious, kind, affectionate. 4. Beloved, dear to. n. (-तं) Pleasure, delight. E. प्री to please, aff. ण ।

प्रीतालन् mfn. (-ता-त्या-तं) Pleased, satisfied, content. E. प्रीत and आलन् self.  
 प्रीति f. (-तिः) 1. Joy, pleasure, happiness. 2. Love, affection, regard. 3. The wife of KA'MA, or Cupid. 4. The second of the twenty-seven astronomical Yogas. E. प्री to please, aff. णिच् ।  
 प्रीतिकर mfn. (-र-रा-रं) Pleasing, agreeable to. E. प्रीति and कर making.  
 प्रीतिज्वा f. (-वा) The wife of ANIRUDDH'A. E. प्रीति the wife of KA'MA, जुव् to serve, affs. क and टाप् ।  
 प्रीतिद mfn. (-द-दा-दं) Affectionate, inspiring love or regard. m. (-दः) A jester, a buffoon. E. प्रीति affection, pleasure and द who gives.  
 प्रीतिदान n. (-नं) A kind or friendly present. E. प्रीति affection, and दान giving.  
 प्रीतिदाय n. (-यं) A gift or token of affection. E. प्रीति and दाय a gift.  
 प्रीतिपूर्वक n. (-कं) Adv. Through favour or kindness. E. प्रीति and पूर्वक an antecedent.  
 प्रीतिमत् mfn. (-मा-मती-मत्) Kind, affectionate. E. प्रीति and मत् aff.  
 प्रीतिमनस mfn. (-ना-ना-नः) 1. Content, happy. 2. Kind. E. प्रीति and मनस् the mind.  
 प्रीतिवचस् n. (-चः) Gracious or kindly speech. E. प्रीति and वचस् speech.  
 प्रीतु m. (-तुः) A bird. [pass. v., शानच् aff.  
 प्रीयमाण mfn. (-य-या-यं) Being pleased or propitiated. E. प्री to please, प्र (ङ्) प्रुङ् r. 1st cl. (प्रयते) 1. To go, to move. 2. To jump.  
 प्रुव r. 1st cl. (उ) प्रुव (प्रोवति) To burn, to consume with fire. r. 9th cl. (पुष्पाति) To be unctuous or bland. 2. To sprinkle. 3. To fill. 4. To set free. 5. To be fond of or kind to.  
 प्रुष्ट mfn. (-ष्ट-ष्ट-ष्टं) Burnt. E. प्रुष् to burn, aff. कण् ।  
 प्रुष m. (-षः) 1. A season of the year, a period of two months. 2. The sun. f. (-षा) A drop of water. E. प्रुष् to burn, Una'di aff. कन् ।  
 प्रेक्षक m. (-कः) A spectator, a beholder, one of an audience. E. प्र before, ईच् to see, वृन् aff.  
 प्रेक्षण n. (-ण) 1. The eye. 2. Any public show or spectacle, a sight. 2. A place where public exhibitions are held. n. (-णं-णा) Seeing, viewing, looking at, regarding. E. प्र before, ईच् to see, aff. लृट् ।  
 प्रेक्षिक mfn. (-क-को-कं) Looking, who looks at. f. (-का) A woman fond of seeing shows. E. प्रेक्षण seeing, ठक aff.  
 प्रेक्षणीय mfn. (-य-या-यं) 1. Visible, apparent. 2. Looking or appearing like. f. (-या) 1. Beautiful to the sight. 2. To be seen. 3. To be considered as. E. प्र before, ईच् to see, अनियर् aff. also with कन् added.  
 प्रेक्षणीयक mfn. (-क-का-कं) ।  
 प्रेक्षमाण mfn. (-य-या-यं) Looking at or on, beholding, regarding. E. प्र before, ईच् to see, शानच् aff. [see, pass. v., शानच् aff.  
 प्रेक्षमाण mfn. (-य-या-यं) Being seen or looked at. E. प्र before, ईच् to प्रेक्षा f. (-क्ष) 1. Intellect, understanding. 2. Dancing. 3. Seeing, viewing, observing. 4. Seeing a play or entertainment of dancing, &c. 5. The branch of a tree. 6. Deliberation, reflection. E. प्र before, ईच् to see, affs. णच् and टाप् ।  
 प्रेक्षित mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Seen, behold, looked at. n. (-न) A look. E. प्र before ईच् to see, क aff.  
 प्रेक्षण n. (-ण) 1. Going, wandering. 2. Entering. 3. Swinging. 4. A minor drama in one act. E. प्र before, ईच् to go, aff. लृट्-चलम् ।  
 प्रेक्षन् mfn. (-ञ्-ञ-ञ-ञ) 1. Touching, being in contact with. 2. Scattering, diffusing. 3. Shaking, moving. 4. Wandering, roving. E. प्र before, ईच् to go, षट् aff.  
 प्रेक्षा f. (-क्षा) 1. A swing, a sort of hammock or swinging cot, either for travelling or diversion. 2. Wandering, roaming, travelling about. 3. A horse's going or motion. 4. Dancing. E. प्र before, ईच् to go, aff. चच् ।  
 प्रेक्षित mfn. (-त-ता-तं) 1. Shaken, moving, set in motion, swung, &c. 2. Joined to, being in contact with. E. प्र before, ईच् to go, aff. क or प्रेक्षा a swing, षट् aff.

प्रेषणीक ॥ (-कः) A swing, a swinging cot or hammock. ॥ प्रेषणीक to swing or shake, nominal verb, and कृट् aff.

प्रेषणीक mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Agitated, shaken, swung, set in motion. ॥ प्रेषणीक nominal verb, to swing, aff. कृट्.

प्रेत mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Dead, deceased. m. (-तः) 1. A ghost, a goblin, a spirit, an evil being, especially animating the carcases of the dead. 2. The spirit before obsequial rites are performed. ॥ प्र before, इत् gone.

प्रेतकर्मन् n. (-कर्म) Funeral or obsequial rites. ॥ प्रेत and कर्मन् act; also प्रेतकार्यं, प्रेतक्रिया &c.

प्रेतकार्यं n. (-यः) Obsequial ceremonies, any usages observed in honour of the dead. ॥ प्रेत dead, कार्य practice. [प्रेतकर्म, &c.]

प्रेतज्ञान् mfn. (-ज्-ज्या) Obsequial rites. ॥ प्रेत and ज्ञान् a ceremony; also प्रेतज्ञान् n. (-ज्) A cemetery, a burying-ground. ॥ प्रेत a spirit and ज्ञान् abode. [ज्ञ aff.]

प्रेतत्व n. (-त्वः) The character or state of a departed spirit. ॥ प्रेत and प्रेतत्वम् n. (-म्) The smoke of a funeral pile. ॥ प्रेत and धूम smoke.

प्रेतनदी f. (-दी) The river of hell. ॥ प्रेत a goblin and नदी a river.

प्रेतवर m. (-रः) A ghost, a corpse. ॥ प्रेत and वर a man.

प्रेतनिर्वाहक m. (-कः) 1. A man employed to carry forth dead bodies. 2. A kinsman who does so. ॥ प्रेत and निर् out, ह् to take, कृत् aff.

प्रेतपक्ष n. (-क्षः) The dark half of the month. ॥ प्रेत and पक्ष a fortnight.

प्रेतपट्ट m. (-ट्टः) A drum played at the death of a person. ॥ प्रेत dead, and पट्ट a drum.

प्रेतपति m. (-तिः) YAMA, ruler of the dead. ॥ प्रेत dead and पति master.

प्रेतपात्र n. (-त्रः) A vessel used in obsequial presentations. ॥ प्रेत and पात्र a vessel.

प्रेतराज m. (-जः) YAMA. ॥ प्रेत and राज king.

प्रेतलोक m. (-लोकः) The region of disembodied spirits, in which they remain for one year, or until the obsequial rites are completed. ॥ प्रेत and लोक region.

प्रेतवन n. (-नः) A burying ground, a cemetery, a place where bodies are burnt or buried. ॥ प्रेत a spirit and वन a wood.

प्रेतवाहित mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Possessed by a devil or fiend. ॥ प्रेत a spirit and वाहित borne, actuated. [शुद्ध purifying.]

प्रेतपुष्टि m. (-ष्टिः) Purification after the death of a kinsman. ॥ प्रेत and पुष्टि.

प्रेतहार m. (-रः) One who carries a corpse, a near kinsman. ॥ प्रेत and हार who takes.

प्रेतान्न n. (-न्नः) Food offered to the manes or distributed on a person's death. ॥ प्रेत and अन्न food.

प्रेतार्पण m. (-र्पणः) An offering to the manes. ॥ प्रेत and अर्पण object.

प्रेत्य Ind. 1. In the next world. 2. Having died. ॥ प्रेत dead, and यत् aff. or प्र before, इत् to go कृत् aff.

प्रेतन् m. (-न्) 1. Wind. 2. INDRA. ॥ प्र + इ-कृत् aff.

प्रेम् mfn. (-म्-सु-सु) Desirous of obtaining. ॥ प्र before, अप् to obtain, desid. v., च aff.

प्रेमन् m. (-मान्) 1. Affection, kindness, tender regard. 2. Pleasure, sport, pastime, joy. m. (-मन्) 1. INDRA. 2. Air. ॥ प्रे for प्रिय loved, वसनिच् aff. [attached to.]

प्रेमपर mfn. (-रः रा-रं) Affectionate, loving constant. ॥ प्रेम and पर

प्रेमपातन n. (-नः) Rheum, tears. ॥ प्रेम tendernees, पातन falling.

प्रेम्य mfn. (-यन्-यसी-यः) Dearest, most beloved, very dear. f. (-सी) A wife, a mistress. ॥ प्रिय dear, and ईयसुन् aff.

प्रेयोपक्ष m. (-क्षः) A heron. ॥ प्रेयस् dear and अपक्ष offspring.

प्रेष n. (-षः) 1. Sending, directing. 2. Ordering, commanding. 3. Passion, operation of the organs of sense. 4. The sense of the causal verb. ॥ प्र before, ईत् to go, चिच्-कृट् aff.

प्रेषित mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Sent, directed, dispatched. 2. Ordered. m. (-तः) A messenger. ॥ प्र before, ईत् to go, aff. कृट्.

प्रेषणाव m. (-वः) Being born again after dying. ॥ प्रेष, भाव nature.

प्रेषण n. (-णः) 1. Pervading, spreading. 2. Satisfying. ॥ प्र before, ईत् to pervade, &c. कृट् aff.

प्रेषन् m. (-न्) The ocean. f. (-री) A river. ॥ प्र before, ईत् to go, Una'di aff. कृत् aff. and कृट् aug.

प्रेष (च) प्रेषृ r. 1st. cl. (प्रेषति) To go, to move or approach.

प्रेष m. (-षः) 1. Sending, directing, dispatching. 2. Pain, affliction. ॥ प्र before, ईत् to go or send, aff. चच्.

प्रेषण n. (-णः) Sending, dispatching. ॥ प्र before, ईत् to go, aff. चिच्-कृट् aff.

प्रेषित mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Sent, directed. ॥ प्र before, ईत् to go, aff. कृट्.

प्रेषितवन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Sent, having sent. ॥ प्र before, ईत् to go, कृत् aff.

प्रेष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठः-ष्ठा-ष्ठः) Most or very dear. f. (-ष्ठा) 1. A wife. 2. The leg. ॥ प्रिय dear, aff. इष्टन्, form irr. [also प्रेष्य.]

प्रेष्य m. (-यः) A servant. ॥ प्र before, ईत् to go, or प्रेष् to send, aff. कृत्.

प्रेष्य m. (-यः) 1. Sorrow, distress, affliction. 2. Pain, suffering. 3. Sending, directing. 4. Phrenzy, intoxication, insanity. ॥ प्र before, ईत् to go, aff. चच्, also प्रेष्य.

प्रेष्य m. (-यः) A servant, a slave. n. (-यः) Service, servitude. ॥ प्र before, ईत् to go, and कृत् aff.

प्रोक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तः) Said, declared. ॥ प्र before, वच् to speak, aff. कृट्.

प्रोक्तवन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Having or had said, was saying. ॥ प्र before, वच् to speak, कृत् aff.

प्रोक्षण n. (-णः) 1. Killing animals in sacrifice, immolation of victims. 2. Killing, slaughter. 3. Sprinkling with water, &c. 4. A text to be repeated when animals are offered. ॥ प्र before, कृच् to sprinkle, aff. कृट्. [a vessel, चिच् aff.]

प्रोक्षणीपात्र n. (-त्रः) A vessel for sprinkling water, &c. ॥ प्रोक्षण, and पात्र

प्रोक्षित mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Sprinkled. 2. Kindly, slaughtered. 3. Offered in sacrifice. ॥ प्र before, कृच् to sprinkle, aff. कृट्.

प्रोक्ष्य f. (-यः) Exceedingly terrible.

प्रोक्ष्य Ind. 1. In a very high degree. 2. Very loudly.

प्रोक्ष्यन् mfn. (-न्-नन्-नन्) Flowing, issuing, coming out, or up. ॥ प्र and कृत् before, गृच् to go, aff. कृट्.

प्रोक्ष्यन् mfn. (-न्-नन्-नन्) Swollen. ॥ प्र and उच्छन् swollen.

प्रोक्षासन n. (-नः) Killing, slaughter. ॥ प्र and कृत् before, अस् to hurt or kill, aff. कृट्.

प्रोक्ष्ण n. (-णः) Leaving, quitting, letting go. ॥ प्र before, उच्छ्, to leave, aff. कृट्.

प्रोक्ष्णित mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Abandoned, shunned, avoided. ॥ प्र before, उच्छ्, left.

प्रोक्ष्ण n. (-णः) 1. Wiping away. 2. Picking up. ॥ प्र + उच्छ्-कृट्.

प्रोक्ष्ण m. (-णः) A spitting pot.

प्रोक्ष्ण mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Sewn or stitched. 2. Tied, strung. 3. Set, inlaid. 4. Impaled. 5. Joined, connected. n. (-तं) Cloth, clothes. ॥ प्र before, वे to weave or sew, aff. कृट्.

प्रोक्ष्णान्न n. (-न्नः) A parasol, a Ch'ha'ta', an umbrella. ॥ प्रोक्ष्ण cloth, कृत् over, सादन a house.

प्रोक्ष्ण m. (-नः) A sort of palm tree. ॥ प्र and कृत् above, फल fruit.

प्रोक्षादन n. (-नः) Contriving, device. ॥ प्र and कृत् before, कृट् to go, causal v., कृट् aff.

प्रोक्ष्णान्न n. (-नः) Clearing away, getting rid of, expelling. ॥ प्र and कृत् before, कृट् to go, causal v., कृट् aff.

प्रोक्ष्णित mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Relinquished, left, given up. 2. Got rid of, ejected, expelled. ॥ प्र and कृत् before, कृट् to go, causal v., कृट् aff.

प्रोक्षाह m. (-हः) 1. Effort, exertion. 2. Stimulus, incitement. ॥ प्र before, कृट् effort.

प्रोक्षाहक m. (-कः) The instigator or adviser of any act, or in law, of any crime. ॥ प्रोक्षाह with कृत् added.

प्रोक्षाह n. (-हः) Instigating, exciting, stimulating. ॥ प्र and कृत् before, कृट् to bear, causal v., कृट् aff.

प्रोत्साहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Incited, instigated, stimulated, encouraged. **प्र** and **उत्** before, **उच्** to bear, in the causal form, aff. **क्** ;  
 प्रोच (च) प्रोच् r. 1st. cl. (प्रोचति-ते) 1. To be able, adequate or competent. 2. To complete or ample. 3. To destroy, to subdue or overpower.  
 प्रोच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Travelling, wayfaring, a traveller. 2. Notorious, famous. 3. Placed, fixed, mn. (-चः-चं) 1. The nose of a horse or the tip of it. 2. The snout of a hog. m. (-चः) 1. The loins or hip. 2. Old clothes. 3. The embryo or foetus. 4. An excavation. **प्र** to go, **Una'di** aff. **चक्** ।  
 प्रोद्वज् mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) 1. Resonant, sounding well. 2. Making a loud noise. **प्र** and **उद्वज्** sounded.  
 प्रोद्वोष n. (-षं) Sounding or crying aloud. **प्र** and **उत्** before, **वृष्** to cry, **वृट्** aff.  
 प्रोद्भिन्न mfn. (-न्नः-भा-न्नं) Breaking forth, (as seeds, &c.) **प्र** and **उद्भिन्न** put forth.  
 प्रोद्गत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Towering, very lofty. **प्र**, and **उद्गत** high.  
 प्रोद्गम n. (-गं) Filling. **प्र** before, **उद्गम्** to fill, **उद्गट्** aff.  
 प्रोद्गन्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Filled. **प्र** before, **उद्गम्** to fill, **क्** aff.  
 प्रोद्गन्तु mfn. (-न्तुः-न्तुः-न्तुः) Wishing to cover. **प्र** before, **कृन्तु** to cover, desire, v., **उ** aff. and the vowel changed.  
 प्रोद्गन्तु mfn. (-न्तुः-न्तुः-न्तुः) Wishing to cover. **प्र** before, **कृन्तु** to cover, desid. v., **उ** aff. and the augment **व** omitted.  
 प्रोद्गन्तु mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Recovered from sickness, convalescent. 2. Strong, robust. **प्र** and **उत्** before, **लाव्** to be able, **क्** aff.  
 प्रोद्गन्तु mfn. (-खन्-खन्ती-खन्) Marking, marking lines, scratches, &c. **प्र**, and **उद्गन्तु** to mark, **गृह** aff.  
 प्रोद्गन्तु n. (-न्तुः) Scratching, marking, drawing lines or marks. **प्र** and **उत्** before, **लिख्** to write, **उद्गट्** aff.  
 प्रोद्गन्तु m. (-वः) Burning **प्र** **वृष्** to burn, aff. **चञ्** ।  
 प्रोद्गन्तु mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Abroad, absent, away from home, sojourning in another country. **प्र** before, **वस्** to dwell, aff. **क्** ।  
 प्रोद्गन्तुका f. (-का) A woman whose husband is absent. **प्र** **प्रोद्गन्तु** abroad, **मर्त्य** a husband, aff. **कन्** and **टाप्** । [मरण dying.]  
 प्रोद्गन्तु n. (-चं) Dying in a foreign country. **प्र** **प्रोद्गन्तु** absent, and **प्रोद्गन्तु** mfn. (वान्-वती-वन्) Strange, a stranger, a sojourner. **प्र** before, **वस्** to dwell, **क्** and **वत्** aff.  
 प्रोद्गन्तु mf. (-तः-ही) A sort of carp, (Cyprinus Pausius, Ham.) 'गुटिनाह' m. (-तः) An ox. 3. A bench, a stool. **प्र** before, **उच्** to burn, aff. **चन्** ।  
 प्रोद्गन्तु f. (-द्ग) One of the constellations, the twenty-sixth or twenty-seventh, containing stars in the wing of Pegasus : see **प्रापद्ग**. **प्र** **प्रोद्ग** here said to mean an ox, and **पद्ग** a foot.  
 प्रोद्गन्तु mfn. (-दः-दी-दं) Born under the sign **प्रोद्गन्तु**hapada'. **प्र** **प्रोद्ग** **पद्** and **चव्** aff. in this sense ; in any other, the form is **प्रोद्गन्तु** ।  
 प्रोद्गन्तु mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) 1. Skilful, clever. 2. Logical, reasoning, a reasoner, a disputant. m. (-जः) 1. An elephant's foot. 2. A joint, a knot. 3. The ancle of an elephant. **प्र** before, **वच्** to bear, or **उच्** to reason, aff. **क्** ।  
 प्रोद्गन्तु mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be reasoned or argued. **प्र** before, **उच्** to reason, **चनौयर्** aff.  
 प्रोद्गन्तु mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) 1. Full-grown. 2. Confident, bold, arrogant. 3. Impudent. 4. Full-grown, (as the moon.) 5. Thick, heavy, (darkness, &c.) 6. Forward, (as the hand to seize any thing.) 7. Raised, lifted up. 8. Controverted. 9. Old. 10. Married. f. (-दः) 1. A woman from thirty years of age to fifty-five. 2. A description of the Na'yika' or mistress, a woman whose feelings are violent or impetuous, or one who is not in any awe of her lover or husband. **प्र** before, **वच्** to bear, aff. **क्** ।  
 प्रोद्गन्तु m. (-दः) One who sits with his feet upon a seat. **प्र** **प्रोद्ग** raised and **पद्ग** the foot.

प्रोद्गन्तु f. (-दः) 1. Enterprise, zeal, confident or audacious exertion. 2. Investigation, controversy, discussion. **प्र** before, **वच्** to bear, aff. **क्** ।  
 प्रोद्गन्तु mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Clever, learned, skilful. **प्र** + **चीन्** **चक्** ।  
 प्रोद्गन्तु mfn. (-ता-तो-तं) Extending over, covering. **प्र** and **उच्** to cover, **उच्** aff.  
 प्रोद्गन्तु m. (-दः) The month Bha'dra, (August-September.) f. (-दी) Full moon in Bha'dra. **प्र** **प्रोद्गन्तु** the sign, and **चव्** aff. when the moon is near the wing of Pegasus.  
 प्रच r. 1st cl. (प्रचति-ते) To eat.  
 प्रच m. (-चः) 1. Waved-leaf fig-tree, (Ficus infectoria.) 2. Another tree, (Hibiscus populneoides.) 3. The holy fig, (Ficus religiosa.) 4. One of the seven Dwi'pas or continents, into which the world is divided. 5. A private or back-door. **प्र** **उच्** to burn, **Una'di** aff. **क्** and **च** substituted for the penultimate vowel.  
 प्रच mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Who or what goes by leaps or jumps, leaping, jumping, a tumbler. m. (-चः) 1. Jumping, leaping, plunging, going by leaps or plunges. 2. Swimming, floating, diving. 3. A raft, a float. 4. A frog. 5. A monkey. 6. A sheep. 7. A diver, or bird so called, (Pelicanus fuscicellus.) 8. A sort of duck. 9. A man of a low or degraded tribe. 10. Waved-leaf fig-tree, (Ficus infectoria.) 11. The continuous protracted accent, the lengthened sound of vowels in poetry or the Ve'das. 12. Protracting a sentence through several stanzas. 13. A declivity or shelving ground. 14. A piece of water. 15. A sort of basket or snare of basket-work for catching fish. 16. An enemy. 17. Sending, directing. n. (-चं) 1. A sort of grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) 2. Fragrant grass in general, or another sort **प्र** **उ** to go, aff. **चक्** ।  
 प्रचक m. (-कः) 1. A tumbler, a dancer, a man who walks on the edge of a sword, a rope-dancer, &c. 2. An outcast. 3. A frog. **प्र** **उच्** a tumbler, &c. and **कन्** aff.  
 प्रचक m. (-गः) 1. A monkey, an ape. 2. A frog. 3. The charioteer of the sun. 4. A sort of bird, the diver. 3. A frog. **प्र** **उच्** leaping, and **व** who goes, from **गम्** with **उ** aff. "प्रिरीवृत्ते" । [गति going.]  
 प्रचकति m. (-तिः) 1. A frog. 2. Going by leaps and jumps, **प्र** **उच्** leaping, **प्रचक** m. (-कः) 1. A monkey. 2. A deer. **प्र** **उच्** leaping, **गम्** to go, aff. **उच्** with the power of **उ**, whence the nasal is inserted, and final syllable rejected ; also **प्रच**, **प्रचग**, and **प्रचकन** ।  
 प्रचकन m. (-नः) 1. A monkey, an ape. 2. A frog. **प्र** **उच्** leaping, **गम्** to go, aff. **उच्** ।  
 प्रचन n. (-नं) 1. Jumping, leaping. 2. A deluge, an inundation. 3. Swimming, plunging into. **प्र** **उ** to go, **उद्गट्** aff.  
 प्रचमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Bounding, springing, leaping. 2. Swimming. **प्र** **उ** to go, **मानच्** aff.  
 प्रचका f. (-का) A boat, a raft. **प्र** **उच्** tossing, **क्** what goes, **टाप्** fem. aff. ; also **प्रचिका**, from **प्र** with **उ** aff. and fem. form. [added.]  
 प्रचिक f. (-का) Taking over on a boat.  
 प्रच n. (-चं) The fruit of the Hibiscus populneoides. **प्र** **उच्**, and **वच्** **प्रच** m. (-वः) 1. Submersion. 2. Filling a vessel till it runs over. 3. Jumping. 4. Filtering. **प्र** **उ** to go, causal v., **चक्** aff. ; also with **उद्गट्**, **प्रचन** ।  
 प्रचव mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) 1. To be jumped, leaped, &c. 2. To be submerged or inundated. **प्र** **उ** to go, **उद्गट्** aff.  
 प्रचिव m. (-वी) A bird. **प्र** **उ** to go, aff. **चिवृ** ।  
 प्रचि r. 1st cl. (प्रचि-ते) To go, to move or approach.  
 प्रचिव m. (-वा) The spleen : see **हीचन्** ।  
 प्रचि f. (-वा) The spleen : see **हीचन्** ।  
 प्री r. 9th cl. (प्रीति-ते) To go.  
 प्रीच m. (-चः) A medicinal plant, (Andersonia rohitaka, Rox.) **प्र** **हीच** the spleen, (the disease, &c.) **क्** what removes.

होहन् m. (-हः) The spleen; the organ or the disease of it, as in English; in the latter sense, however, it is equally applied to the enlargement of the mesenteric glands, &c. *होहन्* to increase, (Una'di aff. *होहन्*, and the vowel made long; otherwise being *होहन्*; and with *क* and टाप् affs., and the vowel long or short *होह* or *होहा*।

होहयन् m. (-हः) A medical plant, commonly Ro'hera or Ro'hini', (Andersonia rohitaka, Rox.) *होह* for *होहन्* the spleen, (the disease,) and *यन्* enemy; also *होहयन्*।

होहति m. (-तिः) The holy fig-tree, (Ficus religiosa.) *होहा* the spleen, and *हति* enemy. "मन्त्रलक्षणे"।

हु (ङ) प्रकृ. r. 1st cl. (हवते) 1. To go, to approach. 2. To go by leaps, to jump, &c. 3. To be lengthened, (as a vowel.) With *हन्* prefixed, To leap up. With *वि*, To plunge in, to be submerged or inundated.

हुति m. (-तिः) Fire or its deity. *हु* to burn, Una'di aff. *हुति*।

हुत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Jumped, leaped, gone by leap or jump, &c. 2. Thrown or tossed up. m. (-तः) 1. Bounding, capering, one of a horse's paces. 2. Leaping, jumping, tumbling mn. (-तः-तं) The third sound given to vowels; the protracted or continuous sound, being three times the length of the short vowel, and occupying three moments in its utterance. *हु* to go by leaps, aff. *त*।

हुति f. (-तिः) 1. Over flowing. 2. Jumping. 3. A particular pace of a horse. 4. Protraction, (of a vowel.) *हु*, *हुति* aff.

हुत् r. 1st cl. (हु) प्रकृ. (होवति) r. 4th cl. (हु) प्रकृ. (हुवति) To burn. r. 9th cl. (हु-ताति) 1. To be unctuous. 2. To sprinkle. 3. To fill. 4. To set free 5 To be fond of or kind to.

हुत् m. (-त्) Burning, combustion. *हु* to burn, aff. *त्*।

हुत् mfn. (-त्-ता-तं) Burnt. *हु* to burn, aff. *त्*।

हुत् (हृ) हुत्ति r. 4th cl. (हु-वति) 1. To burn. 2. To share.

हुत् (हृ) हुत्ति r. 1st cl. (हु-वते) To serve, to gratify by service.

हुत् (हृ) हुत्ति m. (-त्) Burning, combustion. *हु* to burn, aff. *त्*।

हा r. 2nd cl. (हाति) To eat.

हा f. (हा) Eating. *हा* to eat, aff. *हा*।

हात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Eaten. *हा* to eat, aff. *हा*।

हान n. (-नं) 1. Eating. 2. Food *हा* to eat, aff. *हान्*।

## क

क The twenty-second consonant of the Na'gari Alphabet, the aspirate of the preceding letter, and expressed by P'h.

क m. (-कः) 1. Increasing, swelling, enlarging, expanding. 2. Performance of a mystical rite, by which Kuve'ra's attendants are propitiated. 3. A high wind, a gale. 4. Wind expelled in yawning. 5. Fruitfulness, fertility. 6. An augmentor or increaser. nf. (क-का) Unprofitable or idle speech. n. (-कं) 1. Angry speech. 2. Bursting with some little noise, as air bubbles, boiling water, &c.; bubbling, boiling. f. (-का) Distress, anxiety. *क* to bear fruit, or *काय्* to swell, aff. *क*; in the latter case, the initial is rejected.

क r. 1st cl. (कवति) 1. To creep, to move slowly or sluggishly. 2. To behave ill, to practise ill or improper conduct.

कविता f. (-का) 1. A position, an assertion or argument, to be proved or maintained. 2. Logical exposition or elucidation. 3. A sophism. 4. A trick. 5. Illusion. 6. Fraud. *क* to move slowly, aff. *क*।

कविता f. (-का) 1. A plant, (Siphonanthus Indica.) 2. A species of Hedysarum, (H. alhagi.) *क* to break, (disease,) aff. *क*। and the radical initial changed to *क*।

कविपुत्रिका f. (-का) A plant, (Talvinia cucullata.) *क* as above, and *पुत्रिका* infant. "उत्तरकाशिन"।

कट mfn. subst. (-टः टा-ट) The expanded hood or neck of the Cobra de capello. mf. (-टः टा) 1. A tooth. 2. A cheat. *कट्* to burst or expand, aff. *कट्* fem. aff. टाप्, deriv. irr.

कट् Ind. Exclamation of no meaning, forming part of a Mantra or incantation. *कट्* to burnt, aff. *कट्*, and the deriv. irr.

कविता f. (-का) A cricket, a locust.

कव r. 1st cl. (कवति) 1. To go. 2. To produce easily or readily. 3. To be unobscure. Causal form, (कावयति) 1. To dilute. 2. To shine. (कवयति) To cause to go.

कव mfn. Subst. (-वः वा-व) The expanded hood or neck of the Cobra de capello, &c. *कव* to go, aff. *कव*।

कवकर m. (-रः) A snake, especially the Cobra de capello, or COBBER naja. *क*, the hood, and *कर* who makes; also *कवाकर*।

कवधर m. (-रः) A snake. *क* the hood, and *धर* who has; also *कवाधर*।

कवधत् m. (-धत्) A snake. *क* a hood, and *धत्* who possesses.

कवमणि m. (-निः) A jewel supposed to be in the head of a snake. *क* and *मणि* a gem.

कववत् m. (-वान्) A snake. *क* a hood, and *वत्* possessive aff.

कवाकर m. (-रः) A snake; see *कवकर*।

कवाधर m. (-रः) A snake; see *कवधर*।

कवाधत् m. (-वान्) A snake. *क* the hood expanded, *ध* to possess, aff.

कवावत् m. (-वान्) A snake; see *कववत्*।

कविनेश्वर m. (-रः) A plant, (Mesua ferrea.) *क* *विन्* a snake and *नेश्वर* filaments. [पाणिनि]।

कविलिख m. (-खः) A quail. *क* a snake, and *खिल* who plays. "भाष्य"।

कविभक्त m. (-क्तः) A plant, also Marua. f. (-का) A plant, commonly Ra'madu'ti, apparently a sort of basil with small leaves. *क* for *कवा* a snake, and *भक्त* to abandon, aff. *भक्त*, deriv. irr.

कवित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Gone. 2. Diluted. *क* to go, *त* aff.

कवितन्त्र m. (-न्त्रः) VISHN'U whose bed in the serpent Se'sha. *क* a snake, *तन्त्र* a bed, and *व* who goes.

कविन् m. (-वी) A snake. *क* a hood, and *विन्* aff.

कविप्रिय m. (-यः) Air, wind. *क* for *कवा* a snake, and *प्रिय* fond of.

कविकिण m. (-यः) Opium.

कविभाष्य n. (-यः) The commentary of Patanjali on Pa'nini's Sutras.

कविभुज m. (-भुजः) 1. An epithet of Garuda. 2. A Peacock.

कविमुख n. (-खः) An instrument for throwing earth.

कवीश्वर m. (-रः) 1. The great serpent ANANTA. 2. An epithet of Se'sha.

*क* a snake, and *ईश्वर* sovereign; also *कवीश्वर*, &c.

कव m. (-वः) The belly. *क* to go, Una'di aff. *व*।

कवारिन् m. (-री) A bird, *क* imitative sound, and *वारिन्* who makes.

कर n. (-रः) A shield. *क* substituted for *ल*; see *कल*।

कवक n. (-कः) A betel-box.

कर्कर mfn. (-रः-का-रः) One moving quickly. *क* *कर*, *कर*।

कर्करीक m. (-कः) The Palm of the hand with the fingers extended. n.

(-कं) Young shoot or branch f. (क) A shoe.

करीक m. (-कः) The palm of the hand with the fingers extended. n. (-कं) Sweetness. *क* *कर* to expand, Una'di aff. *कर* and the form irr.

कव r. 1st cl. (कवति) 1. To produce or bear fruit. 2. To make fruitful, to fructify. 3. To go. (वि, वा) विफला r. 1st cl. (कवति) To divide, to cleave or split.

कव n. (-वः) 1. The fruit of any plant, fruit in general. 2. Fruit, (metaphorically,) result, produce, consequence. 3. Prosperity, flourishing, thriving. 4. Gain, profit, acquisition. 5. Recompense, reward. 6. A shield. 7. The blade of a sword or knife, the head of an arrow, &c. 8. A sort of fragrant berry and drug commonly Ka'koli. 9. A nutmeg. 10. The three myrobalans collectively. 11. The men-

- strual discharge. 12. Gift, giving. 13. A ploughshare. 14. The quotient of a sum, (in arithmetic.) 15. The area of a circle, &c. 16. An equation. 17. (In astronomy,) The anomalistic equation of a planet. f. (-लौ) A medicinal plant, commonly Priangu. m. (-लः) A plant, (Eshites anti-dysenterica, Rox. :) see कुटज. इ. फल् to bear or produce fruit, aff. चच् ।
- फलक mn. (-कः-कं) 1. A shield. 2. A bench. 3. A plank. 4. A layer. m. (-कः) 1. A bone, the os frontis, or bone of the forehead. 2. A leaf or page for writing on. 3. A plant, (Mesna ferrea.) n. (-कं) The buttocks. इ. कन् added to the preceding, or फल् to split or divide, aff. वृन् । [the hand.]
- फलकपाणि m. (-णिः) A soldier armed with a shield. इ. फलक and पाणि
- फलकयन्त्र n. (-त्रं) An astronomical instrument invented by Bha'skara'-cha'rya. [desiring.]
- फलकामना f. (-ना) Desire of any consequence. इ. फल, and कामना
- फलकिन् mfn. (-की-किनी-कि) Having or being armed with a shield, &c. m. (-की) A sort of fish comonly Phalu'i. इ. फलक as above and इति aff.
- फलकृष्ण m. (-णः) A small fruit, (Carissa carandas.) इ. फल fruit and कृष्ण black. "पानिचामलके" ।
- फलकेशर m. (-रः) The cocoanut-tree. इ. फल the fruit and केशर hair, covered with a fibrous coat-like hair.
- फलकीषक m. (-कः) 1. The cocoanut-tree. 2. The testicle. इ. फल fruit, कीष sheath, and कन् aff. of comparison.
- फलखण्डन n. (-नं) Disappointing. इ. फल and खण्डन destroying.
- फलसहि mfn. (-हिः-हिः-हि) Fruitful, bearing fruit in due season. इ. फल fruit, यच् to take, aff. इन्, also फलियहि ।
- फलयाहन् m. (-हो) A tree. इ. फल fruit, यच् to take, aff. चिनि ।
- फलवसन m. (-सः) The bark of the Indian fig, ground and eaten with curds, by way of penance. [इष्ट aff.]
- फलत् mfn. (-लन्-लनी-लन्) Yielding fruit, profit, &c. इ. फल् to bear fruit, फलत्रय n. (-त्रं) 1. Three sorts of fruit collectively, as the fruit of the vine, the Parush, and the Gmelina arborea. 2. The three myrobalans. इ. फल fruit and त्रय three.
- फलत्रिक n. (-कं) The three myrobalans collectively. इ. फल fruit, and त्रिक three-fold. "शुक्लीषपपलौ सरिचरुपायाम् च" ।
- फलद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Yielding or bearing fruit, result, &c. m. (-दः) A tree. इ. फल fruit, and द what gives ; also फलदातृ, फलदायिन् &c.
- फलन n. (-नं) Fructifying, bearing fruit, producing consequences. इ. फल, and ल्यट् aff.
- फलनिवृत्ति f. (-तिः) Cessation of consequences. इ. फल and निवृत्ति stop.
- फलनिर्गति f. (-तिः) Final consequence or result. इ. फल and निर्गति completion.
- फलनिपत्ति f. (-तिः) 1. Bearing fruit. 2. Yielding profit or desired results. इ. फल and निपत्ति putting forth.
- फलपाक m. (-कः) 1. The ripening of fruit. 2. The fulness of consequences. 3. The Caronda. इ. फल fruit and पाक ripening.
- फलपाकान्ता f. (-न्ता) An annual plant. इ. फल fruit, पाक ripening or ripeness, and अन्त end ; dying after bearing fruit. [felling.]
- फलपातन n. (-न) Knocking down or gathering fruit. इ. फल and पातन
- फलपुच्छ m. (-च्छः) A sort of esculent root or bulb. इ. फल fruit and पुच्छ a tail. [to fill, aff. क ।]
- फलपूर m. (-रः) Common citron, (Citrus medica.) इ. फल fruit and पूर
- फलपूरक m. (-कः) Common citron. इ. कन् added to the last.
- फलप्रद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Yielding fruit, productive, yielding a reward, &c. इ. फल and प्रद what gives.
- फलप्रदान n. (-नं) 1. A ceremony at weddings. 2. The giving of fruits.
- फलप्रयुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Connected with or producing consequences, yielding fruit, &c. इ. फल and प्रयुक्त applied. [प्राप्ति acquiring.]
- फलप्राप्ति f. (-तिः) Obtaining the desired result or fruit. इ. फल and
- फलप्रीय f. (-या) Priyangu.
- फलवन्धिन् Adj. Forming or developing fruits.
- फलभाज् mfn. (-भाक्) Having or receiving fruit, consequence, &c. इ. फल and भाज् who shares.
- फलभूमि f. (-भिः) Any region not included in the known continent, as heaven, hell, &c. इ. फल fruit, (of actions,) and भूमि land.
- फलभोग m. (-गः) 1. Receipt or enjoyment of consequences. 2. Possession of rent or profit, usufruct. इ. फल and भोग enjoyment.
- फलभोगिन् mfn. (-गी-भिनी-भि) Who receives the profits, consequences, &c. इ. फल and भोगिन् who enjoys.
- फलमुख्या f. (-ख्या) Common caraway. "जजनीदा" ।
- फलमुद्गरिका f. (-का) A sort of date. इ. फल fruit and मुद्गर & mallet, aff. कन् in the fem. form. "पिच्छीखेजुर" । [wages.]
- फलयोग m. (-गः) 1. The attainment of an object. 2. Remuneration.
- फलराजन् m. (-जा) The water-melon.
- फलवन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वन्) 1. Bearing fruit. 2. Yielding results or consequences. इ. फल fruit and वन्त् poss. aff.
- फलश्राव m. (-वः) The pomegranate. इ. फल fruit, श्राव् to extol, aff. चर ।
- फलशालिन् mfn. (-ली-लिनी-लि) Bearing or yielding fruit. इ. फल and शालिन् having.
- फलश्रेष्ठ m. (-ष्ठः) The mango. इ. फल fruit and श्रेष्ठ best.
- फलस m. (-सः) The jack or bread-fruit. इ. फल fruit, सच् to be able, अच् ; also read फलशः see पनस । [dances.]
- फलसम्पद f. (-पद or पन्) Prosperity, success. इ. फल and सम्पद् abun.
- फलसम्भव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Produced in or by fruit. इ. फल and सम्भव born also फलसम्भू । [means.]
- फलसाधन n. (-नं) Means or instrument of success. इ. फल and साधन
- फलसिद्धि f. (-द्धिः) Realising an object, reaping the fruit of any act. इ. फल and सिद्धि perfection.
- फलहानि f. (-निः) Loss of fruit or profit. इ. फल and हानि abandonment.
- फलहारो f. (-री) An epithet of Durga'.
- फलाकाङ्क्षा f. (-ङ्क्षा) Hope or expectation of favourable consequences. इ. फल and आकाङ्क्षा desire.
- फलागम m. (-मः) The fruit-season, autumn.
- फलादन m. (-नः) A parrot. इ. फल fruit, अदन eating.
- फलाध्यक्ष m. (-क्षः) A tree, commonly Khirani, (Mimusops Kauki.) इ. फल fruit, अध्यक्ष superintendent.
- फलान्त m. (-न्तः) A bamboo. इ. फल fruit or blossom, अन्त end.
- फलानुबन्ध m. (-न्धः) Sequence of results.
- फलानुमेय Adj. Inferable from consequences of results.
- फलानुसरण n. (-णं) Rate or aggregate of profits. इ. फल and अनुसर conformity.
- फलापेक्षा f. (-क्षा) Regard to or expectation of consequences. इ. फल and अपेक्षा expectation.
- फलापेक्ष mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Unproductive, unfertile. इ. फल and अपेक्ष deprived. [u-e.]
- फलाभोग m. (-गः) Non-enjoyment of profits, &c. इ. फल and अभोग non-
- फलायीक्षि f. (-क्षि) A cricket.
- फलाशन m. (-नः) A parrot. इ. फल fruit and अशन food.
- फलाशिन mfn. (-शी-शिनी-शि) Living on fruits. इ. फल and अशिन who eats.
- फलासक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) 1. Doing any thing for the sake of reward. 2. Fond of or seeking to pluck fruit. इ. फल and आसक्त attached to.
- फलि m. (-लिः) A kind of fish. "फलुद" ।
- फलिग m. (-गः) The cloud.
- फलित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Fruitful, bearing fruit. 2. Successful, yielding a result. m. (-तः) A tree. f. (-ता) A woman in her courses. इ. फल fruit and रतच् aff.
- फलिन् mfn. (-ली-लिनी-लि) 1. Bearing fruit, fruitful. 2. Productive of consequences. m. (-नी) 1. A sort of fish, commonly Phala'i, (Mystus kapirat.) 2. A tree, (especially in fruit.) f. (-नी) 1. A medicinal



plant, commonly Priyangu. 2. A potherb, (*Echites dichotoma*.)  
 3. A flower, (*Celosia cristata*.) E. फल fruit and इति aff.  
 कृन्तु m. (-कृन्तु) A sort of creeper. E. फल fruit, and ऊनादि aff.  
 कनयि मfn. (-कृन्तु-वि-वि) Bearing fruit in season, fruitful. E. फल fruit,  
 यद् to take, aff. इन्; ए substituted irregularly for the final of फल;  
 also कनयि and कनयिदि. [विनि aff.]  
 कनयिदि मfn. (-कृन्तु-वि-वि) Bearing fruit in due season. E. As above,  
 कनयि f. (-या) A kind of flower known as "द्रोणपुष्प"।  
 कनयिह f. (-हा) The trumpet-flower, (*Bignonia suave-olens*.) E. फल  
 fruit, in the seventh case, यद् to grow, aff. क। "पाटलिह"।  
 कनयिह m. (-यः) 1. Collecting of fruits. 2. A collection of fruits. E. फल  
 and उच्य abundance.  
 कनयिह f. (-यः) 1. A small sort of grape without stones. 2. The three  
 myrobalans collectively. 3. The benefit arising from sacred study.  
 E. फल fruit, उत्तम best.  
 कनयिह (नि) m. (-ति; or ति) The mango. f. (-ति) Production of fruit.  
 E. फल fruit, उत्त over, पति ruler; or कनयि उत्तमरत्न।  
 कनयिह m. (-यः) 1. Gain, profit. 2. Heaven, paradise. 3. Joy, happiness.  
 4. Consequence, result. E. फल fruit, gain, &c. उच्य rising.  
 कनयिह m. (-यः) Regard to results. E. फल and उच्य pointing out.  
 कनयिह m. (-नि) Pudendum muliebre. [possessing.  
 कनयिह mfn. (-तः-तात) Having or yielding fruit, &c. E. फल and उपेत  
 कनयिह m. (-कनयिह) An expanded or extended body. E. फल to separate,  
 Una'di aff. क। "विशेषितान्ते च"।  
 कनयिह mfn. (-कनयिह; कनयिह) 1. Pithless, sapless. 2. Vain, unprofitable,  
 unmeaning, useless. 3. Weak, feeble. f. (-कनयिह) 1. The opposite  
 eaved fig-tree, (*F. oppositi-folia*, Rox.) 2. The name of a river  
 which is said to run underneath Gya. 3. Falsehood, false or lying  
 speech. 4. A red powder, usually of the root of wild ginger, col-  
 ored with sappan wood, and thrown over one another by the  
 Hindus, at the Holi festival. 5. The spring season. E. फल to bear  
 fruit, Una'di aff. यक्।  
 कनयिह m. (-नः) 1. A name of ARJUN'A. The month Pha'lguna. f. (-नी)  
 The constellation Phalguni. E. फल to bear fruit, Una'di aff. उत्तन्  
 and यक् aug. : see फाल्गुन। [the same.]  
 फाल्गुन m. (-नः) The month Pha'lguna. E. फल, and फल equal to,  
 फल m. (-ख) A bud, a flower. E. फल fruit, यत् aff. [kapirat.]  
 फाल्गुन m. (-नी) A fish, caught in ponds, commonly Phalu'i, (*Mystus*  
 पाट Ind. An interjection of calling.  
 फाल्गु f. (-वि) 1. Unrefined sugar, molasses. 2. Flour or meal mixed  
 with curds. E. स्वाद्यो to swell, Una'di aff. नि, deriv. irr.  
 फाल्गुन n. (-तः) Raw sugar, the inspissated juice of the sugarcane. E. फल  
 to go, causal form, aff. क।  
 फाल्गु mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Readily prepared, made by an extemporaneous  
 easy process, (decoction, &c.) n. (-यः) 1. Diluted decoction, decoction,  
 easily prepared. 2. The first particles of butter that are  
 produced by churning. E. फल to prepare easily, aff. क, deriv. irr.  
 फाल्गु mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Made of cotton, (vesture.) m. (-लः) 1. A name of  
 Si'va. 2. A name of BALARA'MA. 3. A citron tree. n. (-लः) The  
 share of a plough. E. फल to divide, in the causal form. aff. चञ्  
 or फल fruit and फल aff.  
 फाल्गुन mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Furrowed, ploughed. n. (-यः) A ploughed-field.  
 E. फल and फल furrowed.  
 फाल्गुन m. (-नः) 1. A name of ARJUN'A. 2. A sort of tree, (*Pentaptera*  
*Arjuna*.) 3. A month, commonly called by the name Pha'lguna,  
 (February-March.) f. (-नी) 1. Day of full moon on the month of  
 Pha'lguna, on which Holi or great vernal festival of the Hindus is  
 celebrated. 2. A name common to the eleventh and twelfth lunar  
 asterisms, distinguished by the epithets first and last, or पूर्व and  
 उत्तरफाल्गुनी : see पूर्वफाल्गुनी &c.

फाल्गुनायुज m. (-जः) Spring. E. फाल्गुन the month, अनु according, ज  
 boru.  
 फाल्गुनिक m. (-कः) The month Pha'lguna. E. फाल्गुनी day of full moon  
 in this month, and उक् aff.  
 फि m. (-कि) Anger, passion. E. फल to separate, aff. वि।  
 फिक्क m. (-कः) The fork-tailed shrike. E. फिक्क imitative sound, क to  
 utter, aff. क।  
 फिरक m. (-कः) 1. The country of the Franks. 2. A particular disease.  
 It is a word of foreign origin.  
 फुक m. (-कः) A bird.  
 फुट mfn. (-टः-टाट) 1. Blown. 2. Burst. 3. The hood or expanded neck  
 of a snake. E. फल to swell, aff. क, deriv. irr.  
 फु(फु)त् Ind. 1. Expression of disregard or contempt, (Phoo, hoot.) 2.  
 Imitative sound, implying the bubbling or boiling of water, &c.  
 or of blowing into any liquid. E. फल to swell, aff. फिप्, स rejected,  
 and फुक् added, form irr.  
 फुल्ल m. (-रः) Fire. E. फुल्ल boiling and फल who makes.  
 फुल्लार mfn. (-रः-रीर) Arrogant, contemptuous, disdainful. m. (-रः) 1.  
 The sound of bubbling or breathing into, (as to cool it.) E. फल  
 expression of contempt, and फल who makes.  
 फुल्लत mfn. (-तः-तात) 1. Blown up, (as a bubble.) 2. Blown into,  
 cooled by blowing into it. E. फल and फल made.  
 फुफुस m. (-सः) The lungs : see फुफुस।  
 फल r. 1st. cl. (फलति) To blow or blossom, to bud or flower.  
 फल mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) 1. Blown, opened, expanded, (as a flower.) 2.  
 'Opened, (as the eyes with pleasure, &c.), smiling, gay. E. फल to  
 blow, aff. चञ्; also फल।  
 फल्लामन n. (-नः) A species of the Atidhriti metre.  
 फल्लयन mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) 1. Full or large-eyed. 2. Smiling, looking hap-  
 py. E. फल्ल and नयन the eye; also similar compounds, as फल्लनेत्र,  
 फल्लदृष्टि, &c. [spreading.]  
 फल्लफाल m. (-लः) Winnowing corn. E. फल्ल blown, and फाल for फाल्ल  
 फल्लरीक m. (-कः) A serpent.  
 फल्ललोचन mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) 1. Full-eyed. 2. Looking pleased or happy. n.  
 (-नः) A large full eye. m. (-नः) A species of the antelope. E. फल्ल  
 full, expanded, and लोचन the eye.  
 फल्लवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Blossoming, blowing. E. फल्ल to blow, फल्लवत् aff.  
 फल्लवदन mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) Looking pleased or happy. E. फल्ल and वदन  
 the face.  
 फल्लि f. (-लि) Blowing, blossoming. E. फल्ल to blow, aff. इन्।  
 फल्लति f. (-ति) Flowering, blossoming. E. फल्ल to blow, फल्ल aff.  
 फल्ल Ind. Imitative sound of bubbling, sobbing, &c.; see फल्ल.  
 फल्लार m. (-रः) 1. Bubbling. 2. Sobbing. 3. Blowing or breathing into  
 any liquid. E. फल्ल and फल making.  
 फल्लत mfn. (-तः-तात) 1. Bubbled, bubbling, made to sound so. 2.  
 Blown or breathed into, (a liquid.) 3. Sounded, as in sobbing. E.  
 फल्ल, and फल made.  
 फेण m. (-नः) 1. Froth, foam. 2. Cattle-fish-bone, supposed to be the  
 indurated foam of the sea. 3. Vapour. E. स्वाद्यो to swell, नक् Una'di  
 aff., deriv. irr.  
 फेण नक् m. (-कः) Cattle-fish-bone. f. (-कः) 1. Rice, ground and boiled  
 with water. 2. The soap berry. E. फेण froth, and नक् aff. [दिनल]।  
 फेनता f. (-ता) Frothiness, vapour. E. तन् added to फेन; also with त्,  
 फेनल mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Frothy, foamy. E. फेन froth, चञ्च poss. aff.; also  
 with फल्ल, similar aff. फेनल, and with the usual possessive नत्प्,  
 फेनवत्। [चञ्च aff.]  
 फेनवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Frothy, foaming, bubbling. E. फेन froth and  
 फेनवादिन् m. (-दी) The thunderbolt of INDRA. E. फेन foam, यद् to bear,  
 aff. विनि; INDRA having used the foam of the sea for his thunder-  
 bolt, to kill the demon VYTRA'SURA.

- फेनाय n. (-यः) A bubble. इ. फेन foam, and चय top.  
 फेनायमान mfn. (-नः-ना नं) Foaming, frothing. इ. फेन nom. verb to foam, शानच् aff.  
 फेनाग्रि m. (-निः) A name of INDRA. इ. फेन foam and चग्रि the thunderbolt : see फेनवाहिन् ।  
 फेनि(चि)का f. (-का) 1. Froth arising from treacle. 2. A kind of sweetmeat called Patty. "खाना" । इ. फेन foam, कन् added, fem. form.  
 फेनिल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Frothy, foamy. m. (-लः) The soap plant, (*Sapindus destergens*, Rox.) n. (-लः) 1. The fruit of the jujube. 2. The fruit of the *Vangueria spinosa*. इ. फेन froth or foam, इलच् aff.  
 फेर m. (-रः) A jackal  
 फेरख m. (-खः) A jackal. इ. फे imitative sound, र्त् to sport, aff. ड ।  
 फेरव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Fraudulent, crafty, a rogue or cheat. 2. Malicious, noxious, injurious. m. (-वः) 1. A jackal. 2. A demon, a goblin. इ. फे imitative sound, र्त् to utter, aff. चप् ।  
 फेह् m. (-हः) A jackal. इ. फे imitative sound, र्त् to cry, aff. ड ।  
 फेल (च) फेल r. 1st cl. (फेलति) To go or move.  
 फेलक m. (-कः) Orts, leavings of a meal, or droppings from the mouth. इ. फेल् to go, वृन् aff. [फेलक and फेलि ।]  
 फेला f. (-ला) Orts, leavings. इ. फेल् to go, चच् aff. fem. aff. टाप् ; also फेलि f. (-लिः or -ली) Orts, leavings. इ. फेल् to go, वृन् aff ; वृन्प् optionally added ; also with टाप् and कन् added, फेलिका f. (-का) ।  
 फुल r. 1st. cl. (फुलति) to live.

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व

- व The twenty-third consonant of the Na'gari Alpha'bet, corresponding to the letter B, and often confounded with the analogous semi-vowel व or V, with which some grammarians consider it to be at all times optionally interchangeable.  
 व m. (-वः) 1. A name of VARUNA. 2. A water jar. 3. Ocean. 4. The vulva. इ. वच् to sound, &c. aff. ड ।  
 वच्छि mfn. (-च्छः-छा-च्छं) Very much, excessively many. इ. वच् much, वृजन् superlative aff. form irr. [aff.]  
 वहीयस् mfn. (-यान्-यनी-य) Very many. इ. वच् much, वृजन् superlative  
 वठ r. 1st cl. (वठति) To be large, powerful, or able : better also वठ् ।  
 वडवा f. (-वा) 1. A mare. 2. A female slave. 3. The nymph AS'HWINI, or the personified asterism which is designated by a horse's head. इ. वल् strength or force, and वा to go to, अस्. कृ and टाप्, and ल् change to ड ।  
 वडवाज(ह)त m. (-तः) The gallant of a female slave, and thence also a slave. इ. वडवा and जत or जत taken. [चप्ति fire.]  
 वडवाग्नि m. (-ग्निः) Submarine fire : see the next. इ. वडवा a mare, and वडवानल m. (-लः) Submarine fire ; in mythology, a being consisting of flame, but with the head of a mare, who sprang from the thighs of OURVA, and was received by the ocean. इ. वडवा a mare, and वनल fire.  
 वडवानल m. (-लः) Submarine fire : see वडवानल. n. (-लः) The infernal regions. इ. वडवा a mare, and वल्लु head, principal.  
 वडवासुत m. dual. (-तौ) The two sons of AS'HWINI and the physicians of heaven. इ. वडवा the nymph AS'HWINI and सुत a son.  
 वध r. 1st cl. (वधति) To sound ; better also वध् ।  
 वध m. (-धः) Sound, noise. इ. वध् to sound, aff. चच् ।  
 वधिकपय n. (-यः) Traffic, commerce. इ. वधिज् and पय् for पयिज् a path.  
 वधिकपुत्र m. (-त्रः) The son of a merchant or a young merchant or trader. f. (-त्री) A young woman of the same tribe. इ. वधिज् and पुत्र a son.

- वधिवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) The indigo plant, (*Indigofera tinctoria*). इ. वधिज् a trader, and वन्धु the friend. [property.]  
 वधिगन्ध n. (-गन्धः) Traffic, trade, commerce. इ. वधिज् a trader, and वन्धु a camel. इ. वधिज् a trader, वध् who bears.  
 वधिज् m. (-धिज्) 1. A merchant, a trader. 2. The sixth of the astronomical periods called Karanas, corresponding to the half of a lunar day. f. (-धिक्) Trade, traffic. इ. पय् to transact business, वधि Una'di aff. and व substituted for प ; also वधिज् ।  
 वधिज्य nf. (-ज्यः-ज्या) Trade, traffic. इ. वधिज् a trader, य aff.  
 वद r. 1st cl. (वदति) To be steady or firm. r. 1st and 10th cls. (वदति-ने) 1. To speak. 2. To declare or communicate information ; in these two senses, the root is more commonly and correctly written वद ।  
 वदर mf. (-रः-री) 1. The jujube, (*Zizyphus jujuba* or *scandens*). m. (-रः) The seed of the cotton pod. f. (-रा-री) Cotton. f. (-रा) 1. A plant, (*Mimosa octandra*). 2. A medicinal drug, commonly *Vara'nakranti*. n. (-रः) 1. The fruit of the jujube. 2. The berry or pod of the cotton. इ. वद to be firm, Una'di aff. चरच् ; or if derived from वद to give information ; it is read by some authorities वदर ।  
 वदरप(वा)चन n. (-नः) Name of a sacred bathing place.  
 वदरासलक m. (-कः) A plant, (*Flacourtia cataphracta*). इ. वदर the jujube, चामलक myrobalan.  
 वदरि m. (-रिः) The jujube : see वदर. इ. वद to be firm, aff. चरि ।  
 वदरिकाग्रम m. (-मः) The hermitage at Badarika'.  
 वदरी f. (-रीः) 1. The jujube tree. 2. A name of one of the sources of the Ganges and the hermitage of Nara and Na'ra'yana. इ. वदर, वदरी aff.  
 वदरीच्छदा f. (-दा) 1. A kind of perfume, apparently a dried shell fish. 2. A tree, apparently a species of the zizyphus. इ. वदर the jujube, छदा a leaf.  
 वदरीपत्रक n. (-कः) A sort of perfume, a leaf. इ. वदरी the jujube, पत्र a leaf, and कन् aff. of comparison added.  
 वदरीफला f. (-ला) A plant, commonly blue *S'epha'lika'* or *nyctanthes*. इ. वदरी the jujube, फल fruit.  
 वदरीशैल n. (-लः) A part of the Hima'laya range, and a celebrated place of pilgrimage ; the Badrina'th of modern travellers, or a town and temple on the west bank of the Alaka'nanda river, in the province of Srinagar. इ. वदरी the jujube and शैल mountain ; also वदरीवन n. (-नः) The wood of jujubes, &c.  
 वध mfn. (-धः-धा-धं) Bound, tied. 2. Checked, suppressed. 3. Fixed, firm. 4. Withheld. 5. Captured. 6. Confined. 7. United. 8. Displayed. 9. Cherished. इ. वध् to bind, aff. कृ, form irr.  
 वधकच Adj. Having the girdle girt up, prepared, ready.  
 वधकोप mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) 1. One who governs or suppresses wrath. 2. Smothering resentment. इ. वध् and कोप passion.  
 वधचिच Adj. Riveting the mind.  
 वधजिह्व Adj. Tongue-tied.  
 वधमूल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Fast or firmly rooted. इ. वध्, and मूल the root.  
 वधशिशु mfn. (-शुः-शा-शु) Young, a pupil, a child, one whose hair has not been shaven. f. (-शु) A sort of pungent root, a kind of garlic. इ. वध tied, and शिखा a crest or look of hair, &c.  
 वधालि mfn. (-लिः-लिः-लि) Saluting respectfully, putting the hands joined to the forehead. इ. वध attached, चालि the palms joined and touching the forehead. [चतुर्थय purpose.]  
 वधावृषय mfn. (-यः-वा-वं) 1. Of fixed intent. 2. Taking aim. इ. वध, and वध r. 1st cl. (वधति) 1. To bind or tie. 2. To hate, to despise, to loathe. 3. To suffer change or affection of the mind. r. 1st and 10th cls. (वधति-वाधति-ते) 1. To tie, to bind. 2. To kill.  
 वध m. (-धः) 1. Killing, slaughter, slaying, murder. 2. A killer, a slaughterer. इ. वध् substituted for वध् to kill, aff. चच् ।  
 वधक m. (-कः) A slaughterer, a killer. इ. वध् changed to वध and वध् aff.

बन्धुनि मfn. (-ङी-ङी-ङी) Wishing death. ३. बन्ध and बन्धुनि who wishes.

बन्धुनि f. (-न्ध) Intent or desire to kill. ३. बन्ध and बन्धुनि desire.

बन्धुनि m. (-नी) A hunter, a fowler, a butcher, &c. ३. बन्ध killing, and बन्धुनि who lives by.

बन्ध n. (-ङ) A weapon. ३. बन्ध to kill, Una'di aff. बन्धु.

बन्ध n. (-ङ) Capital punishment. ३. बन्ध and बन्ध punishment.

बन्धु f. (-नी) A place of slaughter or execution, ३. बन्ध killing, बन्ध ground.

बन्धु n. (-ङ) Place of slaughter or execution. ३. बन्ध killing, बन्ध place.

बन्धु n. (-ङ) 1. Poison. 2. Prison. ३. बन्ध killing, बन्ध the body, aff. कन्।

बन्धु mfn. (-ङ-ङी-ङी) Deserving death. ३. बन्ध and बन्धु fit for. [irr. निर mfn. (-र-र-र) Deaf. ३. बन्ध to bind, (the hearing.) aff. निरङ्ग. deriv. f. (-ङ) 1. A woman. 2. A wife. ३. बन्ध to bind, aff. क; it is more usually derived from बन्ध to bear, and is consequently written with the semi-vowel & see बन्धु &c. Future result.

बन्धु mfn. (-ङ-ङी-ङी) Effecting or causing death. ३. बन्ध, and बन्धुनि

बन्धु mfn. (-ङ-ङी-ङी) Murderous, felonious, an assassin, a murderer. ३. बन्ध killing, and बन्धुनि endeavouring. [उपाय means.

बन्धु m. (-ङ) Instrument or means of putting to death. ३. बन्ध, and बन्धु mfn. (-ङ-ङी-ङी) 1. Deserving death. 2. Condemned to death. ३. बन्ध for बन्धु to kill, aff. कन्।

बन्ध f. (-ङ) 1. Destruction. 2. Fitness to be killed. ३. बन्ध, and बन्धु aff.; also with त्व, बन्धुत्व.

बन्धु f. (-ङ) Place of public execution. ३. बन्ध and बन्धु site.

बन्धु n. (-ङ) Place of execution. ३. बन्ध, and बन्धु place.

बन्ध 1. Having tied or bound. 2. Having killed. ३. बन्धु to tie, or बन्धु to kill, and बन्धु aff. [and बन्धु]

बन्ध n. (-ङ) Lead. f. (-ङ) A thong. ३. बन्धु to bind, aff. कन्; see बन्धु

बन्ध n. (-ङ) A shoe, a slipper. ३. बन्धु to bind or tie, बन्धु aff.

बन्धु r. 8th cl. (बन्धुने) To ask or beg, preferably written बन्धु।

बन्धु 9th cl. (बन्धुति) r. 10th cl. (बन्धुति-ने) To bind or tie; with बाङ्ग prefixed. To loosen, to let loose. With बन्धु, 1. To follow. 2. To be affixed or attached to. With नि, to disunite. With सन्धु, to connect.

बन्ध m. (-ङ) 1. A pledge, a deposit. 2. A binding, a tie or fetter, &c. 3. Binding, tying. 4. The body. 5. Joining. 6. Forming. 7. A ligature, a bandage. 8. Connection, intercourse. 9. Agreement, union. 10. Result. 11. Border, frame-work. 12. The body. 13. Manifestation, display. 14. Bondage, (opposite to annihilation.) 15. A posture. 16. The different forms of sexual intercourse mentioned in Ka'ma Sha'stra. 17. Feeling. 18. Laying snares. 19. A stanza which can be arranged in a particular shape, as "Padma bandha," &c. ३. बन्धु to tie, aff. कन्।

बन्ध n. (-ङ) 1. Exchanging, barter. 2. A city. 3. A binding, 4. Binding, confinement, m. (-ङ) A pledge. f. (-ङी) 1. An unchaste woman, a harlot, a wanton. 2. A barren woman. 3. A she-elephant, ३. बन्धु to bind, बन्धु aff. fem. aff. क्ती।

बन्धु n. (-ङ) A complete army, or one with its four divisions, of chariots, elephants, horse and foot. ३. बन्धु binding, बन्धु an army.

बन्धु n. (-ङ) 1. Binding, tying, confining. 2. A rope for tying cattle. 3. Killing. 4. Hurting, injuring. mfn. Subst. (-ङ-ङी-ङी) The implement of binding or tying, a rope, a chain, a bandage, a ligature, &c. ३. बन्धु to tie, aff. क्ती or क्ती।

बन्धु m. (-ङ) 1. A rope for tying cattle. 2. The knot of a ligature. ३. बन्धु tying, and बन्धु a knot.

बन्धु f. (-ङ) 1. A rope for tying cattle, &c. 2. Any rope or string used for tying. ३. बन्धु tying, बन्धु a rope.

बन्धु n. (-ङ) A prison. ३. बन्धु confinement, and बन्धु a house.

बन्धु m. (-ङ) A prison. ३. बन्धु confinement and बन्धु abode.

बन्धु m. (-ङ) The post to which an elephant is tied. ३. बन्धु a binding and बन्धु a post.

बन्धु n. (-ङ) 1. Love, desire. 2. A leathern fan. ३. बन्धु to bind, बन्ध Una'di aff.

बन्धु m. (-ङ) 1. A kinsman, a relation, but especially a distant or cognate kinsman, and subsequent in right of inheritance to the gentile or Sago'tra; the Bandhu, is of three kinds; the kinsman of the person himself, of his father or his mother, as his father's brother's son, and his mother's sister's or brother's son; and the same reckoning upwards, as his father's father's sister's son, &c. ३. A friend. 3. A brother. 4. A flower, (Pentapetes phoenicea.) ३. बन्धु to bind or connect, (in affection.) उ aff.

बन्धु m. (-ङ) A flower: see बन्धु क.

बन्धु m. (-ङ) A relation, a friend. ३. बन्धु, and बन्धु a person.

बन्धु m. (-ङ) A flower, (Pentapetes Phoenicea.) ३. बन्धु a friend, जीव to live, aff. कन्; also कन् being added, बन्धु जीवक m. (-ङ).

बन्धु f. (-ङ) 1. A multitude of relations. 2. Relationship. ३. बन्धु a kinsman, and बन्धु aff.

बन्धु n. (-ङ) Relationship. ३. बन्धु, and बन्धु aff.; also with त्व बन्धु ता।

बन्धु mfn. (-ङ-ङी-ङी) Given by a kinsman. n. (-ङ) One kind of female property, that given to a girl at her marriage by her own relations. ३. बन्धु and बन्धु given.

बन्धु mfn. (-ङ-ङी-ङी) Uneven, undulating, wavy, partially even and depressed. 2. Bowed, bent. 3. Pleasing, delightful, handsome, beautiful. 4. Deaf. 5. Injurious, mischievous. m. (-ङ) 1. A goose. 2. A flower, (Pentapetes Phoenicea.) 3. A drug, commonly Biranga. 4. A bird. 5. A crane. 6. A drug, commonly Rishabha. 7. The vulva. n. (-ङ) 1. A diadem, a crest. 2. The dregs of oil, or oil-cake. 3. A hole. f. (-ङ) A whore, a prostitute. f. plu. (-ङ) The meal of parched corn. ३. बन्धु to bind, उरङ्ग Una'di aff.; also with उरङ्ग aff. बन्धु।

बन्धु f. (-ङ) 1. Bent, inclined. 2. Attractive. m. (-ङ) 1. A bastard. 2. An attendant in the chamber of a harlot. 3. The Bandhuka tree. [of.

बन्धु mfn. (-ङ-ङी-ङी) Friendless, relationless. ३. बन्धु, and बन्धु devoid

बन्धु m. (-ङ) 1. A shrub bearing a red flower, (Pentapetes Phoenicea, but also applied to the Ixora Bandhu'ca.) 2. A tree, (Pentapetes.) 3. A bastard, ३. बन्धु to bind, उरङ्ग aff.

बन्धु m. (-ङ) A tree, (Pentapetes tomentosa.) ३. बन्धु the Pentapetes or Ixora and बन्धु flower; having a similar flower.

बन्धु mfn. (-ङ-ङी-ङी) 1. Wavy, undulating, uneven. 2. Bowing, bent. 3. Beautiful, handsome. m. (-ङ) A hole, a chasm. ३. बन्धु to bind, Una'di aff. उरङ्ग; also बन्धु। [उरङ्ग aff.

बन्धु m. (-ङ) A flower, (Pentapetes, &c.): see बन्धु क. ३. बन्धु and बन्धु mfn. (-ङ-ङी-ङी) 1. Barren, unfruitful, not bearing fruit in due

season. 2. Detained, confined, under arrest. f. (-ङ) 1. A childless woman. 2. A barren cow. 3. A perfume, commonly Ba'la. ३. बन्धु to bind, aff. कन्।

बन्धु mfn. (-ङ-ङी-ङी) Beon, become. ३. भू to be, बन्धु aff.

बन्धु r. 1st cl. (बन्धुति) To go; also बन्धु।

बन्धु f. (-ङ) A name of DURGĀ. ३. बन्धु, S'IVA, and क्ती aff.

बन्धु mfn. (-ङ-ङी-ङी) Who or what has, holds, possesses, &c. ३. बन्धु to cherish, बन्धु aff.

बन्धु mfn. (-ङ-ङी-ङी) 1. Large, great. 2. Tawny, &c. 3. Bald-headed through disease. m. (-ङ) 1. A name of VISHN'U. 2. S'IVA. 3. AGNI or fire. 4. A large ichneumon. 5. The name of a Muni or holy sage. 6. A rat. n. (-ङ) 1. A tawny or brown colour. 2. Any object of that colour. ३. बन्धु to fill, aff. क्ती, and the initial repeated; or बन्धु, उ aff.

बन्धु m. (-ङ) A bee. ३. बन्धु imitative sound, बा to make, क aff.

बलराही f. (-ली) A fly. E. बलम् imitative sound, रा to make, ल aff.; also  
अभराही ।

बल mfn. (-रः-र-र) Best, excellent. m. (-रः) 1. A boon, a blessing, &c.  
2. A Son-in-law. 3. Surrounding, encompassing. 4. A catamite. n.  
(र) Saffron. m. (-रः) Asparagus racemosus, f. (-रा) The three my-  
robalans. n. or ind. (-र) Slightly desired, preferable. E. ब, to  
select, &c. ल aff.; the root is more usually written ड, and the  
derivative बर, q. v.

बल्ये (रं) r. 1st cl. (बल्यति) To go.

बल्यट mfn. (-टः-टी) A sort of bean, (Dolichos catjang.) "बरपटी" f. (-टी) A  
whore. E. बल्य् to go, अट aff.

बल्यचा f. (-चा) A blue fly. E. बल्य् to go, aff. चुच् or छ; or derived from  
बल् imitative sound, and बल् or बल् to sound, aff. चच्, बल्यच् or  
बल्यच् । [aff.]

बल्यर m. (-रः) 1. A blockhead, a fool. 2. A barbarian. E. बल्य् to go, अरच्  
बल्यर n. (-र) Water. E. बल्य-अरच् aff.

बल्य r. 1st cl. (बल्यते) 1. To be pre-eminent or excellent; (also बल्य, but less  
usually.) 2. To speak or tell. 3. To kill or hurt. 4. To cover. 5. To  
remember. 6. To spread. 7. To give. (In these senses it is more  
usually बल्य.) r. 10th cl. (बल्यति) To hurt or kill; also बल्य ।

बल्य mn. (-रः-र) 1. A peacock's tail. 2. A leaf. 3. Dependents, retinue.  
E. बल्य् to spread, &c. aff. लच्; this word and the corresponding  
forms are more usually derived from बल् to increase, &c. and are  
written with the semi-vowel; see बल्य, बल्यि, &c.

बल r. 1st and 10th cls. (बलति बलयति) 1. To live. 2. To hoard  
grain. 3. To prevent or obstruct wealth. r. 1st cl. (बलते) 1. To kill  
2. To go. r. 10th cl. (बलयते) To explain. (बलयति) To support,  
nourish, rear, as a child.

बल mfn. (-लः-ल-ल) Strong, stout, robust, powerful. m. (-लः) 1. BALA-  
DE'VA, the elder brother of KRISHN'A, and the third of the three  
incarnations termed RA'MAS. 2. A crow. 3. A demon, slain by IN-  
DRA. 4. The Varuna tree. n. (-ल) 1. Strength, power. 2. Bulkiness.  
3. Form, figure. 4. An army, forces. 5. Gum myrrh. 6. Semen  
virile. 7. The body. 8. The leaf of a tree. 9. Blood. 10. Rigour,  
severity. f. (-ला) An aquatic plant, (Sida cordifolia.) E. बल् to live,  
aff. लच्; in some of the senses it may be derived from बल् to go or  
surround, and may then be written with the semi-vowel; see बल ।

बलच m. (-चः) White, (the colour, &c.) E. बल strength, and च् to waste,  
aff. क; this word is more properly written बलच, q. v.

बलज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Produced by or from strength or power. n. (-जः)  
1. A field. 2. A city-gate. 3. Fruit. 4. War. 5. Pith, marrow. f.  
(-जा) 1. A pretty or handsome woman. 2. The earth. 3. Arabian  
jasmine. E. बल strength, and ज born.

बलद m. (-दः) An ox. E. बल, द who gives.

बलद्वि m. (-द्वि) A name of INDRA. E. बल, and द्वि a foe.

बलदेव m. (-वः) BALADE'VA, the elder brother of KRISHN'A. 2. Air, wind.  
f. (-वा) A medicinal plant, commonly Tra'yama'n'a. E. बल the same  
and देव divine, or बल strength, and देव who sports.

बलनियङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) Weakening, reducing strength or power. E. बल, and  
नियङ्ग restraint.

बलपत्नी f. (-पत्नी) ROH'INI, the mother of BALARA'MA. E. बल and पत्नी the  
mother.

बलभद्र m. (-द्रः) 1. BALADE'VA. 2. ANANTA, the great serpent, consi-  
dered as identified with the preceding, BALADE'VA being re-  
garded by some authorities as an incarnation of ANANTA. 3. A  
strong or robust man. 4. A tree, commonly Lo'dh. f. (-द्रा) 1. A  
young girl, a maiden. 2. A drug, commonly Tra'yama'n'a. E. बल  
strength, and भद्र auspicious, excellent.

बलभद्रिका f. (-का) A medicinal plant, Tra'yama'n'a. E. बलभद्र the  
same, and क aff.

बलभिद् mfn. (-भिद्) Breaking or routing an army. m. (-भिद्) INDRA. E.  
बल and भिद् who or what destroys.

बलराम m. (-रामः) The demi-god named BALARA'MA, half brother to  
KRISHN'A, and the third of the RA'MAS; according to some, the  
eighth Avata'r of VISHN'U. E. बल strength, रम् to sport, aff. लच् ।

बलल m. (-लः) BALARA'MA; see the last. E. बल strength, aff. लच् ।

बलवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Strong, stout, lusty, powerful. E. बल  
strength, and वत् poss. aff.

बलवता f. (-ता) Strength, power. E. बलवत्, and तच् aff.

बलवर्धन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Strengthening. 2. Ennobling. E. बल, and  
वर्धन augmenting.

बलवर्धन mfn. (-र्धनी-र्धनी-र्धनी) Strengthening. f. (-र्धनी) A plant; see  
जीवक. E. बल, and वर्धन what augments.

बलविद्यास m. (-सः) Array of troops. E. बल forces and विद्यास disposition,  
बलवर्धननिर्दहन m. (-नः) INDRA. E. बल and दहन two demons, and निर्दहन  
destroyer.

बलवर्धन m. (-वर्धनः) A name of INDRA. E. बलवत् as before, वर्धन who kills,  
बलव्यसन n. (-नः) Defeat or rout of an army. E. बल, व्यसन calamity.

बलब्रालिता f. (-ता) Pride of, or confidence in strength or prowess. E. बल-  
ब्रालि, and तल् added.

बलब्रालिन् mfn. (-ली-लिनी-लि) Having strength, confident of strength, &c.  
E. बल, and ब्रालिन् having. [destroyer.]

बलवर्धन m. (-नः) A name of INDRA. E. बल the demon, and वर्धन  
बलस्थिति f. (-तिः) A royal residence, a royal camp or quarters. E. बल  
forces, स्थिति station. [destroying.]

बलवृत् m. (-वृत्) Phlegm, the phlegmatic humour. E. बल strength and  
वृत् mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Weak, infirm. E. बल and वृत् void of.

बलवृत्ति f. (-तिः) Exhaustion, weakness, prostration of strength, infirm-  
ity from fatigue or age, &c. E. बलवृत्ति and तल् added.

बलाका f. (-का) A sort of crane. E. बल strength, अक् to go, aff. कच्; it is  
preferably written बलाका ।

बलाक्षिता f. (-ता) A sort of Vina or lute, called also RA'MA's lute.

बलाट m. (-टः) A sort of bean, (Phaseolus mungo.) E. बल strength, and  
अट what goes or grows. "सुन इति भाषा" ।

बलात्कार m. (-रः) 1. Violence, oppression, exaction. 2. (In law) The de-  
tention of the person of a debtor by his creditor, and the violent  
measures taken by the latter, (flogging, &c.) to recover his debt.  
E. बल strength, अत् to go, aff. कृप्, बलान्, and कार making, domg.

बलात्मिका f. (-का) A sort of sun-flower, (Heliotropium Indicum.) E. बल  
strength, आत्मन् self, aff. कन्, fem. form.

बलाध्यक्ष m. (-क्षः) Commander of an army, a general. E. बल and अध्यक्ष  
superintendent.

बलान्वित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Strong, powerful. 2. Leading an army. E.  
बल and अन्वित possessed of.

बलानुज m. (-जः) KRISHN'A. E. बल, BALARA'MA, and अनुज younger born.  
बलापकर्षण Ind. By force. E. बल and अपकर्षण removal.

बलावल mfn. (-लः-ल-ल) Strong and weak. E. बल, and अवल feeble.

बलाय m. (-यः) A plant, (Capparis trifoliata.) E. बल strength, अय to  
go, aff. लच् । "बलवर्धन" । [enemy.]

बलाराति m. (-तिः) A name of INDRA. E. बल a demon, and अराति an

बलालक m. (-कः) The Caronda, (Carissa carandas,) E. बल strength, आल्

before, ला to get, aff. दुन् । "पानीयामलके" ।

बलावलेप m. (-पः) Pride of strength or prowess, E. बल, and अवलेप pride.

बलाय m. (-यः) The phlegmatic humour. E. बल strength, अय् to eat or  
destroy, aff. लच्; also with कन् added बलायक ।

बलाय m. (-यः) The phlegmatic humour. E. बल life or strength, अय् to  
pervade, aff. लच् । [equalled.]

बलायस m. (-सः) One of the Jaina saints. E. बल strength, अयस pa-

बलाय n. (-यः) Water. E. बल strength, आया to quit, aff. क ।

बलायक m. (-कः) 1. A mountain. 2. A cloud. 3. One of the Na'gas or

infernal serpents. 4. The name of a demon. 5. A kind of crane. 6. Name of one of the seven clouds which arise at the end of the world. **बल** strength, **व** the negative prefix to **हृ** to abandon, aff. **कृन्**, this word is differently derived also, and preferably written बलाहक, q. v.

**बलि** m. (-लित्) 1. Tax, royal revenue. 2. An oblation, religious offering in general. 3. The handle of a Chowrie or fly-flapper. 4. Presentation of food to all created beings, one of the five great sacraments of the Hindu religion : it consists in throwing a small parcel of the offering Ghee or rice, or the like, into the open air at the back of the house. 5. The sacrifice of an animal, or raw flesh offered to the goddess Durga. 6. Fragments of food left at an oblation or a meal. 7. An animal, or one which is fit for an oblation. 8. Three-folds of skin at the end of the rectum. 9. A king, and Daitya, also MAHA'BALI, the virtuous sovereign of Maha'balipur, tricked out of the dominion he had obtained over earth and heaven, by Vish-n'u, in the Va'mana or dwarf Avata'r, and left in consideration of his merits, the sovereignty of Pa'ta'la, or the infernal regions. f. (-लित्-लो) 1. A wrinkle, skin shrivelled by old age. 2. The fold of skin in stout persons, especially females, upon the upper part of the belly, or between the ensiform cartilage and the navel. 3. The ridge of a thatch. **बल्** to live, or **बध्** to hurt or kill, **व** changed to **ल**, aff. **कृन्** or **हृ**.

**बलिक** m. (-कः) The edge of a thatch. **बलि** the ridge, and **कन्** aff.

**बलिकर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Offering sacrifices. 2. Producing wrinkles. **बलि** before, **कृ** to make, **टच्** aff.

**बलिकरम्** m. (-रम्) Sacrificial cake. **बलि**, and **करम्** a sort of cake.

**बलिकर्मन्** n. (-र्मन्) Offering of oblation to all creatures. **बलि**, and **कर्मन्** act.

**बलिदान** n. (-नं) 1. Offering victims in sacrifice. 2. Giving food to all beings. **बलि**, and **दान** giving. [अस्मिन् injuring.]

**बलिर्बलिन्** m. (-न्) A name of Vishn'u. **बलि** the king so named, and **बलिन्** mfn. (-न्-लिन्-लो-लित्) Strong, stout, robust, m. (-लो) 1. A camel. 2. A buffalo. 3. A bull. 4. A hog. 5. Phlegm. 6. A name of BALA-RA'MA. 7. A sort of pulso, (Phaseolus radiatus.) 8. A sort of jasmine, (J. Pubescens.) f. (-लो) Sida cordifolia. **बल्** strength, **रि** aff.

**बलिन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Shrivelled, wrinkled, flabby, flaccid. **बलि** wrinkled skin, aff. **न**.

**बलिनन्दन** m. (-नः) VA'NA'SUR, the son of BALI. **बलि**, and **नन्दन** the son ; BALI had however four sons, to either of whom the epithet is applicable.

**बलिन्दन** m. (-नः) Vishn'u. **बलि**, and **दन्** to humble, **खच्** aff.

**बलिपुट** m. (-टः) A cove. **बलि** fragments of food, and **पुट** nourished.

**बलिप्रिय** m. (-यः) The Lo'dh tree. **बलि** sacrifice, and **प्रिय** fond of ; said to grow the quicker for being perfumed and illuminated.

**बलिप्रम** mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Shrivelled, withered, flaccid, wrinkled. **बलि** a wrinkle, **प्र** aff.

**बलिभुज** m. (-भुज्) 1. A crow. 2. A sparrow. 3. A crane. **बलि** the orts of a meal or sacrifice, and **भुज्** who eats.

**बलिमत्** mfn. (-मत्-मती-मत्) Wrinkled, shrivelled, flaccid. **बलि** a wrinkle, and **मत्** poss. aff. [abode.]

**बलिनन्दिर** n. (-रः) The infernal regions. **बलि** the Daitya, and **नन्दिर**

**बलिसुख** m. (-खः) A monkey. **बलि** a wrinkle, and **सुख** a face ; also **बलीसुख** . [इडन् super. aff.]

**बलिष्ठ** mfn. (-ष्ठः-ठा-ष्ठं) Very strong, more or most powerful. **बल्**, and **बलिष्ठ** mfn. (-ष्ठः-ष्ठा-ष्ठं) Arrogant, disrespectful. **बल्** to be powerful, **इच्** Una'di aff.

**बलिसङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) 1. The lash of a whip. 2. A number of monkeys. 3. The base of an ant-hill.

**बलिसङ्गन्** n. (-ङ्गः) The infernal regions. **बलि** the Daitya, sovereign of Pa'ta'la, and **सङ्गन्** abode.

**बलिहन्** m. (-हन्) Vishn'u. **बलि** BALI, and **हन्** to injure, aff. **हृच्**.

**बलीक** m. (-कः) The edge of a thatched roof. **ब** to cover, **हन्** aff. ; see **बलिक**.

**बलीन** m. (-नः) A scorpion.

**बलीमुख** m. (-खः) A monkey. **ब** a wrinkle, and **मुख** face.

**बलीयस्** mfn. (-यस्-यसी-यः) Very strong, exceedingly powerful. **ब** **बल्** strong, **ईयस्** superlative aff.

**बलीयस्** n. (-यस्) Superiority in strength. **ब** **बलीयस्**, and **ल** added.

**बलीवह्** m. (-हः) A bull or ox. **ब** **बल्** strength, and **वह्** increasing, **ली** substituted for **ल**, and **ह** final for **ध** ; also **बरीवह्** and **बलीवह्** .

**बल्ल** mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Strong. **ब** **बल्** + **ल्ल** वा **लच्** ऊच् .

**बलीपविष्ट** mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्ठा-ष्टं) Endowed with or possessed of strength. **ब** **बल्**, and **उपविष्ट** entered. [of.]

**बलीपेत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Possessed of strength. **ब** **बल्**, and **उपेत** possessed

**बल्ल** mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Strong, vigorous. n. (-ल्लः) Semen virile. m. (-ल्लः) A Baud'dha mendicant. **ब** **बल्** strength, **यन्** aff.

**बल्लव** m. (-वः) 1. A cowherd. 2. A cook. 3. The name assumed by Bhima when living in disguise at the palace of VINA'TA.

**बल्लज** mf. (-जः-जा) A kind of grass. 'उल्लपे लपभेदे' . [बल्लयथी ।

**बल्ल(स्त्र)यथी(वी)की(के)** f. (-थी or -की) A cow bearing many calves ; see **बल्ल** m. (-लः) A goat.

**बह्** (ह) **बहि** r. 1st cl. (बहते) To grow or increase ; also **बहि**, but upon inferior authority. [cano.]

**बहल** f. (-लः) 1. Much. 2. Dense. 3. Hard. m. (-कः) A kind of sugar-bush. Ind. Out of doors.

**बहु** mfn. (-हः-हः-हः) 1. Much, many. 2. Large, great. **बहि** to increase, Una'di aff. **कृ** ; it is less correctly derived from **बह्** to obtain and written **बहु** .

**बहुक** m. (-कः) 1. A crab. 2. A gallinule. 3. A plant, (Asclepias gigantea.) 4. The digger of a tank, (जलखानिके.) **ब** **बहु** much, **कन्** aff.

**बहुकण्डक** m. (-कः) 1. A prickly plant, (Hedyasurum alhagi.) 2. The marshy date tree. **ब** **बहु** many, **कण्ड** a thorn, **कन्** aff.

**बहुकर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. A sweeper. 2. Industrious, labouring. m. (-रः) A camel. f. (-री) A broom. **ब** **बहु** much, **कृ** to do, **चप्** or **चच्** aff.

**बहुचम** mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Patient, enduring. m. (-मः) A Jaina deified saint. **ब** **बहु** much, and **चम्** to bear, aff. **च** .

**बहुगन्ध** mfn. (-न्धः-न्धा-न्धं) Smelling, strong-scented. m. (-न्धः) Olibanum. f. (-न्धा) 1. Arabian jasmine. 2. The bud of the Champaka. **ब** **बहु** much, **गन्ध** odour.

**बहुगर्वाच्** mfn. (-वाच्) Talking much and blameably. **ब** **बहु** much, **गर्वा** reproachable, and **वाच्** speech.

**बहुगुण** mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) 1. Many times. 2. Having many good qualities. **ब** **बहु** and **गुण** quality, &c.

**बहुजयि** m. (-यिः) Tamarisk, (Tamarix dioca.) **ब** **बहु** many and **जयि** a knot or joint. 'भाउडुवे' . [takes.]

**बहुयह्** mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) What takes or holds much. **ब** **बहु**, and **यह्** what

**बहुतलि** mfn. (-लिः-ली-लित्) Many fibred, (applicable only to the body.) **ब** **बहु** many, and **तली** a string.

**बहुतलीक** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Many-stringed, (a musical instrument, &c.) **ब** **बहु** many, **तली** a wire, and **कप्** added.

**बहुतर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Much, many, most. **ब** **तरप्** aff. added to **बहु** .

**बहुतम्** Ind. From or by much, or many. **ब** **बहु** much, **तस्** aff.

**बहुतिथ** mfn. (-थः-था-थं) Manieth, (the ordinary of many.) **ब** **बहु** many, **मृच्** aff. and **तिथक्** augment.

**बहुव** Ind. In many ways, or places, &c. **ब** **बहु** much, many, **वल्** aff.

**बहुल** n. (-लः) Plurality, multitude, muchness, abundance. **ब** **बहु** much, **ल** aff. of the abstract.

बहुवक्त्र m. (-क्त्रः) The Bhurja-patra or Birch-tree. E. बहु much, लक्ष् skin or bark, कन् aff.; having several layers of bark.  
 बहुलक्ष् m. (-लक्ष्) The Bhurja-patra, or Birch-tree. E. बहु much, and लक्ष् bark; see the last.  
 बहुद mfn. (-दः-द-दं) Liberal, munificent. E. बहु, and द who gives.  
 बहुदक्षिण mfn. (-क्षः-क्ष-क्षं) 1. Accompanied with many presents, (a ceremony.) 2. Liberal, bountiful. E. बहु, and दक्षिण a gift.  
 बहुदक्षिण mfn. (-क्षः-क्ष-क्षं) Having many staff-bearers, &c. E. बहु many, दक्षिण having a staff, कन् aff.; also in the masculine form बहुदक्षिण m. (-क्षी)  
 बहुदुग्ध m. (-ग्धः) Wheat. f. (-ग्धा) A cow giving much milk. E. बहु much and दुग्ध milk.  
 बहुदुग्धिका f. (-का) A plant, yielding a caustic milky juice, (Euphorbia, of various sorts.) E. बहु much, दुग्ध milk, कन् aff.; fem. form.  
 बहुदृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्ट-ष्टं) Experienced. E. बहु, and दृष्ट seen.  
 बहुदोष mfn. (-क्षः-क्ष-क्षं) Full of faults or defects, very wicked, very bad. E. बहु and दोष fault.  
 बहुधन mfn. (-नः-न-नं) Wealthy, rich. E. बहु, and धन wealth.  
 बहुधा Ind. In many ways sorts, &c. E. बहु much, धा aff.  
 बहुधागत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Dispersed, scattered. E. बहुधा, and गत gone.  
 बहुधारा m. (-रः) Indra's thunderbolt. E. बहु many, धारा edge.  
 बहुनाद m. (-दः) The conch-shell. E. बहु much, नाद sound.  
 बहुपटु mfn. (-टुः-टु-टुं) Very clever. E. बहु much, and पटु clever.  
 बहुपत्र mfn. (-त्रः-त्री-त्री) Many-leaved. m. (-त्रः) An onion. n. (-त्री) Talo. f. (-त्री) A drug, (Trigonella foenugrecum.) E. बहु many, पत्र a leaf, &c.  
 बहुपर्णी f. (-र्णी) A medicinal plant, (Trigonella foenugrecum.) E. बहु many, पर्ण a leaf.  
 बहुपाद m. (-पादः) The Indian fig-tree. E. बहु many, पाद foot; also बहुपाद m. (-दः) Alluding to the branches, which grow down-wards and take root again.  
 बहुपुत्र mfn. (-त्रः-त्री-त्री) Having many children. m. (-त्रः) A tree, (Echites scholaris.) f. (-त्री) A plant, (Asparagus racemosus.) E. बहु many, पुत्र a child or produce.  
 बहुप्रज mfn. (-जः-जा-जां) Having a numerous progeny. m. (-जः) 1. A hog. 2. A sort of grass; see सुङ्ग. E. बहु many, प्रजा offspring.  
 बहुप्रतिज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञ-ज्ञं) 1. Complicated, containing more than one circumstance. 2. (In law.) Comprising many counts, (a plaint, &c.) E. बहु many, प्रतिज्ञ assent.  
 बहुप्रद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Munificent, bountiful. E. बहु much, and प्रद who gives. [course.  
 बहुप्रवाह mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) Flowing in many streams. E. बहु and प्रवाह  
 बहुप्रसू f. (-सूः) The mother of many children. E. बहु much, and प्रसू who bears offspring.  
 बहुफल mfn. (-लः-ली-ली) Fertile, fruitful. m. (-लः) The Kadamba tree, (Nauclea kadamba.) f. (-ली) The opposite-leaved fig-tree. E. बहु much, फल fruit.  
 बहुभाग्य mfn. (-ग्यः-ग्या-ग्यां) Fortunate. E. बहु, and भाग्य fortune.  
 बहुभुज mfn. (-भुजः) Voracious. E. बहु and भुज who eats.  
 बहुमत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Thought much of, respected, considered. 2. Having many different opinions. E. बहु and मत minded.  
 बहुमति f. (-तिः) Value, estimation, prizing or preferring. E. बहु, and मति mind.  
 बहुमल n. (-लः) Lead. E. बहु much, मल dirt.  
 बहुमार्ग m. (-र्गः) A place where four roads meet. E. बहु many, मार्ग a road.  
 बहुमान n. (-नः) Respect, reverence. E. बहु, and मान respect.  
 बहुमूर्ति mfn. (-र्तिः-र्ति-र्तिं) Multiform. f. (-र्तिः) Wild-cotton. E. बहु many, मूर्ति form.  
 बहुमुख mfn. (-मुखः-मुखा-मुखां) Many-headed. m. (-मुखः) Vishnu. E. बहु many, मुख a forehead.  
 बहुमूल mfn. (-मूलः-मूला-मूलां) Many-rooted, having many roots. m. (-मूलः) A

sort of reed or grass; see इकाट and इकाट. E. बहु many, and मूल a root; also with कन् added, बहुमूलक m. (-कः). [aff. वन्।  
 बहुमूल्य mfn. (-मूल्यः-मूला-मूलां) Costly, precious. E. बहु much, and मूल price.  
 बहुमूर्ति mfn. (-मूर्तिः-मूर्ति-मूर्तिं) Multiform. m. (-मूर्तिः) 1. Resin. 2. S'iva. 3. Vishnu. 4. Love, Cupid. 5. A chameleon. 6. BRAHMA. 7. Hair. 8. One of the Jinas or Jaina saints. E. बहु many, मूर्ति shape.  
 बहुमृदा m. plu. (-मृदाः) Wrinkles, furrows, marks of care or pain. E. बहु many, मृदा a line.  
 बहुमृत् m. (-मृत्) BRAHMA. E. बहु much, and मृत् seed.  
 बहुमीन m. (-मीनः) A sheep. E. बहु much, and मीन hair.  
 बहुमूल mfn. (-मूलः-मूला-मूलां) 1. Much, many. 2. Black. 3. Variously applicable, comprehensive, (a rule, &c.) m. (-मूलः) 1. AGNI or fire. 2. The dark half of a month. n. (-मूलः) The sky. f. plu. (-मृदाः). The Pleiades. f. (-मृदाः) 1. Indigo. 2. Cardamoms. 3. A cow. E. बहु many, मूल to get, aff. क।  
 बहुलक्ष् n. (-लक्ष्) 1. Abundance, muchness. 2. Comprehensiveness, (of a rule.) E. लक्ष added to the last; also with तल् aff. बहुलता।  
 बहुलीकरण n. (-णः) 1. Multiplying, magnifying, making much. 2. Winnowing. E. बहुल and करण making, with प्रि aug.  
 बहुलीकृत mfn. (-कृतः-कृता-कृतां) 1. Threshed and winnowed. 2. Made manifold or much. E. बहुल much, कृत made, and प्रि substituted for the final of the former, by which the कृ is inserted.  
 बहुवचन n. (-नः) The plural number. (in grammar.) E. बहु, and वचन saying.  
 बहुवार m. (-रः) A fruit, (Cordia myxa.) E. बहु much, वृ to nourish, aff. वच्; also with कन् added, बहुवारक m. (-कः)।  
 बहुविध mfn. (-धः-धा-धां) Various multiform, of many sorts or kinds. E. बहु many, and विध sort.  
 बहुविलीय mfn. (-यः-यी-यीं) Widely spread or diffused. f. (-यी) A shrub bearing a small red and black berry, (Abrus precatorius.) E. बहु much, विलीय spreading. "कुच"।  
 बहुबीज mfn. (-जः-जा-जां) Having many or much seed. n. (-जः) The custard-apple, (Annona squamosa.) "जाता" E. बहु many, and बीज a seed.  
 बहुबीज्य m. (-यः) Beleric myrobalan (Terminalia belerica.) E. बहु much and बीज्य seed. "बहुज"।  
 बहुबीजिह m. (-हिः) One of the forms of grammatical composition, the compounding two or more words to furnish an epithet or attributive, as बहुमाल or बहुमालक having many necklaces, from बहु, and माला a necklace. E. बहु many, and बीजिह grain.  
 बहुशत्रु mfn. (-शत्रुः-शत्रु-शत्रुं) Having many enemies. m. (-शत्रुः) A sparrow. E. बहु many, and शत्रु an enemy.  
 बहुशब्द Ind. Abundantly, plentifully. E. बहु much, many, शब्द aff.  
 बहुशाख mfn. (-खः-खा-खां) Having many branches or ramifications. E. बहु and शाखा a branch.  
 बहुश्रुत mfn. (-श्रुतः-श्रुता-श्रुतां) 1. Well-taught, learned. 2. Acquainted with the Ve'das, E. बहु, and श्रुत heard, or श्रुति Ve'das.  
 बहुश्रेयस् mfn. (-श्रेयः-श्रेया-श्रेयां) 1. Having many excellencies. 2. Very excellent. E. बहु, and श्रेयस् best.  
 बहुस्यू mfn. (-स्यूः-स्यू-स्यूं) Expanded, spread, diffused. E. बहु, and स्यू what touches.  
 बहुसलति m. (-तिः) A species of bamboo, (Bambusa spinosa.) E. बहु much, सलति spreading.  
 बहुसुता f. (-सुताः) A plant, (Asparagus.) E. बहु many, सुता a birth or shoot. "सुतसुती"।  
 बहुसू f. (-सूः) 1. A sow. 2. The mother of many children. E. बहु many, and सू bearing, aff. क्षिप्।  
 बहुसूति f. (-तिः) A cow bearing many calves. E. बहु many, सू to bear, aff.  
 बहुसूत m. (-नः) An owl. E. बहु much, सूत noise or sound.  
 बहुवक्त्र mfn. (-क्त्रः-क्त्र-क्त्रं) Having much water. E. बहु and वक्त्र water.

वह r. let cl (वहने) 1. To be pre-eminent or excellent, (also वह, but less usually.) 2. To speak or tell. 3. To kill or hurt. 4. To cover, to spread. 5. To give, (also वह in these four senses, and more accurately.) 6. To remember. r. 10th cl. (वहवति) To shine.

वहम् mfn. (-व-व-व) 1. Important, having much meaning. 2. Having many objects. 3. बहु, and चये meaning.

वहपत्त m. (-वः) 1. A hog. 2. A rat. f. (-वः) A cow that has borne many calves. 3. बहु many, वपत्त offspring. [who eats.

वहविन् mfn. (-व-वि-वि-वि) Voracious, gluttonous. 3. बहु much, वाविन् बहु f. (-व-व्) The Rig-Ve'da. 3. बहु many, वच् a hymn or prayer.

वहनी f. (-व-नी) The wife of a Bra'hman conversant with the Rig-Ve'da. 3. बहु many, वच् a prayer or incantation, aff. वीप् ।

वा Ind. 1. As, like. 2. Or, either : see वा.

वाड (व) वाडु r. let cl. (वाडने) To bathe, to dive and emerge. Vopade'va differs from other authorities in writing this with an initial व ।

वाडव m. (-वः) 1. Submarine fire. 2. A Bra'hman. n. (-वः) A stud, a collection of mares. 3. वाडव a mare, and वच् aff. of derivation : see वडवावत् । [place.

वाडवापि m. (-पिः) Hell. 3. वडवापि submarine fire, and वच् aff. of वाडवेय m. du. (-यी) The two sons of A'shwinī and physicians of Swarga. 3. वडवा a mare, Sanjaya changed into a mare, and वच् aff. of descent.

वाडय n. (-यः) A number of Bra'hmans. 3. वाडय a Bra'hman, वच् aff.

वाडीर m. (-रः) A servant, a hired labourer.

वाण m. (-णः) 1. An arrow, a shaft. 2. An aim. 3. The udder of a cow. 4. The feathered end of an arrow. 5. A kind of creeper, (Blue Haliera) 6. A name of a demon, son of Virochan. 7. The name of the celebrated poet, the author of Ka'dambari and Harsha-charita, &c. 8. The number five. 3. वच् or वच् to sound, aff. वच् ।

वाणोचर m. (-रः) The course of an arrow. 3. वाण and वीचर object.

वाणि f. (-विः) 1. Speech. 2. The goddess of speech, &c.: see वाचि. 3. वच् or वच् to speak, in the causal form, aff. व । [&c. aff. वच् ।

वाणिज m. (-जः) 1. A merchant, a trader. 2. Submarine fire. 3. वणिज्, वाणिजिक m. (-जः) 1. Submarine fire. 2. A trader, a merchant. 3. A rogue, a cheat. 3. वणिज् trade, aff. वच् ।

वाणिज्य nf. (-ज्य-ज्या) Trade, traffic, commerce. 3. वणिज् a trader, with वच् aff.; or वाणिज् the same, aff. वच् ।

वाणिनी f. (-नी) An excellent woman. 2. A shrewd woman. 3. A dancing girl. 4. A drunken woman. 3. वच्-विनि-वीप् ।

वा(वा)दर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Made of cotton. mf. (-रः-र) The cotton plant. n. (-रः) 1. The Jujube. 2. Silk. 3. Water. 4. A garment made of cotton. 5. A conch-shell that winds from left to right. 3. वदर cotton, aff. वच् ।

वा(वा)दराय m. (-यः) An epithet of Vya'sa, as the author of the Ve'da'nta Su'tra. 3. वदर, वच् aff. of descent.

वा(वा)दरायि m. (-यिः) An epithet of Su'ka the son of Vya'sa.

वाध (व) वाधु r. let cl. (वाधने) 1. To resist, to oppose. 2. To annoy or afflict. 3. To assault. 4. To drive. 5. To abolish.

वाध m. (-वः) 1. Opposing, hindering. 2. Annoyance. 3. Refutation arising from incompatibility or contradiction of assigned cause and effect, (in logic.) 4. Danger. 3. वाध् to oppose, वच् aff.

वाधक mfn. (कः-का-क) What hinders, opposes, pains, &c. f. (धिका) 1. Tormenting. 2. Annulling. 3. Vexing. 3. वाध् and वच् aff.

वाधन n. (-नः) 1. Pain. 2. Impeding, opposing. 3. वाध् to oppose, aff. वच् ।

वाधमान mfn. (-न-मान-न) Painting, annoying. 3. वाध् to annoy, and मानच् aff.

वाधमान mfn. (-न-मान-न) Being harassed or tormented. 3. वाध् to annoy, pass. v, मानच् aff.

वाधा f. (धा) 1. Pain. 2. Annoyance. 3. Resistance. 4. Injury.

वाधित mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Obstructed, impeded. 2. Pained, tormented.

3. Self-refuted, (in logic.), contradictory, incompatible. 3. वाध् to oppose, न aff.

वाधविनेय m. (-यः) A bastard, the son of a disloyal wife. 3. वधकी a wanton, aff. वच्, and वच् augment.

वाधव m. (-वः) 1. A relation, a kinsman : see वच्. 2. A friend. 3. वच् a kinsman, वच् pleonastic aff.

वाधवाकीमिन् mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) Calling upon or bewailing a kinsman. 3. वाधव and वाकीमिन् who calls aloud.

वाध्वीर m. (-रः) 1. Tin. 2. A shoot of the mango. 3. The stone of the mango fruit. 4. The son of an unchaste woman, a bastard. 3. वध्वी a whore, and र aff.

वाध्वी f. (-वी) A name of Durga'. 3. वच् Si'va, with वच् and वीप् added.

वाध्वी f. (-वी) Made of the feathers of a peacock's tail.

वाध्वय f. (-वी) 1. Relating to Brihaspati'. 2. Descended from him. 3. Sacred to him.

वाध्वय mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Relating to Brihaspati'. m. (-वः) 1. A pupil of him. 2. A materialist. n. (-वः) The constellation Pushya'.

वाच mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Ignorant, unwise, uninstructed. 2. Young, infantine, a child. mf. (-वः-वा) 1. An infant, a child ; it usually means the young child, under five years old, but is equally applicable till sixteen years of age. 2. A colt. 3. An elephant of five years old. 4. An elephant's tail. 5. A horse's tail. 6. Any tail. 7. Hair. 8. A sort of fish, (Cyprinus Rohita, HAM.) mn. (-वः-व) A perfume perhaps a sort of fragrant grass, (Andropogon schaeanthus.) f. (-वः) 1. Small cardamoms. 2. A woman, a female. 3. Aloes. 4. Another plant, commonly A'kana'di. 5. The cocoa-nut. 6. Turmeric. 7. A sort of jasmine. 8. A flower, (Hibiscus tortuosus, Rox.) 9. Pure, (applied specially to a female animal, as a heifer, &c. fit for an oblation.) f. (-वी) A sort of ear-ring. 3. वच् to live, aff. वच्, it sometimes occurs, but less accurately perhaps, with a palatal initial.

वाचक m. (-कः) 1. A boy, an infant : see the last. 2. A fool, a block-head. 3. The tail of a horse or elephant. 4. A finger-ring. 5. A bracelet. 6. A perfume; also वीचर. f. (-वि-का) 1. A female infant. 2. Sand. 3. The knot or flower of an ear-ring. 4. The rustling of leaves. 5. Small cardamoms n. (-कः) A sort of Hibiscus, (H. mutabilis.) 3. वच् added to the preceding.

वाचकल n. (-लः) Childhood, childishness. 3. वाचक, and ल aff.; also with वच्, वाचकता ।

वाचकीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Childish, infantine. 3. वाचक, and वच् aff.

वाचकृमि m. (-मिः) A louse. 3. वाच hair, and कृमि a worm.

वाच(वि)खिल m. (-ख्यः) A divine personage, of the size of the thumb, sixty thousand of whom were produced from the hair of BRAHMA's body. [नमिणी pregnant.

वाचनमिणी f. (-नी) A cow with calf for the first time. 3. वाच young,

वाचव्य m. (-यः) KA'RTIKE'YA. 3. वाच a child and वच् usage.

वाचतनय m. (-यः) 1. A young son. 2. A tree, (Mimosa catechu.) 3. वाच young or small, and तनय offspring, leaves.

वाचतल n. (-तः) Midwifery, care of a lying-in woman and her child. 3. वाच an infant, and तल rule, management.

वाचवच n. (-वः) Young grass. 3. वाच young and वच् grass. [aff. वच् ।

वाचवचक m. (-कः) A tree, (Mimosa catechu.) 3. वाच small, वच् a leaf,

वाचवच n. (-नः) The property of a minor or infant. 3. वाच, वच् wealth.

वाचवि m. (-विः) A hairy tail, as a horse's, &c. 3. वाच hair, वा to have, aff. वि ।

वाचवच m. (-वः) K'hayer, (Mimosa catechu.) 3. वाच young or small and वच् a leaf ; also with वच् added, वाचवच ।

वाचवाम्ना f. (-वाम्ना) 1. An ornament of gold or silver, &c. worn between the hair divided on the forehead. 2. A string of pearls binding the hair. 3. वाच hair, वाम्ना a tie or quantity and वच् aff. "विनी" ।



बालपुष्पी f. (-पी) A sort of jasmine, (*J. auriculatum*.) E. बाल the hair and पुष्प flower; worn in the hair.  
 बालमद्रक m. (-कः) A sort of mineral poison.  
 बालभाव m. (-वः) Childhood. E. बाल and भाव nature.  
 बालमूषिका f. (-का) A small rat or mouse. E. बाल small, मूषिका a rat.  
 बालयज्ञोपवीतक n. (-कः) A sort of substitute for the sacrificial thread, a string or scarf as worn by children. E. बाल a child and यज्ञोपवीत the Bra'hminical cord.  
 बालराज m. (-जः) Lapis lazuli. E. बाल young, and राज what shines.  
 बालवत्स m. (-सः) A pigeon, a dove. E. बाल a child, and वत्स dear.  
 बालवायज n. (-जः) Lapis lazuli.  
 बालवासस् m. (-सः) Woolen garments. E. बाल hair, (of cows, goats, &c.) and वासस् vesture.  
 बालवाक्य m. (-क्यः) A wild goat. E. बाल hair, वाक् to endeavour, aff. यत् ।  
 बालव्यजन n. (-नः) A Chowrie, a whisk, a fly-flapper. E. बाल hair and व्यजन a fan; it being made usually of the tail of the Yak.  
 बालव्रत m. (-तः) A Baud'dha saint; also named MANJUGHOSHA.  
 बालसम्भाम mfn. (-भः-भा-मः) Of a purple colour. m. (-मः) Purple, the colour. E. बाल young, and सम्भा twilight, बाङ् before, भा to shine, aff. क ।  
 बालहस्त m. (-स्तः) The tail of a horse, or any hairy animal. E. बाल hair and हस्त the hand, to which organ it is compared.  
 बालाची f. (-ची) A plant, commonly Ke's'apushpi.  
 बालातप m. (-पः) The rays of the rising sun. E. बाल and ताप light.  
 बालापत्न्य n. (-न्यः) Young offspring or progeny. E. बाल, अपत्य offspring.  
 बालि m. (-लिः) The celebrated monkey king, the son of INDRA, killed by RA'MA. E. बाल hair and लि aff.; being born from the hair of his mother.  
 बालिका f. (-का) 1. A girl. 2. A kind of ear-ring. 3. Sand. 4. The rustling of leaves.  
 बालिन् m. (-ली) The monkey-son of INDRA. f. (-नी) The constellation As'hvini. E. See the last, aff. इनि ।  
 बालिश mfn. (-यः-श-यः) 1. Young. 2. Ignorant. 3. Careless, heedless. n. (-यः) A pillow. E. बाङ् to emerge, इन् aff., बाडि or बालि and शी to destroy, aff. ड ।  
 बालिय n. (-यः) 1. Thoughtlessness, heedlessness. 2. Youth. 3. Folly. E. बालिश and यञ् aff.  
 बालिसम्भव m. (-वः) Name of a celebrated monkey, the son of BA'LI.  
 बालिहन्तृ m. (-न्तः) RA'MA. E. बालि the monkey, and हन्तृ killer.  
 बाली f. (-ली) A kind of ear-ring.  
 बालीम m. (-मः) Pain in making water from gravel, &c.  
 बालु m. (-लुः) A drug, commonly Elaba'luka. E. बल् to live, aff. डल् ।  
 बालुक m. (-कः) A drug and perfume; also Elaba'luka. f. (-का) 1. Sand, gravel. 2. (also बालुकी) A sort of cucumber, (*Cucumis utilitissimus*.) 3. Camphor. 4. A sand-cloth. E. बल् to live, (by its means,) डकज् aff. or बालु as above, and कन् added.  
 बालुकागड m. (-गः) A sort of fish, (*Cheilodipterus culius* and *butis*, HAM.) E. बालुका sand and गड् to scatter, aff. चच् । [fem. form.  
 बालुकालिका f. (-का) Sugar. E. बालुका sand, बालन् identity, कन् aff. in the  
 बालुकलभा f. (-भा) One of the seven hells of the Jainas, the hell of sand. E. बालुका sand and प्रभा splendour.  
 बालुकी f. (-की) A sort of cucumber, (*Cucumis utilitissimus*) Also बालुकी and बालुकी ।  
 बालुकी f. (-की) A sort of cucumber; see the last; also with कन् added बालुकीका ।  
 बालुक m. (-कः) A sort of poison.  
 बालिय mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) 1. Soft. 2. Fit or proper for a child. 3. Fit or proper for a tax, a sacrifice, &c. m. (-यः) 1. An ass. 2. A demon, a Daitya. 3. A plant, (*Siphonanthus Indica*.) E. बालि a tax, a sacrifice, or बाल a child and यञ् aff.

बालिसर्पक m. (-कः) A plant, *Siphonanthus Indica*.) E. बाङ् an as; and बाङ् a potherb; also बालि । "बालनकाटि" ।  
 बालोपवीत n. (-तः) 1. The sacrificial thread, or a substitute for it worn by children. 2. A cloth covering the privities. E. बाल a child, उपवीत the thread.  
 बाल n. (-न्यः) 1. Childhood. 2. Immaturity of understanding. 3. A state of waxing. E. बाल a child, यञ् aff.  
 बाल्कि m. (-कि) Name of the "Balkh" country.  
 बाष्प m. (-पः) 1. Vapour, steam. 2. A tear, tears, rheum. 3. Iron. E. बाष्प to oppose, Una'di aff. प. and च changed to ष; according to other etymologies, this word is बाष्प, or बाष्प and बाष्प ।  
 बाह (क) बाह r. 1st cl. (बाहने) 1. To resolve, to attempt perseveringly or resolutely, to endeavour diligently; also बाह.  
 बाह mf. (-हः-का) 1. The arm. 2. A horse. E. बाह् to endeavour, aff. चच्; it is sometimes read बाह ।  
 बाहिक m. plu. (-कः) The people of Punjab.  
 बाहु m. (-हुः) 1. The arm. 2. The side of any angular geometrical figure, the leg of a triangle, &c. 3. A door-post. E. बाह् to oppose, क् Una'di aff. and च changed to क् ।  
 बाहुक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) A servant, servile, dependent. m. (-कः) 1. The name of NALA, after his change of form, by the bite of KARRO-TAKA Na'ga. 2. A monkey. f. (-का) The name of a river. E. बाहु an arm, कन् aff.; or क् to do, with ड aff.  
 बाहुक्य m. (-क्यः) A wing E. बाहु the arm, क्य what adheres to, aff. चच् ।  
 बाहुकल mfn. (-लः-ला-लः) Crooked-armed. E. बाहु an arm, and कल bent.  
 बाहुज m. (-जः) 1. The Kshetriya or warrior, born from the arms of BRAHMA'. 2. A parrot. 3. Sesamum growing wild or spontaneously. E. बाहु the arm, and ज born. [ing.  
 बाहुवाच n. (-चः) Armour for the arms. E. बाहु the arm, and वाच preserv-  
 बाहुदन्तिन् m. (-न्ति) INDRA. E. बाहु many, (four.), दन्त a tooth, aff. इनि ।  
 बाहुदा f. (-दा) The name of a river, said to rise in the snowy chain of the Hima'laya, and probably the modern Behut, the classical Hydaspes. E. बाहु an arm, and दा bestower; alluding to a legend of a saint's recovering his lost arms, by bathing in this stream.  
 बाहुप्रहरण mfn. (-णः-यी-णः) A striker, a boxer. n. (-णः) Boxing, wrestling. E. बाहु and प्रहरण striking.  
 बाहुभूषा f. (-भूषा) An armlet, an ornament worn round the upper arm. E. बाहु the arm, and भूषा an ornament.  
 बाहुमय mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) Made or done with the arms. E. बाहु, and मय aff.  
 बाहुपुत्र n. (-पुत्रः) The arm-pit. E. बाहु the arm, पुत्र the root.  
 बाहुयुध n. (-युधः) Close fight, personal struggle, boxing, wrestling. E. बाहु the arm and युध fight.  
 बाहुल m. (-लः) 1. Fire or its deity. 2. The month Ka'rtika. n. (-लः) 1. Mail worn on the arm. 2. A term in grammar, implying various or irregular formation, or construction or such as is analogous to this word. E. बाहुल fire, and ल aff.; also with कन् added, बाहुलक ।  
 बाहुलिय m. (-यः) The deity KA'RTIKES'YA. E. बाहुला the Pleiades, considered as nymphs, and nurses of this god; aff. of relation डक् ।  
 बाहुल्य n. (-ल्यः) Plenty, abundance, quantity. E. बाहुल, and यञ् aff.  
 बाहुवीर्य n. (-वीर्यः) Personal prowess. E. बाहु, and वीर्य heroism.  
 बाहुसहस्रधत् m. (-धत्) A king killed by PARASURA'MA, also named KA'RTAVI'RJYA. E. बाहु, an arm, सहस्र a thousand, धत् having.  
 बाह्(बा)बाहि Ind. Arm to arm, hand to hand, (fighting, &c.) E. बाहु the arm, (repeated.) इच् aff.  
 बिट् r. 1st cl. (बेटति) To curse: Also बिट् ।  
 बिडालक m. (-कः) 1. A cat. 2. Application of ointment to the eye. n. (-कः) Yellow orpiment.  
 बिह (य) बिह r. 1st cl. (बिन्दति) To make or constitute a part; the root is obsolete.  
 बिहव n. (-वः) 1. A slip. 2. A twig. 3. A split bamboo.

बिन्दु m. (-बु) 1. A drop. 2. A particle. 3. A dot, a point. 4. A cipher, (in math.) E. बिन्दु aff.

बिन्दुमाला n. (-बु) 1. A collection of drops or particles. 2. Red marks on the trunks of an elephant.

बिम्बु mfn. (-बु:-बु:-बु) 1. Desirous to destroy or lose. 2. Wishing to scorch, fry, parch. m. (-बु) Fire. E. बम्बु to break, to fry, desid. v., उ aff.

बिम्बु mfn. (-बु:-बु:-बु) Wishing to fry or scorch. m. (-बु) Fire. E. बम्बु to fry, desid. v., उ aff. [to divide or detach.

बिम्बु r. 6th cl. (बिम्बुति) r. 10th cl. (बिम्बुति ते) To break, to tear or rend.

बिम्बु n. (-बु) 1. A hole. 2. A pit. 3. An outlet.

बिम्बुम m. (-बु) 1. An animal that lives in holes. 2. A snake. 3. A hare. 4. A rat. [tida.

बिम्बु n. (-बु) 1. A basin for water round the root of a tree. 2. Asafootida.

बिम्बु m. (-बु) A species of tree. n. (-बु) 1. The fruit of this tree. 2. A weight equal to one pala.

बिम्बु (बु) बिम्बु r. 4th cl. (बिम्बुति) To throw or cast, to send or direct.

बिम्बु f. (-बु) The lotus-plant.

बोज n. (-बु) See बीज ।

बोमस mfn. Subst. (-बु:-बु:-बु) 1. Disgust, abhorrence. Adj. Detesting, loathing, changed or averted in mind. 2. Cruel, mischievous. 3. Compassionate. 4. Wicked. 5. Euvius. E. बुम् to bind, to hate, &c. aff. बुम् ।

बुम् r. 1st and 10th cls. (बुम्ति बुम्ति ते) 1. To bark. 2. To speak. r. 10th cl. To give pain.

बुम् Subst. mfn. (-बु:-बु:-बु) 1. The heart. 2. The chest. 3. Blood. m. (-बु) 1. A goat. 2. Time. E. बुम् to bark, &c., aff. बुम्; also बुम् m. (-बु) and बुम् ।

बुम् n. (-बु) Barking, (as of a dog.) E. बुम् to bark, aff. बुम् ।

बुम्बुमांश n. (-बु) The heart. E. बुम् the heart, बुम् principal, मांश flesh.

बुम्बु m. (-बु) The roar or barking of a lion. E. बुम् to bark, बुम् aff., the lion of Hindustan barks much like a dog.

बुम् r. 6th cl. (बुम्ति) 1 To leave, to abandon. 2. To cover, to clothe.

बुम् (बु, बु) बुम्बु r. 1st cl. (बुम्ति ते) To discern, to apprehend, to perceive, to understand.

बुम् mfn. (-बु:-बु:-बु) Known, understood. m. (-बु) 1. A generic name for a deified teacher of the Baudd'ha sect, amongst whom numerous Budd'has are reckoned; the name is especially applied to the 9th incarnation of VISHN'U and the apparent founder of the religion of the Baudd'has; the term is often confounded, but improperly, with a Jina; see जिन. 2. A sage, a wise or learned man. E. बुम् to know, aff. बुम्; see बुम् ।

बुम्बु m. (-बु) Avarice, covetous accumulation. E. बुम् known, बुम् thing.

बुम् f. (-बु) Understanding, intellect. E. बुम् to know, aff. बुम् ।

बुम्बुमांश m. (-बु) Loss or deficiency of understanding. E. बुम् and बुम्बुमांश destruction. [जीविन् alive.

बुम्बुमांश mfn. (-बु:-बु:-बु) Rational, an intellectual being. E. बुम् and बुम्बुमांश mfn. (-बु) Wise, intelligent. E. बुम् and बुम्बुमांश having.

बुम्बुमांश mfn. (-बु:-बु:-बु) 1. Wise, learned. 2. Famed, known. 3. Humble, docile. m. (-बु) A man. E. बुम् wisdom, बुम्बुमांश aff.

बुम्बुमांश m. (-बु) A counsellor, a minister. E. बुम् understanding and बुम्बुमांश companion.

बुम्बुमांश mfn. (-बु:-बु:-बु) Ignorant, silly, a fool. E. बुम् and बुम्बुमांश void of.

बुम्बुमांश n. (-बु) Folly, ignorance. E. बुम्बुमांश and बुम् aff.; also with बुम्, बुम्बुमांश ।

बुम्बुमांश n. (-बु) An organ of intellect, as the mind, eye, ear, nose, tongue, and skin. E. बुम् understanding and बुम्बुमांश an organ.

बुम्बुमांश m. (-बु) A bubble. E. बुम् imitative sound, बुम् to perceive, aff. बुम् ।

बुम्बुमांश n. (-बु) Disregard of or contempt for one's understanding. E. बुम्, and बुम्बुमांश disrespect.

बुम् (बु) बुम्बु r. 1st cl. (बुम्ति) r. 4th cl. (बुम्ति ते) also (बु, बु) बुम्बु r. 1st cl. (बुम्ति ते) To know, to understand. With बुम्, to look for, expect. With बुम् and बुम्, to wake.

बुम् m. (-बु) 1. Budd'ha, the son of the moon and regent of the planet Mercury, with whom he is identified. 2. A wise or learned man, a sage. f. (-बु) Indian spikenard. E. बुम् to know or understand, aff. बुम् ।

बुम्बुमांश m. (-बु) A wise man. E. बुम्, and बुम् a person.

बुम्बुमांश m. (-बु) The moon, the father of Budd'ha.

बुम्बुमांश m. (-बु) Wednesday. E. बुम् Mercury, and बुम् a day.

बुम्बुमांश m. (-बु) PURU'RAVAS, the first king of the lunar dynasty. E. बुम् Budd'ha or Mercury, and the son of So'ma, and बुम् son.

बुम्बुमांश m. (-बु) 1. A wise man, a sage. 2. A holy teacher. 3. One who speaks kindly. 4. A worshipper or adorer of BRAHMA'. E. बुम् to know, बुम्बुमांश Una'di aff.

बुम्बुमांश mfn. (-बु:-बु:-बु) Known, understood. E. बुम् to know, aff. बुम् ।

बुम्बुमांश mfn. (-बु:-बु:-बु) Wise, learned. E. बुम् to know, Una'di aff. बुम्बुमांश ।

बुम् m. (-बु) 1. The root of a tree. 2. The bottom of a vessel. 3. SIVA. E. बुम् to know, Una'di aff. बुम्; also बुम् in the last sense.

बुम् (बु, बु) बुम्बु r. 1st cl. (बुम्ति ते) To discern, to perceive, literally or figuratively.

बुम् (बु, बु) बुम्बु r. 1st cl. (बुम्ति ते) To discern, to perceive; see बुम् ।

बुम्बुमांश f. (-बु) 1. Hunger. 2. The desire of enjoyment. E. बुम् to eat, in the desid. form, affs. बुम् and टाप् ।

बुम्बुमांश mfn. (-बु:-बु:-बु) Hungry. E. बुम्बुमांश hunger, बुम्बुमांश aff.

बुम्बुमांश mfn. (-बु:-बु:-बु) Wishing to eat. E. बुम् to eat, desid. v., उ aff.

बुम्बुमांश f. (-बु) The wishing to know. E. बुम् to know, desid. v., बुम् and टाप् affs. [उ aff.

बुम्बुमांश mfn. (-बु:-बु:-बु) Wishing to know. E. बुम् to know, desid. v., बुम्बुमांश f. (-बु) Desire to be or become. E. बुम् to be, desid. v., affs. बुम् and टाप् ।

बुम्बुमांश mfn. (-बु:-बु:-बु) Wishing to be or become. E. बुम् to be, desid. v., उ aff.

बुम्बुमांश mfn. (-बु:-बु:-बु) 1. Wishing to fill. 2. Desirous to nourish, &c. E. बुम् to nourish, desid. v., उ aff.

बुम् r. 10th cl. (बुम्ति ते) To sink, to dive, to plunge.

बुम् f. (-बु) 1. The vulva. 2. Fear. E. बुम् to emerge, aff. बुम् ।

बुम् n. (-बु) 1. Chaff. 2. Water; also बुम् ।

बुम् r. 4th cl. (बुम्ति) To dismiss, to loose, to quit or leave.

बुम् n. (-बु) 1. Chaff, rubbish, refuse. 2. Wealth. 3. Dry cow-dung. 4. The thick part of sour curds. f. (-बु) A younger sister, (in theatrical language.) E. बुम् to abandon, aff. बुम्; also बुम्, बुम् being changed to बुम् । [treat with disrespect.

बुम् r. 10th cl. (बुम्ति ते) 1. To regard, to respect. 2 To disregard, to disrespect. n. (-बु) 1. Fried meat. 2. The inner part of the jack fruit. E. बुम् to disrespect, aff. बुम् ।

बुम् mfn. (-बु:-बु:-बु) The heart; also बुम्; also with a final बुम्, बुम्बुमांश mfn. (-बु:-बु:-बु) also बुम् ।

बुम् mfn. (-बु:-बु:-बु) 1. The heart. 2. The kidney. E. See the last, बुम् substituted for बुम् ।

बुम्बुमांश f. (-बु) or (-बु) The seat of a holy sage; also बुम् ।

बुम् r. 1st cl. (बुम्ति) To grow, to increase; see बुम् ।

बुम्बुमांश mfn. (-बु:-बु:-बु) See बुम् ।

बुम् r. 9th cl. (बुम्ति) 1. To choose or select. 2. To support or nourish; also in the first sense, बुम् more usually.

बुम्बुमांश mfn. (-बु:-बु:-बु) 1. To be informed, taught, waked, &c. 2. Requiring to be taught or explained. 3. Necessary to be understood. E. बुम् to know, causal v., तव्य aff.

बुम् m. (-बु) 1. Wisdom, intellect. 2. Awakening, arousing. E. बुम् to understand, aff. बुम् ।

बुम्बुमांश m. (-बु) 1. A spy, an informer. 2. A teacher. E. बुम् to understand, causal form, aff. बुम् ।

**बोधकर** mfn. (-रः-री-र) Who teaches, informs, awakes, &c. m. (-रः) An awakener, a sort of minstrel who awakens the prince or chief in the morning, by music. **बोध** awakening, **कर** who makes.

**बोधन** nf. (-न-नी) 1. Knowledge. 2. Teaching, informing. 3. Awakening, arousing. n. (-नः) Burning incense. m. (-नः) The planet MERCURY. f. (-नी) Long-pepper. **बु** to know, aff. कृट्.

**बोधनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be explained or expounded, to be rendered intelligible. **बु** to know, in the causal form, aff. वनीयर्.

**बोधयत्** mfn. (-यन्-यनी-यत्) 1. Informing, apprising. 2. Teaching. 3. Arousing, waking. **बु** to know, causal v., कृट् aff.

**बोधि** mfn. (-विः-वि-वि) Wise, learned. m. (-विः) 1. A branch of holy study; keeping the mind awake to the knowledge of the true God. 2. Intellect, understanding. 3. The holy fig-tree. **बु** to know, Una'di aff. वृत्.

**बोधितव** m. (-वः) The holy fig-tree. **बु** बोधि wisdom, and तव the tree.

**बोधितुम** m. (-मः) The holy fig-tree, (Ficus religiosa.) **बु** बोधि know-ledge, कृत् a tree. [truth.]

**बोधिसत्त्व** m. (-त्वः) A Budd'ha, or Budd'ha saint. **बु** बोधि intellect, सत्त्व बोध्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be informed, taught, waked, &c. **बु** to know, causal v., यत् aff.

**बौद्ध** m. (-द्धः) A Budd'ha, or follower of the religion of the Budd'has. **बु** बुद्ध a Budd'ha, कृष्ण aff.

**बोध** m. (-धः) A name of PURU'RAVAS, the son of BUD'HA, and grandson of SO'MA or the moon. **बु** MERCURY, and कृष्ण aff. of descent.

**व्युत्** r 4th cl. (व्युत्थति) To burn. r. 10th cl. (व्युत्थति-ते) 1. To divide. 2. To offer in oblation.

**व्रत्** r. 1st cl. (व्रथति) To sound; **व्रथ** more properly.

**व्रतति** f. (-तिः-ती) 1. A creeper. 2. Expansion. **व्र** before, तन् to spread, aff. लिच्, and व changed to व; also व्रति.

**व्रज** m. (-जः) 1. The root of a tree. 2. The sun. 3. S'IVA. 4. BRAHMA'. 5. A horse. 6. The body. 7. A day. 8. The Arka plant. 9. Bubo, (the disease.) 10. Lead. **व्र** वृत् to bind, aff. कृत् and व्रथ substituted for the root.

**व्रजकन्यका** f. (-का) The goddess SARASWATI'. **व्र** BRAHMA', and कन्या the daughter; being born from the head of that deity.

**व्रजगिरि** m. (-रिः) A mountain. **व्र** and गिरि a hill; the hill of BRAHMA'.

**व्रजघातक** m. (-कः) The slayer of a Bra'hman. **व्र** and घातक who kills; also व्रजघातिन् m. (तो)।

**व्रजघातिनी** f. (-नी) A woman on the second day of the menses.

**व्रजघ्न** m. (-घ्नः) The slayer of a Bra'hman. **व्र** and घ्न who kills.

**व्रजचर्य** m. (-र्यः) The Brahmacharya or Brahmacha'ri', the religious student: see व्रजचारिन् n. (-र्यः) The order or condition of the religious student. **व्र** the Ve'da and चर्य observance.

**व्रजचर्यव्रज** n. (-नः) Incontinence. **व्र** व्रजचर्य and व्रजव्रज deviating from.

**व्रजचारिन्** m. (-री) The Brahmacha'ri' or religious student; the young Bra'hman, from the time of his investiture with the cord, to the period of his becoming a householder; it is also applied to a person, who continues with his spiritual teacher, through life, studying the Ve'das and observing the duties of the student; it is also given as a title to Pandits learned in the Ve'das; to a class of ascetics; by the Tantras, it is assigned to persons whose chief virtue is the observance of continence; and it is assumed by many religious vagabonds. f. (-रिणी) A woman leading a life of continence. **व्र** the Ve'da and चर to go or follow, aff. चिनि।

**व्रजजन्म** n. (-न्मः) Second or spiritual birth, investiture. **व्र** and जन्म the Ve'das and जन्म birth.

**व्रजजीविन्** m. (-वी) An impure Bra'hman, one who converts his religious duties into a trade, and performs sacrifice, teaches the Ve'da, &c. for hire. **व्र** व्रजन् an officiating priest, and जीविन् who gets a living.

**व्रजन्** m. (-न्) A sage, one who has spiritual wisdom. **व्र** and **जन्** who knows.

**व्रजज्ञान** n. (-ज्ञः) Spiritual wisdom. **व्र** and **ज्ञान** knowledge.

**व्रजज्ज** mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Relating to or connected with BRAHMA' or Bra'hman. m. (-जः) 1. The mulberry tree, (Morus Indica.) 2. The planet SATURN. **व्र** व्रजन् and जन् aff. [fruit]

**व्रजतत्त्व** n. (-त्वः) The true knowledge of Supreme Spirit. **व्र** and तत्त्व n. (-त्वः) 1. Identification with BRAHMA' or God. 2. God-head. **व्र** BRAHMA', त्व aff. of the abstract; also with तत्त्व aff. व्रजतत्त्व, with वृत् added व्रजवृत्त n. (-वृत्)।

**व्रजद** m. (-दः) A spiritual teacher. **व्र** the Ve'da or holy knowledge, and द who gives, also व्रजदातृ, व्रजदायिन्, &c.

**व्रजदण्ड** m. (-ण्डः) 1. A plant, see व्रजयष्टि. 2. A curse, an anathema. 3. The tribute paid to a Bra'hmana in the shape of a fine. **व्र** Bra'hman and दण्ड a stick.

**व्रजदत्त** m. (-त्तः) One of the sovereigns of the race of Ikshvaku enumerated by the Jains. **व्र** दत्त by or to BRAHMA', दत्त given.

**व्रजदर्भा** f. (-र्भा) A plant, (Ligusticum ajwaen, Rox.) **व्र** and दर्भ sacrificial grass. "यमानिकायान्।"

**व्रजदान** n. (-नः) Instruction in the Ve'das. **व्र** and दान gift.

**व्रजदाव** m. (-वः) The mulberry, (Morus Indica.) **व्र** and दाव wood.

**व्रजन्** m. (-न्) 1. BRAHMA', the first deity of the Hindu triad, and the operative creator of the world. 2. A Bra'hman. 3. The superintending or presiding priest at the sacrifice. 4. One of the astronomical Yo'gas. 5. One of the principal servants of the Jinas. n. (-न्) 1. The divine cause and essence of the world, from which all created things are supposed to emanate and to which they return; the unknown God. 2. The practice of austere devotion. 3. The Ve'das or scripture. 4. Holy knowledge. **वृ** to increase, (man-kind) aff. व्रजिन् and the initial letter changed to व।

**व्रजनाभ** m. (-भः) VISHN'U. **व्र** व्रजन् BRAHMA' and नाभि the navel; BRAHMA' having arisen to create the world, in a lotus, which sprang from the navel of VISHN'U.

**व्रजनिर्वाण** n. (-वः) Absorption into or identification with the Supreme. **व्र** and निर्वाण final absorption.

**व्रजपद** n. (-दः) The place or nature of spiritual being. 2. The station or rank of a Bra'hman or of BRAHMA'. **व्र** and पद to place.

**व्रजपादप** m. (-पः) The Pala'sh tree, (Butea frondosa.) **व्र** a Bra'hman, and पादप a tree.

**व्रजपुत्र** m. (-त्रः) 1. A sort of poison. 2. The Brahmaputra river, which rises in the Hima'laya and with the Ganges falls into the Bay of Bengal. 3. A place of pilgrimage, probably the source of the stream. f. (-त्री) 1. The SARASWATI' river. 2. The goddess SARASWATI'. **व्र** व्रजन् BRAHMA' and पुत्र offspring.

**व्रजपुरी** f. (-री) The capital of BRAHMA' on the mountain Kailasa. **व्र** व्रजन् and पुरी the city.

**व्रजवन्धु** m. (-न्धुः) 1. The epithet or appellative of a BRAHMAN. 2. A term of abuse. **व्र** BRAHMA' and वन्धु a friend.

**व्रजभूत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Become one with the Supreme spirit. **व्र** and भूत become.

**व्रजभूति** f. (-तिः) Twilight. **व्र** BRAHMA' and भूति being.

**व्रजभूय** n. (-यः) Identification with BRAHMA'. **व्र** BRAHMA', and भूय being.

**व्रजमय** mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Consisting of or identified with spirit. 2. Belonging to or fit for a BRAHMAN, &c. **व्र** and मयद् aff.

**व्रजमूर्धन्** m. (-न्धुः) S'IVA. **व्र** BRAHMA', मूर्धन् the forehead and धन् who has; having in a dispute cut off one of BRAHMA's heads.

**व्रजमय** m. (-यः) The study of the Ve'das. **व्र** a Ve'da or the Supreme being, and यत् sacrifice.

**व्रजयष्टि** f. (-ष्टिः) A plant, (Ligusticum ajwaen, Rox.) **व्र** a Bra'hman

and वटि a stick : also with कन् added in the fem. form, ब्रह्मवटि f. or with डीप् added ब्रह्मवटी । [dition to.

ब्रह्मयोग m. (-गः) Cultivation of spiritual knowledge. E. ब्रह्म and योग ad-

ब्रह्मगोत्रिणि m. (-निः) A particular mountain. Adj. Sprung from BRAHMA'.  
E. ब्रह्म and गोत्रि place of production.

ब्रह्ममुख n. (-खः) An aperture in the crown of the head, through which the soul is supposed to escape.

ब्रह्मराक्षस m. (-सः) A demon or fiend of the Bra'hminical class. E. ब्रह्म and राक्षस a goblin.

ब्रह्मरात्रि m. (-त्रिः) 1. A name of YA'JNYAVALKYA, a saint and legislator. E. ब्रह्म BRAHMA'. रा to give, ङिन् aff ; conferring the knowledge of BRAHMA' upon JANAKA in return for his bounty. 2. A night of BRAHMA', equal to a thousand divine' ages. E. ब्रह्म BRAHMA' and रात्रि night.

ब्रह्मरौप्य f. (-तिः) Brass. E. ब्रह्म and रौप्य calx.

ब्रह्मरेखा f. (-खा) The lines written by BRAHMA' on the forehead of a man indicative of his lot in this world : also ब्रह्मरेखा ।

ब्रह्मर्षि m. (-र्षिः) A divine saint, a Rishi of a particular class, including VA'SISHTHA, &c. E. ब्रह्म a Brá'hman, and ऋषि a saint ; the saints of this class are supposed to be of the Bra'hminical order.

ब्रह्मर्षिदेश m. (-शः) A part of India, including the four countries of Kuru-kshetra, Matsya, Panchála, and Suraséna or Mat'hurá. E. ब्रह्मर्षि a Rishi, देश country.

ब्रह्मलोक m. (-कः) A division of the universe, the supposed eternal residence of the spirits of the pious. E. ब्रह्मन् BRAHMA' and लोक a world.

ब्रह्मज्ञान n. (-ज्ञः) Knowledge or declaration of BRAHMA', the knowledge of the universal permeation of one spirit, as taught by the Védánta system of philosophy. E. BRAHMA' or the spiritual deity, ज्ञा to speak or declare, aff. कप्, also with the aff. यत्, and the semi-vowel changed, ब्रह्मज्ञान n. (-ज्ञः). [ब्रह्मस् splendor.

ब्रह्मवर्चस् n. (-र्चः) The power or sanctity of a Brá'hman. E. ब्रह्म and ब्रह्मवर्चस् n. (-सः) 1. Holiness, resulting from the study and observance of the Védas. 2. The sanctity or superhuman power of a Brá'hman. E. ब्रह्म the Védas, and वर्चस् splendor, aff. कच् ।

ब्रह्मवर्चस्विन् mfn. (-स्वी-स्विनी-स्वि) 1. Endowed with sanctity, pure, pious. 2. Having Brá'hminical power or virtue. E. ब्रह्मवर्चस्, and विन् aff.

ब्रह्मवर्च m. (-र्चः) A district of western India ; also ब्रह्मवर्च. E. ब्रह्म a Brá'hman, and वर्च to abide, aff. कच् ।

ब्रह्मवर्धन n. (-र्धः) Copper. E. ब्रह्म a Brá'hman, and वर्धन increasing, favouring ; being highly proper for utensils of worship. &c.

ब्रह्मवाद m. (-दः) 1. Citing the Védas. 2. Declaring or teaching spiritual knowledge. E. ब्रह्म scripture, and वाद speaking.

ब्रह्मवादिन् m. (-दी) 1. A follower of the Védánta system of philosophy, one who maintains all things are spirit. 2. A defender or expounder of the Védas. E. ब्रह्म the Védas or BRAHMA', God, and वादिन् who recites.

ब्रह्मविद् m. (-विद् or -विदः) A sage, one who knows the nature of the Supreme Spirit. E. ब्रह्म and विद् who knows.

ब्रह्मविद्या f. (-द्या) Knowledge of spirit. E. ब्रह्म, and विद्या science.

ब्रह्मविन्दु m. (-न्दुः) A drop of saliva sputtered out in reading the Védas. E. ब्रह्म scripture, and विन्दु a drop.

ब्रह्मवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) 1. The Pala'sh tree, (Butea frondosa.) 2. The glomerous fig-tree. E. ब्रह्म a BRAHMA' and वृक्ष a tree. [blage.

ब्रह्महत्या f. (-हत्या) The capital of BRAHMA'. E. ब्रह्मन् and हत्या heap, assembly.

ब्रह्मवेद m. (-दः) 1. Knowledge of BRAHMA', monotheism. 2. Knowledge of the Védas. E. ब्रह्म BRAHMA' and वेद knowing. [country.

ब्रह्मवेदि f. (-दिः) A country. see ब्रह्मवर्च. E. ब्रह्म a Brá'hman and वेदि a

ब्रह्मवेदिन् mfn. (-दी-विदि-दि) Knowing or acquainted with the Védas, with spiritual knowledge, &c. E. ब्रह्म and वेदिन् who knows.

ब्रह्मवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A tree, (Mimosa Arabica.) E. ब्रह्म a Brá'hman, and वृक्ष a stake. "ब्राह्म" ।

ब्रह्मवासन n. (-नः) An edict or grant, &c. addressed to Brá'hmans. E. ब्रह्म a Brá'hman and वासन governing or an edict, &c.

ब्रह्मसव n. (-वः) 1. Study and teaching of the Védas. 2. The constant study of them. E. ब्रह्म and सव sacrifice.

ब्रह्मसर्प m. (-र्पः) A sort of snake. E. ब्रह्म BRAHMA' and सर्प a snake.

ब्रह्मसम्बन्ध mfn. (-बन्धः-वा-बन्धः) Born or produced from BRAHMA'. m. (-वः) The second of the persons called VA'SUDEVA or KISHN'AS by the Jains. E. ब्रह्म BRAHMA' and सम्बन्ध offspring.

ब्रह्मसंयुज्य n. (-युज्यः) Identification with BRAHMA'. E. ब्रह्म BRAHMA' and संयुज्य intimate union. [ness.

ब्रह्मसमिपता f. (-ता) Equality with BRAHMA'. E. ब्रह्म and समिपता same-

ब्रह्मसुखा f. (-खा) A plant, an infusion of which is to be drunk in expiation of having anything touched by a dog, cat, &c. E. ब्रह्म, and सुखा luscious.

ब्रह्मसूत m. (-सूतः) 1. ANIRUDDHA, the son of KA'MA. 2. KA'MADEVA. E. ब्रह्म BRAHMA' and सूत the son.

ब्रह्मसूत n. (-सूतः) 1. The sacrificial or Brá'hminical thread. 2. An aphorism of the Védánta philosophy. E. ब्रह्म a Brá'hman and सूत thread.

ब्रह्मसूत m. (-सूतः) A sovereign according to the Jains, of the race of Ikshvákú. E. ब्रह्म BRAHMA' and सूत son.

ब्रह्मसहचर mfn. (-चरः-पा-चरः) Of the nature of spirit, of the same essence as the God-head. E. ब्रह्म and सहचर nature.

ब्रह्महत्या f. (-हत्या) 1. Brá'hminicide, killing a Brá'hman. 2. Any crime equally heinous. E. ब्रह्म and हत्या killing.

ब्रह्महन् m. (-हन्) The murderer or slayer of a Brá'hman. E. ब्रह्मन् and हन् who kills.

ब्रह्महृत n. (-हृतः) The performance of hospitality, &c., that one of the great sacraments which consists in the veneration of mankind. E. ब्रह्म a Brá'hman हृत worshipped ; being the most worthy of respect, &c.

ब्रह्मचर m. (-रः) The sacred and mysterious name of the deity. E. ब्रह्म God, चर a letter, the Omkára.

ब्रह्मचर्यम् m. (-र्यः) A horse.

ब्रह्मचर्या m. (-र्या) 1. Joining both hands together, whilst reading the Védas, either as an act of humility or to mark the accentuation of the Sa'ma-Véda. 2. Paying obeisance to the spiritual preceptor at the beginning or end of a lecture. E. ब्रह्म the Védas and चर्या the hands joined.

ब्रह्मचर्या f. (-र्या) 1. The female energy of BRAHMA'. 2. A sort of perfume, commonly Re'nuká. 3. A kind of brass ; "ब्रह्मचर्या" । E. ब्रह्मन् BRAHMA', fem. aff. डीप्.

ब्रह्मण्डल m. (-ण्डलः) 1. The globe, the world. 2. One of the Puránas. E. ब्रह्म BRAHMA' and ण्डल an egg, to which it is compared ; in creation there are said to have been innumerable Brahmandas.

ब्रह्मविमर्शन n. (-र्शनः) Perusal of the Védas. E. ब्रह्म and विमर्शन going through ; also ब्रह्मविमर्शन ।

ब्रह्मविमर्शक mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Relating or contributing to a course of sacred study. E. ब्रह्मविमर्शन and कच् aff. [exercise.

ब्रह्मविमर्श m. (-मर्शः) Study or repetition of scripture. E. ब्रह्म and विमर्श

ब्रह्मविमर्श n. (-मर्शः) Cow's urine. E. ब्रह्मन् a Brá'hman and विमर्श water.

ब्रह्मरक्ष n. (-रक्षः) A place where the Védas are read and explained. E. ब्रह्म the Védas and रक्ष a wood.

ब्रह्मवर्च m. (-र्चः) The country to the north-west of Delhi, lying between the rivers Saraswati' and Drishadwati. E. ब्रह्म a Brá'hman वावर्च abode.

ब्रह्मसन n. (-नः) A posture suited to devout and religious meditation. E. ब्रह्म BRAHMA' and वासन sitting.

ब्रह्मस्त्र n. (-स्त्रः) The BRAHMA's weapon, a fabulous weapon originally

from BRAHMA'. 2. The imprecation of a Brāhman. **ब्राह्म** and **ब्रह्म** a weapon. [offering.]  
**ब्राह्म** f. (-ति) An oblation of ghee. **ब्राह्म** the Vēda, and **ब्राह्म** an  
**ब्राह्म** f. (-ती) 1. A sort of fish, commonly Pāncāl, (Macrogathus Pāncā-  
 calus, HAM) 2. A plant, (Siphonanthus Indica.) **ब्राह्म** to grow or  
 increase, affs. **ब्रह्मन्** and **ब्रह्म**; also **ब्राह्म**.  
**ब्राह्म**ता f. (-ता) Neglecting or forgetting the Vēda. **ब्राह्म**, **उत्थता**  
 abandonment. [कृष्ण.]  
**ब्राह्म** n. (-य) Reciting or explaining the Vēdas. **ब्राह्म**, **वद** to speak, aff.  
**ब्राह्म**न n. (-न) Boiled-rice distributed to priests at a sacrifice. **ब्राह्म** a  
 Brāhman and **ब्रह्म** boiled-rice.  
**ब्रा(त्रा)ह्म** mfn. ( **ब्रा**: **ह्री** **ह्म** ) Relating or belonging to BRAHMA', the Vēdas,  
 &c. n. (-ह्म) 1. The part of the hand under the root of the  
 thumb. 2. One of the eight forms of marriage, the presentation  
 of the bride elegantly adorned, by the father to the bridegroom  
 whom he has invited. 3. The missile presided over by  
 BRAHMA'. m. (-ह्म) NA'RADA the sage and son of BRAHMA'. f.  
 (-ह्री) One of the eight divine mothers of created beings, or  
 the personified energies of the gods; the Sakti' or energy of  
 BRAHMA'. 2. The goddess of speech, SARASWATĪ. 3. The  
 moon plant, (Aselepias acida.) 4. A sort of potherb, (Ruta grave-  
 olens. 5. A shrub, (Siphonanthus Indica.) 6. A sort of fish. 7.  
 The asterism Rohinī. 8. A she-frog. 9. A yellow coloured ant. 10.  
 The wife of a Brāhman. **ब्राह्म** BRAHMA', &c. **ब्रह्म** aff.  
**ब्राह्म** m. (-यः) A man of the first Hindu tribe, a Brāhman. **ब्राह्म** 1.  
 An assemblage of Brāhmins, a council, a conclave. 2. A portion of  
 the Vēdas, that which comprises the precepts that inculcate reli-  
 gious duties, the maxims which explain those precepts and the  
 arguments which relate to theology; it is, however, now often  
 blended with other portions. f. (-ह्री) 1. The wife of a Brāhman,  
 or a woman of the Brāhminical tribe. 2. A kind of wasp. 3. A  
 small ant. 4. A potherb, (Ruta graveolens.) 5. A shrub, (Siphon-  
 anthus Indica.) 5. A sort of grass, (Trigonella corniculata.) **ब्राह्मन्**  
 the Vēda, &c. **ब्रह्म** aff. and the final syllable of the ori-  
 ginal word retained.  
**ब्राह्म**वाखल m. (-यः) An outcaste Brāhman, one who is attended by a  
 wife of another caste or the son of a Sudra by a Brāhman female.  
**ब्राह्म** and **वाखल** an outcaste. [tribe.]  
**ब्राह्म**वर्ग f. (-ति) The Brāhminical tribe or caste. **ब्राह्म** and **वर्ग**  
**ब्राह्म**वर्गीय mfn. (-यः-या य) Belonging to the Brāhminical race. **ब्राह्म**  
 and **वर्गीय** generic.  
**ब्राह्म**जीविका f. (-का) The occupation or subsistence of a Brāhman. **ब्राह्म**  
 and **जीविका** livelihood. [ब्राह्मण्य.]  
**ब्राह्म**ता f. (-ता) Brāhmanhood. **ब्राह्म** and **तत्** aff.; also with **तत्**,  
**ब्राह्म**वध m. (-यः) Brāhminicide. **ब्राह्म** and **वध** killing.  
**ब्राह्म**व्रज m. (-यः) A Brāhman by birth but not by attention to his du-  
 ties; one who subsists by avocations properly limited to the  
 other tribes. **ब्राह्म** a Brāhman and **व्रज** who speaks, who calls  
 himself, (improperly.) a Brāhman.  
**ब्राह्म**वृष्टिका f. (-का) A shrub, (Siphonanthus Indica.) **ब्राह्म** a Brāh-  
 man and **वृष्टि** a staff, aff. **वृष्टि** "ब्राह्मवृष्टि".  
**ब्राह्म**संस्थ mfn. (-स्थः-स्था-स्थ) Belonging to or abiding with a Brāhman.  
**ब्राह्म** and **संस्थ** what stays with.  
**ब्राह्म**वृष्टि mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Suitable to or fit for a Brāhman. **ब्राह्म** and  
**वृष्टि** proper.  
**ब्राह्म**वातिक्रम m. (-यः) Disregarding or disrespecting Brāhmins. **ब्राह्म**  
 and **वतिक्रम** going over or beyond.  
**ब्राह्म**वातक mfn. ( **ब्रा**: **का**: **व** ) Belonging to, or with one containing  
 Brāhmins, the Brāhman's section of the Vēdas, &c. **ब्राह्म** and  
**वातक** own.

**ब्राह्म**वाद्येन n. (-न) Absence of Brāhminical instruction or guidance. **ब्राह्म**  
 and **वाद्येन** not showing or teaching.  
**ब्राह्म**वाधुपपत्ति f. (-ति) The protection or preservation of a Brāhman. **ब्राह्म**  
 and **वाधुपपत्ति** defence.  
**ब्राह्म**वायव m. (-यः) A Brāhman, sprung from a learned and holy proge-  
 nitors. **ब्राह्म** and **वायव** affs.  
**ब्राह्म**वीगामिन् m. (-मि) The gallant of a woman of the Brāhminical tribe  
 or the wife of a Brāhman. **ब्राह्म** a female Brāhman, and **गामिन्**  
 who goes to or with.  
**ब्राह्म** m. (-यः) The planet SATURN. n. ( **यः** ) 1. An assembly of Brāh-  
 mins. 2. The state, quality or business of a Brāhman, Brāhman-  
 hood. **ब्राह्म** and **यव** aff.; or **ब्राह्म** and **यव** aff.  
**ब्राह्म**दिया f. (-या) A girl to be wedded by the Brāhman form. **ब्राह्म** and  
**दिया** to be given.  
**ब्राह्म**पिप्प f. (-पि) Silver.  
**ब्राह्म**पुत्र m. (-तः) A particular period of the early part of the day.  
**ब्राह्म**पुत्राव m. (-यः) A day and night of BRAHMA', a period of two thou-  
 sand ages of the gods or two Kalpas of mortals. **ब्राह्म** relating  
 to BRAHMA', **ब्रह्म** a day and **पुत्र** a night.  
**ब्राह्म**का f. (-का) A shrub, (Siphonanthus Indica.) **ब्राह्म** and **का** aff.  
**ब्राह्म**पुत्र m. (-यः) The son of a woman married according to the  
 Brāhman form. **ब्राह्म** and **पुत्र** a son.  
**ब्राह्म** n. (-यः) 1. The worship or veneration of Brāhmins, considered  
 as one of the great sacraments. 2. Astonishments. **ब्राह्म** and  
**यव** aff.  
**ब्राह्म**वृत्त n. (-तः) Respect shown to guests, especially to Brāhmins, hos-  
 pitality. **ब्राह्म** and **वृत्त** sacrifice.  
**ब्रह्म** mfn. (-वन्-वन्ती-वन्) Speaking, saying. **ब्रह्म** to speak, **व्रह्म** aff.  
**ब्रह्म** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Speaking, saying. **ब्रह्म** to speak, **व्रह्म** aff.  
**ब्रह्म** ( **यः** ) **ब्रह्म** r. 2nd cl. ( **व्रह्म** or **व्रह्म** ) To speak or tell; **व्रह्म** is option-  
 ally substituted for this root before the first five inflections of the  
 present tense and **व्रह्म** in several other tenses.  
**ब्रह्म** n. (-यः) A snare.

—o—

भ

भ The twenty-fourth consonant of the Na'garī alphabet and aspirate  
 of the last letter, or Bh.  
 भ n. ( **भः** ) 1. A star. 2. An asterism. 3. A planet. 4. The number  
 twenty-seven. m. ( **भः** ) 1. A name of SUKRA, regent of the planet  
 VENUS. 2. A bee. 2. Error, delusion. f. ( **भः** ) 1. Light, lustre,  
 splendour. 2. A ray of light. f. ( **भः** ) Fear. **भ** to shine, or **भ** to  
 fear, aff. **भ**.  
**भ**क्रिका f. (-का) A cricket.  
**भ** mfn. ( **भः**: **भः**: **भः** ) 1. Attached or attentive to, devoted to, engrossed  
 by. 2. Served, worshipped. 3. Dressed, cooked. 4. Distributed.  
 5. Divided. 6. Loyal. n. ( **भः** ) 1. Boiled-rice. 2. Food. 3. Any  
 edible grain boiled with water. 4. A share. m. ( **भः** ) A follower,  
 a votary. **भ** to serve, &c. aff. **भ**.  
**भ**कर m. ( **भः** ) Factitious incense, incense prepared from various fra-  
 grant resins and perfumes. **भ** **भ** dressed, and **भ** making.  
**भ**कार m. ( **भः** ) A cook. **भ** **भ** boiled rice, and **भ** who makes.  
**भ**कृद् n. ( **भः** ) Appetite, wish for food. **भ** **भ** and **भ** will.  
**भ**क्रा f. ( **भः** ) Nectar.  
**भ**क्रता f. ( **भः** ) Devotedness, implied faith in and attachment to. **भ** **भ**  
 and **भ** aff.; also with **भ**, **भ** and **भ**.

भङ्गम् n. (यं) Music played at the hour of eating, amongst princes and great men. ३. भङ्ग rice or food, and तृयं a musical instrument.  
 भङ्ग m. (दः) A supporter, a maintainer. ३. भङ्ग and द who gives : also भङ्गदायकं, भङ्गदायिन्, &c.  
 भङ्गदाह m. (ताः) A maintainer, a feeder. ३. भङ्ग food and दाह a donor.  
 भङ्गदास m. (सः) A slave, one maintained in consideration of service. ३. भङ्ग food, दास a slave.  
 भङ्गि f. (भिः) 1. Service, worship. 2. Faith, belief. 3. Devotion or attachment to. 4. Part, portion. 5. Fracture, division. 6. Metonymy. ३. भङ्ग to serve, or भङ्ग to break, aff. क्तिन् ।  
 भङ्गिन् mfn. (भङ्ग-सती-सत्) Faithful, devoted to. ३. भङ्गि and सत् aff.  
 भङ्गियोग m. (नः) Devotion or worship, as shewn by implicit faith in any divinity. ३. भङ्गि and योग devotion.  
 भङ्गिल m. (नः) 1. A good horse. 2. A follower, a votary. ३. भङ्गि service, &c. ला to afford, aff. क । [bite].  
 भङ्ग r. 1st and 10th cls. (भङ्गति भङ्गयति-ने) 1. To eat. 2. To waste. 3. To break mfn. (भङ्ग-का-कं) 1. Gluttonous, voracious, gourmand. 2. A feeder, an eater, who or what eats. f. (भङ्गिका) A meal, a feed. ३. भङ्ग to eat, aff. भङ् ।  
 भङ्गकार m. (रः) A confectioner, a pastry cook. ३. भङ्ग food, कार who prepares ; also भङ्गकार ।  
 भङ्गण n. (चं) Eating. ३. भङ्ग to eat, aff. छुट् ।  
 भङ्गणीय mfn. (यः-या-यं) Eatable, to be eaten. ३. भङ्ग and णीय aff.  
 भङ्गण mfn. (यः-या-यं) Eating. ३. भङ्ग to eat, णान् aff.  
 भङ्गयत् mfn. (यन्-यन्ती-यत्) Eaten. ३. भङ्ग to eat, श्छ aff.  
 भङ्गित mfn. (तः-ता-तं) Eaten. ३. भङ्ग to eat, aff. क् ।  
 भङ्गितव्य mfn. (व्यः-व्या-व्यं) To be eaten, what may be eaten. ३. भङ्ग to eat, तव्य aff. ; also भङ्गयितव्य ।  
 भङ्ग्य mfn. (व्यः-व्या-व्यं) Eatable. n. (व्यं) Food. ३. भङ्ग to eat, aff. यत् ।  
 भङ्ग्यकार m. (रः) A baker. ३. भङ्ग्य eatable and कार who makes or prepares ; also भङ्ग्यकार ।  
 भङ्ग्यमाण mfn. (यः-या-यं) To be eaten. ३. भङ्ग to eat, pass. v., णान् aff.  
 भग n. (नं) 1. Pudendum muliebre. 2. Fortune, prosperity. 3. Beauty, splendour. 4. Excellence, greatness. 5. Desire, wish, love. 6. Strength, vigour. 7. Effort, exertion. 8. Fame, glory. 9. Knowledge. 10. Absence of passion, the tranquillity of the religious man, who has divested himself of worldly excitability. 11. Omnipotence, supreme or divine power. 12. Virtue, moral merit. 13. Final emancipation. m. (नः) 1. The sun. 2. One of the twelve suns or A'dityas. 3. The moon. 4. A form of S'iva. ३. भङ्ग to serve, &c. न aff.  
 भगव m. (वः) 1. The whole multitude of stars. 2. Revolution of the planets in the Zodiac. 3. The Zodiac.  
 भगदेवता f. (ता) Hymeneal divinity. ३. भग and देवता divinity.  
 भगद् m. (रः) Fistula in ano. ३. भग the vulva, द् to divide, aff. छुट् ।  
 भगवत् mfn. (वान्-वती-वत्) Respectable, worshipful, adorable, and hence the common appellative of a prince or deity. m. (वान्) One of the generic titles of a Jina or Jaina deified sage. f. (वती) 1. A name of GAURI. 2. Any goddess. ३. भग fortune, supremacy, &c., and सत् poss. aff.  
 भगवुर m. (रः) The clitoris. ३. भग and वुर a shoot.  
 भगवत् m. (वः) The human skull. ३. भग S'iva, वत् to adorn, aff. वत् ।  
 भगवत् m. (वः) A name of S'iva. ३. भगवत् a skull, and वत् aff.  
 भगिन् f. (नी) Adj. 1. Prosperous, fortunate. 2. Grand, splendid.  
 भगिनी f. (नी) 1. A sister. 2. A lucky woman. 3. A woman in general. ३. भग prosperity, desire, वत् and वत् affs.  
 भगीरथ m. (थः) A king of the solar dynasty, whose austerities brought down GANGA, the river, from heaven to the earth.  
 भगोल m. (लः) The starry sphere.  
 भगीवत् Ind. A particle used as a respectful term of address. ३. भगवत्

reverend and चीव् irregularly substituted for the three final letters.  
 भङ्ग mfn. (भङ्ग-वा-व) 1. Torn, broken. 2. Overcome, defeated. 3. Disregarded, despised. 4. Disappointed. 5. Destroyed. 6. Checked. n. (भङ्ग) Fracture of the leg. ३. भङ्ग to break, aff. क् ।  
 भङ्गजान् mfn. (जः-जा-जं) Having a broken leg. ३. भङ्ग and जान् the knee.  
 भङ्गजन् mfn. (जः-जा-जं) Confronting, encountering, coming before or in front of. ३. भङ्ग disregarded and जन् the back, heedless of what is behind.  
 भङ्गजन् m. (नः) 1. Disorder, confusion. 2. Want of method or arrangement in composition. ३. भङ्ग and जन् proceeding.  
 भङ्गसन्धि n. (नः) Butter milk. ३. भङ्ग broken, सन्धि union, and सन्धि aff.; divided by churning.  
 भङ्गाजन् m. (नः) The moon. ३. भङ्ग broken and चाजन् the body ; having been cut in two by the trident of S'iva, as a punishment for having violated the wife of VRIHASPATI.  
 भङ्गाजन् mfn. (नः-जा-जं) Disappointed. ३. भङ्ग and चाजन् expectation.  
 भङ्गी f. (नी) A sister. ३. भङ्ग to share, aff. क्, fem. aff. छीप् । [offort].  
 भङ्गीयन् mfn. (नः-जा-जं) 1. Labouring in vain. 2. Baffled. ३. भङ्ग, चयन् भङ्गारी f. (नी) A bat. [to break, छुट् aff.  
 भङ्गु mfn. (भङ्ग-जी-जं) Breaking, a breaker, who or what breaks. ३. भङ्गु  
 भङ्ग m. (नः) 1. Breaking, splitting. 2. A chasm, a fissure, a division. 3. Defeat, discomfiture. 4. Disappointment. 5. Fear. 6. Dishonesty, fraud, circumvention, cheating. 7. Going, motion. 8. A wave. 9. A water-course, a canal. 10. Disease in general. 11. A disease, (hemiplegia, palsy). 12. Interruption of the voice. f. (नः) 1. Hemp, (Cannabis sativa). 2. A plant, commonly Teori. 3. A fibrous plant from which a sort of flax is obtained, (Crotolaria juncea.) ३. भङ्ग to break, aff. वत् ।  
 भङ्गभाज् mfn. (भाज्) Breaking, being broken. ३. भङ्ग, and भाज् partaking.  
 भङ्गबासा f. (सा) Tumeric.  
 भङ्गबास्य mfn. (यः-या-यं) Crafty, fraudulent, dishonest. ३. भङ्ग breaking, fraud, &c., स for सत् with, and बास्य object.  
 भङ्गान् m. (नः) A sort of fish, (Cyprinus Banggana, Ham.) ३. भङ्ग a wave, वत् to live, aff. वत् ।  
 भङ्गारी f. (नी) A bat.  
 भङ्गि f. (भिः-जो) 1. Fracture, division, separation. 2. Fraud, decoption, trick, disguise. 3. Irony. 4. Wit, repartee. 5. A wave. 6. A crooked path. 7. A step. 8. Modesty. 9. A current. 10. Interval. 11. Circumlocation. ३. भङ्ग to break, aff. वत्, छीप् optionally added.  
 भङ्गील n. (लः) Defeat in the organ of sense.  
 भङ्गुर mfn. (रः-री-रं) 1. Crooked, bent. 2. Fraudulent, crafty, dishonest. 3. Perishable. m. (रः) The bend or elbow of a river. ३. भङ्ग to break, aff. वुरत् ।  
 भङ्ग n. (नः) A field of hemp. ३. भङ्ग hemp, यत् aff.  
 भङ्ग r. 1st cl. (वो) भङ्गी (भङ्गति-ने) 1. To serve, to worship. 2. To possess, to enjoy, (carnally.) r. 10th cl. (भङ्गयति) 1. To give. 2. To dress or cook. 3. To separate or divide ; see भङ्ग (र) भङ्गि r. 10th 'cl. (भङ्गयति) 1. To shine. 2. To speak ; with वि prefixed, to measure ; with प्र and वि, to discriminate, to discuss.  
 भङ्गु mfn. (भङ्ग-जन्ती-जन्) 1. Serving, waiting upon. 2. Enjoying, (carnally.) 3. Dividing, sharing. ३. भङ्ग to serve, &c., श्छ aff.  
 भङ्गन. (नः) 1. Service, adoration. 2. Possessing or enjoying carnally. 3. Sharing. m. (नः) The sound of the conch. ३. भङ्ग to serve, aff. छुट् ।  
 भङ्गमान mfn. (नः-जा-नं) 1. Serving, waiting. 2. Enjoying, possessing, (carnally.) 3. Dividing, sharing. 4. Right, fit, proper. ३. भङ्ग to serve, &c., णान् aff.  
 भङ्ग (वो, ची) चीवन्ती r. 7th cl. (भङ्गति) To break, to destroy.

मखक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Who or what breaks, severs, divides, destroys, &c. इ. मख् to break, क्त्वा aff.

मखन् mfn. (-न्-खन्-खन्) Breaking, destroying इ. मख्, and क्त्वा aff.

मखन् nf. (-न्-नी) 1. Breaking, destroying. 2. Afflicting. 3. Arresting. 4. Causing violent pain. 5. Routing. 6. Removing. m. (-न्) Decay of teeth. इ. मख् to break, क्त्वा aff.

• मखनक m. (कः) A disease of the mouth, contortion of the lips, and decay of the teeth इ. मखन्, and क्त्वा added.

मखन m. (-न्) A tree growing near a temple. इ. मख् to break, क्त्वा aff.

मट r. 1st cl. (मटति) 1. To hold or cherish. 2. To hire or maintain. 3. To speak. (इ) मटि r. 10th cl. (मटयति) To deceive.

मट m. (टः) 1. A mercenary. 2. A warrior, a soldier, a combatant. 3. A barbarian, or outcaste of a particular tribe. 4. A goblin. इ. मट् to maintain, aff. क्त्वा । [इत्त aff.]

मटिच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Rosted on a spit, (meat, &c.) इ. मट् to nourish, मट् m. (-टः) 1. A philosopher, a learned man, especially one conversant with the philosophical systems. 2. An enemy. 3. Best excellent. 4. Authority 5. A band in general. इ. मट्-तन् ।

मटार mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Worshipful, reverend, entitled to homage or respect : see the next.

मटारक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Venerable, respectable, entitled to reverence or to homage m. (-कः) 1. A sage, a Muni or saint 2. A deity. 3. (In theatrical language,) A king 4. The sun. 5. A term especially applied to a Bauddha teacher. इ. मट् to nourish, aff. क्त्वा, इत् to pass, aff. क्त्वा and त् changed to टः; otherwise with टल् to be continued, the same aff. and क्त्वा changed to चः a cherisher and punisher, a distributor of rewards and punishments; again, मट् said here to mean, authority क्त्वा to go to or obtain. क्त्वा aff. क्त्वा added.

मटारकवार n. (र) Sunday इ. मटारक and वार a day.

मटिनी f. (-नी) 1. A queen, not crowned. 2. The wife of a Bra'hman. In plays the word is often used by maids-in-waiting in addressing a queen or princess इ. मट् authority : see etymology of the last word. इत्ति and डीय affs.

मट् (इ) मटि r. 1st cl. (मटये) 1. To rally, to deride or treat with merriment. 2. To jest, to joke 3. To speak. 4. To upbraid, to reprove. r. 1st and 10th cls. (मटये मटयति-चे) To do an auspicious act.

मटिल m. (-लः) 1. A servant. 2. A hero. इ. मट् a Sautra root, to be happy, Una'di aff. इत्त ।

मट् r. 1st cl. (मटति) To sound, to utter articulate sound, to speak or say. With प्रति. to reply.

मणित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Sounded, spoken, uttered. इ. मण् to speak, aff. क्त्वा । मणिति f. (-तिः) Speech, speaking इ. मण् to speak, aff. क्त्वा, with the augment इट्

मट्याकी f. (-की) The egg plant, (Solanum melongena.) इ. मट् to nourish, aff. क्त्वा, and नृन् augment. "वेगुन्" । [इत्त aff. क्त्वा ।

मट् m. (खः) A mine, a jester, a buffoon, an actor. इ. मटि to deride.

मट्क m. (-कः) A wagtail. इ. क्त्वा added to the preceding.

मट्कन n. (-नः) 1. Armour, mail. 2. War, battle. 3. Evil, wickedness, mischief. इ. मटि to blame, &c., aff. क्त्वा । [delights.

मट्कहासिनी f. (-नी) A whore, a harlot. इ. मट्क a jester, and हासिनी who मखि f. (-खिः-खी) 1. A plant, from the wood of which a red dye is prepared; Bengal ma'dda'r. (Rubia manjith, Rox.) 2. A wave. इ. मडि to be auspicious, &c. aff. इत्त; also with क्त्वा added मखिका; also मखिरी and मखीरी । [मखीरी, &c.

मखिर m. (-रः) A tree, (Mimosa sirisha.) f. (-री) Ma'dda'r. इ. See मखिल मखिल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) 1. A messenger, one sent or dispatched. 2. Fortunate, happy, prosperous, auspicious. m. (-लः) 1. A messenger. 2. An artizan. 3. A tree, (Mimosa sirisha.) इ. मडि to be happy, &c., Una'di aff. इत्त; also र being substituted for ल, मखिर, or the short vowel being lengthened, मखीय ।

मखीरी f. (-री) The Bengal ma'dda'r tree : see मखि. इ. मडि to be auspicious, इत्त aff.

मखीय m. (-यः) The Sirisha tree : see मखिल । [कवन् aff.]

मख् क m. (-कः) A flower, (Bignonia Indica.) इ. मडि to be auspicious, मट् (इ) मडि r. 1st and 10th cls. (मडति ते मडयति) 1. To do an auspicious act. 2. To be happy, well, prosperous, &c. 3. To shine.

मदन mfn. (-नः-नी-न) 1. Reverend, venerable, worshipped or adored. 2. Brilliant, splendid. m. (-नः) 1. A Saugata, a Bauddha, a heterodox or sceptical philosopher 2. A devotee, an ascetic. मडि to be happy or pleased, to shine, Una'di aff. क्त्वा, and the nasal rejected.

मदाक mn. (-कः-का-क) Prosperous, fortunate, auspicious. इ. मडि to be happy, Una'di aff. क्त्वा ।

मह mfn. (-हः-दा-ह) 1. Happy, prosperous, lucky, propitious. 2. Best, excellent. 3. Pure, pious, virtuous. n. Subst. (-ह) 1. Prosperity, fortune, happiness. (Adv.) Happy, well, right. n. (-ह) 1. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus.) 2. Gold. 3. Iron or steel. nf. (-ह-ही) One of the astrological periods called Karanas, the seventh; also called Vishti, regarded as an unlucky period. m. (-हः) 1. A name of Si'va 2. A wagtail. 3. A bull. 4. A heap, a multitude. 5. A description of elephant, one of four classes into which they are divided. 6. Mount Méru. 7. One of the nine persons termed Suklabalas by the Jainas 8. A title of reverential address. 9. A hypocrite. f. (-ह) 1. The Ganges of heaven. 2. The ichneumon plant : see राक्ता 3. Indigo. 4. Asclepias pseudosarsa. 5. A shrub, (Poderia foetida.) 6. A medicinal plant, commonly Kayap'hal. 7. A name of the second, seventh, and twelfth days of the lunar fortnight. 8. A female Sakti' or deity of the Jains. 9. One of the four divisions of the Ganges, according to the Pura'nas, that which flows to the northern Kuru 10. A tree, (Gmelina arborea.) 11. A cow. 12. Turmeric. 13. Dear. 14. Hypocritical. 15. Head, chief. 16. A term of respect used in addressing ladies. इ. मडि to happy, Una'di aff. इत्त and the nasal rejected.

मद्रक mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Beautiful, pleasing, agreeable. 2. Respectable, worthy, estimable. 3. Lucky, fortunate. n. (-कः) A sort of grass, (Cyperus pertenuis.) m. (-कः) A sort of pine, (Pinus Devadaru) इ. क्त्वा added to the last.

मद्रकाली f. (-ली) 1. One the forms of the goddess DURGA'. 2. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus pertenuis or rotundus.) इ. मद्र Si'va, क्त्वा to approximate, affs. क्त्वा and डीय ।

मद्रकुम्भ m. (-भः) A golden jar filled with water from a holy place, or with the water of the Ganges and used especially at the consecration of a king. इ. मद्र auspicious and कुम्भ a water jar.

मद्रगणित n. (-तः) The construction of magical diagrams.

मद्रगणिका f. (-का) A creeping plant, (Asclepias pseudosarsa, the narrow-leaved variety.) इ. मद्र auspicious and गण् smell, affs. क्त्वा and टाप्; some copies read मद्रगणिका in place of this word. "मुसदे".

मद्रघट m. (-टः) A vessel from which a lottery is drawn.

मद्रहर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Auspicious, conferring happiness or prosperity. इ. मद्र happy and क्त्वा to make, aff. क्त्वा ।

मद्रचूड m. (-डः) A sort of Euphorbia, (E. tirucalli.) इ. मद्र propitious and चूडा a crest. "कहासिन्" । [इत्त wood.

मद्रदार m. (-रः) A sort of pine, (Pinus Devada'ru.) इ. मद्र auspicious and मद्रदायादिक m. (-कः) A class of thirty-one medicinal plants and subtances. इ. मद्रदार the pine, चादि etcetera, क्त्वा added.

मद्रनामन् m. (-नः) The wood-pecker. इ. मद्र auspicious and नामन् a name.

मद्रपदा f. (-दा) A name given to the 26th and 27th lunar asterisms : see मद्रपदा ।

मद्रपर्वा f. (-र्वा) A shrub, (Poderia foetida.) इ. मद्र auspicious, पर्वा a leaf, and टाप् fem. aff. "मासाव" ।



**अवली** f. (-ली) 1. A tree, (*Gmelina arborea*.) 2. A shrub, (*Poederia foetida*.) E. अव lucky, पत्तं a leaf, and उली fem. aff. [sect.]  
**अवलीट** n. (-ट) 1. A splendid seat, a throne. 2. A king of winged-in-  
**अवलीन** m. (-नः) A name of BALARA'MA. E. अव conferring happiness and बल to be strong, aff. वल् ।  
**अवलीका** f. (-का) A shrub, (*Poederia foetida*.)  
**अवलीका** f. (-का) A kind of cucumber, (*Cucumis Madraspatanus*.)  
**अवलीक** m. (-कः) A fragrant grass, (*Cyperus portenauis*.) E. अव lucky and सुलक *Cyperus*.  
**अवली** m. (-गः) A particular kind of elephant.  
**अवली** n. (-वः) The seed of the Echites or Wrightea antidysenterica. E. अव lucky, and वः seed.  
**अवली** m. (-वः) The elephant of INDRA. E. अव auspicious and वः dust.  
**अवली** f. (-ली) A tree, (*Gmelina arborea*.)  
**अवली** m. (-ली) Double jasmine.  
**अवली** f. (-ली) 1. Arabian jasmine, (*Jasminum zambac*.) 2. The large Bengal creeper, (*Gaertnora, racemosa*.) E. अव lucky, वली a creeper.  
**अवली** n. (-वः) Sandal. E. अव auspicious, वः for आश्रय asylum, place of growing.  
**अवली** f. (-ली) Sandal-wood. E. अव best, वः excellence or beauty.  
**अवली** f. (-ली) A name of GANGA'. E. अव SIVA, वः with or equal to, उमा the wife of SIVA ; equally dear with UMA' to that deity.  
**अवली** n. (-वः) Shaving. E. अव auspicious, with वः aff., and वः to do, aff. वः ।  
**अवली** m. (-जः) A sword, a scimitar. E. अव iron, and वः born.  
**अवली** m. (-कः) One of the eighteen minor Dwipas, or divisions of the world. E. अव prosperity, वः to go to, or attain, aff. वल् ।  
**अवली** f. (-का) A shrub, (*Poederia foetida*.) E. अव auspicious, वः what is equal to, and पत्तं a leaf, aff. वः । "मायावः ।"  
**अवली** f. (-ली) A shrub, (*Poederia foetida*.) E. अव the same plant, वः to go or be, affs. वः and वः ।  
**अवली** n. (-वः) One of the four Maha' Dwipas, into which the known world is divided, according to some systems ; or according to another system, one of the nine Khandas, or smaller divisions of the continent ; in either case it is the east division. m. (-वः) One of the nine sons of AGNIDHRA, whom the division of the earth called Bhadrā'swa was assigned and from whom it was so named. E. अव auspicious, वः a horse. [habitation.]  
**अवली** m. (-वः) Sandal-wood. E. अव auspicious and वः abode,  
**अवली** n. (-वः) 1. A throne. 2. A peculiar posture, in which abstract meditation is performed by the devotee ; the legs bent and crossed underneath, and turned so as to bring the ankles in contact with the perineum, whilst the soles of the feet are held close to the sides. E. अव auspicious or beautiful and वः a seat or sitting.  
**अवली** f. (-का) 1. An amulet. 2. Name of the second, seventh and twenty days of a lunar fortnight.  
**अवली** f. (-ली) A plant, (*Sida cordifolia*.)  
**अवली** n. (-वः) Good, happiness, welfare, prosperity. 2. Tremulous motion. m. (-वः) A messenger. E. अव to be auspicious, Una'di aff. वः ।  
**अवली** m. (-तिः) The moon. E. वः a star, and वः chief.  
**अवली** m. (-वः) 1. Smoke. 2. A fly. E. अव imitative sound, वः to emit sound, to shine, &c. and वः aff.  
**अवली** f. (-का) A gnat, a musquito. E. अवली a fly and वः aff.  
**अवली** f. (-ली) A fly, especially of a large sort. E. अव imitative sound, repeated, वः to make, and वः aff.; making a buzzing noise.  
**अवली** m. (-रः) A sovereign of Magadha ; also SRENIKA.  
**अवली** mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) Frightful, fearful, horrible, dreadful. n. (-वः) 1. Fear, alarm, fright, dread. 2. The flower of the *Trapa bispinosa*. m. (-वः) Sickness. E. वः to be afraid, वः aff.

**अवली** mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Terrifying, frightening. E. अव and वः what causes.

**अवली** mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Fearful, formidable, frightful. E. अव fear, वः to make, वः aff. [gives.]

**अवली** mfn. (-दः-दा-दः) Fearful, terrifying. E. अव and दः who or what अवली mfn. (-ली-ली-ली) Fearful, frightful. E. अव, वः appearing.

**अवली** mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Terrific. E. अव and वः what gives.

**अवली** mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Routed, put to flight. E. अव fear, वः flown, fled.

**अवली** m. (-रः) Removal of fear. E. अव and वः counteraction.

**अवली** mfn. (-दः-दा-दः) Causing or inspiring fear. E. अव and वः who or what gives. [occasion.]

**अवली** m. (-वः) Season or occasion of alarm. E. अव, and वः

**अवली** mfn. (-टः-टा-टः) Put to flight. E. अव fear, वः fallen, gone.

**अवली** mfn. (-ली-ली-ली) Alarming, fearful. E. अव, and वः causing.

**अवली** mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Panic-struck. E. अव and वः immersed in.

**अवली** mfn. (-मा-मा-मः) Horrified. E. अव, वः having the hair erect.

**अवली** n. (-मः) Seat or part exposed to peril or hurt. E. अव, and वः place.

**अवली** n. (-वः) Cause of alarm. E. अव and वः cause.

**अवली** mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Afraid. E. अव and वः affected.

**अवली** mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Frightened, afraid. E. अव and वः afflicted.

**अवली** mfn. (-कः-को-कः) Frightful, formidable, terrific. n. (-कः) Terror. m. (-कः) 1. RA'HU or the personified ascending node. 2. A tiger.

3. One of the nine sentiments in poetry, or the sentiment of terror, as excited by poetical or dramatic composition. E. वः to fear, वः Una'di aff.

**अवली** m. (-वः) A king, a sovereign. E. अव fear, वः before, वः to quit, to oppose or remove from, aff. वः ।

**अवली** mfn. (-दः-दा-दः) Formidable, fearful. E. अव fear, वः to bear, aff. वः and वः prefixed. [bent.]

**अवली** mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Engrossed by fear. E. अव, वः alone, वः

**अवली** mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Attended with or succeeded by fear. E. अव and वः subsequent. [lising.]

**अवली** m. (-नः) Encouraging, allaying fear. E. अव and वः tranquil-  
**अवली** Adv. n. (-रः) Much, excessive. Noun. m. (-रः) A measure of weight, two thousand Palas. mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Who or what

cherishes, upholds, supports, &c. E. वः to cherish, वः aff. ; or with वः aff. वः, q. v. [वटम् ।]

**अवली** m. (-टः) 1. A potter. 2. A servant. E. वः to cherish, Una'di aff.

**अवली** n. (-वः) 1. Cherishing, maintaining, nourishing, supporting. 2. Wages, hire. 3. The constellation Bharan'i' f. (-ली) 1. The name of the second lunar asterism, containing three stars, (Musca,) and figured by the pudendum muliebri. 2. A creeper, commonly Gho-

sha'. E. वः to nourish, वः aff.

**अवली** m. (-वः) The personified ascending node or Ra'hu. E. अवली the asterism personified as a nymph and वः born.

**अवली** mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Fit or proper to be cherished or maintained, a dependent. E. वः to nourish, वः aff.

**अवली** m. (-वः) 1. A master, an owner, a lord, a husband. 2. A sovereign, a king. 3. A bull. E. वः to nourish, Una'di aff. वः ।

**अवली** mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) To be cherished or protected. n. (-वः) 1. Wages, hire. 2. Cherishing, maintaining. 3. The asterism Bharan'i' f. (-वः) A woman. E. अवली maintaining and वः aff.

**अवली** mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) A labourer, a hireling, one who works for hire. E. अवली wages or hire, वः to eat, aff. वः ।

**अवली** f. (-वः) A plant, commonly Ra'madu'ti.

**अवली** m. (-वः) 1. A master, a protector. 2. The sun, 3. The moon.

4. The fire. E. वः to nourish, वः aff.

अक्ष mfn. (-रन् रणी रत्) Upholding, supporting, having, cherishing. *अक्ष* to cherish, *अक्ष* aff.

अक्ष m. (-तः) 1. The younger brother of RA'MA. 2. The son of DUSHYANTA by SAKUNTALA'. 3. The name of a sage or Muni. 4. The name of a celebrated writer on dramatic composition, of which he is also sometimes considered as the inventor; the term is also applied to his work, which appears to have been a body of Sūtras, or rules relating to every branch of theatrical writing and exhibition; it is said to be lost, but is constantly quoted by the commentators on the Nāṭakas or Indian dramas. 5. An actor, a dancer, a mime. 6. A barbarian, a mountaineer, a savage. 7. A weaver. 8. A descendant of BHARATA. *अक्ष* to nourish, *अक्ष* Una'di aff.

अक्षपुत्रक m. (-कः) An actor, a mime. *अक्ष* the dramatic author, पुत्र a son and कन् aff. of comparison.

अक्षप्रज्ञ f. (-ज्ञः) A name of KAIKE'YI, wife of DASARATHA and mother of BHARATA. *अक्ष* as above and प्रज्ञ parent; hence equally applicable to SAKUNTALA', &c.

अक्षवर्ष n. (-र्षः) India. *अक्ष* the son of DUSHYANTA and वर्ष region; he is supposed to have been the first emperor or monarch of all India.

अक्षयज m. (-जः) A name of RA'MA. *अक्ष* and यज elder.

अक्षय m. (-यः) 1. A sovereign, a king. 2. Fire. 3. A deity presiding over one of the regions of the world. *अक्ष* to nourish, aff. *अक्ष*।

अक्षयज m. (-जः) 1. A sky lark. 2. The name of a Muni. 3. The son of VISHNUPATI'. *अक्ष* upholding and यज a wing; also भारवाज।

अक्षयज m. (-जः) A lark. *अक्ष* added to the preceding.

अक्षित mfn. (-तः ता or -ती-त) 1. Green, of a green colour. 2. Nourished. 3. Filled. *अक्ष* to nourish, Una'di aff. *अक्षित*।

अक्षित m. (-तः) Nourishing, cherishing. *अक्ष* to nourish, aff. *अक्षित*।

अक्ष m. (-क्षः) 1. A name of VISHN'U. 2. A name of S'IVA. 3. Gold. 4. A husband, a lord. 5. The sea. *अक्ष* to nourish, Una'di aff. *अक्ष*।

अक्ष m. (-क्षः) A jackal.

अक्षत n. (-तः) Fried-meat.

अक्ष Ind. War. *अक्ष*-उट-कन्।

अक्ष m. (-क्षः) 1. A name of S'IVA. 2. Light, lustre. 3. A name BRAHMA'. 4. Cooking, frying. *अक्ष* to fry, aff. *अक्ष*; having scorched KA'MADEVA to ashes, with a look.

अक्ष f. (-क्षः) 1. Frying. 2. Annihilating. n. (-क्षः) 1. The act of frying or roasting. 2. A frying-pan. *अक्ष* to fry, aff. *अक्ष*। [aff. तय।

अक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्ष्य-क्ष्य) To be cherished or maintained. *अक्ष* to nourish, *अक्ष* mfn. (-क्षः-क्ष्य-क्ष्य) 1. A cherisher, a nourisher, a protector. 2. A holder, a supporter. m. (-क्षः) 1. A husband. 2. A lord, a master. *अक्ष* to nourish, &c. aff. *अक्ष*।

अक्षिणी f. (-णी) The murderess of her husband. *अक्ष*, a husband, *क्षिणी* to kill, aff. *अक्षिणी* and *क्षिणी* substituted for the radical.

अक्षिता f. (-ता) 1. Masterhood. 2. Husbandship. *अक्ष* added to the last; also with त्व, *अक्षिता*। [गत gone.

अक्षिता mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Subject, married. *अक्ष* 2nd case, and *अक्षिता* m. (-क्षः) A young prince, designated as successor, and associated to the empire, (in theatrical language.) f. (-क्षिता) (in theatrical language.) A princess. *अक्ष* the master or monarch, and *क्षिता* the son.

अक्षिणी m. (-निः) The brother of VIKRAMA'DITYA, prince and poet. *अक्ष* a prince and *क्षिणी* VISHN'U, a deity amongst kings.

अक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्ष्य-क्ष्य) Maintained, nourished, supported. *अक्ष* to nourish, *अक्ष* aff. and *अक्ष* added. [menace.

अक्ष r. 10th cl. (अक्षयति-ते) To reprove, to reproach, to abuse or menace n. (-क्षः) 1. Threat, menace. 2. Reproach, abuse, cursing, reviling. *अक्ष* to abuse, aff. *अक्ष*।

अक्ष r. 1st cl. (अक्षति) To injure.

अक्ष n. (-क्षः) 1. Gold. 2. Hire, wages. 3. The navel. 4. A particular coin. 5. Dhu'tura'. *अक्ष* to nourish, Una'di aff. *अक्ष*, whence it is properly *अक्ष*, q. v.

अक्षय f. (-यः) Wages, hire. *अक्ष* hire, *अक्ष* aff.

अक्ष n. (-क्षः) 1. Wages, hire. 2. Gold. 3. The navel. 4. A coin, a piece of money. 5. Support, maintenance. *अक्ष* to nourish, Una'di aff. *अक्ष*।

अक्ष r. 1st cl. (अक्षति) To hurt, to injure.

अक्ष r. 1st and 10th cls. (अक्षते भाषयते) 1. To describe, to expound, to explain. 2. To see. r. 1st cl. 1. To hurt, to injure. 2. To give. r. 10th cl. To throw up.

अक्ष f. (-ता) A shrub, (Poederia foetida.)

अक्ष r. 1st cl. (अक्षते) 1. To tell, to describe. 2. To hurt, to injure, to wound or kill. 3. To give.

अक्ष m. (-क्षः) 1. A bear. 2. An epithet of S'IVA. mn. (-क्षः-क्षः) A kind of arrow. f. (-क्षी) 1. An arrow, with a crescent-shaped head. 2. The marking-nut plant; also अक्षतकी. *अक्ष* to hurt or kill, aff. *अक्ष*।

अक्ष m. (-क्षः) A bear. *अक्ष* added to the preceding.

अक्षय f. (-यः) A plant, (Hedysarum lagopodioides.) *अक्ष* a bear, पुष्प a tail; to which the flower is compared.

अक्ष m. (-तः) Marking-nut plant. *अक्ष*. See the next.

अक्षतक mfn. (-कः-क्षी-क्षी) The marking-nut plant, (Semicarpus anacardium.) *अक्ष* an arrow, *अक्ष* to resemble, aff. *अक्ष* with कन् added; wounding like a weapon; also अक्षत, अक्षी, &c.

अक्षिणी f. (-णी) Marking-nut. *अक्ष* added to अक्षी.

अक्ष m. (-क्षः) A bear. *अक्ष* to hurt, aff. *अक्ष*; also अक्ष.

अक्ष m. (-क्षः) A bear. *अक्ष* to injure, Una'di aff. *अक्ष*; also अक्ष and अक्ष।

अक्ष m. (-क्षः) 1. Being, existing, the self-support of something already produced. 2. Birth. 3. Origin, production. 4. The place or means of being. 5. The state of being. 6. The being or becoming possessed of any thing, as family, cattle, &c. 7. Welfare, prosperity. 8. Obtaining, acquisition. 9. Excellence, superiority. 10. The world. 11. A deity, a god. 12. A name of S'IVA. 13. The world. 14. Life. n. (-क्षः) A fruit, the fruit of the Dillenia speciosa. *अक्ष* to be, aff. *अक्ष*।

अक्षय m. (-यः) A forest-conflagration. *अक्ष* being, *अक्ष* voracious.

अक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्ष्य-क्ष्य) Thou; but used as a respectful term of address, as Sir or Lord, and governing the verb in the third person. *अक्ष* to shine, *अक्ष* Una'di aff. mfn. (-क्षः-क्ष्य-क्ष्य) 1. Present. 2. Being, existing. f. (-क्षी) A poisoned arrow. *अक्ष* to be, participial aff. *अक्ष*।

अक्षय mfn. (-यः-क्ष्य-क्ष्य) Yours, your honour's. *अक्ष* as above and *अक्ष* aff.

अक्ष mfn. (-क्षी-क्षी-क्षी) Afraid. *अक्ष* being and *अक्ष* fear.

अक्ष n. (-क्षः) 1. A house, a dwelling. 2. A nature, a quality. 3. The place of abiding or being, scite, field, spot, &c. 4. Production. *अक्ष* to be, aff. *अक्ष*।

अक्षयिणी f. (-णी) Sarayu the river, which runs from the Himalaya chain and falls into the Gograh with which it is then confluent. *अक्ष* being and *अक्षिणी* destructress, giving eternal happiness, being a sacred stream.

अक्षय mfn. (-यः-क्ष्य-क्ष्य) To be or become, what is or ought to be. *अक्ष* to be, *अक्ष* aff. of the gerund.

अक्षय n. (-यः) The interior apartments. *अक्ष* and *अक्ष* belly.

अक्ष m. (-क्षः) Time in general, or time present. f. (-क्षी) A virtuous wife. *अक्ष* to be, Una'di aff. *अक्ष*।

अक्ष m. (-क्षः) Time being, the present. *अक्ष* to be, Una'di aff. *अक्ष*।

अक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्ष्य-क्ष्य) Living, sharing the world. *अक्ष*, and *अक्ष* who possesses.

अवमति न. (-तिः) The author of MA'LATI MA'DHAVA and other dramas.  
 E. अव the world, भूति increase, in wisdom, &c.  
 अवदद् f. (-दद् वत्) A drum played at funerals. E. अव being, वद् to weep or wail, aff. क्तिप् ।  
 अवमोति f. (-तिः) 1. Liberation from the world, cessation from worldly acts. 2. End of the world. E. अव and वीति passing away.  
 अवामना f. (-ना) The goddess MANASA'.  
 अवदद् mfn. (-दद्) Like you, your like. E. अवन् you, वद् to show, aff. क्तिप् ; also अवदद्, and अवदद् ।  
 अवमो f. (-मो) The goddess PA'RVATI' or DURGA', in her pacific and amiable form. E. अव S'IVA, fem. aff. डोप्, and आगुक् augment.  
 अवमोतु m. (-तुः) The personified Hima'laya mountain. E. अवमो the goddess, and तु here put for father ; DURGA' in this form being the daughter of the mountain.  
 अवभाव m. (-वः) 1. Non-existence of the world. 2. A sage, one unaffected by worldly infirmities. E. अव, and अवभाव non-existence.  
 अवभिभाविन् mfn. (-वि-विनी-वि) Superior to or overcoming the world. E. अव and अवभिभाविन् disgracing.  
 अवगम्ना f. (-गम्) The Ganges. E. अव the world, and गम् going.  
 अविक mfn. (-कः का-कं) 1. Prosperous, happy, wellfaring. 2. Beneficial, n. (-कं) Prosperity, welfare. E. अव being, (for well being,) and टन् aff.  
 अवित mfn. (-तः-ता तं) Been, become. E. अव being, वत् aff.  
 अवितव्य mfn. (-व्यः व्या-व्य) To be or become, what is to be. E. भू to be, तव्य aff. of the gerund.  
 अवितव्यता f. (-ता) Fate, destiny. E. अवितव्य what is to be, तव्य abstract aff.  
 अवित mfn. (-तः-ता तं) 1. Actually being, or disposed to be. 2. Well-being, well-faring. E. भू to be, वत् aff. [being, वत् aff.  
 अवित mfn. (-वि-विनी-वि) Living, being, having life and sensation. E. अव  
 अवित m. (-नः) A poet, a versifier. E. भू to think, इन् aff.  
 अवित mfn. (-तः-ता तं) Being, existing, what is or exists. m. (-तः) 1. A catamite 2. A sensualist. E. भू to be, इत् aff.  
 अवित mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) 1. Actually being or disposed to be. 2. Being well, existing happily, virtuously, &c. E. भू to be, इत् participial aff. [rejected.  
 अवित mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) Future, what will be. E. See अवितव्य, the final  
 अवितव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) What is to be, what will be, future. n. (-व्यः) The future. E. भू to be, वत् participial aff., वत् augment, इत् inserted.  
 अव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) 1. Happy, auspicious, prosperous. 2. Well, proper, fit, right. 3. True. 4. To be or become, what is to be. 5. A being, what is or exists. m. (-व्यः) The Ka'maranga, a small fruit tree, (Averhoa carambola.) f. (-व्या) 1. A name of UMa'. 2. A large sort of pepper. 3. Existing. 4. Beautiful. 5. Happy. 6. Calm. n. (-व्यः) 1. A bone. 2. Fruit, result. 3. Being, existence. 4. Welfare. m. (-व्यः-व्यः) One division of the poetical Rasas or sentiments. E. भू to be, aff. वत् ।  
 अविरा f. (-रा) A sort of beet, (Beta Bengalensis.)  
 अवृ. 1st cl. (अवृति) 1. To bark or growl. 2. To reproach, to speak malevolently, to rail.  
 अव m. (-वः) A dog. f. (-वी) A bitch. E. अव् to bark, aff. वत् ।  
 अवृ m. (-वः) A dog. E. अव् to bark, वृत् aff.; it is sometimes written. अवृत् ।  
 अवृ m. (-वः) A dog. n. (-वः) The barking of a dog. E. अव् to bark, aff.  
 अवृ n. (-वः) 1. The heart. 2. Wood. 3. The thigh.  
 अवृ. 3d cl. (अवृति) 1. To shine. 2. To blame or abuse ; this root is usually restricted to the Ve'das.  
 अवृ f. (-वृ) 1. The sun. 2. Pudendum muliebre. 3. The mons veneris. 4. Time. 5. A sort of duck. 6. A float, a raft. 7. Flesh. n. (-वृत्) The hinder parts. E. अवृ to shine, वृत् aff. Una'di aff.

अवृत्त m. (-वृत्) A large bee. E. अवृत् to sound, वृत् aff.  
 अवृत्त m. (-वृत्) Time. E. अवृत् to shine, aff. वृत् ।  
 अवृत्त n. (-वृत्) Ashes. E. अवृत् to shine, aff. वृत् । [telligencer.  
 अवृत्त m. (-वृत्) An astronomer or astrologer. E. अवृत् a star, वृत् an in-  
 अवृत्ता f. (-वृत्ता) A bellows. E. वृत् added to अवृत् ; also अवृत्ता and अवृत्ता.  
 अवृत्ता f. (-वृत्ता) A bellows, a large hide with valves and a clay nozzle, which is used for this purpose. E. अवृत् to shine, वृत् Una'di aff., fem. aff. टाप् ; also with डोप् aff. अवृत्ता and अवृत्ता in the fem. form being added अवृत्ता or अवृत्ता optionally ; and with the feminine termination retained also, अवृत्ता.  
 अवृत्ता f. (-वृत्ता) A bellows : see the last.  
 अवृत्ता f. (-वृत्ता) वृत्ता "टिपारि" ।  
 अवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्-वृत्) A bellows-blower, &c. m. (-वृत्) An inflated skin on which rafts, &c. are floated. f. (-वृत्ता) A bellows : see अवृत्ता. E. अवृत्ता a bellows, and वृत् aff.  
 अवृत्ता f. (-वृत्ता) A bellows : see अवृत्ता, &c.  
 अवृत्त n. (-वृत्) 1. A disease of the eyes, thickening of the membranes, and indistinctness of vision. 2. Morbid appetite from over-digestion, constant craving for food with general decay. 3. An anthelmintic plant, commonly Biranga. 4. Gold or silver. E. अवृत्ता ashes, वृत् aff.  
 अवृत्ता m. (-वृत्ता) A washerman. E. अवृत्ता ashes, and वृत् agent ; using the ashes of wood in place of soap or ley.  
 अवृत्ता f. (-वृत्ता) A perfume, commonly Ren'uká. E. अवृत्ता ashes, and वृत् smell, aff. वृत्, and टाप् ; also अवृत्ता.  
 अवृत्ता f. (-वृत्ता) 1. The Sisu tree, or a variety of it, (Dalbergia Sisu.) 2. A sort of perfume, commonly Ren'uká. E. अवृत्ता ashes, and वृत् place of production.  
 अवृत्ता n. (-वृत्ता) 1. A number of villages 2. A shower of dust. 3. Frost or snow. E. अवृत्ता ashes, वृत् to weigh, and aff. वृत् । [मतिन् ।  
 अवृत्ता n. (-वृत्ता) 1. Ashes. 2. Holy ashes. E. अवृत्ता to shine, Una'di aff.  
 अवृत्ता m. (-वृत्ता) Camphor. E. अवृत्ता ashes, and वृत् distiller ; whiter than ashes.  
 अवृत्ता Ind. To the state of ashes, to ashes, as स अवृत्ताकारात् । He reduced the enemies to ashes. E. अवृत्ता, and वृत् aff.  
 अवृत्ता m. (-वृत्ता) Camphor. E. अवृत्ता ashes, वृत् a name.  
 अवृत्ता n. (-वृत्ता) 1. Reducing to ashes. 2. Calcining. E. अवृत्ता, and वृत् doing, वृत् aug.  
 अवृत्ता mfn. (-वृत्ता-वृत्ता) 1. Reduced to ashes. 2. Calcined, (as a metal.) E. अवृत्ता, and वृत् made, with वृत् aug. ; also अवृत्ता and अवृत्ता.  
 अवृत्ता mfn. (-वृत्ता-वृत्ता) 1. Reduced to ashes. 2. Being mere ashes, i. e. being wholly worthless. E. अवृत्ता, and वृत् become, वृत् augment.  
 अवृ. 2nd cl. (अवृति) 1. To shine, to be luminous, splendid or beautiful. 2. To be pleased. 3. To be angry. 4. To blow. 5. To be, to exist. With वृत् To flash. With वृत् or वृत् To shine brightly.  
 अवृ f. (-वृ) 1. Light. 2. Beauty. 3. The shadow of a gnomon. m. (-वृता) The sun. E. अवृ to shine, aff. वृत् and टाप् ।  
 अवृत् m. (-वृत्) 1. A mountain, apparently the part of the Hima'laya, called Bha'kur. 2. A sort of fish. "भेटकी". E. अवृ light, वृत् a peak or quantity.  
 अवृत् m. (-वृत्) The sun. E. अवृ light, वृत् receptacle.  
 अवृत् m. (-वृत्) 1. A follower, a dependent, one to whom food is regularly given. 2. Grain, edible grain, as rice, &c. f. (-वृत्) 1. Fit for food. 2. Inferior, secondary. 3. Confined to any science, (as a term). 4. Dependant. E. अवृत् food, aff. वृत् । [E. अवृत् food, aff. वृत्.  
 अवृत् m. (-वृत्) One who is fed by another, a dependent, a retainer.  
 अवृत् f. (-वृत्) Gluttonous.  
 अवृत् m. (-वृत्) 1. A portion, a share, a part. 2. Fate, fortune, luck. 3. A half-rupee. 4. Part of any thing given as interest. 5. A division of time, the thirtieth part of a Rasi or zodiacal sign. 6. A degree,

the 360th part of the circumference of a great circle. 7. A fraction. 8. The quotient, (in math.) 9. Place, spot. 10. Room. **भाज्** to share, aff. चञ् ।

**भाजक** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Who or what divides, m. (-कः) (In arithmetic,) A divisor. **भाज्** and **चञ्** aff.

**भाज्यजाति** f. (-तिः) Assimilation of fractions. **भाज**, and जाति species.

**भाज्यम** m. (-यः) The whole collection of stars.

**भागधेय** m. (-यः) 1. An heir, a co-heir. 2. Royal revenue. n. (-यः) 1. Fate, destiny, luck. 2. Good-luck. 3. Property. **भाज** and **धेय** to be taken, or **धेय** aff.

**भागन** n. (-नः) 1. The period, during which the sun passes through the twelve signs of the zodiac, thence by ellipsis, the zodiac. 2. The circumference of a great circle. **भाज्** to divide, aff. छुट् ।

**भागवत्तया** f. (-या) The secondary use of a word in which part of the primary meaning is retained.

**भागवत** f. (-तौ) Adj. 1. Relating to or worshipping of VISHN'U or KRISHN'A. 2. Holy, sacred. m. (-तः) A devotee of the said deity. n. (-तः) Name of one of the eighteen Pura'nas.

**भागश्च** Ind. According to a share or portion, in parts or portions. **भाज** and **चञ्** aff.

**भागहर** mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Taking a part, sharing. m. (-रः) 1. A co-heir. 2. (In arithmetic,) Division. **भाज** and **हर** who or what takes.

**भागार्थिन्** mfn. (-र्थी-र्थिनी-र्थि) Desirous of a share. **भाज** and **अर्थिन्** who seeks.

**भागानुवृत्त्यजाति** f. (-तिः) Assimilation of fractional increase. **भाज**, अनुवृत्त्य accession, जाति kind.

**भागप्राप्यजाति** f. (-तिः) Assimilation of fractional decrease. **भाज**, प्राप्य taking away, जाति kind.

**भागिक** mf. (-कः-की-क) 1. Bearing interest, subject to a deduction for interest. 2. Having a part. 3. Relating to a part. 4. Fractional. **भाज्** a part and **उन्** aff.

**भागिन्** mfn. (-गि-गिनी-गि) 1. Who or what shares. 2. Having parts, consisting of parts or shares. mf. (-गि-गिनी) A co-heir or co-heiress. **भाज** and **विभृज्** aff.

**भागिनेय** m. (-यः) A sister's son. **भागिनी** a sister, **उक्** aff.

**भागोरघो** f. (-घो) The Ganges. **भागोरघ** a pious monarch, at whose intercession the Ganges first descended from heaven, affs. **अञ्** and **उनेप्** ।

**भागरि** m. (-रिः) A celebrated grammarian.

**भाज्य** mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्या-ज्य) 1. To be portioned or divided. 2. Bearing interest, subject to a deduction of some part on that account. n. (-ज्यः) Destiny, fortune, good or ill-luck. **भाज्** to divide, **छुट्** aff.; or **भाज** a part and **वत्** added.

**भाजक** m. (-कः) A ragged cloth. [छञ् aff.]

**भाज्योन्** mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्या-ज्य) Bearing hemp, (a field, &c.) **भाज्** hemp and **उन्** r. 10th cl. (भाजयति-ते) To divide, to separate : it is usually employed with **वि** prefixed, especially in a legal sense, as to divide or portion an inheritance.

**भाज्** mfn. (-भाज्) Who or what participates or possesses, used chiefly in composition, as **चनभाज्** rich, &c. **भाज्** to divide and **विभृज्** aff.

**भाजक** Ind. Swiftly, quickly.

**भाजक** m. (-कः) 1. Dividing. 2. A divisor.

**भाजन** n. (-नः) 1. Any vessel, as a pot or cup, a plate, &c. 2. A clever, capable or fit person. 3. Sharing, dividing. 4. (In arithmetic,) Division. 5. Representation. 6. A measure equal to sixty-four Palas. **भाज्** to serve or share, aff. छुट् ।

**भाजित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Divided, portioned. n. (-तः) A portion, a share. **भाज्** to divide, aff. छ ।

**भाजी** f. (-जी) Rice, gruel.

**भाज्य** mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्या-ज्य) Divisible, to be portioned or divided, n.

(-ज्यः) 1. A portion, a share, an inheritance. 2. (In arithmetic,) The dividend. **भाज्** to divide, aff. यत् ; or **अञ्**-छञ् aff.

**भादक** m. (-कः) Price, especially paid for the use of any thing or person ; wages, hire. **भाद** to hire or maintain, aff. चञ् ।

**भाटि** f. (-टिः) 1. Wages, hire, fee. 2. The gettings of a prostitute. **भाद** to hire, **हञ्** aff.

**भाच** m. (-चः) A sort of dramatic entertainment, described as one, in which one only of the interlocutors appears on the scene ; or as the narrative of some intrigue, told either by the hero or a third person. **भाच** to speak, aff. चञ् ।

**भाचक** m. (-कः) A proclaimer.

**भाचिका** f. (-का) A comic drama in one act. **भाच** and **कञ्** dimin. aff.

**भाच्य** n. (-च्यः) 1. Any vessel, a pot, a cup, a plate, &c. 2. Any musical instrument. 3. Any implement or utensil. 4. Capital, principal. 5. An ornament in general. 6. An ornament round a horse's neck and breast. 7. The bed of a river, the space between its banks. 8. Mimicry, buffoonery, the practice of the Bha'nda or professional jester. 9. A box, a case, &c. 10. A tool. 11. The stock of a shop-keeper, (hence any valued possession.) m. (-च्यः) A tree, (Hibiscus propulneoidea.) m. plu. Mercandise. **भाच** to be auspicious, aff. चञ् ; or **अञ्** to sound, aff. उ, deriv. irr.; or **अञ्** a jester and **चञ्** aff.

**भाचक** m. (-कः) A cup, a plate, a vessel or utensil. n. (-कः) Goods, merchandize. **भाच** and **कञ्** added.

**भाचपुट** m. (-टः) A barber. **भाच** a vessel, **पुट्** to rub, aff. क ।

**भाचपुष्य** m. (-पुः) A sort of snake.

**भाचप्रतिभाचक** m. (-कः) Rule of barter, (in arithmetic.) **भाच** and प्रति for, again, **भाचक** goods.

**भाचभरक** m. (-कः) The contents of any vessel. **भाच**, and भरत् what fills. [sounding.]

**भाचवादन** n. (-नः) Playing on musical instruments. **भाच** and वादन

**भाचगार** m. (-रः) A store-room, a place where household goods and utensils are kept. n. (-रः) A treasury. **भाच** a vessel and गार a house.

**भाचार** n. (-रः) A store-house.

**भाचि** f. (-चिः) A razor-case.

**भाचिक** m. (-कः) A musician, one especially who is to waken the prince or chief in the morning by vocal or instrumental music. **भाच** a vessel, (an instrument,) and **उक्** aff. [रुचि aff.]

**भाचिन्** mfn. (-चि-चिनी-चि) Having a vessel, utensil, &c. **भाच** and **अचिवाह** m. (-हः) A barber. **भाचि** for **भाच** having a bason and वाह who works or labours.

**भाचिल** m. (-लः) A barber. **भाच** a vessel and **हलच्** aff.

**भाचौर** m. (-रः) The Indian fig-tree. **भाच** a vessel, **हृत्** to bring, aff. व; referable perhaps to the legend that describes the infant KRISHN'A, taking his meals under a tree of this kind in the woods of Brinda'bana. [aff.]

**भात्** mfn. (-भात्-भात्नी or -भाती-भात्) Shining splendid. **भा** to shine, **हृत्**

**भात** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Shone, bright, resplendent. m. (-तः) Morning, dawn. **भा** to shine, aff. क.

**भाति** f. (-तिः) 1. Light, brightness. 2. Perception, knowledge.

**भातु** m. (-तुः) The sun. **भा** to shine, तुन् Una'di aff.

**भाद्र** m. (-द्रः) The name of a month, (August-September,) when the moon is full near the wing of Pegasus. **भाद्र** for **अद्रपदा** and **वृष** aff : see the next.

**भाद्रपद** m. (-द्रः) The month Bha'dra. **भाद्रपदा** the asterism and **वृष** aff. f. (-दा) A name common to the twenty-sixth and twenty-seventh lunar asterisms, distinguished by the epithets prior and subsequent or पूर्व and उत्तर ; see पूर्वभाद्रपदा, &c. **भाद्र** said to mean a cow, and पद foot, **वृष** added optionally ; whence it is often read वृषपदा ।

भारवाह m. (-रः) The son of a virtuous and loyal mother. **भ. भार** auspicious, **माता** a mother, **अभि. चक्षुः** । [ **भ. भार**, **चक्षुः** aff. ]  
 भ n. (-नः) The act of growing visible. 2. Light, lustre. 3. Perception.  
 भु m. (-भुः) 1. The sun. 2. Light. 3. A ray of light. 4. A master. 5. A sovereign, a prince. 6. The father of the fifteenth Jaina pontiff.  
 7. Beauty. 8. A day. 9. An epithet of S'iva. f. (-भुः) A handsome woman. **भ. भा** to shine, **Una'di** aff. **भु** ।  
 भानुमन्ना f. (-न्ना) The plantain, (*Musa sapientum*.) **भ. भानु** the sun, **फल** the fruit ; being offered in the worship of the sun.  
 भानुमन् mfn. (-मान्-मनी-मन्) 1. Luminous, splendid, resplendent. 2. Beautiful, handsome. m. (-मान्) The sun. **भ. भानु** light, **मनुप्** poss. aff.  
 भानुवार m. (-रः) Sunday. **भ. भानु** the sun and **वार** a day.  
 भानुमि n. (-मिः) The sun. **भ. भा** light, **वेदि** circumference. "चक्षुःचक्षुः" ।  
 भा mfn. (-भः भा-भ) Bright, (as a planet.) **भ. भ** and **भा** light.  
 भा m. 1st cl. (भासन्) r. 10th cl. (भासयति) To be angry or wrathful, to be impatient.  
 भा m. (-भः) 1. Passion, anger, wrath. 2. Light, lustre. 3. The sun. 4. A sister's husband. f. (-भा) A passionate woman. **भ. भा** to shine, and **मन्** **Una'di** aff., or **भा** to be angry, aff. **चक्षुः** ।  
 भासक m. (-कः) A sister's husband. **भ. क** added to the preceding.  
 भासिन् mfn. (-सी-सिनी-सि) Angry, passionate. f. (-सी) A passionate woman. **भ. भास** passion, **रति** aff.  
 भार m. (-रः) 1. A weight of gold, equal to two thousand Palas. 2. A yoke for carrying burden. 3. A name of Visnu'v. 4. A weight, a burthen. 5. Excess. 6. Labour, toil, trouble. **भ. भार** to nourish, aff. **चक्षुः** ।  
 भारत u. (-तः) 1. Bharatavarsha or India proper, so called from BHARATA, the son of DUSHYANTA, whose patrimony it was. (**भ. भार** the prince and **चक्षुः** aff.) 2. The great sacred epic-poem of the Hindus. (**भ. भार** weight, **त** aff., **भारतः** having been put by the Rishis in a scale and weighed against the four Vēdas which it was found to outweigh ; thence its usual prefix of Mahā or great : a special grammatical rule, however, derived it from **भरत** the prince so named, because the war narrated in it occurred amongst his descendants.) m. (-तः) An actor, a mime. 2. A name of fire. 3. A descendant of BHARATA f. (-ती) 1. The goddess of speech; 2. Speech. 3. A quail. 4. A branch of the dramatic art, dramatic recitation or declamation, the delivery of the dialogue that is composed in elaborate Sanskrit stanzas. **भ. भरत** the inventor of the Indian drama, aff. **चक्षुः** ; or the name of a sage, whose devotions brought the goddess SARASWATĪ from heaven ; or again, **भृ** to nourish, aff. **चक्षुः**, fem. aff. **कोप्** ।  
 भारती f. (-ती) 1. The goddess of speech. 2. Speech, eloquence. 3. A quail. 4. A particular kind of style. **भ. भार**, **चक्षुः** aff.  
 भारद्वाज m. (-जः) 1. A name of Dro'n'a, the military preceptor of the Kurus and Pa'ndus. 2. One of the seven Rishis. 3. A name of the Muni AGASTYA. 4. The son of VRIHASPATĪ. 5. A sky-lark. n. (-जः) A bone. f. (-जी) Wild-cotton. **भ. भारद्वाज** a lark, and **चक्षुः** pleonastic or derivative aff.; in the latter case it refers to a legend of the Rishi BHARADWAJA having been nursed by a lark, in consequence of being abandoned at his birth by his natural parents.  
 भारव m. (-वः) A lark.  
 भारवटि f. (-टिः) A pole or yoke for carrying burdens ; a stick carried over the shoulder, with strings attached to either end of it, forming at their lower extremity a noose, in which the articles to be conveyed are suspended. **भ. भार** a burthen and **वटि** a stick.  
 भारव n. (-वः) A bow-string. f. (-वी) Holy-basil. **भ. भार** a weight, **वा** to take, aff. **चक्षुः** । [ **भार** and **मनुप्** aff. ]  
 भारवन् mfn. (-वान्-वनी-वन्) Loaded, burthened, bearing a burthen. **भ. भार**

भारवाह m. (-रः) A porter, a bearer of burthens. **भ. भार** a burthen **वाह** to bear, aff. **चक्षुः** ।  
 भारवाहन m. (-नः) A beast of burthen, (as a camel, &c.) n. (-नः) A vehicle for burthens, a waggon. **भ. भार** and **वाहन** vehicle.  
 भारवाहिन mfn. (-नः-को-कः) Carrying burthens. m. (-कः) A porter. **भ. भारवाह** and **उक्** aff.  
 भारवाहिन m. (-ही) A porter. **भ. भार** and **वाहिन** who bears.  
 भारवि m. (-विः) The name of a poet, the author of the Kira'ta'rjuniya.  
 भारवच m. (-चः) A fragrant substance, commonly Ka'kshi, considered variously as a vegetable or mineral product.  
 भारवच mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Able to carry loads. 2. Fit for the yoke. **भ. भार** and **वच** what bears.  
 भारहर m. (-रः) A porter. **भ. भार** a burthen, and **हर** who takes, from **हृ** with **ट** aff.; also with **चक्षुः** aff., **भारहार** and **कन्** added, **भारहारक** ; or with **घिनुच्**, **भारहारिन्** ।  
 भारहार m. (-रः) 1. A porter. 2. Carrying a load. **भ. भार** the last.  
 भारहारिक mfn. (-नः-को-कः) Bearing a load, relating or referring to it, &c. **भ. भारहार** and **उक्** aff.  
 भाराजान mfn. (-नः-जा-जः) Loaded, laden, bearing a burthen. f. (-जा) A species of the Atyshiti metre. **भ. भार** and **जान** overcome.  
 भारि m. (-रिः) A lion. **भ. भार** to threaten, aff. **रन्** । [aff.]  
 भारिक m. (-कः) A porter. f. (-का) Adj. Heavy. **भ. भार** a burthen, **उक्** भारिन् m. (-री) A porter. **भ. भार** a burthen and **रति** aff. [taking up].  
 भारीवरच n. (-चः) Taking up or bearing a burthen. **भ. भार** and **वरच** भारीवरच n. (-नः) Bearing a load. **भ. भार**, and **वरच** uplifting.  
 भारीव m. (-वः) 1. A name of PARASURA'MA. 2. A name of SUKRA regent of VENUS, and preceptor of the Titans or demons. 3. An archer. 4. An elephant. f. (-वी) 1. The goddess PA'RVATĪ. 2. The goddess LAKSHMĪ. 3. Bent grass, (*Panicum dactylon*, the *Agrostis linearis* of LINNAEUS ; according to the Hindus, and black variety.) **भ. भारीव** a Muni, the ancestor of PARASURA'MA, &c. and **चक्षुः** aff. of descent.  
 भारीवप्रिय m. (-यः) The diamond. **भ. भारीव** SUKRA, and **प्रिय** fond of.  
 भारी f. (-री) A shrub, (*Siphonanthus Indiae*.) **भ. भारी** BRAHMA, and **चक्षुः** aff.; sacred to that deity. "भारमहाटि" ।  
 भारीजी f. (-जी) Wild-cotton. **भ. भारीजी** various reading of भारवाजी ।  
 भार्य m. (-र्यः) A servant. [ **भ. भार** to nourish, **चक्षुः** aff. ]  
 भार्या f. (-र्या) A wife, espoused according to the ritual of the Vēdas.  
 भार्याट m. (-टः) A man who lets out his wife for prostitution. **भ. भार्या** wife, **चक्षुः** to go, aff. **चक्षुः** ; who lives by his wife.  
 भार्याटिक m. (-कः) 1. A henpecked husband, one over-ruled by his wife. 2. A kind of deer. **भ. भार्या** a wife, **चक्षुः** to go or be with, aff. **चक्षुः**, **भार्याट**, and **उक्** added.  
 भार्यामित्र m. (-मिः) 1. Adultery. 2. Connubial intercourse. **भ. भार्या**, and **मित्र** approaching.  
 भार्याव n. (-वः) The condition or state of a wife. **भ. भार्या**, and **व** aff.  
 भार्यावति m. dual only. (-ती) Husband and wife. **भ. भार्या** wife, and **वति** a husband.  
 भार्याव m. (-वः) 1. The name of a mountain. 2. A sort of deer. 3. The father of a child by another man's wife. **भ. भार्या** wife, **व** to go to or with, **चक्षुः** aff.  
 भार्याव m. (-वः) Married. **भ. भार्या**, and **व** married.  
 भारव m. (-वः) 1. The forehead. 2. Darkness. **भ. भार** to explain, and **चक्षुः** aff.; a man's fortunes being supposed to be legible on his forehead ; or **भा** to shine, aff. **चक्षुः** ।  
 भारवर्धन n. (-नः) Red lead. **भ. भार**, and **वर्धन** appearing ; being used to stain the forehead with particular lines, and marks.  
 भारवर्धन m. (-वर्धनः) A name of S'IVA. **भ. भार**, and **वर्धन** the eye, having the third eye in his forehead ; also similar compounds, as भारवर्धन, &c.  
 भारवाह m. (-वः) 1. A sort of fish, commonly the Rohita, (*Ojprina*

Bhāṭa, HAM.) 2. A saw. 3. A sort of potherb. 4. A man born with  
y lines on his forehead. 5. A tortoise. 6. A name of Śiva. ३.  
भावा the forehead, and चङ्क a spot or mark.

भावा m. (-ः) The sun. ३. भू-सूर्य-रश्मिः।

भावाक m. (-ः) A bear. ३. भङ्ग to injure, aff. उक्तञ् or उक्तञ्, whence  
also भावाक; and with उक्त aff. भङ्गक, भङ्गक, &c. q. v. also भावुक  
and भावुक।

भाव m. (-ः) 1. State or condition of being. 2. Natural state of being,  
innate property, disposition, nature. 3. Meaning, purpose, inten-  
tion. 4. Mind, soul. 5. State or affection of mind, emotion, passion,  
sentiment, especially as an object of amatory and dramatic  
poetry; two kinds of Bhāvas are usually enumerated, the St'hayi  
and Vya'bhichāri; the first of which comprehends eight varieties,  
and the second thirty-three; the list blends both feelings and  
effects, and sorrow, and sleep, and passion, and death, &c. are  
equally classed amongst the Bhāvas; dramatic writers add two  
other classes, the Vibhāvas or preceding states of mind, leading  
to a particular condition of mind or body, and Anubhāvas the  
external signs of any state of mind. 6. Birth. 7. Act, action. 8.  
Movement, gesture. 9. Wanton sport or pastime. 10. Corporeal  
expression of amorous sentiments; or love, of which the origin and  
effects are ascribed to the organs of the body. 11. Thing, sub-  
stance. 12. A being, a living thing. 13. The place of birth, or  
pudendum muliebri. 14. Superhuman power. 15. The abstract  
idea conveyed by any word. 16. The simple idea derived from  
the root, as expressed in one class of derivatives, as a going, a  
doing, &c. 17. Advice, instruction. 18. A learned man, a pandit,  
(in theatrical language; but especially applied to the manager,  
or principal performer.) 19. Venerable, respectable. 20. The world,  
the universe. 21. An organ of sense or passion. ३. भू to be,  
aff. चङ्क।

भावक m. (-ः) The external expression of amatory sentiments. f. (-का)  
Adj. 1. Effecting. 2. Promoting any one's welfare. 3. Imagining.  
4. Having a poetical taste. ३. चङ्क added to the last.

भावज m. (-जः) Love, KA'LA. ३. भाव sentiment and ज produced.

भावत mfn. (-तः-तौ-तं) Yours, your honour's. ३. भवतु you, and चङ्क aff.

भावत् mfn. (-त्तः-त्तौ-त्तं) Yours, (but used respectfully.) your honour's,  
३. भवतु you, and उक्त aff.

भावतु nf. (-तः-तौ-तं) 1. Mental perception, recollection, the present con-  
sciousness of past ideas or perceptions. 2. Imagination. 3. Religi-  
ous and abstract meditation. 4. Looking about, (literally or figur-  
atively,) observing, investigating. 5. Causing to be. 6. Decorating  
any person or object with flowers, perfume, &c., scenting, anoint-  
ing. 7. Steeping, infusion, especially repeatedly drying the article  
by day and keeping it moist at night. 8. (In arithmetic,) Composi-  
tion. 9. (In law,) Ascertainment, proof. ३. भू to be, in the causal  
form, to bring present or into being, aff. चिञ्-ङ्।

भावबोधक m. (-कः) The sign or indication of any sentiment or passion.  
३. भाव sentiment, and बोधक what indicates.

भावयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Fancying, imagining, calling to mind. ३. भू  
to be, causal v., श्रद्ध aff. [variety of colour.]

भावव्यवस्था f. (-ता) Co existence of various emotions. ३. भाव and व्यवस्था  
भावव्यवस्था f. (-ता) Allaying any transitory or incidental emotion. ३. भाव  
and शान्ति quieting.

भावसंशुद्धि f. (-तिः) Purification of the natural condition or quality. ३.  
भाव and संशुद्धि qualification.

भावसंयुक्ति m. (-क्तिः) Co-existence of two emotions. ३. भाव and संयुक्ति union.

भावसमाहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Of restrained purpose or thought, abstract-  
derout. ३. भाव and समाहित collected.

भावशब्द m. (-शब्दः) 1. The external expression or indication of amatory

feeling. 2. A pious or holy man. 3. An actor. 4. A libidinous man.  
5 Dress, decoration. ३. भाव the sentiment or disposition, चङ्क  
go with, aff. चङ्क or चङ्क।

भावानुम mfn. (-नः-न-नं) Natural, simple, not forced or assumed. f. (-या)  
A shadow. ३. भाव and अनुम according to. [appearance.]

भावभास m. (-सः) Simulation of feeling or emotion. ३. भाव and भास

भावार्थ m. (-र्थः) 1. The simple inherent or abstract meaning of words.  
2. The obvious purport of a phrase or sentence. ३. भाव and भाव  
sense. [preserv.]

भावम mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Tender, compassionate. ३. भाव and म what

भाविक mfn. (-कः-का-की-कं) 1. Natural, innate. 2. Sentimental; relating  
to feeling, &c. 3. Future. n. (-कं) A figure of rhetoric, describing  
the past or future as present. ३. भाव and उक्त aff.; or भू to be, causal  
v., चङ्क aff.

भावित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Occupied with, pervaded by, having as an in-  
herent or pervading property. 2. Animated, inspired. 3. Imagined,  
conceived. 4. Perfumed, scented. 5. Mixed, (with any thing as an  
ingredient, as asafoetida or other fragrant substances in curry, &c.)  
6. Obtained, got. 7. Promised, agreed, acknowledged. 8. Steeped,  
infused, digested, &c. 9. (In arithmetic,) Supposed, as the product  
of unknown quantities. ३. भू to be, passive or causal v., aff. क्।

भावितवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) 1. Imagining, conceiving. 2. Infusing, &c.  
३. भू to be, causal v., क्त्व aff.

भावितक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Intent upon, engaged in. 2. Meditative.  
3. One whose soul is purified by meditation on the universal soul.  
३. भावित pervaded, क्त्व spirit.

भावित n. (-तः) The three worlds; earth, heaven and hell collectively. ३.  
भू to exist, चिञ्-ङ् Una'di aff.

भावितु mfn. (-तु-तु-तु) Future, what will be or what is about to be,  
proximately future. f. (-नी) A wanton woman. ३. भू to be, Una'di  
aff. चिञ्। [rising]

भावोदय m. (-यः) Accession or occurrence of emotions. ३. भाव, उदय

भावुक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Happy, well, right. 2. Actually being and dis-  
posed to be. 3. (In composition with other nouns.) Becoming what  
it was not before, as भावुक one who becomes rich. n. (-कं) 1.  
Happiness, auspiciousness. 2. Language full of passions. m. (-कः)  
A sister's husband, (in theatrical language.) ३. भू to be, aff.  
उक्तञ्; used in composition, the aff. is उक्तञ्।

भाव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) 1. What must, will, or ought to be. 2. To be in-  
vestigated or determined. ३. भू to be, aff. चङ्क।

भाव् (चङ्) भाव् r. 1st cl. (भावते) To speak; with परि prefixed, to explain.  
to expound; with सन् to discourse, to converse.

भावच n. (-चः) 1. Speaking, speech. 2. Declaration of satisfaction at the  
end of a drama. ३. भाव् to speak, चङ्क aff.

भावन् mfn. (-न्-वन्-वन्) Speaking, saying. ३. भाव and चङ्क aff.

भावमाच mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Speaking, saying. ३. भाव् to speak, चङ्क aff.

भावा f. (-वा) 1. Speech. 2. A language. 3. Common or vernacular speech.

4. A charge, (in law.) 5. SARASWATĪ, the goddess of speech.

6. One of the Rā'ginis. ३. भाव् to speak, affs. चङ्क and टाप्।

भावापाद n. (-दः) The plaint, the charge, the first of the four divisions of  
a law suit. ३. भावा speech, averment, and पाद quarter, division.

भावासन m. (-सः) A figure of rhetoric, arrangement of a sentence so  
that it is both Sanskrit and Prakṛita. ३. भावा and सन same.

भावित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Spoken, uttered, said. n. (-तं) Speech. ३. भाव्  
to speak, aff. क्।

भाव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) To be said or spoken. n. (-व्यं) 1. A com-  
mentary, but particularly the explanation and application of a  
technical Sūtra or aphorism; hence applied to many of the anno-  
tations on the grammatical aphorisms of Pā'nini, to comments  
on the Vēdas, &c. 2. A sort of building. ३. भाव् to speak, चङ्क aff.

भाष्यकर m. (-रः) A commentator or expounder of technical texts or aphorisms; commonly applied as an epithet of PA'TANJALI, the author of the Mahābhāṣya or commentary on the annotations of KĀ'TYĀYANA, on PĀ'NINI's grammatical aphorisms. E. भाष्य as above, and कार who makes; also with कृत्, भाष्यकृत् the same.

भाष्यमात्र mfn. (-चः भा-च) Being spoken to or addressed. E. भास् to speak, pass. v., शानच् aff.

भास् (च) भास् r. 1st cl. (भासते) To shine. With प्र and नि prefixed, To appear to, to seem likely or probable to. [shine, aff. हिप्.]

भास् f. (-भाः) 1. Light. 2. A ray of light. 3. Wish, desire. E. भास् to shine.

भास mfn. (-सः-सत) Light, lustre, shining. m. (-सः) 1. A vulture. 2. A sort of bird described as a water-fowl. 3. A cook. 4. A station of cowherds. 5. Faucy. E. भास् to shine, चच् aff. [a poet.]

भासक f. (-सिका) 1. Illuminating. 2. Making evident. m. (-कः) Name of भासक mfn. (-कः-लो-क) 1. Beautiful, handsome. 2. Shining, splendid.

m. (-कः) 1. The sun. 2. The moon. 3. A kind of water-fowl. mf. (-कः-लो) A star. E. भास् to shine, कच् Una'di aff.

भासयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Shining, radiant. E. भास् to shine, यच् aff.

भास्य n. (-सः) Light, lustre. E. भास् to shine, चच् aff.

भास्य m. (-सुः) The sun. E. भास् to shine, Una'di aff. चच्.

भासुर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Shining, splendid. n. (-रः) A species of Costus, (C. speciosus.) m. (-रः) 1. Crystal. 2. A hero. E. भास् to shine, चच् aff.

भास्कर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Resplendent, shining. m. (-रः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. 3. A hero. 4. The name of a celebrated astronomer. n. (-रः) Gold. E. भा light, and कृ to make, चच् aff., and स inserted.

भास्करप्रिय n. (-सं) The ruby. E. भास्कर the sun, and प्रिय fond of. "पद्मरान्".

भास्यन् mfn. (-नः-नी-न) Ashy, ashen, made or consisting of ashes. E. भस्जन् and चच् aff.

भास्यन् mfn. (स्वान्-सती-स्वन्) Luminous, splendid, shining. m. (-स्वान्) 1. The sun. 2. Light. 3. A hero. f. (-सती) The city of the sun. E. भास् light, स्वप् aff.

भास्वर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Shining, radiant. m. (-रः) 1. The sun. 2. A day. n. (-रः) A sort of Costus, (C. speciosus.) E. भास् to shine, चच् aff.

भिक्षु r. 1st cl. (भिक्षते) 1. To beg. 2. To obtain. 3. To fail of obtaining. 4. To solicit any thing through cupidity or covetousness. 5. To be weary or distressed.

भिक्षु n. (-चः) Begging, asking alms. E. भिक्ष् to beg, कृच् aff.

भिक्षुमात्र mfn. (-चः-भा-च) Asking, begging. E. भिक्ष् to beg, शानच् aff.

f. (-चा) 1. Service. 2. Hire, wages. 3. Begging, asking. 4. The thing obtained by begging, alms. 5. A mouthful or handful of food, given as alms. E. भिक्ष् to beg or obtain by begging, चच् and टाप् affs. [aff.]

भिक्षु mf. (-कः-की) A mendicant, a beggar. E. भिक्षा alms, and कृच्.

भिक्षु mf. (-रः-री) A mendicant, a beggar. E. भिक्षा alms, चच् to go, aff. ट्.

भिक्षु n. (-कः) Begging, mendicancy. m. (-कः) A mendicant. E. भिक्षा alms, and चटन् going about for.

भिक्षु n. (-चः) Food obtained as alms. E. भिक्षा, and चटन् food.

भिक्षु n. (-कः) A beggar's bowl, a vessel for collecting alms. E. भिक्षा, and चटन् a vessel.

भिक्षु n. (-कः) 1. Profligacy, roguery. 2. Mendicancy, subsisting on alms. E. भिक्षाभिक्षा a beggar, कृच् abstract aff.

भिक्षु mfn. (-नी-भिक्षी-भि) 1. A beggar, a mendicant, subsisting on alms. 2. Dishonest. E. भिक्षा alms, चच् to eat, aff. चिनि.

भिक्षु mfn. (-चः-चो-चो) Fit for a beggar. E. भिक्षा, and चच् fit for.

भिक्षु mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Begged, sought as alms. E. भिक्ष् to beg, कृच् aff.

m. (-चः) The mendicant; the Hindu who has entered the fourth order and subsists wholly upon alms. 2. The fourth order of the Hindus. 3. A Baudd'ha mendicant. E. भिक्ष् to beg, aff. चच्.

भिक्षु mf. (-कः-की) A beggar. E. भिक्षु a beggar, कृच् added; or भिक्ष-उक्.

भिक्षुसंघाटी f. (-टी) Old or ragged raiment, the garb of a beggar. E. भिक्षु a beggar, संघ् with, चट् to endeavour, affs. चच् and डीप्.

भिक्षुलार m. (-रः) Scattering alms. E. भिक्षा alms, लृच् before, कृच् to scatter, aff. चच्.

भिक्षु n. (-चः) 1. A part, a portion. 2. A fragment, a bit. 3. A wall, a partition. E. भिक्ष् to divide, aff. कृच्, form irr.

भिक्षु f. (-चिः) 1. A wall of earth or masonry. 2. A thing broken or divided. 3. A place, a part. 4. Opportunity, occasion. 5. An asylum. 6. Breaking, tearing, dividing. 7. A flaw, a defect. 8. A rent, a fissure. 9. A fragment, a bit, a broken piece or part. 10. A mat. E. भिक्ष् to divide, to break, to tear, &c. aff. कृच्. [preceding.]

भिक्षु f. (-कः) 1. A wall. 2. A small house-lizard. E. कृच् added to the

भिक्षु m. (-रः) A house-breaker. E. भिक्षि a wall and चोर a thief; the mud-wall of the Hindu cottages being easily and commonly cut through, for buglarious purposes.

भिक्षुपातन n. (-नः) A rat. [pieces.]

भिक्षु (र) भिक्षु r. 7th cl. (भिक्षि-भिक्षी) To break, to break or tear to

भिक्षु mfn. (-भिक्ष् or -भिक्ष्) Who or what breaks, divides, severs, destroys, &c. f. (भिक्ष् or -भिक्ष्) 1. Kind, sort, difference. 2. Breaking, dividing. E. भिक्ष् to break, aff. कृच्.

भिक्षु m. (-कः) A sword. n. (-कः) 1. INDRA's thunderbolt. 2. A diamond. E. भिक्ष् to break, aff. कृच्.

भिक्षु f. (-चः) 1. Tearing, rending. 2. Coriander. 3. Separation. 4. Difference. 5. Kind, species. E. भिक्ष् to divide, aff. चच् and टाप्. [भिक्षु.]

भिक्षु m. (-दिः) INDRA's thunderbolt. E. भिक्ष् to break, Una'di aff. कृच्; also

भिक्षु n. (-रः) INDRA's thunderbolt. E. भिक्ष् to break or split, कृच् Una'di aff.

भिक्षु m. (-चः) The thunderbolt of INDRA. E. भिक्ष् to split, Una'di aff. कृच्.

भिक्षु mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Brittle. 2. Breaking. 3. Mixed. n. (-रः) The thunderbolt. m. (-रः) The Plaksha-tree. E. भिक्ष् to break, (the earth, the mountains, &c.) कृच् aff.

भिक्षु mfn. (-नः-ना-न) To be, or what may be broken. E. भिक्ष् to break, कृच् aff.

भिक्षु m. (-चः) A river, a male river. E. भिक्ष् to break, (its banks,) कृच्

भिक्षु mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Being divided, pierced, broken, &c. 2. Being separated or distinguished. E. भिक्ष् to break, pass. v., शानच् aff.

भिक्षु mn. (-दः-दः) The thunderbolt. E. भिक्ष् to break, Una'di aff. कृच्; also भिक्षु, भिक्षु, &c. [aff.]

भिक्षु mfn. (-दन्-दन्-दन्) Breaking, destroying. E. भिक्ष् to break, कृच्

भिक्षु (दि)पात m. (-चः) 1. A short arrow thrown from the hand, or shot through a tube. 2. A sling, a string-instrument for throwing stones. E. भिक्षु-दन् भिक्षु, पात-चच्.

भिक्षु mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Split, broken, torn, rent. 2. Divided, distinguished, other, different. 3. Separated, detached. 4. Blown, budded, opened. 5. Neglected, deviated from. 6. Loosened. 7. Pounded. 8. Deprived of. 9. Furious, in rut, (as an elephant.)

m. (-नः) A flaw in a jewel. n. (-नः) 1. A bit, a portion. 2. (In arithmetic,) A fraction. E. भिक्ष् to break, to divide, aff. कृच्.

भिक्षु m. (-कः) A heterodox sectary, a Baudd'ha, a seceder. E. भिक्षु broken, separated, and कृच् aff.

भिक्षुमात्रिका f. (-का) A kind of cucumber, (Cucumis utilatissimus.) E. भिक्षु divided, मात्र the body, aff. of comparison कृच्. [ing.]

भिक्षुगुण n. (-नः) Multiplication of fractions. E. भिक्षु and गुण multiply.

भिक्षुगुण n. (-नः) The cube of a fraction. E. भिक्षु and चन a cube.

भिक्षु mfn. (-चः-चो-चो) Wounded. E. भिक्षु and हिंस body.

भिक्षु mfn. (-कः-का-क) Wrecked. E. भिक्षु and नौका a ship.

भिक्षुभाग m. (-रः) Division of fractions. E. भिक्षु and भाग division.

भिक्षुभाज n. (-कः) A pot-herd, a broken plate or vessel. E. भिक्षु and भाज a vessel.



**चिक्रिभिराजन् m.** (-न्तः) Chick-pea, (*Cicer arietinum*.)  
**चिक्रमन्तन् mfn.** (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) Pierced in the joints, mortally wounded. **म.** चिक्र and मन्तन् a joint.  
**चिक्रवन् mfn.** (-वान्-वती-वत्) Divided, scattered. **म.** चिक्र् to break, लवत् aff.  
**चिक्रवर्ग m.** (-र्गः) Square of a fraction. **म.** चिक्र and वर्ग a square.  
**चिक्रवृत्ति mfn.** (-त्ति-त्ति-त्ति) 1. Neglecting the prescribed observances. 2. Following an occupation not suited to birth or caste. **म.** चिक्र, and वृत्ति practice.  
**चिक्रव्यवहित n.** (-त्तः) Subtraction of fractions. **म.** चिक्र, व्यवहित subtraction; also चिक्रव्यवहितम्, &c.  
**चिक्रव्यवहित n.** (-त्तः) Addition of fractions. **म.** चिक्र, व्यवहित addition; also चिक्रव्यवहितम्, &c. [म. चिक्र, स्वर a note.  
**चिक्रस्वर mfn.** (-स्वर-स्वर-स्वर) 1. Hesitating, (in speech.) 2. Hoarse, discordant.  
**चिद्या f.** (-द्या) Fear. **म.** चिद् to fear, टाप् aff., and द्यङ् augment.  
**चिद् r.** 10 cl. (भेद्यति-ते) To divide or separate.  
**चिद् m.** (-न्तः) A barbarian of a particular tribe, perhaps the modern Bheel, a savage race dwelling especially along the course of the Narmadā, and subsisting chiefly by plunder.  
**चिद्विजित n.** (-त्तः) A drug, a medicament. **म.** चिद्विज् a physician, and जित subdued, (by whom.)  
**चिद्विज् m.** (-वन्) A Vaidya or physician. **म.** चिद् to fear, चिद् Unādi aff., and वृत् augment; or चिद्विज् a Kand'wādi root, to overcome, (disease,) aff. क्तिप्।  
**चिद्विष्टा f.** (-ष्टा) Scorched-rice. **म.** चिद्या boiled-rice, टोक् to go or resemble, ङ aff.; this word is variously read चिद्विष्टा चिद्विष्टा, चिद्विष्टा, चिद्विष्टा।  
**चिद्या f.** (-द्या) Boiled-rice. **म.** चिद् to break, aff. क्तिप्, सो to destroy, aff. क, and the द् of चिद् changed irrly. to च; also read चिद्य; see the last.  
**चो (चि) चि र r.** 3rd cl. (चिमेति) To dread, to fear, to be afraid of; also, r. 1st and 10th cls. (भवति भाययति) but not always admitted.  
**चो f.** (-चोः) Fear, dread. **म.** चो to fear, aff. क्तिप्।  
**चोत mfn.** (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) 1. Afraid, frightened, fearful, timid. 2. Imperiled. **न.** (-त्तः) Fear, alarm, apprehension. **म.** चो to fear, aff. क।  
**चोतकार mfn.** (-रः-रा-रः) Fear-inspiring. **म.** चोत, and कार making.  
**चोतचोत mfn.** (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) Much frightened. **म.** चोत afraid, repeated.  
**चोतवत् mfn.** (-वान्-वती-वत्) Afraid. **म.** चो to fear, लवत् aff.  
**चोति f.** (-त्तिः) 1. Fear, apprehension. 2. Trembling, shaking. **म.** चो to fear, aff. क्तिप्।  
**चोम mfn.** (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) Horrible, fearful, terrific. **न.** (-न्तः) Horror, terror. **म.** (-न्तः) 1. A name of S'iva. 2. One of the five Pāndu princes. 3. A kind of sorrel, (*Rumex vesicarius*.) **f.** (-न्तः) 1. A name of DURGĀ. 2. Whip. 3. A sort of perfume: see रोचना. **म.** चो to fear, Unādi aff. मङ्।  
**चोमकर्मन् mfn.** (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) Dreadful, destructive. **म.** चोम, कर्मन् act.  
**चोमदर्शन mfn.** (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) Frightful, hideous. **म.** चोम, दर्शन appearance.  
**चोमनाद m.** (-दः) 1. A lion. 2. A loud or fearful sound. 3. Name of one of the seven clouds which spring up at the end of the world. **म.** चोम formidable, नाद voice.  
**चोमर m.** (-रः) War, battle. **म.** चोम fear, रा to give or get, aff. क।  
**चोमरवी f.** (-वी) 1. A particular night, supposed to be the ordinary period of human life; seventh night, in the seventh month, of the seventy-seventh year; a person after this period exempt from all religious or specific observances. 2. The name of a river in the Himālaya mountains. **म.** चोम formidable, रव a car.  
**चोमविजय mfn.** (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) Tremendous in power or strength. **म.** चोम, and विजय prowess.  
**चोमविजय m.** (-न्तः) A lion. **म.** चोम formidable, विजय power, valour.  
**चोमविषय mfn.** (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) Gigantic, terrific in appearance. **म.** चोम, and विषय body.  
**चोमवेग mfn.** (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) Terribly swift or rapid. **म.** चोम, and वेग speed.

**चोमनादन m.** (-न्तः) A name of YAMA. **म.** चोम formidable, नादन edict.  
**चोमसेन m.** (-न्तः) 1. The third of the five Pāndu princes. 2. A kind of camphor. **म.** चोम formidable, and सेना an army.  
**चोम mfn.** (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) Timid, fearful. **f.** (-न्तः-न्तः) 1. A timid woman. 2. A plant, (*Asparagus racemosus*.) 3. A sort of prickly nightshade. 4. A jackal. 5. A centipede. 6. A tiger. 7. A gout. **n.** (-न्तः) Silver. **म.** चो to fear, Unādi aff. क्तिप्; also र being changed to च, चोम।  
**चोम mfn.** (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) 1. Timid, fearful. 2. Formidable. 3. Shy. **n.** (-न्तः) A wood, a forest. **m.** (-न्तः) 1. An owl. 2. A bear. **म.** चो to fear, Unādi aff. क्तिप्; also ल being substituted for र, चोम।  
**चोमचेतस् m.** (-न्तः) A deer. **म.** चोम timid, चेतस् disposition.  
**चोमता f.** (-ता) Fear, timidity, fearfulness. **म.** तल् added to चोम, also with ल, चोमल।  
**चोममय mfn.** (-यः-यी-यः) Terrific, frightful. **म.** चोम and मयट् aff.  
**चोमरन् m.** (-न्तः) An oven, a furnace. **म.** चोम fearful and रन् a chasma.  
**चोमरुदय m.** (-यः) A deer. **म.** चोम timid, रुदय the heart.  
**चोलु mfn.** (-लुः-लुः-लुः) Timid, fearful; see चोम.  
**चोलु(लु)क mfn.** (-कः-का-कः) Timid, fearful. **m.** (-कः) A bear; see चोम।  
**चोम mfn.** (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) 1. Horrible, terrific, formidable. 2. Hard, harsh. 3. Exciting the sentiment of horror, applied to poetical compositions. **m.** (-न्तः) The olibanum tree, (*Boswellia thurifera*.) 2. A name of S'iva. 3. A pigeon. **n.** (-न्तः) 1. Horror, terror the property that excites fear. 2. The sentiment of horror as the object of poetical composition. **म.** चो to fear, in the causal form, aff. क्तिप् or युक्, and [व, शानच् aff. सुक् aug.  
**चोमनाम mfn.** (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) Terrifying, frightening. **म.** चो to fear, causal  
**चोवा f.** (-वा) 1. Terrifying, frightening, intimidation. 2. Terror. **म.** चो to fear, causal व, चङ् and टाप् affs., and सुक् aug.  
**चोम mfn.** (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) Horrible, terrific, fearful. **n.** (-न्तः) 1. A bleness, the property of exciting fear or terror. **m.** (-न्तः) 1. A name of S'iva. 2. The grand-uncle of the Pāndus. 3. An imp, a goblin. **म.** चो to fear, मङ् Unādi aff. and सुक् augment.  
**चोमत् f.** (-त्) The Ganges. **म.** चोम the prince so named, and च् mother, being the mother of BHISHMA by SA'NTAN'U.  
**सुक्त mfn.** (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) 1. Eaten, eating, (either that which is eaten, or the person who has eaten.) 2. Possessed, enjoyed. **n.** (-न्तः) Food. **म.** सुक् to eat, aff. क।  
**सुक्तवत् mfn.** (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Having eaten. 2. Having possessed. **म.** सुक् to eat, लवत् aff.  
**सुक्तवेष n.** (-वः) Orbs, leavings. **म.** सुक्त and वेष remainder.  
**सुक्तसुक्तित n.** (-त्तः) Orbs, leavings, either after a meal or what has dropped from the mouth. **म.** सुक्त eaten, सुक्तित abandoned.  
**सुक्ति f.** (-क्तिः) 1. Eating. 2. Possession, fruition, usufruct. 3. Food. 4. The diurnal motion of a planet. **म.** सुक् to eat, aff. क्तिप्।  
**सुक्ता Ind.** Having possessed, eaten, enjoyed, &c. **म.** सुक् to eat, ङा aff.  
**सुक् mfn.** (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) 1. Crooked, curved. 2. Bent, bowed, bending stooping. 3. Broken. **म.** सुक् to curve, aff. क।  
**सुक् r.** 7th cl. (सुक्ति सुक्ति) 1. To save, to cherish or protect. 2. To enjoy, (carnally.) 3. To suffer or endure. (चो, चो) चोमुक्ते 6th. cl. (सुक्ति) To bend, to make crooked.  
**सुक् Adj.** (At the end of a compound.) 1. Eating, enjoying, as in ल सुक्. 2. Ruling, as in चित्सुक्. **f.** 1. Enjoyment. 2. Profit.  
**सुक् mf.** (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) 1. The arm. 2. The hand. 3. The trunk of an elephant. 4. The arm or leg of a geometrical figure, as a square triangle. 5. A bending, a curve. **म.** सुक् to bend, aff. क।  
**सुक्कीट m.** (-टः) The armpit. **म.** सुक् the arm, and कीट a hollow.  
**सुक्न m.** (-न्तः) A snake. **म.** सुक् a curve, and न who goes.  
**सुक्नदारव m.** (-वः) The bird of VISHN'U. **म.** सुक्न a snake, and दारव a royer; this word, and similar compounds, may be applied equ

to any of the natural enemies of the serpent race, as the ardea, the peacock, the ichneumon, &c. ut infra.

सुजगन्तक m. (-कः) GARUD'A, the bird of VISHN'U. ३. सुजगन्तक a snake, and कन्तक destroyer : see the last. [eats : see सुजगन्तक]

सुजगन्तकी m. (-की) A peacock. ३. सुजगन्तक a snake, and चापीजिन् who सुजगन्तक m. (-जः) GARUD'A. ३. सुजगन्तक a snake, and चक्षुः food.

सुजगन्त m. (-जः) १. A snake. २. A catamite, a lecher. f. (-जी) A female snake. ३. सुजग् a curve, गत् to go, खच् aff. ; also सुजगन्त ।

सुजगन्तानि f. (-नी) A plant considered as an antidote, commonly Kan-kálíka, and said to be a sort of mustard. ३. सुजगन्तक a snake, चातिनी destructive. "सर्पाचीलतायाञ्च ।"

सुजगन्तयान n. (-यः) A species of the Jagati' metre.

सुजगन्तम् m. (-म्) १. The bird and vehicle of VISHN'U. २. A peacock. ३. सुजगन्तक a snake, and सुजग् who eats.

सुजगन्तमोक्षिन् m. (-मोक्षिन्) The large Indian serpent, (Boa constrictor.) ३. सुजगन्तक a snake, and मोक्षिन् who eats ; devouring the smaller races.

सुजगन्त m. (-जः) A snake. ३. सुजग् bending, गत् to go, and खच् aff. ; also सुजगन्त and सुजगन्त ।

सुजगन्तविक्रान्त n. (-न्तः) A species of the Utkriti' metre.

सुजगन्तमिथु m. (-मिथुः) A species of the Vrihati' metre.

सुजगन्तसङ्गता f. (-ता) Another species of the Vrihati' metre. [सुजगन्तदारण ।

सुजगन्तम् m. (-म्) GARUD'A. ३. सुजगन्तक a snake, and सुजग् who kills : see सुजगन्तकी f. (-की) A plant, (the ichneumon plant : see राक्षस. ३. सुजगन्तक a snake, चक्षुः to pervade, affs. चक्षुः and ऊष् ; otherwise सुजगन्त and चक्षुः an eye ; the flowers being compared to the eye of the snake.

सुजगन्तम् m. (-म्) A plant, (Mesua ferrea.) ३. सुजगन्तक a snake, and चाक्षुः a name.

सुजगन्त f. (-जगन्तः) The base sine, (in astronomy) [शिरस् the head.

सुजगन्तम् n. (-जगन्तः) The shoulder, the shoulder blade. ३. सुजग् the arm, सुजा f. (-जगन्तः) १. The arm. २. The land. ३. The coil of a snake.

सुजाकण्ठ m. (-कण्ठः) A finger nail. ३. सुजा the hand, and कण्ठ a thorn.

सुजादम् m. (-जगन्तः) A hand. ३. सुजा the arm, and दल a leaf.

सुजानर n. (-नरः) The breast, the chest. ३. सुजग् the arm, and चक्षुः inter-vening. [pressing.

सुजापीड m. (-पीडः) Clasping or enfolding in the arms. ३. सुजग् and चापीड सुजगन्तम् n. (-जगन्तः) The elbow.

सुजि m. (-जिः) Fire. ३. सुजग् to eat, इन् Unádi aff.

सुजिम् m. (-जिः) A servant, a slave. m. (-जिः) १. An independent man. २. A string worn round the wrist. ३. A companion. ४. A disease. f. (-जिः) १. A harlot, a whore. २. A female slave. ३. सुजग् to be crooked, Unádi aff. कक्षुः ।

सुजगन्त mfn. (-जगन्तः) १. Being enjoyed or possessed. २. Being eaten. ३. सुजग् to enjoy, pass. v., ज्ञानच् aff.

सुजग् m. (-जग्) Eating. ३. सुजग् to eat, युच् Unádi aff.

सुजगन्त mfn. (-जगन्तः) १. An enjoyer, a possessor. २. Eating, feeding. ३. सुजग् to enjoy, aff. ज्ञानच् ।

सुजग् m. (-जग्) १. To support, to maintain. २. To select. सुजि f. (-जिः) The earth. ३. सुजग् to nourish, इजि Unádi aff. , and उर substituted for the radical vowel ; also सुजि ।

सुजग् n. (-जग्) १. A world, (they are said to be either three or fourteen in number.) २. Water. ३. Heaven. ४. Man, mankind. ५. The number "fourteen." ६. The earth. ३. सुजग् to be, कश्च् Unádi aff.

सुजग् m. (-जग्) १. The sun. २. The Moon. ३. Fire. ४. A Master or lord. ३. सुजग् to be, Unádi aff. कश्च् । [सुजग्, चक्षुः triad.

सुजगन्तम् n. (-जगन्तः) The three worlds : heaven, atmosphere and earth. ३. सुजगन्तम् m. (-जगन्तः) One of the divisions of the universe, the space between the earth and the sun, and the haunt of the Siddhas, Munis and other saintly beings. ३. सुजग् heaven, and ज्ञानच् world.

सुजग् Ind. Heaven, æther, sky, or atmosphere. ३. सुजग् to be, Unádi aff. कश्च् ।

सुजग् n. (-जग्) The ocean. ३. सुजग् to be, Unádi aff. कश्च्, and the radical vowel changed.

सुजग् f. (-जग्) A weapon, apparently a kind of fire arms or rocket. सुजग् r. 1st. cl. (जग्) १. To be, to become, to exist. २. To be born or produced. r. 10th cl. (जग्) १. To mix. २. To think. ३. To be clear or pure. r. 1st and 10th cls. (जग्) To obtain.

The first form of this root takes most of the prefixes, and then possesses a great variety of applications. With चक्षुः. To rule or preside over. With चक्षुः. १. To feel, to apprehend or perceive. २. To do, to make. ३. To enjoy. ४. To investigate. With चक्षुः. १. To overcome. २. To pain or afflict. With चक्षुः. To be born or produced. With परा To be vanquished. With प्र, १. To become manifest, to appear, to come into sight or existence. २. To be equal to in personal conflict, to be a match for. ३. To rule, to be supreme, to preside over. ४. To be beyond or over. ५. To proceed. With प्रति, To be substitute for. With परि, १. To disrespect. २. To surround. With वि, १. To see. २. To uphold. ३. To prove. ४. To have majesty or power. With वि and चक्षुः, व्यतिष्यते, To be mutually or reciprocally. With सम्, १. To be possible. २. To exist, to be born or produced. ३. To contain. ४. To overcome. ५. To be able or adequate. ६. To associate, to collect, to mix or assemble. ७. To nourish.

सुजग् Adj. (At the end of a compound,) १. Becoming, springing from, as in निरिभू, विरिभू, &c. २. Being, existing.

सुजग् f. (-जग्) १. The earth. २. Place, site, the place of being or abiding. ३. Landed property. ४. The base of a geometrical figure. ५. Subject-matter, subject. ६. The number "one." ७. The first of the three mystical syllables uttered by a Bra'hmana at the beginning of his daily prayers. ८. Sacrificial-fire. Ind. (सुजग्) The lowest of the seven hells. ३. सुजग् to be, aff. कश्च् ।

सुजग् mn. (-जग्) १. A hole, a chasm. २. Time. ३. Darkness. ४. A spring. ३. सुजग् to be, Unádi aff. कश्च् ।

सुजग् m. (-जग्) A plant, (Ligusticum ajwaen.) ३. सुजग् the earth, and कदम्ब nauclea. "कोकसिमा" ।

सुजग् m. (-जग्) An earthquake. ३. सुजग् the earth, and कश्च् a trembling. सुजग् m. (-जग्) (In astronomy,) The radius of the equator. ३. सुजग्, कश्च् a sine.

सुजग् m. (-जग्) A restiff unmanageable horse.

सुजग् m. (-जग्) A name of VASUDEVA, the father of KRISHN'A. ३. सुजग् the earth, and कश्यप KASYAPA ; being an incarnation of that personage.

सुजग् m. (-जग्) १. A small kind of heron. २. A kind of pigeon. ३. The curlew. ३. सुजग् earth, and कश्च् a crow.

सुजग् m. (-जग्) १. An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria octandra.) २. The Indian-fig. f. (-जग्) A plant, (Serratula anthelmintica.) f. (-जी) A Rákshasi or female goblin. ३. सुजग् the earth, and केश hair.

सुजिन् m. (-जिन्) A hog. ३. सुजग् the earth, वि to destroy, aff. कश्च् सुजग् added.

सुजग् m. (-जग्) A name of BHAVABHUTI, the author of the Málali Ma'dhava, and other dramas. ३. सुजग् the earth, जग् fetus.

सुजग् n. (-जग्) Poison. ३. सुजग् and नर poison.

सुजग् m. (-जग्) The terrestrial globe, the earth. ३. सुजग् the earth, गीत a ball or globe. [circle.

सुजग् m. (-जग्) (In astronomy,) The equinoctial line. ३. सुजग् and चक्षुः a सुजग् f. (-जग्) १. The shadow of the earth, popularly called Ra'hu. २. Darkness. ३. सुजग् the earth, and कश्च् shade. [being.

सुजग् m. (-जग्) १. An earth-worm. २. An elephant. ३. सुजग् and जग् a सुजग् f. (-जग्) १. Wheat. २. The fruit of the Vikaukata, (Flacourtia sapida.) ३. सुजग् the earth, and कश्च् rose-apple.

सुजग् mfn. (-जग्) १. Been, become. २. Being, existing. ३. Gone, past. ४. (In composition,) Like, resembling. ५. Obtained, got. ६. Pro-

per, right. 7. True. 8. Known. 9. Mixed. mn. (-तः-त) 1. A goblin, a ghost, a malignant spirit, haunting cemeteries, lurking in trees, animating carcasses and deluding or devouring human beings. 2. A living being. m. (-तः) 1. A son, a child. 2. A demi-god of a particular class. 3. The fourteenth day of the dark half of the lunar month. 4. A name of Ś'iva. n. (-त) 1. An element; five Bhu'tas are enumerated: earth, fire, water, air and A'kās or æther. 2. (In law,) Fact, matter of fact, the real state of the case, or what has actually been. 3. The past. 4. Welfare. 5. The world. 6. The number "five," (in math.) n. भू to be, aff. क्त of the participle past.

भूतकेय f. (-त्री) The white basil. n. भूत a spirit and केय hair.

भूतक्रान्ति f. (-न्ति) Possession by evil spirits. n. भूत a goblin, क्रान्ति going.

भूतगण m. (-गण) A class of spirits or goblins. n. भूत and गण a troop.

भूतगन्ध f. (-न्ध) Mura, a sort of perfume. n. भूत a goblin, and गन्ध a perfume; used perhaps in the ceremonies with which those beings are worshipped.

भूतघान m. (-घन) Any aggregate of elementary matter, the body, the world. n. भूत and घान a heap.

भूतज m. (-ज) 1. A camel. 2. Garlic. f. (-जी) 1. A plant, commonly Mundi'ri. 2. Holy basil. n. भूत a spirit, and ज what destroys or removes.

भूतचतुर्दशी f. (-शी) The fourteenth day of the second half of Kārtic.

भूतजटा f. (-टा) Indian spikenard, (Valeriana jatāmānsi.) n. भूत a goblin, and जटा clustered locks. [द्वय clemency.]

भूतदया f. (-या) Compassion or tenderness to all creatures. n. भूत and दया.

भूतधात्री f. (-त्री) The earth. n. भूत a living being, and धात्री a nurse.

भूतनाथ m. (-थ) Ś'iva. n. भूत a spirit of element, and नाथ lord.

भूतनायिका f. (-का) DURGA. n. भूत a spirit, and नायिका leader.

भूतनाशन m. (-न) 1. Marking-nut plant, (Semicarpus anacardium.) 2. mustard. n. (-न) The Elecarpus seed. n. भूत a goblin, and नशन dispelling.

भूतपुष्प m. (-पुष्प) A plant, (Bignonia Indica.) n. भूत a spirit, पुष्प a flower.

भूतपूर्णिमा f. (-मा) Day of full-moon in A'shwin. n. भूत a spirit, and पूर्णिमा full moon; the Bhu'tas being worshipped in this day.

भूतपूर्वम् Ind. Formerly.

भूतबलि f. (-लि) Throwing the remnants of an offering on the ground for animals and outcasts, &c. n. भूत and बलि an offering.

भूतभर्तृ mfn. (-र्तृ-नी-तृ) Supporting the elements, living beings. n. भूत and भर्तृ who cherishes.

भूतभाव mfn. (-व-व-व) Elementary. n. भूत and भाव a nature.

भूतधन mfn. (-धन) Supporting the elements, living beings. n. भूत and धन sustaining. [ment.]

भूतमात्र nf. (-त्र-त्र) The rudiment of an element. n. भूत and मात्र ele-

भूतयज्ञ m. (-यज्ञ) 1. Offering viands, &c. to all created beings. 2. Worshipping evil spirits. n. भूत and यज्ञ sacrifice.

भूतल n. (-ल) The earth, the surface of the earth. n. भू and ल below.

भूतवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Being, been. n. भू to be, वत् aff.

भूतवास m. (-वस) Beleric myrobalan, (Terminalia belerica.) n. भूत a goblin, and वास abode. [change.]

भूतविक्रिया f. (-या) Epilepsy, possession by evil spirits. n. भूत and विक्रिया

भूतविद्या n. (-द्या) Demonology.

भूतवृक्ष m. (-वृक्ष) 1. A tree, (Trophis aspera.) 2. A species of Bignonia, (B. Indica.) n. भूत a goblin and वृक्ष a tree.

भूतवेष्टी f. (-ष्टी) A species of the Niba'ri (Nyotanthus tristia,) with

भूतवजार m. (-वज) Possession by evil spirits. f. (-री) Fire in a forest. n. (-रिची) 1.

भूत a goblin, वज with, वज् to go, aff. वज्; also भूतसंचारिन् f. white flowers. n. भूत a goblin, विज् to pervade, वज् and जोप् affs.

भूतसम्पुक्त mfn. (-क्त-क्त-क्त) Combined with elementary matter. n. भूत and सम्पुक्त united.

भूतसमुच्चय m. (-चय) A deluge, a drowning of the world. n. भूत all beings, and समुच्चय swimming, floating. [संसार world.]

भूतसंसार m. (-संसार) The world of mortals. n. भूत a sentient being, and संसार world.

भूतस्वर्ग m. (-स्वर्ग) Elementary nature. n. भूत and स्वर्ग nature.

भूतस्थ mfn. (-स्थ-स्थ-स्थ) Residing or existing in the elements. n. भूत, and स्थ what stays.

भूतकाय m. (-काय) 1. The body. 2. ब्रह्मा. 3. A name of Ś'iva. 4. War, conflict. 5. The elementary or vital principle, or the proximate cause of life and action. n. भूत an element, काय self or soul.

भूतार्ति m. (-र्ति) God, the originator beings. n. भूत and अर्ति first.

भूतारि m. (-रि) Asafetida. n. भूत and अरि a foe. [भारत] pained.

भूतान्त mfn. (-न्त-न्त-न्त) Possessed by an evil spirit. n. भूत a spirit,

भूतवास m. (-वस) The body. n. भूत and वास abode.

भूतविष्ट mfn. (-ष्ट-ष्ट-ष्ट) Occupied or possessed by a devil. n. भूत a spirit, विष्ट entered. [and वाच्य entrance.]

भूतवेष्ट m. (-ष्ट) Possession by a devil or evil spirit. n. भूत a goblin,

भूति f. (-ति) 1. Power, dignity. 2. Superhuman power, as attributable to Ś'iva especially, and attainable by the practice of austere and magical rites. 3. Prosperity, success. 4. Production, birth. 5. Ashes. 6. Fried meat. 7. The rut of elephants. 8. State of being, &c. 9. Wealth, riches, fortune. 10. Welfare. 11. Decoration of elephant, with coloured stripes. n. भू to be, aff. क्त.

भूतिक u. (-क) 1. A sort of gentian, (G. Cherayta.) 2. A fragrant grass, (Andropogon schoenanthus.) 3. Another kind of grass. 4. A medicinal plant, commonly Kattp'hal. 5. Ligusticum ajwaen. 6. Camphor. 7. Sandal-wood. n. भूत being or spirit, &c. aff. ठक्; also भूतीक।

भूतज्ञान mfn. (-ज्ञ-ज्ञ-ज्ञ) Desirous of wealth, aggrandisement, &c. m. (-म) 1. A king's counsellor, a minister of state. 2. VRIHASPATI. n. भूति and ज्ञान who desires.

भूतिकाल m. (-काल) A happy hour.

भूतिकौल m. (-कौल) 1. A moat, a ditch. 2. A celler, a place under ground for concealing wealth, &c.

भूतिकृत्य n. (-कृत्य) Any ceremony of a festive character, as a marriage, &c. n. भूत and कृत्य rite; also भूतिकर्म, &c.

भूतिमय m. (-मय) BHAVABHŪTI, the dramatic poet. n. भूति superhuman power, and मय embryo, being resuscitated by his contemporary, and rival KĀLIDĀSA, after having lost his life in an intrigue.

भूतिभक्त mfn. (-भक्त-भक्त-भक्त) A worshipper of spirits. n. भूत, भक्त worship.

भूतिनिधान n. (-निधान) The twenty-fourth lunar mansion, D'hanisht'hā. n. भूति prosperity, and निधान receptacle.

भूतीक n. (-क) 1. A sort of gentian. 2. A kind of lovage, (Ligusticum ajwaen.) 3. A fragrant grass, (Andropogon schoenanthus.) 4. Another sort of grass. 5. Sandal wood. 6. Camphor. n. भूत being, aff. ठक्, otherwise भूतिक।

भूदण्ड m. (-ण्ड) A kind of fragrant grass, called "चिप्पयण्डि" by the Tailangeese.

भूद्वि m. (-द्वि) Ś'iva. n. भू an imp, द्वि lord. [affected.]

भूतोपहत mfn. (-पहत-पहत-पहत) Possessed by an evil spirit. n. भूत and उपहत

भूतल n. (-ल) Gold. n. भू earth, लल best.

भूता Ind. Having been or become. n. भू to be, ता aff.

भूदार m. (-दार) A hog. n. भू earth, द to tear, aff. वज्।

भूदेव m. (-देव) A Brāhman n. भू the earth, and देव a divinity.

भूवन m. (-वन) A king. n. भू the earth, and वन wealth.

भूवर m. (-वर) 1. A mountain. 2. A kind of chemical or medicinal apparatus; a sand bath in which a covered crucible is placed, and the fire is lighted above as well as below it. 3. The number "seven." n. भू earth, व to support, aff. वज्।

भूव m. (-व) A mountain. n. भू the earth, व to hold, aff. वज्, and the vowel changed to its analogous semi-vowel.

भूमि m. (-नः) An earth-worm. **भू** the earth, and **भूमि** a snake.  
 भूमि m. (-नः) A species of gentian, commonly cherayta, (Gentiana cherayta, Rox.) **भू** the earth, and **भूमि** the Nimba tree.  
 भूमि m. (-नः) A king, a sovereign. **भू** the earth, and **भूमि** a leader.  
 भूमि m. (-नः) A sovereign, a prince, a king. **भू** the earth, **पा** to cherish, aff. क ।  
 भूमि m. (-नः) A king, a sovereign. **भू** the earth, and **पति** master.  
 भूमि m. (-नः) A tree. f. (-दी) Arabian jasmine, (Jasminum sambac.)  
 भूमि m. (-नः) A tree. f. (-दी) Arabian jasmine, (Jasminum sambac.)  
**भू** the earth, and **पद** foot, root.  
 भूमि m. (-नः) 1. The equinoctial line. 2. The circumference of the earth. **भू** and **परिधि** a circle. [rishes.  
 भूमि m. (-नः) A king, a sovereign. **भू** the earth, and **पति** who cherishes.  
 भूमि f. (-नी) S'ITA', the wife of RA'MA. **भू** the earth, and **पुत्री** a daughter; being turned up out of the soil by a plough.  
 भूमि m. (-नः) A king, a sovereign. **भू** the earth, **भुज्** to enjoy, aff. क्तिप् । [भुज् sustaining.  
 भूमि m. (-नः) 1. A king, a sovereign. 2. A mountain. **भू** the earth, **भूमि** n. (-नः) The terrestrial globe.  
 भूमि mfn. (-मा-ना-न) Much, many. 2. Wealth. n. (-नः) 1. The earth. 2. A piece of ground. 3. A being. **भू** for **बहु** many, **रसनिष्** aff.  
 भूमि mfn. (-यः-वी-य) Made of or consisting the earth. f. (-यो) A name of Chhaya or shadow personified, the wife of the sun. **भू** earth, and **मयट्** aff.  
 भूमि f. (-नः-नी) 1. The earth. 2. Place, site in general. 3. A district. 4. Land, soil. 5. A story, floor. 6. A site, situation. 7. Attitude, posture. 8. A mask, a character, (in Dramaturgy.) 9. Subject, object. 10. The tongue. 11. Abode. 12. The base of any figure in geometry. **भू** to be and **नि** Unádi aff.  
 भूमिका f. (-का) 1. Theatrical dress, the costume of any character, represented on the stage. 2. Decorating images, temples, gateways, &c. 3. A board for writing. 4. A preface, an introduction. 5. A floor. 6. A place. 7. A step, a degree. 8. Earth, soil. **भूमि** place of being, and **कन्** aff. [चम्पक Michelia.  
 भूमिचय m. (-नः) A plant, (Kempferia rotunda.) **भू** earth, and **भूमि** mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Born or produced of or on the earth. m. (-नः) 1. The planet Mars. 2. Naraka the demon. 3. A man. f. (-जा) S'ITA', the wife of RA'MA. **भू** earth, and **ज** born.  
 भूमिजम् f. (-जः-जम्) A tree. (Premna herbacea.) **भू** earth, and **जम्** Eugenia; also with **कन्** added to either form, **भूमिजम्** का and **भूमिजम्** का ।  
 भूमिजीविन् m. (-नी) The Vais'ya or Hindu of the third or agricultural and mercantile tribe. **भू** the earth, and **जीविन्** who gets a livelihood.  
 भूमिदान n. (-नः) Donation of landed property. **भू** and **दान** gift.  
 भूमिदेव m. (-वः) A Bráhmau. **भू** the earth, and **देव** a divinity.  
 भूमिद्वार m. (-रः) 1. A mountain, (especially the Kula'chala which is supposed to exist in the seven divisions of the continent.) 2. The number "seven." 3. A king. [protects.  
 भूमिप m. (-पः) A prince, a sovereign. **भू** the earth, and **प** who  
 भूमिप m. (-पः) A horse of a good breed. **भू** the earth, and **प** part or side.  
 भूमिपति m. (-तिः) A king. **भू** and **पति** master.  
 भूमिपति n. (-नः) Princedom, sovereignty. **भू** added to the last.  
 भूमिपति m. (-पः) The palmyra tree, (Borassus flabelliformis.) **भू** earth, **पति** goblin. [rishes.  
 भूमिपति m. (-नः) 1. A king. 2. A mountain. **भू** and **पति** who nourishes.  
 भूमिपति f. (-का) Arabian jasmine, (Jasminum sambac.) **भू** the earth, **पति** to ornament, aff. क्तिप् ।  
 भूमिरक्ष m. (-कः) A horse of a good breed. **भू** the earth, **रक्ष्** to preserve, aff. क्तिप् ; it is also written **भूमिरक्ष** and **भूमिरक्ष** ।

भूमिचय m. (-नः) Death, dying, (in figuratively.) **भू** earth, **चय** acquisition.

भूमिचय n. (-नः) Cow-dung. **भू** earth and **चय** plastering; the clay floors of houses, temples, &c. being usually kneaded up with this article.

भूमिचय mfn. (-नः-नी-ने) Increasing or adding to the earth. mn. (-नः-नः) A corpse. **भू** the earth and **चय** increasing. [च aff.

भूमिचय mfn. (-यः-वी-य) Sleeping on the ground. **भू** and **चय** to sleep, **भूमि** mfn. (-नः-नी-ने) Standing or staying on the earth. **भू** and **चय** who or what stays.

भूमिचय mfn. (-नः-नी-ने) Produced in or of the earth. m. (-नः) The planet Mars. 2. The demon Naraka. f. (-जा) S'ITA'. **भू** the earth and **चय** born : see भूमिजी ।

भूमिचय m. (-नः) An earth-worm.

भूमिचय m. (-नः) 1. A man, man, mankind. 2. The Vais'ya or Hindu of the third tribe, the cultivator or trader. 3. A thief, one who creeps along the ground to carry off his plunder. 4. A blind man. 5. A cripple, a lame man. **भू** the earth, the ground, and **चय** who touches, from **चय**, with **कित्** aff.

भूमिचय m. (-नः) A king, a sovereign. **भू** earth, and **चय** chief.

भूमिचय f. (-नी) A plant, (Flacourtia cataphracta.) **भू** the earth, **चय** a myrobalan; also **भूमिचय** f. (-नी) ।

भूमि n. (-यः) Abstract state, but used in composition, as **भूमि** the state of BRAHMA', or identification with BRAHMA', becoming of the same nature, &c. **भू** to be, aff. क्तिप् ।

भूमि Ind. 1. Generally, as a rule. 2. Very much. 3. Again.

भूमि mfn. (-यः-वी-य) 1. Much, many. 2. Abounding. Ind. Frequently, repeatedly, again. 2. Exceeding, over, above. 3. Further. **भू** बहु much, **रसनिष्** affix of the superlative, **भू** substituted for **बहु**, and the **र** of the aff. rejected; also with **रसनिष्** aff. भूमि ।

भूमि mfn. (-नः-नी-ने) Many, very many, much, most : see the last.

भूमि mfn. (-रिः-रिः-रिः) 1. Much, many. 2. Large, great. Ind. Much, exceeding. m. (-रिः) 1. A name of VISHN'U. 2. BRAHMA'. 3. S'IVA. 4. Indra. n. (-रिः) Gold. **भू** to be, **कित्** Unádi aff.

भूमि m. (-नः) An ass. [changed to ऊर ।

भूमि f. (-रिः) The earth. **भू** to support, **रि** Unádi aff. and **क** भूमिचय mfn. (-नः-नी-ने) 1. Splendid, bright. 2. Illustrious. **भू** and **चय** Splendour.

भूमिचय f. (-या) Fennel : see भूमिचय ।

भूमिचय Adj. In common use, (as a word.)

भूमिचय m. (-नः) The ruddy goose. [cuttle-fish-bone.

भूमिचय f. (-नः) A plant, commonly Charnakasā. **भू** much, and **चय** much, **चय** decent.

भूमिचय m. (-यः) A jackal. **भू** much, **चय** decent.

भूमिचय m. (-नः) The sugarcane.

भूमिचय mfn. (-नः-नी-ने) Very profitable or beneficial. n. (-नः) Great gain. **भू** and **चय** gain.

भूमिचय Ind. Manifold, many by many. **भू** many, **चय** aff.

भूमिचय f. (-नः) A sort of sun flower, (Heliotropium Indicum.) **भू** the earth, **चय** to grow; or **चय** to oppose, **क** aff., deriv. irr. "चयिचय" ।

भूमिचय m. (-नः) A tree. **भू** the earth, and **चय** what grows.

भूमिचय m. (-नः) The Bhurja patra tree growing in the snowy mountains, a kind of birch; the bark is used for writing on, and very generally for hooka snakes. **भू** the earth, and **चय** to be strong or hardy, aff. क्तिप् ।

भूमिचय m. (-नः) A man of one of the inferior or mixed classes, sprung from an outcaste Bráhma by a woman of the same tribe. **भू** the Bhurj, and **चय** the throat, **क** added.

भूमिचय m. (-नः) The Bhurja-patra : see भूमिचय. **भू** as above, **चय** a leaf.

भूमि f. (-नः) 1. The earth. 2. A desert, a country ill-supplied with water. **भू** to nourish, Unádi aff. नि, deriv. irr.

**भूमीक** m. (-कः) The earth, the habitation of mortals, the terrestrial globe. **भू**: the earth, and **लोक** the world. [plant.]  
**भूलता** f. (-ता) A worm, an earth-worm. **भू**: the earth, **लता** a creeping  
**भूयक** m. (-कः) A king. **भू**: the earth, and **इन्द्र** INDRA.  
**भूपति** f. (-तिः) Purifying the ground by sweeping, burning, &c. **भू** and **पति** Purification. [चसुन् aff.]  
**भूयवत्** m. (-वः) An ant or mole hill. **भू**: the earth, and **वृ** to exude,  
**भूय** r. 1st and 10th cls. (भूयति भूययति-ते) To decorate, to adorn.  
**भूयन्** n. (-न्) Ornament, embellishment. **भूय** to adorn, aff. **लुट्**.  
**भूययितव्य** mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) To be decorated or ornamented. **भूय**, and  
**तव्य** aff.; also **भूययीय** &c.  
**भूषा** f. (-षा) Adorning, decorating with trinkets, jewels, &c. **भू** to  
adorn, affs. **चकृ** and **टाप**. [कृ.]  
**भूषित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Adorned, decorated, dressed. **भू** to adorn, aff  
**भूष** mfn. (-षः-ष्-ष्) 1. Being, existing. 2. Being well, faring well.  
**भू** to be, **गृष्** aff.  
**भूसुत** m. (-तः) 1. The planet Mars. 2. The demon Naraka. f. (-ता)  
**Si'ta**, the wife of **Rā'ma**. **भू**: the earth, and **सुत** the offspring.  
**भूष्य** n. (-ष्यं) A fragrant grass, (*Andropogon schœnanthus*.) **भू**: the  
earth, **वृष्य** grass, and **सुट्** augment.  
**भूम्यु** m. (-युक्) Man, a man, mankind. **भू**: the earth, and **स्यु** who  
touches; see **भूमिस्स्यु**. [ven on earth.]  
**भूतगै** m. (-गैः) The mountain Suméru. **भू**, and **सगै** paradise; a hea-  
**भूतानि** m. (-नी) A landlord, a landholder.  
**भृ** (ञ्) **भृञ्** r. 1st cl. (भरति-ते) (ड, ञ्) **भृञ्** r. 3rd cl. (विभर्ति विभृते)  
1. To nourish, to cherish, to foster, to maintain. 2. To fill. 3. To  
hold or support 4. To suffer 5. To confer. With **सन्**. 1. To col-  
lect. 2. To prepare. 3. To nourish. 4. To produce.  
**भृकुस** m. (-सः) A mail actor or dancer in female apparel. **भृ** an eye-  
brow, **कुसि** to open, aff. **चक्**, **र** changed to **कृ**; also with **कन्** added  
**भृकुसक**, and **र** unchanged **भृकुस**; also from **कुञ्जि**, **भृकुञ्ज**; &c.  
**भृकुटि** f. (-टिः-टी) A frown, a contraction of the brows. **भृ**: the eye-  
brow, **कुट्** to be or make crooked, aff. **कि**, and **कौप्** optionally add-  
ed, **भृ** substituted for **कृ**; otherwise **भृकुटि**, **भृकुटी** &c.  
**भृगु** Ind. An imitative word expressive of the crackling sound of fire.  
**भृगु** m. (-गुः) 1. The name of a celebrated Muni, and one of the  
ten *Brahmādikas* or *Pra'japatis*, the sons of *BRĀHMA*, and  
first created of beings. 2. A name of *SIVA*. 3. *S'UKRA*, the regent  
of *VENUS*. 4. A precipice. 5. Table land, the level summit of a  
mountain. 6. The *Rishi* *JAMADAGNI*, the father of *PARASURA'MA*  
and grandson of the Muni *BHRIGU*. **भृ**: **भृञ्** to fry, (in religious  
fervour,) **Una'di** aff. **कृ**; **र** is changed to **कृ**, the **स** rejected, and  
the final **ञ** becomes **न**.  
**भृगुपति** m. (-तिः) The hero, and *Avata'r* *PARASURA'MA*. **भृ**: **भृगु** implying  
the race of *BHRIGU* or *JAMADAGNI*, and **पति** master, chief.  
**भृगुवासर** m. (-रः) Friday.  
**भृगुसुत** m. (-तः) 1. *SUKRA* or *VENUS*, the son the Muni *BHRIGU*, and  
the preceptor of the *DAITYAS*. 3. The hero *PARASURA'MA*. **भृ**: **भृगु**  
the saint *BHRIGU*, or his descendant *JAMADAGNI*, and **सुत** the son.  
**भृगुवापति** m. (-तिः) The first of the three incarnations of *VISHN'U*  
called *Rā'mas*; *PARASURA'MA* the son of *JAMADAGNI*. **भृ**: **भृगु** in  
the sixth case plural, and **पति** master, chief of the *BHRIGUS* or  
race of *BHRIGU*.  
**भृगु** m. (-गुः) 1. A large black bee, the humble bee. 2. A *castamite*, a  
libertine, a lecher. 3. A plant, (*Eclipta* or *Verbesina prostrata*.)  
4. A wasp, either the common kind, or the *Vespa solitaria*. 5.  
A golden vase. 6. The fork-tailed shrike, (*Lanius caeruleus*.) 7.  
A bird, apparently a sort of shrike different from the preceding.  
n. (-नः) 1. Woody cassia, 2, *Talp*. **भृ** to nourish, **गन्** **Una'di** aff.,  
and **कृत्** augment.

**भृगु** m. (-गुः) A bird, a sort of shrike, (*Lanius malabaricus*.) **भृ** added to the last.  
**भृगु** n. (-गुः) 1. *Alca*-wood or *Agallochum*. 2. *Talp*.  
**भृगुपति** f. (-तिः) Small or *Guzarāti* cardamoms.  
**भृगुजम्** m. (-जः) *Eolipta prostrata*: see the next.  
**भृगुजम्** m. (-जः) 1. A spreading shrub, (*Eclipta* or *Verbesina pro-*  
*strata*, or perhaps more properly, *Verbesina scandens*.) 2. A sort  
of bird, apparently the variety of shrike termed *Malabar*, (*Lanius*  
*malabaricus*.) 3. The humble bee. 4. A particular sacrifice. **भृ**: **भृ**  
a bee, and **जम्** to shine, aff. **चक्**; or with **जम्** dust, **भृगुजम्** and  
with **जम्** shining, ruling, **भृगुजम्** m. (-जः).  
**भृगुजम्** m. (-जः) One of *S'iva's* door-keepers. **भृ**: **भृ** a bee, **रट्** to speak  
or make a noise, to buzz, aff. **चक्**, and the penultimate change  
to **र**; also with **रन्** aff., and the penultimate long or short, the  
word is read **भृगुजम्**, **भृगुजम्**, and **भृगुजम्**.  
**भृगुजम्** m. (-जः) A wasp. **भृ**: **भृ** a bee, **रट्** to cry, **चक्** aff. "भृगुजम्".  
**भृगुजम्** m. (-जः) A plant, (*Ligusticum ajwaen*.)  
**भृगुजम्** m. (-जः) A plant, apparently a variety of *Eolipta* or *Verbesina*  
**भृगुजम्** m. (-जः) 1. A golden vase, especially used at royal ceremonies.  
2. A shrub, (*Eclipta prostrata*, &c.; see **भृगुजम्**.) n. (-नः) 1. *Clor*  
2. Gold. f. (-री) A cricket. **भृ** to contain, (water, &c.) **चरन्**  
**Una'di** aff., and **गन्** augment; or **भृ** a bee, and **चरि** an enemy,  
fem. form.  
**भृगुजम्** f. (-जः) A cricket. **भृ**: **भृ** a bee, **चरि** an enemy, and **कन्** aff.  
**भृगुजम्** f. (-जः) A line or flight of bees. **भृ**: **भृ**, and **चरि** a row  
**भृगुजम्** m. (-जः) 1. One of *S'iva's* chamberlains. 2. The Indian fig-tree.  
**भृ**: **भृ** a bee, **चरि** aff.  
**भृगुजम्** m. (-जः) The hog plum: see **चायातक**. [master.]  
**भृगुजम्** m. (-जः) *S'IVA*. **भृ**: **भृ** the attendant of the deity, and **र**  
**भृ** (र) **भृजी** r. 1st cl. (भृजते) To parch, to fry.  
**भृजम्** n. (-नः) A frying-pan. **भृ**: **भृ** to fry, **Una'di** aff. **कन्**, and the  
root changed.  
**भृजम्** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Hired, paid, maintained. 2. Cherished, suppor-  
ted. 3. Filled. 4. Having, being possessed of, or endowed with.  
5. Borne, carried. m. (-तः) 1. A servant. 2. A hired labourer. **भृ**  
**भृ** to nourish, aff. **कृ**. [added.]  
**भृजम्** m. (-जः) 1. A hired labourer. 2. A servant. **भृ**: **भृ** hired, **रन्**  
**भृजम्** m. (-जः) A hired teacher, one who gives instructions for  
pay. **भृ**: **भृजम्**, and **चयापक** a teacher. [चयापित instructed.]  
**भृजम्** m. (-जः) A student who pays his teacher. **भृ**: **भृजम्**, and  
**भृजम्** mfn. (-तिः-तिः-तिः) 1. Prosperous, powerful, exalted. 2. Smeared  
with ashes. **भृ**: **भृ** possessed, and **भृति** power, &c. [रन् a hole.]  
**भृजम्** mfn. (-जः-जः-जः) Filled up, (as a hole or depression.) **भृ**: **भृ**,  
**भृति** f. (-तिः) 1. Wages, hire. 2. Capital, principal. 3. Nourishment,  
maintenance. 4. Supporting, support. 5. Service for wages. **भृ** to  
nourish, aff. **कृ**. [eat, aff. **कृ**.]  
**भृजम्** m. (-जः) A hired labourer or servant. **भृ**: **भृति** hire, **रन्** to  
**भृजम्** mfn. (-जः-जः-जः) To be nourished or maintained. m. (-नः) 1. A  
dependent. 2. A servant, a slave. 3. A minister. f. (-ता) Hire,  
wages. **भृ** to nourish, aff. **कृ**, with **गन्** augment.  
**भृजम्** n. (-नः) Servitude, service, dependance. **भृ**: **भृ** added to the last;  
also with **तन्**, **भृजम्**.  
**भृजम्** n. (-नः) Teaching, (especially the *Védas*.) for hire. **भृ**: **भृति**  
and **चयापन** instructing.  
**भृजम्** n. (-नः) Maintaining or cherishing, dependents, servants, &c.  
**भृ**: **भृ**, and **भृजम्** nourishing.  
**भृजम्** m. (-नः) A master of a family taking good care of his depen-  
dents. **भृ**: **भृजम्**, and **भृजम्** who nourishes.  
**भृजम्** n. (-नः) Kindness to dependents or servants. **भृ**: **भृ**, and  
**भृजम्** tenderness.

भुवनिदेव m. (-वः) Fixing or planting firmly. ३. भुव, and विनिदेव  
[उत्ति practice.  
भुवनि f. (-निः) Maintenance of servants or dependents. ३. भुव, and  
भुवनिनि mfn. (लो विनी-वि) Having many servants. ३. भुव, and  
भुवनिनि possessing. [Wages.  
भुव f. (-वः) 1. Rearing, nourishing. 2. Maintenance. 3. Service. 4.  
भुविनि f. (-निः) Adj Nourished ३. भुविनि-सप्।  
भुविनि m. (-निः) 1. A whirlwind, a hurricane, a high wind. 2. An  
eddy, a whirlpool. ३. भुव् to turn round, रन् Unādi aff., and the  
semi-vowel changed to its congener.  
भुव् (इ, उ) भुव् r. 4th cl. (भुवति) To fall, to fall down, literally or  
figuratively, as from a height, from dignity or virtue, &c.  
भुव् mfn. (-वः) Much, exceeding. n. Adv. (-वः) Much exceedingly.  
Ind. (भुवन्) 1. Much. 2. Eminently, superiorly, better. 3. Repeated-  
ly. 4. Beautifully. ३. भुव् to fall, aff. क। [aff.  
भुवति mfn. (-ति) Perspiring violently. ३. भुव and तिद् to sweat, तिन्  
भुव mfn. (उः-उ-उ) Fried. ३. भुव् to fry, aff. क, the vowel substituted  
for the semi-vowel. [rice.  
भुवन् n. (-न्) Rice boiled and then fried. ३. भुव् fried, चन् boiled-  
भुव f. (उः) 1. Frying. 2. An uninhabited or lonely garden, &c. ३.  
भुवन् to fry, aff. तिन् the semi-vowel changed to उ-  
भु, r. 9th. cl. भुवति 1. To blame or censure. 2. To nourish, to  
maintain, to support. 3. To hold. 4. To fry.  
भेक m. (-कः) 1. A frog. 2. A cloud. 3. A timid man. f. (-की) 1. The  
female of the frog, or a small frog. 2. A kind of creeper, (Hydro-  
cotyle Asiatica.) ३. भो to fear, Unādi aff. कन्.  
भेकपत्र f. (-त्री) A creeper. (Hydrocotyle Asiatica.) ३. भेक frog, and  
पत्र a leaf; resembling the animal.  
भेकमृत् m. (-मृत्) A serpent, a snake. ३. भेक, and मृत् who eats.  
भेकरव m. (-वः) The croaking of frogs.  
भेड m. (-डः) 1. A ram, a sheep. 2. A raft, a float. 3. The name of a  
saint. f. (-डी) An ewe. ३. भिद् a Sastra root, to separate, aff. चच्,  
and ल changed to ड; also with कन् added, भेडक।  
भेद्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) To be feared or apprehended, ३. भो to fear,  
तय aff.  
भेद mfn. (-ता-जी-वृ) Who or what divides, disunites, &c. m. (तर)  
1. A divider or separator. 2. A factious or seditious man, a traitor,  
or one who secretly corresponds with an enemy, &c. ३. भिद् to di-  
vide, to sow dissension, aff. लृच्।  
भेद m. (-दः) 1. Dividing, separating. 2. Tearing, rending, breaking, &c.  
3. Distinction, kind, sort, species, difference. 4. Disunion, disagree-  
ment. 5. Sowing dissension, breaking the unanimity of confeder-  
ates, one of the means of success against an opponent. 6. Chasm,  
cleft. 7. Change. 8. Hitting, (as a mark.) 9. Disclosure. 10  
Dualism, (in phil.) 11. Evacuation of the bowels, (in medicine.)  
३. भिद् to divide, aff. चच्।  
भेदक mfn. (-कः-दिक्-क) A breaker, who or what breaks or divides. m.  
(-कः) A mischief maker. m. (-कः-क) 1. An adjective. 2. Purgative.  
३. भिद् to break लृच् aff.  
भेदकर mfn. (-रः-री-र) 1. Separating, disuniting. 2. Causing dissen-  
sion. ३. भेद and कर who or what makes.  
भेदन n. (-नः) Dividing, separating, literally or figuratively, as tearing,  
breaking, specifying, discriminating, causing separation or dis-  
sension, &c. m. (-नः) A hog. ३. भिद् to break, aff. लृच्।  
भेदप्रत्यय m. (-यः) Belief in the reality of the multifarious appearances of  
the world, in opposition to the doctrine that every thing is God  
३. भेद difference, प्रत्यय faith.  
भेदित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Divided, separated, literally or figuratively. ३.  
भिद् to break, aff. क; also भिन्.  
भेदिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) 1. Who or what divides, &c. Having a dis-

tinction or division. m. (-दी) The ratan. ३. भिद् to divide, चित्च्,  
aff. or भेद sort, &c and दिनि aff.  
भेदिर n. (-रः) See the next.  
भेदुर n. (-रः) The thunderbolt of INDRA. ३. भिद् to split, (rocks, &c.)  
लृच् aff; also भिदुर and भेदिर.  
भेद्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) 1. To be broken. 2. To be divided, pierced, cut,  
&c. 3. To be disconcerted or deterred. 4. To be set at variance or  
disunited. n. (-व्यः) A substantive. ३. भिद् to break, लृच् aff.  
भेन m. (-नः) 1. The sun. 2. The moon. ३. भे a star, &c. रन् a master.  
भेरि m. (-रिः-री) A kettle-drum. ३. भो to fear, to cause to fear, Unādi  
aff. तिन्; otherwise रन् aff., and डीप् added; also भेर.  
भेरुह mfn. (-हः-ह-ह) Formidable, fearful. f. (-हः) One of the Yak-  
shinis, or female attendants on DURGA. m. (-हः) A particular  
deity; a form of S'IVA, according to the Tantras. n. (-हः) Con-  
ception, impregnation. ३. भो to fear, deriv. irr.; it is sometimes  
read भेरुह।  
भेरुहक m. (-कः) A jackal.  
भेल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) 1. Ignorant, unwise, foolish. 2. Fearful, timid. 3.  
Unsteady, (figuratively or literally.) 4. Tall. m. (-लः) 1. A raft, a  
float. 2. The name of a Muni, the author of some medical works.  
३. भो to fear, Unādi aff. रन् and the final changed to ल।  
भेलक mn. (-कः-क) A raft, a float. ३. कन् added to the preceding.  
भेष् (लृच्) भेष् r. 1st cl. (भेवति-ते) 1. To fear or dread. 2. To go.  
भेवज n. (-जः) 1. A remedy, a drug, a medicament. 2. A kind of fennel,  
(Nigella Indica.) ३. भेव here interpreted disease, जि to conquer, aff.  
ड; or भिजन् a root of a particular class, and चच् aff.  
भेवजाड n. (-जः) The vehicle or medium in which medicine is adminis-  
tered, as water gruel, &c. ३. भेवज a drug, and जाड a limb or part.  
भेव n. (-वः) 1. Alms, what is collected by begging. 2. Begging, men-  
dicancy. f. (-वी) Subsisting on alms. ३. भिवा alms, given and re-  
ceived, aff. चच्; also भेव्य.  
भेवचरण n. (-णः) Plying for alms, begging. ३. भेव and चरण going.  
भेवचर्या f. (-र्या) Begging, collecting alms. ३. भेव, and चर्या practice.  
भेवजीविका f. (-का) Living upon alms, begging, mendicancy. ३. भेव  
aggregate alms, जीविका livelihood.  
भेवमृत् m. (-मृत्) A mendicant. ३. भेव alms, and मृत् who subsists;  
also भेवाशिन, भिवाशिन, &c.  
भेवाशिन m. (-शिनः) A mendicant. ३. भेव, and वाशिन who eats. [food.  
भेवाहार m. (-रः) A mendicant, one living on charity. ३. भेव and वाहार  
भेव्य n. (-व्यः) Mendicity, begging. ३. भिवा, and व्यच् aff.  
भेमो f. (-मो) 1. A patronymic of Damayanti, wife of NALA. 2. The  
eleventh, day of the bright half of Māgha.  
भेरव mfn. (-वः-वी-व) Formidable, horrible, terrific. n. (-वः) Horror,  
the property of exciting terror. m. (-वः) 1. A name of S'IVA, but  
more especially an inferior manifestation or form of the deity,  
eight of which are called by the common name Bhairava, and  
are severally termed ASITA'NUA, RURU, CHANDA, KRODHA, UN-  
MATTI, KUPATI, BHISHANA, and SANH'ARA, all alluding to terrific  
properties of mind or body. 2. The name of a river. 3. A musical  
mode; that which is calculated to excite emotion of terror. f. (-वी)  
1. A name or form of DURGA. 2. A young girl personating DURGA  
at the festival of that goddess. 3. Name of a Rāgini. ३. भो fear-  
ful, aff. चच्।  
भेरवकारक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Formidable. ३. भेरव, and कारक what causes.  
भेवज m. (-जः) A sort of quail. n. (-जः) Medicament. ३. भिजन् a medica-  
ment, and चच् reforential or pleonastic aff.  
भेवज n. (-जः) A drug, a medicament. ३. भेवज, लृच् aff. [भोच्।  
भो Ind. A vocative particle. ३. भो to shine, डी aff., more commonly  
भाज्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) 1. To be used or enjoyed. 2. To be eaten. ३.  
भुज् to eat, &c., तय aff.

- भोज** mfn. (-ञ-भो-ञ्) 1. Enjoying, an enjoyer. 2. An eater. m. (-ञ) 1. A husband. 2. A lover. 3. A possessor. 4. A king. इ. भुज् to enjoy, &c., aff. वच् ।
- भोज** ल n. (-ल) Possession, enjoyment. इ. ल added to the last.
- भोज्यमात्र** mfn. (-ञ-भ-य-च) Being about to eat. इ. भुज् to eat, and मात्र aff., here of the future tense.
- भोग** m. (-गः) 1. Pleasure, enjoyment. 2. Wealth. 3. Nourishing, cherishing. 4. Eating. 5. A snake's body. 6. A snake's expanded hood. 7. Hire. 8. The hire of dancing girls or courtezans. 9. A snake. 10. An army in column. 11. (In arithmetic,) The numerator of a fraction. 12. Food. 13. A repost. 14. Food offered to an idol. 15. Gain. 16. Rule, government. 17. Experiencing. 18. Advantage. 19. The use of a deposit. इ. भुज् to eat, &c. aff. वच् ।
- भोगगृह** n. (-गृह) Price paid to harlots.
- भोगगृह** m. (-गृह) The inner or private apartment, the harem. इ. भोग enjoyment, and गृह a house.
- भोगदत्ता** f. (-दा) Thirst for worldly enjoyment.
- भोगदेह** m. (-देह) The body which a dead person carries with him.
- भोगपति** m. (-तिः) 1. A viceroy, a governor. 2. A person having possession or usufruct. इ. भोग enjoyment, and पति master.
- भोगपाल** m. (-लः) A groom. इ. भोग pleasure, and पाल who nourishes.
- भोगपिशाचिका** f. (-का) Hunger. इ. भोग eating, पिशाचिका an imp.
- भोगभूमि** f. (-मिः) Swarga or paradise. इ. भोग enjoyment, and भूमि soil.
- भोगभूतक** m. (-कः) A servant or slave, who work for maintenance only. इ. भोग enjoyment, and भूतक a hiring.
- भोगलाभ** m. (-भः) Interest or profit made by the use of any thing pledged. इ. भोग enjoyment, and लाभ gain.
- भोगवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Enjoying, having enjoyment. 2. Delightful, pleasurable, yielding enjoyment. 3. Having curves. m. (-वान्) 1. A snake. 2. Dancing, acting and singing together. 3. A mountain. f. (-वती) 1. The capital of the Nāgas, or serpent. 2. The Ganges of the lower regions. 3. The night of the second day of a lunar month. इ. भोग enjoyment, aff. वच् । [सङ्गत् a dwelling.]
- भोगसङ्गत्** n. (-ङ्गत्) The inner apartment, the harem. इ. भोग pleasure.
- भोगस्थान** n. (-नः) 1. The body as the seat of sensual enjoyment. 2. A harem, &c. इ. भोग enjoyment and स्थान place.
- भोगाधि** m. (-धिः) A pledge that may be used until it is redeemed.
- भोगार्ह** n. (-र्हः) Wealth, property. इ. भोग and अर्ह fit for.
- भोगावली** f. (-ली) Praise, eulogium, the panegyric of professional encomiasts or bards. इ. भोग enjoyment, आवली a row or range.
- भोगवास** m. (-सः) The harem, the inner or women's apartment. इ. भोग enjoyment, वास abode.
- भोगिक** m. (-कः) A horse-keeper, a groom. इ. भोग pleasure, ठक् aff.
- भोगिकाल** m. (-कालः) Air, wind. इ. भोग a snake and काल friend.
- भोगिन्** mfn. (-गी-गिनी-नि) Enjoying, possessing an enjoyer, &c. m. (-गी) 1. A snake. 2. A king, a prince. 3. A barber. 4. The head man of a village. 5. A person who accumulates money for a particular expenditure. 6. The constellation As'lesha'. f. (-गिनी) 1. The capital of the Nāgas. 2. A royal concubine. 3. Having curves. 4. Any woman of the Royal harem except the crowned queen. इ. भोग enjoyment, aff. इनि ।
- भोगिबल्लभ** n. (-भ) Sandal. इ. भोगिन् a snake, बल्लभ beloved.
- भोगोद्भ** m. (-द्भः) 1. The serpent ANANTA. 2. The serpent VA'SUKI'. इ. भोग a snake, उद्भ a sovereign; also भोगीश ।
- भोग्य** mfn. (-ग्यः-ग्या-ग्य) To be enjoyed. n. (-ग्य) 1. Wealth. 2. Grain. f. (-ग्या) A whore. m. (-ग्यः) A pledge that can be used until redeemed. इ. भुज् to enjoy, aff. वच् ।
- भोज** m. (-जः) 1. A country, Pātnā and Bhāgalpur. 2. The name of a sovereign of Oujein, or MA'LAVA who is supposed to have flour-

- ished about the end of the tenth century; he was a celebrated patron of learned men, and the nine gems or poets and philosophers, are often ascribed to his era. 3. A cowherd. इ. भुज् to enjoy, aff. वच् and the final consonant unchanged.
- भोजकट** m. (-टः) The country of Bhoja, the present Bhojpur, or the vicinity of Pa'tna and Bhāgalpur. इ. भोज the same, and कट् to go, aff. वच् ।
- भोजन** n. (-नः) 1. Food. 2. Eating. 3. Any object of enjoyment. 4. Wealth. इ. भुज् to eat, aff. वच् ।
- भोजनविशेष** m. (-वः) Choice food, a delicacy. इ. भोजन, विशेष superior sort.
- भोजनव्यय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Straitened for food. इ. भोजन and व्यय anxious.
- भोजनाधिकार** m. (-रः) Commissariat, stewardship, charge of provender. इ. भोजन, अधिकार superintendence.
- भोजनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be enjoyed. 2. To be eaten. n. (-य) Food. इ. भुज् to enjoy, aff. वचोयच् ।
- भोजविला** Ind. Having fed. इ. भुज् to eat, causal v., विला aff.
- भोजधिप** m. (-पः) A name of KARNA, the half brother of the Pāndas. इ. भोज Bhāgalpur, and धिप sovereign.
- भोज्य** mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्या-ज्य) To be eaten, edible. n. (-ज्य) 1. Food. 2. A dainty. 3. Enjoyment. इ. भुज् to eat, वच् aff. and the final unchanged. [सङ्गत् production.]
- भोज्यसञ्चय** m. (-चः) Chyme, the primary juice of the body. इ. भोज्य food.
- भोट** m. (-टः) Tibet. "भीटान् द्वे" ।
- भोटाङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) A country probably Bhutan. [peated.]
- भोभी** Ind. A particle of calling or addressing. इ. भो as above, re-
- भोभीरा** f. (-रा) Coral.
- भोलि** m. (-लिः) A camel. इ. भा to shine, वलिच् aff.
- भोस्** Ind. 1. A particle of calling or addressing. 2. A particle of sorrow. 3. An interrogative particle. इ. भा to shine, aff. वीस् ।
- भौत** mfn. (-तः-तो-त) 1. Demoniaccal, relating to spirits or goblins. 2. Elemental. 3. Relating to existing beings. m. (-तः) 1. An attendant upon idols. 2. A worshipper of spirits and goblins. f. (-ती) Night. इ. भूत a goblin, &c. aff. वच् ।
- भौतिक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Relating or appertaining to evil spirits. 2. Elemental. 3. Existent. m. (-कः) S'IVA. n. (-क) A pearl. इ. भूत a spirit, &c. ठक् aff.
- भौम** mfn. (-मः-मी-म) Earthly, terrestrial, produced in or relating to the earth. m. (-मः) 1. The planet MARS. 2. Hell. 3. Ambergris. 4. Water. 5. Life. f. (-मी) A name of S'ITA'. इ. भूमि the earth, and वच् aff.
- भौम(व)म** m. (-मः) An epithet of Vishwakarmā, the architect of gods.
- भौमरत्न** n. (-रत्नः) Coral. इ. भौम and रत्न a gem.
- भौमिक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Earthly, terrestrial. इ. भूमि and ठक् aff.
- भौरिक** m. (-रिः) The superintendent of gold, the treasurer. इ. भूर् gold, aff. ठक् ।
- भौवादिक** f. (-की) Belonging to the class of roots which begins with भू.
- भयस्** r. 1st. cl. (भयस्ते) To fear.
- भयस्** (उ) भयस् r. 4th cl. (भयस्ते) To fall down; also भयस् ।
- भयम्** m. (-यः) 1. Falling, declining from a height, or from propriety. 2. Falling from or off. 3. Decay, ruin. 4. Decline. 5. Loss. 6. Running away. इ. भयस् to fall, aff. वच् ।
- भयस्** (उ) भयस् r. 1st. cl. (भयस्ते) To fall down.
- भुजस** m. (-सः) An actor wearing female apparel. इ. भू for भू the eye-brow, and कुञ्जि or कुञ्जि to speak, aff. वच्; hence also भुजस, भुजस-भुजटि f. (-टिः-टी) A frown. इ. भू for भू the eye-brow, कुट् to curve, aff. वच्; also भुजटि &c.
- भुच्** r. 1st. cl. (भुचति-ते) To eat; also भुच् ।
- भुज्जन** n. (-जः) The act of frying.
- भुच्** r. 1st. cl. (भुचति) To sound.
- भुज्** r. 1st. cl. (भुजति) To fall; also भुज् ।



भ्रू (उ) भ्रू r. 1st cl. (भ्रूयति भ्रूयति) r. 4th cl. (भ्रूयति) 1. To turn round, to move circularly. 2. To be unsteady or unfixed. 3. To roam, to wander; it is also figuratively applicable to mental unsteadiness, as to err, to wander, to be ignorant or mistaken, &c. With परि, To wander about. With वि, To play, to wanton. With सन्, 1. To hurry. 2. To honour.

भ्रू m. (-सः) 1. Whirling, going, round. 2. Straying, roaming. 3. Error, ignorance, mistake, misapprehension. 4. A whirlpool, an eddy. 5. A drain, a water-course. 6. A lathe, a potter's wheel, &c. E. भ्रू to go round, aff. च्च् ।

भ्रू n. (-च) 1. Whirling, going round. 2. Wandering, literally or figuratively. 3. Erring. 4. Giddiness. f. (-ची) 1. A leech. 2. A sort of game, performed by women for the amusement of a lover or husband. E. भ्रू to go round, aff. कृट् ।

भ्रू mfn. (-सन् सती-सत्) 1. Going round, whirling, revolving. 2. Revolving. 3. Erring. E. भ्रू to turn round, गृह् aff.

भ्रूकुटी f. (-टी) An umbrella, a concave mat carried on the head for that purpose, &c. E. भ्रूत् and कुटी a house.

भ्रू mfn. (-रः रा-र) What whirls or goes round. m. (-रः) 1. A large black bee. 2. A lecher, a lover. n. (-र) Vertigo, epilepsy. E. भ्रू to go round, aff. कर्त्तृ ।

भ्रूक m. (-कः) 1. Hair curled upon the forehead. 2. A bee. 3. A ball for playing with. 4. A whirlpool. E. भ्रू a bee, &c. कर्त्तृ aff.

भ्रूकटी m. (-टी) A sort of wasp, that builds a solitary nest in the angles of walls, doors, &c. (Vespa solitaria.) E. भ्रू a bee, and कटी an insect. "कुसीर पीका" । [loved.]

भ्रूप्रिय m. (-यः) The Dhārā-Kadamba tree. E. भ्रू a bee, and प्रिय be-

भ्रूविलसिता f. (-ता) A species of the Trishtubh metre. [चलक a curl.]

भ्रूक m. (-कः) Hair curled upon the forehead. E. भ्रू a bee, and कर्त्तृ m. (-कः) An armourer, a sword-cleaner, a knife-grinder. E. भ्रू a turning instrument, a grind-stone, and चासक diligent.

भ्रू f. (-भिः) 1. Whirling, going round. 2. Error, blunder, mistake. 3. A lathe, a potter's wheel. 4. A whirlpool. E. भ्रू to turn round, Una'di aff. इत् ।

भ्रू mfn. (-सो-सिषी-सि) Whirling, going round, or about. E. भ्रू to go round, aff. चितुष् ।

भ्रू (उ) भ्रू r. 4th cl. (भ्रूयति) To fall down; also भ्रूय and भ्रूय ।

भ्रू m. (-सा) Vehemence. E. भ्रू-इ-न-विच् aff.

भ्रू mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) 1. Fallen, lost. 2. Vicious, depraved, fallen from virtue. 3. Fried, parched. E. भ्रू to fall, or भ्रूज् to fry, क्त् aff. [and राज्य principality.]

भ्रू mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्या-ज्य) Deposed, deprived of a kingdom. E. भ्रू

भ्रूज् (ची) च्च्भ्रूजो r. 6th cl. (भ्रूजति-ने) To broil or fry.

भ्रूज् (ट्, ष्ट) ट्भ्रूज् r. 1st cl. (भ्रूजते) To shine.

भ्रूज् n. (-कः) Bile, the bilious humour. f. (-जिक्ता) Making bright. E. भ्रूज् to shine, aff. च्च् ।

भ्रूज् f. (-यः) Brilliance, splendour, beauty. E. भ्रूज् to shine, च्च्च् aff.

भ्रूज् mfn. (-सान्-सती-सत्) 1. Splendid. 2. Beautiful. E. भ्रूज् and सत्च् aff.

भ्रूज् mfn. (-चः-चः-च) Elegant, splendid, radiant in ornament and vesture. E. भ्रूज् to shine, aff. च्च्च् ।

भ्रातृ m. (-सः) 1. A brother, a uterine brother. 2. A relative. 3. A term of friendly address. Dual only, (-रौ) Brother and sister. E. भ्रात् to shine, Una'di aff. ङच्, and the radical final rejected.

भ्रातृ mfn. (-कः-का-क) Fraternal, brotherly, of or belonging to a brother. E. भ्रातृ a brother, and ङच् aff.

भ्रातृ m. (-जः) A brother's son. E. भ्रातृ a brother, and ज् born.

भ्रातृया f. (-या) A sister-in-law, a brother's wife. E. भ्रातृ a brother, and जाया a wife.

भ्रातृतीया f. (-या) The second day of the first-half of KA'RTIKA when

sisters entertain their brothers in consequence of the Yamunā once having entertained her brother Yama on that day.

भ्रातृपत्नी f. (-नी) A brother's wife. E. भ्रातृ, and पत्नी a wife.

भ्रातृभगिनी Dual only, (-रौ) A brother and sister. E. भ्रातृ a brother and भगिनी a sister.

भ्रातृवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Having a brother. E. भ्रातृ, वच्च् aff. [वच्च् aff.]

भ्रातृय m. (-यः) 1. A brother's son. 2. An enemy. E. भ्रातृ a brother,

भ्रातृवत् m. (-रः) A husband's elder brother. E. भ्रातृ a brother, and वत्त्वर a father-in-law, (as it were.)

भ्रातृय mfn. (-यः-वा-य) Fraternal, belonging or relating to a brother.

m. (-यः) A brother's son. E. भ्रातृ a brother, and वच्च् aff.

भ्रातृ mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Whirled, revolved. 2. Blundering, mistaken.

m. (-नः) 1. An elephant in rut. 2. The Dhuturā plant. n. (-न) 1. Moving about. 2. Error. E. भ्रू to revolve, aff. क्त् ।

भ्राति f. (-भिः) 1. Error, mistake, ignorance. 2. Going round, whirling, revolving. 3. Unsteadiness, locomotion. 4. Going about, wandering. 5. Confusion. 6. Delusion. 7. Doubt. E. भ्रू to go round, aff. क्त्, and the vowel made long.

भ्रातिमत् mfn. (-मान्-सती-सत्) 1. Erring, mistaking. 2. Wandering. m. (-मान्) A figure of speech (in rhetoric.) E. भ्राति, and सत्च् aff.

भ्रातिवर m. (-रः) A counsellor, a minister. E. भ्राति error, and वर who repels or removes. [वच्च् aff.]

भ्राम m. (-मः) 1. Wandering, roving. 2. Error. E. भ्रू to turn round,

भ्रामक m. (-कः) 1. A jackal. 2. A cheat, a rogue. 3. A sort of loadstone. 4. The sun-flower. E. भ्रू to turn round, क्त् aff.

भ्रामयत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) 1. Whirling round. 2. Bewildering. E. भ्रू to wander or whirl, causal v., गृह् aff.

भ्रामर n. (-रः) 1. Whirling, going round. 2. A dance performed in a

ring round-about. 3. A village. 4. Epilepsy. 5. A honey. 6. A

mode of sexual enjoyment. m. (-रः) A sort of loadstone. f. (-री)

1. A name of PA'RVATĪ from her having assumed the form of a bee, in order to contend with MAHA'SUR. 2. Yo'ginī, or

female attendant on DURGA. E. भ्रामर a bee, &c. aff. च्च् or च्च्च्.

भ्रामरिन् mfn. (-रौ-रिषी-रि) 1. Whirling, revolving. 2. Epileptic, giddy.

3. Made of honey or from a bee, &c. E. भ्रामर, and रिन् aff.

भ्राम्यत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) 1. Wandering about, roving, roaming. 2. Erring, deviating. E. भ्रू to wander, गृह् aff.

भ्राश् (-ट्, ष्ट) ट्भ्राश् r. 1st cl. (भ्राशते भ्राशते) To shine. Also ब्राश् ।

भ्राष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) Fried in a pan. mn. (-ष्टः-ष्टः) A frying-pan. m.

(-ष्टः) Light. E. भ्रूज् to fry, Una'di aff. इत्; and in the attributive, च्च् added.

भ्रास् r. 1st cl. (भ्राशते, भ्राशते) To shine, also ब्रास् ।

भ्री r. 9th cl. (भ्रीयति भ्रीयते) 1. To fear. 2. To help. 3. To cherish, to maintain or support.

भ्रूकृत् m. (-सः) An actor in female apparel. E. भ्रू for भ्रू an eye-brow, कृत् or कृत् to shine or speak, aff. च्च्; hence also भ्रूकृत् भ्रूकृत्, &c.

भ्रूकृति f. (-टिः-टी) A frown. E. भ्रू for भ्रू an eye-brow, कृट् to make crooked, इत् aff.; see भ्रूकृटि ।

भ्रू r. 6th cl. (भ्रूयति) 1. To cover. 2. To collect.

भ्रू f. (-यः) An eye-brow. E. भ्रू to round, Una'di aff. इत् ।

भ्रूकृत् m. (-सः) A male actor in female apparel. E. भ्रू the eye-brow, कृत् to speak or shine, aff. च्च्; also from कृत् भ्रूकृत्; this word

is variously written भ्रूकृत् or भ्रूकृत्, भ्रूकृत् or भ्रूकृत्, and भ्रूकृत् or भ्रूकृत् ।

भ्रूकृति f. (-टिः-टी) A frown, a look of displeasure. E. भ्रू the brow, कृट् to be curved, aff. इत् and ङीप् optionally added; it is also written variously, like the last, and occurs भ्रूकृति, भ्रूकृति, or भ्रूकृति.

भ्रूकृत् m. (-यः) A frown. E. भ्रू, and कृत् throwing.

भ्रू r. 10th cl. (भ्रूयते) 1. To hope, to trust. 2. To confide, to be without doubt. 3. To wish for, to desire. 4. To fear.

- भ्रूय m. (-यः) 1. The embryo or fetus. 2. A child. ३. भ्रूय to hope, to fear, aff. चञ् ।  
 भ्रूयन् mfn. (-न्-प्र-प्र-प्र) Producing or causing abortion, who or what does so. ३. भ्रूय, and प्र what destroys.  
 भ्रूयन् f. (-या) 1. Murder of the fetus, procuring or causing abortion. 2. Any sin equally heinous. ३. भ्रूय, and प्र killing.  
 भ्रूयन् mf. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) 1. One who occasions or procures abortion. 2. The murderer of a Brahman. ३. भ्रूय the embryo, (or any thing of which the death is equally heinous.) and प्र who kills.  
 भ्रूय m. (-यः) A frown. ३. भ्रू, the brow, भ्रूय a breaking, bending.  
 भ्रूयिन् m. (-यः) Playful motion of the eye-brows.  
 भ्रूय (प्र) भ्रूय r. 1st cl. (भ्रूयते) To shine. [4. To fear.  
 भ्रूय (प्र) भ्रूय r. 1st cl. (भ्रूयति-ते) 1. To go. 2. To fall. 3. To be angry.  
 भ्रूय m. (-यः) 1. Going. 2. Loss. 3. Deviation.  
 भ्रूय (प्र) भ्रूय r. 1st cl. (भ्रूयति-ते) To go, to move, to fear : see भ्रूय ।  
 भ्रूय m. (-यः) 1. Deviation from rectitude, declining or falling from virtue, &c. 2. Going, proceeding. 3. Loss. ३. भ्रूय to go, aff. चञ् ।  
 भ्रूय n. (-यः) Going, moving. ३. भ्रूय to go, aff. चञ् ।  
 भ्रूय r. 1st cl. (भ्रूयति-ते) To eat.  
 भ्रूय (प्र) भ्रूय r. 1st cl. (भ्रूयति-ते) To shine ; sometimes भ्रूय ।  
 भ्रूय (प्र) भ्रूय r. 1st cl. (भ्रूयति-ते) 1. To go. 2. To fear : see भ्रूय ।

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## म

- म The twenty-fifth consonant of the Na'gari alphabet, corresponding to the letter M.  
 म m. (-मः) 1. A name of BRAHMA'. 2. S'IVA. 3. VISHN'U. 4. YAMA. 5. Time, season. 6. Poison, venom. 7. A magical or mystical verse or formula. 8. The moon. 9. The abbreviated name of the fourth note of the gamut. f. (म) 1. A name of LAKSHM'. 2. A mother. 3. Measure. 4. Light, lustre. 5 Knowledge. 6. Binding, tying. 7. Death. 8. A woman's waist. n. (म) 1. Good-fortune, auspiciousness. 2. Water. ३. म to measure, क aff. ; or मन् to worship, &c., aff. ड. [go, to move.  
 मक् (प्र) मक् r. 1st cl. (मक्ते) 1. To decorate, to grace or adorn. 2. To make r. m. (-रः) 1. A marine monster, confounded usually with the crocodile and shark, but properly a fabulous animal : as a fish it might be conjectured to be the horned-shark, or the unicorn fish ; but it is often drawn, as it in the pictured sign Capricornus of the zodiac, with the head and forelegs of an antelope, and the body and tail of a fish : it is the emblem of the god of love. 2. One of the signs of zodiac, corresponding with the above, and like the Greek representation of that sign, being an animal in the foreparts, and ending in the tail of a fish. One of the nine treasures of KUR'VA. 3. A particular array of troops, in the form of a Makara. 4. An ear-ring in that shape. ३. म for मुख the mouth, क् to scatter, aff. चञ् ; or माङ् prohibitive aff, क् to do, चञ् aff., form irr. ; grammarians however, sometimes consider this word as a primitive.  
 मकरकेतव m. (-वः) KA'MA, the Hindu CUPID. ३. मकर, a marine monster and केतव emblem ; being painted on KA'MA's banner. [blem.  
 मकरकेतु m. (-तुः) KA'MA : see the preceding. ३. मकर, and केतु an emblem.  
 मकरध्वज m. (-जः) 1. KA'MA : see the two last. 2. A particular array of troops. 3. A particular medical preparation. ३. मकर Makara, and ध्वज emblem.

- मकरन्द m. (-न्दः) 1. The nectar or honey of a flower. 2. The Kokil or Indian cuckoo. 3. A bee. 4. A fragrant kind of mango. 5. A kind of jasmine, (Jasminum pubescens.) 6. The filament of a lotus. ३. मकर the emblem of KA'MA, and द्ध to destroy, i. e. to surpass as an incentive to love, aff. क, form irr.  
 मकरन्दवती f. (-ती) The trumpet flower, (Bignonia suave-oleus.) ३. मकरन्द honey, and मनुप् aff., fem. form. "पाटका द्ध" ।  
 मकरसप्तमी f. (-मी) The seventh day in the first half of the month ma'gha [receptacle.  
 मकराकर m. (-रः) The ocean. ३. मकर a marine monster, and पाटका मकराकर m. (-रः) A plant, said to be a species of Karanja or Cassia pinia. ३. मकर a fish, पाटका form. "काटा करमजा" ।  
 मकराङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. KA'MA'DE'VA. 2. The ocean. ३. मकर a marine monster, and चङ् mark, emblem.  
 मकरालय m. (-यः) The ocean. ३. मकर a sort of fish, and पाटका abode.  
 मकराश्व m. (-श्वः) VARUN'A. ३. मकर a marine monster, and पाटका a horse, riding on the Makara.  
 मकरिन् m. (-रिन्) The ocean. ३. मकर a marine monster, and द्ध aff.  
 मकुट n. (-ट्) A crest, a head-dress, a crown, a tiara. ३. मकि to adorn, aff. चट form irr.  
 मकुति f. (-तिः) An edict or order of the government, addressed to the Su'dra tribe, or to a Su'dra. ३. मकि-चति ।  
 मकुट m. (-रः) 1. A mirror. 2. The stick of a potter's wheel. 3. An unblown flower. 4. A tree with light yellow, and fragrant flowers. (Mimusops elengi.) ३. मकि to adorn, चरच् Unādi aff. and deriv irr. ; also मकुट ।  
 मकुल m. (-लः) 1. An opening bud. 2. A kind of tree, (Mimusops elengi.) ३. मकि to adorn, चरच् aff., deriv. irr. "मकुल द्धते" ।  
 मकुटक m. (-कः) A kind of kidney-bean, a wild variety, perhaps of the Phaseolus mungo. ३. मकु irrly. derivd, from मक् to adorn, टक् to impede, aff. चञ् ; also मकुटक ।  
 मकुष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठः-प्र-प्र) Going lazily, slowly, &c. m. (-ष्ठः) A sort of rice. ३. मकि to adorn, aff. ड, deriv. irr. मकु, and स्था to stand, aff. क, also मकुष्ठ ।  
 मकुष्ठक m. (-कः) A sort of kidney-bean. ३. मकु ornament ; (see the two last ; ) स्था to stay or be, aff. कन् । [and कन् added.  
 मकुलक m. (-कः) A plant commonly Danti'. ३. मकि to adorn, कन् aff.  
 मक् r. 1. cl. (मक्ते) To go, to move.  
 मकुल n. (-लः) A mineral substance, considered variously to be chalk or benzoin. ३. मक् to go, to be, aff. कन् च । "शिलाजतु" ।  
 मकुल m. (-लः) Chalk : see the last. ३. मक् to go, चरच् aff.  
 मक् r. 1st cl. (मक्ते) 1. To fill. 2. To be angry. 3. To mix, to combine.  
 मक् m. (-यः) 1. Hypocrisy, slyness, concealment of one's own defects. 2. Multitude. ३. मक् to fill, aff. चञ् । [same, कन् aff.  
 मक्चिक्ता f. (-क्ता) A fly. ३. मक् to be angry, Unādi aff. चरच् ; or मक् the मक्चिक्ता f. (-क्ता) A fly. ३. See the last, the pen. vowel made long.  
 मक् r. 1st cl. (मक्ते) also (क्) मक् (मक्ते) To go, to move.  
 मक् m. (-यः) Sacrifice, oblation. ३. मक् to go, aff. चञ् or च ।  
 मक्वद m. (-दः) RA'MA, the son of DASARATHA, and second incarnation of VISHN'U so named. ३. मक् sacrifice, and पाटका who preserves ; his first exploit being the discomfiture of the Rākshasas, who disturbed the sacrifices of VISWA'MITRA.  
 मक्वद m. (-दः) Sacrificial-fire. ३. मक् sacrifice, and चरच् fire ; also similar compounds, as मक्वद &c.  
 मक्वद m. (-दः) Sacrificial-fire. ३. मक् and चरच् fire.  
 मक्वद m. (-दः) S'IVA. ३. मक् sacrifice, here meaning the sacrifice offered by DAKSHA and चरच् unfriendly ; having disturbed the ceremony, and slain the sacrificer.  
 मक् (प्र) मक् r. 1st cl. (मक्ते) To go, to move.  
 मक्वद m. (-दः) 1. A country, South Behar. 2. An inhabitant of that

country. 3. A bard, whose peculiar province is to sing the praises of a chief's ancestry in his presence, a family bard or minstrel. f. (-वा) 1. Long pepper. 2. The town of the Magadhas. ३. सप्त a Kandwa'di verb, to ask, aff. चच्; or सप्त the country, चच् aff., with alteration of the vowel optional; hence also सप्त. [king. सप्तेश्वर m. (-रः) A name of JARA'SAND'HA. ३. सप्त South Bihar, ईश्वर मfn. (-वा-च) 1. Plunged, dived, immersed. 2. Sunk, drowned. 3. Absorbed. ३. सप्त to plunge into water, aff. क्त. सप् (र) सप् r. 1st cl. (सप्तने) 1. To go, to move. 2. To begin moving. 3. To begin. 4. To move swiftly. 5. To blame. 6. To gamble. 7. To cheat, to be addicted to dishonest practices. (सप्तनि) To decorate, to adorn. सप्त m. (-ः) 1. One of the Dwi'pas or divisions of the universe. 2. A country, that of the modern Mugs, or A'rākān. 3. A drug. 4. Pleasure, happiness. 5. A kind of medicine. n. (-च) A kind of flower. f. (-वा) The tenth lunar asterism, containing five stars figured by a house; it is sometimes considered to be confined to the plural number. (सप्तः) f. (-वा-चो) A sort of grain. ३. सप्त to worship, aff. क्त and च changed to च; or सप्-चच् प्रचो. सप्तम् m. (-वात्) A name of INDRA. ३. सप्त happiness, (of paradise or Swarga,) सप्तु aff. सप्तम् m. (-वा) 1. INDRA. 2. One of the twelve Chakravartis, or universal monarchs of the Jaiuas. 3. An epithet of Vya'sa 4. An owl. ३. सप्त to sacrifice, कनिन् Unādi aff. and वृक् augment, form irr.; before the vowel affs. of the second case plural, and the last five cases, the व of this word is changed to च, and thence becomes चो as usual, as सप्तोः, सप्तोना, सप्तोने, &c.; also with डोच् aff. the fem. form is सप्तोनी f. (-नी) Sa'chi, the wife of INDRA. सप्तम्वर m. (-वः) The planet VENUS. ३. सप्ता the asterism, and सप्त born. सप्तम् m. (-सः) SUKRA. ३. सप्ता and सप्त born; see the last. सप्तिल m. (-लः) A fire in a forest. ३. सप्ति to adorn, aff. हल्च्. सप्तर m. (-रः) A mirror. ३. सप्ति to adorn, उरच् aff., and the nasal retained; also सप्तर and सुप्तर. सप्तम् mfn. (-क्ता-नी-क्त) 1. Bathing or drowning; any thing, or person. 2. Cleaning any thing by immersion. ३. सप्त to bathe, aff. हल्च्, and वृक् augment. सप्त n. (-च) Cuisses or greaves, armour for the thighs or legs. ३. सप्त-चट् aff.; it is sometimes read सप्तुच्. सप्त Ind. 1. Quickly, Swiftly, instantly. 2. Much, exceedingly. ३. सप्त to purify, सु aff., and वृक् augment; also सप्त. ३. सप्ति-चट्. सप्त n. (-च) Cuisses or greaves, armour for the thighs or legs; a sort of iron chain-work petticoat, coming down to the knees, is still worn in some parts of India. सप्त m. (-वृद्धः) 1. A royal bard. 2. A mendicant of a particular order. ३. सप्ति to go, चच् aff. सप्त m. (-वृद्धः) The head of a boat. ३. सप्ति to go, aff. चच्. सप्त mfn. (-वृद्धः-वा-च) 1. Lucky, fortunate, prosperous, faring well or happily. 2. Brave. n. (-च) 1. Happiness, good-fortune. 2. Preserving property, taking care of what has been gained. 3. Prudence, carefulness. 3. A good woman. 4. Festivity. 5. Turmeric. 6. An ancient custom. m. (-वृद्धः) 1. The planet MARS. 2. Burnt offering on various occasions of rejoicing. f. (-वा) 1. A name of UMA, the wife of S'iva. 2. A bent grass, (Panicum dactylon,) with white blossoms. 3. A virtuous and obedient wife. 4. The mother of the fifth Jina or Jain's teacher SUMATI'. 5. A species of Cæsalpinia. ३. सप्ति to go, चच् Unādi aff. सप्तवर्षाय m. (-वः) Waved-leaf fig-tree, (Ficus infectoria.) ३. सप्त prosperous, lucky, and छाया shade. सप्तदेवता f. (-ता) A tutelary deity. [पाठक who reads or recites. सप्तवर्षाव m. (-वः) A bard, an enomiast. ३. सप्त good fortune, and

सप्तवर्षाव m. (-रः) 1. An auspicious string worn by married women round the neck. 2. The cord of an amulet. सप्तवर्षाव f. (-वा) Turmeric. ३. सप्त auspiciousness, and सप्ता bestowing. सप्तवर्षाव m. (-रः) Rice thrown by Bra'hmanas upon people in bestowing a blessing. सप्तवर्षाव n. (-वः) An auspicious introduction in the shape of a prayer at the beginning of an undertaking or of any written work. सप्तवर्षाव n. (-वः) A benedictory stanza repeated by priests for good luck on the bride and bridegroom at the time of wedding. सप्तवर्षाव mfn. (-वृद्धः-वा-च) 1. Auspicious, propitious, conferring happiness, prosperity, &c. 2. Beautiful, pleasing, agreeable. 2. Pure, pious. m. (-वृद्धः) 1. A plant, commonly Trayamāna. 2. The holy fig-tree, (Ficus religiosa.) 3. The Vilwa, (Ægle marmelos.) 4. A sort of pulse, (Cicer lens.) 5. The coconut-tree. f. (-वा) 1. A fragrant sort of Agallochum or aloe wood. 2. A kind of Mimosa, (M. Sama, Rox.) 3. A herb, commonly Gojihvā, (Hieracium or according to Rox's Catalogue, a herb of the same class, Elephantopus scaber.) 4. A sort of grass, (Andropogon scioculatus.) 5. A sort of fennel, (Anethum sowa.) 6. A sort of perfume, commonly Rochana'. 7. A kind of Orris root, (Acorus calamus.) n. (-वृद्धः) 1. Sour curds. 2. Sandal. 3. Red lead. 4. Gold. 5. Water brought from various sacred places for the coronation of a king. ३. सप्त prosperous and यत् aff. सप्तवर्षाव m. (-वः) Lentils, (Cicer lens.) ३. कन् added to the preceding. सप्तवर्षाव f. (-वा) A plant, (Celtis orientalis.) ३. सप्त auspicious, नामधेया appellation. सप्तनी f. (-नी) A boat. ३. सप्ता the head of a boat, aff. वृत्ति. सप् also (र) सप् r. 1st cl. (सप्तने सप्तने) 1. To be vain or proud. 2. To be wicked. 3. To speak. 4. To pound or grind. सप् r. 1st cl. (सप्तने) 1. To hold or have. 2. To be high or tall. 3. To revere, to adore, to worship. 4. To shine. सप्तवर्षाव f. (-वा) 1. Excellence, happiness. 2. (In apposition,) Best, excellent, (the gender is unchanged.) ३. स S'iva, चच् to worship, affs. चल् and टाच्. सप्ति mfn. (-वा-च-च) Who or what has the mind fixed on me, (God.) ३. सप् me, चित mind. [see सप्ता. सप्त m. (-वृद्धः) A fish in general. ३. सप् to delight, and चच् aff., form irr. सप्तवर्षाव n. (-वृद्धः) A bone. ३. सप्त marrow and वृत्ति what makes. सप्तम् mfn. (-वृद्धः-वा-च-च) Plunging in or into, being immersed, dipping, drowning. ३. सप्त to be immersed, वृत्ति aff. सप्तम् m. (-वृद्धः) 1. The marrow of the bone and flesh. 2. The pith or sap of trees, &c. ३. सप्त to be immersed, (in the centre of the bones, &c.) and कनिन् Unādi aff. सप्तम् n. (-वृद्धः) 1. Bathing, ablution. 2. Immersion. 3. Drowning. 4. Marrow. ३. सप्त to bathe, &c. aff. चट्. सप्तवर्षाव n. (-वृद्धः) Semen Virile. ३. सप्त marrow, सप्तवर्षाव production. सप्ता f. (-वा) Marrow, pith, sap. ३. सप्त marrow and चच्-टाच् aff.; see सप्तम्. सप्तावर्षाव n. (-वः) 1. Hell. 2. Bdellium. सप्तावर्षाव m. (-वः) Semen virile. सप्तावर्षाव n. (-रः) Nutmeg. "जातीफल" सप्तिवा f. (-वा) The female of the Indian crane. सप्तवा f. (-वा) A basket. ३. See सप्तवा. सप्त (र) सप्त r. 1st cl. (सप्तनि) To go. सप्त m. (-वृद्धः) 1. A bed, a bedstead. 2. A platform, a scaffold. 3. An elevated shed raised on bamboos in a cornfield, &c., where a watchman is stationed to protect the corn from cattle, birds, wild beasts, &c. 4. A sort of throne or chair of state, or the platform on which it is raised, the dais. ३. सप्ति to be high or tall, aff. वृत्ति.

सञ्जक m. (-कः) 1. A bed, a beadstead. 2. A platform, a scaffold. 3. A stand for holding fire. E. कञ् added to the preceding.  
 सञ्जकाय m. (-यः) A bug. E. सञ्जक a bed, and काय abode.  
 सञ्जमण्डप m. (-पः) A sort of temporary open shed, a platform erected for particular ceremonies, as marriages, &c. E. सञ्ज a scaffold, and मण्डप a temporary hall.  
 सञ्ज r. 10th cl. (सञ्जयति) 1. To sound. 2. To clean, to purify.  
 सञ्जर nf. (-रः-री) 1. A pearl. 2. A compound pedicle. 3. A sort of plant, commonly Tilaka. E. सञ्ज beautiful, ज् to go or be, aff. चप्, deriv. irr.; or सञ्ज-चरच्.  
 सञ्जरि f. (-रिः-री) 1. A compound pedicle, a fruit or flower-stalk. 2. A large pearl. 3. A plant, commonly Tilaka. 4. A line. 5. A creeper. 6. The holy-basil. mf. (-रिः-री) A shoot, a sprout. E. सञ्ज beautiful, ज् to go, or be, aff. च, deriv. irr., क् optional added.  
 सञ्जरिचामर n. (-र) A fan-like sprout. [इतच् aff.  
 सञ्जरित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Mounted on a stalk, (a bud, &c.) E. सञ्जर and सञ्जरिचामर m. (-चः) The Vetasa plant.  
 सञ्जा f. (-जा) 1. A compound pedicle : see the last. 2. A she-goat. 3. A creeper. E. सञ्ज to sound, aff. चच्.  
 सञ्जि f. (-जिः-जी) A compound pedicle ; also सञ्जरी ।  
 सञ्जिका f. (-का) A harlot, a whore. E. सञ्जि-खलु-टाप् चत इत्स् ।  
 सञ्जिकला f. (-ला) The plantain, (Musa sapientum.) E. सञ्जि a foot-stalk, and फल fruit.  
 सञ्जि सन् n. (स) Beauty, elegance. E. सञ्ज handsome, इत्स्निच् aff.  
 सञ्जिडा f. (-डा) Bengal madder, a plant used in medicine, and in dying, (Rubia Manjith, Rox.) E. सञ्ज beautiful, स्था to stay or be, क aff., deriv. irr.; or सञ्ज a compound pedicle, and स्था aff.  
 सञ्जिहारम m. (-मः) 1. The dye of madder. 2. An attachment as durable as the colour of the Indian madder, permanent attachment, (figuratively.) E. सञ्जिडा and राग colour.  
 सञ्जीर n. (-र) An ornament for the feet or toes. m. (-रः) A post, round which passes the string that works the stick of a churn. E. सञ्ज् to sound, aff. ईरन् ; also with कञ् added सञ्जीरक ।  
 सञ्जीव m. (-जः) 1. A village, inhabited chiefly by washermen. 2. An anklet. E. सञ्ज् to sound, ईरन् aff. and र changed to ज ।  
 सञ्ज् mfn. (-जः-जुः-जु) Beautiful, pleasing, agreeable. E. सञ्ज् to clean, aff. डन् ।  
 सञ्ज्जिनिन् mfn. (-जो-जिनो-जि) Beautiful-haired. m. (-जी) A name of KRISHN'A, or VISHN'U in that form. E. सञ्ज् beautiful, ज्ज hair, इति aff.  
 सञ्ज्जमवा f. (-वा) A goose. E. सञ्ज् beautiful, elegant, and गमन gait.  
 सञ्ज्गुण m. (-गुणः) A charming murmur.  
 सञ्ज्जोष mfn. (-वः-वा-च) Having a sweet voice or cry. m. (-वः) One of the Baud'dha teachers. f. (-वा) One of the Apsarás or courtesans of Swarga. E. सञ्ज् agreeable, and जोष sound, voice.  
 सञ्ज्जगोशी f. (-शी) 1. A name of DURGA'. 2. The wife of INDRA. 3. A handsome woman. E. सञ्ज् beautiful and जाश destruction ; putting every other beauty to shame by their superiority.  
 सञ्ज्पाठक m. (-कः) A parrot.  
 सञ्ज्प्राय m. (-यः) A name of BRAHMA'. E. सञ्ज् pleasing and प्राय life.  
 सञ्ज्भद्र m. (-द्रः) Baud'dha ; also called Manjughosha.  
 सञ्ज्भाविन् mfn. (-वी-विषो-वि) Speaking sweetly or pleasantly. f. (-वी) 1. A woman speaking kindly. 2. A species of Atijagati' metre. E. सञ्ज् and भाविन् who speaks.  
 सञ्ज्ज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Beautiful, agreeable, pleasing. m. (-जः) A gallinule. n. (-जं) 1. A natural water-course or channel, a spring, a well. 2. An harbour, a bower. 3. An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria octandra.) E. सञ्ज् handsome, ज् to be, aff. क । [face.  
 सञ्ज्ज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Lovely, handsome. E. सञ्ज् beautiful, ज्ज the सञ्ज्जो m. (-जो) A Baud'dha saint : see सञ्ज्जोष ।

सञ्ज्वा f. (-वा) 1. A basket, a large basket. 2. A stone. 3. Bengal madder. 4. The case in which the great bow that RA'MA broke, was kept. E. सञ्ज् to make pure or clean by ablution, Unádi aff. ज्वा, and the nasal augment ; also with a short vowel सञ्ज्वा ।  
 सञ्ज्ती f. (-ती) Hail ; also सञ्ज्ची ।  
 सञ्ज्कटि m. (-टिः) Incipient pride. [corocana.]  
 सञ्ज्क n. (-कः) 1. The ridge of a thatch. 2. A sort of grain, (Eleusine  
 सञ्ज् r. 1st cl. (सञ्जति) 1. To be confused or disturbed in mind. 2. To dwell, to inhabit. 3. To grind. 4. To go. (च) सञ्जि r. 1st cl. (सञ्जते)  
 1. To bewail, to regret, to remember with sorrow or regret. 2. To long for.  
 सञ्ज m. (-जः) 1. A school, a college, the residence of young Bráhmans, prosecuting sacred studies. 2. A building inhabited by ascetics of the same order. 3. A temple. 4. A cart, a carriage, particularly drawn by oxen. E. सञ्ज् to dwell, aff. चच् ।  
 सञ्ज् m. (-रः) The name of a Muni or saint. f. (-रा) Intoxicated. E. सञ्ज् to respect, Unádi aff. चरच्, and ठ substituted for the radical final.  
 सञ्जो f. (-जो) A cell. 2. A cloister.  
 सञ्ज् (च) सञ्जि r. 1st cl. (सञ्जते) 1. To divide, to separate. 2. To clothe. 3. To surround, to encompass. r. 1st and 10th cls. (सञ्जति सञ्जयति-न) To adorn, to grace, to decorate. r. 10th cl. (सञ्जयति-ते) To gladden, to rejoice, to make happy.  
 सञ्जक m. (-कः) A kind of grain, (Eleusine corocana.) E. सञ्जि-कुन् ।  
 सञ्ज् m. (-जः) A sort of drum. E. सञ्ज् to purify, aff. डन्, deriv. irr., also with कञ् added, सञ्ज्क ।  
 सञ्ज r. 1st cl. (सञ्जति) To sound, to sound inarticulately.  
 सञ्जि mf. (-जिः-जिः-जी) 1. A gem, a jewel, a precious stone. 2. Ornament in general. 3. A load-stone, a magnet. 4. Any thing excellent of its kind. 5. A pearl. 6. Fleishy processes pending from the neck of a goat. 7. A small water-pot. 8. The glands penis. 9. The clitoris. 10. The wrist. 11. One of the Na'gas or serpent chiefs of Pátála. E. सञ्ज् to sound, aff. इन् । [the same, aff. डन् ।  
 सञ्जिक n. (-कः) A small water jar, a pitcher. m. (-कः) A jewel. E. सञ्जि  
 सञ्जिकण्ड m. (-ण्डः) The blue jay. E. सञ्जि a jewel, and कण्ड the throat.  
 सञ्जिकण्डक m. (-कः) A cook.  
 सञ्जिकर्ण mfn. (-र्णः-र्णा-र्णो-र्ण) Jewel-eared. E. सञ्जि, and कर्ण the ear.  
 सञ्जिकर्णिका f. (-का) A holy pool at Benares, in which pilgrims are directed to bathe. E. सञ्जि, and कर्ण the ear, aff. कञ्, fem. form. Devi having dropped one of her ear-rings at this place.  
 सञ्जिकाच m. (-चः) The feathered part of an arrow.  
 सञ्जिकानन n. (-नः) The neck or throat. E. सञ्जि a jewel, and कानन a wood ; abounding with such ornaments.  
 सञ्जिकार m. (-रः) A jeweller, a lapidary or worker in precious stones. E. सञ्जि a gem, and कार who makes.  
 सञ्जिषोव m. (-वः) One of KUYE'RA's sons. E. सञ्जि a gem, शीवा the neck.  
 सञ्जिहिद्रा f. (-द्रा) 1. Marrow. 2. A sort of drug.  
 सञ्जित n. (-तः) Low murmuring sound uttered at cohabitation. E. सञ्ज् to sound, aff. त्त । [aff. डन् ।  
 सञ्जितारक m. (-कः) The Indian crane. E. सञ्जि a jewel, ज् to pass over.  
 सञ्जिषोप m. (-पः) 1. The crest or hood of the great serpent ANANTA. 2. Name of an island in the ocean of nectar. E. सञ्जि a jewel, and शीप a continent.  
 सञ्जिषुव m. (-वः) The rainbow. E. सञ्जि a jewel, and वुव a bow.  
 सञ्जिपुष्प m. (-कः) The conch-shell of Sahade'va.  
 सञ्जिपूर m. (-रः) 1. The navel. 2. A sort of bodice worn by women, and often richly ornamented with. n. (-रं) 1. The pit of the stomach, as one of the mystical Chakras of the body : see चक्र. 2. Name of a town in Kalinga. E. सञ्जि a jewel, and पूर filling, full.  
 सञ्जिपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) The wrist. E. सञ्जि a jewel, and पुष्प binding ; where bracelets of precious stones are bound.

विजम्बन n. (-न) 1. An ornament of pearls. 2. That part of a ring where the jewels are set.  
विजम्ब m. (-म्ब) 1. One of the Jinās, or Jain's deified teachers. 2. A name of the king of the Yakshas.  
विजम्बि f. (-म्बि) The place of the great serpent, Śe'sha Na'ga. E. मणि a jewel, and मिति a wall.  
विज्जुमि f. (-मि) A jewel-mine, or a place where gems or precious stones are found. E. मणि a gem, and मृज्जि ground, also मणिम् f. (-मृ)।  
विजम्बप m. (-प) 1. The capital of Se'sha. 2. The place of NAIKITA, regent of the S. W. quarter. E. मणि a jewel, and मम्बप a building.  
विजम्ब mfn. (मान्-मती-मत्) Having jewels, possessed of or adorned with them. m. (-मान्) The sun. E. मणि, and मत्पु poss. aff.  
विजम्ब n. (-म्ब) A species of the Vrihati' metre.  
विजम्ब n. (-म्ब) 1. A mountain or range where salt is found. 2. Rock-salt. E. मणि a gem, and मज्ज what churns.  
विजम्बा f. (-म्बा) 1. A necklace, a zone, a fillet, &c. of precious stones. 2. The circular impression left by a bite, (in amorous sports.) 3. The goddess LAKSHMI'. 4. Light, lustre. 5. A species of the Jagati' metre. E. मणि a gem, and माला a necklace, &c.  
विजम्ब n. (-म्ब) A precious gem. E. मणि, and रत्न a jewel, or the best of any thing. [and व poss. aff.]  
विजम्ब m. (-म्ब) One of the Nāgas or serpents of Pātāla. E. मणि a gem, मणिबीज m. (-ज्) The pomegranate. E. मणि a gem, and बीज seed.  
विजम्बर n. (-र) A string of gems, a necklace, &c. E. मणि, and र what goes.  
विजम्बापान m. (-पान) 1. A staff or stick set with jewels. 2. A stair-case set with jewels. E. मणि a jewel, सोपान a ladder. king-fisher.  
मणिबीज n. (-ज्) The moon-gem, probably a sort of crystal. m. (-ज्) A मणिबीज n. (-ज्) A flower. E. मणि to sound. deriv. irr.  
मज्ज mfn. (-म्ब) 1. Scum, skimmings, froth, foam, barm, &c., the upper part of any infusion in a state of boiling or ferment. 2. Pith, essence. 3. The head. m. (-म्ब) 1. Ornament, decoration. 2. The castor-oil tree. (Palma christi.) 3. A sort of potherb. 4. A frog. f. (-म्बा) 1. Spirituous or vinous liquor. 2. Emblic myrobalan. E. मणि to adorn, Una'di aff. ड; मज्ज-ड तस्य-मिज्जम्।  
मज्जन mfn. (-न) Adorning, dressing, decorating, fond of or putting on ornaments. m. (-न) Ornament, decoration, jewels, trinkets, &c. n. (-न) Name of a philosopher, a contemporary and opponent of Sankarāchārya. E. मणि to adorn, aff. ङट्।  
मज्जप m. (-प) 1. A temporary building, an open shed or hall, adorned with flowers and erected on festival occasions, as in marriages, &c. 2. An open temple or building consecrated to a deity. 3. A bower. 4. A pavilion. E. मज्ज ornament, and पा to preserve, aff. क; or मज्जि-कपम्।  
मज्जय m. (-य) 1. An ornament, a decoration of trinkets, jewels, &c. 2. An actor. 3. Food. 4. An assembly of women. f. (-यि) A woman, a wife. E. मणि to adorn, Una'di aff. ङच्, fem. aff. डीप्।  
मज्जरी f. (-री) The mole cricket.  
मज्ज mfn. (-म्ब) The disk of the sun or moon. n. (-म्ब) 1. The sun's disk. 2. An orb, a circumference in general, or the circle bounding the view, the visible horizon. 3. (In astronomy.) A great circle, as माहीमज्जल the equator, क्कामिमज्जल the ecliptic. 4. A ball, a globe. 5. A wheel. 6. A province, a region, a district, extending twenty, or according to some authorities, forty Yojanas in every way. 7. The country or empire, over which the twelve princes termed Chakravartis are supposed to have ruled; perhaps the peninsula of India, where the term Mandala or Mandel is of constant occurrence, to signify a province or district, as in Coro-

mandel, &c. 8. Surrounding or contiguous countries. 9. A sort of leprosy with circular spots. 10. A heap, a quantity, a multitude or assemblage. 11. An attitude in shooting, the fifth position, in which both knees are bent. 12. The impression or scratch of a finger-nail. 13. A sort of perfume, resembling in appearance a dried shell-fish. 14. A sort of mystical diagram, used in summoning a divinity. 15. A sweet-meat a sugar-ball. 16. A form of array, an army drawn up in a circle. 17. A division of the Rig-veda. m. (-म्ब) 1. A kind of snake. 2. A dog. f. (-म्बी) Bent grass. E. मणि to adorn, aff. कलप्।

मज्जक n. (-क) 1. An orb or disk. 2. A sort of leprosy, with large round spots. 3. A mirror. 4. A form of array, an army drawn up in a circle. 5. A circular figure or diagram. m. (-क) A dog. E. कन् added to the preceding.

मज्जकम्ब n. (-म्ब) Dancing in a ring, especially a dance imitative of one, said to have been danced by the Gopis round KRISHN'A and his mistress RA'DHA'. E. मज्जक a circle, and कम्ब dancing.

मज्जकम्ब m. (-म्ब) The drawing of a circle.

मज्जकपुष्प m. (-पु) A kind of poisonous insect. [point.]

मज्जकपुष्प m. (-पु) A sword, a scimitar. E. मज्जक a circle, कप a top or

मज्जकपुष्प m. (-पु) An emperor, a king of kings. E. मज्जक an extensive district or empire, and कपुष्प sovereign.

मज्जकपुष्प n. (-पु) A ball, a globe. E. मज्जक a circle, कप aff., क added.

मज्जकपुष्प mfn. (लो-लिनी-लि) Being in a circle, made up into a coil or

ball. 2. Surrounded by. m. (-म्बी) 1. A large species of snake. 2. A cat. 3. A Pole cat. 4. A dog. 5. The sun. 6. The ruler or governor of a Mandal or district. 7. The Indian fig tree. E. मज्जक a circle, and कप aff.

मज्जकपुष्प n. (-पु) Rounding, gathering in a ball or a circle, coiling, &c. E. मज्जक and कप making, पु augment.

मज्जकपुष्प mfn. (-पु-ता-त) Rounded, made round or globular, gathered in a ball or circle. E. मज्जक, and कप made, पु augment.

मज्जकपुष्प m. (-पु) An emperor, a supreme monarch. E. मज्जक an empire, and कप sovereign.

मज्जकपुष्प m. (-पु) A sovereign, a monarch. E. मज्जक a district, and कप a sovereign; the power of this prince is limited by AMARA, and the Mandaleswara is considered as an emperor or supreme prince, only when in addition to his territorial sway, he has performed the Ra'jasuya sacrifice, in which he has been attended by all his tributary or subject princes; other authorities confound the sovereign of a Mandala, with the Chakravarti or emperor, and with the Samra'j or lord paramount, and others confine him to the government of a district of twenty or forty Yojanas in each direction.

मज्जकपुष्प m. (-पु) A distiller of spirits. E. मज्जक froth, ferment, and क to take, aff. कल्, and कन् added.

मज्जक f. (-म्ब) 1. Spirituous liquor. 2. The myrobalan tree. 3. Trigonella foenum graecum. "मेति". E. मज्जि-कप-टाप्।

मज्जित mfn. (-त-ता-त) Ornamented, adorned. m. (-त) One of the eleven persons called Gau'adhipas by the Jain's. E. मणि to adorn, aff. क।

मज्जक m. (-क) 1. A frog. 2. The name of a Muni. 3. A flower, (Bignonia Indica.) f. (-का-की) Madder, (Rubia Manjith.) f. (-की) 1. A female frog. 2. A plant, (Siphonanthus Indica, or Hydrocotyle Asiatica.) 3. An unchaste or abandoned woman. n. (-क) A kind of coitus. E. मणि to ornament, Una'di aff. ककम्।

मज्जकपुष्प m. (-पु-पु) A plant, (Bignonia Indica.) f. (-पु) 1. Bengal madder, (Rubia Manjith.) 2. A plant, (Siphonanthus Indica.) 3. A sort of creeper, (Hydrocotyle Asiatica.) E. मज्जक a frog, and पुष्प a leaf, compared to the animal in shape or colour.

मच्छुक्तीय m. (-नः) A kind of meditation in which the meditator sits motionless like a frog.

मच्छुकादुर्गति f. (-क्तिः) A frog-leap, hence skipping over any portion or omitting it. [ऊर्ध्व aff.]

मच्छुर् m. (-रः-रः) Rust of iron used as a medicine. ३. सज्जि to adorn, मच्छुदक n. (-कः) 1. Painting figures or flowers, on the walls or floors of an apartment, &c. on festival occasions, with a white pigment made from ground rice. 2. Variegated colour. 3. Mental excitement. ३. मच्छु scum, and उदक water.

मत् Ind. Mine. ३. Irregular substitute for मम, possessive case of चक्षुः, and is used in composition, ३३ मत्स्य my son, मत्प्राय my lord.

मत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Known, understood. 2. Admitted, believed, held or entertained, (as opinion, &c.) 3. Respected, revered, minded, regarded. n. (-तः) 1. Purpose, intention, wish, mind, (as to have a mind to any thing.) 2. Knowledge. 3. Doctrine, tenet, belief, opinion. 4. Counsel, advice. 5. Design, aim. 6. Approbation. ३. मत् to mind, aff. क ।

मत्त m. (-तः) 1. The name of a Muni. 2. A cloud. 3. An elephant. ३. मत् to please, to be pleased, चक्षुः Una'di aff., द changed to तः ।

मत्तज्ज m. (-जः) An elephant. ३. मत्त cloud, (in colour.) and ज born.

मत्तिका f. (-का) Excellence, happiness : (also attributively, but unvarying in gender.) excellent, best, happiest ; It is used at the end of a compound only and there is no etymon of this word, according to the best authorities ; Vāchaspatya defined it thus : मत्तिसत्तति भूषयति ऋत्-प्रवी० ।

मत्ति f. (-तिः) 1. Understanding, intellect. 2. Wish, desire, inclination. 3. Memory, recollection. 4. Respect, reverence. 5. A potherb. ३. मत् to respect, &c. aff. क्तिन् ।

मत्तिवक्ष्म m. (-क्ष्मः) Cleverness, talent. ३. मत्ति, and प्रक्ष्म superiority.

मत्तिभ्रम m. (-भ्रः) Error, mistake. ३. मत्ति understanding, and भ्रम error.

मत्तिभ्रान्ति f. (-न्तिः) Error, mistake, misapprehension. ३. मत्ति mind, understanding, and भ्रान्ति error.

मत्तिमत् mfn. (-मत्-मत्-मत्) Sensible, clever, intelligent. ३. मत्ति, and मत्प aff. [error.]

मत्तिविक्षम m. (-क्षमः) 1. Error. 2. Madness, lunacy. ३. मत्ति, and विक्षम

मत्तिहीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Stupid, ignorant. ३. मत्ति, and हीन devoid of.

मत्त mfn. (-तः-त्ता-तः) Mine, belonging to me, &c. m. (-तः) A bug ; (इष्ट the next.) ३. मत् for मम mine, and कन् poss aff.

मत्तु m. (-तः) 1. A bug. 2. A flea. 3. An elephant without tusks. 4. A beardless man. 5. The cocoanut tree. 6. A buffalo. n. (-तः) Armour for the thighs or legs. f. (-तः) The pudendum muliebre, without hair on the pubis. ३. मत् or मत् pleasure, कन् to sound, aff. चक्षु, the deriv. irr. [an enemy.]

मत्तुषारि m. (-रिः) Hemp, (Cannabis sativa.) ३. मत्तुष a bug, and चरि

मत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Pleased, glad, delighted. 2. Intoxicated, (drunk with liquor.) 3. Intoxicated, (with pride, passion, &c.) 4. Furious, mad, insane. m. (-तः) 1. A furious elephant, or one in rut. 2. Buffalo. 3. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. 4. The thorn-apple, (Dhu'tura'). f. (-ता) 1. Vinous liquor. 2. A species of the Pankti' metre. ३. मत् to rejoice, aff. क ।

मत्तकाशिनी f. (-नी) An excoelept woman. ३. मत्त intoxicated, and काश्च to shine, aff. इति ; also from काश्च or काश्च, मत्तकाशिनी, and मत्तकाशिनी ।

मत्तकी m. (-की) An elephant. ३. मत्त for मत्त furious, and ईश lord, the vowel unchanged.

मत्तदन्ति m. (-न्ति) A furious elephant. ३. मत्त, and दन्ति an elephant.

मत्तमयूर m. (-यूरः) 1. A cloud. 2. A species of the Atijagati' metre. ३. मत्त, and मयूर a peacock, (by which.)

मत्तर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Better or more than mine. ३. मत् for मम mine, and रत्तर aff. of comparison.

मत्तवारुण m. (-वः) A furious elephant, or one in rut. n. (-वः) 1. A paint-

ed wooden turret or va'ra'nda'h, on the top of a large building or palace. 2. An enclosure of trees, &c. round the walls of a princely residence. 3. Pounded beetle-nut. ३. मत्त wild, and वारुण an elephant, or fence.

मत्तकी m. (-की) A species of the 'Vikriti' metre. ३. मत्त, वारुण playing.

मत्तलम्ब m. (-लम्बः) A fence or enclosure round the walls of a palace, either artificial as palisades, or natural as a grove of trees, &c. ३. मत्त mad, wild, (enemies, &c.) चालम्ब delaying.

मत्तभगवता f. (-ता) A woman with a lounging or rolling walk. ३. मत्त intoxicated, इश an elephant, मत्तना who goes.

मत्तर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Devoted to me, (God.) ३. मत्त, and रत्तर attentive.

मत्त n. (-तः) 1. The iron-bound handle of a sickle. 2. The exercise or application of knowledge. 3. The means of acquiring knowledge. ३. मत्ति knowledge, &c. aff. यत्.

मत् (इ, इति) र. 1st and 10th cls. (मत्तति मत्तयति) To speak privately, to counsel or advise. With चाक्षु, To address or salute. With ति, To invite.

मत्त m. (-तः) A fish. ३. मत्ति to be pleased, च aff.

मत्तगण्ड m. (-ण्डः) Fish-sauce.

मत्तर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) 1. Envious. 2. Niggardly, covetous. mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) 1. Envy, impatience of another's success or prosperity. 2. Passion, anger. 3. A gnat, a musquito. 4. Greediness. ३. मत्ति to rejoice, Una'di aff. सर । [मत्तर envy, रति aff.]

मत्तरिन् mfn. (-रि-रि-रि) 1. Wicked, depraved, bad. 2. Envious. ३. मत्त mfn. (-मत्त-मत्त) A fish in general. m. (-मत्तः) 1. A particular fish probably the Saphari, or fish in which VISHN'U was incarnate in his Matsya Avata'r. 2. A name of VISHN'U, from his incarnation as a fish. 3. A country, enumerated amongst the midland divisions of India, (Din'ajpur and Rangpur.) 4. One of the Pura'nas. ३. मत्ति to be pleased, Una'di aff. स्यत् ।

मत्तकरिण्डिका f. (-का) A fish-basket. ३. मत्त a fish, and करिण्ड a basket, कन् added in the fem. form.

मत्तगन्ध f. (-गन्धः) 1. A plant, commonly La'ngaliya ; (the common name is applied to the Nama zeylanica, and the commelina salicifolia.) 2. Satyabat'i, the mother of the sacred poet VYA'SA ; see मत्तगदो ३. मत्त a fish, and गन्ध smell.

मत्तघात m. (-तः) Catching fish. ३. मत्त, and घात killing.

मत्तजाल n. (-जः) A fishing-net. ३. मत्त fish, and जाल net.

मत्तखी f. (-खी) Coarse or unrefined sugar, the juice of the sugar-cane, either after its first boiling, or after it is partially freed from impurities by straining. ३. मत्त slowly, स्यद् to trickle or ooze, चक्षु aff., fem. aff. डीप्, deriv. irr. ; also with कन् added, मत्तखिना ।

मत्तधानी f. (-नी) A fish basket, a small basket used by fishermen, to put the fish into when caught ; it is also sometimes, but less accurately, applied to a kind of snare of reeds or grass, which is left in the water, and entangles the fish that swim with the current. ३. मत्त a fish, धा to have or hold, aff. क्खुट् ; also with चाक्षु prefixed, मत्तधानी ।

मत्तनाशक m. (-कः) An ospray. ३. मत्त a fish, and नाशक destroyer.

मत्तनाशन m. (-नः) An ospray. ३. मत्त a fish, and नाशन destroyer.

मत्तपिप्प f. (-पिप्पः) A medicinal plant, commonly Katki'. ३. मत्त a fish, and पिप्प bile ; being as bitter.

मत्तखन्धि m. (-न्धि) A fisherman. f. (-नी) A fish-basket. ३. मत्त a fish, and खन्धि confining, aff. इति ।

मत्तखर m. (-रः) A king-fisher. ३. मत्त a fish, and रत्त inclination ; also with कन् added, मत्तखरत्त ; it is read मत्तखरत्त ।

मत्तखराज m. (-जः) 1. The Ro'htai, a sort of fish, (Cyprinus Rohita, Ham.) 2. The country called Matsya. ३. मत्त a fish, राज supreme.

मत्तखेध n. (-नः) A fish-hook. f. (-नी) A bird, the shag. ३. मत्त a fish, विध् to pierce, aff. क्खुट् ।

मत्स्यवात m. (-नः) A shoal of young or small fish. म. मत्स्य a fish, and वात heap, quantity.

मत्स्यनानिक m. (-नः) Fish baked in a crust of clay and straw, and eaten with condiments and oil. म. मत्स्य fish, नाना product, aff. ठक् ।

मत्स्यी f. (-नी) The moon-plant, (*Asclepias acida*.) म. मत्स्य a fish, चक्ष an eye, aff. ङीष्; to which the flowers are compared.

मत्स्यी f. (-नी) A plant, (*Hingtsa pens*, Rox.) म. मत्स्य a fish, चक्ष the body or form, aff. ङीष् । [who eats.]

मत्स्य मfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Who or what feeds upon fish. म. मत्स्य, and चक्ष

मत्स्यदनी f. (-नी) A name applied to several plants, as to *Jussieu repens*, *Hingtsa repens*, *Nama zeylanica*, &c. म. मत्स्य a fish, चक्ष eating, food, aff. ङीष् ।

मत्स्यवतार m. (-रः) VISHN'U in his first Avatara; when the seventh Manu was reigning, the whole earth was destroyed by a flood and all living beings perished except the reigning Mann and the seven Rishis who were saved by VISHN'U in the form of a fish.

मत्स्यम m. (-नः) The king-fisher. म. मत्स्य a fish, चक्ष eating. 'माकराङ्गा'.

मत्स्योदरी f. (-री) 1. A name of SATYAVATI, the mother of VYA'SA. 2. A place of pilgrimage, a particular pool at Benares held in reverence by pilgrims to that sacred city. म. मत्स्य a fish, and उदर the belly; the mother of VYA'SA was found in the belly of a fish, and retaining a fishy-odour, was thence also called MATSYAGANDHA, till the scent was changed to that of a lotus by her paramour the Muni PARA'SARA, the father of VYA'SA.

म (र) मये r. 1st cl. (मयति) 1. The churn. 2. To stir or agitate. (र) मयि (मयति) 1. To hurt or kill. 2. To afflict. 3. To suffer pain.

म n. (-नं) 1. Churning. 2. Rubbing. 3. Injury. m. (-नः) A tree, the wood of which is used to produce fire by attrition, (*Premna longifolia*.) म. मच् to churn, to stir or rub, aff. ङुट् ।

मयनाचल m. (-लः) The mountain Mandara..

मयित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Stirred, churned. 2. Agitated, (mentally,) distressed, anxious. 3. Crushed, pinched. 4. Dislocated. n. (-तं) Butter-milk, without any watery admixture. म. मच् to churn, aff. क्त ।

मयिन् m. (-न्) 1. A churning-stick. 2. The Penis. 3. Wind. 4. The thunderbolt. म. मयि to stir or agitate, aff. इङ्, and the nasal rejected.

मथुरा f. (-रा) A town in the province of A'GRÁ, celebrated as the birth place, and early residence of KRISHN'A, and still an object of pilgrimage amongst the Hindus. म. मच् to stir, Unádi aff. उरच् ।

मथुरा m. (-यः) A name of KRISHN'A. म. मथुरा a town, and ईश ruler.

मथुरा f. (-रा) Mathurá. म. ऊरच् affixed to मयि, instead of उरच् ।

मद् r. 10th cl. (मादयते) (इ, इर) मदि r. 1st cl. (मदते) and (ई, इर) मदी r. 4th cl. (मादयति) 1. To be glad, to be satisfied or content, to rejoice. 2. To be proud. (इ) मदि r. 1st cl. (मदते) 1. To praise. 2. To sleep, to doze, to be lazy or sluggish. 3. To be stupid, to be an idiot or fool. 4. To be elegant. 5. To go or approach. मद् r. 10th cl. (मादयते) To cause or justify satisfaction or contentment.

मदी r. 1st cl. causal form. (मादयति) 1. To delight, to make glad, to exhilarate. 2. To madden or intoxicate, literally or figuratively. 3. To be poor or distressed. 4. To be proud. With नि prefixed, (निमादयति) To articulate.

मद् A form of the first personal pronoun in the singular number used at the beginning of compounds, as in मत्स्यमय "my likeness," &c.

मद m. (-दः) 1. Joy, pleasure, delight. 2. The juice that flows from an elephant's temples when in rut. 3. Spirituous or vinous liquor. 4. Inebriety, intoxication. 5. Pride, arrogance. 6. Insanity, madness. 7. Semen virile. 8. Musk. 9. A male river. 10. Ardent passion, desire. 11. Love. 12. Delight. 13. Arrogance. 14. Honey.

15. Any beautiful object. f. (-दी) 1. A drinking vessel. 2. An instrument for making furrows. म. मद to be pleased, &c. aff. चच् ।

मदक मfn. (-दः-का-चं) 1. Speaking inarticulately or like a drunken person. 2. Uttering low sounds of love. 3. Sweet and indistinct. m. (-नः) An elephant in rut. म. मद inebriety, &c., कच् to sound, aff. चच् ।

मदकोदक m. (-नः) A bull that has been liberated at some festival, and is allowed to wander about at will. म. मद pleasure, कुच् to sound, aff. चलच् । [नम्र smell.]

मदगन्धा f. (-न्धा) 1. Spirituous liquor. 2. Hemp. म. मद intoxication, and मदगन्ध m. (-नः) A buffalo. म. मद pleasure, and गन्ध going. [destroys.]

मदही f. (-ही) A potherb, (*Basella lucida*, &c.) म. मद inebriety, ही what मद्युत f. (-त) Adj 1. Gladdening. 2. Wanton, drunk. m. (-नः) INDRA.

मदन m. (-नः) 1. KAMADE'VA, the Hindu Cupid. 2. The season of spring. 3. A plant commonly Mayanā, (*Vaqueria spinosa*.) 4. Thorn-apple, (*Dhu'tu'ra metel*.) 5. A bee. 6. A sort of bean, (*Phaseolus radiatus*.) 7. Bee's wax. 8. A tree, (*Mimosa catechu*.) 9. A kind of embrace. f. (-ना-नी) 1. Spirituous or vinous liquor. 2. Delighting, म. मद to exhilarate or rejoice, aff. ल्युट्, fem. aff. टाप्, or ङीष् ।

मदनकण्टक m. (-कः) Horripilation caused by the feeling of love.

मदनकाकुर्व m. (-वः) A pigeon, a dove. म. मदन love, काकु change of voice, and र्व who utters.

मदनकलित Adj. Afflicted by love.

मदनगीपाल m. (-लः) KRISHN'A.

मदनचतुर्दशी f. (-शी) The fourteenth day in the first half of Chaitra sacred to the god of love.

मदननरसिका f. (-का) A faithless wife.

मदनपक्षिन् f. (-क्षिणी) The Khanjana bird.

मदनपाठक m. (-कः) The Ko'kila or Indian cuckoo. म. मदन spring, and पाठक reader; announcing the season.

मदनवश mfn. (-शः-या-शं) Subdued by love, in love. म. मदन, वश subdued.

मदनमहोत्सव m. (-वः) A festival held in honour of Ka'made'va.

मदनललित n. (-लितं) 1. Sign or effect of love. 2. A species of the Ashti' metre.

मदनलेख m. (-खः) A love-letter.

मदनशलाका f. (-का) 1. A provocative medicine. 2. The Mayanā, or more properly the Sārikā, a small bird. 3. The female of the Ko'kila or Indian cuckoo. म. मदन love, &c., and शलाका the bird, or a dart, &c.

मदनसारिका f. (-का) The Sārikā a small bird, (*Turdus salica*.) म. मदन love, and सारिका the Sārika.

मदनायक m. (-कः) A kind of grain.

मदनाङ्गुल m. (-ङ्गुः) 1. Membrum virile. 2. A nail-wound. म. मदन KA'MADE'VA, and अङ्गु a goad.

मदनातुर m. (-रः) Enamoured, in love.

मदनायुध m. (-युधः) Pudendum muliebre. म. मदन, and आयुध a weapon.

मदनालय m. (-यः) 1. A sovereign, a prince. 2. A lotus. 3. Pudendum muliebre. म. मदन pleasure, आलय receptacle, abode.

मदनावस्था f. (-स्था) Separation of lovers. म. मदन love, अव depreciative prefix, स्था to stay, affs. क्त, and टाप् ।

मदनी f. (-नी) 1. Spirituous liquor. 2. Musk. 3. The Atimukta creeper.

मदनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be enamoured. 2. Causing or exciting passion, म. मद to delight, चनीयर् aff.

मदनीयव m. (-वः) The vernal festival of the Hindus, the Holi'. f. (-वा) A courtesan of heaven, म. मदन spring of love, and उत्सव festival.

मदप्रोत m. (-नः) The issue of the fluid from the forehead of an elephant when in rut. म. मद the fluid, and प्रोत junction.

मदमञ्जरी f. (-नी) A plant, (*Asparagus racemosus*.) म. मद inebriety, मञ्ज breaking, रणि aff. "मत्स्यमयम्" ।

मदमलिका f. (-का) Arabian jasmine. म. मद् added to the next.



- मदयन्ती f. (-न्ती) Arabian jasmine. E. मद to delight, भाच् Una'di aff., and ऊँच् fem. aff.
- मदयिन् m. (-यः) 1. Love or Cupid. 2. A distiller of spirituous liquor. 3. A drunken man, a mad man. 4. A cloud. n. (-यः) Vinous or spirituous liquor. E. मद in the causal form, to intoxicate, &c., Una'di aff. इन्च् ।
- मदराग m. (-गः) 1. Love or Ka'ma. 2. A cock. 3. A drunken man. E. मद passion or desire, and राग propensity, inclination.
- मदविभ्रम m. (-भ्रः) 1. A furious elephant, or one in rut. 2. One distracted by passion. E. मद the juice, and विभ्रम tossed, agitated.
- मदविह्वल m. (-लः) Mad with lust or pride.
- मदहन् m. (-हः) An elephant. E. मद the juice, and हन् a quantity.
- मदशीखक n. (-कः) Nutmeg. "जातिफल" ।
- मदसार m. (-रः) The cotton-plant. [place.]
- मदखल n. (-खः) A tavern, a dram-shop. E. मद intoxication and खल मदखान n. (-नः) A place where liquor is sold, a tavern, a dram-shop. E. मद drunkenness, and खान place.
- मदाय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Intoxicated, drunk. m. (-यः) The palm-tree. f. (-या) A sort of Barleria, with red flowers. E. मद intoxication, चाया fit or proper for. [and चातक fear.]
- मदातक m. (-कः) Pain and sickness, consequent upon inebriety. E. मद.
- मदाव्यय m. (-यः) Disorder induced by drunkenness; headache, sickness, loss of appetite, &c. E. मद drunkenness, अव्यय consequence.
- मदाव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यः) Blind with pride or passion, arrogant, dis-solute, &c. E. मद, and अव्य blind.
- मदावात m. (-तः) A drum carried on an elephant. E. मद pride, चावात minded, respected, from वा with वाच् prefix, and त aff.
- मदावर m. (-रः) 1. INDRA's elephant. 2. An elephant in rut. E. मद the frontal fluid, and अवर garment, housing
- मदार m. (-रः) 1. An elephant in rut. 2. A rogue. 3. A libertine, a lecher. 4. An elephant in rut. 5. A hog. 6. The name of king. 7. A sort of perfume, probably musk. E. मद to be intoxicated, &c., Una'di aff. चारन् ।
- मदायद m. (-दः) A sort of fish : see फलक ।
- मदालस mfn. (-सः-सा-सः) Indolent, slothful, overcome with passion, pride or drunkenness. E. मद and अलस idle.
- मदाकापिन् m. (-पी) The Ko'kila or Indian cuckoo. E. मद delight, अडि before, लप् to speak, aff. णिनि ; the song of this bird is constantly heard in the spring in most parts of Hindustan.
- मदावस्था f. (-स्था) 1. Ruttishness. 2. Wantonness.
- मदाह्न m. (-ह्नः) Musk. E. मद musk, and आह्न name.
- मदि f. (-दिः) A kind of harrow. E. मद इन्च् पृथो ।
- मदिर m. (-रः) A red species of Khayer, (Mimosa catechu.) f. (-रा) 1. Wine, spirits, spirituous or vinous liquor. 2. A wagtail. 3. A species of the Akriti' metre. E. मद to be delighted, &c., Una'di aff. किरच्, fem. aff. टाप् ।
- मदिराची f. (-ची) A woman, a mistress, a wife. E. मदिरा wine, अचि the eye, अच् and ऊँच् affs., whose eyes inebriate like wine.
- मदिरागृह m. (-गृहः) A tavern, a dram-shop. E. मदिरा wine and गृह a house.
- मदिरासख m. (-खः) The mango. (Mangifera Indica.) E. मदिरा wine or spirits, and सखि the friend.
- मदिरेचया f. (-या) A fascinating woman. E. मदिरा, and ईचय the eye.
- मदिहा f. (-हा) Vinous liquor. E. मद what delights or intoxicates, इहन्च् superlative aff.
- मदीय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Mine, my own. E. मन् for मम mine, and ह् aff.
- मदीकट mfn. (-टः-टा-टः) 1. Arrogant, haughty. 2. Furious, mad. m. (-टः) 1. An elephant in rut. 2. A pigeon. 3. A dove. f. (-टा) A spirituous liquor. E. मद and उकट who is furious.
- मदीदय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Haughty, arrogant. f. (-या) A woman in general. E. मद and उदय elevated.

- मदीहत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Drunk, intoxicated. 2. Arrogant, drunk with pride. E. मद drunkenness, उहत struck, overcome.
- मदीकत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Drunk or mad with pride, passion, &c. E. मद and उकत mad.
- मद्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. An aquatic bird, the shag. 2. An outcaste, the son of a Bráhmāna by a woman of the bard, or panegyrist class, whose employment is hunting wild beasts. 3. A ship, a galley. E. मद्ग to emerge, to dive, उ aff., deriv. irr. ; or मद to be delighted, (in the water,) and गुक् Una'di aff.
- मद्गुर m. (-रः) A fish, (Macropteronatus Magur, Ham.) E. मद to intoxicate, उरच् Una'di aff., and गुक् augment, form irr. ; also with कन् added मद्गुरक ।
- मद्गुरी f. (-री) A sort of fish "यङ्गीमत्के" ।
- मद्य n. (-यः) Wine, vinous or spirituous liquor. f. (-या) 1. Intoxicating. 2. Gladdening. E. मद to be intoxicated, (by it), aff. वत् ।
- मद्यपक्व m. (-क्वः) Vinous liquor for distilling. E. मद्य wine, पक्व mud.
- मद्यपात्र n. (-त्रः) Eating a relish, or what excites thirst. E. मद्य wine, वत् to go, aff. छट् ।
- मद्यपीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Drunk, a drunkard. E. मद्य and पीत drunk.
- मद्यपुष्पी f. (-पी) A plant, the blossoms of which are used in distilling: see मद्यवासिनी, &c. E. मद्य wine, पुष्प the flower. "धतुपुष्प" ।
- मद्यमण्ड m. (-ण्डः) Yeast, barm, froth. E. मद्य wine, मण्ड froth, scum.
- मद्यवासिनी f. (-नी) The Dhátuki creeper, the blossoms of which are used in distilling, (Grislea tomentosa, or Lythrum fruticosum) E. मद्य wine, वत् to dwell, aff. णिनि and ऊँच् ।
- मद्यबीज n. (-जः) A drug used to produce fermentation. E. मद्य wine, and बीज seed. [distilling.]
- मद्यसन्धान n. (-नः) Distillation of spirits. E. मद्य vinous liquor, and सन्धान
- मद्र m. (-रः) 1. Joy, delight. 2. A country enumerated amongst those to the N. W. of Hindustan proper. 3. A sovereign of that country. f. (-रा) The name of a river. E. मदि to be delighted, Una'di aff. रक् ।
- मद्रक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Produced, &c. in the country of Madra. E. मद्र a country so named, and कन् aff.
- मद्रकार mfn. (-रः-री-रः) Delighting, giving delight. E. मद्र delight, क् to make, aff. चण् ; also with खच् aff. मद्रकर ।
- मद्रसुता f. (-ता) The wife of Pa'ndu, mother of the two youngest Pa'ndu princes. E. मद्र a proper name, and सुता the daughter
- मद्रन् m. (-न्) A name of S'iva. E. मद to be intoxicated, वनिच् Una'di aff.
- मद्रगोष्ठी mfn. (-ष्ठी-ष्ठा-ष्ठी) Connected with, or related to me. E. मन् mine, वर्ग a class or number, ख aff. ; also with क् aff. मद्रगोष्ठी ; and with यत्, मद्रग्य ।
- मद्रम्य m. (-म्यः) The lunar month Vais'ákha.
- मधु mfn. (-धुः-धी-धुः) Sweet, literally or figuratively. n. (-धुः) 1. Spirituous liquor, distilled from the blossoms of the Bassia latifolia, or according to some explanations wine, or spirit distilled from grapes. 2. Honey. 3. The nectar, or honey of flowers. 4. Water. 5. Milk. 6. Sugar. 7. Sweetness, in flavour, sound, or disposition. m. (-धुः) 1. The month Chaitra, (March-April.) 2. The season of spring. 3. A tree, (Bissia latifolia.) 4. The name of Daitya or demon, slain by VISHN'U. 5. The Aso'ka tree, (Jonesia asoca.) 6. Liquorice. 7. The name of a RA'KSHASA killed by SATRUGHNA. 8. An epithet of king Kártavirya. f. (-धुः) A plant, (Celtis orientalis.) E. मन् to mind or respect, Una'di aff. च, and च substituted for the final.
- मधुक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) 1. Sweet, (in taste.) 2. Sweet speaking or sounding, mellifluous, melodious. m. (-कः) 1. A bard, a panegyrist, one who recites the lineage and praises of sovereigns in their presence. 2. A kind of bird. 3. A tree, (Bassia latifolia.) m. (-कः-कः) Liquorice, &c. n. (-कः) Tin. f. (-का) 1. A plant, (Menis-

काष्ठ the throat.

4. A fruit, the round sweet lime. E. मधु honey, and कर what makes.

मधुमक्षिका m. (-बः) The honey-comb or bee-hive. **ह.** मधु honey, कोष recep-  
tacle. Also मधुकोष.

मधुन. (जं) Bee's wax, f. (-जा) 1. The earth, 2. Clayed or candied sugar, E. मधु honey, and ज produced.

मङ्गू म. (-तः) The mango tree रु. मधु spring, and दूत messenger ;  
blossoming in spring.

मधुद्रव m. (वः) A red variety of the Hyperanthera morunga. E. मधु  
honey, and द्रव dropping.

मधुषातु m. (-तुः) A sort of pyrites. क. मधु honey, (as yellow,) and चातु mineral, honey-stone.

[cocoanut.

मधुपर्क न. (-र्क) A dish of curds, ghee and honey, to be offered to a respectable guest on his arrival. म. मधु honey. प. to sprinkle.

मधुपायिन् mfa. (-यौ-यिनी-यि) Living on honey. m. (-यौ) A bee. B. मधु  
honey, पा to drink निजि off, and मधु augment

The sugar-cane. 4. The palm-tree. f. (-चा) 1. A shrub, (*Santaveria zeylanica*.) 2. A plant, (*Asclepias acida*.) 3. Grapes. र. अय

wine or honey, and रस juice, flavour.

**मधुराक्षर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Sweet, mellifluous, mellow, melodious. **मधुर**, and **अक्षर** letter. [अक्ष sour, कक्ष aff.]

**मधुराक्षक** m. (-कः) The hog-plum, (*Spondias mangifera*.) **मधुर** sweet, **मधुराक्ष** f. (-पः) The talking-Mainá, (*Turdus Salika*.) **मधुर** sweet, **आक्ष** talking, fem. form.

**मधुरिका** f. (-का) A sort of fenugreek, (*Anethum sowa*, Rox.) **मधुर** the same, **कक्ष** aff.; this name is applied also to the *Anethum pan-morium*, Rox. and the Bengali derivative *Mouri* is applied to common anise.

**मधुरिपु** m. (-पुः) A name of KRISHN'A. **मधु** the demon, and **रिपु** foe.

**मधुरिमन्** m. (-मः) Sweetness, agreeableness.

**मधुरीदक** m. (-कः) The sea of a fresh or sweet water, surrounding Pushkara dwi'pa, and being the outermost of seven seas. **मधुर** sweet, and **उदक** water. [aff. क.]

**मधुल** n. (-लः) Spirituous or vinous liquor. **मधु** wine, **ला** to be or get, **मधुलिका** f. (-का) Black mustard. "राइसर्वे ।"

**मधुलिङ्ग** m. (-लिङ्ग-लिङ्ग) A bee. **मधु** honey, **लिङ्ग** to lick, aff. **किङ्ग** ।

**मधुल्लिङ्ग** m. (-ल्लिङ्ग) A bee. **मधु** and **ल्लिङ्ग** what licks.

**मधुल्लिङ्गम्** m. (-ल्लिङ्गम्) A bee. **मधु**, honey, **लिङ्ग** to lick, aff. **किङ्ग** ।

**मधुवन** m. (-नः) The Ko'kila or Indian cuckoo. n. (-नः) Name of the forest inhabited by the demon Madhu in Muttara. **मधु** sweet, and **वन** who speaks or cries.

**मधुवार** m. (-रः) Tippling, drinking frequently and repeatedly. **मधु** wine, **वार** quantity.

**मधुवीज** m. (-जः) The pomegranate. **मधु** sweet, **वीज** seed.

**मधुव्रत** m. (-व्रतः) A bee. **मधु** honey, **व्रत** observance. [a branch.]

**मधुशाल** m. (-शालः) *Bassia latifolia*. **मधु** spirituous liquor, **शाल** sweet, and **श्रु** the same tree. "रत्नश्रीमञ्जरी ।"

**मधुश्री** f. (-श्रीः) A plant, (*Sansevieria zeylanica*.) **मधु** honey, **श्री** a line or row. "सुश्रीयाम् ।"

**मधुश्रील** m. (-लः) A tree, (*Bassia latifolia*.) **मधु** spirit, **श्री** to eject, aff. **क**, and **ल** substituted for the final. "मील ।"

**मधुसख** m. (-खः) KA'MADE'VA. **मधु**, spring, and **सख** for **सखि** friend.

**मधुसहाय** m. (-यः) KA'MADE'VA. **मधु**, and **सहाय** friend.

**मधुसान्** Ind. As honey, sweet. **मधु** and **साति** aff.

**मधुसाहूत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Become sweet. **मधु**सान्, and **भूत** become.

**मधुसारथि** m. (-थिः) KA'MA the Hindu CURIO. **मधु** the spring personified, and **सारथि** a charioteer, having Vasanta or spring for his coachman.

**मधुसिक्क** m. (-कः) A sort of poison. **मधु** honey, and **सिक्क** wax.

**मधुसुहृद्** m. (-हृद् or -हृन्) KA'MADE'VA. **मधु** spring, **सुहृद्** the friend.

**मधुसूदन** m. (-नः) A name of VISHN'U. f. (-नी) Bengal beet. **मधु** the Daitya or honey, and **सूदन** destroyer.

**मधुस्थान** n. (-नः) A bee-hive.

**मधुस्रवस्** m. (-वः) A tree, (*Bassia latifolia*.) **मधु** spirituous liquor, **स्रवस्** to drop or distil, aff. **अस्रवस्** ।

**मधुस्रवा** f. (-वा) 1. A plant, (*Celtis orientalis*.) 2. Liquorice. **मधु** honey, **स्रवस्** to drop, affs. **अस्रवस्** and **टाप्** ।

**मधुस्वर** m. (-रः) The Ko'kila or Indian cuckoo. **मधु** sweet or spring, and **स्वर** note, song.

**मधुहन्** m. (-हन्) 1. A name of KRISHN'A. 2. A particular bird of prey. 3. A sooth-sayer. **मधु** the Daitya, and **हन्** destroyer.

**मधुक** m. (-कः) 1. A tree, (*Bassia latifolia*.) 2. A bee. n. (-कः) A flower of the Madhu'ka tree. **मधु** to respect, **कक्ष** aff., and **कक्ष** substituted for the final.

**मधु'क्ष** n. (-क्षः) Bee's wax. **मधु** honey and **अक्षि** left, rejected.

**मधुपत्र** n. (-पत्रः) The city Mathura. **मधु** the demon, **पत्र** destruction.

**मधुल** m. (-लः) A sort of *Bassia*, described as growing in watery or mountainous situations, f. (-ली) 1. Liquorice. 2. The sweet lime.

3. The mango tree. 4. A plant, (*Sansevieria zeylanica*.) **मधु** honey or spirit, **ला** to be or get, aff. **कक्ष**, and the **कक्ष** of **मधु** irregularly long.

**मधुल** mfn. (-लः-का-लः) Sweet. m. (-लः) 1. A sort of *Bassia*, growing in watery or mountainous sites. 2. Sweetness. f. (-लिका) A plant, (*Sansevieria zeylanica*.) **मधु** added to the preceding.

**मध्य** mfn. (-म्यः-म्या-म्यः) 1. Middle, intermediate. 2. Right, proper, reasonable. 3. Low, vile. 4. Amongst, amidst. 5. Mean, middle, (in astronomy,) as **मध्यच्छाया** middle or mean shadow. mn. (-म्यः-म्यः) 1. The interior. 2. Mean or common time in music. 3. The middle, the centre. 4. The waist. 5. The belly, abdomen. 6. Pause, interval. 7. The middle term of a progression. f. (-म्या) 1. A young woman, a girl arrived at puberty. 2. The middle-finger. 3. A form of metre, a stanza of four lines containing three syllables in each. 4. Of a middle size or quantity, moderate. 5. Neutral. 6. Just, reasonable. m. (-म्यः) Cessation, rest, interval. n. (-म्यः) 1. A very large number, ten thousand billions. 2. A horse's flank. **मध्य** beauty, **या** to have, **अक्ष** aff., deriv. irr., or properly **मन्-यन्** aff. and **य** substituted for the final.

**मध्यकर्ष** m. (-र्षः) A radius.

**मध्यग** mfn. (गः-मा-गः) Who or what goes in the centre or betwixt, amongst, &c. **मध्य** and **ग** what goes.

**मध्यगन्ध** m. (-न्धः) The mango tree. **मध्य** middle and **गन्ध** smell.

**मध्यग्रह** m. (-ग्रहः) The middle of an eclipse. [who goes.]

**मध्यचारिन्** mfn. (-री-रिषी-रि) Going amongst or amidst. **मध्य** and **चारिन्** **मध्यतस्** Ind. From or in the middle, central, centrally. **मध्य** the middle, and **तस्मिन्** aff.

**मध्यदिन** n. (-नः) 1. Noon, midday. 2. The Bandhuka tree.

**मध्यदीपक** n. (-कः) A species of the figure of speech called *Dīpaka*; in it the common term which throws light on the whole stanza is used in the middle.

**मध्यदेश** m. (-शः) 1. The middle region; part of India, bounded by Kuruske'tra on the north, Allāhābād on the south, the Himalaya mountains on the east, and the Vindhya mountains on the west; comprising therefore the modern provinces of Allāhābād, Agra, Delhi, Oudh, &c.; the northern limit is elsewhere defined to be the disappearance of the Saraswati. 2. The middle part of anything. 3. The waist. 4. The Belly. 5. The meridian. **मध्य** middle, and **देश** country.

**मध्यपदलोपिन्** m. (-पी) A compound word which omits the middle member in its composition.

**मध्यम** mfn. (-मः-मा-मः) 1. Middle, central, intervening, intermediate. 2. Middle-born, neither the oldest nor youngest. 3. Mean, (in astronomy,) as **मध्यमगति** mean motion, (of a planet.) mn. (-मः-मः) The waist, the middle of the body. m. (-मः) 1. One of the seven musical notes, the fourth note of the Hindu gamut. 2. The middle country; see **मध्यदेश**. 3. A sort of deer. 4. One of the Grāmas or musical scales of Hindus, corresponding apparently with the major mode of European music. f. (-मा) 1. A girl arrived at puberty, or in whom menstruation has commenced. 2. The middle finger. 3. A central blossom. 4. The pericarp of a lotus. 5. A woman in the middle of her youth considered as a character in poetic composition. 6. A form of metre, a verse of four lines of three syllables each. **मध्य** middle, and **म** aff.

**मध्यमपाञ्चव** m. (-वः) ARJUN'A, the third or middle of the Pā'ndu' princes. **मध्यम** middle and **पाञ्चव**, Pāndava or descendant of Pā'ndu.

**मध्यमपुरुष** m. (-पुः) The second person, (in gram.)

**मध्यमभूतक** m. (-कः) A husbandman. **मध्यम** middle, and **भूतक** a labourer; working partly for his own advantage, and partly for that of the landlord.

मध्यलोक m. (-लः) The earth, the world of mortals. म. मध्यन middle, and लोक world ; between heaven and hell.

मध्यवयस्क mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Middle-aged. म. मध्यन and वयस्क aged.

मध्यमसंयुक्त m. (-यः) Intriguing with another man's wife, the act of presenting flowers, perfumes, &c. to her, and conversing with her privately. म. मध्यन middle, संयुक्त connection.

मध्यमसाहस m. (-सः) 1. Punishment due to crimes of a middling degree. 2. Injuring building, throwing down walls, &c. म. मध्यन middle, साहस violence. [ (in algebra.)

मध्यमाहरण n. (-हः) The elimination of, the middle term in an equation, मध्यमिका f. (-का) A girl arrived at puberty, one in whom menstruation has commenced. म. मध्यमा, कन् added, in the fem. form.

मध्यमोय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Central, middle. म. मध्यन middle and य aff.

मध्यम m. (-यः) A weight of six white mustard seeds. म. मध्य middle, and यव barley-corn, the Yava being sometimes considered equal to eight seeds.

मध्यरात्र m. (-त्रः) Midnight. म. मध्य middle, रात्र night, and the masculine form in the compound.

मध्यरेखा f. (-खा) The first meridian, (in astronomy.)

मध्यलोक m. (-लः) The earth, the dwelling of mortals. म. मध्य middle, and लोक world ; placed in the middle between heaven and hell ; also with कन् added मध्यलोकिक । (sovereign.

मध्यलोकिक m. (-कः) A king, a sovereign. म. मध्यलोक the earth, and ईश्वर

मध्यमिन् mfn. (-मिन्-मिनी-मिन्) 1. Central, middle. 2. Being amongst or amidst. m. (-मिन्) A mediator. म. मध्य and मिन् who abides.

मध्यह्न न. (-ह्नः) The navel. म. मध्य the middle, and ह्न abiding.

मध्यमर्ध n. (-धः) The central meridian, (in astronomy.)

मध्यम mfn. (-म्यः-म्या-म्यं) 1. Centrical, middle. 2. Neutral. 3. Mediating. m. (-म्यः) 1. A middle man, an umpire, an arbitrator, a mediator. 2. An epithet of Śiva. म. मध्य middle, and म्य what or who stays.

मध्यस्थता f. (-ता) 1. Middle state or character. 2. Indifference. म. मध्यस्थ middle, and तन् aff. of the abstract ; also with ल मध्यस्थल n. (-लः).

मध्यस्थल n. (-लः) 1. The waist. 2. A middle place. 3. The centre. म. मध्य middle, स्थल place or part.

मध्यस्थान n. (-नः) 1. A Neutral soil. 2. A middle place.

मध्यार म. (-रः) Mid-day, noon. म. मध्य middle, अरु a day.

मध्यम m. (-मः) Tippling, drinking, repeatedly. म. मध्य wine, म् to be equal to, aff. म् ।

मध्यापात m. (-तः) Taste or touch of honey. म. मध्य and आपात alighting.

मध्यालक n. (-कः) Sweet potato. म. मध्य sweet, आलु and esculent root, कन् added. "मीषालु ।"

मध्यासव m. (-वः) A spirituous liquor, distilled from the blossoms of the Bassia latifolia. म. मध्य the Bassia, and आसव spirit. [irr.

मध्यासवदिक m. (-कः) A distiller. म. मध्यासव spirit, नी to go, aff. क, form मध्यासवा f. (-जा) Spirituous liquor.

मन् r. 4th cl. (मन्ते) (उ) मनु r. 8th cl. (मनुते) 1. To know, to understand. 2. To regard, to mind. 3. To think, to conceive. r. 10th cl. (मानयते) 1. To be dull or insensible. 2. To be proud. 3. To oppose, to stop. r. 1st and 10th cls. (मनति मानयति) To honour, to respect, to worship. With चतु prefixed, To assent to, to agree. With चवि. To desire. With चव, To disrespect. With सज To concur, to agree.

मन n. (-नः) Indian spikenard. म. मन् to respect, aff. चप् । "मनसामान् ।"

मनसाप mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) Pleasing, agreeable, beautiful. म. मनस् the mind, पाप् to go or attract, aff. चप् ; the final consonant of the first word is rejected, and the vowels do not coalesce.

मनःप्रत mfa. (-तः-ता-तं) Attended to, applying the mind. म. मनस् and प्रत made.

मनःसिल mf. (-सः-सा) Red arsenic. म. मनस् the mind, सिल a stone ;

mineral delightful to the mind or heart ; also with the dental स, मनःसिल । "मन्सासिल ।"

मनःसिल mf. (-सः-सा) Red arsenic ; see the last.

मनन n. (-नः) Minding, understanding. म. मन् to know, aff. चप् ।

मनस् n. (-सः) 1. The mind, considered as the seat of perception and passion, the heart. 2. The intellect, the understanding. 3. The connecting link between the Indriyas and Buddhi, (in Nyāya Phil.) 4. Thought, imagination, conception, fancy. 5. Intention, design, purpose, wish. 6. Desire, affection. 7. Disposition, temper. 8. Energy, spirit. 9. Conscience. 10. Red arsenic. 11. An epithet of the lake Ma'nasa. म. मन् to know, to understand, aff. चप् ।

मनसा f. (-सा) The goddess of the serpent race, and the particular protectress against their venom. म. मनस् the mind, aff. टाप् ; the object of love, and devotion.

मनसाज्ञाविन् mfn. (-वि-विनी-वि) Knowing by the mind, perceiving intellectually. म. मनसा third case of मनस् and ज्ञाविन् who knows.

मनसादेवी f. (-वी) The goddess presiding over snakes ; see the last. म. मनसा the same, and देवी goddess.

मनसिज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Mental, intellectual. m. (-जः) A name of Kāma or love. म. मनसि in the heart or mind, and ज born.

मनसिश्चय m. (-यः) Kāma or love. म. मनसि in the heart or mind, and चय who reposes.

मनस्क mfn. (-स्कः-स्का-स्कं) Mental. म. मनस् and कन् aff.

मनस्कार m. (-रः) The attention of the mind to its own sensations, consciousness of pleasure or pain. म. मनस् of the mind and कार operation ; the compound also occurs with the seventh case मनसिस्कार ।

मनसाप m. (-पः) Mental distress. म. मनस् and आप sorrow. [aff. चप् ।

मनसासल m. (-सः) The lion of DURGĀ. म. मनस् the mind, तल् to depress,

मनसिता f. (-ता) 1. Hope, expectation, dependance. 2. Intelligence. म. मनसिन् and तल् aff.

मनसिन् mfn. (-सि-सिनी-सि) 1. Attentive, fixing the mind upon any thing. 2. Intelligence, intellectual. f. (-सिनी) A virtuous wife. म. मनस् the mind or heart, aff. चिन् ।

मनाक् Ind. 1. A little. 2. Tardily, slowly. म. मन् to know, चाक् aff.

मनाका f. (-का) A female elephant. म. मन् to mind, &c. Unādi aff. चाक् ।

मनाह्वर mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रं) Doing little, lazy, sluggish. f. (-रा) A sort of Agalloohum. म. मनाक् a little, and हर who does.

मनावी f. (-वी) The wife of MANU. म. मनु the saint, वी aff., and व changed to वी ; otherwise मनावी the same.

मनित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Known, understood. म. मन् to know, aff. त ।

मनौक n. (-कः) Collyrium, powdered antimony or other substances, used as an application and ornament to the eye. म. मन् to know, to be agreeable, ईकन् Unādi aff.

मनीषा f. (-षा) 1. Intellect, understanding. 2. Desire, wish. म. मनस् the mind, ईप् to go, aff. च, or ईष aff., form irr.

मनोविन् mfn. (-वि-विनी-वि) Intellectual, intelligent. m. (-वी) A Pandit, a learned Brāhman, a teacher. म. मनीषा understanding, विन् possessive aff.

मनु m. (-नुः) 1. MANU, the legislator and saint, the son of BRAHMA, or a personification of BRAHMA himself, the creator of the world and progenitor of mankind ; the name is however a generic term, and in every Kalpa or interval from creation to creation, there are fourteen successive MANUS presiding over the universe for the period of a Manwantara, respectively ; in the present creation there have been the six following MANUS : MARICHI or SWAYAMBHUYA, the supposed revealer of the code of law possessed by the Hindus, SWA'MO'CHISHA, OUTTAMI, TA'MASA, RAIVATA, and CHA'KSHUSHA ; the seventh or the present MANU is VAIVASWATA, and is regarded to be the founder of the solar race of kings ; SA'BARNI, DAKSHA-SA'BARNI, BRAHMA-SA'BARNI, DHARMA-SA'

**BARNI, RUDRA-SA'BARNI, DA'VA-SA'BARNI, and INDRA-SA'VARNI,** these seven Manus are to come in the present creation. 2. A man in general. 3. One of the Jain's saints. 4. A Mantra, a mystical verse or formula. 5. The number fourteen. f. (-नु:-नायी-नायी) The wife of a legislator or MANU. s. मन् to know or understand, (the Vēdas or scripture especially,) and च Unādi aff.

**मनुज m. (-जः)** A man in general. f. (-जा) A woman. s. मनु the legislator and progenitor of mankind, and ज born, descended.

**मनुजेश्वर m. (-श्वः)** A king. s. मनुज and इन्द्र chief. [see मनुज.]

**मनुष्य m. (-भूः)** Man, a man, mankind. s. मनु the saint, and भू born : मनुष्यम् m. (-राट्) Kṛveśa, the god of wealth. s. मनु man, and राज् to shine, aff. शिप् । [and ऊष् aff.]

**मनुषी f. (-यी)** A woman, the wife or female of the man. s. मनुष्य a man, मनुष्य m. (-भूः) Man, a man, mankind. s. मनु the progenitor of mankind, मन् aff. of descent, and युक् augment.

**मनुष्यत्व n. (-त्वं)** The state or condition of man, manhood, humanity. s. त्व added to मनुष्य ; also with तन्, मनुष्यता ।

**मनुष्यपक्षम् m. (-पक्षः)** Kṛveśa, the god of wealth. n. (-क्षे) The duty of man. s. मनुष्य man, and पक्षम् piety.

**मनुष्यव्रत m. (-व्रतः)** Hospitality, (one of the five daily acts of piety.) s. मनुष्य a man, and व्रत sacrifice, sacrament.

**मनुष्यसभा f. (-भा)** 1. A multitude, a crowd, a meeting. 2. A place of meeting or assembly. s. मनुष्य a man, mankind, and सभा assembly.

**मनोजन्त mfn. (-तः-ता-न्त)** Seated in the mind. n. (-न्त) Thoughts, ideas, notions, feelings. s. मनस् and जन्त gone to or in. [fem. form.]

**मनोजन्ती f. (-न्ती)** Wish, desire. s. मनस् the mind, and गो a cow, &c.

**मनोजन्त mfn. (-तः-ता-न्त)** Thought or meditated on secretly. f. (-न्त) Red arsenic. s. मनस् and जन्त cherished.

**मनोजयन् n. (-जं)** Captivating the mind.

**मनीज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं)** Born or seated in the mind. m. (-जः) Kā'ma. s. मनस् and ज born.

**मनीजन्त mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्त)** Born or seated in the mind. m. (-न्तः) Kā'ma or Cupid. s. मनस् the heart or mind, and जन्त birth ; also मनोज ।

**मनीजन्त mfn. (-तः-ता-न्त)** 1. Fatherly, parental. 2. Quick in thought or apprehension. 3. Swift, as thought. f. (-न्त) A plant : see चरित्रिज्ञा. n. (-न्त) Quickness of thought or apprehension. s. मनस् the mind, ज् to move, to pervade, aff. चच् ; or मनस् compounded with जन् speed.

**मनीजन्त mfn. (-तः-ता-न्त)** Fatherly. s. मनीज desire, love, वस् to abide, aff. चच् ।

**मनीज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं)** Beautiful, handsome, lovely, pleasing, agreeable. f. (-जा) 1. Red arsenic. 2. Intoxicating liquor. 3. The daughter of a sovereign, a princess. s. मनस् the mind or heart, ज्ञा to know, to get, aff. क । [दण्ड castigation.]

**मनीज m. (-जः)** Restraint or control over the mind. s. मनस् and मनीज mfn. (-तः-ता-न्त) Chosen, preferred. s. मनस् and जीत taken.

**मनीज m. (-जः)** Kā'ma or Cupid. s. मनस् the mind or heart, and जन्त born.

**मनीज m. (-भूः)** Kā'madeva. s. मनस् the heart, भू born.

**मनीज m. (-भूः)** The second of the five sheaths in which the soul is encased, (in Vedānta Phil.)

**मनीज mfn. (-द्यो विनो-वि)** Swift, quick, as thought. s. मनस्, and यद्विन् what goes. [of production.]

**मनीज m. (-जिः)** The deity Kā'ma. s. मनस् the heart, and योनि place

**मनीज m. (-जः)** 1. Wish, desire. 2. A desired object. 3. A wish expressed indirectly, (in drama) s. मनस् the heart, and रथ vehicle.

**मनीज mfn. (-तः-ता-न्त)** Beautiful, lovely, pleasing, f. (-न्त) 1. A goddess, peculiar to the Bauddhism. 2. A species of the Pankti' metre. 3. A beautiful woman. s. मनस् the mind, रज् to delight, aff. चच् ।

**मनीज n. (-जं)** Fancy, caprice, whim. s. मनस्, लोभ unsteadiness.

**मनीज mfn. (-तः-ता-न्त)** Disappointed. s. मनस् the mind, हत struck.

**मनीज mfn. (-तः-ता-न्त)** Beautiful, lovely, pleasing n. (-न्त) Gold. s. मनस् the mind, ज् to take or steal, aff. चच् ।

**मनीज mfn. (-तः-ता-न्त)** Beautiful, pleasing, agreeable, lovely. s. मनस् the mind, ज् to steal, aff. चच् ।

**मनीज f. (-जा)** Red-arsenic. s. मनस् the mind, and ज्ञा, to call, to arrest, affs. चच् and टाप् ।

**मन्ज r. 1st cl. (मञ्जति)** To clean, to polish, &c.

**मन्ज mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्या-ज्यं)** 1. To be reflected on, to be ascertained or fixed in the mind, to be discussed either mentally or with proper persons. 2. To be thought, believed, conceived, &c. s. मन् to know, aff. तव्य ।

**मन् m. (-नुः)** 1. Fault, offence, transgression. 2. A man, mankind. 3. A king. f. (-नुः) Understanding, intellect. \* s. मन् to know, Unādi aff. तु ।

**मन् m. (-न्तः)** 1. A sage, one who is possessed of holy knowledge. 2. An adviser, a counsellor. s. मन् to know, Unādi aff. लृच् ।

**मन् m. (-न्तः)** 1. A division of the Vēdas ; in the first or practical part or Kāndam, it includes prayers and hymns, addressed to particular deities, and used at peculiar sacrifices, &c. ; in the Uttara Kāndam, it is applied to addresses to BRAHMA' or God, and to didactic explanations of his nature and attributes, &c. 2. A mystical verse or incantation, (in the Tantras.) 3. A formula sacred to any individual deity, as Om Vishnave nama, Om Si-va'ya nama, &c. 4. Secret consultation, private advice. s. मन् to advise or consult privately, aff. चच् ।

**मन्कशल Adj.** Skilled in giving advice.

**मन्कश m. (-कन्तः)** 1. A counsellor, a minister. 2. One who recites a sacred text. 3. A composer of Vēdic hymns. s. मन् advice, and कन्त who gives or makes. [made.]

**मन्कश mfn. (-तः-ता-न्त)** Consecrated by the Mantra. s. मन् and कन्त

**मन्कश m. (-कः)** Knowledge, science. s. मन् advice, गडि to be a part of, aff. वृच् ।

**मन्कश f. (-तिः)** Secret counsel. s. मन् and गति concealing.

**मन्कश m. (-तः)** A spy, a secret emissary or agent. s. मन् advice, information, गूढ secret.

**मन्कश m. (-तः)** A name of fire. s. मन् prayer, and जिह्वा the tongue.

**मन्कश m. (-तः)** 1. A spy, a secret emissary or agent. 2. A counsellor, an adviser. 3. A priest, a sacred teacher. s. मन् advice, &c. and ज् who knows. [वृच् aff.]

**मन्कश nf. (-चं-चतः)** Advising, counselling in private. s. मन् to counsel.

**मन्कश Ind. 1.** From, with or by, a Mantra or mystical prayer. 2. Advisedly, deliberately. s. मन् and तस् substituted for the termination of the fourth or fifth cases.

**मन्क m. (-दः)** A spiritual guide or teacher. s. मन् initiatory text, and द who gives. [who sees.]

**मन्कश m. (-शः)** A Bra'hman learned in the Vēdas. s. मन् and दन्त

**मन्कश m. (-तिः)** AGNI or fire. s. मन् holy prayer, and दीधिति lustre.

**मन्कश m. (-जा)** A name of GARUD'A. s. मन् and पूतामन् pure.

**मन्कश n. (-खः)** The object or effect of counsel. s. मन् and फल fruit.

**मन्कश m. (-दः)** Divulging or betraying counsel. s. मन्, भेद breaking.

**मन्कश mfn. (-यन्-यन्तो-यन्)** Counselling, consulting. s. मन् to advise, चट aff.

**मन्कश n. (-न्तः)** A mystical diagram with a Mantra.

**मन्कश m. (-जः)** 1. The employment of Mantras. 2. Magic.

**मन्कश mfn. (-वा-वतो-वन्)** 1. Accompanied with holy texts, (a ceremony.) 2. Entitled to use the Vēdas. 3. Initiated. 4. Having or hearing counsel. s. मन् and सतुप् aff.

**मन्कश m. (-विद-विन्)** 1. A spy, a secret emissary or agent. 2. A counsellor. 3. A priest. 4. A Bra'hman learned in the Vēdas. s. मन् secret counsel, &c. and विद् who knows.

सन्धु mfn. (-सन्धु) Obtaining or effecting any thing by means of mystic formulas or prayers. स. सन्ध a prayer of the Vedas, &c., and सन्धु to touch, aff. क्तिन् ।

सन्धु mfn. (-सन्धु-त) 1. Advised, counselled, planned. 2. Consecrated with Mantras. स. सन्धि to consult, aff. क् ।

सन्धि n. (-न्धि) 1. Property or condition of a counsellor, counsel-ship. स. सन्धिन्, and ल added

सन्धि m. (-न्धी) A counsellor or adviser, a king's counsellor, a minister. स. सन्धि to advise, इति aff.

सन्धिदक n. (-न्धि) Water consecrated by Mantras. [stopping.

सन्धिपट्टम् m. (-न्धि) Encouraged by advice or direction. स. सन्ध and उपपट्टम्

सन्ध 1st cl. (सन्धति) 1. To hurt or kill. 2. To afflict. 3. To suffer pain. स. 1st and 9th cls. (सन्धति सन्धति) To agitate, to stir, to churn.

सन्ध m. (-न्धि) 1. A churning stick. 2. The sun. 3. A dish made of barley-meal with ghee and water, a sort of gruel or porridge. 4. A disease of the eyes, cataract or opacity 5. Rheum, excretion of the eyes. 6. Killing, destroying 7. Agitating, stirring, churning. 8. A ray of light. 9. An instrument for kindling fire by friction. स. सन्ध to churn, &c., aff. चक् ।

सन्धपण्ड m. (-न्धि) A churning-cord.

सन्धज n. (-न्धि) Butter. स. सन्ध churning, and ज produced. [stick.

सन्धदण्डक m. (-न्धि) A churning-stick. स. सन्ध churning, and दण्डक a

सन्ध n. (-न्धि) 1. Agitating, stirring, churning. 2. Killing, injuring. 3. Kindling fire by friction. f. (-न्धि) A churn. m. (-न्धि) A churning-stick. स. सन्ध to agitate, &c. aff. क्तिन् ।

सन्धवटो f. (-न्धि) A churn, a common earthen-pot used for the purpose. स. सन्ध churning, and वटो a small jar or pitcher.

सन्ध mfn. (-सन्ध-रा-रं) 1. Slow, lazy, tardy. 2. Large, bulky. 3. Curved, bowed, crooked. 4. Stupid, dull, a fool 5. Low, vile, little. 6. Low, hollow, (as sound) m. (-सन्ध) 1. A soldier marching slowly. 2. A spy, an informer. 3. A treasury, a store, a repertory. 4. Fruit. 5. An obstacle, a hindrance. 6. A churning-stick. 7. Fresh butter 8. The month Vaisākha. 9. Passion, wrath. 10. A deer. 11. A fort, a strong-hold. 12. The mountain Mandara. 13. The hair of the head. n. (-सन्ध) Safflower. f. (-सन्धि) Name of the favourite female slave of Kākeyi, the favourite wife of Daśaratha. स. सन्ध to agitate, &c. aff. चक् ।

सन्ध m. (-सन्धि) The wind from a Chowrie or whisk. स. सन्ध to agitate,

सन्धमैत्र m. (-सन्धि) The mountain Mandara. स. सन्ध a churning-stick, and मैत्र a mountain, being so employed in churning the ocean.

सन्धान m. (-सन्धि) 1. A churning-stick. 2. An epithet of Śrīva. 3. A plant, (cassia fistula.) स. सन्ध to agitate, चानच् aff.

सन्धन् mfn. (-सन्धि-सन्धिनी-सन्धि) 1. Agitating, churning. 2. Paining, afflicting m. (-सन्धि) Semen virile. f. (-सन्धि) A churning-vessel. स. सन्ध to churn, चिन्ति aff.

सन्धोदधि m. (-सन्धि) Sea of milk. स. सन्ध churning, and उदधि a sea.

सन्ध mfn. (-सन्ध-सन्ध-सन्ध) 1. Slow, tardy. 2. Dull, stupid, heavy. 3. Foolish, a fool. 4. Unlucky. 5. Sick, diseased. 6. Little. 7. Idle, lazy. 8. Drunken, addicted to drunkenness. 9. Vile, wicked. 10. Self-willed. 11. Cold, phlegmatic, apathetic. 12. Low, (as a tone.) 13. Withered, (as flowers.) m. (-सन्ध) 1. A name of SATURN. 2. A sort of elephant. 3. A name of YAMA. 4. (In astronomy.) Anomaly. 5. A destruction of the universe. स. सन्धि to be lazy, &c. aff. चक् ।

सन्धकान् mfn. (-सन्ध-कान्) Dull, not bright. स. सन्ध, and कान् shining.

सन्धकान् m. (-सन्धि) The moon.

सन्ध m. (-सन्धि) The planet SATURN.

सन्धगत mfn. (-सन्ध-गत) Going slowly. स. सन्ध, and गत gone.

सन्धति mfn. (-सन्धि-ति-ति) Slow moving. f. (-सन्धि) Going slowly. स. सन्ध, and गति going.

सन्धनम mfn. (-सन्ध-न-न) Who or what moves slowly. n. (-सन्धि) Moving or going slowly. स. सन्ध, and नमन going.

सन्धकान्ति mfn. (-सन्धि-कान्ति) Going slowly or gently. m. (-सन्धि) A soldier marching slowly. स. सन्ध, and कान्ति to go, aff. चिन्ति ।

सन्धचेतस् Adj. 1. Silly. 2. Absent minded. 3. Fainting away.

सन्धकाय Adj. Lustreless.

सन्धजननी f. (-सन्धि) The wife of SURYA. स. सन्ध SATURN, and जननी mother.

सन्धट m. (-सन्धि) The coral tree, (Erythrina fulgens.) स. सन्धि to please, aff. चटक् । "पारिभट्टवे ।"

सन्धन n. (-सन्धि) Praise, eulogium. स. सन्धि to be pleased, (by) Unādi aff. चक् ।

सन्धफल n. (-सन्धि) (In astronomy.) The anomalistic equation of a planet. स. सन्ध, and फल product.

सन्धबुद्धि mfn. (-सन्धि-बुद्धि-बुद्धि) Stupid, foolish. स. सन्ध, बुद्धि understanding.

सन्धभाग्य mfn. (-सन्धि-भाग्य-भाग्य) Wretched, unhappy, unfortunate. स. सन्ध, and भाग्य fate. [and गति intellect.

सन्धमति mfn. (-सन्धि-मति-मति) Dull, stupid, slow of apprehension. स. सन्ध,

सन्धमान mfn. (-सन्धि-मान-मान) Slow, tardy. स. सन्धि to be slow, मानच् aff.

सन्धवती f. (-सन्धि) An epithet of DURGA.

सन्ध mfn. (-सन्धि-रा-रं) 1. Large, bulky. 2. Slow, sluggish, dull, lazy, &c. m. (-सन्धि) 1. The mountain Mandara, with which the ocean was

churned by the Suras, and Asuras, after the deluge, for the purpose of recovering the sacred things lost in it during that period. 2. The Mandara tree, one of the five trees of paradise. 3. Swarga or the paradise of the Hindus. 4. A string of pearls, &c. 5. A mirror. स. सन्धि to please, to be lazy, &c. चरन्च् aff.

सन्धसान m. (-सन्धि) 1. A name of Agni or fire. 2. Life, living. 3. Sleep, sleeping. स. सन्धि to be slow or sleepy, Unādi aff. चसानच् ।

सन्धसानु m. (-सन्धि) 1. Sleep. 2. Life.

सन्धस्मित n. (-सन्धि) A smile. स. सन्ध slowly, gently, स्मित smiling.

सन्धहास्य n. (-सन्धि) A smile, a gentle laugh. स. सन्ध slowly, gently, and हास्य laughter.

सन्धाक n. (-सन्धि) 1. Praising, praise. 2. A stream, a current. स. सन्ध to praise, धाक्च् Unādi aff.

सन्धाकिनी f. (-सन्धि) 1. The Ganges of heaven. 2. A species of the Jagati metre. स. सन्ध slowly, चक् to go, aff. चिन्ति, fem. form.

सन्धाकाना f. (-सन्धि) A species of the Atyashti metre.

सन्धाच n. (-सन्धि) Modesty, shame, bashfulness. स. सन्ध slow, retiring, and चाच organ of sense.

सन्धाग्नि m. (-सन्धि) Weakness of digestion. [self.

सन्धाग्नन् mfn. (-सन्धि-ग्नन्-ग्नन्) Slow of apprehension, dull. स. सन्ध and चाग्नन्

सन्धादर mfn. (-सन्धि-रा-रं) Disregarding, neglecting, disrespecting. स. सन्ध and आदर respect.

सन्धानिल m. (-सन्धि) A gentle breeze, zephyr. स. सन्ध, and आनिल wind.

सन्धायमान mfn. (-सन्धि-मान-मान) Delaying, going tardy. स. सन्धि to be lazy, चानच् aff.

सन्धार m. (-सन्धि) 1. One of the five trees of Swarga. 2. The coral tree, (Erythrina fulgens.) 3. Swallow wort, (Asclepias gigantea.) स. सन्धि to delight, &c. aff. चारक् ।

सन्धासु Adj. Having weak breath.

सन्धास्य n. (-सन्धि) Shame, modesty. स. सन्ध retiring, and चास्य face.

सन्धिकुक्कुर m. (-सन्धि) A sort of fish.

सन्धिमन् m. (-सन्धि) 1. Slowness. 2. Stupidity.

सन्धिर nf. (-सन्धि) A house. n. (-सन्धि) 1. A town. 2. A temple. m. (-सन्धि) 1. The sea. 2. The back of the knee, the ham. 3. One of the Gandharvas. f. (-सन्धि) A stable. स. सन्धि to sleep, &c. Unādi aff. किरच् ।

सन्धिरपथ m. (-सन्धि) A cat. स. सन्धिर a house, and पथ an animal.

सन्धीभव m. (-सन्धि) 1. Tardiness. 2. Stupidity. स. सन्ध, and भू to be, चक्च् aff. चिन्ति augment.

सन्धीभूत mfn. (-सन्धि-भूत-भूत) Being slow, dull, stupid, &c. स. सन्ध, and भू to be, aff. क्, चिन्ति augment.

मन्दुरा mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Born in a stable. ३ मन्दुरा, and ज born, the final of the first rejected.

मन्दुरा f. (-रा) 1. A stable. 2. A bed, a mat used as one. ३. मदि to please, &c. Unádi aff. उरच् ।

मन्दोच्च m. (-चः) The apsis of a planet's orbit. ३. मन्द and उच्च high.

मन्दोदरी f. (-री) A proper name, the wife of RA'VAN'A. ३. मन्द slow, heavy, उदर the belly, aff. उीच् ।

मन्दोदरीश m. (-शः) A name of RA'VAN'A. ३. मन्दोदरी as above, and ईश lord or husband. [king, and सुत son.

मन्दोदरीसुत m. (-तः) The son of RA'VAN'A. ३. मन्दोदरी the wife of the मन्दोच्च mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Temperate, tepid, moderately warm. n. (-च) Warmth, gentle heat. ३. मन्द slack, and उच्च hot.

मन्द m. (-दः) 1. A base or low tone, such as the grumbling of clouds, &c. 2. A sort of drum. 3. A species of elephant. f. (-द्वा) Hollow, deep, rumbling. ३. मदि to please, Unádi aff. रक् ।

मन्दम m. (-मः) 1. A name of KA'MA, the god of love. 2. Love, amorous passion or desire. 3. The elephant or wood-apple. ३. मन् the heart, मद्य to agitate, aff. चच् ।

मन्दमालय m. (-यः) 1. Pudendum muliebre. 2. The mango tree. [aff.

मन्दयिन् mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) Amorous, impassioned, in love. ३. मन्दय, इति

मन्दन m. (-नः) Whispering, murmuring, low reiterated sound, especially murmur libidinosum. ३. मन् the heart or mind, मन् to express, aff. चच् ।

मन्दय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Full of me, like me, (God.) ३. मन् and मयद् aff.

मन्दमान mfn. (-मः-ना-न) 1. Thinking, considering. 2. Respecting, attending to. 3. Praising. ३. मन् to mind, मानच् aff.

मन्दा f. (-न्दा) The tendon forming the nape of the neck. ३. मन् to mind, to admire, aff. कप् ।

मन्दाका f. (-का) The tendon of the trapezium muscle forming the nape of the neck. ३. मन्दा the same, and कन् added.

मन्थु m. (-थुः) 1. Sorrow, grief. 2. Distress, indigence. 3. Anger, wrath. 4. A sacrifice. 5. Pride. ३. मन् to know, Unádi aff. युच् ।

मन्थुमत् mfn. (-मन्-मती-मन्) 1. Sorrowful, distressed. 2. Angry, wrathful. ३. मन्थु, and मन्थु aff.

मन्वन्तर n. (-न्) The reign of a MANU, a period equal to seventy-one ages of the gods, or 306, 720,000 years of mortals, or with its Sandhi or interval of universal deluge, 308, 448, 000 years; fourteen Manwantaras constitute a Kalpa; the grand period of creation and destruction, or 4, 320, 000, 000 years; each Manwantara is governed by its distinct MANU, and is provided with its own INDRA, and minor deities; according to Hindu cosmogony, there have been innumerable Manwantaras, since the first creation of the world. ३. मन् MANU, and चत्वर period or interval.

मन्वान mfn. (-मः-ना-न) 1. Thinking, conceiving. 2. Minding, regarding. ३. मन् to mind, मानच् aff. [मपुष्टक ।

मपुष्ट m. (-ष्टः) A sort of bean, (Phaseolus mungo;) also मपुष्टक, and मपुष्टक m. (-कः) A sort of bean, (Phaseolus mungo.) also मपुष्टक ।

मभ् r. 1st cl. (मभति) To go, to move.

मम Ind. The genitive singular of the first personal pronoun.

ममता f. (-ता) 1. Pride, arrogance, self-sufficiency. 2. The interest or affection entertained for other objects from considering them as belonging to or connected with one's self. 3. Individuality. ३. मम mine, the possessive case of ममद्, and तच् aff. of the abstract; also with ल aff. ममल ।

ममतायुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-का-क्त) Selfish. m. (-क्तः) A miser, a niggard. ३. ममता selfishness, and युक्त affected.

ममपताल m. (-लः) An object of sense. ३. मम्य to bind, मालन् Unádi aff., व rejected, and म substituted for व, and मपतुद् augment.

मव् r. 1st cl. (मवते) To go, to move.

मव m. (-वः) 1. A camel. 2. A mule. 3. A demon, and the carpenter

or architect of the DAITYAS. 4. Hurting, injuring. f. (-वा) Administering remedies, the practice of physic. f. (-वी) Used as a affix in the sense of "consisting of" "Made of" Full of, ३. म to go, or नि to scatter, or मी to hurt, affs. चच् or खच् and टाच् ।

मवट m. (-टः) A hut of grass or leaves. ३. मव to go, चटच् aff.

मवु m. (-वुः) 1. A KINNARA or chorister of Swarga, 2. A deer. ३. नि to scatter, (sweet sounds, &c.) Unádi aff. उ ।

मवुराज m. (-जः) A name of KUV'S'RA. ३. मवु KINNARA, and राज chief having these beings attached especially to his court and capital.

मवुष्टक m. (-कः) A sort of bean, (Phaseolus mungo.) ३. मव् to go, aff उ, मवु one who goes, टक् to impede, aff. उ, मवुष्ट, and with the pleonastic addition, कन् मवुष्टक; also with चच् aff. after मव् to go, मवष्ट, and मवष्टक; and again with व substituted for न, मपष्ट, मपष्टक, मपुष्ट or मपुष्टक ।

मवुख m. (-खः) 1. Light, lustre, brightness. 2. A ray of light. 3. Flame. 4. Beauty. 5. The pin or gnomon of a sun-dial. ३. म्ना to measure, (time, &c.) कख Unádi aff., मव substituted for the root.

मवूर m. (-रः) 1. A peacock. 2. A flower, the cockscomb, (Celosia cristata.) 3. A plant, (Achyranthes aspera.) f. (-री) 1. A pea-hen 2. A potherb, (Basella rubra, &c.) ३. नि to scatter, Unádi aff. कर्त्तुः मवू the earth in the seventh case, मवू, इ to cry, उ aff. and the formation irr.

मवूरक m. (-कः) 1. A plant, (Achyranthes aspera.) 2. A flower, (Celosia cristata.) 3. A peacock. n. (-क) Blue vitriol. ३. कन् added to the preceding.

मवूरवीरक n. (-क) Blue vitriol "तुते" ।

मवूरचटक m. (-कः) A house or dunghill cook. [the oomb or crist.

मवूरचडा f. (-डा) Coxcomb, (Celosia cristata.) ३. मवूर a peacock. क्ता

मवूरपदक n. (-क) A sort of scratch with a finger-nail. ३. मवूर a peacock, पद a foot, and कन् aff.; implying resemblance. [the enemy.

मवूरारि m. (-रिः) A chameleon, a lizard. ३. मवूर a peacock, and चरि

मरक m. (-कः) Epidemic or pestilential disease. ३. म् to die, वृत् aff.

मरकत m. (-तः) An emerald. ३. मरक epidemic disease, त् to cross or escape, aff. उ; it is also read मरकतक n. (-क) ।

मरक्त n. (-क्त) An emerald.

मरथ n. (-थः) Death, dying. ३. म् to die, aff. खट् ।

मरत m. (-तः) Death, dying. ३. म् to die, चतच् Unádi aff.

मरन्द m. (-न्दः) The nectar or honey of a flower. ३. मकरन्द, q. v. the second syllable being rejected; also with कन् added मरन्दक ।

मरन्दीकस् n. (-कः) A flower. ३. मरन्द nectar or honey, भीकस् abode.

मराकाशी f. (-शी) a plant, commonly Bich'huti'.

मरार m. (-रः) A granary, a place where grain, &c. is kept.

मराल mfn. (-लः-ला-ली-ल) Soft, mild, bland. m. (-लः) 1. A sort of goose with red legs and bill, or perhaps the Flamingo. 2. Lamp-black, used as a collyrium. 3. A duck. 4. A horse. 5. A cloud. 6. A grove or garden of pomegranate trees. 7. A rogue, a scoundrel. f. (-ला) Greasy, soft. ३. म् to die, aff. चालच् ।

मरिच n. (-चः) Pepper. ३. म् to die, (venom,) and चच् aff.; considered as an antidote; also मरीच ।

मरिसन् m. (-न्) Death, dying. ३. म् to die, मनिन् Unádi aff.

मरीच n. (-चः) Pepper, (Piper nigrum.) ३. म् to die, ईच् aff.

मरीचि m. (-चिः) 1. A saint, the son of BRAHMA', and one of the Praja'patis, and Brahma'dikas, or first created beings, and sovereigns of the world. 2. A niggard, a miser. mf. (-चिः) A ray of light. ३. म् to perish, (darkness,) Unádi aff. रचि ।

मरीचिका f. (-का) The Mirage; vapour which in hot and sandy countries especially appears at a distance like a sheet of water. ३. मरीचि a ray of light, कन् aff., implying resemblance.

मरीचिसुखिन् mfn. (-खि-खिनी-खि) Splendid, radiant, m. (-खी) The sun, ३. मरीचि and मारिचि having a chaplet.



मरीचज्ज mfn. (-ज-ज-ज) Who or what cleans or rubs repeatedly. *मृ* to rub, reiter. *v*, चच् aff.  
 मरु m. (-रुः) 1. A region or soil destitute of water, sands, a desert. 2. A mountain. 3. The province Mārwa'r, or in the plu. (-रुः) The inhabitants. *मृ* to die, (where,) and Una'di aff. उ ।  
 मरुत m. (-कः) A peacock. [ज produced.  
 मरुज्ज m. (-जः) A sort of perfume, commonly Nak'hi. *मृ* a desert, मरुटा f. (-टा) A woman with a high forehead. *मृ* to perish, (of love 'for such a woman,) उटच् aff. [see the last.  
 मरुछा f. (-छा) A woman with a high forehead. *मृ* to die, उटच् aff.  
 मरुत् m. (-रुत्) 1. Wind, air, or its deified personification. 2. A deity, an immortal. *n*. (-रुत्) A sort of perfume, commonly Grant'hipar-ma. f. (-रुत्) A kind of grass, (Trigonella corniculata.) *मृ* to die, Una'di aff. उति ।  
 मरुत m. (-तः) 1. Air, wind. 2. A deity. 3. A plant, commonly Ghan-ta'pa'tali. *मृ* चच् added to the preceding.  
 मरुत्त m. (-रुत्तः) A sort of bean, (Dolichos catjang.) *मृ* मरुत् wind, (erue-tation,) and कर making. "राजसाधे ।" [added.  
 मरुत्त m. (-तः) 1. Wind, a gale. 2. The name of a king. *मृ* मरुत्, and तप् मरुत्त m. (-यः) The atmosphere, sky, heaven. *मृ* मरुत् the wind, and पथ road. [nourishes.  
 मरुत्ताल m. (-लः) A name of INDRA. *मृ* मरुत् the wind, and पाल who मरुत्पुत्र m. (-त्रः) BHU'MASS'NA, the second of the PA'NDU' princes. *मृ* मरुत् the deity of the wind, and पुत्र son.  
 मरुत्पुत्र m. (-वः) A lion. *मृ* मरुत् wind, and पुत्र who leaps.  
 मरुत्फल n. (-लः) Hail. *मृ* मरुत् wind, and फल fruit.  
 मरुत्त m. (-त्ता) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. The monkey Hanumána. 3. A cloud. *मृ* मरुत् wind, मरुत्प aff.  
 मरुत्त m. (-त्तः) 1. INDRA. 2. Fire. 3. The Chitraka-tree. *मृ* मरुत् the wind, (the deity,) and सखि friend, aff. टच् ।  
 मरुत्त m. (-लः) A sort of fan made of deer's or buffalo's skin. *मृ* मरुत् wind, मरुत्त agitating.  
 मरुत्त m. (-जः) Flocculent seeds wafted by the wind, the down of cotton floating in the air. *मृ* मरुत् wind, मरुत् standard.  
 मरुत्त m. (-जः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. A sort of vessel used in sacrifices. 3. A portion of the Sāma Vē'da. *मृ* मरुत् the wind, मरुत् bound.  
 मरुत्त m. (-यः) 1. A horse. 2. A car in which idols are carried. *मृ* मरुत् the wind, and रथ a vehicle.  
 मरुत्त m. (-मः) A foetid mimosa. *मृ* मरु dry, मरुत् a tree. "विट्खदिह" ।  
 मरुत्त m. (-लः) The atmosphere, heaven, sky. *मृ* मरुत् the wind, and वज्र road or path. [vehicle.  
 मरुत्त m. (-जः) 1. Smoke. 2. Fire. 3. Chitraka tree. *मृ* मरुत् wind, मरुत् मरुत्त m. (-पः) A camel. *मृ* मरु the desert, and हिप the elephant.  
 मरुत्ता f. (-ता) The Kāveri' river in the peninsula. *मृ* मरुत् the wind, and इत covered, screened.  
 मरुत्ता f. (-ला) 1. A sort of grass, (Trigonella corniculata.) "पिडिङ्ग-याक. 2. Another plant, commonly Be'sunt'h. *मृ* मरुत् a deity, and माला a garland.  
 मरुत्त m. (-यः) A camel. *मृ* मरु a sandy soil, and प्रिय fond of; it also occurs मरुत्प्रिय m. (-यः) from मरुत् wind.  
 मरुत् m. (-भूः) The province of Mārwa'r, or plu. (-भूः) The inhabitants of Mārwa'r. *मृ* मरु sandy, and भू country.  
 मरुत् m. (-कः) A sort of duck. *मृ* मृ to die, उलच् aff.  
 मरुत्त m. (-कः) 1. A large thorny shrub, (Vangueria spinosa.) 2. A species of basil (Ocymun.) described as having small leaves and red flowers. 3. A variety of the citron or lime, said to be a thorny plant, and to bear a small fruit. 4. A flower, (Artemisia vulgaris.) 5. A tiger. 6. The ascending node. 7. A crane. *मृ* मरु a sandy or dry soil, वा to grow or go, aff. क, and कच् added; it sometimes occurs, मरुत्त ।

मरुत्त m. (-लः) A desert, a dry and desert tract. *मृ* मरु, मरुत् place.  
 मरुत्त m. (-कः) A sort of deer. *मृ* मृ to die, उलच् Una'di aff.  
 मरुत्ता f. (-ता) 1. A cucumber. 2. Wild-cotton. 3. A small species of the foetid mimosa. 4. A plant, (Hedysarum alhagi.) *मृ* मरु dry soil, and उलच् produced.  
 मरुत्त m. (-लः) The Makara, a marine monster, apparently the Monodon or unicorn, and usually confounded with the crocodile or shark. *मृ* मृ to die, (by it.) मरुत्त aff.; also with कच् added मरुत्त m. (-कः) ।  
 मरुत्त m. (-कः) 1. The air, the wind. 2. The body. 3. A monkey. *मृ* मरुत् to sound, or a Sautra root, to move, Una'di aff. कच् ।  
 मरुत्त m. (-कः) A spider. *मृ* मरुत् going, aff. कच् ।  
 मरुत्त m. (-टः) 1. A monkey, or ape. 2. A spider. 3. The large crane, called in India the adjutant, (Ardea argala.) 4. A mode of sexual enjoyment. 5. A kind of venom. f. (-टी) 1. A variety of grey Bonduc, (Gulandina bonducella.) 2. Cowatch, (Carpopogon pruriens.) 3. A small or female monkey. *मृ* मरुत् a Sautra root, to go, Una'di aff. चटच् ।  
 मरुत्त m. (-कः) 1. A spider. 2. An ape. 3. A fruit. 4. A demon. 5. A kind of fish. *मृ* कच् added to the last.  
 मरुत्त m. (-लः) A plant, (Achyranthes aspera.) *मृ* मरुत् an ape, and पिपली long pepper. "चपासाग" ।  
 मरुत्त m. (-यः) A tree, a kind of Mimosa, (M. kauki.) *मृ* मरुत् mon-key and प्रिय beloved. "विट्खदिह" ।  
 मरुत्त m. (-सः) A spider's web, a cobweb. *मृ* मरुत् a spider, and वास abode; also with कच् added मरुत्तवास ।  
 मरुत्त m. (-यः) Vermilion. "विट्खदिह" ।  
 मरुत्त m. (-रुः) Copper. *मृ* मरुत् a monkey, and वास face. •  
 मरुत्त m. (-रुः) A sort of ebony, (Diospyros melanoxylon.)  
 मरुत्ता f. (-रा) A cave, a hole, a chasm. 2. A vessel. 3. A barren or childless woman. [take. 4. To cleanse.  
 मरुत् r. 4th and 10th els. (मरुत्ति मरुत्ति ते) 1. To sound 2. To go. 3. To मरुत् f. (-रुः) Cleaning, cleansing, purification. m. (-रुः) 1. A washer-man. 2. A catanito. *मृ* मरुत् to cleanse, aff. कच् ।  
 मरुत् m. (-तः) 1. A man, a mortal. 2. The world of mortals. *मृ* मृ to die, तच् Una'di aff. [तच् aff.  
 मरुत् mfn. (-यः) Mortal, what must or should die. *मृ* मृ to die, मरुत् m. (-यः) 1. A man, a mortal. 2. The earth, the world, the habi-tation of mortals f. (-रुः) A woman, a female. *n*. (-रुः) The body. *मृ* मरुत् as above, मरुत् pleonasm.  
 मरुत्त m. (-रुः) A demi-god, attendant on KUR'VA, a KINNARA, a Yaksha, being the figure of an animal and the head of a man. *मृ* मरुत् a mortal, and मुख chief, principal.  
 मरुत् m. (-रुः) 1. A violent stroke. 2. Grinding, crushing.  
 मरुत् n. (-नः) 1. Rubbing, touching. 2 Grinding, pounding, &c. 3. Pressing. 4. Devastating. 5. Paining. *मृ* मरुत् to rub or grind, aff. कच् । [aff.  
 मरुत् mfn. (-यः) To be rubbed or touched. *मृ* मरुत् to rub, मरुत्त m. (-यः) Having rubbed or touched. *मृ* मरुत् to rub, कच् aff.  
 मरुत् m. (-लः) A sort of drum. *मृ* मरुत् to rub or strike, aff. चच्; मरुत् striking, and ला to get, aff. क । "मरुत्त" ।  
 मरुत् mfn. (-तः) 1. Strung, tied. 2. Rubbed, ground, pounded. 2. Obtained, got. *मृ* मरुत् to rub, aff. क ।  
 मरुत् r. 1st cl. (मरुत्ति) To go, to move.  
 मरुत्त m. (-यः) A learned and intelligent man or Bráhmāna. *मृ* मरुत् se-cret meaning, (of the Sha'stras.) and ज्ञ who knows.  
 मरुत् n. (-नः) 1. A joint, an articulation of the body. 2. A vital mem-ber or organ. 3. Secret meaning or purpose, a secret, any thing hidden or recondite. *मृ* मृ to die, aff. मरुत् ।

मर्त्यभेदिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) 1. Fatal. 2. Penetrating, piercing. 3. Painful. ३. मर्त्य and भेदिन् what cuts or breaks.

मर्त्यर m. (-रः) The rustling sound of cloth or dry leaves. f. (-रो) 1. A sort of pine, (P. Devada'ru.) 2. Turmeric. ३. रु to die, चरन् aff., and सुट् augment.

मर्त्यरीक m. (-कः) A pauper, a low or humble man. ३. रु to die, (with distress,) Una'di aff. ईकन् and the root reduplicate.

मर्त्यविद् m. (-विद् or -वित्) A learned and intelligent man or Bra'hmana. ३. मर्त्य secret, meaning, (of the Shāstras.) and विद् who knows.

मर्त्यवेदिन् m. (-दी) An acute and intelligent man. ३. मर्त्य secret, and वेदिन् who knows : see the last. [छृङ् what touches.

मर्त्यसृग् mfn. (-सृग्) Sharp, corrosive, giving pain. ३. मर्त्य a joint, and मर्त्यविद् mfn. (-विद् or -वित्) Piercing or affecting the joints, (pain, &c.) ३. मर्त्य a joint, व्यप् to pierce or pain, aff. क्तिप् ।

मर्त्यवेदिन् m. (-दी) An acute and intelligent man. ३. मर्त्य secret, the semi-vowel and following vowel of the radical changed to र, and the final vowel of the noun made long.

मर्त्यिक m. (-कः) An intelligent and penetrating man. ३. मर्त्य a joint, and ठक् aff. : see मर्त्यविद् ।

मर्या f. (-या) A boundary, a limit. ३. मृ-यत् Ind. Bounding, limitative.

मर्यादा f. (-दा) 1. Continuance in the right way, propriety of conduct, steadiness, rectitude. 2. A boundary, a limit. 3. An agreement. 4. A bank, a shore. ३. मर्या limitative, दादा to have or take, affs. चङ् and टाप् ; or परि about, round, prefixed to दादा, चङ् aff. and न substituted for प ।

मर्ब r. 1st cl. (मर्बति) 1. To fill. 2. To go. [aff. चञ् ।

मर्ब m. (-र्बः) 1. Counsel, advice. 2. A sternutatory. ३. मृश् to counsel,

मर्बन n. (-नः) Advising, counselling, deliberating. 2. Examination, inquiry. 3. Rubbing, touching. ३. मृश् to counsel, छुट् aff.

मर्ब m. (-र्बः) Patience, endurance. ३. मृश् to bear with, aff. चञ् ।

मर्बण m. (-णः) Enduring, bearing, patience, resignation. ३. मृश् to bear with, aff. छुट् ।

मर्बित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Borne, endured. 2. Patient, content. n. (-तं) Patience. ३. मृश् to bear with, aff. क्त ।

मर्बितवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Patient, enduring. ३. मृश् to bear, क्तवत् aff. क्त. r. 1st cl. (मर्बित) r. 10th cl. (मर्बयति) 1. To hold. 2. To wear. 3. To stick.

मल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Dirty. 2. Miserly, niggardly. mn. (-लः-लं) 1. Excretion of the body, as serum, semen, blood, marrow, urine, faeces, ear-wax, nails, phlegm, tears, rheum, and sweat. 2. Sin. 3. dirt, filth. 4. Dreg, sediment. 5. Rust. 6. Camphor. 7. Cuttle-fish-bone. 8. Tanned leather. n. (-लं) A particular base metal. f. (-ला) A plant, (Placourtia cataphracta :) see कटासला. ३. मल् to hold or contain, (in the body.) चञ् aff. ; or मृज् to cleanse, Una'di aff. कल, and the penultimate and final radical rejected.

मलत्र mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Produced from dregs or dirt, &c. n. (-जं) Pus, matter. ३. मल as above, and ज born.

मलदूषित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Foul, dirty, filthy. ३. मल dirt, दूषित faulty.

मलद्वज m. (-वः) Diarrhoea.

मलदात्री f. (-त्री) A nurse who attends to the necessities of a child.

मलन m. (-नः) A tent. n. (-नं) Rubbing, grinding, &c. ३. मल् to hold, aff. छुट् । [and पङ्क mud, इति aff.

मलद्विन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Filthy, covered with mud and dirt. ३. मल

मलपू f. (-पूः) The opposite-leaved fig tree, (Ficus oppositifolia, Rox.) ३. मल sin, पू to purify, aff. क्तिप् ; it is also read with a final consonant, derived from पूर to complete or fill, मलपूर f. (-पूः) Also मलयू ।

मलपृष्ठ n. (-ष्ठः) The outer page of a book.

मलमुञ्ज m. (-मुञ्जः) A crow. ३. मल dirt, and मुञ्ज who eats.

मलमल्लक n. (-कः) A piece of cloth covering the privities.

मलमास m. (-सः) An intercalary month, in which any performance of religious ceremonies is strictly prohibited in the Sha'stras.

मलय m. (-यः) 1. A mountain or mountainous range, from which the best Sandal-wood is brought, answering to the western Ghats in the peninsula of India. 2. The country that lies along the Malaya range, or the west coast of the peninsula, Malaya'lam or Malálabar. 3. A garden. 4. The garden of INDRA. 5. One of the minor Dwipas or divisions of the world. f. (-या) A plant, commonly Teoni, (Convolvulus turpethum.) ३. मल् to hold or contain, (Sandal-wood,) Una'di aff. कयन् ।

मलयगन्धिनी f. (-नी) One of DURGA's female attendants. ३. मलय the mountain, and गन्धिन् fragrant ; also मलयगन्धिनी । [ज produced.

मलयज mn. (-जः-जं) Sausal-wood. ३. मलय the mountain Malaya, and मलयाचल m. (-लः) The mountain Malaya. ३. मलय Malaya, and चञ्चल a mountain ; also similar compounds, as मलयाद्रि &c.

मलयानिल m. (-लः) The southerly wind that prevails in central India during the hot weather. The Malaya Zephyr charged with the scent of Sandal-wood or other herbs is a poetical common-place. ३. मलय the Malaya mountain, over which the air is supposed to have blown, and अनिल wind.

मलयू f. (-यूः) The opposite-leaved fig tree. ३. मल sin, यू to join, aff. क्तिप् and the final made long ; also with the final short मलयु, or derived from पूज, मलपू ।

मलवासस् f. (-सः) A woman in her courses.

मलवाहिन mfn. (-ही-हिनी-हि) What conveys or contains soil or filth. ३. मल and वाहिन bearing.

मलाकविन् m. (-र्वः) A sweeper, a cleaner. ३. मल dirt, faeces, and ह्व to draw, with चङ् prefix, and णि aff.

मलाका f. (-का) 1. A female messenger. 2. A lewd woman. 3. A female elephant. ३. मल, आक aff. [ence, चपकर्वण removing.

मलापकर्षण n. (-र्षः) Purification, cleaning, cleansing. ३. मल dirt, excre-

मलावह mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) 1. Soiling, dirtying. 2. Defiling, disgracing. mn. (-हः) Acceptance of forbidden gifts. ३. मल and आवह what brings.

मलाशय m. (-यः) The belly.

मल f. (-लः) Having, possessing. ३. मल् to hold, हन् aff.

मलिन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Dirty, filth, foul. 2. Black. 3. Vile, bad. 4. Foul, (figuratively,) soiled with crime or vice, sinful, depraved. n. (-नं) 1. Butter-milk. 2. Fault, defect. 3. Borax. f. (-नी) A woman during menstruation. ३. मल dirt, हलन् Una'di aff.

मलिनप्रभ mfn. (-भः-भा-भं) Obscured, beclouded. ३. मलिन and प्रभ light.

मलिनमुख mfn. (-खः-खा-खं) 1. Cruel, fierce, savage. 2. Vile, wicked. m. (-खः) 1. AGNI or fire. 2. A ghost, a goblin. 3. The black-faced monkey. 4. The Chitraka tree. ३. मलिन black, and मुख the face.

मलिनाम्बु m. (-म्बुः) Ink. ३. मलिन dirty, and चल् water.

मलिनास्य m. (-स्यः) A savage, a cruel or ferocious man. ३. मलिन black, foul, (with fury,) and आस्य the face.

मलिनित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Soiled, defiled. 2. Corrupted, wicked. ३. मलिन and इतच् aff. [ness.

मलिनितम् m. (-ता) 1. Impurity, sin. 2. Darkness, blackness. 3. Dirty.

मलिनुच m. (-चः) 1. A thief. 2. Burning, blazing. 3. Fire. 4. Air, wind. 5. The intercalary lunar month, introduced every third year, in order to approximate the lunar, and solar modes of computation. 6. A gnat, a mosquito. 7. Frost. 8. A thief, a robber. 9. A Bra'hmana who neglects the five daily acts of piety. 10. A demon. ३. मलिन possession, and च्छु to steal, aff. क ।

मलिष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठः-ष्ठा-ष्ठं) 1. Very foul or unclean. 2. Very wicked. f. (-ष्ठा) A woman during menstruation. ३. मल unclean, इष्टन् aff. of the superlative.

मलीमल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Dirty, foul, unclean. 3. Wicked. m. (-लः) 1. Iron. 2. Green vitriol. ३. मल dirt, इलच् aff.

मसोदर mfn. (-यान्-यसो-यः) 1. Very dirty or impure. 2. Very wicked. E. मस and इयसुन् aff. of the superlative.

मसक m. (-कः) A kind of worm. E. मस dirt, ऊनद्वि Unādi aff.

मस r. 1st cl. (मसते) To hold, to have.

मस mfn. (-तः-मसः) 1. Strong, stout, athletic, robust. 2. Best, excellent m. (-तः) 1. A wrestler, a boxer, by birth; the offspring of an outcaste Kshetriya by a Kshetriya female. 2. A cup or vessel. 3. The cheek and temples, the hemiscanium. 4. A kind of fish. 5. The residue of an oblation. f. (-मसः) 1. A woman. 2. Arabian jasmine. 3. Ornamenting the person with coloured unguents. E. मस to hold, aff. चच्.

मसक mf. (-कः-मसकः) An oil-vessel, a vessel made of the shell of a coconut for holding oil, whether for culinary purposes or for burning as a lamp. m. (-कः) A tooth. E. मस to hold, aff. चुच्.

मसज n. (-जः) Black pepper.

मसतृय n. (-यः) A musical instrument, a drum or trumpet used at athletic contests. E. मस wrestler, and तृय an instrument of music; it is also occurs मसतृय.

मसनाम m. (-मः) 1. The elephant of INDRA. 2. A name of the saint VĀTSYA'YANA. 3. A letter-carrier. 4. A work on amorous topics by VĀTSYA'YANA Muni. E. मस strong, and नाम an elephant.

मसभू f. (-भूः) A palastrum or arena, a place for athletic contests; it is also applied to the site of any conflict, as a field of battle, &c. E. मस a wrestler, and भू earth, place; also मसभूमि f. (-भिः).

मसयात्रा f. (-त्रा) A match of wrestling or boxing. E. मस a wrestler, and यात्रा a festival.

मसपुत्र n. (-पुत्रः) Wrestling, boxing. E. मस a wrestler, पुत्र contest.

मसगोत्री f. (-गोत्री) One of the Ra'ginis or divisions of the musical mode Me'gha.

मस m. (-मः) 1. Having, holding. 2. One of the Jinas or Jaina saints, the 19th of the present era. f. (-मः-मसः) Arabian jasmine, (Jasminum zambac.) E. मस to hold, Una'di aff. इन् and ऊन् optionally added for the fem.

मसिक m. (-कः) 1. A bird, said to be a sort of goose with brown legs and bill. 2. A shuttle. 3. The month Ma'gha. f. (-कः) 1. Arabian jasmine, (Jasminum zambac.) 2. A kind of fish. 3. An earthen vessel for holding oil, &c. 4. A goblet, a cup, a drinking vessel. 5. A river. E. कन् added to मसि.

मसिकाव m. (-वः) 1. A horse marked with white about the eyes. 2. A sort of goose with brown legs and bill. E. मसिका the jasmine and व the eye, being of like whiteness.

मसिकापुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) Arabian jasmine. E. मसिका the same, पुष्प a flower.

मसिमसि m. (-मसि) Aloe-wood. E. मसि jasmine, and मसि smelling.

मसिनाथ m. (-थः) Name of a celebrated commentator who lived at the beginning of the fifth century.

मसिपत्र n. (-पत्रः) A mushroom.

मसु m. (-सुः) A bear. E. मसु to hold, aff. ड.

मस r. 1st cl. (मसति) To bind, to tie.

मसित mfn. (-तः-मसितः) Strung, tied. E. मसु to bind, aff. क.

मस्य r. 1st cl. (मसयति) To bind, to tie.

मस्य r. 1st cl. (मसयति) 1. To sound. 2. To be angry or irascible.

मस m. (-सः) 1. Auger. 2. Sounding. 3. A musquito. E. मस to sound, &c., चच् aff.

मसक m. (-कः) 1. A gnat, a musquito. 2. A kind of cutaneous eruption the formation of small pustules or warts. 3. A leather water-bag. E. मस to be angry and चुच् aff.

मसकिन् m. (-किन्) The glomerous fig-tree. E. मसक a gnat, and किन् aff.

मसकन्द m. (-कन्दः) A sort of grass, (Andropogon serratus.)

मसकरी f. (-री) Musquito curtains, bed-curtains of gauze, or of any

thin substance, used to keep off musquitoes. E. मस a musquito, इ to take off, ट and ऊन् affs.

मसुन m. (-नः) A dog.

मस्य r. 1st cl. (मसयति) To injure, to hurt or kill.

मसि f. (-वि-मसि) 1. Ink. 2. The stalk of the Nyctanthes tristis. E. मस to hurt, इन् aff.; also मसि or मसि.

मस (इन्, ई) इन् मसो r. 4th cl. (मसति) 1. To mete or measure by weight, bulk, length, &c. 2. To change from.

मस m. (-सः) 1. Measure. 2. Weight. E. मस to measure, aff. चच्.

मसक m. (-कः) A gnat. E. मस to hurt, चुच् aff.

मसन n. (-नः) 1. Hurting. 2. Measuring. 3. A medicinal fruit, (Serratula anthelmintica.) E. मस to hurt, चुच् aff.

मसार m. (-रः) An emerald. E. मस weight, मस to go or get, aff. चच्; also with कन् added मसारक; in some places it seems to be confounded with another gem of a blue colour, perhaps the sapphire.

मसि mf. (-सि-मसि) 1. Ink. 2. The stalk of the Nyctanthes tristis. 3. Lamp-black. 4. A black powder used as a collyrium. E. मस to weigh, Una'di aff. इन्; it also occurs, मसि, मसो, मसि and मसो.

मसिक m. (-कः) A snake's hole. f. (-कः) 1. A plant, (Nyctanthes tristis.) 2. Ink. E. मसि the stalk of the plant, &c., कन् added.

मसिकुपी f. (-पी) An inkstand. E. मसि ink, कुपी a little well; also with कन् added मसिकूपिका.

मसिधान nf. (-नो) An inkstand. E. मसि ink, and धान what holds or contains; also मसिधान, मसिधान, &c.

मसिने n. (-ने) Alliance by the right of presenting the funeral meat-balls to a deceased common progenitor. E. मस to measure, (affinity,) Una'di aff. इन्. [hireable.]

मसिपत्र m. (-पत्रः) A scribe, a clerk, an accountant. E. मसि ink, पत्र

मसिपथ m. (-पथः) A pen. E. मसि and पथ path.

मसिप्रस f. (-प्रसः) 1. An inkstand. 2. A pen. E. मसि ink, प्रस parent.

मसिमसि f. (-मसि) An inkstand. E. मसि ink, and मसि a jewel.

मसिबद्ध n. (-नः) Gum myrrh. E. मसि ink, इन् to increase, aff. खट्.

मसोजल n. (-जलः) Writing ink. E. मसो ink, and जल water.

मसोधानी f. (-नी) An inkstand. E. मसो ink, धानी what holds.

मसोदा f. (-दा) Linseed, (Linum utilitissimum.) E. मस-इन्.

मसुर mf. (-रः-रा) A sort of pulse or lentil, (Ervum hirsutum, or Cicer lens.) f. (-रा) A whore. E. मसु to weigh, Una'di aff. डरच्; more usually मसुर.

मसुर mf. (-रः-रा) A sort of pulse or lentil, (Ervum hirsutum, and Cicer lens.) f. (-रा) 1. A whore. 2. A lentil. f. (-रः) 1. Small pox. 2. A small round pillow. E. मसु to weigh, Una'di aff. डरच्. मसुर, the pulse; the other meanings refer to this, implying resemblance to the pea in figure, &c.

मसुरक m. (-कः) A small round pillow. E. कन् added to the preceding.

मसुरविदला f. (-ला) 1. A black variety of the plant, commonly called Teori', (Convolvulus turpethum.) 2. A twining shrub, (Echites frutescens.) E. मसुर pulse, विदल division; having a leaf like a split pea.

मसुरिका f. (-का) 1. A bawd, a procuress. 2. Small-pox. 3. A musquitocurtain. E. मसुरा a whore, aff. कन्, fem. form.

मसुष mfn. (-षः-मसुषः) 1. Smooth, soft, not hard, not rough. 2. Bland, mild, unctuous. 3. Sweet, soft. f. (-षा) Linseed. E. मसु to measure or weigh, aff. चच्, form irr.; or मस equally, smoothly, चच् to go or be, aff. क, and the initiatory letters irregularly transposed.

मस्य r. 1st cl. (मसयति) To go, to move; sometimes read मस्य.

मसूर m. (-रः) 1. A bamboo. 2. A hollow bamboo. 3. Going, motion. 4. Knowledge. E. मसु to go, aff. डरच्; or मसि to adorn, aff. चर, and the nasal rejected, with सुट् augment.

मसुरिन् m. (-री) 1. The Bra'hmana of the fourth and mendicant

order 2. The moon. E. मस्कर a bamboo, (staff) and इनि possessive aff.

मसृज् (ट, चो) टमसृजो r. 6th cl. (मसृजति) 1. To immerse, to sink or plunge in water. 2. The purify by washing or bathing. 3. To be disheartened.

मन n. (-न्) The head; see the next.

मनक mn. (-कः-क) 1. The head, the skull. 2. The head or top of any thing. E. मस् to weigh, aff. क, and कन् added. [in rut.

मनकपिण्डक mn. (-कः-क) A protuberance on the temples of an elephant

मनकमुलक n. (-क) The neck, the upper part of it supporting the head.

E. मसक the head, मूल the root, कन् added.

मनकखेड m. (-डः) The brain. E. मसक the head, and खेड marrow.

मनकाव्य m. (-व्यः) The top of a tree. E. मसक, आख्या appellation.

मनदाह n. (-हः) The Devadāru tree.

मसि f. (-सिः) Weighing, measuring. E. मस् to weigh, क्तिन् aff.

मसिक्क m. (-क्कः) The brain. E. मस्-क्तिन् मसि परिणति भेदं मुच्यति मुच्य गतो अच् प्रथो ।

मसिक्कलवच् f. (-लवच्) The membrane surrounding the brain.

मत्त n. (-त्तः) 1. The watery part of curds, the whey. 2. Sour cream. E. मस् to weigh, Una'di aff. तृत् ।

मन्तल्ल m. (-ल्लः) The brain; it also occurs मन्तल्लक ।

मह् r. 1st and 10th cls. (महति महयति-ने) To revere, to worship, to adore. (ह) महि r. 1st cl. (महने) To grow or increase. r. 10th cl. (महयति) 1. To speak. 2. To shine.

मह m. (-हः) 1. A festival. 2. Light, lustre. 3. A buffalo. 4. Sacrifice, oblation f. (-हः) 1. A cow. 2. A plant, (Hedysarum lagopodioides) E. मह् to worship, aff. घञ्; see महस and महि ।

महक m. (-कः) 1. An excellent man. 2. A tortoise. 3. A name of VISHN'U. E. मह् to worship, वृन् aff.

महक m. (-कः) Diffusive fragrance.

महतृ mfn. (-हान्-हती-हन्) 1. Great, large, bulky. 2. Much, many. 3. Best, excellent, illustrious. 4. Loud. 5. Far advanced. 6. Long. 7. Intense. 8. Important. 9. Eminent, high. 10. Dense, thick. 11. Numerous. n. (-न्) 1. Kingdom, dominion. 2. The intellectual principle, the second principle in creation. 3. Sacred knowledge. 4. Infinity, greatness. Adv. Much, very, exceeding. f. (-ती) The Vina' or lute of NA'RADĀ, containing seven or one hundred strings. 2. The egg-plant, (Solanum melongena.) m. (-हान्) 1. The second of the twenty five principles of creation according to Sa'nkhya philosophy. 2. A camel. 3. An epithet of Rudra E. मह् to worship, षति Una'di aff. In composition महा is generally substituted, आ being inserted in place of the final.

महतृ mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Greater, more. m. (-रः) 1. A man of the fourth, or servile tribe, a Su'dra. 2. The headman of a village. 3. A courtier. E. महत् great, and तृप् aff. of comparison, perhaps in derision, or in comparison with the mixed tribes. [of the abstract

महत्त्व n. (-त्त्वः) Greatness, either in bulk or rank. E. महत् great, ल्व aff.

महदाश्चर्य n. Adv. (-यः) Very surprising. E. महत् and आश्चर्य surprising.

महदाश्रय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Dependent upon or attached to the great. E. महत् and आश्रय asylum.

महद्विज्ज n. (-जं) Ether, heaven, Aka's. E. महत् great and विज्ज a variety.

महल m. (-लः) The head of a monastery.

महर्षिक m. (-कः) A division of the universe; a region said to be one Crore or Yojana above the polar star, and to be the abode of those saints who survive a destruction of the world. E. महस् sacrifice, लोको world.

महर्षि m. (-र्षिः) A Rishi or saint of a particular order, including Vya'sa and others. E. मह for महत् great, and षि saint; see रात्रि ।

महर्षक m. (-कः) An eunuch employed in a Ha'rem. 2. A large house. f. (-र्षिका) Feeble. E. महत् said to mean the inner apart-

ments, probably an Arabic word, and कन् added: otherwise with ठक् added महर्षिक m. (-कः) ।

महस् n. (-हः) 1. A festival, a sacred festival. 2. Light, lustre. 3. Greatness, vigour. 4. Sacrifice, oblation. E. मह् to worship, aff. घञ् ।

महस n. (-सः) 1. Knowledge. 2. Kind, sort, difference. E. मह् to wor- [ship, Una'di aff. घञ् ।

महाकच्छ m. (-च्छः) 1. The ocean. 2. The deity of the ocean VARUN'A. 3. A mountain. E. महा great, and कच्छ a shore or bank.

महाकण्टकिनो f. (-नो) The Indian prickly pear, (Cactus Indicus.) E. महा great, कण्टक a thorn, इनि and डोष् affs. "कणिसमृत्ता ।"

महाकन्द m. (-न्दः) 1. Garlic. 2. A very large esculent root, a sort of yam. 3. A plant, (Hingstha repens.) E. महा great and कन्द root

महाकपदे m. (-देः) A species of shell.

महाकपित्थ m. (-थः) 1. A tree, (Jigle marmelos.) 2. Red garlic. E. महा great, and कपित्थ wood-apple.

महाकर mfn. (-रः-रा-रो-रं) 1. Large-handed, &c. 2. Having a large revenue. m. (-रः) A large hand, rent, &c. E. महा, and कर a hand.

महाकणिकार m. (-रः) A plant, (cassia fistula.) आरयवे "सोदाह" इति भाषा ।

महाकला f. (-ला) The night of the new moon.

महाकवि m. (-विः) 1. An epithet of Su'kra. 2. A classical poet.

महाकाय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Large, bulky, stout. m. (-यः) 1. A name of NANDI', the door-keeper and attendant of S'IVA. 2. An elephant.

E. महा large and काय body.

महाकाल m. (-कः) 1. A name or rather a form of S'IVA, in his character of the destroying deity, being then represented of a black colour, and of aspect more or less terrific. 2. A name of NANDI', S'IVA's porter and attendant. 3. The mango tree. f. (-ली) 1. The wife of the preceding deity, and a terrific form of DURGA'. 2. A goddess peculiar to the Jainas. 3. One of the Vidyā-de'vis of the same sect, E. महा great, excessively, काल black, or time; in one capacity that of जगद्वक्त्रः the world-eater, S'IVA or MAHA'KĀLA may be considered as a personification of time that destroys all things.

महाकाव्य n. (-व्यः) A regular and classical poem. E. महा great, and काव्य a poem; the title is applied especially to five works; the Kuma'ra Sambhava, and Raghu Van'sa of KALIDĀSA; the Kira'tarjmyas of BHĀ'RABI'; the Naisadha of SRIHARSHA, and the Sisupala Badham of MA'GHA.

महाकुल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Eminent by birth, of good family or extraction. E. महा great, and कुल lineage. [family.

महाकुलीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Of good family. E. महा great, and कुलीन of

महाकूप m. (-पः) A large or deep well. E. महा great, and कूप a well.

महाकुल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Of a good family. E. See महाकुल ।

महाकण्डू n. (-ण्डूः) A great penance.

महाकोर m. (-रः) Sugar-cane. E. महा great, and कोर milk.

महाग mfn. (-गः-गा-गं) Great, prosperous. E. महा and ग who goes.

महागद m. (-दः) Fever. E. महा and गद sickness.

महागन्ध m. (-गन्धः) A sort of cane growing near water, (Calamus fasciculatus, Rox.) f. (-गन्धः) A name or form of DURGA'. n. (-गन्धः) Guna myrrh. 2. A kind of Sandal-wood. E. महा great, and गन्ध smell.

महागिरि m. (-गिरिः) 1. Any large mountain. 2. A sacred personage peculiar to the Jainas. E. महा great and गिरि a mountain.

महागोव m. (-वः) A camel. E. महा great, and गोवा a neck.

महागोविन् m. (-वो) A camel. E. महा large, गोवा neck, इनि aff. [grass.

महाघास mfn. (-घासः) Abounding with grass or fodder. E. महा, घास

महाघूर्णो f. (-घो) Spirituous or vinous liquor. E. महा great, much, घूर्ण to roll, affs. घञ् and टाप् ।

महावीर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Very formidable, terrific, horrible. m. (-रः) A division of Tartarus or hell. E. महा great, much, and वीर terrific.

महावीह m. (-हः) A great noise, a loud sound. n. (-हः) A market, a fair, f. (-वा) 1. A plant, commonly called Karkatasringi or Crab's horn

described as a climbing and milky plant, and supposed to be the *Asclepias geminata*. 2. Gum olibanum tree. E. महा great, चीच sound, &c.

महा मfn. (-हः-हो हं) Bulky, big, large-bodied. m. (-हः) 1. A camel. 2. A kind of rat. 3. An epithet of S'IVA. E. महा great, चङ्ग body. 'नीचरूपे, रक्तचिद्रकचपे च ।'

महाबल m. (-हः) 1. One of YAMA's attendants. 2. A very violent or passionate man. E. महा great, much, चङ्ग hot, passionate.

महाकाय m. (-हः) The Indian fig-tree.

महाज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Illustrious, high-born. m. (-जः) A large goat. E. महा great, and चङ्ग a goat, or ज born.

महाजन m. (-जः) 1. A virtuous or illustrious man, a great man. 2. A merchant, a trader. 3. The mob. E. महा great, जन a man.

महाजम्बू f. (-जम्बूः) A plant, perhaps a kind of *Eugenia*. E. महा great, and जम्बू the rose-apple.

महाजातीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Of an excellent sort or species. E. महा great, जातीय of a species. [great, जाल a net.

महाजाली f. (-ली) A plant, a sort of *Gho'sa*, with yellow flowers. E. महा महाजाल m. (-जः) Sacrificial fire. f. (-जः) One of the *Vidyá-de'vi's* or goddesses peculiar to the Jain's. E. महा great, जाल flame, lustre.

महातमप्रभा f. (-भा) The lowermost division of *Naraka* or hell. E. महा great, तम darkness, and प्रभा flame.

महातल m. (-तलः) A plant, (*Euphorbia* of various kinds.) E. महा large, and तल a tree. 'खुँड़ीतले' 'मन्सा गाळू' इति भाषा ।

महातल n. (-तल) The fifth in descent of the seven *Pátálas* or regions under the earth, inhabited by various races of evil beings, as the *Nágas*, *Asuras*, *Daityas*, &c. E. महा great, and तल depth.

महातारा f. (-रा) A goddess of the *Baudd'hás*.

महातिक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Very bitter. m. (-क्तः) The large *Nimba* tree, (*Melia sempervirens*.) f. (-क्ता) A plant, commonly *A'kana'di*. E. महा much, and तिक्त bitter. यवतिक्तायां च 'तिक्ता' इति भाषा ।

महातीक्ष्ण mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्षं) Very sharp, (as flavour,) or literally, (as a weapon,) or figuratively, (as perception, &c.) f. (-क्षा) The marking-nut plant. E. महा great or much, तीक्ष्ण sharp, acrid, acute.

महातीक्ष्ण mfn. (-जाः-जा-जः) 1. Very bright. 2. Very energetic or vigorous. m. (-जाः) 1. A name of *Ka'rtika'yá*. 2. *AGNI*, the deity of fire. 3. A hero, a demi-god. n. (-जः) Quicksilver. E. महा great, and तीक्ष्ण light or glory, &c. [great, चाक्षन् self, soul.

महात्मन् mfn. (-मा-त्मा-तम) Liberal, lofty-minded, magnanimous. E. महा महात्मन् m. (-तमः) 1. An elephant with large tusks. 2. An elephant's tusk. E. महा great, and दन्त tooth.

महादशा f. (-शा) The influence of a predominant planet. [wood.

महादारु m. (-रुः) A sort of pine, (*P. Devada'ru*.) E. महा large, and दारु

महादुम्बु m. (-दुम्बुः) A large military drum. E. महा great, दुम्बु a drum.

महादेव m. (-वः) S'IVA. f. (-दी) *DURGA'* the wife of S'IVA. E. महा great, and देव god ; the epithet *Maha'* compounded with a substantive forms many appellatives of these deities especially ; thus S'IVA is *Maháka'la*, *Maháru'dra*, *Mahe's'hvara*, &c. and *DURGA'* is named *Mahávidya*, *Mahásmriti*, *Mahámedha*, *Mahámo'ha*, &c. &c.

महाद्रुम m. (-रुमः) The holy fig-tree, (*Ficus religiosa*.) E. महा great, and द्रुम a tree.

महाधन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Rich, opulent. 2. Costly, precious, valuable. n. (-नः) 1. Any thing costly or precious. 2. Gold. 3. Incense. 4. Costly raiment. 5. Agriculture. E. महा great, चङ्ग wealth or price.

महाधातु m. (-तुः) Gold. E. महा great, chief, and धातु mineral.

महानट m. (-टः) S'IVA. E. महा great, and नट a dancer.

महानन्द m. (-न्दः) Eternal emancipation or beatitude. f. (-न्दा) 1. Wine. 2. Name of a particular river. E. महा great, चानन्द happiness.

महानरक n. (-कः) One of the twenty-one hells or divisions of *Tartarus*. E. महा and नरक hell.

महानल m. (-लः) A kind of reed. 'हिवनली ।'

[to *DURGA'*.

महानवमी f. (-मी) The ninth day of the first half of *A'shwina* sacred महानल mn. (-लः-लं) A kitchen. n. (-लः) A heavy carriage. E. महा great, chief, चानल rice or food, टङ्ग added ; to which the food is conveyed to be dressed, &c.

महानाद m. (-दः) 1. A large black rainy cloud. 2. A loud sound. 3. An elephant. 4. A lion. 5. The ear. 6. A camel. 7. A conch-shell n. (-दः) A musical instrument. E. महा great and नाद noise or sound.

महानिद्रा f. (-द्रा) Death, dying. E. महा great, निद्रा sleep.

महानिम्ब m. (-म्बः) A large kind of *Nimba* tree, (*Melia sempervirens*.) E. महा great, and निम्ब the *Nimba*. 'घोडा निम्ब ।'

महानिशा f. (-शा) Midnight. E. महा great, and निशा night.

महानोच m. (-चः) A washerman. E. महा great, much, and नोच vile.

महानील m. (-नः) 1. The emerald. 2. One of the *Nágas*. 3. A plant, (*Verbesina scandens*, *Rox.*) E. महा great, and नील blue.

महानुभाव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Magnanimous, liberal. m. (-वः) A gentleman. E. महा great, अनुभाव disposition.

महानेमि m. (-मिः) A crow.

महापक्ष m. (-पक्षः) 1. A sort of duck. 2. An epithet of *GARUD'A. f.* (-ची) An owl. E. महा large, and पक्ष a side, a wing.

महापञ्चमूलक n. (-कः) The great five roots ; they are as follows :—

'विष्णीः प्रियमन्यः श्लीमाकः कामस्यः पाटलातया ।

सर्वे तु मिलिते रितेः स्यान्महापञ्चमूलकम् ॥'

महापचविष n. (-पचः) The five great poisons ; they are as follows :—

'अङ्गी च कालजटय सुसक्तो बलनाभकः ।

शङ्खकचोति यो गीर्वाण महापचविषाभिः ॥'

महापथ m. (-पथः) A potherb. 'मालाकन्द' f. (-न्ता) A kind of *Eugenia*. 'महाजम्बूच' । E. महा large, पथ a leaf.

महापथ m. (-पथः) 1. The principal path or entrance to a town or house, &c., a main road, a highway. 2. The end of life, the way of all flesh. 3. Name of certain precipices from which people used to throw themselves to obtain entrance into heaven. E. महा chief, पथ road. [tals travel,) गम going.

महापथम m. (-मः) Dying. E. महापथ the great way, (by which all mor-

महापद्म m. (-पद्मः) 1. One of the principal *Nágas* or serpents of *Pátála*. 2. One of *Kuv'ma's* *Nidhis* or treasures. 3. A large number, one hundred thousand millions. 4. A *Kinnara* or attendant on *Kuv'ma*. n. (-पद्मः) The large white lotus. E. महा great, and पद्म a lotus.

महापातक n. (-कः) 1. A crime of the highest degree, as killing a *Brah'mana*, stealing gold from a priest, drinking spirits, adultery with the wife of a spiritual teacher, and associating with persons who have committed these offences. 2. Great crime in general. E. महा great, पातक offence : see पञ्चमहापातक ।

महापातकित्व m. (-कित्वः) An offender in the highest degree ; see the last. E. महापातक great sin, and इति aff.

महापाप n. (-पः) 1. A sin of the highest kind . see महापातक. 2. Heinous crime, or sin in general. E. महा excessive, and पाप sin.

महापासक m. (-कः) A religious mendicant.

महापुरुष m. (-पुः) A great man. E. महा and पुरुष a man.

महापुष्पदन्ता f. (-न्ता) A plant, (*Asparagus racemosa*.) 'अतमूक्षाम् ।'

महापुष्पा f. (-ष्पा) A flower, (*Clitoria ternatea*.) 'चपराजितायाम् ।'

महाप्रभ mfn. (-भः-भा-भं) Very bright, splendid. m. (-भः) Lamp-light, the light of a lamp. E. महा much, प्रभा shining.

महाप्रभु m. (-भुः) 1. A holy man, a saint. 2. A king. 3. *INDRA*. 4. S'IVA. E. महा chief, and प्रभु master.

महाप्रलय m. (-यः) 1. A destruction of the world, occurring after every period of 4,320,000,000 years. 2. A total destruction of the universe, happening after a period commensurate with the life of *BRAH'MA*, or 100 years, each day of which is equal to the period first stated, and each night of which is of similar duration ; at

- the expiration of this term, the seven Lo'kas, with the saints, gods, and BRAHMA' himself, are annihilated. **म.** महा great, प्रलय destruction.
- महाप्राच** m. (-चः) 1. A raven. 2. The aspirate utterance of the aspi-  
**महाफल** m. (-चः) A particular fruit-tree, (Agile marmelos.) **f.** (-चः) 1. A bitter gourd; see **वन्द्यवाच्यी**. 2. A kind of spear. **म.** महा and फल fruit.
- महाफोषा** f. (-चः) Cuttle-fish-bone. **म.** महा great, and फोष froth, foam.
- महाबल** mfn. (-लः-बलः) Strong, robust, powerful. **m.** (-लः) 1. Air, wind. 2. A Budd'ha or Baud'd'ha deified saint. **n.** (-चः) Lead. **f.** (-चः) A sort of Sida with yellow flowers, (S. rhombifolia.) **म.** महा great or much, and बल strong, &c.
- महाबाहु** mfn. (-हुः-बाहुः) Having long arms. **म.** महा great, बाहु an arm.
- महागोषि** m. (-चः) A Budd'ha, a deified teacher of the Baud'd'has. **म.** महा great and गोषि a teacher.
- महाब्राह्मण** m. (-चः) 1. A priest who officiates at funeral ceremonies. 2. An eminent Bra'hmana. **म.** महा great, and ब्राह्मण a Bra'hmana.
- महागङ्गा** f. (-ङ्गा) The Ganges. **म.** महा much, and गङ्गा propitious.
- महाभाग** mfn. (-गः-भागः) 1. Virtuous in a high degree, pure, holy. 2. Eminent, exalted. **म.** महा and भाग portion.
- महाभागता** f. (-ता) 1. Possession of the cardinal virtues, clemency, &c. 2. Exalted station or merit. **म.** तत् added to the last; also with ल, महाभागल.
- महाभारत** n. (-तः) Name of the great epic which details the history of the sons of DHRTARA'STRA and PA'NDU.
- महाभाष्य** n. (-यः) 1. The commentary of Patanjali' on the Sutras of PA'NINI'. 2. Any great commentary.
- महाभीत** mfn. (-तः-भीतः) Very timid, pusillanimous, cowardly. **f.** (-तः) A sort of sensitive plant, (Mimosa pudica.) "लज्जावती खता" **म.** महा much, and भीत frightened.
- महाभीम** m. (-चः) 1. A name of SA'NTANU. 2. One of S'IVA's chamberlains. **म.** महा great or much, भीम formidable. [भीम fearful.]
- महाभीष्ट** m. (-चः) A sort of beetle, found in cow-dung. **म.** महा much,
- महाभीष्म** m. (-चः) A name of SA'NTANU, a sovereign, and the father of BHISHMA. **म.** महा much, and भीष्म formidable.
- महाभूत** n. (-तः) 1. A primary element; as air, fire, water, earth, and A'kās or æther. 2. A great creature. **म.** महा principal, भूत element.
- महामति** mfn. (-तिः-मतिः) Magnanimous, high-minded. **m.** (-तिः) The planet Jupiter. **म.** महा, मति mind.
- महामद** m. (-दः) 1. An elephant in rut. 2. Great pride or intoxication. **म.** महा great, and मद fury, or the fluid that issues from the animal's temples.
- महामनस** mfn. (-नः-मनः-मनः) Magnanimous, high-minded, liberal, munificent. **म.** महा great, मनस् mind.
- महामन्त्रि** m. (-न्त्री) The prime minister. **म.** महा and मन्त्रि a counsellor.
- महामहिम्न** mfn. (-मा-महिम्नः) Very great, high and mighty. **म.** महा, and महिम्न greatness.
- महामात्र** m. (-त्रः) 1. A king's minister or associate, any high officer in a kingdom : as a counsellor, a general, &c. 2. An elephant-driver, a Ma'hut. 3. Superintendent of the elephants. 4. A man of wealth and consequence. **f.** (-त्री) 1. The wife of a spiritual preceptor. 2. The wife of an officer of state, &c. **म.** महा great, मात्र wealth or retinue, &c.
- महामातृसी** f. (-सी) A goddess peculiar to the Jainas.
- महामाया** f. (-या) 1. A name of DURGA'. 2. Worldly illusion or unreality; the divine power of illusion which makes the material universe appear what we see it to be. **म.** महा great, माया illusion.
- महामारी** f. (-री) 1. A name of DURGA'. 2. Cholera. **म.** महा great, मारी destroyer.
- महामाष** m. (-चः) A kind of bean, (Dolichos escajaug.) **म.** महा large, and माष the Phaseolus radiatus. "राजमाषि." [mouth.]
- महासुख** m. (-चः) A crocodile, an alligator. **म.** महा large, and सुख the
- महासुनि** m. (-चिः) 1. A name of AGASTYA. 2. A name of Baud'd'ha or more properly, of any one of the sacred persons called by that name. 3. The epithet of a warlike saint, celebrated in the Mahābhārata. 4. Time. 5. A name of VYA'SA. **n.** (-चिः) 1. Coriander. 2. Any medicinal drug. **म.** महा great, and सुनि saint.
- महासूल** m. (-चः) A kind of onion. "राजपलायनी" **n.** (-लः) A large radish.
- महासूक्ष्म** mfn. (-चः-सूक्ष्मः) Costly, precious. **m.** (-चः) A ruby. **म.** महा great, सूक्ष्म price.
- महासूत** m. (-गः) An elephant. **म.** महा great, सूत an animal.
- महासूत** m. (-चः) S'IVA. **म.** महा great, सूत death.
- महासिद्ध** m. (-दः) 1. The coral tree, (Erythrina Indica.) 2. A drug, classed amongst the principal drugs, and described as a tonic, and stimulant. **म.** महा much, and सिद्ध marrow.
- महासेव** m. (-चः) Budd'ha, the founder of the Baud'd'ha sect, or a Baud'd'ha or form of him. **म.** महा great, सेव friendliness.
- महासह** mfn. (-सः-सहा-सहः) Very acid. **n.** (-सः) Acid seasoning. **म.** महा much, very, and सह sour.
- महायज्ञ** m. (-चः) A sort of demi-god, supposed to attend the Jinās or Jain'a saints. **म.** महा great, and यज्ञ a divine being, attending usually on KURVE'RA.
- महायज्ञ** m. (-चः) An essential sacrifice, a sacrament of the Hindu religion; five acts are enumerated of this description, severally considered as due to the Vē'das, to the gods, to man, to the manes, and to all created beings; they are respectively, study of scripture, offering of sacrifice to the gods, hospitable treatment of guests, libation of water, &c. to deceased progenitors, and the casting of food on the ground or in water as an offering to the gods, to spirits, &c. **म.** महा great, यज्ञ sacrifice or act of worship.
- महायन्त्र** n. (-चः) Any great mechanical work, as a lock, or dyke, &c. **म.** महा and यन्त्र mechanical contrivance.
- महायमक** n. (-कः) A stanza wholly consisting of yamakās, (i. e.) having all the four pa'das identical in sound though different in sense.
- महायज्ञस्** mfn. (-यः-यज्ञः-यज्ञः) Illustrious, celebrated. **m.** (-यः) The fifth Jaina of the past era. **म.** महा great, यज्ञस् fame.
- महायज्ञस्** mfn. (-यः-यज्ञः-यज्ञः) Illustrious, celebrated. **म.** महा great, यज्ञस् celebrity, यज्ञ added.
- महायुग** m. (-यः) A great Yuga; the aggregate of the four ages, or a period of four millions, three hundred and twenty thousand years. **म.** महा great, and युग age.
- महारजत** n. (-तः) 1. Gold. 2. The thorn-apple. **म.** महा great, रजत silver.
- महारजन** n. (-नः) 1. Safflower. 2. Gold. **म.** महा great, रज्जु to colour, aff. कृष्.
- महारण्य** n. (-यः) A large forest. **म.** महा great, रण्य a wood.
- महारथ** m. (-यः) 1. Wish, desire. 2. A large car. 3. A warrior fighting in a car, or any leader or warrior of note. It is thus defined in Va'chaspatya :—"एकी दशसहस्राणि योषयेद् यत् यन्त्रिणात्। यस्मिन्महाराथस्य विद्येतः स महारथः॥"  
**म.** महा great, and रथ a car.
- महारस** m. (-सः) 1. The date tree, (Phoenix sylvestris.) 2. A species of club rush, (Scolopos kysoor.) 3. Any precious mineral. 4. Quick-silver. **n.** (-रः) Gruel made from the fermentation of rice-water. **म.** महा great, रस juice.
- महाराज** m. (-जः) 1. A sovereign, an emperor. 2. A finger-nail. 3. A Jaina deified teacher. **म.** महा great, राजन् a king, aff. ट्.
- महाराजक** m. (-कः) A sort of demi-god; see महाराजिक।
- महाराजपूत** m. (-तः) A kind of mango. **म.** महाराज sovereign, chief, and

- भूत the mango; bearing a superior sort of fruit; also similar compounds: as महाभारत, महाराजसूक्त, &c.
- महाराज m. (-जः) A paramount sovereign, an emperor. E. महाराज, महाराज chief sovereign.
- महाराज m. (-जः) A kind of demi-god, of which there is a class of 220. E. महा great, राज splendour, aff. कच्; or महाराज the epithet of their chief, and कच् added.
- महारात्र m. (-त्रः) Midnight. E. महारा great, and रात्र for रात्रि night.
- महाराष्ट्र n. (-ष्ट्रः) A country in the west of India, that of the original Mahra'ttas. f. (-ष्ट्री) A dialect, Mahra'tta. E. महा and राष्ट्र kingdom.
- महाद्वय m. (-द्वः) Resin. E. महा chief, and द्वय form.
- महाद्वय m. (-द्वः) A drama, a play or dramatic poem. E. महा chief, द्वय rhetorical composition.
- महारौरव m. (-रवः) One of the divisions of Tartarus, a hell. E. महा great, रव a demon, aff. कच् ।
- महाघे mfn. (-घे-घी-घे) Costly, precious, of great price or value. m. (-घेः) A sort of quail. E. महा great, कच् cost.
- महासागर m. (-सागरः) The ocean. E. महा great, सागर the sea.
- महासं mfn. (-सं-सं-सं) 1. Significant, meaning. 2. Great, dignified. m. (-संः) A principal object. E. महा and सं sense or object.
- महास्र m. (-स्रः) A plant, commonly Mahā-A'dā.
- महास्र mfn. (-स्र-स्र-स्र) 1. Costly, valuable. 2. Very worthy. E. महा and स्र worthy.
- महासती f. (-सतीः) 1. SARASWATĪ the wife of BRAHMA'. 2. A young girl who personates DURGA' at the festival of that goddess. E. महा great, and सती the goddess LAKSHMI'.
- महासत्य m. (-सत्यः) 1. God, the supreme being. 2. A place of pilgrimage. 3. A tree, &c. sacred to a deity. 4. The Loka or world of BRAHMA'. 5. A place of refuge, a sanctuary, an asylum. 6. A temple. E. महा great, सत्य asylum.
- महालोध m. (-धः) A tree, the bark of which is used as an astringent, (Symlocos racemosa.) E. महा great, लोध the Lo'dh tree.
- महालोच m. (-लोचः) A crow. E. महा great, and लोच moving.
- महालोह n. (-हः) The load-stone. E. महा great, chief, and लोह iron.
- महावन n. (-नः) A large forest. E. महा large, वन a wood.
- महावप m. (-वपः) A plant and drug, commonly Mahā'mēda.
- महावरा f. (-रा) Bent grass; see दूब. E. महा great, वर best.
- महावराह m. (-हः) VISHN'U in his boar-incarnation. E. महा, वराह a boar.
- महावर्त्तन n. (-वर्त्तनः) Large pay or allowance. E. महा and वर्त्तन maintaining.
- महावल्गु f. (-वल्गुः) A large and handsome creeping plant, (Gærtnera racemosa.) E. महा great, and वल्गु pedicle. "माधवीलतायाम् ।"
- महावस m. (-वसः) The Gangetic porpoise. E. महा large, वस who abides.
- महावस n. (-वसः) 1. Any continuous composition, any literary work. 2. A long sentence. 3. A principal sentence.
- महाविदेहा f. (-देहा) A certain condition of the mind, (in Yo'ga Phil.)
- महाविद्या f. (-विद्या) The name of the following ten goddess :-  
 "काली तारा महाविद्या वीरवी भुवनेश्वरी ।  
 भैरवी विष्णुविद्या च विद्या भूमावली तथा ।  
 वमना विष्णुविद्या च मातङ्गी कमलाक्षिका ॥"
- महाविमोहा f. (-मोहा) A rule containing a general alternative.
- महाविल n. (-विलः) 1. Sky, heaven, atmosphere. 2. A water jar. 3. The heart, the mind. 4. A cave, a hole. E. महा great, and विल a chasm.
- महाविशिष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्ट-ष्ट) Endowed with great, or excellent qualities. E. महा great, विशिष्ट endowed with.
- महाविष m. (-विषः) A small venomous snake, supposed to be two-headed. E. महा great, and विष venom.
- महाविषुव n. (-विषुवः) The Sankrānti' or moment of the sun's entering ARIES; the vernal equinox, but varying several days from the European computation. E. महा great, and विषुव equinox.
- महावीरि f. (-वीरिः) One of the divisions of Tartarus. E. महा, वीरि a wave.

- महावीर्य n. (-वीर्यः) The septum of the scrotum, and part of the perineum. E. महा chief, वीर seed, यच् added.
- महावीर m. (-वीरः) 1. GARUD' the bird, and vehicle of VISHN'U. 2. A hero. 3. A lion. 4. A white horse. 5. Sacrificial fire. 6. INDRA'S thunderbolt. 7. A bird, a sort of hawk. 8. The Ko'kila or Indian cuckoo. 9. The last and most celebrated Jina or Jain's teacher of the present who age, is supposed to have flourished in the province of Behar, in the sixth century before the Christian era. 10. Sacrificial vessel. 11. VISHN'U. 12. Agni or fire. f. (-वीरि) A sort of drug, commonly Kashi'kakā'li, and conceived to be the dried root of a species of lily. E. महा great, and वीर hero.
- महावीर्य m. (-वीर्यः) 1. A Jina or Jain's saint. 2. A name of BRAHMA'. f. (-वीरि) 1. A name of SANJNYA' the wife of the sun. 2. Wild-cotton. E. महा great, and वीर्य essence. "वाराहीकन्दं च ।" [वृक्ष a tree.]
- महावृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) Euphorbia, of several species: see लूनी. E. महा great, महावृक्षी f. (-वृक्षी) The egg-plant, (Solanum melongena.) E. महा great, वृक्षी the egg-plant. "महावाचाक्याम् ।" [great, वेग speed.]
- महावेग m. (-वेगः) 1. A moukey. 2. GARUD'A. 3. Great velocity. E. महा महाव्याधि m. (-व्याधिः) A virulent type of leprosy.
- महाव्याहति f. (-हतिः) The three mystical words, Bhu'r, Bhuvah, and Sver, the essential part, with O'm and Gāyatri' of the daily Brāhminical prayer. E. महा great, and व्याहति a word.
- महाव्रतम् m. (-व्रतः) 1. A name of Ś'IVA. 2. A devotee, an ascetic. E. महा great, and व्रत religious penance or observance, and व्रति aff.
- महाव्रीहि m. (-व्रीहिः) A large kind of rice. E. महा large, and व्रीहि rice.
- महाशक्ति m. (-शक्तिः) 1. KARTIKĒ'YA, the martial deity of the Hindus. 2. Ś'IVA. E. महा great, शक्ति power.
- महाशङ्ख m. (-शङ्खः) 1. A human bone. 2. The forehead. 3. A thousand millions. 4. One of KUR'VA'S Nidhis or treasures. 5. A great conch-shell. E. महा great, शङ्ख a shell, a number, &c.
- महाशठ m. (-शठः) A kind of thorn-apple.
- महाशय mfn. (-शय-शय-शय) Magnanimous, liberal, munificent. m. (-शयः) 1. The ocean. 2. A gentleman, sir. E. महा great, शयय purpose or an abode. [conch.]
- महाशय्या f. (-शय्या) A throne, a regal seat. E. महा great, and शय्या bed or
- महाशल्क m. (-शल्कः) A prawn or shrimp. E. महा large, शल्क a scale.
- महाशक m. (-शकः) A kind of potherb. E. महा large, शक a potherb.
- महाशाल m. (-शालः) A great house-holder.
- महाशालि m. (-शालिः) A fragrant sort of rice. E. महा large, chief, शालि rice.
- महाशीता f. (-शीता) A plant, (Asparagus racemosa.) E. महा, शीता cooling.
- महाशक्ति f. (-शक्तिः) The pearl oyster. E. महा great, &c. शक्ति oyster.
- महाशला f. (-शला) The goddess SARASWATĪ. E. महा vory, शला white.
- महाशय m. (-शयः) Silver. E. महा much, and शय white.
- महाशय m. (-शयः) The cowherd. f. (-शयि) The milk-woman, either the wife of a cowherd or a woman of that caste. E. महा great, शय Su'dra.
- महाशयान n. (-शयानः) The holy city Benāres. E. महा great, and शयान cemetery; people going thither to die.
- महाश्यामा f. (-श्यामा) A creeper, (Echites frutescens.) E. महा large, श्यामा black. "श्यामालतायाम्, कण्ठशिशपादये च ।"
- महाशयम m. (-शयमः) A Jaina or Baud'dha saint. E. महा much, and शयम labouring, (in devotion.)
- महाश्री f. (-श्रीः) 1. A goddess peculiar to the Jainas. 2. An epithet of LAKSHMI'. E. महा great, and श्री prosperity or the goddess.
- महाश्वेत mfn. (-श्वेत-श्वेत-श्वेत) Very white. f. (-श्वेत) 1. A name of SARASWATĪ. 2. A white variety of the Convolvulus paniculatus. 3. Clayed or candied sugar. 4. A sort of Clitoria, (C. ternata, with white flowers.) E. महा much, and श्वेत white.
- महाशुभ mfn. (-शुभ-शुभ-शुभ) Good, virtuous, just. E. महा and शुभ purity.
- महाशुभ m. (-शुभः) A name of KUR'VA; also महाशुभ ।
- महाशुभ m. (-शुभः) 1. A tree, (Pentaptera tomentosa.) 2. The, jack



tree, (*Artocarpus integrifolia*.) E. महा large, and सज्ज the Sa'l tree.

महासह mfn. (-ह-ह-ह) Much-enduring. f. (-ह) 1. A Plant, (*Glycine debilis*.) 2. A flower, (*Gomphrena globosa*.) 3. A medicinal plant, (*Wrightea antidysenterica*.) E. महा great, सह् to bear, affs. चच् or चङ् and टाप्.

महासातपन n. (-न) A sort of penance; subsisting for six successive days, respectively, on cow's urine, cowdung, milk, curds, Ghee, and water in which Ku'sa grass has been boiled, and fasting on the seventh day; instead of one day some authorities assign a period of three days to each, considering the first as the common Sántapana penance; others omit the two last periods, making it last fifteen days. E. महा great, सातपन a penance.

महासार m. (-रः) A kind of Khadira.

महासाहस n. (-सः) Excessive violence, brutal assault. E. महा great, साहस violence.

महासाहसिक m. (-कः) 1. A robber, a plunderer, one who carries off property openly and by force. 2. An assaulter, a violator. E. महासाहस violence, ठक् aff.

महासि m. (-सिः) A large scymitar or sword. E. महा and सि a sword.

महासुख m. (-खः) A Budd'ha or Jaina saint. n. (-खः) Copulation. E. महा great, and सुख happiness, pleasure. [very, लृच् thin.

महासूक्ष्म mfn. (-क्षः-क्ष-क्ष) Subtile, fine, minute. f. (-क्ष) Sand. E. महा महासूत m. (-तः) A military drum.

महासेन m. (-नः) 1. KARTIKĒ'YA. 2. A general, the commander of a large force. 3. The father of eighth Jina or Jain's saint of the present era. E. महा great, सेना an army.

महाशूल m. (-शुः) A camel. E. महा and शूल shoulder.

महाशूलो f. (-लो) The earth. E. महा great, शूलो heap.

महाशायु m. (-युः) Any principal vessel of the body. E. महा large, शायु a tubular vessel.

महाशब्द mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Loud-sounding. m. (-नः) 1. An instrument of martial music, a kind of drum or trumpet. 2. A loud sound. E. महा great, and शब्द sound or noise.

महायुध m. (-युः) A great battle or war. E. महा and युध war.

महाहास m. (-सः) A hoarse laugh. E. महा great, and हास laughter.

महाहस्ता f. (-स्ता) Cowach, (*Carpopogon pruriens*.) "बालकृशी।"

महि f. (-हिः) The earth. E. मह् to worship, aff. हन्; more commonly मही q. v. [commonly सिद्धि।

महिका f. (-का) Frost, mist. E. मह् to worship, aff. कन्, fem. form; more महित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Proper, right. 2. Worshipped, revered, &c. n. (-तः) The trident of S'IVA. E. मह् to worship, aff. क।

महिन n. (-नः) Kingdom, sovereignty. E. मह् to worship or be worshipped, Unádi aff. हन्। [for carrying loads.

महिनक m. (-कः) 1. A rat. 2. An ichneumon. 3. The string of a pole

महिनम् m. (-मः) 1. Greatness in general, literally, or figuratively. 2. Magnitude as one of S'IVA's attributes, illimitability. 3. Might, power, glory. 4. High rank. 5. The superhuman power of increasing in bulk at will, considered as one of the eight Siddhis. E. महन् great, हनिच् aff. of the abstract property.

महिर m. (-रः) The sun. E. मह् to be worshipped, aff. हरच्। "बर्जहृते च।"

महिषा f. (-षा) 1. A woman, a female. 2. A woman literally or figuratively intoxicated. 3. A plant bearing a fragrant seed, commonly Priyangu. 4. A perfume commonly Ren'uka. E. मह् to worship or be worshipped, Upa'di aff. हल्च्; also महसा and महसा।

महिषाश्व f. (-श्वः) A plant, commonly Priyangu. E. महिषा a woman, and श्वश्च appellation.

महिष m. (-षः) 1. A buffalo. 2. The emblem of one of the Jaina saints. 3. The emblem and vehicle of YAMA. 4. The name of an Asura or demon slain by DURGA. f. (-षी) 1. A female buffalo. 2. The

wife of a king, but especially the one who has been consecrated, crowned, a queen. 3. A drug. E. मह् to worship or be worshipped. Unádi aff. टिचच्, fem. aff. डीच्।

महिषाश्व m. (-श्वः) YAMA, the sovereign of hell, and judge of the dead. E. महिष a buffalo, and श्वश्च emblem.

महिषमहिनी f. (-नी) The goddess DURGA. E. महिष the ASURA named, and महिनी destructress. [वाहन vehicle

महिषवाहन m. (-नः) YAMA, the PLUTO of the Hindus. E. महिष a buffalo.

महिषाच m. (-चः) A plant, supposed to be the Bdeliuta tree. E. महिष a buffalo, and चच् eye. "गुग्गुलुभेदे, भवद्वारीने च।"

मही f. (-ही) 1. The earth. 2. A river, the Mahi which rises in the province of Ma'lwa, and after pursuing a westerly course of about 280 miles, falls into the upper part of the gulf of Cambay. 3. A cow. 4. A potherb, (*Hingstha repens*.) 5. The base of a plain figure, (in geometry.) E. मह् to worship or be worshipped, aff. ह, and डीच् added; also without the addition महि।

महीक्षित् m. (-क्षित्) A king, a sovereign. E. मही the earth, and क्षि to rule, aff. क्षिप् and तुक् final augment.

महीज m. (-जः) 1. The planet MARS. 2. A tree. n. (-जः) Wet ginger.

महीतल n. (-तल) The surface of the earth. E. मही and तल below.

महीधर m. (-रः) A mountain. E. मही and धर what holds.

महीध m. (-धः) A mountain. E. मही the earth, and ध् to uphold, aff. क, and the vowel changed to र।

महीप m. (-पः) A king. E. मही and प who protects.

महीपति m. (-तिः) A sovereign, a king. E. मही and पति master.

महीपाल m. (-लः) A king. E. मही, and पाल who protects.

महीप्राचीर n. (-रः) The ocean. E. मही the earth, and प्राचीर a boundary; being supposed to surround the earth completely.

महीभर्त्तृ m. (-र्त्तृ) A king. E. मही, and भर्त्तृ who cherishes.

महीभुज् m. (-भुज्) A king. E. मही and भुज् who possesses. [मय् aff.

महीभय mfn. (-यः-यो-यः) Earthen, made of earth or clay. E. मही earth.

महीयस् mfn. (-यान्-यसी यः) Greatest, very great. E. महत् great, ईयस् aff.

महीयमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) To be worshipped, to be revered, to be treated with respect. E. मह् to worship, मानच् aff., यक् inserted.

महीवृक्ष m. (-वृः) A tree. E. मही the earth, and वृच् to grow, aff. क; also with क्षिप् aff. महीवृक्ष् m. (-वृक्ष्)।

महीलता f. (-ता) An earth-worm. E. मही the earth, and लता a creeper.

महीसुत m. (-तः) The regent of the planet MARS. E. मही the earth, and सुत son; said to have sprung from the soil, near Onjein, which was sprinkled with the perspiration from S'IVA's body.

महीच्छ mfn. (-च्छः-च्छा-च्छः) Liberal, magnanimous, high-minded. E. महा great, and च्छा wise or design.

महीन्द्र m. (-न्द्रः) INDRA, the ruler of Swarga. 2. A range of mountains, one of the seven principal chains in Bha'rata-Barasha or India, and apparently the northern part of the Gha'ts of the peninsula. E. महा chief, great, इन्द्र the deity.

महीन्द्रवरी f. (-री) Amara'vati the city of the immortals, and capital of INDRA. E. महीन्द्र INDRA, and वारी capital.

महीन्द्राणी f. (-णी) The wife of INDRA. E. महा great, and इन्द्राणी the same.

महीरवा f. (-वा) The Olibanum tree, (*Boswellia, thurifera*.) E. महा great, ईरच् diffusion; or मह् sacrifice, ईरच् to go to, to be used in, aff. क; also महिरवा। "शङ्खकीरवे।"

महीरा f. (-रा) A woman. E. महा a festival, इरा the earth or site; or मह् to worship, इलच् Unádi aff., and the vowel irregularly changed.

महीरिका f. (-का) A woman. E. कन् added to the last. [वन् friend.

महीम m. (-यः) S'IVA. E. मह् great, ईम lord or god.

महीमन्त्र m. (-न्त्रः) A fruit tree, (*Ægle marmelos*.) E. महीम S'IVA, and महीमन्त्र m. (-न्त्रः) S'IVA. f. (-री) 1. DURGA the wife of S'IVA. 2. Mixed or bell-metal. 3. A flower, (*Clitoria ternata*.) E. महा great, and ईम God, fem. aff. डीच्।

खरतोय न. f. (-त) The Kharatoya river in the north of Bengal. **खर** S'iva, **खर** the hand and **खर** fallen.  
**खर** f. (-ख) A large arrow. **खर** and **खर** an arrow. [who shoots.  
**खर** m. (-ख) A warrior, a champion, an archer. **खर**, and **खर**  
**खर** m. (-ख) A large bull or ox. **खर** large, **खर** an ox, **खर** aff.  
**खर** f. (-ख) Lightning. **खर** great, (frequent.) **खर** opportunity,  
interval.  
**खर** n. (-ख) 1. A lotus, (*Nymphaea nelumbo*.) 2. The Sa'rasa or  
Indian crane. **खर** large, chief, and **खर** a water-lily. [festival.  
**खर** m. (-ख) 1. A great festival. 2. Ka'ma. **खर**, and **खर** a  
**खर** mfn. (-ख-ख-ख) Persevering, diligent, making strenuous and  
unremitting exertion. m. (-ख) 1. A king, possessing all the ap-  
pendages and powers of monarchy. 2. Diligence, effort, exertion.  
**खर** great, and **खर** effort.  
**खर** m. (-ख) 1. The ocean. 2. INDRA. **खर** great, **खर** the sea.  
**खर** n. (-ख) Kanouj, the ancient city and district. m. (-ख) 1. Final  
beatitude, emancipation from vitality and absorption into the  
divine essence. 2. Prosperity, elevation, eminence. 3. Pride. 4.  
Abandoning, relinquishment. 5. A master, a lord. 6. Sour milk  
mixed with honey. **खर** great, **खर** rising, splendour, &c.  
**खर** mfn. (-ख-ख-ख) Mighty, powerful. **खर** and **खर** great.  
**खर** mfn. (-ख-ख-ख) Diligent, persevering, making strenuous and  
unremitting effort. m. (-ख) Great effort, energy, exertion. **खर**  
great, **खर** effort.  
**खर** mfn. (-ख-ख-ख) Very high. m. (-ख) The palmyra tree. **खर**  
**खर** m. (-ख) 1. Intoxication, either literal or figurative, as with  
pride, passion, &c. 2. A sort of fish, commonly Phalui. **खर**  
much, **खर** intoxication.  
**खर** n. (-ख) The root of a plant : see **खर**. m. (-ख) 1. A sort of demi-  
god of the serpent genus, and forming one of the classes inhabit-  
ing Pa'ta'la, &c. 2. A large snake. **खर** great, and **खर** a snake.  
**खर** mfn. (-ख-ख-ख) Very mighty or wonderful. m. (-ख) A  
hero, a champion. n. (-ख) Great might or power. **खर** great,  
and **खर** power.  
**खर** n. (-ख) The discus of VISHN'U. **खर** added to the last.  
**खर** n. (-ख) 1. Garlic. 2. A plant commonly Atáich, (*Betula*.) 3.  
Long pepper. 4. A panacea. nf. (-ख-ख) Dry ginger. f. (-ख) A po-  
therb, (*Hingstha repens*.) **खर** great and **खर** a drug ; this  
word is of course applicable to a great number of plants and  
substances.  
**खर** f. (-ख) 1. A sort of grass, commonly Durba'. 2. A kind of  
sensitive plant, (*Mimosa pudica*.) "खरवती खर". **खर** large and  
**खर** a deciduous plant.  
**खर** 2nd. cl. (खर) r. 3rd. cl. (खर) r. 4th. cl. (खर) 1. To mete, to  
measure. 2. To be contained : with **खर** prefixed, to infer, to con-  
clude ; with **खर**, to resemble ; with **खर**, to measure ; with **खर**,  
to be evidence or authority ; with **खर**, to compare, to equalize.  
**खर** Ind. 1. A prohibitive and negative particle. 2. A particle imply-  
ing doubt. **खर** to measure, aff. **खर** ; this particle is chiefly  
prefixed to verbs, in the imperative mood, as **खर** do not do,  
(any act.) &c. ; it is also read sometimes, **खर** the final being  
redundant.  
**खर** f. (-ख) 1. LAKSHMI'. 2. A mother. 3. A measure. 4. An elephant.  
**खर** n. (-ख) 1. Flesh. 2. The fleshy part of fruit. f. (-ख) 1. Indian  
spikenard, (*Valeriana Jatámajai*.) 2. A sort of drug, commonly  
Ka'ko'li. m. (-ख) 1. Time. 2. A worm. **खर** to mind, **खर** Una'di  
aff., and the vowel made long by special rule.  
**खर** mfn. (-ख-ख-ख) Fond of flesh. **खर** **खर** to desire, **खर** aff.  
**खर** n. (-ख) Blood. **खर** **खर** flesh, **खर** making, causing. [produced.  
**खर** n. (-ख) Marrow or serum of the flesh, adeps, **खर** **खर** flesh, **खर**

**खर** n. (-ख) The marrow of the flesh, meaning probably adeps.  
**खर** **खर** flesh, and **खर** lustre. [dividing.  
**खर** m. (-ख) A plant, (*Andersonia rohitaka*.) **खर** **खर** flesh and  
**खर** m. (-ख) The hair of the body.  
**खर** m. (-ख) A species of sorrel, "खरवेतसु ।"  
**खर** m. (-ख) A basket of flesh.  
**खर** n. (-ख) A bone.  
**खर** f. (-ख) 1. A muscle. 2. The fetus during its early formation  
**खर** mfn. (-ख-ख-ख) Entifig flesh, carnivorous. **खर** **खर** flesh, **खर**  
eating.  
**खर** mfn. (-ख-ख-ख) Strong, stout, lusty. **खर** **खर** flesh, **खर** aff.  
**खर** m. (-ख) Selling flesh or meat. **खर** **खर** and **खर** sale.  
**खर** m. (-ख) 1. A vendor of the flesh or beasts or birds. 2. A.  
term of reproach, designating a mean or vile person. **खर** **खर** flesh  
**खर** who sells.  
**खर** mfn. (-ख-ख-ख) Fleishy. **खर** **खर** flesh, &c. and **खर** possessing.  
**खर** m. (-ख) Adeps, fat, the serum, &c., of the flesh. **खर** **खर** flesh,  
**खर** essence. [flesh, **खर** unguent  
**खर** m. (-ख) Adeps, the serum or marrow of the flesh. **खर** **खर**  
**खर** f. (-ख) Skin. **खर** **खर** flesh, **खर** a smile.  
**खर** m. (-ख) A vendor of flesh or meat, whether of beasts or of  
birds. **खर** **खर** flesh, **खर** aff.  
**खर** m. (-ख) The mango. f. (-ख) 1. Emblio myrobalan. 2. Yellow  
sandal-wood. 3. The name of a city. **खर** **खर** beauty, and **खर** root.  
**खर** f. (-ख) Belonging to the sea-monster MAKARA.  
**खर** f. (-ख) Relating to the juice of flowers.  
**खर** m. (-ख) 1. The charioteer of INDRA. 2. The moon.  
**खर** (ख) **खर** r. 1st cl. (खर) To desire.  
**खर** (ख) **खर** n. (-ख) 1. A mineral substance, of which two kinds are des-  
cribed ; the खरखर or gold Mákshika, of a bright yellow colour,  
apparently the common pyritic iron ore ; and the खरखर or  
silver Mákshika, which answers in appearance to the Hepatic py-  
rites of iron ; other names of these ores occur ; as खरखर and  
खरखर, or feculent Mákshika and mixed metal Mákshika  
they are however, perhaps rather synonymes of the gold and  
silver ore, respectively, than names of distinct species. 2. Honey.  
**खर** **खर** a bee, **खर** aff. of derivation ; the name is applied to the  
ore, from its honey-like colour.  
**खर** n. (-ख) Bee's wax. **खर** **खर** honey, and **खर** born.  
**खर** f. (-ख) A kind of sugar, candied sugar. [receptacle ;  
**खर** n. (-ख) 1. Bee's wax. 2. A honey-comb. **खर** **खर** honey,  
**खर** mfn. (-ख-ख-ख) Belonging to, or produced in the province of  
Magad'ha or south Behar. m. (-ख) 1. A bard, a minstrel, whose  
duty it is, to recite the praises of sovereigns, their genealogy, and  
the deeds of their ancestors, in their presence ; and to attend on  
the march of an army, and animate the soldiers by martial songs ;  
the minstrel forms a particular caste, said to spring from a  
Vaisya father, and Kshetriya mother ; in mythology, they are  
said to have been created at once by the will of S'iva ; under the  
name of Bhauts, they are still numerous in the west of India  
where they are a privileged tribe. 2. Cumin-seed. m. Plu. (-ख) :  
The inhabitants or people of Magad'ha. f. (-ख) 1. A kind of jas-  
mine. (*Jasminum auriculatum*.) 2. Long-pepper, (*Piper longum*.)  
3. A sort of cardamoms grown in Guzerát. 4. Refined sugar. 5. A  
dialect of Sanskrit : one of the principal forms of Prakrit, and  
nearly the same as that used in the sacred books of the Baudd'ha  
and Jainas : in the drama it is the dialect of the attendants and  
companions of royal personages. **खर** **खर** a Kandwa'di verb, to ask,  
(reward,) aff. **खर** ; or **खर** the country, and **खर** derivative aff.  
**खर** m. (-ख) 1. One of the months of the Hindu year, (January-Fe-

bruary.) 2. A poet, the author of the *Sis'upa'la Bad'ha* or as it is named after him the *Mágha Kavya*, one of the great profane poems of Hindu literature. f. (-कौ) 1. A potherb, (*Hingtsha repens*.) 2. The day of full-moon in the Month of *Mágha*. E. माघ the asterism, in which the moon is full in this month, and चच् aff. माघमा f. (-मा) A female crab. माघ्य n. (-य) Many-flowered jasmine, (*jasminum multiflorum* or *pube-soens*.) 'कुन्दपुष्पे' E. माघ the month *Ma'gha*, चच् aff. of derivation. माङ्गलिक mfn. (-क-लौ-क) Propitious, tending to good fortune, wishing for it, indicating or portending it, &c. E. मङ्गल and टच् aff. माङ्गल्य n. (-ज्) Welfare, propitiousness. E. मङ्गल and चच् aff. माच m. (-च) A road, a way. माचल m. (-ल) 1. A robber, a bandit. 2. An alligator, a crocodile. 3. Sickness, disease. E. मा fortune, wealth, चल् to go, (by such means.) and टच् aff. माचिका f. (-का) A fly. E. मच्-चल्। माचिर Ind. Quickly, without delay. E. मा prohibitive, and चिर long. माजल m. (-ज) A sort of bird. माज्जि mfn. (-ज-ज-ज) Of a red colour. n. (-ज) Red, the colour. E. मज्जि *Bengal madder*, used as a red dye, and चच् aff. माठ m. (-ठ) A road. f. (-ठी) An armour. माथ्य m. (-थ्य) A road. माठर m. (-र) 1. One of the sun's attendants. 2. The poet *Vya'sa*. 3. Name of a Muni. 4. A distiller. E. मन् to reverence, चरन् *Una'di* aff., टच् substituted for the radical final, and the vowel optionally long; also माठय्। माड् (-ड) माड् r. 1st cl. (माडति-ते) To measure, to weigh. माड m. (-ड) 1. Weight or quantity. 2. A species of tree. E. माड् to weigh, चच् aff. माडि m. (-डि) A palace. माड्क m. (-क) A drummer, a player on a sort of drum called *Mad'd'aka* or *Mad'd'u*. q. v. E. मड्क and चच् aff.; also with टच् aff. माड्किक। माडि m. (-डि) 1. The germ of leaves, the young leaf before it opens. 2. Distress, affliction. 3. Evidence or declaration of distress. 4. A back or double tooth. 5. The hem or border of a garment. 6. Poverty, indigence. 7. Anger, passion. E. मद् to worship, aff. क्तिन्; the final becomes ड, and the preceding vowel is made long. माच(न)क m. (-क) A small shrub, (*Arum Indicum*.) माचव m. (-व) 1. A child. 2. A man, (in a contemptuous sense,) a manikin. 3. A pearl-necklace of sixteen or twenty strings. E. मन् a man, and चच् aff. माचवक m. (-क) 1. A child, a boy not exceeding sixteen years of age, a manikin. 2. A pupil, a scholar, a religious student. 3. A man, an ignorant or ridiculous man, a childish man. 4. A necklace of sixteen or twenty strings. 5. A species of the *Anushtubh* metre. E. कन् added to the last. माचवीन mfn. (-न-वा-न) Boyish, childish, fit or suitable for a child. E. माचव as above, and खच् aff. माचव्य n. (-व्य) 1. A number of boys. 2. Boyhood. E. माचव a boy, यत् aff. of property or multitude. माचिका f. (-का) A weight of eight *Palas*. माचिक्य n. (-क्य) A ruby. f. (-क्या) A house-lizard. E. मचि a gem, कै to \*call, यत् or यच् added. [there. माचिक्य n. (-क्य) Rook-salt. E. मचिक्य a mountain, चच् aff.; found माचिक्य n. (-क्य) Rook-salt. E. मचिक्य a mountain, from which the salt is supposed to be produced, and चच् aff. माचलिक m. (-क) The ruler of a province. f. (-कौ) Ruling a province. मातङ्ग m. (-ङ्ग) 1. An elephant. 2. A man of a degraded caste, a *Chandála*, an outcaste. 3. A sort of divine being attendant on a

*Jina*. 4. The sacred fig-tree, (*Ficus religiosa*.) 5. A mountainous a barbarian. 6. Any thing the best of its kind, (at the end of compound.) f. (-कौ) 1. The goddess *PA'RVATI*. 2. The wife of *Va'sisht'*HA. E. मतङ्ग a saint, an elephant, &c., and चच् aff. o descent or pleonastic aff. [पितृ father मातरपितृ m. Du. (-तरी) Parents, mother and father. E. मातृ mother, and मातरिचन् m. (-चा) Air, wind. E. मातृ space in the seventh case, in the heavens, चि to increase, *Una'di* aff. मतिन् [अति मातलि m. (-लि) The charioteer of *INDRA*. E. मातल, and इच् patronymic मातली f. (-ली) One of *DURGA*'s female companions. E. माता from मात *DURGA*, and चाकौ a friend. मातापितृ m. Du. (-तरी) Mother and father. E. माता from मात a mother, and पितृ a father. मातामह m. (-ह) A maternal grandfather. f. (-हौ) A maternal grand-mother. E. मातृ a mother, डामहच् aff. in this sense. माति f. (-ति) 1. Measure. 2. Conception, idea. मातुल m. (-ल) 1. A maternal uncle. 2. Thorn-apple, (*Dhutura' metal*.) 3. A sort of grain. 4. A variegated snake. f. (-ला-ली or-लानौ) 1. The wife of a maternal uncle, &c. 2. Hemp, (*Cannabis sativa*.) 3. Common Bengal San, a sort of *Crotolaria*, (*C. juncea*) f. (-लानौ) Pulse of various kinds. E. मातृ a mother, and तुलच् aff., fem. aff. टाप् or डौप् with मातुल् optionally inserted before the latter. मातुलपुत्रक m. (-क) 1. The son of maternal uncle. 2. The fruit of the *Dhutura*. E. मातुल a maternal uncle, &c., and पुत्र son, with कन् pleonasm, or aff. of comparison; also similar compounds, as मातुलाखज m. (-ज)। [snake. मातुलाहि m. (-हि) A variegated serpent. E. मातुल the same, and हि मातुलि m. (-लि) *INDRA*'s charioteer. [next. मातुलुङ्ग m. (-ङ्ग) Common citron. f. (-ङ्गा) The sweet lime. E. See the मातुलुङ्गक m. (-क) Common citron, (*Citrus medica*.) E. मा prohibitive prefix, तुला a balance, गन् to go, खच् aff.; with the power of डित, and कन् added, not sold by weight; also without the additional prefix, मतुलुङ्ग। मातृ f. (-त) 1. A mother. 2. A divine mother, the personified energy of a deity or his wife; in a figurative sense, a mother to mortals; eight divine *Ma'tris* are enumerated, *BRA'HM'*, the *Ma'tri* of *BRAHMA*; *MAHE'S'WARI*, the *Ma'tri* of *S'IVA*; *VAISHNAVI*, of *VISHN'U*; *AINDRI*, of *INDRA*; *VA'RA'HI*, of *VISHN'U*, as the *Varāha Avata'r*; *KAUMA'RI*, of *KA'RTTIKE'YA*; *KAUVERI* or *CHA'MUNDA* of *KUVE'RA*, and *CHARCHIKA* of *S'IVA*, in one of his minor incarnations; another list calls them *MAHE'S'WARI*, *BRA'HM'*, *NA'RA'YANI*, *AINDRI*, *VARA'HI*, *KAUMA'RI*, *NARASI'NHI*, and *APARA'JITA*, differing from the preceding one in the two last names, the first one of which, is the energy of *VISHN'U* in the *Narasinha Avata'r*, and the latter a form of *DURGA*; another enumeration makes the *Ma'tris* sixteen, and another but seven. 3. A cow. 4. A female of the *Brahmana* tribe, or the wife of a *Brahman*. 5. The earth. 6. A name of *LA'KSHMI*. 7. A name of *Re'vati*. 8. Space, ether. E. मातृ to respect, *Una'di* aff. टच्, and the final of the radical rejected. मातृक mfn. (क-का-क) Maternal, belonging to a mother. m. (-क) A maternal uncle. f. (-का) 1. A mother. 2. A nurse. 3. The alphabet employed in certain diagrams for magical purposes. 4. A simple sound, a note, a vowel. 5. A goddess. 6. A grand-mother. 7. Source, origin. E. कन् added to the preceding. मातृकच्छिद m. (-द) *PARASURA'MA*. E. मातृ mother, क the head, and चिद to cut, aff. क। [brother. मातृकेश्वर m. (-वर) A mother's brother. E. मातृ a mother, and केश्वर a मातृगण m. (-ण) The assemblage of divine mothers. मातृगन्धिनी f. (-नी) An unnatural mother. मातृगानिन् m. (-नी) An incestuous son. E. मातृ, and गानिन् who goes to.

मातृगोत्र mfn. (-तः-मा-त्र) Belonging to the mother's family. n. (-त्र) The mother's family. B. मातृ, and गोत्र race.

मातृवातुक m. (-कः) 1. INDRA. 2. A matricide. B. मातृ a mother, Diti the mother of the gods, and वातुक destroyer, injurer.

मातृपक्ष mfn. (-पक्षः-मा-पक्ष) Belonging or relating to the maternal line, or mother, &c. B. मातृ, and पक्ष side.

मातृपक्ष्य m. (-पक्ष्यः) The cognate relation by the mother's side, as any of the maternal grandfather's or grandmother's sister's or brother's children. B. मातृ a mother, and पक्ष्य a kinsman.

मातृभोगीय mfn. (-पक्षः-मा-पक्ष) Fit or proper to be possessed, &c. by the mother. B. मातृ, भोग enjoyment, छ aff. [cpal.]

मातृमुख m. (-मुखः) A blockhead, a fool. B. मातृ a mother, मुख prin-

मातृमासित m. (-मासः) A blockhead, a fool. B. मातृ a mother and मासित governed, mother-led. [also, मातृःपक्ष or मातृःपक्ष] B.

मातृपक्ष f. (-पक्ष) A mother's sister. B. मातृ mother, and पक्ष a sister.

मातृपक्ष्य m. (-पक्ष्यः) A mother's sister's son. f. (-पक्ष्य) A mother's sister's daughter. B. मातृ a mother, पक्ष्य a sister, and दक्ष aff.

मातृपक्ष्य m. (-पक्ष्यः) A mother's sister's son. f. (-पक्ष्य) A mother's sister's daughter. B. मातृपक्ष्य a maternal aunt, and दक्ष aff. ["वासक इति"]

मातृपक्षि f. (-पक्षि) A plant, (Justicia adhenatoda, and ganderussa.)

मात्र n. (-त्र) 1. The whole, the entire thing or class of things. 2. (Adv.) Only, solely, (exclusive and identical, the very thing.) 3. The primitive subtle or invisible type of visible elementary matter. 4. A pleonastic addition to words. f. (-त्रा) 1. Requisite, material. 2. Quantity, measure. 3. A little. 4. An ear-ring. 5. Wealth, substance. 6. A short vowel. 7. A moment. 8. Quantity in metre or prosody, a syllabic foot. 9. The upper or horizontal limb of the Na'garī characters. B. मा to measure, Unádi aff. वन्, fem. aff. टाप्.

मात्रक mfn. (-कः-का-क) More, only, solely. B. कन् added to the last.

मासर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Envious, or impatient of another's prosperity B. मासर envy, च्छ aff.

मास्य n. (-यः) Envy, malice, B. मासर envious, and च्छ aff.

मासिक m. (-कः) A fisherman. B. मास्य a fish, and उक् aff.

माय् (र) मायि r. 1st cl. (मायति) To hurt or kill, to afflict, to suffer pain.

माय m. (-यः) 1. Churning, stirring. 2. A road 3. Hurting, injuring, killing. B. माय् to hurt, aff. च्छ; or मय् to agitate, aff. च्छ.

माद m. (-दः) 1. Intoxication, literal or figurative. 2. Pride. 3. Joy, extasy. B. मद to be delighted or inebriated, and aff. च्छ.

मादक m. (-कः) A gallinule. f. (-दिकर) 1. Intoxicating. 2. Gladdening. B. मद to delight, aff. च्छ.

मादन n. (-न) 1. Cloves 2. Delighting, inebriating. 3. Exhilaration. 4. Intoxication. m. (-नः) 1. K'ā' mā. 2. The thorn apple. B. मद to be pleased, in the causal form, to please, &c., aff. जुट.

मादृ mfn. (-दृक्) Like me, resembling me. B. मा for च्छाद I. दृग् to see, aff. क्त्वि; also with क्च्च् or क्च्च्, aff. मादृश्च and मादृश्च.

माद्री f. (-द्री) The wife of PA'N'D'U, and mother of the youngest of the Pān'd'ava princes. B. मद्र a king, च्छ patronymic aff.

माद्रीपति m. (-पतिः) A name of PA'N'D'U. B. माद्री the wife of the sover- eign, पति husband. [wife, पति husband.]

माद्रीपतिपति m. (-पतिः) A name of PA'N'D'U. B. माद्री, and पति his other

माधव mfn. (-वः-दी-व) Made of honey, &c. m. (-वः) 1. A name of KRISH N'A or VISHN'U. 2. The month Vaisākha. 3. Spring. 4. An epi- thet of PARASUR'AM. 5. INDRA. f. (-वी) 1. Sugar, clayed or candied. 2. A large creeper, (Gærtnera racemosa.) 3. Spirituous liquor. 4. A bawd. 5. A sort of dentifrice, commonly Misi. 6. Sacred basil. 7. A name of DURGA. n. (-वः) Sweetness. B. मधु honey, &c. and च्छ aff. of derivation or reference; or मा-धव.

माधवक m. (-कः) A spirituous liquor, made from the blossoms of the Bassia latifolia. f. (-विकार) 1. A kind of creeper. 2. A female atten- dant. B. कन् added to the preceding.

माधवीलता f. (-ता) A large creeper bearing white fragrant flowers, (Gærtnera racemosa.) B. माधवी the same, and लता a creeper.

माधवेष्टा f. (-ष्टा) A name of DURGA. B. माधव, and रष्ट wished.

माधुकरि f. (-री) The alms obtained from five places by the third class of religious mendicants, gathering alms from door to door as a bee gathers honey from flower to flower. B. मधुकर a bee, च्छ aff.

माधुमत m. Plu. (-ताः) The people of Ka'shmīr.

माधुर n. (-रः) Arabian jasmine or its flower. f. (-री) 1. Spirituous or vinous liquor. 2. Sweetness of temper, amiableness, B. मधुर sweet, &c., affs. च्छ and उक्.

माधुर्य n. (-यः) Sweetness of flavour or disposition. B. मधुर sweet, literally or figuratively, aff. च्छ.

माधुक mfn. (-कः-को-क) 1. Sweet-speaking or sounding. 2. Made from the Bassia tree. B. मधुक and च्छ aff.

माध्य mfn. (-यः-मा-य) Middle, mid, (day.) B. माध्य and च्छ added.

माध्यम mfn. (मः-मी-म) Middle-born. B. मध्यम the same, च्छ pleonasm.

माध्यस्थ n. (-स्थः) 1. Middle state or condition. 2. Indifference to earthly objects. B. मध्यस्थ and च्छ aff.

माध्यस्थ n. (-स्थः) Mediation, intercession. B. मध्यस्थ and च्छ aff.

माधुर्वा m. (-कः) Spirit distilled from the flowers of the Bassia. B. मधु Bassia, च्छ aff., and कन् added. [च्छ and उक् aff.]

माधु f. (-धु) 1. Spirituous liquor. 2. A sort of fish. B. मधु sweet, q. v.

माधुक् n. (-कः) 1. Spirituous liquor, distilled from the blossoms of the Bassia latifolia. 2. Wine, spirit distilled from grapes. B. माधु as above, कन् added.

मान् r. 1st cl. (मानसते) To investigate, to seek or desire knowledge. r. 1st and 10th cls. (मानति मानयति-ते) To respect, to revere, to wor- ship. With अप or च्छ prefixed, to treat with disrespect.

मान n. (-नः) 1. Measure in general, whether of weight, length, or capa- city. 2. A measure, the fourth or eighth part of a K'h'a'ri. 3. The computation of the duration of a year, solar, lunar, sydereal, &c. 4. Proof, demonstration. 5. Likeness. 6. Dimension, m. (-नः) 1. Arrogance, haughtiness, pride. 2. Female arrogance or indigna- tion. 3. Taking, seizing. 4. A blockhead. 5. An agent. 6. A barbarian. 7. Honour. B. मा to measure, ल्युट् aff.; or मन् to revere, (one's self,) aff. च्छ.

मानक n. (-कः) A plant, of which the root is sometimes eaten, (Arum indicum.) f. (-निका) 1. The fourth or eighth part of a K'h'a'ri. 2. A kind of spirituous liquor. B. कन् added to the last.

मानकलङ्क m. (-ङ्कः) A quarrel caused by jealousy.

मानकलि f. (-लिः) Coolness, haughtiness, disdain. B. मान pride, and कलि quarrelling.

मानयति m. (-यतिः) 1. Fault, transgression. 2. Pride, self-conceit. B. मान pride, and यति a knot or joint. [what gives.]

मानद mfn. (-दः-दा-द) 1. Inspiring pride. 2. Measuring. B. मान and द

मानदक m. (-कः) A measuring-rod.

मानधानिका f. (-का) A cucumber.

मानन nf. (-न-ना) Honouring, paying respect. [चनीयर् aff.]

माननीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be respected or revered. B. मान to respect,

मानरत्न f. (-रत्नः) A perforated copper vessel filled with water, to mark the time, &c. : see ताबी. B. मान a measure, and रत्न a hole.

मानव m. (-वः) 1. A man, man. 2. A boy. f. (-वी) 1. A woman. 2. A goddess peculiar to the Jain's. 3. A daughter of the first MANU. n. (-वः) A particular fine. B. मनु the progenitor of mankind, and च्छ patronymic aff. : see माधव and माधवक.

मानवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Proud, haughty, high & spirited. f. (-वती) A woman angry from jealousy. B. मान and मनुप् aff.

मानवर्जित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Humble, lowly. B. मान pride, and वर्जित freed from.



मानस्य n. (-स्य) A multitude of boys. **म.** मायन or मानव a boy, यत् aff. of multitude, more properly सायस्य ।

मानस mfn. (-सः-सा स) Mental. n. (-सः) 1. The mind, the seat or faculty of reason and feeling. 2. The lake Ma'nus, or Ma'nasaro'vara in the Hima'laya mountains. 3. (In law,) Tacit or implied consent. f. (-सो) 1. Mental, born from the mind. 2. A kind of salt. 3. A goddess peculiar to the Jain'as. **म.** मनस् the mind, aff. चच् ; or मनस् BRAHMA', the supreme mind, चच् aff. of derivation, &c.

मानसल n. (-ल) Thoughtfulness. **म.** ल added to the last.

मानसाय m. (-यः) A gander or wild swan. **म.** मानस and साय abode.

मानस्य n. (-सः) 1. A chain of gold or silver, worn as an ornament round the loins. 2. A measuring-cord. **म.** मान pride and सूत thread.

मानसीकम् m. (-कः) The wild swan or goose. **म.** मानस the lake Ma'nasaro'vara, and सीकस् dwelling ; being supposed to migrate yearly from Hindustan to the banks of the lake. [मानिल]

मानिता f. (-ता) Pride, dignity. **म.** मानिन् and तन् aff. ; also with ल, मानिन् mfn. (-नो-निनी-नि) 1. Proud, arrogant, haughty. 2. (In composition,) Who thinks or fancies. f. (-निनी) 1. A woman, especially one displeased and indignant towards her lover. 2. A resolute woman. 3. A plant, commonly Priyangu. 4. A species of the Atisarkari' metre. m. (-नो) A lion. **म.** मान pride, रनि aff.

मानुष mfn. (-षः-षा-ष) Human. m. (-षः) A man. f. (-षी) 1. A woman. 2. A branch of medicine, the administering of drugs and herbs. **म.** मनुष a man, चच् aff.

मानुष्य n. (-ष्य) Manhood, manliness, humanity, the state or quality of man or mortal. **म.** मनुष a man, चच् aff. [multitu le.

मानुष्यक n. (-कः) A multitude of men. **म.** मनुष्य a man, and वृज् aff. of मनोवृज् n. (-कः) Beauty, agreeableness, loveliness. **म.** मनोवृज् agreeable, and वृज् aff.

मायिक m. (-कः) One who is conversant with spells or incantations.

माय् n. (-यः) 1. Sickness, indisposition. 2. Sluggishness, torpor, apathy, stupidity, &c. **म.** मय् slow, sluggish, and चच् aff.

मायाह m. (-तः) A king fostered by INDRA. **म.** मा मे, चाह drinker, from मे to drink ; having on one occasion sucked Amrita from the finger of INDRA, who then used the exclamation which afterwards was the name of the prince.

माय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Respectable. **म.** मय् to respect, aff. यत् ।

मायम् m. (-यः) A name of KA'MA.

मायन m. (-नः) A balance, a pair of scales. n. (-नः) 1. Measure, measuring. 2. Making, forming. **म.** मा to measure, causal form, aff. यत् ।

मायक mfn. (-कः-मिका-की-क) 1. Mine. 2. Selfish. m. (-कः) 1. A miser, a niggard. 2. A mother's brother. **म.** मयक mine, from मय the poss. case of चच् इ, and चच् added.

मायकीन mfn. (-नः-नी-न) Mine. **म.** मय mine, यत् aff.

माय m. (-यः) 1. A mime, a juggler. 2. An Asura or evil spirit. f. (-या) 1. Fraud, trick, deceit, illusion. 2. A female juggler. 3. Understanding, human intellect. 4. Compassion. 5. Wickedness, villainy, villainous deception. 6. A name of LAKSHMI'. 7. Trick in negotiation, political fraud, diplomacy. 8. Philosophical illusion, idealism, unreality of all worldly existence ; personified in mythology as a female, the consort of BRAHMA' or GOD, and the immediate and active cause of creation. 9. The mother of BUDDHA. 10. The Pradhāna of the Sāṅkhya. 11. Illusion which makes one see the supreme spirit and the universe to be two distinct realities, (in Vedānta Phil.) **म.** मा to measure, Una'di aff. यत् ; the medium through which all things are seen, and by which they are estimated.

मायाकार m. (-रः) A juggler, a mime, an actor. **म.** माया trick or delusion, कार who makes.

मायाजम् m. (-जम्) A juggler, **म.** माया trick, and जम् who practises.

मायाचय mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Illusive, deceptive. **म.** माया and चयच् aff.

मायाजीविन् m. (-वी) A conjurer, a juggler. **म.** माया trick, and जीविन् who lives by. [gives or makes,

मायाद् m. (-दः) A crocodile, an alligator. **म.** माया illusion, and द् who

मायादेवीसुत m. (-सः) BUDDHA, the founder of the Bauddha sect. **म.** मायादेवी the goddess MA'YA' or illusion, and सुत son. [clever,

मायापटु mfn. (-टुः-टुः-टु) Delusive, expert in deceiving. **म.** माया, and पटु

मायाप्रयोग m. (-गः) 1. Application of tricks. 2. Employment of magic.

मायामय mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Illusive, deceptive. **म.** माया and मयच् aff.

मायावचन n. (-नः) A deceptive speech.

मायावत् mfn. (-वत्-वतो-वत्) Deceptive, illusory. m. (-वान्) A name of KANSA. f. (-वती) the wife of KA'MA. **म.** माया fraud, illusion, and मनुष poss. aff. [abide, aff. टक् ।

मायावसिक m. (-कः) A deceiver, a cheater, a liar. **म.** माया fraud, वच् to

मायाविन् m. (-वी) 1. A juggler, a conjurer. 2. A cat. 3. A demon. n. (-वी) A gallnut. **म.** माया trick, and विन् aff.

मायासुत m. (-सः) BUDDHA, the founder of the Bauddha sect. **म.** माया the goddess so named, and सुत the son.

मायिक mfn. (-कः-को-क) Illusory, deceptive. m. (-कः) A juggler, a conjurer. **म.** माया trick, and टक् aff.

मायिन् mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) Deceptive, illusory. m. (-यो) 1. A conjurer, a juggler. 2. A cheat, a deceiver. 3. SIVA. 4. AGNI. 5. BRAHMA'. 6. KA'MA or love. **म.** माया fraud, &c., and रनि aff.

मायु m. (-युः) Bile, the bilious humour. **म.** म् to scatter or diffuse, (through the body,) चच् Una'di aff.

मायुराज m. (-जः) The son of KURU'RA.

मायूर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Belonging to a peacock, made of its feathers, &c. n. (-रः) A flock of peacocks. **म.** मयूर a peacock, and चच् aff. of multitude, &c. [and टक् aff.

मायूरिक m. (-कः) A hunter or killer of peacocks. **म.** मयूर a peacock,

मार m. (-रः) 1. Death, dying. 2. Killing, slaying, destroying. 3. Obstruction, opposition, impediment. 4. Thorn-apple, (Dhatura' metal.) 5. A name of KA'MA. 6. Love, passion. 7. The devil, the evil one, (in Budd'histic works.) f. (-री) 1. A name of CHANDI', a form of DURGĀ'. 2. Plague, pestilence, epidemic. 3. Ruin. **म.** म् to die, aff. चच् ; or in the causal form, with चच् aff.

मारक m. (-कः) 1. Epidemic disease, plague. 2. A falcon, a hawk. 3. A slayer, a destroyer. 4. The god of death. **म.** म् to die, causal form, aff. वृज्, यत् or चच् । [emerald, &c. **म.** मरकत, चच् aff.

मारकत mfn. (-तः-तो-त) Relating to an emerald, of the colour of an

मारजातक m. (-कः) A cat.

मारजित् m. (-जित्) A BUDDHA. **म.** मार love and जित् who overcomes.

मारण n. (-णः) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. A magical ceremony for the purpose of destroying an enemy. 3. A kind of poison. **म.** म् to die, causal form, to kill, aff. यत् ।

मारकतक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Murderous. **म.** मार and कतक disposed to.

मारि f. (-रिः-री) 1. Killing. 2. Ruin. 3. Plague, epidemic. **म.** म् to die, causal form, र aff. : see मार and मारी ।

मारिषिक mfn. (-कः-को-क) Peppered, seasoned with pepper. **म.** मरिष pepper, टक् aff.

मारित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Killed, slain. **म.** म् to die, causal v., त aff.

मारिष्यनवारक m. (-कः) The name of a royal saint. **म.** मारि plague, नवर calamity, वारक stopping.

मारिष m. (-षः) A venerable person, (in dramatic language, especially the title of the manager, or principal actor.) mf. (-षी) A potherb, (Amaranthus oleraceus.) f. (-षी) The mother of the sage DAKṢHA. **म.** म् to bear patiently, deriv. irr.

मारोष m. (-षः) 1. The name of a Ra'kshasa, the son of Sunda and Tū daka'. He allured RA'MA away in the form of a golden deer and thus assisted RA'VANA in his design of carrying off SITA'. 2. A

military or royal elephant. 3. A sort of berry, commonly Kak-ko'li. f. (-की) A goddess, peculiar to the Bauddhas. n. (-च) A collection of pepper plants. n. सरीच a saint, &c. aff. चच् ।  
 सारङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A serpent's egg. 2. A road. 3. A place spread with cow-dung ; some authorities have सारङ्ग ।  
 सारत m. (-तः) 1. Air, wind. 2. Vital air, one of the three humours of the body. 3. A demi-god, of whom there is a class consisting of forty-nine. 4. The trunk of an elephant. n. (-तं) 1. Burnt-offering on conception. 2. The constellation Svāti. n. सृ to die, (by excess of it,) छति aff., and the vowel made long ; the demi-gods, called Marutas, are said to be the sons of Diti, formed of the divisions of the foetus in utero, by the Bajra or thunder-bolt of INDRA, and to be named from that deity's addressing the foetus he thus divided by सारीदीः weep not.  
 सारतव्रत n. (-तं) One of the duties of a king, his universal presence by means of his emissaries. n. सारत the wind, and व्रत observance, pervading all things like the wind. [son.]  
 सारताम्रज m. (-जः) HANUMA'NA the monkey-god. n. सारत air, चाम्रज सारताम्रज mfn. (-जः-चाम्र-जः) Removing or opposing wind, windy humour, &c. m. (-चः) A plant, (Capparis trifoliata.) "चम्पकचम्पे". n. सारत wind, or a disease of that humour, चम्पक removing, obviating.  
 सारताशन mfn. (-नः-नान्) Fasting, feeding on air. n. सारत the wind, and चशन who eats.  
 सारति m. (-तिः) 1. A name of HANUMA'NA. 2. The Pa'n'dava prince BHĪ'MA. n. सारत wind, the deity, and सृच् patronymic aff. ; the son of the wind.  
 सारङ्गिणीलिका f. (-का) A small black ant.  
 सारङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A Muni, and narrator of one of the Purānās. n. सृक्छ the father of the saint, and चच् aff.  
 सारङ्ग्य m. (-यः) MA'RKANDE'YA a holy sage, the supposed author or narrator of one of the Purānās, named the Ma'rkande'ya Pura'n'a. n. सृक्छ the father of the sage, and टक् aff.  
 सारङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A spreading shrub : see सृङ्गराज ।  
 सार्ग r. 1st and 10th cls. (सार्गति सार्गयति-ते) 1. To make or prepare. 2. To go. 3. To prepare the way, to make a road. 4. To feather an arrow. 5. To beg. 6. To ask in marriage. (सार्गयति-ते) 1. To seek. 2. To go. 3. To adorn.  
 सार्ग m. (-र्गः) 1. A road, a path or way. 2. Search, seeking, inquiry. 3. The anus. 4. Musk. 5. A way, a means. 6. The path of a planet. 7. Mode, method, course, manner. 8. Style, diction. 9. The month in which the moon is full in the asterism Mrigas'irsha, (November-December.) 10. The constellation Mrigas'irsha. 11. (In geometry,) A section. n. सृग् to inquire, aff. चच् ; or सृज् to clean, aff. छच् ।  
 सार्गक m. (-कः) The month Agrahāyan'a, (November-December.) n. कन् added to the preceding.  
 सार्ग्य mfn. (-यः-सार्ग-यः) Mendicant, asking, begging, a beggar. n. (-चं) 1. Asking, soliciting, begging. 2. Research, inquiry. 3. Affection, affectionate solicitation or inquiry. m. (-चः) 1. An arrow. 2. A suppliant, a solicitor. 3. The number "five." n. सार्ग to ask, to seek, aff. छट् ।  
 सार्ग्यक m. (-कः) A suppliant, a beggar. n. कन् added to the preceding.  
 सार्गीरच n. (-चं) An arch-erected over a road.  
 सार्ग्येनु m. (-नुः) A Yojana, a measure of distance equal to 4,000 fathoms or four Ko's, above eight miles. n. सार्गी a road, येनु a milch cow ; also with कन् added, सार्गीयेनु n. (-चं) । [va female.]  
 सार्ग्य m. (-यः) A man of a low caste, born of a Nishada by an Ayoga-  
 सार्गीर m. (-रः) The month Agrahāyan'a, (November-December.) n. सार्गीरच the asterism in which the moon is full, and चच् aff. ; also from सार्गीरच with कच् aff. सार्गीरीच ।

सार्गीरीच m. (-चः) The month Mārgas'irsha : see the last.  
 सार्गीक m. (-कः) 1. A deer-killer, a hunter. 2. A traveller, a way-farer. n. सृग् a deer, or सार्गी a road, टक् aff. [for, aff. क ।  
 सार्गीत mfn. (-तः-सार्ग-तः) Sought, inquired after, pursued. n. सार्गी to seek सार्गी mfn. (-यः-सार्ग-यः) 1. To be cleaned or purified. 2. To be sought. n. सृज् to cleanse, aff. छच् ; or सार्गी to seek, सृच् aff.  
 सार्ग r. 1st cl. (सार्गयति-ते) 1. To sound. 2. To cleanse.  
 सार्ग m. (-र्गः) 1. Cleaning the body. 2. A washerman. 3. A name of VISHN'U. n. सृज् to cleanse, aff. चच् ।  
 सार्गन nf. (-न-नी) 1. Cleaning, cleansing, wiping. 2. Cleaning the person, by wiping, bathing, or rubbing it with oil or fragrant unguents. m. (-नः) A tree, commonly Lod'h. f. (-नः) The sound of a drum. f. (-नी) 1. A brush, a broom. 2. One of DURGA's attendants. n. सृज् to clean, aff. युच् or छट् ; or सार्ग to sound, with the same aff.  
 सार्गीय mfn. (-यः-सार्ग-यः) To be cleaned, to be cleansed or purified. n. सृज् to cleanse, चनीयर् aff.  
 सार्गीर mf. (-रः-री) 1. The common cat. 2. The wild or pole-cat. f. (-री) 1. A female cat. 2. Musk. n. सृज् to cleanse, (its skin and face,) चारन् aff., and the vowel made long ; also read सार्गीर ।  
 सार्गीरक m. (-कः) 1. A cat. 2. A peacock. n. सार्गीर a cat, and कन् aff. to the last.  
 सार्गीरकच्छ m. (-छः) A peacock, perhaps a wrong reading for the last.  
 सार्गीरकरच n. (-चं) A particular mode of sexual enjoyment.  
 सार्गीरकचैका f. (-का) A goddess, a form of DURGA'. n. सार्गीर a cat, कर्च the ear, कन् aff. fem. form ; also सार्गीरकचैय having the ears of a cat.  
 सार्गीरगन्धिका f. (-का) A sort of pulse, (Phaseolus trilobus.) "सृग्पच्छा" n. सार्गीर a cat, गन्ध smell, कन् aff. of comparison : also सार्गीरगन्ध ।  
 सार्गीरी(ली)य mf. (-यः-या) 1. A cat. 2. A S'udra : see सार्गीरीय ।  
 सार्गीर m. (-रः) A cat. n. See सार्गीर, the final being changed to ल ।  
 सार्गीलीय m. (-यः) 1. A cat. 2. A S'udra. 3. Cleaning the body. n. सृज् to clean, and चलीयच् Uns'di aff. ; it is also written सार्गीरीय, from the र and ल being interchanged ; or as derived from सार्गीर, with क् aff.  
 सार्गीत mfn. (-तः-सार्ग-तः) 1. Cleansed. 2. Adorned. 3. Swept, brushed. n. सार्ग to clean, क् aff. [fem. aff. टाप् ।  
 सार्गीता f. (-ता) Curds with honey and spices. n. सार्ग to clean, aff. क्, सार्गीत m. (-तः) 1. The sun. 2. A hog. 3. The Arka plant. 4. The number "twelve." n. सृतच्छ the progenitor of the sun, aff. चच् ; or सृते चच्छ भवः चच् सृतच्छ ; also sometimes सार्गीत ।  
 सार्गीक mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Earthen, made of clay or earth. m. (-कः) The lid of a pot or pitcher. n. (-चं) A potsherd. n. सृतिका earth, चच् aff.  
 सार्ग n. (सं) Morality.  
 सार्गन n. (-नः) A town, a city. m. (-चः) A drummer. n. सृदृ a drum, (played in or by,) चच् aff. [and टक् aff.]  
 सार्गीक m. (-कः) A drummer, a player on the drum. n. सृदृ a drum, सार्ग n. (-चं) 1. Softness. 2. Gentleness, leniency. n. सृदृ soft, aff. चच् ।  
 सार्ग्य m. (-यः) A man of low caste and occupation.  
 सार्गीक mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Made of or from grapes. n. (-चं) Wine. n. सृगीका a grape, चच् aff.  
 सार्ग m. (-र्गः) 1. A venerable or respectable man, (in dramatic language.) 2. A potherb. "तच्छुकीयशाकं". n. सृच् to suffer, aff. चच् ; also सार्ग्य ।  
 सार्गि f. (-र्गिः) 1. Cleaning the person, bathing, wiping, smearing it with unguents or oil. 2. Cleaning, cleansing in general. n. सृज् to cleanse, aff. छिन् ।  
 सार्ग n. (-चं) 1. A field. 2. Rising round. 3. Fraud, deceit. m. (-चः) 1. A man. 2. A mountain, a barbarian, one of a particular tribe. 3. A country, lying west and south-west of Bengal ; Ramghur, &c., or according to WILSON, Mālbhū'm in Midna'-pur. 4. A name of VISHN'U. f. (-चा) 1. A line, a row. 2. A gar

land, a string or wreath of flowers. 3. A chaplet of flowers. 4. A string of beads, a rosary. 5. (In rhetorical or poetical description,) a series or string of epithets, smiles, &c. ६. मा fortune, मा to get or be, affs. चङ् and टाप् ; or मा to measure, Unádi aff. र, and र changed to ल ; or मल-संज्ञायां कर्त्तरि चङ् ।

मालक m. (-कः) 1. The Nimba tree, (*Melia azadiracta*.) 2. A vessel made of cocoonut-shell. n. (-कः) A flower, (*Hibiscus mutabilis*.) f. (-का) A garland. ३. माला a garland, कन् aff. and the final of the fem. rejected; also in the fem. form, मालाका and मालिका q. v.

मालचक्रक n. (-कः) The hip-joint.

मालती f. (-ती) 1. Great-flowered jasmine, (*Jasminum grandiflorum*.) 2. A bud, a blossom. 3. A young woman. 4. Moon-light. 5. Night. 6. A particular river. 7. A flower, (*Bignonia suave olens*.) 8. A shrub, (*Echites caryophyllata*.) 9. A species of the Jagati' metre. ३. मा LAKSHMI', सत a Sautra root, to shake, affs. चङ् and डीप् ; or मच् to hold, चतच् aff. ; or माल VISHN'U, चत् to go, (to be presented to,) affs. चङ् and डीप् । [duced. "टङ्गचे" ।

मालतीतीरज m. (-जः) Borax. ३. मालती the river, तीर the band, ज प्र-मालतीपत्रिका f. (-का) The shell of a nut-meg. "जेनी" ।

मालतीफल n. (-लः) Nutmeg.

मालय n. (-यः) Sandal, the unguent prepared from it. ३. मलय the mountain whence the wood is brought, and चङ् aff.

मालव m. (-वः) 1. The province of Ma'lwā'. 2. Name of a musical mode. m. plu. (-वाः) The people of that province; also with वा pleonasm मालव्य, fem. मालवी । [Teori : see दिहत् ।

मालविका f. (-का) A plant of valuable purgative properties, commonly मालवी f. (-वी) A plant, commonly Ke'shapusta.

मालाका f. (-का) A garland, a wreath. ३. माला the same, कन् pleonasm.

मालाकार m. (-रः) A flower-seller, a florist, a gardener. ३. माला a garland, and कार who makes; also, मालाकन्, &c.

मालादण्डक m. (-कः) A fragrant grass, (*Andropogon schoepanthus*.) ३. माला a wreath, दण्ड grass, and कन् added.

मालादीपक n. (-कः) In rhetoric, affinity of various objects, by a common property. ३. माला, and दीपक illustrating.

मालाफल n. (-लः) The seed of the Eleocarpus, of which common rosaries are made. ३. माला a rosary, and फल fruit. "बृहदि" ।

मालिक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Relating to a garland, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A florist, a flower-gatherer or seller. 2. A sort of bird. 3. A colorist, a painter. f. (-का) 1. Double jasmine, (*Jasminum sambac*, floribus multiplicatis.) 2. A daughter. 3. A necklace, any ornament of the neck. 4. A garland of flowers, a wreath. 5. The name of a river. 6. A spirituous or vinous liquor. 7. Linseed, (*Linum utilitissimum*.) 8. A palace. 9. A row, a series. ३. माला a garland, उन् aff., or कन् added, fem. form.

मालिन् m. (-लः) A florist, a gatherer and vendor of flowers, a gardener. f. (-लिनी) 1. A name of UMA' or DURGA'. 2. The Ganges of heaven. 3. The city Champá, the modern Bhágalpur. 4. A poetical stanza, consisting of alternate verses or hemistichs of eight and seven syllables; it is especially used to conclude a section or canto. 5. The wife of a flower-gatherer, or a female vendor of garlands, &c. 6. A plant, (*Hedysarum alhagi*.) 7. A shrub, (*Echites caryophyllata*.) 8. A girl seventeen years old personating DURGA' at the festival of that goddess. f. (-नी) Adj. 1. Wearing a garland. 2. Encircled by. ३. माला a garland, वनि aff., fem. aff. डीप् ।

मालिन्य n. (-न्यः) 1. Foulness, dirtiness, impurity. 2. Blackness. 3. Sinfulness. 4. Trouble, affliction.

मातृ m. (-तृ) 1. A woman. 2. A sort of creeper. "पातृता". ३. मच् to hold, Unádi aff. चङ् ।

मातृशय m. (-यः) 1. A variegated snake. 2. A kind of serpent. "मातृशय-शय" f. (-नी) A sort of creeper. ३. मातृ a creeper, यान having.

मातृ m. (-रः) 1. A fruit tree, (*Egle marmelos*.) 2. The Kapitha tree. ३. मा fortune, मच् to cut, रङ् aff., form irr.

मातीय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Relating to a garland, &c. f. (-या) Large cards. moms. ३. माला, and डङ् aff.

मात्र mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Proper or fit for a garland, &c. n. (-यः) 1. A flower. 2. A garland, a wreath. 3. A chaplet, a garland for the forehead. f. (-या) A sort of grass, (*Trigonella corniculata*.) ३. माला a garland, and यत् aff.

मातृवत् m. (-वत्) 1. A mountainous range, described as one of the smaller mountains of India proper; lying eastward of mount Me'ru. 2. An epithet of the maternal grand uncle of RA'VANA. LANKA' was originally built for him; but it was deserted by him and occupied by KUVÉRA. RA'VANA recovered it from the latter and Ma'lyabat returned with his relations to live with RA'VANA as his minister. f. (-वती) Name of a river. ३. मातृ a wreath, and मत् aff.

मातृ m. (-तृ) Name of a mixed tribe.

मातृवी f. (-वी) A wrestling or boxing match.

मातृविक्रम mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Prohibitive, prohibiting, a prohibitor, a forbider. ३. मा particle of negation or prohibition, मच् a sound, a word, उन् aff.; mplyl १२ the person or thing whence it proceeds.

मास m. (-सः) 1. A sort of kidney-bean, (*Phaseolus radiatus*.) "मासवर्ष" 2. A jeweller's or goldsmith's weight, variously reckoned at five, eight, or ten, Rattis, or seeds of the *Abrus precatorius*; the weight in common use, is about seventeen grains troy. 3. A blockhead, a fool. 4. A cutaneous disease. ३. मच् to hurt, aff. चङ् ।

मासक m. (-कः) 1. A weight of silver of two Rattis or about 4½ grains. 2. The same in gold. 3. A Ma'sha; see the last. ३. कन् added to the preceding.

मासपत्र(व) f. (-वः) A kind of leguminous shrub, (*Glycine debilis*.) "मासपत्री" ३. मास the kidney-bean, पत्र a leaf, aff. डीप्, resembling it in the leaf; also मासपत्री । [हच् to increase, aff. चङ् ।

मासवर्षक m. (-कः) A goldsmith, a jeweller. ३. मास the weight so called; मासवर्ष Ind. Ma'sha by Ma'sha, (given away, &c.) ३. मास a particular weight, and वरि aff. of successive order.

मासव्य n. (-व्यः) Beans cooked with ghee.

मासाद m. (-दः) A tortoise.

मासाश्व m. (-श्वः) A horse.

मासिक f. (-की) Adj. Worth one Ma'sha.

मासीच n. (-चः) A field of kidney-beans. ३. मास as above, खङ् aff.

मास्य n. (-यः) A field of kidney-beans. ३. मास as above, and यत् aff.

मास m. (-सः) 1. The moon. 2. A month. ३. मा splendour, light, चङ् to throw, क्तिप् aff.; or मा to measure, चसुन् aff.

मास m. (-सः) 1. A month, the twelfth part of the Hindu year; it is usually a lunar one, consisting of thirty Tit'his, but it may be a Saura or solar month, being equal to the sun's passage through a sign of the zodiac; there is also a Savan month, consisting of thirty risings and settings of the sun; a Na'kshatra month, or month regulated by the lunar asterisms, and a fifth description of month called Va'rhaspatya, depending on the motions of the planet JUPITER; the lunar month also, being of two kinds, as reckoned from the new or from the full moon, completes six different modes of monthly computation. 2. A jeweller's weight: see मास. ३. मास the moon, aff. चङ् ; or मच् to measure, (the year by it,) aff. चङ् ।

मासजात mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) A month old. ३. मास, and जात born.

मासज m. (-जः) A gallinule. ३. मास a month, and ज who knows.

मासज n. (-जः) A medicinal seed, (*Serratula anthelmintica*.) "सीसराज" ।

मासप्रति m. (-तः) New-moon. ३. मास, and प्रति measured, (by.)

मासमान m. (-मः) A year. ३. मास a month, and मान measure. }



मिच्छ m. (-रः) The agum of boiled-rice. ३. मस् to measure, aff. चरच्, and the vowel made long.  
 मिच्छि f. (-का) A kind of bird. ३. मास a month, इत् to be, aff. बुच् ।  
 मिच्छ m. (-नः) Day of new-moon. ३. मास the month, and चन end.  
 मिच्छ mfn. (-नः-की-क) १. Monthly, relating or belonging to a month.  
 २. Payable in a month, (a debt, &c.) ३. Hired by the month, (a servant.) ४. Lasting for a month. ५. Happening or occurring at the end of a month, what will occur a month hence, &c. n. (-क) A particular Shra'd'dha, or obsequial sacrifice performed every day of new-moon, during the first year of the death of a man. ३. मास a month, and ठच् or ठच् aff.  
 मिच्छ mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Of a month, a month old. ३. मास, and खच् aff.  
 मिच्छि f. (-री) The beard. ३. मस् to measure, aff. चरच्, form irr.  
 मिच्छ Ind. A prohibitive particle, ३. मा prohibitive, and च termination added; or मस्-विच्-वां मच् । [यत् aff.]  
 मिच्छ mfn. (-नः-खा-ख) Of or lasting a month, a month old. ३. मास, ४ (उ, or ख) मासु or मासु r. १st cl. (मासि-ने) To mete, to measure.  
 मिच्छ m. (-नः) A Bra'hmana. ३. मा prohibitive prefix, इत् to kill, aff. चच्, radical letters unchanged. [टाप् ।]  
 मिच्छ f. (-वा) A cow. ३. मा prohibitive prefix, इत् to kill, affs. च and ४।  
 मिच्छ mfn. (-नः-ली-ल) Of a respectable family. ३. महाकुल of respectable lineage, and चच् aff. of descent; also with खच् aff., माहाकुली, or with ख महाकुली ।  
 मिच्छ mfn. (-नः-की-क) Fit for or suitable to great persons, &c. ३. महाजन, and ठच् aff.  
 मिच्छ mfn. (-नः-की-क) १. Glorious, majestic. २. Magnanimous. ३. Of great sanctity or honour. ३. महाजन, and ठच् aff.  
 मिच्छ n. (-नः) १. Majesty, greatness, might. २. The peculiar efficacy or virtue of any divinity or sacred shrine, &c. ३. A work, giving an account of the merits of any holy place or object. ३. महाजन great, चच् aff.  
 मिच्छाधिक m. (-नः) A Bra'hmana versed in a peculiar portion of the Vedas. ३. महाजात्री a portion of the Vedas so called, and ठच् aff.; also with the final dropped, माहाजाधिक । [महाराज, ठच् aff.]  
 मिच्छाधिक mfn. (-नः-की-क) Imperial, royal, fit for a king, &c. ३.  
 मिच्छ n. (-नः) Kingdom, dominion. ३. मच्छि the same, चच् pleonasm.  
 मिच्छ m. (-रः) A same of INDRA.  
 मिच्छ mfn. (-नः-की-क) Belonging to or derived from a buffalo, (flesh, milk, &c.) ३. मच्छि, and चच् aff.  
 मिच्छ m. (-नः) A buffalo-keeper.  
 मिच्छ m. (-नः) १. A buffalo-keeper. २. The paramour of an unchaste woman. ३. One who lives by the prostitution of his wife.  
 मिच्छ m. (-नः) A man of a mixed class, sprung from a Kshetriya father and Vais'ya mother. ३. मच्छि a buffalo, and चच् aff., with चच् added; attendance on cattle forming with the practice of astronomy and music, are the business of the Ma'hishya.  
 मिच्छ mfn. (-नः-मा-म) Relating to or belonging to INDRA, fit or proper for, (as an oblation to him, &c.) f. (-नी) १. The wife of INDRA. २. A cow. ३. The east. ३. मच्छि the deity, and चच् aff.; also with च, माच्छि, &c.  
 मिच्छ mfn. (-नः-या-य) Earthen, made of or from earth. m. (-यः) १. Coral. २. The planet Mars. f. (-यी) A cow. ३. मच्छि the earth, ठच् aff.  
 मिच्छी f. (-री) १. A name of DURGA. २. One of the divine mothers or energies of the gods, the Sakti' of S'IVA. ३. मच्छि S'IVA, चच्, and जीच् affs.  
 मिच्छि (वृज्) वृजिच् r. ५th cl. (मिच्छि-ति मिच्छि) १. To cast, to throw, to throw about, to scatter. २. To perceive. (This root is not used in classics.) [obstruct, to hinder.]  
 मिच्छ r. ६th cl. (मिच्छि-ति) १. To pain, to inflict pain or distress. २. To

मित mfn. (-नः-मा-मे) १. Measured. २. Moderate, limited, few or little. ३. Known, understood. ४. Examined. ५. Scattered, sprinkled. ३. मा to mete, or मि to scatter, aff. क, form irr.  
 मितम्न mfn. (-नः-मा-म) Going deliberately or slowly. m. (-नः) An elephant. f. (-मा) A she-elephant. ३. मित measured, मच् to go, aff. खच् । [go, Un'adi aff. क ।]  
 मितम्न m. (-द्रः) The ocean. ३. मित what is measured, (the earth,) द्रु to मितम्न mfn. (-मृ-मृ) Moderate, temperate. ३. मित, मृज् who eats. &c.  
 मितम्न mfn. (-नः-चा-च) १. Miserly, niggardly, a niggard, a miser. २. Cooking little. ३. मित measured, (food,) and चच् who cooks, from चच् with खच् aff. [and चच् speech.]  
 मितवाच् mfn. (-वाच्) Prudent in speaking, of measured speech. ३. मित, मितवाच् mfn. ((-वा-वा-वे) Of certain or restricted meaning. m. (-वे) A cautious emissary. ३. मित, and चच् sense.  
 मितवाच् mfn. (-नः-मा-म) Abstemious, moderate in diet, eating little and sparingly. ३. मित measured, and चच् who eats.  
 मितवाच् Adj. १. Short, brief. २. Metrical.  
 मिति f. (-तिः) १. Measuring, measure. २. Weighing, weight. ३. Value. ४. Knowledge. ५. Proof, evidence. ३. मा to measure, aff. मिच् ।  
 मित्र n. (-च) १. A friend. २. An ally; in this form it is always neuter; but it is convertible into an attributive, and is then of three genders, (मित्रः-मित्रा-मित्रं) Friendly, a friend. m. (-नः) १. The sun. २. The name of a Vedic deity. f. (-मा) One of the wives of DASA-RAT'HA, the mother of SATRUGHN'A. ३. मिद्र to be affectionate, aff. क; hence more properly मित्र ।  
 मित्रकार्य n. (-यः) A friendly deed, friendship. ३. मित्र and कार्य act.  
 मित्रत्व n. (-त्व) Friendship, friendliness. ३. मित्र with खच् aff.; also with तल्, मित्रता । [injures.]  
 मित्रद्रुच् m. (-द्रु-द्रु) A false or treacherous friend. ३. मित्र, and द्रुच् who मित्रद्रुच् m. (-द्रि-द्रि) A treacherous friend. ३. मित्र and द्रिच् who hates.  
 मित्रभेद m. (-दः) Breach of friendship. ३. मित्र and भेद 'division.  
 मित्रयु mfn. (-युः-यु-यु) Attractive, winning or acquiring friends. m. (-युः) १. A rememberer or retainer of traditions, a person acquainted with popular and unrecorded customs. २. A friend. ३. मित्र a friend, या to obtain, aff. क् ।  
 मित्रयुद्ध n. (-यु) The contest of friends, the conflict of allies. ३. मित्र, and युद्ध war. [acquisition.]  
 मित्रलब्धि f. (-धिः) Acquirement of friendship. ३. मित्र a friend, and लब्धि मित्रलाभ m. (-भः) Acquirement of a friend or friendship, forming friendship, &c. ३. मित्र a friend, and लाभ gain, acquisition.  
 मित्रवत्सल mfn. (-नः-ला-ल) Acquiring friendship, winning, captivating, engaging, etc. ३. मित्र a friend, and वत्सल kind, affectionate.  
 मित्रशील् m. (-शीः) A ruler over his friends or allies. ३. मित्र, and शास् to govern, क्तिप् aff., and श् substituted for the penultimate.  
 मित्रीयत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) 'Beooming or acting as a friend, desiring friendship. ३. मित्र nominal verb, श्छ aff.  
 मित्रीय m. (-यः) १. Sunrise. २. The prosperity of a friend.  
 मिच्छि (च) मिच्छि r. १st cl. (मिच्छि-ति) १. To understand. २. To injure, to hurt. ३. To unite, to pair. ४. To wrangle.  
 मिच्छ Ind. १. Mutually, reciprocally. २. Privately. ३. मिच्छ to pair, aff. चसुच् and the vowel unchanged.  
 मिच्छि f. (-का) A city, giving name also to a kingdom, lying north-east of Bengal, the modern Tirhut. ३. मिच्छ to be agitated, (enemies by that kingdom,) and ईलच् Un'adi aff.  
 मिच्छु n. (-नः) १. A couple, a pair, a brace, male and female. २. Copulation. ३. Union, junction. ४. Twins. ५. A root compounded with a preposition, (in gram.) m. (-नः) The sign Gemini of the zodiac. ३. मिच्छ to unite, चसुच् Un'adi aff.  
 मिच्छुनीमाव m. (-नः) Amorous inclination. ३. मिच्छु, माव property, च्च aff.  
 मिच्छुनीचर m. (-चः) The ruddy goose.

मिखा Ind. 1. Falsely, untruly. 2. In vain. ३. मिच् to injure, aff. कच् ।  
 मिखाचरत् mfn. (-रन्-रन्तो रन्) Acting or practising falsehood. ३. मिखा  
 and चाचरत् observing.  
 मिखाचार mfn. (-रन्-रा-रन्) Acting, falsely. ३. मिखा and चाचार observance.  
 मिखाज्ञान n. (-न्) Error, misapprehension.  
 मिखादृष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) Denial of future existence, atheism, heresy. ३. मिखा  
 falsely, and दृष्टि vision, knowledge.  
 मिखाध्वंसिति f. (-तिः) A figure of rhetoric, confirmation of one error  
 or impossibility by another. ३. मिखा falsehood, अध्वंसिति perse-  
 verance.  
 मिखाप्रतिज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञ) Treacherous, guilty of a breach of pro-  
 mise. ३. मिखा and प्रतिज्ञा promise.  
 मिखाप्रसुप्त mfn. (-प्तः-प्ता-प्त) Pretendedly asleep, but not so in reality. ३.  
 मिखा and प्रसुप्त asleep.  
 मिखाफल n. (-लः) An imaginary advantage.  
 मिखाभियोग m. (-गः) Groundless plaint or demand. ३. मिखा falsely,  
 अभियोग plaint. [sing.]  
 मिखाभिज्ञान n. (-ज्ञः) A false accusation. ३. मिखा falsely, अभिज्ञान accu-  
 मिखाभिज्ञान m. (-ज्ञो) A false or unjust accuser. ३. मिखा falsely, अभि-  
 ज्ञान who accuses. [understanding.]  
 मिखामति f. (-तिः) Error, ignorance, mistake. ३. मिखा falsely, and मति  
 मिखावदन् mfn. (-दन्-दन्तो दन्) Speaking, falsely. ३. मिखा, वदन् speaking.  
 मिखावादिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Lying, a liar. ३. मिखा and वादिन् who  
 speaks.  
 मिखातर n. (-रः) A false or prevaricating reply. ३. मिखा, उत्तर answer.  
 मिखोपचार m. (-रः) Pretended friendly services. ३. मिखा and उपचार  
 assistance.  
 मिद r. 1st cl. (मिदति) 1. To be proud. 2. To be humble. r. 10th cl.  
 (मिदयति-ते) मिदि r. 1st and 10th cls. (मिदति मिदयति) also (मि, चा)  
 मिदिदा r. 1st cl. (मिदते) r. 4th cl. (मिदति) 1. To be unctuous, to be  
 oily or greasy. 2. To liquefy, to melt. 3. To anoint. 4. To have  
 affection or regard for. 5. To be soft, (literally or figuratively.)  
 (मिद) मिद r. 1st cl. (मिदति-ते) 1. To understand. 2. To hurt, to  
 injure. 3. To unite.  
 मिदु n. (-वः) 1. Sloth, indolence. 2. Sleepiness, torpor. 3. Dulness,  
 heaviness of spirits or intellect.  
 मिदु r. 1st cl. (मिदति) 1. To moisten. 2. To revere.  
 मिदुका f. (-का) Wishing to bathe or plunge into. ३. मसृज् to bathe,  
 desid. v., कृच् and टाप् affs.  
 मिदुक् mfn. (-कृ-कृ-कृ) Wishing to bathe, to plunged into, to be  
 immersed in. ३. मसृज् to bathe, desid. v., कृच् aff.  
 मिदुयिषा f. (-षा) Desire or purpose to destroy. ३. मयि to shake, desid.  
 v., कृच् and टाप् affs.  
 मिदुयिषु mfn. (-षु-षु-षु) Wishing to destroy, shake, overturn, &c. ३.  
 मय् to injure, desid. v., कृच् aff.  
 मिदु r. 6th cl. (मिदति or मिदयति-ते) 1. To be connected or united with,  
 to mix, to associate. 2. To clash. 3. To happen.  
 मिदु n. (-न्) 1. Mixing with, being in contact with, associating with,  
 &c. 2. Encountering, meeting. 3. Contact. ३. मिच् to mix, कृच् aff.  
 मिदित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Mixed, united, combined, or connected with.  
 2. Found, met with, encountered. ३. मिच् to mix, aff. कृच् ।  
 मिद (इ) मिदि r. 1st cl. (मिदति) 1. To sprinkle or moisten. 2. (According  
 to some authorities,) To serve, to gratify by service.  
 मिदु r. 1st cl. (मिदति) 1. To sound. 2. To be angry.  
 मिदि f. (-दिः-दी) 1. A sort of fennel, (Anethum panmorium.) 2. Indian  
 spikenard. 3. Common anise. ३. मिच् to sound, कि aff. and ऊच्  
 optionally added ; also मिदि मिदि, &c.  
 मिदु r. 10th cl. (मिदयति-ते) To mix, to join, to blend, to combine.  
 मिदु mfn. (-यः-या-य) Mixed, mingled, blended. n. (-यः) Mixing, mix-  
 ture. m. (-यः) 1. An elephant, the fourth of the four classes in

which elephants are arranged. 2. A respectable person ; in which  
 sense it is a common affix to proper names ; or compounded with  
 चाय्, as चायमिदिः &c. ३. मिच् to mix, aff. कृच् ।  
 मिदुक् m. (-कः) 1. An adulterator of commodities, &c. 2. A mixer  
 compounder. n. (-कः) 1. A garden of the gods, a grove of paradisi-  
 2. A description of song or singing. 3. A kind of salt. ३. मि  
 mingled, (flowers, &c.) and कृच् aff.  
 मिदुकावय n. (-वः) The grove of INDRA. ३. मिदुका for मिदुका a divi-  
 garden, and वय a wood.  
 मिदुज m. (-जः) A mule. [to mix, aff. कृच्]  
 मिदुय n. (-यः) 1. Mixing, uniting. 2. (In arithmetic,) Addition. ३. मि  
 मिदुयन् n. (-यः) A black kind of aloe-wood.  
 मिदित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Respected, respectable. 2. Mixed, mingled  
 3. Added. ३. मिच् to mix, aff. कृच् ।  
 मिदुया f. (-या) 1. A sort of fennel, (Anethum panmorium, Rox)  
 Another kind, (Anethum sowa.) 3. Common anise, (Pimpinell  
 anisum.) ३. मिच् mixture, कृच् to go or get, कृच् aff.  
 मिदु (उ) मिदु r. 1st cl. (मिदति) To sprinkle. r. 6th cl. (मिदति) 1. To con-  
 tend with, to emulcate, to contest. 2. To look at or on. With कृच्  
 1. To open the eyes. 2. To blossom. 3. To shine. With मि to show  
 the eyes.  
 मिदु m. (-वः) Rivalry, emulation. n. (-वः) 1. Fraud, trick, decep-  
 tion. 2. Envy. ३. मिच् to vie, aff. कृच् ।  
 मिदि f. (-दिः-दी) 1. Spikenard, (Valeriana jatāma'nsi.) 2. A sort of fen-  
 nel, (Anethum panmorium, &c.) ३. मसृज् to measure, कृच् and कृच्  
 affs., कृच् changed to कृच्, and कृच् substituted for the radical vowel  
 also मिदि, मिदि, and with कृच् added मिदिका, &c.  
 मिदु mfn. (-दुः-टा-ट) 1. Sprinkled, wetted. 2. Sweet, sugary. 3. Dainty  
 savoury. n. (-दुः) A sweetmeat. ३. मिच् to sprinkle, aff. कृच् । [make  
 मिदुकाय् m. (-का) A confectioner, a good cook. ३. मिदु and कृच् wh  
 मिदुय n. (-यः) Sauce, gravy seasoning, a mixture of sugar and acid  
 &c. eaten with bread or rice. ३. मिदु sprinkled, कृच् food.  
 मिदि f. (-दिः-दी) 1. A sort of fennel, (Anethum panmorium, Rox.) 2  
 Another kind, (A. sowa.) 3. Spikenard, (Valeriana jatāma'nsi)  
 4. A sort of lovage, (Ligusticum ajwaen.) 5. Common anise, (Pim-  
 pinella anisum.) ३. मसृज् to mete, aff. कृच् and optionally ऊच् ; the  
 radical vowel changed to कृच्, deriv. irr. ; also मिदि and मिदि ।  
 मिदु r. 10th cl. (मिदयति) To mix, to mingle or join. [seminal water  
 मिदु (बी) मिदु c. 1st cl. (मिदति) 1. To sprinkle, to shed. 2. To emi-  
 मिदिका f. (-का) 1. Frost. 2. Snow. ३. मिच् to sprinkle, aff. कृच् ।  
 मिदिर m. (-रः) 1. The sun. 2. A sage. 3. A cloud. 4. Air, wind. 5  
 The moon. 6. An old man. ३. मिच् to sprinkle or scatter, (rad-  
 ance, &c.) Una'di aff. कृच् । [al  
 मिदिराव m. (-वः) A name of S'IVA. ३. मिदिर the sun, कृच् to live, कृच्  
 नी r. 1st and 10th cls. (मयति माययति-ते) 1. To go, to move. 2. To  
 know. (टु, कृच्) टुनीच् r. 4. cl. (नीयते) To part with life, to die. (कृच्  
 नीच् r. 9th cl. (नीयति नीयते) 1. To hurt, to injure, to kill. 2. To  
 violate. 3. To diminish. 4. To go astray.  
 नीद mfn. (-दः-टा-ट) Passed as urine. ३. मिच् to sprinkle, aff. कृच्  
 नीदुय m. (-यः) 1. The sun. 2. S'IVA. 3. A thief.  
 नीन m. (-नः) 1. A fish 2. The sign of the Zodiac Pisces. 3. Vāsukī  
 in his first incarnation. ३. नी to hurt, Una'di aff. कृच् ।  
 नीनकेतन m. (-नः) Kā'mad'sva. ३. नीन a fish, and केतन a symbol.  
 नीनगोषिका f. (-का) A pond, a pool. ३. नीन a fish, and नीनगोषिका a lizard  
 नीनरक् m. (-रः) A king-fisher. ३. नीन fish, कृच् to annoy, aff. कृच् ; it  
 also written but perhaps incorrectly नीनरक् ।  
 नीनर m. (-रः) A marine monster, sometimes applied to the shark or  
 alligator : see नीनर. ३. नीन a fish, रा to seize, aff. कृच् ।  
 नीनाची f. (-ची) The daughter of Kṛpā'sa. ३. नीन a fish, and ची eye,  
 टाच् and ऊच् affs.

मीनावातिन् m. (-ती) 1. A crane. 2. A fisherman. ३. मीन fish and वातिन् who kills.  
मीनाव n. (-वः) Fish-spawn, roe, milt. f. (-वी) Clayed or candied sugar. ३. मीन a fish, and वः egg, spawn, जीव् aff., to which the last is compared.  
मीनावीव m. (-वः) 1. A wagtail. 2. A sort of sauce, fish-sauce. ३. मीन fish, वाव the mango, and वः aff.  
मीनावय m. (-वः) The ocean. ३. मीन a fish, and वावय abode.  
मीन् (वः) मीन् r. 1st. cl. (मीनति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To sound.  
मीनांसक m. (-कः) A Mī'mānsaka, a follower of the Mī'mānsā philosophy. 2. An examiner. ३. मीनांस the doctrine so termed, and वः aff.  
मीनांसा f. (-सा) One of the philosophical systems of the Hindus, or rather a two fold system, the two parts of which form two of the six Darśhanas or schools of philosophy; the first part, the Pūrva Mī'mānsā, or Mī'mānsā simply, originates with the Muni Jaimini, and illustrates the Karma-kānda of the Vēdas or the practical part, (the ritual,) of religion and devotion, including also moral and legal obligations. The second part, or Uttara Mī'mānsā, ascribed to Vyāsa, is the same as the Vēda'nta, founded on the Jñāna-kānda, or theological portion of the Vēdas, and treating of the spiritual worship of the Supreme Being or soul of the universe. ३. माव् to seek knowledge, affs. वः and टाप्; the derivative takes the augment of the reduplicate form of the verb.  
मीर m. (-रः) 1. The ocean. 2. A limit, a boundary. ३. मी to scatter, रः Unádi aff., and the vowel made long.  
मीर r. 1st cl. (मीरति) 1. To wink or twinkle, to close or contract the eye-lids. 2. To fade, to disappear; with उत् prefixed, to awake, and figuratively to expand, to bud, to blossom.  
मीरन् mfn. (-न्-लन्-लन्) Winking, twinkling, closing, (as the eyes.) ३. मील् to wink, वः aff.  
मीरन् n. (-न्) 1. Twinkling, blinking, winking. 2. Closing the eyes. 3. The closing of a flower. ३. मील् to twinkle, &c. aff. लुट्।  
मीरित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Twinkled. 2. Unblown, partly opened, as a young bud, &c. n. (-तः) Indirect allusion or description, (in rhetoric.) ३. मील् to twinkle, aff. ल।  
मीर r. 1st cl. (मीरति) 1. To be large or corpulent. 2. To go, to move.  
मीरन् m. (-वा) Air, wind. ३. मी to move, वः Unádi aff.  
मीरन् mfn. (-रः-री-रः) Mischievous, hurting, killing. m. (-रः) The leader of an army. ३. मी to hurt or kill, वः Unádi aff.  
मीरा f. (-वा) 1. The worm of the intestines, Ascarides, &c. 2. Air, wind. ३. मी to hurt, Unádi aff. वा।  
म m. (-मुः) 1. Binding, confinement. 2. Tawny, (the colour.) 3. S'iva. 4. Eternal beatitude or final emancipation. 5. A funeral pile. ३. म् to bind, aff. लिप्; or म् to loosen, &c., aff. ड।  
मन्डक m. (-कः) The onion; also मन्डक।  
मन्ड f. (-डः) Freedom, liberation. ३. म् to let loose, ड aff.  
मन्ड n. (-टः) A crest, a diadem, a tiara. f. (-टी) Snapping the fingers. ३. मन्डि to adorn, aff. डट, and ड substituted for the radical vowel, form irr.; also मन्ड।  
मन्ड m. (-दः) 1. A name of Viṣṇu. 2. Gum olibanum. 3. A precious gem. 4. Quicksilver. 5. One of the nine treasures of Kuve'ra. 6. A kind of drum. ३. मन्ड liberation, (from passion, &c.) in the second case मन्ड and दा to give, aff. ड; or म् to liberate, or म् as before, डट् डो wet, to sprinkle, aff. वः, deriv. irr.  
मन्डक m. (-कः) An onion; also मन्डक।  
मन्डु m. (-दुः) Gum olibanum; also मन्डु।  
मन्ड m. (-रः) 1. A mirror. 2. The handle of a potter's lathe. 3. A tree, (Mimusops elengi.) 4. A bud. 5. Arabian jasmine. ३. मन्डि to adorn, वः Unádi aff., and ड optionally substituted for the radical vowel, deriv. irr.; also मन्ड।

मुकुत्त mn. (-कः-कः) 1. An opening bud. 2. The body. 3. The soul or spirit. ३. मुक् to let loose, (the flower, &c.) डक aff., व changed to क।  
मुकुत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Half-closed, (as a bud.) 2. Half-shut, (as the eye,) blinking, winking. ३. मुकुत्त, वः aff.  
मुकुत्तित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Closed, shut, (as a bud.) ३. मुकुत्त and तित made, with वः augment. [डक, etc.]  
मुकुटक n. (-कः) A sort of kidney-bean, (Phaseolus lobatus.) Also मन्ड-मुकुटक m. (-कः) A plant, commonly Danti, (Croton polyandrum.) ३. मन्डि to adorn, वः aff., वन्ड added, and ड substituted for the radical vowel, deriv. irr.; also मन्डक।  
मुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तः) 1. Released, liberated, loosed, let go. 2. Liberated from corporal existence, finally happy. 3. Discharged, loosed, as a weapon; this may be in two ways, as पाणिमुक्त thrown with the hand, as a dart, etc., and वन्डमुक्त thrown from an instrument, as an arrow from a bow, etc. n. (-क्तः) The spirit released from mundane existence, and re-integrated with its divine original. f. (-क्ता) 1. A pearl. 2. A harlot. ३. मुक् to set free, aff. ल।  
मुक्तक n. (-कः) 1. Any missile weapon. 2. A stanza or sentence completing the sense of a passage. 3. Simple prose. ३. मुक्त loosed, let fly, and वन्ड added.  
मुक्तकच m. (-चः) A Buddhist. [कचुक् the slough of a snake.]  
मुक्तकचुक m. (-कः) A snake that has cast his slough. ३. मुक्त let loose, मुक्तकचुक Ind. Aloud, as shouting or crying. ३. मुक्त and कचुक् throat.  
मुक्तकचुक् m. (-चुः) A lion.  
मुक्तकचुक् mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तः) Disinterested, free from worldly attachment or improper bias. ३. मुक्त and चक् attachment.  
मुक्तकचुक् mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तः) 1. Parting with, giving away, liberal. 2. Loosed, let go. ३. मुक्त and चक् the hand.  
मुक्तकलाप m. (-पः) A pearl-necklace, a string of pearls. ३. मुक्ता a pearl, and कलाप a sort of chain.  
मुक्तकार n. (-रः) The pearl-oyster. ३. मुक्ता a pearl, and कारा abode.  
मुक्तप्रलाप m. (-पः) A pearl-necklace. ३. मुक्ता a pearl, and प्रलाप string.  
मुक्तप्रद f. (-दः) The pearl-oyster. ३. मुक्ता a pearl, and प्रद mother, mother of pearl.  
मुक्तफल n. (-लः) 1. Camphor. 2. A pearl. 3. A sort of fruit, the custard-apple. "मीयाङ्क" ३. मुक्ता a pearl, वः fruit, comparable to a pearl in whiteness.  
मुक्तमुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तः) Loosed, and not loosed; applied especially to weapons which may be wielded or hurled, as a club, a javelin, etc. ३. मुक्त loosed, वः not loosed. [plant.]  
मुक्तकलाप f. (-ला) A pearl-necklace. ३. मुक्ता a pearl, and कलाप a creeping  
मुक्तकलाप f. (-ली) A pearl-necklace. ३. मुक्ता a pearl, कारली a line, a row.  
मुक्तकलाप mf. (-टः-टा) A pearl-oyster. ३. मुक्ता, मुट् to burst, aff. वः।  
मुक्ति f. (-क्तिः) 1. Final beatitude, the delivery of the soul from the body and exemption from further transmigration; the re-absorption of the emancipated spirit into its great primary source, identification with God. 2. Liberation, setting or becoming free or loose. ३. मुक् to let loose, aff. लिप्।  
मुक्ता Ind. Having set free, loose, etc. ३. मुक् to free, का aff.  
मुक्ता mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तः) 1. First, initial. 2. Chief, pre-eminent, principal. n. (-क्ती) 1. The mouth. 2. The face. 3. The entrance to a house. 4. Commencement. 5. A means, an expedient. 6. Sound. 7. The opening division of a drama, the first act, &c. 8. The previous or preparatory incidents of a drama. 9. A direction, a quarter. 10. Opening, entrance. 11. The head, the top, the tip. 12. The edge of any sharp instrument. 13. Utterance. 14. Source, cause, occasion. 15. The Vēdas, scripture. m. (-क्तः) The beak of a bird. ३. मुक् to dig, Unádi aff. वः with the power of व, by which the final is rejected, मुट initial augment.

मुखकमल n. (-क) A lotus-like face.  
 मुखद्वार m. (-र) A tooth.  
 मुखगन्धक m. (-क) An onion. E. मुख the mouth, and गन्धक scenting.  
 मुखचट्टा f. (-ट्टा) Howling, uttering, a particular cry of grief, etc. E. मुख the mouth, and चट्टा a bell.  
 मुखचपल Adj. Talkative f. (-च) A species of the A'ryā metre.  
 मुखचीरी f. (-री) The tongue. E. मुख the mouth, and चीरी the cry or chirp of the cricket, or a cricket; also मुखचीरि ।  
 मुखज mfn. (-ज-जा-ज) Derived or proceeding from the mouth, born in the mouth, etc. m. (-जः) 1. A Bra'hmana, (born from the mouth of BRAHMA) 2. A tooth. E. मुख the mouth, and ज born.  
 मुखतत् Ind. From the mouth. E. मुख, तत् aff.  
 मुखतीय mfn. (-य-या-य) Relating or pertaining to the mouth. E. मुखतत्, as above, य aff.  
 मुखदूषक m. (-क) The onion. E. मुख the mouth, and दूषक fouling.  
 मुखधीता f. (-ता) A plant, (Siphonanthus Indica.) "माननघाटि" E. मुख the mouth, धीत cleansed, (by it.) [contemplating].  
 मुखनिरीचक m. (-क) An idler, a lazy man. E. मुख the face, निरीचक  
 मुखनिवासिनी f. (-नी) The goddess SARASWATĪ, E. मुख the mouth, and निवासिनी abiding; as the goddess of speech, &c.  
 मुखपट m. (-ट) A veil.  
 मुखपिच्छ m. (-च्छ) A mouthful of food.  
 मुखपूरक n. (-क) 1. A mouthful of water for rinsing the mouth. 2. A mouthful. 3. Filling the mouth. E. मुख the mouth, पूरक filling.  
 मुखप्रिय m. (-य) An orange.  
 मुखवन्धन n. (-न) 1. A preface. 2. A lid.  
 मुखभूषण n. (-ण) Betel, the leaf of the piper-betel eaten with the Areca nut, catechu and caustic lime, &c. E. मुख the mouth, भूषण an ornament.  
 मुखभेद m. (-द) Distortion of the face.  
 मुखपत्र m. (-प) A beggar, a petitioner. E. मुख the mouth, पत्र who ripens, (his purpose,) from पच् with खच् aff. [ing].  
 मुखयन्त्रक n. (-क) The bit of a bridle. E. मुख the mouth, यन्त्रक restrain.  
 मुखर mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. Foul-mouthed, speaking harshly or scurrilously. 2. Sounding, noisy. 3. Speaking in ridicule of, rallying, mocking, &c. m. (-रः) 1. A ring-leader. 2. A conch-shell. 3. Leading, preceding. 4. A crow. E. मुख the mouth, र aff., implying depreciation, or रा to go, र aff.  
 मुखरिका f. (-का) The bit of a bridle. [and इतच् aff.  
 मुखरित mfn. (-त-ता-त) Sounding, ringing, making a noise. E. मुखर  
 मुखरीकरण n. (-ण) Rallying, mocking. E. मुखर, करण making, णि aug.  
 मुखबाहल m. (-क) A hog. E. मुख the mouth, and बाहल a plough.  
 मुखलेप m. (-प) A disease of the phlegmatic humour.  
 मुखवृक्ष m. (-वृ) A pomegranate tree.  
 मुखवाद्य n. (-य) 1. A musical instrument played with the mouth, a jew's harp. 2. Making a noise with the mouth by strinking it with the hand, playing on the mouth. E. मुख the mouth and वाद्य a musical instrument.  
 मुखवासन m. (-न) A perfume for the mouth, any drug, as camphor or orris-root so used, or a composition usually taken in the form of a pill. E. मुख the mouth, and वासन perfuming.  
 मुखविलुकिता f. (-का) A she-goat.  
 मुखविहा f. (-हा) A cockroach. E. मुख the mouth and विहा faeces.  
 मुखव्यादान n. (-न) Opening the mouth wide. E. मुख with वि and वाङ् prefixed to दा to give, ङट् aff. [वक् a hoof].  
 मुखगन्धक mfn. (-क-का-क) Foul-mouthed, scurrilous. E. मुख the mouth, गन्धक  
 मुखशेष m. (-ष) An epithet of Rā'nu.  
 मुखशीघ्र m. (-श) Pungency, sharp or pungent flavour. n. (-शः) Clean-  
 ing the mouth. E. मुख the mouth, शीघ्र cleansing. [cleanses].  
 मुखमोचिन् m. (-धी) The lime or citron. E. मुख the mouth, मोचिन् what

मुखशीघ्र mfn. (-श-शा-श) Foul-mouthed, scurrilous. [विशेष बोध]  
 मुखसन्धन m. (-न) A Bra'hmana. E. मुख the mouth, (of BRAHMA)  
 मुखसूत्र n. (-र) The moisture of the lips. E. मुख the mouth, and सू  
 spiritaous liquor, टच् aff.  
 मुखस्राव m. (-व) Spittle, saliva. E. मुख the mouth, स्राव to drop, aff. वच्  
 मुखप्रि m. (-प्रि) 1. The conflagration of a forest. 2. A sort of gobbi  
 with a face of fire. 3. Fire put into the mouth of the corpse;  
 the time of lighting the funeral pile. 4. A sacrificial or consecr  
 ted fire. E. मुख the mouth, face, or chief, principal, and प्रि fire.  
 मुखाल m. (-ल) A crab. E. मुख the mouth, and अल a weapon.  
 मुखीला f. (-ला) Fire in a forest. E. मुख face or mouth, ला flame  
 मुख mfn. (-ल-ला-ल) 1. Chief, primary, principal. 2. Relating to th  
 face or mouth. n. (-लः) 1. A principal or essential rite or ordi  
 nance. 2. Reading or teaching the Vēdas. 3. The month when  
 reckoned from new moon to new moon. m. (-लः) A leader, [with ल, मुख]  
 मुख chief, य aff. [with ल, मुख]  
 मुखता f. (-ता) Pre-eminence, being best or chief. E. मुख, तत् aff. [with ल, मुख]  
 मुख्याय Ind. Principally, particularly. E. मुख and य aff.  
 मुख m. (-व) A gallinule.  
 मुख mfn. (-व-वा-व) 1. Lovely, beautiful. 2. Stupid, ignorant, a  
 idiot, a fool. 3. Simple, silly. 4. Infatuated. f. (-वा) A young and  
 lovely female. E. मुख to be foolish, अच्, क, deriv. irr.  
 मुखता f. (-ता) 1. Loveliness. 2. Ignorance, stupidity. 3. Simplicity. E  
 मुख and तत् added; also मुखल ।  
 मुख f. (-वा) A girl attractive by her artlessness, (in rhetoric.)  
 मुखानन mfn. (-न-ना-न) Lovely-faced. E. मुख and आनन face.  
 मुख (छ, ची) ची मुखरु 6th cl. (मुखति-ते) 1. To be loose or free. 2. To  
 forsake or abandon. r. 10th cl. (मोचयति-ते) 1. To let loose, to let go,  
 to discharge as arrows, to part with, as wealth, &c. 2. To gladden,  
 to delight. r. 1st cl. (मोचते) To deceive, to cheat. (व) मुखि (मुख)  
 1. To be vain or proud. 2. To be wicked. 3. To speak. 4. To grind  
 or pound. 5. To cheat, to deceive. With प्र To give much. With ल  
 1. To obtain liberation. 2. To give or bestow. 3. To lose.  
 मुखक m. (-क) Lac, the dye. E. मुख to loosen, aff. कच् ।  
 मुखिर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Munificent, generous, liberal in giving, a donor,  
 a giver. m. (-रः) 1. A deity. 2. Wind. 3. Virtue. E. मुख to let  
 loose, to part with wealth, and ऋच् Unádi aff.  
 मुख(च)ज्जम् m. (-ज्ज) A tree, (Pterospermum salicifolium.)  
 मुखट्टी f. (-टी) 1. Snapping the fingers. 2. The fist.  
 मुख r. 1st cl. (मोजति मोजयति-ते) also (व) मुजि (मुजति मुजयति-ते) 1. To  
 sound. 2. To cleanse.  
 मुख r. 1st cl. (मुचति) To go.  
 मुखक m. (-क) The testicle. [charging. E. मुख to let go, ऋच् aff.  
 मुख mfn. (-चन्-चनी-चन्) 1. Letting go or loose. 2. Shooting, dis-  
 मुख m. (-क) 1. A sort of grass, from the fibres of which a string is  
 prepared, of which the triple thread worn by the Brāhmana as a  
 girdle should be formed, (Saccharum munja, Rox.) 2. The Brāh-  
 minical girdle, or in common use, the sacred string or cord. 3.  
 An arrow. E. मुजि to sound, aff. चच् । [hair].  
 मुखकैश m. (-श) 1. VISHN'U. 2. Ś'IVA. E. मुख a sort of grass, and केश  
 मुखकैशिन m. (-श्री) VISHN'U. E. मुख the plant, केश hair, and शि aff.  
 मुखवन्धन n. (-न) Investiture with the girdle or with the Brāhminical  
 cord. E. मुख and वन्धन binding.  
 मुखर n. (-र) The fibrous root of the lotus. E. मुख a sort of grass, रा to  
 go or resemble, aff. क; or मुखि-करन् । "खादुके" ।  
 मुखतक m. (-क) Munja grass.  
 मुट् r. 1st cl. (मोटति) 6th cl. (मुटति) and 10th cl. (मोटयति-ते); also (व)  
 मुटि r. 1st cl. (मुटति) 1. To rub, to press, to grind or pound, to  
 reduce to powder. 2. To break down, to trample down. 3th cl.  
 (मुटति) To reprove, to rebuke, to blame.

सु. (र) सु. 1st cl. (सु. 1. To guard, to protect, to defend or cherish. 2. To fly, to run away.

सु. r. 6th cl. (सु. 1. To quit, to leave. 2. To clothe or cover. (र) सु. 1st cl. (सु. 1. To be pure or clean. 2. To cleanse. 3. To sink, (as in water.) 4. To sink, (in estimation,) to be despised or disregarded. (सु. 1. To shave or cut. 2. To grind or pound.

सु. r. 6th cl. (सु. To vow or promise.

सु. mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) 1. Shaved, bald, having no hair on the head. 2. Low, mean. mn. (-सु-सु) 1. The head. 2. The forehead. m. (-सु) 1. A bald pate. 2. A barber. 3. The name of a Daitya or Demon. 4. Ra'hu, the personified ascending node. 5. The trunk of a lopped tree. f. (-सु) Bengal madder, (Rubia manjith.) E. सु. to shave or cut, aff. चञ्.

सु. m. (-सु) 1. A barber. 2. The trunk of a tree stripped of its branches. n. (-सु) The head. E. सु. to shave, aff. चञ्; or सु. the head, कन् pleonasm; or सु. चञ्.

सु. m. (-सु) A kind of pulse. "कसाये।" [कुट्.]

सु. n. (-सु) Shaving, shearing, cutting. E. सु. to shave or cut, aff. चञ्.

सु. m. (-सु) The coconut-tree. E. सु. the head, and सु. fruit; the fruit being one step towards a human head, made by Vis'wa'MITRA, when he purposed establishing an opposition creation to that of BRAHMA.

सु. f. (-सु) 1. A number of shaven heads. 2. A mass of troops of an inferior description. E. सु. and सु. a circle.

सु. m. (-सु) A kind of grain or rice.

सु. mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) Bald, shaven. n. (-सु) Iron. E. सु. bald, इतच् aff.

सु. mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) Bald-pated, shaven-headed. E. सु. the head.

सु. f. (-सु) A plant, commonly Mun'di'ri.

सु. m. (-सु) 1. A barber. 2. S'iva. E. सु. shaving, aff. इति।

सु. f. (-सु) A plant, commonly Mun'di'ri.

सु. f. (-सु) A plant, described as a creeper, bearing a red and yellow flower, commonly called by the same name, Mun'di'ri.

सु. n. (-सु) A pearl.

सु. (र) सु. 1st cl. (सु. 1. To hurt or kill. 2. To suffer pain.

सु. 1st cl. (सु. 1. To rejoice, to be glad. r. 10th cl. (सु. 1. To mix, to blend, to unite. 2. To clean, to wipe off. With चञ् To allow, to permit, to approve. With चा 1. To be glad. 2. To be fragrant.

सु. f. (-सु-सु) 1. Pleasure, delight, joy. 2. Intoxication, phrensy. 3. A wife. E. सु. to be pleased, aff. क्तिप्।

सु. f. (-सु) Happiness, joy. E. सु. to be happy, चञ् and टाप् affs.

सु. mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) Pleased, happy. E. सु. and चञ्चित possessed of.

सु. mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) Pleased, delighted. n. (-सु) Pleasure, happiness. E. सु. to rejoice, aff. क्तिप्।

सु. m. (-सु) 1. A cloud. 2. A lover, a libertine. 3. A frog. E. सु. to be pleased, Unádi aff. क्तिप्।

सु. f. (-सु) Moonlight. E. सु. to please, affs. क् and ऊच्।

सु. m. (-सु) 1. A sort of kidney-bean, (Phaseolus mungo.) 2. A cover, as a lid or cloth. 3. A kind of sea-bird. E. सु. to please, Unádi aff. क्तिप्। "कुट्।"

सु. f. (-सु) A sort of kidney-bean, (Phaseolus trilobus.) E. सु. P. mungo, पर्चा a leaf, ऊच् aff. "कुमाजी।"

सु. m. (-सु) A horse. E. सु. kidney-bean, सु. who eats; also सु. m. (-सु).

सु. m. (-सु) 1. A mallet, a mace, a weapon formed like a carpenter's hammer. 2. A staff, armed with iron, and larger at the lower extremity, used for breaking clods of earth, &c. 3. A carpenter's hammer. 4. A sort of flower, said to be a kind of jasmine, perhaps jassminum sambac, (the wild variety.) E. सु. pleasure, सु. to swal-

low or destroy, aff. चञ्; also with र changed to क, सु. "कनार हवे च; कानारा इति भावा।"

सु. m. (-सु) A sort of kidney-bean, (Phaseolus lobatus.) E. सु. P. mungo, सु. to stay, to resemble, aff. च; also with कन् added सु.।

सु. n. (-सु) 1. Sealing. 2. Closing.

सु. f. (-सु) 1. A seal, a signet. 2. A seal-ring. 3. The mark of a seal or similar impression, a stamp, a print, &c. 4. A coin. 5. A medal. 6. A sign, a token. 7. A mystery. 8. A mode of intertwining the fingers during religious worship. E. सु. to please, (by it,) Unádi aff. रक्।

सु. mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) Stamped, sealed, f. (-सु) A mint. E. सु. a seal, चञ्चित marked. [fem. form.]

सु. f. (-सु) A sealed or signed paper. E. सु. a seal, कन् aff.

सु. mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) 1. Sealed. 2. Marked, struck, stamped. 3. Contracted, closed, sealed up. 4. Unblown, (as a flower.) E. सु. a seal, इतच् aff. [aff. का; र changed to च।

सु. Ind. In vain, uselessly, unprofitably, idly. E. सु. to be foolish, सु. m. (-सु) 1. A holy sage, a pious and learned person, endowed with more or less of a divine nature, or having attained it by rigid abstraction and mortification; the title is applied to the Rishis, the Brahmadikas, and to a great number of persons distinguished for their writings, considered as inspired, as Pa'n'ini, Vyasa, &c. 2. An ascetic, a devotee. 3. An Arhat or Jaina deified teacher. 4. The saint AGASTYA. 5. The Palash tree, (Buten frondosa.) 6. Another tree, (Buchanania latifolia.) E. सु. to be revered, Unádi aff. इन्, and उ substituted for the radical vowel.

सु. m. (-सु) सनन्दे. "कातिम्।"

सु. m. (-सु) A tree, (Eschynomene grandiflora.) E. सु. the saint AGASTYA, and सु. a tree. "श्रीनाक उचे, वकहवे च।"

सु. n. (-सु) Copper. E. सु. a devotee, and चञ्चित brass.

सु. m. (-सु) A pre-eminent sage. E. सु. a sage, and पुन, (in composition) pre-eminent.

सु. m. (-सु) A wagtail. E. सु. a sage, पुन a child, and कन् aff. of comparison. "दसन हवे।" [सु. and पुन Arca.]

सु. m. (-सु) A kind of Areca, (A. triandra, or gracilis, Rox.) E. सु. m. (-सु) 1. Fasting. 2. The fruit of the yellow myrobalan. 3. The saint AGASTYA. E. सु. a sage, सु. a drug or medicament.

सु. m. (-सु) The twentieth Jaina pontiff of the present era.

सु. n. (-सु) A hermitage, the abode or retirement of holy sages. E. सु. an ascetic, and सु. a place.

सु. m. (-सु) 1. A superior Muni or sage. 2. A Budd'ha, a Baud'dha sage or teacher. E. सु. a sage, and इन् chief.

सु. r. 1st cl. (सु. To go, to move.

सु. n. (-सु) Wild grain, roots, fruit, &c. E. सु. a hermit, चञ् food.

सु. f. (-सु) 1. Desire of liberation. 2. Desire of final emancipation.

सु. m. (-सु) 1. A sage, abstracted from all human passion and feeling, and preparing himself for eternal emancipation. 2. Any one anxious for liberation, especially from mundane existence. E. सु. to liberate, in the desiderative form, उ aff.

सु. m. (-सु) A cloud. [aff.]

सु. mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) Wishing to steal. E. सु. to steal, desid. v., उ सु. Ind. Like a thief. E. सु. चञ्चित aff. [and टाप् aff.]

सु. f. (-सु) Wish to die, impatience of life. E. सु. to die, desid v., चञ्

सु. m. (-सु) A man at the point of the death, a dying-man. E. सु. to die, desiderative or expectative form, and उ aff.

सु. r. 6th cl. (सु. To encircle, to entwine, to bind together.

सु. f. (-सु) Fainting. E. सु. to faint, aff. क्तिप्, the उ rejected after र।

सु. m. (-सु) The name of a DAITYA killed by VISHN'U. f. (-सु) A vege-

table perfume. n. (-रं) Surrounding, encircling. **म. सुर** to encircle, aff. क, or चङ् and टाप् fem. aff.

**सुरज** m. (-जः) 1. A small drum, a tabor. 2. A stanza the letters of which can be arranged in the form of a drum. f. (-जा) 1. The wife of KURU'RA. 2. A large drum. **म. सुर** encircling, with wood, &c. क- born, made.

**सुरजफल** m. (-लः) The jack-fruit tree, (*Artocarpus integrifolia*.)

**सुरज** m. (-जः) A country on the north west of Hindusthan, called also Lampaka, and now Lamgan. m. Plu (-जः) The inhabitants of Lamgan. [alarm,] aff. ड।

**सुरद** m. (-दः) The conch of VISHN'U. **म. सुर** a demon, दी to cut, (to-  
**सुरद्वला** f. (-ला) The Narmadā river.

**सुरमल** m. (-लः) Pimples on the face.

**सुररिपु** m. (-पुः) A name of KRISHN'A or VISHN'U. **म. सुर** the demon, रिपु enemy.

**सुरला** f. (-ला) The Narmadā river. [affs. क and डीप्।

**सुरलि** f. (-ली) A flute, a pipe. **म. सुर** surrounding, ला to get or have,

**सुरलीधर** m. (-र) A name of KRISHN'A. **म. सुरली** a flute, धर who holds.

**सुरदन्** m. (-नः) A name of VISHN'U. **म. सुर** the demon, दन् slayer.

**सुरारि** m. (-रिः) A name of VISHN'U. **म. सुर** the demon, चरि the foe.

**सुख** (चा.) सुखी r. 1st cl. (सुखति) 1. To be faint, to lose consciousness or perception. 2. To increase, to grow. 3. To settle in a solid form, to become dense. 4. To prevail against. 5. To be frequent. 6. To sound loudly. With सम To be intense.

**सुभिषो** f. (-षी) A small fire-place or fire-pan.

**सुसुर** m. (-रः) 1. A name of KAMA or CURID. 2. A fire of ohaaf. 3. One of the horses of the sun. **म. सु-क** प्रवी० दिलम्।

**सुब** (हं) सुबि र. 1st cl. (सुबति) To bind, to tie.

**सुल** r. 10th cl. (सुलयति-ते) To plant; more usually मूल।

**सुमटो** f. (-टी) A kind of panic-seed, (*Panicum italicum*.) described as a white variety. **म. सु-पट** गीरा डीप् प्रवी०।

**सुग(स)ली** f. (-ली) A small house-lizard; see सुबली; also with कन् added सुगलिका f. (-का)।

**सुव** r. 1st cl. (सुवति) To injure, to kill. r. 9th cl. (सुवति) 1. To steal, to rub, to plunder. 2. To captivate. 3. To surpass. r. 4th cl. (सुवति) 1. To out, to divide, to break, 2. To steal.

**सुवक** m. (-कः) A rat; see सुवक।

**सुवल** m. (-लः) 1. A club, a mace. 2. A pestle for cleaning rice. f. (-ली) 1. A house-lizard. 2. A plant, (*Curculigo orchioides*;) see सुबली, सुवल, and सुवली।

**सुवलासुवलि** Ind. Club to club, (fighting, &c.) **म. सुवल** repeated, इच् added; also सुवलासुवली।

**सुव्य** mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) Meriting or pounding to death; see सुवस्य।

**सुवा** f. (-वा) A crucible. **म. सुव** to steal, affs. चङ् and टाप्; also सुवा।

**सुवित** mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Stolen, robbed. **म. सुव** to steal, aff. क।

**सुव** m. (-वः) 1. The scrotum. 2. The testicle. 3. A heap, a quantity. 4. A thief. 5. A stout man. 6. A plant, commonly Ghan'tāpārali'. **म. सुव** to steal, (semen, &c.) कन् added.

**सुवक** m. (-कः) 1. A plant, commonly Ghan'tāpārali'. **म. सुव** a thief, (of disease,) कन् added.

**सुवद्वय** m. (-द्वयः) The testicles. **म. सुव** and द्वय pair. [रच् aff.]

**सुवर** m. (-रः) A man with large testicles. **म. सुव** testicle, and सुवद्वय m. (-द्वयः) An eunuch, a guard of the women's apartments. **म. सुव** testicle, and सुव wanting.

**सुव** u. (-वः) Theft, robbery. **म. सुव** to steal, aff. क, form irr.

**सुटि** mfn. (-टिः-टी) 1. The fist, the closed hand. 2. The hilt or handle of a sword, etc. 3. A handful or Pala, the initiatory measure in the tables of the measures of grain. 4. The penis. 5. Filching, stealing. **म. सुव** to steal or take, aff. क्त्वि।

**सुटिक** m. (-कः) 1. A goldsmith. 2. A particular position of the hands,

3. Name of a demon killed by BALADA'VA. n. (-कः) A pugilistic encounter. **म. सुटि** stealing and क्त्वि to make, aff. ड।

**सुटिकालक** m. (-कः) A name of BALADA'VA the brother of KRISHN'A.

**सुटिबुत्त** n. (-त्तः) A kind of game, odd or even. **म. सुटि** the fist, बुत्त gaming. "पुट्टुट्टु।"

**सुटिबल** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Who blows in or on his closed fist. **म. सुटि**, and ना to breathe, aff. चङ्।

**सुटिबल** m. (-यः) A child. **म. सुटि** the fist, ये to drink or snuck, aff. चङ्।

**सुटिपात** m. (-तः) Pummelling, boxing. **म. सुटि**, पात falling.

**सुटिबन्ध** m. (-नः) Clenching the fist. **म. सुटि** the fist, बन्ध binding.

**सुटिसंवाहवीकित** mfn. (नः-ता-तं) Squeezed, pressed, gripped. **म. सुटि**, संवाह taking, वीकित squeezed.

**सुटिसुटि** Ind. Fist to fist, (fighting,) fistiouffs. **म. सुटि** repeated in this sense, and the final made long.

**सुषत्** mfn. (-षन्-षन्ती-षन्) 1. Stealing, robbing. 2. Depriving of. 3. Obscuring, eclipsing. **म. सुष** to steal, षट् aff.

**सुस्** (हर) सुस्ति r. 4th cl. (सुस्ति) To divide, to cut or break to pieces.

**सुसल** n. (-लः) 1. A pestle, a wooden pestle used for cleaning rice. 2. A club. f. (-ली) 1. A plant, (*Curculigo orchioides*.) 2. A house-lizard. **म. सुस्** to break, aff. कलच्; it is also read with its compounds and derivatives सुवल, सुवली, and sometimes सुवल, &c.

**सुसलि** m. (-ली) A name of BALADA'VA. **म. सुसल** a pestle, or pestle-like club, used by him as a weapon, रजि aff.

**सुसल** mfn. (-लः-ल्य-ल्यं) Deserving death by pounding with a pestle. **म. सुसल** a pestle, यत् aff.

**सुत्** r. 10th cl. (सुत्तयति-ते) To accumulate, to collect, to heap together.

**सुत्** mfn. (-तः-ता) A sort of grass, (*Cyperus rotundus*.) **म. सुत्** to accumulate, aff. चङ् "सुत्।"

**सुत्तक** mn. (-कः-कः) 1. A fragrant grass, (*Cyperus rotundus*.) 2. A sort of poison. **म. सुत्** to accumulate, सुल् aff.

**सुत्ताद** m. (-दः) A hog. **म. सुत्ता** Cyperus, and चद who eats.

**सुत्त** m. (-तः) The fist. **म. सुत्** to break, तुन् aff.

**सुत्त** n. (-तः) 1. A pestle. 2. A tear. **म. सुत्** to divide, Una'di aff. रच्।

**सुद्** (ज) सुद् r. 4th cl. (सुदति) To be foolish, to be incapable of discrimination or judgment, to be bereft of sense or wisdom.

**सुद्दि** m. (-रः) 1. Love, desire, KA'MADE'VA. 2. A fool, a blockhead. **म. सुद्** to grow foolish, Una'di aff. किरच्।

**सुद्भावा** f. (-वा) Tautology, repetition. **म. सुद्भा** repeatedly, भावा speech.

**सुद्** Ind. 1. Repeatedly, reiteratedly, again and again. 2. For a moment. **म. सुद्** to be foolish, Una'di aff. षटिच्।

**सुद्भूत** mn. (-तः-तः) A division of time, the thirtieth part of a day and night, or an hour of forty-eight minutes. m. (-तः) An astrologer. **म. सुद्भूत** to be crooked or fraudulent, क्त्वि aff., form irr., and सुद् initiatory augment. [रच् Una'di aff.]

**सुद्दि** m. (-रः) A fool, a blockhead, an ignoramus. **म. सुद्** to be foolish, सु r. 1st cl. (सुदते) To bind, to tie, to make fast.

**सुद्** f. (-द्) Binding, tying. **म. सुद्** to tie, aff. क्त्वि।

**सुद्** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Dumb. 2. Poor, wretched. m. (-कः) 1. A fish. 2. A demon. 3. A pauper. **म. सुद्** imitative sound, and कै to utter, aff. क; or सु to bind, कच् aff.

**सुक्लित** m. (-ता) Silence, dumbness.

**सुद्** mfn. (दः-दा-दं) 1. Foolish, ignorant. 2. Cold, apathetic, stupid. 3. Perplexed, in doubt. 4. Deceived, erring. m. (-दः) 1. An idiot, a fool. 2. A sluggard. **म. सुद्** to be foolish, aff. क, form irr.

**सुद्गर्भ** m. (-र्भः) 1. A bad presentation of the child at birth, causing difficult delivery. 2. A dead foetus. **म. सुद्**, and गर्भ the foetus.

**सुद्भावा** m. (-वा) Infatuation. **म. सुद्**, and वावा seizure.

**सुद्भूत** mfn. (-ता-ता-तः) Insane, bewildered. **म. सुद्**, and भूत mind.

**सुद्भा** f. (-ता) Folly, silliness, ignorance. **म. सुद्**, and तच् aff.; also सुद्भा.

**सुद्भावा** mfn. (-वा-वा-क) Foolish, a fool. **म. सुद्**, and वावा self.

**सूक्ष्मीक न. (-कः)** A sort of umbrella: see the last. **स. सूक्ष्म** the head, **कोक** or **कोक** a helmet.  
**सूक्ष्म म. (-कः)** 1. Hair, the hair of the head. 2. The name. **स. सूक्ष्म** the head, **ज** torn.  
**सूक्ष्मोत्तिष्ठ न. (-तिः)** A hole in the crown of the head from which the soul is supposed to escape.  
**सूक्ष्म म. (-कः)** 1. The head. 2. The Forehead. 3. Top. 4. Front. 5. The head, the chief. **स. सूक्ष्म** to be foolish, **Una'di aff.** **कणिन्**, form irr. ; or **सूक्ष्म** to bind, the same aff., **चञ्** augment ; also read **सूक्ष्म** and **सूक्ष्म**.  
**सूक्ष्म फ. (-कः)** 1. Being in or on the head. 2. Pre-eminent, excellent. 3. Cerebral, (applied to the following letters, viz :—**क, ख, ट, ठ, ड, ढ, ण, र** and **व**. [head, **पुष्प** flower.  
**सूक्ष्मपुष्प म. (-कः)** A tree, commonly *Sirisha*, (*Mimosa sirisha*.) **स. सूक्ष्म** the **सूक्ष्म** **स. (-कः)** The soup of boiled rice, &c. **स. सूक्ष्म** head, top, **रस** juice. [surrounding.  
**सूक्ष्मवेष्टन न. (-कः)** A turban, a fillet, a diadem, &c. **स. सूक्ष्म** the head, **वेष्टन** **सूक्ष्मविभक्ति म. (-कः)** 1. A man of the second or military class, the *Kshetriya* or soldier. 2. A king, a prince. 3. A chief minister, a counsellor of state. 4. The name of a mixed class, sprung from a *Bráhmāna*, and female of the second or *Kshetriya* tribe ; the principal of the mixed races, and soldier by profession. **स. सूक्ष्म** the head, and **कविभक्ति** sprinkled, anointed ; kings being consecrated by having poured on their heads, while seated on a throne prepared for the purpose, water from some sacred stream, mixed with honey, clarified butter, and spirituous liquor, as well as two sorts of grass and the sprouts of corn: the term applies to the *Kshetriya* as identified with the king, the duties of royalty, belonging especially to the military caste.  
**सूक्ष्म म. (-कः)** 1. The head. 2. The base, (in geometry.) **स. सूक्ष्म** to bind, **Unádi aff.** **कणिन्** and **चञ्** substituted for the radical final.  
**सूक्ष्म फ. (-कः)** A sort of creeper, from the fibres of which bow-strings are made, (*Sansevieria zeylanica*;) they should also form the girdle worn by the *Kshetriya* class. **स. सूक्ष्म** to bind, **affs.** **चञ्** and **टाप्**.  
**सूक्ष्म r. 1st cl. (सूक्ष्म-ति)** 1. To stand, to be rooted or firm. 2. To accumulate. **r. 10th cl. (सूक्ष्मयति-ति)** 1. To plant or transplant. 2. To grow as a plant, to sprout, to shoot or germinate. With **उद्** prefixed, to root up or out, to eradicate, to exterminate.  
**सूक्ष्म न. (-कः)** 1. A root, the root of a tree, &c. 2. Origin, commencement. 3. Capital, principal. 4. Near, proximate. 5. Own, peculiar, proper. 6. The root of the *Arum campanulatum*. 7. The original text of any work, as opposed to the *Ti'ka* or comment. 8. The root or bottom of any thing. 9. The end of any thing by which it is joined to something else. 10. Authority, source, origin. 11. Vicinity. 12. Basis, foundation. 13. A hereditary servant. 14. Capital, stock. 15. Square root, (in math.) 16. A king's own territory. 17. A thicket. 18. A vender who is not a true owner. **mn. (-कः-कः)** The nineteenth lunar asterism, containing eleven stars, which appear to be the same as those in the *Scorpion's* tail. **f. (-कः)** A small house-lizard. **स. सूक्ष्म** to stand, to be rooted or firm, **aff. क** ; or **सू** to bind, **Una'di aff. क**.  
**सूक्ष्म mn. (-कः-कः)** 1. The radish, (*Raphanus sativus*.) 2. A large sort of yam. **म. (-कः)** A sort of poison. **स. सूक्ष्म** a root, **चञ्** added.  
**सूक्ष्मकच म. (-कः)** A handful of radishes, &c. for sale. **स. सूक्ष्म**, and **कच** measure.  
**सूक्ष्मकोपितिका f. (-कः)** A radish.  
**सूक्ष्मकसूक्ष्मा f. (-कः)** A plant, commonly *Kshi'taka'ko'li*.  
**सूक्ष्मकर्मन् न. (-कः)** Magic. **स. सूक्ष्म** original, and **कर्मन्** act. [agent.  
**सूक्ष्मकारिका f. (-कः)** A fire place. **स. सूक्ष्म** primary, (work,) **कारिका** an



**सूक्ष्म** n. (-सू) A sort of penance, subsisting for a given time on the roots of plants only. **सू** a root, and **सूक्ष्म** penance.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) A citron.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) A digger for roots. **सू**, and **सूक्ष्म** a digger.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) The coefficient of a root.  
**सूक्ष्म** mfn. (-सू-ज-ज) Born from a root, &c. m. (-सू) A plant growing from a root, as lotus, &c. n. (-सू) Green ginger. **सू** a root, and **ज** born.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) A name of KAN'AA, the uncle of KRISHN'A. **सू** original, and **सू** a deity; the incarnation of a demi-god.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) Capital, principal, stock. **सू** capital, **सूक्ष्म** substance.  
**सूक्ष्म** n. (-सू) Capital, principal, stock. **सू** capital, **सू** wealth.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) Lymph.  
**सूक्ष्म** f. (-सू) A plant, (Hydrocotyle asiatica.) "नन्दु कपयान्" **सू**  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) The male representative of a family.  
**सूक्ष्म** f. (-सू) The Praibha'na of the Sa'nkhyas.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) A name of KAN'AA, the uncle of KRISHN'A. **सू** origin, and **सू** auspicious.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) An old or hereditary servant. **सू**, **सू** dependent.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) A car, a carriage a chariot. **सू** the root, (the axle,) and **सूक्ष्म** what bends.  
**सूक्ष्म** mfn. (-सू-टो-ट) Fit or cultivated for esculent roots, (as the arum, the radish and others, a field, &c.) **सू** a root, and **सूक्ष्म** aff.; also with **सूक्ष्म** aff., **सूक्ष्म** mfn. (-सू-ना-न).  
**सूक्ष्म** n. (-सू) 1. Ether, heaven, space or atmosphere. 2. God. 3. Base, foundation. f. (-सू) GAURI'. **सू** primary origin, &c., and **सूक्ष्म** place, abode. [MU'LA.  
**सूक्ष्म** f. (-सू) 1. The name of a plant. "सूक्ष्म" 2. The asterism  
**सूक्ष्म** n. (-सू) The navel.  
**सूक्ष्म** mfn. (-सू-को-को) Radical, (literal or figurative,) primary, principal. m. (-सू) A devotee, living on roots. **सू** a root, **सूक्ष्म** aff.  
**सूक्ष्म** mfn. (-सू-को-को) Having a root, stock, origin, &c. m. (-सू) A tree, **सू** a root, aff. **सू**. [Una'di aff. **सू**.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) 1. Indian spikenard. 2. A king. **सू** to be rooted, **सूक्ष्म** mfn. (-सू-सू-सू) 1. To be eradicated, to be pulled or plucked up by the root. 2. To be bent from the root, &c. 3. To be bought, purchasable. 4. To be bought for a fair or just price. n. (-सू) 1. Price, worth. 2. Wages, hire. 3. An article purchased. 4. Gain. 5. Capital, principal. **सू** principal, and **सू** aff.  
**सू** r. 1st cl. (सूक्ष्म) To steal, to rob or plunder.  
**सू** mfn. (-सू-को-को) 1. A rat, a mouse. 2. A crucible. 3. An air-hole, a window. f. (-सू) 1. A sort of grass, (Andropogon serratum.) 2. A female rat, **सू** to steal, aff. **सू**. [added to the last.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू-को-को) 1. A mouse, a rat. 2. A thief. **सू** or **सू**  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) A cat. **सू** a rat, and **सूक्ष्म** enemy.  
**सूक्ष्म** n. (-सू) Stealing, pilfering. **सू** to steal, **सू** aff.  
**सूक्ष्म** mfn. (-सू-को-को) Stealing, plundering. **सू**, and **सू** aff.  
**सूक्ष्म** f. (-सू) An aquatic plant, (Salvinia cucullata.) **सू** a rat, **सू** the ear; to which the leaf of the plant is compared, fem. aff. **सू**; also **सूक्ष्म**.  
**सूक्ष्म** n. (-सू) Blue vitriol. **सू** a crucible, **सूक्ष्म** sulphate of copper.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू-को-को) A rat, a mouse. m. (-सू) 1. A tree, commonly Sirisha, (Mimosa sirisha.) 2. A thief, a plunderer. 3. A country, the part of the Malabar coast between Quilon and Cape Comorin. f. (-सू) A plant, (Salvinia cucullata.) 2. A crucible. **सू** to steal, Una'di aff. **सू** and the vowel made long; also **सूक्ष्म**, **सू**, and **सू**.  
**सूक्ष्म** f. (-सू) An aquatic plant of the cryptogamia class, (Salvinia cucullata) **सू** a rat, (ears, understood,) and **सू** a leaf, aff. **सू**; having a leaf compared to a mouse's ear.

**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) A name of GAN'AA. **सू** a rat, **सू** a mark of emblem; being usually painted riding on a rat or attended by one.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) A name of GAN'AA. **सू** a rat, and **सू** going.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) A male mouse.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) A cat. **सू**, and **सूक्ष्म** an enemy.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) A plant, (Salvinia cucullata.) **सू** a rat, and **सूक्ष्म** appellation; also **सूक्ष्म**.  
**सूक्ष्म** mfn. (-सू-ता-ता) Stolen. **सू** and **सू** aff. [to **सू**.  
**सूक्ष्म** f. (-सू) A plant; see the last. **सू** for **सू**, and **सू** added  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू-को-को) A rat, a mouse. **सू** to steal, **सू** aff.  
**सूक्ष्म** mfn. (-सू-को-को) Born of unknown parents, of concealed birth or origin. **सू** **सूक्ष्म** the son of some body, and the initiatory vowel rejected.  
**सू** (सू) r. 6th cl. (सूक्ष्म) To die. With **सू**, to die after.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) The name of a saint; also called MA'RKAN'DE'YA. **सू** **सूक्ष्म** the name of his father, and **सू** aff.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) The saint MA'RKAN'DE'YA. **सू** **सूक्ष्म** his father, **सू** aff.; but the word unchanged.  
**सू** r. 1st cl. (सूक्ष्म) To accumulate, to collect, to fill. r. 10th cl. (सूक्ष्म) 1. To mix, to mingle, to blend or combine. 2. To speak incorrectly.  
**सू** r. 4th cl. (सूक्ष्म) r. 10th cl. (सूक्ष्म) 1. To seek, or pursue, to hunt, to chase. 2. To investigate. 3. To beg any thing from any body.  
**सू** m. (-सू) 1. A deer, an antelope. 2. An animal in general. 3. Research, inquiry, investigation. 4. Asking, soliciting, begging. 5. A kind of elephant, one with white marks on his forehead. 6. The fifth lunar constellation, more usually Mri'gasi'ras; see **सूक्ष्म**. 7. The month in which the moon is full in the constellation Mri'gasi'ras. 8. A particular sacrifice. 9. Musk. 10. Hunting, chase. 11. One of the four classes into which men are divided, (in erotic works.) 12. The spots of the moon represented as an antelope. f. (-सू) 1. A description of woman, perhaps the same as the one termed **सूक्ष्म**, the corresponding female to the male called **सू**. 2. A female deer, a doe. 3. A species of the Madhya metre. 4. Epilepsy. **सू** to search, to chase, aff. **सू**.  
**सूक्ष्म** n. (-सू) Doe's milk. **सू** for **सू** a female deer, and **सू** milk.  
**सूक्ष्म** f. (-सू) A kind of medical plant, "सूक्ष्म" **सू**  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) A wild or pole-cat. "सूक्ष्म" **सू**  
**सूक्ष्म** n. (-सू) Mirage. [sibility.  
**सूक्ष्म** n. (-सू) Bathing in the waters of a mirage, (i. e.) an imposture.  
**सूक्ष्म** f. (-सू) A net for confining deer. **सू** a deer, **सूक्ष्म** a net.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) A hunter. **सू** a deer, **सूक्ष्म** living, subsistence.  
**सूक्ष्म** n. (-सू-को-को) Search, inquiry, research. **सू** to search for or after, affs. **सू** and **सू**.  
**सूक्ष्म** f. (-सू) Vapour floating over sands or deserts, and appearing at a distance like water. **सू** a deer, **सू** to thirst, aff. **सू**; deer being deceived by it; also with **सू** and **सू** aff., **सूक्ष्म**, and with **सू** thirst, **सूक्ष्म**.  
**सूक्ष्म** f. (-सू) Mirage: see the last.  
**सूक्ष्म** f. (-सू) Sultry vapour, mirage: see the last.  
**सूक्ष्म** f. (-सू) Sultry vapour. **सू** added to the last.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) A dog. **सू** deer, and **सूक्ष्म** who bites.  
**सूक्ष्म** f. (-सू) A deer-eyed woman.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) A hunter. **सू**, **सू** to go, **सू** aff., **सू** added.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) A hunter. **सू** and **सू** to play, **सू** aff., and the semi-vowel changed.  
**सूक्ष्म** m. (-सू) A lion.  
**सूक्ष्म** n. (-सू) The moon.

सूत्रक m. (-कः) A jackal. s. सूत्र a deer, and सूत्रक a cheat; preying upon them only in consequence of his luring them into his reach.  
 सूत्रमणि m. (-मिः) Musk. s. सूत्र a deer, (the musk-deer,) and मणि the navel; the musk being formed in a bag attached to the belly of the animal about the navel.  
 सूत्रमणि nf. (-मि-जः) Musk. s. सूत्र a deer, मणि the navel, ज produced.  
 सूत्रमणि mfn. (-मि-ना-च) Possessing or relating to the constellation Mri'gasi'rsa. f. (-नी) A woman with beautiful eyes, or eyes like a deer. s. सूत्र the asterism, नी to get, च् aff., and च् added; or सूत्र a deer, and नी the eye.  
 सूत्रपति m. (-तिः) A lion. s. सूत्र an animal or a deer, and पति lord.  
 सूत्रपद n. (-पद) A deer's foot. s. सूत्र, and पद for पाद foot. [aff., fem. form.  
 सूत्रपात्रिका f. (-का) The musk-deer. s. सूत्र a deer, पात्र to nourish, इत्  
 सूत्रपिम् m. (-पिः) The moon. s. सूत्र a deer, and पिम् a mark or spot.  
 सूत्रपात्रीव m. (-वः) A hunter, a deer-killer. s. सूत्र a deer, वक् killing, and पात्रीव who lives by. [confinement.  
 सूत्रपिनी f. (-नी) A net for confining deer. s. सूत्र a deer, and पिनी  
 सूत्रपीजनी f. (-नी) Bitter apple or Colocynth. s. सूत्र, and पीजन eating.  
 सूत्रपद m. (-पद) Musk. s. सूत्र a deer, and पद passion, or fluid that distils from the elephant's temples when in rut, and to which this secretion is considered analogous.  
 सूत्रपदवासा f. (-वा) A musk-bag.  
 सूत्रपद m. (-पदः) Name of a particular class of elephants.  
 सूत्रपदिका f. (-का) A female antelope. s. सूत्र, माद mother, कन् added.  
 सूत्रपान mfn. (-मि-ना-न) Seeking, pursuing, hunting. s. सूत्र to seek, पान aff.  
 सूत्रपद m. (-पदः) The sign Capricornus of the zodiac. [irr.  
 सूत्रा f. (-वा) Chase, hunting. s. सूत्र to search or seek, यत् aff., deriv.  
 सूत्रम् m. (-म्) 1. BRAHMA'. 2. A jackal. 3. A hunter. s. सूत्र a deer, या to go, क् Unádi aff., form irr.; or सूत्र-यु।  
 सूत्रराज m. (-राजः) 1. A lion. 2. The sign Leo of the zodiac. 3. A tiger. 4. The moon. s. सूत्र an animal, and राज् who rules over; also with a final vowel सूत्रराज m. (-जः)  
 सूत्ररिपु m. (-पुः) A lion. s. सूत्र an animal, and रिपु the enemy.  
 सूत्ररोमज mfn. (-जः-ना-ज) Woollen, (cloth, &c.) s. सूत्र an animal, रोम hair, and ज produced, made.  
 सूत्रराज m. (-जः) The moon. s. सूत्र a deer, राज् symbol, sign.  
 सूत्रराज f. (-का) The deer-like streak on the disc of the moon. [च।  
 सूत्रवाहन m. (-नः) Air, wind. s. सूत्र a deer, and वाहन vehicle. "सातिनचने  
 सूत्रम् n. (-म्) 1. Chase, hunting. 2. The butt or mark in archery. s. सूत्र a deer, च् to destroy, aff. च।  
 सूत्रवाह m. (-वः) 1. A hunter. 2. The dog's star. 3. S'IVA.  
 सूत्रवाह m. (-वः) A fawn.  
 सूत्रविराट् n. (-टः) The fifth lunar mansion, containing three stars, one of which is ORIONIS, and figured by an antelope's head, whence its name. s. सूत्र a deer, and विरट् the head; also सूत्रविराट् f. (-रा) or सूत्रविराट् m. (-राः)  
 सूत्रवीर्य m. (-वीर्यः) The constellation Mri'gas'iras; see the last. s. सूत्र a deer, and वीर्य the head; also f. (-वीर्य)  
 सूत्राणी f. (-णी) 1. Bitter-apple, (Oucumis coloquintida.) 2. A woman with eyes like a deer's. s. सूत्र a deer, च् the eye.  
 सूत्राण्ड m. (-ण्डः) 1. The moon. 2. Air, wind. 3. Camphor. s. सूत्र a deer, and च् a symbol, or च् to go, aff. च्।  
 सूत्राजिन n. (-जिनः) A deer-skin. s. सूत्र, and च् a skin.  
 सूत्राजीव m. (-जीवः) 1. A hyena. 2. A hunter. s. सूत्र a deer, and पात्रीव who lives by or preys upon.  
 सूत्राज्जा f. (-जा) Musk. s. सूत्र a deer, ज्जा testicle, and ज produced.  
 सूत्राण्ड m. (-ण्ड or -ण) A tiger. s. सूत्र a deer, च् to eat, aff. च्।  
 सूत्राण्ड m. (-ण्डः) 1. A hyena. 2. A leopard. f. (-नी) Colocynth, (Cucumis coloquintida.) "इन्द्रावनी" s. सूत्र a deer, and च्दन eating.

सूत्राण्ड m. (-ण्डः) The Chita' or hunting leopard. s. सूत्र a deer, च्दन destroyer.  
 सूत्राराति m. (-तिः) 1. A dog. 2. A lion. s. सूत्र a deer, and च्दराति an  
 सूत्रारि m. (-रिः) 1. A lion. 2. A tiger. 3. A dog, a hound. s. सूत्र a deer, and च्दरि an enemy.  
 सूत्रारिपु m. (-रिपुः) A hunter, a deer-killer. s. सूत्र a deer, च्दरि to destroy, with च्दरि prefix, and च्दरि aff., and the semi-vowel changed.  
 सूत्राण्ड m. (-ण्डः) The sign Capricornus of the zodiac.  
 सूत्रित mfn. (-मि-ना-त) Sought, pursued. s. सूत्र to chase, aff. त।  
 सूत्रेण्ड m. (-ण्डः) A lion. s. सूत्र an animal, एण्ड lord, master.  
 सूत्रेण्डटक m. (-कः) A hawk, a falcon. s. सूत्रेण्ड a lion, टक a sparrow.  
 सूत्रेण्डमुख n. (-मुखः) 1. The lion's mouth. 2. A species of the Atijagati' metre. s. सूत्रेण्ड, and मुख mouth.  
 सूत्रेण्डेण्ड m. (-ण्डः) 1. A white deer. 2. Colocynth.  
 सूत्रम् mfn. (-मि-ना-मि) To be sought or inquired for. s. सूत्र to search, च्दरि aff. [pass. v., च्दरि aff.  
 सूत्रमान mfn. (-मि-ना-म) Being sought or inquired after. s. सूत्र to search, च्दरि m. (-चः) A heap of earth.  
 सूत्रकटिका f. (-का) A small cart of clay.  
 सूत्र (ज) सूत्र r. 2nd cl. (नादि) r. 1st and 10th cl. (नादि) सार्जयति-ते 1. To clean, to cleanse. 2. To be clean or pure. 3. To ornament. 4. To sound. 5. To sharpen. With च्दरि or च्दरि prefixed, 1. To sweep, to sweep away. 2. To clean. With सूत्र 1. To clean. 2. To stroke. 3. To filter.  
 सूत्र m. (-जः) A musical instrument, probably a sort of tabor or drum. f. (-जा) 1. Cleaning the body, by washing, anointing, &c. 2. Purification, ablution. 3. Complexion. s. सूत्र to cleanse, to sound, aff. च, or च्दरि, and टाप् aff.  
 सूत्राच्य mfn. (-च-या-च) Clean, cleansed. s. सूत्रा. and च्दरि order.  
 सूत्रित f. (-ता) Adj. Wiped away, removed.  
 सूत्र mfn. (-मि-ना-मि) To be cleaned or purified. s. सूत्र to cleanse, च्दरि aff.; also सार्जय।  
 सूत्र r. 6th cl. (सुवति) r. 9th cl. (सुवति) 1. To delight, to make happy. 2. To rejoice, to be happy or delighted. r. 9th cl. (According to some authorities,) To grind or pound.  
 सूत्र m. (-चः) 1. A name of S'IVA. 2. The fire that completes an oblation. f. [च or -च(च)नी] DURGA', the wife of S'IVA. s. सूत्र to be pleased or delighted, aff. च, fem. aff. च्दी, with च्दरि augment.  
 सूत्रवच m. (-वः) A child, a pupil. s. सूत्र to be pleased, Unádi aff. कचच।  
 सूत्रीव m. (-वः) A deer. s. सूत्र to delight, Unádi aff. वीवन्.  
 सूत्र r. 6th cl. (सुवति) 1. To hurt, to injure. 2. To kill.  
 सूत्राच्य m. (-च-या-च) The film or fibres attached to the stalk of a lotus. n. (-च) The root of a fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.) "वीरवच" f. (-वी) A small fibre in the stalk of the water-lily. s. सूत्र to hurt, Unádi aff. वाचन्।  
 सूत्राचिका f. (-का) A lotus-stalk.  
 सूत्राचिक m. (-चिक) A lotus. f. (चिकी) 1. An assemblage of lotus flowers. 2. A place abounding with lotuses. 3. A lotus plant. s. सूत्राच्य a fibre, च्दरि aff. [सयद् aff.; also सूत्राच्य।  
 सूत्राच्य mfn. (-च-या-च) Made of earth or clay, (as procelain, &c.) s. सूत्र, सूत्र mfn. (-मि-ना-मि) 1. Dead, expired, extinct, defunct. 2. Calcined, rednoed, (metals.) n. (-न) 1. Solicited alms. 2. Death. s. सूत्र to die, aff. त।  
 सूत्रक n. (-कः) 1. A dead body, a corpse. 2. Impurity contracted by the death of a near relation. s. सूत्र dead, कन् added. [rison.  
 सूत्रकल mfn. (-मि-ना-क) Insensible, fainted. s. सूत्र, कल aff. of compa-  
 सूत्रकालक m. (-कः) A jackal. s. सूत्र dead, and कालक fond of.  
 सूत्रकण्ड n. (-कण्डः) A grave.  
 सूत्रक m. (-कः) The sun.

मृदपा m. (-पः) A man of the lowest caste, who for a subsistence collects dead men's clothes; conveys dead bodies to the river side to be burnt; executes criminals, &c. m. मृत, and पा who cherishes.

मृतमत्त m. (-तः) A jackal. m. मृत a corpse, and मत्त fond of, mad for; also with कन् added मृतमत्तक. [long. m. मृत, बल young.]

मृतवत्सा f. (-सा) A woman or female animal, whose offspring never live

मृतवत्सा f. (-सा) The fear entertained of a person's being dead. m. मृत, मत्सा fear.

मृतसंजीवनी f. (-नी) A Mantra for reviving the dead. m. मृत, संजीवनी reviving

मृतसंज्ञा mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Bathed after mourning. 2. Dying immediately after ablution. m. मृत dead, स्नात bathed.

मृतस्नान n. (-नं) Funeral ablution, bathing after mourning. m. मृत dead, and स्नान bathing. [and मीन liberator.]

मृतसमीक्ष m. (-क्षा) The name of a royal saint. m. मृत death, स्म his own,

मृताण्ड m. (-ण्डः) The sun. m. मृत dead, and ण्ड egg. [चक् aff.]

मृतामृद n. (-दं) Blue vitriol. m. मृत earth, मृद to please, चाङ् prefix, and

मृतालक n. (-कः) A fragrant sort of earth. m. मृत earth, चल् to adorn, causal, form, aff. चल्, and कन् added; also मृतालक. [relation.]

मृताशीष n. (-ष) Impurity contracted through the death of a near

मृति f. (-तिः) Death, dying. m. मृ to die, aff. तिन्।

मृतीहव m. (-वः) The ocean. m. मृत dead, destroyed, and उहव produced.

मृत्कण्ड m. (-ण्डः) A small lump of earth.

मृत्कर m. (-रः) A potter. m. मृत earth, and कर who works.

मृत्कांस n. (-सः) An earthen vessel, a mug, a pitcher. m. मृत earth, and कांस a goblet.

मृत्किरा f. (-रा) An earth-worm. m. मृत earth, and किर a hog, fem. form.

मृत्खलिनी f. (-नी) A plant, commonly Charmakasa.

मृत्तल n. (-लः) A sort of fragrant earth; also called Surat earth. m. मृत earth, तल site; place of abiding; also with कन् added, मृत्तालक n. (-कः) and with a single consonant, मृत्तालक।

मृत्तिका f. (-का) 1. Earth, clay, soil. 2. A fragrant earth. m. मृत earth and तिकन् pleonastic addition, fem. aff. टाप्। [जीष्।]

मृत्फल f. (-ली) A sort of Costus. "कुङ्कु" m. मृत earth, फल a fruit, fem. aff.

मृत्यु mfn. Subst. (-त्युः-त्युः-त्युः) Death, dying. m. (-त्युः) YAMA, the judge of the dead. m. मृ to die, Una'di aff. त्यक्।

मृत्युञ्जय m. (-यः) A name of Śiva. m. मृत्यु death, and जय conqueror.

मृत्युन्मृत् n. (-मृत्) The drum beaten at funerals.

मृत्युनाशक m. (-कः) Quicksilver. m. मृत्यु death, नाशक destroyer, remover.

मृत्युपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) Sugar-cane. m. मृत्यु death, पुष्प flower; dying after flowering.

मृत्युकल n. (-कलः) A sort of fruit considered as poisonous. f. (-कल or -ली) The plantain. m. मृत्यु death, कल fruit.

मृत्युभङ्गुर m. (-भङ्गुरः) A drum beat on funeral occasions. m. मृत्यु death, भङ्गुर crooked, aff. कन्।

मृत्युधूल m. (-धूलः) Sickness, malady, disease. m. मृत्यु death, धूल servant.

मृत्युवचन m. (-वचनः) 1. Śiva. 2. A raven or a kind of crow, the carrion crow. 3. A tree, (Aegle marmelos.) m. मृत्यु death or decay, and वचन deceiving.

मृत्युबीज m. (-बीजः) The bamboo. m. मृत्यु death, and बीज seed.

मृत्युति f. (-तिः) A female crab. m. मृत्यु death, and ति bearing.

मृत्ता f. (-ता) 1. Good or rich soil. 2. A fragrant earth. m. मृत earth, त्ता aff. of superior quality. [त aff. of excellence.]

मृत्तुता f. (-तुता) 1. Good soil. 2. A fragrant sort of earth. m. मृत earth,

मृत्ताभाण्डक n. (-कः) A pitcher, an earthen vessel for carrying water. m. मृत earth, भाण्डक vessel.

मृद r. 9th ol (मृदना) 1. To grind, to powder, to reduce to dust or powder. 2. To trample on, to tread under foot. 3. To squeeze. 4. To wipe away 5 To overcome. [trample on, aff. जिप्.]

मृद f. (मृद or मृत्) 1. Earth, soil, clay. 2. A fragrant earth. m. मृद to

मृदह m. (-हः) The green pigeon, (Columba harrisa, BUCH.)

मृदह m. (-हः) 1. A tobour, a small drum. 2. A double drum. 3. A sound, a noise. 4. A bamboo-cane. m. मृद to be trampled on, to be beat, Una'di aff. मृदह; also with कन् added मृदहक।

मृदवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) The jack tree, (Artocarpus integrifolia.) m. मृद a drum, and वृक्ष a fruit; perhaps alluding to its size and shape.

मृदर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Sportive, sporting. 2. Passing quickly away, transient. m. मृ to die, रर Una'di aff.

मृदा f. (-दा) Earth, clay, soil. m. मृद to trample on, aff. चल् and टाप्।

मृदाकर m. (-रः) The thunderbolt. m. मृदा earth, and कर what makes.

मृदित mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Rubbed, ground. 2. Trodden or trampled on. 3. Pressed. m. मृद to reduce to powder, aff. त्।

मृदिनी f. (-नी) Good soil or earth. m. मृद earth, नि aff., fem. aff. जीष्।

मृदु mfn. (-दुः-दी-दुः) 1. Soft. 2. Blunt, not sharp. 3. Gentle, mild. 4. Slow, weak. f. (-दी) The brown grape. m. (-दुः) The planet Saturn. m. मृद to rub, aff. क्, and the semi-vowel changed to its congener.

मृदुकायस n. (-सः) Lead.

मृदुकीड m. (-डः) A man of lax bowels, one easily affected by medicine. m. मृदु, and कीड intestinal canal.

मृदुगमना f. (-ना) A goose, a swan. m. मृदु soft, गमन going. [रिणि aff.]

मृदुचर्मिनी m. (-नी) The Bhurja-patra-tree. m. मृदु soft, चर्म skin or bark

मृदुच्छद m. (-दः) 1. The Bhurja-patra or brieh tree. 2. A kind of Pilu, or tree growing in the hills. m. मृदु soft, and च्छद covering or bark.

मृदुता f. (-ता) Softness. m. तल् added to मृदु; also with ल्, मृदुल।

मृदुलच m. (-चः) The Bhurjapatra or brieh tree, the bark of which peels off, and is used in making Hooka-snakes, &c. m. मृदु soft, and लच skin; also with a final consonant, मृदुलच m. (-लचः)।

मृदुव्रक n. (-कः) Gold.

मृदुपर्वक n. (-वर्कः) A cane or ratan; also मृदुपर्वक m. (-वर्कः)।

मृदुपाणि mfn. (-पिः-पिः-पिः) Having a soft and delicate hand. m. मृदु and पाणि hand. [flower.]

मृदुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) The Sirisha tree, (Mimosa sirisha.) m. मृदु soft, पुष्प

मृदुरीमवत् m. (-वत्) A hare. m. मृदु soft, रीम hair, and मत् aff.

मृदुल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Soft. 2. Mild, gentle. n. (-लः) 1. Water. 2. A kind of aloe-wood. m. मृदु soft, and लल् aff.

मृदुलीमक m. (-कः) A hare. m. मृदु soft, लीम hair, and कन् added.

मृदुवात m. (-तः) A gentle breeze, zephyr. m. मृदु soft, and वात wind.

मृदुपल n. (-लः) The blue lotus, (Nymphaea caerulea.) m. मृदु, पल a lotus

मृदाण्ड m. (-ण्डः) An earthen vessel. m. मृदु and भाण्ड a vessel.

मृदुमृत् mfn. (-मृत्-मृत्-मृत्) Of soft or tender frame or body. f. (-मृत्) A delicate woman. n. (-मृत्) Tin. m. मृदु soft, मृत् body, substance.

मृदुका f. (-का) A grape. m. मृदु to hurt, काकन् aff. and चल् augment.

मृदु (उ) मृदुर 1st. ol. [मृदु(मृत्)ति-ने] 1. To be moist or wet. 2. To hurt or kill.

मृध n. (-धः) War, battle. m. मृध् to hurt, or kill, aff. ध।

मृत्तम m. (-तमः) A stone, a rock. m. मृद earth and मृत् dry as a desert.

मृत्कोट n. (-टः) A clod of earth or clay. m. मृत् and कोट a lump.

मृदु (की) मृदु r. 6th ol. (मृदुति) 1. To touch. 2. To see, to perceive. 3. To consult, to consider, to deliberate. With मृत्, to counsel, to advise. With ति, 1. To consider, to discuss. 2. To touch. 3. To observe. 4. To examine.

मृदु r. 1st and 10th ols. (मृदुति-ने मृदुति-ने) and 4th ol. (मृदुति-ने) 1. To bear, to suffer, to endure patiently. 2. To permit. 3. To pardon

(उ) मृदु r. 1st ol. (मृदुति-ने) To sprinkle. With चल्, To be angry

With ति, To be distressed, to bear hardly.

मृदा Ind. 1. Falsely. 2. Uselessly, in vain. m. मृदु to bear, with ता aff.

मृदाध्यायिन् m. (-यिन्) A species of crane.

मृदाध्यायिन् n. (-यिन्) An impossibility, an absurdity, (in speech or composition) the sense of which is evidently false, as मृदुधीनमृदुध्यायः, मृदुध्यायः, his armour is of tortoise wool, and his bow the horn of a hare. m. मृदा falsely, ध्याय meaning, कन् added.

- मङ्गलक m. (-कः) The mango tree.
- मृषावाद m. (-दः) 1. Irony, ironical praise. 2. Falsehood. 3. Flattery. E. मृषा falsely, वाद speech, praise.
- मृषावादिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी दि) Speaking falsely, lying, a liar. m. (-दी) A false accuser, one who brings forward an unjust or unfounded accusation. E. मृषा falsely, and वादिन् who speaks.
- मृषोय mfn. (-यः-वा-यः) Speaking falsely, lying, a liar, a flatterer. n. (-यः) Falsehood. E. मृष् falsely, वद् to speak, aff. क्प् ।
- मृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा ष्ट) 1. Cleaned, cleansed. 2. Touched, rubbed. 3. Sprinkled. 4. Cooked. 5. Considered, deliberated. 6. Agreeable. n. (-ष्टः) Pepper. E. मृज् to clean, or मृष् to rub, &c., aff. क् ।
- मृष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) 1. Touching, contact. 2. Cleaning. 3. Sprinkling. 4. Preparing the food for a meal. E. मृज् to clean, or मृष् to sprinkle, &c., क्तिन् aff.
- मृष्टक m. (-कः) 1. A liberal man, a donor, a benefactor. 2. A churlish or inhospitable man. 3. An eater of sweetmeats.
- मृ 9th cl. (मृचाति) To hurt, to injure, to kill.
- मे r. 1st cl. (मयते) 1. To barter or exchange. 2. To return, to restore.
- मेक m. (-कः) A goat. [2. A goat.
- मेकल mf. (-लः-ला) 1. Name of a certain part of Vind'hya mountain.
- मेकलकन्या f. (-का) The Narmadā river. E. मेकल or मेखल the name of a Rishi the supposed father, or of a mountain, the source of the stream, and कन्या daughter; hence also मेखलकन्या ।
- मेकलाद्रि f. (-जा) The Narmadā river. E. मेकलाद्रि the Me'kala mountain, part of the Vind'hya range, and ज born.
- मेखला f. (-ला) 1. A woman's girdle or zone. 2. A sword-knot, a string or chain fastened to the hilt, and in fighting bound round the wrist to secure the weapon. 3. A sword-belt. 4. The slope of a mountain. 5. The Narmadā river. 6. The sacrificial string of a Brāhmana when made of deer-skin. 7. A sort of figure, made on the four sides of the hole in which sacrificial fire is offered. 8. A triple zone or string worn round the loins by the three first classes; the girdle of the Brāhmana should be of the fibres of the Munja or of Kus'a grass, that of the Kshetriya of a Mu'rvā, and that of the Vais'ya of a thread of the S'ana, &c. 9. The girth of a horse. 10. The hips. E. मि to scatter, खलच् aff., deriv. irr.
- मेखलापद n. (-दः) The hip and loins. E. मेखला a zone, and पद place.
- मेखलिन mfn. (-ली-लिनी-लि) Wearing a girdle. m. (-ली) 1. A youth of the Brahmana tribe, who previous to his marriage wears a girdle suited to his caste. 2. S'iva. E. मेखला, and लिन aff.
- मेघ m. (-घः) 1. A cloud. 2. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) 3. A demon, a goblin. 4. A mass, a multitude. n. (-घः) Talo. E. मिच् to sprinkle, aff. चच्, and the final changed.
- मेघकफ m. (-फः) Hail. E. मेघ a cloud, and कफ phlegm.
- मेघकाल m. (-कः) The rains, the rainy season. E. मेघ a cloud, काल time.
- मेघगर्जन fn. (-ग-नः) Thunder. E. मेघ, गर्जन noise. [make, खच् aff.
- मेघहर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Cloud-producing, (rainy season.) E. मेघ, हृ to sprinkle, aff.
- मेघचिन्तक m. (-कः) The Chātaka, (Cuculus melanoleucus.) E. मेघ a cloud, चिन्तक who think of; being supposed to drink no water but rain, and therefore naturally anxious for cloudy and rainy weather.
- मेघज mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) Cloud-born, produced in or from the clouds. m. (-जः) A large pearl. E. मेघ, and ज born.
- मेघमाला n. (-मः) 1. Talo. 2. A mass of clouds. E. मेघ a cloud, and माला a necklace or garland. [production.
- मेघमाला f. (-माला) A gathering or succession of clouds. E. मेघ a cloud, माला a necklace or garland. [production.
- मेघयोगि m. (-गिः) Smoke, fog. E. मेघ a cloud, योगि place of birth or mode; being supposed capable of bringing down rain from heaven.
- मेघराग m. (-गः) One of the six modes of music. E. मेघ a cloud, राग mode; being supposed capable of bringing down rain from heaven.
- मेघवर्णा f. (-र्णा) The indigo-plant. E. मेघ a cloud, and वर्णा colour.
- मेघवर्त्मन् n. (-र्मन्) Sky, atmosphere. E. मेघ a cloud, and वर्त्मन् road.
- मेघवज्र m. (-ज्रः) The fire of lightning. E. मेघ a cloud, वज्र fire.
- मेघवाहन m. (-नः) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. S'iva. E. मेघ a cloud, वाहन vehicle.
- मेघविष्णु जित n. (-तः) 1. Thunder. 2. A species of the Atidhriti' metro. E. मेघ, and विष्णु जित bursting.
- मेघवेश्मन् n. (-श्मन्) Sky, atmosphere. E. मेघ a cloud, and वेश्मन् abode.
- मेघसार m. (-रः) A kind of camphor. "वीनकपर्दः ।"
- मेघसुन्दर m. (-दरः) A peacock. E. मेघ a cloud, and सुन्दर a friend.
- मेघस्तवित n. (-तः) Thunder.
- मेघाख्य n. (-ख्यः) Talc. [arrival.
- मेघागम m. (-मः) The rains, the rainy season. E. मेघ a cloud, and आगम arrival.
- मेघाटीप m. (-पः) A dense cloud.
- मेघानन्दिन् m. (-न्दी) A peacock. E. मेघ a cloud, and आनन्दिन् delighting.
- मेघान्त m. (-न्तः) The autumn.
- मेघारि m. (-रिः) Wind.
- मेघास्त्र n. (-स्त्रः) Hail. E. मेघ a cloud, अस्त्र a bone. [place.
- मेघास्यद n. (-दः) Heaven, ether, sky, atmosphere. E. मेघ a cloud, आस्यद place.
- मेघोद्भूत m. (-भूतः) The father of the fifth Jina or Jain's saint.
- मेघक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Black, dark, of a dark, or black colour. m. (-कः) 1. Black or dark-blue, (the colour) 2. The eye of a peacock's tail. 3. A cloud. 4. Smoke. 5. A nipple. 6. A plant, (Hyperanthera morunga) mn. (-कः-कः) Darkness. n. (-कः) Sulphuret of antimony. E. मच् to mix, Unādi aff. वृन्, and the vowel changed to ए ।
- मेघकायना f. (-गा) The Yamuna' river. E. मेघक dark, and कायना the river.
- मेढ (च) मेढ r. 1st. cl. (मेढति) To be mad.
- मेढा f. (-वा) A tree, (Spodias mangifera.) 2. The emblic myrobalan-tree. E. मेढ, to be mad, लच् aff. [सिद्ध ।
- मेढ m. (-ढः) 1. An elephant-keeper or feeder. 2. A ram; also मेढ and मेढ (च) मेढ r. 1st cl. (मेढति) To be mad. [कन्, मेढक ।
- मेढ m. (-ढः) 1. The penis. 2. A ram. E. मिच् to urinate, एन् aff.; also with मेढचर्मन् n. (-र्मन्) The prepuce.

मेदयनी f. (-नी) A milky plant, the fruit of which is crooked, and therefore compared to a ram's horn, (*Asclepias geminata*.) E. मेद a ram, यनी a horn, ऊप् aff. "गाडरिङ्गा ।"

मेद m. (-दः) An elephant-keeper : also read मेठ as above.

मेद m. (-दः) An elephant-keeper or feeder.

मेद m. (-दः) A ram. E. निद् to urinate, चङ् aff., रुन् inserted and the final changed; also with कन् added मेदक ।

मेद् (ङ) मेद् r. 1st cl. (मेदति-ते) 1. To understand to comprehend. 2. To hurt, to injure. 3. To kill. 4. To associate.

मेदि m. (-दिः) 1. A pillar in the centre of a threshing floor, round which the cattle turn to tread out the corn. 2. A prop for supporting the shafts of a carriage. f. (-दी) A sort of grass, (*Trigonella foenugracum*.) E. निद् to understand, &c. रुन् aff., fem. aff. ऊप्; also with कन् added in the fem. form मेदिका; also मेदि ।

मेद (ङ) मेद r. 1st cl. (मेदति-ते) 1. To understand. 2. To kill or injure.

मेद m. (-दः) 1. Adeps, fat, the supposed proper seat of which is the abdomen. 2. One of the outcast tribes. f. (-दा) A drug, described as a sort of root resembling ginger, brought from the Morung district; it is one of the eight principal medicaments, and is said to be of cooling and emollient properties, and of particular use in fever and consumption. E. निद् to be greasy or unctuous, aff. चङ्; also मेदस् । [पु. लृ.]

मेदक m. (-कः) Vinous liquor for distilling. E. निद् to be unctuous, aff.

मेदस् n. (-दः) 1. Marrow: applicable not merely to the marrow of the bones, but more properly, to the serous or adipose secretion that spreads amongst the muscular fibres, and which is considered as performing the same functions to the flesh that the marrow of the bones performs to them: in Hindu physiology its proper seat is said to be the abdomen. 2. Morbid or unnatural corpulency. E. निद् to be unctuous, चङ् aff.

मेदकृत् n. (-कृत्) Flesh. E. मेदस् adeps, and कृत् made.

मेदलिन् mfn. (-ली-लिनी-लि) 1. Robust, stout, strong. 2. Fat, corpulent. E. मेदस् and लिन् aff.

मेदिनी f. (-नी) The earth. E. मेदस् adeps, इनि and ऊप् affs.; being made, according to the legend, of the adeps of two demons slain by BRAHMA'.

मेदिनीद्रव m. (-वः) Dust. E. मेदिनी the earth, and द्रु to get, aff. चङ् ।

मेदुर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Smooth, soft, bland, unctuous, saponaceous, &c. E. निद् to be unctuous, रुन् aff.

मेदोयि म. (-यिः) A fatty tumor. E. मेदस्, and यिन् knot.

मेदोज n. (-जः) A bone. E. मेदस् marrow, and ज born.

मेदोवरा f. (-रा) A membrane in the abdomen, containing the अति the omentum. E. मेदस्, वरा what has. [a tumour.]

मेदोऽलेद n. (-दः) Fatty tumours unattended with pain. E. मेदस्, अलेद

मेदोवह n. (-हः) A vessel carrying fat, a lymphatic. E. मेदस्, and वह what bears. [इति increase.]

मेदोवहि f. (-हिः) 1. Corpulency. 2. Enlargement of the scrotum. E. मेदस्

मेघ f. (-घा) 1. Fat. 2. Thick.

मेघ् (ङ) मेघ् r. 1st cl. (मेधति-ते) 1. To understand, to comprehend. 2. To associate. 3. To hurt, to injure, to kill.

मेघ m. (-घः) Sacrifice, offering oblation. f. (-घा) 1. Apprehension, conception, understanding. 2. Retentiveness. E. मेघ् to associate, aff. चप् or चङ् ।

मेघाजिन् m. (-जिन्) The name of a saint and grammarian; also KA'TYA-YANA. E. मेघा apprehension, and जिन् victor.

मेघावद m. (-वः) The poet KA'LIDA'SA.

मेघाविन् mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) Intelligent, comprehending, ready comprehension or conception. m. (-वी) 1. A parrot. 2. A learned man, a sage. 3. Intoxicating beverage. 4. The inspired writer Vyāṁ. f. (-वी) The wife of BRAHMA'. E. मेघा apprehension, विन् aff.

मेघि m. (-घिः) A post fixed in the centre of a threshing floor or barn to which the cattle are attached, as they turn round it to tread out the corn. E. मेघ to associate or connect, (the oxen, &c.) रुन् aff.

मेघिर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Intelligent, possessing a ready and just apprehension. E. मेघा apprehension, रुन् aff.

मेघ मfn. (-घः-घा-घं) 1. Pure, purified. 2. Fit for a sacrifice or oblation. f. (-घा) A kind of orris root, described as the red sort. 3. A sort of pigment: see रोचन. m. (-घः) 1. K'hayer, (*Mimosa catechu*.) 2. Barley. 3. A goat. E. मेघ् to associate, aff. चङ्; or मेघ a sacrifice, and यन् aff.

मेनका f. (-का) 1. One of the courtezans of Swarga. 2. Name of the wife of Hima'laya. E. मे to me, का any one, न not, (equal or comparable.); or नि-नक ।

मेनकासजा f. (-जा) DURGA' or PA'RVATI'. E. मेनका the wife of the personified mountain, सजा चासजा daughter. [प्रायेय husband.]

मेनकाप्रायेय m. (-यः) The personified Hima'laya mountain. E. मेनका,

मेनजा f. (-जा) PA'RVATI'. E. मेना, the mother of the goddess, जा born.

मेना f. (-ना) The wife of Hima'laya: see मेनका ।

मेनाद m. (-दः) 1. A cat. 2. A goat. 3. A peacock. E. मे imitative cry, मew, नाद sound.

मेनाधव m. (-वः) Hima'laya the personified mountain and father of DURGA' as PA'RVATI'. E. मेना the wife of the mountain, and धव husband.

मेयो f. (-यो) A plant, from the leaves of which a reddish dye is prepared, with which the palms of the hands, tips of the fingers, soles of the feet, and finger nails are stained, (*Lawsonia inermis*) also मेयिका । सा लक्ष्मीः इत्येते यया इन्-चङ् गीरा ऊप् "मेरदी ।"

मेप् (ङ) मेप् r. 1st cl. (मेपते) 1. To go, to move. 2. To serve.

मेप् (ङ) मेप् r. 1st cl. (मेपते) To serve. [measure, रुन् aff.]

मेय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Measurable, what is to be measured. E. मा to

मेरक m. (-कः) An Asura and foe to VISHN'U.

मेरु m. (-रुः) 1. The sacred mountain Me'ru, in the centre of the seven continents, compared to the cup or seed-vessel of the lotus, the leaves of which are formed by the different Dwipas: its height is said by the Hindus to be 84, 000 Yojanas, sixteen thousand of which are below the surface of the earth; the shape is variously described, as square, conical, columnar, spherical, or spiral, and the four faces of it are of various colours, or white towards the east, yellow to the south, black to the west, and red towards the north: the river Ganges falls from heaven on its summit, and flows thence to the surrounding worlds in four streams; the southern branch is the Ganges of India, the northern running into Tartary is the Bhadrāsoma', the eastern is the Sitā, and the western the Chacshu or Oxus; on the summit of Me'ru BRAHMA' resides attended and worshipped by the Rishis, Gandharbas, &c.: the regents of the points of the compass occupy the corresponding faces of the mountain, the whole of which consists of gold and gems: considered in any but a fabulous light, mount Me'ru appears to mean the high land of Tartary, immediately to the north of the Hima'laya mountains. 2. The central bead in a rosary. 3. The middle gem in a necklace. E. मि to scatter, (radiance.) Unādi aff. रु.

मेरुम m. (-मः) Fragrant resin, incense. E. मेरु mount Me'ru, रुन् aff.

मेरुवक n. (-कः) A spindle. E. मेरु and वक implement.

मेरु मf. (-रु-रः) Meeting, union, assemblage; in the modern dialects applied to a large concourse of people collected at stated periods for religious or commercial purposes, as at Haridwa'r, &c. f. (-रा) 1. Ink. 2. Antimony or any collyrium. 3. Union, intercourse. 4. A company, a society. 5. The indigo-plant. 6. A musical scale. E. मिश्र to mix, to meet, aff. चङ्; also with कृद् aff. मेरुव ।

मौल m. (-रः) Meeting, union, assemblage. २. मौल the same, कर्त्तु added.  
 मल m. (-नं) Meeting, assembling. २. Encounter. ३. Associating with.  
 ४. Mixing with ५. Adding to. ६. मिश्र to mix, कर्त्तु aff.  
 मयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती यन्) Mixing, adding, or causing to be mixed  
 with, or added to. ६. मिश्र to mix, causal v., कर्त्तु aff.  
 मान्ड mf. (-न्-न्दी) An inkstand. ६. मौल ink, चान्द delighting.  
 मान् f. (-न्-न्दी) An inkstand. ६. मौल ink, चान्द a well.  
 मान् m. (-न्-न्दी) An inkstand. ६. मौल ink, चान्द water.  
 र. (क) मेव r. 1st cl. (मेवने) To serve, to gratify by service.  
 र m. (-रः) १. A ram. २. The sign Aries. ३. A kind of drug. f. (-रा)  
 A sort of small cardamom, brought from Guzera't. f. (-नी) An  
 ewe. ६. मिश्र to contend with, अर्द्धि. [कर्त्तु aff., fem. form.]  
 मयविषादिता f. (-ता) A plant; see मेदुयङ्गी. ६. मेव a ram, विषाच a horn,  
 मययम् m. (-यः) A sort of poison. f. (-नी) A kind of creeping plant,  
 (Aselepias geminata, &c.) see मेदुयङ्गी. ६. मेव a ram, यङ्ग horn.  
 मकासुकुमुन m. (-नः) A sort of Cassia, (C. tora.) ६. मेव a ram, चक्ष the  
 eye, and कुमुन a flower; which is compared to a sheep's eye; also  
 analogous terms as मेवलोचन, &c.; it is also read मेवाक्ष and  
 मेवाक्ष, &c., as being named from the Mo'sa or ram. "चक्रमर्द्धे ।"  
 मेवाक्ष m. (-यः) INDRA. ६. मेव a ram, and चक्ष the testicle.  
 मेवान् m. (-नुः) A sort of shrub, commonly Ververa or Barbari,  
 (Ocimum pilosum.) ६. मेव a ram, and चान्द osculent root.  
 मेविका f. (-का) An ewe. ६. मेवी an ewe, कर्त्तु aff.  
 मय m. (-यः) १. Urinary disease, especially inflammatory affection of  
 the urethra, including gonorrhœa, &c. २. A ram. ३. A goat. ४.  
 Urine, piss. ६. मिश्र to pass as urine, अर्द्धि. [कर्त्तु aff.]  
 मयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती यन्) Urining, passing urine. ६. मिश्र to urinate,  
 मयन n. (-ने) १. Membrum virile. २. Urine, piss. ३. Passing urine,  
 pissing. ६. मिश्र to urinate, अर्द्धि. कर्त्तु.  
 मेदिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) १. Urining. २. Suffering from urinary affec-  
 tions. ६. मेद, इति aff.  
 मेन mfn. (-नः मौन-नः) Of or belonging to a friend, friendly, amicable.  
 m. (-नः) १. A Brahmana. २. A mixed caste. ३. The anus. nf.  
 (-न-नी) १. Friendship. २. Evacuation of excrement. ३. Union. ४. A  
 name of the seventeenth lunar asterism, (see the next.) ६. मित्र a  
 friend, or the sun and कर्त्तु aff.  
 मेनन n. (-नः) The seventeenth lunar asterism; also ANTRA'DHA'. ६. मित्र  
 the deity, presiding over the asterism, कर्त्तु aff. of relation, मौल be  
 longing to Mitra, and न an asterism.  
 मेवावच m. (-यः) १. A name of the saint AGASTYA. २. VA'LMĪKI. ३.  
 One of the officiating priests at a sacrifice. ६. मित्र the sun, वच  
 the deity of water, कर्त्तु aff.  
 मेवावचि m. (-चिः) १. A name of AGASTYA. २. VA'LMĪKI. ३. VAS'ISTHA.  
 ६. मित्रवच a sage, the father of this saint, and वच aff.; or मित्र  
 the sun, and वच VARUN'A, alluding to a legend of the birth of  
 the saint from a contest between these deities, for the posses-  
 sion of UNVANI', one of the courtezans of INDRA's heaven.  
 मेदीवल m. (-वः) A Budd'ha or Baud'd'ha deified saint.  
 मेदेय mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) Of or relating to a friend. m. (-यः) १. A man of  
 a mixed caste, the son of a Vaideha by an Ayogava mother: his  
 business is to announce the hours in verse. २. The seventh Bud-  
 d'ha, or one still to come. ३. The name of a saint or Muni, the  
 disciple of PARA'SARA, to whom the Visha'u Pura'na is narra-  
 ted. ६. मित्र a proper name, or मित्र a friend, and कर्त्तु aff. of descent  
 or relation. [मेदेय, कर्त्तु added.]  
 मेदेयक m. (-कः) A orier or chaunter of the hours: see the last. ६.  
 मेदेयिका f. (-का) The contest of friends or allies. ६. मेदेय relating to  
 friends, कर्त्तु aff. of animosity.  
 मेद m. (-न-नी) Friendship. ६. मित्र friend, कर्त्तु aff. of property, fem.  
 अर्द्धि. मौल, and the semi-vowel of the aff. rejected.

मेदिन् mfn. (-नः-नी-नः) Belonging to, born in, &c. Mithila'. f. (-नी) A  
 name of S'IRA'. ६. मिदिन्, कर्त्तु aff. [मिदिन् a couple, अर्द्धि. कर्त्तु.]  
 मेदुन n. (-नं) १. Copulation. २. Union, association. ३. Marriage. ६.  
 मेदुनकर m. (-रः) The excitement of sexual passion.  
 मेदुनिका f. (-का) Union by marriage.  
 मेवावच n. (-नः) Wisdom, prudence.  
 मेनाक m. (-कः) A mountain, or rock in the sea between the southern  
 end of the Peninsula, and Lanka'. ६. मेनका the wife of Hima'laya,  
 कर्त्तु aff. of descent, being in mythology her son. [sister.]  
 मेनाकसु f. (-सु) The goddess DURGA' as PA'RVATI'. ६. मेनाक, कर्त्तु  
 मेनाक m. (-नः) A fisherman.  
 मेनिक m. (-कः) A fisherman. ६. मीन a fish, and कर्त्तु aff.  
 मेन्द m. (-न्-न्दी) The name of a demon killed by KRISHN'A.  
 मेन्दन m. (-नः) KRISHN'A. ६. मेन्द as above, and इन् destroyer.  
 मेरेय n. (-यः) A sort of spirituous liquor, prepared from the blossoms  
 of the Lythrum fruticosum, with sugar, &c. ६. मेरा said to be  
 the name of a country or drug, कर्त्तु aff.  
 मेलेन् m. (-न्-न्दी) A bee.  
 मौक n. (-कः) The cast-off skin of an animal.  
 मौल्य mfn. (-यः-य्या-य्यः) To be loosed or let go, to be liberated. ६.  
 कर्त्तु to let go, तय्य अर्द्धि.  
 मौल्य r. 1st and 10th cls. (मौल्यति मौल्यति-ने) To let go, to release, to dis-  
 charge, to send, to cast or throw.  
 मौल्य m. (-यः) १. Final and eternal happiness, the liberation of the soul  
 from the body, and its exemption from further transmigration.  
 २. Death. ३. Liberation, freedom. ४. Loosening, untying. ५. End of  
 an eclipse. ६. Scattering. ७. Shooting. ८. A plant commonly  
 Ghan'ta'pārali. ९. Acquittance of an obligation, as by a son  
 to his father. ६. मौल्य to let loose or free, अर्द्धि. कर्त्तु.  
 मौलक mfn. (-कः का-कः) Who or what sets at liberty. m. (-कः) A deli-  
 verer, a liberator. ६. मौल्य, कर्त्तु aff.  
 मौल्य n. (-यः) १. Letting go or free, liberating. २. Squandering. ३.  
 Giving up. ४. Causing to flow. ६. मौल्य to let go, कर्त्तु aff.  
 मौल्यीय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) To be, or what may be liberated. ६. मौल्य, कर्त्तु  
 यर् अर्द्धि; also मौल्य, and मौल्यतय्य ।  
 मौल्यति mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Let go, liberated. ६. मौल्य, and कर्त्तु aff.  
 मौलीपाय m. (-यः) A sage, a devotee. ६. मौल्य emancipation, उपाय mean-  
 ३. Idle. f. (-चा-चा-च) १. Vain, useless, fruitless. २. Left, abandoned.  
 ३. Idle. f. (-चा) Trumpet-flower, (Bignonia suave oleus.) m. (-चः) A  
 fence, a hedge. ६. कर्त्तु to be foolish, अर्द्धि. कर्त्तु, and the final changed.  
 मौल्यकर्म mfn. (-कर्म-कर्म-कर्म) Following vain practices, observing useless  
 ceremonies. ६. मौल्य, कर्मन् act.  
 मौल्यज्ञान mfn. (-ज्ञान-ज्ञान-ज्ञान) Cultivating vain knowledge or any but re-  
 ligious wisdom. ६. मौल्य, and ज्ञान knowledge.  
 मौल्यपुत्रा f. (-पुत्रा) A barren woman.  
 मौल्यम mfn. (-मः-मा-मः) Indulging vain hopes. ६. मौल्य, and माया hope.  
 मौलीची m. (-ची) A fence, a hedge.  
 मौल्य m. (-यः) A tree, (Hyperanthera morunga.) f. (-चा) १. The silk-  
 cotton tree, (Bombax heptaphyllum) २. The plantain, (Musa  
 sapientum.) ३. The indigo-plant. n. (-चः) A plantain, (the fruit.) ६.  
 कर्त्तु to loose, अर्द्धि. कर्त्तु ।  
 मौल्यक m. (-कः) १. A tree, (Hyperanthera morunga.) २. The silk-cotton  
 tree. ३. The plantain tree. ४. A plant, commonly Ghan'ta'pārali'.  
 ५. A devotee, one who has divested himself of worldly passion and  
 desire. ६. A liberator. ६. कर्त्तु to be let loose, अर्द्धि. कर्त्तु; or causal  
 form, अर्द्धि. कर्त्तु, and कर्त्तु added.  
 मौल्य n. (-नः) Liberating, setting free. ६. कर्त्तु to be free, कर्त्तु aff.  
 मौल्यीय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) १. To be liberated or let loose. २. To be resign-  
 ed or given up. ६. कर्त्तु to be loose, causal v., कर्त्तु यर् अर्द्धि.  
 मौल्यरस m. (-रसः) The gum of the silk-cotton tree. ६. मौल्य the Bombax,

and ras juice; also similar compounds, as नीचनिर्वास, नीचसार, नीचसार, and नीचसुत ।  
 नीचाट m. (-टः) 1. A kind of pungent seed, (Nigella Indica.) "नलजोरे" 2. Sandal. 3. The heart of the plantain tree. 4. A plantain, (the fruit.) E. नीच a plantain, &c. चट् to go, (to be used with, to resemble, &c.) aff. चच् ।  
 नीचिनी f. (-नी) A prickly-nightshade. "नलकायान् ।" [be free, यत् aff. नीच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. To be let loose. 2. To be given up. E. मुच् to मोटक mn. (-कः-कं) A pill. n. (-कं) Two broken blades of kus'a grass. मोटकी f. (-की) One of the Ra'gini's or female personification of the musical modes. [to rub, &c. aff. चट् ।  
 मोटन m. (-नः) Air, wind. n. (-नं) Rubbing, grinding, pressing. E. मुट् मोटनक n. (-क) 1. Destruction. 2. A species of the Anush'tubh metre. मोशयित n. (-नं) One of the ten Bha'vas, or properties of women, the silent expression of returned affection.  
 मोष m. (-चः) 1. Dried fruit. 2. A sort of water-fly, the crocodile-fly. 3. A basket for carrying snakes in. E. मुष् to vow, aff. चच् ।  
 मोद m. (-दः) 1. Joy, delight, happiness. 2. Fragrance. E. मुद् to rejoice, aff. चच् ।  
 मोदक mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Delighting, rejoicing, causing happiness or delight. mn. (-कः-कं) A sort of sweetmeat. m. (-कः) A mixed casto. E. मुद् to be glad, in the causal form, to make glad, and चल् aff. मोदयत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यत्) Delighting, pleasing. f. (-नी) 1. Arabian jasmine. 2. A wild sort of lovage, (Ligusticum ajwaen.) E. मुद् to be pleased, causal form, aff. चच् ।  
 मोदित mfn. (-तः-तार-तं) Pleased, delighted. n. (-तं) Pleasure, delight. E. मुद् to rejoice, aff. क, and the vowel changed.  
 मोदिनी f. (-नी) 1. Jasmine. 2. Musk. 3. Spirituous liquor.  
 मोरट n. (-टः) 1. Root of sugar cane. 2. The blossom of the Alanguium hexapetalum. 3. Milk of seven days standing, or when it has lost its milky nature. f. (-टः) A sort of creeper, (Sansevieria zeylanica.) E. मुर् to surround, aff. चट् ।  
 मोष m. (-चः) 1. A robber. 2. Plundering. 3. Stolen property.  
 मोषक m. (-कः) A thief. E. मुष् to steal, चल् aff.  
 मोषण n. (-चं) 1. Stealing. 2. Killing. 3. Cutting. E. मुष्, and चट् aff.  
 मोषयित् m. (-यत्) 1. Bra'hmana 2. The ku'kila or Indian cuckoo.  
 मोषा f. (-षा) Stealing, theft, E. मुष् to steal, चट् and टाप् affs.  
 मोह m. (-हः) 1. Fainting, loss of consciousness or sense. 2. Ignorance, folly, foolishness; it is applied especially to that spiritual ignorance which leads men to believe in the reality of worldly objects, and to addict themselves to mundane or sensual enjoyment. 3. Pain, affliction. 4. Error, mistake. 5. Bewildarment, distraction. E. मुह् to be ignorant or foolish, aff. चच् ।  
 मोहकलिल n. (-लं) The snare of illusion.  
 मोहन mfn. (-नः-ना or -नी-नं) Fascinating, stupefying, depriving of sense or understanding. n. (-न) 1. Copulation. 2. One of the arrows of Ka'made'ya. 3. Temptation, seduction, the overpowering of reason and reflection by worldly or sensual allurements. 4. A charm employed to bewilder an enemy. m. (-नः) The thorn-apple, (Dhatura.) f. (-नः) 1. A sort of grass, (Trigonella corniculata.) 2. A kind of jasmine, commonly the Tripura or Tippera'h jasmine. E. मुह् to be foolish, causal form, aff. युच् or छट् ।  
 मोहनक m. (-कः) The mouth of chaitra.  
 मोहनास्त्र n. (-स्त्रं) A weapon which fascinates the person against whom it is directed.  
 मोहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Puzzled, perplexed. 2. Beguiled, deceived. E. मुह् to be foolish, causal v., क aff.  
 मोहिन mfn. (-नी-हिनी-हि) Illusive, fallacious, beguiling. E. मोह, and हि aff.; or मुह् to be foolish causal v., चिमुच् aff.  
 मोहिनी f. (-नी) 1. A kind of jasmine, commonly Tripuramāli, 2.

VISHN'U in the form of a fascinating woman. 3. A name of APSARA'. E. मोह folly, हि aff., and fem. aff. डीच् ।  
 मोक्षिल m. (-लिः) A crow, some books have मोक्षिल.  
 मोक्षिण n. (-क) A pearl. E. मुक्ता a pearl, उक् pleonastic aff.  
 मोक्षिकगुम्फिका f. (-का) A woman who prepares strings of pearls.  
 मोक्षिकप्रसवा f. (-वा) The pearl-oyster. E. मोक्षिक, and प्रसवा a mother  
 मोक्षिकयुक्ति f. (-क्तिः) A pearl-oyster. E. मोक्षिक, a pearl हि an oyster.  
 मोक्ष n. (-क्षं) Dumbness. E. मुक्. and यच् aff. [aff., fem. aff. डी  
 मोक्षय् nf. (-यं-यी) Scurrility, defamation. E. मुखर foul-mouthed, च  
 मोक्ष्य n. (-क्ष्यं) Pre-eminence, precedence. E. मुख chief, यच् aff.  
 मोक्ष n. (-क्ष) 1. Simplicity, silliness. 2. Ignorance. 3. A feminine property, asking a lover to tell what is already known. E. मुख, यच् aff.  
 मोक्ष n. (-चं) The fruit of the banana tree.  
 मोक्षी f. (-क्षी) The girdle of a Bra'hmana made of three strings (Munja grass. E. मुक्षा, and यच् aff.  
 मोक्षिबन्धन n. (-नं) Investiture with the distinguishing cord. E. मोक्षि th  
 girdle, and बन्धन binding; both being assumed at the same time.  
 मोक्ष n. (-क्ष) Ignorance, folly, especially spiritual folly: see मोक्ष. E  
 मुद् fool, यच् aff. of property.  
 मोक्ष्य n. (-क्ष्यः) Baldness, natural or artificial. E. मुख, and यच् aff.  
 मोक्ष n. (-क्षं) A quantity of urine.  
 मोदकिक m. (-कः) A confectioner.  
 मोक्षिल m. (-लिः) A crow.  
 मोक्षिल mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Fit for or bearing, &c. kidney-beans. E. मुद्  
 kidney-bean, and चल् aff.; also with चच् aff. मोक्ष । [aff.  
 मोक्ष n. (-नं) Silence, taciturnity. E. मुनि a sage, (who practises,) च  
 मोक्षनत्र n. (-नं) A vow of silence.  
 मोक्षित mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) Silent, taciturn. m. (-नी) An ascetic, a hermit,  
 a religious sage, one who has overcome his passions and retired  
 from the world. E. मोक्ष silence, and हि aff.  
 मोक्षिक m. (-कः) A player on a drum. E. मुख a drum, and उक् aff.  
 मोक्ष n. (-क्षं) Stupidity, folly, fatuity. E. मुख a fool, यच् aff.  
 मोक्षी f. (-क्षी) A bow-string. E. मुखा the plant, from the fibres of  
 which bow-strings are made, चच् and डीच् affs.  
 मोक्ष mfn. (-लः-ला-लो-लं) 1. Radical, proceeding from a root or origin. 2.  
 Of pure blood, descended from a respectable and primitive family  
 without any improper intermixture. E. मूल a root, and चच् aff.  
 मोक्ष mf. (-लि-लिः or -ली) 1. A lock of hair on the crown of the head.  
 2. Hair ornamented and braided round the head. 3. A diadem, a  
 tiara. 4. The head. f. (-ली) The earth. E. मूल the root or base, aff.  
 हच्; or मूल a name, and हच् aff. of descent; or म् to bind, नि  
 aff., and the radical vowel changed. [च aff.  
 मोक्ष m. (-च) Boxing, sparring, playing at fistycuffs. E. मुष्टि the fist,  
 मोक्षिक m. (-कः) A rogue, a swindler.  
 मोक्ष f. (-ली) Adj. Formed like a club. 2. Fought with clubs.  
 मोक्ष m. (-नं) An astrologer. E. मुक्ष an hour, and चच् aff.; also  
 with उक् aff. मोक्षिक ।  
 मर r. 1st cl. (मरति) To fix in the memory by frequent practice or  
 repetition, to study, to acquire by study, &c.  
 मार f. (-तः) Adj. 1. Learnt. 2. Repeated.  
 मच् r. 1st cl. (मचति) 1. To accumulate. 2. To smear, to anoint. r. 10th  
 cl. (मचयति-ते) 1. To mix, 2. To combine. 3. To speak incorrectly.  
 मच m. (-चः) Slyness, hypocrisy, concealment of one's vice or defects.  
 E. मच् to anoint, aff. चच् ।  
 मचय n. (-चं) 1. Oil. 2. Smearing the body with fragrant oils or un-  
 guents. 3. Heaping up. E. मच् to smear or anoint, छट् aff.  
 मच् r. 1st. cl. (मचति) To go, to move.  
 मच् r. 1st cl. (मचते) 1. To grind, to pound, to reduce to powder or  
 dust. 2. To tread or trample on.  
 मचिसन् m. (-नः) Softness, E. मुद् soft, and हिनिच् aff.



बालक myrobalan, "मिर्बालीमरु।"

यक्षोवाह m. (-वः) The Indian fig-tree, (*Ficus Indica*.) इ. यक्ष a demi-god, यक्षवाह abode. "यक्षोवाह ।"

यक्षिणी f. (-नी) 1. The wife of Kuvē'sa. 2. The wife of a Yaksha. 3. A sort of female fiend, attached to the service of Durgā, and frequently maintaining, like a sylph or fairy, an intercourse with mortals. इ. यक्षिणी a name of Kuvē'sa, and यक्षिणी aff.

यक्षेन्द्र m. (-न्द्रः) A name of Kuvē'sa. इ. यक्ष, and इन्द्र lord.

यक्षेय m. (-यः) Kuvē'sa. इ. यक्ष, and यक्षेय lord ; also यक्षेय and the like.

यक्षोदम्बु रक्ष n. (-क्ष) The fruit of the *Ficus religiosa*. [trover.]

यक्षणी f. (-णी) The raisin, dried-grape. इ. यक्ष consumption, यक्ष des-यक्ष्म m. (-क्ष्म) Pulmonary consumption. इ. यक्ष् to worship, and यक्षिन् Unādi aff. ; also with यक्ष् aff., यक्ष m. (-यः).

यक्षिन् f. (-यिनी) One who suffers from consumption.

यक्षनाह mfn. (-यः-वा-ह) Proposing or wishing to worship. इ. यक्ष् to worship, desid. v., यक्ष्नाह aff. [यक्ष termination.]

यक्षन् m. (-न्तः) The frequentative deponent verb, (in gram.) इ. यक्ष्, यक्षन्तु dropped, and यक्ष termination. [To present or endow.]

यक्ष् r. 1st. ol. (यक्षति-ते) 1. To worship a deity. 2. To associate with. 3. यक्षन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्तो-यन्) Sacrificing, worshipping. इ. इ. यक्ष् to worship, यक्ष् aff.

यक्षत m. (-तः) The officiating priest at a sacrifice. इ. यक्ष् to worship, यक्षति m. (-तिः) A term for those sacrifices to which the verb यक्षति is applied, as distinguished from those rites to which the verb जुहोति applies. Sarvajñya-Nāra'yana renders जुहोति by उपविष्टहीन and यक्षति by तिष्ठहीन इ. यक्ष-यक्षिण ।

यक्षन् m. (-यः) A Brāhmana who has maintained his consecrated fire. इ. यक्ष् to sacrifice, यक्षन् Unādi aff. [यक्ष् ट aff.]

यक्षन् n. (-न्) Offering sacrifices, performing worship. इ. यक्ष् to worship, यक्षन् m. (-यः) A sacrificer, a worshipper, इ. यक्ष् to sacrifice, aff. यक्ष्.

यक्षमान mfn. (-यः-ना-यः) Worshipping. म. (-यः) 1. An employer of priests at sacrifice, the person who institutes its performance, and pays the expence of it. 2. A patron, a host. इ. यक्ष् to worship, यक्षन् aff. of the present participle, with यक्ष् augment.

यक्षाक m. (-यः) A donor, a benefactor, a liberal giver of presents, &c. इ. यक्ष् to present, Unādi aff. यक्षाक ।

यक्षि m. (-यिः) A sacrificer, one who institutes or performs a sacrifice. इ. यक्ष् to sacrifice, aff. यक्ष् ।

यजुर्वेद n. (-दः) The Yajur-Ve'da ; see the next. इ. यजुस्, वेद a Ve'da.

यजुस् n. (-जुः) The Yajur or Yajush, one of the four Ve'das ; it is divided into two principal portions, the white and black, or Vājasa-ne'yi and Taittiri'ya, the former of which is attributed to the saint Yā'JNAWALKYA, to whom it was revealed by the sun, in the form of a horse ; and the latter to Taittiri, to whom it was communicated by Yā'ska, the first pupil of its original author, the sage Vais'AMPA'YANA : according to the Para'n'as the Taittiri'ya portion was named from Tittiri a partridge ; the disciples of Vais'AMPA'YANA being changed into those birds, to pick up the texts of the Ve'da as they were disgorged in a tangible shape by Yā'JNAWALKYA, at the command of Vais'AMPA'YANA : both portions of this Ve'da are very full on the subject of religious rites, and the prayers peculiar to it, are chiefly in measured and poetical prose. इ. यक्ष् to worship, Unādi aff. यक्ष् ।

यज् m. (-यः) A sacrifice, a ceremony in which oblations are presented. इ. यक्ष् to worship, aff. यक्ष् ।

यजकर्मन् n. (-र्मः) Any sacrificial act of ceremony. इ. यक्ष, and यक्षन् act.

यजकल्प Adj. Of the nature of a sacrifice.

यजनीयक m. (-यः) The post to which the victim is fastened at a sacrifice. [fire.]

यजकुण्ड m. (-यः) A hole in the ground built for receiving the sacrificial

यजन्तु m. (-यन्तु) A sacrificer, a worshipper, or priest conducting a sacrifice. इ. यक्ष sacrifice, यक्ष् who makes.

यजन्तु m. (-यः) 1. A complete rite. 2. VISHN'U.

यजद्वय m. (-यः) A Ra'khasa, any imp. इ. यक्ष, द्वय to wrong, द्वय aff.

यजपथ m. (-यः) 1. A horse. 2. Any animal offered in sacrifice, इ. यक्ष a sacrifice, and यक्ष an animal.

यजपात्र n. (-यः) A sacrificial vessel. इ. यक्ष, and यक्ष a vessel.

यजपुत्र m. (-यः) A name of VISHN'U. इ. यक्ष sacrifice, पुत्र man or male, यक्षपात्र n. (-यः) A sacrificial vessel. इ. यक्ष sacrifice, and यक्षपात्र vessel.

यजभूमि f. (-यिः) Place prepared for a sacrifice, or where it is offered. इ. यक्ष, and यक्ष land. [the board.]

यजवराह m. (-यः) VISHN'U in his boar-incarnation. इ. यक्ष, and यक्ष

यजवृक्ष f. (-यिः-वृक्ष) The Soma plant ; also यजवृक्ष ।

यजवाट m. (-यः) A place prepared and enclosed for a sacrifice. इ. यक्ष a sacrifice, वाट inclosure.

यजवृक्ष m. (-यः) The Indian fig-tree.

यजवेदि f. (-यिः or दी) A sacrificial altar. [sacrifice is performed.]

यजवस्त्र n. (-यः) A building or a temporary structure under which a यजश्चिद mfn. (-यः-यि-यः) What is left from a sacrifice or oblation. इ. यक्ष, यिद remainder. [der.]

यजशेष m. (-यः) The relics of a sacrifice or oblation. इ. यक्ष, शेष remain-

यजसदस्य n. (-यः) An assembly of people at a sacrifice.

यजसार m. (-यः) The glomerous fig-tree, (*Ficus glomerata*, Rox.) इ. यक्ष sacrifice, सार essence. "यक्षोदम्बर हवे ।"

यजश्चिद f. (-यिः) 1. Performance of sacrifice. 2. Obtaining the objects of a sacrifice. इ. यक्ष, and यिद accomplishment.

यजस्त्र n. (-यः) The characteristic thread, worn by the three principal classes of Hindus. इ. यक्ष sacrifice, and यक्ष thread.

यजस्थान n. (-यः) A place of sacrifice. इ. यक्ष and यक्ष place.

यजान् m. (-यः) 1. The glomerous fig, (*Ficus glomerata*, Rox.) 2. A plant, (*Siphonanthus Indica*.) 3. A part of any sacrificial ceremony. इ. यक्ष a sacrifice, यक्ष a member. [end, finish.]

यक्षान्त m. (-यः) A supplementary sacrifice, इ. यक्ष the principal, यक्ष यक्षारि m. (-यिः) 1. A name of Ś'IVA 2. A demon, a goblin. इ. यक्ष a sacrifice, यक्ष enemy.

यक्षिक m. (-यः) The Palāsh tree, (*Butea frondosa*.) इ. यक्ष, यक्ष aff.

यक्षिन् mfn. (-यः-यि-यः) 1. Proper for or suitable to a sacrifice. 2. Pious.

3. Sacred. म. (-यः) 1. The third Yuga or Dwa'para age. 2. A god, a deity. इ. यक्ष sacrifice, and यक्ष aff.

यक्षिदेश f. (-यः) The country of Hindus ; those districts in which the ritual and institutes of the Hindu system are enforced ; properly the country in which the black deer or antelope is native. इ. यक्षि sacrificial, and यक्ष a country.

यक्षिवाला f. (-यः) A temple, a shrine, a place of sacrifice. इ. यक्षि to be sacrificed, (where,) यक्षि hall.

यक्षीयवृक्षपादय m. (-यः) The Vikantaka tree. "यक्षि ।"

यक्षोदम्बर m. (-यः) The glomerous fig-tree, (*Ficus glomerata*, Rox.) इ. यक्ष sacrifice, यक्षोदम्बर the same.

यक्षोपकरण n. (-यः) Any utensil or implement necessary for a sacrifice.

यक्षोपवीत n. (-यः) The sacrificial cord, originally worn by the three principal casts of Hindus ; at present from the loss of the pure Kshetriya and Vais'ya casts in Bengal, confined to the Brāhminical order. इ. यक्ष sacrifice, यक्षोपवीत thread.

यक्षोपवीतिन् m. (-यः) A Brāhmana, &c. invested with the sacred thread. इ. यक्षोपवीत, यक्षि aff.

यक्षु m. (-युः) A Brāhmana, conversant with the Yajur-Ve'da. इ. यक्ष् to worship, Unādi aff. यक्ष् ।

यक्षन् m. (-यन्) 1. A sacrificer in due form, or agreeably to the ritual of the Ve'das. 2. VISHN'U. f. (-यिनी) Sacrificing, worshipping. इ. यक्ष् to worship, यक्षि aff.

चन्द्रावति m. (-तिः) The moon. ३. यत्नम् a sacrificer in the sixth case plural, यति master.

वत् (ई) वती r. 1st cl. (वतते) To resolve or determine in consequence of a wish or desire, to apply or endeavour strenuously, to energise, to persevere. r. 10 cl. (वतवति-ते) 1. To distress or afflict. 2. To beat. 3. To order. 4. To collect, to assemble. 5. To work, to make or manufacture. 6. To prevent, to remove. 7. To return, to give back, to requite. 8. To barter or exchange. 9. To purify. 10. To encourage. With निर or वि prefixed, To chastise, to punish, to inflict pain. With विस् or प्रवि, 1. To restore. 2. To requite.

वत् Ind. Because as, since, wherefore, correlative of तत् thence, therefore, &c. ३. यत् to check, to restrain, क्षिप् and तुष् affs.

वत् mfn. (तः-ता-तं) 1. Governed, controlled. 2. Limited, restrained. n. (-तं) The stirring of an elephant by means of the rider's feet. ३. यत् to check, क्त aff.

वत्चित्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Resigned, subdued, one of well-governed thoughts or feelings. ३. यत् and चित्त the mind.

वत्चित्तात्मन् mfn. (-त्ता-त्मा-त्मा) Having power over the soul and spirit, of subdued mind. ३. यत्चित्त, आत्मन् self. [यत् aff.]

वत्तन् mfn. (-तन्-तन्ती-तन्) Striving, making effort. ३. यत् to make effort, वत्तन् n. (-न्) Making effort or exertion. ३. यत् to make effort, क् ट् aff.

वत्तनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be exerted, or persevered, to be made as an effort. ३. यत् to make effort, क्नीयर् aff.

यत्तम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Which, (of many.) ३. यद् which, उत्तरम् aff.

यत्तमान् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Making effort, striving, struggling, persevering. ३. यत् to strive, यत्तम् aff.

यत्तमेवम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Disinclined to sexual intercourse, abstaining from it. ३. यत्, and यत्तम् coition.

यत्तम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Which, (of two), whether. ३. यद् which, उत्तरम् aff.

यत्तम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Firm to an engagement or vow. ३. यत्, व्रत a vow.

यत्तम् Ind. Because, as, since, whence : see यत्. ३. यद् which, what, and तत्तम् substituted for the termination of the 5th case.

यत्तम् Ind. 1. From any place whatsoever. 2. From any person.

यत्तात्मन् mfn. (-त्ता-त्मा-त्मा) Of subdued or well-governed spirit. ३. यत्, आत्मन् self.

यत्तात्मन् mfn. (-यत्त-यत्ती-यत्त) Self-subdued, having the mind and all its powers in subjection. ३. यत्तात्म, and यत्तम् aff.

यत्ताहार mfn. (-यत्त-यत्त-यत्त) Temperate, abstemious. ३. यत्त, and यत्ताहार food.

यति Pron. How many, as many, (declined only in the plural, nominative and accusative यति).

यति m. (-तिः) 1. A sage, whose passions are completely under subjection. 2. A religious mendicant, especially one of the Jain's sect. 3. Stopping, ceasing, rest, term. 4. Restraining, controlling, checking. f. (-तिः) 1. A pause in poetry or metre, a stop, a rest. 2. Union, joining. 3. Restraint, check. 4. Guidance. ३. यत् endeavour, &c., aff. हत् ; or यत् to restrain, aff. क्षिप् ।

यति f. (-ता) Adj. Attempted, striven after.

यति m. (-ती) A sage with subdued passions. f. (-नी) A widow. ३. यत् restraining, from यत् with क्त aff. and इति added.

यतिपात्र n. (-यं) A vessel for collecting alms, made of wood, or a hollow bamboo, an earthen bowl, or a gourd. ३. यति and पात्र a vessel.

यतिवेषु न. (-यं) The copulation or cohabitation of holy personages. ३. यति as above, and यत्तम् coition.

यत्तम् f. (-या) A plant, Chaka'wat commonly. "वेतोराय ।"

यत्तम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Chaste, pure, of subdued passions. ३. यत्, इन्द्रिय an organ of sense.

यत्तम् Adj. m. (-यः) Of subdued passions, pious, pure.

यत्तम् Ind. 1. From whatever place. 2. Wherever.

यत्तम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Doing what. ३. यत् and क्त to do, यत् aff.

यत्तम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Striven, resolved, exerted. ३. यत् to resolve, क्त aff.

यत्तम् m. (-यः) Effort, exertion, perseverance, energy. ३. यत् to endeavour strenuously or continuously, aff. क्त ।

यत्तम् Ind. Vigorously, strenuously. ३. यत् and तत् aff.

यत्तम् mfn. (-यत्त-यत्ती-यत्त) Persevering, diligent, making effort or exertion. ३. यत् effort, यत्तम् aff. [exert, यत् aff.]

यत्तम् mfn. (-यत्त-यत्ती-यत्त) To be exerted or made as an effort. ३. यत् to यत् Ind. 1. Where, in what place. 2. When. 3. Because, since, as that. ३. यद् what, and यत् aff.

यत्तम् (यत्) यत्ति r. 1st and 10th cls. (यत्तति-ते यत्तयति-ते) To confine, to restrain, to subdue or regulate : the root may also be written यत्त ।

यत्त Ind. As, according to ; correlative to तथा so : it is also commonly used in composition to form adverbs ; as यत्ताकालं seasonably, यत्ताकालं regularly, यत्ताकालं fitly, suitably, यत्ताकालं according to scripture, &c. ३. यद् what, यत्तम् aff. [to, यत्त part, तत्त aff.]

यत्तम् Ind. Proportionably, in due proportion. ३. यत्ता as, according यत्ताकालं Ind. As much as, tantum quantum ; it is especially used as a term of disrespect. ३. यत्ता as, and कथा how.

यत्ताकालं Ind. Rarely, unfrequently, seldom than proper. ३. यत्ता as much, कथा how much, with यत् the particle aff.

यत्ताकालं mfn. (-यत्त-यत्ती-यत्त) What is right or proper to be done. ३. यत्ता कर्तव्य to be done.

यत्ताकालं Ind. According to action, duties or circumstances.

यत्ताकालं Adv. n. (-यत्त) As designed. ३. यत्ता and कल्प making. [desire.

यत्ताकालं Adv. n. (-यत्त) At pleasure, as you please. ३. यत्ता, and कालं

यत्ताकालं mfn. (-यत्त-यत्ती-यत्त) Wilful, independent, uncontrolled, following one's own inclinations. ३. यत्ता as, according to, कालं desire, इति aff.

यत्ताकालं Ind. At the right moment.

यत्ताकालं Adj. As agreed.

यत्ताकालं Adv. n. (-यत्त) In order, orderly, successively, methodically. ३.

यत्ता agreeably to, कालं order.

यत्ताकालं Ind. According to ability.

यत्ताकालं Adv. n. (-यत्त) Applied to a person's being sent away or returning as he came. ३. यत्ता and गत gone.

यत्ताकालं mfn. (-यत्त-यत्ती-यत्त) 1. Foolish, stupid, a fool, a natural. 2. Barbarous, outcast. ३. यत्ता as, जन्तु born, as simple as at birth.

यत्ताकालं Ind. To the best of one's knowledge.

यत्ताकालं mfn. (-यत्त-यत्ती-यत्त) Right, true. Ind. or adv. n. (-यत्त) 1. Properly, suitably. 2. Precisely, exactly. Noun. (-यत्त) Narrative of events, history. ३. यत्ता as, and तथा so, with the termination of the neuter gender.

यत्ताकालं Adv. In any way, any how. ३. यत्ता and तथा, &c.

यत्ताकालं n. Adv. (-यत्त) 1. In order or succession. 2. Formerly, precedingly, in prior time or place. ३. यत्ता as, पूर्व formerly, before.

यत्ताकालं Ind. With all one's might.

यत्ताकालं Ind. 1. According to share. 2. Each in his respective place.

यत्ताकालं Ind. According to one's wish or purpose. ३. यत्ता, and अभिमत purposed.

यत्ताकालं Ind. According to truth.

यत्ताकालं mfn. (-यत्त-यत्ती-यत्त) 1. Like, resembling, shewing, similarly or reflecting. 2. Looking straight at, (with a genitive.) ३. यत्ता as, मुख the countenance, and यत् aff.

यत्ताकालं Ind. 1. As, thereto, appertaining. 2. Rightly. ३. यत्ता repeated, with the termination of the neuter gender.

यत्ताकालं mfn. (-यत्त-यत्ती-यत्त) 1. Right, proper. 2. According to the sense. n. Adv. or ind. (-यत्त) Properly, suitably. ३. यत्ता as, यत्त property.

यत्ताकालं f. (-ता) Rectitude, propriety, fitness. ३. तत् added to the last ; also with तत्, यत्ताकालं ।

यत्ताकालं mfn. (-यत्त-यत्ती-यत्त) Proper, suitable, appropriate. n. adv. or ind. (-यत्त) Properly, suitably. ३. यत्ता as, यत्त properly.

यथावत् Adv. Properly, fitly. *३.* यथावत् and तथैव aff.  
यथावत्तु m. (-त्तुः) A spy, a secret emissary. *३.* यथावत् properly, suitably, यत्तु form, colour.  
यथावकाश Adv. n. or ind. (-त्तुः) 1. According to opportunity. 2. In the proper place. *३.* यथा, and यथावकाश season.  
यथावत् Ind. 1. Truly, exactly, as it was, according to law or usage. 2. accordingly, conformably. *३.* यथा and तथैव aff.  
यथावसर Adv. n. or ind. (-त्तुः) According to opportunity. *३.* यथा and यथावसर opportunity.  
यथाविधि Ind. or n. adv. According to rule. *३.* यथा, and विधि precept.  
यथावत् Adv. (-त्तुः) Circumstantially, relating a thing as it happened. *३.* यथा, and इत being.  
यथाशक्ति Adv. Extent of capability, as much as possible. *३.* यथा as much as, and शक्ति power.  
यथाशास्त्र Adv. n. (-त्तुः) According to the Shāstras, agreeably to scripture. *३.* यथा agreeably to, शास्त्र the Sha'stras.  
यथासुख Adv. n. (-त्तुः) Happily *३.* यथा, and सुख pleasure.  
यथास्थित mfn. (-त्तुः-ता-त्तुः) Right, proper, fit, true. n. (-त्तुः) Circumstantially, or all that happened or existed. *३.* यथा as, and स्थित fixed, established.  
यथासम् Ind. As, according or appertaining to, properly, peculiarly. *३.* यथा as, and स्व own, peculiar.  
यथेष्टित mfn. (-त्तुः-ता-त्तुः) Wished, desired. Adv. n. or ind. (-त्तुः) 1. Willingly, voluntarily. 2. Wilfully, independently. *३.* यथा as, इष्टित (participle past, desiderative form of याप् to obtain,) desired, wished. to will or inclination.  
यथेष्ट mfn. (-त्तुः-ता-त्तुः) Wished, desired Adv. n. or ind. (-त्तुः) According  
यथेष्टचारिन् m. (-त्तुः) A bird. *३.* यथा as, इष्ट wished, चारिन् who goes.  
यथोचित mfn. (-त्तुः-ता-त्तुः) Right, proper. Adv. n. or ind. (-त्तुः) Properly, suitably. *३.* यथा, and उचित proper.  
यथोदित mfn. (-त्तुः-ता-त्तुः) As said or explained. *३.* यथा as, उदित said.  
यद् mfn. Relative pronoun. (-यः-या यद्) Who, which, what. *३.* यद् to worship, Unādi aff. यदि, with the power of विद् ।  
यदा Ind. When, at what time. *३.* यद् what, दाच् aff., the final rejected.  
यदि Ind. If; particle of suspicion or doubt. *३.* यद् to make effort, दच् aff., and the radical final changed to द ।  
यद् m. (-द्) 1. The name of a king, the ancestor of KRISHN'A, and the eldest son of YAYATI' and DE'VARA'NI', the sixth monarch of the lunar dynasty. 2. A country on the west of the Jamuná river about Mat'hurá and Brinda'bana, over which YADU ruled, and named after him: according to some authorities, however, the kingdom of YADU, is the Dakshin or Peninsula of India. m. Plu. (-यः) 1. The Ya'davas, the people of YADU. 2. Descendants of king YADU: more usually however यादवाः ।  
यदनाथ m. (-यः) A name of KRISHN'A. *३.* यद् the son of YAYATI, here put for his race, नाथ lord, chief.  
यद्वा f. (-वा) 1. Wilfulness, independence, following one's own fancies. 2. (In grammar,) A noun which is neither a generic nor specific term, or noun of agency; one either not derived from authority, or not possessing meaning. *३.* यद् what, which, वाच् to go, affs. च and टाच् ।  
यद्वाचिन् m. (-यः) A voluntary or self-offered witness. *३.* यद्वाचि, and यदपि Adv. Although. *३.* यदि, and अपि certainly.  
यद्वा Ind. As, in what manner, correlative to तद्वा. *३.* यद्, and तथैव aff.  
यद्वा mfn. (-यः-ता-यः-त्तुः) A check, a restraint, any person or thing that restrains, &c. m. (-यः) 1. A charioteer. 2. An elephant-driver. *३.* यद् to restrain, अच् दच् ।  
यद्वा r. 1st and 10 cl. (यद्वाचि-ने यद्वाचि-ने) To restrain: see यद्वा ।  
यद्वा n. (-यः) 1. A machine in general, any implement or apparatus. 2. A diagram of a mystical nature, or astrological character. 3. A

sort of vessel. 4. Restraining, checking, controlling. 5. A little cord. 6. A lock, a bolt. *३.* यद्वा to check, Unādi aff. च; or यद्वा यद्वा m. (-यः) One acquainted with machinery. f. (-वा) A younger sister. n. (-यः) 1. A turner's lathe. 2. A bandage, medicine. *३.* यद्वा a machine or restraining, &c., यद्वा added.  
यद्वायद्वा n. (-यः) 1. An oil-mill. 2. A manufactory. *३.* यद्वा machine, apparatus used for grinding substances yielding oil, यद्वा a house.  
यद्वायद्वा m. (-यः) Common-peg. *३.* यद्वा a machine, and यद्वा round. यद्वा यद्वा n. (-यः) 1. Pain, anguish, affliction. 2. Binding, confining. Checking, controlling, especially the passions. 4. Guarding, protecting. *३.* यद्वा to restrain, &c., aff. यद्वा ।  
यद्वायद्वा f. (-वा) A wife's younger sister; also यद्वायद्वा । [grinding o  
यद्वायद्वा f. (-वा) A handmill. *३.* यद्वा a machine, यद्वायद्वा a stone ।  
यद्वायद्वा mfn. (-यः-ता-यः-त्तुः) 1. Bound, tied, chained, fettered. 2. Checke restrained. *३.* यद्वा restraining, and यद्वा aff.  
यद्वायद्वा mfn. (-यः-ता-यः-त्तुः) Restrained in speech, constrained to be silent. *३.* यद्वायद्वा, यद्वा speech.  
यद्वायद्वा m. (-वा) 1. A horse furnished with harness or trappings. 2. tormenter. 3. One having an amulet.  
यद्वा (वा) यद्वा r. 1st cl (यद्वायद्वा) To copulate.  
यद्वा r. 1st cl. (वा, च) यद्वायद्वा (यद्वायद्वा) To stop, to cease, to refrain. With नि prefixed, 1. To remove, to dispel. 2. To observe as a vow religious rite. 3. To regulate, to restrain. With चच्, 1. To rise, mount on. 2. To make effort or exertion. 3. To lift up, to raise. With वि and वाच्, To exercise. With चच् and नि, To restrain. In some senses it takes the deponent form, as with वाच् prefixed (वायद्वायद्वा) To put forth, to use or employ any part of one's own body as the hand, &c. (वायद्वायद्वा) 1. To size. 2. To go to, to proceed to. With चच्, (चयद्वायद्वा) To heap together any thing that is one's own. (चयद्वायद्वा) To associate with. With चच्, (चयद्वायद्वा) 1. To marry. To agree or accede to. 3. To master by learning. r. 10th cl (यद्वायद्वा-ने यद्वायद्वा-ने) 1. To feed, to give food to. 2. To restrain.  
यद्वा mfn. (-यः-ता-यः-त्तुः) Twin, fellow, one of the pair or brace. m. (-यः) Restraining, controlling. 2. Forbearance, refraining. 3. Cessation, stop, conclusion, finish. 4. Religious restraint or obligation, considered the first of the eight steps of Yoga. 5. Penance, purification, the performance of those acts which remove impurity of any kind. 6. Any of the five acts or virtues which constitute pure characters, as refraining from violence, injury, patience, sincerity, obedience to a spiritual teacher, and the observance of all purificatory ceremonies. 7. A festival. 8. A crow. 9. A name of the planet SATURN. 10. YAMA, the deity of Naraka or hell, where his capital is placed, in which he sits in judgment on the dead, and distributes rewards and punishments sending the good to Swarga, and the wicked to the division of Naraka or Tartarus appropriated to their crimes: he corresponds with the Grecian god PLUTO, and the judge of hell MINOS, and in Hindu mythology often identified with Death and Time: he is the son of SU'RYA, or the sun, and brother of the personified YAMUNA' or Jamuná river. n. (-यः) A brace, a couple, a pair. f. (-वा) The Yamuná river. *३.* यद्वा to restrain, &c., aff. यद्वा यद्वा, or यद्वा ।  
यद्वायद्वा mfn. (-यः-ता-यः-त्तुः) Twin, fellow, one of a pair or twins. m. (-यः) 1. A religious obligation or observance. 2. A twin. 3. Restraining check. n. (-यः) 1. A species of alliteration, the repetition of similar words or syllables either in a similar or a dissimilar sense in various parts of a stanza, beginning, middle, or end of each hemistich, pervading the whole verse: ten varieties are enumerated. 2. A couple of like articles; (in medicine,) serum and marrow; oil and ghee, (in diet,) &c. 3. A double bandage. यद्वा added to the preceding.

ययकाखिली f. (-की) SANJNYA, the wife of the sun. ३. यय YAMA, and काखिली the Yamuna's river; their mother.  
 ययकिहूर m. (-रः) A messenger of death.  
 ययकोट m. (-टः) An earth worm. ३. यय YAMA, and कोट a worm.  
 ययज Adj. Twin-born. [Ra'ma.  
 ययमद्वि m. (-द्वि) १. The saint JAMADAGNI, the father of the first ययमद्वि m. (-द्वि) १. An infernal spirit, the messenger or minister of YAMA, employed to bring the souls of the dead to YAMA's judgment seat, and thence conduct them to their final destination.  
 २. A crow. ३. यय YAMA, and दूत a messenger.  
 ययदूत m. (-कः) १. A crow. २. A messenger or minister of YAMA. f. (-तिका) The tamarisk tree. ३. यय aff. to the last.  
 ययदेवता nf. (-त-ता) The lunar asterism Bharani'. ३. यय YAMA. देवता deity, the deity or regent of this constellation.  
 ययद्वितीया f. (-या) The second day in the bright-half of KARTIKA when sisters entertain their brothers: see आद्वितीया।  
 ययन n. (य) १. Binding, confining. २. Term, cessation, rest. ३. Controlling, restraining. m. (-नः) A name of YAMA. ३. यय to restrain, aff. लृट्।  
 ययनिका f. (-का) A screen of cloth surrounding a tent. ३. यय to stop or check, aff. लृट्, कन् added, fem. form; also जयनिका। [ed.  
 ययप्रिय m. (-यः) Indian fig-tree, (Ficus Indica.) ३. यय YAMA, प्रिय beloved.  
 ययप्रियी f. (-नी) The YAMUNA' river. ३. यय YAMA, प्रियी sister.  
 यययातना f. (-ना) १. The torture inflicted after death by YAMA. २. An extreme torture, (figuratively.)  
 यययय m. (-यः) A buffalo. ३. यय YAMA, and यय a car.  
 ययराज m. (-राज) YAMA, the Indian PLUTO. ३. यय YAMA, and राज a ruler; also with a final vowel ययराज m. (-जः)  
 ययन n. (-नः) A pair, a brace, a couple. f. (-नी) १. A sort of dress, a bodice and petticoat. २. A pair. f. (-जा) Violent hic-cough. ३. यय to refrain, to cease, aff. लृट्; or यय योगं जाति ला-क।  
 ययनार्जुनद्वय m. (-द्वय) KRISHNA. ३. ययनार्जुन a tree so named in the forest of Brindavana, द्वय destroyer.  
 ययराज m. (-नः) A buffalo. ३. यय YAMA, and यययय vehicle.  
 ययराज n. (-नः) One of the duties of royalty, punishing offences without regard to persons, or without partiality or prejudice. ३. यय the judge of Tartarus, and दत्त observance.  
 ययसभ n. (-यः) The court or tribunal of Yama. ३. यय, सभा assembly.  
 ययसभनीय mfn. (य-या-य) Belonging to the court of Yama. ३. ययसभ, यय aff.  
 ययसाकृत mfn. (-त-ता-त) Made over to, devoted to, or sent to YAMA. ३. यय with सति aff., and कृत made.  
 ययन्यय n. (यः) A building with two halls, one with a western and the other with a northern aspect. [YAMA, सति the sister.  
 ययसख f. (यः) १. The YAMUNA' river. २. A name of DURGA'. ३. यय ययानो f. (-नो) A sort of loage, (Ligusticum ajwaen, Rox.) ३. यय to check, (indigestion,) चाकू before, नो to obtain, affs. यय and कोष; with लृट्, aff. ययानिका; it is incorrectly read ययानो, and ययानिका।  
 ययानक m. (-कः) A name of S'IVA. ३. यय YAMA, and यययय destroyer.  
 ययन्यय mfn. (-नो-नि-नो-नि) Who or what restrains, checks, &c. m. (-नो) A sage, who has subdued his sense. ३. यय restraint, and यय aff.  
 ययन्यय f. (-नो) The YAMUNA' or Jamuna river, which rises on the south side of the Hima'laya-range, at a short distance to the north-west of the source of the Ganges; and which after a course of about 378 miles falls into that river immediately below Alla'hábad; in mythology, the personified river is considered as the daughter of S'URYA, and sister of YAMA. ३. यय to stop, (at the Ganges), and. यययय Una'di aff.  
 यययययय m. (-यः) S'URYA, or the sun. ३. यययय the river, यययय father.

यययययय m. (-यि-यि-यि) BALADA'VA, the brother of KRISHNA. ३. 'यययय the Yamuna', and यययय divider; having divided the river into two parts with his ploughshare.

यययययय m. (-यः) A name of YAMA. ३. यययय the Yamuna', यययय brother.  
 यययययय f. (-की) A Gong, a metal plate, or a large drum used to strike the hours or watches.

यययययय m. (-यि) A monarch of India, the fifth of the lunar race and son of NAHUSA. At first he married Dévaja'ni, the only child of S'UKRA, the preceptor of the demons and subsequently S'HARMIST'HA' the daughter of VISHAPARVAN, who was ordered by her father to attend on Dévaja'ni as a servant, as a punishment for her throwing her in a well. For his marrying and making love to S'HARMIST'HA', Yaja'ti became old and infirm before his time through the curse of S'UKRA, but having appeased his father-in-law obtained permission to transfer his decrepitude to any one who would consent to take it. Out of his five sons Puru complied with his father's wishes. The King being endowed with renovated youth, passed his time in the enjoyment of pleasures for a full thousand years, and after which he restored his youth to Puru and resuming his own decrepitude departed to the wood of penance. ३. यययययययय ययययः यययययययययययय। [to go, Una'di aff. य.  
 यययय m. (-यि; or यी) १. A road. २. A name of S'IVA. ३. A horse. ३. यययय m. (-यः) १. A horse fit for the As'wame'dha sacrifice. २. Any horse. ३. यय to go, Una'di aff. य, the root reiterated.

यययय Adv. While, wherefore, when. ३. Because. It is the proper correlative of तयि but is rarely used in classics. ३. यय, and यययय aff.  
 यय m. (-यः) १. Barley, (Hordeum hexastichon.) २. The measure of a barley-corn, considered as equal to six mustard seeds. ३. A measure of length equal to one-eighth of an Angula. ४. A natural line across the thumb at the second joint, when it may be compared to a grain of barley, and supposed to indicate good fortune. ५. Speed, velocity. ६. A double convex lens. ३. यय to join, aff. यय।

यययय m. (-यः) Barley, ३. यय barley, कन् pleonasm. [यययय barley, यय aff.  
 यययय mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Fit for or producing barley, a field, &c. ३. यययययय m. (-यः) Salt-petre, nitre, nitrate of potash. ३. यय barley यययय ashes or salt; being prepared, according to some of the commentators, accurately enough, from burnt barley, the potash being thus procured; according to others it is so termed, from the crystals being supposed to resemble the spike of the plant.

यययययय m. (-यः) Barley meals. ३. यय barley, and यययय meal or powder.  
 यययययय m. (-यः) A kind of eruption on the face. ३. यययय for यययय youth, and यययय affecting the cheek.  
 यययय m. (-यः) Nitre. ३. यय barley, and यययय born: see यययय।  
 यययय m. (-यः) १. A Country; probably Bactria, or it may be extended from that colony to Ionia, (to which word it bears some resemblance,) or still further to Greece; by late Hindu writers, it is most commonly applied to Arabia. २. A Yavan'a, apparently originally a Greek, but since applied to both the Mohammedan and European invaders of India, and often used as a general term for any foreign or barbarous race. ३. Speed, velocity. ४. A swift horse. ५. Wheat. ६. A carrot. f. (-नी) The wife of a Yavan'a. ३. यय to mix, aff. यय; or यय to be swift, and the consonant changed to its analogous semi-vowel; or ययनि the womb, (of the cow of VAS'ISHU'T'HA), and यय aff.; being born for the purpose of opposing the armies of VIS'VA'MITRA.

यययययय n. (-यः) Black pepper. ३. यययय a Yavan'a, and यययय fond of.  
 यययययय m. (-यः) An astronomical writer frequently quoted by Varāha-mihira, and other ancient Hindu astronomers; perhaps PROLEMY, or the Greek astronomers collectively. ३. यययय a Yavan'a, and यययययय a holy teacher.

यवनादि m. (-दिः) A name of KRISHN'A. E. यवन a Yavan'a, अति enemy.  
 यवनाल m. (-लः) 1. A sort of grass, very generally cultivated, and the grain extensively eaten, (Andropogon or Holcus bicolor.) "द्विजान्"  
 2. Barley straw. E. यव barley, जल culm or stalk; also यवनाल।  
 यवनालज m. (-जः) Nitre. E. यवनाल barley straw, ज produced: see यवचार।  
 यवनिहा f. (-हा) 1. An outer tent, a screen of cloth surrounding a tent or tents. 2. A YAVAN'A woman. E. See यवनिहा, ज being changed to य.  
 यवनेष्ट n. (-ष्ट) Lead. m. (-ष्टः) 1. Garlic. 2. A sort of onion. 3. The Nimba-tree. E. यवन a Yavan'a, इष्ट wished, desired.  
 यवप्रच्छा f. (-च्छा) A small hard indolent tumour like a barley-corn. E. यव, and प्रच्छा appellation.  
 यवफल m. (-लः) 1. A bamboo. 2. Indian spikenard. 3. A medicinal plant. (Wrightea anti-dysenterica.) 4. An onion. E. यव barley, जल fruit.  
 यवमध्य n. (-म्य) A form of penance, diminishing the food daily during the fortnight, fasting on the new-moon, and gradually augmenting the food till the full-moon. f. (-म्य) A form of metre, a triplet, the divisions of which are of unequal length, the middle line having one syllable more than the first or last. E. यव barley, मध्य central.  
 यवमय mfn. (-यः-यो-यं) Made of, or from barley. E. यव barley, यय् aff.  
 यवलास m. (-सः) Nitre, salt-petre. E. यव barley, and लास् to like, aff. यज्।  
 यवयूज m. (-जः) Nitre, salt-petre. E. यव barley, यूज the beard of corn.  
 यवस m. (-सः) Meadow or pasturage. E. यु to mix, यय् aff.  
 यवसुर n. (-रः) Spirituous or fermented liquor distilled from barley, malt-liquor, beer. E. यव barley, सुरा wine, य aff. in the neuter gender; also यवसुरा the second number being unchanged.  
 यवागू f. (-गू) Sour gruel, prepared by the spontaneous fermentation of water in which rice, &c. has been boiled. E. यु to mix, चागू aff.  
 यवाज m. (-जः) Salt-petre. E. यव barley, ज the top or ear, ज born.  
 यवान mfn. (-नः-नो-ने) Swift, fleet. f. (-ना) 1. A plant, (Ligusticum ajwaen.) 2. Bad barley. E. यव speed, नो to possess, prefix यज्, and aff. ड; also with कन् added, fem. form यवानिका।  
 यवास m. (-सः) 1. A shrub, (Hedysarum alhagi.) "दुरालभा" 2. A kind of K'hayer. E. यु to mix, Una'di aff. वास; with कन् added, यवासक।  
 यविष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठः-ष्ठा-ष्ठ) Youngest, very young. m. (-ष्ठः) A younger brother. E. युज्न् young, इष्ठन् aff. of the superlative; also with कन् added, यविष्ठक.  
 यविष्ठन् Adv. Like a youth. E. यविष्ठ, and वति aff.  
 यवोयस् m. (-यान्-यसी-यः) Youngest, very young. m. (-यः) 1. A younger brother. 2. A Su'dra. E. युज्न् young, ईयस् aff.  
 यय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Fit for barley, sown with barley, &c. m. (-यः) A month. E. यव barley and यत् aff.  
 ययःपट्ट m. (-पट्टः) A drum, a double drum. E. ययस् fame, पट्ट a drum.  
 ययःशेष mfn. (यः-वा-यः) Dead, (i. e.) having left nothing but glory. m. (-यः) Death, dying. E. ययस् fame, शेष end. [aff. यच्।  
 ययद् n. (-द्) Zink. (Zinkum.) "इक्षु" E. य wind, यद् to decay, (by which,) ययस् n. (-यः) 1. Glory, fame, celebrity, reputation. 2. Splendour, lustre. 3. Praise, eulogium. E. यय् to pervade, to spread abroad, aff. ययन्, and युत् substituted for the initial.  
 ययस्तर mfn. (-रः-रो-र) Rendering famous, conferring celebrity. E. ययस् fame, त्र to make, aff. टच्।  
 ययस्कास mfn. (-सः-ना-यः) Ambitious, desirous of fame or glory. E. ययस्, and कास desire. [desiring.  
 ययस्कास्यत् mfn. (-यन्-यसी-यत्) Desiring fame or glory. E. ययस्, कास्यत्  
 ययस्काय m. (-यः) Body in the form of fame. [poss. aff.  
 ययस्त् mfn. (-यान्-यसी-यत्) Famous, celebrated. E. ययस् fame, ययत्  
 ययस्त्रि mfn. (-स्त्रो-विनो-त्रि) Famed, renowned, celebrated. f. (-स्त्रिने) Wild-cotton. E. ययस् fame, विनि aff.  
 ययस्त्रि mfn. (यः-या-यं) 1. Conferring fame. 2. A plant, (Celtis orientalis.) "जीवनी इक्षु" E. ययस् and यत् aff.

ययस्त्रि mfn. (-यः-यसी-यं) Destroying fame, rendering infamous. E. ययस् what destroys.

ययस्त्रि m. (-यः) Quicksilver.

ययस्त्रि Adj. Rich in fame.

ययि mfn. (-यिः-यिः or यि) 1. A staff, a stick. 2. A staff armed with iron &c. used as a weapon, a club, a mace. 3. A necklase. 4. A creeping plant. 5. Liquorice. 6. A shrub, (Siphonanthus indica) 7. A string, a thread, especially as strung with pearls, &c. 8. thread in general. m. (-यिः) 1. A flag-staff. 2. The arm, and for arm. 3. A pillar. 4. A support. 5. A stalk. 6. A branch. E. ययः worship, अति कित्; the क of the compound final rejected; Va'cha patya defines it thus:—यय् कित् नि० न सयुसारयन्। This word implies "thinness" "slenderness" &c. when used at the end of compounds.

ययि(हो)क m. (-कः) A bird, the lapping. "तितिरवाको" f. (-वा) 1. A pear necklase, especially of but one string. 2. A pond, a pool. 3. Liquorice 4. A club, a staff, a bludgeon. E. कन् added to the preceding.

ययिक्क m. (-क्कः) A club-bearer, one carrying a staff or stick. E. ययि stick, and यक् to take, aff. यच्।

ययिक्क n. (-क्क) Liquorice, or the root of the Abrus precatorius. E. ययि a stick, and यक् honey; also with कन् added, fem. form ययिक्कया; and with the final of the first word लो ययिक्कय।

यय् m. (-यः) A sacrificer, one who employs priests for a sacrifice. E. यय् to worship, aff. यच्, and ज changed to य।

यय् (इ० उ०) इ० यय् r. 1st and 10th cls. (ययति ययति) 1. To endeavour, to persevere, to make strenuous and persevering exertion. 2. To be afflicted. With चाङ् prefixed, To labour. With नि०, To exude. r. 10th cl. (ययति-ते) With च, To torment, to trouble.

यय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be done with energy or perseverance. 2. To be killed or put to death. E. यय् to strive, यत् aff.

ययत् n. (-यत्) 1. Death, being killed. 2. Effort, energy. E. ल added to the last.

यय m. (-यः) A sacrificer, an institutor of sacrifices. E. यय to go, and Una'di aff., and डक् augment, form irr.

यय r. 2nd cl. (ययति) 1. To go, to go to. 2. To obtain, to get. 3. To invade. 4. To withdraw. 5. To elapse, (as time.) 6. To come to pass, to become. 7. To have carnal intercourse with. 8. To request. 9. To attempt. 10. To discover. With यय्, prefixed, To follow. With ययि, To approach, to reach. With चाङ्, To come to arrive. With यय, To give way, to yield. With नि०, 1. To go out or forth. 2. To go readily or quickly. With यय, To go to. With ययि, To go to or towards. With ययि and यय, To meet, to advance to. With यय and ययि, To approach. With यय and यय. To arrive. With ययि, 1. To transgress. 2. To surpass.

यय m. (-यः) A sacrifice, any ceremony in which offerings and oblations are presented. E. यय् to worship, aff. यज्।

यय (टु, क) टुयाच् r. 1st cl. (ययति-ते) 1. To ask or beg, to solicit, to request. 2. To offer, to tender.

ययक mfn. (-कः-को-क) Beggar, mendicant, asking, one who asks, &c. solicits. E. यय to ask, aff. यय। [ded

ययक mfn. (-कः-को-क) Beggar, mendicant. E. ययक an asker, यय and यय।

ययक f. (-या) Asking, begging. E. यय to ask, aff. यय।

ययक mfn. (-नः-ना-यः) Asking, soliciting. E. यय to ask, ययन् aff.

ययक mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be asked, &c. E. यय to ask, ययन् aff.

ययक mfn. (-नः-ना-यः) Asked, begged, solicited. E. यय to ask, ययन् aff.

ययक n. (-कः) A thing borrowed for use. E. ययित asked, यय added

यय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be asked, begged, &c. E. यय to ask, यय aff.

ययक mfn. (-नः-ना-यः) Being asked. E. यय to ask, पा०, व०, यय aff.

श्रुति f. (-यज्) Asking, begging. इ. याच् to ask, यज् aff. [यज्]  
 यज् m. (-यज्) Boiled-rice, or generally food. इ. यज् to present, aff.  
 यज् m. (-यज्) 1. An officiating priest, a Bra'hmana who conducts any part of a sacrifice. 2. A royal elephant. 3. A furious elephant. इ. यज् to worship, यज् aff.  
 यज् n. (-यज्) Conducting a sacrifice or causing its performance. इ. यज् to worship, causal form, aff. यज् ।  
 यज् m. (-यज्) A sacrificer, an institutor of sacrificial ceremonies. इ. यज् to sacrifice, Una'di aff. यज्. [sacrifice, विभुच् aff.]  
 यज् m. (-यज्) Sacrificing, one who officiates at a sacrifice. इ. यज् to sacrifice mfn. (-यज्-यज्) Belonging to or relating to the Yajur-Ve'da. इ. यज् or यज् the Ve'da, यज् aff. [descent.]  
 यज् m. (-यज्) Kṛve's. इ. यज् a proper name, यज् aff. of यज् m. (-यज्) A celebrated saint and legislator; the supposed author of a celebrated code of laws, and the first reputed teacher of the white portion of the Yajur-Ve'da revealed to him by the sun. इ. यज् the father of the saint, and यज् aff.  
 यज् f. (-यज्) A name of DRAUPADI, the wife of the Pān'davas. इ. यज् the father of the princess, यज् patronymic aff., fem. aff. यज्.  
 यज् m. (-यज्) 1. A sacrificer, an institutor of a sacrifice. 2. An officiating priest at a sacrificial ceremony. 3. Kus'a or sacrificial grass. इ. यज् sacrifice, यज् aff. [and यज् aff.]  
 यज् n. (-यज्) Sacrifice, sacrificial ceremonies. इ. यज् a sacrificer, यज् mfn. (-यज्-यज्) Fit for sacrifice. इ. यज्, यज् added.  
 यज् mfn. (-यज्-यज्) To be offered or sacrificed. म. (-यज्) A sacrificer, the person for whom it is performed. न. (-यज्) Property or presents derived from officiating at sacrifices. इ. यज् to worship, यज् aff. [ness.]  
 यज् Ind. An interjection. 1. Of pleasure. 2. Of alarm. 3. Of restlessness. यज् m. (-यज्-यज्-यज्) Going. इ. या to go, यज् aff.  
 यज् mfn. (-यज्-यज्) 1. Gone, went. 2. Obtained, got. न. (-यज्) 1. Driving or guiding an elephant with a goad. 2. Going, motion. 3. The pastime. इ. यज् to endeavour, or या to go, aff. यज् ।  
 यज् n. (-यज्) 1. Requital, recompense. 2. Revenge.  
 यज् f. (-यज्) 1. Pain, agony, sharp or acute pain. 2. Pain or punishment inflicted by YAMA or his ministers, the pains of hell. इ. यज् to inflict pain, aff. यज्.  
 यज् mfn. (-यज्-यज्) 1. Old. 2. Used, impaired. 3. Rejected, abandoned. 4. Raw, half-ripe or dressed. 5. Aged, exhausted. इ. यज् gone or got, यज् forbearance, relinquishment.  
 यज् mfn. (-यज्-यज्) 1. To be gone. 2. To be gone against, to be attacked or invaded. इ. या to go, यज् aff.  
 यज् mfn. (-यज्-यज्) A goer, one who goes or moves. म. (-यज्) A demon, a goblin, an imp or evil spirit. म. (-यज्) 1. Time. 2. A traveller, a wayfarer. 3. Wind. इ. या to go, यज् Una'di aff. [aff. यज् ।]  
 यज् m. (-यज्) A goblin, an evil spirit. इ. यज् the same, या to have, यज् m. (-यज्) 1. A charioteer, a driver. 2. A husband's brother's wife. इ. यज् to endeavour assiduously, Una'di aff. यज्, and the radical vowel made long.  
 यज् m. (-यज्) An infernal or condemned spirit. इ. यज् to endeavour, causal form, aff. यज् ।  
 यज् f. (-यज्) 1. Going moving, proceeding, marching travelling. 2. Passing away time. 3. Practice, usage, custom. 4. A holy festival, but especially the procession of idols, &c. which usually forms a part of the ceremonies on such an occasion. 5. An expedient, a means. 6. The march of an assailing force. 7. Going to pilgrimage. 8. A sort of dramatic entertainment. 9. Intercourse. 10. Way, means. 11. A vehicle in general. इ. या to go, Una'di aff. यज् or यज् ।  
 यज् n. (-यज्) Setting forth on a journey, &c. इ. यज्, यज् making.

यज् m. (-यज्) Performing a pilgrimage. इ. यज्, यज् engaging in.  
 यज् mfn. (-यज्-यज्) 1. Relating to a march, &c. 2. Customary, usual. 3. Requisite for the support of life. म. (-यज्) 1. A pilgrim. 2. A traveller. न. (-यज्) Provision, supplies, conveyance, &c., for a march. इ. यज् and यज् aff.  
 यज् m. (-यज्) A public festival. इ. यज् procession, यज् festival.  
 यज् n. (-यज्) Rectitude, truth, propriety. इ. यज्, and यज् aff.  
 यज् mfn. (-यज्-यज्) Just, true. इ. यज्, यज् aff.  
 यज् n. (-यज्) Application, use, accomplishment, attainment of an object. इ. यज्, यज् aff.  
 यज् m. (-यज्) The ocean. इ. यज् an aquatic animal, and यज् lord.  
 यज् m. (-यज्) 1. The ocean. 2. VARUN'A, regent of water. इ. यज् a fish, &c., and यज् lord.  
 यज् m. (-यज्) 1. KRISHN'A, as descended from the family of Yadu. 2. A Yādava, or descendant of Yadu. f. (-यज्) A name of DURGA. n. (-यज्) Stock of cattle. इ. यज् a proper name, यज् aff. of descent, &c.  
 यज् n. (-यज्) Any aquatic or amphibious animal. इ. या to go, (with speed,) यज् aff., and यज् augment.  
 यज् m. (-यज्) VARUN'A, the deity of water. इ. यज् an aquatic animal, in the sixth case plural, यज् lord. [the last.]  
 यज् m. (-यज्) 1. VARUN'A. 2. The ocean. इ. यज्, यज् lord; see यज् mfn. (-यज्-यज्) Independent, following one's own will. म. (-यज्) A ministering priest who does as he pleases. इ. यज्, यज् aff.  
 यज् mfn. (-यज्-यज्) As like, how like, which like. इ. यज् what, यज् to see, यज् aff., form irr.; also with यज् aff. यज् mfn. (-यज्-यज्) and with यज् added यज् mfn. (-यज्-यज्) ।  
 यज् n. (-यज्) Water. इ. यज् an aquatic animal, यज् abode.  
 यज् n. (-यज्) 1. Any vehicle or form of conveyance, as a carriage, a litter, a horse, an elephant, &c. 2. Going, marching, proceeding. 3. Invading, marching against an enemy. इ. या to go, aff. यज् ।  
 यज् n. (-यज्) A vessel, a ship, a boat. इ. यज् going, (by water,) and यज् a cup or vessel; also with यज् added यज् n. (-यज्) ।  
 यज् n. (-यज्) The forepart of a carriage, the pole or part where the yoke is fixed इ. यज् a vehicle, and यज् face or front.  
 यज् m. (-यज्) The owner of a vehicle. इ. यज् and यज् master.  
 यज् n. (-यज्) 1. Spending or passing away time. 2. Abiding, staying, being. 3. Rejection, ejection, expelling, expulsion. 4. Allaying, alleviating, (as pain or sickness.) इ. या to go, causal form, aff. यज् ।  
 यज् mfn. (-यज्-यज्) 1. To be passed or spent as time. 2. To be allayed or relieved though not cured, (disease or a sick person.) इ. या to go, causal v. यज् aff.  
 यज् f. (-यज्) Twisted or matter hair. इ. या to, in the causal form, aff. यज् ।  
 यज् mfn. (-यज्-यज्) 1. Low, vile, contemptible. 2. To be passed or spent, (as time, &c.) 3. (In medicine,) To be alleviated or relieved though not cured, (disease.) इ. या to go, causal form, aff. यज्-यज् ।  
 यज् n. (-यज्) A litter, a palanquin. इ. यज् vile, and यज् a carriage.  
 यज् mfn. (-यज्-यज्) Relating to YAMA, done by him, ordered by him, &c. म. (-यज्) 1. The eighth part of a day, a watch of three hours. 2. Forbearance. 3. Cessation, term. इ. या to go, (through the day,) यज् Una'di aff.; or यज् to restrain, aff. यज्; or यज्, and यज् aff.  
 यज् m. (-यज्) A cock. f. (-यज्) A clock, a metal plate to which the hours are struck, or a drum used for similar purpose. इ. यज् a watch, and यज् sound.  
 यज् f. (-यज्) A metal plate on which the hours are struck, or a drum used for that purpose. इ. यज् a watch, यज् the same.  
 यज् m. (-यज्) A name of INDRA.  
 यज् m. (-यज्) A regular occupation for every hour.  
 यज् n. (-यज्) A pair, a couple, a brace. इ. यज्, यज् pleonastic aff.  
 यज् f. (-यज्) 1. Night. 2. Turmeric. इ. यज् a watch, and यज् aff.



यामहति f. (-तिः) The being on watch or guard. [यामाह ।  
 यासाह m. (-ता) A daughter's husband. इ. य substituted for ज; see  
 यामि f. (-तिः) 1. A sister. 2. A virtuous woman. 3. Night. 4. The  
 south. 5. Relating to YAMA. 6. A daughter, or daughter-in-law,  
 newly married. इ. या to go, नि aff.; or य substituted for ज; see  
 यामि; or यम YAMA, इन् aff. of reference.  
 यामिका f. (-का) Night. इ. याम a watch, कच् aff., fem. form.  
 यामिनी f. (-नी) 1. Night. 2. Turmeric. इ. याम a watch, इनि aff.  
 यामिनीपति m. (-तिः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. इ. यामिनी night, पति  
 master. [aff. क ।  
 यामोर m. (-रः) The moon. f. (-रः) Night. इ. यानी night, य to have or be,  
 यामुन् mfn. (-न्-लो-न्) Relating to the Yamuna' river. (-न्) Antimony,  
 or rather the sulphuret of antimony, generally used as an appli-  
 cation to darken the eyelashes, and strengthen the eyes. इ. यमुना  
 the Jamuná river, and यच् aff.  
 यामुनेयक n. (-कः) Lead.  
 याम्य m. (-यः) A sister's son. इ. यामि a sister, and इच् aff.  
 याम्य m. (-यः) 1. Sandal. 2. The saint AUGUSTA. f. (-यः) 1. The south.  
 2. The lunar asterism, Bhāraṇī. 3. Night. इ. यम YAMA, यन् aff.;  
 being sacred to or governed by that deity, &c.  
 याम्यायन n. (-यः) The sun's course, south of the line, the winter sola-  
 tice. इ. याम्य the south, ययन going.  
 याम्योत्तर Adj. Going from south to north.  
 याम्युक् m. (-कः) The performer of frequent sacrifices. इ. यज् to sacrifice.  
 aff. ऊक्, the root repeated, and the first vowel made long.  
 यावत् mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) 1. Going repeatedly. 2. Wandering, vagrant. m.  
 (-रः) 1. A horse fit for the As'wame'dha sacrifice. 2. The saint  
 JARATKARU. 3. A Brāhmaṇa who has preserved his household-  
 fire. 4. A vagrant. इ. या to go, in the reiterative form, वरच् aff.  
 यावित् mfn. (-यो-यिनी-यि) Going, who or what goes. इ. या to go, यिनि  
 aff., युक् inserted.  
 याव mfn. (-रः-री-रः) Relating to barley. m. (-रः) Lac, the red animal-  
 dye. इ. यु to join, aff. यच्; the nest yielding a sort of resinous  
 substance used as sealing-wax: or यत barley, to which the grains  
 of the dye are compared, and यच्-यच् aff.  
 यावक m. (-कः) 1. Half-ripe barley. 2. Awnless barley. 3. A sort of kid-  
 ney-bean, (Phaseolus) 4. A kind of pulse, (Dolichos biflorus.) 5.  
 A kind of pulse said to be peculiar to Cashmir. 6. Lac. इ. यु to  
 mix, aff. युन्, and यच् added; or याव as above, pleonastic aff. कन् ।  
 यावच्छ Adv. (-ञ्च) To the utmost of one's power. इ. यावत् and यच्छाबो.  
 यावज्जीव Adv. (-वः) For life, as long as life. इ. यावत् until, जीव life.  
 यावन् mfn. (-न्-वती-वन्) As much, how much, such. Ind. 1. As much  
 as. 2. As many as. 3. As long as. 4. As far as, until, unto. 5.  
 When, (i. e. as much, applied to time.); the correlative of  
 तावन्. इ. यन् what or which, उवतुच् aff. and या substituted for the  
 pronominal final.  
 यावतिथि mfn. (-यः-या-यः) That which is as far as, or as much as, &c. the  
 ordinal of the particle यावत् इ. यावत् as much as, &c. and तिथिच् aff.  
 यावतावत् Ind. 1. As much as, quantum-tantum. 2. (In algebra.) The  
 relation of the unknown number and its co efficient. इ. यावत्, तावत्  
 so much.  
 यावन mfn. (-न्-नी-वः) Belonging or relating to a Yavan'a, Ionian,  
 &c. m. (-नः) Incense. इ. यवन the country of the Yavan as, यच् aff.  
 यावनास m. (-सः) A kind of grain, (Zea mays.) "जाना". f. (-नी) Sugar  
 prepared from Zea mays. इ. यवनास, यच् pleonasm.  
 यावयक m. (-कः) Nitre, salt-petre. इ. यव barley, यक the spike, यच् aff.  
 यावस m. (-सः) A quantity or heap of grass. इ. यु to mix, युन्दि aff.  
 यसच् with the effect of चित्, which makes the vowel long.  
 याव्य mfn. (-या-व्या-व्य) To be mixed or joined, miscible. इ. यु to join or  
 mix, aff. यन् ।

याचीचरिय m. (-यः) The son of S'A'GRAMUNI, the probable founder of the  
 Baudd'hic sect.  
 याचीक m. (-कः) A warrior armed with a club. इ. यष्टि a stick, a club  
 इच् aff., and both vowels made long; or यष्टि-ईकच् ।  
 यास m. (-सः) 1. A plant, (Hedysarum alhagi) "दुरालभायाम्". 2. Effort. f.  
 (-सा) A sort of bird, the Sálaka. इ. यस् to endeavour, aff. यच् ।  
 यास् m. (-सः) Name of the author of NIRUKTA.  
 यास्तु mfn. (-स्तु-स्तु-स्तु) Going, who or what will be going. इ. या to  
 go, श्छ aff. with the future tense.  
 यियच्छान mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Purposing or wishing to worship. इ. यज् to  
 worship, desid. v., जानच् aff. [य, उ aff.  
 यियच्छु mfn. (-चु-चु-चु) Desirous of sacrificing. इ. यज् to worship, desid.  
 यियच्छि f. (-चि) Wish to mix, blend, &c. इ. यु to mix, desid. v., यच् and  
 टाप् affs. [य, उ aff.  
 यियच्छि mfn. (-चु-चु-चु) Wishing to mix or blend. इ. यु to mix, desid.  
 यु r. 2nd cl. (योति) 1. To mix, to join, to blend. 2. To separate or not  
 mix. r. 10th cl. (यावयते) To censure, to blame, to disrespect, to  
 despise. (य) युज्, r. 9th cl. (युनाति युनोते) To bind, to tie.  
 युक् Ind. Badly, ill.  
 युक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तः) 1. Joined, combined, united, identified. 2. Right,  
 fit, proper. 3. Proved, concluded by inference or argument. 4. Mo-  
 derate, limited. 5. Possessing, endowed with, as virtues, qualities,  
 &c. 6. Intent on, attached to, as a study or pursuit. 7. Employed or  
 engaged in business, &c. 8. Occupied in performance of the reli-  
 gious exercise called Yo'ga. m. (-क्तः) The sage who has acquired the  
 command of his feelings and passions, and who performs the cus-  
 tomary devotional offices without any regard to their result. n.  
 (-क्तः) 1. A measure of four cubits. 2. A team, a yoke. f. (-क्ता) A  
 plant, commonly Eláni. इ. युज् to join or mix, aff. क्त ।  
 युक्तरस f. (-रः) A plant, commonly Eláni, (Mimosa octandra) इ. युक्त  
 mixed, joined, रस juice. [joined, यवच् iron.  
 युक्तायुक् n. (-यः) A sort of wooden spade or shovel. इ. युक्त bound,  
 युक्ति f. (-क्तिः) 1. Union, connection, joining. 2. Propriety, fitness. 3.  
 Usage, custom, traditionary and unwritten law. 4. Inference, de-  
 duction from circumstance or argument, the reason of a thing or  
 argument. 5. Insertion of circumstances in written evidence,  
 specification in writing of place, time, &c., considered as one of the  
 means of verifying such evidence. 6. A figure of rhetoric, emble-  
 matic or mystical expression of purpose, so as to conceal its form  
 all but its immediate object. 7. Supplying an ellipsis. 8. Connec-  
 tion of dramatic events, the production of one incident by ano-  
 ther. 9. Alloying of metals. इ. युज् to join, &c., aff. क्तन् ।  
 युक्तिकर Adj. 1. Suitable. 2. Proved.  
 युक्तियुक्त Adj. 1. Expert. 2. Suitable, fit. 3. Proved.  
 युग् (यु) युग् r. 1st cl. (युक्ति) To except, to abandon.  
 युग n. (-गः) 1. A pair, a couple, a brace. 2. An age, as the Satya or  
 Krita, Tre'ta, Dwápara, and Kali. 3. A lustre, or period of five  
 years. m. (-गः) 1. A yoke. 2. A measure of four cubits. 3. An ex-  
 pression for the numbers "four and "twelve". 4. Life, birth. 5. A  
 drug, commonly Ridd'hī. इ. युज् to join, aff. यच्, the final changed.  
 युगकीलक m. (-कः) The pin of a yoke. इ. युग a yoke, कील a pin, कच्  
 added.  
 युगयय m. (-यः) Destruction of the world. इ. युग and यय destruction.  
 युगयय m. (-यः) 1. The pole of a carriage, or wood to which the  
 yoke is fixed. 2. The name of a mountain. इ. युग a yoke, य to hold  
 or support, यच् aff. [join, यवतच् aff.  
 युगपत् Ind. 1. At one time, at once. 2. Together, conjointly. इ. यु to  
 युगप(पा)त् m. (-पः) 1. A sort of ebony. 2. The Ash'mantaka tree. 3.  
 The Lo'dh or Lo'dhra tree, (symplocos racemosa); see the next.  
 युगपवक m. (-कः) Mountain-ebony, (Bauhinia variegata.) "रत्नवाचन-  
 इति". f. (-क्तिः) 1. The Sishu-tree, (Dalbergia Sishu.) "शिशुवाचन-  
 इति".

2. The Sarsapa-tree, (*sinapis dichotoma*.) **३. युन** a pair, **यन** a leaf, aff. **यन्**, double-leaved.
- युनपात्रं** m. (-नः) A young ox in training. **३. युन** a yoke, **यन** a side, and **य** who goes, or with **यन्** aff. **युनपात्रक** m. (-कः) ।
- युन** n. (-न) A pair, a brace, a couple. **३. युन** a pair, **यन्** aff.
- युनल** n. (-न) 1. A hair. 2. Two verses forming one sentence.
- युनवत्** m. (-कः) A year. **३. युन** an age, and **यन्** a part.
- युनान** m. (-नः) 1. A destruction of the universe. 2. The end of an age. 3. Mid-day, noon. 4. The end of a yoke. **३. युन** an age, either generally or individually, and **यन्**, end. [friend.]
- युनानवत्** m. (-युः) A real friend, a friend in need. **३. युनान**, **यन्** a
- युन** n. (-न) 1. A pair, a couple, a brace. 2. A twin. 3. Mixing, uniting. 4. A couple of verses. 5. The sign Gemini of the Zodiac. f. (-न) Even. **३. युज्** to join, **Unādi** aff. **यन्**, the final changed to **न**.
- युनक** n. (-न) 1. A couple. 2. A couple of verses connected by the construction of the sentence, the sense being completed only by the two together. **३. यन्** added to the last.
- युनपत्र** m. (-नः) 1. A tree, (*Alstonia scholaris*. Syn. *Echites scholaris*.) 2. The Sishu-tree. 3. The Rakta-Kāñchana tree, (*Bauhinia variegata*.) 4. The Bhu'rja-patra tree. **३. युन** a couple, and **यन** a leaf, double-leaved : see **युनपत्रक** ।
- युनपत्रिका** f. (-का) A timber-tree, (*Dalbergia Sisu*.) : see the last.
- युनपत्रोत्तम** m. (-मः) A plant, (*Asclepias rosea*.)
- युय** mfn. (-यः-यान-य) Fit or proper to be yoked or harnessed. **३. (-यः)** Any vehicle or conveyance. **३. (-यः)** An animal yoked, a carriage-horse. **३. युज्** to join, aff. **यत्** or **यप्** ; **यस्य** ग । [take.]
- युक्** r. 1st cl. (युज्) To be inattentive or negligent, to err or mis-
- युज्** (युजो) **युजो** r. 4th cl. (युजते) 1. To confine the thoughts, to keep the mind fixed in abstract meditation. 2. To be fit. 3. To be right. **३. 1st and 10th cls.** (योजति योजयति-ते) 1. To bind, to tie, to connect. 2. To yoke 3. To instigate. 4. To oblige. 5. To put to. With **यि**, To yoke. With **यन**, To unite. (योजयते) To blame. (यौ युज्) **यौ युजि** r. 7th cl. (युनक्ति युजते) 1. To join, to mix, to unite, &c. 2. To apply, to use. 3. To prepare, to make ready. 4. To meditate. 5. To grant to endow. 6. To design, to intend, &c. With **यन्** prefixed, 1. To ask, to inquire. 2. To reprove. With **यन्**, 1. To utter, to speak. 2. To accuse. 3. To claim. With **यत्**, 1. To make effort. 2. To prepare. With **यप्**, 1. To seize, to take, to lay hold of. 2. To eat. 3. To use. With **यि**, 1. To order, to appoint, (with a loc.) 2. To join. With **य** 1. To be fit or due. 2. To attach or apply to. 3. To lend money. 4. To make effort. 5. To combine or connect. 6. To give. 7. To move. 8. To perform on the stage. With **यि**, 1. To separate, to sunder. 2. To send. 3. To leave, to abandon. With **यि** and **यि**, 1. To appoint or employ. 2. To expend. 3. To send. 4. To involve in or force upon. With **यि** and **य**, To separate, to part, to divide. With **यन्**, To unite, to combine. With **यन्** and **यान्**, To think profoundly.
- युज्** n. (युज्) A pair, a couple. **३. (-युज्-युज्)** A sage, one who devotes his time to abstract contemplation. Dual (-जौ) The twin-sons of ASHWINI, and physicians of Swarga. **३. (-युज्)** A joiner, one who joins, or unites. f. (-युज्) A measure of three hundred poles. **३. युज्**, to join to meditate, &c., aff. **यिप्** ; also **युजि** the same, with the same aff., when **य** is inserted after the vowel, before the first five affixes in the masculine and feminine genders.
- युज्** mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) 1. Uniting, Joining. 2. Uniting spiritually, practising devotion. **३. युज्** to join, &c., **यन्** aff.
- युजान** mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Uniting, combining, joining with. **३. (-यन्)** 1. A charioteer. 2. A Brāhmana engaged in the religious exercise called *Yōga*. **३. युज्** to join, &c., aff. **यान्** and **यन्** inserted.
- युज्** (युज) **युज** r. 1st cl. (योजते) To shine.

**युज्** Ind. Badly, ill.

- युज्** mfn. (-यन्-यान-यन्) 1. Joined, combined, connected, identified. 2. Attached to, engaged in or by. 3. Endowed with, possessed of separated. **३. (-यन्)** A measure of four cubits. **३. यु** to join, &c., aff. **यन्** ।
- युजक** mfn. (-यन्-यान-यन्) Joined, combined. **३. (-यन्)** 1. Doubt, uncertainty. 2. A pair, a brace. 3. Nuptial presents. 4. The end of a cloth worn by women. 5. A garment worn by women ; it is applied, both to the petti-coat and the upper wrapper or cloth. 6. The ends of a cloth. 7. The edge of a winnowing basket. 8. Asylum. 9. Forbearance, cessation. 10. Alliance, acquaintance, forming an alliance, friendship. **३. युज** joined, &c., **यन्** added.
- युजि** f. (-यिः) 1. Joining, uniting. 2. Obtaining possession of. 3. A conjunction, (in astro.) 4. (In arith.) Addition. **३. यु** to join, **यि** aff.
- युज्** n. (-य) 1. War, battle, contest. 2. Conflict of the planets, (in astronomy.) **३. युज्** to fight, aff. **यन्** । [delight.]
- युज्वर** m. (-वः) 1. KA'RTIKÉ'YA. 2. A battle-arena. **३. युज** war, and **व**
- युज्वीर** m. (-रः) 1. A warrior. 2. A warlike hero in a poem. 3. The sentiment of heroism.
- युज्वार** m. (-रः) A horse. **३. युज** war, **व** to go, aff. **यन्** ।
- युज्वरन्** mfn. (-यन्-यान-यन्) Fierce or frantic in battle. **३. युज**, **व** **यन्** frantic.
- युज्** (यौ) **यौ युज्** r. 4th cl. (युजते) To fight, to contend in battle, to slay.
- युज्** f. (युज् or युज्) War, battle. **३. युज्** to fight, aff. **यिप्** or **यप्**.
- युजान** m. (-यः) A man of the second or military order, a warrior. **३. युज्** to fight, **Unādi** aff. **यान्**, and the radical vowel unchanged.
- युजिधिर** m. (-रः) The elder of the five Pa'n'dava princes, and leader in the great war, between them and the Kurus, in the beginning of the fourth age ; the nominal son of PA'n'd'u whom he succeeded in the sovereignty of India, but according to the legend, begotten on Kunti by the deity YAMA. **३. युजि** in war or battle, and **धिर** for **धिर** firm ; it is also sometimes read **युजिधिर** ।
- युज्** m. (-यः) 1. War, battle. 2. A bow. 3. An arrow. 4. A warrior, a combatant. **३. युज्** to fight, **यन्** **Unādi** aff.
- युज्वान** mfn. (-यन्-यान-यन्) Fighting, warring. **३. युज्** to fight, **यान्** aff.
- युज्** (युज्) **युजो** r. 4th cl. (युजते) To confuse, to perplex. 2. To trouble. 3. To efface.
- युज्** m. (-युः) A horse.
- युज्वर** m. (-रः) A hyena. **३. युज्** joined, **वर** a hoof.
- युज्वान** mfn. (-यन्-यान-यन्) 1. Wishing to join or unite. 2. Devout, wishing to effect spiritual union with the divine essence. **३. युज्** to be devout or to join, desid. v., **यान्** aff.
- युज्** f. (-यः) Wish or purpose to fight, enmity, pugnacity. **३. युज्** to fight, desid. v., **यन्** and **यप्** affs. [युज्, **यन्** void of.]
- युज्वरन्** mfn. (-यन्-यान-यन्) Cowardly, having no intention to fight. **३. युज्**, **व** **यन्** cowardly.
- युज्** mfn. (-यन्-यान-यन्) Wishing or ready to make war or fight, pugnacious, hostile, ambitious. **३. (-यन्)** A combatant. **३. युज्** to make war, desid. v., **य** aff.
- युजवान** m. (-यः) 1. A proper name, one of the chiefs of the Pa'n'd'us. 2. A warrior. **३. युज्** to fight, in the reduplicate form, **यान्** aff.
- युज्वरन्** mfn. (-यन्-यान-यन्) Bald in youth. **३. युज्** and **वरन्** bald ; also **युज्वरन्**, and fem. **युज्वरिः** **वरन्** ।
- युज्वर** m. (-यः) Eruptions on the face peculiar to youth. **३. युज** a young person, from **युज्**, and **वर** what affects the cheek.
- युज्वरन्** mfn. (-यन्-यान-यन्) Being old as it were in youth, old-fashioned, or prematurely infirm. **३. युज्**, and **वरन्** old ; also **युज्वरन्** and in the fem. **युज्वरिः** **वरन्** ।
- युज्वानि** m. (-यिः) Having a young wife. **३. युज**, and **यानि** wife.
- युज्वि** f. (-यिः or यौ) A young woman.
- युज्** mfn. (युज् युजिः or यौ-यौ-युज्) 1. Young 2. Best, excellent. 3. Endowed with native or natural strength. **३. (Nom.) युज्-यानि-यानः** acc. plu. **युजः** 1. A younger descendant, the elder being alive. **३. m.**

(-य) A young man or one of the virile age, or from sixteen to seventy. f. (ति:-ती or यूनी) A young woman, one from sixteen to thirty. f. (-ति) Turmeric. म. यु to mix or associate, Una'di aff. कनिन्, the fem. form takes ति, and optionally adds क् in one form, with which affix the semi-vowel य is changed to its congener ञ, and the two short vowels coalesce into one long one, making यूनी.

युवनाय म. (-जः) A name of MA'NDHA'TRI, an early sovereign of the Solar dynasty. म. युवनाय his father, who appears as the eighth monarch of the Solar line, and ज born.

युवपक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Grey-haired in youth. म. युवन्, and पक्षित grey-haired; also युवपक्षित, and fem. युवति:पक्षिता ।

युवराज म. (-जः) 1. A young prince, especially the heir apparent, associated to the throne. 2. One of the Jain's pontiffs. म. युव young, राजन् a prince, टच् aff.

युवराज्य न. (-ज्य) The dignity of heir apparent and associate in the throne. म. युवराज, and यन् aff.

युवद् 2nd personal pronoun. mfn. (-त्) Thou. म. युव a Sautra root, to serve, to worship, Una'di aff. मदिक्. [be said.]

युवहाय न. (-य) (In gram.) The second person. म. युवद्, and वाय to यू f. (-यु) The water in which pulse, &c. has been boiled, pease-soup, &c. म. यु to mix, aff. झिप्, and vowel made long.

युक् mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता) A louse. म. यु to mix, (with the hair,) Una'di aff. कन्, and the vowel made long. [made long.]

युति f. (-ति) Joining, mixing. म. यु to join, aff. झिप्, and the vowel

युध न. (-ध) A multitude of birds or beasts, a herd, a flock. f. (-धी) A kind of jasmine, (Jasminum auriculatum.) म. यु to mix, यक् Una'di aff., and the vowel made long.

युधनाय म. (-यः) A large elephant, the leader of a wild herd. म. युध a multitude, (of elephants,) and नाय lord.

युधप म. (-पः) The leader of a wild herd of elephants. म. युध a herd, and प who protects : see the last. [a herd, यध expelled.]

युधवट म. (-वः) An elephant turned out or driven from a herd. म. युध युधवत् Adv. Gregariously, in flocks. म. युध and वत् aff.

युधिक्ता f. (-क्ता) 1. A sort of jasmine, (Jasminum auriculatum.) 2. Globe amaranth. म. युधी the jasmine, कन् aff., fem. form.

युनि f. (-नि) Joining, union, junction. म. यु to join or mix, aff. झिप्, न substituted for the final, and the vowel made long.

यूप mn. (-पः-य) 1. A sacrificial post, a pillar usually made of bamboos, or the wood of the K'hadira, to which the victim at a sacrifice is bound. 2. A trophy, a column erected in honour of a victory. म. यु to bind, (the victim,) प Una'di aff.

यूपकटक म. (-क्तः) A wooden ring on the top of a sacrificial post, or according to some authorities, an iron ring at its base. म. युप the post, and कटक a ring, &c. [the post, कर्क the ear.]

यूपकथं म. (-थं) A part of a sacrificial post sprinkled with ghee. म. युप

यूपद्रु म. (-द्रुः) The K'hayar, (Mimosa catechu.) म. युप a sacrificial post, and द्रु a tree; the wood of this tree being especially fit for the sacrificial post; also युपद्रु म. (-मः) । "रक्तखदिरः ।"

यूपक्षय म. (-क्षयः) A bird. म. युप a sacrificial post, put for any post, and क्षय an aim; a sort of net being made about a post, on which birds may alight.

युपाय म. (-यः) The top of the sacrificial post. म. युप as above, यय top.

युपौक्षय म. (-यः) The ceremony of erecting the sacrificial post. म. युप a sacrificial post, and उक्क्षय elevation.

युक् r. 1st cl. (युक्ति) To hurt, to injure, to wound or kill.

युक् mn. (-यः-य) Pease-soup, pease-porridge, the water in which pulse of various kinds has been boiled. m. (-यः) The mulberry tree, (Morus Indica;) also युक् म. युक् to hurt, क् aff.; युक्न् is optionally substituted for this word in some cases.

येन Ind. (Inst. sing of युन्, used as an adverb.) 1. By which means, wherefore, whereby. 2. As; so that. [persevere.]

येद् (यद्) येद् r. 1st cl. (येदने) To resolve, to endeavour diligently, to devote mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be joined or united. 2. To be performed (as devotion.) 3. To be united spiritually. म. युज्, to join, तच् aff.

योजन म. (-ज) The tie of the yoke of a plough or carriage. म. युज् to join, Una'di aff., यन् ।

योजन म. (-जः) 1. Junction, joining, union. 2. Combination, association, meeting, conflux. 3. Religious and abstract meditation. 4. Keeping the body in a fixed posture. 5. Devotion, spiritual worship of God, or union with the Supreme Being by means of abstract contemplation; this does not necessarily imply an abandonment of the world or relinquishment of the usual observances of religion, but it involves internal indifference to objects of pleasure and pain, and utter disregard of the consequences or fruit of ceremonial rites. 6. The particular practice of the preceding sort of devotion, or the exercise of that abstraction by which union with God is supposed to be obtained; in the Gī'ta, it is described as sitting on Kus'a grass, with the body firm, the eyes fixed on the tip of the nose, and the mind intent on the Deity; in the Tantras a fanciful operation is prescribed, by which the vital spirit seated in the lower part of the body, and the etherial spirit placed in the head, are supposed to be brought into combination in the brain, when the devotee becomes united with BRAHMA. 7. The system of philosophy which treats of the union of the soul with BRAHMA' or God; it is the same as the Patanjali' doctrine, and constitutes one of the six Darshanas or philosophical schools of the Hindus. 8. Magic, or the acquisition of supernatural powers by the mystical and magical worship of Ś'iva and Durgā' especially. 9. Consequence, result, the main end or object of any thing or act. 10. Connection of one thing with another, as of cause with effect, predicate with subject, quality with substance, &c. 11. Acquisition of something not possessed before, accession of property or wealth; in grammar this application is assigned to any unusual construction of words or compounds, unauthorised by rule, but sanctioned by the authority that employs them. 12. A rule, an aphorism. 13. Propriety, fitness. 14. Side, part, cause or argument to be maintained or defended. 15. Thing, substance. 16. Wealth. 17. A drug, a medicament, especially a compound of various ingredients. 18. Fraud, trick. 19. A logician. 20. A spy, an informer. 21. A violator of truth or confidence. 22. A conveyance, a carriage, a boat, &c. 23. A means, an expedient. 24. Armour. 25. Putting on armour. 26. Lucky conjuncture. 27. (In arithmetic,) Addition. 28. (In astronomy,) The leading or principal star of a lunar mansion. 29. The twenty-seventh part of 3600 of a great circle measured on the plane of the ecliptic, and used in calculating the longitudes of the sun and moon; each Yo'ga has a distinct name; astrologers also enumerate twenty-eight Yo'gas differently named from the foregoing, and corresponding with the twenty-eight Nakshatras, or the divisions of the moon's path, but varying according to the day of the week. 30. A period, or the time during which the sum of the motions of the sun and moon amount to one Nakshatra, the mean duration of which is 23hs. 47' 44". म. युज् to join literally or figuratively, (as with God,) aff. यन् ।

योजयन् म. (-यः) 1. Charge of property, keeping of cattle, &c. for another. 2. Insurance or charge for secure conveyance of goods, and the profit on their sale. 3. Profit, gain, keeping the old and making fresh gains. 4. Such articles as are not divisible amongst coheirs. 5. Welfare, well-being. 6. National prosperity, the good government of a state, or the means of maintaining it; as the

Rāja, minister, priest, &c. forming the administration. ३. चीन profit, चीन safety or preservation ; or चीन association, चीन patience.  
 धानकेनकर m. (-रः) A keeper, one who takes charge of property, &c. ३. धीमकेन, and कर who makes.  
 धानकर m. (-रः) A name of HANUMA'KA. ३. धीने possession of superhuman powers, कर going, possessing.  
 धीनचूर्ण mn. (-चूर्णः) Magical powder.  
 धीनतत् Ind. 1. Suitably, properly. 2. Seasonably, in due season. 3. Through devotion, magic, &c. 4. Conjointly. ३. धीन, तत् aff.  
 धीनतारा f. (-रा) The chief star in a constellation.  
 धीनदान n. (-नः) 1. A fraudulent gift. 2. Communicating the Yo'ga doctrine. ३. धीन, दान gift.  
 धीनमयिक m. (-कः) A sort of fish, (Silurus ascita.) "मनोमयिके ।"  
 धीननिद्रा f. (-द्रा) 1. The sleep of VISHN'U during the deluge. 2. A state of half contemplation and half sleep. 3. A goddess, a form of DURGĀ' or VISHN'U's sleep personified. ३. धीन mystery, निद्रा sleep.  
 धीनपट्ट m. (-ट्टः) A cloth drawn round the lower extremities of the ascetic as he spouts to perform religious abstraction. ३. धीन a religious exercise, पट्ट cloth. [world. 2. DURGĀ'.  
 धीनमाया f. (-या) 1. The personified power of god in the creation of the धीनरत्न m. (-रत्नः) The orange, (Citrus aurantium.) "कमलाक्षि" ।  
 धीनवद m. (-दः) A word which retains only a part of its etymological meaning ; for instance, the word जलज may etymologically mean any thing produced in water, such as, fish, shell, &c., but its meaning are restricted to lotus only.  
 धीनरीचन f. (-नः) A magical ointment having the power of making one invisible or invulnerable.  
 धीनवत् n. (-त्) The power of devotion or magic.  
 धीनवर्तिका f. (-का) A magical lamp, a magical lantern.  
 धीनवाहिन m. (-ही) A menstruum or medium for mixing medicines, as honey, &c. ३. धीन, वाहिन conveyer. [effecting.  
 धीनवाही f. (-ही) 1. Alkali. 2. Quicksilver. ३. धीन joining of metals, वाह धीनविक्रय m. (-यः) Fraudulentsale. ३. धीन, and विक्रय sale.  
 धीनविद् m. (-विद्) 1. A follower of the Yo'ga doctrines. 2. A practiser of devotional exercises. 3. A magioian. 4. A compounder of medicines. ३. धीन and विद् who knows.  
 धीनविभक्त m. (-नः) 1 Separation of that which is usually combined. 2. The separation of the words of a Sūtra or text.  
 धीनसमाधि m. (-धिः) The absorption of the soul in profound meditation.  
 धीनसार m. (-रः) A panacea, a universal remedy.  
 धीनसेवा f. (-वा) Practising religious abstraction. ३. धीन, सेवा observance.  
 धीनान n. (-नः) A means of attaining Yoga ; There are eight such means; viz :—यम, निरुद्ध, आसन, प्राणायाम, प्रत्याहार, धारणा, ध्यान and समाधि ।  
 धीनधार m. (-रः) 1. The observance of Yo'ga. 2. A follower of that Buddhist sect which maintains the external existence of intelligence alone.  
 धीनधनन n. (-नः) A fraudulent pledge. ३. धीन fraud, and धाधनन a pledge.  
 धीनद्व mfn. (-द्वः-द्वः-द्वः) Engaged in devotional exercises. ३. धीन, and धाधद्व mounted on.  
 धीनसन n. (-नः) A religious posture, the position in which the devotee sits to perform the religious exercise called Yo'ga. ३. धीन as above, and धाधसन a seat or sitting.  
 धीन mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) 1. Who or what joins, or effects junction or connection, &c. 2. Possessed of superhuman powers. m. (-नी) 1. A devotee, an ascetic in general. 2. The religious or devout man, who performs worldly actions and ceremonies without regard to their results, and keeps his mind fixed upon BRAHMA' or God alone. 3. The performer of the particular act of meditation called Yo'ga. 4. A magician, a conjuror, one supposed to have

obtained supernatural powers. f. (-नी) Name of the eight female fiend or spirit attendant on, and created by DURGĀ' ; ३. धीन as above, धीन aff. ; or धुज् to join, aff. धीनम् । [sleep.  
 धीननिद्रा f. (-द्रा) Light sleep, wakefulness. ३. धीनिन् a saint, निद्रा धीन m. (-नः) 1. The city of BRAHMA'. 2. The saint and legislator YA'GNYAWALKYA. 3. A name of S'IVA. 4. Any principal Muni or Yo'gi. ३. धीन a Yo'gi or religious personage, &c., ईश्वर lord or chief.  
 धीनचर m. (-रः) 1. A principal sage or ascetic. 2. A magioian, one who has superhuman faculties. 3. A deity, the object of devout contemplation. ३. धीन and ईश्वर lord. [desired.  
 धीनद्व n. (-द्वः) Lead. ३. धीन affinity, (of metals or amalgamation,) द्व धीन mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) 1. Clever, skilful. 2. Fit or proper for a Yo'ga, or for religious meditation. 3. Powerful, able. 4. Fit, proper, suitable. n. (-नः) 1. A drug, commonly Ri'dd'hi. 2. A cake. 3. A vehicle or conveyance. 4. Sandal. m. (-नः) A calculator of expedients. f. (-नः) 1. Military exercise. 2. Medical practice. ३. धुज् to join or mix, aff. धीन ; or धीन union, यत् aff.  
 धीनता f. (-ता) Fitness, suitableness, propriety. ३. धीन, तत् aff. ; also with तत्, धीनतत् ।  
 धीनन n. (-नः) 1. God, the SUPREME BEING, the soul of the world. 2. A measure of distance equal to four Kro'sas, which at 8000 cubits or 4000 yards to the Kro'sa or Ke's, will be exactly nine miles ; other computations make the Yo'jana but about five miles, or even no more than four miles and a half. 3. Joining, union, junction, yoking. 4. Application, preparation. 5. Construction, putting together of the sense of a passage. 6. Instigation, exciting. 7. Concentration of the mind. f. (-नः) 1. Union, connection. 2. Grammatical construction. ३. धुज् to join, aff. धुज् ।  
 धीनननता f. (-ता) 1. Musk. 2. A name of S'IVA. 3. A name of SATYAVATI', the mother of the sage and poet VYA'SA. ३. धीनन a Yo'jana, and नन smell ; whose odour is perceptible miles off ; also with कन् added, fem. form, धीननननिका ।  
 धीननपर्वी f. (-वी) Bengal madder. ३. धीनन joining, पर्व leaf.  
 धीननपर्वी f. (-वी) Bengal madder, (Rubia manjith.) "मन्त्रिणायात्" ३. धीनन joining, पर्वी pedicle. [चनीयर् aff.  
 धीननीय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. To be joined. 2. To be added. ३. धुज् to join, धीनविद् mfn. (-ता-वी-द्व) Joining, combining, who or what unites. ३. धुज् to join, causal v., द्व aff. [usually धुज् ।  
 धीनन mfn. (-नः-ता-नः) Mixed, joined. ३. धुज् to join, aff. न ; more धीन m. (-नः) 1. Measure in general. 2. Cleansing, purifying. 3. A cleanser, a purifier. ३. धु to mix, or not to mix, and नन् Una'di aff.  
 धीन n. (-नः) The tie that fastens the yoke of a plough to the neck of the ox. ३. धु to join, द्व aff.  
 धीनानन mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) About to fight, ready to fight. ३. धु to fight, desid. v., future tense, द्व aff.  
 धीनय mfn. (-नः-नः-यः) To be fought, what must or ought to be fought. ३. धु to fight, द्व aff.  
 धीन m. (-नः) A warrior, a combatant. ३. धु to fight, aff. द्व ।  
 धीन m. (-यः) A warrior, a soldier, a combatant. ३. धु to fight, aff. यत् ।  
 धीनसुध m. (-धः) A leader, a chief warrior. ३. धीन and सुध chief.  
 धीनयत् mfn. (-यत्-यत्-यत्) Fighting, warring. ३. धु to fight, द्व aff.  
 धीनवीर m. (-रः) A hero, a warrior. ३. धीन, and वीर a hero.  
 धीनसराव m. (-रः) Mutual defiance, challenging or braving each other. ३. धीन a warrior, सराव cry or shout. [हर what takes.  
 धीनसर mfn. (-रः रा-रः) Carrying soldiers fit for war, (horses.) ३. धीन, धीन m. (-वी) A warrior. ३. धु to fight, धीनम् aff.  
 धीनय m. (-यः) A warrior. ३. धु war, and द्व aff.  
 धीनन m. (-नः) A sort of grain, (Andropogon or Holcus sorghum.) "द्व-धाव" ३. धन barley, नन culm or stalk, the न of the first word changed to द, and द with the inherent vowel of य changed to धी ।

वीनि mfn. (-नि:-नि: or -नी) 1. The vulva. 2. A mine. 3. Cause, origin. 4. Water. 5. Place or site of birth or production in general. 6. A repository, a seat. 7. Home, abode, nest. 8. A form of existence, race, birth, as in "देववीनि," &c. ९. यु to join or mix, Una'di aff. नि ।  
 वीनिज Adj. Born of the womb, viviparous.  
 वीनिदेवता f. (-ता) The 11th Nakshatra or lunar asterism ; also Pu'rva-pha'lguni. ९. वीनि the vulva, and देवता presiding deity.  
 वीनिनासा f. (-सा) The upper part of the vulva or the union of the labia. ९. वीनि the womb, and नासा the nose.  
 वीनिभेज m. (-जः) Fall of the womb, Prolapsus uteri. [colouring.  
 वीनिरज्जन n. (-जः) The menstrual excretion. ९. वीनि pudendum, रज्जन  
 वीनिखिन्न n. (-न्न) The clitoris. ९. वीनि the pudendum, खिन्न the penis.  
 वीनिलेहनि f. (-निः) Contraction or closure of the vagina. ९. वीनि and  
 लेहनि contraction.  
 वीनिसद्वर m. (-रः) Fault or blemish of birth on the mother's side, as  
 from inferiority of caste, &c. ९. वीनि, and सद्वर mixture.  
 वीन्यस n. (-यः) An affection of the vulva, Menorrhagia, or prolapsus  
 uteri. ९. वीनि the vulva, and यस piles. [oppressing.  
 वीपन n. (-नः) 1. Effacing. 2. Anything used for effacing. 3. Destroying,  
 वीपा f. (-वा) A young women. ९. युव to serve, sautra root, casual form,  
 affs. चच् and टाप् ।  
 वीषित् f. (-षित्) A woman in general. ९. युव. Sautra root, to serve, to  
 worship, to hurt, इति Una'di aff. ; also with टाप् added वीषिता f.  
 (-ता) । [विषित् क्त done.  
 वीषित्कृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Done by a woman, contracted by her, &c. ९.  
 वीषित्क mfn. (-कः-को-कः) 1. Connective, binding. 2. Inferrible, deducible.  
 3. Customary, usual. 4. Right, proper. 5. Founded on reasoning,  
 logical. m. (-कः) A minister or associate to one's pleasure or  
 amusement. ९. युक्ति union, association, aff. टक् ।  
 वीगक mfn. (-कः-को-कः) Relating to the religious practice, &c. called  
 Yo'ga. ९. वीग, टक् aff.  
 वीगपद n. (-पदः) Simultaneousness.  
 वीगिक mfn. (-कः-को-कः) 1. Customary, usual, common. 2. Relating to  
 the Yo'ga, &c. 3. Proper, regular, (as the sense of words, depen-  
 ing upon their derivation or construction.) ९. वीग and टक् aff.  
 वीजनवतिक mfn. (-कः-को-कः) Proceeding or extending a hundred Yo'ja-  
 nas. ९. वीजन a measure so named, वत a hundred, and टक् aff.  
 वीजनिक mfn. (-कः-को-कः) Extending, &c. a Yo'jana. ९. वीजन्, टक् aff.  
 वीट् (वृ.) वीट् r. 1st. cl. (वीटति)-To bind, to tie, to fasten ; also वीड् ।  
 वीतक n. (-कः) A nuptial gift, presents made to a bride, at her marri-  
 age, by her father or friends ; some consider it also implying a  
 gift to the bridegroom. ९. वीतक the same, pleonastic aff. चच् ।  
 वीतव n. (-वः) Measure in general. ९. वीतु the same, चच् aff. ; some  
 authorities read वीवत and वीतव ।  
 वीषय m. (-यः) A warrior. ९. वीषय the same, and चच् pleonasm.  
 वीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. Relating to the womb or place of origin, uterine:  
 2. Connected by female alliance, marriage, &c. ९. वीनि and चच् aff.  
 वीवत n. (-तः) 1. Measure in general. 2. An assemblage of young wo-  
 men. 3. The state of being a youthful woman. ९. यु to mix, deriv.  
 irr. ; or युवती a young woman, aff. चच् ।  
 वीव n. (-नः) 1. Youth, manhood, prime of life, puberty. 2. An assem-  
 blage of young women. ९. युवन् young, चच् aff. ; with कन् वीवनक ।  
 वीवनकट्टक m. (-कः) Pimples on the face, especially in young persons.  
 ९. वीवन youth, and कट्टक a thorn.  
 वीवनदयं m. (-यः) Pride of youth, rashness, conceit, ९. वीवन, दयं pride.  
 वीवनदशा f. (-शा) The period of youth. ९. वीवन, दशा state, [ples, &c.  
 वीवनपिडका f. (-का) Blotches on the face in youth. ९. वीवन, पिडका pim-  
 दावनलचच n. (-चः) 1. The bosom, the female breast. 2. Beauty, hand-  
 someness, charm, loveliness. 3. Characteristic of youth, ९. वीवन  
 youth, लचच mark or sign.

वीवनवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Youthful. ९. वीवन, and वत् aff.  
 वीवमन् m. (-मः) A name of MA'NDHATRI, one of the kings of the solar  
 dynasty. ९. वीवमन् a proper name, and चच् patronymic aff.  
 वीवरज्य n. (-ज्यः) The office of YUVARAJA. [you, aff. चच् ।  
 वीवाक mfn. (-कः-को-कः) Yours, belonging to you. ९. वीवाक for वीवद  
 वीवाकीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Yours, thine. ९. वीवाक for वीवद thou, चच् aff.  
 र The twenty-seventh consonant of the Nāgari Alphabet, correspond-  
 ing to the letter R.  
 र m. (-रः) 1. Fire or Agni. 2. Heat, warmth. 3. Burning, scorching. 4.  
 Love, desire. 5. Speed. f. (-रः) 1. Giving. 2. Gold. f. (-री) Going,  
 moving. ९. रा to give, or रन् to play, &c., aff. ड ।  
 रं र. 1st and 10th cl. (रंयति रंयति-ते) 1. To hasten, to move with  
 speed. 2. To urge on, to cause to move or flow. 3. To speak.  
 रंयति f. (-तिः) Speed, velocity, in general, or the speed of a chariot.  
 ९. रन् to sport, क्तिन् aff., इक् augment. [augment.  
 रंयन् n. (-यः) Speed, velocity. ९. रन् to sport, Una'di aff. चयन्, इक्  
 रं र. 10th cl. (रंयति-ते) 1. To taste. 2. To obtain. [get, चच् aff.  
 रक m. (-कः) 1. The sun gem. 2. Crystal. 3. A hard shower. ९. रक् to  
 रक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) 1. Dyed, tinged, coloured, stained. 2. Red, of a  
 red colour. 3. Fond of, attached to, affected with love or interest  
 towards any object. 4. Pure, purified. 5. Sporting, engaging in  
 play or pastime. m. (-कः) Red, the colour. n. (-क्तः) 1. Blood. 2.  
 Saffron. 3. Copper. 4. Minium. 5. Vermilion. 6. The fruit of the  
 Flacourtia cataphracta. f. (-क्तः) 1. Passionate, attached. 2.  
 Pleasant, charming. 3. The Gu'njā plant, (Abrus precatorius) 4.  
 Lac. 5. Bengal madder. ९. रक् to colour or dye, &c., aff. क् ।  
 रक्तक m. (-कः) 1. A plant bearing a red blossom, (Pentapetes phœnicea,) it  
 is also applied to the Ixora bandhuca. 2. Globe amaranth,  
 (Gomphrena globosa, the red variety.) 3. Red garments or cloth.  
 4. A man affected with passion or fondness. 5. A gambler, a  
 player. 6. Safflower. f. (-क्ता) 1. Red. 2. Fond of. 3. Pleasing. 4.  
 Bloody. ९. कन् added to the preceding.  
 रक्तकण्ड mfn. (-कण्डः-कण्डः) 1. Sweet-voiced. 2. The Indian cuckoo.  
 रक्तकन्द m. (-कन्दः) 1. Coral. 2. A sort of onion. 3. A kind of jam, (Dios-  
 corea purpurea.) ९. रक्त red, and कन्द a root.  
 रक्तकन्दल m. (-लः) Coral. ९. रक्त red, कन्द a root, and लच् aff.  
 रक्तकमल n. (-कमलः) The red lotus. ९. रक्त red, and कमल the lotus.  
 रक्तकाचन m. (-नः) Mountain-ebony. (Bauhinia variegata, or B. Pur-  
 purea.) ९. रक्त red, काचन the tree. [the lotus.  
 रक्तकुसुम n. (-कुसुमः) The red lotus, (Nymphaea rubra, Rox.) ९. रक्त red, कुसुम  
 रक्तकैरव n. (-कैरवः) The red lotus. ९. रक्त, and कैरव a lotus.  
 रक्तकीकनद n. (-दः) The red lotus. ९. रक्त and कीकनद a lotus.  
 रक्तगुच्छ m. (-गुच्छः) 1. A disease, a hard lump in the abdomen of the  
 female after conception, perhaps scirrhus of the ovary. 2. A clot  
 of blood. ९. रक्त and गुच्छ cluster.  
 रक्तघ्न m. (-घ्नः) A small tree, (Andersonia rohitaka.) f. (-घ्नी) A kind of  
 grass, a variety of the Durbā grass. ९. रक्त blood, घ्न removing.  
 रक्तचन्दन n. (-चन्दनः) 1. Red wood, either red Sandal or sappan wood, (Pter-  
 carpus Santalinus.) 2. Saffron. ९. रक्त red and चन्दन Sandal.  
 रक्तपिडक m. (-पिडकः) A tree, (Plumbago rosea or coccinea. Syn. P.  
 Rosea.) "रक्तपिडा"  
 रक्तपूष्य n. (-पूष्यः) 1. Red lead. 2. Any red powder. ९. रक्त पूष्य powder, dust.

रक्तहृदि f. (-दिः) Vomiting blood.  
 रक्तजम्बु m. (-जम्बुः) An earth-worm. E. रक्त red, जम्बु an insect, aff. जम्बु ।  
 रक्तजिह्व m. (-जिह्वः) A lion. E. रक्त red, and जिह्व the tongue.  
 रक्तजायक m. (-जायकः) A tree, (Tamarix dioica.) "लावु जायक ।"  
 रक्तकुक्ष m. (-कुक्षः) A parrot. E. रक्त red, कुक्ष a beak. [with रक्त, रक्तता ।  
 रक्तम् n. (-म्) 1. Redness. 2. Passion, affection. E. रक्त added to रक्त ; also  
 रक्तदन्ती f. (-दन्ती) A name of PA'RVATI'. E. रक्त red, दन्त a tooth, aff. दन्ती ।  
 रक्तदृष्ट mfn. (-दृष्टः) Red-eyed. m. (-दृष्टः) A pigeon. E. रक्त red, दृष्ट eye.  
 रक्तधातु m. (-धातुः) 1. Red chalk or red orpiment. "नेत्रिके." 2. Copper. E.  
 रक्त, धातु a mineral.  
 रक्तमय mfn. (-मयः) Red-eyed. m. (-मयः) The Greek partridge, "चकीरे"  
 (Perdix rufa.) E. रक्त red, and मय the eye, red-eyed.  
 रक्तनासिक m. (-नासिकः) An owl. E. रक्त red, नासिका the nose.  
 रक्तप mfn. (-पः) Who or what drinks blood. m. (-पः) An imp, a  
 goblin. f. (-पः) 1. A leech. 2. A female goblin. E. रक्त blood, and प  
 what drinks, from पा with क aff., and टाप् for the feminine.  
 रक्तपक्ष m. (-पक्षः) GARUD'A. E. रक्त red, and पक्ष wing.  
 रक्तपदी f. (-पदी) A plant, considered as a sort of sensitive plant, or a  
 species of Lycopodium. E. रक्त red, पद foot or root, aff. पदी ।  
 रक्तपद्म m. (-पद्मः) The A'soka tree.  
 रक्तपा f. (-पा) A leech.  
 रक्तपात m. (-पातः) Spilling of blood. E. रक्त, and पात causing to fall.  
 रक्तपाता f. (-पाता) A leech. E. रक्त blood, पात nourished.  
 रक्तपाद mfn. (-पादः) Red-footed. m. (-पादः) 1. A parrot. 2. A war-  
 chariot. E. रक्त red, पाद foot.  
 रक्तपायिन् m. (-पायिन्) A bug. f. (-पायिनी) A leech. E. रक्त, पायिन् what drinks.  
 रक्तपारद n. (-पारदः) Native vermilion, cinnabar. E. रक्त, पारद quicksilver.  
 रक्तपिच्छ m. (-पिच्छः) 1. The "china-rose," (Hibiscus, rosa sinensis.) "जवाफूल".  
 2. A climbing plant, (Ventilago madraspatana.) 3. A spontaneous  
 discharge of blood from the nose and mouth. 4. A red pimple or  
 boil. E. रक्त red, and पिच्छ lump.  
 रक्तपित्त m. (-पित्तः) Plethora, spontaneous hæmorrhages from the mouth,  
 nose, rectum and cuticle, accompanied with fever and headache,  
 vomiting, purging, &c. E. रक्त red, and पित्त bile, the bile being of  
 that colour ; or रक्त blood and पित्त bile, it being supposed to be  
 an affection of both fluids or humours.  
 रक्तपित्तका f. (-का) A variety of bent grass, (Panicum dactylon.) E. रक्त  
 पित्त the disease, and का what removes. "नेट्टुक्का ।"  
 रक्तपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) 1. Nerium odorum, the red variety. 2. A small tree,  
 (Andersonia rohitaca, Rox.) mf. (-पुष्पा) The silk-cotton tree,  
 (Bombax heptaphyllum.) f. (-पुष्पी) 1. The trumpet-flower, (Bigno-  
 nia suave-olens) 2. Bryony, (Bryonia grandis.) E. रक्त red, and पुष्प  
 flower, where it may be applied to any plant bearing red blossoms.  
 रक्तपुष्पक m. (-पुष्पकः) 1. The Palash tree, (Butea frondosa.) 2. A small tree,  
 (Andersonia rohitaca, Rox.) 3. A red flower, (Ixora bandhuka, or  
 Pentapetes phoenicea.) 4. The silk-cotton tree. 5. The coral tree.  
 6. A tree from which a red dye is prepared, (Rottleria tinctoria.)  
 f. (-पुष्पा) A sort of sensitive plant or species of Lycopodium. E.  
 रक्त added to the preceding.  
 रक्तपीप m. (-पीपः) Red-poppy, (Papaver Rhoeas.)  
 रक्तप्रेष m. (-प्रेषः) The passing of blood in the urine.  
 रक्तफल m. (-फलः) The Indian fig-tree. f. (-फला) A cucurbitaceous plant,  
 (Momordica monodelpha.) "नेलाकुचा". E. रक्त red, and फल fruit.  
 रक्तफेज m. (-फेजः) A part of the body, apparently intending the lungs.  
 "फेजु वी". E. रक्त blood, फेज froth or phlegm, and वी born.  
 रक्तवायु n. (-वायुः) Red lead. E. रक्त red, वायुका sand. "सिन्दुरे ।"  
 रक्तमन्त्र m. (-मन्त्रः) A plant, (Barringtonia acutangula.) "निबुल हवे". E.  
 रक्त red, मन्त्र a pedicle aff. टम् ।  
 रक्तमण्डल n. (-मण्डलः) The red lotus. E. रक्त red, and मण्डल a circle. [मण्डल aff.  
 रक्तमण्ड mfn. (-मण्डः) Bloody, full or consisting of blood. E. रक्त and

रक्तनीच n. (-नीचः) Bleeding, letting blood. E. रक्त, नीच loosening.  
 रक्तमण्डि f. (-मण्डिः) Bengal madder, (Rubia manjisti'h.) E. रक्त, मण्डि a stick.  
 रक्तमण्ड m. (-मण्डः) 1. Red lead. 2. The blossom of the Pala'sh, (Butea  
 frondosa.) 3. A sort of cloth. 4. An angry man. E. रक्त red, and मण्ड  
 dust ; also with मण्ड added in the second meaning रक्तमण्डिका ।  
 रक्तवीचन mfn. (-वीचनः) Red-eyed. m. (-वीचनः) A pigeon. E. रक्त, वीचन eye.  
 रक्तवटी f. (-वटी) Small-pox. E. रक्त red, and वटी a pustule.  
 रक्तवटी f. (-वटी) Small-pox. E. रक्त red, वटी a pustule.  
 रक्तवर्ण m. (-वर्णः) 1. Lac. 2. The Pomegranate tree. 3. Safflower.  
 रक्तवर्ण mfn. (-वर्णः) Red, of a red colour. m. (-वर्णः) 1. An earth-worm.  
 "केतुड". 2. Red, (the colour.) n. (-वर्णः) Gold. E. रक्त red, वर्ण colour.  
 रक्तवर्धन m. (-वर्धनः) The egg-plant, (Solanum molongena.) E. रक्त blood, and  
 वर्धन increasing. "वापुकी ।"  
 रक्तवसन mfn. (-वसनः) Dressed in red. m. (-वसनः) The mendicant, or  
 Bráhmāna of the fourth order, especially as occasionally clad in  
 red garments. E. रक्त red, वसन vesture.  
 रक्तवाहिन् mfn. (-वाहिन्) Conveying blood, (as an artery.) E. रक्त, and  
 वाहिन् what bears. [and विद्रधि a sore.  
 रक्तविद्रधि m. (-विद्रधिः) A sore or ulcer from a vitiated state of blood. E. रक्त,  
 रक्तविन्दु m. (-विन्दुः) 1. A red spot forming a flaw in a gem. 2. A drop of  
 blood. E. रक्त red, and विन्दु a drop.  
 रक्तबीज m. (-बीजः) 1. The pomegranate. 2. The name of a demon killed  
 by Durga'. E. रक्त red, and बीज the seed. [हल a stalk.  
 रक्तहस्ता f. (-हस्ता) A flower, (Nyctanthes tristis.) "नेफालिकायान्". E. रक्त red,  
 रक्तशालि m. (-शालिः) A red variety of rice, (Oriza sativa.) E. रक्त, शालि rice.  
 रक्तशासन n. (-शासनः) Red lead. E. रक्त red, शासन an edict ; from the docu-  
 ment perhaps being sealed or signed with a preparation of this  
 substance.  
 रक्तश्रीक m. (-श्रीकः) A kind of heron. "सारसपक्षिणि ।"  
 रक्तशुद्धि m. (-शुद्धिः) A kind of poison.  
 रक्तसरोज n. (-सरोजः) Safflower. E. रक्त red, (a dye) सरोज a contracting.  
 रक्तसङ्कोच n. (-सङ्कोचः) The blue lotus. E. रक्त added to the last.  
 रक्तसंज्ञ n. (-संज्ञः) Saffron. E. रक्त red or blood, and संज्ञा appellation ; also  
 similar compounds, as रक्तनामन्, रक्तनामक, &c. "कुङ्कुमि ।"  
 रक्तसन्ध्या n. (-सन्ध्याः) The red lotus, (Nymphæa rubra.) E. रक्त red, सन्ध्या  
 twilight, रक्त aff. of comparison.  
 रक्तसरोज n. (-सरोजः) The red lotus. E. रक्त, सरोज a lotus.  
 रक्तसर्वप m. (-सर्वपः) Mustard, (Brassica nigra.) [सिक्क a lotus.  
 रक्तसौमित्रिक m. (-सौमित्रिकः) The red lotus. "रक्तसौमित्रिक". E. रक्त blood, &c., सौम-  
 रक्तसाव m. (-सावः) 1. Venesection, bleeding. 2. A kind of dook or sorrel.  
 E. रक्त and साव causing to flow ; also रक्तसावण । [musical modes.  
 रक्तङ्गा f. (-ङ्गा) One of the Ra'ginis or female personifications of the  
 रक्तहीन mfn. (-हीनः) Bloodless, cold-blooded. E. रक्त, हीन devoid of.  
 रक्ताल mfn. (-रक्तः) 1. Sprinkled with blood. 2. Dyed red. n. (-रक्तः)  
 Red wood, (Pterocarpus santalinus ; applied also to the Cæsalpi-  
 nia sappan.) E. रक्त, and रक्त sprinkled, spread.  
 रक्ताक्ष mfn. (-रक्तः) Red-eyed. m. (-रक्तः) 1. A buffalo. 2. A pigeon.  
 3. The Greek partridge, (Perdix rufa.) "चकीरे." 4. A tyrant, a  
 savage, a barbarous or cruel man. 5. The Indian crane. E. रक्त  
 red, रक्षि the eye, aff. रक्षि ।  
 रक्ताङ्ग m. (-रक्तः) 1. The planet Mars. 2. A plant, (a species of Crinum.)  
 3. A bug. n. (-रक्तः) 1. Coral. 2. Saffron. f. (-रक्तः) A plant, (Celtis  
 orientalis.) E. रक्त red and रक्त body.  
 रक्तारिषार m. (-रक्तः) Dysentery. E. रक्त, and रक्तारिषार diarrhoea.  
 रक्ताधार m. (-रक्तः) The skin. E. रक्त blood, रक्ताधार receptacle.  
 रक्ताधिनय m. (-रक्तः) Inflammation of the eyes, ophthalmia with spongi-  
 ness of the vessels so as to discharge blood on being touched. E.  
 रक्त, and रक्तधिनय ophthalmia.  
 रक्ताभ Adj. Red-looking. [tears. E. रक्त, रक्तधिनय flow.  
 रक्ताभिमन्त्र m. (-रक्तः) Redness or the vessels of the eye with flow of

**रक्षाकर mfn.** (-रः-रा-र) Dressed in red. **m.** (-रः) Any vagrant devotee, wearing red garments. **र.** रक्ष red, चक्षर vesture. [ranth.]

**रक्षाकान् m.** (-नः) Globe amaranth, the red variety. **र.** रक्ष red, चक्षान ama-

**रक्षाकुम्भ m.** (-दः) A bloody tumour.

**रक्षान् m.** (-क्षः) Common yam, (Dioscorea Sativa.) **र.** रक्ष red, चक्ष yam.

**रक्षावलेपन n.** (-नं) Letting blood, bleeding. **र.** रक्ष, चक्षलेपन sprinkling.

**रक्षाशय m.** (-यः) Viscus in which the blood is contained or secreted, viz. :—the heart, the liver, and the spleen. **र.** रक्ष, चक्षशय receptacle.

**रक्षि f.** (-क्षिः) 1. Affection, attachment. 2. Addiction to. 3. Charmingness. **र.** रक्ष् to be affected, aff. क्षिन् ।

**रक्षिका f.** (-का) 1. A plant, (Abrus precatorious.) 2. The seed of the Abrus precatorious used as a weight, or a fictitious weight denominated from the seeds originally so used; the seed weighs about one and five-sixteenth troy grains, the artificial Ratti or Raktika should be double that weight, but in common use it averages nearly two grains and a quarter. **र.** रक्ष red, कक्ष aff., fem. form.

**रक्षिमन् m.** (-मन्) Redness.

**रक्षिचक्ष mfn.** (-क्षः-चक्ष-क्ष) Red-eyed, having the eyes inflamed or blood-shot. **र.** रक्ष, and ईक्ष the eye.

**रक्षोत्पल n.** (-लः) The red lotus, (Nymphaea rubra.) **र.** रक्ष red, उत्पल lotus.

**रक्षोत्पलम् mfn.** (-मः-मा-क्ष) **Red.** **m.** (-मः) Redness, red, the colour. **र.** रक्षोत्पल the red lotus, चक्ष resembling.

**रक्षोपल n.** (-लः) Indurated ochre, or clay iron stone. **र.** रक्ष red, उपल a stone, hence applied to red ochre, red orpiment, red chalk, &c.

**रक्ष् r.** 1st cl. (रक्षति) 1. To guard. 2. To protect, to cherish, to preserve. With परि, To save from ruin.

**रक्ष mf.** (-क्षः-क्षा) 1. Preserving, protecting. 2. Lac f. (-क्षा) 1. Ashes. 2. A tutelary deity. **f.** (-क्षिका क्षो) A sort of bracelet, a twist of thread or tinsel, with a small packet containing a few carminative seeds, bound round the wrist at particular periods, especially at the day of full-moon in Sra'vana. **र.** रक्ष् to preserve, aff. क्ष् ।

**रक्षःसम n.** (-सं) A multitude or assemblage of goblins. **र.** रक्षस् a demon, समा assemblage.

**रक्षक mfn.** (-क्षः-क्षिका-क्ष) Who or what protects, &c. **m.** (-क्षः) 1. A guardian, a protector. 2. A watch, a guard. **र.** रक्ष् to preserve, कक्ष aff.

**रक्षक n.** (-क्षः) Preserving, defending. **f.** (-क्षो) Rein, bridle. **र.** रक्ष् to preserve, aff. कक्ष ।

**रक्षि f.** (-क्षिः or क्षी) A medicinal plant, "नायमाचक्षतायाम् ।"

**रक्षणीय mfn.** (-क्षः-या-क्ष) To be guarded, preserved, protected, &c. **र.** रक्ष् to preserve, क्षणीयर् aff. [रक्षयारक ।]

**रक्षणीरक m.** (-क्षः) Urinary affection, as gonorrhoea, &c.; elsewhere read रक्षन् mfn.

**रक्षन् mfn.** (-क्षन्-क्षन्-क्षन्) Preserving, guarding, protecting. **र.** रक्ष् to preserve, कक्ष aff.

**रक्षस् n.** (-क्षः) Rākshas, an evil spirit, apparently distinguishable into three classes; one sort of Rākshas is of a demi-celestial nature and is ranked with the attendants on Kuvē'ra; another corresponds to a goblin, an imp, or ogre, haunting cemeteries, animating dead bodies, disturbing sacrifices, and ensnaring and devouring human beings; the third kind approaches more to the nature of the Titan, or relentless, and powerful enemy of the gods. **र.** रक्ष् to preserve, (Kuvē'ra's treasure, &c.) कक्षन् aff.; also राक्षस् ।

**रक्षसाय m.** (-यः) A contemptible Rākshas. **र.** रक्षस्, and राक्ष aff.

**रक्षाशयन.** (-क्षः) A lying-in-chamber.

**रक्षाधित m.** (-क्षः) A governor, a magistrate. **र.** रक्षा, चक्षित set over.

**रक्षापत्र m.** (-क्षः) A sort of birch-tree. "क्षेत्रक्षेत्रे च ।"

**रक्षापेक्षक m.** (-क्षः) 1. A door-keeper or porter. 2. A guard of the women's apartments. 3. A catamite. 4. An actor, a mine. **र.** रक्ष् preserving, क्षप् before, ईक्ष् to see, aff. कक्ष । [evil spirits.]

**रक्षापदीप m.** (-पः) A light kept burning for protection against the

**रक्षानक्षि m.** (-क्षिः) An ornament or jewel worn as a preservative.

**रक्षित mfn.** (-क्षित-क्षित) 1. Preserved, protected, defended. 2. Kept detained. **र.** रक्ष् to preserve, aff. क्षि । [preserve, कक्ष aff.]

**रक्षितव्य mfn.** (-क्षः-या-क्ष) To be guarded, protected, &c. **र.** रक्ष् to

**रक्षित mfn.** (-क्षित-क्षित) Who or what protects, defends, &c., a protector, a guard. **र.** रक्ष् to preserve, कक्ष aff.

**रक्षिन् mfn.** (-क्षि-क्षि-क्षि) Who or what preserves, &c. **र.** रक्ष् to preserve, कक्ष aff. [class.]

**रक्षिणं m.** (-क्षिः) A guard, a sentinel. **र.** रक्षि from रक्षिन् a preserver, कक्ष

**रक्षोन्म m.** (-क्षः) A class or troop of evil spirits. **र.** रक्षस्, कक्ष a troop.

**रक्षोन्म m.** (-क्षः) Marking-nut plant. **n.** (-क्षः) 1. Sour gruel made from the fermentation of rice-water. 2. Asafoetida. **र.** रक्षस् a goblin, and क्ष destroying, repelling.

**रक्षोन्मो f.** (-क्षो) Night. **र.** रक्षस् a spirit, कक्षो mother.

**रक्षम् m.** (-क्षः) Preserving, guarding, protection. **र.** रक्ष् to preserve, aff. कक्ष । [यक्ष aff.]

**रक्ष्य mfn.** (-क्ष्यः-क्ष्या-क्ष्य) To be guarded, protected, &c. **र.** रक्ष् to preserve, रक्ष्यमाण mfn.

**रक्ष्यमाण mfn.** (-क्ष्यः-माण-क्ष्य) Preserved. **र.** रक्ष् to preserve, pass. v., कक्षन् aff.

**रक्ष् r.** 1st cl. (रक्षति) also (रक्षि) **रक्षि r.** 1st cl. (रक्षति) To go, to move.

**रक्ष् r.** 1st cl. (रक्षि) **रक्षि (रक्षति)** To suspect, to doubt, to fear. **r.** 10th cl. (रक्षयति) 1. To taste. 2. To obtain. (रक्षि) **रक्षि r.** 1st cl. (रक्षति) To go, to move.

**रक्ष् (रक्षि) r.** 1st cl. (रक्षते) To go, to move. **r.** 10th cl. (रक्षयति) To shine; also without the indicative letter. **r.** 10th cl. (राक्षयति) To taste. KA'LIDĀ'SA derives रक्ष् from this root.

**रक्षु m.** (-क्षुः) 1. The name of a sovereign of Oudh, the great grand-father of RA'MACHANDRA. 2. The family or descendants of RAGHU. **र.** रक्षि to shine, कक्ष Una'di aff., क्ष changed to र, nasal augment rejected.

**रक्षकार m.** (-क्षः) The poet KA'LIDĀ'SA. **र.** रक्ष the race of RAGHU, which forms the subject of a poem by this writer, and कक्ष author.

**रक्षुनन्दन m.** (-नः) RA'MA, the second incarnation of VIṢṆU, under that appellation. **र.** रक्षु the king RAGHU, नन्दन a son or descendant.

**रक्षुनाय m.** (-यः) A name of RA'MA. **र.** रक्षु the race of RAGHU, नाय lord.

**रक्षुवंश m.** (-क्षुः) The race or family of RAGHU; hence also the name of a poem by KA'LIDĀ'SA, which treats of the ancestors of RA'MA, from DILĪ'PA to that prince, and his descendants to AGNIVARṆA; nearly one half relates to the history of RAGHU and as much to that of RA'MA, the remainder is occupied with the remaining princes. **र.** रक्ष as above, and वंश race.

**रक्षुवर m.** (-रः) RA'MA. **र.** रक्षु the race of RAGHU, and वर eminent.

**रक्षुवर m.** (-रः) RA'MA. **र.** रक्षु the race of RAGHU, and उरवर pre-eminent.

**रक्ष mfn.** (-क्षः-क्षा-क्ष) 1. Niggardly, avaricious, a miser. 2. Slow, dull. 3. Hungry. **र.** रक्षि to go, aff. क्ष् । [form irr.]

**रक्षु m.** (-क्षुः) A sort of deer, (the spotted axis.) **र.** रक्ष् to sport, aff. कक्ष ।

**रक्ष m.** (-क्षः) 1. Paint, colour, tint, dye. 2. Dancing, acting, singing, &c. 3. A field of battle. 4. The place where acting, &c. is exhibited, a stage. 5. A place answering to an amphitheatre. 6. An assembly. 7. The nasal modification of a vowel. 8. Borax. **n.** (-क्षः) Tin. **र.** रक्षि to go, aff. क्ष्; or रक्ष् to colour, aff. क्ष्, the final changed, and the nasal rejected.

**रक्षवर m.** (-रः) 1. An actor. 2. A gladiator.

**रक्षज n.** (-क्षः) Red lead. **र.** रक्ष colour, क्ष produced. "क्षिपुर् रक्षः ।"

**रक्षजीवक m.** (-क्षः) 1. An actor, a dancer, a mine. 2. A painter. **र.** रक्ष a stage or colour, &c., and जीवक who lives by. [diversions.]

**रक्षदेवता f.** (-क्षः) The goddess supposed to preside over sports and

**रक्षद्वार n.** (-क्षः) 1. A stage door. 2. The prologue of a play.

**रक्षभूति m.** (-क्षिः) The day of full-moon in the month A'shwin (September-October), on the night of which LAKṢHMĪ descended, promising wealth to all who were awake. **र.** रक्ष dancing and singing, भूति being, the night being spent in playing ancient chess, in Na'utches, &c.



**रज्ज्वि** f. (-विः) 1. A field. 2. A stage, a theatre, a place where dancing is exhibited, or the Indian dramas where represented. 3. रज्ज्वि dancing, &c., and रज्ज्वि ground, spot. [जीव् ।]  
**रज्ज्वी** f. (-वी) A late. 3. रज्ज्वि singing, &c., लज्ज् to hold, affa. चच्च् and रज्ज्वि f. (-ता) 1. A bawd. 2. Lao, the animal-dye. 3. रज्ज्वि passion or colour, &c., and लाट parent.  
**रज्ज्विका** f. (-का) Lao, or the insect which forms the red dye. 3. रज्ज्वि colour, लाट parent, लज्ज् added.  
**रज्ज्विनी** f. (-नी) A flower, (Nyctanthes tristis.) "श्रीकालिकायाम्". 3. रज्ज्वि colour, (of the stalk,) लज्ज् to shine, aff. चिनि ।  
**रज्ज्वट** m. (-टः) A place enclosed for contest.  
**रज्ज्वी** n. (-वी) Silver. 3. रज्ज्वि tin, बीज seed or essence.  
**रज्ज्वाला** f. (-वा) A hall for public exhibitions, as Na'utches, plays, &c., a ball-room, a theatre. 3. रज्ज्वि acting, &c., and जाला a hall.  
**रज्ज्वी** m. (-वी) 1. A painter. 2. An actor, a dancer. 3. रज्ज्वि colour, &c., जाली who lives by. [alighting.  
**रज्ज्वतरण** n. (-णः) Acting, playing, exhibiting in public. 3. रज्ज्वि, अवतरण  
**रज्ज्वतारक** m. (-कः) 1. An actor, a buffoon. 2. A boxer. 3. A bard or panegyrist. 3. रज्ज्वि acting, dancing, लज्ज् depreciative prefix. ल् to pass, लज्ज् aff. ; also with चिनि aff. रज्ज्वतारिन् ।  
**रज्ज्वि** mfn. (-विः-विणी वि) 1. Colouring, dying. 2. Impassioned, having propensity or passion. f. (-वी) A plant, (Asparagus racemosus.) "रज्ज्वि" 3. रज्ज्वि colour, &c., रज्ज्वि aff.  
**रज्ज्वि** n. (-विः) Speed, velocity: see रज्ज्वि ; ल् being changed to च ।  
**रज्ज्वि** 10th cl. (रज्ज्वि-वि) 1. To make mechanically, to work, to manufacture. 2. To write, to compose. 3. To decorate.  
**रज्ज्वि** m. (-कः) A maker, a composer. 3. रज्ज्वि to make, लज्ज् aff.  
**रज्ज्वि** f. (-वा) 1. Orderly and becoming arrangement or disposition in general. 2. Decoration or dressing of hair. 3. Stringing flowers, &c., weaving wreaths, chaplets, or similar decorations. 4. Military array, arrangement of troops. 5. Literary composition, whether in verse or prose. 6. Suspending garlands, &c. at the doors of a house or building on festival occasions. 7. Making or preparing any thing. 3. रज्ज्वि to make, to manufacture, aff. लज्ज् ।  
**रज्ज्वि** mfn. (-विः-विनी वि) 1. Made, manufactured. 2. Written, composed. 3. Strung. 3. रज्ज्वि to make, aff. लज्ज् ।  
**रज्ज्वि** m. (-कः-क) 1. Dust. 2. The pollen of flowers. 3. The menstrual excretion. 4. The second property of humanity, the quality of passion. 3. रज्ज्वि to colour, &c., aff. लज्ज्, and the nasal rejected; this word more commonly occurs रज्ज्वि, q. v.  
**रज्ज्वि** m. (-विः) A dog. 3. रज्ज्वि dust, and लज्ज्वि who sleeps.  
**रज्ज्वि** m. (-विः) Air, wind. 3. रज्ज्वि dust, and लज्ज्वि charioteer.  
**रज्ज्वि** m. (-कः) 1. A washerman. 2. Cloth, clothes. f. (-वी) A washerman's wife or a washer-woman. 3. रज्ज्वि to colour, (clothes,) लज्ज्वि or लज्ज्वि aff. ; or रज्ज्वि-लज्ज्वि लज्ज्वि लज्ज्वि: in the latter case the fem. is रज्ज्वि लज्ज्वि a washer-woman, and रज्ज्वि लज्ज्वि a washer-woman's wife.  
**रज्ज्वि** mfn. (-विः-विनी वि) White, n. (-विः) 1. A pearl-necklace. 2. Silver. 3. Gold. 4. Elephant's teeth, ivory. 5. The name of a lake. 6. The name of a mountain, perhaps Kailāsa; see रज्ज्वि. 7. White, (the colour.) 8. Blood. 9. An asterism, a constellation. 10. An elephant. 3. रज्ज्वि to colour, &c., लज्ज्वि Unādi aff.  
**रज्ज्वि** m. (-विः) The monkey HANUMA'NA. 3. रज्ज्वि silver, लज्ज्वि lustre.  
**रज्ज्वि** m. (-विः) Mount Kailāsa, the residence of KURVA and his attendant demi-gods. 3. रज्ज्वि white, (or silver,) and लज्ज्वि table-land.  
**रज्ज्वि** m. (-विः) Mount Kailāsa; see the last. 3. रज्ज्वि, लज्ज्वि mountain.  
**रज्ज्वि** m. (-विः) Colouring, dyeing. 3. रज्ज्वि to colour, Unādi aff. लज्ज्वि or लज्ज्वि ।  
**रज्ज्वि** f. (-विः-वी) 1. Night. 2. The indigo-plant. 3. Turmeric. 4. Lao. 3. रज्ज्वि to colour, लज्ज्वि Unādi aff., and लज्ज्वि optionally added.  
**रज्ज्वि** m. (-विः) The moon. 3. रज्ज्वि, and लज्ज्वि who makes; also रज्ज्वि लज्ज्वि ।  
**रज्ज्वि** Adj. A cloudy day, (looking like a night.)

**रज्ज्वि** m. (-विः) The tuberose, (Polianthes tuberosa.) 3. रज्ज्वि night, and लज्ज्वि smell, emitting a powerful smell after sun-set.  
**रज्ज्वि** m. (-विः) 1. A Rākshasa a fiend, a goblin, a ghost. 2. A watchman. 3. A thief. 3. रज्ज्वि night, लज्ज्वि who goes.  
**रज्ज्वि** n. (-विः) Frost, hoar-frost, dew. 3. रज्ज्वि night, लज्ज्वि water, falling at night. [mencement.  
**रज्ज्वि** n. (-विः) Evening, beginning of the night. 3. रज्ज्वि, लज्ज्वि com-  
**रज्ज्वि** f. (-वा) A flower, (Nyctanthes arbor tristis.) "श्रीकालिकायाम्". 3. रज्ज्वि night, लज्ज्वि a smile; the flowers blossoming at night, and diffusing a powerful scent after sun-set.  
**रज्ज्वि** n. (-विः) 1. The second of the three primary qualities of nature the quality or property of passion: that which produces sensual desire, worldly coveting, pride, and falsehood, and is the cause of pain. 2. Dust. 3. The dust or pollen of a flower. 4. Any particle of matter. 5. The menstrual evacuation. 6. Cultivated fields. 7. A mole in a sun-beam. 3. रज्ज्वि to colour, to be attached to, Unādi aff. लज्ज्वि ।  
**रज्ज्वि** m. (-विः) 1. A cloud. 2. The heart or mind. 3. रज्ज्वि to colour, to feel affection for, लज्ज्वि Unādi aff.  
**रज्ज्वि** Adj. Being under the influence of Rajas and Tamas.  
**रज्ज्वि** mn. (-विः-विनी वि) 1. Avarice. 2. The child of passion, (a term applied to a person to mark his insignificance.)  
**रज्ज्वि** m. (-विः) 1. A buffalo. 2. Quicksilver. f. (-वा) 1. A woman during menstruation. 2. A girl, one above ten years of age. 3. Dusty. 4. Full of passion. 3. रज्ज्वि dust, &c., and लज्ज्वि aff.  
**रज्ज्वि** mfn. (-विः-विनी वि) Affected, moved, attracted, or excited by. 3. रज्ज्वि to effect, causal v., लज्ज्वि aff.  
**रज्ज्वि** m. (-विः) The second condition of humanity: see रज्ज्वि ।  
**रज्ज्वि** n. (-विः) The first appearance of the menses.  
**रज्ज्वि** m. (-विः) Suppression of menstruation. 3. रज्ज्वि, and लज्ज्वि binding.  
**रज्ज्वि** n. (-विः) Darkness. 3. रज्ज्वि dust, लज्ज्वि heap.  
**रज्ज्वि** n. (-विः) Darkness. 3. रज्ज्वि dust, and लज्ज्वि essence, or perhaps this and the preceding should be the same.  
**रज्ज्वि** m. (-विः) A washerman. 3. रज्ज्वि dust, dirt, and लज्ज्वि who removes.  
**रज्ज्वि** m. (-विः) 1. A rope, a cord, a tie, a string. 2. A lock of braided hair. 3. A sinew proceeding from the vertebral column. 3. लज्ज्वि to create, &c., Unādi aff. लज्ज्वि, and the radical लज्ज्वि rejected, the vowel changed to its semi vowel.  
**रज्ज्वि** m. (-विः) Wild-fowl.  
**रज्ज्वि** (वी) रज्ज्वि r. 1st cl. (रज्ज्वि-वि) r. 4th cl. (रज्ज्वि-वि) To dye, to tinge, to give tint or colour to any thing. r. 1st cl. (रज्ज्वि-वि) To be attached to, or intent on, to have one's affections or passions engaged by and object. With लज्ज्वि prefixed. 1. To be fond of or attached to, (with a loc.) 2. To redden. With लज्ज्वि and वि, To averse, to dislike. With लज्ज्वि, 1. To be eclipsed. 2. To suffer calamity. Caus. (रज्ज्वि-वि) 1. To colour, to redden. 2. To please. 3. To conciliate. (रज्ज्वि-वि) To hunt deer.  
**रज्ज्वि** mfn. (-विः-विनी वि) 1. What incites or affects. 2. What colours, &c. m. (-विः) 1. Colouring, dyeing. 2. A colorist, a painter. 3. A diver. 4. A stimulus, an inciter of affection, &c. 5. Biliary humour on which vision depends. n. (-विः) 1. Vermilion. 2. The mendhi-plant. (Lawsonia inermis.) 3. रज्ज्वि to colour, लज्ज्वि aff. "भलावके, कान्तिपत्र हल च."  
**रज्ज्वि** mn. (-विः-विनी वि) 1. Colouring, dyeing, painting, &c. 2. Affecting the heart, exciting passion, &c. n. (-विः) Red Sandal or Sappan wood. "रज्ज्वि-काठ". f. (-वी) 1. The Indigo plant, (Indigofera tinctoria.) 2. Bengal madder. 3. Another plant, commonly Sundarochani, (a species of Crinum.) "लज्ज्वि-वि रज्ज्वि भाषा ।" 4. A flower, (Nyctanthes tristis.) 3. रज्ज्वि to colour, aff. लज्ज्वि or लज्ज्वि ।  
**रज्ज्वि** mfn. (-विः-विनी वि) 1. Moved or affected. 2. Coloured, dyed, tinted. 3. रज्ज्वि to colour, लज्ज्वि aff.

रट् r. 1st and 10th cl. (रटति रटयति) 1. To speak. 2. To shout aloud. 3. To roar. With वा, to call to.

रटन् mfn. (-टन्-टनी-टन्) Speaking. E. रट् to speak, गृह aff.

रटन n. (-नं) Speaking, shouting. E. रट्, and ञट् aff.

रटनी f. (-नी) The fourteenth of the dark-half of Māgha when bathing is enjoined. E. रट् to speak, अह् नष्टि, the waters speak.

रटित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Spoken, said. n. (-तं) The roaring of flame. E. रट् to speak, aff. क् ।

रट् r. 1st. cl. (रटति) To speak.

रट् r. 1st cl. (रटति) 1. To sound. 2. To go, to move.

रट् mn. (-टः-ण) War, battle. m. (-टः) 1. Sound, noise. 2. The quill or bow of a lute, &c. 3. Going, moving. E. रट् to sound, aff. ञप् ।

रट्कामिन् mfn. (-मो-मिनी-मि) Desirous of war, wishing to fight. E. रट्, कामिन् who wishes. [E. रट् to go, गृह aff.]

रटन् mfn. (-णन्-णनी-णन्) 1. Warring, fighting. 2. Going. 3. Sounding.

रट्कार m. (-रः) A rutting sound, humming.

रट्कथं n. (-थं) A military drum. E. रट् war, तृथ a musical instrument.

रट्धरा f. (-रः) The front or van of battle.

रट्पण्डित m. (-तः) A warrior. E. रट्, and पण्डित learned.

रट्प्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Warlike. n. (-यं) The root of a fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum) E. रट्, and प्रिय fond of.

रट्मत्त m. (-तः) An elephant. E. रट् war, मत mad, wild.

रट्मृष्टि m. (-ष्टिः) A shrub ; see विषमृष्टि. "कुचिला ।" [रट्, रट् slow.]

रट्मरुज m. (-रुः) The part of an elephant's face between his tusks. E.

रट्मरुज m. (-रुः) A battle-field.

रट्मरण n. (-णं) Regret, anxiety, anxious regret, sorrow, of which the object is lost or absent. m. (-णः) A musquito, a gnat. E. रट् war, and noise, repeated.

रट्मरणक m. (-कः) 1. Anxiety, regret ; see the last. 2. Love, desire. 3. KA'MA. E. रट् to sound, aff. कन् । [a mingling.]

रट्मरुज n. (-रुः) 1. Mixed or tumultuary combat. 2. A melee. E. रट्, सङ्कुल

रट्मरुज m. (-रुः) 1. A trophy, a pillar, a monument of war. 2. A country, "Chitore." E. रट्, सङ्कुल a pillar.

रट्मरुज n. (-रुः) A field of battle. E. रट्, and सङ्कुल a court-yard.

रट्मरुज n. (-रुः) A field of battle. E. रट्, and सङ्कुल a court.

रट्मरुज m. (-रुः) Engaging in battle. E. रट्, and सङ्कुल encounter.

रट्मरुज mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Sounded. 2. Warred. E. रट् to sound, क् aff.

रट्मरुज m. (-रुः) Prowess in battle. E. रट्, and सङ्कुल effort.

रट्मरुज m. (-रुः) 1. A man who dies without male issue. 2. A barren tree.

रट्मरुज m. (-रुः) A barren tree. E. रट्मरुज a widow, aff. कन् ।

रट्मरुज f. (-रुः) 1. A plant, (Salvinia cucullata). "मृषिकपण्याम्." 2. A widow. 3. A term of abuse in addressing woman. E. रट् to sport, उ Una'di aff.

रट् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Occupied or engaged by, actively intent on. n. (-तं) 1. Copulation, sexual union. 2. Pleasure. 3. A privacy, a private part. E. रट् to sport, क् aff.

रट्कील m. (-लः) A dog. E. रट् copulation, and कील a pin, fastening.

रट्कजित n. (-तं) Lascivious murmur. E. रट् copulation, कजित murmur.

रट्कथ m. (-थः) A husband. E. रट् copulation, and कथ teacher.

रट्कथ m. (-थः) A crow. E. रट् coition, कथ fever.

रट्कथिन् m. (-लो) A libertine, a lecher, a whore-monger. E. रट् copulation, तथ to complete, aff. चिनि ।

रट्कथि f. (-ली) A bawd, a procuress. E. रट् copulation, तथ to complete or effect, and कथ aff., fem. aff. ली ।

रट्कथि m. (-थः) 1. A dog. 2. KA'MA or love. 3. Sonitus in coitu. 4. A libertine, a lecher. E. रट् coition, कथी a female, चि to collect, or चर to go, aff. क or ल ।

रट्कथि m. (-थः) A wagtail. E. रट् copulation, चिनि a treasure.

रट्कथि n. (-थः) 1. A day. 2. Bathing for pleasure. 3. The aggregate of four auspicious object. E. रट् copulation, चिनि increase, aff. कन् ।

रट्कथ m. (-थः) A dog. E. रट् copulation, and कथ a sore.

रट्कथिन् m. (-ली) A dog. E. रट् copulation, and कथिन् who sleeps.

रट्कथिन् m. (-थः) 1. A libertine, a lecher. 2. A ravisher, one who carries off and violates a woman. E. रट् coition, चिनि to go, aff. क् ।

रट्कथिन् m. (-थः) A dog. E. रट् copulation, and कथिन् a chain.

रट्कथि f. (-थी) Fog, mist.

रट्कथि m. (-थः) A dog. E. रट् coition, कथ before, कथ to rub, aff. क् ।

रट्कथि f. (-थी) A whore, a harlot. E. रट् copulation, कथ a going.

रट्कथि mfn. (-थी-थिनी-थि) Libidinous, lascivious. f. (-थी) A libidinous woman, a wanton, a harlot. E. रट् copulation, कथ seeking soliciting, रनि and लीप् affs.

रति f. (-तिः) 1. Passion, desire. 2. Coition, copulation. 3. A privacy, private part. 4. The wife of KA'MADE'VA. E. रट् to sport, aff. चिनि ।

रतिङ्गुर n. (-रं) Pudendum muliebre. E. रति copulation, कथर a cavity.

रतिक्रिया f. (-या) Copulation. E. रति the same, and क्रिया act.

रतिगृह n. (-गृह) 1. A pleasure house. 2. A brothel. 3. The vagina. 1

रति, and गृह abode, place.

रतितस्कर m. (-रः) A Ravisher, a seducer.

रतिपति m. (-तिः) The deity of love, KA'MADE'VA. E. रति the wife of the god, and पति husband. [beloved]

रतिप्रिय m. (-यः) KA'MADE'VA. E. रति the wife of the deity, and प्रिय delight, affs. कथ and टप् । [abode]

रतिसदा f. (-दा) A courtesan of INDRA's heaven. E. रति copulation, सदा delight, affs. कथ and टप् । [abode]

रतिसन्धिर n. (-रं) Pudendum muliebre. E. रति copulation, and सन्धिर रतिरमण m. (-थः) KA'MADE'VA, the god of love. E. रति the goddess, s named, and रमण husband.

रतिलय n. (-यः) Copulation.

रतिलयरा f. (-रा) A plant, (Trigonella corniculata). "पिङ्गुशाक" E. रति copulation, सत्वर quick ; perhaps considered as on aphrodisiac

रत् f. (-रः) The Ganges of heaven. 2. An honest woman, one who speaks the truth. E. रट् a Sautra root, क् Una'di aff., क् augment

रतीङ्गुर m. (-रः) The Ko'kila. E. रट् copulation, उरङ्ग exciting.

रत्त n. (-रत्त) 1. A jewel, a gem. 2. Any thing the best of its kind, or figuratively, the jewel of the species. E. रत्त to sport, Una'di aff

रत्त, and त substituted for the radical final.

रत्तकन्द m. (-लः) Coral, "प्रवाल". E. रत्त a jewel, and कन्दल a shoot.

रत्तकूट m. (-टः) A mountain in the Dakshin. E. रत्त a jewel, कूट a peak

रत्तगर्भ m. (-र्भः) 1. The god of, wealth, KUR'VA. 2. The ocean. f. (-र्भा) The earth. E. रत्त a jewel, and गर्भ embryo.

रत्तप्रभा f. (-भा) The first of the seven hells or purgatories, according to the Jain'as. E. रत्त a jewel, and प्रभा splendour.

रत्तमय mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Gemmed, full or made of gems. E. रत्त, मयट् aff.

रत्तमुख n. (-खः) The diamond. E. रत्त a jewel, and मुख chief.

रत्तराज m. (-राट्) A ruby. "नाचिके ।" [मनुष्य poss. aff]

रत्तवत् mfn. (-वाच्-वती-वत्) Having gems. f. (-ती) The earth. E. रत्त a jewel

रत्तवर्षक n. (-कः) The carriage of KUR'VA. E. रत्त, वर्षक showering.

रत्तवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) Coral. E. रत्त a jewel, and वृक्ष tree. [a mountain

रत्तसागु m. (-गुः) The mountain Me'ru. E. रत्त a jewel, सागु ridge of ।

रत्तपृ f. (-पृः) The earth. E. रत्त a jewel, and पृ a mother ; also रत्तपृति ।

रत्तपृति f. (-तिः) The earth ; see the last.

रत्तकर m. (-रः) 1. The ocean. 2. A jewel mine. E. रत्त jewel, चकर mine

रत्तक m. (-कः) The car of VISHN'U. E. रत्त a jewel, and क mark.

रत्तकलि f. (-लिः) A necklace of gems. E. रत्त, कलि a row ; also रत्तकलि ।

रत्ति mfn. (-तिः-ती) 1. A sort of orbit, measured from the elbow to the end of the closed fist ; it is also computed at twenty-one breadths of the middle of the thumb. 2. The closed hand of the fist. E. रत्त to go, कलि aff., the vowel changed to the semi-vowel कलि other wise चरति, and as derived from रत्त to go, सरति ।

रत्तक n. (-कः) The male or female organ. E. रति copulation, कक member

रत्त m. (-थः) 1. A car, a war-chariot. 2. A car, a carriage in general.

any vehicle or mode of conveyance. 3. A limb, a member. 4. The body. 5. A foot. 6. A sort of cane, (*Calamus rotang*.) **रह** to sport, Unádi aff. कृष्ण । [multitude.

**रहकृष्ण** f. (रहा) A multitude of cars. **रह** a car, and कृष्ण aff. of **रहकर** m. (रह) A carpenter. **रह** a car, and कर who makes; also **रहकार** and **रहकृष्ण** ।

**रहकृष्ण** m. (रह) An officer who has charge of a king's chariots.

**रहकर** m. (रह) 1. A carpenter. 2. A man sprung from the male of the Mahisya, and woman of the Keren' or writer caste; by profession, a maker of cars, a coach-maker. **रह**, कार who makes.

**रहकृष्ण** m. (रहा) A charioteer. **रह** a car, कृष्ण who takes care of as a part of his family.

**रहकर** mn. (रह) The polar shaft of a carriage. [embryo, कृष्ण aff.

**रहकृष्ण** m. (रह) A car or litter borne on men's shoulders. **रह**, कृष्ण an **रहकृष्ण** f. (रह) A piece of wood, or an iron net-work, encompassing a war-chariot, to secure it from being injured by weapons or collision. **रह** car, कृष्ण screening, preserving; also **रहकृष्ण** n. (रह).

**रहकर** m. (रह) 1. The ruddy-goose. 2. A chariot-wheel. **रह** a car, and कर the foot.

**रह** m. (रह) A timber tree, (*Dalbergia ougeiniensis*.) **रह** a car, रह the tree, the wood being used for wheels, &c.; also **रहकृष्ण** m. (रह).

**रहकर** n. (रह) The Sa'ma-Ve'da. **रह** (as by) a car, कृष्ण to pass, (the world,) कृष्ण aff.

**रहकृष्ण** m. (रह) A sort of cane, the ratan. **रह** a car, कृष्ण order.

**रहकर** m. (रह) 1. A wheel. 2. The ruddy-goose. **रह**, पाद the foot.

**रहकर** f. (रहा) The name of a river.

**रहकर** f. (रहा) A festival at which the chariots of the gods go in procession; in Bengal and Orissa it is applied to the procession of Kṛishṇa, as JAGANNA'TH, on the second of light fortnight of A'sā'ra. **रह**, and राहा going.

**रहकर** m. (रह) A charioteer. **रह** and राहा what conveys.

**रहकर** f. (रहा) The staff which supports the banner of a war-chariot.

**रहकर** n. (रह) 1. A wheel. 2. Any part of a carriage. m. (रह) The ruddy-goose, (*Anas casarea*.) **रह** a car, राहा a member.

**रहकर** m. (रहा) A name of VISHN'U. **रह** a wheel, (the discus with which one of his hands is armed,) and राहा the hand; also **रहकर** and the like. [a cloud or water.

**रहकर** m. (रह) A sort of cane, (*Calamus rotang*.) "वेतसहले". **रह**, राहा **रहकर** m. (रह) A sort of reed; see the last. **रह** राहा the same, and राहा a flower; also **रह**, राहा, and राहापुष्प । [mounted,

**रहकर** mfn. (रह-दाह) Mounted on or riding in a car. **रह**, राहा **रहकर** n. (रह) 1. Riding in a car. 2. Fighting in a war-chariot.

**रहकर** mfn. (रह-दाह-दाह) Riding in a car. m. (रह) A warrior who fights in a car. **रह** a car, and राहा who mounts.

**रहकर** m. (रह) A small car. **रह**, and राहा small.

**रहकर** n. (रह) Alighting for a car. **रह**, and राहा descending.

**रहकर** mfn. (रह-दाह-दाह) Descending from a car. [aff.

**रहकर** m. (रह) The owner of a car, or one who rides in it. **रह**, राहा **रहकर** m. (रह) 1. A warrior who fights in a car. 2. The owner of or rider in a car. **रह**, and राहा aff.

**रहकर** m. (रह) The master of a car. **रह**, and राहा a master.

**रहकर** m. (रह) The owner of or rider in a car. **रह**, and राहा aff.

**रहकर** m. (रहा) The charioteer's seat for driving. **रह**, राहा near, राहा what stays.

**रह** m. (रहा) A car or carriage-horse, f. (रहा) 1. A multitude of cars. 2. A high street. 3. A main or carriage-road. 4. A place where several roads meet, n. (रहा) A wheel. **रह** a car, राहा or राहा affixes of multitude or fitness.

**रह** r. 1st cl. (रहति) 1. To divide, to split, to tear or break. 2. To dig, to delve, to root.

**रह** m. (रह) 1. A tooth. 2. Splitting, dividing. **रह** to divide, aff. राहा ।

**रहकर** m. (रह) A lip. **रह** a tooth, and राहा covering. [कृष्ण ।

**रहकर** m. (रह) A tooth. n. (रह) Tearing, rending. **रह** to divide, aff. राहा ।

**रहकर** m. (रह) A lip. **रह** a tooth, and राहा covering.

**रहकर** m. (रह) An elephant. **रह** a tooth, tusk, and राहा aff.

**रहकर** mfn. (रह-दाह-दाह) Hurt, injured. **रह** to hurt, राहा aff. [hurt, राहा aff.

**रहकर** mfn. (रह-दाह-दाह) Injurious, hurtful, who or what hurts. **रह** to hurt, राहा (ह, दाह) **रहकर** r. 4th cl. (रहति) 1. To finish, to complete, to accomplish. 2. To hurt, to injure or kill. 3. To be right or correct. 4. To cook or mature.

**रहकर** mfn. (रह-दाह-दाह) Hurt, injured. **रह** to hurt, राहा aff.

**रहकर** mfn. (रह-दाह-दाह) Injurious, hurtful. **रह** to hurt, राहा aff. [aff.

**रहकर** f. (रह) 1. Pleasure, sport. 2. Cessation, stop. **रह** to sport, राहा **रहकर** m. (रह) 1. A name of VISHN'U. 2. A king of lunar dynasty; also called S'ASIN'VA. 3. A dog. **रह** sport, राहा deity.

**रहकर** f. (रह) 1. A road. 2. A river. **रह** to sport, aff. राहा । [रह, राहा aff.

**रहकर** mfn. (रह-दाह-दाह) Injurious, hurtful. m. (रह) A cook. **रह** to hurt, राहा n. (रह) 1. The act of destroying. 2. Of cooking.

**रहकर** n. (रह) 1. A hole, a fissure, a cavity, a chasm. 2. A fault, a defect. **रह** to sport, aff. राहा, राहा to have or hold, aff. राहा ।

**रहकर** m. (रह) A rat. **रह**, a hole, and राहा an ichneumon.

**रहकर** m. (रह) Small sort of hollow bamboo. "हस्ता बाण ।"

**रहकर** r. 1st cl. (रहति) To speak, to say or tell. [injure or kill.

**रहकर** (रह) **रहकर** r. 1st cl. (रहति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To hurt, to hurt, to hurt. **रहकर** r. 1st cl. (रहति) 1. To sound. 2. To go.

**रहकर** mfn. (रह-दाह-दाह) Begun. **रह** to begin, राहा aff. [रह, राहा aff.

**रहकर** mfn. (रह-दाह-दाह) Beginning, who or what begins. **रह** to begin, राहा (रह) **रहकर** r. 1st cl. (रहति) or more usually (राहा) To begin, to make a beginning, to begin willingly, &c. 2. To be pleased with.

**रहकर** r. 1st cl. (रहति) To sound. With परि prefixed, To embrace. With सन्, 1. To be enraged. 2. To be agitated.

**रहकर** m. (रह) 1. Speed, velocity. 2. Joy, delight. 3. Consideration of causes and events, or the past and future. 4. Regret, sorrow for something lost or absent. 5. Rashness, Precipitation. 6. Passion, rage. f. (रहा) 1. Violent, fierce, wild. 2. Eager, strong, powerful. **रह** to begin, राहा Unádi aff.

**रहकर** (रह, दाह) **रहकर** r. 1st cl. (रहति) 1. To sport or play. 2. To rest, to stay. 3. To be pleased. 4. To have sexual intercourse with. With राहा, To be delighted. With some prefixes this root forms an active verb, as with राहा, राहा and राहा; राहा to rest, to repose, &c.; with राहा the form is optional, if the sense is intransitive, as (राहा) or राहा) 1. To stop or cease. 2. To desist from. 3. To die. Caus. (राहा) To amuse, to please.

**रहकर** mfn. (रह-दाह-दाह) 1. Dear, beloved. 2. Pleasing, delighting, charming. m. (रह) 1. A husband, a lover. 2. KA'MA. 3. A red variety of the Asoka tree, (*Jonesia asoca*.) f. (रहा) 1. A name of LAKSHMI'. 2. A wife, a mistress, **रह** to sport, aff. राहा ।

**रहकर** m. (रह) A lover, a gallant. **रह** to sport, कृष्ण aff.

**रहकर** n. (रह) Asafotida. "हिरण्मि". **रह** to sport, राहा aff.

**रहकर** m. (रह) Asafotida. **रह** इतिग्रन्थे न धन्यते धन-रह ।

**रहकर** mfn. (रह-दाह-दाह) Causing pleasure, pleasing, charming, delightful. n. (रह) 1. Sporting, playing. 2. Dalliance, amorous sport. 3. Coition, copulation. 4. The mons veneris. 5. A sort of cucumber. 6. The hip and the loins. m. (रह) 1. A name of KA'MA. or love. 2. A husband. 3. A lover, a gallant. 4. An ass. 5. A testicle. f. (रहा or राहा) 1. A woman, or an agreeable woman, a wife, a mistress, &c. 2. A kind of metre, having eleven syllables in the first and third, and twelve in the second and fourth Pādas of every stanza. **रह** to sport, राहा or राहा aff. fem. aff., राहा or राहा ।

**रमणीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Beautiful, pleasing. **रम्** to please, **रनीयर्** aff.  
**रमणीयता** f. (-ता) Agreeableness, pleasantness. **रम्** तल् added to the preceding; also with तल्, **रमणीयत्वं** । [sport, **रम्** Unádi aff.]  
**रमण्य** n. (-यं) Sport, pleasure, wanton sport or dalliance. **रम्** to  
**रमन्** mfn. (-मन्-मन्-मन्) Playing, sporting. **रम्** to play, **रम्** aff.  
**रमति** m. (-तिः) 1. A lover, a gallant. 2. Paradise, heaven. 3. A crow. 4. Time. 5. Love or the deity KA'MA. **रम्** to sport or stop, &c. Unádi aff. **रतिच्**; the final of the radical retained.  
**रममान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Sporting, playing, **रम्** to please, **मानच्** aff.  
**रमापति** m. (-तिः) VISHN'U. **रमा** LAKSHMI', and पति husband.  
**रमाप्रिय** n. (-यः) The lotus. **रमा** LAKSHMI', and प्रिय beloved.  
**रमावेष्ट** m. (-ष्टः) Turpentine.  
**रम्भ** m. (-म्भः) 1. A bamboo. 2. The name of a monkey. f. (-म्भा) 1. A plantain. 2. One of the Apsarás or courtezans of Swarga, and wife of NALA-KU'BARA. 3. A harlot, a whore. 4. A name of GAURI'. 5. Lowing, as of a cow. **रम्भ** to sound, to begin, &c. aff. **रम्भच्** ।  
**रम्भक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Beginning, who or what begins. 2. Sounding. **रम्भ** to sound, **रम्भच्** aff.  
**रम्भित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sounded. n. (-तं) Lowing, (of kine.) **रम्भ** to sound, &c. aff. [tree.  
**रम्भी** f. (-हः or हः) Having thighs as full and round as a plantain  
**रम्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Pleasing, delightful, agreeable, charming. 2. Handsome. m. (-यः) The champaca, (Michelia champaca.) f. (-या) 1. Night. 2. The name of a river. n. (-यं) 1. The root of a species of cucumber. 2. Semen virile. **रम्** to sport, aff. **रम्** ।  
**रम्यक** n. (-कः) 1. One of the minor Dwi'pas or divisions of the world, lying to the north of Ilávrī'ta; also **रम्यक**, and **रम्यक**. 2. The root of the Pat'ola. **रम्** agreeable, **रम्** added.  
**रम्यता** f. (-ता) 1. Agreeableness, pleasantness. 2. Gracefulness, beauty. **रम्** and **तल्** aff.; also with तल्, **रम्यत्वं** ।  
**रस** m. (-सः) 1. Purple, the colour of the dawn. 2. Beauty, splendor. **रम्** to please, aff. **रम्** ।  
**रय्** r. 1st cl. (**रयते**) To go, to move.  
**रय** m. (-यः) 1. Speed, velocity. 2. The stream or current of a river. 3. Violence, ardour, zeal. **रय्** to go, **रय्** aff.  
**रयि** n. (-यि) 1. Water. 2. Wealth. **रय्** to go, **रय्** aff.  
**रयिष्ठ** mfn. (-ष्ठः-ष्ठा-ष्ठं) Fleetest, very fleet. m. (-ष्ठः) I. KUR'RA. 2. Fire or AGNI. 3. BRAHMA'. **रय** speed, quick, (used attributively,) and **रयिष्ठ** aff. of the superlative.  
**रजक** m. (-कः) 1. A blanket. 2. An eye-lash. 4. A sort of deer. **रम्** to please, aff. **रजिच्**, and **रज्** with the final dropped **रज्** comfort, pleasure, **रजा** to give, aff. **रजिच्**, **रज** and **रज्** added.  
**रज्** (रज्) **रजि** r. 1st cl. (**रजते**) To go, to move.  
**रज** m. (-जः) 1. Sound in general, cry, noise, singing of birds, &c. 2. A thunder. 3. A roar. **रज्** to cry out, &c. aff. **रज्** ।  
**रजश्च** mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Sounding, sonorous. 2. Hot, warm, sharp. 3. Unsteady, fickle or shaking. 4. Jestings, a jester. m. (-चः) 1. A camel. 2. The Ko'kila. n. (-चं) 1. Bell-metal or brass. 2. Sounding. **रज्** to sound, Unádi aff. **रजच्** ।  
**रजश्च** m. (-चः) The Indian cuckoo. **रज्** to cry, &c. Unádi' aff. **रजश्च** ।  
**रजि** m. (-जिः) 1. The sun. 2. The right canal for the passage of the vital air. **रज्** to sound, passive form, to be praised or glorified, Unádi aff. **रजिच्** ।  
**रजिस्तन** m. (-नः) The sun-stone, a sort of crystal. "सूर्यस्तनवी" **रजि** the sun, **स्तन** in this compound, a mineral. [son.  
**रजिस्तन** m. (-नः) The monkey chief SUGRI'VA. **रजि** the sun, **स्तन** a  
**रजिस्तन** n. (-नः) A lotus. m. (-चः) A flower, (Pentapetes phoenicea.)  
**रजिन्द** n. (-न्दः) Lotus. **रजि** the sun, and **दा** to give, aff. **रजिन्द** ।  
**रजिस्तन** n. (-नः) 1. Copper. 2. The red-lotus. m. (-यः) A plant, (Artocarpus lacucha.) **रजि** the sun, प्रिय beloved. **रजिस्तन**वे, **रजिस्तन** च ।"

**रजिस्तन** n. (-नः) The disc of the sun. **रजि**, and **स्तन** circle.  
**रजिस्तन** m. (-नः) The sun's path. **रजि**, **स्तन** road.  
**रजिस्तन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Very high, stopping the course of the sun. **रजिस्तन**, **भङ्ग** what breaks.  
**रजिस्तन** n. (-नः) The ruby. "सावित्री ।"  
**रजिस्तन** n. (-नः) Copper. **रजि** the sun, and **स्तन** iron.  
**रजिस्तन** m. (-नः) Sunday. **रजि**, and **स्तन** a time.  
**रजिस्तन** f. (-नः) The sun's entrance into a sign of the zodiac  
**रजिस्तन** n. (-नः) Copper. **रजि** the sun, and **स्तन** appellation.  
**रजिस्तन** f. (ना) 1. A tongue. 2. A woman's girdle or zone. **रजि** See **रजि** ।  
**रजि** m. (-जिः) 1. A ray of light. 2. A rein, a bridle. 3. An eye-lash. **रजि** to pervade, Unádi aff. **रजि**, **रजि** substituted for the radical.  
**रजिस्तन** n. (-नः) A blaze or stream of light. **रजि**, and **स्तन** heap.  
**रज्** r. 1st cl. (**रजति**) 1. To sound. 2. To roar, to cry. r. 10th cl. (**रजति** -ने) 1. To taste, to relish. 2. To love, to regard.  
**रस** m. (-सः) 1. Flavour, taste, viz :—sweet, salt, pungent, bitter, sour, and astringent. 2. Taste, sentiment, emotion, as an object of poetry or composition; eight sentiments are usually enumerated, viz :—Sringa'ra or love, Ha'sya or mirth, Karun'a or tenderness, Raudra or anger, Bi'ra or heroism, Bhaya'naka or terror, Bibhatsa or disgust, and Adbhuta or surprise; Sa'n'ta, tranquility or content or Ba'tsalya, paternal tenderness, is sometimes considered as the ninth. 3. Affection of the mind, passion. 4. Juice, exudation, a fluid, a liquid, or liquified substance. 5. Poison. 6. Semen virile. 7. Water. 8. The primary or essential juice or fluid of the body, whence blood, serum, sweat, &c. are supposed to be engendered. it corresponds best with chyle, but is probably of a fanciful nature. 9. Gum myrrh. 10. Quicksilver, from its being a semi-fluid metal, and according to certain alchemical notions possessed of supernatural power over the juices of the body, &c. 11. A mineral or a metallic salt, as sulphur, borax, talc, blue or green vitriol, &c.; they are however usually called Upa or inferior Rasas. f. (-सः) 1. The earth. 2. The tongue. 3. A plant, commonly A'kanádh. (Cissampelos hexandra.) 4. A sort of grain, (Panicum italicum.) 5. The frankincense-tree, (Boswellia thurifera) 6. The grape. 7. A medical drug, commonly Ka'ko'li. **रस** to taste, to love, aff. **रसच्** ।  
**रसक** m. (-कः) Stewed or boiled meat. **रस** juice, aff. **रसच्** ।  
**रसकपर्पूर** n. (-रः) A white sublimate or a muriate of mercury, made in close vessels with sulphur, mercury, and common salt; the crystals formed in the first operation are sublimed a second time, which seems to be the only essential difference between this and the preparations called Rasapushpa; ut infra. **रस** mercury, and **कपर्पूर** camphor; from its white colour.  
**रसकला** f. (-ला) 1. A low sweet sound. 2. Singing upon intoxication. **रस** taste or vinous juice, and **कला** a note.  
**रसकेशर** n. (-रः) Camphor. **रस** juice, **केशर** a filament.  
**रसकेश** m. (-शः) 1. Gum myrrh. 2. Sulphur. **रस** exudation, **रस** fragrance; with **कज्** added, **रसकेश** ।  
**रसकेश** n. (-शः) 1. A mineral preparation used as a stibium. 2. Vermilion. **रस** quicksilver, and **केश** embryo.  
**रसक** m. (-कः) Borax. **रस** mercury, **क** what destroys.  
**रसक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Born or produced by or in passion flavour, fluids, &c. n. (-कः) Blood. m. (-कः) 1. Any insect engendered by the acetous fermentation of liquids. 2. Molasses, treacle. **रस** juice, the primary juice or chyle, &c., and **क** born.  
**रसक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Discriminating or acquainted with tastes, sentiments, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A poet, a writer who understands the different Rasas or sentiments to be described. 2. An alchemist, one who has obtained a command over the magical properties of mercury. 3. A physician, a medical preparer and administrator

of mercurial and chemical compounds. f. (-त) The tongue. **रस** as above, and **ज्ञ** who or what knows.

**रसना** f. (-ता) 1. Poetical skill or taste. 2. Knowledge of flavours. 3. Alchemy. **रस** and **तत्** aff.; also with **ल**, **रसल**.

**रसस्व** m. (-स्वः) 1. The sweet flavour or taste, sweetness. 2. The sentiment of love. **रस** taste or sentiment, and **स्व** eldest, best.

**रस मfn.** (-सन्-सन्ती-सन्) 1. Speaking, sounding. 2. Tasting, having flavour. **रस** to sound, **रस** aff.

**रसतेजस्** n. (-जः) The blood. **रस** chyle, and **तेजस्** light, strength.

**रसधातु** n. (-तु) Quicksilver. **रस** fluid, and **धातु** metal.

**रसन** n. (-न) 1. Tasting, taste. 2. Sound, noise. 3. Thunder. f. (-ना) 1. The tongue. 2. A rope. 3. A bridle. 4. A plant, commonly *Ra'sna*. 5. A woman's girdle, a sort of chain worn round the loins. 6. A plant, (*Pæderia foetida*). **रस** to sound or taste, aff.

**रस्यु** or **रस्यु** to eat, **रस्यु** *Una'di* aff., and **रस्यु** substituted; also **रसना**.

**रसनाय** m. (-यः) Quicksilver. **रस** juice, fluid, and **नाय** chief.

**रसनायक** m. (-कः) *S'iva*. **रस** mercury, **नायक** leader.

**रसनाद** m. (-दः) A bird. **रसना** the tongue, **द** a tooth.

**रसनालिङ्ग** m. (-लिङ्गः) A dog. **रसना** the tongue, **लिङ्ग** to lick, aff. **लिङ्ग**.

**रसनिवृत्ति** f. (-त्तिः) Loss of taste, flavour, &c. **रस**, and **निवृत्ति** cessation.

**रसनेत्रिका** f. (-का) Red arsenic. **रस**, **नेत्र** eye, **क** added, fem. form.

**रसपुष्प** n. (-पुष्पः) A preparation of mercury, a kind of muriate formed by subliming in close vessels, a mixture of sulphur, mercury, and common salt. **रस** mercury, and **पुष्प** flower.

**रसफल** m. (-फलः) The cocoanut tree. **रस** water or juice, and **फल** the fruit, the nut containing a saccharine fluid.

**रसभङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) Interruption or destruction of passion or sentiment, &c. **रस**, **भङ्ग** a breaking.

**रसप्रव** n. (-वः) The blood. **रस** chyle, and **प्रव** produced.

**रसभस्म** n. (-भस्मः) Calx or oxid of mercury. **रस**, and **भस्म** ashes.

**रसयिता** Ind. Having tasted. **रस** to taste, **यिता** aff.

**रसराज** m. (-राजः) Quicksilver. **रस** a mineral, **राज** sovereign.

**रसवत्** Ind. Including a secondary or subsidiary feeling or passion. **रस**, **वत्** aff.

**रसवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Juicy. 2. Well-flavoured. 3. Tasteful, applied to a composition, &c. 4. Spirited, witty. f. (-ती) A kitchen. **रस** juice, flavour, &c., **वत्** aff.

**रसविक्रय** m. (-यः) Selling juices or liquors, as the juice of the sugar cane, or wine, &c. **रस** juice, and **विक्रय** sale.

**रसशीघ्र** m. (-शीघ्रः) Borax. **रस** a metal, &c., and **शीघ्र** purifying; being used as a flux in refining and melting metals.

**रससिद्ध** m. (-सिद्धः) An alchemist, an adept: see the next. **रस** mercury, **सिद्ध** accomplished.

**रससिद्धि** f. (-सिद्धिः) The knowledge of alchemy, the possession of peculiar familiarity with mercury, obtained by the performance of chemical operations conjoined with certain mystical and magical rites, and the securing thence to the adept, of happiness, health, and wealth, the power of transmuting metals, and the art of prolonging life. **रस** mercury, and **सिद्धि** accomplishment, especially of some supernatural object.

**रससिद्धर** n. (-रः) A sort of factitious cinnabar, made with zinc, mercury, blue vitriol, and nitre, fused together; the compound is used as an escharotic. **रस** mercury and **सिद्धर** minium.

**रसस्नान** n. (-स्नानः) Cinnabar or vermilion. **रस** mercury and **स्नान** abode.

**रसायन** m. (-नः) A cook. **रस** the earth, and **यन** who digs or picks.

**रसाह्वन** n. (-ह्वनः) A sort of collyrium, prepared either with the calx of brass, or with the *Amomum anthorrhiza*. **रस** juice, &c., **ह्वन** collyrium.

**रसात्मक** n. (-त्मकः) 1. *Pātāla*; the seven infernal regions under the earth, and the residence of the *Nāgas*, *Asuras*, *Dāityas*, and other races

of monstrous and demoniacal beings, under the various governments of *Sésha*, *Bali*, and other chiefs; this is not to be confounded with *Naraka* or *Tartarus*, the proper hell or abode of guilty mortals after death. 2. The lowest of the seven divisions of *Pātāla*.

**रस** the earth, and **तल** below, underneath.

**रसादान** n. (-नः) 1. Sucking, suction. 2. Drying, drying up, absorbing.

**रस** water, or juice, &c., **दादान** taking.

**रसाधार** m. (-रः) The sun. **रस** water, **धार** receptacle. [**धर** different.

**रसान्तर** n. (-रः) Change or diversion of passion or sentiment. **रस** and

**रसाभास** m. (-सः) Concealment of sentiment, attributing evident emotions to some cause different from the real one. **रस** sentiment, **भास** unreal exposition or display. [intentness.

**रसाभिनिवेश** m. (-यः) Accession of sentiment or passion. **रस**, **अभिनिवेश**

**रसाक्ष** m. (-क्षः) Sour sauce. n. (-क्षः) The hog-plum.

**रसायक** m. (-कः) A sort of grass, (*Saccharum munja*.)

**रसायन** n. (-नः) 1. Alchemy, chemistry. 2. The employment of mercury in medicine. 3. A medicine preventing old age, and prolonging life, the *Elizir Vitæ* of the alchemists. 4. Poison. 5. Butter-milk.

m. (-नः) 1. *GARUDA*. 2. An anthelmintic drug commonly *Biranga*.

(*Embelia ribes*.) 2. An alchemist. f. (-नी) A vessel conveying nutrition, a lacteal, an absorbent. **रस** juice, quicksilver, &c., **यन** a road, a going, &c.

**रसायनफला** f. (-फला) Yellow myrobalan, (*Terminalia chebula*.) "**हरीतकी** फले". **रसायन** juice, abiding, **फला** fruit.

**रसाल** m. (-लः) 1. The sugar-cane. 2. The mango-tree, (*Mangifera Indica*) 3. The jack-tree, (*Artocarpus integrifolia*.) 4. The *Olibanum* tree, (*Boswellia thurifera*.) 5. Wheat. n. (-लः) 1. Frankincense 2.

Gum myrrh. f. (-ला) 1. The tongue. 2. Bent grass, (*Panicum dactylon*.) 3. A flower, (*Hedysarum gangeticum*.) 4. A grape. 5.

Curds mixed up with sugar and spices. **रस** juice, **चाङ्** before,

**ला** to yield, aff. **क**.

**रसालसा** f. (-सा) A tubular vessel of the body, a nerve, a tendon, &c.

**रसालिङ्गा** f. (-ङ्गा) A plant, (*Hemionites cordifolia*.) "**चाकुलिङ्गा**।"

**रसासाद** m. (-दः) The sense of poetical beauty.

**रसास्वादिन्** mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) 1. Tasting, relishing. 2. Sensitive, having taste. m. (-दी) A bee. **रस** flavour, and **आस्वादिन्** who tastes.

**रसाङ्ग** n. (-ङ्गः) Turpentine, resin. **रस** juice and **आङ्ग** appellation.

**रसिक** mfn. (-कः-का-की-क) 1. Flavoured, having taste or flavour. 2.

Tasteful, as a composition, &c. 3. Having a taste for poetry, &c.

4. Sentimental 5. Impassioned. m. (-कः) 1. A horse. 2. An elephant. 3. A libertine. f. (-का) 1. Curds mixed with sugar and spice.

2. Molasses, the juice of the sugar-cane. 3. The tongue. 4. A woman's zone or girdle. **रस** flavour, sentiment, and **ङ्ग** aff.

**रसित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Gilded, plated, washed or spread with gold, &c. 2. Sounded. 3. Having taste, flavour, or sentiment. m. (-त)

1. The rattling of thunder. 2. Voice, sound in general. 3. Wine.

**रस** to sound, aff. **क**; or **रस** fluid, (metal, &c.) **इत** aff.

**रसितवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Tasting, having tested or having a taste for. 2. Sounding. **रस** to have flavour, **वत्** aff.

**रसिताश्रित** mfn. (-शी-श्रीनी-श्री) 1. Eating or seizing with a noise or roar.

2. Drinking wine. **रसित** **आश्रित** who eats.

**रसित** mfn. (-ता-ती-त) 1. Sounding, making a noise. 2. Tasting, relishing. **रस** to sound, **इत** aff. [**रस**, **इत** aff.

**रसित** mfn. (-सी-सिनी-सि) 1. Tasting. 2. Impassioned. 3. Humorous. **रस**

**रसन** m. (-नः) Garlic. **रस** See **रसन**. **र** being changed to **न**.

**रसेन्द्र** m. (-न्द्रः) 1. Quicksilver. 2. The philosopher's stone, the touch of which turns iron to gold. **रस** a mineral and **इन्द्र** best.

**रसीकृति** f. (-कृतिः) 1. Production of taste or flavour. 2. Development of passion or sentiment. 3. Generation of the vital fluids. **रस**, and **कृति** production.

**रसोन्न** m. (-नः) A kind of garlic, (*Allium ascalonicum*.) **रस** flavour taste, जन to be less or deficient, aff. चच्; being supposed to contain in the leaves, stalk, root, &c., every flavour except sourness.

**रसोपल** n. (-लः) A pearl. **रस** water, and लप् a stone.

**रस** n. (-लः) Thing, substance. **रस** juice, &c., and नक् Unādi aff.

**रस्य** mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्य) Juicy. n. (-स्यः) Blood. **रस** chyle, यत् aff.

**रह्** r. 1st cl. (रहति) r. 10th cl. (रहयति-ते) To quit, to leave, to forego, to lose or abandon. With वि. To be separate or away from, (व) रहि r. 1st cl. (रहति) To go, to move with speed.

**रह** m. (-हः) Solitariness, privacy. **रह्** to be private, चच् aff.

**रह्य** n. (-ह्यः) Quitting, leaving. **रह्** to leave, छट् aff.

**रहन्** mfn. (-हन्-हन्ती-हन्) Leaving, abandoning. **रह्** to leave, छट् aff.

**रहस्य** n. Subst. (-ह्यः) 1. Solitariness, privacy. 2. Copulation. 3. A privacy. 4. A religious or mystic truth. Ind. or an adv. (-ह्यः) Solitary, private, in private, secretly, privily. **रह्** to abandon, (society, &c.) and चसुन् aff.; or रत् to sport or play, with the same aff., and चच् substituted for the radical final.

**रहस** m. (-सः) 1. The ocean. 2. Heaven. **रह्** to leave, चसच् aff.

**रहस्य** mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्य) Private, secret, either fit to be concealed or occurring in secret. n. (-स्यः) 1. A secret, a mystery, anything hidden, recondite or mysterious. 2. Any esoteric teaching. f. (-स्या) 1. Clandestine. 2. Mysterious. 3. The name of a river, perhaps the Saraswati, from its being supposed to flow in an unknown channel. **रहस्य** secret, यत् aff. [चट् to go, aff. चच्]

**रहाट** m. (-टः) 1. A minister. 2. A ghost. 3. Spring. **रह्** privately.

**रहित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Left, quitted, abandoned. 2. Free from, devoid of. **रह्** to leave, aff. क्त। [with चि् ang.]

**रहीभूत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Alone, solitary, in private. **रह्** and भूत been, री r. 2nd. cl. (राति) 1. To get, to gain, to receive. 2. To give.

**राका** f. (-का) 1. Full-moon, or the day of full-moon. 2. A girl in whom menstruation has commenced. 3. Scab, itch. 4. The name of a river. **रा** to give, (good fortune,) क् Unādi aff.

**राक्षस** mfn. (-सः-सी-सं) Infernal, demoniacal. m. (-सः) An evil spirit, a demon, a vampire, a fiend, but who appears to be of various descriptions, and is either a powerful Titan or enemy of the gods in a superhuman or incarnate form, as RA'VAN'A and others; an attendant on KUR'NA, and guardian of his treasures; or a mischievous and cruel goblin or ogre, haunting cemeteries, animating dead bodies, and devouring human beings. f. (-सी) 1. A female fiend, the female of the preceding. 2. A large tooth, a tusk. 3. A sort of perfume, commonly Cho'r. n. (-सं) 1. A form of marriage, the violent seizure and rape of a girl after the repulse or destruction of her relatives. 2. Surgery, cure by the knife of cauterization. **राक्ष्** to preserve, to be preserved, (from whom,) aff. चसुन्, and चच् plecnasm added; or रक्षस् a demon, and चच् aff. of reference.

**राक्षसेन्द्र** m. (-न्द्रः) 1. RA'VAN'A. 2. KUR'NA. **राक्षस** a demon, इन्द्र lord.

**राक्षा** f. (-क्षा) Lao, the red animal dye. **राक्ष्** to preserve, (colour,) च aff.; the vowel made long; perhaps an incorrect form of रक्षा।

**राख्** (चट्) राख् r. 1st cl. (राखति) 1. To be dry or arid. 2. To adorn. 3. To suffice, to be able or competent. 4. To impede or prevent.

**राग** m. (-गः) 1. Colour, hue, tint. dye. 2. Affection, prepossession, love, desire. 3. Mental affection in general, as sorrow, joy, &c. 4. Envy, impatience of another's success. 5. A mode of music; of which six are enumerated, viz. :—Bhairava, Kausika, Sri'ra'ga, Hindola, Dipaka, and Me'gha; they are personified in poetry and mythology. 6. A king, a sovereign. 7. The Raja Gu'na, the property or quality of passion. 8. Greediness, cupidity. 9. Colouring, painting, dying. f. (गौ) A sort of grain, commonly Raggy, much cultivated in the south of India, (Eleusine corocana, or 'Tynosurus corocanus.) **राग** to colour, &c., aff. चच्।

**रागधूत** m. (-धूतः) 1. A name of KA'MA. 2. A tree, yielding an astringent resin or extract, the wood of which is used in dying, (*Acacia catechu*.) 3. Red lead. 4. The red powder thrown over one another by the Hindus, at the vernal festival named Ho'li. **राग** passion or colour, and धूत powder.

**रागच्छ** m. (-च्छः) KA'MA. **राग** and चच् covered.

**रागद** mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) 1. Colouring. 2. Inspiring passion. f. (-दा) Crystal. **राग** colour, दा to give, चच् and टाप् affs.

**रागध्व** m. (-ध्वः) The manifestation of musical harmony.

**रागयुज्** m. (-युज्) A ruby.

**रागराज** m. (-राजः) The deity of love, KA'MA. **राग** passion, रज्, a rope

**रागलता** f. (-ता) The wife of KA'MADEVA. **राग**, लता a creeping plant.

**रागवत्** mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) 1. Coloured. 2. Impassioned. **राग**, वत् aff.

**रागधन** m. (-नः) KA'MADEVA. **राग** passion, धन the stalk of flower, the support. [and oil]

**रागषाटन** m. (-नः) A sweetmeat of unripe mangoes dressed with treacle.

**रागसूत्र** n. (-सूत्रः) 1. The string of a balance. 2. A string or thread of silk. 3. Any coloured thread or string. **राग** colour, सूत्र a thread

**रागान्वित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Affected dy passion. 2. Coloured.

**रागाहं** mfn. (-हं-हं-हं) 1. One who excites hopes and disappoints them. 2. Who or what is an object of affection. **राग**, अहं fit.

**रागाश्रमि** m. (-मिः) A Jaina saint. **राग**, अश्र् to throw, (away,) चनि aff.

**रागिन्** mfn. (-गि-गिणी-गि) 1. Passionate, impassioned. 2. Colouring,

painting. 3. Coloured, dyed. m. (-गि) 1. A dyer, a painter. 2. A libertine, a lover. f. (-गिणी) 1. A shrewd and intriguing woman. 2.

A modification of a musical mode of which five are assigned to each mode; in mythology, personified as a female, and the wife of the Ra'ga. **राग** passion, इनि aff., or रज् to colour, &c., चिन्त् aff.

**राच्** (चट्) राच् r. 1st cl. (राचते) To be able or equal to.

**राचव** m. (-वः) 1. A name of RA'MACHANDRA. 2. A sort of fish. **राच्** the ancestor of the demi-god, and चच् aff. of descent.

**राक्ष** m. (-क्षः) A thorn.

**राक्षव** mfn. (-वः-वी-वं) Woolen, made of the hair of a sort of deer or any other animal. n. (-वं) A woolen garment, made of the deer's hair, a blanket. **राक्ष्** a kind of deer, चच् aff.

**राज्** (चट्) राज् r. 1st cl. (राजति-ते or irregularly रजते) To shine; With निर् prefixed, To overcome, to subdue. Caus. (राजयति ते) With निम् 1. To adorn, to illuminate. 2. To wave light before an idol or a king, (as an act of worship.)

**राज्** m. (-राट्) A king, a monarch or prince **राज्** to shine, aff. क्षिप्।

**राजक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Ruling, a ruler. 2. Splendid, irradiating, bright in itself, and the cause of brilliancy in others. n. (-कं) An assemblage of princes. m. (-कः) A petty prince, **राजक** a prince, and वृज् aff. of multitude; or राज् to shine, aff. वृन्।

**राजकर** n. (-रः) Tax or toll imposed by the king. **राज** and कर tribute.

**राजकदम्ब** m. (-म्बः) A sort of Kadamba. **राज** royal, कदम्ब Nauclea.

**राजकशेरु** m. (-शेरुः) A fragrant grass, (*Cyperus*.) **राज**, कशेरु *Cyperus*.

**राजकार्य** n. (-यः) Royal duties, state affairs. **राज**, and कार्य act.

**राजकीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Royal, kingly **राजन्** a king, क substituted for the final, and ह aff. [कुल family.]

**राजकुल** n. (-कुलः) A royal race. m. (-कुलः) A prince, a king. **राज** and

**राजकुषाण्ड** m. (-ण्डः) The egg-plant, (*Solanum melongena*.) **राज** royal, and कुषाण्ड a gourd.

**राजकृत्** m. (-कृत्) A king-maker, one who raises him to the throne, &c. **राजन्**, अप् कृ to make, कृनिप् aff.

**राजगमिन्** mfn. (-मि-मिनी-मि) Going to the prince or ruler, devolving or falling to the king, (as property, &c. to which there are no heirs.) **राज** the king, गमिन् what goes.

**राजगुरु** m. (-गुरुः) The king's spiritual preceptor. **राज** a king, and गुरु preceptor.

राजपौष m. (-पः) A sort of flat fresh water-fish, commonly *Ranala*. E. राज shining, पौष the neck.  
 राजप mfn. (-पः-वा-पः) Sharp, hot. m. (-पः) A king-killer, a slayer of sovereigns, a regicide. E. राज a king, and प for प, who kills.  
 राजपिण्ड n. (-पिण्ड) The male or female organs of generation. E. राज chief, पिण्ड mark, and कन् aff.  
 राजपञ्च m. (-पञ्च) Pulmonary consumption. E. राज royal, principal, and पञ्च for पञ्च consumption; also राजपञ्च.  
 राजपत्र f. (-पत्र) 1. A large kind of eugenia or rose-apple. "वङ्ग जाम इति भाषा" 2. A sort of date. E. राज royal, and पत्र Eugenia.  
 राजत mfn. (-तः-तौ-तं) Silver, made of silver, &c. E. राजत silver, चञ् aff.  
 राजतानित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Plated, inlaid. E. राजत, चञित having.  
 राजताल m. (-तः) The betel-nut tree, (*Areca faufel*.) E. राज, ताल palm.  
 राजतिमिष m. (-पः) A cucumber. E. राज royal, and तिमिष a kind of gourd; it is also read राजतेमिष. "तरसुज्"  
 राजतेजस् n. (-जः) Majesty, kingly dignity. E. राज, and तेजस् splendour.  
 राजत्व n. (-त्व) Sovereignty, royalty. E. राज a king, त्व aff. of the abstract; also with तज्, राजता।  
 राजदण्ड n. (-ण्ड) 1. Punishment ordered by the king. 2. A baton, a sceptre. E. राज, दण्ड a staff, &c.  
 राजदन्त m. (-न्तः) An upper and foretooth, applied to the two middle ones. E. राज royal, दन्त tooth.  
 राजदण्डन n. (-नः) A levee, an audience. E. राज, and दण्डन seeing.  
 राजदेशीय m. (-यः) A petty prince or chief, one something less than a king. E. राज a king, and देशीयर् aff., implying something less or defective, or with देश aff. of the same power, राजदेश्य m. (-श्यः)।  
 राजद्वेष m. (-वेषः) 1. Oppression. 2. Rebellion. E. राज, द्वेष violence.  
 राजद्वेषिन् m. (-विन्) A rebel, a traitor. E. राजद्वेष, इति aff.  
 राजद्वार n. (-रः) The gate of the palace. E. राज for राजा king, द्वार gate.  
 राजधन n. (-नः) Royal revenue or right to property. E. राज, धन wealth.  
 राजधर्म m. (-धर्मः) 1. Royal duty. 2. The duty of the military tribe.  
 राजधर्मविद् m. (-विद्) A statesman, one who knows the duties of royalty. E. राज, धर्म duty, and विद् who knows.  
 राजधान mf. (-नः-नो) A royal city, a capital, a metropolis. E. राज a king, धान holding, containing; also with कन् added in the n. or f. (राज-धान-राजधानिका)।  
 राजधान्य n. (-न्यः) A sort of grain, (*Panicum frumentaceum*, Rox.) E. राज royal, धान्य grain. "राजभोग हेमलिक धान्य भेदः।"  
 राजधरा f. (-रा) Royal state or function, government. E. राज, धरा a load.  
 राजन् m. (-जः) 1. A king, a prince, a sovereign. 2. A soldier by birth, a man of the regal and military tribe. 3. A master. 4. The moon. 5. A Yaksha. 6. *INDRA*. 7. (In com.) Royal, denoting eminence or excellence. f. (-नो) 1. A queen, the wife of a king. 2. The wife of the sun. 3. Deep coloured brass, consisting of three parts of copper to one of zinc or tin. E. राज् to shine, Unádi aff. कञिन्।  
 राजन्य m. (-यः) Polity. E. राज, न्य conduct; see the next.  
 राजनीति f. (-तिः) Regal polity, statesmanship, civil and military government. E. राज, and नीति polity.  
 राजनील n. (-निल) The emerald. E. राज royal, and नील blue.  
 राजन् m. (-न्यः) 1. A Kshetriya, a man of the military or regal tribe. 2. A name of *AGNI* or fire. 3. A tree, (*Mimusops kauki*, Rox.) "चौरिणी गाह्." E. राज् to shine, चन् Unádi aff.; or राजन् a king, यत् aff.  
 राजन्स्य n. (-स्यः) A number of Kshetriyas or men of the military tribe. E. राजन्स्य a soldier, यन् aff.  
 राजन्स्य mfn. (-न्स्य-न्स्य-न्स्य) Possessing or governed by a just and active monarch, (a country, &c.) E. राजन् a king, (or by distinction a good king,) and स्य poss. aff., form irr.  
 राजपटोल m. (-पटोल) A kind of cucumber, (*Trichosanthes dioeca*.) E. राज royal, and पटोल the same; also with कन् added, राजपटोलक।  
 राजपद्म m. (-पद्म) 1. A gem, said to be an inferior kind of diamond

brought from *BIRA'TA DE'SA*, a country in the north-west of India. 2. A tiara or royal fillet. E. राज a king, and पद्म a bandage, worn in the tiara or diadem of a prince.

राजपत्नी f. (-नी) A queen. E. राज, and पत्नी wife.

राजपुत्र m. (-पुत्र) 1. The planet *MERCURY*. 2. A Kshetriya or man of the military tribe. 3. A soldier by profession but one of a mixed birth or fabulous origin. 4. The son of a king, a prince. f. (-नी) 1. Arabian jasmine. 2. A bitter gourd. 3. The musk-shrew. 4. A kind of brass or bell-metal. 5. A princess. 6. A woman of the Ra'jput tribe. E. राज a king or the moon, and पुत्र a son, a child.

राजपुत्रिका f. (-का) 1. A kind of bird. "मरालपाखी". 2. A king's daughter. E. राज a king, पुत्र a child, किका aff., fem. form. [पुत्र a man.]

राजपुत्र्य m. (-यः) A guard, a watchman, a constable, &c. E. राज and राजपुत्र्य m. (-यः) A plant, (*Mesua ferrea*.) "जानेश्वर गाह्"।

राजफलिफल m. (-फलः) The orange tree. E. राज royal, फलिफल a sort of lime. [फल fruit.]

राजफल n. (-फलः) A cucumber, (*Trichosanthes dioeca*.) E. राज royal, and राजपद्म n. (-पद्म) 1. A plant, (a sort of *Justicia*.) 2. Salt. m. (-रः) The jujube. E. राज royal, and पद्म the jujube.

राजभटिका f. (-का) A water-fowl. "हापुचीपचिणि।" [auspicious.]

राजभट्टक n. (-कः) A sort of costus, (*C. speciosus*.) E. राज royal, भट्टक राजभाज् mfn. (-भाज्) Belonging to or claimed by the king. E. राज, and भाज् who shares. [being.]

राजभूय n. (-यः) Royalty, sovereignty. E. राज a king, and भूय condition of राजभूय m. (-भूयः) A courtier, a servant of the king, any public officer. E. राज, and भूय a servant.

राजभोग m. (-गः) A tree, (*Chironjia sapida*, or *Buchanania latifolia*, Rox.) "पिपासहृत्ते" n. (-न्यः) Mace. E. राज royal, and भोग enjoyment.

राजभीत m. (-तः) A king's fool or jester.

राजमख्खु m. (-ख्खु) A large kind of frog. E. राज a king, मख्खु a frog.

राजमल्ल m. (-मल्लः) A king's wrestler. E. राज a king, मल्ल a wrestler.

राजमार्ग m. (-मार्गः) A royal road, one passable for horses and elephants, and forty cubits broad. E. राज a king, and मार्ग a road.

राजमाष m. (-पः) A kind of bean, (*Dolichos Catjang* or *sinensis*.) "वरवटी" E. राज royal, and माष a sort of kidney-bean.

राजसुद्ध m. (-सुद्धः) A sort of kidney-bean, (*Phaseolus*.) E. राज royal, and सुद्ध *P. mungo*. "सुद्धके, सुग् इति भाषा।"

राजयक्ष्म m. (-यक्ष्म) Pulmonary consumption. E. राज chief, यक्ष्म phthisis.

राजयुध्म m. (-युध्म) An enemy, a rebel, one making war against a prince. E. राज, युध्म to make war, कञिप् aff.

राजयोग m. (-यः) 1. The configuration of planets at the birth of a man indicating his future king-ship. 2. An easy mode of abstract meditation, as distinguished from the rigorous one called *Hatayoga*.

राजयोग्य mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Proper or suitable for a sovereign, princely, royal. E. राज a king, and योग्य what is fit for.

राजरत्न n. (-रत्नः) Silver. E. राज royal, and रत्न tin.

राजराम m. (-रामः) 1. A name of *KURU*. 2. An emperor, an universal monarch, or king of kings. 3. The moon. E. राज a king, (of a king or kings,) or a Yaksha, and राम sovereign.

राजरीति f. (-तिः) Bell-metal. "वेङ्कट पित्तल।"

राजर्वि m. (-र्विः) A kind of saint; that holy and superhuman personage which a king or man of the military class may become by the practice of religious austerities; seven classes of Rishis are enumerated, the *De'varshi*, *Brahmarshi*, *Manarshi*, *Paramarshi*, *Rajarshi*, *Ka'n'd'arshi*, and *S'rutarshi*: the order is variously given, but the *Rajarshi* is inferior to the four preceding ones, and the two last mean the inspired saints and supposed authors of the scriptures. E. राज king, and र्वि a saint.

राजलक्ष्म n. (-लक्ष्मः) 1. Royal insignia. 2. Any natural mark indicating future Kingship, or Hindu royalty. E. राज, and लक्ष्म mark.



राजलक्षणम् m. (-ञ्ज) A name of YUDHISHT'HIRA. E. राज royal, लक्षण a mark or symbol.

राजलक्ष्मी f. (-ञ्जी) The prosperity of a king. [also राजलक्ष्म, &c.]

राजलिख m. (-खः) A royal letter or order. E. राज, and लिख a writing ; राजवंश mfn. (-शः-शा-श्व) Of royal parentage or descent. E. राज royal, वंश family, यत् aff.

राजवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Governed by a just and able monarch, (a country, &c.) 2. Royal, kingly. E. राज a king, and वत् aff.

राजवर्धन n. (-र्ज) A royal or main road. E. राज a king, and वर्धन a road.

राजवल्गा f. (-ल्गा) A plant, (Pæderia foetida.) E. राज a king, and वल्ग surrounding. "गन्धभाद्रुखिया" ।

राजवल्ली f. (-ल्ली) A small gourd, (Momordica charantia.) "कारवेल्गके" E. राज royal, वल्ली a creeper.

राजवसति f. (-तिः) 1. A throne. 2. A palace. E. राज, and वसति abode.

राजवाह m. (-हः) A horse. E. राज a king, and वाह a vehicle.

राजवाह्य m. (-ह्यः) A royal elephant. E. राज a king, and वाह्य a vehicle.

राजवि m. (-विः) The blue-jay. E. राज, and वि a bird.

राजविद्या f. (-द्या) Kingcraft, state policy, statesmanship.

राजविहार m. (-रः) A royal convent.

राजवीजिन् mfn. (-जी-जिनी-जि) Springing from a royal race. E. राज a king, बीज seed, and इजि aff.

राजवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) 1. The Piya'la tree, (Buchanania latifolia.) 2. A sort of tree, (Cassia fistula.) "सोन्दाल". 3. Euphorbia of various kinds. E. राज royal, and वृक्ष a tree.

राजवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A plant, from the fibres of which a coarse cordage and canvas are prepared, (Corchorus capsularis or olitorius.) E. राज royal, and वृक्ष Crotonaria. "पाट बाह" इति भाषा । [or couch.]

राजशय्या f. (-श्या) A royal seat or throne. E. राज a king, and शय्या a bed

राजशासन n. (-नः) 1. A royal edict. 2. A royal badge. E. राज and शासन an edict. [राज royal, and यक्ष a parrot.]

राजयक्ष m. (-यक्षः) A sort of parrot, (Psittacus Lori.) "मयनापाखी". E.

राजयज्ञ n. (-यज्ञः) The royal Ch'ha'tta or umbrella. m. (-यज्ञः) A sort of sheat fish, (Silurus batachus.) "सागुरमाह". E. राज royal, यज्ञ a horn.

राजस् mfn. (-सः-सी-सः) Relating to, or derived, &c. from the quality of Rajas or passion. f. (-सी) 1. The goddess Durga'. 2. The state of being in this world or the next, in which the Raja Gun'a or quality of passion predominates : it is divided into three classes : the first class comprises the Gandharbas, Yakshas, Guhyakas, &c. ; the second king and heroes, and the third, boxers, wrestlers, gamblers, tipplers, actors, &c. E. राजस् the quality of passion, चप् and जीप् affs.

राजसभा f. (-सभा) Majesty, royal dignity. E. राज, and सभा existence.

राजसदन n. (-नः) A palace. E. राज a king, and सदन a dwelling.

राजसकर m. (-रः) The Ilis'a or Hilsa' fish, (Clupanodon Ilisha, HAM.) E. राज king, and सकर another sort of fish.

राजसभा f. (-सभा) A royal assembly or court. E. राज a king, सभा assembly.

राजसर्प m. (-पः) A large kind of snake, (Boa.) E. राज, and सर्प a snake ; the king of snakes. "राजसाप" ।

राजसर्प m. (-पः) 1. Mustard, (Sinapis dichotoma, or S. ramosa, Rox.) 2. A mustard seed, as a measure of weight. E. राज royal, सर्प mustard.

राजसायुज्य n. (-यज्यः) Royalty, sovereignty. E. राज a king, सायुज्य state.

राजसारस m. (-सः) A peacock. E. राज royal, and सारस the Indian crane.

राजसिंह m. (-हः) A great king. E. राज, and सिंह a lion.

राजस्य n. (-स्य) 1. A sacrifice performed only by an universal monarch, attended by his tributary princes ; as in the case of YUDHISHT'HIRA, and others. 2. A lotus. 3. A mountain. 4. A sort of rice. E. राज a king, (by him,) and स्य to be produced, to be effected, aff. चप् ; or राज the moon, for the moon-plant of which the acid-juice is drunk at the ceremony, and स्य to bring forth, the same aff., deriv. irr.

राजस्यक mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Relating to a royal sacrifice. E. कन् added to the last.

राजस्ययाजिन् m. (-जी) A priest officiating at the royal sacrifice. E. राजस्य, and याजिन् who sacrifices. [servant.]

राजसेवक m. (-कः) A courtier, a royal attendant. E. राज, and सेवक a

राजसूत्र m. (-त्रः) A horse. E. राज a king, and सूत्र the shoulder.

राजसूत n. (-सूतः) Royal revenue, impost, duty, tax. E. राज, and सूत own.

राजहंस m. (-हंसः) 1. A white goose with red legs and bill, or more properly perhaps the flamingo. 2. A drake 3. An excellent king. E. राज, and हंस a goose, the king-goose.

राजहर्षण n. (-र्षणः) A city, a town. E. राज a king, and हर्षण delighting.

राजहस्तिन् m. (-स्ती) A royal elephant. E. राज, and हस्तिन् an elephant.

राजहासक m. (-कः) A sort of large fish, (Cyprinus niloticus.) "कात्तामाह" E. राज a king, हासक diverting, pleasing.

राजाज्ञा f. (-ज्ञा) A royal edict or command. E. राज and आज्ञा order.

राजातन m. (-तनः) A tree, (Buchanania latifolia.) "पीतशाखवृक्षे". E. राज a king, and आत before, तन् to stretch, aff. चप् ।

राजादन m. (-नः) 1. A tree, (Buchanania latifolia.) 2. Another tree, (Mimusops kauki.) "कोरिषीवृक्षे". 3. The Kins'uka, (Butea frondosa.) E. राज a king, अदन eating ; also राजातन, and राजादनफल । [prince.]

राजाधिराज m. (-जः) A paramount sovereign. E. राजा, अधिराज superior राजाग्र m. (-ग्रः) A sort of rice, of a superior quality, said to grow in the A'ndhra country. E. राज, and अग्र food.

राजाच m. (-चः) A superior sort of mango. E. राज royal, चम mango.

राजाक्ष m. (-क्षः) A kind of dook or sorrel : see चम्पैतस ।

राजाकं m. (-कं) Gigantic swallow wort, (Aselepias gigantea, with white flowers.) E. राज royal, and कं swallow wort. "त्रैतचाकन्दे" ।

राजाहं mfn. (-हं-हं-हं) Royal, noble, fit or proper for a king. n. (-हं) Aloe-wood, (Amyris agallochum, Rox.) "चगुलकाहं". E. राज a sovereign, and अहं proper.

राजालुक् m. (-लुक्) An esculent root, a sort of yam. "रदुने". E. राज royal, आलु a yam, कन् added.

राजावत् m. (-वत्) A gem, described as an inferior kind of diamond, brought from the country Bira'ta. E. राज a king, आवत् a turning ; it is considered as a lucky possession for princes, though not esteemed as an ornament.

राजावलि f. (-लिः-ली) A line of kings, a royal dynasty or genealogy. E. राज and आवली a line. [चङ्घि a snake.]

राजाहि m. (-हिः) A sort of snake said to be two-headed. E. राज royal,

राजि f. (-जिः-जी) 1. A row, a line. 2. An unbroken row, a continuous line. 3. A small vessel of the body. E. राज् to shine, इन् Unádi aff., जीप् optionally added.

राजिका f. (-का) 1. Black mustard, (Sinapis racemosa, Rox.) 2. A field. 3. A line, a row, a range. 4. A continuous or unbroken line. E. राज to shine, कन् aff., fem. form ; or राजि as above, कन् added.

राजित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Adorned, embellished. 2. Illuminated, irradiated. E. राज to shine, त aff. [a line, लप् aff.]

राजिल m. (-लः) A sort of snake, (Amphisbæna.) "दीङ्गासाप". E. राजि

राजीव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Attending on or living about a prince. m. (-वः) 1. A large fish, (Cyprinus niloticus, Buch.) 2. A kind of deer. 3. An elephant. n. (-वं) A lotus, (Nelumbium speciosum.) E. राजी a line, a row, व aff.

राजिन्द्र m. (-न्द्रः) An emperor. E. राज, and इन्द्र chief.

राजिभ m. (-भः) A state elephant. E. राज, and इभ an elephant.

राजिय m. (-यः) A kind of cucumber : see पटोख ।

राज्ञी f. (-ज्ञी) A queen. नीक्षी, कांक्षे, ज्ञातीपुत्रवृक्षे, पित्रक्षि ।

राज्य n. (-ज्यः) 1. A government, a country, a principality, a kingdom. 2. Administration or exercise of sovereignty or government. E. राज for राजन् a prince, and यत् or यक् aff. [fallen from.]

राज्यच्युत m. (-तः) A prince who has lost his kingdom. E. राज्य, and च्युत

राज्यहानि f. (-तिः) Deposal, loss of sovereignty. **रा. राज्य**, and **हानि** falling.  
 राज्यतन्त्र n. (-न्त्रः) Science of government, system of administration.  
 राज्यपरा f. (-रा) Administration, burden or yoke of government. **रा. राज्यपरा**  
 राज्य, **भुरा** burthen.  
 राज्यभङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) Subversion of sovereignty. **रा. राज्य** and **भङ्ग** breaking.  
 राज्यभाज् m. (-भाज्) A king. **रा. राज्य**, and **भाज्** who has.  
 राज्यवत् m. (-वत्) 1. Deposal or loss of a kingdom. **रा. राज्य** and **वत्** falling.  
 राज्यवट m. (-टः) A deposed sovereign. **रा. राज्य**, **वट** fallen. [servation.  
 राज्यरक्षा f. (-क्षा) Protection or defence of a kingdom. **रा. राज्य**, **रक्षा** pre-  
 राज्यवीर्य m. (-वीर्यः) Ambition. **रा. राज्य** and **वीर्य** desire.  
 राज्याङ्ग n. (-ङ्गः) A requisite of regal administration ; variously enu-  
 merated, as seven, eight, or nine, viz.:—first, the monarch ;  
 second, the prime minister ; third, a friend or ally ; fourth, trea-  
 sure ; fifth territory ; sixth a strong-hold ; and seventh, an army ;  
 the eighth is the population or companies of citizens, and the  
 ninth the Puro'hita or spiritual adviser. **रा. राज्य** royalty, and **चक्षु**  
 limb or part.  
 राज्याधिकार m. (-कारः) 1. Government of a kingdom. 2. Right or title  
 to a sovereignty. **रा. राज्य** and **अधिकार** superintendence, &c.  
 राज्याभिषेक m. (-के) Inauguration of a king.  
 राटि f. (-टिः) War, battle. **रा. रट्** to speak, to sound, aff. **डोप्** ।  
 राट्टा f. (-ट्टा) 1. Beauty, splendour, light, lustre. 2. A country or dis-  
 trict, part of Bengal to the west of the Hugli-river. **रा. रट्ट** to quit,  
 aff. **चञ्ज्** and **ह** changed to **ड** ।  
 राच n. (-च) 1. A leaf. 2. A peacock's tail. **रा. राच्** to sound, aff. **चञ्ज्** ।  
 राचक n. (-कः) A period of five nights collectively. m. (-कः) A man who  
 takes up his abode in a harlot's house for one year. **रा. राचि** night,  
 and **कन्** aff.  
 रात्रि f. (-त्रिः) Night, the darkness of night. **रा. रा** to give, (pleasure or  
 rest.) विप् **Una'di** aff., **डोप्** optionally added.  
 रात्रिकर m. (-रः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor.  
 रात्रिचर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Going or moving at night. m. (-रः) 1. A goblin, a  
 fiend, a ghost or evil spirit. 2. A thief, a robber. 3. A guard, a  
 patrol. **रा. रात्रि** night, (by night,) and **चर** who goes.  
 रात्रिचर्या f. (-र्या) 1. Night-roving. 2. A nightly act or ceremony.  
 रात्रिजन्म mfn. (-जन्मः-जा-ज) Nocturnal, born or produced at night. n. (-जन्मः)  
 A star, a constellation. **रा. रात्रि** night, and **जन्म** born.  
 रात्रिजल n. (-जलः) Dew, mist, fog. **रा. रात्रि** night, and **जल** water.  
 रात्रिजागर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Keeping watch at night, sitting up at night.  
 m. (-रः) A dog. **रा. रात्रि** night, and **जागर** who wakes.  
 रात्रिजागरण n. (-णः) Sitting up all night. **रा. रात्रि**, and **जागरण** waking.  
 रात्रिजागरद m. (-दः) A musquito, a gnat. **रा. रात्रिजागर** waking by night,  
 and **द** who gives or makes, from **दा** to give, or from **ही** to cut, who  
 stings. [aug. ; also **रात्रिचर** ।  
 रात्रिचर m. (-रः) A ghost, a goblin. **रा. रात्रि** night, **चर्** to go, **ट** aff., **सुम्**  
 रात्रितरा f. (-रा) The dead of night.  
 रात्रिपुष्प n. (-पुष्पः) A lotus-flower opening at night.  
 रात्रिमट m. (-टः) 1. A gnost, a goblin. 2. A thief. 3. A guard. 4. A  
 night-walker. **रा. रात्रि** night, **चट्** to go, aff. **चञ्ज्**, and **सुम्** augment.  
 रात्रिमणि m. (-मणिः) The moon. **रा. रात्रि** night, **मणि** a jewel. [खप् aff.  
 रात्रिचक्षु mfn. (-चक्षुः-चा-चक्षु) Thinking it night. **रा. रात्रि**. **चक्षु** who believes,  
 रात्रियोग m. (-योगः) Coming on of night. **रा. रात्रि**, and **योग** joining.  
 रात्रिराम m. (-रामः) Darkness, obscurity. [vesture.  
 रात्रिवास n. (-वासः) 1. Night-dress. 2. Darkness. **रा. रात्रि** night, and **वास**  
 रात्रिविनाय m. (-विनायः) Dawn, day-light. **रा. रात्रि** night, **विनाय** stop, cessation.  
 रात्रिविच्छेद m. (-विच्छेदः) The ruddy-geese. **रा. रात्रि** night, **विच्छेद** separa-  
 tion, and **वागिन्** who goes ; these birds being supposed to pass the  
 night apart. "चक्षुवाचपक्षिणि" । [or duration.  
 रात्रिवेद m. (-वेदः) A cook. **रा. रात्रि** night, **वेद** who knows, its measure  
 रात्रिवेदिन् m. (-वेदिन्) A cook. **रा. रात्रि** night, **वेदिन्** who knows ; see the last.

रात्रिवास m. (-वासः) The white lotus, **रा. रात्रि** night, and **वास** what smiles,  
 blossoming at night. "चक्षुवाचपक्षिणि" । [रात्रि, चिट्ठि to go, **सुम्** aff.  
 रात्रिचक्षु m. (-चक्षुः) A guard of the interior or women's apartments. **रा. रात्रि**  
 रात्रिमट m. (-टः) 1. An imp, a goblin. 2. A ghost. 3. A thief. 4. A night-  
 walker. **रा. रात्रि**, **चट्** to go, aff. **चञ्ज्** ; also with nasal inserted, **रात्रिमट** ।  
 रात्रिमट Adj. Night-blind.  
 रात्रि mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Cooked, dressed. 2. Perfected, as a religious  
 vow ; observed, as a fast, &c. 3. Perfect, in mysterious or magical  
 power, adept, initiated. 4. Perfect in general, accomplished,  
 mature, &c. 5. Successful, fortunate. 6. Propitiated, conciliated.  
**रा. रात्रि** to accomplish or be accomplished, aff. **चञ्ज्** ।  
 रात्रिज्ञान m. (-ज्ञानः) Demonstrated truth, proved and established fact or  
 conclusion, a dogma. **रा. रात्रि** established, **चक्षु** end, result.  
 रात्रि f. (-त्रिः) 1. Accomplishment. Prosperity.  
 रात्रि (चौ) चौराचर r. 4th cl. (रात्रिचर) 1. To be favourable or merciful. 2. To  
 be ready, to be successful. 3. To kill. With **चनु** or **चा**, To propitiate,  
 to adore. With **चप**, (usually used with a loc., but sometimes with  
 a gen.) 1. To offend, to miss, to err. 2. To injure. With **चि**, To  
 injure, to offend, to hurt. Caus. (रोषयति-ने) With **चा**, 1. To  
 please. 2. To serve. r. 5th cl. (रात्रिचर) 1. To bring anything to  
 fulness or completion, to finish, to effect, to accomplish, to  
 complete. 2. To attain completion, to succeed, to be finished or  
 accomplished. 3. To destroy. With **चप** prefixed, To offend, to be in  
 fault. With **चाङ्**, To worship, to propitiate by worship.  
 रात्रि m. (-रः) The month Vais'ak'ha, (April-May.) f. (-रः) 1. The  
 asterism, in which the moon is full in the month Vais'a'k'ha ; the  
 sixteenth of the Nakshatras, containing four stars in the shape of  
 a festoon. 2. A celebrated Go'pi, the favourite mistress of KRISHN'  
 A, during his residence in Brinda'vana amongst the cow-  
 herds. 3. Name of the foster mother of KARN'A. 4. Prosperity. 5.  
 Lightning. 6. An attitude in shooting, standing with the feet a  
 span apart. 7. Emblem myrobala. 8. A flower, (Oltoria ternata.)  
**रा. रात्रि** to accomplish, aff. **चञ्ज्**, fem. aff. **टाप्** ; or **रात्रि** the asterism,  
**चञ्ज्** aff. of reference.  
 रात्रि n. (-नः) 1. Completing, accomplishing, succeeding, effecting. 2.  
 Obtaining, acquisition. 3. Pleasure, satisfaction. 4. The means or  
 instrument of accomplishing any thing. f. (-नः) Speech, speaking.  
**रा. रात्रि** to accomplish, aff. **खट्** or **युच** ।  
 रात्रिरट m. (-रटः) 1. A plough. 2. Thin-rain. 3. Hail.  
 रात्रिकान्त m. (-कान्तः) A name of KRISHN'A. **रा. रात्रि**, and **कान्त** beloved.  
 रात्रिचक्षु m. (-चक्षुः) KARN'A. **रा. रात्रि**, and **चक्षु** son ; see **रात्रिचक्षु** ।  
 रात्रिचक्षु m. (-चक्षुः) A name of KRISHN'A. **रा. रात्रि**, and **चक्षु** lord.  
 रात्रिचक्षु m. (-चक्षुः) KARN'A. **रा. रात्रि**, and **चक्षु** son ; see **रात्रिचक्षु** ।  
 रात्रिचक्षु m. (-चक्षुः) A name of ARJUN'A. **रा. रात्रि** the mistress of KRISHN'A,  
 and **चक्षु** dividing ; having prevailed on KRISHN'A to abandon her.  
 रात्रिचक्षु m. (-चक्षुः) A name of KRISHN'A. **रा. रात्रि**, and **चक्षु** beloved.  
 रात्रिचक्षु m. (-चक्षुः) ARJUN'A. **रा. रात्रि** the mistress of KRISHN'A, and **चक्षु**  
 who hurts or wounds ; see **रात्रिचक्षु** ।  
 रात्रिचक्षु m. (-चक्षुः) KARN'A. **रा. रात्रि** the name of the wife of the charioteer  
 of DHRI'TARA'SHTRA, (by whom the prince, after exposure by his  
 own mother KUNTI, was found and fostered,) and **चक्षु** a son.  
 रात्रिचक्षु m. (-चक्षुः) A name of KARN'A. **रा. रात्रि** a proper name, **डक्ष** aff.  
 रात्रि mfn. (-रः-रा-र) To be said or spoken. **रा. रट्** to speak, aff. **खट्** ।  
 रात्रि mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Black. 2. White. 3. Beautiful, pleasing. m. (-रः)  
 1. A name common to three incarnations of VISHN'U, viz :—firstly,  
 PARAS'URA'MA, the son of the Muni JAMA'DAGNI, born at the com-  
 mencement of the second or TRA'TA YUGA, for the purpose of  
 punishing the tyrannical kings of the Kshetriya race. Secondly,  
 RA'MACHANDRA, the son of DAS'ARATHA, king of Oudh, born at  
 the close of the second age, to destroy the demons who infested

the earth, and especially RA'VAN'A the Daitya-sovereign of Ceylon. Thirdly, BALARA'MA, (the elder and half-brother of KRISHN'A,) the son of BA'SUDEVA by Ro'HINI, born at the end of the DWA'PARA or third age. 2. A name of VARUN'A, regent of the waters. 3. A horse. 4. A sort of deer. f. (-मा) 1. A woman, a female, a pleasing or beautiful female. 2. Asafoetida. 3. A river. 4. Vermilion: n. (-मं) 1. A potherb, (Chenopodium album.) 2. A sort of Costus, (C. speciosus.) E. रम् to sport, aff. चञ् ।

रामकरी f. (-री) One of the Ra'gi'nis, or female personifications of the musical modes. E. राम delighting, करी who makes; also रामकली ।

रामकर्पूर m. (-रः) A fragrant sort of grass. E. राम pleasant, and कर्पूर (smelling like,) camphor.

रामकवी f. (-वी) A Ra'gi'ni. E. राम pleasant, कवा sound or note, कवी aff.

रामगिरि m. (-रिः) The name of a mountain, variously applied, but especially assigned to a mountain called COMPTON or CHITRAKU'TA in BUNDELKHAND, and to another near NA'GPORE, called now RA'MTEK. E. राम the hero RA'MA, and गिरि a mountain; being one of his halting places in his progress from Oudh to the Peninsula.

रामचन्द्र m. (-न्द्रः) The hero RA'MACHANDRA, the son of DASARATHA. E. राम and चन्द्र the moon, the moon-like RA'MA.

रामजननी m. (-नी) The mother of BALARA'MA. E. राम and जननी mother, hence it is equally applicable to RENUKA', the mother of PARAS'URA'MA, and to KAUS'ALYA, the mother of RA'MACHANDRA.

रामठ n. (-ठः) Asafoetida. E. रम् to please, ठ Unádi aff., and the radical vowel lengthened. [बुञ् aff.]

रामणीयक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Beautiful, pleasing. E. रमणीय the same, and रामदूत m. (-तः) The monkey HANUMA'NA, the friend and messenger of RAM'A. f. (-तिः-ती) A shrub, apparently a variety of basil with small leaves. "नागदीना." E. राम RA'MA, and दूत a messenger.

रामनवमी f. (-मी) The ninth day in the light-half of Chaitra, the anniversary of the birth of RA'MACHANDRA.

रामपूग m. (-गः) A small species of the areca or betel-nut tree, (Areca triandra, Rox.) E. राम RA'MA, पूग areca. [auspicious.]

रामभद्र m. (-द्रः) The hero RA'MACHANDRA. E. राम the same, and भद्र

रामवीणा f. (-णा) A sort of Vina or lute. E. राम RA'MA and वीणा a lute; it may be also ironically applicable to the horn blown by BALARA'MA, and called still the RA'MASINHA'.

रामशर m. (-रः) A variety of the Saccharum Sara, a sort of grass.

रामसख m. (-खः) The monkey-king SUGRIVA. E. राम RA'MA, and सख friend; RA'MA having restored him to his throne, whence he had been driven by his elder brother BA'LI.

रामसेतु m. (-तुः) A bridge of sand, now a chain of islands, between the Indian Peninsula and Ceylon, popularly known by "Adam's bridge".

रामायण n. (-णं) 1. The first epic poem of the Hindus, written by the poet VALMIKI, recording the adventures of RA'MA, the son of DASARATHA, sovereign of Oudh. 2. A name of several poems on the life and adventures of RA'MA. E. राम the prince, and ण्यन abode.

रामानुज m. (-जः) Name of the founder of a Veda'ntic sect.

रामिल m. (-लः) 1. KA'MA or CUPID. 2. A lover, a husband. E. राम pleasing, agreeable, रल aff. [bamboo, aff. चञ् ।]

राम m. (-चः) The bamboo staff of a religious student. E. रमा a

रायण n. (-णं) 1. Pain. 2. Sounding, crying. E. रे to sound, aff. छुट् ।

रायभाटी f. (-टी) The current or flow of a river. [वः, शानच् aff.]

राखलाम mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Crying aloud and repeatedly. E. रस to cry, reit.

राल m. (-लः) Resin, the resinous and fragrant exudation of the Shorea robusta. "पुना." E. रा to give or get, aff. चलच्; also चराल ।

राज m. (-जः) Sound, noise. E. र् to cry or sound, aff. चञ् ।

रावण m. (-णः) The Daitya-sovereign of Lanka' or Ceylon, killed by RA'MACHANDRA. n. (-चं) Noise, tumult. E. र् to cry, (in the causal form,) aff. छट्; afflicting mankind.

रावणारि m. (-रिः) The hero RA'MA. E. रावण, चरि the foe. [mic]

रावचि m. (-चिः) The eldest son of RA'VAN'A. E. रावच, रच् patr

राज् (ञ) राज् r. 1st and 4th cl. (राजते राजते) To sound.

राशि m. (-शिः) 1. A heap, a quantity. 2. A sign of the zodiac. 3. Arithmetical or algebraic quantity. 4. A part and its divisor or numerator and denominator. 5. A congeries of number or quantity. E. चश् to pervade, रच् Unádi aff., and छट् initial augment; रच् to sound, with the same aff.

राशिमत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Heaped, accumulated. 2. Computed, amended either by arithmetic or algebra. E. राशि, and मत gone to.

राशिचक्र n. (-चक्रः) The zodiac. E. राशि, a sign, and चक्र a wheel or circle

राशियथ n. (-यथः) The rule of three.

राशिभाग m. (-गः) A fraction. E. राशि, भाग a part.

राशिभोग m. (-गः) Passage of a planet through a sign of the zodiac. राशि, भोग enjoyment. [augment]

राशीकरण n. (-णं) Heaping, piling, gathering. E. राशि, करण making, राशीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Heaped, piled, &c. E. राशि, कृत made, चि au

राशीभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Heaped, piled. E. राशि, and भूत become, चि ang

राष्ट्र mn. (-ष्ट्रः-ष्ट्रं) 1. An inhabited country or realm, a region. 2. A public calamity, as plague, famine, &c. E. राज् to shine or govern aff. ण् ।

राष्ट्रनिवासिन् m. (-सी) An inhabitant of any civilized country. E. राष्ट्र district, निवासिन् a dweller.

राष्ट्रिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Belonging to or inhabiting a country. f. (-का) A prickly sort of night-shade, (Solanum jacquini.) "कष्टकारी." E. रा a country, and ण् aff.

राष्ट्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Of or belonging to a kingdom, produced or born in it, &c. E. राष्ट्र a region, च aff.

राष्ट्रीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Belonging or relating to a region or realm. m. (-यः) A king's brother-in-law, (in theatrical language.) E. राष्ट्र a region, छ aff.

रास् (ञ) राज् r. 1st cl. (राजते) To sound, to cry.

रास् m. (-सः) 1. Confused noise, uproar, hubbub. 2. Sound in general. 3. Speech, discourse. 4. A chain. 5. A festival amongst the cowherds including songs and dances, especially the circular dance as performed by KRISHN'A and the Go'pis or cowherdresses. 6. A game played by children. E. रास् to sound, चञ् aff.

रासक n. (-कः) A kind of minor drama in one act. [Unádi aff]

रासम m. (-मः) An ass. f. (-मी) The she-ass. E. रास् to sound, चण

रासमधूसर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Grey or light-brown, ass-grey. E. रासम धूसर grey. [aff. चिनि]

रासमवन्दिनी f. (-नी) Arabian jasmine. E. रासम an ass, वदि to praise.

रासयज्ञा f. (-ज्ञा) A festival held in honour of KRISHN'A on the full-moon of Ka'rtika. E. रास, and यज्ञा festival.

रासरस m. (-सः) 1. An assembly, a company, a party. 2. A game or festival peculiar to the cowherds: see रास. 3. Love, desire, the passion or sentiment. 4. Alchemy: see रससिद्धि. 5. The sixth night after delivery, on which the family and friends sit up all night. 6. Sport, mirth, pastime. 7. Any festival or holiday. E. रस noise &c., and रस flavour, taste.

रासा f. (-सा) 1. A plant, (Mimosa octandra.) 2. Another plant, (the serpent ophiocylon.) 3. A sort of perfume. E. रस् to sound, रच् Unádi aff., and the vowel made long.

राशिचक्र n. (-चक्रः) The being without anything, distitution.

राज m. (-जः) The ascending node; in mythology, the son of VISHN'U by SINHIKA', a Daitya, with the tail of a dragon, whose head was severed from his body by VISHN'U, on the information of the sun and the moon who caught him in the act of drinking Amrita which was being served to gods, but being immortal by tasting it, his head and tail retained their separate existence, and being transferr

to the stellar sphere, became the authors of eclipses; the first especially, by endeavouring at various times to swallow the sun and the moon to wreak his vengeance. **र. रज्** to abandon, (the planets which it has vainly attempted to devour,) aff. **उज्**, and the vowel made long.

**राहुग्रह** m. (-ग्रहः) Eclipsed, (as the sun or moon.) **र. राहु**, and **ग्रह** seized.

**राहुदास** m. (-सः) Immersion of a planet in an eclipse. **र. राहु**, and **दास** mouthful. [head, **राहु** seizure.

**राहुदाह** m. (-हः) An eclipse of the sun or moon. **र. राहु** the dragon's **राहुभेदिन्** m. (-दी) **VISHN'U**. **र. राहु** the Daitya, **भेदिन्** the divider.

**राहुमुखं** m. (-मुखः) **VISHN'U**. **र. राहु** the Daitya, **मुखं** the head, and **भिद** who divides, who decapitates.

**राहुवक्त्र** m. (-वक्त्रः) A name of the legislator Budd'ha or Sakyasingha.

**राहुसंघर्ष** m. (-संघर्षः) An eclipse. **र. राहु** the dragon's head, and **संघर्ष** seizure, contact.

**राहुवृत्त** n. (-वृत्तः) The birth of **राहु**, i. e. an eclipse.

**राहुहन्** m. (-हन्) **VISHN'U**. **र. राहु** the Daitya, **हन्** destroyer.

**राहुविष्ट** m. (-ष्टः) Garlic. **र. राहु** the demon, **विष्ट** vomited.

**राहुकूट** m. (-कूटः) Garlic. **र. राहु** the Daitya, **कूट** created. "रज्जोने"।

**रि** r. 5th cl. (रिषीति) To hurt or injure. **r.** 6th cl. (रियति) To go, to move.

**रि** m. (-रिः) 1. The tone of voice by which the note Rishabha is uttered. 2. Dancing, tumbling. 3. Waste, loss. **f.** (-रिः) 1. Wish, desire. 2. Light, lustre. **र.** रा to give, aff. **रिज्**। [&c., aff. **क**।

**रि** n. (-रिः) 1. The heart, the mind. 2. Law, litigation. **र.** रिज् to divide, **रि** mfn. (-रिः-रि-रि) 1. Empty, void. 2. Poor, indigent. 3. Unloaded, unburthened. 4. Purged. 5. Divided. 6. Abandoned. 7. Joined.

**n.** (-रिः) 1. A wood, a forest. 2. A vacuity, a vacuum. **f.** (-रिः) The fourth, ninth, or fourteenth days of the lunar fortnight. **र.** रिज् to void by stool, aff. **रि**।

**रिज्** mfn. (-रिः-रि-रि) 1. Void, empty. 2. Unladen, unburthened. **र.** **रिज्** added to the preceding. [रिज्जत्]।

**रिज्जा** f. (-रिज्जा) Vacuity, void, space. **र.** रिज्, and **रज्** aff. ; also with **र**, **रिज्जा** mfn. (-रिज्जा-रिज्जा) Having no vessels or effects. **n.** (-रिज्जा) An empty vessel. **र.** रिज्, and **भाज्** vessel.

**रिज्ज** mfn. (-रिज्जा-रिज्जा) Empty-handed. **र.** रिज्, **हज्** hand.

**रिज्ज** n. (-रिज्ज) Substance, property, wealth. 2. Property left at death. 3. Gold. **र.** रिज् to separate, **Unadi** aff. **रज्**।

**रिज्जहारिन्** mfn. (-रिज्जहारिन्) Taking or inheriting property. **m.** (-रिज्ज) 1. An heir, one who succeeds to the property of the deceased, and gives the funeral cake. 2. A maternal uncle. 3. The seed of the Indian fig. **र.** रिज्ज wealth, and **हारिन्** who takes.

**रिज्जन्** mfn. (-रिज्जन्-रिज्जन्) Wealthy, possessing property. **m.** (-रिज्जन्) A successor or an heir. **र.** रिज्ज wealth, **रज्ज** aff. [changed to **र**।

**रिज्जा** f. (-रिज्जा) 1. A nit. 2. A mole in a sun-beam. **र.** See **रिज्जा**, **र** being **रिज्** r. 1st cl. (रिज्जति) To go, to move.

**रिज्ज** (र) रिज्ज r. 1st cl. (रिज्जति) 1. To go, to move slowly. 2. To creep.

**रिज्ज** (र) रिज्ज r. 1st cl. (रिज्जति) 1. To go slowly. 2. To crawl.

**रिज्ज** m. (-रिज्ज) 1. Disappointing, deceiving. 2. A horse's hoof. 3. One of a horse's paces. 4. Dancing. 5. Sliding. **र.** रिज्ज to go, aff. **रज्ज**।

**रिज्ज** n. (-रिज्ज) Slipping, sliding, stumbling, tumbling; or figuratively, deviating from rectitude or virtue. **र.** रिज्ज to go, aff. **रज्ज**।

**रिज्ज** n. (-रिज्ज) 1. Creeping, (as a child on all fours.) 2. Tumbling, slipping, sliding. 3. Deviating from rectitude, sliding from virtue. **र.** रिज्ज to go, aff. **रज्ज**।

**रिज्ज** r. 1st and 10th cls. (रिज्जति-रिज्जति) 1. To join, to unite. 2. To divide, to scatter or separate. 3. To purge. With **चा**, To cause to dance, to move, to contract. (चौ, हर) चौरिज्ज r. 7th cl. (रिज्जति-रिज्जति) To purge, to evacuate faeces frequently. With **चति** prefixed, to exceed, to be more than enough. With **रि**, To purge. With **उज्**, To overflow.

**रिज्ज** r. 1st cl. (रिज्जते) To fry.

**रिज्जि** f. (-रिज्जि) 1. The crackling or roaring of flame. 2. A musical instrument. 3. Black-salt. **m.** (-रिज्जि) Name of an attendant of S'iva.

**रिज्ज** m. (-रिज्ज) An enemy. **र.** रिज् to speak, to abuse, aff. **रज्ज**, and **र** substituted for the radical vowel.

**रिज्जवादिन्** mfn. (-रिज्जवादिन्) Killing a foe. **f.** (-रिज्ज) A shrub, (*Abrus precatorius*.) **र.** रिज् an enemy, **वादिन्** destructive.

**रिज्जव** mfn. (-रिज्जव-रिज्जव) Victorious. **m.** (-रिज्ज) Name of a king. **र.** रिज्, **जि** to conquer, **रज्ज** aff., **रज्ज** augment.

**रिज्जता** f. (-रिज्जता) Hostility, enmity. **र.** रिज् and **तज्ज** aff. ; also with **र** **रिज्जता**।

**रिज्ज** mfn. (-रिज्ज-रिज्ज) Vile, bad, wicked. **र.** री to hurt, **Unadi** aff. **र**, the vowel made short, and **पुट्** augment.

**रिज्ज** r. 6th cl. (रिज्जति) 1. To speak, to say or tell. 2. To fight. 3. To blame. 4. To hurt or injure. 5. To give. 6. To praise, to flatter.

**रिज्ज** r. 6th cl. (रिज्जति) To hurt, to injure, to kill; also read **रिज्ज**।

**रिज्ज** n. (-रिज्ज) The zodiac. **र.** रिज्ज to hurt, **रज्ज** aff.

**रिज्जसा** f. (-रिज्जसा) Wish to sport. **र.** रज्ज to play, desid. v., **रज्ज** and **टाप** affs.

**रिज्जसु** mfn. (-रिज्जसु-रिज्जसु) Desirous to sport. **र.** रज्ज to sport, desid. v., **र** aff.

**रिज्जो** f. (-रिज्जो) Pale-brass, prince's metal, &c. **र.** री to go, **रिज्ज** aff., **रिज्ज** added. "रिज्जते"।

**रिज्ज** (र) रिज्ज r. 6th cl. (रिज्जति) To go, to move.

**रिज्ज** r. 6th cl. (रिज्जति) To hurt, to injure, to kill or attempt to kill.

**रिज्ज** m. (-रिज्ज) A deer. **र.** रिज्ज to hurt, aff. **रज्ज**; also **रिज्ज**।

**रिज्ज** r. 1st cl. (रिज्जति) r. 4th cl. (रिज्जति) To hurt, to kill, or attempt to kill. **r.** 6th cl. (रिज्जति) To separate, to depart.

**रिज्जि** m. (-रिज्जि) A saint. **र.** रि substituted for **रज्ज**; see **रज्जि**।

**रिज्ज** mfn. (-रिज्ज-रिज्ज) 1. Hurt, injured. 2. Unlucky. 3. Lucky. **n.** (-रिज्ज) 1. Happiness, prosperity. 2. Good luck, fortune. 3. Bad-luck, ill-fortune. 4. Destruction, loss, privation. 5. Mischief, harm. 6. Sin. **m.** (-रिज्ज) 1. A sword. 2. The soap-nut-tree. 3. A demon, destroyed by **VISHN'U**. **र.** रिज्ज to hurt or injure, aff. **रिज्ज**।

**रिज्जक** m. (-रिज्जक) The soap-berry plant, (*Sapindus* of several species.) **र.** रिज्ज the same, **रज्ज** added. [hurt, aff. **रिज्ज**।

**रिज्जि** m. (-रिज्जि) A sword. **f.** (-रिज्जि) Prosperity, good fortune. **र.** रिज्ज to **रिज्ज** m. (-रिज्ज) A deer. **र.** रिज्ज to hurt, to be hurt, aff. **रज्ज**।

**रिज्ज** mfn. (-रिज्ज-रिज्ज) Mischievous, injurious. **र.** रिज्ज to hurt, **Unadi** aff. **रज्ज**, form irr.

**रिज्ज** r. 1st cl. (रिज्जति) To hurt, to injure, to kill.

**री** r. 9th cl. (रिज्जति) 1. To hurt, to injure. 2. To go, to move. 3. To howl, as a wild beast. (र) रीज्ज r. 4th cl. (रीज्जते) 1. To distil, to ooze, to drop. 2. To fall, to alight. **r.** 2nd cl. (रीज्जति) To bear or conceive, (as a child.) [amed, deriv. irr.]

**रीज्जा** f. (-रीज्जा) 1. Reproach, censure. 2. Shame, modesty. **र.** री to be ashamed.

**रीज्जा** f. (-रीज्जा) The Soap-nut tree. "रीज्जाकरज्जते" : see **रिज्जक**।

**रीज्ज** m. (-रीज्ज) The back-bone. **र.** रिज्ज to hurt, aff. **रिज्ज**, and the vowel made long, **रीज्ज**, **रज्ज** added.

**रीज्जा** f. (-रीज्जा) Disrespect, irreverence, disregard. **र.** रिज्ज to kill, &c., aff. **रिज्ज**, and the vowel made long. [to run out, aff. **रिज्ज**।

**रीज्ज** mfn. (-रीज्ज-रीज्ज) Oozing, dripping, leaking, distilling. **र.** री to leak,

**रीति** f. (-रीति-रीति) 1. Usage, custom, practice, local or traditional observance. 2. Oozing, leaking, distilling. 3. Brass, pale-brass, or prince's metal. 4. Rust of iron. 5. Calx of brass. 6. Scoria of any metal, or the oxide formed on the surface of metals by their exposure to heat and air. 7. Boundary, limit. 8. Going, motion. 9. Natural property or disposition. 10. A stream, a river. 11. Style, diction; they are:—वेदार्थ, गीर्वा, पाश्चात्ती and जाटिका or नामधेय। **र.** री to go, to run out, &c. aff. **रिज्ज**।

**रीति** f. (-रीति) Clax of brass. **र.** रीति brass, and **रज्ज** aff.

**रीतिपुष्प** n. (-रीतिपुष्प) Calx of brass. **र.** रीति brass, and **पुष्प** a flower.

**रीज्ज** r. 1st cl. (रीज्जति) 1. To take. 2. To screen.

**रिज्ज** (रु) रुज्ज r. 2nd cl. (रीति) 1. To sound. 2. To make a particular sort of

sound. (ङ्) हङ् r. 1st. cl. (रवते) 1. To go, to move. 2. To hurt, to injure or kill. 3. To speak. 4. To be angry.

ह m. (-हः) 1. War, battle. 2. Noise, sound. f. (-हः) 1. Fear, alarm. 2. Cutting, dividing. E. ह् to sound, aff. क्तिप् ।

हक m. (-कः) A liberal man.

हक्प्रतिक्रिया f. (-या) The practice of physio, curing, remedying. E. हक् from हक् disease, प्रतिक्रिया resisting. [aff. मक् ।

हकम n. (-कम) 1. Gold. 2. Iron. f. (-कमा) Bright. E. हक् to shine, Una'di

हकमकारक m. (-कः) A gold-smith. E. हकम gold, and कारक a worker.

हकमवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Golden. f. (-वती) A species of the Pankti metre. E. हकम, and मत्तुप् aff.

हकमिदं m. (-दं) A name of BALARA'MA. E. हकमन् a king, and दं pride ; proud of overcoming him.

हकमिदारिन् m. (-री) BALARA'MA. E. हकमन् a prince, and दारिन् destroyer.

हकमिन् m. (-की) The name of a prince slain by BALARA'MA. f. (-किणी) 1. The goddess LAKSHMI'. 2. A name of the daughter of king BHI'MAKA. She was betrothed to Si's'upa'la, but she had entertained a passion for KRISHN'A and sent to invite him to carry her off. KRISHN'A made her his own by the Rākshasa ritual. PRADYUMN'A was her son. E. हकम gold, and इनि poss. aff.

हकमिदं m. (-मित्) BALARA MA. E. हकम a prince, the elder brother of RUKMINI', and मिदं breaker, conqueror.

हकममन् n. (-म) Excrement, faeces. E. हक् disease, मन् abode.

हक् mfn. (-हः-चा-हः) 1. Harsh, unkind. 2. Rough, hard. 3. Rough to the taste or feeling harsh. 4. Rugged, uneven. 5. Dry, arid. E. हक् to grow, Una'di aff. क्त ; it is more properly written हक्, as derived from हक् to be rough.

हक् mfn. (-हः-घा-हः) 1. Bent, crooked, curved. 2. Broken. 3. Impaired, injured. 4. Diseased, sick, infirm. E. हक् to be disordered, aff. क्त ।

हक्ता f. (-ता) 1. Sickness, disease. 2. Crookedness. E. हक्, and तत् aff. ; also with ल, हक्ताल ।

हक् r. 1st cl. (रीचते) 1. To shine. 2. To please, to be pleased.

हक् f. (-हक्) 1. Light, lustre, splendour. 2. Beauty, loveliness. 3. Lightning. 4. Wish, desire. 5. The chattering of the parrot or Maina'. 6. The Rig-Ve'da. E. हक् to shine, aff. क्तिप् ; also with टाप् added हक् ।

हक्क mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Agreeable, pleasing. 2. Sharp, acrid. 3. Tonic, stomachic. m. (-कः) 1. The citron, (Citrus medica.) 2. A pigeon. n. (-कं) 1. Salt. 2. Natron, alkali. 3. Borax. 4. A garland, a chaplet. 5. A curl on a horse's neck. 6. The woody Cassia. 7. Any auspicious or fortunate object. 8. A perfume, commonly Ro'chana'. 9. An anthelmintic medicine, commonly Biranga, (Embelia ribes.) 10. A sort of temple. 11. A stomachic. 12. An ornament of the neck or breast. 13. A tooth. E. हक् to shine, &c., in the causal form, क्तु aff. ; the embellisher, the polisher, &c.

हक्वि f. (-वि-वी) 1. Light, lustre. 2. Beauty, appearance, colour. 3. Passion. 4. Wish, desire. 5. A ray of light. 6. Intent application to any object or undertaking. 7. Hunger, appetite. 8. Taste, sentiment. E. हक् to shine, क्ति or डोप् aff.

हक्किर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Beautifying. 2. Sharpening, as the appetite, &c. E. हक्, कर what makes.

हक्कित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Sweet. 2. Sharpened, (as the appetite.) 3. Digested. 4. Bright, brightened, f. (-ता) 5. A species of the Atijagati metre. E. हक् to please, Una'di aff. कितत् ।

हक्किर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Beautiful, charming, pleasing. 2. Sweet, dainty. 3. Stomachic, restorative. 4. Bright. n. (-र) 1. Saffron. 2. Cloves. f. (-रा) A kind of yellow pigment. E. हक् to please, Una'di aff. किरत् ।

हक्किरसुद् mfn. (-द्) Affording great pleasure. E. हक्किर, सुद् what delights.

हक्किरानन mfn. (-नः नान) Handsome, beautiful. E. हक्किर, and नान face.

हक्किरापादा f. (-पदी) A beautiful and charming woman. E. हक्किर, and पादा corner of the eye.

हक्वि mfn. (-वि-वा-व) 1. Sweet. 2. Stomachic. E. हक् to be agreeable, Una'di aff. कियत् ।

हक् mfn. (-हः-चा-हः) 1. Beautiful, pleasing. 2. Stomachic, tonic. n. (-हः) A husband, a lover. n. (-हः) A digestive, a tonic. E. हक् to please, aff. कत् ।

हक् (वी, वी) वीहजी r. 6th cl. (हजति) 1. To afflict, to disorder, to afflict with pain or disease. 2. To bend or break. r. 10th cl. (रीजयति) To hurt, to injure.

हक् f. (-हक्) 1. Sickness, disease. 2. Fracture. 3. Effort. E. हक् to be or make sick, aff. क्तिप् ; also with टाप् added हक् ।

हक्त्त mfn. (-जन्-जन्ती-जत्) 1. Breaking. 2. Giving pain, making ill or sick. 3. Being sick. E. हक् to afflict, मत् aff.

हक्ता f. (-ता) 1. Sickness, disease. 2. Overthrow, destruction. 3. Toil, fatigue. 4. An ewe. E. हक् to be or make sick, affs. क्त and टाप् ।

हक्ताकर mfn. (-रः-रा or री-र) Sickening, making sick or ill. m. (-रः) One of the Bha'vas or sentiments, the sickness induced by passion or love. n. (-रः) An acid fruit, (the fruit of the Averrhoa carambola.) "कामराज्जा". E. हक्ता sickness, कर what makes.

हक्ताप्रतिक्रिया f. (-या) Practice of medicine.

हक्तासमन् n. (-म) Excrement, faeces.

हक् r. 1st cl. (रीचते) 1. To resist or oppose. 2. To strive again. 3. To tumble or roll for passion. r. 10th cl. (रीचयति ते) 1. To be angry. 2. To shine. (ह) हक्ति r. 1st cl. (हृष्टति) To steal, to rob.

हक् r. 1st cl. (रीचति) To strike, to fell, to knock down, to overturn. (रीचते) To resist, to oppose. (ह) हक्ति r. 1st cl. (हृष्टति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To steal. 3. To be idle. 4. To be lame.

हक्करा f. (-रा) A cow easily milked.

हक्क m. (-हक्क) 1. A headless body, retaining life and mixing in combat, "कवन्ते". 2. A trunk. E. हक्क for हक्क or हक्क to take or steal, aff. क्त ।

हक्किका f. (-का) 1. The threshold of a door. 2. A field of battle. 3. A female messenger or go-between. 4. Superhuman power. E. हक्क as above, क्तु aff., fem. form.

हक्क n. (-क्क) 1. The cry of birds, &c. 2. The humming of bees. 3. Any cry or noise. E. हक् to sound, to make a particular sound, aff. क्त ।

हक्क m. (-क्क) An augur. [व्याज disguise.]

हक्क्याज m. (-जः) 1. Mimicry. 2. Simulated cry or sound. E. हक् and हक्तायत् mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Rendered vocal by the cry of birds, &c. E. हक् cry, used as a verb, क्त aff.

हक् (हर) हक्दि r. 2nd cl. (रीदति) 1. To weep. 2. To call or address weeping. With उप and वाङ्, To weep for another, to sympathize.

हक् f. (-हक्) 1. Grief. 2. Pain, affliction. 3. Disease. 4. Sound, noise. 5. Cry, wail, lamentation. E. हक् to weep, aff. क्तिप् ।

हक्त्त mfn. (-दन्-दन्ती or दन्ती-दत्) Weeping, wailing. E. हक् to weep, मत् aff.

हक्क m. (-हक्क) 1. A dog. 2. A pupil, a scholar. E. हक् to weep, वक्त्त Una'di aff.

हक्क n. (-हक्क) Weeping crying, lamentation.

हक्कित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Crying, weeping, wept, (by whom.) n. (-तः) Weeping. E. हक् to weep, aff. क्त ।

हक् mfn. (-हक्-हा-ह) 1. Surrounded, begirt, as with a fence or river, &c. 2. Secured, protected from access. 3. Obstructed, stopped, shut up. 4. Opposed, impeded. 5. Besieged, invested, blockaded. f. (-हक्) A siege. E. हक् to close, &c. aff. क्त । [v., शान्त् aff.]

हक्काम mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Being weeping or wailing. E. हक् to weep, pass.

हक्क m. (-हक्क) 1. A name or form of S'IVA. 2. A demi-god, an inferior manifestation of S'IVA, or according to one legend, a being, born from the forehead of BRAHMA' : the RUDRAS are eleven in number, and are severally named, AJAIKAPADA, AHIVRADHNA, VIRUPAKSHA, SURE'SHWARA, JAYANTA, BAHURUPA, TRYAMBAKA, APARAJITA, BAIBASWATA, SAVITRA and HARA. f. (-हक्क) A sort of lute or guitar. f. (-हक्की) A name of PARVATI, wife of RUDRA. E. हक् to

weep. रक् Una'di aff., and the vowel unchanged ; the name is given to S'IVA, because according to his own declaration, he disperses the tears of mortals : to the demi-gods, because they wept at their birth, or because they made the enemies of the gods weep.

रुद्र m. (-ञ्) Quicksilver. E. रुद्र S'IVA, and अ born, being supposed to be the semen of the deity. [S'IVA, पत्नी wife.

रुद्रवा f. (-वा) 1. Linseed, (Linum.) 2. The goddess DURGA. E. रुद्र रुद्रिया f. (-या) 1. Emblic myrobalan, (Phyllanthus emblica.) 2. The goddess PA'RVATI. E. रुद्र S'IVA, &c., and प्रिया the beloved.

रुद्रवलि m. (-लि:) Oblations of meat, &c., presented to the RUDRAS. E. रुद्र a RUDRA, and वलि sacrifice.

रुद्रम् f. (-म्) A cemetery. E. रुद्र S'IVA, and म् site or haunt.

रुद्रम् f. (-म्) The mother of eleven children. E. रुद्र a RUDRA, of whom there are eleven, and न् mother.

रुद्राक्षी m. (-क्षी) A cemetery, a place where dead bodies are burnt or buried. E. रुद्र S'IVA, and आक्षी place of sport ; being supposed to dance and sport in such places at evening twilight.

रुद्राक्ष m. (-क्ष) A tree, (Eleocarpus ganitrus, Rox.) n. (-च) The berry of the Eleocarpus, of which rosaries are usually made. E. रुद्र S'IVA, and अक्ष from अक्षि the eye.

रुद्राक्षी f. (-क्षी) The goddess DURGA, as the wife of RUDA' or S'IVA. E. रुद्र S'IVA, अक्षी aff., आनुक् augment.

रुद्राक्ष m. (-क्ष) KA'MA, the deity of love. E. रुद्र S'IVA, and अक्षि enemy.

रुद्राक्ष m. (-क्ष) 1. Benares. 2. Mount Kaila'sa. 3. Cemetery.

रुद् r. 4th cl. (With अनु prefixed,) (अनुहृच्छते) 1. To desire, to wish for, to love. 2. To be kind to 3. To consent, to concur. 4. To lament, or be sorry for. With अव, To implant, to infix. With उप, 1. To confine. 2. To block up. 3. To Molest. With नि, To stop. With वि, To quarrel with, to oppose. With सम्, 1. To obstruct, to check. 2. To fetter. (जि, चो, इर्) जिहोहृच्छि r. 7th cl. (हृच्छि हृस्ते) 1. To impede, to oppose, to obstruct, to block or confine. 2. To invest, to blockade, to besiege. 3. To cover. 4. To harass. With अभि and सम् prefixed, To prevent. With अव, To guard. With उप, To blockade. With प्रति or वि, To oppose. With सम् and नि, To shut up, to surround or blockade. [obstruct, किरच् Una'di aff

रुधिर m. (-र) 1. Blood. 2. Saffron. m. (-रः) The planet MARS. E. रुध् to रुधिरपायिन् m. (-यी) A Ra'kshasa, a demon. E. रुधिर, पायिन् who drinks.

रुध् Ind. Having stopped, checked, &c. E. रुध् to hinder, रुध् aff.

रुध् mfn. (-स्त्-स्त्री-स्त्) 1. Hindering, opposing, stopping. 2. Resisting, refusing. E. रुध् to hinder, रुध् aff.

रुध् r. 4th cl. (हृच्छति) To confound, to perplex, to confuse.

रुध्ति f. (-ति:) Fog, vapour.

रुद्रा f. (-रा) 1. The wife of the monkey-chief Sugr'iva. 2. The district or more properly the salt mines of Sambhar, a town in Ajmere, twenty miles west of Jayanagar. E. रु to weep, रुक् Una'di aff., with टाप् fem. aff., deriv. irr.

रुध् m. (-धः) ARUN'A, or the dawn. E. रुध् to sport, Una'di aff. रुक्, and रु substituted for the initial. [weep. रु aff.

रुध् m. (-धः) 1. A sort of deer. 2. A Daitya flayed by S'IVA. E. रु to रुध् mfn. (-धः-धः-धः) 1. Wishing to oppose or obstruct. 2. Wishing to bind or tie up, (as the hair.) E. रुध् to oppose, desid. व्, उ aff.

रुध्ति mfn. (-धः-धः-धः) Wishing or purposing to wail or weep, ready to cry. E. रुध् to weep, desid. व्, उ aff.

रुध् mfn. (-धः-धः-धः) Orying, calling, howling. E. रु to cry, रुध् aff.

रुध् m. (-धः) 1. Sound, noise. 2. A cock.

रुध् m. (-धः) The castor-oil tree, (Ricinus communis.) E. रु, रुक् aff.; or रु to weep, रु aff., and the final vowel changed to उव ; also with रुक् added रुक्क and with the first or second vowel made long, रुक्क and रुक्क ; also as differently derived, रुक्क । [shine.

रुध् r. 6th cl. (हृच्छति) To hurt or kill. (रु) रुध् r. 10th cl. (हृच्छति) To

हृच्छत् mfn. (-हृच्छत्) 1. Maledictory, imprecative. 2. Cursing imprecating. E. रुध् to seek, to injure, aff. रुध् ।

रुध् r. 1st cl. (रुधति) r. 4th cl. (हृच्छति-हृ) 1. To hurt, to injure, to kill or attempt to kill. 2. To vex. (रु) रुध् r. 4th and 10th ols. (हृच्छति-हृ रुधति ते) To be angry to be passionate or wrathful.

रुध् f. (-हृ) Anger, wrath, passion. E. रुध् to be angry, aff. रुध् ; also with टाप् added, रुधा f. (-धा) । [रुध् augment.

रुधित mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Enraged, angry. E. रुध् to be angry, aff. रुध् with रुध् mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Angry, enraged. E. रुध् to be angry, aff. रुध् ।

रुध्ति f. (-ति:) Wrath, rage, anger E. रुध् to be angry, रुध् aff.

रुध् (जि. चो) जिहोहृच्छि r. 1st cl. (रुधति) 1. To grow from seed, to grow, as tree, &c. 2. To be produced or become manifest. 3. To be born With अक्षि prefixed To go up or over, to ascend. With अक्षि, and आक्ष्, To ascend. With अव, To descend. With आक्ष्, 1. To mount, to ride on. 2. To rise, to ascend. With प्र, To grow, to shoot forth as a branch or shoot taking fresh root. The senses of this root with or without a preposition are variously modified according to the noun, with which it is joined ; but all of them express the notion of "motion upwards" either literal or metaphorical. Caus. (रुधयति-ते, रुपयति-ते) 1. To elevate. 2. To plant, to put in. 3. To entrust. With च, 1. To ascribe. 2. To enter. With वि, To heal, (as a wound.) [E. रुध् to grow, aff. रु ।

रुध् mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Growing, springing up. 2. Mounted, ascended.

रुध्क n. (-क्त) A hole, a vacancy, a cave, a chasm. E. रुध् to go or mount, (insects, &c.) रुध् aff. [and टाप् .

रुधा f. (-धा) Bent grass, (Panicum dictylon.) E. रुध् to grow, aff. रुध् ।

रुध् m. (-धः) A tree. E. रुध् to grow, Una'di aff. रुध् ।

रुध् r. 10th cl. (हृच्छति-हृ) To be harsh.

रुध् mfn. (-धः-धः-धः) 1. Harsh, rough, not smooth or soft. 2. Rough to the taste, astringent, austere, not bland or sapid. 3. Rugged, uneven. 4. Harsh, unkind, unfriendly. 5. Dry. m. (-धः) A tree in general. E. रुध् to be harsh or rough, aff. रुध् । [fut.

रुध्क n. (-क्त) 1. The act of making dry or thin. 2. Treatment for reducing रुध्ता f. (-ता) 1. Roughness. 2. Harshness. E. रुध् and रुध् aff.; also with ल, रुध्ल ।

रुध् mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Born, produced. 2. Famous, notorious 3. Certain, ascertained. 4. Budded, blown. 5. Much, exceeding. 6. Increased, grown. 7. Traditional, conventional or known, applied especially to words of foreign or unknown origin, but of which the employment and application are familiar. E. रुध् to be born, &c., रुध् aff.

रुध्ति f. (-ति:) 1. Birth, production. 2. Growing, growth 3. Fame, notoriety. 4. Traditional or customary meaning of words, as opposed to their etymological signification ; it is especially applied to words of foreign or uncertain origin, and incapable of etymological analysis. E. रुध् to grow, &c., aff. रुध् । [and रुध् noun.

रुध्ति m. (-धः) A word used in a peculiar but familiar sense. E. रुध्ति, रुध् r. 10th cl. (हृच्छति-हृ) 1. To form, to express form, to represent shape, either to the eye or the understanding 2. To represent in gesture, to act, to feign. With नि prefixed, 1. To discuss, to investigate. 2. To explain, to describe, to declare, to expound. 3. To represent. 4. To look out. 5. To Consider. 6. To appoint.

रुध् mfn. (-धः-धः-धः) Like, resembling, (in composition, as विहृद्धः पक्षः a son like his father.) n. (-धः) 1. Natural property or disposition, nature. 2. Beauty. 3. Form, figure. 4. Appearance, semblance. 5. Cattle in general, flocks and herds, &c. 6. A verse. 7. Declension, conjugation, the inflection of nouns or verbs. 8. A play, a dramatic poem. 9. Acquiring familiarity with any book or authority by frequent perusal, learning by heart or rote. 10. An image, a figure, a reflection or resemblance of any real object. 11. Colour, form, any object of vision. 12. (In arithmetic,) Discrete or distinct

quantity, an entire number. 13. Known quantity, whence the first syllable Ru' is used in algebra to express the same. **र. रूप** to express form, aff. क; or **रु** to sound, Una'di aff. प, and the radical vowel made long.

**रूपक** n. (-कः) 1. A drama, a dramatic poem. 2. Shape, form, figure. 3. A figure of rhetoric in general. 4. A particular class of rhetorical or poetical figures, including various modes of poetical description, or the illustration and exhibition of visible things and persons. 5. Identification of the objects of a comparison; their being not only like, but the very same. 6. Symptom of disease. m. (-कः) A coin. f. (-पिका) Swallow wort. **र. रूप** form, figure, aff. कन् ।

**रूपय** n. (-यः) 1. Metaphorical description. 2. Investigation, proof.

**रूपतत्त्व** n. (-त्त्वः) Natural or inherent disposition or property, nature, **र. रूप** form, and **तत्त्व** truth, essence.

**रूपयन्** mfn. (-यन्) Having the form, resembling, like. **र. रूप**, and **य** to have, क्तिप् aff., and **यक्** added.

**रूपनाशन** m. (-नः) An owl. **र. रूप** form, **नाशन** destroying. [यक् added.]

**रूपयन्** mfn. (-यन्) Having form or beauty. **र. रूप**, **य** to possess, aff. क्तिप्.

**रूपयन्** mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Describing, representing. **र. रूप** to form, **य** aff.

**रूपलावण्य** n. (-व्यः) Elegance, loveliness. **र. रूप**, and **लावण्य** beauty.

**रूपवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Having shape or colour, &c. 2. Well-shaped, beautiful, handsome. **र. रूप** form, &c., and **वत्** poss. aff.

**रूपविपर्यय** m. (-यः) Morbid change of bodily form.

**रूपसम्पद्** f. (-त् or -द्) Beauty. **र. रूप**, and **सम्पद्** fortune. [lives by.]

**रुपाजीवा** f. (-वा) A whore, a harlot. **र. रूप** beauty, **पाजीव** who

**रुपाधिबोध** m. (-धः) The perception, evidence, or influence of the senses, i. e. of colour, flavour, odour, contact and sound. **र. रूप** and **अधिबोध** perception.

**रुपास्त्र** m. (-स्त्रः) KA'MADH'VA. **र. रूप** beauty, and **स्त्र** a weapon.

**रुपान्** mfn. (-पी-पिनी-प) 1. Beautiful, having a handsome form or shape. 2. Having form or shape. **र. रूप**, and **रुपि** aff.

**रुप्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Handsome, beautiful. n. (-यः) 1. Silver. 2. Wrought silver 3. Wrought gold. **र. रूप** form, colour, &c., and **य** aff.

**रुप्याध्यक्ष** m. (-क्षः) The master of the mint, the superintendent of the silver, or silver coinage. **र. रूप्य** silver, **अध्यक्ष** superintendent.

**रुक्क** m. (-कः) The castor-oil tree, (Ricinus communis:) see **रुह**; also **रुक्क**, and **रुहक**, &c.

**रुक्** r. 1st cl. (रुक्ति) 1. To decorate, to adorn. 2. To smear, to cover with dust. r. 10th cl. (रुक्वति-ते) 1. To tremble. 2. To burst.

**रुक्क** m. (-कः) A plant, (Justicia ganderussa.) **र. रूप** to adorn, aff. क्त्वा ।

**रुक्वित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Pounded, reduced to dust or powder. 2. Covered, spread over, coated, inlaid. 3. Adorned, decorated. 4. Made rough or rugged. **र. रूप** to adorn, aff. क्त्वा ।

**रु** A vocative particle, but expressive of contempt or disrespect.

**रिक्** (रिक्) **रिक्** r. 1st cl. (रिक्ते) 1. To suspect or think probable. 2. To excite or entertain doubt: in the last case with **चाक्** usually prefixed.

**रिक्** mfn. (-कः-का) 1. Doubt, uncertainty. 2. Fear, apprehension. m. (-कः) 1. Looseness, purging. 2. An outcaste, a low man. 3. A frog. **र. रिक्** to suspect, to fear, aff. चक्; or **रिक्** to purge, aff. चक् ।

**रिक्चस्** n. (-चः) Gold. **र. रिक्** to divide, Una'di aff. चसुन्, तुट् augment, and **च** changed to क ।

**रेखा** f. (-खा) 1. A line, a continuous line. 2. Deceit, fraud. 3. A little. 4. Fulness, satisfaction. 5. A small portion, a jot. 6. Drawing, delineating. 7. The prime meridian drawn from Ceylon to Me'ru through Ujjayini. **र. रेखा**, the initial being changed to र ।

**रेखांश** m. (-शः) A degree of longitude.

**रेखावर्धित** n. (-तः) Geometry.

**रेखावर** n. (-रः) Distance east or west from the first meridian.

**रिक्क** mfn. (-कः-पिका-क) 1. Purgative, aperient. 2. Emptying the lungs,

emitting the breath. m. (-कः) 1. A cathartic, a purgative. 2. Nit salt-petre. 3. The purging-nut plant, (Croton tiglium.) 4. Exhation through one of the nostrils, (opposed to पूरक.) 5. A syringe (-कः) A purge. **र. रिक्** to evacuate by stool, causal form, इन् aff. **रिक्क** nfn. (-कः-का) 1. Purging, looseness. 2. Emitting breath. 3. Evacuation. f. (-का-नी) A drug, commonly S'un'da'ro'chani'. f. (-नी) 1 plant, Te'o'ri', (Convolvulus turpethum,) the white sort. 2. Another plant, commonly Danti', (Croton polyandrum.) **र. रिक्** to purg. aff. क्त्वा or युक् ।

**रिक्वित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Left void or empty, freed from, cleared. Purged. n. (-तः) A horse's gallop. **र. रिक्** to purge, क्त्वा aff. [admitt

**रिक्** (रिक्) **रिक्** r. 1st cl. (रिक्ते) To shine: this root is not universal. **रिक्** m. (रिक्) AGNI or fire. **र. रिक्** to shine, aff. क्तिप् ।

**रिट्** (रिट्) **रिट्** r. 1st cl. (रिट्ति-ते) 1. To speak. 2. To ask or beg.

**रिक्** mfn. (-यः-यः) 1. Dust. 2. The pollen of flowers. m. (-यः) A medicinal plant, commonly Khet-Pa'pra'. **र. रि** to hurt, Una'di aff. तु

**रिक्का** f. (-का) A sort of perfume and medicine, of a bitter and slight pungent taste and greyish colour; it is procured in grains about the size of those of pepper. 2. The wife of the saint JAMADAG and mother of PARAS'URA'MA; once she saw the Gand'harbakin CHITRARATHA sporting with his queen and felt envious of the felicity. Defiled by unworthy thoughts she returned disquieted her home. JAMADAGNI seeing her fallen from sanctity, was enraged and ordered his sons to cut off her head; and one of them PARAS'URA'MA with explicit obedience to his father's command beheaded her; but her husband was so much pleased with the dutifulness of his son that he restored her to life at the request of his son PARAS'URA'MA. 3. A sort of pulse, (Ervum or Cicer lens.) **र. रि** sand, dust, and **कन्** added. [सुत 501]

**रिक्कासुत** m. (-तः) PARAS'URA'MA. **र. रिक्का** the mother of the hero, and **रिक्कवित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Dusty, covered over with dust. m. (-तः) A ass. **र. रिक्** dust, and **वित** made rough.

**रिक्वास** m. (-सः) A bee. **र. रिक्** dust, (the pollen of flower,) and **वास** abode.

**रिक्सार** m. (-रः) Camphor. **र. रिक्** dust, and **सार** essence; also with **क** added **रिक्सारक** ।

**रितजा** f. (-जा) Sand.

**रितन** n. (-नः) Semen virile. [aff. चसुन्, तुट् aug

**रितस्** n. (-तः) 1. The seminal fluid. 2. Quicksilver. **र. री** to ooze, Una'd

**रिक्** n. (-त्वं) Calx of brass. **र. री** to go, यत् aff., and **तुट्** augment.

**रिक्** n. (-चः) 1. Semen virile. 2. Quicksilver. 3. Nectar or ambrosia. 4. Perfumed or aromatic powder, pulvilio. **र. री** to flow, इन् aff. तुट् aug

**रिक्** (रिक्) **रिक्** r. 1st cl. (रिक्ते) 1 To go, to move. 2. To sound.

**रिक्** mfn. (-यः-पा-यः) 1. Low, vile, inferior, contemptible. 2. Cruel, sár

age. **र. रि** to injure, यत् aff; or **रिक्**, चक् aff.

**रिक्स्** mfn. (-यः-पा-यः) 1. Low, vile, contemptible. 2. Cruel, savage. 3. Miserly, niggardly, a miser. 4. Wicked, abandoned. **र. रिक्** to speak

to revile, Una'di aff. चसुन्, and **य** substituted for the radical vowel **रिक्** mfn. (-यः-पा-यः) 1. Low, vile, contemptible, wicked. 2. Defamed reviled. m. (-यः) 1 The letter 'R'. 2. Passion, affection of the mind

3. A grating sound. **र. र** the letter R, with inherent short vowel and **य** aff.; or **रिक्** to defame, to reproach, aff. चक् or यक् ।

**रिक्स्** mfn. (-यः-पा-यः) 1. Low, vile, contemptible. 2. Wicked, abandoned. 3. Miserly, a niggard. 4. Cruel, savage. **र. रिक्** to reproach aff. चसुन्; also **रिक्**, **रिक्स्**, and **रिक्** ।

**रिक्** (रिक्) **रिक्** r. 1st cl. (रिक्ते) To go, to move: see **रिक्** ।

**रिक्** (रिक्) **रिक्** r. 1st cl. (रिक्ते) To sound.

**रिक्** n. (-चः) The lowing of kine. **र. रिक्** to sound, aff. क्त्वा । [A chief

**रिक्का** m. (-यः) 1. A name of S'iva. 2. An Asu'ra; an evil spirit. 3

**रिक्** (रिक्) **रिक्** r. 1st cl. (रिक्ते) 1. To go by leaps or jumps, to leap, क

jump. 2. To go, to move. 3. To flow as a river,



रुष्ट n. (-ट्) A conch shell with sinistral convolutions, or the spiral lines turning from the right to the left. m. (-ट्) 1. Oil of the Morunga tree. 2. A plantain, the fruit. 3. A hog. 4. Dust. 5. A whirlwind. 6. A conjuror, a juggler, a snake-dancer. E. रेष् to go, अट् aff.

रुत m. (-त्) A prince, the father of the wife of BALARA'MA. E. रेष्-चतच्.

रुती f. (-ती) 1. The wife of BALARA'MA, the half-brother of KRISHN'A. 2. The last of the Nakshatras or lunar asterisms, containing thirty-two stars, figured by a labor; one of the stars is the piscium. 3. One of the MATRIS or energies of the gods. 4. A cow. E. रेष् the name of a king, the father of BALARA'MA's wife, and डीप् aff.

रुतीभव m. (-वः) The planet SATURN. E. रेष्ती the nymph or asterism personified, and भव born. [husband.]

रुतीरम्य m. (-यः) BALARA'MA. E. रेष्ती the wife of BALARA'MA, and रम्य

रुतीर्य m. (-यः) BALARA'MA. E. रेष्ती the wife of this demi-god, ईर्य lord.

रुत m. (-त्) The fifth MANU of the present Kalpa; also called RAIVATA. E. रेष्, कृच् aff. [and सू mother.]

रुतमनु f. (-न्) SANJNYA', wife of the sun. E. रेष्, मनु the MANU,

रुवा f. (-वा) 1. The Narbadda, or Narmada' river, which rises in the mountain A'mrakuta, or Amarkantak, in the province of Gondwa'na and runs nearly due west about 750 miles, when it falls into the sea below Baroach. 2. RATI', the wife of KA'MA. 3. The indigo-plant. E. रेष् to flow, aff. चच्.

रु (रु) रु r. 1st cl. (रुषते) 1. To utter an inarticulate sound. 2. To neigh. 3. To howl. 4. To roar.

रु mfn. (रु) Who or what neighs, howls, &c. E. रेष् to neigh, रुच aff.

रुष n. (-षः) Howling, roaring. E. रेष् to sound inarticulately, aff. लुट्; also with चङ् and टाप् aff., रेषा।

रुषित mfn. (-तः) Sounded, made as a noise. n. (-तः) Neighing, roaring. E. रेष् to sound, aff. क।

रुष्ट m. (-ट्) An injurer. E. रेष् to hurt, रुच् aff.

रु 1st cl. (राद्यति) To sound. [E. रा to give, aff. डे.]

रु m. (-रुः) 1. Wealth property, substance. 2. Gold. 3. Sound, noise.

रुय mfn. (रु-यौ रु) Brazen, made of brass. E. रौति, and रुच् aff.

रुवत m. (-तः) 1. A mountain, the eastern part of the Vind'hya range, or that part in which the Ru'va' rises. 2. A tree, (Cassia fistula.) 3. A name of S'IVA. 4. A Daitya or demon. 5. The fifth MANU of the present Kalpa. E. रुवा the Ru'va' river, aff. चच् and त added.

रुवतक m. (-कः) The mountain Raivata. E. कन् added to the preceding; also with टच् added to रुवत, रुवलिक।

रुक् 1. (-क्) 1. A hole, a chasm, a vacancy. 2. A boat. 3. Moving, shaking. m. (-कः) 1. Buying with ready money. 2. Light. E. रुच् to shine, aff. घञ्; or रु-कन् तस्य-नेत्वम्।

रुग m. (-गः) 1. Sickness, disease in general, or a disease. 2. A sort of Costus, (C. speciosus.) E. रुज् to be or make sick, aff. घञ्।

रुगस mfn. (-सः) Sick, diseased. E. रुग, and स seized.

रुगस mfn. (-सः) Curative, medical. E. रुग, and स what destroys.

रुग् f. (-ग्) The body. E. रुग disease and भू the soil.

रुगराज m. (-जः) Consumption. E. रुग disease, and राज principal.

रुगलक्षण n. (-णः) The symptoms or sign of a disease or of its progress. E. रुग a disease, and लक्षण mark.

रुगशालक m. (-कः) A physician. E. रुग disease, and शालक alleviator.

रुगशानि f. (-निः) Cure or alleviation of disease. E. रुग, and शानि appeasing; also रुगशानः and the like. [an artisan.]

रुगशिका f. (-का) Red arsenic. "मनहाल"।

रुगशिवन् m. (-न्) A tree, (Cassia fistula.) E. रुग disease, and शिवन्

रुग n. (-गः) A drug, a medicament. E. रुग, हा to abandon, aff. क।

रुगन् m. (-गः) A physician. E. रुग, and हन् to destroy, क्तिप् aff.

रुगन् mfn. (रु-गन्) Curative, medicinal. E. रुग, and हन् what takes.

रुगशानि mfn. (-निः) Curative, medicinal. m. (-रुः) A physician. E. रुग disease, ह to remove, to take away, चानि aff.

रुगानक mfn. (-कः) Curative, medicinal. m. (-कः) A physician. E. रुग, and कन् destroyer.

रुगान्ति mfn. (-तः) Sick, diseased. E. रुग, चान्ति having.

रुगान्ति mfn. (-तः) Suffering pain or sickness. E. रुग, चान्ति pained.

रुगिता f. (-ता) Sickness, disease. E. रुगित्, तल् aff.; also with ल्, रुगित्।

रुगित् mfn. (-गित्) Diseased, ill, sick, affected with sickness or disease. E. रुग disease, and इति aff.; or रुग-चिनुच्। [friend.]

रुगित्पद n. (-पदः) A drug, a medicament. E. रुग a sick man, पद the

रुगोपशम m. (-मः) Cure or alleviation of disease. E. रुग, उपशम allaying.

रुय mfn. (-यः) 1. Counter indicated, regimen, &c., what is improper to be taken in any disease or with the medicines administered. 2. Related to or connected with disease. E. रुग sickness, and यत् aff.

रुचक mfn. (कः) What pleases, brightens, strengthens, &c. m. (-कः) 1. Hunger, appetite. 2. The plantain. 3. A sort of onion. 4. A stomachic, a carminative, any medicine, fruit or fossil, supposed to strengthen the tone of the stomach and restore lost appetite. 5. A relish. 6. A worker in glass or artificial ornaments. E. रुच् to shine, &c., and रुच् aff.

रुचन mfn. (-नः) 1. Splendid, beautiful. 2. Irradiating, illumining, beautifying. 3. Gratifying, pleasing. 4. Whetting, sharpening, (the appetite.) m. (-नः) 1. A species of the silk-cotton tree. 2. The onion. 3. A tree, (Andersonia Rohitaka.) 4. The Cassia fistula. 5. The pomegranate. 6. The citron. 7. A stomachic, a carminative. f. (-नी) 1. A yellow pigment, commonly Goroehana' and supposed to be the concrete bile of the cow; or according to some authorities, to be found in the head of the animal, used as a medicine, a dye and perfume. 2. The manna of bamboos. 3. An excellent woman. 4. A red lotus. f. (ना-न) 1. A plant, commonly Gu'nda'ro'chani', a sort of Crinum. f. (-नी) 1. A variety of Te'o'ri', (Convolvulus turpethum.) 2. Red arsenic. fn. (-ना-न) The bright sky, the firmament. E. रुच् to shine, लुट् or युच् aff.

रुचनिका f. (-का) 1. A plant, commonly Gu'nda'ro'chani'. 2. The manna of a bamboo. E. कन् added to रुचनी the same.

रुचनान mfn. (नः) 1. Splendid, shining. 2. Pleasing, gratifying. m. (नः) A tuft or curl of hair round the neck of a horse or on the lower part of it. E. रुच् to shine, aff. शानच्।

रुचिण mfn. (-णः) 1. Elegantly dressed or ornamented. 2. Splendid, brilliant. 3. Giving an appetite. E. रुच् to shine, रुचण aff.

रुचिस् n. (-चिः) Light, splendour, flame. E. रुच् to shine, रुचिस् aff.

रुचो f. (-चो) A potherb, (Hingstha repens.) "दिग्गन्धक."

रुच्य mfn. (-यः) To be illuminated, &c. E. रुच् to shine, aff. ल्य।

रुड् (रु) रुड् r. 1st cl. (राडति) 1. To be mad. 2. To disrespect.

रुदन n. (-नः) 1. Weeping, crying. 2. A tear, tears. f. (-नी) A plant, (Hedysarum alhagi.) E. रुद to weep, aff. लुट्।

रुदस् n. (-दः) 1. Heaven. 2. Earth. Dual. (-सो) Heaven and earth. E. रुद to weep, aff. अमन्।

रुदसो f. (-सो) 1. Heaven, paradise. 2. Earth. f. Dual. (-सो) Heaven and earth. E. डीप् added to the preceding. [fruct, aff. घञ्।

रुध m. (-धः) 1. A bank, a shore. 2. Confining, siege, &c. E. रुध् to obstruct, aff. घञ्।

रुधन mfn. (-नः) Impeding, that which impedes or obstructs, an obstacle, a hinderer or hindrance. m. (-नः) The planet MERCURY. n. (-नः) 1. Impeding, obstructing. 2. Besieging, blockading. E. रुध् to obstruct, aff. लुट्। [fem. form.]

रुधवका f. (-का) A river. E. रुध a bank, and वक् the course of a stream,

रुधवप्र m. (-प्रः) A rapid river.

रुधम् n. (-धः) A bank, a shore, a dam. E. रुध् to obstruct, and अमन् aff.

रुधवका f. (-का) A river. E. रुध a bank, and वक् winding course.

रुध्र m. (-धः) A tree, commonly Lo'd'h. n. (-धः) 1. Offence, transgression. 2. Sin. E. रुध् to obstruct, and रुच् aff.

- रीहपुष्प m. (-पु) A tree, (*Bassia latifolia*). "नक्षत्रस्य ।"
- रीह m. (-प) 1. An arrow. 2. Confusing, disturbing, (the ideas.) 3. The act of raising or planting. n. (-ह) A hole, a vacancy, a chasm. E. रूप् to disturb, aff. घञ् ।
- रीहक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what plants, 'raises, &c. m. (-कः) A weight of metal or a coin, the seventieth part of a Suvarṇa. n. (-क) A healing application. E. रुह् to rise, causal v., लुट् aff.
- रीहण n. (-ण) 1. Placing in or upon. 2. Planting. 3. Raising. 4. A disturbing or bewildering of the mind, a confusing or confusion of ideas. 5. Cicatrizing, healing. 6. A healing application to sores or wounds. 7. A kind of collyrium. m. (-णः) Quicksilver. E. रुह् to ascend, causal v., or रुप् to bewilder, aff. लुट् ।
- रीहित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Placed in or upon. 2. Planted. 3. Raised, elevated. 4. Bewildered, perplexed. E. रुह् to rise, causal v., or रुप् to bewilder, क् aff.
- रीह n. (-ह) Water. m. (-हः) A hole.
- रीहक m. (-कः) 1. The city of Rome. 2. A Roman. n. (-क) Loadstone.
- रीहकण्ठक m. (-कः) A hare. E. रीह hair, and कण्ठ the ear, कन् added.
- रीहकमिनाम m. (-मः) One of the five chief systems of Astronomy, the one of which was probably received from the Romans.
- रीहकूप m. (-पु) A pore of the skin. E. रीह hair, and कूप a well, a pit.
- रीहकेशर n. (-रः) A Chowri. E. रीह hair of an animal, (especially of the Yak,) and केशर a filament.
- रीहगच्छ n. (-च्छ) A Chowri, a sort of whisk. E. रीह hair, (see the last word,) गच्छ a cluster; also with कन् added, रीहगच्छक । [irr.]
- रीहन् n. (-न्) The hair of the body. E. रु to make, Unádi aff. सनिन्, form
- रीहय n. (-य) 1. Ruminating, chewing the cud, or also eating, without chewing what has been once swallowed and again brought into the mouth. 2. Frequent repetition. E. रीह disease, and मय् to destroy or remove, aff. चच्, deriv. irr.; this habit in animals being indispensable to digestion and health.
- रीहपुष्पक m. (-कः) Bristling of the hair. [E. रीह, बद्ध bound.]
- रीहबद्ध mfn. (-डः-डा-ड) Made of or fastened with the hair of animals.
- रीहभूमि f. (-भिः) The skin. E. रीह the hair, and भूमि soil, site.
- रीहभ्रू n. (-भ्रू) A pore of the skin. [लता a creeper.]
- रीहलता f. (-ता) A line of hair extending to the navel. E. रीह hair,
- रीहवन् mfn. (-वन्-वती-वत्) Hairy, woolly. E. रीह hair of the body, सन्प् aff.
- रीहविकार m. (-रः) Horripilation. E. रीह the hair, विकार change of state.
- रीहविक्रिया f. (-या) Horripilation. E. रीह the hair, and विक्रिया change.
- रीहविषय m. (-यः) A body louse. E. रीह, and विषय loss.
- रीहग mfn. (-गः-गा-गं) Hairy, woolly. m. (-गः) 1. A ram, a sheep. 2. A hog, a boar. E. रीहन् hair, and ग aff. [pleasure.]
- रीहहृष m. (-हृ) Horripilation. E. रीह the hair of the body, and हृष
- रीहहृषण n. (-ण) Horripilation, erection or rigidity of the hair of the body, conceived to be occasioned by and to express exquisite delight. m. (-णः) 1. Su'ta, the pupil of Vyāsa, and supposed narrator of the events recorded in the Pura'nas. 2. Beleric myrobalan. E. रीह the hair, and हृषण delighting.
- रीहाच m. (-चः) Horripilation, rigidity and erection of the hair of the body. E. रीह the hair, चच् to worship, aff. घञ् ।
- रीहाचिज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Having the hair of the body erect, considered as a proof of exquisite pleasure; enraptured, delighted. E. रीहाच horripilation, इतच् aff. [चाखी a line]
- रीहाखी f. (-खी) A line of hair, extending across the navel. E. रीहन् hair,
- रीहावलि f. (-लिः-ली) A line of hair across the middle of the belly or navel. E. रीह and चाखी a line. [m. (-हः) ]
- रीहीद m. (-मः) Horripilation. E. रीह hair, उद्गम rising; also रीहीद
- रीहीद m. (-दः) Horripilation. E. रीह hair of the body, and उद्गम breaking forth, protrusion. [टाप् aff.]
- रीहीद f. (-दा) Violent weeping. E. रुह् to weep, frequent. v., चच् and

- रीहदायन् mfn. (-यन्-यती-यत्) Weeping or wailing violently. E. रीहन् and सन्प् aff. [चाखी aff.]
- रीहयमान mfn. (-यन्-या-यं) Crying bitterly. E. रुह् to weep, frequent. v.
- रीह m. (-हः) 1. A fruit, (*Flacourtia cataphracta*.) 2. Moist ginger.
- रीहल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Distrustful, unbelieving. m. (-लः) 1. A bee.
2. Dry or arid soil. E. रीह् to be mad, चल्च् aff., उ changed to ल
- रीहसा f. (-सा) Wish, desire; (this word is used in Prākṛita.)
- रीह m. (-हः) Anger, wrath. E. रुह् to be angry, aff. घञ् ।
- रीहप mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) Angry, passionate. n. (-पः) Quicksilver. 2. A touchstone. 3. Arid or desert soil. E. रुह् to be angry, aff. घञ् ।
- रीहवाचय mfn. (-यः-वा-यं) Angry, feeling and displaying wrath. E. रीह, and वाच् to bear, causal v., घञ् aff. [वच् aff.]
- रीहृ mfn. (-हृ-ह्री-हृ) Violent, wrathful, angry. E. रुह् to be angry,
- रीह m. (-हः) 1. A bud, a blossom. 2. Mounting, ascending. 3. The rising of a number from a smaller to a higher denomination. 4. Growth. E. रुह् to grow, aff. चच् or घञ् ।
- रीहक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) A rider, riding, mounted, one who rides on any animal or is carried in any vehicle. m. (-कः) 1. A sort of goblin. 2. Rising, growing, mounting. E. रुह् to rise, aff. लुट् ।
- रीहम m. (-मः) The name of a mountain, known by Adam's peak in Ceylon. E. रीह rising, and म what goes.
- रीहण n. (-ण) 1. Semen virile. 2. Rising in or on, mounting, ascending. 3. Growing, as a plant. 4. Healing of a wound. 5. A particular mountain: see the last. E. रुह् to grow, &c., aff. लुट् ।
- रीहण्डम m. (-मः) The sandal-tree.
- रीहन् m. (-न्) 1. A kind of tree. 2. Any tree. f. (-न्ती) A sort of creeper. E. रुह् to grow, Unádi aff. भच्, fem. aff. डोण् ।
- रीह m. (-हः) 1. A tree. 2. A seed. 3. A pious or religious man, one observing a vow, &c. 4. A kind of deer. "वनरीह इति भाषा ।" E. रुह् to grow, Unádi aff. डन् ।
- रीहण m. (-णः) 1. The Indian-fig tree. 2. A fragrant grass, n. (-णः) A part of the fore-noon, extending to mid day, in which Shrāddhas are especially to be observed. E. रुह् to grow, Unádi aff. डन् ।
- रीहिका f. (-का) A woman red with anger, &c., or with red pigments. E. रीहिणी fem. form of रीहित red, कन् added. [husband.]
- रीहिणीपति m. (-तिः) The moon. E. रीहिणी the nymph, (see रीहिन्,) पति
- रीहिणीवत्सल m. (-लः) The moon. E. रीहिणी the nymph, वत्सल the lover.
- रीहिणीश m. (-शः) The moon. E. रीहिणी the nymph, ईश lord or husband.
- रीहिन् m. (-हिन्) The sun. f. (-हिन्) 1. A deer, a doe. 2. A sort of creeper. E. रुह् to go or grow, Unádi aff. इतच् ।
- रीहित mfn. (-रीहितः रीहिता or रीहिणी रीहित) Red, of a red colour. m. (-तः) 1. Red, (the colour.) 2. The Rō'hi-fish, (*Cyprinus Rohita*, Ham.) 3. A kind of deer. 4. A tree, (*Andersonia Rohitaka*, Rox.) n. (-तः) 1. INDRA's bow unbent and invisible to mortals. 2. Safflower, (*Carthamus tinctorius*.) 3. Blood. E. रुह् to grow or go, Unádi aff. इतच् । [the preceding.]
- रीहितक m. (-कः) A tree, (*Andersonia Rohitaka*, Rox.) E. कन् added to रीहितम् m. (-हः) 1. A name of Agni. 2. The son of HARIS' CHANDRA. E. रीहित a deer, or red, and कच् a horse; also from रीहित sometimes road रीहितम् ।
- रीहितिका f. (-का) A woman whose face is stained with red pigments, or who is red with rage, &c. E. रीहित red, fem. form, कन् added.
- रीहितेय m. (-यः) A tree, (*Andersonia Rohitaka*.) "रीहितक इत्ये." E. रीहित the same, टच् pleonastic aff.
- रीहिन् m. (-हिन्) 1. The Indian-fig tree. 2. The holy-fig tree. 3. The *Andersonia Rohitaka*. f. (-हिनिः-हिणी) 1. The fourth lunar asterism, figured by a wheeled carriage, and containing five stars, probably: in mythology, the asterism is personified as one of the daughters of Daksha, and wives of the moon. 2. The mother of BALARA'MA. f. (-णी) 1. One of the VIDYA'DE'vis of the Jain'as. 2. A cow. 3. Indian.

लक्षकर्म m. (कर्म) A tree used in dyeing, a red variety of the Lo'd h-  
tree. ड. लक्ष for लक्ष coloured and कर्मन् office, act.  
लक्षिका f. (-का) A lizard.  
लक्ष्. r. 1st cl. (लक्षते) To perceive, to see. r. 10th cl. (लक्षयति-ते) 1. To  
see, to look at, to notice or inspect. 2. To mark, to mark  
any mark on. 3. To define, to discriminate. With लक्ष prefixed.  
To remark. With लक्ष्, To know, to understand. With वि, 1. To ob-  
serve. 2. To become confused. 3. To distinguish.  
लक्ष nf. (-लक्ष) A Lac, one hundred thousand. n. (-लक्ष) 1. Fraud, dis-  
guise. 2. A mark or butt. ड. लक्ष् to mark, or see, aff. लक्ष् or लक्ष् ।  
लक्षक f. (-का) Expressing secondarily, indicating indirectly. u. (-क) 1.  
One hundred thousand. ड. लक्ष, लक्ष् aff.  
लक्षण n. (-लक्ष) 1. A mark, a spot. 2. A name, an appellation. 3. Sight,  
seeing. 4. An indication, a predicate, any thing by which an  
object is designated or distinguished. 5. A symptom or any indi-  
cation of actual disease. m. (-लक्ष) 1. The younger brother of RA'MA.  
2. The Indian crane. f. (-लक्ष) 1. The female of the Indian crane. 2.  
A goose. 3. An ellipsis, a word, &c. understood, though not insert-  
ed. 4. The force or application of a word or phrase. ड. लक्ष् to see,  
to mark, aff. लक्ष्; or लक्ष् as before, Una'di aff. न and लक्ष् augment ;  
also with लक्ष् सट् augment, लक्षण, which in the masc. and fem. forms  
is the more usual reading [Seen. 6. Examined.  
लक्षण f. (-लक्ष) 1. Defined. 2. Marked. 3. Aimed at. 4. Indicated. 5.  
लक्षित mfn. (लक्षित-त) 1. Seen. 2. Marked. ड. लक्ष् to mark, aff. लक्ष् ।  
लक्षण mfn. (-लक्ष-लक्ष) Prosperous fortunate. m. (-लक्ष) 1. The son of  
DAS'ARATHA by SUMITRA', the half-brother and faithful compani-  
on of RA'MACHANDRA. 2. The Sa'ras or Indian crane. n. (-लक्ष) 1. A  
mark, a spot or sign. 2. A name, an appellation. f. (-लक्ष) 1. The  
female of the Sa'ras. 2. A kind of drug. ड. लक्ष् to mark or see,  
Una'di aff. लक्ष, and सट् augment, also with लक्ष् augment, लक्षण ।  
लक्षणप्र f. (-लक्ष) SUMITRA', one of DAS'ARATHA's four wives, the mother  
of LAKSHMAN'A. ड. लक्षण, प्र the mother.  
लक्षन् n. (-लक्ष) 1. A mark, a spot, &c. 2. Chief, principal. 3. Definition.  
m. (कः) 1. The Sa'rasa bird. 2. LAKSHMANA, the son of DAS'A-  
RATHA. ड. लक्ष् to mark, &c., लक्षन् aff.  
लक्ष्मी f. (-लक्ष्मी) 1. LAKSHMI, one of the three principal female deities of  
the Hindus, the wife of VISHN'U, and goddess of wealth and pros-  
perity. 2. Fortune, success, prosperity. 3. Si'TA', the wife of RA'MA.  
4. Beauty, splendour. 5. The name of a medicinal root, common-  
ly Briddhi. 6. Another root, termed Riddhi. 7. A plant : see  
प्रियङ्गु. 8. The wife of a hero. 9. Turmeric. 10. A pearl. 11. Royal  
power. ड. लक्ष् to see, &c., Una'di aff. लक्ष्, and सट् augment.  
लक्ष्मीरुद्र n. (-लक्ष्मी) The red lotus. ड. लक्ष्मी the goddess, and रुद्र abode,  
appearing at the creation, floating over the water on the expand-  
ed petals of the lotus.  
लक्ष्मीपति m. (-पति) 1. VISHN'U. 2. A king, a sovereign prince. 3. The  
clove-tree, (लक्ष्मीरुद्र). 4. The betel-nut tree, (Arca faufel.) ड. लक्ष्मी  
the goddess of prosperity and पति master, husband.  
लक्ष्मीपुत्र m. (-पुत्र) 1. KAMADEVA, the god of love. 2. A horse. 3. Either  
of the sons of RA'MA and Si'TA'. ड. लक्ष्मी the goddess, or Si'TA',  
(she being LAKSHMI incarnate), and पुत्र a son.  
लक्ष्मीपुत्र m. (-पुत्र) Ruby. ड. लक्ष्मी the goddess of fortune, and पुत्र a flower.  
लक्ष्मीफल m. (लक्ष्मी) A fruit tree, (Egle marinos). "विश्वरुद्र" ।  
लक्ष्मीफल m. (-फल) The bread-fruit tree, (Artocarpus integrifolia.) ड.  
लक्ष्मी prosperity, सट् aff., and the म unchanged.  
लक्ष्मीश्वर mfn. (-वान्-वती-वर्ण) 1. Prosperous, fortunate, wealthy, thriving.  
2. Beautiful. m. (-वान्) Jack-fruit tree. ड. लक्ष्मी prosperity, लक्ष्  
poss. aff.  
लक्ष्मीश m. (-श्वर) 1. VISHN'U. 2. The mango-tree. 3. A prosperous man. ड.  
लक्ष्मी the goddess of fortune, and श्वर lord.

**लक्ष्मीशब्द** m. (-शः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. 3. Uchehaishraba', the horse of Indra. E. लक्ष्मी the goddess, लक्ष्मी with, लक्ष्मी born; rising as well as LAKSHMI' from the ocean, at the time it was churned by the Gods and Asuras.

**लक्ष्य** mfn. (-ल्यः-ल्य-ल्य) 1. To be seen or noted. 2. To be defined or described. 3. To have attributes or predicates attached. n. (-ल्य) 1. A mark, a butt. 2. A mark, a sign. 3. Fraud, disguise. 4. A Lac, a hundred thousand. 5. A secondary meaning. 6. The thing defined. E. लक्ष् to see, लक्ष् aff.

**लक्ष्यक्रम** Adj. Having the order perceptible.

**लक्ष्यभेद** m. (-दः) The cleaving of a mark.

**लक्ष्यसुप्त** Adj. Pretending to be asleep.

**लग्** r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) (ङ) लङ्गि (लङ्गति) To go, to move, to approach.

**लग्** (ए) लगे r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) To be with or near, to touch, to be in contact or union with. With वि and च, To adhere to. (ङ) लङ्गि r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) 1. To go or move. 2. To go limpingly, to be lame. r. 10th cl. (लङ्गयति ते) 1. To taste. 2. To obtain.

**लगङ्ग** mfn. (-ङः-ङा-ङ) Beautiful, handsome.

**लग्नित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Obtained, gained. 2. Connected with, attached to. E. लग् to be in contact with, aff. क्त, and इट् augment.

**लग्नड** m. (-डः) 1. A staff, a stick. 2. An iron club, or one bound with iron. E. लग् to go, aff. डलच्, ल changed to ड; also लग्नर and लग्नल.

**लग्नर** m. (-रः) A club, a stick. E. See the last; ड changed to ल.

**लग्नरहस** m. (-सः) A man armed with a stick, a mace or staff-bearer. E. लग्नर, and हस the hand.

**लग्न** mfn. (-ग्रः-घ्रा-घ्र) 1. Attached to, intent on. 2. Ashamed. 3. Joined to, connected with. n. (-ग्र) 1. The rising of a sign, its appearance above the horizon; the oblique ascension, or the divisions of the equator, which rise in succession with each sign in an oblique sphere; also defined as the arc of the equator, which passes the meridian in the same time with each sign of the ecliptic; in popular acceptance it is the moment of the sun's entrance into a zodiacal sign. 2. An auspicious moment, the time for action. m. (-ग्रः) 1. A bard, a panegyrist. 2. An elephant in rut. E. लग् to be with or near, or लग्नच् to be ashamed, aff. क्त, deriv. irr.

**लग्नक** m. (-कः) A security, a surety. E. लग्न engaged or associated, (in the business,) aff. कन् । [any undertaking.]

**लग्नकाल** m. (-कः) The time fixed upon by astrologers as favourable for

**लग्नभुज** m. (-भुजः) Ascensional difference. E. लग्न and भुज arm.

**लग्निका** f. (-का) A girl ten years old, one before menstruation. E. लग्नच् to be ashamed, aff. कन्, fem. form; also लग्निका ।

**लग्न** r. 10th cl. (लग्नयति ते) 1. To taste. 2. To obtain. (ङ) लङ्गि r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To go beyond the limit. 3. To fast, to abstain from food. (लङ्गति) 1. To dry, to dry up. 2. To diminish, to lessen. 3. To sorrow. r. 10th cl. (लङ्गयति ते) To speak. With उत् or वि prefixed, To go beyond or over, to cross, to pass, to leap or spring over; also morally, to exceed, to transgress.

**लघट्** m. (-ट्) Air, wind. E. लघि to go, षटि Unádi aff., nasal rejected.

**लघटि** m. (-टिः) Air, wind. E. लघि to go, Unádi aff. षटिच् ।

**लघिमन्** m. (-मन्) 1. Lightness, absence of weight. 2. The power of assuming excessive lightness at will, considered as one of the eight supernatural faculties. 3. Diminutiveness. 4. Insignificance. E. लघु light, aff. इमनिच् ।

**लघिष्ठ** mfn. (-ष्ठः-ष्ठा-ष्ठ) 1. Lightest, very light. 2. Very small, least. E. लघु light, इष्ठन् aff. of the irr. superlative.

**लघीयस्** mfn. (-यान्-यसी-यः) Lightest, most or very light. E. लघु light, and ईयस् aff. of the irr. superlative.

**लघु** mfn. (-घुः-घुः-घुः-घुः) 1. Light, not heavy. 2. Swift, quick. 3. Sapless, pithless. 4. Beautiful, pleasing. 5. Small, little. 6. Light, vain, frivolous. 7. Insignificant, mean, low. 8. Weak, feeble. 9. Clean,

pure. 10. Short, (as a vowel.) 11. Easy. 12. Soft. 13. Young. 14. Pure. 15. Brief. n. Adv. (-घु) Quickly, swiftly. Subst. (-घु) 1. A black kind of Aloe-wood or Agallochum. 2. The root of the Andropogon muricatum. f. (-घुः) A plant, (Trigonella corniculata.) f. (-घुः) 1. A slight or delicate woman. 2. A small light carriage. E. लघि to go, Unádi aff. क्त, and the nasal not inserted.

**लघुकाय** m. (-यः) A goat. E. लघु small, and काय a body.

**लघुखटिका** f. (-का) A small bedstead. E. लघु small, खटिका a bedstead.

**लघुगर्ग** m. (-गर्गः) A kind of fish, probably a variety of the Pimelodius. E. लघु small, and गर्ग for गगर्ग a fish.

**लघुचेतस्** mfn. (-ता-ता-तः) Low-minded, frivolous. E. लघु and चेतस् mind.

**लघुजङ्गल** m. (-जङ्गलः) A sort of quail. E. लघु light, जङ्गल flesh.

**लघुता** f. (ता) 1. Lightness. 2. Meanness, insignificance. E. तल् added to लघु; also with ल, लघुत् । [a drum.]

**लघुदम्भि** m. (-भिः) A small kettle-drum. E. लघु light, small, and दम्भि

**लघुपत्रक** m. (-कः) A plant, commonly Gun'da'ro'chani, (Crinum.) E. लघु light, small, and पत्रक a leaf. "कसलागुडि ।"

**लघुप्रयत्न** mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Indolent, impotent. E. लघु and प्रयत्न effort.

**लघुमांस** m. (-सः) The Francoline partridge. E. लघु light, (of digestion,) and मांस flesh. "तितिरपाखी ।" [मित्र a friend.]

**लघुमित्र** n. (-मित्रः) A friend or ally of little power or value. E. लघु and मित्र

**लघुमूल** n. (-मूलः) In algebra, the least root with reference to the additive quantities. E. लघु, मूल root.

**लघुलघु** n. (-घुः) The root of a fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.) E. लघु light, लघु contexture, (in Tatties, &c.); or लघु and लघु, both meaning the same root. "वेणार मूल ।"

**लघुवासस्** mfn. (-सः-सा-सः) 1. Thinly or lightly dressed. 2. Wearing clean or pure clothing. E. लघु-वासस् vesture.

**लघुविक्रम** Adj. Having a quick steep.

**लघुवृत्ति** mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) 1. Low, vile. 2. Ill-done, mismanaged. 3. Frivolous. E. लघु, वृत्ति practice.

**लघुवृत्तिता** f. (-ता) 1. Insignificance, meanness. 2. Mismanagement, bad conduct. E. तल् added to the last. [E. लघु, हन hand.]

**लघुहस्त** mfn. (-स्तः-सा-स्तः) Ready or light-handed. m. (-स्तः) A good archer.

**लघुकरण** n. (-णः) 1. Reducing in weight or consequence. 2. Thinking little of, contemning. E. लघु, and करण making, चि augment.

**लघुकृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Made light, reduced in weight; 2. Reduced in consequence, made insignificant. 3. Thought lightly of. E. लघु, कृत made, चि augment. [who eats.]

**लघुशान्ति** mfn. (-शान्तिः-शान्तिः) Eating little, moderate. E. लघु, and शान्ति

**लघुहार** mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Temperate, abstemious. E. लघु and हार food.

**लघुवी** f. (-वी) 1. A delicate woman. 2. A light carriage.

**लङ्का** f. (-ङ्का) 1. The capital of RA'VAN'A in Ceylon; the name is extended also to the island, which according to the notions of the Hindus, is much more considerable in size, and lies further from the continent than in reality; it is described as being equal to one-twelfth of the equatorial circumference of the earth, and is one of the places lying under the first meridian, whence the longitude is computed; it is thus placed in the Eastern ocean, South of Ceylon, and according to WILFORD is the peninsula of Malacca; according to some Hindu accounts also, it is distinct from Ceylon, from which island Lanká is said to be just visible. 2. A goddess or evil spirit, one of the S'ákinis, perhaps the same as the tutelary deity of the city of Lanká. 3. An unchaste woman. 4. A branch. 5. A kind of grain. E. लङ्क to obtain, (happiness, in which,) aff. चच्, and लङ्क irr. augment.

**लङ्कादाहिन्** m. (-ही) The monkey HANUMA'NA. E. लङ्का the city, and दाहिन् burner; having set fire to the city with his burning tail.

**लङ्कापति** m. (-तिः) RA'VAN'A, the Daitya-sovereign of Ceylon. E. लङ्का the city, and पति master, ruler; also लङ्कापति &c.,

- लङ्गिका f. (-का) A plant, (*Trigonella corniculata*.) E. लङ्ग to taste, root of the 10th cl., aff. लङ्ग, fem. form, दुन् augment; also लङ्ग being changed to य, लङ्गिका, and by a different derivation लङ्गिका ।
- लङ्गिकायिन् mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) Residing or being in Lankā. m. (-यी) A plant, (*Euphorbia Tirucalli*.) “लङ्गानिज”. E. लङ्गा Lankā or Ceylon, and लङ्गायिन् what abides or grows. [sovereign.]
- लङ्गम m. (-ङ्गः) The Daitya king RA’VAN’A. E. लङ्गा the city Lankā, ईश लङ्गिका f. (-का) A gramineous plant, (*Trigonella corniculata*.) E. लङ्गा Lankā or Ceylon. लङ्ग to sow or be sown, aff. लङ्ग, fem. form, and the semi-vowel changed to its congener. “पिङ्गि श्राव” ।
- लङ्गी f. (-गी) The bit of a bridle.
- लङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. Union, association, proximate connection. 2. A lecher, a catamite. 3. Limping, lameness. E. लङ्गि to be near or with, &c., aff. लङ्ग; also with लङ्ग added लङ्गक ।
- लङ्गल n. (-लं) A plough. [commonly लङ्गल ।
- लङ्गल n. (-लं) The tail of an animal. E. लङ्गि to go, लङ्गल aff., more लङ्गल n. (-लं) 1. Fasting, abstinence. 2. Going, proceeding. 3. Leaping, springing, going by leaps or jumps. 4. Jumping over or beyond. 5. Exceeding, transgressing, disregarding propriety, going beyond proper bounds. 6. Storming a fort, entering by escalade, &c. 7. Capturing a fort in any way. 8. One of a horse’s paces, curvetting, bounding. 9. Injury. E. लङ्गि to go, to fast, &c. aff. लङ्ग ।
- लङ्गनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be passed. 2. Transgressible. 3. To be fasted. E. लङ्गि to go, लङ्गनीय aff.; also लङ्गा and लङ्गित्य ।
- लङ्गित f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Leaped over. 2. Traversed. 3. Violated. 4. Insulted.
- लङ्ग r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) To mark; also लङ्ग ।
- लङ्ग r. 1st cl. (लङ्गते) also (ङ) लङ्गि (लङ्गति) 1. To fry. 2. To affront, to insult. 3. To blame. (बी, ई) लङ्गिजी r. 6th cl. (लङ्गति-ते) To be ashamed, to be modest or bashful. r. 10th cl. (लङ्गयति-ते) To shine. (लङ्गयति-ते) To hide, to cover, to screen or clothe; also (लङ्गति) or (ङ) लङ्गि (लङ्गयति) 1. To be manifest or apparent. 2. To shine. (ङ) लङ्गि (लङ्गयति) 1. To give. 2. To dwell. 3. To injure. 4. To be strong. 5. To censure. 6. To speak.
- लङ्गकारिका f. (-का) The sensitive plant, (*Mimosa pudica*.) E. लङ्ग for लङ्गा shame, कारिका making, shewing.
- लङ्गका f. (-का) The wild cotton-plant.
- लङ्गन mfn. (-ङ्गन्-ङ्गनी-ङ्गन्) Being ashamed, blushing, shrinking. E. लङ्गन् to be ashamed, and लङ्ग aff. [शान् ।
- लङ्गमान mfn. (-ङ्गः ना नं) Being ashamed. E. लङ्गन् to be ashamed, aff.
- लङ्गा f. (-ङ्गा) Shame, modesty, bashfulness. E. लङ्गन् to be modest, affs. लङ्ग and टाप् । [what makes.
- लङ्गाकर mfn. (-ङ्गः-री or रा रं) Shameful, causing shame. E. लङ्गा, and लङ्ग लङ्गाकारिन् mfn. (-री रिणी-रि) Causing or occasioning shame. E. लङ्गा and कारिन् what makes.
- लङ्गास्वित mfn. (-ङ्गः-ता-तं) Ashamed, bashful. E. लङ्गा, स्वित possessed of.
- लङ्गारहित mfn. (-ङ्गः-ता-तं) Shameless, immodest. E. लङ्गा, रहित void of.
- लङ्गासु m. (-ङ्गः) A sensitive plant, (*Mimosa pudica*) E. लङ्गा, आसुक् aff.
- लङ्गावत् mfn. (-ङ्गः-वती वत्) Modest, bashful. E. लङ्गा, shame, सतुप aff.
- लङ्गाशोल mfn. (-ङ्गः-ला लं) Bashful, modest. E. लङ्गा, शौल possessing.
- लङ्गाहीन mfn. (-ङ्गः-ना नं) Shameless, impudent. E. लङ्गा and हीन void of.
- लङ्गित mfn. (-ङ्गः-ता-तं) Ashamed, modest. E. लङ्गा modesty, इतच् aff.
- लङ्गा f. (-ङ्गा) Modesty, bashfulness. E. लङ्गन् to be ashamed, य aff.
- लङ्ग r. 10th cl. (लङ्गयति-ते) 1. To be manifest. 2. To shine.
- लङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A foot. 2. The end of the lower garment tucked into the waist band. 3. A tail. f. (-ङ्गा) 1. An adulteress. 2. Sleep. 3. LAKSHMI’. 4. A current. E. लङ्गि to be strong, &c., or लङ्ग aff. लङ्ग ।
- लङ्गिका f. (-का) A harlot, a whore. E. लङ्गि to censure, aff. लङ्ग, fem. form.
- लङ्ग r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) 1. To be a child, to talk or be like one. 2. To speak a little. 3. To cry.
- लङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) I. A blockhead, a fool, one speaking ignorantly or fool-

ishly. 2. Fault, defect. 3. A thief. E. लङ्ग to be or talk as a child, &c., aff. लङ्ग । [यन् Una’di aff.

लङ्कम m. (-ङ्कः) A vile or contemptible man. E. लङ्ग to talk as a child, लङ्कम f. (-ङ्कः) Adj Handsome, attractive. This word has Prākṛita origin and is not used in classical Sanskrit.

लङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A vile or bad man, a wretch.

लङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A horse. 2. A division of music. 3. A low and wild tribe, a tribe of mountaineers. 4. A dancing boy. f. (-ङ्गा) 1. A bird said to be a kind of sparrow. 2. A fruit, a variety of the Karanja. 3. A bad or unchaste woman. 4. Curls on the forehead or hanging down on the face. 5. Safflower. 6. A sweetmeat 7. A kind of musical instrument. E. लङ्ग to be like a child, Una’di aff. लङ्ग ।

लङ्ग r. 1st and 10th cls. (लङ्गति लङ्गयति) 1. To frolic, to sport or dally. 2. To loll, (the tongue.) 3. To use the tongue. 4. To stir with the tongue. 5. To stir, to agitate. 6. To pain. r. 10th cl. (लङ्गयति ते) 1. To nurse, to foster, to attend closely. 2. To shake. 3. To feel desire. 4. To spread. (बी, ई) लङ्गिजी r. 1st and 10th cls. (लङ्गति लङ्गयति-ते) 1. To shine. 2. The toss or throw up. 3. To speak.

लङ्गक mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गा-ङ्गः) Beautiful, pleasing, charming, (used in Prākṛita.)

लङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A wretch, a villain, a low or bad man

लङ्गक n. (-ङ्कः) A class of sweetmeats, or a sweetmeat, a sort of ball made with flour fried with oil or ghee, and mixed with sugar and spices, and distinguished into different kinds, according to some slight varieties in its less essential ingredients; also read लङ्गक.

लङ्ग n. (-ङ्गः) Excrement.

लङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) London. E. लङ्गि, रङ्ग aff According to others it is derived from the French Londres.

लता f. (-ता) 1. A creeper, a creeping or winding plant in general. (this word is often employed as the last member of compounds to indicate “thinness” or “tenderness”) 2. A branch. 3. A plant, commonly Priyangu’. 4. A gramineous plant, (*Trigonella corniculata*) 5. Heart-pea, (*Cardiospermum halimifolium*.) 6. The large Bengal creeper, (*Gaertnera racemosa*.) 7. A sort of grass. (*Panicum dactylon*.) 8. A vegetable and medicinal substance, commonly Lata’kasturi’ or the musk-creeper, said to grow in the Dakshin. 9. Thread. 10. A whip. 11. A string of pearls. E. लता a Santra root, to hurt, to enfold, &c., affs लङ्ग and टाप् ।

लताकमरिका f. (-का) A medicinal plant, commonly Lata’ka-turi’ E. लता a creeper, and कमरिका musk.

लताजिह्व m. (-ङ्गः) A snake. E. लता a creeper, and जिह्व the tongue, which becomes masc. in the compound.

लतातक m. (-ङ्गः) 1. The orange tree. 2. The palm tree. 3. The Sa’l tree. E. लता a creeper, and तक a tree; fit for creepers to cling to.

लताद्रुम m. (-ङ्गः) A timber tree, (Shorea robusta.) E. लता, द्रुम a tree.

लतान n. (-ङ्गः) A flower. E. लता a creeper, and लतान end.

लतापत्र m. (-ङ्गः) The water-melon. “तरुमृज”. E. लता a creeper, पत्र the jack, to the fruit of which the melon may be compared in size.

लताप्रतानिनी f. (-नी) A spreading creeper. E. लता a creeper, and प्रतानिनी spreading. [लताग्रह &c.

लताभवन n. (-ङ्गः) An arbour, a bower. E. लता, भवन house; also लतामण्डप, लतामणि m. (-ङ्गः) Coral. E. लता a creeper, and मणि a jewel. “प्रतान” ।

लतामहन् f. (-ङ्गः) A plant, (*Trigonella corniculata*.) “पिङ्गि” ।

लतामाधवी f. (-वी) The Ma’dhavi’ creeper, (*Gaertnera racemosa*.) E. लता a creeper in general, माधवी the particular one.

लतामृग m. (-ङ्गः) An ape or monkey. E. लता and मृग a deer.

लतायष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) Bengal malder, (*Rubia manjith*.) E. लता a creeper, यष्टि a stick or stem. [of similar shape.

लतायावक n. (-ङ्गः) Coral. E. लता a creeper, यावक barley or similar grain;

लतारस n. (-ङ्गः) A snake. E. लता a creeper, and रसना the tongue, but made masc. in the compound.

लताक m. (-कः) A green onion. E. लता a creeper, लत to heat, aff. लत.   
 लतालक m. (-कः) An elephant. E. लता a creeper, and ललक a curl.   
 लतावेष्टन n. (-नः) Embracing, an embrace. E. लता, वेष्टन surrounding.   
 लतावेष्टितक m. (-कः) An embrace, embracing. E. लता a creeper, (like it),   
 वेष्टित a surrounding or enfolding, aff. लत.   
 लताशुभ्र m. (-शुभ्रः) The Sa'l tree, (Shorea robusta.) This word is also-   
 where read लताशुभ्र or लताशुभ्र and लताशुभ्र.   
 लतिका f. (-का) A twining plant. E. लता the same, लत aff., fem. form.   
 ललिका f. (-का) A lizard. E. लत a Sautra root, to hurt, ललिक Una'di aff.   
 लप् (-लप्) लप् r. 1st cl. (लपति) To speak, to utter. With लप् prefixed. 1.   
 To talk like, to mimic. 2. To repeat. With लप्, To deny. With   
 लप्, To address, to speak to. With लप्, To talk incoherently.   
 With लप्, To gain, to get. With लप्, To lament, to bewail. With   
 लप् and लप्, To contradict, to dispute. With लप्, 1. To converse, to   
 discourse. 2. To be cunning or crafty.   
 लपन n. (-नः) The mouth. 2. Talking. E. लप् to speak, लप् aff. of the   
 instrument or act. [speak, aff. लप्]   
 लपित mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Spoken, said. n. (-तः) Voice or speech. E. लप् to   
 लप् (-लप्) लप् r. 1st cl. (लपति) 1. To sound. 2. To fall or tumble, to be   
 prostrate. With लप् prefixed, 1. To hold, to support. 2. To hang   
 from or on, to depend from. 3. To rest upon. 4. To hang with   
 head downwards. With लप्, To trust in, to depend on. With   
 लप्, 1. To hang from. 2. To decline, to set. 3. To stay, to remain.   
 4. To delay, to detain. With लप्, To stand erect.   
 लप् mfn. (-लप्-लप्-लप्) Gained, acquired, obtained, received. f. (-लप्) A   
 woman whose husband or lover is faithless. E. लप् to get, aff. लप्.   
 लप्चितम् mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Recovered, restored to one's senses, come   
 to a right mind. E. लप्, and लप् intellect.   
 लप्जन्तम् mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्ते) Born. E. लप्, and लप् birth.   
 लप्धन mfn. (-नः-ना-ने) Wealthy. E. लप्, लप् wealth. [proper person.   
 लप्प्रशसन n. (-नः) 1. Securing what has been obtained. 2. Bestowing on   
 लप्प्रशसन mfn. (-नः-न्ता-न्ते) 1. One who has hit the mark. 2. Skilled in   
 the use of missiles. [celebrity.   
 लप्प्रशसन mfn. (-नः-न्ता-न्ते) Sage, learned, a Pandit. E. लप् got, लप् praise,   
 लप्प्रशसन mfn. (-नः-न्ता-न्ते) Learned. E. लप् and लप् knowledge.   
 लप्प्रशसन mfn. (-नः-न्ता-न्ते) Revived, recovered from fainting. E. लप्, लप्   
 consciousness. [got admission.   
 लप्प्रशसन Adj. 1. One who has found an opportunity. 2. One who has   
 लप्प्रशसन mfn. (-नः-न्ता-न्ते) Having found an opportunity or interval.   
 E. लप्, लप् opportunity. [ent, (in math)   
 लप् f. (-लप्) 1. Acquisition. 2. Gain, profit, advantage. 3. The quoti-   
 लप् mfn. (-लप्-लप्-लप्) Obtained. E. लप् to gain, लप् aff.   
 लप् Ind. Having gained or got. E. लप् to get, लप् aff.   
 लप् (लप्, लप्) लप् r. 1st cl. (लपति) 1. To obtain, to get or gain. 2. To   
 find. 3. To be able, to be permitted. 4. To recover. 5. To know.   
 With लप्, 1. To touch. 2. To offer as a sacrifice. 3. To attain.   
 With लप्, 1. To attain. 2. To perceive, to see. With लप् and लप्   
 prefixed, 1. To blame. 2. To learn. With लप्, To gain or regain.   
 With लप् and लप्, 1. To cheat. 2. To insult. 3. To recover. With लप्,   
 To obtain. Caus. (लप्प्रशसन-ते) 1. To give. 2. To receive. 3. To dis-   
 cover. 4. To cause to take. 5. To cause to suffer. Desid. (लप्प्रशसन-ते)   
 To long for. (लप्) लप् r. 1st cl. (लपति) 1. To sound. 2. To injure. 3. To   
 revile. 4. To gain. With लप् prefixed, 1. To apprehend, to under-   
 stand. 2. To delay. With लप् and लप्, To revile, to abuse.   
 लप् n. (-नः) The act of obtaining or conceiving.   
 लप् m. (-सः) 1. Wealth. 2. A solicitor, one who asks or solicits.   
 n. (-सः) A horse's foot-rope. E. लप् to get, Una'di aff. लप्.   
 लप् mfn. (-लप्-लप्-लप्) 1. Attainable, procurable. 2. Fit, right, pro-   
 per. E. लप् to get, aff. लप्. [र changed to ल.   
 लप् m. (-कः) A lover, a gallant. E. लप् to sport, Una'di aff. लप्, and

लप् m. (-कः) 1. A lecher, a libertine, a whore-monger, a gallant.   
 2. The Bakula tree. f. (-कः) Greedy. [with लप् लप्]   
 लप्ता f. (-ता) Libertinism, dissoluteness. E. लप्ता and लप् aff.; also   
 लप्ता m. (-कः) 1. A country, the district of Lamghan in Ca'bul. 2.   
 A libertine, a lecher. [Mussulma'na.   
 लप्तापट्ट m. (-पट्टः) A kettle-drum, a state-drum, the Na'kara' of the   
 लप् m. (-लप्) A leap, a jump.   
 लप् mfn. (-लप्-लप्-लप्) 1. Spacious, capacious. 2. Great, large, broad;   
 long, expanded either in breadth or length, or both. 3. Pendu-   
 lous, depending. m. (-लप्) 1. A bribe, a present. 2. Moving a man   
 at a sort of backgammon or draughts. 3. A perpendicular, (in geo-   
 metry.) 4. (In astronomy,) The arc between the pole and zenith of   
 any place. f. (-लप्) 1. A name of LAKSHMI'. 2. A name of GAUNI'   
 or DURGA'. 3. A bitter gourd. E. लप् to fall, to sound, aff. लप्.   
 लप् m. (-कः) 1. A section, a chapter. 2. A perpendicular, (in geometry)   
 3. The complement of latitude. E. लप् to fall, लप् aff.   
 लप् m. (-लप्) 1. A goat. 2. An elephant. 3. A goblin or Ra'khasa.   
 4. A tree, (Alangium hexapetalum.) 5. A hare. 6. An ass. 7. A   
 name of GAN'ES'S'A. E. लप् large or pendulous, and लप् the ear.   
 लप्ता f. (-ता) Sine or cosine of the latitude. E. लप्, and लप् sine.   
 लप् n. (-नः) 1. Depending, descending, falling. 2. A long necklace,   
 one which depends from the neck to the navel. 3. Parallax in   
 longitude, (of the moon.) m. (-नः) 1. Phlegm, the phlegmatic humour.   
 2. An epithet of S'IVA. E. लप् to fall, &c., aff. लप्.   
 लप् mfn. (-लप्-लप्-लप्) 1. Depending, descending, hanging or falling,   
 going down. 2. Being large or bulky. E. लप् to fall, &c., and लप्   
 aff., लप् augment. [लप्, fem. form.   
 लप्ता f. (-ता) The uvula or soft palate. E. लप् to hang down, aff.   
 लप् mfn. (-लप्-लप्-लप्) 1. Suspended, depending, falling or hanging   
 down. 2. Gone down. 3. Resting on. E. लप् to fall down, aff. लप्.   
 लप्ता f. (-ता) A necklace or seven strings. E. लप् to depend, लप् aff.   
 लप्ता m. (-कः) 1. A name of GAN'ES'S'A. 2. A glutton. E. लप् large,   
 and लप् the belly.   
 लप्ता m. (-कः) A camel. E. लप् large, लप् a lip.   
 लप् m. (-लप्) 1. Acquirement. 2. Gain. 3. Recovery.   
 लप् n. (-नः) 1. Abuse, reviling. 2. Gaining, getting. E. लप् to sound,   
 &c., aff. लप्.   
 लप् mfn. (-लप्-लप्-लप्) Causing to get, procuring, producing. E.   
 लप् to get, causal v., लप् aff.   
 लप्ता f. (-ता) A sort of chain enclosure or fence.   
 लप् mfn. (-लप्-लप्-लप्) 1. Caused to get, given to, procured for. 2. Ap-   
 plied to, employed. 3. Spoken to, addressed. 4. Heightened, im-   
 proved, rendered more perfect or intense. 5. Cherished. 6. Gained.   
 7. Abused. E. लप् to gain, causal form, or लप् to revile, लप् aff.   
 लप् r. 1st cl. (लपति) To go, to move.   
 लप् m. (-यः) 1. Equal time in music and dancing. 2. Adherence, union.   
 3. Fusion, solution, absorption. 4. Concentration, exclusive devo-   
 tion. 5. Rest, repose. 6. Mental inactivity. 7. An embrace. 8. Des-   
 truction. 9. A house, a dwelling. 10. Sport, pastime. n. (-यः) 1. The   
 root of the Andropogon muricatum. 2. Loss, destruction. 3. Fusi-   
 on, melting. E. लप् adhere to, &c., aff. लप्.   
 लप् n. (-नः) 1. Adhering, clinging. 2. Rest, repose. 3. A house.   
 लप्ता f. (-ता) An actress, a female dancer. E. लप् equal time in music,   
 पुत्री daughter.   
 लप्ता m. (-लप्) An actor, a dancer, a mime. E. लप् equal time, &c.,   
 and लप्ता who moves to; it also occurs लप्ता and लप्ता.   
 लप् r. 1st cl. (लपति) To go, to move; also लप्.   
 लप् r. 1st cl. (लपति-ते) 1. To sport, to dally. 2. To loll, as the tongue,   
 &c.; see लप्, of which it is considered as a various reading only.   
 r. 10th cl. (लपयति-ते) 1. To desire, to wish for, to seek to obtain.

2. To sport, to wanton. 3. To lay. 4. To fondle. (सलयति-ने) 1. To desire. 2. To loll the tongue.  
 लम् mfn. (-ल-ल) 1. Sporting, frolicking. 2. Lolling, wagging. 3. Wishing, desirous. ४. लङ् or लङ्, to sport, लङ् aff.  
 लज्ज mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Fierce, savage, (as a beast of prey, &c.) m. (ल) 1. A camel. 2. A dog. ३. लल लल्ल, licking, जिह्वा the tongue.  
 लम् mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) 1. Shaking, tremulous. 2. Licking, lapping, stirring or touching with the tongue, lolling the tongue, &c. 2. Wantoning, dallying. ३. लङ् to loll, to frolic, &c., participial aff. लङ्, and ल changed to ल [water, "ल्लिप्ति ल"]  
 लङ् m. (-ल-ल) A flower, (Nerium odorum.) ३. लल trembling, लल  
 लन n. (-ल) 1. Pleasure, sport, pastime. 2. Lolling the tongue. m. (ल) The Sal tree. f. (-ल) 1. A woman in general. 2. A wanton woman. 3. The tongue. ३. लङ् to frolic, &c., aff. लङ्, ल changed to ल  
 ललिका f. (-ल) A little woman.  
 ललिका f. (-ल) 1. A necklace hanging as low as the navel. 2. A lizard. ३. लल्ल sporting, lolling, &c. fem form, लल added.  
 लल m. (-ल) The penis. ३. लङ् to frolic, aff. लल, ल changed to ल  
 लल n. (-ल) The forehead. ३. लल wish or dalliance, from लङ् with लङ् aff., लङ् to go or be, aff. लङ्; also with लङ् added ललल n. (-ल) 1. The slope of the forehead. ३. ललल, and लल a bank.  
 ललल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Burning the forehead, (as the sun.) m. (-ल) The sun. ३. ललल the forehead, लल to scorch or inflame, aff. लल  
 ललल n. (-ल) 1. A tiara, a fillet. 2. The flat surface of the forehead. ३. ललल, and लल a cloth or any flat surface.  
 लललल n. (-ल) The open forehead. ३. ललल, and ललल a plank.  
 लललल f. (-ल) 1. A line on the forehead, supposed to indicate long life. 2. A wrinkled or corrugated brow. 3. A coloured sectarian mark on the forehead. ३. ललल the forehead, ललल a line.  
 लललल f. (-ल) 1. An ornament worn on the forehead, a jewel or star suspended there, or a kind of tiara bound over it. 2. A mark made with sandal, &c., on the forehead. ३. ललल and लल aff., fem. form.  
 ललल f. (-ल) Adj. Having a handsome forehead.  
 ललल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Beautiful, agreeable, charming, (in this sense some authorities confine it to the neuter gender, and to its use compounded with another word) n. (-ल) 1. A mark or sign. 2. A banner, a flag, a symbol or ensign. 3. A mark on the forehead. 4. A horn. 5. A tail. 6. Majesty, dignity. 7. Chief, principal. 8. A horse. 9. An ornament. 10. A horse's ornament. 11. A coloured mark on the forehead of a horse or bull, &c. 12. A mane. 13. A line, a row. f. (-ल) 1. Charming. 2. An ornament worn on the ear. ३. लल to play, &c., aff. लल, लल to go, to contribute to or occasion, aff. लल; also with लल aff. लललल  
 लललल n. (-ल) A chaplet of flowers falling over the forehead. ३. ललल a mark on the forehead, लल aff. of comparison.  
 लललल n. (-ल) 1. A mark or sign, &c.: see ललल 2. A species of starza having ten syllables in the first two Pa'das, eleven in the third, and thirteen in the fourth. 3. An ornament, a decoration. 4. A banner, a flag. 5. A sectarian mark. 6. A tail. 7. Anything the best of its kind : see लललल  
 ललल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) 1. Wished, desired. 2. Beautiful, lovely. 3. Wanton, dallying. 4. Shaken, trembling, tremulous. 5. Graceful. 6. Gay, cheerful, careless. 7. Slow, gentle. 8. Destroyed. n. (-ल) 1. A branch of feminine action, arising from the passion or sentiment of love, and expressive of satisfaction and triumph; softness and delicacy of gesture or motion, putting on appropriate ornaments, &c. 2. Love of pleasure and gaiety. 3. Sport, dalliance. 4. Beauty, charm. 5. Simplicity, innocence. f. (-ल) 1. Musk. 2. A woman in general. 3. A wanton. ३. लङ् to frolic, &c., or लल to desire, aff. ल; in the first case, ल changed to ल

लललल Adj. Elegantly composed.  
 ललललल m. (-ल) A gentle blow.  
 ललललल n. (-ल) Having an amorous meaning.  
 लललललल f. (-ल) The seventh day of the first-half of Bha'drapada.  
 लल m. (-ल) 1. Cutting. 2. Loss, destruction. 3. Reaping. 4. Small, little; (according to some authorities, this when used attributively changes its gender, making लल-लल-लल; according to others it is invariably masc.) 5. Smallness, littleness. 6. A minute division of time, the sixtieth part of the twinkling of an eye. 7. A larger division of time, two Ka'sht'has or 36 twinkling of the eye, or about  $\frac{1}{2}$  a second. 8. One of the twin sons of RA'MACHANDRA, by S'ITA', born after she had been abandoned by her husband and brought up at the hermitage of VALMIKI 9. A kind of quail. 10. Hair, wool, &c.; that which is cut or shorn from domestic animals. 11. (In arithmetic.) The numerator of a fraction. 12. A degree, (in astronomy.) 13. Sport. 14. Plucking, mowing. 15. A section, a fragment. n. (-ल) 1. The nutmeg. 2. Cloves. ३. लल to cut, aff. लल  
 लल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Who or what cuts, reaps, &c. ३. लल to cut, लल लल aff.  
 लल m. (-ल) The clove tree, (Myristica caryophyllata.) n. (-ल) Cloves. ३. लल to cut, Una'di aff. लल; also with लल added, लललल  
 लल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) 1. Salt, saline. 2. Handsome, beautiful. n. (-ल) 1. Sea-salt. 2. Rock or fossile salt. 3. Factitious salt, or salt obtained by boiling clay found near the sea-shore, or any earth impregnated with saline particles. m. (-ल) 1. The saline or salt taste, saltiness. 2. The sea of salt water. 4. The name of a Rakshasa mentioned in the Ra'mayana. f. (-ल) 1. Saline, briny. 2. Light, lustre, beauty. 3. A small river in Tibet. ३. लल to cut, (rawness, or to assist digestion,) aff. लल, and the final letter made nasal by special rule.  
 ललललल m. (-ल) A salt mine in general, or the district of Sa'mbhar in Ajmero, celebrated for its fossile salt. ३. ललल salt, ललल a mine  
 ललललल m. (-ल) The sea of salt-water. ३. ललल, ललल ocean. [mine.  
 लललल m. (-ल) 1. A salt mine. 2. A mine of beauty. ३. ललल, ललल a  
 ललललल m. (-ल) 1. Saltiness. 2. Beauty, loveliness.  
 ललललल n. (-ल) 1. Nitre. 2. Rock or river salt. ३. ललल salt, ललल best.  
 ललललल m. (-ल) The sea of salt water. n. (-ल) Brine. ३. ललल, लल water.  
 लल n. (-ल) 1. Reaping. 2. Cutting. f. (-ल) A coarse kind of custard-apple, (Annona reticulata) "ललल ललल" ३. लल to cut, aff. लल  
 लल It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "a little."  
 ललल f. (-ल) A kind of tree, (Averrhoa acid.) "ललल ललल"  
 ललल Ind. Piece meal, in pieces. ३. लल a bit, and लल aff.  
 ललल m. (-ल) A sickle or reaping-hook. ३. लल to cut, Una'di aff. लललल  
 लललल n. (-ल) A sickle, a reaping-hook. ३. लल to cut, ललल Una'di aff.  
 लल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Cutting, edged, sharp, (as an instrument, &c.) ३. लल to cut, Una'di aff. लल  
 ललल n. (-ल) A sickle, a small reaping-hook. ३. लल to cut, aff. ललल  
 ललल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Wishing to cut or reap. ३. लल and लल desirous.  
 लल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) To be cut. ३. लल to cut, लल aff.  
 लल r. 10th cl. (लललल-ने) To be skilful or clever, to do any thing skilfully and scientifically. (This root is sometimes written लल or लल).  
 ललल n. (-ल) Garlic. ३. लल to eat, Una'di aff. ललल, and लल substituted for the root; also with the vowel of the aff, long, ललल n. (-ल).  
 लललल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Garlicky. n. (-ल) Cat's-eye. ३. ललल and लल aff.  
 लल r. 1st and 4th cls. (ललल-ने or ललल-ने) To desire, to like, to love. (लल is usually prefixed.) r. 10th cl. (लललल-ने) To be skilful.  
 लल m. (-ल) A dancer, an actor. ३. लल to be skilled in any art, (as dancing, &c.) and लल Una'di aff.  
 लल r. 1st cl. (ललल) 1. To embrace. 2. To sport or play. 3. To glitter. 4. To arise. With लल, 1. To glitter. 2. To appear. 3. To blow, to



लताई m. (-कः) A green onion. E. लता a creeper, लता to heat, aff. वञ् ।  
 लतालक m. (-कः) An elephant. E. लता a creeper, and ललक a curl.  
 लतावेष्टन n. (-नं) Embracing, an embrace. E. लता, वेष्टन surrounding.  
 लतावेष्टितक n. (-कः) An embrace, embracing. E. लता a creeper, (like it), वेष्टित a surrounding or enfolding, aff. कन् ।  
 लताशङ्ख m. (-ङ्खः) The Sa' tree, (Shorea robusta.) This word is elsewhere read लताशङ्ख or लतातक and शङ्खतक ।  
 लतिका f. (-का) A twining plant. E. लता the same, लन् aff., fem. form.  
 लतिका f. (-का) A lizard. E. लता a Sautra root, to hurt, तिकन् Una'di aff.  
 लप् (ल) लप् r. 1st cl. (लपति) To speak, to utter. With लप् prefixed. 1. To talk like, to mimic. 2. To repeat. With अप, To deny. With आङ्, To address, to speak to. With प्र, To talk incoherently. With प्रति, To gain, to get. With वि, To lament, to bewail. With वि and प्र, To contradict, to dispute. With सम्, 1. To converse, to discourse. 2. To be cunning or crafty.  
 लपन n. (-नं) The mouth. 2. Talking. E. लप् to speak, लप् aff. of the instrument or act. [speak, aff. ल ।]  
 लपित mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Spoken, said. n. (-तः) Voice or speech. E. लप् to लप् (ल) लपि r. 1st cl. (लपति) 1. To sound. 2. To fall or tumble, to be prostrate. With लप् prefixed, 1. To hold, to support. 2. To hang from or on, to depend from. 3. To rest upon. 4. To hang with head downwards. With आङ्, To trust in, to depend on. With वि, 1. To hang from. 2. To decline, to set. 3. To stay, to remain. 4. To delay, to detain. With उद्, To stand erect.  
 लब्ध mfn. (-भ्यः-भ्या-भ्यः) Gained, acquired, obtained, received. f. (-भ्या) A woman whose husband or lover is faithless. E. लब्ध to get, aff. ल ।  
 लब्धचित्तम् mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Recovered, restored to one's senses, come to a right mind. E. लब्ध, and चित्तम् intellect.  
 लब्धजन्मन् mfn. (-नः-या-नः) Born. E. लब्ध, and जन्मन् birth.  
 लब्धधन mfn. (-नः-ता-ते) Wealthy. E. लब्ध, धन wealth. [proper person.  
 लब्धप्रयत्न n. (-नः) 1. Securing what has been obtained. 2. Bestowing on लब्धलब्ध mfn. (-ल्यः-ल्यः-ल्यः) 1. One who has hit the mark. 2. Skilled in the use of missiles. [celebrity.  
 लब्धवर्ण mfn. (-णः-ता-ते) Sage, learned, a Pandit. E. लब्ध got, वर्ण praise, लब्धव्य mfn. (-व्यः-या-व्यः) Learned. E. लब्ध and विद्या knowledge.  
 लब्धसंज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञः) Revived, recovered from fainting. E. लब्ध, संज्ञ consciousness. [got admission.  
 लब्धकार Adj. 1. One who has found an opportunity. 2. One who has लब्धकार mfn. (-कारः-ता-ते) Having found an opportunity or interval. E. लब्ध, अवकाश opportunity. [ent, (in math)  
 लब्धि f. (-भिः) 1. Acquisition. 2. Gain, profit, advantage. 3. The quotient. लब्धिम mfn. (-मः-ता-ते) Obtained. E. लब्ध to gain, लब्धि aff.  
 लब्ध्या Ind. Having gained or got. E. लब्ध to get, लब्ध aff.  
 लभ् (लु, लृ) लभ् r. 1st cl. (लभते) 1. To obtain, to get or gain. 2. To find. 3. To be able, to be permitted. 4. To recover. 5. To know. With च, 1. To touch. 2. To offer as a sacrifice. 3. To attain. With उप, 1. To attain. 2. To perceive, to see. With उप and आ prefixed, 1. To blame. 2. To learn. With प्रति, To gain or regain. With वि and प्र, 1. To cheat. 2. To insult. 3. To recover. With सम्, To obtain. Caus (लभयति-ते) 1. To give. 2. To receive. 3. To discover. 4. To cause to take. 5. To cause to suffer. Desid. (लभ्यते) To long for. (ल) लभि r. 1st cl. (लभते) 1. To sound. 2. To injure. 3. To revile. 4. To gain. With उप prefixed, 1. To apprehend, to understand. 2. To delay. With उद् and आङ्, To revile, to abuse.  
 लभन n. (-नं) The act of obtaining or conceiving.  
 लभन m. (-नः) 1. Wealth. 2. A solicitor, one who asks or solicits. n. (-नं) A horse's foot-rope. E. लभ् to get, Una'di aff. लभ्य mfn. (-भ्यः-भ्या-भ्यः) 1. Attainable, procurable. 2. Fit, right, proper. E. लभ् to get, aff. यत् । [र changed to ल ।  
 लभक m. (-कः) A lover, a gallant. E. लभ् to sport, Una'di aff. लुन्, and

लभ्यत m. (-तः) 1. A lecher, a libertine, a whore-monger, a gallant. 2. The Bakula tree. f. (-तः) Greedy. [with लभ्यत m. 1  
 लभ्यता f. (-ता) Libertinism, dissoluteness. E. लभ्यत and लभ्य aff. ; also लभ्यक m. (-कः) 1. A country, the district of Lamghan in Ca'bul. 2. A libertine, a lecher. [Mussulmans.  
 लभ्यापट्ट m. (-ट्टः) A kettle-drum, a state-drum, the Na'kara' of the लम् m. (-म्) A leap, a jump.  
 लम् mfn. (-म्-भ्यः-भ्या-भ्यः) 1. Spacious, capacious. 2. Great, large, broad, long, expanded either in breadth or length, or both. 3. Pendulous, depending. m. (-म्) 1. A bribe, a present. 2. Moving a man at a sort of backgammon or draughts. 3. A perpendicular, (in geometry.) 4. (In astronomy,) The arc between the pole and zenith of any place. f. (-म्) 1. A name of LAKSHMI'. 2. A name of GAURI' or DURGA'. 3. A bitter gourd. E. लम् to fall, to sound, aff. लम् ।  
 लम्बक m. (-कः) 1. A section, a chapter. 2. A perpendicular, (in geometry) 3. The complement of latitude. E. लम्बि to fall, लम्ब aff.  
 लम्बकर्म m. (-र्मः) 1. A goat. 2. An elephant. 3. A goblin or Rakshasa. 4. A tree, (Alangium hexapetalum.) 5. A haro. 6. An ass. 7. A name of GAN'ES'S'A. E. लम्ब large or pendulous, and कर्म the ear.  
 लम्ब्या f. (-या) Sine or cosine of the latitude. E. लम्ब, and ज्या sine.  
 लम्बन n. (-नं) 1. Depending, descending, falling. 2. A long necklace, one which depends from the neck to the navel. 3. Parallax in longitude, (of the moon.) m. (-नः) 1. Phlegm, the phlegmatic humor. 2. An epithet of S'IVA. E. लम्बि to fall, &c., aff. लम् ।  
 लम्बमान mfn. (-नः-ता-ते) 1. Depending, descending, hanging or falling, going down. 2. Being large or bulky. E. लम्बि to fall, &c., and शान्त् aff., लम्ब augment. [लम्ब, fem. form.  
 लम्बिका f. (-का) The uvula or soft palate. E. लम्बि to hang down, aff. लम्बित mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Suspended, depending, falling or hanging down. 2. Gone down. 3. Resting on. E. लम्बि to fall down, aff. लम् ।  
 लम्ब्या f. (-या) A necklace or seven strings. E. लम्बि to depend, लम्ब aff.  
 लम्बीर m. (-रः) 1. A name of GAN'ES'S'A. 2. A glutton. E. लम्ब large, and उदर the belly.  
 लम्बीर m. (-रः) A camel. E. लम्ब large, लम्बीर a lip.  
 लम्भ m. (-म्भः) 1. Acquirement. 2. Gain. 3. Recovery.  
 लम्भन n. (-नं) 1. Abuse, reviling. 2. Gaining, getting. E. लम्बि to sound, &c., aff. लम् ।  
 लम्भयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Causing to get, procuring, producing. E. लम्ब to get, causal v., लम्भ aff.  
 लम्भा f. (-भा) A sort of chain enclosure or fence.  
 लम्भित mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Caused to get, given to, procured for. 2. Applied to, employed. 3. Spoken to, addressed. 4. Heightened, improved, rendered more perfect or intense. 5. Cherished. 6. Gained. 7. Abused. E. लम्ब to gain, causal form, or लम्बि to revile, लम् aff.  
 लम्भ् r. 1st cl. (लम्भते) To go, to move.  
 लम्भ m. (-म्भः) 1. Equal time in music and dancing. 2. Adherence, union. 3. Fusion, solution, absorption. 4. Concentration, exclusive devotion. 5. Rest, repose. 6. Mental inactivity. 7. An embrace. 8. Destruction. 9. A house, a dwelling. 10. Sport, pastime. n. (-म्भः) 1. The root of the Andropogon muricatum. 2. Loss, destruction. 3. Fusion, melting. E. लम्बि adhere to, &c., aff. लम् ।  
 लम्भन n. (-नं) 1. Adhering, clinging. 2. Rest, repose. 3. A house.  
 लम्भपुत्री f. (-त्री) An actress, a female dancer. E. लम्भ equal time in music, पुत्री daughter.  
 लम्भालम्भ m. (-म्भः) An actor, a dancer, a mime. E. लम्भ equal time, &c., and लम्भालम्भ who moves to ; it also occurs लम्भालम्भ and लम्भालम्भ ।  
 लम्भ् r. 1st cl. (लम्भते) To go, to move ; also लम्भ् ।  
 लम्भ् r. 1st cl. (लम्भति-ते) 1. To sport, to dally. 2. To loll, as the tongue, &c. ; see लम्भ, of which it is considered as a various reading only. r. 10th cl. (लम्भयति-ते) 1. To desire, to wish for, to seek to obtain.

2. To sport, to wanton. 3. To lay. 4. To fondle. (ललयति-ने) 1. To desire. 2. To loll the tongue.  
 लल mfn. (-ल-ल) 1. Sporting, frolicking. 2. Lolling, wagging. 3. Wishing, desirous. ४. लड् or लल, to sport, लल aff.  
 लल mfn. (-ल-ल) Fierce, savage, (as a beast of prey, &c.) m. (ल) 1. A camel. 2. A dog. ३. लल lapping, licking, लल the tongue.  
 लल mfn. (-लल-लल) 1. Shaking, tremulous. 2. Licking, lapping, stirring or touching with the tongue, lolling the tongue, &c. 2. Wantoning, dallying. ३. लड् to loll, to frolic, &c., participial aff. लल, and ल changed to ल [water. "ललल ल"]  
 लल m. (-ल) A flower, (Nerium odorum.) ३. लल trembling, लल  
 लल n. (ल) 1. Pleasure, sport, pastime. 2. Lolling the tongue. m. (ल) The Sal tree. f. (-ल) 1. A woman in general. 2. A wanton woman. 3. The tongue. ३. लड् to frolic, &c., aff. लल, ल changed to ल  
 ललिका f. (-ल) A little woman.  
 ललिका f. (-ल) 1. A necklace hanging as low as the navel. 2. A lizard. ३. ललल sporting, lolling, &c. fem form, लल added.  
 लल m. (-ल) The penis. ३. लड् to frolic, aff. लल, ल changed to ल  
 लल n. (-ल) The forehead. ३. लल wish or dalliance, from लड् with लल aff., लल to go or be, aff. लल; also with लल added ललल n. (-ल) 1. The slope of the forehead. ३. ललल, and लल a bank.  
 ललल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Burning the forehead, (as the sun.) m. (-ल) The sun. ३. ललल the forehead, लल to scorch or inflame, aff. लल.  
 ललल n. (ल) 1. A tiara, a fillet. 2. The flat surface of the forehead. ३. ललल, and लल a cloth or any flat surface.  
 लललल n. (-ल) The open forehead. ३. ललल, and ललल a plank.  
 लललल f. (-ल) 1. A line on the forehead, supposed to indicate long life. 2. A wrinkled or corrugated brow. 3. A coloured sectarian mark on the forehead. ३. ललल the forehead, ललल a line.  
 लललल f. (-ल) 1. An ornament worn on the forehead, a jewel or star suspended there, or a kind of tiara bound over it. 2. A mark made with sandal, &c., on the forehead. ३. ललल and लल aff., fem. form.  
 ललल f. (-ल) Adj. Having a handsome forehead.  
 ललल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Beautiful, agreeable, charming, (in this sense some authorities confine it to the neuter gender, and to its use compounded with another word) n. (-ल) 1. A mark or sign. 2. A banner, a flag, a symbol or ensign. 3. A mark on the forehead. 4. A horn. 5. A tail. 6. Majesty, dignity. 7. Chief, principal. 8. A horse. 9. An ornament. 10. A horse's ornament. 11. A coloured mark on the forehead of a horse or bull, &c. 12. A mane. 13. A line, a row. f. (-ल) 1. Charming. 2. An ornament worn on the ear. ३. लल to play, &c., aff. लल, लल to go, to contribute to or occasion, aff. लल; also with लल aff. लललल  
 लललल n. (-ल) A chaplet of flowers falling over the forehead. ३. ललल a mark on the forehead, लल aff. of comparison.  
 लललल n. (-ल) 1. A mark or sign, &c.: see ललल 2. A species of stanza having ten syllables in the first two Pa'das, eleven in the third, and thirteen in the fourth. 3. An ornament, a decoration. 4. A banner, a flag. 5. A sectarian mark. 6. A tail. 7. Anything the best of its kind : see ललल  
 ललल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) 1. Wished, desired. 2. Beautiful, lovely. 3. Wanton, dallying. 4. Shaken, trembling, tremulous. 5. Graceful. 6. Gay, cheerful, careless. 7. Slow, gentle. 8. Destroyed. n. (ल) 1. A branch of feminine action, arising from the passion or sentiment of love, and expressive of satisfaction and triumph; softness and delicacy of gesture or motion, putting on appropriate ornaments, &c. 2. Love of pleasure and gaiety. 3. Sport, dalliance. 4. Beauty, charm. 5. Simplicity, innocence. f. (-ल) 1. Musk. 2. A woman in general. 3. A wanton. ३. लड् to frolic, &c., or लल to desire, aff. ल; in the first case, ल changed to ल

लललल Adj. Elegantly composed.

ललललल m. (-ल) A gentle blow.

ललललल n. (-ल) Having an amorous meaning.

लललललल f. (-ल) The seventh day of the first-half of Bha'drapada.

लल m. (-ल) 1. Cutting. 2. Loss, destruction. 3. Reaping. 4. Small, little; (according to some authorities, this when used attributively changes its gender, making लल-लल-लल; according to others it is invariably masc.) 5. Smallness, littleness. 6. A minute division of time, the sixtieth part of the twinkling of an eye. 7. A larger division of time, two Ka'sht'has or 36 twinkling of the eye, or about  $\frac{1}{2}$  a second. 8. One of the twin sons of RA'MACHANDRA, by S'ITA, born after she had been abandoned by her husband and brought up at the hermitage of VA'LMIKI 9. A kind of quail. 10. Hair, wool, &c.; that which is cut or shorn from domestic animals. 11. (In arithmetic.) The numerator of a fraction. 12. A degree, (in astronomy.) 13. Sport. 14. Plucking, mowing. 15. A section, a fragment. n. (ल) 1. The nutmeg. 2. Cloves. ३. लू to cut, aff. लल.

ललल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Who or what cuts, reaps, &c. ३. लू to cut, लल लल aff.

ललल m. (ल) The clove tree, (Myristica caryophyllata.) n. (-ल) Cloves. ३. लू to cut, Una'di aff. ललल; also with लल added, लललल.

ललल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) 1. Salt, saline. 2. Handsome, beautiful. n. (-ल) 1. Sea-salt. 2. Rock or fossile salt. 3. Factitious salt, or salt obtained by boiling clay found near the sea-shore, or any earth impregnated with saline particles. m. (-ल) 1. The saline or salt taste, saltiness. 2. The sea of salt-water. 4. The name of a Rakshasa mentioned in the Ra'ma'yana. f. (-ल) 1. Saline, briny. 2. Light, lustre, beauty. 3. A small river in Tirhut. ३. लू to cut, (rawness, or to assist digestion,) aff. लल, and the final letter made nasal by special rule.

ललललल m. (-ल) A salt mine in general, or the district of Sa'mbhar in Ajmere, celebrated for its fossile salt. ३. ललल salt, ललल a mine.

लललललल m. (ल) The sea of salt water. ३. ललल, ललल ocean. [mine.]

ललललल m. (-ल) 1. A salt mine. 2. A mine of beauty. ३. ललल, ललल a

ललललल m. (-ल) 1. Saltiness. 2. Beauty, loveliness.

ललललल n. (-ल) 1. Nitre. 2. Rock or river salt. ३. ललल salt, ललल best.

ललललल m. (-ल) The sea of salt-water. n. (-ल) Brine. ३. ललल, लल water.

ललल n. (-ल) 1. Reaping. 2. Cutting. f. (-ल) A coarse kind of custard-apple, (Annona reticulata) "ललल ललल" ३. लू to cut, aff. लल.

ललल It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "a little."

ललल f. (ल) A kind of tree, (Averrhoa acid.) "ललल ललल"

लललल Ind. Piece meal, in pieces. ३. लल a bit, and लल aff.

ललल m. (-ल) A sickle or reaping-hook. ३. लू to cut, Una'di aff. लललल.

लललल n. (-ल) A sickle, a reaping-hook. ३. लू to cut, ललल Una'di aff.

लल mfn. (ल-ल-ल) Cutting, edged, sharp, (as an instrument, &c.) ३. लू to cut, Una'di aff. लल.

ललल n. (ल) A sickle, a small reaping hook. ३. लू to cut, aff. ललल.

ललल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Wishing to cut or reap. ३. लल and ललल desirous.

लल mfn. (ल-ल-ल) To be cut. ३. लू to cut, लल aff.

लल r. 10th cl. (लललल-ने) To be skilful or clever, to do any thing skilfully and scientifically. (This root is sometimes written लल or लल).

ललल n. (-ल) Garlic. ३. लल to eat, Una'di aff. ललल, and लल substituted for the root; also with the vowel of the aff. long, ललल n. (-ल).

लललल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Garlicky. n. (-ल) Cat's-eye. ३. ललल and लल aff.

लल r. 1st and 4th cls. (ललल-ने or ललल-ने) To desire, to like, to love. (लल is usually prefixed.) r. 10th cl. (लललल-ने) To be skilful.

लल m. (-ल) A dancer, an actor. ३. लल to be skilled in any art, (as dancing, &c.) and लल Una'di aff.

लल r. 1st cl. (ललल) 1. To embrace. 2. To sport or play. 3. To glitter. 4. To arise. With लल, 1. To glitter. 2. To appear. 3. To blow, to

लताक m. (-कः) A green onion. E. लता a creeper, लक to heat, aff. लङ् ।  
 लतालक m. (-कः) An elephant. E. लता a creeper, and लक a curl.  
 लतावेष्टन n. (-नः) Embracing, an embrace. E. लता, वेष्टन surrounding.  
 लतावेष्टितक n. (-कः) An embrace, embracing. E. लता a creeper, (like it), वेष्टित a surrounding or enfolding, aff. लङ् ।  
 लताशङ्ख m. (-ङ्खः) The Sa'l tree, (Shorea robusta.) This word is elsewhere read लताशङ्ख or लताशङ्ख and शङ्खतङ् ।  
 लतिका f. (-का) A twining plant. E. लता the same, लङ् aff., fem. form.  
 लतिका f. (-का) A lizard. E. लत a Sautra root, to hurt, तिकन् Una'di aff.  
 लप्- (लप्) लप् r. 1st cl. (लपति) To speak, to utter. With लप् prefixed, 1. To talk like, to mimic. 2. To repeat. With लप्, To deny. With लप्, To address, to speak to. With लप्, To talk incoherently. With लप्, To gain, to get. With लप्, To lament, to bewail. With लप् and लप्, To contradict, to dispute. With लप्, 1. To converse, to discourse. 2. To be cunning or crafty.  
 लपन n. (-नः) The mouth. 2. Talking. E. लप् to speak, लप् aff. of the instrument or act. [peak, aff. लप् ।  
 लपित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Spoken, said, n. (-तः) Voice or speech. E. लप् to लप् (लप्) लप् r. 1st cl. (लपति) 1. To sound. 2. To fall or tumble, to be prostrate. With लप् prefixed, 1. To hold, to support. 2. To hang from or on, to depend from. 3. To rest upon. 4. To hang with head downwards. With लप्, To trust in, to depend on. With लप्, 1. To hang from. 2. To decline, to set. 3. To stay, to remain. 4. To delay, to detain. With लप्, To stand erect.  
 लब्ध mfn. (-ब्धः-ब्धा-ब्धः) Gained, acquired, obtained, received. f. (-ब्धा) A woman whose husband or lover is faithless. E. लब्ध to get, aff. लङ् ।  
 लब्धचित्तम् mfn. (-ता-ता-तः) Recovered, restored to one's senses, come to a right mind. E. लब्ध, and चित्तम् intellect.  
 लब्धजन्मन् mfn. (-जा-जा-जः) Born. E. लब्ध, and जन्मन् birth.  
 लब्धधन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Wealthy. E. लब्ध, धन wealth. [proper person.  
 लब्धप्रयत्न n. (-नः) 1. Securing what has been obtained. 2. Bestowing on लब्धलब्ध mfn. (-लब्धः-लब्धा-लब्धः) 1. One who has hit the mark. 2. Skilled in the use of missiles. [celebrity.  
 लब्धवर्ण mfn. (-वर्णः-वर्णा-वर्णः) Sage, learned, a Pandit. E. लब्ध got, वर्ण praise.  
 लब्धविद्या mfn. (-द्या-द्या-द्यः) Learned. E. लब्ध and विद्या knowledge.  
 लब्धसंज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञः) Revived, recovered from fainting. E. लब्ध, संज्ञा consciousness.  
 लब्धाकर Adj. 1. One who has found an opportunity. 2. One who has लब्धावकाश mfn. (-शः-शा-शः) Having found an opportunity or interval. E. लब्ध, अवकाश opportunity. [ent, (in math.)  
 लब्धि f. (-धिः) 1. Acquisition. 2. Gain, profit, advantage. 3. The quoti- लब्धिम mfn. (-मः-मा-मः) Obtained. E. लब्ध to gain, क्रिमि aff.  
 लब्ध्वा Ind. Having gained or got. E. लब्ध to get, लब्ध्वा aff.  
 लभ् (लु, लभ्) लुलभ् r. 1st cl. (लभते) 1. To obtain, to get or gain. 2. To find. 3. To be able, to be permitted. 4. To recover. 5. To know. With लभ्, 1. To touch. 2. To offer as a sacrifice. 3. To attain. With लभ्, 1. To attain. 2. To perceive, to see. With लभ् and लभ् prefixed, 1. To blame. 2. To learn. With लभ्, To gain or regain. With लभ् and लभ्, 1. To cheat. 2. To insult. 3. To recover. With लभ्, To obtain. Caus. (लभयति-ते) 1. To give. 2. To receive. 3. To discover. 4. To cause to take. 5. To cause to suffer. Desid. (लभ्यते) To long for. (लभ्) लभि r. 1st cl. (लभते) 1. To sound. 2. To injure. 3. To revile. 4. To gain. With लभ् prefixed, 1. To apprehend, to understand. 2. To delay. With लभ् and लभ्, To revile, to abuse.  
 लभन n. (-नः) The act of obtaining or conceiving.  
 लभस m. (-सः) 1. Wealth. 2. A solicitor, one who asks or solicits. n. (-सः) A horse's foot-rope. E. लभ् to get, Una'di aff. लभस् ।  
 लभ्य mfn. (-भ्यः-भ्या-भ्यः) 1. Attainable, procurable. 2. Fit, right, proper. E. लभ् to get, aff. यत् । [र changed to ल ।  
 लभ्यक m. (-कः) A lover, a gallant. E. लभ् to sport, Una'di aff. लभ्, and

लभ्यक m. (-कः) 1. A lecher, a libertine, a whore-monger, a gallant. 2. The Bakula tree. f. (-का) Greedy. [with लभ्यक m. (-कः) 1. A country, the district of Lamghan in Ca'bul. 2. A libertine, a lecher. [Mussulma'ns.  
 लभ्यपट्ट m. (-ट्टः) A kettle-drum, a state-drum, the Na'kara' of the लभ्य m. (-भ्यः) A leap, a jump.  
 लभ्य mfn. (-भ्यः-भ्या-भ्यः) 1. Spacious, capacious. 2. Great, large, broad, long, expanded either in breadth or length, or both. 3. Pendulous, depending. m. (-भ्यः) 1. A bribe, a present. 2. Moving a man at a sort of backgammon or draughts. 3. A perpendicular, (in geometry.) 4. (In astronomy,) The arc between the pole and zenith of any place. f. (-भ्या) 1. A name of LAKSHMI'. 2. A name of GAURI' or DURGA'. 3. A bitter gourd. E. लभ् to fall, to sound, aff. लप् ।  
 लभ्यक m. (-कः) 1. A section, a chapter. 2. A perpendicular, (in geometry.) 3. The complement of latitude. E. लभ् to fall, लप् aff.  
 लभ्यकर्म m. (-कर्मः) 1. A goat. 2. An elephant. 3. A goblin or Rakshasa. 4. A tree, (Alangium hexapetalum.) 5. A hare. 6. An ass. 7. A name of GAN'ES'SA. E. लभ्य large or pendulous, and कर्म the ear.  
 लभ्य्या f. (-भ्या) Sine or cosine of the latitude. E. लभ्य, and भ्या sine.  
 लभ्यन n. (-नः) 1. Depending, descending, falling. 2. A long necklace, one which depends from the neck to the navel. 3. Parallax in longitude, (of the moon.) m. (-नः) 1. Phlegm, the phlegmatic humour. 2. An epithet of S'IVA. E. लभ् to fall, &c., aff. लप् ।  
 लभ्यमान mfn. (-मानः-मानः) 1. Depending, descending, hanging or falling, going down. 2. Being large or bulky. E. लभ् to fall, &c., and मानच् aff., लुक् augment. [लङ्, fem. form.  
 लभ्यिका f. (-का) The uvula or soft palate. E. लभ् to hang down, aff.  
 लभ्यित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Suspended, depending, falling or hanging down. 2. Gone down. 3. Resting on. E. लभ् to fall down, aff. लप् ।  
 लभ्य्या f. (-भ्या) A necklace or seven strings. E. लभ् to depend, लप् aff.  
 लभ्यीदर m. (-दरः) 1. A name of GAN'ES'SA. 2. A glutton. E. लभ्य large, and उदर the belly.  
 लभ्यीद m. (-दः) A camel. E. लभ्य large, लभ्यी a lip.  
 लभ्य m. (-भ्यः) 1. Acquirement. 2. Gain. 3. Recovery.  
 लभ्यन n. (-नः) 1. Abuse, reviling. 2. Gaining, getting. E. लभ् to sound, &c., aff. लप् ।  
 लभ्ययन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Causing to get, procuring, producing. E. लभ् to get, causal v., यत् aff.  
 लभ्या f. (-भ्या) A sort of chain enclosure or fence.  
 लभ्यित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Caused to get, given to, procured for. 2. Applied to, employed. 3. Spoken to, addressed. 4. Heightened, improved, rendered more perfect or intense. 5. Cherished. 6. Gained. 7. Abused. E. लभ् to gain, causal form, or लभ् to revile, लप् aff.  
 लभ्य r. 1st cl. (लभते) To go, to move.  
 लभ्य m. (-भ्यः) 1. Equal time in music and dancing. 2. Adherence, union. 3. Fusion, solution, absorption. 4. Concentration, exclusive devotion. 5. Rest, repose. 6. Mental inactivity. 7. An embrace. 8. Destruction. 9. A house, a dwelling. 10. Sport, pastime. n. (-भ्यः) 1. The root of the Andropogon-muricatum. 2. Loss, destruction. 3. Fusion, melting. E. लभ् adhere to; &c., aff. लप् ।  
 लभ्यन n. (-नः) 1. Adhering, clinging. 2. Rest, repose. 3. A house.  
 लभ्यपुत्री f. (-पुत्री) An actress, a female dancer. E. लभ्य equal time in music, पुत्री daughter.  
 लभ्यलक्ष्य m. (-लक्ष्यः) An actor, a dancer, a mime. E. लभ्य equal time, &c., and लभ्यलक्ष्य who moves to; it also occurs लभ्यलक्ष्य and लभ्यलक्ष्य ।  
 लभ्य r. 1st cl. (लभते) To go, to move; also लभ् ।  
 लभ्य r. 1st cl. (लभति-ते) 1. To sport, to dally. 2. To loll, as the tongue, &c.; see लभ्, of which it is considered as a various reading only. r. 10th cl. (लभयति-ते) 1. To desire, to wish for, to seek to obtain.

2. To sport, to wanton. 3. To lay. 4. To fondle. (ललयति-ने) 1. To desire. 2. To loll the tongue.

लल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) 1. Sporting, frolicking. 2. Lolling, wagging. 3. Wishing, desirous. ६. लल or लल, to sport, लल aff.

लल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Fierce, savage, (as a beast of prey, &c.) m. (ल) 1. A camel. 2. A dog. ६. लल lapping, licking, लल the tongue.

लल mfn. (-लल-लल-लल) 1. Shaking, tremulous. 2. Licking, lapping, stirring or touching with the tongue, lolling the tongue, &c. 2. Wantoning, dallying. ६. लल to loll, to frolic, &c., participial aff. लल, and ल changed to ल [water. "लल्लोचनं च।"]

लल m. (-लल-) A flower, (Nerium odorum.) ६. लल trembling, लल लल n. (ल) 1. Pleasure, sport, pastime. 2. Lolling the tongue. m. (ल) The Sal tree. f. (-ल) 1. A woman in general. 2. A wanton woman. 3. The tongue. ६. लल to frolic, &c., aff. लल, ल changed to ल।

ललिका f. (-लिका) A little woman.

ललिका f. (ल) 1. A necklace hanging as low as the navel. 2. A lizard. ६. ललल sporting, lolling, &c. fem form, लल added.

लल m. (-ल) The penis. ६. लल to frolic, aff. लल, ल changed to ल।

लल n. (-ल) The forehead. ६. लल wish or dalliance, from लल with लल aff. लल to go or be, aff. लल; also with लल added ललल n. (-ल)।

ललल n. (-ल) The slope of the forehead. ६. ललल, and लल a bank.

ललल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Burning the forehead, (as the sun.) m. (-ल) The sun. ६. ललल the forehead, लल to scorch or inflame, aff. लल।

ललल n. (-ल) 1. A tiara, a fillet. 2. The flat surface of the forehead. ६. ललल, and लल a cloth or any flat surface.

लललल n. (-ल) The open forehead. ६. ललल, and ललल a plank.

लललल f. (-लल) 1. A line on the forehead, supposed to indicate long life. 2. A wrinkled or corrugated brow. 3. A coloured sectarian mark on the forehead. ६. ललल the forehead, ललल a line.

लललल f. (-लल) 1. An ornament worn on the forehead, a jewel or star suspended there, or a kind of tiara bound over it. 2. A mark made with sandal, &c., on the forehead. ६. ललल and लल aff., fem. form.

ललल f. (-लल) Adj. Having a handsome forehead.

ललल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Beautiful, agreeable, charming, (in this sense some authorities confine it to the neuter gender, and to its use compounded with another word) n. (-ल) 1. A mark or sign. 2. A banner, a flag, a symbol or ensign. 3. A mark on the forehead. 4. A horn. 5. A tail. 6. Majesty, dignity. 7. Chief, principal. 8. A horse. 9. An ornament. 10. A horse's ornament. 11. A coloured mark on the forehead of a horse or bull, &c. 12. A mane. 13. A line, a row. f. (-लल) 1. Charming. 2. An ornament worn on the ear. ६. लल to play, &c., aff. लल, लल to go, to contribute to or occasion, aff. लल; also with लल aff. ललल।

ललल n. (-ल) A chaplet of flowers falling over the forehead. ६. ललल a mark on the forehead, लल aff. of comparison.

ललल n. (-ल) 1. A mark or sign, &c.: see ललल 2. A species of stanza having ten syllables in the first two Pa'das, eleven in the third, and thirteen in the fourth. 3. An ornament, a decoration. 4. A banner, a flag. 5. A sectarian mark. 6. A tail. 7. Anything the best of its kind: see ललल।

लल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) 1. Wished, desired. 2. Beautiful, lovely. 3. Wanton, dallying. 4. Shaken, trembling, tremulous. 5. Graceful. 6. Gay, cheerful, careless. 7. Slow, gentle. 8. Destroyed. n. (ल) 1. A branch of feminine action, arising from the passion or sentiment of love, and expressive of satisfaction and triumph; softness and delicacy of gesture or motion, putting on appropriate ornaments, &c. 2. Love of pleasure and gaiety. 3. Sport, dalliance. 4. Beauty, charm. 5. Simplicity, innocence. f. (-लल) 1. Musk. 2. A woman in general. 3. A wanton. ६. लल to frolic, &c., or लल to desire, aff. ल; in the first case, ल changed to ल।

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ललितपद Adj. Elegantly composed.

ललितपदार m. (-ल) A gentle blow.

ललितार्थ n. (-ल) Having an amorous meaning.

ललितारमसी f. (-ल) The seventh day of the first-half of Bha'drapada.

लल m. (-ल) 1. Cutting. 3. Loss, destruction. 3. Reaping. 4. Small, little; (according to some authorities, this when used attributively changes its gender, making लल-लल-लल; according to others it is invariably masc.) 5. Smallness, littleness. 6. A minute division of time, the sixtieth part of the twinkling of an eye. 7. A larger division of time, two Ka'sht'has or 36 twinkling of the eye, or about  $\frac{1}{2}$  a second. 8. One of the twin sons of RA'MACHANDRA, by S'ITA, born after she had been abandoned by her husband and brought up at the hermitage of VA'LMIKI 9. A kind of quail. 10. Hair, wool, &c.; that which is cut or shorn from domestic animals. 11. (In arithmetic.) The numerator of a fraction. 12. A degree, (in astronomy.) 13. Sport. 14. Plucking, mowing. 15. A section, a fragment. n. (-ल) 1. The nutmeg. 2. Cloves. ६. लल to cut, aff. लल।

लल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Who or what cuts, reaps, &c. ६. लल to cut, लल aff. लल।

लल m. (ल) The clove tree, (Myristica caryophyllata.) n. (-ल) Cloves. ६. लल to cut, Una'di aff. लल; also with लल added, ललल।

लल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) 1. Salt, saline. 2. Handsome, beautiful. n. (-ल) 1. Sea-salt. 2. Rock or fossil salt. 3. Factitious salt, or salt obtained by boiling clay found near the sea-shore, or any earth impregnated with saline particles. m. (-ल) 1. The saline or salt taste, saltiness. 2. The sea of salt-water. 4. The name of a Rakshasa mentioned in the Ra'ma'yana. f. (-ल) 1. Saline, briny. 2. Light, lustre, beauty. 3. A small river in Tirhut. ६. लल to cut, (rawness, or to assist digestion,) aff. लल, and the final letter made nasal by special rule.

लललल m. (-लल) A salt mine in general, or the district of Sa'mbhar in Ajmere, celebrated for its fossil salt. ६. ललल salt, ललल a mine.

लललल m. (-लल) The sea of salt water. ६. ललल, ललल ocean. [mine.]

लललल m. (-ल) 1. A salt mine. 2. A mine of beauty. ६. ललल, ललल a salt mine.

लललल m. (-लल) 1. Saltiness. 2. Beauty, loveliness.

लललल n. (-ल) 1. Nitre. 2. Rock or river salt. ६. ललल salt, ललल best.

लललल m. (-लल) The sea of salt-water. n. (-ल) Brine. ६. ललल, ललल water.

ललल n. (-ल) 1. Reaping. 2. Cutting. f. (-ल) A coarse kind of custard-apple, (Annona reticulata) "ललल ललल" ६. लल to cut, aff. लल।

लल It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "a little."

ललल f. (ल) A kind of tree, (Averrhoa acid.) "ललल ललल"।

ललल Ind. Piece meal, in pieces. ६. लल a bit, and लल aff.

ललल m. (-ल) A sickle or reaping-hook. ६. लल to cut, Una'di aff. लल।

ललल n. (-ल) A sickle, a reaping-hook. ६. लल to cut, लल aff.

लल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Cutting, edged, sharp, (as an instrument, &c.) ६. लल to cut, Una'di aff. लल।

लल n. (-ल) A sickle, a small reaping hook. ६. लल to cut, aff. लल।

लल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Wishing to cut or reap. ६. लल and लल desirous.

लल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) To be cut. ६. लल to cut, लल aff.

लल r. 10th cl. (लललल-ने) To be skilful or clever, to do any thing skilfully and scientifically. (This root is sometimes written लल or लल.)

लल n. (-ल) Garlic. ६. लल to eat, Una'di aff. लल, and लल substituted for the root; also with the vowel of the aff. long, ललल n. (-ल-ल-ल)।

ललल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Garlicky. n. (-ल) Cat's-eye. ६. ललल and लल aff.

लल r. 1st and 4th ols. (ललल-ने or ललल-ने) To desire, to like, to love. (लल is usually prefixed.) r. 10th cl. (लललल-ने) To be skilful.

लल m. (-ल) A dancer, an actor. ६. लल to be skilled in any art, (as dancing, &c.) and लल Una'di aff.

लल r. 1st cl. (ललल) 1. To embrace. 2. To sport or play. 3. To glitter. 4. To arise. With लल, 1. To glitter. 2. To appear. 3. To blow, to

- लसार्क m. (-कः) A green onion. E. लसा a creeper, लस to heat, aff. लस.।  
 लसालक m. (-कः) An elephant. E. लसा a creeper, and लसक a curl.  
 लसावेष्टन n. (-नः) Embracing, an embrace. E. लसा, वेष्टन surrounding.  
 लसावेष्टितक n. (-कः) An embrace, embracing. E. लसा a creeper, (like it), वेष्टित a surrounding or enfolding, aff. लस.।  
 लसाशुभ m. (-शुभः) The Su tree, (Shorea robusta.) This word is elsewhere read लसाशुभ or लसाशुभ and शुकुतक.।  
 लसिका f. (-का) A twining plant. E. लसा the same, लस aff., fem. form.  
 लसिका f. (-का) A lizard. E. लसा a Sautra root, to hurt, लसिन् Una'di aff.  
 लस (लस) लस r. 1st cl. (लसति) To speak, to utter. With लस prefixed. 1. To talk like, to mimic. 2. To repeat. With लस, To deny. With लस, To address, to speak to. With लस, To talk incoherently. With लस, To gain, to get. With लस, To lament, to bewail. With लस and लस, To contradict, to dispute. With लस, 1. To converse, to discourse. 2. To be cunning or crafty.  
 लसन n. (-नः) The mouth. 2. Talking. E. लस to speak, लस aff. of the instrument or act. [speak, aff. लस।]  
 लसित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Spoken, said. n. (-तः) Voice or speech. E. लस to लस (लस) लसि r. 1st cl. (लसति) 1. To sound. 2. To fall or tumble, to be prostrate. With लस prefixed, 1. To hold, to support. 2. To hang from or on, to depend from. 3. To rest upon. 4. To hang with head downwards. With लस, To trust in, to depend on. With लस, 1. To hang from. 2. To decline, to set. 3. To stay, to remain. 4. To delay, to detain. With लस, To stand erect.  
 लस mfn. (-सः-सा-सः) Gained, acquired, obtained, received. f. (-सा) A woman whose husband or lover is faithless. E. लस to get, aff. लस।  
 लसचित्तम् mfn. (-ता-ता-तः) Recovered, restored to one's senses, come to a right mind. E. लस, and चित्तम् intellect.  
 लसजन्मन् mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्तः) Born. E. लस, and जन्मन् birth.  
 लसधन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Wealthy. E. लस, धन wealth. [proper person.  
 लसप्रयसन n. (-नः) 1. Securing what has been obtained. 2. Bestowing on लसलस्य mfn. (-त्यः-त्या-त्यः) 1. One who has hit the mark. 2. Skilled in the use of missiles. [celebrity.  
 लसवर्ण mfn. (-र्णः-र्णा-र्णः) Sage, learned, a Pandit. E. लस got, वर्ण praise, लसवर्ण mfn. (-वर्णः-वर्णा-वर्णः) Learned. E. लस and विद्या knowledge.  
 लससंज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञः) Revived, recovered from fainting. E. लस, संज्ञ consciousness. [got admission.  
 लसाकर Adj. 1. One who has found an opportunity. 2. One who has लसावकाश mfn. (-शः-शा-शः) Having found an opportunity or interval. E. लस, अवकाश opportunity. [ent, (in math.)  
 लसि f. (-सिः) 1. Acquisition. 2. Gain, profit, advantage. 3. The quotient. लसिन् mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Obtained. E. लस to gain, लसिन् aff.  
 लसिन् Ind. Having gained or got. E. लस to get, लसिन् aff.  
 लस (लस) लस r. 1st cl. (लसति) 1. To obtain, to get or gain. 2. To find. 3. To be able, to be permitted. 4. To recover. 5. To know. With लस, 1. To touch. 2. To offer as a sacrifice. 3. To attain. With लस, 1. To attain. 2. To perceive, to see. With लस and लस prefixed, 1. To blame. 2. To learn. With लस, To gain or regain. With लस and लस, 1. To cheat. 2. To insult. 3. To recover. With लस, To obtain. Caus. (लसयति-ने) 1. To give. 2. To receive. 3. To discover. 4. To cause to take. 5. To cause to suffer. Dosid. (लसते) To long for. (लस) लसि r. 1st cl. (लसति) 1. To sound. 2. To injure. 3. To revile. 4. To gain. With लस prefixed, 1. To apprehend, to understand. 2. To delay. With लस and लस, To revile, to abuse.  
 लसन n. (-नः) The act of obtaining or conceiving.  
 लसन m. (-नः) 1. Wealth. 2. A solicitor, one who asks or solicits. n. (-नः) A horse's foot-rope. E. लस to get, Una'di aff. लस.।  
 लस mfn. (-सः-सा-सः) 1. Attainable, procurable. 2. Fit, right, proper. E. लस to get, aff. लस.। [र changed to ल।  
 लसक m. (-कः) A lover, a gallant. E. लस to sport, Una'di aff. लस, and

- लसपट m. (-टः) 1. A lecher, a libertine, a whore-monger, a gallant. 2. The Bakula tree. f. (-टा) Greedy. [with लसपटन]।  
 लसपटता f. (-ता) Libertinism, dissoluteness. E. लसपट and लस aff.; also लसपट m. (-कः) 1. A country, the district of Lamghan in Ca'bul; 2. A libertine, a lecher. [Mussulma'na.  
 लसपाटन m. (-नः) A kettle-drum, a state-drum, the Na'karn' of the लस m. (-सः) A leap, a jump.  
 लस mfn. (-सः-सा-सः) 1. Spacious, capacious. 2. Great, large, broad, long, expanded either in breadth or length, or both. 3. Pendulous, depending. m. (-सः) 1. A bribe, a present. 2. Moving a man at a sort of backgammon or draughts. 3. A perpendicular, (in geometry.) 4. (In astronomy,) The arc between the pole and zenith of any place. f. (-सा) 1. A name of LAKSHMI'. 2. A name of GAUNI' or DURGA'. 3. A bitter gourd. E. लस to fall, to sound, aff. लस.।  
 लसक m. (-कः) 1. A section, a chapter. 2. A perpendicular, (in geometry) 3. The complement of latitude. E. लस to fall, लस aff.  
 लसकर्म m. (-र्मः) 1. A goat. 2. An elephant. 3. A goblin or Ra'kshasa. 4. A tree, (Alangium hexapetalum.) 5. A hare. 6. An ass. 7. A name of GAN'ES'SA. E. लस large or pendulous, and लस the car.  
 लसज्या f. (-ज्या) Sine or cosine of the latitude. E. लस, and ज्या sine.  
 लसन n. (-नः) 1. Depending, descending, falling. 2. A long necklace, one which depends from the neck to the navel. 3. Parallax in longitude, (of the moon.) m. (-नः) 1. Phlegm, the phlegmatic humour. 2. An epithet of S'IVA. E. लस to fall, &c., aff. लस.।  
 लसमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. Depending, descending, hanging or falling, going down. 2. Being large or bulky. E. लस to fall, &c., and लस aff., लस augment. [लस, fem. form.  
 लसिका f. (-का) The uvula or soft palate. E. लस to hang down, aff. लसित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Suspended, depending, fulling or hanging down. 2. Gone down. 3. Resting on. E. लस to fall down, aff. लस।  
 लसुवा f. (-वा) A necklace or seven strings. E. लस to depend, लस aff.  
 लसोदर m. (-रः) 1. A name of GAN'ES'SA. 2. A glutton. E. लस large, and लस the belly.  
 लसोष्ठ m. (-ष्ठः) A camel. E. लस large, लस a lip.  
 लस m. (-सः) 1. Acquirement. 2. Gain. 3. Recovery.  
 लसन n. (-नः) 1. Abuse, reviling. 2. Gaining, getting. E. लस to sound, &c., aff. लस.।  
 लसयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Causing to get, procuring, producing. E. लस to get, causal v., लस aff.  
 लसा f. (-सा) A sort of chain enclosure or fence.  
 लसित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Caused to get, given to, procured for. 2. Applied to, employed. 3. Spoken to, addressed. 4. Heightened, improved, rendered more perfect or intense. 5. Cherished. 6. Gained. 7. Abused. E. लस to gain, causal form, or लस to revile, लस aff.  
 लस r. 1st cl. (लसति) To go, to move.  
 लस m. (-सः) 1. Equal time in music and dancing. 2. Adherence, union. 3. Fusion, solution, absorption. 4. Concentration, exclusive devotion. 5. Rest, repose. 6. Mental inactivity. 7. An embrace. 8. Destruction. 9. A house, a dwelling. 10. Sport, pastime. n. (-सः) 1. The root of the Andropogon muricatum. 2. Loss, destruction. 3. Fusion, melting. E. लस adhere to, &c., aff. लस.।  
 लसन n. (-नः) 1. Adhering, clinging. 2. Rest, repose. 3. A house.  
 लसपुत्री f. (-त्री) An actress, a female dancer. E. लस equal time in music, पुत्री daughter.  
 लसलस m. (-सः) An actor, a dancer, a mime. E. लस equal time, &c., and लसलस who moves to; it also occurs लसलस and लसलस।  
 लस r. 1st cl. (लसति) To go, to move; also लस.।  
 लस r. 1st cl. (लसति-ने) 1. To sport, to dally. 2. To loll, as the tongue, &c.; see लस, of which it is considered as a various reading only. r. 10th cl. (लसयति-ने) 1. To desire, to wish for, to seek to obtain.

2. To sport, to wanton. 3. To lay. 4. To fondle. (सल्लयति-ते) 1. To desire. 2. To loll the tongue.  
 लमfn. (-लः-ला ल) 1. Sporting, frolicking. 2. Lolling, wagging. 3. Wishing, desirous. ३. लङ् or लञ्, to sport, लञ् aff.  
 लज्ज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Fierce, savage, (as a beast of prey, &c.) m. (जः) 1. A camel. 2. A dog. ३. लल्ल lapping, licking, जिह्व the tongue.  
 लल्ल mfn. (-लल्ल-लली-लल्ल) 1. Shaking, tremulous. 2. Licking, lapping, stirring or touching with the tongue, lolling the tongue, &c. 2. Wantoning, dallying. ३. लङ् to loll, to frolic, &c., participle aff. लट्, and लङ् changed to ल। [water, "लल्लयति च।"]  
 लल्ल m. (-लल्लः) A flower, (Nerium odorum.) ३. लल्ल trembling, लल्ल  
 लल्ल n. (ल) 1. Pleasure, sport, pastime. 2. Lolling the tongue. m. (लः) The Sal tree. f. (-ला) 1. A woman in general. 2. A wanton woman. 3. The tongue. ३. लङ् to frolic, &c., aff. लुट्, लङ् changed to ल।  
 लल्लिका f. (-लल्लिका) A little woman.  
 लल्लिका f. (लल्लिका) 1. A necklace hanging as low as the navel. 2. A lizard. ३. लल्लन् sporting, lolling, &c. fem form, लल्ल added.  
 लल्ल m. (-लल्लः) The penis. ३. लङ् to frolic, aff. लल्ल, लङ् changed to ल।  
 लल्ल n. (-लल्लः) The forehead. ३. लल्ल wish or dalliance, from लङ् with लञ् aff., लट् to go or be, aff. लञ्; also with लङ् added लल्लटक n. (-लल्लटक)।  
 लल्लटक n. (-लल्लटक) The slope of the forehead. ३. लल्लटक, and लल्लटक a bank.  
 लल्लटक mfn. (-लल्लटक-लल्लटक) Burning the forehead, (as the sun.) m. (-लल्लटक) The sun. ३. लल्लटक the forehead, लल्लटक to scorch or inflame, aff. लल्लटक।  
 लल्लटक n. (लल्लटक) 1. A tiara, a fillet. 2. The flat surface of the forehead. ३. लल्लटक, and लल्लटक a cloth or any flat surface.  
 लल्लटकल्लक n. (-लल्लटकल्लक) The open forehead. ३. लल्लटक, and लल्लटक a plank.  
 लल्लटके लल्लिका f. (-लल्लटके लल्लिका) 1. A line on the forehead, supposed to indicate long life. 2. A wrinkled or corrugated brow. 3. A coloured sectarian mark on the forehead. ३. लल्लटक the forehead, लल्लटके a line.  
 लल्लटिका f. (-लल्लटिका) 1. An ornament worn on the forehead, a jewel or star suspended there, or a kind of tiara bound over it. 2. A mark made with sandal, &c., on the forehead. ३. लल्लटक and लल्लटक aff., fem. form.  
 लल्लटिका f. (-लल्लटिका) Adj. Having a handsome forehead.  
 लल्लटिका mfn. (-लल्लटिका-लल्लटिका) Beautiful, agreeable, charming, (in this sense some authorities confine it to the neuter gender, and to its use compounded with another word) n. (-लल्लटिका) 1. A mark or sign. 2. A banner, a flag, a symbol or ensign. 3. A mark on the forehead. 4. A horn. 5. A tail. 6. Majesty, dignity. 7. Chief, principal. 8. A horse. 9. An ornament. 10. A horse's ornament. 11. A coloured mark on the forehead of a horse or bull, &c. 12. A mane. 13. A line, a row. f. (-लल्लटिका) 1. Charming. 2. An ornament worn on the ear. ३. लल्लटिका to play, &c., aff. लल्लटिका, लल्लटिका to go, to contribute to or occasion, aff. लल्लटिका; also with लल्लटिका aff. लल्लटिका।  
 लल्लटिका n. (लल्लटिका) A chaplet of flowers falling over the forehead. ३. लल्लटिका a mark on the forehead, लल्लटिका aff. of comparison.  
 लल्लटिका n. (-लल्लटिका) 1. A mark or sign, &c.: see लल्लटिका 2. A species of stanza having ten syllables in the first two Pa'das, eleven in the third, and thirteen in the fourth. 3. An ornament, a decoration. 4. A banner, a flag. 5. A sectarian mark. 6. A tail. 7. Anything the best of its kind : see लल्लटिका।  
 लल्लटिका mfn. (-लल्लटिका-लल्लटिका) 1. Wished, desired. 2. Beautiful, lovely. 3. Wanton, dallying. 4. Shaken, trembling, tremulous. 5. Graceful. 6. Gay, cheerful, careless. 7. Slow, gentle. 8. Destroyed. n. (लल्लटिका) 1. A branch of feminine action, arising from the passion or sentiment of love, and expressive of satisfaction and triumph; softness and delicacy of gesture or motion, putting on appropriate ornaments, &c. 2. Love of pleasure and gaiety. 3. Sport, dalliance. 4. Beauty, charm. 5. Simplicity, innocence. f. (-लल्लटिका) 1. Musk. 2. A woman in general. 3. A wanton. ३. लल्लटिका to frolic, &c., or लल्लटिका to desire, aff. लल्लटिका; in the first case, लङ् changed to ल।

लल्लितपद Adj. Elegantly composed.  
 लल्लितप्रहार m. (-लल्लितः) A gentle blow.  
 लल्लितार्थ n. (-लल्लितः) Having an amorous meaning.  
 लल्लितासप्तमी f. (-लल्लिता) The seventh day of the first-half of Bha'drapada.  
 लल्ल m. (-लल्लः) 1. Cutting. 2. Loss, destruction. 3. Reaping. 4. Small, little; (according to some authorities, this when used attributively changes its gender, making लल्लः-लल्लिका-लल्लिका; according to others it is invariably masc.) 5. Smallness, littleness. 6. A minute division of time, the sixtieth part of the twinkling of an eye. 7. A larger division of time, two Ka'sht'has or 36 twinkling of the eye, or about  $\frac{1}{2}$  a second. 8. One of the twin sons of RA'MACHANDRA, by S'ITA', born after she had been abandoned by her husband and brought up at the hermitage of VALMUKI 9. A kind of quail. 10. Hair, wool, &c.; that which is cut or shorn from domestic animals. 11. (In arithmetic.) The numerator of a fraction. 12. A degree, (in astronomy.) 13. Sport. 14. Plucking, mowing. 15. A section, a fragment. n. (-लल्लः) 1. The nutmeg. 2. Cloves. ३. लल्लू to cut, aff. लल्ल।  
 लल्लक mfn. (-लल्लः-लल्लक) Who or what cuts, reaps, &c. ३. लल्लू to cut, लल्लू aff.  
 लल्लक m. (लल्लक) The clove tree, (Myristica caryophyllata.) n. (-लल्लक) Cloves. ३. लल्लू to cut, Una'di aff. लल्लक; also with लल्ल added, लल्लक।  
 लल्लक mfn. (-लल्लक-लल्लक) 1. Salt, saline. 2. Handsome, beautiful. n. (-लल्लक) 1. Sea-salt. 2. Rock or fossil salt. 3. Factitious salt, or salt obtained by boiling clay found near the sea-shore, or any earth impregnated with saline particles. m. (-लल्लक) 1. The saline or salt taste, saltiness. 2. The sea of salt-water. 4. The name of a Rakshasa mentioned in the Ra'ma'yana. f. (-लल्लक) 1. Saline, briny. 2. Light, lustre, beauty. 3. A small river in Tirhut. ३. लल्लू to cut, (rawness, or to assist digestion,) aff. लल्लक, and the final letter made nasal by special rule.  
 लल्लकल्लिका m. (-लल्लक) A salt mine in general, or the district of Sa'mbhar in Ajmere, celebrated for its fossil salt. ३. लल्लक salt, लल्लिका a mine.  
 लल्लकल्लिका m. (-लल्लक) The sea of salt water. ३. लल्लक, लल्लक ocean. [mine.  
 लल्लकल्लिका m. (-लल्लक) 1. A salt mine. 2. A mine of beauty. ३. लल्लक, लल्लक a  
 लल्लकल्लिका m. (-लल्लक) 1. Saltiness. 2. Beauty, loveliness.  
 लल्लकल्लिका n. (-लल्लक) 1. Nitre. 2. Rock or river salt. ३. लल्लक salt, लल्लक best.  
 लल्लकल्लिका m. (-लल्लक) The sea of salt-water. n. (-लल्लक) Brine. ३. लल्लक, लल्लक water.  
 लल्लक n. (-लल्लक) 1. Reaping. 2. Cutting. f. (-लल्लक) A coarse kind of custard-apple, (Annona reticulata) "लोवा चाता।" ३. लल्लू to cut, aff. लल्लक।  
 लल्लक It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "a little."  
 लल्लक f. (लल्लक) A kind of tree, (Averrhoa acid.) "लोवा फल।"  
 लल्लक Ind. Piece meal, in pieces. ३. लल्लक a bit, and लल्लक aff.  
 लल्लक m. (-लल्लक) A sickle or reaping-hook. ३. लल्लू to cut, Una'di aff. लल्लक।  
 लल्लक n. (-लल्लक) A sickle, a reaping-hook. ३. लल्लू to cut, लल्लक Una'di aff.  
 लल्लक mfn. (लल्लक-लल्लक) Cutting, edged, sharp, (as an instrument, &c.) ३. लल्लू to cut, Una'di aff. लल्लक।  
 लल्लक n. (लल्लक) A sickle, a small reaping hook. ३. लल्लू to cut, aff. लल्लक।  
 लल्लक mfn. (-लल्लक-लल्लक) Wishing to cut or reap. ३. लल्लक and लल्लक desirous.  
 लल्लक mfn. (लल्लक-लल्लक) To be cut. ३. लल्लू to cut, लल्लक aff.  
 लल्लक r. 10th cl. (लल्लकल्लिका-लल्लक) To be skilful or clever, to do any thing skilfully and scientifically. (This root is sometimes written लल्लक or लल्लक).  
 लल्लक n. (-लल्लक) Garlic. ३. लल्लक to eat, Una'di aff. लल्लक, and लल्लक substituted for the root; also with the vowel of the aff, long, लल्लक n. (-लल्लक).  
 लल्लकल्लिका mfn. (-लल्लक-लल्लक) Garlicky. n. (-लल्लक) Cat's-eye. ३. लल्लक and लल्लक aff.  
 लल्लक r. 1st and 4th cls. (लल्लकल्लिका-लल्लक) To desire, to like, to love. (लल्लक is usually prefixed.) r. 10th cl. (लल्लकल्लिका-लल्लक) To be skilful.  
 लल्लक m. (-लल्लक) A dancer, an actor. ३. लल्लक to be skilled in any art, (as dancing, &c.) and लल्लक Una'di aff.  
 लल्लक r. 1st cl. (लल्लकल्लिका) 1. To embrace. 2. To sport or play. 3. To glitter. 4. To arise. With लल्लक, 1. To glitter. 2. To appear. 3. To blow, to

open. With परि, To appear gaudy. With वि, To sound, to echo. r. 10th cl. (सायतिने) 1. To be skilful, to do any thing skilfully or scientifically. 2. To work. With उत् prefixed, 1. To shine, to be brilliant or splendid. 2. To be happy or delighted. With वि, To gambol, to sport, especially amorously.

लसत् mfn. (-सन्-सन्-सत्) 1. Sporting, playing. 2. Shining. 3. Glancing, (as rays of light.) E. लस् to sport, लृट् aff.

लसा f. (-सा) 1. Turmeric. 2. Saffron. E. लस् to sport, affs. लृट् and टाप् । लसिका f. (-का) Saliva, spittle. E. रस् to taste, &c., aff. लृट्, र changed to ल । लसित f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Sported. 2. Arose, appeared. 3. Moved about. लसीका f. (-का) 1. Spittle. 2. Pus, matter. 3. Lymph. 4. The juice of the sugarcane. [2. To blush.

लसज् (लो, ई) लोखन्त्री r. 6th cl. (लज्जते) 1. To be modest or ashamed. लस mfn. (-सः-सा-सो) 1. Grasped, embraced. 2. Skilled, skilful. m. (-सः) The middle of a bow. E. लस् to embrace, aff. लृट् ।

लसक m. (-कः) The middle of a bow. E. लस grasped, aff. लृट् । लसकन् m. (-को) A bow. E. लसक the middle of a bow, and इनि aff.

लहरि f. (-रि-री) A large wave or surf. ला r. 2nd cl. (लाति) 1. To give. 2. To get, to receive.

लाङ्गिक m. (-कः) Armed with a club : see लाङ्गिक । लाङ्गिकी f. (-की) A name of S'ita'.

लाङ्गिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Secondary, inferior, subordinate. 2. Indicatory, characteristic. 3. Technical. 4. Acquainted with signs. m. (-कः) A technical term, a word implying a definition. E. लङ्गण and लङ्ग aff.

लाङ्गण mfn. (-ण्यः-ण्या-ण्य) Indicative, symptomatic, relating to a mark or sign, &c. f. (-ण्या) One who can interpret signs. E. लङ्गण, यञ् aff.

लाक्षा f. (-क्षा) Lac, a red dye, or an insect which is analogous to the cochineal insect, and like it forms when died and prepared, a dye of a red colour ; the nest is formed of a resinous substance which is used as sealing wax, and as an article of decoration by women, and is usually termed 'Shel lac'. E. लक्ष् to mark or stain, aff. लृट्, and लृट् added, the vowel made long ; or लक्ष a hundred thousand, लृट् aff. : made by a multitude of the insects.

लाक्षातक m. (-कः) The Pala'sh-tree, (Butea frondosa.) E. लाक्षा lac, and तक a tree ; the insect being especially found in this tree.

लाक्षाप्रसादन m. (-नः) The red Lo'd'h, a tree from the bark of which an astringent infusion is prepared, which is used to fix colour in dyeing. E. लाक्षा lac, प्रसादन cleansing. [see लाक्षातक ।

लाक्षातक m. (-कः) The Butea frondosa. E. लाक्षा the lac, and तक a tree : लाक्षिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Made of lac, &c. 2. Relating to a large number or a lakh. E. लाक्षा, and लङ्ग aff.

लाक्ष् (लृट्) लाक्ष् r. 1st cl. (लाक्षति) 1. To be dry or arid. 2. To adorn. 3. To be able or competent to. 4. To give. 5. To refuse or prevent.

लाङ्गिक f. (-की) Adj. Armed with a club. m. (-कः) A sentinel.

लाक्ष् (लृट्) लाक्ष् r. 1st cl. (लाक्षते) To be able, equal or competent.

लाघव n. (-वं) 1. Health. 2. Lightness, delicacy, minuteness. 3. Meanness, insignificance. 4. Frivolity. 5. Speed. 6. Activity. 7. Smallness. 8. Ease. 9. Brevity. 10. Contempt. E. लघु light, &c. and लृट् aff.

लाङ्गण n. (-ण) 1. A plough. 2. The penis. 3. The palm tree. 4. A sort of flower. 5 The main beam of a house. f. (-ली) 1. An aquatic shrub, (Jussiaea repens) 2. A creeping shrub, (Commelina salicifolia.) 3. Another creeper, (Nama repens.) 4. A plant, (Gloriosa superba.) E. लङ्गि to go, to limp, &c., Unádi aff. कलृच्, and the vowel made long.

लाङ्गणयन् m. (-यः) A ploughman. E. लाङ्गण a plough, and यन् who takes.

लाङ्गणयन् n. (-यः) Guiding the plough, ploughing. E. लाङ्गण, यन् taking.

लाङ्गणयन् m. (-यः) The pole or shaft of a plough. E. लाङ्गण, दण्ड a stick.

लाङ्गणयन् m. (-यः) An epithet of BALARA'MA.

लाङ्गणयन्ति f. (-तिः) A furrow. E. लाङ्गण a plough, and यन्ति a line.

लाङ्गणयन् m. (-यः) A ploughshare.

लाङ्गणयन् mfn. (-कः-की-क) Relating or belonging to a plough. m. (-कः)

One of the thirty-four species of the fixed, or mineral and vegetable poisons. f. (-का-की) A small creeper, commonly called 'La'ngal', (Gloriosa superba, or Commelina salicifolia.) E. लाङ्गणी a name of several plants, aff. लृट्, fem. form : or लाङ्गण and लृट् aff.

लाङ्गणयन् m. (-ली) 1. A name of BALARA'MA. 2. The coconut tree. 3. A snake. E. लाङ्गण a plough, and इनि aff.

लाङ्गणीया f. (-या) The pole of a plough.

लाङ्गणयन् n. (-यः) A horse's tail. E. लङ्गि to go, aff. लृट् : see the next.

लाङ्गणयन् n. (-यः) 1. A hairy tail, (as a horse's, &c.) 2. The penis. 3. A granary, a basket or shed for holding corn or grain. E. लङ्गि to go. Unádi aff. लृट्, and the radical vowel made long. [aff. इनि]

लाङ्गणयन् mfn. (ली-लिनी-लि) Tailed. m. (-ली) A monkey. E. लाङ्गण a tail.

लाङ्गणयन् (र) लाङ्गणयन् r. 1st cl. (लाङ्गणयति) 1. To mark. 2. To decorate; also लाङ्गणयन् r. 1st cl. (लाङ्गणयति) (र) लाङ्गणयति (लाङ्गणयति) 1. To blame. 2. To fry.

लाङ्गणयन् m. (-यः) Grain, wetted or sprinkled. n. (-यः) The root of the Andropogon muricatum. f. (-या) or masc. plu. (-यः) Fried grain

E. लाङ्गणयन् to fry, aff. लृट् ।

लाङ्गणयन् n. (-यः) 1. A name, an appellation. 2. A mark or sign. 3. A stain, a mark of ignominy. 4. A land-mark. 5. The spots on the disc of the moon. E. लाङ्गणयन् to mark, aff. लृट् । [with. 4. Decorated

लाङ्गणयन् f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Marked, distinguished. 2. Named. 3. Furnished

लाङ्गणयन् mfn. (-यः-टा-ट) Old or worn, spoiled, shabby, (as clothes, ornaments, &c.) 2. Childish. m. (-यः) 1. Cloth, clothes. 2. Fault, defect.

3. Idle or inebrate language. 4. Repetition of words in the same sense, but in a different application. 5. The name of a country, the upper part of the Dakshin, La'r or Larice. E. लृट् to be childish, aff. लृट् or लृट् ; or लाङ्गणयन् a Ka'ndwa'di root, to live, aff. लृट् ।

लाङ्गणयन् m. (-यः) A figure of rhetoric; repetition of a word in the same sense, but with a different application. E. लाङ्गणयन्, लृट्, लृट् aff.

लाङ्गणयन् f. (-ती) 1. A particular style of composition. 2. Name of a Pra'krita dialect. [caress. 3. To blame.

लाङ्गणयन् r. 10th cl. (लाङ्गणयतिने) 1. To throw, to toss. 2. To fondle, to लाङ्गणयन् f. (-नी) An unchaste woman.

लाङ्गणयन् f. (-ती) Taken, received.

लाङ्गणयन् m. (-यः) Speaking, talking, prating. E. लृट् to speak, aff. लृट् । लाङ्गणयन् mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be said or spoken. E. लृट् to speak, aff. लृट् ।

लाङ्गणयन् m. (-यः) A sort of quail ; also with लृट् added, लाङ्गणयन् । लाङ्गणयन् r. 10th cl. (लाङ्गणयति) To throw, to send or direct.

लाङ्गणयन् m. (-यः) 1. Profit. 2. Gain, in general, acquirement, acquisition. 3. Interest. 4. Conquest. 5. Perception. E. लृट् to get or gain, aff. लृट् ।

लाङ्गणयन् mfn. (-यः-य) Gaining, making profit. E. लाङ्गणयन्, लृट् who makes.

लाङ्गणयन् mfn. (-यः-यः-य) Covetous, grasping, desirous of gain or profit. E. लाङ्गणयन्, and लृट्, desirous.

लाङ्गणयन् m. (-यः) Profit and loss. E. लाङ्गणयन्, and लृट्, not gain.

लाङ्गणयन् n. (-यः) The root of the Andropogon muricatum, a fragrant grass. E. लाङ्गणयन् what takes or removes, (heat, &c.), लृट्, the pith, and लृट् added. "वेणार मूल" ।

लाङ्गणयन् n. (-यः) Wheedling, coaxing. E. लृट् to sport, causal v., लृट् aff.

लाङ्गणयन् mfn. (-यः-यः-य) Bewailing or supplicating much. E. लृट् to speak, freq. v., लृट् aff.

लाङ्गणयन् mfn. (-यः-यः-य) Wishing to enjoy. E. लृट् to desire, freq.

लाङ्गणयन् f. (-या) Adj. 1. Ardently desirous of. 2. Devoted to, finding pleasure in.

लाङ्गणयन् mf. (-यः-या) 1. Ardent desire. 2. Regret, sorrow, missing, wish

ing for any person or object absent. 3. Soliiciting, asking. 4. Th

languing of pregnant women. 5. Wanton sport, dalliance. E. लृट् to desire, to wish for, लृट्, Una'di aff. ; or लृट् to wish, or लृट् to sport, affs. लृट् and टाप्, and the root reiterated, deriv. irr. Va

chaspatya defines it thus :—लृट् लृट्वायां यत् लृट् भावे च ।



सास्योक्त n. (-कः) Sauce, gravy. E. सास्य desire, ईकन् aff.  
 सास्य f. (-कः) Saliva, spittle. E. सस् to wish, चिन्-चच् and टप् affs.  
 सास्योक्त mfn. (-कः-कौ-कः) 1. Relating to the forehead, worn on it, be-  
 longing to it, &c. 2. Contemplating the forehead, looking at it, &c.  
 3. Low, vile. 4. Relating to fate or destiny. mf. (-कः-कौ) 1. An  
 attentive servant, one who watches a master's countenance, and  
 learns by it what is necessary to be done. 2. An idler, one who  
 is unable to work, and is a burden to his patron. m. (-कः) A par-  
 ticular mode of embracing. E. सस्य the forehead, aff. टक् ।  
 सास्योक्त m. (-कः) Passing mucus urine. E. सास्य, and सस् urine.  
 सास्योक्त m. (-कः) An insect, whose spittle is venomous or acrid, as a  
 spider, &c. E. सस्य saliva, विष venom. [distil, aff. चिन् चच् ।  
 सास्योक्त m. (-कः) 1. A spider. 2. A flow of saliva. E. सास्य saliva, सस् to  
 salivate. m. (-कः) A buffalo. f. (-कः) A jesting or evasive reply, equivo-  
 que. E. सास्य saliva, टक् aff.  
 सास्योक्त mfn. (-कः-कौ-कः) 1. Loved, desired. 2. Cherished, treated tenderly.  
 3. Coaxed, wheedled, seduced. E. सस् to desire, causal v, क् aff.  
 सास्योक्त m. (-कः) A fondling, a pet, a little favourite.  
 सास्योक्त n. (-कः) 1. Beauty, loveliness. 2. Gaiety. 3. Amorous gestures.  
 4. Gracefulness, &c. E. सस्य, and सस् aff.  
 सास्योक्त mfn. (-कौ-कौ-कौ) Wheedling, coaxing, fondling. m. (-कौ) A  
 seducer. f. (-कौ) A wanton. E. सस् to sport, causal v., चिन्च् aff.  
 सास्य f. (-कः) A sort of necklace.  
 सास्य mfn. (-कः-कौ-कः) 1. Cutting down. 2. Killing. 3. Plucking, gather-  
 ing. mf. (-कः-कौ) A sort of quail, (Perdix chinensis.) E. सस् to cut, to  
 eat, (corn), causal form, aff. चच्; also with कन् added, लावक m. (-कः) ।  
 लावक m. (-कः) 1. A cutter, a divider. 2. A quail.  
 लावक mfn. (-कः-कौ-कः) 1. Salted, dressed or cooked with salt. 2. Salt,  
 belonging or relating to it, &c. E. सस्य salt, aff. चच् ।  
 लावक mfn. (-कः-कौ-कः) 1. Salted, cooked or dressed with salt. 2.  
 Relating to salt, &c. 3. Lovely, beautiful. m. (-कः) A vender of salt.  
 n. (-कः) A vessel holding salt, a salt-cellar. E. सस्य salt, aff. टक् ।  
 लावक n. (-कः) 1. Saltiness, the taste or property of salt. 2. Beauty,  
 loveliness. E. सस्य salt, and सस् aff.  
 लावकौ f. (-कौ) Great beauty. E. लावक, and श्री wealth.  
 लावकौ n. (-कः) Property belonging to a woman, consisting of that  
 which has been presented to her at her marriage as a token of  
 respect, as a mark of kindness, or by her father or mother-in-law.  
 E. लावक loveliness, and सस्य acquired.  
 लावक m. (-कः) A buffalo. E. सस्य cutting, टक् aff.  
 लाव f. (-कः-कौ) A pumpkin gourd, (Cucurbita lagonaria.) E. सस् to cut,  
 to destroy, (disease,) aff. चच्; also with कन् added लावका, and  
 with स्र or स्राङ् prefixed, स्रलाव स्रलाव । [स्यत् aff.  
 लाव mfn. (-कः-कौ-कः) To be cut, to be cut off or drown. E. सस् to cut,  
 लावक f. (-कः-कौ) Adj. Covetous, greedy.  
 लाव m. (-कः) 1. Dancing in general. 2. Dancing, as practised by wo-  
 men: see लाव्य. 3. Pulse that has been steeped or slightly boiled,  
 pea-water, &c. not thickened to the consistency of Yu'sha or pease-  
 soup. 4. Dalliance, wanton sport, &c. E. सस् to sport, aff. चच् ।  
 लावक m. (-कः) 1. A dancer, an actor, a mime. 2. A peacock. 3. Em-  
 bracing, enfolding, surrounding. 4. One who sports or gambols.  
 n. (-कः) A turret, a room on the top of a building. f. (लाविका or  
 लाविकी) 1. A female-dancer, a Na'utch-girl. 2. A wanton, a harlot.  
 E. सस् to embrace, to be skilful, (in the art of dancing,) aff. चच् ।  
 लाविकी f. (-कौ) A gimlet, an auger.  
 लाव n. (-कः) 1. Dancing in general. 2. Symphony, or union of song,  
 dance, and instrumental music. 3. A mode of dance in which  
 the emotions of love are represented mimically, the Na'utch  
 of India, or dance practised by women chiefly, and confined to  
 attitude and gesticulation, with a shuffling motion of the feet

seldom lifted from the ground; this style is said to have been  
 invented by PA'RVATI, and communicated by her to the daughter  
 of VA'N'ASURA, by whom her female friends and companions were  
 instructed in it; as a species, it is opposed to the TA'NDAVA, the  
 most boisterous dance of S'IVA, and his followers or men. 4. A  
 part or embellishment of dramatic composition, the occasional  
 introduction of music and singing; also abrupt transition from  
 Pra'krita to Sanskrit and from Sanskrit to Pra'krita, &c. m. (-कः)  
 A dancer. f. (-कः) A female dancer. E. सस् to be skilled in the art  
 of dancing, स्यत् aff. [लाव्य, कन् pleonasm.  
 लावक n. (-कः) Dancing in general, or a particular style of dancing. E.  
 लाव्य n. (-कः) A part of a drama, of the Lasya order: see लाव्य. E.  
 लाव्य and सस्य a part.  
 लाव m. (-कः) 1. Weariness. 2. Loss, destruction. 3. End, term. 4. Equality,  
 sameness. 5. A bracelet. E. ला to take, or ली to melt, &c., aff. क् ।  
 लावक m. (-कः) A sort of bread-fruit tree, (Artocarpus laeucha,) E.  
 लावक q. v., and क् substituted for the first vowel. [“निकि” ।  
 लाव f. (-कः) A nit, a young louse. E. It is a various reading of लाव  
 लाव f. (-कः) 1. A nit, a young louse, or the egg of a louse. 2. A  
 poppy seed considered as a measure of weight, or one sixth of a  
 mustard seed. E. सस् to mark, aff. चच्, क् substituted for the radical  
 vowel and the deriv. irr.; also क् being substituted for the final  
 लाव, and with कन् added, fem. form, लाविका; again with क्  
 substituted for the radical vowel लाव, &c.; also read लाव्य ।  
 लाविका f. (-कः) A nit. “केशकोटभेदे, निक्षि इति भाषा: see लाविका ।  
 लाव्य r. 6th cl. (लाव्यति) 1. To write. 2. To scratch, to scrape, to tear  
 up. 3. To draw a line, to make a mark, &c. 4. To draw, to sketch,  
 to portray, to paint. 5. To touch. 6. To make smooth. 7. To unite  
 sexually with female. With च्, 1. To scratch. 2. To write. 3. To  
 paint. With उट्, 1. To scrape. 2. To carve. 3. To polish. With प्रत्,  
 To write in return, to reply. With फत्, 1. To scratch. 2. To write.  
 3. To paint, to draw, to delineate. 4. To implant, to infix. r. 1st cl.  
 (लाव्यति) (क्) लाव्य r. 1st cl. (लाव्यति) To go, to move.  
 लाव्य m. (-कः) 1. Writing. 2. A writer. E. लाव्य to write, क् aff.  
 लाव्य mfn. (-कन्-कौ-कौ) 1. Writing. 2. Painting, delineating  
 3. Scratching, making streaks or lines. E. लाव्य to write, स्यत् aff.  
 लाव्य n. (-कः) 1. Scripture, writing. 2. A writing, a written document.  
 3. Scratching. 4. Writing, inscribing. 5. Scouring. E. लाव्य to  
 write, aff. छट्; and the vowel unchanged.  
 लाव्य mfn. (-कः-कौ-कौ) 1. Written. 2. Drawn, delineated, painted:  
 (painting being considered a sort of writing.) 3. Drawn as lines,  
 scratched. 4. Sacrificed. n. (-कः) 1. Scripture, writing. 2. A writing,  
 a manuscript, a written book or paper. E. लाव्य to write, aff. क् ।  
 लाव्य Ind. Having written, delineated, &c. E. लाव्य to write, स्यत् aff.  
 लाव्य f. (-कः) A poppy seed, considered as a minute measure of  
 weight, variously estimated at four or eight Trasare'nus or motes,  
 or the sixth part of a mustard seed, &c. E. लाव्य to write, क् aff.  
 लाव्य (क्) लाव्य r. 1st cl. (लाव्यति) To go, to move. r. 1st and 10th cls.  
 (लाव्यति लाव्यति-ने) To paint, to variegate. With च्, To embrace.  
 लाव्य n. (-कः) 1. The heart, the mind. m. (-कः) 1. A fool, a blockhead.  
 2. A deer. 3. Part of the earth. E. सस् to be near or with, Unádi  
 aff. क्, and क् substituted for the radical vowel.  
 लाव्य n. (-कः) 1. A mark, a spot, a stain, a sign, a token, &c. 2. A  
 badge or mark assumed with a view to deceive. 3. A sign of sex,  
 the penis. 4. The phallus, or S'IVA under that emblem. 5. In-  
 ference, probable conclusion. 6. The premises leading to a con-  
 clusion. 7. Nature or Prakriti, according to the Sa'nul'hya  
 philosophy, which considers this as the active power in creation.  
 8. Gender, (as पुल्लिङ्गः the masculine gender, &c.) 9. The order of  
 the religious student. 10. Symptom or mark of disease. 11. The

predicate of a proposition. 12. Evidence. **लि** to go, &c., aff. **च**।

**लिङ्गक** m. (-कः) The elephant or wood-apple; (*Feronia elephantium*; &c.) **लि** the penis, and **क** aff. “कथितवेल् इति भाषा”।

**लिङ्गन** n. (-नः) 1. Licking. 2. Embracing.

**लिङ्गनाश** m. (-शः) 1. Loss of any characteristic mark, &c. 2. Loss of vision from cataract, &c., considered to be discoloration of the pupil, either red, white, or yellow. 3. Loss of the penis. **लि** mark, (of the eye &c.); नाश destruction.

**लिङ्गपरामर्श** m. (-र्शः) The consideration of a sign or He'tu, (in logic).

**लिङ्गवर्धन** m. (-नः) The elephant or wood-apple; (*Feronia elephantium*). **लि** the penis, and **वर्ध** increasing.

**लिङ्गवर्धनी** f. (-नी) A plant, (*Achyranthes aspera*): “अपामर्ग इवे”।

**लिङ्गविपर्यय** m. (-यः) Change of gender, (in grammar).

**लिङ्गहवि** m. (-हविः) A religious hypocrite, one who assumes the dress, &c., of an ascetic in order to get a livelihood. **लि** a mark, external shew or sign, (as the clotted hair, &c.) and **हवि** practice.

**लिङ्गशरीर** n. (-रः) One of the five sheaths that enclose the soul, (in Vedānta-philosophy.) Also **लिङ्गदेह**।

**लिङ्गस्थ** m. (-स्थः) A religious student. **लि** and **स्थ** who stays.

**लिङ्गानुशासन** n. (-नः) The laws of Grammatical gender. [worshipping.]

**लिङ्गार्चन** n. (-नः) Worship of the Linga or phallus. **लि**, and **अर्चन**

**लिङ्गालिका** f. (-का) A small mouse or shrew.

**लिङ्गान्** mfn. (-ङ्गो-ङ्गो-ङ्गो) 1. Having marks, &c. 2. Indicated, characterized. m. (-ङ्गो) 1. An elephant. 2. A hypocrite, a pretended devotee. 3. An ascetic. 4. A religious student. 5. A worshipper of S'iva in the phallic type. 6. The subject of a preposition, (in logic.) **लि** a mark, and **ङ्ग** aff.

**लिङ्गवेष** m. (-वेषः) 1. The dress or the insignia of religious student, the skin, staff, bowl, &c. 2. The dress or appearance of a follower of S'iva. **लि** **ङ्गान्**, and **वेष** attire.

**लिप्** (फञ्, षी) **लि** **प** 6th cl. (लिप्ति-ते) 1. To increase or add to. 2. To anoint, to smear, to plaster. 3. To cover. 4. To kindle, to inflame. 5. To stain, to pollute. With **अनु**, 1. To besmear, to anoint. 2. To cover, to envelop. With **अव**, To anoint. With **आ**, 1. To besmear. 2. To contaminate. With **नि**, To besmear.

**लिप** m. (-पः) Smearing, plastering. **लि** **प** to smear, aff. **क**।

**लिपि** f. (-पिः) 1. Writing in general, handwriting. 2. A writing, a written paper or book, &c. 3. Painting, drawing. 4. Smearing. 5. Alphabet. 6. A document. **लि** **प** to spread, (ink, &c.) Unádi aff. **ङ्क्** with **डीप्** optionally added, the radical vowel unchanged.

**लिपिकर** m. (-रः) A scribe, &c. see **लिपिकार**. **लि** **पि**, **कर** who executes.

**लिपिका** f. (-का) Writing, a writing. **लि** **पि** writing, **क** added, fem. form.

**लिपिकार** m. (-रः) 1. A scribe, a writer. 2. An engraver. 3. A plasterer, a white-washer. **लि** **पि** writing, and **कार** who makes, from **कृ** to make, and **अण्** aff; also with **ट** aff. **लिपिकर**।

**लिपिज्ञ** mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञ) One who can write. **लि** **पि**, and **ज्ञ** who knows

**लिपिसज्जा** f. (-ज्जा) Implements or materials for writing. **लि** **पि**, and **सज्जा** preparation.

**लिस** mfn. (-सः-सा-स) 1. Smeared, anointed, plastered, spread. 2. Eaten. 3. Envenomed, spread or touched with any poisonous substance. 4. Embraced, united, connected with; &c. 5. Defiled or contaminated by. 6. Stained, soiled. **लि** **प** to smear, aff. **क्**; or in the last sense **ली** to cling to, Uná'di aff. **त्**, with **गुट्** augment, and the radical vowel made short.

**लिसक** m. (-कः) A poisoned arrow. **लि** **स** poisoned, **क** aff.

**लिसवन्** mfn. (-वन्-वती-वत्) 1. Anointed, plastered. 2. Touched. 3. Vitiated, defiled. **लि** **प** to smear, **क्** **वन्** aff. [इत् the hand:]

**लिसवक्** mfn. (-वक्-वा-व) Having the hands stained or smeared. **लि** **स**, **लि** **स** f. (-सा) Wish, desire, (in general.) 2. Desire of obtaining. **लि**

**लि** the desid. erative form of to **लम्** get, (to wish to get,) **स्** aff. **चङ्** and **टाप्**।

**लिसित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Coveted, desired. **लि** **स्** to wish, to obtain, **क्** aff.

**लिसु** mfn. (-सुः-सुः-सुः) Desirous, desiring, wishing, cupidinous. **लि** **स्** desiderative of **लम्**, (see the last,) and **उ** aff.

**लिय** m. (-यः) Smearing, anointing, plastering. **लि** **प** to smear (taking in its derivative forms the nasal augment,) and **य** aff.

**लियट** m. (-टः) A lecher, a whore-monger. f. (-टी) Libidinous, lustful. **लि** **पि** to smear with unguents, **चट्** aff.; also **लियट**।

**लियत्** m. (-त्) 1. The lime tree, (*Citrus acida*). “पातिनिवुर गच्छ”। 2. An ass. **लि** **पि** to smear, aff. **काकन्**।

**लिवि** f. (-विः-वी) Writing, hand-writing, or a writing, a manuscript. **लि** **प** to smear, (with ink,) Uná'di aff. **ङ्क्**, with the vowel unchanged, and **व** substituted for **प**।

**लितिकर** m. (-रः) A scribe, a writer. **लि** **वि** writing, **कर** who executes.

**लिविहर** m. (-रः) A writer, a scribe. **लि** **वि** writing, **ह** to practise, **चङ्** aff.

**लिश्** (षी) **लि** **श्** r. 4th cl. (लिश्यते) To lessen or become less. r. 6th cl. (लिशति) To go, to move, to approach.

**लिट** f. (-टः) Lessened, decreased.

**लिव** m. (-वः) A dancer, an actor. **लि** **व्** to be skilled, (in dancing.) Uná'di aff. **क्कन्**, and **ङ्** substituted for the radical vowel.

**लिङ्** r. 2nd cl. (लिङ् लोढे Desid, लिङ्गति ते) To taste, to taste with tongue, to lick, to sip. With **अव**, To chew, to lick. With **आ**, 1. To lick. 2. To pierce. 3. To wound. With **उद्**, To polish.

**ली** r. 1st cl. (लयति) To melt, to liquefy. r. 4th cl. (लीयते) 1. To stick together. 2. To lurk in, to hide in. 3. To be dissolved. 4. To be sticky. 5. To be devoted to. 6. To vanish, to disappear. With **अभि**, To cover, to spread over. With **आ**, 1. To cover, to besmear. 2. To lurk or hide in. With **नि**, 1. To lie down, to alight. 2. To conceal oneself, (with an abl.) 3. To perish. With **प्र**, 1. To be absorbed in. 2. To vanish. With **वि**, 1. To cleave to. 2. To settle on. 3. To melt away. 4. To disappear, to perish. With **सङ्**, 1. To cling to. 2. To lie down. 3. To be concealed. 4. To melt away. r. 9th cl. (लिनाति) 1. To join, to adhere or cling to, to be in union or connection with. 2. To obtain. 3. To melt. 4. To be absorbed. With **वि**, To melt away. r. 10th cl. (लयति लाययति ते लापयति ते लाययति ते लीनयति ते) To melt, to liquefy, to fuse or dissolve. With **आङ्**, To waste away. With **प्र** and **वि**, To acquire or gain. According to Pāṇini the form लापयति is used in the sense of “To obtain honour.”

**ली** f. (-लोः) Embracing. **लि** **ली** to embrace, **क्** aff.

**लीका** f. (-का) A nit; see **लिक्का**।

**लीला** f. (-ला) A nit; see **लिक्का**। [क्, form irr.]

**लीड** mfn. (-डः-डा-डं) 1. Eaten. 2. Licked. **लि** **ड्** to lick or taste, aff.

**लीडमुक्क** mfn. (-क्कः-क्का-क्कं) Rejected after being tasted. **लि** **ड्**, **मुक्क** let go.

**लीन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Embraced, clung or adhered to. 2. Melted, dissolved. 3. Dissolved with softness, overcome with passion. 4. Defused. 5. Effaced, wiped away, vanished. 6. Staying, being situated. 7. Left, departed. 8. Lurking, hiding. 9. Resting on. 10. Absorbed, swallowed up. 11. Devoted to. **लि** **ली** to be in contact, &c., **क्** aff.

**लीला** f. (-ला) 1. A branch of feminine action, proceeding from love, or the imitation of a lover's manner, speech, gait, &c. by his mistress, to pass the time in his absence. 2. Play, sport, pastime in general. 3. Amorous or wanton sport. 4. Facility in doing anything. 5. Mien, manner. 6. Grace, charm. 7. Pretence, disguise, sham. 8. A species of the Dandaka metre. **लि** **ली** to embrace, **क्** aff., and **ल** to get or give, affs. **क्** and **टाप्**।

**लीलाकलङ्क** m. (-ङ्कः) A sham quarrel of a coquette with her lover.

**लीलाखिल** mfn. (-खः-खा-खं) Playful. m. (-खः) A species of the Atis'arkari metre.

**लीलाङ्ग** Adj. Having graceful limbs.

- लुङि n. (-ङ्) A lotus flower held in the hand as a plaything.  
 लुङि mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Done or written sportively, or in the way of sport or pleasure. E. लुङ् used as a verb, aff. ण् । [ment.]  
 लुङि m. (-ः) The descent of Viṣṇu on the earth for amusement.  
 लुङि f. (-ती) A wanton or sportful woman. E. लुङ्, and लुङ् aff.  
 लुङि n. (-न) A pleasure ground. E. लुङ् sport, लुङ् a garden.  
 लुङ् m. (-लः) Cutting, lopping, shearing, reaping, &c. E. लृ to cut, aff. क्, and the vowel made short.  
 लुङ् Ind. A technical term in Pāṇini's grammar employed to express the disappearance of affixes. [off, to pluck out.]  
 लृच् (लृच्) r. 1st cl. (लृचति) 1. To cut. 2. To pare or peel. 3. To tear off. 4. Cutting off, dropping, rejecting. E. लृच् to cut, क् aff.  
 लृच् f. (-लृच्) Cutting off, dropping, rejecting. E. लृच् to cut, क् aff.  
 लृच् (लृच्) r. 10th cl. (लृचयति) 1. To give. 2. To injure. 3. To be strong. 4. To dwell. 5. To shine.  
 लृच् mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Cut. 2. Peeled. E. लृच् to cut, ण् aff.  
 लृच् (लृच्) r. 1st cl. (लृचति) 1. To shine. 2. To resist. 3. To suffer pain. r. 4th cl. (लृचति) 1. To stir, to agitate. 2. To be joined or connected with. 3. To roll upon the ground. 4. To rob. r. 1st cl. (लृचति) 1. To resist or oppose. 2. To strike again. 3. To shine. r. 6th cl. (लृचति) To embrace. r. 10th cl. (लृचयति) 1. To speak. 2. To shine, (लृच्) r. 1st and 10th cls. (लृचयति लृचयति) 1. To steal, to rob or plunder. 2. To disregard, to disobey or disrespect. 3. To be lame. 4. To be idle. [roll about, गृह् aff.]  
 लृच् mfn. (-द्यन्-द्यन्-लृच्) Rolling about, (in pain or grief). E. लृच् to roll, गृह् aff.  
 लृच् r. 1st cl. (लृचति) To knock down. (लृचते) 1. To resist or oppose. 2. To suffer pain. 3. To roll on the ground. r. 6th cl. (लृचति) 1. To be connected or in contact with, to rest in or on. 2. To roll. r. 1st and 6th cl. (लृचते लृचति) 1. To roll on the ground. 2. To flow, to trickle. r. 10th cl. (लृचयति) To rob. (लृच्) लृच् r. 1st cl. (लृचति) 1. To be lazy. 2. To repel, to resist, or oppose. 3. To go, to move. 4. To steal. 5. To be lame.  
 लृच् mfn. (-लृच्-लृच्-लृच्) 1. Rolling on the ground, falling down. 2. Flowing, trickling. E. लृच् to roll, गृह् aff.  
 लृच् n. (-न) 1. A horse's rolling himself on the ground. 2. Rolling on the ground with sorrow or vexation, &c. 3. Wallowing. E. लृच् or लृच् to cast one's self on the ground, aff. क्, लृच् ।  
 लृच् mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Rolling on the ground, (as a horse, &c.) m. (-तः) A horse's rolling himself on the ground. &c. E. लृच् to roll on the ground, aff. ण् ।  
 लृच् r. 1st cl. (लृचति) To agitate, to stir, to churn. r. 1st and 6th cls. (लृचति लृचति) 1. To be in connection or contact with anything, to join, to adhere to, to rest in or on, &c. 2. To embrace. r. 6th cl. (लृचति) To cover, to conceal. 2. To adhere. (लृच्) लृच् r. 10th cl. (लृचयति) 1. To be agitated. 2. To plunder.  
 लृच् m. (-कः) A sort of potherb, (Chironia centauroides, &c.) E. लृच् to be prostrate, &c., aff. क्, लृच् ।  
 लृच् f. (-या) 1. A horse's rolling himself on the ground. 2. Sterling. E. लृच् or लृच् to roll on the ground, or to rob, affs. लृच् and लृच् : also लृच् and लृच् । [aff.]  
 लृच् m. (-कः) A robber, a thief. f. (की) Stealing. E. लृच् to rob, क् aff.  
 लृच् mfn. (-लृच्-लृच्-लृच्) Rolling on the ground. E. लृच् to roll, &c., गृह् aff.  
 लृच् n. (-न) 1. Rolling on the ground. 2. Robbing, plundering. E. लृच् to roll on the ground, or to rob, aff. लृच् ।  
 लृच् f. (-या) 1. Stealing. 2. A horse's rolling on the ground ; see the last, and लृच् । [aff.]  
 लृच् m. (-कः) 1. A crow. 2. A robber. E. लृच् to roll, or to rob, क् aff.  
 लृच् f. (-की) 1. Plundering. 2. A horse's rolling himself on the ground. E. लृच् to roll on the ground, or to rob, affs. लृच् and लृच् ।  
 लृच् f. (-का) 1. A round mass. 2. Fitting conduct.

- लृच् f. (-की) Observing the rules of princely conduct, acting and judging rightly. E. लृच् to be agitated, &c., affs. लृच् and लृच् ; also with लृच् added, fem. form लृच् ।  
 लृच् (लृच्) r. 1st cl. (लृचति) 1. To hurt, to injure, to wound or kill. 2. To afflict. 3. To suffer pain or affliction.  
 लृच् r. 4th cl. (लृचति) 1. To disturb, to bewilder, to perplex, and confound the understanding. 2. To vanish. (लृच्, लृच्, लृच्) लृच् r. 6th cl. (लृचयति) 1. To cut, to divide, to cut off or down. 2. To rob. 3. To seize. 4. To suppress. With लृच्, 1. To break off. 2. To carry away. 3. To destroy.  
 लृच् mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Gone, lost, disappeared. 2. (In grammar,) Cut off, rejected. n. (-तः) Booty, plunder. E. लृच् to rob, aff. ण् ।  
 लृच् f. (-ता) Disappearance, non-existence. E. लृच्, and लृच् aff. : also with लृच्, लृच् ।  
 लृच्पिण्डोदकक्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Deprived of funeral rites. E. लृच्, पिण्डोदक cake and water, क्रिया rite.  
 लृच्पिण्डा f. (-मा) An imperfect comparison in which one or more of the four requisites are not expressed. E. लृच्, and लृच् simile.  
 लृच् (लृच्) लृच् r. 1st and 10th cls. (लृचयति लृचयति) To hurt, to pain, to afflict or torment. r. 10th cl. (लृचयति) To disappear.  
 लृच् mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Covetous, greedy, desirous, cupidinous. m. (-तः) 1. A hunter. 2. A lecher, a libertine. E. लृच् to desire, to wish for vehemently, to covet, aff. ण् ।  
 लृच् m. (-कः) 1. A hunter. 2. A libertine, a rake, a whore monger. 3. A covetous or greedy man. 4. The star Sirius. 5. A tiger. E. लृच् desirous, aff. क् ।  
 लृच् r. 4th cl. (लृचति) To desire, to covet. r. 6th cl. (लृचति) 1. To be wilder, to perplex or delude. 2. To desire eagerly. 3. To allure. With लृच् or लृच्, To attract or allure. Caus. (लृचयति) 1. To excite desire. 2. To attract. 3. To excite lust. 4. To disturb. With लृच्, 1. To attract. 2. To divert, to amuse. [nate, aff., ण् ।  
 लृच् mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Perplexed, deluded, fascinated. E. लृच् to fascinate. लृच् r. 1st cl. (लृचति) 1. To stir or agitate, to make tremulous. 2. To be attached to or connected with, to join.  
 लृच् m. (-पः) A buffalo. E. लृच् to agitate, aff. क्, stirring, shaking, (in the mud,) लृच् to get or obtain, aff. क्, लृच् ; it is also read लृच् ।  
 लृच् mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Shaken, trembling, tremulous, agitated, stirred. 2. Heaving, panting. 3. Agreeable, pleasing, beautiful, elegant. 4. Injured, destroyed. 5. Coming in contact. E. लृच् to agitate, aff. ण् ।  
 लृच् r. 1st and 10th cls. (लृचयति लृचयति) 1. To rob, to steal. 2. To hurt, to kill.  
 लृच् m. (-मः) An elephant in rut. E. लृच् to be enraged, Una'di aff. लृच्, with लृच् substituted for the root, and the vowel unchanged.  
 लृच् r. 1st cl. (लृचति) To covet, to wish for.  
 लृच् r. 6th cl. (लृचति लृचति) 1. To cut. 2. To sever. With लृच्, To pluck.  
 लृच् f. (-ता) 1. A spider. 2. An ant. 3. Local inflammation produced by the urine of a spider. E. लृच् to cut, लृच् aff.  
 लृच् f. (-का) A spider. E. लृच् a spider, क् aff., fem. form.  
 लृच् mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Cut. 2. Wounded. 3. Cut off. 4. Plucked. 5. Bitten, nibbled. E. लृच् to cut, aff. ण् ।  
 लृच् m. (-कः) 1. An animal. 2. Sort, species, difference. 3. A wound, a division, what is cut or broken. E. लृच् to cut, and लृच् added.  
 लृच् f. (-निः) Cutting, reaping. E. लृच् to cut, aff. क्, लृच्, and लृच् substituted for the final. [to cut, aff. लृच् ।  
 लृच् n. (-न) 1. A tail. 2. A hairy tail, as a horse's, a monkey's, &c. E. लृच्, लृच् m. (-नः) Any animal that stings with its tail, as a scorpion, &c. E. लृच् a tail, and लृच् venom.  
 लृच् r. 1st cl. (लृचति) To adorn, to decorate. r. 10th cl. (लृचयति) 1. To hurt, to injure. 2. To steal, to rob.  
 लृच् r. 1st cl. (लृचति) To put away.

लेख m. (-खः) 1. A letter, an epistle. 2. A god, a deity. f. (-खा) 1. A line, a mark or row, &c. 2. Writing, hand-writing. 3. Delineation, painting. 4. A likeness, an impression. 5. Hem, border. 6. The moon's crescent. E. लिख् to write, aff. क्त्; it is applied to the second sense, because the figures of the gods are written or delineated.

[er. E. लिख् to write, aff. क्त्.]

लेखक m. (-कः) 1. A writer, a scribe, a clerk, a copyist, &c. 2. A painter. लेखन n. (-नः) 1. Writing, scripture. 2. The bark of the Bhurja-tree, which is used for writing on in Ne'pa'l and Upper Hindust'an. 3. Vomiting. 4. The leaf of the palm tree. 5. Scraping or cleaning the tongue. 6. Scarifying, scratching. 7. Reducing corpulency, thinning. m. (-नः) A sort of grass or reed, of which pens are made, (Saccharum spontaneum.) f. (-नी) A pen, a style. E. लिख् to write, aff. of the act or instrument क्त्.

[वक्ति a glyster.

लेखनवक्ति f. (-क्तिः) Use of enemas to reduce corpulency. E. लेखन, and लेखनिक m. (-कः) 1. A letter-carrier, an express, a postman. 2. One who signs a paper by proxy, who makes his mark, from inability to write, &c. E. लेखन writing, and उन् aff.

लेख(वि)नी f. (-नी) 1. A pen, a writing-reed. 2. A spoon.

लेखनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be written. n. (-यः) An accusation or defence in law, which are required to be given in writing. E. लिख् to write, चनीयर् aff.

लेखदेव m. (-भः) INDRA. E. लेख् a deity, and देव best.

लेखहार m. (-रः) A letter-carrier. E. लेख् a letter, ह् to convey, aff. चक्; also with क्त् added लेखहारक, or with णिनि, लेखहारिन् ।

लेखित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Written. E. लिख् to write, क्त् aff., and the vowel changed.

लेख्य mfn. (-य्यः-व्या-य्य) To be written. 2. To be scarified. n. (-य्यः) 1. A letter, an epistle. 2. A manuscript. 3. A drawing, a delineation. 4. A written accusation or defence. E. लिख् to write, य्यर् aff.

लेख्यक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Written, in writing, epistolary. E. क्त् added to the last. [and क्त done.

लेख्यकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Done in writing, contracted, executed. E. लेख्य लेख्यचूर्णिका f. (-का) A painted brush, a pencil. E. लेख्य a delineation, चूर्ण् to pound or grind, affs. वृन् and टप् ।

लेखापत्र n. (-त्रं) 1. A leaf or sheet of anything for writing. 2. A written paper, a writing, a letter. E. लेखा, and पत्र a leaf.

लेखापत्रक m. (-कः) The palm tree. n. (-कं) A leaf of the palm or any other substance used for writing on. E. लेखा writing, पत्र a leaf, क्त् aff.; books in south of India, &c., being made of the leaves of the palmyra. [प्रसङ्ग application.

लेखाप्रसङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) Written contract, record, or document. E. लेखा, लेखास्थान n. (-नं) An office, a counting-house, &c. E. लेखा writing or what is to be written, and स्थान place. [आरुढ mounted.

लेखाहृत mfn. (-हृतः-दा-हृतं) Recorded, committed to writing. E. लेखा, लेखन n. (-नः) Excrement.

लेत mn. ( तः-तं) Tears.

लेप् (ल) लेप् r. 1st cl. (लेपते) To go, to approach.

लेप m. (-पः) 1. Plastering, smearing. 2. Food. 3. Mortar, plaster, Chunam. 4. Stain, spot, smearing. 5. The wipings of the hand which has offered funeral oblations to three ancestors, and which are considered as an oblation to ancestors in the 4th, 5th, and 6th degrees. 6. Pollution, impurity. 7. Sin. E. लिप् or लिप् to smear, &c., aff. चक्.

[चक्त् aff.

लेपक m. (-कः) A bricklayer, a plasterer. E. लिप् to smear, (Chunam.) लेपन m. (-नः) Incense. n. (-नं) 1. Smearing, plastering, anointing. 2. An ointment. 3. Flesh. E. लिप् to smear, क्त् aff.

लेपभागिन् m. (-गिन्) An ancestor in the 4th, 5th, and 6th degrees. E. लेप, भागिन् who shares. [E. लेप, भुज् who eats.

लेपभुज m. (-भुज्) A paternal ancestor of the 4th, 5th, or 6th degree.

लेपिन् mfn. (-पी-पिनी-पि) Who or what smears, plasters, anoints, &c. m. (-पी) A bricklayer, a plasterer. E. लिप् to plaster, इनि aff.

लेप्य mfn. (-य्यः-व्या-य्य) To be spread, as unguent or plaster, to be anointed or plastered. n. (-य्यः) 1. Plastering, spreading or smearing ointment, mortar, &c. 2. Making models, moulding. E. लिप् to plaster, य्यर् aff. [make.

लेप्यकृत m. (-कृतः) A bricklayer, a plasterer. E. लेप्य plastering, कृत who लेप्यमयी f. (-यी) A doll, a puppet. E. लेप्य plastering, मयट् aff., made of wood with a coat of plaster. [plastering, स्त्री a woman.

लेप्यस्त्री f. (-स्त्री) A woman, perfumed with fragrant unguents. E. लेप्य लेपायमाना f. (-ना) One of the seven tongues of fire. [redup क्त् aff.

लेपिह m. (-हः) A worm breeding in the stomach. E. लिह् to lick, root लेपिहान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Who or what licks. m. (-नः) 1. A name of S'iva. 2. A snake. E. लिह् to lick, aff. शानच्, root redup. form irr.

लेप्य Adj. Masc. only. (-यः) Small, little. Subst. 1. Smallness, littleness. 2. A little. 3. A particular measure of time equal to two Kalas. 4. Name of a figure of speech, (in rhetoric.) E. लिप् to be small, aff. चक्. Some authorities vary the gender of the attribute.

लेप्योक्त Adj. Hinted at, insinuated.

लेप्या f. (-या) Light. [Una'di aff.

लेप्य m. (-प्यः) A clod of earth. E. लिप् to become less or small, लृप् लेप्यम m. (-मः) A harrow. E. लेप्य a clod of earth, and ह् destroying.

लेप्यभेदन m. (-नः) A harrow. E. लेप्य a clod of earth, and भेदन breaking; also लेप्यभेदिन् and लेप्यभेदन, &c.

लेपिक m. (-कः) The rider on an elephant, who sits on the animal's loins.

लेह m. (-हः) 1. Food. 2. Licking, tasting. E. लिह् to taste, aff. चक्.

लेहन n. (-नं) Licking, tasting with the tongue. E. लिह् to taste, to lick, aff. क्त्.

[to lick, aff. चक्त्.

लेहिन् mfn. (-ही-हिनी-हि) Who or what licks, laps, tastes, &c. E. लिह् लेहिन m. (-नः) Borax. E. लिह् to lick, aff. वृन्.

लेह्य mfn. (-य्यः-व्या-य्य) To be licked. n. (-य्यः) 1. The food or beverage of the gods, nectar, ambrosia. 2. Syrup, electuary. E. लिह् to taste, य्यर् aff. [statuary.

लेह्यक f. (-की) 1. Depending on a mark, &c. 2. Inferred. m. (-कः) A लेप् (ल) लेप् r. 1st cl. (लेपति) 1. To go or move. 2. To command or direct an act. 3. To touch or embrace. 4. To pound or grind.

लोक (ल) लोक r. 1st cl. (लोकते) To see. With च्, To see, to perceive. With च्, To view. r. 10th cl. (लोकयति-ते) 1. To speak. 2. To shine. 3. To know. 4. To look. With च्, 1. To see. 2. To learn. 3. To look after. With च्, 1. To see. 2. To know. 3. To regard as. With च्, 1. To perceive. 2. To search.

लोक m. (-कः) 1. Man, mankind. 2. A world, a division of the universe, in general three Lo'kas are enumerated; viz:—heaven, hell, and earth; another classification enumerates seven, exclusive of the infernal regions; viz:—Bhu'r-lo'ka the earth, Bhu'var-lo'ka the space between the earth and the sun, the region of the Manis, Sidd'has, &c.; Swar-lo'ka the heaven of INDRA, between the sun and the polar star; Mahar-lo'ka the usual abode of BHURGU, and others saints, who are supposed to be co-existent with BRAHMA'; during the conflagration of these lower worlds, the saints ascend to the next, or Jana-lo'ka, which is described as the abode of BRAHMA'S sons, SANAKA, SANANDA, SANATANA, and SANATKUMARA; above this is the fifth world or the Tapo-lo'ka, where the deities called Vaira'gis reside; the seventh world, Satya-lo'ka or Brahma-lo'ka, is the abode of BRAHMA', and translation to this world exempts beings from further birth; the three first worlds are destroyed at the end of each Kalpa or day of BRAHMA'; the three last at the end of his life, or of 100 of his years; the fourth Lo'ka is equally permanent, but is uninhabitable from heat, at the time the three first are burning; another enumeration calls these seven worlds,

earth, sky, heaven, middle region, place of births, mansion of the blest, and abode of truth, placing the sons of BRAHMA' in the sixth division, and stating the fifth or Jana-lo'ka to be that, where animals destroyed in the general conflagration are born again. The seven lower regions descending from the earth one below the other are :—ATA'LA, BITA'LA, SU'TALA, RASA'TALA, TALA'TALA, MAHA'TALA, PA'TA'LA, respectively. 3. The human race. 4. The earth. 5. The subjects. 6. A class, a community. 7. A region. 8. The number "seven" 9. Common life, or usage, (opposite to Śāstra and Vē'da respectively.) 10. Sight, seeing. 11. An element, a primary or radical part of being. **लोक्** to see, aff. चञ्।  
**लोककृत्** m. (-कृत्) The Creator, BRAHMA'. **लोक्** and कृत् who makes.  
**लोकगाथा** f. (-था) A song current among people.  
**लोकचक्षुस्** m. (-क्षुस्) The sun. **लोक्** the world, चक्षुस् the eye.  
**लोकवयि** n. (-यि) The ways of the world.  
**लोकजित्** m. (-जित्) 1. A conqueror of the world. 2. A sage. 3. A Buddha or Baud'dha deified teacher. **लोक्** the world, and जित् who conquers.  
**लोकज** Adj. Conversant with the world.  
**लोकतत्त्व** n. (-त्व) Knowledge of mankind.  
**लोकतृषार** m. (-रः) Camphor. [and त्रय triad.  
**लोकत्रय** n. (-यं त्रय) The three worlds, heaven, earth, and hell. **लोक्**,  
**लोकद्वार** n. (-रः) The gate of heaven.  
**लोकधातु** m. (-तुः) A continent.  
**लोकनाथ** m. (-थः) 1. A sovereign of the universe. 2. One of the Jainas or Baud'dha saints. **लोक्** the world, नाथ lord.  
**लोकनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Visible, to be seen. **लोक्** to see, नीय aff.  
**लोकपाल** m. (-लः) 1. A king, a sovereign. 2. A divinity who protects the regions, or the sun, moon, fire, wind, INDRA, YAMA, VARUN'A, and KURVA. **लोक्** the world, पाल a cherisher; also लोकपालक।  
**लोकप्रकाश** m. (-नः) The sun.  
**लोकप्रवाद** m. (-दः) Common or current report or saying. **लोक्**, and प्रवाद report. [ted.  
**लोकप्रसिद्ध** mfn. (-दः-दा-द्धं) Notorious, well-known. **लोक्**, प्रसिद्ध celebra-  
**लोकसाथ** m. (-थः) The sun. **लोक्** the world, and साथ the friend.  
**लोकसंस्था** f. (-स्था) Established custom.  
**लोकमाता** f. (-माता) LAKSHMI', the wife of VISHN'U, and goddess of wealth and fortune. **लोक्** the world, and माता the mother.  
**लोकयात्रा** f. (-यात्रा) 1. Worldly affairs, civil conduct, usage, practice. 2. Resort of men, traffic, intercourse. **लोक्**, यात्रा going. [pleasing.  
**लोकप्रिय** n. (-यः) Popularity, gaining public confidence. **लोक्**, प्रिय  
**लोकप्रिय** m. (-यः) Popular report.  
**लोकलोचन** m. (-नः) The sun. **लोक्** the world, and लोचन the eye.  
**लोकवाद** m. (-दः) Rumour, popular report. **लोक्**, वाद speech.  
**लोकवाद्य** m. (-द्यः) An outcaste, one who observes no sort of institutes, and feeds on the flesh of horses and kine. **लोक्** mankind, वाद्य for वहिर् without, excluded. [लोक्, विदुष्ट censured.  
**लोकविदुष्ट** mfn. (-दः-दा-ष्टं) Censured or condemned by the world. **लोक्**, विदुष्ट  
**लोकविधि** m. (-धिः) 1. Mode of proceeding prevalent in the world. 2. The creator. [विद्युत heard.  
**लोकविश्रुत** mfn. (-श्रुतः-ता-श्रुत) 1. Known, famous. 2. Current. **लोक्** and लोकविश्रुति f. (-तिः) 1. Unfounded rumour or report. 2. Fame, notoriety. **लोक्** the world, विश्रुति rumour. [इत practice.  
**लोकवचन** n. (-नः) Worldly or idle conversation and intercourse. **लोक्**,  
**लोकातिशय** Adj. Extraordinary.  
**लोकातिशय** Adj. Superior to the world.  
**लोकात्मन्** m. (-त्मा) The universal spirit. **लोक्**, and आत्मन् soul.  
**लोकाभिराम** m. (-रामः) Philanthropy.  
**लोकाक्षर** n. (-रः) Another world. **लोक्**, and अक्षर other.  
**लोकाक्षरज** mfn. (-जः-ता-जं) Dead. **लोक्**, and अक्षर gone.

**लोकाक्षरप्राप्त** mfn. (-प्राप्तः-ता-प्राप्त) Dead. **लोक्**, and प्राप्त obtained.  
**लोकापवाद** m. (-दः) Popular accusation.  
**लोकाभ्युदय** m. (-यः) Public welfare.  
**लोकायत** n. (-यतः) The system of atheistical philosophy taught by Cha'rva'ka. **लोक्** the world, चाङ् before, यति to strive, aff. चञ्।  
**लोकायतिक** m. (-कः) A follower of the Cha'rva'ka doctrine, an atheist, an unbeliever. **लोकायत** as above, and उक् aff. with the vowel unchanged.  
**लोकासीक** m. (-कः) A mountainous belt, surrounding the outermost of the seven seas and bounding the world. m. Du The visible and unvisible world. **लोक्** seeing, आसीक not seeing; causing light and darkness, as interposed between the Dvīpas and the sun.  
**लोकि** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Seen, beheld. **लोक्** to see, क aff.  
**लोकि** m. (-यः) 1. BRAHMA'. 2. A king, an emperor. 3. A Jaina deified sage. 4. Quicksilver. **लोक्** the world, and ईश sovereign.  
**लोकि** m. (-रः) 1. BRAHMA'. 2. A king. 3. A Jaina deified sage. **लोक्** the world, and ईश sovereign.  
**लोकिवरासजा** f. (-जा) A female deity peculiar to the Jainas. **लोकि** a Jaina sage, and वरासजा a daughter.  
**लोच** (च) लोच r. 1st cl. (लोचत) To see, to perceive, to view or inspect. r. 10th cl. (लोचयति-ते) 1. To speak. 2. To shine. With चाङ्, To consider. Caus. (लोचयति-ते) To cause to see. With च, 1. To know. 2. To see.  
**लोच** n. (-चः) Tears.  
**लोचक** m. (-कः) 1. A ball or lump of flesh or meat. 2. The pupil of the eye. 3. Stibium or lamp black, &c. so used. 4. An ornament, worn by women on the forehead. 5. Blue or black vesture. 6. An ear-ring. 7. The plantain tree. 8. A bow-string. 9. A wrinkled or contracted eye-brow. 10. Folly, stupidity. 11. The rejected slough of the snake. 12. The slough of a tree. 13. Wrinkled skin. **लोच्** to see, चञ् aff.  
**लोचन** n. (-नः) 1. The eye. 2. Seeing, looking. f. (-ना) A goddess of the Jainas. **लोच्** to see, ल्यट् or युच् aff.  
**लोचनमार्ग** m. (-मार्गः) The range of the eyes.  
**लोचनरुद्रता** f. (-ता) Blue vitriol. "नूत इति भाषा।"  
**लोचनामय** m. (-यः) Diseased affection of the eye, Ophthalmia, &c. **लोचनामय** eye, आसय sickness.  
**लोचनकंद** m. (-दः) A flower, (Celosia cristata.) "कंदजटा।" [मलक head.  
**लोचनसक्त** m. (-कः) A flower, (Celosia cristata.) **लोच्** sight, seeing,  
**लोच** (च) लोच r. 1st cl. (लोचति) To be mad or foolish.  
**लोचन** n. (-नः) Tumbling, rolling. **लोच्** to roll, ल्यट् aff.  
**लोच** m. (-दः) Rolling on the ground.  
**लोच्** (च) लोच r. 1st cl. (लोचति) To mad, to be frantic or foolish.  
**लोचन** n. (-नः) Disturbing, agitating.  
**लोचर** m. (-रः) A kind of salt.  
**लोट** mn. (-तः-तं) 1. Plunder, booty, stolen goods. 2. A tear, tears. 3. A mark, a spot, a sign. **लोच्** to cut, Unda'di aff. तन्।  
**लोच** n. (-चः) Plunder, booty, stolen goods. m. (-यः) 1. Tears. 2. A mark, a token. **लोच्** to cut, दृन् aff.  
**लोच** m. (-चः) A sort of tree with white or red flowers. : see the next.  
**लोच** m. (-चः) A tree, the bark of which is used in dyeing, (Sym-plocos racemosa.) **लोच्** to hinder, aff. रन्, and ल् substituted for र।  
**लोप** m. (-पः) 1. Rejection, cutting off in general, especially used as a grammatical term for dropping letters, syllables, &c. 2. Disappearance, destruction. 3. Erasure. 4. Annuling, cancelling. **लोप्** to cut, aff. चञ्।  
**लोपन** n. (-नः) 1. Violation. 2. Omission.  
**लोपा** f. (-पा) The wife of the Muni AGASTYA. **लोप्** to disturb, aff. चञ् and टाप् : see लोपासुद्रा।  
**लोपाक** m. (-कः) A jackal. **लोप्** to cut, आकन् aff.

लीपापक m. (-कः) A jackal. f. (-पिका) A fox. E. लीप rejection, (offal), चाप् to take, aff. कृत् ।  
 लीपासुता f. (-दा) The wife of the saint AGASTYA and daughter of the king of Vidarbha. It was for her that the saint went out to acquire riches and destroyed VA'TA'PI and ILVALA in the attempt. E. लीप losing, (reputation.) असुता sad, not happy. [husband.  
 लीपासुतापति m. (-तिः) The Muni AGASTYA. E. लीपासुता as above, पति  
 लीपाशक m. (-कः) A jackal. f. (-शिका) 1. A female jackal. 2. A fox. E. लीप rejection, चाप् to eat, aff. कृत् । [off, अत् aff.  
 लीप्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be rejected, erased, lost, &c. E. लुप् to out  
 लीप् m. (-न्) Plunder, booty. E. लुप् to cut off, इत् aff.  
 लीभ m. (-भः) Covetousness, cupidity, intense or greedy desire. E. लुभ् to desire or covet, aff. घञ् ।  
 लीभन n. (-नः) 1. Allurement, temptation. 2. Gold. [लीहित beguiled.  
 लीभलीहित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Beguiled or overcome by cupidity. E. लीभ, लीभविरह mfn. (-हः-हा-ह) Free from cupidity. E. लीभ, विरह separation.  
 लीभाकृत mfn. (-हः-हा-ह) Tempted or attracted by greediness or desire. E. लीभ, आकृत drawn.  
 लीभिन् mfn. (-भि-भिनी-भि) Desirous, cupidinous, covetous, greedy. E. लीभ desire, aff. इति ।  
 लीभ्य mfn. (-भ्यः-भ्या-भ्य) Desirable. m. (-भ्यः) A sort of bean, (Phaseolus mungo) n. (-भ्यः) A tail. E. लुभ् to covet or desire, aff. कृत् ।  
 लीम m. (-मः) A tail, a hairy tail. E. लू to cut, aff. मन् ।  
 लीमकर्ण m. (-र्णः) A hare. E. लीम hair, कर्ण an ear.  
 लीमकिन् m. (-की) A bird.  
 लीमकीट m. (-टः) A louse  
 लीमज्वर m. (-ज्वः) A pore of the skin. E. लीम, and ज्वर a well.  
 लीमज्वर n. (-ज्वः) Falling of the hair, morbid baldness. E. लीम hair of the body, applied here to the hair of the head, and ज्वर destroying. 'टाक'.  
 लीमज्वर n. (-ज्वः) The hair of the body. E. लू to sound, मनिन् Unādi aff., र changed to ल; or लू to cut, मनिच् aff. [Bengal, &c.  
 लीमपाट m. (-टः) The name of a king of Anga, the eastern division of लीमपाटपुरी f. (-री) Champā, the capital of Lōmapāḍa, the modern Bhāgalpur, and its vicinity. E. लीमपाट a king, and पुरी the city.  
 लीममणि m. (-मणिः) An amulet made of hair.  
 लीममणि m. (-मणिः) An animal, whose hair is supposed to be poisonous, as a tiger, &c. E. लीम hair, and मणि poison.  
 लीमश mfn. (-शः-शा-श) 1. Hairy, covered with or made of hair. 2. Wool- len. m. (-शः) 1. A ram. 2. The name of a Rishi celebrated in the Mahābhārata. f. (-शा) 1. A fox. 2. A sort of Boudue. 3. A plant, (Lœca hirta) 4. Indian spikenard, (Valeriana jatāmānsi.) 5. Cowach, (Carpogon pruriens) 6. A medicinal plant, commonly Mahā-mūḍa. 7. Sida cordifolia. 8. A female demi-divine being, an attendant on DURGA, one of the Sakin's. 9. Green vitriol. 10. Orris root. 11. An ape. E. लीम hair, श aff. [leaf, इति aff.  
 लीमशपर्णिकी f. (-की) A plant, (Glycine debilis) E. लीमश hairy, पर्ण a  
 लीमशमार्जार m. (-रः) The pole-cat. E. लीमश hairy, and मार्जार a cat.  
 लीमसंहर्षण Adj. Causing horripilation.  
 लीमसार m. (-रः) The emerald. E. लीम hair, and सार strength, essence.  
 लीमसर्पण n. (-र्णः) Horripilation, erection of the hair of the body. E. लीम, सर्पण rejoicing, supposed to be an indication of great pleasure.  
 लीमज्वर mfn. (-ज्वः) Depilatory. m. (-ज्वत्) Yellow orpiment. E. लीम hair, and ज्वर removing.  
 लीमाघ m. (-घः) Horripilation : see लीमाघ ।  
 लीमाशिका f. (-का) A fox. E. लीम hair, आशिका a line, कृत् added.  
 लीमाशली f. (-ली) The line of hair from the breast to the navel.  
 लीमाश m. (-शः) A jackal.  
 लीम mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) 1. Shaking, tremulous. 2. Rolling, tossing. 3. Agitated, alarmed. 4. Fickle, unsteady. 5. Desiring, wishing, cup- idinous. 6. Greedy. f. (-ला) 1. The tongue. 2. The goddess

LAKSHMI, or the goddess of wealth and fortune. 3. A species of the Sarkari metre. 4. Lightning. E. लीम to be frantic, चच् aff.  
 लीमज्वर mfn. (-ज्वः-जा-ज्व) Greedy, insatiable. E. लीम, जिह्वा the tongue.  
 लीमज्वर mfn. (-ज्वः-जा-ज्व) Rolling, tossing, rolling on the ground. E. लीम to be frantic, आशिका aff.  
 लीमाशिका mfn. (-शिका-शिका-शिका) Having a rolling eye. E. लीम, and शिका the eye; also लीमज्वर, लीमज्वर, लीमज्वर, and the like.  
 लीमिका f. (-का) A sort of dock or sorrel, (Rumex vesicarius.) "पातिहर्ष".  
 लीमित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Shaken, tremulous, trembling. E. लुत् to agitate, aff. क्त, and the vowel changed.  
 लीम्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) Very desirous or covetous, wishing, longing for, greedy, insatiable. E. लुप् to desire, aff. चच्, and the intensive form.  
 लीम्य mfn. (-भः-भा-भ) Very cupidinous, excessively desirous, very covetous or greedy. E. लुभ् to desire or covet, aff. चच्, int. form.  
 लीम्य mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Cutting much or often. E. लू to cut, freq. v., aff. चच् ।  
 लीम्य f. (-या) Determination to cut. E. लू to cut, intensive v., चच् and टाप् affs. [aff.  
 लीम्यवत् mfn. (-वान्-वतो-वत्) Resolved to cut or cut off. E. लीम्य, मन्त्  
 लीट् r. 1st cl. (लीटते) To heap, to assemble, to collect into a heap.  
 लीट् mn. (-टः-टः) A lump of earth. n. (-टः) Rust of iron or iron filings. E. लीट् to heap, aff. चच्; or लू to cut, Unādi aff. क्त, with change of the radical vowel, सुट् aug.; also with कृत् added लीटन ।  
 लीटन m. (-नः) A harrow. E. लीट a clod, and न destroying.  
 लीटमेदन m. (-नः) A harrow. E. लीट a clod, and मेदन what breaks.  
 लीटन्य mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Made of a clod or of earth. E. लीट and न्यट् aff.  
 लीटमहिन् mfn. (-हिन्-हिनी-हिन्) Who or what breaks clods of earth. E. लीट, and महिन् who destroys.  
 लीट् m. (-टः) A lump of earth. E. लीट् to heap, ट aff.  
 लीट् mn. (-टः-टः) 1. Iron, either crude or wrought. 2. Steel. 3. Any metal. 4. A weapon. 5. Aloe wood or Agallochum. 6. Blood. m. (-टः) A red coloured goat. f. (-टः) 1. Red, redish. 2. Made of copper or iron. E. लू to cut, aff. चच् ।  
 लीटकटक m. (-कः) A thorny shrub. E. लीट iron, कटक a thorn. [gen.  
 लीटकान्त n. (-न्तः) The load-stone. E. लीट iron, कान्त in this compound a लीटकार m. (-रः) A blacksmith, an ironsmith. E. लीट iron, कार who works in; also with कृत् added लीटकारक m. (-कः) । [meat  
 लीटकिट n. (-टः) Rust of iron, or iron filings. E. लीट, किट soil or soil.  
 लीटचूर्ण n. (-र्णः) Iron filings. E. लीट, चूर्ण powder. [ज produced.  
 लीटज n. (-जः) 1. Bell-metal. 2. Rust of iron, or iron filings. E. लीट, लीटजाल n. (-लः) A coat of mail. [hardness  
 लीटजित् m. (-जित्) The diamond. E. लीट iron, and जित् conquering, m.  
 लीटदारक n. (-कः) A hell. E. लीट and दारक what tears.  
 लीटद्राविन् m. (-वी) Borax. E. लीट metal, and द्राविन् what fuses.  
 लीटनाल m. (-लः) An iron arrow. E. लीट iron, and नाल a stalk.  
 लीटपृष्ठ m. (-ष्ठः) A heron. E. लीट iron, पृष्ठ the back. [an image  
 लीटप्रतिमा f. (-मा) 1. An image of iron. 2. An anvil. E. लीट iron, प्रतिमा  
 लीटवन्ध m. (-न्धः) An iron fetter.  
 लीटवय mfn. (-यः-यो-य) Made of iron. E. लीट iron, aff. मयट्.  
 लीटमारक m. (-रः) A plant (Achyranthes triandra, Rox) "शालिग्राम" E. लीट iron, मारक destroying.  
 लीटमुक्तिका f. (-का) A red pearl.  
 लीटराजक n. (-कः) Silver. E. लीट metal, राज shining, कृत् added.  
 लीटल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) 1. Lispering, speaking inarticulately. 2. Iron, irony. m. (-लः) The principal ring of a chain. E. लीट iron, ला to get or be, aff. क ।  
 लीटवर n. (-रः) Gold. E. लीट a metal, and वर best.  
 लीटवर्धन n. (-न्धः) Mail, armour. E. लीट, and वर्धन armour.  
 लीटशक m. (-कः) 1. A hell. 2. An iron pike. E. लीट, शक a pike.  
 लीटशक m. (-कः) Borax. E. लीट metal, शक to embrace, सुट् aff.  
 लीटशकिका f. (-का) Lustration of arms, ceremonies performed on the

ninth of the light-half of the month Ashwin; formerly a celebration observed by princes before opening a campaign, but now confined to the domestic decoration and worship of the soldier's weapon.

३. लोह a weapon, अग्नि about, ह to go, or ह to take, aff. चञ् ।

लोहविहार m. (-रः) Lustration of arms. ३. लोह, a weapon, अग्नि about, ह to take, aff. चञ् ; also लोहविहार ।

लोहनिष n. (-वं) The flesh of a goat with red hair. ३. लोह, चादिव flesh.

लोहका f. (-का) A sort of large shallow bowl, sometimes of iron, but usually of wood and bound with iron, for the purpose of washing rice, &c. ३. लोह iron, कन् aff., fem. form.

लोहित mfn. (-तः-तार or लो-तं) 1. Red, of a red colour. 2. Made of copper. m. (-तः) 1. Red, the colour. 2. The planet MARS. 3. One of the male rivers. 4. The Rohi fish, (Cyprinus Rohita, HAM.) 5. A sort of deer.

6. A snake. 7. A deity, a demi-god. 8. A sort of bean, (Ervum hirsutum.) 9. A form of array. 10. A tree, (Andersonia Rohitaka.)

n. (-तं) 1. Blood. 2. A red kind of Agallochum. 3. Saffron. 4. Red sanders. 5. War, battle. 6. Copper. 7. An imperfect form of a rainbow. f. (-ता) 1. A woman red with anger or with colour, &c. 2. A sort of creeper, (Lycopolium imbricatum.) ३. लह् to grow, इतच् Una'di aff., and र changed to ल ।

लोहितक mfn. (-कः-लिका or -लिका-कं) Red. m. (-कः) 1. A ruby. 2. The planet MARS. n. (-कं) Calx of brass. ३. कन् added to the preceding.

लोहितयौव m. (-यः) An epithet of Agni.

लोहितचन्दन n. (-नं) Saffron. ३. लोहित red, and चन्दन sandal.

लोहितपुष्पक m. (-कः) The pome granate tree. "दाडिम हवे ।"

लोहितमृत्तिका f. (-का) Red chalk. ३. लोहित red, and मृत्तिका soil, earth.

लोहितशतपत्र n. (-त्रं) A red lotus.

लोहितान्न mfn. (-न्नः-लो-न्नं) Red-eyed. m. (-न्नः) 1. A name of VISNU. 2. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. 3. A kind of snake. ३. लोहित red, and अन्न for अन्नि the eye.

लोहितान्न m. (-न्नः) The planet MARS. ३. लोहित, अन्न body.

लोहितान्न mfn. (-न्नः-लो-न्नं) Red-faced. m. (-न्नः) An ichneumon. ३. लोहित red, आन्न the face.

लोहितायुष्मन् n. (-यः) Copper. ३. लोहित red, and अयस् iron.

लोहिनी f. (-नी) A woman red with anger, or painted red. ३. See लोहित, the fem. aff. being लोहि, and the penultimate consonant changed to न ।

लोहितान्न n. (-न्नं) Gold. ३. लोहित a metal, and उत्तम best.

लोकायतिक m. (-कः) An atheist, a materialist, a Band'dha. ३. लोकायत a particular heterodox doctrine, and ठक् aff. ; also लोकायतिक ।

लौकिक mfn. (-कः-कौ-कं) Mundane, worldly, human, what prevails amongst or is familiar to mankind. f. (-कौ) 1. Common, vulgar.

2. Secular, temporal. 3. Customary. n. (-कः) Any usage or general custom. ३. लौकिक mankind, the world, and ठक् aff.

लौकिकता f. (-ता) 1. Worldliness. 2. Worldly currency custom. ३. तल् added to the last ; also लौकिकत्व । [चञ् aff.]

लोभ mfn. (-भः-ल्य-ल्यं) 1. Mundane, human. 2. Common. ३. लोभ and लोभ r. 1st cl. (लोभित) To be mad or foolish.

लोभ्य n. (-ल्य) 1. Fickleness, inconstancy. 2. Eagerness, passion.

लोह mfn. (-हः-हो-हं) 1. Iron, made of iron, copper, &c. 2. Red, copper-coloured. m. (-हः) Iron. f. (-हो) An iron vessel, a pot. ३. लोह iron, and लह् deriv. aff.

लोहयन्त्र n. (-त्रं) An iron chain or fetters. ३. लोह and यन्त्र binding.

लोहपाण्ड m. (-ण्डः) A pestle and mortar, usually of metal. ३. लोह and पाण्ड a vessel. [य् being.]

लोहम् f. (-म्) A sort of iron vessel, a boiler, a caldron. ३. लोह iron, लोहम् f. (-म्) A sort of iron boiler, a kettle, &c. ३. लोह made of iron, and आकन् substance.

लोहिक m. (-कः) The trident of S'IVA.

लोहित m. (-तः) The trident of S'IVA. ३. लोहित and लह् aff.

लोहितक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Redish, like or resembling red, &c. ३. लोहित red, and ईकक aff., implying similarity in this compound.

लोहित्य nf. (-ल्य-ती) Redness. m. (-ल्यः) 1. A male river. 2. The ocean. ३. लोहित as above, ल्यच् pleonasm.

लो r. 9th cl. (ल्यनाति) To unite, to join, to be connected or attached to : it is also read ल्यो लो लो, &c.

लो r. 9th cl. (ल्यनाति or लोनाति) 1. To go, to move or approach. 2. To join or be connected with, to mix with, to unite. 3. To obtain : see the last.

## व

व The twenty-ninth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, or more properly the semi vowel V ; it is often confounded with the labial consonant or व, with which it is also optionally interchangeable.

व m. (-वः) 1. Air, wind. 2. The arm. 3. A name of VARUN. 4. Addressing. 5. Auspiciousness. 6. Strong, powerful. 7. A dwelling.

8. The residence of VARUN. 9. The ocean. 10. Water. 11. Shaving. 12. Lake, as. (rarely used.) 13. An epithet of RA'HU. 14. A tiger. 15. Cloth. f. (-वा) 1. Going. 2. Hurting, injury. 3. An arrow. 4. Weaving. 5. A weaver. n. (-वं) A sort of incantation or Mantra, of which the object is the deity VARUN. ३. वा to go, to injure, &c. aff. ड ।

वंश m. (-शः) 1. Rice, lineage, family. 2. Assemblage, multitude. 3. A bamboo, (Bambusa arundinacea.) 4. The back-bone, the spine.

5. A staff. 6. A joint. 7. The Sal tree. 8. A sort of sugarcane. 9. A particular measure of length equal to ten hastas.

mfn. (-शः-शो) 1. A pipo, a fife, a flute. 2. Bamboo manna. ३. वंश to shine, च aff., and लृच् augment ; or वन् to sound, to serve, aff. ग । According the Va'chaspathya :—वन्ति उद्दिशत वन्तः तस्य वन्ति ।

वंशक m. (-कः) 1. A small fish, (Cynoglossus lingua, HAM.) 2. A large kind of sugarcane. "शामशाङ्गा" nf (शक-शिका) Aloe-wood. f. (-का) A kind of pipe or flute. ३. कन् added to the preceding.

वंशकठिन m. (-तः) A thicket of bamboos.

वंशकफ n. (-फः) Flocks of cotton or cottony pods floating in the air. ३. वंश a bamboo, and कफ phlegm. [what makes]

वंशकर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Making or perpetuating a family. ३. वंश, and कर वंशकौचि mfn. (-चिः-चिः-चिः) Famous, celebrated. ३. वंश, कौचि fame.

वंशक्षय m. (-यः) Decay of a family. ३. वंश, and क्षय decline.

वंशलोनी f. (-नी) The manna of the bamboo. ३. वंश the bamboo, and लोनी milk ; being of a milky colour.

वंशचरित n. (-तः) A genealogical table or list, the history of a race or dynasty, &c. ३. वंश, and चरित an account.

वंशचिन्तक m. (-कः) A genealogist.

वंशज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) 1. Sprung from a good family. 2. Produced by the bamboo. nf. (-ज जा) Bamboo-manna. ३. वंश a bamboo, or lineage, &c., and ज born, produced.

वंशधर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Who or what supports a family. 2. Carrying or holding a bamboo, &c. ३. वंश, and धर what holds.

वंशपालिका f. (-का) A pipe, a reed or flute. ३. वंश a bamboo, पाल a tube, कन् aff., fem. form.

वंशनेत्र n. (-त्रं) The root of sugarcane.

वंशपत्रक n. (-कः) Yellow orpiment. m. (-कः) A sort of fish, (Cynoglossus lingua, HAM.) ३. वंश a bamboo, and पत्र a leaf, the shape of the fish resembling to that of the leaf of the bamboo.

वंशपदपतित n. (-तः) A species of the Atyashti' metre.

वंशपरम्परा f. (-रा) Family, lineage, descent. ३. वंश, and परम्पर successive.

वंशपूरक n. (-कः) The root of a sugarcane.

वंशभोज्य n. (-ज्यः) Hereditary estate. ३. वंश, and भोज्य to be possessed.



कनक m. (-कः) 1. A low or depraved man. 2. A parrot. ३. कनक crooked.

वङ्गनासिक m. (-ङ्) An owl. ङ. वङ्ग crooked, and नासिका the nose.  
 वङ्गपुच्छ m. (-ङ्) A dog. ङ. वङ्ग crooked, and पुच्छ a tail; also वङ्गपुच्छिक।  
 वङ्गपुष्प m. (-ङ्) The *Sesbana grandiflora*. ङ. वङ्ग crooked, पुष्प the flower.  
 वङ्गवल्गु m. (-ङ्) A dog. ङ. वङ्ग crooked, वल्गु a tail.  
 वङ्गवचन n. (-ङ्) Indirect speech, equivoque, evasion. ङ. वङ्ग crooked, वचन spoken. [initial rejected].  
 वङ्गन m. (-ङ्) Flight, retreat. ङ. वङ्ग reverse, वङ्ग to go, aff. वङ्ग, and the  
 वङ्गवङ्ग m. (-ङ्) A hog. ङ. वङ्ग crooked, and वङ्ग a face.  
 वङ्गाय n. (-ङ्) A plant, commonly *Bentua*. [bending, वङ्ग body.  
 वङ्गाङ्ग m. (-ङ्) 1. A goose. 2. The ruddy goose. 3. A snake. ङ. वङ्ग  
 वङ्गि mfn. (-ङ्गि-ङ्गि-ङ्गि) Speaking falsely, uttering untruths, prevarica-  
 ting, lying. ङ. वङ्ग to be crooked, (metaphorically,) ङिन् aff.  
 वङ्गिन् mfn. (-ङ्गी-ङ्गी-ङ्गी) 1. Crooked. 2. Dishonest, fraudulent. m. (-ङ्गी)  
 A Jain or Baud'dha. ङ. वङ्ग crooked, fraudulent, ङिन् aff.  
 वङ्गिन mfn. (-ङ्गि-ङ्गि-ङ्गि) Bent, curved. ङ. वङ्ग to go crookedly, ङिन् aff.  
 वङ्गिनम् m. (-ङ्गि) 1. Crookedness, curvature. 2. Craftiness, cunning. 3.  
 Indirectness. ङ. वङ्ग, and ङिन् aff. [ङिन् augment.  
 वङ्गीकरण n. (-ङ्गि) Curving, bending, distorting. ङ. वङ्ग, and करण making,  
 वङ्गीकृत mfn. (-ङ्गि-ङ्गि-ङ्गि) Bent, made crooked. ङ. वङ्ग, and कृत made, ङिन् aug.  
 वङ्गीभाव m. (-ङ्गि) 1. Curvature, curve. 2. Fraudulent or dishonest dis-  
 position. ङ. वङ्गी, भाव property, ङिन् aug. [come, ङिन् aug.  
 वङ्गीभूत mfn. (-ङ्गि-ङ्गि-ङ्गि) 1. Bent, crooked. 2. Dishonest. ङ. वङ्ग, भूत be-  
 वङ्गीति f. (-ङ्गि) 1. Equivoque, evasion, pun, the covert expression of  
 something else than the words used naturally imply, either from  
 the manner in which they are uttered, or some other sense of  
 which they are susceptible. 2. Hint, insinuation. 3. Sarcasm. It  
 is thus defined in *Sa'hityadarpana* :—  
 “वङ्गवचनार्थकं वाक्यमवधारयति ।  
 वङ्गः स्तुतिष्य काङ्क्षा वा या वङ्गीकृतो विधा ॥”  
 ङ. वङ्ग crooked, dishonest, and वङ्गि speech.  
 वङ्गीकृता f. (-ङ्गि) A gentle smile, one in which the teeth are not shewn.  
 ङ. वङ्ग crooked, चोष्ठ the lip, and कृत aff., fem. form; also वङ्गीकृतिः।  
 वङ्ग r. 1st cl. (वङ्गति) To be angry. 2. To accumulate.  
 वङ्ग n. (-ङ्ग) The breast; see वङ्गस्।  
 वङ्ग n. (-ङ्ग) The breast, the bosom, the chest. m. (-ङ्गा) An ox, (con-  
 fined to the *Vēdas*.) ङ. वङ्ग to speak, or वङ्ग to accumulate, aff. वङ्गन्  
 in the first case सुट् is inserted; again वङ्ग to bear, वङ्गन् aff., सुट्  
 augment, and the deriv. irr.  
 वङ्गसम्बन्धिनी f. (-ङ्गी) Wife of the bosom. ङ. वङ्गस् and सम्बन्धिनी who rubs.  
 वङ्ग(वङ्ग)स्थल n. (-ङ्ग) The breast, the heart. ङ. वङ्गस् and स्थल place.  
 वङ्गाङ्ग n. (-ङ्ग) The female breast. ङ. वङ्गस् the breast or chest; ङ्ग born.  
 वङ्गाङ्ग m. (-ङ्ग) The female breast. ङ. वङ्गस् the chest, ङङ्ग what rises.  
 वङ्गमात्र mfn. (-ङ्ग-ङ्ग-ङ्ग) Being to be said or described. ङ. वङ्ग to say,  
 desid. pass. व., मात्र aff.  
 वङ्ग r. 1st cl. (वङ्गति) (ङ्ग) वङ्गि (वङ्गति) To go or move.  
 वङ्ग(ङ्ग) वङ्गि r. 1st cl. (वङ्गति) 1. To go. 2. To go lamely, to limp.  
 वङ्गाङ्ग m. (-ङ्ग) Bathing, ablution. ङ. वङ्ग before, गाङ्ग to agitate, aff. वङ्ग,  
 and the initial rejected; also वङ्गगाङ्ग। [to ग।  
 वङ्ग m. (-ङ्ग) A speaker. ङ. वङ्ग to speak, वङ्ग *Una'di* aff., and व changed  
 वङ्ग(ङ्ग) वङ्गि r. 1st cl. (वङ्गति) 1. To go. 2. To blame or censure. 3. To be-  
 gin. 4. To begin moving. 5. To move swiftly.  
 वङ्ग m. (-ङ्ग) 1. The bend or elbow of a river, the winding course of a  
 stream. 2. Crookedness. f. (-ङ्ग) The pommel of a saddle. ङ. वङ्गि  
 to curve or bend, aff. वङ्ग।  
 वङ्गि m. (-ङ्ग) A thorn. ङ. वङ्ग crookedness, वङ्गि aff.  
 वङ्गा mfn. (-ङ्गा-ङ्गा-ङ्गा) Crooked, curved. ङ. वङ्ग to go, वङ्गन् aff., व  
 changed to ङ।  
 वङ्गि f. (-ङ्गि) A rib. mn. (-ङ्गि-ङ्गि) 1. The wood of a thatch. 2. A  
 kind of musical instrument. ङ. वङ्गि to be crooked, रि *Una'di* aff.  
 वङ्ग n. (-ङ्ग) The groin, the public and iliac regions. ङ. वङ्गि to

desire, वङ्ग aff., and the form irr.; or वङ्ग to accumulate, वङ्ग aff.  
 and वङ्ग augment. [late, aff. ङ.

वङ्ग f. (-ङ्ग) A small arm or branch of the Ganges. ङ. वङ्ग to accumu-  
 वङ्ग n. (-ङ्ग) 1. Lead. 2. Tin. m. (-ङ्ग) 1. Bengal, or the eastern parts of  
 the modern province. 2. Cotton. 3. The egg-plant, (*Solanum*  
*melongena*.) ङ. वङ्ग to go, वङ्ग aff.

वङ्ग n. (-ङ्ग) 1. Brass. 2. Red lead.

वङ्गवीर्य n. (-ङ्ग) Silver.

वङ्गन m. (-ङ्ग) The egg-plant. “वेणुव वाङ्ग।” ङ. वङ्ग to go, वङ्ग aff.

वङ्गपुष्प n. (-ङ्ग) Brass. ङ. वङ्ग tin, पुष्प copper, and ङ produced; an  
 alloy of tin and copper.

वङ्गसेन m. (-ङ्ग) The *Sesbana grandiflora*. “वङ्गसेन वाङ्ग।” ङ. वङ्ग Bengal,  
 सि to sew, aff. वङ्ग; also with वङ्ग added, वङ्गसेन।

वङ्गरि m. (-ङ्गि) Yellow orpiment. ङ. वङ्ग lead, and रि a foe.

वङ्गला f. (-ङ्गा) A mode of music.

वङ्ग(वी) वीवच r. 1st cl. (वचति) r. 2nd cl. (वक्ति) and 10th cl. (वाचयति) 1.  
 To speak, to tell. 2. To inform. 3. To read, to expound. 4. To  
 name: (the second cl. is the most usual form of the root, in which  
 its inflections however are very irregular.) With प्र, 1. To begin  
 to speak. 2. To call. 3. To announce. With प्रति, To answer. With  
 वदु, To recite. With निष्, To explain etymologically.

वच m. (-ङ्ग) 1. A parrot. 2. The sun. f. (-ङ्गा) 1. Orris root, (*Acorus*  
*calamus*; also *Zinziber Zedoaria*.) 2. The *Sa'rika*, (*Turdus Salica*.)  
 ङ. वङ्ग to speak, वङ्ग aff.

वचन mfn. (-ङ्ग-ङ्ग-ङ्ग) Talkative, loquacious, eloquent. m. (-ङ्गु) A  
 Bra'hmana. ङ. वङ्ग to speak, *Una'di* aff. वङ्गन्।

वचन n. (-ङ्ग) 1. Speech, speaking. 2. A sentence, a text, a dictum, an  
 aphorism, a rule. 3. Recitation. 4. Advice. 5. Order, command.  
 6. Dry-ginger. 7. The pronunciation of a letter, (in gram.) 8. The  
 meaning of a word. 9. Number, (in gram.) ङ. वङ्ग to speak, aff. वङ्ग।

वचनकर mfn. (-ङ्ग-ङ्ग-ङ्ग) 1. Obedient. 2. Speaking. m. (-ङ्ग) The  
 author or enunciator of a precept. ङ. वचन, and कर who makes.

वचनक्रम m. (-ङ्ग) Discourse, order of words. ङ. वचन, and क्रम order.

वचनयाहिन् mfn. (-ङ्गी-ङ्गी-ङ्गी) Compliant, conformable, submissive,  
 humble. ङ. वचन speech, याहिन् taking, obeying. [opposed.

वचनविरोध mfn. (-ङ्ग-ङ्ग-ङ्ग) Contrary to a text or precept. ङ. वचन, विरोध  
 वचनविरोध m. (-ङ्ग) Incongruity, contradiction, inconsistency of texts.  
 ङ. वचन, विरोध opposition. [व्यक्ति plainness.

वचनव्यक्ति f. (-ङ्गी) Distinctness or perspicuity of a text. ङ. वचन, and  
 वचनीय mfn. (-ङ्ग-ङ्ग-ङ्ग) 1. To be spoken or said. 2. Censurable, to be  
 noticed or reprov'd. n. (-ङ्ग) Censure. ङ. वङ्ग to speak, वचनीय aff.

वचनीयता f. (-ङ्गी) 1. Rumour, report, especially ill report, detraction,  
 scandal. 2. Blame, reprehension. ङ. वचनीय to be censured, तल् aff.;  
 also with तल्, aff., वचनीयत्। [नाच only.

वचनमात्र n. (-ङ्ग) Mere words, assertion unsupported by facts. ङ. वचन,  
 वचनमत n. (-ङ्ग) Repeated speech or declaration. ङ. वचन, मत a hundred.

वचनस्थित mfn. (-ङ्ग-ङ्ग-ङ्ग) Compliant, conformable, obedient. ङ. वचने in  
 the word, and स्थित who stays.

वङ्ग m. (-ङ्ग) 1. A cock. 2. A rogue, a cheat. ङ. वङ्ग to speak, वङ्गन् aff.

वङ्ग m. (-ङ्ग) Offence, fault. ङ. वङ्ग to speak, वङ्गन् aff.

वङ्ग n. (-ङ्ग) 1. Speech, voice. 2. Words. 3. A sentence. 4. Advice. 5.  
 Command. 6. Number, (in gram.) ङ. वङ्ग to speak, वङ्गन् aff.

वङ्गकर mfn. (-ङ्ग-ङ्ग-ङ्ग) Obedient, compliant. ङ. वचन्, and कर who does.

वङ्ग r. 1st cl. (वङ्गति) To go. r. 10th cl. (वाङ्गयति) 1. To go. 2. To  
 make. 3. To prepare the way. 4. To trim or feather an arrow.

वङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्ग-ङ्ग-ङ्ग) 1. Hard, impenetrable, adamant. 2. Cross, fork-  
 ed. mn. (-ङ्ग-ङ्ग) 1. A thunder-bolt in general, or the thunderbolt

of *INDRA*, which is said to have formed out of the bones of the  
 sage *Dadhichi*, (in Hindu mytho.) 2. The diamond, (the gem being  
 considered analogous in hardness to the thunder-bolt, or in fact

to be the same substance.) 3. A diagram, the figure of which is supposed to be that of the thunder-bolt. 4. A child or pupil. 5. Emblemic myrobalan. 6. Sour gruel. 7. The blossom of the sesamum. 8. Harsh language. m. (-ज्) 1. One of the astronomical Yogas. 2. Kus'a grass. 3. A form of military array. n. (-ज्) 1. Steel. 2. A kind of talc. 3. Severe language. 4. A child. f. (-जा-जी) A species of Euphorbia f. (-ज्) 1. A plant : see गुडुची. 2. A shrub, (Siphonanthus Indica.) E. वज् to go, रज् aff.

वज्रक n. (-क) A sort of salt, an impure carbonate of soda. E. कज् added to the last.

वज्रकण्ट m. (-ट्) Hanuma'na, the monkey demigod. E. वज्, the thunder-bolt, (as hard,) and कण्ट armour.

वज्रकण्टक m. (-क) Euphorbia. E. वज्, a thunder-bolt, and कण्टक a thorn.

वज्रकपालिन् m. (-ल) One of the Baud'dha saints.

वज्रचार n. (-र) An alkaline earth, an impure carbonate of soda. E. वज् diamond, चार alkali.

वज्रचर्मन् m. (-र्म) A rhinoceros.

वज्रजित् m. (-जित्) A name of GARUDA'. E. वज्, 'bolt, जित् who conquers ; being invulnerable to repeated shocks of INDRA's bolt.

वज्रज्वाला f. (-ला) A clap of thunder. E. वज्, the bolt, and ज्वाला flame.

वज्रटीक m. (-क) A Jaina deified saint.

वज्रतुण्ड m. (-ण्ड) 1. The deity GANE'SA. 2. GARUDA', the bird and vehicle of VISHN'U. 3. A vulture. 4. A gnat, a musquito. E. वज् the thunder-bolt, and तुण्ड face or beak, (as hard.) [a tooth.

वज्रदन्त m. (-न्त) 1. A hog. 2. A rat. E. वज्, a thunder-bolt, (as hard,) दन्त

वज्रदशन m. (-न) A rat. E. वज्, and दशन a tooth ; see the last.

वज्रद्रु m. (-द्रु) Euphorbia of various species. E. वज्, thunder-bolt, (as hard,) and द्रु a tree ; also वज्रद्रुम् ।

वज्रद्रुम m. (-म) Euphorbia : see the last.

वज्रधर m. (-र) 1. INDRA, as the JUPITER Tonans of the Hindus. 2. A Baud'dha saint. E. वज् the thunder-bolt, धर who has or holds.

वज्रनाभ m. (-भ) The discus of KRISHN'A.

वज्रनिर्घोष m. (-घ) A clap of thunder. E. वज् the bolt, and निर्घोष sound.

वज्रनिर्घोष m. (-घ) A clap of thunder. E. वज् the bolt, and निर्घोष here meaning the sound produced by friction or concussion, from निर् forth, पिष् to grind, aff. चञ् ।

वज्रपाणि m. (-णि) INDRA. E. वज् the bolt, पाणि the hand : see वज्रधर ।

वज्रपात m. (-त) A thunder-bolt, a stroke of lightning. E. वज्, पात fall.

वज्रपुष्प n. (-ष्प) The blossom of the sesamum. "तिलपुष्पे ।"

वज्रवध m. (-ध) 1. Death by lightning. 2. Cross multiplication. E. वज्, and वध killing, or multiplying. [and मयट् aff.

वज्रमय mfn. (-य-यी-य) 1. Hard, adamant. 2. Hard-hearted. E. वज्, वज्ररुद m. (-रु) A hog. E. वज् a thunder bolt, (as hard,) and रुद a tooth.

वज्रलप m. (-प) A kind of hard cement.

वज्रलोहक m. (-क) A loadstone.

वज्रवराहो f. (-ह) A female personification of Ma'ya' or unreality, amongst the Baud'dhas.

वज्रवह्नी f. (-ह्नी) A species of sun-flower, (Heliotropium.) E. वज् the thunder-bolt, वह्नी a creeper.

वज्रयज्ञला f. (-ला) A female deification peculiar to the Jains, and one of their sixteen Vidya'-De'vis. E. वज् a diamond, and यज्ञला a chain.

वज्रसार Adj. Of the nature of a diamond, (as hard.)

वज्रसूर्य m. (-र्य) A Jaina saint.

वज्रा m. (-र) A snake. f. (-ह्नी) A sort of grain, (Coix barbata.) "गन्धेयु". the thunder bolt, (as hard,) चक्र body or substance.

वज्राघात m. (-त) 1. A thunder-bolt or stroke. 2. A sudden calamity. E. वज्, आघात blow. [चक्र resembling.

वज्राग m. (-ग) Precious opal. E. वज् the diamond, (in hardness perhaps.)

वज्रापास m. (-स) Cross multiplication. E. वज्, and अपास practising.

वज्राग्नि m. (-ग्नि) INDRA's thunder-bolt.

वज्रिन् m. (-जी) 1. INDRA. 2. A Jaina deified saint. 3. A buffalo. 4. An owl. E. वज् the thunder-bolt, इजि aff.

वच् (ञ) वच् r. 1st cl. (वचति) 1. To go. 2. To go secretly. r. 1st and 10th cls. (वचते वचयते) To delude, to cheat, to trick or deceive. Caus. (वचयति-ते) 1. To shun, to evade. 2. To beguile, to defraud.

वचक mfn. (क-का-कं) Fraudulent, crafty. m. (-कः) 1. A jackal. 2. A tame or house ichneumon. 3. A rogue, a cheat. 4. A low or vile man. 5. A musk-rat. f. (-विका) Cheating. E. वच् to cheat, कृच् aff. [अ. वच ।

वचति m. (-ति) Fire. [अ. वच ।

वचय m. (-यः) A rogue, a knave, a cheat. E. वच् to cheat, Una'di

वचन n. (न) Cheating, fraud. E. वच् to cheat, कृच् aff.

वचनीय mfn. (-य-य-य) To be cheated. E. वच् to cheat, चनीय् aff.

वचयित्वा Ind. Having cheated. E. वच् to cheat, कृच् aff.

वचित mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Tricked, deceived. f. (-ता) A kind of riddle. E. वच् to cheat, aff. कृच् ।

वचुक mfn. (-क-की-कं) Crafty, fraudulent. m. (-कः) A jackal. E. वच् to cheat, aff. उकन् । [यत् aff.

वच्य mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. To be gone. 2. To be cheated. E. वच् to go, वच्च् m. (ञ) 1. A tree, (Dalbergia Ungeinensis.) 2. Another tree, (Jonesia Asoca.) 3. Common cane, (Calamus rotang.) 4. A flower, (Hibiscus mutabilis.) 5. A sort of bird. f. (-च) A cow that yields abundance of milk. E. वच् to go, aff. उलच्, च changed to ज ।

वचुलमिय m. (-यः) The ratan, (Calamus rotang.) "वेतसे ।"

वट् r. 1st and 10th cls. (वटति वटयति-ते) 1. To surround or encompass. 2. To tie or string, to connect. 3. To partition, to divide. r. 1st cl. causal form (वटयति) To speak. (व) वटि r. 4th and 10th cls. (वटयति) To partition, to separate or divide.

वट Subst. mfn. (-ट-टी-टं) A string, a rope, a tie. m. (-टः) 1. The large Indian fig-tree, (Ficus Indica.) 2. A round figure, a circle, a cipher, a ball or globe. 3. Pulse ground and fried with oil or butter. 4. A small shell, a cowrie. 5. Equality in shape or dimension. E. वट् to surround, to tie, aff. चच् ।

वटक m. (-कः) 1. Pulse ground and fried in oil or butter. 2. A weight of eight Ma'sha's. f. (-टिका) A pill. E. वट् to surround, aff. कृच् ।

वटपदा f. (-दा) A plant, from the fibrous leaves of which bow-strings, &c., are made, (Aletris hyacinthoides : Saussevieria zeylanica, Rox's Cata.) E. वट a string, पदा a leaf.

वटर mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. Wicked, villainous. 2. Slippery, unsteady. m. (-रः) 1. A cock. 2. A thief. 3. A cloth worn round the head, a turban. 4. A mat. 5. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus.) 6. A churning stick. E. वट् to surround, चरच् aff.

वटवासिन् mfn. (-सि-सिनी) A sort of demigod, male and female ; a YAKSHA or YAKSHINI, KURVE'RA's special attendants. E. वट the Indian-fig in which these spirits are supposed to be fond of abiding, वास abode, and इजि aff.

वटाकर m. (-रः) A cord, a rope, a string. E. वट surrounding, वाकर what makes, from कृ to make, with वाच् prefix, and टच् aff.

वटाकौक m. (-कः) A notorious thief, a dacoit, a robber.

वटि m. (-टि) A sort of tick or body louse. E. वट् to surround, aff. वच् ।

वटिक m. (-कः) A pawn at chess. f. (-का) 1. A pull. 2. A chessman.

वटिन् mfn. (-टि-टिनी-टि) 1. Stringed, having a string. 2. Circular, globular. E. वट, and इजि aff.

वटु m. (-टुः) 1. The Brahmacha'ri or religious student, after his investiture with the sacred thread. 2. A lad, a youth in general. 3. A flower, (Bignonia Indica.) E. वट् to surround, (with the string, &c.) or to speak, च Una'di aff.

वटुक m. (-कः) 1. A lad, a young man in general, or one fit to receive the sacrificial thread. 2. A religious student. 3. A stupid fellow, a blockhead. E. कज् added to the preceding.

वटुकर m. (-क) Investiture with the sacred and characteristic thread.

वह *vah* a lad after investiture. कृ to make, aff. कुट्, and the vowel of कुट् made long or technically, वि augment.

वह r. 1st cl. (वहति) To be large, powerful or able; also वह (वहति) To move alone or unaccompanied.

वह mfn. (-र-र-र) 1. Vile, wicked, abandoned. 2. Stupid, slow, dull. m. (-रः) 1. A blockhead, a fool. 2. A physician. 3. A waterpot. इ. वच् to speak, वच् aff., and व changed to ठ।

वह (र) वहि r. 1st cl. (वहति) 1. To partition, to share or divide. 2. To surround or encompass. 3. To cover: in the first sense it is sometimes read as a root of the 10th cl. (वहयति-ते).

वहमि f. (-भि: or भो) 1. The wooden frame of a thatch. 2. A temporary building or awning on the top of a palace, or a room or turret so situated. इ. वच् to cover, वच् aff., वच् added, and again optionally वच्, व changed to ड; otherwise वहमि and वहमी।

वह f. (-वह) Pulse ground and fried with oil or butter. इ. वच् to cover, वच् and टाच् affs., and व changed to its congener ड।

वहमि nf. (-ग्र-ग्रा or ग्री) 1. A fish-hook. 2. A bait. इ. वहिन् having a string, ग्री to destroy, ड aff.; the radical ट changed to ड। [to ड।

वह mfn. (-ह-ह-ह) Large, great. इ. वच् to cover, रच् aff., व changed to ड।

वह r. 10th cl. (वहयति-ते) To partition, to separate or divide; also वहि.

वह m. (वहः) 1. A part, a portion. 2. A man unmarried. 3. The handle of a sickle. इ. वहि to divide, aff. वच्।

वहक m. (-कः) 1. A part, a portion, a share. 2. A distributor. 3. Distributing. इ. वहि to divide, वच्, and कच् affs.

वहक n. (-कं) Portioning, dividing. इ. वहि to divide, ल्युट् aff.

वहनीय mfn. (-य-या-य) Divisible, to be divided. इ. वहि to divide, वनीयर् aff. [also वह्याल।

वहल m. (-लः) 1. A contest of heroes. 2. A boat. 3. A shovel, a hoe: वह m. (-लः) 1. An unmarried man. 2. A dwarf. 3. A javelin. f. (-लः) 1. Dwarfish. 2. Unmarried. इ. वहि to go alone, aff. वच्।

वह m. (-रः) 1. The new shoot of the Ta'l or palm tree. 2. The sheath that envelopes the young bamboo. 3. A rope for tying a goat, &c. 4. A female breast. 5. A dog's tail. 6. A dcg. 7. A cloud. इ. वहि to go alone, aff. वच्।

वह mfn. (-ह-ह-ह) 1. Maimed, defective, crippled, but especially in the hands. 2. Unmarried. 3. Impotent, emasculated. m. (-हः) 1. A man who is circumcised or has no prepuce. 2. An ox without his tail. f. (-हः) An unchaste woman. इ. वच् to sound, &c., aff. ड।

वह m. (-रः) 1. A niggard, a miser. 2. An eunuch or attendant on the woman's apartments.

वहक m. (-कः) 1. A description of conflict, the contest of heroes. 2. A boat. 3. A spade, a hoe. इ. वहि to divide, वच् aff.; also वह्याल।

वह Ind. As, like, similar: this is more generally considered as an affix to words, termed technically वहि, as ब्राह्मणवत् like a Brahman, &c. f. (-वहो) An affix added to nouns to form possessive adjectives, as लक्ष्मीवत्; also added to past passive participles to form past active participles, as कृतवत्।

वह mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Uttered, sounded, spoken. 2. Asked, begged. Ind. 1. A particle analogous to ah, oh, &c. expressing sorrow. 2. Compassion. 3. Pleasure. 4. Oh, ho, a vocative particle. इ. वच् to ask or beg, &c. aff. क।

वह m. (-वहः) 1. An ear-ring. 2. A crest. इ. वच् before, वहि to adorn, and वच् aff., the initial rejected; also वहतंस। [वच्, व rejected.

वह m. (-वहः) The name of a Muni. इ. वच् before, वहि to beat, aff.

वहोका f. (-का) 1. A cow miscarrying from accident. 2. A barren woman. इ. वच् before, वच् offspring, and व rejected; also वहोका।

वह m. (-वहः) The breast, the chest. m. (-वहः) 1. A calf. 2. A year. mf. (-वहः-वहः) A term of endearment, used to children, scholars, &c. इ. वह to speak, to speak kindly to, or वच् to love, Una'di aff. व।

वहक m. (-कः) 1. A calf. 2. A child. 3. A medicinal plant, (Wrightea antidysenterica.) n. (-कः) Black sulphate of iron. इ. वह and कच् added.

वहकाम mfn. (-क-मा-मं) Fond of or anxious about a child. f. (-मा) A cow anxious after her calf, a mother anxious after her child, &c. इ. वह a calf, &c. and काम् to desire, affs. वच् and टाच्।

वहगुरु m. (-गुरुः) A master. इ. वह, and गुरु teacher.

वहसर m. (-रः) A steer. f. (-रि: or रो) A heifer. इ. वह a calf, and तरच् aff. of excess; more than a calf.

वहतनी f. (-नी) The rope that ties a calf. इ. वह, and तनी a string.

वहनाभ m. (-भः) An active poison; also called Mi'tha Zehar, the root of the Aconite ferox brought from Ne'pa'l. इ. वह a calf, and नभ् to injure, वच् aff.; the root is sometimes compared to the nipple of a cow, whence perhaps this etymology.

वहपत्तन n. (-नं) The name of a city in the north of India; one place to which it is applied is now a village in the district of Gorakhpur इ. वह a calf, and पत्तन a city. [Una'di aff.

वहस m. (-रः) 1. A year. 2. An epithet of VISHN'U. इ. वच् to abide, सरच् वहसराजक m. (-कः) The month Pha'lgu'a. इ. वहस, and राजक destroyer.

वहल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Affliction, kind. n. (-लः) Affection, fondness. f. (-लः) A cow anxious for her calf. m. (-लः) A fire fed with grass. इ. वह a child, and लच् aff. [वहलल।

वहलता f. (-ता) Tenderness, affection. इ. वहल, लच् aff.; also with ल, वहलाची f. (-ची) A kind of cucumber, (Cucumis madraspatanus.)

वहसादन m. (-नः) A wolf. f. (-नी) A plant, (Menispermum glabrum.) इ. वह a calf, वदन food.

वहिसन्त m. (-न्तः) Youth, childhood.

वहसीय mfn. (-य-या-य) Proper or fit for a calf. m. (-यः) A cowherd. इ. वह a calf, &c., and ह aff.

वह r. 1st and 10th cl. (वहति-ते वहयति-ते) 1. To inform, to speak to or tell, to declare. 2. To speak articulately. 3. To abide. 4. To shine. 5. To be an authority on. 6. To toil. With वच्, (वहयति-ते) 1. To speak similarly or subsequently. 2. To resound. 3. To confirm, to ratify. 4. To imitate in loud and distinct voice. With वच् prefixed, (वहयति-ते) To reprove, to censure. With वच्, To salute respectfully or by name. With वच्, (वहयति-ते) 1. To explain. 2. To flatter, to cajole. 3. To conciliate, to persuade. With वच्, To speak out or plainly. With वच्, (वहयति-ते) To speak against. With व, 1. To rumour, to slander. 2. To call. 3. To consider. With वच्, (वहयति-ते) To reply to or answer. With व, (वहयति-ते) 1. To dispute. 2. To litigate. With व and व, (वहयति-ते) To wrangle or dispute together. With व, and व, To break a promise. With व and व, (वहयति-ते) To speak articulately in concert; (वहयति-ते) To utter or articulate sounds together. With व, 1. To converse. 2. To speak to. 3. To call, to name. 4. To coincide, to resemble, (with an inst.) Caus. (वहयति-ते) 1. To cause to utter. 2. To play on an instrument. With वच्, To salute. With व, and व, To make inconsistent. With वच्, To consult, (with an inst.) (र) वहि (वहते) 1. To salute with reverence or respect. 2. To praise, to eulogize.

वह mfn. (-ह-ह-ह) Speaking, able to speak, speaking well or sensibly. इ. वह to speak, वच् aff.

वह mfn. (-ह-ह-ह) Speaking, saying. इ. वह to speak, वह aff.

वहन n. (-नं) 1. The mouth, the face. 2. The front. 3. Look, appearance. 4. The summit or apex of a triangle. इ. वह to speak, aff. ल्युट्।

वहनसरीज n. (-जः) The face of a mistress. इ. वहन, and सरीज a lotus; also similar compounds, and वहनासुवह वहनारिह, वहनकमल, &c.

वहनासव m. (-वः) Saliva, the moisture of the lips. इ. वहन the mouth, वासव spirituous liquor.

वहनेन्दु m. (-न्दुः) The face. इ. वहन, इन्दु the moon; also similar compounds, as वहनचन्द्र, &c.

वदति f. (-नि:-नी) Speech, discourse, talk. E. वद to say or speak, निच् Unádi aff., जीच् optionally added. [also वदाम् ।  
 वदाम् mfn. (-न्:-न्ना-न्) Munificent, bountiful. E. वद to speak, aff. चच् ;  
 वदमान् mfn. (-न्:-ना-न्) 1. Saying, calling. 2. Glorifying, boasting. E.  
 वद् to speak, चानच् aff.  
 वदरिक् m. (-क्) The jujube; see वदरि ।  
 वदाम् mfn. (-न्:-न्ना-न्) 1. Liberal, munificent. 2. Speaking kindly or agreeably. 3. Eloquent. E. वद to speak, चच् Unádi aff.  
 वदाल m. (-ल्) 1. A sheat-fish, (Silurus Boalis, Ham.) 2. A whirl-pool. E. वद to speak, aff. चालच्, also with कन् added, वदालक m. (-क्) ।  
 वदावद् mfn. (-द्:-दा-द्) Speaking, a speaker, able to speak, able to speak well, eloquent. E. वद to speak, aff. चच्, the root repeated, and वा inserted.  
 वदि Ind. In the dark half of, (any month).  
 वद्य f. (-द्य) Adj. 1. Unblamable. 2. The second or dark, (fortnight of a lunar month.) n. (-द्य) Speech, speaking. [more commonly वधू ।  
 वधु f. (-धु) 1. A son's wife. 2. A wife in general. वध् to bear, उ aff. ;  
 वधुका f. (-का) A wife. E. वधु for वधू, and कन् added.  
 वधूटी f. (-टी) A daughter-in-law; see वधूटी ।  
 वधू f. (-धु) 1. Woman in general, a female. 2. A wife. 3. A young wife, one recently married, a bride. 4. A son's wife. 5. A sort of bulbous root, (Curcuma reclinata.) 6. A gramineous plant, (Trigonella corniculata :) see वृक्षा 7. A plant, (Echites frutescens.) E. वध् to bear, उ aff., and व changed to ध; also derived from वध् to bind, in which case it is written वधू ।  
 वधूजन m. (-ज) A woman. E. वधू a female, and जन person.  
 वधूटी f. (-टी) 1. A son's wife. 2. A young (woman living in her father's house, whether married or unmarried, E. वधू wife, टी aff.  
 वधूवल्ल n. (-ल्ल) Bridal apparel.  
 वधूवलय n. (-न) A lattice, a loop-hole.  
 वन् r. 1st and 10th cls. (वदति वानयति-ते) 1. To sound. 2. To serve, to honour. 3. To help. 4. To be distressed. (उ) वन् r. 1st and 10th cls. (वदति वानयति-ते) 1. To act, to transact business. 2. To injure; r. 8th cl. (वन्ते) To ask or beg.  
 वन nf. (-न-नी) A forest, a wood, a grove. n. (-न) 1. Water. 2. A residence, a dwelling or abode. 3. A house. 4. Timber. 5. A cascade or fountain. E. वन् to sound, to serve, to seek, &c., aff. चच् ।  
 वनकचु m. (-चु) A species of Arum, (A. calocasia.) E. वन, and कचु the same.  
 वनकचा f. (-चा) Wild pepper.  
 वनकरिन् m. (-रि) A wild elephant. E. वन, and करिन् an elephant.  
 वनकायांसि f. (-सी) Wild cotton, or a plant resembling it, (Hibiscus vitifolius.) E. वन a wood, and कायांसि cotton.  
 वनकुल्लुट m. (-ट) Wild fowl. E. वन and कुल्लुट a cock.  
 वनगज m. (-ज) A wild elephant. E. वन, and गज an elephant.  
 वनगहन n. (-न) A thicket. E. वन, and गहन the same.  
 वनगुप्त m. (-प्त) A spy, an emissary. E. वन a wood, and गुप्त concealed.  
 वनगी f. (-गी) The Gáyal, (Bos Gavæus.) E. वन wood, and गी a cow; also वनगव m. (-व) ।  
 वनगीचर mfn. (-र:-रा र) Frequenting forests. m. (-र) A hunter, a forester. n. (-र) A forest. E. वन, and गीचर an object, &c.  
 वनचन्दन n. (-न) 1. Aloe-wood or Agallochum. 2. A sort of pine, (Pinus Devada'ru.) E. वन a wood, and चन्दन Sandal.  
 वनचर m. (-र) 1. A forester, a woodman. 2. A wild animal. 3. The fabulous animal called Sa'rabha. [who goes.  
 वनचारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Forest, forester, savage. E. वन, and चारिन्  
 वनच्छेद m. (-द्) Cutting timber. E. वन, and छेद् who cuts.  
 वनहान m. (-न) 1. A wild goat. 2. A hog. E. वन a wood, and हान a goat.  
 वनहिन्द m. (-द्) A wood-cutter. E. वन, and हिन्द who cuts.  
 वनज mfn. (-ज:-जा-ज) Wild, forest, born or produced in a wood. n. (-ज) A lotus. m. (-ज) 1. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) 2. An

elephant. f. (-जा) 1. A sort of pulse, (Phaseolus trilobus.) 2. The wild cotton tree. 3. Wild ginger. E. वन wood, and ज born.  
 वनजीविन् m. (-वी) A wood-man, a forester. E. वन, and जीविन् who lives.  
 वनतिक्त m. (-क्त) A sort of myrobalan, (Terminalia chebula.) f. (-क्ता) A plant, commonly A'kana'di, (Cissampelos hexandra.) E. वन wood, तिक्त bitter.  
 वनतिक्ता f. (-क्ता) A climbing plant, (Cissampelos hexandra.) E. वन in the fem. form added to the preceding.  
 वनद m. (-द्) A cloud. E. वन water, and द what yield.  
 वनदीप m. (-प) The Champaka, (Michelia Champaca.) E. वन a wood, and दीप a lamp or illuminator.  
 वनधारा f. (-रा) An avenue of trees.  
 वनधेनु f. (-नु) The female of the Bos Gavæus.  
 वनपञ्चव m. (-व) A tree, (Hyperanthera morunga, &c.) E. वन a wood, पञ्चव a shoot. [man.  
 वनपायल m. (-क) A hunter, a deer-killer. E. वन a wood, पायल a low  
 वनपादप m. (-प) A forest tree. E. वन, पादप a tree.  
 वनपूरक m. (-क) The wild citron tree, [वन, प्रवेश entry.  
 वनप्रवेश m. (-श) Entering a forest, commencing to live as a hermit. E.  
 वनप्रस्थ n. (-स्थ) A wood situated on table land.  
 वनप्रिय m. (-य) The Indian cuckoo. E. वन a wood, and प्रिय fond of.  
 वनभुज m. (-भुज) A medicinal root, commonly Rishabha. E. वन a wood, भुज to eat, aff. भिप् ।  
 वनमञ्जी f. (-ञ्जी) Wild jasmine. E. वन a wood, मञ्जी jasmine.  
 वनमाचिका f. (-का) A gad-fly. E. वन a wood, and माचिका fly.  
 वनमाला f. (-ला) The chaplet or garland worn by KRISHN'A. E. वन a wood, and माला necklace.  
 वनमालिन् m. (-ली) KRISHN'A. f. (-नी) 1. Dwa'raka' the capital of KRISHN'A. 2. A female energy of KRISHN'A. E. वनमाला as above, रनि, डग्.  
 वनमुच m. (-मुच) a cloud. E. वन water, and मुच् to let loose, भिप् aff.  
 वनमुद्ग m. (-द्ग) A sort of kidney-bean, (Phaseolus trilobus.) E. वन a wood, मुद्ग kidney-bean.  
 वनमूत m. (-त) A cloud. E. वन water, and मूत sprinkled.  
 वनर m. (-र) A monkey. E. वन a wood, रन् to play, aff. उ; also वनर ।  
 वनराज m. (-ज) A lion. E. वन a wood, and राजन् a sovereign.  
 वनराजि mfn. (-जि:-जि: or जी-जि) Embellishing or beautifying a forest. E. वन, राज् to shine, इन् aff.  
 वनलक्ष्मी f. (-क्ष्मी) 1. The plantain. 2. The beauty of a wood. [abides.  
 वनवर्तिन् mfn. (-र्त्ति-र्त्ति-नी-र्त्ति) Residing in the woods. E. वन, वर्तिन् who  
 वनवह्नि m. (-ह्नि) A forest-conflagration. E. वन a forest, and वह्नि fire.  
 वनवास m. (-स) Living in the woods, as a hermit, &c. E. वन, वास abide.  
 वनवासन m. (-न) A civet or pole cat. E. वन a wood, वस् to dwell, aff. युच् ।  
 वनवासिन् mfn. (-सी-सिनी-सि) Wild, forest, who or what dwells in woods. m. (-सी) 1. An anchorer, a hermit. 2. A forester. E. वन forest, वास abide, aff. इन् । [विह्वल a cat.  
 वनविह्वल m. (-ल) A sort of wild cat, (Felis caracal.) E. वन, and  
 वनव्रीहि m. (-हि) Rice growing wild in pools or swamps, and considered by botanists, as the parent stock of all the varieties cultivated in India. E. वन wood or water, and व्रीहि rice.  
 वनमृगाट m. (-ट) A plant, (Ruellia longifolia :) see गीचर. E. वन a wood and मृगाट the same plant.  
 वनशोभन n. (-न) A lotus. E. वन water, शोभन् adorning.  
 वनशृन् m. (-शृन्) 1. A jackal. 2. A tiger. 3. A civet or pole cat. E. वन a wood, शृन् a dog.  
 वनसहट m. (-ट) A sort of pulse, (Ervum hiraatum.) E. वन a wood सहट what contracts.  
 वनसङ्घ m. (-ङ्घ) A multitude of groves or forests. E. वन, and सङ्घ [cons collection.  
 वनसरीजिनी f. (-नी) The wild cotton plant. E. वन wild, सरीजिनी Hibiscus  
 वनस्य mfn. (-स्य:-स्या-स्य) Wild, savage, forest or grove-abiding, &c. n

- (-वृक्षः) 1. A deer. 2. A hermit. f. (-वृक्षः) The holy-fig tree. E. वन (in) a wood, and वृक्ष what stays.
- वनस्थली f. (-ली) Forest-ground.
- वनस्थायिन् mfn. (-यि-विनी-यि) Being or abiding in a wood. m. (-वी) A hermit, an anchorite. E. वन, स्थायिन् who stays. [stays.]
- वनस्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Situated or being in a forest. E. वन, स्थित what
- वनस्पति m. (-तिः) 1. A tree that bears fruit but no apparent blossoms, as several species of the fig, the jack, &c. 2. A tree in general.
3. An ascetic. E. वन forest, and पति lord, वृद्ध augment.
- वनसज्ज f. (-ज्ज् or -ज्ज) A garland of forest flowers.
- वनहास m. (-सः) A sort of tall grass, (Saccharum spontaneum.) E. वन wood, and हास a smile, from हस् to laugh, with वञ् aff. ; also with कञ् added, वनहासक । [trembling.]
- वनाकम्प m. (-म्पः) Shaking of the trees of wood by the wind. E. वन, वाकम्प
- वनाव m. (-वः) A hare. E. वन a wood, and वाव a rat. [चवाजीपः ।]
- वनावृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A sort of bean, (Phaseolus Mungo.) E. वन-वृक्ष-उत्पन्न
- वनाज m. (-जः) A wild goat. E. वन a wood, and अज a goat. [aff.]
- वनाट m. (-टः) 1. The anus. 2. A hule fly. E. वन a thicket, वट् to go, उन्
- वनान् n. (-न्) The skirts of a wood. E. वन, अन् end.
- वनापगा f. (-गा) A forest stream.
- वनाभिलाष mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Wood-destroying. E. वन, अभिलाष destruction.
- वनामल m. (-मलः) A fruit, (Carissa carondas.) E. वन wood, and आमल for आमलक myrobalan.
- वनाय m. (-यः) 1. A country distinguished for its breed of horses, (i. e.) ARABIA, also वानाय. 2. An antelope. E. वन, आयुच aff. [born.]
- वनयुज m. (-जः) A horse of the Vana'yu breed. E. वनाय a country, ज
- वनरिष्ट f. (-ष्टः) Wild turmeric.
- वनाग्रक m. (-कः) A flower-gatherer. E. वन a wood, अग्र् to go, वृन् aff.
- वनामल n. (-मलः) Red earth.
- वनालिका f. (-का) A sun-flower, (Heliotropium Indicum.) E. वन a wood, वल् to adorn, aff. वृन् and fem. form.
- वनारय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Forest, forester, who or what is in a forest. m. (-यः) 1. A raven, or perhaps more properly a sort of crow. 2. Dwelling in a forest, E. वन a wood, वायय abode. [repaired to.]
- वनश्चित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Leading the life of a hermit, &c. E. वन, वायित
- वनाहिर m. (-रः) A hog.
- वनि m. (-निः) 1. Fire or its deity. 2. Wish, desire. E. वन् to worship, Una'di aff. वृन् ।
- वनिका f. (-का) A woody place, a grove. E. वनी, and कञ् added.
- वनित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Solicited, begged. 2. Served. f. (-ता) 1. A woman in general. 2. A beloved woman, a wife, a mistress. E. वन् to ask, aff. क ।
- वनितारिण m. (-रिणः) The wanton sport of woman.
- वनिम् m. (-नी) 1. A tree. 2. A Bra'hman in the third stage of his life.
- वनिष्ठ m. (-ष्ठः) The entrails of an animal offered in sacrifice. E. वन् to worship, वृन् Una'di aff.
- वनिष्ठ Adj. Begging, soliciting. E. वन, वृन् aff.
- वनीक m. (-कः) A beggar ; also वनीयक ।
- वनीयक m. (-कः) A beggar, a mendicant. E. वन् to ask, वृन् aff. , कञ् and वृन् added ; also व being changed to प. वनीयक ।
- वनेच्छा f. (-छा) A tree, commonly Karanja. E. वने in a wood, छद् small.
- वनेचर mfn. (-चः-रा-रं or -रो-रं) Who or what inhabits in a wood, forest, &c. , a forester. m. (-रः) 1. A forester, one of a savage tribe inhabiting woods, a sylvan, a satyr. 2. An imp, &c. E. वने in a forest, चर who goes.
- वनेचराय m. (-यः) An ascetic, an anchorite. E. वनेचर and चरा a chief.
- वनेचय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Living in the woods. E. वने, यी to sleep, य aff.
- वनेकद्वय m. (-द्वयः) A part of a thicket. E. वन, and एकद्वय a part.
- वनीकाह m. (-हः) A rhinoceros. E. वन a wood, and अहाह effort.
- वनीह m. (-हः) A part of a thicket, E. वन, and अह direction.

- वनोद्भव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Produced in a forest. f. (-वा) Wild cotton. E. वन a wood, उद्भव produced.
- वनोक्त m. (-क्तः) 1. A forester. 2. A monkey, an ape. 3. An ascetic. E. वन wood, ओक्त dwelling.
- वन्दका f. (-का) A parasite plant. E. वन्दा the same, कञ् aff.
- वन्द्य m. (-यः) 1. A panegyrist, a eulogist, a bard. 2. One deserving praise or eulogium. E. वन्द् to praise, Una'di aff. वृन् ।
- वन्दन n. (-नः) 1. The face or mouth. 2. Obeisance to a Bra'hmana or superior by touching the feet, &c. f. (-नी) 1. Reverence, worship, adoring. 2. Begging, soliciting, asking. 3. A drug for reviving the dead. f. (-ना) Praise, praising, especially the gods or great men. E. वदि to praise, aff. वृन् or वृन्, fem. aff. वीन् or टाप् ।
- वन्दनमाला f. (-माला) The ornamented arch of a gate-way. E. वन्दन praising, माला a garland ; being hung with flowers on festival occasions.
- वन्दनमालिका f. (-का) The ornamented arch of a gate way. E. वन्दन praising, माला a garland, कञ् aff. in the fem. form.
- वन्दनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Praise-worthy, to be eulogised. f. (-या) A yellow substance used as a pigment, said in the Tantras to be procured from the head of a cow ; see रीचना. E. वदि to praise, वनीयर् aff.
- वन्दा f. (-न्दा) 1. A parasite plant, (Epidendrum tessellatum, &c) 2. Any parasite plant. 3. A female beggar. E. वदि to praise, aff. वृन् and टाप् ।
- वन्दका f. (-का) A parasite plant. E. वदि, वाकञ् aff. [वृन् ।]
- वन्दार m. (-रः) A parasite plant. E. वन्दा the same, वृन् to go, or be, aff.
- वन्दार mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Civil, complementary, polite. 2. Praising, celebrating. m. (-वः) A panegyrist, a bard. E. वदि to praise, वाक aff.
- वदि f. (-दिः or -दी) 1. A captive, a prisoner, man or beast confined. 2. A ladder or stairs. E. वदि to praise, aff. वृन्, वृन् optionally added
- वन्दिवाह m. (-हः) A house-breaker, especially one who breaks into the place in which the sacred fire is preserved, into an armoury, or a temple. E. वन्दि captive, (what is confined or shut up,) वाह who seizes ; also वन्दिचोर &c. [the last.]
- वन्दिचोर m. (-रः) A thief, a house-breaker. E. वन्दि, and चोर thief ; see वन्दिन् m. (-न्दी) 1. A panegyrist, a bard, a herald, a servant whose duty it is to proclaim the titles of a great man as he passes along, or a poet, who sings the praises of a prince in his presence, or accompanies an army, to chaunt martial songs : considered as one of a distinct tribe, he is the son of a Kshetriya by a Sudra female. 2. A flatterer. 3. A prisoner. E. वदि to praise, aff. वृन् ।
- वन्दिपाठ m. (-ठः) A complimentary stanza, a panegyric, a eulogium, often improvisatore, recited by a bard. E. वन्दि a bard, पाठ reading
- वन्दीकार m. (-रः) A thief, a house-breaker.
- वन्द्य mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) To be praised, commendable, laudable. f. (-न्दा) A parasite plant. E. वदि to praise, वृन् aff. , or वृन् Una'di aff.
- वन्द m. (-न्दः) A worshipper. n. (-न्दः) Prosperity E. वन्द to praise, aff. वृन् ।
- वन्द्य mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Forest, savage, wild, produced in a wood, &c. f. (-न्दा) 1. A multitude of groves. 2. A quantity of water, a flood, a deluge. 3. A plant, (Physalis flexuosa) E. वन् a wood, &c., वृन् aff.
- वन् m. (-वः) A co-partner, a co-heir, &c. E. वन् to ask, वृन् Una'di aff.
- वप् (व) वृष r. 1st cl. (वपति-ने) 1. To sow seed. 2. To procreate. 3. To shave. 4. To weave. With च, To scatter. With नि, 1. To scatter seed. 2. To make offerings to the MANES. 3. To kill. With नि, 1. To scatter. 2. To perform. 3. To offer. 4. To present libations to the MANES. With वृत्ति, 1. To sow. 2. To pierce, to fix.
- वप m. (-पः) 1. Shaving. 2. Sowing seed. 3. Weaving. f. (-वा) 1. The mucous or glutinous secretion of the flesh or bones ; according to some, also the marrow of the bones. 2. Any hole or cavity. E. वप् to sow seed, &c., aff. वृन् ।
- वपन n. (-नः) 1. Sowing seed. 2. Shaving. 3. Semen virile. f. (-नी) 1. A barber's shop. 2. A weaver's workshop. E. वप् to shave, &c. aff. वृन् ।

वपाकृत m. (-कृत) Marrow. **व** वपा, कृत what makes. [aff.]  
 वपि m. (-लः) A father. **व** वप् to sow seed, (figuratively,) वलच् Una'di  
 वपु m. (-नः) A deity. n. (-नः) Knowledge. **व** वप् to sow, उनच् aff.  
 वपुश्चर Adj. 1. Embodied. 2. Beautiful, handsome.  
 वपुष्मा f. (-मा) A plant, (Hibiscus mutabilis.) [ननुप् aff.]  
 वपुष्मन् mfn. (-मा-यन्-यन्) Having a body, corporeal, incarnate. **व** वप्, वपुस्  
 वपुस् n. (-वः) 1. The body. 2. A handsome form or figure. 3. Beauty, beautiful appearance. **व** वप् to sow, Una'di aff. उचि।  
 वपुस्व m. (-वः) A humour of the body.  
 वस्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be sown. 2. To be given, conferred, implanted, &c. 3. To be immitted seminally, to be impregnated or begotten. **व** वप् to sow, ल्य aff. ; also वपनीय &c.  
 वसृ mfn. (-सा-सृ-सृ) A sower, a planter, &c. m. (-सा) 1. A father, a progenitor. 2. A poet. 3. A sage. **व** वप् to sow, aff. वृ।  
 वस्र mn. (-प्रः-प्र) 1. A field. 2. A rampart, a mud wall, earth taken from the ditch of a town and raised as a wall or buttress, or as the foundation of a wall of masonry, &c. 3. The foundation of any building. 4. The gate of a fortified city. 5. A shore or bank. 6. Dust, earth. 7. A mound, a hillock. 8. The slope of a hill. 9. A summit, a peak. 10. A ditch. 11. A field. 12. The butting of an elephant or bull. m. (-प्रः) A father. n. (-प्रः) Lead. f. (-प्रो) A hillock, an ant-hill. **व** वप् to sow, वन् Una'di aff.  
 वप्रक्रीडा f. (-डा) Butting, as of an elephant or bull, &c., against a bank. **व** वप्र a mound, and क्रीडा sport. [वप्र, चान्त bent.]  
 वप्रान्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Bowed or stooping to butt at a wall or bank. **व** वप्रान्त Ind. In or between banks, mounds, &c. **व** वप्र, चान्त within.  
 वप्रभिघात m. (-तः) Butting at a bank or mound. **व** वप्र, चभिघात striking.  
 वप्रान्धस् n. (-न्धः) The water near or along the bank. **व** वप्र, चान्धस् water.  
 वप्ति m. (-प्तिः) 1. A field. 2. The ocean. **व** वप् to sow, Una'di aff. रि।  
 वप् र. 1st cl. (वपति) To go ; also वप्।  
 वप् (टः उ) टवप् r. 1st cl. (वपति) To vomit, to eject from the mouth.  
 वप् inf (-मः-सो) Vomiting. **व** वप् to vomit, aff. चच् ; also वमन and वमि।  
 वमयु m. (-युः) 1. Vomiting, ejecting any thing from the mouth. 2. Water ejected from an elephant's trunk. **व** वप् to vomit, aff. चयुच्।  
 वमन n. (-नः) 1. Vomiting, ejecting any thing from the mouth. 2. Causing, vomiting, an emetic. 3. Pain. 4. Offering oblations to fire. m. (-नः) Hemip. f. (-नी) A leech. **व** वप् to vomit, aff. छुट्।  
 वमनीया f. (-या) A fly.  
 वमि m. (-मिः or मो) 1. Vomiting, sickness. 2. An emetic. m. (-मिः) 1. A name of fire. 2. A rogue, a cheat. **व** वप् to vomit, aff. वन्।  
 वमित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sickened, made to vomit. **व** वप् to be sick, causal v., क aff.  
 वमिता Ind. Having vomited or been sick. **व** वप् to be sick, क्ता aff.  
 वमिन् mfn. (-मो-मिनी-मि) Vomiting, sick. **व** वप् to vomit, वमि aff.  
 वनारव m. (-वः) The lowing of a cattle.  
 वन्नी f. (-न्नी) A small ant burrowing in trees ; also वन्ना।  
 वन्नीकूट n. (-टः) An ant-hill, a hillock. **व** वन्नी a sort of ant, कूट a heap.  
 वय् r. 1st cl. (वयते) To go or move.  
 वयन n. (-नः) Weaving.  
 वयस् n. (-यः) 1. A bird. 2. Age, time of life. 3. Youth. **व** वय् to go, चयुच् aff. ; or वी as substituted for चय् to go, with the same aff.  
 वयस्क mfn. (-यः-यस्-य) Relating to age, aged. **व** वयस् and वय् aff.  
 वयस्य mfn. (-यः-यस्-य) Middle-aged, young, &c. ; see वयस्।  
 वयस्स mfn. (-यः-यस्-य) 1. Young, in the prime of life. 2. Mature, middle-aged, past childhood, or from sixteen to seventy. m. (-यः) A friend, an associate, a cotemporary. f. (-यस्) 1. The moon-plant, (Asclepias acida.) 2. Emblic myrobalan, (Phyllanthus emblica.) 3. Yellow myrobalan, (Terminalia chebula.) 4. Small cardamoms. 5. A plant, (Menispermum glabrum.) 6. A medicinal root, commonly Ka'ko'li. 7. A woman's female friend or companion, a con-

fidante. 8. The silk-cotton tree. **व** वयस् life, यस् to be or stay, aff. क, fem. aff. टाप्, the final of the former changed to Visarga, and that optionally rejected ; hence also वयःस्।  
 वयस्य mfn. (-यः-यस्-य) Aged, relating to age. m. (-यः) A friend, a cotemporary, an associate or companion. f. (-यस्) A woman's female friend or confidante. **व** वयस् life, यत् aff.  
 वयुन n. (-नः) 1. Knowledge, wisdom. 2. A temple. (in this sense it is masc. according to some.) **व** वी substituted for वय् to go, उनच् Una'di aff. ; or वय-उनच्।  
 वयोगत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Aged, very old. **व** वयस् and गत gone.  
 वयोवृत्त m. (-वृत्तः) A young or middle-aged man. **व** वयस् youth or manhood, वा to have, Una'di aff. वृत्ति।  
 वयोविक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Very old. **व** वयस् and विक exceeding.  
 वय् r. 10th cl. (वयति-ते) To desire, to obtain, to covet or ask.  
 वर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Best, excellent. 2. Eldest. m. (-रः) 1. A boon, a blessing, especially in the gift of a Bra'hmana or deity. 2. Engaging, selecting, appointing. 3. Requesting, soliciting, especially prevailing on a person by entreaty to undertake any business. 4. Surrounding, encompassing. 5. A husband, a bridegroom. 6. A son-in-law. 7. A catamite. 8. A drug ; see वयुक्। 9. Wish, desire. 10. A sparrow. n. Adv. (वर) or Ind. (वरम्) Better, preferable, it would be better if. n. (-रं) Saffron. f. (-रा) 1. The three myrobalans. 2. A sort of perfume, commonly Re'huka'. 3. A plant, (Cissampelos hexandra.) 4. Turmeric. f. (-री) 1. Asparagus racemosus. 2. A name of CH'HA'YA', wife of the sun. **व** व to select, to cover, &c., aff. चप् or चच् ; it is also derived from वृ, and is then written with an initial consonant : see वर ; also वर to desire, aff. चच्।  
 वरक n. (-कः) The cover or awning of a boat. m. (-कः) 1. A wild kidney-bean. 2. A request. 3. A towel, a wiper. 4. A cloak. **व** वृ to cover, aff. वृन्।  
 वरकतु m. (-तुः) INDRA. **व** वर best, कृत sacrifice.  
 वरचन्दन n. (-नः) 1. A dark sort of Sandal or Agallochum. 2. A sort of pine, (Pinus Devada'ru.) **व** वर best, चन्दन Sandal.  
 वरट m. (-टः) 1. A gander. 2. A man of a barbarous or foreign race n. (-टः) Many flowered jasmine. f. (-टा-टी) 1. A goose. 2. A wasp, &c. **व** वृ to choose, aff., चटन् ; fem. aff. टाप् or जीव्।  
 वरच n. (-चः) 1. Appointing, selecting, choosing. 2. Surrounding, inclosing. 3. Screening, covering. 4. Nourishing, supporting. m. (-चः) 1. An outer building, an enclosure, a wall of masonry, &c. raised on a mound of earth. 2. A causeway, a bridge. 3. A camel. 4. A tree, (Capparis trifoliata.) 5. Any tree. f. (-चा) A rivulet, running past the north of Bena'res, into the Ganges, now called the Baruna'. **व** वृ to choose or appoint, aff. छुट्। [bridegroom.]  
 वरचमाला f. (-ला) The garland placed by the bride on the head of the वरचसी f. (-सी) The city Benares, more usually वाराणसी. **व** वरचा a rivulet as above, and चसि another rivulet, running on the south of the city! ; deriv. irr.  
 वरचयी mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be applied to or solicited for a boon, &c. 2. To be selected. **व** वर to ask as a boon, or वृ to choose, चनीयर् aff.  
 वरच्छ m. (-च्छः) 1. A portico. 2. Pimples on the face. 3. A multitude. 4. A heap of grass. 5. The string of a fish-hook. 6. A packet, a package. 7. A long rod according to some ; a projecting wall according to others. f. (-च्छा) 1. A small bird, (Turdus.) 2. A dagger. 3. The wick of a lamp. **व** वृच् to cover, &c., Una'di aff. चच्छच्।  
 वरच्छक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Fearful, terrified. 2. Large, great. 3. Miserly, a miser. m. (-कः) 1. A Howda'h, a chair or canopy on the back of an elephant. 2. A wall. 3. Eruption or pimples on the face. 4. A ball, a globe. 5. A mound of earth. **व** वरच्छ as above, वच् added.



वरीश्वरि m. (-लुः) The castor oil tree, (*Ricinus communis*).  
 वरतन f. (-नः) An elegant woman. E. वर and तनु body.  
 वरत्नरी f. (-री) A sort of perfume, commonly Re'nuka'.  
 वरणा f. (-ना) 1. An elephant's or horse's leather girth. 2. A thong, a strip of leather. E. वरन् to cover or surround, Unádi aff. चवन् ।  
 वरलक्ष m. (-लः) The Nimba-tree, (*Melia azadiracta*). E. वर best, and लक्ष skin, the final vowel added.  
 वरद mfn. (-दः दा-द) 1. Granting a prayer, conferring a boon. 2. Propitious, favourable. m. (-दः) 1. A benefactor. 2. Fire for burnt-offerings of a propitiatory character. f. (-दा) A girl, a virgin. E. वर a blessing, &c., व who gives. [ing, दान giving.]  
 वरदान n. (-न) 1. Granting a boon. 2. A place of pilgrimage. E. वर bless-  
 वरपण्य m. (-ण्यः) A sort of perfume, commonly Re'nuka'.  
 वरप्रद mfn. (-दः दा-द) Conferring a boon. f. (-दा) The wife of the saint  
 AGASTYA. E. वर a boon, and प्रद who gives.  
 वरप्रदान n. (-न) Conferring a boon. E. वर and प्रदान giving.  
 वरप्रस्थान n. (-न) The setting out of a bridegroom towards the house of the bride for the celebration of marriage.  
 वरफल m. (-लः) The cocoa-nut tree. E. वर best and फल fruit.  
 वरन् Ind. Better, sooner, rather, preferable : see वर । E. वृ-चसु ।  
 वरमुखी f. (-खी) Re'nuka', a sort of perfume.  
 वरम्बरा f. (-रा) The nux vomica plant.  
 वरविह m. (-ता) A husband. E. वर to choose, in the causal form, aff. वृ ।  
 वरवर्चि m. (-चिः) A poet and philosopher, one of the ornaments of the court of Bho'ja, or one of the nine gems usually ascribed to VIKRAMA'DITYA's court. E. वर pre-eminent, वरि light or renown.  
 वरल m. (-लः ला or -ली) A wasp. f. (-ला) A goose. E. वर and ला to take aff. क ।  
 वरलक्ष्म m. (-लः) The Champaka tree. [affectionate.]  
 वरलक्ष्मी f. (-लः) The wife of a father-in-law. E. वर a bridegroom, वरलक्ष्मी  
 वरविणी f. (-नी) 1. An excellent woman. 2. A virtuous woman. 3. A woman in general. 4. Turmeric. 5. Lac. 6. A brownish yellow pigment; also वीरचना and गीरीचना. 7. A plant, commonly Priyangu. 8. A name of GAURI'. 9. SARASWATI'. 10. LAKSHMI'. E. वर best, वर्ण class or colour, aff. वृनि and जोष ।  
 वरवारण m. (-णः) A fine elephant. E. वर, and वरण an elephant.  
 वरवर्णीक n. (-क) Saffron. E. वर, and वर्णीक the same.  
 वरवृ m. (-वः) S'IVA. E. वर better, and वर old.  
 वरक mfn. (-कः की-क) 1. Low, vile, impure. 2. Poor, pitiable. m. (-कः) 1. S'IVA. 2. War. E. वर to cover, &c., वाकन् aff.  
 वराह n. (-ह) 1. The head. 2. The privy, a private part, male or female. 3. Cassia bark. 4. An elegant form or body. m. (-हः) An elephant. E. वर best, excellent, वर body or member.  
 वराहक m. (-कः) Woody Cassia. E. कन् added to the preceding.  
 वराहना f. (-ना) A lovely woman. E. वर best, वरना a woman.  
 वराहवर्णित mfn. (-तः ता-त) Handsome and well-shaped. E. वराह excell-  
 ent body, रूप form, and वर्णित invested, possessing.  
 वराहोक्ति m. (-की) An astrologer.  
 वराट m. (-टः) 1. A cord, a rope. 2. A Cowri : see the next.  
 वराटक mfn. Subst. (-टकः-टिका-टकी) 1. A rope, a cord, a string. 2. The small shell, called a Cowri, and used as a coin. 3. The seed-vessel of the lotus. f. (-टिका) The Na'geshwara plant. E. वरन् to surround, aff. चटन्, and कन् added.  
 वराटकरजसु m. (-जाः) A plant, commonly Na'geshwara, (*Mesua ferrea*).  
 वराच m. (-चः) 1. INDRA. 2. A plant, (*Capparis trifoliata*). E. वर best, and ची to obtain, with चाङ् prefix, and उ aff.  
 वराचडी f. (-डी) Bena'res. E. वर best, वरन् water, डी aff., i. e. the Ganges, on whose bank the city is situated; also वाराचडी and [eating.]  
 वराचडी ।  
 वरादन n. (-न) A sort of Mimusops, (*M. Kauki*, Rox.) E. वर best, वदन

वरास m. (-सः) An acid fruit, (*Carissa Carondas*). E. वर best, वर acid.  
 वरारक n. (-क) The diamond. E. वर best, वर to go or be, वरन् aff.  
 वरारोह m. (-हः) 1. An elephant driver. 2. Mounting, riding. 3. A rider on an elephant or horse. f. (-हः) 1. A handsome or elegant woman. 2. The hip or flank. E. वर excellent, वरारोह mounting, &c.  
 वरालक m. (-कः) The Caronda fruit, (*Carissa Carondas*). E. वर best, वरन् to be equal to, वरन् aff.  
 वरालि m. (-लिः) 1. The moon. 2. A division of music.  
 वरालिका f. (-का) A name of DURGA'. E. वर best, supreme, वरालि a female friend, वरन् added. [also वरालि ।]  
 वरात्रि m. (-त्रिः) Coarse cloth. E. वर covering, वरन् to pervade, aff. वरन् ;  
 वरासभ n. (-भः) 1. The seat of honour. 2. An excellent seat. 3. A cistern, a reservoir. 4. The China rose. m. (-नः) 1. A whoremonger. 2. A door-keeper. E. वर best, &c., वरासभ a seat.  
 वरासि m. (-सिः) 1. Coarse cloth. 2. A swordsman. f. (-सी) Dirty clothes. E. वर covering, वरन् to be, affs. वरन् and डीप् ।  
 वराह m. (-हः) 1. A hog. 2. A name of VISHN'U in the third Avata'r or descent, in which he assumed the shape of a boar. 3. A bull. 4. A ram. 5. A cloud. 6. A crocodile. 7. An array of troops in the form of a hog. 8. A mountain. 9. A fragrant grass, (*Cyperus*). 10. A particular measure. 11. One of the eighteen smaller Dwipas or divisions of the universe. E. वर best, वरन् to injure, with वरन् prefix, and उ aff.  
 वराहकणिका f. (-का) A kind of missile weapon. [also वराह ।]  
 वराहकाला f. (-ला) A sort of yam. E. वराह a hog, and काला beloved ;  
 वराहकालिन् m. (-ली) A flower, : see सूर्यमणि ।  
 वराहकाला f. (-ला) A plant, a sort of sensitive plant according to some authorities, but to others, a kind of moss, (*Lycopodium imbricatum*, Rox.) : it is also considered sometimes, but erroneously, as synonymous with वराहौ Dioscorea. E. वराह a hog, and काला passing.  
 वराहनामिन् m. (-ना) An esculent root : see वराहौ. E. वराह a hog, and नामन् a name.  
 वरिसन् m. (-सः) Excellence, pre-eminence.  
 वरिवसित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Served, honoured, adored, as a deity or spiritual teacher. E. वरिवस्या service, वरन् aff., and य optionally rejected.  
 वरिवस्या f. (-स्या) Service, honour, especially such devoted obedience as a pupil pays his spiritual preceptor. E. वरिवस indeclinable, here said to imply veneration, and वरन् aff.  
 वरिवस्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Served, adored. E. वरिवस्या as above, वरन् aff.  
 वरिणी f. (-णी) A fish-hook. E. See वरिणी, व and र being interchanged.  
 वरिष n. (-ष) A year. m. plu. (-षाः) The rains or rainy season. E. वरन् to sprinkle, aff. वरन् ।  
 वरिषाप्रिय m. (-यः) The Cha'taka, (*Cuculus melanoleucos*). E. वरिषा the rainy season, प्रिय fond of ; supposed to drink rain water only.  
 वरिष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठः-ष्ठा-ष्ठ) 1. Largest, greatest, most large. 2. Heaviest, mightiest. 3. Best, dearest, most preferable or beloved. n. (-ष्ठ) 1. Copper. 2. Pepper. m. (-ष्ठः) 1. The Francolino partridge. 2. The orange tree. E. वरन् substituted for वरन् large, or वर best, वरन् aff. of the irr. superlative.  
 वरीयस् mfn. (-यन्-यसी-यः) 1. Very large, largest, most large. 2. Best, most preferable or excellent. 3. Extremely young, tender, infantine. m. (-यन्) The eighteenth of the astronomical periods called Yo'gas. E. वर best, or substituted for वरन् large, and वरियस् aff. of the irr. superlative.  
 वरीवर्ह m. (-हः) An ox or bull. E. See वलीवर्ह, व and ल being changed to व and र ; also वलीवर्ह ।  
 वरीयु m. (-युः) KA'MA or CUPID. E. वर to choose, वरन् aff.  
 वरुण m. (-णः) 1. VARUN'A, the deity of the water and regent of the west. 2. Water or the ocean. 3. A tree, (*Tapia cratoeva*, or *Capparis trifoliata*). 4. A name of the sun, or rather of one of the

twelve forms of that luminary, or A'dityas. E. इ to enclose, (the earth,) or इ to select or prefer, being chosen by the gods for his office, and उनादि Unādi aff.

वरुणाक्षर f. (-ञा) Spirituous liquor. E. वरुण VARUN'A, or the ocean personified, आक्षर daughter; being amongst the precious thing produced at the churning of the ocean.

वरुणानी f. (-नी) The wife of VARUN'A. E. वरुण, with ऊप् aff. and आनुक् augment. [aff.]

वरुण n. (-ञ) An upper and outer garment. E. इ to cover, उना Unādi

वरुण m. (-ञः) 1. A sort of wooden fender or ledge round a carriage, as a defence from the effects of collision. 2. The Ko'kila. 3. Time. n. (-ञ) 1. Armour, mail. 2. Leather, skin. 3. A shield. 4. A multitude, an assemblage. 5. A house or dwelling. E. इ to surround, Unādi aff. ऊयन् ।

वरुणिन् m. (-दी) 1. A guard, a defender. 2. A car. f. (-नी) 1. An army. 2. Wearing an armour. 3. Furnished with a protecting plank. 4. Protecting, E. वरुण part of a car, इनि and ऊप् affs.

वरुण m. (-ञः) A wasp.

वरुण्य mfn. (-ञः-गुण-ञः) 1. Chief, principal, pre-eminent. 2. Desirable, eligible. n. (-ञः) Saffron. E. इ to select, Unādi aff. एयन् ।

वरुण्ड m. (-न्दः) 1. A chief, a sovereign. 2. INDRA. f. (-न्दी) Ancient Gaur, the capital and district so named. E. वर best, इन्द्र chief, and with ऊप् aff.; the favourite country of the deity, &c.

वरुण्डर m. (-रः) S'IVA. E. वर best, principal, ईश्वर lord.

वरुण्ड m. (-टः) A plant, commonly Marubaka.

वरुण f. (-रुः) A beautiful woman.

वरुण m. (-रुः-ली) A wasp. E. इ to cover, वीलच् aff., fem. aff. डीप्; the fem. form may also mean, a smaller kind of wasp.

वरुण m. (-रुः-री) Any young animal. m. (-रुः) 1. A lamb. 2. A goat. 3. Pleasure, pastime, sport, mirth, festivity. E. इक् to take, aff. अरन् ।

वरुण्ड m. (-टः) 1. A side-glance, a wink, a leer. 2. The rays of the meridian sun. mn. (-टः) The marks of a lover's finger nails on the bosom of a woman. E. वरुण a young animal, अट् to be or resemble, aff. अच् ।

वरुण्ड m. (-टः) A pin, a bolt.

वर्ग m. (-गी) A class, a tribe, a multitude of similar things, whether animate or inanimate; as Ka-varga, the class of guttural letters; Tri-varga, a class of three objects, (as love, duty, and wealth); the S'udra-varga, the S'udra tribe. 2. A chapter, a book, a section. 3. A square number, (in arithmetic.) 4. Strength. E. इक् to quit, to except, (any thing else), aff. चञ् ।

वर्गचन n. (-नः) The square of a cube. E. वर्ग and चन a cube.

वर्गमूल n. (-मः) A square root. E. वर्ग and मूल a root.

वर्गनास m. (-नाः) A nasal, the last consonant in each of the first five classes of consonants being a nasal.

वर्गयि mfn. (-यः-या-य) Belonging to a class, a tribe, &c. E. वर्ग and य aff.

वर्ग r. 1st cl. (वर्गति) To go. [fill.]

वर्ग r. 1st cl. (वर्गते) To shine. r. 10th cl. (वर्गयति-ते) 1. To cut. 2. To shine. f. (-टी) 1. A kind of rice. 2. A harlot.

वर्गन् n. (-र्गः) 1. Form, figure, shape. 2. Light, lustre. 3. Vigour, power. 4. Ordure, faeces. m. (-र्गः) The son of CHANDRA. E. वर्ग to shine, अलृच् aff.

वर्गन् mn. (-र्गः-र्गः) 1. Brightness. 2. Faeces, excrement. E. वर्ग to shine, अलृच् aff. and कन् depreciative aff. added.

वर्गविन् mfn. (-र्वि-विर्गो-वि) 1. Bright, glorious. 2. Vigorous, active. E. वर्गन्, विनि aff.

वर्ग mfn. (-र्वः-वर्ग-वर्ग) 1. Free from, devoid of. 2. Excepted. m. (-र्वः) 1. Leaving, abandoning. 2. Excepting. E. इक् to abandon, aff. अच् । [to quit, कृच् aff.]

वर्गक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Who or what leaves, shuns, excepts, &c. E. इक्

वर्गन n. (-नः) 1. Quitting, abandonment, shunning, avoiding. 2. It jury, hurting. 3. Killing. E. इक् to abandon, aff. कृच् ।

वर्गनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Improper, censurable, wicked, proper to be avoided. 2. Irregular, to be excepted. E. इक् to quit, अलोच् aff. of the future participle.

वर्गन् Ind. Excluding, (at the end of compound.)

वर्गयित्वा Ind. 1. Having shunned or avoided. 2. Having omitted, excepting, leaving out. E. इक् to quit, aff. क्ता ।

वर्गित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Abandoned, avoided. 2. Given. 3. Excluded, excepted. E. इक् to quit, aff. क्ता ।

वर्गित mfn. (-र्वः-वर्ग-वर्ग) 1. To be shunned. 2. To be excepted, excluded, left out. n. (-र्वः) A point in each lunar mansion during the passage of the moon, in which no business should be begun. E. इक् to quit, यन् aff.

वर्ग r. 10th cl. (वर्गयति-ते) 1. To colour, to paint, to die. 2. To send or cast, to direct, to order. 3. To praise, to extol, to proclaim qualities. 4. To describe. 5. To spread or extend. 6. To grind or pound. 7. To make exertions. 8. To shine.

वर्ग m. (-र्वः) 1. A tribe, a class, a caste, an order. 2. Colour, hue, tint. 3. Coloured cloth thrown over the back of an elephant, an elephant's housings. 4. Quality, property. 5. Fame, celebrity. 6. Praise. 7. Gold. 8. Religious observance. 9. The order or arrangement of a song or poem. 10. A musical mode. 11. Staining the body with coloured unguents. 12. Beauty, lustre. 13. Theatrical dress or embellishment. 14. A cloak, mn. (-र्वः-र्वः) 1. Perfume for the person. 2. A letter of the alphabet. 3. Form, figure. 4. Sort, kind. 5. Touch, the purity of gold, as ascertained by its streak on the touchstone. 6. In arithmetic, a co-efficient. n. (-र्वः) Saffron. f. (-र्वः) A leguminous shrub, (Cytisus cajan.) E. इक् to paint, &c., aff. अच् or चञ्; or इ to cover or screen, Unādi aff. नच् ।

वर्गन् mn. (-र्वः-र्वः) 1. Perfume for the person, especially pounded or ground. 2. The dress of an actor. 3. Sandal. mf. (-र्वः-र्वः) A paint, a pigment, as indigo, orpiment, &c. m. (-र्वः) 1. A panegyrist, a bard, a poetical encomiast, by tribe and profession. 2. A circle, an orb. f. (-र्वः) 1. Touch, standard, fineness or purity of gold. 2. A mantle. 3. A mask. 4. A paint. E. वर्ग to colour, &c., अलृच् aff.; or वर्ग as above, कन् added.

वर्गकवि m. (-विः) The son of KUR'NA. E. वर्ग praise, and कवि a bard.

वर्गकृत्वा f. (-कृत्) An ink-stand. E. वर्ग a letter, and कृत् a well, कन् aff. of comparison, in the fem. form.

वर्गक्रम m. (-मः) 1. Order of caste or tribe. 2. Alphabetical arrangement, the alphabet. E. वर्ग and क्रम course. [मत gone to.]

वर्गगत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Coloured. 2. Described. 3. Algebraic. E. वर्ग

वर्गचारक m. (-कः) A painter. E. वर्ग colour, चर to go, aff. कृल् ।

वर्गज्येष्ठ m. (-ष्ठः) A Bra'hmana. E. वर्ग caste, ज्येष्ठ elder.

वर्गतस् Ind. By or with colour, &c. E. वर्ग colour, and तस् aff.

वर्गतुलि mf. (-लिः-ली) A pen. E. वर्ग a letter, and तुलि a brush; also with कन् added वर्गतुलिका f. (-का) ।

वर्गद mfn. (-दः-दा-द) 1. Dying, colouring. 2. Giving tribe, &c. m. (-दः) Aloe-wood or Agallochum. E. वर्ग, द who or what gives.

वर्गदाद m. (-ता) Turmeric. E. वर्ग, दाद what gives.

वर्गदूत m. (-तः) A letter, an epistle. E. वर्ग a letter of the alphabet, &c., दूत messenger.

वर्गदूषक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Disturbing or violating the distinctions of caste, E. वर्ग, and दूषक what violates.

वर्गवर्ग m. (-र्वः) The particular occupation or duty of each caste or tribe. E. वर्ग a tribe, वर्ग virtue, moral merit.

वर्गन n. (-नः) 1. Describing, expatiating, explaining, pointing out qualities or excellencies, &c. 2. Colouring, painting, writing. f. (-नः) Praise, panegyric. E. वर्ग to colour, वर्ग and दृप् affs.

वर्षनीय mfn. (-य-वा-वं) To be desired, delineated, praised, &c. **वर्ष** to colour, **वर्षनीय** aff.

वर्षपत्र m. (-त्रः) A pallet, a leaf, &c., on which a painter mixes his colours. **वर्ष** a colour, and **पत्र** a leaf.

वर्षपुष्प n. (-वं) The flower of the globe-amaranth.

वर्षप्रसादन n. (-नः) Aloe-wood.

वर्षमातृ f. (-ता) A pen. **वर्ष** a letter, and **मातृ** mother.

वर्षमातृका f. (-का) SARASWATĪ, the goddess of speech and eloquence. **वर्ष** a letter, and **मातृका** divine parent.

वर्षमाला f. (-ला) The alphabet. **वर्ष** a letter, **माला** a garland.

वर्षरेखा f. (-खा) A white aluminous fossil often confounded with chalk, of which it is considered a species. **वर्ष** colour, **रेखा** a line.

वर्षलेखा f. (-खा) Chalk. **वर्ष** colour, **लेखा** a line.

वर्षवर्ण mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Having tribe, colour, &c. f. (-वती) Turmeric. **वर्ष** colour, **वर्ण** aff.

वर्षविवर्षिणी f. (-नी) Turmeric.

वर्षविवर्षक m. (-कः) 1. A plagiarist. 2. A house-breaker. **वर्ष** praise, and **विवर्ष** before, **विवर्ष** to be mad, aff. **वर्ष** ।

वर्षमेत्र n. (-त्रः) A metre regulated by the number of syllables, (opposite to **मात्रावृत्तः**) **वर्ष**, and **मेत्र** metre.

वर्षवर्ण mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Of a good tribe, caste, kind, &c. m. (-वः) A Brahman. **वर्ष**, **वर्ण** best. [संघट्टार assemblage.]

वर्षवर्ण m. (-वः) An assemblage or mixture of the four tribes. **वर्ष**, **वर्ण**.

वर्षवर्ण m. (-वः) 1. Mixture or confusion of castes. 2. A man or tribe of mixed origin, or from a father and mother of different castes. **वर्ष** and **वर्ण** + **संघट्टार** mixture. **वर्षवर्ण**: **संघट्टार** ।

वर्षवर्णमित्र m. (-मित्रः) An alphabet or assemblage of letters. **वर्ष**, **वर्ण** to kill, with **संघट्टार** prefixed, and **वर्ष** aff., and **वर्ष** substituted for the radical letter; also with **वर्ष**, **वर्षवर्णमित्र** ।

वर्षवर्णमित्र m. (-मित्रः) The alphabet; see the last. [augment.]

वर्षवर्ण m. (-वर्षः) Water. **वर्ष** to surround, **वर्ष** Unādi aff., and **वर्ण** **वर्षवर्ण** mfn. (-नः-ना-वं) Outcaste. **वर्ष** and **वर्ण** void of.

वर्षवर्ण f. (-वा) A pen. **वर्ष** a letter, **वर्ष** to go, aff. **वर्ष** ।

वर्षवर्ण m. (-वः) 1. A singer. 2. A painter. 3. An actor, a mime. 4. One who lives by his wife. **वर्ष** colour, &c., **वर्ष** to go or be, aff. **वर्ष** ।

वर्षवर्ण m. (-वा) A word. **वर्ष** a letter, and **वर्ष** the soul or essence.

वर्षवर्ण m. (-वः) An outcaste. **वर्ष**, **वर्षवर्ण** who is or goes out from.

वर्षवर्ण mfn. (-नः-ना-वं) Degraded, outcaste. **वर्ष** and **वर्ष** devoid of.

वर्षवर्ण n. (-वं) The class and state of a person. **वर्ष** and **वर्ष** order.

वर्षवर्ण m. (-वं) The duties of tribe and order. **वर्ष**, **वर्ष** duty.

वर्ष n. (-वं) Gold. **वर्ष** to colour, &c., Unādi aff. **वर्ष** ।

वर्ष m. (-कः) A writer, a scribe, a secretary, &c. f. (-का) 1. A pen. 2. Ink. 3. A paint. 4. A mask, a character. **वर्ष** a letter, aff. **वर्ष** ।

वर्ष mfn. (-नः-ना-वं) 1. Praised, eulogised, extolled. 2. Described, explained. 3. Painted. **वर्ष** to praise, aff. **वर्ष** ।

वर्षवर्ण mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Relating, describing, was relating or related, &c. **वर्ष** to describe, **वर्षवर्ण** aff.

वर्षवर्ण mfn. (-वं-वं-वं) Belonging to a caste or tribe, of that caste, of that colour, &c. m. (-वं) 1. A painter. 2. A scribe, a writer. 3. A religious student. 4. A man of either of the four regular castes, f. (-वं) 1. A woman, a wife. 2. Turmeric. **वर्ष** colour, &c., **वर्ष** aff.

वर्षवर्ण m. (-वं) Killing or occasioning the death of a man of either of four castes. **वर्ष** and **वर्ष** killing.

वर्षवर्ण m. (-वं) An ascetic, or one wearing the marks of a religious student. **वर्ष**, **वर्ष** having a mark.

वर्ष m. (-वं) 1. The name of a river and district. 2. The sun. **वर्ष** to surround, Unādi aff. **वर्ष**; or **वर्ष**-**वर्ष** । [of.]

वर्षवर्ण mfn. (-नः-ना-वं) Having caste, tribe. &c. **वर्ष**, **वर्ष** possessed

वर्ष m. (-वं) Living, livelihood, (generally at the end of a compound.)

वर्षक mfn. (-कः-का-वं) Who is or abides, exists, lives, &c. mfn. (-कः-का-वं) 1. A sort of quail, (*Perdix olivacea*.) 2. A horse's hoof. n. (-वं) A sort of mixed or bell-metal, commonly Vidari. **वर्ष** to be, **वर्ष** aff. [जन्मन् birth.]

वर्षजन्म m. (-जन्मः) A cloud. **वर्ष** to be, aff. **वर्ष**, **वर्ष** abiding, and **वर्ष** mfn. (-नः-ना-वं) Fixed, stationary, stable. nf. (-नः-नी) 1. Staying, abiding, being, the property of a fixed presence. 2. A road, a way. 3. A ball at one end of a spindle to assist its rotatory motion. 4. Grinding. n. (-नः) 1. Livelihood, subsistence. 2. Occupation, profession. 3. Salary, hire, wages. 4. A ball of cotton from which the threads are spun. 5. A ball, a globe. 6. Appointing. 7. Turning. 8. Abode, residence. 9. Conduct. 10. Commerce, traffic. m. (-नः) A dwarf. **वर्ष** to be, to be fixed, &c., aff. **वर्ष** or **वर्ष** ।

वर्षवर्ण n. (-नः) Gift of a situation, of wages or means of subsistence. **वर्ष**, **वर्ष** and **वर्ष** giving.

वर्षवर्णवर्ण m. (-नः) Appointment or assignment of salary, wages, &c. **वर्ष**, **वर्ष**, **वर्ष** appointing. [अभाव non-existence.]

वर्षवर्णवर्ण m. (-नः) Destitution, want of means of subsistence. **वर्ष**, **वर्ष**, **वर्ष** m. (-नः) 1. The eastern country, or eastern India. 2. A hymn, a panegyric. f. (-नः) A road. **वर्ष** to be, Unādi aff. **वर्ष** ।

वर्षनीय mfn. (-य-वा-वं) 1. To be lived, or dwelt in. 2. What may be. **वर्ष** to be, **वर्षनीय** aff.

वर्षवर्ण mfn. (-नः-ना-वं) 1. Being, existing, living, being present. 2. Dwelling or abiding in. 3. Revolving. n. (-नः) (In grammar,) The present tense. **वर्ष** to be, **वर्षवर्ण** aff.

वर्षवर्णता f. (-ता) Being, being present, the property of time present. **वर्ष** added to the last; also with **वर्ष** aff. **वर्षवर्णता** । [bo, aff. **वर्ष** ।

वर्षवर्ण mfn. (-यन्-वती-वत्) 1. Living, subsisting. 2. Dwelling. **वर्ष** to **वर्ष** m. (-कः) 1. A river so named. 2. A puddle, a pool of water. 3. A crow's nest. 4. A door-keeper, a chamberlain; it is also written **वर्षवर्ण** ।

वर्षि f. (-र्षिः-नी) 1. Perfume for the person. 2. The wick of a lamp. 3. A lamp. 4. A tent, a boudoir. 5. A collyrium prepared from various substances and dried in a lozenge form; it is applied grinding with water or milk. 6. A line, a ruled line. 7. The ends of a cloth. 8. The projecting threads of woven cloth. 9. A protuberance round a vessel. 10. A surgical instrument. **वर्ष** to be, Unādi aff. **वर्ष**, **वर्ष** optionally added.

वर्षिका f. (-का) 1. A quail. 2. The wick of a lamp. 3. A paint. 4. A paint-brush. **वर्ष** to be, aff. **वर्ष**, fem. aff. **वर्ष**; or **वर्ष** the same, **वर्ष** Unādi aff.; also **वर्ष**, **वर्ष** । [causal v., **वर्ष** aff.]

वर्षित mfn. (-नः-ना-वं) Caused as made to be or exist. **वर्ष** to be, **वर्षित** mfn. (-यः-व्या-वं) 1. To be lived. 2. To be dwelt, remained, or continued. 3. To be practised in. 1. What may be, possible, probable. **वर्ष** to be, **वर्ष** aff.

वर्षिन् mfn. (-र्षिः-नी-र्वि) 1. Abiding, fixed, stationary. 2. Being. 3. Turning. 4. Practising, (generally at the end of compounds.) **वर्ष** to go, aff. **वर्ष** ।

वर्षि(नी)र m. (-रः) A kind of quail.

वर्षिन् mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) 1. Staying, abiding, being stationary or fixed. 2. Facing, (an enemy,) standing firm in battle. 3. A circle. **वर्ष** to be, **वर्षिन्** aff.

वर्षिन् mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) Round, circular, globular, spherical. m. (-वः) 1. A pea. 2. A ball. f. (-वा) A ball of clay at the end of a spindle to assist its rotation. **वर्ष** to be, **वर्षिन्** aff.

वर्षिन् n. (-वं) 1. A road. 2. Custom, usage. 3. Mode, manner, fashion. 4. An edge, a border. 5. An eyelid. **वर्ष** to be, **वर्षिन्** aff. [aug.]

वर्षिन् f. (-निः-नी) A road, a way. **वर्ष** to be, **वर्ष** Unādi aff. **वर्ष** ।

वर्षिन् m. (-वः) Rigidity of the eyelids, so that they can not shut. **वर्ष** and **वर्ष** contraction.

**वर्धान्** mfn. (-कान्-वर्धन्-वर्धन्) Purposing to augment. **वर्ध** to augment, **वर्ध** aff. with the future form.

**वर्ध** r. 10th cl. (वर्धयति-ते) The same as **वर्ध** ।

**वर्ध** m. (-र्धः) 1. A plant, commonly BA'MANHA'TI. 2. Increase, augmentation. 3. Cutting. n. (-र्धः) 1. Red lead. 2. Lead. **वर्ध** to grow or increase aff. **वर्ध** ; or **वर्ध** to divide, aff. **वर्ध** ; also written **वर्ध** ।

**वर्धक** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Increasing, causing to grow or increase. 2. Dividing. m. (-कः) 1. A plant, commonly BA'MANHA'TI. 2. A carpenter. **वर्ध** to grow, or **वर्ध** to divide, aff. **वर्ध** । [form irr.]

**वर्धक** m. (-कः) A carpenter. **वर्ध** to cut, **वर्ध** aff., **वर्ध** to injure, **वर्ध** aff.

**वर्धक** m. (-कः) A carpenter. **वर्ध** cutting, **वर्ध** aff.

**वर्धन** mfn. (-नः-नो-न) Growing, thriving. n. (-नः) 1. Increasing, growing, thriving. 2. Augmenting, causing to increase. 3. Cutting, dividing. 4. Animation. 5. Educating, rearing. 6. Elevation. f. (-नो) 1. A small water-jar. 2. A brush, a broom. m. (-नः) 1. A granter of prosperity. 2. A tooth growing over another. 3. An epithet of S'IVA. **वर्ध** to increase, or **वर्ध** to cut, aff. **वर्ध** ।

**वर्धमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Prosperous, thriving. 2. Increasing, growing. 3. A house having no entrance on the south-side. m. (-नः) 1. The castor-oil tree. 2. A lid, a cover, especially a shallow earthen platter or saucer, used also as a top to water-jars, &c. 3. A name of VISHN'U. 4. A sort of riddle or charade. 5. The last and most celebrated of the twenty four Jinas or Jaina teachers of the present æra. 6. A mystical figure or diagram. 7. A district and city, Bardwa'n. **वर्ध** to increase, **वर्ध** aff.

**वर्धमान** m. (-कः) A lid, a cover. **वर्ध**मान as above, and **क** added.

**वर्धपन** n. (-नः) 1. Cutting, dividing. 2. The ceremony of cutting the umbilical cord. 3. A festival when good wishes and congratulatory expressions are offered. **वर्ध** to cut, causal v., **वर्ध** aff. [aff.]

**वर्धन्** mfn. (-र्धन्-वर्धन्-वर्धन्) Increasing, thriving. **वर्ध** to increase, **वर्ध** aff.

**वर्धित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Grown, expanded, increased, thriven. 2. Full, filled. 3. Cut, divided. **वर्ध** to increase, or **वर्ध** to cut, aff. **वर्ध** ।

**वर्धित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Increasing, growing, thriving. 2. Enlarging, expanding. **वर्ध** to increase, aff. **वर्ध** ।

**वर्ध** mf. (वर्ध-वर्ध) A leathern thong or girth for securing a saddle. n. (-वर्ध) 1. Leather. 2. Lead. **वर्ध** to increase, Unádi aff. **वर्ध** ; also written **वर्ध** । [वर्ध]

**वर्ध** r. 10th cl. (वर्धयति-ते) 1. To out or pierce, to divide. 2. To fill; also **वर्ध** m. (-र्धः) 1. Increase, augmentation. 2. Cutting; see **वर्ध** ।

**वर्ध** n. (-र्धः) Form, figure. **वर्ध** to choose, aff. **वर्ध**, **वर्ध** augment.

**वर्ध** r. 1st cl. (वर्धति) 1. To move, to go. 2. To kill.

**वर्धक** f. (-का) A plant; also Charmakasha' or Charmagha's.

**वर्ध** n. (-र्धः) 1. Armour, mail. 2. Bark, rind. **वर्ध** to cover, aff. **वर्ध** ।

**वर्ध** m. (-र्धः) One who takes arms or who spoils another of them. Adj. Old enough to wear armour. **वर्ध**, **वर्ध** who takes. [वर्ध-क]

**वर्धित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Armed, accoutred. **वर्ध** mail, **वर्ध** aff.; or **वर्ध** mfn. (-र्धः-वर्ध-वर्ध) 1. Chief, principal. 2. To be applied to for aid or a boon, &c. 2. To be chosen or selected. 3. To be yielded to, or indulged. m. (-र्धः) KA'MADH'VA. f. (-र्धः) A girl choosing her own husband. **वर्ध** to ask as a boon, or **वर्ध** to choose, **वर्ध** aff., form irr.

**वर्ध** mf. (-वर्धः-वर्धः) A sort of bean, (Dolichos catjang.)

**वर्ध** f. (-वर्धः) A blue fly. **वर्ध** imitative sound, and **वर्ध** or **वर्ध** to utter, aff. **वर्ध** ; also **वर्ध** and **वर्ध** ।

**वर्ध** mfn. Subst. (-वर्धः-वर्धः or वी-वर्धः) A sort of basil, (Ocimum pilosum, Rox.) m. (-वर्धः) 1. A low man one of a degraded tribe or occupation, an out-caste, a barbarian. 2. A region, a country, the country inhabited by barbarians. 3. Woolly or curly hair, as the hair of an African. 4. A shrub, (Siphonanthus Indica.) 5. A sort of worm. 6. The noise or clash of weapons. 7. A mode of dancing. f. (-वर्धः-वर्धः) 1. A sort of potherb. 2. A small bee. 3. The Baya or

Indian grossbeak, (Loxia philippensis.) n. (-वर्धः) 1. Vermilion. 2. Gum myrrh. 3. A sort of Sandal wood. **वर्ध** to choose, Unádi aff. **वर्ध** or the same root, with **वर्ध** aff., in the reiterative form; it is also derived from **वर्ध** to go, and is variously written **वर्ध**, **वर्ध**, **वर्ध** and **वर्ध** &c.

**वर्ध** m. (-वर्धः) 1. Curly or woolly hair. 2. A shrub, commonly BA'MANHA'TI. 3. A name of S'IVA. 4. A sort of basil. **वर्ध** to select, Unádi aff. **वर्ध** and the root repeated. [वर्ध what grows.]

**वर्ध** n. (-वर्धः) White Sandal. **वर्ध** the country of barbarians, **वर्ध** f. (-वर्धः) A sort of basil, (Ocimum pilosum, Rox.) "गडुड तुवरी ।"

**वर्ध** m. (-वर्धः) A glutton. **वर्ध** to choose, Unádi aff. **वर्ध** ।

**वर्ध** r. 1st cl. (वर्धति) To be wet.

**वर्ध** mn. (-वर्धः-वर्धः) 1. Rain, raining. 2. Sprinkling, effusion. 3. Seminal effusion. 4. A year. 5. A Varsha, or division of the known continent; nine such are reckoned; viz:—KURU, HIRANMAYA, RAMPYAKA, ILA'VRITA, HARI, KETUMA'LA', BHADRA'SHWA, KINARA, and BHA'RATA. 5. JAMBU-DWIPA, or India. 6. A cloud. m. plu. (-वर्धः) The rains or rainy season, containing two months, according to the Hindu classification of the seasons, which some systems consider to be S'hrávan'a and Bha'dra, and others, Bha'dra and A's'hwin; the duration of the monsoon is however longer, being reckoned from A'sárho to Ka'tika, or from the middle of June to the beginning of October. f. Sing. (-वर्धः) A sort of gramineous plant; see **वर्ध**. **वर्ध** to sprinkle, aff. **वर्ध** or **वर्ध**; or **वर्ध** to screen, &c., Unádi aff. **वर्ध** ।

**वर्ध** mfn. (-वर्धः-वर्धः-वर्धः) Making or producing rain. m. (-वर्धः) A cloud. f. (-वर्धः) A cricket. **वर्ध** rain, **वर्ध** to make or mark, **वर्ध** aff.; the cricket chirping especially in wet weather.

**वर्ध** m. (-वर्धः) 1. An astrologer. 2. A month. **वर्ध** a year, and **वर्ध** a vocabulary, &c.; also **वर्ध** ।

**वर्ध** mfn. (-वर्धः-वर्धः-वर्धः) Born or produced in the rains or rainy season. **वर्ध** the rains, and **वर्ध** born; also **वर्ध** ।

**वर्ध** n. (-वर्धः) 1. Raining, rain. 2. Sprinkling. 3. Bestowing. **वर्ध** to sprinkle, **वर्ध** aff.

**वर्ध** f. (-वर्धः) 1. Abiding, staying. 2. Act, action. 3. Raining. 4. A sacrificial act. **वर्ध** to sprinkle, **वर्ध** Unádi aff. [वर्ध aff.]

**वर्ध** mfn. (-वर्धः-वर्धः-वर्धः) Raining, showering, sprinkling. **वर्ध** to rain, **वर्ध** m. (-वर्धः) 1. An eunuch or attendant on the women's apartments. 2. A cloud. **वर्ध** rain and **वर्ध** what holds.

**वर्ध** m. (-वर्धः) An eunuch or attendant on the women's apartments.

**वर्ध** m. (-वर्धः) A mountainous range, supposed to separate the various Varshas or divisions of the globe from each other: six ranges are enumerated from south to north; viz:—HIMAVA'S, HE'MAKU'TA, NISA'DHA, NI'LA, S'WA'TA, and SRINGI' or SRINGA'VA'NA; ME'RU constitutes the seventh; some authorities place CHAITRA and KARNI' instead of NI'LA and S'WA'TA. **वर्ध** as above, **वर्ध** a mountain; also similar compounds, as **वर्ध** &c.

**वर्ध** m. (-वर्धः) The hog plum, (Spondias mangifera.) **वर्ध** rain, **वर्ध** ripening. [वर्ध fond of.]

**वर्ध** m. (-वर्धः) The Chátaka, (Cuonlus melanoleucos.) **वर्ध** rain, and **वर्ध** m. (-वर्धः) A eunuch, a castrated attendant, one employed in the women's apartments. **वर्ध** seminal sprinkling, **वर्ध** to refrain from, aff. **वर्ध** ।

**वर्ध** f. (-वर्धः) Birth-day.

**वर्ध** n. (-वर्धः) A century. **वर्ध** and **वर्ध** a hundred.

**वर्ध** n. (-वर्धः) A thousand years. **वर्ध**, **वर्ध** a thousand. [वर्ध]

**वर्ध** m. (-वर्धः) A month. **वर्ध** a year, **वर्ध** a part; also with **वर्ध** added.

**वर्ध** n. (-वर्धः) The rainy season. **वर्ध** and **वर्ध** time.

**वर्ध** mfn. (-वर्धः-वर्धः-वर्धः) Belonging to or produced in the rainy season. **वर्ध** **वर्ध** and **वर्ध** aff.

वर्षा m. (-ः) A month. E. वर्ष a year, and अङ्ग a limb or member.  
 वर्षावीर्य m. (-ः) A frog. E. वर्षा and वीर्य sound.  
 वर्षाप्रसङ्ग mfn. (-ः-ना-नं) Rain-scattering. m. (-ः) A high wind, a gale. E. वर्षा. प्रसङ्ग scattering.  
 वर्षा m. (-ः) A frog. f. (-ः) 1. Hog-weed. 2. An earth-worm, (Inlus.)  
 3. A she-frog or any small frog. E. वर्षा the rains, भू to be, aff. क्त्वि.  
 वर्षानन्द m. (-ः) A peacock. E. वर्षा the rains, आनन्द who rejoices.  
 वर्षाभिः पारणागत m. (-तः) A Cha'taka. E. वर्षाभिः rain-water, पारणा attention, and व्रत observance.  
 वर्षायुत n. (-तः) Ten thousand years. E. वर्ष and अयुत ten thousand.  
 वर्षाराम m. (-ः) A rainy night, the rainy season. E. वर्षा and रात्रि night.  
 वर्षास्मिन् m. (-ः) The planet Mars. E. वर्षा the rains, अस्मिन् light, visible in the rainy season. [conjoined].  
 वर्षाश्लक्षिका f. (-का) A plant; see पृष्ठा. E. वर्षा and श्लक्षिका synonymous;  
 वर्षावसान m. (-ः) The autumnal season. E. वर्षा the rains, अवसान end.  
 वर्षिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Raining, rainy, relating or belonging to the rains. 2. Shedding, showering, pouring down. n. (-कं) Aloe-wood or Agallochum. E. वर्षा and उक्त् aff. [चिनुष् aff.]  
 वर्षिन् mfn. (-न्-विन्-वि) 1. Raining. 2. Sprinkling. E. वृष् to sprinkle,  
 वर्षिन् mfn. (-ः-वृ-वृ) 1. Oldest, very old. 2. Strongest. E. वर्षा substituted for वृष् old, and वृष् aff. of the irr. superlative.  
 वर्षीयस् mfn. (-यान्-यसी-यः) 1. Very aged, or old. 2. Stronger. E. वर्षा substituted for वृष् old, and वृष् aff. of the irr. superlative.  
 वर्षिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Rainy, watery. E. वृष् to sprinkle, and उक्त् aff.  
 वर्षिकाद् m. (-ः) A rainy cloud. E. वर्षिक rainy, अद् a cloud. [ज born.]  
 वर्षज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Born or produced in the rains. E. वर्षा in the rains,  
 वर्षेक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Yearly, annual. E. वर्षे and एक one.  
 वर्षपिल m. (-लः) Hail. E. वर्ष rain, and उपल a stone.  
 वर्य n. (-र्यं) The body; see the next.  
 वर्यन् n. (-न्) 1. The body. 2. Measure. 3. Height, elevation. 4. A handsome form. 5. A stone. E. वृष् to sprinkle, aff. मनिन्; also with a final vowel वर्यम्.  
 वर्य mfn. (-र्यः-र्या-र्यं) 1. To be rained or showered. 2. To be sprinkled E. वृष् to sprinkle, अत् aff.  
 वर्य् r. 1st cl. (वर्यते) 1. To cover. 2. To give. 3. To be excellent or pre-eminent; in this sense it is more properly वर्य् r. 10th cl. (वर्ययति-ते) 1. To shine. 2. To kill or hurt. 3. To speak; see वर्य्.  
 वर्य n. (-र्यं) 1. A peacock's tail. 2. A leaf. 3. A sort of perfume, commonly Grant'hiparn'a. 4. Train, retinue. E. वृष् to increase, aff. अच्; or वर्य् or वर्य् to cover, aff. अच्; in the latter case it is written वर्य्.  
 वर्य n. (-र्यं) A leaf. E. वृष् to grow, aff. ल्युट्.  
 वर्यभार m. (-रः) A tuft or peacock's feathers at the shaft of a lance or handle of a club. E. वर्य and भार load.  
 वर्यः पुष्प n. (-यः) Grant'hiparn'a, a sort of vegetable perfume. E. वर्यस् Kus'a-grass, पुष्प a flower, having a similar blossom. [मनिन्].  
 वर्यः पुष्प m. (-यः) A name of fire. E. वर्यस् Kus'a-grass, वृष् to dry, aff.  
 वर्यः व n. (-वः) A perfume, commonly Ba'la'. E. वर्यस् Kus'a grass, and अत् to be, aff. क, growing in the same places; the Visarga of वर्यस् optionally retained; hence also वर्यस्.  
 वर्यि-वि-कुसुम n. (-मः) Grant'hiparna. also वर्यिपुष्प.  
 वर्यिर्वीतिस् m. (-तिः) A name of fire. E. वर्यस् Kus'a-grass, लीतिस् light.  
 वर्यि m. (-यः) A peacock. E. वर्य a peacock's tail, and वर्य aff.  
 वर्यिवाहन m. (-नः) The deity Kártike'ya. E. वर्यि a peacock, and वाहन a vehicle; mounted on that bird.  
 वर्यिज्जा f. (-जा) A name of the goddess CHANDI'. वर्यि for वर्यि a peacock, and अङ्ग an emblem.  
 वर्यिन् m. (-न्) A peacock. E. वर्य a peacock's tail, वरि possessive aff.  
 वर्यिपुष्प m. (-यः) A vegetable perfume, commonly Grant'hiparn'a. E. वर्य a peacock, and पुष्प flower; also वर्यः पुष्प.

वर्यिमुख m. (-खः) A deity, a divinity. E. वर्यिस् fire, and मुख mouth; most offerings passing through fire.  
 वर्यिपुष्प m. (-यः) Fire. E. वर्यिस् an oblation, पुष्पन् who dries up.  
 वर्यिपुद् m. (-पुद् or -पुद्) A Pitri or progenitor of a particular class. E. वर्यिस् Kus'a grass, अद् to eat, क्त्वि aff.  
 वर्यिक्केय m. (-यः) Agni or fire. E. वर्यिस् light, and केय hair.  
 वर्यिह n. (-हः) 1. A perfume, commonly Ba'la', perhaps a species of Andropogon. 2. The resin of the Pinus longifolia. E. वर्यिस् Kus'a-grass, अत् to stay, aff. क; the final of वर्यिस् changed to Visarga, and optionally rejected; see वर्यिह.  
 वर्यिपुत् mfn. (-पुत्-पुत्-पुत्) 1. Having Kus'a or sacrificial grass. 2. Having fire or light, blazing, shining. E. वर्यिस् and मनुष् aff.  
 वर्यिस् m. (-र्यिः) 1. Fire. 2. Light, lustre, splendour. mn. (-र्यिः) 1. Sacrificial grass, (Poa cynosuroides.) 2. Sacrifice, oblation. 3. Grant'hiparn'a, a vegetable perfume. E. वृष् to increase, aff. वर्यि; or वर्यि or वर्यि to excel, &c., with the same aff., in the latter case this word and its corresponding ones are written with an initial consonant वर्यिस्, &c.  
 वल् r. 1st cl. (वल्ते) 1. To cover. 2. To move. 3. To surround or enclose. 4. To go, to hasten. 5. To be attached to. 6. To grow, to increase. With वि, To move to and fro. r. 10th cl. (वलयति-ते) To cherish or maintain.  
 वल् n. (-लः) An army, forces. E. वल् to surround, aff. क; see वल्.  
 वल्ल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) White. m. (-लः) White, the colour. E. वल् to go, aff. क्त्वि; वल् going, अच् to pervade, aff. अच्; also वल्ल, and अवल्ल.  
 वल्लम् m. (-म्) The moon. E. वल्ल white, गो a ray of light; the final vowel changed.  
 वल्लम् mn. (-लः-लः) The middle, the waist; also अवल्लम्. [ल्युट् aff.]  
 वल्लन् n. (-न्) 1. Turning, moving. 2. Deflection, (in astronomy.) E. वल्,  
 वल्लि mf. (-लि-ली) 1. The wooden frame of a thatch. 2. A turret or temporary building on the roof of a house. E. वल् to cover, अमस् aff., इन् and डोष् added; also वडलि.  
 वल्लम् m. (-लः) A perpendicular. E. अव, and लवि to depend, अच् aff., the initial rejected; also अवल्लम्.  
 वल्लम् mn. (-लः-लः) 1. A bracelet, an armlet. 2. The zone of a married woman. 3. Circle, circumference, boundary. m. (-लः) 1. Sore-throat, inflammation of the larynx, &c. 2. A boundary, an inclosure, a fence. E. वल् to surround, अयन् Una'di aff.  
 वल्लयित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Surrounded, encircled, enclosed, encompassed. E. वल्ल an inclosure, aff. इतच्.  
 वल्लक mf. (-कः-का) A small kind of crane. E. वल् to surround, aff.  
 वल्लक m. (-कः) 1. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. 2. A frog.  
 वल्लक m. (-कः) 1. A cloud. 2. A mountain. 3. A Daitya, a demon. 4. One of the Nágas. 5. One of the horses of KRISHN'A's car. E. वल्लका a crane, वा to go, aff. ल्युट्, deriv. irr.  
 वलि f. (-लिः or -ली) 1. A line or streak made with fragrant unguents on the person. 2. Natural line or folds of skin, a wrinkle m. (-लिः) Offerings to the spirits of air. E. वल् to surround, aff. इन्; see वलि.  
 वलि(ली)क mn. (-कः-कं) The edge of a thatch. E. वल् to surround, Una'di aff. इतच्.  
 वल्लिज्या f. (-या) 1. Making lines on the person. 2. Making offerings to all beings. E. वलि, क्रिया act; see वलि.  
 वल्लित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Moved, constrained. 2. Surrounded. 3. Wrinkled E. वल् to go, क aff.  
 वल्लिर f. (-रः) Squint-eyed. E. वल्, इरन् aff.  
 वल्लिन् nf. (-न्-लिः or -ली) A fish-hook. E. वल्लिन् a bait, ली to destroy, aff. ड, ट changed to ड, and ड again interchangeable with ल.  
 वल्लूक n. (-कः) The root of the lotus. m. (-कः) A bird. E. वल् to surround, Una'di aff. कक.  
 वल्लूक f. (-का) Strong, powerful.

वल्क r. 10th cl. (वल्कयति ते) To speak.

वल्क n. (-ल्क) 1. The bark of a tree. 2. The scales of a fish. 3. A garment in general. E. वल् to surround, कक् Una'di aff.

वल्कल mn. (-ल्क-ल) 1. The bark of a tree. 2. A garment made of bark. 3. A garment in general. E. वल् to surround, कल् aff.

वल्कवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Having scales or bark, wearing a dress made of the bark of trees, &c. m. (-वान्) A fish. E. वल्क a scale, &c., वत् possess. aff.

वल्कल m. (-ल्क) A thorn. E. वल्क bark, वल्क aff.

वल्कत n. (-त्त) Bark, rind. E. वल् to surround, क्तच् aff.

वल् r. 1st cl. (वल्ति) 1. To go or move. 2. To go by leaps, to jump. 3. To be pleased or delighted.

वल्गत् mfn. (-गन्-गती-गत्) 1. Going. 2. Jumping. E. वल्ग to go, गत् aff.

वल्गा f. (-गा) A bridle, a rein. E. वल्ग to go, aff. च् ।

वल्गत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Leaped, jumped, gone by bounds or leaps. n. (-त्त) 1. Running. 2. A horse's gallop. E. वल्ग to go by jumps, aff. त् ।

वल्गु mfn. (-गुः-गुः-गुः) 1. Handsome, beautiful. 2. Sweet. m. (-गुः) A goat. E. वल्ग to surround, Unádi aff. उ, and गुक् augment.

वल्गुक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Handsome, beautiful. n. (-कं) 1. Sandal. 2. A wood. 3. Price. E. कक् added to the preceding.

वल्गुपत्र m. (-त्रः) A wild sort of pulse : see वल्गुपत्र ।

वल्गुला f. (-ला or ली) A sort of bird.

वल्गुलिका f. (-का) A cockroach. [as a verb, गृह्ण aff.]

वल्गुयत् mfn. (-यन्-यती-यत्) Become handsome or beautiful. E. वल्गु used वल् r. 1st cl. (वल्ते) To eat, to devour.

वल्गु n. (-न्) 1. Eating. 2. Food. E. वल्गु to eat, aff. ल्युट् ।

वल्गित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Eaten. E. वल्गु to eat, aff. त् ।

वल्गिक m. (-कः) An ant-hill ; also वल्गीक ।

वल्गिकि m. (-किः) An ant-hill ; also वल्गीकि ।

वल्गीक mn. ( कः-कं) A hillock, ground thrown up by moles, &c., but especially the large accumulations of soil, sometimes made by the white ant. m. (-कः) 1. The poet Vālmīki. 2. Elephantiasis, or swellings of the neck, chest, hands and feet, which break and discharge ichor in many places. E. वल्गु to cover, or वल्गु to live, ईक Una'di aff., and गृट् augment ; in the latter case this word and the corresponding ones are written वल्गीक, &c. ; also वल्गिक ।

वल्गीकृत n. (-ट्) An ant-hill,

वल्गुल् and वल्गुल् r. 10th cl. (वल्गुल् लयति ते) 1. To cut. 2. To purify. वल् r. 1st cl. (वल्ते) 1. To cover, to conceal. 2. To move.

वल्गु m. (-गुः) 1. Winnowing corn. 2. A Masha of silver. 3. A weight of three Rattis. 4. Prohibiting, prohibition. 5. Covering. E. वल्गु to move, &c., चल् aff.

वल्गुकी f. (-की) The Vina', or Indian lute. E. वल्गु to cover, aff. कृन् ।

वल्गुम mfn. (-मः-मा-भं) 1. Beloved, desired, dear. 2. Supreme, superintending. m. (-मः) 1. A lover, a husband, a friend. 2. A horse with good marks. 3. A superintendent, an overseer. 4. The chief herdsman. f. (-मा) A mistress, a wife. E. वल्गु to cover, वल्गु Unádi aff. [पालक who cherishes.]

वल्गुमपालक m. (-कः) A groom, a horse-keeper. E. वल्गुम a good horse,

वल्गुमचार्य m. (-र्यः) Name of the founder of a Vaishnava sect ; he is also a commentator of the Ve'dānta-sūtra.

वल्गुमायित n. (-ते) A mode of coitus. [चरन् aff.]

वल्गर n. (-रः) Aloe-wood. 2. A bower. 3. A branching foot-stalk. E. वल्- वल्गरि f. (-रिः or री) 1. A compound pedicle. 2. A creeping or twining plant. E. वल्गु to cover, चरन् aff, ऊप् optionally added.

वल्गव m. (-वः) 1. A cook. 2. A herdsman. 3. A name of Bhīmasena. f. (-वी) A cowherdess. E. वल्गु covering, and व aff.

वल्गि f. (-गिः or गी) 1. A creeper, a climbing or creeping plant. f. (-गिः) The earth. f. (-गी) A plant, (Ligusticum ajwaen.) E. वल्गु to cover, इन् aff., and ऊप् occasionally added.

वल्गीज n. (-जः) Pepper. E. वल्गी a creeper, and ज born.

वल्गुर n. (-रः) 1. An arbour, a bower, a place overgrown with creeping plants. 2. An uncultivated field or place over-run with wild grass. 3. A sand, a desert, a place destitute of water. 4. A field. 5. A compound pedicle. 6. A solitude, a wild. 7. A thicket, a wood. 8. Dried flesh. E. वल्गु to cover, चरन् aff. ; also वल्गुर ।

वल्गुर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Dried flesh. 2. Hog's flesh, the flesh of the wild hog. n. (-रं) 1. An uncultivated field, or one over run with grass. 2. A thicket. 3. A desert. E. वल्गु to cover, चरन् Una'di aff.

वल्गा f. (-गा) Emblic myrobalan. E. वल्गु to cover, यन् aff.

वल्गुज m. (-जः) A sort of coarse grass, (Eleusine Indica) E. वल्गुते मृत् वेष्टयति वल्गु-किप् तादृशः सन् वजति गच्छति वल्गु-चच् ।

वल्गु r. 1st cl. (वल्गुते) 1. To kill or hurt. 2. To cover. 3. To give. 4. To be pre-eminent ; in which sense it is more properly वल्गु r. 10th cl. (वल्गुयति ते) 1. To shine. 2. To speak.

वल्गु r. 2nd cl. (वल्गुते) 1. To desire, to will, to wish. 2. To shine.

वल्गु mfn. (-गः-गा-गं) 1. Humbled, subdued, tamed, over-powered. 2. Enthralled, subdued by charms and incantations, fascinated, charmed, enchanted. mn. (-गः-गं) Wish, desire. n. (-गं) 1. Authority, supremacy, mastership. 2. Subjection, submission, the state of being completely tamed and over-powered. 3. Birth. m. (-गः) The residence of harlots. f. (-गा) 1. A woman. 2. A wife. 3. A daughter. 4. A barren cow. 5. A barren woman. 6. A female elephant. 7. A husband's sister. E. वल्गु to desire, aff. च्प् or चच् ।

वल्गुका f. (-का) An obedient and docile wife. E. वल्गु subject, कन् added.

वल्गुक्रिया f. (-या) Subduing or over-powering by drugs, gems, charms, or incantations. 2. The drugs, &c. so used. E. वल्गु subjection, क्रिया business or agency.

वल्गुग mfn. (-गः-गा-गं) Obedient, subject. f. (-गा) An obedient wife. E. वल्गु subject, and ग who goes or is.

वल्गुगत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Subject, obedient. E. वल्गु and गत gone.

वल्गुवन्द mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Submissive, acknowledging obedience or subjection. E. वल्गु subjection, वद to speak, वच् aff.

वल्गुवर्तिन् mfn. (-न्ति-ति-नी-ति) Obsequious, acting under subjection, or according to the pleasure of another. E. वल्गु and वर्तिन् who abides.

वल्गुज m. (-जः) A bird.

वल्गुजक m. (-कः) A porpoise, the Gangetic porpoise. [or influence of.]

वल्गुत् It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "through the power" वल्गुत् mfn. (-गः-गा-गं) Obedient, submissive. m. (-गः) A servant. E. वल्गु, चरन् who pursues. [युक् augment.]

वल्गुपायिन् m. (-यी) A dog. E. वल्गु subjection, पा to preserve, इन् aff, वल्गु m. (-गिः) Subjugating, fascinating, bewitching, holding others in

magical or mysterious submission to one's will. E. वल्गु to desire, (supremacy,) इन् affix ; also with तल् and ल affs. वल्गिता and वल्गित ।

वल्गुिक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Void, empty. f. (-का) Aloe-wood. E. वल्गु to desire, इन् aff., and कन् added.

वल्गुिता f. (-ता) 1. Fascinating, bewitching. 2. Subjection, holding in order or subjugation ; also वल्गित. E. वल्गुिन् and तल् or ल aff.

वल्गुिन् mfn. (-गि-गिनी-गि) 1. Subdued, subjugated, in subjection. 2. Powerful. m. (-गि) A sage with subdued passions. f. (-गिनी) 1. The S'hāmī tree, (Mimosa Sama, Rox.) 2. A parasite plant. E. वल्गु, इन् and ऊप् affixes.

वल्गुरि n. (-रिः) Sea-salt. m. (-रः) 1. A tree, (Achyranthes aspera.) 2. A sort of long pepper ; see वल्गीर. 3. Orris root. E. वल्गु to desire, चरन् aff.

वल्गुि m. (-गिः) Vās'hist'ha, a Rishi or divine sage of the first order, he is also a Brāhma'dika, a Praja'pati, and one of the seven stars of Ursa Major. E. च before, शास् to govern, to instruct, (the other saints,) aff. त् ; the first vowel of the prefix rejected ; also written वल्गुि and वल्गुि । चतिग्रयेन वल्गी इहन् इनेत्युक् ।

वल्गीकरण n. (-ण) 1. Subduing or overcoming by drugs, charms, &c.

enchanting, charming. 2. Subduing in general. **वस** subduing, and करण making, **वि** augment, leaving **इ**.  
**वोहत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Bewitched, fascinated, subjected to another's will. **व** वशी and **ह** made, **वि** augment.  
**वोहत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Subjugated, subject to another's will. **व** वशी and **ह** become, **वि** augment.  
**विर** m. (-रः) A pungent fruit resembling pepper, (*Pothos officinalis*;) also **विरि**. **व** वस, **इ** **र** aff. "गजपिचलाम् ।"  
**व** mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Docile, tame, humble, governable. 2. To be tamed or humbled. **म** (-वः) A dependent, a slave. **फ** (-वः) A docile and obedient wife. **न** (-वः) Cloves. **व** वस subjection, **य** aff.  
**वसता** f. (-ता) An obedient wife. **व** वस्य and **त** added.  
**वस्यता** f. (-ता) Humility, subjugation, disposition to, or fitness for subjection. **व** वस्य and **त** aff.; also with **ल**, **वस्यल** ।  
**वस्यल** mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Of subdued mind. **व** वशी and **ल** **वस्यल** spirit.  
**व** r. 1st cl. (वसति) To kill or hurt.  
**वट** Ind. An exclamation used on making an oblation to a deity with fire, (used with a dat.) **व** वट् to bear or convey, aff. **वट्** ।  
**वट्कर्तृ** m. (-र्तृ) The priest who pours the oiled butter into the fire at a sacrifice with the exclamation **वट्**. **व** वट् an exclamation, &c, and **कर्तृ** who makes.  
**वट्कार** m. (-रः) 1. The formula **वट्**. 2. An oblation made with the exclamation **वट्**. **व** वट् the exclamation used on this occasion, and **कार** making.  
**वट्कृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Offered or sacrificed with fire with the formula **वट्**. **व** वट् as above, **कृत** made. [move].  
**व** r. 1st cl. (वचन) r. 10th cl. (वचयति-ते) 1. To see. 2. To go, to go. **म** (-वः) A one year old calf. **व** वच् to go, **य** aff.  
**वचयती** f. (-ती) A cow bearing many calves. **व** वचय a calf, **ती** to have, affs **इ** and **डी** aff.; also **वचय**, with **इ** and **डी** affs., **वचयिणी** ।  
**व** (-वी) **वच** r. 1st cl. (वसति) To dwell or inhabit. r. 2nd cl. (वसे) To cover with dress, to wear as clothes, r. 10th cl. (वसयति-ते) 1. To perturb. 2. To dwell. (वसयति-ते) 1. To be affectionate, to love. 2. To cut or divide. 3. To kill. 4. To accept. (**व**, **उ**) **वसय** r. 4th cl. (वसति) To be straight, to be unbending; literally or figuratively. With **अधि** prefixed, To sit upon, to occupy. With **उप**, To fast. With **नि**, 1. To dwell in or inhabit. 2. To dress. With **प्र**, To dwell abroad. With **सन्**, To cohabit. Caus. (वसयति-ते) 1. To cause to live or dwell. 2. To put on, to dress. With **नि**, To drive away, to expel, to banish. With **प्र**, To exile.  
**व** mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Dwelling, inhabiting. 2. Wearing, (as clothes.) **व** वस् to dwell, **प्र** aff.  
**वसि** f. (-तिः-तौ) 1. A house, a dwelling. 2. Abiding, abode, residence. 3. Night. **व** वस् to dwell, **वसि** Una'di aff., **डी** aff., optionally added.  
**वस** n. (-सं) 1. Cloth or clothes. 2. Covering, clothing. 3. A dwelling, a house. 4. An ornament worn by women round the loins. 5. Dwelling, residing. **व** वस् to be clothed, &c., aff. **वसु** ।  
**वसवन्** n. (-वन्) A tent. **व** वस and **वसन्** a dwelling.  
**वस** m. (-वः) 1. Vasanta, the season of spring, comprising the month of Chaitra and Vaisākha, or its deified personification, which is considered to be a companion of Kā'made'va. 2. Dysentery, diarrhoea. 3. Small-pox. **व** वस् to dwell, Una'di aff. **व** **वसु**, as applied to the season, when love is especially present on earth.  
**वसवास** m. (-वः) The vernal season.  
**वसवकुसुम** m. (-मः) A tree, (*Cordia myxa* and *latifolia*.) **व** वसव spring, **कुसुम** a flower; blossoming in the spring. "वसवकुसुम नाम ।"  
**वसवकीर्ति** m. (-ती) The Indian cuckoo or Kokila. **व** वसव spring, **कीर्ति** who sings.  
**वसव** mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Produced in the spring. **फ** (-वा) 1. A festival in

honour of Kā'made'va, held in the month of Chaitra. 2. The Ma'dhabi creeper. **व** वसव, **व** born.  
**वसवदूत** m. (-तः) 1. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. 2. The month Chaitra, (March-April.) 3. The mango tree. **फ** (-ती) 1. The trumpet flower. 2. A large and beautiful creeper, (*Gærtnera racemosa*.) **व** वसव spring, and **दूत** the messenger.  
**वसवद्रु** m. (-द्रुः) The mango tree, (*Mangifera Indica*.) **व** वसव spring, and **द्रु** a tree, or **वसवद्रु** **व**; the mango blossoms in March or April, and is then an object of great beauty.  
**वसवपंचमी** f. (-मी) The fifth day of the light-half of Māgha.  
**वसवसख** m. (-खः) Kā'made'va or Cupid. **व** वसव spring, **ख** the friend.  
**वसलीला** n. (-ली) The celebration of the return of spring, formerly held on the full-moon of Chaitra, but now on the full-moon of Phālgun'a, being identified with the Dola-yātra or Holi. **व** वसव and **लीला** a festival.  
**वसा** f. (-सा) 1. The serum or marrow of the flesh, considered by some authorities as distinct from the marrow of the bones, though regarded by others as the same substance. 2. Adeps, fat, suet. **व** वस् to divide, (in the body,) **व** **व** and **व** affs.; or **व** **व** ।  
**वसाक** m. (-कः) The Gangetic porpoise, (*Delphinus Gangeticus*;) also **वसाक** and **वसाक**, the last perhaps incorrectly.  
**वसान** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Wearing, putting on, (as clothes.) **व** वस् to clothe, **वान** aff.  
**वसापायिन्** m. (-यी) A dog. **व** वसा and **पायिन्** who drinks.  
**वसार** n. (-रः) Wish, purpose, desire. [dwell, Una'di aff. **व** ।  
**वसि** m. (-सिः) 1. Dwelling, abode. 2. A dwelling. 3. Clothes. **व** वस् to **वसि** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Stored, (as grain.) 2. Dwelling, inhabiting. 3. Put on, worn. **न** (-तः) Abiding, residence. **फ** (-ता) The power of subduing all things: see **वसिता**. **व** वस् to dwell, &c., **व** aff.; or **वसिता** as above, and **व** changed to **व** ।  
**वसिह** mfn. (-ता-ही-ह) Who or what wears. **व** वस् to put on, **ह** aff.  
**वसित** Ind. Having put on, (as clothes,) wearing. **व** वस् to wear, **व** aff.  
**वसिर** n. (-रः) Sea-salt. **म** (-रः) A pungent fruit, considered as a sort of pepper, (*Pothos officinalis*.) **व** वस् to abide, (in the sea,) **वसिर** aff.; also, as derived from **वस** to desire, **वसिर** &c.  
**वसिष्ठ** m. (-ष्ठः) A celebrated Muni. **व** वस् to abide, (in the practice of religious austerities,) aff. **वसि**, **वसि**, superlative aff. **वसि** added; pre-eminent amongst the ascetics; also **वसिष्ठ** &c.  
**वसु** mfn. (-वुः-वु-वु) 1. Sweet, sweet-flavoured. 2. Dry, dried. **न** (-वु) 1. Wealth, thing, substance. 2. A gem, a jewel. 3. A medicinal root, commonly Vriddhi. 4. Water. 5. Gold. 6. A yellow kind of kidney-bean. 7. A sort of salt. 8. The number eight, i. e. the eight Vasus m. (-वुः) 1. A kind of demi-god, of whom eight are enumerated, viz.:—DHARA, DHARVA, SO'MA or the moon, A'PA, ANILA or wind, ANALA or fire, PRABHA'SA and PRATYUSA. 2. A name of Agni or fire. 3. A ray of light. 4. The tie of a yoke. 5. A tree, (*Sesbana grandiflora*.) 6. The name of a king. 7. A name of Kṛve'ra. 8. A tree in general. 9. A lake, a pool. 10. A rein, a halter. 11. A plant, (*Trophis aspera*.) 12. S'iva. 13. The sun. 14. A kind of fish. **व** वस् to abide or dwell, Una'di aff. **व** ।  
**वसु(व)क** n. (-कः) A fossil-salt, brought from a district in Ajmere, Sambhar-salt. **म** (-कः) 1. A shrub, (*Gigantio Asclepias*.) 2. A tree, (*Sesbana grandiflora*.) **व** वस् added to the preceding; or **वसु** wealth, **व** to sound, aff. **व** । [वोट a worm].  
**वसुकीट** m. (-टः) A supplicant, a beggar, a petitioner. **व** वसु wealth, **वसु** f. (-दा) The earth. **व** वसु wealth, and **दा** who gives.  
**वसुदेव** m. (-रः) Bāsude'va, the father of KRISHN'A. **व** वसु a deity, the incarnation of one of the Vasus, or **वसु** wealth, **दि** to shine, aff. **व** ।  
**वसुदेवता** f. (-ता) The constellation Dhanist'hā. **व** वसु the Vasus, and **देवता** divinity; presiding over the asterism.



वसुदेव m. (भूः) KRISHN'A. E. वसुदेव and भू born. [fortnight.  
 वसुदेव्या f. (-व्या) 1. The asterism Dhanist'ha'. 2. The ninth day of the  
 वसुधैःक्रिका f. (-का) Crystal. [and टाप् ।  
 वसुधा f. (-धा) The earth. E. वसु wealth, धा to have or contain, affs. क  
 वसुधाधर m. (-रः) A mountain. E. वसुधा and धर what holds.  
 वसुधाधिप m. (-पः) A king. E. वसुधा and अधिप sovereign.  
 वसुधानगर n. (-रः) The capital of VARUN'A in the western ocean.  
 वसुधारा f. (-रा) 1. A female S'akti' peculiar to the Jainas. 2. The capital  
 of KUR'VE'RA. E. वसु wealth, धृ to have, affs. चञ् and टाप् ; some  
 authorities read वसुधारा for KUR'VE'RA's capital.  
 वसुधरा f. (-रा) The earth. E. वसु wealth, धृ to have, खच् aff.  
 वसुप्राण m. (-णः) Fire or its deity, AGNI. E. वसु a Vasu, प्राण life.  
 वसुमत् mfn. (-मत्-मती-मत्) Wealthy, rich. f. (-ती) The earth. E. वसु  
 wealth, and मत् aff.  
 वसुरेतस् m. (-ताः) Fire.  
 वसुरोचिस् n. (-चिः) A religious ceremony in which the demi-gods called  
 Vasus especially are worshipped. E. वसु, रुच् to shine, रुचि Una'di aff.  
 वसुल m. (-लः) A deity, a divinity. E. वसु wealth, ला to have, aff. क ।  
 वसुयस् n. (-यः) 1. Wrought gold. 2. Silver.  
 वसुयस m. (-यः) A name of KARN'A, the illegitimate brother of the  
 PA'N'DU princes. E. वसु wealth, सेना an army ; surrounded by  
 hosts of beggars for his wealth, of which he was liberal.  
 वसुयसी f. (-सी) The city of KUR'VE'RA. E. वसु wealth, स्थल place or site,  
 aff. डीप् ।  
 वसुहृद् m. (-हृः) The Vaka-puspa, (Sesbana grandiflora) ; also वसुहृद्क ।  
 वसुक n. (-कः) 1. Sambhar-salt. 2. The Sesbana grandiflora. E. See वसुक  
 the उ of वसुक is here optionally long.  
 वसुरा f. (-रा) A whore, a harlot.  
 वस् r. 1st cl. (वस्ते) To go, to move.  
 वस् m. (-स्ते) 1. Application, perseverance. 2. Going, motion. E. वस्  
 to go, aff. चच् । [also वस्क्य &c.  
 वस्क्य m. (-यः) A calf of one year, a yearling E. वस् to go, चयन् aff. ;  
 वस्क्यणी f. (-णी) A cow bearing many calves. E. वस्क्य a calf, णी to have,  
 affs. ड and डोप् ; also वस्क्यणी, &c.  
 वस्कराटिका f. (-का) A scorpion. [ask, to beg, to solicit.  
 वस् r. 10th cl. (वस्यति-ते) 1. To hurt or kill. 2. To go or move. 3. To  
 वस् m. (-सः) A goat. n. (-लः) A house. E. वस् to kill, aff. चञ् ।  
 वस्क n. (-कः) A factitious salt.  
 वसमोदा f. (-दा) A plant, (Ligusticum ajwaen) ; see वजमोदा ।  
 वसव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) To be dwelt in, or inhabited, resided,  
 remained at, &c. E. वस् to dwell, त्व्य aff.  
 वसन्ती f. (-न्ती) 1. Benzoin or storax. 2. A plant, commonly Aja'-shringi'.  
 E. वसल a goat, and वसन्त entrail.  
 वसि mf. (-सि) 1. The lower belly, hypogastric or pubic region. 2.  
 The bladder. 3. A clyster-syringe, or bag made of bladder or gut,  
 with a wooden or metallic nozzle. 4. Abiding, dwelling, staying.  
 plu. only (-सयः) The ends of a cloth. E. वस् to wear, Una'di aff.  
 ति ; or वस् to abide, क्तिन् aff. ; or वस्ते चावसीति सूत्रम् वस्-तिच् ।  
 वसिकक्षा m. (-क्षा) The soap berry, (Sapindus detergens.) E. वसि the  
 ends of cloth, कक्ष्य business, and चाक्षा rich in ; used in washing.  
 वसिसल n. (-लः) Urine, piss. E. वसि the belly, and सल excretion.  
 वसिशिरस् n. (-रः) 1. The neck of the bladder. 2. The pipe of the cly-  
 ster-bag, E. वसि and शिरस् head.  
 वसिशोषक n. (-कः) A diuretic. E. वसि and शोषक cleansing.  
 वस्तु n. (-स्तु) 1. Thing, matter, substance. 2. Natural disposition, es-  
 sential property, nature, essence. 3. The pith or substance of any  
 thing. 4. The main plot or subject of a poem or play. 5. The rear.  
 E. वस् to abide, Una'di aff. सुन् ।  
 वस्तुक n. (-कः) A potherb, (Chenopodium album.) E. वस् to abide, (in  
 the ground,) उक्ञ् aff., and वृट् augment ; also वास्तुक, वास्तुक, &c.

वस्तुत् Ind. In fact, really, essentially, substantially. E. वस्तु, तसि इदं  
 वस्तुमात्र n. (-त्रः) Outline of any subject, skeleton of a discourse. E. वस्तु  
 and मात्र only. [donment.  
 वस्तुहानि f. (-निः) Loss of substance or property. E. वस्तु, and हानि abas-  
 वस्तुत्पादन n. (-नः) Producing any change or incident in a play by magic.  
 E. वस्तु, and उत्पादन raising.  
 वस्तुतर n. (-रः) Another thing or subject E. वस्तु and अतर other.  
 वस्तुभाव m. (-वः) 1. Insubstantial existence. 2. Loss or destruction of  
 property. E. वस्तु, and अभाव non-existence.  
 वस्तु n. (-स्तु) A house. E. वस् to abide, ति aff. and सुन् added ; this word  
 has many etymologies ; it is also read वस्तु ।  
 वस्त्र n. (-स्त्रः) 1. Cloth, clothes, raiment. 2. Covering, a cover. E. वस्  
 to wear, (as clothes,) वृन् Una'di aff.  
 वस्त्रकुट्टिम n. (-मः) 1. A tent. 2. An umbrella. वस्त्र cloth, and कुट्टिम a hut.  
 वस्त्रगृह n. (-गृहः) A tent. E. वस्त्र cloth, and गृह a house.  
 वस्त्रयन्त्रि m. (-त्रिः) The string or twist by which the lower garments  
 are fastened above the hips. E. वस्त्र cloth, and यन्त्रि knot.  
 वस्त्रनिर्गजक m. (-कः) A washerman. E. वस्त्र, निर्गजक who washes.  
 वस्त्रपुष्पिका f. (-का) A doll, a puppet. E. वस्त्र cloth, पुष्पि infant, (as it  
 were,) कन् aff. [cuts.  
 वस्त्रभेदक m. (-कः) A tailor. E. वस्त्र cloth, clothes, भेदक who pierces or  
 वस्त्रभेदिन् m. (-दिन्) A tailor. E. वस्त्र cloth, add भेदिन् who pierces.  
 वस्त्रयुग्म n. (-युग्मः) A pair of clothes. E. वस्त्र and युग्म a pair.  
 वस्त्रयोनि f. (-निः) The basis or material of cloth, as cotton, silk, wool,  
 &c. E. वस्त्र cloth, and योनि place of production.  
 वस्त्ररञ्जन m. (-नः) Safflower.  
 वस्त्राच्छल n. (-च्छलः) The end or hem of a garment. E. वस्त्र, अच्छल the same.  
 वस्त्रापहारक m. (-कः) A stealer of clothes. E. वस्त्र and अपहारक who  
 carries off ; also वस्त्रापहारिन् ।  
 वस्त्र m. (-स्त्रः) Price. n. (-स्त्रः) 1. Wages, hire. 2. Cloth, clothes. 3.  
 Wealth. 4. Death. 5. Abiding, dwelling. 6. Thing, substance.  
 7. Skin. 9. Health. E. वस् to dwell, Una'di aff. सुन् ।  
 वस्त्रन n. (-नः) An ornament for a woman's loins, a zone, a girdle.  
 वस्त्रा f. (-स्रः) A tendon, a nerve, a fibre, described as a hollow tube  
 resembling a string, attached to the bones, and supposed to be  
 for the passage of the vital air. E. वस्त्र skin, सी to destroy, aff. क ।  
 वस्त्रिक mfn. (-कः की-क) 1. Hireling, mercenary. 2. Purchasable. 3. Re-  
 lating to hire, wages, price, &c. E. वस्त्र hire, &c., and वृन् aff.  
 वस्त्रोक्तसार f. (-रः) 1. The capital of INDRA. 2. ALAKA, the residence of  
 KUR'VE'RA. 3. A lake attached to ALAKA' or AMARA'VATI, and  
 belonging to either deity. E. वस्तु the Vasus, ओक्तस् a residence, रा  
 to contain, with आङ् prefixed, and क and टाप् affs., the favourite  
 haunts of these demi-gods.  
 वस्त्र r. 1st cl. (वस्ति) To bear, to carry, to convey or transport. (वस्ते) To  
 flow, (as a stream.) Desid. (विद्वस्ति-ते) [This is one of those roots which  
 take two accusatives.] 1. To transport. 2. To move on. 3. To flow.  
 4. To blow. 5. To marry. 6. To be responsible for. 7. To wait, to  
 propel. 8. To bear the load of. 9. To possess. With वस्ति, To pass,  
 (as time.) With अप, 1. To carry off. 2. To deduct. With वा, 1.  
 To cause to bring about. 2. To flow. 3. To have, to possess. With  
 उद्, 1. To raise, to elevate, to bear up. 2. To marry. 3. To bear  
 the burden of. 4. To wear. 5. To have. With उप, To commence.  
 With नि, To support. With निस्, To be finished. With परि, To  
 overflow. With प्र, 1. To draw, to carry. 2. To blow. 3. To flow.  
 4. To waft, (as scent.) 5. To bear the burden of. With वि, To  
 marry. With सुन्, 1. To bear along. 2. To take a wife. 3. To press  
 together. 4. To display. Caus. (वाह्यति-ते) 1. To cause to draw or  
 carry. 2. To traverse, to go over. With वस्ति, To lead. (as life.)  
 With वा, To invoke. With निस्, To perform, to manage, to com-  
 plete. With सुन्, To press together, to rub. (इ) वस्ति r. 10th cl.

(वह्नि-ते) To shine. r. 1st cl. (वह्ने) To grow or increase; this last root is more properly वह्नि q. v.

वह्नि m. (-ह्नि) 1. Bearing, conveying. 2. Any vehicle or means of conveyance, as a horse, a car, &c. 3. The shoulder of an ox. 4. Air, wind. 5. A road, a way. 6. Any male river. 7. A measure of four Dro'n as. f. (-ह्नि) A river in general. E. वह्न् to bear, aff. च।

वह्निह m. (-ह्नि) An ox. E. वह्न् the shoulder, लिह् to lick, खगु aff.

वह्नि mfn. (-हन्-हन्ती-हन्) 1. Bearing, conveying. 2. Assuming, taking. 3. Wearing. 4. Having, possessing. E. वह्न् to bear, यट् aff.

वह्नि m. (-हन्) 1. An ox. 2. A traveller. E. वह्न् to bear, Una'di aff. चतच्।

वह्नि m. (-हन्) 1. An ox. 2. A friend, a counsellor. 3. Air, wind. f. (-हन्) A river. E. वह्न् to bear, चति Una'di aff.

वह्नि m. (-हन्) 1. An ox. 2. A traveller. E. वह्न् to bear, Una'di aff. चतच्।

वह्नि n. (-हन्) 1. Bearing, conveying. 2. Flowing, (as a stream.) 3. Any vehicle. 4. A raft, a float. E. वह्न् to bear, छुट् aff.

वह्नीय mfn. (-य-या-य) To be carried or borne. E. वह्न् to bear, चनीयर् aff

वह्नि m. (-हन्) 1. Air, wind. 2. An infant. E. वह्न् to bear, Una'di aff. कच्।

वह्नि mfn. (-हन्-हन्ती-हन्) 1. Bearing, conveying. 2. Having, possessing. 3. Flowing. E. वह्न् to bear, यानच् aff. [वह्न् to bear, aff. चलच्।

वह्नि mfn. (-हन्-हन्ती-हन्) Hard, firm, compact. n. (-हन्) A raft, a float. E. वह्निचक्षुस् m. (-हन्) A climbing and milky plant, (Asclepias geminata.)

वह्नि-कुटोचर m. (-हन्) A crab. E. वह्निस् externally, कुटो crookedly, चर what goes.

वह्नि mfn. (-हन्-हन्ती-हन्) External, outer. E. वह्निर् and ह्य to stay, उ aff.; also वह्निःस्थित, वह्निःस्थानिन्, &c.

वह्नि mfn. (-हन्-हन्ती-हन्) 1. Known, celebrated. 2. Borne, conveyed. 3. Obtained. E. वह्न् to bear, aff. क्त।

वह्नि n. (-हन्) A raft, a float, a boat, a vessel. E. वह्न् to bear, Una'di aff. इत्; also with कन् added, वह्निचक n. (-हन्)।

वह्नि mfn. (-हन्-हन्ती-हन्) Bearing, conveying. f. (-हन्) A boat, a vessel. E. वस् to bear, चिनि aff.

वह्निर्ह m. (-हन्) 1. An outer or external part, limb, member, property, &c. 2. A stranger, an indifferent person. E. वह्निर् and चङ् a limb, वह्निर्हन्ति n. (-हन्) An organ of sense or perception, an organ of action, as the eye, hand, &c. E. वह्निर् and हन्ति organ of sense.

वह्निर्ह mfn. (-हन्-हन्ती-हन्) Gone out or forth. E. वह्निर् and गत gone.

वह्निर्ह m. (-हन्) Going forth or out. E. वह्निर् and गत going.

वह्निर्ह m. (-हन्) 1. A foreign country. 2. A place without a town or village. E. वह्निर् and देश place.

वह्निर्ह n. (-हन्) An outer gate. E. वह्निर् for वह्निस् outer, and द्वार door.

वह्निर्हप्रकोष्ठक n. (-हन्) A portico, a covered terrace before the door of a house. E. वह्निर्ह an outer door, प्रकोष्ठ an elbow, aff. कन्।

वह्निर्ह mfn. (-हन्-हन्ती-हन्) Produced externally. E. वह्निस् outwardly, भव born. [being.]

वह्निर्ह mfn. (-हन्-हन्ती-हन्) Being out or without, excluded. E. वह्निस्, भूत वह्निर्ह m. (-हन्) A deity. [cular]

वह्निर्ह mfn. (-हन्-हन्ती-हन्) Obtuse angular. E. वह्निस् and लम्ब a perpendicular.

वह्निर्ह m. (-हन्) A crab. E. वह्निस् externally, and चर what goes.

वह्निर्ह f. (-हन्) External, outer.

वह्निर्ह n. (-हन्) Expelling, excluding. E. वह्निस् out, and करण making.

वह्निर्ह mfn. (-हन्-हन्ती-हन्) Expelled, excluded. E. वह्निस् and कृत made.

वह्निर्ह Ind. Out, outwards, external. E. वह्न् to bear, aff. इत्।

वह्निर्ह m. (-हन्) A tendon, a nerve, a muscle.

वह्नि m. (-हन्) 1. Fire, or its deity Agni. 2. Lead-wort, (Plumbago zeylanica.) 3. Marking-nut plant. 4. Appetite, digestion, the metaphorical fire of the stomach. E. वह्न् to bear, (the oblations presented to the gods,) and नि Una'di aff.

वह्निर्ह mfn. (-हन्-हन्ती-हन्) 1. Making fire, lighting. 2. Stomachic, giving appetite. f. (-हन्) A tree, (Griselea tomentosa.) E. वह्नि fire, (appetite,) क्त to make, aff. चच् or ट्, and टाप् or डीप् aff.

वह्निगन्ध m. (-हन्) Incense or resin. E. वह्नि fire, and गन्ध smell.

वह्निगन्ध m. (-हन्) A bamboo. f. (-हन्) A sort of Mimosa, (M. Sama. Rox.) E. वह्नि fire, and गन्ध embryo; taking or producing fire by friction.

वह्निदीपक m. (-हन्) Safflower. E. वह्नि fire, and दीपक what shines like or resembles.

वह्निनामन् m. (-हन्) 1. Marking-nut plant. 2. Lead-wort. E. वह्नि fire, and नामन् appellation; the synonyms of fire being equally applicable to those plants. [sumed or enjoyed.]

वह्निभीष m. (-हन्) Ghee or clarified butter. E. वह्नि fire, भाष्य to be consumed.

वह्निमन् m. (-हन्) A tree, the wood of which is used to procure fire by attrition, (Premna spinosa.) E. वह्नि fire, and मन् churning.

वह्निमारक n. (-हन्) Water. E. वह्नि fire, and मारक destroyer.

वह्निमित्र m. (-हन्) Air, wind. E. वह्नि fire, and मित्र the friend.

वह्निरेतस् m. (-हन्) S'IVA. E. वह्नि fire, रेतस् semen. [वह्निरेतस्।]

वह्निरीह n. (-हन्) Copper. E. वह्नि and लोह iron; also with कन् added वह्निवधु f. (-हन्) The wife of AGNI or fire. E. वह्नि and वधु the wife.

वह्निरेव n. (-हन्) The red water-lily. E. वह्नि fire, and रेव colour.

वह्निरेव m. (-हन्) Resin. E. वह्नि fire, and रेव friend.

वह्निरीज n. (-हन्) 1. Gold. 2. The common lime. 3. A particle, to be repeated as the peculiar prayer of fire in the Tantra system; the syllable 'र'." E. वह्नि fire, रीज seed.

वह्निरेव n. (-हन्) 1. Safflower, (Carthamus tinctorius.) 2. Saffron. f. (-हन्) A potherb, (Echites dichotoma.) E. वह्नि fire, and रेव crest; also चन्द्रिरेव। [चन्द्रिरेव a crest.]

वह्निरेव m. (-हन्) A flower, cockscomb, (Celosia cristata.) E. वह्नि fire, and रेव seed.

वह्निरेव m. (-हन्) The wind.

वह्नि n. (-हन्) 1. A vehicle, a conveyance of any sort. 2. A cart. f. (-हन्) The wife of a Muni or saint. E. वह्न् to bear, aff. यत्।

वा r. 2nd cl. (वात) 1. To go or move. 2. To blow, (as the wind.) With निर् prefixed, 1. To blow out, to extinguish. 2. To cool. 3. To hurt, to injure. Caus. (वापयति ते) To cause to blow; also (वाजयति ते) To shake.

वा Ind. A particle of, —1. Comparison, (as, like, so.) 2. Alternative or option, (or, either, else, sometimes.) 3. Doubt and consideration, (or, whether.) 4. Exception, (only, no other;) 5. Asseveration or confirmation, (indeed, even, very.) 6. A conjunction, (and, as well, also.) 7. An expletive. E. वा to go, aff. क्तिप्, the वा is sometimes changed to व, and the word is read वा।

वाग्ध mfn. (-वाग्ध-वाग्ध) Bamboo, of or belonging to, made from a bamboo. &c. f. (-वाग्ध) The manna of the bamboo. E. वाग्ध a bamboo, चच् aff.

वाग्ध m. (-वाग्ध) 1. A flute-player, a piper, a lute. 2. A bamboo-cutter, &c. E. वाग्ध a pipe, aff. उक् or उक्।

वाग्ध m. (-वाग्ध) A porpoise. E. वाग्ध water, and क्तिप् a head.

वाग्ध n. (-वाग्ध) Cloves. E. वाग्ध water, and पय flower.

वाग्धन n. (-वाग्ध) A large water-jar. E. वाग्ध water, सदन abode.

वाग्ध mfn. (-वाग्ध-वाग्ध) Belonging or relating to a crane. n. (-वाग्ध) A flight of cranes. E. वाग्ध, and चच्, चच् or चच् aff.

वाग्धो f. (-वाग्ध) A plant, (Serratula anthelmintica.) E. वाग्ध wind, and क्तिप् to contract, ज aff., form irr.

वाग्धन n. (-वाग्ध) Quarrel, dispute. E. वाग्ध and क्तिप् disturbance.

वाग्ध m. (-वाग्ध) A wife's brother. E. वाग्ध a speech, a phrase, and क्तिप् parrot; having giving rise to a proverb, as a cock parrot is, so is the hen; i. e. of the same breed and disposition.

वाग्धपल mfn. (-वाग्ध-वाग्ध) Frivolous, inconsistent, (in speech.) E. वाग्ध. चपल changeable.

वाग्धपल n. (-वाग्ध) Gossiping, chattering idle or improper talk. E. वाग्ध speech, चपल unsteadiness. [frad.]

वाग्धन n. (-वाग्ध) Prevarication, equivocation. E. वाग्ध speech, क्तिप् disguise.

वाग्धलान्ध mfn. (-वाग्ध-वाग्ध) Equivocating, evasive. E. वाग्ध, and चच् possessed of.

वाक्पटु mfn. (-टु:-टु:-टु) Eloquent, able in speech. E. वाक्, and पटु skilful.  
 वाक्पटुता f. (-ता) Eloquence. E. तल added to the last; with ल, वाक्पटुत्व.  
 वाक्पति mfn. (-ति:-ति:-ति) Eloquent. m. (-ति:-) A name of VRIHASPATI'.  
 E. वाक् speech, and पति master. [and पथ path.  
 वाक्पथ mfn. (-थ:-थ:-थ) Suitable or seasonable for discourse. E. वाक्,  
 वाक्पथत्व n. (-थ:-) Abuse, scurrility, defamation, wordy violence or  
 assault. E. वाक् speech, वाक्पथ violence.  
 वाक्य n. (-क्य) 1. A sentence. 2. A rule or aphorism. 3. Speech. 4. (In  
 astronomy,) The solar process for all astronomical computations.  
 E. वच् to speak, वाक् aff. [breaking.  
 वाक्यखण्डन n. (-न) Refuting or criticising an assertion. E. वाक्य and खण्डन  
 वाक्यप्रयोग m. (-य:-) Employment or application of speech or language.  
 E. वाक्य, प्रयोग application.  
 वाक्यविन्यास m. (-स:-) Syntax, order, or arrangement of a sentence. E.  
 वाक्य, विन्यास disposition.  
 वाक्यविशारद mfn. (-द:-दा-द) Eloquent. E. वाक्य and विशारद skilful.  
 वाक्यशेष m. (-शेष) 1. The remainder of a speech. 2. An ellipsis.  
 वाक्यस्थ mfn. (-स्थ:-स्था-स्थ) Contained in a sentence. 2. Obedient, atten-  
 tive. E. वाक्य and स्थ what stays; also वाक्यस्थित &c.  
 वाच् (-व) वाचि r. 10th cl. (वाङ्मनि) To desire, to wish.  
 वागपहारक m. (-क:-) 1. A stealer of books. 2. A reader of prohibited  
 works or passages. E. वाक् speech, अपहारक seizer, stealer.  
 वागर m. (-र:-) 1. A sage, a holy man, one desirous of final emancipa-  
 tion. 2. A scholar, a Pandit, a learned Brāhman. 3. A hero, a  
 brave man, one who is intrepid or fearless. 4. Certainty, ascer-  
 tainment. 5. A whet stone. 6. An obstacle, an impediment, or  
 cause of obstruction. 7. Submarine fire. 8. A wolf. E. वाक् speech,  
 वाच् to go, aff. चप् । [men's thoughts.  
 वागसि f. (-सि:-) Sharp or piercing speech. E. वाच्, चसि a sword, piercing  
 वागा f. (-ग) A bridle.  
 वागाह mfn. (-ह:-वा-ह) Breaking promise or faith, disappointing, a  
 disappointer or deceiver. E. वाक् speech, वाच् to go, चप् aff.  
 वागीश mfn. (-श:-वा-श) Eloquent, well spoken. m. (-श:-) 1. An author,  
 an orator, a poet, &c. 2. BRAHMA'. E. वाक् speech, ईश master.  
 वागीश्वर m. (-र:-) 1. An orator, a learned man. 2. A Band'it'ha deified  
 sage; also MANJUGHOSHA. 3. BRAHMA'. f. (-री) SARASWATI'. E.  
 वाक् speech, ईश्वर lord.  
 वागुजी f. (-जी) A plant, (Serratula anthelmintica.) E. वाच् speech, गुञ्  
 to sound inarticulately, aff. क, form irr.  
 वागुष m. (-ष:-) An acid fruit, (Averrhoa carambola.) [गुञ् augment.  
 वागुरा f. (-रा) A net, a snare, a noose. E. वा to hurt, उरच् Unādi aff.,  
 वागुराहति f. (-हति:-) Livelihood obtained by catching wild animals. E.  
 वागुरा a snare, हति practice.  
 वागुरिक m. (-क:-) A hunter, a deer-catcher. E. वागुरा a net, aff. टक्.  
 वाग्वध m. (-म:-) A learned or eloquent man. E. वाच्, and वध best.  
 वाग्वभल n. (-ल) Eloquence, learning, erudition. E. वाग्वध, and ल aff.  
 वाग्वद m. (-द:-) A sort of bird. E. वाक् speech, वृद्ध to sport, aff. क.  
 वाग्वलि m. (-लि:-) The betel-bearer, an officer or servant whose business  
 it is to have the box of Pa'n ready for his prince or master. E. वाक्  
 speech, (oommand,) वृत् to obey, कि aff., and र changed to ल; or र  
 to swallow, deriv. irr. [ceding.  
 वाग्वलिक m. (-क:-) A betel-bearer, E. वाक् pleonasm added to the pre-  
 वाग्वल्लभ m. (-र:-) Graceful or eloquent language.  
 वाग्वल्लभ m. (-ल्लभ:-) 1. Reproof, reprimand. 2. Restraint or control of  
 speech. E. वाक् and वल्लभ punishment. [दत्त given.  
 वाग्वल्लभ mfn. (-ल्लभ:-वा-ल्लभ) Promised. f. (-ल्लभ) A virgin betrothed. E. वाच्,  
 वाग्वल्लभ mfn. (-ल्लभ:-वा-ल्लभ) Of few words, speaking little and humbly or  
 guardedly. E. वाक् speech, दल्लभ poor.  
 वाग्वल्लभ n. (-ल्लभ) A lip. E. वाक् speech, दल्लभ a leaf.

वाग्वल्लभ mfn. (-ल्लभ:-वा-ल्लभ) Abusive, ill-spoken, speaking ill, either morally  
 or grammatically. m. (-ल्लभ) A Brāhman who has past the proper  
 time of life, without receiving the initiatory Mantra, the investi-  
 ture of the thread, &c. E. वाक् speech, वृद्ध bad, faulty.  
 वाग्वल्लभ f. (-ल्लभ) 1. VRIHASPATI'. 2. An eloquent man or writer. E. वाच्  
 देवता divinity. [the goddess of eloquence.  
 वाग्वल्लभ f. (-ल्लभ) A name of SARASWATI'. E. वाक् speech, and देवी goddess,  
 वाग्वल्लभ m. (-ल्लभ) 1. Speaking ill, defamation, abuse. 2. Ungrammatical  
 speech. 3. Uttering a disagreeable sound. E. वाक् and देवी fault.  
 वाग्वल्लभ n. (-ल्लभ) Mere speech, words alone. E. वाच् and मात्र only.  
 वाग्वल्लभ n. (-ल्लभ) Stopping any one's speech. E. वाच्, वल्लभ obstructing.  
 वाग्वल्लभ mfn. (-ल्लभ:-ल्लभ:-ल्लभ) 1. Loquacious, talkative, speaking much.  
 2. Speaking well, eloquent. m. (-ल्लभ) A name of VRIHASPATI'. E.  
 वाच् speech, लिनि aff.; hence also वाग्वल्लभ । [ल्लभ root.  
 वाग्वल्लभ mfn. (-ल्लभ:-ल्लभ:-ल्लभ) Having root or origin in speech. E. वाच् and  
 वाग्वल्लभ mfn. (-ल्लभ:-ल्लभ:-ल्लभ) 1. Speaking little, and cautiously or humbly. 2.  
 Speaking truly. m. (-ल्लभ) 1. Humility, self-disparagement. 2.  
 Doubt, alternative. E. वाच् speech, यन् aff. [restrained.  
 वाग्वल्लभ mfn. (-ल्लभ:-ल्लभ:-ल्लभ) Reserved in speech, taciturn, silent. E. वाच्, यन्  
 वाग्वल्लभ Ind. Silently. E. वाग्वल्लभ speaking little, तसि aff. ॥  
 वाग्वल्लभ m. (-ल्लभ) A dumb man, one silent from necessity. E. वाच् speech,  
 यन् to restrain, aff. चप् । [विनिःसृत issued.  
 वाग्वल्लभ mfn. (-ल्लभ:-ल्लभ:-ल्लभ) Emitted or put forth by speech. E. वाच् and  
 वाग्वल्लभ m. (-ल्लभ) Graceful or elegant speech. E. वाक् and वल्लभ sport.  
 वाग्वल्लभ m. (-ल्लभ) 1. Manner, style or habit of speaking. 2. Customary  
 phraseology. E. वाक् and व्यापार usual practice.  
 वाक् m. (-व) The ocean, the sea. E. वक् a bend or creek, aff. चप् ।  
 वाक्मय mfn. (-य:-वो-य) 1. Eloquent, rhetorical. n. (-य) 1. Eloquence.  
 2. Rhetorical composition, rhetoric, belles lettres. f. (-री) SARAS-  
 WATI'. E. वाक् speech, and मयट् aff. [सुख beginning.  
 वाक्मय m. (-व) The opening of a speech, an exordium. E. वाच् speech,  
 वाक् f. (-व) 1. Speech. 2. Speaking. 3. SARASWATI', the goddess of  
 speech. 4. A phrase, a proverb or adage. 5. An assertion, an  
 assurance. E. वच् speak, aff. लिप, and the vowel made long.  
 वाक् m. (-व) 1. A plant: see मन्त्र 2. A kind of fish. "वाक् ।"  
 वाक्मय m. (-म:-) A holy sage, practising rigid taciturnity, devoid of  
 passions, and unmoved by pain or pleasure. E. वाच् speech, यन्  
 to restrain, aff. ल्लभ ।  
 वाक्मय mfn. (-म:-का-म) 1. Declaratory, explaining, speaking. 2. Verbal,  
 expressed by words. m. (-म) 1. A word, a significant sound. 2.  
 A speaker. 3. A reader. 4. A messenger. E. वच् to speak, aff. ल्लभ ।  
 वाक्मयता f. (-ता) Expressiveness, significance. E. वाक्मय and तल्लभ aff.;  
 also with ल, वाक्मयत्व ।  
 वाक्मयपद n. (-पद) A clear and explicit term. E. वाक्मय and पद a word.  
 वाक्मय n. (-म) 1. Reading, reciting. 2. Proclamation, declaration.  
 वाक्मय n. (-म) A riddle.  
 वाक्मयिक mfn. (-क:-की-क) 1. Verbal. 2. Textual. E. वचन and टक् aff.  
 वाक्मयसि f. (-सि:-) VRIHASPATI', regent of the planet JUPITER, and  
 preceptor of the gods. E. वाच् speech, in the second case plural  
 and पति master.  
 वाक्मयसि m. (-सि:-) 1. VRIHASPATI'; see the last. 2. A title of the great  
 scholar Professor TA'RA'NA'THA TARKA-BACHASPATI', son of the  
 illustrious Pandit KA'LI-DA'SA SA'RBABHOUA and grandson of the  
 Venerable Pandit RA'M-RA'M TARKASID'DHA'NTA, the commentator  
 of the six different schools of Hindu philosophy; (Vide Mr.  
 ADAM's report on the researches of the Pandits of Bengal.)  
 He was born at KA'LINA', situated on the bank of the river  
 BHAGIRATHI, in the District of BURDWA'N in the year 1808  
 A. D. and died at the sacred city of BENARES in 1885, at the  
 ripe age of eighty, where he retired for abstract meditation

and contemplation of the Supreme Spirit. He is 'the commentator of SA'NKHYA-TATVA-KOUMUDI,' of BA'CHASPATI' MISHRA, 'SID'DHA'NTA-KOUMUDI,' the most authoritative grammar of PA'NINI' methodised by BHATTOTI-DIKSHITA, and several Sanskrit dramas; he is also the author of "SHABDA'RTHARATNA," a useful work on the philosophy of grammar, "SID'DHA'NTABINDUSABA," &c.; he is also the compiler of "A'SHUBODH," the well known Sanskrit grammar, "DHA'TURUPA," the easy treatise on the paradigm of Sanskrit conjugations, both meant for beginners, "VA'CHASPATYA," the first voluminous Sanskrit dictionary with derivations in alphabetical order and "SHABDASTOMA-MAHA'NIDHI," the most useful handy Sanskrit dictionary, and other works in almost all the branches of Sanskrit language too numerous to mention, all of which he wrote single-handed. E. वाच् speech, in the sixth case, पति master.

वाचस्पत्य n. (-त्) 1. The great encyclopaedic Sanskrit lexicon by Prof. TA'RA' NA'THA TABAKAVA'CHASPATI', the most profoundest grammarian and philosopher of the nineteenth century: see the last. 2. Eloquence, an eloquent speech, a harangue.

वाचा f. (-चा) 1. Speech. 2. A text, an aphorism. 3. The tongue. 4. An oath. E. वाच् as above, टाप् added.

वाचाट् mfn. (-टः-टा-ट्) Talkative, talking much and idly or blamably. E. वाच् speech and चाट् aff. सलान् न कः ।

वाचाल् mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Talkative, chattering, gabbling, talking much and idly or blamably. E. वाच् speech, and चालच् aff.

वाचिक mfn. (-कः-का or क्री-कं) Verbal. n. (-कं) News, tidings, intelligence. E. वाच् speech, aff. टक् । [E. वाचिक news, पत्र a leaf.

वाचिकपत्रक n. (-कं) 1. A letter, a despatch. 2. A newspaper, a gazette.

वाचिकहारक m. (-कः) 1. A letter, an epistle. 2. A messenger, a courier. E. वाचिक news, ह to convey, aff. लृक् ।

वाचीयुक्ति mfn. (-क्तिः-क्तिः-क्ति) Speaking much or well. E. वाच् speech, in the sixth case, and युक्ति joining, fitness.

वाचीयुक्तिपट् mfn. (-टः-टः or -ट्टी-ट्ट) Eloquent, speaking much or well. E. वाचीयुक्ति as above, and पट् skilful.

वाञ्छ (इ) वाञ्छि r. 1st cl. (वाञ्छति) To wish or desire.

वाञ्छ mfn. (-ञ्चः-ञ्चा-ञ्चं) 1. Vile, bad. 2. Vile, contemptible, low, outcast. 3. Fit or proper to be spoken or said. 4. Attributive adjective, to be predicated of any thing. 5. Declinable as an adjective, taking the three genders. 6. Expressed, (as the meaning of a word.) n. (-ञ्च) Blame, reviling. 2. A predicate, that which may be said of anything. 3. (In grammar.) The voice or mode of a verb; as, कर्तृवाच्य the active voice, कर्मणिवाच्य the passive voice. 4. The expressed or conventional meaning of word, (opposed to लक्ष्य and व्यङ्ग्य ।) E. वाच् to speak, aff. लृक् ।

वाचस्पति n. (-ति) One of the two kinds of the third or lowest division of poetry consisting in a striking idea or conceit expressed in words.

वाच्यता f. (-ता) 1. Infamy, ill repute. 2. Blame, reproach. 3. The quality of that which may be said of any thing. 4. Conjugation. E. वाच् added to the preceding; also with ल, वाच्यल ।

वाज m. (-जः-ज) A wing. m. (-जः) The feather of an arrow. 2. Speed. 3. Sound. 4. A Muni. n. (-जं) 1. Ghee or clarified butter. 2. Water. 3. A Mantra or prayer which concludes a sacrifice. 4. Rice offered at a Shra'd'dha or obsequial ceremony. 5. Rice in general. 6. The acidulous mixture of ground meal and water left to ferment. E. वज् to go, aff. घञ् ।

वाजपेय m. (-यः-यं) A particular sacrifice, E. वाज the acetous fermentation of meal and water, and पेय to be drunk, (by the gods.)

वाजभोजिन् m. (-जी) A particular sacrifice: see the last. E. वाज sour gruel, भुज् to eat, aff. णिनि, and the radical vowel changed.

वाजसनेयिन् m. (-यी) 1. A name of YA'JNYAVALKYA, the founder of the

white YAJURVEDA. 2. A member of the sect of the VA'JASANEYINS.

वाजिनम् m. (-न्) The name of a plant, (Physalis flexuosa.) E. वाजिन् a horse, and गन्ध smell; also वाजिगन्धक ।

वाजिता f. (-ता) 1. The condition of having wings. 2. The nature of a horse. E. वाजिन् a horse, &c., लक् aff.; also with ल, वाजिल ।

वाजिदन्त m. (-न्तः) A plant, (Justicia adhenatoda.) E. वाजि a horse, दन्त a tooth, to which the flower is compared; with कन् added वाजिदन्तक ।

वाजिन् m. (-जी) 1. A horse. 2. An arrow. 3. A bird. 4. A plant (Justicia adhenatoda.) f. (-जिनी) A mare. E. वाज speed or a feather, &c., and इति poss. aff.

वाजिन n. (-नं) Curd of two milk whey, or the whey from which the curds have been separated. E. वज् to prepare, aff. इलन् ।

वाजिपुष्ट m. (-ष्टः) Globe amaranth. E. वाजि a horse, and पुष्ट back.

वाजिभूमि f. (-भिः) Place where horses are bred. E. वाजिन्, भूमि place.

वाजिग्रहा nf. (-लं-ग्रा) A stable. E. वाजि a horse, ग्राहा a hall. [चि् aug.

वाजीकर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Aphrodisiac. E. वाजिन् a horse, कर what makes, वाजीकरण n. (-णं) Stimulus or excitement of amorous desires by aphrodisiacs, &c. E. वाजि a horse, करण making, and चि् augment.

वाञ्छन् mfn. (-ञ्छन्-ञ्छन्-ञ्छन्) Wishing, desiring. E. वाञ्छि to wish, षह् aff.

वाञ्छन् n. (-नं) Desiring, wishing. E. वाञ्छि to desire, लृट् aff.

वाञ्छनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Desirable, to be wished for. E. वाञ्छि to wish, and णीयर् aff.; also वाञ्छित्य and वाञ्छा ।

वाञ्छा f. (-ञ्छा) Wish, desire. E. वाञ्छि to wish, aff. णच् । [क aff.

वाञ्छित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Wished, desired. n. (-तं) Wish. E. वाञ्छि to wish, वाञ्छिन् mfn. (-ञ्छी-ञ्छिनी-ञ्छि) Wishing, desirous. f. (-ञ्छिनी) A libidinous woman, a wanton. E. वाञ्छा desire, इति aff.

वाट् Ind. An exclamation on making an offering of boiled butter.

वाट् mfn. Adj. (-टः-टी-ट्) Made of the Indian fig-tree, of its wood, &c. Subst. (-टः-टी-ट्) 1. An enclosure, a piece of enclosed ground, whether a simple enclosure, as a courtyard, or one for trees and plants, as an orchard, a garden, a plantation, &c. 2. A road. 3. A mud wall, a bound hedge or any enclosure of a town or village, &c. 4. A sort of grain, (Panicum spicatum.) 5. The groin. f. (-टी) 1. The site of a house or building. 2. A house, a dwelling. 3. A plant: see वाट्यालक E. वट् to surround, aff. घञ् ।

वाटधान m. (-नः) The descendant of an outcast Bra'hman by a Bra'hman female. [sure, घट्टला a chain.

वाटघट्टला f. (-ला) A sort of chain enclosure or fence. E. वाट an enclosure, वाटिका f. (-का) 1. The site of a house. 2. A plant, (Sida cordifolia.) 3. A garden, an orchard. E. कन् added to वाटी ।

वाटीदोचं m. (-चं) A sort of grass, commonly Iteada. E. वाटी an enclosure, दोचं long. "एकटचये ।"

वाटक n. (-कं) Fried barley; also read वाट्यक । [यत् aff.

वाट्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Belonging to a house or garden, &c. E. वाटी, and वाट्यपुष्प n. (-पु) 1. Sandal. 2. Saffron. f. (-ची) A plant, (Sida cordifolia.) E. वाट्य belonging to a house or garden, पुष्प flower. [अभि.

वाट्या f. (-या) A plant, (Sida cordifolia.) E. वाटी a garden, वन, and टाप् वाट्यालक mfn. (-लः-ला) A herbaceous shrub, (Sida cordifolia:) see the next.

वाट्यालक m. (-कः) A plant, commonly Beriya'la', (Sida cordifolia.) E. वाटी a garden, in the sixth case, लक् to adorn, with णच् aff., and कन् added, the ornament of a garden. "वेनिदा इति भाषा ।"

वाड् (इ) वाड् r. 1st cl. (वाडते) To bathe, to dive and emerge: the best authorities read this वाड् ।

वाडवेय m. (-यः) A bull. m. Du. The two son's of Ashvini'.

वाड्य n. (-यं) A multitude of Brāhmanas.

वाड mfn. (-डः-डा-डं) 1. Much, abundant, exceeding. 2. Hard, firm. Adv. n. or Ind. (-डं) 1. Much, excessive, excessively. 2. Very well, well, (assent, promise.) 3. A particle signifying conclusion, deduction. E. वड् to take, to bear, aff. क् ; form. irr. [prowess.

वाडविक्रम mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Powerful, very strong, mighty. E. वाड, विक्रम

वायु m. (-यः) 1. An arrow. 2. A name of fire. 3. The name of a sovereign considered also as an Asura or infernal being, the son of BALL, father of Usha', destroyed by Vishnu. 4. The udder of a cow. 5. Alone, solitary. 6. A pipe, a fife, a flute. mf. (-यः-वा) 1. Blue Barleria. 2. The root or feathered part of an arrow. E. वायु or वायु to sound or go, aff. वञ्च्; whence this word and other derivatives are sometimes also written with an initial व।

वायुदण्ड m. (-ण्डः) A weaver's loom. E. वायु an arrow, दण्ड stick. [hurt. वायुनिकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Pierced, wounded by an arrow. E. वायु, निकृत वायुपाणि mfn. (-यिः-यिः-णि) Armed with arrows. E. वायु, पाणि the hand. वायुपुर n. (-रः) The capital of VA'N'A Raja'. E. वायु and पुर city; also with the final consonant वायुपुर f. (-पुः)।

वायुमोचन n. (-च) Shooting an arrow. E. वायु and मोचन letting fly.

वायुवार m. (-रः) 1. Armour. 2. A breast-plate, a cuirass. E. वायु an arrow, व to cover or screen, aff. वञ्च्। [E. वायु. सुता daughter.

वायुसुता f. (-ता) Usha', the daughter of VA'N'A, and wife of ANIRUDHA.

वायुहन् m. (-हन्) VISHNU. E. वायु VA'N'A Raja' and हन् destroyer.

वायारि m. (-रिः) VISHNU. E. वायु the demon, and अरि enemy.

वायुशय m. (-यः) A bow. E. वायु an arrow, and शय receptacle.

वायुसन n. (-नः) A bow. E. वायु an arrow, सन throwing, or सन a seat.

वाणि f. (-विः or षी) 1. Weaving. 2. A weaver's loom. 3. A species of the Ashti' metre. E. वञ्च् to sound, aff. इनि; डीप् optionally added.

वाणिज्य n. (-ज्यः) Traffic, trade; see वाणिज्य।

वाणिन् mfn. (-णी-णिनी-णि) 1. Having an arrow. 2. Speaking. f. (-नी) 1. A sharp or clever woman, an intriguing woman. 2. An actress, a Nau'tch girl. 3. A furious woman, one literally or figuratively intoxicated. E. वायु an arrow, or वाणि speech, इनि and डीप् affs.

वाणी f. (-णी) 1. SARASWATI, the goddess of speech. 2. Speech, sound. 3. Voice, (as देववाणी). 4. Eloquence. 5. Praise. 6. A literary production. E. वञ्च् to sound, aff. इज् and डीप् or डीप् added.

वात r. 10th cl. (वातयति-ने) 1. To go. 2. To serve. 3. To be happy. 4. To give pleasure in travelling. 5. To blow gently, to fan or ventilate.

वात् mfn. (-वान्-वाती or वानी-वात्) Going, moving. E. वा to go, वट् aff.

वात m. (-तः) 1. Air, wind. 2. Rheumatism, gout, inflammation of the joints. 3. Air, wind, as one of the three humours of the body. 4. The deity that presides over wind. f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Blown. 2. Wished for, solicited. E. वा to go, Unádi aff. तन्.

वातक m. (-कः) 1. A paramour. 2. A plant, (Marsilea quadrifolia.) E. वात wind, क to make, aff. ड।

वातकर्मन् n. (-र्म) Breaking wind.

वातकिन् mfn. (-की-किनी-कि) Rheumatic, gouty. E. वात inflammation of the joints, and इनि aff., कृक् augment.

वातकुण्डलिका f. (-का) Scanty and painful flow of urine.

वातकुम्भ m. (-म्भः) The part of an elephant's forehead below the frontal sinuses. E. वात wind and कुम्भ a receptacle.

वातकेतु m. (-तुः) Dust. E. वात wind, and केतु a symbol.

वातकेलि m. (-लिः) 1. Speaking in murmurs, especially amorous converse. 2. The marks of finger-nails on the lover's person. E. वात wind, केलि playing.

वातगामिन् m. (-मी) A bird. E. वात wind, and गामिन् who goes.

वातगल्य m. (-गल्यः) 1. A gale, a high wind. 2. Acute gout or rheumatism. 3. Any disease arising from the morbid affection of the windy humour, such as, madness, the glandular enlargement of the mesenteric gland, in the abdomen, so as to be perceived externally, &c. according to our Hindu system of pathology. E. वात wind, गल्य a cluster, a quantity. [seized.

वातयन्त mfn. (कः-खा-ज) 1. Epileptic. 2. Rheumatic. E. वात and यन्त

वातघ्न mfn. (-घ्नः-घ्नी-घ्न) Removing disorders from wind. E. वात and घ्न who destroys. [born.

वातज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Produced by or arising from wind. E. वात, ज

वातज्वर m. (-रः) Fever arising from vitiated wind. E. वात and ज्वर fever. वातजल n. (-जल) Cottony flocks or seeds floating in the air. E. वात, जल cotton. वातजुडा f. (-डा) 1. A gale, a high wind. 2. Acute gout or rheumatism. 3. A handsome woman. 4. A disease, a sort of small pox. E. वात wind, जुड् to reap, aff. ज, deriv. irr.

वातध्वज m. (-जः) A cloud. E. वात wind, and ध्वज banner.

वातपित्त n. (-त) Rheumatism attended with fever. E. वात, पित्त bile.

वातपुत्र m. (-त्रः) 1. A name of BHAMA. 2. The monkey HANUMA'NA. 3. A cheat, a swindler. E. वात the wind, and पुत्र a son.

वातपीय m. (-यः) The Pala'sha tree, (Butea frondosa.) E. वात rheumatism, पुय to hurt, aff. वञ्च्; also वातपीयक।

वातप्रसी m. (-सीः) A swift antelope. E. वात the wind, प्र before, मा to measure, to surpass or outgo, Unádi aff. ईप्। [blown.

वातफूल mfn. (-लः-फूल-ल) Inflated, puffed up with wind. E. वात, फूल वातफूलान् n. (-लः) Colic, flatulence, borborygmi. E. वात wind, and फूल swollen, अन्त the intestines.

वातमग्न mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Going in or against the wind. m. (-जः) A swift antelope. E. वात wind, मग्न to go, aff. खल्।

वातमण्डली f. (-ली) A whirl-wind. E. वात wind, मण्डल a region, aff. डीप्।

वातमृग m. (-गः) A swift antelope. E. वात wind, and मृग a deer.

वातरश्म mfn. (-श्मः-श्मः-श्म) Swift, (as the wind) E. वात, रश्म speed.

वातर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Windy, stormy. 2. Swift, (as the wind) E. वात and रा to get, क aff.

वातरक्त n. (-क्त) Acute gout or rheumatism. E. वात wind, and रक्त blood, ascribed to a vitiated state of the blood and the aerial humour.

वातरक्तघ्न m. (-घ्नः) A plant, commonly Kukurmura'. E. वातरक्त gout, and घ्न destroying. [gout, अरि a bird.

वातरक्तारि m. (-रिः) A plant, (Menispermum glabrum) E. वातरक्त acute

वातरङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) The holy fig-tree. वातस्थे व सततं रङ्गचलनमस्य; also वातरङ्ग।

वातरथ m. (-थः) A cloud. E. वात the wind, and रथ a car.

वातरायण m. (-यः) 1. An arrow. 2. An arrow's flight, the discharge of an arrow, a bow shot. 3. A saw. 4. The peak of a mountain. 5. A mad man, one wild or intoxicated, either literally or figuratively. 6. An idler, one who lives to no purpose. 7. The Sual, a sort of pine tree. E. वातर and अयन going.

वातरुच m. (-चः) 1. A gale, a breeze. 2. The rainbow. 5. A bribe. E. वात wind, रुच् to rage, aff. वञ्च्।

वातरोग n. (-गः) Rheumatism, gout. E. वात wind, and रोग disease.

वातरोगिन् mfn. (-नी-णिनी-णि) Rheumatic, afflicted with gout or rheumatism, especially of the acute kind. E. वातरोग acute rheumatism, &c., aff. इनि।

वातर्षि m. (-र्षिः) 1. A sort of cup or vessel made of wood, with an iron foot or stand. 2. A mace, a club or stick bound with iron. 3. Excess of wind. E. वात wind, ऋषि increase.

वातमूत्र mfn. (-लः-ला or ली-ल) 1. Windy, stormy. 2. Flatulent. m. (-लः) 1. A sort of pulse, (Cicer arietinum.) 2. Wind. f. (-ला) A morbid state of the uterus. E. वात wind, ला to get, aff. क।

वातलमण्डली f. (-ली) A whirl-wind. E. वातल windy, मण्डल a region, aff. डीप्; also वातलमण्डली।

वातवत् mfn. (-वान्-वाती-वत्) Windy, gusty. E. वात and वत् aff.

वातवलासक m. (-कः) Nervous or low fever.

वातवसि f. (-सिः) Suppression of urine. E. वात and वसि the bladder.

वातवृद्धि f. (-द्धिः) Swelled testicle. E. वात, वृद्धि increase.

वातवेरिन् m. (-री) The castor-oil tree, &c.; see वातारि।

वातव्याधि f. (-धिः) Any morbid affection attributed to disorder of the wind. E. वात and व्याधि disease.

वातशोष n. (-धे) The lower belly. E. वात wind, शोष the head or source.

वातयूल n. (-यूल) Colic with flatulence. E. वात and यूल colic.

वातशोषित n. (-त) Acute gout or rheumatism. E. वात wind, शोषित blood; ascribed to a vitiated state of these two.

वातवृक्ष mfn. (-वृ-क्ष-वृ) Gouty, rheumatic. E. वात the disease, वृक्ष bearing, suffering.

वातसारथि m. (-थि) AGNI or fire. E. वात wind, and सारथि charioteer.

वातस्थ n. (-स्थ) The portion of the atmosphere where the wind blows.

E. वात wind, स्थ part. [and चट who goes.]

वाताट m. (-टः) 1. A horse of the sun. 2. An antelope. E. वात the wind,

वाताम्य m. (-म्यः) A disease of the testicles. [of the stomach.]

वातातिसार m. (-रः) Dysentery produced by some disorder in the wind

वाताम्य m. (-म्यः) The almond, (Prunus amygdalus. Syn. Amygdalus

communis. Terminalia catappa.) E. वात windy humour, वाह to des-

troys, aff. चञ् ; also वाताम्य । "वाहाम् इति भाषा ।" [lungs.]

वातानुलोमन n. (-न) Forcing the wind in downwards, as in inflating the

वातापि m. (-पि) The name of an Asura devoured by AGASTYA. E. वात

wind, वा to drink, aff. कि, and वाङ् prefixed.

वातापिहृत् m. (-हृत्) The Muni AGASTYA. E. वातापि and हृत् who hates ;

also similar names, as वातापिहृदन, वातापिहृन्, &c.

वातामोदा f. (-दा) Musk. E. वात the wind, वातोदा a diffusive fragrance.

वाताय n. (-य) A leaf. E. वात wind, वा to go, aff. चञ् ।

वातायन n. (-न) 1. A window, an eyelet or loop-hole. 2. A porch, a

portico, a covered shed, a pavilion. m. (-नः) A horse. E. वात the

wind, and वायन going. [उञ् ।]

वातायु m. (-युः) An antelope, a deer. E. वात wind, (like,) वायु to go, aff.

वातारि f. (-रिः) 1. The castor-oil tree. 2. A plant, (Asparagus racemo-

sus) E. वात rheumatism, चरि hostile.

वातानो f. (-नो) A whirl-wind, a gale. E. वात wind, वातो a line.

वाताय m. (-यः) A swift horse, or one of a good breed. E. वात the wind,

and वायु a horse. [who bears or suffers.]

वातवृक्ष mfn. (-वृ-क्ष-वृ) Rheumatic, gouty. E. वात rheumatism, वातवृक्ष

वातवृक्ष mfn. (-वृ-क्ष-वृ) 1. Stirred or shaken by the wind. 2. Affected

by rheumatism. E. वात and वाह struck.

वाताहति f. (-तिः) 1. The action of the wind. 2. The occurrence of

arthritic pains. E. वात and वाह striking. [Una'di aff. किञ् ।]

वाति m. (-तिः) 1. The sun. 2. The moon. 3. Air, wind. E. वा to go,

वातिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Windy, stormy. 2. Rheumatic. 3. Produced

by or proceeding from wind, (disease, &c.) m. (-कः) Fever or

inflammation ascribed to a vitiated state of the aerial humour. E.

वात wind, &c., ठक् aff.

वातिग mfn. (-गः-गा-नं) Acquainted with or working in minerals or

fossils, &c. m. (-गः) The egg-plant, (Solanum melongena.) E. वाति

wind, ग who counts, from गण with उ aff.

वातिग m. (-गः) The egg-plant. E. वाति wind, गण् to count, aff. खच्,

curing rheumatism, &c.

वातीय mfn. (-यः-वा-यः) Windy, relating or belonging to wind, &c. n.

(-यः) Sour rice-gruel. E. वात the wind, उ aff. ; acidulated by air.

वातुल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Gouty, rheumatic. 2. Mad, crazy. m. (-लः)

A whirlwind, a gale. E. वात wind, &c., and उलच् aff. ; more com-

monly वातुल । [aff., form irr. "वातुल ।"]

वातुलि f. (-लिः) A large bat, commonly the flying-fox. E. वात wind, उलि

वातुल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Gouty, rheumatic. 2. Mad, insane, inebriate.

m. (-लः) A whirlwind, a gale, a hurricane. E. वात wind, उलच् aff. ;

also वातुल ; form irr.

वाह m. (-वा) Air, wind. E. वा to go, हच् aff. [ing quantity.]

वाह्य f. (-ह्यः) A gale, a whirlwind, a hurricane. E. वात wind, ह्य् imply-

वाहक n. (-कः) A herd of oxen. E. वाह a calf, ह्य् aff. of number.

वाहल n. (-लः) Tenderness, affection, fondness. E. वाहल affectionate,

ह्यच् aff. [a Bra'hman, and पुत्र son.]

वाहोपुत्र m. (-नः) A barber. E. वाहो a girl born of a Sudra woman by

वाहोपुत्र m. (-नः) The name of a Muni. E. वाह the father of the sage,

and ह्यच् aff. of descent.

वाह m. (-वः) 1. Demonstrated conclusion, reply, result. 2. Discourse,

discussion, defined as the speech of one desirous to know the

truth. 3. A plaint, an accusation. 4. Sound, sounding. 5. Rumour,

report. E. वाह to speak, aff. चञ् ।

वादकर mfn. (-रः-रा or री-रं) Causing or making a dispute. E. वाह, कर

what makes ; also वादकन् &c.

वादयस Adj. In dispute.

वादचक्षु Adj. Clever in repartee.

वादन n. (-नं) Sound, sounding, (as musical instruments.) E. वाह to sound,

causal form, aff. छट् ।

वादयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Sounding, playing, (as on a musical instru-

ment.) E. वाह to speak, causal v., वाह aff.

वादयुद्ध n. (-युद्ध) Controversy, dispute. E. वाह, and युद्ध war. [aff.]

वादर् f. (-री) Made of cotton. n. (-रः) Cotton cloth. E. वाह cotton, चञ्

वादर्क m. (-कः) The religious fig-tree : see वातरक्त ।

वाद्दरत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Adhering to or following a doctrine. 2.

Addicted to controversy, disputations. E. वाह, and रत fond of.

वाद्दरा f. (-रा) The cotton-shrub. "कापास वृक्षा ।"

वाद्दरायण m. (-यः) A name of VYA'SA, the compiler of the Va'das, and

reputed author of the Pura'nas, &c. E. वाद्दरा a place of pilgrimage

वायन going, aff. चञ् ; also written with an initial व, वाद्दरायण ।

वादल n. (-लं) Liquorice, or the root of the Abrus precatorius, which is

used for it. E. वा for वात wind, दल् to disperse, aff. चञ् ; form irr.

वादवादिन् m. (-दी) A Jaina. E. वाह result, truth, वादिन् who declares.

वादसाधन n. (-नं) Argument, maintaining a controversy. E. वाह and

साधन instrument.

वादानुवाद m. (-दः) Attack and rejoinder, plaint and reply. E. वाह, अनुवाद

subsequent dispute. [nasal added.]

वादान्य mfn. (-न्यः-न्या-न्यं) Munificent, liberal, &c. E. वाह, and चञ् pleo-

वादाल m. (-लः) A sheat-fish. E. वाह the same, चञ् pleonasm added.

वादि mfn. (-दिः-दिः-दिः) Wise, learned, skilful, sage. E. वाह to speak,

(wisely, &c.,) दन् Unadi aff.

वादिता f. (-ता) Played, sounded. 2. Made to speak.

वादिन n. (-नं) A musical instrument. E. वाह to sound, Unadi aff. विदन् ।

वादिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनो-दि) 1. Speaking, discoursing. 2. Asserting, de-

claring. m. (-दी) 1. A sage, an expounder of the law and the Shas-

tras. 2. A plaintiff, an accuser. 3. Leading or key note, (in music.)

4. A disputant. 5. A speaker. E. वाह to speak, विदि aff.

वादिराज m. (-राट) A Baud'dhasage ; also MANJUGHOSA. E. वादि a sage,

राज chief.

वादिश m. (-शः) A learned and virtuous man, a sage, a seer. E. वादि

truth or true conclusion, शच् aff. [sounded or played.]

वाद्य n. (-यः) Any musical instrument. E. वाह to sound, aff. चञ् ; to be

वाद्यकर m. (-रः) A musician.

वाद्यनिर्वाह m. (-वः) The sound of musical instruments. E. वाद्य a musical

instrument, and निर्वाह sound.

वाद्यमाण्य n. (-म्यः) 1. A multitude of musical instruments, a band. 2.

Any musical instrument. E. वाद्य a musical instrument, and माण्य

assemblage or vessel. [वाद्य ।]

वाध् (वध्) वाध् r. Ist cl. (वाधने) To distress, to give pain : more correctly

वाध m. (-वः) 1 Pain. 2. Annoyance : see वाध ।

वाधक्य n. (-क्यः) Marriage. E. वधका a wife, चञ् aff.

वाधू f. (-धूः) A vessel, a boat, a raft. E. वाह to bear, aff. ऊञ् ; form irr.

वाधूषण m. (-षः) A rhinoceros.

वान mfn. Subst. (-नः-ना-न) Dry fruit. Adj. Dry, dried. n. (-नः) 1. Living.

2. Going, moving. 3. A mat of straw. 4. A heavy sea, the rolling

of water from wind, &c. ; hence the high tide in the Indian rivers,

commonly called the Bore. 5. A hole in the wall of a house. 6.

A perfume, a fragrance. 7. Weaving. 8. Blowing. mfn. (-नः-नी-नं)

Relating to a wood, a house, &c. : see वन. n. (-नः) A number

or multitude of woods. E. वाह to dry or wither, aff. ऋ, form irr. :

in other of its applications, वन् to sound, aff. चञ्; or वन a wood, water, a house, &c., and चञ् referential aff.

ब्रह्मन् m. (-न्) 1. The Brāhmaṇa of the third order, who has passed through the conditions of student and householder, and has left his house and family for lonely meditation in woods and wilds; the hermit, the anchorite. 2. A tree, (Bassia latifolia.) 3. The Palāsha-tree, (Rutea frondosa.) E. वन a wood, चञ् aff. वान a solitude in the woods, &c., प्रञ् who goes forth to, from स्था to stay, with प्र prefix, and क aff.

बानर mf. (-रः-री) An ape, a monkey. f. (-री) Cowach, (Carpopogon pruriens.) E. वान what relates to a wood, रा to get, aff. क, a Sylvan; or वा implying resemblance, and नर a man; or वन a wood, रच् to play, aff. च, वनर, and चञ् pleonasm added. [प्रिय fond of.

बानरप्रिय m. (-यः) A tree, (Mimusops kauki, Rox) E. बानर a monkey, बानराघात m. (-तः) A tree, commonly Lod'h, (Symplocos racemosa.) E. बानर a monkey, आघात struck, injured. [हृद् chief.

बानरेन्द्र m. (-न्द्रः) 1. The monkey-chief SUKRI'VA. 2. HANUMA'NA. E. बानर, बानल m. (-लः) A kind of holy basil, distinguished as the black species of Tulasi', (Ocimum sanctum.) "काल बाहुः तुलसी ।"

बानस्पत्य m. (-त्यः) A tree bearing fruits from blossoms, as the mango, eugonia, &c. E. वनस्पति a tree, bearing fruits without blossoms, and स्थ aff. [2. An antelope.

बानासु m. (-सुः) 1. A country to the north-west of India; see वनासु । बानासुज m. (-जः) A Vāna'yu horse, considered as one of a particularly good breed. E. वनासु and ज born.

बानोर m. (-रः) A sort of cane or ratan, (Calamus rotang.) E. वन water, ईरन् aff., and the first vowel made long.

बानेय mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Relating or belonging to water, &c. m. (-यः) A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) E. वन water, दक् aff.

बाल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Vomited, ejected from the mouth. E. वम् to vomit, aff. क ।

बालाह m. (-हः) A dog. E. बाल what is ejected from the mouth, and चद who eats. [किन् aff.

बालि m. (-लिः) Vomiting, ejecting from the mouth. E. वम् to vomit, बालिजन् mfn. (-जन्) Emetic. m. (-जन्) A thorny plant, (Vangueria spinosa.) E. बालि vomiting, and जन् what makes; an emetic.

बालिद mfn. (-दः-दा-द) Emetic. f. (-दा) A medicinal plant, commonly Katuki', (Wrightea antidysenterica; and Colotropis gigantea, Brown.) E. बालि vomiting, and द what produces; an emetic.

बाल्या f. (-न्या) A multitude of groves or thickets. E. वन a wood, यञ् aff. of multitude; also with यत् aff. बाल्या ।

बाप m. (-पः) 1. Shaving. 2. Sowing seed. 3. Weaving. E. वप् to sow seed, &c., aff. चञ् । [stick.

बाप(य)दण्ड m. (-ण्डः) A weaver's loom. E. बाप(or वाय weaving, दण्ड a बापि f. (-पिः or पी) A large oblong pond, a pool, a lake. E. बाप् to sow seed, (of the lotus, &c.) Una'di aff वञ् and डीच् optionally added.

बापित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Sown as seed. 2. Shaven. E. बाप shaving, &c., इतच् aff.

बापोह m. (-हः) The Chātaka, a bird, (Cuculus melanoleucos.) E. बापी a pool, हा to abandon, aff. क; drinking rain water only.

बाय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be sown, what may or ought to be sown. m. (-यः) A sort of costus, (C. speciosus.) E. वप् to sow, aff. चञ् ।

बाम mfn. (-मः-मा-म) 1. Left, not right. 2. Reverse, contrary, inverted. 3. Beautiful, pleasing. 4. Vile, base, wicked. 5. Short. 6. Crooked. m. (-मः) 1. A name of S'IVA. 2. KA'MA or CUPID. 3. An udder, a breast. 4. A potherb, (Chenopodium album.) 5. An animal, a sentient being. 6. A snake. n. (-मः) Wealth, possessions. f. (-मा) 1. A woman. 2. Gouri'. 3. LAKSHMI'. 4. SARASWATI'. f. (-नी) 1. A mare. 2. A she ass. 3. A young female elephant. 4. The female of the jackal. E. वा to go, Unādi aff. वन् ।

बामता f. (-ता) 1. Perverseness, contrariety. 2. Craftiness, wickedness. 3. Loveliness. E. तल् added to वाम; also with त्व, बामत् ।

बामदेव m. (-वः) A name of S'IVA. E. वाम contrary, (to human institutions,) देव who sports.

बामन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Short, dwarfish, a dwarf. 2. Depressed, pressed flat or down. 3. Low, vile, base. m. (-नः) 1. VISUN'U in his character of the dwarf, in which he appeared on his fifth descent from heaven, to prevent BALI' from obtaining dominion of the three worlds. 2. The elephant that supports the south quarter. 3. A tree, (Alangium hexapetalum) f. (-नी) 1. A female dwarf. 2. A sort of woman; also बामनिका । 3. A disease of the vagina. 4. A mare. E. वम् to eject from the mouth, and च, or च्छट् aff. [aug

बामनीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Shortened, flattened. E. बामन, कृत made, नि बामल m. (-रः) An ant or mole hill, especially the hillocks of ground thrown up by the white ant. E. बाम inverted, reversed, लू to cut, aff. रक् । [beautiful, लोचन eye

बामलोचन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Fine-eyed. f. (-ना) A handsome woman. E. बाम बामलील m. (-लः) An epithet of KA'MA.

बामाक्षी f. (-क्षी) A handsome woman. E. बाम beautiful, and अक्षि an eye. बामाचार m. (-रः) The doctrine of the Tantras according to one system.

E. बाम left, and आचार institute; the left hand ritual, the use of flesh, spirits, &c, forming part of the Vam'achāra ceremonies.

बामाचारिन् m. (-रिः) A follower of the left hand portion of the Tantras. E. बामाचार, and इनि aff.

बामापीडन m. (-नः) A tree, (Salvadora Persica, &c. :) see पील् ।

बामावर्त m. (-र्तः) A conch-shell with the spiral turn running from right to left. E. बाम, and आवर्त a turn.

बामिल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) 1. Proud, haughty, intolerant. 2. Handsome, beautiful. 3. Deceitful. E. वम् to eject from the mouth, (the faults of others,) aff. इलच् ।

वाय m. (-यः) Weaving. E. वे to weave, वञ् aff.

वायक m. (-कः) 1. A number, a multitude, a heap. 2. A weaver. E. वच् to go, खल् aff. [stick.

वाय(प)दण्ड m. (-ण्डः) A weaver's loom. E. वाय or वाप weaving, दण्ड a वायन n. (-नः) 1. Sweetmeats or cakes, forming a light refreshment, which is not supposed to be any breach of a religious fast. 2. Sweetmeats or cakes, part of an offering to a deity, or prepared on particular occasions, as marriages, &c., and sent as presents to friends and acquaintances. E. वा to go, खट् aff.; also with वन् added वायनक n. (-कः) ।

वायव mfn. (-वः-वी-व) Windy, relating or belonging to wind f. (-वी) The north-west quarter or region of the wind. E. वायु air, wind, and वञ् aff. fem. aff. डीप् ।

वायव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) Relating to the wind, sacred to the deity of the wind, &c. E. वायु wind, and यत् aff.

वायस m. (-सः) 1. A crow. 2. Agallochum, (Amyris Agallocha.) 3. Turpentine. f. (-सी) 1. A species of fig, (Ficus oppositifolia, Rox) 4. A vegetable, (Solanum Indicum.) E. वच् to go, Unādi aff. वसच्, and the radical vowel made long.

वायसाराति m. (-तिः) An owl. E. वायस a crow, and आराति an enemy; also similar compounds, as वायसारि ।

वायसेचु m. (-चुः) A sort of long grass, "कायहसे" (Saccharum spontaneum.) E. वायस a crow, and रच् the sugar-cane. [लक् aff.

वायसीली f. (-ली) A medicinal root, commonly Ka'ko'li. E. वायस a crow, वायु m. (-युः) 1. Air, wind, or its personified deification. 2. The air of the body, of which five are enumerated, viz. PRAN'A, SAMAN'A, APAN'A, UDA'N'A, and BRYAN'A. 3. Morbid affection of the windy humour. E. वा to go, चञ् Unādi aff., and युक् augment.

वायुकेतु m. (-तुः) Dust. E. वायु wind, and केतु a symbol, a sign. वायुकीच m. (-चः) The north-west. E. वायु, and कीच corner.



वायुवत् m. (-वत्) Flatulence, indigestion. *व.* वायु wind, गति to be a part of, *अ.* *वत्* ।  
 वायुवति mfn. (-ति-ति-ति) Quick, swift, as the wind. *व.* वायु, गति going.  
 वायुवत् m. (-वत्) 1. A whirlpool, an eddy. 2. A whirlwind, a hurricane.  
*व.* वायु, गुच्छ a cluster : see वातगुच्छ । [वत् seized.]  
 वायुवत् mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Affected by wind, flatulent, epileptic. *व.* वायु.  
 वायुघ्न mfn. (-घ्न-घ्नी-घ्नी) Destroying or curing windy disorders.  
 वायुजात m. (-तः) HANUMA'NA. *व.* वायु, and जात born.  
 वायुदाह m. (-हः) A cloud. *व.* वायु wind, ह to scatter, *अ.* *ह* ।  
 वायुमिद Adj. Mad, frantic. [stop.]  
 वायुनिद्रि f. (-निः) 1. Calm, lull. 2. Cure of windy disorders. *व.* वायु, निद्रि  
 वायुपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) A name of BHIMA. 2. A name of HANUMA'NA, *व.* वायु the  
 god of wind, and पुत्र a son; also similar compounds, as वायुतनय, &c.  
 वायुपुत्र n. (-पुत्रः) 1. The rainbow. 2. Hail. *व.* वायु wind, and पुत्र fruit.  
 वायुभक्ष mfn. (-भक्ष-भक्ष-भक्ष) Eating air, fasting. m. (-भक्षः) 1. A snake. 2.  
 An ascetic who lives on air. *व.* वायु wind, and भक्ष who eats.  
 वायुनक्षत्र n. (-क्षत्रः) Fasting, living on air. *व.* वायु and नक्षत्र eating.  
 वायुभूत mfn. (-भूतः-भूतः-भूतः) Becoming as the wind, going every where at  
 will. *व.* वायु and भूत become.  
 वायुरोचि f. (-चिः) Night. *व.* वायु wind, चि to rage, *अ.* *चि* । [road.]  
 वायुमण्डल m. (-मण्डलः) The atmosphere, sky, heaven. *व.* वायु, मण्डल path or  
 वायुवाह m. (-वाहः) Smoke, vapour. *व.* वायु the wind, and वाह vehicle.  
 वायुवाहिनी f. (-नी) A vessel of the body, supposed, as the arteries were  
 once imagined, to convey the aerial humour. *व.* वायु, वाहिनी bearing.  
 वायुवेगसम mfn. (-समः-समः-समः) Swift as the wind. *व.* वायु, वेग speed, सम equal.  
 वायुव m. (-वः) A sort of fish. "वायुवो मत्स्यः ।"  
 वायुसख m. (-सखः) Fire. *व.* वायु wind, सखि friend, *अ.* *सखि* ; also without  
 the *अ.* वायुसखि । [सख same.]  
 वायुसम mfn. (-समः-समः-समः) 1. Like wind, unsubstantial. 2. Swift. *व.* वायु.  
 वायुसन्तान m. (-सन्तानः) HANUMA'NA. *व.* वायु, सन्तान born.  
 वायुस्थान n. (-स्थानः) Ether, atmosphere. *व.* वायु wind, स्थान place, site.  
 वार n. (-वाः) Water. *व.* व to surround, *अ.* *व* ।  
 वार m. (-रः) 1. A multitude, a quantity, a flock or herd, a heap. 2.  
 Occasion, opportunity. 3. A day of the week. 4. A moment. 5. A  
 name of SIVA. 6. A door-way, a gate. 7. Achyranthes aspera. 8.  
 A cover. 9. A turn. 10. The opposite bank of a river. n. (-रः) 1. A  
 vessel for holding spirituous liquor. 2. Bile. 2. Water. Adv. A  
 time, as वारं वारं many a time, repeatedly, often : see वारम्बारं.  
*व.* व to cover, to choose, &c., *अ.* *व* ।  
 वारक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Opposing, obstructing, an obstacle or agent of  
 resistance. m. (-कः) 1. A horse's paces. 2. A horse. n. (-कः) 1. The  
 seat of pain. 2. A sort of fragrant grass : see वाक्. *व.* व to choose,  
 &c., *अ.* *व* ।  
 वारिक m. (-की) 1. The ocean. 2. A horse with good marks. 3. An en-  
 my. 4. An ascetic, one living upon leaves, &c. *व.* वारक an obstacle,  
 &c., *अ.* *व* ।  
 वारकोर m. (-रः) 1. A wife's brother. 2. Submarine fire. 3. A louse. 4. A  
 small comb. 5. A horse of high spirit, a war-horse, a charger. 6. A  
 bearer of burthens, a porter. *व.* वार an obstacle, वृ to scatter,  
*अ.* *व* ।  
 वारक m. (-कः) A bird in general. *व.* वार water, कति to go, *अ.* *क* ।  
 वारक m. (-कः) The handle of a sword or knife, &c. *व.* व to select, *अ.* *व* ।  
 वारक, and the radical vowel changed to the Vrid'dhi form.  
 वारट n. (-टः) 1. A field. 2. A number of fields. f. (-टः) A goose ; also  
 वारट. *व.* वार water, वट् to go, *अ.* *व* ; or वारट ।  
 वारक n. (-कः) 1. Resistance, opposition, prohibition, obstacle or impe-  
 diment. 2. Defence, protecting, guarding. 3. Warding off a blow,  
 guarding, warding. m. (-कः) 1. Armour, a cuirass or mail for the  
 body. 2. An elephant. *व.* वृ to cover or screen, to defend, *अ.* *वृ* ।  
 वारकवृषा f. (-वा) The plantain or banana, (Musa sapientum.) *व.* वारक

an elephant, वृष् or वृष्, to cast off, *अ.* *वृ* ; hence it is written also  
 वारकवृषा ; also वारकवृषा ।  
 वारकवृषा f. (-वा) The plantain tree. *व.* वारक an elephant, वृषा beloved.  
 वारक n. (-कः) Leather fit for or made into thongs. *व.* वरका, वृष् *अ.* *वृ* ।  
 वारकारी f. (-री) A harlot. *व.* वार and वारी a woman. [wife.]  
 वारकपू f. (-पूः) The chief of a set of harlots. *व.* वार a number, and वृष्  
 वारकवृषा f. (-वा) A Bana'na ; also वारकवृषा ।  
 वारकवृषा f. (-वृषा) The head of a set of harlots. *व.* वार a troop, वृषा  
 a chief. [peated.]  
 वारम्बारम् Ind. Repeatedly, again and again. *व.* वार a day, a time, re-  
 वारका f. (-का) 1. A wasp. 2. A goose. *व.* वार a flock, a flight, का to get,  
 and क and टाप् *अ.* *व* ; also वारका &c.  
 वारवाच mn. (-वाचः) Armour for the body or breast, an iron cuirass, or  
 a thick quilted jacket worn for the same purpose. *व.* वार opposing,  
 वाच an arrow ; also वारवाच.  
 वारवाचि m. (-चिः) 1. A player on the flute. 2. A singer, a musician. 3.  
 A judge. 4. A year. f. (-चिः or चि) 1. The chief of a set of harlots.  
 2. A whore. *व.* वार a multitude, वाचो speech [wanton.]  
 वारविलासिनी f. (-नी) A harlot, a whore. *व.* वार a multitude, विलासिनी a  
 वारवृषा f. (-वृषा) 1. Grain. 2. Plantain. *व.* वार जलसङ्घ' वरं वृष्-क ।  
 वारवेला f. (-ला) A portion of the day in which any act religious or  
 secular is suspended. *व.* वार and वेला time. [beauty.]  
 वारवृद्धी f. (-री) A whore, a prostitute. *व.* वार the multitude, वृद्धी a  
 वारवेला f. (-ला) 1. A set of courtesans. 2. Prostitution, harlotry. *व.* वार  
 the multitude, and वेला service. [woman.]  
 वारवृद्धी f. (-वृद्धी) A whore. *व.* वार the many, वृद्धी a woman, a common  
 वारविलासिनी m. (-चिः) The ocean. *व.* वार of water, and विलासिनी receptacle.  
 वारकवृषा f. (-वा) A harlot. *व.* वार and वृषा a woman.  
 वारकवृषी f. (-वृषी) The holy city Benares. *व.* वर best, वरक water, *अ.* *व* ,  
 वृष् and वृष् i. e. the Ganges on which it stands ; also वारकवृषी ।  
 वारकवृषी mfn. (-वृषी-वृषी-वृषी) Produced at or born in Benares, *व.* वारकवृषी  
 the city, वृष् *अ.* *व* । [वासन place of abiding.]  
 वारकवृषी n. (-वृषी) A large water-jar, a cistern, a reservoir. *व.* वार water,  
 वारक mfn. (-वृषी-वृषी-वृषी) Relating to a boar, belonging to, derived from,  
 &c. f. (-वृषी) 1. An esculent root, a Yam, (Dioscorea.) 2. One of  
 the divine mothers. 3. A measure. 4. The earth. 5. A sow. *व.*  
 वारक a hog or VISHN'U in that form, &c., *वृष्* *अ.* *व* and वृष्, fem. form.  
 वारि n. (-रि) 1. Water. 2. A vegetable perfume, commonly B'ala'. f.  
 (-रिः) 1. A name of SARASWATI, the goddess of speech. 2. The place  
 where an elephant is tied or fastened. 3. A captive, a prisoner. f.  
 (-रिः or री) 1. A water-pot, whether large or small, pitcher, a jar. 2.  
 The rope that fastens an elephant. 3. A hole or trap for catching  
 elephant. *व.* वृष् to surround, Unádi *अ.* *वृष्* ।  
 वारिकवृषी m. (-वृषी) 1. An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) 2. Another  
 plant, (Trapa bispinosa.) *व.* वारि water, and वृषी a thorn.  
 वारिकवृषी f. (-वा) A plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) *व.* वारि water, and वृषी  
 here meaning leaf or leaf-let.  
 वारिकपूर m. (-रः) The Ilis'a-fish, (Clupeonodon Ilis'a, HAM.) *व.* वारि  
 water, and वृष् camphor, to which it is compared in colour.  
 वारिकुल m. (-कः) An aquatic plant, (Trapa bispinosa.) *व.* वारि water,  
 वृष् Achyranthes ; also with कृष् added, वारिकुलक ।  
 वारिकुलि m. (-लिः) A leech. *व.* वारि water, and कृलि a worm.  
 वारिकुल m. (-रः) 1. An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) 2. A piece  
 of water. *व.* वारि water, वृष् expanse.  
 वारिकुल mfn. (-रः-रः or री-रः) Aquatic, living or moving in water. m.  
 (-रः) A fish. *व.* वारि water, वृष् what goes. [Chowri or brush.]  
 वारिकुल n. (-रः) A sort of weed, (Vallisneria.) *व.* वारि water, and वृष्  
 वारिक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Aquatic, born or produced in or by water. m.  
 (-कः) 1. A conch-shell. 2. Any bivalve-shell. n. (-कः) 1. A lotus.  
 2. A kind of salt. 3. Cloves. *व.* वारि water, and वृष् born.

वारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Hindered, prevented, impeded. f. (-ता) 1. Warded off. 2. Obstructed. 3. Protected. E. वृ to cover, क् aff.  
 वारितम्कर m. (-रः) A cloud. E. वारि water, तम्कर a thief.  
 वारिता f. (-ता) A sort of umbrella, or portable shed of leaves, carried on the head as one. E. वारि water, ता to preserve, affs. क and टाप् ।  
 वारिद mfn. (-दः-दा-द) What yields water. m. (-दः) A cloud. n. (-दः) A sort of vegetable perfume : see वास. E. वारि water, द what yields.  
 वारिद्र m. (-द्रः) The Cha'taka, (Cuculus melanoleucos.) E. वारि water, द्र to take, aff. क ।  
 वारिधारा f. (-रा) A shower of rain.  
 वारिधि m. (-धिः) The sea. E. वारि water, धा to contain, aff. कि ।  
 वारिनाथ m. (-थः) 1. The deity VARUN'A. 2. The ocean. 3. A cloud. 4. The habitation of the Na'gas, or serpent race. E. वारि, नाथ lord.  
 वारिनिधि m. (-धिः) The sea, the ocean. E. वारि water, निधि a receptacle.  
 वारिपथि mfn. (-कः-की-क) Proceeding or conveyed by water. E. वारि water, पथिन् a road, ठक् aff. [पथि a leaf.  
 वारिपथी f. (-थी) An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) E. वारि water, वारिपथि m. (-थः) 1. A cascade, a water-fall. 2. A current or flow of water. E. वारि water, and प्रवाह a fall. [the same.  
 वारिप्रदीप f. (-पी) An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) E. वारि water, प्रदीप  
 वारिप्रदरा f. (-रा) A plant, (Flacourtia cataphracta.) E. वारि, प्रदर jujube.  
 वारिप्रवास n. (-कः) A perfume : see वास. E. वारि water, वास a perfume.  
 वारिप्रसि m. (-सिः) A cloud. E. वारि water, प्रसि ink.  
 वारिप्रसू m. (-सू) A cloud. E. वारि water, प्रसू what emits. [a root.  
 वारिप्रसू f. (-सू) An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) E. वारि water, प्रसू  
 वारिप्रसू n. (-सू) A wheel for raising water. [वारि, रा to give, क aff.  
 वारिप्रसू mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Giving or shedding water. m. (-रः) A cloud. E.  
 वारिप्रसू m. (-रः) A raft, a float. E. वारि water, रस्य a car. [sound.  
 वारिप्रसू mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Sounding like clouds or thunder. E. वारि, प्रसू  
 वारिप्रसू m. (-सिः) The ocean. E. वारि water, रासि a heap.  
 वारिप्रसू n. (-सू) The lotus.  
 वारिप्रसू m. (-मा) A name of VARUN'A. E. वारि water, लोमन् hair.  
 वारिप्रसू m. (-नः) A fruit, (Flacourtia cataphracta.) E. वारि water, वदन countenance. [वास abode.  
 वारिप्रसू m. (-सू) A distiller or dealer in spirituous liquors. E. वारि, वारिप्रसू m. (-सू) A cloud. E. वारि water, वास what bears ; also वारिप्रसू ।  
 वारिप्रसू m. (-नः) A cloud. E. वारि water, and वाहन a vehicle.  
 वारिप्रसू m. (-ग्रः) A name of VISHN'U. E. वारि water, ग्री to sleep, aff. ड ।  
 वारिप्रसू n. (-वं) 1. Cloves. 2. A kind of antimony.  
 वारिप्रसू m. (-टः) An elephant. E. वारि the trap for an elephant, चट् to go, aff. चच्, form. irr.  
 वारिप्रसू m. (-ग्रः) The ocean. E. वारि water, and ईश lord. [उच् ।  
 वारिप्रसू m. (-रः) A war-elephant carrying a standard. E. वृ to cover, aff.  
 वारिप्रसू m. (-डः) A bier, the bed on which the corpse is carried. E. वृ to cover, aff. उठञ् ।  
 वारिप्रसू n. (-चः) Water. m. (-चः) Name of one of the nine divisions of BHA'RATA-VARSHA. f. (-ची) 1. Belonging or sacred to VARUN'A. 2. Given by VARUN'A. [cent.  
 वारिप्रसू m. (-चिः) The saint AGASTYA. E. वरुण VARUN'A, चच् aff. of des-  
 वारिप्रसू f. (-ची) 1. Any spirituous liquor, or more properly, a particular kind prepared from hogweed, ground with the juice of the date or palm, and then distilled. 2. The west, the region of VARUN'A. 3. The 25th lunar asterism, of which VARUN'A is the ruling deity. 4. A species of Durba'-grass. E. वरुण the deity, चच् and उच् affs.  
 वारिप्रसू m. (-मः) VARUN'A. E. वारिप्रसू the asterism, वरुण beloved.  
 वारिप्रसू m. (-चः) The chief of the serpent race. mn. (-चः-चः) 1. The rheum of the eyes. 2. The wax of the ear. 3. A vessel for baling water out of a boat. E. वृ to screen, aff. उठञ् ।  
 वारिप्रसू Ind. Frequently, repeatedly. E. वार a time, in the third case.  
 वारिप्रसू f. (-ची) Part of Bengal and Behar, or a tract of inundation

north of the Ganges, and part of the present Zila' of Rājshāhi. E. वरुण a king, चच् aff.  
 वार्ध mfn. (-चः-ची-चे) Made of or derived from a tree. n. (-चः) A forest. f. (-ची) The name of a female mentioned in the Maha'bharat, a sort of Dryad. E. वृच् a tree, चच् aff. [E. वृच्, वच् aff.  
 वार्ध mfn. (-चः-ची-चे) Made of or with trees. n. (-चः) A stockade.  
 वार्ध mfn. (-चः-ची-चे) Any aquatic animal. E. वारि चरति चर-ड ।  
 वार्धिक m. (-चः) A scribe, a writer. E. वर्य a letter, ठक् aff.  
 वार्ध mfn. (-चः-ची-चे) 1. Well, healthy. 2. Following any business or profession. m. (-चः) Health. n. (-चः) 1. Chaff. 2. Skill. 3. Health, welfare. f. (-ची) 1. Tidings, news, intelligence. 2. Rumour, report. 3. Livelihood, business, profession. 4. Agriculture or trade, the proper occupation of the Vaisyas. 5. Abiding, staying, being. 6. Unsubstantial, light. 7. Healthy. 8. The egg-plant. E. वृच् being, &c., aff. चच् or च ।  
 वार्धिक m. (-चः) The egg-plant : see वार्धिक, the च being changed to च ।  
 वार्धिकचक्र m. (-चः) The peculiar occupation of the third or Vaisya-class, agriculture, trade, &c. E. वार्ध, and चक्र act.  
 वार्धिक f. (-चिः or ची) The egg-plant, (Solanum melongena.) E. वृच् to be, वाकिन् aff. ; उच् or वृच् fem. aff., form irr. ; also वार्धिक ।  
 वार्धिक m. (-चः) The egg-plant ; also वार्धिक, &c.  
 वार्धिक m. (-चः) The egg-plant, (Solanum melongena.) E. वृच् to be, वाक् Unādi aff., and the vowel made long by special rule.  
 वार्धिक m. (-नः) A spy, an emissary, an agent, an ambassador, an intelligencer, a news-monger. E. वार्ध news, चयन going.  
 वार्धिक m. (-चः) Commercial enterprise. [bear, aff. चच् ।  
 वार्धिक m. (-चः) 1. A Chandler. 2. A messenger. E. वार्ध news, वृच् to वार्धिक m. (-चिः) A householder. E. वार्ध news, and वृच् business.  
 वार्धिक mfn. (-चः-की-क) 1. Relating to news, bringing or conveying intelligence, &c. 2. Commentary, explanatory, belonging to a comment or gloss, (as a rule, &c.) m. (-चः) 1. An intelligencer, an informer, an agent or envoy. 2. A man of third or mercantile tribe. n. (-चः) A gloss, a commentary, especially a supplementary explanation added to a grammatical or philosophical aphorism, and its immediate elucidation, supplying or illustrating both text and comment ; it is defined to be, the exposition of the meaning, of that which is said, of that which is left unsaid, and of that which is ill or imperfectly said. f. (-चा) A kind of quail. E. वृच् news, &c., or a comment, aff. ठक् ।  
 वार्धिक m. (-चः) An epithet of ARJUN'A. E. वरुण INDRA, and चच् aff.  
 वार्धिक n. (-रः) 1. Silk. 2. Water. 3. The seed of the Abrus precatorius. 4. A conch-shell. 5. A sort of curl on the right side of a horse's neck, considered as an auspicious mark. 6. Speech. E. वारि water, वृच् to divide, aff. चच् ।  
 वार्धिक n. (-चः) A rainy day, bad weather, &c. m. (-चः) An inkstand. E. वारि water, and द what gives, वार्ध a cloud, ता to take, aff. क ।  
 वार्धिक n. (-चः) 1. A number of old men. 2. Old age. 3. The infirmity, &c. of old age. E. वृच् old, वृच् aff.  
 वार्धिक n. (-चः) Old age. E. वृच् old, वृच् aff.  
 वार्धिक m. (-चिः) The ocean. E. वारि water, धा to have, aff. कि ।  
 वार्धिक m. (-चिः) An usurer. E. वृच् interest or increase, वृच् substituted, aff. ठक्, and the क rejected ; also वार्धिक ; form irr.  
 वार्धिक m. (-चः) An usurer : see the last.  
 वार्धिक m. (-ची) An usurer. E. वृच् substituted for वृच्, and वृच् aff.  
 वार्धिक n. (-चः) Usurious loan, usury, interest. E. वृच् increase, aff. चच्, [चच् added.  
 वार्धिक m. (-चः-ची-चे) A leather thong. E. वृच् to increase, to lengthen, aff. च ।  
 वार्धिक m. (-चः) An old white goat with long ears. E. वार्ध a leather thong, and वृच् for वासिक्ता a nose.  
 वार्धिक m. (-टः) An alligator. E. वारि water, वृच् to maintain, aff. चच् ।

वेच n. (-च) A number of coats of mail. E. वचैश्च armour, aff. चच् ।  
 वाचिच n. (-च) A number of men in armour. E. वचिचैश्च a man in armour, and चच् aff.  
 वाक्च m. (-च) A cloud. E. वाक् water, चुच् to let loose, aff. क्षिप् ।  
 वाच n. (-च) A boon, a blessing.  
 वाच mfn. (-च-वाच-च) 1. To be selected or appointed. 2. To be impeded, checked, stopped, &c. E. वच् to choose, aff. चच् ।  
 वाचसाच mfn. (-च-वाच) Being prevented, impeded, prohibited, &c. E. वच् to select, passive v., वाचसाच aff.  
 वाच्यव n. (-व) A lotus. E. वाचि water, उवव born.  
 वाचिकम् m. (-काः) A leech. E. वाचि, and वाचिकम् abode.  
 वाचि m. (-चि) The ocean. E. वाच and वाचि quantity. [चच् ।  
 वाचैट m. (-टः) A boat, a vessel. E. वाक् water, वट् to surround, aff. [चच् ।  
 वाचैवा f. (-वा) A kind of blue fly. [चच् ।  
 वाच mfn. (-च-वाच-च) Belonging to a year, to the rains, &c. E. वच, चच् ।  
 वाचिक mfn. (-का-वाच-का) 1. Yearly, annual, or belonging to a year. 2. Growing, &c. in the rainy season, or fit for or suited to it, &c. 3. Lasting for one year. n. (-का) A drug, commonly Tra'yama'na'. E. वच rains, or a year, and उक् or उक् aff. [चच् added.  
 वाचिला f. (-ला) Hail. E. वाच belonging to rain, from वच with चच् aff., वाचिक mfn. (-का-वाच-का) Sprinkling, wetting, that which sprinkles, &c. E. वच to sprinkle, उक्, aff. [with चच् aff.  
 वाचत n. (-त) The fruit of the solanum jacquini. E. वचति the plant, वाचतम् m. (-तः) A name of JARA'SAND'HA. E. वचतम् the father of this prince, and चच् patronymic ; also with वच् aff. वाचतयि ।  
 वाचस्यत mfn. (-त-वाच-त) Sacred to VRIHASPATI'. E. वचस्यति and चच् aff.  
 वाचस्य n. (-स्य) Ethics, morality. E. वचस्यति the supposed original author of this science, and चच् aff. [चच् ।  
 वाचक m. (-क) 1. A bracelet. 2. A finger-ring. E. वच् to surround, aff. वाचक mfn. (-क-वाच-क) Made of the bark of trees. E. वक् bark, aff. चच् ।  
 वाचक mfn. (-क-वाच-क) Made of bark. f. (-की) Spirituous liquor. n. (-क) A dress made of the bark of trees worn by ascetics. E. वक् bark, and चच् aff.  
 वाचिकि m. (-कि) The author of the Ra'māyan'a ; also वाचिकि ।  
 वाचिक m. (-कः) VA'LMĪKA or VA'LMĪKI, the first poet and the famous author of the Ra'māyan'a. Though a Bra'hmana by birth he led a depraved life and was a notorious cut throat, but was reclaimed by Na'rada. One day while he was engaged in his devotions, he saw a fowler in the act of shooting at a pair of curlews and a course fell from his mouth in the shape of a regular stanza. The sage discovered that it was a new mode of composition and by the advice of BRAHMA' he composed the Ra'māyan'a in that style. SITA' when repudiated by her husband, took refuge with this sage who brought up her twin sons. E. वाचिक an ant-hill, aff. चच्, or with वच् aff. वाचिकि ; so immersed in abstraction as to be overrun with ant's nests.  
 वाच्य n. (-च) The being beloved.  
 वाचक mfn. (-क-वाच-क) Talking much, gabbling, prattling. E. वच् to speak, Una'di aff. वाचक, the root reiterated.  
 वाचकता f. (-ता) Garrulity, loquaciousness. E. तल् added to the last ; also with तल्, वाचकत्वं ।  
 वाच m. (-व) A sort of Basil, (Ocimum sanctum.) [bear, कि aff.  
 वाचि mfn. (-चि-वाच-चि) Who or what bears or carries much. E. वच् to carry, &c. [चच् ।  
 वाचट m. (-टः) A boat.  
 वाचट (व) वाचट r. 4th cl. (वाचटवते) 1. To choose or select. 2. To serve.  
 वाच mfn. (-च-वाच-च) Chosen, appointed. E. वच् to be, aff. क, and the root reiterated. [चच् ।  
 वाचकवाच mfn. (-क-वाच-क) Choosing, preferring. E. वाचक to choose, वाचक, वाच (व) वाच r. 4th cl. (वाचवते) 1. To sound. 2. To cry as a bird. 3. To call. 4. To howl, to growl, to roar.

वाचत् mfn. (-वच्-वच-वच्) 1. Crying or singing like a bird. 2. Growling, roaring. E. वाच् to cry, aff. वच् ।  
 वाचन n. (-न) The cry or song of birds, bees, and the like. E. वाच् to sound as a bird, वच्, ट्, aff.  
 वाचा f. (-चा) A plant, (Justicia ganderussa :) see वाच and वाचक ; also with चच् added वाचिका । "वाचक-वाचा ।"  
 वाचि m. (-चि) Fire. E. वाच् to sound, Una'di aff. वच् ।  
 वाचित mfn. (-त-वाच-त) 1. Perfumed, scented. 2. Sung, called, cried. n. (-त) The cry of birds or animals. f. (-ता) 1. A woman. 2. A female-elephant. E. वाच् to call, or वाच् to perfume, aff. क, and व or स changed to च ।  
 वाचिष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठ-वाच-ष्ठ) Relating to the sage VAS'ISTH'HA. f. (-ठी) The Goomti river, which rising in the Kumaun hills, pursues a winding and south-easterly course, and passing Lucknow and Jonpur falls into the Ganges, below Benares. E. वाचिष्ठ the saint, चच् aff., derived from him ; also read वाचिष्ठ ।  
 वाचरा f. (-रा) Night. E. वाच् to sound, Una'di aff. वच् ।  
 वाच m. (-व) A day. n. (-व) 1. An edifice, a dwelling, a building. 2. A place where four roads meet. E. वाच् to sound, Una'di aff. वच् ; also read वाच ।  
 वाचक mfn. (-क-वाच-क) Large, great. m. (-कः) A warrior.  
 वाच(स) m. (-च-वाच-स) 1. Vapour, hot mist, steam, &c. 2. A tear. 3. Iron. f. (-ची) A drug. E. वा to go, or वै to dry, aff. च, form irr., also वाच, as derived from वाच् to oppose, and स changed to च ।  
 वाचका f. (-का) A drug, commonly Hingupatri. E. कच् added to वाच vapour ; also वाचिका । [वाचक what sounds.  
 वाचाकल mfn. (-ल-वाच-ल) Uttered or articulated with tears. E. वाच, and वाचाकल mfn. (-ल-वाच-ल) Interrupted by tears. E. वाच, वाचक perplexed.  
 वाचिका f. (-का) A drug, commonly Hingupatri. E. वाच a tear, कच् aff.  
 वाचिष्ठ m. (-ष्ठ) Starting of tears. E. वाच and उवव production.  
 वाच r. 10th cl. (वाचयति-ने) 1. To introduce another quality, but especially fragrant odors, to perfume, to incense, to fumigate, &c. 2. To steal, to infuse. 3. To season, to spice. (च) वाच r. 4th cl. (वाचयते) To sound, especially as a bird.  
 वाच m. (-व) 1. A house, a habitation. 2. Site, situation, abode or place of staying or abiding. 3. Cloth, clothes. 4. Perfuming. mfn. (-व-वाच) A plant, (Justicia ganderussa.) E. वच् to dwell, &c., aff. चच् ; or वाच् to fumigate, aff. चच् ।  
 वाचकुटी f. (-टी) A tent. E. वाचस् cloth, and कुटी a hut.  
 वाचक mfn. (-क-वाच-क) 1. A shrub, (Justicia ganderussa.) 2. Perfuming. E. वाच् to perfume, aff. चच् ।  
 वाचकसजा f. (-जा) A woman dressed with all her ornaments, and having her apartments, &c. decorated to receive her lover. E. वाच clothes, कच् pleonasm, and सजा accoutrements ; also with कच् added, वाचकसजिका ।  
 वाचकणी f. (-णी) A hall, where public exhibition, as Na'utches, &c. are held. E. वाच a house, कण the ear, aff. डीप् ।  
 वाचगृह n. (-ह) The inner part of a house, an inner or sleeping room, a bed-chamber. E. वाच abiding, and गृह a house.  
 वाचत m. (-त) An ass. E. वाच, चतच् aff.  
 वाचताम्बूल n. (-ल) Betel with other fragrant substances.  
 वाचनेय mfn. (-य-वाच-नेय) Habitable, fit or proper to be dwelt in. f. (-यी) Night. E. वचति abode, or night, उक् aff.  
 वाचन mfn. (-न-वाच-न) Fit for clothes or dwelling, &c. n. (-न) 1. Perfuming, fumigating or perfuming with fragrant vapour, or with incense, &c. 2. Cloth, clothes. 3. Abiding, abode. 4. A particular posture in which abstract meditation is performed ; it is also a posture conceived to be peculiarly proper in princes and chiefs, and is then described as sitting with the knees bent and the feet turned backwards. 5. Knowledge. 6. A water-jar. 7. A box, a

basket, a vessel, &c. 8. An envelope 9. Any receptacle. 10. Steeping, infusing. f. (-न) 1. The knowledge of anything derived from memory, the present consciousness of past perceptions. 2. Fanciful, imagination. 3. Trust, confidence. 4. Ignorance. 5. Wish, desire. **ब** वस् to dwell, &c, aff. वृष् ; or वसन clothes, and वष् aff.

**बासनख** mfn. (-खः-खा-ख) Packed, folded, enveloped. **ब** बासन a box, &c., and ख what stays or is.

**बासन्त** mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्त) 1. Placed, situated. 2. Vernal, relating to the season of spring, suitable to it, produced in it, &c. 3. Young, in the spring of life. 4. Diligent in the performance of religious ceremonies. m. (-न्तः) 1. A camel. 2. The Indian cuckoo. 3. Any young animal, or a young elephant. 4. A catamite. 5. The southern wind, zephyr. 6. A sort of kidney-bean, (Phaseolus mungo.) 7. The black kind of Moong or bean. 8. A plant, (Vangueria spinosa.) f. (-न्ती) 1. A large creeper, (Gaertnera racemosa.) 2. A species of jasmine, (Jasminum auriculatum.) 3. Long pepper. 4. Trumpet-flower. 5. A festival in honour of Ka'made'va, held in the month of Chaitra. 6. A species of the Sarkari metre. **ब** वस् to dwell, aff. वष्, and the vowel made long ; or वसन spring, and वष् aff.

**बासन्तक** mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) 1. Sown or growing in spring. 2. Suitable to the spring season. 3. Relating or belonging to it, vernal. **ब** वसन spring, and वष् aff.

**बासन्तिक** m. (-कः) 1. An actor, a dancer. 2. The buffoon in a drama. f. (-कौ) Vernal. **ब** वसन spring, aff. उक् ; the spring being the festival season.

**बासयोग** m. (-गः) Fragrant powder sprinkled on the clothes, especially the red powder scattered about at the Holi' festival. **ब** बास perfume, and योग joining.

**बासर** mn. (-रः-रं) A day. m. (-रः) One of the Na'gas or serpents. **ब** वस् to abide, in the causal form, Una'di aff. वरन् ।

**बासरसङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) 1. INDRA. 2. The morning. **ब** बासर, सङ्ग connection.

**बासव** m. (-वः) INDRA. f. (-नी) The mother of VYA'SA. **ब** वसु a VASU, वष् aff.

**बासवि** m. (-विः) An epithet of ARJUN'A.

**बासस्** n. (-स्) Cloth, clothes. **ब** वस् to cover or clothe, aff. वसन् ।

**बाससज्जा** f. (-ज्जा) A woman drest in all her ornaments to receive her lover. **ब** बास clothes, सज्जा armed, accoutred. [a house.

**बासागार** n. (-रः) The inner or sleeping apartment. **ब** बास abiding, आगार

**बासि** mf. (-सिः-सी) A small hatchet or chopper, an adze. m. (-सिः) Abiding. **ब** वस् to abide, Una'di aff. वस् ।

**बासिका** f. (-का) A plant, (Justicia :) see वासक ।

**बासिक** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Perfumed, scented. 2. Clothed, dressed. 3. Famous, celebrated. 4. Steeped, infused. 5. Spiced, seasoned, (sauces, &c.) 6. Peopled, populous, flourishing, (a country.) 7. Having, possessing. n. (-तः) 1. The cry of birds. 2. Knowledge in general, but especially that derived from memory. 3. Sound. 4. Rendering a country populous and flourishing, causing it to be inhabited. f. (-ता) 1. A woman. 2. A female-elephant. **ब** वस् to dwell, or clothes, causal form, or वास् to call, (as a bird,) aff. त् ।

**बासिन्** mfn. (-सी-सिनी-सि) Abiding, staying. f. (-नी) A white sort of J'hin'ti'. (Barleria.) **ब** वस् to dwell, विनुष् aff. ; or वास-विनि aff.

**बासिष्ठ** n. (-ष्ठः) Blood.

**बासिष्ठ** mfn. (-ष्ठः-ठी-ष्ठ) Explained or composed by the sage Vas'isht'ha, a part of the Veda's or a particular prayer, &c. **ब** वसिष्ठ, वष् aff.

**वासु** m. (-सुः) 1. A name of VISHN'U. 2. The soul, or the Supreme Being considered as the soul of the universe. **ब** वस् to abide, (eternally,) उष् Una'di aff.

**वासुकि** m. (-किः) The serpent VA'SUKI, sovereign of the snakes and worn by S'iva on his person. **ब** वसु a jewel, क the head, or वसुकि here said to be a name of KAS'YAPA, aff. of descent वष् ।

**वासुकि** m. (-सुः) The serpent VA'SUKI. **ब** See the last, aff. उष् ।

**वासुकीयसख** f. (-सु) A name of MANASA', the wife of JANAKA'RU, and goddess presiding over snakes. **ब** वासुकीय VA'SUKI, खख a sister.

**वासुदेव** m. (-वः) 1. KRISHN'A. 2. A descendent of Vasude'va, the general appellation of a class of persons peculiar to the Jains. **ब** वसुदेव the father of the deity, and वष् patronymic aff.

**वासुपूज्य** m. (-ज्यः) The twelfth Jina or Jaina teacher of the present era.

**वासुमह** m. (-हः) A name of KRISHN'A. **ब** वासु the soul, मह auspicious.

**वासुरा** f. (-रा) 1. Night. 2. The earth. 3. A woman. 4. A female elephant. **ब** वास् to perfume, or वस् to abide, causal form, aff. उरन् ।

**वायु** f. (-युः) A young girl, a wench (in theatrical language.) **ब** वस् to abide, in the causal form, (to take to dwell with one,) aff. व ।

**वासीद** mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Who or what gives clothes. **ब** वासु, द what gives.

**वासीयुग** n. (-यु) A suit of clothes. **ब** वासु, युग a pair.

**वासीक** n. (-कः) The inner or private apartments. **ब** वास dwelling, कीकस् a house.

**वास** mfn. (-सः-सी-सं) Made or derived from a goat. **ब** वस and वष् aff.

**वास्तव** mfn. (-वः-वो-वं) 1. Determined, demonstrated, fixed, substantiated. 2. Real, substantial. n. (-वं) An appointment, anything fixed. f. (-वः) Dawn. **ब** वस्तु thing, substance, वष् aff. .

**वास्तविक** mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) 1. Real, material, substantial, genuine. 2. Determinate. **ब** वस्तु and उक् aff.

**वास्तवोवा** f. (-वा) Night. **ब** वास्तव an appointment, and ऊवा a libidinous woman ; the season in which she makes an assignation.

**वास्तव्य** mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) 1. To be abided or dwelt in, to be fixed as a habitation. 2. To be taken care of, (as a dependent.) m. (-व्यः) A kinsman, a dependent. **ब** वस् to dwell, causal form, aff. of the future participle त्व्यर् ।

**वास्तु** mn. (-स्तुः-स्तु) 1. The site of a habitation. 2. A house, a habitation. **ब** वस् to dwell, Una'di aff. तुद्, and the radical vowel made long.

**वास्तुक** n. (-कः) A potherb : see वास्तूक । [of a house.

**वास्तुयाग** m. (-यः) A religious rite performed on laying the foundation.

**वास्तुसंश्रमन** n. (-नः) A ceremony or sacrifice performed on entering a new habitation. **ब** वास्तु, संश्रमन consecration.

**वास्तुसंश्रमनीय** n. (-यः) A ceremony performed on entering a new mansion. **ब** व added to the last.

**वास्तुक** n. (-कः) A potherb, (Chenopodium album, and other edible species.) **ब** वास्तु the site of a house, उक् aff., and form irr. (growing there ;) also with the vowel unaltered वास्तूक ।

**वासीय** mfn. (-यः-यो-यं) 1. Abdominal, relating or belonging to the belly. 2. Fit to be inhabited. **ब** वसि and उक् aff.

**वासोपति** m. (-तिः) A name of INDRA. **ब** वास्तु the site of a dwelling, in the sixth case, पति master.

**वास्त्र** mfn. (-स्त्रः-स्त्रा-स्त्रं) Cloth, made of or covered with cloth, &c. **ब** वस् cloth, वष् aff. .

**वायु** m. (-सुः) 1. Vapour. 2. Tears ; more correctly वाय, q. v. [tressed.

**वायविक** mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Weeping, bursting into tears. **ब** वाय, विक dis-

**वायविलिख** mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Suffused with tears, weeping. **ब** वाय, and वायविलिख turbid, लिख the sight. [read वाह ।

**वाह** (वह) वाह r. 1st cl. (वाहते) To endeavour ; the root is preferably वाह m. (-वः) 1. A horse. 2. A measure of capacity containing ten Kumbhas, or nearly equal to the weight of an English wey or a ton in freight. 3. A bull. 4. Air, wind. 5. The arm. 6. A buffalo. 7. A vehicle, a carriage or conveyance of any kind. 8. A bearer, a porter, a carrier of burthens, &c. 9. Carrying, bearing. **ब** वस् to bear, aff. वष् । [aff. वष् ।

**वाहक** m. (-कः) 1. A horseman. 2. A porter, a carrier. **ब** वस् to bear.

**वाहविक** m. (-वः) A buffalo. **ब** वाह a horse, and विक inimical.

**वाहन्** n. (-नः) 1. A vehicle, a conveyance of any kind, as a horse, an elephant, a carriage. 2. Carrying, conveying, &c. 3. Making effort or

exertion. **वह्** to bear, causal form, or **वह्** to endeavour, **वह्** aff.  
**वाहन्** mfn. (-ञट्) Falling from a vehicle. **वह्**, **अह्** to fall, **वह्** aff.  
**वाहयन्** mfn. (-यन्-वन्-यन्) Employing, making use of. **वह्** to bear, causal v., **वह्** aff.  
**वाहयन्** m. (-ञट्) A horse.  
**वाहस** m. (-सः) 1. A large snake, (*Boa constrictor*) 2. A water-course.  
 3. A potherb, (*Marsilia dentata*). **वह्** to bear, causal form, aff. **वह्** aff.  
**वाहिक** m. (-कः) 1. A large drum. 2. A ear, &c., drawn by oxen. **वह्** to bear, **वह्** aff. [**वह्** to endeavour, **वह्** aff.]  
**वाहित** mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Exerted, endeavoured. n. (-ते) A heavy burden.  
**वाहित** n. (-ञ) The part of an elephant's forehead below the frontal globes. **वह्** to stay, aff. **वह्**, and **वह्** changed to **वह्**.  
**वाहिन** mfn. (-ही-हिनी-हि) Bearing, carrying. m. (-ही) A chariot. **वह्** to bear, **वह्** aff.  
**वाहिनी** f. (-नी) 1. An army. 2. A body of forces consisting of 81 elephants, 81 cars, 243 horse, 405 foot, a cohort, a battalion. 3. A river. **वह्** a vehicle, &c., aff. **वह्**; fem. aff. **वह्** comprising the conveyances of cars, horse, &c.  
**वाहिनोनिवेश** m. (-ञः) A camp. **वह्** **वाहिनी**, and निवेश encampment.  
**वाहिनोपति** m. (-तिः) 1. A general, a commanding officer. 2. The ocean. **वह्** **वाहिनी** an army or river, and **वह्** master.  
**वाहिक** mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Of burthen, bearing burthens. 2. Outer, external, m. (-कः) The name of a country, part of the Punjab, **वह्** bearing, or **वह्** external, aff. **वह्** or **वह्**, form irr.  
**वाह्य** mfn. (-ह्यः-ह्या-ह्य) 1. To be carried or borne. 2. Outer, external. n. (-ह्य) A carriage, a vehicle. m. (-ह्य) A beast of burthen, an ox, a horse, &c. **वह्** to bear, aff. **वह्**, or **वह्** external, **वह्** aff.  
**वाह्यतः** Ind. Externally, solitarily. **वह्** added to the preceding.  
**वाहमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Being carried or conveyed. 2. Being induced, urged, incited, &c. **वह्** to bear, pass. v., **वाहन्** aff.  
**वाह्नि** f. (-ह्निः) A country : see **वाह्नी**.  
**वाह्नि** m. (-कः) Bálkh : see **वाह्नी**. **वह्** लिख्, स्वाधे क।  
**वाह्निज** mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Born in Vahli or Vahlka country. m. (-जः) A Turki horse. **वह्** and **ज** born.  
**वाह्नी** m. (-कः) 1. A country lying north-west of A'fganistha'n, Bálkh. 2. A horse from Bálkh, considered as one of a good breed. 3. One of the principal Gand'harbas or choristers of heaven. n. (-कः) 1. Saffron. 2. Asafotida. **वह्** to be pre-eminent, **वह्** or **वह्** aff., **वह्** or **वह्**; again, **वह्** pleonastic or derivative added, **वह्** or **वाह्नी**; the conjunct letters of the root being transposed; saffron, &c. are supplied still to India, especially from Káshmir, Khorása'n, and the countries in that direction.  
**वि** mf. (-वि-वि) 1. A bird. 2. The eye. 3. Heaven. 4. The region of the wind. 5. A horse. Ind. A particle and prefix, implying :—1. Certainty, ascertainment, as **विदेह** to determine, to judge. 2. Separation, disjunction, as **विद्योक्त** to disjoin. 3. Aversion, repugnance, as **विरोध** to oppose. 4. Impatience, intolerance, as **विद्वह्** to be impatient. 5. Variety, difference, **विशेष्ट** to distinguish. 6. Cause, motive, **विषात** to prescribe or order. 7. Motion, progress, **विचरितु** to go. 8. Privation, **विशीतु** to take away. It generally corresponds to the English adjuncts, a, ex, de, dis, in, un, &c. and is frequently an expletive. **वह्** to go, **Una'di** aff. **वह्** with the effect of **वह्** or **वह्**, which ejects the final syllable; or **वा-वि** aff.  
**विं** mfn. (-ञः-वी-ञ) Twentieth. **वह्** **विंशति** twenty, and **वह्** aff.  
**विंश** mfn. (-कः-वी-क) Twenty, collectively, or an aggregate of twenty. **वह्** **विंशति**, and **वह्** aff. [pln. (-तयः) Many twenties.]  
**विंशति** Always f. sing. (-तिः) Twenty, a score. du. (-ती) Two twenties.  
**विंशतिक** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Worth twenty, produced from or bought with twenty, &c. **वह्** **विंशति** twenty, and **वह्** added.  
**विंशतितय** mfn. (-सः-वी-स) Twentieth. **वह्** **विंशति**, तय aff.

**विंशती** m. (-ञः) A governor of twenty villages. **वह्** **विंशति**, **वह्** sovereign; also **विंशती** aff.

**विंशति** m. (-ञी) Twenty, (collectively,) a score. **वह्** **विंशति**, and **वह्** aff.  
**विक** n. (-कः) The milk of a prolific cow. [**वह्** to go, aff. **वह्** aff.]

**विकट** m. (-टः) A plant, (*Ruellia longifolia*, &c.) see **वीचुर**. **वह्** **विकट**, **वह्** apart, **वह्** aff.  
**विकटत** m. (-तः) A small tree. **वह्** **विकट**, **वह्** to go or grow, **वह्** aff.; or **वह्** a bird, **वह्**, &c. as before; on which the birds roost.

**विकच** mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Blown, opened, expanded, (as a flower, &c.) 2. Bald, having little or no hair on the head. m. (-चः) 1. A Baud'dha mendicant. 2. The planet Ké'tu, or the personified descending node. **वह्** **विकच**, **वह्** apart, separate, **वह्** to go, aff. **वह्**; or **वह्** privative, and **वह्** hair.

**विकट** mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) 1. Large, great, broad. 2. Formidable, frightful, hideous, horrible. 3. Large-toothed. 4. Beautiful, pleasing. 5. Changed in form or appearance. 6. Obscure, obsolete. n. (-ट) A boil, a tumour. f. (-टी) A female divinity peculiar to the Baud'dhas. **वह्** **विकट** implying separation or expansion, **वह्** to go or be, aff. **वह्**, or with **वह्** aff.

**विकटक** m. (-कः) A herbaceous plant, (*Hedysarum alhagi*). **वह्** **विकट** expanding, **वह्** a thorn, **वह्** added.

**विकत्य** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Speaking idly. 2. Praising ironically. 3. Vaunting, boastful. n. (-नः) 1. Irony, ironical or unmerited praise. 2. Praise in general. 3. Assigning anything to an unreal origin. 4. Boasting. 5. Repeating, proclaiming. **वह्** **विकत्य** implying difference or extension, and **वह्** praising.

**विकत्योय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be praised, commendable. 2. Ridiculous, to be praised ironically. **वह्** **विकत्य** to praise, **वह्** aff.

**विकत्या** f. (-त्या) 1. Praise. 2. Irony, ironical praise. 3. Boasting. 4. Repeating, proclaiming. **वह्** **विकत्या** to praise, **वह्** and **टाप्** aff.

**विकत्यिन्** mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) Who or what boasts, praises, proclaims, &c. : see **विकत्य**. **वह्** **विकत्यिन्** to boast, **वह्** aff.

**विकत्य** mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Trembling. 2. Heaving. 3. Unsteady, not firm or continued. 4. Shrinking from. **वह्** **विकत्य**, and **वह्** trembling.

**विकत्यित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Trembling, tremulous, agitated. 2. Palpitating, heaving. 3. Broken, interrupted, unsteady. 4. Shrinking from. **वह्** **विकत्य** before, **वह्** to tremble, aff. **वह्**. [making.]

**विकर** m. (-रः) Sickness, disease. **वह्** **विकर** implying difference, and **वह्** **विकर** m. (-रः) The inserted conjugational affix, (in gram.) [frightful.]

**विकराज** mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Formidable, frightful. **वह्** **विकराज** intensive, **वह्** **विकराज** mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Ear-less. m. (-जः) One of the Kuru' princes.

**विकर्षिक** m. (-कः) Sa'raswata, a district in the north-west of Hindusthán, generally considered as part of the Punjab, though sometimes confounded with Ka'shmír. **वह्** **विकर्षिक** privative, and **वह्** KARN'A, aff. **वह्**; the region from which KARN'A was proscribed.

**विकर्षन** m. (-नः) 1. The sun. 2. A son who has usurped his father's kingdom. 3. The Arka plant. **वह्** **विकर्षन** before, **वह्** to cut, aff. **वह्**; having been shorn of some of his beams, by Vis'hwakarma.

**विकर्षण** mfn. (-णः) Acting illegally, one who does forbidden acts. 2. Busy in various ways. **वह्** **विकर्षण** and **वह्** who does.

**विकर्षणिया** f. (-या) Illegal or immoral act. **वह्** **विकर्षणिया**, and **वह्** act.

**विकर्षण** n. (-णः) 1. Various business or duty. 2. Prohibited or unlawful act. 3. Fraud. **वह्** **विकर्षण** and **वह्** act.

**विकर्षण** mfn. (-णः-या-ण) 1. Doing what is illegal or immoral, engaged in prohibited acts. 2. Engaged in various business. **वह्** **विकर्षण** and **वह्** who or what stays.

**विकर्षिक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Doing forbidden acts. 2. Transacting various affairs. m. (-कः) Clerk or superintendent of markets or fairs. **वह्** **विकर्षिक** implying variety, **वह्** business, and **वह्** aff.

**विकर्ष** m. (-र्षः) 1. Pulling, pulling apart or out. 2. An arrow. **वह्** **विकर्ष** separate, **वह्** to attract, **वह्** or **वह्** aff.

विकर्षण n. (-षः) Pulling, drawing, dragging. m. (-वः) One of the five arrows of KA'MA. E. वि before, कर्ष् to attract, aff. लृट् ।  
 विकल mfn. (-ल-का-ल) 1. Confused, confounded, agitated. 2. Defective, imperfect. 3. Decayed, impaired, withered, waned. f. (-ला or ली) A woman in whom menstruation has ceased. n. (-ल) The one-sixteenth of a Kala, the second of a degree. E. वि privative, and कला a digit of the moon, &c.  
 विकलपाशिक m. (-कः) A cripple with a crooked or withered arm. E. विकल defective, पाश the hand, कन् added. [tive, चङ् the body.  
 विकलाङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गी-ङ्ग) Deformed, crippled, maimed. E. विकल defective.  
 विकलीकरण n. (-णः) 1. Spoiling, breaking, maiming. 2. Confusing, agitating. E. विकल, and करण making, कृि augment.  
 विकलीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Broken, injured, impaired. 2. Sick, lame, maimed. 2. Confused, distressed. E. विकल and कृत made, कृि aug.  
 विकलीभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Agitated, distressed. 2. Maimed, defective. E. विकल and भूत become, कृि augment.  
 विकलीन्द्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Having any of the organs of sense impaired or defective. E. विकल, and इन्द्रिय an organ.  
 विकल्प m. (-ल्पः) 1. Error, ignorance, mistake. 2. Alternative, option. 3. Doubt, indecision. 4. (In rhetoric,) Antithesis of opposites. 5. (In grammar, &c.,) Admission of more than one form or rule. 6. Device. E. वि distinction, and कल्प making, &c.  
 विकल्पन n. (-नं) 1. Admitting of uncertainty. 2. Indecision.  
 विकल्पयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Doubting, deliberating, weighing, alternatives. E. वि before, कृप् to be able, यट् aff.  
 विकल्पित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Made or acknowledged as optional. E. वि before, कृप् to be able, क्त aff.  
 विकल्पा f. (-पा) Sinless, guiltless. [go, वरच् aff.  
 विकल्पा (स)र mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Opening, expanding. E. वि separately, कृप् to  
 विकल्पा f. (-पा) Bengal madder, (Rubia manjith.) E. वि before, कृप् to injure, कृप् aff. ; also विकल्पा ।  
 विकल्पर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Opening, expanding. E. वि before, कृप् to go, aff. वरच् ; also विकल्पर । [go, aff. कृप् ।  
 विकस m. (-सः) The moon. f. (-सा) Bengal madder. E. वि before, कृप् to  
 विकसन् mfn. (-सन्-सन्ती-सन्) 1. Opening, expanding. 2. Budding, blowing. E. वि before, कृप् to go, यट् aff.  
 विकसित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Blown, as a flower, budded, opened, expanded. E. वि apart, कृप् to go, aff. क्त ; also विकसित ।  
 विकस्वर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Opening, expanding. E. वि apart, कृप् to go, aff. वरच् ; also derived from कृप् or कृप्, विकस्वर, and विकस्वर ।  
 विकार m. (-रः) 1. Change of form or nature, alteration or deviation from the natural state. 2. Sickness, disease, change from the state of health. 3. Passion, feeling, emotion, transition from the natural or quiescent condition of the soul. 4. Anything evolved from a previous source, (in Sa'ukhya Philosophy.) E. वि implying alteration, कृप् to make, aff. चङ् ।  
 विकारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Changed, converted, made to undergo a changing. 2. Rendered unfavourable or unfriendly. E. वि before, कृप् to make, causal v., क्त aff.  
 विकारिन् mfn. (-रि-रिणी-रि) 1. Producing a change. 2. Undergoing a change. E. वि before, कृप् to make, कृि aff. ; or विकार, कृि aff.  
 विकाल m. (-कः) Twilight, the close of day. E. वि implying prohibition, (of peculiar ceremonies,) and काल time.  
 विकालज्ज m. (-जः) Evening, twilight. f. (-जिका) A perforated copper-vessel, which is placed in a pan of water, and being filled at the expiration of a certain period, defines that period : a sort of Clepsydra, or water-clock. "तादी". E. वि before, काल time, and कन् added ; or वि before, कृप् to go, aff. कृप् ।  
 विकारा m. (-रः) 1. Solitude, loneliness, privacy. 2. Display, manifestation open or splendid appearance. 3. Opening expanding. 4.

Budding, blowing. (as a flower.) 5. Pleasure, enjoyment. 6. Ether heaven. 7. An open course. 8. An oblique course. 9. Retreat. 10. Eagerness. E. वि before, काश to shine, aff. चङ् ; the vowel of the prefix is more usually made long : see वीकाश ।  
 विकारायता f. (-ता) 1. Appearance, display. 2. Loneliness. 3. Expansion. E. विकारा shining, aff. तल् ; also with तल्, विकारायत ।  
 विकारायन n. (-नः) 1. Expansion, extent. 2. Manifestation. 3. Blowing (of a flower.) E. विकारा and कृट् aff.  
 विकारायन् mfn. (-यन्) 1. Expanding, being full. 2. Blown, budded. E. विकारा, यन् who or what has.  
 विकारिन् mfn. (-रि-रिणी-रि) Expanding, spreading, opening. E. वि before, कृप् to go, aff. चिनुच् ; or काश, चिनि aff. [चिनुच्  
 विकारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Expanding, &c. E. वि before, कृप् to go, aff. चिनुच् ; or काश, चिनि aff. [चिनुच्  
 विकारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Expanding, opening, budding, blowing. E. वि before, कृप् to go, aff. चिनुच् ; also with कृप् or कृप् the same. विकारिन् and विकारिन् as above.  
 विकारि m. (-रः) 1. A bird in general. 2. A well. 3. A fallen fragment a scattered portion. 4. Scattering. 5. A tree. E. वि apart, &c., कृप् to scatter, कृप् aff.  
 विकारिण n. (-णः) 1. Scattering, spreading about or abroad. 2. Killing. 3. Knowledge. m. (-वः) Gigantic swallow wort, (Asclepias gigantea) E. वि before, कृप् to scatter, aff. यु ।  
 विकारित mfn. (-रित-रिती-रित) Throwing, scattering, sprinkling. E. वि before, कृप् to scatter, यट् aff.  
 विकारिन् mfn. (-रि-रिणी-रि) 1. Scattered, extended, diffused. 2. Celebrated, famous. E. वि implying extension, कृप् to scatter, aff. क्त ।  
 विकारिन् Ind. Having or being scattered. E. वि, कृप् to scatter, aff. लृट् ।  
 विकारिणाच mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Being tossed, agitated, scattered, &c. E. वि before, कृप् to scatter, pass. v., ग्राणच् aff.  
 विकृष्टाच mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Joyful, cheerful, happy. 2. Undergoing a making a change of form, &c. E. वि before, कृप् to do, ग्राणच् aff.  
 विकृष्ट m. (-चः) The moon. E. वि before, कृप् to shine, रक् Una'di aff. and उ substituted for the radical vowel.  
 विकृष्टन n. (-नं) Cooing, humming.  
 विकृष्टन n. (-नं) A side-glance, a leer, a wink. E. वि before, कृप् to contract or close, (the eyes,) aff. कृट् । [form  
 विकृष्टिका f. (-का) The nose. E. वि before, कृप् to sound, aff. कृप्, fem  
 विकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Entertaining the feeling of disgust, aversion estranged. 2. Sick, diseased. 3. Altered, changed, either in form or feeling. 4. Imperfect, unfinished, incomplete. 5. Overcome by feeling or passion. 6. Strange, extraordinary. 7. Loathsome, hideous. n. (-तं) 1. Disgust, aversion. 2. Sickness. 3. Change. E. वि implying reverse, and कृत made.  
 विकृतवदन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Having the face distorted. E. विकृत, वदन face.  
 विकृताकार mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Changed in aspect, form, or appearance. E. विकृत and आकार form ; also विकृताकारि ।  
 विकृताङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गी-ङ्ग) Distorted, deformed. E. विकृत, चङ् the limbs.  
 विकृति f. (-तिः-ती) 1. Change of any kind, as of purpose, mind, form nature, &c., either permanent or temporary. 2. Sickness, disease change from the natural or healthy state. 3. Fear, apprehension. 4. Spirituous liquor. 5. A species of metre : the stanza consists of four lines of two syllables each, variously arranged. E. वि implying alteration or reverse, कृप् to make, aff. कृि ।  
 विकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Pulled, drawn, (as a bow-string.) 2. Attracted. 3. Dragged, drawn, in general. 4. Extended, protracted. 5. Sounded, making a noise. E. वि before, कृप् to draw, aff. क्त ।  
 विकृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टी-ष्टं) Bald. f. (-ष्टी) 1. A small braid or tress of hair first tied up severally, and then collected into the Ve'ni or larger braid. 2. A woman without hair. 3. A woman with loose hair. E. वि severally or privative, कृि hair

वेष्टिका f. (-का) A pledget, a piece of rag smeared with ghee or other substances and applied as a dressing to a sore.

विश्व mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Uncovered, denuded, unsheathed. इ. वि privative, and विश्व a sheath, a cover; also विश्व ।

विश्व mfn. (-वः-वी-व) Incurious, indifferent. इ. वि, कौतुक curious.

विह m. (-हः) A young elephant. इ. विह imitative sound, कै to utter, अटि. ड । विश्वति वि + विश्व-ड ।

विह m. (-हः) 1. Heroism, prowess, heroic valour. 2. Great power or strength. 3. Walking, going, proceeding. 4. Overpowering, overcoming. 5. Strength in general. 6. A step, a stride, (as in विक्रम) 7. The name of a sovereign of Ougein : see विक्रमादित्य. इ. वि before, कृत् to go, to move, to walk, aff. चच् ।

विक्रम n. (-मः) The stride of VISHN U.

विक्रमाच mfn. (-वः-वा-च) 1. Going, proceeding. 2. Overpowering. इ. वि before, कृत् to go, आचच् aff.

विक्रमादित्य m. (-त्यः) The name of a celebrated 'prince, the sovereign of Ougein, and reputed founder of an era still in use amongst the Hindus, commencing 56 years before the Christian era; there are however many princes of this name, and it has been applied to BHOJA-Rāja, to ŚALIVA'HAN'A, and PRITHVI' Rāja, as well as to five or six others; the name also occurs variously written, as VIKRAMADITYA, VIKRAMASEN'A, VIKRAMASINHA, VIKRAMA RKA, &c. इ. विक्रम power, and आदित्य the sun.

विक्रमार्क m. (-कः) A name of the sovereign VIKRAMADITYA : see the last. इ. विक्रम heroism, चर्क the sun. [चर्कित gained.]

विक्रमजित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Conquered, acquired by valour. इ. विक्रम and विक्रमन् m. (-जी) 1. A lion. 2. A hero. इ. विक्रम strength, valour, इति aff.

विक्रय m. (-यः) Sale, selling, vending. इ. वि before, क्री to buy, चच् aff.

विक्रयान्तर m. (-तः) Rescission of sale. इ. विक्रय, चनुचय doubt.

विक्रय m. (-यः) Selling, vending. इ. वि reverse, क्री to buy, खट् aff.

विक्रयक m. (-कः) A vender, a dealer, a salesman. इ. विक्रय sale, डन् aff.

विक्रयन् m. (-यः) A seller, a vender. इ. विक्रय sale, इति aff.

विक्रम m. (-मः) The moon.

विक्रान्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Valiant, mighty. 2. Overcoming victorious. m. (-तः) 1. A hero, a warrior. 2. A lion. n. (-तः) 1. Valour. 2. A step, a stride. इ. वि before, कृत् to go, aff. क, in an active sense.

विक्रान्ति f. (-तिः) 1. A horse's canter or gallop. 2. Prowess, heroic strength and valour. 3. Great power or strength. 4. Striding. इ. वि before, कृत् to go, aff. कित् ।

विक्रान्त mfn. (-ता-जी-त) 1. Valiant. 2. Victorious. m. (-ता) A hero, a victor. इ. वि before, कृत् to go, डच् aff.

विक्रायक m. (-कः) A vender, a seller. इ. वि before, कृ to buy, खट् aff.

विक्रिय f. (-यः) 1. Change of mind, form, purpose, condition, &c. 2. Emotion, perturbation, passion. 3. Anger, dis-satisfaction. 4. Contraction. 5. Vitiating, intermixture. इ. वि implying reverse, and क्रिया action : see विकार ।

विक्रीय mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Sold. इ. वि before, क्री to buy, aff. क ।

विक्रीय Ind. Having sold. इ. वि before, कृ to buy, खट् aff.

विहृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) 1. Harsh, rugged or unkind, (as speech.) 2. Called out, exclaimed. n. (-ष्ट) 1. A cry of alarm or for help. 2. Abuse. इ. वि before, कृत् to call, aff. क ।

विक्रीड m. (-ता) A vender, a seller. इ. वि before, क्री to buy, aff. डच् ।

विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Vendible, saleable. इ. वि before, क्री to buy, aff. यत् ।

विक्रीय n. (-यः) 1. Abusing, reviling. 2. Calling out. इ. वि before, कृत् to curse, खट् aff.

विक्रीड mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टी-ष्ट) 1. Who reviles, abuses, speaks harshly, &c. 2. Who calls or cries out. इ. वि before, कृत् to cry, डच् aff.

विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Overcome with fear or agitation, confused, founded, lost, bewildered. इ. वि before, कृ to go, aff. चच् ।

विक्रीयता f. (-ता) Timidity, fear. इ. विक्रीय, तच् aff.; also with त्, विक्रीयत् ।

विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Old. 2. Withered, shrivelled, decayed. 3. Wet, moist. इ. वि before, कृत् to moisten, aff. क । [ciation.]

विक्रीय f. (-ष्टः) Afflicted, distressed, injured. n. (-ष्ट) A fault in pronunciation.

विक्रीय Adv. n. (-यः) Momentarily, for a moment. इ. वि, चच् a moment.

विक्रीय mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Struck, hurt, wounded. इ. वि before, चत् torn.

विक्रीय m. (-यः) 1. Cough. 2. Sound. इ. वि before, चत् to sound, aff. चच् ।

विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-पकी-य) 1. Throwing, tossing. 2. Agitating. इ. वि before, चत् to throw, and ग्रह aff.

विक्रीय mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Scattered, dispersed. 2. Thrown, cast. 3. Agitated, bewildered, perplexed. 4. Sent, dispatched. 5. Refuted, falsified. इ. वि severally, चित् thrown or sent. [क aff.]

विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-वा-य) Wasted, destroyed. इ. वि before, कै to decay.

विक्रीयक m. (-कः) 1. The chief of a class of demigods, enumerated amongst those attached to Śiva, and the ministers of destruction amongst men by plague, pestilence, &c. 2. A meeting or assembly of the gods. 3. A place prohibited to eaters of meat. इ. वि before, चीय wasted, (by whom,) and कृत् added.

विक्रीय m. (-यः) The Arka plant.

विक्रीय m. (-यः) 1. Casting, or throwing away. 2. Sending, dispatching. 3. Confusion, perplexity, fear proceeding from ignorance or error. 4. Looking about vaguely or wildly, as of a woman for her absent lover. 5. Refuting an argument, establishing its falsehood. 6. Celestial latitude. इ. वि before, चित् to throw, aff. चच् ।

विक्रीय n. (-यः) 1. Scattering, dispersing. 2. Sending, dispatching. 3. Throwing. 4. Confusion. इ. वि before, चित् to throw, खट् aff.

विक्रीय m. (-यः) (In astronomy), The greatest inclination of a planet's orbit. इ. विक्रीय, ध्रुव an arc.

विक्रीय n. (-यः) 1. Agitating, shaking. 2. Conflict, struggle. 3. Fearing. इ. वि before, चित् to stir, and चच् aff.

विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Noseless; also विक्रीय.

विक्रीय mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Broken, divided. 2. Refuted. इ. वि before, खट् the same.

विक्रीय f. (-यः) The tongue.

विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-युः-युः) Noseless; also विक्रीय ।

विक्रीय m. (-यः) A goblin, a demon, a Rākshasa. 2. A thief. इ. वि before, खट् to cut, aff. क ।

विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Noseless. इ. वि privative prefix, and य् substituted, for नृत् or नासिका; also other as arbitrary terms, or विक्रीय, विक्रीय, &c.

विक्रीय mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Known, famous. 2. Avowed, confessed. इ. वि before, व्या to say or tell, aff. क । [कित् ।]

विक्रीय f. (-तिः) Fame, celebrity. इ. वि before, व्या to say, or tell, aff.

विक्रीय n. (-यः) 1. Confessing, acknowledging, avowing, declaring. 2. Explaining, expounding. इ. वि, व्या to say, causal form, aff. खट् ।

विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-युः-युः) Noseless; also विक्रीय ।

विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-युः-युः) Noseless; also विक्रीय and विक्रीय.

विक्रीय n. (-यः) 1. Reckoning, computing. 2. Considering, deliberating. 3. Discharge of a debt. इ. वि before, गणन counting.

विक्रीय Ind. 1. Having deliberated or weighed. 2. Having reckoned. इ. वि before, गण् to number, खट् aff.

विक्रीय mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Reckoned, calculated. 2. Weighed, considered. 3. Discharged, (as a debt.) इ. वि before, गण् to count, क aff.

विक्रीय mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Gone, departed, disappeared. 2. Separated, severed, parted. 3. Freed or exempt from. 4. Lost. 5. Gloomy, dark, obscured. 6. Dead. इ. वि implying disunion, (of light, &c.) गत gone. [काम्य sin.]

विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Pure, righteous. 2. Unsoiled इ. विक्रीय and विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Exempted from decay. 2. Cured of fever. इ. विक्रीय and व्या decay, or व्या fever. [राग passion]

विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Devoid of passion or affliction. इ. विक्रीय and



विगतशील mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Unfortunate, unprosperous. **३.** विगत gone, श्री prosperity, कप् aff. [सुखा desire.]  
 विगतसुख mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) Indifferent, devoid of wish or desire. **३.** विगत,  
 विगतात्वा f. (-ता) A woman past child-bearing. **३.** विगत gone, चार्त्त the  
 menstrual excretion.  
 विगत m. (-नः) 1. Separation, parting. 2. Destruction, death. 3. Relin-  
 quishment. **३.** वि apart, and नग going.  
 विगतर m. (-रः) 1. An abstemious man, one who feeds on wind. 2. A  
 naked man. 3. A mountain.  
 विगर्हण nf. (-ण-या) Abuse, abusing, censure, reproach. **३.** वि before, गर्ह्  
 to abuse, कृट् aff. [to abuse, चर्त्तयर् aff.]  
 विगर्हणीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Bad, wicked, reprehensible. **३.** वि before, गर्ह्.  
 विगर्हित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Abused, reviled. 2. Low, vile. 3. Bad, wicked.  
 4. Condemned, reprobated. **३.** वि before, गर्ह् to abuse, aff. क्त ।  
 विगर्ह्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Blamable, reprehensible. Ind. Having blamed  
 or reviled, **३.** वि before, गर्ह् to abuse, यत् or कृप् aff.  
 विगर्ह्यकथा f. (-या) Soandal, abuse. **३.** विगर्ह्य and कथा speech.  
 विगलत् mfn. (-लत्-लली-लत्) 1. Oozing, dropping, flowing. 2. Fading,  
 dispersing, weakening, (as emotion, &c.) **३.** वि before, गल् to ooze,  
 गृह् aff.  
 विगलित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Fallen, dropped, oozed, flowing. 2. Removed,  
 gone. 3. Dissipated, dispersed. 4. Decayed, impaired. 5. Slackened,  
 united, (as a knot.) 6. Loose, disordered, (as dress.) 7. Dissolved.  
**३.** वि before, गल् to ooze, aff. क्त । [hair.]  
 विगलितकेश mfn. (-शः-शा-शं) Having the hair dishevelled. **३.** विगलित, केश  
 विगाढ mfn. (-ढः-डा-ढं) 1. Immersed, plunged, bathing. 2. Much, excess-  
 ive, deep. 3. Flowing copiously. **३.** वि, गाढ् to bathe, aff. क्त ।  
 विगान n. (-नः) 1. Ill-report, detraction, scandal. 2. Censure, reproach.  
**३.** वि depreciative prefix, गे to sing or sound, aff. कृट् ।  
 विगाह m. (-हः) 1. Bathing. 2. Plunging into, literally or figuratively,  
 (as water, a crowd, &c.) वि before, गाह् to bathe, चक् aff.  
 विगाहमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Beholding, perceiving. 2. Knowing. 3.  
 Bathing. 4. Going, proceeding. **३.** वि, गाह् to agitate, aff. शानच् ।  
 विगाह्य Ind. Having bathed or plunged in. **३.** वि, गाह् to agitate, कृप् aff.  
 विगीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Contradicted, contradictory, inconsistent. 2.  
 Abused, censured, reproached. 3. Sung or said in various ways.  
 4. Sung ill. **३.** वि, and गीत sung.  
 विगीति f. (-तिः) 1. Reproach, censure, abuse. 2. Contradiction. 3. Sing-  
 ing in various styles. 4. Singing ill. **३.** वि, and गीति singing.  
 विगुण mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) 1. Void of all qualities. 2. Bad, worthless,  
 having no merit. 3. Having no string. **३.** वि, and गुण quality.  
 विगुप्त mfn. (-ढः-डा-ढं) 1. Concealed, hidden. 2. Blamed, reproached,  
 censured. **३.** वि before, गुप् to conceal, aff. क्त ।  
 विगृहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Opposed, obstructed, prevented. 2. Encoun-  
 tered, (as in fight.) 3. Seized. 4. Separated, dissolved, (as a com-  
 pound.) **३.** वि before, गृह् to seize, क्त aff. [लृप् aff.]  
 विग्रह ind. Having warred or contended with. **३.** वि before, गृह् to take,  
 विग्रहाय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Being warred upon or contended with. **३.**  
 वि before, गृह् to take, pass. व., ग्राहच् aff. [for ग्राहिका ।]  
 विग्रह mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Noseless. **३.** वि privative prefix, and ग्र substituted  
 विग्रह m. (-हः) 1. The body. 2. Extension, expansion, diffusion. 3. A  
 portion, a part. 4. Shape, form, figure. 5. (A grammatical term.)  
 The proper application or sense of a compound word, resolution,  
 analysis, separation. mn. (-हः-हं) 1. War, battle, hostility, (con-  
 sidered as one of the six modes of foreign policy.) 2. Quarrel. 3. Dis-  
 favour. 4. Opposition, encounter. **३.** वि variegus, (happiness, &c.) गृह्  
 to take, aff. चक् ।  
 विग्रहावर n. (-रः) The back, **३.** विग्रह the body, चवर the back.  
 विग्रहाय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be warred or contended with. **३.** वि before,  
 गृह् to take, कृट् aff.

विघटन n. (-नः) Ruin, destruction.

विघटिका f. (-का) Sixtieth part of a Ghari, equal to 24 seconds. **३.** वि,  
 घटिका a Ghari.

विघटित f. (-ता) Divided, separated. **३.** वि + घट-क्त ।

विघटन nf. (-नः-ना) 1. Rubbing, friction. 2. Striking, asunder. 3. Opening,  
 undoing, untying. 4. Offending. **३.** वि, घट् to rub, aff. कृट् ।

विघटित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Rubbed, touched. 2. Offended. 3. Struck. 4.  
 Untied, undone. **३.** वि before, घट् to rub, aff. क्त ।

विघन m. (-नः) A mallet, a hammer, an implement for striking. **३.** वि  
 before, घन् to strike, चक् aff.

विघ्न m. (-घ्नः) 1. The residue of food offered to the gods, to the manes,  
 to a venerable guest, &c. 2. Food in general. n. (-घ्नः) Bee's-wax. **३.**  
 वि before, घद to eat, aff. चक् or चञ्, चञ् substituted for the root.

विघ्नसाय m. (-यः) One who eats the remains of an offering. **३.** विघ्न, साय  
 eating; also विघ्नसायिन्, &c.

विघ्नान् mn. (-नः-नं) 1. Impediment, obstacle. 2. Prohibition or preven-  
 tion. 3. Opposition. 4. Destruction. 5. A blow. 6. Killing. 7.  
 Abandoning. **३.** वि before, घ्न to kill or hurt, aff. क्त ।

विघ्नान्निहि f. (-हिः) Removing obstacles or impediments. **३.** विघ्न and  
 निहि attainment.

विघ्नानिन् mfn. (-नो-निनो-ति) 1. Opposing, impeding, preventing. 2. Re-  
 moving, destroying. 2. Wounding, killing. **३.** वि before, घ्न to  
 hurt or strike, aff. णिनि ।

विघ्न mfn. (-घ्नः-घा-घं) Cried, proclaimed. **३.** वि before, घृष्ट cried.

विघ्न Ind. Having proclaimed. **३.** वि before, घृष्ट to cry, कृप् aff.

विघ्नयित f. (-ता) Rolling, shaking. [लृट् aff.]

विघ्नोष n. (-षः) Proclamation, crying. **३.** वि before, घृष्ट to cry aloud,

विघ्न m. (-घ्नः) 1. Obstacle, impediment. 2. Difficulty, trouble. 3. The  
 caronda, (Carissa Carondas.) **३.** वि before, घ्न to be injured, (by  
 it,) and क aff. [what makes.]

विघ्नकर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Opposing, impeding, obstructing. **३.** विघ्न and कर  
 विघ्नकारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) 1. Impeding, obstructing. 2. Fearful, for-  
 midable, terrible. **३.** विघ्न an obstacle, and कारिन् causing.

विघ्ननाशक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what removes difficulties, &c. m.  
 (-कः) A name of GAN'E'S'A. **३.** विघ्न, नाशक who or what destroys

विघ्ननाशन n. (-नः) Removing obstacles. m. (-नः) A name of GAN'E'S'A. **३.**  
 विघ्न an obstacle, and नाशन removing; the deity being supposed  
 capable of either causing or removing difficulties and impedi-  
 ments, and being therefore especially worshipped at the com-  
 mencement of any undertaking; also other similar compounds.

विघ्नराज m. (-जः) GAN'E'S'A. **३.** विघ्न an obstacle, राज ruler; see the last.

विघ्नलेश m. (-शः) Slight obstacle or impediment. **३.** विघ्न, लेश a little.

विघ्नविनायक m. (-कः) GAN'E'S'A. **३.** विघ्न an obstacle, विनायक remover.

विघ्नसिद्धि f. (-हिः) Removal of obstacles. **३.** विघ्न, सिद्धि accomplishment.

विघ्नहारिन् m. (-री) GAN'E'S'A. **३.** विघ्न, हारिन् who removes; see विघ्ननाशन ।

विघ्नित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Stopped, prevented, impeded. **३.** विघ्न, इतच् aff.

विघ्न m. (-घ्नः) GAN'E'S'A. **३.** विघ्न an obstacle, ईश lord; see विघ्ननाशन ।

विघ्न m. (-घ्नः) A horse's hoof.

विघ्न (घोहर) ची विघ्निर r. 7th cl. (विघ्नक्ति विघ्नो) 1. To differ, to be sepa-  
 rate or distinct. 2. To divide, to separate, especially in judgment,  
 to discriminate, to judge. With वि, 1. To divide. 2. To discrimi-  
 nate. 3. To describe. 4. To tear up, to remove.

विघ्नकिल m. (-जः) 1. A kind of jasmine. 2. A flower, commonly Do'na,  
 (Artemisia;) see दमन. 3. A shrub, (Vangueria spinosa.) **३.** वि  
 before, चक् to be satisfied, इलच् aff.

विघ्नचक्ष mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Olaver, able, wise, sensible. 2. Proficient,  
 skilful. m. (-यः) A learned Brāhman or Pan'd'it, a holy teacher. **३.**  
 वि before, चक् to speak, (sensibly,) and चक् aff. [the eye.]

विघ्नचक्ष mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Blind. 2. Sad, perplexed. **३.** वि privative, चक्ष

विचय m. (-यः) Search, research, **३.** वि before, चि to collect, aff. चक् ।

विचक्षण n. (-न्) Search, research, &c. E. वि before, चि to collect, aff. क्त्वाट् ।  
 विचरन् mfn. (-रन्-रन्-रन्) Wandering, roaming, going about. E. वि  
 variously, चर् to go, इट् aff. [aff. क्त्वाट् ।]  
 विचरिषा f. (-षा) Herpes, itch, scab. E. वि before, चर् to speak or tell,  
 विचरित f. (-ता) Anointed, smeared.  
 विचलन् mfn. (-लन्-लन्-लन्) 1. Unsteady, unfixed, moving, going. 2. Con-  
 ceited. E. वि before, चल् to move, &c. [चल् to go, इट् aff.]  
 विचलन् mfn. (-लन्-लन्-लन्) Moving, going, shaking, waving. E. वि before,  
 विचलन n. (-न) 1. Fickleness, unsteadiness. 2. Self-praise, conceit. 3.  
 Deviating from. E. वि before, चल् to go, क्त्वाट् aff.  
 विचलित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Gone, departed. 2. Deviated from. E. वि  
 before, चल् to go, क्त्वाट् aff.  
 विचार m. (-रः) 1. The exercise of judgment or reason on a present  
 object, investigation, consideration, deliberation. 2. Dispute, dis-  
 cussion. 3. Selection. 4. Doubt, hesitation. 5. Prudence. E. वि be-  
 fore, चर् to go, aff. चञ् । [v., क्त्वाट् aff.]  
 विचारक m. (-कः) An investigator a judge. E. वि before, चर् to go, causal  
 विचारकता f. (-ता) Investigation, discussion. E. तल् added to the last ;  
 also with ल्, विचारकल् ।  
 विचारकर्तृ m. (-र्तृ) A judge, an investigator. E. विचार, कर्तृ who makes.  
 विचारन् mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) 1. Deliberation, investigation, the exercise of judg-  
 ment, or decision after due examination or discussion. 2. Doubt,  
 hesitation. f. (-ता) 1. The Mīmāṃsā system of philosophy. 2.  
 Doubt. 3. Examination, &c. E. वि, चर् to go, causal form, aff. क्त्वाट् ।  
 विचारणीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be discussed or investigated. E. वि before,  
 चर् to go, causal v., णीयर् aff.  
 विचारम् f. (-म्) 1. The judgment seat of Yama, the judge of the dead.  
 2. Any meeting for literary or judicial investigation. E. विचार  
 discussion or judgment, and म् place. [place.]  
 विचारस्थल n. (-लः) A logical disputation. 2. A tribunal. E. विचार, स्थल  
 विचारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Judged, discussed. 2. Determined, decided.  
 3. Examined. E. विचार discussion, aff. इतच् ।  
 विचारिन् mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) Judging. E. वि before, चर् to go, चिनि aff.  
 विचार्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be discussed, weighed, deliberated. Ind.  
 Having deliberated. E. वि before, चर् to go, causal v., क्त्वाट् or क्त्वाप् aff.  
 विचार्यमाण mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) Being investigated or discussed. E. वि  
 before, चर् to go, passive v., णाणच् aff.  
 विचाल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Intervening, intermediate. E. वि disjunctive pre-  
 fix, चल् to go, aff. चण् । [also वीची ।]  
 विधि f. (-धि-धी) A wave. E. वि before, चि to collect, क्त्वाट् aff.; or विष्-रञ्;  
 विधिकता f. (-ता) 1. Doubt, uncertainty. 2. Error, mistake. E. वि  
 before, क्त्वाट् to doubt, in the reduplicate form, aff. चण् ।  
 विधित f. (-ता) Searched through.  
 विधित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Variegated, spotted. 2. Painted, coloured. 3.  
 Handsome, beautiful. 4. Wonderful, surprising. n. (-न्) 1. Varie-  
 gated, (the colour.) 2. Surprise. 3. Speech implying apparently  
 the reverse of the object intended. E. वि before, चिन् variegated, &c.  
 विधित mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Wonderful, surprising. n. (-कं) Astonishment,  
 wonder. m. (-कः) The birch-tree. E. कन् added to the last.  
 विधितचीनायक n. (-कः) Watered China-silk. E. विधित, चीनायक China-cloth.  
 विधितता f. (-ता) 1. Wonder, wonderfulness. 2. Being variegated, va-  
 riety of colour or tint, &c. E. विधित, तल् aff.; also with ल्, विधितल् ।  
 विधितदेह mfn. (-हः-ही-हं) 1. Having the body painted, &c. 2. Elegant.  
 m. (-हः) A cloud. E. विधित spotted, variegated, (with different  
 tints,) and देह the body.  
 विधितवीर्य m. (-यः) A sovereign, the 22nd monarch of the lunar  
 dynasty in the third age, the son of S'A'NTANU and husband of  
 PA'NDU's mother. E. विधित wonderful, वीर्य power.  
 विधितवीर्यम् f. (-म्) The mother of VICHITRAVIRYA by S'A'NTANU ; also  
 of VYA'SA by PABA'SARA. E. विधितवीर्य as above, and च् the mother.

विधितम mfn. (-मः-मी-म्) 1. Elegant, well-formed, handsome. 2. Hav-  
 ing the body of various colours. m. (-मः) 1. A peacock. 2. A tiger.  
 E. विधित variegated or beautiful, मन् the body. [इतच् aff.]  
 विधितित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Wonderful. 2. Painted, variegated. E. विधित,  
 विधित Ind. Having reflected. E. वि before, चिन् to think, क्त्वाट् aff.  
 विधितमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Being to be thought or considered. E. वि be-  
 fore, चिन् to think, pass. v., मानच् aff. [collect, aff. इट् ।]  
 विधितन् mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) Thinking, considering. E. वि before, चि to  
 विधितल m. (-लः) 1. A hero. 2. Discrimination, judging. 3. Search. E.  
 कन् added to the last. [collect, मानच् aff.]  
 विधितान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Thinking, considering, &c. E. वि before, चि to  
 विधीन् mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) 1. Entered. 2. Occupied or inhabited by. [sense.]  
 विधितन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Unconscious, senseless, lifeless. E. वि priv., चेतना  
 विधितन् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Sad, perplexed, unhappy. 2. Ignorant,  
 stupid. E. वि implying privation, चेतन् mind.  
 विधितित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Investigated, ascertained, inquired into or  
 looked after. 2. Struggled. 3. Inconsiderate, ill-judged. n. (-नं) 1.  
 Evil or malicious act. 2. Exertion, effort. 3. Machination. E. वि be-  
 fore, चेतित sought.  
 विष् r. 6th cl. (विष्वायति-ने or विष्वाति) To go or approach, (the form  
 when it takes the augment वाय is rarely used.) r. 10th cl. (विष्वायति-  
 ने) 1. To shine. 2. To speak.  
 विष्वा m. (-वः) A building of several stories, and surrounded by a  
 portico, or having a portico to the east and west only ; a palace,  
 a temple. E. वि before, वृद् wish, will; also with कन् added विष्वाक;  
 and when derived from कृदि to be splendid, with वृत् aff. विष्वादक ।  
 विष्वाक m. (-कः) A large and handsome building, the temple of a  
 god, or the palace of a prince. see the last.  
 विष्वाह n. (-नं) 1. Disregarding. 2. Wasting. 3. Being sick. E. वि  
 before, कृदि to vomit, क्त्वाट् aff.  
 विष्वाहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Disregarded, neglected. 2. Diminished,  
 impaired. 3. Vomited. E. वि before, कृद् to vomit, क्त्वाट् aff.  
 विष्वाय n. (-यः) 1. The shadow of a flock of birds. 2. A jem. E. वि a bird,  
 वाय a shadow, which in this sort of compound becomes neuter.  
 विष्वाति f. (-तिः) 1. Cutting, cutting off, excision. 2. Dividing, frac-  
 ture. 3. Separation or absence. 4. Loss, disappearance, destruc-  
 tion. 5. Cæsura, pause in a verse. 6. The boundary or limits of a  
 house, &c. 7. A property of the Nāyikā or mistress, carelessness  
 or irregularity in dress and decoration through flurry and agita-  
 tion. 7. Colouring the body with coloured unguents. E. वि before,  
 कृद् to cut, aff. क्त्वाट् ।  
 विष्वात mfn. (-तः-ती-तं) 1. Cut, separated, severed. 2. Absent or sepa-  
 rated from. 3. Divided, parted, portioned. 4. Shared, divided  
 equally. 5. Crooked, curved. 6. Scattered, dispersed. 7. Hidden  
 or cut off from view, intercepted. 8. Broken. 9. Ceased, ended. 10.  
 Smeared with unguents. E. वि apart, कृद् to cut, aff. क्त्वाट् ।  
 विष्वातित f. (-ता) 1. Coated, covered. 2. Inlaid. 3. Anointed.  
 विष्वाद m. (-वः) 1. Separation, disjunction, removal. 2. Prohibition.  
 prevention. 3. Dividing, cutting. 4. The division of a book, a sec-  
 tion. 5. Space, interval. 6. Dissension, difference. 7. Interruption.  
 8. Termination. 9. Removal. E. वि before, कृद् to cut, aff. चण् ।  
 विष्वादक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) What separates, divides, cuts, &c. m. (-कः)  
 A sector, a cutter. E. वि before, कृद् to cut, क्त्वाट् aff. [क्त्वाट् aff.]  
 विष्वादन n. (-नः) Separating, severing, dividing. E. वि before, कृद् to cut,  
 विष्वादीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Divisible, to be divided or separated. E. वि  
 before, कृद् to cut, aff. णीयर् ।  
 विष्वात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Thrown or supplied off. 2. Fallen or devia-  
 ted from. 3. Neglecting. 4. Sloughed. E. वि before, च्युत fallen.  
 विष्वाति f. (-तिः or ती) 1. Decay, decline. 2. Separation. 3. Failure, mis-  
 carriage. 4. Deviation.

- विजि** (चौ हर) चौविजि r. 3rd cl. (वेवेकि, वेवेको) 1. To be distinct or separate, to differ. 2. To separate or divide, especially by reason; to judge, to distinguish, to discriminate. (चौ, ई.) चौविजौ r. 6th cl. (विजते, or usually with उद् prefixed उद्विजते) also r. 7th cl. (विनक्ति) 1. To fear, to be afraid. 2. To tremble with fear. 3. To shake or tremble. 4. To be agitated or distressed. With उद्, 1. To fear. 2. To be disgusted. 3. To be sorry. 4. To frighten. [man, people.]
- विजन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Private, lonely, solitary. E. वि privative, and जन विजनन n. (-नं) Birth, bearing, delivery. E. वि, जन् to be born, aff. छुट् ।
- विजनि** mfn. (तः-ता-तं) Born, begotten. E. वि, जन् to be born, aff. क्त ।
- विजन्मन्** m. (-न्म) A man born from a degraded Vais'ya. E. वि, जन्मन् birth.
- विजपिल** n. (-लं) Mud. E. विज + क पिल-क कर्म० ।
- विजय** m. (-यः) 1. Victory, triumph, conquest. 2. A name of ARJUN' A. 3. A divine car or chariot of the gods. 4. The father of the twenty-first Jina. 5. One of the persons named S'UKLA BA'LAS by the Jainas. 6. The god of Hades, YAMA. f. (-या) 1. An epithet of the goddess DURGA'. 2. One of the female friends or attendants of DURGA'. 3. One of the wives of YAMA. 4. Hemp, (Cannabis sativa,) or the tops of the plant used as a narcotic. 5. Yellow myrobalan, (Terminalia chebula.) 6. Orris root. 7. A peculiar lunar day; the third, eighth, or thirteenth of a fortnight; it is also applied to the tenth day of the light-half of the month A'shwin, (Sept.-Oct.) on which the image of DURGA', set up during the great festival in honour of her, is cast into the water. E. वि before, जि to conquer, aff. षच् । [elephant.]
- विजयकुञ्जर** m. (-रः) A royal or war-elephant. E. विजय victory, कुञ्जर an
- विजयकुन्द** m. (-न्दः) A kind of necklace, one of 504 rows or strings. E. विजय triumph, &c. and कुन्द covering, from छदि, aff. षच् ।
- विजयवन्दन** m. (-नः) A sovereign of the race of IKSHWA'KU. E. विजय victory or a proper name, and वन्दन the son. [drum.]
- विजयमहल** m. (-लः) A large military drum. E. विजय victory, महल a
- विजयमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Victorious, triumphant. E. वि before, जि to conquer, मानच् aff.
- विजयसिद्धि** f. (-दिः) Success, victory. E. विजय, सिद्धि accomplishment.
- विजयासप्तमी** f. (-मी) The seventh day of the light-half of a month falling on a Sunday. E. विजया victory, सप्तमी the seventh.
- विजयिन्** mfn. (-यो-यिनी-यि) Victorious, triumphant, conquering, a conqueror. E. विजय and इनि aff.
- विजयिन** n. (-नं) Sauce mixed with the water of boiled-rice; also विजिन.
- विजर** n. (-रः) A stalk.
- विजल** n. (-लं) Sauce, &c. mixed with rice-water or gruel. E. विज् to shake, aff. कलच्; also विजिल, विज्जन, &c.
- विजल्प** m. (-ल्पः) 1. Talk, speech. 2. A malicious speech.
- विजात** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Born severally. 2. Base-born, of mixed origin. 3. Transformed. f. (-ता) The mother of children, a matron. E. वि severally, जात born, (from whom.)
- विजाति** f. (-तिः) A different species or tribe. E. वि and जाति sort.
- विजातीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Of a different caste. 2. Of mixed origin. 3. Dissimilar, of a different sort or nature. E. वि, जाती caste, छ aff.
- विजानन्** mfn. (-न्-नन्ती-नन्) 1. Possessing various or extended knowledge. 2. Knowing, understanding. E. वि, ज्ञा to know, श्छ aff.
- विजिगीष** mfn. (-षः-या-यं) Desirous of victory, emulative, anxious to overcome or conquer, &c. E. वि before, जि to conquer, in the desiderative form, aff. षच् ।
- विजिगीषा** f. (-षा) Competition, emulation, wish to surpass, or subdue. E. जि to conquer, with वि prefixed, desid. v., षच्, and टाप् affs.
- विजिगीषु** mfn. (-युः-युः-युः) Desirous to conquer or overcome. m. (-युः) 1. A warrior. 2. An invader, an antagonist. 3. A disputant. 4. An opponent in general. &c. E. वि before, जि to conquer, desiderative form, उ aff.

- विजिगीषुविषु** mfn. (-युः-युः-युः) Wishing to excite to war. E. वि before, वि to take, desid. of the causal v., उ aff.
- विजिघृक्षु** mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षुः-क्षुः) Determined or wishing to encounter, oppose, fight with, overcome, &c. E. वि before, वि to take, desid. v., उ aff.
- विजित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Defeated, conquered. E. वि before, जित conquered.
- विजितवन्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Victorious, conquering. E. वि before, जि to conquer, क्तवत् aff. [तथ्य aff.]
- विजितव्य** mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) To be apprehended or feared. E. विज् to fear,
- विजितात्मन्** mfn. (-त्मा-त्मा-त्म) Self-subdued. E. विजित and आत्मन् self.
- विजिति** f. (-तिः or ती) Victory, conquest.
- विजिह्व** mfn. (-ता-ही-ह्व) Who or what separates, divides, &c. m. (-ता) 1. A judge, a discriminator, a distinguisher. 2. A partner or co-heir. E. विज् to separate, &c., aff. ह्वच् and षट् augment.
- विजिह्वेन्द्रिय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Of subdued organs or passions. E. विजित and इन्द्रिय an organ of sense.
- विजित्य** Ind. Having conquered. E. वि before, जि to conquer, क्तप् aff.
- विजिन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Mixed with rice-gruel, &c. (sauce or condiments.) E. विज् to shake, aff. षच् ।
- विजिल** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Mixed with rice-water or gruel, (sauce or condiments, &c.) E. विज् to shake, aff. षच् ।
- विजिलिख** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Mixed with rice-water, sauces, &c.
- विजिहीषा** f. (-षा) Wish or intention to take pleasure or sport. E. वि before, ह्व to take, desid. v., षच् and टाप् affs.
- विजिहीषु** mfn. (-युः-युः-युः) Wishing or speaking for sport or amusement. E. वि before, ह्व to take, desid. v., उ aff.
- विजिह्व** mfn. (-ह्वः-ह्वः-ह्वः) 1. Curved, bent. 2. Awry, crooked in mind or purpose, dishonest, depraved. E. वि privative, and जिह्व straight
- विजिह्वता** f. (-ता) 1. Crookedness. 2. Craftiness. E. विजिह्व and तल् aff.
- विजुल** m. (-लः) The silk cotton tree. E. विज-उलच् aff.
- विजुम्भ** n. (-म्भः) 1. Pastime, sport, especially amorous. 2. Budding, blossoming, expanding. 3. Yawning, gaping. 4. Exhibiting, displaying. E. वि before, जृम्भि to yawn, aff. ल्युट् ।
- विजुम्भित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Blossomed, expanded, opened, unfolded. 2. Yawning, gaping. 3. Sported, wantoned. n. (-तं) 1. Wish, desire. 2. Pastime, sport. E. वि before, जृम्भि to yawn or open, क्त aff.
- विजुह्व** mfn. (-ता-वी-ह्व) Victorious, a victor. E. वि, जि to conquer, ह्वच् aff.
- विज्जन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Mixed with rice-water or gruel, (sauce, gravy, &c.) : see विजिल; it is also occurs विज्जल । [An arrow.]
- विज्जल** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Mixed with rice-water, &c. : see विजिल. n. (-लं)
- विज्जुल** n. (-लं) Cinnamon. E. विज्ज उलच् aff. "दाहविनि ।"
- विज्ञ** mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञं) 1. Skilful, able, clever, conversant. 2. Wise, learned. E. वि implying separation, discrimination, ज्ञ who knows.
- विज्ञता** f. (-ता) Wisdom, learning. E. तल् added to the preceding, also with ल, विज्ञल । [causal v., क्त aff.]
- विज्ञप्त** mfn. (-प्तः-प्ता-प्तं) Stated, reported, represented. E. वि, ज्ञा to know,
- विज्ञप्ति** f. (-प्तिः) 1. Information, representation, respectful communication or information, or opinion on any subject. 2. An announcement. E. वि before, ज्ञा to know, causal form, aff. क्तिन् ।
- विज्ञवृद्धि** f. (-द्धिः) Indian spikenard.
- विज्ञात** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Celebrated, famous, known. 2. Known, understood. E. वि before, ज्ञा to know, aff. क्त ।
- विज्ञान** n. (-नं) 1. Knowledge, science, learning, worldly knowledge or wisdom, that which comprehends any subject, except an understanding of the true nature of God or BRAHMA, acquirable by abstract meditation and the study of the Vedas; it is also described as conversancy with the arts of painting, &c., and with books, as the Smṛiti-Shāstras or works on law, and other branches of science or literature. 2. Business, employment. 3. Music. E. वि implying variety, and ज्ञान knowledge.
- विज्ञानपाद** m. (-दः) An epithet of VYĀSA.

विज्ञानमाहिक m. (-कः) A name of BUDDHA, the founder of the Baud'dha religion. E. विज्ञान knowledge, माहिक parent.

विज्ञानिक mfn. (-कः-कौ-कं) Clever, skilful, conversant; also वैज्ञानिक. E. विज्ञान, ठक् aff.

विज्ञापक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what makes known. m. (-कः) 1. An informant. 2. An instructor. E. वि, ज्ञा to know, causal v., क् aff.

विज्ञापन n. (-नं) 1. Teaching, instruction, communication of knowledge not religious, &c. 2. Representing, informing. E. वि before, ज्ञा to know, causal form, aff. झुट्।

विज्ञापनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be made known, represented, taught, &c. E. वि before, ज्ञा to know, causal v., नीयर् aff.

विज्ञापित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Apprised, informed. 2. Instructed. E. वि before, ज्ञा to know, causal v., क्त aff.

विज्ञाय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Cognizable, comprehensible, what is to be or may be known or understood. E. वि implying discrimination, ज्ञा to know, यत् participle aff.

विज्वर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Exempt from decay. 2. Free from fever. E. वि, ज्वरा decay, or ज्वर fever. [भर्कर clanging.]

विमर्कर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Harsh, disagreeable, (as sound.) E. वि before, मर्कर.

विमर्क n. (-रं) The white of the eye.

विमर्ली f. (-ली) A line, a row, a range.

विट् r. 1st cl. (वेडति) 1. To sound. 2. To curse. (र) विटि r. 10th cl. (विटयति-ते) To decay.

विट m. (-टः) 1. A catamite, a pathic. 2. A rogue, a cheat. 3. An attendant on a dissolute character or courtesan, he is represented as on familiar terms with his associate and accomplished in the arts of singing and poetry. 4. A paramour, a gallant. 5. A mountain. 6. The Khayer-tree, (Mimosa catechu.) 7. A medicinal salt: see विडलवण. 8. A rat. 9. The orange tree. 10. A branch and its shoot. E. विट् to sound, aff. क।

विट् m. (-कः-कं) 1. A dove-cot, an aviary. 2. The highest point. E. वि variously, ट्कि to bind, aff. च्; also with कन् added विट्क।

विटप m. (-पः-पं) 1. The branch of a tree or creeper with its new sprout or shoot. 2. A new shoot. 3. A branch. 4. Expansion, spreading. 5. A clump, a cluster. 6. A bush. 7. The perineum or septum of the scrotum. m. (-पः) The keeper of pathics. E. विट a branch, &c., and पा to cherish, aff. क; or विट् to sound, Una'di aff. च्प, with the radical vowel unchanged.

विटपिन् m. (-पी) 1. A tree. 2. The large Indian fig-tree, (Ficus Indica.) E. विटप a branch or shoot, and इनि aff.

विटमाहिक m. (-कः) A kind of mineral: see माहिक।

विटलवण n. (-णं) A medicinal salt, see विट; also विटलवण।

विट f. (-टि: or टो) Yellow saunders.

विटकारिका f. (-का) A kind of bird, probably a variety of the Turdus Salica of Buchanan.) E. विट् from विट् faeces, कारिका working.

विटखदिर m. (-रः) A fetid Mimosa. E. विट् faeces, खदिर Mimosa catechu.

विटचर m. (-रः) The tame or village hog. E. विट् filth, &c. चर who goes.

विटपण्य n. (-ण्यं) Goods, merchandise. E. विट् a Vais'ya, पण्य wares.

विटपति m. (-तिः) 1. A son-in-law, a daughter's husband. 2. A head merchant. E. विट् a Vais'ya, &c., and पति master.

विटलवण n. (-णं) A fetid salt: see विड. E. विट् ordure, लवण salt.

विट्सक m. (-कः) Constipation. E. विट् and सक aggregate.

विटमारिका f. (-का) A bird, a sort of thrush; a variety of the bird, usually though inaccurately called Maina in Bengal. E. विट् faeces, सारिका the same bird, or another species of the same. "गुयेसारिका।"

विड mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Bad, vile, low. [To cry out against.]

विड् r. 1st cl. (वेडति) 1. To divide, to break. 2. To curse, to revile. 3.

विड् f. (-विड) A bit, a fragment. E. विड् to break, क्किप् aff.

विड n. (-डं) 1. Factitious salt, or salt procured by boiling soil found near the sea-shore, or any earth impregnated with saline particles.

2. A particular fetid kind of salt, used as a tonic aperient, commonly called black salt or Vit-lavan', prepared by fusing fossil-salt with a small portion of Emblic myrobalans; the produce is muriate of soda with small quantities of muriate of lime, sulphur and oxid of iron. 3. A part, a fracture, a bit. E. विड् to divide, aff. क।

विडगन्ध n. (-न्धं) The medicinal salt called Vit lavan': see the last. E. विड salt, गन्ध smell.

विडङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गा-ङ्गं) Clever, able, skilful, conversant. mn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गं) A vegetable and medicinal substance, considered of great efficacy as a vermifuge. E. विड् to break, to curse, Una'di aff. चङ्गच्।

विडम्ब m. (-म्बः) 1. Imitation. 2. Distressing, afflicting.

विडम्बन nf. (-नं-ना) 1. Afflicting, distressing. 2. Vexation, mortification. 3. Frustrating, rendering vain. 4. Imitation, copying, especially assuming a similar appearance or dress, disguise, masquerade. 5. Deception, fraud. 6. Ridiculousness. 7. The supernatural assumption of a borrowed form, transformation. E. वि before, डम्ब to heap, aff. झुट्।

विडम्बनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be distressed or annoyed. 2. To be assumed as a disguise. E. वि before, डम्ब to heap, चनीयर् aff.

विडम्बयत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्तौ-यन्त्) 1. Assuming, putting on, (as a borrowed dress or appearance. 2. Imitating. E. वि before, डम्ब to heap, aff. यत्।

विडम्बित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Low, poor, abject, distressed. 2. Vexed, mortified. 3. Assumed, put on, (as a borrowed form, &c.) simulated, transformed. 4. Copied, imitated. 5. Ridiculed, derided. 6. Deceived. E. वि before, डम्ब to heap, aff. क्त।

विडारक m. (-कः) A cat. E. See the next, the ल being changed to र।

विडाल m. (-लः) 1. cat. 2. The eye-ball. E. विड् to divide, to tear, (rats.) Una'di aff. कालन्; also with कन् added, विडालक, and ल being changed to र, विडारक।

विडालक n. (-कः) 1. Yellow orpiment. m. (-कः) 1. Application of ointment to the external part of the eye, especially to the eye-lids, of which the lashes have fallen off or been ulcerated. 2. A cat. E. कन् added to the last.

विडालपद m. (-पदः) A measure of weight, the same as the Karsha or weight of sixteen Māshas. E. विडाल a cat, पद the foot.

विडीन n. (-नं) One of the different modes of flight attributed to birds, imitative flight. E. वि severally, and डीन flying. [इत्तं।]

विडल m. (-लः) A sort of cano, (Calamus rotang.) E. विड-कुलन्। "वेतस विडुरज n. (-जं) The Lapis Lazuli.

विडीजस् m. (-जाः) A name of INDRA. E. विड् a fragment; (splitting mountains, &c. with his thunderbolt,) or विट् from विज् a Vais'ya, (here meaning a subject or man in general,) and जीजस् strength, splendour; also विडीजस्।

विड्यम् m. (-ड्यः) Constipation. E. विट् and यङ taking. [ज्ज horn.

विड्ज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Produced from ordure. n. (जं) A fungus. E. विट्।

विड्भव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Born or produced from ordure. E. विट्, भव born.

विड्भुज् mfn. (-भुजः) Feeding on ordure. E. विट् and भुज who eats.

विडलवण n. (-णं) A medicinal salt, commonly black salt, Vitlaban: see विड. E. विड् to divide, aff. क्किप्, and लवण salt; also विटलवण।

विडुराज m. (-जः) A village or tame hog. E. विट् faeces, वराज a hog.

वितंस m. (-सः) A cage, a net, a chain or any apparatus for confining beasts or birds. E. वि before, तंस to adorn, aff. चच्; also वीतंस।

वितण्ड m. (-ण्डः) 1. A sort of lock or bolt with three divisions or wards. 2. An elephant. f. (-ण्डा) 1. Controversy, argument, the subversion of another's opinion or interpretation and establishment of one's own. 2. Criticism. 3. An esculent root, (Arum colocasia.) 4. Benzoin or styrax. 5. The Oleander plant, (Nerium odorum.) 6. A ladle, a spoon. E. वि before, तण्ड to beat, affs. चच् and टप्।

वितत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Stretched, spread, expanded. 2. Pervaded,

diffused. 3. Lengthened. 4. Large, broad. 5. Covered. 6. Performed.  
 n. (-न्त) Any stringed instrument. ६. वि before, तन् stretched.  
 वितति f. (-तिः) 1. Spreading, expansion. 2. Quantity, collection. 3. A clump, a cluster, (of trees.) ६. वि before, तन् to stretch, क्तिन् aff.  
 विततीकरण n. (-च) Spreading, stretching. ६. वितत, करण making, चि् aug.  
 विततीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-न्) Stretched, spread, expanded. ६. वितत the same, कृत made, and चि् augment, leaving ई ।  
 वितत्य Ind. Having spread. ६. वि before, तन् to spread, छप् aff.  
 वितय mfn. (-चः-या-य) False, untrue, vain, futile. ६. वि implying reverse, तय true, चच् aff., and the semivowel rejected; or वि before, तन् to desire, यच् aff., and य rejected; also वितय f. (-या)  
 वितङ्ग f. (-ङ्गः) A name of a river, said to be situated in the Punja'b. ६. वि before, तन् to desire, aff. य and यच् augment.  
 वितन् mfn. (-तुः-वी-तु) Thin, graceful, delicate. ६. वि and तन् the same.  
 वितन् m. (-तुः) A good horse. f. (-तुः) A widow.  
 वितन्वत् mfn. (-न्व-न्व-न्व-न्व) Spreading, stretching, expanding. ६. वि before, तन् to stretch, व् aff.  
 वितमस् mfn. (-तः-माः-मः) 1. Light, free from darkness. 2. Exempt from the quality of ignorance. ६. वि privative, तमस darkness.  
 वितरण n. (-च) 1. Gift, donation. 2. Abandoning, quitting. 2. Passing, crossing. ६. वि implying privation, &c., and त् to cross, छुट् aff.  
 वितर्क m. (-र्कः) 1. Reasoning, disoussion. 2. Doubt, deliberation. 3. A teacher, an instructor in divine knowledge. 4. Consideration of probabilities, mental anticipation of alternatives, conjecture, ६. वि implying discrimination, &c., तर्क् to reason, aff. चच् ।  
 वितर्कण n. (-च) 1. Reasoning, discussion, whether mental or controversial, argument, reflection. 2. Apprehension, doubt. ६. वि before, तर्क् to reason, aff. छुट् ।  
 वितर्क्य Ind. Having deliberated, considered, &c. mfn. (-र्कः-र्का-र्क) Doubtful, questionable. ६. वि before, तर्क् to reason, छप् or यत् aff.  
 वितर्दि f. (-दिः or दी) 1. A quadrangular building, or sort of covered terrace of wood in the centre of the court-yard of a temple or palace. 2. A quadrangular resting place made of wood, a seat, a bench. 3. A place in a court-yard for sitting in or standing under. 4. A floor on four posts in the midst of a quadrangular house. 5. A temporary stage or shed in the middle of a court-yard, for performing sacrifices, representing plays, &c. 6. A terrace furnished with pillars, a varānda'h, a balcony. 7. A covered temporary terrace on which idols are sometimes placed and worshipped. ६. वि privative, तर्द् to injure, aff. वच्; also जीच् optionally added, and with कच् added in the fem. form वितर्दिक् ।  
 वितल n. (-लः) One of the seven divisions of Pa'ta'la, the second in descent below the earth. ६. वि before, तल् to be low, aff. चच् ।  
 वितला f. (-ला) Name of a river in the Punja'b, known to the Greeks as the Hydaspes and now called the Jhelum.  
 वितलि f. (-लिः) A long span measured by the extended thumb and little finger, considered equal to twelve fingers. ६. वि apart, तल् to throw, Una'di aff. लिच् ।  
 वितान mfn. (-नः-ना-न्) 1. Empty, pithless, sapless. 2. Empty, vacant. 3. Dull, stupid. 4. Wicked, abandoned. mn. (-नः-नः) 1. Spreading, expansion. 2. An awning, a canopy. 3. Sacrifice, offering, oblation. 4. The sacrificial hearth or hole in which the sacred fires are kept. 5. A heap, a quantity. 6. Season, opportunity. n. (-नः) 1. A form of the Anusht'ubh metre or verse of four lines of eight syllables each; each line of the stanza named Vita'na consists of two lambics, one Trochee, and one Spondee. 3. Leisure, rest, interval of occupation. ६. वि before, तन् to spread, aff. चच् ।  
 वितानक n. (-कः) 1. An awning, a canopy, especially a cloth spread over a large open hall or court, or any open space in which dancing singing, &c. are exhibited, at solemn or religious festivals. 2. A

heap, a quantity. 3. An expanse. ६. वच् added to the preceding.  
 वितानीकरण n. (-च) Covering, overspreading, (as a canopy.) ६. वितान करण making, चि् aug. [वितान, कृत made, चि् aug.]  
 वितानीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-न्) Spread or extended over, (as a canopy.) ६. वितानयमान mfn. (-नः-ना-न्) Being overspread, covered, shaded, &c. ६. वि before, तन् to stretch, पास. व., शानच् aff.  
 वितिष्ठमान mfn. (-चः-मा-न्) 1. Staying, being. 2. Fixed, stationary. 3. Permanent. ६. वि before, स्था to stay, शानच् aff.  
 वितोष mfn. (-षः-षा-ष) 1. Crossed over, overpassed. 2. Subdued, overcome. 3. Effaced, rubbed out. 4. Conferred, bestowed. 5. Afforded, yielded. 6. Conveyed. ६. वि before, त् to cross, ऋ aff.  
 वितुष n. (-षः) 1. A potherb, (Marsilia quadrifolia.) 2. An aquatic plant (Vallisneria octandra.) ६. वि privative, तुष pained; allaying pain.  
 वितुषक m. (-कः) A plant, (Flacourtia cataphranta.) n. (-कः) 1. Coriander seed. 2. Blue vitriol. ६. वच् added to the last.  
 वितुष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) Displeased, dissatisfied. ६. वि priv., तुष्ट pleased.  
 विदय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Content, satisfied, free from any desire. ६. वि priv., दय thirst. [Cupidity.]  
 विदयता f. (-ता) 1. Satiety, satisfaction. 2. Content. ६. वि priv., दयता विच r. 10th cl. (विचयति-ते) To quit, to abandon, especially by giving away, to give alms; according to some, also (विचापयति-ते) ।  
 विच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Judged, investigated, examined, discussed. 2. Known, famous. 3. Gained, acquired. n. (-च) 1. Wealth, property, thing, substance. 2. Power. ६. विद् to know, to discuss, to acquire, aff. क्, form irr.; विच्यते स्वयन्ते विच-चच् । [wealth, द who gives.]  
 विचद m. (-दः) A benefactor, one who gives away property. ६. वि विचयत् mfn. (-यन्-यती-यत्) Rich, wealthy. ६. विच and यत् aff.  
 विचहीन mfn. (-नः-ना-न्) Poor, indigent. ६. विच and हीन void of.  
 विचि f. (-चिः) 1. Discussion, discrimination, judgment, investigation. 2. Knowledge. 3. Gain, acquisition. 4. Livelihood. ६. विद् to know, &c., aff. क्तिन् ।  
 विचेष्टा f. (-ष्टा) Cupidity, avarice. ६. विच, ईष्टा wish. [to fear, aff. क्तिन्]  
 विचक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Frightened, alarmed, afraid. ६. वि before, च विचास m. (-सः) Fear, alarm. ६. वि before, चास fear.  
 विचन m. (-नः) An ox, a bull.  
 विच. (च) विद् r. 1st cl. (विचते) To ask or beg.  
 विचुर m. (-रः) 1. A thief. 2. An imp, a demon. ६. चय to fear, Una'di aff. चरच्, the semivowel changed to र, and that unaltered.  
 विद्या f. (-या) A plant, commonly Gojihwa'.  
 विद् r. 2nd cl. (विदि वेद) 1. To know. 2. To look upon, to take for, to consider. With नि prefixed, To be sad or depressed. With वच्. (चदिने) To meditate, to know, to gain holy knowledge by abstract meditation. r. 4th cl. (विद्यते) To be, to exist, to be present, to exist actually. r. 7th cl. (विन्ते) 1. To consider, to reason. 2. To understand. 3. To regard, to take for. 4. To discuss. r. 10th cl. (विदयते) 1. To be sensible. 2. To know. 3. To declare, to describe or explain; (in this sense नि is usually prefixed.) 4. To dwell, to inhabit. 5. To be fixed or steady. 6. To suffer pain. With नि, or वि and नि prefixed, To deliver, to impart or communicate. With प्रनि. To deliver, to give. (चो लु) चो विदच् r. 6th cl. (विद्वि-ते) 1. To gain, to get, to acquire or possess. 2. To find. 3. To experience. 4. To marry. With चच्, To feel. With परि, To marry first.  
 विद् m. (-विन्) 1. Who or what knows. 2. A learned man. 3. The planet mercury. f. (-विन्) Knowledge, understanding. ६. विद् to know, विच् aff.  
 विदंश m. (-शः) Pungent food that excites thirst. ६. वि + दन्श्-चच् aff. "चादनि ।"  
 विदय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. O clever, shrewd, knowing. 2. Sharp, witty. 3. Intriguing. 4. Undigested. 5. Burnt. m. (-यः) 1. A libertine, a Panlecher, an intriguer. 2. A learned or clever man, a scholar, a Pandit f. (-यः) A sharp knowing woman. ६. वि before, दच् to burn, aff. क्तिन् ।

विद्वत्ता f. (-ता) Sharpness, shrewdness, cleverness, wit. *z.* तत् aff. of the abstract, added to the last; also with the aff. ल, विद्वत्त्वम् ।

विद्वन् mfn. (-द्वन्-द्वती-द्वन्) Wise, intelligent, learned, knowing. *z.* विद् to know, aff. लृट् ।

विद्वन् m. (-न्) 1. A wise or learned man, a sage, a scholar. 2. A saint, a devotee. *z.* विद् to know, Una'di aff. वयच् and the radical vowel unchanged. [to have, वयच् aff.]

विद्वन् mfn. (-द्वन्-द्वती-द्वन्) Having, wearing, assuming. *z.* वि before, वा विद्वन् m. (-न्) Tearing, rending. *n.* (-न्) The Indian prickly-pear, (Cactus Indicus.) "कलिनमखम्" *z.* वि before, ह to tear, aff. वयच् or वयच्.

विद्वन् mf. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) A district and city to the south-west of Bengal, the modern Bada-Nágpur or Bera'r proper. *m.* (-न्) Any dry or desert soil. *z.* वि privative, and द्वन् the sacred grass; not growing in that country in consequence of the curse of a saint, whose son had died of a wound from a blade of the grass.

विद्वन्ता f. (-ता) 1. The wife of the saint AGASTYA. 2. DAMAYANTI the wife of NALA, and heroine of the Naishada or poem so called. 3. RUKMINI, the wife of KRISHNA. *z.* विद्वन् the country, and ज born.

विद्वन् mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) 1. Opened, expanded, blown, (as a flower, &c.) 2. Rent, split. *n.* (-न्) 1. A shallow basket made of split bamboos, a vessel of wicker work. 2. Split peas. 3. Pomegranate bark. 4. The cuttings or chips of any substance, that which has been pared or split. *m.* (-न्) 1. Dividing, separating. 2. A cake. 3. Mountain-ebony, (Bauhinia variegata, &c.) *z.* वि before, दत्त tearing, &c.

विद्वन् n. (-न्) Rending asunder, cutting, splitting.

विद्वन् mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) Rent, torn, split. 2. Blown, expanded, (as a flower.) *z.* वि before, दत्त to tear, लृट् aff. [वि augment.]

विद्वन्करण n. (-न्) Rending, dividing. *z.* विद्वन्, and करण making, with विद्वन्करित mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) 1. Divided, separated. 2. Cut, split, torn, broken. *z.* विद्वन् dividing, कृत made, वि augment.

विद्वन्मान mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) Being bitten. *z.* वि before, दत्त to bite, pass. v., ज्ञानच् aff. [know, ज्ञानच् and टाच् aff.]

विद्वन् f. (-ता) 1. Knowledge. 2. Intellect, understanding. *z.* विद् to विद्वन् m. (-न्) 1. Tearing, rending. 2. War, battle. 3. An inundation, an overflow, the rising of a river or pond above its banks. *f.* (-न्) 1. A plant, (Hedysarum gangeticum.) 2. A climbing plant, (Ipomoea paniculata.) 3. Bubo, swelling in the groin, &c. *z.* वि before, ह to tear, to divide, aff. वयच् ।

विद्वन् m. (-न्) 1. A divider, a render or tearer. 2. A tree or rock in the middle of a stream, dividing its course. 3. A hole or pit for water sunk in the bed of a dry river, &c. *f.* (-न्) 1. A plant, (Hedysarum alhagi.) 2. A bubo. *z.* वि before, ह to divide, aff. वयच् ।

विद्वन् n. (-न्) 1. Tearing, breaking, splitting, severing, dividing. 2. Paining, afflicting. 3. Killing, slaughter. *mf.* (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) War, battle. *m.* (-न्) A tree, (Pterospermum acerifolium.) *z.* वि before, ह to tear, aff. वयच् । [हृ to tear, वयच् aff.]

विद्वन् mfn. (-द्वन्-द्वी-द्वी) Tearing, rending, dividing. *z.* वि before, विद्वन् mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) Torn, split, broken. *z.* वि before, ह to tear, लृट् aff.

विद्वन्ता f. (-ता) A plant, (Hedysarum gangeticum.) "आलपाणि" विद्वन् m. (-न्) A lizard. *z.* वि before, ह to tear, लृट् aff.

विद्वन् Ind. Having torn or rent. *z.* वि, ह to tear, लृट् aff. [वयच् aff.]

विद्वन् m. (-न्) 1. Heat, burning. 2. Pungency. *z.* वि before, दत्त to burn, विद्वन् mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) 1. Burning, hot. 2. Pungent, acrid. *z.* वि before, दत्त to burn, aff. वयच् । [वयच् handsome.]

विद्वन् m. (-न्) A sort of bird. *z.* विद्वन् a point of the compass, विद्वन् mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) 1. Known, understood. 2. Promised, agreed, assented. 3. Represented, submitted, solicited. 4. Apprised, informed, who or what knows. *m.* (-न्) A sage, a learned man. *n.* (-न्) Information, representation. *z.* विद् to know, &c., aff. लृट् ।

विद्वन् Ind. Having known or promised. *z.* विद् to know, लृट् aff.

विद्वन् f. (-द्वी) An intermediate point of the compass. *z.* वि implying separation, and द्वि a quarter.

विद्वन् f. (-ता) Name of a river in Ma'lava.

विद्वन् mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) 1. Torn, split, burst or broken. 2. Expanded, opened. *z.* वि before, ह to tear, aff. लृट्, form irr.

विद्वन्ता f. (-ता) Being torn, split, broken, out, &c. *z.* वि before, ह to rend, pass. v., ज्ञानच् aff.

विद्वन् m. (-न्) 1. The hollow between the frontal globes of an elephant. 2. The hippopotamus. *z.* विद् to know, (the goad,) aff. वयच्; with वयच् विद्वन् mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) Wise, knowing, intelligent. *m.* (-न्) 1. A liber-

vine, an intriguer. 2. A learned or clever man. 3. The younger brother and counsellor of DHRTARA'SHTRA. *z.* विद् to know, वयच् aff.

विद्वन् m. (-न्) 1. A sort of reed, (Calamus rotang;) also the same growing in water, (C. fasciculatus.) 2. Gum-myrrh. *z.* विद् to know, aff. वयच् ।

विद्वन् mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) 1. Agitated, distressed. *z.* वि, हृ to distress, लृट् aff.

विद्वन् mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) Very far or remote. *m.* (-न्) Name of a mountain whence the Lapis Lazuli is brought. *z.* वि intervening, दूर distant.

विद्वन् mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) Spreading, going far or wide. *z.* वि before, दूर far, remote, and न what goes.

विद्वन् n. (-न्) The Lapis Lazuli. [mountain.]

विद्वन् m. (-न्) The name of a mountain. *z.* विद्वन् remote, and वयच् a विद्वन् mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) 1. Facetious, witty, a wag, a jester. 2. Cen-

sorious, detracting, a detractor or abuser of other people. *m.* (-न्) 1. An actor, especially an interlocutor with the audience between the acts or scenes, a jester, a buffoon. 2. (In dramatic language,) The humble and jocular companion of the principal character. 3. A catamite. *f.* (-न्) Corrupting, contaminating. *z.* वि before, दूष् to be or make bad, aff. लृट् ।

विद्वन् n. (-न्) 1. Censuring, reviling, abuse, satire. 2. Corruption. *z.* वि before, दूष् to make bad or faulty, aff. लृट् ।

विद्वन् m. (-न्) 1. A foreign country, abroad. 2. Any place away from home. *z.* वि variety, देश place or country.

विद्वन् mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) Gone abroad. *z.* विद्वन् and नत्त gone.

विद्वन् m. (-न्) Travelling, going abroad. *z.* विद्वन्, गन्त going.

विद्वन् mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) Foreign, exotic. *z.* विद्वन्, ज born. [what stays.]

विद्वन् mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) Who or what remains abroad. *z.* विद्वन्, लृट् aff.

विद्वन् mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) Foreign, foreigner, exotic. *z.* विद्वन्, वयच् aff.

विद्वन् mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) Incorporeal, without body. *m.* (-न्) A sovereign of the family of JANAKA, king of Mithila. *f.* (-न्) A district in the province of Beha'r, the same as the ancient Mithila, or the modern Tirhut. *z.* वि privative, and द्वि the body.

विद्वन् mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) 1. Pierced, perforated. 2. Thrown, cast, directed, sent. 3. Like, resembling. 4. Opposed, impeded. 5. Beaten, whipped. *m.* (-न्) A tree, (Echites scholaris.) *n.* (-न्) A wound. *z.* विष् to pierce, or वयच् to beat, aff. लृट् ।

विद्वन् mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) Having the ears pierced or slit. *mf.* (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) A plant, commonly A kauádi, (Cissampelos hexandra, Rox.) *z.* विद्वन् pierced, and कर्ण the ear; also in the latter sense, with कर्ण added विद्वन्कर्ण; also चविद्वन्कर्ण, &c.

विद्वन् mfn. (-न्-द्वी-द्वी) 1. Being present or in existence. 2. Actual, real, in possession, (as property.) *z.* विद् to be, 4th cl. and ज्ञानच् aff.

विद्या f. (-या) 1. Knowledge, learning, science, whether sacred or profane, though more especially the former: it is sometimes classed into fourteen divisions; viz:—the four Védas; the six Angas, or gram-

mar, astronomy, &c.; the Pura'nas as the eleventh class; and the Mima'nsá or theology, Nya'ya or logic, and Dharma or law, as the remaining three. 2. The goddess DURGA. 3. A tree, (Premna spinosa.) 4. A magical pill or bolus, by putting which into the mouth a person has the power of ascending to heaven. 5. Spell, incantation. *z.* विद् to know, aff. वयच् ।

विद्याकर mfn. (-रः-तो-रः) Giving wisdom or science. m. (-रः) A learned man. E. विद्या, कर what makes, or आकर a mine; see विद्याधर।  
 विद्यागम m. (-नः) Acquirement of knowledge. E. विद्या, आगम coming.  
 विद्यावत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Famous for learning or knowledge. E. विद्या knowledge, and वत् aff. in this particular meaning; also विद्यावन।  
 विद्यावृत् mfn. (-वृः-वृ-वृ) Famous for knowledge. E. विद्या knowledge, and वृत् aff. implying celebrity. [for writing out].  
 विद्यादल m. (-लः) The Bhurja-patra tree. E. विद्या, दल a leaf; being used  
 विद्यादान n. (-नः) Giving knowledge or science. E. विद्या, दान giving.  
 विद्यादेवी f. (-वी) A female divinity, one of a class of sixteen peculiar apparently to the mythological system of the Jains. E. विद्या science, देवी a goddess; a goddess of learning or science, a muse.  
 विद्याधन n. (-नः) Property acquired by science, as by instruction, &c. E. विद्या knowledge, and धन wealth.  
 विद्याधर m. (-रः) A demigod of a particular order or class, a spirit of the air. E. विद्या a magical pill, as above, and धर who has or holds.  
 विद्यानुपालनं n. (-नः) 1. Patronising learning. 2. Studying, acquiring learning. E. विद्या and अनुपालन encouraging.  
 विद्यानुपालिन् mfn. (-ल्लो-ल्लि-ल्लि) Studied, acquiring or having acquired learning. E. विद्या and अनुपालिन् who prosecutes. [suing].  
 विद्यानुसेवन n. (-नः) Cultivating science or learning. E. विद्या, अनुसेवन pur-  
 विद्यानुसेविन् mfn. (-वी-वि-वि) Cultivating learning, engaged in study. E. विद्या and अनुसेविन् addicted to.  
 विद्याप्राप्ति f. (-तिः) 1. Acquirement of knowledge. 2. Acquisition made by or through learning. E. विद्या and प्राप्ति gain.  
 विद्याभ्यास m. (-सः) Study, diligent application. E. विद्या, अभ्यास exercise.  
 विद्यार्जन n. (-नः) 1. Acquiring knowledge. 2. Acquiring anything by knowledge, as by teaching, &c. E. विद्या, अर्जन gaining.  
 विद्यार्जित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Gained by or through knowledge. E. विद्या, अर्जित obtained.  
 विद्यार्थ m. (-र्थः) Seeking for knowledge. E. विद्या and अर्थ object.  
 विद्याचिन् mfn. (-चिन्-चिन्-चिन्) Seeking for knowledge. m. (-चिन्) A pupil, a student. E. विद्यार्थ and चिन् aff. [gained].  
 विद्यालभ mfn. (-लभः-लभ-लभ) Gained by or through learning. E. विद्या, लभ  
 विद्यालय m. (-यः) A school, a college. E. विद्या and आलय a house.  
 विद्यालान m. (-नः) 1. Acquisition of learning. 2. Acquirement by or through learning. E. विद्या and लान gain.  
 विद्यावत् mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Learned, possessed of learning or science. E. विद्या learning, and वत् poss. aff.  
 विद्याविशिष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्ट-ष्ट) Possessed of learning or science. E. विद्या, विशिष्ट endowed with. [prived of].  
 विद्याविहीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Ignorant, uninstructed. E. विद्या, विहीन de-  
 विद्याव्रतज्ञातक m. (-कः) The Brāhmana who has finished his studies and period of studentship. E. विद्या, व्रत a religious obligation, ज्ञातक a householder. [E. विद्या, ज्ञातक a householder].  
 विद्याज्ञातक m. (-कः) The student who has finished his religious studies.  
 विद्याहीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Ignorant, uninstructed. E. विद्या, हीन void of.  
 विद्युत् f. (-द्युत्) 1. Lightning. 2. A thunderbolt. E. विद्युत् intensive or privative, and द्युत् light, lustre, aff. क्त्वा।  
 विद्युत्प्रिय n. (-यः) Bell-metal. E. विद्युत् lightning, and प्रिय beloved.  
 विद्युत्लत् mfn. (-लत्-लत्-लत्) Having or containing lightning, electrical, (a cloud, &c.) E. विद्युत् lightning and लत् aff.  
 विद्युत्क्षता f. (-ता) Zigzag lightning. E. विद्युत् and क्षता a creeper.  
 विद्यातन f. (-नः) 1. Illuminating. 2. Illustrating. [शानच् aff.].  
 विद्योत्तमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Shining, blazing. E. वि before, द्युत् to shine,  
 विद्योपाजन n. (-नः) Acquisition of knowledge. E. विद्या, उपाजन collecting.  
 विद्योपाजित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Acquired by or through learning, &c. E. विद्या and उपाजित obtained.  
 विद्रु n. (-द्रु) 1. A hole, a chasm. 2. Piercing, perforating. E. विद् to pierce, aff., रुन् form irr.; or वि before, द्रा to sleep, aff. क।

विद्रुधि m. (-धिः) Phlegmonoid inflammation; especially deep-seated, or internal abscess. E. विद्रु piercing, धा to have, क्त्वा aff.  
 विद्रुधिनान्न m. (-नः) A tree, (Hyperanthera Morunga.) E. विद्रुधि bile or abscess, नाशन destroying, discussing.  
 विद्रव m. (-वः) 1. Flight, escape, retreat. 2. Fear, agitation, panic. 3. Intellect, understanding. 4. Censure, abuse, reproof. 5. Liquefaction. 6. Flowing out, oozing. E. वि before, द्रु to fly, aff. च्त्वा।  
 विद्राव f. (-वा) Awakened.  
 विद्राव m. (-वः) 1. Flight, retreat, running away. 2. Liquefaction. E. वि before, द्रु to go, causal v., aff. च्त्वा।  
 विद्रावक mfn. (-कः-विका-क) 1. Liquefying, causing to flow or melt. 2. Driving away. E. वि before, द्रु to flow, &c., causal v., क्त्वा aff.  
 विद्रावण n. (-णः) 1. Causing to flow or melt, fusing. 2. Driving away, chasing, defeating. E. वि before, द्रु to run, &c., causal v., क्त्वा aff.  
 विद्रावित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Liquefied, fused. 2. Driven away, put to flight. E. वि before, द्रु to flow, &c., causal v., क्त्वा aff.  
 विद्रुत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Liquid, liquefied, fluid as an oily or metallic substance upon being heated. 2. Flown, fled. 3. Running, going fast. 4. Agitated, alarmed. E. वि before, द्रु to ooze, &c., aff. क्त्वा।  
 विद्रुम m. (-मः) 1. Coral. 2. A tree bearing precious gems. 3. A young sprout or shoot. E. वि implying species, द्रुम a tree. [creeper].  
 विद्रुमलता f. (-ता) A sort of vegetable perfume. E. विद्रुम coral, लता a  
 विद्रुमलत् mfn. (-लत्-लत्-लत्) Less learned, a little learned. E. विद्रुम learned and कल्प् aff. of diminution or inferiority; also with the similar affs. द्रुमयर् and द्रुम्य, विद्रुमयर् and विद्रुम्य।  
 विद्रुम् mfn. (-द्रुम्-द्रुम्-द्रुम्) 1. Intelligent, wise. 2. Learned. m. (-द्रुम्) A sage, a seer, one who knows the true nature of the soul and of God. E. विद् to know, क्त्वा aff. in lieu of द्रुत, the usual affix of the present participle.  
 विद्रुम् mfn. (-द्रुम्) An enemy. E. वि before, विद् to hate, क्त्वा aff.  
 विद्रुम् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Hating, adverse, inimical. m. (-वः) An enemy. E. वि before, विद् to hate, aff. क।  
 विद्रुम् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Hated, disliked. E. वि before, विद् to hate, क्त्वा aff.  
 विद्रुम् m. (-वः) Enmity, hatred. E. वि before, विद् to hate, aff. च्त्वा।  
 विद्रुम् m. (-वः) A hater. n. (-वः) Causing hatred or enmity. E. वि + विद्-क्त्वा aff.  
 विद्रुम्पणी f. (-णी) A woman of a resentful temperament.  
 विद्रुम् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Inimical, hostile, hating. m. (-वः) An enemy. E. विद्रुम् enmity, वृत् aff. [विद्रुम् to hate, वृत् aff.].  
 विद्रुम् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Who or what hates, adverse, inimical. E. वि  
 विद्रु. r. 6th cl. (विद्रु) 1. To administer, to govern, to rule or command. 2. To pierce, to perforate. 3. To divide. 4. To honour or worship.  
 विद्रु mf. (-वः-वा) 1. Form, formula, rule. 2. Manner, kind, sort. 3. Fodder, the food of horses, elephants, &c. 4. Prosperity, thriving. 5. Hire, wages. 6. Act, action. 7. Piercing. E. वि before, धा to have, aff. क or च्त्वा, and fem. aff. टाप्; or विद् to rule, &c., aff. क or च्त्वा; the masculine form, though it does occur, is not common, except in composition, when the word is used attributively, as विद्रुवि of two sorts. mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) &c.  
 विद्रुव n. (-नः) Shaking, trembling. E. वि before, वृ to shake, aff. क्त्वा।  
 विद्रुवा f. (-वा) A widow. E. वि privative, वृ a husband.  
 विद्रुवागामिन् m. (-मी) One who has intercourse with a widow. E. विद्रुवा and गामिन् who approaches, (carnally.)  
 विद्रुवाविदन n. (-नः) Marrying a widow. E. विद्रुवा, आविदन marrying.  
 विद्रुव्य n. (-व्यः) Trembling, tremor. E. वि before, वृ to shake, aff. क्त्वा।  
 विद्रुम् m. (-वः) BRAHMA'. E. वि severally or every kind, धा to have, Una'di aff. च्त्वा, and the radical vowel dropped.  
 विद्रुम् mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यः) 1. To be done or performed. 2. To be done according to rule, to be observed as a rite or ceremony. 3. To be ruled or regulated. E. वि before, धा to have, तव्य aff.



विशद m. (-ता) 1. BRAHMA'. 2. Love or KA'NA'. 3. Fate. E. वि severally, चा to have or contain, (all things,) aff. टच्।

विशद m. (-यः) NA'KADA, the Muni and son of BRAHMA'. E. विशद BRAHMA', भू offspring, क्तिप् aff.

विशद m. (-यः) 1. The sun-flower. 2. Sun shine. [डोच्।

विशद f. (-नी) Long-pepper. E. वि before, चा to have, टच् aff., fem. aff.

विधान n. (-नं) 1. Act, action, general or particular, though more especially the performance of such acts or rites as are prescribed in the sacred books of the Hindus. 2. Rule, precept, ordinance, injunction. 3. An elephant's fodder. 4. Form, mode, manner. 5. Sending, ordering. 6. Means, expedient. 7. Wealth. 8. Worship. 9. Active enmity or act of hostility. 10. Gaining, getting, taking. 11. Conflict or contrast of opposite feelings. 12. (In grammar.) Affixing, prefixing, taking as an affix, &c. 13. Pain, sorrow, distress. 14. Arranging, disposing. 15. Creating, forming. 16. Doing, performing, using. 17. Enjoying, prescribing. E. वि before, चा to have, aff. क्त्।

विधान n. (-नं) Pain. E. वि before, चा to have, क्त् aff., कन् added.

विधान m. (-नः) A Pan'dit, a wise or learned man or teacher. E. विधान action, the performance of those acts prescribed by the Sha's'tras, and ग who goes or performs.

विधान m. (-नः) A Pan'dit, &c. : see the last. E. विधान, ज्ञ who knows.

विधान Ind. Having taken, assumed, put on, placed, &c. E. वि before, चा to have, क्त् aff.

विधायक mfn. (-कः-विधा-क) Consigning, delivering, one who entrusts or deposits anything, or causes it to be fixed or secure. 2. Arranging, disposing. 3. Doing, performing. 4. Enjoining. E. वि before, चा to have, (causal form,) aff. क्त्।

विधायक n. (-नं) 1. Consignment or delivery of anything, making anything firm or secure. E. क्त् added to the last.

विधायिन् mfn. (-यी-विना-यि) 1. Causing, occasioning, making. 2. Placing, fixing, securing. 3. Delivering, entrusting. 4. Establishing as a rule or law. E. वि before, चा to have, causal form, aff. क्त्।

विधाय n. (-यः) Shaking, agitation. E. वि before, घृ to shake, क्त् aff.

विधास्य mfn. (-स्य-स्यता-स्य) 1. Purposing or willing to do, make, cause, &c. 2. Intending to direct, enjoin, prescribe, &c. वि before, चा to have, श्च् aff., in the future tense.

विधि m. (-धिः) 1. A sacred precept, an act or rite prescribed by the Vedas, for effecting certain consequences. 2. Rule, form, formula. 3. Fate, luck, destiny. 4. BRAHMA'. 5. Time. 6. Order, injunction, command. 7. A name of VISHN'U. 8. Act, action, general or particular. 9. A text, a sentence in some authority of law or religion, prescribing any particular act or observance. 10. Kind, sort, manner. 11. Fodder, food for elephants or horses. 12. A sacred work, a Sha's'tra, scripture, the law, (by metonymy.) 13. Creation. 14. A physician. E. वि before, चा to have ; or विधु to rule, aff. क्त्।

विधि mfn. (-धी-धी-धि) Who or what deviates from, disregards, or disturbs rules or modes of proceeding. E. विधि, धि what destroys.

विधि mfn. (-धि-धा-धि) Who or what knows the prescribed mode, form, &c. m. (-धः) A Bra'hmana who knows the ritual. E. विधि and धि who knows.

विधित Ind. According to rule. E. विधि and त्सि aff.

विधित f. (-ता) Wish to do or make, design, purpose, desire. E. वि before, चा to have, desid. v., क्त् and टाप् affs.

विधित mfn. (-यः-य-य) Wishing to make, produce, &c. E. वि before, चा to have, desid. v., क्त् aff.

विधिदक्ष m. (-क्षः) A priest whose business at a sacrifice is to see that every thing is done according to the prescribed rules, and to correct any deviation from them. E. विधि a sacred precept, and दक्षिन् who sees ; also विधिदक्ष, &c.

विधिदक्ष m. (-क्षः) A priest who corrects errors at a sacrifice ; see the last. E. विधि the proper form, and दक्षिन् who shews.

विधिपूर्वक n. (-कः) Adv. After or according to rule. E. विधि, पूर्वक prior.

विधिप्रवीण m. (-नः) Acting upon or in conformity to a rule, &c. E. विधि and प्रवीण application. [association.]

विधिप्रसङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) Application of or acting upon a rule. E. विधि, प्रसङ्ग

विधियज्ञ m. (-जः) A ceremonial act of worship. E. विधि, यज्ञ sacrifice.

विधियोग m. (-नः) 1. The occurrence of predestined events. 2. Combination for any act or rite. E. विधि and योग union, accession.

विधिवत् Ind. Agreeable to rule, conformably to established ordinances. E. विधि a precept, and वत् aff. [abandoned.]

विधिहीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Unauthorised, irregular. E. विधि and हीन विधीयमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Being defined, enjoined, directed, &c. E. वि before, चा to have, pass. v., क्त् aff.

विधु m. (-धुः) 1. The moon. 2. VISHN'U. 3. Camphor. 4. A name of BRAHMA'. 5. A Rakshasa, a goblin. 6. An expiatory oblation. E. क्त् to pain or hurt, Unádi, aff. क्त्, and the semivowel changed.

विधुचय m. (-यः) The wane of the moon. E. विधु and चय decay.

विधुत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Left, abandoned, relinquished. 2. Shaken, trembling. E. वि before, घृ to tremble, aff. क्त् : see विधुत।

विधुति f. (-तिः) Shaking, trembling. E. वि before, घृ to agitate, aff. क्त्।

विधुन n. (-नं) Tremor, trembling. E. वि before, घृ in the 10th cl., to shake, aff. क्त्, and the vowel short, or वि + घृ-विधु-नक्त् ; also विधुन।

विधुन m. (-नः) RA'NU, the personified ascending node. E. विधु the moon, नु to torment, aff. खन् or क्त्, and the nasal inserted, the cause of the moon's eclipse. [अह aff.]

विधुन्त mfn. (-न्-न्ता-न्त) Shaking, tossing. E. वि before, घृ to agitate, विधुपिस्त्र m. (-रः) A cimeter, a sabre.

विधुप्रिया f. (-या) A lunar mansion ; in mythology, personified as a nymph, the daughter of DAKSHA, and wife of CHANDRA or the moon. E. विधु the moon, and प्रिया the beloved.

विधुर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Agitated, distressed, overcome with anxiety, distress, &c. 2. Bewildered, confused, (with fear, liquor, &c.) 3. Separate, absent from a mistress or lover. 4. Destitute of, free from. 5. Hostile, adverse. m. (-रः) A widower. n. (-रः) 1. Separation. 2. Agitation of mind from terror or distress, &c. f. (-रा) Cards mixed up with sugar and spices. E. वि before, घृ a loud, &c. aff. क्त्। [and उवङ् ang.]

विधुन n. (-नं) Trembling, tremor. E. वि before, घृ to agitate, क्त् aff.

विधुत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Shaken. 2. Trembling, tremulous. 3. Unsteady. 4. Abandoned. 5. Tossed, waving. E. वि before, घृ to agitate, aff. क्त्।

विधुति f. (-तिः) Shaking, agitation, tremor. E. वि, घृ to shake, aff. क्त्।

विधुन n. (-नं) Shaking, trembling. E. वि before, घृ to agitate, aff. क्त्।

विधुनत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Shaken, literally or figuratively, agitated, alarmed. 2. Harassed, annoyed. E. वि before, घृ to shake, 10th cl., aff. क्त्।

विधु Ind. Having shaken, shaking, trembling. E. वि before, घृ to shake,

विधुयमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Being shaken, shaking, waving, agitated. E. वि before, घृ to shake, pass. v., क्त् aff.

विधुत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Seized, held. 2. Withheld, restrained. 3. Having, possessing, assumed, taken. n. (-तः) 1. Disregard of an injunction or desire. 2. Dissatisfaction. E. वि before, घृ held.

विधेय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Compliant, tractable, governable. 2. To be done, what is or ought to be practised. 3. Proper to be enjoined as a rule or law. 4. To be predicated. m. (-यः) A servant. n. (-यः) The predicate of a sentence. E. वि before, घृ to have, यत् aff.

विधेयता f. (-ता) 1. Necessary or proper act or conduct. 2. Docility, submission. 3. Fitness or enactment as a rule or law. E. तन् added to the last ; also with त्, विधेयत्।

विधेयपद n. (-स) An affair to be done, an object to be accomplished. E. विधेय, पद place. [विधेय, मां seeking.]  
 विधेयमागै n. (-गै) Attempting or seeking to do any necessary act. E. विधेयमागै m. (-गै) Imperfect or inadequate expression of the predicate, giving a subordinate position to the predicate, (considered as a fault of composition.) [सद्व्य. aff.]  
 विध्वत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Piercing, striking, killing. E. यच् to pierce, विध्वत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Being pierced, struck, wounded, &c. E. यच् to pierce, pass. v., हानच् aff.  
 विध्वंस m. (-सः) 1. Aversion, disrespect, enmity, dislike. 2. Offence, insult. 3. Destruction. E. वि before, ध्वस् to fall, aff. यच् ।  
 विध्वंसिन् mfn. (-सी-यिनी-सि) 1. Hostile, adverse. 2. Destroying. E. वि before, ध्वस् to fall, विध्वंसिन् aff. [3. Tossed up.]  
 विध्वस्त f. (-स्त) Adj. 1. Ruined, destroyed. 2. Obscured, darkened. विध्वस्त mfn. (-स्त-ता-तं) 1. Bent, bowed, stooping. 2. Crooked, curved. 3. Humble, modest. 4. Sunk down, depressed. f. (-स्त) 1. The wife of KAS'YAPA, and mother of ARUN'A and GARUD'A. 2. A sort of basket. E. वि before, नस् to bow, aff. क ।  
 विनतापुत्र m. (-पुः) 1. ARUN'A, the charioteer of the sun. 2. GARUD'A, the younger brother of ARUN'A. E. विनता the mother of these two, पुत्र the son. [नस् to bow, क्तिन् aff.]  
 विनति f. (-तिः) 1. Bowing, bending. 2. Humility, modesty. E. वि before, विनद् m. (-द्) 1. Sound, noise. 2. A tree, (Ekhites scholaris.) E. वि, नद् to sound, यच् aff.  
 विनद्य Ind. Having sounded, sounding. E. वि, नद् to sound, यच् aff.  
 विनमन n. (-नं) Bending, bowing. E. वि before, नस् to bend, कृट् aff.  
 विनम्रित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Bowed down, declined. E. वि and नम्रित bowed.  
 विनम्र mfn. (-सः-सा-सः) 1. Bent, bowed. 2. Humble, modest. E. वि before, नम्र bowed.  
 विनम्रक n. (-कः) The flower of the TAGARA tree.  
 विनय m. (-यः) 1. Modesty, affability, humility, mildness. 2. Reverence, obeisance. 3. Decorum, decency, propriety of conduct or behaviour. 4. Training, discipline. 5. Subduing the senses. 6. A man of subdued senses. 7. A merchant f. (-यः) 1. Secret. 2. Cast, thrown. 3. A plant. (Sida cordifolia, &c.) E. वि before, नी to obtain or guide, aff. यच् ।  
 विनययाहिन् mfn. (-ही-यिनी-हि) Compliant, tractable, humble, governable. E. विनय humility, and याहिन् who takes.  
 विनयन n. (-नं) 1. Removing. 2. Education, instruction.  
 विनयप्रसाधिन् mfn. (-धी-यिनी-धि) Behaving ill or improperly. E. विनय, प्रसाधिन् vexing.  
 विनयभाज् mfn. (-भाज्) Modest, well-behaved. E. विनय, भाज् who shares.  
 विनयवाक् mfn. (-वाक्) Speaking humbly or modestly. f. (-वाक्) Modest speech. E. विनय, and वाक् speech.  
 विनयस्य mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्यं) Compliant, tractable, governable. E. विनय humility, स्य who stays or is. [sound, यच् aff.]  
 विनहन् mfn. (-हन्-हन्-हन्) Sounding, making a noise. E. वि, नह् to sound, कृट् aff.  
 विनशन n. (-नं) 1. Destroying, destruction. 2. A country, north-west of Delhi, Kurukshetra, the vicinity of the modern Pānīput. E. वि before नह् to destroy, aff. कृट् । [to perish, यच् aff.]  
 विनश्यत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Perishing, decaying, perishable. E. वि, नह् to perish, कृट् aff.  
 विनश्यत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Perishable. E. वि before, नह् to perish, कृट् aff.  
 विनष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टः) 1. Lost, destroyed, ruined, perished. 2. Corrupted. 3. Disappeared. E. वि, नष्ट the same. [aff. क्तिन् ।]  
 विनष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) Disappearance, destruction. E. वि before, नह् to finish, विनस mfn. (-सः-सा or सी-सः) Noseless. E. वि priv., नस् for नासिका the nose. विना Ind. Without, except. E. वि privative, ना aff. [कृत made.]  
 विनाश्रित mfn. (-नः-ता-तं) Abandoned, left, relinquished. E. विना except, विनाश्रिता f. (-श्रा) The 60th part of an Indian hour, E. वि, and नाश्रिता a Na'ri, or hour of twenty-four minutes.

विनाश्रित mfn. (-श्रा-श्रा-श्रा) Deserted, unprotected, unowned. E. वि priv., नाश्रित a lord.  
 विनायक m. (-कः) 1. A Bud'dha, a Band'dha, deified teacher. 2. GAN'A. 3. GARUD'A, the bird and vehicle of VISHN'U. 4. A Gurn, or spiritual preceptor. 5. An obstacle, an impediment or difficulty. f. (-यिका) The wife of GARUD'A. E. वि before, नी to conduct, aff. यच् ।  
 विनाय m. (-यः) 1. Disappearance, destruction, loss, annihilation, ruin, decay. 2. Removal. E. वि before, नह् to perish, aff. यच् ।  
 विनाशक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Destroying, a destroyer. E. वि before, नह् to perish, causal form, aff. कृच् or यच् ।  
 विनाशकर्मन् m. (-र्मन्) 1. Subject to decay, transient. 2. Having the property of killing. [causal v., यच् aff.]  
 विनाशयत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Destroying, E. वि before, नह् to perish, विनाशित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Destroyed. E. वि, नह् to perish, causal v., यच् aff.  
 विनाशिन् mfn. (-सी-यिनी-सि) 1. Destroyer, destructive. 2. Perishing, being destroyed. 3. Undergoing change or transformation. E. वि before, नह् to perish, यिनि aff.  
 विनाशोन्मत्त mfn. (-सः-सा-सः) 1. Ripe, mature. 2. About to perish. E. विनाश perishing, उन्मत्त in the presence of ; verging to rottenness.  
 विनासक mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Noseless. E. वि privative, नासिका the nose, or नासा with कप् aff.  
 विनाह m. (-हः) The top or cover for the mouth of a well. E. वि before, नह् to bind or tie, aff. यच् ; also वीनाह । [aff.]  
 विनिःसरण n. (-णः) Going forth or out. E. वि and निर, before ह् to go, कृट् ।  
 विनिःसृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Gone forth or out. E. वि and निर, before ह् to go, कृट् । [विन thrown.]  
 विनिविष्ट mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Tossed, thrown, sent. E. वि and नि, before विनिविष्ट m. (-पः) Tossing, throwing, sending. E. वि and नि, before विप् to throw, यच् aff.  
 विनियह m. (-हः) 1. Restraining, subduing. 2. Mutual opposition.  
 विनिघ्नत् mfn. (-घ्नन्-घ्नन्-घ्नन्) Killing. E. वि before, हन् to kill, यच् aff.  
 विनिद्र mfn. (-द्रः-द्रा-द्रः) 1. Blown, budded. 2. Awake, awakened, sleepless. E. वि privative, निद्रा sleep.  
 विनिद्रल n. (-लः) Vigilance, wakefulness, waking. E. विनिद्र sleepless, ल aff. ; also with तल्, विनिद्रता । [यच् aff.]  
 विनिधाय Ind. Having taken or placed. E. वि and नि, before धा to have, विनिपात m. (-तः) 1. Falling, falling down, (literally or figuratively, as from a height, or from dignity, virtue, &c.) 2. Calamity, unavoidable evil, the infliction of the gods or of fate. 3. Disrespect. 4. Pain, distress. 5. Death, destruction. E. वि and नि, prefixed to पत् to fall, aff. यच् ।  
 विनिपातघञिन् mfn. (-घञि-यिनी-घि) Portentous, announcing misfortune or destruction. E. विनिपात, घञिन् what proclaims.  
 विनिपातित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Killed, destroyed. 2. Thrown down. E. वि and नि, before पत् to fall, causal v., यच् aff. [यच् aff.]  
 विनिपात्य Ind. Having killed. E. वि and नि, before पत् to fall, causal v.  
 विनियम m. (-यः) 1. Barter, exchange. 2. A pledge, a deposit or security. E. वि and नि, prefixed to नी to go, aff. यच् ।  
 विनिमेष m. (-पः) Twinkling of the eyes. [to restrain, क्तिन् aff.]  
 विनियत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Regulated, restrained. E. वि and नि, before यत् to restrain, aff. यच् । [restrain, aff. यच् ।]  
 विनियम्य Ind. Having restrained, checked. E. वि and नि, before यत् to restrain, aff. यच् ।  
 विनियुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तः) 1. Separated, sundered or detached from absent, parted. 2. Appointed, attached to. 3. Parted with for a specific purpose. 4. Applied to, employed in. 5. Enjoined, commanded. E. वि and नि, before युज् to join, क्तिन् aff. [restrain, aff. यच् ।]  
 विनियोज्य mfn. (-यः-या-यः) To be employed in, applied to, &c. E. वि and नि, before युज् to join, तव्य् aff.  
 विनिवीन m. (-नः) 1. Giving or parting with anything for a consider

tion, or in expectation of some advantage. 2. Abandoning, leaving. 3. Separation or detachment from. 4. Impediment. 5. Appointment to any office, &c. 6. Application to or employment in. ३. वि and नि, before युञ् to join, aff. चञ् ।

विनिर्दिष्ट mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Appointed, appropriated, applied, (as to any particular duty or purpose, &c.) 2. Attached or joined to. 3. Deputed, appointed. 4. Employed. ३. वि and नि, before युञ् to join, aff. क्, with इट् augment.

विनिर्गत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Gone out or from. ३. वि and निर्, before ग् to go, क् aff. [aff.]

विनिर्गत m. (-तः) Going forth or out. ३. वि and निर्, before ग् to go, चञ् ।  
विनिर्जय m. (यः) Victory, conquest. ३. वि and निर्, before जि to conquer, चञ् aff.

विनिर्जित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Conquered, overcome. ३. वि and निर्, before जि to conquer, क् aff. [विजय the same.]

विनिर्णय m. (-यः) 1. Certainty, ascertainment. 2. A settled rule. ३. वि, निर्निर्णय mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Certain, determined, ascertained. ३. वि before, निर्निर्णय the same. [निर्णय the same.]

विनिर्णय mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Scattered, dissipated, dispersed. ३. वि, निर्णय Ind. Having dispersed, scattered, thrown off, &c. ३. वि and निर्, before भू to agitate, क्च aff.

विनिर्णय m. (-यः) Persistence.

विनिर्णय mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Liberated, let loose or free. 2. Exempt, free from. ३. वि and निर्, before लुञ् to loose, क् aff.

विनिर्णय mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Going out or forth, issuing. ३. वि and निर्, before या to go, चट् aff.

विनिर्णय mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Excited, occasioned, produced, occurring. 2. Completed, finished. ३. वि and निर् privative or intensitive prefixes, इत् to be, aff. क् ।

विनिर्णय mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Kept off, resisted, prevented. 2. Screened, covered, kept out of view. ३. वि and नि, before वृ to chuse, क् aff.

विनिर्णय mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Stopped, ceased, ended, refrained, resting or desisting, &c. ३. वि and नि privatives, इत् to be, aff. क् ।

विनिर्णय f. (-निः) Stop, term, cessation. ३. वि and नि, before इत् to be, क् aff.

विनिर्णय m. (-यः) 1. Entrance. 2. Impression.

विनिर्णय m. (-यः) 1. Certainty, ascertainment. 2. Resolution, decision. ३. वि and निश्चय certainty.

विनिर्णय mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Firm, steady, immovable. ३. वि, निश्चय steady.

विनिर्णय mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Certain, determined, ascertained. ३. वि before, निश्चित the same.

विनिर्णय mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Sighing. 2. Breathing hard. ३. वि and नि, before श्च to breathe, चट् aff.

विनिर्णय m. (-यः) Strong expiration, sighing, a sigh, breathing hard. ३. वि and नि, before श्च to breathe, aff. चञ् ।

विनिर्णय m. (-यः) Grinding, bruising.

विनिर्णय mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Struck, wounded. 2. Overcome. 3. Killed. m. (-तः) 1. A portent, a comet, a meteor. 2. A great or unavoidable calamity ; the infliction of fate or heaven. ३. वि and नि intensitive prefixes, इत् struck.

विनिर्णय mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Hidden, concealed. ३. वि, निहृत् the same.

विनीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Modest, humble, unassuming, unpretending. 2. Compliant, governable, tractable. 3. Placid, meek, virtuous, gentle, having the passions restrained, and the senses under subjection. 4. Well-behaved, decent, decorous. 5. Taken away. 6. Trained, (as a horse or ox, &c.) 7. Thrown, sent, dismissed. 8. Lovely, handsome. 9. Led, conveyed. 10. Chastised, punished. 11. Plain, neat, (in dress, &c.) m. (-तः) 1. A horse trained for the manege. 2. A merchant, a trader. ३. वि before, नी to guide, aff. क् ।

विनीत m. (-तः-ता-तं) A mediate conveyance, as a bearer carrying a

litter, or a horse dragging a carriage. ३. वि implying sort or kind, and नी to take, aff. क्, and क्च added.

विनीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Well-behaved. 2. Humble, lowly. ३. विनीत, चाञ्च self.

विनीत Ind. Having taken. m. (-यः) 1. Sediment, dregs. २. Sin. ३. वि before, नी to take, aff. क्च or क्च ।

विनीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Being sent, ordered, dispatched, &c. ३. वि before, नुद् to send, pass. v., चाञ्च aff.

विनीत m. (-ता) 1. A guide, an instructor, a teacher. 2. A king, a ruler. 3. A chastiser. ३. वि before, नी to conduct, aff. चञ् ।

विनीत mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. To be taken, to be taken away or separated, &c. 2. To be governed or directed, docile, governable. ३. वि before, नी to take or obtain, &c., aff. यत् ।

विनीत mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Wishing or intending to take, to deprive of, &c. ३. वि before, नी to take, चट् aff. with a future sense.

विनीत f. (-निः) The rhetorical use of the word, 'without' as, का निरा ग्रन्था निरा ? What is the night without the moon. ३. निरा, उक्ति saying.

विनीत m. (-यः) 1. Eagerness, vehemence. 2. Play, sport, pastime. 3. Dismissing, abandoning. 4. Diversion, interest, interesting pursuit or occupation. 5. Pleasure, gratification. 6. Driving away, removing. ३. वि before, नुद् to order, aff. चञ् ।

विनीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Dismissed, dissipated, sent or driven away. 2. Allayed, soothed. 3. Delighted, made happy. ३. वि before, नुद् to send, क् aff. [gain, च aff., नुञ् augment.]

विन्द mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Who or what finds, gets, gains, &c. ३. विन्द to विन्द mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Intelligent, knowing. 2. Liberal, munificent.

m. (-तः) 1. A drop of water or any liquid. 2. A spot, a dot, a mark. 3. The bite or mark of a tooth. 4. The part of the forehead between the eye-brows. 5. A mark or spot of coloured paint on an elephant's face or trunk. 6. The dot over a letter representing the nasal termination. 7. A secondary but connecting incident in a drama. ३. विन्द to know, to be, to be a part of, Una'di aff. च, and the nasal augment.

विन्दुविन्दु m. (-तः) The spotted deer. ३. विन्दु a spot, विन्दु variegated.

विन्दुजाल n. (-जः) 1. Coloured marks or spots on an elephant's face and trunk, &c. 2. A collection of particles or drops. ३. विन्दु a spot, and जाल multitude ; also with क्च added विन्दुजालक n. (-कः) ।

विन्दुतन्त्र m. (-तः) A die, a dice. ३. विन्दु dot, and तन्त्र chief.

विन्दुरेख m. (-कः) A kind of bird. ३. विन्दु a spot, रेखा a line, aff. क्च ।

विन्दुपद्म m. (-तः) Be'l-Sun 't'h.

विन्दु m. (-यः) 1. The Vind'hya mountain, or the mountainous range which runs across India from the Province of Behar, nearly to Guzera't, and properly divides Hindusthan from the Dakshin. 2. A hunter. f. (-या) 1. A fruit, (Annona reticulata.) 2. Small cardamoms. ३. वि implying opposition, च्छे to think, and क् aff., form irr., the mountain is supposed to obstruct the course of the sun.

विन्दुवृट् m. (-टः) The saint AGASTYA. ३. विन्दु the mountain, and वृट् to give pain, aff. क्, or with युञ् aff. विन्दुवृट् ; Vind'hya the personified mountain, having once prostrated himself before AGASTYA his spiritual guide, was ordered by the saint to remain in that posture, as a punishment for the presumption, which had induced him to attempt rivaling the height of Me'ru and Hima'laya. The legend appears to originate in the little elevation of the Vind'hya-chain compared with its extent.

विन्दुवासिन् m. (-सि) The saint and grammarian VYA'SI. f. (-सिनी) 1. A name of DURGĀ. 2. A village and temple sacred to DURGĀ under the forms of Yo'ga-Ma'ya', and Bho'ga-Ma'ya' and a place of great resort amongst the Hindus, situated about three miles from MIRZA'PUR on the Ganges. ३. विन्दु the mountain, वासिन् who dwells.

विश्वस्य m. (-स्यः) The name of a Muni ; also Vya'sri, a saint, and inspired grammarian. E. विश्व the mountain, and स्य abiding.

विश्वारचन m. (-चः) The Vind'hya-range or mountains. E. विश्व and चकन a mountain ; also विश्वारच्यत, and विश्वारचेल ।

विश्वारटो f. (-टो) The great Vind'hya forest, which appears to have spread at one time from near MATHURA' to the Narmadā. E. विश्व and चटो a forest.

विश्वारवलीपुत्र m. (-चः) A name of the Demon Vān'a. E. विश्वारवली the mother of the demon, and पुत्र son ; also विश्वारवलीसुत ।

विप्र mfn. (-प्रः-प्र-प्र) 1. Judged, discussed. 2. Gained, obtained. 3. Fixed, placed. 4. Known. 5. Married, &c. E. विद् to know, aff. प्र ।

विप्रक m. (-कः) An epithet of the saint AGASTYA.

विप्रल mfn. (-लः-ल-ल) 1. Placed, deposited, fixed. 2. Delivered. 3. Offered, presented. E. वि and नि, before ल्प् to be or throw, aff. ल ।

विप्रक m. (-कः) A tree, (Echites scholaris.) 'कातियान् इति भावः ।'

विप्रस m. (-सः) 1. Assemblage, collection, collecting or depositing anything. 2. Site, place, receptacle, that in or on which anything is placed or deposited. 3. Orderly arrangement or disposition. 4. Entrusting, depositing. 5. A deposit. E. वि and नि, prefixed to ल्प्, to take, to throw or place, &c. aff. ल्प् ।

विप्र r. 10th cl. (विप्रयति-ते) To throw.

विप्रक f. (-कः) 1. Ripened. 2. Cooked.

विप्रक्षिप्त mfn. (-क्षिप्तः-क्षिप्त-क्षिप्त) 1. Matured, ripened. 2. Fulfilled, come to pass, as the consequence of former actions. E. वि and ल्प् to cook, क्षिप्त aff., and ल्प् augment.

विप्रच mfn. (-चः-च-च) Opposed or adverse to, contrary, inimical. m. (-चः) 1. An enemy, an adversary. 2. A disputant, an opponent. 3. Exception, (in grammar, &c.) 4. (In logic.) An argument or syllogism in which the proposition to be maintained is wanting. E. वि implying opposite, contrary, and ल्प् part or side.

विप्रचतत् Ind. Hostilely, inimically E. विप्रच and तत् aff.

विप्रचता f. (-ता) 1. Hostility, enmity, opposition. 3. Controversy, contradiction in argument. E. तत् added to विप्रच ; also with ल्प्, विप्रचल । [adherent.

विप्रचपात mfn. (-तः-त-त) Indifferent, impartial. E. वि priv., ल्प्पात an

विप्रचिका f. (-का) A lute. E. कन् fem. form, added to the next.

विप्रचो f. (-चो) 1. A lute. 2. Play, sport, pastime. E. वि before, ल्प् to extend, (causal form,) to diffuse sounds, aff. ल्प्, fem. aff. लोप् ।

विप्रण m. (-णः) Sale, contract of sale. E. वि before, ल्प् to be of price, aff. ल्प् ; also with ल्प् ट्, विप्रणन n. (-नः) ।

विप्रण mf. (-णः-चो) 1. A place where things are sold, a shop, stall. 2. Trade, traffic. 3. A fair, a market place. 4. The street of a market. 5. An article or commodity for sale. E. वि before, ल्प् to transact business, aff. ल्प्, and fem. aff. लोप् ।

विप्रणन् m. (-णः) A dealer, a trafficker, a shop-keeper or merchant. E. विप्रण sale, ल्प्णि aff. [and काल् time.

विप्रणकाल n. (-कः) Time of calamity or misfortune, adversity. E. विप्रद,

विप्रणि f. (-णिः) 1. Adversity, calamity, misfortune. 2. Pain, agony. 3. Death, dying. m. (-णिः) A distinguished foot-soldier. E. वि implying reverse, ल्प् to go, aff. ल्प् ।

विप्रदिशुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्त-क्त) Unfortunate. E. विप्रणि, युक्त joined. [from.

विप्रदित्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Prosperous, happy. E. विप्रणि and दित्त free

विप्रदित्त m. (-तः) Heavy calamity. E. विप्रद and सागर ocean.

विप्रण m. (-णः-चो) A bad road, a wrong way, (either lit or fig.) E. वि depreciative prefix, and ल्प् for पथिन् a road.

विप्रद f. (-पद-पद) 1. Calamity, adversity, misfortune. 2. Death. E. वि before, ल्प् to go, क्तिप् aff. ; also with टाप् added, विप्रदा ।

विप्रदा f. (-दा) Adversity. E. See the last.

विप्रदुद्धार m. (-रः) Extrication from misfortune. E. विप्रत्, उद्धार lifting up ; also विप्रदुद्धरण, &c.

विप्रदल mfn. (-लः-ल-ल) Overtaken by or involved in calamity. E. विप्रद and ल्प् seized.

विप्रयक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्त-क्त) Unhappy, unfortunate. E. विप्रद, युक्त joined.

विप्रदित्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Prosperous. E. विप्रद and दित्त left by.

विप्रण mfn. (-णः-चो-चो) 1. Unfortunate, declined, fallen into adversity or misfortune. 2. Lost, destroyed, annihilated. 3. Dead, defunct. 4. Disabled. m. (-णः) A snake. E. वि implying reverse, and ल्प् to go, aff. ल्प् ; also with कन् added विप्रणक ।

विप्रणिम m. (-मः) Change of state or form. E. वि and परि, before ल्प् to bow, aff. ल्प् ।

विप्रणिमिन् mfn. (-मिन्-मिन्-मिन्) Undergoing or producing change of state or form. E. वि and परि, before ल्प् to bow, चिनुष् aff.

विप्रवर्णन n. (-नः) Turning back or away from. E. वि and परिवर्णन turning round.

विप्रवर्णित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Turned back or away from, reverted, averted. E. वि and परि, before ल्प् to turn, ल्प् aff.

विप्रवर्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Reverse, inverse, opposite, contrary. 2. Wrong, incorrect. 3. Crossed. 4. Disagreeable, inauspicious. f. (-ता) A lewd woman, a dishonest wife. m. (-तः) A particular mode of coitus. E. वि and परि implying contrariety or adverse, before ल्प् gone.

विप्रवर्तकारिन् mfn. (-रि-रि-रि) Perverse, contradictory, acting contrary or another's wishes. E. विप्रवर्त and कारिन् who does ; also, विप्रवर्तकर, विप्रवर्तकन्, &c.

विप्रवर्तगति mfn. (-ति-ति-ति) Going backwards or reversely. f. (-तिः) Inverse or reverse motion. E. विप्रवर्त and गति going.

विप्रवर्तता f. (-ता) Contrariety, reverse or opposite state or condition. E. विप्रवर्त and तत् aff. ; also with ल्प्, विप्रवर्तल ।

विप्रवर्तत n. (-तः) Inverted sexual intercourse.

विप्रवर्णक m. (-कः) The Pala'sha tree, (Butea frondosa.) E. वि separate, ल्प् a leaf, कन् added.

विप्रवर्णय m. (-यः) 1. Contrariety, opposition. 2. Reverse in general, and thence applied to that of which reverse is predicated, as misery, calamity, (the reverse of fortune ; ) error, misapprehension, (the reverse of reason or truth ; ) inverted order or succession, (the reverse that which is usual or prescribed,) &c. 3. Destruction, annihilation. 4. Perverseness of disposition. 5. Change of purpose or conduct. 6. Enmity, hostility. 7. Absence, non-existence. 8. Exchange, barter. E. वि and परि implying reverse, and ल्प् to go, aff. ल्प् ; also with ल्प् aff. विप्रवर्णय m. (-यः) ।

विप्रवर्णल mfn. (-लः-ल-ल) 1. Opposite, contrary, reverse. 2. Concealed to be real, (what is not so.) E. वि and परि, before ल्प् to be or to throw, ल्प् aff.

विप्रवर्णय m. (-यः) Contrariety, &c. : see विप्रवर्णय.

विप्रवर्णस m. (-सः) 1. Contrariety, opposition. 2. Reverse. 3. Investing imaginary things with real attributes, imagining what is unreal or false to be real or true. E. वि and परि, before ल्प् to be, aff. ल्प् ;

विप्रल n. (-लः) A moment, an instant, either a Pala or second, or 1/10th of it ; a simple breathing or one-tenth of the latter. E. वि and ल्प् a second.

विप्रलायन n. (-नः) Flying, running away. E. वि and पलायन the same.

विप्रलायित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Put to flight, run away. E. वि before, पलायित the same. [purify, aff. ल्प् ।

विप्रल mfn. (-लः-ल-ल) To be cleansed or purified. E. वि before, ल्प् to

विप्रलित m. (-लितः) A Pan'dit, a learned Bra'hman, a teacher. E. वि and ल्प्, before ल्प् to collect, affs. क्तिप् and ल्प् aug. ; form irr.

विप्रल n. (-लः) Knowledge. E. वि variously, ल्प् seeing.

विप्रलित m. (-लितः) A Baud'dha saint, the first of the seven principal Baud'dhas. E. विप्रल and ल्प् aff.

विप्रल m. (-कः) 1. Cooking, dressing. 2. Ripening, maturing. 3. Fla-

vour, taste. 4. Unexpected or improbable result. 5. Poverty, distress. 6. Change of form or state. 7. The consequences of actions, either in this or in a former birth; the operation or time in maturing their results. 8. Assimilation of food, its conversion into a state differing from its original one, digestion. ६. वि before, पच् to ripen, aff. चञ्।

विपाटन n. (-न) 1. Splitting, tearing up. 2. Spoliation.

विपात m. (-त) A kind of large arrow.

विपाकुर mfn. (-र: पा-र) Pale, pallid, white. ६. वि पाकुर pale. [व्युट् aff.]

विपादन n. (-न) Destroying, killing. ६. वि before, पद् to go, causal v.,

विपादनीय mfn. (-य: पा-य) To be killed, fit or proper to be destroyed.

६. वि before, पद् to go, causal v., चनौयर् aff.; also विपाच and विपादयितव्य।

विपादिका f. (-का) 1. A kibe, a sore or blister on the foot. 2. A riddle, an enigma. ६. वि before, पद् to go, aff. लुच्।

विपादिन mfn. (-त: ता-त) Killed, destroyed. ६. वि before, पद् to go, causal v., क् aff. [keeper.]

विपाल mfn. (-ज: पा-ज) Unattended, unguarded. ६. वि priv., पाज a

विपाज् f. (-पाज) The Vipā's or Vipā'sa' river. ६. See the next.

विपाज् mfn. (-ज: पा-ज) Unnoosed, unfettered, freed from a noose or tie. f. (-जा) 1. The Vipāsa' or the Beya'h river in the Punja'h. ६. वि privative, and पाज् or पाजा a noose, from पज् to bind, causal form, with चञ् and टाप् or क्प् aff.; hence also विपाज्; the name applies to the river as having destroyed the cord which the Muni VAS'ISHTHA had tied round his neck, when about to hang himself through grief for the death of his sons slain by VISWA'MITRA.

विपिन n. (-न) A wood, a forest. ६. वेप् to shake, Unādi aff. इज्।

विपुल mfn. (-ल: पा-ल) 1. Large, great. 2. Broad. 3. Deep, profound. m.

(-ज) 1. The mountain Mē'ru, or rather the western branch of it. 2. The Hima'laya mountain. 3. A respectable man. f. (-जा) 1. The earth. 2. A form of the A'ryā metre in which the line is irregularly divided by the Cæsura or pause: three species of this form are reckoned; the A'di-vipulā with the pause in the first line, Antya-vipulā in the second, and Ubhaya-vipulā in both lines. ६. वि before, पल् to be large or lofty, aff. क्।

विपुलक mfn. (-क: कौ-क) Free from horripilation. ६. वि privative and पुलक erection of the hair of the body.

विपुलजघना f. (-जा) A woman with large hips. [विपुलज्।

विपुलता f. (-ता) Magnitude, extent. ६. विपुल and तल् aff.; also with त्व,

विपुलमति Adj. Endowed with great power of understanding.

विपुलरस m. (-स:) The sugar-cane. ६. विपुल much, and रस juice.

विपुलचक्षु mfn. (-च: कौ-च) Large-eyed. ६. विपुल and चक्षु sight.

विपुय m. (-य:) The 'Munja grass, (Saccharum Munja.) ६. वि before, पुञ् to cleanse, aff. चप्; that which is to be cleaned before making into ropes, &c.

विप्र m. (-प्र) 1. A Bra'hman. 2. The As'wattha tree. 3. (In prosody,) A foot of four short syllables. ६. वि before, प्रा a Sautra root, to fill or complete, (the essential observances,) and क् aff.; or वप् to shave, Unādi aff. र्ज्, and र्ज substituted for the radical vowel.

विप्रकर्ष m. (-र्ष:) Distance. ६. वि + प्र, कृष् to attract, चञ् aff.

विप्रकार m. (-र:) 1. Injury, contumely, abuse. 2. Wickedness. 3. Opposition, counteraction. 4. Retaliation. ६. वि and प्र depreciative prefixes, and कार making.

विप्रकारिन् mfn. (-रि: वि-रि) Opposed to, treating with contempt. 2. Retaliating. ६. वि and प्र, before कृ to do, चिज् aff.

विप्रकीर्ण f. (-णी) Adj. 1. Scattered, dispersed. 2. Loose, dishevelled. 3. Broad, expanded.

विप्रकृत mfn. (-त: ता-त) 1. Reviled, abused, treated with contempt. 2. Opposed, counteracted. 3. Injured, offended. 4. Retaliated, requited. ६. वि and प्र, before कृत made; made little or nothing of.

विप्रकृति f. (-ति:) 1. Abuse, injury, contumely. 2. Retaliation, retort. ६. वि and प्र implying depreciation or mutuality, and कृति action.

विप्रकृष्ट mfn. (-ष्ट: कृ-ष्ट) Remote, distant. f. (-ष्टी) 1. Drawn away, removed. 2. Protracted, lengthened. ६. वि and प्र, before कृष् to attract, aff. क्; also with कृन् added, विप्रकृष्टक mfn. (-क: कृ-क)।

विप्रतिकार m. (-र:) 1. Contradiction, counteraction, opposition. 2. Reverse. 3. Retaliation. ६. वि and प्रति, before कृ to do, चञ् aff.

विप्रतिकृत mfn. (-त: ता-त) 1. Opposed, counteracted. 2. Requited. ६. वि and प्रति, before कृ to do, क् aff.

विप्रतिपत्ति f. (-ति:) Perplexity, confusion. 2. Various acquirement. 3. Mutual connexion with or relation to. 4. Conversancy. 5. Contradiction, difference, discrepancy. 6. Contest, dispute. 7. Opposition of interests. ६. वि privative, or implying variety, and प्रतिपत्ति knowledge.

विप्रतिपद्य mfn. (-य: पा-य) 1. To be opposed, contradicted, contested. 2. To be acquired. ६. वि and प्रति, before पद् to go, यत् aff.

विप्रतिपद्यमान mfn. (-म: पा-म) 1. Being disputed or contested. 2. Being in course of acquirement. ६. वि and प्रति, before पद् to go, pass. व्, शानच् aff.

विप्रतिपन्न mfn. (-न्न: पा-न्न) 1. Bewildered, perplexed, confused, uncertain. 2. Conversant or acquainted with in various ways, severally or mutually. 3. Connected with. 4. Contested, disputed. 5. Contradicted. 6. Opposed, (as interests.) ६. वि and प्रतिपन्न ascertained.

विप्रतिषेध m. (-ध:) 1. The conflict of two courses of equal importance. 2. The conflict of two rules by which two different operations can be undertaken, (in grain.)

विप्रतिसार m. (-र:) Repentance: see विप्रतीसार।

विप्रतिषिद्ध mfn. (-द्ध: वि-द्ध) 1. Contradicted, opposed. 3. Prohibited, forbidden. ६. वि and प्रति implying opposition, सिद्ध proved, perfected.

विप्रतीसार m. (-र:) 1. Repentance. 2. Evil, wickedness, evil action. 3. Hate, enmity. 4. Rage, wrath. ६. वि implying reverse, प्रति to or towards, ह् to go, चञ् aff.; the र of प्रति optionally long; otherwise विप्रतिसार।

विप्रदह m. (-ह:) Dried fruit or roots, &c.

विप्रदृष्ट mfn. (-ष्ट: वि-ष्ट) 1. Spoiled, vitiated, defiled. 2. Bad corrupt. ६. वि and प्र, before दृष्ट the same.

विप्रदुष्टभाव mfn. (-व: वा-व) Bad, vicious, sensual, corrupt. ६. विप्रदुष्ट and भाव disposition or nature.

प्रमुक्त f. (-क्ता) 1. Set free, liberated. 2. Shot, discharged.

विप्रमोच्य mfn. (-च: पा-च) To be liberated or freed from. ६. वि and प्र, before मुच् to loose, यत् aff.

विप्रयाण n. (-ण) Flight, retreat. ६. वि and प्र, before या to go, aff. ल्यट्।

विप्रयुक्त mfn. (-क्त: पा-क्त) 1. Separated, disjoined, sundered, away or absent from. 2. Released from. 3. Deprived of. ६. वि implying separation, प्रयुक्त joined.

विप्रयोग m. (-ग:) 1. Separation, absence, especially the separation of lovers. 2. Disunion, disjunction. 3. Quarrel, disagreement. 4. Deserving. ६. वि before, प्रयोग union, contiguity.

विप्रलब्ध mfn. (-ब्ध: वि-ब्ध) 1. Tricked, cheated, deceived. 2. Disappointed. f. (-ब्धी) A mistress whose lover is not true to his appointment, (considered as a character in drama.) ६. वि and प्र, before लब्ध gained.

विप्रलभ m. (-भ:) 1. Tricking, deceiving, disappointing, deceiving by a false affirmation or by not keeping a promise. 2. Separation, especially of lovers. 3. Disunion, disjunction. 4. Quarrel, disagreement. 5. The sentiment of love in separation, (opposite to सुयोग) ६. वि and प्र implying reverse, लभि to get or gain, aff. चञ्।

विप्रलय m. (-य:) Annihilation, destruction.

विप्रलाप m. (-प:) 1. Quarrel, wrangling, mutual contradiction. 2. Idle or unmeaning discourse, nonsense. 3. Infraction of a promise. ६. वि and प्र implying contradiction or reciprocity, and लाप talk.

विप्रसृत f. (-ता) 1. Snatched away. 2. Disturbed, interrupted.  
 विप्रसृत्यक mfn. (-कः का-क) Rapacious, exacting, avaricious. इ. वि and प्र, before सुप् to cut, कृट् aff.  
 विप्रवास m. (-सः) Residence in a foreign country. इ. वि and प्र implying separation, वस् to abide, and वज् aff.  
 विप्रवासन n. (-नं) 1. Residence abroad. 2. Banishment. इ. वि and प्र, before वस् to dwell, कृट् aff.  
 विप्रविका f. (-का) A female fortune-teller. इ. वि variously, वृष् to ask, aff. वज्, with कृट् augment, and उन् added.  
 विप्रसात् Ind. As, like as, one with, a Bra'hman'a. इ. विप्र, and साति aff.  
 विप्रस्य n. (-स्य) The property of a Bra'hman'a. इ. विप्र, and स्व own.  
 विप्रहीन f. (-ही) Deprived of, destitute of.  
 विप्रपवाद m. (-दः) Abuse of a Bra'hman'a. इ. विप्र, and अपवाद reviling.  
 विप्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Disliked, unbeloved, disagreeable. n. (-यं) Offence, transgression. इ. वि privative, and प्रिय fond of.  
 विप्रु f. (-प्रुट्) 1. A drop of water, &c. 2. A spot, a mark, a dot. इ. वि privative, वृष् to burn, aff. कृप्; also विप्रुष्।  
 विप्रोषित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Absent, away from. 2. Banished. इ. वि and प्र, before वस् to dwell, aff. कृ, the semi-vowel changed to उ।  
 विप्रोषितभर्तृका f. (-का) A woman whose husband or lover is absent. इ. विप्रोषित absent, भर्तृ a husband, कृट् aff.  
 विप्रोष्य Ind. Having been absent, returning, coming home. इ. वि and प्र, before वस् to dwell, कृप् aff.  
 विप्रव m. (-वः) 1. Tumult, confusion, trouble. 2. Evil, calamity. 3. Rapine, extortion. 4. Sin, wickedness. 5. Predatory or irregular warfare. 6. Affray, scuffle. 7. Terrifying an enemy by shouts and gestures. 8. Confusion, perplexity, (of thought or speech.) 9. Floating about. 10. The rust, (of a mirror.) 11. Loss, destruction. इ. वि before, सु to go, aff. चप्।  
 विप्रवाह m. (-वः) 1. Deluging, inundating. 2. Devastating. 3. Causing tumult or public disturbance. 4. A horse's canter or gallop. इ. वि, and सु to go, aff. चप्।  
 विप्रवाह्य Ind. 1. Having cast away, defiled, contaminated. 2. Having taught at improper seasons. 3. Having caused to be deluged, devastated, &c. इ. वि before, सु to go, causal v., कृप् aff.  
 विप्रुत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Depraved, wicked, addicted to evil practices, as gaming, whoring, &c. 2. Committing any crime. 3. Contrary, adverse, averse. 4. Inundated, immersed. 5. Devastated, ravaged. 6. Disturbed, confounded. 7. Ruined, disgraced. 8. Disappeared. 9. Disfigured, obscured. इ. वि before, सु to go, aff. कृ।  
 विप्रुष् f. (-प्रुट्) 1. A drop of any fluid. 2. A spot, a dot. इ. वि before, वृष् to burn, aff. कृप्; also विप्रुष्।  
 विप्ता f. (-प्ता) Repetition, succession : see वीप्ता।  
 विफल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Vain, idle, unmeaning, fruitless, useless. इ. वि privative, and फल fruit. [also विफलत्]।  
 विफलिता f. (-ता) Unprofitableness, fruitlessness. इ. विफल, and तल् added;  
 विफलीकरण n. (-ण) 1. Frustrating, foiling, defeating. 2. Doing any thing in vain. इ. विफल, and करण making, वि augment.  
 विफलीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Rendered vain, frustrated. 2. Done in vain. इ. विफल, and कृत done, वि augment.  
 विफलीभविष्णु mfn. (-णः-या-य) Become unprofitable. इ. विफल, and भविष्णु become, वि augment.  
 विफलीभविष्णुता f. (-ता) Unprofitableness. इ. तल् added to the last; also विफलीभविष्णुत्।  
 विफलीभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Become useless. इ. विफल and भूत become, वि augment. [चप्]।  
 विषम m. (-मः) Ischury or constipation. इ. वि before, वज् to bind, aff.  
 विषाधा f. (-धा) Pain, agony, anguish. इ. वि various, वाधा pain.  
 विवृढ mfn. (-दः-दा-द) 1. Awake, aroused. 2. Unconscious. 3. Blossomed, expanded. 4. Clever, skilful. इ. वि, and वृढ awakened.

विवृढ m. (-दः) 1. A god, an immortal. 2. A Pan'dit, a learned man, a teacher. 3. The moon. इ. वि variously, वृष् to know, aff. च।  
 विवीच m. (-चः) 1. Inattention, absence. 2. Intelligence. 3. Awakening. 4. Discovering any circumstance. 5. Becoming conscious, (considered as one of the thirty-three subordinate feelings in rhetoric) इ. वि privative or intensive, and वीच understanding.  
 विवीधित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Awakened. 2. Instructed. इ. वि before, वृष् to know, causal v., कृट् aff.  
 विवक्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Divided, portioned, partitioned. 2. Separated, parted. 3. Dividing, sharing, a partner. 4. Distinct. 5. Different, multifarious. 6. Retired, isolated. 7. Symmetrical. 8. Ornamental. इ. वि severally, भज् to divide, aff. कृ।  
 विवक्तज m. (-जः) A son born after partition of the family property between his parents and brethren. इ. विवक्त divided, (being or having been,) and ज born.  
 विवक्ति f. (-क्तिः) 1. Part, portion, inheritance or share of inheritance, &c. 2. A division, a partition. 3. Inflection of nouns, declension. इ. वि before, भज् to divide, aff. कृ।  
 विवक्त m. (-क्तः) 1. Breaking, fracture. 2. Division. 3. Bending, contracting, (especially of the eye-brows.) 4. Expression or play of features. 5. Obstruction, stoppage. इ. वि, भज् to break, aff. चप्।  
 विवक्तनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be portioned or partitioned. इ. वि before, भज् to divide, चनीयर् aff. [चप्] aff.  
 विवक्त्य Ind. Having divided, portioned, &c. इ. वि before, भज् to divide, विवक्त्यमान mfn. (-मः-मा-म) Divisible, portionable, to be or being divided or parted. इ. वि before, भज् to divide, pass. v., कृट् aff.  
 विवक्त m. (-क्तः) 1. Substance, thing, property, wealth. 2. Emancipation from existence. 3. Supreme or superhuman power. 4. Magnanimity, lofty-mindedness. इ. वि implying variety, privation, &c., and भव being.  
 विस्फा f. (-भा) 1. A ray of light. 2. Light, lustre. 3. Beauty. इ. वि variously, भा to shine, aff. चप्।  
 विभाकर m. (-रः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. इ. विभा light, and कर who makes  
 विभाग m. (-गः) 1. Part, portion, share. 2. The share or portion of an inheritance. 3. Partition of inheritance. 4. (In arithmetic.) The numerator of a fraction. 5. Separation, disjunction, (considered as a Gun'a in Nyāya Phil. इ. वि implying variously, भाग a portion.  
 विभागकल्पना f. (-ना) Apportioning or allotment of shares or portions. इ. विभाग a division, and कल्पना a making.  
 विभागतत्त्व Ind. Proportionately, according to a part or share. इ. विभाग, and तत्त्व aff.  
 विभागधर्म m. (-र्मः) The law of inheritance.  
 विभागपत्रिका f. (-का) A deed of partition.  
 विभागभाक् m. (-भाक्) One who shares in a portion of property already distributed, applied especially to a son by a father and mother of the same tribe, born subsequent to a distribution of property amongst his parents and brethren, in which case he inherits the portion allotted or reserved to the parents. इ. विभाग a portion, and भाक् who shares. [and तत्त्व aff.]  
 विभागतत्त्व Ind. Proportionately, according to a part or share. इ. विभाग, विभाजन n. (-नं) Distributing.  
 विभाज्य mfn. (-ज्यः-या-य) Divisible, portionable, what may be divided or apportioned. इ. वि severally, भज् to divide, कृट् aff.  
 विभात् mfn. (-भात्-भान्ती or भाती-भात्) Shining, splendid. इ. वि before, भा to shine, इट् aff. [विभातक n. (-कः)]।  
 विभात n. (-तः) Dawn, day-break. इ. वि before, भा to shine, aff. कृ; also  
 विभाव m. (-वः) 1. A friend or acquaintance. 2. One of the Bha'vas or classes of properties into which the objects of poetical composition are divided; the causative or exciting property, as dress, perfumes, &c. of amorous desire; extravagant gesture of mirth;

distress or pain of tenderness ; arms and tumult of wrath or heroism, &c. **वि** various, and भाव property, disposition.

**विभावक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Discussing, shewing, illustrating. **वि** before, भू to think, कृ aff.

**विभावन** nf. (-नं-ना) 1. Discussion, examination, discrimination. 2. Perceiving, seeing, distinguishing. 3. Conceiving, imagination. 4. Ascertaining or judging of facts. 5. Describing effects not arising from the usual causes, (in rhetoric.) **वि** before, भू in the 10th cl. to think, &c., aff. कृ aff.

**विभावीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Distinguishable, ascertainable, to be judged or determined. **वि** and भू to think, कृ aff.

**विभावी** f. (-वी) 1. Night. 2. Turmeric. 3. A bawd. 4. A harlot. 5. The shreds of a garment torn in a scuffle. **वि** before, भा to shine, (with stars,) कृ aff., fem. aff. डीप्, and रच् substituted for the final ; also विभाव amorous excitement, रच् aff.

**विभास** m. (-सः) The sun. **वि** भा and कृ aff.

**विभासु** m. (-सुः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. 3. The moon. 4. A sort of necklace or garland. **वि** भा light, वसु being, substance.

**विभासित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Seen, perceived, marked. 2. Judged, discriminated. 3. Conceived, imagined. 4. Known, understood. 5. Proved, established. **वि** before, भू in the 10th cl. to know or perceive, aff. कृ । [to the last.]

**विभासित** n. (-तं) The state of being perceived or judged. **वि** त added

**विभास्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be seen or observed, remarkable, distinguishable. 2. To be conceived or imagined. **वि** before, भू to be, कृ aff.

**विभाषा** f. or Ind. (-षा) Alternative, either of two ways. **वि** alternative, and भाषा speech. [and टाप् affs.]

**विभाषा** f. (-षा) Light, shining. **वि** before, भास् to be luminous, कृ aff.

**विभासित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Lighted, shining. **वि** भास् to shine, कृ aff.

**विभिक्षु** mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षुः-क्षुः) Wishing or purposing to hit or pierce. **वि** before भिद् to break, desid. v., उ aff.

**विभिक्षमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Being wounded, pierced, broken. 2. Being divided or scattered. **वि** before भिद् to break, pass. v., वानच् aff.

**विभिक्ष** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Pierced, wounded. 2. Broken. 3. Scattered, dispersed. 4. Mixed, intermixed, mingling. 5. Various, different. 6. Disappointed. 7. Bewildered, perplexed. **वि** before भिद् to break, &c., कृ aff.

**विभिक्षता** f. (-ता) The state of being broken, scattered, &c. **वि** त added to the last; also with ल, विभिक्षल ।

**विभीष** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Fearless. **वि** वि priv., भीत afraid.

**विभीषक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Beleric myrobalan, (Terminalia belerica.) **वि** विभीष fearless, कृ aff. "वह्नेडा रति भाषा ।"

**विभीषक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Fearful, formidable, terrific, horrible. nf. (-कः-का-कं) The property of exciting fear. m. (-कः) The brother of Ra'vana. **वि** भी to fear, कृ aff. कृ augmont. [कृ-कृ-कृ ।]

**विभीषिका** f. (-का) 1. Terror. 2. A means of terrifying. **वि** + भी-विच्-

**विभु** mfn. (-भुः-भुः-भुः) 1. Omnipresent, all-pervading. 2. Always, eternal. 3. Firm, solid, hard. 4. Powerful. m. (-भुः) 1. A master, an owner. 2. S'IVA. 3. BRAHMA'. 4. VISHN'U. 5. A servant. 6. Ether. 7. Space. 8. Time. 9. The soul. **वि** before भू to be, aff. कृ । [कृ aff.]

**विभुज** mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Bent, bowed, crooked, **वि** before भुज् to bend,

**विभुता** f. (-ता) Power, supremacy. **वि** भु, तच् aff. also with ल, विभुल ।

**विभूति** f. (-तिः) 1. Superhuman power, consisting of eight faculties especially attributed to S'IVA, and supposed to be attainable by human beings, through a course of austere worship, attended with magical rites, in honor of that deity and his spouse DURGA' : the eight properties thus supposed to be assumable at will are:—  
अविना extreme minuteness or invisibility ; अविना extreme light-

ness or incorporeality ; प्राप्ति attaining or reaching any thing, as illustrated by the power of touching the moon with the tip of the finger ; प्राप्ति the fulfilment of every wish ; अविना illimitable bulk ; अविना supreme dominion over animate or inanimate nature ; अविना the power of enchanting or changing the course of nature, and कामादवाप्ति the accomplishment of every promise or engagement. 2. Power, dignity, dominion. 3. Ashes of cow-dung, &c. with which S'IVA is said to have smeared his body, and thence used in imitation of him by devotees. 4. Prosperity. 5. Wealth. **वि** implying change of form, &c., भू to be, aff. कृ ।

**विभूतिमत्** mfn. (-मत्-मती-मत्) 1. Superhuman. 2. Smeared with ashes. **वि** भूति and मत् aff. [adorning.]

**विभूषण** n. (-णः) Ornament, decoration. **वि** implying variety, and भूषण

**विभूषा** f. (-षा) 1. Lustre, splendour, beauty. 2. Ornament, decoration. **वि** before भूष् to adorn, affs. कृ and टाप् ।

**विभूषित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Adorned, decorated. **वि** वि variously, भूष् to adorn, कृ aff. [भूत supported.]

**विभूत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Held, retained. 2. Upheld, supported. **वि** वि, विभेद m. (-दः) 1. Dividing, breaking. 2. Wounding, piercing. 3. Variety, distinction. 4. Bewildering, perplexing. 5. A division or separation. 6. Enmity, opposition. 7. Contradiction. **वि** before भिद् to break, कृ aff.

**विभेद** n. (-नः) 1. Breaking, dividing. 2. Separating, literally or figuratively, as setting at variance, **वि** before भिद् to divide, कृ aff.

**विभङ्ग** m. (-गः) 1. Falling away. 2. Decay, ruin. 3. A precipice.

**विभक्त** mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Having, possessing. **वि** भू to support, कृ aff.

**विभक्त** m. (-नः) 1. One of the classes of feminine actions proceeding from the passion of love, hurry, confusion. 2. Error, mistake blunder. 3. Hurry, flurry. 4. Doubt, apprehension. 5. Beauty. 6. Whirling, going round. 7. Wandering. 8. Whim, caprice. 9. Amorous gesture. f. (-ना) Old age. **वि** before भक्त to err, aff. कृ ।

**विभट** mfn. (-टः-टा-टं) 1. Lost, gone. 2. Broken off or from, fallen, separated. **वि** before भट् to be broken, कृ aff.

**विभाज** mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) 1. Elegant, richly dressed or decorated. 2. Splendid, luminous, shining. **वि** before भाज् to shine, aff. कृ ।

**विभाजमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Resplendent, glittering. **वि** भाज् to shine, कृ aff. [मानच् aff.]

**विभाष** mfn. (-षः-षा-षं) Having, possessing. **वि** before भू to have,

**विभाष** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Hurried, flurried, erring, &c., through precipitation. **वि** before भक्त to err, aff. कृ ।

**विभ्रानशील** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Mad, drunk, intoxicated or insane. m. (-नः) 1. A monkey. 2. The disk of the sun or moon. **वि** विभ्रान wandering, and शील disposition.

**विभ्रान** f. (-निः) 1. Error, confusion. 2. Hurry, flurry, precipitation. 3. Whirling, going round, **वि** before भक्त to err, aff. कृ ।

**विमत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Disliking, averse or hostile to. 2. Disagreeing, of a different opinion. m. (-तः) An enemy. **वि** adversive, and मत disposed.

**विमति** f. (-तिः) 1. Dislike, aversion. 2. Difference of opinion, dissent. 3. Stupidity. **वि** and मति mind. [vious.]

**विमत्सर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Unenvious, unambitious. **वि** वि priv., मत्सर en-

**विमद** f. (-दा) 1. Free from intoxication. 2. Joyless.

**विमनस** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Sad, perplexed, disordered, heart-broken. 2. Changed in mind or feeling. 3. Averse, disliking, displeased.

**विमनस** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Sad, perplexed, disordered, heart-broken. 2. Changed in mind or feeling. 3. Averse, disliking, displeased. 4. Absent-minded, thinking of something else. **वि** वि privative and मनस् the mind ; having no mind or heart.

**विमनस्क** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Sad, bewildered, heart-broken, &c. **वि** कृ added to the preceding.

**विमनोक्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Altered in mind or feeling. 2. Sad, sorrowful. 3. Displeased, offended. **वि** विमनस् and कृत made with वि aug.



**विमनीभूत mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Changed in mind or feeling, &c.: see the last. **३.** विमनस् and भूत become, चि् augment.

**विमन् Adj.** 1. Free from anger. 2. Free from grief.

**विमय m.** (-यः) Barter, exchange. **३.** वि before नि to scatter, aff. चञ् ।

**विमह् m.** (-हः) 1. Rubbing, friction. 2. The trituration of perfumes. 3. Touch, contact. 4. Destroying, killing. 5. Crushing, bruising. 6. Rubbing the body with unguents. 7. Conjunction of the sun and moon. 8. War. 9. A plant, (Cassia esculenta.) **३.** वि before हृद् to grind, aff. चञ्, कन् or चञ् ।

**विमह् न.** (-नं) 1. Rubbing, pounding, grinding. 2. Killing, destroying. 3. The trituration of perfumes. 4. Conjunction of the sun and moon, or eclipse. **३.** वि before हृद् to rub, &c. aff. कृट् ; also विमह् m. (-हः) and विमह् ना f. (-ना) ।

**विमह् वि n.** (-वि) (In astronomy,) The time from the apparent conjunction to the end of an eclipse. **३.** विमह्, and चयै half. [rises.]

**विमह् वि m.** (-हः) A pleasing scent. **३.** विमह् rubbing, and चयै what

**विमर्श m.** (-र्शः) 1. Discussion, investigation, reasoning, examination by reason. 2. A conflicting judgment. 3. The impression on the mind of past good or evil actions. **३.** वि implying discrimination, चञ् to perceive, aff. चञ् ।

**विमर्श n.** (-नं) Investigating, discussing. **३.** वि, चञ् to judge, कृट् aff.

**विमर्शन् mfn.** (-शन्-शिनो-शित्) Thinking, deliberating. **३.** विमर्श, इति aff.

**विमर्ष m.** (-र्षः) 1. Irritation, impatience. 2. Displeasure, dissatisfaction. 3. Interruption of the prosperous course of a dramatic story, (one of the five Sandhis in a drama,) reverse. **३.** वि before चञ् to endure, aff. चञ् । [ing. **३.** विमर्ष and इति aff.]

**विमर्षिन् mfn.** (-र्षि-विषी-र्षि) 1. Impatient, intolerant. 2. Averse, dislike.

**विमल mfn.** (-लः-ला-ल) 1. Clean, pure, (either literally, as clothes, &c. or figuratively, as the heart or mind.) 2. Beautiful. 3. White. 4. Transparent. **५.** (-ला) 1. A plant, commonly Charmaghās. 2. A sort of soil. **३.** (-लः) An Arhat or Jaina deified sage. **५.** (-लः) 1. Silver-gilt. 2. Talc. **३.** वि privative, मल dirt.

**विमलमणि m.** (-मणिः) Crystal. **३.** विमल clean, clear, मणि a jewel.

**विमलात्मक mfn.** (-कः-का-क) Clean, pure. **३.** विमल clean, आत्मन् nature, aff. कन् ।

**विमलात्मन् mfn.** (-त्मा-त्मा-ल) Pure, undefiled. **३.** विमल, and आत्मन् self.

**विमलाद्रि m.** (-द्रिः) A particular mountain. **३.** विमल clean, or crystal, and चद्रि a mountain.

**विमलायक mfn.** (-कः-का-कं) Clear, clean, pure. **३.** विमल clean, चयै purpose, कन् added. [head, इतच् aff.]

**विमलकित mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Beheaded, decapitated. **३.** वि priv., मल the

**विमलस mu.** (-सः-सं) Unclean meat, as the flesh of dogs, &c. **३.** वि depreciative prefix, and मल flesh. [ther.]

**विमाह f.** (-ता) A step-mother, a father's wife. **३.** वि different, माह mother.

**विमाहज m.** (-जः) A step-mother's son. **३.** विमाह, and ज born.

**विमान mu.** (-नः-नं) 1. A car or chariot of the gods, sometimes serving as a seat or throne, and at others carrying them through the skies self-directed and self-moving ; hence it also applies to the sky. 2. Any car or vehicle. 3. A horse. 4. A palace, the palace of an emperor, or supreme monarch. 5. A seven-storied palace. 6. Disrespect, dishonour. 7. Measure. **३.** वि before मन् to understand, with चञ् aff. ; or मा to measure, aff. कृट् ; or वि priv., मान honour.

**विमानना f.** (-ना) Dishonour, disrespect.

**विमानित mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Dishonoured. **३.** विमान, and इतच् aff.

**विमार्ग m.** (-र्गः) 1. A broom, a brush. 2. A bad road. 3. A wrong road, literally or figuratively, evil conduct. **३.** वि before मृच् to clean, aff. चञ् ; or वि privative, and मार्ग a road. [aff.]

**विमार्गश्च n.** (-च) Searching, seeking. **३.** वि before मृच् to search, कृट्

**विमिश्र f.** (-श्र) Mixed together.

**विमुक्त mfn.** (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) 1. Loosed, liberated. 2. Hurlled, thrown. 3. Quitted, abandoned. 4. Issued or let loose from, given vent to. **५.** वि before मुक्त the same.

**विमुक्ति f.** (-क्तिः) 1. Liberation, especially final emancipation from future existence. 2. Separation, parting. **३.** वि, मुक्ति the same.

**विमुख mfn.** (-खः-खो-ख) 1. Averted, having the face cast down or turned away. 2. Opposed, averse, disinclined. 3. Void of. **३.** वि reverse, and मुख the countenance.

**विमुखा f.** (-ता) 1. Disappearance, departure. 2. Turning away. 3. Opposition. **३.** तच् added to the last ; also with ख, विमुखत् ।

**विमुखा f.** (-ता) 1. Turning away from, enmity. 2. Departure. 3. Opposition. **३.** विमुखिन्, and तच् aff. ; also with ख, विमुखित् ।

**विमुखिन् mfn.** (-खो-खिनो-खि) 1. Averted, turned away. 2. Hostile, averse to or from. **३.** विमुख, and इति aff. [चि् augment.]

**विमुखीकरण n.** (-णः) Turning away from, leaving. **३.** विमुख, करण doing,

**विमुखीकृत mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Turned away from, averted, departed. **३.** विमुख, कृत made, चि् augment. [wildered, न aff.]

**विमुग्ध mfn.** (-ग्धः-ग्धा-ग्ध) Bewildered, absorbed. **३.** वि, मुग्ध to be bewildered,

**विमुचमान mfn.** (-नः-ना-नं) Being let loose or liberated, in the act of spreading abroad. **३.** वि before मुच् to be loosed, मानच् aff.

**विमुद् mfn.** (-द्-द्वा-द्) 1. Blown, budded, opened as a bud or flower. 2. Unsealed, unclosed. **३.** वि privative, मुद् a seal.

**विमूढ mfn.** (-ढः-ढा-ढ) 1. Bewildered, discomposed. 2. Foolish. 3. Beguiled, led astray, seduced, tempted. **३.** वि, मुद् to be foolish, aff. न ।

**विमूढसंज्ञ mfn.** (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञ) Senseless, unconscious. **३.** विमूढ, संज्ञa sense.

**विमूढात्मन् mfn.** (-त्मा-त्मा-ल) Beguiled, foolish. **३.** विमूढ, आत्मन् self.

**विमृदित mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Rubbed. 2. Ground, pounded. **३.** वि, मृद् to rub, क् aff.

**विमृश्य mfn.** (-श्यः-श्या-श्य) To be discussed or reflected upon, Ind. Having considered. **३.** वि, मृश् to reflect, मृच् or मृष् aff.

**विमृशकारिन् mfn.** (-री-रिषी-रि) Acting after due deliberation. **३.** विमृश and कारिन् who acts.

**विमृष्ट f.** (-ष्ट) 1. Rubbed of, cleansed. 2. Considered, reflected upon.

**विमोक्ष m.** (-क्षः) 1. Liberation, freedom, being or letting loose. 2. Discharging, shooting. 3. Final emancipation. **३.** वि before मोक्ष the same. [the same.]

**विमोक्षण nf.** (-णः-णा) Quitting, abandoning, resigning. **३.** वि before मोक्ष

**विमोक्षन n.** (-नं) Liberating, unyoking. **३.** वि, मुच् to set free, कृट् aff.

**विमोक्षित mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Liberated, set free. **३.** वि before मुच् to liberate, causal v., aff. क् ।

**विमोहज mfn.** (-जः-जा-ज) 1. Fascinating, seducing, bewitching, tempting, (the instrument or agent,) 2. Name of a division of hell. **५.** (-नं) Seducing, tempting, confounding the mind and exciting the passions, (the act.) **३.** वि before मुच् to be foolish, in the causal form, aff. कृट् ।

**विमोहित mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Fascinated, beguiled. **३.** वि before मुच् to be foolish, causal v., क् aff.

**विम्ब mn.** (-म्बः-म्ब) 1. The disk of the sun or moon. 2. An image, a picture, a shadow, a reflected or represented form. 3. The gourd of the Momordica monadelpha. **५.** (-म्ब-म्बा or -म्बो) A cucurbitaceous plant with red fruit, (Momordica monadelpha.) **३.** वि to go, to shine, बन् Una'di aff., बन् aug. ; the radical vowel made short.

**विम्बक n.** (-कः) 1. The disk of the sun or moon. 2. The gourd of the Momordica monadelpha or the plant itself. "तेलाकुवा." **३.** बन् added to the last. [and ज born.]

**विम्बजा f.** (-जा) Momordica monadelpha or the gourd. **३.** विम्ब the plant

**विम्बज m.** (-जः) The mustard plant, (Sinapis dichotoma, Rox.) **३.** विम्ब as above, चट् to go or grow, (like,) aff. चञ्, deriv. irr.

**विम्बागत mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Reflected. **३.** विम्ब and आगत arrived.

**विम्बिका f.** (-का) 1. A cucurbitaceous plant bearing a bright red gourd,

(*Momordica monodelpha*.) 2. The disk of the sun or moon. **विरा** in the fem. form, added to **विष्** as above.

**विरचित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Pictured, imaged, reflected. **विरचित**, **विरचित** aff.

**विरुक्ष** m. (-क्षु) The betel-nut tree, (*Areca faufel*.)

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्षु-क्षी-क्ष) Red-lipped, having lips like the *Vimba* fruit. **विरुक्ष** as above, and **विरुक्ष** the lip; also **विरुक्ष**.

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्षु-क्षी-क्ष) 1. Fresh, pure, free from soil or decay. 2. Refreshed. **विरुक्ष** priv., **विरुक्ष** decayed.

**विरुक्ष** n. (-क्ष) 1. Cleaning, wiping. 2. Refreshing, reviving. **विरुक्ष** priv., **विरुक्ष** to decay, causal v., **विरुक्ष** aff.

**विरुक्ष** m. (-क्ष) A kite. **विरुक्ष** the sky, and **विरुक्ष** who goes.

**विरुक्ष** n. (-क्ष) Sky, heaven, æther, atmosphere. **विरुक्ष** privative, **विरुक्ष** to refrain or cause, aff. **विरुक्ष** and **विरुक्ष** final.

**विरुक्ष** m. (-क्ष) A bird. **विरुक्ष**, **विरुक्ष** to endeavour, **विरुक्ष** aff. [the river.]

**विरुक्ष** f. (-क्ष) The Ganges or river of heaven. **विरुक्ष** heaven, **विरुक्ष** motion. [power.]

**विरुक्ष** f. (-क्ष) Moving in the air. **विरुक्ष**, **विरुक्ष** motion. [power.]

**विरुक्ष** f. (-क्ष) Darkness. **विरुक्ष** the sky, and **विरुक्ष** superhuman.

**विरुक्ष** m. (-क्ष) The sun. **विरुक्ष** the sky, and **विरुक्ष** a gem.

**विरुक्ष** m. (-क्ष) 1. Forbearance, restraint. 2. Rest, cessation, stop. 3. Pain or distress of various kinds. **विरुक्ष** before **विरुक्ष** to check or restrain, aff. **विरुक्ष**; also **विरुक्ष**.

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) 1. Shameless, impudent, ill-behaved. 2. Bold. **विरुक्ष** implying prevention, and **विरुक्ष** wished; wishing for what is prohibited or improper.

**विरुक्ष** m. (-क्ष) 1. Forbearance, restraint. 2. Rest, stop, cessation. 3. Pain or distress of various kinds. **विरुक्ष**, **विरुक्ष** to restrain, aff. **विरुक्ष**.

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Separated, sundered. **विरुक्ष** priv., **विरुक्ष** joined.

**विरुक्ष** f. (-क्ष) Separated from, deprived of.

**विरुक्ष** m. (-क्ष) 1. Absence, separation, especially of lovers. 2. Disunion, disjunction. 3. Loss, absence. **विरुक्ष** privative, and **विरुक्ष** union.

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Suffering separation. **विरुक्ष** separation, **विरुक्ष** to serve, to be subject to, causal form, aff. **विरुक्ष**.

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्षी-क्षी-क्ष) Separated, absent, remote, apart. m. (-क्षी) The ruddy goose. **विरुक्ष**, **विरुक्ष** to join, **विरुक्ष** aff. [metre.]

**विरुक्ष** f. (-क्षी) 1. A woman separated from her lover. 2. Name of a deity.

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) 1. Separated, disjoined, disunited. 2. Parted from, deprived of. **विरुक्ष** privative, **विरुक्ष** joined.

**विरुक्ष** f. (-क्षी or क्षी) 1. Manifold birth. 2. An ignominious birth.

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) 1. Averse, indifferent, free from inclination or affection. 2. Stoical, void of attachment to worldly objects. 3. Impassioned, interested, feeling passion or regard for any person or any thing. 4. Discoloured. **विरुक्ष** privative or pleonastic, before **विरुक्ष** to feel passion, aff. **विरुक्ष**.

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Disinclined to, disliking. **विरुक्ष**, **विरुक्ष** quality.

**विरुक्ष** f. (-क्ष) 1. Aversion, disinclination. 2. Absence of affection. **विरुक्ष** before **विरुक्ष** to affect, **विरुक्ष** aff.

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Making, composing, fabricating, embellishing, &c. **विरुक्ष** before **विरुक्ष** to make, aff. **विरुक्ष**.

**विरुक्ष** nf. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) 1. Making, arranging. 2. Composing, Embellishing. 4. Embellishment, any artificial and ornamental fabric or contrivance. **विरुक्ष** before **विरुक्ष** to make, **विरुक्ष** aff.

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) 1. Made, prepared, effected. 2. Written, composed. 3. Trimmed, ornamented. 4. Contrived, constructed, arranged. 5. Put on, worn. 6. Set, inlaid. **विरुक्ष** privative, and **विरुक्ष** to be made, **विरुक्ष** aff.

**विरुक्ष** Ind. Having made. **विरुक्ष**, **विरुक्ष** to make, **विरुक्ष** aff.

**विरुक्ष** m. (-क्ष) *VISHNŪ*. f. (-क्षी) Free from dust.

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) 1. Free from dust. 2. Free from passion. f. (-क्षी) A woman who has ceased to menstruate. **विरुक्ष** privative, **विरुक्ष** the menses, &c.

**विरुक्ष** m. (-क्ष) A virtuous man, one free from the two properties of ignorance and passion. **विरुक्ष** privative, **विरुक्ष** the quality of passion, and **विरुक्ष** that of ignorance. [monly Durba.]

**विरुक्ष** f. (-क्ष) 1. A plant, commonly **विरुक्ष**. 2. A sort of grass, commonly **विरुक्ष**.

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) 1. Freed from passion. 2. Clean, freed from dust, &c. **विरुक्ष** priv., **विरुक्ष** passion, &c., **विरुक्ष** made, **विरुक्ष** augment.

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) 1. Free from passion, pure, holy. 2. Clean, clear. **विरुक्ष** priv., **विरुक्ष** passion, **विरुक्ष** become, **विरुक्ष** augment.

**विरुक्ष** m. (-क्ष) *BRAHMA*. **विरुक्ष** before **विरुक्ष** to create, aff. **विरुक्ष**, and **विरुक्ष** augment; more properly **विरुक्ष**.

**विरुक्ष** m. (-क्ष) 1. The name of a king. 2. The shoulder. 3. A black kind of *Agallochum*.

**विरुक्ष** n. (-क्ष) A fragrant grass, (*Andropogon schoenanthum*.) **विरुक्ष** See **विरुक्ष**. "विरुक्ष" [or rest, aff. **विरुक्ष**.]

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Stopped, ceased, rested. **विरुक्ष** before **विरुक्ष** to stop.

**विरुक्ष** f. (-क्ष) 1. Stop, cessation, term, rest. 2. End, term. **विरुक्ष** before **विरुक्ष** to play, **विरुक्ष** aff.

**विरुक्ष** m. (-क्ष) 1. Cessation, stop. 2. Sunset. [to sport, **विरुक्ष** aff.]

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) 1. Resting, stopping. 2. Sporting. **विरुक्ष**, **विरुक्ष**.

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) 1. Fine, delicate, thin, (but with interstices.) 2. Loose, relaxed. 3. Apart, wide, separated by an interval. 4. Remote, rare, occurring at distant or repeated intervals of time. n. (-क्ष) Sour curds. **विरुक्ष** apart, **विरुक्ष** to go or be, aff. **विरुक्ष**.

**विरुक्ष** Ind. It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "rarely," "unfrequently." [knee, **विरुक्ष** added.]

**विरुक्ष** m. (-क्ष) A man with bandy legs. **विरुक्ष** wide, **विरुक्ष** the addition of Ghee, &c. **विरुक्ष** apart, **विरुक्ष** to ooze, aff. **विरुक्ष**. [flavour.]

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) 1. Luscious. 2. Painful. m. (-क्ष) Pain. **विरुक्ष**, **विरुक्ष**.

**विरुक्ष** m. (-क्ष) 1. Separation, parting, absence, especially the separation of lovers. 2. Forbearance, cessation, relinquishment. **विरुक्ष** before **विरुक्ष** to abandon, aff. **विरुक्ष**.

**विरुक्ष** m. (-क्ष) The anguish of separation. [अपु aff.]

**विरुक्ष** Ind. Having abandoned. **विरुक्ष** before, **विरुक्ष** to quit, causal form, **विरुक्ष** aff. [pained.]

**विरुक्ष** m. (-क्ष) The fire of separation. [पained.]

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Pained by the absence of a lover. **विरुक्ष**, **विरुक्ष**.

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) 1. Left, abandoned, deserted, relinquished. 2. Void of, exempt, or free from. **विरुक्ष** before **विरुक्ष** to abandon, aff. **विरुक्ष**.

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्षी-क्षी-क्ष) Separate, sundered, absent or apart from. f. (-क्षी) 1. Wages, hire. 2. A woman absent from her husband or lover. **विरुक्ष** absence, **विरुक्ष** aff.

**विरुक्ष** Adj. Pining away in absence.

**विरुक्ष** f. (-क्ष) A woman whose lover or husband is absent. **विरुक्ष** separation, **विरुक्ष** afflicted.

**विरुक्ष** m. (-क्ष) 1. The absence of desire or passion, indifference, philosophy, the disregard of all sensual enjoyment either in this world or the next. 2. Change of colour. 3. Dissatisfaction. **विरुक्ष** privative, and **विरुक्ष** passion, desire.

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Void of passion or desire. **विरुक्ष** the absence of desire, and **विरुक्ष** worthy. [aff.]

**विरुक्ष** mfn. (-क्षी-क्षी-क्ष) Void of passion or desire. **विरुक्ष** and **विरुक्ष**.

**विरुक्ष** m. (-क्ष) 1. A man of the regal or military class. 2. Splendour, beauty. 3. The body. 4. The first progeny of *BRAHMA*, who having divided himself into male and female, produced from the female, *VIRA*; *VIRA* then by himself produced the first *Manu* or *SWAYAMBHŪVA* who was the progenitor of the *Prajapatis*, and the secondary framer of the visible world; in other places *VIRA* is the same as *BRAHMA*, and assumer of the androgynous form in his own person. **विरुक्ष** severally or separately, &c., **विरुक्ष** to shine, aff. **विरुक्ष**.

विराजन् mfn. (-जन्-जन्नी जन्) Shining, splendid, handsome. **३.** वि and राज् to shine, aff. शङ् । [राज् to shine, ज्ञानच् aff.]  
 विराजमान mfn. (-जः ना-नं) Splendid, brilliant, handsome. **३.** वि before विराजित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Illuminated, irradiated, splendid. 2. Manifested, made visible. **३.** वि before राज् to shine, क्त aff.  
 विराट् m. (-टः) 1. A country, one of the midland division of India, probably Bera'r. 2. A sovereign. **३.** वि before रट् to sound, aff. चञ् ।  
 विराटक m. (-कः) An inferior kind of diamond.  
 विराट्ज m. (-जः) An inferior sort of diamond, said to be found in the country Virat'a. **३.** विराट् the country, ज produced. [added.]  
 विराजिन् m. (-जो) An elephant. **३.** वि before रज् battle, aff. चञ् and रनि  
 विराड् mfn. (-डः-डा-डं) 1. Treated with disrespect, reviled, abused. 2. Opposed. 3. Offended. **३.** वि before राड् to accomplish, क्त aff.  
 विराड् mfn. (-डा-डो-डू) 1. Thwarting, opposing. 2. Offending, injuring. 3. Abusive, calumnious. **३.** वि before राड् to accomplish, aff. ढच् ।  
 विराध m. (-धः) 1. Opposition, prevention. 2. Vexation, annoyance. **३.** वि before राड् to accomplish, चञ् aff.  
 विराधन n. (-नं) Pain, agony, anguish. **३.** वि, राध to accomplish, छुट् aff.  
 विराध्यत् mfn. (-ध्यन्-ध्यन्ती-ध्यन्) 1. Opposing, thwarting. 2. Offending, annoying, injuring. **३.** वि before राड् to accomplish, शङ् aff.  
 विराम m. (-मः) 1. End, conclusion, cessation, term. 2. Rest, cessation from labour. 3. Stop, pause of the voice. 4. Interval between words or sentences. **३.** वि before रम् to stop, aff. चञ् ।  
 विराज m. (-जः) A cat. **३.** विडाज् as above, and ड changed to र ।  
 विराज m. (-जः) Sound, noise. **३.** वि before र्ज् to make a noise, aff. चञ् ।  
 विराजिन् mfn. (-जो-जिजी-जि) Shouting, roaring, crying, &c. f. (-जो) 1. A broom. 2. The name of a river. 3. Weeping, crying. **३.** विराज noise, रनि and डोच् affs.  
 विरिक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Purged. **३.** वि before रिच् to void by stool, क्त aff.  
 विरिच m. (-चः) BRAHMA' : see विरिचि ।  
 विरिचन m. (-नः) BRAHMA' : see the next.  
 विरिचि m. (-चिः) 1. BRAHMA'. 2. VISHN'U. 3. S'IVA. **३.** वि implying various kind, (of beings,) रच् to make or create, इन् aff., the radical vowel changed to इ and तुम् augment ; also with चञ् aff. विरिच, and with युच्, विरिचन ; some authorities omit the change of the radical vowel, and write विरच् and विरचि, but these seem to be less accurate. [aug. ; form irr.]  
 विरिचि m. (-चिः) A note, a tone. **३.** वि before रेच् to sound, क्त aff., इट्  
 विरिच mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Broken, bent. 2. Blunted. 3. Destroyed. **३.** वि before रच् to be sick, क्त aff.  
 विरिच f. (-ता) 1. Screamed. 2. Resounding. n. (-तं) 1. Singing, chirping. 2. Din, noise, clamour.  
 विरिच m. (-टः) 1. Crying. 2. Proclaiming. **३.** वि, रच् to cry, क्त aff.  
 विरिच mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Opposed, hindered. 2. Reverse, contrary, opposite. 3. Inconsistent, (in argument,) incongruous, a nonsequitur. 4. Opposed in quality, as sweet with sour, &c. 5. Disagreeing with each other, (as articles of medicine or food.) 6. Hostile, adverse. 7. Excluded, disqualified. 8. Surrounded, blockaded. 9. Proving the reverse, as a He'tu, (in logic.) **३.** वि before रच् to stop, aff. क्त ।  
 विरिचता f. (-ता) 1. Opposition, contrariety. 2. Incongruity. 3. Enmity. **३.** तल् added to विरिच ; also with तल्, विरिचतल् । [eats.]  
 विरिचमन् mfn. (-मन्) Eating incompatible things. **३.** विरिच and मन् who  
 विरिचभोजन n. (-नः) Incompatible food. **३.** विरिच and भोजन eating.  
 विरिचान्न n. (-न्नः) Incompatible food. **३.** विरिच and अन्न food.  
 विरिचय mfn. (-यः-यो-यं) Astringent, drying. n. (-यं) 1. Censure, blame, reviling, abuse. 2. Oath, imprecation. 3. Contracting, roughening, acting as an astringent. **३.** वि before रच् to be rough, aff. छुट् ।  
 विरिच mfn. (-चः-डा-डं) 1. Budded, blossomed. 2. Born. 3. Ascended, mounted. **३.** वि before रच् to grow, aff. क्त ।

विह mfn. (-पः-पा or -पी-पं) 1. Deformed, monstrous. 2. Unusual in form or nature, unnatural. n. (-पं) 1. Irregular or monstrous shape. 2. Difference of nature or character. f. (-पा) The wife of YAMA. **३.** वि implying variety, and ह्प form.  
 विहपक mfn. (-कः-पिका-कं) 1. Frightful, hideous. 2. Deformed, misshapen. **३.** कन् added to the last.  
 विहपकरच n. (-चं) Disfiguring. **३.** विहप and करच making.  
 विहपाच m. (-चः) 1. S'IVA. 2. One of the Rudras. **३.** वि implying reverse, ह्प form, and चच् the eye ; having three eyes.  
 विरेक m. (-कः) 1. Purging, evacuation by stool. 2. A purgative. **३.** वि before रिच् to purge, aff. चञ् ।  
 विरेचन n. (-नं) 1. Purging, evacuation by stool. 2. A purgative. **३.** वि before रिच् to purge, aff. चिच्-छुट् । [क्त aff.]  
 विरेचित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Purged, evacuated. **३.** वि before रिच् to purge, विरेच mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) To be purged. **३.** वि, रिच् to purge, इन् aff.  
 विरेक m. (-कः) 1. A river in general. 2. The absence of the letter र. **३.** वि privative, र्क letter र, &c. [क्त aff.]  
 विरेभित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sounded, uttered. **३.** वि before रेच् to sound, विरोक n. (-कः) A hole, a chasm. m. (-कः) A ray of light. **३.** वि before रच् to shine, aff. चञ् ।  
 विरोचन m. (-नः) 1. The sun. 2. The moon. 3. Fire. 4. The son of the sovereign PRAHLA'DA. **३.** वि before रच् to shine, causal form, aff. छुट् or युच् ।  
 विरोचनसुत m. (-तः) BALI, the sovereign of Maha'balipur. **३.** विरोचन the son of PRAHLA'DA, सुत son. [be light, रयुच् aff.]  
 विरोचिष्णु mfn. (-णः-णो-णं) 1. Shining. 2. Illuminating. **३.** वि, रच् to विरोध m. (-धः) 1. Enmity, animosity. 2. Restraint, check, control, confinement. 3. Opposition, contradiction. 4. Preventing, hindrance. 5. War. 6. Calamity, misfortune. 7. Surrounding, investing, siege, blockade. 8. Impediment to a successful progress of the story, (in a play.) 9. Antithesis, contrast. 10. Opposition of qualities, (in articles of food or medicine, &c.) 11. Inconsistency, (in argument.) f. (-धो) Fixed rule, ordinance, institute. **३.** वि before रच् to stop, aff. चञ् ।  
 विरोधन n. (-नं) 1. Opposition, resistance, contradiction. 2. Hindering, obstructing, preventing. 3. Incongruity, inconsistency. 4. Taunting, provoking. 5. Encountering or defying peril. 6. Investing, blockading. **३.** वि before रच् to stop, aff. छुट् ।  
 विरोधाभास m. (-सः) A rhetorical inconsistency which is apparent and can be explained away ; it consists in describing things as existing together though in the nature of things they ought not so to exist. **३.** विरोधः इवा भासते चा + भास्-चञ् ।  
 विरोधिक्तन् m. (-क्तन्) The forty-fifth year of the Indian cycle. **३.** विरोधि opposition, क्तन् making.  
 विरोधिन् mfn. (-धी-धिनो-धि) 1. Inimical, adverse, hostile. 2. Opposing, preventing. 3. Obstructive. 4. Exclusive, disqualifying. 5. Contradictory, inconsistent. 6. Quarrelsome, contentious. 7. Of opposite and incompatible quality, (food, medicine, &c.) 8. Besieging, blockading. m. (-धी) 1. An enemy, an opponent. 2. The twenty-fourth year of the cycle. **३.** वि, रच् to oppose, aff. चिचि ।  
 विरोधीक्ति f. (-क्तिः) Quarrel, dispute, mutual contradiction. **३.** विरोधि contradiction and उक्ति speech. [क्त aff.]  
 विरोध(च)न n. (-चं) Healing, (as a wound.)  
 विरोधित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Left, destitute, forsaken. **३.** वि, रच् to ascend, विल् r. 6th cl. (विलिखति) 1. To wear, to put on, to clothe or cover. 2. To break or divide. r. 10th cl. (विलिखति-ने) To throw, to cast, to direct or send.  
 विल n. (-लः) 1. A hole, a chasm, a vacuity. 2. A cave, a cavern. m. (-लः) 1. One of INDRA's horses. 2. A sort of reed or cane, (Calamus rotang.) **३.** विल, to divide, &c., aff. क्त ।

**विचल** mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Astonished, surprised. 2. Abashed, ashamed. 3. Markless, having no mark or aim. 4. Contra-indicated, having a character or mark contrary to what is usual or natural. 5. Having no characteristic mark or property. 6. Bewildered. 7. Extraordinary. **वि** before लृच् to see, aff. चच् ।

**विचल** mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Other, different. 2. Strange. 3. Having no distinguishing marks. 4. Having inauspicious marks. n. (-च) 1. State or condition for which no cause can be assigned, vain and causeless state. 2. Seeing, observing. **वि** privative or negative, and लृच् a mark or sign.

**विचल** n. (-च) 1. Shame. 2. Surprise. 3. Absence of mark or aim. 4. Absence of distinguishing property. **वि** लृच् added to विचल; also with तच् aff. विचल ।

**विचलित** mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Seen, observed. 2. Affected without a cause. 3. Undiscriminated, unmarked. 4. Distinguished. 5. Perplexed, embarrassed. **वि** inten. or priv., and लृच् marked.

**विचल** mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Joined or attached to, fixed on or connected with. 2. Posted. 3. Slender, thin. n. (-च) 1. The waist, the middle. 2. The rising of a constellation. **वि** लृच् to be connected with, **वि** aff., form irr. ; or विश्वेष लृच् लृच्-त् तत् नः लृच् नः ।

**विचल** n. (-च) 1. Overstepping, transgressing. 2. Offence, injury. **वि** before लृच् to leap over, लृच् aff.

**विचलनीय** mfn. (-य-या-य) To be transgressed or overstepped. **वि** before लृच् to leap over, लृच् aff.

**विचलित** mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Transgressed, overstepped. 2. Traversed. 3. Surpassed. **वि** before लृच् to leap over, **वि** aff.

**विचल** mfn. (-ज-जा-ज) Shameless, impudent, unabashed. **वि** priv. लृच् shame. [aff.]

**विचलमान** mfn. (-न-ना-न) Modest. **वि** before लृच् to be modest, लृच् ।

**विचल** mfn. (-प-पा-प) 1. Speaking, talking. 2. Prating, talking idly or wildly. **वि** before लृच् to speak, लृच् aff.

**विचल** n. (-न) 1. The dirt or sediment of any oily substance, as of clarified butter, &c. 2. Talking, chattering, talking idly or wildly. 3. Lamenting, wailing. **वि** before लृच् to speak, aff. लृच् ।

**विचलित** mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Said. 2. Chattered. 3. Lamented, spoken in grief, spoken idly. **वि** before लृच् to speak, **वि** aff.

**विचल** m. (-च) 1. Falling or hanging down, pendulousness. 2. Slowness, tardiness, delay. **वि** before लृच् to go, aff. चच् or लृच् ।

**विचल** n. (-न) 1. Delaying, retarding, procrastination. 2. Hanging on or from, depending. **वि** before लृच् to go, लृच् aff.

**विचलमान** mfn. (-न-ना-न) Suspended on, hanging on or from. **वि** before लृच् to go, लृच् aff.

**विचलिका** f. (-का) Constipation.

**विचलित** mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Falling, pendulous, hanging or falling down. 2. Slow, tardy, retarded. 3. Closely connected with. 4. Slow, (as time in music,) adagio. n. (-त) Delay. **वि** लृच् delay, लृच् aff.

**विचलित** mfn. (-ज-जा-ज) 1. Delaying, retarding. 2. Pendulous, depending, hanging on or from. m. (-ज) The thirty-second year of the Indian cycle. **वि** लृच् slowness, delay, लृच् aff.

**विचल** m. (-ज) 1. Gift, donation, giving. 2. Liberality. **वि** reverse, लृच् to get or gain, aff. चच् ; or वि + लृच्-लृच् लृच् ।

**विचल** m. (-य) 1. Destruction of the world. 2. Destruction in general. 3. Liquefaction. **वि** before लृच् to liquefy, aff. चच् ।

**विचल** n. (-न) 1. Destroying. 2. Corroding, eating away. 3. Liquefying. 4. Removing, taking away. 5. Attenuating, (as the fluids of the body.) 6. An attenuant. 7. An escharotic. **वि** लृच् to melt, लृच् aff.

**विचल** f. (-जा) A sort of Sida, (S. cordifolia, &c.) “वेतवलाया” **वि** before लृच् to shake, aff. चच् and टाच् ।

**विचलित** mfn. (-च-चा-च) Living in a hole, burrowing. m. (-च) A snake. **वि** a hole, and लृच् who inhabits.

**विचल** mfn. (-य-या-य) Living or burrowing in holes. m. (-च) A snake. **वि** a hole, लृच् to sleep, aff. चच् ।

**विचल** mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Shining, beautiful, splendid. 2. Sportive, wanton. **वि** before लृच् to shine, &c., aff. चच् ।

**विचल** n. (-न) 1. Sporting, dallying. 2. Flashing, gleaming. **वि** before लृच् to shine, लृच् aff.

**विचलित** mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Sportive, wanton. 2. Glittering, shining. n. (-त) 1. Wanton pastime or gestures. 2. A gleam, a flash. 3. Mauifestation. **वि** before लृच् to shine, **वि** aff.

**विचल** m. (-प) Lamentation, the language of grief and distress. **वि** before लृच् to speak, aff. चच् ।

**विचल** m. (-च) 1. An instrument, a machine. 2. A cat. **वि** before लृच् to desire, &c., aff. चच् ; or विचल as above, and लृच् changed to its congener लृच् ।

**विचल** m. (-च) 1. One kind of feminine action, considered as proceeding from and indicative of amorous sentiments; change of place, posture, gait or look, on the approach of the lover, as hiding at his approach, assuming a look of displeasure, &c. 2. Sport, pastime, play, especially amorous pastime, dalliance, wantonness. 3. Graco, elegance. 4. Ease, facility. **वि** before लृच् to desire, aff. चच् ।

**विचलमान** n. (-न) A pleasure ground. **वि** लृच् sport, लृच् a grove.

**विचल** n. (-न) 1. Sport. 2. Dalliance.

**विचलमन्दिर** n. (-र) A pleasure house, a summer house, &c. **वि** लृच् sport, and मन्दिर a building. [लृच् aff.]

**विचलवत्** mfn. (-व-वा-व) Sportive, dallying, wanton. **वि** लृच्, and लृच् विचलमान mfn. (-च-चा-च) Greedy, covetous.

**विचलिका** f. (-का) A drama in one act on any light subject or adventure. **वि**, लृच् to shine, लृच् aff., fem. form.

**विचलित** mfn. (-च-चा-च) Wanton, sportive, dallying. m. (-च) 1. Vishnu. 2. The moon. 3. Fire. 4. A sensualist, an enjoyer. 5. A snake. 6. S'IVA. 7. KRISHNA. 8. KA'MA or CUPID. f. (-चिनी) 1. A woman. 2. A whore, a harlot. **वि** लृच् pastime, &c., aff. चच् ; or वि, लृच् to shine, लृच् aff.; also read विचलित ।

**विचलित** n. (-न) 1. Scratching. 2. Writing.

**विचलित** mfn. (-त-ता-त) Anointed, plastered, smeared. **वि** before लृच् to smear, **वि** aff.

**विचल** mfn. (-न-ना-न) 1. Liquid, liquefied, semifluid, as melted oil or butter, &c. 2. Disappeared, perished, removed from sight, either temporarily or permanently. 3. Imagined, formed or infused, as in the mind. 4. Contiguous to, in contact with, united or blended with. 5. Immersed in. **वि** before लृच् to melt, &c., aff. लृच् ।

**विचल** n. (-न) Robbing, plundering.

**विचल** mfn. (-न-ना-न) 1. Seized, taken. 2. Cut off. 3. Lost. 4. Impaired, mutilated. **वि** before लृच् to cut off, **वि** aff.

**विचलित** mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Bewildered, disturbed, agitated. 2. Shaken, (by the wind.) **वि** before लृच् to beguile, **वि** aff.

**विचल** m. (-क) A thief, a robber

**विचलित** mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Tremulous, shaking, waving. 2. Disordered, disarranged. **वि** before लृच् to agitate, **वि** aff.

**विचल** f. (-जा) Cut off, cut asunder.

**विचल** n. (-न) 1. Digging, delving, rooting up. 2. Dividing, splitting. 3. Making marks or furrows. **वि** before लृच् to write, aff. लृच् ।

**विचल** m. (-प) 1. Ointment, unguent, especially fragrant unguent of Sandal, Agallochum, &c. 2. Mortar, plaster. 3. Anointing, plastering. f. (-चि) Rice-gruel. **वि**, लृच् to anoint or smear, aff. चच् ।

**विचल** n. (-न) 1. Perfume of the person, unguent or oil of Sandal, saffron, camphor, bdellium, &c. 2. Smearing the body with fragrant oils, &c. 2. Plastering. f. (-चि) 1. A woman adorned with perfumes, &c. 2. Rice-gruel. **वि** before लृच् to smear, aff. लृच् ।

**विचलिका** f. (-का) Rice-gruel ; also विचली ।

**विलेप्य** mfn. (-प्यः-प्या-प्य) To be spread or plastered. m. (-प्यः) Rice-gruel. **विलेप** before लिप् to smear, aff. ल्यप् or यत् ।  
**विलेपसिन्** mfn. (-सी-सिन्-सि) Living or burrowing in holes. m. (-सी) A snake. **विलेप** 7th case, वासिन् who dwells.  
**विलेपय** m. (-यः) 1. A snake. 2. A rat. 3. A hare. 4. Any animal living or burrowing in holes. **विलेप** a hole, in the seventh case, and यय who sleeps or dwells.  
**विलोक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Solitary, lonely. **विलोक** priv., लोक a person.  
**विलोकन** nf. (-न-ना) Sight, seeing. **विलोक** before लोक् to see, युच् aff.  
**विलोकनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Agreeable, beautiful, fit to be seen or looked at. **विलोक** before लोक् to see, चनीयर् aff.  
**विलोकनीयता** f. (-ता) Loveliness, beauty. **विलोक** added to the last. [aff.]  
**विलोकयन्** mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Seeing, looking at. **विलोक** to see, शब्द  
**विलोकित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Seen, beheld. 2. Examined. n. (-त) A look, a glance. **विलोक** before लोक् to see, aff. क ।  
**विलोचन** n. (-न) The eye. **विलोक** before लोच् to see, aff. ल्युट् ।  
**विलोचनपात** m. (-तः) A glance, a look. **विलोचन** and पात alighting.  
**विलोचनाम्बु** n. (-म्बु) Tears. **विलोचन** and चम्बु water.  
**विलोटक** m. (-कः) A sort of fish, (Clupea oultrata.) **विलोट** before लुट् to roll on the ground, aff. ल्युट् । [विलोट्, लुट् to agitate, ल्युट् aff.]  
**विलोडन** n. (-न) 1. Agitating, shaking, churning. 2. Rolling or tossing.  
**विलोडित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Agitated, churned, shaken. 2. Rolling or tumbling on the ground. n. (-त) Butter-milk. **विलोड** before लोड् to be tremulous, aff. क ।  
**विलोप** m. (-पः) 1. Seizing, taking away. 2. Loss, disappearance.  
**विलोपन** n. (-न) 1. Destruction. 2. Deluding. **विलोप** before लुप् to cut, causal v., ल्युट् aff. [delude, aff. चञ् ।]  
**विलोभ** m. (-भः) Attraction, delusion, seduction. **विलोभ** before लुभ् to  
**विलोभन** n. (-न) 1. Allurement, attraction, temptation, seduction. 2. Beguiling, perplexing. 3. Praise, commendation, especially by contrast with inferiority. **विलोभ** before लुभ् to delude, &c., aff. ल्युट् ।  
**विलोभित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Allured, beguiled. 2. Deceived. 3. Praised. **विलोभ** before लुभ् to delude, causal v., क aff. [causal v., ल्यप् aff.]  
**विलोभ्य** Ind. Having beguiled, fascinated, &c. **विलोभ** before लुभ् to delude,  
**विलोभमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Being fascinated, overcome, beguiled, &c. **विलोभ** before लुभ् to beguile, pass. v., शानच् aff.  
**विलोम** mfn. (-मः-मी-म) Reverse, opposite, contrary, backward, against the hair. m. (-मः) 1. Reverse, opposite course or order, &c. 2. A snake 3. VARUNA, regent of the waters. 4. A dog. n. (-मी) A water-wheel, or machine for raising water. f. (-मी) Emblem myrobalan. **विलोम** implying difference, &c., and लोम the hair of the body ; also with कन् added विलोमक ।  
**विलोमद्विधा** f. (-धा) 1. Doing any thing backwards or in reverse order. 2. (In arithmetic.) Rule of Inversion. **विलोम** and क्रिया act.  
**विलोमज** mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Born of a father of an inferior caste and mother of a superior. **विलोम** inverse order, and ज born ; also विलोमजात, विलोमोपज, &c.  
**विलोमजिह्व** m. (-ह्वः) An elephant. **विलोम** reverse, जिह्वा the tongue.  
**विलोमवैवाशिश** n. (-वै) Rule of Three Inverse.  
**विलोमवर्ध** m. (-वर्धः) A man of mixed or inferior birth. **विलोम** contrary to the proper order, (of marriage, &c.) and वर्ध a class.  
**विलोमविधि** f. (-धिः) 1. Inverted or reversed ceremony. 2. (In arithmetic.) Rule of Inversion. **विलोम** and विधि rule.  
**विलोल** mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) 1. Shaking, trembling, tremulous. 2. Fickle, unsteady. 3. Rolling, (as the eyes.) 4. Tossing, waving. **विलोल** before लल् to agitate, aff. चञ् or चञ् ।  
**विलोलता** f. (-ता) 1. Tremulousness. 2. Unsteadiness. 3. Rolling, (of the eyes.) **विलोल** added to the last ; also with ल, विलोलल ।  
**विलोलन** n. (-न) Shaking, stirring, agitating. **विलोल** before लल् to agitate, causal v., aff. ल्युट् ।

**विलोलित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Shaken, agitated, tossed. **विलोल** before लल् to agitate, causal v., क aff. [विलोलच् above.]  
**विलोकस्य** m. (-स्यः) Any animal living in holes, a reptile. **विलोक** and  
**विलेप** n. (-पः) 1. A pit, a hole. 2. Asafetida. **विलेप** a hole, ल्यच् aff.  
**विलम्बा** f. (-बा) A sort of yam : see वाराही ।  
**विलम्ब** m. (-म्बः) A fruit tree, commonly named Be'l, (Ægle marmelos.) n. (-म्बः) 1. The fruit of the Be'l. 2. A measure, the same as the Pala. **विलम्ब** to divide, Unádi aff. वल् ।  
**विलम्बा** f. (-बा) 1. Wish, desire. 2. The wish to speak. 3. Meaning, sense. **विलम्ब** to speak, in the desiderative form, aff. चञ् ।  
**विलम्बित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Wished, desired. 2. Purposed, intended. 3. Literal, not figurative, (a word or phrase.) 4. Intended to be spoken or said. 5. Favourite. n. (-त) An object desired. f. (-ता) Purpose, wish, what one wishes to declare or speak. **विलम्ब** to speak, desiderative form, क aff.  
**विलम्ब** mfn. (-म्बः-चु-चु) Wishing to speak. **विलम्ब** to speak, desid. v., च aff. [च aff.]  
**विलम्बिषु** mfn. (-षु-चु-चु) Crafty, deceitful. **विलम्ब** to trick, desid. v.,  
**विलम्बा** f. (-म्बा) A cow whose calf is dead. **विलम्ब** priv., वल्स a calf.  
**विलम्बन्** mfn. (-दन्-दन्-दन्) 1. Disputing, contending. 2. Litigating. **विलम्ब** variously, वद to speak, शब्द aff.  
**विलम्बमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Disagreeing, contending, maintaining different arguments. 2. Litigating. **विलम्ब** before वद to speak, शानच् aff.  
**विलम्ब** m. (-म्बः) 1. A road, a highway. 2. A yoke for carrying burdens. 3. A load. 4. Storing grain or hay, &c. 5. An ewer, a pitcher. **विलम्ब** before वच् to strike, aff. चञ् ; also वीच ।  
**विलम्बिक** m. (-कः) 1. A chandler, a peddler. 2. A load-carrier. **विलम्ब** storing grain, ठन् aff. and the vowel unchanged ; also वीचिक ।  
**विलम्बिषु** mfn. (-षु-चु-चु) Desirous or wishing to praise. **विलम्ब** to praise, desid. v., च aff.  
**विलम्ब** n. (-म्बः) 1. A hole, a chasm, a vacuity. 2. Fault, defect. 3. Separation, disjunction. 4. A solitary place. 5. The number "nine." **विलम्ब** before वच् to choose, to cover, &c., and चञ् aff.  
**विलम्ब** n. (-म्बः) 1. Explanation, exposition, gloss, comment. 2. Interpretation, translation. 3. Uncovering, exposing, laying bare or open. 4. Detailing, describing. **विलम्ब** before वच् to select, (the meaning,) aff. ल्युट् ।  
**विलम्बनालिका** f. (-का) A pipe, a fife, a flute. **विलम्ब** a hole, a perforation, नाल a pipe, कन् added, fem. form.  
**विलम्बिषु** mfn. (-षु-चु-चु) Wishing to make manifest or declare. **विलम्ब** before वच् to choose, desid. v., च aff. [leave, ल्युट् aff.]  
**विलम्बन** n. (-न) Abandoning, leaving, shunning. **विलम्ब** before वच् to  
**विलम्बनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be avoided, shunned, quitted, &c. **विलम्ब** before वच् to abandon, चनीयर् aff. [quit, शब्द aff.]  
**विलम्बयन्** mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Avoiding, leaving. **विलम्ब** before वच् to  
**विलम्बित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Left, abandoned, avoided, shunned. 2. Deprived of. 3. Given. **विलम्ब** before वच् to leave, aff. क ।  
**विलम्ब** mfn. (-म्बः-म्बा-म्ब) 1. Low, vile. 2. Bad coloured. 3. Wanting colour. 4. Changing colour. m. (-म्बः) A man of a low caste, one of degrading occupation, an outcaste. **विलम्ब** privative and वर्ध caste.  
**विलम्बवदन** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Pale-faced. **विलम्ब** colourless, वदन face.  
**विलम्ब** m. (-म्बः) 1. Assemblage, collection, heap or multitude. 2. Dancing. 3. Going or turning round, revolving, returning. 4. Human error, worldly ignorance, the confounding of truth and falsehood, or the mistaking or unreal objects and conceiving them to be what they are not, as mirage for water, a rope for a snake, &c. 5. Modification, various or altered state or condition. **विलम्ब** before वच् to be, aff. चञ् ।  
**विलम्बन** n. (-न) 1. Going round, circumambulating, an alter, &c. 2. Revolving, turning round. 3. Whirling, causing to go round. 4.

Returning. 5. Passing through in succession, as various lives, various hells, &c. 6. Being, abiding. 7. Reverential salutation. **व** before **हृत्** to be, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्तं** mfn. (-तः-पत्तं) Turning back or round, recoiling, revolving, returning, &c. **व** before **हृत्** to be, **लृट्** aff.  
**विपत्तवाद** m. (-दः) The Ve'dāntic doctrine that regards Brahman as the only entity and the world to be illusory.  
**विपत्तित** mfn. (-तः-पत्तितं) 1. Revolved, returned. 2. Whirled round. 3. Turned back or away. **व** before **हृत्** to be, **लृट्** aff.  
**विपत्ति** n. (-ति) 1. Increase. 2. Aggrandizement. 3. Cutting, dividing. **व** before **हृत्** to increase, to cut, **लृट्** aff.  
**विपत्ति** mfn. (-तः-पत्ति) 1. Increased, enlarged. 2. Furthered, advanced. 3. Gratified. 4. Cut, divided. **व** before **हृत्** to increase, to cut, **लृट्** aff.  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) 1. Subject, subjected. 2. Independent. 3. Apprehensive of death, unwilling though about to die. 4. Desirous of death, sedate at that period, or having the soul free from worldly cares and fears. 5. Uncontrolled, unrestrained, unsubdued. 6. Fainted, unconscious. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Unclothed, naked. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** m. (-तः) 1. A god. 2. The sun. 3. ARUN'A, the charioteer of the sun. 4. The seventh or present MANU; also VAIVASWATA. f. (-नी) The city of the sun. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** m. (-तः) One of the seven tongues of fire.  
**विपत्त** m. (-तः) A judge. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Blowing gently. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** m. (-तः) 1. Contest, contention. 2. Contest at law, a legal dispute, litigation, a law suit. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Disputed, litigated. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Seeking for a dispute or quarrel. m. (-र्षि) A litigant, a prosecutor, a plaintiff. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Litigated, contested at law. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Disputing, contending, a litigant. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** m. (-तः) 1. Dilatation, expansion. 2. Open or expanded state of the organs of speech for the articulation of vowels or sibilants. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Without clothes, naked. m. (-सः) Banishment. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** m. (-तः) Banishing, transporting. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** m. (-तः) Exile, banishment. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Banished, expelled. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) To be expelled or transported. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** m. (-तः) Marriage; eight recognized forms of marriage are enumerated by Hindu law-givers, viz :—  
**विपत्त** m. (-तः) Marriage; eight recognized forms of marriage are enumerated by Hindu law-givers, viz :—  
**विपत्त** m. (-तः) Married. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Marriageable, to be married. m. (-सः) A son-in-law, a bridegroom. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) 1. Lonely, solitary, desert. 2. Pure, faultless. 3. Separated, distinguished, disjoined, detached. 4. Discriminative, judicious, a judge. 5. Discriminated, judged. 6. Profound, (as judgment or thought.) 7. Intent on. n. (-तः) 1. Loneliness. 2. A solitary place. f. (-ता) A woman disliked by her husband. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।

**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Intent upon any object. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Solitary, retired, recluse, seeking or affecting solitude. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Wishing to enter. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** f. (-ता) Wish or purpose to enter. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Wishing or intending to enter. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** f. (-ता) 1. Very agitated. 2. Very angry.  
**विपत्त** Ind. Having considered, discussed, judged. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Obtaining. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Knowing, wise. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Various, multiform, of many sorts. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Entering. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Entering, who or what enters. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** m. (-तः) An inclosed spot of ground, abounding in grass, wood, &c., a preserved pasture, a paddock, &c. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** m. (-तः) The superintendent or owner of a preserved pasture. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Abandoned, left. f. (-ता) A woman disliked or deserted by her husband. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) 1. Expanded, extended, extensive, large. 2. Evident, displayed, made manifest. 3. Exposed, discovered. 4. Opened. 5. Explained, interpreted, expounded. 6. Open, (as the organs of speech for the articulation of vowels and sibilants.) 7. Proclaimed, divulged. f. (-ता) A disease, an ulcer attended with much pain and heat. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Large-eyed. m. (-तः) A cock. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** f. (-ता) 1. Explanation, exposition, gloss, comment, interpretation. 2. Making clear or manifest. 3. Discovery, exposure. 4. Expansion. 5. Display. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Turned or twisted round, whirling, revolving, rolling. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** f. (-ता) 1. Whirling, turning round. 2. A hiatus, (in gram.) **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Wishing to be. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) Who or what wishes to be. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** mfn. (-तः-पत्त) 1. Augmented, increased. 2. Abundant. 3. Grown up. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** f. (-ता) 1. Growth, increase, augmentation. 2. Prosperity. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** m. (-तः) 1. Discrimination, judgment, the faculty of distinguishing things by their properties, and classing them according to their real not apparent nature; in the Vo'dānta system, it is applied to the power of separating BRAHMA or invisible spirit, from the ostensible world, truth from untruth, or reality from illusion. 2. Discussion, investigation. 3. A reservoir, a basin, a bath. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** f. (-ता) Judgment, discrimination, the faculty or property of judgment. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** n. (-तः) Discrimination, discernment. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** m. (-तः) A wise or discerning man. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** f. (-ता) Discussion, discrimination, discriminativeness. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।  
**विपत्त** m. (-तः) Judicious, discriminative. m. (-तः) A sage, a philosopher, a judge. **व** before **हृत्** to wish, aff. **लृट्** ।

विशेषज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञ) To be discussed or judged. ३. वि before विश्, to judge, तथ्य aff ; also विशेष and विशेषणीय ।

विशेषज्ञ m. (-ज्ञः) 1. A judge. 2. A philosopher.

विशेषज्ञ n. (-ज्ञः) Discrimination, judgment, distinguishing truth from falsehood. ३. वि before विश्, to judge, aff. ल्यट् ।

विशेषणीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be judged or discussed. ३. वि, विश्, to judge, चनीय aff. [obtain, aff. ल्यट् ।

विश्वोद m. (-दः) A husband, a bridegroom, a lover. ३. वि before वृत् to विश्, वृत् mfn. (-वृत्-वृती-वृत्) Silent, refraining from or refusing to speak. ३. वि privative, वृत् speaking.

विश्वीक m. (-कः) Affectation of difference, one of the branches of amorous dalliance, or feminine actions, tending to excite love or desire. ३. वि before वा to go, aff. क्तु ; विश् said here to mean a particular gait, and चोक house, place, site.

विश्व r. 6th cl. (विश्वि) 1. To enter, to pervade. 2. To fall to the lot of. 3. To settle down on. With चाङ् or प्र prefixed, 1. To go in, to enter. 2. To occupy, to engross. With ल्यप्, 1. To sit, to sit down. 2. To approach. With नि, 1. To dwell, to abide. 2. To place or station. 3. To sit down. 4. To enter. 5. To be intent on. 6. To marry. With नि or चनि and नि, 1. To rest, to halt, to sit down, especially before or in presence of. 2. To conceal. With निर, To go out or forth. With परि, To place before, to present. With सम्, 1. To lie down, to repose. 2. To enter. 3. To have sexual intercourse. With सम् and नि, To be near, to be close to or in the neighbourhood. With सम् and चाङ्, To introduce. With चनु, To enter after some one. With निम्, 1. To enjoy. 2. To embellish, Caus. (विश्वयति-ते) With नि, 1. To apply, to bend, (the mind.) 2. To draw, to portray. 3. To place. 4. To enter on, to commit. With प्र, To usher. With विनि, To fix.

विश्व m. (-विट्) 1. A man of the mercantile tribe. 2. A man in general. f. (-विट्) 1. Entrance. 2. A daughter. 3. Feces, ordure. 4. People, subjects. ३. विश् to enter, aff. क्तिप् । [enter, aff. क ।

विश्व n. (-वः) The film or fibres of the stalk of the water-lily. ३. विश् to विश्व mfn. (-वः-वृत्-वृत्) Fearless, undaunted. ३. वि and वृत् fear.

विश्वट् mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) 1. Great, large. 2. Strong, vehement. ३. वि the particle, वृत् aff. in this sense. [शानच् aff.

विश्वमान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Fearing, apprehending. ३. वि, वृत् to doubt, विश्व mfn. (-वृत्-वृती-वृत्) Entering. ३. विश् to enter, वृत् aff.

विश्वद mfn. (-दः-दा-द) 1. Of a white colour. 2. Clear, pure, pellucid. 3. Evident, apparent, manifest. 4. Beautiful. 5. At ease. m. (-दः) White, the colour. ३. वि, वृत् to wither or perish, aff. चच् ।

विश्वय m. (-यः) 1. Doubt. 2. Refuge, asylum. ३. वि, वृत् to sleep, चच् aff. विश्वयिन् mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) 1. Dubious, uncertain. 2. Doubting. ३. विश्वय doubt, चनि aff ; or वि before वृत् to sleep, चनि aff.

विश्वर m. (-रः) 1. Killing, slaying, slaughter. 2. Bursting. ३. वि before वृत् to injure to kill, aff. चच् ; also with ल्यट् aff. विश्वरच n. (-चः) ।

विश्वम्ब mfn. (-म्बः-म्बा-म्ब) 1. Free from thorns or spikes. 2. Free from care or pain. f. (-म्बा) 1. A twining shrub, (Menispermum cordifolium.) 2. A sort of potherb, (the kind not ascertained.) 3. A plant, commonly Danti, (Croton polyandrum.) 4. Another plant, commonly Teori, (Convolvulus turpethum.) 5. A sort of fruit, Lāngaliya. ३. वि privative, and म्ब a stalk or stem.

विश्वम्बक m. (-कः) A plant, (Echites dichotoma, Rox.) "वापरमासी ।"

विश्वसन n. (-नः) 1. Killing, slaying, slaughter, Dissecting, cutting. m. (-नः) A sabre, a crooked sword. ३. वि before वृत् to hurt, aff. क्तुट् ।

विश्वसित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Hurt, killed. 2. Cut, dissected. 3. Well-mannered. ३. वि before वृत् to injure, aff. क्तुट् ang. [aff.

विश्वसित mfn. (-ता-वी-द) 1. Killing. 2. Dissecting. ३. वि, वृत् to kill, वृत् विश्व mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Praised, celebrated. 2. Arrogant, ill-mannered, rude. 3. Cut up. ३. वि before वृत् to praise, aff. क्तु ।

विश्व mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Disarmed, unarmed. ३. वि and वृत् a weapon विश्व m. (-वा) A chandāla. ३. वि + वृत्-वृत् न वृत् ।

विश्वर m. (-रः) A plant, (Euphorbia of various kinds.) "वृत्वाविष् ।"

विश्व mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Branchless. m. (-वः) 1. Kā'RIK'YA. 2. An attitude in shooting, standing with the feet a span apart. 3. A solicitor, a petitioner, a beggar. 4. A spindle. f. (-वा) 1. The sixteenth lunar asterism, figured by a festoon, and containing four, or according to some, two stars. 2. A cucurbitaceous plant, (Mormordica charantia.) ३. वि without, वाङ् a branch ; or विश्व the asterism, (by which personified the god was cherished,) वृत् aff., and the vowel unchanged.

विश्वर m. (-रः) The orange, (Citrus aurantium.) ३. विश्व the asterism, and वृत् to be born, aff. क्तु ; coming into season, when the sun is in this asterism, or about the end of October.

विश्वरच n. (-चः) An attitude in shooting. ३. विश्वर, चच् pleonasm.

विश्वय m. (-यः) Sleeping and watching alternately, the rest taken in rotation by soldiers on watch. ३. वि intervening, वृत् to sleep, aff. चच् or वृत्वाये चच् । [aff. क्तुट् ।

विश्वरच n. (-चः) Killing, slaying, slaughter. ३. वि before वृत् to injure, विश्वरद mfn. (-दः-दा-द) 1. Learned, wise. 2. Confident, bold, presuming. 3. Famous, celebrated. ३. विश्वर great, extensive, (fame, &c.) and दा to give, aff. क्तु, the ल changed to र ।

विश्वर mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Great, large. 2. Broad. 3. Great, eminent, illustrious. m. (-वः) 1. A sort of deer. 2. A sort of bird. f. (-वा) 1. The city Ougein. 2. Bitter apple, (Cucumis colocynthis.) 3. Name of a river. ३. वि particle, and वाङ् aff. ; or विश् to enter, Una'di aff. वाङ् । [विश्वर, क्तु race.

विश्वरच mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Well-born. n. (-वः) An illustrious family. ३. विश्वरच f. (-वा) 1. Width, breadth. 2. Magnitude, bulk. 3. Eminence, distinction. ३. विश्वर large, तल् aff. of the abstract ; also विश्वर n. (-वः) । [large, तल् skin or bark.

विश्वरच m. (-वः) A tree, (Echites scholaris.) "वृत्वाविष् ।" विश्वरच mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Having large or beautiful eyes. m. (-वः) 1. SIVA. 2. GARUD'A. f. (-वा) PA'RVATI. ३. विश्वर large, and चनि the eye, वृत् aff.

विश्वर m. (-वः) 1. An arrow. 2. An iron crow. 3. A kind of reed. f. (-वा) 1. A spade, a hoe. 2. A highway, a broad or carriage road. 3. A very minute arrow, a sort of needle or spindle. 4. A barber's wife. 5. A sick room, or the dwelling of the sick. ३. वि implying possessed of, &c., and विश्वर a crest.

विश्वरच mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Sounding. ३. वि before विश्वर to sound, विश्वरच aff.

विश्वर mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Sharpened. ३. वि before विश्वर to sharpen, तल् aff.

विश्वर n. (-वः) A palace, a temple. ३. विश्वर to enter, चच् Una'di aff., and वृत् substituted for the pen. vowel ; or विश्वरच aff. ।

विश्वर mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Endowed with, possessed of, having inherent or attached to. 2. Excellent, superior, distinguished. 3. Especial, peculiar. 4. Having distinctive and exclusive properties. ३. वि before विश्वर to tell qualities, aff. क्तु ।

विश्वरता f. (-ता) 1. Excellence, distinction. 2. Individuality, having distinguishing or characteristic qualities. 3. Peculiarity, as of duty &c. ३. तल् added to the last ; also विश्वरत n. (-तः) ।

विश्वर mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Dry, dried up, withered, decayed. 2. Wasted, impaired. 3. Shattered. 4. Shrunk, shrivelled. ३. वि before वृत् to injure, तल् aff. [३. वि, वृत् to injure, वृत् aff.

विश्वर mfn. (-वः-वा-व) To crumble or fall to ruin, likely or fit to. विश्वरचा mfn. (-चः-वा-व) Being wasted or destroyed, decaying, perishing. ३. वि before, वृत् to injure, pass. v., वृत् priv.

विश्वर mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Ill-behaved, indecorous, immoral. ३. वि priv. वृत् behaved.

विश्वर mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Pure, purified, clean, cleansed, free from vice



or fault. 2. Pious, virtuous, 3. Humble, modest, compliant. 4. Corrected. **३.** वि intensive prefix, शुद्ध to be pure or clean, aff. क ।

**विशुद्धि f. (-द्वि:)** 1. Purity, purification. 2. Equality, similarity. 3. Removal of doubt. 4. Correctness. 5. In Algebra, a subtractive quantity. **३.** वि before शुद्धि purity. [who shares.]

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** Pure, free from soil or vice. **३.** विशुद्धि, and भाज्

**विशुद्धि f. (-शुद्धि)** Without a spear.

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** 1. Unchecked, unrestrained, unfettered, (literally or figuratively.) 2. Dissolute. **३.** वि privative, शुद्धि a chain.

**विशुद्धि m. (-शुद्धि)** 1. Sort, kind, manner. 2. Difference, individual or specific identity and consequent distinction from every other individual or species. 3. (In logic,) The peculiar attribute, (predicable proprium,) the cause of preception or conclusion. 4. Excellence, superiority. 5. A limb, a member. 6. A mark on the forehead with Sandal. 7. A figure of rhetoric, distinguished as of three kinds all implying variety of means or effect. 8. A change for the better, a favourable turn, (as in sickness.) 9. Name of the mundane egg. 10. Individuality, considered as one of the seven Pada'rthas in Vais'eshika Phil. 11. A word which limits the meaning of another word. **३.** वि discriminative prefix, विशुद्धि to attribute or distinguish by attributes, aff. चञ् ।

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** Discriminative, distinguishing, attributive, characteristic. **mn. (-शुद्धि)** 1. A mark on the forehead made with Sandal, &c. and worn either as an ornament or sectarian distinction. 2. An attribute, a predicate. 3. An arrangement of poetical composition. **३.** वि before, विशुद्धि to attribute or distinguish, aff. चञ् ।

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** Amorous, desirous. **३.** विशुद्धि, काम who desires.

**विशुद्धि m. (-शुद्धि)** An object of a single and distinct kind as the soul, mind, time, place, and the atoms of earth, water, light and air. **३.** विशुद्धि and शुद्ध property.

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** Wise, intelligent. **३.** विशुद्धि, and ज्ञ who knows.

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** Discriminative, attributive. 2. Distinctive, (as a property, &c.) **n. (-शुद्धि)** 1. Distinguishing, discriminating. 2. An epithet, an attributive, an adjective, (opposed to विशुद्धि.) **३.** वि before विशुद्धि to distinguish by attributes, aff. छुट् or शुच् ।

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** To be discriminated or distinguished, what may or ought to be marked as distinct. **३.** वि before विशुद्धि to distinguish, चञ्चोय् aff.

**विशुद्धि Ind.** Especially, particularly, specifically. **३.** विशुद्धि and तसि aff.

**विशुद्धि m. (-शुद्धि)** Peculiar or different duty. **३.** विशुद्धि, and चञ्चोय् duty.

**विशुद्धि m. (-शुद्धि)** 1. Reflecting on or perceiving differences. 2. (In algebra,) Composition by the difference of the products. **३.** विशुद्धि, and भावना considering. [चञ्चोय् mark.]

**विशुद्धि m. (-शुद्धि)** Specific or characteristic mark or sign. **३.** विशुद्धि, and विशुद्धि m. (-शुद्धि) Special or different text. **३.** विशुद्धि and चञ्चोय् a text.

**विशुद्धि m. (-शुद्धि)** A philosopher. **३.** विशुद्धि excellence, विशुद्धि learned.

**विशुद्धि f. (-शुद्धि)** Special rule or observance. **३.** विशुद्धि, and विशुद्धि rule.

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** 1. Divided, distinguished, separated. 2. Predicated, attributed, having as an attribute or being distinguished by it. 3. Excellent, superior. **३.** विशुद्धि sort, kind, &c., इतच् aff.

**विशुद्धि f. (-शुद्धि)** 1. A figure of rhetoric, coupling cause with effect, so as to explain any peculiar manner or condition. 2. Panegyric, recapitulation of merits. **३.** विशुद्धि sort, kind, and उक्ति saying.

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** 1. To be distinguished or discriminated. 2. Distinguishing, to be discriminated by. 3. Principal, primary, chief. **m. (-शुद्धि)** A name, a substantive. **n. (-शुद्धि)** The object of a predicate. **३.** वि before विशुद्धि to distinguish by its attributes, चञ्चोय् aff.

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** Without grief, happy. **३.** वि priv., शीघ्र sorrow.

**विशुद्धि n. (-शुद्धि)** 1. Cleaning, purifying, freeing from soil, defect or sin. 2. Expiation. **f. (-शुद्धि)** 1. A plant, commonly Nāgādanti. 2. The

capital of BRAHMA'. **३.** वि before शुद्ध to be pure, causal v., छुट् aff.

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** To be cleaned or purified, to be freed from soil, fault, &c. **३.** वि before शुद्ध to be pure, causal v., चञ्चोय् aff.; also विशुद्धि and विशुद्धि ।

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** Purified, cleansed, freed from soil, &c. **३.** वि before शुद्ध to be pure, causal v., चञ्चोय् aff.

**विशुद्धि n. (-शुद्धि)** 1. Cleaning, purifying. 2. Clearing, freeing from obstructions. **३.** विशुद्धि and चञ्चोय् aff.; also with तच् विशुद्धि ।

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** 1. Cleaning, purifying. 2. Clearing. **३.** वि before, शुद्ध to be pure, causal v., चञ्चोय् aff.

**विशुद्धि n. (-शुद्धि)** A debt. [v., छुट् aff.]

**विशुद्धि n. (-शुद्धि)** Drying, desiccating. **३.** वि before शुद्ध to be dry, causal विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि) Dried, dried up. **३.** वि before शुद्ध to be dry, causal v., चञ्चोय् aff.

**विशुद्धि m. (-शुद्धि)** Lustre, shining. **३.** विशुद्धि or विशुद्धि to shine, चञ्चोय् aff.

**विशुद्धि n. (-शुद्धि)** Gift, giving, donation. **३.** वि before शुद्ध to give, छुट् aff.; also विशुद्धि ।

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** 1. Trusted, confident in, confided to. 2. Patient, tranquil. 3. Low-minded, not lofty, not magnanimous. 4. Excessive, exceeding, much. 5. Firm, steady. 6. Rested, reposed. **३.** वि before शुद्ध to be weary or शुद्ध to trust, &c. aff. चञ्चोय् ; see विशुद्धि ।

**विशुद्धि** It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "confidingly" "without fear."

**विशुद्धि f. (-शुद्धि)** Trust-worthiness. **३.** विशुद्धि, and तच् aff.

**विशुद्धि m. (-शुद्धि)** Rest, repose, cessation from fatigue or work. **३.** वि privative, शुद्ध to be weary, aff. चञ्चोय् ; also with चञ्चोय्, विशुद्धि ।

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** Wearied, exhausted. **३.** विशुद्धि, and इतच् aff.

**विशुद्धि m. (-शुद्धि)** 1. Trust, confidence. 2. Affection, affectionate inquiry. 3. Festive or sportive noise or tumult, amorous quarrel. 4. Rest, repose. 5. Killing. **३.** वि before शुद्ध to trust, aff. चञ्चोय्, and the initial optionally changed ; also विशुद्धि ।

**विशुद्धि Ind.** Having rested. **३.** वि before, शुद्ध to be weary, चञ्चोय् aff.

**विशुद्धि m. (-शुद्धि)** 1. Abode, asylum. 2. Dependence upon. **३.** वि, शी to serve, छुट् aff.

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** 1. Living or dwelling in. 2. Serving, depending on. **३.** वि before शी to serve, चञ्चोय् aff.

**विशुद्धि m. (-शुद्धि)** Gift, giving donation. **३.** वि before शुद्ध to give, r. 10th cl., aff. छुट् ।

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** Bestowed, given away. **३.** वि before शुद्ध to give, r. 10th cl., चञ्चोय् aff.

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** 1. Rested, reposed. 2. Ceasing, desisting from. 3. Calm, composed. **३.** वि before शुद्ध the same.

**विशुद्धि f. (-शुद्धि)** Rest, repose, cessation from toil or occupation. **३.** वि before शुद्ध to be weary, aff. चञ्चोय् ।

**विशुद्धि m. (-शुद्धि)** 1. Rest, repose. 2. Pause, stop, cessation. 3. Tranquility, composure. **३.** वि before शुद्ध to be weary, aff. चञ्चोय् ।

**विशुद्धि m. (-शुद्धि)** 1. Fame, celebrity. 2. Flowing, dropping. **३.** वि before शुद्ध to hear or drop, aff. चञ्चोय् ।

**विशुद्धि n. (-शुद्धि)** 1. Causing to flow or drop. 2. Bleeding. 3. Appraising, causing to hear. **३.** वि before शुद्ध to ooze, &c., causal v., छुट् aff.

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** 1. Famous, celebrated, renowned. 2. Known. 3. Pleased, happy. 4. Dropped, flowing. **३.** वि before शुद्ध heard.

**विशुद्धि f. (-शुद्धि)** 1. Celebrity, fame, notoriety. 2. Oozing, flowing. **३.** वि before शुद्ध to hear, aff. चञ्चोय् ।

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** Languid, relaxed, untied. **३.** वि before शुद्ध loose.

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** Weak, relaxed. **३.** विशुद्धि, चञ्चोय् the body. [aff.]

**विशुद्धि mfn. (-शुद्धि)** Separated, disunited. **३.** वि, विशुद्धि to unite, चञ्चोय् ।

**विशुद्धि m. (-शुद्धि)** 1. Separation, distance, especially of lovers, or husband and wife. 2. Disunion, disjunction, separation in general. 3.

Absence, bereivement. 4. A chasm. 5. (In arithmetic,) The converse of addition. **६.** वि before क्तिच् to unite, aff. चञ् ।  
 विभेजति f. (-तिः) (In arithmetic,) The assimilation of difference, the reduction of fractional difference. **६.** विभेज, and जाति kind.  
 विभ्रं वित f. (-ता) Disunited, severed.  
 विष् mfn. (-ञ्:-ञा-ञ) All, entire, whole, universal. n. (-ञ्) The world, the universe. m. Plu. (-ञः) A deity of a particular class in which ten are enumerated; their names are VASU, SATYA, KRATU, DAKSHA, KA'LA, KA'MA, DHRTI, KURU, PURURAVAS, MA'DRAVAS : they are worshipped particularly at the funeral obsequies in honour of deceased progenitors in general, and receive an oblation of clarified butter at the daily and domestic Śhrādhā. nf. (-ञः-ञत्) Dry ginger. f. (-ञा) A tree, the bark of which is said to be used in dyeing red, commonly Atis, (Betula.) **६.** विष् to enter, to pervade, Unádi aff. व ।  
 विष्कम्भ् mfn. (-द्-:-द्-:-द्) Wicked, vile. m. (-द्-:-द्) 1. A dog trained for the chase. 2. Sound, noise. **६.** विष्कम्भ, कम्भ pleonasm, द्भ् to run, to pursue, aff. डु; or विष्कम्भ with कदि to cry or call, aff. डु and र augment.  
 विष्कम्भेन् m. (-म्भा) 1. The sun. 2. The son of BRAHMA', and artist of the gods. 3. A saint. **६.** विष्कम्भ universal, कम्भे work, act.  
 विष्कम्भेसुता f. (-ता) SANJN'YA', one of the wives of the sun. **६.** विष्कम्भेन् the artist of the gods, and सुता the daughter; also विष्कम्भेजा, &c.  
 विष्का f. (-का) A sort of gull, (Larus ridibundus.) "गाकविष् रति भाषा" **६.** विष्क all, कै to cry, aff. क ।  
 विष्कृन् mfn. (-कृन्) Who or what makes all. m. (-कृन्) 1. The creator, the maker of all things. 2. The carpenter or architect, and artist of the gods. **६.** विष्कृन् all and कृन् who makes.  
 विष्कृते m. (-तः) ANIRUD'DHA, an incarnation of KA'MA, as the son of PRADYUMN'A. **६.** विष्कृन् universe, कृते a banner.  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-नः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. A particular form of that deity, to whom the fragments of a sacrifice to VISHN'U are offered. f. (-ना) A plant, commonly priyangu. **६.** विष्कृन् every way, and सेना an army; more properly विष्कृतेन ।  
 विष्कम्भ m. (-म्भः) An onion. n. (-म्भः) Myrrh. f. (-म्भा) The earth. **६.** विष्कृन् all, universal, and नम्भ fragrance.  
 विष्कम्भयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्तो यन्) Spreading or going in every direction. **६.** विष्कृन्, वायन् going.  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-ना) 1. VISHN'U. 2. INDRA. **६.** विष्कृन् all, and नीन् preserver.  
 विष्कृतेन mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) All-creating, making all. m. (-रः) The eye. **६.** विष्कृन् all, and कर making.  
 विष्कृतेन n. (-नः) All men, mankind. **६.** विष्कृन्, जन people. [ख aff.]  
 विष्कृतेन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Good for or suitable to all men. **६.** विष्कृन्, जन, विष्कृतेन mfn. (-यः-या य) Suitable or relating to all men. **६.** विष्कृन् all, जन mankind, ख aff.  
 विष्कृतेन mfn. (-खः-खा-खः) Fit or good for all men. **६.** विष्कृन्, यन् aff.  
 विष्कृतेन mfn. (-जित्) All-subduing. m. (-जित्) 1. A particular ceremony or sacrifice. 2. The cord of noose of VARUN'A. **६.** विष्कृन् all, and जित् what subdues.  
 विष्कृतेन mfn. (-गुङ्-गुञ्-गुञ्) Going every where. Ind. Adv. or n. (-गुञ्) Every where, universally. **६.** विष्कृन् all, चञ् to go, aff. क्तिप्; it is more usually written both in simple and compound forms विष्कृच्, from a different etymology.  
 विष्कृतेन Ind. Every where, all around, universally. **६.** विष्कृन् all, तसि aff.  
 विष्कृतेन Adj. Facing all sides.  
 विष्कृतेन Ind. Every where.  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-वः) A Vis'vado'va, a deity of a particular class : see विष्कृ. f. (-वा) A plant, (Hodysarum lagopodioides.) **६.** विष्कृन् all, दिच् to sport, aff. चञ् ।  
 विष्कृतेन mfn. (-द्राङ्-द्रोषो द्राङ्) Moving every where, or universally. **६.** विष्कृन् every where, चद्रि substituted for the final, चञ् to go, aff. क्तिप्; also विष्कृतेन ।

विष्कृतेन mfn. (-री-रिची-रि) All-sustaining. m. (-री) A deity. f. (-रिची) The earth. **६.** विष्कृन् all, and चारिन् upholding.  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-चः) A name of S'iva, especially as the object of peculiar adoration at Benares. **६.** विष्कृन् the universe, नाच lord.  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-पाः) 1. The sun. 2. The moon. 3. Fire. 4. The protector of all. **६.** विष्कृन्, and पा who nourishes.  
 विष्कृतेनो f. (-नी) Holy basil.  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-सा) 1. Fire, or the deity of fire. 2. The moon. 3. The sun. 4. A god. 5. The earth. **६.** विष्कृन् all, सा to eat, Unádi aff. कनिन् ।  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-चः) A Bud'dha or Baud'dha deified saint. **६.** विष्कृन् all, and बीच who explains.  
 विष्कृतेन mfn. (-भुक्) 1. Enjoying or possessing all things. 2. Eating all things. **६.** विष्कृन्, and भुक् who possesses.  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-भूः) The third of the seven Bud'dhas, according to some systems. **६.** विष्कृन् all, and भू being.  
 विष्कृतेन n. (-जः) Dry ginger. **६.** विष्कृन् all, (diseases,) मेचन a medicament.  
 विष्कृतेन n. (-नः) Eating all sorts of food. **६.** विष्कृन्, and भोजन food.  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-जाः) One who enjoys all things. **६.** विष्कृन् all, भुक् to enjoy, Unádi aff. चसि ।  
 विष्कृतेन f. (-दा) One of the seven tongues of fire. **६.** विष्कृन् all, मद to intoxicate, affs. चङ् and टाप् ।  
 विष्कृतेन mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) All-sustaining. m. (-रः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. INDRA. f. (-रा) The earth. **६.** विष्कृन् all, (things,) भू to support or nourish, चञ् aff., सुन् augment.  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-पः) A king. **६.** विष्कृन् the earth, and चक्षिप ruler.  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-युः) Air, wind. **६.** विष्कृन् all, यु to join, aff. क्तिप् । [rules.]  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-राट् or राड्) A universal sovereign. **६.** विष्कृन् all, राज् who  
 विष्कृतेन mfn. (-पः-पौ-पः) Taking all forms, existing in all forms, universal, omnipresent. m. (-पः) VISHN'U. n. (-पः) Agallochum. **६.** विष्कृन् all, रूप form.  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-तः) BRAHMA'. **६.** विष्कृन् all, रेतस् seed. [रितेचन digestive.]  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-नः) An esculent root, (Arum colocasia.) **६.** विष्कृन् all,  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-यी) A deity, a creator. **६.** विष्कृन्, विधायिन् who makes.  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-दाः) I. A sage, a saint, one who knows all things. 2. An epithet of AONI. **६.** विष्कृन् all, विदि to know, aff. चसि ।  
 विष्कृतेन mfn. (-कः-का-कः) All-pervading, every where diffused. **६.** विष्कृन्, and व्यापक what pervades. [व्यापिन् what spreads.]  
 विष्कृतेन mfn. (-पौ-पिनी-पि) All-diffused or pervading. **६.** विष्कृन्, and विष्कृतेन f. (-तिः) Universal diffusion or permeation. **६.** विष्कृन्, and व्याति spreading. [aff.]  
 विष्कृतेन n. (-नः) Trusting, confiding in. **६.** वि before श्चस् to breathe, श्चट्  
 विष्कृतेन f. (-या) Capable of inspiring confidence.  
 विष्कृतेन mfn. (-हः-हा-हः) All-enduring. f. (-हा) 1. The earth. 2. One of the seven tongues of fire. **६.** विष्कृन् all, सह् to bear, affs. चञ् and टाप् ।  
 विष्कृतेन n. (-कः) The prickly pear, (Cactus Indicus, Rox.) "कपिशन्स" **६.** विष्कृन् all, सार essence, and कन् added.  
 विष्कृतेन mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Trusted, believed or confided in. **६.** वि before श्चस् to breathe, aff. क्, with चट् augment.  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-चङ्, चङ्, चट् or चङ्) BRAHMA'. **६.** विष्कृन् all, (the universe,) चङ् to create, aff. क्तिन् ।  
 विष्कृतेन mfn. (-सः-सा-सः) Trusted, confided in, faithful. f. (-सा) A widow. **६.** वि implying kind or sort, or in the fem. form, privation, and श्चस् to live or breathe, aff. क् ।  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-ष्टा) The creator of all. **६.** विष्कृन्, चष्ट् creator. [चञ्च क्तिप् ।]  
 विष्कृतेन f. (-ची) One of the Apsara's or courtezans of Swarga. **६.** विष्कृन्, चिन्ति  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-जा) BRAHMA'. n. (-जः) The soul of the world, the universal spirit, God. **६.** विष्कृन् all, and चात्मन् soul.  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-याः) A deity, a god. **६.** विष्कृन् all, चाच् before चा to hold or support, चसि aff., form irr.  
 विष्कृतेन m. (-नः) A Muni, the son of Ga'd'hr', originally of the

military order, but who became by long and painful austerities a Brahmarshi, in which character he appears in the RA'MA'YAN'A, as the early preceptor and counsellor of RA'MA. E. विष्णु all, मित्र the friend, and the vowel of the prefix made long in this sense; if attributively used, the compound is विष्णुमित्र ।

विष्णुमित्रविष्णु m. (-यः) The cocoanut tree. E. विश्वामित्र the saint Vis'wā-MITRA, and मित्र beloved, having been created by the saint.

विष्णुसुत m. (-सुः) One of the Gand'harbas or celestial singers. f. (-सुः) A particular night.

विष्णुस m. (-सः) 1. Trust, faith, confidence. 2. A confidential communication. E. वि before श्च् to breathe or live, aff. चञ् ।

विष्णुसकारण n. (-च) Cause or motive of trust. E. विश्वास, कारण cause.

विष्णुसकृत् mfn. (-कृत) Inspiring confidence or faith. E. विश्वास, and कृत् who or what makes. [troubling.]

विष्णुसघात m. (-तः) Violation of trust, treachery. E. विश्वास, and घात des-विष्णुसघातक m. (-कः) A traitor, one who betrays confidence. E. विश्वास, and घातक who destroys; also विश्वासघातिन् ।

विष्णुसपात्र n. (-त्रः) A confidential agent, one worthy to be trusted. E. विश्वास, and पात्र person. [possessed of.]

विष्णुसप्रतिपन्न mfn. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) Confiding, trusting. E. विश्वास, and प्रतिपन्न

विष्णुसप्रद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Inspiring confidence. E. विश्वास, प्रद who gives.

विष्णुसभङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) Breach of faith, violation of confidence. E. विश्वास, and भङ्ग breaking.

विष्णुसमूहि f. (-सिः) An object of trust, a person worthy of confidence. E. विश्वास, and मूहि place. [and स्थान place.]

विष्णुसस्थान n. (-नः) An object or person of trust or confidence. E. विश्वास,

विष्णुसिन् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Inspired with confidence. E. वि before श्च् to breathe, causal v., त् aff.

विष्णुसिन् mfn. (-सी-सिनी-सि) 1. Trusting, confiding in. 2. Honest, trusty. E. विश्वास, and सिन् aff.

विष्णुस mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्य) 1. To be trusted or depended on, to be believed. 2. To be encouraged or inspired with confidence. Ind. Having encouraged or inspired with confidence. E. वि before श्च् to breathe, स्यत् aff; or causal v., and यत् or जप् aff.

विष्णुसता f. (-ता) Trust-worthiness. E. विश्वास, and तत् aff.

विषदेह m. (-वा) The clitoris.

विषम m. (-यः) S'IVA. E. विष्णु all, ईश्वर lord; see the next.

विषमर m. (-रः) S'IVA, under a form or appellation in which especially he is worshipped at Benares, where a celebrated temple is appropriated to him in the character of lord or god of the universe. E. विष्णु the universe, and ईश्वर god; also similar compounds, as विष्वक्, विष्वक्नाथ, &c.

विष् r. 6th cl. (विषति) To pervade. (वी) औविष् r. 9th cl. (विषाति) To have no occasion or use for, to separate or withdraw from, to disjoin. (उ) विष् r. 1st cl. (विषति) To sprinkle. (वी) हर र्जु) औ हर विष्णु r. 3rd cl. (वेर्विष्ट-वेर्विष्टे) 1. To pervade, to spread or extend through nature, &c. 2. To go to, to go against.

विष् f. (-विष्ट) 1. Faeces, ordure. 2. Diffusion, spreading. 3. A virgin. E. विष् to pervade, aff. छिप् ।

विष m. (-चः-च) Poison, venom. n. (-च) 1. Water. 2. The fibres attached to the stalk of the lotus. 3. Gum-myrrh. 4. A vegetable poison, (Aconitum ferox.) f. (-चा) A tree, the bark of which is used in dyeing of a red colour. E. विष् to pervade, aff. क ।

विषकर्मिन्वाय m. (-यः) The maxim of a worm in poison. It denotes a state of things which, though fatal to others, is not so to those who are born therein or naturalized thereto.

विषकर्म mfn. (-कर्म-कर्म-कर्म) 1. Clinging or adhering to closely. 2. In contact with. E. वि before कर्म to embrace, कर्म aff.

विषका f. (-वा) A twining shrub, (Memspermum cordifolium.) E. विष poison, कर्त्तु to destroy, aff. क्, च substituted for the final, "भृङ्ग्यान्."

विषकातिन् mfn. (-ती-तिनी-ति) Antidote, an antidote. m. (-ती) A tree, (Mimosa sirisa.) E. विष poison, and कातिन् removing.

विषकर्म mfn. (-कर्म-कर्म-कर्म) Antidote, an antidote. m. (-कर्म) 1. A tree, (Mimosa sirisa.) 2. A plant, (Hedysarum alhaji.) 3. Beleric myrobalan. (Terminalia belerica) f. (-कर्म) 1. A potherb, (Hingtscha repens.) 2. A plant, commonly Bic'h'hati. 3. Turmeric. 4. Bitter apple or colocynth. E. विष poison, and कर्म what destroys.

विषकृत mfn. (-कृतः-कृतः) 1. Poisoned, suffering from poison. 2. Poisonous. E. विष, and कृत united with.

विषकृत् m. (-रः) A buffalo. E. विषमिन् प्राचदना क्वरी यस् ।

विषकृत् m. (-रः) A sort of snake.

विषकृत् n. (-रः) The fibres of the stalk of the water lily. "सुषान्ति ।"

विषकृत् mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Dejected, desponding, spiritless, disinclined to exertion. E. वि before कृत् to go, aff. क ।

विषकृता f. (-ता) Dejection, lassitude, want of energy or spirit, especially as one of the effects of unsuccessful love. E. विषकृत् relaxed, तत् aff. of the abstract; also with तत् विषकृत् ।

विषकृत् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Looking sad or dejected. E. विषकृत्, and कृत् face: also विषकृत्सुख, &c.

विषकृत् mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Fatal, deadly. E. विष, and कृत् equal to.

विषकृत् m. (-रः) A buffalo.

विषकृत् mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) 1. Yielding or giving poison. 2. Shedding water. m. (-दः) A cloud. n. (-दं) Green vitriol. E. विष poison or water, and दा to give, aff. क; or वि + षद-भच् ।

विषकृत् f. (-दृ) A medicinal plant and antidote, commonly Sarpakankali. E. विष venom, दृष्ट a tooth.

विषकृत् m. (-कः) A snake. E. विष poison, दृष्ट tooth, and कृत् added.

विषकृत् m. (-कः) The Chakora bird. E. विष poison, (perhaps put for the snake,) दृष्ट seeing, कृत् who dies.

विषकृत् mfn. (-रः-रा or रो-रं) Venomous, poisonous. m. (-रः) A snake. E. विष poison, कृत् who has

विषकृत् f. (-की) Cowach, (Carpogon pruriens.) "चालकृती ।"

विषकृत् f. (-नी) The wife of JARATKA'RU, and goddess presiding over snakes. E. विष venom, कृत् a nurse.

विषकृत् m. (-नः) 1. A tree, (Mimosa sirisa.) 2. An antidote. n. (-नं) Removing or curing poison. E. विष poison, and नाशन destroying.

विषकृत् mfn. (-ग्री-ग्री-ग्री) Antidote. f. (-नी) A plant: see विषकृत्. E. विष venom, नाशन् destroying.

विषकृत् m. (-नृ) A plant, (Bignouia Indica.) "श्रीनाकहृते." E. विष poison, नृष्ट to eject, aff. कृप् ।

विषकृत् m. (-चः) A plant, (Vangueria spinosa) n. (-च) The blue lotus. E. विष poison, and कृत् flower.

विषकृत् m. (-कः) Sickness or disease induced by eating poisonous flowers. E. विष poison, कृत् a flower; or विषकृत् the Vangueria, &c., कर्त्तु aff. in this sense. [application.]

विषकृत् m. (-गः) Employing or administering poison. E. विष and कृत् प्रयोज विषमलय n. (-चं) Taking poison. E. विष, and मलय feeding.

विषकृत् m. (-चक) A dealer in antidotes, a snake-catcher, or one who pretends to cure the bite of a snake E. विष poison, मिषन् a doctor.

विषकृत् m. (-कः) A poisonous snake E. विष poison, and कृत् a snake.

विषकृत् mfn. (-कृत्) Venomous, poisonous. m. (-कृत्) A snake. E. विष, and कृत् who or what has.

विषकृत् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Difficult, (of access,) rough, uneven. 2. Difficult, &c., (of comprehending,) as a book. 3. Painful, difficult, troublesome. (in general.) 4. Old, (in numbers.) 5. Unparalleled, unequalled. 6. Wicked, dishonest. 7. Fearful, frightful, awful.

8. Irregular, unequal. 9. Adverse, unpropitious. n. (-चं) 1. Difficulty, pain. 2. Unevenness, inequality. 3. Oddness, (in numeration.) 4. An inaccessible place, a thicket, a precipice. 5.

(In rhetoric.) Description of unusual or incompatible cause and

effect. ३. वि privative or contra-indicative, before स even, smooth, equal, &c. and च after the व of the prefix, changed to च।  
 विषमकर्चं m. (-चः) The hypotenuse of a right-angled triangle, formed between the gnomon and the two sides of the shadow. विषम. and कर्चं hypotenuse.  
 विषमकर्चन् n. (-चं) 1. An odd or unparallelled act. 2. (In arithmetic.) The finding of quantities from their difference or that of their squares. ३. विषम and कर्चन् act.  
 विषमखात n. (-तं) An irregular excavation or one with unequal sides. ३. विषम and खात excavation. [चतुरस्र four-angled.]  
 विषमचतुरस्र n. (-स्र) An unequal four sided figure, a trapezium. ३. विषम,  
 विषमच्छद् m. (-दः) A plant, (Echites scholaris.) ३. विषम odd, and छद् a leaf; having seven leaves on a stalk. "सप्तच्छद हृष्टे।"  
 विषमच्छाया f. (-या) The shadow of the gnomon at noon when the sun is in the equinoxes. ३. विषम oblique, and छाया shadow.  
 विषमज्वर m. (-रः) 1. A violent fever. 2. Irregularly remittent fever. ३. विषम and ज्वर a fever.  
 विषमत्रिभुज m. (-जः) A scalene triangle. ३. विषम unequal, त्रिभुज triangle.  
 विषमनयन m. (-नः) S'IVA. ३. विषम odd, नयन an eye; having a third eye in his forehead.  
 विषमन्त्र m. (-न्त्रः) A snake-catcher, one who by pretended charms, &c. attracts snakes and cures the bite. n. (-न्त्रः) A charm for curing snake bites. ३. विष poison, मन्त्र a charm. [विषम, and मयट् aff.]  
 विषममय mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) Resulting from or produced by inequality. ३. विषमरूप्य mfn. (-रूपः-रूपी-रूपं) Resulting from or produced by unequal quantities or qualities. ३. विषम uneven, and रूप्य aff. in this sense.  
 विषमविभाग m. (-गः) Unequal division of property amongst co-heirs. ३. विषम uneven, विभाग portion of inheritance. [who sleeps.]  
 विषमशायिन् mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) Sleeping irregularly. ३. विषम and शायिन्  
 विषमश्रित mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) Unjust, unfair, (division) ३. विषम, श्रित left.  
 विषमशील mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Uneven. 2. Uneasy. ३. विषम, शील having.  
 विषमसाहस n. (-सः) Temerity, daring. ३. विषम and साहस violence.  
 विषमस्थ mfn. (-स्थः-स्था-स्थं) 1. Standing unevenly. 2. Inaccessible, safely posted. 3. Being in difficulty, &c. ३. विषम uneven, स्थ who stays.  
 विषमाक्ष m. (-क्षः) S'IVA. ३. विषम odd, क्ष the eye, अक्ष; having a third eye, or one in his forehead.  
 विषमायुध m. (-युः) KA'MADE'VA. ३. विषम odd, आयुध a weapon; armed with five arrows. [विषम and चयन eating.]  
 विषमाशन n. (-नः) Eating irregularly, either as to quantity or time. ३. विषमाशय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Crafty, dishonest. ३. विषम and आशय asylum.  
 विषमिज्ज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) 1. Made or become uneven, irregular, &c. 2. Made difficult. ३. विषम and इज्ज aff.  
 विषमोद्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Produced or resulting from inequalities. ३. विषम uneven, and उद्य aff.  
 विषमुष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) A kind of shrub of medicinal properties, commonly termed Bishd'ori or Kadhsinh. ३. विष poison, मुष्टि a handful.  
 विषमुक्षु m. (-क्षुः) The Chakora bird. ३. विष poison, and क्षु death.  
 विषमेक्षु m. (-क्षुः) S'IVA. ३. विषम odd, (three,) ईक्षु eye.  
 विषमेक्षु m. (-क्षुः) KA'MADE'VA. ३. विषम odd, (five,) ह्यु an arrow.  
 विषय m. (-यः) 1. Any object of sense, any thing perceivable by the senses, as colour, form, flavour, odour and sound; they are five for the five Indriyas, viz :—शब्द for the ear, स्पर्श for the skin, रूप for the eye, रस for the tongue, गन्ध for the nose. 2. An object in general, as of affection or desire, &c. 3. Worldly object or pursuit, affair, business, transaction, &c. 4. A country, whether inhabited or uninhabited. 5. Refuge, asylum. 6. Department, sphere, element, home, province, that which is peculiarly known or frequented, as a particular study by its professors, a particular town by its townsfolk, water by fish, air by birds, &c. 7. A collection of villages. 8. Any thing indigenous or peculiar to a province,

&c. 9. A religious obligation or observance. 10. Semen virile. 11. A lover, a husband. 12. Sensual enjoyment, sensuality. 13. Subject, topic, subject-matter. 14. The subject of an Adhikaran' (in Phil.) 15. A thing aimed at. 16. Scope, range, compass, reach. 17. A realm, a kingdom, a domain. ३. वि before वि to bind, अङ्ग, चप्। [and चप् added.]  
 विषयक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Relating to, concerning, (any object.) ३. विषय विषयकत्व n. (-त्वः) State of an affair, circumstance or thing. ३. त्व added to the preceding.  
 विषयकर्मन् n. (-कर्मः) Worldly concern or act. ३. विषय. कर्म act. [desire.]  
 विषयकाम m. (-नः) Desire of worldly goods or pleasures. ३. विषय, काम  
 विषयवास m. (-नः) The aggregate of the objects of sense.  
 विषयवासिन् mfn. (-सि-सिनी-सि) Engaged in the affairs of life ३. विषय and वासिन् who abides.  
 विषयात्मक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Identical with or affecting sensual or worldly objects. ३. विषय and आत्मक own.  
 विषयाभिरति f. (-तिः) Attachment to the objects of sense.  
 विषयायिन् m. (-यीः) 1. A king. 2. An organ of sense. 3. KA'MADE'VA. 4. An epicurean, a sensualist, one heedful of objects of sense or attentive to worldly objects. 5. A materialist, one who disbelieves the existence of that which is not cognizable by the senses. ३. विषय an object of sense, चप् to go, to follow, and रति aff.  
 विषयासक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Attached to objects of sense, devoted to the world. ३. विषय and आसक्त attached to.  
 विषयिन् mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) 1. Attached to objects of sense, carnal, sensual. 2. Conversant with or interested in worldly occupations or enjoyments. n. (-यि) An organ of sense. m. (-यीः) 1. A king. 2. The deity KA'MA. 3. A sensualist. 4. A materialist, one who denies the existence of any thing which is not an object of sense. 5. A man of business. ३. विषय an organ of sense, अङ्ग, रत्।  
 विषयोपदेव f. (-वः) Sensuality. ३. विषय and उपदेव addiction to.  
 विषम m. (-मः) Poison, venom. ३. विष poison, चप् aff.  
 विषविद्या f. (-या) The administration of antidotes, the cure of poisons by drugs or charms. ३. विष poison, विषा science.  
 विषविधान n. (-नः) Administering poison judiciously, or by way of ordeal. ३. विष, विधान rule.  
 विषवेग m. (-नः) Absorption of venom, as shewn by some bodily effects or changes. ३. विष poison, and वेग natural excretion.  
 विषवेद्य m. (-यः) A dealer in antidotes, one professing by charms, &c. to cure the bite of a snake. ३. विष poison, and वेद्य physician.  
 विषवाक्षु m. (-क्षुः) The root of the lotus.  
 विषयक्षु m. (-क्षुः) A wasp. ३. विष venom, and यक्ष a parrot.  
 विषयक्षिप् m. (-क्षिपः) A wasp. ३. विष poison, यक्ष a horn, and रति poss aff.  
 विषमृषक m. (-कः) The Greek partridge, (Perdix rufa.) "पक्षीरुषक" ३. विष poison, and मृषक informer.  
 विषमृक्षु m. (-क्षुः) A wasp. ३. विष poison, मृक्षु the corner of the mouth  
 विषहर mfn. (-रः-री-रं) An antidote, removing venom. f. (-री or री) The goddess of the serpent race, the sister of VA'SUKI, and wife of JARATKA'RU. ३. विष venom, ह to take, अङ्ग, चप् or टप्।  
 विषहृदय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Malicious, malignant, cherishing hatred or hostility. ३. विष, and हृदय the heart.  
 विषम mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) 1. To be borne or endured. 2. Possible to be determined. Ind. Having borne. ३. वि, चप् to bear, अङ्ग, चप्।  
 विषा Ind. Apotte noun. Intellect, understanding. f. (-षा) Ordure, feces. ३. षो to destroy, (ignorance,) with वि prefixed, and षो Una'di aff.  
 विषाक्षुर m. (-रः) A spear, a dart. ३. विष poison, चक्षुर a shoot.  
 विषाक्ष Subst. mfn. (-क्षः-क्षी-क्षं) 1. The horn of an animal. 2. The tusk of an elephant. 3. The tusk or fang of the boar. f. (-क्षी) 1. A plant, the fruit of which is compared to the horn of a ram, &c. commonly M'sa Sringi'. 2. A medicinal root : see चौरकाक्षी. ३. (-क्ष)

A sort of Costus, (*C. speciosus*.) ३. वि before च्च् to be, चानच् aff.; the initial of the radical rejected, and च changed to च्च्; otherwise, वि before च्च् to serve, aff. च्च्; or विच वा-चानच् ।

विचिचि f. (-च्च्) A sort of plant, commonly Me'sha Shringi'. ३. विचिचि as above, and च्च् pleonasma; fem. form.

विचिचि m. (-च्च्) 1. An elephant. 2. A bull. 3. Any animal with horns. f. (-चिचि) Having tusks or horns, ३. विचिचि a horn, चिचि aff.

विचिचि m. (-च्च्) 1. Lassitude, dejection, lowness of spirits, want of energy, especially as the result of unrequited love. 2. Distress, affliction. 3. Disappointment. ३. वि before च्च् to go, aff. च्च् ।

विचिचि mfn. (-च्च्-चिचि-चि) Dejected, disconsolate. ३. विचिचि, चिचि aff.

विचिचि m. (-च्च्) A snake. ३. विचि poison, and चानच् the face.

विचिचि m. (-च्च्) S'iva. ३. विचि poison, चानच् destroyer; having swallowed the poison that was produced at the churning of the ocean.

विचिचि mfn. (-च्च्-चिचि-चि) Antidote, an antidote. f. (-चिचि) A kind of birthwort, (*Aristolochia Indica*.) ३. विचि poison, and चानच् removing.

विचिचि m. (-च्च्) A snake. ३. विचि poison, and चानच् a weapon.

विचिचि m. (-च्च्) A snake. ३. विचि poison, च्च् to go, aff. च्च् ।

विचिचि mfn. (-च्च्-चिचि-चि) Venomous, poisonous. ३. विचि, and चानच् aff.

विचिचि m. (-च्च्) A snake. f. (-चिचि) Marking-nut plant, (*Semecarpus anacardium*.) ३. विचि poison, and चानच् face. [go, च्च् aff.]

विचिचि mfn. (-च्च्-चिचि-चि) Sorrowing, despairing. ३. वि before च्च् to go, Ind. 1. Many, various. 2. Equally, same, like. ३. विचि, च्च् aff.

विचिचि mfn. (-च्च्-चिचि-चि) Having or possessing various or uniform motion or extension. ३. विचिचि going every where, च्च् poss. aff., and the final consonant of the primitive rejected.

विचिचि n. (-चि) The equinox: see the next.

विचिचि n. (-चि) The first point of ARIES or LIBRA into which the sun enters at the vernal or autumnal equinox. ३. विचि equally, (the night and day,) and च्च् or च्च् aff.; also विचिचि ।

विचिचिचि f. (-चिचि) The shadow of the gnomon at noon when the sun is in the equinoctial points. ३. विचिचि and चानच् shade.

विचिचिचि n. (-चिचि) The equinoctial point. ३. विचि equally, (long, the day and night,) and चानच् poss. aff.

विचिचिचि n. (-चिचि) The day of the equinox. ३. विचिचि and चिचि day.

विचिचिचि f. (-चिचि) The equinoctial line.

विचिचिचि f. (-चिचि) The passage of the sun to the next sign at the equinoxes. ३. विचिचि, and चानच् sun's entrance into a sign. [kill.]

विचिचि r. 10th cl. (विचिचिचि-चि) To see, to perceive. (विचिचिचि) To injure or

विचिचि mfn. (-चिचि-चिचि-चि) Going, going in various directions, dispersing. ३. वि before च्च् to go, च्च् aff.; also विचिचि । [also विचिचि ।]

विचिचि m. (-चिचि) Going, dispersing. ३. वि before च्च् to go, च्च् aff.;

विचिचि mfn. (-चिचि-चिचि-चि) 1. Gone. 2. Gone in various directions, dispersed. ३. वि before च्च् to go, च्च् aff.

विचिचि m. (-चिचि) 1. The first of the twenty-seven astronomical periods, called Yo'gās or Yo'ga star of the first lunar mansion. 2. Obstacle, hindrance, impediment, resistance. 3. Spreading, extension. 4. Act, doing any thing. 5. A posture of the devotees called Yogi's. 6. One of the performers at a dramatic entertainment, either an actor who in the intervals of the scenes explains to the audience the progress of the story, or one or two of the personages of the drama, who do the same in a soliloquy or dialogue. 7. A tree. 8. The bolt or bar of a door. 9. A post, the roof-tree of a house. 10. The diameter of a circle. ३. वि before च्च् to stop or hinder, aff. च्च्; or वि + च्च्-चिचि-चि; also with च्च् added, विचिचिचि ।

विचिचि m. (-चिचि) A Yo'ga, &c.: see the last.

विचिचि mfn. (-चिचि-चिचि-चि) Obstructive, impeding. m. (-चिचि) The bolt or bar of a door. ३. विचिचि obstruction, and चिचि aff.

विचिचि m. (-चिचि) 1. A bird in general. 2. Pulling or tearing to pieces. 3. A cook. ३. वि before च्च् to scatter, and च्च् aff., with च्च् aug.

विचि mfn. (-चि-चि-चि) Entered, penetrated, pervaded. f. (-चि) Faeces. ३. विचि to pervade, aff. च्च् । [aug.; also विचिचि ।]

विचिचि m. (-चि-चि) A world. ३. विचि to enter, (into which,) च्च् aff., च्च् ।

विचिचि n. (-चि) A world. ३. विचि to pervade, च्च् aff., the vowel unchanged; deriv. irr.

विचिचि mfn. (-चि-चि-चि) 1. Hindered, obstructed. 2. Stayed, fixed, firm, well-supported. 3. Placed in or upon. 4. Paralyzed, made stiff or motionless. ३. वि before च्च् to stop, च्च् aff.

विचिचि m. (-चिचि) 1. Impediment, hindrance, obstacle. 2. Stopping, staying. 3. Placing in or upon. 4. A disease, obstruction of urine or faeces, ischury, constipation. 5. Paralysis, loss of motion. ३. वि before च्च् to stop or hinder, aff. च्च् ।

विचिचि mfn. (-चिचि-चिचि-चि) 1. Stopping, impeding, what hinders or obstructs. 2. Checking, (as perspiration,) chilling. 3. Making motionless. ३. वि before च्च् to stop, चिचि aff.

विचिचि m. (-चिचि) 1. A tree. 2. A handful of Kus'a or sacred grass. 3. A seat, a stool, a chair, a couch, &c. 4. The seat of the Brāhman, either real or in effigy, as presiding at a sacrifice. 5. A bed. 6. A seat made of twenty-five straws of Kus'a grass tied up in a sheaf. ३. वि before च्च् to spread, aff. च्च् and च्च् changed to च्च् ।

विचिचिचि m. (-चिचि) VISHN'U. ३. विचिचि a tree, च्च् to hear, aff. च्च् ।

विचिचिचि mfn. (-चिचि-चिचि-चि) Sitting on a seat, or reclining on a bed of leaves. ३. विचिचि and च्च् who stays.

विचिचि m. (-चिचि) A form of metre, a species of the order termed Pankti', consisting of a verse of four lines, the first and last of which consist of eight syllables each, and the second and third of twelve each. ३. वि before च्च् to spread, aff. च्च्, and च्च् changed to च्च् ।

विचिचि mfn. (-चिचि-चिचि-चि) Working, labouring, a workman. f. (-चिचि) 1. Unpaid labour, working without wages. 2. Occupation, act, action. 3. Hire, wages. 4. The seventh of the variable Karan'as, or astrological periods so termed, each answering to half a lunar day. 5. Sending, dispatching. 6. Consigning to torture, casting into hell, &c. ३. विचि to enter, (into pain by it,) and च्च् or च्च् aff.

विचिचि n. (-चिचि) A place situated remote or apart. ३. वि implying apart, च्च् a place, and च्च् changed to च्च् ।

विचि f. (-चि) 1. Faeces, ordure, excrement. 2. The belly. ३. वि before च्च् to stay, (in the intestines,) affs. च्च् and च्च् ।

विचि m. (-चिचि) VISHN'U, one of the three principal Hindu deities, and the preserver of the world: during the periods of temporary annihilation, he is supposed to sleep on the waters floating on the serpent S'e'sha: BRAHMA' is fabled to have sprung from a lotus, which originally grew from the navel of VISHN'U, and the holy river Ganges is said to spring from his foot: the different Avata'rs are considered as emanations of this deity, and in KRISHN'A, he is supposed to have been really and wholly incarnate: LAKSHMI' is his wife, and he is usually represented as a mild and benevolent deity. 2. AGNI or fire. 3. One of the demigods called Vasus. 4. A pure or pious man. 5. The name of an ancient law-giver. ३. विचि to enter or pervade, (the universe,) च्च् Unádi aff.

विचिचिचि f. (-चिचि) A flower, (*Clitoria ternatea*.) ३. विचि VISHN'U, and चानच् overcome. "चपराजिता ।"

विचिचिचि m. (-चिचि) The saint KAUN'D'ILYA. ३. विचि, च्च् hidden, having been concealed by VISHN'U when pursued by S'iva, whom he had incensed. [विचि, च्च् residence.]

विचिचिचि n. (-चिचि) The name of a city or country; also Stambapuri'. ३. विचिचिचि VISHN'U, and चिचि divinity.

विचिचिचि n. (-चिचि) 1. The sky, heaven, atmosphere. 2. The sea of milk. 3. A lotus. f. (-चिचि) 1. The Ganges. 2. One of the twelve Sankranti's or periods, at which the sun enters a sign of the zodiac, especially

the first sign after the equinox. **विष्** and **पद** abode, or foot; where **Viṣṇu** resides or rests, or proceeding from his foot.

**विष्प्रोति** f. (-ति) Land granted rent-free to a **Brahmana** for the maintenance of **Viṣṇu**'s worship.

**विष्पुत्र** m. (-यः) **Garud'a**, the bird and vehicle of **Viṣṇu**. **विष्** and **रथ** car or conveyance. [diminutive aff.]

**विष्पुत्रिणी** f. (-नी) A quail. **विष्** **Viṣṇu**, and **लिङ्ग** a mark, **जोप**

**विष्पुत्रभ** mfn. (-भः-भा-भं) Beloved by **Viṣṇu**. f. (भा) 1. A plant, (*Echites caryophyllata*.) 2. A small fragrant shrub, (*Ocimum sanctum*.) 3. **Lakṣmī**. **विष्** **Viṣṇu**, **वत्स** the beloved.

**विष्पुत्राङ्ग** m. (-नः) **Garud'a** the bird and vehicle of **Viṣṇu**.

**विष्पन्द** m. (-न्द्) Throbbing, beating. **वि** before **सन्दि** to go, **चञ्** aff.

**विष्कार** m. (-रः) The twang of a bow. **वि** before **स्कर्** or **स्कर्** to expand, aff. **चञ्**; in the latter, **का** is substituted for the vowel, and **स** is changed to **व**; also **विष्कार**.

**विष** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Deserving death by poison. **विष** venom, **यत्** aff.

**विष्यन्** m. (-न्द्) Flowing, issuing, trickling. **वि** before **यदि** to go, **मानच्** aff.; also read **विष्यन्**.

**विष्यन्मान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Flowing, trickling. **वि** before **यदि** to go, **मानच्** aff.; also read **विष्यन्मान**. [aff. व.]

**विष्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Injurious, mischievous. **विष** to pervade, **Una'di**

**विष्य** Ind. Every way, all around; see **विष्य**.

**विष्यक्सेन** m. (-नः) **Viṣṇu**. f. (-ना) A plant, commonly **Priyangu**. **विष्यक्** every where, **सेना** an army.

**विष्यक्सेनप्रिया** f. (-या) 1. A sort of yam, (*Dioscorea*.) 2. **Lakṣmī**. **विष्यक्सेन** **Viṣṇu**, and **प्रिया** beloved by, sacred to. [gone.]

**विष्यगत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Gone all about, spread, extended. **विष्यक्**, **गत**

**विष्यगति** f. (-ति) Going all about. **विष्यक्**, and **गति** going.

**विष्यच्** or **विष्यच्** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Going every where, all-pervading. 2. Separating into parts, different. n. (-यः) The equinox. **विष्य** variously, (in various directions.) or equally, **चञ्** to go, **किन्** aff.; it is also written, but less accurately **विष्यच्**.

**विष्यचन** n. (-नं) Food, eating. **वि** before **स्सन्** to sound, (with the lips, to smack the lips,) and **छुट्** aff. "बलपल"।

**विष्यटाय** or **द्राच** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Going every where. **विष्यच्** every where, with **चटो** augment.

**विष्याम** m. (-यः) Eating, food. **वि**, **स्सन्** to sound, aff. **चञ्**. "बलपल"।

**विष्यन्** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Lifeless, bereft of sense. **वि** priv., **संज्ञा** sense.

**विष्युक्त** mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) 1. Separated. 2. Omitting. **वि**, **संयुक्त** joined.

**विष्ययोग** m. (-गः) 1. Separation. 2. Omission. **वि** priv., **संयोग** union.

**विष्यवाद** m. (-दः) 1. Disappointing, deceiving, falsifying one's word, deceiving by a false affirmation or not keeping a promise. 2. Contradiction, disagreement. **वि** implying reverse, **संवाद** agreement.

**विष्यदिन्** mfn. (-दी-दिनो-दि) 1. Cunning, crafty, fraudulent. 2. Disputing. **वि**, **संवाद**, and **दि** aff.

**विष्यन्** f. (-न्ता) Unsteady, agitated.

**विस्** r. 4th cl. (विस्ति) 1. To throw, to send. 2. To put forth.

**विस्** n. (-सं) The film or fibres of the stalk of the water-lily. **विस्** to send, to put forth, aff. **क्**.

**विस्कण्डिका** f. (-का) A small crane. **विस्** the fibres of the lotus-stalk, aff. **चञ्**, **कण्ड** the throat, **कन्** aff., fem. form, implying comparison.

**विस्वट** m. (-टः) 1. A lion. 2. The **Ingudi** tree. **वि** and **सम** before **कट्** to encompass, **चञ्** aff.

**विस्वत** f. (-ता) Inconsistent, not in harmony.

**विस्वद** m. (-दः) A part of the fibres of the lotus. **विस्**, **कुद** section.

**विस्वज** n. (-जः) A lotus. **विस्** the fibres of the stalk, and **ज** born.

**विस्वनाभि** m. (-भिः) A quantity of lotuses. **विस्**, **नाभि** navel.

**विस्वनासिका** f. (-का) A sort of crane. **विस्**, **नासिका** the nose or beak.

**विस्वपुष्प** n. (-पुष्पः) A lotus. **विस्** the stalk, and **पुष्प** flower.

**विस्वप्रम** n. (-मः) A lotus, (*Nelumbium speciosum*.) **विस्**, **प्रम** a flower.

**विस्वर** m. (-रः) 1. A multitude, an assemblage, a flock, a herd, a crowd. 2. Spreading, going forth or abroad. **वि** before **स्व** to go, aff. **चञ्**.

**विस्वर्ग** m. (-र्गः) 1. Abandoning, relinquishment, getting rid of or free from any thing. 2. Departure, going away. 3. Separation. 4. Gift, donation. 5. Final emancipation or beatitude, exemption from worldly existence. 6. Evacuation of excrement, voiding by stool, &c. 7. The soft aspirate or **Visarga**, marked by two perpendicular dots, (:) and as the substitute for the letters **स** or **र**, the termination of various inflections both of nouns and verbs. 8. A division of the sun's course, the southern course. 9. Light, splendour. **वि** before **स्व** to let go, aff. **चञ्**.

**विस्वर्जन** n. (-नः) 1. Gift, donation. 2. Quitting, relinquishing. 3. Sending, dispatching. 4. Dismissing, sending away. 5. Throwing the image, &c. into holy water, as the concluding rite of the festival of a deity. **वि** before **स्व** to let go, aff. **चञ्**.

**विस्वर्गनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be left, abandoned, given away, &c. (proper or fit to.) **वि**, **स्व** to leave, **चनीय** aff.

**विस्वर्जित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Abandoned, left. 2. Given, given away. 3. Dismissed. **वि** before **स्व** to let go, **क्** aff.

**विस्वोत्प** m. (-पः) 1. Spreading. 2. Going. 3. Going variously. 4. Flying, gliding. 5. Unwished consequence of any act. 6. Erysipelatous inflammation. **वि** before **स्व** to go, **चञ्** aff.

**विस्वपेक्ष** n. (-क्षः) Bee's wax.

**विस्वपेक्ष** n. (-क्षः) 1. Spreading, extending. 2. Going gently. 3. Flying. **वि** before **स्व** to go, aff. **चञ्**.

**विस्वपेक्ष** mfn. (-पेक्षः-पेक्षी-पेक्षं) 1. Going, going along. 2. Flying gently. **वि** before **स्व** to go, **यट्** aff.

**विस्वपेक्ष** mfn. (-पेक्षः-पेक्षी-पेक्षं) Spreading over or along, gliding, going gently. **वि** before, **स्व** to go, **चिन्** aff.

**विस्व** n. (-सं) A shoot, a sprout. **वि** variously, **स्व** to go, aff. **चञ्**.

**विस्वर** m. (-रः) 1. A fish. 2. Going smoothly, creeping, gliding. n. (-रः) Wood, timber. f. (-री) The region of the winds. **वि** before **स्व** to go, and **चञ्** or **च** aff.; or **वि** priv., and **स्वर** pith.

**विस्वरित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Effected, performed. 2. Set on foot, occasioned. **वि** before **स्व** to go, causal form, aff. **क्**.

**विस्वरित्** mfn. (-रितः-रि-रि) 1. Flowing, gliding, creeping. 2. Spreading, diffusing. m. (-री) A fish. **विस्वर** going smoothly, and **दि** aff.

**विस्विकी** f. (-की) An assemblage of lotus flowers. **विस्** the fibres of the lotus, **दि** and **जोप** affs.

**विस्विका** f. (-का) 1. Spasmodic cholera. 2. Symptom of a disease. **वि**, **स्व** to apprise, **खुल्** aff.; or **विस्विका** **स्वो** **स्वार्थ** **कन्**.

**विस्व** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Sorrow, distress. **वि**, **स्व** to hurt, **युच्** aff. [aff. क.]

**विस्वित** n. (-तः) Repentance. f. (-ता) A fever. **वि** before **स्व** to hurt, **विस्वित्** mfn. (-जन्-जनी-जन्) 1. Abandoning, leaving. 2. Giving, giving away. **वि** before **स्व** to let go, **यट्** aff.

**विस्वित्** mfn. (-जन्-जनी-जन्) To be left or abandoned. Ind. Having dismissed, left, got rid of, &c. **वि** before **स्व** to let go, **यन्** or **स्वप्** aff.

**विस्वित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Spread, extended, expanded. 2. Uttered. **वि** before **स्व** to go, aff. **क्**.

**विस्वित्** mfn. (-रः-री-रः) Going smoothly, gliding, creeping, flowing. **वि** before **स्व** to go, **करच्** aff. [go, करच् aff.]

**विस्वित्** mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Creeping, flowing, gliding. **वि** before **स्व** to go, **करच्** aff.

**विस्वित्** mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) 1. Expelled, cast off or out. 2. Abandoned, relinquished, got rid of. 3. Given away. 4. Dismissed. 5. Shed. **वि**, **स्व** to let go, **क्** aff.

**विस्वित्** f. (-रिः) 1. Leaving, quitting. 2. Giving. 3. Dismissing. **वि** away, **स्व** to leave, **किन्** aff.

**विस्वित्** mfn. (-ता-तः-तः) Going, going away, dispersing. **वि** before **स्व** to go, **हन्** aff.

**विस्वित्** m. (-न्दः) Going, dispersing. **वि** before **स्व** to go, **चञ्** aff.

- विश्व mn. (-सः-सः) A weight of gold, a Karsha of sixteen Māshas, about half an ounce troy. ३. विश्व् to convey, aff. क् ।
- विस्तार m. (-रः) 1. Spreading, expansion. 2. Proximity, minute detail. 3. Affection or affectionate solicitation. 4. Number, assemblage. 5. Abundance, quantity. 6. A seat, a stool. 7. A bed, a layer. ३. वि before क् to spread over or cover, aff. चप् ।
- विस्तारम् Ind. Fully, at length. ३. विस्तार, and वसि aff.
- विस्तार m. (-रः) 1. Spreading, extension, diffusion. 2. Vastness, expanse. 3. Breadth, amplitude. 4. Amplification. 5. Diameter of a circle. 6. The branch of a tree with its new shoots. 7. A shrub. ३. वि before क् to cover, aff. चप् ।
- विस्तीर्ण mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) 1. Large, roomy, great. 2. Spread, expanded. 3. Broad. ३. वि before क् to cover or spread, aff. क् ।
- विस्तीर्णता f. (-ता) 1. Diffusion, extension. 2. Vastness. ३. विस्तीर्ण, तत् aff. ; also with ल, विस्तीर्णल । [large, पर्व leaf.]
- विस्तीर्णपत्र n. (-पत्र) A sort of esculent root, (Arum Indicum.) ३. विस्तीर्ण
- विस्तृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Spread, diffused, extended. 2. Broad, expanded. 3. Ample. 4. Diffused. ३. वि before क् to spread, aff. क् ।
- विस्तृति f. (-ति) 1. Spreading, expansion. 2. The diameter of a circle. 3. Breadth, width. ३. वि, क् to spread, aff. क्तिन् । [ग्रानच् aff.]
- विस्तृतिमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Emulating, envying. ३. वि, स्वप् to envy,
- विस्तृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Apparent, manifest, open, clear. 2. Plain, intelligible. ३. वि before स्पृष्ट apparent.
- विस्तार m. (-रः) 1. The twang of a bow, string. 2. Trembling, agitation. 3. Vibrating. ३. वि before स्फुर् to shake, and चप् aff.
- विस्तारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Shaken, trembling, tremulous. 2. Evident, apparent. 3. Twanged or drawn as a bow-string. 4. Made to vibrate. 5. Displayed. ३. वि before स्फुर् to tremble, aff. क् ।
- विस्तार्यमाण mfn. (-णः-णा-णः) 1. Being made open or manifest. 2. Being drawn or twanged as a bow-string. ३. वि before स्फुर् to tremble, pass. v., ग्रानच् aff. [swell, ग्रह aff.]
- विस्तृत् mfn. (रन्-रन्-रन्) Swelling, enlarging. ३. वि before स्फुर् to
- विस्तृति mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Shaken, tremulous. 2. Swollen, enlarged. ३. वि before स्फुर् to tremble, aff. क् ।
- विस्तृत् mfn. (-न्-न्-न्-न्) 1. Going briskly or merrily. 2. Shaking, trembling. 3. Appearing. ३. वि before, स्फुर् to shake, &c., ग्रह aff.
- विस्तृति m. (-तः) 1. A sort of poison. 2. A spark of fire. ३. वि, स्फु imitative sound, लिङ् to go, aff. चप् ; or वि + स्फुर्-उ ताडयं लिङ्गमस्य ।
- विस्तृत् m. (-तः) 1. A clap of thunder. 2. Roaring, rumbling. ३. वि, स्फुर् to thunder, चप् aff.
- विस्फोट mfn. (-टः-टा) 1. Boil, pustule. 2. Small-pox. ३. वि before, स्फुट् to hurt or break, aff. चप् or चिच्-चप् ।
- विस्मय m. (-यः) 1. Wonder, surprise, astonishment, (wonder or admiration considered as the feeling giving rise to the Adbhuta Sentiment.) 2. Pride, arrogance. 3. Doubt, uncertainty. ३. वि before, स्मि to smile, aff. चप् । [perplexed.]
- विस्मयकुल mfn. (-लः-ला-लः) Bewildered, astounded. ३. विस्मय and चाकुल
- विस्मयित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Astonished. ३. विस्मय, चन्विन affected.
- विस्मयिन् mfn. (-न्-न्-न्-न्) Astonished, surprised. ३. विस्मय, and इनि aff.
- विस्मरण n. (-णः) Forgetting, oblivion. ३. वि, स्मृ to remember, क्कुट् aff.
- विस्मरणाय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) To be forgotten. ३. वि priv., स्मृ to remember, चनोयर् aff. [यत् aff.]
- विस्मय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) To be forgotten. ३. वि before स्मृ to remember,
- विस्मयन m. (-नः) 1. Deceit, illusion. 2. A magical or enchanted city, one that appears and disappears unexpectedly, or in unexpected situations, a city of the Gand'harbas. 3. Ka'ma or Cupid. 4. Astonishing, surprising, causing wonder or surprise. ३. वि, स्मि to smile, causal form, aff. क्कुट् । [smile, aff. क् ।]
- विस्मित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Astonished, surprised. 2. Proud. ३. वि, स्मि to
- विस्मित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Forgotten. ३. वि privative, स्मृत remembered.

- विस्मृति f. (-ति) Forgetting, forgetfulness. ३. वि priv., स्मृति recollect.
- विस्मय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Astonished, surprised. ३. वि, स्मि to smile, र aff.
- विस्मय m. (-यः) Flowing, trickling. ३. वि before, स्मि to flow, चप् aff.
- विस्मय n. (-यः) A smell like that of raw meat. ३. विस्मृ to send, aff. रक् ।
- विस्मय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. Relaxation, laxness. 2. Debility, decay. ३. वि, स्मृ to fall, चप् and टाप् affs., or चप् aff.
- विस्मयन n. (-नः) 1. Loosening, unfastening, untying. 2. Falling. 3. Flowing, dropping. 4. A laxative, an aperient. ३. वि separate, स्मृ to fall, क्कुट् aff. [गन्धि smelling.]
- विस्मयिन् m. (-न्-न्-न्-न्) Yellow orpiment. ३. विस्मय the smell of raw meat, and
- विस्मयता f. (-ता) Rawness of smell. ३. तत् added to विस्मय as above.
- विस्मय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. Trusted, confided in. 2. Placid, tamed, humble. 3. Steady, diligent. ३. वि before स्मृ to trust, aff. क् ।
- विस्मय m. (-यः) 1. Trust, confidence. 2. Affection, regard, affectionate solicitation. 3. Acquaintance. 4. Killing. ३. वि, स्मृ to trust, aff. चप् ।
- विस्मयिन् mfn. (-न्-न्-न्-न्) Trusting. ३. वि, स्मृ to trust, aff. चिनि ।
- विस्मय f. (-यः) Deceit, the infirmity of old age. ३. वि before स्मृ to fall, affs., चप् and टाप् and the radical nasal dropped. [aff.]
- विस्मय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Loosened, detached, fallen. ३. वि, स्मृ to fall, क्
- विस्मय m. (-यः) 1. Flowing, dropping. 2. The water of boiled-rice.
- विस्मय n. (-यः) 1. Causing to flow. 2. Bleeding. 3. Distilling. 4. A spirit distilled from molasses. ३. वि, स्मृ to drop, causal v., क्कुट् aff.
- विस्मयित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Bled. 2. Caused to flow. ३. वि, स्मृ to flow, causal v., क्कुट् aff.
- विस्मय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. To be bled, requiring bleeding. 2. To be made to flow. ३. वि, स्मृ to ooze, causal v., यत् aff ; also विस्मयितव्य and विस्मयनीय ।
- विस्मय mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Spread, stretched. 2. Dropped, flowing. ३. वि apart, स्मृ to go, क्कुट् aff. [sound.]
- विस्मय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Discordant, unharmonious. ३. वि deprec, स्मृ
- विस्मय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Insipid, flavourless. ३. वि priv., स्वाद flavour.
- विस्मय m. (-यः) 1. A bird. 2. A cloud. 3. An arrow. 4. The sun. 5. The moon. 6. A planet. ३. विस्मय for विस्मयन् in the sky, and ग who goes.
- विस्मय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Going swiftly, flying. m. (-यः) 1. A bird. 2. A cloud. 3. An arrow. 4. The moon. 5. The sun. ३. विस्मय for विस्मयन् in the air, and ग who goes : see the next.
- विस्मय m. (-यः) A bird. f. (-यः) A pole or yoke for carrying burdens. ३. विस्मय for विस्मयन् in the air, गन् to go, aff. चप्, whence the nasal is inserted ; also with the final rejected, विस्मय &c.
- विस्मयराज m. (-जः) GARUDA, the bird and vehicle of VISHNU.
- विस्मयिका f. (-का) A sort of pole or yoke for carrying burdens. ३. विस्मय a bird, and कन् aff., fem. form.
- विस्मय mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Opposed, impeded, resisted. 2. Hurt, killed. m. (-तः) A Band'dha or Jaina temple. ३. वि, हन् to hurt or kill, aff. क् ।
- विस्मयि f. (-ति) Striking, killing. m. (-ति) A friend or companion. ३. वि हन् to strike, क्तिन् aff.
- विस्मयन n. (-नः) 1. Opposition, obstruction, impediment. 2. Injury, hurting. 3. Killing. 4. A bow for cleaning cotton. ३. वि before हन् to kill or hurt, aff. क्कुट् । [aff. चप् ।]
- विस्मय m. (-यः) Separation, disunion, absence. ३. वि before ह् to convey,
- विस्मय n. (-यः) 1. Taking, taking off or away. 2. Going about for pleasure or exercise. ३. वि, ह् to take, क्कुट् aff.
- विस्मयनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) To be taken away. 2. To be rambled or sported. ३. वि before ह् to take, चनोयर् aff.
- विस्मय m. (-यः) 1. A robber. 2. A roamer.
- विस्मयन n. (-नः) Laughing gently, smiling. ३. वि, हन् to laugh, क्कुट् aff.
- विस्मयित n. (-तः) A gentle laugh, a smile. ३. वि, हन् to laugh, aff. क् ।
- विस्मय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. Confounded, perplexed, bewildered. 2. Wise, learned. ३. वि without, हन् a hand; helpless, &c. [aff. चप् ।]
- विस्मय Ind. Aptote noun. Heaven, paradise. ३. वि, ह् to abandon, Una'di
- विस्मयित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Given. 2. Extorted. n. (-नः) Gift, donation.



३. वि before दा to abandon, causal form, aff. क; giving being considered as the abandonment of the thing given.  
विहाय Ind. Having left or abandoned. ३. वि before दा to quit, व्यप् aff.  
विहायत n. (-तः) Gift, donation.  
विहायस् mn. (-यः-यः) The sky or atmosphere. m. (-यः) A bird. ३. वि before ह्य to go, causal form, aff. चसुन् । [added to the last.  
विहायस् mn. (-यः-यः) Heaven, sky, atmosphere. m. (-यः) A bird. ३. चप्  
विहायसा Ind. Heaven, sky, atmosphere. ३. The third case of विहायस् used as an aptote noun.  
विहार m. (-रः) 1. Walking for pleasure or amusement. 2. Wandering, roaming, going about. 3. A Baud'dha or Jaina convent. 4. A temple. 5. Taking away, removing. 6. Play, sport, pastime. 7. A pleasure-ground. 8. A palace. 9. The shoulder. 10. A sort of bird. ३. वि before ह् to take, aff. चञ्; also वीहार ।  
विहारिन् mfn. (-रि-रिची-रि) Taking pleasure or relaxation. ३. विहार sport, &c., इति aff.  
विहास m. (-सः) A gentle laugh or smile. ३. वि and हास laugh.  
विहित mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Placed, deposited. 2. Improper, unsuitable, unfit. 3. Done, acted, made. 4. Appointed, fixed. 5. Constructed, framed. 6. Distributed, apportioned. 7. Furnished with. 8. Proper to be done. n. (-तः) A command. ३. वि, धा to have, aff. क; or वि priv., हित applicable. [have, कवतु aff.  
विहित् mfn. (-वन्-वती-वत्) Doing, performing, making. ३. वि, धा to विहित् mfn. (-गः-गः-गः) Faulty, offending, wicked. ३. विहित done, चागस् sin. [चक्षति salute.  
विहिताक्षि mfn. (-क्षि-क्षि-क्षि) Making a respectful obeisance. ३. विहित, विहिति f. (-तिः) 1. Action, performance. 2. Arrangement.  
विहितम् mfn. (-मः-मा-म्) Done according to rule. ३. वि, धा to have, क्ति aff., मप् augment.  
विहीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Abandoned, left, deserted. 2. Deprived of. 3. Low, inferior. ३. वि before दा to abandon, aff. क ।  
विहृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Sport, played. 2. Expanded. n. (-तः) One of the ten feminine acts or properties indicating love, hesitation, reluctance, (in a female,) to avow her feelings to her lover. ३. वि before ह् to take, aff. क ।  
विहृति f. (-तिः) 1. Opening, expansion. 2. Sport, pastime. 3. Taking away. ३. वि apart, ह् to convey, aff. क्ति । [take, व्यप् aff.  
विहृत Ind. 1. Having sported. 2. Having or being spread. ३. वि, ह् to विहृत m. (-तः) Hurting, injury. ३. वि before हृत् to annoy, aff. चच् ।  
विहृतक m. (-कः) An injurer, a reviler, one who inflicts pain or injury on another. ३. वि, हृत् to annoy, aff. वृच् ।  
विहृतन n. (-नः) 1. Injury, hurting, wounding, killing. 2. Rubbing, grinding. 3. Afflicting distressing. 4. Pain, sorrow, affliction. ३. वि before हृत् to annoy or hurt, aff. व्यट् ।  
विहृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Agitated, alarmed, overcome with fear or agitation, beside one's self, unable to restrain one's self. 2. Distressed, afflicted. 3. Fused, liquid. 4. Desponding. ३. वि before हृत् to shake, aff. चच् । [विहृतल  
विहृतता f. (-ता) Agitation, anxiety. ३. विहृत and तल् aff.; also with ल, बी r. 2nd cl. (वेति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To pervade. 3. To conceive, to be impregnated. 4. To desire. 5. To throw or send. 6. To eat. 7. To be beautiful. With सन् prefixed, To invest, to inclose, to cover or wrap round or over.  
बी m. (-बी) 1. Going, moving. 2. Covering. ३. बी to go, aff. क्ति ।  
बीक m. (-कः) 1. Air, wind. 2. A bird. 3. The mind. ३. चच् to go, वि substituted for the root, कन् Una'di aff., the vowel made long.  
बी(वि)काश m. (-शः) 1. Solitude, privacy. 2. Display, manifestation. ३. वि, काश् to shine, aff. चच्; the vowel of the prefix made long.  
बीच mf. (-चः-चा) Sight, seeing. n. (-चः) 1. Surprise, astonishment. 2. A visible object. ३. वि before ईच् to see, aff. क ।

बीचच nf. (-चः-चा) Sight, seeing. ३. वि before ईच् to see, aff. क्त् ।  
बीचबीच mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Visible, perceptible. ३. वि, ईच् to see, चबीच aff.  
बीचमाच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Seeing, looking at. ३. वि, ईच् to see, माच aff. [turbid  
बीचमन् mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Astonished, surprised. ३. बीच sight, चाचमन् dis-  
बीचन mfn. (-नः-ता-तं) Seen, beheld. n. (-नः) A look, a glance. ३. वि, ईच् to see, aff. क ।  
बीच्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Visible, perceptible. 2. Astonishing, wonder-  
derful. Ind. Having seen. n. (-यः) 1. Wonder, surprise. 2. A visible object. m. (-यः) 1. A dancer, an actor. 2. A horse. ३. वि before ईच् to see, aff. यत् or व्यप् ।  
बीजा f. (-जा) 1. Going, moving, locomotion, progress, proceeding. 2. Dancing. 3. A particular mode of moving. 4. Cowash, (Carpogon pruriens.) 5. One of a horse's paces. ३. वि, हृत् to go, aff. चच् ।  
बीचन n. (-नः) Research, enquiry. ३. वि before चि to collect, क्त् aff., and the vowel of the prefix made long.  
बीचि mf. (-चि-चि; or बी) 1. A wave. 2. A small or rippling wave. 3. Pleasure, delight, happiness. 4. Leisure, interval, rest. 5. A ray of light. 6. Small, little. 7. Thoughtlessness. ३. वेच् to weave, Una'di aff. ईचि, and the radical vowel rejected. [रिनि  
बीचिमालिन् m. (-ली) The ocean. ३. बीचि a wave, माला a necklace, aff.  
बीज r. 10th cl. (बीजयति-ते) To fan, to cool by fanning.  
बीज n. (-जः) 1. Seed, (of plants, &c.) 2. Cause, origin in general. 3. Semen virile. 4. Receptacle, place of deposit or preparation. 5. Truth, divine truth, as the seed or cause of being. 6. Marrow. 7. Algebra, analysis. 8. The mystical letter or syllable which forms the essential part of the Mantra of any deity. 9. The origin of the business of a drama. ३. वि variously, जन् be born or produced, (from it,) aff. ड, and the vowel made long; or व्यच् to cover, aff. क्ति, बी covering, जन् to be born, aff. ड; or वि implying possession, ई LAKSHMI' or prosperity, जन् to be produced, (by it,) with the same affix: there are other derivations.  
बीजक m. (-कः) The common citron, (Citrus medica.) n. (-कः) Seed. ३. बीज seed, and कन् aff.  
बीजकोश m. (-शः) 1. The seed-vessel of the lotus. 2. Any seed-vessel. f. (-श्री) A Pod, a legume. ३. बीज seed, and कोश or कोष receptacle; whence also बीजकोष m. (-षः) बीजकोषी f. (-शी) &c.  
बीजगणित n. (-तः) Algebra. ३. बीज, and गणित calculation.  
बीजगुणि f. (-गुणि) A legume, a pod. ३. बीज seed, गुणि concealment.  
बीजतस् Ind. From or according to the seed. ३. बीज, and तस् aff.  
बीजत m. (-तः) 1. A fan. 2. Fanning. 3. Thing, substance. m. (-तः) 1. A sort of pheasant. 2. The ruddy goose. ३. बीज, क्त् aff.  
बीजपुष्प n. (-षः) 1. Common citron. 2. A thorny plant, (Vangueria spinosa.) ३. बीज a seed, and पुष्प a flower.  
बीजपुष्पिका f. (-का) A sort of grain, (Andropogon or Holcus sorghum) ३. बीज a seed, पुष्प a flower, कन् aff., fem. form.  
बीजपूर m. (-रः) Common citron or a variety, (Citrus medica.) ३. बीज a seed, and पूर what is full of.  
बीजपूर्य m. (-यः) Common citron, or according to some authorities, a large kind of lime. ३. बीज seed, and पूर्य filled.  
बीजप्रद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Sowing seed, &c. m. (-दः) Generating, or a generator. ३. बीज, and प्रद what gives.  
बीजप्ररोह m. (-हः) Growing from seed. ३. बीज, and प्ररोह growing.  
बीजमादका f. (-का) The pericarp or seed-vessel of the lotus. ३. बीज seed, and मादका parent.  
बीजवच mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Growing from seed. m. (-चः) Grain, corn. ३. बीज seed, and वच what grows.  
बीजवत् mfn. (-वन्-वती-वत्) Who or what has seed. ३. बीज, and वत् aff.  
बीजवर m. (-रः) Kidney-bean, (Phaseolus radiatus.) ३. बीज seed, and वर what screws,

वीज f. (-नः) The earth. ३. बीज seed, and स parent.  
 बीज Ind By or with seed, sowing with seed. ३. बीज, and बाच् aff.  
 बीजाकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Ploughed or harrowed after sowing, (a field, &c.) ३. बीज a seed, and कृत made, with बाच् added to the first.  
 बीजित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Sown with, having for seed. 2. Fanned, cooled by the wind proceeding from a fan. ३. बीज, रतच् aff.; or बीज् to fan, ऋ aff.  
 बीजिन् mfn. (-जो-जिनी-जि) Having seed, origin, &c. m. (-जो) A father, a progenitor. ३. बीज semen, and णि aff.  
 बीजीयुक्त्वा n. (-ट्) Good seed. ३. बीज, and उत्कृष्ट excellent.  
 बीजोद्भव m. (-क) Hail. ३. बीज origin or original, उद्भव water.  
 बीज्य mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्या-ज्य) 1. Sprung from a respectable family. 2. Sprung from seed. ३. बीज seed or origin, and यत् aff.  
 बीज्यमान mfn. (-नः-जा-म) Fanned. ३. बीज् to fan, pass. v., मानच् aff.  
 बीटा f. (-टा) A small piece of wood struck with a stick in kind of game played by boys.  
 बीटिका f. (-का) 1. The betel-plant, (Piper betel.) 2. The preparation of the Areca nut with spices and chunam, and enveloped in the leaf of the Piper betel, Betel, Pāun. 3. A tie, a fastening. ३. बि, रट् to go, aff. कृन्, fem. form; also with रन् or ङोप् aff. बीटि or बीटी।  
 बीषा f. (-षा) 1. The Vī'nā, or Indian lute, a fretted instrument of the guitar kind, usually having seven wires or strings, and a large gourd at each end of the finger board; the extent of the instrument is two octaves: it is supposed to be the invention of NA'RADA, the son of BRAHMA, and has many varieties, enumerated according to the number of strings, &c. 2. Lightning. ३. बी to go, &c., Una'di aff. न, form irr.; or चञ् नञ् बीभावः इषो० चलन्।  
 बीषादण्ड m. (-ण्डः) The neck of a Vīna. ३. बीषा a lute, दण्ड a stick.  
 बीषादुवन्ध m. (-न्धः) The tie of a lute or lower part of the tail piece, where the wires are fixed. ३. बीषा the lute, चतुर्वन्ध appendage, tie.  
 बीषावाद m. (-दः) A player on the Vī'nā, a lutanist. ३. बीषा a lute, and वाद who causes to speak or sound; also with कन् added, बीषावादक।  
 बीषास्य m. (-स्यः) NA'RADA, the son of BRAHMA, and inventor of the Vī'nā or lute. ३. बीषा, and आस्य the countenance.  
 बीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Gone, departed. 2. Exempt or freed from. 3. Loosed, let go, unbound. 4. Tranquil, quiet, tame. 5. Excepted. 6. Approved, liked, accepted. 7. Unfit for war. m. (-तः) 1. A horse or elephant, untrained to or unfit for war. 2. Goading an elephant. ३. बी to go, aff. ऋ।  
 बीतस्य m. (-स्यः) 1. A cage, a chain or net, &c. for confining birds or beasts. 2. An enclosure for tranquillising or taming them, an aviary, a menagerie. 3. A place for keeping game, a preserve. ३. बि before तसि to adorn, aff. चञ्; the vowel of the prefix made long.  
 बीतकण्ठ mfn. (-घः-का-घ) Free from sin or soil. ३. बीत, and कण्ठ sin.  
 बीतकाम mfn. (-मः-सा-क) Free from desire. ३. बीत, काम desire.  
 बीतदम्भ mfn. (-म्भः-म्भा-म्भ) Humble, lowly. ३. बीत gone, दम्भ pride, &c.  
 बीतन m. du. (-नी) The sides of cartilages of the larynx. ३. बि + तन्-चञ्-पृषो० दोच्।  
 बीतभय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Fearless, undaunted. ३. बीत and भय fear.  
 बीतराम mfn. (-मः-ता-म) 1. Exempt from passions or affections. 2. Bleached, colourless. m. (-मः) 1. Any sage with subdued passions. 2. A Baud'dha deified sage. ३. बीत gone, and राम passions, desire.  
 बीतविषद्वर्द्धि mfn. (-विः-वि-वि) Peaceable, without hostile intentions. ३. बीत, विष opposed, and वर्द्धि fear.  
 बीतवह mfn. (-हः-हा-ह) Fearless. ३. बीत, and वह fear.  
 बीतशोक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Free from care or sorrow. m. (-कः) The As'o'ka tree, (Jonesia As'o'ka.) ३. बीत gone, and शोक sorrow.  
 बीतस्य mfn. (-घः-का-घ) Free from desire. ३. बीत, and स्युहा desire.  
 बीति f. (-तिः) 1. Going, moving, motion. 2. Eating. 3. Engendering,

producing. 4. Cleaning, cleansing. 5. Light, lustre. 6. Enjoyment. m. (-तिः) A horse. ३. बी to go, क्तिन् or क्तिच् aff.  
 बीतिहीन m. (-नः) 1. AGNI. 2. The sun. ३. बीति a horse, हीन clarified butter, the usual offering or oblation with fire; also बीतिहीनक।  
 बीतीचर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Unable or disinclined to reply, having no answer. ३. बीत, and उत्तर answer.  
 बीधि f. (-धिः or धी) 1. A road. 2. A row, a line. 3. A terrace in front of a house. 4. A stall, a shop. 5. A sort of drama, in one act, and by one or by two performers, the dramatic narration of an amatory story or intrigue. ३. बिच् to ask or beg, aff. रन्, and the vowel made long; also बाच् optionally added, with कन् aff., fem. form, बीधिका।  
 बीधक्य u. (-क्य) Dialogue, &c., suited to, and constituting the dramatic entertainment called Vithi, though employed in other kinds, as quibble, equivoque, jest, abuse, and the like. ३. बीधि, चङ् a part.  
 बीध mfn. (-धः-धा-ध) Clean, clear, pure. n. (-धः) 1. The sky. 2. Wind. 3. Fire. ३. बि, रन् to shine, Una'di aff. रक्, the first consonant rejected.  
 बीनाच m. (-चः) The top or cover of a well. ३. बि before नच् to bind, aff. चञ्; also दिनाच।  
 बीषा f. (-षा) Lightning.  
 बीषा f. (-षा) 1. Several or successive order, the arrangement of things or properties each by each, or in succession. as इचं इचं (बिचति, he waters tree after tree. 2. Pervasion. ३. बि before चप् to go, or get, desiderative form, चच् aff.  
 बीधुः शीघ्र m. (-घः) A Chowri.  
 बीधु- (च) बीधु r. 1st. cl. (बीधु) To boast; also read बीधु q. r.  
 बीर r. 10th cl. (बीरवति-ते) To be powerful or valiant, to make heroic or irresistible effort.  
 बीर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Excellent, eminent, (used chiefly in composition.) 2. Heroic. 3. Powerful, mighty. 4. Strong, robust. m. (-रः) 1. A hero, a warrior, a champion. 2. Heroism, the heroic Rasa or feeling, as an object of poetical description especially; It is fourfold; viz :—दासवीर, धर्मवीर, दयावीर and युद्धवीर। 3. The last Jina or Jaina pontiff of the present era. 4. An actor, a mime. 5. A flower, (Nerium odorum.) 6. Fire. 7. Sacrificial fire. 8. An epithet of VISHN'U. 9. A son. 10. A husband. f. (-रा) 1. A matron, a wife and mother. 2. A sort of perfume, commonly Mura'. 3. A medicinal root, commonly Kshira-ka'kol'. 4. A plant, (Flacourtia cataphracta.) 5. A drug (Babáluka.) 6. Plantain tree. 7. A sort of Aesclepias, (A. rosea.) 8. Opposite-leaved fig tree. 9. A sort of Convolvulus, (C. paniculatus, the white and dark kind.) 10. A small tree, (Gmelina arborea) 11. Spirituous liquor or a particular kind of it. 12. The aloe. 13. A plant, commonly Atris. n. (-रः) 1. A reed, (Arundo tibialis) 2. The root of the ginger plant. 3. Pepper. 4. Rice gruel. 5. The root of the Costus speciosus. 6. The root of the Andropogon muricatum. ३. चञ् to go, and बी substituted for the root, रक् Una'di aff; or बीर to be powerful, aff. चञ्।  
 बीरकोट m. (-टः) A contemptible warrior.  
 बीरजयनिका f. (-का) 1. A war-dance, a dance performed by soldiers after a victory or on going to battle. 2. War, battle. ३. बीर a hero, (जि to conquer, भञ् aff., fem. form, and कन् added.  
 बीरच n. (-च) A fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum) f. (-ची) 1. A side glance. 2. A deep place. ३. बि a bird, ईर to go, च्चट् aff.  
 बीरतर n. (-र) 1. A fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.) m. (-रः) 1. An arrow. 2. A great hero. ३. बीर powerful, तरप् aff.  
 बीरतह m. (-हः) 1. A large tree, (Pentaptera Arjuna, Rox.) 2. A shrub, (Barleria longifolia, Rox.) ३. बीर a hero, and तह the tree.  
 बीरता f. (-ता) Heroism. ३. तह added to बीर; also with त् aff. बीरत।  
 बीरधन्व m. (-न्धः) KA'MA or CUPID. ३. बीर a hero, and धन्व a bow.  
 बीरधर m. (-रः) 1. A peacock. 2. Fighting with wild beasts. 3. A lea-

ther cuirass or jacket. 4. The name of a river. **वीर** a hero, **वृ** to hold, **खच** aff.

**वीरपत्नी** f. (-नी) The wife of a hero. **वीर** a hero, and **पत्नी** the wife.

**वीरपाण** n. (-ण) The drink of warriors, taken during the battle for refreshment, or before it, to elevate courage. **वीर** a hero, and **पाण** drink; the **न** is optionally changed, whence it also occurs **वीरपान**.

**वीरभद्र** m. (-द्र) 1. A horse fit for the As'wame'd'ha sacrifice. 2. A distinguished hero. 3. A fragrant grass, "वीरघ" 4. One of S'iva's attendants. 5. One of the Ru'dras. **वीर** a hero, **भद्र** auspicious.

**वीरभद्रक** n. (-क) A fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.)

**वीरभात्या** f. (-त्या) The wife of a hero. **वीर** a hero, and **भात्या** a wife.

**वीरमातृ** f. (-मातृ) The mother of a hero. **वीर** and **मातृ** mother.

**वीरमुद्रिका** f. (-का) An ornament or ring worn on the middle toe. **वीर** a hero, **मुद्रिका** a seal, **कम्** aff.

**वीररेणु** m. (-णु) A name of BHIMASE'NA. **वीर** a hero, and **रेणु** dust.

**वीरवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Having a champion or hero. f. (-ती) A woman whose husband and sons are living. **वीर**, **सतुप्** poss. aff.

**वीरवत्सा** f. (-त्सा) The mother of a hero. **वीर**, **वत्स** a child, (of whom.)

**वीरविश्रवक** m. (-क) A Bra'hmana who performs his oblations with money, procured from the lower or Su'dra tribe. **वीर** sacrificial fire, **वि** before **वृ**, to go, **खन्** aff.

**वीरवृक्ष** m. (-वृक्ष) 1. The marking-nut plant. (Semicarpus anacardium.) 2. A large tree, (Pentaptera Arjuna.) 3. A sort of grain, (Andropogon or Holcus sorghum.) **वीर** strong, **वृक्ष** a tree.

**वीरम्** f. (-म्) 1. The mother of a hero. 2. The mother of a male child. **वीर** a hero, and **मू** mother.

**वीरसेन** m. (-न) The father of NALA Ra'ja'. **वीर** a hero, **सेना** a host.

**वीरसेनज** m. (-ज) NALA, a prince and hero of several celebrated poems as the Naushadha, Nalodaya, &c. **वीरसेन**, and **ज** born.

**वीरसेन्य** n. (-न्य) Garlic.

**वीरस्कन्ध** m. (-न्ध) A buffalo. **वीर** powerful, **स्कन्ध** the shoulder.

**वीरहन्** m. (-हन्) A Bra'hman, who has suffered the sacred domestic fire to become extinct, either from carelessness, impiety, or absence. **वीर** sacrificial fire, and **हन्** who destroys.

**वीराग्रसन** n. (-न) 1. The post of danger, the place in battle which is most perilous and exposed. 2. Keeping watch. 3. A forlorn hope. **वीर** a hero, **आङ्** before **ग्रसि** to wish, aff. **ल्युट्**.

**वीरासन** n. (-न) 1. Sleeping out in the open air, a bivouac. 2. A field of battle. 3. A kneeling posture. **वीर** and **आसन** sitting.

**वीरवृक्ष** f. (-वृक्ष or वृक्ष) 1. A creeper or spreading creeper. 2. A branch and shoot. 3. A plant which grows after cutting. 4. A bower. **वि** before **वृक्ष** to impede, aff. **क्लिप्**, and the vowel of the prefix made long; also टाप् being added, **वीरवृक्ष** f. (-वृक्ष).

**वीरेश्वर** m. (-र) 1. VĪRABHADRA, one of S'iva's attendants. 2. A great hero. **वीर** a hero, and **ईश्वर** lord or chief.

**वीरोष्क** m. (-ष्क) A Bra'hman, who omits burnt offerings or neglects his sacrificial fire. **वीर** fire, **उज्ज्** to abandon, aff. **अण्**.

**वीरोपजीविक** m. (-क) A Bra'hman, who claims alms or presents, on the merit of having preserved his sacrificial fire. **वीर** sacrificial fire and **उपजीविक** living by.

**वीर्य** n. (-र्य) 1. Strength, vigour, power. 2. Dignity, consequence. 3. Fortitude, firmness. 4. Semen virile. 5. Splendour, lustre. 6. Heroism, valour. 7. Seed, (of plants, &c.) 8. Efficacy. **वीर** a hero, and **यत्** aff.; or **वीर** to be strong, and **अच्** and **यत्** affs.

**वीर्यवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Strong, stout, robust. 2. Overcoming, victorious. 3. Efficacious. **वीर्य** strength, **सतुप्** poss. aff.

**वीर्यविरहित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Devoid of prowess or vigour, &c. **वीर्य**, **विरहित** deprived of.

**वीर्यविशिष्ट** mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) Possessed of courage, vigour, &c. **वीर्य**, **विशिष्ट** endowed with.

**वीर्यहानि** f. (-नि) 1. Loss of vigour or courage. 2. Impotence. **वीर्य**, **हानि** loss.

**वीर्यहीन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Seedless. 2. Cowardly. **वीर्य**, **हीन** void of.

**वीर्यवदान** n. (-नं) Effecting any thing by prowess. **वीर्य**, **वदान** end.

**वीर्यवधूत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Overcome or surpassed in prowess. **वीर्य**, and **अवधूत** shaken.

**वीरध** m. (-धः) 1. A yoke for carrying burdens. 2. A burden. 3. Storing or heaping corn. 4. A pitcher. 5. A road: see **विरध**.

**वीरधिक** mf. (-कः-की) 1. A chandler. 2. A man or woman carrying a load by means of a pole. **वीरध**, **ठन्** aff., the first vowel unchanged.

**वीरि** m. (-रः) A holy place, a temple, a sanctuary, but especially a Jaina or Baud'dha convent. **वीरि**, **वृ** to convey, aff. **वृज्**.

**वृग्** (वृग्) **वृजि** r. 1st cl. (**वृजति**) To except, to leave, to abandon. **वृट्** r. 10th cl. (**वृजयति-ते**) To hurt, to kill.

**वृध्** (वृध्) **वृधि** r. 10th cl. (**वृधयति-ते**) To injure, to hurt, to kill.

**वृध्व** Adj. Desirous of choosing.

**वृस्** r. 4th cl. (**वृथति**) To throw or cast off; also **वृस्**.

**वृथे** f. (-थे) Adj. Chosen, selected.

**वृथ्** r. 10th cl. (**वृथयति-ते**) To kill, to hurt or injure.

**वृ** (वृ) **वृज्** r. 9th cl. (**वृजति**, **वृजते**) To serve, to do homage or worship, to conciliate by service or adoration. (**वृज्** **वृज्** r. 1st cl. (**वृजति-ते**) r. 5th cl. (**वृजति** **वृजते**) r. 10th cl. (**वृजयति-ते**) 1. To choose, to select, to prepare. 2. To appoint, to invite. 3. To screen, to invest, to cover. With **अप** prefixed, To convey, to screen, to shield or defend. With **आङ्**, To inclose, to cover, to surround. With **नि** or **निर्**, To cease, to refrain from, to finish or end. With **परि**, To surround. 2. To depend upon. With **इद**, To become evident or apparent, to open or appear. With **सम्**, To conceal. With **सम्** and **आङ्**, To wrap up, to involve.

**वृद्ध** mfn. (-णः-णा or वृद्ध-वृद्ध) Nourishing, fattening, nutritious. m. (-वृद्ध) A kind of sweetmeat made of sugar, milk, spices, &c., fried in Ghee, and powdered with coarse sugar or treacle. **वृद्धि** to increase, and **वृद्ध** or **वृद्ध** aff. [**वृद्धि** to grow, **वृद्ध** aff.]

**वृद्धणीय** mfn. (-यः-या-ये) To be nourished, what ought to or may be.

**वृद्धित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Grown, increased. 2. Cherished, nourished. n. (-त) The roar of elephants. **वृद्धि** to grow or increase, aff. **क्लृ**.

**वृक्** r. 1st cl. (**वृकते**) To take or accept, to seize.

**वृक** m. (-कः) 1. A wolf. 2. A crow. 3. The Vaka-pushpa tree, (Sesbana grandiflora.) 4. A jackal. 5. A hyena. 6. A rat, a mouse. 7. A Kshetriya. 8. Name of a demon. 9. Name of a fire in the stomach. 10. Turpentine. 11. Compound perfume. f. (-कः) A plant, (Cissampelos hexandra.) **वृक्** to take, aff. **क्**; or **वृ** to hide or screen, **Una'di** aff. **कक्**.

**वृकदंश** m. (-शः) A dog. **वृक** a wolf, and **दंश** who bites.

**वृकधूप** m. (-धूपः) 1. Compound perfume. 2. Turpentine. **वृक** the same meanings, and **धूप** incense.

**वृकाराति** m. (-तिः) A dog. **वृक** a wolf, and **आराति** an enemy.

**वृकारि** m. (-रिः) A dog. **वृक** a wolf, and **आरि** an enemy.

**वृकोदर** m. (-रः) 1. A name of BRAHMA'. 2. Name of BHŪMA. **वृक** a wolf, or the name of a fire in the stomach, and **उदर** the belly.

**वृक्** mf. (क्-कः) 1. The heart. 2. A kidney, (In this sense in the dual.)

**वृक्ष** mfn. (क्-क्व; क्वा-क्व) Cut, divided, broken. **वृक्ष्** to cut, aff. **क्**. form irr.; also read **वृक्ष**.

**वृक्षवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Cutting, severing. **वृक्ष्** to cut, **क्ववत्** aff.

**वृक्ष** f. (-क्व) Cleaned, clear.

**वृच्** r. 1st cl. (**वृचते**) 1. To appoint. 2. To cover. 3. To take or accept.

**वृच** m. (-चः) A tree in general. **वृच** to cover, (to shade,) aff. **वृच्**; or **वृच्** to cut and **क्व** **Una'di** aff.

**वृचक** m. (-कः) 1. A small tree, (Wrightea antidysenterica.) 2. Any tree. **वृच** added to the last.

वृक्षः m (टः) A wild cock. ३. वृक्ष and वृक्षट a cock.  
 वृक्षः n. (यः) A grove. ३. वृक्ष and वृक्षट a part.  
 वृक्षर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Going or living in trees. m. (-रः) A monkey. ३.  
 वृक्ष a tree or any other synonyme, and वर who goes.  
 वृक्षया f. (-या) The shade of a single tree. n. (-यः) The shade of many  
 trees or a grove. ३. वृक्ष a tree, and वृक्षया shade; in the second  
 sense, it takes the neuter gender.  
 वृक्षतल n. (लः) The foot of a tree or ground about it. ३. वृक्ष, तल below.  
 वृक्षपु m. (पः) Turpentine. ३. वृक्ष a tree, and वृक्षपु incense.  
 वृक्षपत्र m. (वः) The Indian-fig tree. ३. वृक्ष a tree, and पत्र lord.  
 वृक्षनिर्वाह m. (-वः) Gum, resin. ३. वृक्ष and निर्वाह exudation.  
 वृक्षनिवास m. (-वः) Dwelling or living in a tree. ३. वृक्ष, निवास abode.  
 वृक्षपाक m. (-कः) The Indian-fig tree. ३. वृक्ष a tree, and पाक what  
 ripens or perfects.  
 वृक्षभवन n. (नः) A hollow in a tree. ३. वृक्ष a tree, and भवन dwelling.  
 वृक्षभिद् f. (-भिद् or भिन्) An axe. ३. वृक्ष a tree, भिद् breaking, cutting.  
 वृक्षभेदिन m. (-दी) 1. A carpenter's chisel. 2. A hatchet. ३. वृक्ष a tree,  
 and भेदिन् what breaks.  
 वृक्षमय mfn. (-यः-यो-यः) Abounding with trees. ३. वृक्ष and मयट् aff.  
 वृक्षमकटिका f. (-का) A squirrel. ३. वृक्ष a tree, मकट a monkey, कन् aff.  
 of comparison. [a tree, मृद् earth, भू born.  
 वृक्षमृदु m. (-दुः) A sort of cane or reed, (Calamus fascicularis.) ३. वृक्ष  
 वृक्षरु m. (-रुः-रुः) A parasite plant, (Cymbidium tessalloides, &c.) ३.  
 वृक्ष and रुक्ष growing, having its roots attached to the trunk or  
 branches of another plant or tree. [वृक्षारोपण  
 वृक्षारोपण n. (पः) Planting trees. ३. वृक्ष, and रोपण planting; also  
 वृक्षारोपिका f. (-का) A garden, a grove, one belonging to the residence of  
 a minister of state, a courtesan, &c. ३. वृक्ष a tree, and रोपिका or  
 रोपि an enclosure; hence also वृक्षारोपि.  
 वृक्षम m. (मः) A lizard, a chameleon. ३. वृक्ष a tree, शो to sleep, aff. ड.  
 वृक्षमयिका f. (-का) A squirrel. ३. वृक्ष, शो to sleep, मृन् aff.  
 वृक्षमय mfn. (-यः-यो-यः) What is or stays in or on a tree. ३. वृक्ष, and  
 मय who or what stays; also वृक्षमयिन्, वृक्षस्थित; &c.  
 वृक्षमय n. (-यः) The top of a tree. ३. वृक्ष, and मय top.  
 वृक्षमू m. (-मूः) The root of a tree. ३. वृक्ष, and मू, foot.  
 वृक्षमदन m. (-नः) 1. A carpenter's chisel or adze. 2. A hatchet, a  
 chopper. 3. The Indian-fig tree. 4. The Piyál tree, (Buchanania  
 latifolia) f. (-नी) 1. A parasite plant, (Epidendrum.) 2. A shrub,  
 (Hedyosarum gangeticum) ३. वृक्ष a tree, मदन eating or food.  
 वृक्षमदिक m. (-कः) Embracing. ३. वृक्षदि trees, &c., रुक्ष ascended, and  
 कन् aff. of comparison; entwining as a creeper round a tree, &c.;  
 also derived from रुक्ष with क aff., वृक्षमदिक n. (-दः) 1.  
 वृक्षम m. (-मः) The hog-plum, (Spondias mangifera.) n. (-मः) Acid  
 seasoning, or the fruit of the tamarind so used. ३. वृक्ष, मय sour.  
 वृक्षारोपक m. (कः) A planter of a tree. ३. वृक्ष, and आरोपक who plants  
 वृक्षारोपण n. (-पः) Planting trees. ३. वृक्ष, and आरोपण planting.  
 वृक्षमय m. (यः) A bird in general. ३. वृक्ष a tree, and मय abode.  
 वृक्षमय m. (यः) 1. An ascetic, one who lives in the hollows of trees. 2.  
 A bird. ३. वृक्ष a tree, मय abode. [what rises  
 वृक्षमय mfn. (-यः-यो-यः) Growing on or borne by a tree ३. वृक्ष, मय  
 वृक्षमय m. (यः) A large handsome tree, commonly Kaniyar or KAR-  
 NIKAR, (Pterospermum acerifolium.) ३. वृक्ष a tree, मय a lotus.  
 वृक्ष (रु) वृक्षी r. 7th cl. (वृक्षि) 1. To cover. 2. To quit, to abandon, to  
 shun or avoid. 3. To choose, to take.  
 वृक्ष (रु) वृक्षी r. 1st cl. (वृक्षति) r. 2nd cl. (वृक्षते) r. 7th cl. (वृक्षि) 1. To  
 choose. 2. To lose, to avoid. 3. To purify. 4. To cover. With अप,  
 To relinquish. r. 10th cl. (वृक्षयति-ते) To quit, to shun, to avoid,  
 to except, to abandon. With आ, To bend, to incline. 2. To offer.  
 With वि, 1. To avoid. 2. To be destitute of.  
 वृक्षमय mfn. (मः-मा-मः) Crooked. n. (-मः) 1. Sin. 2. Sky, atmosphere. 3. A

field cleared for pasture. m. (-मः) Hair. ३. वृक्ष to quit, &c.,  
 Una'di aff. क्त्वा.  
 वृक्षि f. (विः) A country, probably that to the west of Delhi and  
 A'gra, or the modern Bruj. ३. वृक्ष to quit, aff. क्त्वा.  
 वृक्षि mfn. (-कः-कौ-कः) Of the district of Vrij or Bruj, (as a dialect, a  
 native, &c.) ३. वृक्षि as above, and कन् added.  
 वृक्षि mfn. (-मः-मा-मः) 1. Crooked, bent, curved. 2. Wicked. n. (-मः) 1.  
 Sin, vice, wickedness. 2. Red leather. 3. Distress, affliction. m.  
 (-मः) Hair. ३. वृक्ष to cover, Una'di aff. वृक्ष, the vowel un-  
 changed.  
 वृक्ष r. 6th cl. (वृक्षति) To please, to gratify. (वृ) (वृक्ष) r. 8th cl. (वृक्षति,  
 वृक्षते) To eat, to consume.  
 वृक्ष mfn. (-वृक्ष-वृक्षी-वृक्ष) Choosing, electing, preferring, (especially  
 as a husband or wife.) ३. वृक्ष to choose, वृक्ष aff.  
 वृक्ष mfn. (-वृक्ष-वृक्षी-वृक्ष) Choosing. ३. वृक्ष to choose, वृक्ष aff.: see the last.  
 वृक्ष (वृ) वृक्ष r. 1st cl. (वृक्षति) To be, to exist, to stay, to stand, to be fixed  
 or stable. r. 4th cl. (वृक्षते) 1. To choose, to select or appoint. 2. To  
 serve. 3. To divide. r. 10th cl. (वृक्षयति-ते) 1. To shine. 2. To speak.  
 With चति prefixed, 1. To surpass or overcome. 2. To pass over or  
 beyond. 3. To transgress. With चन्, 1. To follow, to imitate. 2. To  
 proceed. With अप, To turn back or round. With आ, 1. To turn  
 round, to revolve. 2. To do repeatedly. With नि, To make artifi-  
 cially. With नि or निर, To stop, to cease, to complete or terminate.  
 With परि, 1. To surround. 2. To exchange. 3. To excel, to be pre-  
 eminent. 4. To advance. 5. To retreat or return. 6. To turn round.  
 With प्र, To engage in any active pursuit. With प्रत and नि,  
 To go away, to depart. With त्रि, 1. To roll, to whirl, to turn  
 round. 2. To revolve. With वि and नि, To return. With वि and परि,  
 To revolve, (in the mind.) With मृन् and वृक्ष, To leap.  
 वृक्ष mfn. (-वृक्ष-वृक्षी-वृक्ष) 1. Chosen, selected, preferred. 2. Agreed or  
 assented to. 3. Served. 4. Covered, screened, defended. 5. Affected  
 by. 6. Vitiating, spoiled. 7. Hired. ३. वृक्ष to prefer, and क्त्वा aff.  
 वृक्षि f. (विः) 1. Selecting, choosing, preferring, appointing. 2. Solicit-  
 ing, asking, requesting. 3. Surrounding, encompassing. 4. An  
 enclosure, a place enclosed for particular cultivation, and  
 especially that of the Piper betel, which in many parts of India is  
 surrounded and screened by mats. 5. Hiding, secreting. 6. A  
 request. ३. वृक्ष to choose, aff. क्त्वा.  
 वृक्षि mfn. (-वृक्ष-वृक्षी-वृक्ष) Surrounding, encompassing. m. (रः) A plant,  
 (Placourtia sapida, Rox.) ३. वृक्ष surrounding, क्त्वा to make, वृक्ष aff.  
 वृक्ष mfn. (-वृक्ष-वृक्षी-वृक्ष) 1. Chosen, selected, appointed. 2. Done, perform-  
 ed, engaged in or undertaken. 3. Past, gone, been. 4. Over, finish-  
 ed. 5. Dead, deceased. 6. Read, studied, read through. 7. Covered.  
 8. Round. 9. Firm, hard. 10. Unobstructed, unimpeded. 11. Fa-  
 mous, celebrated. 12. Turned. 13. Been, existed. n. (मः) 1.  
 Verse, metre. 2. Conduct, observance of enjoined practice in  
 private or social life. 3. Practice, profession, means of gaining  
 a subsistence. 4. Procedure, event, occurrence. 5. A circle, m.  
 (-मः) A tortoise. ३. वृक्ष to be, &c., aff. क्त्वा.  
 वृक्षकटो f. (-टी) The water-melon.  
 वृक्षखण्ड n. (-खण्डः) Sector or segment of a circle. ३. वृक्ष, and खण्ड part.  
 वृक्षमयि n. (मयिः) Name given to a particular kind of prose.  
 वृक्षचू Adj. Whose tonsure has been performed.  
 वृक्ष mfn. (-वृक्ष-वृक्षी-वृक्ष) Who or what knows men's actions. ३. वृक्ष, मय  
 who knows.  
 वृक्षतस Ind. In or relating to observance or duty, by caste or duty,  
 not implying agency; as वृक्षतः पापं "by or according to caste, a  
 sin." ३. तस substituted for the termination of the third case.  
 वृक्षपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) 1. The Kadamba tree, (Nuclea cadamba) 2. The  
 Shirisa tree. 3. A cane. ३. वृक्ष round, and पुत्र a flower.

**कृष्णफल** n. (-लं) Black pepper. m. (-लः) 1. The pomegranate. 2. The jujube. ३ कृष्ण round, and फल fruit.

**कृतवत्** mfn. (कृत-वत्-वत्) Discharging the duties of caste or calling, correct, well-conducted. ३ कृत and कृत्य aff.

**कृतसम्पन्न** mfn. (-न्नः-ना-न्नः) Well behaved or conducted, behaving with propriety. ३ कृत duty, and सम्पन्न perfect in. [चिनुण् aff.]

**कृतसारिन्** mfn. (दी-दिनी-दि) Worthless, mean, vile. ३ कृत, वद to go, कृत्य mfn. (-त्यः-त्यः-त्यः) Discharging the duties of caste or calling. ३ कृत established practice, and स्य who stays.

**कृताचर्यनति** f. (-तिः) Holiness, sanctity, resulting from observance of the rules of life and study of scripture. ३ कृत conduct, कृत्यन study, and चरि prosperity, increase.

**कृतानुसारीन्** mfn. (-नो-ति-नो-ति) Obedient, conforming to rule. ३ कृत, अनु according to, वरिन् abiding.

**कृतानुसार** m. (-रः) 1. Conforming to prescribed practice. 2. Conformity to metre. ३ कृत, अनुसार following.

**कृतानुसारिन्** mfn. (-नो-ति-नो-ति) Conforming to established rule or practice, doing what is enjoined or proper. ३ कृतानुसार and इति aff.

**कृतान्त** m. (-न्तः) 1. Tidings, rumour, intelligence. 2. Sort, kind, difference. 3. Mode, manner. 4. Whole. 5. Interval, rest, leisure, opportunity. 6. Topic, subject. 7. A tale, a story. 8. Event. 9. Property, nature. 10. Alone, solitary. ३ कृत observance, &c., and अन्त end.

**कृति** f. (-तिः) 1. Livelihood, profession, means of acquiring subsistence. 2. Style or character of dramatic representation, or composition, considered to be of four sorts, viz :- Kau'siki, which exhibits love or passion; Bha'rati, which appears to imply declamation especially; Sa'twati, of which the subject is virtue and heroism, and A'rbbhatti, which treats of magic, delusion, wrath and battle. 3. Style in general. 4. Gloss, comment, explanation, exposition. 5. Being, abiding, staying. 6 Seizing, stopping, withholding, restraining. 7. Circumference of a wheel or circle. 8. State, condition. 9. Behaviour, action, course of action, conduct. 10. Action, engagement, operation. 11. Respectful treatment. 12. Wages, hire. 13. Revolving, turning round. 14. A complex formation, (in gram.) 15. The connotative power of a word; (these are three, viz :- अभिधा, लक्षणा and व्यञ्जना ।) ३ कृत् to be, aff. कृत् ।

**कृतिकर्षित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Attracted by or impelled to for the sake of subsistence. ३ कृति and कर्षित attracted.

**कृतिता** f. (-ता) 1. State of existence. 2. Profession, subsistence. ३ कृति and तल aff. ; also with तल, कृतिता ।

**कृतिदान** n. (-नं) Giving maintenance, &c. ३ कृति and दान giving.

**कृतिमत्** mfn. (-मत्-मती-मत्) Abiding, stationary. ३ कृति and मत् aff.

**कृतिदेह** n. (-हः) Want of livelihood. [A lizard.]

**कृतिस्थ** Adj. 1. Being in employment. 2. Of good behaviour. m. (-स्थः)

**कृतिहेतु** f. (-तुः) Cause or means of subsistence. ३ कृति and हेतु cause.

**कृतीजस्** mfn. (-जाः-जः-जः) Mighty, irresistible. ३ कृत, बीजस् strength.

**कृत्य** mfn. (-त्यः-त्या-त्यः) 1. To be chosen, preferable, eligible. 2. Excellent, eminent. 3. To be abided or stayed. ३ कृत् to select, aff. कृप् ; or कृत्य with the same aff. and तुक् augment.

**कृत्यार्थ** Ind. For the sake of subsistence ३ कृति, कृत्य for the sake of.

**कृत्यप्रास** m. (-सः) Alliteration suited to any style or expression. ३ कृत and कृत्यप्रास alliteration.

**कृत्यप्राय** m. (-यः) Means of subsistence. ३ कृति and प्राय means.

**कृत्** m. (-वः) 1. An enemy. 2. Darkness. 3. A demon slain by INDRA. 4. A cloud. 5 A name of INDRA. 6. The name of a mountain. 7. Sound, noise. ३ कृत् to be or abide, Ucádi aff. रक् ।

**कृतद्विष** m. (-द्विषः) INDRA. ३ कृत the demon, and द्विष the enemy.

**कृतभीजन** m. (-नः) A kind of potherb, described by some as a sort of cucumber. ३ कृत INDRA, and भीजन food.

**कृतहन्** m. (-हन्) INDRA. ३ कृत demon, and हन् slayer.

**कृदारि** m. (-रिः) INDRA. ३ कृत demon, and अरि an enemy.

**कृदा** Ind. 1. Uselessly, fruitlessly. 2. Wrongly, incorrectly. 3 In vain, (in composition with nouns.) 4. Compounded with articles of food, it implies they are hot. ३ कृ to choose, &c., aff. कृत् ।

**कृदाकथा** f. (-था) Idle talk. ३ कृदा and कथा speech.

**कृदाघात** m. (-तः) Striking or killing any being unnecessarily. ३ कृदा and घात a blow. [अथा roaming.]

**कृदाया** f. (-या) Going about or travelling for pleasure. ३ कृदा and कृदादान n. (-नं) Unprofitable donation, gift to encomiasts, harlots, wrestlers, money lost at play, &c. ३ कृदा vain, and दान giving.

**कृदापशु** m. (-शुः) The slayer of an animal except for sacrifice. ३ कृदा and पशु an animal, शु who kills.

**कृदानांश** n. (-शं) Flesh not intended to be offered to the gods or manes.

**कृदालम्ब** m. (-म्बः) Cutting or plucking unnecessarily. ३ कृदा and लम्ब to get, aff. कृप् । [produced.]

**कृदोत्पन्न** mfn. (-न्नः-ना-न्नः) Born or produced in vain. ३ कृदा and उत्पन्न

**कृद** mfn. (-वः-दा-वः) 1. Old, aged, ancient. 2. Full-grown, large, expanded to the proper size. 3. Wise, learned. 4. Heaped, accumulated. 5. Increased, augmented. m. (-दः) 1. An old man, or one past seventy. 2. A sage, a saint. 3. A male descendant. f. (-दा) 1. An old woman, either one past child-bearing, or one with grey hair. 2. A female descendant n. (-दः) Benzoin, (Styrax benzoin) ३ कृद to increase or grow, aff. कृ । [a crow.]

**कृदकाल** m. (-कः) A sort of crow or raven. ३ कृद old or large, and काल

**कृदल** n. (-लं) Old age. ३ कृद old, ल aff. of the abstracts ; also कृदता ।

**कृददारक** m. (-कः) A climbing plant, (Lettsonia nervosa) ३ कृद old, and दारक tearing. [नमि the navel.]

**कृदनाभि** mfn. (-भिः-भिः or भो-भिः) Pot-bellied, corpulent. ३ कृद large, कृदपितामह m. (-हः) A paternal great greatgrandfather. f. (-ही) A paternal great greatgrandmother. ३ कृद old, प्रपितामह great-grandfather.

**कृदप्रमातामह** m. (-हः) A maternal great greatgrandfather. f. (-ही) A maternal great greatgrandmother. ३ कृद and प्रमातामह maternal great-grandfather.

**कृदभाव** m. (-वः) Old age. ३ कृद and भाव quality.

**कृदराज** m. (-जः) A kind of dock or sorrel ; see कृदवेतस् ।

**कृदवाहन** m. (-नः) The mango tree. ३ कृद large, वाहन vehicle or stem.

**कृदविभोतक** m. (-कः) Hog-plum, (Spondias mangifera.) "आम्रं कृदः" ३ कृद old or large, विभोतक myrobalan.

**कृदश्रवस्** m. (-वः) INDRA. ३ कृद aged, and श्रवस् hearing ; who listens to the old or wise ; or कृद large, and श्रवस् the ear.

**कृदसंघ** m. (-घः) An assembly of old men, a council or meeting of elders. ३ कृद an elder, and संघ assemblage. [aff. कृत्.]

**कृदसूतक** n. (-कः) Flocculent seeds flying in the air. ३ कृद old, सूत thread,

**कृदसेवा** f. (-वा) Reverence for old age. ३ कृद, and सेवा service.

**कृदाङ्गुलि** f. (-लिः) The thumb. ३ कृद large, and अङ्गुलि a finger.

**कृदाङ्गुष्ठ** m. (-ष्ठः) 1 The thumb. 2. The great toe.

**कृदाचार** m. (-रः) Ancient custom.

**कृदारण्य** m. (-र्यः) A place where the Purán's, and other sacred works are read and expounded. ३ कृद a Pandit, a scholar, अरण्य a forest.

**कृदावस्था** f. (-स्था) The condition or period of old age. ३ कृद कृदावस्था state.

**कृदाचरन्** m. (-नः) Roaming, travelling, wandering about. ३ कृद, and चरन् order or state of life.

**कृदि** f. (-दिः) 1. Increase, augmentation in general, as in bulk, consequence, wealth, &c. 2. The third of the three conditions or objects of regal power, extension of power or revenue, or any indication of progression. 3. Rise, ascending, mounting. 4. Prosperity, success, 5. One of the eight principal drugs or medical roots, described as mild and cooling, sweet and bitter, &c., as a remedy for phlegm, leprosy and worms. 6. The eleventh of the astronomical

Yo'gas, or Yoga star of the 11th lunar mansion. 7. A particular period or division of time. 8. The increase of the digits of the sun or moon. 9. Enlargement of the scrotum, either from swelled testicle or hydrocele or other morbid affections. 10 Interest, usury, especially returning the principal, (as in the case of seed corn lent,) with a proportionate increment. 11. Happiness, pleasure. 12. A heap, a quantity, assemblage, multitude. 13. Wealth, property. 14. Cutting off, abscission. 15. (In law,) Forfeiture, deduction. 16. Profit, gain. 17. The lengthening of a vowel, the substitution of वा, ऐ, औ, चार् and चार् for च, इ, उ, ए and वृ (short or long; in gram.) इ. द्वृ to increase, aff. द्वि, or द्वि or द्वि ।

द्विचर mfn. (-र-र-र) Yielding or causing increase, &c.

द्विका f. (-का) A sort of drug: see द्वि. इ. कृ added to द्वि ।

द्विकीर्ति f. (-की) The profession of usury. इ. द्वि, जोरिका livelihood.

द्विपत्र n. (-त्र) A kind of razor or lancet. इ. द्वि, and पत्र blade.

द्विवत् mfn. (-वा-वती वत्) 1. Augmented, increased. 2. Rich. 3. Prosperous. इ. द्वि, and वत् aff.

द्विवाह n. (-ह) A S'ha'd'dha or sacrifice to progenitors on any prosperous occasion, as the birth of a son, &c. इ. द्वि, and वाह ceremony so termed.

द्वीच m. (-च) An old bull. इ. द्वि old, and च a bull or ox.

द्विजीव m. (-व) A usurer. इ. द्वि usury, and जीव who lives.

द्वृ (द्व) द्वृ r. 1st cl. (द्वर्त्ते) 1. To increase or grow. 2. The continue, to last. 3. To become joyful, to have cause for congratulation. r. 10th cl. (द्वर्त्तते) 1. To shine. 2. To speak.

द्वसान m. (-स) A man. इ. द्वृ to grow, &c. aff. वसान । [वसान aff.]

द्वसानु m. (-नु) 1. A man. 2. A leaf. 3. Act, action. इ. द्वृ to increase,

द्वम. (-म) Bubo in the groin. [aff. वम् ।]

द्वम mfn. (-म-म-म) To be increased or augmented. इ. द्वृ to grow,

द्वन n. (-न) 1. The footstalk of a leaf or fruit. 2. The nipple. 3. The stand of a water-jar. इ. द्वृ to choose, न aff., and नु augment.

द्वनक mf. (-क-की) The egg-plant, (Solanum melongena.) इ. द्वन foot-stalk, क् to go, aff. वक् ।

द्वलिता f. (-ता) A medicinal plant, (Wrightea antidysenterica.) इ. द्वन a stalk, लित् aff.

द्वद mfn. (-द-द-द) All, many. n. (-द) A heap, a multitude, a quantity, an aggregation. f. (-द) Holy basil, (Ocimum sanctum.) इ. द्वृ to please, or द्वन to be, &c., aff. दन्, form irr.

द्वदार mfn. (-द-द-द) 1. Beautiful, handsome, pleasing. 2. Eminent, reputable. इ. द्वद a quantity, and दारक aff., implying pre-eminence.

द्वदारक mfn. (-क-का-क) 1. Handsome, agreeable, pleasing. 2. Best, excellent, ch. ef. 3. Much, great. 4. Reputable, respectable, eminent. m. (-क) 1. A deity, an immortal. 2. A chief, the head or leader of a crowd or herd, &c., (at the end of a compound.) इ. द्वद a heap, and दारकन् aff., implying pre-eminence.

द्वदिष्ट mfn. (-द-द-द) Very beautiful or charming, very excellent or elevated, very reputable or venerable. इ. द्वदारक chief, excellent,

द्वद substituted, and ददन् aff. of the irr. super. ; also with द्वदन् the same, द्वदीवस् ।

द्वदीवस् mfn. (-वा-वसी-व) Very eminent or excellent. इ. See the last.

द्वृ r. 4th cl. (द्वर्त्तते) To choose, to prefer, to select.

द्वम. (-म) 1. A rat. 2. A flower, (Justicia ganderussa.) f. (-मा) A drug. n. (-म) Ginger. इ. द्वृ to choose, व् Unadi aff. : see द्वृ ।

द्विच m. (-च) 1. A scorpion. 2. The sign Scorpio of the zodiac. 3. A hairy caterpillar. 4. A crab. 5. A sort of beetle found in cow-dung. 6. A centipede. 7. A thorny shrub, (Vangueria spinosa.) 8. The month when the sun is in Scorpio. f. (-का) A potherb. (Basella.) इ. द्वृ to cut, Unadi aff. द्विचन्, and the semi-vowel changed to the vowel. [scorpion, द्विच fond of.]

द्विचमिवा f. (-वा) A potherb, (Basella rubra and lucida.) इ. द्विच a

द्विचमिवा f. (-की) 1. A line of scorpions. 2. A shrub, (Tragia involucrata.) इ. द्विच a scorpion, and चमिवा a line.

द्वृ (द्व) द्वृ r. 1st cl. (द्वर्त्तते) 1. To sprinkle. 2. To rain. 3. To hurt or kill. 4. To weary. 5. To give. 6. To be capable of generating. 7. To have supreme power. With चमि, 1. To shower. 2. To bestow. With च, To rain. r. 10th cl. (द्वर्त्तते) 1. To conceive, to be impregnated. 2. To possess supreme or super-natural power. 3. To be powerful.

द्वृ m. (-व) 1. A bull. 2. The sign Taurus of the zodiac. 3. Virtue, moral merit. 4. Virtue personified, as a bull or the bull of S'IVA. 5. A man of a lecherous disposition, one of the four descriptions into which men are divided in erotic works. 6. A rat. 7. A drug, commonly Rishabha. 8. A plant, (Justicia ganderussa.) 9. (In composition,) Excellent, pre eminent. 10. A name of KARN'A. 11. VISHN'U. 12. An enemy, an adversary. 13. Particular ground, judged proper for the foundation of a house. 14. Love or KA'MA. 15. A strong or athletic man. n. (-व) A peacock's plumage or tail. f. (-वा) 1. A plant, (Salvinia cucullata.) 2. Cowach, (Carpopogon pruriens.) f. (-वी) The seat of the religious student or one used by ascetics, formed of Kusa grass. इ. द्वृ to sprinkle, aff. व् or वक् ।

द्वृचमिवा f. (-वी) A plant. "द्वृचमिवा वृतावा ।"

द्वृचम. (-च) The scrotum, the bag which contains the testicles. इ. द्वृ to sprinkle, (seminal fluid,) aff. व् or वक् ।

द्वृचमन्त्र f. (-न्त्र) Ulceration of the scrotum. इ. द्वृच and मन्त्र a root.

द्वृचम m. (-म) The horse of INDRA. इ. द्वृच INDRA, and च the horse.

द्वृचमन्त्र n. (-न्त्र) The horse, &c. of INDRA. इ. द्वृच INDRA, and च wealth.

द्वृचमन्त्र m. (-म) A cat. इ. द्वृच a rat, and च devourer.

द्वृचमन्त्र m. (-म) 1. S'IVA. 2. GAN'ES'HA. 3. A virtuous man. इ. द्वृच a bull, a rat, or virtue, and चज emblem.

द्वृचम m. (-म) 1. INDRA, as god of the firmament. 2. KARN'A, the hero. 3. Pain, sorrow. 4. Insensibility from extreme pain. 5. A bull. 6. A horse. 7. The sign Taurus of the zodiac. इ. द्वृच to sprinkle, Unadi aff. कनिन् ।

द्वृचमन्त्र m. (-म) A medicinal plant, commonly Viranga, (Embelia ribes.) इ. द्वृच a bull, मन्त्र destroying. [lord.]

द्वृचमिवा m. (-वा) 1. S'IVA. 2. A bull set at liberty. इ. द्वृच a bull, and चमि

द्वृचमिवा f. (-वी) A plant, (Salvinia cucullata.) इ. द्वृच a rat, चमि a leaf ; fem. aff. वीव् ।

द्वृचमन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) 1. S'IVA. 2. Name of a demon. 3. A wasp. 4. A sort of grass, (Scripus kysoor.) इ. द्वृच a bull, &c., चमि a joint.

द्वृचम. (-म) 1. A bull. 2. (In composition,) Pre-eminent, excellent. 3. The orifice of the ear. 4. An elephant's ear. 5. A drug; also Rishabha, described as a root resembling the horn of a bull, brought from the Himálaya mountains, of cooling and tonic properties, and serviceable in catarrh and consumption. 6. The first of the Jaina pontiffs of the present era. 7. Any male animal. f. (-वी) 1. A widow. 2. Cowach. इ. द्वृच to sprinkle, Unadi aff. वक् ।

द्वृचमन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) S'IVA. इ. द्वृच a bull, and चमि going.

द्वृचमन्त्र m. (-म) S'IVA. इ. द्वृच a bull, and चज emblem.

द्वृचमन्त्र f. (-वा) The capital of INDRA, and the immortals. इ. द्वृच the bull of S'IVA, चमि splendour, and च added.

द्वृचम. (-म) An asylum, a place of refuge or shelter. इ. द्वृच to screen, Unadi aff. वक्, and च्च augment.

द्वृचम. (-म) 1. A horse. 2. A S'udra, or man of the servile tribe. 3. The sovereign CHANDRAGUPTA. 4. Garlic. 5. A sinner, a reprobate, a wicked or unrighteous man. f. (-वी) 1. A girl twelve years old, in whom menstruation has commenced, and who is unmarried. 2. A barren woman. 3. A woman during menstruation. 4. The mother of a still-born child. 5. A woman of a low caste. इ. द्वृच

bull, or virtue, &c., and ल to take, aff. क ; or डृ to sprinkle, कलङ्  
Una'di aff.

उपलक्ष्य m. (कः) A contemptible S'udra.

उपलक्ष्य n. (लः) The condition or state of a S'udra, &c. ल added to उपल.

उपलक्ष्य m. (जः) The son of a reprobate. &c. उपल a wicked man, आलक्ष्य  
son. [quentering.

उपलक्ष्य n. (नः) Intercourse with a S'udra female. &c. उपल, सेवन fre-

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) A rat. &c. उपल a bull, and लक्ष्म the eye.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) S'iva. &c. उपल a bull, and लक्ष्म vehicle.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) KRISHN'A. &c. उपल KARN'A, and लक्ष्म the enemy.

उपलक्ष्य f. (नः) A wasp.

उपलक्ष्य f. (नः) 1. A lascivious woman. 2. A cow in heat. &c. उपल a man  
of a particular class, or a bull, forming with the increments लक्ष्म,  
and कलङ् a nominal verb, implying desire of such a man, &c.,  
participial aff. of the present tense लक्ष्म, fem. aff. लक्ष्म.

उपलक्ष्य f. (नः) 1. The goddess LAKSHMI. 2. GAURI. 3. SWA'HA, the  
wife of AGNI. 4. S'ACHI, the wife of INDRA. 5. A shrub, (Asparagus  
racemosus.) 6. A plant, (Celtis orientalis.) &c. उपलक्ष्य VISHN'U, &c.,  
लक्ष्म aff., and आलक्ष्य augment.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) 1. KRISHN'A or VISHN'U. 2. S'iva. 3. AGNI, or fire.  
4. INDRA. &c. उपल virtue, लक्ष्म not, कलङ् to shake or agitate, &c. aff., and  
the radical augment rejected; or उपल INDRA, कलङ् untroubled,  
as before; or उपल virtue, or उपल INDRA, and कलङ् an ape, being the  
ape as it were of the greater gods; other etymologies occur.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) 1. S'iva. 2. A pious man. 3. Marking-nut plant. 4.  
An eunuch, one employed in the zenana. &c. उपल the bull of the  
deity, or virtue, and लक्ष्म mark.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) A very small drum, held in one hand, and played by  
means of a string attached to it. &c. उपलक्ष्य S'iva, लक्ष्म born, made.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) S'iva. &c. उपल a bull, and लक्ष्म going.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) A form of S'iva. &c. उपल a bull, लक्ष्म to be, and लक्ष्म aff.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) VISHN'U. &c. उपल virtue, लक्ष्म end, and लक्ष्म aff.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) 1. A sparrow. 2. An epithet of S'iva.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) A cat. &c. उपल a rat, and लक्ष्म food.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) A peacock. &c. उपल his plumage, and लक्ष्म aff.

उपलक्ष्य f. (नः) The seat or cushion of an ascetic; also लक्ष्म. &c.  
उपल, लक्ष्म or लक्ष्म aff.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) Setting a bull at liberty on occasion of a sacrifice or  
obsequial oblation. &c. उपल, and लक्ष्म letting loose.

उपलक्ष्य f. (नः) 1. Rained. 2. Showering, pouring down. [लक्ष्म ।

उपलक्ष्य f. (नः) 1. Rain. 2. A shower in general. &c. उपल to sprinkle, aff.

उपलक्ष्य mfn. (नः) Raining, sprinkling. &c. उपल, कलङ् what makes.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) The rainy season. &c. उपल, कलङ् time. [form.

उपलक्ष्य f. (नः) Guzeratty cardamoms. &c. उपल rain, लक्ष्म destructive, fem.

उपलक्ष्य mfn. (नः) Nourished or watered by rain, (as a country.)  
&c. उपल rain, लक्ष्म living.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) A frog. &c. उपल rain, and लक्ष्म being, or being born.

उपलक्ष्य mfn. (नः) Rainy, full of rain. m. (नः) A cloud. &c.  
उपल, and लक्ष्म aff.

उपलक्ष्य mfn. (नः) 1. Heretical, heterodox. 2. Angry, passionate.  
m. (नः) 1. A ram. 2. One of the descendants of YADU. 3.  
VISHN'U or KRISHN'A. 4. A heretic, a sectary. 5. A ray of light.  
6. INDRA. 7. AGNI. 8. Air or wind. &c. उपल to sprinkle, Una'di aff.  
नि, and the vowel unchanged.

उपलक्ष्य mfn. (नः) 1. Errhine, aphrodisiac, provocative, (food or  
medicine) 2. Provocative of sexual vigour. 3. To be sprinkled or  
sprinkled m. (नः) Kidney-bean, (Phaseolus radiatus.) f. (नः)

A drug, commonly Rid'dhi &c. उपल to sprinkle, aff. कलङ् ।

उपलक्ष्य (नः) A potherb, (Convolvulus argenteus)

उपलक्ष्य 1st cl. (नः) also (नः) उपल (नः) 1. To grow or increase. 2. (In

the second form only.) To roar, as a wild beast. (नः) To grow,  
&c. r. 1st and 10th cls. (नः) 1. To speak. 2. To  
shine. (नः) उपल r. 6th cl. (नः) To make any effort or exertion.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) A citron.

उपलक्ष्य mfn. (नः) Large-bodied, gigantic. &c. उपल and लक्ष्म body.  
उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) A prawn. &c. उपल great, and लक्ष्म scale.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) A great or illustrious man. &c. उपल, and लक्ष्म a person.

उपलक्ष्य f. (नः) A large drum &c. उपल large, लक्ष्म a drum.

उपलक्ष्य mfn. (नः) 1. Great, large. 2. Great, much. f. (नः) 1.  
A small kind of egg plant, (Solanum melongena.) 2. A kind of  
prickly nightshade, (Solanum hirsutum.) 3. A large lute. 4. A  
form of metre, the stanza of which consists of thirty-six syllables.  
5. A mantle, a wrapper. 6. A reservoir, a place containing water.  
7. Speech. &c. उपल to grow or increase, Una'di aff. लक्ष्म, with the  
effect of the participial aff. लक्ष्म ।

उपलक्ष्य f. (नः) 1. An upper garment, a mantle, a wrapper. 2. A small  
sort of egg-plant. &c. उपल as above, लक्ष्म added, fem. form.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) VRIHASPATI, the preceptor of the gods. &c. उपल  
speech, eloquence, and लक्ष्म lord.

उपलक्ष्य mfn. (नः) Large, great. &c. उपल the same, and लक्ष्म added.  
उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) A bulbous root, considered in some place as a large  
kind of onion, in others as a sort of garlic. &c. उपल large, लक्ष्म a  
root. "उपलक्ष्म ।" [body.

उपलक्ष्य mfn. (नः) Large-bodied, bulky, gigantic. &c. उपल, लक्ष्म  
उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) A shrub, (Cassia purpurea, or a large variety of  
it.) "उपलक्ष्म ।" &c. उपल large, and लक्ष्म the same.

उपलक्ष्य n. (नः) A large kind of the grass Kása, (Saccharum spo-  
taneum.) "उपलक्ष्म ।" &c. उपल large, लक्ष्म the grass.

उपलक्ष्य mfn. (नः) Corpulent, large or pot-bellied. &c. उपल,  
लक्ष्म the belly.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) The bamboo. &c. उपल large, and लक्ष्म grass.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) A plant, (Echites scholaris.) "उपलक्ष्म ।" &c. उपल, लक्ष्म  
skin or bark. [the Bignonia.

उपलक्ष्य f. (नः) Thorn-apple, (Dhutura metel.) &c. उपल large, लक्ष्म

उपलक्ष्य mfn. (नः) Large-footed, m. (नः) The Indian-fig tree. &c.  
उपल, लक्ष्म foot or root.

उपलक्ष्य mfn. (नः) Having large flowers. f. (नः) Crotonia of  
various species. &c. उपल large, and लक्ष्म a flower.

उपलक्ष्य mfn. (नः) 1. Large-bodied, bulky. 2. Large-limbed. 3.  
Having many parts. m. (नः) A large elephant, such a one as is  
usually the leader of a wild herd. &c. उपल large, and लक्ष्म body.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) A fruit tree, (Averrhoa carambola.) "उपलक्ष्म ।" &c. उपल,  
लक्ष्म much, and लक्ष्म sour.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) An evil spirit, a goblin. &c. उपल large, लक्ष्म blood,  
लक्ष्म inclination.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) A country, described as lying behind the Vindhya  
mountains, near the province of Malwa, and perhaps comprising  
Bundelkhand, or the adjoining district. &c. उपल large, लक्ष्म a house;  
also उपलक्ष्म from लक्ष्म a cave, the country being mountainous, and  
the people probably having been Troglodytes or dwellers in caves.

उपलक्ष्य n. (नः) A water-melon. "उपलक्ष्म ।" &c. उपल, लक्ष्म a ball.

उपलक्ष्य f. (नः) Radiance, splendour, a great light. &c. उपल, लक्ष्म  
light. [plough.

उपलक्ष्य n. (नः) The furrow made by a plough. &c. उपल large, लक्ष्म  
उपलक्ष्य f. (नः) A name of DURGA. &c. उपल, लक्ष्म princess.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) AGNI or fire. &c. उपल large, लक्ष्म many, लक्ष्म a ray of light.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) 1. INDRA. 2. A sacrificial vessel. 3. A particular Man-  
tra. 4. A division of the Sama Veda. f. (नः) The name of a river.

उपलक्ष्य f. (नः) A small owl. &c. उपल large, लक्ष्म much, लक्ष्म cry, लक्ष्म aff.

उपलक्ष्य m. (नः) A grain, generally eaten by the natives of India,



(*Andropogon sorghum*.) “दिधान.” **व.** **वृहत्** much, and वात wind, supposed to generate this humour.

**वृहीज** mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Having much or large seed. **m.** (-जः) The hog-plum, (*Spondias mangifera*.) “आजातके.” **व.** **वृहत्** large, बीज seed.

**वृहत्** m. (-वः) A large sort of reed, (*Arundo gigantos*.) **f.** (-वः) The name assumed by ARJUNA when residing at the palace of VĪRAṬA. **3.** The arm. **व.** **वृहत्** large, नल a reed. [place.]

**वृहत्विश्व** mfn. (-वः-व्या-वः) Large, bulky, protuberant. **व.** **वृहत्** and निवेश

**वृहत्सति** m (-तिः) 1. The regent of the planet JUPITER, identified astronomically with the planet: in Mythology, he is the son of AṅGIRAS, and preceptor of the gods. 2. The name of a saint and law-giver. **व.** **वृहत्** great, illustrious, (as the deities,) and पति master or Guru, सुट् augment, and the final of the first member rejected; it also occasionally occurs **वृहत्सपति**; or **वृहत्ता**: वाचः पतिः प्रबो० नि० ।

**वृहत्सचक्र** n. (-क्रः) The cycle of 60 years. **व.** **वृहत्सति**, and चक्र a cycle.

**वृ** r. 9th cl. (**वृषति**) 1. To choose. 2. To support or nourish, (in this sense it is more usually written with the labial initial.) (**वृ**) **वृज्** r. 9th cl. (**वृषति**, **वृषीते**) 1. To choose, to elect or select. 2. To cover, to screen.

**वे** r. 1st cl. (**वयति वयते**) To weave. Caus. (**वाययति-ने**) 1. To sow. 2. To make, to compose. With प्र, 1. To set, to fix. 2. To tie, to fasten.

**वेकट** m. (-टः) 1. A youth, an adolescent. 2. A sort of fish, (perhaps the common Bhetki.) 3. A jeweller. 4. An actor, a buffoon.

**वेग** m. (-गः) 1. Speed, dispatch, velocity. 2. Impetus, momentum. 3. Stream, current. 4. Sudden impulse, transition of mind, as from passion to apathy, &c. 5. Determination, promptitude, energy, that effect of mind which is considered as the source of action. 6. Pleasure, delight. 7. Love, the sentiment or passion. 8. External indication of any internal effect, proceeding from passion, medicine, poison, &c, as convulsion, horripilation, sweat, &c. 9. Expulsion or evacuation of the natural excretions. 10. Semen virile. 11. The flight of an arrow. 12. The fruit of a kind of mango. **व.** विज् to tremble, &c., aff. चञ् ।

**वेगत्** Ind. Quickly, speedily. **व.** वेग, and तसि aff.

**वेगनाशन** m. (-नः) Phlegm, the phlegmatic humour. **व.** वेग activity or speed, and नाशन injuring, inducing corpulency.

**वेगरीष** m. (-षः) 1. Check, remora. 2. Obstruction of the natural excretions. **व.** वेग, and रीष hindrance.

**वेगवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Quick, expeditious. 2. Agitated. **व.** वेग, and वत् aff.

**वेगवत्तर** mfn. (-रः-र-रं) Very quick. **f.** (-री) A species of metre, having nine syllables for the first and third pa'das, and eleven for the second and fourth. **व.** वेगवत्, and तरप् aff.

**वेगवत्तम** mfn. (-तः-मा-तं) Very quick or swift. **व.** वेगवत्, and तमप् aff.

**वेगविधारण** n. (-णः) 1. Stopping, retarding. 2. Constipation, &c. **व.** वेग, and विधारण withholding.

**वेगसर** m. (-रः) A mule. **व.** वेग speed, सर what goes.

**वेगाघात** m. (-तः) 1. Stop, check. 2. Obstruction of the natural excretions. **व.** वेग, and आघात resistance.

**वेगानिल** m. (-नः) 1. Breeze caused by velocity. 2. Violent gust. [aff.]

**वेगित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Quickened, expedited. **व.** बीज् to go, causal v., न

**वेगिता** f. (-ता) Speed, quickness. **व.** तन् added to the next; also वेगित् ।

**वेगित्** mfn. (-नी-गिनी-ति) Swift, fleet, rapid. **m.** (-नी) 1. A courier, an express. 2. A hawk. **f.** (-गिनी) A river. **व.** वेग, इति aff. [affs.]

**वेण** f. (-वा) Hire, wages. **व.** विच् to distinguish, aff. चञ्, or चङ् and टाप्

**वेणारी** f. (-नी) A medicinal plant, (*Serratula anthelmintica*.) “मोमराज्याम्”

**वेण** f. (-ट) The abode of the Vais'ya tribe.

**वेण** f. (-वा) A boat. **व.** विच् to curse, aff. चञ्, and टाप् added.

**वेच्** (च) **वेच्** r. 1st cl. (**वेचति-ते**) 1. To go, to move. 2. To know. 3. To reflect or remember. 4. To discern. 5. To hold or take a musical

instrument. 6. To play on an instrument. 7. To take. The root is also read वेन ।

**वेच** m. (-चः) A musician, one by birth the son of a woman of the Ambash'tha and man of the Vaideha caste. **व.** वेच् to play on a musical instrument, aff. चञ् ।

**वेचि** f. (-चिः-ची) Unornamented and braided hair; the hair as worn especially by widows and women whose husbands are absent, when it is simply collected from the forehead and temples as well as the back of the head, and twisted together into a single braid, which is when suffered to fall like a tail down the back, no sort of ornament being worn on the head; the term is also applied generally to any braid of hair, or to a braid of the long hair, of which many are made, and the whole are then twisted together, and worn as a sort of rose or flower at the back of the head. **f.** (-चिः) 1. Assemblage of water, as the conflux of rivers, &c, in that case it rather implies their parallel course, ending in a common point of union; as at Alla'ha'ba'd, where the Ganga', Yamuna', and as is supposed, the Saraswati', all coming from the north, unite; this and other similar places, thence receive the name of Trive'ni'. 2. Weaving. **f.** (-ची) 1. Stream, current. 2. A ewe. 3. A sort of grass, (*Andropogon serratum*.) **व.** बी to go, Una'di aff. नि, and in some cases स्त्रीप् added; or वेच-वन् ।

**वेचिका** f. (-का) Braided hair. **व.** वेची as above, कन् fem. form, added.

**वेचिवेचनी** f. (-नी) A leech.

**वेचीर** m. (-रः) The soap berry, (*Sapindus detergens*) **व.** वेच-वरन् aff.

**वेणु** m. (-णुः) 1. A bamboo. 2. A flute. 3. A king so named. **व.** बी substituted for चञ् to go, aff. नु, or वन् to sound, क् aff.; or वेण्-उण् ।

**वेणुक** n. (-कः) A pike used for driving an elephant. **व.** वेणु a bamboo, and कन् aff.; having a bamboo shaft or handle.

**वेणुकर्कर** m. (-रः) A thorny plant, commonly Karir or Karabira. **व.** वेणु a bamboo, कर्कर hard. [aff. क ।

**वेणुग्र** m. (-ग्रः) A player on a fife or flute. **व.** वेणु a bamboo, ग्रा to blow, वेणुनिज्ति m (-तिः) The sugar-cane. **व.** वेणु a bamboo, निज्ति oozing.

**वेणुपद्म** f. (-पद्मः) A plant, one synonyme of which, Hingupatri, appears to relate to the Asafoetida or some similar plant, whilst the corresponding compound Ba'nsaptra both in Hindi and Bengali, is applied to a species of Amaranthus, (*A. lanceifolius*, Rox., or *A. micro-purpureus*, Rox.) **व.** वेणु a bamboo, and पद्म a leaf, fem. **व.** वेणु, having long slender leaves, like those of the bamboo.

**वेणुवाद** m. (-दः) A player on a flute. **व.** वेणु a flute, &c. वाद who sounds.

**वेतन** n. (-नः) 1. Hire, wages. 2. Livelihood, subsistence. 2. Silver. **व.** बी to go, तन्न् Una'di aff.

**वेतनदान** n. (-नः) Hiring, paying wages. **व.** वेतन and दान giving.

**वेतनादान** n. (-नः) Non-payment of wages. **व.** वेतन and दान not giving.

**वेतस** mf. (-सः-सी) 1. The ratan, (*Calamus rotang*.) 2. The citron. **व.** वेच् to sew or weave, Una'di aff. चञ्च, तुक् augment.

**वेतसपत्र** n. (-पत्रः) 1. The leaf of the ratan. 2. A lancet. **व.** वेतस, पत्र a leaf.

**वेतसत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Reedy, abounding in reeds or canes, (a place or soil, &c.) **व.** वेतस a cane, वत् aff.

**वेताल** m. (-तः) 1. A spirit, a goblin, especially one haunting cemeteries and animating dead bodies. 2. A door-keeper. **व.** व in the seventh case वे in air, and ताल habitation, fixation, from तच् to fix, aff. चञ् ।

**वेत्** mfn. (-ता-वी-वृ) 1. Knowing, understanding, acquainted with. 2. Who obtains or acquires. **m.** (-वत्) 1. A sago, one who knows the nature of the soul and God. 2. A husband, an espouser. **व.** विद् to know, टच् aff. [to go, Una'di aff. चञ् ।

**वेत** m. (-तः) A reed, a cane, the ratan. **n.** (-वः) A stick, a staff. **व.** वि

**वेतकीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Abounding with reeds or canes. **व.** वेत a cane, क् aff., and कृक् augment.

**वेदधर** m. (-रः) 1. A door-keeper, a warder. 2. A staff bearer, a mace-bearer. **वेद** a staff, and **धर** having.

**वेदधारक** m. (-कः) 1. A door keeper, a warder, a porter. 2. A mace-bearer. **वेद** a stick, and **धारक** having.

**वेदवती** f. (-ती) The Retwa river, which rises in the province of Malwa, and following a north-easterly direction for about 340 miles, falls into the Jumna below Calpi. **वेद** a ratan, and **वती** aff.

**वेदासन** n. (-नं) 1. A small cot or oblong low couch of basket work ; when furnished with bamboo sticks and a pole, it forms the common Duli or litter. 2. A cane-seat. **वेद** a cane, **आसन** a seat.

**वेदिन्** m. (-दी) A porter, a door-keeper. **वेद** a stick, and **दि** aff.

**वेद्** (वेद्) **वेद्** r. 1st cl. (वेद्यते) To ask or beg.

**वेद** m. (-द) 1. A Vēda, the generic term for the sacred writings or scripture of the Hindus ; supposed to have been revealed by BRAHMA', and after being preserved by tradition for a considerable period, to have been arranged in the present form by VYA'SA; the principle Vēdas are three in number, the RICH, YAJUS, and SA'MA, to which a fourth, the ATHARVA, is usually added, and the ITIHA'SA and PURA'NAS, or ancient history and mythology, are sometimes considered as a fifth. The Vēdas are regarded as a direct revelation from the deity and are called S'hṛuti, (what is heard,) to distinguish them from Smṛiti' or sacred lore of human origin ; the several sages to whom verses or hymns of the Vēdas are ascribed are regarded as seers. (ऋषयः) and not as composers, (कविः) 2. Metre. 3. Gloss, comment, explanation. 4. Knowledge. 5. VISHN'U. **वेद** to know, duty and religion from it, aff. चञ्. 1

**वेदकौल्यक** m. (-कः) S'IVA. **वेद** the Vēdas, and **कुल** race, **उक्** aff.

**वेदगर्भ** m. (-र्भः) 1. BRAHMA'. 2. A Brāhman. **वेद** the Vēdas, and **गर्भ** embryo or womb, figuratively for origin.

**वेदगुप्ति** f. (-गुप्तिः) The preservation of the Vēdas by the Brāhmanical tribe. **वेद** a Vēda, and **गुप्ति** concealment.

**वेदज्ञ** m. (-ज्ञः) A Brāhman skilled in the Vēdas. **वेद**, **ज्ञ** who knows.

**वेदस्य** m. (-स्यः) An elephant. [and **तस्य** truth.

**वेदतत्त्व** n. (-त्त्वः) The true doctrine or substance of the Vēdas. **वेद**

**वेदत्रय** nf. (-यं) The three first Vēdas. **वेद** and **त्रय** triad.

**वेदन** nf. (-नं) 1. Sensation, perception, knowledge conveyed by the senses. 2. Pain, smart, agony. 3. Knowledge. 4. The ceremony of holding the ends of a mantle, to be observed by a S'udra female, on her marriage with a man of either of the first three classes. 5. Presenting, delivering. 6. Acquisition, wealth. f. (-नी) The true skin or cutis. **वेद** to know, &c., **जुट्** aff.

**वेदनाद** m. (-दः) Sound of chanting or repeating the Vēdas. **वेद**, and **नाद** sound.

**वेदनिन्दक** m. (-कः) 1. An atheist, a disbeliever. 2. A Jaina or Baud'dha, or any seceder from the belief of the divine origin and character of the Vēdas. **वेद** scripture, **निन्दक** defaming, disrespecting.

**वेदनिन्दा** f. (-न्दा) Reviling the Vēdas, heresy. **वेद**, **निन्दा** blame.

**वेदनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be known or perceived. 2. To be, or to be made known. **वेद** to know, **चनीयर्** aff. [crosses.

**वेदपारग** m. (-गः) A Brāhman skilled in the Vēdas. **वेद**, **पारग** who

**वेदपुख** n. (-ख) The sanctity of the Vēdas. **वेद**, and **पुख** holiness.

**वेदमातृ** f. (-मातृ) The mystical prayer or Gāyatri', personified as the mother or source of the Vēdas. **वेद**, and **मातृ** mother.

**वेदसुख्य** f. (-सुख्य) A sort of insect, the winged-bug. [य aff.

**वेदय** mfn. (यः-या-यं) Who or what knows or obtains. **वेद** to know,

**वेदरक्षक** n. (-कः) The conservation of the Vēdas, as a duty of the Brāhmanical order. **वेद** a Vēda, and **रक्षक** preserving.

**वेदवचन** n. (-नं) A text of the Vēda. **वेद**, and **वचन** dictum.

**वेदवाक्य** n. (-वाक्य) Text of the Vēda. **वेद**, and **वाक्य** sentence.

**वेदवाच** m. (-चः) A Brāhman. **वेद** a Vēda, and **वाच** above.

**वेदविद्** m. (-विद् or विन्) A Brāhman versed in the Vēdas. **वेद** the Vēdas, **विद्** to know, **विप्** aff. [learned man.

**वेदविद्वत्** m. (-वान्) A Brāhman learned in the Vēdas. **वेद**, **विद्वत्**

**वेदविहित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Taught or declared in the Vēdas, scriptural. **वेद** and **विहित** said.

**वेदवत्** n. (-त्) The doctrine of the Vēdas. **वेद**, and **वत्** done.

**वेदव्यास** m. (-सः) The Muni VYA'SA. **वेद** the Vēdas, **वि** and **व्यास** severally, before **वत्** to throw or place, aff. चञ्, the compiler and arranger of the Vēdas ; he first collected and arranged the Hindu scriptures into the four parts, in which they at present exist.

**वेदव्यञ्ज** m. (-ञ्जः) A word or term in the Vēdas. **वेद**, and **व्यञ्ज** a sound.

**वेदव्यास** n. (-सः) The Vēdas or any part of them. **वेद**, and **व्यास** an inspired writing, a scripture. [संहिता a compendium.

**वेदसंहिता** f. (-ता) A collection of the formulæ of the Vēdas. **वेद**, and **वेदस** m. (-सः) The Vēdas collectively. **वेद** to know, **चसुन्** aff.

**वेदसन्नास** m. (-सः) Discontinuing the ritual of the Vēdas. **वेद**, and **सन्नास** relinquishing.

**वेदसन्नासिक** m. (-कः) The religious ascetic or member of the fourth order, who discontinues the ritual of the Vēdas. **वेद**, **सन्नास**, and **उक्** aff. ; also with **दि**, **वेदसन्नासिन्** । [concurrent.

**वेदसम्मत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Conformable to the Vēdas. **वेद**, and **सम्मत**

**वेदाङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) A sacred science, considered as subordinate to, and in some sense, a part of the Vēdas : six sciences come under this denomination ; S'IKSHA', or the science of pronunciation and articulation ; KALPA, the detail of religious ceremonies ; VYA'KARAN'A, or grammar ; CH'HANDAS, prosody ; JYOTISH, or astronomy ; and N'IRUKTI', or the explanation of the difficult or obscure words and phrases that occur in the Vēdas. **वेद** the Vēdas, **अङ्ग** a member.

**वेदादिबर्ण** n. (-र्णः) The mystical name of God. **वेद** the Vēdas, **वादि** first, and **वर्ण** letter. [over or through.

**वेदाधिगम** m. (-गमः) Perusal or study of the Vēdas. **वेद**, **अधिगम** going

**वेदाध्ययन** n. (-नं) Study of the Vēdas. **वेद**, and **अध्ययन** reading.

**वेदाध्ययिन्** m. (-यी) A student of the Vēdas. **वेद**, and **अध्ययिन्** who reads.

**वेदाध्यापक** m. (-कः) A teacher of the Vēdas. **वेद** and **अध्यापक** teacher.

**वेदाध्यापन** n. (-नं) Teaching the Vēdas. **वेद** and **अध्यापन** teaching.

**वेदान्त** m. (-न्तः) The theological part of the Vēdas ; considered collectively it is contained in the many numerous passages or chapters of the Vēdas termed Upanishads, which inculcate an abstract and speculative monotheistical worship, and these have been further explained and illustrated by later writers ; the founder of the school is VYA'SA, and subsequently S'ANKARA'CH'ARYA is its most eminent teacher. **वेद** the Vēdas, and **अन्त** end, sum, scope or substance.

**वेदान्तग** m. (-गः) A Vēda'nti'. **वेदान्त**, and **ग** who goes over.

**वेदान्तज्ञ** m. (-ज्ञः) A Vēda'nti'. **वेदान्त**, and **ज्ञ** who knows.

**वेदान्तिन्** m. (-न्ति) A Vēda'nti', a follower of the Vedānta philosophy. **वेदान्त** the theism of the Vēdas, and **दि** aff.

**वेदान्तीयमत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Derived from or produced by the Vēda'nta. **वेदान्त** and **उपमत** derived from.

**वेदाभ्यास** m. (-सः) 1. The repetition of the mystical syllable Om. 2. Study of scripture. **वेद** the Vēdas, and **अभ्यास** exercise.

**वेदार** m. (-रः) A chameleon, a lizard.

**वेदि** f. (-दिः-दी) 1. Ground for placing the vessels used at an oblation, or for binding the victim, or lighting the sacrificial fire ; it is more or less raised and of various shapes ; an altar, &c. 2. A quadrangular spot in the court-yard of a temple or palace, usually furnished with a raised floor or seat, and covered with a roof supported by pillars ; see **वितर्हि**. 3. A seal-ring. m. (-दिः) A Pandit, a teacher, f. (-दिः) A name of SARASWATI'. **वेद** to know, &c., Una'di aff. **वन्**, and **वीच्** optionally added in the fem. form.

**वेदिना** f. (-ना) 1. A quadrangular open shed in the middle of a courtyard, erected for various purposes: see वितर्हि. 2. Ground prepared for sacrificial ceremonies, a rude kind of altar. **व. कन्** added to the last. [sacrificial fire.]

**वेदिना** f. (-जा) DRAUPADI. **व. वेदि** an altar, and **ज** born; born from **वेदि** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Set forth, represented, made known. **व. विद्** to know, causal form, aff. **क्** ।

**वेदितव्य** mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) 1. To be known or ascertained. 2. To be made known, to be explained or expounded. **व. विद्** to know, causal form, aff. **तव्यर्** ।

**वेदिह** mfn. (-सा-नी-ह) Wise, learned. **व. विद्** to know, **ह** aff., with the augment **हट्** । [with **वच्**, वेदिता ।]

**वेदित** n. (-त्) Knowledge, experience. **व. वेदिन्** who knows, **त्** aff.; also **वेदिन्** mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Who or what knows, **म** (-दी) 1. A Pandit, a learned Brāhman, a teacher. 2. BRAHMA'. n. (-दि) A plant, (Cissampelos hexandra.) **व. विद्** to know, aff. **णिनि** or **चिचिच्** aff.

**वेदीश्वर** m. (-श्वः) BRAHMA'. **व. वेदी** SARASWATI', and **इश्वर** lord.

**वेदीक** mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Scriptural, taught or declared in the Ve'das. **व. वेद** the Ve'das, and **उक्त** said.

**वेदीदय** m. (-यः) S'URYA, or the sun. **व. वेद** the Ve'da, (the Sāma Ve'da,) and **उदय** rise, origin; being said to have proceeded from the sun.

**वेदीदित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Taught in the Ve'das, scriptural. **व. वेद** the Ve'das, and **उदित** spoken, from **वद्** to speak, with **क्** aff.

**वेदीपकरण** n. (-ण) A subordinate branch of the study of the Ve'das: see वेदीक. **व. वेद**, and **उपकरण** implement.

**वेद्य** mfn. (-यः-द्या-द्यं) 1. To be known or ascertained. 2. To be explained or taught. 3. To be married. **व. विद्** to know, **यत्** aff.

**वेध** m. (-धः) 1. Perforation, piercing. 2. Wounding. 3. A particular division of time. 4. Depth, (in measurement.) **व. व्यध्** to pierce, aff. **धच्**; or **विध्-धच्** ।

**वेधक** mfn. (-कः-का-क्तं) Sharp, piercing, a piercer or perforator. **म** (-कः) 1. Name of a division of hell. 2. Camphor. **न** (-कं) Grain, rice in the ear. **व. व्यध्** to pierce, aff. **वृन्**; or **विध्-वृन्** ।

**वेधन** n. (-नं) 1. Piercing, perforation. 2. Depth, (in measurement.) 3. Excavation. 4. Wounding. **व. (-नो)** 1. An instrument for piercing an elephant's ear. 2. A small gimblet or perforating instrument used to pierce gems, shells, &c. 2. An augre, a gimblet, &c., or any similar instrument. **व. व्यध्** to pierce, **खट्** aff.; or **विध्-खट्-जोप्**.

**वेधिका** f. (-का) A small-pointed perforating instrument, used especially to make holes in jewels, pearls, shells, &c., an augre, an awl, a gimblet, &c. **व. कन्** added to **वेधन** as above.

**वेधुल्लक्ष्म** m. (-क्ष्मः) Zeuocary, (Curcuma zerumbet.) **व. वेध** piercing, (figuratively for pervading as by its odour,) मुख्य principal, **कन्** added.

**वेधु** m. (-धाः) 1. BRAHMA'. 2. VISHN'U. 3. A wise or learned man. 4. The sun. 5. S'IVA. 6. A kind of Arka-plant. **व. वि** before **धा** to have, Unádi aff. **चञि**, and **वेध** substituted for the root and prefix.

**वेधन** n. (-स) The root of the thumb, considered as sacred to BRAHMA'. **व. वेधन्** BRAHMA', **चञ** added, the vowel unchanged.

**वेधित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Pierced, perforated. **व. व्यध्** to pierce, aff. **क्**; or **वेधी** जातोऽस्य तारं **वृत्** । [व्यध् piercing, **णिनि** aff.]

**वेधन्** mfn. (-धी-धिनी-धि) Piercing, perforating. **व. (-धिनी)** A leech. **व. ज** mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्या-ज्यं) To be pierced or perforated. **न** (-ज्यं) A mark, a butt. **व. व्यध्** to pierce, aff. **यत्** ।

**वृ** r. 1st cl. (वेनति-ते) To go, &c.: see **वेच्** ।

**वृ** m. (-नः) BRAHMA'. **व. वी** substituted for **वृज्** to go, Unádi aff. **न** ।

**वृ** f. (-वा) The name of a river. **व. वृन्** to sound, Unádi aff. **न**, and **वृ** with the usual change, substituted for the vowel.

**वृ** (टु वृ) टुवेष्ट r. 1st cl. (वेष्टते) To shake or tremble.

**वृ** m. (-वृः) Trembling, tremor. **व. वेप्** to tremble, **चयच्** aff.

**वृ** n. (-नं) Tremor, trembling. **व. वेप्** to tremble, aff. **वृट्** ।

**वेपमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Trembling, shaking. **व. वेप्** to tremble, **मानच्** aff.

**वेपस्** n. (-पः) Trembling. **व. वेप्** to tremble, aff. **चयच्** ।

**वेम** m. (-मः) A loom. **व. वेज्** to weave, aff. **मन्** ।

**वेमन्** mn. (-मा-मं) A loom. **व. वेज्** to weave, **मनिन्** Una'di aff. [रन् aff.]

**वेर** mn. (-रः-रं) 1. The body. 2. The egg-plant. 3. Saffron. **व. वी** to go, **वेरक** n. (-कं) Camphor. [fruit of the Jujube.]

**वेरट** m. (-टः) A low man, one of mixed or inferior caste. **न** (-टं) The वेल् (वेल्) वेल् r. 1st cl. (वेल्ति) 1. To go or move. 2. To shake, to tremble. **र** 10th cl. (वेल्ति-ते) To count or declare the time.

**वेल्** n. (-ल्) A garden. **व. (-ल्)** 1. Time. 2. Tide, flow, current. 3. Boundary, limit. 4. The sea-shore. 5. Easy or sudden death. 6. Sickness, disease. 7. The food of S'iva. 8. Speech. 9. Leisure, interval. 10. Season, opportunity. 11. The wife of Budha. 12. The gums. **व. वेल्** to go, aff. **चच्** and **टाप्** added.

**वेलाकल** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Agitated by the tide. **व. वेला**, **चाकल** perplexed.

**वेलाकूल** n. (-कूल) Tamuk, the district or kingdom as it formerly existed, the southern part of the present Hu'gli district, forming the west bank of the Hu'gli river, at its union with the sea: a village called Beercool, derived from this word probably, is still found in the maps, near the sea shore immediately south of the boundary of the Hu'gli district. **व. वेला** tide, and **कूल** bank or shore.

**वेलासूल** n. (-सूल) The sea shore. **व. वेला**, and **सूल** root.

**वेलायाम्** Ind. 1. On the sea shore, coast-wise, &c. 2. Seasonably, opportunistically. **व. वेला** a shore, &c., in the seventh case, used as a participle.

**वेल्** r. 1st cl. (वेल्ति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To tremble or shake.

**वेल्** m. (-ल्) Going, moving, shaking. **mn. (-लः-लं)** A plant, the seed of which is used as a vermifuge. **व. वेल्** to shake, aff. **चच्** ।

**वेल्ज** n. (-जं) Black pepper, (Piper nigrum.) **व. वेल्** shaking, and **ज** born.

**वेल्जन** n. (-नं) 1. Rolling on the ground, (as a horse) 2. A sort of rolling pin with which cakes, &c. are prepared. 3. Shaking. 4. Going. **व. वेल्** to shake, &c., aff. **खट्** ।

**वेल्जल** m. (-लः) A libertine, a debauchee. **व. वेल्** हलयति हल-चच्-प्रवी० ।

**वेल्जि** f. (-जिः) or **ह्वी** A creeping plant. **व. वेल्** to shake, aff. **ह्वी** or **जोप्** ।

**वेल्जिका** f. (-का) 1. Be'l-Sunt'h. 2. A potherb, "हृदयोदक्या" ।

**वेल्जित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Shaken, trembling, tremulous. 2. Crooked. **न** (-तं) 1. Going, moving. 2. Shaking. **व. वेल्** to shake, &c., aff. **क्** ।

**वेदी** r. 2nd cl. (वेदीते) 1. To go. 2. To pervade. 3. To conceive or become pregnant. 4. To desire. 5. To throw or send. 6. To eat; also **वी** ।

**वेष्ट** m. (-श्वः) 1. Dress, decoration. 2. Disguise, masquerade. 3. The abode of harlots. 4. Any house. 5. Entrance, ingress. **व. विष्ट** to enter, (liter. or fig., as to enter or occupy the mind,) aff. **चञ** ।

**वेष्टक** mfn. (-कः-का-क्तं) Who or what enters. **म** (-कः) A house. **व. (-शिका)** Entrance, ingress. **व. विष्ट** to enter, **खल्** aff.

**वेष्टदान** m. (-नः) The sun flower. **व. वेष्ट** ornament, **दान** gift. [ing.]

**वेष्टधारिन्** m. (-रि) A hypocrite, a false devotee. **व. वेष्ट** disguise, **धारिन्** hav-

**वेष्टन** n. (-नं) 1. A house. 2. Entering. **व. विष्ट** to enter, **खट्** aff.

**वेष्टनारी** f. (-री) A harlot. [Una'di aff.]

**वेष्टन** m. (-नः) 1. A basin, a small pond. 2. Fire. **व. विष्ट** to enter, **अच्**

**वेष्टन्** mfn. (-न्) 1. Dressed, adorned. 2. Disguised. **व. वेष्टन्** who has.

**वेष्टर** m. (-रः) A mule; also **वेसर** ।

**वेष्ट(स)वार** m. (-रः) A condiment, as pepper, cloves, &c. [रनि aff.]

**वेष्टिन्** mfn. (-शी-शिनी-शि) Assuming a particular dress or form. **व. वेष्ट**, **वेष्टन्** n. (-श्वः) A house. **व. विष्ट** to enter, **मनिन्** aff. [ichneumon.]

**वेष्टनकुल** m. (-कुलः) The musk shrew or rat. **व. वेष्ट** a house, **नकुल** an

**वेष्टभू** f. (-भूः) The site of a habitation. **व. वेष्ट** a house, and **भू** ground.

**वेष्टस्थान** f. (-घा) The main post of a house. **व. वेष्ट**, **स्थान** a pillar.

**वेष्टन** n. (-श्वः) The habitation of harlots. **व. (-श्वः)** 1. A harlot, a prostitute, a whore. 2. A plant, (Cissampelos hexandra.) **व. विष्ट** to enter, **खत्** aff.; or **वेष्ट** ornament, and **यत्** aff.

**वेष्टागण** m. (-गणः) A company of harlots. **व. वेष्टा**, **गण** a number, a class.

वेद्याचार्य m. (-यः) 1. A catamite. 2. The master or keeper of dancing girls, prostitutes, &c. ३. वेद्या a whore, आचार्य spiritual teacher.  
 वेद्याजनसमाश्रय m. (-यः) The habitation of harlots, a brothel. ३. वेद्या a whore, जन people, सम् collective particle, and आश्रय asylum.  
 वेद्यावार m. (-रः) A number or company of harlots. ३. वेद्या, and वार assemblage. [आश्रय asylum.  
 वेद्याश्रय m. (-यः) A brothel, the habitation of harlots. ३. वेद्या a whore, वेवार m. (-रः) A mule. [वृज् ।  
 वेष् m. (-षः) Ornament, dress, decoration. ३. विष् to invest, aff. चष् or वेष् m. (-ष्) A shrub, (Cassia sophora.) f. (-ष्) A plant, (Flacourtia cataphracta.) n. (-ष्) Entrance, ingress, possession, occupation. ३. विष् to enter, &c., aff. युष् or लुट् ।  
 वेषार m. (-र) A condiment; also वेसवार ।  
 वेष्ट r. 1st cl. (वेष्टे) 1. To surround, to enclose, to encompass or circle. 2. To dress. With आ, To fold, to form.  
 वेष्ट m. (-ष्ट) 1. A fence, an enclosure. 2. Surrounding, enclosing. 3. A turban. 4. Exudation, gum, resin, in general. 5. Turpentine. ३. वेष्ट् to surround, aff. चष् or वृज् ।  
 वेष्टक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Surrounding, a surround, that which encompasses or encloses. n. (-कं) 1. A turban. 2. Exudation, resin gum, &c. 3. Turpentine. m. (-कः) 1. A wall, a fence. 2. A pumpkin-gourd. ३. वेष्ट, with कन् added; or वेष्ट् to surround, aff. वृज् or लुट् ।  
 वेष्टन n. (-नं) 1. Surrounding, encompassing. 2. A wall, an enclosure, a fence. 3. A turban. 4. A diadem, a tiara. 5. The outer ear, or the meatus auditorius and the concha. 6. A bandage. 7. A girdle. 8. An attitude in dancing, a particular disposition of the hands; also a crossing of the feet. 9. Bellium. ३. वेष्ट्, aff. लुट् ।  
 वेष्टनक m. (-कः) A mode of coitus.  
 वेष्टनीय mfn. (-यः या यं) To be surrounded or encompassed. ३. वेष्ट् to surround, चनीयर् aff., also वेष्टित्य and वेष्ट ।  
 वेष्टयित्वा Ind. Having bound round or encompassed. ३. वेष्ट् to surround, causal v., क्ताच् aff. [rounding, वंश a bamboo.  
 वेष्टवंश m. (-शः) A sort of bamboo, (Bambusa spinosa.) ३. वेष्ट surrounding.  
 वेष्टित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Surrounded, encompassed, enclosed. 2. Stopped, secured from access. 3. Bound round, enveloped, wrapped up. n. (-तं) 1. Encompassing, encircling. 2. One of the gestures or attitudes of dancing, particular motion of the fingers or a crossing of the feet. ३. वेष्ट surrounding, इतच् aff.; or वेष्ट् the verb, क्त aff.  
 वेद्य m. (-यः) Water. ३. विष् to pervade, Unádi aff. य ।  
 वेष्- (वृ) वेष्ट r. 1st cl. (वेष्टे) To go, to move. [Going. ३. वेष्-लुट् ।  
 वेसन n. (-नं) 1. Chick-pea, &c. ground and reduced to powder. 2. वेसर m. (-रः) A mule. ३. वेस-चरन्; also वेसर ।  
 वेसवार m. (-रः) A condiment, as ground coriander, mustard, pepper, spice, &c. ३. विस् to send, aff. चज्, वेस despatching, वृ to choose, aff. चज्; also वेसवार and वेसवार । [वेष्ट ।  
 वेष्ट् (वृ) वेष्ट r. 1st cl. (वेष्टे) To resolve or endeavour diligently. Also वेष्ट् f. (-ष्ट) A cow miscarrying from taking the bull unseasonably. ३. वि before वृ to kill, (the embryo), Unádi aff. चति; the radical final rejected, and the vowel changed.  
 वेष्ट r. 1st cl. (वेष्टे) 1. To go. 2. To tremble; also वेष् and वेष्ट् ।  
 वे (वी) वीरे r. 1st cl. (वायति) 1. To dry, to become dried or withered. 2. To be languid or weary.  
 वे Ind. 1. A particle of affirmation, (so, indeed.) 2. An expletive. 3. A vocative particle ३ वा to go, aff. वी । [twenty, चष् aff.  
 वैशतिक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Purchased with twenty, ३. विशतिक relating to वैकच n. (-चं) 1. A garland worn over one shoulder and under the other, like the sacrificial thread. 2. An upper garment, a wrapper, a mantle. ३. वि implying "possessed of" or "belonging to", कच् the flank, चष् aff.  
 वैकचन n. (-नं) A garland or string of flowers worn as a scarf or like

the sacrificial cord, over the left shoulder and under the right arm, hanging down below the hip. ३. कन् added to the last; also as derived from वि and कच् with उक् aff. वैकचिक n. (-कः) । [वृ ।  
 वैकचत m. (-तः) A plant, (Flacourtia sapida.) ३. चष् pleo. added to वि.  
 वैकचिक m. (-कः) A jeweller. ३. विकट difficult, (occupation,) उक् aff.  
 वैकचन m. (-नः) An epithet of KARNĀ.  
 वैकच्य n. (-च्य) 1. Optionality. 2. Uncertainty, indecision.  
 वैकचिक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Doubtful, indeterminate. 2. Alternative, optional. ३. विकच and उक् aff.  
 वैकच्य n. (-च्य) 1. Lameness, mutilation. 2. Deficiency, defect, mutilation. 3. Non-existence. 4. Incompetency, insufficiency. 5. Agitation, flurry. ३. विकच defective, चष् aff.  
 वैकारिक f. (-की) 1. Relating to change or modification. 2. Modified.  
 वैकाल m. (-लः) Evening, afternoon. ३. वि gone, काल time, चष् aff.  
 वैकालिक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Occurring in or belonging to the afternoon. ३. विकाल and उक् aff.; also with खज्, वैकालीन ।  
 वैकुण्ठ m. (-ष्ठः) 1. A name of VISHNŪ. 2. INDRA. n. (-ष्ठः) 1. The paradise or world of Vaikunt'ha or VISHNŪ; its site is variously described, either as in the northern ocean, or on the eastern peak of mount Meru. 2. Talc. ३. विकुण्ठा the wife of SUBHRA, and mother of VISHNŪ, in one form, चष् patronymic aff.; other etymologies occur, as वि privative, &c. and कुण्ठ said to mean destruction, he who is indestructible; or वि before the same, explained knowledge or abode, being omniscient or omnipresent, &c.; again वि various, and कुण्ठ illusion, aff. चष् ।  
 वैकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Changed, in mind or form. n. (-तं) 1. Aversion, disgust. 2. Change in mind or form. 3. An event forboding evil f. (-ती) Hideous, loathsome. ३. विकृत the same, चष्, pleonasm.  
 वैकृतापह mfn. (-हः-हा-ह) Removing or preventing change ३. वैकृत. अपह what takes away. [Sankhya Phil.  
 वैकृतिक f. (-की) 1. Changed, modified. 2. Belonging to a VIKRIT, (in वैकृत्य mfn. (-च्यः-च्या-च्य) 1. Changed, in form or mind. n. (-च्य) Aversion, disgust. 2. Change, alteration. ३. विकृत the same, चष्, pleonasm.  
 वैकान्त n. (-न्तः) A kind of gem, said to resemble a diamond, and to be of similar properties; it is also considered to be a burnt diamond, and to be the common load-stone or magnet. ३. विकान्त a magnet. चष् aff. [confused, चष् aff.  
 वैकच्य n. (-च्य) 1. Confusion, commotion. 2. Affliction, grief. ३. विकच वैकरी f. (-री) 1. Articulate utterance. 2. Speech in general.  
 वैखानस m. (-सः) A man of the third religious order, a hermit, an anchorite. f. (-सी) A vessel used for frying meal to be offered in sacrifice. f. (-सी) Relating to hermits ३. वि before खन् to dig. च-चन् चसन् कर्म स्वाद्ये चष्, subsisting on roots, &c.  
 वैगुण्य n. (-ग्य) 1. Absence of attributes or qualities. 2. Contrariety of properties or qualities. 3. Inferiority, badness, vileness. 4. Fault, defect. ३. विगुण void of properties or merit, चष् aff.  
 वैचक्षुष्य n. (-क्षु) Skill, cleverness, proficiency. ३. विचक्षु clever, चष् aff.  
 वैचिक्च n. (-च्य) Confusion of ideas, distraction, grief. ३. विचिक्च wandering, चष् aff. [astonishing, चष् aff.  
 वैचित्र्य n. (-त्र्य) 1. Variety. 2. Surprise. 3. Manifolness. ३. विचित्र वैजनन n. (-नः) The last month of uterine gestation. ३. वि before जन् to be born, aff. लुट्, and चष् added.  
 वैजयन्त m. (-न्तः) 1. The place of INDRA. 2. The banner or emblem of INDRA. f. (-न्ती) 1. A flag, a banner, an ensign. 2. A small tree, (Sesbana Aegyptiaca.) 3. Another tree, (Premna spinosa, &c.) 4. A kind of garland. 5. A necklace. 6. The necklace of VISHNŪ. ३. वि before जन् to conquer, कज् aff.  
 वैजयन्तिक m. (-कः) A flag-bearer. f. (-का) 1. A plant, (Sesbana Aegyptiaca.) 2. A flag, a banner. 3. A kind of necklace. ३. वैजयन्ती flag, with उक् aff. or कन् pleonasm, fem. form.

चैत्रवि m. (-विः) The third Chakravarti' or emperor according to the Jains. E. विजया a proper name, and इज् patronymic aff.

वेदाङ्ग n. (-ङ्गः) 1. Difference or deviation from ordinary character or conduct. 2. Exclusion from caste. 3. Difference of caste or species. 4. Looseness, wantonness. E. वि before जाति species, &c. अङ्ग aff.

वेदिक mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Seminal, relating to seed or origin. n. (-कः) 1. Cause, origin, motive. 2. Oil prepared from the S'igru or Morunga. 3. The spiritual cause of existence, soul, spirit. m. (-कः) A young shoot. E. बीज seed, उक् or उक् aff. [ &c., aff. उक् ]

वेदिक mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Skillful, clever, proficient. E. विज्ञान knowledge, वेदाङ्गवृत्तिक m. (-कः) A hypocrite, a religious impostor, one who under the appearance of piety and virtue is covetous, malicious, and cruel. E. विज्ञान a cat, व्रत observance, and उक् aff.; acting like a cat.

वेद m. (-वः) A cutter of bamboos, a worker in bamboo-work. E. वेद a bamboo, अङ्ग aff., and the primitive final rejected.

वेद mfn. (-वः-वी-वं) Produced by or made of a bamboo. m. (-वः) 1. A bamboo staff. 2. A worker in bamboo or wicker-work. n. (-वः) Bamboo-seed. f. (-वी) Bamboo-manna. E. वेद a bamboo, अङ्ग aff.

वेदिक m. (-कः) A player on a flute. E. वेद a pipe, उक् aff. [aff.]

वेदिक m. (-कः) A lutanist, a player on a Vina'. E. बीजा the Vina', उक्

वेदिक n. (-कः) A goat or bamboo-pike headed with iron, used to drive an elephant. m. (-कः) A player on a pipe or flute. E. वेद a flute, उक् aff.

वेदिक mfn. (-वः-वी-वं) Relating or belonging to a bamboo, &c. E. वेद a bamboo, and अङ्ग aff., with कृक् augment.

वेद m. (-वः) A name of PRITHU, the fifth sovereign of the solar race. E. वेद the father of this monarch, and अङ्ग aff.; also read वेन्.

वेदिक m. (-कः) A vendor of the flesh or meat, either of beasts or birds E. वेद a snare or net, and उक् aff.

वेदिक m. (-कः) A disputations man. [वेतन wages, उक् aff.]

वेदिक m. (-कः) 1. A hireling, a hired labourer. 2. A stipendiary. E. वेतन f. (-वः-वी-वं) 1. The river of hell. 2. Name of a river in the KALINGAS 3. The mother of the Rākshasas. E. वि various, तरण crossing, aff. इज् or अङ्ग, and उक् aff.; or वि prohibitive, तरणी crossing, or वितरण giving, (liberality in life securing a passage;) or वि priv, तरणी a boat, passed without a boat; the aff. is same.

वेद m. (-वः) A sort of cane, (Calamus fasciculatus.) f. (-वी) 1. Pertaining to the cane. 2. Humble yielding. E. वेतस, अङ्ग pleonasm.

वेतन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Sacrificial, (as fire.) n. (-नं) Oblation with fire. E. वेतन the hole in the hearth in which sacred fire is kept, अङ्ग aff.

वेतनिक mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Sacrificial, sacred, (as fire.) n. (-कं) Burnt-offering, especially of clarified butter, as presented daily by the Brāhmanas. E. वेतन the hearth, उक् aff.

वेतनोपासना f. (-ना) The regular presentation of burnt offering morning and evening. E. वेतन sacrificial, (fire,) and उपासना service.

वेतनिक m. (-कः) 1. A bard whose duty it is to awaken a chief or prince at dawn with music and song. 2. A singer out of tune. 3. One who has a demon for a familiar, the servant of a Veta'la. E. वि privative, &c., तान tune, अङ्ग aff., and उक् added.

वेतनीय m. (-यः) A kind of metre, or tetrastich, the first and third lines of which contain the time of fourteen short syllables, and the second and fourth of sixteen; it admits of some varieties.

वेद mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Cane, reedy, relating to a cane, &c. E. वेद cane, अङ्ग aff. with कृक् aug.; the final of the aff. rejected. [aff.]

वेदिकीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Relating to a stick or cane. E. वेद a stick, अङ्ग

वेद mfn. (-वः-वी-वं) Relating to or connected with a wise man, learned, knowing. E. विद् who knows, अङ्ग aff.

वेद n. (-वः) 1. Cleverness, skill, dexterity. 2. Acuteness, sharpness 3. Craft, cunning. E. विद्वन् clever, अङ्ग aff.

वेद n. (-वः-वी-वं) 1. Cunning, craft. 2. Cleverness, dexterity, skill. 2. Knowingness, sharpness, wit. E. विद्वन् clever, sharp, aff. अङ्ग.

वेद n. (-वः) Crafty or indirect speech. m. (-वः) 1. The sovereign of VIDARBHA, the father of DAMAYANTI', &c. 2. Gum-boil. f. (-वी) 1. The law of VIDARBHA, as one by which consins german were allowed to intermarry in that country, &c. 2. The wife of AGASTYA. 3. DAMAYANTI', the wife of NALA 4. RUKMINI', one of KRISHN'A's wives. 3. A particular style of composition. E. विद्म the country so named, and अङ्ग aff. of derivation or production.

वेद mfn. (-वः-वी-वं) Wicker, of cane, wicker or basket work. n. (-वः) 1. A shallow cup or saucer made of clay usually, though sometimes of metal, and sometimes of wood or wicker. 2. Any seat or vessel of basket or wicker-work. m. (-वः) 1. A flat unleavened cake, made of flour, &c., with cumin or coriander seeds, and fried in Ghee. 2. Any leguminous vegetable or grain, as peas, beans, &c. E. वि before दल्, to divide, aff. अङ्ग, and अङ्ग added.

वेदिक mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Scriptural, derived from or conformable to the Vēdas. m. (-कः) A Brahman well-versed in the Vēdas. E. वेद, and उक् or जित् aff.

वेदिकत्व n. (-त्वः) Scriptural character or origin. E. वेदिक relating to the Vēdas, and त्व aff. of the abstract. [of the Vēdas.]

वेदिकपात्र m. (-पात्रः) One who possesses only a smattering knowledge वेदवी f. (-वी) Learning, wisdom.

वेदिक n. (-वः-वी-वं) Learning, sapience. E. विद्म a learned man, अङ्ग aff.

वेदिकीय n. (-यः) A gem of a dark colour, the lapis lazuli. E. विद्म said to be the name of a mountain where the stone is found, or a city where it is polished, and अङ्ग aff.

वेदिक mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Foreign, stranger. E. विदेश, and उक् aff.

वेदिकीय n. (-यः) Foreignness.

वेदिक m. (-वः) 1. A trader by caste or profession. 2. An attendant on the women's apartments: see the next. f. (-वी) 1. S'ITA', the daughter of JANAKA. 2. Long pepper. 3. The wife of a trader or woman of the Vaideha caste. 4. A sort of pigment, commonly Ro'chanā. E. विदेश the country, अङ्ग aff. of origin or production.

वेदिक m. (-कः) 1. A trader by profession. 2. A man of a mixed caste, the offspring of a Vais'ya father and Brāhman mother, whose business is attendance in the women's apartments. E. विदेश the country, वृज् aff.; or वि various, दिद् to collect, (goods, &c.,) aff. अङ्ग, and अङ्ग added; or विदेश a king, the supposed author of rules for merchants, वृज् aff., or with अङ्ग aff. and उक् added वेदिकीय.

वेद mfn. (-वः-वी-वं) 1. Medical, practising or relating to medicine. 2. Relating or conformable to the Vēdas. m. (-वः) 1. A physician. 2. A tree, (Justicia ganderussa, &c.) 3. A learned man. 4. A follower of the Vēdas, or one well in them. 5. A man of a mixed class, the offspring of a Brāhmana by a Vais'ya woman. f. (-वी) A drug, commonly KA'KOLA'. E. वेद the medical or A'yur-Vēdas or the Vēdas in general, and अङ्ग or अङ्ग aff.; or विद्याःसाय अङ्ग.

वेदिक m. (-कः) A physician. n. (-कं) The science of medicine.

वेदिकीय f. (-यः) The practice of medicine. [lord.]

वेदिकीय m. (-यः) 1. S'IVA. 2. DHANWANTARI'. E. वेद a physician, नाय

वेदिकीय m. (-यः) Cassia fistula. E. वेद a physician, वन्धु the friend.

वेदिकीय f. (-यः) A plant, (Justicia ganderussa.) "वासिक". E. वेद a physician, and नाय mother. [eminent, fem. aff. उक्.]

वेदिकीय f. (-यः) A plant, (Justicia ganderussa.) E. वेद medical, सिद् pre-

वेदिकीय f. (-यः) Proceeding from lightning, electric. [aff.]

वेद mfn. (-वः-वी-वं) According to rule, preceptive, ritual. E. विधि, अङ्ग

वेदिकीय n. (-यः) 1. Irreligion, injustice, impropriety. 2. Difference of duty or obligation. 3. Difference of characteristic qualities. E. वि before धर्म virtue, &c. अङ्ग aff.

वेदिकीय m. (-यः) The son of a widow.

वेदिकीय n. (-यः) Widowhood. E. विधवा, and अङ्ग aff.

वेदिकीय m. (-यः) SANATKUMARA, the son of BRAHMA', and eldest of the

progenitors of mankind. **वे** विषाह BRAHMA' and **वृ** aff of descent; it is applicable also to the other three sons of the same deity.

**वेधिक** mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) Ritual, according to rule, &c. **वे** विधि, **उक्** aff.

**वेधुय** n. (-य) Agitation, tremor.

**वेधेय** mfn. (-यः-यो-य) 1. Foolish, ignorant, an idiot, a fool. 2. Prescribed. **वे** विधेय performance of religious ceremonials, **वृ** aff.

**वेध्यात** m. (-तः) YAMA's porter or chamberlain. [with fire.]

**वेध्यातक** n. (-कः) A vessel for holding or pouring ghee, used at sacrifices

**वेनतेय** m. (-यः) GARUDA or ARUN'A. **वे** विनता their mother, **उक्** aff.

**वेनयिक** mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) 1. Relating to morals or behaviour. 2. Enforcing proper conduct. 3. Magisterial. m. (-कः) A chariot used formerly in battle, a war-carriage. **वे** विनय, and **उक्** aff.; or in the latter sense, **वि** before **वो** to get, **वृ** aff., and **उक्** added.

**वेनायिक** m. (-कः) A Baud'dha, a follower of Bud'dha or a doctrine of that sect. **वे** विनायक a Bud'dha or teacher of this sect, **उक्** aff.

**वेनायिक** m. (-कः) 1. A dependent, a subject, a slave. 2. A spider. 3. An astrologer. **वे** विनाय loss, destruction, aff. **उक्** or **उक्**.

**वेनीतक** mn. (-कः-क) 1. A mediate conveyance, as a proter carrying a letter, a horse dragging a chariot, &c. **वे** वि variously, **वो** to take, aff. **क्**, with **कन्** and **वृ** added. [aff. **वृ**.]

**वेपरीय** n. (-य) Contrariety, opposition, reverse. **वे** विपरीत contrary, **वृ** पुण्य n. (-ख) 1. Abundance, plenty. 2. Largeness.

**वेकल्य** n. (-ल्य) Fruitlessness.

**वेकीचिक** m. (-कः) A watchman, a bell man, one who announces the hours. **वे** विकीच awakening, **उक्** aff.

**वेभव** n. (-व) 1. Grandeur, wealth. 2. Power. **वे** विभव and **वृ** added.

**वेभाजिव** n. (-व) Apportioning, dividing. **वे** विभाजयित one who makes a division or causes it to be made, **वृ** aff.; the semi-vowel rejected.

**वेभाविक** f. (-कौ) Optional. [aff., **वृ** added.]

**वेभ** n. (-भ) The heaven of VISHN'U. **वे** वि variously, **भा** to shine, **उ**

**वेभाज** n. (-जः) A garden of the gods, a celestial grove or garden. **वे** वि variously, **भा** to shine, aff. **वृ** and **वृ** added.

**वेसत्य** n. (-त्य) 1. Dissension. 2. Dislike, aversion.

**वेसनत्य** n. (-त्य) 1. Mental distraction. 2. Sickness.

**वेसाव** m. (-वः) A step-mother's son. f. (-वा-वो) A step-mother's daughter. **वे** वि different, **मा** a mother, and **वृ** aff.

**वेसावेय** m. (-यः) A step-mother's son. f. (-यो) A half-sister, or one by a different mother. **वे** विमात, **उक्** aff. [म. विमान, **उक्** aff.]

**वेसानिक** mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) Relating to a heavenly car, borne in one, &c.

**वेमुक्त** mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) Liberated, emancipated, being at liberty or loose. n. (-क्त) Liberation. **वे** विमुक्त free, loose, **वृ** aff., implying property or possession. [वृ aff.]

**वेमुख्य** n. (-ख्य) 1. Turning away the face. 2. Flight, retreat. **वे** विमुख,

**वेमेय** m. (-यः) Barter, exchange. **वे** वि, **मे** to barter, **यन्** aff., **वृ** added.

**वेयय** n. (-य) 1. Perplexity. 2. Exclusive attention to any thing.

**वेयधिकरख्य** n. (-ख्य) The having different substrata.

**वेयथे** n. (-थे) Unprofitableness, uselessness. **वे** व्यर्थ useless, **वृ** aff.

**वेयाकरण** mfn. (-यः-यो-य) Grammatical, relating to grammar. m. (-यः) A grammarian. **वे** व्याकरण grammar, **वृ** aff.

**वेयाकरणपात्र** m. (-यः) A bad grammarian. [tiger, **वृ** aff.]

**वेयात्र** mfn. (-यः-यो-य) Covered with a tiger-skin, (a car, &c.) **वे** व्यात्र a

**वेयात्य** n. (-त्य) Immodesty, boldness. **वे** वियात and **वृ** aff.

**वेयासकि** m. (-किः) A son of VYA'SA.

**वेयुट** mfn. (-टः-टी-ट) Early, betimes, occurring or performed in the morning. **वे** व्युट morning, **वृ** aff.

**वेर** n. (-र) 1. Enmity, hostility. 2. Heroism, prowess. **वे** वीर a warrior, aff. **वृ**.

**वेरकर** mfn. (-रः-री-र) Causing or occasioning enmity, making. **वे** वेर and **कर** who or what makes.

**वेरकार** m. (-रः) An enemy. **वे** वेर and **कार** who makes.

**वेरक्य** n. (-क्य) 1. Aversion, displeasure, dislike. 2. Absence of worldly attachment. **वे** विरक्त and **वृ** aff.

**वेरक्यिक** m. (-कः) An ascetic, a devotee, one who has subdued passion or desire. **वे** वि privative, **रक्त** passion, aff. **उक्** or **उक्**.

**वेरनियान्तन** n. (-न) Revenge, retaliation, requital of an injury. **वे** वेर enmity, **नियान्तन** donation, return.

**वेरप्रतिक्रिया** f. (-यः) Revenge. **वे** वेर enmity, **प्रतिक्रिया** return.

**वेरख** n. (-ख) 1. Scarceness, rareness. 2. Looseness. [fication]

**वेरखि** f. (-खिः) Revenge, retaliation, requital. **वे** वेर enmity, **यदि** puri-

**वेराग** n. (-गः) Absence of worldly passion or desire. **वे** वि privative, **राग** passion, **वृ** aff.; with **वृ** aff. **वेराग्य**. [राग passion, **उक्** aff.]

**वेरागिक** m. (-कः) An ascetic, one with subdued passions. **वे** वि priv.

**वेरागिन्** m. (-गी) An ascetic, a devotee, one who has subdued his worldly desires: at present the term in common use is applied to a particular class of religious mendicants. **वे** वेराग absence of passion, aff. **वृ**.

**वेराग्य** n. (-य) Subjection of the appetite and passions, absence of worldly desires. **वे** विराग and **वृ** aff.; see **वेराग**. [added.]

**वेराट** m. (-टः) An earth-worm. **वे** वि before **रा** to shine, aff. **क्वि**, **वृ**

**वेराख्या** f. (-या) One of the sixteen goddesses of the Baud'dhas, termed Vidya' de'vis or goddesses of learning.

**वेरागुवन्ध** m. (-न्धः) Commencement of hostilities.

**वेरागुवन्ध** m. (-न्धः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. The solar ray which is charged with heat. **वे** वेर heroism or strength, **वृ** connected with.

**वेरागमात्र** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Hostile, inimical, an enemy. **वे** वेर enmity, used as a verb, with **क्वड्** and **ग्रानच्** affs. [ascending.]

**वेरागिह** m. (-हः) Desperate or arduous combat. **वे** वेर enmity, &c. **वारीह**

**वेरिता** f. (-ता) 1. Enmity. 2. Heroism. **वे** वेरिन् and **तल्** aff.; also with **ल**, **वेरित**. [वेर enmity, **वृ** aff.]

**वेरिन्** mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Hostile. m. (-री) 1. An enemy. 2. A hero. **वे**

**वेरुय** n. (-य) 1. Deformity. 2. Difference of form, &c. **वे** विरुप, **वृ** aff.

**वेरीचन** m. (-नः) 1. The third of the Bud'dhas, called Dhyā'ni Bud'dhas. 2. BALI', the sovereign so named. 3. The son of AGNI. 4. The son of SURYA, or the sun. 5. A Sid'dha, a sort of demi-god or deified mortal. **वे** विरीचन the sun, &c. and aff. of descent **वृ**.

**वेरीचननिकेतन** n. (-न) Pātāla the intermediate region between the earth and Tartarus or Naraka, over part of which BALI' presides. **वे** वेरीचन the prince BALI', and **निकेतन** abode; the sovereign of this name being an incarnate Daitya or hereditary foe of the gods, and being invested with a sovereignty in the lower regions after his humiliation by VISHN'U. [विरीचन, **वृ** aff. of descent.]

**वेरीचन** m. (-नः) 1. A Bud'dha. 2. BALI'. 3. The son of SURYA. **वे**

**वेरीचि** m. (-चिः) The demon or Daitya VA'N'A.

**वेरीडार** n. (-रः) Revenge, retaliation. **वे** वेर enmity, and **डार** a debt.

**वेरुचय** n. (-य) Difference, contrariety. **वे** विलचय, and **वृ** aff.

**वेरुच्य** n. (-च्य) 1. Contrariety, reverse, inversion. 2. Contrary course or conduct to that which is usual or natural. 3. Absence of any characteristic. 4. Shame. 5. Sorrow. **वे** विलच, and **वृ** aff.

**वेरीय** n. (-य) Opposition, contrariety.

**वेल्** mfn. (-लः-ली-ल) Relating to or belonging to the Vilwa-tree. n. (-ल) The fruit of the Vilwa, (Ægle marmelos.) **वे** विलु the tree, **वृ** aff.

**वेल्मय** mfn. (-यः-यो-य) Made of the Vilwa, of the wood, &c. of that tree. **वे** वेल् relating to the Be'l, and **मय** aff.

**वेव(व)चिक** m. (-कः) A chandler, a vender of grain, oil, ghee, fruit, sweet-meats, &c. **वे** विवच storing grain, &c., aff. **उक्**.

**वेवर्ण** n. (-वर्ण) 1. Change of colour or complexion. 2. Change of colour in general. 3. Deviation or secession from tribe or caste, &c. 4. Heterogeneousness, difference. **वे** वि privative or contra-indicative, and **वर्ण** colour, tribe, &c., aff. **वृ**.

**वेवस्त** m. (-तः) 1. YAMA. 2. One of the RUDRAS. 3. The seventh MANU

or the MANU of the present period. 4. The planet Saturn. n. (-त) The present age, presided over by the seventh MANU. n. विषसत् the sun, चच् aff.

विवाहिक mfn. (-कः की-क) Nuptial, matrimonial, relating to marriage. m. (-कः क) A marriage. m. (-कः) The bride or bridegroom's father-in-law. n. विवाह marriage, उच् aff. of reference or relation.

विद्य n. (-व) 1. Whiteness. 2. Cleanness, purity, (literally or figuratively.) 3. Composure. n. विद्य white, &c., वाच् aff.

विद्यापन m. (-नः) A sage, the original teacher of the Yajur-Ve'da, and narrator of the Maha'bha'rata to JANAMEJAYA. [वा चच्.]

विघ्न n. (-घ्न) 1. Hindrance, impediment. 2. Slaughter. n. विघ्नस्तु नावः स्वार्थे विघ्न n. (-घ्न) 1. Government, sway, rule. 2. The state of being disarmed or defenceless. n. विघ्नस् ruling, चच् aff., and the pen. vowel changed; or वि private, यच् a weapon, and चच् aff.

विशख m. (-खः) 1. The month in which the moon is full near the southern scale, (April-May,) the first month in the Hindu calendar. 2. A churning-stick. n. (-खः) A particular attitude in shooting, standing with the feet a span apart. f. (-खी) The day of full-moon in the month of Vaisa'k'ha. n. विशखा the constellation in which the moon is full in this month, चच् aff.; or विशखा said to mean here, pervading, revolving, चच् aff.

विक्क n. (-क) Harlotry, allurements of harlots. m. (-कः) A man who associates with courtezans. n. वंश्वा, and उच् aff.

वशिष्ठ n. (-ष्ठः) 1. Endowment with some distinguishing attributes. 2. Distinction, peculiarity. 3. Excellence. n. विशिष्ट, चच् aff.

वैश्विक m. (-कः) A follower of the Vais'e'shika doctrine. n. (-कः) The Vais'e'shika doctrine, or branch of the Nyā'ya or logical school of philosophy, instituted by KANA'DA. It differs from GAUTAMA'S system in recognizing only seven categories instead of sixteen. n. विश्व difference, (from the original Nyā'ya of GAUTAMA,) उच् aff.

वैश्व n. (-व) 1. Specific or generic distinction. 2. Superiority, pre-eminence. n. विश्व, and चच् aff.

वैश्य m. (-यः) The Vais'ya or man of the third or agricultural and mercantile tribe. f. (-यः) A woman of the Vais'ya caste. n. विश्व to enter, (fields, &c.) क्तिप् aff., यच् pleonasm added. [वैश्यकम्, &c.]

वैश्यक्रिया f. (-या) 1. Trade, agriculture. n. वैश्य, क्रिया act, business; also वैश्यवृत्ति f. (-वृत्तिः) Agriculture or trade. n. वैश्य, and वृत्ति subsistence.

वैश्वाम् m. (-वः) 1. KURVA, the god of wealth. 2. RA'VAN'A. n. विश्वम् their father, aff. चच्, and the form irr.

वैश्वाम्नाय m. (-यः) The Indian-fig tree. n. वैश्वाम् KURVA, वासय abode.

वैश्वाम्नाय m. (-यः) The Indian-fig tree. n. वैश्वाम् KURVA, वासय abode.

वैश्वाम्नाय m. (-यः) The Indian-fig tree. n. वैश्वाम्, उदय prosperity.

वैश्वदेव mfn. (-वः-वी-व) 1. Sacred or dedicated to the Vis'wadevas, offered to them, relating to them, &c. 2. Relating to all divinities. n. (-व) Offering to all the divinities. f. (-वी) Species of the Pankti' metre. n. विश्वदेव, and चच् aff.

वैश्वदेवकीर्त्तन n. (-कीर्त्तनः) Oblation of offering to the deities collectively. n. विश्वदेव, and कर्त्तव्य act. [burnt-offering]

वैश्वदेवकीर्त्तन n. (-कीर्त्तनः) Oblation to the Vis'wadevas. n. विश्वदेव, and कीर्त्तन

वैश्वानर mfn. (-रः-वी-र) Relating to, fit for, &c., all men. m. (-रः) 1. AGNI or fire. 2. The digestive fire. 3. The supreme being. f. (-री) A particular sacrifice to be performed at the beginning of every year. n. विश्वानर a Muni, or विश्व all, नर mankind, चच् aff. of descent.

वैश्वसिक f. (-की) Trust-worthy.

वैश्वी f. (-वी) The second of the constellations called A'SHA'DHA'; and twenty-first of the whole. n. विश्व Vis'wadeva, चच् and कीर्त्तव्य affs.; those deities presiding over the asterism.

वैषम्य n. (-म्यः) 1. Inequality, unevenness. 2. Solitariness, singleness. 3. Difficulty. 4. Injustice. n. विश्व odd, uneven, &c., aff. चच्.

वैश्विक m. (-कः) 1. A sensualist, one addicted to the pleasures of sense.

2. One occupied with worldly objects or interests. f. (-की) 1. Relating to any object. 2. Relating to an object of sense. n. विश्व an object of sense, and उच् aff.

वेद्युत n. (-तः) The ashes of a burnt-offering. n. वि before स्तु to praise, aff. क्त and चच् added. [aff.]

वेद n. (-दः) 1. A world. 2. Air. 3. Heaven. n. वि to extend, दन् Una'di

वेद्यव mfn. (-वः-वी-व) Relating or belonging to VISHN'U. m. (-वः) 1. A follower of VISHN'U. 2. One of the modern Hindu sects, (the VAISHNABAS, the S'AIVAS and the S'A'KTAS are the three important modern Hindu sects.) f. (-वी) 1. One of the Mātṛis, the personified energy or S'akti' of VISHN'U. 2. A name of DURGA'. 3. A flower, (Clitoria ternatea.) 4. Sacred basil, (Ocimum sanctum.) n. (-वः) The ashes of a burnt offering. n. विश्व VISHN'U, चच् aff., fem. aff. कीर्त्तव्य.

वेसारिण m. (-णः) A fish. n. वि before स्तु to go, विनि aff., and चच् added.

वेन्दन n. (-नः) A man's assuming female attire, (in the drama.) n. वि before स्तु to make known, क्तिप् aff., and चच् added.

वेदायस f. (-सी) Being in the air.

वेदाय्य f. (-यी) One on whom jokes are to be practised; (as to the brother of a wife.) n. विश्व joke, चच् aff. [उक्.]

वेदासिक m. (-कः) A comic actor, a buffoon. n. वि, हास laughter, aff.

वेदा f. (-दा) A female servant or slave. n. वृत् to contract, aff. चच्, and व being substituted for प; perhaps more correctly वेदा.

वेद्यु m. (-युः) 1. A large snake, (Borā or Boa Constrictor.) 2. A sort of fish. f. (-युः) The fourth part of a Pāna. n. वा-वा-उच्.

वेद्यव mfn. (-वः-वी-व) 1. To be borne or carried. 2. Able to bear or carry. n. वृत् to bear, तय्यर् aff., form irr.

वेद्यु m. (-युः) The son of a woman living in her father's house, and whose husband is absent. n. वृत् to bear, उच् aff., form irr.

वेद्यु m. (-युः) 1. A bridegroom. 2. A porter, a bearer. 3. A charioteer.

वेद्यु m. (-युः) 1. A bull. 5. A guide, a leader. 6. A son. 7. A draught-horse. n. वृत् to bear, aff. तय्यर्, च changed to द, वी substituted for the vowel.

वेद्यु m. (-युः) A stalk, a stem.

वेद्यु mfn. (-दः-दा-द) Wet, moist, damp.

वेदास m. (-सः) A sheat-fish, (Silurus Bousis, Ham.) "वीयास माच."

वीर m. (-रः) A sort of pulse, (Dolichos catjang.) n. Apparently not a Sanskrit word, though occurring in regular compounds.

वीरक m. (-कः) A scribe, a writer. n. See वीरक.

वीरट m. (-टः) A sort of jasmine. "कुन्दपुष्पे."

वीरपट्टी f. (-टी) A sort of mat or mattress for sleeping on. n. वीर Dolichos catjang, पट्टी coarse cloth; perhaps made of the straw.

वीरव m. (-वः) A kind of rice, which is cut in March or April. "वीरोधान्".

वीरखान m. (-नः) A horse, described as of a white and red colour.

वीर m. (-नः) Gum-myrrh. n. वा to go, to smell, उच् aff.

वीरक m. (-कः) A scribe. f. (-लिका) A sort of cake or pudding made with flour and sugar. n. वा to go, and उच् aff., and कन् added; also ल being changed to र, वीरक.

वीरान्न m. (-न्नः) A horse, with white mane and tail.

वीरित्य n. (-त्यः) A vessel, a ship.

वीरट Ind. An exclamation used on offering an oblation to the gods or manes n. वृत् to bear, (what is borne by this,) and वीरट aff.

व्यंशक m. (-कः) A mountain. n. वि various, चच् part, कन् added.

व्यंशक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Undressed, naked. n. वि priv., च यच् a garment.

व्यंशक m. (-कः) A cheat, a juggler. n. वि before च्च् to divide, च्च्, उच् aff.

व्यंशक m. (-कः) Cheating, tricking. n. वि, च्च् to divide, क्तिप् aff.

व्यंशन n. (-नः) To be deceived or cheated. n. वि before च्च् to divide, च्च्, कीर्त्तव्य aff.; also व्यंशित्य and व्यंश.

व्यंशित्य mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Deceived, tricked, cheated. n. वि, च्च् to divide, व्यंश mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Wise, learned. 2. Evident, manifest, apparent, absolutely and specifically known or understood. 2. Individual, specific. n. वि before च्च् to make clear, aff. क्त.



व्यक्तल n. (-ल') Distinctness, manifestation. ३. ल added to the last; also व्यक्तता ।

व्यक्तदृष्टार्थ mfn. (-र्थः-दृष्टि-र्थः) Perceiving, understanding, present, an eye-witness. ३. व्यक्त evident, दृष्ट seen, चर्च meaning or object, (by whom.)

व्यक्तराश f. (-शः) Known or absolute quantity. ३. व्यक्त, राशि quantity.

व्यक्तलक्षण mfn. (-ल्ला-ल्ला-ल्ला) Evident by certain signs or marks, manifested, characterised. ३. व्यक्त, and लक्षण a mark.

व्यक्ति f. (-क्तिः) 1. Individuality, specific appearance or being. 2. Appearance, manifestation. 3. Case, inflexion, or the proper form of any inflected word. ३. वि before चञ् to make clear, aff. क्तिन् ।

व्यक्तिता f. (-ता) Individuality. ३. तच् added to व्यक्ति; also with ल व्यक्तित्व ।  
व्यक्तीकरण n. (-णं) Making distinct or manifest. ३. व्यक्ति, करण making चि् aug.

व्यक्तीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Made clear or manifest. ३. व्यक्ति, कृत made, चि् aug.

व्यक्तीभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Distinct, clear. ३. व्यक्ति, भूत become, चि् aug.

व्यक्तीदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Manifested, displayed. ३. व्यक्त, उदित risen or said.

व्यथ mfn. (-यः-था-यः) 1. Bewildered, perplexed, distracted. 2. Alarmed, agitated, frightened. 3. Engaged in, zealous, eager. ३. वि before चय chief, principal. [with ल, अयल' ]

व्यथता f. (-ता) 1. Perplexity, anxiety. 2. Zeal. ३. तल् added to the last;

व्यङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गी-ङ्गः) 1. Deformed, lame. 2. Bodiless. 3. Ill-arranged. m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A frog. 2. A cripple. 3. Discoloration of the face, dark spots on the cheek. ३. वि depreciative, &c., चङ्ग body.

व्यङ्गार mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Having no fire alight. ३. वि priv., चङ्गार hot coals.

व्यङ्गुल n. (-ल) The 60th part of a digit or Angula. ३. वि, चङ्गुल a digit.

व्यङ्गा m. (-ङ्गः) 1. Figurative or poetical speech, elliptical language or that which conveys something more than the simple meaning of the words. 2. Sarcasm, the covert but intelligible expression of suspicion or contempt. ३. वि before चञ् to make clear or manifest, aff. छत्, or चञ् aff and यत् added.

व्यव. r. 6th cl. (विचत) To cheat, to trick, to defraud or deceive.

यज m. (-जः) A fan. ३. वि before चञ् to go, च aff.

यजन n. (-नः) A fan. ३. वि before चञ् to go, aff. छट् ।

यज्ज m. (-जः) 1. External indication of passion or feeling. 2. A sign, a mark, a symbol. 3. Figurative or elliptical expression. f. (-ज्जका) 1. Showing, making clear. 2. Suggesting a meaning, as applied to a word or sense, (opposed to वाचक and लाघविक) ३. वि before चञ् to manifest, aff. छल् ।

यज्जकत्व n. (-त्व) The nature or existence of figurative or poetical expression. ३. यज्जक, and ल added.

यज्जन n. (-नः) 1. A mark, a spot, a sign, a token. 2. Paraphernalia, insignia. 3. The board. 4. A privy, part, either male or female. 5. Sauce, condiment. 6. A consonant. 7. Making clear. 8. A sign of puberty. 9. A limb, a member. mf. (-नना) 1. Figurative expression. 2. Irony, sarcasm. ३. वि before चञ् to make clear, छट् aff.

यज्जनादिति f. (-तिः) Rhetorical or elliptical style. ३. यज्जना, and इति style.

यज्जयत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्तो-यत्) Making visible. ३. वि, चञ् to go, छट् aff.

यज्जित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Distinguished, characterised. 2. Manifested, visible. 3. Suggested. ३. वि before चञ् to go, क्ति aff.

यज्जिजिषु mfn. (-षुः-षुः-षुः) Wishing or trying to expose, detect, make manifest, &c. ३. वि before चञ् to go, desid. v., उ aff.

यज्जक m. (-कः) The castor-oil plant, (Ricinus communis.) ३. वि before चञ् to strive, aff. चञ्, यज्ज here said to mean excretion, चवि to go, to cause, छल् aff., form irr; also with युष् aff. यज्जन् m. (-नः) and by another reading, यज्जन्; other etymologies are given.

यतिकर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Reciprocal, acting on or with one another. 2. Pervading, who or what spreads through or over. 3. Contiguous to, in contact with. (-रः) 1. Misfortune, calamity. 2. Reciprocity, reciprocal action or relation 3. Reverse. 4. Contact, contiguity.

5. Opportunity. 6. An occurrence, an incident. 7. Mixing together. ३. वि and चति before क्त् to make, to do, aff. चप् ।

यतिकीर्ण f. (-णः) Mixed together, blended together.

यतिक्रम m. (-मः) 1. Inverted or retrograde order, inversion, reverse. 2. Contrariety, opposition in general; as the contrary of what is right or wrong, crime, vice: the contrary of prosperity, adversity, misfortune, &c. 3. Retraction, non-performance, (as of contracts.)

4. Passing over or beyond. ३. वि and चति before क्त् to go, aff. चप् ।

यतिक्रान् mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्तः) Reversed, inverted. 2. Retracted. 3. Passed over. 4. Violated. ३. वि and चति before क्त् to go, क्ति aff.

यतिरिक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तः) 1. Different, distinct. 2. Excepted. 3. Withdrawn. 4. Surpassing. ३. वि and चति before रिच् to unite, aff. क्ति ।

यतिरेक m. (-कः) 1. Difference, separateness. 2. A figure in rhetoric, the dissimilitude of things compared in some respects to each other. 3. Exception, exclusion. 4. Excelling. 5. Contrast. 6. A logical discontinuance, opposed to चन्त्य, (In Nya'ya Phil.) ३. वि and चति before रिच् to unite, aff. चञ् ।

यतिरेकव्याप्ति f. (-तिः) Comprehensive argument derived from negatives or non-existence. ३. यतिरेक, and व्याप्ति pervading.

यतिरेकिन् mfn. (-की-किणो-कि) 1. Different, reverse. 2. Excepting, distinguishing. 3. Implying negation or non-existence. 4. Excelling. ३. यतिरेक, and इति or चनुण aff. [उदाहरण example.]

यतिरेक्युदाहरण n. (-णः) Illustration by contrast or negatives. ३. यतिरेकिन्  
यतिवत् mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तः) Mutually connected, joined, related, &c. ३. वि and चति before चञ् to embrace, aff. क्ति ।

यतिवद् m. (-द्) 1. Mutual or reciprocal junction or relation. 2. Fastening, tying together. 3. Union. 5. Intermixture. ३. वि and चति before वञ् to embrace, and चञ् aff. [अ.]

यतिवद्भवत् mfn. (-वान्-वतो-वत्) Connected, united, mixed. ३. यतिवद्भवत्

यति(तो)हार m. (-रः) 1. Barter, exchange. 2. Exchange of blows or abuse. 3. Reciprocity. ३. वि and चति before ह् to take, aff. चञ् ।

यतोत्त m. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Past, gone. 2. Departed from. 3. Disregarded. ३. वि before चतत the same.

यतोपात m. (-तः) 1. Great and portentous calamity, or a portent, indicating or occasioning it and therefore identified with it, as a comet, an earthquake, &c. 2. Disrespect, contempt. 3. The seventeenth of the astrological Yo'gas. 4. Day of new-moon when it falls on a Sunday, and the moon is in certain mansions, Shrávaṇa, &c. ३. वि and चति before पत् to fall, &c., aff. चञ् ।

यतीहार m. (-रः) 1. Barter, exchange. 2. Exchange of blows or abuse. ३. वि, and चति implying reciprocity, ह् to take, aff. चञ्, and optionally made long: see यतिहार ।

व्यथय m. (-यः) 1. Contrariety, opposition, reverse. 2. Inverted or retrograde order. 3. Interchange. ३. वि + चति before ह् to go, aff. चप् ।

व्यथस्त mfn. (-स्तः-स्ता-स्तः) Reversed, inverted, contrary, opposite. ३. वि and चति before च् to throw, क्ति aff.

व्यथास m. (-सः) 1. Contrariety, opposition, reverse. 2. Inverted or retrograde order. 3. Reversed position. ३. वि and चति before च् to throw or send, aff. चञ् ।

व्यथ. 1st cl. (व्यथ) 1. To fear. 2. To be disquieted or unhappy. 3. To be sorry or vexed. 4. To suffer pain. 5. To become dry.

व्यथक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) 1. Inflicting pain, torturing, painful. 2. Distressing, afflicting. ३. व्यथ् to give pain, क्त् aff.

व्यथन n. (-नः) Giving pain, painning. ३. व्यथ् to pain, छट् aff.

व्यथनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) To be put to pain, what may be or ought to be pained. ३. व्यथ्, and व्यथनीय aff.; also व्यथ and व्यथितय ।

व्यथयत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्तो-यत्) Painning, distressing. ३. व्यथ् to pain, छट् aff.

व्यथा f. (-था) 1. Pain. 2. Distress. 3. Alarm, fear. 4. Perturbation. ३. व्यथ् to fear, to suffer pain, &c., affs. चञ् and टाप् ।

व्यथाकर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Painful, excruciating. ३. व्यथा, कर what makes.

विरहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Free from pain. ३. अथा, and रहित quitted.  
 वित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Pained, tortured. 2. Distressed, afflicted. 3.  
 Disturbed, troubled. 4. Alarmed, frightened. ३. अथा pain, रतच् aff.  
 वयनात् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Being agitated, distressed, pained, &c. ३. अच्  
 to suffer pain, pass. v., वानच् aff.  
 वच् (वी) चीच्च r. 4th cl. (दिञ्जति) To beat, to strike, to pierce, to tear,  
 to hurt or wound. With चनु, 1. To wound. 2. To intertwine. With  
 चप, 1. To cast away. 2. To pierce. With ची, To throw, to pierce.  
 With परि, To wound, to pierce.  
 वच् m. (-चः) 1. Perforating, piercing. 2. Striking, smiting. ३. अच् to  
 strike, &c., aff. चच् ।  
 वचन n. (-नः) Piercing, perforating. ३. अच् to pierce, छुट् aff.  
 वचिक्कण n. (-चः) The subsisting in different substrata.  
 वचित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Made, done, caused.  
 वच्च mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) To be pierced or wounded. m. (-जः) A butt, a  
 mark to shoot at. ३. अच् to pierce, aff. वच् ।  
 वच्च m. (-जः) A bad road. ३. वि depreciative, वच्चन् a road, वच् aff.  
 वचुनात् m. (-दः) Reverberation, loud and extending sound or noise. ३.  
 वि and चनु before नद् to sound, वच् aff.  
 वचुनादयत् mfn. (-यन्-यनी-यन्) 1. Causing to reverberate, filling with  
 sound or noise. ३. वि and चनु before नद् to sound, causal v., वच् aff.  
 वच् r. 10th cl. (अपयति-ने) 1. To diminish, to decay. 2. To throw.  
 वचुत् f. (-ट) Taken off, removed.  
 वचुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Gone away. ३. वि and चप before गच् to go, क aff.  
 वचुत् m. (-नः) Going away, departure. ३. वि and चप before गच् to go,  
 वच् aff. [यानच् aff.]  
 वचुत्वाच् mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Ashamed. ३. वि and चपदप to be shameless,  
 वचुत् mfn. (-टः-टा-टं) 1. Named. 2. Informed. 3. Tricked. 4. Pleaded  
 in excuse. 4. Shown. ३. वि and चप before दिच् to show, क aff.  
 वचुत् m. (-चः) 1. Dishonesty, fraud, craft. 2. Stratagem, device.  
 3. Name, appellation. 4. Information, notice, apprising. 5. Hint.  
 6. Excuse, pretext. 7. Family, race. 8. Fame, repute. 9. Naming.  
 ३. वि and चप before दिच् to show, aff. वच् ।  
 वचुत् mfn. (-टः-टा-टं) 1. Deceiving, a cheat. 2. One who shows, names,  
 &c. ३. वि and चप before दिच् to show, वच् aff. [taken.]  
 वचुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Taken away, removed. ३. वि and चप before नीत्  
 वचुत् n. (-चः) Extirpating, expelling. ३. वि and चप before वच् to  
 grow, causal v., वच् aff.  
 वचुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Extirpated, eradicated, expelled. ३. वि and चप  
 before वच् to grow, causal v., क aff.  
 वचुत् f. (-ति) Repelling, denial. ३. वि and चप implying opposition,  
 and वाच् before क् to make, aff. क् ।  
 वचुत् m. (-यः) 1. Taking refuge with, lying upon, trusting to. 2.  
 Expectation. ३. वि, चप and वाच् before श्री to serve, aff. वच् ।  
 वचुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Having taken refuge with, relying upon, who  
 or what does so. ३. वि, चप and वाच् before श्री to serve, aff. क ।  
 वचुत् Ind. Having sought or taken refuge with. ३. वि, चप and वाच्  
 before श्री to serve, वच् aff.  
 वचुत् mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Expectant, waiting, attentive. ३. वि and चप  
 before ईच् to see, वच् aff. [ल्युट् aff.]  
 वचुत् n. (-चः) Expecting, looking for. ३. वि and चप before ईच् to see,  
 वचुत् mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) To be expected or looked for. ३. वि and चप  
 before ईच् to see, वचुत् aff.; also वचुत् and वचुत् ।  
 वचुत् f. (-चा) Expectation, especially if reciprocal. 2. Mutual connec-  
 tion or relation. 3. Application, use. 4. (In grammar,) The mutual  
 application of two rules. ३. वि severally, वचुत् looking to.  
 वचुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Looked to reciprocally. 2. Mutually related.  
 3. Employed, applied. ३. वि and वचुत् expected.  
 वचुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Gone, passed away, got rid of. 2. Opposed,  
 contrary. 3. Severed. ३. वि and चप before वच् to go, क aff.

वचुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Opposite, contrary, reverse. 2. Driven off or  
 away. 3. Exhibited. ३. वि and चप before वच् to bear, क aff.

वचुत् m. (-चः) Driving away, Keeping off.

वचुत् Ind. 1. Having driven away, got rid of. 2. Having passed  
 through a place. ३. वि and चप before वच् to convey, वच् aff.

वचुत् m. (-चः) 1. Following improper courses, doing what is prohi-  
 bited or wicked. 2. Erring, straying, (literally or figuratively.) 3.  
 Wandering from an argument, a fallacious He'tu, one without  
 the Sa'dhya, (in logic.) 4. Infidelity of a husband or wife. ३. वि  
 and चमि before वच् to go, aff. वच् ।

वचुत् mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Following or doing improper. 2. Going  
 astray, (literally or figuratively.) n. (-चः) A property, or class of  
 properties into which feelings and emotions, as objects of poeti-  
 cal description are classed; or the transitory feeling, (op. to  
 व्याधिन्) which does not pervade a composition but, if properly  
 developed at any stage, strengthens the prevailing sentiment.  
 the Bha'vas called Vyabhichā'ris are thirty-two in number,  
 to which two others are sometimes added, making thirty-  
 four, viz :—1. Nirveda, humility, self-abasement; 2. Gla'si,  
 weakness, exhaustion; 3. S'anka', apprehension; 4. Asu'a',  
 calumny; 5. Mada, inebriety; 6. S'urama, fatigue; 7. A'lasya,  
 indolence; 8. Dainya, indigence, distress. 6. Chinta', secret desire;  
 contemplation of the object beloved; 10. Mo'ha, loss of sense or  
 presence of mind from fear, anxiety, &c., 11. Smṛti', recollection  
 but especially the recollection of an absent or faithless lover exer-  
 cised by present objects, 12. Dhṛiti', the enjoyment or consciousness  
 of amatory woe, resignation or abandonment to despair, &c.; 13.  
 Vir'ida, shame; 14. Chapalata', fickleness, unsteadiness, want of  
 firmness and steadiness; 15. Harsa, delight; 16. A'bh'ra, hurry,  
 flurried haste; 17. Jarata', ignorance, imbecility; 18. Garba,  
 pride, arrogance; 19. Bishada, want of energy or spirits, depress-  
 ion of mind; 20. Autskyā, regret, painful remembrance of some  
 object lost or absent; 21. Nidra', sluggishness, sleepiness; 22.  
 Apasma'ra, epilepsy; 23. S'upta, sleep; 24. Binodha, waking; 25.  
 Amarsa, wrathful impatience; 26. Abahim'ha, dissimulation; 27.  
 Ugrata', passion, rage; 28. Mati, intelligence, knowledge; 29.  
 Uplambha, reviling, 30. Byadhi, sickness, disease, 31. Usm'ada,  
 madness, delirium; 32. Maran'a, death; the other two are, 33.  
 Tra'sa, fear; 34. Bhraka, doubt, deliberation f. (रचो) A wanton  
 woman, an unchaste wife. ३. वि and चमि before वच् to go, aff. विनि

वचुत् mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Uncloud. ३. वि priv., वचुत् a cloud.  
 वच् r. 1st cl. (व्ययति-तं) To go, to move. r. 10th cl. (व्ययति-तं) 1. To  
 lessen, to diminish. 2. To send. r. 1st and 10th cls. (व्ययति-तं)  
 ते) 1. To expend, to disburse, to abandon wealth, to give away  
 money, &c. 2. To move, &c. (व्ययति-तं) To drive.

वच् m. (-यः) 1. Expenditure, spending. 2. Destruction, disappearance.  
 3. Misfortune, downfall, decline. 4. Obstacle. 5. Loss, waste. f.  
 (-या) Mutable, liable to decay. ३. वच् to expend, &c., aff. वच् ।

वच् n. (-नः) 1. Spending. 2. Destroying. ३. वच्, वच् aff.

वचुत् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Spending, expending. ३. वच् to expend, वच् aff.

वचुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Expended, spent. 2. Gone, dissipated, dis-  
 persed. 3. Declined, fallen into decay. ३. वच् to expend, aff. क ।

वचुत् mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) 1. Spending. 2. Declining, falling into cala-  
 mity. 3. Wasting, decaying. ३. वच्, and वि aff.

वचुत् n. (-चः) Expending, wasting. ३. वच्, कच् mahnz, वि augment.

वचुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Expended, wasted. ३. वच्, भूच् been, वि augment.

वचुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Spent, wasted. ३. वच्, भूच् ask, with वि prefix,  
 वच् mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Asked. 2. Gone. ३. वच्, १० ask, with वि prefix,  
 and क aff. [प्रच्, वच् meaning, object.]

वच् mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Useless, unprofitable. 2. Unmeaning. ३. वि,

अर्थक mfn. (-कः का-क) Vain, useless. **३.** कन् added to the last.  
 अर्थकता f. (-ता) Unprofitableness, uselessness. **३.** अर्थक, and तल् aff.  
 अर्थता f. (-ता) 1. Unprofitableness, uselessness. 2. Absence of meaning, nonsense. **३.** तल् added to अर्थ; also with ल, अर्थल.  
 अलीक mfn. (-कः का-क) 1. Disagreeable, displeasing, offensive. 2. Improper, unfit to be done. 3. Painful. 4. Strange. 5. False. **६.** न. (-कं) 1. Pain, torture. 2. Fault, transgression. 3. Any thing displeasing. 4. Any improper act. 5. Reverse. 6. Cheating, tricking. **७.** म. (-कः) A catamite. **८.** वि and चल् to be able or to adorn, aff. ईकल् ।  
 अलीकता f. (-ता) 1. Impropropriety. 2. Disagreeableness. **३.** तल् added to the last; also with ल, अलीकल ।  
 अवकलन n. (-नं) 1. Subtraction, (in math.) 2. Separation. **३.** वि and चल् before कल् to reckon, छुट् aff.  
 अवकलित mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Subtracted, deducted. **४.** न. (तं) Subtraction. **५.** वि and चल् before कल् to count, and न् aff.  
 अवकीर्ण n. (-नं) 1. Wrangling, altercation, mutual abuse. 2. Abuse, reviling. **३.** वि and चल् before कृष् to call, छुट् aff.  
 अवच्छिन्न mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Different, separate, divided. 2. Distinguished, discriminated. 3. Cut in pieces. 4. Interrupted. **५.** वि and चल् before छिद् to cut, aff. न् ।  
 अवच्छिद m. (-दः) 1. Dividing, separating. 2. A division. 3. Discrimination. 4. Contrast, distinction. 5. Letting fly an arrow, shooting, darting. 6. Cutting in pieces. **७.** वि and चल् before छिद् to cut, aff. चच् ।  
 अवहितमान mfn. (-नः ना-नं) Arranged, placed. **३.** वि and चल् before स्था to stay, शानच् aff.  
 अवधा f. (-धा) 1. A covering, a screen, any thing which holds or conceals from sight. 2. The state of being covered, concealment, disappearance. **३.** वि and चल् before धा to have, अङ् and टाप् affs.  
 अवधान n. (-नं) 1. Covering, disappearance, either the thing which conceals, or the state of being concealed from sight. 2. Intervening, intervention, space. 3. The intervention of a letter, (in grammar.) **४.** वि and चल् before धा to have, aff. छुट् ।  
 अवधायक mfn. (-कः का-क) 1. Concealing, screening, hiding. 2. Intervening, intermediate, separating. **३.** वि चल् before धा to have, छुट् aff.  
 अवधि m. (-धिः) Covering, or a covering: see अवधान. **३.** वि and चल् before धा to have, aff. क्ति ।  
 अवसाय m. (-यः) 1. Effort, exertion, persevering or industrious effort, perseverance, industry. 2. Following any business or profession. 3. Plan, device, trick. 4. Resolve, determination. 5. Boasting. 6. Action. 7. Conduct. **८.** वि and चल् before धी to destroy, aff. चच् ।  
 अवसायाधिक mfn. (-कः का-क) Laborious, relating to exertion. **३.** अवसाय, आत्मन् self, कन् added.  
 वसयिन् mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) 1. Active, energetic, persevering, resolute. 2. Engaged in business. **३.** अवसाय, and इनि aff.  
 वचत mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Tricked, cheated. 2. Energetic, taking pains, taking effort or exertion. 3. Resolved, determined. **४.** न. (-तं) Certainty, ascertainment. **५.** वि and चल् before धी to destroy, aff. न् ।  
 अवस्था १ (-स्था) 1. Separating, placing remote or apart. 2. Placing or staying in or on. 3. A decree, a written declaration of the law; application in practice to the written extracts from the codes of law, stated as the opinions of the Hindu law officers attached to the court of justice. 4. An engagement, an agreement, a contract. 5. Fixity. **६.** वि and चल् before स्था to stay or be, affs. चक् and टाप् ।  
 अवस्थान्तर m. (-तः) 1. Breaking an agreement or contract. 2. Disregarding the law. **३.** अवस्था and अतिक्रम transgressing.  
 अवस्थान्तरन n. (-नं) Breaking an agreement or contract. **३.** अवस्था and अतिक्रम transgressing.  
 अवस्थान्तरिन् m. (-रिन्) One who does not keep an engagement, &c. **३.** अवस्था, and अतिक्रम going from or over.

अवस्थान n. (-नं) 1. Steadiness. 2. Regular arrangement, determination. 3. Rule, decision. 4. Firmness, perseverance. **५.** वि + चल् + स्था-च् ।  
 अवस्थापक f. (-पिका) 1. Settling, deciding. 2. Supervising.  
 अवस्थापन n. (-नं) 1. Declaring, deciding, laying down as law. 2. Fixing, determining. 3. Appointing. 4. Placing apart. 5. Placing. 6. Arranging. **७.** वि and चल् before स्था to stay, causal v., छुट् aff.  
 अवस्थापित mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Declared, determined. 2. Caused to be placed. **३.** वि and चल् before स्था to stay, causal v., न् aff.  
 अवस्थित mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Separated, distant. 2. Extracted. 3. Invariable, constant. 4. Appointed. 5. Declared, decreed. 6. Staying or fixed in or on. 7. Adjusted. **८.** वि and चल् before स्था to be, aff. न् ।  
 अवस्थिति f. (-तिः) 1. Constancy, perseverance. 2. Determining, appointing. 3. Extracting. **४.** वि and चल् before स्था to stay, क्ति aff.  
 अवहर्षय mfn. (-यः या-य) 1. To be litigated or decided judicially. 2. To be done or transacted. **३.** वि and चल् before हृ to take, तच् aff.  
 अवहर्षन् mfn. (-न्तः ता-न्तं) Transacting business, engaged in affairs. 2. Observing or following established usages. **३.** म. (-न्तः) 1. A judge, an umpire, one conducting a judicial procedure. 2. A litigant, a plaintiff, one instituting a dispute at law. 3. Partaker, associate. **४.** वि and चल् before हृ to take, aff. तच् ।  
 अवहार m. (-रः) 1. The practice of the courts, or civil and criminal law, judicial procedure, administrative justice, as the examination of evidence, &c. 2. Title of jurisprudence, any act cognizable in courts of justice. 3. Contest at law, law suit, litigation. 4. Usage, custom. 5. Conduct. 6. Profession, business. 7. Steadiness, property, adherence to law and custom. 8. A contract. 9. A sort of tree. 10. Mathematical or arithmetical determination or ascertainment. **११.** वि and चल् implying dissension, and हृ to take, aff. चच्, the term being explained to mean especially, a dispute between two parties, or the counter statements of plaintiff and defendant.  
 अवहारक m. (-कः) 1. A person who has passed his minority, a young man of age, or one who has passed his sixteenth year, at which period he can assert his own rights in a court of law. 2. One acquainted with legal procedure. **३.** अवहार a law suit, न् who knows.  
 अवहारदर्शन n. (-नं) Judicial investigation, trial. **३.** अवहार legal proceeding, and दर्शन seeing, inspecting.  
 अवहारपद n. (-दः) A title of jurisprudence, any act cognizable in a court of law; see अवहारविषय. **३.** अवहार and पद object.  
 अवहारपाद m. (-दः) A division of legal proceeding, one of the four parts which are necessary to conduct a regular suit, or the plaintiff, the defence, the proof and the decision. **४.** अवहार a law suit, पाद a quarter. [tained.]  
 अवहारप्राप्त m. (-तः) A youth who has come of age. **३.** अवहार, प्राप्त अवहारमादका f. (-का) Legal procedure or process in general, simple judicature, law as in all ordinary cases administered. **४.** अवहार legal contest, मादका mother. [सार्गे road or path.]  
 अवहारमार्ग m. (-गः) A title of jurisprudence: see अवहारविषय. **३.** अवहार, अवहारविधि m. (-धिः) Law, the law, the precepts or code by which judicature is to be regulated and decisions to be made. **४.** अवहार legal process, and विधि a rule.  
 अवहारविषय m. (-यः यः) A title of jurisprudence, an act which may become the object of dispute amongst men, and should therefore be regulated by law; according to MANU, there are eighteen heads, but these are the principal only, and many things not comprised under them may still be actionable; the eighteen are:—1. अवहर्षन debt; 2. निक्षेप; deposit; 3. अस्मान्निवृत्तयः sale without ownership; 4. सम्प्रदायसुखान् concerns amongst partners; 5. दत्तस्वानपकम् subtraction of what has been given; 6. वतनान्नान्न non-payment of wages; 7. अविद्वयतिक्रमः non-performance of agreement; 8. अविद्वयतिक्रमः

rescission of sale and purchase; 9. खानिपाक्षयीविवादः disputes between master and servant; 10. सोमाविवादः disputes about boundaries; 11. वाक्पादयः defamation, abuse; 12. दृष्टपादयः assault; 13. लोभः theft, larceny; 14. लोभसं robbery, and other violence; 15. स्त्रीसहचरः adultery; 16. कर्तव्यधर्मः duties of man and wife; 17. विभागः portioning of property, inheritance; 18. द्यूतं gambling of any kind as fighting animals, laying wagers, &c. ३. व्यवहार legal process, and विषय object. [legal procedure, स्थान place.

व्यवहारस्थान n. (-नं) A title of jurisprudence; see व्यवहारविषय. ३. व्यवहार व्यवहारज्ञ n. (-ज्ञः) The body of civil and criminal law.

व्यवहारमिश्रण mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) Prosecuted, accused, proceeded against legally. ३. व्यवहार and अभिशक्त accused.

व्यवहारयोग्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Unfitted or unsuited to legal proceedings. m. (-यः) 1. A minor. 2. One incompetent to conduct business. ३. व्यवहार and अयोग्य unfit.

व्यवहारिक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Customary, usual. 2. Engaged in customary duty or avocation. 3. Connected with or relating to legal process. 4. Litigant, being party to a suit. ३. व्यवहार, ठन् aff.

व्यवहारिका f. (-का) 1. Usage, custom. 2. A brush, a broom. 3. A plant, commonly called Ingudi. ३. कन् added to व्यवहार, fem. form.

व्यवहारिन् mfn. (-रि-रिणी-रि) 1. Litigant, litigating, engaged in a law-suit. 2. Relating to legal process. 3. Customary, usual. 4. Following one's ordinary affairs or avocation. ३. व्यवहार and इनि aff.

व्यवहार्य mfn. (-र्यः-र्या-र्यं) 1. To be observed or practised, as a duty or avocation, customary, usual. 2. Actionable, subject to legal process. ३. वि and अव before ह् to take or convey, यन् aff. [व्यञ् aff.

व्यवहार्य m. (-सः) Mutual laughter. ३. वि and अव before ह्स् to laugh, व्यहसत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Placed or situated contiguously to, attached or adhering to, &c. 2. Intervening, separating. 3. Covered, concealed. 4. Excelled, surpassed, put to shame. 5. Done, acted, performed. 6. Not immediately connected. 7. Obstructed. 8. Omitted, passed over. ३. वि and अव before घा to have or hold, aff. क् ।

व्यवहति f. (-तिः) Practice, performance. व्यय m. (-यः) 1. Copulation. 2. Covering, disappearance. 3. Purity. 4. Interval, space. 5. Separation, decomposition. 6. Obstacle. n. (-यं) Light, lustre. ३. वि and अव before ह्न् to go, aff. घञ् ।

व्यवदिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) 1. Lecherous. 2. Pervading, diffusive. m. (-दी) 1. A lecher, a libertine. 2. A drug, an aphrodisiac. 3. Any article that produces general excitement, as wine, poison, &c. ३. व्यवाय copulation, and इनि aff.

व्यवत f. (-ता) Separated, decomposed. [vade, ग्रानच्, aff.

व्यवधान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Occupying, pervading. ३. वि before अच् to pervade. f. (-दिः) 1. Singleness. 2. Distributive pervasion. 3. A whole viewed as consisting of many separate objects, (as opposed to समष्टिः) (in Ve'dānta phil.)

व्यसन n. (-नं) 1. Calamity, misfortune. 2. Fate. 3. Fault, vice, crime, frailty, arising from desire, or from anger; ten vices or faults are enumerated under the first head; viz :—hunting, gambling, sleeping in the day, calumny, whoring, dancing, singing, playing, idle roaming, and drinking; the second comprehends eight; viz :—depravity, violence, injury, envy, malice, fraud, abase, and assault. 4. Sin. 5. Fated consequence. 6. Evil-destiny, ill-luck. 7. Fruitless effort. 8. Incompetence, inability. 9. Intent, application or attachment to an object. 10. Falling, (as opposed to उद्वहः) 11. Air, wind. 12. Individuality. 13. Loss, destruction. 14. Violation, infraction. 15. Punishment. ३. वि before अच् to throw, &c., aff. छट् ।

व्यसनप्रहारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Troublesome, giving trouble or pain. ३. व्यसन and प्रहारिन् taking.

व्यसनात् mfn. (-त्-ता-तं) Afflicted, suffering pain or calamity. ३. व्यसन misfortune, and आत् affected.

व्यसनिता f. (-ता) 1. Wickedness. 2. Calamity. ३. व्यसनिन्, तल् aff.; also with ल, व्यसनित् ।

व्यसनिन् mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) 1. Addicted to evil practices, as to gaming, drinking, wenching, &c. 2. Excessively attached to any object. 3. Calamitous, unfortunate. ३. व्यसन vice, and इनि aff.

व्यसनीय m. (-यः) A profligate, a debauchee. ३. व्यसन and ह् aff.

व्यसु mfn. (-सुः-सु-सु) Inanimate, lifeless. ३. वि priv., असु breath.

व्यस्य mfn. (-स्यः-सा-सं) 1. Confounded, confused, bewildered. 2. Pervaded, penetrated, spread. 3. Present and essential, or inherent in all the parts of any thing, in opposition to the Samasta, or that which pervades the whole together. 4. Reverse, inverse. 5. Opposite. 6. Opposed to, set or struck against. 7. Tossed, thrown up or about. 8. Reversed, inverted. 9. Different, manifold. 10. Divided, severed. 11. Simple, uncompounded. ३. वि severally, &c., असु to be or pervade, aff. क् ।

व्यस्यता f. (-ता) 1. Agitation, bewilderment. 2. Severalty, individuality. 2. Inherence. ३. व्यस्य, and तल् aff.; also with ल, व्यस्यत् ।

व्यस्यपद n. (-पद) 1. Perplexed and indistinct statement, want of precision in an accusation or defence, (in law). 2. (In grammar,) A simple or uncompounded word. ३. व्यस्य perplexed, पद a sentence, &c.

व्यस्यविधि f. (-धिः) Inversion, rule for inversion. ३. व्यस्य, and विधि rule.

व्यस्यार n. (-रः) The issue of the fluid from the temples of the elephant. ३. व्यस्य pervaded, अच् to go, aff. ष ।

व्यस्य mfn. (-स्यः-सा-सं) Done or produced, &c. in two days ३. वि severally, and अच् for अहन् a day.

व्याकरण n. (-णः) 1. The science of grammar, considered as one of the six Vēda'ngas. 2. Explaining, expounding. ३. वि and आङ् before क् to make or do, ल्युट् aff. [form.

व्याकार m. (-रः) 1. Change of form. 2. Deformity. ३. वि and आकार व्याकीर्ण mfn. (-र्णः-र्णा-र्णं) Scattered, tossed, or thrown about or away. ३. वि and आङ् before क् to scatter, क् aff.

व्याकुल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Confounded, bewildered, perplexed, overcome with fear, &c. 2. Busily engaged in, ३. वि before आकुल the same.

व्याकुलता f. (-ता) Perplexity, agitation, alarm. ३. तल् added to the last; also with ल, व्याकुलत् । मनस् the mind.

व्याकुलमनस् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Agitated, flurried, bewildered. ३. व्याकुल, व्याकुलित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Agitated, flurried, perplexed. ३. व्याकुल, तल् aff. [sound, aff. क् ।

व्याकृति f. (-तिः) Fraud, deception, disguise. ३. वि and आङ् before क् to make clear. m. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Expounded, explained, made clear. 2. Transformed, changed. ३. वि and आङ् before क् to make, क् aff.

व्याकृति f. (-तिः) 1. Explaining, making clear. 2. Grammar. 3. Change of form. ३. वि and आङ् before क् to make, क्त् aff.

व्याकीर्ण mfn. (-र्णः-र्णा-र्णं) Budded, blown. ३. वि and आङ् implying separation, and कीर्ण or कीर्ण a sheath; also व्याकीर्ण ।

व्याकीर्ण mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Budded, blown, (as a flower.) ३. See the last.

व्यासेव m. (-पः) 1. Tossing about. 2. Delay, hindrance.

व्याख्या f. (-ख्या) 1. Exposition, explanation, gloss, comment. 2. Communication. ३. वि and आङ् before ख्या to relate, aff. षच्, or अङ् and टाप् affs.; also with ल्युट् aff. व्याख्यान n. (-नं) ।

व्याख्यानम् n. (-मः) Indistinct averment, proceeding from grammatical inaccuracy or faulty construction. ३. व्याख्या an explanation, and आनय to be attained.

व्याख्यात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Spoken, said. 2. Conquered, overcome. 3. Explained, expounded. 4. Related, narrated, told. ३. वि and आङ् before ख्या to say, aff. क् ।

व्याख्यान n. (-नं) 1. Narration, speech. 2. Explanation, interpretation, exposition. ३. वि and आङ् before ख्या to say, ल्युट् aff.

व्याख्येय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be explained or described. ३. वि and आङ् before ख्या to say, यन् aff.

आघटन n. (-नः) 1. Rubbing, friction. 2. Churning. इ. वि and आङ् before घट् to use effort, ल्युट् aff.  
 आघटित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Rubbed, rubbed together. 2. Stirred, churned. इ. वि and आङ् before घट् to use effort, क्त aff.  
 आघात m. (-तः) 1. Obstacle, impediment. 2. Striking, beating. 3. Destroying, destruction. 4. Contradiction. 5. The thirteenth of the astronomical Yo'gas. 6. A tree, (Cassia fistula.) 7. A rhetorical figure, the production of two different effects from a similar cause or by similar agency. इ. वि and आङ् before हन् to strike, aff. घञ् ।  
 आघातक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what opposes, resists, &c. इ. वि and आङ् before हन् to strike, ल्युट् aff.  
 आघातिन् mfn. (-नी-तिनी-ति) Who or what opposes, resists, beats, &c. इ. वि and आङ् before हन् to strike, णिनि aff.  
 आघारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sprinkled, lubricated, (as with oil or ghee.) इ. वि and आङ् before घृ to sprinkle, क्त aff.  
 आघ्र m. (-घ्रः) 1. A tiger. 2. (In composition,) Best, pre-eminent, (at the end of a compound.) 3. A variety of the castor-oil plant, (the red variety.) 4. A tree, (Galedupa arborea.) f. (-घ्री) A prickly sort of nightshade, (Solanum jacquini.) इ. वि and आङ् before घृ to smell, Una'di aff. क्त ।  
 आघ्रचर्मन् n. (-र्मः) A tiger's skin. इ. आघ्र and चर्मन् skin. [दक्षमल्य ।  
 आघ्रदल m. (-लः) A red variety of the castor-oil tree. इ. आघ्रलत्पाद इव  
 आघ्रनख nf. (-खं-खी) 1. A tiger's claw. 2. A sort of perfume. n. (-खं) 1. A kind of root. 2. A scratch or impression of the finger-nails. इ. आघ्र a tiger, and नख a nail, aff. घञ् ।  
 आघ्रनखक n. (-कं) A scratch, the impression of a finger-nail. इ. आघ्र a tiger, and नख a nail, कन् added.  
 आघ्रनायक m. (-कः) A jackal. इ. आघ्र a tiger, and नायक leader.  
 आघ्रपाद m. (-दः) 1. A plant, (Flacourtia sayida, Rox.) 2. A saint and law giver, so named from having feet like those of a tiger. इ. आघ्र a tiger, and पाद the foot of paw.  
 आघ्रपुच्छ m. (-च्छः) The castor-oil tree, (Palma Christi, or Ricinus communis.) इ. आघ्र a tiger, and पुच्छ a tail.  
 आघ्राट m. (-टः) A sky-lark. इ. आघ्र a tiger, and घट what goes, aff. घञ् ।  
 आघ्रास्य m. (-स्यः) A cat. इ. आघ्र a tiger, and आस्य the face.  
 आज m. (-जः) 1. Deceit, fraud, craft, cunning. 2. Disguise, either of purpose or person. 3. Wickedness. इ. वि before अन् to go, aff. घञ् ।  
 आजनिन्दा f. (-न्दा) Apparent censure, but covert praise, a figure of rhetoric. इ. आज disguise, and निन्दा censure.  
 आजसुप्त Adj. A feigning sleep.  
 आजस्तुति f. (-तिः) Praise or censure, conveyed in language that expresses the contrary, affected reproach or ironical commendation. इ. आज disguise, and तुति praise.  
 आजोक्ति f. (-क्तिः) Covert expression of any thing so as to mislead others from its real cause. इ. आज craft or disguise, उक्ति saying.  
 आड m. (-डः) 1. A snake. 2. A carnivorous animal or beast of prey. 3. INDRA. 4. A villain, a rogue. इ. वि and आङ् before अड् to make effort, aff. घञ् ।  
 आडि m. (-डिः) The name of a celebrated grammarian. [क्त aff.  
 आन mfn. (-नः-ता-तं) Vast, expanded. इ. वि and आङ् before अन् to go, ल्युट् aff.  
 आनदी f. (-दी) Bathing for amusement, sporting in water. इ. वि and अन् before डच् to sprinkle, aff. घञ्, and अण् and डीष् added.  
 आदान n. (-नः) Opening, setting open or ajar. इ. वि and आङ् before दा to give, ल्युट् aff. [दिश-क्त ।  
 आदिश m. (-शः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. A director, a commander. इ. वि + आ + आध m. (-धः) 1. A hunter, one who lives by killing deer, &c. 2. A low or wicked man. इ. अध् to pierce, ण aff.  
 आधभीत m. (-तः) A deer. इ. आध a hunter, भीत afraid of.  
 आधाम m. (-मः) INDRA's thunder-bolt. इ. वि and आङ् before धा to have, मन् aff.

आधाव m. (-वः) INDRA's thunder-bolt. इ. वि and आङ् before धा to tr. ble, causal form, aff. घञ् ।  
 आधि m. (-धिः) 1. Sickness, disease in general, (op. to आधि or "mental distress.") 2. Leprosy. इ. वि and आङ् before धा to have, णिनि aff.  
 आधिकार mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Causing sickness. इ. आधि and कर what makes, ल्युट् aff.  
 आधिघात m. (-तः) A tree, (Cassia fistula.) इ. आधि disease, हन् to destroy, [what destroys  
 आधिघ्न mfn. (-घ्नः-घ्नी-घ्नी) Causing or removing disease. इ. आधि and घ्न  
 आधित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sick, ill, disease. इ. आधि sickness, इतच् aff.  
 आधियुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Sick, diseased. इ. आधि, युक्त joined. [रहित left.  
 आधिरहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Free from disease, convalescent. इ. आधि, अहित  
 आधुत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Shaken, shaking, trembling, tremulous. इ. वि, आङ् before धृ to shake, aff. क्त ; also from धृ with क्त, आधुत ।  
 आधुपशन m. (-नः) Allaying or curing disease. इ. आधि, लपशन allaying.  
 आन m. (-नः) One of the five vital airs, that which is diffused throughout the body. इ. वि before अन् to breathe, aff. घञ् ।  
 आनक n. (-कं) A mode of sexual enjoyment.  
 आपक mfn. (-कः-पिका-कं) 1. Diffusive, comprehensive, spreading or extending widely. 2. (In law,) Comprehending all the points of an argument, pervading the whole plea. 3. (In logic,) Embracing the whole of an argument or objection. n. (-कं) Essential and inherent property. इ. वि before आप् to pervade, ल्युट् aff., implying the agent.  
 आपकल n. (-लः) Diffusion, pervadance. इ. ल added to the last ; also with तल्, आपकता । [another  
 आपत्ति f. (-तिः) 1. Misfortune, ruin. 2. Substitution of one thing for  
 आपद f. (-पदः) 1. Death, decease. 2. Calamity. 3. Derangement, 4. Disease. इ. वि and आङ् before पद to go, aff. क्तिप् ।  
 आपद m. (-दः) 1. Ruin. 2. Evil design, malice.  
 आपन n. (-नः) Spreading through or throughout, pervading, penetrating. इ. वि before आप् to obtain, ल्युट् aff.  
 आपन्न mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्नं) 1. Dead, deceased, expired. 2. Hurt, injured killed. 3. Deranged, disordered. 4. Vitiating, diseased. 5. Fallen into misfortune. 6. Substituted. इ. वि, आङ् before पद to go, aff. क्त ।  
 आपाद m. (-दः) Evil-design, malice, prepenze, the wish or project to injure another person. इ. वि and आङ् before पद to go, aff. घञ् ।  
 आपादन n. (-नः) 1. Killing, slaying. 2. Wishing or seeking to injure any one, ill-will, malice, evil design. 3. Ruin. इ. वि and आङ् before पद to go, causal form, aff. ल्युट् ।  
 आपादयितव्य mfn. (यः-या-यं) To be killed, what may or ought to be put to death. इ. वि and आङ् before पद to go, causal v., तय aff., also आपादनीय and आपाया ।  
 आपादित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Hurt, injured. 2. Slain, killed. इ. वि and आङ् before पद to go, causal form, aff. क्त ।  
 आपादितवन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Having killed, killing. इ. वि and आङ् before पद to go, causal v., क्तवत् aff.  
 आपार m. (-रः) 1. Occupation, business, trade. 2. Exercise, practice. 3. Effort. 4. Meddling. इ. वि, आङ् before पृ to be busy, aff. घञ् ।  
 आपारयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Setting to work, employing. इ. वि and आङ् before पृ to be busy, causal v., श्रट् aff.  
 आपारित f. (-तः) Set to work, employed.  
 आपारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) 1. Motor, the cause or agent of motion or occupation. 2. Busy, occupied. 3. Exercising, practising. m. (-री) A dealer. इ. वि and आङ् before पृ to be busy, causal form, aff. णिनि ; or आपार business, इति aff.  
 आपिन् mfn. (-पी-पिनी-पि) 1. Diffusive, comprehensive. 2. All-pervading. 3. Covering. m. (-पी) The pervading property or power, &c. इ. वि and आप् to pervade, णिनि aff.  
 आपृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Engaged, busy. m. (-तः) A minister, a member of royal government. इ. वि and आङ् before पृ to be busy, aff. क्त ।  
 आप्रति f. (-तिः) 1. Occupation. 2. Effort. 3. Action.

**प्राप्त** mfn. (-प्रः-प्रः) 1. Pervaded, occupied or penetrated by thoroughly and essentially, (as the universe by spirit, &c.) 2. Celebrated, famous. 3. Filled, full of. 4. Placed, fixed. 5. Obtained, possessed. 6. Encircled, encompassed, surrounded. 7. Open, apart, outspread. 8. Included. 9. Invariably accompanied, (in logic.) **प्र** before **प्राप्** to pervade, aff. **क्त** ।

**प्राप्ति** f. (-तिः) 1. Pervading, inherence, the inherent and essential presence of any one, (thing or property,) in another, as of oil in the sesamum seed, heat in fire, or the Deity in the universe, &c. 2. Getting, obtaining, gain. 3. Universal permeation, omnipresence, as one of Śiva's superhuman properties. 4. An universal rule. 5. Fulness. **प्र** and **प्राप्** to pervade, aff. **क्तिन्** ।

**प्राप्तिवत्** m. (-वत्) Induction of universal concomitance, (in logic.)

**प्राप्तिज्ञान** n. (-ज्ञान) Knowledge of the existence of a substance from observation of the presence of its inherent properties. **प्र**, **प्राप्ति**, and **ज्ञान** knowledge.

**प्राप्तिमत्** mfn. (-मत्-मत्) Diffusive, pervading. **प्र**, **प्राप्ति** and **मत्** aff.

**प्राप्तिप्रमाण** n. (-प्रमाण) Sign or proof of the existence or non-existence of an inherent property or attribute. **प्र**, **प्राप्ति**, and **प्रमाण** indication.

**प्राप्य** mfn. (-प्राप्य-प्राप्य) 1. Permeable, penetrable. 2. Capable of containing any inherent property. **प्र**, (-प्राप्य) 1. An instrument or agent. 2. The thing or substance which may be the site or subject of attributes or inherent properties. 3. The subject of an inference, as fire inferred from the presence of smoke, &c. 4. A drug, (Costus speciosus.) **प्र** before **प्राप्** to pervade, aff. **यन्** । [**प्र**, **प्राप्य**, **ल** aff.]

**प्राप्यत्व** n. (-त्व) Capacity of being penetrated or essentially effected by.

**प्राप्यत्वसिद्धि** f. (-सिद्धिः) (In logic.) Imperfect conclusion, one not comprehending all the points of the argument. **प्र**, **प्राप्यत्व**, **सिद्धि** non-conclusion.

**प्राप्युच्यते** f. (-च्यते) Gamboling in water, bathing for pleasure. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **च्यते** before **उच्** to sprinkle, affs. **चच्** and **डीप्** ।

**प्राप्तम** m. (-मः) 1. A fathom, or the space between the tips of the fingers of either hand when the arms are extended. 2. Disregard. 3. Smoke. **प्र** before **प्राप्** to go, with **प्राप्** prefix and **चच्** aff.

**प्राप्तन** n. (-नः) Disregard, disrespect. **प्र**, **प्राप्** before **प्राप्** to go, with **प्राप्** prefixed, and **लुट्** aff.; or **प्र** priv., **स्मृ** to mind, **प्राप्** prefix, **चच्** aff.

**प्राप्तम्** m. (-म्) 1. Rubbing out, erasure. 2. Impatience. **प्र** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to rub, &c. **चच्** aff.

**प्राप्ति** Ind. Having closed and opened, having twinkled, &c. **प्र** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to rub, &c. **चच्** aff. [**प्र** mixed.]

**प्राप्तिम** mfn. (-मः-मः) Mixed, blended, mingled. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to rub, &c. **चच्** aff.

**प्राप्ति** mfn. (-मः-मः) Rubbed, rubbed out, effaced. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to rub, &c. **चच्** aff.

**प्राप्ति** m. (-मः) Embarrassment, bewilderment. [**प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** aff.]

**प्राप्ति** mfn. (-मः-मः) Quarrelling. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to rub, &c. **चच्** aff.

**प्राप्ति** mfn. (-मः-मः) 1. Busy, occupied. 2. Long. 3. Hard, firm. 4. Much, excessive. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to stop, aff. **क्त** ।

**प्राप्ति** m. (-मः) 1. Fatigue, labour. 2. A fathom, measured by the distance to which both arms extended reach. 3. Gymnastics, athletic exercise, as playing with heavy clubs, yielding a bow with a chain in place of a string, alternate rising and falling at full length on the ground, &c. 4. Manhood, manliness. 5. A difficulty. 6. A difficult or impassable defile, &c. 7. Business, occupation. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to refrain, aff. **चच्** ।

**प्राप्ति** mfn. (-मः-मः) Active, robust, athletic, taking exercise. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to refrain, aff. **चच्** ।

**प्राप्ति** mfn. (-मः-मः) Taking exercise, undergoing fatigue, active, athletic. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to refrain, aff. **चच्** ।

**प्राप्ति** Ind. Having exercised, practised as gymnastics, &c. disciplined as troops. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to restrain, **यन्** aff.

**प्राप्ति** m. (-मः) A kind of dramatic exhibition or composition in one act, the subject of which is some contest or war of a heroic kind, and of which woman is not the cause. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to unite, aff. **चच्** ; in which the valiant are associated.

**प्राप्ति** mfn. (-मः-मः) 1. Wicked, villainous, bad. 2. Cruel, fierce. **प्र**, (-मः) 1. A snake. 2. A beast of prey. 3. A rogue, a cheat. 4. A vicious elephant. 5. A king. 6. A species of the Dandaka metre. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to adorn, aff. **चच्** ; or **प्राप्** to make effort, aff. **चच्** and **ड** changed to **ल** ; hence also **प्राप्** ।

**प्राप्ति** m. (-मः) A vicious elephant. **प्र**, **प्राप्** added to the last [**चच्**]

**प्राप्ति** m. (-मः) A snake-catcher. **प्र**, **प्राप्** a snake, **मृ** to seize, aff.

**प्राप्ति** m. (-मः) A snake-catcher, one who lives by catching and exhibiting snakes. **प्र**, **प्राप्** a snake, and **प्राप्ति** who takes.

**प्राप्ति** mfn. (-मः-मः) Very injurious, cruel or fierce. **प्र**, **प्राप्**, **तम** aff.

**प्राप्ति** m. (-मः) A fierce or wild stag. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **मृ** a deer.

**प्राप्ति** m. (-मः) The red variety of the castor-oil plant. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **मृ** a deer.

**प्राप्ति** n. (-मः) A sort of perfume ; see **नखी**. **प्र**, **प्राप्** a beast of prey (a tiger). **प्राप्ति** a weapon, compared to the claw of the animal.

**प्राप्ति** mfn. (-मः-मः) 1. Drawing lines, delineating, scratching, piercing. 2. Extending to, in contact with. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to write, **मृ** aff. [**प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** aff.]

**प्राप्ति** mfn. (-मः-मः) Thick, clustering. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to write, **मृ** aff. [**प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** aff.]

**प्राप्ति** mfn. (-मः-मः) Tremulous, shaking, waving. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to shake, **चच्** aff.

**प्राप्ति** n. (-मः) Subtraction, (in arithmetic.) **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to count, aff. **लुट्** । [**प्र** to count, aff. **क्त** ।]

**प्राप्ति** mfn. (-मः-मः) Subtracted. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to count, aff. **लुट्** । [**प्र** to count, aff. **क्त** ।]

**प्राप्ति** f. (-मः) Mutual imprecation. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to cry out, aff. **चच्**, **चच्** and **डीप्** being added.

**प्राप्ति** f. (-मः) Mutual abuse or imprecation. **प्र**, **प्राप्** implying reciprocity, and **प्राप्** depreciation, **प्राप्** to speak, affs. **चच्** and **डीप्** ।

**प्राप्ति** m. (-मः) 1. Going round, revolving. 2. Encompassing. 3. Choosing, appointing. 4. Ruptured navel, (umbilical hernia) **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to be, **चच्** aff. [**प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** aff.]

**प्राप्ति** f. (-मः) 1. Excluding, separating from. 2. Turning away

**प्राप्ति** n. (-मः) 1. Rolling round, revolving. 2. A volute, a fold, a band. 3. Encompassing. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to be, **लुट्** aff.

**प्राप्ति** mfn. (-मः-मः) 1. Usual, customary. 2. Juridical, judicial, legal, relative or referring to judicial procedure. 3. Relating to business. 4. Relating to the worldly life of illusion, (in Vedānta phil.) **प्र**, (-मः) A counsellor, a minister. **प्र**, **प्राप्ति** litigation, **मृ** aff.

**प्राप्ति** f. (-मः) Mutual seizing. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to be, **लुट्** aff.

**प्राप्ति** f. (-मः) Mutual or reciprocal laughter. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to laugh, aff. **चच्**, **चच्** and **डीप्** added. [**प्र** sort.]

**प्राप्ति** mfn. (-मः-मः) Of various kinds or sorts. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to be, **लुट्** aff.

**प्राप्ति** mfn. (-मः-मः) 1. Covered, screened. 2. Removed, excepted. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to choose, **क्त** aff.

**प्राप्ति** f. (-मः) 1. Exception, exclusion. 2. Covering, screening. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to choose, **क्तिन्** aff.

**प्राप्ति** mfn. (-मः-मः) 1. Chosen, appointed. 2. Encompassed, surrounded. 3. Fenced, screened. 4. Removed, uncovered. 5. Excepted, excluded. 6. Praised, hymned. 7. Rolled backwards. 8. Revolved. **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to be, &c. aff. **क्त** ।

**प्राप्ति** f. (-मः) 1. Praise, eulogium. 2. Rejection, exception, exclusion. 3. Choice, selection. 4. Screening, surrounding. 5. Rolling back. 6. Turning away **प्र**, **प्राप्** and **प्राप्** before **मृ** to be, aff. **क्तिन्** ।

**प्राप्ति** m. (-मः) 1. A celebrated saint and author, the supposed original compiler of the Vedās and Purāṇas ; also the founder of the Vedānta philosophy. 2. Diffusion, extension. 3. Detail, distinction, severity. 4. A measure. 5. The diameter of a circle. 6. A fault in pronunciation. 7. Arrangement, compilation. 8. The

analysis of a compound word. 9. A public reader of the Purán's.  
 ६. वि and आङ् before वस् to pervade, aff. घञ्।  
 व्यासक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) 1. Bewildered. 2. Connected with, attached or devoted to. 3. Detached, separated. ६. वि before व्यासक्त attentive.  
 व्यासङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. Confusion, perplexity. 2. Separation, detachment. 3. Attachment, addiction. 4. Assiduous application. 5. Diligent study. ६. वि and आङ् before घञ् to embrace, घञ् aff.  
 व्यासिद्ध mfn. (-द्विः-द्वि-द्वि) 1. Prohibited, forbidden. 2. Contraband, not allowed to be sold but to particular persons or in certain places. ६. वि privative, and आसिद्ध perfected, accomplished.  
 व्यावृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्त) 1. Confused, alarmed. 2. Repelled, repulsed. 3. Driving out, expelled. 4. Disappointed. ६. वि and आङ् before हन् to strike, &c., aff. क्त।  
 व्यावृत्त n. (-वृत्तः) Utterance, pronunciation. 2. Narration, speech. ६. वि and आङ् before ह् to take, क्त् aff.  
 व्यावृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्त) Speaking, uttering, pronouncing. ६. वि and आङ् before ह् to take, क्त् aff.  
 व्यावृत्त m. (-वृत्तः) 1. Voice, speech. 2. A word, an articulate sound. 3. Jest, joke, humorous speech. ६. वि, आङ् before ह् to take, aff. घञ्।  
 व्यावृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्त) Uttered, said. ६. वि, आङ् before ह् to take, क्त aff.  
 व्यावृत्ति f. (-वृत्तिः) 1. Voice, speech. 2. A word, an articulate sound. 3. A mystical word or sound, as Om, Bhu'r, Bhuvah, Swer, &c., which are the Maha'-Vya'hritis, and commence the daily prayers of the Bráhmaṇ. ६. वि and आङ् before ह् to take, aff. क्त्। [व्यप् aff.]  
 व्यावृत्त Ind. Having said or uttered. ६. वि and आङ् before ह् to take, क्त् aff.  
 व्यावृत्त m. (-वृत्तः) Cutting off, destruction.  
 व्यावृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्त) Sewn, woven. ६. वि before वृत्त woven; also व्युत्।  
 व्यावृत्ति f. (-वृत्तिः) Sewing, weaving. ६. वि before वृत्त to weave, aff. क्त्, form irr.; also व्युत्ति।  
 व्यावृत्त m. (-वृत्तः) 1. Inverted order, irregular arrangement. 2. Transgression. ६. वि and उद् before वृत्त order, aff. घञ्।  
 व्यावृत्त f. (-वृत्तिः) 1. Overstepped. 2. Departed, left.  
 व्यावृत्त n. (-वृत्तः) 1. Independance, following one's own inclination. 2. Opposition, contradiction, doing that which is prohibited. 3. Obstruction, prohibition, hindering or opposing any one. 4. Contempt. 5. Completion of religious contemplation, the end of a period of abstraction. ६. वि, उद् before वृत्त to stay or be, aff. ल्युट्।  
 व्यावृत्ति f. (-वृत्तिः) 1. Science, learning, conversancy with or proficiency in literature or science. 2. Origin. 3. Formation of words, derivation, etymology. ६. वि and उद् before वृत्त to go, aff. क्त्।  
 व्यावृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्त) 1. Learned, studied, conversant or proficient in literature. 2. Completed, finished. 3. Derived, formed as a derivative word, (as opposed to a primitive word) 4. Generated, begotten. ६. वि and उद् before वृत्त to go, aff. क्त।  
 व्यावृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्त) Put off, thrown aside, (especially as feeling or affection,) rejected. ६. वि and उद् before वस् to throw, क्त aff.  
 व्यावृत्त Ind. Having thrown off or put away, (as desire, feeling &c.) ६. वि and उद् before वस् to throw, क्त् aff.  
 व्यावृत्त m. (-वृत्तः) 1. Indifference to, disregard for. 2. Making ill or unprofitable use of any thing, throwing away. 3. Prohibition. ६. वि and उद् before वस् to throw, घञ् aff. [priv., उपदेश advice.]  
 व्यावृत्त m. (-वृत्तः) Pictext, deception, plausible but false council. ६. वि व्युत्तर m. (-वृत्तः) Stop, cessation.  
 व्यावृत्त m. (-वृत्तः) 1. Inquietude. 2. Cessation. 3. Non-cessation.  
 व्यावृत्त r. 10th cl. (व्यावृत्ति-ते) To abandon, to reject.  
 व्यावृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्त) 1. Burnt. 2. Dawned, become daylight or dawn. 3. Become clear. 4. Dwelt, n. (-वृत्तः) 1. Dawn, break of day. 2. Day. 3. Fruit, consequence. ६. वि before वस् to abide, aff. क्त, and व changed to वृ; or वि before वस् to burn, क्त aff. वा० वृत्तभावः; or as derived from द्याव् to burn, &c., when it is more properly read व्युट्।

व्युटि f. (-वृत्तिः) 1. Fruit, consequence. 2. Increase, prosperity. 3. Praise. ६. वि and वस् to abide, aff. क्त्, and व changed to वृ।  
 व्युत् (वृत्) व्युत्तर r. 4th cl. (व्युत्तरि) To leave, to abandon.  
 व्युत् mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्त) 1. Arranged, arrayed, placed in order or array. 2. Compact, firm, well-knit. 3. Large, great. 4. Disarranged. 5. Married. ६. वि before वस् to bear, &c., aff. क्त।  
 व्युत्कट mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्त) Armed, mailed. ६. व्युत् arranged, कट mail.  
 व्युत्तर mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्त) Broad-chested. ६. व्युत्, उरस् breast, क्त added.  
 व्युत्ति f. (-वृत्तिः) Array, orderly arrangement or disposition. ६. वि before वस् to bear, or ऊह् to reason, aff. क्त्।  
 व्युत् mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्त) Woven. ६. वि before वृत्त the same; or वि + वे-क्त।  
 व्युत्ति f. (-वृत्तिः) 1. Weaving. 2. The wages of weaving. ६. वि before वे-क्त to weave, aff. क्त्, and व changed to वृ।  
 व्युत् m. (-वृत्तः) 1. Military array, the arrangement of troops in various positions; as दण्डव्युत्: the array in line, भीमव्युत्: in column, मण्डलव्युत्: in circle, असंहतव्युत्: in mixed order; also various fanciful forms, as the शकटः or car-shape, मकरः or marine monster-like, पताका flag-shape, &c. 2. A flock, a multitude. 3. Logic, reasoning. 4. Making, manufacture. 5. The body. 6. Formation, structure. 7. A squadron. ६. वि before वृत्त to reason, aff. घञ्।  
 व्युत्त n. (-वृत्तः) 1. Arrying, array. 2. Structure of the body, disposition of the members of the body. ६. वि before ऊह् to reason, ल्युट् aff.  
 व्युत्तरिण m. (-वृत्तिः) The rear of an army. ६. व्युत् array, and परिण the heel or back. [भङ्ग breaking]  
 व्युत्तरिण m. (-वृत्तिः) Throwing into disorder, breaking an array. ६. व्युत्, भङ्ग breaking  
 व्युत्तरिण m. (-वृत्तिः) Piercing or breaking an array. ६. व्युत्, भङ्ग breaking  
 व्युत्ति f. (-वृत्तिः) Non-prosperity, ill-luck.  
 व्युत् (वृत्) व्युत्तर r. 1st cl. (व्युत्तरि-ते) 1. To cover. 2. To sew.  
 व्युत् Ind. 1. Iron. 2. Seed. ६. व्युत्-डो। [who mak]  
 व्युत्कार m. (-वृत्तः) A blacksmith. ६. व्युत् an imitative sound, or iron, अर  
 व्युत्केश m. (-वृत्तः) Śiva. ६. व्युत् heaven, and केश hair; also with ह्रस्व aff. added व्युत्केशिन् m. (-वृत्तिः)।  
 व्युत्चारिन् m. (-वृत्तिः) 1. A God. 2. A bird. 3. A saint. 4. A heavenly body. ६. व्युत् heaven, and चारिन् who goes.  
 व्युत्चारिपुर n. (-वृत्तः) The city of HARIŚCHANDRA, suspended midway between heaven and earth. ६. व्युत् heaven, चारि going, पुर a city  
 व्युत्धूम m. (-वृत्तः) A cloud. ६. व्युत् heaven and धूम smoke.  
 व्युत्त n. (-वृत्तः) 1. Sky, heaven, atmosphere. 2. Water. 3. A temple, sacred to the sun, or place where he is especially worshipped. 4. Talc. ६. व्युत् to cover, Unádi aff. मनिन्, form irr.  
 व्युत्तनासिका f. (-वृत्तिः) A sort of quail. ६. व्युत् heaven, नासिका the nose.  
 व्युत्तमन्त्र n. (-वृत्तः) A flag, a banner. ६. व्युत् the sky, and मन्त्र a stalk.  
 व्युत्तमण्डल n. (-वृत्तः) 1. A flag. 2. The horizon. ६. व्युत् sky, मण्डल place.  
 व्युत्तमाय mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्त) Measuring the sky, high as the heavens. ६. व्युत् and माय what measures.  
 व्युत्तमुद्गर m. (-वृत्तः) A gust of wind. ६. व्युत् the sky, and मुद्गर a club.  
 व्युत्तयान n. (-वृत्तः) A carriage of the gods. ६. व्युत् the sky, यान a vehicle.  
 व्युत्तविक्षुत्त n. (-वृत्तः) The expanse or firmament. ६. व्युत् and विक्षुत् spread.  
 व्युत्तसद् m. (-वृत्तः) A spirit of heaven, a divinity. ६. व्युत्, सद् who goes.  
 व्युत्तस्थली f. (-वृत्तिः) The earth. ६. व्युत् the sky, and स्थली base or site.  
 व्युत्तस्युग् mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्त) Sky-touching, lofty. ६. व्युत्, स्युग् what touches.  
 व्युत्तम m. (-वृत्तः) A Jaina deified saint. ६. व्युत् sky, and म shining.  
 व्युत्त n. (-वृत्तः) The aggregate of three spices, or black-pepper, long pepper, and dry ginger. ६. वि variously, वृत् to burn, aff. घञ्।  
 वृत् r. 1st cl. (वृत्ति-ते) 1. To go, to travel. 2. To pass away, (as time). With वृत्, 1. To follow. 2. To perform. With परि prefixed, To wander about, as a mendicant. With प्र, 1. To go into exile. 2. To enter on the fourth stage of life. With प्रति, To go to or towards. r. 10th cl. (वृत्ति-ते) 1. To prepare, to perfect. 2. To go.  
 वृत् m. (-वृत्तः) 1. A cow-pen, a station of cowherds. 2. A road. 3. A





शम. (-श) 1. A name of S'iva. 2. A weapon. 3. A cutter, a destroyer.  
 न. Adv. (-श) or Ind. (श or शम्) Happy, happily, auspiciously.  
 शो to sleep or शो to pare, &c., aff. श १.  
 शम् infn. (युः शु यु) Happy, prosperous, fortunate. m. (-युः) A sort of snake. शम् happily, and शु aff.  
 शम् infn. (-युः शु यु) Happy, fortunate. f. (-युः) Knowledge, understanding. शम् happily, and शु aff.  
 शम् infn. (-युः शु यु) Fortunate, prosperous. m. (-युः) 1. The thunderbolt of Indra. 2. The iron head of a pestle. शम् good fortune, and श पोष aff; also as differently derived, read शुक्ल and शुक्ल &c.  
 शम् n. (-युः) Water. शम् happily, शु to choose or cover, aff. शुक्ल or शम्; more usually read शुक्ल. q. v.  
 शम् (शु) शम् r. 1st cl. (शम्ति) 1. To praise. 2. To hurt. 3. To wish. 4. To calumniate. 5. To suggest. 6. To report, to relate, (with a dat. or gen. of the person communicated to.) With शम् prefixed, To accuse wrongfully. With शम्, 1. To hope. 2. To speak. 3. To wish. With शम्, To praise, to flatter; this root and its derivatives are sometimes read with the palatal sibilant final or शुक्ल, &c.  
 शम् n. (-युः) 1. The act of reciting. 2. Praising.  
 शम् f. (-युः) 1. Narrating. 2. Wish, desire. 3. Praise, flattery, eulogium. शम् to praise, &c., aff. शुक्ल and शम्.  
 शम् infn. (-युः शु यु) 1. Established, ascertained. 2. Calumniated, falsely accused. 3. Said, declared. 4. Praised, celebrated. 5. Wished, desired. शम् to wish, aff. शुक्ल. [compound.]  
 शम् f. (-युः) 1. Saying, indicating. 2. Praising. (used at the end of a sentence) m. (-युः) An encomiast, a panegyrist, a flatterer. शम् to praise, शुक्ल Una'di aff.  
 शम् infn. (-युः शु यु) Happy, prosperous, well-faring. शम् happily, शुक्ल to stay or be, aff. शुक्ल.  
 शम् infn. (-युः शु यु) 1. Desirable, to be wished. 2. Meritorious, to be praised. शम् to praise, &c., aff. शुक्ल or शम्; also शुक्ल.  
 शम् r. 4th cl. (शम्ति ते) (शम्) शम् r. 5th cl. (शम्ति) 1. To bear patiently, to endure, to be patient. 2. To be able to effect, to be competent. 3. To be powerful, (generally with an inf.) (शम्) शम् r. 1st cl. (शम्ते) 1. To think probable, to suspect. 2. To fear, to apprehend. With शम्, To dread.  
 शम् m. (-युः) 1. A sovereign, and prince who gives his name to an era, especially applied to SA'LIVA'HAN'A. 2. A particular caste, the followers or de-endants of S'AKA or SA'LIVA'HAN'A. 3. A country. m. plu. (-युः) 1. The inhabitants, the Saka, the Scythians. 2. An era: see शम्. शम् to be able, aff. शुक्ल.  
 शम् infn. Subst. (-युः शु यु) A cart. m. (-युः) 1. A Daitya slain by KRISHN'A. 2. A cart-load. 3. A form of military array resembling a wedge. 4. A measure of capacity equal to two thousand Panas. शम् to be able, शुक्ल Una'di aff.  
 शम्विश m. (-युः) A gallinule.  
 शम्कम् m. (-युः) KRISHN'A. शम्कम् the demon so named, and शुक्ल destroyer; also similar compounds, as शम्कम् &c.  
 शम्कम् m. (-युः) The minister of NANDA; also read SAKATA'RA.  
 शम्कम् f. (-युः) The fourth lunar asterism, called Rohini, the stars of which are represented as a cart. शम्कम् a cart, शम्कम् appellation.  
 शम्कम् f. (-युः) A small cart, a toy-cart. शम् added to शम्कम्.  
 शम्कम् m. (-युः) Animal-dung; this word has no forms for the first five cases, according to some this is not a separate word but a substitute for शम्कम्.  
 शम्कम् m. (-युः) A part, a portion, a piece. u. (-युः) 1. Skin. 2. Bark. 3. A kind of (black) pigment or dye. 4. The scales of a fish. शम्कम् to be able, शुक्ल Una'di aff.  
 शम्कम् f. (-युः) Reduced to fragments.  
 शम्कम् m. (-युः) A fish. शम्कम् skin or scales, and शुक्ल aff.

शम्कम् n. (-युः) Parting, dividing, cutting or breaking in pieces. शम्कम्, शम्कम् making, with शुक्ल aff. [made, शुक्ल aff.]  
 शम्कम् infn. (-युः शु यु) Parted, cut in pieces, wounded. शम्कम्, शम्कम् m. (-युः) A goose.  
 शम्कम् infn. (-युः शु यु) Rustling, making a noise, (as the leaves of a tree in the wind.) शम्कम् imitative sound, nominal v. शुक्ल aff.  
 शम्कम् m. (-युः) 1. The prince VIKRAMA'DITYA. 2. The name of SA'LIVA'HAN'A. शम्कम् an era or a Scythian, शम्कम् destroyer.  
 शम्कम् n. (-युः) 1. A year of the Saka era, or era of SA'LIVA'HAN'A. शम्कम्, शम्कम् a year. [a king's concubine.]  
 शम्कम् m. (-युः) 1. A silly brother-in-law of a Raja. शम्कम्. 2. The brother of शम्कम् m. (-युः) VIKRAMA'DITYA, the celebrated sovereign of Ujjain. शम्कम् a Saka or Scythian, शम्कम् the foe.  
 शम्कम् m. (-युः) 1. A bird in general. 2. A kind of bird, either the Indian vulture or the common kite, (Falco cheela) it is also applied to the pondicherry eagle, (Falco pondicherryensis.) 3. A sort of hymn or song, sung at festivals to solicit or secure lucky events. u. (-युः) Any lucky or inauspicious object or omen. शम्कम् to be able, शुक्ल Una'di aff.  
 शम्कम् f. (-युः) A small house-lizard. शम्कम् a bird, and शम् who knows, शम्कम् n. (-युः) Knowledge of omens.  
 शम्कम् m. (-युः) 1. A bird. 2. The maternal uncle of the Kaurava princes, and counsellor of DURYODHAN'A. 3. One of the astronomical periods called Karan'as. 4. The Indian kite or eagle, (Falco cheela.) f. (-युः) A hen-sparrow. शम्कम् to be able, शुक्ल Una'di aff.  
 शम्कम् f. (-युः) A trough or little well for watering birds. शम्कम् a bird, शम् before शुक्ल to drink, affs. शुक्ल and शुक्ल.  
 शम्कम् m. (-युः) 1. The sound of a bird. 2. The crowing of a cock.  
 शम्कम् m. (-युः) A name of GARUDA. शम्कम् a bird, and शम्कम् m. (-युः) 1. A bird. 2. A kind of bird, the Indian vulture. Another sort of bird, described as of aquatic habits, perhaps a kind of maritime or fishing falcon. 4. A sort of insect. 5. The one-eyed. शम्कम् to be able, शुक्ल Una'di aff.; also शुक्ल, &c.  
 शम्कम् m. (-युः) A bird. f. (-युः) 1. A kind of bird. 2. A locust. शम्कम् added to the last.  
 शम्कम् f. (-युः) The daughter of ME'NACA, the courtesan of S'wargadw'ya the sage VISNUVA MITRA, brought up by KANWA the hermit, and afterwards married to DUSYANTA, by whom she became the mother of BHARATA, the sovereign of all India. शम्कम् a bird, शम्कम् to be able, शुक्ल and शुक्ल, being born in a solitary forest, and protected by the birds till found by KANWA. [above, शम्कम् the son.]  
 शम्कम् m. (-युः) BHARATA, the sovereign of India. शम्कम् a bird, and शम्कम् m. (-युः) 1. A bird in general. 2. A kind of bird; see शम्कम्, &c. शम्कम् to be able, शुक्ल Una'di aff. शुक्ल. [risen.]  
 शम्कम् f. (-युः) A locust, a cricket. शम्कम् a bird, शम्कम् aff. of compound.  
 शम्कम् m. (-युः) A kind of fish. "शाल" शम्कम् to be able, aff. शुक्ल.  
 शम्कम् m. (-युः) A kind of fish. "शालनाह" शम्कम्.  
 शम्कम् m. (-युः) Bent grass, (Panicum dactylon.) with white blossoms. शम्कम् a kind of fish, शम्कम् the eye, शम्कम् substituted for the final vowel; the blossoms being compared to the eye of a fish.  
 शम्कम् f. (-युः) 1. A medicinal plant, commonly Kat'uki, (Wrightia antidysenterica) 2. A creeping plant, (Jussiaea repens.) 3. A drug, commonly Ka'yap'hal. 4. An earth worm. शम्कम् a fish, शम्कम् to eat, aff. शुक्ल.  
 शम्कम् m. (-युः) A sort of fish. "शुद्ध शाल" शम्कम् a fish, शम्कम् a young one. [aff. शुक्ल.]  
 शम्कम् n. (-युः) Faeces, excrement. शम्कम् to be able, (to expel) Una'di.  
 शम्कम् m. (-युः) A calf. शम्कम् ordure, शम्कम् to make, शुक्ल aff.  
 शम्कम् infn. (-युः शु यु) Making ordure or faeces. शम्कम् ordure, and शम्कम् who or what makes.



मङ्गनीय mfn. (-य-या-यं) Doubtful, questionable, to be doubted or apprehended. *मङ्गि* to fear or doubt, *मङ्गोपर* aff.; also *मङ्गितम्*, and *मङ्गि*.

मङ्गुर mfn. (-र-रा-रं) Auspicious, propitious, conferring happiness or good fortune. *म.* (-रः) 1. S'IVA. 2. The name of a celebrated teacher of the Vedānta philosophy. *f.* (-रौ) 1. PA'RVATI, the wife of S'IVA. 2. The S'ami-tree. 3. Bengal madder. *म.* *मं* good fortune, *कर* making. [beloved.]

मङ्गुरिय m. (-यः) The francoline partridge. *म.* मङ्गुर S'IVA, प्रिय dear, मङ्गुरावास m. (-सः) 1. Kailā'sa, the abode of S'IVA. 2. A kind of camphor.

मङ्गान्वित mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Apprehensive, doubtful, afraid. *म.* मङ्गा, चञ्चित possessed of. [charga.]

मङ्गान्वितम् m. (-तः) Accusation or charge on suspicion. *म.* मङ्गा, चञ्चितम् मङ्गापव mfn. (-य-यो-यं) Fearful, afraid. *म.* मङ्गा and मङ्गु aff.

मङ्गान्वय n. (-यः) Cause or matter of doubt or apprehension. *म.* मङ्गा and चान्वय site. [and *होम* free from.]

मङ्गाहिन mfn. (-न-ना-नं) Free from doubt or apprehension. *म.* मङ्गा, मङ्गित mfn. (-त-ता-तं) 1. Alarmed, frightened. 2. Weak, unsteady. 3. Doubtful, uncertain. *म.* मङ्गा fear, मङ्गु aff.

मङ्गितरयण m. (-यः) A thief. *म.* मङ्गित frightened, मङ्गु a caste, मङ्गु aff.

मङ्गु m. (-ङ्गुः) 1. The trunk of a lopped tree. 2. A javelin, a spear. 3. A pipa stake, a pale. 4. The gnomon of a dial, usually twelve fingers long. 5. A long thin column in front of a pagoda. 6. The penis. 7. A number. 8. The small fibres of a leaf. 9. The scate fish, (Raia Sankur, Ham.) 10. A sort of perfume, commonly Nak'hi. 11. A goose. 12. An ant-hill. 13. A goblin, a demon. 14. A Gandharba attached to S'IVA. 15. A name of S'IVA. 16. Ka'ma. 17. Sin. 18. Fear, terror. 19. The pointed head of an arrow, a shaft. 20. A measuring rod. 21. A large number "ten billions." 22. Poison. 23. Sin. of altitude, (in astro.) *म.* मङ्गि to doubt or apprehend, aff. उच्यते।

मङ्गुर्क m. (-र्कः) An ass. *म.* मङ्गु, a javelin, and कर्क the ear.

मङ्गुवि m. (-विः) A scate-fish. [a tree.]

मङ्गुवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) The S'al tree, (Shorea robusta.) *म.* मङ्गु, a stake, and तसु मङ्गुर mfn. (-रः रा-रं) Formidable, fearful, frightful. *म.* मङ्गु fear, रा to give or cause, aff. उ। [pieces.]

मङ्गुला f. (-ला) A pair of nippers, used to cut the betel-nut into small pieces.

मङ्गुलम् m. (-लम्) The S'al tree. *म.* मङ्गु, a pin or stake, and वृक्ष a tree.

मङ्गुलम् m. (-लम्) A scate fish. *म.* मङ्गि-उच्यते; also मङ्गु, मङ्गुवि and मङ्गुवि।

मङ्गुलम् mfn. (-लम्-ला-लं) To be feared or doubted. *म.* मङ्गि to fear, मङ्गु aff.

मङ्गुलम् m. (-लम्-लः) The conch shell used by the Hindus, in two ways especially; offering libations with it, or when perforated at one end blowing it as a horn at sacrifices; frequent mention of it occurs in the battle pieces of the poets, each hero being provided with a conch as his horn. *m.* (-लः) 1. One of Kuvā'ra's treasures. 2. The temple or temporal bone, sometimes comprising the frontal bone also. 3. A perfume, commonly Nak'hi, apparently a dried shell-fish. 4. A military drum. 5. One of the eight chiefs of the Na'gas or serpents of Pātā'la described as of a yellow colour. 6. An elephant's cheek. 7. A large number, "a hundred billions." 8. The name of a saint and legislator. 9. A post, one of the nine *grā's*, &c. *म.* मङ्गु to pacify, &c., Una'di aff. उ।

मङ्गुलम् m. (-लम्) A bracelet, (often made of the conch-shell.) *m.* (-लः-लं) 1. The conch-shell. 2. Pain and heat with a puñjās in the temples and forehead. 3. The temples. *म.* कङ्गु or वङ्गु added to the last.

मङ्गुलम् m. (-लः) A worker in shells. *म.* मङ्गु a conch, and कार maker.

मङ्गुलम् f. (-लः) Small marks on the forehead. *म.* मङ्गु the forehead, and चङ्गु to go, aff. उच्यते and उच्यते।

मङ्गुलम् f. (-लः) Sandal marks made across the forehead. *म.* मङ्गु the forehead, चङ्गु to anoint, aff. चङ्गु and उच्यते।

मङ्गुलम् m. (-लः) A large pearl, of the shape of a pigeon's egg. *म.* मङ्गु shell, and ज born.

मङ्गुलम् m. (-लः) A shell-blower. *म.* मङ्गु a conch, and ज who blows.

मङ्गुलम् m. (-लः) 1. A small shell. 2. A perfume, commonly मङ्गु a conch, मङ्गु the nail. [conch, &c., मङ्गु who nourishes]

मङ्गुलम् m. (-लः) 1. The sun. 2. A Nāga or serpent of Pātā'la. *म.* मङ्गुलम् f. (-लः) A sort of grass, (Andropogon aciculatus.) *म.* मङ्गुलम् मङ्गुलम् a flower, उच्यते aff., implying resemblance.

मङ्गुलम् m. (-लः) Spot on the moon. *म.* मङ्गु a shell, and मङ्गु pre eminent

मङ्गुलम् mfn. (-लः) Having a conch or shell. *m.* (-लः) VISHN'U, a conch, and मङ्गु who possesses.

मङ्गुलम् m. (-लः) An alligator. *म.* मङ्गु a conch, and मङ्गु face.

मङ्गुलम् f. (-लः) A kind of grass, (Andropogon aciculatus.) *म.* मङ्गु shell, कङ्गु or उच्यते implying resemblance, fem. form. "मङ्गुलम्" मङ्गुलम् mfn. (-लः-लितो-लितं) Possessing or having a conch or shell. *m.* (-लः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. The ocean. 3. A shell-blower. 4. A woman in shells. *f.* (-लः) 1. A sort of grass, (Andropogon aciculatus.) A plant, (Cissampelos hexandra.) 3. A description of woman one of the four classes into which females are divided in our writings; the S'ank'hini is described as tall, with long hair, neither stout nor thin, of irascible disposition and strong passions. 4. A goddess or S'akti worshipped by the Bauddhists. A female spirit or goblin. *म.* मङ्गु a shell, मङ्गु aff.

मङ्गुलम् m. (-लः) A small tree, (Trophis aspera.) "मङ्गुलम्" मङ्गुलम् r. 1st cl. (मङ्गुलम्) To speak articulately, to say or tell. (र) मङ्गुलम् 1st cl. (मङ्गुलम्) To go, to move.

मङ्गुलम् f. (-लः or -लः) 1. The wife of INDRA. 2. A plant, (Asparagus mosus.) 3. The astronomical Kuran'a or period of V'sh'v' to speak articulately, aff. मङ्गुलम् optionally added, मङ्गुलम् and मङ्गुलम्।

मङ्गुलम् m. (-लः) INDRA. *म.* मङ्गुलम् the wife of the deity, मङ्गुलम् मङ्गुलम् r. 1st cl. (मङ्गुलम्) 1. To be diseased or sick. 2. To divide (up or separate) 3. To go. 4. To be low spirited, to be weary, dejected. *r.* 10th cl. (मङ्गुलम्) To flutter, to praise.

मङ्गुलम् (-लः-लः) Sour, astringent, acid. *म.* मङ्गुलम् to pain, aff. मङ्गुलम् मङ्गुलम् f. (-लः) An ascetic's clouded hair. 2. A name; see मङ्गुलम्।

मङ्गुलम् f. (-लः or -लः) Zedovy, (Circum zedovy), otherwise called as a synonym of the Anushali or Circum Am'li, the pungent smelling ginger, so termed because the fresh root possesses smell of a green mango. *म.* मङ्गुलम् to divide, (removes disease), aff. मङ्गुलम् optionally added.

मङ्गुलम् r. 1st cl. (मङ्गुलम्) 1. To cheat, to defraud or deceive. 2. To hurt. 3. To suffer pain. *r.* 10th cl. (मङ्गुलम्) 1. To finish. 2. To leave unfinished. 3. To go or move. (मङ्गुलम्) 1. To speak ill. 2. To speak well. 3. To abstain from speaking. 4. To dissent. मङ्गुलम् To flutter, to coax, to praise.

मङ्गुलम् m. (-लः-लः) Wicked, depraved, perverse, dishonest. *m.* (-लः) An umpire, a mediator, an arbitrator. 2. A rascal, a knave. 3. A blockhead, a fool. 4. An iller. 5. A false husband or lover, who pretends a fiction to one female whilst his heart is fixed on another. 6. Thorny apple, (Datura metel.) *m.* (-लः) 1. A sort of m. commonly Tagara. 2. Saffron. 3. Iron. *म.* मङ्गुलम् to be wicked, मङ्गुलम् [a. (मङ्गुलम्)]

मङ्गुलम् f. (-लः) Wickedness, depravity. *म.* मङ्गुलम् wicked, मङ्गुलम् aff.; also मङ्गुलम्

मङ्गुलम् r. 1st cl. (मङ्गुलम्) 1. To dress or disorder. 2. To hurt, wound. 3. To collect, to heap together.

मङ्गुलम् r. 1st cl. (मङ्गुलम्) 1. To give. 2. To move.

मङ्गुलम् m. (-लः) Hemp, (Cannabis sativa.) 3. Bengal Sui, a plant which a kind of hemp is prepared, (Oronchis juncea and other kinds.) 3. An arrow. *म.* मङ्गुलम् to give, aff. मङ्गुलम्।

सततम् f. (-सु) The thread or string made of the flax of the *Crotolaria juncea*. s. सत and तनु string.  
 सततम् mfn. (-सु-सी-सु) Made of San' string. s. सततम् and सत् aff.  
 सततम् f. (-सी) A tree, (*Pentaptera tomentosa*) s. सत San', and सत् a leaf; having similar leaves.  
 सततिका f. (-सु) *Crotolaria* of several species. s. सत the San', सु a flower, aff. सी and सत् added, fem. form, implying resemblance; also सततिका, &c.  
 सततम् n. (-सु) 1. The fibre or flax of the San' plant, or string made from it. 2. A net made of hemp or of San', or the thread of the *Crotolaria juncea*. 3. Cordage, twine. s. सत hemp, &c., सत a thread.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) A plant, (*Cassia fistula*).  
 सतम् n. (-सु) 1. A rock or small island in the midst of the river So'na. 2. An insular spot inclosed by the branches of the SARAJ'U, where it falls into the Ganges above CHUPRA'N, at BHRI'GUNA'S HRAMA or BAGHUSAN; called also, the bank of the DARDARI'.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) 1. A bull set at liberty. 2. An eunuch. n. (-सु) A multitude of lotus flowers. s. सत् or सत् to give, aff. स, hence also सत्, and differently derived, सत्, सत् the more usual form; or सत्-सत्.  
 सतम् f. (-सु) 1. The state of a bull let loose or at liberty. 2. Emasculation. s. सत् a bull set at liberty, &c. तत् aff.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) The name of a Muni, and ancestor of a particular family of Bra'hmans. s. सत् an eunuch, and सत् Unadi aff.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) 1. An eunuch. 2. An eunuch or emasculated attendant, as employed in a Harem or seraglio. 3. An impotent man. 4. A bull set at liberty. 5. A mad man or a drunken man. s. सत् to bear or endure, Unadi aff. & also सत् and सत्, &c.; or सत्-सत् तत् तत्.  
 सतम् n. (-सु) 1. A hundred. 2. Any large number. s. सती-सतम्.  
 सतम् mfn. (-सु-का-सु) A hundred. m. (-सु) A century, a cento, a collection of one hundred stanzas, &c. s. सत a hundred, सत् aff.  
 सतकीर्त्तम् m. (-सु) A Jina or Jaina pontiff of the last age. s. सत a hundred, and कीर्त्त famous.  
 सतकुम्भम् n. (-सु) Gold. m. (-सु) The name of a mountain. f. (-सु) A plant, (*Phyllis flexuosa*) s. सत a hundred, and कुम्भ a water-jar.  
 सतकीर्त्तम् m. (-सु) INDRA's thunderbolt. f. (-सु) A hundred crores. s. सत a hundred, कीर्त्त edge or a crore.  
 सतकम् m. (-सु) INDRA. s. सत a hundred, सत् sacrifice; a hundred AS'HWAS MEDHAS or sacrifices of an unbroken horse, elevating the sacrificer to the place and title of INDRA.  
 सतसुम् n. (-सु) Gold.  
 सतम् mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) Possessed of a hundred cows, with as many, &c. s. सत, सु for सी a cow.  
 सतम् mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) A hundred times, a hundred-fold. s. सत, सु a time.  
 सतम् f. (-सु) 1. A weapon; it is generally supposed to be a sort of fire-arms, or the ancient Indian rocket, but it is also described as a stone set round with iron spikes. 2. A female scorpion. 3. A plant, (*Galedupa arborea*). 4. A disease of the throat, apparently enlargement of the tonsils. s. सत a hundred, सत् to kill, aff. सत् and सी and the radical letters changed.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) The wood-pecker. s. सत a hundred, सत् a feather.  
 सतम् mfn. (-सु-सी-सु) Hundredth. s. सत a hundred, सत् aff.  
 सतम् f. (-सु) The constellation S'ATABHISHA', q. v. s. सत a hundred or many, and सत a star.  
 सतम् f. (-सु) The river SUTLEY, which rises in the Himálaya mountains in the vicinity, it is supposed, of the RA'VAN'A-HRADA, and running to the S. W. unites in the PUNJAB with the BETA'N or VIRA'S'A, when it forms the HYPHASIS of the Greeks, and falls into the INDUS below MOOLTA'N. s. सत a hundred, (fold, or in a hundred branches,) सत् to flow, Unadi aff. स; form irr.

सतम् mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) Hundred-gated, having a hundred or a number of doors or outlets. s. सत and सत a door.  
 सतम् f. (-सु) Bent grass, (*Panicum dactylon*) Ind. 1. In a hundred ways, a hundred-fold. 2. In a hundred parts. s. सत a hundred, (blossoms,) सत् to have, स and सत् aff.; or सत the same, सत् aff.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) VISHN'U. s. सत a hundred, (i. e. many,) सत् body; being multiplied in as many shapes as the creation exhibits.  
 सतम् mfn. (-सु-सी-सु) 1. Flowing in many streams. 2. Having many edges. n. (-सु) The thunder-bolt. s. सत, सत् an edge, सत् added.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) 1. BRAHMA'. 2. INDRA. 3. Heaven. s. सत, सत् sacrifice.  
 सतम् n. (-सु) A lotus in general, (*Nelumbium speciosum* or *Nymphaea nelumbo*) m. (-सु) 1. A peacock. 2. The S'ARAS or Indian crane. 3. A wood-pecker. 4. A parrot, the king-parrot or Loory. f. (-सु) A woman. s. सत a hundred, सत् a leaf or feather.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) The wood-pecker. s. सत् added to the last, q. v.  
 सतम् mfn. (-सु-सी-सु) Following a variety of paths or doctrines. s. सत a hundred, सत् a road and signally, a doctrine, aff. सत्.  
 सतम् f. (-सु) A centipede, jaulus. s. सत a hundred, सत् a foot, सत् aff.  
 सतम् n. (-सु) The white lotus. s. सत hundred, (leaves), and सत् a lotus.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) A bamboo. s. सत a hundred or many, सत् a joint.  
 सतम् f. (-सु) 1. Bent grass, (*Panicum dactylon*) 2. Orris root. 3. The wife of S'UKHA. 4. Day of full-moon in the month of A'swin. s. सत a hundred, सत् a joint or period, सत् aff.  
 सतम् f. (-सु) 1. Bent grass or Du'rbā'. 2. Orris root. 3. Barley. s. सत् fem. form, added to the last.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) The planet VENUS or its regent. s. सतम् the wife of S'UKHA, सत् lord.  
 सतम् f. (-सु-सु-सु) A centipede. s. सत a hundred, सत् a foot.  
 सतम् f. (-सु) 1. A medicinal root, commonly Kāko'u. 2. A centipede. s. सत a hundred, सत् a foot or root, सत् aff., fem. form.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) The poet BHARAVI, the author of the KIRAT'ARJUN-NIRAM. f. (-सु) A sort of dill or fennel, (*Anethum sowa*). "सुसुता".  
 सतम् f. (-सु) *Anethum sowa*. s. सत् fem. form, added to the last.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) A sieve.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) Fistula in ano with many external openings.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) A kind of sugar-cane.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) A flower, (*Nerium odorum*) s. सत a hundred, सत् a dart, to which the leaves are compared.  
 सतम् f. (-सु) One of the lunar asterisms: see the next.  
 सतम् f. (-सु) The twenty-fifth of the Nakshatras or lunar mansions, containing 100 stars, one of which is Aquari. s. सत a hundred, सत् to cure, aff. स; requiring many physicians, as the Hindus say DHANWANTARI himself can not cure any person affected with disease, whilst the moon is in this asterism. [सुसुता].  
 सतम् f. (-सु) Arabian jasmine, (*J. zambac*) s. सत a hundred, (singers,) सत्.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) 1. INDRA. 2. An owl. s. सत, सत् a sacrifice: the performance of a hundred AS'hwamedhas obtaining this situation.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) INDRA. s. सत a hundred, सत् a sacrifice: see the last.  
 सतम् mn. (-सु-सु) 1. A pala of silver. 2. An A'd'haka or measure so termed. s. सत a hundred, सत् measure. [a killer].  
 सतम् m. (-सु) A man who has killed a hundred others. s. सत, सत्.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) An armourer, a cutler. s. सत a hundred, (many weapons,) and सत् who cleans.  
 सतम् mfn. (-सु-सी-सु) 1. Having a hundred mouths. 2. Having a hundred openings. f. (-सु) A brush or broom. s. सत, सत् mouth.  
 सतम् f. (-सु) A plant, (*Asparagus racemosus*) s. सत a hundred or many, सत् a root, fem. aff. सी; also with सत् added सत-सत्.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) A necklace of 100 strings, s. सत a hundred, सत् a string, सत् added.

शतकुटा f. (यः) 1. Name of the wife of BRAHMA. 2. An epithet of SA VITRI, the daughter of BRAHMA. [thousand.

शतलक्ष m. (-न्) A hundred lakhs, ten millions. श. शत, लक्ष a hundred [a year.

शतवर्षिक m. (-कः) A name of poet BHARAVI.

शतवर्ष mfn. (यः शत-वर्ष) Of a hundred years. n. (-र्षे) A century. श. शत, वर्ष [a year.

शतवर्षी f. (-र्षी) White Datura grass, (Panicum dactylon with white blossoms) श. शत a hundred, बीज seed.

शतवेधिन m. (-धी) A sort of dock or sorrel, (Oxalis monadelpho or Rumex vesicarius) श. शत a hundred, वेध् to pierce, aff. निनि ।

शतशत Ind. By hundreds, a hundred-fold. श. शत, and शस aff.

शतशाख mfn. (-ख-ख-ख) 1. Having many branches. 2. Multiform, various. श. शत, and शाखा a branch.

शतसहस्र n. (-सः) A hundred thousand श. शत, and सहस्र a thousand.

शतसहस्रशत Ind. By myriads, श. शस added to the last

शतसाहस्र mfn. (-स-स-स) Having a hundred thousand, bought with, consisting of, &c. श. शतसहस्र, and सश aff.

शतशब्दा f. (-दा) 1. Lightning. 2. The thunderbolt. श. शत a hundred, शब्द a ray of light, or great sound; the vowel made short; also शतशब्दा ।

शतशत mfn. (यः शत-शत) Hundred eyed. f. (-शी) 1. Night. 2. A sort of fennel, (Anethum sowa.) 3. The goddess PARVATI. श. शत a hundred, शत for शति the eye.

शतशत m. (-शत) A car, a chariot. श. शत a hundred, and शत a part.

शतशत n. (-कः) A place where dead bodies are burnt or buried, a burial ground, a cemetery. श. शत a hundred, शतशत a drum.

शतशत m. (-न्) 1. BHARATA. 2. VISVAMITRA or KRISHNA. 3. The car of VISVAMITRA. 4. The Maharishis, the founder of the logical school of philosophy. 5. The father of Gaurama (according to the Ramayana) and the father of the famous adviser of JANAKA of MITHILA.

शतशत m. (-न्) 1. An old man. 2. The name of a sovereign, the son and successor of JAYAMATI. 3. The name of a saint, the pupil of VISHNU. श. शत a hundred, शत before शत to obtain, कर् aff.

शतशत m. (-न्) A man of hundred years old. श. शत, and शतम् life.

शतशत m. (-न्) The thunderbolt. श. शत a hundred, शत to go, aff. चण ।

शतशत m. (-न्) A leprosy disease of the skin. श. शत hundred or many, and शत a sore

शतशत f. (-न्) A plant, (Anethum sowa.)

शतशत f. (-न्) 1. A shrub, (Asparagus racemosus) 2. The wife of INDRA. श. शत a hundred, (roots), शत before शत to choose aff. चण ।

शतशत m. (-न्) VISVAMITRA. श. शत a hundred, शतम् revolving.

शतशत m. (-न्) VISVAMITRA. श. शत a hundred, शतम् revolving, (appearances, or in the mind of the worshippers.) श. शत aff.

शतशत f. (-न्) A sort of dill or fennel, (Anethum sowa.) श. शत a hundred, and शत name, appellation.

शतशत mfn. (-न्) 1. Indicative of a hundred, (as a sign or omen.) 2. Doing or effecting any thing with a hundred. 3. Bearing tax or interest per hundred. 4. Brought with a hundred. 5. Changed with or for a hundred, &c. 6. Relating or belonging to a hundred. श. शत a hundred, शत, शत or शत aff.; also with शत शत in the same acceptations.

शतशत m. (-न्) The owner of a hundred.

शतशत m. (-न्) 1. An enemy. 2. Injury, detriment, hurt. श. शत to decay, to go, Unádi aff. शत, शत changed to शत [शत sovereign.

शतशत m. (-न्) The ruler or head-man of a hundred, (villages.) श. शत, शतम्.

शतशत m. (-न्) An elephant. श. शत to go, शत Unádi aff.

शतशत mfn. (-न्) Bought with a hundred, &c. : see शतशत ।

शतशत m. (-न्) 1. An enemy, a foe, an adversary. 2. A destroyer. 3. A political enemy, a neighbouring prince as being one with whom disputes are likely to occur. श. शत to go, Unádi aff. शत ।

शतशत m. (-न्) 1. The side of an enemy. 2. An antagonist.

शतशत mfn. (-न्) Who beats or kills an enemy. श. शत, शत who kills.

शतशत mfn. (-न्) Killing a foe. m. (-न्) The second brother of RA'MACHANDRA, the son of DASARATHA by SUMITRA, and uterine brother of LAKSHMAN'A. He slew LAVAN'A, the demon and colonized MATHURA. श. शत an enemy, and शत destroyer.

शतशत f. (-न्) SUMITRA, the mother of LAKSHMAN'A, and S'ATRUGHN'A. श. शत S'ATRUGHN'A, and जननी the mother.

शतशत mfn. (-न्) Subduing an enemy. m. (यः) 1. The mountain Vimala, or Girna'r, or a mountainous range in Guzerat. 2. An elephant. श. शत a foe, शत to conquer, शत aff.

शतशत f. (-न्) Hostility, enmity. श. शत added to शत : with शत, शत ।

शतशत m. (-न्) A number of enemies. श. शत, शत a quantity.

शतशत m. (-न्) The dwelling of a foe. श. शत, and शत abode.

शतशत mfn. (-न्) Subduing enemies. श. शत, शत to harass, शत aff.

शतशत m. (-न्) An antagonist, an enemy. श. शत, and शत side or part.

शतशत m. (-न्) S'ATRUGHN'A, the brother of RA'MA. श. शत a foe, शत destroyer. [to bear, शत ।

शतशत mfn. (-न्) Bearing or patient with an enemy. श. शत, शत

शतशत f. (-री) Night. श. शत to go, कर् aff.; fem aff. शत ।

शतशत m. (-न्) शतशत r. 1st cl. (शतशत) 1. To perish gradually, to wither or decay. 2. To fall. 3. To throw down. 4. To go, to move.

शतशत m. (-न्) A vegetable, any edible vegetable product, as fruits, roots, &c. श. शत to wither, aff. चण ।

शतशत m. (-न्) 1. A cloud. 2. An elephant. 3. ARJUN'A. f. (-न्) 1. To move. 2. Clayed or candied sugar. श. शत to go, कर् Unádi aff.

शतशत mfn. (-न्) 1. Wasting, decaying, falling, perishing. 2. To move. श. शत to go, कर् aff.

शतशत f. (-न्) A shrub, (Pothos officinalis) [same as शतशत]

शतशत Ind. 1. Slowly. 2. Mildly. 3. Gradually. 4. Successively.

शतशत f. (-न्) A medicinal plant, (Wrightea antidysenterica)

शतशत m. (-नि) 1. The planet SATURN; he is the son of the god, represented as of a black colour or dressed in dark clothes. 2. Saturday. श. शत to give, aff. शत : or शत-शत शत ।

शतशत n. (-न्) Black pepper. श. शत SATURN, शत born.

शतशत m. (-न्) Worship of S'IVA on the thirteenth day of the fortnight when it falls on a Saturday. [शतशत]

शतशत f. (-न्) C'HA'YA, the wife of the Sun. श. शत SATURN, शत

शतशत n. (यः) The emerald or sapphire. श. शत SATURN, शत

शतशत m. (-न्) Saturday. श. शत the planet, and शत in the and similar compounds, a day.

शतशत m. (-न्) The planet SATURN or its mythological personification. Adj. Moving slowly. श. शत slowly, and शत who goes.

शतशत Ind. 1. Slowly, tardily. 2. Independently, at will. 3. Softly. 4. Little by little. 5. In order. श. शत to give, (to produce), aff. शत and the consonant changed.

शतशत r. 1st cl. (शतशत) r. 4th cl. (शतशत) 1. To revile, to wish evil imprecations on, to curse. 2. To take an oath, to swear; in the sense शत sometimes 'governs a cognate accusative; but generally it takes the accusative of the person to whom a promise is made, and the instrumental of the object by which it is made; when used intransitively it governs the dative of the object of person, by which the oath is taken. 3. To blame. [accept-

शतशत Ind. A particle and prefix of assent or acceptance, as शतशत he

शतशत m. (-न्) 1. An oath. 2. An imprecation, a curse, cursing. 3. A corpse; also शत. श. शत to curse, aff. चण ।

शतशत n. (-न्) 1. An imprecation. 2. An oath. 3. Abusive language.

शतशत m. (-न्) 1. An oath, asseveration, by oath or ordeal. 2. An imprecation. 3. Cursing, wishing ill to. श. शत to swear, Unádi aff. शत ।

शतशत n. (-न्) 1. An oath, confirmation of the truth by oath or ordeal

Abuse, imprecation, cursing, malediction, *शब्द* to curse, *शब्द* *शब्द*.

*शब्द* mfn. (-तः-ना-तः) 1. Reviling. 2. Swearing. *शब्द* to curse, *शब्द* aff. *शब्द* mfn. (-तः-ना-तः) 1. Cursed. 2. Sworn. 3. Abused. *शब्द* m. (-तः) A sort of grass, (*Saccharum cylindricum*) *शब्द* to curse, aff. *शब्द*.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) 1. A hoof in general. 2. The root of a tree. 3. The hoof of a horse. *शब्द* to be tranquil, aff. *शब्द*, the final changed to *क*.

*शब्द* (-तः-रो) A small fish, (*Cyprinus Sophore*, HAN.) *शब्द* a hoof, *शब्द* to give, (to resemble,) aff. *क* "पुंटीमाक" [चधिव chief.

*शिव* m. (-तः) The Ilisha fish, (*Ilisha olupanodon*) *शब्द* a carp, *शब्द* (श्वारो) A spotted cow.

*शब्द* 10th cl. (*शब्दयति-ते*) 1. To sound, to make or utter sound. 2. To call out to, to speak; with the prefixes *प्र*, *प्रति*, or *वि*, as well as uncompounded, this root means also;—1. To promise. 2. To make clear or manifest, to explain. 3. To speak.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) 1. Sound in general, (considered as the property of *Atkasha*) 2. A sound, a word. 3. A declinable word, as noun, pronoun, &c., (in gram.) 4. The sound of a musical instrument. 5. Verbal authority, (considered as a "proof" by the *Naiya'yikas*.) *शब्द* to sound, aff. *चञ्* [make, *शब्द* aff.

*शब्द* m. (-तः-रो-रः) Sounding, sonorous. *शब्द* sound, &c., *शब्द* to sound, aff. *चञ्* A lexicon.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) Being or residing in word.

*शब्द* (-तः) 1. The ear. 2. Receiving or catching sound. 3. A faculty, *शब्द* sound, *शब्द* what receives.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) Cleverness of diction.

*शब्द* (-तः) One of the two divisions of the last division of poetry; *शब्द* charm consists in the fanciful use of words giving pleasure to the ear by mere sound.

*शब्द* (-तः) A plagiarist. *शब्द*, and *शब्द* a thief.

*शब्द* (-तः) The subtle element of sound.

*शब्द* m. (-तः-ना-तः) Sounding, sonorous *शब्द* m. (-तः) 1. Sounding, uttering. 2. Sound. 3. Calling out. *शब्द* to sound, aff. *चञ्*.

*शब्द* (-तः) A nominal lord.

*शब्द* (-तः) Knowledge derived from verbal testimony, (in phil.)

*शब्द* m. (-तः) Inspired writ, the *Ve'das* as generated and identified with the Supreme Spirit. *शब्द*, and *शब्द* the supreme.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) 1. A name of *ANUR'A*. 2. The anus. 3. A kind of noise. *शब्द* sound, noise, and *शब्द* breaking.

*शब्द* (-तः) A root, a radical word. *शब्द*, *शब्द* place of origin.

*शब्द* (-तः) Function of a word.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) 1. *ANUR'A*. 2. A kind of arrow. Adj. Hitting an animal mark by the clue of mere sound. *शब्द* sound, and *शब्द* terrifying his enemies by his shouts.

*शब्द* (-तः) Force or signification of words. *शब्द*, *शब्द* power.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) The rules of grammar. *शब्द*, and *शब्द* regulating.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) Philology, grammar, &c. *शब्द*, *शब्द* a science, &c.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) A play upon words, a verbal equivoque, a pun, (it differs from *शब्द* in that the figure vanishes if the words on which it depends are substituted by others of the same meaning.)

*शब्द* m. (-तः) A vocabulary, a lexicon. *शब्द*, and *शब्द* collection.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) The objects of sense, viz.:—sound, form, scent, juice, contact, or what affords matter for the exercise of hearing, seeing, smelling, tasting and touching. *शब्द*, and *शब्द* other.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) The ear. *शब्द* sound, *शब्द* receptacle.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) 1. Conformity or proportion to the sound. 2. Imitation of sound. *शब्द*, *शब्द* conformity. [शब्द government.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) The acceptance or sense of words. *शब्द*, *शब्द*.

*शब्द* mfn. (-तः-ना-तः) Sounding. *शब्द* sound, nominal verb, *शब्द* aff.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) 1. The sense or meaning of words. 2. Words and sense. *शब्द*, *शब्द* sense.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) Rhetorical use of words; verbal figure, as alliteration, &c. *शब्द* and *शब्द* ornament.

*शब्द* mfn. (-तः-ना-तः) 1. Sounded. 2. Uttered, articulated. 3. Explained, made public or manifest. 4. Converted into a noun, &c. *शब्द* to sound, *शब्द* aff.; or *शब्द*, and *शब्द* aff.

*शब्द* (-तः-उ) *शब्द* m. 4th cl. (*शब्द*) 1. To be pacified, to be calmed or appeased. 2. To pacify, to calm. 3. To be tranquil, to have the passions tamed and quiescent. *शब्द* 10th cl. (*शब्द*) To look, to look at or inspect. (*शब्द* *शब्द*) To allay, to appease. *शब्द* To display. With *च* prefixed, To tranquillize, to allay, to tame. With *वि*, 1. To hear. 2. To observe, to perceive. 3. To restrain or prevent. With *प्र*, 1. To destroy. 2. To be very tranquil. 3. To be soothed. 4. To cease. 5. To fade away. With *सम्*, To be extinguished.

*शब्द* Ind. A particle meaning "welfare, prosperity, blessing, health," (with a dat. or gen.)

*शब्द* m. (-तः) 1. Quiet of mind, stoicism, indifference, the absence of passion, as one of the qualities of the *Ve'dānti* or follower of the *Ve'dānta* doctrine; it is defined to be the exclusion of every idea not derived from the precepts of that philosophy, and is so far synonymous with abstract meditation on *BRAHMA* or God. 2. Quiet, tranquillity, rest, calm, (in general) 3. Final happiness, emancipation from human existence. 4. Cure, convalescence, alleviation of pain or disease. 5. Abuse, imprecation, malediction. 6. The hand. *शब्द* to be pacified or calm, aff. *चञ्*, and the vowel not made long.

*शब्द* mfn. (-तः-का-तः) Pacifier, pacificator, tranquillizing. *शब्द* to be tranquil, *शब्द* aff. of attributive *शब्द*.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) 1. Quiet, tranquillity (see the last) 2. A counsellor, a minister. *शब्द* to be calm, *शब्द* aff. *चञ्*.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) 1. Killing animals for sacrifice, immolation. 2. Mental tranquillity, calmness, indifference. 3. Abuse, malediction. 4. Hurt, injury. 5. Chewing, swallowing. 6. The act of appeasing, soothing, consoling. 7. Cessation, end, destruction. *शब्द* (-तः) 1. *YAMA*, the ruler of *Tartarus*. 2. An asp. *शब्द* (-तः) Night. *शब्द* to be tranquil, aff. *चञ्*, *शब्द*.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) *YAMUNA*, the personified river. *शब्द* *YAMA* and *शब्द* the sister.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) A *Yaksha*, an evil spirit, a goblin. *शब्द* night, *शब्द* mfn. (-तः-यन्-तः) 1. Appeasing, allaying. 2. Terminating, stopping. *शब्द* to pacify, *शब्द* aff. [Unā'it *शब्द*.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) 1. Deceit, offence. 2. Sin, impurity. *शब्द* to be quiet, *शब्द* m. (-तः) The deity *KAMA* or love, (personified) *शब्द* mental or devotional tranquillity, *शब्द* destroyer.

*शब्द* f. (-तः-मी) A legume or pod f. (-तः) 1. The *Sami* tree, (*Acacia suma*, Rox.) 2. A shrub, (*Serratula anthelmintica*) *शब्द* to pacify, (sickness) aff. *चञ्*, *शब्द* added.

*शब्द* mfn. (-तः-ना-तः) 1. Pacified, appeased. 2. Quiet, tranquil, calm. 3. Alleviated, relieved. 4. Tempered, moderate. 5. Relaxed, intermitted. *शब्द* to be pacified or calm, aff. *चञ्*. [aff. *शब्द*.

*शब्द* mfn. (-तः-मी-मी-मी) *Shānti*, tranquillized. *शब्द* to be tranquil, *शब्द* m. (-तः) A variety of the *Sami* tree. *शब्द* the *Sami* tree, *शब्द* to get, (to resemble,) aff. *क*, and the vowel made short, also *शब्द*.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) *SIVA*. *शब्द* for *शब्द* the *Sami* tree, *शब्द* who ascends.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) 1. A man of the sacerdotal class, a *Brahman*. 2. A name of *AGNI* or fire. *शब्द* the *śānta*, (the wood of which is essential for certain sacrifices, &c.) and *शब्द* embryo.

*शब्द* m. (-तः) Pulse, grain which grows in legumes or pods. *शब्द* a legume, and *शब्द* grain.



समीपवी f. (-वी) A sort of sensitive plant, (Mimosa pudica.) z. समी  
Acacia Suma, and पत्र the leaf; having a similar leaf.  
समीर m. (-रः) A small variety of the Mimosa Suma. z. समी the S'ami  
tree, and र aff. of diminution; also sometimes read समिर।  
सम्पा f. (-पा) Lightning. z. सम्प happiness, पा to drink, क and टाप् affs.;  
destroying pleasure by its awful appearance.  
सम्पाक m. (-कः) 1. A kind of Cassia, (C. fistula.) 2. Bringing to matu-  
rity or ripeness, cooking, maturing. 3. The lac pigment. z. सम्प  
pleasure and पाक what matures; also सम्पाक।  
सम्प r. 1st cl. (सम्पति) To go. r. 10th cl. (सम्पति-ते) To accumulate, to  
collect or heap together.  
सम्प mfn. (-स्यः स्यात्) 1. Happy, fortunate. 2. Poor, indigent. m. (-स्यः)  
1. INDRA's thunderbolt. 2. The iron head of a pestle. 3. An iron  
chain worn round the loins. 4. The second ploughing of a field.  
z. सम्प happiness, and स possessive aff.; or सम्प to accumulate, aff.  
सम्प; it is also read सप, सप्, and सप्प।  
सम्प m. (-रः) 1. Water. 2. A religious observance. 3. Wealth. m. (-रः)  
1. A Daitya. 2. A sort of deer. 3. A mountain. 4. A fish in gener-  
al. 5. War. 6. Best, excellent. 7. A Baud'dha. f. (-रः) 1. A drug  
or medicinal plant, (Anthericum tuberosum.) 2. A female juggler.  
z. सम्प to accumulate, सम्प aff.; or सम्प happiness, स to choose,  
aff. सम्प; also read सप्प and सम्प or सप्प। [trayer.  
सम्पद्म m. (-नः) A name of PRADYUMN'A. z. सम्प the Daitya, सद्म des-  
सम्पद्म m. (-रः) PRADYUMN'A. z. सम्प the Daitya, सप्प the los.  
सम्पल m. (-लः) 1. Provender for a journey, stock for travelling  
expenses. 2. A bank, a shore. 3. Envy, impatience or dislike of  
another's success. f. (-लः) A procuress, a bawd. z. सम्प to go, to  
collect, कलम्प aff.; also सम्पल, and सम्पल or सवल।  
सम्पल्लुत mfn. (-तः) Twice-ploughed, (a field.) z. सम्प a second  
ploughing, लुत made, and लुत् augment.  
सम्प m. (-स्यः) A bivalve-shell. z. See सम्प below.  
सम्पल m. (-कः) A bivalve-shell; see सम्प below।  
सम्पल m. (-कः) A bivalve-shell; see the text.  
सम्पल mfn. (-कः) A bivalve-shell. m. (-कः) 1. A conch-shell. 2. A  
snail. 3. A Sudra, who had become a devotee in the time of  
RAJACHANDRA, and was slain by him. 4. The edge of the frontal  
protuberance of the elephant. 5. The name of a Daitya. z. सम्प to  
be tranquil, कम्प aff. and वृत्त augment; also with the vowel short,  
सम्पल, and the final consonant then rejected, सम्प; it is also  
read, सम्पल and with the first vowel long, सम्पल, &c.  
सम्प m. (-स्यः) 1. INDRA's thunder-bolt. 2. The iron bound head of a  
club or pestle. 3. A happy man. z. सम्प particle of auspiciousness,  
आ to shine, aff. क। [and कौट affs.  
सम्पली f. (-ली) A bawd, a procuress. z. सम्प pleasure, मत् to describe, सप्  
सम्प m. (-स्यः) 1. S'IVA. 2. BRAHMA. 3. A Jaina sanctified teacher.  
4. A Sid'dha, a demi-divine being. 5. A sage, a venerable man. 6.  
A kind of Asclepias. z. सम्प auspicious particle, भू to be, लु aff.  
सम्पतनय m. (-यः) 1. K'ARTIK'YA. 2. GAN'ESHA. z. सम्प S'IVA, तनय son.  
सम्पतनय m. (-नः) 1. A name of GAN'ESHA. 2. A name of K'ARTIK'YA.  
z. सम्प S'IVA, तनय son.  
सम्प विवा f. (-वा) 1. Emblic myrobalan. 2. An epithet of DUBBA'. z.  
सम्प S'IVA, विवा beloved.  
सम्पा f. (-पा) 1. The pin of a yoke. 2. A sacrificial vessel. 3. A stick,  
a staff. z. सम्प to be kept quiet, सप् aff., fem. aff. टाप्।  
सम्पात m. (-तः) The cast of a stick. z. सम्पा and पात alighting.  
सम्प mfn. (-स्यः या or यी-स्य) Asleep, sleeping. m. (-स्यः) 1. A hand. 2. A  
snake, (Boa constrictor.) 3. Sleep, sleeping. 4. A bed, a couch. 5.  
Abuse, imprecation. z. सम्प to sleep, aff. स, टप् or सप्। [aff.  
सम्प mfn. (-स्यः) Asleep, sleeping. z. सम्प to sleep, सम्प Unadi aff.  
सम्प mfn. (-स्यः या स्य) Asleep, sleeping. m. (-स्यः) 1. Death, dying. 2. A

sort of snake, the Boa. 3. A boar. 4. A fish. z. सम्प to sleep, सम्प  
Unadi aff.  
सम्प n. (-स्यः) 1. Sleep. 2. A bed, a couch. 3. Copulation. z. सम्प to sleep, सम्प  
सम्प m. (-स्यः) A bed-chamber. z. सम्प and सम्प house.  
सम्प m. (-स्यः) A bed chamber. z. सम्प and सम्प house.  
सम्प mfn. (-स्यः या-स्य) Fit for or suitable to sleep, to be slept on, &c.  
m. (-स्यः) A bed, a couch. z. सम्प to sleep, सम्प aff. of the future  
participle; also with सम्प added सम्पनीय m. (-स्यः)।  
सम्पेकादशी f. (-शी) The eleventh day of the light-half of A'sha'dha, on  
which VISHNU's sleep commences. z. सम्प, एकादशी 11th lunation.  
सम्प mfn. (-स्यः या-स्य) Sleeping, asleep. z. सम्प to sleep, सम्प aff.  
सम्प m. (-स्यः) 1. A snake. 2. A lizard. z. सम्प to sleep, सम्प Unadi aff.  
सम्प mfn. (-स्यः या-स्य) Sleepy, slothful, sluggish. m. (-स्यः) 1. A kind of  
snake, the Boa. 2. A dog. 3. A jackal. z. सम्प to sleep, सम्प aff.,  
implying disposition or habit.  
सम्प mfn. (-स्यः या-स्य) Asleep. n. (-स्यः) A plant, (Cordia myxa) n. (-स्यः)  
Sleep, sleeping. z. सम्प to sleep, aff. स।  
सम्प mfn. (-स्यः या-स्य) Sleeping, asleep. z. सम्प to sleep, सम्प aff.  
सम्प Ind. Having slept. z. सम्प to sleep, सम्प aff.  
सम्प m. (-स्यः) A large snake, (Boa.) z. सम्प to sleep, सम्प Unadi aff. [सम्प;  
सम्प m. (-स्यः) A large kind of snake, (Boa.) z. सम्प to sleep, सम्प aff.  
सम्पा f. (-पा) 1. A bed, a couch, a sofa. 2. Tying in knots, straggling.  
z. सम्प to sleep, सम्प aff., and सम्प, substituted for the vowel  
सम्प m. (-स्यः) 1. A sort of reed or grass, (Saccharum sara.) 2. An arrow,  
3. The upper part or cream of slightly curdled milk. 4. Mosquito,  
injury, hurt. 5. The number "five." n. (-स्यः) 1. Water. 2. Versed  
sine of an arc. z. सम्प to hurt, aff. सम्प or सम्प; also सम्प।  
सम्प m. (-स्यः) 1. The stem of the Saccharum. 2. The shaft of an  
arrow. z. सम्प, सम्प stem.  
सम्प m. (-स्यः) The autumnal moon. z. सम्प, सम्प moon.  
सम्प n. (-स्यः) Butter made from milk one day old. z. सम्प cream, सम्प.  
सम्प m. (-स्यः) A name of K'ARTIK'YA. z. सम्प a sort of grass, and  
सम्प birth: having been brought up in thickets of that grass.  
सम्प m. (-स्यः) 1. A lizard, a chameleon. 2. Safflower, the plant. z.  
to hurt, सम्प aff.; also सम्प।  
सम्प n. (-स्यः) 1. A house. 2. A preserver, a protector, what or who  
protects or preserves. 3. Preservation, protection, defence. 4.  
Killing, slaying. f. (-स्यः) A plant, (Celtis.) z. सम्प to injure, सम्प  
सम्प mfn. (-स्यः या-स्य) Refuge, appellant, one who comes for protec-  
tion or refuge. z. सम्प protection, and सम्प come.  
सम्प mfn. (-स्यः या-स्य) Taken refuge. z. सम्प and सम्प obtained.  
सम्प mfn. (-स्यः या-स्य) Unfortunate, wretched, involved in cala-  
mity or ruin, and dependent on others for protection or aid. z.  
सम्प protection, and सम्प soliciting, requiring.  
सम्प mfn. (-स्यः या-स्य) Unfortunate, calamitous, distressed, ruined:  
(see the last.) z. सम्प protection, सम्प who comes to be afforded.  
सम्प mfn. (-स्यः या-स्य) A road, a path, a way. z. सम्प to hurt, सम्प aff.; more  
usually सम्प। [सम्प, सम्प who wishes.  
सम्प mfn. (-स्यः या-स्य) Seeking for an asylum or protection. z.  
सम्प m. (-स्यः) 1. A bird in general. 2. A lizard, a chameleon. 3. A  
kind of ornament. 4. A rogue, a cheat. 5. A libertine, a lecher.  
z. सम्प to injure, (fruit, &c.) सम्प Unadi aff.; also सम्प।  
सम्प mfn. (-स्यः या-स्य) To be protected or aided, poor, miserable,  
helpless. n. (-स्यः) 1. A protection, a protector, that which or who  
affords refuge and defence. 2. A house. 3. Protection, defence. 4.  
Injury, hurt. z. सम्प to hurt, सम्प aff. सम्प; or सम्प protection,  
and सम्प aff. of fitness.  
सम्प m. (-स्यः) 1. A plough. 2. Wind, air. 3. A protector, a defender.  
4. A cloud. z. सम्प to injure, सम्प aff.; also सम्प।  
सम्प m. (-स्यः) A dog. z. सम्प autumn, and सम्प uxorious.

आतुमल mfn. (-वः-सः-सः) Autumnal. स. सरद and वास time.  
 आतुमल mfn. (-वः-सः-सः) Autumnal. स. सरद and वास time.  
 आतुमल n. (-वः) A festival, on the full moon of A'shwin, (September-October :) see कोशाग्र. स. सरद autumn, and पर्वण्य a holyday.  
 आतुमल f. (-वः or रः) 1. The season of autumn, or the sultry season; the two months succeeding the rains; according to the Vaidikas, comprising the months Bha'dra and A'shwin, and according to the Paurnikas, A'shwin and Ka'tika, fluctuating thus from August to November. 2. A year. स. घृ to injure, अनदि aff.; also with टाप् added सरदा.  
 आतुमल f. (-दा) 1. A year. 2. The sultry season. स. See the last.  
 आतुमल mfn. (-जः-जः-जः) Autumnal, produced in Sarat or the season of autumn. स. सरद as above in the 7th case, and ज born.  
 आतुमल m. (-जिः) A quiver. स. सर an arrow, वा to have or contain, aff. जि.  
 आतुमल n. (-जः) Commencement of the autumn. स. सरद, सुख beginning.  
 आतुमल m. (-नः) An arrow's fall or flight. स. सर and पतन alighting.  
 आतुमल n. (-नः) A bowshot, an arrow's flight. स. सरपान, स्थान place.  
 आतुमल f. (-नः) The feathered end of an arrow. स. सर an arrow, and पतन the feathered part of it.  
 आतुमल n. (-नः) The blade or barb of an arrow. स. सर, and पतन blade.  
 आतुमल m. (-नः) 1. A fabulous animal, supposed to have eight legs, and to inhabit particularly the snowy mountains. 2. A young elephant. 3. A monkey in Rama's army. 4. A camel. 5. A grasshopper. 6. A locust. स. घृ to injure, अनदि aff. चञ्चल; or सर an arrow, वा to shoot, aff. क.  
 आतुमल m. (-नः) Ka'tika's. स. सर the grass, भू born, being reared in सरद mfn. (-यः-यौ-यः) Made of or consisting of Sara grass, &c. स. सर the grass, and सयट् aff., implying in this and other compounds change of form for any purpose except food or clothing.  
 आतुमल m. (-नः) A small bird, considered as a variety of the Sa'lica or Maina, (Turdus gosalia, Ruch, Mss.) स. सर the Sara grass, and मल to hold or occupy, aff. चञ्चल; some authorities have सरमल.  
 आतुमल f. (-यः-युः) The Saraju'-river; it is perferably, and more usually written सरयु, q. v.  
 आतुमल mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) 1. Upright, honest. 2. Crooked, fraudulent. m. (-नः) A tree, a sort of pine. स. घृ to go, चञ्चल aff., and ल changed to न, whence the word is preferably read सरल.  
 आतुमल n. (-लः) Water.  
 आतुमल f. (-लः) Uprightness, sincerity. स. लञ् added to सरल; with ल, सरलञ्; also read सरलम.  
 आतुमल m. (-लः) 1. S'iva. 2. A lid, a cover.  
 आतुमल m. (-लः) 1. Ka'tika's. स. सर saccharum, वन a thicket or jungle, and लञ् born : see सरलञ्चन, &c.  
 आतुमल m. (-लः) A flight or shower of arrows. स. सर, वन rain. [showering.  
 आतुमल mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Raining or shooting arrows. स. सर, वन.  
 आतुमल m. (-लः) 1. The head of an arrow. 2. A foot-soldier, an archer. 3. A maker of arrows. स. सर an arrow, वन to sound, aff. वन.  
 आतुमल f. (-लः) A heavy fall or shower of arrows. स. सर and वन rain.  
 आतुमल n. (-लः) A mark, a butt. स. सर a weapon, and वन aff.  
 आतुमल n. (-लः) Taking aim with an arrow.  
 आतुमल m. (-लः) Shooting, (with a bow.) स. सर an arrow, वाचन striking.  
 आतुमल f. (-लः) A sort of bird, (Turdus ginginianna.) स. सर water or mischief, चञ्चल to go, aff. वन; or from चञ्चल to go, सराजि; and otherwise derived also सराजि, and सराजि.  
 आतुमल f. (-लः) A bird : see सराजि.  
 आतुमल f. (-लः) A bird : see सराजि, &c. [arrow, चञ्चल exercise.  
 आतुमल m. (-लः) Archery, practice with the bow and arrow. स. सर an arrow.  
 आतुमल f. (-लः) A sort of bird, commonly the Ali or Sara'li. (Turdus ginginianna.) स. सर water or mischief, चञ्चल to go, aff. वन; also वन being substituted, सराजि, &c.

आतुमल f. (-लः) Soissars. स. सरारी, मुख month or beak, चञ्चल aff. [aff.  
 आतुमल mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Mischievous, noxious, hurtful. स. घृ to hurt, वाच  
 आतुमल m. (-लः) A bow. स. सर an arrow, वाच a receptacle.  
 आतुमल f. (-लः or लः) Sara'li, a kind of bird, (Turdus ginginianna.) स. सर an arrow, चञ्चल to be equal to, (in speed,) aff. वन, and चञ्चल optionally added; also सरारि, सराजि, सराजि, &c., and with वन added, सराजि form सराजिवा.  
 आतुमल m. (-लः) 1. A lid, a cover. 2. A shallow earthen cup or dish. 3. A platter. 4. A measure equal to two Kudavas. स. सर mischief, (from it,) चञ्चल to preserve, aff. चञ्चल or चञ्चल.  
 आतुमल f. (-लः) A river so named. स. सर a sort of grass, लञ्चल aff., fem. form, and the final of the first word made long.  
 आतुमल m. (-लः) A quiver. स. सर an arrow, वाच receptacle. [चञ्चल.  
 आतुमल n. (-लः) 1. A bow. 2. Shooting arrows. स. सर, चञ्चल to throw, aff.  
 आतुमल mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Struck by an arrow. स. सर, and चञ्चल struck.  
 आतुमल m. (-लः) Bearing, bringing forth. स. घृ to hurt, वननिच अनदि aff.  
 आतुमल n. (-लः) 1. The body. 2. The body of any inanimate object. 3. A dead body. स. घृ to injure, to be injured, अनदि aff. वन.  
 आतुमल n. (-लः) 1. A small or delicate body. 2. The body. स. सररी, and चञ्चल diminutive, or pleonastic aff. [attracting.  
 आतुमलचञ्चल n. (-लः) Emaciating or afflicting the body. स. सररी and चञ्चल  
 आतुमल mfn. (-जः-जः-जः) Born or produced by the body, &c. m. (-जः) 1. Sickness, disease. 2. The deity Ka'ma or love. 3. A son. स. सररी the body, and ज born. [सररी, लञ्चल birth.  
 आतुमलचञ्चल mfn. (-जः-जः-जः) Born or produced of or from the body स.  
 आतुमलचञ्चल m. (-लः) Corporal punishment.  
 आतुमलचञ्चल n. (-लः) Death.  
 आतुमलचञ्चल m. (-लः) Decay, emaciation. स. सररी, and वाच a ripening.  
 आतुमलचञ्चल Adj. Invested with a body.  
 आतुमलचञ्चल m. (-लः) A hostage. स. सररी, वनचञ्चल a pledge. [who shares.  
 आतुमलचञ्चल mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Embodied, corporeal, having body. स. सररी, वाच  
 आतुमलचञ्चल f. (-लः) A slender body or figure.  
 आतुमलचञ्चल f. (-लः) Subsistence, support. स. सररी, and वाच going.  
 आतुमलचञ्चल m. (-लः) Bodily union. स. सररी, and वन union.  
 आतुमलचञ्चल n. (-लः) Liberation of the soul from the body.  
 आतुमलचञ्चल f. (-लः) Personal attendance. स. सररी and वनचञ्चल service.  
 आतुमलचञ्चल n. (-लः) 1. Drying up, withering. 2. Emaciating the body. स. सररी, and वनचञ्चल drying.  
 आतुमलचञ्चल m. (-लः) Purification of the body by various ceremonies at conception, birth, initiation, death, &c. n. (-लः) Decoration or adorning the person. स. सररी and वनचञ्चल making perfect.  
 आतुमलचञ्चल n. (-लः) The skin. स. सररी the body and वाच enclosing.  
 आतुमलचञ्चल mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Embodied, corporeal, having body. m. (-लः) An animal or sentient being. n. (-लः) Life or soul connected with the body, or incorporate. स. सररी the body and वन aff.  
 वन m. (-लः) 1. Passion, anger. 2. The thunderbolt of Indra. 3. An arrow. 4. Any weapon. स. घृ to injure, अनदि aff. वन.  
 वन m. (-लः) The mango-tree. स. सर an arrow and वन desired; the blossoms of the mango being amongst those which tip the dark of Cupid.  
 वन f. (-लः) 1. A potsherd, the fragment of a broken pot. 2. A stony nodule, or gravel. 3. A soil or spot abounding in stony or gritty fragments. 4. Clayed or candid sugar. 5. A part, a piece. 6. Gravel, (the disease.) स. घृ to injure, अनदि aff. वन.  
 वनराजवा f. (-लः) The hell of gravel according to the Jaines, the second division of Tartarus. स. वनराज gravel, वन illustrious.  
 वनराज mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Gritty, gravelly, full of stony particles. स. वनराज gravel and लञ्चल aff.  
 वनराज mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Stony, gravelly. स. वनराज gravel, &c., वन, aff.

मकैरि मfn. (-क-सा-ल) Abounding in stony or gravelly particles, (a spot, a place.) E. मकैरा gravel and मकैरि aff.

मकरो f. (-रो) 1. A river. 2. A girdle.

मक् r. 1st cl. (मक्ति) To wound or kill. [मक् to fart, aff. चक् ।

मक् m. (-क्) Parting, a fart. m. (-क्) 1. Strength. 2. Multitude. E.

मक्च मfn. (-क्-च-क्) Causing flatulence. m. (-क्) Any leguminous grain or pulse, as beans, &c. E. मक्च farting and चक् to let go or loose, aff. चक् ।

मक् r. 1st cl. (मक्ति) 1. To go. 2. To hurt, to injure.

मक्द मfn. (-क्-द-द) Conferring prosperity, making happy, propitious. E. मक्द and द who or what gives.

मक्च मfn. (-क्-च-क्) Happy, glad. n. (-क्) Happiness, pleasure. m. (-क्) A name or appellation common to and proper for Brahmans. E. मक् to injure, or destroy, (ill fortune,) मक्च Unadi aff.

मक्च मfn. (-क्-च-क्) Lucky, auspicious. E. मक्च and मक्च aff.

मक्च m. (-क्) A sort of garment or cloth. f. (-क्) A species of Curcuma, (C. zanthorhizon.) E. मक्च pleasure, चक् to give, aff. चक् ।

मक्च f. (-क्) Night. E. मक् to injure, चक् aff.

मक् r. 1st cl. (मक्ति) To hurt, to injure or kill.

मक् m. (-क्) S'IVA. E. मक् to injure, Unadi aff. चक्; also चक् ।

मक्च m. (-क्) Ka'ma. n. (-क्) Darkness. E. मक्च, चक् aff.

मक्च f. (-क्) 1. Night. 2. A woman. 3. Turmeric. E. मक् to injure, चक् Unadi aff.; or मक्चि चक्चो चक् ।

मक्च m. (-क्) 1. A low or vile man, a rogue, a wretch. 2. A cruel or mischievous man. E. मक् to injure, चक् Unadi aff., चक् augment and the root repeated. [मक्चला !

मक्चला f. (-ला or ली) An iron crow. E. मक् to injure, चक् aff.; also मक्चो f. (-चो) A name of P'ARVATI. E. मक्च S'IVA, चक् aff., and चक्च augment; the wife of SARVA; also चक्चो ।

मक् r. 1st cl. (मक्ति) 1. To move, to shake, to tremble or stir. 2. To cover. (मक्ति) To go, to move to or towards. r. 10th cl. (मक्चति ते) To praise.

मक्च mn. (-क्-च) The quill of a porcupine. m. (-क्) 1. A name of BHIRINGI, S'IVA's attendant. 2. BRAHMA. 3. A kind of field. 4. A dart, a spear. 5. A stake. 6. A camel. E. मक् to go, aff. चक् ।

मक्च m. (-क्) A spider. E. मक् to go, aff. चक् । [मक्च ।

मक्च m. (-क्) 1. A king. 2. A sort of salt. E. मक् to go, Unadi aff.

मक्च m. (-क्) 1. A grass-hopper. 2. A locust. E. मक् to go, चक् Unadi aff.; see मक्च । [मक्च, fem. aff. चक् ।

मक्च m. (-क्-च) The quill of a porcupine. E. मक् to go, to project, aff.

मक्चला f. (-ला) 1. A javelin, a dart. 2. An arrow. 3. A porcupine. 4. The rib of an umbrella, the bar of a cage, &c., or any such small stake, rod, peg, or pin; it is applied also in common use, to a thin slip of bamboo, serving when tipped with sulphur for a match; to a round pointed piece of wood or bamboo serving as a toothpick; to a similar piece employed as a tent or probe, or to a larger one used as a ruler, &c. 5. A bone. 6. An oblong quadrangular piece of ivory or bone used in playing a particular game, a domino. 7. A thorny stick, used as a brush or pencil. 8. A thorny shrub, (Vangueria spinosa.) 9. The Sa'rika. (Turdus Gosslica, BHOJ.) 10. A shoot, a sprout. E. मक् to go, Unadi aff. चक्च ।

मक्चला f. Ind. Beat at a game played with pieces of stick. E. मक्चला a match, &c., चक्, implying in this and similar compounds, reverse.

मक्चला m. plu. (-ला) Sixty-three persons considered by the Jains as sacred and divine, viz. —the 24 Jinas, 12 Chakravarties, 9 Va'sudevas, 9 Baladevas, and 9 Prati va'sudevas.

मक्च m. (-क्) A cart-load, considered as twenty times one hundred. E. मक् to injure, aff. चक्च and the च changed to चक् ।

मक्च mfn. (-क्-च-च) Unripe, moist, (as fruit.) m. (-क्) A kind of root. E. मक् to go, चक् aff.

मक्चला m. (-ला) A camel.

मक्चला m. (-ला) A sort of perfume.

मक्चला mfn. (-क्-च-च) Purchased with or procured for the substance termed S'alain. E. मक्चला as above, and चक् aff.

मक्च n. (-क्) 1. A part, a portion. 2. Bark, rind. 3. The scale of a fish. E. मक् to go, Unadi aff. चक् ।

मक्च n. (-क्) 1. The scale of a fish. 2. Bark, rind. E. मक् to go, चक् aff.

मक्चि m. (-चि) A fish. E. मक्च and चि aff.

मक्चि m. (-चि) A fish. E. मक्च a scale and चि aff.

मक्च r. 1st cl. (मक्चते) 1. To praise, to flatter or coax. 2. To stalk, to

मक्चि m. (-चि-चि) The silk-cotton tree; see मक्चि ।

मक्च mn. (-क्-च) A dart, a javelin. n. (-क्) 1. A bamboo rod or stake. 2. Any stake or thorn. 3. An arrow. 4. An iron crow. 5. Sin,

crime. 6. Difficulty, embarrassment, distress. 7. An arrow, a thorn, or other extraneous substance which has lodged in the body, a dart, (lit.); but (fig.) any tormenting and heart

rending sorrow. 8. Abuse, defamation. 9. Poison. 10. A bone. m. (-क्) 1. A thorny shrub, (Vangueria spinosa.) 9. A porcupine.

3. A hedgehog. 4. A peg, a pin, &c. 5. A boundary. 6. Extrac-

tion of splinters, (in surgery.) 7. A king, the maternal uncle of YUDHISTHIRA. E. मक्च to go, aff. चक् or चक् Unadi aff.

मक्च m. (-क्) 1. A stake, a thorn. 2. A dart, a pike. 3. A porcupine. 4. A hedgehog. 5. A thorny shrub, (Vangueria spinosa.) E. मक्च as

above, and चक् added.

मक्च m. (-क्) A porcupine. E. मक्च a stake, and चक् the throat.

मक्चि f. (-चि) The extraction of extraneous substances lodged in the body. E. मक्च, and चि act.

मक्च mfn. (-क्-च-च) 1. Shooting arrows. 2. Set with stakes. 3. Harassed with difficulties, &c. E. मक्च and चक् aff.

मक्च m. (-क्) The part by which an arrow or the like lodged in the body is to be laid hold of for its extraction. E. मक्च, and चक् the

place of seizure.

मक्च m. (-क्) That part of Surgery which treats of the extraction of extraneous substances lodged in the body. E. मक्च, मक्च science.

मक्च m. (-क्) YUDHISTHIRA. E. मक्च the prince, and चक् an enemy.

मक्च m. (-क्) 1. Extraction of foreign substances from the body. 2. Cleansing or purifying a new house. E. मक्च, चक् taking away.

मक्च r. 1st cl. (मक्चति) To go or move. [चक् ।

मक्च m. (-क्) A frog. n. (-क्) Bark, rind. E. मक्च to go, चक् aff.; or चक् ।

मक्च m. (-क्) 1. A plant, (Bignonia Indica.) n. (-क्) Bark, rind. f. (-चि) 1. A porcupine. 2. The gum Olibanum tree, (Boswellia thurifera.) E. मक्च to go, aff. चक्, deriv. irr.

[मक्च exudation. मक्च m. (-क्) Incense, Olibanum. E. मक्च the Boswellia thurifera.

मक्च m. (-क्) A country so named in the north of India. E. मक्च to go, चक् aff.; more usually मक्च ।

मक्च r. 1st cl. (मक्चति) 1. To go or approach. 2. To change. [चक् ।

मक्च mn. (-क्-च) A dead body, a corpse. n. (-क्) Water. E. मक्च to go, चक् ।

मक्च m. (-क्) A dog. E. मक्च a corpse, and चक् desirous.

मक्च m. (-क्) Burning a corpse. E. मक्च, चक् burning. [मक्च ।

मक्च m. (-क्) A person who burns a corpse. E. मक्च, चक् who

मक्च n. (-क्) The litter or bed on which a dead body is carried to be burnt. E. मक्च a corpse, and चक् a vehicle.

मक्च m. (-क्) 1. A barbarian, one inhabiting the mountainous districts of India, and wearing the feathers of the peacock, &c. as decorations. 2. Water. 3. A name of S'IVA. 4. The hand. 5. Name of a learned writer on Mima'nsa Darshan. E. मक्च a corpse, चक् to take, affs. चक् and चक्; or चक् चक् ।

मक्च m. (-क्) A sort of Lo'ub.

मक्च m. (-क्) The abode of an outcaste or low tribe. E. मक्च a bar-

शब्द m. (-सः) The abode of an outcaste or barbarous tribe. स. शब्द a barbarian, शब्दशब्द abode.

शब्द mfn. (-सः-सः) 1. Variegated, of a variegated colour. 2. Imitative. 3. Articulate. 4. Divided into various parts. m. (-सः) 1. A variegated colour. f. (-सः-सः) 1. A brindled cow. 2. The oow of plenty, KA'MANHA'NU. n. (-सः) 1. Water. 2. A religious observance peculiar to the Bauddhas. स. शब्द to alter, शब्द aff, and व changed to व ।

शब्द f. (-सः) Variegation, variety of colour. स. शब्द and तत् aff; also with त, शब्दतत् ।

शब्द mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Variegated. स. शब्द, कृत made. श्चि augment.

शब्द n. (-सः) A mystical and magical ceremony performed with a dead body. स. शब्द, and शब्द implement.

शब्द m. (-सः) 1. A traveller, (in the dialect of the Vedas.) 2. A road. n. (-सः) A cemetery. स. शब्द to go, with शब्द aff. [leaping.

शब्द 1st cl. (शब्द) To jump, to leap, to move by springing or m. (-सः) 1. A hare or rabbit. 2. The Lo'd'h-tree, (Symplocos racemosa.) 3. Gum myrrh. 4. A man of mild and virtuous character, but uxorious and woman-led, one of the four characters in which men are classed by erotic writers. 5. The spots on the moon, supposed to resemble the figure of a hare. स. शब्द to go by leaps or jumps, aff. शब्द ।

शब्द m. (-सः) A hare. स. शब्द added to the last.

शब्द mfn. (-शब्द-शब्दो शब्द) Leaping, jumping. स. शब्द to leap, शब्द aff.

शब्द m. (-सः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. स. शब्द a hare, and शब्द having; either as an emblem on his banners, or fancifully, as the spots on the moon's face. [शब्दत्तु jumping.

शब्द m. (-सः) A mark or scratch of the finger-nail. स. शब्द a hare, शब्द m. (-सः) 1. VISHN'O or KRISHN'A. 2. A sovereign. 3. The moon. स. शब्द a hare, and शब्द a spot.

शब्द m. (-सः) The moon. स. शब्द a hare, शब्द who cherishes; see शब्द ।

शब्द mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) As large as or of the size of a hare. स. शब्द, शब्द m. (-सः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. स. शब्द, शब्द mark.

शब्द m. (-सः) The skin of the hare or rabbit. स. शब्द a hare or rabbit, शब्द hair.

शब्द m. (-सः) The horn of a hare; any thing improbable or extraordinary. स. शब्द, शब्द a horn.

शब्द f. (-सः) The Doab, the country between the Ganges and Jumunā rivers. स. शब्द a hare, शब्द place, sito. [spot.

शब्द m. (-सः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. स. शब्द a hare, शब्द a mark or शब्द f. (-सः) A digit of the moon. स. शब्द, शब्द streak. [eats.

शब्द m. (-सः) A hawk or falcon. स. शब्द a hare or rabbit, शब्द what शब्द m. (-सः) The moon-gem. n. (-सः) A lotus.

शब्द m. (-सः) An eclipse of the moon.

शब्द m. (-सः) An epithet of BUDDHA or MERCURY.

शब्द m. (-सः) A sovereign, named also रत्नदेव ।

शब्द m. (-सः) 1. The moon. 2. The emblem of one of the Jinas. 3. Camphor. स. शब्द a hare, शब्द aff.

शब्द m. (-सः) A moon-beam. स. शब्द, and शब्द a ray; also similar compounds, as शब्दशब्द, शब्दशब्द, शब्दशब्द and शब्दशब्द. &c.

शब्द m. (-सः) The white esculent water-lily. f. (-सः) Moon-light. स. शब्द the moon, शब्द shining, (blossoming,) or शब्द lustre, light.

शब्द f. (-सः) 1. A digit of the moon. 2. A plant, (Menispermum glabrum.) 3. A metre, a variety of the line of the Atijagati' atansa of thirteen syllables, or of the Atiasacari' of fifteen syllables. स. शब्द the moon, and शब्द a line or mark.

शब्द f. (-सः) 1. A woman with a face like the moon. 2. A species of the Ga'yatri metre. स. शब्द, शब्द face. [moon, शब्द a crest.

शब्द m. (-सः) 1. SIVA. 2. One of the Jaina pontiffs. स. शब्द the शब्द m. (-सः) A name of SIVA. स. शब्द, शब्द lord.

शब्द m. (-सः) The hair of the hare or rabbit. स. शब्द a hare, &c., शब्द wool.

शब्द Ind. 1. Again and again, frequently, repeatedly, perpetually. 2. Together with. स. शब्द to go by jumps. शब्द aff.

शब्द r. 1st cl. (शब्द) To hurt, to injure, to wound or kill.

शब्द m. (-सः) A plant, (Galedupa arborea, Rox.) f. (-सः) 1. The outer ear or opening of the external auditory passage. 2. Rice or barley water, &c. 3. A sort of pie. 4. A kind of baked cake. स. शब्द शब्द ।

शब्द n. (-सः) Young grass. m. (-सः) Loss of intellect or confidence. स. शब्द to hurt, Unādi aff. व, and स changed to व, also शब्द

शब्द (शब्द) and the preposition शब्द usually prefixed शब्द r. 1st cl. (शब्द) 1. To bless, to wish good to, to confer a benediction. 2. To wish, to desire. 3. To speak (शब्द) शब्द r. 1st cl. (शब्द) To hurt, to injure, to wound or kill. With शब्द, To intreat. With शब्द, To kill. r. 2nd cl. शब्द To dream.

शब्द n. (-सः) Immolation, offering an animal in sacrifice. स. शब्द to hurt, aff. शब्द, also शब्द ।

शब्द (शब्द) शब्द r. 2nd cl. (शब्द) To sleep, (peculiar to the Vedas.)

शब्द mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) 1. Happy, well, right. 2. Praisel, eulogised. 3. Best, excellent. 4. Injured. n. (-सः) 1. Happiness, excellence. 2. The body. 3. A finger-protector. स. शब्द to bless, aff. शब्द । [the last.

शब्द n. (-सः) A defence for the finger of an archer. स. शब्द added to शब्द शब्द mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Having much or beautiful hair. स. शब्द excellent, शब्द hair, शब्द aff.

शब्द n. (-सः) 1. A weapon in general. 2. Iron. 3. Steel. 4. An instrument. 5. A hymn of praise. m. (-सः) A sword, a scymitar. f. (-सः) A knife. स. शब्द to hurt, aff. शब्द ।

शब्द n. (-सः) 1. Iron. 2. Steel. स. शब्द a weapon, and शब्द aff.

शब्द m. (-सः) An armourer. स. शब्द, and शब्द who make.

शब्द m. (-सः) Taking arms. स. शब्द and शब्द taking.

शब्द m. (-सः) A man armed. स. शब्द, शब्द who takes.

शब्द mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Clanging. स. शब्द, शब्द clanging, शब्द what makes.

शब्द m. (-सः) A quantity of weapons. स. शब्द, शब्द a heap. [lives by.

शब्द m. (-सः) A soldier by profession. स. शब्द a weapon शब्द who शब्द m. (-सः) Throwing away a weapon. स. शब्द, शब्द abandoning.

शब्द f. (-सः) A deified weapon.

शब्द m. (-सः) An armed man or soldier. स. शब्द, and शब्द who has.

शब्द mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) A warrior armed, having weapons in the hand. स. शब्द, and शब्द the hand

शब्द m. (-सः) The stroke of a weapon. स. शब्द, and शब्द failing.

शब्द mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Purified by arms, absolved from guilt by dying in the field of battle. स. शब्द, and शब्द purified.

शब्द mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Taking arms. स. शब्द, शब्द taking. [ing.

शब्द m. (-सः) An armed man, a soldier. स. शब्द a weapon, शब्द a hare.

शब्द m. (-सः) An armourer. स. शब्द a weapon, and शब्द cleaning.

शब्द m. (-सः) A soldier, a man at arms. स. शब्द, and शब्द profession.

शब्द f. (-सः) 1. A quantity or number of weapons. 2. An arsenal, an armoury. स. शब्द, and शब्द assemblage.

शब्द n. (-सः) 1. A quantity or number of weapons. 2. An arsenal, an armoury. स. शब्द, and शब्द a heap.

शब्द mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Struck or killed by a weapon. स. शब्द शब्द hurt शब्द m. (-सः) A man carrying arms. स. शब्द a weapon, शब्द the hand.

शब्द m. (-सः) A soldier. स. शब्द a weapon, शब्द who lives by.

शब्द m. (-सः) Military exercise or practice. स. शब्द a weapon, and शब्द practice.

शब्द n. (-सः) Steel. [offence or defence.

शब्द n. (-सः) Use of weapons. स. शब्द, शब्द a weapon, or means of

शब्द m. (-सः) A soldier, a warrior. स. शब्द, शब्द who has.

शब्द n. (-सः) The military profession, the use of arms. स. शब्द, शब्द aff.

शस्त्रिण mfn. (-स्त्री-लिङ्गो-क्लि) Armed, having weapons. *उ. शस्त्र, इति aff.*  
 शस्त्रोत्थापन n. (-न) Raising a weapon, (as to strike.) *उ. शस्त्र, उत्थापन*  
 taking up. [lifting up]  
 शस्त्रोत्थान m. (-नः) Lifting up a weapon, (as to strike.) *उ. शस्त्र, and उत्थान*  
 शस्त्रोपवीविन् m. (-वी) A soldier, a man at arms. *उ. शस्त्र, उपवीविन् living by.*  
 शस्य n. (-स्य) 1. Young grass. 2. Loss of confidence or understanding.  
*उ. शस्य to injury, व aff., and the sibilant unchanged.*  
 शस्तृ mfn. (-स्यः-स्त्री-स्य) 1. Excellent, best. 2. To be hurt or injured. 3.  
 Desirable, to be wished. n. (-स्य) 1. Fruit. 2. Corn, grain in  
 general. 3. Good quantity, merit. 4. Grass. *उ. शस्य to hurt, aff.*  
 शस्तु : or शसि to wish, शस्य aff.  
 शस्तृक्षेत्र n. (-क्षेत्र) A corn-field. *उ. शस्तृ, and क्षेत्र a field.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिण m. (-क्षेत्रिण) A timber tree, commonly Toon, (Cedrela tunna)  
 "तुन्द शस्तृ" *उ. शस्तृ fruit, and क्षेत्रिण injurious.*  
 शस्तृभक्षक mfn. (-क्षेत्र-का-क्षेत्र) Graminivorous. *उ. शस्तृ, and भक्षक what eats.*  
 शस्तृभक्षण n. (-क्षेत्र) Feeding upon grain. *उ. शस्तृ, भक्षण eating.*  
 शस्तृभक्षणी f. (-क्षेत्रिणी) 1. The ear or spike of corn. 2. The fruit-stalk. *उ.*  
*शस्तृ and भक्षणी pedicle.* [protects]  
 शस्तृभक्षक m. (-क्षेत्र) A watchman over a field of corn. *उ. शस्तृ, रक्षक who*  
 शस्तृभक्षक n. (-क्षेत्र) The beard of corn. *उ. शस्तृ corn, रक्षक beard.*  
 शस्तृभक्षक m. (-क्षेत्र) The Sa'l tree, (Shorea robusta.) *उ. शस्तृ fruit, रक्षक*  
 surrounding.  
 शस्तृभक्षक m. (-क्षेत्र) A small variety of the Mimosa suma.  
 शस्तृभक्षक mfn. (-क्षेत्र-क्षेत्रिणी) Made of S'isu wood, &c. *उ. शस्तृ the S'isu, क्षेत्र*  
*aff., and क्षेत्र substituted for the first vowel.*  
 शस्तृ m. (-क्षेत्र) A potherb in general, any leaf, flower, fruit, stalk,  
 root, &c. used as a vegetable m. (-क्षेत्र) 1. One of the seven Dw'ipar  
 or divisions of the world; the sixth, surrounded by the sea of  
 milk or white sea. 2. Power, strength. 3. The Sirisha-tree, (Acacia  
 sirisa.) 4. The Teak-tree, (Tectona grandis.) 5. An era, a period  
 usually commencing with some celebrated prince, as Yudhisht'hira  
 Vikrama'ditya, S'A'liya'han' &c., thence denominated Sa'ka's-  
 a'waras, &c. : the term in ordinary use is applied especially to the  
 era of S'A'liya'han'a, commencing 76 or 78 years after the  
 Christian era. *उ. शस्तृ to be able, क्षेत्र aff.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका f. (-क्षेत्रिका) The tamarind.  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका mfn. (-क्षेत्रिका-क्षेत्रिका) Belating to a cart, (a cart-load, a cart-horse, &c.)  
 m. (-क्षेत्रिका) 1. A draught ox. 2. The Sleshmántaka-tree. *उ. शस्तृ a*  
*cart, क्षेत्रिका aff.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) Name of a philologist and grammarian.  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका mfn. (-क्षेत्रिका-क्षेत्रिका) (Doing in or on a cart, *उ. शस्तृ a cart, क्षेत्रिका aff.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका mfn. (-क्षेत्रिका-क्षेत्रिका) Belonging or relating to a cart. m. (-क्षेत्रिका) A cart-  
 load as a measure of weight or value. *उ. शस्तृ a cart, क्षेत्रिका aff.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) A plant, (Capparis trifoliata.) "सेतुक्षेत्रिका"  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) A handful or similar quantity, as a measure of  
 potherbs *उ. शस्तृ, and क्षेत्रिका price.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) A plant, commonly Ba'manháti; also वासिष्ठशस्तृ.  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) The egg-plant, (Solanum melongena.) *उ. शस्तृ a*  
*potherb, शस्तृ the Be'l fruit; also, with क्षेत्रिका added शस्तृक्षेत्रिका.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका f. (-क्षेत्रिका) 1. Durga. 2. A city, supposed to be the modern  
 Sámther. *उ. शस्तृ a potherb, क्षेत्रिका to nourish, aff. क्षेत्रिका, fem. aff. क्षेत्रिका.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका n. (-क्षेत्रिका) A fossile-salt brought from a lake in the vicinity of  
 Sámther, a town in Ajmere. *उ. शस्तृक्षेत्रिका the city, क्षेत्रिका aff.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका f. (-क्षेत्रिका) One of the dialects of dramatic Prakrit, that spoken by  
 the Sakáras. *उ. शस्तृक्षेत्रिका, क्षेत्रिका and क्षेत्रिका aff.* [aff.]  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका mfn. (-क्षेत्रिका-क्षेत्रिका) Having a piece or part. *उ. शस्तृ a part, क्षेत्रिका*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) Name of an ancient grammarian who preceded Pa'nini.  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) A potherb, (Chenopodium album.) *उ. शस्तृ a potherb,*  
*and क्षेत्रिका eminent.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) The Teak-tree. *उ. शस्तृ the same, and क्षेत्रिका a tree.*

शस्तृक्षेत्रिका n. (-क्षेत्रिका) A field of vegetables, a kitchen garden. *उ. शस्तृ*  
*potherb, and क्षेत्रिका aff. in this sense.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका n. (-क्षेत्रिका) A field cultivated for succulent plants, a field of veg-  
 tables, a kitchen-garden. *उ. शस्तृ a vegetable, and क्षेत्रिका aff.*  
 this sense. [aff. क्षेत्रिका]  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) A potherb, (Chenopodium album.) *उ. शस्तृ a potherb*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) The Teak-tree. n. (-क्षेत्रिका) A vegetable. *उ. शस्तृ*  
*same, क्षेत्रिका appellation.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका n. (-क्षेत्रिका) Pepper. *उ. शस्तृ a potherb, and क्षेत्रिका a part.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका f. (-क्षेत्रिका) 1. A female divinity of an inferior character, attendant  
 especially on S'iva and Durga. 2. A field of vegetables. *उ. शस्तृ*  
*क्षेत्रिका aff.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका mfn. (-क्षेत्रिका-क्षेत्रिका) Repentant, regretting. *उ. शस्तृ-क्षेत्रिका क्षेत्रिका.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका mfn. (-क्षेत्रिका-क्षेत्रिका) 1. Of or relating to birds. 2. Ominous, portentous  
*उ. शस्तृक्षेत्रिका, क्षेत्रिका aff.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका mfn. (-क्षेत्रिका-क्षेत्रिका) Of or relating to birds, omens, &c. m. (-क्षेत्रिका)  
 A fowler, a bird-catcher. n. (-क्षेत्रिका) Interpretation of omens, dreams  
 &c. *उ. शस्तृक्षेत्रिका a bird, and क्षेत्रिका aff.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) A small owl.  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) BHARATA, the sovereign of India. *उ. शस्तृक्षेत्रिका the*  
*nymph, and क्षेत्रिका aff; being the son of S'AKUNTALA' and DUSHYANTA*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) A fisherman. *उ. शस्तृक्षेत्रिका a fish, and क्षेत्रिका aff.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) An ox. n. (-क्षेत्रिका) A form of metro. *उ. शस्तृक्षेत्रिका, and क्षेत्रिका aff.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) A worshipper of the female principle. *उ. शस्तृक्षेत्रिका the divinity*  
*energy in its feminine personification, and क्षेत्रिका aff.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका mfn. (-क्षेत्रिका-क्षेत्रिका) Speared, spearing, relating to or done with  
 spear. m. (-क्षेत्रिका) A spearman, a lancer. *उ. शस्तृक्षेत्रिका a spear, aff. क्षेत्रिका.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) A worshipper of the female principle or S'akti. *उ. शस्तृक्षेत्रिका*  
*the personified energy of a divinity, and क्षेत्रिका aff.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) 1. BUDD'HA, the founder of the Baudd'ha religion.  
 The name of a tribe. *उ. शस्तृक्षेत्रिका to be able, and क्षेत्रिका, क्षेत्रिका and क्षेत्रिका aff.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) A name of BUDD'HA, the real or supposed founder  
 of the Baudd'ha religion. *उ. शस्तृक्षेत्रिका said to be the name of a family*  
*or tribe, originating with one of the race of Ikwa'ku, condemned*  
*to take up his abode in a forest of Sa'ka trees, and क्षेत्रिका a saint.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) A name of BUDD'HA. *उ. शस्तृक्षेत्रिका the name of his tribe,*  
*and क्षेत्रिका chief.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका f. (-क्षेत्रिका) An epithet of S'ACHI', the wife of INDRA.  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) An ox. *उ. शस्तृक्षेत्रिका क्षेत्रिका क्षेत्रिका.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका (क्षेत्रिका) शस्तृक्षेत्रिका r. 1st cl. (क्षेत्रिकाक्षेत्रिका) To pervade.  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) A plant, (Galedupa arborea.) f. (-क्षेत्रिका) 1. A branch, the  
 branch of a tree. 2. A branch or sub-division of the Védas, consist-  
 ing of the several Sanhita's or collections of prayers in each Veda,  
 as received in different schools, modified more or less either in the  
 arrangement of the whole text, or in particular portions of it. 3.  
 An arm. 4. A sect, a faction, a party. 5. Any sub-division. 6. Any  
 part of an animal not endowed with sensibility, as a horn, &c. *उ.*  
*क्षेत्रिका to pervade, aff. क्षेत्रिका.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) The maxim of the moon and a bough; it is  
 adduced in illustration when an object has its position assigned to  
 it from the appearance of contiguity. [city.]  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका n. (-क्षेत्रिका) A suburb. *उ. शस्तृक्षेत्रिका a branch or sub-division, क्षेत्रिका*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) Inflammation of the extremities of the body. [city.]  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका n. (-क्षेत्रिका) A suburb. *उ. शस्तृक्षेत्रिका a branch, क्षेत्रिका a city.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) Difference of school or doctrine. *उ. शस्तृक्षेत्रिका, क्षेत्रिका क्षेत्रिका*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) 1. A monkey, an ape. 2. A squirrel. *उ. शस्तृक्षेत्रिका*  
*branch of a tree, क्षेत्रिका a deer.*  
 शस्तृक्षेत्रिका m. (-क्षेत्रिका) A Brahman who has changed his Sa'ka's or par-  
 liar school of the Védas for another. *उ. शस्तृक्षेत्रिका a branch of the*  
*Védas, क्षेत्रिका to sport, क्षेत्रिका aff.*

शाखा f. (-खा) A branch-road.  
 शाख m. (-खः) A sort of cane; see शाखी.  
 शाखा f. (-खा) A root proceeding from a branch, as in the Indian fig, the branches of which shoot downwards to the ground and take fresh root there. ३. शाखा a branch, and शाखा a fibrous root.  
 शाख mfn. (-खी-खनी-खि) Branched, branching, having branches. (literally or figuratively.) m. (-खी) 1. A tree. 2. Vēda. 3. A follower of any vedic school. 4. An inhabitant of the northern districts bordering on India, a Turk or Tartar. 5. The name of a king. ६. शाखा a branch, aff. खि.  
 शेट m. (-टः) A small tree, (*Trophis aspera*.) ३. शाख, शेट aff.; also with क् added शाखीटक m. (-कः).  
 शा mfn. (-खः-खी-ख) Branching, ramifying. ३. शाखा a branch, (literally or figuratively,) and ख aff. [aff.; also read शाखर].  
 श m. (-ः) A bull. n. (-र) A form of metre. ३. शहर SIVA, and श्व.  
 श m. (-रि) 1. Kārtika's. 2. GAN's's. 3. Fire. 4. A Muni. ३. शहर SIVA, and श्व patronymic aff.  
 शी f. (-वी) The scate fish; also शकुची, &c.  
 श n. (-ह) The sound of the conch-shell. ३. श्व the shell, श्व aff.  
 श mfn. (-कः-की-क) Made from, relating to, &c. the S'ank'ha or conch. m. (-कः) 1. A shell-cutter, a worker in shells. 2. A player on the S'ank'ha, a shell-blower. ३. श्व the conch-shell, श्व aff.  
 श f. (-श) A shrub, (*Abrus precatorius*.)  
 श m. (-टः) A garment in general. ३. शट्-चक्षु.  
 श m. (-कः-की) A petticoat. ३. शट् to go, (round the limbs,) श्व aff.  
 श m. (-टः-टी) A petticoat. ३. शट् to praise or flatter, to go, &c. श्व, fem aff. शी.  
 श्व n. (-ख) Wickedness, villainy. ३. श्व wicked, श्व aff.  
 श्व शट् r. 1st cl. (शडते) 1. To flatter, to praise, to coax. 2. To boast. 3. To float or swim.  
 श्व mfn. (-खः-खी-ख) Abounding in fresh grass, green, verdant. ३. श्व young grass, श्व aff., and the final changed, also श्व.  
 श्व mfn. (-खः-खी-ख) Made of or from Bengal flax or S'an' mfn. (-खः-खी) 1. A touchstone. 2. A whet or grindstone. 3. A weight of four Māshas. 4. A saw. n. (-ख) 1. Coarse cloth, sack-cloth, canvas. 2. A hempen garment. f. (-खी) 1. Ragged or torn raiment. 2. A new unseamed and single-breadth of cloth, given to the religious student at his investiture for his upper garment. 3. A ragged garment given to the Jaina ascetic at his initiation. 4. A small tent or screen, used especially as a retiring room for actors and tumblers, &c. 5. Gesture, gesticulation, making signs with the hands or eyes, &c. 6. A saw. 7. A touchstone. 8. A whetstone. ३. श्व to give, aff. श्व; or श्व to sharpen, and श्व aff.; or श्व S'an', and श्व aff. of derivation. [by].  
 श्वी m. (-रः) An armourer. ३. श्व a whetstone, श्वीव who lives  
 श्व m. (-रि) 1. A plant from the fibres of which a coarse cloth is prepared, (*Corchorus olistorius*.) 2. A touchstone. ३. श्व Bengal S'an', and श्व or श्व aff. implying descent or resemblance.  
 श्व mfn. (-रः-रान) Whetted, sharpened. ३. श्व to give, श्व aff.  
 श्व m. (-रः) 1. A tree, (*Ægle marmelos*.) 2. A Muni from whom one of the three principal families of the Kanouj or Ka'nyacubja Brāhman is said to be descended. 3. A form of AGNI or fire. ३. श्व a saint, श्व aff. of descent, &c.  
 श्व mfn. (-रः-रान) 1. Happy, well, prosperous. 2. Feeble, thin. 3. Sharpened, whetted, sharp. 4. Handsome, bright. n. (-र) Joy, pleasure, happiness. ३. श्व to reduce or diminish, aff. श्व.  
 श्व n. (-रः) Gold. m. (-रः) A plant, (*Nerium odorum*.) ३. श्व श्व said to be the name of a mountain, श्व aff. implying production.  
 श्व n. (-रः) 1. Gold. ३. The Dhuturā plant. ३. श्व pleonasm, added to the last.

शान n. (-च) 1. Withering, decaying, becoming thin or small. 2. Sharpening. ३. श्व to wither, श्व तङ् च, aff. श्वट्.  
 शानपदी f. (-दी) Moonlight. ३. शानपदी a lotus, क् added, and श्व aff.  
 शानमन्त्र mfn. (-रः-री-र) Relating to INDRA. ३. शानमन्त्र, and श्व aff.  
 शानमान mfn. (-नः-नी-न) Bought with the measure of one hundred. ३. श्व a hundred, शान measure, and श्व aff. [श्विना creak].  
 शानशिव mfn. (-शः-शी-श) Sharp-pointed, (as the nails, &c.) ३. शान, and शानदीरी f. (-री) A woman with a small belly or waist. ३. शान, and श्वर the belly, श्वी aff.  
 शान m. (-रः) An enemy. n. (-र) 1. Enmity, hostility. 2. A multitude of enemies f. (-री) Hostile ३. श्व an enemy, and श्व pleonasm, or aff. of quality or number. [enemy ३. शान, and श्व aff.]  
 शानवीर mfn. (-रः-वी-र) Hostile, inimical, belonging or relating to an श्व m. (-रः) 1. Mud. 2. Young grass. ३. श्व चक्षु aff.  
 शानवर्धित mfn. (-तः-तान) Green or fresh with young grass. ३. श्व young grass, श्विना green. [grass, श्व aff.]  
 शान mfn. (-नः-नान) Abounding in fresh or green grass. ३. श्व young श्व r. 1st cl. intensive form (श्विनाशित-ते) To whet, to sharpen.  
 शान m. (-नः) 1. A touchstone. 2. A grindstone. f. (-नी) A sort of cucumber. ३. श्व to make small or sharpen, aff. श्वट्; also श्व.  
 शानपाद m. (-रः) A stone for grinding sandal.  
 शान mfn. (-नः-नान) 1. Calm, tranquil, pacified. 2. Allayed, alleviated. 3. Meek, humble. 4. Purified, cleansed, freed from, (as soil.) 5. Stilled, hushed, (as wind, &c.) m. (-नः) 1. An ascetic, one whose passions are subdued and who is engrossed by meditating on the deity. 2. One of the Rasas or conditions of feeling, delineated in poetry or the drama, tranquillity or tranquil devotion, quietism, the assiduous exercise of meditation, &c. and indifference to all objects of pleasure or pain. n. (-न) Appeasing, pacifying. Ind. (शानम्) A prohibitive particle or interjection, implying negation, aversion, disgust, (श्व) for shame! Heaven forbid! ३. श्व to be appeased, aff. श्व. [चित्तम् mind].  
 शानचैतन् mfn. (-नः-तान-तः) Composed, calm, unanxious. ३. शान, and शानता f. (-ता) Quietness, calmness, meekness. ३. शान, श्व aff.; also with श्व, शानत्.  
 शानश्व m. (-रः) BHISHMA, the reputed great uncle of the Pāndavas. ३. शानश्व a prince, and श्व aff. of descent.  
 शानश्व m. (-रः) The 21st sovereign of the lunar dynasty in the third age, the father of BHISHMA by Gangā, or the Ganges personified. ३. श्व good fortune, (personified,) श्व the body, and the first vowel made long by special rule. [शान cleansed, and श्व dirt].  
 शानमन्त्र mfn. (-रः-रान) Exempt from soil, literally or figuratively. ३. शानरय mfn. (-रः-रान) Slackened in speed. ३. शान, रय rapidly.  
 शानरय m. (-रः) The sentiment of quietism. [dispute].  
 शाननिवाद mfn. (-नः-नान) Reconciled, appeased. ३. शान, and निवाद शानात्मन् mfn. (-नः-नान) Calm, composed, of resigned or composed spirit. ३. शान, and शानन् self. [श्विन् flame].  
 शानाश्विन् mfn. (-श्विन्-श्विन्-श्विन्) Extinguished, put or gone out. ३. शान, शानि f. (-नि) 1. Quiet, tranquillity, stoicism, the absence of passion, and indifference to objects of pleasure or pain; it is especially applied to the tranquillity of devotion, or quietism, by which the mind is wholly fixed on the subject of its meditation or worship, and is utterly disregardless of external impressions. 2. Good-fortune, auspiciousness, felicity. 3. Rest, repose. 4. Expiatory or propitiatory rites to avert any evil. 5. Preliminary ceremonies to avert inauspicious accidents or any religious celebration. 6. Remission, alleviation. m. (-नि) 1. The sixteenth Jina or Jaina deified sage of the present, era. 2. One of the Jaina emperors of the universe. ३. श्व to be appeased, aff. श्विन्.  
 शानिक mfn. (-नः-नी-क) 1. Propitiatory, expiatory. 2. Producing ease

or quiet, &c. 3. Relating to quiet, &c. n. (-क) Ceremonies for the removal of calamities. ४. शान्ति. and ठक् aff. ५.

शान्तिकर mfn. (-र:-र-र) Tranquillising, calming, appeasing, &c. ४. शान्ति and कर who or what makes.

शान्तिकर्तृ mfn. (-त-त-तृ) Confering tranquillity, calming, appeasing. m. (-त) Any divinity who averts evil. ४. शान्ति, कर्तृ who makes.

शान्तिकाम m. (-म) Desire of tranquillity and exemption from calamity. ४. शान्ति peace, and काम desire.

शान्तिरुद n. (-रु) A private apartment near the place of sacrifice. ४. शान्ति devotion, रुद a house. [who or what gives.

शान्तिद mfn. (-द:-दा-द) Tranquillising, calming, allaying. ४. शान्ति, द

शान्तिहीन m. (-न) Burnt offerings, to prevent threatening or possible evils. ४. शान्ति, and हीन burnt offering.

शान्तिरुद n. (-रु) Water offered at sacrifices for propitiation. ४. शान्ति, and रुद water; also शान्तिरुद. [a jar.

शान्तिरुदकुम्भ m. (-कुम्भ) A vessel holding lastral water. ४. शान्तिरुद, and कुम्भ

शान्तिरुद १०th cl. (शान्तिरुद) To console, to comfort.

शान्ति n. (-न्ति) 1. Conciliation. 2. Comforting, consoling. ४. शान्ति to appease or allay, (opposition,) deriv. irr.; or शान्ति to console, aff. चक्; also शान्ति.

शान्तिरुद f. (-ति) A plant, (Siphonanthus indica.)

शप m. (-प) 1. Oath, affirmation by oath or ordeal. 2. Curse, imprecation. 3. Abuse. ४. शप to swear, aff. चक्.

शपय mfn. (-य:-या-य) Having incurred or suffering under a curse. ४. शप, यय seized. [शप, यय born.

शपय mfn. (-य:-या-य) Arising from a curse, being the effect of one. ४. शपय m. (-य) A peacock.

शपयुक्त mfn. (-य:-या-य) Freed from a curse. ४. शप, and युक्त released.

शपान्त m. (-न्त) The end of a curse or period of an imprecation. ४. शप, and अन्त end.

शपास m. (-स) A Muni, a saint. ४. शप a curse, and सप् a weapon; a curse denounced by such a personage, being formidable even to the deities. [causal ४, सप् aff.

शपित mfn. (-त:-ता-त) Sworn, made to take an oath. ४. शप to swear, शपितहार m. (-र) Deliverance from a curse or its effects. ४. शप, and हार extricating. [ठक् aff.

शपिकर m. (-र) A fisherman. ४. शप a kind of fish, put for any, and शप mfn. (-र:-री-र) 1. Sonorous, sounding. 2. Nominal, (as inflection.) f. (-री) 1. SARASWATĪ, goddess of speech and eloquence. 2. Relating to or derived from a word. 3. Relating to sound, (as 'opposed to वाच') ४. शप found or a word, and चक् attributive aff.

शपिक mfn. (-क:-की-क) Relating to sounds or words m. (-क) A proficient in the senses and forms of nouns or words. ४. शप a sound, and ठक् aff.

शपान्ति n. (-न्ति) Conciliation, appeasing, reconciling. ४. शप to appease, aff. चक्, and the vowel made long; also शपान्ति.

शपान्ति n. (-न्ति) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. Tranquillity, peace. m. (-न्ति) An epithet of YAMA. ४. शप to be pacified, causal form, चक् aff.

शपित n. (-न्ति) 1. Sacrificing. 2. Tying up cattle for sacrifice. 3. A sacrificial vessel. ४. शप to appease, चक् aff.

शपिक n. (-न्ति) Ashes f. (-नी) A Sacrificial spoon. ४. शप ईशक् aff.

शपिकरी f. (-री) 1. A female-juggler. 2. Jugglery, sorcery. ४. शपिकरी a demon, चक् added, and चक् fem. aff.

शपिकर m. (-र) A worker in shells. ४. शप a shell, ठक् aff.

शपिक m. (-र) A bivalve shell. ४. चक् pleonasm added to शप; also read शपिक, &c.

शपिक m. (-र) 1. A sort of poison. 2. A worshipper of S'IVA. 3. The son of S'AMBHU or S'IVA. 4. Camphor. n. (-र) The Devadārū tree. f. (-री) P'ARVATĪ. ४. शप a name of S'IVA, चक् aff. [also शपिक.

शपिक m. (-र) 1. An arrow. 2. A sword. ४. शप to destroy, चक् aff.

शपिक f. (-र) Sleeping. ४. शप to sleep, चक् aff.

शपिक mfn. (-र:-री-र) Lying down. ४. शप to sleep, चक् aff.

शपिक १०th cl. (शपिक) 1. To be weak. 2. To weaken.

शपिक mfn. (-र:-री-र) 1. Variegated, (in colour.) 2. Yellow. m. (-र) 1. Air, wind. 2. A piece or man at chess, backgammon, &c. 3. Har- ting, injuring. 4. A mixture of blue and yellow, a green. 5. Spotting, variegating. f. (-री) Kus'sa grass. ४. शप to injure, चक्.

शपिक mfn. (-र:-री-र) Of a variegated colour. m. (-र) 1. The Cuckoo (Cuculus melanoleucos). 2. A deer. 3. An elephant. 4. A bee. 5. A peacock. f. (-री) A musical instrument, a stringed instrument played with a bow, a sort of fiddle. ४. शप injured or variegated. ४. शप to go or get, aff. चक्; more usually, शप.

शपिक f. (-र) 1. Variegated of colour. 2. Yellowness. ४. शप added to शपिक mfn. (-र:-री-र) 1. Modest, diffident. 2. New. 3. Produced in the sultry season. 4. Autumnal. m. (-र) 1. A year. 2. Grain or ripening in the sultry season. 3. A sort of kidney-bean, called Mu'ng. 4. Autumnal sickness. 5. Sunshine, (in autumn.) f. (-र) 1. A name of SARASWATĪ. 2. A title of DURGA. 3. A musical instrument, a sort of lute or guitar. f. (-री) 1. A plant, (Juncus repens.) 2. A tree, (Echites scholaris.) 3. Day of full-moon in the month of Kārtika, (October-November.) n. (-र) 1. The white lotus. 2. Corn, grain. ४. शप the autumn, चक् aff.

शपिक n. (-र) A particular obsequial ceremony, an annual autumnal S'hra'd'dha. m. (-र) 1. Autumnal sickness. 2. Heat and sunshine in autumn. ४. शप autumn, and ठक् aff.

शपिक mfn. (-र:-री-र) Autumnal. ४. शप, and चक् aff.

शपिक mfn. (-य:-या-य) Autumnal. ४. शप, and चक् added.

शपिक m. (-र) 1. A piece or man at chess, draughts Chaupar &c. 2. An elephant's housings or armour. 3. Fraud, trickery. ४. शप a bird: see the next. ४. शप to injure, Una'di aff. चक् or शप.

शपिक f. (-र) 1. A bird, the proper or hill Mainā, (Gracula religiosa), it is also applied to the small bird usually called Munia or Munia (Turdus salica, Boch.) of which several varieties are distinguished by the Hindus. 2. A bow or stick that may be used for playing the V'm'a or any stringed instrument. 3. A man at chess. ४. शप to injure, aff. चक्.

शपिक mfn. (-र:-ता-त) Variegated, coloured. ४. शप, and चक् aff.

शपिक n. (-र) A chequered cloth or table for playing draughts, &c. ४. शप a piece, चक् fruit; also with चक् added शपिकचक् m. (-र) ४. शपिक f. (-र) A plant: as synonymous with S'hya'na, (Echites line- cens.) but more usually considered synonymous with Anant-mūla (Asclepias pseudosarsa,) the broad-leaved variety, the root of which has been used as a substitute for Sarsaparilla, &c. ४. शप injuring, from शप with चक् aff., and चक् added.

शपिक f. (-र) A sort of die or dice, used for playing with. ४. शप a man or piece, and शपिक a chain.

शपिक mfn. (-र:-री-र) 1. Corporeal, bodily, belonging to or produced from the body. 2. Spiritual in connection with the body, incorp- rate. 3. A bull. n. (-र) 1. The soul or spirit whilst incorporate. 2. A drug. 3. Excrement, excretion. m. (-र) Personal chastisement corporeal punishment. ४. शप the body, and चक् aff.

शपिक mfn. (-र:-का-क) 1. Corporeal, relating to what is corporeal. 2. Incorporate. ४. चक् added to the last.

शपिक mfn. (-र:-का-क) Relating to the body, corporeal. 2. Causal in the body, incorporate. ४. शप, ठक् aff. [चक् added.

शपिक mfn. (-र:-की-क) Mischievous, noxious, injurious. ४. शप to hurt.

शपिक m. (-र) Clayed or candied sugar. ४. शप to injure, aff. चक्.

शपिक m. (-र) 1. The broth of milk, syllabub, cream. 2. A ball of meat, &c. 3. Clayed or candied sugar. ४. चक् added to the last.

शपिक mfn. (-र:-री-र) 1. Stony, gravelly. 2. Sugary. m. (-र) 1. ४.



rough or skim of milk. 2. Cream. 3. A gravelly place. ४. बकरा sugar, gravel, &c., aff. चञ्.

गदर mfn. (-कः-वा-च) Gravelly, stony, &c. ५. गदर the same, and कञ् added; also from गदर with डञ् aff. गदरिक.

गदरीय mfn. (-कः-वा-च) Stony, gravelly, &c. ६. गदरीय gravel, &c., and कञ् attributive aff.

गङ्गा mfn. (-कः-वा-च) 1. Horny, made of horn, &c. 2. Holding a bow. n. (-कः) 1. A bow in general. 2. The bow of Viṣṇu. ३. गङ्गा a horn, चञ् aff. [रति poss. aff.]

गङ्गा m. (-कः) 1. A bowyer, an archer. 2. Viṣṇu. ३. गङ्गा a bow, गङ्गा m. (-कः) 1. A tiger. २. Another animal. 3. A Rakshasa. 4. A sort of bird. 5. (In composition.) Pre-eminent, excellent. 6. A form of metre, a variety of the class Dhriti, or stanza of four lines of 18 syllables each; also of the class Atidhriti, in which there are 10 syllables in the line. ७. गङ्गा to injure, डञ् aff.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) A species of the Dhriti metre, of 4 lines of 18 syllables each. [vehicle]

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) A Jaina teacher. ३. गङ्गाविक्रम a tiger, and गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) A form of metre, a variety of the class Atidhriti, or stanza of 4 lines of 19 syllables each.

गङ्गा mfn. (-कः-वा-च) 1. Murderous, mischievous. 2. Nocturnal n. (-कः) Darkness, gloom. f. (-कः) Night. ३. गङ्गा night, चञ् aff.

गङ्गा (चञ्) गङ्गा. 1st cl. (गङ्गा) 1. To flatter, to praise. 2. To boast. 3. To tell. 4. To be endowed with.

गङ्गा m. (-कः) 1. A kind of fish, (Ophiocephalus wruhl, HAM.) 2. The celebrated sovereign Śa'liya'hana. 3. The name of a river. 4. The name of a tree. 5. A tree in general. 6. An enclosure, a fence. f. (-कः) 1. A house. 2. A hall. 3. A large branch of a tree. ४. गङ्गा to go, चञ् aff.; or गङ्गा to praise, aff. चञ्; in several of the meanings it is also written गङ्गा.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) A particular sacred stone typical of Viṣṇu.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) 1. The name of a saint. 2. Śiva's attendant Nandi.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) The mother of Vyāsa.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) 1. A kind of fish, the Śa'l or Śul, (Ophiocephalus wruhl HAM.) 2. Exudation of the Śa'la tree. "धुना"

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) Resin, the resinous exudation of the Śa'l or Shorea robusta. ३. गङ्गा the Śa'l tree, and गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) A shrub, (Hedysarum gangeticum.) ३. गङ्गा the Śa'l, and गङ्गा a leaf, aff. डञ्, having similar leaves, also गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) 1. A doll, a puppet. 2. A whore, a harlot. ३. गङ्गा added to the following.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) A doll, a puppet. ३. गङ्गा Śa'l wood, गङ्गा to rub, (to plane, &c., in order to make dolls,) affs. चञ् and डञ्; also with कञ् added गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) The Lodh tree.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) Resin, the resin of the Śa'l tree, used as incense, &c. ३. गङ्गा the Śa'l tree, and गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) 1. A tree. 2. Asafoetida; also गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) 1. A surgeon. 2. A barber. 3. A spearman, &c. ३. गङ्गाविक्रम a probe, a dart, &c., चञ् aff. of reference, and रति poss. aff. added. [and डञ्.]

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) A doll, a puppet. ३. गङ्गा a hall, गङ्गा to go, affs. चञ्

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) A hollow earthen cup or saucer. ३. गङ्गा a house, गङ्गा to become old, चञ् aff.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) A creeping plant, the leaves of which are used as a vegetable, (Achyranthes triandra.) ३. गङ्गा a house, चञ् to go, aff. चञ्.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) A shrub, (Hedysarum gangeticum.) ३. गङ्गा the Śa'l tree, गङ्गा before गङ्गा to get, (to be visible in the leaf,) aff. डञ्.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) A jackal. ३. गङ्गा a house, and गङ्गा a deer.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) 1. A ladder, a flight of stairs or steps. 2. A bird-cage. 3. The claw of an elephant. ३. गङ्गा a house, चञ् to go, aff. चञ्.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) 1. A monkey. 2. A dog. 3. A jackal. 4. A deer. 5. A cat. 6. A wolf. ३. गङ्गा a house, चञ् a wolf.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) 1. Rice in general, but especially in two classes; one like white rice growing in deep water, and the other a red sort, requiring only a moist soil; there are a great many varieties of this grain. 3. The civet or pole cat. ३. गङ्गा to float or swim, aff. चञ्, and च changed to क.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः-वा-च) Relating or belonging to a hall, to the Śa'l tree, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A weaver. 2. A village of artificers. 3. A toll, a tax. f. (-कः) 1. A shrub, (Hedysarum gangeticum.) ३. गङ्गा the Śa'l tree, कञ् fem. form, aff. of comparison, or गङ्गा a hall, चञ् aff.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) A creeper, the leaf of which is used as a vegetable, (Achyranthes triandra, Rox.)

गङ्गाविक्रम f. (-कः) 1. Possessing, having. 2. Confidence in, relying upon. ३. गङ्गाविक्रम and गङ्गाविक्रम aff.; with च, गङ्गाविक्रम.

गङ्गाविक्रम mfn. (-कः-वा-च) 1. Belonging to a house, domestic, &c. 2. A mistress of the house. 3. Name of a metre. f. Possessing, having. 5. Shining or resplendent with, (in the latter two senses when at the end of a compound.) ३. गङ्गा a house, and रति aff.; in the fourth form it is the same as गङ्गा; the र being changed to च when used in composition.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) Abuse, reproach.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) Crystal ३. गङ्गा rice, and गङ्गा ground.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) A sovereign of India, whose capital was Pratihara in the Dakshin, and founder of the era now called Śaka, beginning 76 or 78 years after Christ. ३. गङ्गा from गङ्गा the Śa'l tree, or a proper name, that of a Yaksha transformed to a lion, on which the prince rode when an infant, and गङ्गा vehicle.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) 1. A horse. 2. Name of a writer on veterinary science. ३. गङ्गा rice, corn, and गङ्गा an oblation; also with रति added गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः).

गङ्गाविक्रम mfn. (-कः-वा-च) 1. Ashamed, bashful. 2. Like, resembling. m. (-कः) An opulent householdier, one who devotes his attention to worldly affairs. ३. गङ्गा a house, चञ् aff. (fit or worthy to enter it.)

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) Modesty. ३. गङ्गा added to the last, also with चञ्, गङ्गाविक्रम.

गङ्गाविक्रमविक्रम mfn. (-कः-वा-च) Immature ३. गङ्गाविक्रम, विक्रमित devoid of.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) 1. An astringent substance. 2. A sort of perfume, commonly called Chitr. 3. A frog. n. (-कः) The root of the water-hily. ३. गङ्गा to hurt, डञ् aff., and र changed to क; or गङ्गा डञ्.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) 1. Nutmeg. 2. The root of a lotus; see the next.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) The excellent root of the different kinds of Nymphaea or water-lily. ३. गङ्गा to go, to shake, Uncl. aff. कञ्; also with a short vowel गङ्गाविक्रम. [made long; also गङ्गाविक्रम.]

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) A frog. ३. गङ्गा to go, चञ् aff. and the radical vowel

गङ्गाविक्रम mfn. (-कः-वा-च) Fit for rice to be sold, &c. m. (-कः) A sort of fennel, (Foeniculum sowa.) ३. गङ्गा a house, and चञ् aff.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) A name of Pāṇini, the inspired grammarian. ३. गङ्गा a house, the house of his preceptor. चञ् later, last; having been expelled for stupidity, and acquiring his subsequent science by his worship of Śiva; according to others, he is supposed to be a native of Śa'lotana. The word is sometimes spelt गङ्गाविक्रम.

गङ्गाविक्रम m. (-कः) 1. The silk-cotton tree. 2. One of the Dvipas or divisions of the continent. 3. The gum of the silk-cotton tree. ३. See the next.

गङ्गाविक्रम mfn. (-कः-वा-च) 1. The silk-cotton tree, (Bombax heptaphyllum.) 2. One of the seven Dvipas, or islands of great divisions of the

known continent, denominated from the tree first mentioned, said to grow there: it is surrounded by the sea of Ghee or clarified butter. *स. शास्त्र* to go, causal form, *क्रिप्* aff., *शास्त्र* exuding, emitting, *सम्* to hold, aff. *इन्* and *उन्* optionally added; also with *चच्* aff. *शास्त्रन्*, and with the first vowel short, *शास्त्रिन्*, &c.

*शास्त्राक्षरम्* m. (-त्तः) GARUDA, the bird and vehicle of VISHNŪ. f. (-क्षिणी) The silk-cotton tree.

*शास्त्राक्षरी* m. (-ः) The gum of the silk-cotton tree. *स. शास्त्राक्षरी* the tree, and *क्षर* exudation; also with *कन्* added *शास्त्राक्षरीक*.

*शास्त्र* m. Plu. (-क्षः) The inhabitants of one of the central divisions of India. *स. शास्त्र-व*.

*शास्त्र* mfn. (-त्तः शौ-वः) 1. Tawny, (of that colour.) 2. Relating to the purification of defilement from the contact or consanguinity of a corpse, &c. 3. Relating to a dead body. m. (-त्तः) 1. Tawny, (the colour.) 2. The young of any animal; see the next. *स. श्रव* a dead body, and *चच्* aff.; or *श्रव्* to go, aff. *उञ्च्*.

*शास्त्रक* m. (-कः) The young of any animal. *स. शास्त्र*, and *कन्* added.

*शास्त्र* mfn. (-त्तः शौ-वः) Low, vile. m. (-त्तः) 1. Fault, offence. 2. Sin, wickedness. 3. The lodh-tree, (*Symplocos racemosa*) f. (-त्तः) 1. Cowach, (*Carpopogon pruriens*.) 2. A sort of Prakrit, that spoken by barbarians. *स. श्रव* a man of low or degraded caste, and *चच्* aff.

*शास्त्रप्रदाह्य* n. (-ह्यः) Copper. *स. शास्त्र* relating to a low race, *येद* class, and *दाह्य* appellation. [यशोव impurity.]

*शास्त्राश्रय* n. (-यः) Impurity from the demise of a relation. *स. शास्त्र*, and *आश्रय* mfn. (-त्तः शौ-वः) Eternal, perpetual. m. (-त्तः) 1. A name of VYĀSA

2. SIVA. 3. The sun. n. (-त्तः) Heaven, ether. f. (-त्ती) The earth. *स. श्रवन्* perpetually, *चच्* aff.

*शास्त्रवित्त* f. (-त्तः) Eternal, permanent [form irr.: see *शौचल*.]

*शास्त्रुन्* mfn. (-न्-लो-वः) Eating flesh or fish. *स. शास्त्रुन्* flesh, *चच्* aff.

*शास्त्रुन्* n. (-कः) A multitude of pies. *स. शास्त्रुन्* a sort of pie, *ठक्* aff.

*शास्त्रुन्* (उ) *शास्त्रुन्* 2nd cl. (*शास्त्रिन्*) 1. To instruct, to inform. 2. To order, to direct, to enact. 3. To rule, to govern. 4. To correct, to punish. 5. To advise. (*शास्त्र*) 1. To wish or desire: with *चाङ्* prefixed, *स. 1st cl. (चाङ्शास्त्रे)* 1. 2nd cl. (*चाङ्शास्त्रे*) To wish well to, to bless.

*शास्त्रन* n. (-नः) 1. An order, an edict, a command. 2. A royal grant of land or of privileges, a charter, &c. usually inscribed on stone or copper. 3. A writing, a deed, a written contract or agreement. 4. A Shāstra or scripture. 5. Devotion, or devotional tranquillity, the government of the passions. 6. Governing, ruling, government. *स. शास्त्र*, to order, to direct, aff. *लृट्*.

*शास्त्रनपत्र* n. (-पत्रः) A plate of copper, a stone or sheet of paper, &c., on which an edict or grant is inscribed. *स. शास्त्रन*, and *पत्र* a leaf.

*शास्त्रनहर* m. (-रः) A royal messenger, one bearing an edict or grant. *स. शास्त्रन* an edict, and *हर* who takes.

*शास्त्रनीय* mfn. (-य-वा-वः) To be governed or directed. *स. शास्त्र* to rule, *चनीयर्* aff.; also *शास्त्रनय* and *शास्त्र*.

*शास्त्रित* mfn. (-त्तः शौ-वः) Governed, ruled. *स. शास्त्र* to rule, aff. *क्त्*.

*शास्त्रितृ* mfn. (-तृ-लो-वः) Ordering, commanding, a governor or commander. *स. शास्त्र* to order, *टक्* aff. with *इट्* augment.

*शास्त्रि* f. (-त्रिः) 1. A command, an order. 2. Governing, ruling, ordering. 3. A sceptre. 4. Correcting, punishment. *स. शास्त्र* to govern, aff. *क्रिन्* or *ति* Un'a'di aff.

*शास्त्र* mfn. (-त्तः शौ-वः) 1. A ruler, one who rules or governs. 2. A teacher, teaching, instructing. m. (-त्तः) A Bud'dha or Jina, or the deified teacher of one or both those sects. *स. शास्त्र* to govern, &c. aff. *टक्* and the augment omitted.

*शास्त्र* n. (-त्तः) 1. An order or command. 2. Scripture, science, institutes of religion, law or letters, especially considered as of divine origin or authority: when used singly, it implies works of literature or science in general, and it is therefore customarily connected with

some other word to limit its application, as the *Veda'nta S'hāstras*, or treatises of philosophical theology; the *Dharma-S'hāstras*, books of law, &c.; it is also applied to less important branches of knowledge, as the *Ka'vya S'hāstras*, or poetical works, *Shilpa-S'hāstras*, works on the mechanical arts; and *Ka'ma-S'hāstras*, or erotic compositions; in the singular number it is also used comprehensively to signify the body of all that has been written on the subject, as *Dharma-S'hāstras*, the institutes or code of law; *Ka'vya-S'hāstra*, poetry; *Alauka'ra-S'hāstra*, rhetoric, &c. *स. शास्त्र* a book in general. *स. शास्त्र* to govern or teach, aff. *इन्*.

*शास्त्रज्ञ* m. (-ज्ञः) 1. A Rishi, a holy personage of divine character. 2. An author in general. *स. शास्त्र* a S'hāstra or scripture, &c., and *ज्ञ* the author; the principal compositions in Hindu religion, law, and literature, being attributed to sanctified and superhuman personages.

*शास्त्रगुरु* m. (-गुरुः) A general and superficial scholar.

*शास्त्रचक्षुस्* n. (-क्षुः) Grammar. *स. शास्त्र* science, and *चक्षुस्* the eye.

*शास्त्रज्ञ* mfn. (-ज्ञः शौ-वः) Acquainted with the S'hāstras, skilled in the knowledge of law and religion especially. *स. शास्त्र* a sacred work and *ज्ञ* who knows. [स with *शास्त्रज्ञ*.]

*शास्त्रज्ञाना* f. (-ज्ञानः) Knowledge of the S'hāstras. *स. शास्त्रज्ञ* and *ज्ञान* aff.; also

*शास्त्रज्ञान* n. (-ज्ञानः) Knowledge derived from the study of sacred works. *स. शास्त्र*, and *ज्ञान* knowledge.

*शास्त्रतत्त्व* n. (-त्त्वः) The truth or true knowledge taught in sacred works. *स. शास्त्र* and *तत्त्व* truth.

*शास्त्रतत्त्वज्ञ* mfn. (-ज्ञः शौ-वः) Understanding the works of sacred science. m. (-ज्ञः) An astrologer, an astronomer. *स. शास्त्र* sacred or astronomical science, *तत्त्व* the truth, and *ज्ञ* who knows.

*शास्त्रतत्त्व* Ind. After or according to the S'hāstras. *स. शास्त्र*, and *तत्त्व* Ind. *शास्त्रदक्षिण* mfn. (-क्षिणः शौ-वः) Skilled in sacred science. *स. शास्त्र* S'hāstra, and *दक्षिण* who inspects.

*शास्त्रनिन्दा* f. (-न्दाः) Reviling or denying the authority of sacred works. *स. शास्त्र*, and *निन्दा* reviling.

*शास्त्रप्रसङ्ग* m. (-ङ्गः) 1. The subject of the S'hāstra. 2. Discussing works of sacred literature. *स. शास्त्र*, *प्रसङ्ग* attaching to. *स. शास्त्र* ad.

*शास्त्रवत्* Ind. Conformably or according to written authority. *स. शास्त्र*, and *वत्* mfn. (-वत्-लो-वः) Having or following sacred institutes, &c.

*स. शास्त्र*, and *वत्* aff. *शास्त्रविद* mfn. (-विदः) Understanding or conversant with the scriptures, skilled in sacred science. *स. शास्त्र* a S'hāstra, *विद* who knows.

*शास्त्रावधान* n. (-धानः) Sacred ritual, ceremonial precept. *स. शास्त्र*, and *विधान* direction; also *शास्त्रविधि*.

*शास्त्रविद्विषय* mfn. (-विद्विषयः शौ-वः) Contrary to law or religion, illegal, forbidden. *स. शास्त्र* a S'hāstra, and *विद्विषय* prohibited.

*शास्त्रविद्विषय* n. (-विषयः शौ-वः) Any act contrary to the legal and religious institutes of the Hindus. *स. शास्त्र* an institute, and *वि* and *विद्विषय* contra-indicative prefixes before *विद्विषय*, to accomplish, aff. *चक्*.

*शास्त्रविद्विषय* mfn. (-विद्विषयः शौ-वः) Contrary to law or religion. *स. शास्त्र* and *विद्विषय* opposed to.

*शास्त्रविरोध* m. (-विरोधः) 1. Opposition or deviation from sacred authority. 2. Contradiction or incompatibility of different systems. *स. शास्त्र*, and *विरोध* contrariety. [and *विद्विषय* an artificer.]

*शास्त्रशिक्षिन्* plu. m. (-क्षिन्) The people of Ka'shmīr. *स. शास्त्र* a treatise, *शास्त्रशिक्षिन्* mfn. (-क्षिन्-लो-वः) Established or proved by sacred institutes or divine works. *स. शास्त्र*, and *शिक्षिन्* established.

*शास्त्राचरन्* m. (-चरन्) 1. Versed in the scriptures, well read in the works of sacred science, a Pandit. 2. A follower of the Vēdas, one whose conduct is regulated by their precepts. *स. शास्त्र* a sacred treatise, and *आचरन्* who goes through or studies.

व्यतिक्रम m. (-नः) Behaving ill or immorally, transgressing, acting contrary to the S'hāstras. २. वाच्य and वृत्तिव्यतिक्रमसंपादन.

विद्यावृत्ति n. (-नः) Following the S'hāstras, conforming to the law or ritual, &c. २. वाच्य, and वृत्तिव्यतिक्रमसंपादन.

विद्यावृत्ति mfn. (-नः-ता-सं) 1. Who or what obeys or follows sacred institutes, &c. 2. Established or authorised by the S'hāstras. २. वाच्य, and वृत्तिव्यतिक्रमसंपादन following.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) Conformity to sacred ordinances. २. वाच्य, वृत्तिव्यतिक्रमसंपादन.

विद्यावृत्ति mfn. (-नः-ता-सं) Learned, versed in the S'hāstras. २. वाच्य, and वृत्तिव्यतिक्रमसंपादन who knows.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) A Pan'dit, a teacher of holy science, or one skilled in it. २. वाच्य as above, and वृत्ति aff.

विद्यावृत्ति mfn. (-नः-ता-सं) Scriptural, authorised by or conformable to sacred institutes. २. वाच्य, and वृत्ति aff. [२. वाच्य, and वृत्ति said.]

विद्यावृत्ति mfn. (-नः-ता-सं) Said or declared in a work of sacred authority.

विद्यावृत्ति mfn. (-नः-ता-सं) 1. To be regulated or ordained, to be enforced, to be provided for by any act of government or judicature. 2. To be advised. 3. Punishable, deserving punishment. २. वाच्य, to govern, aff. वृत्ति.

विद्यावृत्ति r. 5th cl. (विद्योति विद्यते) 1. To make thin or small. 2. To whet, to sharpen. 3. To excite. 4. To be attentive.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) 1. Śrīva. 2. Auspiciousness, good fortune. 3. Peace, calmness. २. वाच्य. २. वि to whet, or वि to destroy, aff. वि.

विद्यावृत्ति f. (-नः) 1. A tree, (Dalbergia Sisso.) 2. The Asoka tree. २. वृत्ति. २. वृत्ति, or वृत्ति the head or top; वि to cherish, or वृत्ति to fall, &c., aff. वि or वृ, deriv. irr.

विद्यावृत्ति mfn. (-नः-ता-सं) Idle, lazy, following no business or profession. २. वाच्य. २. वृत्ति Bee's wax, also विद्यावृत्ति and विद्यावृत्ति.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः-ता-सं) 1. The string or loop suspended from either end of a yoke or yoke to receive the burthen. 2. The burthen so carried. 3. The strings of a balance. २. वृत्ति to fall, वृत्ति aff. वृत्ति; वि substituted for the root, and वृत्ति augment.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) The hook or eye at each end of a pole or beam, to which the strings of a yoke or balance are fastened. २. विद्या as above, and वाच्य receptacle. [a loop, and वृत्ति aff.]

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः-ता-सं) Suspended or carried in a sort of loop. २. विद्या as above, and वाच्य receptacle.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः-ता-सं) To learn, to acquire science.

विद्यावृत्ति mfn. (-नः-ता-सं) A learner, a teacher. २. विद्या to learn, वृत्ति aff.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) 1. Learning. 2. Teaching, instruction. [aff.]

विद्यावृत्ति mfn. (-नः-ता-सं) To be taught or learnt. २. विद्या to learn, वृत्ति aff.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) One of the six Vēda'ngas or sciences attached to the Vēdas: the proper pronounciation of the vocal sounds which occur in them, as explained by Pā'nini. 2. A plant, (Bignonia Indica.) 3. Learning, study, the acquisition of knowledge. 4. Modesty, humility. २. विद्या to learn, affs. वृत्ति and वृत्ति.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) 1. Vya'sa. 2. An instructor. २. विद्या the science of pronounciation, and वृत्ति making.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) An epithet of INDRA.

विद्यावृत्ति f. (-नः) Dexterity, skill. २. विद्या discipline, and वृत्ति power.

विद्यावृत्ति mfn. (-नः-ता-सं) 1. Skilful, clever, conversant. 2. Modest, diffident. 3. Disciplined, exercised. 4. Tame, trained, (as an animal.) 5. Docile. 6. Studied, learned. २. विद्या studying, वृत्ति aff.; or विद्या to study, aff. वृत्ति.

विद्यावृत्ति mfn. (-नः-ता-सं) To be taught or learnt. २. विद्या to learn, and वृत्ति aff.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) A pupil, a scholar. २. विद्या study, (by whom,) and वृत्ति a letter. [वृत्ति aff.]

विद्यावृत्ति mfn. (-नः-ता-सं) 1. To be taught, teachable. २. विद्या to learn, and वृत्ति aff.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) A pupil.

विद्यावृत्ति r. 1st cl. (विद्यति) To go, to move or approach.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) 1. The tail of a peacock. 2. Locks of hair left on the

crown or the sides of the head, at the period of tonsure in children: see the next. २. विद्या a peacock or any crested object, वृत्ति to be or belong to, वृत्ति aff. and the form irr.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) 1. Locks of hair left at the time of tonsure; three or five locks left in children in general, or especially those of the military class, in which latter case, the hair is left in a semicircular patch on each side of the head, covering rather more than the temporal bones, and following much the same outline: see वाच्य. 2. The crest or lock of hair left on the crown of the head. 3. A peacock's tail. २. विद्या a crest, वृत्ति an egg, and वृत्ति plectrum, or aff. of comparison; also विद्यावृत्ति and विद्यावृत्ति.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) A cock. f. (-नः) A lock of hair on the crown of the head. २. विद्यावृत्ति a crest, &c. aff. वृत्ति or वृत्ति in the fem. form.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) 1. A peacock. 2. A peacock's tail. 3. A cock. 4. An arrow. 5. A R'shi, either of the seven represented by the stars of the greater bear: see वाच्य. 6. The son of DRUPADA, by metamorphosis: see below. f. (-नः) 1. A kind of jasmine, (J. auriculatum.) 2. A shrub, (Abrus precatorius.) 3. The daughter of DRUPADA, afterwards changed to a male. 4. A peacock. २. विद्या a crest, वृत्ति poss. aff.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) 1. The peak or summit of a mountain. 2. The top of a tree. 3. Point, end, top in general. 4. Humpation. 5. The armpit. 6. A piece of a ruby or a gem, described as of the colour of the ripe pomegranate seed or a bright red. 7. The bud of the Arabian jasmine. 8. The blade or point of a sword. f. (-नः) A plant, from the fibres of which bow-string were made, (Sausse-viera zeylanica.) २. विद्या a crest, and वृत्ति poss. aff. and the vowel made short. [वृत्ति aff.]

विद्यावृत्ति f. (-नः) 1. Deity. २. विद्या the peak, (of the rima'laya,) and विद्यावृत्ति mfn. (-नः-ता-सं) Crested, pointed, pointed. m. (-नः) 1. A mountain. 2. A tree. 3. A plant, (Achyranthes aspera.) 4. A strong hold, a hill-fort. 5. The lapwing. f. (-नः) 1. A form of metre, a species of the class Atyashiti metre or verse of four lines of 17 syllables each. 2. A dish of curries and sugar with spices. 3. An excellent woman. 4. Arabian jasmine. 5. A line of hair extending across the navel. २. विद्या a point or peak, and वृत्ति aff.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) A plant, commonly Kukamra.

विद्यावृत्ति f. (-नः) 1. Point, top in general. 2. A crest. 3. A peacock's crest. 4. A lock of hair on the crown of the head. 5. Flame. 6. A radiating branch. 7. Any branch. 8. A plant, commonly La'ngulha. 9. Chief, principal. 10. Eleven, proceeding from libidinous excitement or love. 11. A ray of light. 12. The end of a garment. 13. A fibrous root. 14. The forepart of the foot. २. वृत्ति to sleep, Una di aff. वृत्ति, and the vowel made short.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) Hair left on each side of the head: see विद्यावृत्ति.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) A candle-stick or lamp stand. २. विद्या flame, वृत्ति a tree.

विद्यावृत्ति mfn. (-नः-ता-सं) 1. Crested, pointed. 2. Having a top-knot. m. (-नः) 1. A peacock. 2. A jaina deified saint. २. विद्या a crest, and वृत्ति who has.

विद्यावृत्ति n. (-नः) A peacock's feather.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) A peacock. २. विद्या a crest, and वृत्ति who has.

विद्यावृत्ति n. (-नः) A carrot, a turnip, or any root with a tuft of leaves growing from it. २. विद्या a crest, and वृत्ति a root.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) A peacock's crest. २. विद्या, वृत्ति aff.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) 1. A name of AGNI or fire. 2. The personified descending node. 3. A lamp. f. (-नः) A plant, (Sausse-viera zeylanica.) २. विद्या a crest, and वृत्ति poss. aff.

विद्यावृत्ति m. (-नः) The jack-fruit tree (Artocarpus integrifolia)

विद्यावृत्ति mfn. (-नः-ता-सं) Crested, pointed. m. (-नः) A peacock f. (-नः) A flower, (Celosia cristata.) २. विद्या a crest, and वृत्ति aff.

विष्ठाद्वय m. (-च) The stand of a lamp. २. विष्ठा a flame, and द्वय a tree.  
विष्ठाद्वय f. (-वि) Usurious interest payable daily. २. विष्ठा a tuft of hair, and द्वय interest; growing constantly.

विष्ठाकण n. (-क) Blue vitriol.

विष्ठावीर m. (-वी) Blue vitriol. २. विष्ठा for विष्ठा a peacock, वीर the neck, चच् added; being of the same colour.

विष्ठाध्वज m. (-ज) 1. Smoke. 2. The deity KA'RTIKĒ'YA. २. विष्ठा a peacock or fire, and ध्वज an emblem.

विष्ठा mfn. (खी-खी-वि) 1. Crested. 2. Having a lock of hair on the top of the head. 3. Proud. m. (-खी) 1. Fire. 2. A peacock. 3. A bull. 4. An arrow. 5. A tree. 6. A cock. 7. Kē'tu, the personified descending node. 8. A horse. 9. A mountain. 10. A Brahman. 11. A lamp. 12. A religious mendicant. २. विष्ठा a crest, &c., इनि aff.

विष्ठापुच्छ n. (-च) A peacock's tail. २. विष्ठा a peacock, and पुच्छ a tail.

विष्ठापुच्छ m. (-च) A tree, (Tapia crataeva.) २. विष्ठा a peacock, and पुच्छल district.

विष्ठापुष्प m. (-प) An antelope.

[increasing.

विष्ठावृक्ष m. (-क) A pumpkin-gourd. २. विष्ठा a peacock, and वृक्ष  
विष्ठावृक्ष m. (-क) KA'RTIKĒ'YA. २. विष्ठा a peacock, and वृक्ष a vehicle, the deity being mounted on this bird. [a crest, &c.

विष्ठाविष्ठा f. (-जा) 1. Flame. 2. A peacock's crest. २. विष्ठा, and विष्ठा  
विष्ठाविष्ठा n. (-र) A peacock's crest. २. विष्ठा, and विष्ठा a crest.

विष्ठा m. (-य) 1. A tree, (Morunga guilandina and hyperanthera.) 2. A pot-herb in general. २. विष्ठा to sharpen, वच् aff., and गुक् augment.

विष्ठा n. (-ज) The seed of the Morunga. २. विष्ठा, ज produced.

विष्ठापुच्छ n. (-क) The pungent root of the Morunga. २. विष्ठा, पुच्छ the root.

विष्ठावीर m. (-वी) The seed of the Morunga. २. विष्ठा, and वीर seed.

विष्ठा (ख) विष्ठा r. 1st cl. (विष्ठा) To smell.

विष्ठा n. (-च) 1. Any glass-vessel. 2. The mucus of the nose. 3. Rust of iron. m. (-च) 1. Phlegm. 2. Froth, foam. २. विष्ठा to smell, चाचच् Unādi affix, and the final optionally rejected; also विष्ठाक and विष्ठाक [to smell, aff. चाचच्]

विष्ठाक m. (-क) Phlegm. mn. (-क-क) The mucus of the nose. २. विष्ठा  
विष्ठा mfn. (-तः ता तं) Smelled. २. विष्ठा to smell, aff. क।

विष्ठा f. (-वि) The string of a pole for carrying burdens. २. वच् to fall, deriv. irr.: see विष्ठा।

विष्ठा (र) विष्ठा r. 2nd cl. (विष्ठा) r. 10th cl. (विष्ठा) 1. To make an inarticulate sound. 2. To tinkle, to jingle.

विष्ठा mfn. (-क-क) The tinkling sound of silver and other metallic ornaments worn round the waist, arm, or ankle, &c. f. (-जा) 1. A bow-string. 2. Jingle of ornaments. २. विष्ठा to make an inarticulate sound, aff. चच् and टप्; also विष्ठा, &c.

विष्ठावृक्षा f. (-का) A chain worn round the loins.

विष्ठा n. (-त) The tinkling of metallic ornaments worn as rings, chains, &c. २. विष्ठा inarticulate sound, इतच् aff.

विष्ठा mfn. (खी-खी-वि) Tinkling, making a tinkling. f. (-खी) 1. A bow-string. 2. Metallic rings worn round the toes, an ornament of the feet. २. विष्ठा a tinkling, and इनि aff.

विष्ठा r. 1st cl. (विष्ठा) To disregard, to treat with disrespect.

विष्ठा mfn. (-तः ता तं) 1. Thin, emaciated, wasted, declined. 2. Weak, feeble. 3. Sharpened, whetted. २. विष्ठा to sharpen, or वी to pare or whet, aff. क।

विष्ठा f. (-ता) Sharpness. २. वच् added to the last; also with ल, विष्ठा।  
विष्ठा f. (-तः) The S'atadru or the river Sutlej. २. विष्ठा weakened, दु to flow, aff. क; see विष्ठा।

विष्ठा mfn. (-र-र-र) Sharp-edged. २. विष्ठा, and चार an edge.

विष्ठा m. (-क) 1. Barley. 2. Wheat. २. विष्ठा sharpened, वच् the beard.

विष्ठा mfn. (-य-या य) Sharp-pointed. m. (-य) A thorn. २. विष्ठा, वच् point. [वच् who has.

विष्ठा m. (-य) Armed with sharp weapons. २. विष्ठा, वच् a weapon,

विष्ठा mfn. (-तः-ती-ति) 1. Black. २. White. m. (-ति) The Bhurja-patra or birch tree. २. विष्ठा to sharpen, विष्ठा or विष्ठा aff.; or वच् to go, Unādi aff. वच्, and व substituted for the radical vowel.

विष्ठा m. (-च) 1. S'IVA. 2. A gallinule. 3. A peacock. २. विष्ठा black, and वच् the throat.

विष्ठा m. (-र) A potherb, (apparently Marsilea dentata, Rox.)

विष्ठा m. (-च) A goose. २. विष्ठा white, वच् a feather; also विष्ठा।

विष्ठा m. (-च) A goose. २. विष्ठा white, वच् a wing; also विष्ठा।

विष्ठा n. (-च) A sapphire. २. विष्ठा, and वच् a gem.

विष्ठा m. (-क) A sort of ebony, (Diospyros glutinosa.) २. विष्ठा black, and चार essence, resin, वच् added; yielding a strong black resin that is used for calking boats, &c.

विष्ठा m. (-च) A sharp arrow. २. विष्ठा, and वच् an arrow.

विष्ठा mfn. (-क-का-क) 1. Loose, lax, flaccid, flabby. 2. Languid, inert, feeble. 3. Ineffective, unenergetic. 4. Relaxed, slackened. 5. Not rigidly observed. 6. Loosely retained or possessed. 7. Abandoned, got rid of, shaken off. २. वच् to be lax or loose, Unādi aff. विष्ठा the form irr.

विष्ठा f. (-ता) Relaxation, looseness, being unfastened, &c. २. विष्ठा, and लच् aff.; also with ल, विष्ठा।

विष्ठा mfn. (-क-का-क) Weakened, relaxed. २. विष्ठा, वच् strengthen.

विष्ठा mfn. (-च-च-च) 1. Reduced in wealth. 2. Shining with diminished rays. २. विष्ठा, and वच् wealth, &c. [विष्ठा]

विष्ठा mfn. (-क-क-क) Impaired in strength or power. २. विष्ठा।

विष्ठा mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Let go, loosed, released. 2. Relaxed, loosened. २. विष्ठा, and वच् aff.

विष्ठा n. (-च) 1. Loosening, unfastening. 2. Impairing, weakening, reducing. २. विष्ठा, and वच् doing, विष्ठा augment.

विष्ठा mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Unbound, unfastened, slackened. 2. Reduced, impaired, weakened. 3. Let loose. २. विष्ठा, वच् augment. विष्ठा aug.

विष्ठा m. (-नि) A proper name, a chief of the Kshetriya tribe. २. विष्ठा make thin or small, Unādi aff. विष्ठा।

विष्ठा m. (-ता) A name of SA'RYAKI, one of the chiefs of the Pāṇḍus. २. विष्ठा a proper name, and वच् grandson.

विष्ठा m. (-तः) Bald, &c.: see विष्ठा।

विष्ठा m. (-वि) A ray of light. f. (-वि) Skin, leather. n. (-वि) Water.

विष्ठा m. (-तः) 1. A bald man. 2. A man naturally void of progeny. 3. S'IVA. 4. VISI'V. 5. A leper. २. विष्ठा a ray of light, and विष्ठा entered; also विष्ठा and विष्ठा।

विष्ठा m. (-य) Name of a lake on the Himālaya. f. (-य) Name of a river which flows by Ujjayini. २. विष्ठा वच्।

विष्ठा f. (-का) 1. A fibrous root. २. Spikenard, (Valeriana jatamansi.) 3. A river. 4. A mother. 5. Turmeric. 6. The root of a water-lily. 7. A lash with a whip. २. वी to sleep, वच् aff., and the form irr.

विष्ठा mn. (-च-च) The root of a water-lily. २. विष्ठा a fibrous root, वच् a root; also विष्ठा।

विष्ठा m. (-र) A branch. २. विष्ठा a fibrous root, वच् what has. [वच्]

विष्ठा m. (-च) The Indian-fig tree. २. विष्ठा a fibrous root, वच् what

विष्ठा m. (-च) A sort of large shrub, (Cassia alata.) f. (-जा) A legume, a pod; २. वच् वां वच्; also विष्ठा and विष्ठा।

विष्ठा f. (-वि-वी) 1. A legume, a pod. 2. A kind of grass. २. वच् विष्ठा निं वा वीच्; also विष्ठा, and विष्ठा।

विष्ठा m. (-क) A sort of kidney-bean, (Phaseolus max.) f. (-का) 1. A legume, a pod. 2. A kind of kidney-bean. २. वच् added to the last; also विष्ठा, &c.

विष्ठा f. (-वी) A sort of bean, (Phaseolus trilobus.) २. विष्ठा a pod, and वच् leaf, aff. वीच्; also with वच् added, fem. form विष्ठा।

विष्ठा n. (-र) 1. The head. 2. The root of the pepper plant. f. (-र) Any vessel of the body, really or supposed to be, of a tubular form, &c.

a nerve, &c. (शिरा) 1. A bed. 2. A large serpent.  
 शिरा to injure, क. aff. शिरा शिरा.  
 शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) A devotee carrying a human skull as his emblem.  
 शिरा the head, कपाड the skull, and इति aff.  
 शिराशिरा f. (-शिरा) Pain of the head, head-ache. शिरा, and शिरा pain.  
 शिराशिरा n. (-शिरा) A head-dress.  
 शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) The cocoa-nut tree, शिरा the head, and फल fruit.  
 शिराशिरा mfn. (-शिरा-शिरा) Having the head bathed, शिरा, शिरा bathed.  
 शिरा m. (-शिरा) The hair of the head, शिरा the head, and शिरा horn.  
 शिरा n. (-शिरा) 1. The head. 2. The skull. 3. The top of a tree. 4. A summit, a peak. 5. The van of an army. 6. Chief, principal, head. शिरा to honour, in the passive form, to be honoured, (by the other members,) क. aff. Una'di aff., and the form irr. शिरा, or शिरा शिरा.  
 [head, क. horn.  
 शिरा m. (-शिरा) The hair of the head. शिरा seventh case, in the शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) The hair of the head. शिरा on the head, शिरा what grows.  
 शिरा (-शिरा) 1. A helmet. 2. A turban, a hat or cap. f. (-शिरा) A palanquin. शिरा the head, and क. added.  
 शिरा Ind. From the head. [aff.  
 शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) An elephant. शिरा the head, क. to inflame, शिरा शिरा m. (-शिरा) 1. A helmet. 2. A cap, a turban, &c. शिरा the head, क. to protect, aff. क.  
 शिराशिरा n. (-शिरा) 1. A helmet. 2. A cap, a turban, &c. शिरा the head, क. शिरा the instrument of defence.  
 शिरा m. (-शिरा-शिरा-शिरा) Of or on the head. m. (-शिरा) Clean unentangled शिरा शिरा the head, क. aff.  
 शिराशिरा mfn. (-शिरा-शिरा-शिरा) At or on the head, at the top, &c. m. (-शिरा) Chief, a leader. शिरा head, chief, शिरा to stay or be, क. क.  
 शिरा m. (-शिरा) The elephant or wood apple. Feronia elephantium.) शिरा a vein, and क. leaf.  
 शिरा mfn. (-शिरा-शिरा-शिरा) Veiny, sinewy, tendinous, skinny, showing the tendons or veins. n. (-शिरा) An acid fruit, (Averrhoa carambola.) शिरा a vein, क. poss. aff. [last.  
 शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) A plant, (Cissus quadrangularis.) शिरा क. added to the शिराशिरा n. (-शिरा) Lead.  
 शिरा m. (-शिरा) 1. A sword. 2. An arrow. 3. A murderer, a killer. 4. A horse. शिरा to injure or kill, Una'di aff. शिरा, and the radical vowel changed to इ.  
 शिरा m. (-शिरा) A kind of tree, (Acacia sirisa.) शिरा to injure, Una'di aff. शिरा.  
 [and शिरा house.  
 शिराशिरा n. (-शिरा) A room on the top of the house, a turret. शिरा शिरा top, शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) Affection of the head. [the compound neuter.  
 शिराशिरा n. (-शिरा) The head and neck. शिरा the head, शिरा the neck, शिराशिरा f. (-शिरा) The neck. शिरा the head, and शिरा what upholds.  
 शिरा f. (-शिरा) The neck. शिरा the head, शिरा to hold, aff. शिरा.  
 शिराशिरा n. (-शिरा) An ornament for the head.  
 शिराशिरा mfn. (-शिरा-शिरा) 1. A gem worn in a crest, or on the top of the head. 2. A title of respect conferred on learned men. शिरा the head, and शिरा a jewel.  
 शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) A hog. शिरा the head, शिरा vitality.  
 शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) An epithet of S'iva.  
 शिराशिरा n. (-शिरा) A gem worn in the crest. शिरा the head, शिरा a jewel.  
 शिराशिरा f. (-शिरा) 1. A tree, (Echites scholaris.) 2. Pain or diseased affection of the head. शिरा the head, and शिरा sickness; a remedy being prepared from the leaves of the plant for head-ache.  
 शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) Hair. शिरा the head, शिरा to grow, क. aff.  
 शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) The hair of the head. शिरा the head, शिरा to grow, क. aff.; also शिराशिरा.

शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) Disease of the head. शिरा, शिरा sickness. [शिरा pain.  
 शिराशिरा f. (-शिरा) Pain of the head, head-ache, &c. शिरा the head, शिराशिरा mfn. (-शिरा-शिरा-शिरा) At the head or top, &c. m. (-शिरा) A chief; one at the head of affairs or of an army. शिरा, and शिरा staying.  
 शिराशिरा f. (-शिरा) The crest or comb of the peacock. शिरा the head, and शिरा a creeper; it is also read शिराशिरा.  
 शिराशिरा n. (-शिरा) Pepper. शिरा the head or top, and शिरा surrounded.  
 शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) 1. A turban. 2. A cap. शिरा the head, and शिरा what surrounds; also शिराशिरा.  
 शिराशिरा n. (-शिरा) A turban. शिरा the head, and शिरा enfolding.  
 शिराशिरा n. (-शिरा) A skull. शिरा the head, and शिरा a bone.  
 शिराशिरा 6th cl. (शिराशिरा) To clean.  
 शिरा n. (-शिरा) Gleaning ears of corn. f. (-शिरा) 1. A stone, a rock. 2. Arsenic. 3. A flat stone on which condiments, &c. are ground with a muller. f. (-शिरा-शिरा) 1. The timber of a door-frame. 2. A transverse beam or a beam or stone placed across the top of a post or pillar. 3. Camphor. f. (-शिरा) 1. A small earth-worm. 2. A dart, a spike. शिरा, to glean, aff. क.  
 शिराशिरा f. (-शिरा) The Olbanum tree, (Boswellia thurifera) [aff. क. शिरा शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) A stone-cutter's chisel. शिरा a stone, क. to cut. शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) Storax: see शिराशिरा. शिरा, शिरा flower. [thick. शिराशिरा mfn. (-शिरा-शिरा-शिरा) Firm or hard as a stone or rock. शिरा, शिरा शिराशिरा mfn. (-शिरा-शिरा-शिरा) Produced in a mountain or rock, to-shir mineral. n. (-शिरा) 1. Storax or Benzoin, the resins of the styrax benzoinum or S. officinale, which are usually confounded by the Hindus. 2. Iron. शिरा a rock, and शिरा horn; the balsams being supposed to be fossile productions, and to exude from the soil of mountainous places; being confounded with bitumen or petroleum.  
 शिराशिरा n. (-शिरा) 1. Bitumen. 2. Red chalk. शिरा a stone, and शिरा lac. it is supposed to ooze from the sides of mountains in the hot weather. [exceeds.  
 शिराशिरा f. (-शिरा) Bitumen. शिरा a stone, and शिरा what queries शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) 1. A room on the top of a house. 2. A fence, an enclosure. शिरा a stone, शिरा to go, क. aff.  
 शिराशिरा n. (-शिरा) The surface of a rock or stone. शिरा, शिरा below. शिराशिरा n. (-शिरा) Iron. शिरा a stone, शिरा self, and शिरa horn. शिराशिरा f. (-शिरा) A crucible. शिरा a stone, शिरा, शिरा क. aff., fem. form.  
 शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) Bitumen. शिरा a stone, and शिरा herpes. शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) 1. Chalk. 2. Red chalk. 3. A white fossile substance; an aluminous earth of a white colour, and thence considered to be a sort of chalk. शिरा a stone or rock, and शिरा a mineral. शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) A flat stone for grinding condiments, &c. शिरा a stone, and शिरा a flat surface.  
 शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) A muller or roller for grinding condiments, &c. on a flat stone. शिरा a flat stone, and शिरा child. also शिराशिरा. शिराशिरा n. (-शिरा) Storax or Benzoin. शिरा a rock, शिरा flower. शिराशिरा n. (-शिरा) A layer or table of rock or stone. शिरा, क. क. a plank.  
 शिराशिरा n. (-शिरा) Storax or Benzoin. शिरा a rock, and शिरa horn. शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) 1. A plant, (Pl. cranthus scutellaroides.) 2. A stone-cutter's chisel. शिरा a stone, and शिरा what breaks. शिराशिरा mfn. (-शिरा-शिरा-शिरा) Made of stone. शिरा, शिरा aff. [juice. शिराशिरा m. (-शिरा) Incense, Benjamin or Olbanum. शिरा a stone, शिरा. शिराशिरा f. (-शिरा) A medicinal substance said to be of cooling and lithontriptic properties, commonly termed Silabák; a sort of lichen or moss. शिरा a stone or rock, and शिरa bark; also termed शिराशिरा, शिराशिरा.

- शिलाकुट्टि (टि) Hail. E. शिला, and कुट्टि rain.  
 शिलाविमलम् n. (-यम्) A rocky recess.  
 शिलावायि m. (वि) Bitumen. E. शिला a rock or stone, वायि sickness.  
 शिलासनम् n. (-नम्) 1. Benzoin or Storax. 2. A stone bench or seat. E. शिला a stone or rock, and ससन abiding or ससन a seat.  
 शिलासारम् n. (-रम्) Iron. E. शिला a stone, and सार essence.  
 शिलि f. (-लि; ली) 1. The lower timber of a door. 2. A female frog.  
 3. An arrow. 4. A kind of earth-worm. m. (वि) The Bhurjapatra or birch-tree. E. शिल् to glean, लि aff.; see शिल, शिला, &c.  
 शिलिन्दम् m. (-न्दम्) A kind of fish.  
 शिलीम्बुम् n. (-म्बुम्) 1. The flower of the plantain tree. 2. Hail. 3. A mushroom. m. (-म्बुम्) 1. A sort of tree. 2. A kind of fish; also चिक्कल्लम्. f. (-म्बुम्) 1. Earth, clay. 2. A small earth-worm. 3. A sort of bird.  
 शिलीम्बुकम् n. (-कम्) A mushroom, one growing out of cowdung, a fungus. E. कम् added to the preceding.  
 शिलीपट्टम् m. (-ट्टम्) Enlarged or Tropical leg; also शीपट्टम्.  
 शिलायुग्मम् n. (-युग्मम्) 1. A bee. 2. An arrow. 3. A fool, a block head. 4. War. E. शिला a dart, (a sting,) and युग्म the face.  
 शिलयम् mfn. (-यम्; यौ-यम्) Like a stone or rock, as hard, &c. n. (-यम्) Storax. E. शिला a rock, डक् aff. and the vowel unchanged.  
 शिलीचयम् n. (-यम्) 1. A mountain. 2. A high mountain. E. शिला a stone or rock, च up, च to collect, च्च् aff.  
 शिलीच्छम् m. (-च्छम्) 1. Following more than one occupation. 2. Gleaning. E. शिला gleaning, च्छ् to gather or glean, aff. च्च्; gleaning a substance.  
 शिलीच्छयम् f. (-यम्) 1. Livelihood gained by gleaning. 2. Extraordinary occupation. E. शिलीच्छ, and छ्च् substance.  
 शिलीच्छम् mfn. (-च्छम्; छा-च्छम्) Growing from or upon rock or stone. n. (-च्छम्) Benzoin or Storax. E. शिला a stone, and छा what grows.  
 शिलीच्छम् mfn. (-च्छम्; छा-च्छम्) Produced from stone or rock. n. (-च्छम्) 1. A superior sort of Sandal wood, either the white or brass-coloured sort. 2. Storax or Benzoin. E. शिला a stone or rock, छा produced.  
 शिलीच्छम् m. (-च्छम्) Gaudy. E. शिला a rock, and च्छ्च् alope.  
 शिल्पम् n. (-यम्) 1. An art, any manual or mechanical art. (sixty-four such arts are enumerated) 2. Skill, ingenuity. 3. A ceremonial act. 4. A sort of spoon or ladle, used at sacrifices to throw the Ghee or butter into the fire. E. शिल् to be clever or skilled, पक् 'Unádi' aff., and the vowel made short.  
 शिल्पकम् n. (-कम्) A sort of drama: one exhibiting magical and mystical rites. E. शिल् manual art, and कम् aff.; also read शिल्पिकम्.  
 शिल्पकर्मन् n. (-कर्मन्) Manual labour, handicraft. E. शिल्प, and कर्मन् act; also शिल्पक्रिया, &c. [who makes.  
 शिल्पकारम् m. (-कारम्) An artisan, a mechanic. E. शिल्प a handicraft, कार  
 शिल्पविद्या f. (-द्या) Art, mechanical or manual skill. E. शिल्प, and विद्या knowledge. [शाला a hall.  
 शिल्पशाला f. (-शाला) A work-shop, a manufactory. E. शिल्प art, and शाला  
 शिल्पिकम् mfn. (-कम्; कौ-कम्) Manual, mechanic. n. (-कम्) 1. Handicraft. 2. A sort of drama: see शिल्पक. E. शिल्प, and डक् aff.  
 शिल्पिन् mfn. (-न्; ल्पिनी-यम्) 1. An artist, an artificer or artisan. 2. Belonging or relating to a mechanical profession or art. f. (-ल्लिनी) A drug or herb, a kind of grass said to be known by the name of Lahu'nasipi, and described as sweet and cooling, and bearing marks of tonic and restorative properties; also शिल्पिका, &c. E. शिल्प art, and इनि aff. [and शाला a hall.  
 शिल्पिशास्त्रम् n. (-शास्त्रम्) A work-shop, a manufactory. E. शिल्पि an artisan, शिल्पशास्त्रम् n. (-शास्त्रम्) A treatise or set of treatises on works of art. E. शिल्पि an artist, and शास्त्र book.  
 शिवम् mfn. (-यम्; वा-यम्) Prosperous, happy. m. (-यम्) 1. The deity S'iva, the most formidable of the Hindu triad, the destroyer of creation:

- the adoration of which he is the object, is of a more gloomy aspect in general than that of the rest, and he is the particular god of the Tantrikas or followers of the books called Tantras. 2. Final emancipation from existence, eternal happiness. 3. A pillar or post to which cattle are tied. 4. An auspicious planetary conjunction. 5. Scripture, the Védas. 6. A drug, commonly Et'abámba. 7. A perfume, Pun'd'ar'ya. 8. Bdelium. 9. One of the astronomical periods termed Y'ogas. 10. Quicksilver. 11. The penis. 12. The phallic emblem of S'iva. 13. A god. n. (-यम्) 1. Happiness, pleasure. 2. Auspiciousness, well being. 3. Water. 4. Sea or fossile salt. 5. Borax. 6. Rock-salt. f. (-यम्) 1. The goddess DURGA', the wife of S'iva. 2. The S'ami tree, (Mimosa summa, Rox.) 3. Yellow myrobala, (Terminalia chebula.) 4. Emblio myrobala. 5. A jalkal. 6. The mother of the twenty-second Jina. 7. Final emancipation. 8. A kind of yellow pigment. 9. The Durba-grass. E. शिवे sleep. Unádi aff. वन्, on or in whom or which, the universe reposes.  
 शिवकम् m. (-कम्) 1. A post to which cows or calves are tied. 2. A post for cattle to rub against. n. शिव the same, कम् aff.  
 शिवकरम् mfn. (-रम्; रा-रम्) Propitious, auspicious, making happy. m. (-रम्) A Jina of the last age. E. शिव good fortune, and कर who makes.  
 शिवकीर्त्तनम् m. (-नम्) 1. An attendant on S'iva. 2. KRISHN'A or VISHN'A. n. (-नम्) Praising or hymning S'iva. E. शिव S'iva, कीर्त्तन celebrating.  
 शिवमतिम् mfn. (-ति; ति-ति) 1. Happy, prosperous. 2. Worshipping S'iva. m. (-ति) One of the Jinas of the past age. E. शिव auspiciousness, गति going. [शिव  
 शिवचर्मम् m. (-जम्) The planet MARS. E. शिव S'iva, चर्म perspiration, and शिवचर्म mfn. (-रम्; रा-रम्) Propitious, auspicious, conferring happiness, good fortune. E. शिव good fortune, च्च् to make, aff. लक्.  
 शिवचतुर्दशी f. (-शी) A festival held in honour of S'iva, on the fourteenth of the dark-half of Māgha. E. शिव, चतुर्दशी fourteenth.  
 शिवज्ञम् mfn. (-यम्; ज्ञा-यम्) Knowing what is good or propitious. E. Worshipping S'iva. f. (-ज्ञा) A female devotee of the Saiva sect. E. शिव S'iva, and ज्ञा to know, च्च् and टाप् aff.  
 शिवतातिम् mfn. (-ति; ति-ति) Propitious, conferring happiness or fortune. E. शिव happiness, तातिल् aff.; also शिवतातिक्.  
 शिवदण्डम् n. (-ण्डम्) The discus of VISHN'A. E. शिव S'iva, and दण्ड given.  
 शिवदाहम् m. (-हम्) The Devadaru tree, (Pinus Deodar.)  
 शिवदूतिका f. (-का) One of the Ma'tris or divine mothers. E. शिव Durga', and कम् aff. [देव अति  
 शिवदूती f. (-ती) Durga'. E. शिव S'iva, and दूती, from दूत a messenger.  
 शिवधामम् m. (-यम्) 1. The milk stone, opal or chalcedony. 2. Quicksilver. E. शिव S'iva, धाम a mineral. [sacred to S'iva especially  
 शिवपुरी f. (-री) The holy city Benares. E. शिव, and पुरी the city. [शिव  
 शिवप्रियम् mfn. (-यम्; या-यम्) Dear to or esteemed by S'iva. m. (-यम्) 1. The Seebana grandiflora. 2. Crystal. f. (-या) The goddess Durga'. E. (यम्) The seeds of the Elaeagnus. E. शिव, and प्रिय beloved.  
 शिवमञ्जी f. (-ञ्जी) The Seebana grandiflora. E. शिव, and मञ्जी jasmine.  
 शिवरसम् m. (-रसम्) The water of boiled-rice or pulse three days old, and undergoing spontaneous fermentation.  
 शिवरात्रि f. (-त्रि) A celebrated festival held in honour of S'iva on the fourteenth of the moon's wane or dark-fortnight in Māgha. E. शिव, and रात्रि night.  
 शिवलिङ्गम् n. (-ङ्गम्) S'iva in the form of a phallus.  
 शिववत्सलम् mfn. (-यम्; वा-यम्) Loved or esteemed by S'iva. m. (-यम्) 1. The mango tree. 2. Gigantic swallow-wort. f. (-यम्) The goddess PA'VATI'. E. शिव S'iva, and वत्सल beloved.  
 शिववह्मन् m. (-नम्) A bull. E. शिव the deity, वह्मन् vehicle. [शिव  
 शिववीजम् n. (-जम्) Quicksilver. E. शिव S'iva, and बीज semen; its supposed  
 शिवशेखरम् m. (-रम्) 1. The Seebana grandiflora. 2. The moon. E. शिव S'iva, and शेखर a crest.

शिवान् n. (-न्) The seed of the Elaeocarpus. २. शिव S'iva, and चक्षु from चक्षु the eye. ३. शिवान् ।  
 शिवानी f. (-नी) 1. A flower, (Celtis orientalis.) 2. A name of Durga. ३. शिव the deity, शिव aff., and चक्षु augment.  
 शिवान् m. (-न्) A goat. २. शिव Durga, and शिव beloved by.  
 शिवान् m. (-न्) A dog. २. शिव a jackal, and चक्षु an enemy.  
 शिवान् m. (-न्) Red Tulas' or basil. n. (-न्) 1. A cemetery or place where dead bodies are burnt or buried. 2. Any temple dedicated to S'iva. ३. शिव S'iva, and चक्षु abode.  
 शिवान् m. (-न्) A jackal. शिवान् चक्षु ।  
 शिवान् f. (-नी) A plant, (Celtis orientalis.) [3. A king so named.  
 शिव m. (-न्) 1. A beast of prey. 2. The Bhurja-patra or birch-tree.  
 शिवान् f. (-नी) 1. A palanquin, a litter. २. शिव nominal verb, to give pleasure or ease, aff. चक्षु ।  
 शिवान् m. (-न्) A name of S'iva: see शिवान् ।  
 शिवान् n. (-न्) 1. A camp. 2. A royal camp or residence. 3. A guard or defence for the soldiers. 4. A sort of grain. २. शिव to sleep or rest, चक्षु Unadi aff. and चक्षु augment. [चक्षु a conveyance.  
 शिवान् m. (-न्) A palanquin, a litter. २. शिव for शिवान् the same,  
 शिवान् f. (-नी) Drowsiness, sleepiness, wish to sleep. २. शिव to sleep, desid. v., चक्षु and चक्षु affs.  
 शिवान् mfn. (-न्-चक्षु-चक्षु) Sleepy, drowsy. २. शिव to sleep, desid. v., चक्षु aff.  
 शिवान् mfn. (-न्-चक्षु-चक्षु) Cold, frigid, chilly, freezing. m. (-न्) Frost. mfn. (-न्-चक्षु) The cold season, comprising two months from about the middle of January to that of March. n. (-न्) 1. Coolness. 2. Dew, hoar-frost. 3. The cool season. २. चक्षु to go, (the sun, north of the equator.) शिव Unadi aff. and the radical vowel changed to र ।  
 शिवान् n. (-न्) The dewy season: see the last. २. शिव, चक्षु time.  
 शिवान् m. (-न्) 1. The young of man or any animal, a child, a calf, २. A pupil, a scholar. 3. A boy under eight years of age. 4. A lad or boy not more than sixteen. २. शिव to destroy, Unadi aff. चक्षु, and the root repeated, with र substituted for the semivowel to which the radical vowel is changed in its inflections.  
 शिवान् m. (-न्) 1. A porpoise. 2. Another fish, resembling a porpoise. 3. A child, a young animal. 4. A tree. २. चक्षु added to the last.  
 शिवान् m. (-न्) The weeping of an infant or child. २. शिव a child, and चक्षु weeping; also शिवान् n. (-न्) ।  
 शिवान् m. (-न्) A book or work treating of infantine or juvenile grievances. २. शिवान् as above, and चक्षु aff. in this sense.  
 शिवान् f. (-नी) Double jasmine.  
 शिवान् n. (-न्) 1. Boyhood, pupilage, the period before sixteen. 2. Childhood, the period up to eight years of age. २. शिव a child, चक्षु abstract aff.; also with चक्षु aff. शिवान् ।  
 शिवान् m. (-न्) The sovereign of a country in the central part of India or Chédi, opposed to KRISHN'A and slain by him; his death forms the subject of one of the Hindu epic poems, thence named S'is'upala-Badha, by MA'gha. २. शिव a child, चक्षु who cherishes.  
 शिवान् m. (-न्) 1. A king: see the last. 2. A plant, (Nauclea cordifolia.) २. शिव child, चक्षु who or what pleases or cherishes, aff. चक्षु ।  
 शिवान् m. (-न्) KRISHN'A. २. शिवान् the king, चक्षु destroyer.  
 शिवान् m. (-न्) 1. The Gangetic porpoise, (Delphinus gangeticus.) 2. The heavenly porpoise, or collection of the stars and planets. 3. A name or form of VISHN'U. २. शिव child, and चक्षु what kills.  
 शिवान् m. (-न्) A wild goat. २. शिव a child, चक्षु to bear, aff. चक्षु ।  
 शिवान् m. (-न्) A wild goat. २. शिव a child, चक्षु to bear, चक्षु aff., and चक्षु added.  
 शिव m. (-न्) The penis. २. चक्षु to move, aff. चक्षु, form irr.  
 शिवान् mfn. (-न्-चक्षु-चक्षु) 1. Innocent, virtuous. 2. Guilty, sinful, wicked. २. शिव to be white, (pure or virtuous,) चक्षु Unadi aff., चक्षु changed to र, and the reduplicate form of the root.

शिव. r. 1st cl. (शिव) To hurt, to injure or kill. r. 1st and 10th cls. (शिव शिव-ने) To leave a residue, not to use the whole. (Usually with चक्षु prefixed.) To excol (चक्षु and with चक्षु prefixed, शिव r. 7th cl. (शिव-ने) To assign attributes or qualities to, to distinguish, to individualize, to specify.  
 शिव mfn. (-न्-चक्षु) 1. Obedient, docile. 2. Ordered, commanded, disciplined, trained. 3. Chief, principal, eminent, select. 4. Left, remaining. 5. Wise m. (-न्) 1. A courtier, a counsellor. 2. A chief. २. चक्षु to order, aff. चक्षु, form irr.; or चक्षु to leave, चक्षु aff.  
 शिवान् f. (-नी) 1. Good behaviour, urbanity, civility. 2. Docility. 3. The property of being left or remaining. २. शिव, and चक्षु aff.; also with चक्षु ।  
 शिवान् f. (-नी) A council of state, an assembly of chief officers. २. शिव. चक्षु an assembly. [चक्षु account.  
 शिवान् m. (-न्) History or tradition of eminent persons. २. शिव, शिवान् mfn. (-न्-चक्षु) Well-behaved, m. (-न्) Good-manners, proper behaviour. २. शिव, and चक्षु observance.  
 शिव f. (-नी) 1. An order or command. 2. Ruling, commanding. 3. Correcting, keeping in order. 4. Personal correction or chastisement. २. चक्षु to order, aff. चक्षु, form irr.  
 शिव Ind. 1. Having confessed publicly, or proclaimed. 2. Having governed, regulated, trained. २. चक्षु to rule, or चक्षु to hurt, चक्षु aff.  
 शिव m. (-न्) 1. A pupil, a scholar. 2. Passion, anger. 3. Violence. २. चक्षु to order, aff. चक्षु: the vowel changed to र । [correction.  
 शिवान् f. (-नी) Chastisement or correction of a pupil. २. चक्षु, शिव शिव m. (-न्) Incense, benjamin or olibanum. २. चक्षु to melt, चक्षु aff., deriv. irr.; more usually शिव; also with चक्षु added शिव ।  
 शिव (चक्षु) शिव r. 2nd cl. (शिव) To sleep. With चक्षु prefixed, 1. To sleep longer than. 2. To to be profuse or copious, to be much or more, to exceed. With चक्षु, 1. To lie down on. 2. To abide, to be. With चक्षु, To doubt. With चक्षु, To lie near.  
 शिव m. (-न्) 1. Sleep, repose. 2. Devotion, tranquillity, indifference to every thing but the object of worship. २. शिव to sleep, aff. चक्षु ।  
 शिव r. 1st cl. (चक्षु) शिव (शिव) 1. To wet, to moisten, to sprinkle. २. To move gently. r. 1st and 10th cls. (शिव शिव-ने) 1. To endure patiently, to be patient. 2. To touch. 3. To wet, to moisten. 4. To be angry.  
 शिव m. (-न्) 1. Thin rain, or rain driven by wind. 2. A drop of water. n. (चक्षु) A sort of pine or its resin. २. शिव to sprinkle, aff. चक्षु । [शिव, चक्षु a heap.  
 शिवान् mfn. (-न्-चक्षु-चक्षु) Abounding with mist, spray or thin rain. २. शिव mfn. (-न्-चक्षु-चक्षु) Quick, speedy. m. (चक्षु) (In astronomy,) Parallax. n. Adv. (-न्) Quickly, swiftly. २. चक्षु to smell, चक्षु aff., deriv. irr.  
 शिव mfn. (-न्-चक्षु-चक्षु) Going quick. २. शिव and चक्षु who goes.  
 शिवान् mfn. (-न्-चक्षु-चक्षु) Going quick or expeditiously. २. शिव quickly, and चक्षु who goes.  
 शिवान् m. (-न्) A dog. २. शिव quickly, चक्षु thinking, knowing.  
 शिवान् m. (-न्) A plant, (Cesalpinia boudocella.) २. शिव quick, चक्षु birth. "कोटा चक्षु" ।  
 शिव f. (-नी) Quickness, speed. २. शिव, चक्षु aff.; also with चक्षु, शिव ।  
 शिवान् m. (-न्) A good archer, a good shot. २. शिव quick, and चक्षु who pierces.  
 शिवान् mfn. (-न्-चक्षु-चक्षु) Becoming quick or expeditious. २. शिव nominal verb, to be quick, चक्षु aff.  
 शिव mfn. (-न्-चक्षु-चक्षु) Quick, fleet. m. (-न्) 1. S'iva. 2. VISHN'U. 3. The fighting of cats. २. शिव quick, चक्षु aff.  
 शिव m. (-न्) 1. The fighting of cats. 2. S'iva. 3. VISHN'U.  
 शिव Ind. A sound made to express any sudden thrill, (especially applied to the sound made during sexual enjoyment.)  
 शिव mfn. (-न्-चक्षु-चक्षु) 1. Cold, chilly, frigid. 2. Idle, lazy. 3. Cold, dull,



(ख) A fragrant grass, considered by some as a sort of *Cyperus*, and by others, *Zedoary*. **सुख** *semen*, and *सुख* aff., or *सुख* to get or give, aff. **सुख** [planet, *वार* a day.]

**सुखवार** m. (-रः) Friday. **सुख** *S'UKRA*, the regent of *Venus*, or the *सुखवारि* m. (-रः) A demon, a Titan, a powerful being opposed to the gods. **सुख** the teacher of this race, and *सुख* a pupil.

**सुखित** mfn. (-यः-यः) Sacred to *S'UKRA*, &c. **सुख** as above, *सुख* aff.

**सुखपात्र** m. (-यः) The regent of *Venus*. **सुख**, and *पात्र* teacher.

**सुख** mfn. (-लः-लः) White, of a white colour. m. (-लः) 1. White, (the colour.) 2. The light half of a lunar month : see *सुखपक्ष*. 3. One of the astronomical *Yogas*. n. (-लः) 1. Silver. 2. Fresh butter. 3. A disease of the cornea, opacity, *albugo*. 4. Sour grael. f. (-लः) 1. A name of *SARASWATI*. 2. Clayed or candied sugar. 3. A woman with white complexion. **सुख** to be pure, &c., *Una'di* aff. *सुख* and *र* changed to *ल*. [a lunar month.]

**सुखक** f. (-लः) White. m. (-लः) 1. The white colour. 2. The light-half of *सुखकपक्ष* m. (-लः) A kind of gallinule or water-hen. **सुख** white, *कपक्ष* the throat, and *सुख* aff. [कपक्ष act.]

**सुखकर्म** mfn. (-यः-यः) Innocent, virtuous. **सुख** white, pure, and *सुख* n. (-लः) Whiteness. **सुख** white, *सुख* aff.; also with *तत्* aff. *सुखता* : *सुखसुख* m. (-यः) An aquatic plant, (*Trapa bispinosa*.) **सुख** white, *सुख* milk. "सुखसुखे"

**सुखधान** m. (-तः) Chalk. **सुख** white, and *धान* a mineral.

**सुखपक्ष** m. (-यः) The light-half of a month, the fifteen days of the moon's increase, or from new to full-moon. **सुख** white, *पक्ष* part or fortnight.

**सुखपत्र** m. (-यः) 1. The white variety of *Amaranth*, (*Gomphrena globosa*.) 2. A species of *jasmine*, (*Jasminum pubescens*.) f. (-यः) 1. A shrub, (*Phrynum dichotomum*.) 2. A sort of sun-flower. **सुख** white, and *पत्र* a flower.

**सुखपृष्ठ** m. (-लः) A small tree, (*Vitex nigundo*.)

**सुखसुख** m. (-लः) A name common to nine persons peculiar to the *Jainas*. **सुख** white, and *सुख* a *BALADEVA*; there being nine white *BALADEVAS*, corresponding to the nine *KRISHNAs*, or black *VA'SUDEVAS*, according to the notions of this sect.

**सुखनख** n. (-लः) The white of the eye, the cornea. **सुख** white, *नख* a circle.

**सुखवर्ग** m. (-यः) 1. A class of white objects, or the conch, pearl-oyster and cowrie, &c. **सुख** white, and *वर्ग* a class.

**सुखवायस** m. (-यः) A crane. **सुख** white, and *वायस* a crow.

**सुखवत्** mfn. (-लः-लः) Having a white body or limbs. m. (-लः) A peacock. **सुख** white, and *वत्* body.

**सुखपाद** m. (-लः) A peacock. **सुख** white, *पाद* the corner of the eye.

**सुखक** n. (-लः) A kind of sorrel.

**सुखित** m. (-लः) Whiteness. **सुख** white, *सुखित* aff. [aff.]

**सुखोन्नत** m. (-लः) Whiteness, making white. **सुख**, *उन्नत* making, *सुख* *सुखोन्नत* mfn. (-लः-लः) Made white, whitened. **सुख**, *उन्नत* made, *सुख* aff.

**सुखोपमा** f. (-लः) 1. Clayed or candied sugar. 2. Any white stone. **सुख** white, and *उपमा* a stone.

**सुख** m. (-लः) 1. Air, wind. 2. Light. **सुख** to dry up, *Una'di* aff. *सुख* : *सुख* m. (-लः) 1. The Indian-fig tree, (*Ficus Indica*.) 2. The hog-plum, (*Spondias mangifera*.) f. (-लः) 1. The sheath or calyx of a young bud. 2. The waved-leaf fig. 3. The awn of barley, &c. **सुख** to rest or pacify, aff. *सुख*; form irr. [aff.]

**सुख** m. (-लः) The Indian-fig tree. **सुख** the calyx of the bud, *सुख* *सुख* r. 1st cl. (सुखित) To regret, to grieve for, (क, ख) *सुखित* r. 4th cl. (सुखित-ते) 1. To be wet. 2. To be clean or pure. 3. To stink, to be fetid. 4. To wound. 5. To regret.

**सुख** f. (-लः) 1. Sorrow, grief, distress, regret. 2. Calamity, affliction, *सुख* to regret, aff. *सुख*; also with *दाप्* added, *सुखा* f. (-लः)

**सुखा** f. (-लः) Sorrow, distress : see *सुख*.

**सुखित** mfn. (-लः-लः) 1. White. 2. Clean, cleansed, purified, pious, exempt from passion or vice. 1. Correct, free from error or error. m. (-लः) 1. White, (the colour.) 2. Purification, ablution, &c. 3. Judicial acquittal. 4. Mental purity, virtue, goodness. 5. Accuracy, correctness. 6. The condition of the religious student. 7. A faithful and tried minister or friend. 8. The month *A'shādha*, (June-July.) 9. The month *Jyeshtha*, (the June.) 10. The hot season. 11. The passion or sentiment of love. 12. *S'iva*. 13. The sun. 14. The moon. 15. The planet *Venus*, its ruler. 16. A name of fire. 17. A *Brahman*. 18. Oblation to at the first feeding of an infant. **सुख** to purify, *Una'di* aff. and the vowel unchanged; or *सु-ल*.

**सुखित** mfn. (-लः-लः) 1. Sad, lamenting. 2. Pure, clean, cleansed. *सुख* to grieve, *सुख* aff.

**सुखिता** f. (-लः) Purity, cleanness. **सुखित**, *सुख* aff. also with *सुखित*.

**सुखिसुखी** f. (-लः) Sipping water, rinsing the mouth, &c. **सुख** purification, and *सुखी* effecting.

**सुखिसुखि** m. (-लः) Crystal. **सुख** white, and *सुख* a gem.

**सुखिरौचिस्** m. (-लः) The moon. **सुख** white, and *रौचिस्* light.

**सुखित** mfn. (-लः-लः) Pious, virtuous. **सुख**, and *सुख* observance.

**सुखित** mfn. (-लः-लः) Smiled, smiling sweetly, accompanied with sweet smile. **सुख** white, (from the teeth being shewn,) and *सुख* smiled.

**सुख** (र) *सुखी* r. 1st cl. (सुखित) 1. To bathe. 2. To distil. 3. To pour or squeeze out. 4. To churn. 5. To pain or distress.

**सुखी** m. (-लः) A hero. **सुखी** *सुखी*.

**सुखीरता** f. (-लः) Valour, heroism. **सुखी** a hero, *सुख* aff. and the *थ* changed to the short vowel.

**सुखीय** n. (-लः) Heroism, prowess. **सुखी** a hero, *सुख* aff. : see the *सुख* r. 1st cl. (सुखित) 1. To be impeded. 2. To be lame. 3. To run. r. 10th cl. (सुखित-ते) To be idle, to be lazy : also (र) *सुख* r. and 10th cls. (सुखित-सुखित-ते) To purify.

**सुख** r. 6th cl. (सुखित) To go.

**सुखि** f. (-लः-लः) Dry ginger. **सुख** to be stopped, (by it, *प्लेग* aff. *सुख*, and *सुख* aff. *सुख*, or in one case *सुख* aff. [सुख]

**सुख** n. (-लः) Dry ginger. **सुख** to be stopped, (disease by it.)

**सुख** m. (-लः) The exudation from an elephant's temples. f. (-लः) 1. tavern. 2. Spirituous liquor. 3. A liquor-shop. 4. An animal on the water-elephant, the hippopotamus perhaps. 5. An elephant proboscis or trunk. 6. The stalk of the lotus. 7. A whore. 8. bawd. **सुख** to go, aff. *सुख*, *सुख* aff. *सुख*. [to the present]

**सुख** m. (-लः) 1. A distiller. 2. A military flute or fife. **सुख** *सुख* *सुखापान* n. (-लः) A place where spirits are sold, a tavern, a dram-shop. **सुख** spirits, and *सुख* drinking. [सुख spirits, *सुख*]

**सुखा** m. (-लः) 1. A distiller, a vintner. 2. An elephant's proboscis.

**सुखा** m. (-लः) An elephant. **सुखा** his trunk, *सुख* poss. aff.

**सुखिता** f. (-लः) The soft palate. **सुखा** an elephant's proboscis, *सुख* form.

**सुखित** m. (-लः) 1. A distiller, a preparer and vender of spirituous liquor. 2. An elephant. **सुखा** spirits, &c., *सुख* aff.

**सुखित** f. (-लः) The river *S'atadru* or *Satiej* : see *सुख*.

**सुख** f. (-लः-लः) The river *S'atadru*.

**सुख** mfn. (-लः-लः) 1. Pure, purified, clean, cleansed. 2. Fast, correct. 3. Alone, only, mere, simple. 4. White. 5. What sharp, (as an arrow.) 6. Authorized, admitted. 7. Innocent. 8. Acquitted. 9. Bright. 10. Honest, chaste. n. (-लः) 1. Pure spirit. 2. Rock-salt. 3. Black pepper. **सुख** to be or make pure, &c., *सुख* *सुख* f. (-लः) One of the sides of a right-angled triangle. **सुख** and *सुख* flank.

**दृक्** m. (-दृः) An ass. **दृक्** clean, pure, and **दृक्** the thigh or leg.  
**दृक्** n. (-दृः) Parity, cleanness, freedom from soil or defect. **दृक्** added to **दृक्**; also with **दृक्**, **दृक्**. [ **दृक्**, **दृक्** for **दृक्** tooth.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) White-toothed, having handsome teeth. **दृक्**.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) Of pure understanding. **दृक्**, **दृक्** intellect.  
**दृक्** m. (-दृः) Simple putting to death, i. e. in any ordinary way. **दृक्**, **दृक्** and **दृक्** putting to death.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) 1. Of pure or sincere purposes, honest, free from guile. 2. Intelligent. **दृक्** m. (-दृः) One of the Jaina pontiffs of the last age. **दृक्** pure, **दृक्** understanding.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) 1. Of a good colour, caste, &c. 2. Well-lettered. **दृक्**, **दृक्** colour, &c.  
**दृक्** f. (-दृः) A plant, (*Menispermum glabrum*). **दृक्** pure, **दृक्** pedicel, **दृक्** added, fem. form. [clothes.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) Clean, having clean vesture. **दृक्**, **दृक्**, **दृक्**.  
**दृक्** n. (-दृः) A figure of rhetoric. **दृक्** correct, **दृक्** inference.  
**दृक्** m. (-दृः) 1. A seraglio, a Harem. 2. The private or women's apartments in the palace of a prince. **दृक्** m. (-दृः) The king's wife or concubine. **दृक्** pure, and **दृक्** end, limit.  
**दृक्** m. (-दृः) A eunuch or an attendant on the women's apartments. **दृक्** the Harem, and **दृक्** a guard.  
**दृक्** f. (-दृः) Change of mode or key in music. [cealment.  
**दृक्** f. (-दृः) A figure of rhetoric. **दृक्** correct, **दृक्** con-  
**दृक्** 1. Cleaning, cleansing. 2. Purity, purification. 3. Correction, correctness. 4. Innocence established by ordeal or trial, acquittal. 5. Paying off arrears. 6. Subtraction. 7. Brightness. 8. An expiation. 9. DURGĀ'. **दृक्** to be or make pure, aff. **दृक्**.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृः) 1. Clean, clear, free from soil. 2. Pure, virtuous. **दृक्**, **दृक्** having. [rice, food.  
**दृक्** m. (-दृः) King of KAPILA and father of SA'KYA. **दृक्**, **दृक्**.  
**दृक्** m. (-दृः) SA'KYA, the founder of the Baudd'ha sect. **दृक्** the father of this personage, and **दृक्** son.  
**दृक्** (मो. दु.) **दृक्** 4th cl. (**दृक्**) 1. To be or become pure or purified. 2. To be made clear, to have doubts removed. With **दृक्**, **दृक्**, or **दृक्**, To be purified.  
**दृक्** 6th cl. (**दृक्**) To go, to move. [with **दृक्** added **दृक्**.  
**दृक्** m. (-दृः) A dog. **दृक्** to go, **दृक्** aff. : see **दृक्**, **दृक्**, &c. ; also  
**दृक्** m. (-दृः) 1. INDRA. 2. An owl. **दृक्** good, venerable, **दृक्** van of his army ; the **दृक्** in each case changed ; also **दृक्**, and more correctly, **दृक्**.  
**दृक्** m. (-दृः) A dog. **दृक्** f. (-दृः) A bitch. **दृक्** to go, **दृक्** aff. ; or **दृक्** with **दृक्** aff., and the semi-vowel changed.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) Suckled by a bitch. **दृक्**, **दृक्** to suck, **दृक्** aff.  
**दृक्** m. (-दृः) A number of female dogs. **दृक्**, **दृक्** aff.  
**दृक्** 1st and 10th cls. (**दृक्**-**दृक्**-**दृक्**) 1. To be or become pure. 2. To cleanse, to purify.  
**दृक्** m. (-दृः) 1. Fire. 2. Air, wind. **दृक्** to purify, **दृक्** Unádi aff.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) Empty, void. **दृक्** 1. A number of dogs. 2. A cipher. **दृक्** a dog, and **दृक्** aff., the vowel substituted for the semi-vowel ; more commonly **दृक्**.  
**दृक्** 1st cl. (**दृक्**) 1. To look beautiful. 2. To appear to advantage. 3. To shine. **दृक्** 6th cl. (**दृक्**) 1. To hurt or injure, to kill. 2. To look beautiful. 3. To shine.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) 1. Happy, well, right, fortunate, auspicious. 2. Handsome, beautiful. 3. Splendid, shining. 4. Eminent, distinguished. 5. Learned, versed in the Védas, &c. **दृक्** 1. Good, good fortune, auspiciousness, happiness. 2. An ornament. 3. A particular fragrant wood. **दृक्**, (-दृः) One of the astrological Yōgas.  
**दृक्** 1. An assemblage of the gods. 2. A female friend and companion of the goddess UMA'. 3. Bamboo-manna. 4. Bent

grass. 5. The S'ami tree. 6. A yellow pigment : see **दृक्**. 7. Light, lustre. 8. Beauty. 9. Desire. **दृक्** to shine, aff. **दृक्**.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) Happy, fortunate, prosperous. **दृक्** happy, **दृक्**, **दृक्**.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) Propitious, producing good, &c. **दृक्**, and **दृक्** what makes : also **दृक्**.  
**दृक्** n. (-दृः) 1. Pious or virtuous act. 2. Reputable occupation or employment. **दृक्**, and **दृक्** act.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) 1. Elegant, graceful. 2. Fortunate, propitious. **दृक्**, and **दृक्** to go or obtain, **दृक्** aff.  
**दृक्** n. (-दृः) Gum-myrrh.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) Propitious, auspicious, conferring happiness or fortune. **दृक्** PA'RVATI'. **दृक्** happiness, **दृक्** to make, **दृक्** aff.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) Propitious, auspicious. **दृक्**, **दृक्** who or what gives.  
**दृक्** f. (-दृः) 1. The female elephant of the N. W. quarter. 2. A woman with good teeth. **दृक्** handsome, **दृक्** tooth, **दृक्** aff. ; elsewhere read **दृक्**.  
**दृक्** n. (-दृः) Happy result or consequence. **दृक्**, and **दृक्** fruit.  
**दृक्** m. (-दृः) An auspicious moment. **दृक्**, and **दृक्** rise of a planet.  
**दृक्** m. (-दृः) Perfume for the mouth. **दृक्**, **दृक्** perfuming.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) Of a good disposition. **दृक्**, **दृक्** disposition.  
**दृक्** f. (-दृः) A room or hall in which sacrifices are offered. **दृक्** auspicious, and **दृक्** place.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) Handsome, elegant. **दृक्** 1. The wife of KA'MA. 2. The wife of KUR'RA. 3. A handsome woman. **दृक्** handsome, and **दृक्** body. [ **दृक्**, **दृक्** observance.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) Virtuous. **दृक्** f. (-दृः) A female attendant on UMA'.  
**दृक्** m. (-दृः) A tree, (*Hyperanthera moranga*) : see **दृक्**.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) Handsome, good-looking. **दृक्** f. (-दृः) A handsome woman. **दृक्**, and **दृक्** face.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) Happy, prosperous, fortunate. **दृक्** good fortune, and **दृक्** endowed with.  
**दृक्** f. (-दृः) A beautiful woman. **दृक्**, and **दृक्** the corner of the eye, for the eye or face.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) Prosperous and unfortunate, good and evil. **दृक्**. (-दृः) Good and ill-fortune. **दृक्**, **दृक्** unlucky. [ **दृक्** other.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) 1. Unlucky, inauspicious. 2. Evil, bad. **दृक्**, **दृक्**.  
**दृक्** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) 1. White. 2. Shining. **दृक्** m. (-दृः) 1. White, (the colour.) 2. Sandal. **दृक्** 1. Talc. 2. Silver. 3. Green vitriol. 4. Rock-salt. 5. Sandal. **दृक्** 1. The Ganges. 2. Crystal. 3. Bamboo-manna. **दृक्** to shine, **दृक्** aff.  
**दृक्** m. (-दृः) The thirty-sixth year of the Indian cycle. **दृक्** white, **दृक्** making. [white, **दृक्** a tusk, **दृक्** aff.  
**दृक्** f. (-दृः) The female elephant of the north-west quarter. **दृक्**, **दृक्**.  
**दृक्** m. (-दृः) The moon. **दृक्** white, and **दृक्** a ray.  
**दृक्** m. (-दृः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. **दृक्** white, and **दृक्** a ray.  
**दृक्** m. (-दृः) BRAHMA'. **दृक्** to be propitious, **दृक्** Unádi aff.  
**दृक्** 6th cl. (**दृक्**) 1. To shine, to be splendid or beautiful. 2. To be handsome. 3. To hurt or injure. 4. To speak.  
**दृक्** m. (-दृः) An Asura or demon slain by DURGĀ'.  
**दृक्** f. (-दृः) DURGĀ'. **दृक्** the Asura, and **दृक्** destructress.  
**दृक्** n. (-दृः) A city and district, perhaps the modern Sambhalpur, in the district of Gondwa'na. **दृक्** the Asura, and **दृक्** city.  
**दृक्** f. (-दृः) DURGĀ'. **दृक्** the Asura, and **दृक्** destructress.  
**दृक्** 4th cl. (**दृक्**) 1. To hurt, to kill. 2. To make firm. 3. To be stupid or insensible ; also **दृक्**.  
**दृक्** m. (-दृः) A lion. **दृक्** to injure, aff. **दृक्**.  
**दृक्** 10th cl. (**दृक्**-**दृक्**-**दृक्**) 1. To speak. 2. To gain or acquire. 3. To create. 4. To abandon, to leave or forsake.  
**दृक्** m. (-दृः) 1. Toll, duty, customs or taxes. 2. The present

made by the bridegroom to the bride, at the time of bringing her home to his family ; a marriage settlement or dower. 3. Money given to the parents of the bride. 4. Money given at the purchase of any thing to ratify the bargain. 5. The profits of household labour, employment of domestic utensils, care of milch-cattle, preservation of ornaments, superintendence of servants, &c., when considered as the perquisite of the wife and her own legal property.

३. युध् to quit, aff. वच् ।

युध्स्थान n. (-न) Any object of taxation or duty. ३. युध्, स्थान place.

युध्प्रति f. (-दिः) Loss or forfeiture of wages, dower, &c. ३. युध्, प्रति privation.

युध् n. (-क) 1. A cord, a rope or string. 2. Copper. [To dismiss.

युध् r. 10th cl. (युध्प्रति ते) 1. To measure. 2. To create. 3. To give. 4.

युध् Subst. mfn. (-क-त्वा or ली-क) A rope, a cord, a string. n. (-क)

1. Copper. 2. A sacrificial observance. 3. An institute, a law.

4. A place near water. 5. A rope. ३. युध् to measure, aff. वच् ; or

युध् to be pure, &c., Una'di aff. वच्, and व् changed to ल्.

युध्ज n. (-क) Brass.

युध्प्रि m. (-दिः) Sulphur. ३. युध् copper, and प्रि a foe.

युध्वा f. (-वा) The wife of S'UKRA.

युध्वन् mfn. (-वान्-वन्-वन्) Heard, having heard ३. युध् to hear, aff. वच् ।

युध्वन् mfn. (-वन्-वन्-वन्) Obedient, serving, attending. ३. युध् to hear, desid. v., च aff.

युध्वन् m. (-कः) A servant, comprehending five descriptions of persons, a pupil, a religious pupil or the member of a religious community, under a common head, a hired servant, an officer or deputy, and a slave. ३. युध् to hear, desid. v., चल् aff.

युध्वन् n. (-क) Service, serving. f. (-वा) 1. Desire to hear. 2. Obedience.

3. Service, attendance. ३. युध् to hear, desiderative form, वच् aff.

युध्वन् f. (-वा) 1. Service, serving of five kinds : see युध्वन्. 2. Saying,

speaking, telling. 3. Wishing to hear. ३. युध् to hear, desiderative form, वच् aff., fem. aff. डाप् ।

युध्वन्पर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Diligent or attentive in service. ३. युध्वन्, and पर intent on.

युध् (वी, ल) वीयुध् r. 4th cl. (युध्प्रति) 1. To dry. 2. To be withered.

युध् m. (-वः) 1. Drying. 2. A hole in the ground. ३. युध् to dry, aff. क ।

युध् f. (-वि-वी) 1. A hole, a chasm. 2. Drying. 3. The hollow or groove in the fang of a snake. ३. युध् to dry, aff. क्ति ।

युध्वन् mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Perforated, bored, pierced, full of holes or spaces. n. (-र) 1. A hole, a vacuity, a chasm. 2. A wind-instrument. m.

(-रः) 1. Fire. 2. A rat. f. (-रा) 1. A sort of perfume, commonly Nali. 2. A river in general. ३. युध् to dry, Una'di aff. किरच् ।

युध्वन् m. (-लः) Air wind. ३. युध् to dry, किरच् aff., and the semi-vowel changed to ल्.

युध् mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) 1 Dry, dried. 2. Groundless, causeless. 3. Unproductive, unprofitable. 4. Emaciated, withered 5. Feigned. 6. Offensive. ३. युध् to dry, aff. क्त्, or Una'di aff. क्त् ।

युध्वन्ता f. (-ता) Dryness. ३. ल added to the last ; also with ल्, युध्वन्ता ।

युध्वन्ता n. (-स) 1. Dry flesh. 2. Dried meat. ३. युध्वन् dry, लीच् flesh.

युध्वन् mfn. subst. (-कः-कः or ली-क) Dry flesh. Adj. Eating fish and flesh.

३. युध् to dry, ल added Una'di aff.; or युध्वन्, and ल to take, aff. क ।

युध्वन् n. (-र) Groundless enmity. ३. युध्वन्, and वेर enmity.

युध्वन् m. (-वः) A scar, a cicatrised sore. ३. युध्वन् dry, लच् a sore.

युध्वन् mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Emaciated, withered. f. (-वी) A lizard, a chameleon. ३. युध्वन् dry, लच् the body.

युध्वन् n. (-क) Rice in the husk. ३. युध्वन्, and लच् rice.

युध्वन् n. (-क) Dry ginger. ३. युध्वन् dry, and लच् ginger.

युध्वन् m. (-कः) 1. The sun 2. Fire. ३. युध्वन् to dry, ल Una'di aff.

युध्वन् m. (-कः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. 3. Air, wind. 4. A bird. n. (-कः)

1. Light, lustre. 2. Strength, prowess. ३. युध्वन् to dry, लच् aff.

युध्वन् m. (-कः) Fire. n. (-कः) 1. Light, lustre. 2. Strength, prowess. ३. युध्वन् to dry, लच् aff.

युध्वन् mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Drying. ३. युध्वन् to dry, लच् aff.

युध्वन् mn. (-कः-कः) 1. The awn of barley, &c. 2. A bristle, a spicula. 3.

Compassion, clemency, tenderness. 4. Top, point. 5. A kind of poisonous insect. f. (-कः) Cowach. ३. वी to make sharp or thin, लच् aff., deriv. irr. ; or वि-कच्-लच् ।

युध्वन् m. (-कः) 1. Barley, or bearded kind of wheat resembling it. 2. The sentiment of compassion or tenderness. ३. लच् added to the last.

युध्वन् m. (-कः) 1. A caterpillar. 2. A worm that eats holes in clothes.

३. युध्वन् a bristle, (the hairs on the insect,) and वीट a worm ; also with लच् added युध्वन्वीट ।

युध्वन् n. (-कः) A kind of grass. ३. युध्वन् an awn, लच् grass.

युध्वन् n. (-कः) Awned or bearded grain, as barley, &c. ३. युध्वन् an awn, लच् grain. [यिच्छि a heap.

युध्वन् f. (-कः-कः) Cowach, (Carpogon pruriens.) ३. युध्वन् an awn,

युध्वन् m. (-कः) A hog. f. (-कः) 1. A kind of moss, (Lycopodium imbricatum.) 2. A sow. ३. युध्वन् an awn, (a bristle,) र aff. ; or युध्वन् imitative sound, ल to make, with लच् and डाप् aff.

युध्वन्ता f. (-ता) A kind of moss, &c. : see the last ; also वराहता ।

युध्वन् m. (-कः) A restive horse. [awn, लच् aff.

युध्वन् mfn. (-वान्-वन्-वन्) Awned, bearded. f. (-वी) Cowach. ३. युध्वन् an

युध्वन्ता f. (-ता) Cowach. ३. युध्वन् an awn, and यिच्छि a pod.

युध्वन्ता f. (-ता) Cowach, (Carpogon pruriens.) ३. युध्वन् an awn, and यिच्छि a pod ; also with लच् added युध्वन्ता ।

युध्वन् m. (-कः) A gem, perhaps amber. ३. युध्वन् an awn, लच् before व् to become small, लच् aff.

युध्वन् mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Awned, bearded, (as grain.) ३. युध्वन्, रणि aff.

युध्वन् m. (-कः) 1. A fish in general. 2. A kind of fish. 3. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus.)

युध्वन् mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Minute, small, fine, subtle. m. (-कः) 1. Fraud, dishonesty. 2. Universal spirit. ३. ल substituted for ल in the more correct form युध्वन्, ल व्.

युध्वन् m. (-कः) A man of the fourth or servile tribe, said to have sprang from the feet of BRAHMA. f. (-कः) A woman of the S'u'dra tribe.

f. (-कः or कः) The wife of S'u'dra. ३. युध्वन् to purify or cleanse, Una'di aff. रच्, the vowel made long, and ल् changed to द् ।

युध्वन्ता f. (-ता) The nature or condition of a S'u'dra. ३. युध्वन् and लच् aff. ; also with ल्, युध्वन्ता ।

युध्वन्ता m. (-कः) The duty of the S'u'dra tribe, the service of the other three. ३. युध्वन् a S'u'dra, and लच् moral merit.

युध्वन्ता m. (-कः) A man of the three first classes, who has become a servant to one of the fourth. ३. युध्वन् a S'u'dra, and लच् a slave.

युध्वन्ता n. (-कः) Alms begged or received from a S'u'dra. ३. युध्वन्, and लच् begged as alms.

युध्वन्ता mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Abounding with S'u'dra. ३. युध्वन्, लच् many.

युध्वन्ता m. (-कः) A priest who conducts sacrifices for S'u'dras. ३. युध्वन्, and लच् sacrificer.

युध्वन्ता n. (-कः) A country of which a S'u'dra is king. ३. युध्वन्, and लच् kingdom. [employment.

युध्वन्ता f. (-ता) The duty or occupation of a S'u'dra. ३. युध्वन्, and लच् युध्वन्ता n. (-कः) An edict or grant, &c., addressed to persons of the

servile caste. ३. युध्वन् a S'u'dra, लच् edict. [ing.

युध्वन्ता n. (-कः) Marrying a S'u'dra female. ३. युध्वन्, लच् marry.

युध्वन्ता m. (-कः) The son of any man by a S'u'dra woman. ३. युध्वन्, and लच् son ; also युध्वन्ता, &c. [woman, and लच् a wife.

युध्वन्ता m. (-कः) The husband of a S'u'dra woman. ३. युध्वन् S'u'dra.

युध्वन्ता f. (-ता) A plant, commonly Prizangu. ३. युध्वन् a S'u'dra, and लच् pained. [युध्वन् marrying.

युध्वन्ता n. (-कः) Marrying a woman of the fourth class. ३. युध्वन्, and लच्

flight, retreat. 4. A plant, (*Convolvulus paniculatus*), र. मनाली as above, and वन added.

**मृदुल** Subst. mfn. (-लः-का-ल) 1. A belt or chain worn round a man's body. 2. A chain for confining an elephant. 3. A chain, a fetter in general. ४. मृदु a horn, here said to mean a link, and लुच् to collect, aff. लच्; or शिवा the tinkling of a chain, and लुच् to go, aff. लच्, deriv irr.

**मृदुलक** m. (-लः) 1. A young camel with wooden rings or ologs on his feet. 2. A chain. ३. मृदुल a chain, and लक aff.

**मृदुलता** f. (-ता) 1. Connexion, concatenation. 2. Restraint. ३. लक् added to मृदुल; also with ल, मृदुलल. [chain, दतच् aff.

**मृदुलित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Bound, chained, fettered, captive. ३. मृदुलता a मृदुल n. (-लः) 1. A horn. 2. A mark, a sign. 3. The top of a mountain.

4. The summit of a building. 5. Any point or projection. 6. A horn of the moon. 7. A horn used as a wind-instrument. 8. Sovereignty, mastership. 9. Dignity, elevation. 10. A fountain, an artificial one or jet d'eau. 11. A lotus. 12. Very sharp. 13. Minutely fine. 14. Excess of love, m. (-लः) 1. A medicinal root, commonly Jivaka. 2. A Muni so named. f. (-ली) 1. Gold. 2. A fish, (Silurus Singio, Ham.) 3. A plant (Betula.) 4. Rishabha, a medicinal root, sharpened like a bull's horn. 5. Another plant, a kind of Rhus, with an exorescence or gall in the bark, compared to a crab's horn. ६. मृ to injure, Una'di aff. लक्, and the vowel made short. **मृदुल** mn. (-लः-लः) 1. A horn. 2. Any pointed object. 3. A horn of the moon. m. (-लः) A medicinal root, commonly Jivaka. ३. लक् added to the preceding.

**मृदुल** m. (-लः) An arrow. n. (-लः) Aloe-wood.

**मृदुल** f. (-ला) A plant, a kind of Rhus, having an exorescence in the bark formed by an insect, which is compared in shape to the horn of a goat or a crab. ३. मृदुल a horn, लच् aff. [लक् added मृदुलदेव]

**मृदुल** n. (-लः) Ginger. ३. मृदुल a horn, and देव body or shape; also with मृदुलट n. (-टः) A place where four roads meet, m. (-टः) 1. An aquatic plant, (Trapa bispinosa.) 2. A shrub, (Ruellia or Barleria longifolia.) ३. मृदुल a horn, लच् to go or be, aff. लच्.

**मृदुलट** n. (-लः) 1. A place where four roads meet. 2. An aquatic plant, (Trapa bispinosa.) 3. A door. m. (-लः) A collection or mountain of three peaks. ३. लक् added to the preceding.

**मृदुलकर** n. (-लः) The interval between the horns of an animal.

**मृदुलर** m. (-लः) 1. Love, the passion or sentiment as an object of poetical description or dramatic representation. 2. Copulation, coition. 3. Marks made with red-lead on an elephant's head and trunk by way of ornament. 4. A dress suitable for amorous purposes. n. (-लः) 1. Cloves. 2. Red-lead. 3. Fragrant powder for the dress or person. 4. Ginger. 5. Agallochum. ३. मृदुल eminence, dignity, लक् to go to or obtain, and लच् aff.; being the chief of the poetical Rasas; or मृ to hurt, चारन् Una'di aff., with लुच् and लुक् augments.

**मृदुलक** mfn. (-लः-का-ल) Horned, having a horn or crest. ३. मृदुल, चारलक् poss. aff.

**मृदुलभूष** n. (-लः) Red-lead. ३. मृदुलर love, भूषण adorning. "लिलु रे।"

**मृदुलबीज** m. (-लः) The deity of love. ३. मृदुलर the passion, बीज origin.

**मृदुलभूष** m. (-लः) A dress suitable for amorous purposes.

**मृदुलरस** m. (-लः) An assistant in love affairs.

**मृदुलित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Stained with red-lead, reddened. 2. Decorated. 3. Affected with passion. ३. मृदुलर, and लक् aff.

**मृदुलित्** mfn. (-लः-लित-लित) 1. Feeling or relating to the passion of love. 2. Stained with red-lead. m. (-ली) 1. An empassioned lover. 2. Dress, decoration. 3. An elephant. 4. A ruby. 5. The betel-nut tree, (Areca faufel.) ३. मृदुलर love, लक् aff. of relation.

**मृदुल** f. (-लः or ली) 1. A sort of sheat-fish, (Silurus Singio, Ham.) 2. A kind of poison. mn. (-लः-लित) Gold for ornaments: see मृदुल, मृदुली.

**मृदुल** n. (-लः) A sort of poison. f. (-ला) A plant, (Betula.) ३. मृदुल a fish, &c., लक् aff.

**मृदुलक** n. (-लः) Gold for ornaments. ३. मृदुल the same, and लक gold. **मृदुल** mfn. (-लः-का-ल) Horned. m. (-लः) A ram. ३. मृदुल a horn, लक् aff. **मृदुल** mfn. (-ली-लित-लित) 1. Horned. 2. Crested, peaked. m. (-ली) 1. An elephant. 2. A mountain. 3. A tree. 4. An epithet of S'IVA. 5. Name of an attendant of S'IVA. f. (-ली) 1. A cow. 2. Arabian jasmine. 3. Heart-pea. 4. Katuki, a medicinal plant. ३. मृदुल a horn, &c., लक् poss. aff.

**मृदुल** f. (-लः) The hook for goading an elephant. ३. लक् to injure, लक् aff., and the radical vowel made short; also लक्.

**मृदुल** mfn. (-लः-लित-लित) Hearing. ३. लक् to hear, लक् aff.

**मृदुल** mfn. (-लः-लित-लित) Boiled, (water, milk or Ghee.) ३. लक् to boil, aff. लक्, form irr.; or लक्-लक्; as applied to any other substances, the form is लक् or लक्.

**मृदुल** (ल) मृदुल r. 1st. cl. (लदेते) To fart. (लदेति-ते) To cut. r. 10th cl. (लदेति-ते) 1. To insult, to ridicule. 2. To take, to seize.

**मृदुल** f. (-लः) 1. The anus. 2. Intellect. ३. लक् to fart, &c., Una'di aff. लक्; also read लक्.

**मृदुल** r. 9th cl. (लकति) To hurt, to wound or kill. With लक् prefixed, pass. v. (लक्यते) To be injured or impaired, to waste or decay.

**मृदुल** m. (-लः) 1. A garland of flowers worn on the crown of the head. 2. A crest. 3. The burden of a song. 4. Anything the best of its kind, (when used at the end of a compound.) f. (-ली) A parasite plant. n. (-लः) 1. The root of the Hyperanthera morunga. 2. Cloves. ३. लक् to go, लक् aff.; the nasal omitted.

**मृदुलित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Crested, tufted, peaked. ३. मृदुलर, लक् aff.

**मृदुली** f. (-ली) Understanding, intellect.

**मृदुल** f. (-लः) Understanding, mind, intellect.

**मृदुल** m. (-लः) 1. The penis. 2. A testicle. ३. लक् to sleep, लक् aff.; see लक्; also read लक् n. (-लः).

**मृदुल** m. (-लः) Vallisneria: see मृदुल.

**मृदुल** m. (-लः) The penis. ३. लक् to sleep, लक् aff.: see the next.

**मृदुल** n. (-लः) The penis. ३. लक् to sleep, (semine effuso,) लक् aff., and लक् augment; also with लक् augment, लक्, and with a final vowel, लक् or लक्; again, लक् being substituted for लक्, लक्.

**मृदुल** f. (-लः-ली) A plant: see the next.

**मृदुल** f. (-ला) A flower, (Nytanthes arbor-tristis.) ३. लक् sleeping, from लक् with लक् aff., लक् a bee, fem. aff. लक्, लक् added; also लक्.

**मृदुली** f. (-ली) Understanding, intellect. ३. लक् derived from लक् to sleep, with the aff. लक्, implying ignorance or delusion and लक् to steal, to take away, affs. लक् and लक्; or लक् to pacify, (the senses,) लक् participial aff., fem. form, deriv. irr.

**मृदुल** (ल) मृदुल r. 1st cl. (लकति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To shake, to tremble.

**मृदुल** m. (-लः) A small tree, (Cordia myxa.) ३. लक् to glean, लक् aff.

**मृदुल** m. (-लः) 1. The penis. 2. A snake. 3. Height, elevation. 4. Happiness. n. (-लः) 1. The penis. 2. Happiness. Ind. (-लः) Hail, homage, a term of exclamation or salutation addressed to the deities. ३. लक् to sleep, Una'di aff. लक्.

**मृदुल** m. (-लः) A treasure as belonging to Kuv'sa, a Nidhi or substance of extraordinary rarity and value, possessed only by the god of wealth. ३. लक् happiness, लक् to have, लक् aff.; or लक् future, लक् boundary.

**मृदुल** n. (-लः) 1. An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria octandra:) see the next. 2. The green moss-like substance that grows on the surface of water.

**मृदुली** f. (-ली) A river.

**मृदुल** n. (-लः) An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria octandra.) ३. लक् to sleep, (on the water,) लक् Una'di aff.; also लक् being changed to लक्, लक् and the pen. vowel shortened, लक्; also लक्, &c.

श्रीवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Fast asleep, sleeping much. n. श्री to sleep, intens. v., अस्मि aff. [Intens. v., अस्मि aff.]  
 श्रीवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Sleeping much or soundly. n. श्री to sleep, intens. v., अस्मि aff. [Intens. v., अस्मि aff.]  
 श्रीवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Enlarging, expanding. n. श्री to increase, intens. v., अस्मि aff. [Intens. v., अस्मि aff.]  
 श्रीवत् m. (-वः) Remainder, leavings, rest, balance, what is left, omitted or rejected. m. (-वः) 1. The king of the serpent race, as a large thousand-headed snake, at once the couch and canopy of Vishnu, and the upholder of the world, which rests on one of his heads. 2. A name of BALADHVA. 3. Killing, destroying, finishing. 4. Result, end, conclusion. f. (-वा) Flowers and other things that have been offered to an idol and are then distributed amongst the worshippers and attendants. n. श्री to specify, aff. अस्मि or अस्मि.  
 श्रीवत् n. (-वः) The last term, the time of death. n. श्री and वात् time.  
 श्रीवत् m. (-वः) The last or remaining part. n. श्री and वात् portion.  
 श्रीवत् mfn. (-वः) Who eats the leavings of others. n. श्रीवत् who eats.  
 श्रीवत् m. (-वः) 1. Eating the rest of the food after feeding the family, guests, &c. 2. Eating the leavings of a meal. n. श्री and वात् food.  
 श्रीवत् n. (-वः) Taking care that an undertaking is brought to a conclusion. n. श्री and वात् preserving. [वात् night.]  
 श्रीवत् f. (-वा) The last watch of the night. n. श्री the remainder, and वात् m. (-वः) An epithet of Vishnu.  
 श्रीवत् n. (-वः) Leavings of a meal, &c. n. श्री, वात् food. [state.]  
 श्रीवत् f. (-वा) The last state or condition of life. n. श्री and वात्  
 श्री 1st cl. (वात्) To go.  
 श्री m. (-वः) A young Brahman in his noviciate, one who has begun to read the Vedas. n. श्री the pronunciation of the language of the Vedas, अस्मि aff.  
 श्री n. (-वः) Learning.  
 श्री m. (-वः) The offspring of an outcaste Brahman.  
 श्रीवत् m. (-वः) A plant, (Achyranthes aspera.) n. श्रीवत् a crest or top, अस्मि aff.; also with अस्मि aff. श्रीवत्.  
 श्रीवत् n. (-वः) Quickness, rapidity.  
 श्रीवत् n. (-वः) Cold, coldness. n. श्रीवत् cold, and अस्मि aff.  
 श्रीवत् n. (-वः) 1. Looseness, laxity. 2. Flaccidity. 3. Slackness, remission. 4. Relaxation of rule or connexion. n. श्रीवत्, अस्मि aff.  
 श्रीवत् m. (-वः) SA'TYAKI, the charioteer of KRISHNA.  
 श्रीवत् m. (-वः) A shrub, (Barleria cristata;) also श्रीवत्.  
 श्रीवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Mountainous, mountaineer, &c. 2. Stony, rocky. m. (-वः) A mountain. n. (-वः) 1. Bitumen. 2. Storax. 3. A sort of collyrium; see रसावत्. f. (-वा) 1. A concise interpretation of a grammatical aphorism. 2. A mode of interpretation. 3. Course, conduct. n. श्रीवत् a rock, a stone, अस्मि aff. [preceding.]  
 श्रीवत् n. (-वः) 1. Storax or Benzoin. 2. Bitumen. n. श्रीवत् added to the श्रीवत् m. (-वः) The brow or slope of a mountain. n. श्री, वात् flank.  
 श्रीवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Produced in or on mountains, rocks, &c. n. (-वः) 1. A fragrant resinous substance, (Storax or Benzoin.) 2. Bitumen. n. श्रीवत् a mountain, and वात् produced.  
 श्रीवत् m. (-वः) A mountaineer. n. श्रीवत्, and वात् a person.  
 श्रीवत् m. (-वः) SIVA. n. श्रीवत् a mountain, and वात् a bow.  
 श्रीवत् m. (-वः) KRISHNA. n. श्रीवत् a mountain, and वात् who upholds.  
 श्रीवत् m. (-वः) Storax, Benzoin. n. श्रीवत् a rock, श्रीवत् exudation.  
 श्रीवत् m. (-वा) The Himalaya. n. श्रीवत्, and वात् master.  
 श्रीवत् f. (-वा) A stone-cutter's chisel or axe, an instrument for cutting stones. n. श्रीवत् a mountain, श्रीवत् to divide, अस्मि aff. श्रीवत्.  
 श्रीवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Rocky. n. श्रीवत्, and वात् aff.  
 श्रीवत् n. (-वः) A cavern, a cave. n. श्रीवत्, वात्, a hole. [peak.]  
 श्रीवत् n. (-वः) The crest or peak of a mountain. n. श्रीवत्, श्रीवत् a  
 श्रीवत् n. (-वः) The ocean. n. श्रीवत् a rock, and श्रीवत् a camp or place.  
 श्रीवत् n. (-वः) The peak of a mountain. n. श्रीवत् and वात् a horn.

श्रीवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Hard, firm, as a rock. n. श्रीवत् and वात् essence.  
 श्रीवत् n. (-वः) The peak of a mountain. n. श्रीवत् a mountain, and वात् top.  
 श्रीवत् m. (-वः) 1. A lion. 2. A mountaineer, a savage, a barbarian. 3. An attendant on an idol. 4. Crystal. n. श्रीवत् a mountain, and वात् to go, अस्मि aff. श्रीवत्.  
 श्रीवत् m. (-वः) An actor, a dancer. n. श्रीवत् a Muni, said to have been the author of the principles of acting, &c., अस्मि aff. श्रीवत् his institutes, and वात् aff. of profession or practice.  
 श्रीवत् m. (-वः) An impostor, a pretended devotee.  
 श्रीवत् m. (-वः) 1. An actor, a dancer, a tumbler, &c. 2. A rogue, a cheat. 3. The master of the band, or one who beats time. 4. The Bel-tree, (Ægle marmelos.) n. श्रीवत् one of the early teachers of the arts of acting, &c., अस्मि aff. of descent. [aff.]  
 श्रीवत् m. (-वः) One who follows the profession of an actor. n. श्रीवत्, अस्मि aff.  
 श्रीवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Produced in the mountains, &c., mountainous, mountaineer. 2. Mountain-like. n. (-वः) 1. A fragrant resin, (Storax or Benzoin.) 2. A vegetable perfume, commonly Mura'. 3. Rock-salt. m. (-वः) 1. A bee. 2. A lion. f. (-वा) A name of PA'NVA. n. श्रीवत् a mountain, अस्मि aff.  
 श्रीवत् n. (-वः) The skirts of a mountain or low-land at its base. n. श्रीवत् and वात् neighbouring space.  
 श्रीवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Hardness, stoniness. n. श्रीवत् a stone, a rock, अस्मि aff.  
 श्रीवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Relating or appertaining to the god SIVA. m. (-वः) A worshipper of SIVA. (-वः) An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria octandra.) n. श्रीवत् the deity, and अस्मि aff.  
 श्रीवत् m. (-वः) An aquatic plant, moss. n. (-वः) A drug, commonly termed Padma-ka'th. n. श्रीवत् to sleep, (on the water,) अस्मि aff.; also श्रीवत् श्रीवत्, &c.  
 श्रीवत् f. (-वा) A river in general. n. श्रीवत् Vallisneria, and वात् aff.  
 श्रीवत् m. (-वः) An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria octandra.) n. श्रीवत् to sleep, (on the water,) अस्मि aff., श्रीवत् and वात् pleonasm.  
 श्रीवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Relating to SIVA, &c. m. (-वः) 1. One of the four horses of KRISHNA's car. 2. A horse in general. 3. A king and champion in the Pa'n'dava's army. n. श्रीवत्, and वात् aff.  
 श्रीवत् n. (-वः) Childhood, pupillage, the period under sixteen. n. श्रीवत् a child, अस्मि aff.  
 श्रीवत् f. (-वा) Adj. Relating of the dewy-season. m. (-वः) A species of cha'taka bird. n. श्रीवत्, अस्मि aff.  
 श्रीवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Instruction of youth, tuition. n. श्रीवत् a pupil, वात् a preceptor, अस्मि aff. [or sharpen.]  
 श्री 2. 4th cl. (वात्) 1. To reduce or make small, to pare. 2. To what श्रीवत् m. (-वः) Sorrow, grief. n. श्रीवत् to regret, अस्मि aff. श्रीवत्.  
 श्रीवत् f. (-वा) Indulgence in sorrow. n. श्रीवत्, and वात् search.  
 श्रीवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Consoling, allaying, removing sorrow. n. श्रीवत्, and वात् what out.  
 श्रीवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Afflicted, overcome with grief. n. श्रीवत्, and वात् struck. [breaking.]  
 श्रीवत् m. (-वः) Dissipating or removing sorrow. n. श्रीवत्, and वात् श्रीवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Involved in distress, swooning with grief. n. श्रीवत्, and वात् fainted.  
 श्रीवत् n. (-वः) Site, circumstance, or occasion of sorrow. n. श्रीवत्, and वात् place. [bewildered.]  
 श्रीवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Overcome with sorrow. n. श्रीवत्, and वात् श्रीवत् m. (-वः) Deep distress, violent grief. n. श्रीवत् and वात् fire; also similar compounds, as श्रीवत्, &c.  
 श्रीवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Distressed. n. श्रीवत्, and वात् inflamed.  
 श्रीवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Alluviating, consoling. 2. Being consoled. n. श्रीवत्, and वात् what drives away.  
 श्रीवत् m. (-वः) A teacher of holy wisdom, a philosopher. n. श्रीवत् worldly care, अस्मि away, अस्मि to send, अस्मि aff.

श्रीकावचम् mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) Allaying or dissipating grief. ३. श्रीक, and  
कवचम् what drives away.

श्रीकारि m. (-रिः) The Kadamba tree, (Nauclea Kadamba.) ३. श्रीक  
sorrow, परि hostile. [pained.

श्रीकार्त्त mfn. (-त्त-त्त-त्त) Pained, afflicted by sorrow. ३. श्रीक, and कार्त्त  
श्रीकोदय mfn. (-यः-वा-य) Born or produced from or caused by grief. ३.  
श्रीक, and उदय produced.

श्रीवन mfn. (-नः-वा-न) Sorrowing, sorrowful. n. (-न) Sorrow, grief, grie-  
ving. ३. वृत् to grieve, aff. वृत् or कृट् । [वनीयर् aff.

श्रीवनीय mfn. (-यः-वा-य) To be grieved or lamented. ३. वृत् to be sad,  
श्रीवित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Sorrowful, afflicted. ३. वृत्ति to grieve, causal v.,  
त aff. [grieve, तच् aff.

श्रीवितम्ब mfn. (-बः-वा-ब) To be grieved for, lamentable. ३. वृत् to  
श्रीविला Ind. Grieving or having grieved for. ३. वृत्ति to lament, तच् aff.

श्रीविलम्ब m. (-बः) Fire or its deity. ३. श्रीवित् light, and विलम्ब hair,  
having locks of flame. [pure, Una'di aff. वृत् ।

श्रीवित् n. (-विः) Light, lustre, radiance, flame. ३. वृत् to be or make

श्रीव mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. To be lamented or bewailed. 2. To be clean-  
sed or purified. 3. Low, vile. ३. वृत् to grieve, कृट् aff.

श्रीवक m. (-कः) A low man. ३. श्रीवृत् to be purified, (from,) कृट् aff.

श्रीव m. (-वः) 1. A fool, a blockhead. 2. A sluggard. 3. A rogue, a  
cheat. 4. A low man, one of a degraded tribe or business. 5. A  
villain, a criminal, a sinner. f. (-वृ) 1. Foolish. 2. Wicked. 3.  
Lazy, idle. ३. वृट् to be prevented or stopped, aff. वृत् ।

श्रीवृत् (वृ) श्रीवृत् r. 1st cl. (श्रीवृत्ति) 1. To be red. 2. To move or approach.

श्रीवृ mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Crimson, of a crimson colour. 2. Red in  
the face, from passion, &c. m. (-वः) 1. Crimson, the colour of the  
red lotus. 2. A horse of a reddish or bright chestnut colour. 3. The  
S'o'na river, which rises in the table land of Amerakanta'k and  
running first northerly and then easterly for 500 miles, falls into  
the Ganges above Pat'na'. 4. A flower, (Bignonia Indica.) 5. Fire  
or its deity. 6. An ocean. 7. A red sort of sugar-cane. 8. The  
planet Mars. n. (-वः) 1. Red-lead. 2. Blood. ३. श्रीवृत् to be red, aff.  
वृत्, fem. aff. टाप् or डीप् । [ceding.

श्रीवृक m. (-कः) A plant, (Bignonia Indica.) ३. कृत् added to the pre-  
श्रीवरज n. (-रः) A ruby. ३. श्रीवृ deep red, and रज a gem. [aff. वृत्.

श्रीवृक m. (-कः) A tree, (Bignonia Indica.) ३. श्रीवृ red, कृत् to go or be,  
श्रीवृक m. (-कः) Name of a cloud which would rise at the destruction  
of the world.

श्रीवृत् mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Red, crimson, purple. n. (-तः) 1. Blood. 2. Saff-  
ron. ३. श्रीवृ redness, रजत् aff. [to drink, क aff.

श्रीवृत्त mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Who or what drinks blood. ३. श्रीवृत्ति and वा  
श्रीवृत्तपुर n. (-रः) The city of Va'na'sura. ३. श्रीवृत्ति red, and पुर city.

श्रीवृत्तावृत्त n. (-वः) Saffron. [and वृत्ति moistened.

श्रीवृत्तोवृत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Stained or sprinkled with blood. ३. श्रीवृत्ति,  
श्रीवृत्तोवृत्त n. (-वः) A ruby. ३. श्रीवृत्ति red, and वृत्ति a stone.

श्रीवृत्तम् m. (-मः) Redness. ३. श्रीवृत्ति and रजत् aff.

श्रीवृत् m. (-वः) Swelling, intumescence. ३. वृत् to go, (to grow,) Una'di aff.  
वृत्; also with कृत् added, श्रीवृत्त m. (-कः) ।

श्रीवृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Discutient, removing swellings. f. (-वृ) Hogweed,  
(Boerhavia diffusa.) ३. श्रीवृ swelling, वृत् removing, fem. aff. डीप् ।

श्रीवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्ति) Discutient. f. (-वृत्ति) Hogweed: see the last. ३.  
श्रीवृ swelling, and वृत्ति overcoming.

श्रीवृत्त m. (-वः) Dropsy.

श्रीवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्ति) Discutient, removing swelling. m. (-वृत्ति) Marking-  
nut plant. ३. श्रीवृ swelling, and वृत्ति removing. [Acquittance.

श्रीवृ m. (-वः) 1. Purification. 2. Correction. 3. Retaliation. 4.

श्रीवृक mfn. (-कः-वा-क) Who or what cleans, purifies, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A  
refiner. 2. (In arithmetic.) The subtrahend. n. (-कः) A kind of  
earth. ३. वृत् to be pure, कृट् aff.

श्रीवृक mfn. (-कः-वा-क) Cleaning, purifying &c., that which cleanses,  
refines, &c. n. (-कः) 1. Cleaning, cleansing, purifying. 2. Correcting,  
freeing from faults or errors. 3. Correcting, as a writing. 4. Subtrac-  
tion; (in arithmetic.) 5. The refining of metals. 6. A sort of refining,  
practised for chemical or medical purposes: exposing the metals to  
heat, and then sprinkling them with the urine of cows, &c. 7. Pay-  
ment, acquittance. 8. Faeces, ordure. 9. Green vitriol. 10. Deter-  
mination. 11. Punishment. 12. Expiation. m. (-कः) The lime. f.  
(-की) A broom. ३. वृत् to be make pure, aff. कृट् or वृत् ।

श्रीवृनीय mfn. (-यः-वा-य) 1. To be corrected. 2. To be cleansed or purified.  
3. To be refined. 4. To be subtracted. 5. To be liquidated, (as a  
debt,) due. ३. वृत् to purify, aff. वनीयर्; also श्रीवृत्ति and श्रीवृत्तिवृत्ति ।

श्रीवृत्तिवृत्ति Ind. I. Having paid or discharged. 2. Having cleared, &c. ३.  
वृत् to be pure, causal v., तच् aff.

श्रीवृत्ति mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Cleaned, cleansed. 2. Strained. 3. Corrected.  
4. Refined. 5. Purified. 6. Discharged, liquidated, (as a debt.) ३.  
वृत् to clean, aff. तच् ।

श्रीवृ mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. To be purified, cleaned, refined, &c. 2. Payable,  
due. 3. To be subtracted. m. (-वः) An accused person, one to be  
justified or tried. n. (-वः) A constant number to be subtracted in  
some astronomical computation. ३. वृत् to be pure, वृत् aff.

श्रीवृ m. (-वः) Intumescence, swelling. ३. वृत् to go, aff. कृट् ।

श्रीवृ mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Handsome. 2. Bright. f. (-वृ) 1. Light; lustre,  
radiance, splendour. 2. Beauty. 3. Distinguished merit. 4. A species  
of the Kriti-metre. ३. वृत् to shine, aff. वृत्, fem. aff. टाप् ।

श्रीवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्ति) Beautifying. m. (-वृत्ति) 1. The thirty-sixth year of  
the Hindu cycle. 2. Marking-nut plant. ३. श्रीवृ handsome, and वृत्ति  
what makes.

श्रीवृत्त mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Beautiful, handsome. 2. Shining, splendid.  
3. Richly dressed or ornamented. 4. Propitious, auspicious. 5. Virtu-  
ous, moral, decorous, good. m. (-वः) 1. The fifth Yo'ga. 2. A planet.  
3. Burnt-offering for auspicious results. 4. A name of S'iva. n.  
(-वः) 1. A lotus. 2. Shining, being splendid or handsome. f. (-वृ)  
1. A virtuous or beautiful woman. 2. Turmeric. 3. A kind of Pig-  
ment, commonly called Goro'chana'. ३. वृत् to shine, aff. कृट् ।

श्रीवृत्त m. (-कः) A tree, (Hyperanthera morunga.) ३. कृत् added to the  
preceding. "वृत्तिना नाह ।"

श्रीवृत्तवृत्ति n. (-वृत्ति) Virtuous practice. ३. श्रीवृत्ति, and वृत्तिवृत्ति done.

श्रीवृत्तवृत्ति mfn. (-वृत्ति-वा-वृत्ति) Fair, splendid, shining. ३. वृत् to shine, &c.,  
वृत्तिवृत्ति aff.

श्रीवृत्ति f. (-वृ) 1. Light, lustre. 2. Beauty, grace, loveliness. 3. Grandeur.  
4. Turmeric. 5. The Pigment called "श्रीवृत्तिवृत्ति." ३. वृत्ति, वृत्ति aff.

श्रीवृत्तवृत्ति m. (-वः) A tree, commonly Sajina or Sahajna, (Hyperanthera  
morunga;) the legumes, blossoms, and leaves are esculent, and  
the root of the young tree is used as a substitute for horse-radish;  
in medicine the root is used as a rubefacient externally, as a  
stimulant internally, and the expressed oil of the seeds is employed  
to relieve arthritic pains, &c. ३. श्रीवृ beauty, वृत्ति to pervade or  
anoint, and वृत्तिवृत्ति aff.; also श्रीवृत्तवृत्ति and श्रीवृत्तवृत्ति, &c.

श्रीवृत्ति mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Beautified, decorated. ३. वृत्ति to shine, तच् aff.

श्रीवृत्ति f. (-वृ) or वृत्ति Wild turmeric. ३. वृत्तिवृत्ति वृत्ति वृत्ति ।

श्रीवृत्तवृत्ति mfn. (-वः-वा-वृत्ति) Sorrowing or grieving deeply. ३. वृत्ति to be  
sorrowful, intens. v., वृत्तिवृत्ति aff.

श्रीवृ m. (-वः) 1. Pulmonary consumption. 2. Drying up, dryness. 3.  
Intumescence, swelling. 4. Emaciation, withering. ३. वृत्ति to dry,  
aff. वृत्ति ।

श्रीवृत्ति n. (-वृ) 1. Suction, sucking. 2. Drying up. 3. Exhaustion. 4.  
Dry-ginger. m. (-वः) One of the arrows of KA' MADE'VA, or CURA.

f. (-वृ) 1. Drying up. 2. Causing to wither. ३. वृत्ति to dry, वृत्ति aff.  
श्रीवृत्ति Ind. Having dried up. ३. वृत्ति to dry, causal v., वृत्ति aff.



श्रीध mfn. (-तः-वतः) Dried, dried up, desiccated. **म.** शुष्क to dry, aff. **त** ।  
 श्रीध Ind. A particle of reproach or contempt.  
 श्रीध n. (-वः) 1. A flock of parrots. 2. Sorrowfulness, **म.** शुष्क a parrot, **वच्** aff.  
 श्रीध mfn. (-तः-वतः) Acid, acetic. **म.** शुष्क vinegar, **वच्** aff.  
 श्रीध mfn. (-तः-वतः) 1. Acid, acetic. 2. Relating to a pearl, &c. **म.** शुष्क or शुक्ति, and **उच्** aff.  
 श्रीध n. (-वः) A pearl. **म.** शुष्क a pearl-oyster, **उच्** aff.; also from शुक्ति with the same, श्रीधिव ।  
 श्रीधिव m. (-वः) A sort of poison. **म.** शुष्क a country, **उच्** aff.; according to some it is the venom of a snake of the Amphibæna kind.  
 श्रीध n. (-वः) Whiteness, clearness. **म.** शुष्क white, **वच्** aff.  
 श्रीध n. (-वः) 1. Purification by ablution, &c. from personal defilement. 2. Purification at given periods from defilement caused by the death of a relation, &c. 3. The state or property of freedom from defilement, purity, cleanness. **म.** शुष्क purity, **वच्** aff.  
 श्रीधव m. (-वः) A purificatory rite.  
 श्रीधव m. (-वः) A privy.  
 श्रीधिवि f. (-विः) The rules of purification after defilement by the death of a relation, &c. **म.** श्रीध. and विधि precept.  
 श्रीधवार m. (-रः) A rule of purification, the mode in which the person is to be cleansed by ablution, &c., after voiding any excrement or contracting any impurity. **म.** श्रीध purification, and **वार** rule, rite.  
 श्रीधव m. (-वः) A washerman. **म.** शुष्क cleaning, **उच्** aff. [रच्] desirous.  
 श्रीधव mfn. (-वः-वतः-वत्) Wishing or intending to be purified. **म.** श्रीध, **वोट** (व) **वोट** r. 1st cl. (वोटि) To be proud.  
 श्रीधर mfn. (-रः-रतः) Proud, haughty. **म.** (-रः) 1. A hero. 2. An ascetic, one who abandons the world, 3. A proud or haughty man, but of a low tribe or occupation, an upstart. **म.** वोट to be proud, and **वट** Una'di aff.; also as derived from वोट the same, श्रीधर; also the short vowel being substituted for the diphthong, वट ।  
 श्रीधव n. (-वः) 1. Heroism, prowess. 2. Pride, arrogance. **म.** श्रीधर a hero, and **वच्** aff.  
 वोट (व) **वोट** r. 1st cl. (वोटि) To be proud.  
 वोट mfn. (-वः-वतः-वत्) 1. Drunk, intoxicated. 2. Fond of, addicted to, (as liquor.) 3. Skilful, (with a loc.) as in वचवोट । f. (-वती) 1. Long-pepper. 2. Another sort, (Piper chavya.) **म.** वोट spirituous liquor, **वच्** aff.  
 वोटव n. (-वः) Pride, arrogance.  
 वोटिक m. (-कः) A distiller and vender of spirituous liquors. f. (-की) A female keeper of a tavern or dram-shop. **म.** वोट spirits, **उच्** aff.  
 वोटिकेव m. (-वः) A demon.  
 वोटिर mfn. (-रः-रतः) 1. Proud, haughty. 2. Elevated, looking upwards; more properly वोटि, and वोटि as above.  
 वोटि m. (-विः) BUDDHA, the founder of the Bauddha sect. **म.** वोटि-वन a prince of the family of IKSHVAKU, and **वच्** aff. of descent.  
 वोटि mfn. (-वः-वतः) S'u'dra, servile, relating or belonging to the last class. **म.** (-वः) The son of a man of either of the first three classes by a S'u'dra woman, the last of the twelve sons acknowledged in the ancient Hindu law. **म.** वोट a S'u'dra, and **वच्** aff. [विः] **उच्** ।  
 वोटिका f. (-का) A white variety of panic-seed. **म.** वोट. वोटन मचविरिकवजे  
 वोट n. (-नः) Meat kept at a slaughter-house.  
 वोटव m. (-वः) The name of an inspired legislator older than MANU.  
 वोटिक m. (-कः) 1. A butcher, a poulterer, a vender of the flesh of beasts or birds. 2. Chase, hunting. **म.** वोट a slaughter-house, **उच्** or **उच्** aff.  
 वोट n. (-नः) The city of HASTICHANDRA, suspended in the air. **म.** (-नः) 1. A god, a divinity. 2. The betel-nut tree. **म.** वोट, **वच्** aff.  
 वोटिक mfn. (-वः-वतः) 1. Sprung from a handsome mother. 2. Relating

to anything handsome or brilliant. **म.** वोटिका a handsome woman, **वच्** ।

वोटिक m. (-नः) The Sajinā-tree. **म.** वच् pleonasm, added to वोटिक [9. v.]

वोटिक m. (-नः) A juggler, a conjurer. **म.** वोट वोटि विलनक **उच्** ।

वोटि m. (-रिः) 1. A name of VISHN'U or KRISHN'A 2. The planet SATURN. **म.** वोट a proper name or a hero, **वच्** aff.

वोटि mfn. (-वः-वतः-वत्) Measured by winnowing basket, &c. **म.** वोट a basket, **वच्** aff.; also with **उच्** aff. श्रीधिव ।

वोटि n. (-वः) 1. Valour, heroism, prowess. 2. The heroic drama; or that which treats of war, magic, &c. 3. Representation of supernatural events on the stage. **म.** वोट a hero, **वच्** aff. [acquired.]

वोटिवाचित mfn. (-तः-वतः) Acquired by valour. **म.** वोटि, and **वचवित**

वोटिक mfn. (-कः-वतः-वत्) Relating to customs or duties, levied as a tax, &c. **म.** (-कः) A superintendent of tolls or customs, a custom-house officer. **म.** वोट a toll or tax, **वच्** aff.

वोटिक mfn. (-कः-वतः-वत्) Relating to a tax, a toll, &c. **म.** (-कः) Superintendent of tolls or customs. **म.** वोट a toll, and **उच्** aff.

वोटिक m. (-कः) A copper-smith. **म.** वोट copper, **उच्** aff.

वोटि f. (-ती) Relating to dogs, canine. **न.** (-व) 1. A number of dogs. 2. The nature of a dog. **म.** वोट; वोटि; वच् + वच् टिलीयः ।

वोटि f. (-ती) Canine. **न.** (-व) The progeny of a dog.

वोटिक mfn. (-कः-वतः-वत्) Of or belonging to to-morrow. **म.** वोट to to-morrow, **उच्** added, with वच् augment.

वोटिकव n. (-वः) Ephemeralness, duration for a day. **म.** वोटिक, and **वच्** added.

वोटिक mfn. (-वः-वतः-वत्) Relating to a beast of prey, savage, wild, ferocious, &c. **म.** वोट a beast of prey, **वच्** aff., and **वच्** augment.

वोटिक mfn. (-वः-वतः-वत्) 1. Eating fish and flesh, 2. A vender of flesh. **न.** (-व) The price of dried-meat. **म.** वोटिक dried flesh, **वच्** aff.

वोटि (वट) वटि r. 1st cl. (वोटि) 1. To ooze, to drop or distil. 2. To sprinkle. [वोटि ।]

वोटि m. (-तः) Sprinkling, aspersion. **म.** वोटि to sprinkle, **वच्** ; also वोटि (वट) वटि r. 1st cl. (वोटि) 1. To sprinkle. 2. To ooze, to drop or distil.

वोटि mfn. (-तः-वतः-वत्) 1. Dropping, flowing. 2. Shed, sprinkled, issued, oozed. **म.** वोटि to sprinkle, and **वच्** aff. [वच्. वच्; also वोटि ।]

वोटि m. (-तः) Sprinkling, pouring forth, aspersion. **म.** वोटि to sprinkle, वोटि mfn. (-तः-वतः-वत्) 1. Oozing, flowing, trickling. 2. Shedding. **म.** वोटि to ooze, **वच्** aff. [वच् ।]

वोटि n. (-वः) Aptote noun. 1. The face, the mouth. 2. Corpse. **म.** वोटि वोटि

वोटि n. (-नः) A cemetery, a place where dead bodies are burnt or buried. **म.** वोटि substituted for वट a corpse, and वट for वट place of repose.

वोटिवाचित mfn. (-वतः-वतः-वत्) A ghost, a goblin, a spirit, male or female, abiding in cemeteries, &c. **म.** वोटिवाचित a cemetery, and वोटि who abides; also वोटिवाचित, वोटिवाचित, &c.

वोटिवाचित m. (-वतः) 1. MAHA'DEVA. 2. A ghost. **म.** वोटिवाचित a cemetery, and वोटिवाचित abode.

वोटिवाचित n. (-वतः) Momentary abandonment of worldly attachments such as is caused by the sight of a cemetery.

वोटि n. (-वः) The beard. **म.** वोटि for वोटि the face, वोटि to serve, Una'di aff. **वच्**. form irr.; or वोटि वोटि वोटि वोटि वोटि; also वोटि ।

वोटिवाचित f. (-वती) A woman with a beard. **म.** वोटि a beard, and वोटि the face, वोटि fem. aff.

वोटि mfn. (-वतः-वतः-वत्) Bearded, having a beard. **म.** वोटि, and **वच्** aff.

वोटिवाचित m. (-वतः) A barber. **म.** वोटि, and वोटि who cuts.

वोटिवाचित mfn. (-वतः-वतः-वत्) Being as if bearded, having something like a beard. **म.** वोटि used as a verb, वोटि aff. [twinkle.]

वोटि r. 1st cl. (वोटि) 1. To wink, to contract the eyelids. 2. To wink. **म.** वोटि, and वोटि aff.

कोशित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Winked, blinked. n. (-तं) A wink, winking. n. कोशित् to wink, क् aff.

झान mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) 1. Viscous, thick, adhesive, as clarified butter, &c. 2. Congealed. 3. Gone. n. (-जं) Smoke. n. झै to go, aff. झ।

झान mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) 1. Black or dark-blue. 2. Green. m. (-जः) 1. A sacred fig-tree at Prayāga or A'la'ha'ba'd. 2. A cloud. 3. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. 4. A potherb, (Convolvulus argenteus.) 5. Black, (the colour.) 6. Green, (the colour.) 7. Thorn-apple, (Datura metel.) mf. (-ज-जं) A sort of grain, (Panicum frumentaceum.) n. (-जं) 1. Black-pepper. 2. Sea salt. f. (-जा) 1. A woman, described as one who has not borne children; also described as a female of slender make; or one from eight to sixteen; or one who resembles in darkness of complexion, the blossom of the Priyanga, or its stalk, in shape. 2. Night. 3. Shade, shadow. 4. The Jumna' river. 5. A form of Durga'. 6. A plant, commonly Priyangu. 7. A sort of convolvulus, (O. turpethum,) with black flowers. 8. A medicinal plant, (Serratula anthelmintica.) 9. Indigo. 10. A twining shrub, (Ichnocarpus frutescens.) 11. Turmeric. 12. Holy-basil. 13. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus.) 14. A shrub, (Abrus precatorius.) 15. A small singing bird with black plumage, commonly Shya'ma', (Turdus macrourus.) 16. A cow. n. झै to go, Una'di aff. झ् or ज्।

झानक m. (-जः) A sort of grain, (Panicum frumentaceum, &c.) n. झाना the same, झन् added, m. form.

झानकक m. (-जः) 1. A peacock. 2. S'iva. 3. A small kind of bird. n. झान black or blue, क् the throat.

झानकक m. (-जः) A horse suitable for a horse-sacrifice.

झानक n. (-जं) Blackness. n. ल added to झान; also with त् झानता।

झानक m. (-जः) The Tama'la-tree, (Xanthocymus pictorius.) n. झान black, and पक्ष leaf. [and झान shining.]

झानक mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Black as jet, of a glossy black hue. n. झान

झानक mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Of a black or dark-blue colour. m. (-जः) 1. Black, (the colour.) 2. Black-pepper. 3. The religious fig-tree. 4. A large bee. f. (-जा) A name of Pa'svati'. n. झान black, जा to have, aff. क। [and जता a creeper]

झानकता f. (-जा) A climbing plant, (Ichnocarpus frutescens.) n. झान

झानक m. (-जः) A kind of grain generally eaten by the Hindus, (Panicum frumentaceum; also P. colonum.) n. झाना the same, क् added and the final retained.

झानक mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Black-bodied, black. m. (-जः) The planet Mercury or its ruler. n. झान black, and क् the body.

झानकता f. (-जा) Worship of Sya'ma' or Durga' on the new-moon of Ka'tika. n. झाना and पूजा worship.

झानक f. (-जा) 1. Blackness. 2. Impurity, alloy. n. झान, त् aff.

झानित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Blackened, turned or become black. n. झान and त् aff. [जावत्।

झान m. (-जः) A wife's brother. f. (-जी) A wife's sister. n. झै to go, aff.

झानक m. (-जः) A wife's brother. f. (-जिजा or जजी) A wife's sister. n. क् added to the last. [n. झै to go, क् aff., deriv. irr.]

झान mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Of a brown colour. m. (-जः) Brown, (the colour.)

झानक m. (-जः) The mango-tree. n. झान brown, and त् oil.

झानक mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Dark or black toothed, (naturally so.) n. झान dark or brown, क् for दन्त a tooth; also झानक, झानकक।

झेत mfn. (-जः-ता-तं or जी-दं) White, of a white colour. m. (-जः) White, (the colour.) n. झै to go, Una'di aff. झत्।

झेतकीक m. (-जः) A sort of fish, (Cyprinus saphore, Ham.) "उट्टिनाक।"

झेत m. (-जः) 1. A hawk, a falcon. 2. White, (the colour.) 3. Whiteness, paleness. 4. Violence, desperation. f. (-जी) 1. The female hawk. 2. A species of the Trishtubh-metre. n. झै to go, झत् Una'di aff.

झेतकक n. (-जः) 1. Acting rashly or desperately. 2. Burning on a separate funeral pile. n. झेत and कक सोting; also झेतकक।

झेतक m. (-जः) 1. A hawk-feeder or keeper. 2. A receptacle shaped like a hawk for a sacrificial fire. n. झेत a hawk, and क् what collects. [झेत and जीवित living.]

झेतकीक m. (-जी) One who sells hawks or lives by training them. n.

झेतकीक m. (-जः) Recommendation or injunction to women, to burn on a separate funeral pile. n. झेत violence, and क् advice.

झेत r. 1st cl. (जावत्) 1. To go. 2. To wither. 3. To coagulate.

झेतकता f. (-जा) Hawking, hunting. n. झेत a hawk, जात falling, क् aff., with हुन् augment.

झीपा(जा)क m. (-जः) A plant, (Bignonia Indica.) n. झै to go क् जात aff.

क (क) कति r. 1st cl. (कति) To go, to creep..

क (क) कति r. 1st cl. (कति) To go, to move.

क r. 1st and 10th cls. (कति, कति-ते) Usually with ति prefixed, (दिवाकति) To give, to present.

क Ind. A particle and prefix implying belief or reverence. n. क्-वत्।

क r. 1st and 10th cls. (कति, कति-ते) 1. To hurt, to injure, to kill. 2. To let loose or discharge, to set free, to liberate. 3. To bind or tie. r. 10th cl. (कति-ते) 1. To apply diligently, to endeavour sedulously. 2. To delight frequently. 3. To march. r. 10th cl. (कति-ते) To be weak or infirm. (क) कति r. 1st cl. (कति) 1. To be loose or lax, to be slack or flaccid. 2. To let loose, to loosen.

कन n. (-जं) 1. Tying, stringing. 2. Loosening, untying. 3. Killing. 4. Effort. n. क् to tie, &c., aff. क्। [having.]

कक mfn. (-क-क-क) Believing, having faith. n. क् and क्

कक mfn. (-क-क-क) 1. Trusting, believing. 2. Venerating, respecting. n. क् particle of faith or respect, जा to have, झान् aff.

क mf. (-क-क) 1. Respect, reverence. 2. Wish, desire. 3. Faith, belief, confidence. 4. Purity. 5. Composure of mind. 6. Belief in divine revelation. n. क् a particle implying belief, &c., जा to hold or have, aff. क् and टाप्।

कक mfn. (-क-क-क) Done with faith. n. क् and क् done.

कक m. (-क) Obstinate adherence to one's faith.

कक mfn. (-क-क-क) Believing, faithful. n. क् and क् endowed with; also कककक.

कक mfn. (-क-क-क) Believing, full of faith. n. क् and क् aff.

कक mfn. (-क-क-क) Having faith, believing. n. क् and क् joined.

कक mfn. (-क-क-क) Distrusting, unbelieving. n. क् and क् abandoned.

कक mfn. (-क-क-क) 1. Faithful, believing. 2. Wishing, desirous. f. (-क) A pregnant woman longing for anything. n. क् faith, क् aff.

कक mfn. (-क-क-क) Believing, trusting, having faith. n. क् and क् aff.

क r. 9th cl. (कति) 1. To set free, to let loose, to liberate. 2. To gladden, to delight frequently. 3. To string, to tie together. r. 1st and 10th cls. (कति, कति-ते) 1. To arrange, to place in order. 2. To kill.

क m. (-जः) 1. Loosening, liberating. 2. Looseness, flaccidity. 3. Tying, binding, stringing. 4. A name of VISHN'U. n. क् to tie, &c., aff. क् or क्।

क n. (-ज-ज) 1. Stringing flowers, &c. 2. Killing, destroying. 3. Tying, binding. 4. Loosening, untying. n. क् to tie or untie, aff. क् or क्।

कक mfn. (-क-क-क) 1. Strung, connected, bound together. 2. Overcome, surpassed, over-powered. 3. Hurt, injured. 4. Loosed, let loose. n. क् to tie, or क् to hurt, &c., aff. क्।

कक n. (-ज) Boiling in a pot. n. क् to boil, causal v., क् aff.

कक Ind. Having boiled or dressed. n. क् to cook, causal v., क् aff.

अपि मfn. (-तः ता तं) Boiled, (anything except water, milk or Ghee.) f. (-तः) Rice-gruel. E. अ to cook or boil, causal v., aff. क ।  
 अम (अि ह, उ) अम r 4th cl. (आमति) 1. To perform acts of austere devotion, to undergo mortification or penance 2. To be wearied or fatigued. 3. To be distressed 4. To exert oneself. With परि, To be fatigued. With वि, 1. To take rest. 2. To cease.  
 अम m. (-मः) 1. Military exercise. 2. Weariness, fatigue. 3. Labour, exertion, toil. 4. Penance, mortification of the body. 5. Hard study. 6. Distress. E. अम् to be wearied, aff. अच् or अञ् ।  
 अमज्जल n. (-जः) Perspiration from exertion or fatigue. E. अज्ज, जल water.  
 अमज्ज mfn. (-जः-जः-जः) 1. Following a law or degraded business or profession. 2. Base, vile, bad. m. (-जः) 1. A religious character, an ascetic, a Yati, one devoted to meditation for the purpose of obtaining final emancipation from existence, probably the Sarmanes of the Greek writers. 2. A beggar, the religious mendicant. f. (-जा or जी) 1. Indian spikenard, (Valeriana jatamansi.) 2. Bengal madder, (Rubia manjith.) 3. A handsome woman. 4. A woman of low caste or business. 5. A female mendicant. E. अम् to be wearied, aff. अच् ।  
 अमसिह mfn. (-जः-जः-जः) Accomplished by labour or exertion. E. अम and सिह accomplished. [अमसिह] pained.  
 अमसिह mfn. (-जः-जः-जः) Exhausted, overcome with fatigue. E. अम and अमसिह mfn. (-जः-जः-जः) 1. Wearying, tiring, undergoing or incurring weariness or fatigue. 2. Laborious, diligent. E. अम् to be weary, aff. इति or चिनु ।  
 अम (उ) अम r. 1st cl. (अमते) To be careless or inattentive, to err, to neglect, to mistake. With वि, To confide in, to put faith in.  
 अम m. (-यः) Asylum, refuge, protection. E. अम् to serve, aff. अच् ।  
 अम n. (-यः) Asylum, refuge, shelter, protection. E. अम् to serve, aff. अच् ।  
 अमट् । [अनीयर् aff.]  
 अमदीय mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) To be defended or sheltered. E. अम् to serve, अम m. (-यः) 1. The ear. 2. Oozing, dripping. 3. The hypotenuse of a triangle. E. अम् to hear, &c., aff. अच् ; also अमज्ज, अम, &c.  
 अमज्ज mfn. (-जः-जः-जः) Produced in or under the sign S'HRAVAN'A'. m. (-जः-जः) 1. The ear. 2. Hearing. 3. The hypotenuse of a triangle. n. (-जः) 1. Service. 2. Dripping, oozing. mf. (-जः-जः) The twenty-third of the lunar asterisms, represented by three footsteps, and containing three stars or Aquilae. n. (-जः) 1. The act of hearing. 2. Studying. 3. Fame, glory. 4. Wealth. 5. That which is heard, i. e. The Vēda. E. अम् to hear, &c., aff. अच्ट् or अच् ; or अमज्ज the asterism, अच् aff. of derivation, and the effect rejected.  
 अमज्जोचर m. (-रः) Ear-shot. Adj. Within the range of hearing.  
 अमज्जपथ m. (-जः) The ear. E. अमज्ज, and पथ for पथिन् path.  
 अमज्जकारिन् m. (-रि) A speaker, an addresser. E. अमज्ज, and अमज्जकारिन् connected with or acting on. [of sense].  
 अमज्जिन्द्रिय n. (-यः) The organ of hearing, the ear. E. अमज्ज, इन्द्रिय organ  
 अमज्जोदर n. (-रः) The hollow of the outer ear. E. अमज्ज, उदर the belly.  
 अमज्ज n. (-यः) 1. The ear. 2. Fame, glory. 3. Wealth. E. अम् to hear, aff. अच् ।  
 अमज्ज n. (-जः) Fame, glory.  
 अमज्ज m. (-यः) An animal fit or proper for sacrifice. E. अम् to drip, (Ghee.) आम् Una'di aff.  
 अमज्ज mfn. (-जः-जः-जः) Produced in or under the sign S'HRAVISHT'HA'. f. (-जः) The twenty-fourth lunar asterism, also called D'HANISHT'HA', corresponding to the DOLPHIN, E. अम an ear, मज्ज poss. aff., इहन् aff. of the superlative, and the possessive rejected; the attributive is formed by the aff. अच्, and that again or its effect optionally rejected.  
 अमज्ज m. (-जः) The planet MERCURY. E. अमज्ज the asterism, ज born.  
 आ r. 2nd cl. (आति) 1. To boil, to cook, to mature, to ripen, &c. 2. To

sweat. Causal from, (अपयति ते) To render mature or ripe by cooking, &c. (आपयति) To heat, to cause to sweat.  
 आच mfn. (-जः-जः-जः) 1. Boiled, dressed, (anything except butter, milk or water.) 2. Moist, wet. f. (-जा) Rice-Gruel. E. अच् to cook, aff. क, form irr. ; or properly आ. क aff.  
 आच mfn. (-जः-जः-जः) Faithful, believing. n. (-जः) A funeral ceremony observed at various fixed periods and for different purposes, consisting of offerings with water and fire to the gods and manes, and gifts and food to the relations present and assisting Bra'hmanas ; it is especially performed for a present recently deceased, or for three paternal ancestors or for all ancestors collectively, and is supposed necessary to secure the ascent and residence of the souls of the deceased in a world appropriated to the manes. The following distributions of this ceremony are specified : the पञ्चम in honour of three ancestors, एकोदश of one, निम्न regular, नैमित्तिक occasionally, काय for the attainment of some particular object, आहिक daily, इहिक for the obtaining of increase of prosperity, and अविच्छिन्न in which the balls of meat offered to the deceased individually and collectively are blended together. There are many other kinds : those for a person recently deceased are one on the day after mourning expires, and twelve others in twelve successive months ; one at the end of the third fortnight, one in the sixth month, and one in the twelfth, concluding with a Sapin'dan'a, on the anniversary of the person's death ; in general they are all performed in the course of the two or three first days, and the S'hra'd'd'ha for the deceased is only annually repeated. There is also a short of S'hra'd'd'ha performed daily during the days of mourning, usually ten, on which a funeral cake is presented, increasing one or more each day till ten cakes are offered. E. अच् faith, अच् or अच् aff. of possession or relation, as the abandonment or presentation of meat, &c., through faith of its efficacy, in behalf of the souls of the deceased. [makes].  
 आचक m. (-रः) The offerer of an obsequial oblation. E. आच, कर who आचकमन् n. (-मः) The rite or ceremony of funeral oblation. E. आच, and कर्मन् act ; also आचक्रिया, &c.  
 आचक्रन् m. (-जः) The celebrator of an obsequial rite. आच, जन् who makes.  
 आचद m. (-रः) The offerer of an obsequial rite. E. आच, द who gives.  
 आचदिन m. (-नः) The anniversary of the death of a relative to whom a S'hra'd'd'ha is offered.  
 आचदेव m. (-रः) 1. YAMA. 2. A god presiding over funeral rites. 3. A Vis'hwadev'a. E. आच the funeral ceremony called S'hra'd'd'ha, and देव deity ; as judge and monarch of the dead.  
 आचदेवता f. (-ता) A divinity presiding over obsequial rites, a Pitri' or progenitor, or YAMA. E. आच, and देवता divinity : see the last.  
 आचभुज् mfn. (-भुजः) Eating or partaking of the food prepared at a S'hra'd'd'ha or obsequial rite. E. आच भुज्, who eats. [हिट left].  
 आचक्रिह n. (-हः) Food that has been presented to the manes. E. आच, क्रिह mfn. (-कः-की-कः) 1. The object, receiver, or enjoyer of an obsequial oblation 2. Anything relating to a S'hra'd'd'ha. E. आच as above, उच् aff. [E. आच, इति aff.]  
 आचिन् mfn. (-जि-जि-जि) The object or receiver of a funeral oblation.  
 आच mfn. (-जः-जः-जः) 1. Wearied, fatigued. 2. Calmed, tranquil. m. (-जः) An ascetic, one with subdued passions. E. अम् to be weary, aff. क ।  
 आचसवाहन n. (-नः) Affording rest or relief to the weary, giving them seats, beds, &c. E. आच wearied, सवाहन relieving.  
 आचि f. (-जिः) Weariness, exhaustion. E. अम् to be weary, क्तिन् aff.  
 आच r. 10th cl. (आचयति-ते) 1. To call, to summon, to invite. 2. To counsel, to advice.  
 आच m. (-जः) 1. A month. 2. A temporary shed, or platform and canopy. 3. Time. E. अम् to be weary, अच् aff.

आनखिर m. (-रः) A follower or disciple and servant of the principal Jainas or Jinas.

आय mfn. (-यः-यो-यं) Sacred or belonging to the goddess SHRI'. m. (-यः) Refuge, reliance, shelter or protection. E. श्रि to serve, aff. ञच्, or in the attributive form, श्री the goddess, ञच् aff., and इ substituted for the primitive vowel changed to ञच्, and ञच् made long.

आयस् mfn. (-सः-सी-सं) Produced in or on the best, &c. E. श्रयस् the best ञच् aff., and the form changed by special rule.

आव m. (वः) 1. Oozing, dropping, flowing. 2. Hearing, listening. E. श्रु to ooze, &c., aff. ञच् ।

आवक m. (-कः) 1. The lay votary of a Budd'ha or Jina. 2. A crow. 3. A hearer. 4. A pupil. E. श्रु to hear, causal form, क्त्वा aff.

आवच mfn. (-चः-ची-चं) 1. Produced in or under the asterism S'hra'van'a'. 2. Relating to the ear or hearing. m. (-चः) 1. The month S'hra'van'a' or S'hra'van', ( July-August. ) 2. A heretic, an impostor. 3. Name of a Vaisya devotee killed by DAS'ARATHA through mistake, and for which he was cursed by S'hra'vana's old parents, to die of a broken heart at the separation of his sons. n. (-च) Causing to be heard. f. (-चा) A plant, commonly Katuki. f. (-ची) 1. Day of full-moon in the month S'hra'van'a'. 2. A religious rite performed in this day. E. श्रवचा the asterism, &c., aff. ञच् ।

आवचिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Relating to or produced in the month S'hra'van'a'. m. (-कः) The month S'hra'van'a'. E. श्रवचा the asterism in which the moon is full this month, and ट्वा aff.

आवचोय mfn. (-यः-यो-यं) To be declared or pronounced, to be made to be heard. E. श्रु to hear, causal v., चोयच् aff.

आवली f. (-ली) A city, also D'harmapattan. E. श्रु to ooze, causal form क्त्वा aff.; also read आवलि । [ श्रु to hear, causal v., तव्य aff.

आवयितव्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be declared, to be made to be heard. E. आवहीय mfn. (-यः-यो-यं) Produced in or under the asterism SHRAVISH-T'HA', relating to it, &c. E. श्रविष्ठा, and क्त्वा aff. [causal v., क्त्वा aff.

आवित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Spoken or read, caused to be heard. E. श्रु to hear, श्रव्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be heard. 1. To be read or related, to be caused to be heard. f. (-या) Plain, audible. E. श्रु to hear, क्त्वा aff., or causal v., and यत् aff.

अि r. 1st cl. (अयति-ने) To serve. With आङ् prefixed, 1. To seek asylum, to depend upon, to have recourse to. 2. To be near to. 3. To use, to employ. 4. To choose. 5. To enter. 6. To inhabit. With अप and आङ्, To quit, to forsake. With उत् or सत्, To be high or elevated. With वि, अप, and आङ्, 1. To fall, to prostrate, to worship. 2. To expect, to rely upon, to trust to. With सम, 1. To attain. 2. To see. 3. To depend upon. 4. To have recourse to.

अित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Cherished, protected, refuted. 2. Served, honoured, worshipped. 3. Joined with, contiguous to, connected with. 4. Covered, overspread. 5. Having, possessing. 6. Auxiliary, subservient. 7. Collected. E. श्रि to serve, क्त्वा aff.

अितवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) 1. Served, honoured. 2. Taking refuge with. E. श्रि to serve, क्त्वा aff.

अिति f. (-तिः) Approach, recourse.

अिनस्य mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्यं) Haughty, confident in wealth, beauty, &c. E. श्री, and सस्य who thinks, the vowel of the first made short.

अिय (उ) अियु r. 1st cl. (अयति) To burn.

अी r. 9th cl. (अीयति श्रीयति) To cook, to dress, to boil. r. 1st and 10th cls. (अयति-ने आययति-ने) To satisfy.

अी f. (-श्रीः) 1. Fortune, prosperity, success, thriving. 2. Wealth. 3. Beauty, splendour, lustre. 4. Appearance. 5. Light. 6. Any virtue or excellence. 7. The three objects of life collectively, or love "काम," duty "धर्म," and wealth "व्यय". 8. Dress, decoration. 9. State, paraphernalia. 10. Majesty, royalty. 11. Superhuman power. 12. Intellect, understanding. 13. Elevation, consequence.

14. Fame, glory. 15 The goddess LAKSHMI', the wife of VISHN'U, and deity of plenty and prosperity. 16. A name of SARASWATI'. 17. The mother of KUNT'HU, the seventeenth Jina of the present age. 18. The Sarala tree, ( Pinus longifolia. ) 19. The Bilwa tree. 20. A lotus. 21. Cloves. 22. A prefix to the names of deities, forming a kind of invocation at the beginning of a letter, &c., and often used repeatedly, as S'hri' S'hri' DURGA' ; also a prefix of respect to proper names of persons, as S'hri' JAYADE'VA ; also of works, as S'hri' Bha'gavat ; this use of it is elliptical; the possessive aff. लुप् or adj. युक् joined, &c. being understood, and the sense will then be, the splendid, the illustrious, the famous, &c. E. श्रि to serve, ( i. e. whom the world worships, ) क्त्वा aff. and the vowel made long.

श्रीकण्ठ m. (-ण्ठः) 1. S'IVA. 2. A country N. W. of Delhi, or about Tha'neshwar. 3. BHAVABHU'TI', the author of the Ma'lati-Ma'dhava, a celebrated drama. E. श्री prosperity or eloquence, कण्ठ the throat.

श्रीकण्ठपदलाञ्छन m. (-नः) BHAVABHU'TI', the poet. E. श्रीकण्ठ and पद the the name of title, लाञ्छन a mark ; he who is known by the title of S'hri-kan't'ha.

श्रीकण्ठसख m. (-खः) KUV'ERA. E. श्रीकण्ठ S'IVA, and सखि the friend.

श्रीकर mfn. (-रः-रा or री-रं) Giving fortune or prosperity. m. (रः) VISHN'U. n. (-रं) The red lotus. E. श्री fortune, and कर who makes or confers. [making.

श्रीकरव m. (-वः) A pen. E. श्री the word S'hri', करव implement of श्रीकान्त m. (-न्तः) VISHN'U. E. श्री the goddess, and कान्त husband.

श्रीकारिन् mf. (-री) An antelope. E. श्री increasing, (nourishment, &c.) क्त्वा to make, aff. णिनि; the flesh being considered as highly digestible and nutritive.

श्रीखण्ड mn. (-खण्डः-खण्डं) Sandal-wood. E. श्री fortune, and खण्ड part.

श्रीगदित n. (-तं) One of the minor dramatic compositions, a piece in one act dedicated chiefly to the goddess of prosperity. E. श्री and गदित said. [origin.

श्रीगर्भ m. (-र्भः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. A sword. E. श्री fortune, and गर्भ womb or श्रीयुग्म m. (-युग्मः) A trough for watering birds. E. श्री wealth, युग्म taking.

श्रीचन n. (-नं) Sour curds. m. (-नः) A Budd'ha or Baudd'ha saint E. श्री prosperity, and चन a heap.

श्रीचक्र n. (-कः) 1. A magical diagram. 2. An astrological division of the body, the uterine or pubic region. 3. A wheel of INDRA's car. 4. The circle of the globe or earth. E. श्री prosperity, &c, चक्र a wheel.

श्रीज m. (-जः) The deity of love. E. श्री LAKSHMI', and ज born.

श्रीद mfn. ( दः-दा-दं) Conferring wealth, prosperity, &c. m. (-दः) KUV'ERA, the god or riches. E. श्री wealth, and द who gives.

श्रीधर m. (-रः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. A Jina of the past period. E. श्री the goddess, fortune, and धर who has. [son.

श्रीनन्दन m. (-नः) The deity of love, KA'MA. E. श्री LAKSHMI', नन्दन the श्रीनिकेतन m. (-नः) VISHN'U. E. श्री the goddess, and निकेतन abode.

श्रीनिवास m. (-सः) VISHN'U. E. श्री the goddess, and निवास abode.

श्रीपति m. (-तिः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. A king, a prince. E. श्री the goddess of fortune or rank, and पति husband or master.

श्रीपथ m. (-यः) A highway, a royal road. E. श्री royal paraphernalia, पथ for पथिन् road.

श्रीपर्ण n. (-र्णः) 1. A lotus. 2. A tree, the wood of which is used to procure fire by attrition, ( Premna spinosa. ) f. (-र्णी) 1. A shrub, ( Gmelina arborea. ) 2. A medicinal plant, commonly Ka'yap'hal. 3. The silk-cotton tree. 4. An aquatic plant, ( Pistia stratiotes. ) E. श्री beauty or the goddess, पर्ण a leaf.

श्रीपर्णिका f. (-का) A medicinal shrub, commonly Ka'yap'hal. E. कृ added to the last. [ground.

श्रीपिष्ट m. (-ष्टः) Turpentine. E. श्री the S'arala or pine, and पिष्ट pounded

श्रीपुत्र m. (-ः) 1. A horse. 2. KA'MA. E. श्री fortune, or the goddess, पुत्र a son.  
 श्रीपुत्र n. (-ः) Cloves.  
 श्रीफल m. (-लः) A fruit tree, (Ægle marmelos.) f. (-ला or ली) 1. The indigo-plant, (Indigofera tinctoria.) 2. Emblic myrobalan. n. (-लः) The Bel-fruit. E. श्री beauty or the goddess, (to whom it may be offered.) फल fruit. [भद्र auspicious.]  
 श्रीमद् m. (-द्) A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) E. श्री LAKSHMI',  
 श्रीमातृ m. (-ता) 1. A horse. 2. The moon. E. श्री the goddess, मातृ brother ; being recovered as well a LAKSHMI', at the churning of the ocean.  
 श्रीमत् mfn. (-मान्-मती-मत्) 1. Wealthy, [opulent. 2. Pleasing, beautiful. 3. Prosperous, fortunate, thriving. 4. Famous, illustrious, m. (-मान्) 1. A tree, commonly Tila or Tilaka. 2. VISHN'U. 3. KURVE'RA, the god of wealth. 4. S'IVA. 5. A title applied to any venerable person. E. श्री beauty, &c., मत् aff.  
 श्रीमल्ल m. (-लः) Garlic. [सुख chief.  
 श्रीसुख m. (-खः) The seventh year of the Indian cycle. E. श्री prosperity,  
 श्रीयुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्त-क्त) 1. Famous, illustrious. 2. Fortunate, wealthy. E. श्री prosperity, and युक्त joined with, possessing.  
 श्रीयुत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Famous, illustrious. 2. Fortunate, wealthy. E. श्री fortune, युत joined. [रस juice.  
 श्रीरस m. (-सः) 1. Turpentine. 2. Resin. E. श्री the Sārāla tree or pine,  
 श्रीराम m. (-गः) One of the Rāgas or personified musical modes. E. श्री illustrious, राम the mode.  
 श्रीराम m. (-मः) RA'MACHANDRA. E. श्री celebrated, and राम Rāma.  
 श्रील mfn. (-लः-ल-ल) 1. Fortunate, prosperous. 2. Rich, wealthy. 3. Beautiful. 4. Famous. E. श्री fortune, लच् poss. aff.  
 श्रीलम्ब m. (-लः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. A particular mark, usually said to be a curl of hair, on the breast of VISHN'U or KRISHN'A. 3. A hole in a wall made for felonious purposes. 4. The emblem of the tenth Jina, or the mark above ascribed to VISHN'U or KRISHN'A. E. श्री LAKSHMI', and लम्ब dear to.  
 श्रीलम्ब m. (-ली) A horse having a curl of hair on his breast. E. श्रीलम्ब the mark of VISHN'U, लम्ब aff. of comparison, लम्बि poss. aff.  
 श्रीलम्ब m. (-लम्ब) VISHN'U. E. श्रीलम्ब the mark so termed, लम्ब having.  
 श्रीलम्बाञ्जन m. (-नः) VISHN'U. E. श्रीलम्ब the figure so named, लाञ्जन sign, mark, (whose.)  
 श्रीलम्बाञ्ज m. (-ञ्जः) VISHN'U : see the last. E. श्रीलम्ब and लम्ब mark.  
 श्रीलम्बाञ्ज m. (-ञ्जः) VISHN'U. E. श्री illustrious, लम्बाञ्ज the Boar-Avatar.  
 श्रीलम्ब m. (-सः) 1. Turpentine. 2. VISHN'U. 3. A lotus. 4. S'IVA. E. श्री the Sārāla or pine, or LAKSHMI', &c., and लम्ब abode.  
 श्रीलम्ब n. (-सः) Turpentine.  
 श्रीलम्ब m. (-लः) 1. The holy-fig tree, (Ficus religiosa.) 2. The Bilwa tree. 3. The As'hvatt'ha-tree. E. श्री auspicious, लम्ब a tree.  
 श्रीलम्ब m. (-लः) A curl or lock of hair on the chest of a horse : a various reading perhaps for श्रीलम्बक : see श्रीलम्बक. [वेष्ट extract.  
 श्रीलम्ब m. (-लः) 1. Turpentine. 2. Resin. E. श्री the Sārāla or pine tree,  
 श्रीलम्ब m. (-लः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. RA'MACHANDRA. E. श्री the goddess LAKSHMI', also incarnate in S'ITA', and लम्ब husband.  
 श्रीलम्ब n. (-ञ्ज) Cloves. E. श्री LAKSHMI', and लम्ब appellation, the names of the goddess being all applied to the spice.  
 श्रीलम्ब m. (-लः) 1. The moon. 2. The horse of INDRA. 3. Camphor. E. श्री the goddess, and लम्ब uterine brother ; being reproduced with her and other objects, at the churning of the ocean.  
 श्रीलम्ब f. (-ली) The sun-flower, (Heliotropium Indicum.) E. श्री LAKSHMI', लम्ब the hand, लम्बि and लम्बि affs.; held in the hand of the goddess.  
 श्रु. 1st cl. form irr. (श्रुति) To hear : form reg. (श्रवति) To go, to move, especially as a fluid, to drop, to ooze, to flow. r. 5th cl.

(pp. श्रुत. pres. श्रुति, pass. श्रुते) 1. To hear. 2. To obey. With प्रत or सम् prefixed, To promise, to assent or agree to. With फ्र, To be famous. With चन्, To hear. With चमि, To listen. With चारु, To promise, (with the dat. of the person to whom the promise is made.) With चप, To hear, to learn from. With चन, (Atm. ; when used intransitively.) To hear, to listen to. Caus. (श्रवयति-ते) To recite to, to communicate. Desid. (श्रुयते) 1. To desire to hear. 2. To obey. 3. To wait upon.

श्रुतार m. (-ः) A fruit, (Flacourtia cataphracta.)

श्रुतिका f. (-का) Natron, alkali. "सज्जिकाचारे।"

श्रुत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Heard. 2. Understood. 3. Well-known. n. (-तः) 1. Sacred science, holy writ, &c. 2. The object of hearing, that which is heard. 3. Learning in general. E. श्रु to hear, aff. क्त।

श्रुतकोवि mfn. (-विः-वि-वि) Famous, celebrated. m. (-विः) 1. A divine sage. 2. A generous man, a benefactor, a donor. f. (-विः) 1. A river. 2. The wife of BHARATA. E. श्रुत heard, कोवि fame.

श्रुतदेवी f. (-वी) SARASWATI'. E. श्रुत that which is heard, (science, &c) and देवी presiding deity.

श्रुतधर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Recollecting, remembering what has been heard. 2. Having or observing the Vēdas. E. श्रुत, and धर who has.

श्रुतर्षि m. (-र्षिः) A Rishi of a particular order; one by whom holy writ has been heard, not taught; as the author of the Sushruta, a medical work, the son of VISH'WA'MITRA, &c. E. श्रुत heard, and ऋषि a saint.

श्रुतवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Hearing, having heard. E. श्रु to hear, वत् aff.

श्रुतश्रीगुरु m. (-गुः) The planet S'HANI or SATURN. E. श्रुतश्रीगुरु one of the other sons of SURYA, and श्रीगुरु younger born. [to, taking.

श्रुतादान n. (-नः) Citing the Vēdas. E. श्रुत holy writ, आदान referring श्रुताध्ययनसम्पन्न mfn. (-न्नः-प्र-प्र) Well read in sacred science, conversant with the Vēdas, and the branches of knowledge or philosophy, dependent on them. E. श्रुत heard, (knowledge of grammar, &c., that has been taught viva voce,) अध्ययन perusal, (of the Vēdas,) सम्पन्न accomplished.

श्रुतान्वित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Acquainted with or conforming to the Vēdas. E. श्रुत, and अन्वित possessed of.

श्रुति f. (तिः) 1. The Vēdas, severally or collectively, scripture, holy writ. 2. An ear. 3. Hearing. 4. Intelligence, news, rumour, report. 5. (In music,) A division of the octave, a quarter tone or interval, of which twenty-two are enumerated; four constituting a major tone, three a minor, and two a semitone; the S'hrutis are personified as nymphs. 6. A sound in general. 7. The constellation S'hraṇvā'. E. श्रु to hear, तिन् aff.

श्रुतिकट m. (-टः) 1. Penance, expiation. 2. A snake. E. श्रुति the Vēdas, organ ear, &c., and कट् to go, aff. कच्।

श्रुतिकट m. (-टः) A Harsh sound, (regarded as a fault in rhetoric.)

श्रुतिकथित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Taught or prescribed by the Vēdas. E. श्रुति as above, and कथित said, declared.

श्रुतिचोदन n. (-नः) Holy precept or injunction, the doctrine of the Vēdas. E. श्रुति, and चोदन saying.

श्रुतिश्रीविका f. (-का) Law, the code of laws. E. श्रुति the Vēdas, and श्रीविका living; existing to scripture.

श्रुतिश्रव mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Hearing, having ears. 2. Studying the Vēdas. E. श्रुति hearing, or the Vēdas, and श्रव attentive.

श्रुतिवैध n. (-धः) Disagreement or contradiction of any two passages in the Vēdas, or of two Vēdas. E. श्रुति, and वैध difference.

श्रुतिधर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Having, being versed in, or observing the Vēdas. 2. Hearing. E. श्रुति, and धर who or what has.

श्रुतिन् mfn. (-तो-तिनी-ति) 1. Hearing. 2. Observing, obeying. 3. Having or following the Vēdas. E. श्रुत, and तिन् aff.

श्रुतिनिर्द्शन n. (-नः) The evidence of revelation.

श्रुतिमूल n. (श्रु) 1. The root of the ear. 2. The text of the Vē'das. E. श्रुति, and मूल root.  
 श्रुतिमण्डल n. (श्रु) The outer ear. E. श्रुति, and मण्डल circle.  
 श्रुतिवर्जित mfn. (श्रु-ता-तं) 1. Deaf. 2. Ignorant or unroad in the Vē'das. E. श्रुति hearing, or the Vē'das, and वर्जित abandoned, lost.  
 श्रुतिविषय m. (श्रु) 1. An object or doctrine of the Vē'das. 2. Sound, the object of the sense of hearing. 3. The reach of the ear. 4. The ear. E. श्रुति, and विषय an object.  
 श्रुतिवध m. (श्रु) The boring of the ear.  
 श्रुतिस्मृतिविहित mfn. (श्रु-ता-तं) Scriptural, declared by the Vē'das and the law. E. श्रुति, and स्मृति, and विहित said. [sound.  
 श्रुत्युपास m. (श्रु) Alliteration. E. श्रुति hearing, and उपपास similarity of श्रुत्युक्त mfn. (श्रु-ता-तं) Said or enjoined by the Vē'das. E. श्रुति, and उक्त said; also श्रुत्युक्त, &c.  
 श्रुत्वा Ind. Having heard. E. श्रु to hear, क्ता aff.  
 श्रुत m. (श्रु) Sacrifice, oblation. nf. (श्रु-वा) A sort of ladle used for pouring Ghee or oiled butter at a sacrifice. E. श्रु to ooze or leak, aff. क.  
 श्रुत्युक्त mfn. (श्रु-ता-तं) Hearing, being hearing. E. श्रु to hear, pass. v., श्रुता aff.  
 श्रुती f. (श्रु) A progression, (in math)  
 श्रुतीफल n. (श्रु) The sum of a progression.  
 श्रुति mf. (श्रु-ति-वि; or -श्रु) 1. A line, a row, a range. 2. A multitude. 3. A company of artizans following the same business. 4. A corporation, a company of traders or those dealing in the same articles. 5. A ducket, a baling vessel. E. श्रुति to serve, नि Unādi aff.  
 श्रुतिक m. (श्रु) The name of one of the kings of Magadha, contemporary with and patron of Śākya-Sinha. f. (श्रु) A tent. E. श्रुति a line, &c., कन् aff.  
 श्रुतिधर्म m. Plu. The customs of trades or guilds.  
 श्रुतिभूत mfn. (श्रु-ता-तं) 1. Made or become a heap. 2. Arranged, set in rows. E. श्रुति a range, भूत become, भूि augment.  
 श्रुती f. (श्रु) 1. A set or succession of substances. 2. (In arithmetic,) Progression. E. A various reading of श्रुती.  
 श्रुत्युक्त mfn. (श्रु-यन्-यत्) Best, excellent, most excellent. Ind. Well, most excellent. n. (श्रु) 1. Virtue, moral merit. 2. Final happiness. 3. Good fortune, auspiciousness, prosperity. m. (श्रु) The 11th Jina or Jaina pontiff. f. (श्रु) 1. A plant resembling pepper, (Pothos officinalis). 2. A shrub, (Cissampelos hexandra). 3. Yellow myrobalan. E. श्रु substituted for प्रशस्त good, and ईयसुन् aff. of the irr. superlative.  
 श्रुत्युक्त mfn. (श्रु-यन्-यत्) 1. Conferring, or the means of future felicity. 2. Propitious. 3. Making better or superior. E. श्रुत्यु and कर् who or what does.  
 श्रुत्युक्त mfn. (श्रु-यन्-यत्) Desiring final felicity, &c. E. श्रुत्यु, कान desire.  
 श्रुत्युक्त n. (श्रु) 1. Superiority, betterness. 2. Final felicity, &c. E. श्रुत्यु and ल aff. [also श्रुत्यां ।  
 श्रुत्यां m. (श्रु) The eleventh Jina or Jaina pontiff of the present era ; श्रुत्यां mfn. (श्रु-यन्-यत्) Desirous of good, ambitious. E. श्रुत्यु, and श्रुत्यां who asks.  
 श्रुत mfn. (श्रु-यन्-यत्) 1. Best, excellent, most excellent, pre-eminent. 2. Oldest, senior. m. (श्रु) 1. Kuvē'ra. 2. A king. 3. A Brāhman. n. (श्रु) Cow's milk. E. श्रु for प्रशस्त best, इष्टन् aff. of the irr. superlative.  
 श्रुतकाष्ठ n. (श्रु) The main pillar of a house. E. श्रुत best, and काष्ठ timber.  
 श्रुतवाक् f. (श्रु) Adj. Eloquent.  
 श्रुता f. (श्रु) Superiority, betterness, excellence. E. श्रुत, and तल् aff.; also with ल. श्रुतल ।  
 श्रुताश्रम m. (श्रु) The best order of life, viz. that of a householder. E. श्रुत best, आश्रम order or state; the householder being considered the best of the four orders, as it supports the other three.

श्रुति mfn. (श्रु-यन्-यत्) Best, chief. m. (श्रु) 1. An artist eminent by birth. 2. The head or chief of a body of persons following the same trade or occupation, a president, a foreman. E. श्रुत excellence, श्रुति aff. [sweat.  
 श्रुति r. 1st cl. (श्रुति) 1. To boil, to cook. 2. To melt, to liquefy. 3. To  
 श्रुति n. (श्रु) Superiority, betterness, preference. E. श्रुत, and श्रुति aff.  
 श्रुति (श्रु) श्रुति r. 1st cl. (श्रुति) To accumulate, to heap together.  
 श्रुति mfn. (श्रु-यन्-यत्) Dressed, cooked, matured. m. (श्रु) A cripple. f. (श्रु) 1. The constellation S'havan'a'. 2. Rice-gruel. E. श्रुति to heap together, aff. श्रुति; or श्रु to injure, Unādi aff. न ।  
 श्रुति f. (श्रु-यन्-यत्) 1. The hip and loins. 2. A road, a way. E. श्रुति to heap, aff. इन्; or श्रु to hear, Unādi aff. नि ।  
 श्रुतिवत् m. (श्रु) The slope of the hips.  
 श्रुतिफल n. (श्रु) 1. The hip and loins, or the hip only. 2. The hip-bone, the os ilium. E. श्रुति the same, and फल fruit, कन् aff. of comparison, or फलक a plank; also श्रुतिफल n. (श्रु) ।  
 श्रुतिविन्ध n. (श्रु) A string worn round the loins, a waist band.  
 श्रुत n. (श्रु) 1. The ear. 2. The current of a stream. 3. An organ of sense. 4. The trunk of an elephant. E. श्रु to hear or to leak, aff. श्रुत्यु, and श्रुत्यु augment.  
 श्रुत mfn. (श्रु-यन्-यत्) To be heard, or listened to. E. श्रु to hear, तल् aff. of the future participle.  
 श्रुत mfn. (श्रु-यन्-यत्) Hearing, a hearer, who hears. E. श्रु to hear, तल् aff.  
 श्रुत n. (श्रु) 1. The ear. 2. The vē'da. E. श्रु to hear, Unādi aff. इन् ।  
 श्रुत्युक्त mfn. (श्रु-यन्-यत्) Melodious, musical, sounding agreeably. E. श्रुति, and सुख pleasure.  
 श्रुतादि Ind. The five senses. E. श्रुति and आदि etcetera.  
 श्रुति mfn. (श्रु-यन्-यत्) Modest, docile, well-behaved. m. (श्रु) 1. A Brāhman versed in the study of the Vē'das. 2. A Brāhman following a particular branch or school of the Vē'das. E. श्रुति considered as substituted for रुद्रस् the metre of the Vē'das, and रुद्रन् aff.; or श्रुति the ear, said also to mean the Vē'das, and च aff.  
 श्रुतिवत्ता f. (श्रु) Conversancy with the Vē'das, the duty of a Brāhman. E. श्रुति a priest acquainted with the Vē'das, and तल् aff.  
 श्रुतिवत् n. (श्रु) The property of a learned Brāhman. E. श्रुतिव, स own.  
 श्रुति mfn. (श्रु-यन्-यत्) Relating or belonging to the Vē'das, to the ear, hearing, &c. n. (श्रु) 1. Preservation of the sacred fire. 2. Any observance ordained by the Vē'das. 3. The three sacred fires collectively, viz. गार्हपत्य, आवाहनीय and दक्षिण. f. (श्रु) Comparison expressed by a particle, so, as, like, &c. E. श्रुति the Vē'das, and श्रुति aff.  
 श्रुत n. (श्रु) Name of a class of Su'tra writings based on the Vē'da.  
 श्रुतिशास्त्र क्रिया f. (श्रु) Acts conformable to law and religion. E. श्रुति and शास्त्र, and क्रिया act. [शास्त्र, and श्रुति duty.  
 श्रुतिशास्त्र धर्म m. (श्रु) Duty enjoined by the Vē'das and laws. E. श्रुति and श्रुति n. (श्रु) 1. Conversancy with Vē'das. 2. The ear. E. श्रुति the ear, or श्रुति a Brāhmana studied in scripture, श्रुति aff.; in the second case the last syllable rejected as well as the pen. vowel.  
 श्रुति Ind. An exclamation used in making an offering with fire to the gods or manes. E. श्रु to hear, (the prayer being heard in consequence) and श्रुति aff.  
 श्रुति n. (श्रु) The lotus. E. श्रुति Lakṣmī, and श्रुति appellation, the goddess appearing in the first instance from within the flower. and thence deriving many of her names.  
 श्रुति (श्रु) श्रुति r. 1st cl. (श्रुति) To go, to move.  
 श्रुति mfn. (श्रु-यन्-यत्) 1. Small, fine, minute. 2. Gentle, mild, amiable. 3. Honest, sincere. 4. Plain, even, smooth. E. श्रुति to embrace, श्रुति aff., the short vowel substituted for the penultimate.  
 श्रुति n. (श्रु) The arca-nut.  
 श्रुति (श्रु) श्रुति r. 1st cl. (श्रुति) To go, to move.

श्व. r. 10th cl. (श्वयति-ते) 1. To be weak, to be relaxed, loose, flaccid.  
 2. To hurt or kill.  
 श्व mfn. (-चः वा-च) 1. Loose, flaccid, relaxed. 2. Dishevelled,  
 (hair). 3. Untied, unfastened. ३. श्वच् to be relaxed, aff. चच् ।  
 श्वच्. श्वच्. r. 1st cl. (श्वयति) To pervade.  
 श्वच्. श्वच्. r. 1st cl. (श्वयते) 1. To praise, to eulogise. 2. To flatter, to  
 coax, to wheedle, (with a dat.) 3. To boast, (with an inst.)  
 श्वच् f. (-च) 1. Praise, flattery, eulogium. 2. Service, obedience. 3.  
 Wish, desire. 4. Self-praise. ३. श्वच् to praise, affs. चच् and टाप् ।  
 श्वचित mfn. (-तः ता-त) Praised, commended ३. श्वच् to praise, क aff.  
 श्वच् mfn. (-च्यः-च्य-च्य) Venerable, respectable, praise-worthy, entitled  
 to praise or veneration ३. श्वच् praise, यत् aff.  
 श्वच् m. (-च्यः) 1. A servant, a slave. 2. A blackguard. 3. A lecher,  
 libertine or debauchee. n. (-च्य) Astronomy, or astrology. ३. श्वच् to  
 embrace, Una'di aff. क् and क substituted for the final.  
 श्वच् m. (-च्यः) 1. A servant. 2. A libertine.  
 श्वच् (जि चीन्) श्वच्. r. 4th cl. (श्वयति) r. 1st cl. (श्वयति) 1. To embrace.  
 2. To adhere or cling to. 3. To unite, to join or connect. With  
 उप and वा, To embrace. With वि, 1. To burst. 2. To be separated.  
 With सम्, To cling to. r. 10th cl. (श्वयति-ते) To connect. (उ) श्वच्. r.  
 1st cl. (श्वयति) To burn. [चङ् and टाप् affs.]  
 श्वच् f. (-च) 1. Embracing, an embrace. 2. Clinging. ३. श्वच् to embrace,  
 श्वच् mfn. (-च्यः-च्य-च्य) 1. Embraced. 2. Touched by, clung or adhered  
 to. 3. Leaving on. 4. Susceptible of a double interpretation, (in  
 rhetoric.) ३. श्वच् to embrace, क aff.  
 श्वच् f. (-च्यः) 1. Adherence. 2. Embrace.  
 श्वयत् mfn. (-च्यन्-च्यन्-च्यन्) Embracing, clinging, adhering to, being in  
 close contact with. ३. श्वच् to embrace, श्वच् aff.  
 श्वयत् n. (-च्य) Morbid enlargement of the legs, elephantiasis. [duction.  
 श्वयत्प्रभव m. (-च्यः) The mango-tree. ३. श्वयत् swelled leg, and प्रभव pro-  
 श्वयत्प्रभव m. (-च्यः) A plant, (Nageia putranjiva.) ३. श्वयत्, च्यच् removing.  
 श्वयत् mfn. (-च्यः-च्य-च्य) Prosperous, fortunate, affluent, happy. ३. श्वो good  
 fortune, लच् poss. aff., and र changed to ल : see श्वो ।  
 श्वयत् m. (-च्य) 1. Union, junction, the proximity of contact. 2. Association,  
 society, presence. 3. Embracing, an embrace. 4. Adhering or  
 clinging to, &c. 5. A figura of rhetoric, choice or connection of  
 words so as to admit of a double interpretation, a species of paron-  
 omasia or pun. ३. श्वच् to embrace, aff. चच् ।  
 श्वयत् m. (-च्य) Phlegm, the watery or phlegmatic humour. ३. श्वयत् the  
 same, कन् pleonasm.  
 श्वयत् mfn. (-च्यः-च्य-च्य) Removing phlegm. f. (-च्य or च्यी) 1. Arabian  
 jasmine. 2. A flower, (Pandanus odoratissimus.) f. (-च्यी) Hogweed.  
 ३. श्वयत् phlegm, and च्य removing, fem. aff. टाप् or लीप् । [च्य born.  
 श्वयत् mfn. (-च्यः-च्य-च्य) Produced or proceeding from phlegm. ३. श्वयत्,  
 श्वयत् mfn. (-च्यः-च्य-च्य) Phlegmatic. f. (-च्य) A plant, (Justicia adhen-  
 toda, &c.) ३. श्वयत् the humor, and न aff.  
 श्वयत् m. (-च्य) The phlegmatic humour, one of the three principal  
 humours or fluids of the body. ३. श्वच् to embrace or adhere to, (the  
 body,) aff. कन् ।  
 श्वयत् mfn. (-च्यः-च्य-च्य) Phlegmatic, abounding or affected with  
 phlegm, &c. m. (-च्यः) A plant, (Cordia latifolia.) ३. श्वयत् phlegm,  
 phlegm, &c. m. (-च्यः) A plant, (Cordia latifolia.) ३. श्वयत् phlegm,  
 [phlegm, च्य destroying.  
 लच् aff.]  
 श्वयत् m. (-च्यः) A medicinal plant, commonly Ka'ya-p'hal. ३. श्वयत्  
 श्वयत् m. (-च्यः) A small tree, (Cordia latifolia.) ३. श्वयत् phlegm,  
 च्य to go, (to remove,) aff. चच् ; also with कन् added श्वयत् ।  
 श्वयत् mfn. (-च्यः-च्य-च्य) Allaying or exciting, phlegm, phlegmatic. ३.  
 श्वयत् phlegm, ठच् aff.  
 श्वयत् (च्य) श्वयत् r. 1st cl. (श्वयते) 1. To put together, to compose, as  
 verses. 2. To heap together. 3. To acquire. 4. To relinquish.  
 श्वयत् m. (-च्यः) 1. A verse, a stanza. 2. A stanza written in Anush-

tub'h metre. 3. Praising, praise 4. An object of praise. 5. A pro-  
 verb, a saying. 6. Fame, celebrity. ३. श्वोच् to compose, (as verses.)  
 aff. चच् ; according to the Ra'ma'yan'a, irrily. derived from श्रीक  
 sorrow : the first verse ever composed, having been the involun-  
 tary expression of VA'LMI'KI's grief at beholding a bird killed  
 by a fowler.

श्वयत् n. (-च्य) Versification. ३. ल added to the last. [assemble.

श्वयत् (च्य) श्वयत् r. 1st cl. (श्वयति) To heap together, to collect or  
 वः श्वयत् mfn. (-च्यः-च्य-च्य) Happy, prosperous. n. Adv. (-च्य) Happy,  
 well, right. Subst. 1. Happiness, prosperity. 2. BRAHMA', the  
 Supreme Being. ३. श्वच् particle, implying happiness, च्य best,  
 excellent, and a final चच् or vowel added to the compound.

श्वयत् (च्य) श्वयत् r. 1st cl. (श्वयते) To go, to move. [with.

श्वयत् m. (-च्य) A dog-feeder or trainer. ३. च्य and कौडिन् who plays  
 श्वयत् (च्य) श्वयत् r. 1st cl. (श्वयति) To go or move.

श्वयत् m. (-च्य) A pack or number of dogs. ३. श्वच् a dog, and गच् a troop.

श्वयत् m. (-च्य) A hunter. mfn. (-च्यः-च्य) 1. A dog-feeder. 2. One  
 carried by dogs. ३. श्वच् a dog, गच् a number, ठच् aff. [to be split.

श्वयत् r. 1st cl. (श्वयते) (च्य) श्वयत् (श्वयते) 1. To go, to move. 2. To be opened,

श्वयत् r. 1st cl. (श्वयते) also (च्य) श्वयत् (श्वयते) To go, to move.

श्वयत् r. 10th cl. (श्वयति-ते) 1. To go, to move. 2. To adorn, to accom-

plish. (श्वयति-ते)(च्य) श्वयत् (श्वयति-ते) 1. To finish. 2. To leave defec-

tive or unfinished. 3. To go, to move. 4. To speak ill. (श्वयति) 1. To  
 speak amiss. 2. To speak well. 3. To abstain from speaking: see श्वयत्

श्वयत् f. (-च्य) 1. A dog's tooth. 2. A fruit, (Piscocurtia cataphracta.) ३.

च्य for श्वयत् a dog, दद्य a tooth.

श्वयत् m. (-च्यः) A jackal. ३. श्वयत् a dog, and च्यत् a cheat.

श्वयत् m. (-च्यः-च्य-च्य) Accu. plu. (-च्यन्) A dog. f. (-च्यनी) A bitch. ३. च्य  
 to increase, Una'di aff. कन्निन्, form irr.

श्वयत् m. (-च्यः) A currish fellow. [dog, निश्वयत् night.

श्वयत् nf. (-च्यः-च्य) A night on which dogs bark and howl. ३. च्य for श्वयत् a

श्वयत् mf. (-च्यः-च्य) 1. A man or woman of a low and degraded caste. 2.  
 A dog-feeder or keeper. ३. श्वयत् a dog, च्य to cook, (for his food,) or

to cherish as his property, and च्य aff.; also with क्चिप् aff. श्वयत् m.  
 (च्य) and with च्य aff. श्वयत् ।

श्वयत् n. (-च्य) 1. A dog's foot. 2. A mark like one, to be branded on the  
 forehead of a thief. ३. च्य, and च्य a foot.

श्वयत् m. (-च्यः) A man of a degraded and outcaste tribe, the son of an

Ugra woman by a Kshetri' male, and classed with the Chan'da'la,

with whom he is ordered to live out of the town, to feed from

broken vessels, and wear the clothes of the dead; to possess no

other property than asses and dogs, and to be excluded from

all intercourse with other tribes; he can only be employed

as public executioner, or to carry out the bodies of those who die

without kindred. ३. श्वयत् a dog, च्य to cook, (to feed on or to cherish,)

aff. च्य : see श्वयत् ।

श्वयत् n. (-च्य) The lime or citron. ३. च्य for श्वयत् a dog, and कल् fruit.

श्वयत् m. (-च्यः) A jackal. ३. श्वयत् a dog, and च्यी afraid of.

श्वयत् r. 10th cl. (श्वयति-ते) 1. To live in misery or distress. 2. To go,  
 to move. 3. To make a hole, to pierce or perforate.

श्वयत् n. (-च्य) A hole, a gap, a chasm. ३. श्वयत् to pierce, aff. चच् ; or च्य a  
 dog, च्य to cherish, aff. क ।

श्वयत् m. (-च्यः) Swelling, intumescence. ३. च्य to swell, aff. चच् ।

श्वयत् f. (-च्यः or च्यी) Sickness, disease. ३. च्य to increase, Una'di aff.  
 च्य ।

श्वयत् r. 10th cl. (श्वयति) 1. To live in misery or distress. 2. To go, to  
 श्वयत् r. 1st cl. (श्वयति) To run, to go quickly.

श्वयत् r. 10th cl. (श्वयति-ते) To speak, to narrate.

श्वयत् r. 1st cl. (श्वयति) To run, to go fast or quickly.

श्वयत् Ind. Like a dog, our-like. ३. च्य, वति aff.



श्वसत् m. (-वान्) A dog-feeder or trainer. *श्व. सवृप्. aff.* [प्रति practice.]  
 श्वसति m. (-तिः) 1. The life of a dog. 2. Service, servitude. *श्व. श्व. a dog,*  
 श्वसत् m. (-त्तः) The hunting-leopard, Chita'. *श्व. श्व. a dog, श्वसत् a tiger.*  
 श्वसृ m. (-रः) 1. A father-in-law, a wife's or husband's father. 2. A  
 venerable man, one to be treated as a father-in-law. *m. Du. (-री)*  
 A father and mother-in-law. *श्व. श्व. a particle, implying respect, चम्*  
 to pervade, Una'di aff. *श्व. श्व. ; also with कन् added श्वसृक ।*  
 श्वसृयं m. (-यः) 1. A brother-in-law, a wife's or husband's brother. 2. A  
 husband's younger brother. *श्व. श्वसृ a father-in-law, and यत् patro-*  
 nymic aff.  
 श्वसृ f. (-श्वः) A mother-in-law. *श्व. श्वसृ a father-in-law, the च and च*  
 rejected, र conjoined with श्व, and कृ. fem. aff.  
 श्वसृश्वसृ m. Du. (-री) Mother and father-in-law. *श्व. श्वसृ, श्वसृ conjoined.*  
 श्वसृ r. 2nd cl. (श्वसृति) 1. To breathe. 2. To live. 3. To sigh. 4. To hiss,  
 to snort. With श्वसृ prefixed, 1. To recover, to revive, to console.  
 2. To take courage. 3. To sigh. With उत्, 1. To open, to expand.  
 2. To console. 3. To upheave. 4. To breathe. 5. To sigh. With निर, 1.  
 To breathe out, to expire. 2. To sigh. With वि, 1. To have trust or  
 faith in, (generally with a loc.) 2. To be fearless. With सम्, To  
 calm oneself, to take heart. Caus. (श्वसृयति-ते) With चा, To com-  
 fort, to console. With वि, To inspire confidence, to cause to  
 confide. With सम्, To cheer up.  
 श्वसृ Ind 1. To-morrow ; (at the beginning of compounds it has the  
 sense of "future.") 2. A particle, implying auspiciousness.  
 श्वसृ mfn. (-सृ-सृती or सृती सृत्) Breathing, sighing. *श्व. श्वसृ, श्वसृ aff.*  
 श्वसन m. (-नः) 1. Air, wind. 2. A thorny plant, (Vangueria spinosa.) n.  
 (-नं) 1. Breathing, breath. 2. Sighing. *श्व. श्वसृ to breathe, aff. कृट् ।*  
 श्वसनाशन m. (-नः) A snake. *श्व. श्वसन breathing, चशन food ; eating air.*  
 श्वसनेश्वर m. (-रः) A tree, (Pentaptera arjuna.) *श्व. श्वसन, ईश्वर sovereign.*  
 श्वसनीश्वर m. (-रः) A snake. *श्व. श्वसन breathing, and उत्सृक delighting.*  
 श्वसित mfn. (-तः-तृ-तृ) Sighed, breathed, sighing, breathing. n. (-तं) 1.  
 Breathing, breath. 2. Sighing, a sigh. *श्व. श्वसृ to breathe, सन् aff.*  
 श्वसन m. (-नः) A plant, (Conyza lacera, &c.) *श्व. श्व. a dog, and सुत a son.*  
 श्वसन mfn. (-नः-नी-नं) Future, what will be to-morrow, &c. *श्व. श्वसृ*  
 to-morrow, श्वसृ aff. [to-morrow, श्वसृ aff.]  
 श्वसृ mfn. (-सृ-सृती-सृत्) To-morrow's, what will be to-morrow. *श्व. श्वसृ,*  
 श्वसृट् mfn. (-टः-टृ-टृ) Touched by a dog, defiled. *श्व. श्व, श्वसृट् touched.*  
 श्वसृषिक m. (-कः) A hunter. *mf. (-कः-की) 1. A dog-keeper, one who*  
 lives by feeding or keeping dogs. 2. One who rides or is drawn by  
 dogs. *श्व. श्वसृ a number of dogs, उत्सृ aff.*  
 श्वसृत m. (-तः) A dog's tooth. *श्व. श्वसृ a dog, दन्त a tooth, and the vowel*  
 termination of the first word made long in this similar compounds,  
 as श्वसृषिक, श्वसृषिक, &c.  
 श्वसृ m. (-नः) A dog. f. (-नी) A bitch. *श्व. श्व. A various reading of श्वसृ q. v.*  
 श्वसृनिद्रा f. (-द्रा) A light slumber.  
 श्वसृवेखरी f. (-री) A term for angry snarling.  
 श्वसृ mfn. (-दः-दी-दृ) Ferocious, savage, relating or belonging to a  
 beast of prey. m. (-दः) 1. A beast of prey in general. 2. A tiger.  
*श्व. श्वसृ a dog, श्वसृद to resemble, aff. चच् ; or श्वसृद with चच् added.*  
 श्वसृषि m. (-षि-द or -वि-द) A porcupine. "श्वसृषि" *श्व. श्वसृ a dog, चक् added*  
 चक् to pierce, aff. कृप् ।  
 श्वसृ m. (-श्वः) BHAIRAVA, or S'IVA, in a terrific form. *श्व. श्व. a dog, and*  
 चक् a horse ; being usually represented mounted on a dog.  
 श्वसृ m. (-सः) 1. Breath, breathing. 2. Air, wind. 3. Sighing, a sigh. *श्व.*  
 श्वसृ to breathe, aff. चच् ।  
 श्वसृकास m. (-सः) Asthma.  
 श्वसृप्रश्वासचारुय n. (-चं) Breathing through the nostrils for a few seconds  
 as a religious exercise : see प्राश्वासयाम. *श्व. श्वसृ inspiration, प्रश्वास*  
 expiration, and चारुय holding or checking. [weapon.]  
 श्वसृति f. (-तिः) Sleep, sleepiness. *श्व. श्वसृ breathing or sighing, वेति a*

श्वसृति m. (-तिः) A plant, commonly Ba'mana-háti *श्व. श्वसृ breath, चक्*  
 hostile.  
 श्वसृत् m. (-सी) 1. Air, wind. 2. A living creature. *श्व. श्वसृ breath, and*  
 चक् (चर टु and चो) टुकीचि r. 1st cl. (श्वसृति) 1. To move, to go, or go to.  
 2. To grow, to increase. 3. To swell. With चक्, To swell.  
 श्वित् (चा) श्विता r. 1st cl. (श्विते) To be white.  
 श्वित् f. (-तिः) Whiteness. *श्व. श्वित् to be white, चक् aff.* [न. र. च.]  
 श्वित् n. (-च) Whiteness of the skin, vitiligo. *श्व. श्वित् to be white, Unádi*  
 श्वित्नी f. (-नी) A plant, (Tragia involucrata.) *श्व. श्वित् vitiligo, च destroy.*  
 ing. [skin. *श्व. श्वित्, चक् aff.*  
 श्वित्नी mfn. (-नी-विनी-ति) Affected with vitiligo or whiteness of the  
 श्वित् (च) श्वित् r. 1st cl. (श्वित्ति) To be white, to become or continue so.  
 श्व. r. 9th cl. (श्वित्ति) To hurt, to injure, to wound or kill.  
 श्वेत mfn. (-तः-ता or नी-तं) White. m. (-तः) 1. White, (the colour.) 2. The  
 planet VENUS, or its regent S'UKRA. 3. The sixth range of moun-  
 tains, dividing the known continent, the white mountains separ-  
 ating the Varshas of Hiranmaya and Romanaka. 4. One of the  
 minor Dwipas or divisions of the world ; in fable the White  
 Island, identified geographically by WILFORD, with Britain. 5.  
 A white cloud. 6. Cummin-seed. 7. A conch. *mf. (-तः-ता) A small*  
 white shell used as a coin, a Cowrie. n. (-तं) Silver. f. (-ता) 1. A  
 grass, (Andropogon aciculatus.) 2. A plant, Ka'sht'ha-Pa'tala.  
 3. A flower, (Clitoria ternatea.) 4. Hogweed. 5. Bent grass with  
 white blossoms. 6. Bamboo-manna. 7. Crystal. 8. Clayed or can-  
 died sugar. 9. A cowrie. *श्व. श्वित् to be white, aff. चक् or चच् ।*  
 श्वेतक m. (-कः) A Cowrie. n. (-कं) Silver. *श्व. कन् added to the preceding.*  
 श्वेतकृच्छर m. (-रः) INDRA's elephant. *श्व. श्वेत white, and कृच्छर an elephant.*  
 श्वेतकेतु m. (-तुः) A Baudd'ha or Jaina saint. *श्व. श्वेत white, केतु a banner.*  
 श्वेतकेश m. (-शः) A variety of the Hyperanthera morunga. *श्व. श्वेत*  
 white, and केश a filament.  
 श्वेतकील m. (-लः) The Saphara fish, (Cyprinus Sophore, HAM.)  
 श्वेतखदिर m. (-रः) A white variety of the Mimosa catechu. *श्व. श्वेत, and*  
 खदिर the K'hayer.  
 श्वेतगज m. (-जः) 1. A white elephant. 2. Aira'vata, the elephant of  
 INDRA. *श्व. श्वेत white, and गज an elephant.*  
 श्वेतगन्तु m. (-न्तु) A goose. *श्व. श्वेत white, and गन्तु a wing.*  
 श्वेतच्छद m. (-दः) 1. A goose. 2. A kind of basil, (Ocimum album,  
 &c.) *श्व. श्वेत white, and च्छद a feather or leaf.* [same.]  
 श्वेतटङ्ग n. (-चं) White or refined borax. *श्व. श्वेत white, and टङ्ग the*  
 श्वेतदूर्वा f. (-दूर्वा) A bent grass with white blossoms. *श्व. श्वेत and दूर्वा*  
 Durba' grass. [white, and हिप an elephant.]  
 श्वेतहिप m. (-पः) 1. A White elephant. 2. INDRA's elephant. *श्व. श्वेत*  
 श्वेतद्वीप m. (-पः) The white Island, or a minor division of the univer-  
 se so called ; also termed Chandra-Dwipa, and supposed by WIL-  
 FORD to be Britain. *श्व. श्वेत white, and द्वीप an island ; also श्वेत q. v.*  
 श्वेतधातु m. (-तुः) 1. Chalk. 2. The milk stone, opal or chalcedony. *श्व.*  
 श्वेत white, धातु a mineral.  
 श्वेतधामन् m. (-ना) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. 3. Cuttle-fish-bone. *श्व.*  
 श्वेत white, धामन् a ray.  
 श्वेतनील m. (-लः) A cloud. *श्व. श्वेत white, and नील black or dark blue.*  
 श्वेतपत्र m. (-त्रः) A goose. *श्व. श्वेत white, पत्र a feather.*  
 श्वेतपत्राय m. (-यः) BRAHMA'. *श्व. श्वेतपत्र a goose, रथ a car or conveyance.*  
 श्वेतपद्म n. (-पद्म) The white lotus. *श्व. श्वेत white, and पद्म a lotus.*  
 श्वेतपर्वास m. (-सः) Holy basil, or a variety of it, (Ocimum sanctum  
 or album.) *श्व. श्वेत white, and पर्वास the same.*  
 श्वेतपाटला f. (-ला) The white trumpet flower, (Bignonia suave-olens.) *श्व.*  
 श्वेत white, पाटला the same. "श्वेत पाटला ।" [colour.]  
 श्वेतपित्त m. (-पित्त) A lion. *श्व. श्वेत white, and पित्त tawny ; of a light tawny*  
 श्वेतपित्तल m. (-लः) 1. A lion. 2. S'IVA. *श्व. श्वेत white, and पित्तल tawny ;*  
 see the last ; also with कन् added, श्वेतपित्तल ।

- श्वेतपुष्प m. (-पुः) A plant, (*Vitex trifolia*.) f. (-पुः) The Ghosha'-plant.  
 ३. श्वेत white, and पुष्प a flower.  
 श्वेतपुष्पक m. (-कः) A plant, (*Nerium odorum*, the white variety.) ३.  
 कन् added to the last. [productive.  
 श्वेतप्रसूनक m. (-कः) A tree, (*Tapia crataeva*.) श्वेत white, (flowers.) प्रसूनक  
 श्वेतप्रसूना f. (-प्रसूना) A flower, (*Clitoria ternatea*.) [सरिष pepper.  
 श्वेतप्रसूना ३. (-प्रसूना) The seed of the *Hyperanthera morunga*. ३. श्वेत white,  
 श्वेतमास m. (-सः) 1. A cloud. 2. smoke.  
 श्वेतरक्त m. (-रक्तः) Pale red or pink, (the colour.) ३. श्वेत white, रक्त red.  
 श्वेतरक्तन n. (-नः) Lead. ३. श्वेत white, रक्तन colouring.  
 श्वेतरव m. (-रवः) The planet VENUS. ३. श्वेत white, and रव a car.  
 श्वेतरासा f. (-रासा) A plant, white Rasan : see रासा.  
 श्वेतरीषिम् m. (-रिषिः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. ३. श्वेत white, रीषिम् light.  
 श्वेतरीषित m. (-रिषितः) GARUD'A. ३. श्वेत white, and रीषित red. [same.  
 श्वेतवचा f. (-वचा) Orris root, (*Acorus calamus*.) ३. श्वेत white, and वचा the  
 श्वेतवल्कल m. (-वल्कलः) Glomerous-fig-tree, (*Ficus glomerata*.) ३. श्वेत white,  
 वल्कल bark. [वाजि a horse, रजि aff.  
 श्वेतशशिम् m. (-शशिः) 1. The moon. 2. The prince ARJUN'A. ३. श्वेत white,  
 श्वेतवासस m. (-वाससः) A religious mendicant, wearing white garments. ३.  
 श्वेत, and वासस् vesture. [वाह a horse.  
 श्वेतवाह m. (-वाहः) 1. ARJUN'A. 2. INDRA. 3. The moon. ३. श्वेत white,  
 श्वेतवाहन m. (-नः) 1. The moon. 2. ARJUN'A. 3. INDRA. 4. The Makara,  
 a marine monster. ३. श्वेत white, वाहन a vehicle.  
 श्वेतवाहिनम् m. (-हिनः) ARJUN'A. ३. श्वेत white, वाह a vehicle, (a horse,) रजि aff.  
 श्वेतशुक्र m. (-शुक्रः) Barley. ३. श्वेत white, and शुक्र awn ; also read श्वेतशुक्र ।  
 श्वेतसर्प m. (-सर्पः) 1. A tree, (*Tapia crataeva*.) 2. A white snake. ३. श्वेत  
 white, सर्प what creeps or grows, or a serpent. [essence.  
 श्वेतसार m. (-सारः) A tree, (*Mimosa catechu*) ३. श्वेत white, सार pith or  
 श्वेतसरसा f. (-सरसा) A white variety of the *Nyctanthes arbortristis*. ३. श्वेत  
 white, and सरसा the Rasan, &c., to which it is compared.  
 श्वेतहय m. (-हयः) 1. A white horse. 2. The horse of INDRA. 3. A name of  
 ARJUN'A. ३. श्वेत white, and, हय a horse.  
 श्वेतहसिन् m. (-हसिन्) 1. A white elephant. 2. The elephant of INDRA. ३.  
 श्वेत white, and हसिन् an elephant.  
 श्वेतार्क m. (-र्कः) Gigantic swallow-wort, (*Asclepias gigantea*.) with  
 white flowers. ३. श्वेत white, and अर्क the same.  
 श्वेतीदर m. (-दरः) KUR'RA. ३. श्वेत white, and उदर the belly.  
 श्वेतीदी f. (-दी) An epithet of S'ACHI, the wife of INDRA.  
 श्वेत n. (-त्वं) White leprosy.  
 श्वेती f. (-नी) One of the fem. form of श्वेत : see श्वेत ।  
 श्वेत n. (-त्वं) 1. Whiteness. 2. Vitiligo. ३. श्वित or श्वेत, and श्वत् aff.  
 श्वेत n. (-त्वं) Vitiligo. ३. श्वेत to be white, रत् aff. ; also श्वेय ।  
 श्वेयुत Adj. Being to-morrow.  
 श्वेयवीर्य mfn. (-स-सा-सं) Auspicious, fortunate, n. (-सं) good fortune.  
 ३. श्वेय and वस both particles implying auspiciousness, ईयसुन् affixed  
 to the latter, and a final vowel added to the compound.

## ४

- ४ The thirty-first consonant of the Na'gari alphabet, and second  
 sibilant, corresponding to Sh, pronounced in some schools K'h :  
 this letter is usually the first element of the roots, the derivatives  
 of which commence with श ।  
 ४ mfn. (-स-वा-सं) Best, excellent. m. (-सः) 1. A learned man, a teacher.  
 2. A nipple. 3. Loss, destruction. 4. Rest, remainder. 5. Loss of  
 knowledge, previously acquired. 6. Eternal happiness, final eman-  
 cipation. 7. Heaven, paradise. 8. Sleep. 9. End, term. 10. Hair.

- n. (-सं) 1. The embryo. 2. Patience, endurance. ३. श्वी to destroy,  
 &c., aff. क or ङ and the consonant unchanged, &c.  
 षग् (ए) षने r. 1st cl. (सजति) To cover : also written षग् ।  
 षग् (ए) षने r. 5th cl. (सजति) To hurt or kill : also षग् ।  
 षग् r. 1st cl. (सजति) 1. To wet, to moisten, to sprinkle. 2. To serve, to  
 gratify by service. (सजति) 1. To be connected. 2. To understand  
 thoroughly.  
 षग् r. 1st cl. (सजति) To go.  
 षग् r. 1st cl. (सजति) To embrace, to cling or adhere to, to be in con-  
 tact or connexion with. With च्च prefixed, To hang down from,  
 to be suspended. With वि and चाङ्, To struggle together. With  
 चाङ्, To be attached or devoted to. (च) षग् r. 2nd cl. (सजति) ने  
 To go.  
 षट् r. 1st cl. (षटति) To be a part or portion.  
 षट्क mfn. (-ट्कः-ट्का-ट्कं) 1. Six. 2. Having six, six-fold, &c. n. (-ट्कं)  
 An aggregate of six. ३. षट् six, and कन् poss. aff.  
 षट्कचं m. (-चं) A sort of lute. Adj. Heard by six ears, i. e. by three  
 persons. ३. षट् six, and कचं an ear.  
 षट्कचं न. (-चं) 1. A Brāhman. 2. An adept, (in the Tantras, &c.) n.  
 (-चं or pl. षट्कचि) 1. The six acts proper for a Brāhman, (collective-  
 ly,) or teaching the Védas, holy study, offering sacrifices, conduct-  
 ing them for others, giving, and accepting gifts. 2. Six acts allow-  
 able to a Brāhman for subsistence, or gleanings, accepting gifts, ask-  
 ing alms, agriculture, trade, and tending cattle, or according to  
 some lending money at interest. 3. The six acts taught in the  
 Tantras, or killing, infatigating, enthralling, expelling, exciting  
 animosity, and the stopping or privation of any faculty. ३. षट् six,  
 कचं च्च act or duty.  
 षट्कोण n. (-णः) 1. A hexagon, a six-angled figure. 2. The thunderbolt  
 of INDRA. ३. षट् six, कोण a corner.  
 षट्चक्र n. (-क्रः) The six mystical circles of the body, (in Tantra.)  
 षट्चरण m. (-चरणः) 1. A bee. 2. A louse. 3. A locust. ३. षट् six, चरण a foot.  
 षट् r. 10th cl. (सटयति-ते) 1. To injure, to hurt or kill. 2. To give. 3.  
 To be strong. 4. To dwell. [सत्थन् thirty.  
 षट्विंशत् f. (-शत्) 1. Thirty-six. 2. A work on law. ३. षट् six, and  
 षट्पद m. (-पदः) A bee. mf. (-पदा) A louse. f. (-दी) 1. A louse. 2. A  
 female bee. 3. A stanza consisting of six lines. ३. षट् six, पद  
 a foot.  
 षट्पदप्रिय m. (-प्रियः) The Na'ge'shwar, (*Mesua ferrea*.) ३. षट्पद a bee, and  
 प्रिय beloved by ; equally applicable therefore to the lotus, jas-  
 mine, &c. [bee, चतिषि a guest.  
 षट्पदातिषि m. (-तिषिः) 1. The mango-tree. 2. The Champaka. ३. षट्पद a  
 षट्पुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) 1. A sage, one acquainted with the four objects of human  
 existence, or virtue, wealth, desire, and final happiness, and with  
 the nature of the world, and of divine truth. 2. A catamite. ३.  
 षट् six, and पुत्र who knows.  
 षड्वीथ m. (-वीथः) A fish. ३. षट् six, and वीथि the eye, व् aff.  
 षडङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गो-ङ्गं) 1. Having six limbs or members. 2. Having six  
 parts, six ingredients, &c. n. (-ङ्गः) 1. Six parts of the body collec-  
 tively ; as the two arms, two legs, and the head and waist. 2.  
 The six supplementary parts of the Védas or grammar, prosody,  
 astronomy, pronunciation, the meaning of unusual terms, and the  
 ritual of the Hindu religion. ३. षट् six, and अङ्ग a limb or part.  
 षडङ्गजित् m. (-जितः) VISHN'U. ३. षडङ्ग the six members, जित् who subdues.  
 षडङ्गपानीय n. (-पानीयः) An infusion or decoction of six drugs. ३. षडङ्ग, and  
 पानीय drink.  
 षडङ्गि m. (-ङ्गिः) A bee. ३. षट् six, and अङ्गि a foot.  
 षडभि m. (-भिः) A Buddha or Budd'ha deified sage. ३. षट् six,  
 (branches of learning or piety,) and अभि understanding.  
 षडानन m. (-ननः) KARTIK'YA. ३. षट् six, and अनन a face ; having six

faces, four directed to the four cardinal points, and two to the zenith and nadir, according to some accounts, though not generally so represented.

षड्वय n. (-यः) Six spices collectively, or long-pepper, black-pepper, dried ginger, the root of long-pepper, the fruit of the plumbago, and of the Piper chavya. E. षष् six, and ऋषय a spice.

षट्नु m, Plur. (-तः) The six seasons; also personified as divinities. E. षष्, and ऋतु a season. [नी an ox, षष् added.]

षड्वय u. (-यः) A yoke of six oxen or six oxen collectively. E. षष् six, षड्गुण mfn. (-यः-षा-यः) Six-fold, six times. n. (-यः) An assemblage, of six qualities or properties. mf. (-यः-षा) The six acts of a king in his military character, viz "सन्धि" alliance, "विग्रह" war, "यान" march, "स्थान" halt, "वासन" strategem, and "द्वैधीभाव" aid of other kings. E. षष् and गुण a time.

षड्यय n. (-यः) A variety of the *Casalpinia bonducella*. f. (यः) Orris root, (*Acorus calamus*). E. षष् six, यय a knot. [कन् added.]

षड्ययिका f. (-का) Zedoara, (*Curcuma zerumbet*). E. षड्यय as above, षड्ज m. (-जः) The first of the seven primary notes in music. E. षष् six, ज born : supposed to require for its articulation the employment of the tongue, teeth, palate, nose, throat, and chest.

षड्दर्शन u. (-नः) The six systems of philosophy taken together.

षड्धा Ind. In six ways. E. षष् six, and धाच् aff.

षड्भाग m. (-गः) A sixth, a sixth part. E. षष्, and भाग share.

षड्भागभाज् mfn. (-भाक्) Entitled to a sixth. E. षष्भाग, भाज् who shares.

षड्भुज mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) Six armed, six-sided. m. (-जः) A hexagon. f. (-जा) The water-melon. "खरमुज." E. षष् six, भुज an arm or branch, &c. aff. टाप्

षड्मस n. (-सः) The six flavours collectively.

षड्खा f. (-खा) A water-melon. E. षष् six, and रेखा a line.

षड्गुण m. (-गः) A class or aggregate of six, as of six defects or enemies of humanity taken together. viz :—"काम" desire, "क्रोध" wrath, "लोभ" covetousness, "मोह" bewilderment, "मद" pride, and "मात्सर्य" envy. E. षष् six, and गुण a class. [subjected.]

षड्गुणवश्य mfn. (-यः-श्या-यः) Subject to the six vices. E. षड्गुण, वश्य to be

षड्धु mfn. (-धः-धा-धः) In six ways, of six kinds. E. षष्, and धिध kind.

षड्दुन्दु m. (-दुः) VISHN'U. E. षष् six, and द्दुन्दु a drop or spot.

षण् (उ) षण् r. 8th cl. (सनीति सनुते) 1. To give, 2. To serve or honour; also written षन् ।

षण्ड m. (-ण्डः) 1. A bull at liberty. 2. A eunuch. 3. A multitude, a heap. mn. (-ण्डः-ण्डः) A quantity of lotuses. E. षण् to give, उ Unádi aff; also शण्ड, षण्ड, and शण्ड, &c.

षण्डाली f. (-ली) 1. A measure of oil, the vessel holding a Chhaták. 2. A wanton woman. 3. A pond, a pool. E. षण्ड a bull, a eunuch, &c., and षल् to be able, affs. षच् and डीप् ।

षण्ड m. (-ण्डः) A eunuch; see षण्ड ।

षण्मास m. (-सः) A half year, six months. E. षष्, and मास a month.

षण्मास्य mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्यः) Six month old, of six months standing, &c. E. षण्मास and यत् aff. ; also षण्मास्य । [face.]

षण्मल m. (-मः) KA'RIKÉ'YA. f. (-रः) A water-melon. E. षष् six, मल्ल

षण्मल n. (-लः) The substitution of the letters ष or ष for स and ण in grammatical derivatives. E. ष and ष the letters, with the abstract affix attached to each respectively.

षट् (षी लु) षोषदल r. 1st and 6th cls. (सीदति) 1. To wither, to wane, to perish gradually. 2. To be low-spirited, to despond, to be wearied or distressed, to lack energy. 3. To break or destroy. 4. To go or move.

With षाङ् prefixed, षाषदल r. 1st and 10th cls. (षासादति षासादयति) 1. To go. 2. To assail, to encounter. With षष् prefixed, 1. To be exhausted or languid. 2. To finish. With षाङ्, 1. To obtain, to attain, to reach or arrive at. 2. To attack. With षन्, 1. To ascend. 2. To destroy. With षप, 1. To approach. 2. To worship. With णि,

1. To sit in or on. 2. To stand. 3. To protect. With ष, 1. To be propitious to, to favour or be pleased with. 2. To please or propitiate. 3. To purify. 4. To smile. With षि, To be languid or sorrowful. With षन्, 1. To attain. 2. To be in company or society with.

षण् r. 5th cl. (सनीति) To wish to hurt or kill.

षण् (च) षण् r. 8th cl. (सनीति सनुते) To give; also षच् ।

षण् r. 1st. cl. (सपति) 1. To be connected. 2. To understand thoroughly. षण् r. 1st cl. (समति) 1. To be unconfused. 2. To be confused. r. 10th cl. (समयति-ते) To perplex or distress.

षण् r. 1st cl. (सयति) To go, to move. r. 10th cl. (सययति-ते) To unite, to join, to collect or assemble together; also read षण् ।

षण् r. 1st cl. (सयति) To earn, to acquire.

षण् r. 1st cl. (सर्ति) To go. [षण्,]

षण् r. 1st cl. (सर्ति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To injure, to hurt; also read षण्यो f. (-पी) A small bird.

षण् r. 1st cl. (सयति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To shake.

षण् mfn. Plu. only (षट् or षड्) Six.

षट् f. (-टि) Sixty. E. षष् six, ड्दि aff.

षट्क mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Bought with sixty. mf. (-कः-का) A kind of rice of quick growth. E. षष् six, (days,) डन् aff.; or षट् sixty, and डन् added. [षट्क, and यत् aff.]

षट्क mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Fit for rice of quick growth, (a field, &c.) E.

षट्क mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Sixtieth. E. षट् sixty, and तसप् aff.

षट्धा Ind. In sixty ways. E. षट् sixty, and धा aff.

षट्मस m. (-सः) An elephant who has reached the age of sixty and is in rut. E. षट् sixty, मस furious,

षट्थीजनो f. (-नी) A journey or extent of sixty YOJAN'AS.

षट्हायन m. (-नः) 1. An elephant sixty years old. 2. A kind of rice. E. षट्, हायन a year.

षड् mfn. (-डः-डी-डः) Sixth. f. (-डी) 1. DURGÁ as one of the sixteen divine mothers. 2. The sixth day of the lunar fortnight. 3. The sixth or genetive caso, (in gram.) E. षष् six, डति aff, युक् aug.

षड्क mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Sixth. E. कन् added to the last.

षडांश m. (-शः) 1. The sixth part of agricultural produce taken by the sovereign from the subject in the shape of a land-tax. 2. A sixth part in general.

षडांश n. (-शः) A sixth meal. E. षड्, and षण् food.

षडांशकाल n. (-कः) The taking of food once in three days, as an act of penance. E. षडांश, and काल time; also with कन् added, षडांशकालकः ।

षडांशकालता f. (-ता) Eating once in three days, on the evening of the third day. E. षडांशकाल, and तल् aff.

षडिन् mfn. (-डो-डिनी-डि) Being or having the sixth, (year, &c.) E. षड्, इनि poss. aff.

षडीतपुरुष m. (-पः) The Tatpuruṣa compound of which the first member, (generally) takes a genetive case in dissolution.

षडीपूजा f. (-जा) The worship of the goddess DURGÁ, as one of the sixteen divine mothers, on the sixth day after the delivery of a woman.

षण् r. 2nd cl. (सति) To sleep.

षण् r. 1st cl. (सयति) To move, to go.

षण् (र) षणि r. 2nd cl. (संसे) To dream.

षण् r. 1st cl. (सयते) r. 4th cl. (सयति) r. 10th cl. (साययति) 1. To bear, to endure, to suffer or support, to forbear, to have

patience. 2. To be content or satisfied. 3. To be able. With षन् prefixed, 1. To make effort or exertion, to persevere, to energize.

2. To be happy or delighted. With ष, To be violent. With षि, To determine.

षण्साय m. (-यः) 1. A peacock. 2. A sacrifice.

षाट् Ind. An interjection of calling. [sheath, उष् aff.]

षाट्कोशिक mfn. (-कः-को-कः) Enveloped in six sheathes. E. षट्, कोश a

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सप्तपञ्चाशदक्षरानां वसनाभरणाणि च ।

गन्धपुष्पं भूपदीषी मेवेयं वन्दनं तथा ॥”

सोडा Ind. In six ways. स. षष् six, उ substituted for the final, षाच् aff., and ष changed to द.

सोडामुख m. (-खः) Ka'rtika'ya.

[also लङ् ।

दृक् r. 1st. cl. (लङ्गति) 1. To resist or oppose. 2. To strike against ;

दृग् (ए) दृगे r. 1st. cl. (लङ्गति) To cover.

दृग् r. 1st. cl. (लङ्गति) r. 10th cl. (लङ्गयति-ते) 1. To sound. 2. To groan, to sigh. 3. To thunder. With नि, 1. To sigh. 2. To bewail ; also लङ् ।

दृग् (इ) दृभि r. 1st. cl. (लङ्गते) 1. To stop or hinder, to oppose, to impede, to resist or prevent. 2. To be stupid or dull, to be inanimate or insensible. 3. To be fixed as a post. 4. To be astounded or stupefied. 5. To be paralysed ; also लङ् ।

दृग् r. 1st. cl. (लङ्गति) 1. To be confused. 2. To be clear or unconfused. r. 10th cl. (लङ्गयति-ते) To confuse or annoy ; also लङ् ।

दृष् r. 5th cl. (लङ्गते) To assail, to assault, to attack. [sprinkle.

दृष् (हृ) दृष्टि r. 1st. cl. (लङ्गते) 1. To ooze, to drop, to distil. 2. To

दृष् r. 4th cl. (लङ्गयति) To be wet or moist, to reek, to steam.

दृष् r. 4th cl. (लङ्गयति) To be wet or moist, to reek, to steam.

दृ (ज) दृज् r. 2nd cl. (लौटि or लुटे लौटि or लुटे) 1. To praise, to eulogise. 2. To extol, to celebrate. 3. To hymn, to worship with praises. With सम्, 1. To praise. 2. To be familiar with ; also लु ।

दृग् r. 1st. cl. (लौटते) To be clear, to be bright, to be pellucid. 2. To be propitious or pleased ; also लुक् ।

दृग् r. 10th. cl. (लौटयति-ते) To heap up.

दृग् (उ) दृभु r. 1st. cl. (लौटते) 1. To stop, to hinder. 2. To be stupid or dull. (लौटति) 1. To praise. 2. To celebrate ; also लुक् ।

दृग् (इ) दृपि r. 4th cl. (लुटति) r. 10th cl. (लुटयति-ते) To heap together, to pile up, to collect into a heap. 2. To erect ; also लुक् ।

दृग् r. 1st. cl. (लुटति) To go, to move ; also लुक् ।

दृग् (उ) दृह् r. 6th cl. (लुटति) To hurt or kill ; also लुक् and दृह् ।

दृग् (ऊ) दृह् r. 6th cl. (लुटति) To hurt or kill ; also दृह् and लुक् &c.

दृग् (हृ) दृष्टि r. 1st. cl. (लौटते) 1. To leak, to flow, to distil or drop. 2. To sprinkle. r. 10th cl. (लौटयति-ते) To send ; also लौट् ।

दृग् r. 1st. cl. (लौटति) 1. To surround, to encompass. 2. To put on, to adorn ; also लौट् ।

दृग् m. (-मः) 1. The moon. 2. Light.

दृग् r. 1st. cl. (लौटति) 1. To sound. 2. To crowd or swarm. 3. To envelope. 4. To spread about ; also लौट् ।

दृग् (ए) दृगे r. 1st. cl. (लुटति) To cover ; also लुक् ।

दृग् r. 1st. cl. (लुटति) 1. To stand. 2. To be firm ; also लुक् ।

दृग् (उ) दृग् r. 4th cl. (लुटति) To dwell in, to inhabit.

दृग् r. 1st. cl. (लुटति) To stand, to stop, to be still, to refrain from moving. 2. To abide, to stay, to be. 3. To remain. 4. To be at hand. 5. To stand by. 6. To rest on. 7. To be in any situation. 8. To perform. (लुटते) 1. To apply or refer to, as an umpire or judge. 2. To indicate or reveal one's thoughts to another. 3. To stand as a prostitute, to give oneself up to sexual embrace, to offer oneself to. With अङ्गि prefixed, (अङ्गितुति) 1. To excel, to surpass, to overcome. 2. To sit or stand upon or over. 3. To be placed or preside over. With अङ्गि, (अङ्गितुति) 1. To practise as a duty, to obey or follow as a law. 2. To apply or adhere to. With अङ्गि, (अङ्गितुति) 1. To stay or stand. 2. To attend upon. With अङ्गि, (अङ्गितुति) 1. To affirm or assert. 2. To apply. (अङ्गितुति) 1. To ascend, to mount. 2. To promise or engage. With अङ्गि, (अङ्गितुति) 1. To seek for, to endeavour, to obtain ; (अङ्गितुति) To get up, to rise as from a seat, &c. With अङ्गि, (अङ्गितुति) 1. To propitiate, (as a deity.) 2. To praise or hymn, to worship, to adore. 3. To embrace. 4. To treat in a friendly manner, to form a friendship or con-

nection with. 5. To pass or lie along or near to, that is, as a path or road. 6. To arrive at or near. (अङ्गितुति) To hope to gain or acquire. With नि, (अङ्गितुति) To be established. With परि and अङ्गि, (अङ्गितुति) To be stationary or immovable. With अङ्गि, (अङ्गितुति) To set off, to go forth, to depart. 2. To go to. With अङ्गि and अङ्गि, (अङ्गितुति) To get up, to rise. With अङ्गि, (अङ्गितुति) To be erected for holy purposes, to be sacred or consecrated. With नि, (अङ्गितुति) 1. To stand apart, to be separated. 2. To stay or be. With नि and अङ्गि, (अङ्गितुति) To decree, to pronounce. With अङ्गि, (अङ्गितुति) 1. To be well. 2. To be close to or together. 3. To be of the same inclinations or opinions, to conform, to agree. 4. To be completed or finished. With अङ्गि and अङ्गि, (अङ्गितुति) To perform, to be engaged in. With अङ्गि and अङ्गि, (अङ्गितुति) To rise or get up. With अङ्गि and अङ्गि, To go forth or on a journey. With अङ्गि in the causal, (अङ्गितुति) To send. दृग् (उ) दृग् r. 1st. cl. (लौटति) r. 4th cl. (लौटति) To eject from the mouth, to spit, to sputter, (the radical sibilant is unchanged in this root;) also लौट् ।

दृग् (उ) दृग् r. 1st. cl. (लौटति) r. 4th cl. (लौटति) 1. To spit or eject from the mouth. 2. To sputter. [and लुट् aff.

दृग् n. (-न) 1. Spitting, ejecting saliva. 2. Saliva, spittle. स. दृग्, दृग्वा Ind. Having spitton. E. दृग् to spit, लौट् aff.

दृग् n. (-न) 1. The act of spitting. 2. Spittle.

दृग् mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Ejected as saliva, spit. स. दृग् to spit, लौट् aff.

दृग् (उ) दृग् r. 4th cl. (लुटति) To eject from the mouth, to spit.

दृग् r. 2nd cl. (लौटति) To bathe, to purify by ablution. With अङ्गि, To bathe after mourning. With नि, To be skilled in.

दृग् (लु) दृग् r. 4th cl. (लुटति) 1. To bear affection to, to love, to regard, to be kind to or pleased with. 2. To be sticky. 3. To be kind to ; (this root and all its derivatives govern the loc. of the person or thing for whom or which affection is or felt. r. 10th cl. (लुटयति-ते) To be unctuous, to be bland or greasy.

दृग् r. 2nd cl. (लौटति) To distil, to drop, to ooze or leak.

दृग् r. 1st. cl. (लौटते) To be clear or pellucid.

दृग् (उ) दृग् r. 4th cl. (लुटति) 1. To eat. 2. To take. 3. To disappear. 4. To eject from the mouth. [vomit.

दृग् (लु) दृग् r. 4th cl. (लुटति) To be sick, to retch, to throw up, to vomit. r. 1st. cl. (लौटति) To surround, to encompass, to dress, to envelope.

दृग् r. 1st. cl. (लौटति) To smile, r. 10th cl. (लौटयति-ते) To disrespect. With वि prefixed, To surprise or astonish.

दृग् r. 1st. cl. (लुटते) To go, to move ; the radical sibilant is unchanged by special rule.

दृग् r. 1st. cl. (लुटते) To embrace.

दृग् r. 1st. cl. (लुटते) r. 10th cl. (लुटयति-ते) 1. To taste. 2. To be pleasing. 3. To cover ; also लुट् ।

दृग् (जि) दृग् r. 2nd cl. (लुटति) To sleep.

दृग् r. 10th cl. (लुटयति-ते) 1. To go, to move. 2. To be wretched or distressed. [changed.

दृग् r. 1st. cl. (लुटते) To go, to move: the radical sibilant is unchanged. (जि) दृग् r. 1st. cl. (लुटते) r. 4th cl. (लुटति) 1. To perspire, to sweat. 2. To be greasy or unctuous. 3. To be fascinated, to be tempted or deluded. 4. To quit, to yield. 5. To release.

## स

स The thirty-second consonant of the Na'gari' Alphabet, corresponding to S.

स m (-सः) 1. A snake. 2. S'IVA. 3. VISHN'U. 4. Air, wind. 5. The abbreviated name of the musical note सङ्ग. 6. A bird. 7. He, the nominative

case *maso.* of तद् the third personal pronoun : before many letters the Visarga is rejected. f. (-स) 1. The goddess *LAKSHMI*. 2. She, the nominative case fem. of तद्. n. (-स) 1. Knowledge. 2. Meditation. 3. A carriage-road. 4. A fence. Ind. 1. (In composition,) With, together with ; being substituted for सम्. or स. 2. Like, similar, as in "सदृश" which means having similar duties. 3. Same, identical, as in "सोदर" ; combined with nouns it forms adjectives and adverbs ; as संकोपः angry, संकोपम् angrily ; सगर्वः proud, सगर्वम् haughtily ; सविनयः modest, well-behaved, सविनयम् respectfully ; सव्ययः flurried, सव्ययम् flurriedly, सानन्दः joyful, सानन्दम् joyfully, &c. इ. वी to go, &c., aff. ड ।

Ind. (In composition,) With, together with, &c. ; being the optional form of writing सम् before a consonant : before consonants of the first five classes, the Anuswara may be again changed to the nasal of the class to which the letter it precedes belongs, as सं for सम् and कल्प make संकल्प, &c. ; before the semi-vowels, the sibilants, and ह, it preferably remains unaltered ; this practice however is very arbitrary in this respect and the change is expressed or not, in all manuscripts according to the pleasure of the writer.

संक्षेप m. (-पः) Abridgment : see संक्षेप ।

संज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञ-ज्ञ) Knock-kneed. n. (-ज्ञ) A yellow fragrant wood. f. (-ज्ञा) 1. Name, appellation. 2. Thought, mind, intellect. 3. Consciousness. 4. Gesture, sign, gesticulation. 5. The sacred verse or Gāyatri of the Vedas. 6. One of the wives of the sun, and daughter of *VISHWAKARMA*. 7. (In grammar,) The technical name of any affix, &c. इ. सम् before ज्ञा to know, affs. चङ् and टाप् ; that by which anything is known.

संज्ञा f. (-ज्ञा) 1. Killing, slaying. 2. Apprising, informing. इ. सम् before ज्ञा to know, also, to slay, (causal form,) aff. क्तिन् ।

संज्ञाकार m. (-कारः) A heading rule which gives a peculiar names to the rules which fall under it and influences them.

संज्ञापन n. (-नः) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. Apprising, informing. 3. Teaching. इ. सम् before ज्ञा to know, also, to slay, (causal form,) aff. क्त्वाट् ।

संज्ञावत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) 1. Recovered after insensibility, become sensible, revived. 2. Having a name or denomination. इ. संज्ञा sign, name, &c., सङ्गृह्ण् aff.

संज्ञाविषय m. (-यः) An epithet or attributive. इ. संज्ञा and विषय object.

संज्ञावृत्त m. (-वृत्तः) An epithet of SATURN.

संज्ञित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Called, denominated. इ. संज्ञा, इदृक् aff. [knee].

सङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्ग-ङ्ग) Knock-kneed. इ. सम् together सु for तातु the मय m. (-यः) The skeleton. इ. चङ् together, यन् to restrain, aff. ड ।

सङ्गत mfn. (-गतः-ता-त) War, battle. इ. सम् before यन् to restrain, aff. क्तिप्, युक् added.

संयत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Checked, restrained, constrained, suppressed. 2. Bound, confined, fettered, imprisoned. इ. सम् before यन् to restrain, aff. क्त । [संयत, आत्मन् self.]

संयतकम् mfn. (-कः-का-क) Self-subdued, of well regulated spirit. इ.

संयतस्त्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Of subdued or controlled passions and desires. इ. संयत, and इन्द्रिय an organ of sense.

संयत्त m. (-तः) A king, a prince. इ. सम् before यन् to restrain, कर्त्तृ Unad. aff. ; or संयत्त war, वर chief ; also संयत्त ।

संयत्त mfn. (-ता-तो-त) Constraining, constrainer. इ. सम् before यन् to restrain, aff. क्त ।

संयत्त m. (-यः) 1. Restraint, forbearance. 2. Humanity, avoiding the infliction of pain on others. इ. सम् before यन् to restrain, aff. चप्.

संयत्त mfn. (-यः-या-य) Curbing, restraining, subduing, who or what does so. इ. सम् before यन् to restrain, यत् aff.

संयत्त n. (-नः) 1. Restraining, checking. 2. Forbearance, self-denial or control. 3. Binding, confinement. 4. Holding, detaining. 5. A

religious vow or obligation. 6. A cluster of four houses. m. (-नः)

1. A ruler. 2. YAMA. f. (-नी) The capital of YAMA. इ. सम् implying completeness, or entirely, and यन् to restrain, aff. क्त्वाट् ।

संयतित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Checked, controlled, restrained. 2. Bound, confined, held, detained. इ. सम् before यन् to check, aff. क्त ।

संयत्त mfn. (-नी-निनी नि) Who or what checks, restrains, curbs, &c. m. (-नी) A saint, a sage, one who subdues or controls his passions.

इ. संयत्त restraint, रति aff.

संयात्रा f. (-त्रा) Travelling into another island or continent, voyaging, travelling by water. इ. सम् before या to go, यत् aff.

संयान m. (-नः) A mould. n. (-न) 1. Accompanying, going together. 2. Carrying out a dead body. इ. सम् together, या to go or get, aff. क्त्वाट् ।

संयाम m. (-यः) 1. Forbearance, check, control, restraint. 2. Humanity, abstaining from giving pain to others. इ. सम् before यन् to restrain, aff. चङ् ।

संयामवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Forbearing. इ. संयाम, and वत् aff.

संयात्र m. (-त्रः) A sort of roll, or a thin cake of unleavened bread, fried with Ghee, pounded and again made up into an oblong form with fresh bread, sugar, and spices, and again fried with Ghee. इ. सम् together, यु to mix, and चङ् aff.

संयुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) 1. Joined with, connected, attached. 2. Mixed, blended. 3. Endowed with, possessed of. 4. Accompanied or attended by. 5. Consisting of, (with an inst.) 6. Relating to. इ. सम् together, युज् to join, aff. क्त । [join, क्त्वाट् aff.]

संयुग्म m. (-गः) 1. War, battle. 2. Union, mixture. इ. सम् before युज् to संयुज् mfn. (-युक्तः) 1. Possessed of or endowed with good qualities.

2. Connected or associated with. 3. Joined, united. इ. सम् before युज् to join, aff. क्तिन्, and the consonant unchanged.

संयुक्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Connected, joined, mixed, blended, attached to. 2. Furnished with. इ. सम् together, यु to join, क्त aff.

संयुक्त mfn. (-युः-यु-यु) Wishing to mix, join, unite, to bring together in any way. इ. सम् before यु to join, desid. v., च aff.

संयोग m. (-गः) 1. Intimate union or association. 2. Living with, being in company with. 3. Adherence, junction. 4. The conjunction of two heavenly bodies, (in astro.) 5. (in grammar,) A conjunct consonant. इ. सम् before युज् to join, चङ् aff.

संयोगविषय n. (-यः) Any eatables which cause disease by being mixed.

संयोगित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Joined, connected. इ. संयोग union, इतच् aff.

संयोजन n. (-नः) 1. Copulation, coition. 2. Conjunction. इ. सम् with युज् to join, aff. क्त्वाट् । [to join, aff. क्त ।]

संयोजित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Joined, attached, annexed. इ. सम् together, युज् सरक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) 1. Inflamed, angry. 2. Empassioned. 3. Coloured red. 4. Charmed. 5. Beautiful. इ. सम् before रक्त्वाट् to be affected, क्त aff.

सरक्त m. (-क्तः) Care, preservation, protection. इ. सम्, रक्त्वाट् preserving.

संरक्ष m. (-क्षः) Taking care of, protecting, preserving. इ. सम् before रक्त्वाट् to preserve, क्त्वाट् aff.

संरक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Taken care of, preserved, protected. इ. सम् before रक्त्वाट् to preserve, क्त aff.

सरक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्ष) Fit, proper, or necessary to be taken care of, guarded, preserved, &c. इ. सम् before रक्त्वाट् to preserve, यत् aff. ; also संरक्षणीय and संरक्षितय ।

संरब्ध mfn. (-ब्धः-ब्धा-ब्ध) 1. Incensed, angry. 2. Agitated. 3. Overwhelmed. इ. सम् before रभि to sound, क्त aff.

संरब्ध m. (-ब्धः) 1. Wrath, rage. 2. Pride, arrogance. 3. Flurry, agitation. 4. Swelling with heat and redness. 5. Turbulence. 6. Beginning. इ. सम् before रभि to sound, चङ् aff. [संरब्ध, पक्ष्वाट् harsh.]

संरब्धपक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्ष) Exceedingly harsh, rough, or scurrilous. इ.

संरब्धपक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्ष) Angry, resentful. इ. संरब्ध, and रक्ष taste.

संरब्धपक्ष m. (-गः) The violence of wrath.

संरम्भित n. (-त्) 1. Wrath. 2. Pride. 3. Agitation. E. संरम्भिन्, and ल aff.; also with तच्, संरम्भिता । [इति aff.]

संरम्भिन् mfn. (-न्-भिन्-भिन्-भिन्) 1. Proud. 2. Angry. 3. Flurried. E. संरम्भ, संराम m. (-गः) 1. Anger. 2. Affection. 3. Colouring. E. सम्, रञ्च् to be affected, चञ्च् aff.

संराधन n. (-नं) 1. Propitiating, pleasing by worship. 2. Accomplishing. 3. Deep meditation. E. सम्, before राध् to accomplish, छुट् aff. संराधित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Propitiated, pleased. E. सम् before राध् to accomplish, त् aff.

संराव m. (-वः) Sound, noise, uproar. E. सम् before र् to sound, aff. चञ्च् । संरादिन् mfn. (-दी-दिन्-दिन्) Roaring, shouting, making a noise or uproar. E. सम् before र् to sound, चिनुच् aff.

संरथ f. (-रथा) Shattered.

संरुद्ध mfn. (-रु-रुद्ध-रुद्ध) 1. Checked, stopped, impeded, curbed, opposed. 2. Concealed. 3. Refused. E. सम् before रुद्ध् to obstruct, त् aff.

संरुद्ध mfn. (-रु-रुद्ध-रुद्ध) 1. Confident, audacious, presuming. 2. Budded, blossomed. 3. Grown together. 4. Healed. 5. Sprouted. 6. Burst-forth. 7. Taking firm root. E. सम् before रुद्ध् to grow, aff. त् ।

संरोध m. (-धः) 1. Hindering, stopping, opposing, preventing. 2. Impediment, obstruction. 3. Bond, fetter. 4. Crub, cheek. 5. Throwing, sending. 6. Siege. E. सम् before रुद्ध् to obstruct, aff. चञ्च् ।

संलक्ष्य n. (-लक्ष्) Distinguishing, characterising. E. सम् before लक्ष् to mark, छुट् aff.

संलक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Marked, distinguished. E. सम् before लक्ष् to mark, त् aff. [to mark, यत् aff.]

संलक्ष्य mfn. (-लक्ष्-लक्ष्-लक्ष्) To be marked with or by. E. सम् before लक्ष्

संलग्न mfn. (-प्रः-प्र-प्र) 1. Joined, united, adherent. 2. Come to blows. E. सम्, लग्न attached to. [aff.]

संलज्जमान mfn. (-ज-ज-ज) Ashamed. E. सम्, लज्ज् to be ashamed, शानच् संलय m. (-यः) 1. Sleep, sleepiness. 2. Melting away. 3. Universal destruction. E. सम् before लो to join, and चञ्च् aff.

संललित f. (-ता) Caressed, fondled.

संलाप m. (-पः) 1. Conversation, discourse. 2. In the drama, high discourse, dialogue of profound or occult meaning. 3. Secret conversation. E. सम् with, together with, लप् to speak, aff. चञ्च् ।

संलापक n. (-कः) A species of minor drama, a controversial drama. E. संलाप, कन् added.

संलापित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Discoursing, conversing. E. संलाप, and इत् aff.

संलापिन् mfn. (-पो-पिन्-पिन्) Discoursing, who or what discourses. E. संलाप, and इति aff.

संलीढ f. (-ढा) Licked up, enjoyed.

संलीन f. (-नः) 1. Clung to. 2. Hidden. 3. Contracted.

संजीवमानस Adj. Drooping or depressed in mind. [इत् aff.]

संजयत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Increasing. E. सम्, वृद्धि to grow, causal v., संजत् Ind. 1. A year. 2. A year of Vikrama'ditya's era.

संजयर m. (-रः) A year. E. सम् with, completely, वसर a year; or सम् with वस्, to abide, सरन् Una'di aff., and त substituted for the final.

संजद Ind. 1. A year. 2. A year of Vikrama'ditya's era. E. सम् before वद् to speak, aff. दिच्; or सम् before वद् to go, क्तिप् aff., य rejected, and तुक् final augment.

संजदन n. (-नं) 1. Communication of tidings or intelligence. 2. Sight, seeing. nf. (न-ना) 1. Subduing by charms, over-powering any thing or person by magical compounds, or drugs, or mystical gems, &c. 2. A charm, an amulet, the article by which the above is effected. E. सम् with वद् to speak, वृच् or ल्युट् aff.

संजनन nf. (-न-न) Subduing by magical drugs or charms: see the last. E. सम् before जन् to ask, aff. ल्युट् ।

संजर n. (-रः) 1. Water. 2. Self-control. 3. Concealment. 4. A particular religious observance with Buddhists. m. (-रः) 1. The name of a demon. 2. Collection, comprehension. 3. Contraction, compression.

4. A mound a bridge, &c. 5. Concealing. 6. A kind of deer. E. सम् before ज् to choose, aff. चप्; more usually derived from जम्, or जम् to collect, and then written जर or जर q. v.

संजर्जन n. (-नं) 1. The act of appropriating to oneself. 2. Consuming. संजर्त m. (-र्तः) 1. Destruction of the universe. 2. Beleric myrobalan. 3. The name of a Muni. 4. A cloud of a particular class. 5. Being, becoming. 6. Turning towards. 7. Collection. 8. A year. E. सम् before ज् to be, aff. चञ्च् ।

संजर्तक m. (-कः) 1. BALADE'VA. 2. The plough of BALADE'VA. 3. Submarine fire. 4. The fire that is to destroy the world at the period of universal dissolution. 5. A cloud of a particular class. E. सम् before ज् to be or abide, aff. वृच् ।

संजर्तकिन् m. (-की) BALADE'VA, the elder brother of KRISHN'A. E. संजर्तक his plough, and इति aff. [aff. इति.]

संजर्त f. (-र्तः) The new leaf of a water-lily. E. सम् before ज् to be,

संजर्तिका f. (-का) 1. The new leaf of a water-lily. 2. The petal near the filament. 3. The flame of a lamp. E. सम् near, (the stalk,) ज् to be, aff. वृच् ।

संजर्दक mfn. (-क-का-कं) 1. Augmenting, prospering, an augmentor, &c. 2. Hospitable. E. सम् before ज् to increase, aff. वृच् ।

संजर्दन n. (-नं) 1. Augmenting, increasing. 2. Prospering, thriving. 3. Bringing up, cherishing. E. सम् before ज् to increase or prosper, aff. छुट् ।

संजर्तित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Cherished, protected, brought up, patronised, &c. E. सम् before ज् to increase, त् aff.

संजर्तित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Fully armed. E. सम्, and वस् armour, इत् aff.

संजर्तित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Mixed, mingled. 2. Encompassed, surrounded. 3. Having, possessed of. 4. United. 5. Broken, diversified. E. सम् together, वल् to surround, aff. त् ।

संजर्तित f. (-र्त) Over-run.

संजय m. (-यः) A village. E. सम् before वस्, to abide, चयन् Una'di aff.

संजय m. (-यः) Name of the third of the seven courses of wind.

संजाटिका f. (-का) An aquatic plant, (Trapa bispinosa.)

संजात् mfn. (-वान्-वातो or वानो-वात्) Blowing, breathing, (as wind.) E. सम् before वा to blow, षट् aff.

संजाद m. (-दः) 1. Communication of intelligence, information, news. 2. Assent, concurrence. 3. Conformity, correspondence, sameness. 4. Conversation, dialogue. 5. Discussion. E. सम् with वद् to speak, aff. चञ्च् ।

संजादिन f. (-नी) 1. Corresponding, similar. 2. Speaking, conversing.

संजार m. (-रः) 1. Contraction, diminution. 2. Compression of the lips, &c. in pronunciation. 3. Protection. 4. Covering, closing up. E. सम् before ज् to choose, aff. चञ्च् ।

संजास m. (-सः) 1. A house, a dwelling. 2. An open space, either within or without a town, for the meeting and diversion of the townsmen. 3. Company, society. 4. Domestic intercourse. E. सम् with वास an abode.

संजाह m. (-हः) 1. An attendant employed to rub and knead the body. 2. Rubbing the body. 3. Pressing together. 4. Bearing or carrying along. E. सम् before वाह् to exert one's self and चञ्च् aff.; or when the action is implied, वृच् to obtain or bear, aff. चञ्च् ।

संजाहक m. (-कः) An attendant rubbing and kneading the limbs. E. सम् before वृच् to obtain, (pleasure or ease,) causal form, aff. ल्युट् ।

संजाहन n. (-नं) 1. Rubbing the person, kneading the limbs. 2. Bearing, carrying. E. सम् before वृच् to obtain or bear, (causal form,) aff. ल्युट् ।

संजाहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Rubbed, kneaded, (as the limbs.) E. सम् before वृच् to bear, causal v., त् aff. [E. सम् before वृच् to bear, चञ्च् aff.]

संजाह्य mfn. (-ह्यः-ह्य-ह्यं) 1. To be rubbed or kneaded. 2. To be borne.

संविक्त n. (-क्तः) That which is separated or individualized.





संरक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Protected, supported. **म.** (-तः) A servant, a follower, a dependent. **३.** सम् before श्चि to serve, aff. क् ।

संज्ञत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Promised, agreed, assented. 2. Well-heard. **३.** सम् before श्चि to hear, aff. क् ।

संज्ञित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Close together, adjoining, touching. 2. Bound, united. 3. Embraced. 4. Endowed with. **३.** सम् before श्चि united.

संज्ञेय n. (-यं) 1. Embrace, embracing. 2. Union, connection, junction, contact, association. **३.** सम् with श्चि to unite, aff. क् ।

संज्ञेयवा f. (-वा) Means of binding together.

संज्ञन् n. (-न्) Fraud, trick, cheating, deception. **३.** सम् before श्चि to increase, aff. क्ति ; deriv. irr. ; also संज्ञन् ।

संज्ञन्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Near, adjoining, contiguous. 2. Possessing, endowed with, affected by. 3. Connected or acquainted with. 4. Attached to, intent on. 5. Tied or attached. 6. Mixed, confused. **३.** सम् before वच् to embrace, &c., aff. क् ।

संज्ञयुग mfn. (-गः-गा-तं) Harnessed, yoked. **३.** संज्ञ, and युग a yoke.

संज्ञति f. (-तिः) 1. Proximity, contact. 2. Union, junction. 3. Acquaintance, intimacy, connection with. 4. Devotion or addiction to. 5. Tying, fastening. **३.** सम् before वच् to embrace or adhere to, aff. क्ति ।

संज्ञमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Prepared, ready. **३.** सम्-वच् to go, शानच् aff.

संज्ञद f. (-दः-दा-तं) 1. An assembly, a meeting. 2. A court of justice. **३.** सम् before वच् to go, aff. क्ति ।

संज्ञरथ n. (-थं) 1. Going, proceeding in general. 2. Going well or unobstructedly. 3. The unresisted march of troops. 4. The beginning of war or battle. 5. A high-way, the principal road through a village or town. 6. The world. 7. Birth, the production of living beings. 8. A resting place for passengers near the gates of a city. **३.** सम् together, &c., च to go, aff. क्त् ।

संज्ञरी m. (-रीः) 1. Union, proximity, approximation, contact. 2. Acquaintance, familiarity, intercourse. 3. Co-existence, (in logic.) 4. Sensual attachment. **३.** सम् with, संञ्च् to go, aff. क्त् ।

संज्ञरीदोष m. (-षः) The fault or evil consequences arising from the society of bad people.

संज्ञरीभाव m. (-वः) Logical non-existence or annihilation ; of three kinds, prior, incidental, and final, or absence of birth or production, destruction of present being, and necessary end or cessation of existence. **३.** संज्ञरी union, and चभाव non existence.

संज्ञरिक्त m. (-क्तः) Familiarity, fellowship. **३.** संज्ञरिक्त्, and ल added ; also with तल्, संज्ञरिक्ता ।

संज्ञरिक्त् mfn. (-क्त्-ता-तं) 1. Familiar, keeping company, acquainted, an acquaintance. 2. United or mixed with, in contact with, &c. **३.** सम् before चञ्च् to go, aff. चिन् । [to quit, क्त् aff.]

संज्ञन्त n. (-न्) 1. Abandoning, leaving. 2. Voiding. **३.** सम् before चञ्च्

संज्ञप m. (-पः) 1. An equable or gentle motion, as the creeping of a snake, the gliding of a stream, &c. 2. The intercalary month occurring in a year in which there falls a Kshaya-māsa. **३.** सम् before चप् to go, aff. चञ् ।

संज्ञपण n. (-णः) 1. The act of creeping along. 2. An unexpected attack.

संज्ञपिन् mfn. (-पिन्-ता-तं) Flowing, gliding. **३.** सम् intensitive prefix, चप् to go, चिन् aff.

संज्ञद m. (-दः) An assembly.

संज्ञार m. (-रः) 1. The world, the habitation of mortals. 2. Mundane existence. 3. A succession of births or existences. 4. Transmigration, metempsychosis. 5. Wordly illusion. 6. Secular life. 7. Course, passage. **३.** सम् together, (mankind,) च to go, aff. चञ् । [preceptor.

संज्ञारगुह m. (-गुहः) Kāma or love. **३.** संज्ञार the world, गुह the spiritual

संज्ञारगुह m. (-गुहः) 1. The vulva. 2. Mundane existence. **३.** संज्ञार the world, (or mankind,) गार्ग a road.

संज्ञारिन् mfn. (-रिन्-ता-तं) Worldly, mundane. **३.** (-रीः) An animal of sentient being. **३.** संज्ञार the world, इति aff.

संज्ञित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Perfected, fully done or accomplished. **३.** सम् before श्चि effected.

संज्ञि f. (-तिः) 1. Nature, disposition, the natural state or quality. 2. Perfection, completion, accomplishment. 3. Final emancipation. 4. A passionate or intoxicated woman. **३.** सम् before श्चि completion.

संज्ञिन् mfn. (-न्-ता-तं) Wishing to unite. **३.** सम् before चञ्च् to create, desid. व., च aff.

संज्ञिविषय mfn. (-यः-या-तं) Wishing or purposing to ridicule; laugh at, &c. **३.** सम् before श्चि to smile, desid. व., शानच् aff.

संज्ञन n. (-नः) 1. Telling, informing. 2. Reproaching, scolding. 3. Hinting. 4. The act of showing plainly or proving. **३.** सम् before वच् to inform, क्त् aff.

संज्ञित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Informed, apprised, told. 2. Reproved, scolded. **३.** सम् before वच् to inform, क्त् aff.

संज्ञि f. (-तिः) 1. The world. 2. Flow, stream, current. 3. Transmigration. **३.** सम् and च to go, क्ति aff.

संज्ञित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. United, joined, connected. 2. Mixed. 3. Re-united, rejoined. 4. Connected as partners or co-partners. 5. Clean-dressed, clad in clean garments. 6. Involved in. 7. Composed. 8. Created. **३.** सम् before चञ्च् to leave or make, aff. क्त् ।

संज्ञित n. (-तः) Union, association. 2. Re-union. 3. (In law,) The voluntary co-residence or re-union of father and son, or of brothers with each other, after partition of property. **३.** संज्ञित associated, aff. ल ।

संज्ञित mfn. (-पः-पी-तं) Mixed, adulterated. **३.** संज्ञित, and इप nature.

संज्ञि f. (-तिः) 1. Uniting, combining. 2. Collecting, assembling. 3. Living together in one family. 4. (In rhetoric,) The use of a number of figures in one passage. **३.** सम्, चञ्च् to make, क्ति aff.

संज्ञित m. (-तः) A co-parcener, a brother, whether of whole or half blood, who after the partition of the family-property continues or returns to reside with his father, his paternal uncle, or his other brothers. **३.** संज्ञित united or re-united, and इति aff.

संज्ञित n. (-नः) Waiting on, serving. **३.** सम् before श्चि to serve, क्त् aff.

संज्ञित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Waited on, served, attended. **३.** सम् before श्चि to serve, क्त् aff.

संज्ञित mfn. (-ता-ती-तं) Who or what polishes, completes, initiates, &c. **३.** सम् before क्त् to make, चञ्च् aff.

संज्ञार m. (-रः) 1. Completing, accomplishing, finishing, perfecting. 2. Apprehension, conception. 3. The power of memory, the faculty of recollection. 4. Faculty in general, one of the twenty-four qualities enumerated by logicians. 5. An essential and purificatory rite or ceremony amongst the Hindus; as those of the three first classes, commencing with conception and ending with marriage ; or गर्भाधानं sacrifice on conception ; पुंसवनं on vitality in the fetus ; सीमन्तोन्नयनं in the fourth, sixth, or eighth month ; जातकर्म giving the infant clarified butter out of a golden spoon to taste, before dividing the navel string ; नामकरणं naming the child on the tenth, eleventh, twelfth, or hundred and first day ; निष्क्रमणं carrying him out to see the moon on the third lunar day of the third light fortnight, or to see the sun in the third or fourth month ; चण्डालदानं feeding him with rice in the sixth or eighth month, or when he has cut teeth ; चूडाकार्यं tonsure in the second or third year ; उपनयनं investiture with the string in the fifth, eighth, or sixteenth year ; विवाहः or marriage is the tenth and last Sanskāra. 5. Embellishment, decoration, elegance. 6. Purity, perfection. 7. Preparing an article of medicine or food, cooking, dressing, compounding, &c. 8. Purification, consecration. 9. Impression, form, mould. **३.** सम् implying perfection, क्त् to make, चञ्च् aff. and चञ्च् augment.

**संस्कार** mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Produced from a purificatory ceremony, &c.  
**संस्कार** as above, with the power of the fifth case, ज् born.  
**संस्कारजित** m. (-तः) A Brāhman, &c., who has not received the usual initiatory ceremonies. **संस्कार** purificatory rite and रजित deprived of; also संस्काररहित, संस्कारहीन, &c.  
**संस्कारहीन** m. (-नः) A man of the three first classes, who has not been invested with the mystic thread, and who has not received the other ceremonies necessary to purification. **संस्कार** a rite, &c., हीन lost.  
**संस्कृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Wrought, made, artificially produced. 2. Excellent, best. 3. Decorated, ornamented. 4. Cooked, dressed. 5. Clean, cleansed. 6. Purified. 7. Finished, perfect, completed. 8. Consecrated. 9. Initiated. m. (-तः) 1. A word regularly formed, a regular derivative. 2. A learned man. 3. A man of the three first classes who have received all the purificatory rites. n. (-तं) 1. Language formed by perfect grammatical rules, the classical and sacred language of the Hindus. 2. Offering oblation. **संस्कृत** implying completion or perfection, कृत made, and सुट् augment.  
**संस्कृतात्मन्** m. (-त्मा) 1. A man who has undergone the initiatory rites. 2. A sage. **संस्कृत**, and आत्मन् self.  
**संस्कृतीति** f. (-तिः) Classical or polished language. **संस्कृति**, उक्ति speech.  
**संस्कृत** Ind. Having perfected, polished, adorned, &c. **संस्कृत** before कृ to do, ल्यप् aff.  
**संस्कृतिम्** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Perfected, polished. 2. Fabricated, made. **संस्कृत** before कृ to make, वि aff. and नन् added.  
**संस्क्रिया** f. (-या) 1. Funeral ceremonies, as burning the dead body, &c. 2. Any purificatory rite : see संस्कार. **संस्क्रिया** before क्रिया act, action.  
**संस्तम्ब** mfn. (-म्बः-म्बा-म्बं) 1. Made firm, rigid, &c. 2. Confirmed, corroborated. 3. Stopped, stayed. **संस्तम्ब** before स्तम्बि to stop, क्त aff.  
**संस्तम्ब** Ind. 1. Having made firm, stable, rigid, &c. 2. Having confirmed or established. **संस्तम्ब** before स्तम्बि to stop, aff. ल्यप्.  
**संस्तम्ब** m. (-म्बः) 1. Fixing, making firm, (as a post.) 2. Confirming, establishing. 3. Paralysis, muscular rigidity. 4. Stop, stay. **संस्तम्ब** before स्तम्बि to stop, चञ् aff.  
**संस्तम्बनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be made firm. 2. To be stopped. **संस्तम्बनीय** before स्तम्बि to stop, चनोर्च् aff.  
**संस्तम्ब** m. (-स्तम्बः) 1. A bed, a couch. 2. A bed made of leaves, &c. 3. Sacrifice. **संस्तम्ब** before स्तम्ब to spread, aff. चप्. [to praise, aff. चप्.]  
**संस्तम्ब** m. (-स्तम्बः) 1. Acquaintance, intimacy. 2. Praise. **संस्तम्ब** together. टु  
**संस्तम्ब** mfn. (-स्तम्बः-स्तम्बा-स्तम्बं) Eloquent, talking fluently and well. **संस्तम्ब** before टु to praise, आनच् Una'di aff.  
**संस्तम्ब** m. (-स्तम्बः) 1. The place occupied at a sacrifice by the Brāhmins reciting hymns and prayers. 2. Celebrating or hymning in chorus, the repetition of the verses of the Vedas by a number of Brāhmins. **संस्तम्ब** together, (in chorus,) टु to praise, (the gods,) चञ् aff.  
**संस्तुत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Intimated, acquainted. 2. Praised, hymned, eulogised. 3. Agreeing together. **संस्तुत** before टु to praise, aff. क्त.  
**संस्तुति** f. (-तिः) Praise, celebration. **संस्तुत** before टु to praise, क्त aff.  
**संस्तुति** m. (-स्तुतिः) 1. Assemblage, collection, heap or number. 2. Vicinity, proximity. 3. Spreading, expansion, diffusion. 4. A house. **संस्तुत** before स्तु to crowd, aff. चञ्.  
**संस्तु** mfn. (-स्तुः-स्ता-स्तुं) 1. Staying, stopping, fixed, stationary. 2. Staying with, associated, domesticated. m. (-स्तुः) 1. A spy, a secret emissary. 2. A countryman; a neighbour, a person of the same country, &c. 3. A dweller, an inhabitant. f. (-स्तुः) 1. Continuance in the right way, correct conduct. 2. State or condition of being, time of life, &c. 3. Occupation, business, profession. 4. Stop, stay. 5. End, completion. 6. Manifestation, appearance. 7. Resemblance, likeness. 8. A sort of sacrifice. 9. Loss, destruction. 10.

Death, dying. 11 Form. 12. An assembly. 13. A royal ordinance. **संस्तु** implying completeness, association, &c., and स्ता to stay, aff. क्त or चञ् and टाप्.

**संस्तान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Like, resembling. n. (-नं) 1. Form, figure, shape. 2. Death, dying. 3. Fabrication, construction. 4. A place where four roads meet. 5. Any place. 6. A mark, a spot, a sign. 7. A heap, a quantity. 8. Primary formation, the aggregation of the primitive atoms. 9. A vicinity, a neighbourhood, a common place of abode. 10 Configuration. 11. Position, (in Vedānta philosophy.) **संस्तान** before स्ता to stay or stand, aff. ल्यट्.

**संस्तान** n. (-नं) 1. Placing, fixing. 2. Establishing. 3. Collecting. 4. Restraining. f. (-ना) Restraining, bringing back. **संस्तान** before स्ता to stay, causal v. aff. ल्यट्.

**संस्तपित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Placed, fixed, deposited. 2. Established. 3. Accumulated. 4. Controlled, restrained. **संस्तपित** before स्ता to stay, causal v., क्त aff.

**संस्तप्य** Ind. Having placed. **संस्तप्य** before स्ता to stay, causal v., ल्यप् aff.

**संस्तित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Dead, deceased. 2. Ended, finished. 3. Established, fixed. 4. Staying, stationary. 5. Residing, being in or at. 6. Heaped, collected. 7. Placed in or on. 8. Near or contiguous to. 9. Like, resembling. **संस्तित** before स्ता to stay, aff. क्त.

**संस्तिति** f. (-तिः) 1. Death, dying. 2. Abode, abiding, being or being stationary. 3. Abiding, being or residing with. 4. Duration, continuance. 5. State or condition, (of life.) 6. Contiguity, connection. 7. Heap, accumulation. 8. Restraint. **संस्तिति** before स्थिति staying.

**संस्तय** m. (-यः) 1. Touching, contact, laying hold of. 2. Perception, sense. f. (-यः) A fragrant plant, commonly Chakawat. **संस्तय** before स्तय् to touch, aff. चञ्. [**संस्तय**, ज् born.]

**संस्तय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Born or produced by sense, by contact, &c.

**संस्तय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Touched. **संस्तय** before स्तय् to touch, क्त aff.

**संस्तान** m. (-स्तानः) 1. A ram. 2. A cloud. **संस्तान** before स्तान् to shake, aff. चञ्. [क्त aff.]

**संस्तुट्** mfn. (-टः-टा-टं) Blossomed, blown. **संस्तुट्** before स्तुट् to blow, संस्तुट् m. (-टः) War, battle. **संस्तुट्** before स्तुट् to disrespect, aff. चञ्.

**संस्तुट्** m. (-टः) War, battle. **संस्तुट्** before स्तुट् to hurt or kill, aff. चञ्; or with क्त aff. संस्तुटि.

[**स्मरण** remembering.]  
**संस्मरण** n. (-नः) Remembering, calling to mind. **संस्मरण** intensive, and स्मृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Remembered, called to mind. **संस्मरण** and स्मृ to remember, क्त aff. [member, aff. क्त.]

**संस्मृति** f. (-तिः) Recollection, remembrance. **संस्मृति** before स्मृ to remember, m. (-स्तः) Flowing, oozing. **संस्तु** to go, with सम् prefix and च् aff.

**संहत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Strong-knit, well-limbed. 2. Compact, close. 3. Joined, attached or approximated to. 4. Closed, shut. 5. Collected, assembled. 6. Struck, hurt, wounded, killed. 7. Acting or making effort together, combining, combined. 8. Closely allied. **संहत** with, together with, हन् to hurt or strike, aff. क्त.

**संहतजानुक** mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Knock-kneed. **संहत** approximated, close, and जानु the knee, क्त aff.; also without the aff. संहतजानु.

**संहततल** m. (-तलः) The two hands open, and the palms brought together. **संहत** closed, तल to get or be, aff. क्त. [संहत, तल aff.]

**संहतता** f. (-ता) Close approximation or contact, &c.: see the next. **संहततल** n. (-तलः) 1. Compactness. 2. Combination, &c. 3. Approximation, contact. 4. Union, agreement. **संहततल** and तल aff.; also with तल, संहतता.

**संहततल** Adj. Knitting the brows.

**संहततली** f. (-ली) A woman with contiguous breasts.

**संहति** f. (-तिः) 1. Assemblage, collection, heap, number, host, multitude, &c. 2. Combination, joint effort. 3. Union, junction. 4. Compactness. 5. Strength. 6. The body. 7. Agreement. **संहति** together, हन् to strike or hurt, aff. क्त.

**सङ्गमन** n. (-न) 1. The body. 2. Rubbing the limbs. **स.** सम् before ण् to strike or hurt, aff. छट् ।  
**सङ्गरथ** n. (-थ) 1. Collecting, accumulating. 2. Restraining, checking. 3. Taking, seizing. 4. Destroying. **स.** सम् before ण् to take, छट् aff.  
**सङ्गर्व** m. (-र्व) 1. Air, wind. 2. Pleasure, joy. 3. Erection of the hair of the body, either from pleasure, or disease. 4. Envy, emulation. 5. Trituration, rubbing, grinding. **स.** सम् before ण् to be pleased, or च्च् to rub, &c., aff. चच् ।  
**सङ्गर्वयोगिन्** mfn. (-गी-गिनी-गि) Joyful, delighted. **स.** सङ्गर्व, योगिन् who joins.  
**सङ्गवन्** n. (-वन्) A group of four houses. **स.** सम् together ङ् to sacrifice, aff. छट् ।  
**सङ्घात** m. (-तः) One of the twenty-one hells.  
**सङ्घार** m. (-रः) 1. Destruction, loss. 2. The destruction of the world. 3. A division of Tartarus. 4. Abridgment, abbreviation. 5. Collection, assemblage. 6. Restraining, suppressing. 7. Practice. 8. A fault in pronunciation. 9. Close, end, conclusion. 10. A charm or spell for restraining a magical weapon. **स.** सम् together, ण् to take, aff. चच् ।  
**सङ्घित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Attached, joined. 2. Collected, assembled. 3. Placed, fixed. 4. Provided, furnished, equipped. **f.** (-ता) 1. An arrangement of the text of the Védas into short sentences, regulated when the style is verse by the species of verse, and when prose by the subject, and denominated after the person or persons by whom the arrangement was originally made; it is also sometimes considered as synonymous with a Sa'kha', a branch or school of the Védas of which sixteen are reckoned to the Rig-Véda, one hundred and one to the Yajush, one thousand in the Sa'ma, and nine in the Atharvan. 2. A compendium, a collection more or less compressed of laws, legends, &c. 3. (In grammar,) Proximity of two letters without an intermediate pause, Sand'hi or junction, though usually considered rather as the state preparatory to the actual junction than the junction itself. 4. A compilation, a code, a digest. **स.** सम् before ण् to have, aff. क ।  
**सङ्घृति** f. (-तिः) Clamour, shout, tumultuous exclamation. **स.** सम् together, ण्ति calling out.  
**सङ्घत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Seized, laid hold of. 2. Scattered, thrown. 3. Destroyed. 4. Compressed, contracted, abridged. 5. Withdrawn. 6. Curbed, restrained. **स.** सम् before ण् to take, aff. क ।  
**सङ्घति** f. (-तिः) 1. Destruction, loss, disappearance. 2. Contraction, abridgment. 3. Taking, seizure. 4. Connection. **स.** सम् before ण् to take, क्तिन् aff.  
**सङ्घट्ट** Ind. Having contracted or reduced in bulk. 2. Having abridged, &c. **स.** सम्, ण् to take, छप् aff. [tion].  
**सङ्घट्ट** f. (-ट्ट) 1. Thrilled with joy. 2. Bristling. 3. Fired with emulation.  
**सङ्घाद** m. (-दः) Sound, noise. **स.** सम् before ण् to sound, चच् aff.  
**सङ्घादिन्** mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Sounding, making a noise. **स.** सम् before ण् to sound, णिनि aff. [ashamed, क्तिन् aff.]  
**सङ्घीर्ष** mfn. (-षः-षा-षं) Bashful, modest, ashamed. **स.** सम्, and ण् to be  
**सक** m. (-कः) He, that man. **स.** स he, कन् added.  
**सकट** mfn. (-टः-टा-टं) Bad, vile. **m.** (-टः) A small tree, (Trophis aspera.) **स.** स with, कट bad.  
**सकटाग्र** n. (-ग्रं) Impure food. **स.** सकट, and च्च् boiled-rice.  
**सकटक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Thorny, prickly. 2. Troublesome, perilous. **m.** (-कः) An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria.) **स.** स for सम् like or with, कटक a thorn.  
**सकर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Bearing or returning tax or toll. 2. Having rays, &c. **स.** स with, कर tax, &c. [passion].  
**सकरश्च** mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Tender, compassionate. **स.** स with, करश्च com-  
**सकृष** mfn. (-षः-षा-षं) 1. Having ears. 2. Hearing, listening. **स.** स for सुहृ with, कृष the ear.

**सकर्मन्** mfn. (-र्मा-र्मा-र्मं) 1. Performing any act or rite. 2. Following similar business. **स.** स with or same, कर्म act, [act, कन् added].  
**सकर्मक** m. (-कः) (In grammar,) The transitive verb. **स.** स with, कर्म  
**सकल** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) All, whole, entire. **f.** (-ला) 1. Together with a part. 2. Entire. 3. With all the digits, full, (as the moon.) 4. Having a soft or low sound. **स.** स with, कला a part, चच् aff.  
**सकाकीच** m. (-चः) One of the twenty-one hells. [wish, satisfied].  
**सकाम** f. (-मा) 1. Full of love. 2. Lustful. 3. One who has obtained his  
**सकामन्** It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of :—1. With pleasure. 2. Contentedly. 3. Assuredly. 4. Indeed.  
**सकारण** mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) Having a cause, originating from a cause. **स.** स with, कारण cause. [time]  
**सकाल** n. Adv. (-लं) Betimely, early in the morning. **स.** स with, काल  
**सकाक्ष** f. (-क्षा) Having visibility. **m.** (-क्षः) Presence, nearness.  
**सकुलि** Adj. Having the same womb, uterine, (as a brother.)  
**सकुल** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Belonging to a noble family. 2. Belonging the same family. **m.** (-लः) 1. A Kinsman. 2. A sort of fish; also प्रकुल. **स.** स with, कुल a family.  
**सकुल** m. (-लः) 1. A kinsman, one of the same family name and common origin; see समीक. 2. A distant kinsman or relation; one who shares a divided oblation, as the grandson's grandson or other descendants as far as three degrees from him, or the offspring of the grandfather's grandfather or other remoter ancestor. **स.** स same, कुल of family: some authorities extend the name of Sakulya to the tenth descendant.  
**सकृत्** m. (-कृत्) Pieces, ordure: more usually, प्रकृत्. Ind. 1. Once. 2. With, together with. 3. Always. 4. Formerly. **स.** सकृत् substituted for एक one.  
**सकृत्तम** f. (-मी) A mule.  
**सकृत्प्रज** m. (-जः) A crow. **स.** सकृत् once, प्रज progeny.  
**सकोप** mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) Angry, displeased. **स.** स with, कोप wrath.  
**सक्त** mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) 1. Attached, joined, in contact with. 2. Diligent, attentive, intent. 3. Devoted or addicted to. **स.** सक् to embrace or adhere to, aff. क्त.  
**सक्ति** f. (-क्तिः) 1. Contact, union, junction, cohesion. 2. Devotion or addiction to. **स.** सक् to embrace or adhere to, aff. क्तिन् ।  
**सक्तु** m. Plu. (-क्तुः) The flour fried and then ground. **स.** सक् to moisten, Una'di aff. तुन्; also read सक्तु.  
**सक्तुक** m. (-कः) A species of poison. **स.** कन् added to the preceding.  
**सक्तुफल** f. (-ला) The S'ami tree, (Mimosa suma, Rox.) **स.** सक्तु, barley-meal, and फल fruit; of a similar white colour; also सक्तुफली ।  
**सक्थि** n. (-थिः) 1. The thigh. 2. Part of the frame of a cart. 3. A bone. In compound सक्थि is changed to सक्थ after उत्तर, पूर्व, धन, or a word denoting an object with which it is compared. **स.** सक् to unite, Una'di aff. थिन् ।  
**सचय** f. (-यः) Having leisure.  
**सखि** m. (सखा) 1. A friend. 2. An associate, a companion. **f.** (-खी) A woman's female friend or companion, a confidante, &c. **स.** स for समान all, (the world,) ख्या to celebrate, aff. ण्, and खी fem. aff.; the masc. noun is irregularly inflected. At the end of compounds सखि is changed to सख ।  
**सखिल** n. (-लः) Friendship, **स.** सखि a friend, and ल aff.; also सखिता ।  
**सखीजन** n. (-नः) A female friend or confidante. **स.** सखी, जन a person.  
**सख्य** n. (-यः) 1. Friendship. 2. Equality. **m.** (-यः) A friend. **स.** सखि a friend, यच् aff. of the property or pleonasm.  
**सन्** (ए) सगे r. 1st cl. (सगति) To cover; also सन् ।  
**सगन्ध** mfn. (-न्धः-न्धा-न्धं) 1. Fragrant, odoriferous. 2. Proud. **m.** (-न्धः) A relation, a co-heir. **स.** स for सम् same, like, and गन्ध connection; or स with, गन्ध smell, scent.  
**सगर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Poisonous. **m.** (-रः) A sovereign of Ayodhya'.

the father of ASAMANJA by KA'S'INI', and sixty-thousand sons by SUMATI : the latter being turned into a heap of ashes by the sage KAPILA. GARUDA instructed the king to perform their funeral ceremonies with the waters of Ganga', to be brought from heaven for that purpose ; this was finally accomplished by the devotion of BHAGIRATHA, the great-grandson of ASAMANJA, who having led the river to the sea,denominated it Sa'gara, in honour of his ancestor. **स** for सह with गर poison ; being born together with a poison given to his mother by the other wife of his father. **समर्थ** m. (-र्थः) A brother by the same father and mother. **स** for समान the same, and गर्भ embryo.

**समर्थ** m. (-र्थः) A brother of whole blood, one by the same father and mother. **स** for समान same, गर्भ embryo, यत् aff.

**समर्थ** mfn. (-र्थः-व्यो-व्ये) 1. Proud. 2. Flated. **स** with, गर्व pride.

**सगुण** mfn. (-गुः-वा-ण) 1. Having or endowed with properties, qualities, &c. 2. Worldly. 3. Having a string, (as a bow.) **स** with, गुण a quality.

**समीप** mfn. (-पः-वा-व) Being of one family, of kin, related. m. (-पः) 1. A distant kinsman. 2. A kinsman of the same family-name, or one sprung from a common ancestor ; one connected by funeral oblations of food and water. n. (-वः) A family, a race or lineage. **स** for समान like, common, and गीत family.

**समि** f. (-मिः) Eating together. **स** for सम् with, भूट to eat, क्तिच् aff.; चच् is substituted for the root, the स rejected, च changed to ग ।

**सह** r 5th cl. (सहोति) To hurt, to kill ; also चच् ।

**सदृष्ट** mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) 1. Narrow, contracted. 2. Crowded. 3. Impassable, impervious. n. (-टः) 1. Difficulty, trouble. 2. A defile, a pass. **स** before कटच् aff.

**सदृष्टाच** mfn. (-चः-ची-च) Winking, leering m. (-चः) A tree, (Grislea tomentosa.) **स** सदृष्ट contracted, च्चि the eye.

**सदृष्टा** f. (-ष्टा) Conversation, discourse, talking together. **स** सम् together, कथा speech ; also सदृष्टन, &c.

**सदृष्ट** m. (-रः) 1. Mixing, blending, confounding. 2. A mixed caste or race, one proceeding from the promiscuous intercourse of the four tribes in the first instance, and again from their commerce with the descendants of such a connection, or the indiscriminate cohabitation of those descendants amongst one another ; most Hindus of the present age are of one of the many branches of this race, the highest of which is impure and inferior to the Sudra : under this term two kinds of men are included according to the Ra'm'anya ; the one denominated यानिसदृष्ट, mixed or degraded by birth and the other चाचारसदृष्ट degraded by conduct. 3. The mixing together of two or more dependent figures of speech in the same passage. 4. Dust, sweepings. 5. The crackling of flame. f. (-री) A new bride. **स** सम् before कृ to scatter, or कृ to make, aff. चप्.

**सदृष्टीकरण** n. (-णः) 1. Reducing to the state of the mixed or outcaste tribes, causing loss of caste. 2. Blending, mixing. 3. Confusion, either in kind, number, arrangement. **स** सदृष्ट a mixed-race, च्चि augment, करण doing. [**स** सदृष्ट, and कृत made, च्चि augment.

**सदृष्टीकृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Blended, mixed, confused. 2. Outcaste.

**सदृष्टय** n. (-यः) 1. Attracting, drawing. 2. Ploughing, making furrows, &c. m. (-यः) BALAD'VA. **स** सम् before कृ to plough, &c., aff. युच् or खुट्. As applied to the demi-god it refers to his removal in embryo from the womb of DE'VAKI' to that of ROHINI'.

**सदृष्ट** m. (-तः) 1. Collection, quantity. 2. Addition. **स** सम् together, कृ to number, aff. चप् ।

**सदृष्टन** ni. (-नः-ना) 1. Contact, junction. 2. Blending, clinging, twining, intermixture. 3. Heaping as corn, &c. n. (-नः) Addition, (in arithmetic.) **स** सम् with or like, कृ to number, aff. युच् or खुट् ।

**सदृष्टा** Aptote. Killing, slaughter.

**सदृष्टित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Heaped, piled, arranged. 2. Brought in contact, blended, intermixed. 3. Laid hold of. 4. Added. n. (-तः) Addition, (in arithmetic.) **स** सम् before कृ to number, aff. कृ ।

**सदृष्ट** m. (-ष्टः) 1. Volition, will, resolve, mental determination. 2. A solemn vow or declaration of purpose. 3. Expectation of desired consequences from any voluntary act. **स** सम् before कृ to be able, aff. चच्, and the र changed to ल ।

**सदृष्टन** mfn. (-नः-जा-ज) Born of or proceeding from the hope or expectation of advantage. m. (-नः) KA'MA or love. **स** सदृष्ट, and ज born ; also सदृष्टन्यन्, &c.

**सदृष्टन्यन्** m. (-न्यः) KA'MADE'VA. **स** सदृष्ट volition, and जन् birth.

**सदृष्टन्य** m. (-नः) KA'MA. **स** सदृष्ट will, सन् born. [of birth.]

**सदृष्टयिनि** m. (-निः) KA'MA, the deity of love. **स** सदृष्ट will, योनि place

**सदृष्टरूप** mfn. (-पः-पा-रु) Of the nature of or conformable to the will or purpose. **स** सदृष्ट, and रूप form.

**सदृष्टसम्भव** mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Produced from or arising out of the hope or desire of advantage. m. (-वः) Love or KA'MA. **स** सदृष्ट, सम्भव birth.

**सदृष्टात्मक** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Willing, resolving, referring to volition. **स** सदृष्ट, आत्मक one with.

**सदृष्टित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Proposed, sought as the result of any act. **स** सदृष्ट, इतच् aff.

**सदृष्ट** mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Unsteady, fickle, changeable. 2. Uncertain, doubtful. 3. Weak, feeble. 4. Bad, wicked. **स** सम् before कृ to go, Unádi aff. कृन् ।

**सदृष्ट** m. (-रः) 1. Dust, sweepings. 2. The crackling of flame. f. (-री) A girl recently deflowered, a new bride, &c. **स** सम्, कृ to make, चच् aff.

**सदृष्टा** mfn. (-शः-शा-श) 1. Like, similar, (in composition.) 2. Near. m. (-शः) Appearance, presence. **स** सम् before काश to shine, aff. चच् ।

**सदृष्ट** m. (-लः) A burning torch, a fire-brand. **स** सम् before कृ to be white, aff. कृ ।

**सदृष्टी** mfn. (-ष्टी-ष्टी-ष्टी) 1. Crowded, confused. 2. Miscellaneous. 3. Impure. 4. Mixed. 5. Of mixed and consequently impure origin or caste. 6. Contracted, narrow. 7. Spread, diffused. 8. Scattered. 9. Indistinct, confused, (as a writing.) m. (-ष्टी) 1. A man of a mixed caste. 2. A mixed mode or note, (in music.) 3. An elephant in rut. n. (-ष्टी) 1. An enemy. 2. A difficulty. **स** सम् before कृ to scatter, aff. कृ ।

**सदृष्टीचारिन्** mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Wandering about, going in to all sorts of places. **स** सदृष्टी, चारिन् who goes.

**सदृष्टीयानि** mfn. (-निः-निः-नि) 1. Of mixed or impure origin. 2. Of a mongrel breed, (as a mule.) **स** सदृष्टी, योनि place of birth.

**सदृष्टीन** nf. (-नः-ना) 1. Celebrating, praising, honour, glorification. 2. Singing the praise of a deity. **स** सम् before कृ to praise, aff. चच् ।

**सदृष्टीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Praise, renowned, celebrated. **स** सम् intensive, कृ to praise, aff. कृ ।

**सदृष्ट** m. (-ष्टः) A hole.

**सदृष्टित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Unblown, unopened. 2. Closed, shut. 3. Narrowed, contracted. **स** सम् before कृ to contract, aff. कृ ।

**सदृष्ट** mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) 1. Crowded, confused, filled with so as to be impervious. n. (-लः) 1. Inconsistent and contradictory speech. 2. War. 3. A crowd, a mob. 4. A flock, a flight. **स** सम् together, कृ to accumulate, aff. कृ ।

**सदृष्टि** f. (-तिः) A from of metre, a stanza of four lines, of 24 syllables each. **स** सम् complete, कृति a metre.

**सदृष्ट** r. 10th cl. (सदृष्टयति) 1. To call or invite. 2. To counsel or advise. 3. To fix or appoint a time.

**सदृष्ट** m. (-तः) 1. Engagement, agreement, appointment, convention. 2. Condition, provision, the circumstances under which any thing is necessarily or naturally affected. 3. Sign, gesture, gesticulation.

4. A short explanatory rule, (in gram.) n. (-त्) Rendezvous. E. सङ्केत to appoint a time, &c., aff. चञ् ; or सम् + क्तित-चञ् ।
- सङ्केतक म. (-कः) 1. Rendezvous, 2. Convention. 3. Appointment. 4. A lover or mistress who meets by assignation.
- सङ्केतस्थान n. (-नं) Place of assignation. E. सङ्केत, and स्थान place.
- सङ्कोच म. (-चः) 1. Shutting, closing, contracting, contraction. 2. Binding, tying. 3. Abridgment, diminution. 4. Terror, fear. 5. A sort of fish, a scate, (Raja Sancura, HAM.) n. (-चः) Saffron. E. सम् before कृच् to contract, aff. चञ् ।
- सङ्कोचन n. (-नं) Astringing, causing to shrink or close. E. सम्, कृच् to contract, causal v., ल्युट् aff. [ल्युट् ।
- सङ्कोदन m. (-नः) INDRA. E. सम् before कृटि to cry out, causal form, aff. ल्युट् ।
- सङ्कोम m. (-मः) 1. Difficult progress, clambering up rocks, fording torrents, making way through almost impervious or inaccessible passes, &c. 2. The means of effecting such a passage, a causeway a bridge, &c. m. (-मः) 1. Going, moving, travelling. 2. The passage of a planetary body through the zodiac. 3. Passage from one point to another, traversing, transit, transition. 4. Concurrence. E. सम् before क्रम् to go, aff. चञ् ।
- सङ्कोमण n. (-णः) 1. Going from or to, passage, transition. 2. Going with, concurrence. 3. The sun's passage from one sign of the zodiac to another. 4. The first day of the summer solstice. 5. A certain class of problems, (in algebra.) E. सम्, and क्रम् to go, ल्युट् aff.: see the last.
- सङ्कोमिन् mfn. (-ता-ती-तः) Who goes or proceeds, who or what passes from one to another. E. सम्, क्रम् to go, लृच् aff.
- सङ्कोमन् mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्तः) 1. Passed, gone from one to another, transferred, &c. 2. Entered, (into a new sign.) 3. Depicted, imaged, reflected. E. सम् before क्रम् to go, aff. क्त ।
- सङ्कोमिन् f. (-न्तिः) 1. The actual passage of the sun or other planetary bodies from one sign of the zodiac into another. 2. Passage in general, proceeding from one time or condition or life to another, from one place to another, &c. 3. Going, proceeding in general. 4. Meeting together, union. 5. Transference, imparting. 6. The power of teaching or transference. 7. Imitation, reflection. E. सम् before क्रम् to go, aff. क्तिन् ।
- सङ्कोम m. (-मः) 1. Difficult progress or passage over steep rocks, through narrow defiles, &c. 2. A bridge of ropes, &c: see सङ्कोम. E. सम् before क्रम् to go, aff. चञ् ।
- सङ्कोडण n. (-णः) Sporting, playing. E. सम् before क्रीड् to play, ल्युट् aff.
- सङ्कोडमाण mfn. (-णः-णा-णः) Sporting, playing. E. सम् before क्रीड् to play, शानच् aff.
- सङ्कोड mfn. (-ङः-ङा-ङः) Violent, enraged. E. सम्, and क्रुञ्च angry.
- सङ्कोद m. (-दः) 1. The fluid secretion which is supposed to form upon conception, and to be the rudiment of the fetus. 2. Moisture, wet, damp. E. सम् together, and क्लेद moisture.
- सङ्कोय m. (-यः) 1. The destruction of the world. 2. Loss, destruction in general. 3. End. E. सम् completely, चि to perish, aff. चञ् ।
- सङ्कोय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. Abridged, abbreviated, concise, compressed. 2. Small, compact. 3. Thrown. 4. Sent. 5. Taken from or away, seized. E. सम् before चिप् to throw or send, aff. क्त ।
- सङ्कोयि f. (-यिः) 1. Abridgment. 2. Throwing. 3. Sending. 4. Ambuscade. 5. Transition from one feeling to another. E. सम्, चिप् to throw, क्तिन् aff. [to waste, शानच् aff.]
- सङ्कोयमाण mfn. (-णः-णा-णः) Perishing, being destroyed. E. सम् before चि
- सङ्कोप m. (-पः) 1. Abridgment, abbreviation, conciseness, compression. 2. Sending. 3. Throwing. 4. Taking away. 5. Assisting in another's duty. E. सम् before चिप् to throw or send aff. चञ् ।
- सङ्कोपण n. (-णः) 1. Abridgment, brevity. 2. Sending. 3. Throwing. 4. Taking away. E. सम् before चिप् to throw or send, aff. ल्युट् ।

- सङ्कोप m. (-पः) 1. Overturning, upsetting. 2. Shaking, trembling, agitation. 3. Pride, arrogance. E. सम् before लुप् to tremble, aff. चञ् ।
- सङ्कोपण mfn. (-णः-णा-णः) 1. Whetting, sharpening. 2. Inflaming, exciting. E. सम् before लुप् to sharpen, शानच् aff.
- सङ्कोप n. (-ङः) War, battle. f. (-ङा) 1. Number in general, or a number a numeral. 2. Deliberation, reasoning, reflection. 3. Intellect, understanding. 4. Manner. 5. Enumeration. E. सम् before ल्युट् substituted for लृच् to speak well, affs. चञ् and टाप् ।
- सङ्कोपा f. (-ता) Number, numeration, counting. E. तल् added to the last, also with ल्, सङ्कोप ।
- सङ्कोपा mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Numbered, counted, reckoned. n. (-तः) A number. f. (-ता) A kind of riddle or enigma. E. सम् before ल्युट् to tell, aff. क्त । [tell, aff. ल्युट् ।
- सङ्कोपा n. (-नं) Numbering, numeration, reckoning. E. सम् before ल्युट् to tell, aff. क्त ।
- सङ्कोपावत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Having or being possessed of number, numbered. 2. Intelligent, discriminating. m. (-वान्) A learned Brahman, a Pan'dit. E. सङ्कोपा number, &c., सतुप् poss. aff.
- सङ्कोप्य mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) Numerable, to be counted or numbered. E. सङ्कोपा a number, यत् aff.
- सङ्कोप m. (-ङः) 1. Meeting, encountering. 2. Association, intercourse, friendship. 3. Joining, uniting. 4. Desire, wish, cupidity. 5. Adhesion or devotion to. 6. Confluence of rivers. 7. Contact, touch. 8. Worldly attachment. E. सम् together, गम् to go, aff. ड ; or पङ्क to embrace, चञ् aff.
- सङ्कोपिका f. (-का) Incomparable or unequalled discourse. E. सम् before गम् to count, aff. ल्युट् ।
- सङ्कोप mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Apposite, proper, (as speech.) 2. Mixed, united. 3. Met, encountered. 4. Collected, accumulated. 5. In conjunction (of planets.) f. (-ता) 1. Convened, met. 2. Joined. 3. United in wedlock. 4. Adapted. 5. Contracted, shrunk up. n. (-तः) 1. Friendship, acquaintance. 2. Union, meeting. 3. Alliance. 4. A certain ant speech. E. सम्, गत gone.
- सङ्कोपि f. (-तिः) 1. Meeting, union, mixture. 2. Knowledge. 3. Association, intercourse. 4. Frequenting, going to. 5. Accidental meeting. 6. Relation, applicability, connection. 7. Questioning for continued or further information. E. सम् together, गति going.
- सङ्कोप m. (-मः) 1. Meeting, union, mixture, junction, the encounter of persons, the association of friends or lovers, the confluence of rivers, the fitness or adaptation of two things to each other, &c. 2. (In astronomy,) Planetary conjunction. 3. Touch, contact. 4. Society, company. 5. Sexual intercourse. 6. Fitness, adaptation. E. सम् together, like, suitably, गत going : see also सङ्कोप, सङ्कोपि, &c.
- सङ्कोप m. (-रः) 1. War, battle. 2. Misfortune, calamity. 3. Promise, assent, agreement. 4. A bargain, a transaction of sale. 5. Poison. 6. Knowledge. 7. Acceptance. n. (-रः) The fruit of the S'ami tree. E. सम् before ग् to swallow, aff. चप् । [सङ्कोप, रहित free from
- सङ्कोपित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Indifferent, stoical, free from attachment. E. सङ्कोप m. (-रः) A name of the three MUHUR'TAS after early dawn, (forming the second watch of the day.) [E. सङ्कोप, वसित abandoned]
- सङ्कोपित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Free from worldly attachments or affection. सङ्कोपि f. (-तिः) 1. Separation from, or dissolution of worldly affection. 2. Disunion. E. सङ्कोप, and विच्छेद separation.
- सङ्कोप mfn. (-ङ्को-ङ्को-ङ्को) 1. Uniting with, going to or with, attached. 2. Devoted or addicted to, intent on. 3. Libidinous, lustful, [desirous. E. सङ्कोप union, वसि aff.]
- सङ्कोपमाण mfn. (-णः-णा-णः) Promising. E. सम् before ग् to speak, शानच्
- सङ्कोप n. (-तः) 1. The exhibition of song, dancing, and music, as a public entertainment. 2. The art or science of singing accompanied by music and dancing. 3. Chorus. f. (-ता) Sung in chorus or harmony. E. सम् together, and नात संगः.

- सङ्गीत क. (-कः)** 1. Concert, symphony. 2. A public entertainment consisting of songs, dancing and music.
- सङ्गीतार्थं m. (-र्थः)** 1. The apparatus or materials for a concert. 2. The subject of a musical performance.
- सङ्गीति f. (-तिः)** 1. Conversation, discourse. 2. The science of music and dancing. 3. Concert, harmony. **स. सम्** together, **गा** or **गी** to sing, **क्रिन्** aff. [क]
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-चः-वां-यै)** Promised, agreed. **स. सम्** before **गु** to speak, aff.
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-नः-ना-नं)** Hidden, concealed. **m. (-नः)** A Buddha or Buddha's saint. **स. सम्** before **गु** hidden.
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-दः-डा-दं)** 1. Heaped, piled, arranged. 2. United, joined, brought in contact. 3. Contracted, abridged. **स. सम्** before **गु** to hide, aff. **क**।
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** 1. Taken, accepted, seized. 2. Assented to. **स. सम्** before **गु** to take, **क** aff.
- सङ्गीतं n. (-नं)** Hiding, concealment. **स. सम्** before **गु** to hide, aff. **कृ**।
- सङ्गीतं m. (-हः)** 1. A compilation and abridgment. 2. A catalogue, a list or summary. 3. Quantity, collection. 4. Restraining, confining. 5. Taking, seizing. 6. Propitiating, pleasing, attaching. 7. Protecting, guarding. 8. A place where anything is kept. 9. Assent, promise. 10. Elevation, loftiness. 11. Velocity. 12. Clenching the fist. 13. Effort, exertion. 14. Reception, admission. 15. Conjunction, conglomeration. 16. Agglomeration. 17. Sum, amount. 18. Mention. 19. Accumulation, hoarding up. 20. An epithet of Siva. **स. सम्** before **गु** to take, aff. **च**।
- सङ्गीतं n. (-चः)** 1. Taking, accepting, seizing. 2. Sexual intercourse. 3. Hone. 4. Collecting. 5. Compiling. 6. Encasing. 7. Adultery. **f. (-चो)** Diarrhoea, dysentery. **स. सम्** before **गु** to take, and **ल्युट्** aff. [म. र. 10th ed. (सङ्गीतवर्तिनः)] 1. To fight. 2. To make war.
- सङ्गीतं m. (-सः)** War, battle. **स. सम्** before **गु** to fight, aff. **च**।
- सङ्गीतं m. (-हः)** A large military drum. **स. सम्** before **गु** a drum.
- सङ्गीतं m. (-हः)** 1. Laying hold of forcibly, seizing, gripping. 2. The fist. 3. Clenching the fist. 4. The grips of a shield. **स. सम्** before **गु** to seize, aff. **च**।
- सङ्गीतं n. (-दः)** 1. Flock, multitude, number, a collection of living beings either of the same or different species. 2. A heap, a quantity in general. 3. A number of people living together. **स. सम्** before **गु** to kill or hurt, aff. **च**।
- सङ्गीतं m. (-री)** A fish in general. **स. सम्** a shoal, **चर** to go, **विनि** aff.
- सङ्गीतं m. (-नी)** A hired porter or labourer, a colly. **स. सम्** a crowd, and **जीविन्** who lives.
- सङ्गीतं m. (-दः)** 1. Clash, shock, collision. 2. Friction, rubbing together. 3. Meeting, encounter. 4. Embracing. **f. (-दा)** A large creeper. **स. सम्** before **गु** to go, affs. **च** and **दा**।
- सङ्गीतं n. (-नं ना)** 1. Meeting, encountering, occurrence. 2. Union, junction, contact, cohesion. 3. Close contact, embracing or adhering to, the intertwining of wrestlers, the embraces of lovers, &c. 4. Friction, rubbing together. **स. सम्** before **गु** to move, aff. **ल्युट्** or **युच्**।
- सङ्गीतं m. (-नः)** 1. Envy, emulation, rivalry, vying or contending for superiority. 2. Trituration, rubbing, grinding. 3. Collision. 4. Going gently, gliding, flowing. **स. सम्** before **गु** to rub, aff. **च**।
- सङ्गीतं Ind.** Collectively, altogether, in flocks. **स. सम्** and **गु** aff.
- सङ्गीतं f. (-कः)** 1. A bawl, a procress. 2. A pair, a couple. 3. Smell. 4. An aquatic plant, (*Trapa bispinosa*.) **स. सम्** before **गु** to unite, aff. **च**, **ल्युट्**, **fem. form**.
- सङ्गीतं m. (-नं)** 1. Assemblage, multitude, heap, quantity. 2. Association, combination. 3. Composition of words, formation of compound terms. 4. Killing, striking, hurting. 5. Pledge. 6. A particular mode of walking in dramatic representation. 7. A vision of Tartarus. **स. सम्** before **गु** to strike or kill, **च** aff.
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-वान्-वती वत्)** Having or connected with many, a heap. **&c.** **स. सम्** and **गु** aff.
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-दः-दा-दं)** Resonant, resounding. **m. (-दः)** Sound, cry, noise. **स. सम्** before **गु** to sound, aff. **क**; also optionally with the augment **दट्**, **सङ्गीतं mfn. (-तः ता तं)**।
- सङ्गीतं Ind.** Alarming, timorously, in a startled manner.
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-रः-रा-रं)** All whether animate or inanimate. **स. सम्** with **चर** moving, **चर** stationary.
- सङ्गीतं m. (-विः)** 1. Friendship, intimacy, connection. 2. A friend. **f. (-विः or वी)** The wife of Indra. **स. सम्** to be connected, aff. **दन्** and **ल्युट्** optionally added; also **शब्** and **गु**। [कन aff.]
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-कः-का-कः)** Blear-eyed. **स. सम्** for **सङ्गीतं** with, **वि** a bad eye.
- सङ्गीतं m. (-वः)** 1. A friend, a companion, an associate. 2. A minister, a counsellor. **स. सम्** friendship, **वा** to go or get, aff. **क**।
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-नः-ना-नं)** 1. Rational. 2. Conscious, sensible. **स. सम्** with, **चेतन** intellect. [with, **चेतन** mind.]
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-तः-ता-तः)** Conscious, reflective, understanding. **स. सम्**
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-कः-का-कः)** Clothed, dressed. **स. सम्** with, **चेतन** clothes.
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-दः-दा-दं)** Active, making effort. **m. (-दः)** The mango-tree, (*Mangifera Indica*.) **स. सम्** with, **चेतन** effort.
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-तः ता तं)** 1. Honest, upright. 2. Virtuous. **m. (-तं)** Good conduct. **स. सम्** good, **चरित** conduct.
- सङ्गीतं f. (-रः)** Turmeric.
- सङ्गीतं m. (-नः)** Intellect, intellectual part or portion. **स. सम्** being, **चित्** intellect, and **अज्ञ** part.
- सङ्गीतं m. (-ना)** The soul which consists of entity and thought.
- सङ्गीतं n. (-दः)** 1. Brahman, or the Supreme Spirit. 2. Entity, knowledge and joy. **स. सम्** being present, **चित्** intellect, and **आनन्द** happiness; the external source of wisdom and happiness.
- सङ्गीतं m. (-दः)** A Sudra, who has gone through the same ceremonies as the other classes, which though not directed by and in accordance with the law, is in some places customary. **स. सम्** pure, and **अज्ञ** a Sudra.
- सङ्गीतं f. (-नः)** Having men or living beings. **m. (-नः)** A kinsman.
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-मः-मा-मं)** Muddy, clayed. **स. सम्** for **सङ्गीतं** with, **जल** mud.
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-नः-ना-नं)** Watery, wet. **स. सम्** with, **जल** water.
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-विः-वि-वि)** 1. Of the same sort or species, of the same tribe, &c. 2. Like, similar. **m. (-विः)** The son of a man and woman of the same caste. **स. सम्** for **समान** same, and **जाति** species.
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-यः-या-यं)** 1. Descended from parents of the same tribe or caste. 2. Of the same tribe. 3. Of the same species. 4. Like, similar. **स. सम्** for **समान** same, **जाति** sort, kind, and **अज्ञ** aff.
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-जः-ज-जः)** Associated, an associate or companion. 2. Loving, attached. **m. (nom. सङ्गीतः, सङ्गीतो, सङ्गीतः)** A companion. **Ind. (-जः)** With, together with. **स. सम्** with **जु** to please, aff. **क्रिप्**।
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-जः-ज-जः)** 1. Armed, accoutred. 2. Fortified. 3. Prepared, got ready. 4. Ornamented, decorated. 5. Covered, clothed. **f. (-जा)** 1. Dress, decoration. 2. Armour, mail. **स. सम्** to go, aff. **च**।
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-नः-ना-नं)** 1. Of good family, well born. 2. Respectable, reputable. 3. Good, virtuous. 4. Arming, putting on armour. 5. Dressing, preparing. **m. (-नः)** 1. A guard, a sentry, a picket. 2. A ferry, a Ghat. 3. Fastening. 4. Preparing. 5. Dressing. **f. (-नः)** 1. Caparisoning an elephant. 2. Dress, decoration. 3. Arming, accoutring. **स. सम्** to go, aff. **युच्**; or **सङ्गीतं** excellence, **अज्ञ** a person.
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-नः-ना-नं)** 1. Arming. 2. Dressing. 3. Getting ready, preparing. 4. Hasting, (in speech) **स. सम्** to go, **ग्रन्थ** aff.
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-नः-ना-नं)** 1. Armed, accoutred. 2. Dressed, decorated, ornamented. 3. Prepared, made. **स. सम्** armour, **ददन्** aff.
- सङ्गीतं mfn. (-नः-ना-नं)** Arming, accoutring, preparing, decorating. **स. सम्** arm, and **करण** making, **जु** augment.



**सञ्जीवित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Armed, sootred, prepared, decorated. **इ. सञ्** and **कृत** made, **चि** augment. [**come**, **चि** augment.]

**सञ्जीवित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Armed, prepared, decorated. **इ. सञ्**, **सूत** be-  
**सञ्** mfn. (-ञः-ञा-ञ) Strung, (as a bow,) having a bow-string. **इ. स**  
 with, **ञा** a bow-string.

**सञ्जर** m. (-रः) 1. Heat, fever. 2. Wrath, indignation.

**सञ्ज** m. (-ञः) A collection of leaves for writing. **इ. सञ्** + **चि-ङ**।

**सञ्जित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Afraid, timid. **इ. सञ्**, and **जित** timid.

**सञ्जन्** n. (-ञन्) Cheating, juggling. **इ. सञ्** together, **चि** to collect, **अति**  
**Una'di** aff. and the radical vowel rejected.

**सञ्जय** m. (-यः) 1. Heap, quantity, number, multitude. 2. Gathering. **इ.**  
**सञ्** together, **चि** to collect, aff. **चञ्**।

**सञ्जयन्** n. (-नः) 1. Collecting, gathering. 2. Collecting the ashes or bones  
 of a body which has been burnt. **इ. सञ्** together, **चि** to collect,  
 aff. **खट्**। [**चिनुण** aff.]

**सञ्चयिन्** mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) Who or what collects. **इ. सञ्**, **चि** to collect,

**सञ्चर** m. (-रः) A defile, any narrow or difficult pass, a road along the  
 edge of a mountain, or a bridge over a 'mountain-stream, &c. 2.  
 Difficult passage, travelling along almost impracticable routes. 3.  
 A road, a way. 4. The body. 5. Killing. 6. The passage of a  
 planet from one sign of the zodiac to another. **इ. सञ्** before **चर**  
 to go, aff. **चञ्**; also **सञ्चार**।

**सञ्चरण** n. (-णः) Going, motion.

**सञ्चलन** nf. (-नं ना) Trembling, shaking. **इ. सञ्** before **चल** to go, **युच्** aff.

**सञ्चान** m. (-नः) A bird, a hawk.

**सञ्चाय** m. (-यः) A particular sacrifice, at which the juice of the acid  
 Asclepias is drunk. **इ. सञ्** together, **चि** to collect, participial aff.  
**खत्**, form irr., **चाय** being substituted for the regular change : see  
**सञ्चये**।

**सञ्चार** m. (-रः) 1. Difficult progress. 2. Difficulty, distress. 3. Leading,  
 guiding. 4. Inciting. 5. Impelling, setting in motion. 6. Conta-  
 gion, communication or transmission of disease. 7. Course, transi-  
 tion. 8. A gem supposed to be found in the head of a serpent.  
 9. A way, a pass. **इ. सञ्** before **चर** to go, aff. **चञ्**; see **सञ्चर**; or **सञ्**  
 and **चर** to go, causal v., **चञ्** aff.

**सञ्चारक** m. (-कः) 1. A leader, a guide. 2. An instigator. 3. An orator.  
**इ. सञ्**, **चर** to go, causal v., **खलु** aff.

**सञ्चारजौविन्** mfn. (-वि-वि-वि) Indigent, distressed, calamitous in want  
 of aid or protection. **इ. सञ्चार** difficulty, and **जौविन्** living.

**सञ्चारण** n. (-णः) 1. Leading, guiding. 2. Impelling, instigating. 3.  
 Moving, setting in motion. **इ. सञ्** before **चर** to go, causal v.,  
**खट्** aff.

**सञ्चारिका** f. (-का) 1. A female messenger or go-between. 2. A bawd. 3.  
 A braco, a pair. 4. Smell. **इ. सञ्** before **चर** to go, **खलु** aff.

**सञ्चारित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Led, guided. 2. Driven, impelled. 3. Set in  
 motion, moved. 4. Communicated, (as disease.) **इ. सञ्** before **चर** to  
 go, causal v., **चञ्** aff.

**सञ्चारिन्** mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) 1. Fickle, changeable, not permanent. 2.  
 Moving, going. 3. Difficult, inaccessible. 4. Moving, putting in  
 motion. 5. Transmitted, hereditary, (as disease.) 6. Contagious.  
 m. (-री) 1. Incense. 2. A division of the Bhāvas, the same as the  
**वभिचारिन्**, q. v. or the reverse of the **स्थायिन्** or fixed and steady  
 sentiments. 3. An evanescent feeling which strengthens the per-  
 vading sentiments. 4. Air, wind. **इ. सञ्** before **चर** to go, **णिनि** aff.

**सञ्चित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Assembled, accumulated, collected, gathered.  
 2. Enumerated. 3. Full of, provided with. 4. Obstructed. 5.  
 Dense, thick, (as a wood.) **इ. सञ्**, **चि** to collect, **क** aff.

**सञ्चिति** f. (-तिः) A collection.

**सञ्चिता** f. (-ता) A plant, (Salvinia cucullata.) **इ. सञ्** completely, **चिच**  
 variegated.

**सञ्चिन्तन** n. (-नः) Considering, reflecting. **इ. सञ्** before **चि** to think,  
**खट्** aff. [**क** aff.]

**सञ्चिन्तित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Deliberated, weighed. **इ. सञ्**, **चि** to think,  
**सञ्चिन्त्य** Ind. Having considered, reflected, thoughtful. **इ. सञ्**, **चि** to  
 think, **खट्** aff. [**grind**, **खट्** aff.]

**सञ्चूर्णन** n. (-नः) Breaking to pieces, reducing to powder. **इ. सञ्**, **चूर्ण** to  
**सञ्चूर्णित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Cut or broken to pieces, pulverised, com-  
 minuted. **इ. सञ्** before **चूर्ण** to pound, **क** aff. [**gather**, **खट्** aff.]

**सञ्चये** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be collected or accumulated. **इ. सञ्**, **चि** to  
**सञ्चोदित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Ordered, commanded. **इ. सञ्**, and **चोदित** ordered.

**सञ्चक्ष** mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्ष) Covered. **इ. सञ्** completely, and **क्ष** covered.

**सञ्चिन्न** mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्न) 1. Cut, cut off. 2. Dissipated, removed. **इ. सञ्**  
 before **चि** to cut, **क** aff.

**सञ्च** r. 1st cl. (सञ्चति) To go or move : see **सञ्च**।

**सञ्चम** (-ञ्चः) 1. BRAHMA. 2. S'IVA. f. (-ञ्चा) A she-goat. **इ. सञ्** uniform-  
 ly, all (mankind), **जन्** to be born, (or created by whom,) and **च** aff.

**सञ्चनन** n. (-नः) Begetting, causing, producing. **इ. सञ्** before **जन्** to be  
 born, **खट्** aff.

**सञ्चनयन्** mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Begetting, producing, causing. **इ. सञ्** before  
**जन्** to be born, causal v., **ग्रह** aff.

**सञ्चल्य** m. (-ल्यः) 1. Conversation. 2. Uproar, confusion, confused talk.

**सञ्चवन** n. (-नः) A group of four houses joined together in a qua-  
 drangle. **इ. सञ्** together, **जु** to go, aff. **युच्**; also **सञ्चौवन**।

**सञ्जात** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Born, produced. 2. Become. **इ. सञ्** and **जात**  
 born.

**सञ्जानान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Knowing, observing. 2. Watching, who or  
 what keeps watch. **इ. सञ्** before **जा** to know, **शानच्** aff.

**सञ्जौवन** n. (-नः) 1. Animating, bringing to life. 2. A cluster of four  
 houses. 3. One of the twenty-one hells. f. (-नी) A kind of elixir.  
**इ. सञ्** together, **जौ** to live, **खट्** or **युच्** aff.

**सञ्जुषुचा** f. (-चा) Wish or attempt to preserve. **इ. सञ्** before **गृह्** to hide,  
 desid. v., **चञ्** and **टाप्** affs.

**सञ्जुषुचु** mfn. (-चुः-चुः-चु) Wishing to preserve, hide, conceal, &c. **इ. सञ्**  
 before **गृह्** to hide, desid. v., **च** aff.

**सञ्जर** m. (-रः) 1. Heat, the heat of fire, burning, scorching, burn. 2.  
 Fever. **इ. सञ्** before **ज्वर** to burn, aff. **चञ्**।

**सञ्जरानुर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Overcome by or affected with fever, fevered,  
 feverish. **इ. सञ्जर**, and **चानुर** distressed.

**सञ्जारिन्** mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Affected with fever, fevered, diseased. **इ.**  
**सञ्** before **ज्वर** to be feverish, **चिनुण** aff. [**manifest**.]

**सट्** r. 1st cl. (सटति) To form a part. r. 10th cl. (साटयति-ते) To show, to  
**सट** mfn. Subst. (-टः-टा-ट) An ascetic's clotted hair, or the hair  
 collected into a loose braid and twisted forwards upon the fore-  
 head. 2. A mane. 3. A crest. 4. Bristles of a boar. **इ. सट्** to be a  
 part of, and **चञ्** aff.

**सटाङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) A lion. **इ. सटा** mane, and **चङ्ग** mark.

**सटि** f. (-टिः or -टी) Zedoary, (Curcuma zerumbet,) but applied also to  
 the Curcuma amda. see **सटि**. **इ. सट्** to be a part of, **रन्** aff. and  
**जौव्** optionally added.

**सटीक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Accompanied or explained by a commentary.  
**इ. स** with, **टीका** a comment. [**give**. 4. To dwell.]

**सट्** r. 10th cl. (सटयति ते) 1. To hurt or kill. 2. To be strong. 3. To  
**सटक** n. (-कं) A sort of minor drama in Pra'krit only.

**सट्** f. (-ट्) 1. A kind of bird. 2. A musical instrument.

**सट्** r. 10th cl. (साटयति ते) 1. To finish, to complete. 2. To leave un-  
 finished. 3. To go, to move. 4. To adorn.

**सञ्चपथ** n. (-थः) Packthread, hempen cord or thread. **इ. सञ्** **चपथ**,  
 the sibilants being interchanged. [**interchanged**.]

**सण्ड** m. (-ण्डः) A eunuch : see **वण्ड**, and **वण्ड**, &c., the sibilants being  
 interchanged.

**सण्डिग** m. (-गः) A pair of tongs. "संज्ञासि ।"

**सत्ता** n. (-त्ता) One of the modes of flight attributed to birds, perching, alighting. **सत्** before **त्ता** to fly, aff. **त्ता**, form irr.

**सत्** mfn. (-सत्-सत्ता-सत्) 1. True. 2. Good, virtuous. 3. Being, existing. 4. Excellent, best. 5. Venerable, respectable. 6. Wise, learned. 7. Firm, steady. 8. Right, proper. **सत्** 1. A virtuous wife; in ordinary use applied especially to the wife, who burns herself with her husband's corpse. 2. The goddess Uma'. 3. A fragrant earth, commonly Surat-earth. 4. A species of the Pratishta metre. **सत्** 1. The true God, the always present and all-pervading spirit. 2. That which really is, entity, existence, essence. 3. Truth, reality. 4. That which is good. **सत्** A virtuous man. **सत्** In composition, a particle of reverence or respect, implying, good, fit, &c.; as **सत्किंवा** virtue, doing what is right, &c. **सत्** to be, aff. of the participle of the present tense **सत्**.

**सत्ता** mfn. (-सत्ता-सत्ता) Eternal, continual. **सत्ता** Adv. (-सत्ता) Eternally, continually. **सत्** before **सत्ता** to spread, aff. **त्ता**, and the **स** rejected optionally. [nature.]

**सत्ता** u. (-सत्ता) Natural property, nature. **सत्** for **सत्ता** universal, **सत्ता** **सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) The sage GAUTAMA, the author of the Nyāya or logical philosophy. **सत्** the good, and **सत्ता** who delights.

**सत्ता** f. (-सत्ता) 1. End, destruction. 2. Gift, giving, donation. **सत्ता** to give or **सत्ता** to destroy, **सत्ता** aff.; also **सत्ता**.

**सत्ता** n. (-सत्ता) Virtuousness or purity in a wife. **सत्ता**: see **सत्ता**, and **सत्ता** aff.; also with **सत्ता**, **सत्ता**.

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) 1. Pease, or a particular kind of pulse. 2. A bamboo. **सत्ता**, from **सत्ता** being life, **सत्ता** master; with **सत्ता** added **सत्ता**.

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) Pease; also **सत्ता**, and **सत्ता**. **सत्ता**: see the last.

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) A fellow student, the pupil of the same spiritual preceptor. **सत्ता** for **सत्ता** same, **सत्ता** a teacher. [**सत्ता** a teacher, **सत्ता** aff.]

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) A fellow student: see the last. **सत्ता** for **सत्ता** the same.

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) 1. A bamboo. 2. Air, wind. **सत्ता** (-सत्ता) Pease, pulse, or a particular kind, called Teora'. **सत्ता**, **सत्ता** to make, aff. **सत्ता**.

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) Pulse in general, or a particular sort. **सत्ता** wind, **सत्ता** to utter, aff. **सत्ता**; also **सत्ता**, **सत्ता**, **सत्ता**.

**सत्ता** mfn. (-सत्ता) 1. Thirsty, greedy, cupidinous. 2. Thirsty, (literally.) **सत्ता** for **सत्ता** with, **सत्ता**, thirst, literally or figuratively.

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) Husk, chaff. **सत्ता**, **सत्ता** aff.; the **स** is changed to **सत्ता**.

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) A tree, (Nauclea cordifolia.) **सत्ता** good, **सत्ता** the Cadamba-tree.

**सत्ता** n. (-सत्ता) 1. A good act, piety, virtue. 2. Hospitality. 3. Funeral obsequies. 4. Expiation. **सत्ता** and **सत्ता** act; also **सत्ता**, &c.

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) A sort of ebony: see **सत्ता**.

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) A hawk, a kite.

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) 1. Reverence, respect. 2. Hospitable treatment or reception. 3. Care. 4. A meal. 5. A festival. **सत्ता**, **सत्ता** making.

**सत्ता** mfn. (-सत्ता-सत्ता) 1. Worshipped, adored. 2. Respected, revered. 3. Welcomed, saluted. 4. Entertained, treated with hospitality. 5. Done rightly or properly. **सत्ता** 1. Hospitality. 2. Respect. 3. Virtue. **सत्ता** S'iva. **सत्ता** excellent, and **सत्ता** made.

**सत्ता** f. (-सत्ता) 1. Doing good, acting properly, virtue, morality, &c. 2. Treating with respect. **सत्ता** good, and **सत्ता** act.

**सत्ता** Ind. Having treated with respect, &c. **सत्ता**, **सत्ता** having made.

**सत्ता** f. (-सत्ता) Funeral or obsequial ceremonies. 2. Any purificatory ceremony. 3. Doing good, charity, virtue, &c. 4. Worship, homage. 5. Respectful treatment. 6. Salutation, welcome, courtesy. 7. Hospitality. **सत्ता** good, and **सत्ता** act.

**सत्ता** mfn. (-सत्ता-सत्ता) 1. Best, excellent. 2. Very venerable or respectable. 3. Most virtuous. **सत्ता** good, and **सत्ता** aff.

**सत्ता** f. (-सत्ता) 1. Being, existence. 2. Goodness, excellence. 3. Reality. **सत्ता** being, **सत्ता** aff. of the abstract; also **सत्ता**.

**सत्ता** n. (-सत्ता) 1. Sacrifice, oblation. 2. A long sacrificial session lasting from 13 to 100 days. 3. Good conduct. 4. Liberality, munificence. 5. Covering, clothing, concealing. 6. Fraud, roguery, cheating. 7. A wood, a forest. 8. Wealth. 9. A house. 10. A tank, a pond. **सत्ता** (सत्ता) SATRAJIT the father of SATYAMIA'MA'. **सत्ता** to go, Una'di aff. **सत्ता** or **सत्ता**; in writing, one **सत्ता** may be omitted, and it occurs, **सत्ता**.

**सत्ता** f. (-सत्ता) An apartment in which Brāhmins or mendicants, &c. are presented with food and gifts. **सत्ता** giving, and **सत्ता** a house.

**सत्ता** Ind. With, together with. **सत्ता** for **सत्ता** with, **सत्ता** to preserve, aff. **सत्ता**; also written, **सत्ता**.

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) 1. A cloud. 2. An elephant. 3. A victor, a conqueror. **सत्ता** to go, or waste, to destroy, &c., Una'di aff. **सत्ता**.

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) 1. A liberal house-keeper, one constantly performing sacrifice and distributing alms. 2. An ambassador, an agent residing in a foreign country. 3. A priest superintending or performing a sacrifice. **सत्ता** munificence, &c., **सत्ता** aff.

**सत्ता** n. (-सत्ता) 1. One of the three Gunās or properties of man and nature; the quality of excellence or goodness. that which enlightens, constitutes knowledge, and is the cause of truth, and the predominance of which renders the person, in whom it resides, virtuous, gentle, devout, charitable, chaste, honest, &c., and the thing, pure, mild, &c. 2. Substance, thing, either elementary substance, as, earth, air fire, &c., or anything of which some property may be predicated. 3. Mind, intellect. 4. Nature, natural, property or disposition. 5. Vigour, power. 6. Strength. 7. Self-possession or command. 8. Breath. 9. Being, existence. 10. Essence, substance. 11. Wealth. 12. Certainty. 13. Life, the principle of being. 14. A substantive, noun. 15. A demon, a goblin. **सत्ता** (सत्ता) 1. An animal, a being. 2. An embryo. **सत्ता** to perish, aff. **सत्ता**; or **सत्ता** being, good, excellent, &c., **सत्ता** aff. of the abstract: one **सत्ता** being rejected also, it is read **सत्ता**. [attribute]

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) The property of goodness: see the last. **सत्ता**, **सत्ता**.

**सत्ता** f. (-सत्ता) Purity, goodness, the existence of the Satwa-Gun'a, or property of truth and virtue, &c. **सत्ता** added to the last.

**सत्ता** mfn. (-सत्ता-सत्ता) Frightening animals, making them tremble. **सत्ता**, and **सत्ता** to shake, **सत्ता** aff.

**सत्ता** mfn. (-सत्ता-सत्ता) 1. Pure, virtuous, endowed with the quality of goodness. 2. Natural. 3. Existent, &c. **सत्ता** and **सत्ता** aff.

**सत्ता** mfn. (-सत्ता-सत्ता) 1. Done spontaneously or naturally. 2. Virtuous, upright. **सत्ता**, and **सत्ता** effected.

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) 1. Universal destruction. 2. Loss of vigour.

**सत्ता** f. (-सत्ता) Purity of nature or disposition. **सत्ता**, **सत्ता** purity.

**सत्ता** mfn. (-सत्ता-सत्ता) 1. Equable, even-minded, neither elated by prosperity nor depressed by misfortune. 2. Good, excellent. **सत्ता** the good quality, and **सत्ता** endowed with.

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) 1. Essence of strength. 2. A most powerful person.

**सत्ता** mfn. (-सत्ता-सत्ता) 1. Excellent, holy, pure. 2. Being or existing in the nature of things. 3. Animate, inherent in animals. **सत्ता**, **सत्ता** what stays or is. [सत्ता conformable to.]

**सत्ता** mfn. (-सत्ता-सत्ता) According to nature or natural quality. **सत्ता**, **सत्ता**.

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) Natural energy or perseverance. **सत्ता**, **सत्ता** effort.

**सत्ता** n. (-सत्ता) The new leaf of a water-lily. **सत्ता** good, and **सत्ता** a leaf.

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) 1. A good road. 2. Correct or virtuous conduct, doctrine, &c. **सत्ता** good, **सत्ता** a road.

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) Acceptance of gifts from proper persons. **सत्ता**, and **सत्ता** acceptance. [सत्ता an animal.]

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) An animal fit for a sacrifice, a victim. **सत्ता** good, and **सत्ता**.

**सत्ता** n. (-सत्ता) A worthy or virtuous person. **सत्ता**, and **सत्ता** a person.

**सत्ता** m. (-सत्ता) Judicious liberality bestowing favours on the worthy. **सत्ता**, **सत्ता** raining.

सत्यम् m. (-न्) 1. The father of a son. 2. A virtuous son. 3. A son who performs all the prescribed rites in honour of his ancestors.  
E. सत् being or good, and पुत्र a son.

सत्यव्रतम् m. (-न्) A worthy or spirited man. E. सत् and व्रत a male.

सत्यतिपक्षम् m. (-न्) Contrariety of doctrine or argument, knowledge of the opposite arguments proving the existence or non-existence of a thing; viz.—sound is eternal because it is audible; on the other hand sound is non-eternal because it is a product, (in logic.) E. सत् being, प्रतिपक्ष opposition.

सत्यफलम् m. (-न्) The pomegranate. E. सत् good, and फल fruit.

सत्यम् mfn. (-न्) 1. True. 2. Sincere, honest, speaking the truth. n. (-न्) 1. Truth. 2. An oath. 3. The first Yuga or age, the golden age, comprising one million seven hundred and twenty-eight thousand years. 4. Demonstrated conclusion. m. (-न्) 1. RA'MA-CHANDRA. 2. The uppermost of the seven Lokas or worlds, the abode of BRAHMA', and heaven of truth. f. (-न्) 1. SI'RA', the wife of RA'MA. 2. The mother of VYA'SA. 3. DRAUPADI'. 4. DURGA'. 5. SATYABHA'MA'. 6. Speaking the truth, sincerity, veracity. Ind. (सत्यम्) Indeed, verily, a particle of interrogation and asseveration. E. सत् being, and यत् aff.

सत्यम् mfn. (-न्) True, veracious. n. (-न्) Ratification of a bargain. E. सत्य as above, क्त added.

सत्यद्वारम् m. (-न्) Ratification of a bargain. E. सत्य truth, द्वार making, confirming, सुम् augment.

सत्यद्वारकृतम् mfn. (-न्) Given or deposited in order to bind or ratify a bargain. E. सत्यद्वार as above, and कृत made.

सत्यता f. (-ता) Truth, truthfulness. E. तत् added to सत्य; also with त्, सत्यत्।

सत्यधनम् mfn. (-न्) Virtuous, sincere, upright. E. सत्य, धन wealth.

सत्यमाता f. (-ता) One of KRISHNA'S wives and daughter of SATRAJIT.

E. सत्य true, माता beautiful, fem. form.

सत्यभारतम् m. (-न्) VYA'SA, the poet. E. सत्य true, भारत the Maha'bha'rata.

सत्ययुगम् n. (-न्) The first of the four Yugas or ages, the period of general virtue and purity, or golden age, comprising a term of 1,728,000 years. E. सत्य truth, युग age. [यौवन youth.]

सत्ययौवनम् m. (-न्) A Vidya'dhara or demi-god so named. E. सत्य truth,

सत्यरतम् mfn. (-न्) Honest, sincere. m. (-न्) VYA'SA. E. सत्य the truth, and रत devoted to.

सत्यवक्ता mfn. (-न्) A speaker of truth. E. सत्य, वक्ता who speaks. सत्यवचनम् n. (-न्) 1. Speaking truth. 2. Acknowledging or admitting truth. E. सत्य, and वचन speech.

सत्यवचस् mfn. (-न्) Speaking truth, veracious. m. (-न्) A Rishi, a saint, a seer. n. (-न्) Truth. E. सत्य truth, वचस् speech.

सत्यवत् mfn. (-न्) True, possessing or practising truth. m. (-न्) The name of a king. f. (-न्) 1. The mother of a VYA'SA, and wife of PARA'SARA. 2. The wife of NA'ARADA. 3. The wife of RISHIKA, a saint. E. सत्य truth, वत् aff. [सुत son.]

सत्यवतीसुतम् m. (-न्) The poet VYA'SA. E. सत्यवती his mother's name, सत्यवत् mfn. (-न्) True-speaking, veracious. m. (-न्) Truth. E. सत्य, and वद् to speak, with कप् or यत् aff.

सत्यवाक् mfn. (-न्) Speaking truth, veracious, sincere. m. (-न्) 1. A crow. 2. A Rishi, a saint. E. सत्य true, वाक् speech.

सत्यवादित्वम् n. (-त्) Speaking truth. E. सत्यवादित्, त्व aff. [speaks.]

सत्यवादिन् mfn. (-न्) Speaking truth. E. सत्य truth, वादिन् who

सत्यव्रतम् mfn. (-न्) Practising or speaking the truth. E. सत्य truth, and व्रत chosen.

सत्यव्रतम् mfn. (-न्) Practising or adhering to the truth, veracious, honest, sincere. m. (-न्) A king, the 25th of the solar dynasty in the second age. E. सत्य the truth, व्रत religious observance.

सत्यसङ्काशम् mfn. (-न्) Likely, probable, possible, like the truth. E. सत्य truth, सङ्काश like; also, similar compounds, as सत्यसन्निभ, &c.

सत्यसङ्करम् mfn. (-न्) True, veracious. m. (-न्) KURVA, the god of wealth. E. सत्य the truth, सङ्क् with क् to swallow, aff. कप्।

सत्यसन्धम् mfn. (-न्) Veracious, adhering to or observing the truth. m. (-न्) 1. RA'MA. 2. BHARATA, the younger brother of RA'MA. 3. The prince JANAME'JAYA. f. (-न्) DRAUPADI', the wife of PA'NDU princes. E. सत्य truth, सन्ध before धा to have or hold, aff. क।

सत्यसाक्षिन् m. (-न्) An unexceptionable witness. E. सत्य, साक्षिन् a witness.

सत्याकृति f. (-ति) Ratification of a bargain. E. सत्य truth, कृत् before क् to make, to confirm, aff. क्तम्। [सत्य fire.]

सत्यादि m. (-न्) A name of the saint AGASTYA. E. सत्य the truth, and सत्यादि mfn. (ता-ता-न्) True. m. (-न्) A virtuous and upright man. E. सत्य, and आत्मन् Soul.

सत्यानुरक्तम् mfn. (-न्) Upright, true. E. सत्य, and अनुरक्त attached to. सत्याहतम् n. (त) Commerce, trade, traffic. E. सत्य truth, and अहत falsehood, a mixed practice of truth and lies.

सत्यापनम् nf. (-न्) Ratification of a bargain. E. सत्य nominal verb, to speak or observe the truth, causal form, सत्याप, and कृत् or युक् aff.

सत्योत्कर्षम् m. (-न्) Eminence or excellence in truth. E. सत्य, and उत्कर्ष excellence. [said or uttered.]

सत्योद्यम् mfn. (-न्) Speaking the truth. E. सत्य the truth, उद्य to be सत्य r. 10th cl. (सत्ययुग) 1. To act liberally. 2. To be connected. 3. To spread or extend.

सत्यम् n. (-न्) Sacrifice, &c.: see सत्।

सत्यम् mfn. (-न्) Ashamed, modest. E. स with, तप shame.

सत्विजातकम् n. (-न्) Meat which has been once fried with spices, &c., then soaked and dried, and again dressed with Ghee and condiments. E. स for सत् with, त्रि three, जातक species of production.

सत्यम् n. (-न्) The quality of excellence or goodness, &c.: see सत्।

सत्यम् mfn. (-न्) Quick, expeditious. n. Adv. (-न्) Quickly, swiftly. E. स for सत् with, त्वरा dispatch.

सत्यरता f. (-ता) Quickness, speed. E. तत् added to the last; also with त्व, सत्यरत्। [connection.]

सत्यसङ्गम् m. (-न्) Association with the good or respectable. E. सत्, सङ्ग

सत्यसङ्गम् m. (-न्) Association with the good. E. सत्, and सङ्ग association.

सत्यसन्निधानम् n. (-न्) Association or intercourse with the wise and good. E. सत्, and सन्निधान propinquity.

सत्यसमागम् m. (-न्) Association with the good. E. सत्, समागम encounter.

सत्यसायम् mfn. (-न्) 1. Having a friend. 2. Having virtuous friends. E. सत् being, or good, &c. सहाय a friend.

सत्यारम् m. (-न्) 1. A painter. 2. A poet. Adj. Having good essence. E. सत् excellence, सार essence.

सत्यलारम् n. (-न्) Sputtering in speech. E. स for सत् with, लार imitative sound, and लार making.

सत्यशकम् m. (-न्) A crab. E. स with, दंशक a tooth.

सत्यशवदनम् m. (-न्) A heron. E. स with, दंश a tooth or beak, वदन face.

सत्यम् m. (-न्) The fruit of trees. E. वद् to go, वाक् aff.

सत्यम् n. (-न्) Calx of brass. E. सत् good, excellence, सत्य stibium

सत्यम् n. (-न्) 1. A house. 2. Water. 3. Perishing, decaying. 4. Exhaustion. 5. A sacrificial hall. E. वद् to go or perish, aff. युक् or कृत्।

सत्यम् mfn. (-न्) Benevolent, compassionate. E. स with, दया clemency.

सत्यम् mfn. (-न्) Fearful, afraid. E. स with, दर fear.

सत्यम् fn. (-न्) 1. An assembly, a meeting. 2. Seat, residence. E. वद् to go, (to which,) Una'di aff. चसुम्।

सत्यम् mfn. (-न्) 1. Existent and non-existent. 2. True and false. 3. Perceptible and non-perceptible. 4. Real and unreal. 5. Good and bad. 6. Virtuous and wicked. n. Du. 1. Entity and non-entity. 2. Good and evil. E. सत्, असत् untrue, &c.

सत्यसदात्मकम् mfn. (-न्) Being both real and unreal, existent and

non-existent, substantial though imperceptible. **स. सदासत्** and **आत्मक** self.

**सद्विवेक** m. (-कः) Discrimination between true and false, &c. **स. सदासत्**, विवेक judgment. [good and bad.]

**सद्विवेक** m. (-तुः) The cause of discrimination between what is

**सद्विवेक** m. (-तुः) 1. An assistant or by-stander at a sacrifice, &c., one whose business it is to notice and correct mistakes. 2. Any person present at an assembly, a spectator, an assessor, a member, &c. **स. सदासत्** an assembly, **सत्** aff.

**सदा** Ind. Always, ever, at all times. **स. सदा** for **सदा** all, **दा** aff.

**सदासत्** m. (-तुः) 1. The sun. 2. Air, wind. 3. Final happiness, emancipation from life. 4. The Supreme Spirit. **स. सदा**, गति going.

**सदाचार** m. (-रः) 1. The traditional observances of the Hindu castes, as preserved in the land lying between the Saraswati and Drishadwati rivers. 2. Virtuous conduct. **स. सत्** pure, virtuous, and **आचार** observance. [व्युत्प. aff.]

**सदात्म** mfn. (-नः-नी-ने) Eternal. m. (-नः) VISHN'U. **स. सदा** always, **सदातीया** f. (-या) 1. A plant, (Mimosa octandra.) 2. An overflowing river. **स. सदा** always, **सीय** water.

**सदात्म** mfn. (-नः-नी-ने) Good, virtuous. **स. सत्**, and **आत्म** self.

**सदादान** n. (-नः) Liberality, munificence. m. (-नः) 1. The elephant of INDRA. 2. A name of GAN'ES'SA. 3. An elephant in rut. **स. सदा** always, **दान** giving, or the ichor that exudes from the elephant's temples. [happiness.]

**सदाहर्ष** mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) Always happy. m. (-नः) S'IVA. **स. सदा**, **आनन्द** **सदाहर्ष** m. (-नः) A wagtail. **स. सदा** always, **नर्त** a dancer. "खड्गने ।"

**सदाहरी** f. (-री) A small river in the north of Bengal. **स. सदा** always, **हरी** water, **बह** bearing. [सदा always, **हरी** water.]

**सदाहरी** f. (-री) The Karatoya, a small river in the north of Bengal. **स. सदा** always, **हरी** water, **बह** bearing.

**सदापुष्प** m. (-पुः) The cocoanut. f. (-पुः) A shrub, gigantic swallow-wort (the white variety.) **स. सदा** always, and **पुष्प** a flower.

**सदाफल** m. (-लः) 1. The cocoanut tree. 2. The glomerous-fig tree. 3. The Be'l, (Egle marmelos.) **स. सदा** always, and **फल** fruit.

**सदाभ्य** mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) Attentive, present. **स. सदा** always, **भ्य** being.

**सदाभ्य** f. (-या) A shrub, (Gmelina arborea.) **स. सदा** always, **भ्य** auspicious. [दे., इति aff.]

**सदायोगिन्** m. (-गो) VISHN'U. **स. सदा** always, **योग** union by meditation, **सदायोगिन्** m. (-गो) S'IVA. **स. सदा** always, **योग** auspicious.

**सदाश्रित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Attached or belonging to the virtuous, pure, good, lovely, &c. 2. Always connected with or dependent on. **स. सदा** good, &c., or **सदा** always, and **आश्रित** connected.

**सद्वच** n. (-रः) A proper or good reply. **स. सत्**, and **उत्तर** answer.

**सद्वच** mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) 1. Like, similar. 2. Conformable, fit, proper. 3. Worthy, becoming. **स. सदा** for **सदा** same, **वच** to see, **वच** aff.

**सद्वच** mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) Like, similar. **स. सदा** for **सदा** same, **वच** to see, **वच** aff. कृप्.

**सद्वच** mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) 1. Like, resembling, similar. 2. Fit, proper, right. **स. सदा** for **सदा** the same, **वच** to see, **वच** aff. कृप्. [वच, सद्वच.]

**सद्वच** mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) Likeness, sameness. **स. सदा** added to the last ; also with

**सद्वच** mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) 1. Near, proximate. 2. Of the same country or place. 3. Having a country. **स. सदा** for **सदा** the same, **देश** country.

**सद्वच** f. (-तिः) 1. Felicity or fortune. 2. Good conduct. **स. सत्**, गति going.

**सद्वच** mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) 1. Good, pure, virtuous. 2. Excellent, eminent. **स. सत्**, गुण quality. [being, इति cause.]

**सद्वच** m. (-तुः) (In logic,) The co-existence of cause and effect. **स. सत्**

**सदाव** m. (-वः) 1. A pure or holy disposition or nature. 2. A good temper. 3. Amiability, kindly feeling. 4. The quality or nature of being, entity. 5. The property of goodness. **स. सत्**, and **आव** quality.

**सद्वच** mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) True. **स. सत्** true, and **वच** been.

**सद्वच** n. (-नः) 1. A house, a dwelling. 2. Water. 3. An altar. 4. A temple. **स. सदा** to go, **वच** aff. मनिच्.

**सद्वच** f. (-तिः) A number of houses. **स. सदा**, and **वच** an assemblage.

**सदाकृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Done promptly or quickly. n. (-तः) A name, an appellation. **स. सदा** instantly, **कृत** made.

**सदाशोष** f. (-षा) Cowach, (Carpopogon pruriens.) **स. सदा** instantly, **शोष** a swelling.

**सदासत्** Ind. 1. Instantly, momentarily, at the moment, in an instant. 2. To day. **स. सदा** for **सदा** the same, and **सदा** for **सदा** a day.

**सदासत्** mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) New, recent. **स. सदा** in the moment, **सदा** aff.

**सदासत्** m. (-नः) Present time.

**सदासत्** f. (-नी) A virtuous maiden. **स. सदा**, and **सदा** a young woman.

**सदासत्** m. (-नः) A calf. **स. सदा** in a moment, and **जन्त** born.

**सदासत्** m. (-नी) A calf. **स. सदा** in a moment, **जन्त** being. [वच aff.]

**सदासत्** mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) 1. Resting, staying. 2. Going. **स. सदा** to go or sit, **सदा** mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) Of high birth, of a good race. **स. सदा**, **वच** a race.

**सदासत्** m. (-नः) A village. **स. सदा** good, **वच** to abide, **वच** aff.

**सदासत्** mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) 1. Amiable, well-behaved. 2. Moral, virtuous. 3. Well-rounded, handsomely orbicular. n. (-नः) Amiableness, good or amiable disposition. **स. सदा** good, and **वच** selected, &c.

**सदासत्** mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) Wealthy, rich. **स. सदा** with, **वच** wealth.

**सदासत्** mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) 1. Like, equal, resembling. 2. Of the same sect or caste, performing like duties. 3. Of the same or similar properties. **स. सदा** for **सदा** same, **वच** merit, practice, and **वच** aff.

**सदासत्** f. (-नी) A wife, one married with religious rites. **स. सदा** with, (her husband,) **वच** duty, **वच** who proceeds.

**सदासत्** mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) Observing the same customs or laws. f. (-नः-नः-नः) A wife wedded according to the ritual of the Védas. **स. सदा** same or with, **वच** virtue or duty, **वच** aff. [husband.]

**सदासत्** f. (-नी) Wife, whose husband is living. **स. सदा** for **सदा** with, **वच** a

**सदासत्** m. (-नः) A name of AGNI or fire. **स. सदा** with, **वच** to have, **वच** aff. कृप्.

**सदासत्** m. (-नः) An ox, a bull. **स. सदा** to bear, **वच** aff. इति, and **वच** changed to वच.

**सदासत्** mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) Accompanying, going with, a companion. f. (-नः-नः-नः) A woman's female friend, a confidante. **स. सदा** substituted for **सदा** with, **वच** to go, **वच** aff.

**सदासत्** mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) The flapping of an elephant's ears. m. (-नः) 1. A plant, commonly Ghanta'p'ali. 2. A tree, (Pentaptera tomentosa.) f. (नी) 1. GAURI. 2. Light, lustre. **स. सदा** to give, or serve, **वच** aff. कृप्.

**सदासत्** m. (-नः) 1. One of the companions of VISHN'U, or four sons of BRAHMA', inhabiting the Janaloka. 2. Name of an inspired legislator. **स. सदा** to serve, **वच** aff. [give, aff. कृप्.]

**सदासत्** m. (-नः) BRAHMA'. Ind. Always, perpetually. **स. सदा** to serve or

**सदासत्** m. (-नः) 1. One of the four sons of BRAHMA', and eldest of the progenitors of mankind. 2. One of the twelve emperors of India according to the Jains. **स. सदा** always, **सदा** a youth : i. e. continent ; retaining the purity of that age, or being devoid of human passion ; otherwise, **सदा** BRAHMA', and **सदा** son.

**सदासत्** m. (-नः) One of the four sons of BRAHMA', inhabiting the Janaloka. **स. सदा** with, **वच** pleasure.

**सदासत्** f. (-नी) A plant, (Marsilea quadrifolia) **स. सदा** the Asana or pentaptera, **वच** a leaf ; more usually **सदा** वच.

**सदासत्** n. (-नः) 1. Excrement, ordure. 2. S'IVA's trident. 3. Crystal. **स. सदा** to give, **वच** aff.

**सदासत्** n. (-नः) Packthread, or a net made of it. **स. सदा** to serve, **वच** aff.

**सदा** Ind. Always, eternally, perpetually. **स. सदा** to serve, **वच** aff.

**सदासत्** mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) 1. Eternal, continual, perpetual. 2. Firm, fixed, permanent. 3. Primeval. m. (-नः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. S'IVA. 3. BRAHMA'.

**सदासत्** 4. A guest of the Manes, or one who is to be fed whenever he chooses to attend the obsequial ceremonies or S'hra'dhas f. (-नी) 1. The goddess LAKSHMI. 2. A name of DURGA. 3. SARASWATI. **स. सदा** always, and **वच** or **वच** aff. ; or **सदा** वच, **वच** नः ।

सनात् Ind. Always, perpetually.

[सन्धि husband.

सनाथ f. (-था) A woman whose husband is living. इ. स for सन्धि with, सनाथि mfn. (-भिः-भिः-भिः) 1. Like, resembling. 2. Affectionate. m. (-भिः)

1. A kinsman, one of the same family name : it is considered also the same as the Sapin'da or gentile, a relation as far as the seventh degree, and qualified to offer the funeral cake. 2. A uterine brother. इ. स with or same, नाभि navel.

सनाथ्य m. (-थ्यः) A relation as far as the seventh degree.

सनामक m. (-कः) The Morunga tree, (Hyperanthera morunga.)

सन्नि m. (-निः) 1. Service, worship. 2. Giving, donation. mf. (-निः-नी)

Request, solicitation, respectful solicitation as addressed to a spiritual preceptor, &c. 2. Quarter, region, point of the compass.

इ. सन् to honour, to give, इति Una'di aff., डीप् optionally added.

सन्निहीव n. (-वः) Sputtered speech, utterance interrupted by saliva. इ.

स for सन्धि with, निर before हीव् to eject saliva, चञ् aff., deriv. irr.

सन्निहिव n. (-वः) Speech uttered with emission of saliva or sputtered. इ.

स with, नि before हीव् to spit, aff. चञ् ; also सन्निहीव । [or abode.

सनीड mfn. (-डः-डा-डः) Near, proximate. इ. स for समान same, नीड nest सन्तर् इ. Concealment.

सन्त m. (-न्तः) The hands opened and joined. इ. सन् वा. त ।

सन्तचय n. (-च) Sarcastic language, scoff.

सन्तत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Eternal, continual. 2. Spread, extended. 3.

Continuous. 4. Much, many. n. Adv. (-तः) Eternally. इ. सन् before तन् to spread, aff. क ।

["constantly," &c.

सन्ततम् It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "continually,"

सन्तताभ्यास m. (-सः) The regular study and perusal of the Vēdas. इ. सन्त constant, continual, अभ्यास exercise.

सन्तति f. (-तिः) 1. Race, lineage. 2. A son, a daughter, offspring, progeny. 3. Descent, succession. 4. A continuous line, a row, a range. 5. Extent, expanse, spreading, stretching. 6. Heap, multitude. इ. सन् with, equally, तन् to spread, aff. क्तिच् .

सन्तपन n. (-नः) Inflaming, torturing.

सन्तप mfn. (-पः-ता-पः) 1. Suffering pain or distress, distressed, afflicted, wretched. 2. Suffering from extreme heat. 3. Burnt, scorched. 4.

Inflamed with passion, &c. इ. सन् before तप् to heat, aff. क्.

सन्तमसु n. (-सुः) Great or universal darkness. इ. सन् completely, तमसु gloom. [चञ् added.

सन्तमस mfn. (-सः-सा-सु) Darkened, clouded. इ. सन्, and तमसु darkness,

सन्तर्जन n. (-नः) Abusing, reproving, scolding. इ. सन् before तर्ज् to abuse, छुट् aff. [to abuse, क् aff.

सन्तर्जित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Abused, scolded, reproved. इ. सन् before तर्ज्

सन्तर्पण n. (-णः) 1. Satisfying, satiating, gratifying. 2. Anything giving delight. इ. सन् before तर्प् to be satisfied, causal v., छुट् aff.

सन्तर्पित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Satisfied, satiated. इ. सन् before तर्प् to be satisfied, causal v., क् aff.

सन्तान m. (-नः) 1. Family, race, lineage. 2. Offspring, progeny, a son or daughter. 3. One of the five trees of heaven. 4. Spreading, expansion. 5. Continuous line. इ. सन् before तन् to spread, aff. चञ् ।

सन्तानक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) What spreads, scatters, &c. m. (-कः) One of the five trees of heaven. f. (-निक्ता) 1. Cream, the coagulum of milk, &c. 2. A cobweb. 3. The blade of a knife or sword. 4. Froth, foam. इ. सन् before तन् to spread, aff. छुट् । [peace.

सन्तानसन्धि f. (-धिः) Peace cemented by family alliance. इ. सन्तान, सन्धि

सन्ताप m. (-पः) 1. Heat, burning heat. 2. Affliction, pain, distress. 3. Passion. 4. Repentance. 5. Penance. इ. सन्, तप् to heat, aff. चञ् ।

सन्तापन n. (-नः) 1. Burning, scorching. 2. Pain, affliction. 3. Exciting passion. m. (-नः) One of the arrows of KA'MADE'VA or love. इ. सन् before तप् to heat, causal form, युच् or छुट् aff.

सन्तापहर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) 1. Cooling. 2. Consolatory, consoling. इ. सन्ताप, and हर what removes.

सन्तापित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Pained, distressed, afflicted. 2. Suffering from heat. 3. Inflamed with passion. इ. सन् before तप् to burn causal v., aff. क्, and छुट् augment.

सन्ताप्य Ind. Having caused to be heated. इ. सन्, तप् to be hot, causal v.

सन्धि f. (-धिः) 1. End, destruction. 2. Gift, giving. इ. धच् to give, धिच् aff. ; also सति and सति । [pleased

सन्तुष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टः) Delighted, pleased. इ. सन् intensive prefix, तुष्ट

सन्तोष m. (-पः) 1. Joy, pleasure, delight, satisfaction, happiness. 2. Thumb and fore-finger. इ. सन् intensive prefix, तुष्ट to be pleased, aff. चञ् ।

सन्तोषण n. (-णः) 1. Pleasing, propitiating. 2. Comforting. इ. सन् before तुष्ट to be pleased, causal v., छुट् aff.

सन्तोषित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Consoled, comforted. 2. Gratified. इ. सन् before तुष्ट to be pleased, causal v., क् aff.

सन्तोष्य mfn. (-यः-या-यः) To be pleased, comforted, gratified, &c. इ. सन्, तुष्ट to be pleased, causal v., तच् aff. [causal v., छुट् aff

सन्तोष्य Ind. Having pleased or gratified. इ. सन् before तुष्ट to be pleased,

सन्त्यक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तः) Left, abandoned. इ. सन्, and त्यज् to leave, क् aff.

सन्त्यजन n. (-नः) Leaving, abandoning. इ. सन्, त्यज् to leave, छुट् aff

सन्तप्त mfn. (-प्तः-प्ता-प्तः) Frightened, alarmed. इ. सन्, तप् to fear, क् aff

सन्ताप m. (-पः) Fear, alarm. इ. सन् before, तप् to fear, चञ् aff.

सन्देश m. (-शः) 1. A pair of tongs or nippers. 2. The great compression of the teeth in the pronunciation of vowels. इ. सन् with, देश biting.

सन्देशक n. (-कः) A pair of tongs. f. (-का) 1. A pair of nippers, or small shears or tongs. 2. A vice. इ. सन् before देश् to bite or nip, अच्

कुन्, fem. form.

सन्धान mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. Having, possessing. 2. Being at peace with, making peace. 3. Fixing or placing in or on. इ. सन् before धा to have, धानच् aff.

सन्धर्भ m. (-र्भः) 1. Weaving garlands, collecting flowers into a wreath or chaplet, &c. 2. Stringing, collecting, arranging. 3. Uniting, mixture. 4. Regular connection. 5. Composition. 6. Construction. इ. सन् with, together, ह्रस्व to collect, aff. चञ् ; or सन् + ह्रस्व-चञ् ।

सन्दर्शन n. (-नः) 1. Looking, seeing. 2. Shewing. 3. Appearance. 4. Meeting. 5. Regard, consideration. इ. सन् completely, दर्शन seeing or सन् before दृश् to see, causal v., छुट् aff.

सन्दर्शयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्तो-यत्) Shewing, pointing out. इ. सन् before दृश् to see, causal v., श्रट् aff. [causal v., क् aff

सन्दर्शित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Shewn, pointed out. इ. सन् before दृश् to see,

सन्धान n. (-नः) A rope, a cord, (for tying cattle especially.) m. (-नः) The elephant's temples, or part whence the ichorous fluid issues when the animal is in rut. इ. सन् before ही to cut, aff. छुट् ; or सन् with, दान the temporal juice.

सन्धानित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Bound, tied. इ. सन्धान a rope, इतच् aff.

सन्धानिनी f. (-नी) A cow-house. इ. सन्धान a rope for tying cattle, इति and डीप् affs ; also सन्धानिनी ।

सन्धासितक n. (-कः) A poem of three stanzas.

सन्धाव m. (-वः) Flight, retreat. इ. सन् before दृ to go, aff. चञ् ।

सन्दिग्ध mfn. (-ग्धः-ग्धा-ग्धः) 1. Doubtful, questioned, doubtful. 2. Entertaining doubt, uncertain. 3. Obscure, (as a passage.) 4. Dangerous, unsafe. 5. Covered. इ. सन् before दिद् to augment, aff. क् ।

सन्दिग्धनिश्चय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Confident in a doubtful matter. इ. सन्दिग्ध, and निश्चय certainty.

सन्दिग्धमति m. (-तिः) A sceptic, one who is uncertain or doubtful of the results of religious observances, &c. इ. सन्दिग्ध doubtful, doubting, मति mind.

सन्दिग्धलेख n. (-लः) A writing or document of doubtful meaning or authority. इ. सन्दिग्ध, and लेख a writing.

सन्दिग्धार्थ m. (-र्थः) 1. A disputed debt, either in its amount or exis-

tence 2. Doubtful interpretation or meaning. ३. सन्दिग्ध doubted, चर्च property or meaning.

सन्दिग्ध mfn. (-सन्-ता-सं) Bound, tied. ३. सन् before ही to cut, aff. क् ।

सन्दिग्धविद् mfn. (-सु-सु-वु) Wishing to shew. ३. सन् before ह् to see, causal form, desid. v., उ aff. [shew, गृह aff.]

सन्दिग्ध mfn. (-सन्-सन्-सन्) Informing, telling. ३. सन् before दिद् to

सन्दिग्ध mfn. (-सन्-सन्-सन्) 1. Told, communicated, related as news or information. 2. Promised, agreed, engaged. 3. Pointed out, assigned. n. (-सन्) News, tidings, information. m. (-सन्) A messenger, a herald. ३. सन् with, दिद् to shew, aff. क् ।

सन्दिग्ध m. (-सन्) A herald, pursuivant, a royal messenger who communicates oral instructions or orders. ३. सन्दिग्ध communicated, चर्च meaning. [lect, aff. ग्राह्यम् ।]

सन्दिग्ध mfn. (-सन्-सन्-सन्) Dubious, uncertain. ३. सन् before दिद् to collect, सन्दिग्ध mfn. (-सन्-सन्-सन्) Doubtful, uncertain, obscure. ३. सन् before दिद् to collect, pass. v., ग्राह्यम् aff. [and लोप् fem. aff.]

सन्दी f. (-दी) A small bed or couch. ३. सन् before ही to cut, aff. च ।

सन्दीपन n. (-न) 1. Inflaming, kindling. 2. Exoiting. m. (-न) One of the five arrows of KA'MADEVA.

सन्दीप f. (-ता) 1. Kindled, inflamed. 2. Exoited, instigated, encouraged.

सन्दीप m. (-यः) A plant, (Celosia cristata.) ३. सन् + दीप्-च् ।

सन्दीपन n. (-च) Corrupting, vitiating.

सन्दीप mfn. (-सन्-सन्-सन्) 1. Seen, beheld. 2. Foreseen, anticipated. ३. सन् before ह् to see, क् aff.

सन्दीपन mfn. (-सन्-सन्-सन्) 1. Being seen or looked at. 2. Being foreseen. ३. सन् before ह् to see, pass. v. ग्राह्यम् aff.

सन्दीप m. (-यः) 1. News, tidings, information. 2. Commission, command. ३. सन् together, दिद् to shew, aff. चक् । [वाच, speech.]

सन्दीपन m. (-यः) Communication of intelligence. ३. सन्दीप news,

सन्दीपन m. (-यः) A messenger, an envoy, an ambassador. ३. सन्दीप tidings, वर who takes. [news, वरक who conveys.]

सन्दीपन m. (-यः) A messenger, an envoy, an ambassador. ३. सन्दीप

सन्दीपन m. (-यः) The subject of a message or communication.

सन्दीप m. (-यः) 1. Doubt, uncertainty. 2. Risk, danger. 3. Rhetorical doubt proceeding from the close resemblance of two objects. ३. सन् before दिद् to collect, aff. चक् ।

सन्दीपन f. (-ता) The swing of uncertainty, a dilemma.

सन्दीप m. (-यः) Assemblage, multitude, quantity. 2. Milking. ३. सन् together, ह् to fill, aff. चक् ।

सन्दीप m. (-यः) Flight, retreat. ३. सन् with, ह् to go, to run, aff. चक् ।

सन् mfn. (-सन्-सन्-सन्) 1. Possessing as an integrant part, intimately blended with. 2. Holding, possessing, having placed in or on. 3. Joined, united. f. (-ता) 1. Promise, assent, agreement. 2. State, condition, the steady continuance in any state, steadiness, fixation. 3. Intimate union or association, identification. 4. Twilight. 5. Stipulation. 6. Limit, boundary. 7. Steadiness. 8. Distillation. ३. सन् together, वा to have or hold, aff. क्, or चक्, and टप् fem. aff.

सन्दीप mfn. (-सन्-सन्-सन्) To be united or allied with, to be reconciled, to be connected, &c. ३. सन् before वा to have, तच् aff.

सन्दीप n. (-न) 1. Holding together, uniting, joining. 2. Tying, binding. 3. Fixing, (as an arrow.) 4. Peace, alliance. 5. Association, company. 6. Supporting, reception, receiving, sustaining. 7. Mixing, joining, intimate union or combination. 8. A relish, something eaten to excite thirst. 9. Sour rice-gruel. 10. Pickles, &c., acid preparation of the Be'l and other fruits. 11. Spirituous liquor. 12. Contracting the skin, &c. by astringent applications. 13. A joint. nf. (-नी) Distillation, distilling, the manufacture of spirituous liquors. f. (-नी) A brazery, a foundery, a place where the base metals are stored or wrought. ३. सन् together, वा to hold, aff. क्, टप् ।

सन्दीपन mfn. (-सन्-सन्-सन्) Who or what heals, re-unites, allies, connecting, re-uniting, &c. n. (-च) 1. Uniting, combining. 2. Healing. 3. Allying, making peace. ३. सन्दीप, and वरक making, the act or instrument. [सन्, what makes.]

सन्दीपन mfn. (-सन्-सन्-सन्) Uniting, connecting, healing, &c. ३. सन्दीप, सन्दीपन mfn. (-सन्-सन्-सन्) 1. Bound, tied. 2. Strung together. ३. सन्दीप holding together, aff. क् ।

सन्दीपनी f. (-नी) A cow-house. ३. सन्दीप a binding, वरि and लोप् affa.

सन्दीपन n. (-च) Holding, observing, practising. ३. सन् before वृ to hold, क् ट् aff. [to hold, क् ट् aff.]

सन्दीप mfn. (-यो-यो-यो) To be observed or followed. ३. सन् before वृ

सन्धि m. (-सन्धि) 1. Union, junction, connection, combination. 2. Peace, making peace, pacification. 3. A hole, a chasm. 4. A hole made in a wall or underneath it to enter a building for hostile or felonious purposes, a breach, a mine, &c. 5. Breaking, dividing. 6. The vulva. 7. A division of a drama, apparently applicable to each subject represented or sentiment excited, as considered severally and detached from the rest, though contributing to the connection of the whole; contrast of incident, change of situation, transition of passion or emotion, &c. 8. An interval, a pause or rest. 9. A joint, an articulation of the body. 10. The union of letters, either at the end and beginning of different words, or in the middle of compound terms, to avoid dissonance or hiatus. 11. A period at the expiration of each Yuga or age, or one-sixth of its duration, intervening before the commencement of the next; a Sandhi, also, of the same length as the Satya-Yuga, occurs at the end of each Manwantara and each Kalpa. 12. Critical juncture, opportune moment. 13. (In mensuration,) The connecting link of a perpendicular. ३. सन् together, वा to have or hold, aff. क् of either the act, condition or instrument; whence the word becomes applicable to a chasm, &c., as to an interval, which whilst it divides, also connects, two parts or places.

सन्धि f. (-ता) Distillation. ३. सन् together, वा to have, aff. क्, and क् added, fem. form.

सन्धिचोर m. (-रः) A house-breaker. ३. सन्धि a breach, चोर a thief. "सन्धिचोर" ।

सन्धिचोर m. (-रः) One who seeks for wealth by dishonest means, especially as a go-between. ३. सन्धि union, (of others,) जीवक who lives by.

सन्धि mfn. (-सन्-सन्-सन्) 1. Tied, bound, strung, fastened together. 2. Allied, united, reconciled. 3. Pickled. n. (-न) 1. Pickles and preparations of various fruits. 2. Spirituous liquor. ३. सन्धा union, वरक् aff.

सन्धि mfn. (-सन्-सन्-सन्) Wishing to be at peace or in alliance with. ३. सन् before वा to have, desid. v., उ aff.

सन्धिचोर n. (-च) The violation of a treaty or alliance.

सन्धिनी f. (-नी) 1. A cow with calf, or one which has taken the bull. 2. One who is milked unseasonably. ३. सन्धा joining, वरि aff.

सन्धिचोर m. (-यः) A flower, (Kæmpferia rotunda.) [binding.]

सन्धिचोर n. (-न) A tendon, a nerve, a ligament. ३. सन्धि a joint, वरक

सन्धिचोर f. (-ता) A hole or breach in a wall. ३. सन्धि a breach, वरक्, a hole, क् added, fem. form.

सन्धि f. (-ता) 1. A river. 2. Spirituous liquor. 3. A hole in a wall, a breach. 4. A chasm, a pit, a mine. ३. सन्धि a hole, &c., क् ट् aff.

सन्धिविद्यधिकार m. (-रः) War ministry, charge of peace and war. ३. सन्धि, विद्य war, अधिकार office. [last.]

सन्धिविद्यधिकारिन् m. (-री) Chief political minister. ३. वरि added to the

सन्धिविद्य m. (-यः) An able negotiator. ३. सन्धि and विद्यचक् skilled; also similar compounds, as सन्धिकुशल, &c.

सन्धिविद्य m. (-यः) A negotiator, a minister. ३. सन्धि, and विद् who knows.

सन्धिविद्य f. (-ता) 1. A particular period, and one which connects the part of the day or fortnight, as morning, noon, and evening, new moon,

the first or thirteenth day of the fortnight and full moon. 2. Twilight. E. सम् union, वेला time. [carries away.]

सम्हारक m. (-कः) A house-breaker. E. सम् a breach, हारक who

सम्पन्न n. (-च) 1. Kindling, inflaming. 2. Exciting.

सम्पित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Lighted, inflamed, kindled. 2. Excited. E. सम् before प् to kindle, त् aff.

सम्पद्य mfn. (-यः या य) 1. To be joined, united, &c. 2. To be reconciled or at peace with. 3. To be allied, connected, &c., what or who may or ought to be allied, &c. E. सम् before या to have, यत् aff.

सम्प्रा f. (-प्रा) 1. Twilight, either morning or evening. 2. The period that elapses between the expiration of one Yuga or age, and the commencement of another. 3. A period of time, forenoon, after moon or mid-day. 4. Religious abstraction, meditation, repetition of Man'tras, sipping water, &c., to be performed by the three first classes of Hindus, at stated periods in the course of every day, especially at sunrise, sunset, and at noon. 5. Reflection. 6. Promise, assent. 7. Boundary, limit. 8. Joining, union. 9. A flower; according to some the tuberosa, to others, the jasmine. 10. Twilight, personified as the daughter of BRAHMA, and wife of S'IVA. 11. The name of a river. E. सम् a joint, (of the day,) and यत् aff.; or सम् + प्र-चङ् सम्प्री भवः यत् वा ।

सम्प्रा m. (-प्रा) 1. Twilight. 2. The period at the end of each Yuga. E. सम्प्रा as above, and च य portion.

सम्प्राय m. (-यः) Twilight. E. सम्प्रा, च य a ray.

सम्प्राकाल n. (-लः) 1. Twilight. 2. The intervals of a Yuga. E. सम्प्रा, काल time.

सम्प्राचल m. (-लः) The name of a mountain. E. सम्प्रा twilight, चचल a

सम्प्रात्रय n. (-यः) The three periods of the day. E. सम्प्रा, and त्रय triad.

सम्प्राणाटिन् m. (-टी) S'IVA. E. सम्प्रा evening twilight, नाटिन् who dances.

सम्प्राबल m. (-लः) An imp, a Rākshasa. E. सम्प्रा evening, बल strength.

सम्प्राबलि m. (-लिः) Any image of NANDI, the bull of S'IVA, either of clay, wood, or stone, placed in a temple of the deity. E. सम्प्रा evening, (when S'IVA is worshipped,) बलि an offering. [twilight, चच ताले.

सम्प्राभ n. (-भः) 1. A sort of red chalk. 2. An evening cloud. E. सम्प्रा

सम्प्राभ n. (-भः) Red-lead. E. सम्प्रा twilight, and राग the colour.

सम्प्राभ m. (-भः) BRAHMA. E. सम्प्रा the daughter of the deity, of whom he become enamoured, and चङ् before रम् to sport, aff. चङ् ।

सम्प्रासमय m. (-यः) 1. Evening twilight. 2. The period after each Yuga. E. सम्प्रा, and समय time.

सम्प mfn. (-प्र-प्रा-प्र) 1. Shrunk, diminished. 2. Lost, gone. 3. Still, motionless. 4. Dispirited. 5. Adjacent. 6. Sunk down. n. (-प्र) A little, a small quantity. m. (-प्रः) The Piyāla tree. E. पद् to go, त् aff.

सम्पक m. (-कः) A tree, commonly Piyāla : see सम्पकद्रु ।

सम्पकण्ड mfn. (-ण्डः-ण्डा-ण्ड) Choking, choked, scarcely able to articulate. E. सम्प gone, कण्ड the throat.

सम्पकद्रु m. (-द्रुः) A tree, commonly Piyāla, (Buchanania latifolia, Rox.) E. सम्पक said to mean here, sharp, hot, and द्रु a tree; also सम्पक ।

सम्पत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Bent, bowed down. E. सम्, and तत bowed.

सम्पति f. (-तिः) 1. Reverence, obeisance, reverential salutation. 2. Humiliating. 3. Sound. E. सम् before नम् to bow, and तिन् aff.

सम्पन्न mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्न) 1. Armed, mailed, accoutred. 2. Arranged, arrayed, prepared for battle. 3. Bound, girdled on. 4. Harnessed. 5. Prevalent. 6. Murderous, felonious, provided with arms for the destruction of others. 7. Wearing amulets, provided with charms, &c. 8. Near, at hand. E. सम् before नम् to bind, aff. त् ।

सम्पद्य m. (-यः) 1. Multitude, number, quantity. 2. Rear, rearguard. E. सम् together, नी to get or guide, aff. चङ् ।

सम्पद्वै mfn. (-वैः-वै-वै) Destitute of joy, distressed. E. सम्प gone, द्वै joy.

सम्पदन n. (-नः) Arming, equipping. 2. Industry, exertion. 3. Binding tightly. E. सम् + नद् सम्पद ।

सम्पन्न m. (-न्नः) 1. Armour, mail, either of iron or thick quilted cotton. 2. Arming for battle. E. सम् before नम् to bind, aff. चङ् । 'संकोपा ।'

सम्पन्न m. (-न्नः) A war-elephant. E. सम्पन्न armour, यत् aff. of fitness.

सम्पिकर्ष mfn. (-र्षः-र्षा) 1. Proximity, nearness. 2. Bring or drawing near. 3. Connection, relation. 4. Connection of an organ of sense with its object, (in Nyāya philosophy.) E. सम् together, नि before कर्ष् to attract, aff. चङ्, fem. aff. टाप्, or चङ् aff.

सम्पिकर्ष n. (-र्ष) 1. Proximity. 2. Approximation, approximating, bringing or approaching near to. E. सम् and नि before कर्ष् to make furrows, aff. कृट् ।

सम्पिकट mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) Near, proximate. n. (-ट) Vicinity. E. सम् and नि prefixed to कर्ष् to make furrows, aff. त् ।

सम्पिचर m. (-रः) The Piya'l tree, (Buchanania latifolia.) E. सम् and नि before चर् to ooze, aff. चङ् ।

सम्पिचय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Collected. E. सम् with, निचय heap.

सम्पिच n. (-च) Proximity. E. सम् and नि before या to have, aff. च ।

सम्पिचर mfn. (-रा-वी-र) 1. Receiving, keeping in deposit or near to, who or what places near to, &c. 2. A receiver of stolen goods. 3. An officer who introduces people at court. E. सम् and नि before या to have, ट् aff.

सम्पिधान n. (-नः) 1. Proximity. 2. Appearance, perceptibility. 3. Placing, depositing. 4. Receiving, taking charge of. 5. A receptacle. 6. Placing down together. E. सम् and नि before या to have कृट् aff.

सम्पिधाय Ind. Having placed or placed near at hand. E. सम्, नि before या to have, कृप् aff.

सम्पिधि f. (-धिः) 1. Proximity, approximation. 2. Perceptibility, presence, appearance, becoming or being visible or perceptible. 3. Placing. 4. Receiving. 5. A receptacle. E. सम् and नि before या to have, and कि aff.; also सम्पिध and सम्पिधान ।

सम्पितित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Assembled, collected. 2. Mixed, blended. 3. Alighted, descended. 4. Come, arrived. E. सम् and नि before पत् to go, aff. त् ।

सम्पिपात m. (-तः) 1. Collection, assemblage, multitude. 2. Union, junction, contact. 3. Mixture, miscellaneous collection. 4. Morbid state of the three humours of the body producing fever and dangerous illness. 5. Alighting, descending, falling down. 6. Arrival. 7. A kind of musical tune or measure. E. सम् and नि before पत् to go, aff. चङ् ।

सम्पिपातक m. (-कः) Dangerous illness. E. कन् added to the last.

सम्पिबध mfn. (-धः-धा-ध) Bound firmly, fast tied or fettered. E. सम् and नि intensives, बध bound.

सम्पिबन्ध m. (-बन्धः) 1. Binding, tying. 2. Connection, consequence. 3. Effectiveness. E. सम् completely, or सत् good, निबन्ध fastening.

सम्पिबन्ध n. (-बन्ध) Binding or tying fast. E. सम् नि intens., बन्ध tying.

सम्पिभ mfn. (-भः-भा-भ) Like, similar. E. सम्, and निभ like.

सम्पिभय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Immersed, plunged in. 2. Asleep, sleeping. E. सम्, and निभय immersed. [निमित्त cause.]

सम्पिभित्त n. (-त्तः) For a good cause, for the sake of the good. E. सम्, नि

सम्पियुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) 1. Appointed, employed. 2. Attached to, connected with. E. सम् and नि before युज् to join, त् aff.

सम्पिधीन m. (-नः) 1. Attachment or application to, connection or union with. 2. Deputation, appointment. E. सम् and नि before युज् to join, चङ्, aff.

सम्पिबध mfn. (-धः-धा-ध) Stopped, obstructed, checked. E. सम् and नि before ध् to oppose, त् aff.

सम्पिरोध m. (-धः) Hindrance, check, obstruction, suppression. E. सम् and नि before ध् to hinder, चङ्, aff.

सम्पिबिष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) 1. Near, present, at hand. 2. Entered into. 3. Collected, assembled. 4. Neighbouring. E. सम् and नि before बिष् to enter, aff. त्.



**सन्निवृत्त** mfn. (-तः-त-च) 1. Ceasing, forbearing. 2. Stopped, ceased. 3. Returned, coming back. **स.** सन् and नि before हृत् to be, **क** aff.

**सन्निवृत्ति** f. (-तिः) 1. Restraint, forbearance, avoiding, forsaking. 2. Returning, coming back. **स.** सन्, and निवृत्ति desisting, stopping.

**सन्निवेश** m. (-शः) 1. An open space, either in a town or its vicinity where the people take exercise or diversion. 2. Vicinity, proximity, neighbourhood. 3. Fabrication, manufacture, construction, preparation. 4. Putting in, causing to enter. 5. Union, junction. 6. Assemblage, collection. 7. Situation, position, posture. 8. The collective form or figure of an asterism. **स.** सन् and नि before विद् to enter, **अ** aff. **व** aff. [वद् to go, **क** aff.]

**सन्निवृत्त** mfn. (-तः-त-च) Stationary, seated, halted. **स.** सन् and नि before

**सन्नित** mfn. (-तः-त-न) 1. Near, proximate, at hand, present. 2. Staying, being. 3. Deposited, fixed, laid up. 4. Ready, prepared. **स.** सन् together, निहित placed.

**सन्निहितायाय** mfn. (-यः-या-च) Transient, brief. Adj. Fleeting, liable to destruction, transitory. **स.** सन्निहित, and अपाव loss.

**सन्मान** n. (-नं) Respect for the good. **स.** सन्, and मान respect.

**सन्मार्ग** m. (-गः) Good or virtuous conduct. **स.** सन्, and मार्ग a way.

**सन्नयन** n. (-नं) 1. Abandonment of the world. 2. Entrusting to. **स.** सन् and नि before अस् to throw, कृत् aff.

**सन्नत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Abandoned, deserted. 2. Entrusted or delivered to. 3. Laid down. **स.** सन् and नि before अस् to throw, **क** aff.

**सन्नत** Ind. 1. Having left or abandoned. 2. Having consigned or delivered to. **स.** सन् and नि before अस् to throw, **क** aff.

**सन्नास** m. (-सः) 1. Abandonment of all worldly affections and possessions. 2. Abandonment in general. 3. Deposit, trust, or relinquishment to. 4. Sudden death. 5. A stake in game. 6. Indian spike-nard. **स.** सन् and नि before अस् to throw, to cast off, and सृज् aff.

**सन्नानि** m. (-नी) 1. The Bra'hman of the fourth order, the religious mendicant. 2. An ascetic, a devotee. 3. One who lays down or deposits. **स.** सन्नान abandonment of the world, **इ** aff.

**सपक्ष** mfn. (-क्षः-क्ष-च) 1. Winged. 2. Having a side or party. 3. Like, similar. 4. Containing the major term or subject. **म.** (-चः) 1. A partisan, a follower, an adherent, one of the same side or party. 2. An instance of the same side. **स.** स for समान same, पक्ष party.

**सपत्न** m. (-पत्नः) An enemy, an adversary. **फ.** (-नी) A woman whose husband has other wives. **स.** स for समान the same, पति a husband, **डी** aff. and **वृ** augment; **च** added for the masc. form.

**सपारि** m. (-रिः) A sort of bamboo, (Bambusa spinosa.) "बिड्वांश ।"

**सपत्नी** f. (-नी) Accompanied with a wife.

**सपन्नत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Distressed, afflicted. **म.** (-तः) A wounded deer or other animal. **स.** स for सृज् with, पन्न the leaf, the barb of the arrow, and कृत made; also सपन्नत, &c., being metaphorically applied to distress or pain in general : see the next :

**सपाकर** n. (-च) 1. Wounding so that the feathered part of the arrow enters the body. 2. Excessive pain : see the last. [last.]

**सपान्नाति** f. (-तिः) Agony, affliction, excessive pain or distress : see the

**परि** Ind. 1. Instantly, in a moment, at the moment. 2. Quickly, swiftly. **स.** स before वद् to go, हृत् aff. and the nasal rejected.

**सर्वा** f. (-यी) Worship, reverence. **स.** सपर Kandwa'di root, said to imply worship, **व** and टाप् affs.

**सर्द** f. (-रि) Having a fourth part, increased by one-fourth.

**सप** m. (-सः) A kinsman, especially one connected by the offering of the funeral cake to either or all of the manes of the father, grandfather, and great-grandfather, and their wives respectively, as sprung from them in directly collateral lines ; the relationship stops with every fourth person, as the fifth cannot perform the offering of a cake to the father even of the deceased. The following are enumerated as Sapin'das :—the son, son's son, and son's grandson ;

widow, daughter and daughter's son ; the father, the mother, the brother, brother's son, and brother's grandson ; father's daughter's son ; father's brother's son and grandson ; paternal grandfather's daughter's son ; paternal grandfather ; paternal grandmother, paternal grandfather's brother, brother's son and grandson ; and lastly the great grandfather's daughter's son : these all present oblations in which the deceased is either included, or may participate : other enumerations, including the oblations he was bound to offer, &c. extend the connection of Sapin'da to seven persons both in an ascending or descending line. **स.** स for समान common, and पिच्छ ball of meat, &c., offered to the manes of the deceased ancestors, at the S'rad'dhas performed in honour of them.

**सपिण्डीकरण** n. (-च) 1. Offering food to the deceased relatives called Sapin'das : to be performed at the end of a full year after the death of a relative ; but can be performed on the twelfth day after death by Bra'hmins only, on some special occasions. 2. Investing a person with the rights of relationship, indicated by offering the funeral cake. **स.** सपिण्, करण making, **वि** aff.

**सपिण्डीकृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Comprehended in the relationship of Sapin'da or offering of a common cake. **स.** सपिण्, कृत made, **वि** augment. [aff. कृत् ।]

**सपौति** f. (-तिः) Drinking together. **स.** स for सह with, पा to drink, **स** aff.

**सप्तक** mfn. (-कः-का or की-क) 1. Seven. 2. Seventh. 3. Containing seven. **न.** (-कः) 1. A collection of seven stanzas of the Rig' Vedas. 2. A collection of any seven things. **फ.** (-की) A woman's girdle. **स.** सप्त seven, (string, &c.) and कृत् aff.

**सप्तजिह्व** m. (-जः) AGNI or fire. **स.** सप्त seven, जिह्वा a tongue or flame.

**सप्तज्वाला** m. (-जः) AGNI or fire. **स.** सप्त seven, ज्वाला flame.

**सप्ततनु** m. (-तुः) A sacrifice, an offering or oblation. **स.** सप्त seven, (prayers, or the tongues of AGNI.) तनु to spread, **अ** तुन् ।

**सप्तति** f. Sing. (-तिः) Seventy. Du. (-ती) Two seventies. Plu. (-तयः) Many seventies. **स.** सप्त seven, **इति** aff.

**सप्ततितम** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) The seventieth.

**सप्तदश** mfn. (-शः-शी-श) Seventeenth. **स.** सप्त seven, दश ten, **अ** इट् ।

**दशदश** mfn. Plu. (-तः) Seventeen. **स.** सप्त seven and दश ten.

**सप्तदीपिति** m. (-तिः) AGNI or fire. **स.** सप्त seven, दीपिति a ray of light.

**सप्तदीपा** (पा) An epithet of the earth.

**सप्तधा** Plu. In seven ways. **स.** सप्त seven, धा **अ** aff.

**सप्तधातु** m. (-तुः) The seven parts of the body, or chyle, blood, flesh, adeps, marrow, bone, and semen. **स.** सप्त seven, and धातु element.

**सप्त** mfn. Plural only, (सप्त) Seven. **स.** सप् to be collected, Una'di aff. कनिन् and वृट् augment.

**सप्तनाडीचक्र** n. (-कः) An astrological diagram supposed to foretell rain.

**सप्तपदी** f. (-दी) The ceremony of walking together round the nuptial fire.

**सप्तपत्र** mfn. (-त्रः-प्री-च) Seven-leaved. **म.** (-चः) A tree, (Alstonia scholaris.) **न.** (-च) A sort of sweetmeat, made of the expressed juice of the grape, pomegranate and date, with sugar, spices, honey, and Ghee. **स.** सप्त seven, and पत्र a leaf. [पृ mother.]

**सप्तपुत्र** f. (-तुः) The mother of seven children. **स.** सप्त seven, पुत्र a child,

**सप्तप्रकृति** Plu. (-तयः) The seven constituent parts of a kingdom, or prince, ministers, fortress, territory, treasure, force, and ally or friend. **स.** सप्त, and प्रकृति constituent.

**सप्तशृङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) The Sirisha tree, (Acacia Sirisa.)

**सप्तभूमिक** Adj. Seven stories high.

**सप्तम** mfn. (-मः-मी-म) Seventh. **फ.** (-मी) 1. The seventh day of a lunar fortnight. 2. The locative case, (in gram.) **स.** सप्त seven, **इतम्** aff. ; or समाना पूरणः सट् ।

**सप्तरक्त** m. Plu. (-क्तः) The seven external parts of the body of a red colour, or the palms of the hands, the soles of the feet, the cor-

ners of the eyes, the tongue, the palate, the lips and nails. स. सप्त seven, and रक्त red or blood.

सप्तरात्रि n. (-त्रि) A period of seven nights. स. सप्त, रात्रि for रात्रि night.

सप्तर्षि m. Plu. (-र्षि) 1. The constellation Ursa Major, the seven stars of which are the seven great saints, viz :—MARICHI, ATRI, ANGIRAS, PULASTYA, PULAHA, KHATU, and VASISHTHA. 2. The seven sages themselves. स. सप्त seven, and ऋषि a sage.

सप्तलता f. (लता) 1. Double jasmine, (J. zambac fl. multiplicatis.) 2. A plant, commonly Charmakasa'. 3. Trumpet flower, (Bignonia suave-olens.) 4. A shrub, (Abrus precatorius.) स. सप्त seven, (leaves, &c.) लता to get or have, aff. लत् ।

सप्तशती f. (-शती) An aggregate of seven hundred verses.

सप्तसप्त m. (-सप्त) The sun. स. सप्त seven, सप्त a horse.

सप्तहस्त mfn. (-हस्त) 1. Of seven cubits. 2. Having seven hands, &c. स. सप्त, हस्त a hand.

सप्तपुङ्खव m. (-पुङ्खव) The planet SATURN. स. सप्त seven, पुङ्खव a ray of light, पुङ्खव eminent. [a part.]

सप्तसप्त mfn. (-सप्त) Having seven members or parts. स. सप्त, सप्त सप्तसप्त mfn. (-सप्त) Evil-eyed, fierce eyed. m. (-सप्त) 1. AGNI or fire.

2. The planet SATURN. स. सप्त seven, and सप्त a flame.

सप्तसप्त m. (-सप्त) The sun. स. सप्त seven, and सप्त a horse.

सप्तसप्त n. (-सप्त) A heptagon. स. सप्त, and सप्त an angle.

सप्तसप्त n. (-सप्त) A week. स. सप्त and सप्त for सप्त a day. [troop,] ति aff.

सप्त m. (-सप्त) 1. A horse. 2. A yoke. स. सप्त to be collected, (in a

सप्त m. (-सप्त) A small glistening fish, commonly Punthi, a sort of carp, (Cyphocephalus, HAM) see सप्त ।

सप्त mfn. (-सप्त) Productive, fruitful, bearing fruit, yielding a profit, &c. स. सप्त for सप्त with, and सप्त fruit.

सप्तसप्त m. (-सप्त) A man with his wife. स. सप्त with, सप्त a wife, सप्त added.

सप्तसप्त m. (-सप्त) A Kinsman, a relation. Adj. Possessed of a friend.

सप्तसप्त m. (-सप्त) Evening twilight. स. सप्त for सप्त with, सप्त offering of food to evil spirits; the proper hour for such ceremonies.

सप्तसप्त mfn. (-सप्त) 1. Painful, hurtful. 2. Oppressive, extortionary. स. सप्त with, सप्त pain.

सप्तसप्त n. (-सप्त) Studying together, being disciples of one teacher. स. सप्त with, सप्त studentship.

सप्तसप्त m. (-सप्त) A fellow student, one engaged in the same studies and observing the same austerities. स. सप्त for सप्त with, and सप्त the religious student.

सप्तसप्त mfn. (-सप्त) Fearing, fearful. स. सप्त with, सप्त fear.

सप्तसप्त f. (-सप्त) A woman whose husband is alive. स. सप्त with, सप्त a husband, सप्त and सप्त affs.

सभा f. (-भा) 1. A house. 2. An assembly, a meeting. 3. A Court of Justice. 4. A gambling-house. 5. A much frequented place. स. सप्त for सप्त together, सप्त to shine, affs. सप्त and सप्त ।

सभाज् r. 10th cl. (सभाजयति-ते) 1. To serve, to gratify by service. 2. To please or satisfy. 3. To show. 4. To beautify.

सभाजन n. (-ज) 1. Courtesy, politeness, civility in receiving or taking leave of a friend. 2. Thanks. 3. Congratulation. स. सभाज् to please or gratify, aff. सप्त । [स. सभाज् to please, सप्त aff.]

सभाजित mfn. (-जित) Treated with courtesy, gratified, pleased.

सभापति m. (-ति) 1. The keeper of a gaming-house. 2. The president of an assembly. स. सभा an assembly, (of gamblers, &c.) पति master.

सभासक्त mfn. (-सक्त) Influencing or fascinating an assembly. स. सभा, सक्त what subdues.

सभासक्त m. (-सक्त) One of a company, an assistant at an assembly or meeting; (in law, an assessor.) स. सभा an assembly, सक्त who goes.

सभासक्त m. (-सक्त) An assistant at an assembly, one of a company. स. सभा an assembly, सक्त to cover, aff. सप्त ।

सभिक m. (-सभिक) The keeper of a gaming-house. स. सभा an assembly, सप्त aff; also with the penultimate vowel made long, सभिक ।

सभिक m. (-सभिक) The keeper of a gaming-house: see the last.

सभिकित m. (-सभिकित) A Pan'dit, a learned Brāhman or teacher. स. सभा an assembly, and सप्त fit, proper.

सभ्य mfn. (-सभ्य) 1. Trusted, confidential, faithful. 2. Relating to an assembly, fit for or suitable to it. 3. Polite. 4. Civilized. m. (-सभ्य) 1. An assistant at an assembly. 2. An assessor. 3. A person of honourable parentage. 4. The keeper of a gambling-house. 5. A servant of the keeper of a gaming-house. स. सभा an assembly &c., सप्त aff.

सभ्यतम m. (-सभ्यतम) A distinguished person, one who is an ornament of society. स. सभ्य, and सप्त affix of superlative.

सभ्यता f. (-सभ्यता) Politeness, refinement in manners. स. सभ्य, and सप्त aff.

सम् Ind. A particle and prefix implying :—1. Union, junction, (with together.) 2. Assemblage, collection. 3. Beauty or perfection. 4. Intensity. As a prefix it corresponds to con, co, com, &c. Before a consonant the final of this word is changed to Anusvara, and is written सं. स. सौ-वा-सम् ।

सम् mfn. Pron. (-सम्) 1. All, whole, entire. (Adj.) 1. Like, similar. 2. Good, virtuous. 3. Full, complete. 4. Same, even, equal. 5. Indifferent, impartial. 6. Mean. f. (-सम्) 1. A year. 2. Even plain, level. 3. Same. 4. Equal. 5. Convenient. 6. Straight. 7. Indifferent, impartial, fair. 8. Common. 9. Like, similar. 10. Free from emotion. 11. Good, virtuous. 12. Honest, just. 13. Full, complete, &c. : see सप्त : n. (-सप्त) 1. A figure of rhetoric, identity or sameness of objects compared to one another. 2. (In geometry), A mean; a fourth proportional to the two perpendiculars and the link or segment. स. सम् to be confused or unconfused, aff. सप्त ।

सप्तसप्त f. (-सप्त) A girl fit to be married. स. सप्त complete, सप्त a virgin.

सप्तसप्त mn. (-सप्त) An equidiagonal tetragon. [time.]

सप्तसप्त n. (-सप्त) The same time, the same moment. स. सप्त and सप्त सप्तसप्त Adj. Contemporary.

सप्तसप्त n. (-सप्त) A snake, a serpent.

सप्तसप्त mfn. (-सप्त) Going or moving equally, kept equal or together. स. सम् together, सप्त to go, सप्त aff.

सप्तसप्त Ind. Before, in presence or sight of, visible. स. सम् with, सप्त the eye, aff. सप्त । [in astronomy.]

सप्तसप्त n. (-सप्त) An epithet of a particular division of the Nakshatras, सप्तसप्त m. (-सप्त) An oblong excavation, thence also a parallelepipedon. [time.]

(in geometry.) स. सप्त equal, सप्त dug. [सप्त aff.]

सप्तसप्त m. (-सप्त) Compounded perfume. स. सप्त same, even, सप्त smell.

सप्तसप्त mfn. (-सप्त) All, entire, whole, full, complete. स. सम् the whole, सप्त to take, सप्त aff.

सप्तसप्त f. (-सप्त) 1. Bengal madder, (Rubia manjith.) 2. A sort of fern, (Lycopodium imbricatum.) 3. A sort of sensitive plant. स. सम् together, सप्त to go or grow, aff. सप्त । [rangular, square.]

सप्तसप्त mn. (-सप्त) An equilateral tetragon. Adj. Equally quad-

सप्तसप्त mn. (-सप्त) A rhombus.

सप्तसप्त mfn. (-सप्त) 1. Indifferent, unattached. 2. Equable, even-tempered. स. सम्, and सप्त the mind.

सप्तसप्त n. (-सप्त) 1. Indifference. 2. Equanimity. स. सम् added to the last; also with सप्त, सप्तसप्त ।

सप्तसप्त m. (-सप्त) 1. A multitude of beasts or birds. 2. A number of black heads. n. (-सप्त) A forest, a wood. स. सम् alike, सप्त to be born, सप्त aff.

सप्तसप्त f. (-सप्त) Fame, reputation. स. सम् all, सप्त to know, सप्त and सप्त affs.

सप्तसप्त f. (-सप्त) 1. An assembly, a meeting. 2. Fame, celebrity. स. सम् together, सप्त to go, सप्त aff.

सप्तसप्त mfn. (-सप्त) 1. Proper, right, fit. 2. Exercised, experienced. 3. Correct, accurate, true. 4. Virtuous, good. n. (-सप्त) 1. Propriety

fitness. 2. Correct evidence. E. सम् with, together with, चक्षुषा truly.  
 समक्ष m. (ख.) A potherb, a sort of cucumber. "गच्छीरे"।  
 समता f. (-ता) 1. Sameness, similarity, equality. 2. Equanimity. 3. Right decision. 4. Perfectness. E. सम् equal, like, तत् aff.; also समत् n. (-त्).  
 समतिक्रम m. (-मः) 1. Deviating from, transgressing. 2. Going over or beyond. E. सम् and कति before क्रम् to go, चम् aff.  
 समतिक्रान् mfn. (-न्तः-क्रान्-न्) 1. Surpassed, exceeded. 2. Gone over or beyond. 3. Transgressed. E. सम्, and कति before क्रम् to go, क् aff.  
 समतिरिक्त mfn. (-क्तः-रिक्त-न्) Much, exceeding, abundant. E. सम् with, and कतिरिक्त much.  
 समतीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Past, gone. E. सम्, and प्रतीत past.  
 समविभुज m. (-जः) An equilateral triangle. E. सम, and विभुज triangle.  
 समविष् mfn. (-विट्) Equally bright or lovely. E. सम, and विष् light.  
 समस्तर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Envious, jealous. E. स with, तस्तर envy.  
 समदर्शिनम् m. (-श्रीं) Impartial, equally viewing both sides. E. सम्, and दर्शिन who sees. [सम् and दुःख pain.  
 समदुःख mfn. (-खः-खा-खं) Sympathizing, feeling for another's woe. E.  
 समधिक mfn. (-क्तः-का-क्त) Exceeding, abundant, plentiful. E. सम् intensive, and अधिक more. [to go, खट् aff.  
 समधिगमन n. (-मं) Surpassing, overcoming. E. सम्, and अधि before गम्  
 समधृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Equal or equivalent to. E. सम्, and धृत held.  
 समग्र mfn. (-ग्रः-ग्रा-ग्रं) Travelling in company. E. सम् same, अग्रम् a road, the final dropped.  
 समनुज्ञात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Assented or agreed to, permitted, allowed. E. सम् and अनु before ज्ञा to know, क् aff.  
 समनुज्ञान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Permitted, allowed. n. (-नं) Assent, concurrence, permission. E. सम् and अनु before ज्ञा to know, खट् aff.  
 समनद्धत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Entirely devoted to. E. सम्, अनुद्धत devoted to.  
 समन्त mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्तं) All, entire, universal. m. (-न्तः) Limit, term, boundary, end. E. सम् intensive, अन्त end.  
 समन्तत्सु Ind. 1. All round, on every side. 2. Wholly, altogether. E. सम् with, अन्त end, term, तसिन् aff.  
 समन्तदुग्धा f. (-ग्धा) The milk hedge-plant, (Euphorbia tirucalli, &c.) E. सम्न् every way, दुग्ध milk.  
 समन्तपञ्चक n. (-कं) Name of a holy place near Kurukshetra.  
 समन्तभद्रम् m. (-द्रः) A Jina or Budd'ha. E. सम्न् every way, and भद्र auspicious. [consumes.  
 समन्तभुज् m. (भुज्) Agni or fire. E. सम्न् universally, भुज् what eats or  
 समन्तात् Ind. All around, on every side. E. सम्न् in the fifth case, used as a particle, चाति aff.  
 समन् mfn. (-न्तुः-न्तु-न्तु) Piercing, angry, enraged. m. (-न्तुः) S'iva. E. स for सह with, सन्ध wrath.  
 समन्वय m. (-यः) 1. Connected consequence. 2. Natural succession or order. 3. Conjunction, copulation. E. सम्, and अन्वय order.  
 समन्वित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Possessed of, endowed with, possessing, affected by, full of. E. सम् intensive or conjunctive, अन्वित endowed with.  
 समपाद n. (-पदं) An attitude in shooting, standing with the feet even. E. सम् even, पाद the foot; also read समपद।  
 समबुद्धि mfn. (-बुद्धिः-बुद्धि-बुद्धि) Philosophical, stoical, looking on all things alike, calm, indifferent. E. सम्, and बुद्धि understanding.  
 समभाव mfn. (-वः-वो-वं) Of like nature or property. m. (-वः) 1. Equality. 2. Sameness. E. सम्, and भाव nature.  
 समभिप्लुत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Overwhelmed. E. सम्, अभि before प्लु to go, क् aff.  
 समभिवाहार m. (-रः) Mentioning together. 2. Proximity or association with a word whose meaning is well understood. 3. Company, association. E. सम् + अभि + वि + वा + ह - चम्।  
 समभिमुख n. (-चं) 1. Seeking, wishing, endeavouring to gain. 2. Approaching, going to or against. E. सम्, and अभि before मुख to go, खट् aff. [खट् aff.  
 समभिहरण n. (-चं) Taking, seizing. E. सम्, and अभि before ह to take,

समभिहार m. (-रः) 1. Repetition, reiteration. 2. Excess, surplus. E. सम् with, अभि before ह to take, aff. चम्।  
 समभूमि f. (-भिः) Even ground. E. सम् even, and भूमि ground.  
 समभ्यर्चन nf. (-नं-ना) Worshipping, reverencing. E. सम्, and अभि before चर्च् to worship, युच् aff.  
 समभ्यर्चित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Honoured, worshipped. E. सम्, and अभि before चर्च् to respect, क् aff.  
 समभ्याहार m. (-रः) Association, accompaniment.  
 समम् Ind. With, together with. E. सम् to be confused or unconfused, aff. चम्; or सम - चम्।  
 सममध्यख्य n. (-ख्यः) The prime vertical line, (in astronomy).  
 सममय mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) Of like origin, proceeding from the same cause, &c. E. सम् same, मयट् aff. [मायच् aff.  
 सममान mfn. (-मः-मो-मं) Of the same size or measure. E. सम् same, सममिति f. (-तिः) Mean measure. E. सम्, and मिति measure.  
 समय m. (-यः) 1. Time. 2. Oath, affirmation by oath or ordeal. 3. An established moral or ceremonial custom, rule, law. 4. Demonstrated conclusion. 5. Agreement, covenant, contract, bargain. 6. Engagement, appointment. 7. Order, precept, instruction. 8. Sign, hint, indication. 9. Religious obligation or observance. 10. Leisure, interval, opportunity. 11. Season, fit or proper time for anything. 12. Speech, declaration. 13. Limit, boundary. 14. End of trouble or distress, (in dramatic action.) 15. End, conclusion, termination. 16. Convention. 17. Poetical conventionality, (as the dance of peacocks on the appearance of clouds.) 18. Success, prosperity. 19. Condition, stipulation. E. स for सम् with, मी to mete, to measure, aff. चम्; or सम alike, हच् to go, aff. चम्।  
 समयकार m. (-रः) Making an appointment or engagement, fixing a time. E. समय an agreement, and कार making.  
 समयपरिग्रहण n. (-णं) Observance of an agreement.  
 समयभेद m. (-दः) Breaking an agreement. E. समय, and भेद breaking.  
 समयव्यभिचार m. (-रः) Violating or breaking an agreement. E. समय, and व्यभिचार improper conduct.  
 समया Ind. 1. Near, (with an accusative.) 2. Within, between, midst. 3. At such a time, at a fixed or appointed time. 1. Duly, seasonably, in due time or season. E. सम् alike, हच् to go, चा Una'di aff.  
 समयाचार m. (-रः) Conventional practice or usage.  
 समयाध्वित n. (-तं) Time at which neither the stars nor the sun is visible. E. समय time, अधि over, उचित abided. [aff. चम्।  
 समर mfn. (-रः-रं) War, battle, conflict. E. सम् with, together, च to go, समरन् f. (-न्तुः-न्तु-न्तु) Mean string or soundings. E. सम्, and रन्तु a string.  
 समरथ m. (-थः) A particular mode of sexual intercourse.  
 समरयूथम् m. (-थं) The front or van of battle. E. समर, and यूथम् front.  
 समस्य mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्यं) Of like or same source or origin. E. सम् same, ह्यच् aff. [ह्यच् aff.  
 समर्चन n. (-नं) Worshipping, adoration. E. सम् before चर्च् to worship, समर्चित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Worshipped, adored, honoured. E. सम् before चर्च् to worship, क् aff. [चर्च् to ask, क् aff.  
 सचर्च mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Asked, solicited. 2. Pained, wounded. E. सम्, सचर्च mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Strong, powerful. 2. Connected in sense. 3. Fit, proper. 4. Able, adequate to, capable. 5. Allowed. m. (-चः) The coherence of words in a significant sentence. E. सम् with, चर्च् to ask, aff. चम्, or चर्च meaning, sense. [चम् added.  
 समरथ n. (-थः) Aloe-wood, (Amyris agallocha.) E. समरथ fit, (for perfume.)  
 समरथा f. (-ता) 1. Strength, power, prowess. 2. Ability, capability, adequacy. 3. Signification of terms. E. तत् aff. of the abstract, added to समर्थ; also समर्थ n. (-त्)।  
 समर्थ n. (-त्) 1. Deliberation, deciding on the propriety or impropriety of anything; also समर्थता. 2. Perseverance in an arduous undertaking, attempting difficulties or impossibilities. 3. Reconciling

differences, allaying a dispute. 4. Objecting, objection. 5. Potency, efficacy. E. सम् before चङ् to ask or request, aff. लुट् । [aff. लुङ् ।  
 समईक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Granting a boon. E. सम् before चङ् to augment,  
 समर्पण n. (-र्पं) Delivering, consigning, presenting. E. सम्, चर्पण delivering.  
 समर्पणीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be delivered, presented, made over, &c. E.  
 सम्, and चर्पणीय to be delivered ; also समर्पयितव्य and समर्प्ये ।  
 समर्पित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Delivered, made over, consigned. E. सम्, and  
 चर्पित delivered.  
 समर्पितवत् mfn. (-वान्-वतो-वत्) Giving or making over, delivering. E. सम्,  
 चर्पितवत् delivering.  
 समर्थाद् mfn. (-दा-दा) 1. Near, proximate. 2. Bounded, limited. 3.  
 Correct in conduct. 4. Respectful. E. स for सह with, सार्थाद् a limit.  
 समल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Dirty, muddy, filthy, foul, impure. 2. Sinful. n.  
 (-लं) Feces, ordure. E. स for सह with, मल dirt.  
 समवकार m. (-रः) A sort of dramatic entertainment. E. सम्, and अव  
 before कृ to make, aff. चङ् ; described, as that in which the chiefs  
 are engaged in mutual conflict to contest.  
 समवतार m. (-रः) 1. A descent into a river or sacred bathing place at a  
 TIRTHA. 2. A descent. E. सम् with, अव below, ट् to cross or pass  
 over, aff. चङ् । [aff. क्त ।  
 समवनत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Bent, bowed. E. सम्, and अव before वन् to bow,  
 समवर्ण mfn. (-र्णः-र्णी-र्णं) Of the same caste, colour, &c. m. (-र्णः) Com-  
 munity of caste, &c. E. सम्, and वर्ण caste.  
 समवर्तिन् m. (-र्तो) YAMA, the ruler of Tartarus. E. सम्, all, equal, वृत् to  
 be or to select, aff. चिनि ।  
 समवश्यात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Gone away, wasted, destroyed. E. सम्, and अव  
 before श्ये to go, क्त aff.  
 समवस्ये mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्यं) To be let go or let out. E. सम्, and अव before  
 स्य् to loose, श्यत् aff.  
 समवस्था f. (-स्था) 1. State, condition. 2. Similar state or condition.  
 समवाप्ति f. (-प्तिः) Obtaining, getting. E. सम्, and अव before आप् to get,  
 क्तिन् aff.  
 समवाय m. (-यः) 1. Multitude, assemblage, collection, aggregate, quan-  
 tity. 2. One of the categories or Pada'rthas of logic, intimate and  
 constant relation, as of yarn and the cloth made of it. 3. Connec-  
 tion of species in a genus, or parts of a whole. E. सम् and अव before  
 यय् to go, aff. घञ् ।  
 समवायसम्बन्ध m. (-न्धः) Inseparable relation, as of properties with sub-  
 stances, material with manufacture, species with genus. E. समवाय,  
 and सम्बन्ध connection.  
 समवाधिकारण n. (-र्णः) Inseparable cause or relation, as of material  
 with produce, &c. E. समवायिन्, and कारण cause.  
 समवायिन् mfn. (-यो-यिनी-यि) 1. Multitudinous, aggregated. 2. Connect-  
 ed intimately. n. (यि) Intimate and inseparable cause, as earth of  
 pottery, thread of cloth, &c. E. समवाय, and इनि aff.  
 समवृत्ति mfn. (-त्तिः-त्तिः-त्ति) Moderate, equable. E. सम् and वृत्ति practice.  
 समवृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Mixed, mingled, blended. 2. Collected, assem-  
 bled. 3. Connected with, related to, as properties with things.  
 4. Comprised in one genus. E. सम् and अव before वृत् to go, क्त aff.  
 समवेध m. (-धः) Mean depth. E. सम्, and वेध perforation.  
 समव्युत्थान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Spreading over, pervading, extending through-  
 out. E. सम् intensive, व्युत् to pervade, शानच् aff.  
 समष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) A collective aggregate, an aggregate which is viewed  
 as constituted of parts of which each is consubstantially the same  
 with the whole. E. सम् + चष्ट् - व्याप्ति क्तिन् ।  
 समष्टिला f. (-ला) A sort of potherb, said to grow in watery places ;  
 according to some authorities, a kind of cucumber, to others a  
 shrub, called commonly गांडरदूरो. E. सम् together, स्था to stay, इत्च्  
 aff, deriv. irr. ; or सम् with, अस्ति a bone, (a seed,) ला to get or  
 have, aff. क्त ; also समष्टीला ।

समसन n. (-नं) 1. Contracting, contraction. 2. Combination, conjunct-  
 formation of compound terms. E. सम् together, सञ् to throw or  
 direct, aff. लुट् ।  
 समसन्धि f. (-न्धिः) Alliance or peace on equal terms. E. सम्, सन्धि union.  
 समसन्धित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Allied on equal terms. 2. Bound or connec-  
 ted equally. E. सम्, and सन्धित bound.  
 समसुप्ति f. (-प्तिः) The end of the Kalpa, and destruction of the  
 universe. E. सम् universal, सुप्ति sleep.  
 समस्त mfn. (-स्तः-स्ता-स्तं) 1. All, whole, entire, complete. 2. Compound,  
 compounded. 3. Abridged, contracted. m. (-स्तः) A whole, the aggre-  
 gate of all the parts. E. सम् together, सञ् to throw or direct, aff. क्त ।  
 समस्य mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्यं) 1. Even, equal, level, uniform. 2. Like, simi-  
 lar. E. सम् even, स्थ what abides.  
 समस्यल nf. (-लं-ली) Level ground. f. (-ली) The Doab, the country  
 between the Ganges and Jamuna' rivers. E. सम् level, स्थल soil.  
 समस्यलीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Levelled, made level, filled up, (as a marsh  
 or river.) E. समस्यल and कृत made, क्तिन् aff.  
 समस्य mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्यं) 1. To be collected together. 2. To be made  
 entire or complete. f. (-स्या) Part of a stanza, proposed as a trial of  
 skill to be completed. E. सम् even or complete, क्वच् affix, and सम्  
 augment ; or सम् together, सञ् to direct, क्वच् or स्यत् aff.  
 समस्यांश f. (-शं) Part of a stanza to be completed as a trial of skill.  
 E. समस्य to be completed, अर्थ meaning.  
 समंश mfn. (-शः-शा-शं) Entitled to an equal share. m. (शः) An equal  
 portion, a part. E. सम्, चंश part.  
 समंशहारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Sharing equally, a co-heir. E. समंश, हारिन्  
 who takes.  
 समंशिन् mfn. (-शी-शिनी-शि) A co-heir entitled to an equal share. E. सम्  
 same, चंश part or portion, and इनि aff.  
 समंसमीना f. (-ना) A cow bearing a calf every year. E. सम्ना year, in the  
 second case, repeated, and ख् aff.  
 समान f. (-ना) Year ; (according to AMARA'S lexicon this word is always  
 used in the plural ; PA'NINI however, uses it in the singular)  
 Ind. With, together with. E. सम् + चञ् - टाप् ।  
 समाकपिन् mfn. (-पी-पिणी-पि) Possessing a diffusive fragrance. n. (-पि)  
 A scent spreading afar. E. सम्, and आप् before कृ to draw, aff. चिनि ।  
 समाकुल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Agitated, bewildered, confused. 2. Crowded,  
 thronged. E. सम्, and आप् before कृ to accumulate, क्त aff.  
 समाकुलल n. (-लं) Agitation, anxiety. E. ल्व added to the last ; also  
 with तल्ल, समाकुलता ।  
 समाक्रान्त mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्तं) 1. Pervaded, spread. 2. Overcome, surpass-  
 ed. E. सम्, and आप् before कृ to go, aff. क्त ।  
 समाख्या f. (-ख्या) 1. Fame, reputation. 2. Appellation. E. सम् all, आप्  
 before ख्या to tell or declare, affs. चङ् and टाप् ।  
 समाख्यात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Famed, celebrated. 2. Notorious, public. 3.  
 Reckoned up. 4. Declared. E. सम्, and आप् before ख्या to say, क्त aff.  
 समागत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Arrived, approached. 2. Met, encountered.  
 3. United, joined. E. सम् together, and आगत come.  
 समागति f. (-तिः) 1. Arrival, approach. 2. Union, joining. 3. Encounter-  
 ing, meeting. 4. Similar condition or progress. E. सम् with, or सम्  
 same, आप् before गम् to go, aff. क्तिन् ।  
 समागम m. (-मः) 1. Union, junction. 2. Arrival, approach. 3. Associa-  
 tion, acquaintance, intercourse. 4. Encountering, meeting. 5. (In  
 astronomy,) The occultation of a star. E. सम् with, आगम coming.  
 समाघात m. (-तः) 1. War, battle. 2. Striking, beating, killing. E. सम्  
 together, आघात striking.  
 समाचर mfn. (-रः-री-रं) Who or what observes, practices, proceeds, &c.  
 E. सम् and आप् before चर् to go, ट् aff.  
 समाचरण n. (-र्णः) Following, practising, observing, proceeding. E. सम्  
 and आप् before चर् to go, लुट् aff.

$$c_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \mu_{\alpha\beta} + \frac{1}{2} \mu_{\beta\alpha} \right), \quad \mu_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \mu_{\alpha\beta} + \mu_{\beta\alpha} \right), \quad \mu_{\alpha\beta} = \mu_{\beta\alpha}.$$

समापुत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Drenched, drowned, इ. सम् and आङ् before पु to go, क् aff.

समाभाषण n. (-ण) Conversing, speaking to.

समाज्ञान n. (-ज्ञ) 1. Enumeration, 2. Mention, repetition.

समाज्ञाय m. (-यः) 1. Traditional repetition or mention. 2. A traditional collection. 3. Revelation. 4. Enumeration, recitation. 5. Totality, the aggregate. इ. सम् and आङ् before ज्ञा to remember, चञ् aff. युञ् aff.

समाय m. (-यः) A visit, arrival. इ. सम् and आङ् before या to go, उ aff.

समायत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Lengthened, extended. इ. सम् and आङ् before यत् to restrain, क् aff. [ क् aff.

समायात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Come, arrived. इ. सम् and आङ् before या to go,

समायुक्त f. (-क्त) 1. Connected, united. 2. Prepared, made ready. 3. Charged, appointed. 4. Provided, supplied. 5. Devoted to.

समायुत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Joined, connected, attached to or united with. 2. Decorated, adorned. 3. Endowed with. 4. Collected, brought together. इ. सम् and आङ् before युत joined.

समायोग m. (-गः) 1. Union, junction, connection, association. 2. Heap, multitude, assemblage. 3. Cause, origin, motive, object. इ. सम् and आङ् before युज् to join, aff. चञ्।

समारम्भ mfn. (-म्भः-म्भा-म्भं) Begun, commenced. इ. सम् and आङ् before रम्भि to begin, क् aff.

समारम्भ m. (-म्भः) 1. Commencement, beginning. 2. An undertaking. 3. An unguent. इ. सम् and आङ् before रम्भि to commence, चञ् aff.

समागमन n. (-नं) Winning, satisfying, gratification.

समागच्छ mfn. (-गच्छः-गच्छी-गच्छं) 1. Ascended, gone up or upon. 2. Mounted. 3. Agreed to, determined. इ. सम् and आङ् before गच्छ् to grow, क् aff.

समागोपय n. (-यः) Placing or fixing in or on. इ. सम् and आङ् before गच्छ् to grow, causal v., ल्यट् aff.

समागोपित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Placed in or upon. f. (-ता) 1. Caused to ascend. 2. Planted. 3. Delivered over. 4. Strung, (as a bow.) इ. सम् and आङ् before गच्छ् to grow, causal v., क् aff.

समागोच m. (-चः) 1. Going up, ascending. 2. Mounting, riding upon. 3. Agreeing. इ. सम् and आङ् before गच्छ् to rise, चञ् aff.

समाधिन् mfn. (-धिन्-धिनी-धिं) 1. Desirous of equality. 2. Seeking peace. इ. सम् and अधिन् who asks.

समाश्रयन n. (-नं) Resting upon, being supported by. इ. सम् and आङ् before श्रयि to depend, चञ् aff.

समाश्रय m. (-यः) 1. Smearing the body with coloured perfumes, as with saffron, sandal, &c. 2. Seizing, (as a victim for sacrifice.) इ. सम् and आङ् before श्रयि to sound, aff. चञ्; also with छट् aff. समाश्रयन।

समाश्रयन n. (-नं) Smearing the body with coloured fragrant substances: see the last.

समाश्री f. (-श्री) A collection of flowers, a nosegay, &c. इ. सम् and आङ् before श्रयि to sound, aff. चञ् and छोट्।

समावर्त्तन n. (-नं) A pupil's return home after finishing his religious studies. इ. सम् and आङ् before वर्त्तन् to be, ल्यट् aff.

समावय m. (-यः) 1. A multitude, a number, a heap or quantity. 2. Association. 3. Integral or inseparable aggregation. इ. सम् and आङ् implying aggregation, चञ् to go, aff. चञ्।

समावास m. (-सः) Residence, abode. इ. सम् and आङ् before वास् to dwell, चञ् aff. [ and वृत्त aff.

समावासित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sojourning, taking up a residence. इ. समावास, समाविष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) 1. Entered or engrossed by, absorbed by, (feeling, passion, &c.) possessed by, (as an evil spirit.) 2. Entered thoroughly. 3. Entered, (as a mansion.) 4. Seated, settled. 5. Well-instructed. इ. सम् and आङ् implying entireness, and विष्ट entered.

समावृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Surrounded, encompassed. 2. Covered, enclosed, beset. 3. Viewed. 4. Protected. 5. Shut out, excluded. इ. सम् and आङ् before वृत् to choose, क् aff.

समावृत m. (-वृत्) A pupil who has completed his studies and taken leave of his preceptor. इ. सम् and आङ् before वृत् to be, aff. क्; also with कञ् added, समावृतक।

समावेद्य mfn. (-यः-द्या-द्यं) To be announced or communicated. इ. सम् and आङ् before वेद् to know, causal v., यत् aff.

समावेष्ट m. (-ष्टः) 1. Affection, passion, emotion. 2. Possession by evil spirits. 3. Entrance. इ. सम् and आङ् before वेष्ट् to enter, चञ् aff.

समावेष्टित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Placed, fixed. 2. Entered. 3. Brought in or into. इ. सम् and आङ् before वेष्ट् to enter, causal v., aff. क्।

समाशङ्कित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Doubtful, fearing, apprehensive. इ. सम् and आङ् before शङ्कित to doubt, क् aff.

समाश्रय m. (-यः) 1. Protection, refuge, 2. Seeking protection. 3. A dwelling place. इ. सम् intensive, आश्रय asylum.

समाश्रित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Protected, defended, cherished, refuted. इ. सम् intensive, and आश्रित refuted.

समाश्रित Ind. 1. Depending upon, trusting to. 2. Having engaged in, agreed to, &c. इ. सम् and आङ् before श्रि to serve, ल्यट् aff.

समाश्लेष m. (-श्लेषः) A close embrace. [ श्लेष् to breathe, क् aff.

समाश्रय mfn. (-श्रयः-श्रया-श्रयं) Trusting, confiding in. इ. सम् and आङ् before श्रयि to trust, क् aff.

समाश्रय m. (-यः) 1. Trust, belief, confidence. 2. Relief, encouragement.

3. Recovering breath. इ. सम् and आङ् before श्रयि to breathe, चञ् aff.

समाश्रयन n. (-नं) 1. Recreating, recreation. 2. Consolation. [ समा।

समास m. (-साः) A year. इ. सम् for सह with, मास a month: see सम् and समास m. (-सः) 1. Contraction, abridgment, conciseness. 2. Composition of words, formation of compound terms, (in grammar.) 3. Composition of differences, reconciling quarrels. 4. Aggregation, assemblage, collection. 5. Whole. इ. सम् together, चञ् to throw or direct, aff. चञ्।

समासक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) 1. Joined, united. 2. Reached, attained. 3. Marked, affected by, &c. 4. Combined, comprehended. इ. सम् and आङ् before सक्त् to be in contact with, aff. क्।

समासक्ति f. (-क्तिः) 1. Union. 2. Comprehension, inclusion. 3. Affection. इ. सम् and आङ् before सक्त् to be in contact with, क्तिन् aff.

समासक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Joining, or connecting with. इ. सम् and आङ् before सक्त् to unite, यट् aff.

समासञ्जन n. (-नं) Joining, uniting, union, combination, connection, contact. इ. सम् and आङ् before सञ्जन् to be in contact with, aff. छट्।

समासतत् Ind. Briefly, summarily. इ. समास, and तत् aff.

समासतत् Ind. Succinctly.

समासतत् mfn. (-तत्-ता-तत्) 1. Near, proximate. 2. Obtained, attained. इ. सम् and आङ् implying union or contiguity, वट् to go, aff. क्।

समासभावना f. (-ना) Composition by the sum of the products. इ. समास and भावना contemplating.

समासर्जन n. (-नं) Delivering, consigning, abandoning. इ. सम् and आङ् before सर्जन् to leave, छट् aff.

समासवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) 1. Abridged, contracted. 2. Compounded. म. (-वान्) The Tu'n tree, (Cadrela Tunna.) इ. समास, and वत् aff.

समासादन n. (-नं) 1. Attaining, effecting, accomplishing. 2. Finding, obtaining. इ. सम् and आङ् before दाद् to go, causal v., ल्यट् aff.

समासादित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Done, effected, attained, obtained, accomplished. इ. सम् and आङ् before दाद् to go, causal v., aff. क्।

समासाय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Attainable, what may be obtained or effected. Ind. Having obtained, &c. इ. सम् and आङ् before दाद् to go, aff. छट् or ल्यट्।

समासाध्याहार m. (-हारः) Supplying an ellipsis. इ. समास, अध्याहार the same.

समासाय m. (-यः) The sense of a compound. f. (-या) Part of a stanza to be completed. इ. समास connection, composition, चञ् meaning.

समासीन mfn. (-नी-नी-नीं) Sitting, seated. इ. सम् before सज् to sit, क् aff.

समासष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) Left, abandoned, given, made over. इ. सम् and आङ् before सज् to leave, क् aff.

समासेन n. (-न्) 1. Following, practising. 2. Serving. ३. सम् and चाङ् before सेव् to serve, ऋट् aff.  
 समासेनित mfn. (-न्-ता-त्) 1. Followed, practised. 2. Served. ३. सम् and चाङ् before सेव् to serve, ऋट् aff. [उक्ति saying.]  
 समासीक f. (-क्तिः) A protracted metaphor, (in rhetoric.) ३. समास, and समासा f. (-सा) Interview, colloquy. ३. सम् together, चस् to be, ऋट् aff.  
 समाहत mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Struck, wounded. ३. सम् and चाङ् before हन् to strike, ऋट् aff.  
 समाहरण n. (-ण) Unitings, combining, collecting, composition. ३. सम् together, चाङ् before ह् to take, aff. ऋट् । [taxes,]  
 समाहर्तृ f. (-र्तृ) Adj. Habituated to acquire. m. (-न्) A collector of समाहार m. (-रः) 1. Aggregation, collection, assemblage, either in fact or thought. 2. Contraction, abridgment. 3. Composition or words, (in grammar.) 4. Conjunction of equal words or sentences, the power of the particle "and." 5. A particular form of composition, a sub-division of the class Dvand'ā, in which several words are joined together, and the compound is a term in the neuter gender, as अहिमकुक्षं the snake and mungos. 6. The combination of two letters of the alphabet into a syllable, which designates all the letters intermediate between the two of which it consists. ३. सम् together, चाङ् before ह् to take or convey, and चञ् aff.  
 समाहित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Promised, agreed or assented to, 2. Absorbed in meditation, absent, abstracted or having the senses steadily held in subjection. 3. Concluded, demonstrated, following from what has been said. 4. Composed, reconciled, put an end to, (as a contest or dispute.) 5. Placed, deposited, delivered. 6. Pure, purified. 7. Finished, completed. 8. Cool, collected, firm. 9. Assembled. n. (-न्) (In rhetoric,) The expression or description of attentiveness. ३. सम् and चाङ् implying collection or perfection, चा to have or hold, aff. ऋ ।  
 समाहत mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Accepted, received, taken. 2. Collected, assembled, combined. 3. Compiled. 4. Accumulated. 5. Much, abundant. 6. Abridged. ३. सम् and चाङ् before ह् taken.  
 समाहति f. (-तिः) Compilation, abridgment, an abridgment. ३. सम् together, चाङ् before ह् to take, to bring, aff. क्तिन् : see समाहार ।  
 समाह mf. (-हः) 1. Calling out or to, mutual calling. 2. Acclaim. 3. Defiance, Challenge. f. (-ह्य) 1. A plant, commonly Gojiwha'. 2. Name. ३. सम् and चाङ् before ह् to call, ऋट् aff.  
 समाहय m. (-यः) 1. A match, a main, the conflict of animals or birds for sport, cockfighting, &c. 2. War, battle. 3. Calling out. 4. Name, appellation. ३. सम् and चाङ् before ह् to call, च or चच् aff.  
 समाहान n. (-नः) 1. Challenge. 2. Calling together. ३. समाह् to call out, ऋट् aff. [संज्ञायां कन् ।]  
 समिक n. (-कः) A pike, a dart. ३. सम even, ठक् aff. ; or सम्-इच्-डि  
 समित् f. (-मित्) War, battle. ३. सम् together, इच् to go, aff. क्तिप्, and तुक् final augment.  
 समिता f. (-ता) Wheat-flour. ३. सम् before इच् to go, aff. ऋ ।  
 समित f. (-तिः) 1. War, battle. 2. Assembly, company. 3. Association, meeting, union. 4. Sameness, likeness, equality. ३. सम् with, इच् to go, aff. क्तिन् । [यक् Una'di aff.]  
 समिव m. (-यः) 1. Fire. 2. War, battle. ३. सम् together, इच् to go, समिव mfn. (-यः-या-य) Lighted, kindled, set alight or on fire. ३. सम् before इच् to kindle, ऋट् aff.  
 समिप् f. (-मित् or -मिद) Fuel, wood, grass, &c. so employed. ३. सम् together, इच् to kindle or inflame, क्तिप् aff., and the nasal rejected.  
 समिभ m. (-यः) AGNI or fire. सम्, and इच् to kindle, aff. क ।  
 समिभन n. (-नः) Fuel. ३. सम् with, इच् to kindle, aff. ऋट् ।  
 समिभान mfn. (-नः-ना-न्) Augmenting, prospering. ३. सम् before इच् to increase, शानच् aff. [made short ; also समीर ।]  
 समिर m. (-रः) Wind, air. ३. सम् with, इच् to go, aff. क, and the vowel

समीक n. (-कः) 1. War, battle. 2. A pike, a dart. ३. सम् to be sad or confused, इक्क् aff.  
 समीकरण n. (-ण) 1. Assimilation, digestion. 3. Equalizing, making equal to. 3. Equation, (in algebra.) ३. सम, and करण making, णि augment.  
 समीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Equalized, made even or equal. 2. Imitated, done in like manner, &c. 3. Added, summed up. 4. Balanced, equipoised. ३. सम same, even, and कृत made, with णि augment.  
 समीक्रिया f. (-या) (In arithmetic,) Equation. ३. सम, क्रिया operation, णि aug.  
 समीक n. (-कः) 1. The Sāṅk'hya system of philosophy. 2. Complete, investigation, f. (-चा) 1. Nature, essential nature, or according to the Sāṅk'hya system, crude matter or any of its twenty-four essential parts. 2. Understanding, intellect. 3. Sight, seeing, inspection, looking. 4. Effort. 5. Search, investigation, thorough inspection. 6. A book, a work supplementary to the Vo'das, treating of the modes of sacrifice. ३. सम् before ईच् to see, aff. चच् and टाप् ।  
 समीक्षण n. (-ण) 1. Search, looking for, investigation. 2. Seeing, looking at. ३. सम् intensive prefix, ईक्षण seeing.  
 समीक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Seen, looked at. 2. Considered, investigated. ३. सम् before ईच् to see, ऋट् aff.  
 समीक्ष्यकारिन् mfn. (-री-रिचो-रि) Acting after due deliberation. ३. समीक्ष्य having inspected, कारिन् who does.  
 समीच m. (-चः) The ocean. f. (-ची) 1. A deer, a doe. 2. Praise, eulogium. ३. सम् before इच् to go, Una'di aff. चट्, and the vowel made long.  
 समीचक m. (-कः) Copulation. ३. कन् added to the last.  
 समीचीन mfn. (-नः-ना-न्) 1. True. 2. Right, correct. 3. Fit, proper. n. (-न्) Truth. ३. सम्यक् true, aff. ख ।  
 समीद m. (-दः) Fine wheat-flour.  
 समीन mfn. (-नः-ना-न्) 1. Yearly, annual, relating to a year. 2. Hired for a year. 3. After a year, a year hence, &c. ३. समा a year, aff. ख ।  
 समीनिका f. (-का) A cow calving every year. ३. समीन a year, कन् aff.  
 समीप mfn. (-पः-पा-य) Near, contiguous, proximate, at hand. n. (-प) Proximity, vicinity. ३. सम् together, चाप water, and ई substituted for चा ; analogous to the confluence of water.  
 समीपन mfn. (-नः-ना-न्) Approaching, going or gone near to. ३. समीप, and न् who or what goes.  
 समीपतस् Ind. Before, near. ३. समीप, and तस् aff.  
 समीपता f. (-ता) Proximity, contiguity. ३. तच् added to the last ; also with त्व, समीपत् ।  
 समीभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Equalised. 2. Identified. 3. Equiposed. ३. सम same, भूत become, णि aug.  
 समीभ mfn. (-यः-या-य) Of like cause or origin, ३. सम् same, च्छ aff.  
 समीयित्व mfn. (-वान्-युवी-वः) Going to, arriving at, attaining. ३. सम् before इच् to go, कट् aff.  
 समीर m. (-रः) Air, wind. ३. सम् every way, ईच् to go, aff. चच् ।  
 समीरण m. (-ण) 1. Air, wind. 2. A plant, commonly Maruvaka. 3. A traveller. n. (-च) Throwing. ३. सम् completely, ईच् to go, aff. ऋट् ।  
 समीरित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Tossed, thrown. 2. Gone. 3. Sent. ३. सम् before ईच् to send, ऋट् aff.  
 समीहा f. (-हा) Longing, desire.  
 समीहित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Wished, desired. 2. Undertaken. n. (-त) Wish, desire. ३. सम् before ईच् to wish, ऋट् aff.  
 समुच्चय n. (-यः) Shedding, effusion.  
 समुच्च mfn. (-यः-या-य) Eloquent. ३. सम् with, and च्छ a mouth.  
 समुचित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Fit, right, proper. ३. सम् intensive, उचित proper.  
 समुच्चय m. (-यः) 1. Assemblage, collection, the power of the particle and, or also ; but it implies the conjunction of different objects



of one act or different acts with the same object, as ईश्वरं गुरुं भजन् worship God, and (or also) the Guru. ३. सम् and उद् before चि to collect, aff. चच् or चक् ।

समुच्चर mfn. (-रः रा-र) Who or what goes about or up traverses, ascends, flies, &c. ३. सम् and उद् before चर् to go, चच् aff. ; also with चञ्, समुच्चर । [to go, श्छ aff.]

समुच्चरन् mfn. (-रन् रन्ती-रन्) Going up or about. ३. सम् and उद् before चर् समुच्छेद m. (-दः) Destroying, destruction. ३. सम् and उद् before छिद् to cut, aff. चञ् ।

समुच्छेद m. (-यः) १. Opposition, enmity. २. Height, elevation. ३. सम्, and उद् up, above, and चिच् to serve, aff. चच् or चक् ।

समुच्छेद m. (-यः) Height, elevation. ३. सम् and उद् before चि to serve, aff. चच्, and the vowel made long, or चक् aff.

समुच्छिन्न mfn. (-तः ता-त) High, elevated, lofty. ३. सम् and उद् before चि to serve, aff. क् ।

समुच्छ्वसित mfn. (-तः ता-त) Sighing. n. (-तं) A sigh. ३. सम् and उद् before श्चस् to breathe, and क् aff.

समुच्छ्वस m. (-सः) Heavy expiration, sighing. ३. सम् and उद् before श्चस् to breathe, चक् aff.

समुच्छिन्न mfn. (-तः ता-त) Left, abandoned, quitted, resigned. ३. सम् intensive, and उच्छिन्न left. [Exaltation.]

समुच्छिन्न m. (-वः) १. Setting one self up as being of high tribe. २. समुच्छिन्न m. (-मः) १. Rise, ascent, going up. २. Transgressing proper bounds. ३. सम् and उद् up, क्रम going, चञ् aff.

समुच्छिन्न m. (-यः) A osprey. ३. सम् intensive, and उद् before क्रुच् to cry, aff. चच् or चक् ।

समुच्छिन्न mfn. (-रन् रन्ती-रन्) Crossing, passing over or beyond. ३. सम् and उद् before ह् to cross, श्छ aff.

समुच्छिन्न n. (-न) Inflaming, inciting, irritating. ३. सम् and उद् before तिच् to be sharp, causal v., क्छुट् aff.

समुच्छिन्न mfn. (-तः ता-त) Inflamed, incited, excited, irritated. ३. सम् and उद् before तिच् to be sharp, causal v., क्छुट् aff.

समुच्छिन्न mfn. (-त्यः त्या-त्य) १. Rising, risen, getting or got up. २. Born, produced. ३. Occasioned, occurring. ३. सम् intensive, उद् up, स्था to stand, क्छुट् aff., the स is changed to य ।

समुच्छिन्न n. (-न) १. Performance of work, occupation, effort, industry. २. Positive indication or symptom of disease. ३. Rising, getting up. ४. Common growth or increase, (as of size or wealth, &c.) ५. Healing a wound or sore, cure or recovery from any injury. ६. Occupation. ३. सम् intensive, उद् up, स्था to stay or be, aff. क्छुट् ।

समुच्छिन्न mfn. (-तः ता-त) १. Risen, got up. २. Increased. ३. Derived or obtained from. ४. Cured, healed. ३. सम् and उद् before स्था to stay' क्छुट् aff.

समुच्छिन्न n. (-न) १. Going. २. Ascending. ३. Making effort, energy, exertion. ३. सम् and उद् before पत् to go, क्छुट् aff.

समुच्छिन्न mfn. (-तः ता-त) १. Gone, gone up, ascended. २. Exerted, vigorous. ३. सम् and उद् before पत् to go, क्छुट् aff.

समुच्छिन्न f. (-तिः) १. Origin, production, birth. २. Occurrence, incidence. ३. सम् and उद् before पद् to go, क्छुट् aff.

समुच्छिन्न mfn. (-तः ता-त) १. Born, produced. २. Occurring, taking place. ३. सम् and उद् before पद् to go, क्छुट् aff.

समुच्छिन्न m. (-तः) Detaching, separating from, tearing from, &c. ३. सम् and उद् before पट् to go, causal v., चक् aff.

समुच्छिन्न mfn. (-तः ता-त) Detached or severed from, torn from, &c. ३. सम् and उद् before पट् to go, causal v., क्छुट् aff.

समुच्छिन्न n. (-न) १. Producing, fabricating. २. Effecting. ३. सम् and उद् before पद् to go, causal v., क्छुट् aff.

समुच्छिन्न mfn. (-तः ता-त) Produced, effected. ३. सम् and उद् before पद् to go, causal v., क्छुट् aff.

समुच्छिन्न mfn. (-तः ता-त) Excessively confused or confounded, bewildered,

lost, overcome. m. (-तः) An army in great disorder. ३. सम् and उद् before पिच् to hurt, aff. चक् ; also समुच्छिन्न, and simply पिच्, &c. समुच्छिन्न m. (-तः) १. Leaving, abandoning. २. Giving. ३. Evacuation of urine or faeces. ३. सम् and उद् before च्च् to abandon, aff. चक् ।

समुच्छिन्न m. (-तः) Festivity, ३. सम्, and उत्सव festival.

समुच्छिन्न n. (-तः) Pursuing, hunting.

समुच्छिन्न mfn. (-तः ता-त) Sorrowful, regretting, missing or grieving for any one absent, &c. ३. सम् intensive, उत्सुक sorrowful.

समुच्छिन्न m. (-तः) १. Height, elevation. २. Fatness, thickness. ३. सम् and उद् before पिच् to go, aff. चक् ।

समुच्छिन्न mfn. (-तः ता-त) Drawn, raised, lifted or thrown up from a deep place. ३. सम् with, and उद् up, चक् to go, aff. क्छुट् ।

समुच्छिन्न m. (-यः) १. Multitude, number, heap or quantity. २. War, battle. ३. Assent, rise. ४. Rising, (as of the sun, &c.) ५. Effort, exertion, perseverance. ६. A day. ७. The rear of an army. ८. Revenue. ३. सम् and उद् before च्च् to go, aff. चक् or चक् ; also समुदाय ।

समुच्छिन्न m. (-नः) Knowledge. ३. सम् and उद् before चानच् knowledge.

समुच्छिन्न m. (-तः) १. Intention, purpose, design, motive. २. Proper or right usage. ३. सम् with, उद् and चाच् before च्च् to go, aff. चक् ।

समुच्छिन्न m. (-यः) १. War, battle. २. Multitude, quantity, number, heap. ३. Rise, ascent. ४. The rear or reserve of an army. ३. सम् and उद् up, च्च् to go, aff. चक् ; also समुदाय ।

समुच्छिन्न n. (-तः) Declaring, uttering. २. An illustration. ३. सम् and उद् before ह् to take, क्छुट् aff.

समुच्छिन्न mfn. (-तः ता-त) Declared. २. Illustrated. ३. सम् and उद् before ह् to take, क्छुट् aff.

समुच्छिन्न mfn. (-तः ता-त) १. Risen, ascended. २. Risen, (as the sun, &c.) ३. Produced, excited, occasioned. ५. Possessed of. ६. Aggregated, united. ३. सम्, and उद् risen ; or सम् and उद् before ह् to go, क्छुट् aff.

समुच्छिन्न n. (-तः) Repeating, declaring, speaking, reciting. ३. सम् and उद् before ह् to say, and क्छुट् aff.

समुच्छिन्न mfn. (-तः ता-त) Said, spoken, declared, recited. ३. सम् and उद् before ह् to say, क्छुट् aff.

समुच्छिन्न mfn. (-तः ता-त) १. Who or what rises or goes up. २. Who or what pervades entirely. ३. Having a cover or lid. ४. Having beans. m. (-तः) १. A casket, a covered box. २. A stanza in which two or more of the Pa'das correspond in sound, though in a different sense. ३. सम् and उद् before गम् to go, aff. च ।

समुच्छिन्न m. (-तः) १. A casket, a covered box. २. A sort of stanza : one, each half of which consists of the very same words but in different acceptations, those of one half being respectively the attributives or adjectives to those of the other. ३. सम् and उद् before गम् to go, aff. च and क्छुट् added.

समुच्छिन्न m. (-नः) १. Rising, ascent. २. Birth, production. ३. Arising, issuing, coming out. ३. सम् and उद् before गम् to go, aff. चक् ।

समुच्छिन्न n. (-तः) (In rhetoric) The repetition of the same words in different Pa'das of a stanza, but in a different sense. ३. सम् what goes completely, यमक alliteration.

समुच्छिन्न n. (-तः) १. What is vomited or ejected. २. Lifting up. समुच्छिन्न n. (-तः) A loud song. ३. सम् and उद् before ग् to sing, क्छुट् aff.

समुच्छिन्न mfn. (-तः ता-त) १. Brought up, (as food,) vomited. २. Raised or lifted up, (from a depth, &c.) ३. Uttered, exclaimed raised, (as a cry, &c.) ३. सम् and उद् before ग् to swallow, or sound, aff. क्छुट् ।

समुच्छिन्न mfn. (-तः ता-त) १. Pointed out, shewn. २. Particularised, enumerated. ३. Explained. ३. सम् and उद् before दिच् to shew, क्छुट् aff.

समुच्छिन्न m. (-तः) १. Describing. २. Pointing out. ३. Particularising, explaining, enumerating. ३. सम् and उद् before दिच् to shew, चक् aff.

समुच्छिन्न mfn. (-तः ता-त) १. Ill-mannered, behaving ill or improperly, conducting one's self discredibly. २. Raised or drawn up. ३.

Upheld, supported. 4. Arrogant, proud, puffed up with pride, &c. 5. Impudent. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to hurt or kill, aff. **क्**।  
**समुद्धव** n. (-वः) 1. Food vomited or thrown up. 2. Drawing up, raising, lifting, (as water from a well, &c.) 3. Eradicating a tree, &c. pulling up by the roots. 4. Extricating, lifting out. 5. Taking out from, as a part or share. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to take, aff. **क्**।  
**समुद्धृ** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Who or what lifts, raises, extricates, &c. m. (-हृ) A redeemer, a deliverer. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to take, aff. **क्**।  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Wiped off by the hand. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to take, aff. **क्**।  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Ill behaved. 2. Thrown up, (as food, &c.) 3. Raised or drawn up. 4. Extricated, lifted out or from. 5. Taken as a share, set apart, divided. 6. Seized, possessed of. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to have, or **हृ** to take, aff. **क्**।  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Born or produced. m. (-हृ) Production, origin. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** being. [भू to be, **क्** aff.]  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Born, produced, derived. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to take, aff. **क्**।  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Ready, prepared. **सम्** intensive, **उद्** active.  
**समुद्ध** m. (-हृ) 1. Commencement, onset. 2. Effort, exertion. 3. Lifting up. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to take, aff. **क्**।  
**समुद्ध** m. (-हृ) Active exertion.  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Sealed, stamped. m. (-हृ) A sea, an ocean. **सम्** before **उद्** to be wet, and **क्** aff.; or **स** for **सह** with, and **सुद्ध** a seal; also thence signifying a limit, (i. e. bounded by continents,) or a jewel, (the receptacle of gems,) or **सम्** with, **उद्** an otter; or **स** with, **सुद्ध** pleasure, or **सम्** together, **उद्** water, and **रा** to give or have, aff. **क्**, &c.  
**समुद्ध** m. (-हृ) Cuttle fish-bone. **सम्** the sea, and **क्** phlegm.  
**समुद्ध** m. (-हृ) A river. **सम्** the sea, and **क्** the mistress.  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Ocean-going, sea-faring. m. (-हृ) 1. A trader by sea. 2. A seaman. f. (-हृ) A river. **सम्** the sea, **क्** who goes to.  
**समुद्ध** n. (-हृ) A sort of pleasure or summer house, built in the midst of water, &c. **सम्** the sea, and **क्** house.  
**समुद्ध** m. (-हृ) The saint AGASTYA. **सम्** the sea, **क्** a pot; having drunk up the ocean.  
**समुद्ध** n. (-हृ) The sea-coast. **सम्**, and **क्** a bank.  
**समुद्ध** n. (-हृ) The sea shore. **सम्**, and **क्** a bank.  
**समुद्ध** f. (-हृ) A river. **सम्** the sea, and **क्** beloved.  
**समुद्ध** n. (-हृ) 1. The beverage of immortality. 2. The moon. **सम्** the ocean, and **क्** butter; being produced or recovered by the churning of the ocean.  
**समुद्ध** m. (-हृ) Cuttle-fish-bone. **सम्** the sea, **क्** froth or foam.  
**समुद्ध** f. (-हृ) The earth. **सम्** the sea, **क्** a zone; the sea-girt; surrounded by the ocean as by a girdle.  
**समुद्ध** n. (-हृ) 1. A sea-voyage. 2. A vessel, a ship. **सम्**, **क्** going.  
**समुद्ध** m. (-हृ) A sailor, a navigator, a merchant trading by sea. **सम्**, and **क्** who goes.  
**समुद्ध** f. (-हृ) A river.  
**समुद्ध** f. (-हृ) The earth. **सम्** the sea, and **क्** a zone.  
**समुद्ध** n. (-हृ) Sea-salt. **सम्** the sea, and **क्** salt.  
**समुद्ध** f. (-हृ) The earth.  
**समुद्ध** m. (-हृ) Submarine fire. **सम्** the sea, and **क्** fire.  
**समुद्ध** m. (-हृ) The father of the Jina or Jaina pontiff of the present era. **सम्** the sea, and **क्** victor.  
**समुद्ध** f. (-हृ) A wave of the sea. **सम्**, and **क्** a wave.  
**समुद्ध** f. (-हृ) The ganges.  
**समुद्ध** n. (-हृ) 1. The nutmeg. 2. The sea-shore. f. (-हृ) 1. A shrub, (Hedysarum alhagi.) 2. The cotton plant. 3. A gramineous plant, (Trigonella corniculata.) 4. The earth. **सम्** the sea, and **क्** end or boundary.

**समुद्ध** f. (-हृ) The earth. **सम्** the sea, and **क्** vesture; clothed or invested by the ocean.  
**समुद्ध** m. (-हृ) 1. A shark. 2. A large fabulous fish, perhaps intending the whale, hyperbolically described. 3. RA'MA's bridge. **सम्** the sea, **क्** to go, aff. **क्**।  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Marine, oceanic, maritime. **सम्** the sea, aff. **क्** or **क्**; also **समुद्ध**.  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Who or what lifts or bears up. 2. Moving up and down. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to bear, **क्** or **क्** aff.  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Lifting or raising up. 2. Moving up and down. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to bear, **क्** aff.  
**समुद्ध** m. (-हृ) Nuptials, marriage.  
**समुद्ध** m. (-हृ) Fear, alarm, terror.  
**समुद्ध** n. (-हृ) Wetness, damp, moisture. **सम्** before **उद्** to be moist or wet, aff. **क्**। [wet, aff. **क्**।]  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Wet, moist, moistened. **सम्** before **उद्** to be **क्**।  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. High, lofty, elevated. 2. Full, prominent. 3. Exalted, dignified. 4. Proud, arrogant. 5. Lifted up, raised up. 6. Just, upright. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to bow, aff. **क्**।  
**समुद्ध** f. (-हृ) 1. Height, elevation, (physical and mental.) 2. Consequence, rank, dignity, exaltation. 3. Pride, loftiness. 4. Lifting up. 5. Increase, thriving, prosperity. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to bow, aff. **क्**।  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Conceited of learning, thinking one's self learned. 2. Proud, arrogant. 3. Produced, born. 4. Tied up or above. 5. Supreme, lord or master. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to tie, aff. **क्**।  
**समुद्ध** m. (-हृ) 1. Occurrence, event. 2. Gaining, attaining. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to take, **क्** aff.  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Attaining, gaining. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to get, **क्** aff.  
**समुद्ध** n. (-हृ) Uprooting, destruction.  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Seen, beheld. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to see, **क्** aff. [गत gone.]  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Approached, approximated. **सम्**, and **उद्** near, **समुद्ध** m. (-हृ) Approach, approximation, contact. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to go, **क्** aff.  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Collected, heaped, accumulated. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to collect, **क्** aff.  
**समुद्ध** Ind. Happily, fortunately. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to gratify, aff. **क्**; also read **उद्** and **उद्** or **समुद्ध**. [to enter, **क्** aff.]  
**समुद्ध** m. (-हृ) Copulation.  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Seated, sat down. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to sit, **क्** aff.  
**समुद्ध** m. (-हृ) Welcoming, entertaining, causing to sit down. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to enter, causal v., **क्** aff.  
**समुद्ध** n. (-हृ) A building, a habitation.  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Welcomed, made to sit or rest. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to enter, causal v., **क्** aff.  
**समुद्ध** f. (-हृ) 1. Proximity, approach, approximation. 2. Nearness. 3. Happening, befalling. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to be, **क्** and **क्** aff.; also **समुद्ध** and **समुद्ध**.  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Attained, acquired. 2. Brought or come near to, approximated. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to stay, **क्** aff.  
**समुद्ध** n. (-हृ) Reconciliation.  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Come together, assembled. 2. Arrived at. 3. Endowed with. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to go, **क्** aff.  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Going, proceeding. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to go, **क्** aff. of the present participle.  
**समुद्ध** mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Suppressed, restrained. 2. Gone upwards, risen. 3. Increased, developed. **सम्** and **उद्** before **हृ** to bear, **क्** aff.

समुद्रसत् mfn. (-सन्-सली-सत्) 1. Sporting, wantoning. 2. Shining, beautiful. ३. सम् and उद् before लृच् to play, गृह् aff. of the present participle.

समुद्रसित mfn. (-सन्-सली-सत्) 1. Sportive, sporting. 2. Brilliant, beautiful. ३. सम् and उत् before लृच् to play, गृह् aff.

समुद् mfn. (-सन्-सली-सत्) 1. Heaped, accumulated, assembled, collected. 2. Crooked, bent. 3. Produced quickly. 4. Accompanying, associated, a companion. 5. Tamed, tranquillized. 6. Married. 7. Purified, cleansed. 8. Led, conducted. 9. Enveloped. ३. सम् before वृच् to bear, or ऊह् to reason, aff. क् ।

समूर m. (-सः) A deer. ३. सम् to be confused, aff. ऊर् ।

समूह m. (-सः) A deer, one of the sorts of which the skin may be used as a student's seat, &c. ३. सम् to be confused, ऊह् aff.; or सम्बोधन-लात् ऊह् यत् । also with कन् added समूहक. According to some, this sort of deer is distinguished by a white mane.

समूल mfn. (-सः-सली-सत्) Having a root, joined or in connection with the root. ३. सम् with, मूल a root. [killing.

समूलघात n. (-सः) Utter destruction or eradication. ३. समूल radical, घात समूह m. (-सः) Assemblage, aggregate in general, heap, number, multitude, quantity, &c. ३. सम् together, ऊह् to reason, or वृच् to bear, वच् aff.

समूहकाय n. (-सः) Interests or business of a number, general affair. ३. समूह, and काय affair. [bear, aff. गृह् ।

समूहन् mfn. (-सन्-सली-सत्) Collecting, gathering. ३. सम् before वृच् to सम्हन् n. (-सः) Collection, plenty.

समूहनी f. (-नी) A broom. ३. समूह heap, (of dirt.) नी to take, अस्, इ and डीच् ; or सम् + ऊह् - करणे लृच् डीच् ।

समूह mfn. (-सः-सली-सत्) To be assembled or collected. m. (-सः) 1. Sacrificial fire. 2. A place prepared for the reception of a sacrificial fire. Ind. Having collected. ३. सम् completely, वृच् to bear, or ऊह् to reason, aff. कप्. गृह् or लृच् ।

समृद्ध mfn. (-सः-सली-सत्) 1. Happy, prosperous, thriving. 2. Grown, increased, augmented. 3. Flourishing. 4. Full, entire. 5. Accelerated. ३. सम् completely, वृच् to increase, aff. क् ।

समृद्धवेग mfn. (-सः-सली-सत्) Very swift. ३. समृद्ध, and वेग speed.

समृद्धि f. (-सः) 1. Thriving, increase. 2. Prosperity, success. 3. Power, supremacy. 4. Wealth. ३. सम् completely, वृच् to increase, aff. क्त् ।

समेत mfn. (-सः-सली-सत्) 1. Near, approximated, approached. 2. Agreed, covenanted. 3. Collected, associated. 4. Having, possessed of. ३. सम् with, वृच् gone ; or सम् and वृच् before वृच् to go, क् aff.

समेधित mfn. (-सः-सली-सत्) Increased, augmented. ३. सम् before एधित increased ; or सम् + एध् + क्त् - क् ।

समीदक n. (-कः) A mixture of half butter milk and half water. ३. सम् equal, उदक water. [and पत् to fall, aff. ड ।

सम्प m. (-सः) Descending, falling, alighting. f. (-सः) Lightning. ३. सम्.

सम्पत्ति f. (-सः) 1. Prosperity, success, increase of wealth, power, happiness. 2. Excellence of qualities. 3. A sort of medicinal root. ३. सम् implying perfection, पद् to go, aff. क्त् ; also सम्पद् ।

सम्पद् f. (-पद् or -पद्) 1. Success, prosperity, increase of any favourable kind, or of wealth, fame, power, &c. 2. Advancement in good qualities, perfection, excellence. 3. A necklace of pearls, &c. 4. Treasure. 5. Adornment. 6. Blessing. ३. सम् before पद् to go, aff. क्त् ।

सम्पद n. (-सः) Standing with the feet even. ३. सम् together, पद् a foot.

सम्पन्न m. (-सः) A king, a prince. ३. सम् before पद् to go, वृच् Una'di aff.

सम्पन्न mfn. (-सः-सली-सत्) 1. Accomplished, completed, effected, obtained. 2. Prosperous, fortunate, thriving, happy. 3. Possessed of, endowed with. 4. Mature, full-grown. 5. Perfectly acquainted with or performing, (duty, &c.) 6. Right, correct. 7. Made of, become. ३. सम् with, पद् to go, अस्, इ, क् ; also with कन् aff. सम्पन्नक ।

सम्पराय m. (-सः) 1. Calamity, adversity. 2. Futurity. 3. War, battle. 4. A son. ३. सम् and परा before वृच् to go, वृच् or वृच् aff.

सम्परायक n. (-कः) War, battle. ३. सम्पराय war, उन् aff. ; also सम्परायक ।

सम्पत्तिशोधक n. (-कः) A withering or drying up. ३. सम्, and परि implying entirely, शोधक drying.

सम्पक्क m. (-कः) 1. Mixture, mingling, contact, union, junction. 2. Copulation. ३. सम् with, वृच् to be in contact, aff. क्च् or वृच् ।

सम्पक्क mfn. (-सः-सली-सत्) 1. Mixed, blended. 2. Connected or united with. 3. In contact with. ३. सम् together, वृच् to be in contact, वृच् aff.

सम्पक्क mfn. (-सः-सली-सत्) Liable to come in contact, relating to contact or connection. ३. सम्पक्क, and क्च् aff. [वृच् aff.

सम्पक्क mfn. (-सः-सली-सत्) Seeing, beholding. ३. सम् before वृच् to see, सप्ता f. (-सः) Lightning. See सप्ता. ३. सम्पक्क पतति पतति पत-इ ।

सप्ता mfn. (-सः-सली-सत्) 1. Reasoning, a reasoner, a logician. 2. Impudent, shameless. 3. Small, little, low. 4. Lecherous, libertine. 5. Lustful, lewd. m. (-कः) A tree, (Casia fistula.) ३. सम् completely, पक्क ripening or maturing ; also सप्ताक ।

सप्ताट m. (-सः) 1. A spindle. 2. The intersection of the prolonged side of a triangle by the perpendicular. ३. सम् before पद् to go, वृच् aff.

सप्ताट m. (-सः) 1. Descending, falling, coming down. 2. Alighting, (as a bird.) 3. A special mode of flight, (attributed to birds.) 4. Being removed or displaced. 5. Flying of arrows. 6. Meeting. 7. Concurrence, butting together. 8. Going, moving. 9. The son of GARUD'A. ३. सम् before पद् to alight, aff. वृच् ।

सप्ताटि f. (-सः) The son of GARUD'A, a fabulous bird. ३. सम्, वा intensive, to cherish or drink, क्त्ति Una'di aff. ; or सम् + पत्-वृच्-इन् ।

सप्ताटिक m. (-कः) The eldest son of GARUD'A, and like him a sort of fabulous and supernatural bird. ३. कन् added to the last.

सम्पाद m. (-सः) 1. Completion, accomplishment. 2. Obtaining.

सम्पादक mfn. (-सः-सली-सत्) Who or what fulfils, accomplishes, &c. n. (-सः) 1. Effecting. 2. Cleansing. 3. Attaining, acquiring. ३. सम् before पद् to go, causal v., लृच् aff.

सम्पादन n. (-सः) 1. Gaining, acquiring, reaching, attaining. 2. Accomplishing, effecting. ३. सम् before पद् to go, causal form, aff. लृच् ।

सम्पादित mfn. (-सः-सली-सत्) 1. Attained, obtained, gained, gotten. 2. Effected, accomplished. ३. सम् before पद् to go, causal form, aff. क् ।

सम्पिष्ट mfn. (-सः-सली-सत्) Pounded, bruised, crushed, destroyed. ३. सम् and पिष्ट ground.

सम्पीड m. (-सः) 1. Agitating, disturbing. 2. Sending, driving, directing. 3. Pain, torture. 4. Castigation, punishment. 5. Squeezing, Compression. ३. सम् before पीड् to give pain to, &c., aff. वृच् ।

सम्पीडन n. (-सः) 1. Castigation, punishment. 2. Agitation. 3. Sending. 4. Pressing, squeezing. ३. सम् before पीड् to give pain, कृच् aff.

सम्पीडित mfn. (-सः-सली-सत्) 1. Pained, tortured. 2. Punished. 3. Agitated. 4. Sent. 5. Pressed, squeezed. ३. सम् before पीड् to pain, क् aff.

सम्पीति f. (-सः) Drinking in company. ३. सम् together, पा to drink, क्त् aff.

सम्पुट m. (-सः) 1. A casket, a covered box. 2. Cavity. 3. The Kuruvaka flower. ३. सम् together, पुट् to contract, aff. क् । [added.

सम्पुटक m. (-कः) A casket. ३. सम् with पुट् to contract, aff. क्, and कन् सम्पुज्ज n. (-सः) Treating with great respect. ३. सम्, and पूज् to worship, क्च् aff.

सम्पुज्ज mfn. (-सः-सली-सत्) To be, what may or ought to be respected, &c. ३. सम्, and पूज् to respect, क्त्ति Una'di aff. ; also सम्पुज्जित and सम्पुज्जित [shipped.

सम्पुज्जित mfn. (-सः-सली-सत्) Honoured, respected. ३. सम्, and पूजित wor- सम्पुष्ट mfn. (-सः-सली-सत्) 1. Whole, entire. 2. Complete, finished. m. (-सः)

Any mode of music in which all the notes of the gamut are

employed. n. (-च्) Ether, the ethereal matter or atmosphere. **सम्** intensive, and **पूर्** to fill, **क्** aff. [सम्पूर्त्त]।  
**सम्पूरता** f. (-ता) Fulness, completion. **सम्पूर्त्त** and **तृप्** aff; also with **त्**,  
**सम्पू** mfn. (-क्) 1. Mixed, blended, combined, inlaid, interspersed.  
 2. Joined, united. 3. Close to, in contact with. **सम्** together, **पृच्**  
 to be in contact, aff. **त्**। [made].  
**सम्पूज्य** mfn. (-न्) Possessed of, having. **सम्** and **प्र** before **कृ** **त्**  
**सम्पूज्य** n. (-न्) 1. Bathing. 2. Inundation. [aff.  
**सम्पूजित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Bellowed. **सम्** and **प्र** before **बृ** to sound, **क्**  
**सम्पूजित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Brought, conveyed. **सम्** and **प्र** before **वृ** to  
 take, **क्** aff.  
**सम्पूजित** mfn. (-ता-वृ-त्) Who or what guides, leads, &c. m. (-ता) A judge,  
 a ruler. **सम्** and **प्र** before **वृ** to get, **हृच्** aff.  
**सम्पूज्य** n. (-न्) 1. Heating, burning. 2. Afflicting. 3. One of the  
 twenty-one hells. **सम्** and **प्र** before **तृ** to heat, causal v., **खृट्** aff.  
**सम्पू** Ind. Now, at present, at this time. m. (-त्) A Jaina pontiff,  
 of the last era. **सम्**, and **प्रति** with respect to, &c., conjoined.  
**सम्पूतिपति** mfn. (-त्तिः-त्तिः-त्तिः) Agreed, convened, consentient. f. (-त्तिः) 1.  
 Assent, concurrence. 2. Admission, acknowledgment, confession.  
 3. Agreement. 4. Co-operation. 5. Presence, company. 6. Assault.  
 7. Doing, performing, effecting. 8. A particular kind of reply or  
 defence, admission of a fact, (in law.) **सम्** together, **प्रतिपत्ति**,  
 agreement, assent; or **सम्** + **प्रतिपत्ति**-क्त्।  
**सम्पूतिपत्ति** mfn. (-त्तिः-त्तिः-त्तिः) 1. Done, performed. 2. Come, arrived. 3. Agreed,  
 concurred. 4. Attached. **सम्** and **प्रति** before **पृ** to go, **क्** aff.  
**सम्पूतिरोधक** m. (-कः) Durance, actual confinement or restraint, imprison-  
 ment. **सम्पूति** present, रोधक what restricts.  
**सम्पूतिचा** f. (-चा) Expecting, awaiting. **सम्** and **प्रति** before **ईच्** to see,  
**चृच्** and **टाच्** affs. [the same].  
**सम्पूति** f. (-त्तिः) 1. Fame, notoriety. 2. Compliance. **सम्** before **प्रतीति**,  
**सम्पूति** m. (-यः) 1. Agreement. 2. Firm conviction.  
**सम्पूदान** n. (-न्) 1. Gift, donation. 2. The act of giving or handing over  
 completely. 3. Bestowing in marriage. 4. The idea expressed by  
 the fourth case, the dative case, (in grammar.) **सम्** and **प्र**  
 before **दा** to give, **खृट्** aff.  
**सम्पूदान** n. (-न्) A gift, a donation.  
**सम्पूदाय** m. (-यः) 1. Traditional doctrine, what has been transmitted  
 from one teacher to another, and is established as of sacred  
 authority. 2. A sect, a schism, a peculiar doctrine and exclusive  
 worship of one divinity. 3. Custom, usage, **सम्** and **प्र** before **दा**  
 to give, **चृच्** aff., **युक्** augment. [have, **खृट्** aff.  
**सम्पूधान** n. (-न्) Consideration, ascertainment. **सम्** and **प्र** before **धा** to  
**सम्पूधान** f. (-धा) Determination, deliberation, the determining on the  
 propriety or impropriety of anything. **सम्** and **प्र** before **धृ** to  
 have or hold, causal form, aff. **युच्**। [aff. **चृच्**।  
**सम्पूद** n. (-दः) Roaming, peregrination. **सम्** and **प्र** before **पृ** to go,  
**सम्पूद** m. (-दः) Excessive joy.  
**सम्पूष** m. (-यः) Loss, abstraction.  
**सम्पूषा** n. (-च्) Departure. **सम्** and **प्र** before **या** to go, **खृट्** aff.  
**सम्पूषुक्त** mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्ता) 1. Acquainted or connected with. 2. Joined,  
 united with, &c. **सम्** and **प्र** before **युज्** to join, **क्** aff.  
**सम्पूषी** m. (-गः) 1. Connection, relation, mutual proportion, dependance  
 or association. 2. Order, natural and connected series or arrange-  
 ment. 3. Copulation. 4. Union, joining. 5. Magic. **सम्** and **प्र**  
 before **युज्** to join, aff. **चृच्**।  
**सम्पूषी** m. (-गः) 1. A libertine, a lecher. 2. A catamite. 3. A joiner  
 or uniter, any one who effects a union or connection. 4. A conjuror.  
**सम्पूषी** union in general, c. coition, aff. **हृन्** or **चिहृन्**।  
**सम्पूषदन** n. (-न्) Conversation, talking together. **सम्** and **प्र** before **वृ**  
 to speak, **खृट्** aff. १

**सम्पूषित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Passed, gone by. **सम्** and **प्र** before **हृन्** been.  
**सम्पूषित** n. (-दः) A rain-fall.  
**सम्पूष** m. (-यः) Asking, enquiring civilly. **सम्**, and **प्र** asking.  
**सम्पूषाद** n. (-दः) 1. Trust, confidence. 2. Serenity. 3. Favour, grace. 4.  
 The soul. **सम्** and **प्र** before **सृ** to go, **चृच्** aff.  
**सम्पूषादन** n. (-न्) Effecting, accomplishing, performing well or com-  
 pletely. **सम्** and **प्र** before **साच्** to accomplish, causal form, **खृट्** aff.  
**सम्पूषारत्न** n. (-न्) The mutual substitution of the letters **र**, **उ**, **वृ**, **लृ**,  
 and their respective semi-vowels, **य**, **व**, **र**, and **लृ**, (in gram.) **सम्**,  
 and **प्र** before **सृ** to go, causal form, aff. **खृट्**।  
**सम्पूषान** n. (-न्) Setting out on a journey. **सम्** and **प्र** before **स्था** to  
 stay, **खृट्** aff. [before **स्था** to stay, **क्** aff.  
**सम्पूषित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Set forth, gone on a journey. **सम्** and **प्र**  
**सम्पूषार** m. (-रः) 1. War, battle. 2. Striking, killing. 3. Mutual striking.  
 4. Going, motion. **सम्** and **प्र** before **हृ** to take, aff. **चृच्**। [aff.  
**सम्पूषास** n. (-सः) 1. Laughter. 2. Joy. **सम्** and **प्र** before **हृ** to laugh, **चृच्**  
**सम्पूषास** mfn. (-सः-सा-सः) 1. Attained, obtained, gotten. 2. Effected,  
 accomplished. 3. Become. 4. Arrived, come. **सम्** and **प्र** obtained.  
**सम्पूषासि** f. (-सिः) Obtaining, getting, acquisition. **सम्** before **प्राप्ति** ob-  
 taining; or **सम्** + **प्र** + **प्राप्ति**-क्त्।  
**सम्पूषित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Well-pleased, delighted. **सम्**, and **प्र** liking.  
**सम्पूषि** f. (-सिः) 1. Attachment, affection. 2. Delight, friendly regard.  
**सम्** before **प्रीति** affection.  
**सम्पूष** n. (-यः) 1. Deliberating, considering, investigating. 2. Looking  
 at, seeing. **सम्** and **प्र** before **ईच्** to see, **खृट्** aff.  
**सम्पूषित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Considered, investigated. 3. Seen, beheld. **सम्**  
 and **प्र** before **ईच्** to see, **क्** aff. [सम् before **प्राप्ति** sent.  
**सम्पूषित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Sent, ordered. 2. Dismissed, sent away. **सम्**  
**सम्पूष** m. (-यः) 1. Order, command, direction. 2. Dismissing, sending  
 away. **सम्** and **प्र** before **हृ** to go, aff. **चृच्**; also **सम्पूष**।  
**सम्पूष** n. (-यः) 1. Sprinkling. 2. Consecrating, (a temple.) **सम्** and  
**प्र** before **चृ** to sprinkle, **खृट्** aff. : see **प्रीष**।  
**सम्पूषित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Sprinkled, wetted, (especially with holy  
 water.) 2. Consecrated. **सम्** and **प्र** before **चृ** to sprinkle, **क्** aff.  
**सम्पूष** m. (-यः) 1. Falling in various directions. 2. Submersion, inunda-  
 tion. 3. Subversion. 4. Surge, **सम्**, and **प्र** to go, **चृच्** aff.  
**सम्पूष** m. (-यः) A rain. **सम्** before **फृ** to bear fruit, aff. **चृ**।  
**सम्पूष** mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्ता) Blown, blossomed, opened, (as a flower.) **सम्**  
 completely, and **फृ** blown, **चृच्** being added.  
**सम्पूष** m. (-यः) (In dramatic language,) Wrathful encounter, defiance,  
 combat, the incident of an angry and tumultuous conflict.  
**सम्पू** r. 1st cl. (सम्पूति) To go, to move. r. 10th cl. (सम्पूति-न्) To unite,  
 to join, to contact or collect; also **चृच्**। [go, aff. **चृच्**।  
**सम्पू** n. (-यः) 1. Water. 2. The second ploughing of a field. **सम्पू** to  
**सम्पूष** mfn. (-यः-दा-यः) 1. Connected with, endowed with, possessing as  
 a predicate or property. 2. Bound, tied, attached. **सम्** with, **वृच्**,  
 to bind, aff. **क्**।  
**सम्पूष** mfn. (-यः-सा-यः) 1. Able, capable. 2. Fit, right, proper. 3. Ad-  
 junct, annexed or connected, inherent, &c. m. (-यः) 1. Prosperity,  
 success. 2. Fitness, propriety. 3. Connection, natural or essential  
 connection, as of a property with a substance, subject matter with  
 a work, proper meaning with a word, &c. 4. Connection by birth  
 or marriage, relationship. 5. The application of authority, as of the  
 Upanishads to prove a theological assertion, &c. 6. Mental associa-  
 tion of objects, conceiving them in connection with each other. 7.  
 (In grammar,) The possessive case. **सम्** with, and **वृच्** a binding.  
**सम्पूष** mfn. (-यः-क्ता-क्ता) 1. Relating to, concerning. 2. Fit, suitable. m.  
 (-कः) 1. A kind of alliance. 2. A friend. 3. A relation by birth or  
 marriage. **सम्** added to the last.  
**सम्पूष** mfn. (-यः-विनी-विनी) 1. Possessing good qualities, learned,

- amiable, liberal, &c. 2. Having adjoined or connected with, inherent. 3. Related to, a relation, connection. 4. Connected with, belonging or relating to. **सम्भ** connection, and **सम्भ** aff.
- सम्भ** n. (-रः) 1. Water. 2. Restraint, forbearance, self-control. 3. A religious observance of the Bauddhas. **म.** (-रः) 1. The name of a demon or Daitya slain by Kāśhā. 2. A deer. 3. A sort of fish. 4. A mountain. 5. A Jina, one of the pontiffs of the future age. 6. A kind of dramatic entertainment. 7. A bridge, a dam, a causeway. **f.** (-रः) 1. A plant, (Asparagus racemosus.) 2. A medicinal plant, (Salvinia cucullata.) **सम्भ** to accumulate, **सम्भ** aff.; **सम्भ** added in the fem. form; also **सम्भ** and **सम्भ**.
- सम्भ** mn. (-रः) Provender or stock for travelling expences. **n.** (-रः) Water. **सम्भ** to go, aff. **सम्भ**; or **सम्भ** **सम्भ** यतो वा; also **सम्भ**.
- सम्भ** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Twice-ploughed. **सम्भ** a second ploughing, **सम्भ** made, **सम्भ** augment; also **सम्भ**.
- सम्भ** Adj. **m.** only, but having the three genders when the last term of a compound adjective. (-रः) 1. Narrow, contracted, impassible, either from being naturally confined, or from being blocked up or crowded. 2. Crowded. **Subst.** 1. The vulva. 2. The road to tartarus or hell. 3. Fear, dread. **सम्भ** before **सम्भ** to impede, aff. **सम्भ**.
- सम्भ** mfn. (-रः-ता-तं) Crowding, contracting, pressing upon. **सम्भ** before **सम्भ** to obstruct, **सम्भ** aff.
- सम्भ** n. (-नं) 1. A gate, a barrier. 2. The point of a stake or spit. 3. A door-keeper. 4. Obstructing, opposing. 5. The vulva. **सम्भ** before **सम्भ** to impede, aff. **सम्भ** or **सम्भ**.
- सम्भ** m. (-रः) A Jaina deified sage. **सम्भ** implying perfection, **सम्भ** wise.
- सम्भ** f. (-रः) 1. Calling or calling to. 2. An epithet. 3. Perfect knowledge or perception. 4. Consciousness. 5. The vocative case. **सम्भ** with **सम्भ** to know, aff. **सम्भ**.
- सम्भ** m. (-रः) 1. Explaining, instructing, informing. 2. Throwing, sending. 3. Loss, destruction. 4. Right perception. **सम्भ** completely, **सम्भ** to know, causal form, aff. **सम्भ**.
- सम्भ** n. (-नं) 1. Calling, addressing, calling to. 2. The vocative case, (in grammar.) **सम्भ** and **सम्भ** to know, causal form, aff. **सम्भ**.
- सम्भ** f. (-रः) A bawd, a procuress. **सम्भ** with, **सम्भ** to speak, affs. **सम्भ** and **सम्भ**; also **सम्भ**.
- सम्भ** m. (-रः) 1. Cause, origin, motive. 2. Birth, production. 3. Mixing, union, combination. 4. Capacity, appropriateness, adaptation, the conformity of the receptacle to the thing received, or supporter to the thing supported. 5. Agreement, engagement. 6. Loss, destruction. 7. Acquaintance, intimacy. 8. Possibility. 9. Ability, adequacy. 10. Consistency, compatibility. 11. The third Jina of the present age **सम्भ** implying perfection or co-existence, **सम्भ** to be, **सम्भ** aff. [**सम्भ** being, **सम्भ** aff.]
- सम्भ** m. (-रः) The wood apple, (Feronia elephantum.) **सम्भ** with, **सम्भ**.
- सम्भ** m. (-रः) 1. Multitude, number, quantity, heap, assemblage. 2. Maintaining, supporting. 3. Provision, preparation, getting everything ready or complete. 4. Fulness, completion. 5. Apparatus, necessities, things required for any act or affair. **सम्भ** before **सम्भ** to maintain, aff. **सम्भ**. [**सम्भ** to nourish, **सम्भ** aff.]
- सम्भ** mfn. (-रः-ता-तं) To be nourished, a dependent. **सम्भ** and **सम्भ**.
- सम्भ** nf. (-नं-ना) 1. Considering, reflecting. 2. Fame, celebrity. 3. Fitness, suitability. 4. Adequacy, competency, ability. 5. Possibility. 6. Worship, honour. 7. (In grammar,) The sense of the potential mood. 8. (In rhetoric,) The use of the verb in the imperative or potential mood. 9. (In Logic,) Doubt. 10. Thought. 11. Love. **सम्भ** before **सम्भ** to be, causal form, aff. **सम्भ**.
- सम्भ** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Equal or adequate to, suited to or fit for. 2. Possible. 3. Considered, reflected. 4. Satisfied or occupied with. 5. Honoured. **सम्भ** with, **सम्भ** to be, &c., causal form, aff. **सम्भ**.

- सम्भ** mfn. (-ता-ता-तं) Noble-minded. **सम्भ** equal, **सम्भ** self.
- सम्भ** mfn. (-रः-ता-तं) Suitable, to be adapted to, made, or fit for. **सम्भ**, and **सम्भ** to be, causal v., **सम्भ** aff.; also **सम्भ**, &c.
- सम्भ** n. (-रः) 1. Conversation, discourse. 2. War-cry, watch-word. **सम्भ** together, **सम्भ** speaking.
- सम्भ** f. (-रः) 1. War-cry, watch-word. 2. Conversation, discourse. 3. Contract, agreement. 4. Greeting. 5. A criminal connection **सम्भ** together, **सम्भ** speech. [**सम्भ** to speak, **सम्भ** aff.]
- सम्भ** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Said, spoken to, addressed. **सम्भ** before **सम्भ**.
- सम्भ** mfn. (-रः-ता-तं) 1. Shaken, agitated. 2. Divided, broken. 3. Combined or united with. **सम्भ**, and **सम्भ** broken.
- सम्भ** m. (-रः) A parent, a progenitor. **सम्भ** with, **सम्भ** to be, **सम्भ** aff.
- सम्भ** mfn. (-रः-ता-तं) Bent, curved. **सम्भ**, and **सम्भ** aff.
- सम्भ** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Born, produced. 2. Equal, adequate. 3. Combined with, being together. **सम्भ** with, **सम्भ** to be, aff. **सम्भ**.
- सम्भ** m. (-रः) A sacred person peculiar to the Jinaas.
- सम्भ** f. (-रः) 1. Birth, production. 2. Combination. 3. Power. 4. Fitness. **सम्भ**, and **सम्भ** to be, **सम्भ** aff.
- सम्भ** Ind. Having united or combined. **सम्भ** together, **सम्भ** to be, **सम्भ** aff.
- सम्भ** m. (-रः) A co-adjutor, co-partner, or colleague. **सम्भ**, and **सम्भ** who acts.
- सम्भ** n. (-नं) Partnership, association in trade, joint execution of work or conduct of business. **सम्भ**, **सम्भ** performance of work.
- सम्भ** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Collected, assembled. 2. Gained, got, possessed of. 3. Filled, full. 4. Complete, ready, prepared. 5. Nourished maintained. 6. Carried. **सम्भ** before **सम्भ** to nourish, &c., aff. **सम्भ**.
- सम्भ** f. (-रः) 1. Nourishment, support. 2. Plentitude, fulness. 3. Preparation, provision. **सम्भ**, **सम्भ** to possess, aff. **सम्भ**: see the last.
- सम्भ** mfn. (-रः-ता-तं) To be nourished. **सम्भ**, **सम्भ** to nourish, aff. **सम्भ**.
- सम्भ** m. (-रः) 1. The confluence of two or more rivers, or the junction of a river with the sea. 2. Breaking, splitting, bursting. 3. Union, junction. **सम्भ** with, **सम्भ** to break, aff. **सम्भ**.
- सम्भ** n. (-नः) 1. Enjoyment, pleasure, delight. 2. Coition, copulation. 3. A Jaina or Bauddha S'āsana or edict, &c. 4. One branch of the S'ringāra-rasa, or sentiment of love, happy or successful love, meeting or union of lovers. 5. A catamite. 6. Use, occupation, employment. **सम्भ** with, **सम्भ** enjoyment.
- सम्भ** mfn. (-रः-ता-तं) 1. Sensual, sensualist, &c. 2. Enjoying, as pleasure or property. **m.** (-नः) A catamite. **सम्भ**, **सम्भ** aff.
- सम्भ** mfn. (-नः-ता-तं) Convivial, friendly, (as a dinner, &c.) **n.** (-नः) A meal, &c. partaken together, a convivial party. **सम्भ** together, **सम्भ** to enjoy, **सम्भ** aff.
- सम्भ** m. (-नः) 1. Haste, hurry. 2. Fear, terror. 3. Flurry, confusion, haste or hurry arising from joy, fear, &c. 4. Error, ignorance. 5. Turning round, whirling about, revolving. 6. Respect, reverence. **सम्भ** before **सम्भ** to revolve, &c., aff. **सम्भ** or **सम्भ**.
- सम्भ** mfn. (-नः-ता-तं) 1. Bewildered, agitated. 2. Flurried, confused. **सम्भ**, and **सम्भ** to err, **सम्भ** aff.
- सम्भ** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Assented or agreed to, concurred in. 2. Conformable to. 3. Attached to. 4. Liked, beloved. 5. Honoured, respected. 6. Thought, considered. **सम्भ**, **सम्भ** to mind, **सम्भ** aff.
- सम्भ** f. (-रः) 1. Wish, desire. 2. Order, command. 3. Agreement, assent, similarity of opinion, or purpose. 4. Approbation. 5. Self or real knowledge. 6. Regard, affection, love. 7. Respect, homage. **सम्भ** implying union or perfection, **सम्भ** mind, understanding.
- सम्भ** mfn. (-रः-ता-तं) Happy, glad. **m.** (-रः) Happiness, joy, pleasure. **सम्भ** with, **सम्भ** to delight, aff. **सम्भ** or **सम्भ**.
- सम्भ** m. (-रः) 1. Trampling or treading on, thronging together. 2. Friction, rubbing. 3. War, battle. **सम्भ**, **सम्भ** to trample, aff. **सम्भ**.
- सम्भ** mfn. (-रः-ता-तं) 1. Trampling. 2. Rubbing. **सम्भ**, **सम्भ** aff.

सुभातिर m. (-रः) The son of a virtuous woman. E. सुन् good, माते a mother, चच् aff. [aff. चच्.]  
 सुभाद m. (-दः) Frenzy, intoxication. E. सुन् intensitive, मद to be mad, [aff. चच्.]  
 सुभात m. (-तः) Respect, homage. n. (-नः) Measure. E. सुन्, and नन् to respect, with चच् aff., or ना to measure, aff. लृट्।  
 सुभातन n. (-नः) Worship, homage. E. सुन् intensitive, नन् to respect, causal form, लृट् aff.  
 सुभातित mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Treated with reverence or respect. E. सुन् before नन् to respect, causal v., क्त aff. [यत् aff.]  
 सुभात mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Respectable, honourable. E. सुन् to respect, [यत् aff.]  
 सुभातक m. (-कः) A sweeper. E. सुन् completely, सृज् to clean, लृट् aff.  
 सुभातन n. (-नः) Sweeping, brushing, cleaning. f. (-नी) A broom. E. सुन् before सृज् to clean, aff. लृट्; ङीप् being added in the fem. form.  
 सुभात mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Like, similar, same. 2. Of equal measure or extent. 3. Commensurate, conformable, corresponding. 4. Furnished or provided with. 5. Meted, measured out. E. सुन् with, मित measured, compared. [मिश्र mixed.]  
 सुभात mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Mixed, mingled, blended, joined. E. सुन् together, [यत् aff.]  
 सुभातन n. (-नः) Closing up, covering. [with, सुख the face.]  
 सुभात mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Encountering, facing, in front of. E. सुन् [यत् aff.]  
 सुभात m. (-तः) A mirror. E. सुन् with, सुख the face, रनि aff.  
 सुभात mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Before, in front or in face of. E. सुन्, ख aff.  
 सुभात mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Fascinated, bewildered. 2. Stupified, astounded. 3. Beautiful. E. सुन् before सुज् to fascinate, क्त aff.  
 सुभात mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Heaped, accumulated. 2. Produced rapidly. 3. Broken. 4. Foolish, ignorant, senseless. 5. Bewildered, beguiled. 6. Stupified, astounded. E. सुन् entirely, सुज् to be foolish, and क्त aff.  
 सुभात mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Foolish, infatuated. E. सुन्, चेतस् the mind.  
 सुभात n. (-नः) 1. Uniform or universal expansion or permeation, pervading, co-extension. 3. Height, elevation. 3. Fainting, insensibility. 4. Increasing, augmenting. 5. Congealing, becoming dense. E. सुन् before सूज् to faint, &c., aff. लृट्। [उद्भव produced.]  
 सुभात m. (-तः) A fish or aquatic animal. E. सुन्, चेतस् insensibility, [यत् aff.]  
 सुभात mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Dead, deceased. E. सुन्, and मृत dead.  
 सुभात mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Strained, filtered. 2. Cleaned, cleansed. 3. Well-swept. E. सुन् completely, सृज् cleansed.  
 सुभात n. (-नः) 1. Meeting together. 2. Mixture. [यत् aff.]  
 सुभात m. (-दः) 1. Pleasure, delight. E. सुन् intensitive, सुद to be happy [यत् aff.]  
 सुभात m. (-दः) 1. Ignorance. 2. Folly. 3. Beguilement, fascination. 4. Stupefaction. 5. Fainting. E. सुन् before सुज् to be foolish, चच् aff.  
 सुभातित mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Beguiled, fascinated. 2. Enraptured, overcome with delight, &c. E. सुन्, सुज् to be foolish, causal v., क्त aff.  
 सुभात Ind. 1. All, wholly. 2. Duly. 3. By honourable means. 4. Distinctly. 5. With, 'together with. 6. Properly, fitly : see सुभात।  
 सुभात n. (-तः) Accuracy, totality. E. सुभात, and त aff.  
 सुभात n. (-नः) Inflicting the penalty of the law, punishing in a legal manner. E. सुभात properly, according to the Shāstras, and दण्डन punishing. [सुभात proper, दण्डन said.]  
 सुभात mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Of equal weight or authority, (a precept.) E. सुभात, and त aff.  
 सुभात mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Continuing in the discharge of duty, &c. E. सुभात, and त aff.  
 सुभात mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Steady and regular discharge of prescribed duties. E. सुभात, and त aff.  
 सुभात mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. True, right. 2. Accompanying, going with. 3. Pleasant, agreeable. 4. Same, common, identical, uniform. 5. Accurate, correct. 6. All, entire. E. सुन् with, चच् to go, क्तिप् aff.  
 सुभात m. (-राट्) A paramount sovereign, one who rules over other princes, and has performed the Rājā sū'ya sacrifice. E. सुन् all, राज् to rule, aff. क्तिप्।  
 सु r. 1st cl. (सुते) To go, to move.

सुभात mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Endeavouring, taking pains. n. Adv. (-तः) Vigorously, assiduously. E. सु with, चच् effort.  
 सुभात m. (-तः) One of the same tribe.  
 सुभात m. (-तः) 1. INDRA. 2. Proximity to a wife. 3. A pair of nippers for cutting betel-nut. 4. Uterine brother. Adj Having the same womb. E. सु for सुज् with, or सुन् like, सोनि pudendum muliebre.  
 सर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) 1. Who or what goes, occurring chiefly in composition, as चसुसर, चवसर, &c. 2. Cathartic, purgative. m. (-रः) 1. The thick part or coagulum of curds or milk, cream, &c. 2. Going, motion. 3. An arrow. 4. Saltiness, salt. 5. A string. n. (-रः) 1. A lake, a pool. 2. Water. mf. (-रः रा or -री) A cascade, a water-fall; also सर. E. सु to go, aff. चच्।  
 सरक m. (-कः) A gander. f. (-की) A goose. E. सरस् a pool, काक a crow.  
 सरक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Going, moving, proceeding. mn. (-कः-कः) 1. Spirituous liquor, especially distilled from sugar, rum. 2. Drinking spirits. 3. A drinking vessel. 4. Distribution of liquor. 5. A continuous line of road. n. (-कः) 1. A lake, a pool. 2. Heaven, sky. 3. Going. E. सु to go, Una'di aff. वृत्। [radical final changed.]  
 सरा f. (-रा) A bee. E. सर one who is going, हन् to injure, aff. च, the सरा mf. (-रा-की) 1. A quadruped. 2. A bird. E. सु to go, चच् aff.; ङीप् added in the fem. form.  
 सरज n. (-जः) Fresh butter. E. सर cream, and ज produced.  
 सरजस् f. (-जः) A woman during menstruation. E. सर for सरज् with, रजस् the menses; also सरजस्।  
 सरट् m. (-रट्) 1. Air, wind. 2. A cloud. 3. (In the language of the Vēda.) A bee. 4. A lizard, a chameleon. E. सु to go, चटि Una'di aff.  
 सरट् m. (-रट्) 1. A lizard, a chameleon, a guana, &c. 2. A crow. 3. Wind. E. सु to go, चट् aff.; also सरट्।  
 सरटि m. (-रटि) 1. Air, wind. 2. A cloud. E. सु to go, चटि Una'di aff.  
 सरट् m. (-रट्) A lizard, a chameleon, &c. E. सु to go, चट् aff.  
 सरज mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) Going, moving, who or what goes or moves. n. (-जः) 1. Oxidized iron, either in the state of rust or filings. 2. Going. f. (-जा or -जी) 1. A plant, (Paeletia fetida.) 2. A sort of Teori. E. सु to go, aff. सुच् or लृट्, fem. aff. टाप् or ङीप्; also सरज, &c.  
 सरजि f. (-जि-जी) A road, a path, a way. 2. A straight or continuous line. 3. A disease of the throat. 4. Deposition of things. E. सु to go, Una'di aff. चनि, and ङीप् optionally added; also सरजि, &c.  
 सरज m. (-जः) 1. A rogue, a cheat. 2. A sort of ornament. 3. A bird. 4. A lover. 5. A lizard. E. सु to go, Una'di aff. चजच्; also सरज।  
 सरज m. (-जः) 1. Air, wind. 2. A cloud. 3. Water. 4. The spring. 5. Fire. E. सु to go, चच् Una'di aff.  
 सरज mfn. (-रज-रजी-रज्) Going, proceeding. E. सु to go, गट् aff.  
 सरज m. (-रज्) Thread. E. सु to go, चति aff.  
 सरजि mf. (-जि-जिः) A short cubit-measure. E. सु to go, कजिच् aff.; more commonly रजि q. v.  
 सरज m. (-जः) A warrior riding in a chariot.  
 सरजिका f. (-का) The new leaf of a lotus. E. सरजि पवनस्यः टन्।  
 सरज mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) 1. Quick, speedy. 2. Delighted. 3. Agitated, distressed. 4. Passionate. n. Adv. (-जः) Quick, delightedly, agitatedly, &c. E. सु with, रजस् speed, &c.  
 सरजा f. (-जा) The wife of Rā'van's brother, BISHAN'A. 2. The bitch of the gods. 3. One of the daughter of DAKṢHA. E. सु to go, चन aff.; or सु with, रज sport, pleasure. [Una'di aff.; also सरज।  
 सरज m. (-जः) Air, wind. f. (-ज-जः) The Sarayu-river. E. सु to go, चच् सरज mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) 1. Honest, sincere, candid, upright. 2. Straight. 3. Guileless. m. (-जः) 1. A sort of pine, (Pinus longifolia.) 2. A bird, (Pavo bicalcarata.) f. (-जा) A variety of the plant called Teori. E. सु to go, (to spread fragrance abroad, &c.) चजच् Una'di aff.  
 सरज m. (-जः) A fragrant resin, the exudation of the Saral or pine tree. E. सरज as above, द्रव what exudes. "तारपीन"।

सरलयादिन् mfn. (-यो-यिनो-यि) 1. Going in a straight line. 2. Upright, honest. f. (-नी) A plant with an upright stem. E. सरल, and यादिन् who or what goes or grows. [cover, aff. ड; also सरयः.]  
 सरय n. (-यः) A butt or mark for shooting at. E. सर an arrow, व्यञ्ज to सरस् nf. (-रः-सी) 1. A large pond or pool. 2. A piece of water in which the lotus grows or may grow. n. (-रः) Water. E. सृ to go, (into, to bathe or drink,) असृन् Una'di aff.  
 सरस mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) 1. Tasty, juicy, sapid. 2. Comprising the expression of the poetical Rasas or sentiments, (a work, &c.) 3. Impassioned. 4. Beautiful, charming. 5. Agreeable. n. (-सः) 1. A tank, a pond, a lake. 2. Alchemy. f. (-सा) A sort of Teori. f. (-सी) A lake, a pond. E. स with, रस juice. [प्र + तन् ड।]  
 सरसम्भत n. (-तं) A sort of Euphorbia, commonly Tékántá-Sij. E. सन् + सरसिक m. (-कः) The Indian crane. E. सरस a pool, उन् aff.  
 सरसिज n. (-जः) A lotus. E. सरस a pool, (seventh case,) and ज born.  
 सरसोद्भू m. (-भूः) A lotus. E. सरसी a pool, and उद्भू what grows.  
 सरसीर n. (-रः) The bank of a lake or pond. E. सरस्, and तीर bank.  
 सरस्वत् mfn. (-स्वान्-स्वती-स्वत्) 1. Juicy, sapid. 2. Elegant. 3. Sentimental m. (-स्वान्) 1. The ocean. 2. A male river. 3. A buffalo. 4. A lake. f. (-स्वती) 1. The wife of BRAHMA', the goddess of speech and eloquence, the patroness of music and the arts, and the inventress of the Sanskrit language and De'vana'garī letters. 2. Speech, the faculty or its exercise. 3. A river, the SARASWATY, which rises in the mountains bounding the north-east part of the province of Delhi, whence it runs in a south-westerly direction, and is lost in the sands of the great desert in the country of the Bhatti : according to the Hindus the river only disappears in this place, and continuing its course under ground, joins the Ganges and Jamuna' at A'lla'ha'ba'd. 4. A river in general. 5. An excellent woman. 6. A cow. 7. The wife of a Muni. 8. A female divinity, peculiar to the Jains. 9. The moon plant, (Asclepias acida.) 10. An epithet of DURGA'. E. सरस् a lake, and सत्प् poss. aff. ; or स with, रस flavour, taste, and the same aff.  
 सरस्य mfn. (-गः-गा-गं) 1. Coloured, tinted. 2. Impassioned, passionate. E. स with, रस colour, &c.  
 सरस्य f. (-वा) Adj. Sounding. m. (-वः) 1. A lid, a cover. 2. A shallow cup or saucer, used as one : see सरस्य।  
 सरि mf. (-रिः-री) A water-fall. E. सृ to go, इन् aff. ; also सर, &c.  
 सरिका f. (-का) 1. A drug, commonly Hingu-patri. 2. Going, proceeding. 3. A woman going, or moving. E. सृ to go, वुन् aff., fem. form.  
 सरित् f. (-रित्) 1. A river in general. 2. Thread. E. सृ to go, इति Una'di aff. [पति lord.]  
 सरिताम्यति m. (-तिः) The ocean. E. सरित् a river, (second case plural,) सरित्यति m. (-तिः) The ocean. E. सरित् a river, and पति lord.  
 सरित्त्वत् m. (-त्वान्) The ocean. E. सरित् a river, and सत्प् poss. aff.  
 सरित्सुत m. (-तः) BHISHMA, the son of GANGA'. E. सरित् the river, सुत son.  
 सरित्तरा f. (-रा) The Ganges. E. सरित् a river, and तर best.  
 सरित्प्राय m. (-यः) The ocean. E. सरित् a river, and प्राय lord.  
 सरित्स्रोत n. (-स्रोतः) The source of a river. E. सरित्, सुख face.  
 सरिसन् m. (-सा) 1. Going, proceeding. 2. Motion. 3. Air, wind. E. सृ to go, इमन्तिन् Una'di aff. ; also सरीसन्। [इलङ्।]  
 सरिल n. (-लः) Water. E. See सलिल, the ल being changed to र ; or स-सरिषप m. (-पः) Mustard, (Sinapis dichotoma.) E. सर्वप + षपी०।  
 सरीसृप m. (-पः) A snake. E. सृप् to go, irr. reiterative form, षप् aff.।  
 स्रग् mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Thin, small, fine, minute. m. (-रः) The hilt or handle of a sword, &c. E. सृ to go, उन् aff. [इप form.]  
 स्रग्प mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) Like, resembling. E. स for समान like, same, स्रग्पता f. (-ता) 1. Likeness, resemblance. 2. One of the four states of MUKTI. E. स्रग्प like, तल् aff. of the abstract ; also स्रग्पल n. (-लः)।  
 सरीग mfn. (-गः-गा-गं) Sick, diseased. E. स, and रोग sickness.

सरीगता f. (-ता) Sickness, disease. E. स, and रोगता sickness.  
 सराज n. (-जः) A lotus. m. (-जः) A foot of six long instants, (in Prosody) E. सरस् a pond, and ज born.  
 सरीजम्भन् n. (-म्भः) A lotus. E. सरस् a pond, जम्भन् birth.  
 सरीजल n. (-लः) The water of a pond or lake. E. सरस् a pond, जल water.  
 सरीजिन् m. (-जी) BRAHMA'. f. (-जिनी) 1. A lotus. 2. A pond abounding in lotuses. 3. A multitude of lotuses. E. सरीज a lotus, and इति aff.  
 सरीसृप m. (-पः) The Indian crane. E. सर water, उन्नत pleasure, delight.  
 सरीष m. (-षः) 1. Loss, destruction. 2. Opposition, obstruction. E. स for सृ with, रीष hindrance. [final vowel सरीषह् n. (-हः)]  
 सरीषह् n. (-हः) A lotus. E. सरस् a pond, ह् what grows ; also with a सरीषह्वासन m. (-नः) BRAHMA'. E. सरीषह् a lotus, and वासन a seat ; first appearing from the interior of a lotus in order to create the world, the flower is supposed to have sprung from the navel of VISHNU.  
 सरीवर m. (-रः) A lake or large pond, any piece of water deep enough for the lotus to grow. E. सरस् a pool, वर best. [रीष wrath.]  
 सरीष mfn. (-षः-षा-षं) Angry, wrathful. n. Adv. (-षं) Angriely. E. स with, सर्ष m. (-र्षः) 1. Air, wind. 2. The mind. E. सृ to go, क aff.  
 सर्ग m. (-र्गः) 1. Nature, natural property or disposition. 2. Tendency of a thing. 3. Creation. 4. Effort, perseverance. 5. Assent, agreement. 6. Relinquishment, abandoning, letting go or getting rid of. 7. Voiding, as excrement. 8. A chapter, a book, a section. 9. Certainty, ascertainment. 10. Resolution, determination. 11. Loss of consciousness, fainting. 12. Nature, universe. 12. Onset, advance, rush. E. सृज् to quit, &c., aff. षज्।  
 सर्गकर्म m. (-कर्मः) The order of creation.  
 सर्गबन्ध m. (-बन्धः) A principal or great poem, one comprising many Sargas or Cantos. E. सर्ग a section, and बन्ध a binding.  
 सृज् r. 1st cl. (सृजति) To gain or get, to earn by labour.  
 सृज् m. (-जः) 1. The Sál tree, (Shorea robusta.) 2. Another tree, (Pentaptera arjuna.) 3. The resinous exudation of the Sál tree. E. सृज् to quit, aff. षज्, and the final consonant unchanged.  
 सृज्क m. (-कः) 1. The Pentaptera arjuna. 2. The Sál tree. f. (-जिका) 1. Natron, alkali. 2. Borax. E. सृज् to quit, लुन् aff.  
 सृज्गन्धा f. (-न्धा) A plant, commonly Ra'sna', supposed to be the serpent Ophioxylon. E. सृज् the Sál tree, गन्ध smell.  
 सृज्जन् n. (-जन्) 1. The reserve or rear of an army. 2. Abandoning, quitting. 3. Voiding, as excrement. 4. Making, creating. E. सृज् to abandon, &c., aff. लुट्।  
 सृज्जन्धि m. (-न्धिः) Resin in general, or the resinous exudation of the Sál tree. E. सृज् the Sál, and सन्धि a jewel. 'धना'।  
 सृज्जरस m. (-रसः) Resin in general, or the resinous exudation of the Sál tree. E. सृज् the Sál, and रस juice. [aff.]  
 सृज्जि f. (-जिः) or ज्जि ) Natron, alkali. E. सृज् to abandon, इन् or लोप्  
 सृज्जिका f. (-का) Natron, alkali, or the impure carbonate of soda, commonly termed S'jima'ti, and used in India as a soap for cleaning linen, &c. E. सृज्जि the same, and कन् added, fem form.  
 सृज्जिकाचार m. (-चारः) Impure carbonate of soda, alkali, natron. E. सृज्जिका the same, and चार ashes ; also सृज्जिकाचार। "सज्जिमाटि"।  
 सृज्ज् m. (-ज्जः) A trader. f. (-ज्जः) 1. Lightning. 2. A necklace. 3. Going, following. E. सृज्ज् to gain, Una'di aff. ज् ; also सृज्ज्।  
 सर्प m. (-र्पः) 1. A snake, a serpent. 2. Gentle or twining motion, gliding, flowing, creeping. f. (-र्पि) The female of the snake. E. सृप् to go, to glide, aff. षप्।  
 सर्पकङ्काली f. (-ली) A plant, commonly SA'MP-KANKA'LI or serpent's skeleton. E. सर्प a snake, कङ्काल a skeleton, fem. aff. of diminutiveness or comparison, लोप् ; also with कन् added सर्पकङ्काली।  
 सर्पगन्धा f. (-न्धा) A plant, perhaps the same as the serpent ophioxylon. E. सर्प a snake, and गन्ध fragrance. [destructress.]  
 सर्पघातिनी f. (-नी) A plant : see सर्पकङ्काली. E. सर्प a snake, and घातिनी



सर्वभक्ष n. (-क्ष) A mushroom. ३. सर्प, and छत्र an umbrella.  
 सर्वभ n. (-भ) 1. Going, gliding. 2. The slow flight of an arrow nearly parallel to the ground. ३. छत्र to go, छत्र aff. [aff.]  
 सर्वन् mfn. (-पन्-वन्-पन्) Going, gliding, creeping. ३. छत्र to go, छत्र  
 सर्वदन् m. (-दन्) An ichneumon.  
 सर्वदन् m. (-दन्) 1. A snake's tooth. 2. A plant, commonly Danti, (Croton polyandrum.) f. (-दन्) A plant, (Tragia involucrata.) ३. सर्प, दन्त a tooth.  
 सर्वदन्त m. (-दन्त) The snake-stone, a gem or pearl said to resemble in form the berry of the Abrus precatorius, and to be found in the head of the snake. ३. सर्प a snake, फल hood, ज born.  
 सर्वदन्त m. (-दन्त) 1. A peacock. 2. A crane. 3. A large snake. ३. सर्प a snake, भुज who eats.  
 सर्वदन्त m. (-दन्त) The snake-stone or carbuncle, or a jewel said to be found in the head of a snake, possessing also alexipharmic properties. ३. सर्प a snake, and दन्त a gem.  
 सर्वदन्त f. (-दन्त) A plant, commonly SARP-KANKA'LI.  
 सर्वदन्त m. (-दन्त) VA'SUKI, sovereign of the serpent race, inhabiting Pa'tala or the regions under the earth. ३. सर्प a snake, राजा sovereign.  
 सर्वदन्त m. (-दन्त) A name of the prince JANAME'JAYA, the son of PARIKSHIT. ३. सर्प a snake, and दन्त a sacrifice, दन्त aff.; having compelled by Mantras all the snakes to be present at a sacrifice performed for their destruction, in retaliation of the death of his father who was killed by the bite of a snake; all were destroyed on this occasion except a few of the chiefs.  
 सर्वदन्त f. (-दन्त) A plant: see सर्वदन्तली [kills].  
 सर्वदन्त m. (-दन्त) An ichneumon, a mungoose. ३. सर्प a snake, दन्त who  
 सर्वदन्त n. (-दन्त) The seed of the Elaeocarpus. f. (-दन्त) A plant, commonly Kanka'lika'. ३. सर्प a snake, दन्त the eye. [appellation].  
 सर्वदन्त m. (-दन्त) A plant, (Mesua ferrea.) ३. सर्प a snake, दन्त an  
 सर्वदन्त f. (-दन्त) A plant, Sar pa-kanka'li or a variety of it.  
 सर्वदन्त m. (-दन्त) 1. GARUD'A. 2. An ichneumon. 3. A peacock. ३. सर्प a snake, दन्त an enemy.  
 सर्वदन्त m. (-दन्त) An ichneumon. ३. सर्प a snake, and दन्त an enemy; equally applicable to the peacock, &c.: see the last.  
 सर्वदन्त n. (-दन्त) The sandal tree.  
 सर्वदन्त m. (-दन्त) A peacock. ३. सर्प a snake and दन्त food: see the last.  
 सर्वदन्त mfn. (-पन्-वन्-पन्) Going gently or tortuously, gliding, winding, creeping. f. (-पन्) 1. A female serpent. 2. A small medicinal shrub. ३. सर्प a snake, or going, &c., दन्त aff.  
 सर्वदन्त Adj. Seasoned with clarified butter.  
 सर्वदन्त n. (-पन्) Ghee, clarified butter. ३. छत्र to flow, दन्त Una'di aff.  
 सर्वदन्त m. (-दन्त) The sea of clarified butter, one of the seven seas. ३. सर्वदन्त Ghee, समुद्र the ocean.  
 सर्वदन्त n. (-दन्त) Sandal.  
 सर्व r. 1st cl. (सर्वति) To go, to move.  
 सर्व mfn. (-क्ष-वन्-क्ष) All, whole, entire. ३. सर्व to go, aff. वन्; as differently read, with a final som i vowel, सर्व q. v.  
 सर्वदन्त mfn. (-क्ष-वन्-क्ष) 1. Patient, enduring. 2. All-sustaining. ३. सर्व all, सर्व to bear, वन् aff.; see सर्वदन्त below.  
 सर्व m. (-क्ष) 1. Sky, heaven. 2. Going, motion. ३. छत्र to go, दन्त Una'di aff.  
 सर्व r. 1st cl. (सर्वति) To hurt, to injure, to kill; more commonly वन् q. v.  
 सर्व mfn. (-क्ष-वन्-क्ष) All, whole, complete, universal, entire. m. (-क्ष) 1. S'IVA. 2. VISHN'U. ३. छत्र to go, to pervade, (the world,) दन्त Una'di aff.; also according to some authorities preferable, सर्व as above.  
 सर्वदन्त mfn. (-क्ष-वन्-क्ष) 1. Patient, enduring. 2. All-sustaining. f. (-क्ष) The earth. ३. सर्व all, (मेघ) सर्व to bear or suffer, aff. वन्.  
 सर्वदन्त mfn. (-क्ष-वन्-क्ष) All, every. ३. दन्त added to the last.  
 सर्वदन्त m. (-क्ष) BRAHMA'. ३. सर्व all, (things,) दन्त maker. [सर्वदन्त act].  
 सर्वदन्त n. (-क्ष) All or every act. m. (-क्ष) A man of all work. ३. सर्व,

सर्वदन्त mfn. (-क्ष-वन्-क्ष) Performing or conversant with every business, pervading every action, &c. ३. सर्व all, दन्त act, वन् aff. [makes].  
 सर्वदन्त mfn. (-क्ष-वन्-क्ष) The maker of all things. ३. सर्व, दन्त who  
 सर्वदन्त n. (-क्ष) All seasons or times, ३. सर्व, and दन्त time.  
 सर्वदन्त mfn. (-क्ष-वन्-क्ष) Of all times or seasons, ३. सर्वदन्त, and वन् aff.  
 सर्वदन्त Ind. Every where, universally. ३. सर्व in all, and वन् inserted before the final.  
 सर्वदन्त m. (-क्ष) An actor, a dancer, a mime.  
 सर्वदन्त m. (-क्ष) Any substance of an alkaline or soapy nature, as impure soda, pearl ash or potash, &c., which may be used in cleaning clothes. ३. सर्व all दन्त impure alkali or alkaline salt or ashes.  
 सर्वदन्त mfn. (-क्ष-वन्-क्ष) Going every where, all-pervading. n. (-क्ष) Water. m. (-क्ष) 1. S'IVA. 2. BRAHMA'. 3. Soul, spirit. 4. Air, wind. f. (-क्ष) A plant, commonly Priyangu. ३. सर्व all, वन् what goes.  
 सर्वदन्त mfn. (-क्ष-वन्-क्ष) Omnipresent, universally diffused. ३. सर्व, दन्त gone.  
 सर्वदन्त m. (-क्ष) 1. A class of four aromatics, or kakkol, cloves, agallochum, and gum benjamin. 2. A perfume in general. ३. सर्व all, and दन्त fragrance. [aff.]  
 सर्वदन्त n. (-क्ष) The root of long-pepper. ३. सर्व all, दन्त a knot, दन्त  
 सर्वदन्त mfn. (-क्ष-वन्-क्ष) 1. All-pervading, diffused, extended. 2. All-destroying. m. (-क्ष) A rogue, a wicked man. ३. सर्व, and दन्त to go, वन् aff.  
 सर्वदन्त mfn. (-क्ष-वन्-क्ष) Made of every kind of skin or leather. ३. सर्व all, वन् skin, वन् aff.  
 सर्वदन्त f. (-क्ष) The universe, the whole world. ३. सर्व, and दन्त world.  
 सर्वदन्त mfn. (-क्ष-वन्-क्ष) Belonging or relating to all men, fit for all, &c. ३. सर्व all, दन्त mankind, वन् aff.  
 सर्वदन्त mfn. (-क्ष) 1. All-subduing, irresistible. 2. All-surpassing, excellent, incomparable. m. (-क्ष) The twenty-first year of the cycle. ३. सर्व all, दन्त who subdues or surpasses.  
 सर्वदन्त mfn. (-क्ष-वन्-क्ष) Omniscient, all-wise. m. (-क्ष) 1. S'IVA. 2. A Jina or Budd'ha, or deified sage peculiar to those sects. ३. सर्व all, and दन्त who knows. [सर्वदन्त].  
 सर्वदन्त n. (-क्ष) Omniscience. ३. दन्त added to the last; also with दन्त, सर्वदन्त; दन्त f. (-क्ष) A plant, (Priyangu.) ३. सर्वदन्त wholly, दन्त auspicious.  
 सर्वदन्त m. (-क्ष) A man who has studied the Tantra-Sha'stras. ३. सर्व all, दन्त a Tantra, properly with an affix of derivation, &c., as दन्त, and that again rejected.  
 सर्वदन्त Ind. 1. Every way, all-round. 2. Wholly, entirely. 3. From every body. ३. सर्व all, दन्त aff.  
 सर्वदन्त m. (-क्ष) Love or the deity KA'MA. ३. सर्व all, दन्त inflamer.  
 सर्वदन्त n. (-क्ष) All-splendour or power. ३. सर्व, and दन्त light, power.  
 सर्वदन्त mfn. (-क्ष-वन्-क्ष) Made, comprising or consisting of all splendour or power. ३. सर्वदन्त, and दन्त aff.  
 सर्वदन्त mfn. (-क्ष-वन्-क्ष) Every where auspicious. mfn. (-क्ष-वन्-क्ष) A temple or palace of a square form, with an entrance opposed to each point of the compass. m. (-क्ष) 1. The Nimba-tree, (Melia azadirachta.) 2. The carriage of VISHN'U. 3. A bamboo. 4. A form of military array. 5. A square mystical diagram, to be painted on the cloth which on particular occasions covers a sort of altar erected to VISHN'U. 6. A kind of charade, in which the same word answers several questions. 7. A whimsical form of verse, so contrived that the same meanings and words occur, whether the line be read back-wards or forwards, or in several other directions. f. (-क्ष) 1. A tree, (Gmelina arborea) 2. An actress or the wife of an actor or dancer, &c. 3. A sort of yam, (Dioscorea) ३. सर्वदन्त on every side, दन्त auspicious.  
 सर्वदन्त n. (-क्ष) 1. Water. 2. Sky, heaven. m. (-क्ष) 1. S'IVA. 2. BRAHMA'. 3. Soul, spirit. 4. A Brahman. 5. Swarga, the heaven of INDRA. 6. Agni. ३. सर्वदन्त on every side, दन्त countenance. [all, दन्त aff.]  
 सर्वदन्त Ind. 1. Every where, in all places. 2. Always, at all times. ३. सर्व,

सर्वत्र mfn. (-नः-गः-नः) All-pervading, going every where. m. (-नः) Air, wind. E. सर्वत्र every where, गन् to go, उ aff.

सर्वत्रगामिन् m. (-नो) Air, wind. E. सर्वत्र always, गामिन् going.

सर्वथा Ind. f. (-या) 1. In all ways, by all means. 2. Assuredly, certainly. 3. Exceeding, mostly. 4. Always. E. सर्व all, था aff.

सर्वदमन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) All-subduing, irresistible. m. (-नः) BHARATA, the son of S'AKUNTALA. E. सर्व all, दमन taming.

सर्वदृशिन् mfn. (-शी-श्री-नो-नि) All-seeing. m. (-शी) A Budd'ha in general. E. सर्व all, and दृशिन् seeing.

सर्वदा Ind. Always, at all times. E. सर्व all, and दा aff.

सर्वदुःखम. (-यः) Final emancipation from transmigration. E. सर्व all, दुःख pain, and चय destruction. [मयट् aff.]

सर्वदेवमय mfn. (-यः-यो-य) Made of or comprising all the gods. E. सर्वदेव, सर्वदेवसुख m. (-यः) A name of AGNI or fire. E. सर्व all, देव a deity, and सुख mouth; being the medium of oblations to the gods.

सर्वधन n. (-नः) 1. Whole wealth or property. 2. (In arithmetic,) Total of a sum in progression. E. सर्व, and धन wealth.

सर्वधर्मविद् m. (-विद्-द-विद्) One who knows the duties of all tribes and classes. E. सर्व, धर्म duty, विद् who knows.

सर्वधारी f. (-री) The twenty-second year of the cycle. E. सर्व all, धृ to hold, चण् and ङीष् affs.

सर्वधुरावृ m. (-वः) An ox fit for any sorts' of carriage. E. सर्व all, धुर a burden, चार् before वृ to bear, aff. चच् ।

सर्वधुरीच m. (-चः) An ox, &c. fit for any carriage or draught. E. सर्व all, धुर a burden, ख aff. [तल् aff.]

सर्वनामता f. (-ता) The quality or condition of a pronoun. E. सर्वनाम and सर्वनामन् n. (-नः) A pronoun. E. सर्व, and नामन् name. [truaction.]

सर्वनाश m. (-यः) Total destruction, destruction of all. E. सर्व, नाश des-servend m. (-नः) BHARATA. E. सर्व all, दन् to tame or subdue, खच् aff.

सर्वपथ m. (-यः) Every way, every direction. सर्व, पथ for पथिन् a path.

सर्वपथीन् mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) In or of every road or direction, (moving, passing, &c.) E. सर्वपथ, and ख aff. [चच् and टाप् ।]

सर्वपा f. (-पा) The wife of the Daitya BALI. E. सर्व all, पा to drink, affs.

सर्वपूर्ण n. (-त्वं) Entire completion or fulness, complete preparation or provision. E. सर्व all, and पूर्ण fulness.

सर्वप्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Generally or universally beloved. 2. Generally friendly, loving all. E. सर्व all, and प्रिय dear.

सर्वभक्ष mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Omnivorous, eating all or any thing. f. (-चा) A female goat. E. सर्व all, and भक्ष who eats.

सर्वभक्ष्य mfn. (-ल्यः-ल्य-ल्य) 1. Eating any thing or all things, (a child.) 2. All-devouring, omnivorous. E. सर्व, and भक्ष्य edible.

सर्वभाव m. (-वः) Whole disposition, all one's thoughts and purpose. E. सर्व, and भाव disposition. [all, भूत an element.]

सर्वभूत n. Plu. (-ताभि) 1. All the elements. 2. All created things. E. सर्व सर्वभूतकृत् mn. (-कृत्) 1. The maker of all things. 2. The cause of all elements or beings. E. सर्वभूत, and कृत् who or what makes.

सर्वभूतमय mfn. (-यः-यो-य) Comprising or comprehending all elementary matter. m. (-यः) The supreme pervading spirit. E. सर्वभूत, मयट् aff.

सर्वभूतस्थ mfn. (-स्थः-स्था-स्थ) Present in all elements or beings. E. सर्व all, भूत an element, and स्थ what stays; also सर्वभूतस्थित, &c.

सर्वभूतात्मन् m. (-त्मा) Universal, all-pervading spirit. E. सर्वभूत an element, and आत्मन् soul. [supports.]

सर्वभृत् mfn. (-भृत्) Cherishing or supporting all. E. सर्व, भृत् who or what

सर्वभोगिन् mfn. (-नो-गि-नो-गि) Enjoying all. E. सर्व, भोगिन् who enjoys.

सर्वभोगीन् mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Good or beneficial for all, to be enjoyed or possessed by all. E. सर्व, and भोग enjoyment, खच् aff.

सर्वमङ्गला f. (-ला) DURGĀ. E. सर्व all, मङ्गल auspicious.

सर्वमय mfn. (-यः-या-य) General, universal, comprehensive, comprehending. E. सर्व all, मयट् aff.

सर्वमयी f. (-यी) The whole earth. E. सर्व, and मयी earth.

सर्वमूला n. (-मू) A Cowrie or small coin represented by it. E. सर्व मूला, (of all things,) मूला price.

सर्वमूक m. (-कः) Time. E. सर्व all, (things,) मूक to steal, वृत् aff.

सर्वरस m. (-रः) 1. Resin, the exudation of the pine or Sa'l. 2. A sort of musical instrument, a kind of lute. 3. A learned man. 4. Saltiness, salt, saline flavour or taste. E. सर्व all, रस taste, real or figurative.

सर्वरसोत्तम m. (-मः) The saline flavour, saltiness, salt. E. सर्व all, रस a flavour, उत्तम best. [for the final.]

सर्वरात्र m. (-त्रः) The whole night. E. सर्व all, रात्रि night, चच् substituted

सर्वरीकर m. (-रः) The moon. E. सर्वरी for सर्वरी night, कर who makes.

सर्वरिक्ता f. (-ता) A plant, (Gmelina arborea.)

सर्वसुपरिवर्त्त m. (-वर्त्तः) A year. E. सर्व all, चतु a season, परिवर्त्त a revolution.

सर्वला f. (-ला) An iron club. "तीमराखे" E. सर्व all, ला to take, affs. चच् and टाप्; also read सर्वला and सर्वली ।

सर्वसिद्धिन् m. (-द्धिः) A heretic, an impostor; one who not belonging to the orthodox faith, wears the dress, and assumes the character of an ascetic. E. सर्व all, सिद्धि mark, (of sect or caste,) दृणि aff.

सर्वलोक m. (-कः) The universe. E. सर्व, and लोक world.

सर्वलौह m. (-हः) An iron arrow. E. सर्व all, लौह iron. [a mistress.]

सर्वलक्ष्मणा f. (-भा) A disloyal or unchaste woman. E. सर्व all, and लक्ष्मणा

सर्वविद् mfn. (-विद्) Omniscient, all-wise. E. सर्व, and विद् who knows.

सर्ववेद m. (-दः) A Bra'hman who has read the four Védas. E. सर्व all, वेद the Védas, and चण् or ठक् aff.; the effects of the aff. being subsequently rejected.

सर्ववेदस् m. (-दः) A man who gives away all his property to the priests who have been employed by him at particular sacrifices, of which such a destination of the principal's whole wealth is an essential part. E. सर्व all, विद् to gain, causal form, aff. चसुन् ।

सर्ववेदिन् mfn. (-दो-दि-नो-दि) Omniscient. E. सर्व, and वेदिन् who knows.

सर्ववेशिन् m. (-शी) An actor, a dancer. E. सर्व all, वेश dress, &c. दृणि aff.

सर्वशब्द Ind. 1. Wholly, universally. 2. On all sides. E. सर्व, शब्द aff.

सर्वशान्तिकृत् m. (-कृत्) The sovereign of India, BHARATA. E. सर्व all, शान्ति tranquillity, and कृत् who effects.

सर्वशेष mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. What remains of the whole. 2. What is to continue or to be added to all. E. सर्व, and शेष remainder.

सर्वसङ्गत mfn. (-नः-ता-स) United or meeting with universally. m. (-नः) A sort of rice of quick growth. E. सर्व all, (by all,) सङ्गत known.

सर्वसङ्ग्रह m. (-हः) 1. A general or universal collection. 2. Any collection. E. सर्व, and सङ्ग्रह collection.

सर्वसङ्ग्रह n. (-नः) Assembling a complete army. E. सर्व all, (the parts, or elephants, chariots, horse, and foot,) सङ्ग्रह arming.

सर्वसङ्ग्राह m. (-हः) 1. The universal and pervading spirit. 2. Arming or assembling a complete army. E. सर्व, सङ्ग्राह arming, accontring.

सर्वसमता f. (-ता) 1. Sameness or identity with all things. 2. Equanimity, equal regard for all. E. सर्व, and समता sameness.

सर्वसह mfn. (-हः-हा-ह) All-enduring, bearing all things with patience and firmness. m. (-हः) Bdellium. "जगुल्लो" f. (-हा) The earth. E. सर्व all, सह to suffer, aff. चच् ।

सर्वसिद्धये mfn. (-ये-यो-ये) Having every object attained, every wish gratified, &c. E. सर्व, and सिद्ध accomplished, चये object.

सर्वसिद्धि f. (-द्धिः) Universal success or accomplishment of all. m. (-द्धिः) A tree, (Ægle marmelos.) E. सर्व all, सिद्धि completion.

सर्वस्व n. (-स्वः) 1. Whole property or possessions. 2. Substance, whole essence of anything. E. सर्व, and स्व own.

सर्वस्वदण्ड mfn. (-ण्डः-ण्डा-ण्ड) Fined in all one's property. n. (-ण्ड) Confiscation of property. E. सर्वस्व, and दण्ड punishment.

सर्वस्वहरण n. (-णः) Confiscation of a whole property. E. सर्वस्व, and हरण taking; also सर्वस्वहार, &c.

सर्वस्वामिन् m. (-मी) 1. A universal monarch. 2. The owner or master of all. E. सर्व, स्वामिन् a master.

सर्वकार m. (-रः) 1. Total confiscation. 2. Seizing the whole. ३. सर्व, हार taking; also सर्वहरणं ।  
 सर्वाङ्ग n. (-ङ्ग) 1. The whole body. 2. The 'Angas or portions' of divine knowledge collectively. ३. सर्व all, अङ्ग a limb, &c.  
 सर्वाङ्गी mfn. (-ङ्गः-आ-ङ्ग) 1. Spreading throughout the body, diffusive, pervading. 2. Relating or belonging to the Angas, or parts, of science collectively. ३. सर्व all, अङ्ग member, अङ्ग aff. [augment.  
 सर्वलोको f. (-लो) A name of Durga. ३. सर्व S'iva, लोको aff, and आनुक्  
 सर्वात्मक mfn. (-कः-आ-क) All-pervading. ३. सर्व and आत्मन् self, कन् aff.  
 सर्वात्मन् m. (-आ) 1. The supreme or universal spirit. 2. All beings collectively. ३. सर्व, and आत्मन् self or spirit.  
 सर्वात्मभूति f. (-भूति) All beings collectively. ३. सर्वात्म, and भूति being.  
 सर्वाधिकार m. (-रः) General control or superintendence. ३. सर्व, and अधिकार office. [and इति aff.  
 सर्वाधिकारिन् m. (-री) A general or head superintendent. ३. सर्वाधिकार,  
 सर्वाद्युभूति f. (-भूति) 1. A Jina of the last era. 2. One of the future era. 3. A plant, commonly Teori, (Convolvulus turpethum.) ३. सर्व all, अनुभूति perception.  
 सर्वाभक्षक mfn. (-कः-आ-क) Eating every thing or every where. ३. सर्व all, अन्न food, and भक्षक who eats.  
 सर्वाभक्षिन् mfn. (-क्षी-जिनी-जि) Eating all sorts of food. ३. सर्व all, अन्न food, भुज् to eat, विनि aff. [ख aff.  
 सर्वाङ्गी mfn. (-ङ्गः-आ-ङ्ग) Eating all sorts of food. ३. सर्व all, अन्न food, सर्वाभिसम्भक्त m. (-क्तः) A railor, a cynic, one who abuses all. ३. सर्व, and अभिसम्भक्त who calumniates.  
 सर्वाभिसम्भक्ति m. (-क्षी) A cynic, a calumniator or reviler. ३. सर्व all, अभि and सम् before धा to have, क affix, and इति possess. added.  
 सर्वाभिसार m. (-रः) Assembling a complete army. ३. सर्व all, and अभि before ह् to go, aff. अङ् ।  
 सर्वाये mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Having every object or sense. n. Adv. (-यम्) For or on account of all. m. Plu. (-यः) All objects, &c. ३. सर्व, and अयं an object.  
 सर्वायेनिष्ठ m. (-ष्टः) Budd'hā, the founder of the Baud'dha faith. ३. सर्व, all, अये object, and सिद्ध perfect : his father's wishes being all fulfilled by his birth. [cessation.  
 सर्वायसर m. (-रः) Midnight. ३. सर्व all, (things,) अयसर interval or अयसिन् mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) Eating all things. ३. सर्व, अयसिन् who eats.  
 सर्वाश्रमिन् mfn. (-श्री-जिनी-जि) Belonging or common to every order. ३. सर्व, आश्रमिन् belonging to an A'shrama or order of life. [asylum.  
 सर्वाश्रय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Giving shelter or protection to all. ३. सर्व, आश्रय सर्वाश्रया f. (-श्री) One of the sixteen Vidya'-Dévis, or goddesses of learning, according to the Jainas. ३. सर्व all, अश्रय a weapon.  
 सर्वाङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) The whole day. ३. सर्व all, अङ्ग a day.  
 सर्वोय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Relating or belonging to all, suitable or fit for all, &c. ३. सर्व all, अङ्ग aff. [३. सर्व, ईश lord.  
 सर्वेश्वर m. (-रः) 1. Supreme or universal monarch. 2. The Supreme Being.  
 सर्वेश्वर m. (-रः) 1. S'iva. 2. A universal monarch. ३. सर्व all, ईश्वर lord.  
 सर्वोय m. (-यः) 1. Assembling a complete army. 2. Great speed or dispatch. ३. सर्व all, and ओय a heap.  
 सर्वोयधिगन्ध m. (-घः) A class of certain principal drugs, consisting of Mura', Valeriana Jata'ma'nsi, Orris root, Benzoin, Zedoary, Kurk, or Costus speciosus, red saunders, and Cyperus. ३. सर्व all, ओयधि a drug, and गन्ध a class; also with दग्गे the same, सर्वोयधिगन्ध m. (-गन्धः) ।  
 सर्वोयधिरस m. (-सः) The juice or infusion of a number of plants, as used at a royal inauguration. ३. सर्व all, ओयधि herb, रस juice.  
 सर्वप m. (-पः) 1. A sort of mustard, (Sinapis dichotoma.) 2. A kind of poison. 3. A small measure of weight, a mustard seed so considered. f. (-पी) A small bird. ३. ह् to go, अङ्ग Una'di aff, अङ्ग aug.  
 सर्वपतेल m. (-तेल) Mustard oil. ३. सर्वप mustard, and तेल aff.  
 सर्व r. 1st 0. (सर्वति) To go, to move; more properly अङ्ग q. v.

सर्व n. (-ल) Water. ३. अङ्ग to go, अङ्ग aff. [shame.  
 सर्व mfn. (-यः-आ-य) Bashful, modest, ashamed. ३. अङ्ग with, अङ्ग  
 सर्विल n. (-ल) Water. ३. अङ्ग to go, अङ्ग Una'di aff. ।  
 सर्विलकुल m. (-लः) An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria octandra.) "वेराज" ३. सर्विल water, and कुल hair. [क्रिया act.  
 सर्विलक्रिया f. (-या) The funeral rite of washing the corpse. ३. सर्विल, and  
 सर्विलन n. (-नः) A lotus. ३. सर्विल water, and न born.  
 सर्विलनिधि m. (-धिः) The ocean. ३. सर्विल, and निधि store.  
 सर्विलरय m. (-यः) Current, stream. ३. सर्विल, रय speed.  
 सर्विलराशि m. (-शिः) 1. Ocean. 2. Any piece of water. ३. सर्विल, राशि heap.  
 सर्विलेन m. (-नः) Submarine fire. ३. सर्विल water, and लेन inflaming.  
 सर्विल mfn. (-लः-आ-ल) Wanton, sportive. ३. अङ्ग for अङ्ग with, लीला sport.  
 सर्विलता f. (-ता) Residence in the same heaven with a particular deity, (one of the four stages of mukti.)  
 सर्विलो f. (-लो) The gum Olibanum tree, (Boswellia thurifera.) ३. अङ्ग to go, अङ्ग aff., and the ल doubled; also अङ्गलो.  
 सर्व m. (-वः) 1. Sacrifice, oblation. 2. Offspring, progeny. 3. The sun. 4. The moon. n. (-वः) 1. Water. 2. The juice or honey of flowers. 3. Sprinkling the juice of the acid Asclepias. ३. व् to bear, &c., aff. अङ् ।  
 सर्वन n. (-नः) 1. Bathing, as a religious exercise, or preparatory to a sacrifice, purificatory ablution in general. 2. A sacrifice in general. 3. Extracting and drinking the juice of the acid Asclepias. 4. Bearing as children, bringing forth young. m. (-नः) The moon. ३. व् to bear young, &c., Una'di aff. अङ् ।  
 सर्वपुष mfn. (-पुः-पु-पु) Embodied, having a body or form. ३. अङ्ग with, अङ्ग body, टङ् aff.  
 सर्वयस् mfn. (-यः-या-य) Contemporary, of similar age or duration. m. (-याः) A friend, a contemporary. f. (-याः) A woman's female friend. ३. अङ्ग for समान equal, like, and यस् age.  
 सर्वर m. (-रः) 1. Water. 2. A name of S'iva; more properly इश्वर, q. v.  
 सर्वय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Like, resembling. 2. Of the same tribe or class. 3. Of the same kind, homogeneous. f. (-याः) 1. A name of Ch'ra', one of the wives of the sun. 2. Belonging to the same class of letters, i. e. requiring the same effort in pronunciation. ३. अङ्ग for समान like, same, वयं tribe, colour, &c. [also read सुवरा ।  
 सर्वरा f. (-रा) A plant, commonly Teori, (Convolvulus Turpethum.)  
 सर्वस mfn. (-सः-सा-स) 1. Scented, perfumed. 2. Having a dwelling. ३. अङ्ग with, वास abode, &c.  
 सर्वसस् mfn. (-सः-सा-स) Clothed, dressed. ३. अङ्ग with, वासस् vesture.  
 सर्विकल्पक mfn. (-कः-आ-क) 1. Admitting of an alternative or choice. 2. Doubtful. f. (-का) Adj. (In Veda'nta philosophy,) Recognizing distinctions : namely those of subject and object, (as opposed to निर्विकल्प.) ३. अङ्ग with, विकल्प option, अङ्ग added.  
 सर्विकाश mfn. (-शः-शा-श) 1. Expanded, extended, extensive. 2. Budded, blown. ३. अङ्ग for अङ्ग with, विकल्प expansion.  
 सर्विह mfn. (-हः-हा-ह) 1. Embodied, having body or form. 2. Having, meaning, importing. 3. Quarrelling. ३. अङ्ग with, विह body, &c.  
 सर्वितकम् Ind. Thoughtfully, with reasoning.  
 सर्वित m. (-तः) 1. The sun. 2. Indra. 3. S'iva. f. (-ती) Adj. Producer, giver. ३. अङ्ग to send or cast, (his rays,) टङ् aff.  
 सर्वितदेत m. (-तः) The constellation HASTA', the thirteenth of the lunar asterisms. ३. सर्वित the sun, and देत godhead; the sun being the ruling deity of this asterism. [sun, and अङ्ग aff.  
 सर्वितल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Belonging or relating to the sun. ३. सर्वित the  
 सर्वित n. (-वः) Cause or instrument of production or generation. ३. व् to bear, aff. अङ्ग । [sun, अङ्ग aff.  
 सर्वितिय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Relating or belonging to the sun. ३. सर्वित the  
 सर्वितो f. (-तो) 1. A mother. 2. A cow. ३. व् to bring forth young. टङ् aff., लोफ fem. aff. [knowledge.  
 सर्वित mfn. (-यः-या-य) Learned, wise, versed in science. ३. अङ्ग with, विद्या

सद्विष mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Near, proximate. 2. Of the same kind. n. (-वं)  
Proximity. 3. स for समान common, same, विष manner, sort.  
सद्विनय mfn. (-यः-वा-वं) Modest, well-behaved. n. (-वं) Modestly, respect-  
fully. 3. स with, विनय propriety.  
सद्विलास mfn. (-सः-सा-वं) Wanton, sportive. 3. स with, विलास sport.  
सद्विशेष mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Excellent, superior. 2. Having characteristic  
qualities. 3. Discriminative. 4. Peculiar. 3. स with, विशेष excellence.  
सद्विशेषण mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Distinguished, marked, individualised by  
marks or properties. 3. स with, विशेषण distinguishing property.  
सद्विशेषतः Ind. Particularly, excellently. 3. स with, विशेषतः especially.  
सद्विस्मय mfn. (-यः-वा-वं) Astonished, surprised. 3. स for सङ्ग with, विस्मय  
astonishment. [added.]  
सद्विचित्र mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Bearing interest. 3. स with, विचित्र interest, कन्  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Near, proximate. 2. Ornamented decorated. 3.  
स for समान common, or सङ्ग with, and वेष्ट entrance, decoration, &c.  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Near, proximate. 2. Decorated, dressed. 3. स  
for सङ्ग with, &c., and वेष्ट entrance or decoration.  
सद्वय mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Left, left hand. 2. Right, right hand. 3.  
South, southern. 4. Reverse, contrary, backward. m. (-वः) Visvayam.  
3. वृ to send, यन् Una'di aff.  
सद्वयस्य mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Suffering pain. 3. स with, वयस्य pain.  
सद्वयस्य f. (-वा) Having connection.  
सद्वयविचार m. (-वः) A reason or argument that is locally incompatible  
with the conclusion to be drawn from it; a Heru that is too  
general, (in logic.) 3. स with, विचार irrelevancy.  
सद्वयस्य m. (-वः) A name of ARJUN. 3. स with, वय to be joined or  
attached, aff. णिनि; drawing the bow with his left hand, as well  
as his right.  
सद्वयज mfn. (-जः-जा-वं) 1. Cunning, plausible, pretending. 2. Fraudu-  
lent. 3. स with, वयज pretext.  
सद्वेष्ट m. (-वः) A charioteer. 3. स with, वेष्ट on the left, and वय who stands.  
सद्वेष्ट m. (-वः) A charioteer. 3. स with, वेष्ट on the left, वय to stand, यन्  
Una'di aff., with the effect of व; स and व changed.  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Modest, ashamed. 3. स with, वेष्ट shame.  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Fearful, doubtful. 3. स with, वेष्ट fear.  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Scaly, (as a fish, &c.) 3. स, and वेष्ट scale.  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Troublesome, difficult. 2. Pierced by a thorn  
or dart. 3. स with, वेष्ट a thorn.  
सद्वेष्ट m. (-वः) A believer, one who believes the existence of God, &c.  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Sorrowful, sad. n. Adv. (-वं) Sorrowfully. 3. स  
with, वेष्ट sorrow.  
सद्वेष्ट f. (-वा) A woman with a beard. 3. स for सङ्ग with, वेष्ट a beard.  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Wearied, fatigued. 3. स with, वेष्ट fatigue.  
सद्वेष्ट f. (-वा) Having prosperity.  
सद्वेष्ट r. 2nd cl. (सद्वेष्ट) To sleep; also वय.  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Doubtful, uncertain. 3. स with, वेष्ट doubt.  
सद्वेष्ट f. (-वा) 1. Pregnant. 2. Possessing energy or vigour.  
सद्वेष्ट f. (-वा) A pregnant woman. 3. स for सङ्ग with, वेष्ट a living being.  
सद्वेष्ट n. (-वं) Immolation, offering a living victim. 3. स to sleep, &c.,  
aff. कृट्; also वय.  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Happy, delighted. 3. स with, वेष्ट pleasure.  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Frightened, alarmed. 3. स with, वेष्ट fear.  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Quick, fleet. 2. Excellent. 3. स with, वेष्ट  
speed, &c. [covering.]  
सद्वेष्ट m. (-वः) A bed of leaves, &c. 3. स for समान common, वेष्ट spreading,  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Desirous, wishing for. 3. स with, वेष्ट desire.  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Smiling, laughing. 3. स for सङ्ग with, वेष्ट a smile.  
सद्वेष्ट n. (-वं) 1. Fruit. 2. Corn, grain. 3. A weapon. 4. A quality, an  
excellence. 3. स to sleep, यन् Una'di aff.; also वय, &c.  
सद्वेष्ट m. (-वः) 1. A sort of precious stone, described as of the colour

of the inner fruit of the cocoanut. 2. A sword. f. (-वा) Adj.  
Possessed of good qualities. 3. कन् added to the last.  
सद्वेष्ट m. (-वः) Corn-destroying. m. (-वः) A kind of rat or mouse.  
सद्वेष्ट m. (-वः) The Sal tree, (Shorea robusta.) 3. सङ्ग fruit, वेष्ट  
a covering.  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः) Fructivorous, granivorous, eating grain or fruit. 3.  
सङ्ग, वय to eat, विष् aff. [विष् sacrifice.]  
सद्वेष्ट f. (-वा) Sacrifice offered on the ripening of new grain. 3. सङ्ग,  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Perspiring, exuding. f. (-वा) 1. A virgin deflowered.  
2. A girl who has committed a breach of chastity. 3. स with,  
वेष्ट perspiration.  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Who or what goes. 3. स to go, वय, v. redup.  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Patient, enduring, suffering, bearing. m. (-वः) The  
mouth Agraha'yan'a. m. (-वः) Strength, power. f. (-वा) 1. The  
earth, 2. The Aloe plant. 3. A sort of bean, commonly Mudga-  
parni. 4. A drug, commonly Nakhi. 5. A plant; also Dan'dotpals.  
6. Barleria, (the white sort.) 7. The ichneumon plant or Ra'sna.  
8. A medicinal sort of moon plant. Ind. 1. With, together with;  
a particle implying association, connection. 2. Union, junction. 3.  
Increase, addition. 4. Presence, present time. 5. Completeness,  
entireness. 6. Resemblance, &c. 7. Simultaneously. 3. सङ्ग to have  
patience, aff. कृट्, fem. aff. टाप्.  
सद्वेष्ट m. (-वः) 1. A fragrant sort of mango. 2. Co-operation. 3. सङ्ग  
with, कृट् to make, कृट् aff. [also सद्वेष्टारि.]  
सद्वेष्टारि f. (-वा) Co-operation, assistance. 3. सद्वेष्टारि and वय aff.:  
सद्वेष्टारि mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) An implement, an assistant or associate,  
that or who, by which or whom, any object is effected, &c. 3. सङ्ग  
with, कृट् to make, विष् aff.  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः) Assisting, an assister. 3. सङ्ग, कृट् who does. [कृट् aff.]  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Co-operating, assisting. 3. सङ्ग with, कृट् to do,  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Accompanied, associated. 3. सङ्ग with, वय gone.  
सद्वेष्ट n. (-वं) 1. Going with, accompanying. 2. A woman's burning  
herself on the funeral pile with her deceased husband. 3. सङ्ग  
with, वय going.  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Going with, accompanying. f. (-वा) A  
woman who burns herself with her husband's body. 3. सङ्ग with,  
वय who goes.  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Accompanying, going or associating with, &c.  
mf. (-वः-वा-वं) Yellow Barleria. m. (-वः) 1. A companion, a follower.  
2. A surety. f. (-वा) 1. A wife. 2. A woman's female friend or con-  
fidente. 3. सङ्ग with, वय to go, कृट् aff. [to go, वय aff.]  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Accompanying, attending. 3. सङ्ग with, वय  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Who or what accompanies, attends, associates  
with, &c. 3. सङ्ग with, वय to go, कृट् aff.  
सद्वेष्ट m. (-वः) 1. Harmony, agreement. 2. The accompaniment of the  
middle term by the major, (in logic.) 3. सङ्ग + वय-वय. [who goes.]  
सद्वेष्टारि mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) A companion, an attendant. 3. सङ्ग, वय  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Co-existent, cognate, born or produced toge-  
ther. 2. Innate, inherent, natural. m. (-वः) 1. A brother of whole  
blood. 2. The natural state or disposition. 3. सङ्ग with, and वय born.  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः) A friend by birth; as a sister's son, &c. 3. सङ्ग  
cognate, विष् friend.  
सद्वेष्ट m. (-वः) A natural enemy, one hostile by birth; as the son  
of the same father by another mother, the son of a paternal uncle,  
&c. 3. सङ्ग cognate, वय an enemy.  
सद्वेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Incidental, accidental, not inherent or innate,  
(in the dual it may imply both innate and adventitious.) 3. सङ्ग,  
and वय other.  
सद्वेष्ट m. (-वः) A person, unconnected by birth, born neither an  
enemy nor friend. 3. सङ्ग cognate, वय a stranger.

सह n. (-त्) 1. Sufferance, endurance. 2. Association, union. E. सह patient, or with, ल aff. ; also with तत्, सहता ।

सहस्र Adj. Married.

सहदेव m. (-र्) The youngest of the five Pa'n'dava princes, begotten on MA'ndri by the younger As'win. He was proficient in astrology and is considered as the beau ideal of masculine beauty. f. (-वा) 1. A plant, a sort of Sida. 2. A twining shrub, (Echites frutescens.) 3. Another plant, also Dan'do'tpala. f. (-नी) 1. A sort of Sida. 2. A shrub, bearing a fragrant seed, Priyangu. E. सह with, देव who or what sports. [यक्ष duty.

सहस्रं m. (-सं) Community of duty, law, property, &c. E. सह with, सहस्रं mfn. (-सं-सि-सो-सि) 1. Following the same law, acknowledging the same obligations. 2. Possessing same or like properties. f. (-नी) A woman married according to the ritual of the Ve'das. E. सह with, सस्य the law, इति aff.

सहन mfn. (-न-ना-नं) Patient, enduring. n. (-नं) Bearing, enduring, patience. E. सह to bear, युच् or श्रुट् aff. [नर्तन dancing.

सहस्रं n. (-नं) Dancing together in a circle, &c. E. सह together, and सहस्रं किल m. (-सः) A contemporary and friend. [drinking.

सहयान n. (-नं) Drinking together or equally. E. सह with, &c., पान सहयान् m. (-नी) A friend, a companion, an adherent or partizan. E. सह with, भाव quality, इति aff.

सहभोजन n. (-नं) Eating in company. E. सह together, भोजन food.

सहस्रं n. (-सः) Concremation, a widow's burning herself with the corpse of her husband. E. सह with, सस्य dying.

सहयुज्जन् mfn. (-ज्ज-ज्ज-ज्ज) Fighting with or along 'युज्जन् m. (-ज्ज) A brother-in-arms. E. सह, युच् to fight, कनिप् aff.

सहयुज्जन् mfn. (-ज्ज-ज्ज-ज्ज) Fighting with. E. सह, युज्जन् fighting.

सहस्रा f. (-सः) A sort of bean : see सहस्रं. E. सह with, रस juice.

सहस्र m. (-सः) 1. The sun. 2. A bull. Ind. Resembling HARI or VISHN'U. E. सह for सह with, or समान same, हरि the deity. [pleasure.

सहस्र m. (-सः) 1. Envy, emulation. 2. Pleasure, delight. E. सह with, हर्ष

सहस्र m. (-सः) 1. The month Agraha'yan'a, (Nov.-Dec.) 2. The winter season. n. (-सः) 1. Strength, power. 2. Light. E. सह to bear, असन् aff.

सहस्र Ind. Quickly, precipitately, inconsiderately, without consideration or pause. E. सह to bear, असत् aff. ; or सह + सो-डा ।

सहस्रदृष्ट mfn. (-दृष्ट-दृष्ट-दृष्ट) Seen quickly. m. (-दृष्टः) An adopted son. E. सहसा quickly, दृष्ट seen.

सहसान mfn. (-न-ना-नं) Patient, enduring. m. (-नः) 1. A peacock. 2. Sacrifice, oblation. E. सह to bear, असानच् Una'di aff. [form irr.

सहस्र m. (-सः) The month Pausha, (Dec.-Jan.) E. सह to bear, सत् aff.

सहस्र n. (-सं) A thousand. E. समानं हसति हस्र ।

सहस्रकाण्डा f. (-काण्डा) The white Du'rva' grass.

सहस्रकिरण m. (-सः) The sun. E. सहस्र a thousand, and किरण a ray.

सहस्रं Ind. Repeatedly, reiteratedly, a thousand or many times. E. सहस्र and जलस्य aff. [who gives.

सहस्रद mfn. (-द-दा-द) Liberal, giving by thousands. E. सहस्र, and द

सहस्रदं m. (-दः) A sort of sheat fish, (Silurus pelorius, BOCH.) E. सहस्र a thousand, दं tooth. "पाठीन मत्से" ।

सहस्रदं m. (-दः) A sheat fish : see the last. "दीयासमाह" E. सहस्र, दं a tooth, इति aff.

सहस्रदं m. (-दः) INDRA. E. सहस्र, दं the eye. [arm.

सहस्रदीप् m. (-दीप्) KA'RTAVIRYA, a prince so named. E. सहस्र, दीप् the Ind. In a thousand ways. E. सहस्र, धाप् aff. [edge.

सहस्रार m. (-रः) The discus of VISHN'U. E. सहस्र a thousand, धार an

सहस्रयन m. (-नः) 1. INDRA. 2. An owl. E. सहस्र a thousand, यन the eye.

सहस्रयन m. (-नः) INDRA. E. सहस्र a thousand, ज्ञेय the eye.

सहस्रपति m. (-तिः) The governor of a district, or of a thousand villages. E. सहस्र, पति chief.

सहस्रपत्र n. (-त्रं) 1. A lotus. 2. The indian crane. E. सहस्र, पत्र a leaf.

सहस्रपाद् m. (-त् or -द) BRAHMA'. E. सहस्र, and पाद् for पाद् a foot.

सहस्रपाद् m. (-दः) 1. The sun. 2. VISHN'U. 3. A sort of duck. E. सहस्र a thousand, and पाद् a foot. [3. VISHN'U.

सहस्रयुज्ज m. (-जः) 1. An epithet of the demon BA'n'a. 2. KA'RTAVIRYA.

सहस्रयुग m. (-युगः) A period of a thousand ages. E. सहस्र, and युग an age.

सहस्ररश्मि m. (-रश्मिः) The sun. E. सहस्र a thousand, and रश्मि a ray.

सहस्ररीतन् m. (-तन्) A blanket. E. सहस्र and रीतन् hair.

सहस्रवदन m. (-नः) VISHN'U. E. सहस्र a thousand, and वदन a face.

सहस्रवीर्य f. (-वीर्यः) A bent grass, (Panicum dactylon, the Agrostis linearis of LINNÆUS.) E. सहस्र a thousand, वीर्य splendour.

सहस्रवेध n. (-वेधः) Sorrel. "जायिके" ।

सहस्रवेधिन n. (-धिः) Asafetida. m. (-धी) A sort of cane, (Calamus fasciculatus.) E. सहस्र a thousand, वेधिन what pierces. [aff.

सहस्रस्य Ind. By a thousand or thousands, thousand fold. E. सहस्र, स्य सहस्रस्यिखर m. (-रः) The Vindh'ya mountain. E. सहस्र, सिखर a crest.

सहस्रवर्णम् m. (-वर्णः) The car of INDRA. E. सहस्र, हरि green, चक्र a horse

सहस्राय m. (-यः) The sun. E. सहस्र a thousand, and आय a ray.

सहस्राक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-क्षी-क्ष) Thousand-eyed ; used figuratively, vigilant, all-perceiving, all-inspecting, all-powerful. m. (-क्षः) 1. INDRA. 2. An owl. 3. BRAHMA'. E. सहस्र a thousand, and अक्ष the eye : INDRA having been covered over with marks resembling the female organ, in consequence of a curse of GAUTAMA ; those marks were changed subsequently to eyes by the relenting saint

सहस्राधिपति m. (-तिः) The governor of a district or chief over a thousand villages. E. सहस्र, अधिपति ruler. [चक्र a spoke.

सहस्रार n. (-रः) The top of the head, the seat of the soul. E. सहस्र, and सहस्रावर m. (-रः) A fine from five hundred to a thousand Panas. E. सहस्र, and अवर below.

सहस्रिन् mfn. (-क्षी-क्षी-क्षि) Having a thousand. m. (-क्षी) 1. A body of a thousand men, &c. 2. Commander or prefect of a thousand. E. सहस्र a thousand, इति aff.

सहस्रत् f. (-सती) Adj. Powerful.

सहस्र f. (-दा) The earth. E. सह to bear, सप् aff.

सहस्रार m. (-रः) A yellow sort of Barleria, (B. prionitis.) E. सह with भाक् before चर to go, aff. सप् ; also सहस्रर ।

सहाय m. (-यः) 1. A companion, a follower. 2. A patron, a helper. 3. A sort of drug and perfume, commonly Ghanta'patali. 4. The ruddy goose. 5. An adherent. 6. An ally. 7. S'iva. E. सह with, इच् to go, aff. सप् ।

सहायता f. (-ता) 1. A multitude of companions, a company of associates or followers. 2. Association, assistance, friendship. E. सहाय a companion, तत् aff. of number, or the abstract.

सहायल n. (-लः) Fellowship, companionship, friendship. E. सहाय a companion, ल aff. of the quality.

सहायवत् mfn. (-वान् वती-वत्) Befriended, assisted, accompanied. E. सहाय, मतुप् poss. aff.

सहस्र m. (-रः) 1. The mango tree. 2. Universal dissolution. E. सह to bear, असन् Una'di aff. ; or सह-स-सप् । [health.

सहस्रार mfn. (-रः-र्या-र्य) Well, convalescent. E. सह with, सारार्य mfn. (-र्यः-र्य-र्य) 1. Having one object. 2. Synonymous, having the same meaning. E. सह with, सद्य object, &c.

सहस्रं mfn. (-ह-ह-ह) Tender, affectionate. E. सह with, सह affection.

सहासन n. (-नं) Sitting on the same seat. E. सह with, असन a seat.

सहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Accompanied by, in company with, associated with, &c. 2. Borne, endured. 3. Sincerely. n. Adv. (-तं) With, together with. E. सह with, सत् aff. ; or सह to bear, ल aff., with इट augment ; or सह with, सित useful, right, &c.

सहित mfn. (-ता-ती-ट) Bearing, enduring. E. सह to bear, सप् or इट aff.

सहित n. (-तः) Patience, endurance. E. सह to suffer, and इट aff.

[aff.]

सकल्य n. (-स्य) The whole, the entire, all. स. सकल all, and अत्र ३३

साकार mfn. (-रः-री-र) Having form or shape. E. स with, साकार form.

ing, wish.

साकेत n. (त) 'The city Ayodhya', or ancient Oudh.

fried or parched grain ground, and ठक aff.

person. 4. Evidently, manifestly, directly. ६. स for सह with -

साक्षात्कार m. (-रः) 1. Causing to be visibly present. 2 Making visible.

साक्षिता f. (-ता) Evidence, testimony. ■ साक्षिन, and तक्ष ४११ : ११३०-३१

Attesting, testifying, evidence, m. ( **शु** ) A witness. ( in law )

साक्षिणीया (अथ) Examination of a witness' credibility - २५

साक्षिपत्रक मर्फ (बः बाब) Made known by testimony of साक्षिपत्रक मर्फ

भाबत caused to be perceived or known. [and मत्पु. aff.]  
 माहिरा म्पि (माह-माही-माह) Having or requiring evidence "महि-

सादित्वमन्. (सा-सा-मन्) Defined or proved by testimony, इ. सादिन्, and सादाम् a mark.

साक्ष्य n. (-त्यः) Testimony, evidence. E. साक्षिन्, and अङ् aff.

साविन्, and अभाव non-existence.

साख्य n. (-ख्य) Friendship. E. सखि a friend, सख् aff.

4. The number "seven". न. सगर a king and जप् aff; to bathe the

BHAGI'RATHA, his great-great-grandson, to the ocean, at the place

सागरगामिनी f. (-नी) A river in general. स. सागर the ocean, गामिनी

surrounding the earth.

सागराब्जरा f. (-रा) The earth. स. सागर the ocean, सन्जर vesture. [abode.

सागरीत्य n. (-त्वं) Sea-salt. स. सागर the sea, उत्पन्न produced.

अग्नि fire, कप aff.

properties in one subject. ३. सहर mixing, यज् अ०.

&c. a. 3. 3. 3. collection. aff. 3. 3. 3.

सांकेतिक (संकेत) Conventional, indicatory, symbolical.

संक्षेप विक. (क-का-क) Short, summary, condensed.  
संक्षेप = abridgment उक्त अर्थ.

सङ्ख्येयं मन्. (सङ्ख्येयं-सङ्ख्येयं) 1. Numerical, m.  
2. Deliberating, reasoning 3. Rational, discriminative. m.

(-कृत्यः) 1. The Sankhya system of Panini is principally due to the Muni KAPILA and so called as enumer-

ting twenty-five Tatwas or true principles,  
 to attain the final liberation of the twenty-fifth Tatwa, viz.

to effect the final liberation of the twenty-

Parusha, (the soul,) from the fetters of the phenomenal creation by conveying a correct knowledge of the twenty-four other Tatvas ; the Sa'uk'hya system agrees with Ve'dāntism in being synthetical, so differing from the analytical Nyāya ; its great point of divergence from the Ve'dānta is its maintaining two principles, which the Ve'dānta denies. 2. A follower of the Sa'uk'hya system of philosophy. ३. सङ्ख्या number, &c, अच् aff.

सङ्घ mfn. (सङ्घ-क्री-क) 1. Having all the members. 2. Comprising all the sub-divisions. ३. सङ्घ with, अच् a limb or part.

सङ्घातिक mfn. (सङ्घ-क्री-क) Social, associating, relating or derived from encounter or society. m. (सङ्घः) A visitor, a guest, a new comer. ३. सङ्घाति acquaintance, उच् aff.

सङ्घम m. (सङ्घः) Union, meeting. ३. सङ्घम the same, अच् pleonasm.

सङ्घातिक mfn. (सङ्घ-क्री-क) Warlike, martial, &c. m. (सङ्घः) A commander, a general. ३. सङ्घातन war, उच् aff.

सावि Ind. Crookedly, awry, bent, obliquely. ३. सच् to collect, इच् aff.

साविकीकृत n. (सं) A side glance. ३. सावि, and विलीकृत looked at.

सावित्र n. (सं) 1. Ministry, administration. 2. Friendship, fellowship. ३. सवित्र a friend, यच् aff. [३. सावि, स्थित stood.

साविष्ठित mfn. (सं-ता-त) 1. Crooked. 2. Standing or placed unevenly.

सावीकृत mfn. (सं-ता-त) 1. Made crooked. 2. Seen crookedly or tortuously, distorted, misrepresented. n. (सं) Prejudice, distortion or perversion of mind. ३. सावि, विच् aff., कृत made. [ness of tribe.

साजाय n. (सं) 1. Community of genus, homogeneousness. 2. Same-

साजान m. (सं) A lizard, a chameleon. ३. स with, अच् unguent.

साट् r. 10th cl. (साटयति-ने) To make visible, to show.

साटीप mfn. (सं-पा-पं) Proud, haughty, consequential. n. Adv. (सं) Arrogantly; consequentially. ३. स with, साटीप pride. [Santia root. साट् r. 10th cl. (सातयति-ने) To give pleasure; according to some it is a साट् Ind. A Tadhita affix which, when put after a word, denotes either a total change of anything into the thing expressed by that word, or complete control.

सात् n. (सात्) BRAHMA', God. ३. साति to cause happiness, aff. क्तिप् ।

सात mfn. (सं-ता-त) 1. Given. 2. Destroyed. n. (सं) Pleasure, delight. ३. सच् to give, or षो to destroy, aff. क्त, form irr.; see सित; or more properly सात् to give pleasure, aff. अच् ।

सातन n. (सं) Continuity.

सातय mfn. (सं-या-यं) Who or what causes pleasure. ३. साति a Sautra root in the causal form, to cause pleasure, अच् aff.

सातवा f. (सा) A shrub, commonly Charmakasa. ३. सात pleasure, and वा to give, affs. अच् and टाप्; also सातवा ।

सातवाहन m. (सं) The sovereign SA'LIVA'HAN'A. ३. सात a Gandh'arba, changed according to the legend to a lion, on which this prince was discovered riding when a child, and वाहन a vehicle.

साति f. (सं) 1. End, conclusion, cessation of action. 2. Destruction. 3. Gift, giving. 4. Sharp pain. 5. Gaining, acquisition. ३. षो to destroy, or सच् to give, क्तिप् or क्तिच् aff.; also read सति and सति ।

सातिसार mfn. (सं-रा-रं) Dysenteric, afflicted with dysentery. ३. स for सङ्घ with, अतिसार dysentery.

सातीनक m. (सं) Pease; also सातीनक सतीनक, and सतीनक ।

साविकि m. (सं) A hero of the Ya'dava family who acted as charioteer to Krishn'a and was a staunch adherent of the Pa'ndavas in the great war.

साविकत m. (सं) The poet and sage VYA'SA. ३. सत्वती the mother of the bard, and अच् aff.; also with उच् aff. साविकतय ।

साविक m. (साविक) 1. A worshipper, a follower. 2. A man of the Yādava tribe. ३. साति to cause happiness, यच् participial aff.; or साट्-क्तिप् मनुष्य-

साविक m. (सं) 1. VISHN'U. 2. BALADS'VA. m. Plu. (सं) The people of one of the countries of midland India, apparently inhabiting a district in the vicinity of the Pārijātra mountains, said to be

descendants from outcaste Vaisyas. f. (सं) 1. One of the four great divisions of the drama, described as the representation of gentle and amiable sentiments or passions. 2. The mother of Sr'au-PA'LA. ३. सत्वत a proper name, &c., अच् aff.; or सत्वत सत्वतीति तत्-व ।

सालिक mfn. (सं-क्री-क) 1. Spontaneous, sincere, (as applied to the actions or signs of the Sātwika Bha'va.) 2. Relating to or proceeding from the Sātwā quality; honest, true, good, gentle, amiable, &c. m. (सं) 1. BRAHMAN'A. 2. One of the Bhāvas or classes into which the affections of the mind or their expression, are distinguished, in poetry and the drama: this class holds a middle place between the Sthāyi, and Vyabhichāri-Bhāvas, and implies the honest and spontaneous indication of strong feeling, as evinced especially in eight acts, viz.—inability to move whilst the faculties or limbs are unaffected, perspiration, horripilation, inarticulate speech, trembling or tremor, change of colour, tears, and mental absorption or indifference, approaching to loss of sense, to every object but one which engrosses the attention. f. (सं) DURG'A. ३. सत्व the Sātwā-Gun'a or quality, and उच् aff.

साद m. (सं) 1. Purity, cleanness. 2. Lassitude, weariness, exhaustion. 3. Perishing, decay. 4. Leanness, thinness, emaciation. 5. Cessation, stoppage. 6. Pain. ३. सद् to decay, to be weary, &c., aff. अच् ।

सादन n. (सं) 1. A house, a dwelling. 2. Dispelling. 3. Destroying. 4. Wearying, exhausting. 5. Exhaustion, decay. ३. सद् to go, causal v., लट् aff.

सादयन् mfn. (सं-यन्-यन्-यन्) 1. Destroying. 2. Exhausting. 3. Expelling, removing, extracting. ३. सद् to go, causal v., लट् aff. [aff.

सादयितव्य mfn. (सं-या-य-य) To be destroyed. ३. सद् to go, causal v., लट् ।

सादर mfn. (सं-रा-रं) Respectful. n. Adv. (सं) Respectfully. ३. स with, आदर respect.

सादि m. (सं) 1. A charioteer. 2. A warrior. 3. Exhausted. 4. Wind. ३. सद् to be weary, &c., इच् Unādi aff.

सादित mfn. (सं-ता-त) 1. Destroyed, exterminated. 2. Wearied, exhausted, harassed. 3. Wasted, decayed. 4. Broken, cut. 5. Drawn, dragged. ३. सद् to go, &c., aff. क्त ।

सादिन् m. (सं) 1. A horseman, a cavalier. 2. One who rides on an elephant. 3. One who rides on or is mounted in a car. f. (सं) Destroying. ३. सद् to go, aff. क्तिप् ।

सादश्य n. (सं) 1. Resemblance, similarity. 2. A likeness, an image, a portrait. ३. सदृश like, अच् aff.

सादयक mfn. (सं-या-य-य) Quick, instantaneous. ३. सद्यस्, and इच् aff.

साप् (सं) साप् r. 4th cl. (साप्यति-ने) To be completed. (सं) साप् r. 5th cl. (साप्यति) 1. To finish, to perfect, to complete, or accomplish. 2. To conquer. r. 10th cl. (सापयति-ने) To go, to depart; also साप् ।

सापक mfn. (सं-का-क) Completing, perfecting, finishing, who or what effects or completes. f. (सं-का-क) 1. Fulfilling. 2. Effecting by magic. 3. Skilful, adept. 4. Aiding, helping. ३. साप् to finish, अच् aff.

सापन n. (सं) 1. Accomplishing, effecting. 2. Matter, materials, that of which any thing is composed or consists. 3. Thing, substance. 4. Means, expedient. 5. Instrument, agent. 6. Authority. 7. The premises leading to a conclusion. 8. Cause. 9. Going, motion. 10. Following. 11. Killing, destroying. 12. Obsequies, ceremonies observed after the death of a relative. 13. Drug, medicament. 14. Wealth. 15. An army. 16. The penis. 17. Friendship. 18. Enforcement of the delivery of any thing, especially juridically, as the infliction and levy of a fine, &c. 19. Killing metals, depriving them (especially mercury,) by oxidation, &c., of their metallic properties, for medicinal or alchemical purposes. 20. Good works, or the observance of the moral and ceremonial parts of the Hindu religion, as secondary means of obtaining purity and emancipation. 21. Proof, substantiation. 22. Penance, self-mortification. 23.



Profit, advantage. 24. Subduing. 25. Subduing by charms. 26. Conciliating, worshipping. 27. Killing. 28. Setting out. 29. Aid, assistance. 30. A bodily organ. 31. An udder. 32. Implement, utensil, apparatus. 33. The instrumental case, (in gram.) f. (-नी) Effecting. f. (-नी) 1. Accomplishment, completion. 2. Propitiation, worship. **साध्** to accomplish, aff. **कृत्** ।

**साधन** n. (-त्) State or condition of being a means to a desired end.

**साधननिर्देश** m. (-सः) 1. Production or indication of proof, (in law.) 2. Establishment of premises, leading to a conclusion. **साधन** proof, &c., and निर्देश pointing out.

**साधनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Perfective, to be perfected, accomplished, proved. **साध्** to complete, **कनीय** aff. [aff. **भृच्** ।]

**साधन्** n. (-न्) A beggar, a mendicant. **साध्** to accomplish, **Una'di** **साधयन्** mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) 1. Perfecting, accomplishing, 2. Purifying. 3. Proving. 4. Recovering, (as a debt.) **साध्** to accomplish, **यष्ट** aff.

**साधन्य** n. (-न्यः) 1. Community, equality, (of duty, office, property, &c.) 2. Sameness of nature. **साधन्य** of one duty, **यन्** aff.

**साधारण** mfn. (-णः-या-यं) 1. Like, similar. 2. Common, belonging to all or many. 3. Generic. n. (-यं) 1. A common rule or precept, one applicable to many persons or things. 2. A specific or generic character, one common to all the individuals of a species, or all the species of a genus, &c. f. (-णी) A small bolt or bar. **साध्** with, **धारण** having, aff. **यन्** or **यञ्** ।

**साधारण्यम्** m. (-यम्) Common or universal duty, conduct to be observed by all castes or orders, as humanity, &c. **साधारण** general, and **यम्** merit, duty.

**साधारण्यस्त्री** f. (-स्त्री) A whore. **साधारण** common, and **स्त्री** a woman.

**साधारण्य** n. (-यं) Community, universality. **साधारण**, **यन्** aff.

**साधिका** f. (-का) 1. Deep or sound sleep. 2. An accomplished woman. **साध्** to finish, aff. **दन्**, fem. form. ; or **सिष्-णिच्** **लुक्** ।

**साधित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Amerced, fined, punished by fine, (as the culprit.) 2. Awarded, (as the thing or fine.) 3. Awarded to or in favour of, (as the person to whom the fine is to be paid.) 4. Recovered, (as a debt.) 5. Accomplished, finished. 6. Discharged, fulfilled. 7. Conferred, bestowed, enabled to procure or effect. 8. Made to pay. 9. Subdued. 10. Substantiated, proved. 11. Settled. 12. Achieved. **साध्** to accomplish, **त** aff., with **इट्** augment.

**साधिदेव** mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) One with supreme divinity. **साध्** with, **विधिदेव** superintending godhead.

**साधिभूत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Identified or one with elementary essence. **साध्** with, **विधिभूत** essential matter.

**साधिमन्** m. (-मन्) Goodness, perfection.

**साधियज्ञ** mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञं) One with the Supreme Being. **साध्** with, **विधियज्ञ** the object of sacrifice.

**साधिष्ठ** mfn. (-ष्ठः-ष्ठा-ष्ठं) 1. Very hard. 2. Very fit, proper, or right. **साध्** good, or considered as irregularly substituted for **वृद्ध** heavy, **इष्टन्** aff. of the irr. superlative ; also with **इयसुन्** aff. **साधीयस्** ।

**साधीयस्** mfn. (-यस्-यसी-यः) 1. Very right or proper. 2. Very hard or firm. 3. Very handsome. **साध्** See the last.

**साधु** Ind. 1. Well, well indeed. 2. Enough, away with.

**साधु** mfn. (-धुः-धुः or धी-धुः) 1. Pleasing, beautiful. 2. Well-born, of honourable descent. 3. Right, fit, proper. 4. Good, virtuous, pious, pure. 5. Pure, classical, (as applied to language.) 6. Excellent, good. 7. Eminent. m. (-धुः) 1. A Muni, a saint, a sage in general, one of subdued passions and contemplative habits. 2. A Jina, a deified saint venerated by the Jainas. 3. A usurer. 4. A good or honest man. 5. A merchant. 6. A derivative or inflected noun. f. (-धुः or -धी) 1. A virtuous wife. 2. Name of a particular root. **साध्** to accomplish or perfect, **Una'di** aff. **कृन्** ।

**साधुक** m. (-कः) A low or degraded tribe. **साध्** added to the preceding.

**साधुज** mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Well-born, of respectable family or descent. **साधु** the same, and **ज** born. [तत्. साधुता ।]

**साधुल** n. (-लः) Goodness, correctness. **साध्**, **ल** added to **साध्** ; also with **साधुषी** f. (-षी) A wife's or husband's mother. **साध्**, **साधु** pious, **सा** to have, aff. **क** and **क्रीष्** ।

**साधुपुष्प** n. (-पुष्पः) A flower, (Hibiscus mutabilis.) **साध्** pure, **पुष्प** a flower.

**साधुमन्य** mfn. (-मन्यः-मन्या-मन्यं) Thinking one's self pure or virtuous. **साध्**, **मन्य** to think, **मन्य** aff.

**साधुवाद** m. (-वः) A cry of approbation. [bearing, **वा** aff.]

**साधुवादिन** m. (-दी) A well trained horse. **साध्** agreeable, pleasing, **वादिन** **साधुवृक्ष** m. (-वृक्षः) The Kadamba tree, (Nauclea Cadamba.) **साध्** handsome or excellent, and **वृक्ष** a tree.

**साधुव्रत** m. (-व्रतः) A virtuous or pious person. n. (-व्रतः) Virtue, piety. Adj. Well-conducted, upright. **साध्**, and **व्रत** practice.

**साधुव्रति** mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) Virtuous. f. (-तिः) The institutes or moral and ritual observances of the Hindus. **साध्** excellent, **व्रति** practice.

**साधुशील** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Virtuous, righteous, wisely or virtuously inclined. **साध्**, and **शील** disposition.

**साधुशीलन** n. (-नः) Virtuous or righteous inclination or disposition. **साध्**, **शीलन**, and **न** aff.; also with **तत्**, **साधुशीलता** ।

**साधुक्त** mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Said or declared by the good. **साध्**, **क्त** said.

**साधुत** n. (-तः) 1. The flock of peacocks. 2. A stall, a shop. 3. An umbrella or parasol. **साध्** for **सध्** with, **साधुत** held.

**साध्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be perfected or accomplished. 2. Accomplishable, attainable. 3. To be inferred or concluded, (in logic.) 4. To be proved or demonstrated. 5. To be cured, curable, (in medicine.) 6. To be substantiated or made good. 7. To be subdued or mastered. 8. To be destroyed. m. (-यः) 1. An inferior deity or demigod, one of a class of twelve. 2. A deity in general. 3. The twenty-second astronomical Yoga. 4. Name of a particular mantra. n. (-यः) 1. Accomplishment, perfection. 2. (In law,) The matter in debate, the thing to be proved. 3. (In logic,) The subject of the proposition, the major term in a syllogism. **साध्** to accomplish, **यन्** aff.

**साध्यता** f. (-ता) Practicableness. [(in logic.)]

**साध्यतावच्छेदक** n. (-कः) The characteristic property of the major term.

**साध्यमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Being subjected to, or capable, or in course of proof. 2. Being in course of accomplishment. 3. Being proceeded against, (at law.) **साध्** to accomplish, **मान** v. **मान** aff.

**साध्यवत्** mfn. (-वत्-वती-वन्) Comprehending that which is to be proved. m. (-वत्) (In law,) The party on whom rests the onus probandi. **साध्**, and **वत्** poss. aff. [साधन accomplishing.]

**साध्यसाधन** n. (-नं) Effecting what is to be or may be done, &c. **साध्**, **साध्य** **साध्यसिद्धि** f. (-द्धिः) 1. Proof, conclusion, the establishing of that which was to be proved. 2. Completion, accomplishment, fulfilment. **साध्** to be effected, &c., and **सिद्धि** perfection.

**साध्यसिद्धिपाद** m. (-पः) The fourth stage or division of a suit at law, judgment or decision. **साध्** to be proved, **सिद्धि** conclusion, and **पाद** division.

**साध्यभाव** m. (-वः) 1. Absence of the thing to be proved. 2. Absence of the subject of a proposition. 3. Impossibility of cure. **साध्**, and **भाव** non-existence.

**साधुनिन्दित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Unreproached, irreproachable. **साध्** the pious, **निन्दित** not reproved.

**साधुस** n. (-सः) 1. Fear, terror. 2. Perturbation. 3. Torpor. **साध्** a pious man, **स** to throw or disperse, aff. **कृन्** or **कृष्** ।

**साधुचार** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Virtuous. **साध्**, and **चार** observance.

**सानन्द** mfn. (-न्दः-न्दा-न्दं) Happy, delighted, enjoying and endowed with happiness. **साध्** with, **सानन्द** happiness. [fire.]

**सानद्र** m. (-द्रः) The resinous exudation of the S'al tree. **साध्** with, **सानद्र**



**सामन्त्रम. (-न्त्रः)** A Brahman conversant with the Sa'ma-Ve'da. **स. सामन्**, and यत् aff.

**सामय मfn. (-यः-या-यं)** Sick, diseased. **स. स** with, सामय sickness.

**सामयिक मfn. (-कः-को-कं)** 1. Seasonable, punctual, observing time or season. 2. Precise, exact. 3. Stipulated, according to agreement. 4. Conventional, customary. 5. Periodical. 6. Temporary. **स. समय** time or engagement, ठक् or ठक् aff. of relation or possession.

**सामयिकाभाव म. (-वः)** Temporary, non-existence.

**सामयोजि मfn. (-जिः-जिः-जि)** Born from or produced by the Sa'ma. **म. (-जिः)** 1. BRAHMA'. 2. An elephant. **स. सामन्** the Ve'da, and योजि place of birth.

**सामर्थ्य न. (-र्थः)** 1. Power, force, ability, fortitude, strength. 2. Fitness, suitability. 3. Capacity, adequacy. 4. (In grammar,) Mutual relation of words. 5. Sense or force of words. 6. Wealth. 7. Interest, advantage. 8. Sameness of aim or object. **स. समर्थ** able, यञ् aff.

**सामर्थ्य मfn. (-र्थः-र्था-र्थं)** Enraged, in wrath. **स. स** with, चमर्ष anger.

**सामवायिक म. (-कः)** 1. A principal minister or counsellor. 2. The chief of a company or corporation. **स. (-को)** 1. Belonging to an assembly. 2. Relating to intimate connection, (in logic.) **स. समवाय** an assembly, ठक् aff. [chanter.

**सामसङ्गायक म. (-कः)** A chanter of the Sa'ma-Ve'da. **स. साम**, सङ्गायक

**सामाजिक म. (-कः)** An assistant or spectator at an assembly, &c. **स. समाज** an assembly, and ठक् aff.

**सामानाधिकरण्य न. (-यः)** 1. Common office, function of government, &c. 2. The receptacle or substratum of common properties. **स. सामानाधिकरण्य**, and यञ् aff.

**सामान्य मfn. (-यः-न्या-न्यं)** Common, general, generic, universal. **न. (-न्यः)** 1. Kind, sort, specific or generic property or character. 2. Common property, generality, community. 3. Public affairs or business. 4. Totality, entireness. 5. A figure of rhetoric, the connection of different objects by common properties. 6. A general proposition. **स. (-न्या)** A female who is common to all men, a harlot. **स. समान** common, (to many individuals,) यञ् aff.

**सामान्यज्ञान न. (-ज्ञः)** The perception of common or generic properties.

**सामान्यतस् Ind. Generally, commonly.**

**सामान्यलक्षण न. (-णः)** A generic or specific definition or character. **स. सामान्य**, and लक्षण mark or description.

**सामान्यशासन न. (-नः)** A general edict or enactment. **स. सामान्य** common, and शासन a grant, an edict, &c.

**सामासिक मfn. (-कः-को-कं)** 1. Compounded, composite. 2. Comprehensive, collective. 3. Brief, summary. **न. (-कं)** The aggregate of compounds. **स. समास**, and ठक् aff. of relation.

**सामि Ind. 1. Half, unfinished. 2. Blamably. 3. Vile, despised. स. साम्** for साम् to appease, चक् added, र् added substituted for the final; or साम्-इन्।

**सामिज्जत मfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Halved, divided. **स. सामि** half, and ज्जत made.

**सामिभुक्त मfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं)** Half eaten. **स. सामि** half, and भुक्त eaten.

**सामिपीत मfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Half-drunk. **स. सामि** half, and पीत drunk.

**सामिधेनौ f. (-नौ)** 1. A prayer used on adding fuel to the sacrificial fire. 2. Fuel. 3. A kind of deer. **स. सम्-इन्-करणे** छुट् नि०।

**सामीची f. (-ची)** Praise, panegyric.

**सामीप्य न. (-प्यः)** Proximity, nearness. **म. (-प्यः)** A neighbour. **स. समीप** near, यञ् aff.

**सामुद्र मfn. (-द्रः-द्री-द्रं)** Marine, sea born, &c. **न. (-द्रः)** 1. A spot or mark on the body. 2. Sea-salt. 3. Cuttle-fish-bone. **म. (-द्रः)** A mariner, a voyager. **स. समुद्र** the sea, and यञ् aff.

**सामुद्रिक मfn. (-कः-को-कं)** 1. Relating to spots on the body, supposed to indicate good or ill fortune. 2. Oceanic. **म. (-कः)** An interpreter of spots on the body. **न. (-कं)** Palmistry. **स. समुद्र** a spot or mole, ठक् aff. [grance.

**सामीद मfn. (-दः-दा-दं)** Fragrant, odoriferous. **स. स** with, सामीद fra-

**सामी f. (-नी)** A sort of metre, one of the classes occurring in the Ved'as. **स. सामन** the Sa'ma-Ve'da, and योजि aff.

**साम्यराव f. (-वी)** 1. Warlike. 2. Relating to the other world. **mn. (-वः-वः)** 1. Conflict. 2. The future. 3. Means of attaining a future world. 4. Investigation. 5. Uncertainty.

**साम्यराविक मfn. (-कः-को-कं)** 1. Future, of or in a future state of being. 2. Calamitous. 3. Relating to war or battle. **न. (-कं)** War, battle. **म. (-कः)** A war chariot. **स. सम्यराव** futurity, &c., and ठक् or ठक् aff.

**साम्यराविककल्प म. (-कः)** Military form, strategic array.

**साम्यत f. (-ता)** 1. Fit, proper. 2. Relevant, pertinent.

**साम्यतम् Ind. 1. Now, at this time. 2. Fitly, properly. स. सम्** and य before तन् to spread, aff. यञ्; the first vowel made long.

**साम्यतिक f. (-की)** 1. Belonging to the present time or occasion. 2. Fit, proper. [tradition.

**साम्यदायिक f. (-की)** Belonging to traditional doctrine, handed down by साम् r. 10th cl. (साम्ययति-ने) To join, to connect, to assemble; also साम्।

**साम्बर न. (-रः)** The sambhar-salt. **स. सम्बर** the country, यञ् aff.

**साम्बरौ f. (-रौ)** A female juggler. **स. See** शाम्बरौ; the य being changed.

**साम्बरी f. (-री)** Red Lod'h. [यञ् aff. water.

**साम्बन्ध मfn. (-न्धः-न्धा-न्धं)** Having or being united with water. **स. स** with, साम्बन्ध n. (-न्धः) 1. Equality, sameness. 2. Likeness, similarity. 3. Indifference. **स. सम** same, and यञ् aff. [स. साम्बन्ध।

**साम्यता f. (-ता)** Equality, sameness. **स. तन्** added to the last; also with साम्बन्ध n. (-जः) Imperial rule, dominion, empire. **म. (-जः)** The descendant of a prince or man of the military tribe. **स. समान्** an emperor, यञ् aff. of the abstract, or यञ् patronymic aff.

**साय म. (-यः)** 1. Evening, close of day. 2. An arrow. 3. End, termination. close in general. **स. यो** to end or destroy, &c., यञ् aff.

**सायंकाल म. (-कः)** Eventide, evening. **स. सायम्** evening, and काल time.

**सायक म. (-कः)** 1. An arrow. 2. A sword. **स. (-यिका)** Standing in order. **स. यो** to destroy, यञ् aff.

**सायकपुङ्गव मfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गा)** The feathered end of an arrow.

**सायन न. (-नः)** The longitude of a planet reckoned from the vernal equinoctial point. **स. स** with, ययन the equinoctial period.

**सायन्तन मfn. (-नः-नी-नं)** Belonging to the evening, vespertine. **स. साय** evening, यञ् aff., वृट् augment.

**सायम् Ind. Evening, close of the day, in the evening. स. सो-यम्** aff.

**सायमण्डन न. (-नः)** The place or time of sunset. **स. साय**, मण्डन embellishing.

**सायम्भ म. (-म्भः)** The evening, eventide. **स. सायम्** evening, and यञ् day.

**सायिन् म. (-यी)** A horseman, a groom. **स. स** for सङ्ग with, यञ् to go, यञ् aff.

**सायुज्य न. (-ज्यः)** 1. Likeness, similarity. 2. Identification, intimate union, (especially with the Deity, considered as one of the four grades of mukti.) **स. स** with, युज् what joins, यञ् aff.

**सायि Ind. In the evening, at the close of the day. स. साय** evening, the seventh case, used as a particle.

**सार r. 10th cl. (सारयति-ने)** To become weak.

**सार मfn. (-रः-रा-रं)** 1. Best, excellent. 2. Irrefragable, (as an argument) **mu. (-रः-रं)** 1. The pith or sap of trees, &c. 2. Strength, vigour. 3. The essence of anything, the essential or vital part of it. 4. The substance or material part, (of a speech, book, message, &c.) 5. Marrow. 6. Air, wind. 7. Sickness, disease. 8. Firmness, hardness. 9. The coagulum of curds, &c., cream. 10. Fresh butter. 11. Prowess, valour, heroism. 12. Nectar. 13. Wealth, riches. **म. (-रः)** 1. A man at chess, backgammon, &c. 2. Worth, excellence. 3. Compendium, summary. 4. Impure carbonate of soda. 5. Climax, (in rhetoric.) **न. (-रं)** 1. Water. 2. Wealth. 3. Propriety, fitness. 4. Steel. 5. Wood, thicket. **स. (-रा)** 1. Essential. 2. Best. 3. Strong, vigorous. 4. Genuine, true. 5. Thoroughly proved. 6. Durba-grass. **स. (-री)** The Sha'lika or Sa'rika, (Turdus salica, Buch.) **स. स** to go, aff. यञ्; or सार-यञ् aff.

सारक mfn. (-कः-का कं) Purgative.

सारकम् m. (-कः) Sandal wood. B. सार essence, and गन्ध smell.

सारव n. (-वः) Honey. B. सरसा a bee, and चक्षु aff.

सारङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गी-ङ्गं) Variegated, of a variegated colour. m. (-ङ्गः) 1. Variegated colour. 2. A lion. 3. An elephant. 4. The spotted deer. 5. The Chataka, (Cuculus melanoleucos.) 6. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. 7. A large kind of crane, (Ardea Sarunga, CAREY.) 8. A peacock. 9. A cloud. 10. A tree. 11. A parasol. 12. A garment, cloth, clothes. 13. Hair. 14. A lotus. 15. A flower. 16. A conch-shell. 17. A jewel. 18. Gold. 19. A bow. 20. KA'MADEVA. 21. Sandal. 22. Camphor. 23. The earth. 24. Night. 25. Light. 26. A large bee. 27. A kind of musical instrument. 28. An ornament. 29. S'iva. f. (-ङ्गी) 1. A sort of fiddle. 2. A kind of spotted deer. B. सृ to go, चक्षु Una'di aff., or सार strength, &c., गन्ध to go, चक्षु aff.; also सारङ्ग.

सारङ्गिक m. (-कः) A bird or deer-catcher. B. सारङ्ग as above, and ठक् aff.

सारङ्ग n. (-ङ्गं) Fresh butter. B. सार cream, and ज produced.

सारङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. Dysentery, diarrhoea. 2. Hog-plum, (Spondias mangifera.) 3. A counsellor and ambassador from RA'VAN'A to RA'MA. f. (-ङ्गी) 1. A plant, (Pæleria fetida.) 2. A canal, a small river. n. (-ङ्गं) A kind of perfume. f. (-ङ्गी) Adj. Causing to grow or flow. B. सृ to go, (causal form.) छुट् aff. [subjected.]

सारङ्ग f. (-ङ्गा) A particular process to which mineral substances are

सारङ्ग f. (-ङ्गा) 1. A small river. 2. A plant, (Pæleria fetida.) 3. A canal or water-pipe. B. सृ to go, causal form, चक्षु Una'di aff.

सारङ्गिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Travelling, way-faring, &c. m. (-कः) A traveller. B. सरङ्ग a road, and ठक् aff.

सारङ्गिक m. (-ङ्गः) A robber. B. सारङ्गिक a traveller, and ज्ञ who kills.

सारङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A snake's egg. B. सृ to go, (causal form,) चक्षु aff.

सारङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) The plantain tree, (Musa sapientum.) B. सार sap, तद् a tree, having no timber in the stem.

सारङ्ग Ind. 1. By or with vigour or essence, vigorously, essentially. 2. According to wealth. B. सार, तसि aff. [with त्, सारत्.]

सारङ्ग f. (-ङ्गा) 1. Strength, substance. 2. Essence. B. सार, तत् aff.; also सारङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A charioteer. B. सृ to go, (causal form,) चक्षु Una'di aff.

सारङ्ग n. (-ङ्गः) 1. Charioteering, driving. 2. Conveyance. B. सारङ्ग, यत् aff.

सारङ्ग f. (-ङ्गा) 1. A name of SARASWATI'. 2. A name of DURGA'. B. सार essence, (of wisdom and eloquence,) दा to give, चक्षु and टाप् affs.

सारङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गी-ङ्गं) Void of pith, substance, real strength, &c. n. (-ङ्गं) Destroying vigour, overcoming strength, &c. B. सार, and भङ्ग breaking.

सारङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A natural vessel, as the bag or skin in which musk is sold, &c. 2. A bale of goods. 3. Implements. B. सार essence, and भाङ्ग a vessel.

सारङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A dog. f. (-ङ्गी) A bitch. B. सरसा a bitch, ठक् aff.

सारङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) Possession or application of the essence of anything. B. सार, and योग union.

सारङ्ग n. (-ङ्गः) Steel. B. सार and लोह iron.

सारङ्ग n. (-ङ्गः) Straightness, (lit. and fig.)

सारङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गी-ङ्गं) Belonging or relating to the river Sarayu. B. सरयु the river, चक्षु aff., special form.

सारङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गी-ङ्गं) 1. Substantial, having pith, substance, strength, &c. 2. Fertile. B. सार, सत् aff. [deprived of.]

सारङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गी-ङ्गं) Pithless, sapless. B. सार substance, and वक्षत् mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गी-ङ्गं) Relating or belonging to a lake or pond, &c. n. (-ङ्गः) 1. A lotus. 2. A woman's zone. mf. (-ङ्गी-ङ्गी) The Sa'ras' or Indian crane, male and female, (Ardea Sibirica.) m. (-ङ्गः) 1. The moon. 2. A bird in general. B. सरसा a pond, a lake, चक्षु aff.

सारङ्ग n. (-ङ्गः) 1. A woman's zone or girdle, formed of twenty-five strings. 2. A military belt or girdle worn round the waist or chest,

upon the coat of mail, to bind it to the body. B. सार strength, and चक्षु to give, aff. चक्षु, or चक्षु to diffuse, aff. छुट्; also सारङ्ग.

सारङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गी-ङ्गं) 1. Relating to the goddess SARASWATI', or to the river, &c. 2. Eloquent, learned. m. Plu. (-ङ्गः) 1. The people of the Sa'raswata country, or the north-west part of the province of Delhi. m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A staff of the Vilwa tree. 2. The north-west part of the province of Delhi or part of the Punja'b. 3. A saint, sprung according to the legend, indirectly from the personified river Saraswati. 4. A Brāhman of a particular family, called Sāraswata, from his coming from that country or supposed descent from the sanctified person last mentioned. 5. A particular ceremonial used in the worship of Saraswati. B. सरस्वती the goddess, and चक्षु aff.

सारङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) Sesamum. "तिलवृक्षः" B. सारमाणाति चा + ला-क ।

सारङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) Strength and weakness, substance and emptiness, &c. B. सार, and चक्षु want of vigour.

सारि mf. (-रि-री) 1. A man at chess or backgammon, &c. 2. A kind of bird. B. सृ to go, causal form, छुट् aff.; also सारि ।

सारिका f. (-का) A kind of bird, (Turdus Salica, BUCH.) but applied also to the Maina', (Gracula religiosa.) B. सृ to go, aff. चक्षु; also सारिका ।

सारिन् f. (-रिणी) Adj. 1. Going in front. 2. Having the essence or substance of.

सारिका f. (-का) A creeping plant, (Echites frutescens.) B. See सारिका ।

सारङ्ग n. (-ङ्गः) 1. Identity of form. 2. Close resemblance. 3. Assimilation to or identification with the deity, (one of the four grades of mukti.) 4. (In drama.) Surprise at seeing an object or its likeness previously seen elsewhere. B. सृ with, रूप form, यत् aff.

सारिन् f. (-रिणी) Adj. Prevented, barred, impeded.

सार्ध mfn. (-र्धः-र्धा-र्धं) 1. Opulent, wealthy. 2. Of like meaning or purport. 3. Significant importing, having meaning. m. (-र्धः) 1. A multitude of similar animals. 2. A company of traders, a caravan, &c. 3. A number or multitude in general. 4. A wealthy man. f. (-र्धा) 1. Having an object. 2. Useful, serviceable. B. सृ to go, causal form, यत् Una'di aff.; or स for सृ, &c., and सार्ध wealth or meaning.

सार्धक f. (-का) Adj. Having meaning. 2. Serviceable, advantageous.

सार्धज Adj. Reared in a caravan.

सार्धवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) 1. Meaning, intending. 2. Having a meaning.

3. Numerous in company. B. सार्ध, and सत् aff.

सार्धवत् m. (-वत्) 1. A merchant, a trader. 2. The leader of a caravan. B. सार्ध a company, a caravan, and वत् to bear, aff. चक्षु.

सार्धिक m. (-कः) A merchant, a trader. B. सार्ध, and ठक् aff.

सार्ध mfn. (-र्धः-र्धा-र्धं) Wet, moist, damp. B. सृ for सृ with, चार्ध wet.

सार्ध mfn. (-र्धः-र्धा-र्धं) Joined with half, (used chiefly in composition, as सार्धशत a hundred and a half, i. e. fifty.) B. सृ with, चार्ध half.

सार्ध Ind. With, together with. B. सृ for सृ with, चार्ध increased, चक्षु aff.

सार्ध mfn. (-र्धः-र्धा-र्धं) Relating to a snake. f. (-र्धा) The ninth lunar asterism, of which the serpents (Aślesha) are the presiding deities. B. सृ a snake, and चक्षु aff.; also read सार्ध ।

सार्धिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Dressed, &c. with Ghee or clarified butter. B. सार्ध Ghee, चक्षु aff. [ठक् aff.]

सार्धिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Cooked or dressed with Ghee. B. सार्ध Ghee, चक्षु aff.

सार्ध mfn. (-र्धः-र्धा-र्धं) Suitable to or fit for all, relating to all, &c. m. (-र्धः) A Jaina deified sage. B. सार्ध all, (knowledge, &c.), चक्षु aff.

सार्धकामिक f. (-की) Satisfying every wish.

सार्धकालिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Of all times or seasons. B. सार्धकाल, ठक् aff.

सार्धजनिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Relating or belonging, fit or suited to all men. B. सार्धजन all men, ठक् aff.

सार्धजनिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Belonging or relating, fit or suited to all men, &c. 2. Public, universal. B. सार्धजन all men, चक्षु aff.

सार्धन n. (-नः) Omniscience.

सार्वत्रिक mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) Suited to, or belonging to every place. **३.** सर्वत्र every where, उक् aff.  
 सार्वदेव्य mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) Presided over by, or sacred to all the gods. **३.** सर्व, देवता a god, यक् aff.  
 सार्वधातुक mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) Applicable to the whole of a radical term, (an affix, &c.) or to the complete form of the verbal base after the conjugational characteristics are affixed, i. e. to the four conjugational or special tenses, (in gram.) **३.** सर्व, धातु a root, उक् aff.  
 सार्वभौतिक mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) 1. Belonging or relating to all elements, beings, &c. 2. Comprising all animated beings. **३.** सर्वभूत, उक् aff.  
 सार्वभौम mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) Relating to or consisting of the whole earth, known throughout the earth, &c. **३.** सर्वभूम, उक् aff.  
 सार्वभौम m. (-कः-कौ-क) 1. The elephant of KURUK, as regent of the north. 2. An emperor, a universal monarch. **३.** सर्व, भूमि earth, and यक् aff.  
 सार्वलौकिक mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) Universally known, prevailing throughout the universe. **३.** सर्व, लोक a world, and उक् aff.  
 सार्ववर्णिक mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) 1. Of every kind or sort. 2. Belonging or relating to every tribe, &c. **३.** सर्ववर्ण, and उक् aff.  
 सार्वविभक्तिक mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) Applicable or belonging to all the cases of a noun, (in gram.) **३.** सर्व, विभक्ति inflection, उक् aff.  
 सार्ववेदस n. (-कः-कौ-क) One who gives away all his wealth at a sacred rite.  
 सार्ववेद m. (-कः-कौ-क) A Brahman conversant with all the Vedas. **३.** सर्व, वेद Veda, and यक् aff.  
 सार्यप mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) Mustard, made of or from mustard. **३.** Mustard-oil, **३.** सार्यप, and यक् aff. [power, सार्यप Adj. Possessing the same rank or condition, having the same सार्यपता f. (-ता) 1. Equality in rank, condition, power, &c. 2. Equality with the supreme being in power and all the divine attributes, (considered as the fourth grade of mukti.)  
 साल m. (-कः) 1. A wall surrounding a building, &c. 2. A tree in general. 3. The S'al tree, (Shorea robusta.) 4. A fish, (Ophiocephalus Wrahl, HAM.) **३.** (-कः) 1. A house. 2. A rampart; more usually शाला. **३.** वल् to go, यक् aff.; also शाल।  
 सालयाम n. (-कः) A stone, a species of ammonite common in the Gandaka river, and worshipped by the Vaishnavas, as a type of VISHN'U. **३.** स with, चर a ring, याम multitude.  
 सालन m. (-कः) The resin of the Sa'l tree. [निर्यास exudation.  
 सालनिर्यास m. (-कः) The resinous exudation of the Sa'l tree, **३.** साल, सालपर्णी f. (-णी) A shrub, (Hedysarum gangeticum;) also शालपर्णी।  
 सालपुत्र n. (-कः) A shrub, (Hibiscus mutabilis.) "स्यलपुत्रे।"  
 सालभक्तिका f. (-का) 1. A doll, a puppet. 2. A harlot. **३.** साल the Sa'l tree or its wood, भक्त to rub, यक् aff., fem. form. [रस juice.  
 सालरस m. (-कः) The resinous juice of the Sa'l tree. **३.** साल the Sa'l, and सालवाहन m. (-कः) The sovereign SA'LIVA'HAN'U. **३.** साल the Sa'l tree, and वाहन a vehicle: see शालवाहन, &c.  
 सालवट m. (-कः) Turpentine, or the resinous exudation of the Sa'l tree, **३.** साल the tree, वट exudation. [horn or summit.  
 सालयङ्ग n. (-कः) The upper part or coping of a wall, **३.** साल a wall, यङ्ग शाला f. (-ला) 1. A house. 2. A rampart. **३.** See शाल।  
 शालाकारी f. (-री) 1. A female overcome or won in battle. 2. A house-worker, **३.** शाला a house, कृ to make, ट aff.  
 शालातुरीय m. (-यः) A name of PA'NI'NI. **३.** See शालातुरीय।  
 शालार n. (-रः) A pin, a bracket, or shelf, projecting from a wall, **३.** शाल a wall, कृ to go, यक् aff.  
 शालावृक m. (-कः) 1. A dog. 2. A wolf. 3. A jackal. 4. A hyena. 5. A cruel man, **३.** शाला a house and वृक a wolf; more usually शालावृक।  
 शालूर m. (-रः) A frog. **३.** वल् to go, ऊरय् aff.; the first vowel made long, and the initial changed; also शालूर।  
 शालिय m. (-यः) A sort of fennel or dill, (Anethum sowa.) **३.** See शालिय।

शालीक n. (-कः) 1. The being in the same sphere or world with another 2. Residence in the same heaven with any particular deity **३.** स with, लोक world, यक् aff. [to the last.  
 शालीकता f. (-ता) Habitation, state of abiding or dwelling. **३.** तल added  
 शाल mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) Belonging to the Sa'lwa country: more usually read शाल. **३.** (-कः) 1. The name of a demon, the enemy of VISHN'U. 2. The name of a country, or place. **३.** Plu. (-काः) The people.  
 शालहन् m. (-हन्) A name of VISHN'U. **३.** शाल a demon, हन् destroyer.  
 शालिक m. (-कः) The sa'rika'.  
 शाल m. (-कः) A libation.  
 शालक mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) 1. Generative, productive, causing birth, parturient, &c. 2. Obstetric. **३.** (-कः) A midwife. **३.** (-कः) The young of any animal, (in this sense for शालक) **३.** वृ to bear young, causal form, यक् aff.  
 शालकाय f. (-या) Having leisure, at leisure.  
 शालक f. (-कः) Having the grammatical mark called Avagraha.  
 शालक mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) Despising, disdainful. **३.** स with, चवशा disrespect.  
 शालय n. (-यः) One of the three kinds of power attainable by an ascetic, (the other two being निरवय and सूक्ष्म) [चवधान care.  
 शालयान mfn. (-नः-नौ-न) 1. Careful, cautious. 2. Diligent. **३.** स with, शालयि Adj. 1. Having a bound. 2. Finite, defined, circumscribed.  
 शालन mfn. (-नः-नौ-न) Natural, (in astronomy;) as Sa'vana Dina, a natural-day, from sunrise to sunrise. **३.** (-नः) 1. The conclusion of a sacrifice, the ceremonies by which it is terminated. 2. An employer of priests for a sacrifice. 3. The deity VARUN'A. 4. A month of thirty solar days **३.** वृ to bear or produce, aff. कृट् and यक् added.  
 शालयव f. (-वा) Composed of parts.  
 शालर m. (-रः) 1. The Lodh tree. 2. Sin. 3. Fault, offence. **३.** See शालर।  
 शालरय f. (-या) 1. Clandestine, secret. 2. Closed.  
 शालर्य m. (-र्यः) The eighth Manu. **३.** (-र्यः) Relating to one of the same colour, tribe or caste. **३.** शालर्य the wife of sun, his mother, यक् aff.  
 शालर्यलव्य n. (-लव्यः) 1. The skin. 2. Mark of the sameness of colour or caste.  
 शालर्य m. (-र्यः) 1. The eighth Manu. 2. A name applied to the 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, and 12th Manu or Brahma-Sa'varni, Pak-ha Sa'varni, &c. **३.** शालर्य, his mother, यक् aff.  
 शालर्य n. (-र्यः) 1. Identity of caste, class, &c. 2. Sameness of colour 3. The age presided over by the eighth MANU. **३.** शालर्य, and यक् aff.  
 शालर्य f. (-र्यः) Full of pride.  
 शालर्य mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) 1. Imperfect, incomplete. 2. Leaving a residue or remainder. **३.** स with, चवशेष remains.  
 शालर्य f. (-र्यः) Possessing self dependence, proud. [disrespect  
 शालर्य mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) Despising, disdainful. **३.** स with, चवशेष  
 शालर्य m. (-कः) 1. A Brahman. 2. S'iva. 3. A Vasu or demigod so named. 4. The sun. 5. The embryo or foetus. 6. Karna. **३.** (-कः) 1. Uma, wife of S'iva. 2. The holy verse of the Vedas, the repetition of which forms an essential part of the ceremonies, enjoined to the Brahman, as daily observances: the prayer is personified as the wife of BRAHMA', and mystical mother of the Hindu classes, which are regenerated by investiture with the sacrificial string. 3. The wife of SATYAVA'NA. 4. A beam of light, a cluster of solar rays. 5. Descended from the sun, belonging to the solar dynasty. **३.** (-कः) The sacrificial string, (so called owing to the repetition of the Gayatri which forms a principal part of the ceremony of wearing the sacred thread.) **३.** शालर्य the sun, and यक् aff. of reference: the prayer is in fact addressed to that luminary, and the deities, &c. are manifestations of the planet or prayer.  
 शालर्यपतित m. (-तः) A man of the three first classes, not invested at the proper time with the sacrificial cord. **३.** शालर्य, पतित fallen.  
 शालर्यपरिभट m. (-टः) A man of the three first classes, not invested with the string at the proper season. **३.** शालर्य, and परिभट broken.

सावित्रीव्रत n. (-सं) A particular fast kept by Hindu women on the last three days, or the last day of the bright-half of Jyaishta to avert widowhood.  
 सावित्रीव्रत n. (-सं) The sacrificial or characteristic cord of the three first classes. ३. सावित्री the sacred text, (the repetition of which forms part of the ceremony of investiture,) एव a thread.  
 साविहार mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Proud, haughty. 2. Manifest. ३. स with, साविहार manifestation.  
 साव्य f. (-वा) Full of desires or passion, hopeful.  
 साव्य f. (-वा) Disheartened, afraid.  
 साव्यवृक्ष m. (-कः) A small house-lizard.  
 साव्य m. (-कः) A blanket.  
 साव्य n. Adv. (-सं) With surprise. ३. स with, साव्य astonishment.  
 साव्य f. (-वा) 1. Having angles or corners. 2. Tearful, weeping. See साव्य ।  
 साव्यी f. (-वी) A wife's or husband's mother, a mother-in-law. [प्रधान ।  
 साव्य Ind. Prostrating the eight limbs or members of the body : see साव्य ।  
 साव्य f. (-वा) Having a bow. [ किं aff.  
 साव्य mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Able to bear much. ३. स to bear, intens. v., साव्य Adj. Having arrows.  
 साव्य f. (-वा) Adj. Envious, disdainful. [चरै a half.  
 साव्यवृक्ष n. (-कः) Bell-metal. ३. स with, साव्य substance, साव्य copper, साव्य f. (-वा) The dew-lap of an ox or cow. ३. स to sleep, न Una'di aff.  
 साव्य mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Weeping, in tears. 2. Cornered, angular. ३. स with, साव्य a tear, or an angle ; also साव्य ।  
 साव्य mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Proud, arrogant. 2. United with the principle of egotism. ३. स with, साव्य pride, &c. [चर going, aff. चर ।  
 साव्य n. (-सं) Company, association, society, fellowship. ३. स with, साव्य n. (-सं) Sufferance, endurance. ३. स to bear, causal v., साव्य aff.  
 साव्य mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Causing or enabling to endure. ३. स to bear, causal form, साव्य, and स aff.  
 साव्य n. (-कः) Friendship, fellowship. ३. साव्य a friend, aff. वृत् ।  
 साव्य n. (-सं) 1. Punishment, chastisement, fine, (also masculine in this sense.) 2. Violence, the perpetration of any act of rapine or aggression. 3. Oppression, cruelty. 4. Hatred. 5. Rape, ravishment. 6. Boldness, daring. 7. Rashness. 8. Oblation with fire. ३. सव्य strength, चर aff.  
 साव्य m. (-कः) 1. A name of VIKRAMA'DITYA. 2. Name of a poet. 3. An epithet of a lexicographer. ३. साव्य violence, चर a mark.  
 साव्यवृक्ष Adj. Acting with inconsiderate haste.  
 साव्य mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Castigatory, inflicted as punishment. 2. Perpetrated by violence. 3. Violent, felonious, rapacious, brutal, cruel. 4. Impetuous, rash. 5. Bold, daring. m. (-कः) A robber, a free-booter. 2. A desperado. ३. साव्य violence, and स aff.  
 साव्य mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Violent, ferocious. 2. Rash. 3. Daring, bold. ३. साव्य, and स aff.  
 साव्य mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Intent on violence, brutal, ferocious. ३. साव्य, एक alone, स taste, and स aff.  
 साव्य mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Bought with a thousand. 2. Paid per thousand, as interest, duty, &c. 3. Relating or belonging to a thousand. m. (-कः) An army or detachment, a thousand strong. n. (-कः) The aggregate of a thousand. ३. साव्य a thousand, and स aff.  
 साव्य n. (-कः) 1. Assistance, aid. 2. Fellowship. 3. A number of associates. 4. Auxiliary troops. ३. साव्य, वृत् aff. [ friend, चर aff.  
 साव्य n. (-कः) 1. Friendship. 2. Help succour. 3. Alliance. ३. साव्य a  
 साव्य n. (-कः-सं) Society, association, connection, combination. n. (-कः) Poetry, belles-lettres, literary composition. ३. सव्य with, together with, aff. चर ।  
 साव्य n. (-कः) Society, conjunction. 2. Aid, assistance. ३. स with, together with, aff. of the abstract चर or चर aff ; or स-चर aff.  
 साव्य m. (-कः) A companion. ३. साव्य society, स who makes.

साव्य m. (-कः) Fighting animals, (as cocks, &c.) for sport or money. ३. स with, साव्य challenging.  
 सि ५. 5th cl. (सिनीति) ५. 9th cl. (सिनाति) To bind, to ensnare.  
 सिंह m. (-सः) 1. A lion. 2. Leo, the sign of the zodiac. 3. (In composition,) Pre-eminent. f. (-हो) 1. The egg-plant, (Solanum Melongena.) 2. A shrub, (Justicia.) 3. A prickly nightshade. 4. The mother of RA'HU. 5. A lioness. ३. सि to sprinkle, न Una'di aff., स substituted for the final, and स inserted; or सि to injure or kill, चर aff., and the radical consonants transposed.  
 सिंह m. (-सः) A Baud'dha saint, also named MANJUGHOSHA.  
 सिंह m. (-सः) 1. A lion's mane. 2. The Bakula tree, (Mimusops elengi.) ३. सिंह a lion, सिंह a mane, &c. [also read सिंहतल ।  
 सिंह n. (-सं) The open hands joined. ३. सिंह a lion, सिंह the open palm;  
 सिंह m. (-सः) 1. A kind of fish. 2. The Sehunda tree. ३. सिंह, सिंह face.  
 सिंह n. (-सं) A gate, an entrance, especially the chief gate of a mansion or palace. ३. सिंह chief, and सिंह a door-way.  
 सिंह m. (-सः) 1. The roar or sound of a lion. 2. A war-cry. ३. सिंह, सिंह sound. [ what sounds.  
 सिंह mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Roaring like a lion. ३. सिंह, सिंह who or सिंह m. (-सः) A war-cry, war-hoop, shouting or roaring upon making an onset. ३. सिंह a lion, and सिंह cry.  
 सिंह m. (-सः) The roar or yelp of a lion. 2. War-cry. f. (-हो) A plant, (Hedysarum alhagi.) ३. सिंह a lion, सिंह sounding, सिंह added.  
 सिंह f. (-हो) A plant, (Justicia adhenatoda.) ३. सिंह a lion, सिंह a leaf.  
 सिंह f. (-हो) A plant, (Hedysarum lagopodioides.) ३. सिंह a lion, सिंह tail ; also with सिंह added, सिंह ।  
 सिंह f. (-हो) DURGĀ. ३. सिंह a lion, सिंह a vehicle. [ that animal.  
 सिंह f. (-हो) The goddess DURGĀ. ३. सिंह, सिंह a vehicle, mounted on सिंह n. (-सं) 1. Tin. 2. Brass. 3. Cassia bark. m. (-कः) Ceylon. ३. सिंह a lion, &c., सा to give or get, aff. च । [ Ceylon, सिंह place.  
 सिंह m. (-सः) A tree, apparently a sort of palm. ३. सिंह  
 सिंह m. (-सः) A kind of sexual union thus defined :—  
 “लिंगोपि स्थिता नारी कालावस्थपदया ।  
 उदये दन्तवता चेत् सिंहलोकः प्रकीर्तितः ॥”  
 सिंह m. (-सः) A horse. ३. सिंह a lion, and सिंह valour.  
 सिंह Adj. As strong as a lion. n. (-सः) The killing of a lion. mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Handsome and well-shaped. ३. सिंह the beast, सिंह rivalling or surpassing.  
 सिंह mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Abounding with lions. ३. सिंह, सिंह wealthy.  
 सिंह n. (-सं) 1. Rust of iron. 2. The mucus of the nose. ३. सिंह to smell, सिंह aff., form irr ; also सिंह, सिंह, सिंह, &c.  
 सिंह m. (-सः) The maxim of the lion's glance; it is used to denote the connection of a thing with the preceding and the following, just as the lion constantly pauses and casts his glance backward and forward.  
 सिंह n. (-सं) A throne. m. (-सः) A kind of coitus thus defined :—  
 “सज्जहायवाङ्ग च जला द्वापदयः ।  
 सनी धृता रजित् कालो बन्धः सिंहासना मतः ॥” [ a seat.  
 ३. सिंह a lion, (supported by lions, &c. wrought in gold,) and सिंह  
 सिंह m. (-सः) A plant, (Justicia adhenatoda, &c.) ३. सिंह a lion, सिंह the face; to which the flowers are compared. [ comparison, &c.  
 सिंह f. (-हो) The mother of RA'HU. ३. सिंह a lioness, सिंह aff. of सिंह m. (-सः) The personified ascending node. ३. सिंह the mother of RA'HU, and सिंह son.  
 सि (सिक्ति) To sprinkle ; Sautra root.  
 सि f. (-हो) 1. Sandy soil. 2. Gravel or stone, (the disease.) 3. Sugar. f. Plu. (-ताः) Sand. ३. सि Sautra root, to sprinkle, Una'di aff. चर ।  
 सि mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Sandy. n. (-सः) A sand bank, or an island with sandy shores. ३. सि sand, सट aff.

सिक्तावत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Sandy, (in general.) s. सिक्ता sand, जतुप् aff.  
 सिक्तावत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Sandy as a soil or country. s. सिक्ता sand, aff. इत्तप् । [ to sprinkle, त्त aff. ]  
 सिक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) 1. Sprinkled. 2. Wetted. 3. Impregnated. s. सिक् सिक्ता Ind. Having sprinkled, effused, &c. s. सिक् to sprinkle, क्ता aff.  
 सिक्त्य m. (-क्त्यः) 1. A handful of boiled rice. 2. Boiled rice. n. (-क्त्य) 1. Bee's-wax. 2. Indigo. s. सिक् to sprinkle, Una'di aff. क्त ।  
 सिक्त्यक n. (-क्त) Bee's-wax. s. क्त added to the last.  
 सिक्त्य n. (-क्त्य) A sling made of ropes. s. सिक्त-यत् aff. "सिक्ते इतिभाषा" ।  
 सिक्त्य n. (-क्त्य) Crystal, glass.  
 सिक्तावत् n. (-वत्) 1. The mucus of the nose. 2. Rust of iron. s. सिक्ति to smell, Una'di aff. चान्त्, and the last syllable of the aff. optionally rejected; also सिक्तावत् n. (-वत्) : see सिक्तावत् । [ initial changed. ]  
 सिक्ती f. (-ती) The nose. s. सिक्ति to smell, affs. इति and उतिप्, the सिक् f. (-सिक्) Clothes. s. सिक् to sprinkle, aff. सिक् ।  
 सिक्त्त m. (-वत्) 1. Cloth, clothes 2. Old or ragged raiment. s. सिक्ति to cause to sprinkle, aff. त्त । [ ज्ञान्त् aff. ]  
 सिक्तावत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Being sprinkled. s. सिक् to sprinkle, pass. v., सिक्त्त mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Sprinkling, throwing water. s. सिक् to sprinkle, इत्त aff. of the present participle.  
 सिक्ता f. (-ता) Long-pepper. s. सिक्-इत्त-वत्-वत् ।  
 सिक्ता f. (-ता) The sound of metallic ornaments, jingling, ringing, tinkling; more usually सिक्ता. q. v.  
 सित mfn. (-तः-ता or तो-त) 1. White. 2. Bound, tied. 3. Finished, destroyed. 4. Completed, concluded. 5. Known. m. (-तः) 1. White, (the colour.) 2. The light-half of a lunar month. 3. The planet VENUS. 4. An arrow. n. (-त) 1. Silver. 2. Sandal. 3. Radish. f. (-ता) 1. Clayed or candied sugar. 2. Arabian jasmine. 3. A sort of Clitoria. 4. Bent grass with white blossoms. 5. Moon-light. 6. Spirituous liquor. 7. A handsome or well made woman. s. सि to tie or bind, aff. त्त ; or सि to destroy, त्त aff., and इ substituted for the radical vowel.  
 सितकर m. (-रः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. [ elephant. ]  
 सितकुम्भर m. (-रः) 1. INDRA. 2. INDRA's elephant. s. सित white, कुम्भर an सितचिह्न m. (-ह्नः) A sort of fish, (Lacerta scincus.) s. सित, चिह्न a mark.  
 सितच्छत्र n. (-त्र) A white umbrella, especially as one of the emblems of royalty. f. (-त्री) A sort of fennel, (Anethum sowa.) s. सित white, छत्र an umbrella. [ छद् a feather or leaf. ]  
 सितच्छद m. (-दः) A goose. f. (-दा) White Durba' grass. s. सित white, सितदोषिति m. (-तिः) The moon. s. सित white, and दोषिति a ray of light.  
 सितदूर्वा f. (-वा) A bent grass with white blossoms.  
 सितद्रु m. (-द्रुः) A plant, commonly Morata. s. सित white, and द्रु a tree.  
 सितधातु m. (-तुः) 1. Chalk. 2. Silver. s. सित white, and धातु a mineral.  
 सितपक्ष m. (-पक्षः) A goose. s. सित white, पक्ष a feather.  
 सितपुष्प n. (-पुष्पः) A sort of grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) m. (-पुष्पः) 1. A sort of tree, the Tagara tree. 2. A kind of grass, (Saccharum spontaneum.) f. (-पुष्पा) Arabian jasmine. s. सित white, and पुष्प a flower.  
 सितमरिच n. (-चः) White pepper. s. सित white, मरिच pepper. [ pulse. ]  
 सितमाष m. (-पः) A sort of bean, (Dolichos catjang.) s. सित white, माष  
 सितरञ्जन m. (-नः) Yellow, (the colour.) s. सित white, and रञ्जन colouring.  
 सितरश्मि m. (-श्मिः) The moon. s. सित white, and रश्मि a ray.  
 सितरात्रिजन् m. (-जन्) An epithet of ARJUN'A.  
 सितशर्करा f. (-रा) Candied sugar.  
 सितशिल्पिक m. (-कः) Wheat. s. सित white, and शिल्पिक an awn; also read सितशिल्पिक. &c. [ and सितशिव. ]  
 सितशिव n. (-वः) Rock-salt. s. सित white, शिव auspicious; also सितशिव, सितशूक m. (-कः) Barley. s. सित white, an शूक and awn or ear.  
 सितसहि m. (-हिः) A name of ARJUNA. s. सित white, and सहि a horse.  
 सितसर्प m. (-पः) White mustard. s. सित white, and सर्प mustard.  
 सितसिन्धु f. (-न्धुः) The Ganges. s. सित white, सिन्धु a river.

सितसिन्धु n. (-वः) Rock-salt. s. सित white, शिव for शिव auspicious: see सितशिव ।  
 सितार्ध m. (-धः) The moon. s. सित, च'ध a ray. [ चाख्य sugar. ]  
 सितारख m. (-खः) Clayed sugar, (prepared from honey.) s. सित white, सितारख m. (-खः) A thorn. s. सित white, and ख'ध point.  
 सितार m. (-रः) A king of fish, (Lacerta scincus.) "सितार" ।  
 सितारि m. (-रिः) Treacle, molasses. s. सित sugar, before दा to give, aff. रि ।  
 सितानन m. (-नः) GARUDA, the bird of VISHN'U. s. सित white, चानन face.  
 सिताराम m. (-रामः) A peacock. s. सित white, चाराम the angle of the eye.  
 सितार n. (-रः) The white lotus. s. सित white, and चार a lotus.  
 सितार m. (-रः) Camphor. s. सित white चार before दा to shine, aff. रि ।  
 सितार m. (-रः) Camphor. s. सित white, and चार a cloud; also with क्त added, सितारक n. (-कः) । [ चार venture. ]  
 सितार m. (-रः) An ascetic wearing white garments. s. सित white, and सितार m. (-रः) A white lotus. s. सित white, चार a lotus.  
 सितार m. (-रः) White basil. s. सित white, चार basil.  
 सितारता f. (-ता) Durbá grass with white blossoms. s. सित, लता a creeper.  
 सितारि f. (-रिः) A cockle. s. सित white, चारि a line, क्त aff., fem. form.  
 सितार m. (-रः) ARJUNA. s. सित white, and चार a horse.  
 सितारित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) White and black. m. (-तः) A name of BALA-DE'VA. s. सित white, (skin,) and चारित black, (raiment.)  
 सित mfn. (-तिः-तिः-ति) 1. White. 2. Black. s. सि to bind, aff. ति ।  
 सितिकच्छ Adj. 1. Having a white throat. 2. Dark-necked. m. (-च्छः) S'IVA.  
 सितिमन् m. (-मन्) Whiteness. s. सित white, and इमन्त् aff.  
 सितारक m. (-रकः) BALADE'VA. s. सित black, and वासु vesture.  
 सितेतर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Black. s. सित white, इतर reverse.  
 सितेतरति m. (-तिः) AGNI or fire. s. सितेतर black, (smoke,) गति going.  
 सितोदर m. (-रः) KUR'VA. s. सित white, and उदर the belly; the deity is properly of a black colour, but is whitened by a leprous taint.  
 सितोदर n. (-रः) White sandal.  
 सितोपल n. (-लः) Chalk, or mineral substance of similar appearance considered as a variety. m. (-लः) Crystal. f. (-ला) Clayed or candied sugar. s. सित white, and उपला a stone. [ the heat. ]  
 सितोपचार n. (-चः) A white umbrella. s. सित, and उपचार keeping off  
 सित mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Accomplished, effected, completed. 2. Liberated, emancipated. 3. Always, eternal. 4. Celebrated, famous. 5. Judged, decided, terminated, (as a law suit.) 6. Valid, (in law.) 7. Adept initiated, in alchemy or magic. 8. Demonstrated, proved, (in logic.) 9. Finished. 10. Cooked, dressed. 11. Prepared, compounded, (in medicine.) 12. Shining, splendid. 13. Discharged, (as a debt.) 14. Obtained, acquired. 15. Succeeded, successful. 16. Settled, established. 17. Admitted to be true or right. 18. Paid, liquidated, (as a debt.) 19. Ready, (as money.) 20. Concocted, (as drugs.) 21. Matured, ripened. 22. Subdued, (by magical power.) 23. Thoroughly skilled, (in any art.) 24. Perfected or sanctified, (by penance or austerities.) 25. Endowed with supernatural faculties or powers. 26. Sacred, pious. 27. Divine, immortal. m. (-वः) 1. A divine personage of undefined attributes or character; a sort of demigod or spirit, inhabiting with the Vidyádhara, Munis, &c. in the middle air, or the region between the earth and sun. 2. An inspired or prophetic writer, as VYA'SA and others, or one to whom the past, present, and future, are supposed to be known, a sage, a seer. 3. The twenty-first of the astronomical Yógas. 4. An adept, a magician, one who by the performance of certain mystical and magical rites has acquired superhuman powers. 5. An ascetic, who by mystical and austere practices has effected one or all of five purposes, viz.—the affluence, the form or the society of the gods, residence in the divine Lokas or identification with a deity. 6. A law suit, a judicial trial. 7. A sort of hard sugar. n. (-वः) Sea-salt. f. (-वा) A medicinal root, commonly Rid'dhi. s. सिप् to effect, aff. त्त ।



विद्युता f. (-ता) The Ganges of heaven. ३. विद्युत a spirit of mid-heaven, नदी the Ganges.

विद्युत m. (-तः) Name of a particular kind of madness.

विद्युत n. (-तः) 1. Sour rice-gruel. 2. Water of boiled rice. ३. विद्युत perfect, and क्व water.

विद्युता f. (-ता) Perfection, completion; also with ल, विद्युत ।

विद्युत m. (-तः) S'iva. ३. विद्युत a saint, देव deity.

विद्युत m. (-तः) Quicksilver. ३. विद्युत adept, (in alchemy,) वात a mineral.

विद्युत m. (-तः) The established or logical side of an argument.

विद्युत m. (-तः) White mustard.

विद्युत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Mineral, metallic, &c. m. (-तः) 1. Quicksilver. 2. An alchemist. ३. विद्युत perfect, or perfected by alchemical operation, रक् fluid. [नद्याविद्या]

विद्युता f. (-ता) The ten goddesses of the Tantra Shastra: see विद्युत Adj. One who has accomplished his wishes.

विद्युत m. (-तः) A company of saints or the beings called Sid'dhas. ३. विद्युत, and क्व a company.

विद्युत n. (-तः) Sour rice-gruel. ३. विद्युत perfect, and क्व water.

विद्युत m. (-तः) White mustard. n. (-तः) The performance of magical rites, &c. or the materials employed in magical or alchemical processes. ३. विद्युत perfect, adept, &c., and क्व accomplishing, (the act or instrument.)

विद्युत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Effected, proved. 2. Having done what was to be done. n. (-तः) Demonstrated proof or conclusion. ३. विद्युत, and क्व to be proved, &c. [a river.]

विद्युत f. (-तः) The Ganges. ३. विद्युत a divine being or sage, and विद्युत, विद्युत m. (-तः) The deity of war, क्वा'रुता'या. ३. विद्युत a divine being, and देवा an army; commanding the hosts of heaven.

विद्युता f. (-ता) The pot of a Seer, (fabled as a vessel gifted with the property of overflowing with any kind of food at the wish of the possessor.)

विद्युत m. (-तः) 1. Demonstrated conclusion, established truth: it may be either the result of an argument in which one opinion is refuted and another undeniably established; or the concurrent doctrine of all the authorities on any subject similarly interpreted. 2. Any fixed or established text-book resting on conclusive arguments. ३. विद्युत completed, perfect, and क्व end, conclusion.

विद्युत f. (-ता) The point in an argument which is regarded as a logical conclusion.

विद्युत m. (-तः) 1. A follower of the Mima'nsa' philosophy. 2. A demonstrator, one who establishes his conclusions. ३. विद्युत demonstrated conclusion, क्व aff.

विद्युत n. (-तः) Dressed-food, cooked victuals.

विद्युता f. (-ता) The Ganges. ३. विद्युत a divine being, क्व a river.

विद्युता f. (-ता) One of the tutelary goddesses of the Jains.

विद्युत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Successful, prosperous. m. (-तः) 1. The father of the last and most celebrated Jina or Jaina teacher of the present era. 2. White mustard. 3. A name of Sa'kya-sinha or Bud'dha. f. (-ता) The mother of the fourth Jina. ३. विद्युत complete, &c., and क्व meaning or wealth.

विद्युत n. (-तः) A particular posture in religious meditation.

विधि f. (-धिः) 1. Fulfilment, accomplishment, the entire completion of any undertaking or attainment of any object. 2. A Yo'ga, either the sixteenth of the astronomical periods termed Yo'gas, or the nineteenth of the twenty-eight astrological Yo'gas. 3. Final emancipation from existence, supreme felicity. 4. Prosperity, success. 5. Knowledge, understanding. 6. Accuracy, correctness, indisputable conclusion or position. 7. Validity, (in law.) 8. Acquittance, discharge, (of a debt.) 9. Concealment, secreting, covering. 10. The result or fruit of the adoration

of the gods or of ascetic severities. 11. The supposed acquirement of supernatural powers by the completion of magical, mystical, or alchemical rites and processes. 12. A wooden shoe or slipper, especially one over which some mystical formulæ have been repeated, and which will then, it is supposed, convey the wearer every where safely and rapidly. 13. A medicinal root; also Rid'dhi. 14. Settlement, establishment. 15. Certainty, truth. 16. Decision, (of a law suit.) 17. The solution of a problem. 18. Preparation, cooking. 19. Readiness. 20. Complete sanctification. 21. Beatitude. 22. Marvellous skill or capability. 23. Making oneself invisible. ३. विधि to accomplish, aff. विधि ।

विधिहीन m. (-नः) A particular auspicious conjunction of the planets.

विधिही f. (-ही) A small ant.

विधि n. (-तः) A blotch, a scab, leprosy. f. (-ता) 1. A leprous spot. 2. Leprosy. ३. विधि to go, (on the body,) क्व aff.; also विधि ।

विधि n. (-तः) A blotch, a scab. ३. विधि to go, क्व aff.; see the last.

विधि mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Scabby. f. (-ता) 1. Dried or salt fish. 2. A scab. 3. A sort of leprosy. ३. विधि a scab, क्व aff.

विधि mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Scabby, pocky. ३. विधि a blotch, क्व aff.

विधि m. (-तः) The asterism Pushya, stars in Cancer. ३. विधि to accomplish or to be accomplished, क्व aff. [रक् Una'di aff.]

विधि m. (-तः) 1. A pious or virtuous man. 2. A tree. ३. विधि to be perfect,

विधि f. (-ता) A plant, so named. ३. क्व added to the preceding.

विधि n. (-तः) A garden of the gods. ३. विधि a plant, and क्व a wood, क्व changed to क्व ।

विधि mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) One-eyed. m. (-तः) 1. A morsel, a mouthful, or such a quantity bound together. 2. A village. ३. विधि to bind, क्व Una'di aff. or क्व aff. in this particular application. [नय ।]

विधि f. (-ता) A woman with a white complexion. ३. विधि + क्व, तक् विधीवाही f. (-ही) 1. The day preceding that of new-moon, or that on which the moon rises scarcely visible. 2. The goddess UMa'. ३. क्व a good fortune, क्व aff., fem. form, विधी a digit of the moon, क्व to contain, aff. क्व, fem. aff. क्व; several other etymologies occur.

विधि m. (-तः) A small tree, (Vitex negundo.) ३. क्व to ooze, aff. क्व, क्व added; the semivowel of the root changed to क्व; also विधि ।

विधि m. (-तः) A small tree, (Vitex negundo.) ३. विधि to ooze, aff. क्व, before, क्व to screen or choose, aff. क्व; see विधि ।

विधि n. (-तः) Red lead, minium. m. (-तः) A sort of tree. f. (-ता) 1. Red cloth or clothes. 2. Roohani, (a sort of Crinum.) 3. A plant, (Lythrum fruticosum.) ३. क्व to ooze, Una'di aff. क्व; also विधि ।

विधि n. (-तः) Lead. ३. विधि minium, and क्व origin.

विधि m. (-तः) An elephant. f. (-ता) A woman whose forehead is marked with minium. ३. विधि red lead, and क्व the mark on the forehead.

विधि f. (-ता) Red lead. ३. विधि, क्व added, fem. form.

विधि mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Reddened, made red. ३. विधि, and क्व aff.

विधि m. (-तः) 1. The ocean, the sea. 2. The Indus. 3. The country along the Indus or SINDH. 4. The juice that exudes from an elephant's temples. 5. An elephant. 6. A division of a Rāga or musical mode. 7. A small tree, (Vitex negundo.) f. (-ता) A river in general. ३. क्व to trickle or flow, क्व Una'di aff., the form irr.

विधि mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Marine. 2. Born or produced in Sindh. m. (-तः) A small tree, (Vitex negundo.) ३. क्व added to the last, implying place of origin or production.

विधि m. (-तः) Cuttle-fish-bone. ३. विधि the sea, क्व phlegm.

विधि m. (-तः) The country of Sindh. ३. विधि the Indus, क्व to go or sport, aff. क्व ।

विधि mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. River or sea-born, marine, aquatic. 2. Born or produced in Sindh. n. (-तः) Rock-salt. f. (-ता) The goddess LAKSHMI'. m. (-तः) The moon. ३. विधि the country or river, &c., क्व born.

चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) The moon. n. (-न्त्र) Rock-salt. m. चिन्मन्त्र the sea, &c.,  
जन्मन्त्र birth.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. m. चिन्मन्त्र the ocean, and  
जन्मन्त्र the son; being produced at the churning of the ocean.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) The ocean. m. चिन्मन्त्र a river, नाना lord. [पुत्र offspring.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) 1. A sort of ebony. 2. The moon. m. चिन्मन्त्र the sea, &c.,  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) A conch. m. चिन्मन्त्र the sea, पुष्प a flower. [तान्,] जन्म.  
चिन्मन्त्र n. (-न्त्र) Rock-salt. m. चिन्मन्त्र the ocean-churning, (a moun-  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) An elephant. m. चिन्मन्त्र to ooze, the (ishor from his  
temples,) उर्र् aff., and the form irr.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) A lion. m. चिन्मन्त्र an elephant, and उर्र् enemy.  
चिन्मन्त्र n. (-न्त्र) Rock-salt. m. चिन्मन्त्र Sindh, and चिन्मन्त्र salt.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) 1. A horse of a good breed, brought probably from  
Sindh or the borders of India and Persia. 2. A small tree, (Vitex  
negundo.) m. चिन्मन्त्र the country or the sea, उर्र् to choose or screen, aff.  
चिन्मन्त्र; also चिन्मन्त्र in the second sense; with चिन्मन्त्र added, चिन्मन्त्र चिन्मन्त्र  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) A small tree, (Vitex negundo.) m. चिन्मन्त्र the sea,  
and चिन्मन्त्र selected or chosen.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) A plant, (Gmelina arborea.)  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) VISHN'U. m. चिन्मन्त्र the ocean, and चिन्मन्त्र a couch.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) The mouth of a river, or its point of junction with  
the sea. m. चिन्मन्त्र the sea, चिन्मन्त्र confluence.  
चिन्मन्त्र n. (-न्त्र) Rock-salt. m. चिन्मन्त्र Sindh, and चिन्मन्त्र produced.  
चिन्मन्त्र n. (-न्त्र) Rock-salt. m. चिन्मन्त्र Sindh, and चिन्मन्त्र a stone.  
चिन्मन्त्र r. 1st cl. (चिन्मन्त्र) To wet.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) 1. Perspiration, sweat. 2. The moon. f. (-न्त्र) 1. The Siprā,  
a river near Oujein. 2. A woman's zone. 3. A female buffalo.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) All, entire. f. (-न्त्र) Adj. Every. m. चिन्मन्त्र to bind, चिन्मन्त्र Unādi aff.  
चिन्मन्त्र f. (-न्त्र) A legume, a pod; see चिन्मन्त्र, &c. [form.  
चिन्मन्त्र f. (-न्त्र) Grain in pods, as pulse, &c. m. चिन्मन्त्र a pod, चिन्मन्त्र aff., fem.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) The root of long-pepper. f. (-न्त्र) 1. Any tubular vessel of  
the body, or one so considered, as a nerve, a vein, an artery, a  
tendon, &c. 2. A bucket. m. चिन्मन्त्र to bind, चिन्मन्त्र, form irr.; also चिन्मन्त्र।  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) 1. A plexus of vessels. 2. Enlargement of the  
vessels of the eye. m. चिन्मन्त्र, and चिन्मन्त्र a net.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) Venesection. m. चिन्मन्त्र a vein, and चिन्मन्त्र loosing.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) Venesection. m. चिन्मन्त्र, चिन्मन्त्र piercing; also चिन्मन्त्र चिन्मन्त्र।  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) Flow of discoloured tears. m. चिन्मन्त्र, चिन्मन्त्र joy. [affliction.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) Redness and inflammation of the eyes. m. चिन्मन्त्र, चिन्मन्त्र  
चिन्मन्त्र f. (-न्त्र) The gum Olibanum tree, (Boswellia thurifera.) m. See  
चिन्मन्त्र, the चिन्मन्त्र being substituted for चिन्मन्त्र।  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) An elephant. m. चिन्मन्त्र aff.  
चिन्मन्त्र mfn. (-न्त्र) Wishing or intending, to make war. m.  
चिन्मन्त्र to make war, desid. v., चिन्मन्त्र aff.  
चिन्मन्त्र f. (-न्त्र) Wish or purpose to effect, prove, &c. m. चिन्मन्त्र to  
accomplish, desid. form, चिन्मन्त्र and चिन्मन्त्र affs.  
चिन्मन्त्र mfn. (-न्त्र) Desirous to accomplish, to prove, &c. m. चिन्मन्त्र  
to accomplish, desid. v., चिन्मन्त्र aff.  
चिन्मन्त्र f. (-न्त्र) Wish or purpose to create. m. चिन्मन्त्र to create, desid. v.,  
चिन्मन्त्र mfn. (-न्त्र) Wishing or purposing to create. m. चिन्मन्त्र to  
create, desid. v., चिन्मन्त्र aff.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) The milk-hedge plant, (Euphorbia antiquorum;) also  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) Incense, gum Benjamin or Olibanum, &c. m. चिन्मन्त्र to be  
affectionate, to love, चिन्मन्त्र aff., form irr.; also with चिन्मन्त्र added,  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र). [fem. aff.  
चिन्मन्त्र f. (-न्त्र) The Olibanum tree. m. चिन्मन्त्र incense, चिन्मन्त्र added and चिन्मन्त्र  
चिन्मन्त्र f. (-न्त्र) The Olibanum tree, (Boswellia thurifera.) m. चिन्मन्त्र  
incense, चिन्मन्त्र place, site, and चिन्मन्त्र added.  
चिन्मन्त्र r. 1st cl. (चिन्मन्त्र) 1. To sprinkle, to scatter in drops. 2. To go, to  
move. r. 10th. cl. (चिन्मन्त्र) 1. To be impatient. 2. To be patient.

3. To touch. 4. To be angry. (चिन्मन्त्र) चिन्मन्त्र r. 1st cl. (चिन्मन्त्र) 1. To  
sprinkle, to shed or shower. 2. To bear. 3. To touch. 4.  
To be angry. 5. To move. [aff.; also चिन्मन्त्र।  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) Thin drizzling rain. m. चिन्मन्त्र to scatter, (as water.) चिन्मन्त्र  
चिन्मन्त्र f. (-न्त्र) 1. A furrow, the track of the plough-share. 2. The  
daughter of JANAKA and wife of RA'MACHANDRA, so named  
because fabled to have sprung from a furrow made by  
Janaka while ploughing the ground to prepare it for a  
sacrifice instituted by him to obtain progeny. 3. One of the  
four great branches into which the Ganges, after having fallen on  
mount Meru, is fabled to divide: the eastern branch, flowing  
into the Varsha Bhadrāsava. 4. The goddess LAKSHMI. 5. Uma',  
the wife of S'IVA. 6. A goddess, wife of Indra, presiding over fruits,  
&c., an Indian FLORA or POMONA. 7. Spirituous liquor. 8. Husban-  
dry. m. चिन्मन्त्र to bind, (the earth,) चिन्मन्त्र aff., form irr.; it is then appli-  
cable to the princess as having been turned up in the soil  
by a plough-share; and to the goddesses, as they may be sup-  
posed to have been incarnate in the wife of RA'MA; also, as  
differently derived चिन्मन्त्र, q. v.  
चिन्मन्त्र n. Plu. (-न्त्र) The implements of husbandry.  
चिन्मन्त्र f. (-न्त्र) The hero RA'MA. m. चिन्मन्त्र the princess, चिन्मन्त्र husband.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) The oustard-apple tree. n. (-न्त्र) The oustard-apple.  
चिन्मन्त्र चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) RA'MA. m. चिन्मन्त्र in the poss. case, चिन्मन्त्र husband.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) Pease: see चिन्मन्त्र, चिन्मन्त्र, &c.  
चिन्मन्त्र n. (-न्त्र) Uttering an inarticulate sound, such as is made with  
the lips when a person shivers with cold, or in fainting, sighing,  
&c. m. चिन्मन्त्र imitative sound, and चिन्मन्त्र making; also चिन्मन्त्र n. (-न्त्र).  
चिन्मन्त्र mfn. (-न्त्र) Uttered as an inarticulated sound. n. (-न्त्र) An  
inarticulate sound; see the last. m. चिन्मन्त्र, and चिन्मन्त्र made.  
चिन्मन्त्र mfn. (-न्त्र) Ploughed, tilled. n. (-न्त्र) Corn, grain, rice, &c.  
m. चिन्मन्त्र a furrow, चिन्मन्त्र aff.; also चिन्मन्त्र।  
चिन्मन्त्र mfn. (-न्त्र) 1. Sorrowing, grieving, desponding. 2. Decaying.  
3. Suffering from, distressed or pained by. 4. Going. m. चिन्मन्त्र to  
wane, चिन्मन्त्र aff.  
चिन्मन्त्र n. (-न्त्र) Slothfulness, idleness, indolence.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) Spirit, distilled from molasses, rum. m. See चिन्मन्त्र, the  
sibilant being changed. [smell.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) The Bakula tree, (minusops elengi.) m. चिन्मन्त्र ruin, चिन्मन्त्र  
चिन्मन्त्र mfn. (-न्त्र) Drinking spirits. m. चिन्मन्त्र, and चिन्मन्त्र to drink, चिन्मन्त्र aff.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) 1. The Kadamba tree. 2. The Bakula tree.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) The mango tree.  
चिन्मन्त्र n. (-न्त्र) The anus.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) A sacrificial vessel in the shape of चिन्मन्त्र boat.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) 1. A boundary, a limit, a landmark, or mound, &c. serving  
to fix the limits of estates, &c. 2. A field. 3. The nape of the neck.  
4. The scrotum. m. चिन्मन्त्र to bind, चिन्मन्त्र, Unādi aff.; also with the  
aff. चिन्मन्त्र, or a final vowel, fem. form, चिन्मन्त्र।  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) 1. A separation of the hair on each side, so as to leave a  
distinct line on the top of the head. 2. A boundary line. m. (-न्त्र) चिन्मन्त्र  
The head. m. चिन्मन्त्र limit, (of the hair,) and चिन्मन्त्र end, form irr.  
चिन्मन्त्र m. (-न्त्र) An internal being. n. (-न्त्र) Red lead, a mark with which  
is sometimes made along the division of the hair. m. चिन्मन्त्र added to  
the last.  
चिन्मन्त्र f. (-न्त्र) 1. Marked by a line. 2. Parted, (as hair.)  
चिन्मन्त्र f. (-न्त्र) A woman in general. m. चिन्मन्त्र the separation of the  
hair, and चिन्मन्त्र aff.  
चिन्मन्त्र n. (-न्त्र) One of the Sansk'ras or a purificatory and sacrificial  
ceremony, observed by women in the fourth, sixth, or eighth  
month of their pregnancy. m. चिन्मन्त्र partition of the hair, and  
चिन्मन्त्र arranging; this forming an essential part of the rite.

सीमन्मन् mfn. (-मः-ना-नं) Being parted or divided. E. सीमन् used as a passive verb, मानच् aff.

सीमा f. (-मा) 1. A boundary, a limit. 2. A field. 3. A bank, a shore. 4. Rectitude observance of due bounds in morals, &c. 5. The nape of the neck. 6. The scrotum. 7. A mound or ridge serving to mark the boundary of a field, village, &c. 8. A landmark. 9. The horizon. 10. A suture, (of a skull.) 11. The utmost limit, last degree, (fig.) E. सीमन् + डाप् : see सीमन् ।

सीमानिचय m. (-यः) A legal decision with respect to boundaries, &c.

सीमान m. (-नः) A frontier line, a border.

सीमाखिन्न n. (-न्) A land or boundary-mark. E. सीमा, and खिन्न mark.

सीमावाद m. (-दः) A dispute about boundaries ; also सीमाविवाद ।

सीमाविवाद m. (-दः) Litigation or dispute respecting boundaries. E. सीमा and विवाद dispute.

सीमावृक्ष m. (-वृः) A tree serving as a boundary-mark. E. सीमा, वृक्ष a tree.

सीमासन्धि m. (-न्धिः) The meeting of two boundaries. E. सीमा, सन्धि junction.

सीमोक्ष m. (-क्षः) 1. A kind of tree. 2. An ant-hill. 3. An ant or any similar small insect. E. यम् to sound, and सीमन् Una'di aff., य changed to र, and that made long.

सीर m. (-रः) 1. A plough. 2. The sun. 3. The Arka plant. E. सि to bind, Una'di aff. रन्, and the vowel made long ; also सीर ।

सीरव m. (-वः) 1. A porpoise. 2. A plough. 3. The sun. 4. The Arka plant. E. सीर a plough, कन् aff. of comparison.

सीरवज्ज m. (-जः) An epithet of JANAKA.

सीरपाणि m. (-पिः) BALADE'VA. E. सीर a plough, and पाणि the hand.

सीरयोग m. (-गः) The yoking of cattle to a plough, or a team so yoked.

सीरन् m. (-रः) BALARA'MA. E. सीर a plough, and रनि aff.

सीरन्द m. (-न्दः) A kind of fish ; also read सीरन्ध ।

सीरन n. (-नः) 1. Sewing, stitching. 2. A seam, a suture. f. (-नी) 1. The frenum of the prepuce. 2. A needle. E. सिन् to sew, स्युट् aff. ; also सीरन ।

सीम n. (-सि) Lead. E. सि to bind, क्षिप् aff. ; or सी to destroy, aff. क ।

सीमक n. (-कः) Lead. E. कन् added to the last.

सीमपदक n. (-कः) Lead.

सीमृक्ष m. (-क्षः) The milk-hedge plant, (Euphorbia antiquorum, &c) E. सी for सिन् complete, and मृक्ष a heap, from मृक्षि to collect, aff. वञ्, form irr. "क्ष्मृक्षि मृक्षे" ।

सु r. 1st cl. (सवति) 1. To bring forth, as young. 2. To possess power. 3. To go : see सु and सू ।

सु Ind. A particle and prefix analogous to good, well, or the Greek Eu, and implying :—1. Reverence, worship, honour. 2. Assent. 3. Increase, prosperity. 4. Excess, exceeding. 5. Pain, distress. 6. Pleasure, delight. 7. With ease. 8. Beauty. E. सु to go, aff. क ।

सुखटका f. (-का) The Aloe-plant. E. सु good or much, कटक thorn.

सुखम् m. (-म्) Psora, itch, scab. E. सु much, कष्ट the same disease.

सुखन्द m. (-न्दः) 1. The onion. 2. A yam. 3. A sort of grass, (Scirpus kyssoor.) 4. An esculent root, (Arum campanulatum.) E. सु good, excellent, and कन्द a root.

सुखन्दक m. (-कः) An onion. E. सु good, कन्द a root, and कन् added.

सुखर mfn. (-रः-रा or -री-र) 1. Easy, practicable, attainable. 2. Doing well or becomingly. n. (-रः) Doing good to, charity, benevolence. f. (-रा) A tractable cow. E. सु pleasure, कृ to make or confer, खल् aff.

सुखचिन्ता f. (-न्ता) A plant, (Salvinia cucullata.) E. सु good, चिन्ता an ear, कन्, aff. of comparison, and fem. form.

सुखयोग mfn. (-योगः-योगी-योगी) 1. Virtuous, good, acting virtuously, doing what is right and fit. 2. Active, diligent. m. (-योगी) 1. The artist or architect of the gods. 2. One of the astronomical Yogas. E. सु good, योग्य act, action. [to call, aff. चच् ।

सुखवल्गु mfn. (-वल्गुः-वल्गुः) Liberal, both in giving and using. E. सु good, कल्गु

सुखवल्गु m. (-वल्गुः) A bee. Adj. Having good stems or stocks, beautifully joined. E. सु good, कल्गु a shrub, and वल्गु aff.

सुखानिन् m. (-नी) A progenitor of a particular class considered as those of the Sudra tribe. E. सु good, काल time, रनि aff.

सुखालुका f. (-का) The Dodi shrub. E. सु + कल उत्प्लावित् क ।

सुखन्दक m. (-कः) An onion. E. सु + कदि-प्लु ; also सुखन्दक ।

सुखमार mfn. (-रः-रा or -री-र) 1. Soft, smooth, tender. 2. Youthful, young. m. (-रः) 1. A variety of the sugar-cane. 2. A sort of the grain, (Panicum colonum, &c.) 3. A wild kind of Champaka. 4. The name of a Daitya. 5. A beautiful young man. f. (-रा) 1. Double jasmine. 2. Great-flowered jasmine. 3. The plantain. 4. The name of a river. E. सु very, exceedingly, कमार soft, young.

सुखमारक m. (-कः) 1. A beautiful young man. 2. Rice. n. (-कः) The leaf of Tama'la-tree. [कन् who does.

सुखत् mfn. (-त्तः) 1. Virtuous, pious. 2. Fortunate, well fated. E. सु well, सुखत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Virtuous, pious. 2. Befriended, assisted, treated with kindness. 3. Fortunate, auspicious. 4. Done well, properly, ably, &c. n. (-तः) 1. Virtue, moral merit. 2. Fortune, auspiciousness.

3. Kindness, bounty, friendly aid or assistance. 4. Any kind or friendly act. 5. Reward, recompense, especially heaven as the reward of virtue. E. सु well, and कृत् made or done.

सुखति f. (-तिः) 1. Virtue, well-doing. 2. Kindness, acting in a friendly or kindly manner. 3. The practice of religious austerities, &c. E. सु good, and कृति action.

सुखतिन् mfn. (-तो-तिनी-ति) 1. Fortunate, well-fated. 2. Virtuous, pious, good. 3. Benign, benevolent. 4. Learned, wise. E. सुखत् auspiciousness, &c., रनि poss. aff.

सुखेसर m. (-रः) The citron tree.

सुखीली f. (-ली) A medicinal root, commonly Kshira-ka'koli.

सुखम् m. (-म्) 1. Agni or fire. 2. INDRA. 3. VARUN'A. 4. MITRA. 5. SOMA.

सुखिया f. (-या) 1. A good action, a good work, a moral or religious observance. E. सु, and क्रिया act.

सुख r. 10th cl. (सुखयति-ने) To make happy.

सुख mfn. (-खः-खा-खं) 1. Happy, joyful, delighted. 2. Virtuous, pious. 3. Easy, practicable. 4. Agreeable, sweet, comfortable. 5. Suitable. n. (-खः) 1. Happiness, pleasure, delight. 2. Heaven, paradise. 3. Water. 4. Prosperity. 5. Ease, alleviation. 6. Business. f. (-खा) The capital of VARUN'A. E. सु good, ख an organ of sense ; or सुख यच् aff.

सुखकर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Conferring happiness. 2. Doing any thing easily. 3. Done easily. E. सुख, and कर who or what makes.

सुखकृष्ण m. (-ष्णः) A kind of weapon or staff with which ŚIVA is armed.

सुखचार m. (-रः) An excellent horse. E. सुख pleasure, चर to go, aff. चच् ।

सुखखेय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Easily to be cut or destroyed. E. सुख, and खेय to be cut or cut off.

सुखजात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Happy, taking pleasure. 2. Born or produced easily. E. सुख, जात born.

सुखद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Conferring or affording pleasure, &c. f. (-दा) A courtesan of INDRA's heaven. n. (-दः) The seat of VIṢṆU. E. सुख pleasure, दा to give, affs. चच् and टाप् । [be milked.

सुखदीक्षा f. (-क्षा) A cow easily milked. E. सुख (with.) pleasure, दीक्षा to

सुखप्रतीक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्षं) Hoping or expecting happiness. E. सुख, and प्रति before ईच् to see, च aff.

सुखभाग m. (-गः) Happiness, good fortune. E. सुख, and भाग share.

सुखभानिन् mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) Happy, delighted. E. सुखभाग, and रनि aff.

सुखभेद्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Easily broken or disunited. E. सुख, and भेद्य to be broken. [सुख, and भवट् aff.

सुखमय mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) Full or consisting of happiness, delightful. E.

सुखवर्धक m. (-कः) Natron, alkali. E. सुख pleasure, वर्धच् to shine, aff. कन् ।

सुखवासन m. (-नः) Perfume for the mouth. E. सुख pleasure, and वासन perfuming ; also सुखवासन and सुभवासन ।

सुखवेदन n. (-नः) Consciousness of pleasure. E. सुख, वेदन knowing

सुखसन्दुखा f. (-खा) A tractable and gentle cow. E. See the next.

सुखसन्तोषा f. (-स्त) A tractable cow, one easily and quickly milked. E. सुख pleasure, सम् before दुह् to milk, स्त aff.; also with कर् aff. सुखसन्तोषा as above.

सुखसाध्य mfn. (-ध्यः-ध्य-ध्य) 1. Easy of accomplishment or attainment. 2. Easy of cure. 3. Easy to be discomfited. E. सुख, and साध्य to be broken. [E. सुख, स्पर्श touch.

सुखस्पर्श mfn. (-शः-श-श) Gratifying, agreeable to the touch or feelings.

सुखाधार m. (-रः) Swarga, the heaven of INDRA, and paradise of the Hindus. E. सुख pleasure, and आधार a receptacle or reservoir.

सुखानुभव m. (-वः) Anticipation or consciousness of pleasure. E. सुख and अनुभव perception.

सुखान्त mfn. (-न्तः-न्त-न्त) 1. Wishing well, friendly, attached. 2. Subversive of happiness. E. सुख, अन्त end. [आयत restrained.

सुखायत m. (-तः) An excellent and well-trained horse. E. सुख pleasure, सुखायत m. (-तः) A good horse. E. सुख pleasure, and अयत going.

सुखार्थ n. Adv. (-र्थ) For the sake of ease, happiness, &c. E. सुख, and अर्थ on account of. [अर्थन् seeking.

सुखार्थन् mfn. (-र्थः-र्थ-र्थ) Seeking or wishing for happiness. E. सुख, सुखार्थ Adj. Charming, pleasant-looking.

सुखावतोश्चर m. (-रः) A deified teacher of the Baud'dhas.

सुखावह mfn. (-हः-ह-ह) Conferring pleasure, delighting, pleasing. E. सुख pleasure, आह before वह् to convey, aff. अच् aff.

सुखात्र m. (-त्रः) 1. VARUN'A, deity of water. 2. A cucumber, (Cucumis sativus.) 2. Bating with pleasure, feeding on dainties, &c. E. सुख pleasure, अत्र to eat, अच् aff.

सुखायक m. (-कः) The common cucumber. E. सुखात्र the same, कन् added.

सुखासीन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Seated or sitting at ease. E. सुख, आसीन seated.

सुखास्वाद mfn. (-दः-दा-द) 1. Well-flavoured. 2. Delightful, agreeable. m. (-दः) 1. Enjoyment. 2. A pleasant flavour. E. सुख, आस्वाद taste.

सुखाहर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Conferring pleasure, agreeable, delightful. E. सुख and आह before ह् to take, अच् aff.

सुखिन् mfn. (-खि-खि-खि) Happy, pleasant, possessing happiness or pleasure. m. (-खी) A yati or religious ascetic. E. सुख pleasure, इनि poss. aff. [सुखाव nature.

सुखिस्वभाव m. (-वः) A happy or contented disposition. E. सुखिन्, and सुखिस्वा f. (-स्वा) Hope or desire of happiness. E. सुख, and इस्वा wish.

सुखीविन् mfn. (-वि-वि-वि) Wishing well to, seeking another's happiness. E. सुख, and एविन् who wishes. [सुख, उत्सव a festival.

सुखीयव m. (-वः) 1. Pleasure-festival, jubilee. 2. A husband. E. सुख pleasure, सुखीयव m. (-वः) Warm water. [arising.

सुखोदय m. (-यः) Realization or occurrence of pleasure. E. सुख, उदय सुखोदक mfn. (-कः-को-क) Yielding or leading to happiness or pleasure. E. सुख, and उदक consequence. [to be spoken.

सुखोद्य mfn. (-द्य-या-य) To be uttered easily or agreeably. E. सुख, उद्य सुखोदयिष्ठ mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्ट-ष्ट) Seated comfortably or at ease. E. सुख, and उपविष्ट seated. [approached.

सुखोपसर्ग mfn. (-र्गः-र्ग-र्ग) Easy of access. E. सुख, and उपसर्ग to be सुख्यात mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Celebrated, famous. E. सु, and ख्यात renowned.

सुख्याति f. (-तिः) Fame, celebrity. E. सु, and ख्याति fame.

सुग mfn. (-गः-गा-ग) 1. Graceful, elegant. 2. Going well or elegantly. 3. Well rid of. 4. Plain, intelligible. 5. Easy of access. n. (-गं) Faeces, ordure. E. सु well, good, गम् to go, उ aff.

सुगण mfn. (-गण) Counting well, a ready reckoner, or of easy calculation. E. सु well, easily, गण् to number, क्तिप् aff. [counted.

सुगणित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Easily or accurately calculated. E. सु, and गणित सुगत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Passed, gone. 2. Well-bestowed. m. (-तः) A Bud'dha in general, one of the generic terms for a deified sage, and teacher of the Baud'dha sect. E. सु well, and गत gone or known, (by whom.)

सुगन्ध mfn. (-न्धः-न्धा-न्ध) Fragrant, sweet-smelling. n. (-न्ध) 1. Small

cumin seed. 2. A fragrant grass; also कृत्तक. 3. The blue lotus. 4. Sandal. m. (-न्धः) 1. Fragrance, ordour. 2. Sulphur. 3. A sort of Morinda. 4. A trader, a dealer. f. (-न्धा) 1. The ichneumon plant. 2. Zedoary, (Curcuma zerbumbet.) 3. A fragrant grass. 4. A sort of lime. 5. Holy basil, (Ocymum sanctum.) 6. Jasmine, (of various sorts.) E. सु good, and गन्ध smell.

सुगन्धक m. (-कः) 1. Sulphur. 2. The orange. 3. A sort of gourd, (Momordica mixta.) E. कन् added to the last.

सुगन्धि mfn. (-न्धिः-न्धि-न्धि) 1. Fragrant, sweet-smelling. 2. Virtuous, pious. m. (-न्धिः) 1. A fragrance. 2. A fragrant sort of mango. 3. The supreme being. n. (-न्धि) 1. A drug and perfume, commonly Elaba'luka. 2. The root of long-pepper. 3. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) 4. Another sort, (Scirpus kysscor.) 5. Coriander seed. E. सु good, well, गन्ध smell, and ण् substituted for the final.

सुगन्धिक m. (-कः) 1. A large sort of rice. 2. Incense. 3. Sulphur. n. (-कं) The white lotus. E. सु pleonasm, गन्ध smell, ठक् aff.; also सोगन्धिक।

सुगन्धिकसुम m. (-सः) A sort of Nerium with yellowish flowers. f. (-सा) A plant, (Trigonella corniculata.) E. सुगन्धि fragrant, कसुम flower

सुगन्धिता f. (-ता) Fragrance, pleasing scent, such as is produced by the trituration of perfumes. E. सुगन्धि fragrant, and ता aff.

सुगन्धिमूल n. (-लः) The root of the Andropogon muricatum. f. (-ला) Ra'sna', the ichneumon plant. E. सुगन्धि fragrant, मूल root. [mouse.

सुगन्धिमूकिका f. (-का) The musk rat or shrew. E. सुगन्धि fragrant, मूकिका a

सुगम mfn. (-मः-मा-म) 1. Accessible, good, (as a road.) 2. Easy, practicable. 3. Plain, intelligible. E. सु well, ready, and गम् going.

सुगहन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Thick, close, impervious. f. (-ना) An enclosure round a place of sacrifice, to exclude profane access or sight. E. सु well, much or thoroughly, गह् to be thick, युच् aff.

सुगप्त mfn. (-प्तः-पा-प) Secret, well-hidden or kept secret. n. Adv. (-प) Secretly, privily. E. सु, and गप्त hidden.

सुगुप्ति f. (-तिः) Closeness, secrecy. E. सु, and गुप्ति secrecy.

सुगृह m. (-हः) The tailor bird, (Sylvia sutoria.) f. (-ही) Adj. Having a beautiful abode. E. सु handsome or good, and गृह a house or nest.

सुगृहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Held fast or firmly, seized, grasped. 2. Taken or applied properly or auspiciously. E. सु well, and गृहीत taken.

सुगृहीतनामन् m. (-मः) An epithet of YUDHI-MITHRA, and others, whom names it is auspicious to invoke early in the morning. E. सु auspicious, and गृहीत taken, and नामन् a name.

सुग्रास m. (-सः) A dainty morsel. [E. सु, ग्रास to be taken.

सुग्राह्य mfn. (-ह्यः-ह्या-ह्य) Easily apprehensible, easy to be laid hold of, &c.

सुग्रीव mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Handsome-necked. m. (-वः) 1. One of the horses of KRISHN'A's car. 2. A monkey-king, the son of the sun, and sovereign of Kishkindhya', and friend and confederate of RA'MA CHANDRA. 3. The father of the ninth Jina of the present age. 4. S'IVA. 5. INDRA. 6. A goose. 7. A hero. 8. A piece of water. 9. The name of a mountain. 10. A sort of weapon. 11. The countenance of a friend. 12. A serpent of Pa'ta'la. E. सु handsome, and ग्रीवा a neck.

सुग्रीवेश m. (-शः) RA'MA. E. सुग्रीव the monkey king, and ईश lord.

सुग्ल mfn. (-ग्लः-ग्ला-ग्ल) Very weary. E. सु very, ग्ल् to be weary, अच् aff.

सुवटित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Well-contrived or devised, well-arranged or managed. 2. Well-joined or united. 3. Brought into agreeable contract. E. सु, and वटित contrived.

सुघोर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Hideous, terrific. E. सु very, घोर fearful.

सुघोष m. (-षः) A pleasant sound. E. सु, and घोष sound or cry.

सुचक्षुस् m. (-क्षुः) 1. The glomerous fig-tree. 2. A wise or learned man.

सुचरित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Well-conducted, well-behaved. 2. Well-managed or pursued. n. (-तं) Good conduct. E. सु, and चरित gone, &c.

सुचरित n. (-तं) Good or virtuous course of life. f. (-ता) A devoted and virtuous wife. E. सु good, चरित conduct.

सुबाह mfn. (-हः-हः or -ह्यः-हः) 1. Very beautiful. 2. Pleasing, delightful. E. सु very, बाह lovely.

सुबाहमन् mfn. (-मः-मा-ने) Melodious, mellifluous. E. सुबाह, and मन् sound. [much, चिदक variegated.

सुचिक m. (-कः) 1. A king-fisher. 2. A kind of peckled snake. E. सु

सुचिन् m. (-नः) Deliberate consideration. E. सु, चित् to think, छट् aff.

सुचिन्ता f. (-न्ता) Deep reflection or consideration. E. सु, चिन्ता thinking.

सुचिन्तित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Well-weighed, well-considered. E. सु well, चित् to think, त aff.

सुचिरम् Ind. Very long, (a time.) E. सु much, चिरम् long time. [life.

सुचिरायुस् m. (-युः) A god, a divinity. E. सु very, चिर a long time, आयुस्

सुच्यो f. (-टो) A pair of nippers or tongs, &c. E. सु well, चट् to cut, aff. क, and डो added.

सुधेक m. (-कः) Cloth or fine cloth. E. सु excellent, धेक cloth, कन् added.

सुधवी f. (-वी) The river Sutlej.

सुजन mfn. (-नः-ना-ने) 1. Virtuous, good, respectable. 2. Kind, benevolent. m. (-नः) The charioteer of INDRA. E. सु good, and जन person.

सुजनता f. (-ता) 1. Goodness, benevolence. 2. A number of respectable persons. E. सुजन, and तल् aff.

सुजनत्वं n. (-त्वं) Kindness, benevolence. E. त्व added to सुजन. [birth.

सुजन्मन् mfn. (-न्मा-न्मा-न्मा) Legitimate, of respectable birth. E. सु, जन्मन्

सुजल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Having clear or sweet water. n. (-लं) 1. Good water. 2. A lotus. E. सु, and जल water.

सुजल्य m. (-ल्यः) A good speech ; it is thus defined :—

“यवाजं वात् सगाम्नीर्यं सदेव्यं सहचापलम् ।

सौक्लृष्टञ्च हरिः स्पष्टः स सुजल्यो निगद्यते ॥”

सुजाति mfn. (-तिः-तिः ति) Of a good tribe or species. E. सु, जाति tribe.

सुजीन mfn. (-नः-जा-ने) 1. Well-digested. 2. Decayed, worn out. E. सु, and जीन digested.

सुजीवित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Lived well or to some purpose. n. (-तं) A lucky or happy life. E. सु well जीवित living. [small, or shallow ; also वृत् ।

सुद 10th cl. (सुदवृत्ति-ते) 1. To disregard, to despise. 2. To be low,

सुत m. (-तः) 1. A son. 2. A prince. f. (-ता) 1. A daughter. 2. A plant, (Hedysarum alhagi.) f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Poured out. 2. Extracted. 3.

Begotten, brought forth. E. सु to bear or bring forth, aff. त् ।

सुतक n. (-कः) 1. Birth. 2. Impurity from child-birth or mis-carriage : see सुतक ।

सुतकम् m. (-मः) The father of a son. E. सुत, कम् to obtain, खच् aff.

सुतकम् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Well or easily known. E. सु, and त्ता known.

सुतनिर्दिश्यम् Ind. Just like a son.

सुतन् mfn. (-नः-नः or -न्तो-नु) 1. Very thin or delicate. 2. Extremely fine.

f. (-नः or -न्तो) A beautiful woman. E. सु excellent, तन् thin ; also सुतन् ।

सुतपम् m. (-पः) 1. A hermit, an ascetic. 2. The sun. n. (-पः) Severe

penance. Adj. 1. One who practises severe penance. 2. Having great heat. E. सु very, profoundly, तपस् religious austerity, or तप् to heat, चसि Una'di aff.

सुतम् mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Hot, very hot. E. सु, and तम् heated.

सुतराम् Ind. 1. Better, more excellently. 2. Consequently, of course.

3. Exceedingly. 4. More positively. E. सु good, तराम् aff. [युच् ।

सुतहन् m. (-नः) The Indian cuckoo. E. सु much, हट् or हट् to hurt, aff.

सुतल mfn. (-लः-लः) 1. A division of the lower regions, the sixth in descent. 2. Immense depth. m. (-लः) The basement or foundation

of a large building. E. सु well, and तल deep, profound.

सुतवन् mfn. (-वन्-वन्-वन्) Having children. m. (-वान्) 1. A drinker of

the Asclepias juice. 2. The father of a son. E. सुत, and वत् aff.

सुतवन्त्रा f. (-रा) The mother of seven children.

सुतवेष्टो f. (-ष्टो) A plant, (Salvinia cucullata.) E. सुत offspring, वेष्टो a line.

सुतवेष्टम् m. (-ष्टः) Paternal affection. E. सुत, and वेष्ट् affection.

सुतात्मज m. (-जः) A grandson. f. (-जा) A grand-daughter. E. सुत a son, or सुता a daughter, and आत्मजा a daughter.

सुतारका f. (-का) A sort of tutelary goddess peculiar to the Jainas. [seeks.

सुतार्थिन् mfn. (-र्थिं-दिनो-धिं) Desirous of having a son. E. सुत, चर्धिन् who

सुति f. (-तिः) Extraction of the Soma juice.

सुतिकक m. (-कः) 1. A kind of gentian, (Gentiana cherayta) 2. The coral tree. E. सु very, तिक bitter, कन् added.

सुतिन् m. (-नी) A father, one who has a son. f. (-नी) A mother, the mother of a son. E. सुत, and इति aff., fem. form.

सुतील्य mfn. (-ल्यः-ल्यः-ल्यः) 1. Very sharp. 2. Very pungent. 3. Acutely painful. m. (-ल्यः) A tree, (Hyperanthera morunga.) E. सु exceeding, and तील्य sharp, &c

सुतीये n. (-ये) A good preceptor. [E. सु very, तीये tall.

सुतुम् mfn. (-तुः-ता-तुः) Very lofty or tall. m. (-तुः) The cocoanut tree.

सुतस् Adj. Well-sounding.

सुतजस् mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) 1. Very bright, splendid. 2. Potent. m. (-जाः)

One of the Jinas of the last age. E. सु much, तेजस् light or glory.

सुतोत्पत्ति f. (-तिः) Birth of a son. E. सुत, उत्पत्ति birth.

सुत्वा f. (-त्वा) 1. Religious bathing. 2. Extraction of the Soma juice. 3. Parturition. E. वृ to bear, खप् aff., form irr. ; more usually सुत्वा ।

सुवामन् m. (-मा) INDRA. E. सु good, व to preserve, (the world,) मन् aff. ; also सुवामन् ।

सुवन् m. (-न्ता) 1. A student who has performed his ablutions subsequent, or according to some, preparatory to a sacrifice. 2. A drinker of

the Asclepias juice. 3. An offerer of the same. E. वृ to bring forth, कर्तिप् aff., तृक् augment.

सुद (सुदति) 1. To beautify. 2. To light सोः प० सक० सेट् इति ।

सुदक्षिण m. (-णः) A sovereign of VIDARBHIA. f. (-णा) The wife of DILIPĀ. Adj. 1. Very sincere or upright. 2. Liberal in sacrificial gifts. E. सु very, दक्षिण clever

[and दह for दन्त a tooth.

सुदण्ड m. (-ण्डः) A cane.

सुदन् mfn. (-दन् दतो or दन्तो-दन्) Having handsome teeth. E. सु handsome,

सुदन् mfn. (-न्-ता-न्) Well or properly given. E. सु, and दन् given.

सुदन्त m. (-न्तः) 1. An actor, a dancer. 2. A good tooth. f. (-न्तो) The female elephant presiding over the N. W. quarter. E. सु good,

handsome, and दन्त a tooth.

सुदम mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Easy to be subdued. E. सु, and दम taming.

सुदमन् mfn. (-नः-ना or -नो-नः) 1. Handsome, good looking. 2. Easily seen. m. (-नः) 1. The discus of KRISHNĀ. 2. Mount Meru. 3. The

rose apple, (Eugenia jambu.) 4. The father of the eighteenth

Jaina pontiff of the present era. 5. One of the nine Suklabalas or BALARĀMAS of the Jainas. 6. A vulture. nf. (-नो-नो) The city

of INDRA f. (-ना) 1. A drug. 2. Order, command. 3. A plant, (Menispermum glabrum.) 1. A woman, a handsome woman. E

सु good, दमन् sight or appearance.

सुदा Adj. Very bountiful.

सुदाम m. (-नः) A follower of ŚĀKYA MUṆI, the teacher of the Band' dhas. E. सु well, and दाम tamed, (whose passions.)

सुदामन् m. (-मा) 1. A cloud. 2. A mountain. 3. INDRA's elephant. 4. The name of a cowherd. 5. The sea. 6. A poor Brāhman raised to

wealth and honours by KRISHNĀ. Adj. One who gives liberally. E. सु good, excellent, and दामन् a cord.

सुदाय m. (-यः) A special gift, as alms to a student at his initiation, a nuptial present, &c. E. सु auspicious, and दाय a gift

सुदाह m. (-हः) The Pa'ryā'tra mountains, part of the Vindhya range.

सुदि Ind. In the light-half of a lunar month. [and दिन a day.

सुदिन n. (-नः) 1. A fine day, fine weather. 2. An auspicious day. E. सु,

सुदिनाह n. (-हः) 1. A fine day. 2. An auspicious day. E. सुदिन fair weather, and अह for अहन् a day.

सुदिनम् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Passing pleasant days. E. सु, दिन a day.

सुदीर्घ mfn. (-घः-घा-घे) Very long, (in space or time.) f. (-घी) A kind of cucumber. E. सु very, दीर्घ long.

सुदीर्घधा f. (-धा) A plant, (*Marsilia quadrifolia*.) [very, दुराचार bad.  
सुदुराचार mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Very wicked, abandoned or profligate. E. सु  
सुदुराचम mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) Inaccessible. E. सु and दुर with चाङ् before ह  
to mount, क aff. [to be conquered.  
सुदुर्जय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Difficult to be overcome. E. सु very, दुर्जय difficult  
नदुर्देर्दे mfn. (-र्दे-र्दा-र्दे) Difficult to be beheld. E. सु very, दुर्देर्दे difficult  
to be seen.  
सुदुर्लभ mfn. (-भः-भा-भं) Difficult to be attained, unattainable, impracti-  
cable. E. सु very, दुर्लभ difficult.  
सुदुर्बल mfn. (-रः-री-रं) Very arduous or painful, difficult to be per-  
formed or attained. E. सु very, दुर्बल arduous.  
सुदुष्कर mfn. (-रः-रा or -री-रं) Very difficult. E. सु very, दुष्कर difficult.  
सुदुर्लभ mfn. (-रः-री-रं) Impassable, difficult to be passed or crossed. E.  
सु very, दुर् difficult, त् to cross, टच् aff. [unendurable.  
सुदुर्लभ mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) Very difficult to be endured. E. सु very, दुर्लभ  
सुदूर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Very distant. E. सु very, and दूर remote.  
सुदृग् mfn. (-हक्) Having handsome eyes. f. (-हक्) A pretty woman. E.  
सु excellent, and दृग् sight. [very, and दृढ hard.  
सुदृढ mfn. (-ढः-ढा-ढं) Solid, firm. n. Adv. (-ढं) Very hard or firm. E. सु  
सुधन्वन् m. (-न्वा) 1. An archer, a Bowman. 2. VISHWAKARMA, the artist  
of the gods. 3. A prince so named. Adj. Having an excellent bow.  
E. सु good, धन्वन् a bow, चनङ् substituted for the final. [same class.  
सुधन्वाध्याय m. (-यः) The son of an outcaste Vais'ya by a woman of the  
सुधर्म m. (-र्मः) One of the principal disciples of MAHA'VIRA, the last  
Jina of the present age; he survived his master, and the different  
ascetics or candidates for holiness are traced from him in regular  
succession; none of the other ten disciples of Maha'vira having left  
successors. f. (-र्मो) A council of the gods. E. सु excellent, and  
धर्म virtue.  
सुधर्मन् m. (-र्मः) The council or assembly of the gods. m. (-र्मः) A man  
attentive to the proper maintenance of his family. E. सु excellent,  
धर्म virtue, चनिच् aff.  
सुधा f. (-धा) 1. Nectar, the beverage of immortality and sustenance of  
the gods. 2. The nectar or honey of flowers. 3. Juice. 4. Plaster,  
mortar. 5. A brick. 6. The Ganges. 7. Water. 8. Lightning. 9.  
The milk-hedge plant, (*Euphorbia antiquorum*, &c.) 10. A plant,  
(*Aletris Hyacinthoides*.) 11. Emblic myrobalan. 12. Yellow myro-  
balan. E. सु pleasure, धे to drink, or धा the have, to support, (life,)  
चङ् and टच् affs.  
सुधांशु m. (-शुः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. E. सुधा nectar, and अंशु a ray  
of light : the moon being the supposed repository of the beverage  
of the gods.  
सुधांशुतेल n. (-तेल) Camphorated oil. E. सुधांशु Camphor, and तेल oil.  
सुधांशुज n. (-जः) A pearl. E. सुधांशु the moon, and रज a jewel.  
सुधाकर m. (-रः) The moon. E. सुधा nectar, चाकर a mine. [substance.  
सुधाङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. E. सुधा nectar, चङ्ग body or  
सुधाजीविन् m. (-वी) A bricklayer, a plasterer. E. सुधा plaster, and जीविन्  
who lives by.  
सुधाद्रव m. (-वः) A nectar-like fluid. [and धवचित whitened.  
सुधाधवचित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) White-washed, stuccoed, plastered. E. सुधा,  
सुधाधार m. (-रः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. E. सुधा nectar, चाधार a  
receptacle. [a receptacle.  
सुधाधिप m. (-धिः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. E. सुधा nectar, and अधिप  
सुधापाणि m. (-णिः) The divine physician, DHANWANTARI. E. सुधा nectar,  
पाणि hand, bearing in his hands the beverage of immortality.  
सुधाभवन n. (-नः) 1. A stuccoed house. 2. The fifth Muhur'ta or hour  
after noon. E. सुधा, and भवन mansion.  
सुधाभिनि f. (-निः) 1. A plastered wall. 2. A brick-wall. 3. The fifth  
muhur'ta or hour after noon. [क्रिप्.  
सुधाभुज् m. (-भुज्) A deity, an immortal. E. सुधा nectar, भुज् to enjoy, aff.

सुधाधति m. (-तिः) 1. Sacrifice, oblation. 2. The moon. E. सुधा nectar, and  
धति cherishing; also सुधाधति.  
सुधाधय mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) 1. Made of plaster, &c. 2. Consisting of nectar.  
n. (-यः) A palace, a mansion, a brick or stone building. E. सुधा  
mortar or a brick, and यट् aff.  
सुधावर्ष m. (-र्षः) A shower of ambrosia. E. सुधा, and वर्ष rain.  
सुधावर्चिन् m. (-र्चिः) 1. A Bud'dha or deified sage of the Bud'dha religion.  
2. BRAHMA'. E. सुधा nectar, and वर्चिन् raining.  
सुधावास m. (-सः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. f. (-सः) A kind of cucumber.  
सुधावृष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) A shower of ambrosia. E. सुधा, and वृष्टि rain. [nectar.  
सुधासित Adj. 1. White as mortar. 2. Bright as nectar. 3. Bound by  
सुधाधति m. (-तिः) 1. The moon. 2. Sacrifice, oblation. 3. A lotus. E.  
सुधा nectar, धति birth, production.  
सुधाखन्द mfn. (-न्दः-न्दी-न्दं) Shedding ambrosia. E. सुधा, खन्द what sheds.  
सुधाखन्दिन Adj. Mellifluous. [चप् and टच् affs.  
सुधाखवा f. (-वा) Uvula or soft palate. E. सुधा nectar or honey, ख्वा to distil,  
सुधाचर m. (-रः) GARUD'A, the bird and vehicle of VISHN'U. E. सुधा  
nectar, and चर who steals; having on one occasion stolen the  
moon for the sake of the Amrita which was to be communicated  
to the serpent children of KADRU, in consideration of which his  
mother VINATA' was to be released from a state of servitude to  
KADRU, the wife, as well as herself, of the sage KAS'YAPA.  
सुधाहन्त m. (-हन्) GARUD'A. E. सुधा nectar, and हन् taking, stealing : see  
the last. [correctly सधितिः.  
सुधिति m. (-तिः-तिः) An axe. E. सु well, धि to hold, हित् aff.; more  
सुधी m. (-धीः) 1. A Pan'dit, a learned man or teacher. 2. An intelligent  
person. E. सु well, धी to think, aff. हित्.  
सुधूम m. (-मः) A kind of incense.  
सुधीवन् m. (-वः) DHANWANTARI, the physician of Swarga. f. (-वा)  
Chebulic myrobalan, (*Terminalia chebula*.) E. सुधा nectar, and  
वन् produced.  
सुन्द mfn. (-न्दः-न्दा-न्दं) Pleasing, delighting. n. (-न्दः) The club of  
BALARA'MA. f. (-न्दा) 1. The goddess UMa'. 2. A sort of pigment and  
drug : see जीरीचना. 3. A woman. 4. One of UMa's female  
companions. 5. A plant, (*Aristolochia Indica*.) E. सु well,  
thoroughly, नदि to please, aff. चच्.  
सुनय m. (-यः) 1. Policy. 2. Good conduct. E. सु, and नी to take, चच् aff.  
सुनयन m. (-नः) A deer. f. (-ना) 1. A woman. 2. A woman having  
beautiful eyes. E. सु good excellent, नयन the eye.  
सुनाञ्जत m. (-तः) Zedoary, (*Curcuma zerumbet*.)  
सुनाञ्ज m. (-ञ्जः) The MAINA'KA mountain; part of the ranges of southern  
India, personified as the son of Himálaya, and Ména'. f. (-ञा)  
1. Having a good nave or centre. 2. Having a beautiful navel. E.  
सु well, नाभि the navel. [sparrow.  
सुनार m. (-रः) 1. The udder of a bitch. 2. The egg of a snake. 3. A  
सुनालक m. (-कः) A tree, (*Sesbana grandiflora*.)  
सुनालीर m. (-रः) INDRA. E. सु good, excellent, नालीर the van of an army,  
the leader of the celestial hosts; also सुनालीर.  
सुनिवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्तं) Easily restrained. E. सु, and निवृत्त confinement.  
सुनिद्रा f. (-द्रा) Sound sleep. E. सु, and निद्रा sleep.  
सुनिवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्तं) Very lonely or private. E. सु, and निवृत्त lonely.  
सुनिवृत्तम् Ind. Privately, very secretly. E. सु, and निवृत्त privately.  
सुनिवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्तं) Well-observed or inspected. E. सु, निवृत्त seen.  
सुनिश्चित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Ascertained, determined. 2. Commended,  
approved. m. (-तः) A deified sage, according to the Jainas or  
Bud'dhas. E. सु well, thoroughly, and निश्चित ascertained.  
सुनिवृत्त n. (-नः) A potherb, (*Marsilia quadrifolia*.), 'सुसुनि प्राक्'. E. सु  
well, निवृत्त depression of spirits or drowsiness, चच् aff.; also  
without the final, सुनिवृत्त.  
सुनिवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्तं) Burnished. E. सु well, thoroughly, निवृत्त heated.

सुवीत mfn. (-सः-ता-त्) 1. Well-behaved. 2. Politic. n. (-सं) 1. Good conduct. 2. Policy, prudence. ३. सु well, वा to guide, क् aff.  
 सुवीति f. (-सिः) 1. Propriety of behaviour, good manners. 2. Good policy. 3. The mother of DHRUVA. ३. सु good, नीति morals or manners.  
 सुवीच mfn. (-सः-वा-चं) Virtuous, moral, good, of proper disposition or conduct. m. (-सः) A Brāhmana. सु well, नी to obtain, aff. चक् ।  
 सुवीच mfn. (-सः-वा-चं) Very black or blue, dark. m. (-सः) The pomegranate tree. n. (-सं) The root of the Andropogon muricatum. f. (-सः) Common flax. ३. सु much, नीच blue or black.  
 सुवीचक m. (-सः) 1. The blue shrike. 2. The emerald or sapphire. ३. सु very, नीच blue or black, चक् aff.  
 सुवीर्य f. (-सः) Beautiful-eyed.  
 सुवीर्य mfn. (-सः-रा-र-री-रं) Handsome, beautiful. m. (-सः) KA'MADH'VA. f. (-री) 1. A handsome woman. 2. A small timber tree, (Heritiera minor.) 3. Turmeric. 4. A species of metre. ३. सु good, excellent, र to respect, aff. चक् ; or सु with रुद्दि to moisten, aff. चक् ।  
 सुवीर्य mfn. (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) Sacrificing. ३. सुक् to sacrifice, चक् aff.  
 सुवीर्य mfn. (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) 1. Ripe, mature. 2. Well-cooked. m. (-सः) A sort of fragrant mango. ३. सु well, thoroughly, पक्क ripe. [ aff. चक् ।  
 सुवीर्य mfn. (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) Food easily digested. ३. सु easily, पक् to digest, सुवीर्य f. (-नी) A woman having a good husband.  
 सुवीर्य n. (-नं) The leaf of the Laurus cassia. ३. सु good, and पक् leaf.  
 सुवीर्य m. (-सः) 1. A good road. 2. Good conduct. 3. Good course. ३. सु good, पक्क a road, चक् aff. [३. सु good, पक्क a road.  
 सुवीर्य m. (-सः) 1. A good road. 2. A country, &c., having good roads.  
 सुवीर्य f. (-सः) Orris root. ३. सु + पक्-न । [ परीचय trying.  
 सुवीर्य n. (-सं) Examining or trying well or thoroughly. ३. सु, and सुवीर्य mfn. (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) Well-examined or tried. ३. सु, परीचय tried.  
 सुवीर्य m. (-सः) 1. GARUD'A, the bird and vehicle of VISHN'U. 2. A tree, (Cassia fistula.) 3. A cock. 4. A being of a superhuman character, as GARUD'A, and other birds of an equally fanciful description ; one of those classes first created by the BRAHMA'DIKAS, and included in the daily presentation of water to deceased ancestors, &c. 5. A ray of the sun. f. (-सः or -सं) 1. Name of the mother of GARUD'A. 2. A number of lotuses, or a pool abounding with them. Adj. 1. Well-winged. 2. Having beautiful leaves. ३. सु handsome, and पक्क a leaf or feather.  
 सुवीर्य m. (-सः) 1. A kind of Cassia, (C. fistula.) 2. A small tree, (Echites scholaris.) 3. A bird of superhuman character : see the last. ३. सु good, पक्क a wing, and चक् added.  
 सुवीर्य m. (-सः) VISHN'U. ३. सुवीर्य GARUD'A, वैतु symbol. [ation.  
 सुवीर्य m. (-सः) A plant, (Mesua ferrea.) ३. सुवीर्य Cassia, चाख्य appell.  
 सुवीर्य m. (-सः) GARUD'A. ३. सुवीर्य a name of VINATA', तनय a son.  
 सुवीर्य mfn. (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) 1. Extensive, vast. 2. Comprehensive. 3. Well laid out, (as a place with all sorts of buildings.) ३. सु, पक्क complete.  
 सुवीर्य m. (-सः) 1. A god, a deity. 2. An arrow. 3. A bamboo. 4. A lunar day, in which religious ceremonies are particularly performed, as the new moon, and the eighth and the fourteenth days of each fortnight. 5. Smoke. Adj. Well-jointed. ३. सु good or much, and पक्क a knot or joint.  
 सुवीर्य mfn. (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) Completely fled or run away. n. (-सं) A total rout or retreat. ३. सु, and पक्क fled.  
 सुवीर्य m. (-सः) 1. An able or clever man. 2. A vessel of earthen ware, &c. 3. Any suitable vessel. ३. सु good, and पक्क a vessel.  
 सुवीर्य mfn. (-पाद-पाद-र-वीर्यं) Having a handsome foot. ३. सु, and पाद for पाद a foot. [drink, सुक् aff.  
 सुवीर्य mfn. (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) Drinking well, easily or deeply. ३. सु well, वा to  
 सुवीर्य m. (-सः) 1. The seventh Jina or Jaina deified teacher of the present era. 2. The waved-leaf fig-tree : see सुक् । ३. सु good, पाद side.

सुपाच m. (-सः) 1. The third Jina of the future era. 2. The veined-leaf fig, (Ficus venosa.) ३. सु good, पाद a side, चक् added.  
 सुपीर्य n. (-सं) Rubbing and kneading the hands and feet. ३. सु pleasantly or intensely, पीर्य to pain, aff. चक् ।  
 सुपीर्य n. (-सं) A carrot.  
 सुपीर्य f. (-नी) A woman having a good husband.  
 सुपीर्य m. (-सः) An excellent son. ३. सु, and सुक् a son.  
 सुपीर्य m. (-सः) 1. The coral tree. 2. The S'irisha tree, (Mimosa Sirisha.) n. (-सं) 1. Cloves. 2. The menstrual excretion. f. (-नी) 1. The plantain-trees. 2. A sort of fennel, (Anethum sowa and panmorium.) 3. A flower, (Clitoria ternatea, the white sort.) f. (-वा or -नी) Adj. Having beautiful flowers. ३. सु excellent, सुक् a flower. [ (of seeds.)  
 सुपीर्य m. (-सः) A sort of lime or citron. ३. सु well, and सुक् what is full, सुपीर्य m. (-सः) A tree, (Sesbana grandiflora.)  
 सुपीर्य mfn. (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) 1. Sleeping, asleep. 2. Senseless, numbed. n. (-सं) Sleep, deep or sound sleep. ३. चक् to sleep, चक् aff., and the semi-vowel changed to its congener. [वातक killing.  
 सुपीर्य mfn. (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) Mischievous, murderous. ३. सुन asleep, and सुपीर्य m. (-सः) Midnight. ३. सुन asleep, and सुन mankind.  
 सुपीर्य n. (-सं) Dreaming, a dream. ३. सुन asleep, and सुन knowledge.  
 सुपीर्य mfn. (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) Benumbed, paralytic. ३. सुन, लक् the skin.  
 सुपीर्य n. (-सं) A dream, dreaming. ३. सुन sleeping, सुन knowledge.  
 सुप्ति f. (-सिः) 1. Sleep, sleeping. 2. Numbness, insensibility, paralysis. 3. Drowsiness, sleepiness. 4. Trust, confidence. ३. चक् to sleep, aff. चक् । [apparent.  
 सुप्रकाश m. (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) 1. Manifest, apparent. 2. Public. ३. सु very, प्रकाश सुप्रकाश m. (-सः) A sound judgment.  
 सुप्रतिभा f. (-नी) Spirituous liquor.  
 सुप्रतिभा f. (-नी) 1. Consecration, erection, (as of a temple or idol.) 2. Fame. 3. A form of metre, a stanza of four lines, containing five syllables each. Adj. 1. Standing well. 2. Famous. ३. सु and प्रति intensitives, वा to stay or be, चक् and टाक् affs.  
 सुप्रतिष्ठित mfn. (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) 1. Consecrated. 2. Celebrated. ३. सु, and प्रतिष्ठित to consecrate, चक् aff. [to bathe, चक् aff.  
 सुप्रतिष्ठात mfn. (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) Certain, ascertained. ३. सु and प्रति before वा सुप्रतीक (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) 1. Well-made, handsome. 2. Having a beautiful trunk. m. (-सः) 1. The elephant of the north-east quarter. 2. KA'MADH'VA. 3. S'IVA. ३. सु handsome, प्रतीक form.  
 सुप्रपाच n. (-सं) A good tank.  
 सुप्रभा mfn. (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) Splendid, brilliant, glorious. m. (-सः) One of the nine S'uklabalas or BALARA'MAS of the Jainas. f. (-नी) One of the seven tongues of fire. ३. सु excellent or excessive, and प्रभा light, lustre. [प्रभा shining.  
 सुप्रभात n. (-सं) 1. An auspicious dawn. 2. The earliest dawn. ३. सु, and सुप्रयुक्त mfn. (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) 1. Joined, closely connected or in contact. 2. Well-managed, as an instrument or weapon. ३. सु well, प्रयुक्त joined.  
 सुप्रयोजन m. (-सः) 1. Dexterity, expertness. 2. Contact, approximation. ३. सु well, प्रयोजन junction.  
 सुप्रयोजनविशेष m. (-सः) A good archer. ३. सु well, प्रयोजन possessing, managing, and विशिष्ट an arrow. [get, चक् aff.  
 सुप्रयोजन mfn. (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) Easy of attainment. ३. सु well, प्र before चक् to सुप्रकाश m. (-सः) Eloquence, elegant discourse, speaking or discoursing well. ३. सु well, and प्रकाश speaking.  
 सुप्रसन्न mfn. (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) Well-pleased, favouring, favourable. m. (-सः) KUVH'RA. ३. सु well, and प्रसन्न pleased.  
 सुप्रसाद mfn. (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) Kind, complacent, auspicious. m. (-सः) S'IVA. ३. सु well, good, and प्रसाद favour. [चक् aff.  
 सुप्रसात mfn. (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) Dawning finely, (as the day.) ३. सु, प्रातर dawn.  
 सुप्रिय mfn. (-सः-वा-वी-र्यं) Agreeable, pleasant, liked, loved. m. (-सः) (In prosody,) A foot of two short syllables, a Pyrrhic. ३. सु, प्रिय beloved.



**सुख** mfn. (-सु:-ना-सु) Bearing good fruit, (literally or figuratively.) m. (-सु:) 1. The wood apple, (*Feronia elephantium*.) 2. The pomegranate. 3. Jujube. 4. A sort of bean, (*Phaseolus Mungo*.) f. (-सु) 1. Colocynth. 2. A pumpkin-gourd. 3. The plantain. 4. The brown grape. s. सु good, फल fruit.

**सुकेन** n. (-सु) Cuttle-fish-bone. s. सु good, केन froth or foam.

**सुबन्ध** mfn. (-सु:-न्धा-सु) Well-secured, having a good binding. m. (-सु:) Sesamum. s. सु, and बन्ध binding.

**सुबुद्धि** mfn. (-सु:-बुद्धि-सु) Wise, clever, intelligent. s. सु, बुद्धि intellect.

**सुबोध** mfn. (-सु:-बोधा-सु) 1. Easily taught. 2. Of easy apprehension. m. (-सु:) 1. Knowledge. 2. Waking. s. सु, and बोध making known.

**सुब्रह्म** m. (-सु:-ब्रह्म-सु) 1. KA'RTIKA'YA. 2. Name of one of the sixteen priests employed at a sacrifice. s. सु good, and ब्रह्म the Bráhmānical order, of whom he is the special guardian.

**सुभग** mfn. (-सु:-भा-सु) 1. Pleasing to the eye, grateful to the site. 2. Beloved, liked. 3. Fortunate, auspicious. m. (-सु:) 1. Borax. 2. The Asoka tree. 3. The champaka, (*Michelia champaca*.) 4. Red amaranth. f. (-सु) 1. A woman beloved by her husband, a favourite wife. 2. A respectable and auspicious mother. 3. A wild variety of Arabian jasmine. 4. Turmeric. 5. Holy basil. 6. A shrub, (*Hedysarum Gangeticum*.) n. (-सु) Good fortune. s. सु good, excellent, and भग fortune, beauty, &c.

**सुभगभावाक** mfn. (-सु:-भा-वो-सु) Become pleasant or agreeable. s. सुभग, भू to be, सुकृत् aff., भुम् inserted. [सुभ son.]

**सुभगासुत** m. (-सु) The son of an auspicious mother. s. सुभगा as above,

**सुभङ्ग** mfn. (-सु:-ङ्गा-सु) Separating or dividing easily. m. (-सु:) The coconut-tree. s. सु, and भङ्ग breaking.

**सुभट** m. (-सु) A champion, a warrior. s. सु, and भट a warrior.

**सुभद्र** mfn. (-सु:-द्रा-सु) Propitious, auspicious, fortunate. m. (-सु:) A. name of VISHN'U. f. (-सु) 1. The sister of JAGANNA'TH whose image is worshipped with those of that deity and his brother BALARA'MA, and carried in procession with them in the Rat'h-Yátra, or annual movement of the car of JAGANNA'TH; she is the wife of ARJUN'A. 2. A creeper, (*Echites frutescens*.) 3. A plant, commonly Ghr'ita-mandá. s. सु exceedingly, भद्र auspicious.

**सुभद्रक** n. (-सु) A car of the gods. m. (-सु) A tree, (*Ægle marmelos*.) s. कृत् added to the last.

**सुभद्रावो** f. (-सु) A plant and drug, commonly Tra'yama'na. [सुभ lord.]

**सुभद्रम** m. (-सु) A name of ARJUN'A. s. सुभद्र the sister of JAGANNA'TH,

**सुभर** mfn. (-सु:-रा-सु) Heavily burthened. s. सु, भर bearing. [सुभोभन.]

**सुभाञ्ज** m. (-सु) A tree, (*Hyperanthera morunga*;) a various reading of सुभाजित mfn.

**सुभाजित** mfn. (-सु:-जा-सु) 1. Spoken well or eloquently. 2. Well-spoken, speaking or discoursing well. n. (-सु) 1. Eloquence. 2. A witty saying, an apothegm. m. (-सु) A deified sage, according to the Baud'dhas. s. सु good, excellent, भाषा speech, हृत् aff., or भाष् to speak, aff. कृत्.

**सुभिक्ष** n. (-सु) 1. Good alms, successful begging. 2. Abundance of food. f. (-सु) A tree, (*Grislea tomentosa*.) s. सु well, भिक्ष to beg, or obtain by begging, aff. कृत्.

**सुभीरक** m. (-सु) The Pala'sha tree, (*Butea frondosa*.)

**सुभुज** m. (-सु) A name of KA'RTAVI'RYA, as the eighth Chakravarti, or universal emperor, according to the Jainas. s. सु good, भुज land.

**सुधत** mfn. (-सु:-ता-सु) Cherished, protected. s. सु well, धत nourished.

**सुधम** mfn. (-सु:-धा-सु) Much, exceeding. n. Adv. (-सु) Much, excessive. s. सु insensitive prefix, and धम much. [ment, सु aff.]

**सुधीगीत** mfn. (-सु:-गी-सु) Desirable, fit to be enjoyed. s. सु, भीत enjoy.

**सुधेरव** mfn. (-सु:-वो-सु) Very fearful, terrific. s. सु, and धेरव fearful.

**सुधु** f. (-सु: or -सु) A woman. Adj. Having beautiful eyebrows; the voc. of this word is सुधु:, but सुधु often occurs in classics. s. सु handsome, and धु or धु eyebrow.

**सुधु** n. (-सु) A flower. m. (-सु:) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. 3. Sky. s. सु excellent, धा the goddess LAKSHMI; prized by her; or धुत् aff.; see सुधुत्.

**सुधुत्** mfn. (-सु:-धा-सु) Very fortunate or auspicious. f. (-सु) A plant, commonly Ghr'ita-man'da. s. सु very, धुत् auspicious. "नासुधुत्"।

**सुधुत** mfn. (-सु:-ता-सु) Friendly, well or kindly disposed. s. सु well, धुत् to mind, aff. कृत्.

**सुधुति** m. (-सु) 1. The fifth Jina or Jaina teacher of the present era. 2. One of the Jainas of the past era. f. (-सु) 1. Friendship, kindness, good disposition. 2. Favour of the gods, blessing. 3. Hymn, prayer. 4. Desire. s. सु good, धुति intelligence or understanding.

**सुधुद** mfn. (-सु:-दा-सु) Very drunk, mad, or impassioned. s. सु, धु madness.

**सुधुदन** m. (-सु) The mango-tree. s. सु + नद - निष् - धुत्.

**सुधुदात्मजा** f. (-सु) An Apsaras or courtesan of INDRA's heaven. s. सु much, नद intoxication, and आत्मजा a daughter.

**सुधुधुर** mfn. (-सु:-धुर-सु) 1. Pleasant, gentle, soothing, (speech or discourse.) 2. Sweet, saccharine. s. सु very, and धुर sweet.

**सुधुधु** f. (-सु) Slender-waisted.

**सुधुधुना** f. (-सु) A woman with a handsome waist. s. सु, धुधु middle.

**सुधुन** mfn. (-सु:-ना-सु) Handsome, beautiful. m. (-सु:) 1. Wheat. 2. The thorn-apple, (*Datura metel*.) f. (-सु) Great-flowered jasmine. s. सु good, धुत् to think, aff. कृत्.

**सुधुनःफल** m. (-सु) Elephant or wood-apple, (*Feronia elephantium*.) s. सुधुन a flower, and फल fruit. "कृत्वेत्"।

**सुधुनम्** m. (-सु) 1. A god, an immortal. 2. A Pan'd'it, a learned man or teacher. 3. A student of the Védas, and supplementary sciences. 4. A plant, (*Cassalpinia Bonducella*.) 5. Wheat. 6. The Nimba-tree. mn. (-सु:-न-सु) or fem., but then always plur., even in the singular acceptance. (-सु) A flower in general. f. sing. (-सु) Great-flowered jasmine. Adj. 1. Good-minded. 2. Well-pleased. s. सु well, excellent, धुत् to think, कृत् aff. [and धुत् who has.]

**सुधुनीधर** mfn. (-सु:-नी-सु) Ornamented with or having flowers. s. सुधुनम्,

**सुधुनीरजस्** n. (-सु) The pollen of a flower. s. सुधुनम् a flower, रजस् dust.

**सुधुनीधर** mfn. (-सु:-नी-सु) Very agreeable, pleasing, beautiful, &c. s. सु, and नीधर grateful.

**सुधुसु** m. (-सु) A saint and legislator so named. s. सु + सन - धुत्.

**सुधुनित** mfn. (-सु:-ता-सु) Well or wisely counselled, well-advised. n. (-सु) Wise counsel. s. सु, and नितित advised.

**सुधुत्** mfn. (-सु:-धु-सु) Very large or abundant. s. सु, धुत् great.

**सुधुम** m. (-सु) The father of the twentieth Jina of the present era. f. (-सु) One of the wives of DAA'ARAT'HA, and the mother of LAKSHMAN'A. s. सु good, and मित्र a friend.

**सुधुमि** m. (-सु) 1. SAGARA, as one of the Chakravartis or emperors of the Jainas. 2. The twentieth Jina of the present period. s. सुधुमि a proper name, and धु born.

**सुधुमिभू** m. (-सु) LAKSHMAN'A.

**सुधुसु** mfn. (-सु:-धा or -धी-सु) 1. Pleasing, agreeable. 2. Lovely, handsome-faced. m. (-सु) 1. The son of GARUD'A. 2. One of the serpents of Pátála. 3. A kind of potherb. 4. A Pan'd'it, a learned man or teacher. 5. GANES'S'A. n. (-सु) The mark or scratch of a finger-nail. f. (-सु) A species of the Triastub'h-metre. f. (-सु or -धी) 1. A handsome woman. 2. A mirror. s. सु excellent, सुधु countenance.

**सुधुसुधु** m. (-सु) GARUD'A. s. सुधुसु his son, and धु producing.

**सुधु** mfn. (-सु:-धु-सु) Who or what binds well. s. सु, धु to bind, धिष् aff.

**सुधुधु** mfn. (-सु:-धा-सु) Sensible, intelligent, of good capacity or understanding. f. (-सु) Heart-pea. s. सु good, धुधु apprehension.

**सुधुद** mfn. (-सु:-दा-सु) Best, excellent. m. (-सु) 1. The sacred mountain Méru: see धुद. 2. SIVA. s. सु excellent, धि to shed or scatter, (radiance,) कृत् aff.

सुरसु m. (-सुः) A chanter of hymns. स. सुरसु a particular hymn, used as a verb, अ. अ. aff.

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) Zedoary, (Curcuma Zerumbet.)

सुरसु m. (-सुः) A country so named; also read सुरसु. [restrained.]

सुरसुत mfn. (-सुः-ता-त) Well-governed or regulated. स. सु, वसित

सुरसुत n. (-सुः) Beautiful grass, good pasturage.

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) 1. A name of VISHNÚ. 2. A prince, sovereign of Kosámbi; also named VĀTSA-RĀJ. 3. A palace. 4. A mountain. स. सु well, वसुता the river, and वसु aff.

सुरसुत n. (-सुः) A well fought war or battle. स. सु, and वसु war.

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) A name of DURYODHAN, the chief of the Kuru family. स. सु well, or with pleasure, वसु to combat, वसु aff. [also सुर.]

सुर. 6th cl. (सुरसु) 1. To possess superhuman power. 2. To shine; सुर m. (-सुः) 1. A god, a deity. 2. The sun. 3. A sage, a learned man.

4. The number "thirty-three". f. (-सुः) 1. Spirituous liquor in general personified; also as a nymph, produced at the churning of the ocean. 2. A drinking vessel. 3. A snake. 4. Water. स. सु to possess power, Una'di aff. रसु; or सुर to be radiant, स. affix; or सुरा wine, (whose, that falling to the share of the gods;) or सु excellent, राज् to shine, aff. स, &c.

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) An epithet of Vis'hwakarma.

सुरसुत n. (-सुः) A rainbow.

सुरसु mfn. (-सुः-ता-त) 1. Deeply or well-coloured or dyed. 2. Deep red, crimson. 3. Strongly affected or impassioned. स. सु well, रसु to dye, &c., aff. स.

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) 1. A variety of red chalk, that called golden. 2. A fruit-tree, apparently a sort of mango, bearing a small red fruit. स. सुरसु very red, and स. added. [preserving.]

सुरसुत n. (-सुः) Taking good care of, protecting, preserving. स. सु, रसु सुरसुत mfn. (-सुः-ता-त) Well-preserved or protected. स. सु well, रसुत preserved.

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) A class or company of divinities. स. सुर, स. a number.

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) VRIHASPATI, regent of Jupiter and preceptor of the gods. स. सुर a deity, and सुरसु spiritual preceptor. [leader.]

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) INDRA, the ruler of Swarga. स. सुर a god, वसुतो

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) 1. The orange. 2. Bright or good colour or dye. 3. A hole cut in a wall. n. (-सुः) 1. Red sanders. 2. Vermilion. f. (-सुः) 1. A hole out in a wall to break into a house, &c.; see सुरसुता. 2. A subterranean passage. 3. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus.) 4. Crystal. स. सु well, and रसु colour; or सु-सुत.

सुरसुत n. (-सुः) Red sanders. स. सुरसु good colour, स. what yields.

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) Red chalk. स. सुरसु good or much colour, स. a mineral.

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) A house-breaker. स. सुरसु a hole in a wall, and सुरसु who joins or makes. [स. fruit.]

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) The jack-fruit tree. स. सुरसु abundant farina, and

सुरसुत f. (-सुः) Night. स. सु well, रसुत night.

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) BRAHMA. स. सुर a deity, and स. elder.

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) The betel-nut tree, (Areca faufel or catechu.) स. सु well, and रसु pleasing, affecting.

सुरसु mfn. (-सुः-ता-त) 1. Compassionate, tender. 2. Playful. 3. Much enjoyed. n. (-सुः) 1. Copulation, coition. 2. Great enjoyment. f.

(-सुः) Godhead, divinity. स. सु well, रसु to sport or play, aff. स; or सुर a deity, and स. aff. of state or condition.

सुरसुत f. (-सुः) 1. A female messenger, a go-between. 2. A chaplet, a garland for the head. स. सुरसु coition, and स. tune, &c., aff. स.

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) Addiction to amorous pleasures.

सुरसु f. (-सुः) Great enjoyment.

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) The jewel worn by KṛISHNÁ on his breast. स. सुर a deity, सु to please, सु aff. [wood.]

सुरसुत n. (-सुः) A sort of Pine, (Pinus Devadaru.) स. सुर a deity, स.

सुरसुत f. (-सुः) The Ganges of heaven. स. सुर a god, स. स. a pool. सुरसुत m. (-सुः) The Deodar Pine. स. सुर, and स. a tree.

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) An elephant of the gods, either that of INDRA or of either of the other rulers of the different quarters. स. सुर god, and स. an elephant.

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) An Asura, an infernal being, the natural enemy of the gods. स. सुर a deity, and स. an enemy.

सुरसुत n. (-सुः) The rainbow. स. सुर a god, स. स. a bow; the bow of INDRA.

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) Resin, turpentine. स. सुर a god, and स. incense.

सुरसुत f. (-सुः) The Ganges of heaven. स. सुर a god, and स. a river.

सुरसुत f. (-सुः) The Ganges. स. सुर a deity, and स. a river.

सुरसुत f. (-सुः) A river so named.

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) INDRA, sovereign of the gods. स. सुर a deity, स. master.

सुरसुत n. (-सुः) Sky, heaven. स. सुर a deity, and स. a path.

सुरसुत n. (-सुः) A drug, probably a leaf, commonly called Ma'chi-par'n'i and described as pungent and bitter, anthelmintic, stomachic, and a remover of phlegm and catarrh. स. सुर a deity, and स. a leaf.

सुरसुत f. (-सुः) A tree, (Rottleria tinctoria.)

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) The mount MERU.

सुरसुत f. (-सुः) The capital of INDRA. स. सुर a god, and स. a city.

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) 1. INDRA. 2. VRIHASPATI, the preceptor of the gods. 3. The Elaeocarpus. स. सुर a deity, and स. beloved by.

सुरसुत mfn. (-सुः-ता-त) 1. Fragrant, sweet-smelling. 2. Pleasing, beloved. 3. Friendly, a friend. 4. Celebrated, famous. 5. Wise, learned. 6. Handsome. 7. Good, virtuous. m. (-सुः) 1. A fragrance,

a perfume, a sweet-smelling substance. 2. The Michelia Champaca. 3. Nutmeg. 4. The month Chaitra, (March-April.) 5. Resin. 6. The S'ami'-tree. 7. The Kadamba-tree. 8. A kind of

fragrant grass. f. (-सुः or -सुः) 1. The gum Olibanum tree, (Boswellia thurifera.) 2. Mura', a sort of drug and perfume. 3. One of the divine Matris. 4. A cow. 5. A fabulous cow, the cow

of plenty, granting every wish. 6. Spirituous liquor. 7. The earth. 8. The holy basil. 9. Jasmine, of several sorts. n. (-सुः) 1. Gold. 2. Sulphur. 3. Fragrance. स. सु well, excellently, रसु to begin, स. aff.

सुरसुत f. (-सुः) A sort of plantain. "चापावला". सुरसुत mfn. (-सुः-ता-त) Fragrant, sweet-smelling. स. सुरसु fragrant,

न. smell, स. substituted for the final.

सुरसुत mfn. (-सुः-ता-त) Perfumed, rendered fragrant. स. सुरसु, स. aff. सुरसुत n. (-सुः) Large cardamoms. स. सुरसु fragrant, स. bark.

सुरसुत f. (-सुः) The rose-apple, (Eugenia jambu) स. सुरसु fragrant, स. leaved. [स. bark. "दादनि".]

सुरसुत n. (-सुः) The Laurus Cassia, or its bark. स. सुरसु fragrant, सुरसुत m. (-सुः) KA'MA. स. सुरसु a fragrance, (a flower,) स. an arrow.

सुरसुत f. (-सुः) The gum Olibanum tree. स. सुरसु a fragrance, स. what distills.

सुरसुत f. (-सुः) The gum Olibanum tree, (Boswellia thurifera.) स. सुरसु fragrant, स. juice, स. added [स. becoming.]

सुरसुत n. (-सुः) The condition of a deity, deification, apotheosis. स. सुर, सुरसु m. (-सुः) A Rishi, or sage of divine order, as NA'RADA, &c. स. सुर a deity, and स. a saint.

सुरसुत f. (-सुः) 1. The Ganges. 2. Another river so named. स. सुर a deity, and स. to get or have, affs. स. and स.

सुरसुत f. (-सुः) A flute.

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) Swarga, the heaven of INDRA and residence of the celestials. स. सुर a deity, and स. world. [a road.]

सुरसुत n. (-सुः) Heaven, sky, ether, atmosphere. स. सुर a divinity, स. स. enemy. सुरसुत m. (-सुः) An Asura, a titan. स. सुर, स. foe. [enemy.]

सुरसुत m. (-सुः) An Asura, an infernal spirit. स. सुर a deity, स. स. सुरसुत m. (-सुः) An Asur, an infernal spirit. स. सुर a deity, स. an enemy.

**सुरा** mfn. (-सः-बा-सं) 1. Sweet. 2. Well-flavoured, sapid, juicy. 3. Elegant, (as a composition.) m. (-सः) A plant, (*Vitex trifolia*.) nf. (-सं-स) Holy-basil. f. (-स) 1. The mother of the Nāgas. 2. A plant, commonly Ra'sna', a kind of *Ophiorrhiza*, (*Ophiorrhiza mangos*.) 3. A sort of fennel, (*Anethum sowa*.) 4. The moon-plant, (*Asclepias acida*.) 5. A name of DURGĀ'. 6. A species of the *Atidhriti-metre*. n. (-सं) 1. Gum-myrrh. 2. Cassia bark. 3. Fragrant grass. E. सु excellent, रस juice or flavour.

**सुरस** m. (-सः) A company, a number of gods. E. सुर, स a troop, &c. **सुरसम्** n. (-सम्) The heaven of INDRA. E. सुर a deity, सम् a dwelling. **सुरसमिति** f. (-तिः) An assemblage of the gods. E. सुर, समिति assembling. **सुरसरित्** f. (-रित्) The Ganges. E. सुर deity, and सरित् a river.

**सुरसाष्ट** m. (-ष्टः) A class of eight plants, viz :—  
'निबुध्यो मुखो मासो हृत्तो कण्ठकारिका ।  
पुनर्नेति सुनिभिः सुरसाष्टः प्रकीर्तितः ॥'

E. सुरसा a juicy plant, and अष्ट eight.

**सुरसिन्धु** f. (-न्धुः) The river Ganges. E. सुर a deity, and सिन्धु a river.

**सुरसुन्दरी** f. (-री) 1. An Apsara or courtesan of heaven. 2. A name of DURGĀ'. E. सुर a deity, सुन्दरी a beauty. [ what makes.

**सुराकर** m. (-रः) The cocoanut-tree. E. सुरा vinous spirit or Toddy, कर **सुरावह** m. (-वः) A vessel for taking liquor.

**सुराङ्गना** f. (-ना) An Apsara or courtesan of heaven, a nymph, a sylph, a fairy. E. सुर, and अङ्गना a female.

**सुराचार्य** m. (-र्यः) VRIHASPATI, regent of JUPITER, and preceptor of the gods. E. सुर a deity, and आचार्य a spiritual teacher.

**सुराजक** m. (-कः) A plant, (*Eclipta prostrata*.) [ टाप् and अच् ।

**सुराजा** m. (-जा) A divinity. E. सु particle of eminence, राज् to shine, affs.

**सुराजीव** m. (-वः) A distiller. E. सुरा, and आजीव livelihood.

**सुराजीविन्** m. (-विः) A distiller. E. सुरा spirits, and जीविन् who lives by.

**सुरात्रि** f. (-त्रिः) A fine night. E. सु, and रात्रि night.

**सुराधिप** m. (-पः) INDRA. E. सुर, and अधिप chief.

**सुराध्वज** n. (-जः) A tavern flag or sign. E. सुरा, and ध्वज a flag.

**सुराप** mfn. (-पः-पी-पं) Drinking spirits. (-पः-पा-पं) 1. Wise. 2. Pleasant, agreeable. 3. Preserving spirits. E. सुरा vinous liquor, or सुर a deity, पा to drink or cherish, with or without the prefix आच्, and टक् or क aff.

**सुरापना** f. (-ना) The Ganges. E. सुर a deity, and पना a river.

**सुरापाच** m. Plu. (-चाः) The inhabitants of eastern India. E. सुरा vinous liquor, and पाच drinking ; the final changed to च : see the next.

**सुरापान** n. (-पं) 1. Drinking spirituous liquors. 2. Eating any thing to excite thirst and promote drinking. E. सुरा spirits, पान drinking.

**सुरापिन्** mfn. (-पी-पि-पी-पि) Drinking wine. E. सुरा, पा to drink, पिन् aff.

**सुरापीव** mfn. (-पी-ता-पी) Drinking wine. E. सुरा, and पीत drunk.

**सुराभाज** m. (-जः) Yeast, barm. E. सुरा spirits, and भाज a part.

**सुराभाजन** n. (-नं) A wine-cup. E. सुरा, and भाजन a vessel.

**सुरासक** m. (-कः) The upper part or froth of vinous liquor during fermentation, yeast, barm. E. सुरा wine, and सक् scum.

**सुरारि** m. (-रिः) 1. An Asura, an infernal being opposed to the gods. 2. A spirit, a goblin, a Pisācha or Yaksha. 3. The chirp of the cricket. E. सुर a deity, and रि an enemy.

**सुराश्चन** n. (-नं) Worshipping. E. सुरा, and अश्चन worshipping.

**सुरासं** n. (-सं) 1. Gold. 2. Saffron. E. सुर a god, and ससं worthy.

**सुरास्य** m. (-स्यः) 1. The sacred mountain Méru, the extremity of the world's axis, and residence of the gods. 2. Swarga or paradise. 3. A tavern. E. सुर a deity, or सुरा spirituous liquor, and आस्य abode.

**सुरास्य** m. (-स्यः) A country on the western side of India, Surat. E. सु good, and रास्य district.

**सुरास्य** mf. (-स्य-स्य) A fragrant earth. m. (-स्यः) 1. A sort of bean, a black variety of the *Phaseolus Mungo*. 2. A kind of poison. E. सुरास्य Surat, ज born or produced.

**सुरास्य** n. (-स्यः) The distilling of spirituous liquor.

**सुरास्य** n. (-स्यः) Spirituous liquor, the produce of rapid distillation. E. सुरा, आस्य spirits.

**सुरास्य** n. (-स्यः) A kind of Pine, (*Pinus Devadaru*.) E. सुर a deity, and आस्य appellation ; being generally called the tree or timber of the gods, or देवद्व, देवद्व ; also सुरास्य, &c.

**सुरास्य** m. (-स्यः) A tree, (*Hyperanthera morunga*.) f. (-स्यः) A hole made under ground or through the walls of a building, for military or felonious purposes ; a mine, a breach, &c. E. सु well, रस् to be intent on, aff. अच्, and स substituted for the radical vowel ; or सु + हञ्-अच्-रस्-पी । [ a snake.

**सुरास्य** m. (-स्यः) A house-breaker. E. सुरास्य a hole in the wall, and अच् **सुरास्य** mfn. (-स्यः-जा-स्य) Sick, unwell. E. सु much, रस् sick. [ ascended.

**सुरास्य** mfn. (-स्यः-डा-स्य) Prominent, standing well up or out. E. सु, रस् **सुरास्य** mfn. (-स्यः-पा-स्य) 1. Handsome, well-formed. 2. Wise, learned. E. सु excellent, and रस् form.

**सुरास्य** m. (-स्यः) A horse of the colour of an ass. E. सु well, रस् to mount, सुन् aff. [ रस् preceptor.

**सुरास्य** m. (-स्यः) VRIHASPATI, teacher of the gods. E. सुर a deity, and सुरास्य m. (-स्यः) A name of INDRA. E. सुर a deity, and रस् chief.

**सुरास्य** m. (-स्यः) GARUDĀ. E. सुरास्य INDRA, and जित् victor ; having beaten off that deity, when pursued by him to recover the nectar which GARUDĀ had stolen.

**सुरास्य** m. (-स्यः) The heaven of INDRA. E. सुरास्य, and सौम्य a region.

**सुरास्य** n. (-स्यः) Tin. E. सु well, रस् to sound, aff. अच् । [ सु + रस्-रस् ।

**सुरास्य** m. (-स्यः) A sort of betel-nut tree, (*Areca gracilis* or *triandra*.) E.

**सुरास्य** m. (-स्यः) 1. S'IVA, or a personification of him, especially as one of the eleven Rudras. 2. INDRA. f. (-री) 1. The Ganges of heaven. 2. A name of DURGĀ'. E. सुर a deity, and रस् lord.

**सुरास्य** m. (-स्यः) 1. A tree, (*Sesbana grandiflora*.) 2. The Sa'l tree. 3. A kind Punna'g or Rottleria. f. (-स्यः) The moon-plant, (*Asclepias acida*.) E. सुर a deity, and रस् wished.

**सुरास्य** mf. (-स्यः) An opulent person. E. सु very, रस् wealth.

**सुरास्य** m. (-स्यः) The sun. E. सुर a deity, and सस्य best.

**सुरास्य** m. (-स्यः) Sandal-wood. E. सुर a deity, and सस्य excellent.

**सुरास्य** m. (-स्यः) The sea of spirituous liquor. E. सुरा wine, and रस् water.

**सुरास्य** n. (-स्यः) 1. Ascertaining, determining. 2. A good mark or characteristic. f. (-स्यः) One of DURGĀ's female companions. Adj. Having beautiful or auspicious marks. E. सु good, लस्य a mark. [ marked.

**सुरास्य** mfn. (-स्यः-ता-स्य) Well-determined or ascertained. E. सु, लस्य **सुरास्य** mfn. (-स्यः-मा-स्य) 1. Easy, feasible, attainable, of easy acquisition or attainment, not difficult to be obtained or effected. 2. Suitable, natural to. E. सु ready, लस्य acquiring ; opposed to दुर्लभ or difficult.

**सुरास्य** mfn. (-स्यः-ता-स्य) 1. Sporting gracefully. 2. Pleased, happy. E. Adv. (-स्यः) Delightedly, easily. E. सु, and लस्य sported.

**सुरास्य** mfn. (-स्यः-ता-स्य) Fine-eyed. m. (-स्यः) 1. A deer. 2. DURYO'DHANĀ. f. (-स्यः) A handsome woman. E. सु excellent, and लस्य an eye.

**सुरास्य** n. (-स्यः) Brass. E. सु good, लस्य iron, and रस् added.

**सुरास्य** mfn. (-स्यः-ता-स्य) Very red. f. (-स्यः) One of the seven tongues of AGNI or fire. E. सु very, लस्य red. [ speech.

**सुरास्य** n. (-स्यः) Eloquence, speaking well or elegantly. E. सु good, रस् **सुरास्य** mfn. (-स्यः-ता-स्य) Speaking much, and eloquently or well. E. सु good, रस् speech. [ Unādi aff. सुन् ।

**सुरास्य** m. (-स्यः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. 3. The moon. E. सु to produce, **सुरास्य** mf. (-स्यः-ता-स्य) Natron. E. सु well, रस् to shine, aff. सुन् ।

**सुरास्य** f. (-स्यः) 1. A wife of the sun. 2. Linseed, (*Linum utilissimum*.) m. (-स्यः) A country so named. E. सु well, रस् to shine, रस् aff.

**सुरास्य** mfn. (-स्यः-ता-स्य) 1. Of a good tribe or caste. 2. Brilliant, bright. 3. Of a good colour. 4. Praiseworthy. n. (-स्यः) 1. Gold. 2. A sort of Sandal-wood. 3. A kind of red chalk or ochre. 4. Wealth.

property. 5. A weight of gold equal to sixteen Māshas, or about 175 grains troy. m. (-चः) 1. A tree, (*Cassia fistula*.) 2. A sort of sacrifice. f. (-चः) 1. Aloe-wood, the black kind. 2. Turmeric. 3. A bitter gourd, (*Colocynthis*.) 4. Sida, (*Cordifolia*, &c.)  
 सुवत् m. (-चः) A tree, (*Cassia fistula*.) n. (-चः) 1. Lead. 2. Brass, bell-metal. 3. कन् added to the last.  
 सुवत्तरी f. (-चः) A sort of plantain-tree bearing a bright yellow fruit.  
 सुवत्तरी gold, and कदली the plantain. "चापाकला"  
 सुवत्तरी m. (-चः) A goldsmith. 3. सुवत्, and कन् who makes.  
 सुवत्तरी m. (-चः) A goldsmith. 3. सुवत् gold, and कार a workman.  
 सुवत्तरी m. (-चः) A goldsmith. 3. सुवत् gold, कन् who makes.  
 सुवत्तरी n. (-चः) (In arithmetic,) Medial allegation. 3. सुवत्, नक्षित calculation. [नैरिक् red chalk.]  
 सुवत्तरी n. (-चः) A variety of red chalk, a sort of ochre. 3. सुवत् gold, सुवत्तरी m. (-चः) A stealer of gold. 3. सुवत् gold, and चोर thief.  
 सुवत्तरी Adj. Abounding in gold.  
 सुवत्तरी m. (-चः) VISHN'U. 3. सुवत् gold, and चिन्, a dot or spot.  
 सुवत्तरी f. (-चः) Yellow jasmine. 3. सुवत् gold, and यूजी jasmine.  
 सुवत्तरी mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) 1. Golden, having or being of gold. 2. Beautiful, handsome. Ind. (-चः) Like gold. 3. सुवत्, and नतुप् or वति aff.  
 सुवत्तरी f. (-चः) Turmeric 3. सुवत् gold, and वत् colour.  
 सुवत्तरी m. (-चः) An adept who has acquired gold by magical means.  
 सुवत्तरी n. (-चः) Stealing gold. 3. सुवत्, and लोय theft.  
 सुवत्तरी m. (-चः) A flower, (*Mesua ferrea*) 3. सुवत् gold, and चाक्या appellation.  
 सुवत्तरी f. (-चः-वत्) A shrub, (*Serratula anthelmintica*.) 3. सु excellent, and वत् a stalk.  
 सुवत् mfn. (-चः) What covers or clothes well. 3. सु, वत् to clothe, क्तिप् aff.  
 सुवत्तरी m. (-चः) The day of full-moon in the month of Chaitra, a festival in honour of KA'MAD'VA. 3. सु well, वत्तरी spring; being in March-April.  
 सुवत्तरी m. (-चः) 1. A large creeper, (*Cærtnera racemosa*.) 2. A festival in honour of KA'MAD'VA in the month of Chaitra. 3. सु excellent, वत्तरी the spring, and कन् added.  
 सुवत् mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) 1. Bearing or conveying well or pleasantly. 2. Pleasant of burden, to be borne with pleasure. 3. Patient, enduring. f. (-चः) 1. A flower, (*Nyctanthus tristis*.) 2. A shrub, (*Mimosa octandra*.) 3. Ra'sna, conjectured to be the ichneumon plant, (*Ophiorrhiza mangos*.) 4. A scandent shrub, (*Cissus pedata*.) 5. The gum Olibanum tree, (*Boswellia thurifera*.) 6. A Viná, or lute. 7. A medicinal plant, commonly Teori, (*Convolvulus turpethum*.) 3. सु well, much, or pleasantly, and वत् bearing.  
 सुवत् m. (-चः) 1. A pleasant or reputable dwelling. 2. An agreeable perfume. 3. सु good, and वत् abode, &c.  
 सुवत्तरी mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) Dwelling in a comfortable or respectable abode. f. (-चः) 1. A woman married or unmarried, residing in her father's house. 2. A term of courtesy for a respectable woman whose husband is alive. 3. सु well, वत् abode, वति and वत् aff.  
 सुवत्तरी m. (-चः) Prowess, valour. 3. सु, and वत्तरी power. [valiant.]  
 सुवत्तरी m. (-चः) A hero. n. (-चः) Heroism, prowess. 3. सु, and वत्तरी  
 सुवत्तरी mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) Very clever. 3. सु, and वत्तरी intelligent.  
 सुवत्तरी m. (-चः) Deliberate or due consideration. 3. सु, वत्तरी consideration.  
 सुवत्तरी mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) Well-weighed, deliberately considered. 3. सु, and वत्तरी considered.  
 सुवत् m. (-चः) A Pand'it, a learned man. f. (-चः) A shrewd or clever woman. 3. सु, well, वत् to know, aff. क्तिप्।  
 सुवत् m. (-चः) An attendant on the women's apartments. 3. सु well, वत् to know, aff. क; also चोविद्। [aff. क्तिप्।]  
 सुवत् m. (-चः) A king. 3. सुवत् a Pand'it, वत् to associate with,

सुवत्तरी mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) Related, of kin, a kinsman, &c. 3. सु well, वत् to know, कन् Una'di aff.  
 सुवत्तरी n. (-चः) A harem, a seraglio. m. (-चः) An attendant to a harem. f. (-चः) A married woman. 3. सुवत् a king, वत् to be or have, aff. क, form irr.  
 सुवत्तरी mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) Well-known or understood. 3. सु well, वत्तरी known. [विच kind.]  
 सुवत् mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) Of a good kind, in a good or easy way. 3. सु, वत्तरी m. (-चः) The ninth Jaina deified teacher of the present age. 3. सु good, and वत्तरी a precept.  
 सुवत्तरी mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) Well trained, properly behaved. f. (-चः) A tractable cow. 3. सु exceeding, and वत्तरी well behaved.  
 सुवत्तरी mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) Easily fusible, liquefying. 3. सु and वत् before वत् to melt, क्तिप् aff.  
 सुवत्तरी mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) Trusty, confidential. 3. सु, and वत्तरी trusty in.  
 सुवत्तरी n. Adv. (-चः) Fully, at length. 3. सु, and वत्तरी expansion.  
 सुवत्तरी mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) 1. Well-spread or laid out. 2. Very broad. 3. सु, and वत्तरी spread.  
 सुवत्तरी f. (-चः) Adj. 1. Well-placed. 2. Well-furnished, well-supplied. 3. Well-done. [Good seed.]  
 सुवत्तरी f. (-चः) Adj. Having good seed. m. (-चः) The poppy. n. (-चः)  
 सुवत्तरी n. (-चः) A collyrium, prepared from the *Anomum anthorhizon*. 3. सु well, वत् power, efficacy, and कन् added, or क्तिप् aff.  
 सुवत्तरी n. (-चः) Sour rice-gruel. 3. सु very, वत् essence, वत् sour.  
 सुवत्तरी n. (-चः) 1. Great vigour. 2. The fruit of the jujube. f. (-चः) Wild-cotton. 3. सु good, and वत् essence.  
 सुवत्तरी m. (-चः-वत्-वत्) 1. Virtuous, good. 2. Well or handsomely found. m. (-चः) A kind of esculent root. f. (-चः) Grapes. 3. सु, and वत् practised, &c.  
 सुवत् mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) 1. Bowed, bent, stooping. 2. Tamed, humble, quiet. m. (-चः) A mountain; also called Trikuta. 3. सु well, and वत् to move or shake, aff. क्तिप्।  
 सुवत् mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) Well-dressed. 3. सु, and वत् attire; also सुवत्.  
 सुवत् mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) Well-dressed, ornamented, decorated. 3. सु, excellent, वत् ornament, decoration, वति poss. aff.  
 सुवत् mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) Plain, manifest. n. Adv. (-चः) Evidently, clearly. 3. सु, and वत् manifested.  
 सुवत् mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) Dispersed. 3. सु, and वत् scattered.  
 सुवत् mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) Virtuous, strict, rigidly observing any religious vow or obligation. m. (-चः) 1. The twentieth Jina of the present age; also named Munisuvrata. 2. One of the Jainas of the future era. 3. The religious student. f. (-चः) 1. The mother of the fifteenth Jaina of the present age. 2. A cow easily milked, one of a tractable and gentle disposition. 3. A virtuous wife. 3. सु well, good, वत् a vow.  
 सुवत् f. (-चः) Adj. Well-spoken, praiseworthy, glorious.  
 सुवत् mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) Easily made or done. 3. सु, and वत् able.  
 सुवत् mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) Exquisitely happy. m. (-चः) The name of a prince. 3. सु exceeding, वत् pleasure.  
 सुवत् m. (-चः) Khadira, (*Mimosa catechu*.)  
 सुवत् f. (-चः) 1. A kind of gourd, (*Momordica charantia*.) "कारवत्तरी". 2. A sort of a spice, (*Nigella Indica*.) "जयजीरक". 3. सु well, वत् to go, aff. क्तिप् and वत्; also सुवत्, सुवत्, &c.  
 सुवत्तरी mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) Well-governed. 3. सु and वत्तरी governed.  
 सुवत्तरी f. (-चः) Well-disciplined.  
 सुवत् m. (-चः) Agni or fire. f. (-चः) 1. A peacock's crest. 2. A cock's comb. 3. सु handsome, and वत्तरी a crest.  
 सुवत् mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) Having a fine head. 3. सु, and वत् head.  
 सुवत् mfn. (-चः-वत्-वत्) Very cold or cooling. n. (-चः) A yellow fragrant sort of Sandal-wood. 3. सु very, वत् cold.

**सुशीतल** mfn. (-लः-वा-लं) Very cold or cooling, frigid, freezing. n. (-लं) A fragrant sort of grass; also सुशुच. ३. सु very, शीतल cold.

**सुशीन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Cold, frigid. m. (-नः) Cold, coldness. ३. सु much, शी to go, aff. नञ्; more usually read सुशीन।

**सुशील** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Well-disposed, of good temper or disposition. f. (-ला) 1. The wife of YAMA. 2. Name of one of KRISHNA's eight favourite wives. ३. सु well, and शील nature.

**सुशीलता** f. (-ता) Natural amiability, excellence of temper or disposition. ३. तल् added to the last; also सुशील न. (-लं)

**सुशीला** f. (-ला) A sort of yam.

**सुश्रुत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Well-heard. 2. Versed in the Ve'das. m. (-तः) Name of the author of a system of medicine, and son of VISHWA-MITRA. His work, named after him, together with that of CHARAKA, is regarded as the oldest medical authority in India. ३. सु well, श्रुत heard. [३ सु, श्रुत united.]

**सुश्रुतम्** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Closely united or adhering to. 2. Well-fitted.

**सुश्रुत** m. (-तः) 1. Close or intimate union. 2. A close embrace. ३. सु, and श्रुत embrace.

**सुधन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Beautiful, handsome, pleasing. 2. Same, even, all. f. (-ना) 1. Exquisite beauty. 2. Great refulgence. 3. A period of time peculiar to the Jainas, the second division of a large period, containing six such portions, and that in which steady happiness is enjoyed by mankind: (the word however more usually occurs written सुखना, as derived from सुख pleasure.) ३. सु handsome, न even, all, and the स changed after this particle.

**सुधरी** f. (-री) 1. A sort of gourd, (Momordica charantia.) 2. Black cumin-seed, generally confounded with Kalonji, (Nigella Indica.) 3. Cumin-seed. ३. सु well, धु to send or direct, aff. ञच्, fem. aff. डीच्; also सुधरा, &c.

**सुधामन्** mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Sweetly or kindly spoken. ३. सु, धामन् calming.

**सुधि** f. (-धिः) 1. A hole. 2. Drying. 3. A tube or pipe. ३. सुध-रन्-धुनीः स substituted for ध; see सुधिर।

**सुधिर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Perforated, pierced. 2. Having apertures or holes. n. (-रं) 1. A hole, an opening. 2. A wind-instrument. f. (-रा) Naluka, a perfume. m. (-रः) Fire. ३. स substituted for ध; see सुधिर।

**सुधीन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Cold, frigid. 2. Pleasant, agreeable. m. (-नः) 1. Cold. 2. A sort of snake. 3. The moon-gem. ३. सु well, धीना a limit; also read सुधिन and सुधीन।

**सुषुप्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Fast asleep. ३. सु well, षप् to sleep, aff. क।

**सुषुप्ति** f. (-तिः) 1. Deep sleep, profound repose, entire insensibility. 2. Spiritual ignorance. ३. सु well, षप् to sleep, क्तिप् aff.

**सुषुप्त** mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) Wishing to sleep. ३. षप् to sleep, desid. व, ष aff.

**सुसुम्बा** f. (-म्बा) A particular artery of the body lying between the vessels called IDA and PINGALA.

**सुषेध** m. (-धः) 1. A fruit, (Carissa Carondas) 'करन्धा' 2. VISHNUP. 3. The physician of the monkey chief SUGRIVA. 4. A cane or reed, the ratan, f. (-धं) A plant, commonly Teori, (Convolvulus turpethum.) ३. सु excellent, सेना a host or cluster. [to the last.]

**सुषेधिका** f. (-का) Black Teori, (Convolvulus turpethum.) ३. ञच् added

**सुष्ठु** Ind. 1. Much, very much. 2. Well, excellently. 3. Truly. ३. सु well, स्था to stay, aff. क।

**सुस्त** n. (-स्त) A rope, a cord. ३. सु-नञ्-सुक् च। [३ सु, संश्रुत taken.]

**सुसंश्रुत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Well-kept or preserved. 2. Well-abridged.

**सुसंजत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Dressed, seasoned, prepared with condiments, sauces, &c. 2. Entirely perfected, very highly finished, &c. ३. सु well, संजत made perfect.

**सुसंस्थित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Well-situated or placed. 2. Being or doing well. 3. Circumscribed, well-defined. ३. सु and सन् before स्था to stay, aff. क। [संस्थित collected.]

**सुसंघत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Well-compacted or united, well-knit. ३. सु, and

**सुसंघत** f. (-तो) Adj. Well-directed, (as an arrow.)

**सुसंघी** f. (-घी) A sort of pungent seed, either a black species of cumin-seed or the Nigella Indica: see सुसंघी।

**सुसंघद** f. (-दः-दा-दं) Fortune, prosperity. ३. सु good, सन्ध prosperity.

**सुसंघ** mfn. (-घः-घा-घं) Easily borne or suffered. 2. Bearing or enduring well. ३. सु well, and सन्ध suffering.

**सुसार** m. (-रः) 1. The red sort of K'hayer, (Mimosa catechu.) 2. Good essence or substance. 3. Competence. ३. सु good, सार essence.

**सुसारवत्** n. (-वत्) Crystal. ३. सु excellent, सार essence, ननुच् aff.

**सुसीमा** f. (-मा) The mother of the sixth Jaina teacher.

**सुसेवित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Assiduously served or attended upon. 2. Much addicted to. ३. सु and सेवित served.

**सुख** mfn. (-खः-खा-खं) 1. Well, healthy. 2. Happy, faring or living well. ३. सु well, and ख being. [aff. of condition.]

**सुखता** f. (-ता) 1. Health. 2. Welfare, happiness. ३. सुख being well, तल्

**सुखयत्** mfn. (-यत्-यन्ती-यन्) Setting at rest, appeasing, consoling. ३. सुख being well, used as a verb, यद् aff.

**सुखित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Living well or happily. 2. Being well, in health or condition. ३. सु, and स्थित who or what stays in.

**सुखिति** f. (-तिः) 1. Well-being, welfare. 2. Health, convalescence. ३. सु, and स्थिति staying. [well, स्थिर steady.]

**सुखिर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Firm, steady, stable. 2. Resolute. 3. Cool. ३. सु

**सुखा** m. (-खा) A sort of pease. 'खेसारी'. ३. सु + खै-क्तिप् aff.

**सुखात** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Well-bathed. m. (-तः) A student, who has performed his ablutions preparatory or subsequent to a sacrifice. ३. सु auspiciously, स्नात bathed.

**सुखित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Smiling. f. (-ता) A woman with a pleasing or smiling countenance. ३. सु well, pleasant, and स्थित smiling.

**सुखीनाम** mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Wishing or trying to recollect. ३. सु to remember, desid. व, यानच् aff.

**सुखन** n. (-नं) A lucky or good dream. ३. सु, and सन्ध a dream.

**सुखसानन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Having a cheerful or smiling face. ३. सु, हन् laughing, 'सानन face. [Jamaas.]

**सुखसि** m. (-सिः) One of the ten persons called Purbadharas by the

**सुहित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Satiated, satisfied. 2. Fit, right, suitable. 3. Kindly, friendly. 4. Salutary, beneficial. f. (-ता) One of the seven tongues of AGNI or fire. ३. सु well, हित placed, &c.

**सुहृन्** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Friendly, cordial, kind. ३. सुहृन् a friend, तन्च् aff.

**सुहृता** f. (-ता) Friendship, affection. ३. सुहृत्, and तल् aff.; also सुहृत्।

**सुहृद** m. (-दः-दा-दं) 1. A friend. 2. An ally. ३. सु good, kind, हृद् heart.

**सुहृद** mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Good hearted. ३. सु excellent, हृद् the heart.

**सुहृद** n. (-दं) The army of an ally. ३. सुहृद्, वत् an army.

**सुहृद** m. (-दः) The separation of friends. ३. सुहृद्, and वेद division.

**सुहृद** n. (-दं) A friend's advice.

**सु** f. (-सुः) 1. Sending ordering, dispatching. 2. Bearing, parturition. 3. Birth. 4. A mother. ३. सु to bear or send, aff. क्तिप्।

**सु** n. (-सं) 1. Air, wind. 2. An arrow. 3. A lotus. ३. सु to bring forth, क्तिप् affix, and ञच् added.

**सुकर** m. (-रः) 1. A hog. 2. A potter. 3. A sort of deer, (the hog-deer.) f. (-री) 1. A sort of moss, (Lycopodium imbricatum.) 2. A sow. ३. सु substituted for क; see सुकर।

**सुक्त** mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Well or properly said. n. (-क्तं) 1. A hymn in the Rig-Veda. 2. A good or wise saying. f. (-क्ता) The Sha'rika or Maina. ३. सु well, क्त spoken, (by which.)

**सुक्ति** f. (-क्तिः) 1. Friendly speech. 2. Correct exposition. [also सुक्त्त।]

**सुख** n. (-खं) Disrespect. ३. सुक्त्त to disrespect, aff. क्त्त; the र rejected;

**सुख** mfn. (-खः-खा-खं) 1. Little, small. 2. Minute, atomic. 3. Fine, delicate. 4. Ingenious, subtle. 5. Sharp, acute. 6. Crafty, artful. 7. Exact, precise, accurate. 8. Deteriorated, declined.

**सु** m. (-सः) 1. Anatom. 2. Clearing-nut plant, (Strychnos pota-

- torum.) n. (-कः) 1. The Supreme Soul, the subtle and invisible spirit that pervades all existence. 2. Fraud, cheating. 3. Fine thread, &c. 4. A figure of rhetoric, the delicate or subtle expression of act or intention. 5. Subtlety, ingenuity, craft. 6. Minuteness. 7. One of the three kinds of power attainable by an ascetic. f. (-का) 1. A kind of jasmine, (*Jasminum auriculatum*.) 2. Small cardamoms. 3. A perfume, consisting of a substance in small grains : see *Elaba'luka*. s. सूख् to inform or make known, *Una'di* aff., सूख् च षेत् ।
- सूखतल्ल m. (-कः) The poppy. "खसूखत्". f. (-का) 1. Long-pepper. 2. A sort of grass, (*Andropogon muricatum*.) s. सूख fine, तल्ल grain.
- सूखन n. (-कः) Fineness, subtilty. s. सूख. ल aff. ; also with तल्, सूखता ।
- सूखदक्षिता f. (-ता) Quick-sightedness, wisdom.
- सूखदक्षिन् mfn. (-क्षी-क्षी-क्षि) 1. Acute, quick, sharp-sighted, intelligent. 2. Acute discernment. s. सूख small, fine, and दक्षिन् who sees.
- सूखदाह m. (-हः) A thin plank of wood. s. सूख fine, small, दाह wood.
- सूखदम m. (-दः) 1. Coriander-seed. 2. A wild-kind of cummin. 3. A sort of mustard. 4. A red sort of sugar-cane. 5. The gum Arabic tree, (*Mimosa Arabica*.) s. सूख fine, small, and दम a leaf.
- सूखदवी f. (-वी) *Ra'madu'ti*, a kind of basil. s. सूख small, दवी a leaf.
- सूखदला f. (-ला) A fruit, (*Flacourtia cataphracta*.)
- सूखद्वि mfn. (-द्वि-द्वि-द्वि) 1. Sharp, shrewd, intelligent, acute. f. (-द्वि) Mental acumen. s. सूख and द्वि understanding.
- सूखदक्षिका f. (-का) A musquito, a gnat. s. सूख small, दक्षिका a fly.
- सूखदमा n. (-मः) Exact measurement, precise computation, as opposed to सूखमान or rough calculation.
- सूखदमन n. (-मनः) Fine cloth. s. सूख fine, दमन cloth.
- सूखदमरीर n. (-रः) The subtle body invested by and the archetype of the grosser and perceptible frame. s. सूख, and मरीर body.
- सूखदमरीर f. (-रा) Small gravel, sand. [rice.]
- सूखदमालि m. (-लिः) A small and fine kind of rice s. सूख small and मालि
- सूखदमरीर m. (-रः) A sort of tick or louse breeding at the roots of the eye-lashes. s. सूख small, and दमरीर an insect.
- सूखीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Made thin or minute. s. सूख. कृत made, वि aug.
- सूखीभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Become fine, subtle, minute. s. सूख, भूत become, and वि augment.
- सूख 10th cl. (सूखयति-त) 1. To give information. 2. To espy. 3. To trace out, to ascertain. 4. To indicate by gesture. 5. To betray, to reveal, to inform against. 6. To point out, to suggest. 7. To pierce With सूखि, To indicate. With सूख्, To foreshadow.
- सूख m. (-कः) A pointed shoot or blade of the Kus'a grass. f. (-की) A needle : see सूखि. f. (-का) 1. Gesticulation. 2. Sight, seeing. 3. Piercing. s. सूख् to sew, चट् *Una'di* aff., and सूख substituted for the final ; or सूख् to make known, affs. सूख् and टप् ।
- सूखक m. (-कः) 1. A spy, an informer. 2. A teacher, an instructor. 3. A needle, a piercer, any instrument for perforating. 4. A dog. 5. A crow. 6. A cat. 7. A scoundrel, a villain. 8. The manager or chief actor of a company. 9. A Bud'dha. 10. A Sid'dha. 11. A demon, an imp or goblin. 12. A kind of fine rice. f. (-विका) 1. Indicating, proving. 2. Betraying, informing. s. सूख् to make known, सूख् aff.
- सूखकाल n. (-कः) The information given by a spy.
- सूखन f. (-नः) 1. Information, informing. 2. Teaching, shewing, describing. 3. Perforation. 4. Indication. 5. Hint. f. (-ना) 1. Piercing. 2. Wickedness. 3. Gesture, gesticulation, conveying any intimation by signs. 4. Sight, seeing. s. सूख् to make known, aff. सूख् ।
- सूखि mf. (-वि-वि) 1. A needle. 2. Piercing, perforating. 3. Indication of a passion or feeling by signs, gesture, gesticulation. 4. A mode of dancing. 5. A mode of array, a sharp file or column. 6. A tri-

angle formed by the sides of a trapezium produced to the point of meeting. 7. A cone, a pyramid. 8. (In astronomy,) The earth's disc in computing eclipses. 9. An index, a catalogue. 10. The pointed blade of Kus'a grass. 11. The sharp point of anything. 12. The point of a bud. 13. Dramatic action. s. सूख् to make known, aff. सूख्, and सूख् optionally added ; or सूख् to sew, &c., *Una'di* aff. चट् : see सूख् ।

सूखि m. (-कः) A tailor. f. (-का) 1. An elephant's trunk. 2. A needle. s. सूखि a needle, ठक् aff., or सूख् added to the last.

सूखिकटाक्षाय m. (-यः) The maxim of the needle and the boiler. It is used to denote that, when two matters, (one easy and another difficult,) require attention, the simple one should be despatched first.

सूखिकाधर m. (-रः) An elephant. s. सूखिका a trunk, and धर who has.

सूखिकासूख n. (-कः) A shell, a conch. s. सूखिका a needle, सूख a mouth.

सूखिकात m. (-तः) An sharp pyramid or pyramidal excavation s. सूखि, and खात a pit.

सूखित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Communicated, told, made known. 2. Ascertained. 3. Hinted. 4. Pierced. s. सूख् to make known, सूख aff.

सूखिता f. (-ता) Needle-work. s. सूखि a needle, तल aff.

सूखिन् mfn. (-वि-विना-वि) 1. Spying, informing. 2. Piercing. 3. Pointing. 4. Informing against. m. (-वः) A spy, an informer : see सूखि f.

(-नी) 1. A needle. 2. Night. s. सूख् to make known, सूखि aff.

सूखिपत्रक m. (-कः) A kind of herb. n. (-कः) A paper of contents.

सूखिपुष्प m. (-पुः) A flower, (*Pandanus odoratissimus*.) s. सूखि a needle, and पुष्प a flower ; also सूखिपुष्प ।

सूखिभिन् Adj. 1. Divided into needles. 2. Bursting open at the points of the buds ; also सूखिभिन् ।

सूखिसूख n. (-खः) The diamond. m. (-खः) 1. A bird. 2. The white Kus'a grass. 3. A particular position of the hands. s. सूखि a needle or a beak, and सूख mouth. [सूखीरोमम् ।

सूखिरोमम् m. (-मः) A hog. s. सूखि a needle, (a bristle,) रोमम् hair ; also

सूखिवत् m. (-वत्) *Garud'a* s. सूखि a needle, (a beak,) वत् poss. aff.

सूखिवदन m. (-नः) 1. The mongoose. 2. A musquito s. सूखि a needle, (a sharp nose or proboscis,) and वदन face.

सूखीमेय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Palpable, tangible. 2. To be pierced, or penetrated by a needle. 3. Gross, dense. s. सूखी, मेय to be pierced.

सूख mfn. (-यः-या-य) Informable, communicable. s. सूख् to inform, सूख् aff. ; also सूखनीय and सूखित्य ।

सूखय n. (-यः) The point of a needle. s. सूखी, and सूख point.

सूखयसूख m. (-कः) A sort of grass, (*Saccharum cylindricum*.) "सूखयसूख". s. सूखि a needle, सूख a point, and सूखय thick.

सूखास m. (-सः) A rat. s. सूखी a needle, and सूखा face.

सूख Ind. An imitative sound.

सूख mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Born, engendered. 2. Sent, dispatched. 3. Drank. 4. Gone, departed. m. (-तः) 1. A charioteer. 2. A carpenter. 3. A man of a mixed race, descended from a Kshetriya father, and mother of the sacerdotal tribe ; his occupation is managing horses and driving cars. 4. A bard, an encomiast. 5. The sun. 6. Name of a pupil of *Vya'sa*. mn. (-तः-त) Quicksilver. f. (-ता) A woman lying-in or recently delivered. s. सूख् to bring forth, सूख aff.

सूखक n. (-कः) 1. Birth, production. 2. Impurity from child-birth or miscarriage. mn. (-कः-क) Quicksilver. f. (-का-तिका) A woman recently delivered. s. सूख added to the last.

सूखपुष्प m. (-पुः) A name of *Karn'a*. s. सूख the sun, and पुष्प son ; also सूखपुष्प and similar compounds, as सूखतनय, &c.

सूखि f. (-तिः) 1. Birth, production, delivery, parturition, bringing-forth. 2. Offspring, progeny. 3. Sewing. 4. Source. 5. A place where Soma-juice is extracted. s. सूख् to bring forth, (as young,) or सूख् to sew, सूखि aff. ; in the letter सू is substituted for the final.

सूखिका f. (-का) A woman recently delivered. s. सूख सूखी क चत दसम् ।

सूतिकाग्रह n. (-ह) A part of a house appropriated to the women, or to a lying-in woman especially. 2. सूतिका or सूतिका a lying-in woman, and ग्रह house or room; hence also सूतिकाग्रह n. (-ह)।  
 सूतिकाभवन n. (-भ) The lying-in chamber; see the last. 2. सूतिका a lying-in woman, and भवन a house.  
 सूतिकाशय m. (-श) Puerperal sickness.  
 सूतिकावती f. (-वती) A particular goddess worshipped on the sixth day after child-birth.  
 सूतिग्रह n. (-ह) The lying-in chamber; see सूतिकाग्रह. 2. सूति delivery, child-birth, ग्रह a house.  
 सूतीग्रह n. (-ह) The lying-in chamber. 2. सूति delivery ग्रह a house, the vowel made long: see सूतिकाग्रह। [month; also सूतिमास।  
 सूतीमास m. (-स) The last month of pregnancy. 2. सूति delivery, मास सूकार n. (-र) Snorting, roaring, any sound expressive of impatience or aversion. 2. सूत् imitative sound, and कार making.  
 सूतर mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. Superior. 2. Northern. 2. सू very, उत्तर beyond.  
 सूयान mfn. (-न-ना-न) Dexterous, clever. n. (-न) Good effort or exertion. 2. सू well, उत्थान exertion.  
 सूपर u (-र) Distilling spirits. 2. सू + उत् + प-च्च्।  
 सूया f. (-या) 1. Religious bathing, ablution, preparatory or subsequent to a sacrifice. 2. Drinking the juice of the acid Asclepias at a sacrifice. 2. सू to bear, (fruit or offspring,) कप् aff., तुक् augment, and टाप् fem. aff.; also सूया।  
 सूयाशेष n. (-ष) Impurity from child-birth, continuing for ten days, or if in consequence of a miscarriage, for as many days as months have passed since conception. 2. सूति child-bearing, शेषोष्प impure.  
 सूय r. 10th cl. (सूयति-ते) 1. To bind, to thread, to string. 2. To write in the form of a concise rule. 3. To plan, to systematize. 4. To unbind, to loosen.  
 सूय n. (-य) 1. A thread in general. 2. A rule, a precept, in morals or science; a short, obscure, and technical sentence, enjoying some observance in law or religion, or intimating some rule in grammar, logic, &c.; in each case it is the fundamental and primitive part of Hindu learning, and is the form in which the works of the early and supposed inspired writers appear; the ingenuity and labour of subsequent authors having expanded and explained the original Sūtras in various commentaries and glosses. 3. An opinion or decree, (in law.) 4. A string, a collection of threads, as that worn by the three first classes, &c. 5. The string or wire of a puppet. 6. A fibre. 2. बिद् to sew, इन् Una'di aff., and इद् changed to ऊ; or सूय to string, कप् aff.  
 सूयकथ m. (-थ) 1. A Brahman. 2. A wagtail. 3. A dove, a pigeon. 2. सूय a thread, and कथ throat.  
 सूयकर्मन् n. (-र्म) Carpentry.  
 सूयकीच m. (-च) A small hour-glass shaped drum, struck by a string and button fastened to it. 2. सूय a string, and कीच corner; also with कन् added, सूयकीचक m. (-क)। "उत्तम"। [in weaving.  
 सूयगच्छिका f. (-का) A stick used in spinning the threads to be employed  
 सूयय mfn. (-य-या-य) Who holds thread, &c. 2. सूय; यद् to take, कप् aff. [&c. 2. सूय, यद् to take, कप् aff.  
 सूयय mfn. (-य-या-य) Who or what takes, but does not hold thread,  
 सूयचर n. (-च) Name of a class of charanas or Vedic schools that introduced various Sūtra works.  
 सूयच n. (-च) 1. Arranging, putting in order. 2. Stringing. 3. Arranging in aphorisms. 2. सूय used as a verb, कद् aff.  
 सूयतनु m. (-तनु) A thread. 2. सूय a thread, तनु the same.  
 सूयतकुटी f. (-टी) A distaff, a spindle. 2. सूय a thread, तनुटी a spindle.  
 सूयदरिद्रता f. (-ता) Poverty of fibres or threads.  
 सूयधर m. (-र) A stage-manager: see the next.  
 सूयधार m. (-र) 1. The principal actor or manager of a company, and

chief interlocutor in the prologue or prelude to a drama. 2. A carpenter. 3. The author of a set of rules or axioms. 4. INDRA. 2. सूय a rule, &c., and धार who holds; also सूयधर and सूयधन्।  
 सूयपिठक m. (-क) Name of one of the three collections of Buddhist writings.  
 सूयपुष्प m. (-पु) The cotton-plant. 2. सूय thread, पुष्प a flower.  
 सूयविद् m. (-विद् or -विन्) A tailor. 2. सूय thread, विद् who breaks or cuts.  
 सूयमध्यम m. (-मध्य) Lucense. 2. सूय thread, मध्य amidst, and म् born.  
 सूयय n. (-य) 1. A shuttle, a thread-machine. 2. A weaver's loom. 2. सूय a thread, and यय a machine.  
 सूयका f. (-का) A spindle or distaff. 2. सूय thread, का to get, aff. कप् and टाप्।  
 सूयकीचा f. (-चा) A sort of lute. 2. सूय a thread, and कीचा a lute.  
 सूयवेष्टन n. (-न) A weaver's shuttle. 2. सूय thread, वेष्टन surrounding.  
 सूयकर्मन् m. (-र्म) The soul. Adj. Having the nature of a string.  
 सूयानन् m. (-नन्) INDRA. 2. सू well, ने to preserve, नन् aff., and the vowel of the prefix optionally made long; also सूयानन्।  
 सूयली f. (-ली) A necklace or chain worn round the neck. 2. सूय a thread, ली a line.  
 सूयिका f. (-का) A kind of dish.  
 सूयित mfn. (-त-ता-तं) 1. Arranged, methodised. 2. Ruled, directed in Sūtras. 3. Strung. 2. सूय used as a verb, क् aff.  
 सूयित् mfn. (-त-ति-ति) Having threads, rules, &c. m. (-ती) A crow. 2. सूय a thread, ति aff.  
 सूय m. (-य) 1. A cook. 2. Sauce, seasoning. 3. A made dish, anything seasoned. 4. Split peas. 5. Mud, mire. 6. Destroying, massacre. 7. Distilling. 8. A well, a spring. 9. Sin, fault. 2. सूय to leak or distil, aff. कप् or कच्।  
 सूयकर्मन् n. (-र्म) Cookery.  
 सूयत mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Well or entirely given. 2. सू, दत्त given, form irr.  
 सूयन् mfn. (-न-ना-न) 1. Destructive, destroyer. 2. Dear, beloved. u. (-न) 1. Destroying, killing. 2. Assenting to, promising. 3. Ejecting, throwing away. 2. सूय to injure or kill, aff. कद्।  
 सूयका f. (-का) A kitchen. 2. सूय a cook, का a hall.  
 सूयय्यच m. (-च) Superintendent of the kitchen. 2. सूय a cook, ययच superintendent.  
 सूयित mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Destroyed, killed. 2. सूय to destroy, क् aff.  
 सूयित mfn. (-ता-ती-ट) Destroyer, destroying. 2. सूय, ट् aff.  
 सूय mfn. (-न-ना-न) 1. Blown, budded, (as a flower.) 2. Empty, vacant, (probably for सूय or सूय in this sense.) 3. Born, produced. n. (-न) 1. Bringing forth, (as young,) parturition. 2. A flower. 3. A bud. f. (-ना) 1. A daughter. 2. The uvula. 3. A shambles, a slaughter-house. 4. A place or utensil in a house, where, or by which, insects may be killed, as the hearth, the slab, the pestle and mortar, the broom, and the water-pot: see सूयय्यच।  
 5. Hurting, injuring. 6. Inflammation of the glands of the neck. 7. A zone, a girdle. 8. A ray. 9. A river. 10. Mumps. 11. The sale of flesh. 2. सू to bear, &c., aff. क्; or सू the same, न Una'di aff.  
 सूयरी f. (-री) A respectable woman.  
 सूयन् mfn. (-न-ना-न) 1. Budding. 2. Bearing. 2. सू to bear, क् aff.  
 सूयित् m. (-नो) 1. A butcher. 2. A hunter, one who practises the death of animals. 2. सूय a slaughter-house, ति aff.  
 सूय m. (-नु) 1. A son. 2. A younger brother. 3. The sun. 4. A daughter's son. 5. A child, offspring. 6. The Arka-plant. f. (-नु) or न् A daughter. 2. सू to bear, (as children,) उक् Una'di aff.  
 सूयत mfn. (-त-ता-तं) 1. True and agreeable. 2. Fortunate, auspicious. 3. Dear to, beloved by. 4. Kind, sincere, gentle. 2. (-न) Agreeable discourse or speech, but also true. 2. सू well, यद् to dance, (or excel,) कप् aff., and the vowel of the prefix made long.  
 सूयन् mfn. (-न-ना-न) Mad, orasy, insane. 2. सू much, उक् mad.  
 सूयन् mfn. (-न-ना-न) Mad, insane. 2. सू much, उक् mad, (whore)





- [illegible]

infested or frequented by, inhabited, n. (-नं) 1. The jujube. 2. An apple. ३. सिद्ध to gratify by service, अर्थ. ४।  
 सेवित mfn. (-न-वी-व) 1. Who or what serves, worships, &c. 2. Addre-  
 sed or devoted to. ३. सिद्ध to serve, अर्थ. ४।  
 सेवित n. (-न) Serving, devotion. ३. सेविन् who serves, अर्थ. ४।  
 सेविन् mfn. (-न-विनी-व) 1. Serving, obeying. 2. Pursuing, practising,  
 using. ३. Dwelling. m. (-नी) A servant. ३. सेव् to serve, अर्थ. ४।  
 सेव mfn. (-न-वा-व) 1. To be served or obeyed, to be worshipped or  
 honoured. 2. What ought or may be practised, used, &c. 3. To be  
 taken care of. 4. To be employed. 5. To be enjoyed. ३. (-न) The  
 root of the Andropogon muricatum. m. (-न) A plant, (Sarring-  
 tonia acutangula.) f. (-न) A parasite plant. ३. सिद्ध to gratify by  
 service, अर्थ or अर्थ. ४।  
 सेवता f. (-न) Rank, eminence. ३. सेव, and तत् aff. ; also with न, सेवता ।  
 सेवमान mfn. (-न-न-व) 1. Being served, waited, attended on. ३. Being  
 practised or used. ३. सेव् to serve, पार्श्व. ४. वार्त्ता aff.  
 से र. १. १. (वावति) To waste, to decline ; also वे । २. वत् aff.  
 सेव mfn. (-न-वी-व) Belonging to a lion, leonine, lion-like. ३. सिद्ध a lion,  
 सेवती f. (-न) Adj. Belonging to or produced in OXYLON.  
 सेविन् mfn. (-न-वी-व) Belonging to a lion, leopine. m. (-न) RA'U, the  
 personified ascending node. ३. सिद्ध, and तत् aff. ; or सिद्धि the  
 mother of RA'U, (by adoption,) and वत् patronymic aff.  
 सेविदेव m. (-न) A metonymic of RA'U, the personified ascending  
 node. ३. सिद्धि the reputed mother of this being, तत् aff.  
 सेवत mfn. (-न-वी-व) Sandy in general. n. (-न) 1. A sand-bank or an  
 island with sandy shores. ३. सिद्ध sandy soil, and वत् aff.  
 सेवतिव mfn. (-न-वी-व) 1. Living in doubt and error. 2. Belonging  
 or relating to a sand-bank. m. (-न) 1. A religious mendicant,  
 an ascetic. n. (-न) A thread worn round the wrist or neck, &c.,  
 to secure good fortune. ३. सिद्ध sandy, &c., तत् aff.  
 सेवतिव n. (-न) Ginger. [river.  
 सेवतिव f. (-न) The river Bahuda. ३. सिद्ध white, वत् aff., वतिनी a  
 सेवतिव mfn. (-न-वी-व) Connected with or relating to a demonstra-  
 ted truth, one who knows the truth, &c. ३. सिद्ध an established  
 conclusion, तत् aff. [general. ३. सेवतिव a general, वत् aff.  
 सेवतिव n. (-न) The command of an army, the dignity or duty of a  
 सेवतिव mfn. (-न-वी-व) Relating or belonging to an army, drawn up as  
 an army, &c. m. (-न) 1. A guard, a sentinel, a picket. ३. A body  
 of forces in array. ३. सेव an army, and तत् aff.  
 सेव mfn. (-न-वी-व) 1. Produced or born in Sindhu. 2. Marine, aquatic,  
 ocean or river-born. m. (-न) A horse, (bred in Sindhu.) mn. (-न-व)  
 Rock-salt n. (-न) In dramatic literature, musical expression of  
 disappointment with Prakrit words. f. (-न) One of the Ra'gins.  
 ३. सिद्ध a river, &c. वत् aff.  
 सेव m. (-न) A miserable inhabitant of Sindhu.  
 सेव m. (-न) A lump of salt. ३. सेव, and तत् aff.  
 सेव m. (-न) A kind of rock or fossil-salt.  
 सेव f. (-न) A kind of spirituous liquor.  
 सेव n. (-न) An army. m. (-न) 1. A soldier under arms, one drawn  
 up in array. 2. A guard, a sentinel. ३. सेव an army, वत् or वत् aff.  
 सेवतिव m. (-न) general. ३. सिद्ध, and वतिवति ruler.  
 सेवतिव m. (-न) A commander, a general. ३. सेव, वत् aff. superior.  
 सेवतिव n. (-न) Red-lead. ३. सेव the parting of the hair, (where a  
 red mark is often made with nitrum.) and तत् aff.  
 सेव m. (-न) 1. A menial servant. 2. The son of a Dasyu by an  
 AYOJYA female. also सेवि । [वतिनी  
 सेव f. (-न) 1. A female artist. 2. A name of Dasyu, so  
 सेवि mfn. (-न-वी-व) 1. Relating or belonging to a plough, &c. 2  
 Having furrows. m. (-न) 1. A ploughman. 2. A plough. &c.  
 ३. सेव a plough, तत् aff.

सेरिन् m. (-नः) A menial servant, one employed to dress and deco-  
rate the person and perform all servile offices; also who may be  
employed in the chase, snaring animals, &c., the offspring of a  
Dasyu by an Ayogava female. f. (-नी) 1. An independent female  
artisan working in another person's house. 2. A female attendant  
in the women's apartments. 3. A woman of one of the mixed  
and degraded classes. 4. DRAUPADI, the wife of the PA'NDU  
prince, and who upon the temporary servitude of her husband,  
became workwoman in the house of the Rāja of Virāṭa. s. सीर  
a plough, ष to hold or take, aff. क, and सुङ्ग augment, ष added  
and the pénultimate vowel changed optionally to ण; whence also  
सीरणी, or सीर independent, ष to hold or be, aff. कन्, fem. aff. क्त्वा,  
and form irr.

सेरिन् m. (-नः) 1. A buffalo. 2. Swarga, INDRA's heaven or paradise.  
s. सीर the plough or the sun, रन् an elephant, aff. क्त्वा।

सीरीय m. (-यः) A plant, (Barleria cristata.) s. सीर a plough, ष added.  
सीर relating to a plough, (turned up by it, &c.) and ष added; also  
with कन् added सीरीयक, and with ढक् aff. सीरेव or सेरेव।

सीरीयक m. (-कः) Barleria: see the last. [added सीरेयक।

सीरेव m. (-वः) A shrub, (Barleria cristata:) see सीरीय; also with कन्

सेवास n. (-नः) Name of an aquatic plant: see सेवास।

सेवक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Lenden, of lead. s. सीरक, and ष added.

सी f. (-सीः) PA'NYATI. s. षी to destroy aff. णिप्।

सीद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) 1. Borne, suffered, endured. 2. Patient, enduring.  
s. सृङ्गो bear, aff. क। [bear, &c., aff. ढक्।

सीद mfn. (-दा-दी-दं) 1. Patient, enduring. 2. Able, powerful. s. सृङ्गो

सील f. (-ली) 1. Ardently longing. 2. Regretful. 3. Bewailing; also सीलक।

सीलक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Regretting, bewailing, grieving. 2.  
Impatiently eager. s. सृङ्गो with, उत्सृङ्गो sorrow.

सीलाव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Excessive, much, violent. 2. Exaggerated.  
3. Ironical. m. (-सः) A horse-laugh. mn. (-सः-सं) Irony, sarcasm,  
sneering praise and covert censure. s. सृङ्गो with, उत्सृङ्गो excess or  
effort; सृङ्गो प्र उत्सृङ्गो it is also read सीलाव।

सीलव f. (-वः) Festive, making merry. [उत्सृङ्गो effort.

सीलाव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Vigorous, energetic, persevering. s. सृङ्गो with,

सीलक f. (-का) Regretful, repining, anxious.

सीलव f. (-वा) Raised, lofty. [water.

सीलक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Having or containing water. s. सृङ्गो with, उत्सृङ्गो

सीलव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Accumulated, augmented, with interest, with  
profit. s. सृङ्गो for सृङ्गो with, उत्सृङ्गो increase.

सीदर m. (-रः) A brother of whole blood. f. (-रः) Uterine sister. s. सृङ्गो for  
सृङ्गो common, same, उत्सृङ्गो belly, or womb.

सीदव m. (-वं) A brother of whole blood. s. सृङ्गो for सृङ्गो same or  
common, उत्सृङ्गो belly, वन् aff. [effort.

सीदीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Active, diligent, persevering. s. सृङ्गो with, उत्सृङ्गो

सीदीय f. (-या) Sorrowful, anxious.

सीद m. (-दः) Garlic.

सीदाव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Mad, insane. s. सृङ्गो with, उत्सृङ्गो madness.

सीदव f. (-वा) Provided with requisite implements, properly equipped.

सीदव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Equipped, stocked, furnished or provided  
with necessary means or implements. 2. Assisted, abetted,  
befriended. s. सृङ्गो with, उत्सृङ्गो an instrument or assistance.

सीदव f. (-वा) Visited with calamities.

सीदव f. (-वा) Full of fraud or deceit.

सीदव m. (-वः) Fraudulently.

सीदव m. (-वः) The sun or moon in eclipse. f. (-वी) 1. Afflicted with  
great calamities. 2. Over-run by enemies. 3. Eclipsed, (as the sun  
or moon.) s. सृङ्गो with, उत्सृङ्गो a portent, an eclipse.

सीदीय f. (-या) 1. Obstructed, impeded. 2. Favoured. [fasting

सीदीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Fasting, keeping a fast. s. सृङ्गो with, उत्सृङ्गो

सीदीय f. (-वी) 1. Afflicted with misfortune. 2. Possessed by an evil  
spirit. 3. Preceded by a prepositional prefix, (in gram.)

सीदीय f. (-वी) Accompanied with derisive laughter, sarcastic.

सीदीय m. (-वी) A man of a degraded caste, the son of a Chāṇḍā-  
ly a Pukkāṣa female, and only to be employed as a public  
executioner, &c., &c. See पक्कास; the syllables being regularly  
transposed, & changed to व, and that to the usual Guṇa letter.

सीदीय mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Restricted, limited, qualified, special f. (-वी)  
1. Restricted by conditions or limitations, qualified by parti-  
cular characteristics, (in phil.) 2. Having some particular attri-  
butes; also सीदीय। s. सृङ्गो with, उत्सृङ्गो discrimination, कन् aff.

सीदीय n. (-नः) Stairs, steps or a stair-case. s. सृङ्गो with, उत्सृङ्गो above, up,  
and वन् a going.

सीदीयान m. (-नः) A flight of steps.

सीदीयान m. (-नः) A tree, (Hyperanthera morunga:) see सीदीयान।

सीम m. (-मः) 1. The moon. 2. Kuvāra. 3. A monkey chief. 4. A  
wind. 5. Yama. 6. One of the demi-gods called Vasus. 7. Soma.  
8. The moon-plant, (Asclepias acida, or Sarcostema viminale.) 9.  
The acid juice of the Sarcostema. 10. A drug of supposed magi-  
cal properties. 11. Water. 12. Nectar, the liquor of immortality.  
13. Camphor. 14. A deified progenitor. 15. A mountain or moun-  
tainous range, the mountains of the moon. 16. The best, chief, (as  
the last member of a compound.) n. (-मः) 1. Rice-water or gruel.  
2. Heaven, sky, ether. s. सृङ्गो to bear, (as young,) or to sprinkle.  
Unādi aff. कन्।

सीमकान m. (-नः) The moon-gem.

सीमव्य m. (-वः) The disappearance of the moon.

सीमव्य m. (-वः) VISHNU. s. सीम the moon, नन् embryo. षृङ्गो produced.

सीमव्य m. (-वः) The planet MERCURY. n. (-वः) Milk. s. सीम the moon.

सीमवीय m. (-वी) A place of pilgrimage in the west of India. n. सीम  
the moon, and वीय a holy place. [dedication.

सीमदेव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Presided over by SOMA. s. सीम, and देव

सीमवारी f. (-वी) Sky, heaven. s. सीम the moon, वारी having. [aff.

सीमव्य m. (-वः) The moon. s. सृङ्गो to bring forth, (as young,) रन्

सीमव्य m. (-वः) 1. Name of a celebrated Linga destroyed by Mahme  
of Gazni. 2. The place where this Linga was set up.

सीमव्य m. (-वः) The performer of a sacrifice, or a sacrificer, who drinks  
the juice of the acid Sarcostema. s. सीम the plant, ष who drinks.

सीमव्य m. (-वः) INDRA. [Sarcostema, षां लक्ष्मी

सीमव्य n. (-नः) A sort of grass, (Saccharum cylindricum.) s. सीम the

सीमव्य m. (-वः) 1. A drinker of the juice of the acid Sarcostema. 2.  
A Pitr or progenitor of a certain class, or those who are espe-  
cially the Pitr of the Brahmins. s. सीम the acid Sarcostema,  
and वा to drink, aff. क्त्वा।

सीमव्य n. (-नः) Drinking the juice of the acid Sarcostema, an essential  
part of sacrifices according to the Vedic ritual. s. सीम, षां लक्ष्मी

सीमव्य m. (-वः) A drinker of the juice of the acid Sarcostema. s.  
सीम the juice of the plant, वीय beverage, रन् aff.; it is also read

सीमव्य m. (-वः) [Soma-sacrifice.

सीमव्य m. (-वः) A person commissioned to engage Śrotiṣas for a  
सृङ्गो the moon, वन् friend

सीमव्य n. (-नः) The white water-lily. s. सीम the moon, वन् friend

सीमव्य m. (-वः) 1. One of the persons called Vāṇas. 2. The son of So-  
ma, Indra, the regent of Maruṭ, and supposed founder of the house of the

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शोणोपि m. (-क) A sort of sandal of yellow colour and great fragrance. 2. सोम the moon, and सोमि place of production.

शोणोपि m. (-क) A medicinal plant. (Serratula anthelmintica.) 2. सोम the moon, and सोमि aff. निमि, or with चय and सोम added, सोमराजिनी.

शोणोपि f. (-क) 1. A medicinal plant: see the last.

शोणोपि m. (-क) A particular disease of women.

शोणोपि f. (-क) 1. The moon-plant or acid Sarcostema, (S. viminalis.)

2. The river Godevati. 3. सोम, and सोमि a creeper; also सोमवहरो.

शोणोपि m. (-क) 1. A name of Yuhishikarna. 2. The lunar dynasty, or series of princes supposed to descend through Buda, the son of So'ka, or the moon. 3. सोम, and सोमि family.

शोणोपि mfn. (-क-परी-वत्) 1. Lament having the moon. 2. Having the Sarcostema-juice. 3. सोम, and सोमि aff.

शोणोपि Ind. Like the moon. 2. सोम, and सोमि aff.

शोणोपि m. (-क) 1. A white kind of K'hayer. (Mimosa catechu.) 2. A medicinal plant, commonly Kayaphal. 3. A plant, (Guilandina bonducella.) 4. सोम the moon, and सोमि bark.

शोणोपि f. (-क-री) The moon-plant, (Sarcostema viminalis.) 2. सोम the moon, and सोमि a creeper; also सोमवहरो.

शोणोपि f. (-क) 1. A twining plant, (Menispermum glabrum.) 2. A medicinal plant, (Serratula anthelmintica.) 3. The moon-plant. 4. सोम the moon, and सोमि a creeper.

शोणोपि m. (-क) Monday. 2. सोम, and सोमि a day.

शोणोपि m. (-क) A vendor of the juice of acid Sarcostema. 2. सोम the plant, निमि selling, and सोमि aff.

शोणोपि m. (-क) 1. A medicinal plant, (Kayaphal.) 2. A shrub, (Serratula anthelmintica.) 3. सोम the moon, and सोमि a tree.

शोणोपि n. (-क) Camphor. 2. सोम the moon, and सोमि appellation.

शोणोपि m. (-क) A Pitri' or progenitor of a peculiar class, the progenitor of the celestial beings called Sadhyas. 2. सोम, and सोमि who goes.

शोणोपि m. (-क) The white Khadira.

शोणोपि m. (-क) 1. One of the Bud'dhas. 2. A rationalist of a sect of Saivas. 3. A particular doctrine, a system of theological philosophy, followed by a branch of the worshippers of S'iva. 4. सोम the moon, (as the teacher of the doctrine,) and सोमि truth, (whose) [the doctrine, and सोमि aff.]

शोणोपि m. (-क) A follower of a branch of the S'ivas. 2. सोममिहान सोममिहान m. (-क) Vistara.

शोणोपि m. (-क) A priest or sacrificer who sprinkles the juice of the acid Sarcostema at a sacrifice. 2. सोमि plant, 3. to sprinkle, aff. सोमि.

शोणोपि f. (-क) The river Narmada. 2. सोम the moon, सुत daughter.

शोणोपि mfn. (-क-परी-वत्) Having sprinklers of Soma-juice, (a hermitage, a sacrifice, &c.) 2. सोमि, and सोमि aff.

शोणोपि n. (-क) A channel for conveying water from a S'iva-Linga.

शोणोपि f. (-क) Direction, as seen around a S'iva-Linga in such a way as that the Soma is not to be crossed.

शोणोपि n. (-क) The red lotus, and सोमि moon, and सोमि appellation.

शोणोपि mfn. (-क-परी-वत्) Resembling the moon, चय to resemble, सोमि.

शोणोपि m. (-क) 1. A name of the Soma-sacrifice. (the Soma-sacrifice.) 2. सोमि, and सोमि aff.

शोणोपि f. (-क) 1. A name of the Soma-sacrifice. (the Soma-sacrifice.) 2. सोमि, and सोमि aff.

शोणोपि m. (-क) 1. A name of the Soma-sacrifice. (the Soma-sacrifice.) 2. सोमि, and सोमि aff.

शोणोपि m. (-क) 1. A name of the Soma-sacrifice. (the Soma-sacrifice.) 2. सोमि, and सोमि aff.

शोणोपि m. (-क) An aspirated letter. Adj. 1. Warty. 2. Aspirated, (in gram.)

शोणोपि mfn. (-क-परी-वत्) 1. ch. swinish. 2. Relating to a hog. 3. [सुकर a hog, and चय]

शोणोपि m. (-क) A hunt. 2. सुकर a hog, and चय aff.

शोणोपि n. (-क) 1. Facility, ease of effecting anything. 2. [सुकर a hog, and चय]

extempore composition, or preparation of food or medicines. 3. H. gishness, swinishness, the condition or qualities of a hog. 4.

Adroitness. 5. सुकर doing easily. 6. सुकर a hog, aff. चय.

शोणोपि n. (-क) 1. Youthfulness. 2. Delicacy, tenderness. 3. सुकर a hog, aff. चय.

शोणोपि n. (-क) 1. Minuteness, subtilty. 2. सुकर small, fine, चय aff.

शोणोपि m. (-क) One who asks another whether he has slept well, also सोममिहान.

शोणोपि m. (-क) A bard, a minstrel, one whose duty is to waken the prince in the morning with music. 2. सुकर sleeping pleasantly, and चय aff.

शोणोपि f. (-क) Relat. to pleasure; also सोमोपि.

शोणोपि n. (-क) Pleasure, happiness, felicity. 2. सुकर happiness, चय aff.

शोणोपि m. (-क) 1. A Saugata, a heretic, an atheist. 2. A Band'dha. 3. सुकर the supposed teacher of those doctrines, चय aff.

शोणोपि m. (-क) 1. A Band'dha mendicant. 2. The mendicant Brahman. 3. Doubt, unbelief, scepticism. 4. An atheist, an unbeliever. n. (-क) Atheism. 2. सुकर the founder of the sect, चय aff.

शोणोपि n. (-क) 1. A fragrant grass: 2. सुकर. 2. Fragrance. 3. (-क) Sweet-scented. 2. सुकर (fragrant), चय aff.

शोणोपि mfn. (-क-परी-वत्) Fragrant, odorous. n. (-क) 1. The white water-lily, (Nymphaea lotus.) 2. A fragrant grass: 3. सुकर.

A ruby. 1. The blue lotus. m. (-क) 1. Sulphur. 2. A d-dier in perfumes. 3. सुकर pleasant, चय smell, and चय added.

शोणोपि n. (-क) Sweetness of odour, fragrance. 2. सुकर, and चय aff.

शोणोपि m. (-क) A tailor. 2. सुकर a needle, चय aff.

शोणोपि m. (-क) A tailor. 2. सुकर a needle, चय aff.

शोणोपि n. (-क) 1. Kindness, clemency, compassion. 2. Friend-ship. 3. Goodness, generosity. 2. सुकर, चय aff.

शोणोपि f. (-क) Long-pepper. "गजपिपटाम्".

शोणोपि n. (-क) The office of a charioteer.

शोच mfn. (-क-परी-वत्) 1. Preceptive, formulary, according to rule or precept. 2. Relating to or having a thread. m. (-क) 1. Brahman. 2. A radian, the only application of which is to form derivative nouns, and not like other roots, capable of conversion into a verb. 3. सुकर a thread, a rule &c., चय aff. [BUD'DHISM.]

शोचनिक m. Plu. (-क) Name of one of the four great schools of मतमयो f. (-क) The east.

शोचनो f. (-क) 1. Lightning. 2. A conflux of Indra's heaven. 3. Part of the S'unda'man mountain. 2. See the next.

शोचनो f. (-क) 1. Lightning. 2. One of the Apsaras or nymphs of Swarga. 3. A particular sort of lightning. 4. A city so named.

शोचनो n. (-क) A cloud, a mountain, or Indra's elephant, चय and चय aff. with the augment चय; also omitting the augment, चय, and dropping the penultimate vowel, शोचनो.

शोचनो f. (-क) Lightning: see the last.

शोचनो mfn. (-क-परी-वत्) Received by a woman at her marriage from her father or mother or any relative as a mark of regard, and thence her own property. 2. सुकर a nuptial gift, and चय aff.

शोचनो n. (-क) 1. A mansion, a palace. 2. Silver. 3. Opal. f. (-क) 1. Relating to nectar. 2. Plastered. 2. सुकर plaster, चय aff.

शोचनो m. (-क) One of the fourteen parts of a drama.

शोचनो n. (-क) A temple of S'iva or in the form of Is'ana. 2. सोम a palace, चय to be equal to, चय aff.

शोचनो mfn. (-क-परी-वत्) Belonging or relating to a slaughter-house, सोमि.

शोचनो m. (-क) 1. Butcher's meat. 2. सुकर, and चय aff.

शोचनो m. (-क) 1. Butcher's meat. 2. सुकर, and चय aff.

[illegible]

सम् (सं) 1. Suppression. 2. Effusion. 3. Drying up. 4. Suppression of bleeding by cold applications. 5. Drying up. 6. Effusion. 7. Drying up. 8. Effusion. 9. Drying up. 10. Effusion. 11. Drying up. 12. Effusion. 13. Drying up. 14. Effusion. 15. Drying up. 16. Effusion. 17. Drying up. 18. Effusion. 19. Drying up. 20. Effusion. 21. Drying up. 22. Effusion. 23. Drying up. 24. Effusion. 25. Drying up. 26. Effusion. 27. Drying up. 28. Effusion. 29. Drying up. 30. Effusion. 31. Drying up. 32. Effusion. 33. Drying up. 34. Effusion. 35. Drying up. 36. Effusion. 37. Drying up. 38. Effusion. 39. Drying up. 40. Effusion. 41. Drying up. 42. Effusion. 43. Drying up. 44. Effusion. 45. Drying up. 46. Effusion. 47. Drying up. 48. Effusion. 49. Drying up. 50. Effusion. 51. Drying up. 52. Effusion. 53. Drying up. 54. Effusion. 55. Drying up. 56. Effusion. 57. Drying up. 58. Effusion. 59. Drying up. 60. Effusion. 61. Drying up. 62. Effusion. 63. Drying up. 64. Effusion. 65. Drying up. 66. Effusion. 67. Drying up. 68. Effusion. 69. Drying up. 70. Effusion. 71. Drying up. 72. Effusion. 73. Drying up. 74. Effusion. 75. Drying up. 76. Effusion. 77. Drying up. 78. Effusion. 79. Drying up. 80. Effusion. 81. Drying up. 82. Effusion. 83. Drying up. 84. Effusion. 85. Drying up. 86. Effusion. 87. Drying up. 88. Effusion. 89. Drying up. 90. Effusion. 91. Drying up. 92. Effusion. 93. Drying up. 94. Effusion. 95. Drying up. 96. Effusion. 97. Drying up. 98. Effusion. 99. Drying up. 100. Effusion.

सम् (सं) 1. Going, moving. 2. Paring, loosening. 3. Effusion. 4. Suppression of bleeding by cold applications. 5. Drying up. 6. Effusion. 7. Drying up. 8. Effusion. 9. Drying up. 10. Effusion. 11. Drying up. 12. Effusion. 13. Drying up. 14. Effusion. 15. Drying up. 16. Effusion. 17. Drying up. 18. Effusion. 19. Drying up. 20. Effusion. 21. Drying up. 22. Effusion. 23. Drying up. 24. Effusion. 25. Drying up. 26. Effusion. 27. Drying up. 28. Effusion. 29. Drying up. 30. Effusion. 31. Drying up. 32. Effusion. 33. Drying up. 34. Effusion. 35. Drying up. 36. Effusion. 37. Drying up. 38. Effusion. 39. Drying up. 40. Effusion. 41. Drying up. 42. Effusion. 43. Drying up. 44. Effusion. 45. Drying up. 46. Effusion. 47. Drying up. 48. Effusion. 49. Drying up. 50. Effusion. 51. Drying up. 52. Effusion. 53. Drying up. 54. Effusion. 55. Drying up. 56. Effusion. 57. Drying up. 58. Effusion. 59. Drying up. 60. Effusion. 61. Drying up. 62. Effusion. 63. Drying up. 64. Effusion. 65. Drying up. 66. Effusion. 67. Drying up. 68. Effusion. 69. Drying up. 70. Effusion. 71. Drying up. 72. Effusion. 73. Drying up. 74. Effusion. 75. Drying up. 76. Effusion. 77. Drying up. 78. Effusion. 79. Drying up. 80. Effusion. 81. Drying up. 82. Effusion. 83. Drying up. 84. Effusion. 85. Drying up. 86. Effusion. 87. Drying up. 88. Effusion. 89. Drying up. 90. Effusion. 91. Drying up. 92. Effusion. 93. Drying up. 94. Effusion. 95. Drying up. 96. Effusion. 97. Drying up. 98. Effusion. 99. Drying up. 100. Effusion.



3. Lightning. 4. Blackness of death. 5. A kind of grass.  
 6. Second, in the tenth of the year. Una di a.  
 सनपुत्र m. (-स) A nipple. स. सन the breast, and पुत्र a milk.  
 सनपुत्र f. (-स) A nipple. स. सन the breast, and पुत्र the milk.  
 सनपुत्र n. (-स) A cloth covering the bosom.  
 सनपुत्र n. (-स) A nipple. स. सन the breast, and पुत्र point.  
 सनपुत्र m. (-स) Paint or pigment on the breasts of women.  
 सनपुत्र n. (-स) 1. The heart, or its site, placed however immediately  
 under the centre bone of the sternum. 2. The space between  
 two breasts. 3. A mark on the breast, indicative of future wife-  
 hood. स. सन the breast, पुत्र interval.  
 सनपुत्र m. (-स) 1. A man with a large bosom, or one like a female.  
 2. The circumference or orb of the breast. 3. Fullness of the  
 breast. स. सन a breast, and पुत्र who enjoys.  
 सनित n. (-स) 1. The rattling of thunder, the rumbling of thundering  
 clouds. 2. The noise of clapping the hands. स. सन् to sound off.  
 सन् n. (-स) Milk, mother's milk. स. सन् a breast, सन् aff.  
 सन्त्यन m. (-स) Leaving off the mother's milk, weaning.  
 सन्त्यन m. (-स) Bunch, cluster.  
 सन्त्य m. (-स-स-स) 1. Stopped, blocked, or shut up. 2. Firm, hard,  
 stiff, rigid. 3. Stupid, dull, insensible. 4. Paralyzed. 5. Obstinate,  
 stubborn, hard-hearted. 6. Coarse. स. सन्त्य to stop, सन्त्य aff.  
 सन्त्य m. (-स-स-स) Having the ears erect, pricking up the ears.  
 स. सन्त्य, and सन्त्य the ear.  
 सन्त्य f. (-स) Rigidity, stupor, stubbornness; also with स, सन्त्य.  
 सन्त्य m. (-स) A hog. स. सन्त्य firm, सन्त्य hair of the body.  
 सन्त्योचन Adj. Having fixed or unwinking eyes, (as an epithet of gods).  
 सन्त्य f. (-स-स-स) 1. Fixedness, hardness, rigidity. 2. Firmness,  
 immobility. 3. Stupor, numbness. 4. Obstinate. [making, सन्त्य aff.]  
 सन्त्योचन n. (-स) Stiffening, making rigid, paralyzing. स. सन्त्य, सन्त्य  
 सन्त्य m. (-स-स-स) Stiffened, rigid, paralyzed. स. सन्त्य, सन्त्य  
 made, सन्त्य argument.  
 सन्त्य m. (-स) 1. A goat. 2. A ram. स. See सन्त्य.  
 सन्त्य m. (-स) 1. A shrub, a plant that has no particular or solid  
 stem. 2. A clump of grass, a sheaf of corn, &c. 3. The part  
 which an elephant is tied. 4. A mountain. 5. A bush, a thicket.  
 6. Stupefaction, insensibility, (probably for सन्त्य in this sense).  
 (-स) 1. A post, a pillar in general. 2. Stupidity, insensibility.  
 स. सन्त्य to stand or abide, सन्त्य Una di aff., सन्त्य.  
 सन्त्य m. (-स) Corn afface. Adj. Forming into clusters. स. सन्त्य  
 cluster, सन्त्य make, सन्त्य aff. (sheaves or stalks).  
 सन्त्य f. (-स) Turning growth, the state of stalks of corn.  
 सन्त्य m. (-स-स-स) Making or turning a heap or cluster. स. सन्त्य  
 cluster, सन्त्य make, सन्त्य aff. (sheaves or stalks).  
 सन्त्य m. (-स) A small hood or cap, or a radiating cluster  
 of granaceous plants. 2. A basket or receptacle for cutting up  
 3. A basket for holding the leaves of tobacco, &c., when cut  
 into a powder, (of the leaf). स. सन्त्य to cut, सन्त्य aff.  
 सन्त्य m. (-स) A small hood or cap, or a radiating cluster  
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 into a powder, (of the leaf). स. सन्त्य to cut, सन्त्य aff.





the dry lake bed, and the ground, 2. (and 3. off  
the lake bed, and the ground, 2. (and 3. off

खानपाने म. (-न) 1. Assignment of suitable places, 2. Proper measures for preserving articles, 3. खान, and 4. Application.



[illegible]









कटिफातिग m. (-क) Camphor. n. कटिफातिग Kailasa, and  
 breaks, what shames, being whiter.  
 कटिफाति f. (-फ) Sulphate of alumina. "कटिफाति".  
 कटिफातिग m. (-ग) Crystal. n. कटिफाति the same, and कटिफातिग  
 भाव (१) कटिफाति r. 1st and 10th cl. (कटिफातिग) To jest  
 with, to smile or laugh at.  
 [To be manifest]  
 कटिफाति r. 6th cl. (कटिफाति) 1. To throb, to beat, to tremble. 2. To  
 कटिफाति n. (-क) Throbbing, trembling. n. कटिफाति to throb, aff. कटिफाति  
 कटिफाति 6th cl. (कटिफाति) 1. To throb, to beat, to tremble. 2. To  
 3. To be manifest.  
 कटिफाति m. (-क) A drop of water. n. कटिफाति to break, कटिफाति aff.  
 कटिफाति mfn. (-क-क-क) Crystalline, made. 6c. of crystal.  
 Crystal. n. कटिफाति the same, and कटिफाति aff.  
 कटिफातिग d. (-क) Crystal, n. कटिफाति the same, and कटिफाति a stone  
 कटिफाति f. (-क) Expanded, made to gape.  
 कटिफाति n. (-क) Crystal. n. See कटिफाति.  
 कटिफाति mfn. (-क-क-क) Swollen, enlarged. n. कटिफाति to increase, aff.  
 कटिफाति f. (-क) 1. Increase, growth. 2. Swelling, intumescence,  
 to increase, कटिफाति aff., and the final rejected.  
 कटिफाति (१) कटिफाति r. 1st cl. (कटिफाति) 1. To grow, to increase, to  
 large or bulky, 2. To expand. 3. To swell.  
 कटिफाति mfn. (-क-क-क) 1. Large, great. 2. Loud. 3. Increased, ex-  
 m. (-क) 1. Throbbing, quivering. 2. A bubble or blow mfn.  
 3. Twanging as of a bow-string. 4. Stelling, n. also. 5.  
 tubulance, n. (-क) Plenty, abundance. n. कटिफाति to hurt, aff.  
 कटिफाति to swell, कटिफाति Una'di aff., and the radical final rejected  
 कटिफाति n. (-क) Throbbing, shaking, trembling. n. कटिफाति to throb,  
 form, aff. कटिफाति.  
 कटिफाति m. (-क) Throbbing, quivering, trembling, shaking, n.  
 कटिफाति n. (-क) 1. Shaking, quivering. 2. Rubbing, friction. 3. R  
 or patting, (as a horse.) n. कटिफाति to shake, कटिफाति v., कटिफाति aff.  
 कटिफाति mfn. (-क-क-क) Increasing, augmenting. n. n  
 increase, कटिफाति aff., कटिफाति inserted.  
 कटिफातिग m. (-क) A medicinal plant, commonly n. n. n. n. n.  
 कटिफाति f. Du. (-क) The buttocks, n. कटिफाति to swell, कटिफाति aff., or  
 hurt, aff. कटिफाति, form irr.  
 कटिफाति 10th cl. (कटिफाति-क) 1. To hurt, to injure, or kill. 2. To  
 3. To despise. 4. To love : see the next.  
 कटिफाति 10th cl. (कटिफाति-क) 1. To hurt, to injure, to kill. 2. To  
 3. To give. 4. To be strong : see कटिफाति.  
 कटिफाति mfn. (-क-क-क) 1. Much, many. 2. Vast, capacious. n. n  
 swell, कटिफाति aff., deriv. irr.  
 कटिफाति mfn. (-क-क-क) 1. Much, many. 2. Swollen, enlarged. 3.  
 cessful, prosperous, risen in rank or fortune. 4. Affected by  
 ditary disease. n. कटिफाति to swell, कटिफाति v., also कटिफाति.  
 कटिफाति f. (-क) 1. Increase, enlargement. 2. Prosperity. 3. Plea  
 कटिफाति to swell, कटिफाति aff.  
 कटिफाति r. 1st cl. (कटिफाति) 2. 6th cl. (कटिफाति) 1. To blow, to blossom, to  
 as a bud or flower. 2. To become manifested. 3. To rise. 4.  
 4. To burst, to split open. 1. 10th cl. (कटिफाति-क) or with  
 प्रकटित, कटिफाति-क) 1. To hurt. 2. To divide, also कटिफाति.  
 कटिफाति r. 1st cl. (कटिफाति) and (कटिफाति) 10th cl. (कटिफाति-क). To di-  
 to break, to tear, to pierce. 2. To hurt, to kill. 3. To exp  
 कटिफाति 10th cl. (कटिफाति-क) To laugh at or with, to jest, to  
 कटिफाति r. 1st cl. (कटिफाति) 1. Blown, blown, expanded, (as a flower  
 2. To be manifest, revealed. 3. To be known, understood. 4. Proke  
 कटिफाति 5. To be bright, brilliant, to be bright, to be bright, to be  
 कटिफाति 6. Loud. 10th cl. (कटिफाति-क) To be bright, to be  
 कटिफाति 10th cl. (कटिफाति-क) To be bright, to be bright, to be  
 कटिफाति 10th cl. (कटिफाति-क) To be bright, to be bright, to be



1. Point of Departure: To flight, to emergency, to safety, to action.

**Abstract**





सुगत वि०. (-तः तात्) 1. Apart to one's self, apart, asidely. 2. A









[illegible]







हन्तु Ind. Having struck or killed. हन्तु to hurt, &c., in aff.  
हन्तु (हन्) A man dejected or in low spirits. हन्तु to hurt, हन्तु aff.  
हन्तु 1st cl. (हन्तु) To evacuate as faeces, to discharge excrement.  
हन्तु 2nd cl. (हन्तु pl. हन्ति) 1 To hurt, to strike, to injure, to do any act which tends to the destruction of life, to kill. 2. To overthrow, to overthrow, to conquer. 3. To remove, to take away. 4. To abstract. 5. To put an end to in any manner. 6. To multiply. (In math.) 7. To go, to move, (not used in classical literature, in a few places where it is found so used post-classical may hold the use to be faulty.) With अच्, 1. To destroy, to ward off. 2. To lesson. With अच्, 1. To strike, to hit. 2. To thresh to winnow (as grain.) With अच्, (Atrn.) 1. To strike at. 2. To beat, (as a drum.) With अच्, 1. To elevate. 2. To become hungry or van. With अच्, 1. To destroy. 2. To vex. With अच्, 1. To strike. 2. To beat, (as a drum.) 3. To kill. 4. To frustrate, to render void. 5. To neglect. 6. To cure, (as a disease.) With अच्, 1. To strike down or back. 2. To assail. 3. To drive back. With अच्, 1. To strike violently. 2. To oppose, to impede. 3. To reject, to deny. 4. To kill. With अच्, 1. To sound a musical instrument. 2. To strike to beat. 3. To inflict injury on. With अच्, To smite. With अच्, or अच्, To destroy entirely. With अच्, 1. To strike. 2. To hit. 3. To beat, (as a drum.) 4. To place upon. With अच्, 1. To refuse or destroy (an opposite argument.) 2. To keep off, to take back. 3. To reject. 4. To resist. 5. To remove. With अच्, 1. To abstract, to prevent, to hinder. With अच्, 1. To slaughter. 2. To injure or smite closely. 3. To collect. 4. To diminish, to contract, &c. or to substitute for the radical letters of the verb in many of its inflections and derivatives, the root अच्, &c. (as in the inflections with little or no variation of the sense.)  
हन्तु (हन्) A killer, a slayer. हन्तु to kill, हन्तु aff. also with अच्, हन्तु (हन्) 1.  
हन्तु 2nd cl. (हन्तु) 1. Killing, destroying. 2. Injuring, hurting, striking. 3. (In arithmetic,) Multiplication. हन्तु to hurt or kill, हन्तु aff.  
हन्तु 3rd cl. (हन्तु) What may be or ought to be struck, to be killed. हन्तु to kill, हन्तु aff.  
हन्तु 4th cl. (हन्तु or हन्तु) 1. The jaw. 2. The chin. (हन्तु) 1. A person performing see हन्तु/हन्तिनी. 2. A woman of sickness of the tongue. 3. A prostitute. हन्तु to hurt or kill, हन्तु, also with अच्, हन्तु.  
हन्तु 5th cl. (हन्तु) Locked jaw. हन्तु, and हन्तु/हन्तिनी.  
हन्तु 6th cl. (हन्तु) 1. The monkey chief HANUMA the son of the god by PAVANA or the wind, the friendly and spy of RAJA in his invasion of LANKA. 2. A particular sort of monkey, (see LANKA). हन्तु the jaw, and हन्तु aff., also with अच्, हन्तु/हन्तिनी.  
हन्तु 7th cl. (हन्तु) The root of the jaw or chin.  
हन्तु 8th cl. (हन्तु) Locked jaw. हन्तु, and हन्तु/हन्तिनी.  
हन्तु 9th cl. (हन्तु) A goblin, a demon. हन्तु to kill, हन्तु aff.  
हन्तु 10th cl. (हन्तु) 1. An indeptive particle. 2. An exclamation of grief, (see also 3). 3. Of pity. 4. Of pleasure. 5. Of hurry, haste. 6. Of surprise. हन्तु to kill, हन्तु aff.  
हन्तु 11th cl. (हन्तु) 1. Rice or any offering to be given to a guru. 2. The exclamation "हन्तु", हन्तु, हन्तु making. [हन्तु, हन्तु aff.]  
हन्तु 12th cl. (हन्तु-हन्तु-हन्तु) What may be, or ought to be struck, to be killed.  
हन्तु 13th cl. (हन्तु) 1. Death. 2. A bull. हन्तु to kill, हन्तु aff.  
हन्तु 14th cl. (हन्तु) 1. A murderer, a slayer. 2. A thief, a robber. 3. A measure of food, four times four double handfuls. f. (हन्तु) 1. Who or what strikes or kills. 2. One who destroys or removes. हन्तु to kill, हन्तु aff.  
हन्तु 15th cl. (हन्तु) Tenderness, compassion. हन्तु alas! and हन्तु saying.  
हन्तु 16th cl. (हन्तु) To produce. हन्तु to void faeces, aff. हन्तु.

हन्तु 17th cl. (हन्तु) To produce. हन्तु to void faeces, aff. हन्तु.  
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हन्तु 100th cl. (हन्तु) To produce. हन्तु to void faeces, aff. हन्तु.

7. Boiling water. 8. (In Arithmetic,) Dividing, division. m. (-चः)  
The hand. क. ह to take, aff. णट् । [कतीया aff.]  
हरणीय mfn. (यः हण्य) To be taken, seized, accepted, &c. क. ह to take,  
हरन् mfn. (हरन् हन्) Taking, seizing. क. ह to take, णट् aff.  
हरणिक m. (हः) Quicksilver.  
हरणिक m. (-हः) 1. SIVA's eye 2 The number "three," (in mathematics)  
हरणीय m. (-हः) Quicksilver. क. हर SIVA, and नील semen.  
हरणिक f. (हः) The Gauges. क. हर SIVA, and नील crest.  
हरणिक m. (हः) 1. SKANDA 2 GANESA.  
हरणिक f. (हः) A grape; also हरणिक । [SIVA, हरि mountain.  
हरणिक m. (-हः) Mount Kailash, the favourite resort of SIVA. क. हर  
हरि mfn. (हः-हः) 1. Green, greenish. 2. Tawny. 3. Yellow. m. (-हः)  
1. VISHNŪ, or as considered to be the same deity, with KRISHNA.  
2. YAMA. 3. Air, wind. 4. INERA. 5. The moon. 6. The sun. 7. A  
lion. 8. A ray of light. 9. A horse. 10. A parrot. 11. An ape. 12. A  
snake. 13. A tiger. 14. SIVA. 15. One of the nine VARHAs into  
which the known continent is divided. 16. BRAHMA. 17. Fire.  
18. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. 19. A goose. 20. A peacock.  
21. Green, (the colour.) 22. Tawny, (the colour.) 23. A golden  
colour, or yellow. 24. A house of INDRA. 25. A name of the poet  
BHARAVIHARA. 26. A learned man. क. ह to take, to seize, (the  
world or men. &c., &c.) Unādi aff. हन् ।  
हरिक m. (-हः) 1. A horse of a yellowish blue tint. 2. A thief. 3. A  
gambler. क. ह added to the last.  
हरिक m. Adj. 1. Dear to INDRA. 2. Beautiful as a lion.  
हरिक m. (हः) Bengal. क. हरि VISHNŪ, अक्षि spin, and ह aff.  
हरिक m. (-हः) SIVA. क. हरि VISHNŪ, क. BRAHMA, and अक्षि  
हरिक m. (हः) A sort of sandal. [ह added.]  
हरिक m. (-हः) A city and district, also Sambhupur. क. हरि VISHNŪ.  
हरिक m. (-हः) 1. A yellow and fragrant sort of Sandal wood.  
2. One of the five trees of paradise, (the other four being पारिजात,  
वृक्ष, चक्र, and कर्ण.) m. (-हः) 1. Saffron. 2. Moon-light. 3. The  
flament or filament of a lotus. 4. The person of a lover or mistress.  
क. हरि VISHNŪ, or yellow, and चक्र Sandal.  
हरिक m. (हः-हः) Yellowish white. m. (-हः) 1. A deer. 2. Pale,  
yellowish white, (the colour.) 3. White. 4. VISHNŪ. 5. SIVA. 6. The  
sun. 7. A goose. 8. A name of division of the world. 1. (हः) 1. A  
deer. 2. A golden image. 3. A woman, one of the four kinds, the  
same as the CHITRA, or female of the man termed MUKA. 4. A  
form of metre, a variety of the class termed A'yashti or verse of  
four lines of 17 syllables each. 5. Green; see हरि. 6. Yellow  
jasmine. 7. A form of deer. क. ह to take, Unādi aff. हन् ।  
हरिक m. (हः) A deer.  
हरिक m. (-हः) The moon. क. हरि a deer, कलह a spot.  
हरिक mfn. (हः-हः) Deer-eyed. क. हरि, लयन the eye; also  
हरिक, हरि, &c. [a dancer.  
हरिक m. (हः) A cherisher of INDRA's heaven. क. हरि a deer, लयन  
हरिक f. (-हः) A stanza having eleven syllables in every first and  
third Pāda, and twelve in every second and fourth.  
हरिक mfn. (हः-हः) Fearful, timid. क. हरि a deer, हृदय heart;  
दे-hearted.  
हरिक m. Adj. Deer-eyed, fawn-eyed.  
हरिक m. (-हः) 1. A perfume, commonly Hattā-vilāsinī. 2. A woman  
with handsome eyes. क. हरि a deer, अक्षि the eye, fem. aff. लीङ् ।  
हरिक m. (हः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. 3. हरि a deer, चक्र mark.  
हरिक m. (हः) 1. Green, of a green colour. 2. Yellowish. m. (-हः)  
1. Green, (the colour.) 2. A swift horse. 3. A horse of the sun.  
4. Kidney-bean (Phaseolus mungo.) 5. A lion. 6. The sun. 7.  
VISHNŪ. m. (हः) Grass. f. (-हः) 1. A quarter or region, a  
point of the compass. 2. Turmeric. क. ह to take, Unādi aff. हन् ।

- हरिक m. (-हः-हः or -हः-हः) 1. Green, of a green colour. 2. Grass,  
verdant. m. (-हः) 1. Green, (the colour.) 2. A lion. 3. A kind of  
grass. f. (-हः) 1. Bent grass. 2. Turmeric. 3. A brown or tawny  
grape. क. ह to take, Unādi aff.  
हरिक m. (-हः) A potherb. क. हरि green, and कन् added.  
हरिक mfn. (हः-हः-हः) Green-leaved. क. हरि, हृदय leaf.  
हरिक mfn. (हः-हः-हः) Becoming green. क. हरि used as verb.  
हरिक m. (-हः) Yellow orpiment. f. (-हः) 1. Bent grass, (Panicum  
dactylon.) 2. A streak or line in the sky, the milky way. 3. A sort  
of creeper. 4. A kind of pigeon. क. हरि green, चक्र to possess or  
adorn, aff. चक्र, fem aff. लीङ् ।  
हरिक m. (-हः) The green pigeon. m. (-हः) 1. Theatrical decoration,  
painting the person. 2. Yellow orpiment. क. हरि orpiment, चक्र aff.  
हरिक m. (-हः) 1. A sort of grass, (Panicum dactylon. Rox.) 2.  
The fourth lunar day of the month of Bhādrapada. क. ह added  
to हरि, fem. form.  
हरिक m. (-हः) 1. Blue vitriol, sulphate of copper. 2. An acid.  
क. हरि green, चक्र a stone.  
हरिक mfn. (हः-हः-हः) Made verdant or green, coloured green. क.  
क. हरि, and ह added, with चक्र augment.  
हरिक m. (-हः) A name of INDRA.  
हरिक m. (-हः) A radish "मृग" क. हरि green, चक्र a leaf. [ह added.]  
हरिक m. (हः) 1. The sun. 2. The Arka plant. क. हरि green, चक्र.  
हरिक m. (-हः) A worshipper of VISHNŪ.  
हरिक m. (-हः) A particular day sacred to VISHNŪ. क. हरि green, चक्र.  
हरिक m. (-हः) The asterism ŚRAVANA. क. हरि VISHNŪ, चक्र deity.  
हरिक m. (-हः) Great Kusā grass with broad leaves, aff. हरि.  
हरिक m. (-हः) The pollen of the blossoms of the Madhuca.  
हरिक (-हः) Turmeric, (either the plant or the powder.) क. हरि  
हरिक green, हृदय to flow or ooze, aff. हृदय; or हरि VISHNŪ, &c. क.  
[ह added.]  
हरिक mfn. (हः-हः-हः) Stained or stained with turmeric. क. हरि,  
हरिक m. (-हः) A yellow bird. क. हरिक turmeric, and चक्र a dy.  
हरिक mfn. (हः-हः-हः) Of a yellow colour. m. (-हः) 1. A tree  
(Pentaptera tomentosa.) 2. Zedoary, (Curcuma zedoaria.) 3.  
Yellow, (the colour.) क. हरिक turmeric, चक्र reason dy.  
हरिक mfn. (हः-हः-हः) Pickle, capricious, unsteady, in attachment  
attachment. क. हरिक turmeric, and चक्र colour, in opposition  
the नील or true blue; also with कन् added, हरिक m.  
हरिक m. (-हः) 1. A tree. 2. A plant, (Curcuma zanthorrhiza.) क. हरि  
a monkey, हृदय to go, Unādi aff. हृदय.  
हरिक m. (-हः) The town of HARIDWAR, where the Ganges descends  
into the level land of HINDUSTHAN, the sacred bathing-place of  
the Hindus. क. हरि VISHNŪ, and हरि gate; before the road to  
VAIKUNTHA or VISHNŪ's heaven.  
हरिक m. (-हः) A kidney-bean, (Phaseolus mungo.) क. हरि the  
same, and लयन appellation.  
हरिक m. (-हः) An owl. m. (-हः) 1. The white lotus. 2. The eye of  
VISHNŪ. क. हरि VISHNŪ, &c., and लयन an eye.  
हरिक m. (-हः) An emerald. क. हरि green, and लयन a gem.  
हरिक m. (-हः) A radish. क. हरि green, and चक्र a leaf; also हरिक.  
हरिक mfn. (हः-हः-हः) Liked or loved by VISHNŪ, &c. m. (-हः) 1. A  
tree, (Nauclea Kadamba.) 2. SIVA. 3. A fool, a block-head.  
Armour, mail. m. (-हः) 1. A dark sort of Sandal wood. 2. The fragrant  
root of the Andropogon nudicaulis. 3. A conch-shell. 4. The  
1. LAKSHMI, the wife of VISHNŪ. 2. Tulsi or basil. 3. The twelfth  
day of the lunar fortnight. 4. The earth. क. हरि VISHNŪ, and लयन  
beloved. [तव्य, लयन, चक्र, &c.]  
हरिक m. (-हः) A perfume and drug, commonly Elaba-laba. क. हरि





deride. With परि, 1. To joke. 2. To laugh at. With प, 1. To mock. 2. To laugh With वि, 1. To smile. 2. To laugh at.

हस m. (-सः) 1. Laughter, laughing, laugh. 2. Mirth, merriment, joy. 3. Derision. ४. हस to laugh, aff. हस; also with वच्, हस m (हसन्) mfn. (-सन्-सनी-सन्) Laughing, smiling. f. (-नी) 1. A portable firepan, a small furnace. 2. Arabian jasmine. 3. A Śākini or female spirit attendant on DURGA. ४. हस to laugh, aff. हस; or हसन्-हसिन्. हसन n. (-न्) Laughter, the act of laughing. f. (-नी) A portable fire-place or pan. ४. हस to laugh, aff. हस.

हसनीलवि m. (-विः) AGNI or fire. ४. हसनी a fire-place, and लवि a jewel.

हसतिष्ठा f. (-ष्ठा) A portable fire-pan. ४. हसन् added to हसनी : see हसन.

हसिका f. (-का) Laughter. ४. हस to laugh, हसि aff.

हसित mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Blown, budded, (as a flower.) 2. Smiling. ३. (-तं) 1. Laughter. 2. Smiling. 3. Jesting. 4. The bow of Kāśya. ५. हस to laugh, aff. हस.

हस्त m. (-सः) 1. The hand. 2. An elephant's trunk. 3. The third lunar asterism, designated by a hand, and containing five stars. 4. A cubit measured by the hand and arm, or from the tip of the middle finger, (equal to about eighteen inches.) 5. (In prosody,) An anapaest. 6. Possession, (figuratively.) 7. Hand writing, signature. 8. Abundance, mass; (in this sense it is used only at the end of compounds and implies "excellence," "abundance," &c., as क्षेत्रहस्त means, "A head of hair," or "Abundance of hair," &c.) n. (-सं) A bellows. f. (-स्त) The thirteenth lunar asterism. ४. हस to laugh, Una'di aff. तन्.

हस्ताक्षर n. (-क्षरं) A lotus-like hand.

हस्तक्षीय m. (-क्षीय) Manual dexterity.

हस्तगत Adj. Fallen into one's possession, gained, secured.

हस्तच्छेदन n. (-नं) Cutting off the hand. ४. हस्त, and छेदन cutting.

हस्तज n. (-जं) 1. The palm of the hand. 2. The hand. 3. The tip of an elephant's trunk. ४. हस्त, and तज surface.

हस्ताक्ष m. (-क्षः) Clapping the hands together.

हस्तदोष m. (-षः) A slip of the hand.

हस्तधारण n. (-धारण) Warding off a blow, stopping, resisting. (in a comb.) ४. हस्त the hand, धारण restraining; also हस्तधारण.

हस्तपुच्छ n. (-पुच्छं) The hand below the wrist. ४. हस्त the hand, पुच्छ the tail.

हस्तपृष्ठ n. (-पृष्ठं) The back of the hand.

हस्तमाला m. (-माला) A jewel worn on the wrist.

हस्तप्राप्त n. (-प्राप्त) Manual readiness, legerdemain.

हस्तवर्तिन् mfn. (-वर्ति-वर्तिनी-वर्ति) In hand, seized, held, caught hold of. [probated] हस्त, वर्तिन् what abides.

हस्तावारण n. (-वारण) Resisting an assault, warding off a blow. ४. हस्त, वारण.

हस्तविश्व n. (-विश्वं) Perfuming the person, ४. हस्त the hand, विश्व a red sandal.

हस्तसिद्धि f. (-सिद्धि) 1. Manual labour. 2. Hire, wages. [सिद्धि] हस्तसूत्र n. (-सूत्रं) A bracelet, worn on the wrist. ४. हस्त the hand, सूत्र a thread.

हस्तस्थ mfn. (-स्थ-स्था-स्थं) In hand, held. ४. हस्त, स्थ what stays. हस्तस्थित mfn. (-स्थ-ता-तं) Held, in hand. ४. हस्त, and स्थित staying.

हस्ताक्षर n. (-क्षरं) Signature, hand-writing.

हस्ताङ्ग n. (-ङ्गं) The fingers. ४. हस्त, अङ्ग point, extremity.

हस्ताङ्गुलि f. (-ङ्गुलिः) Any finger of the hand.

हस्ताक्षर n. (-क्षरं) 1. The fruit of the myrobalan held in the hand (literally) 2. Any thing clearly seen or understood, (figuratively.)

हस्ताक्षर m. (-क्षरं) A finger-guard used by archers.

हस्ताक्षरि Ind. Hand to hand.

हस्तिक n. (-कं) A multitude of elephants. [हस्त add.] हस्तिकच्य m. (-च्यः) 1. A lion. 2. A tiger. ४. हस्तिन्, च्य to hurt, हस्तिकच्य m. (-च्यः) A tree.

हस्तिकचर्च m. (-चर्चः) 1. The castor-oil tree. 2. The Butea frondosa. ३. A demi-god of a particular class. ४. हस्तिन् an elephant, चर्च the ear.

हस्तिकचर्च m. (-चर्चः) A tree, (Butea frondosa.) ४. हस्त added to the last.

११११ न. (-न) A Gandharba or chorister of heaven ; also ११११ ।

हरितक n. (-कं) A potherb. इ. हरित the same, टक् aff.

हरिद्र mfn. (हरि-द्रा-द्र) 1. Stained, dyed or coloured with turmeric. 2.

dant on Kuvka and the other gods, and especially the chanter of their praises. Ind. An interjection of surprise, grief, or pain. **३. हा** alas, interjection of sorrow, **हा** to abandon, **हि** aff.; or **ह** interjection repeated, also with **चसि** or **चसुन्** aff., **हासुन्** m. (ह-सुन्), **हाहाकार** m. (ह-ह) 1. The noise or uproar of battle 2. A great lamentation or wailing, sound of grief or pity. **३. हाहा** interjection of pain, **कार** making.

**हाहाल** m. (ह-ल) A sort of deadly poison; also **हाहल**, &c. : see **हवाहल**.

**हि** r. 5th cl. (हि-ति) 1. To go. 2. To send. 3. To grow or increase. 4. To be in pain. 5. To Throw. 6. To excite, to urge. 7. To promote to further. 8. To please, to gratify. With **प्र**, 1. To discharge, to throw. 2. To send forth.

**हि** Ind. A particle expressing:—1. Because, for, on account of. 2. Assuredly, certainly, (assertion). 3. Indeed, surely, (interrogation). 4. For instance. 5. Only, alone. 6. A particle, implying difference or distinction. 7. An expletive. 8. Ah, alas. 9. An interjection of envy or contempt. 10. An interjection of hurry. **३. हि** to go, **हि** aff.; or **हा** to abandon, or **हि** to go, **हि** aff.

**हिसक** mfn. (ह-क-का-क) Mischievous, malignant, ferocious, savage. **३. (ह-क)** 1. A beast of prey. 2. An enemy 3. A Brahman, who has studied the Atharva-Veda. **३. हि** to injure, **वृ** aff.; or **हिन्** to injure, **वृ** aff.

**हिंसन** n. (ह-न) Injuring, hurting, killing. **३. हिंस** to hurt, **वृ** aff.

**हिंसा** f. (ह-सा) 1. Injury, mischief, hurt, harm, &c. : it is usually distinguished as of three sorts. 1. mental, (as malice, verbal abuse,) personal, (as striking, wounding, &c.) 2. Slaughter, killing, slaying. 3. Robbery. **३. हिंस** to hurt or kill, affs. **वृ** and **वृ**.

**हिंसावर्तन** n. (ह-व-क) 1. Incantation to destroy, or the practice of employing of mystical texts for malevolent and injurious purposes. 3. Any mischievous act. **३. हिंसा** injury, **वर्तन** act.

**हिंसावक** mfn. (ह-क-का-क) Injurious. **३. हिंसा**, **वर्तक** self. **हिंसक** m. (ह-क) A tiger. **३. हिंसा** injury, **वृ** to go, or affect, aff. **वृ**.

**हिंसावृ** mfn. (ह-व-वृ-वृ) 1. Mischievous, hurtful. 2. Murderous. **३. (ह-वृ)** A savage dog. **३. हिंसा** injury, and **वृ** aff.

**हिंसक** mfn. (ह-क-का-क) Mischievous, hurtful. **३. (ह-क)** 1. mischievous or savage dog. **३. वृ** added to the last.

**हिंसर** m. (ह-र) 1. A tiger. 2. A wretch, a villain. 3. A bird. **३. हिंस** to hurt or kill. **वृ** aff. **वृ** and **वृ**.

**हिंस्य** f. (ह-स्य) Adj. Liable to be hurt or killed.

**हिंस** mfn. (ह-स-स-स) 1. Mischievous, hurtful, injurious. 2. Murderous. 3. Terrible. 4. Fierce, cruel, savage. **३. (ह-स)** 1. BHIMA. 2. SIVA. 3. A beast of prey. 4. A destroyer. **३. (ह-स)** 1. Spikenard, (Valeriana Jata'mansi.) 2. A vein, a nerve. **३. हिंस** to hurt, **वृ** aff. **वृ**.

**हिंसक** m. (ह-क) A beast of prey. **३. वृ** added to the last. **३. (ह-क)** A tiger.

**हिंसपशु** m. (ह-पु) A beast of prey. **३. हिंस**, mischievous, **पशु** aff.

**हिंसवन्** n. (ह-वन्) 1. A trap. 2. A mystical text used for injurious purposes.

**हिंस** r. 1st cl. (हिंस-ति-ति) 1. To sound inarticulately. 2. To hiccough. **३. (हिंस-ति-ति)** To hurt or injure, to kill.

**हिंसा** f. (ह-सा) 1. Hiccough. 2. An indistinct sound. **३. हिंस** to hiccough, affs. **वृ** and **वृ**. [कार who makes.]

**हिंसार** m. (ह-र) 1. A tiger. 2. A kind of low roar. **३. हिंस** imitative sound.

**हिंस** mn. (ह-स-स-स) Asafoetida, (the gum and plant respectively.) **३. (ह-स)** to go, deriv. irr., or **हिंस** frost, **वृ** to go, **वृ** aff., form irr.

**हिंसनिर्वासा** m. (ह-स) 1. The Nimba tree. 2. Asafoetida, (the gum.) **३. (ह-स)** **हिंस** asafoetida, and **निर्वासा** exudation.

**हिंसपत्र** m. (ह-प-त्र) The Ingudi plant.

**हिंसपत्रा** f. (ह-प-त्रा) A plant, commonly Bansa-patri.

**हिंसवर्ण** mn. (ह-व-वर्ण) Vermilion. **३. (ह-व)** The egg-plant, (Solanum melongena.) **३. हिंस** asafoetida, **वृ** to take or give, aff. **वृ**. [aff. हिंस.]

**हिंसवर्ण** m. (ह-व-वर्ण) Vermilion. **३. हिंस** asafoetida. **वृ** to take or give, aff. **वृ**.

विमानच. (ब.) A Host of Cold Winds. २. दिन, २००० मील.



**हुह** mfn. (-तः-ता-सं) Uttered or pronounced as an incantation. n. (-सं) 1. An incantation. 2. The roar or grunt of the wild boar. 3. Any roar. **हु** a mystical monosyllable, and **ह** made.

**हुह** r. 6th cl. (हुहति) To heap together, to collect or accumulate. (हु)

**हुह** r. 1st cl. (हुहते) To go or move. (हु) **हुह** r. 1st cl. (हुहते) 1. To heap, &c. 2. To accept, to agree, to assent. 3. To take.

**हुह** m. (-ह) 1. A ram. 2. An iron club. 3. An iron stake for keeping out thieves. **हु** to collect, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) A ram. **हु** to assemble, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) 1. A gallinule. 2. A drunken man. 3. A small hour-glass-shaped drum. 4. A stick or staff, one bound with iron. 5. The bolt or bar of a door. 6. A kind of bird, "दायुह". **हु** an imitative sound, **हु** to utter, **ह** aff. or **हुह**, **हुह** aff. [ **हु** aff.]

**हुह** n. (-हं) 1. The noise of a bull. 2. Any indistinct noise. **हु** **हुह** **हुह** m. (-हुः) Flattened rice fried on fire. **हु**, **हुह**, **हुह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) 1. A tiger. 2. A village-hog. 3. A blockhead. 4. An imp, a goblin. 5. A ram. **हु** to collect, **ह** aff.

**हुह** mfn. (-तः-ता-सं) Offered with **नृ**, burnt as an oblation. f. (-ता) 1. Sacrificed. 2. One to whom an oblation is offered. n. (-हं) An oblation. m. (-तः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** Adj. One who has made an oblation to fire [wife.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) **हु** to sacrifice, **ह** aff.

well, so be it, amen) 4. An interjection of anger. 5. Of fear. 6. Of reproof, or contempt, (equivalent to be silent, tush, pish.) 7. Of aversion, repulse, or dislike, &c. 8. A magical or mystical monosyllable. 9. An imitative sound. **हु** to call, **ह** aff. **हु** or **हुह** : see **हु**.

**हुह** mfn. (-तः-ता-सं) Being offered in oblation. **हु** to offer, pass. **हु**, **हुह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) A Jackal. **हु** a cry of fear or wrath, and **हु** sound.

**हुह** n. (-हं) 1. Crookedness, (literal) 2. Craft, cunning, (figurative) **हु** to be crooked, **ह** aff.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) A Gandharba. see **हुह**; also read **हुह** m. (-हुः)

**हुह** r. 1st cl. (हुहते) To convey. 2. To take or accept. 3. To steal. 4. To destroy or annihilate. 5. To deprive of. 6. To captivate, to charm, to influence. 7. To remove. With **हु** and **हु**, To supply an ellipsis. With **हु** prefixed, 1. To imitate, (Par.) 2. To take after the parents, (Atm) With **हु**, 1. To remove, to take away or apart. 2. To plunder, to steal. 3. To attract, to influence. 4. To leave behind. With **हु** and **हु**, To eat. With **हु**, 1. To fetch, to carry. 2. To perform, (as a sacrifice.) 3. To get. 4. To procreate. 5. To recover, to bring back. 6. To assume. 7. To attract. 8. To withdraw. 9. To eat. With **हु**, 1. To take out or up. 2. To make an extract from. 3. To raise, to extricate. 4. To eradicate, to destroy. 5. To deduct. With **हु** and **हु**, To bring. With **हु**, 1. To carry out a dead body. 2. To extract, to draw out from. With **हु**, 1. To throw, to hurl, to drag, (with a dative or accusative.) 2. To attack, to strike. 3. To wound, to injure, (with a locative.) 4. To raise up. With **हु**, 1. To remove, to destroy. 2. To pass (as time.) 3. To sport. 4. To say. With **हु**, 1. To collect. 2. To withdraw. 3. To suppress, to restrain. 4. To kill, to annihilate, (opposed to **हु**.) 5. To contract, to abridge. With **हु** and **हु**, 1. To bring. 2. To make reparation for. 3. To draw. 4. To destroy. 5. To collect. With **हु**, To assault. With **हु** and **हु**, To reason. With **हु** and **हु**, To deliver. With **हु**, **हु**, and **हु**, To utter, to pronounce. With **हु**, 1. To regain. 2. To punish or fine. With **हु**, 1. To raise, to lift or take up. 2. To expel. With **हु** and **हु**, 1. To say or tell. 2. To illustrate, to exemplify. With **हु**, 1. To bring near to. 2. To give. With **हु** and **हु**, To withhold. With **हु** changed to **हु**, To freeze. With **हु**, To show disrespect. With **हु** and **हु**, To fast. With **हु**, 1. To reproach, to abuse or censure. 2. To leave, to shun, to abandon. 3. To resist. 4. To remove, to destroy. 5. To extract. With **हु** changed to **हु**, To keep watch. With **हु** and **हु**, To think abstractedly by restraining the organs of sense. With **हु** and **हु**, To disregard, to abandon. With **हु**, 1. To sport, to ramble for pleasure. 2. To pass, (as time.) 3. To remove. 4. To destroy. With **हु** and **हु**, To say, to utter, to speak. With **हु** and **हु**, 1. To deal in transactions, (with a genitive.) 2. To litigate. With **हु** and **हु**, To collect, to assemble. With **हु**, **हु**, **हु**, **हु** and **हु**, To speak in concert. With **हु**, **हु** and **हु**, To relate. With **हु** and **हु**, 1. To give. 2. To assemble, to collect. With **हु** and **हु**, To fight. With **हु** and **हु** prefixed and implying reciprocity (**हु** **हु** **हु**) To steal or plunder mutually. In the first sense "to convey" this verb governs two accusatives, as **हु** **हु** **हु** he takes the load (to) the village. Caus. (**हु** **हु** **हु**) 1. To cause to carry. 2. To make to lose. With **हु**, To cause to take away. With **हु** and **हु**, To feed. With **हु**, To cause to bring. With **हु**, To cause to take out. r. 3rd cl. (**हु** **हु** **हु**) To take by violence.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) Ka Maṇḍava. **हु** the heart, and **हु** who sleeps.

**हुह** m. (-हुः) A pang. **हु** the heart, **हु** grief.

**हुह** f. (-हा) 1. Shame, modesty. 2. Censure, reproach. 3. Pity.



दृवीड Kan'dwa'di root, to be ashamed, दृक् aff., and the vowel made short; otherwise read दृवीया।  
 दृवी (दृवीयते) To feel ashamed. A kan'dwa'di root; य is always added to the base in the case of this root: see दृवी।  
 दृवीया f. (-य) 1. Censure, reproach. 2. Shame, bashfulness. 3. Pity. **दृवीय**, **य** aff.: see दृवीय; also read दृवीया। [ pounds only.]  
 दृव Adj. Taking away, seizing, attracting, &c., (at the end of compound mfn. (-तः-दा-तं) 1. Taken, taken away. 2. Seized. 3. Accepted. 4. Captivated. 5. Divided. **दृ** to take, **व** aff. [ **दृ** दृव, सख्यं all. दृवसख्यं mfn. (दृवः सख्यं) Robbed or stripped of all, entirely ruined.  
 दृवधिकार mfn. (दृवः दारः) 1. Neglecting one's duty. 2. Deprived of an office, turned out. 3. Barred or deprived of one's right. **दृव**, **दृव**, and **दृविकार** superintendence. [ aff.: also दृवितः।  
 दृवित f. (-तः) 1. Seizure. 2. Robbing. 3. Destruction. **दृ** to take, **वित** **दृवित** mfn. (दृवः वितः) Left without a reply. **दृव**, and **वित** answer.  
 दृवन्त m. (-न्तः) Tremor of the heart.  
 दृविक m. (-कः) The heart. **दृव**, and **विक** lump of flesh.  
 दृवा Ind. Having taken, seized, accepted, &c. **दृ** to take, **वा** aff.  
 दृवन्त mfn. (दृवः-न्तः-न्तः) Seated in the heart. **दृव**, **वन्त** what stays.  
 दृव n. (दृवः or दृवः) The heart, the mind, the faculty or seat of thought and feeling. **दृ** to take, **व** aff. **दृव**, and **व** added; This word has no forms for the first five cases; according to some it is not a separate word but an optional substitute for दृव।  
 दृव m. (-वः) 1. The mind, the seat or faculty of thought and feeling. 2. Knowledge. 3. Science. 4. The essence of anything. **दृ** to take, **व** aff. **दृव** aff., **व** augment. [ **दृ** दृव, **व** दृवित taking.  
 दृववदित mfn. (दृवः-वदितः) Captivating, engaging the affections.  
 दृववर्त्त mfn. (-वर्त्तः-वर्त्तः) 1. Apposite and proper, (as speech) 2. Affecting, touching, thrilling. 3. Dear, beloved. 4. Pleasing. **दृव** the heart, **वर्त्त** to go, **व** aff., **व** augment.  
 दृववरी m. (-रः) One who steals the heart or affections. [ **दृव** aff.  
 दृववर्त्त mfn. (-वर्त्तः-वर्त्तः) Good-hearted, kind, humane. **दृव** the heart, **वर्त्त** mfn. (-वर्त्तः) Disposition of the heart.  
 दृववर्त्त Adj. Cherished or being in the heart.  
 दृववर्त्त m. (-वर्त्तः) The breast, the chest. **दृव** the heart, **वर्त्त** place.  
 दृववर्त्त m. (-वर्त्तः) A heron. **दृव** the heart, and **वर्त्त** self.  
 दृववर्त्त mfn. (-वर्त्तः-वर्त्तः) Good-hearted. **दृव** the heart, and **वर्त्त** aff.  
 दृववर्त्त mfn. (-वर्त्तः or दृवः) Heart-piercing. **दृव**, and **वर्त्त** what pierces.  
 दृववर्त्त mfn. (-वर्त्तः-वर्त्तः) Good-hearted. **दृव** the heart, **वर्त्त** aff.  
 दृववर्त्त mfn. (-वर्त्तः-वर्त्तः) Good-hearted. **दृव** the heart, **वर्त्त** poss. aff.  
 दृववर्त्त m. (वर्त्तः) A husband. f. (-वर्त्तः) 1. A wife. 2. A mistress; see the next. **दृव** the heart, **वर्त्त** lord; also **दृववर्त्त**, &c.  
 दृववर्त्त f. (-वर्त्तः) 1. A wife. 2. A mistress. **दृव** the heart, **वर्त्त** governor; also with **वर्त्त**, **दृववर्त्त**। [ **वर्त्त** what goes.  
 दृववर्त्त mfn. (-वर्त्तः-वर्त्तः) Heart-heaving, distressing. **दृव**, **वर्त्त** up, **वर्त्त** m. (वर्त्तः) A curl or lock of hair on a horse's neck, or breast **दृव** the heart, **वर्त्त** a twist.  
 दृववर्त्त m. (-वर्त्तः) KRITAVARMAN. **दृव** the YAJNA-king, **वर्त्त** son.  
 दृववर्त्त mfn. (-वर्त्तः) 1. Dear, beloved. 2. Attractive, beautiful. 3. Touching the heart. **दृव** in the heart, and **वर्त्त** what affects.  
 दृववर्त्त mfn. (-वर्त्तः-वर्त्तः) Conceived, come to mind, designed. **दृव**, **वर्त्त** gone.  
 दृववर्त्त m. (वर्त्तः) The name of a mountainous district.  
 दृववर्त्त m. Pl. (-वर्त्तः) The military inhabitants of the Hridgola mountains. **दृव**, **वर्त्त** aff.  
 दृव m. (-वः) The heart or the region of it. **दृव**, **व** place.  
 दृव mfn. (वर्त्तः-वर्त्तः) 1. Dear, beloved, cherished, desired. 2. Grateful, pleasant, agreeable. 3. Produced in or from the heart. 4. Affectionate, kind m. (-वर्त्तः) A Mantra of the Vedas for effecting any one's subjection or fascination. f. (-वर्त्तः) Vrid'dhi, a medicinal root, so named. n. (-वर्त्तः) Cassia bark. **दृव** the heart, **वर्त्त** aff.

दृववर्त्त m. (-वर्त्तः) The Be'l tree, (Egle marmelos) n. (-वर्त्तः) 1. Small cardamom. 2. Sachal-salt. f. (-वर्त्तः) Great-flowered jasmine. **दृव**, **वर्त्त** agreeable, **वर्त्त** smell. [ with **वर्त्त**, **दृववर्त्त**।  
 दृववर्त्त f. (-वर्त्तः) Agreeableness, delightfulness. **दृव**, and **वर्त्त** aff.; also **दृववर्त्त** m. (-वर्त्तः) 1. Heart-burn. 2. Any disease of the heart. 3. Sorrow, grief, anguish. 4. Love. 5. The sign Aquarius of the zodiac, (in this sense more properly of Greek origin: see दृववर्त्तः) **दृव** the heart, **वर्त्त** disease; also **दृववर्त्त**। [burn, **वर्त्त** hosti.  
 दृववर्त्त m. (-वर्त्तः) A tree, (Pentaptera Arjuna.) **दृव** the heart.  
 दृववर्त्त m. (-वर्त्तः) The stomach. **दृव** the heart, **वर्त्त** a part. [aff. **वर्त्त**।  
 दृववर्त्त m. (-वर्त्तः) 1. Hiccough. 2. Disquietude, grief. **दृव**, **वर्त्त** to sport, **दृववर्त्त** m. (-वर्त्तः) 1. Knowledge. 2. Reasoning. f. (-वर्त्तः) Regret, sorrow for any object absent or missing, anxiety. **दृव** the heart, **वर्त्त** to write, **वर्त्त** aff. **वर्त्त** or **वर्त्त**; also **दृववर्त्त**।  
 दृव (दृवः, वः) दृववर्त्त. 4th cl. (दृववर्त्तः) 1. To rejoice, to exult, to be pleased. 2. To stand erect, (as the hair of the body, &c.) With **वर्त्त**. 1. To be glad. 2. To stand erect. With **वर्त्त**, To rejoice. (वः) दृव r. 1st cl. (वर्त्तः) 1. To lie, to affirm falsely. 2. To be pleased.  
 दृवित mfn. (-वर्त्तः-वर्त्तः) 1. Astonished, surprised. 2. Pleased. 3. Exquisitely delighted, having the hair of the body erect with pleasure. 4. Disappointed, deceived. 5. Bent, bowed. 6. Armed, accounted. **दृव** to be pleased, or to lie, **वर्त्त** aff. **वर्त्त**, with the augment **वर्त्त**।  
 दृविक m. (कः) Any organ of sense. **दृव** to affirm falsely, **वर्त्त** aff., and the radical vowel unchanged.  
 दृविक m. (-वर्त्तः) VISUKU. **दृव** an organ of sense, **वर्त्त** lord.  
 दृव mfn. (-वर्त्तः-वर्त्तः) 1. Pleased, glad, delighted. 2. Laughing, smiling. 3. Having the hair of the body erect with pleasure. 4. Astonished, surprised. 5. Disappointed. **दृव** to be pleased, or to affirm falsely, **वर्त्त** aff. **वर्त्त**; see **दृवित**। [ **वर्त्त** noun bed  
 दृववर्त्त mfn. (-वर्त्तः-वर्त्तः) Well-conditioned, well-fed and happy. **दृव**, **वर्त्त** mfn. (-वर्त्तः-वर्त्तः) Happy, glad. **दृव** pleased, **वर्त्त** the mind, **वर्त्त** aff., also similar compounds, as **दृववर्त्त**।  
 दृववर्त्त mfn. (-वर्त्तः-वर्त्तः) Having the hair of the body on end. **दृव**, **वर्त्त** delighted, **वर्त्त** the down or bristles of the body.  
 दृववर्त्त mfn. (-वर्त्तः-वर्त्तः) Happy, light-hearted. **दृव**, **वर्त्त** the heart.  
 दृव f. (-वर्त्तः) 1. Delight, pleasure, happiness. 2. Pride, arrogance. 3. Knowledge. **दृव** to be pleased, **वर्त्त** aff. **वर्त्त**।  
 दृ Ind. 1. A vocative particle. 2. A particle of calling out to, or challenging. 3. An interjection, expressing envy or malice. **दृ** to go, or **वर्त्त** to go, **वर्त्त** aff. **वर्त्त**। [change।  
 दृवा f. (-वर्त्तः) Hiccough. **दृव** to hiccough, **वर्त्त** aff. **वर्त्त**, and the vowel **वर्त्त** r. 1st cl. (वर्त्तः) To resist, to oppose; more properly **वर्त्त**।  
 दृव r. 1st cl. (वर्त्तः) 1. To resist, to oppose. 2. 6th cl. (वर्त्तः) 1. To be produced. 2. To purify. (वर्त्तः) दृव r. 1st cl. (वर्त्तः) 1. To oppress. 2. To annoy. 3. To resist, to contend with.  
 दृव m. (-वर्त्तः) 1. Obstruction, opposition, hindrance. 2. Injury, hurt. **दृव** to annoy or oppose, **वर्त्त** aff. **वर्त्त** or **वर्त्त**।  
 दृव r. 1st cl. (वर्त्तः) To surround, to encompass. (वर्त्तः) दृव r. 1st cl. (वर्त्तः) To disregard, to neglect.  
 दृव m. (-वर्त्तः) Passion, anger.  
 दृववर्त्त m. (-वर्त्तः) A horse-dealer; also read **दृववर्त्त** and **दृववर्त्त**। [ **वर्त्त** noun  
 दृव r. 9th cl. (वर्त्तः) 1. To be past birth. 2. To produce young. 3. To **वर्त्त** f. (-वर्त्तः) 1. A weapon. 2. A ray of the sun. 3. Light, splendour. 4. Flame. **दृव** to go, or **वर्त्त** to kill, **वर्त्त** aff. **वर्त्त**; the form is **वर्त्त**.  
 दृव m. (वर्त्तः) 1. Cause, object, motive. 2. The reason or argument for an inference or deduction. 3. Reasoning, logic. 4. Means, instrument. 5. Source, origin. 6. A figure of speech. The instantaneous ablative and locative singulars of this word, viz. —“दृव”, “दृव” and “दृव”, are used as indeclinables in the sense of “on account of,” “because of,” “by reason of.” **दृव** to go, **वर्त्त** aff. **वर्त्त**।

बो) | समस्त मातृ. (-त्व, -ता-त्वा) १. वृद्धा, बाला; २. शत्रुता



to be ashamed, क् aff., and the vowel made El. ri. or ह् : take, क्, and रि substituted for क् ;

द्वि (द्वि) Taking, conveying. क् रि substituted for क् see द्वि

द्विमात्र mfn. (द्वि-मात्र) 1. Being taken or seized. 2. Being captivated, attracted, dco. क् ह् to take, pass. v., मानक aff.

द्विमात्र n. (र) A perfume. क् see द्विमात्र : [(with an ablative or genitive.)

द्विमात्र 3rd cl. (द्विमात्र) To be modest, to blush. 2. To be ashamed of, द्विमात्र (द्विमात्र) Shame, bashfulness. क् द्वि to be ashamed, aff. द्विमात्र

द्विमात्र f. (का) 1. Modesty, shame, shyness. 2. Fear, terror, timidity. क् द्वि to be ashamed, Unadi aff. क् द्वि, also क् changed to ख, द्विमात्र

द्विमात्र mfn. (क-क-क) Ashamed, modest. m. (क) 1. Lac. 2. Tin. क् द्वि to be ashamed, Unadi aff. क् द्वि, क् द्वि augment. see द्विमात्र

द्विमात्र 1st cl. (द्विमात्र) To be modest or ashamed.

द्विमात्र mfn. (म-ता-न) Modest, ashamed. क् द्वि shame, an. द्विमात्र overcome.

द्विमात्र mfn. (क-क-क) Ashamed, bashful. क् द्वि to be ashamed, aff. क्, and क् changed to क् deriv. irr.

द्विमात्र mfn. (क-क-क) Ashamed, bashful, modest. क् द्वि to be ashamed, aff. क्, द्विमात्र m. (क) Shamelessness. क् द्वि, and निराम throwing.

द्विमात्र mfn. (म-न-न-न) Bashful, modest, ashamed. क् द्वि, and मन्व aff.

द्विमात्र f. (का) The constraint of bashfulness

द्विमात्र n. (र) A drug and perfume, Commonly Dala. क् द्वि shame, and द्विमात्र aff. see the note

द्विमात्र n. (र) A drug and perfume see the last. क् द्विमात्र is before, क् द्विमात्र changed to क्, also with क् added द्विमात्र

द्विमात्र 1st cl. (द्विमात्र) 1. To collect. 2. To go

द्विमात्र 2nd cl. (द्विमात्र) 1. To collect. 2. To go

द्विमात्र 1st cl. (द्विमात्र) To go. [ashamed, causal v., द्विमात्र aff.

द्विमात्र (क) Putting to shame, exceding, surpassing. क् द्वि to be ashamed, causal v., द्विमात्र aff.

द्विमात्र mfn. (क-क-क) 1. Made ashamed, put to shame. 2. Exceeded, surpassed. क् द्वि to be ashamed, causal v., क् द्वि aff.

द्विमात्र 1st cl. (द्विमात्र) 1. To sound inarticulately, to cough, (as a horse) 2. To go, to move. 3. To creep. द्विमात्र also read द्विमात्र

द्विमात्र f. (का) N. of a horse. क् द्विमात्र to cough aff. क् द्विमात्र

द्विमात्र 1st cl. (द्विमात्र) To go, to move

द्विमात्र 1st cl. (द्विमात्र) To go

द्विमात्र 10th cl. (द्विमात्र) To speak, to speak inarticulately also द्विमात्र

द्विमात्र 1st cl. (द्विमात्र) To sound

द्विमात्र 1st cl. (द्विमात्र) 1. To be glad, to be delighted. 2. To be glad or delighted. 3. To sound, especially as a musical instrument. With क् द्विमात्र To be delighted

द्विमात्र n. (र) Pleasure, joy. क् द्विमात्र to be glad, aff. क् द्विमात्र

द्विमात्र n. (र) Joy, delight. क् द्विमात्र to be glad, and द्विमात्र

द्विमात्र mfn. (क-क-क) Delighted, happy. क् द्विमात्र to be glad, aff. क् द्विमात्र

द्विमात्र mfn. (क-क-क) Delighted, happy. क् द्विमात्र to be glad, aff. क् द्विमात्र

द्विमात्र 1st cl. (द्विमात्र) 1. To be glad, to be delighted. 2. To be glad or delighted. 3. To sound, especially as a musical instrument. With क् द्विमात्र To be delighted

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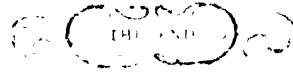
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## LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS.

<b>Abb.</b>	...	...	Abblative	<b>Ind.</b>	...	...	Indeclinable.
<b>Adj.</b>	...	...	Adjective.	<b>Irr.</b>	...	...	Irregular.
<b>Adv.</b>	...	...	Adverb.	<b>Lit.</b>	...	...	Literal or literally
<b>Aff.</b>	.	.	Affix	<b>Loc.</b>	...	...	Locative
<b>Arith.</b>	.	...	Arithmetic.	<b>M.</b>	...	...	Masculine.
<b>Atm.</b>	...	...	Atmaapada.	<b>Math.</b>	...	...	Mathematical.
<b>Aug.</b>	.	...	Augment.	<b>N.</b>	...	...	Neuter.
<b>Caus.</b>	.	.	Causal	<b>Neg.</b>	...	...	Negative
<b>C. c.</b>	.	...	Comparative	<b>Op.</b>	...	...	Opposed
<b>Cl.</b>	...	.	Glass	<b>Par.</b>	.	...	Panamaapada.
<b>Comp.</b>	...	...	Comparative	<b>Pen.</b>	...	...	Panamaapada.
<b>Dat.</b>	...	.	Dative	<b>Phil.</b>	...	...	Philosophy
<b>Deriv.</b>	.	...	Derivation.	<b>Plur.</b>	...	...	Plural.
<b>Desid.</b>	.	.	Desiderative	<b>Pos.</b>	...	...	Positive
<b>Du.</b>	.	...	Dual	<b>Priv.</b>	...	...	Privative
<b>E.</b>	...	...	Etymology.	<b>Pron.</b>	...	...	Pronoun.
<b>E. g.</b>	...	...	(Exempli gratia.) For example.	<b>Q. v.</b>	...	...	(Quod vide) Which see
<b>F. or few.</b>	.	.	Feminine.	<b>R.</b>	...	...	Root.
<b>Fig.</b>	...	...	Figurative or figuratively	<b>Reg.</b>	...	...	Regular
<b>Gen.</b>	.	...	Genitive.	<b>Subst.</b>	...	...	Substantive
<b>Gram.</b>	.	...	Grammar.	<b>Super.</b>	.	...	Superlative
<b>I.</b>	...	...	(Id est) That is.	<b>V.</b>	...	...	Verb.

साङ्केतिकाः शब्दाः ।

सङ्केतः ।	सङ्केतजोध्यः ।	सङ्केतः ।	सङ्केतजोध्यः ।
प्रातिपदिकम्	प्रातिपदिकम्	क्रादि०	क्रादि०
परा०	परा०	परा०	परा०
निपातनाम	निपातनाम	अद०	अद०
भ्वादिगणौय	भ्वादिगणौय	पर०	पर०
अदादिगणौय	अदादिगणौय	आत्म०	आत्म०
शुद्धीत्यादिगणौयः	शुद्धीत्यादिगणौयः	सम०	सम०
दिवादिगणौयः	दिवादिगणौयः	सक०	सक०
रूपादिगणौयः	रूपादिगणौयः	अक०	अक०
तुदादिगणौयः	तुदादिगणौयः	विक०	विक०
रुपादिगणौयः	रुपादिगणौयः	गौरा०	गौरा०
तनादिगणौयः	तनादिगणौयः	पृथो०	पृथो०













